



MRS. HYAMS AGAIN BREAKS DOWN.

AFTER REPEATING HER EVIDENCE
UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION.

SULLIVAN, THE LANDRYMAN, HAS A GRIEVANCE WHICH HE WOULD LIKE TO AIR IN COURT.

Toronto, May 15.—At the resumption of the Hyams trial yesterday afternoon, Miss Latimer, the typewriter employed by the prisoners, continued her evidence. She told in the morning of the message she had been sent on Monday morning before going to the office and of Harry Hyams's account of the death of Wells. In the afternoon she informed the court that she returned to work in the Hyams's office on Thursday after the death and remained there until the middle of May, when the business was discontinued. Her work consisted of addressing envelopes, which, however, were not sent out. She identified several boxes of these produced in court as being her work. In cross-examination, witness said the deceased procured her the position with the Hyams. Witness and the Aylesworths, sister and mother-in-law of deceased, were "dear friends." She frequently visited them and she had talked with Aylesworth of the Hyams's trial and of her evidence and Aylesworth's. The witness stated she kept a diary in which she entered some particulars of the case as they came to her at the time of the death. Miss Latimer was in the box in all about two hours and a quarter.

Then the street railway man who had given evidence in the morning was recalled, and it was shown according to the time sheets produced in court that Harry Hyams could not have boarded the car to go up to Dr. King's after the death until 10:42 o'clock, a point which is not in accord with the evidence given yesterday by Fox, the expressman, who said that when he called at the warehouse at ten o'clock on the morning of the accident, Harry Hyams told him he had already been at the doctor's.

MRS. HARRY HYAMS AGAIN IN COURT.

Mrs. Harry Hyams, wife of the prisoner, charged with killing her brother, was then recalled for cross-examination. Before her cross-examination was commenced, however, Mr. Osler announced that he had decided not to get from Mrs. Hyams any evidence in regard to the \$200,000 insurance which the Hyams are said to have attempted to negotiate on her life as it would complicate matters. He would bring out the facts in the matter by means of another witness. In his cross-examination Mr. Lount went very fully into her relations with Harry Hyams and witness gave a sketch of her personal history and the facts relating to her becoming acquainted with Hyams, also the beginning of her engagement, its breaking off and renewal after a long interval. Nothing new was brought out, all this save that in 1891 witness was living for a while at Toledo, Ohio, where she was canvassing for subscriptions to certain books. She told of her brother Willie placing a little insurance on his life voluntarily, she being the beneficiary, also of Harry Hyams's talk in favor of her brother placing a heavy insurance on his life. Hyams declared his object in urging deceased to this step to be that Willie Wells was a younger man than himself and that it would cost him less to pay the premiums on his life than on his own. It was a plan for getting ahead of the insurance companies to some extent. Harry Hyams had always talked so far as she knew in favor of an endowment policy and not a straight life policy, although it was known the straight life premiums would have been much cheaper. Harry Hyams had suggested the advisability of Aylesworth making a commission on the premiums. She admitted having heard that Harry Hyams had been seriously ill. This was while she was in the United States, but she did not know that he wished to place the insurance on Wells instead of on himself, not only because Wells was a younger man, but also because his own health was not such as would permit of his being accepted as a risk. She did not know that the latter was figured at all, but knew Harry had been ill. It was about the beginning of 1892 that Harry Hyams began to press the question of marriage and to insist that they had been waiting long enough.

MRS. HYAMS CROSS-EXAMINED.

The cross-examination of Mrs. H. P. Hyams was resumed this morning by Mr. Lount, who was more severe in tone to witness than yesterday. Witness looked ill and she had a trained nurse sitting near her. Mr. Lount told her sharply not to make excuses. This was in reply to her having looked at her brother Willie's watch on the morning that he died. That was the only time when she looked at her brother's watch when he was leaving for business. She was positive that his watch was at a quarter to nine but was not certain whether

her his watch was right. On being cross-examined regarding Harry P. Hyams's statement to her of the fatality she again began to weep and the proceedings had to stop for about five minutes while she was recovering her composure. He appeared, she deposed, greatly distressed; was almost in tears, like a person who had suffered a great shock or grief. Harry P. Hyams was a very nervous person and never looked strong. She noticed that his fingers were bandaged. She asked him why. He said there had been an accident, and that her brother had been hurt. She became very much alarmed, and he then said: 'Don't be distressed; it is not serious. He has hurt his shoulder.' Subsequently after she had learned of the fatal character of the accident, she saw Harry, who said: 'I assure you I was not there. I was at the barber's shop. Then I went to the warehouse. Fortunately, Fox, the expressman, came in behind me and we found him. Willie was dead and Dallas had fainted.'

Being closely questioned regarding the exact words he used, witness said, in a solemn tone, 'I assure you, Mr. Lount, I have told you word for word.'

Being again overcome by emotion and visibly shaking with agitation, Mrs. Hyams was again excused and was assisted to the barrister's rooms by the nurse. Afterwards she saw Dallas, who said: 'I heard a great noise when I was writing a letter and ran down stairs, where the sight sickened me and I fainted.'

SULLIVAN AND THE HYAMS.

Mr. Sullivan, proprietor of the Oriental Laundry, has been interviewed respecting the evidence given by Joseph Fox, expressman, viz., that Sullivan borrowed \$1,300 or \$1,400 from the Hyams and told him that if they bothered him about the money he would open up on them. 'I do not know that I even know who Fox is,' he said, 'and I can certainly say that I had no such conversation with him as he alleges. I am acquainted with the Hyams but my business connections with them have been since the death of Wells. I owe them nothing and they owe me nothing. I shall only be too glad to be called to the witness-stand in order that I may justify myself from the serious imputations that the statement of Fox places upon me.'

TEEL-TALE BLOOD STAINS.

Mrs. Pengelly, housekeeper for the Hyams, described Dallas having an agitated appearance when he reached home on the morning that Wells was killed. Some days after the funeral she was given a pair of Dallas's pants, drab ones, to wash. They had a number of small spots of blood on them, about the size of a pin's head. The blood spots would not wash out, and showed after the pants were dried. They were then sent to the dyer's and dyed.

Cross-examined, she stated that during the eighteen months she was in their service the prisoners always impressed her as being very nice, estimable persons, very quiet in their habits and very fond of their home. She served them their breakfast the morning of the death of Wells, and there was nothing peculiar about their demeanor. She thought it was about ten when Dallas returned. She saw him in the passage. He seemed troubled and distressed. She asked him what was the matter. He said, 'We have had a terrible accident, and Wells is dead.' It was Mrs. Dallas Hyams who, on her return from Florida, noticed the stains on the trousers, which had been hanging openly in the room for some time.

John Wright, plumber, knew the deceased, W. C. Wells, intimately. He visited the undertaker and saw the body. The day after the funeral he went to the warehouse and met Harry Hyams there. He took the witness down to the basement and showed where the body was found. Harry Hyams said the weight was on the deceased's neck when he found him. The Crown had the weight, hook and rope produced and the witness attempted to shake off the weight from the hook, but found it impossible to do so. He now considered the theory which he then formed of the weight having been shaken off untenable. That was his opinion as a mechanic of forty years' experience.

Samuel Grundy, money lender, gave an account of his dealings with the prisoners during the past four years. He had loaned them about eighteen hundred dollars, fourteen on furniture and the balance on notes; interest two percent a month. He made about twenty visits to Hyams's warehouse. He could never distinguish one from the other. One would always say it was the other he had the arrangement with. The morning of Wells's death he went to the warehouse, where he saw one of the Hyams come up out of the cellar. He said a terrible accident had happened, a young man had been killed. He got out as quick as he could.

At the adjournment instructions were given by the Crown for Mrs. Harry P. Hyams to be present to resume her cross-examination by the defence.

THE SEAL QUESTION.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE TO BE HELD
NEXT OCTOBER TO SETTLE
THE BEHRING SEA
DISPUTE.

Toronto, May 15.—A Washington special to the 'Globe' says: 'The British Government and the United States have come to an agreement as to holding a conference on the Behring Sea seal question. The conference is to be held in this city in October next and delegates are to be sent by Canada.'

The two governments are fully agreed as to the instructions to be given to the Behring Sea patrol fleet for this summer. The last vessel of the United States fleet will leave San Francisco to-morrow, and it was said at the department to-day that there was a probability that the instructions of the two governments would be in entire harmony by to-morrow. These instructions are secret.

The statement that the British Government will not patrol the Behring Sea this season is incorrect. The United States has received information that British vessels are to be sent there this season, as they were last, and a list of these vessels is now daily expected here.

THAT DISGRACEFUL MEETING.

The one theme of conversation at the City Hall this morning was the scandalous meeting of the City Council last night.

An ex-alderman said: 'It is said that Mr. Davis holds certain papers which will make it pretty hot for those who are trying to get him out of his situation. Well, I do not think these aldermen have anything to fear from such a threat, or they would not dare to oppose him.'

Ald. Smith said: 'I cannot understand why the majority of the council should try to get rid of Mr. Davis. Nothing of importance was proved against him at the investigation of the sub-committee, which was inaugurated by his remark that his assistant, Mr. Laforest, was not a practical mechanical engineer.'

Another alderman said: 'No one for a moment thinks that Mr. Davis is not a most competent engineer and yet those who dislike him want to get rid of him.'

TWENTY-THREE STOWAWAYS.

THE SS. 'BRITISH PRINCE' CARRIES A LARGE DEAD HEAD CARGO.

There are various ways of crossing the Atlantic. Some floating palaces charge as much as \$200 for the passage, but with less luxurious accommodation one can cross the ocean for a fare as low as ten dollars. Unfortunately there are large numbers of people who have a desire to cross from one side to the other who are not well treated by the world which owes them a living; in fact, they have not ten dollars and can't get it. By natural laws of compensation these individuals are not so particular as to accommodation as the more fortunate globe-trotters. When one of them decides that a change of climate would be beneficial for his health or pocket he saunters on board a ship and without bothering anyone he selects a 'berth' beneath the boiler or buries himself in the coal bunks, where the darkness is as profound as that of Egypt. He stays right there. No one comes to see him off. He hears the great shafts revolve, and when the ship is well out of port he comes out and reveals his presence to the surprised officers, who until this time have been quite unaware of it.

This is what happened on board the 'British Prince,' as she left Liverpool on May 1, but in this case there were twenty-three able bodied surprises for the captain and crew. Twenty-three stowaways made the captain debate in his mind whether it was worth while to go into an Irish port and unship them. Finally he decided not to do so, and the whole twenty-three were allowed to remain on board. They did all the dirty work and chores, and were as useful as possible to everyone on board.

Some of them disembarked at Quebec but the majority came up to Montreal. The 'British Prince' arrived here yesterday. The men came ashore and immediately got work on the wharves and in the city.

'They were a fine lot of men,' said the chief officer, this morning, 'and it is probable that they have all been here before. They can easily get back to England in the fall by shipping as cattle men, but they find it more difficult to return here in the spring. There will not be twenty-three on board this ship next trip, I tell you. We will anchor outside of Liverpool and search the ship.'

THE ARMENIAN REFORMS.

London, May 15.—A despatch to the 'Times' from Constantinople says the Armenian scheme proposed by the powers includes a system of financial administration under the supervision of the heads of the various communities and the abolition of the present system of farming out taxes and tithes. The powers do not seek to control the financial reforms, but will instruct their consuls to report from time to time how they are executed.

WATERLOO ODDFELLOWS.

