

FROM AMERICAN PAPERS.

LAKE ONTARIO.

The following is an authentic statement of the actual naval forces on Lake Ontario. It will be perceived, that the British Squadron (including gun boats) exceeds ours in force. We are induced to publish this account in consequence of inaccurate statements having appeared in the newspapers.—Nat. Adv.

A view of the British Squadron on Lake Ontario.

Table listing British ships: Ship Prince Regent, Sir James Yeo, com. O'Conner, 58; Princess Charlotte, 44; Montreal, (late Wolf), 25; Niagara, (late Royal George), 24; Brig Star, (late Melville), 18; (late Earl Morris), 18; (late Sir Sidney Smith), 16; Schr., 16.

Besides the above, the enemy has about 20 heavy gun boats, and two or three small choppers, mounting heavy guns. N. B. The enemy has changed the names of his vessels since last winter.

A view of the American Squadron on Lake Ontario.

Table listing American ships: Ship Superior, Isaac Chancy, com., 44; Mohawk, John Smith, 32; General Pike, Jacob Jones, 24; Madison, Wm. M. Crane, 20; Brig Jefferson, Chas. G. Ridgely, 18; Jones, Melanct. T. Woolsey, 18; Sulphur, Jesse D. Elliot, 16; Onida, Thomas Brown, 14; Schr. Lady of the Lake, Marvin P. Aliz, 1.

*This vessel is a small pilot-boat built schooner, for a tender and repeater.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman in N. Y. dated Sacket's Harbor, July 6.

"With pleasure I inform you of a small expedition (fitted out of this place on the 27th ult. and returned this day) of two whale boats, carrying 15 men each, who succeeded in burning a bomb vessel of 90 tons on the stocks and ready for launching, together with a public building containing naval stores, at a place called Presqu'île, directly opposite Oswego, on the Canada shore.

Extract of a letter, dated U. S. Frigate Mohawk, Sacket's Harbor July 9.

"Our fleet is all ready, and in expectation of going out every day. You may expect something new shortly."

Extract of a letter to Gen. Bailey, dated Utica July 13, 1814.

"The fleet was to sail this morning."

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

Copy of a letter from Maj. Gen. Brown to the Secretary of War, dated 6 July, 1814, Chippewa Plains.

Sir—Excuse my silence. I have been much engaged, Fort Erie did not, as I assured it should not, detain me a single day. At 11 o'clock, on the night of the 4th, I arrived at this place with the reserve, General Scott having taken the position about noon, with the van. My arrangements for turning and taking in the rear the enemy's position east of Chippewa was made when Major General Riall, suspecting our intention, and alluding to the rule, that it is better to give than to receive an attack, came from behind his works about 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the 5th, in order of battle. We did not baulk him. Before 6 o'clock his line was broken and his forces defeated, leaving on the field four hundred killed and wounded. He was closely pressed and would have been utterly ruined, but for the proximity of his works which he fled for shelter. The wounded of the enemy and those of our own army must be attended to. They will be removed to Buffalo. This, with my limited means of transportation, will take a day or two after which I shall advance, not doubting but that the gallant and accomplished troops I led, will break down all opposition be when we and Lake Ontario, when, if met by the fleet, all is well—if not, under the favor of heaven we shall have a way to avoid disgrace. My detailed report shall be made in a day or two.

I am, with the highest respect, &c. JACOB BROWN.

Hon. Secretary of War.

CANANDAIGUA, July 12.—The day after the action, a force of about 100, consisting of regulars, Pennsylvania and N. Y. Volunteers and Indians, (among them Capt. Stone's mounted riflemen, 160, and Capt. Clark's infantry from this county) passed down the river and joined General Brown.

One hundred and twenty British prisoners, of the 100th regiment, taken at Fort Erie, passed thro' this village on Sunday for Greenbush. Five British officers taken at the same time, among whom was a major and captain, passed thro' on Thursday.

About 700 U. States troops, with a number of N. York Volunteers and some Indians, have passed here during the last week, on their way to join the army under General Brown, in Canada.

From the Buffalo Gazette of July 12.

"The enemy's loss in killed, wounded and prisoners, is reported to be about 500; between one and two hundred were found dead on the field, among them a major and several other officers, 125 prisoners, mostly wounded, many of them killed were taken off the field before they were restored, nearly 500 muskets were found on the field. Our loss in killed is about 50 including several Indians; 130 or 40 wounded; and a few taken prisoners, among whom were Lt. Col. Bell, [reported to have been killed], Maj. Galloway, and Capt. White, of the Pen. Volunteers; Lt. Col. Campbell, Lt. Barran, 11th regt. U. S. Artillery; Capt. King, 2nd regt. U. S. Artillery, with his two lieutenants, 25th regt. U. S. Artillery."

Water's Expedition.—The St. Louis paper of the 18th June says, "On Monday evening last a force arrived here from Fort Erie, with Gen. Clark and a few gentlemen who accompanied him on his expedition to that place. We are happy in being able to announce the fortunate result of that hazardous enterprise."

Every attention was directed to the erection of a temporary place calculated for defence, 80 rank and file of Major Taylor's company of the 7th regt. under command of Lt. Perkins, took possession of the house formerly occupied by the old Mackinac company, and a new fort was progressing on a most commanding spot, when the governor left the Prairie.

Nine or ten trunks full of Dickson's property was found among which are his papers, and other property belonging to this savage chief are daily discovered.

The farms of Prairie du Chien are in high cultivation, 2 or 300 barrels of flour may be made this season, besides a quantity of corn. Horses and cattle are in abundance.

Two of the largest boats were left under the command of A. D. Camp, Kennedy & Capes, Sullivan & Vester whose force amounts to 135 dauntless young fellows from this county. The regulars under the command of Fort. Perkins are stationed on shore and are assisted by the volunteers in the vicinity of the new fort.

Cincinnati, July 5.—Gen. Harrison left this place on Friday last for Greenville, to meet the other commissioners, and hold a treaty with the Indians.

General Harrison, Governor Shelby and Governor Cass, are the commissioners appointed by the President of the United States, to arrange the treaty with the north western Indians Colonel Johnson and the Hon. J. Morrow were first appointed, but being in numbers of congress, the two officers were considered incompatible.—[Kentucky Gaz.]

ZANESVILLE, (Ohio) June 28.—By a gentleman recently from Detroit, we learn that an expedition is about to sail from that place, for the purpose of reducing Fort Mackina. The re-possession of this post, by the Americans, is an object of prime consequence.

New-folk Herald, July 12.—A flag from the Dragon 74, returned last evening, and informs, that two 74's and a brig, additional, had arrived in the bay; and that Capt. Barrie said, he expected that Sir Thomas Pictou, with 12,000 men, would be in the bay shortly. Later.—A person from the bay reports, that four 74's and two frigates were in the bay. York river is supposed to be the object of attack.

New-York, July 14.

Extra Session of Congress.—We understand that letters were received by this morning's mail from Washington, which state that the President was about to issue a Proclamation for an extra session of Congress.

Boston, July 22.

The Loan.—Notwithstanding all the vapouring of the National Intelligencer, the Loan sticks. Of the fifteen millions to be raised, Seven yet uncontracted.—The following are stated as facts relating to the negotiation of these seven Millions. Certain Capitalists have offered to take it at fifteen Per Cent. Discount, which the Government at first refused—and offered it at Fourteen Per. Cent. After some haggling the government came to the offer first made; and the Capitalists, having ten days to consider of it; and finding, in this time, that six Per Cents could be bought in the market at from sixteen to seventeen per cent. discount, the gentlemen refused to close at 85; and there the business stood at the last date. In proportion as the money of the Treasury runs low, the demands on it are high and overwhelming.

No news at Albany on Wednesday morning, 150 ship carpenters for Vergennes, passed through Troy, N. Y. a few days since. They were from N. York.

St. Domingo.—A recent arrival at Philadelphia in 7 days from Havana, has brought authentic intelligence that the celebrated patriot chief Petion, who has long since held two important districts of Hispaniola, in opposition to the black Emperor Christophe, has in consequence of the free glorious revolution in France, caused the white flag to be displayed throughout the territory under his command. This intelligence with other particulars, was carried to the Havana by one of Petion's Generals, and demonstrates the loyalty of his Chief to the legitimate sovereignty of France. Petion was educated in France.—R. T. American.

Extract of a letter, dated Marble Island, (Passamaquoddy Bay) 12 inst.

"Last evening about 5 o'clock, the Ramilies 74, a 64, the Borer, with two other men of war, and three transports, with troops, anchored off Moose Island, and demanded a surrender of the Fort and Town, which was complied with—the garrison are prisoners of war, and the British flag is now flying on the late American Fort at Eastport—a garrison of 500 men is to be left there, with 50 pieces of artillery. We cannot learn what is to be done with the inhabitants and private property."

YORK, (U. C.) July 16.

On the night of the 11th instant the frost was so severe as to kill all the beans and cucumbers in the garden of Mr. James Cranford at the Hamlet, together with most of the vineous plants in all the gardens about that neighbourhood.

The 6th and 8th regiments are on their way here from Montreal, and the 8th companies of the 104th, and De Watteville's regiment, left Kingston for this place on their way to Fort George on Saturday last, and the 8th also were under orders to march. We expect the first division to arrive this day or to-morrow.

MONTREAL, July 30th.

Accountant received from Gen. Riall's Head Qrs at 12 mile Creek, dated the 22d inst. The troops were in good spirits, had daily skirmishes with the enemy, always to their advantage; bringing in many prisoners. The army was about being joined by the 89th and De Watteville's Regts. General Drummond would arrive on the 24th.

The Americans have resumed the barbarous practice of spreading contagion at every step. They have again reduced Queenston to Ashes, and the beautiful Village of St. David's has met the same fate.

