THE TOMB OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN AND HIS TREASURE



DISCOVERY OF NEW FRANCE

« SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN FOUNDED TWO CITIES NAMED QUEBEC ONE IN 1608 AND THE OTHER IN 1626. CHAMBLY IS WHERE QUEBEC CITY WAS FROM 1626. SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN DIED IN QUEBEC CITY IN 1626. SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN RESTS IN THE VERY HOLY HEART CEMETERY OF MARY IN CHAMBLY. »

INTRODUCTION

SEBASTIEN JANELLE, A HISTORY BUFF, DISCOVERED BY CHANCE ACCORDING TO A COPY OF JEAN BOURDON'S 1640 CARD REWORKED BY PIERRE-LOUIS MORIN FOUND AT THE MONTREAL LIBRARY IN 1970 THAT THE SO-CALLED MAP DID NOT REPRESENT THE CITY OF QUEBEC IN 1640 BUT THAT OF CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN IN 1640. ACCORDING TO THIS MAP, HE DISCOVERS THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL IN CHAMBLY, THE EXACT LOCATION OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TOMB IN CHAMBLY, THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE FIRST FORT ST. LOUIS FROM 1626 TO CHAMBLY, AND THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE CHAPEL OF THE RECOLLETS IN CHAMBLY. THE PURPOSE OF HIS PREVIOUS RESEARCH WAS TO FIND THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL AND THE TOMB OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN. AND, BY CHANCE WITHOUT KNOWING IT ACCORDING TO A POINT ON THE MAP OF 1640 AND FOLLOWING A NATURAL EVENT OF AUGUST 2015 THAT HAPPENED IN THE OLD CHAMBLY HE DISCOVERS THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE EXIT OF THE TUNNEL OF A CAVE GIVING ACCESS TO THE VAULT CONTAINING THE TREASURE OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN.

SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN FOUNDED QUEBEC CITY IN 1608 AND FOUNDED ANOTHER CITY NAMED QUEBEC (CITY OF CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN) IN 1626.

THE FOLLOWING DISCOVERY WILL GIVE YOU ALL THE EVIDENCE IS DIVIDED INTO 6 PARTS:

MAIN PART : SEEN IN 1640 AND 2016

• PART 1 : ST. LOUIS CREEK

• PART 2: CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL

• PART 3: THE CEMETERY AND THE FIRST FORT ST. LOUIS

• PART CONCLUSION: THE VAULT AND THE CLUES

• PART PROOF OF VALIDATION: THE EVIDENCE

IN EACH PART YOU WILL FIND AN EXPLANATION, PLANS OF 1640 AND 2016. ALL THIS IS ACCOMPANIED BY PHOTOS AND DOCUMENTS DEMONSTRATING THE EVIDENCE.

FOR THE DEMONSTRATION THE FOLLOWING TERMS WILL BE USED:

QUEBEC 1608 (CITY OF QUEBEC) = QUEBEC

QUEBEC 1626 (CITY OF CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN) = CHAMBLY

MAIN PART #1

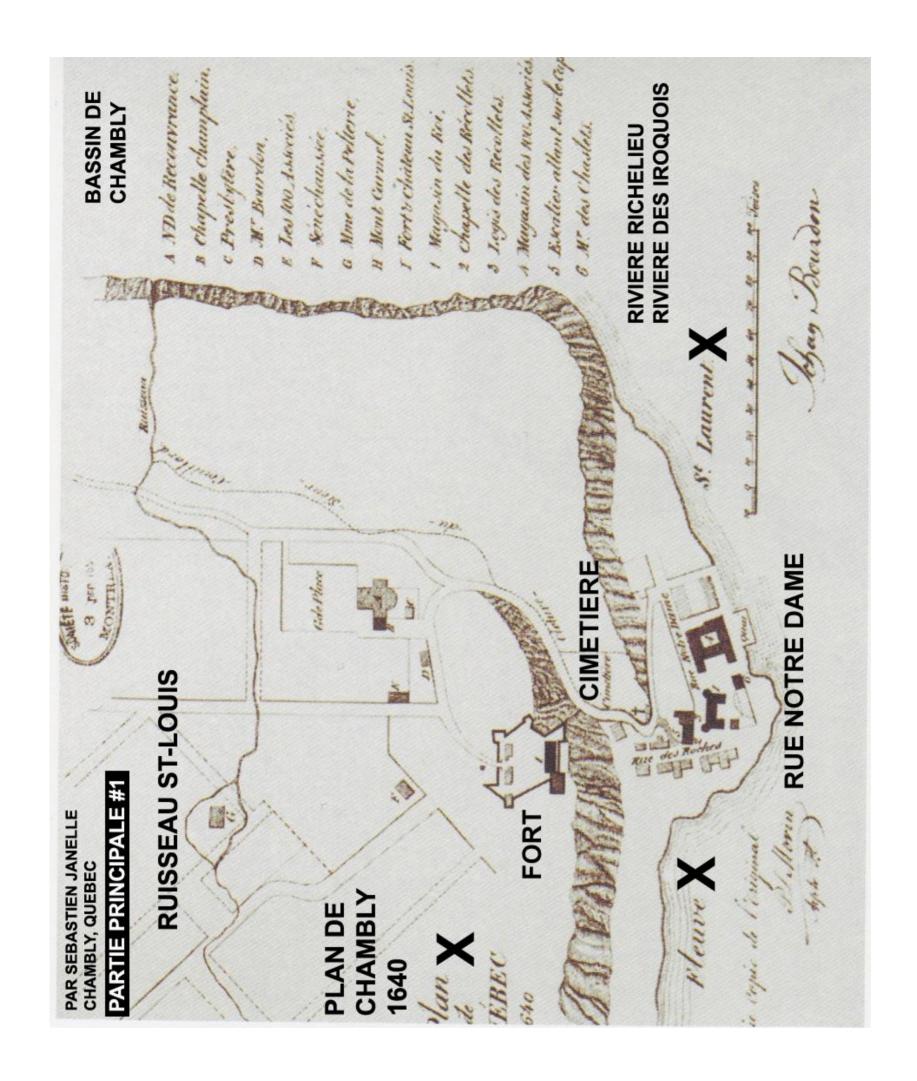
IN THE 1640 MAP AND THE 2016 MAP REPRESENTING CHAMBLY IN 2016, THE LOCATIONS OF THE FOLLOWING ARE IDENTICAL:

ON THAT OF 1640:

- RUISSEAU
- STRONG
- CIMETIERE
- NOTRE DAME STREET

ON THE 2016 ONE:

- ST. LOUIS CREEK
- REMAINS OF THE FORT
- CIMETIERE
- STE-THERESE ROAD TO CARIGNAN





THE MAP OF QUEBEC IN 2016 AND THAT OF CHAMBLY IN 2016 ARE ALMOST IDENTICAL.

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO GET THE MAP BY GOOGLE EARTH OF ST. LOUIS CREEK VIA THE QUEBEC TOPONYMY COMMISSION BECAUSE OF THE EXCESSIVE PRESENCE OF MATURE TREES IN THE OLD CHAMBLY. IN THE REGULAR MAP FROM THE SITE OF THE QUEBEC TOPONYMY COMMISSION, THE PART OF THE CREEK THAT COMPLETES THE ISLAND IS MISSING.

BY DIRECTLY LOCATING THE TOPONYMY, THE ST-LOUIS A CHAMBLY CREEK IS ALSO SEPARATED IN TWO BY PASSING IN THE MIDDLE OF THE 3 LANGEVIN ARRIERE FIELD FOLLOWING THE BACK COURSES TO 11 LANGEVIN STREET IN VIEUX-CHAMBLY.

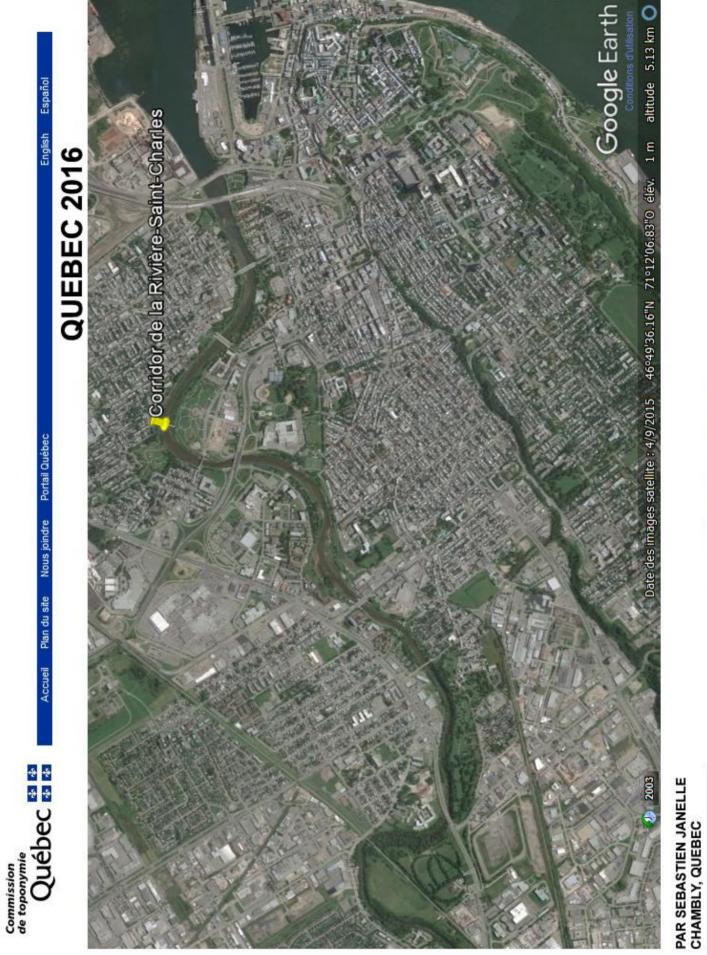
WE DRIVE BETWEEN THE ARRIERE COURSE AT 11 LANGEVIN STREET UNDER IRENEE AUCLAIR STREET TO 3 COOPER STREET. IT IS SEEN IN THE BACK OF 3 COOPPER STREET TO RETURN TO THE CHAMBLY CANAL STRIP AT THE MAIN BRANCH OF ST. LOUIS CREEK.

WE'RE BURIED BELOW THE STREET IRENNÉE AUCLAIRE, BETWEEN THE 1ST AND 3RD LANGEVIN IN THE OLD CHAMBLY.

IF THE MAP OF 1640 WOULD BE THAT OF QUEBEC IN 1640, IT WOULD HAVE INDICATED RIVIERE AND NOT STREAM.

ESPECIALLY SINCE QUEBEC DEMONTRE PRESENTS THE BASIN LOUISE WHICH WAS THERE IN 1640 THAT IS NOT FOUND ON THE MAP OF 1640.

SO THE MAP OF 1640 DID NOT REPRESENT QUEBEC IN 1640 BUT CHAMBLY IN 1640.



PARTIE PRINCIPALE #2

Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

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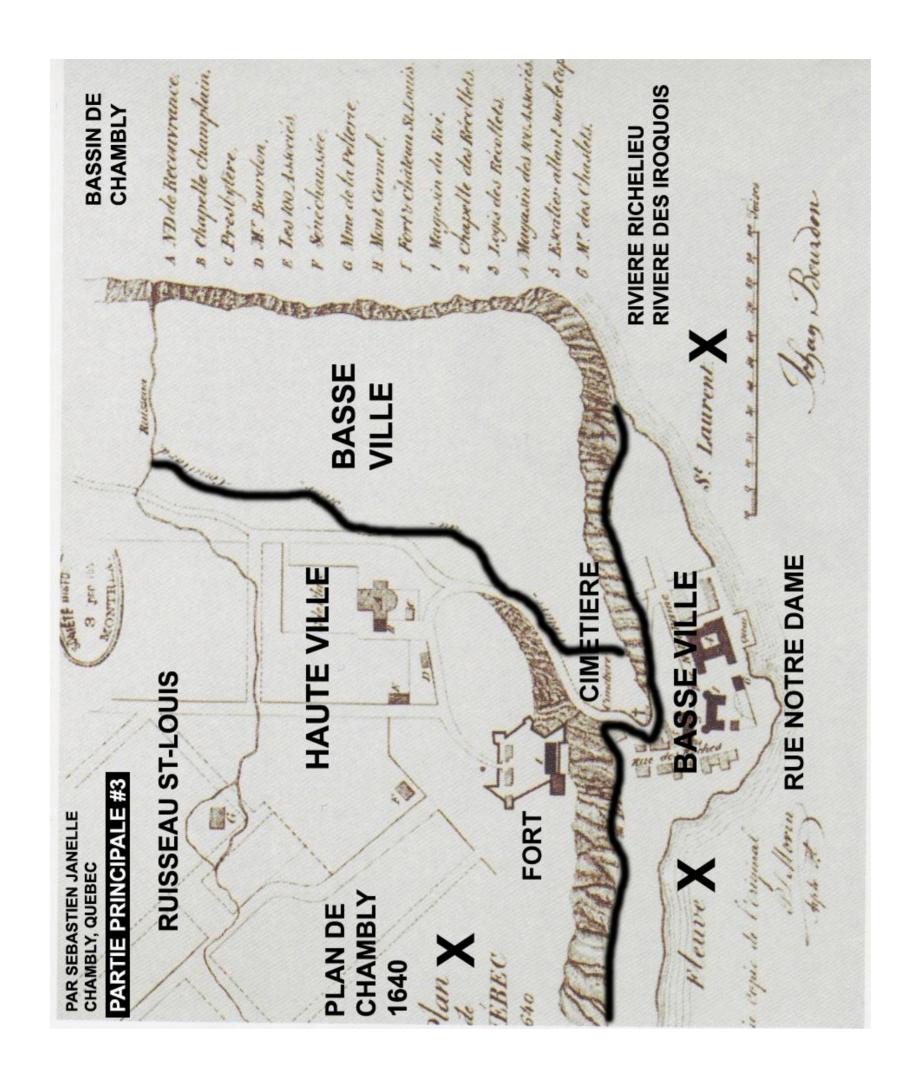
IN QUEBEC, THERE IS THE UPPER CITY AND THE LOWER TOWN

IN CHAMBLY, THERE IS ALSO THE UPPER CITY AND THE LOWER TOWN.

THE 1640 MAP ROAD THAT STARTS FROM NOTRE DAME STREET OR THE LOWER TOWN TO THE UPPER TOWN IS MOUNTAIN STREET AND ENDS UP IN THE TOWN OF CARIGNAN IN 1626 WHICH WE WILL SEE IN PART 3.

THE CEMETERY AND FORT ARE LOCATED IN THE UPPER CITY.

THE CLOSURE OF SIEUR COUILLARD DELIMITE HAS CHAMBLY THE LOWER TOWN AND UPPER TOWN OF THE ST-PIERRE COAST (YULE BRIDGE) TO ST. LOUIS CREEK WHICH THREW ITSELF INTO THE CHAMBLY BASIN.



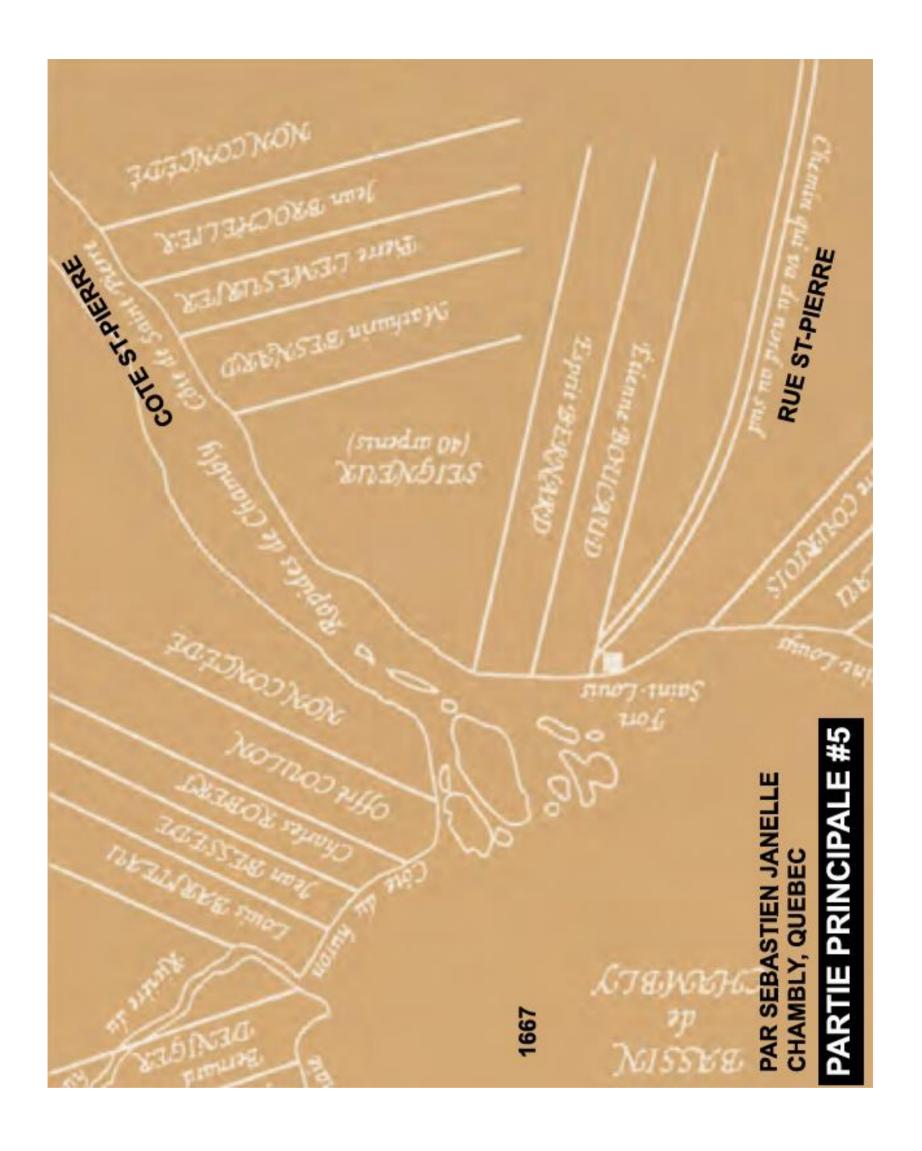


ON THE 1667 CHAMBLY MAP OF THE CONCEDED SEIGNRIES, THE PART OF THE MAP WAS CUT BEFORE FORT ST. LOUIS IN 1626.