Waterloo Lodge No. 27 is the name of another new lodge in this province of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, Baltimore Unity, which was instituted at Waterloo, Que., last Friday evening by Grand Master Bro. C. J. Brown, of St. Johns, assisted by Bro. J. Wilson, grand warden; Bro. T. J. Potter, grand secretary, of Montreal; Bro. R. H. Fairfield, grand conductor, and Bro. E. A. Eager, D.D.G.M., of Farnham. The local lodge starts out with a charter membership of thirty-five with every indication of increasing that number. After the election of officers for the ensuing term and their installation by D.D.G.H. Eager, a departure was made to the Brooks House, where a banquet was tendered the visiting brethren by the members of the newly instituted lodge.

INTERESTING WILL CASE.

ELABORATE JUDGMENT ESTABLISHING A TESTATRIX'S INTENTIONS.

Judge Taschereau rendered a very interesting judgment this morning in the case of Dame A. Talon Lesperance (Mrs. Joubert) et vir vs. Dame M. A. T. Stanford (Mrs. Lesperance) et vir. This was an action to set aside and annul the will of the late Miss Talon Lesperance, cousin of the parties in the present case. The will was made in favor of Mrs. Lesperance, the female defendant, and Mrs. Joubert attacked the same on the ground that the testatrix was not 'compos mentis' when she made said will and was subjected to undue influence. In the course of the proceedings, a further allegation of forgery was added to the action. Dealing first with the state of mind of the testatrix, the court held that the medical evidence adduced to establish her insanity simply showed that some years previous to her death, she had complained of the remedies given her and had also made quite a scene with the doctor when he presented his bill. From this the doctor concluded that she had already commenced to show symptoms of softening of the brain which, in his opinion, must be the necessary result of hereditary disease from which she suffered. In the opinion of the court, if all persons complaining of remedies given them and of doctor's bills had to be declared 'non compos mentis,' a very large portion of the population would have to be considered similarly affected. Moreover, two other physicians of equal standing testified that the disease referred to did not necessarily result in softening of the brain. Another witness considered the testatrix of her mind because a few months before her death, although she had always been religiously disposed she used very strong language against the clergy, alleging that one of her relatives had been influenced by Bishop Bourget in the making of her will. This isolated fact and the strong language in which, however, nothing insane appeared, did not again, in the opinion of the court, prove any unsoundness of mind. The evidence of a number of persons who had dealings with the testatrix shortly before her death, or her father confessor and of the notary who made out the will all went to show that she was 'compos mentis,' and the allegation of unsoundness of mind must therefore be set aside.

As regards undue influence, the court held that there was not the slightest proof on that point, but the evidence went to show that the testatrix did not like the plaintiffs while she loved and esteemed the female defendant who was very kind to her. This created a presumption in favor of the will being made on her behalf, and, moreover, in law, substantial reasons must be adduced to prove undue influence. As regards forgery, the notary who made out the will admitted that the male defendant had informed him of Miss Lesperance's wish to make her will in favor of his wife and to prepare a document accordingly. The notary did so and when he went to the house, finding the sick lady very weak, he told her that he would return in the afternoon. In the afternoon, he returned with another notary, and both were left alone with the testatrix who was now stronger. In order not to fatigue her with useless talk, the notary had prepared three papers each having the name of one of her only three relatives. She was shown each paper in turn and asked whether she wished to make her will in favor of the person marked thereon. To two she replied 'No,' and to the present female defendant's name she replied 'Yes,' both by sign and with her voice. The will as prepared was now read to her and she was asked if it contained her last wishes. The reply was again in the affirmative. Being then asked to put her name at the bottom of the will, the testatrix made a sign that her hand was too much paralyzed. The declaration in such cases was then added and the two notaries signed. The court held that all the requirements of the law had been fully complied with, as the actual dictation of a will is no longer requisite, and there is nothing to prevent the document being written up beforehand, when the notary knows what are the testator's intentions. On the whole, the will must be declared good and valid and the action dismissed.

NO SALUTING IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 14.—Postmaster Hession's right arm described a parabolic curve to-day as he raised the open palm of his hand to his right temple. That is the kind of salute Postmaster Sullivan, of Brooklyn, has prescribed for his letter carriers, he said. 'I am no military satrap, and have not found it necessary to call upon my force to salute their superiors.' Postmaster Sullivan is evidently trying to introduce city ways into his village.

BIG FIRE AT DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 15.—Fire started early this morning in the yards of the Dwight Lumber Company, and before the flames were brought under control the planing mill, dry kiln, shingle mill, backing mill, drying sheds and engine house were destroyed. The loss is \$100,000; insurance, \$60,000.

THAT RUN ON ST. JOHN'S BANK.

HOW IT ORIGINATED.
St. John's, Nfld., May 15.—There is not a word of truth about the late run on the Canadian banks having been caused by anti-confederates. The causes were purely accidental and started by the crews of sealers who on being paid off changed their notes for gold.

FIGHTING THE ISLAND LICENSE.

Toronto, May 15.—Several hundred persons gathered in the Pavilion last night to protest against the granting of a liquor license on the island. Mr. W. H. Orr, treasurer of the Dominion Alliance, presided. He was supported on the platform by the Rev. Dr. Galbraith, president of the Prohibitory Union; the Rev. Dr. Sims, the Rev. G. J. Bishop, Aldermen Joliffe, Scott, Halam, and Graham, and Messrs. F. S. Spence, Isaac T. Mills, H. O'Hara, Mr. De Barritt, the missionary to South America, and others. A group of liquor sellers were present at the back of the Pavilion but after hearing their calling depicted in its true colors for an hour they left in a body. The meeting carried this motion with applause:

Whereas, application is being made for the issue of a wine and beer license to take effect upon the island which is a public park and the licensing of the sale of liquor therein would be an undesirable extension of the liquor traffic and a menace to the good order and safety of that important pleasure resort;

And whereas, the granting of such a license would be contrary to the wishes of a great majority of the citizens of Toronto, as expressed by the protest of the City Council against the proposed license, and the large and influential deputation which waited upon the License Commissioners to urge that the said license be refused;

Therefore, this meeting earnestly and strongly protests against the said proposal, and calls upon the license commissioners to refuse to grant the said license, believing that any other action would be unjust to the citizens of Toronto and detrimental to the good order and moral progress of the community, which the license commissioners are appointed to guard and promote.

ANOTHER GOVERNMENT DEFEAT.

London, May 15.—The parliamentary election in the west division of Dorset, which took place yesterday resulted in the return of Col. Williams, Conservative candidate, by a vote of 3,538 to 2,325 for Wood Homer, the Independent farmers' candidate, who was supported by the Liberals. In the last election the Conservative candidate was chosen by a vote of 3,691 to 2,313 for his Home Rule opponent.

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Toronto, May 15.—The secretary of the Pan-American Congress has left the city for a short time to visit New York and Washington. He will have an audience at Washington with the South American diplomatic representatives in regard to delegations from the southern continent. Negotiations have been in progress for the past four months with those countries. The Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Minister of Finance, has accepted an invitation to be present, and word has been received from several states of state delegations being organized to attend the congress.

SWALLOWED CARBOLIC ACID.

Kansas City, May 14.—John Shaw, fifty years of age, committed suicide at the Colorado Hotel, 811 Grand avenue, this afternoon by swallowing carbolic acid. Shaw left a long letter in which he gave his reasons for committing suicide. He said he was a banker in Warwick township, near Toronto, at one time, but failed and came to this country. He left ten cents to each of his children.

DOGS ATTACK A CLERGYMAN.

Westport, N.Y., May 14.—The Rev. W. R. Woodbridge, of Port Henry, N.Y., a prominent man in the church, Masonry and politics, was attacked last evening here by several dogs belonging to William D. Marks. Mr. Woodbridge's skull was fractured, his left arm was broken and his limbs were terribly lacerated. He probably will die.

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NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

New York, May 14.—The thirtieth anniversary of the National Temperance Society was held in this city to-day.

CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND.

THE QUESTION OF CONFEDERATION
SETTLED SO FAR AS THE AN-
CIENT COLONY IS CON-
CERNED.

BUT CANADA STILL FALTERS AT ASSESSING THE
NECESSARY RESPONSIBILITIES.

Ottawa, May 15.—Although the Canadian Parliament and public are kept in the dark as to the differences which exist between Newfoundland and Canada over confederation, the public of Newfoundland are apparently acquainted with them, and it can now be gathered that the debt of the island and the government railway are two of the stumbling blocks. Their per capita debt is at present about the same as Canada's, viz., about \$50, but in order to complete the railway now in course of construction by Mr. Reid, contractor, an additional sum of about \$5,000,000 will have to be raised by loan and the Canadian Government is apparently unwilling to assume this. The French shore difficulty is a matter between Newfoundland and Great Britain and Canada has expressed a desire that it should be first settled between them.

St. John's, Nfld., May 15.—It is admitted to-day that confederation is a dead issue. Canada has refused to assume the Newfoundland debt of \$15,000,000 and Great Britain has declined to interfere while Newfoundland is a self-governing colony. The Whiteaways are preparing a retrenchment scheme but admit its insufficiency to meet the present difficulties.

London, May 15.—The 'Times' says: To accede to Newfoundland's request that Great Britain guarantee the savings banks deposits would be merely the indirect taking over of a large part of the colonial debt. There is no probability that the government will reverse their previous decision that an enquiry must be held before financial arrangements are entered into.

THE QUEEN'S DRAWING ROOM.

London, May 15.—At the Queen's drawing room to-day the Dowager Duchess of Marlborough was presented, the occasion being her recent marriage to Lord William Berkeford. The Duchess, who was the source of special attraction, wore a train of pearl grey velvet, tinged with pink, embroidered with silver and diamond lilies and lined with pearl grey satin. Her gown was of pearl grey satin draped with rare point d'Alecon lace of the time of Charles IX. Her head dress was of plumes and her ornaments large diamonds. Mrs. Whitehouse, of New York, wore a pink satin gown, embroidered with pearls and gold and train of cloudy blue, brocaded with gold and lined with yellow satin. Her ornaments were pearls and diamonds and she carried a bouquet of roses and orchids. The Misses Whitehouse were dressed alike in white satin skirts, diamante satin bodices and trains of mirror pout de soie. They carried bouquets of gardenias. Miss Furniss, of New York, wore an ivory white satin waist, embroidered in gold, with pearl bands, and a train of ivory satin.

TRIAL OF WILDE AND TAYLOR.

London, May 15.—The 'Pall Mall Gazette' says application is to be made to try Oscar Wilde and Alfred Taylor separately instead of jointly, as before.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet, May 15.—Clear; strong north-east wind; inward at 7 a.m.; one steamer.
River du Loup, May 15.—Clear; strong east wind.
Father Point, May 15.—Clear; strong north-east wind; inward at 4 a.m.; SS. Concordia; 5 a.m.; SS. Geron; outward at 5 a.m.; SS. Sarmatien; 8 a.m.; SS. Miramichi.
Marin River, May 15.—Clear; west wind.
Caribou Islands, May 15.—Clear; north-east wind; inward at 7 a.m.; barque.
Sheldrake, May 15.—Outward at 7 a.m.; SS. Oter.
Amherst Island, May 15.—Clear; inward at 1 p.m.; SS. St. Olaf.
Cape Ray, May 15.—Clear; variable wind.
Low Point, May 15.—Clear; east wind; outward at 5 a.m.; SS. Astrid.
Cape Race, May 15.—Hazy; strong east wind; no ice.
Fame Point, May 15.—Clear; north-west wind.
Cape Rosier, May 15.—Clear; north-west wind.
Anticosti, May 15.—Clear; west wind; SS. Anna Magee left English Bay at 6 p.m.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., May 15, 11 a.m.—The following are the minimum temperatures: Edmonton, 28; Calgary, 26; Medicine Hat, 34; Qu'Appelle, 36; Winnipeg, 38; Parry Sound, 28; Toronto, 38; Montreal, 42; Quebec, 42; Halifax, 42. Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: North-west winds; fair; not much change in temperature.