All was quiet at Kingston on the 26th.—It was understood that the American Fleet would not soon put to sea, but under very favorable circumstances.—We are happy to learn that Sir James Lucas Yeo, is in good health, and has not been seriously indisposed as was lately reported.

The 16th Regt. have marched, troops are in motion every where—but the public (very properly) is ignorant of their points of their destination.

MONTREAL HERALD EXTRA.

Tuesday Afternoon, 24 August, 1814.

We are authorised to announce to the public that accounts have reached H. Quarters of another action having taken place on the Niagara Frontier, most glorious to His Majesty's Army, and terminating in the complete defeat of the Enemy.

Lieut. Colonel Tucker, with part of the garrison of Fort George, and 400 of the 89th regt. under Lieut. Colonel Morrison, moved on the Enemy's Camp, at Lewiston, on the morning of the 25th ult. drove them from it, and brought away 100 Tents, their baggage and provisions, without losing a man.—Major General Brown began on the same day to retire with his army from Queenston, towards Chippewa, and finding himself closely pressed by the advance of the right division, under Major General Riall, consisting of about 1500 men exclusive of Indians, attacked at Six o'clock in the evening with his whole Force, this small body of our Troops, which maintained the unequal contest, with the most determined and desperate bravery, until 9, at this time Gen. Riall being reinforced by the 103d, and detachments from the Royals and King's, not exceeding 1200 men, the contest was continued with unabated spirit on both sides, until past midnight, when the enemy was compelled to retreat precipitately, leaving vast numbers of their dead upon the field, and several hundred prisoners, together with a six-pounder, a 5 1/2 inch mortar, and two tumbrils in our possession.

Their loss in this obstinate and sanguinary contest is estimated at between twelve and fifteen hundred men, whilst our own does not amount to half that number.

Lieut. General Drummond is slightly wounded in the neck; Major General Riall being severely wounded in the arm, was proceeding, he died by Captain Loring, to the rear, when both unfortunately fell into the enemy's hands.

Lieut. Colonel Morris is slightly wounded.

The conduct of the troops, both regulars and militia, is spoken of in the highest terms of admiration, for their coolness and intrepidity in the most trying situations.

The enemy on the 27th had retired across the Chippewa towards Fort Erie, pursued by the Militia and Indians, having previously burnt Street's Mills, and destroyed the bridge over that river.

Reinforcements were rapidly advancing to the Right Division; and the left wing of De Watteville's Regiment would join it about the 28th.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of respectability, dated Kingston, July 30, 1814.

"Intelligence has just arrived of another action on the Niagara Frontier... Gen. Drummond, immediately on the arrival of the 89th, attacked the Americans in two divisions, at Lundy's Lane, about 3 miles below Chippewa;—the attack from the Fort George side completely succeeded; and capturing every article of camp equipage that that part of the American army possessed. The attack from the Chippewa side was only partially successful, as the enemy succeeded in cutting their way through. They captured 3 of our helms-pieces, which were however retaken, and 2 of theirs, they retreated to Fort Erie; and as every one of their boats are taken, unless their Fire-Boats could assist them, they cannot escape. Gen. Drummond sent four vessels immediately to York for reinforcements; where, fortunately, 60 of De Watteville's had just arrived, and were instantly embarked. On their joining, it is intended to attack the enemy again.

Our loss was very severe, but I hope much exaggerated. Gen. Drummond slightly wounded in the neck; Gen. Riall lost an arm and prisoner; colonels Morrison and Robertson wounded; and I was told Lieut. Morrison, 104th killed; the 89th dreadfully cut up; the Light Company 41st annihilated."

TO CAPTAINS OF SHIPS.

A Canadian Lad about 19 years of age, who understands a little English, wishes to engage himself as SHIP'S STEWARD on board a vessel bound for England, or SEAFARANT TO A GENTLEMAN going as passenger there.—He has been hitherto employed as a Gentleman's Servant and can have a good character.

Mr. T. W. BELL, No. 9, Sault-au-Matlot Street will send the Advertiser to any one who may apply for that purpose.

THE QUEBEC GAZETTE.

MONTREAL, 21st July, 1814.

M. G. O. His Excellency the GOVERNOR IN CHIEF has been pleased to appoint HENRY SPRINGER, Gent. to be Ensign in the First Battalion of Embodied Militia, by Commission of the 16th inst. J. A. YOUNG, resigned. (Signed) J. T. TASCHEBREAL, Dep. Asst. Gen. M.

His Excellency the Governor in Chief has been also pleased to accept of the resignation of Lieut. JOSEPH LANGRANDE, of the 6th Battalion of Embodied Militia, from the 24th inst.

QUEBEC:

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1814.

The power of England was never displayed in Canada like at present. The troops which arrive daily are no longer reinforcements, but complete brigades, moved from the banks of the Garonne to the St. Lawrence, with the whole materiel of an army in the field. The horses which dragged the cannon at the battle of Toulouse, on the 10th April, are now at Quebec, as well as the pontoons on which the British forces crossed the Adour and Garonne.

Such troops, carrying with them such recollections, never landed in America. They tore the laurels from the brows of the conquerors of Marengo, of Austerlitz and Austerstadt. They greatly contributed to the peace of Europe, and we have no doubt but that they will restore peace to America; peace upon such terms as will no longer leave us exposed to the treacherous attacks of misguided neighbours.

We understand that the whole force which was to sail from the Garonne for America, would not be short of thirty thousand men.

As the Transports arrive, they proceed up the River immediately. The Ajax, (74) Rear-Admiral Otway, and the Warspite, (71) Lord O'Brien, are still in the harbour. Transports are gone down to bring up the troops from the York (74), and Vengeur (71). The transports along with the York and Vengeur, amounted to 43.

The dispatches of the American Officers always furnish matter of amusement; and we are glad, when like General Brown, they write within the compass of a weekly paper. The custom of telling a long story, is, however, so firmly established among them, that the General calls his dispatches, and begs hard to be excused, reminding the secretary of his detained report, to be forthcoming in a day or two.

If we may judge from the face of Gen. Brown's predecessors, he will not be always so much engaged.—Gen. Hull, Gen. Van Rensselaer, Gen. Smyth, Gen. Dearborn, Gen. Lewis, Gen. Hampton, General Wilkinson, General McClure, and Gen. Brown, have all led American armies in Canada.

Gen. Hull was brought down to Montreal. Gen. Van Rensselaer went back the same day for reinforcements, and never returned.

Gen. Smyth hardly outlived his own Proclamation. Gen. Dearborn was taken very ill.

Gen. Lewis returned to his diaphragms. Gen. Hampton mistook an order to advance, for an order to retreat.

Gen. Wilkinson determined to scratch himself, in future. Gen. McClure absconded, and Gen. Brown, perchance, may be baulked.

Letters from Montreal state, that the British loss in killed and wounded in the late action was estimated at about 80 killed and 350 wounded.

About 400 of the enemy were found dead on the field of battle.

1 o'clock, P. M.—The Steam Boat is just arrived. Gen. Drummond's despatch had been received. All the American Boats had been taken.

The following are the Regiments of the Brigades that sailed from Bordeaux on the 16th June: Major General Kemp's 9th, 37th, 57th, and 81st. Major General Robinson's 24th, 27th, 39th, 76th and 88th.

The different newspapers published in this Province, have given to the public the Report which it has pleased Captain Porter to make to his Government of his cruise to the South Sea, and of his capture by H. M. S. Phoebe. Its unreasonable length prevents it from being inserted in this paper. It is a composition worthy of a Captain in the American Navy. It is distinguished by qualities truly American; and maintains, throughout, the genuine American character. Whoever has attentively read the various official accounts of American Officers to their Government, and the public acts of the Government itself, must have observed in them all a singular similarity of style, and unity of design. The rulers and the ruled, are all actuated by the same feelings,—moved by the same principle,—aim at the same object, and attain it in the same manner. The e is an esprit du corps that runs throughout the whole machine of state, from the highest in authority to the lowest in office. The Commodore raising the North Sea,—the Captain ranging the South Seas,—the prevaricating Minister, the boasting General, and the blustering President, all, alike acknowledge its influence, and act and speak alike.

This esprit du corps, is in plain terms, a determined disregard to truth, whenever the truth makes against themselves. Deception is red-ered to a system among them. The man who fights the battles of his country, draws his sword to support it; he perseveres in it thro' victory and defeat, and when he dies he feels "his ruling passion strong in death."

This disposition to pervert the truth, rises in a graduated scale from the meaneast to the most exalted,—and in America, contrary to what we see in other countries, the people have less of it than their rulers. As they ascend in rank, they descend in morality. The citizen has more honour than the man in office; and each man in office more than the next above him. The soldier and sailor have more than the Commander, and the Commander more than his superior in each degree, until in following the stream to its source, we come to the ne plus ultra of degradation,—the very focus where this moving principle is concentrated, and from whence it issues into the farthest corners of the land with increased force,—the Cabinet of Washington itself.

From such a Cabinet we acknowledge that Captain Porter deserves an "exceeding great reward." He has proved himself one of its most devoted adherents. He has formed himself upon its example. He has followed its practice in the very height of its perfection. He has even excelled its excellence. He has shown not only a disregard to truth, but a contempt of probability; and, soaring beyond all who preceded him, whose modesty or want of noble daring prevented them from going beyond assertions merely contrary to the truth,—he has ventured to declare to his Government what no man in his senses can ever believe.

We will not enter minutely into an examination of all the misrepresentations contained in his letter. The task is as unnecessary as it would be disgusting. But, to place in high relief the absurdity of those misrepresentations, and the impudence with which they are advanced, it is sufficient to say that he wishes to make the world believe "that he with six twelve pounders and 225 men, maintained an action for more than two hours, against two ships, carrying an aggregate force of 81 guns and 500 men, and that nothing but an accident occasioned his capture, and nothing but an accident saved them from destruction."—Now the man that could publish such a statement to the world, must have been under the influ-

ence of some strange delusion, far exceeding that which is incident to his nation; and the man who can believe it, is in a state of mind equally deplorable.