HOWEVER, INSTEAD OF SHOWING US THE BUILDINGS AND THE FORT STREET THAT RUNS FROM THE LOCATION OF MR. BOURDON TO THE FORT ACCORDING TO THE MAP OF 1640, WE ARE SHOWN THE STREET THAT RUNS FROM FORT ST. LOUIS (CHAMBLY) OF 1665, ST.PIERRE STREET AND THE MENTION OF THE ST-PIERRE HILL AT THE TOP OF THE CHAMBLY RAPIDS.

IF WE TAKE THE MAP OF QUEBEC IN 2016, WE CAN SEE THE LOCATION OF ST-PIERRE STREET AND THE ST-PIERRE COAST ON THE BANKS OF THE ST. LAWRENCE RIVER.

THIS CONFIRMS THAT CHAMBLY IS A SMALLER REPRESENTATION OF QUEBEC IN 1640; CHAMBLY AND QUEBEC ARE ALMOST IDENTICAL TO THE EXEPTION OF THE LOUISE BASIN, WHICH IS IN QUEBEC. WHAT COMFIFMES US THAT THE MAP OF 1640 IS INDEED THE ONE TAKING OVER CHAMBLY IN 1640.



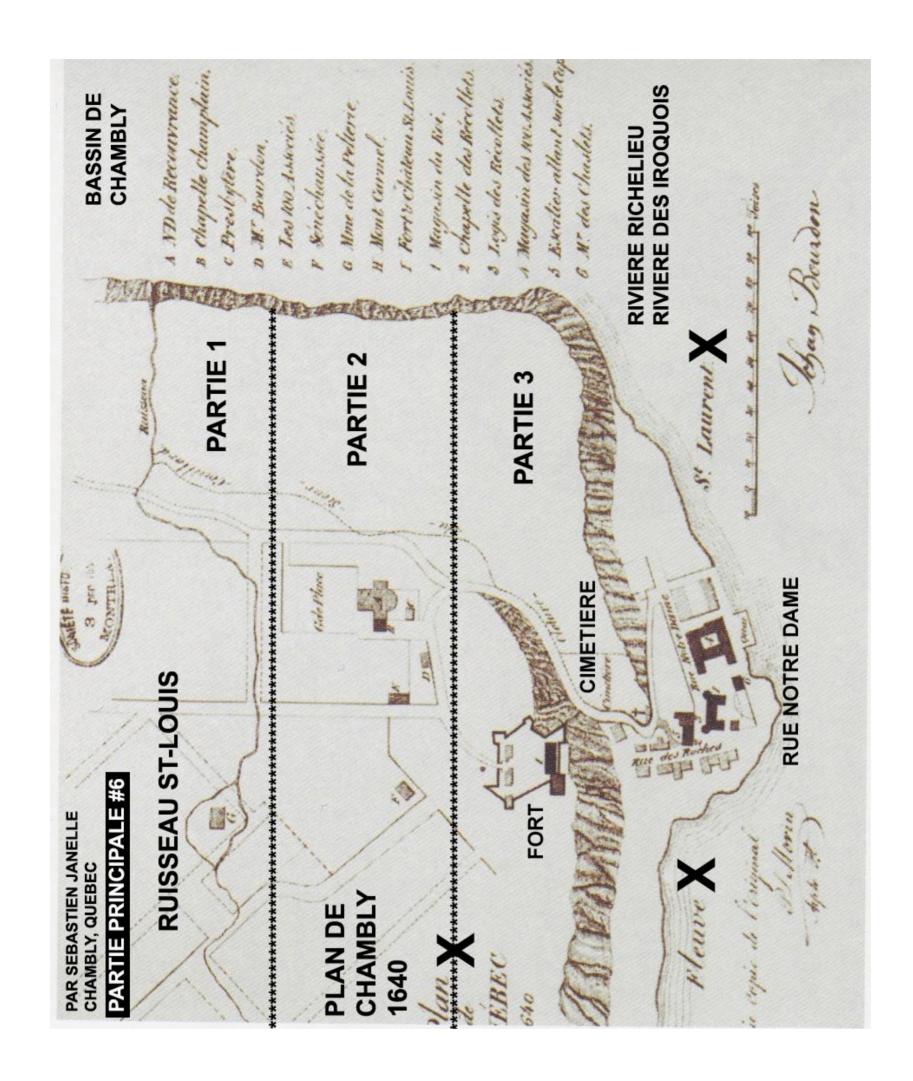


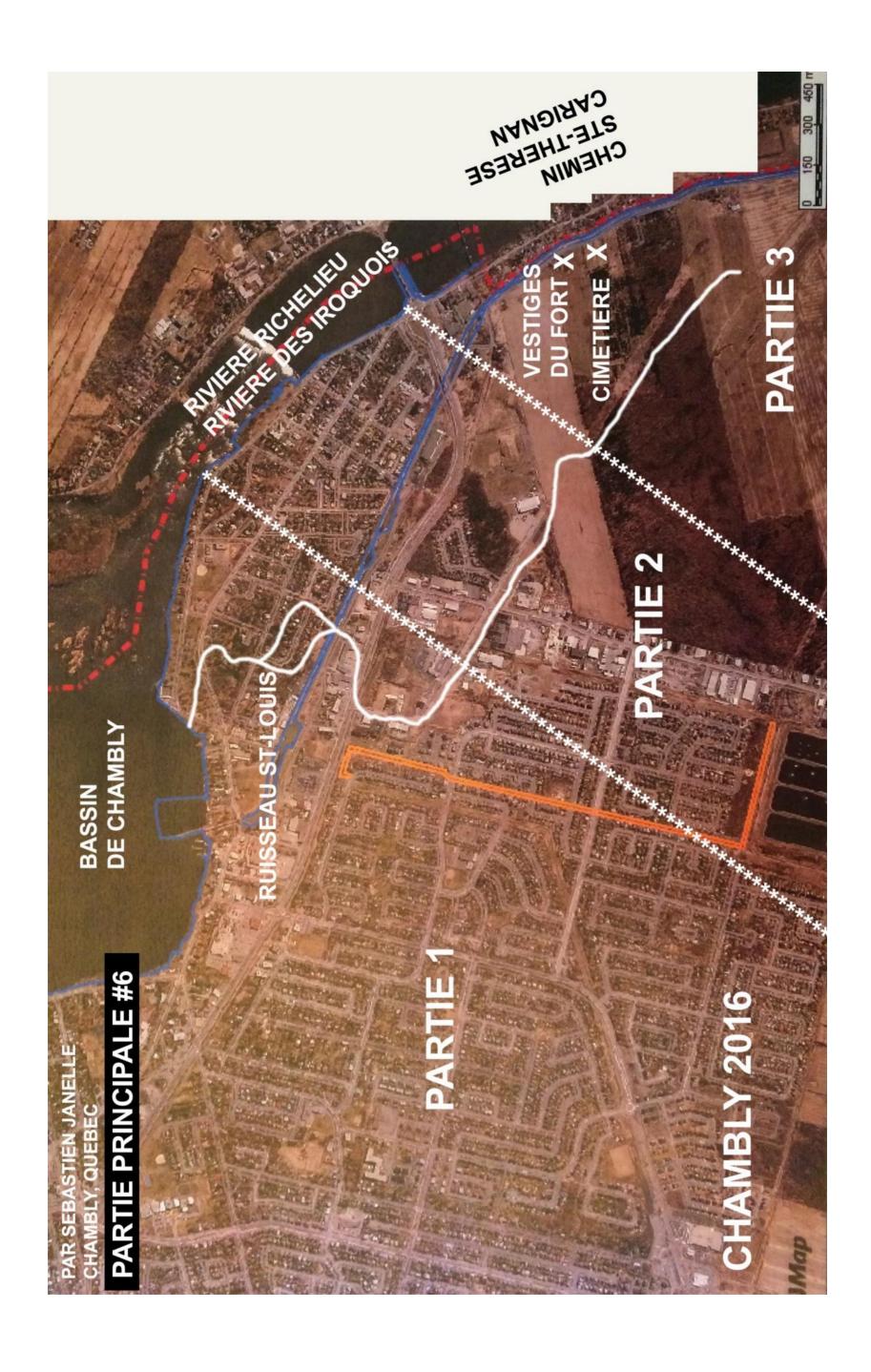
IN THE MAP OF 1640, SÉBASTIEN JANELLE DIVIDES THIS MAP INTO 3 PARTS.

IN THE 2016 CHAMBLY MAP, HE ALSO DIVIDES THIS MAP INTO 3 PARTS.

NOTRE DAME STREET IN THE LOWER TOWN IS STE-THERESE ROAD IN CARIGNAN.

THE 3 PARTS OF THE 1640 MAP ARE IDENTICAL TO THAT OF THE CHAMBLY MAP IN 2016 WHICH CONFIRMS ONCE AGAIN THAT THE MAP OF 1640 IS INDEED THE REPRESENTATION OF CHAMBLY.





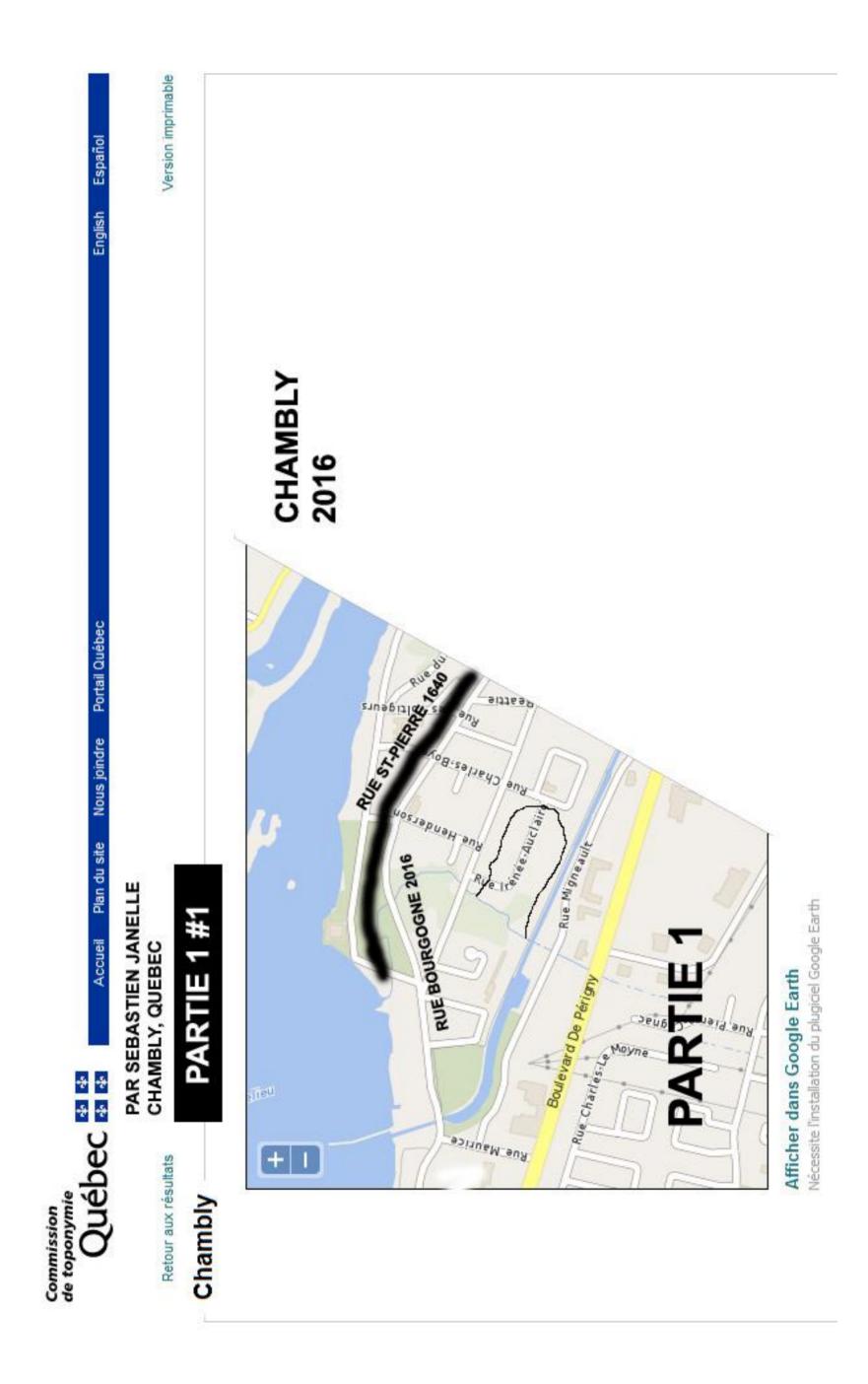
PART 1 #1

WE ARE THE IMPLENTATION OF RUISSEAU IN THE MAIN PART #2 ALREADY. THE CREEK CORRESPONDS WELL TO ST. LOUIS A CHAMBLY CREEK THAT PASSES THROUGH THE OLD CHAMBLY.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE IMPLENTE ON THE MAP OF 1640 THE LOCATION OF BOURGOGNE STREET OF 2016 IN CHAMBLY.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE IMPLENTE ON THE MAP OF 2016 THE LOCATION OF ST-PIERRE STREET FROM 1640 A CHAMBLY.





PART 2 #1

ON THE MAP OF 1640...

- SEBASTIEN JANELLE IS LOCATED ON BOURGOGNE STREET FROM 2016 IN CHAMBLY.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE IMPLANTS THE LOCATION OF THE STREET VIENS FROM 2016 IN CHAMBLY.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE SETS UP THE SITE OF THE 2016 STREET DES CARRIERES IN CHAMBLY.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE SETS UP THE SITE OF EGLISE STREET OF 2016 IN CHAMBLY.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATES ON THE MAP THE ST-PIERRE COAST ACCORDING TO MAP OF CHAMBLY IN 1667.
- LAFONTAINE STREET IN CHAMBLY WAS CALLED BEFORE THE STREET DU MARCHÉ, SEBASTIEN JANELLE ALSO SET IT UP. IT IS DIRECTLY IN FRONT OF THE MAIN SQUARE OF THE MAP OF 1640.

ON THE MAP OF 2016 IN CHAMBLY...

- SEBASTIEN JANELLE OWNS THE LOCATION OF ST-PIERRE STREET FROM 1640.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE SET UP THE SITE OF FORT STREET IN 1640.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE SET UP THE SITE OF STREET DU TRESOR IN 1640.
- THE STREET LAFONTAINE A CHAMBLY WAS CALLED BEFORE THE RUE DU MARCHÉ, SÉBASTIEN JANELLE ALSO SET IT UP.
- SEBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATES THE ST-PIERRE COAST ON THE MAP ACCORDING TO THE MAP OF CHAMBLY IN 1667.

POINT A IS NO OF RECOUVERANCE LOCATED AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE STREET VIENS AND BOURGOGNE STREET, IN FRONT OF THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY.

POINT B IS THE SITE OF THE REMAINS OF THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL LOCATED
BETWEEN THE BACK CORNER OF THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY AND
THE STREET VIENS. THERE IS NO REASON WHY THIS STREET SHOULD BE LIKE THIS
INSTEAD OF BEING IN A STRAIGHT LINE EXCEPT TO BYPASS THE REMAINS OF THE
CHAPEL CHAMPLAIN. LOOK AT THE IMAGE OF THE QUEBEC TOPOLYMIE
COMMISION, THE VERY WIDE STREET BEFORE THE CITY REDOES IT IN EARLY 2010.

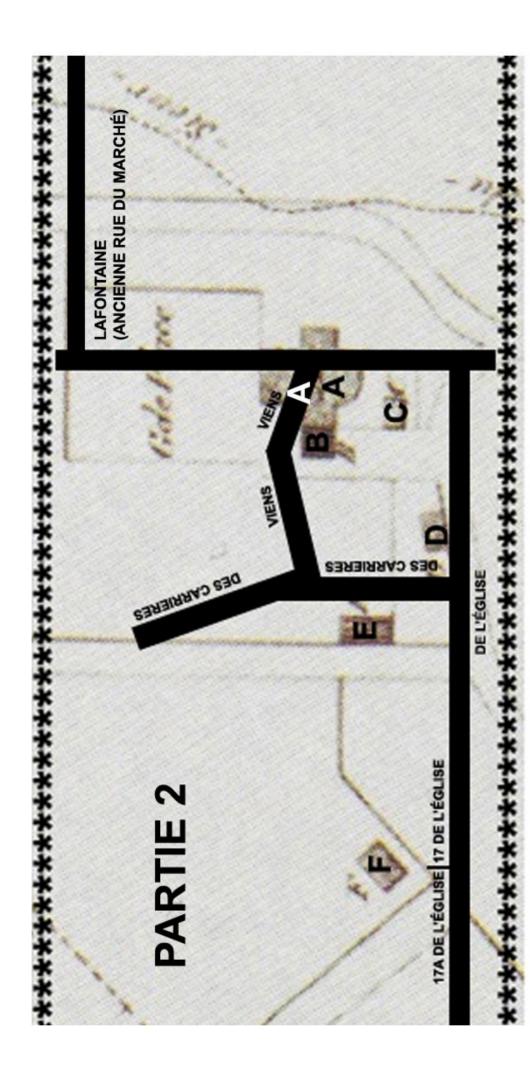
AT THE PLACE OF BUILDING C, THE PRESBYTERY IS LOCATED IN THE SAME PLACE AS THE FORMER PRESBYTERY OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY.

THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY OF 1956 IS LOCATED BETWEEN POINTS A B C.

POINT D, MR. BOURDON IS THE SITE OF THE CHAPEL THAT BURNED DOWN ON MAY 21, 1957. PHOTO A L'PRESSE.

THE E POINT, THE LOCATION OF THE HUNDRED ASSOCIATES IS THE CHURCH WHICH LATER BECAME A FUNERAL SALON AND NOW THE OFFICES OF THE FUNERAL SALON.

POINT F, THE LOCATION OF THE SENECHAUSE WHICH IS LOCATED WHERE ARE THE HOUSES OF 17 AND 17A OF THE CHURCH.