Montreal, May 15.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.87; yesterday, 30.02. To-day, temperature, max. 67, min. 43; yesterday, max. 55, min. 23.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, 200% poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

BOSSEvain—At 427 Dorchester street, Westmount, P.Q., on Tuesday the 14th inst. a son to Mr. and Mrs. Karel Bossevain. 14

MARRIED.

ARCHIBALD-ASHIE—At Shaw Street Presbyterian Church, Liverpool, England, on April 30, 1895, by the Rev. Walter McFarlane, B.Sc., assisted by the Rev. James Brown, M.A., Free St. Peter's, Glasgow, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, Robert Archibald, Beechwood, Tillochbury, to Ada Florence, Rutherford, fourth daughter of the late C. W. Wilson, Quebec, and widow of William A. C. Ashie, late of the Observatory, Quebec, Canada. 15

BOYLE-PINKHAM—On May 9, 1895, at the residence of Mr. Ben. Coates, Canterbury, P.Q., by the Rev. J. R. Hodgson, John Boyle, of Spider Lake, to Susie M. Pinkham, daughter of Isaac N. Pinkham, of Canterbury. 15

GORDON-LESLIE—At the residence of the bride's father, on Wednesday, May 9, 1895, by the Rev. John A. Black, B.A., the Rev. J. Gordon, to Miss Evelyn Leslie, daughter of Mr. Edward Leslie, all of Roslin, Hastings Co., Ont. 14

LATHROP-GRAHAM—At Morewood, on May 14, 1895, by the Rev. John M. Kellogg, M.A., Frederick, Md., Jerome Lathrop, to Margaret Jane Graham, all of Morewood. 15

MAYHEW-PINKHAM—On May 9, 1895, at the residence of Mr. Ben. Coates, Canterbury, P.Q., by the Rev. J. R. Hodgson, Charles E. Mayhew, of Sarnia, to Emma M. Pinkham, daughter of Isaac N. Pinkham, of Canterbury. 15

MENISH-CURRY—On Wednesday, May 9, 1895, at the residence of the bride's parents, Chelmsford Falls, Mass., by the Rev. N. B. Blake, James Menish, to Lily Harriet, youngest daughter of W. W. Curry, formerly of this city. Ottawa papers please copy. 11

DIED.

BINGHAM—In this city, on the 15th inst., Margaret McKay, daughter of the late David Rodger, M.A., and dearly beloved wife of C. B. Bingham. 15

DELMAGE—In this city, on the 14th inst., Letitia Bell, aged 57 years, beloved wife of Robert Delmage. 14

GARDINER—On May 15, 1895, at the Jefferson Hospital, Quebec, Joseph Duggan, at the age of 17, son of Joseph Gardiner, after a short illness of infantile nature of the lungs. 15

HALL—At Latta, Ont., on Saturday evening May 11, 1895, Mr. Alan Hall, one of the oldest residents of Township, Hastings Co., Ont. 14

LAFAMME—At the Crystal Gold Co's mine, at Wahnapitae Lake, on May 8, 95, Joseph Lafamme, of Montreal, Que. Other Montreal papers please copy. 15

LAKE—On the 14th inst., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. L. T. Irish, 1399 Dorchester street, Jan. Ann Van Vleet, wife of the late D. C. Lake, of Charlotte, N.Y. 14

PARKER—In this city, on May 14, 1895, at his 8th year, Robert Parker, son of Mrs. O. L. Parker. 14

PENMAN—On Thursday, 15th inst., at 4 p.m., from 21 St. James street, to place of the funeral, at the residence of his friends and acquaintances, a young man, John Penman, of England, aged 21 years. 15

PINGUET—In this city, on May 14, 1895, at his 8th year, Robert Pinguet, son of Mrs. O. L. Pinguet, of England, aged 21 years. 15

ROSS—At Lancaster, Ont., on April 4, 1895, Miss Elsie Ross, aged 1 year, daughter of the late Mr. George Ross. 14

S. GORDON—In this city, on May 12, 1895, Anne Burns, dearly beloved wife of William S. Gordon, son, and mother of Messrs. S. Gordon, 21 St. James street, aged 54 years and 6 months. 15

TIDWELL—In this city, on May 11, 1895, Matilda Tidwell, widow of James Tidwell, late of the late Mr. George Ross. 14

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the "Witness" containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada. Montreal excepted.

Notices received too late for this column are usually placed on the 6th page.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Intending piano purchasers should be able to find an instrument to suit at Mr. C. W. Landis's warerooms, 226, 227 and 227 1/2 St. Catherine street. A hundred pianos to choose from. Price \$40 to \$500. Terms: Cash or monthly payments of \$4, \$4, \$5 or \$8.

DIAMOND RINGS.
EXTRA GOOD VALUE.
Genuine Diamond 12 Kar. G.M. Claw Setting from \$10.00 to \$100.00.
Genuine Diamond Half Hoop Rings, three and five stones, from \$25.00 to \$100.00.
WEAVING, 4174.
Full line of sizes and weights always on hand.

D. BEATTY, Watchmaker and Jeweller, 137 St. Peter Street, (opposite "Witness" Office).

R. SEALE & SON, GENERAL DIRECTORS, 3605, Cor. Beaver Hall and Dorchester sts.

CARSLY'S COLUMN.

NOTICE.—S. Carsley's increase of premises has proved a success inasmuch as his trade this spring is much larger than previous years.



MILLINERY.

All the latest styles and novelties in Summer Millinery now in stock.
Napoleon Hats.
Phyllis and Trilby Hats.
In Black and all leading colors.
Fancy Straw Hats in newest shapes.
Ribbons, Flowers.
And all other Millinery Trimmings.

CORSETS.

Ladies' Summer Corsets, 45c pr.
Extra Light Summer Corsets, 50c pr.
Ladies' Summer Corsets, Special, \$1 pr.
Ladies' Useful Jean Corsets, 40c pr.
Ladies' Stylish Corsets, 75c pr.
Ladies' Long Waist Corsets, \$1 pr.
Ladies' Corsets, special value, \$1.20 pr.
C. P. Corsets a la Sirene, \$1.50 pr.

S. CARSLY.

SUNSHADES

Ladies' Frilled Sunshades, \$1.15.
Ladies' Novelty Sunshades, \$2.15.
Ladies' Black Silk Sunshades, 90c.
Ladies' Cream Silk Sunshades, \$2.15.
Ladies' Frilled Silk Sunshades, \$1.00.
Ladies' Novelty Sunshades, \$2.90.
Ladies' Black Silk Sunshades, \$1.50.
Children's White Sunshades, \$1.

Umbrellas.

Ladies' Umbrellas, from 25c ea.
Men's Umbrellas, from 45c ea.
Ladies' Umbrellas, fancy handles, 65c each.
Men's Tinted Umbrellas, 75c ea.
Ladies' Gloria Silk Umbrellas, \$1 ea.
Ladies' Umbrellas, fancy handles, \$1.50 ea.
Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, \$1.50 ea.

S. CARSLY.

Handkerchiefs.

Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, 4c ea.
Embroidered Cambric Handkerchiefs, 4c ea.
Hem-stitched Lawn Handkerchiefs, 3c each.
Hem-stitched Cambric Handkerchiefs, 11c each.
Embroidered Cambric Handkerchiefs, 50c each.
Colored Bordered Lawn Handkerchiefs, 4c each.
Lace Handkerchiefs, \$1.15 ea.
Embroidered Cambric Handkerchiefs, 60c each.

Ladies' Neckwear

Spotted Silk Windsor Ties, 20c each.
Irish Point Lace Collars, 50c each.
White and Colored Chemises, 25c ea.
Ladies' White Frilled Collars, 17c ea.
Ladies' Fancy Silk Collars, 25c ea.
Ladies' Long Feather Boas, \$1 ea.
Ladies' Feather Ruffs, 40c ea.

S. CARSLY.

TRIMMINGS.

Black Beaded Trimmings, from 5c yd.
Black Beaded Ornaments, from 14c ea.
Colored Chenille Balls, 11c doz.
Black Silk Belts, 25c.
Colored Silk Trimmings, 7c yd.
Black or Tan Leather Belts, 20c ea.
Fancy Metal Belt Buckles, 9c ea.
Silver Belt Buckles, 25c ea.

Embroideries.

White Cambric Edgings, 1c yd.
White Muslin Edgings, 4c yd.
White Lawn Edgings, 4c yd.
White Nainsook Edgings, 5c yd.
White Insertion Embroideries, 4c yd.
Colored Chambray Embroideries, 4c yd.
White Embroidered Flouncings, 35c.
White Embroidered Skirting, 50c yd.

S. CARSLY.

Boots & Shoes

Ladies' Button Boots, \$1.30.
Ladies' Tan Shoes, \$1.10.
Girls' Tan Button Boots, \$1.10 pr.
Men's Lace Boots, \$1.40 pr.
Men's Tan Shoes, \$1.35 pr.
Boys' Tan Shoes, \$1.25 pr.
Boys' Lace Boots, 90c pr.
Boys' Tan Boots, \$1.20 pr.

S. CARSLY.

GREAT OAKS FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW.

A now celebrated chemist once heard a man say: "I hate a rubber coat or mackintosh; I would as soon get wet to the skin as be obliged to wear one. I always have a nasty clammy feeling after wearing one any length of time and generally take cold as a consequence." This was the circumstance that led Sir John S. Rigby, F.R.S., to experiment upon the waterproofing of textile fabrics and a porous, odorless, pliable and yet waterproof cloth was the result. In fact the

S. CARSLY.

Notre Dame and St. Peter streets.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S
*
ADVERTISEMENT.
Grand Free Exhibition.
"NIAGARA FALLS!"
THE LARGEST WATER COLOR PAINTING IN THE WORLD,
measuring Thirty-six Feet Long by Twelve Feet High, and valued at \$10,000 (Ten Thousand Dollars), will be placed on Free Exhibit in our Mantle Department for Fourteen Days, commencing TO-DAY, Wednesday,

Bazane's Great Masterpiece!

The gifted Danish Artist, in the above mentioned work, has not only bequeathed to the world the largest Water Color Painting extant, but has won the distinction of having given the grandest representation of one of the grandest subjects that has been afforded by Nature for inciting to lofty artistic effort.

The size of the painting is commensurate to the subject, and fittingly conveys the idea of vastness. In addition to this, it is grand in conception, truthful in detail, dexterous in execution, sublime in grouping, and colored in perfect harmony.

Standing in the presence of this wonderful production, one can all but hear the World's Greatest Cataract, and it is a significant fact that the most ardent admirers of the painting are those who have themselves visited the real Falls of Niagara.

The point of view, the lofty and craggy banks of the Canadian side, close to the Fall View Station, was fortunately selected. The result is six miles of the most romantic portion of Niagara's beautiful vista magnificently portrayed on canvas.

OUR STORE will remain OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK from To-morrow, Thursday, EVERY NIGHT of the Exhibit, so as to allow everyone an opportunity of seeing this Great Picture.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

2343 ST. CATHERINE ST., CORNER OF METCALFE ST.
TELEPHONE No. 3833. TELEPHONE No. 3833.

GENERAL BAZAAR.

White Skirting Embroidery, 25c
White Skirting Embroidery, 30c
White Skirting Embroidery, 40c
White Skirting Embroidery, 50c
White Skirting Embroidery, 60c
White Skirting Embroidery, 70c
White Skirting Embroidery, 80c
White Skirting Embroidery, 90c
White Skirting Embroidery, \$1.00
White Skirting Embroidery, \$1.25
Narrow White Embroidery, 1c yard up.