If Captain Porter be entitled to deduct the whole of his carrouades in stating the number of guns with which he fought the action, because those carrouades were rendered useless by Captain Hillyar's choice of position, surely we may claim the benefit of the same rule; for if the carrouades of the Essex could not reach the Phoebe on account of the distance, the carrouades of the Phoebe and Cherub, being of the same description, must have been equally harmless to the Essex. But this is a rule that can never be admitted, and the use that is made of it by Captain Porter is but another specimen of American candour, and another exemplification of the esprit du corps.—Under the same head we may class the low sarcasms against the British character, which are to be found in the letter,—and the charge against Capt. Hillyar of having continued his fire upon the Essex after she had struck. The character of our Navy for humanity after victory, is as firmly fixed as their reputation for bravery; and that character, we are given to understand, belongs more peculiarly to the brave man on whom Captain Porter has endeavoured to fix so foul an aspersion;—if its falsehood we do not entertain the smallest doubt, and we leave it to every honourable mind to judge what is the disgrace due to a man, who, after having experienced, as he himself confesses, the utmost humanity from his too generous enemy, makes such a return for it the moment he is out of his power.—Captain Hillyar's official letter will remove the cloud, which the American Commander has studiously thrown over this affair,—will expose the dishonourable conduct of Captain Porter in all its native deformity,—will correct his misrepresentations,—will explain the extent of the co-operation afforded by the Cherub and Essex Junior,—and will alone give us a true statement of the real circumstances of the action, and of the real strength of the ships engaged.

The greater part of what has been observed by us on this subject, will apply with equal force to another official account also given to the public, in which Commodore Chauncey boasts to his Government of the destruction of a large schooner which we were building at Presqu'is, and which was calculated to carry 14 guns.—After all the magnificent boasting of the Commodore about this exploit, and after all "the pomp, pride and circumstance," with which he has commenced and enveloped the official detail of it,—our readers will learn with no less amusement than surprise, that this "large schooner being built by the enemy at Presqu'is," this "staunch well built vessel to mount 14 guns," was an unfinished boat of 40 tons, and was not building by Government, but was private property.—After this explanation, our readers will agree with us that Commodore Chauncey merits the favour of his Government. We heartily recommend him to it; and to him and all the enemies of the Government of Great Britain, we would wish no greater disgrace than to be favoured and cherished by the Government of the United States.

FORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

- July 28.—Brig Danube, Stephenson, sailed 6th of June from Bourdeaux, to government...passengers, 31 men R. Artillery and 26 horses.
Ship Lord Cathcart, Allen, from do. to do...passengers, 12 officers and 589 men of the 58th Regt.
29.—Brig Rachel, Dunning, from do. to do. with a brigade of Field Guns...passengers, 2 officers and 2 men of the 3d Regt. and 12 men of the Artillery.
Snow Friends, Blake, sail'd 6th June from Halifax, to J. Mure & Co. cargo, rum and molasses...passengers Major Armstrong, N. S. F. and Mr. Haynes.
31.—Brig Gipsy, Tabor, 29 days from Bermuda via Halifax, Mr. J. A. Wood, cargo, rum, molasses, and flour...passenger, Mr. J. A. Wood.
Ship Tartar, Wetherfield, sail'd 6th June from Bourdeaux, to government...passengers, 10 officers and 192 men of the 9d Regt.
Aug 1.—Schooner Thistle, Clark, 24 days from Halifax, to J. Williamson, cargo rum & sugar.
Ship Brun, Reid, sail'd 6th June from Bourdeaux, to govt...pass. 12 officers and 275 men of the 5th Regt.
Ship Barrick, Duncan, from do. to do...passengers, 4 officers and 59 men of the R. Artillery and 36 horses.
Ship Borodino, Spurr, from do. to do...passengers, 10 officers and 291 men of the 3d Regiment.
Ship Barten, from H. M. S. Warspite, with 4 officers and 273 men of the 2th Regiment.
Ship Mary, Moore, 21 days from Halifax, to Rogerson, Hunter & Co. cargo, flour & wine.
H. M. Schooner St. Lawrence, from the Men-of War, with baggage &c.
2.—H. M. S. Warspite, 71, The Right Honble Lord James O'Brien, Captain, sail'd 6th June from Bourdeaux...passengers, 547 officers and men of the 27th Regt.
H. M. S. Ajax, 74, Rear Admiral Otway, sail'd ditto, from ditto, with troops.
Ship Kingston, Kirk, sail'd do. from do. to govt...passengers, 3 officers and 34 men of different Regts.
Ship Clarendon, Garnie, from do. to do...passengers, 4 officers and 48 men of the Artillery.
Brig Royal Oak, Jackson, from do. to do...passengers, 6 officers and 151 men of the 5th Regt.
Ship Pallas, Adie, from do. to do...passengers, 40 men of the R. Artillery, 2 Lieuts, 36 horses.
Ship Luton, Hillyar, from do. to do...passengers, 1 officer and 45 men of the Royal Artillery, and 27 horses.
Ship Hydra, Waywood, with 14 officers and 474 men of the 27th Regiment, from H. M. S. Ajax.
3.—Ship Fairfilds, Morrison, from Bourdeaux, sail'd 16th June, to govt...9 officers and 218 men of the 37th, 57th, and 81st Regiments—sailed under convoy of H. M. S. York and Vengeur, 74s and Hermes Sloop.
Ship Experiment, Bacon, from do. to do...passengers, 312 men of the 87th Regt.
Ship Charles, Grady, from do. to do...passengers, 10 officers and 213 men of the 27th Regt...2d bat.
Ship Northampton, Lawson, from ditto to ditto, cargo, Ordnance Stores...passenger, The Rev'd J. Mills, Chaplain to the Forces.
Brig Sudbury, Lyon from Barbadoes, sail'd 31 June, to Hart Logan, cargo, rum, sugar and coffee...sailed under convoy of H. M. Ship Hazard.
Ship British Hero, Barron, from Bourdeaux, sail'd 16th June, to govt...passengers, 13 officers and 273 men of the R. A. and 27th Regt.
Brig Warwick, Lumblen, from do. to do. with Engineers Stores...passenger, Lt. R. Fohite, R. N. Agent of Transports.
Trinity, Paxton, from do. to do. with do...passenger; Agent Lieut. Robt. Mayne.
Ship Crown, Roche, from do. to do...passengers, 2 officers and 34 men of different Regts, and 34 horses.
Ship Albany, Boyle, from do. to do...passengers, 60 officers and men of the R. A. and 44 horses.
Ship Grant, Moffatt, from do. to do...passengers, 14 officers and 245 men of the 3d Regt.
Ship Mary Ann, Johnson, from do. to do...passengers, 45 men of the R. A. and 41 horses.
Brig Northampton, Birt, from do. to do...passengers, 6 officers of the R. A. and 36 horses.
Brig 11th, Lowen, from do. to do...passengers, 8 officers and 241 men of the 31st Regt.
4.—Ship Kinsley Castle, Sharp, from do. to do. with Ordnance Stores...passengers, 2 officers of the Ord. Dept.
Ship Kingston, White, from do. to do...passengers, 26 men of different Regts and 26 horses.
Ship Lord Cathcart, Coward, from do. to do...passengers, 14 officers and 290 men of the 88th Regt.
Ship Nancy, Watt, from do. to do...passenger, an officer of the Logistics Department.
Brig Regent, from Anticosti, with 8 officers & 85 women and marines of H. M. Ship Leopard.
Ship Uxaria, Wellen, from Bourdeaux, to govt sail'd 16th June...passengers, 10 officers & 207 men of the 37th.
Brig Agnes, Russell, from do. to do...passengers, 7 officers and 151 men of the 88th Regt.
Ship Earl Morris, Barker, from do. to do...passengers 4.

O. G. M. Il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en Chef, d'appointer HENRY STUBINGA, Gens. Enseigne au 1er Bataillon de la Milice d'Elite et Incorporé par Commission du 16e. présent, à la place de J. A. YOUNG, qui a résigné.

QUEBEC.

JEUDI, LE 4 AOUT, 1814.

La puissance de l'Angleterre n'a jamais été déployée en Canada comme elle l'est à présent. Les Troupes qui arrivent tous les jours ne sont plus des Renforts, mais des Brigades complètes, transportées des bords de la Garonne au Fleuve St. Laurent, avec tous les matériaux d'une armée dans le Champ.

Il n'a jamais débarqué en Amérique de pareilles Troupes, qui apportent avec elles de tels renforts. Elles ont attaché les Lauriers du front des Conquérans de Marengo, d'Austerlitz et d'Averstadt. Elles ont grandement contribué à la Paix de l'Europe, et nous ne doutons pas qu'elles ne rendent la Paix à l'Amérique; la Paix sur des conditions qui ne nous laisseront plus exposés aux attaques trahissantes de voisins égarés.

Nous apprenons que la force entière qui doit faire voile de la Garonne pour l'Amérique ne doit pas être de moins de Trente mille hommes.

A mesure que les Transports arrivent, ils montent la Rivière immédiatement. Le 27e. Régiment, 74e. Contre-Amiral Otway, et le Warship, 74, Lord O'Brien, sont encore dans le Havre. Il est descendu des Transports pour amener les Troupes du 70e, 74, et du Vengeur, 74. Les Transports qui sont avec le 70e et le Vengeur sont au nombre de 43.