A ND de Recentrance.

2 Chapelle du Récellets.

2 Chapelle du Récellets.

2 Chapelle du Récellets.

5 Fogis des Récollets.

6 Prestyletere.

7 Mayasin des Récollets.

8 Fords politique.

8 Fords pellent.

8 Fords challets.

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1 Fords challets.







Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

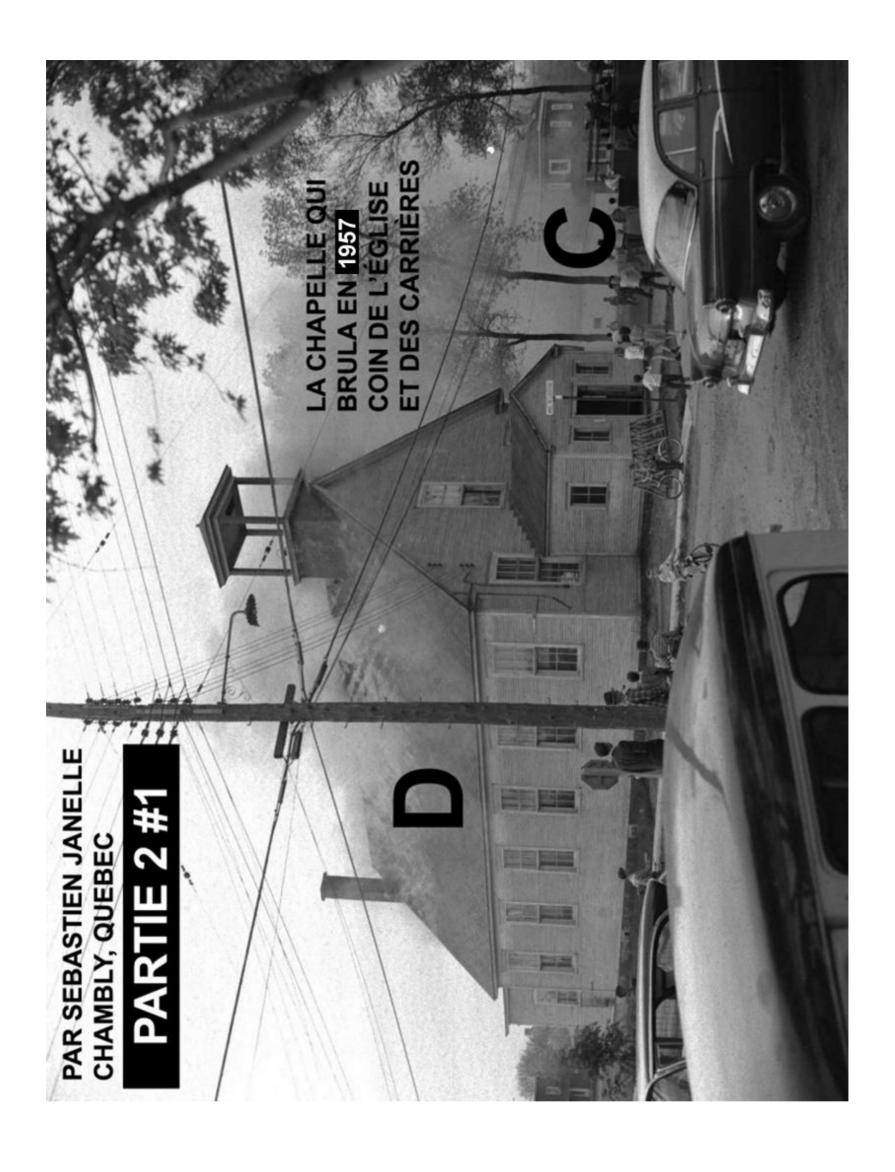
PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE

Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

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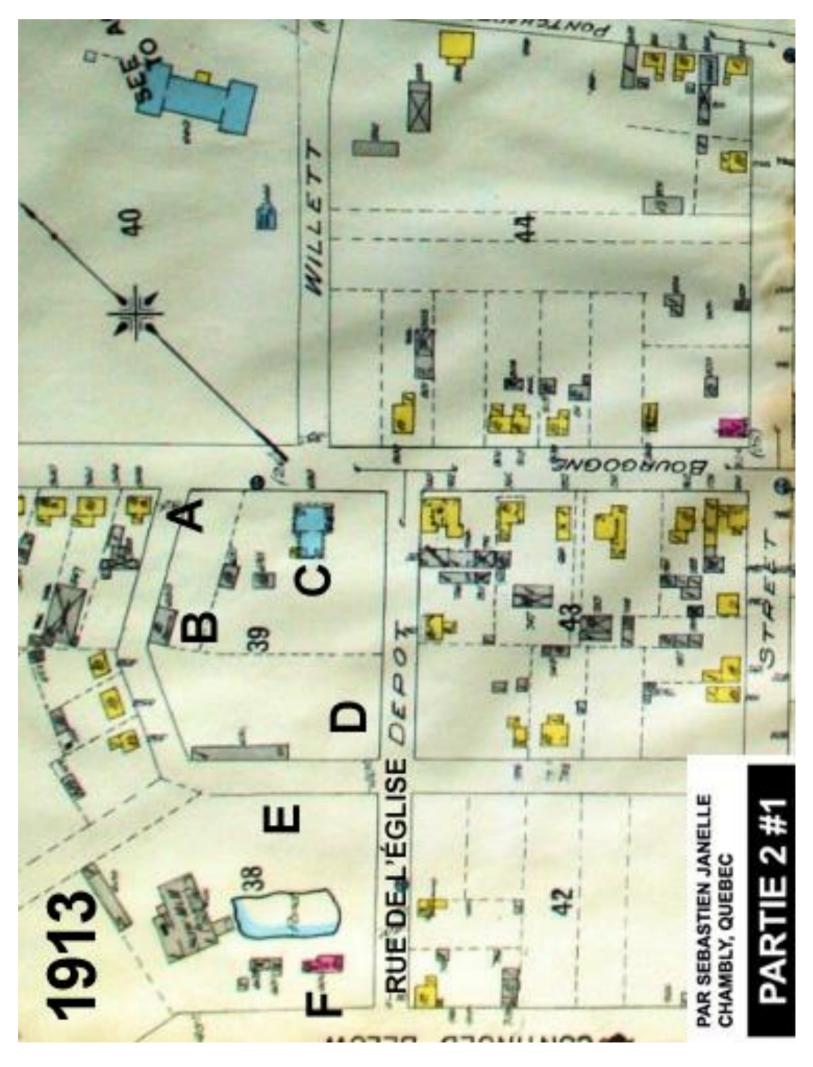
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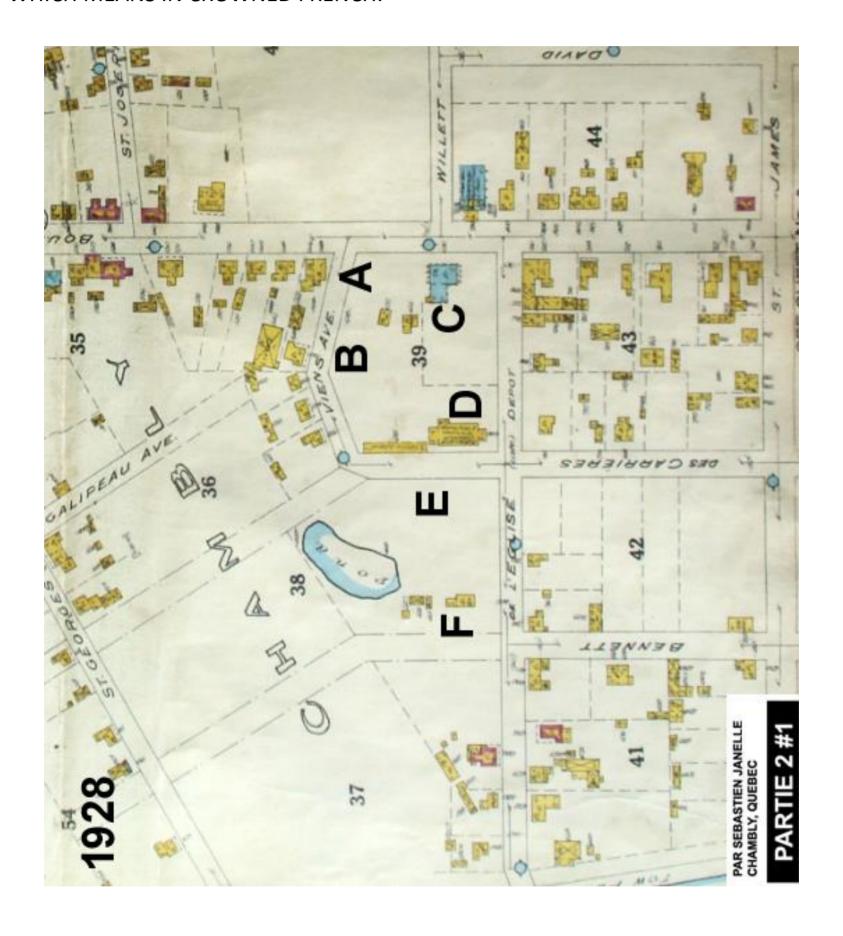
ON THE FOLLOWING MAP IN 1913 OF CHAMBLY, THE PRESENCE OF A BUILDING AT POINT B SHOULD BE THAT OF THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL AND WOULD GIVE THE EXPLANATION WHY THE STREET VIENS BYPASSES THIS IMPORTANT BUILDING. IF THIS BUILDING WOULD SIMPLY BE A BARN, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN EASY TO DEMOLAR AND POSITION THE STREET COME RIGHT. THE FIRST CHAMPELLE CHAMPLAIN WAS ENGULFED IN FLAMES IN JUNE 1640 AND LATER REBUILT BEFORE MAY 1641.

AT POINT D, IT IS CLEAR THAT THE CHAPEL THAT BURNED DOWN IN 1957 IS NOT ON THE MAP. THIS LOCATION IS THAT OF MR. BOURDON AND THE TREASURY. THERE IS MENTION OF DEPOT IN FRONT OF POINT D ON EGLISE STREET.



ON CHAMBLY'S 1928 MAP, WE SEE IN POINT B OF THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL THAT THE BUILDING IS NO LONGER THERE.

AT POINT D, WE CAN CLEARLY SEE THE PRESENCE OF THE CHAPEL THAT BURNED DOWN IN 1957. THERE IS STILL MENTION OF DEPOT BUT THIS TIME WITH THE STREET OF EGLISE INSCRIBED. IS THIS A MENTION TO TELL US THAT THE TRESOR IS WELL IN PLACE AT POINT D AND THIS HAS THE EXACT EMPLECE OF THE NAME DEPOT. THIS MENTION DEPOT IN ENGLISH AND UPSIDE DOWN GIVES "TOPED" WHICH MEANS IN CROWNED FRENCH.

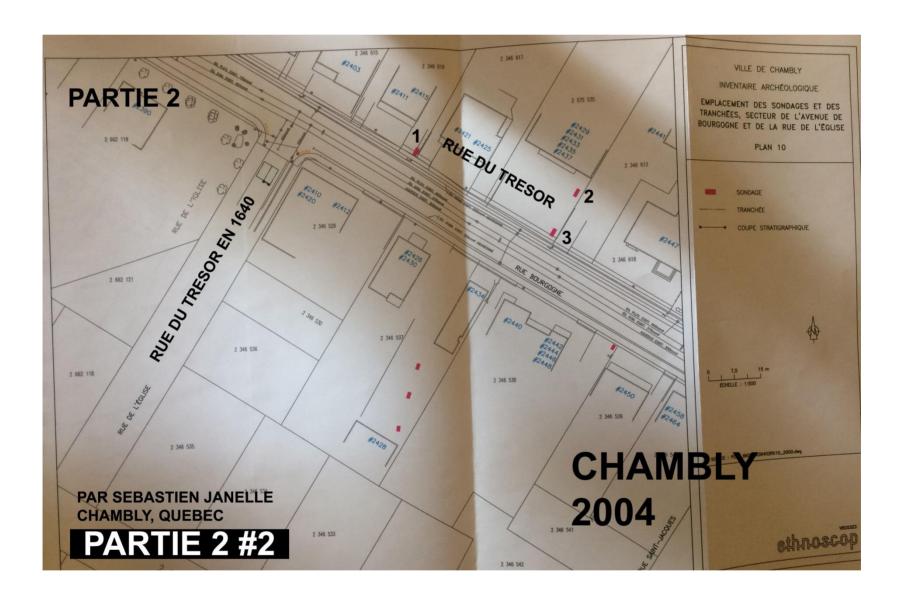


PART 2 #2

DURING THE REFLECTION OF RUE BOURGOGNE IN 2004, AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVENTORY WAS MADE BETWEEN THE TOWN HALL AND THE YULE BRIDGE IN THE OLD CHAMBLY.

IN THE FIRST SECTION OF CHURCH STREET AT THE INTERSECTION OF BOURGOGNE STREET IN CHAMBLY, THE CONCLUSION SHOWS THE PRESENCE OF AN OLD STREET. IT IS FROM STREET DU TRESOR ON THE MAP OF 1640.

IN 2004, ARHEOLOGISTS LOCATED THE STREET DU TRESOR OF 1640 WITHOUT KNOWING IT EITHER NEXT TO BOURGOGNE STREET IN THE LOWER TOWN. SÉBASTIEN JANELLE IDENTIFIES THE STREET DU TRESOR FROM THE 2004 MAP AS WELL AS POINTS 1 2 3 OF THE PLACES WHERE ARCHAEOLOGISTS HAVE FOUND THE OLD STREET.





PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

6.0 CONCLUSION

PARTIE 2 #2

L'inventaire archéologique réalisé à Chambly au printemps 2004 a permis de déterminer si des ressources archéologiques préhistoriques pouvaient être menacées par le projet de réfection de l'avenue Bourgogne et d'établir la présence éventuelle de vestiges de l'occupation historique des lieux. Malgré la mise en œuvre d'une cinquantaine de sondages, aucune trace d'une occupation préhistorique n'a été décelée aux abords de l'avenue Bourgogne. Toutefois, des vestiges de la période historique ont été découverts en plusieurs endroits. Ainsi, le long de l'avenue Bourgogne, des couches d'occupation du XIX^e siècle ont été mises au jour aux numéros civiques 2271, 2554 et 2560 et des rehaussements datant probablement de la même période ont été identifiés aux numéros civiques 2274 et 2545. Sur la rue Beattie a été retrouvée une aire de circulation du milieu du XIXe siècle, alors qu'une aire de circulation un peu plus ancienne a été identifiée sur la rue de l'Église. Un niveau d'occupation du milieu ou de la deuxième moitié du XIX^e siècle était présent dans la rue Viens. Enfin, deux sites archéologiques ont été délimités lors de l'intervention. Le premier, BiFh-16, regroupe le 2136 avenue Bourgogne et l'extrémité nord de la rue Dumaine; un dallage et un mur de refend d'une écurie construite en 1813 y ont été découverts. Le second, BiFh-17, correspond au 2259 avenue Bourgogne, où fut mis au jour le coin sud-ouest d'un bâtiment datant du milieu ou de la deuxième moitié du XIX^e siècle.

Ce bilan révèle que les abords de l'avenue Bourgogne recèlent un potentiel archéologique significatif, malgré les perturbations engendrées par le développement domiciliaire au cours du XX^e siècle. Il est donc recommandé que toute autre excavation aux abords de l'avenue Bourgogne, y compris sur les sites BiFh-16 et BiFh-17, soit à nouveau accompagnée d'une intervention archéologique. Par ailleurs, un archéologue devrait être mandaté lors de travaux d'excavation à l'emplacement du camp militaire (entre le fort Chambly et la rue Beattie) afin de déterminer l'impact de ces travaux sur les ressources archéologiques et de formuler le cas échéant une stratégie d'intervention au terrain.

PART 3 #1

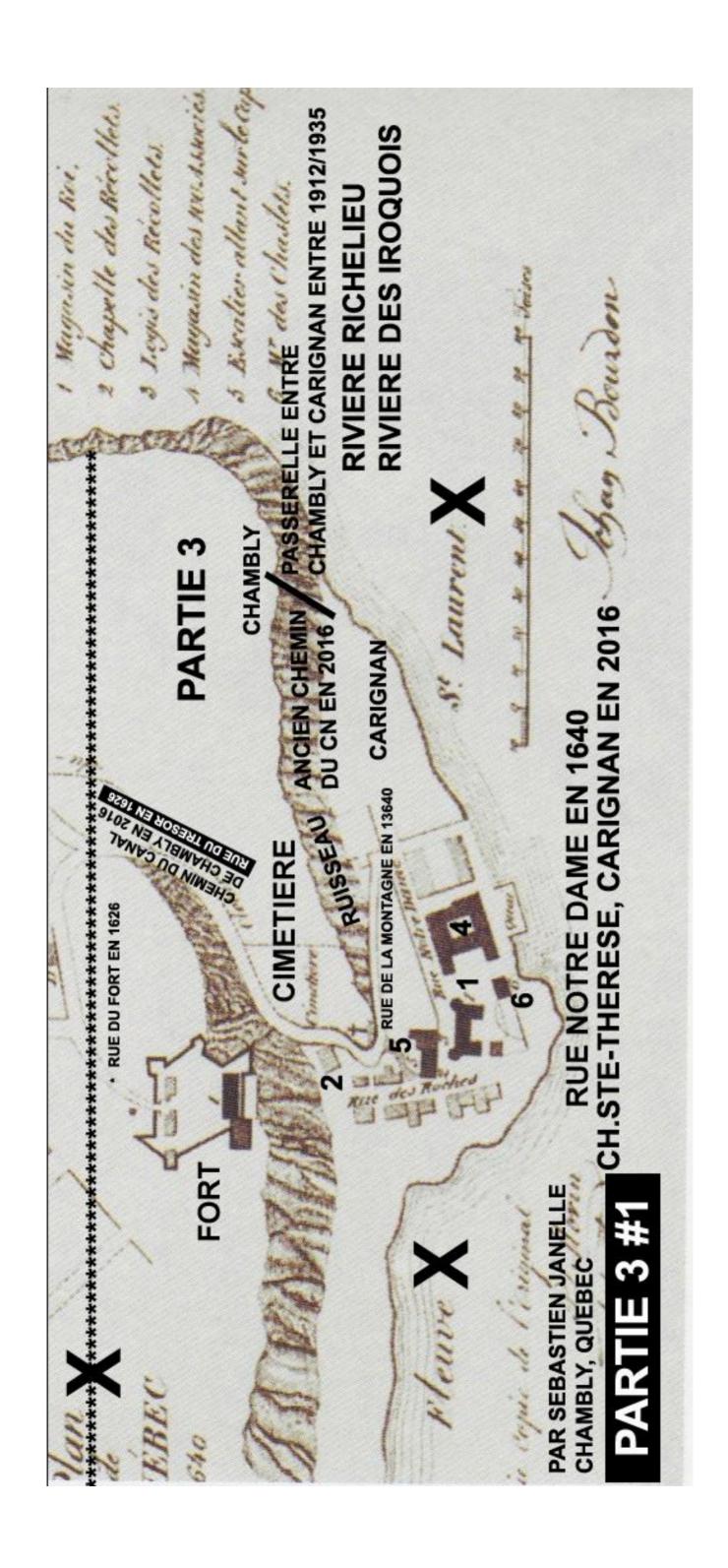
IN THIS PART WE FIND THE LOCATION OF THE CLIFF BETWEEN THE FORT AND THE CEMETERY WHICH IS NOW A DESCENDING STREET. ON THE MAP, WE LOCATE THE REMAINS STILL PRESENT TODAY IN 2016 OF THE STREET DE LA MONTAGNE WHICH PASSES NEXT TO THE CEMETERY. WE LOCATE THE REMAINS OF FORT ST. LOUIS FROM 1626. WE LOCATE THE REMAINS OF THE CHAPEL OF 1626: THE CHAPEL OF THE RECOLLECTIONS IN POINT 2. SUBSEQUENTLY WE WILL TAKE EACH LOCATION AND DEMONSTRATE IT ON THE MAP OF CHAMBLY IN 2016 ACCORDING TO SATELLITE IMAGES.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE IDENTIFIES ON A SECOND MAP THE STREET OF THE MOUNTAIN FROM 1626 ON THE MAP OF CHAMBLY IN 2016.