ROWE'S GENERAL BAZAAR,
1597 Notre Dame Street,
Between St. Lambert's Hill and Court House.
N.B. Remnants Skirting Embroidery, 20 percent off.

We Supply

FOR ALL PURPOSES,
Halls, Vestibule, Bath-rooms,
Fire Places.

Wood Mantels,

GAS LOGS AND GRATES,
All work fully guaranteed.

JORDAN & LOCKER,

1749 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

From Maker

To User

—what possibilities for saving this method of doing business affords. The profits—the expenses—and the thousand and one other little items you have to pay when buying your

CARPETS,

Olefinths, Rugs, Mats, Curtains, Poles, and so on, from ordinary retailers—you do not have to pay here—because we are in close touch with the best manufacturers—and every article we sell comes direct from factory to you.

Jas. Baylis & Son,

The Carpet Warehouse, 1837 NOTRE DAME STREET.

ARMSTRONG

THE UNDERTAKER

VICTORIA SQUARE

51

IT IS A MISTAKE

To suppose that because TEES & CO. have established a reputation for good work that their desks are necessarily high in price. Buy direct from the makers, at 300 St. James St.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 15.

INCENDIARISM IN CUBA.

INSURRECTIONISTS DESTROY MUCH PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE SPANIARDS.

MORE FIGHTING REPORTED—GEN. CAMPOS CHERISHED AT HAVANA.

New York, May 15.—The "Herald's" Nassau, N.P., special says: "The insurgents have burned the stores and residences of the Spaniards in the vicinity of Jaruquea, Cuba. The coffee plantation of one Spaniard, who is especially objectionable, was totally destroyed. A band of three hundred insurgents, commanded by Quinten Bander, was entrenched near Santana. They were attacked by the government troops. The insurgents were victorious. Gervasio Rodriguez, an insurgent leader, has deserted, and joined the government forces. United States Consul

Hyatt, in Santiago has notified all vice-consuls and consular agents in his district not to grant any protection to Cubans who go to the United States and secure nationalization and then return to Cuba for a continuous residence. Consul Hyatt also holds that notarial certificates from Florida notaries are not sufficient evidence of nationalization. He has discovered abuses in the use of notarial seals in Key West and Tampa, and will suggest a Federal investigation. Jose Aramburo and Don Solomartinez, Cuban insurgent chiefs, have asked a guarantee of protection from the government. It is reported here that the spirit of Anarchism in the insurgent ranks is increasing on account of jealousies and intrigues among the leaders.

A Jacksonville, Fla., special to the "Herald" says: The Spanish cruiser "Infanta Isabelle" sailed yesterday for Key West. After remaining there two days she will probably sail for Havana.

A message from Madrid to Havana, re-transmitted here, states that the Madrid government has decided to send no more troops to Cuba at present.

A special to the "Times" from Havana says: Gen. Martinez Campos has just arrived from Cienfuegos by railway. He was greeted with the loyal acclamations of the people as he passed through the cities along his route. It has been decided to begin important public works throughout Cuba and to undertake reforms wherever necessary. The most optimistic opinions prevail as to the prompt termination of the war. The autonomist and reformist parties lend their general support to the plans of Gen. Martinez Campos. Among the rebels the negro contingent is constantly increasing in influence and numbers while the whites are dropping away as deserting the hopeless cause. The rebels are now especially reduced to the condition of guerrillas. They pillage defenceless cities and make the citizens prisoners.

There is no news of Maximilian Gomez. The attitude of the government at Washington is viewed with satisfaction here.

The recent news of rebel victories is entirely false.

NEWS FROM WINDSOR MILLS.

THE REV. J. W. PENMAN CALLED TO ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—DESTRUCTIVE FOLLOWERS—CANADA PAPER COMPANY IMPROVING ITS WORKS.

Windsor Mills, May 14.—The congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, which has been without a pastor since the resignation of the Rev. H. Craig, B.A., last fall, assembled two weeks ago and decided to extend a call to the Rev. J. W. Penman, formerly of Manitoba. The Rev. J. McCullough, of Kingsbury, who was appointed by the Presbytery to moderate in the call, met the congregation on Monday night, and the call was formally extended and placed in the hands of the Presbytery, which met in Sherbrooke yesterday. Mr. Penman is willing to accept the call and his induction will not doubt take place in two weeks.

The recent hot weather was so favorable to follow fires that these fires extended to the woods and much valuable timber has been damaged in this locality. The Canada Paper Company lost a large quantity of cord wood that had been cut and piled during the winter.

The Canada Paper Company will spend \$200,000 in the extension of their works in this town this summer. They are to build a dam across the St. Francis at the falls just above the village. For this the material has all drawn last winter. The dam will afford 3,500 horse power. They are to lay an electric plant and build a pulp mill, which will turn out fifteen tons of pulp a day.

A siding has been put in on the Grand Trunk to facilitate the work of placing the material for the mill upon the ground and all the men and means that can be employed to advantage for the rapid promotion of the work will be engaged. They hope to have the mill in operation before winter.

ESTHER IS A TEARER.

The youngest daughter of the President of the United States has been very recently a subject of absorbing interest to the lace trade of New York. Mrs. Cleveland sent on to the metropolitan order for many yards of very expensive curtain material to adorn the young lady's cradle. The stuff was forwarded in due course, but suddenly the order was duplicated in a violent hurry, and on the same day a new cradle was ordered, with equal haste. When the merchandise had been shipped to its destination and paid for still another order for a specially made cradle and more lace came in a hurry likewise, and then a curious state of affairs was made known. Little Esther is an unusually destructive child. Her babies are, more or less, but this lady tears everything she can and has a particular aversion to cradles. The trouble is that the little one is very strong for a mere babe, and can tear and smash things that a grown person might wonder ordinary circumstances, have difficulty in destroying. She likewise has a weakness for beating out the backs of nurses with rattles and spoons and for objects of similar nature that happen to be handy.—St. Louis "Globe-Democrat."

A SPEEDY NEW BOAT.

Bath, Me., May 15.—The American ram "Katandin," at a deep sea trial over the south port course, yesterday, developed a speed, under forced draught, of 16 1/2 knots. The water conditions were not the best for the fast run, as there was a choppy sea. The builders are making the "Katandin" still show a few more knots required by the government and hope she will reach eighteen knots.

THE INCOME TAX DOOMED.

New York, May 15.—A Washington despatch to the "Herald" says: The Supreme Court has determined to absolutely annul the income tax law. The report comes from such a source as to leave very little room for doubt as to its accuracy. It is learned that some of the justices have changed their opinions in the argument.

DROWNED IN THE WELLAND CANAL.

St. Catharines, May 15.—As the steamer "Niagara," loaded with lumber, passed down the new canal, was entering the lock No. 2, early this morning, Frank Bushaw, the mate, slipped from the deck and was drowned.

THE NEW WOMAN.

A CHICAGO PREACHER ASCRIBES MOST OF THE ILLS OF MANKIND TO DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

Chicago, May 15.—Chicago ministers paid their respects to the "New Woman" to-day. They are mostly against her. "The first thing the devil did in this world," said Dr. P. S. Henson, "was to set man against his God and thereby to create a breach between earth and heaven." The second thing he did was to set man against man, as seen in the murder of Abel by his brother Cain. This resulted in the numberless racial wars that have disgraced history. The last and worst work of the devil has been to inaugurate a war between the sexes, this "New Woman" movement. If successful it means the breaking up of the home.

"Elizabeth Cady Stanton," he declares, "is a woman in woman's attire, enemy, and she is doing her utmost to propagate this feeling among all women."

If she succeeded she would make an end of humanity. The world would still go on while nations war against nations, but when in every home there is war declared between man and woman then comes the end, with the race wiped out and the devil in possession of the planet."

AT THE CARNEGIE WORKS.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 15.—The Carnegie Steel Company to-day has given notice of a voluntary increase of ten percent in the wages of its fifteen thousand employees.

A BOODLER WANTED.

Alderman Thien, of Haverhill, Mass., a fugitive boodler, is supposed to be in Montreal under an assumed name, but though diligent inquiries have been made he cannot be located. He is described as a low set man, with sandy hair and mustache, inclined to be bald, about forty years of age. The amount of the boodler in the case is not given in the despatches which place him in this city, but judging by the anxiety of the host on page to discover his whereabouts, it must have been a considerable amount. Haverhill is a city of some 20,000 inhabitants, about thirty miles north of Boston.

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Weekly Calendar.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15.

SEÑORA DE OVIES

Will give her famous lectures on "Health and Beauty," "Blondes and Brunettes in Marriage," "LADIES ONLY." DRUMMOND HALL, near Victoria Park, WEDNESDAY, May 15, at 3.30 p.m. ADMISSION, 25 cents.

ART ASSOCIATION,

PHILLIPS, SQUARE, A WATER COLOR SKETCHING CLASS

Under the direction of Mr. CHAS. E. MOSS, will be held during the month of May. Apply at the Gallery.

THURSDAY, MAY 16.

CANADA'S

FOREMOST ENTERTAINERS. Under the distinguished patronage of Sir Donald A. Smith, K.C.M.G., M.P., a GRAND ELUCIDATORY RECITAL will be given in Association Hall, Y.M.C.A. Building, on THURSDAY EVENING, May 16, 1895.

MISS EFFIE ELAINE HEXT,

ASSISTED BY THE WELL-KNOWN SINGERS, Mrs. E. G. EVANS, Soprano, Mrs. CHARLES KELLY, Bass.

A feature of the programme will be Italian Emotions, portrayed by forty-five Statuesque Figures in Greek Costume. As Miss Hext is booked for Australia next season and is now "on tour" to the Maritime Provinces, this will be the only chance to hear her in Montreal.

Tickets for sale at Northumberland, Dryden's, Denton and Featherston's. Admission, 25 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts.

A GRAND CONCERT.

By St. Luke's Boys' Brigade and St. Mary's (Orchestra) Girls' Class, will be held in St. Luke's Church, on THURSDAY EVENING, May 16, at 8 o'clock. The programme will be of a high standard of excellence. Tickets for sale at Northumberland, Dryden's, Denton and Featherston's. Admission, 25 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts.

THE LADIES AID SOCIETY

OF ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, will give a concert on THURSDAY EVENING, May 16, at 8 o'clock, in St. Luke's Church. The programme will be of a high standard of excellence. Tickets for sale at Northumberland, Dryden's, Denton and Featherston's. Admission, 25 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts.

MIZPAH LODGE,

No. 2, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

IN PRINCE OF WALES

REGIMENT, ANNAL DRILL, will be held in St. Luke's Church, on THURSDAY EVENING, May 16, at 8 o'clock. The programme will be of a high standard of excellence. Tickets for sale at Northumberland, Dryden's, Denton and Featherston's. Admission, 25 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts.

W. L. BOND, Capt.

Adjutant.

FRIDAY, MAY 17.

THE RETURN TO SWITZERLAND

will be held in St. Luke's Church, on FRIDAY EVENING, May 17, at 8 o'clock. The programme will be of a high standard of excellence. Tickets for sale at Northumberland, Dryden's, Denton and Featherston's. Admission, 25 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts.

GRAND TRUNK BOATING

CLUB NOTICE.

The 40th Annual General Meeting of this Club will be held in the Boat House on FRIDAY EVENING, May 17, at 8 o'clock. The programme will be of a high standard of excellence. Tickets for sale at Northumberland, Dryden's, Denton and Featherston's. Admission, 25 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts.

W. C. JENKIN, Secretary.

THE MONTREAL DISPENSARY.