Les Dépêches des Officiers Américains nous fournissent toujours des sujets d'amusement; et nous sommes bien aises, quand, comme le Général Brown, ils écrivent dans les limites d'un Papier périodique. La coutume de raconter une longue histoire est si fortement établie parmi eux, que le Général appelle sa Dépêche silence, et prie d'être excusé, rappelant au Secrétaire son Rapport détaillé, qui doit venir dans un jour ou deux.

Si nous en pouvons juger par le sort des prédécesseurs du Général Brown, il ne sera pas toujours si occupé. Le Général Hull, le Gén. Van Rensselaer, le Gén. Smith, le Gén. Dearborn, le Gén. Lewis, le Gén. Hampton, le Gén. Wilkinson, le Gén. McClure, et le Gén. Brown ont tous conduit des Armées Américaines en Canada.

Le Général Hull a été amené à Montréal. Le Général Van Rensselaer est retourné le même jour pour chercher des renforts et n'est jamais revenu.

Le Général Smith a à peine survécu à sa propre Proclamation. Le Général Lewis est retourné à ses Plans.

Le Général Hampton a mépris un Ordre d'avancer pour un Ordre de reculer. Le Général Wilkinson a résolu de s'égarer à l'avenir.

Le Général McClure est caché, et le Général Brown pourra bien n'être pas manqué.

Des Lettres de Montréal disent que la perte des Anglois en tués et blessés dans la dernière Action, se monte à environ 80 tués et 350 blessés.

Environ 400 hommes de l'Ennemi ont été trouvés morts dans le Champ de bataille.

Une Heure Après-midi.—Le Steam Boat est arrivé. La Dépêche du Général Drummond avait été reçue. Tous les bateaux Américains ont été pris.

Les Régimens suivans sont ceux des Brigades parties de Bordeaux le 16 Juin.

Brigade du Major-Général Kempt, le 9e. 58e. 57e. & 81e. Régimens.

Brigade du Major-Général Robinson, les 24e. 27e. 39e. 76e. & 88e. Régimens.

CHIENS ENRAGE'S

Hier il y a eu une Enquête du Coronaire sur le corps de Charles Giguère, âgé de neuf ans, mordu par un Chien enragé, le 31 Juin dernier.

Les témoignages donnés devant le Coronaire ont été: que le Chien vint le 21 Juin, à la Maison du père de l'Enfant, sur le Chemin de Ste. Foi, comme il faisait assez souvent; le petit garçon étoit à jouer avec deux autres enfans, il voulut caresser le Chien, qui le mordit à la mâchoire, la blessure guérit lentement, et l'enfant parut en bonne santé jusqu'à Samedi dernier vers minuit, qu'il se plaignit du mal d'oreille du même côté qu'il avoit été mordu.

Lundi dernier il montra les symptômes ordinaires de l'Hydrophobie, qui augmentèrent jusqu'à sa mort qui eut lieu Mardi dernier vers trois heures du matin. Quoiqu'il ait eu plusieurs Chiens enragés de tous, il en existe encore un grand nombre, et si l'on n'y porte pas un prompt remède il pourra en résulter des accidens très-funestes.

ATTENTION!

Le Change n'étant pas aussi favorable qu'il l'étoit, le Soussigné est obligé de mettre l'Avertissement suivant:

C. RIVERS prie toutes les Personnes qui lui doivent de vouloir bien régler leurs Comptes immédiatement, car tous les articles achetés cette année à son Magasin ont été publiquement avertis pour argent comptant, payable lors de la livraison. Et il espère que ceux qui ne payeront pas leurs comptes d'ici à Lundi prochain lui allongeront Dix cent par cent qui étoit le Change lorsque les marchandises ont été vendues; le Soussigné n'a pas eu le tems d'envoyer chercher son argent, et que ses affaires pressentent.

N. B. Comme est maintenant le Change, le Soussigné ne fera pas 5 par Cent de Profit sur les Marchandises maintenant vendues, mais il avoue que c'est de sa faute, n'ayant pas demandé son Argent.

Québec, le 4 Août, 1814.

A VENDRE.

VINGT mille Planches de Kamouraska, 6000 M. sans nudus, 2000 Madriers de 20 pouces, de 12 pieds de long, Planches sèches d'un pouce, sciées l'année dernière, Madriers secs de 2 pouces et de 1 1/2 pouces de Cèdre équarri, Brique, 500 lbs. de Coton à chandelles, Quelques quarts de Potasse, et Essence d'Epinette pour argent comptant seulement.

Québec, le 26 Juillet, 1814. THOS WILSON.

A VENDRE.—Du Vin d'Espagne d'une qualité supérieure, Vin de Port, do. do. Run de la Jamaïque et des lies sous le Vent, Sucre raffiné, Vitres, Eau de Soude, Souliers Militaires, Cuir, Raisins de Lesica, Taulé pour le Canada, et plusieurs Balles de Marchandises sèches.

AUSI, 10 M. pieds de Chêne Marchand, 15 M. pieds de Pin blanc do. 15 M. pieds de Pin rouge do. 20 M. Douves d'étrale, et 30 M. pour les lies.

ROEGERS, HUNTER & Co. Québec, le 28 Juillet, 18 4. N. B. Rue St. Pierre.

A VENDRE par les Soussignés, Vin de Port, For rond, plat et carré.

AUSI, Fromage, Papier à écrire, Culottes tricottées, Braielles de Coton, Couvertes, Indiennes, Jacquettes de Batiste, Mousseline unie et figurée au tambour et à l'ajourille, Bas de Coton et de Laine, schâles de Coton blanc et de Soie, Velours de Soie, Mouchoirs, Soie noir à coudre, Couvertures frappées et Courtpeignes de Marsellins, Bombastés de Coton à chemises, Coustils, Casimires, Bergamboms, Harms Anglois argentés, Selles et brides, Bottes Hessoises et à la Welting, et Portemanteaux de Cuir.

W. MAGEE. Co. Rue St. Pierre, le 21 Juillet, 1814.

ATTENTION. The Subscriber is obliged, owing to the Rate of Exchange not being so favorable, to put the following Advertisement:

C. RIVERS requests every Person to be so good as to settle their Accounts immediately, as every article purchased this year at his Store was publicly advertised to be sold for Cash on delivery. And those persons that do not pay their Bills, on or before Monday next, he shall expect will allow him Nineteen per Cent, which was the Rate of Exchange when the Goods were sold, and the Subscriber has not had time to send for his money, owing to the hurry of business.

N. B. The Subscriber at the present Rate of Exchange, will not clear 5 per Cent on the Goods now sold, but he confesses it is his own fault, not having applied for his money.

4th Aug. 1814. C. RIVERS.

DES PAPIERS AMERICAINS.

Du National Intelligencer.

Copie d'une lettre du Major Général Brown au Secrétaire de la Guerre, datée des Plaines de Chippawa, le 6 Juillet, 18 4.

Monsieur.—Excusez mon Silence. J'ai été bien occupé. Le Fort Erie ne m'a pas détenu une seule journée, comme j'en étois assuré. Le 4 à 11 heures j'arrivai à cette place avec la réserve, le Général Scott ayant pris la position vers midi avec l'avant-garde. Mes arrangements pour tourner et prendre par derrière la position de l'Ennemi à Chippawa étoient faits, lorsque le Major Général Riall, soupçonnant notre intention, et s'attachant à la règle qu'il vaut mieux donner que recevoir une attaque, vint de derrière ses fortifications vers 5 heures de l'après-midi du 5, en ordre de Bataille. Nous ne manquâmes pas. Avant six heures sa ligne fut rompue et sa force dé faite, laissant sur le champ quatre cents tués et blessés. Il fut poursuivi de près et auroit été entièrement ruiné, si ce n'eût été que la proximité de ses fortifications où il alla se mettre à l'abri.

Il nous fut avoir soin des blessés de l'Ennemi et des nôtres. Ils seront transportés à Luffalo. Ceci avec mes moyens limités de transport, prendra un jour ou deux, après quoi j'avancerai, ne doutant pas que les troupes braves et accomplies que je conduis, ne surmontent tous les obstacles d'ici au Lac Ontario, et alors si je suis rejoint par la flotte, tout ira bien; sinon avec la faveur du Ciel, nous nous comporterons de manière à éviter une disgrâce. Mon rapport détaillé sera fait dans un jour ou deux. Je suis, avec le plus grand respect, &c.

JACOB BROWN.

A l'Honorable Secrétaire de la Guerre. Extrait d'une lettre à un Monsieur dans New-York, datée de Sacket's Harbour, le 6 Juillet.

Je vous informe avec plaisir qu'une expédition partie d'ici le 27 du mois dernier, de deux chaloupes portant 15 hommes chaque, est revenue aujourd'hui, après avoir réussi à brûler une Galiote à bombes de 90 tonneaux sur le chantier et prête à être lancée, avec un Edifice public contenant des munitions navales, à un endroit appelé Presque Ile, tout vis-à-vis Oswego du côté du Canada.

Extrait d'une Lettre datée de la Frégate des Etats-Unis Mohawk, à Sacket's Harbour, le 9 Juillet.

Notre Flotte est toute prête, et s'attend à sortir de jour en jour. Vous pouvez vous attendre à quelque chose de nouveau sous peu.

Extrait d'une Lettre du Général Bailey, datée d'Utica, le 13 Juillet.

La Flotte doit partir ce matin.

De la Gazette de Buffalo du 12 Juillet.

On rapporte la perte de l'Ennemi en tués, blessés et prisonniers à au moins 500 hommes; on a trouvé environ un et deux cents morts sur le champ de bataille, parmi eux un Major et plusieurs autres Officiers, 225 prisonniers, la plus grande partie blessés; plusieurs de leurs morts ont été enlevés avant qu'ils se soient retirés, on a trouvé près de 500 fusils dans le champ. Notre perte en tués est d'environ 50, y compris plusieurs Sauvages; 130 à 140 blessés, et quelques prisonniers, parmi les quels sont le Lieutenant Colonel Bull, [que l'on doit avoir été tué], le Major Galloway, et le Capitaine White, des Volontaires de Pensilvanie, le Lieutenant Colonel Campbell, le Lieutenant Barran du Lie. le Capit. Harrison du 9e, le Capitaine King du 22e, le Capitaine Reed avec ses deux Lieutenants, du 25e. tous sévèrement blessés.