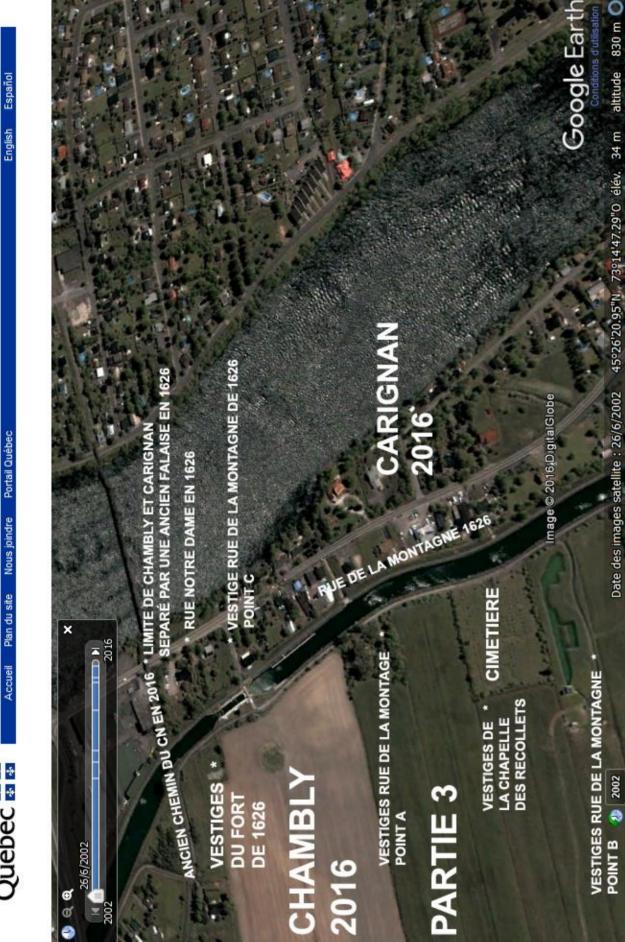
THE KIND OF CLIFF SEEN ON THE 1640 MAP BETWEEN THE CEMETERY AND MOUNTAIN STREET, AT THE SITE OF THE OLD CN RAILWAY, IS SIMPLY A LOW PART LIKE AN OLD CREEK.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATES IN THE PHOTO THAT NOW IT IS THE STE-THERESE ROAD THAT JOINS CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN THAT IS ON SITE IN 2016.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATES ON THE MAP OF 2016 THE STREET DU FORT DE 1626 WHICH PASSES OVER THE CANAL DE CHAMBLY IN 1626.









PARTIE 3#1

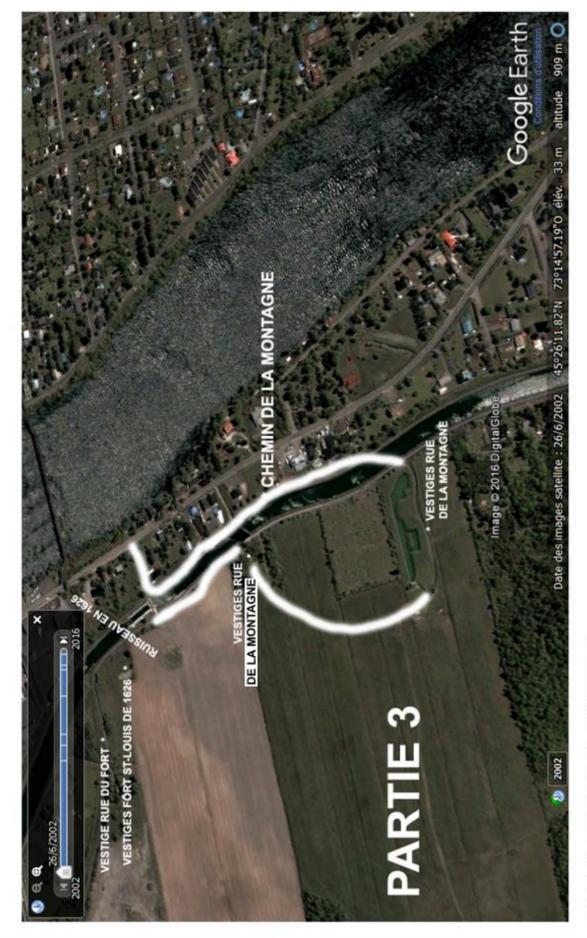
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Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

Québec !!!

8 Gouvernement du Québec, 2012





PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

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PARTIE 3 #1





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PARTIE 3 #1

PART 3 #2

WE WILL SEE IN SATELITTES IMAGES THE REMAINS OF FORT ST. LOUIS FROM 1626 BIENE A CHAMBLY. THE PRESENT LAND IS OWNED BY PARC-CANADA BUT NO MENTION OF TRANSFER, SALE, LEGATION BY WILL OR DECLARATION OF TRANSMISSION IS RECORDED IN THE INDEXES TO THE BUILDINGS. IN OTHER WORDS; THE SO-CALLED LAND STILL BELONGS TO THE CROWN TODAY.

AT THE CHAMBLY TOWN HALL, PROMINENTLY ON THE WALL, ARE TWO PHOTOS OF FORT ST. LOUIS FROM 1626. THE PERSON WHO HAD IDENTIFIED THE FORT AS BEING THE COTTON FACTORY SAID MUST, IT IS FORT ST. LOUIS OF 1626. THE PHOTO DATES FROM 1912 TO 1935.

THE OLD SEPARE CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN CREEK BETWEEN 1912 AND 1935 ACCORDING TO THE PHOTO. SÉBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATED THE CN ROAD ON THE MAP OF 1640 AND 2016.

A FOOTBRIDGE THAT JOINED CHAMBLY WAS THERE BETWEEN 1912 AND 1935. SÉBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATES THIS BRIDGE IN THE PHOTO IN 2016.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE LOCATES THE CREEK IN CHAMBLY'S PHOTO IN 2016





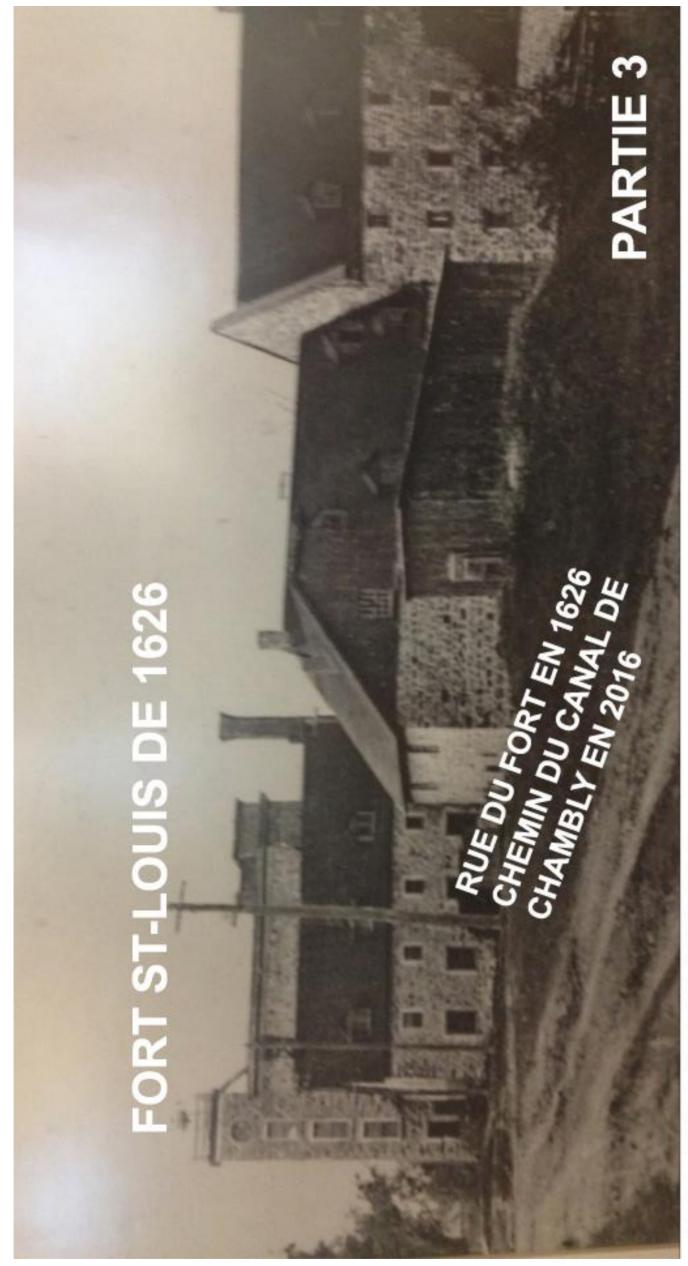




PASSERELLE ENTRE CHAMBLY ET CARIGAN ENTRE 1912 ET 1935

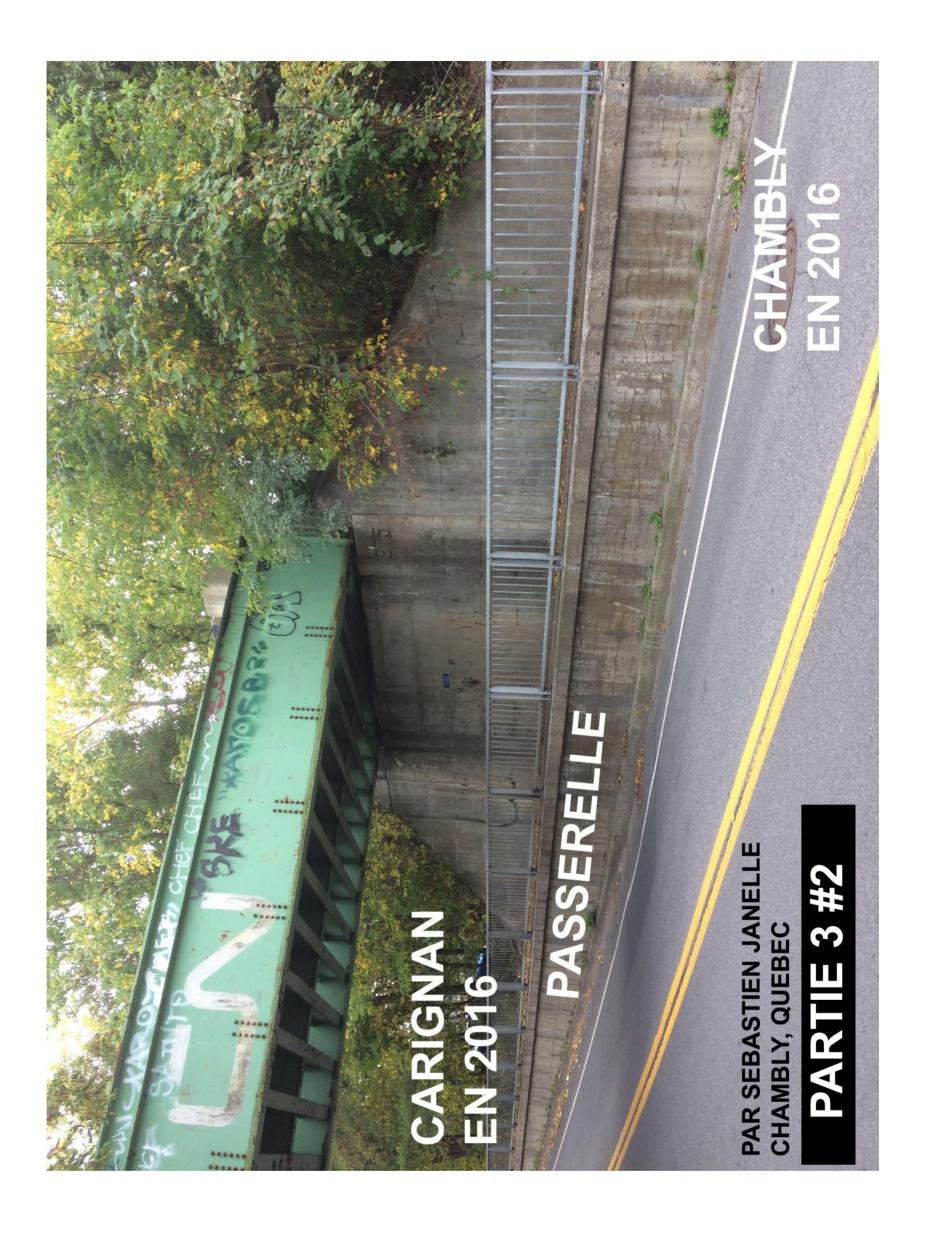
PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC PARTIE 3 #2

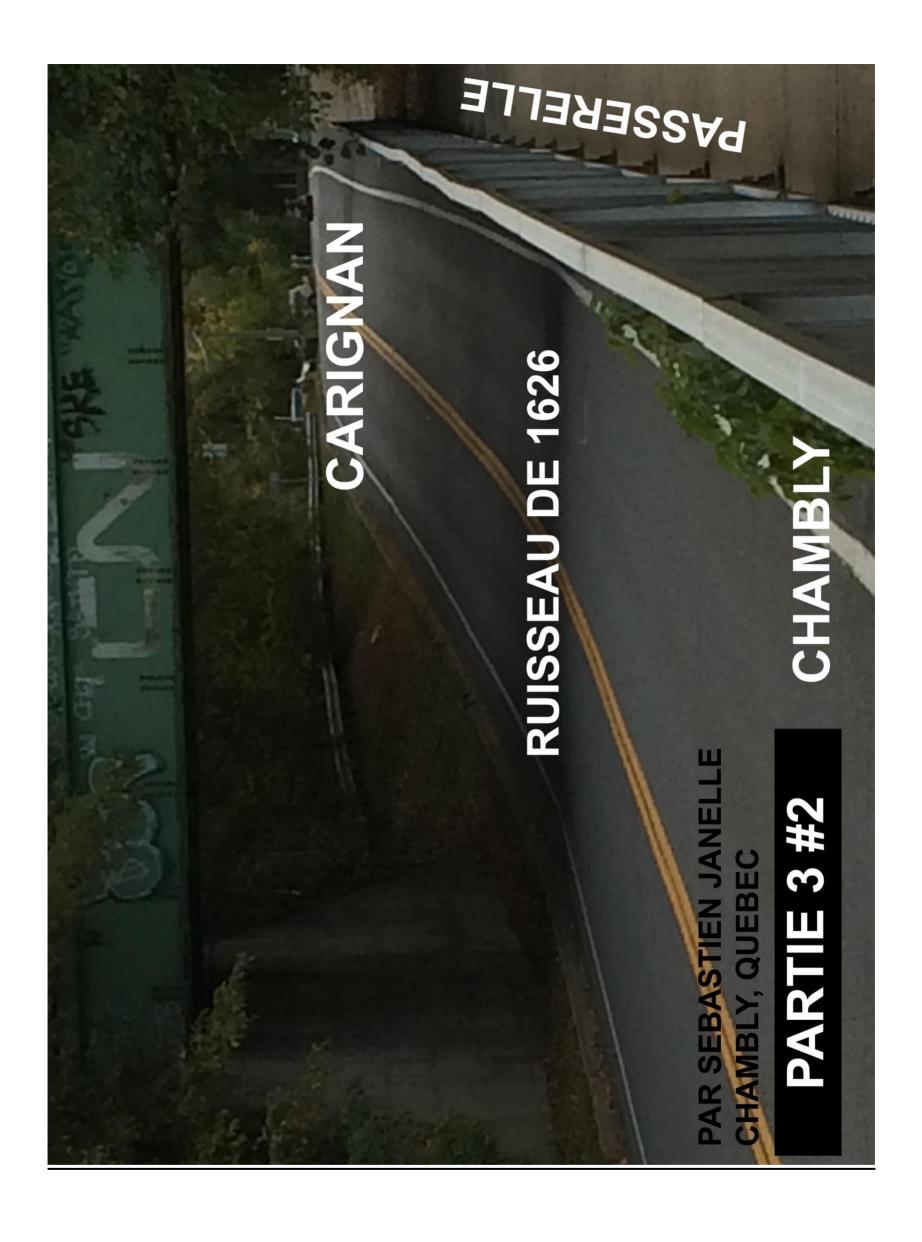




PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

RTIE 3 #2





PART 3 #3

THE CEMETERY OF THE MAP OF 1640 IS THE CEMETERY VERY HOLY HEART OF MARY A CHAMBLY ON THE CANAL STRIP. THE CEMETERY WAS GIVEN TO THE PARISH BY DECLARATION OF TRANSMISSION IN 1914. THE HEAD OF THE PARISH CONFIDED IN THE SUMMER OF 2015 THAT THE CEMETERY WAS GIVEN TO THEM BECAUSE OF TWO HEADSTONES LEFT THAT IS NO LONGER THE ONE TODAY AND A RIGHT THAT IS STILL PRESENT CARVED IN STONE. THIS TOMBSTONE SHOULD BE THAT OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN, SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN WAS BURIED IN A CEMETERY WITH TWO OTHER PEOPLE. HE DIED ON DECEMBER 25, 1635 IN QUEBEC CITY... QUEBEC CITY OF 1626 (CITY OF CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN).