The forty-fifth annual report of the Montreal Dispensary shows a large increase in the number of consultations during the past year, the figure for this year being 16,956, as against 13,256 last year. This large increase in the attendance indicates that the dispensary is filling a want.

The treasurer's report showed an increase in assets during the year of \$2,979. Several valuable donations of instruments have been received from the widow of the late Dr. Fenwick. The Bell Telephone Company are allowing the institution the use of an instrument for the current year, a grant of \$375 has been received from the Provincial Government, and one of \$200 from the City and District Savings Bank. As a more suitable building is being looked for an effort will be made to increase the number and amount of the subscriptions.

The following were the officers elected at yesterday's annual meeting:—Honorary president, Mr. J. Y. Gilmore; president, Mr. J. S. Shearer; vice-presidents, Messrs. Samuel Finley and E. E. Rutledge; treasurer, Mr. D. T. Tees; secretary, Dr. Anglin; board of management, Messrs. Robert Gault, J. H. Starnes, W. P. Evans, W. Francis, J. S. Brown, A. Tardieu, Dr. Jack, Dr. Allan and Dr. Stirling. Drs. Geo. A. Brown and A. W. Haldimand were appointed assistant physicians, two vacancies having been caused by resignations.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Return of traffic week ending May 11, 1895:

Passenger train earnings, \$1,337,511. Freight train earnings, \$224,276. Total, \$1,561,787. Decrease, \$7,025.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to clubs: Northern Messenger, \$3.00; 10 copies to one address, \$2.25; 20, \$4.40; 50, \$10.00; 100, \$20.00.

For Great Britain add \$1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 25c on Northern Messenger; \$3.00 on Daily Witness. The last edition of the DAILY WITNESS is delivered in the city every evening of publication at \$4.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS. Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms. WEEKLY WITNESS. With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising type. Special contract rates.



The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1895.

The British by-elections continue to go steadily against the Rosebery Government. Without exception the gains in votes are always for the Unionist candidates. The by-elections in Great Britain are a very certain indication of public opinion, which, whenever the general elections come round, will almost undoubtedly place the Unionists in power by a great majority.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

The statement of the result of the business of the Bank of Montreal for the year ending April 30, 1895, issued yesterday by the directors, is not a favorable one, though probably, in view of the general condition of business during the year in Canada, it will be accepted as on the whole satisfactory. The profits for the year, after deducting charges of management and making provision for bad and doubtful debts, amounted to \$1,210,436, out of which was paid dividends of ten percent upon the capital stock of the bank, amounting to \$1,200,000, leaving \$10,436 to be carried to profit and loss account, which now amounts to \$815,152. The year has been one of depression even as compared with last year, and the conditions were even less favorable for making large profits. The financial and commercial troubles in the United States, which affected so seriously the business of Canadian railways, also injured business generally in Canada, which was still suffering anyway from the collapse of city land and building booms and from the low prices of agricultural produce. Any opportunities for profitable employment of funds by the banks in the United States owing to the financial needs of the national government seem to have been more than offset by the necessity the Canadian banks felt of maintaining their reserves at a high figure. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, under the circumstances that the earnings of the Bank of Montreal this year were \$102,853.03 less than last year. The earnings for the year ending April 30, 1894, amounted to 10.94 percent on the capital stock of the bank; this year they amount to 10.09 on the capital stock. For some years past there has been a steady reduction in the earning powers of this bank. The statements for the last five years show the earnings for each year to be as follows:—

1891.....	\$514,900.45
1892.....	1,265,587.93
1893.....	1,324,920.29
1894.....	1,332,289.80
1895.....	1,210,436.77

During the year 1891 a change in the general management took place, and the new management, as is usual on assuming control, made very great allowances for bad and doubtful debts, thus greatly reducing the net earnings for that year. It will be seen that every year since 1892 has shown a reduction in the net earnings, and this year the decline is the greatest of the period. The percentage of net earnings to the capital stock of the bank for the last four years was as follows:—

1892.....	11.05
1893.....	11.94
1894.....	10.94
1895.....	10.09

The earnings for the first three years

of the period were remarkably steady, but there was a slight decline each year, and this year it is much more marked. The Bank of Montreal is a very good and reliable barometer as to the condition of business generally over the whole Dominion, and its record plainly declares that Canada has not been prosperous for some years and that as yet no improvement over the Dominion as a whole is manifest.

A NATIONAL FLAG.

When Newfoundland comes in our country will be more complete. We cannot say complete in view of the pilferings of our neighbors in delimitation treaties and their offensive seizure of Alaska. Among its effects this annexation will, no doubt, bring about an addition to the menagerie upon our country's flag. Often as they have seen the curious prints which purport to be the flag of our country, we presume very few of our readers know what animals and vegetables are already on them. Of animals there are only five as yet on the flag now usually flown. There is a libbard representing England in the arms of Quebec and the same in the arms of New Brunswick; a silver salmon in those of Nova Scotia, and a bison in the escutcheon of Manitoba. The bison being now almost an extinct animal looks well in the gallery of the immortals, and will henceforth take a fitting place among the gryphons and dragons of heraldry. As for the salmon he seems likely to outlive all efforts to pin him to flags or to crush him with seals, and to be quite independent of monumental immortality. Of plants, Nova Scotia sports the thistle of Scotland and Prince Edward Island modestly represents her luteness under the guise of a little oak beside a big one. The lilies of France appear on the arms of Quebec. For the rest the maple leaf prevails. It is found in the chief place in the bearings of Ontario, inferiorly in those of Quebec, and in the form of a wreath in those of British Columbia. The wreath and crown which enclose this museum upon the flags which are common among us have no business on them. They were put there not by the College of Heraldry, which administers the royal prerogative in such matters, but by a worthy printer of bunting in Glasgow, whence we have most of our flags. The addition of provinces has been a sad expense to the flag printers, who have had always to make new blocks. This was, strictly speaking, unnecessary, as Canada has never had her arms changed since confederation, and, by authority, only include those of the four original provinces. It is only fair, however, that all the provinces should have their place and that we should have a codfish or something for Newfoundland when she comes in, a gopher for Mr. Davin's province, and so forth. The prospective annexation of Newfoundland affords, however, a fitting occasion to put an end to all this jargon, which, whatever the value of the emblems for local purposes, is preposterous upon a flag which should be as simple as it is possible to make it—something that everyone in the country would recognize and come to love. A simple maple leaf should be put in the place of all these complications. It is a Canadian emblem known and recognized all over the country. It is a form of exquisite beauty. It is simple enough to be made and sewed in by any pilot's or lighthouse keeper's wife. It could be recognized at any distance and could be hung with pride over our school houses as a thing of our own. The British red ensign, with the union jack in the corner and a great maple leaf in the fly, would be a flag any country could be proud of. When Australasia forms her confederation she could adopt, as at least three of the antipodean provinces have already done, the stars of the Southern Cross, the most beautiful constellation in the sky, on a blue field, and other colonial groups will be able to select for themselves similarly happy inventions.

BOODLING POLITICIANS INDICTED.

Marion, Ill., May 15.—Indictments have been returned by the Grand Jury against a number of local politicians for accepting money during the last campaign for their votes and influence. The law, which is a new one, makes the punishment imprisonment in the county jail and disfranchisement for from one to five years. Some of those indicted are holding important offices.

LIBEL ON BARON DE WORMS.

CLAIMED AS A 'LONG LOST FATHER' BY A LABORER WHO GOT EIGHTEEN MONTHS' HARD LABOR FOR THE ASSERTION.

London, May 15.—The case of a curious libel on Baron H. de Worms came on for trial yesterday at the Old Bailey, when a laborer, James Slater, who has been posing as the son of the Baron, was indicted. Mr. Poland, who prosecuted, said the prisoner had threatened to publish the libel with the view of extorting money. The accused was forty-two years of age, his father being a weaver. Baron Henry de Worms was born in London in 1840, and was thus thirteen years old at the time the prisoner was born; nevertheless the prisoner began in January last to write to him, claiming to be his son. The letters were disregarded until August, when Baron de Worms got the Chief Constable of Blackburn to see him and explain the serious nature of his offences. But this only made the letters more frequent. The prisoner threatened to denounce him in the press if he did not come to some arrangement, and swore he would continue to write "if it cost him his life." The Baron had, therefore, no course but to institute the present proceedings. Baron de Worms gave evidence bearing out counsel's statement. No witnesses were called for the defence, but his counsel argued that the accused, who was a hard working man, had no idea of extorting money, but simply had endeavored to find his lost father. The jury found the prisoner guilty and he was sentenced to eighteen months' hard labor.

MUSIC PUBLISHERS' RIGHTS.

SUIT ENTERED BY THE ANGLO-CANADIAN COMPANY, OF TORONTO, AGAINST THE PARTIES WHOM IT ACCUSES OF VIOLATING THE COPYRIGHT ACT.

Toronto, Ont., May 15.—Music publishers are endeavoring to assert their rights. The Anglo-Canadian Company has entered two suits against persons who, it claims, have infringed on the Copyright Act. The first suit is against S. D. Rogers, chairman, and the Union Council of the Canadian Order of Foresters. The plaintiffs claim that at a concert given in April by the Foresters a sixty-page programme was published, and made up partly of a list of songs which were specially copyrighted by the plaintiffs' company. A second suit is against Mr. Sid. Thompson, music teacher. It is claimed that he has been in the habit of importing and distributing songs which are sold in the United States for five cents a piece, but which have been copyrighted in Canada and are sold at a much greater price here.

JOHN C. ALLEN'S LIABILITIES.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 15.—The inventory and schedules in the general assignment of John C. Allen, broker to Samuel Well, was filed with the county clerk yesterday. It shows liabilities of \$76,335.59, nominal assets of \$10,572.34, and actual assets of \$4,885.27.

A DESERTER RETURNS.

Kingston, Ont., May 15.—Trumpeter Herbert Proctor, who, with Driver Winfield, deserted from A Battery several weeks ago, has returned and given himself up.

WANTS THE MOUNTAIN.

THE INCLINE RAILWAY COMPANY MAKES CERTAIN REQUESTS.

At the meeting of the Mount Royal Park Committee, yesterday afternoon, the Incline Railway Company asked permission to extend their line from their present station to Park avenue, and also from the top of the mountain to proceed to the entrance of the two cemeteries.

CIRCUIT COURT DELAYS.

COMPLAINTS AND SUGGESTIONS BY A LAW JOURNAL.

The 'Daily Record' publishes the following article:—"The attorney-general should instantly take the delays in the Circuit Court into consideration. There are thousands of cases awaiting adjudication, and it is altogether an outrage to those before the courts of this district that justice should be so long delayed. There are over ten thousand cases entered in the Circuit Court every year, and to expect two judges to dispose of the percentage of these that come to trial is absurd. It should be remembered that the procedure in these cases is the same as in the Superior Court, and on account of the lesser cost, has a greater tendency to multiply and become involved, taking up more frequently the time of the court. The principles of law and equity are just as important as where larger amounts are involved. If, whenever in any court there are arrears, the chief justice had the power to refer cases to the decision of a temporary judge, selected by him from the advocates of a certain standing, a means would be provided of keeping the courts up to date with the work. Otherwise more judges will have to be appointed."

MILITARY ENCAMPMENTS.

WHERE THEY WILL BE HELD AND WHEN.