CANANDAIGUA, 12 Juillet.—Le Lendemain de l'action une force d'environ 10 000 hommes, consistant en troupes réglées, en Volontaires de Pensilvanie et de New-York, et en Sauvages, (parmi eux les Carabins à cheval du Capitaine Stone au nombre de 16), et l'infanterie du Capitaine Clark, de ce Comté) est descendue la Rivière et a rejoint le Général Brown.

Cent vingt Prisonniers Anglois du 100e Régiment, pris au Fort Erie sont passés par ce Village Samedi pour aller à Greenbush. Cinq Officiers Anglois, pris dans le même tems, parmi lesquels il y a un Major et un Capitaine, sont passés Jeudi.

CANANDAIGUA, le 12 Juillet.—Environ 700 de Troupes des Etats-Unis, avec un nombre de Volontaires de New-York et quelques Sauvages, sont passés ici dans le cours de la semaine dernière, faisant route pour rejoindre l'armée sous le Général Brown en Canada.

EXPEdition CONTRE MICHILIMAKINAC. ZANESVILLE, (Ohio), le 28 Juin.—Nous apprenons d'un Monsieur, qui est arrivé depuis peu de Detroit, qu'il devoit partir sous peu de cette place une expédition pour réduire le fort de Michilimakinac. Cet objet est de la plus grande importance pour les Américains.

CINCINNATI, le 5 Juillet.—Le Général Harrison est parti de Cincinnati pour Greenville, pour rencontrer les autres Commissaires et faire un Traité avec les Sauvages.

EXPEdition DANS L'OUEST. Le Papier de St. Louis du 18 Juin, dit:

«Lundi dernier au soir il est arrivé ici une barge venant de la Prairie du Chien, avec le Gouverneur Clark et quelques Messieurs qui l'avoient accompagné dans son Expédition à cette place. Nous sommes bien aises de pouvoir annoncer l'heureux résultat de cette entreprise hasardeuse.

Toute l'attention fut dirigée à l'érection d'une plaque temporaire calculée pour la déesse: 60 soldats de la compagnie du Major Taylor du 8e. Régiment sous le commandement du Lieutenant Perkins prirent possession de la Maison ci-devant occupée par l'ancienne Compagnie de Mackinaw, et lorsque le Gouverneur partit de la Prairie il avoit été commencé un nouveau fort qui étoit bien avancé, et dans un endroit qui, commandant le Pays.

On a trouvé peu à dix valises remplies des propriétés de Dickson, parmi lesquelles sont ses papiers, et l'on trouve tous les jours d'autres propriétés appartenant à ce Chef barbare.

Les terres de la Prairie du Chien sont en grande culture, on peut faire 2 ou 300 quarts de Fieor cette année, outre une quantité de Bled-d'Inde. Les Chevaux et autres animaux sont en abondance.

Deux des plus grands chaloupes furent laissées sous le commandement de l'Aide de Camp Kenelly et des Capitaines Sullivan et Niefer, dont la force se monte à 135 jeunes gens indépendes de ce Pays. Les troupes réglées sous le commandement du Lieutenant sont stationnées à terre, et sont aidées par les volontaires dans l'érection du nouveau Fort.

New-York, le 14 Juillet.—Session extraordinaire du Congrès.—Nous apprenons qu'il a été reçu des Lettres de Washington, par la Maille de ce matin, qui disent que le Président aïoit publié une Proclamation pour une Session extraordinaire du Congrès.

Du Herald de Norfolk, du 12 Juillet.

Un Pavillon du Dragon de 74 canons, est revenu hier au soir et informe qu'il étoit arrivé de nouveau dans la Baie deux semaines et quatorze et un Brig; et que le Capitaine Barrie avoit dit, qu'il penoit que Sir Thonah Pictou avec 1200 hommes, seroit sous peu dans la Baie. & Plus récemment une personne de la Baie rapporte qu'il y avoit quatre Soixante et quatorze et deux frégates dans la Baie. On que pense la Rivière York est l'objet de l'attaque.

Nous apprenons que le Fort à Esport étoit commandé par le Major Putnam, monté six canons et 24 livres de balle, et avoit une garnison de 70 à 80 hommes. La force Angloise étoit considérable tant en vaisseaux qu'en hommes.

- 198 men and officers of the 76th Regt. Brig Nancy, Lee, from do. to do. with Engineers Stores, passengers, 2 officers of the Artillery and 3 men of the 9th Regiment. Ship Fame, Dye, from do. to do. passengers, 8 officers 187 men of the 11th Regt. Ship Margaret, Smith, from do. to do. passengers, 242 officers and men of the 5th Regt. Ship Northumberland, Clese, from do. to do. passengers, 8 officers and 217 men of the 81st Regt. Brig Minerva, Sharp, from do. to do. passengers, 8 officers and 197 men of the 88th Regt. Ship Queen, Heath, from do. to do. passenger, Major Thorn, Asst. Qr Mr. General. Brig Union, Renssion, from do. to do. passengers, 8 officers and 100 men of the 5th and 82d Regts. Ship Mary Ann, Butterwick, from do. to do. passengers, 2 officers and 34 men of the R. A. and 36 horses. Ship Alexander, Morton, from do. to do. passengers, 12 officers and 252 men of the 39th Regt. Ship Canada, Robinson, from do. to do. passengers, 6 officers and 56 men of the R. A. and 30 horses.

A great number of Arrivals with Troops and Military Stores, omitted.

The Price of Bread for this month, is: White.....1s. 8d. Brown.....1s. 7d.

DIED.

On Thursday last, after a long and painful illness, Mr. EDWARD CANNON, of this city.

CONVOY FOR ENGLAND.

ADMIRAL OTWAY having been pleased to communicate to the COMMITTEE OF TRADE, that he proposes to sail for England in H. M. S. AJAX, on the 15th instant, from the Brandy Potts, and that he would give the benefit of Convoy to any Merchant Vessels bound to Europe that may be ready for sea at that period—Notice thereof, is hereby given, that Persons interested may avail themselves of the protection of His Majesty's said Ship, should they be desirous so to do.

A list of the regular Convoys as appointed by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, to and from the places herein after mentioned, has been forwarded from the Agent in London to the Committee of this City, and as public notification of the particulars of that arrangement cannot be given, Merchants, and other persons connected with the trade of this Province, may at all times have communication thereof by applying to the Committee—viz: (Relative to the Convoys

From Great Britain to Canada, Nova Scotia and New-Brunswick, and From said places to Great Britain; From Nova Scotia and New Brunswick to the West Indies; and from the West Indies, back to said Provinces. A Ship of War has been appointed to cruise in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, for the protection of the Trade and Fisheries, from the Month of May until the 1st of November. By Order of the Committee, JAMES IRVINE, Chairman. Quebec, 3d August, 1814.

SALES BY AUCTION.

On FRIDAY next the 5th Instant, at the Subscriber's Auction Room, without reserve, precisely at ONE o'clock.

General assortment of Dry Goods, consisting in super fine, fine and common cloths, flannels, Flushings, casimères, calicoes, shawls, lino, dimities, handkerchiefs, Irish linen, bed tick, cotton shirting, durags and serges, striped cotton, white and black cotton capotes, white cotton, cotton check, ladies' morocco and seal skin shoes, men's fine shoes, military do. ALSO A few casks assorted milk, 12 kegs raisins, 2 box men's fine beaver hats.

AND The good Ship ORLANDO, burthen 350 tons or thereabouts, and cargo of Oak and Pine Timber, lying in a most eligible situation adjoining grand Bay on the Island of Anticost, where there is safe anchorage from all winds, copper fastened with iron knees and stanchions. On Wednesday 4th Aug. 8 4 By FAS OUBOUET, A & B.

Auction will be sold at the Subscriber's Auction Room on FRIDAY EVENING (To-morrow) 5th Instant.

RELICT, valuable and extensive collection of BOOKS, comprising Divinity, History, Biography, Voyages, Travels, Romances, Novels and Politics, most of which are New and recently Imported, also a net assortment of Jewellery.—The Sale will commence at 7 o'clock, P. M.

And at ONE o'clock same Day Will be Sold as above, an assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting of calicoes, linoes, cloths, flannels, threads and sewing silk, &c. and a few articles of Millinery, with a variety of other goods. JOHN MUNKO, Auct. & Broker. Quebec, 4th August, 1814.

On SATURDAY next the 6th August at the Subscriber's Auction Room without reserve at ONE o'clock.

A very extensive assortment of Dry Goods consisting of cloths, casimères, vestings, calicoes, shawls, handkerchiefs, cambric muslins, white and black cambricks, cotton shirtings, white cottons, lace Ribbons, ginghames, Irish linoes, shoes, ready made cloths, black sewing silk, and a variety of other articles.—ALSO, 20 chests green tea, and 30 casks Ind.—On Wednesday 1st August, 1814. JOHN JONES

On SATURDAY next, the 6th instant on the premises, No. 36, St. Peter Street, at ONE o'clock precisely:

A Quantity of valuable and elegant Household Furniture, the property of a Gentleman who lately left the Province, consisting in Mahogany Dining, Tea and Card Tables, bedsteads and bedding, stair and floor carpeting, looking glass of all sizes, mahogany and straw bottomed chairs, passage lamps, window and bed curtains, &c. &c. &c.