ON THE VIEW OF THE SATELITTE YOU CAN SEE AT THE TOP RIGHT, THE LOCATION OF THE REMAINS OF THE CHAPEL OF THE RECOLLETS. IN THIS CEMETERY, AROUND 1982, THERE WAS A MOZAIC ON THE GROUND OF THE FLAG OF NEW FRANCE.

LOOKING AT THE PLAN OF THE CEMETERY, THE TOMBSTONE IS TOO MUCH IN THE CEMETERY AND NOT LISTED.

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE TAKES A PHOTO OF THE POSITION OF THE OLD STAIRCASE THAT CLIMBS FROM THE LOWER TOWN TO THE STREET DE LA MONTAGNE FROM 1626 IN THE UPPER CITY OF CHAMBLY IN 2016. THE REMAINS ARE NO LONGER THERE TODAY.

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		considuation du respects de l'affection qu'elle forte à la barrele
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		d'établis sur l'immende et dessurs donné un cincelière four la
		dite Paroisse du Ties Saint Cour de braire Dout Bele Hails Rasse
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PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY QUEBEC

PARTIE 3 #3

DONNE UN CIMETIERE DECLARATION DE TRANSMISION EN 1914





SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN ON HIS 1609 VOYAGE, WHICH LEFT QUEBEC CITY BY THE ST. LAWRENCE RIVER UP THE RICHELIEU RIVER OF THE IROQUOIS. ARRIVING AT THE SAULT (CHAMBLY RAPIDS), THE TRAMPLED AROUND ON FOOT AND CONTINUED ALONE WITH ANOTHER MEMBER OF HIS TEAM BY CANOE TO LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

DURING HIS VISIT TO CHAMBLY IN 1609, SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN CARTOGRPHIE ON MAP CHAMBLY. HE IMMEDIATELY SEES THAT CHAMBLY IS A COMPLIANT BUT SMALLER COPY OF QUEBEC.

IN 1626, DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF FORT ST-LOUIS SUR CAP AUX DIAMANTS AT QUEBEC AND THE TRENCH THAT CIRCLED THE FORT, SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN AND HIS CREW OF DIAMONDS (CRYSTAL QUARTZ). AS HE HAD ALREADY THREATENED THE ENGLISH ENEMI, SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN BROUGHT THE SO-CALLED TRESOR BACK TO CHAMBLY FOR THE HIDDEN ONE. SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN LEFT FRANCE IN 1626 FOR QUEBEC. HE TRAVELLED FROM THE ATLANTIC OCEAN TO NEW HAMSTERDAM, NEW YORK. SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN WAS IN NEW HAMSTERDAM, NEW YORK IN 1626. IT RAN FROM THIS LOCATION TO LAKE CHAMPLAIN AND THEN THE IROQUOIS RIVER (RICHELIEU) TO CHAMBLY WHERE THERE WAS A DEAD END BECAUSE OF THE SAULT (RAPIDS OF CHAMBLY TO FOUND THE OTHER CITY NAMED QUEBEC. THIS ROAD IS THE MISSING ROAD IN THE HISTORY BOOKS.

THE OLD CHAMBLY BETWEEN 17/17A OF THE CHURCH AND UP A LITTLE DOWN THE STREET DES CARRIERES AND BETWEEN EGLISE STREET AND ST. GEORGE RESTS ON THE ROCK FROM 3-4 FEET BELOW THE GROUND.

THE TUNNEL AND VAULT CONTAINING SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TRESOR IS IN A CAVERN IN THE ROCK OF OLD CHAMBLY. SÉBASTIEN JANELLE SUPOSE THAT IN THE VAULT THERE IS CRYSTAL QUARTZ, MAPS, PAINTINGS OF THE FOUNDATION OF THE NEW FRANCE, MONEY OF THE 17TH CENTURY, ETC. THIS CAVE PRESENT IN THE OLD CHAMBLY IS OF THE SAME TYPE AS THE ONE DISCOVERED IN ST. LEONARD IN MONTREAL THAT YOU CAN SEE ON THE FOLLOWING LINK:

http://www.speleo.qc.ca/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=101&I temid=161

IN AUGUST 2015 WITH THE CONSTRUCTION SITE CAMERA, SEBASTIEN JANELLE CAPTURES A CLOUD OF STEAM COMING OUT OF THE GROUND, EITHER 2-3 FEET FROM THE 17/17A LIMIT OF THE EGLISE STREET OR ON THE GROUNDS OF 17A OF THE EGLISE STREET. TAKING THE MAP OF 1640, THE LOCATION OF THE CORRESPONS STEAM CLOUD IN THE CENTER OF THE SENECHAUSSÉE (F).

THE ENTRANCE TO THE CAVE TUNNEL IS ON 17A STREET EGLISE IN CHAMBLY AND THE VAULT IS AT THE LOCATION OF MR BOURDON.

IF YOU LOOK AT THE JUNCTION BETWEEN FORT STREET AND TRESOR STREET, IT ALSO ARRIVES AT MR BOURDON'S LOCATION.

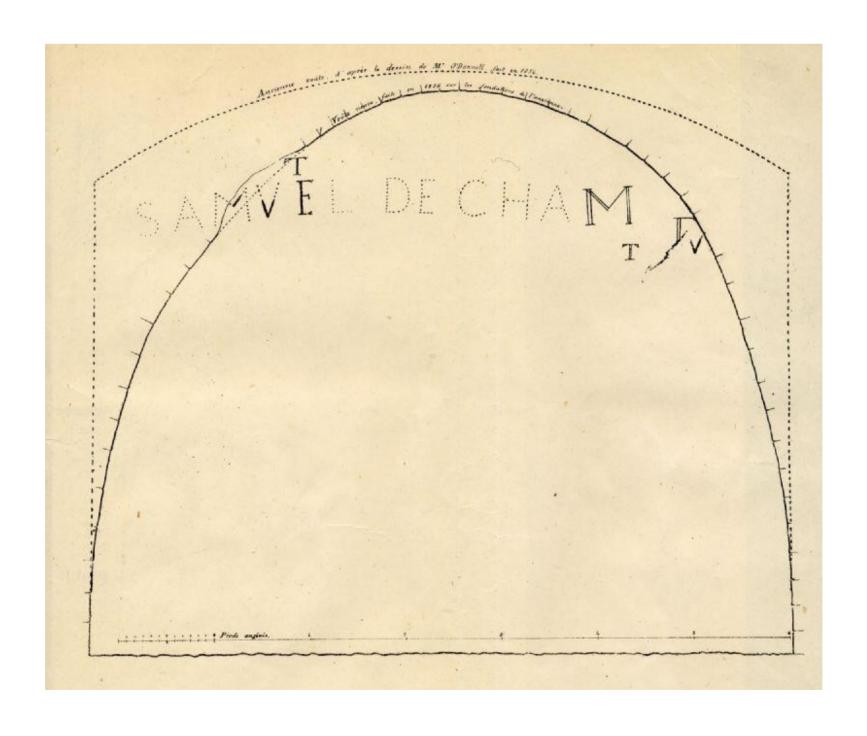
IF YOU LOOK AT THE MAP AGAIN IN HINDSIGHT. THE ONE WHO MADE THE MAP IS JEAN BOURDON AND THE LOCATION WHERE IS THE TRESOR IS MR BOURDON IN D ON THE MAP OF 1640.

IT WOULD HAVE BEEN TOO EASY TO PUT AN X WITH THE MENTION TRESOR IN THE EXACT LOCATION OF MR. BOURDON.

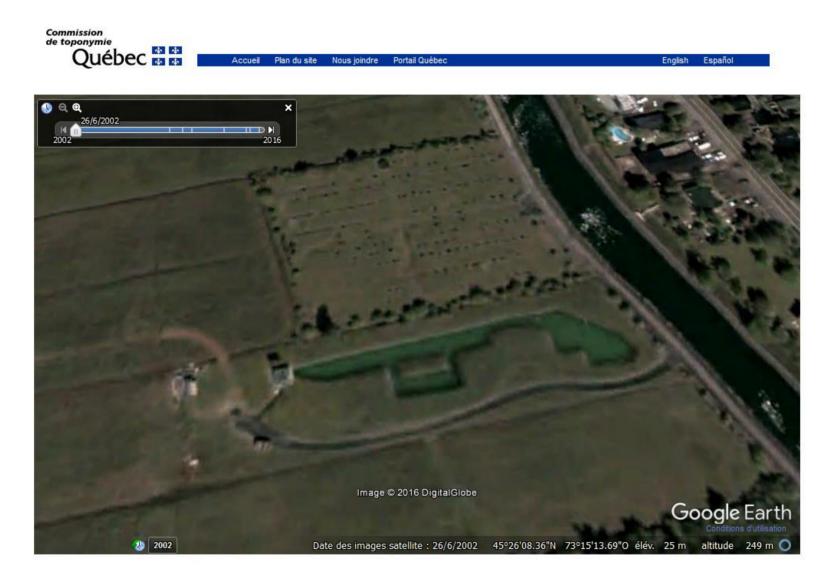
THERE ARE NINE (9) CLUES TO THE PRESENCE OF THIS TREASURE IN CHAMBLY AS WELL AS THE PRESENCE OF THE TOMB OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN A CHAMBLY.

- THE FIRST (1) CLUE IS THAT OF MR. BOURDON ON THE 1640 MAP WHICH SHOWS THE EXACT LOCATION OF THE TREASURE.
- THE SECOND (2) IS THAT OF THE ST-PIERRE RATING ON THE MAP OF 1667 WHICH SHOWS THAT CHAMBLY IS QUEBEC OF 1626.
- THE THIRD (3) CLUE IS ON THE WILL OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN. ON HIS WILL, SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN HAD TAKEN HIS OWN TO MENTION THAT THE HEIR TO HIS PROPERTY IS OUR LADY OF RECOVERANCE. THE OWNER OF THE TRESOR WAS SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN. THE TRESOR IS THE PROPERTY OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN. THE TRESOR IS THE PROPERTY AT THE DEATH OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN OF OUR LADY OF RECOVERY. THE HEIR TO THE TREASURY IS THE PARISH OF OUR LADY OF RECOVERANCE. THE HEIR TO THIS PROPERTY IS THE PARISH OF OUR LADY OF RECOVERANCE WHICH MEANS THAT SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TRESOR IS LOCATED IN THE PARISH OF OUR LADY OF THE RECOVEROVER IN CHAMBLY.

• THE FOURTH (4) CLUE IS ON THE REPRESENTATION OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TOMB AVAILABLE AT THE BANQ. THE NAME "SAMVEL DE CHAM" IS INSCRIBED BUT NOT COMPLETE AND IT IS IMPOSSIBLE THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE BECAUSE IT DOES NOT ENTER THROUGHOUT AND THE PERSON WHO REGISTERED IT VOLUNTARILY. WHAT COMES IN, HOWEVER, IS SAMVEL DE CHAMBLY WHICH MEANS THAT SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN IS A CHAMBLY. WE HAVE FIVE CODES ON THIS TAKEOVER. A T ABOVE SAMVEL, A T AND A V BELOW CHAM, THE GROUND LEVEL LINE AND THE UPSIDE DOWN. THE SECOND LINE WITH SMALL SPIKES LIKE TURF IS THE GROUND LEVEL. SO THE T ABOVE SAMVEL MEANS THE TOMB OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN A CHAMBLY UNDER THE GROUND. THE T AND V BELOW CHAM MEANS THE TRESOR IN THE VAULT IN THE SOL OF CHAMBLY IS DEEPER THAN THE TOMB. NEXT TO THE V THERE IS A LINE UPSIDE DOWN THAT GOES UP TO THE V. THIS L UPSIDE DOWN SHOWS THE TUNNEL THAT GOES FROM THE GROUND LINE TO THE ROCK WHERE THE VAULT IS IN CHAMBLY. A PERSON CAME TO WRITE 1856 ON THIS REPRESENTATION THE MENTION VAULT AT THE TOP IN A SENTENCE. IT IS ALSO NOTED THAT THE MENTION ENGLISH FEET IS A UNIT OF MEASUREMENT AT THE BOTTOM OF THE REPRESENTATION. SO IT REMAINS TO BE BELIEVED THAT THIS REPRISE IS ALSO THAT OF A VAULT.



- THE FIFTH (5) IS THE MENTION OF THE DEPOSIT ON THE 1913 CHAMBLY MAP AS WELL AS THE CHAMBLY MAP OF 1928. UPSIDE DOWN, THE WORD DEPOT IS "TOPED" IN ENGLISH, WHICH MEANS CROWNED IN FRENCH. THIS MENTION GIVES US THE ACCURACY OF THE PRESENCE OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TREASURE ON THE CORNER OF CHURCH STREETS AND QUARRIES IN CHAMBLY.
- THE SIXTH (6) INDEX IS THE VOICE OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN CAUGHT BY CHANCE ON RECORDER ON JANUARY 29, 2015 AT THE EXIT OF THE CAVE TUNNEL GIVING ACCESS TO THE TRESOR VAULT. THIS LOCATION IS ALSO THAT OF THE SENECHAUSÉE. HERE'S THE LINK TO LISTEN TO THE RECORDING: https://youtu.be/A_aihWk0XF0
- THE SEVENTH (7) IS THE RIFLE CAPTURED ON THE LAND NEXT TO THE CEMETERY OF THE VERY HOLY HEART OF MARY A CHAMBLY BY SATELLITE IMAGE ON JUNE 26, 2002. THIS RIFLE GIVES US THE LOCATION OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TOMB IN THIS CEMETERY.



Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

Déclaration de services aux citoyens | Accès à l'information | Politique de confidentialité | Politique linguistique

Québec

• THE EIGHTH (8) CLUE IS THE RIFLE CAPTURED ON THE STREET VIEN IN CHAMBLY BY SATELLITE IMAGE ON AUGUST 4, 2010. THE CENTER OF THIS RIFLE IS THE LOCATION OF THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL. THIS RIFLE GIVES THE ACCURACY OF THE LOCATION OF THIS CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL, MR. BOURDON AND THE TRESOR, THE SENECHAUSSÉE, THE PRESBITARY AND THE ASSOCIATED CENTS. SO WE CAN SAY THAT THIS RIFLE IS THE SURVEY MARKER OF THESE LOCATIONS.



Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

Déclaration de services aux citoyens | Accès à l'information | Politique de confidentialité | Politique linguistique

Québec

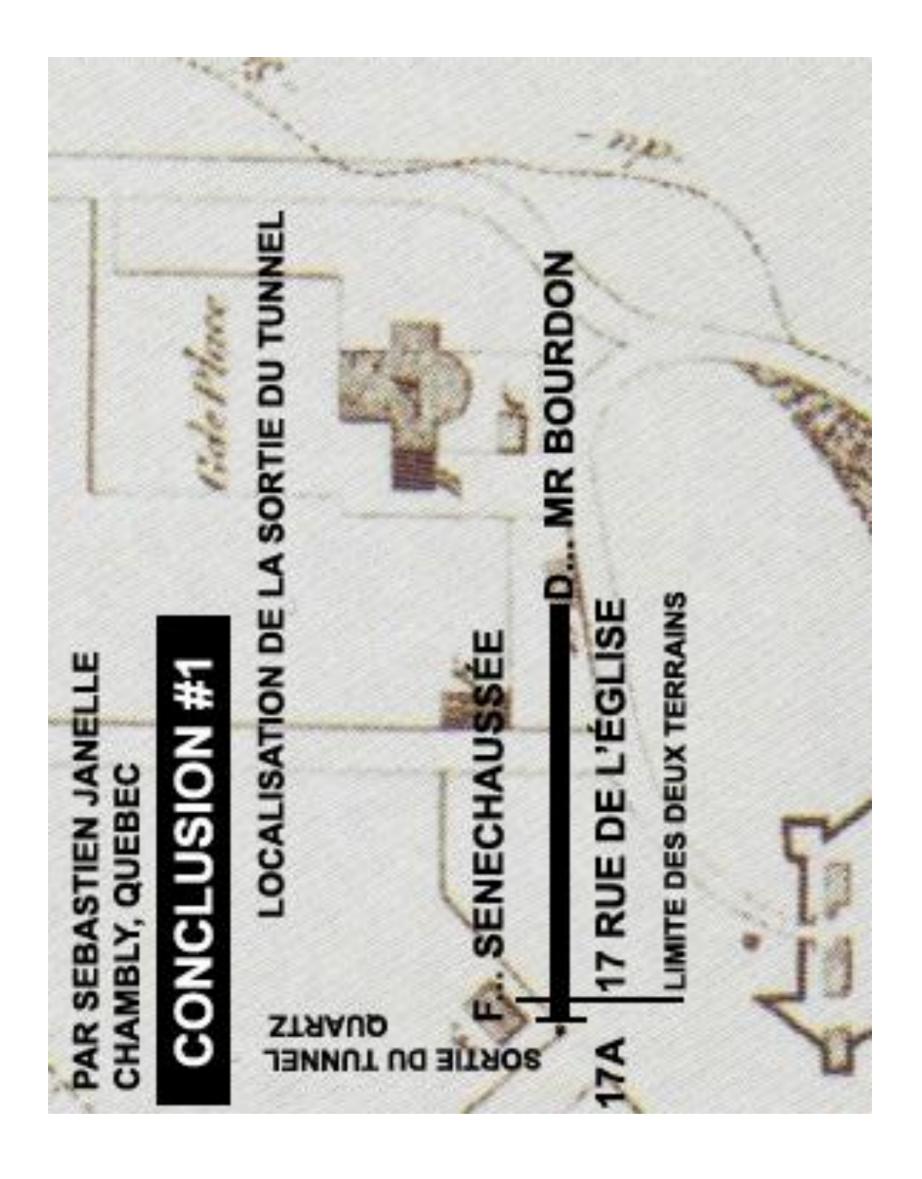
® Gouvernement du Québec, 2012

• THE NEUVIEME (9) INDEX IS THE PERSON WHO COULD BE SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN CAPTURED BY CONSTRUCTION SITE CAMERA ON FEBRUARY 25, 2017 THROUGH THE CLOTURE. THIS PERSON GIVES US THE EXACT EXIT OF THE TRESOR TUNNEL AT THE SITE OF THE SENECHAUSSÉE, ON THE EDGE OF THE 17-A EGLISE STREET IN CHAMBLY.



IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO HAVE ACCESS TO THE CAVERN BY THE LOCATION OF MR.
BOURDON. IT IS FROM THE 17A OF THE CHAMBLY CHURCH WHICH IS NO LONGER
ROCKY AND THAT ACCESS TO THE CAVE VIA A TUNNEL WOULD BE POSSIBLE. IT IS
ALSO POSSIBLE THAT OTHER TUNNELS MAY BE CONSIDERED IN THE OLD CHAMBLY
TO GAIN ACCESS TO THE CAVE. THE TUNNELS AND THE VAULT SHOULD BE BETWEEN
4 FEET AND 15 FEET UNDERGROUND IN THE ROCK. THE CITY OF CHAMBLY IS
REDISING THE INFRASTRUCTURE OF QUARRY STREET AND CHURCH STREET IN THE
FALL OF 2019. IT MAY BE THAT A TUNNEL GIVING ACCESS TO THE CAVE WILL BE
DISCOVERED AT THAT TIME AND THAT THE TREASURE OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN
VERA WILL BE DISCOVERED BY DAY. IF NO TUNNEL IS FOUND, THE ONLY ACCESS
WILL BE THAT OF THE SENECHAUSSÉE AT POINT F, AT 17A EGLISE STREET IN
CHAMBLY.

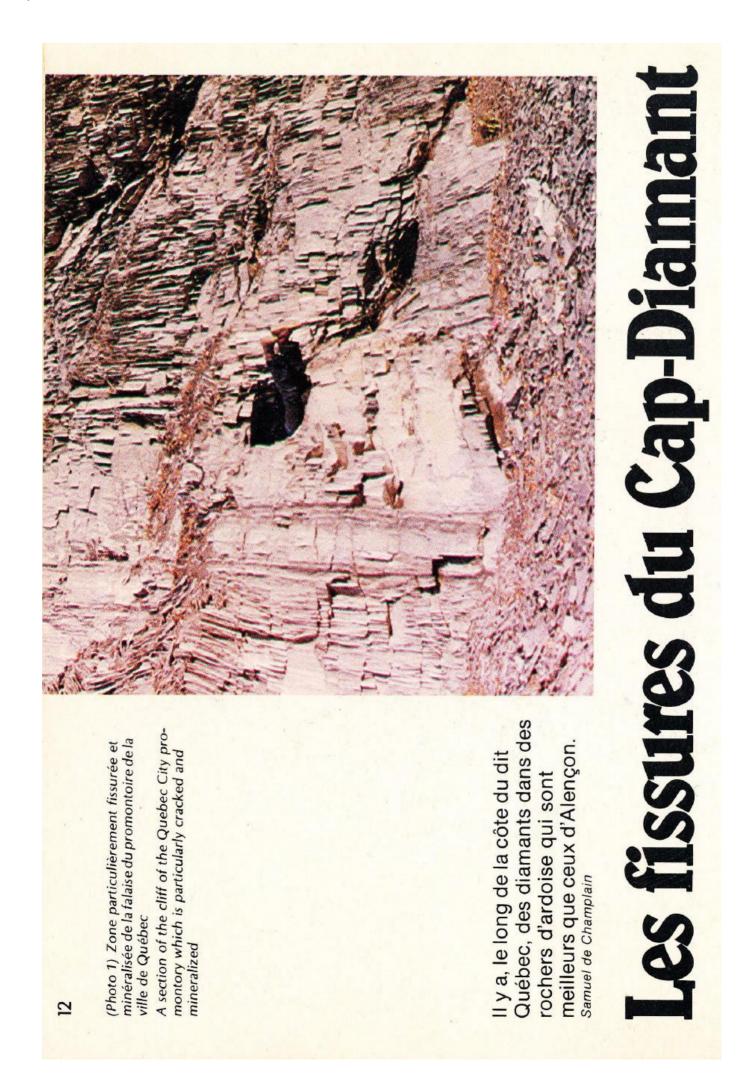




AFTER AN EXERTION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY OF THE UNIVERSITY LAVAL AT QUEBEC, HERE IS WHAT WE FIND ON CAPE DIAMANT AT QUEBEC AT THE VERY SPOT WHERE SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN BUILT FORT DE PIERRE OF 1626.

EVEN SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN MENTIONS IT IN THE TEXT NEXT TO THE MAIN PHOTO.

SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN, ON THE OTHER HAND, THOUGHT IT WAS DIAMOND, BUT IT IS QUARTZ CRYSTAL.





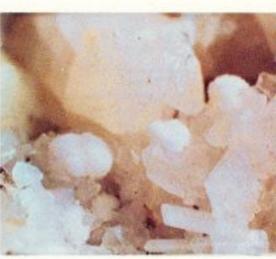
(Phete 2) Cristaun de saleite en -dents de chien-(scalénoèdres) Calcite crystals in "dog teeth" form (Scalenohedrals)



(Photo 3) Cristal de quarta au milieu de cristaun de calcite Quartz crystal mixed in calcite crystals



(Photo 4) Cristal de quartz contenant des inclusions bitumineuses Quartz crystal with bituminous inclusions



(Photo 5) Strontianite réniforme au milleu de cristaux de calcite Reniform strontianite mixed in calcite crystals



(Photo 6) Touffes de strontianite en forme d'oursin et cristal de dolomite sur calcite Sea urchin-like strontianite and dolomite crystal on calcite



(Photo 7) Cristal de dolomite en forme d'éventail et touffes de strontianite sur calcite l'an folded dolomite crystal and strontianite on calcite



(Photo 8) Veinules de barite en petits bâtonnets dans de la calcite Chopatick formed burite (firead in calcite

SÉBASTIEN JANELLE DISCOVERED THE CRYSTAL QUARTZ STEAM CLOUD ON A CONSTRUCTION SITE CAMERA IN AUGUST 2015, GIVING ACCESS TO THE CAVE TUNNEL ON THE GROUNDS OF 17A RUE DE L'EGLISE A CHAMBLY.

THE TRESOR IS ON THE BOTTOM OF OTHERS, OR AT THE POINT OF... MR. BOURDON.

BELOW ARE THE PROVISIONS OF THE QUEBEC CIVIL CODE REGARDING THE DISCOVERY OF A TRESOR IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC UNDER SECTION 938.

peu de valeur ou très détériorés qui sont laissés en des lieux publics, y compris sur la voie publique ou dans des véhicules qui servent au transport du public.

[1991, c. 64, a. 934].

riorated condition that are left in a public place, including a public road or a vehicle used for public transportation, are deemed abandoned things.

[1991, c. 64, a. 934; 2002, c. 19, s. 15; I.N., 2014-05-

■ C.C.Q., 914.

935. Les meubles sans maître appartiennent à la personne qui se les approprie par occupation.

Les meubles abandonnés que personne ne s'approprie appartiennent aux municipalités qui les recueillent sur leur territoire ou à l'État.

[1991, c. 64, a. 935].

■ C.C.Q., 653, 696, 914, 916.

936. Les immeubles sans maître appartiennent à l'État. Toute personne peut néanmoins les acquérir, par accession naturelle ou prescription, à moins que l'État ne possède ces immeubles ou ne s'en soit déclaré propriétaire par un avis du ministre du Revenu inscrit au registre foncier.

[1991, c. 64, a. 936; 2005, c. 44, a. 54].

■ C.C.Q., 653, 696, 914, 916.

937. Les biens sans maître que l'État s'approprie sont administrés par le ministre du Revenu; celui-ci en dispose conformément à la loi.

[1991, c. 64, a. 937; 2005, c. 44, a. 54].

938. Le trésor appartient à celui qui le trouve dans son fonds; s'il est découvert dans le fonds d'autrui, il appartient pour moitié au propriétaire du fonds et pour l'autre moitié à celui qui l'a découvert, à moins que l'inventeur n'ait agi pour le compte du propriétaire.

[1991, c. 64, a. 938].

■ C.C.Q., 935.

§ 2. — Des meubles perdus ou oubliés

939. Les meubles qui sont perdus ou oubliés entre les mains d'un tiers ou en un

935. A movable without an owner belongs to the person who appropriates it for himself by occupation.

An abandoned movable, if no one appropriates it for himself, belongs to the municipality that collects it in its territory, or to the State.

[1991, c. 64, a. 935].

936. An immovable without an owner belongs to the State. Any person may nevertheless acquire it by natural accession or prescription unless the State has possession of it or is declared the owner of it by a notice of the Minister of Revenue entered in the land register.

[1991, c. 64, a. 936; 2005, c. 44, s. 54].

937. Things without an owner which the State appropriates for itself are administered by the Minister of Revenue, who disposes of them according to law.

[1991, c. 64, a. 937; 2005, c. 44, s. 54].

938. Treasure belongs to the finder if he finds it on his own land; if it is found on the land of another, one-half belongs to the owner of the land and one-half to the finder, unless the finder was acting for the owner.

[1991, c. 64, a. 938].

§ 2. — Lost or forgotten movables

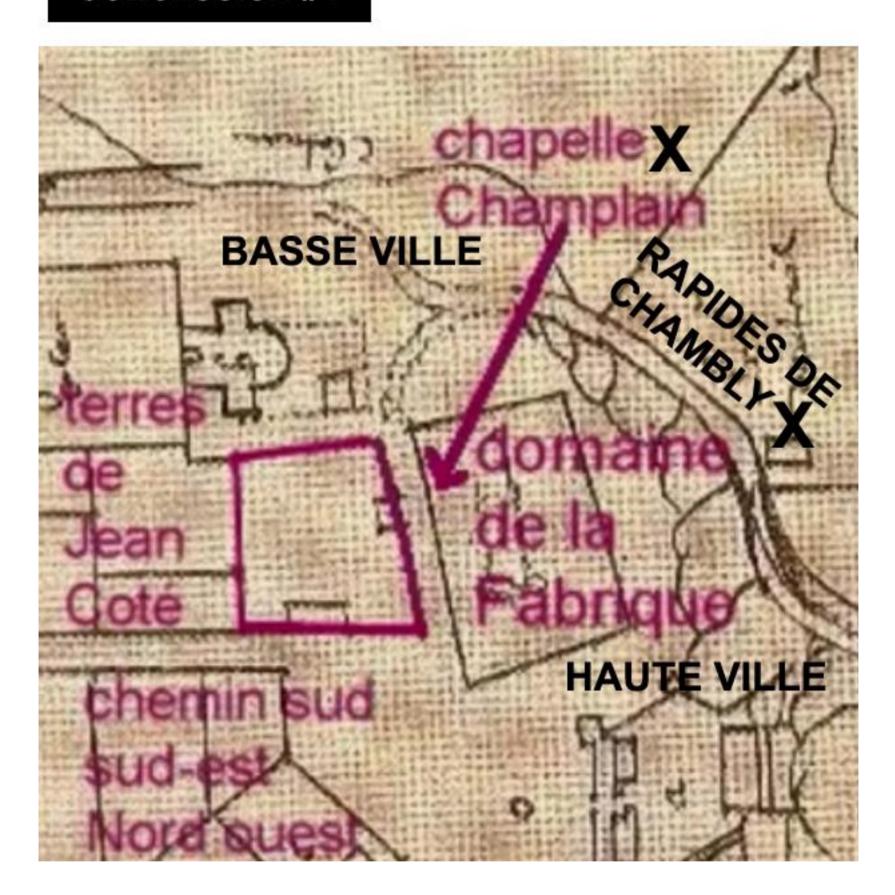
939. A movable that is lost or that is forgotten in the hands of a third person or in a

IN LATE FEBRUARY 2015, SEBASTIEN JANELLE DECIDED TO WATCH A VIDEO ON HIS IPAD AT CHAMPLAIN'S TOMB AND DISCOVER THE FOLLOWING MAP.

THE SECOND THAT SEBASTIEN JANELLE SAW THE MAP WITH THE FACTORY, THE FACTORY ESTATE AND THE ROCKS THAT REPRESENT THE RAPIDS OF CHAMBLY (SAULT OF THE RIVER IROQUOIS) AS WELL AS THE UPPER CITY AND THE LOWER TOWN, SÉBASTIEN JANELLE KNEW THAT THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL AND THE TOMB OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN WAS IN CHAMBLY.

PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

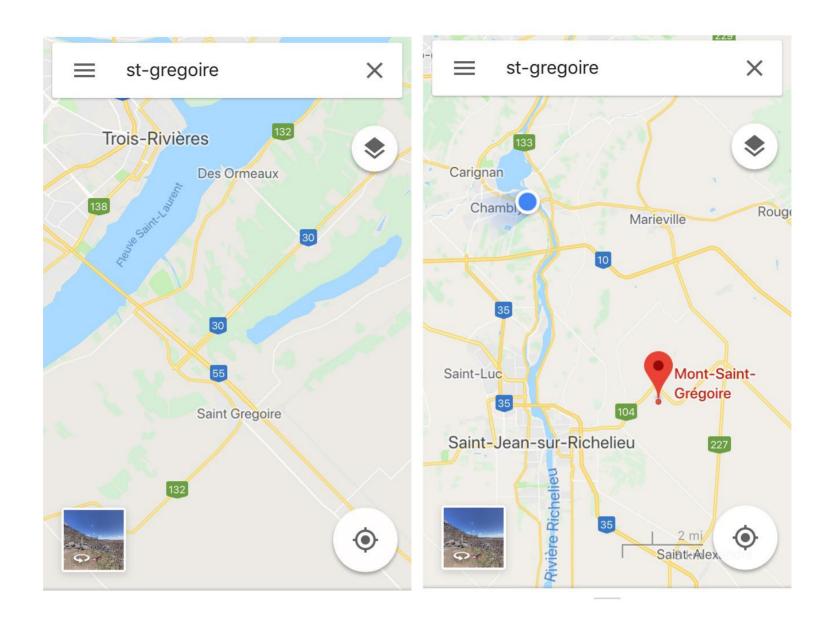
CONCLUSION #4

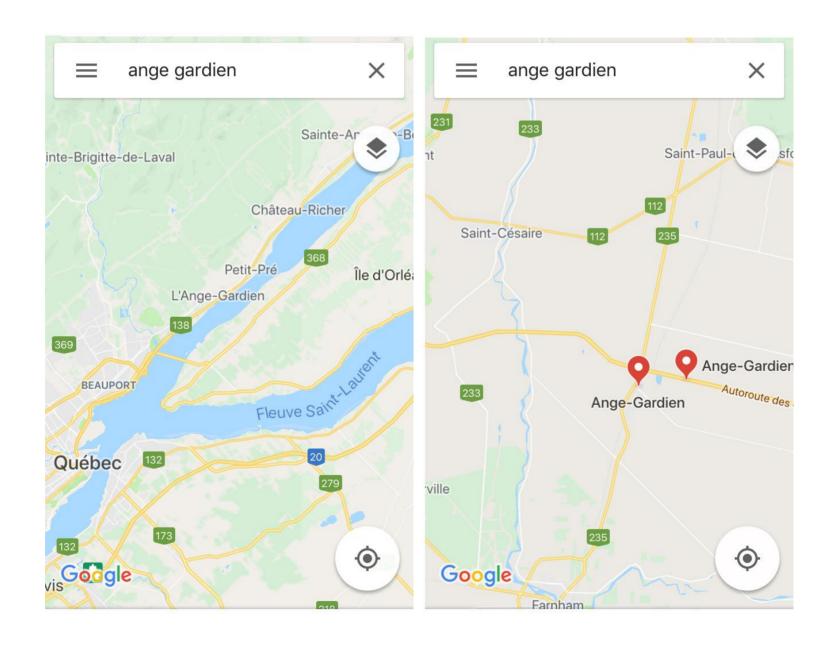


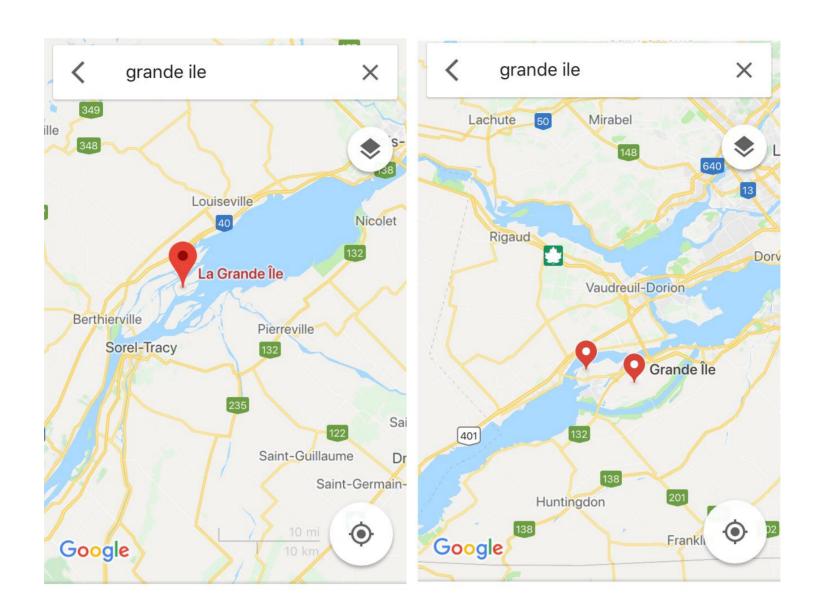
PROOF OF VALIDATION

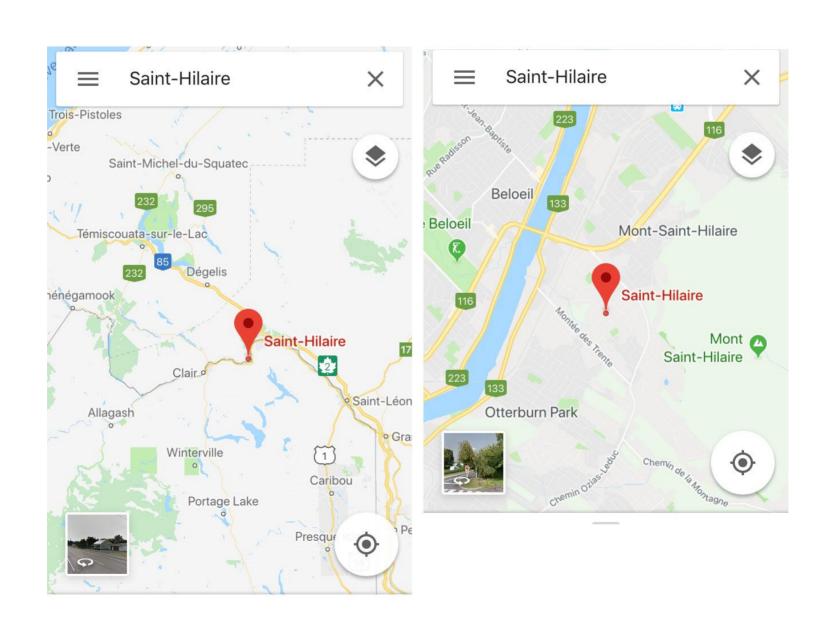
• <u>SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S MYSTERY</u>