The following are the dates and composition of the military camps this summer:—
Military district No. 1, June 18, at Wolseley barracks, London, Ont., 1st Hussars, 21st, 22nd, 27th, 29th and 32nd battalions.
Military district No. 2, June 18, at Niagara on the Lake, the 2nd Dragoons, 12th, 13th, 37th and 77th battalions, and regimental camps within the regimental division of the 35th and 36th battalions.
Military districts Nos. 3 and 4, at Kingston, Ont., on June 18, 3rd Dragoons and 5th Hussars, 40th, 46th, 49th and 56th battalions.
Military district No. 5, at Lacaprairie, Que., June 25, 6th Hussars, 64th, 76th, 83rd and 87th battalions.
Military district No. 6, Compton, Quebec, June 25, 5th Dragoons, and at the Infantry barracks, St. Johns, Que., on June 25, the 54th, 58th and 74th battalions.
Military district No. 7, at Point Lévis, Q., on June 25, the 23rd, 61st, 70th and 8th battalions.
Military district No. 8, at Sussex, N. B., on June 25, 4th Hussars, Brighton Engineer Company, and the 73rd and 74th battalions.
Military district No. 9—Regimental camps in regimental districts of the King's Canadian Hussars, 72nd, 75th, 53rd and 94th battalions.
Military district No. 12, on June 25, at a place to be selected by the commanding officer of the 82nd battalion.

COTES DES NEIGES CEMETERY.

The Fabrique of Notre Dame has amended the regulations and by-laws affecting the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. One important feature of the amendments is that, in future, no railing or fence of any kind will be allowed to be placed around cemetery lots.

COURT OF APPEAL.

The May term of the Court of Appeal will open to-morrow morning at ten o'clock with 33 cases on the roll.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Wednesday, May 15, 1895.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Cable advices to the Board of Trade this morning are as follows:—London, Wednesday, May 15, 1895.—Cargoes of coast, wheat quiet and steady; maize quiet. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, buyers and sellers apart; maize quiet. La Plata, seller, on passage, 24s; one cargo of wheat and two of maize sold. Mixed American maize, seller and steamer, prompt, 22s 6d; La Plata cargoes of yellow American maize June and July, 20s 4 1/2d. French country markets firm. Liverpool spot wheat quiet, demand poor; spot maize, steady, demand moderate. Minneapolis first bakers' flour, 18s.
Liverpool

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS'

Special Grand Announcement of our Great Clearing Sale

Commences TO-DAY, Wednesday, the 15th day of May,

When our Entire Stock, including this season's importations, must be disposed of prior to removal to our new premises on St. Catherine Street. And to enable us to accomplish our object, we have made THE FOLLOWING SWEEPING REDUCTIONS. List of Reductions in each department for To-day's Opening Sale. Further Reductions and changes will appear from day to day in our advertisement. This being a Genuine Net Cash Sale, all previous Discounts will be discontinued. The following are the Reductions in each department for To-day's Sale:—

A DEPT.—DRESS GOODS.

Lot 1—Black and White Dress Goods, \$1.15 to \$1.50 to 60c.
Lot 2—Black and White Dress Goods, 50c to 60c.
Lot 3—Black and White Dress Goods, \$1.25 to \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 4—Black and White Dress Goods, \$1.35 to \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 5—Black and White Dress Goods, \$1.00 to \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 6—Colored Dress Goods, 25c to 10c.
Lot 7—Colored Dress Goods, 40c to 20c.
Lot 8—Colored Dress Goods, 50c to 40c.
Lot 9—Colored Dress Goods, 75c to 50c.
Lot 10—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.10 to 50c.
Lot 11—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.25 to 50c.
Lot 12—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 13—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.25 to 50c.
Lot 14—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 15—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.25 to 50c.
Lot 16—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 17—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.25 to 50c.
Lot 18—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.50 to 50c.
Lot 19—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.25 to 50c.
Lot 20—Colored Dress Goods, \$1.50 to 50c.

C DEPT.—LACES, EMBROIDERIES AND HANDKERCHIEFS.

Lot 1—Colored Silk Laces, 25c yard to 2c.
Lot 2—Black and White Laces, from 50c to \$2.25, Half Price.
Lot 3—Ladies' Colored Scarfs, \$1 for 40c.
Lot 4—Ladies' Colored Scarfs, \$1.50 to \$1.00.
Lot 5—Ladies' Black Watered Silk Scarfs, \$2.50 to \$1.25.
Lot 6—Narrow Colored Veilings, only 3c yard.
Lot 7—Old Lot Gossamer Veilings, 10 yard.
Lot 8—Old Lot Chiffon, 10 yard.
Lot 9—Ladies' Lawn Ties, white and colored, 30c, 40c, 50c, for 15c each.
Lot 10—Ladies' Hat Scarfs, 10c to 15c each.
Lot 11—Children's Colored Embroidered Collars, 10c each.
Lot 12—Children's Yoke Laces, 1c and 2c yard.
Lot 13—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 14—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 15—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 16—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 17—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 18—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 19—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.
Lot 20—Children's Collar Embroidery, 10c and 20c.

D DEPT.—GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Lot 1—A lot of Four-in-hand Ties, 25c, 30c, 35c, now 15c each.
Lot 2—Another lot of 75c, for 25c.
Lot 3—Fine Bow Ties, 25c, for 15c.
Lot 4—Black Knot Ties, 25c, for 15c.
Lot 5—Black Bow Ties, 25c, for 15c.
Lot 6—Black Bow Ties, 25c, for 15c.
Lot 7—Men's White and Colored Braces, 25c, for 15c.
Lot 8—Men's Old Gent's Collars, 3c each, 5c doz.
Lot 9—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 10—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 11—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 12—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 13—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 14—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 15—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 16—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 17—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 18—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 19—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.
Lot 20—Men's White Braces, 50c, for 25c ea.

E DEPT.—HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.

Lot 1—Ladies' Natural Wool Vests, 50c, for 25c.
Lot 2—Ladies' White Wool Vests, short sleeves, 45c, for 25c.
Lot 3—Ladies' White and Natural Undershirts, 50c, for 25c.
Lot 4—Ladies' Natural Wool H. N. S. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 5—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 6—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 7—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 8—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 9—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 10—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 11—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 12—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 13—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 14—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 15—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 16—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 17—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 18—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 19—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 20—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.

F DEPT.—LINEN & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Lot 1—Ladies' Natural Wool Vests, 50c, for 25c.
Lot 2—Ladies' White Wool Vests, short sleeves, 45c, for 25c.
Lot 3—Ladies' White and Natural Undershirts, 50c, for 25c.
Lot 4—Ladies' Natural Wool H. N. S. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 5—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 6—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 7—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 8—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 9—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 10—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 11—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 12—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 13—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 14—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 15—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 16—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 17—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 18—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 19—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.
Lot 20—Children's S. H. S., 50c, for 25c.

G DEPT.—MILLINERY.

Lot 1—Box Flowers, original price 50c per bunch, now 30c bunch.
Lot 2—Box Flowers, worth 75c, for 10c bunch.
Lot 3—Box Flowers, worth 1.00, for 25c.
Lot 4—Box Flowers, worth 1.50, for 40c.
Lot 5—Box Flowers, worth 2.00, for 60c.
Lot 6—Box Flowers, worth 2.50, for 80c.
Lot 7—Box Flowers, worth 3.00, for 1.00.
Lot 8—Box Flowers, worth 3.50, for 1.25.
Lot 9—Box Flowers, worth 4.00, for 1.50.
Lot 10—Box Flowers, worth 4.50, for 1.75.
Lot 11—Box Flowers, worth 5.00, for 2.00.
Lot 12—Box Flowers, worth 5.50, for 2.25.
Lot 13—Box Flowers, worth 6.00, for 2.50.
Lot 14—Box Flowers, worth 6.50, for 2.75.
Lot 15—Box Flowers, worth 7.00, for 3.00.
Lot 16—Box Flowers, worth 7.50, for 3.25.
Lot 17—Box Flowers, worth 8.00, for 3.50.
Lot 18—Box Flowers, worth 8.50, for 3.75.
Lot 19—Box Flowers, worth 9.00, for 4.00.
Lot 20—Box Flowers, worth 9.50, for 4.25.

H DEPT.—SMALLWARES AND NOTIONS.

Lot 1—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$11.50, for \$4.49.
Lot 2—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.50, for \$5.00.
Lot 3—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 4—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 5—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 6—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 7—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 8—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 9—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 10—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 11—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 12—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 13—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 14—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 15—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 16—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 17—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 18—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 19—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.
Lot 20—Ladies' Jackets, original price \$13.00, for \$4.50.

I DEPT.—PRINTS AND FANCY COTTON DRESS GOODS.

Lot 1—Box Flowers, original price 50c per bunch, now 30c bunch.
Lot 2—Box Flowers, worth 75c, for 10c bunch.
Lot 3—Box Flowers, worth 1.00, for 25c.
Lot 4—Box Flowers, worth 1.50, for 40c.
Lot 5—Box Flowers, worth 2.00, for 60c.
Lot 6—Box Flowers, worth 2.50, for 80c.
Lot 7—Box Flowers, worth 3.00, for 1.00.
Lot 8—Box Flowers, worth 3.50, for 1.25.
Lot 9—Box Flowers, worth 4.00, for 1.50.
Lot 10—Box Flowers, worth 4.50, for 1.75.
Lot 11—Box Flowers, worth 5.00, for 2.00.
Lot 12—Box Flowers, worth 5.50, for 2.25.
Lot 13—Box Flowers, worth 6.00, for 2.50.
Lot 14—Box Flowers, worth 6.50, for 2.75.
Lot 15—Box Flowers, worth 7.00, for 3.00.
Lot 16—Box Flowers, worth 7.50, for 3.25.
Lot 17—Box Flowers, worth 8.00, for 3.50.
Lot 18—Box Flowers, worth 8.50, for 3.75.
Lot 19—Box Flowers, worth 9.00, for 4.00.
Lot 20—Box Flowers, worth 9.50, for 4.25.

J DEPT.—MANTLES.

Lot 1—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 2—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 3—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 4—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 5—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 6—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 7—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
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Lot 19—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.
Lot 20—Ladies' Capes, original price \$7.50, for \$1.99.

THIS BEING A GENUINE NET CASH CLEARING SALE WE HAVE REDUCED ALL GOODS IN THE HOUSE.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

203 to 207 ST. ANTOINE STREET, 144 to 150 MOUNTAIN STREET. - - - TELEPHONE 8225.
BRANCH—ST. CATHERINE STREET, CORNER BUCKINGHAM AVENUE. - - TELEPHONE 3335.

THE ALDERMEN'S ROW.

This Disgraceful Periodical Ceremony Celebrated Last Night.

NOISE, AND THEN MORE NOISE.

"I WILL TRAMPLE ON YOU AND SIT ON YOU, TOO," OBSERVED ALD. ROBERT.

THE MAYOR LEFT THE CHAIR AND ALD. LECLERC JUMPED INTO IT—PREFONTAINE TOLD THE MAYOR TO "GET OUT"—CITIZENS WERE REMOVED BY THE POLICE—A WILD AND WINDY TIME OF IT AT THE CITY HALL.

Roadwork reign supreme at the meeting of the City Council last night. The police were called in and a number of citizens were turned out of the hall.

The Mayor was escorted by Ald. Prefontaine and his followers because he refused to give way to their wishes. The Mayor was in the gallery approved of the Mayor's action and the Mayor's action was approved of by the Mayor.

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Davis. The feeling at times was so fierce that it was thought blows would be struck.

The meeting opened by Ald. Savignac moving, seconded by Ald. Prefontaine, that the report of the sub-committee, on the Davis-Laforest matter, be received by the council. In amendment Ald. Penny, seconded by Ald. Nolan, moved that certain words, which stated that Mr. Laforest was to blame in matters of minor importance, and which were left out of the report, without the knowledge of Ald. Penny, be inserted in the report. This amendment led to the first scene and showed what bitterness was felt toward Mr. Davis. The crowd in the gallery began to hiss and Ald. McBride said that the galleries should be cleared.