A Forte Piano, a covered dash with traps complete, a four wheel carriage with shafts and harness, a small calash and cushions, a covered cariole with lamps complete, a high runner ditto with cushions and bear skin apron, hair covered ditto with do. do. a double Berlin, and a quantity of saddlery, harness, &c. JONES, WHITE & MELVIN. Quebec, 1st August, 1814.

On MONDAY next, the 8th Inst. at ONE o'clock, at the Subscriber's Auction Room.

General assortment of Dry Goods, consisting of super-fine and fine cloths and casimères, pelice cloths, flannels, toillines, patent cords, corduroys, velveteens, Irish linoes, cotton shirting, cambricks, calicoes, shawls, &c. &c. ALSO, 10 chests green tea, 50 d. 7. bottled porter, 10 coils patent cordage, 20 quintals English oakum, pick hard ware assorted, 2 hds. glassware and a variety of other arti. 3d Aug. 1814. L. DELAMARE.

On MONDAY next the 8th inst. at the Subscriber's Auction Room, at ONE o'clock.

FOR the benefit of the Underwriters and others concerned... A Truck of Stags. A choice assortment of Dry Goods, consisting of fine and coarse cloths, flannels, coating, shawls, dimities, bombazette, crinon taffata, fine calicoes, muslin cambricks, blue, white, shirting, check and striped cottons, Scotch shawls, Irish linoes, handkerchiefs, romals, hosiery, ironmongery and a variety of other articles. THOS. C. OLIVA, A. & B. Québec, 4th Aug. 1814.

On TUESDAY the 16th August next, at ONE o'clock, at the Subscriber's Auction Room.

THE HOUSE No. 19, Rue sous le Fort, three Stories high, good Cellars, Bake House and other conveniences, well adapted for a Retail or Wholesale Store.—An indisputable Title, will be given, and conditions made known by applying to the undersigned Broker.—Quebec, 28th July 1814. THOMAS AYLWYN, Auct. & Br.

PICKLED HERRING. NOW landing from the Schooner Providence, 350 Barrels Pickled Herring, for Sale by the Subscriber. Quebec, 4th Aug. 1814. JAMES BARNARD.

FOR SALE, O. M. dressed West India SLAVES of a superior quality.—And a few Thousand feet of OAK & PINE TIMBER.—Apply to JAMES MILES, Timber Merchant, or to JONES, WHITE & MELVIN. Quebec, 4th Aug. 1814.

MONTREAL BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal, aforesaid, at the suit of Jean Roch Rolland of Montreal, Esquire, Attorney and Counselor at Law, against the lands and tenements, of Richard Powers, of Shefford in the said District, trader, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said RICHARD POWERS, the following Lots of land, situated lying and being in the Township of Shefford, aforesaid, that is to say, the lots numbers twenty six, twenty seven, and twenty eight, in the first range, of lots in the said Township of Shefford, the lot number twenty six, in the third range of lots, with the exception of seventy acres taken off of the north end thereof, in the said Township of Shefford, the lot number twenty one, in the fourth range, of lots, in the said Township of Shefford, the lot number fifteen, in the fifth range, of lots in the said Township of Shefford, the lots numbers three, and fifteen, in the sixth range, of lots, in the said Township of Shefford, and the lot number sixteen, in the sixth range of lots, in the said Township of Shefford, containing with the exception aforesaid two hundred acres each lot. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lots of land will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my Office in the City of Montreal, on THURSDAY the TWENTY FOURTH day of NOVEMBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FRED. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff.
All and every person or persons having claims on the above described lots of land, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office aforesaid according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said lots of land, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff, during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

MONTREAL BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal, aforesaid, at the suit of Elam Church, of the Seigneurie of Argenteuil, in the said District, Yeoman, against the lands and tenements, of Joseph Racy, of the City of Montreal, in the said District, Tavern-keeper, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said JOSEPH RACY, a tract or lot of land situated in the Seigneurie of Argenteuil, aforesaid, composed of two lots or parcels of land, distinguished by the names of lots numbers one and two, containing six arpents in front, by about thirty arpents in depth, bounded in front by the line dividing the two Concessions of the middle settlement of the said Seigneurie, in the rear by the lands of the river du nord, on one side, by the lands of the *Cote du Ouest*, and on the other side by the lot commonly known and distinguished by the name of Lot number three; the said lot so described, containing about one hundred and seventy arpents in superficies, with all and every appurtenances thereto belonging. Now I do hereby give notice that the said tract or lot of land and appurtenances, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder at the Church door of the Parish of Saint Benoit in the said District, on MONDAY the TWENTY EIGHTH day of NOVEMBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FRED. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff.
All and every person or persons having claims on the above described tract or lot of land, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said tract or lot of land, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

MONTREAL BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal, aforesaid, at the suit of Etienne Fournier dit Prefontaine of the Parish of Longueuil, in the said District, Yeoman, against the lands and tenements of Augustin Quintal, of the Parish of Bouclerville in the said District, Yeoman, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said AUGUSTIN QUINTAL, a lot of land situated in the Barony of Longueuil, in the Parish of Longueuil aforesaid, containing two arpents in front, by about fourteen arpents in depth bounded in the front by the *Ruisseau Saint Antoine*, in the rear and on one side by Joseph Fournier, and on the other side by Xavier Dubois. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lot of land, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder at the Church door of the Parish of LONGUEUIL aforesaid, on MONDAY the TWENTY EIGHTH day of NOVEMBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

FRED. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff.
All and every person or persons having claims on the above described lot of land, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Montreal according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said lot of land or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

District of Quebec BY virtue of a Writ of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Quebec, at the suit of Francois Poir, of the Parish of St. Gervais, in the County of Hertford, in the District of Quebec, Captain of Militia, against the lands and possessions of Louis Yon, of the said Parish of St. Gervais, in the County of Hertford, in the District of Quebec, yeoman, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said LOUIS YON, 1. A land situated in the first concession of the said Parish of St. Gervais, in the said District, of one arpent in front, by thirty arpents in depth, bounded to the south-west by Françoise Gregoire, and to the north east by the said Louis Yon, abutting at the lower end, to Jean Baptiste Boucher, and at the upper end to Pierre Laffamme. 2. Another land of two arpents in front by fourteen arpents in depth, bounded to the south-west by the land here above described, to the north east, by Louis Houlin, abutting at the lower end to Jean Leblond, and at the upper end, to Pierre Laffamme, with a log house thereon erected, and a good orchard. Now I do hereby give notice, that the immovable property above described, will be sold and adjudged to the highest and last bidder, at the Church door of the Parish of St. Gervais aforesaid, on MONDAY the FIFTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

JA. SHEPHERD, Sheriff.
All those who have any pretensions on the premises above described, by mortgage, or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office in the City of Quebec, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said premises, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

FOR SALE AT THE SUBSCRIBER'S STORES,
No. 2, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town.
200 Firkins good table Butter, King's Arms, double Gloucester and Cheshire cheese, gunpowder, hyson, hyson skin,ouchong, and congou Teas by the chest, Rice in tierces, barley, oatmeal, coffee and muscovado sugar in barrels, muscadel and Smyrna raisins, currants, Jordan, shell'd and bitter almonds, French plumbs, sweet oil in bottles, Poland and Montreal starch, single and double refined sugar, chocolate, soap and candles in boxes, with a general assortment of groceries.

ALSO—Madeira, Port, Tenerife, Sherry, Marsella and Spanish Wines by the Quarter Cask or dozen, French and Spanish Brandy, Real Hollands and American Gin, Jamaica & Grenada Spirits, Shrub, Peppermint, Noyau and French Licourens in cases, London Porter by the Hogshead or dozen, Yame Juice, Montreal Cider. **JOHN TORRANCE,** Quebec, 17th Feb. 1814.

HAVING been legally appointed Curator to the Estate of PETER LOVE, late of the Parish of Cap Sante, deceased; I request all persons who have any claims against the Estate, to produce their accounts for adjustment. And whoever is indebted to the Estate, is requested to make immediate payment to me.

ESW. HALE, Quebec, 14th May, 1814.

Lower Canada, BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Three Rivers, at the suit of Moses Hart, Merchant, in the Town of Three Rivers, against the lands and possessions of Jared Willey, Joseph Willey, and Benjamin Willey, yeomen, in the Township of Shipton, in the said District, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said JARED, JOSEPH, and BENJAMIN WILLEY, or to any one of them, the lots of lands hereafter described, to wit: Lots number thirteen and fifteen, in the first range; Lot number five, in the second range; Lots numbers fifteen, seventeen, eighteen and twenty two, in the third range; and Lot number nineteen, in the sixth range; all the said Lots situated in the said Township of Shipton, in this District. Now I do hereby give notice that the said Lots of land, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder at the Sheriff's Office, in this District, in this Town, on MONDAY the TWELFTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at ELEVEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

JA. BADEAUX, Sheriff.
All and every person or persons having claims on the above described lots of land, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office, in the Town of Three Rivers, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said lots of land, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

Lower Canada, BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Three Rivers, at the suit of Moses Hart, Merchant, residing in the Town of Three Rivers, against the lands and possessions of John Prentice Cushing, of the Township of Shipton, in the said District, yeoman, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said JOHN PRENTICE CUSHING, the several lots of land hereafter described, to wit: the lot number twenty, in the first range; number seventeen and twenty six in the second range; number thirteen, in the third range; the east half of the lot number twenty, in the fifth range; the lot number seven, in the eighth range; the lots four and eight, in the tenth range; the lot number ten, and half of the lot number eighteen, being the west part, in the twelfth range; the lots number one and eleven, in the thirteenth range; the lots number five and twelve, in the fourteenth range; all the said lots and part of lots situated in the said Township of Shipton, each lot containing two hundred acres in superficies, the lot number thirty-two in the eighth range, of the Township of Brompton, in this District. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lots of land, and parts of lots, will be sold separately, to the highest and last bidder, at the Office of the Sheriff, in this District, in this Town, on MONDAY the TWELFTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

JA. BADEAUX, Sheriff.
All and every person or persons having claims on the above described lots of land, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office, in the Town of Three Rivers, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said lots of land, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

Lower Canada, BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Three Rivers, at the suit of Pierre D'As-silva, Merchant, of the Town of Quebec, in the District and County of Quebec, against the lands and possessions of Louis Richard, Inn-keeper, residing in the Parish of St. Joseph, of Masquinongé, in this District, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said LOUIS RICHARD, a ground or emplacement situated in the said Parish of Masquinongé, containing one arpent thereabout in front, by two arpents in depth or thereabout, beginning in front at the River Masquinongé, in the rear at a great ditch, joining on one side to the south east to René Lupien, and to the north west to Jean Baptiste Fleury, on which is erected a house of twenty five feet square, a barn of thirty feet by twenty five, a stable and other dependencies, the whole in good order. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said emplacement and dependencies will be sold and adjudged to the highest and last bidder, at the Church door of the said Parish of Masquinongé, on MONDAY the TWELFTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at TEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

JA. BADEAUX, Sheriff.
All and every person or persons having claims on the above described emplacement and dependencies, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office, in the Town of Three Rivers, according to law; and further that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire* the whole or any part of the said emplacement and dependencies, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.