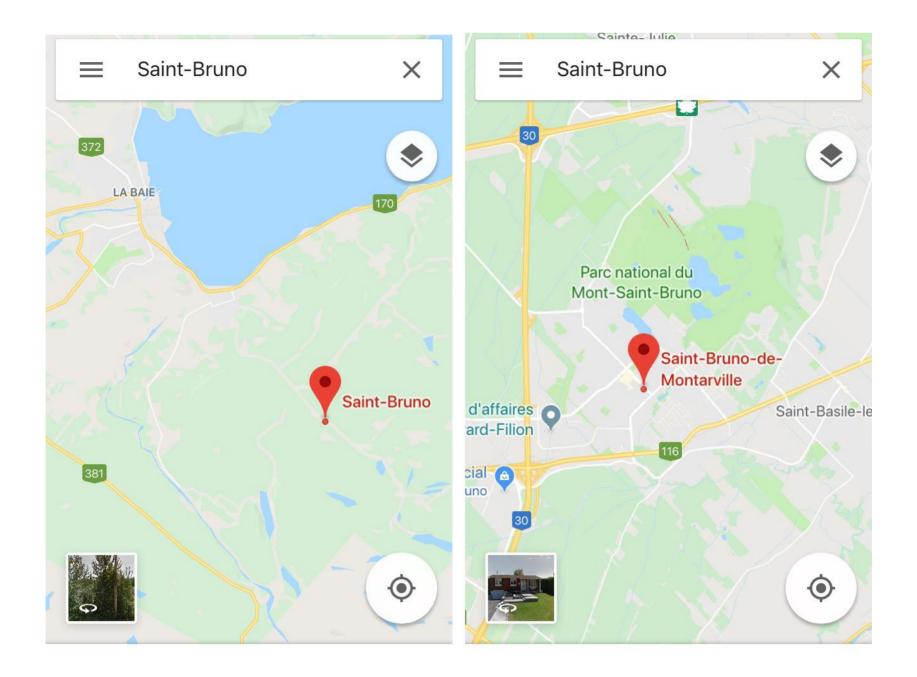
IN QUEBEC THERE ARE CITIES THAT BEAR THE SAME NAME IN DIFFERENT PLACES SUCH AS :





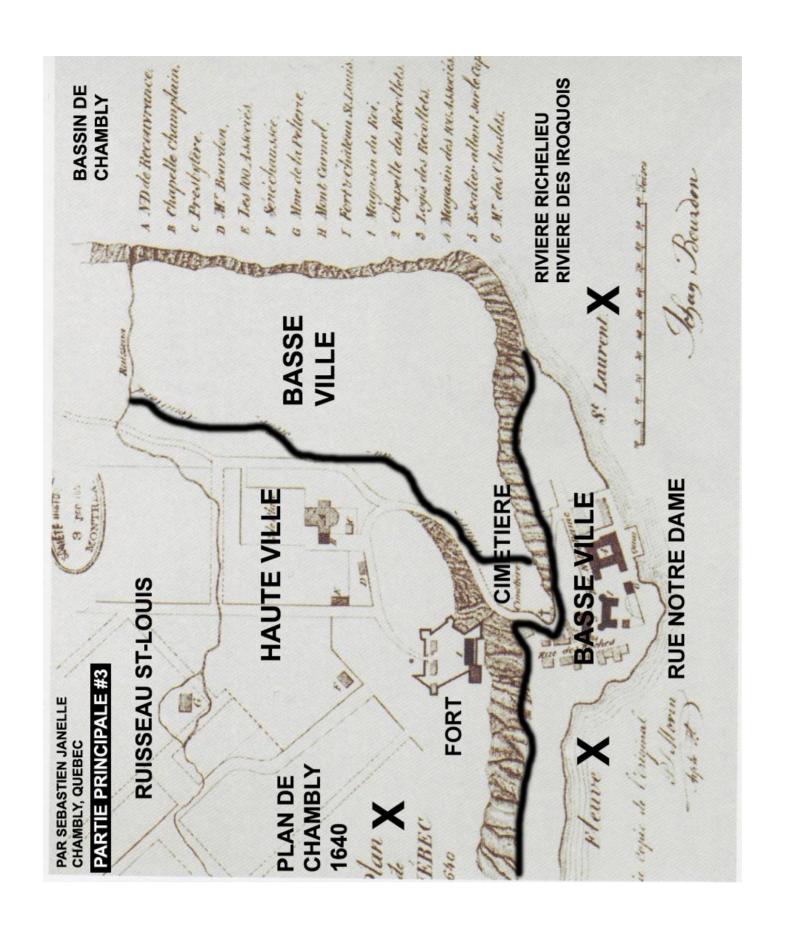






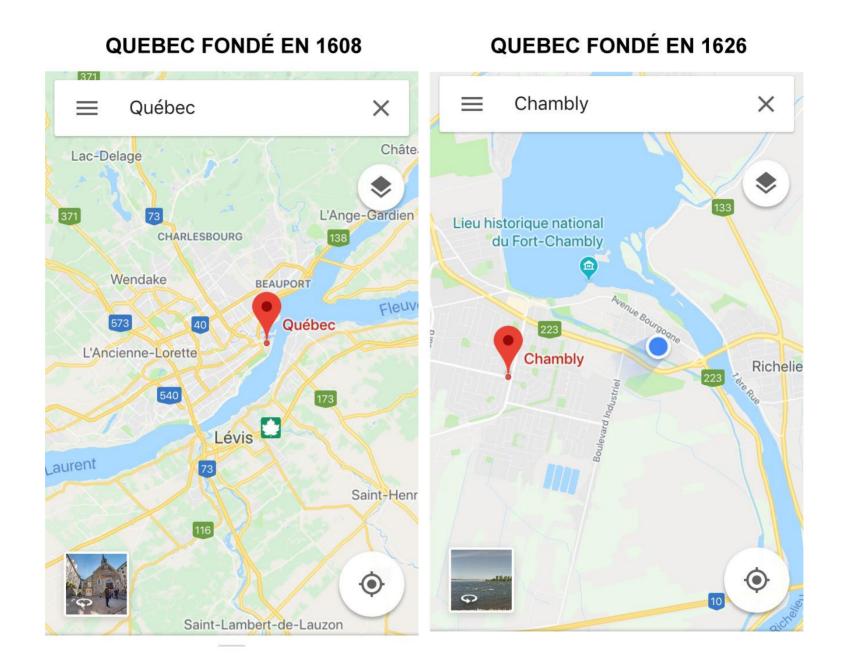
ACCORDING TO QUEBEC'S 1640 MAP AND CHAMBLY'S, THE CITY OF QUEBEC IS ALMOST IDENTICAL TO CHAMBLY'S; THE LOWER TOWN, THE UPPER TOWN, THE LOCATION OF THE CEMETERY, THE FORT CONSUITOUS BY SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN, THE CREEK ETC.

THIS MAP OF 1640 HAS ALWAYS BEEN COUNTERED BY HISTORIANS BECAUSE IT DID NOT QUITE REPRESENT THE CITY OF QUEBEC. THIS MAP OF 1640 REPRESENTS IN EVERY DETAIL THE CITY OF CHAMBLY.





IT IS CONCEDED THAT THERE WAS ANOTHER TOWN CALLED QUEBEC FOUNDED BY SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN IN 1626 AT THE CHAMBLY SITE. SO WE END UP WITH THE CITY OF QUEBEC FOUNDED IN 1608 AND ANOTHER CITY NAMED QUEBEC IN 1626. THIS IS SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S MYSTERY.



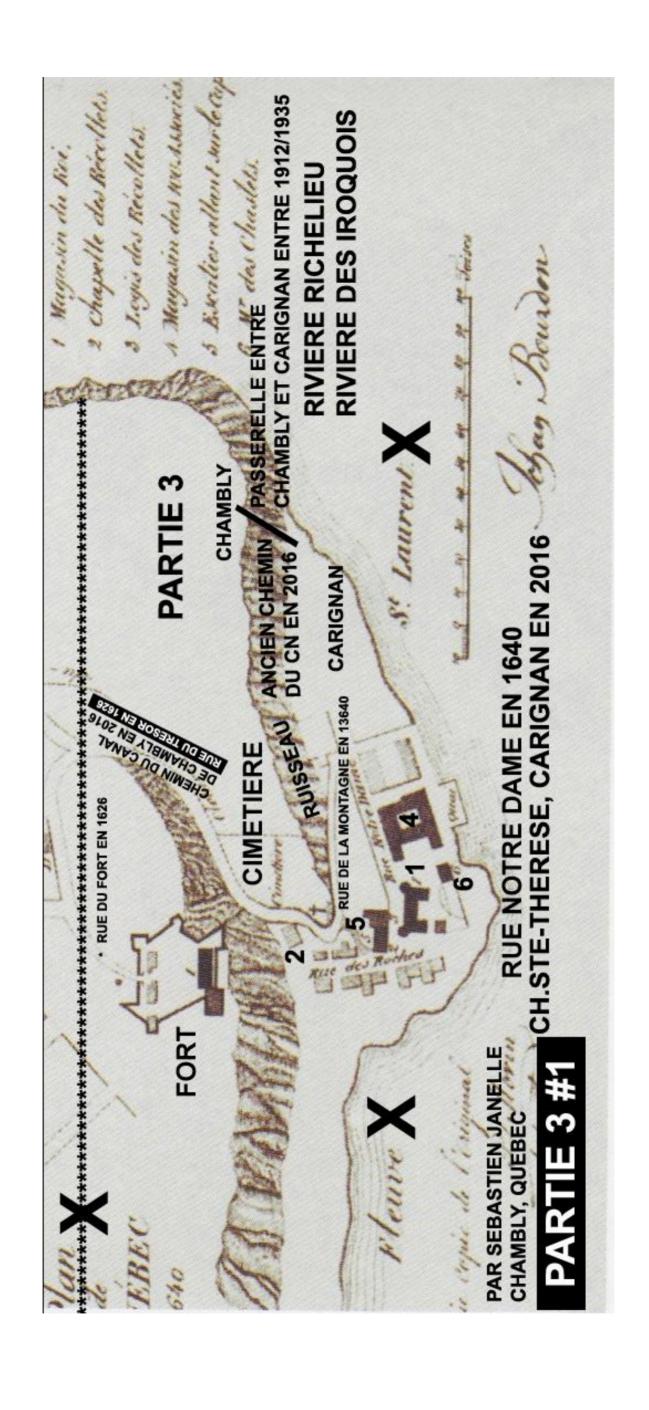
SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN WAS DECEDED ON DECEMBER 25, 1635, IN THIS OTHER CITY CALLED QUEBEC FOUNDED IN 1626. THE HEADSTONE IS STILL IN PLACE TODAY IN THE CEMETERY OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY IN CHAMBLY (QUEBEC 1626). THE TOMB OF THE FOUNDER OF NEW FRANCE SHOULD BE IN CHAMBLY UNDER THIS HEADSTONE THAT IS TOO MUCH IN THE CEMETERY AND UNLISTED.

• FORT ST. LOUIS FROM 1626 TO CHAMBLY

ON THE CHAMBLY CANAL STRIP, WHERE THE REMAINS OF FORT ST. LOUIS OF 1626 BUILT BY SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN ARE LOCATED, THERE IS A BARRIER WITH A POSTER LEFT BY CANADA PARK. « HISTORIC SITE BOUNDARY »



IN AUGUST 2016, PARK-CANADA CONDUCTED ARCHEOLOGICAL RESEARCH ON THE SITE OF THE REMAINS OF FORT ST. LOUIS IN 1626.







PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

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Date de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016

ent du Québec, 2012



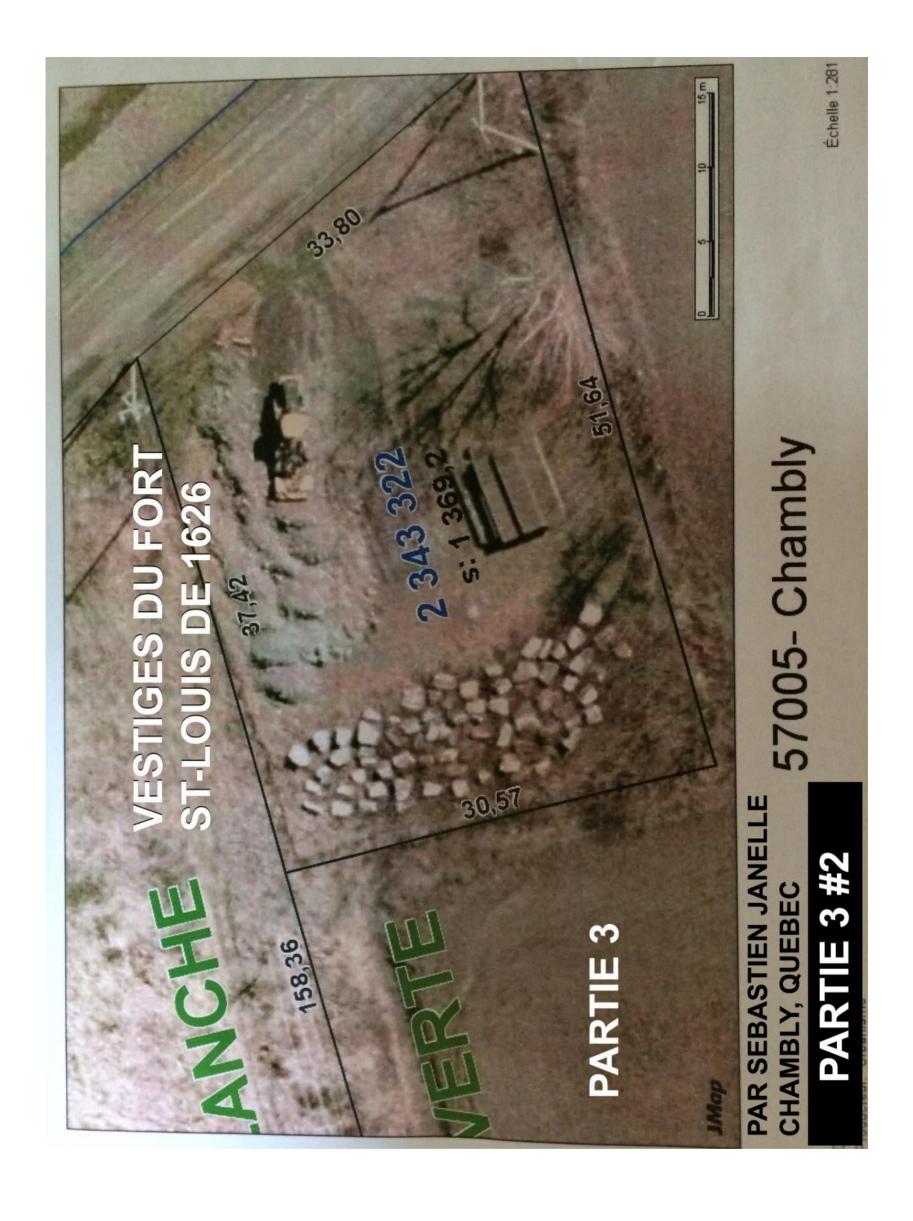


PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE de la dernière mise à jour : septembre 2016 CHAMBLY, QUEBE Gioss aux citoyens | Accès à l'information | Politique de confidentialité | Politique linguistique Québec !!!