For three or four minutes Ald. Leclerc shouted at the top of his voice while Ald. Penny was on his feet.

Finally, peace was restored and the Mayor said that unless the aldermen kept quiet he would leave the chair. Ald. Penny got a chance to speak at last and explained that he had been chairman of the sub-committee and that he was of the opinion that the words he referred to had been in the report until he saw a printed copy of it. He went on to say that Mr. Laforest had gone to the newspaper office to request that these very words did not appear in the papers against him. He hoped the council would do what was just and have the words entered in the report by leaving them out. Mr. Laforest was completely exonerated.

The Mayor decided that on account of its wording the amendment was out of order.

Ald. Penny then wanted to take his name from the sub-committee's report and it was moved by Ald. McBride that he be allowed to withdraw his name.

"No, no," came a chorus of voices. Ald. Stevenson said it was a rascally thing for the members to refuse to let Mr. Penny withdraw his name when he had stated that the report was not what he had thought it was. He was amazed at the feeling that was being shown against Mr. Davis. He asked that Mr. Penny be given justice and be allowed to withdraw his name.

Ald. Nolan said that Mr. Penny had a perfect right to withdraw his name when he saw the report had been tampered with.

Both Ald. Savignac and Prefontaine said that Ald. Penny had noticed that the words were not in the report when he read it over before it was sent to the printers.

Aldermen McBride and Costigan said it was customary for members to withdraw their names from reports without asking permission to do so; consequently Mr. Penny should be allowed to withdraw his name from a report which he no longer concurred in. Ald. Costigan

said it was a shame that some of the members had tried to make out that the question was now a race cry, so far as the English people were concerned.

In biting language Ald. Prefontaine said Ald. Penny must have been a fool to have signed the report when he did not know what it contained.

This remark drew much applause from the gallery and interrupted the proceedings.

In conclusion, Ald. Prefontaine said there was no reason why the report should now be altered or Mr. Penny allowed to withdraw his name from it, as he had not been imposed upon by the other two members of the sub-committee, as he had insinuated.

Ald. Penny said he had made no such insinuations.

Ald. Kennedy wanted to know whether if Ald. Penny was allowed to put the words in the report, he would support it. To this question Ald. Penny refused to answer and drew upon himself the criticism of Ald. Prefontaine who said that the truth of the matter was that Ald. Penny was not in love with the report and now wanted to shirk the responsibility of it.

Ald. Smith said he was not in love with the management of the Water Department and did not know what nationality Mr. Davis, the chief of that department, belonged to, but he thought that he should be treated without any race feelings. He knew the members often signed reports without reading them and that Mr. Penny should be allowed to withdraw his name.

The vote on Ald. McBride's motion, that Mr. Penny be allowed to withdraw his name from the report, was defeated by a vote of fifteen to ten. The result of the vote caused great clapping of hands in the galleries and the Mayor threatened to clear them unless such expressions of feeling were kept under control.

There is a nigger in the fence somewhere in this matter, said Ald. Kennedy, at which there was loud laughter. Ald. Nolan said the words that Ald. Penny wanted inserted were in the original manuscript when he read it but that they were taken out after the manuscript was given to the typewriter. The typewriter told me himself, and also told some of the reporters, that he had been instructed by Ald. Savignac to leave the words in question out of the typewritten report.

If such is the case it is a scandalous thing, said Ald. Stevenson.

Ald. Penny then made an amendment that the words be put back in the report. Ald. Savignac said that Ald. Nolan's accusation was false; he had given the typewriter no such order.

The vote on Ald. Penny's motion was defeated by fifteen to ten.

A motion was then made by Ald. Costigan that the discussion be left over till the investigation, about to open into the entire workings of the Water Department, was completed.

In this motion Ald. Smith concurred. He spoke of the habit of a certain number of the aldermen always voting as though they had made up their minds what they were going to do previously and nothing that could be done or said could alter their opinions.

This stung the aldermen for whom it was intended, and the result was another uproar.

Ald. Stevenson said it was a shame the way Ald. Robert and other aldermen treated those who were in the minority when they rose to speak.

"I will tramp on you and sit on you, too," roared Ald. Robert, "if you talk to me in that manner."

This is shameful, and if you don't stop this unparliamentary conduct, Ald. Robert, I will leave the chair," said the Mayor.

This led to another uproar. Ald. Costigan's motion was finally put and was defeated by fourteen to eleven. The great row which eclipsed all the others now broke out and resulted in breaking up the meeting. Two members rose to make a motion and they both declared that they were first. The majority of the aldermen began to shout, thump the table and gesticulate wildly and it was in vain the Mayor called for order.

By the clock in the council chamber it was now just eleven o'clock, the hour set for closing and the Mayor ran down the steps and declared the meeting over. Before the Mayor left the chair Ald. Prefontaine had been wanting to get in a motion to adjourn, till this (Wednesday) evening, and seeing that he had failed to get his motion put, he best savagely on his desk and shaking his fist at the Mayor, who stood near him, yelled: "Get out of this, we do not want you here, get out, get out, I say!"

The mad behavior of the king of the council inflamed his followers and they began to scream at the Mayor and run about the council chamber. The crowd dashed into the council chamber.

Ald. Leclerc ran up the steps and seated himself in the Mayor's chair and said he would be mayor if the Mayor would not act.

WATER WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Hand Hose.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that any person who desires to use hand hose in connection with the City water supply is bound to obtain every year a permit to that effect, and to pay in advance the rate (\$2.00) imposed by law, under a severe penalty, and that all persons found using any such hose, without having paid the said rate, shall be prosecuted according to law.

(By order),

A. DAVIS, Supt. of M.W.W. WATER WORKS OFFICE, CITY HALL, Montreal, May 13, 1895.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

ISSUED.

MONEY TO LEND.

—BY—

JOHN M. M. DUFF, ACCOUNTANT AND COMMISSIONER,

107 St. James st. and 845 Prince Arthur st.

Refrigerators!

The largest stock in the city. A varied assortment in Pine, Ash and Glass, amongst which are the well-known "North Star," "Palace," "Grocer," "Economy," "Comfort," "Better than Ever," etc.

PRICES FROM \$7.00 UPWARD.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GEO. W. REED, Manufacturer,

783 and 785 CRAIG STREET WEST.

10.

pandemonium. Through it all Ald. Leclerc, who had no business in the Mayor's chair, tried to play mayor, and winking at the infuriated mob, and the aldermen, ironically asked the Mayor to take the chair and take up the business again.

So terribly infuriated was Ald. Prefontaine that it was thought, more than once, he would strike the Mayor, who, however, stood his ground bravely and said time was up and that no more business should be done. The uproar got so unbearable that the police were called in and tried to clear the floor.

Ald. Prefontaine got a number of the aldermen to sign in favor of a meeting on Friday night.

Auction Sales.

M. Hicks & Co.

VERY EXTENSIVE

SALE OF

Excellent Second-hand Pianos

In Upright, Square and

Concert Grand.

The subscribers are instructed to sell at their rooms, Nos. 1521 and 1523 Notre Dame street, on

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 16th,

A large number of very good Second-hand Pianos, including the following makers:—

Steinway, Chickering, Haines, Knabe & Co.,

Marshall & Wendell, Minor & Sons, Gilbert

of Boston; New York Piano Co., Schadel

& Co., Burger & Co., and other makers.

This is the most important Auction Sale of Pianos held in the city for some years.

The instruments can be inspected on Wednesday.

SALE AT 2.30 O'CLOCK.

M. HICKS & CO.,

Auctioneers

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAN

MOTORS

FOR ALL

ELECTRIC LIGHT

CIRCUITS.

\$20 and \$25.

JOHN FORMAN,

650 Craig Street.

MONEY TO LEND

At Low Rate of Interest and on

favorable terms, on first-class

property.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. of Canada.

A BRITISH POST ATTACKED.

NATIVE TRIBESMEN IN PAMIR RISE
IN REBELLION—TWENTY
COOLIES KILLED.

Simla, May 15.—A telegram from Dir says the native tribesmen have made a night attack upon the British post at Kambat. Seven coolies are reported killed and twenty wounded.

M'MASTER CHANCELLORSHIP.

Toronto, May 15.—The chancellorship of McMaster University, vacant by the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Hand, has been offered to the Rev. O. C. S. Wallace, pastor of the Bloor street Baptist Church. He has not yet decided whether or not he will accept.

CAUCUS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 15.—The first caucus of the Ministerialists was held from ten o'clock this morning to one o'clock this afternoon. It was a serious meeting, and the absence of the usual cheers for the cut and dried programme of the old days was marked. The Premier talked to them on the school question and urged them to be reticent. In reply to questions he passed his word that no legislative step would be taken on the school matter unless it was first submitted to the caucus. The Hudson's Bay loan was discussed but no determination arrived at.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF CANADA.

IT MEETS AT OTTAWA—SOME OF THOSE WHO ARE IN ATTENDANCE.

Ottawa, May 15.—The Royal Society met this morning, Mr. Lemahieu, Quebec, in the chair. Among the thirty present were the Hon. G. W. Ross, Ontario Minister of Education, the Hon. J. W. Longley, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia; Sir William Dawson, a number of McGill professors and Archbishop O'Brien of Halifax. The report to council recommended a Cabot celebration at Halifax next year.

THE 'ELBE' DISASTER.

Herr Donner, of the Prussian Council of State, discusses the public mind regarding the Emperor William's criticism.

London, May 15.—The coroner at Lowestoft has received a letter from Herr Donner, a member of the Prussian Council of State, in which he says he has good reason to believe that the report is untrue that the Emperor severely criticized the verdict of the jury in the matter of the collision between the 'Crathle' and the 'Elbe.' Herr Donner writes that he knows that a copy of the coroner's report was submitted to the Emperor, whose remarks thereupon were of a character criticizing the North German Lloyd's for not sending witnesses to the Lowestoft inquiry.

PIKE'S PEAK TAGGART.

IT IS THE CHILD'S NAME AND HE WAS BORN 12,000 FEET ABOVE THE SEA.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 15.—Dr. Christopher, of Colorado Springs, was conveyed by special train on Saturday to the summit of Pike's Peak, where he attended the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. John Taggart. Mr. Taggart is foreman of the Manitou and Pike's Peak cog road, and for a month has lived in a house a mile and a half above timber line, 12,000 feet above the sea. This is the first recorded birth at so great an elevation in the Rocky Mountains, and probably on this continent. The youngster weighed ten pounds. The parents have named him Pike's Peak Taggart.

GAS MEN IN CONVENTION.

Pittsburg, May 15.—The eighteenth annual convention of the Western Gas Association, composed of gas engineers of the United States and Canada, opened here to-day. The chief subject for discussion by the delegates will be a proposal for increasing the power of illuminating gas and at the same time reduce the price to the consumer. A great many devices will be exhibited and many lengthy papers on the subject will be read.

A SINGULAR GRIEVANCE.

About the queerest of all recorded grievances is one which the workmen of Glasgow are discussing just now, and upon which the English papers are commenting with cynical appreciation. Glasgow owns and operates its own tramway lines, it being the policy of that city neither to sell nor give away public franchises. Tickets at reduced price are sold for cars running at certain hours when working people are going to and from their places of employment. Recently the purchase of these tickets were surprised to find, printed on the back of each, a scripture text. Nobody objected to this until the discovery was made that no such inscriptions had been placed on the higher-priced bits of pasteboard used by people to whom the saving of a few pennies a week is not a matter of importance. Immediately there was a vigorous outcry. The distinction was invidious and the implication offensive. The hosts of labor went angrily to the city fathers for an explanation. They were told that 'a certain pious gentleman' had bought the right to spread the truth in this peculiar way, and that he, not the corporation, was responsible for the selection of only one class of the public on which to try the scheme. In short, the texts were advertisements; they appeared only where payment for them had been made, and the city would be only too glad to sell the backs of all its tickets in the same way. To prevent any further misunderstanding the usual 'Advt.' is now placed at the end of each text. This produces a sentence that reads most queerly, sometimes, but that is a phase of the case nobody has yet thought it worth while to take up.