JACQUES CARTIER PAPER MILL.
THE Subscriber will have his Paper Mill finished in a few weeks, and of course has commenced purchasing ALL SORTS of old RAGS, CORDAGE, CANVAS, &c. &c. suitable for making the different sorts of Paper, and for which he will pay the highest price.—The following Gentlemen are appointed as Agents to receive Rags and make sales of Paper, and as the Mill is calculated to make a sufficient quantity to supply the Country, he has resolved to make the qualities and price such as will encourage farther importations.

JACOB DE WIT, Montreal.
ISAAC WILSON, Cul de Sac, Quebec.
FOR SALE.
THIRTY SEVEN Puncheons Grenada Rum, Seven Bbls. bright Muscovado Sugar, Thirty four boxes Lemons, Twelve boxes Raisins, Five Boxes Capers, **CHAS. F. AYLIWIN,** May 12, 1814.

COLTMANS' OF HALE have for sale, at Posteney, near the foot of the Richelieu.
A COUPLE of Cargoes of assorted Lumber, consisting of Oak, red and white Pine Timber, a few Masts, Red and white Pine and Spruce Deals, Lathwood, Oaks and Handspikes. Also on the Wharves and in Store at Quebec. About 80,000 feet white Pine and Spruce Deals, 5 M. West India Staves, A small lot of dressed Oaks, 150 barrels fresh Flour of a superior quality, with course Flour, Bran Oats, &c. A cargo of best Newcastle Coals, A patent Windlass and set of composition Rudder from a vessel of 30 to 40 tons, Copper Bolts and Nails, Lignum Vite, A set of Pump Gear, blocks of various sizes, and sundry other articles adapted to ship building.

ALSO—A few pipes Port Wine. **Quebec, 14th June, 1814.**
THE Owners of Timber lying in Wolfe's Cove, of which the marks are unknown to the Subscriber, are requested to come forward and claim it: the remaining unclaimed after the first August next shall be sold to pay the Ground Rent, now due four years. **J. S. CAMPBELL,** Quebec, 23d June, 1814.

NOW Landing from on board the Alexander, and for Sale by the Subscriber, at the Corner House in the Cul de Sac, lately occupied by Jno. St. Pierre, &c. A few Pipes superior Port Wine, Also, several packages of Saddlery, Boots and Shoes, &c.—He is in daily expectation of a variety of other articles by the next fleet, consisting of Hyson and Green Teas, Irish Linens, Downland, Diaper, India Handkerchiefs, French Gloves, &c. &c. **JNO. LELAND MAQUAY, Jr.,** Quebec, 1st June, 1814.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.
Quebec, 17th March, 1814.
WHEREAS His Excellency the GOVERNOR IN CHIEF, as Commander of the Forces, has been pleased to appoint Claude Dinichou, George Waters Allsopp, and Krable Sarjeant, Esquires, to be additional Cashiers in the Army Bill Office—Public Notice is hereby given, that all Army Bills hereafter to be issued from the said Office, will be signed either by James Green, Esquire, Director of the said Office, or by Louis Montambert, Esqr. the said Claude Dinichou, George Waters Allsopp, and Krable Sarjeant, the Cashiers of the said Office, or by one of them; and that His Excellency the Commander of the Forces, has duly authorized the said James Green, Louis Montambert, Claude Dinichou, George Waters Allsopp, and Krable Sarjeant, or either of them, to sign the said Bills as aforesaid.—Public Notice is also hereby given, that the Interest on all the Army Bills to be issued as aforesaid, will be paid at the usual half-yearly stated periods, agreeably to the notice heretofore given, with regard to the Army Bills issued under the Acts of the 52d and 53d year of His present Majesty's Reign, for facilitating the circulation of Army Bills.

NOAH FREER, Military Secretary.
NOTICE—CAPT. KEMPT, informs Merchants and Masters of Merchant Ships, that he will, in conjunction with the Masters under his orders, punish those to the utmost rigor of the Law who are found harboring or entering seamen belonging to Transports.—Quebec, 26th June, 1814.

LUMBER for Sale, deliverable at St. Michels.
WE are willing to Contract for the delivery, at Miramichi, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, on very moderate terms, of five or six cargoes, from 250 to 300 tons each; of merchantable yellow and Red Pine Timber, with planks and lathwood for broken stowage.
The Timber will be collected at a convenient place for shipping, when purchasers may have a fair selection.—Application to be made to us for more particular information.

GRANT & GREENSHIELDS, Quebec, 22d June, 1814.
THIS Subscriber, having experience in converting and measuring Timber, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has commenced business as Culler and Measurer of Timber, Masts and Spars; and intends carrying on the business in a punctual manner; he keeps a Team, with every other convenience for drawing Timber, carrying Staves, &c. Masts and Spars made, and Timber dressed at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. **WALTER GIBBEY,** HE HAS FOR SALE, 5 M 3 inch Deck Deals, Quebec, June 1, 1814.

GEORGE ARNOLD, TAILOR AND HAT MAKER, FROM LONDON, RETURNS his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public, for the encouragement he has hitherto experienced, and informs them that he has received by the Brig MARGUERITE, a General Assortment of the best Superior Cloths, Cassimeres, Vest Patterns, Silk Florentines, Waistcoats, &c. &c.—All of which he will make up, in the most fashionable manner, and with dispatch, at his House the LONDON COFFEE HOUSE, No. 13, Sous le Port Street, Lower Town, Quebec, le 15 Juin, 1814.

M. CAMPBELL HAS FOR SALE, FOUR M. Standard Staves, 10 M. best West India dressed ditto. 26th May, 1814.
TO BE SOLED WITHOUT RESERVE, and immediate possession to be given: The Houses, Lands and Emplacements in and near the Town of Three Rivers, being the property of the subscriber, consisting of—1. A Farm, comprising about 48 arpents of well cleared and good Land, bordered by the St. Lawrence on the south, and on the east by the St. Maurice Rivers, (being a part of the Pief Lotinville) together with a newly constructed and well finished House, with barn, stable, and other buildings, and with a well of excellent spring water, the whole situated at the lower extremity of the town of Three Rivers aforesaid.

2. A lot comprising about twenty four arpents, more or less of rich and fertile land, together with a spacious and excellent House, situated in the center of the same, and including the beach of the river St. Lawrence, admirably adapted for carrying on an extensive Lumber Trade, having the safest Anchorage, for ships of any burthen, close in shore. This lot contains also two large barns and stables, a Cottage suitable for the residence of a Superintendent of the works, Saw Pits, (Lumber Sheds, &c. &c. situated on a rise above the town.)

3. An excellent wood framed House at the lower extremity of the town, being a double emplacement, together with excellent and new Stabling for four horses; a valuable store, and other convenient out buildings.
The utmost facility will be given to the purchasers, for the half the purchase money, and indispensible title deeds will be transferred with the property, on payment of the first moiety thereof, either by Army Bills or approved Bills on London, and an Hypothecation of the property, with interest, at 6 per cent per annum, for such part as may remain unpaid, until final liquidation. The premises may be viewed and farther explanations given, by application at the residence of the subscriber.—Three Rivers, 5th May, 1814.

B. V. WAGNER, TO BE LET.—A large and convenient Ground Cellar and other apartments, No. 24, Champlain Street, Lower Town.—For further particulars apply on the premises to William and John O'Hara. Quebec, July 27th, 1814.

FOR SALE.
A HOUSE, No. 5, adjoining to Mr. Thomas Aylwin's, Saint-Amand Street.—Possession to be given immediately.—For further information apply to Mr. Painter, St. Ursule Street, Upper Town, Quebec, 22d March, 1814.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER, To London or Liverpool.
THE fine fast sailing coppered Ship STERLING, of 200 Tons, built at Glasgow, by James Atkinson, Master, brethren sh. 250 Tons. For particulars apply to **WILLIAM SANDERSON & Co.** St. Peter Street, 16th June, 1814.

FREIGHT OR CHARTER: the CLEDE.
THE fine coppered Ship Sir EDWARD PELLEW, C. Kelly, —Apply to G. Girard, Yewward, Gillispie & Co. Montreal, to Capt. Kelly on board, or to **JOHN MURPHY & Co.** We have for Sale 570 puncheons Jamaica Spirits and Leeward Island Rum by said Ship. Quebec, 1st June, 1814.

FOR CHARTER, TO any Port in the English Channel or the East Side of England.—The Good Ship BRITISH KING, 230 Tons Register.—Apply to **PATERSON, DYKE & Co.** or to **Mr. Robt. Frost, Montreal.** Quebec, 29th June, 1814.