PARTIE 3 #1

remement du Québec, 2012

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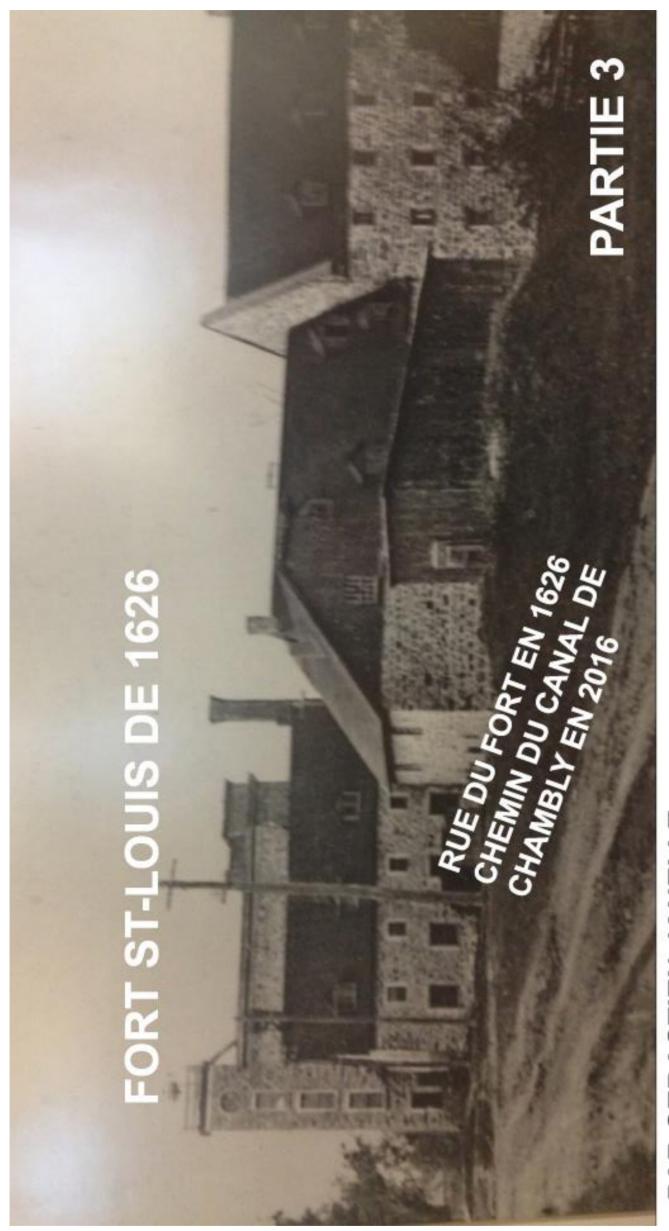




PASSERELLE ENTRE CHAMBLY ET CARIGAN ENTRE 1912 ET 1935

PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

PARTIE 3 #2

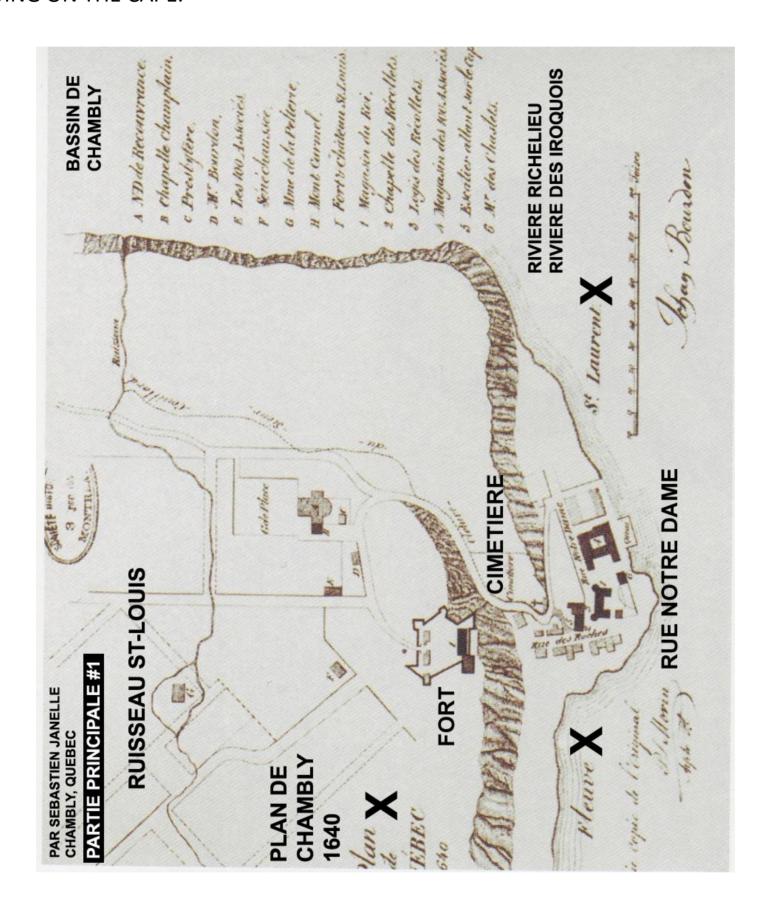


PAR SEBASTIEN JANELLE CHAMBLY, QUEBEC

PARTIE 3 #2

ST. LOUIS CREEK IN CHAMBLY

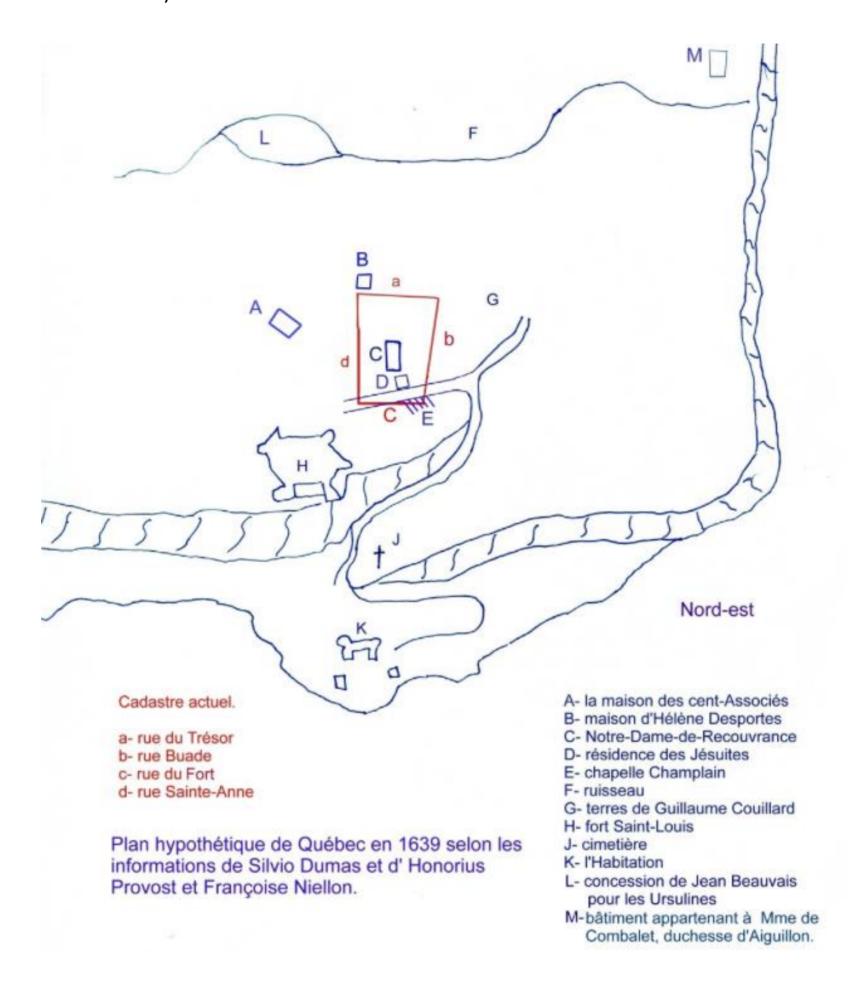
ACCORDING TO THE MAP OF QUEBEC IN 1640, WE FIND IMPORTANT INFORMATION SUCH AS THE PRESBYTERE, MR. BOURDON, SENECHAUSSÉE, MOUNT CARMEL, CHAPEL DES RÉCOLLETS, STORE OF THE 100 ASSOCIATES AND THE STAIRCASE GOING ON THE CAPE.



THIS MAP HAS BEEN REWORKED BY HISTORIANS AND ARCHAEOLOGISTS (SYLVIO DUMAS, HONORIUS PROVOST AND FRANCOISE NIELLON). THE INFORMATION MENTIONED ABOVE ON THE MAP OF QUEBEC IN 1640 IS MISSING ON THIS REWORKED MAP.

ON THE OTHER HAND, THE LOCATION OF THE FORT, THE CEMETERY AND THE CREEK ARE PRESENT.

WHY NOT CORRECT THE MENTION OF THE CREEK IN (F) IF IT IS THE ST. CHARLES RIVER IN QUEBEC (QUEBEC 1608)? THE PRESENT CREEK ON BOTH MAPS IS ST. LOUIS CREEK, WHICH WAS USED TO REACH THE CHAMBLY BASIN (THE IROQUOIS RIVER WATER BODY).

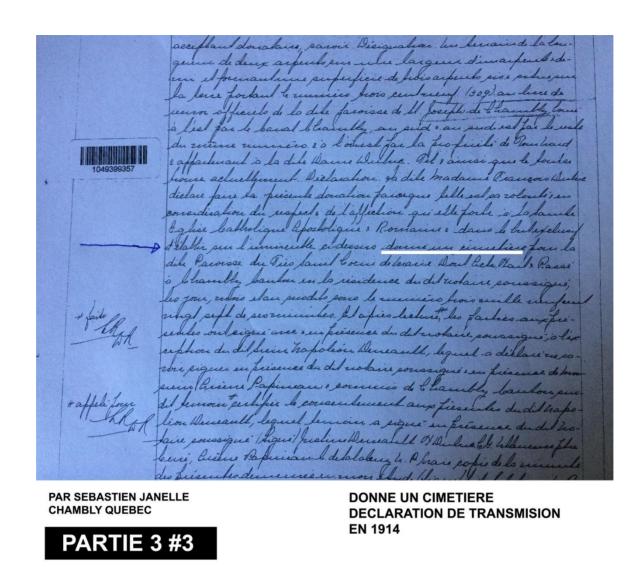




• THE CEMETERY OF 1635 IN CHAMBLY

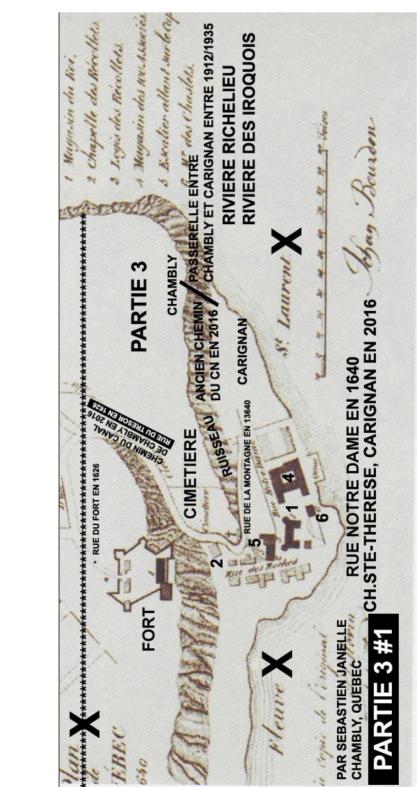
IN 2015, SEBASTIEN JANELLE MET THE RATHER OLD LEADER AT ST. JOSEPH DE CHAMBLY PARISH, WHICH NOW INCLUDES THE VERY HOLY HEART OF MARY PARISH. THE LATTER TOLD HIM THAT WHEN THEY WERE GIVEN THE LAND WHERE THE CEMETERY OF THE MOST HOLY HEART OF MARY IS NOW LOCATED IN 1914 THAT THERE WERE 3 TOMBSTONES ALREADY ON SITE. A HEADSTONE IS STILL IN THE CEMETERY (THE ONE PROPOSED IN HIS SEARCH) AND THE OTHER TWO LEFT OUTSIDE THE CEMETERY BUT THE HEADSTONES ARE NO LONGER THERE TODAY, THE OLD MAN TELLS HIM.

IN 1914, THE PARISH OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY WAS GIVEN A CEMETERY AND NOT A PLOT OF LAND AS MENTIONED IN THE DECLARATION OF TRANSMISSION.



IF ONE LOOKS IN DETAIL AT THE CEMETERY GROUNDS, IT IS NOT RECTANGULAR AS IT SHOULD BE BUT WITH A SHAPE TO ENCOMPASS THE REMAINS OF THE CHAPEL OF THE RECOLLECTIONS FOUND ON THE MAP OF 1640 AT POINT 2 NEAR THE CEMETERY. WHERE THE REMAINS OF THE CHAPEL OF THE HARVESTED WERE LOCATED, AROUND 1982 WAS A MOZAIQUE ON THE GROUND OF THE FLAG OF NEW FRANCE.





THE HEADSTONE TOO MANY IN THE PRESENT-DAY CEMETERY OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY SHOULD BE THAT OF SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN AS SEBASTIEN JANELLE HAS BEEN PROPOSING SINCE THE BEGINNING OF HIS RESEARCH. BUT IT IS TRUE THAT SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN IS BURIED WITH TWO OTHER PEOPLE IN A CEMETERY NEAR A CHAPEL. THIS CHAPEL IS THE CHAPEL OF THE HARVESTERS. IF WE TAKE THE WORDS OF THE OLD MAN OF THE PARISH IN 2015, THE OTHER TWO TOMBSTONES WOULD BE THAT OF FRANCOIS DERÉ GRAND (MAY 21, 1641) AND CHARLES RAINBAULT (OCTOBER 22, 1642).

A VERIFICATION IN THE TOMB UNDER THE TOMBSTONE BY AN ARCHOLOGIST WOULD BE REQUIRED TO VALIDATE WHO IS IN THIS TOMB (SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN, FRANCOIS DERÉ GRAND OR CHARLES RAINBAULT). REGARDLESS OF WHETHER IT IS SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN OR ONE OF THE TWO OTHER PEOPLE IN THIS TOMB, WE WILL KNOW THAT THIS CEMETERY IS THE ONE WHERE SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN IS BURIED.

• THE CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF THE RECOVERY

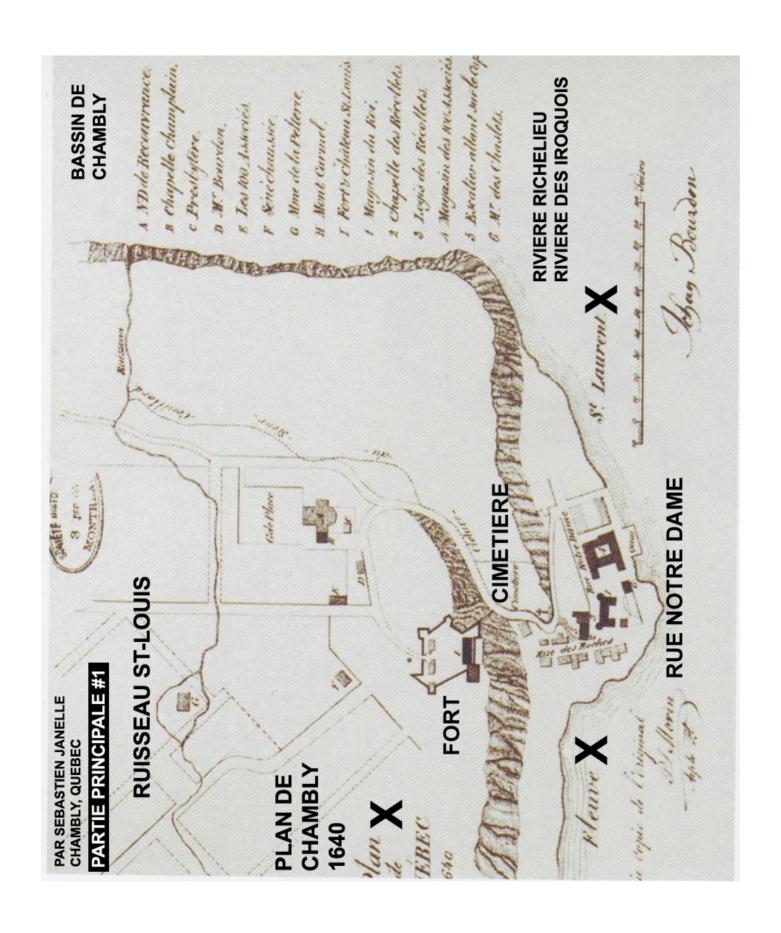
IN THE 2008 CHAMPLAIN COMMITTEE DOCUMENT (THE CHAPEL AND CHAMPLAIN'S TOMB) PREPARED BY PIERRE DUBEAU, HE TELLS US ABOUT THE CHURCH OF NOTRE DAME DE LA RECOLVRANCE IN QUEBEC CITY.

IN OLD CHAMBLY, THERE IS THE PARISH OF THE VERY HOLY HEART OF MARY. IN THIS PARISH THERE IS THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY HEART OF MARY WHERE ONE CELEBRATES THE MASS AND ALSO THE CEMETERY VERY HOLY HEART OF MARY.

CHAMPLAIN DIED IN QUEBEC CITY IN 1626 (CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN) IN THE CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF RECOVERANCE. THERE WERE TWO CHAPELS IN THIS CHURCH IN THE UPPER CITY; THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL (STREET VIENS TO CHAMBLY) AND THE CHAPEL OF THE HARVESTS IN THE CEMETERY (VERY HOLY HEART OF MARY IN CHAMBLY). SO THE CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF THE RECOVERANCE IS NOT A BUILDING (CHURCH) BUT SIMPLY THE PARISH.

SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN IS BURIED NEAR A CHAPEL IN THE UPPER CITY IN THE CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF THE RECOVERANCE... THIS MEANS : SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN IS BURIED NEAR THE CHAPEL OF THE HARVESTERS IN THE PARISH OF OUR LADY OF RECOVERY.

ON JEAN BOURDON'S 1640 MAP REPRESENTING QUEBEC OF 1626 (CHAMBLY AND CARIGNAN), WE FIND THE MENTION OF ND OF RECOVERANCE AT POINT A. THE CHAMPLAIN CHAPEL AT POINT B CANNOT BE ATTACHED TO THE SAME BUILDING AS POINT A (ND OF RECOVERANCE). THEREFORE, THE MENTION OF ND OF RECOVERANCE (OUR LADY OF RECOVERANCE CHURCH) IS NOT A BUILDING BUT AN INDICATION OF THE CHURCH (PARISH) OUR LADY OF THE RECOVEROVER.



*** ARTICLES - ERIC DOYON ***

1. SAMUEL DE CHAMPLAIN'S TOMB IS SAID TO HAVE BEEN FOUND...
AND HIS !!! (FRENCH)

https://www.affairesdegars.com/page/article/4156064666/on-aurait-retrouve-letombeau-de-samuel-de-champlain-et-son-tresor.html

2. CHASSE TO THE FAN: CHAMPLAIN WANTS TO FIND !!! (FRENCH) https://www.affairesdegars.com/page/article/4156066123/presence-de-fantome-champlain-fait-entendre-sa-voix.html

END

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