FOR CHARTER, TO any safe Port in Great Britain or Ireland, the Ship PLANET, 316 tons Register measurement, now lying at the Queen's Wharf.—For particulars apply to Captain MITCHELL on board, or to **GILBERT HENDERSON,** No. 16, St. Peter Street. Who has for sale good quality, 2 Cables, 50 coils Rope, 860 balls Spun Yarn, 25 Tierces Glassware, 5 Cases men's Hats assorted, 24 Half Barrels F. Gun Powder, 20 Tons best House Coals...apply as above. Quebec, 11th July, 1814.

LA POSTE.
NOUS Maitres de Poste Soussignés, donnons avis aux Voyageurs entre Québec et Montréal, que nous avons adopté la Maison de Mr. François Garceau, Aubergerie de la Ville des Trois Rivières, pour débarquer toutes les personnes que nous conduirons dans notre ligne de Poste, et celles qui débarqueront ou logeront dans la Maison de Mr. Pierre Bureau, de cette Ville, seront considérées dans la ligne du Stage.—Trois Rivières, le 25 Juillet, 1814. **JOSEPH SCHERRY dit LABBE,** Trois Rivières. **JOSEPH ROQUELLAU,** Cap. Lamadeline. **JOSEPH GAUTIER,** Pointe du Lac.

Le Soussigné informe respectueusement ses Pratiques et le Public en général, qu'il a reçu par le *Habib et le Trident*, de Londres, un bel assortiment de Selles et Brides Militaires et autres; et aussi par le *Planet*, de Liverpool, et le *Montreal*, de Greenock, un assortiment général de ferremens de toutes espèces pour les Selliers, qu'il vendra à bon marché, pour argent comptant ou à court crédit.

AUBSI—Un beau Carrois Anglois de seconde main, et autres Voitures d'été et d'hiver à vendre. **JOSEPH STILSON,** N. B. Les Selliers de la Ville et de la Campagne pourront être Equipés au premier avis. Québec, le 19 Juillet, 1814.

District de St. Gervais EN vertu d'un ORDRE DE *FFERTI FACIAS* émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, dans et pour le District de Québec, à la poursuite de François Roi de la Paroisse de St. Gervais dans le Comté de Hertford dans le District de Québec, Capitaine de Milice contre les terres et possessions de Louis Yon de la dite Paroisse de St. Gervais dans le Comté de Hertford dans le District de Québec habitant à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en exécution comme appartenant au dit LOUIS YON, 1. Une Terre située dans la première concession de la Paroisse de St. Gervais dans le dit District d'un arpent de front, sur trente arpents de profondeur, bornée au Sud-Ouest à François Gregoire, et au Nord-Est au dit Louis Yon abouissant par en bas à Jean Baptiste Boucher et par en haut à Pierre Laffamme. 2. Une autre Terre de deux arpents de front sur quatorze arpents de profondeur bornée au Sud-Ouest par terre ci-dessus décrite, au Nord-Est à Louis Boutin abouissant par en bas à Jean Le Brun, et par en haut à Pierre Laffamme avec une Maison de pierres sur pièces dessus construite et un beau Vignier. Or je donne avis par le présent que les immeubles ci-dessus désignés seront vendus et adjugés au plus haut et dernier enchérisseur à la Porte de l'Eglise de la Paroisse de St. GERVAIS susdite, LUNDI le CINQUIEME Jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain, à DIX heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

JA. SHEPHERD, Sheriff.
Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les dits immeubles ci-dessus désignés, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, sont par le présent avertis d'en donner avis au dit Sheriff, à son Bureau dans la Cité de Québec suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dits immeubles, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur iceux, ne sera par le dit Sheriff durant les quinze jours qui précéderont la vente. Bureau du Sheriff, Québec le 28 Avril, 1814.

District de Trois Rivières EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District des Trois Rivières, à la poursuite de Moses Hart, Négociant en la Ville des Trois Rivières, contre les Terres et possessions de Jared Willey, Joseph Willey et Benjamin Willey, Cultivateurs dans le Township de Shipton, dans ce District, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en exécution comme appartenant au dits JARED, JOSEPH et BENJAMIN WILLEY ou aux dits d'eux, les Lots de terre ci-après désignés, savoir: Lot Number treize et quinze dans le premier rang, Lot No. cinq dans le second rang, lots nombres 15, 17, 18, et 22 dans le troisième rang et lot number dix-neuf dans le sixième rang, tous les dits lots situés dans le Township de Shipton, dans ce District. Or je donne avis par le présent que les dits Lots de terre seront vendus, soit en bloc et adjugés au plus haut enchérisseur, en l'OFFICE du Sheriff de ce District en cette Ville LUNDI le douze-SEPTEMBRE prochain à ONZE heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

JA. BADEAUX, Sheriff.
Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les dits Lots de terre ci-dessus mentionnés, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, sont par le présent avertis d'en donner avis au dit Sheriff à son Bureau dans la Ville des Trois Rivières, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dits Lots de terre, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur iceux, ne sera reçue par le dit Sheriff durant les quinze jours qui précéderont la vente. Trois Rivières, le 9 Mai, 1814.

District des Trois Rivières EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District des Trois Rivières, à la poursuite de Moses Hart, Négociant, demeurant en la Ville des Trois Rivières, contre les Biens, Terres et Possessions de John Prentice Cushing du Township de Shipton dans ce District, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en exécution comme appartenant au dit JOHN PRENTICE CUSHING, les divers Lots de terre ci-après, savoir: Le Lot number vingt dans le premier rang, Number 17 et 26 dans le second rang, No. treize dans le troisième rang, le Lot number 20 dans le cinquième rang, le Lot No. 7 dans le huitième rang, les lots 4 et 8 dans le dixième rang, le Lot No. 10, et la moitié du lot 18 étant la partie Ouest, dans le douzième rang, les Lots No. 1 et 3 dans le treizième rang, les Lots No. 5 et 12 dans le quatorzième rang, tous les dits lots et parties situés dans le Township de Shipton, chaque lot contenant deux cents acres de Superficie, ne sont le Lot No. 32 dans le huitième rang du Township de Brompton, dans ce District. Or je donne avis par le présent que les dits Lots de terres et Portions de Lots seront vendus séparément au plus haut et dernier enchérisseur en l'OFFICE du Sheriff de ce District en cette Ville, LUNDI le DOUZIEME Jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain, à DIX heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

JA. BADEAUX, Sheriff.
Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les dits Lots de terre ci-dessus désignés, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, sont par le présent avertis d'en donner avis au dit Sheriff à son Bureau en cette Ville suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie des dits Lots de terre, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur iceux, ne sera reçue par le dit Sheriff durant les quinze jours qui précéderont la vente. Trois Rivières, le 9 Mai, 1814.

District des Trois Rivières EN vertu d'un ORDRE D'EXECUTION émané de la Cour du Banc du Roi de Sa Majesté, pour les Causes Civiles, dans et pour le District des Trois Rivières, à la poursuite de Pierre D'Assilva, Marchand de la Ville de Québec dans le District et Comté de Québec, contre les Biens, Terres et Possessions de Louis Richard, Aubergerie demeurant en la Paroisse de St. Joseph de Masquinongé, dans ce District, à moi adressé, j'ai saisi et pris en exécution comme appartenant au dit LOUIS RICHARD, un Terrain ou emplacement situé en la dite Paroisse de Masquinongé, contenant un arpent en environ de front, sur deux arpents de profondeur ou environ, prenant par devant à la Rivière Masquinongé par derrière à un grand fossé, joignant d'un côté au Sud-Est à René Lupien et au Nord-Ouest à Jean Baptiste Fleury, sur le quel est bâtie une Maison de vingt-cinq pieds carrés, une Grange de trente pieds sur vingt-cinq, une Étable et autres dépendances, le tout en bon état. Or je donne avis par le présent que le dit Emplacement et dépendances sera vendu et adjugé au plus haut et dernier enchérisseur à la Porte de l'Eglise de la dite Paroisse de MASKINONGE, LUNDI le DOUZIEME Jour de SEPTEMBRE prochain à DIX heures du matin, auxquels tems et lieu les conditions de la vente seront énoncées.

JA. BADEAUX, Sheriff.
Tous ceux qui ont des prétentions sur les dits emplacement et dépendances ci-dessus désigné, soit par hypothèque ou autre droit ou servitude, sont par le présent avertis d'en donner avis au dit Sheriff à son Bureau en cette Ville, suivant la Loi; et de plus qu'aucune opposition afin d'annuler ou afin de distraire le tout ou partie du dit Emplacement et dépendances, ou afin de charge ou servitude sur iceux, ne sera reçue par le dit Sheriff, durant les quinze jours qui précéderont la vente. Trois Rivières, le 9 Mai, 1814.

A AFFRETER
POUR quelque Port sur ce soit dans la Grande Bretagne ou l'Irlande, le Navire *Planet*, Capitaine Mitchell, de 316 Tonneaux par sa feuille, maintenant au Quai de la Reine. Pour les particularités s'adresser au Capitaine Mitchell à bord, ou à **GILBERT HENDERSON,** No. 16 Rue St. Pierre. Qui a à vendre par ledit Vaisseau, 2 Cables, 50 coils de Cordages, 860 Pelotons de Bifard, 6 Tierces de Verres, 5 Caisse de Chapeaux d'hommes assortis, 24 demi Barils de Poudre F. 20 Tonneaux de Charbon. S'adresser comme ci-dessus. Québec, le 11 Juillet, 1814.

QUEBEC Printed and published by J. NEILSON, No. 3, Mountain-Street.—Price 50c. per ann. De l'Imprimerie de JOHN NEILSON, Rue la Montagne No. 3, Prix 20s. par An.