KILLED ON THE TRACK.

Edward St. Jean, Jr., of 1210 Ontario street, was killed on the C.P.R. track, near Back River, at eight o'clock last evening, while walking towards the village from St. Vincent. He was with the intention of taking the train home from there. The engineer on the Canadian Pacific express saw the man in front of his train, and blew the whistle three times, but no notice was taken of the warning, for the reason, perhaps, that the wind was blowing hard the other way. The body was frightfully mangled. A coroner's jury this morning returned a verdict of accidental death.

A STRIKE ON THE SOULANGES CANAL.

A report comes from the Soulanges canal that some fifty laborers employed on section 10, under Messrs. Rogers & Taylor, contractors, have gone on a strike, because of a refusal to increase their wages from \$1 to \$1.25 per day. Trouble is anticipated if strangers are brought on to take the strikers' place.

CITY ITEMS.

The St. Henri Board of Health has condemned the G. T. R. station in that locality as insanitary and threatens legal proceedings if repairs are not immediately made.

CLAIM AGAINST THE CITY.

An action for \$500 damages has been taken against the city by J. B. Dubois, on account of injuries received by being thrown out of his sleigh in February last owing to the alleged bad condition of the street.

A MANUFACTURER ASSIGNS.

Beaudry & Frere, manufacturers, have assigned the demand of E. H. Lemay, with liabilities of about \$1,000.

THE TRIAL OF JABEZ BALFOUR.

London, May 15.—In the Bow street police court to-day the magistrate intimated that Jabez Spencer Balfour would be committed for trial upon the initial charge in the indictment against him, referring exclusively to the Liberator Building Society. Balfour, through counsel, resists his defence in the hearing of the other charges against him and the case was adjourned.

THE FROST.

Worcester, Mass., May 15.—The thermometer touched the freezing point last night, and heavy frosts are reported from various sections of this country. At Holden ice formed and in Grafton and Upton the apple blossoms are blighted.

CORNELL PREPARING.

RECORD BREAKING EXPECTED AT HENLEY.

Ithaca, N.Y., May 15.—Rough water prevented the usual practice race on the lake yesterday of the Cornell crew, but did not prevent work on the inlet, and the work of the Henley crew was all that could be desired. Gradually Courtney, coach, becomes more good natured and talkative, always a sign that the work of the crews is pleasing him. The selection of the four additional men who will go to England with the eight already selected has not been decided upon. An example of how Courtney picks the best eight was given yesterday. The 'Varsity and Henley' crews were lined up for a quarter mile tussle. In the Henley boat were Matthews, Spillman, Hager, Freeborn, Hall, Shape, Dyer and Hamilton. The struggle was a pretty one to witness, but in the Henley boat gained on the 'Varsity' until finally at the finish the Henley crew won by three-quarters of a boat length. This was not satisfactory to Courtney, however. The crew were ordered back, Shape and Dyer being taken out of the Henley boat and Fennell and Louis taking their places. Again another struggle and the improvement in the Henley crew was apparent. The blade work is beautiful while the pendulum body motion is regularly itself. This time the Henley crew were victors by three boat lengths. The Henley crew is a terrific one and there are few boatmen who will credit the statement that the crew is at ease when they are rowing at fifty strokes to the minute. A representative of some English papers here a few days ago would not believe the crew could row such a high stroke. He was taken out on the launch by Courtney, and the four crews ranged alongside and told by Courtney to get going and let out fairly well but to keep something up their sleeves. The Englishman took out his timepiece and the various expressions on his face were worthy a photographer's observation. The Henley crew set the pace from the start. Beginning with thirty-eight strokes Hamilton gradually worked it up to forty-two, then to forty-four and when the stroke went to forty-six the visitor became so excited he yelled 'Impossible.' He was further excited when the stroke reached fifty, and exclaimed, 'When I tell them this in England, they will say I lied.' As the time of the departure of the crew grows near the excitement over the race continues to grow. The greatest confidence is placed in Courtney and as a Cornell crew has already rowed a mile and a half in six minutes and forty seconds and the best time made on the Henley course is 6.51, and for less than a mile and an half, it is confidently asserted that the Cornell Henley crew, conceded already to be the best and speediest ever turned out here will not only run away from the English crews, but smash the English records for the Henley course.

LONDON PAPERS BOYCOTT THE POPE.

(London 'Saturday Review'.)

The Pope's letter to the English people was sent to the 'Times' for publication, instead of one of the recognized news agencies. The letter has consequently been boycotted by the 'Daily News', the 'Standard' and the 'Daily Telegraph', thus losing half a million readers. A good many Roman Catholics are inveighing against Cardinal Vaughan for this display of favoritism. It is not by such methods, they tell us, that the Roman Catholic Church has won popularity in the United States.

INSTALLED IN THE CHATEAU.

THE HISTORICAL MUSEUM OF THE
NUMISMATIC AND ANTI-
QUARIAN SOCIETY.

The Chateau de Ramezay is tenanted once more. After doing duty as a Viceregal palace to two different governments, as an emporium of a wealthy monopoly, as the headquarters of an invading army, as a private residence, as a law court, as a training school for teachers, and as a university, it is now a relic of the past in itself, become a place in where our past history can be seen and studied.

On Monday, the collection of the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society was removed thither. Two rooms had been repaired and cleaned, and the society met there for the first time last night. The meeting was a special one, and was the largest and most enthusiastic the society had ever held.

Judge Baby occupied the chair, and called upon the committee which had the arrangement of the Chateau in hand, to report. The report showed that forty dollars had been collected and about twenty had been expended in fitting up. As about \$3,000 would be required to fit up and maintain the museum for a year, collectors were appointed to canvass the city to raise this amount. The report suggested that those subscribing large amounts in money or property, should be appointed life governors, who, together with the officers of the society, should form a board of trustees, to hold the funds and property of the museum, but as doubts were expressed as to whether this could be legally done, the proposition was left over to the next meeting, which will be held next Tuesday.

TORONTO JUNIOR ENDEAVOR.

Toronto, May 15.—The Junior Christian Endeavorers will hold a great public demonstration on Friday evening. They will march two thousand strong to the Massey Music Hall carrying banners and singing hymns. The Victoria Industrial School band will be present from Mimico. Mr. J. W. Bengough will give a half hour of picture making and the indications are that the vast building will see a jam eclipsing even the memorable crush at the Laurier meeting.

SS. 'WILLIAM BOOTH'.

Toronto, May 15.—The Salvation Army steamer 'William Booth' is booked to leave to-morrow at noon on a salvation cruise around the shores of the great lakes. She will be manned by nineteen Salvationists who will hold innumerable meetings at all points touched at, including the city of Chicago.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES.

THE GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH.

The congregation of the German Lutheran Church held its annual meeting for transacting business last evening. The Rev. R. Riedel, pastor, presided. The reports of the various departments were read and confirmed. It appeared that the financial conditions of the church had greatly improved in the past year and also the membership and attendance at the services much increased. The Rev. Riedel, in his address, commended the efforts of the members of the church and the financial conditions of the church had greatly improved in the past year and also the membership and attendance at the services much increased. The Rev. Riedel, in his address, commended the efforts of the members of the church and the financial conditions of the church had greatly improved in the past year and also the membership and attendance at the services much increased.

The members of the Duke of Edinburgh Lodge, No. 1, I.O.O.F., held a house-warming last night. The occasion was the removal to their new quarters, the Alexandria Hall, St. Catherine street. A large number of friends were present. The chair was taken by Bro. W. H. Huntley. The singing of Miss Eva Clarke, a pupil of Mrs. S. Dunn, gave a very great pleasure, as did also the eloquent contributions by Mr. R. O. Briggs, Mr. C. F. Briggs, Mr. R. Freytag, G. Gnaedinger and the honor. presidents, Messrs. G. Reinhard and W. Studer.

THE OLDEST OAK IN GREAT BRITAIN

Dr. A. J. Harrison, in the current number of the 'Naturalists' Journal', says the oldest oak in Great Britain is considered to be the Cowthorpe or Colthorpe one, growing near Ribstone Hall, in the West Riding. It is not only a remnant of the forests of ancient Britain, but a monarch among the kings of trees. The circumference of the trunk close to the ground is seventy-eight feet, and three feet higher it is still soft. A fall of the trunk would be hollowed and is capacious enough to contain a crowd. A few years ago the vicar of St. James's, Wetherby, and the churchwardens and school-children to the number of ninety-five got inside the tree, and while the vicar raised the union jack, the children sang the 'Old Hundred' and the 'National Anthem.'

THE DIGNITY OF A SCOTCH BAILLIE.

To toss one's cap up in the air in the presence of a Dundee baillie is evidently a serious offence. At the police court last week a laborer named Anderson was convicted of an unprovoked assault on a woman by striking her several blows in the face, cutting her lip and knocking her down. For this bit of ruffianism, Bailie Stephenson fined him £1. The defendant was delighted, as he well might be at the lightness of the penalty, and in his jubilation he threw his cap in the air. Thereupon, he was ordered back to the bench charged with contempt of court, and sentenced to a month's imprisonment. A more monstrous abuse of a magistrate's authority could scarcely be conceived. I have long had a decided opinion that the law with regard to 'contempt' in civil actions in the high court requires overhauling; but clearly there is quite as much necessity for dealing with the question at the lower end of the judicial system. Whatever latitude may be allowed to judges, it is absolutely unsafe to intrust the average magistrate with such a power as that which Bailie Stephenson exercised in this instance.—London 'Truth'.

WHY RED LOOKS BLACK IN THE DARK.

Most observing persons have noticed that, as twilight comes on, red objects lose their color sooner than others, finally appearing black while other colors are yet visible. We quote the following explanation of this fact from a review in the 'Lancet' of Captain Abney's lectures on 'Color Vision', just published in England: 'When the luminosity is gradually reduced, the various colors in great measure disappear, a person with normal vision passing through a stage of red-blindness as the intensity is diminished before he arrives at absolutely monochromatic vision. Captain Abney points out that the curious color of a moonlight landscape is entirely accounted for by this fact. White light becomes greenish blue as it diminishes in intensity, and the reds and yellows, being reduced or absent, are not reflected by surrounding objects. Hence moonlight is greenish blue while the sunlight is warm owing to their presence. The loss of colors in flowers as night draws on may be easily followed. Thus orange-colored flowers may be plainly distinguished, while a scarlet geranium appears black; green grass will be gray when the color of yellow flowers may yet be just visible.'

A PRIVILEGED PERSON.

Princess Mathilde is one of the few Roman Catholics who are entitled to eat during Lent by a special decree of the Pope. This dispensation was accorded to her under peculiar circumstances. When the Queen of Westphalia, the mother of Princess Mathilde, once paid a visit to Pope Pius XI. at the Vatican, the Pope had a special 'bull' drawn out for her benefit, in memory of her visit, dispensing her from fasting during the whole of her lifetime. Your Holiness will pardon me, said the Queen, but I am entitled to eat meat at all times, even without Your Holiness's permission, for I am a Protestant. The Pope smiled, and said: 'Well, then, I will transfer the dispensation to your daughter, Mathilde.' This was done, and the order remains in force to the present day.—'Debats.'

A VIGOROUS CENTENARIAN.

(From the London 'Daily News'.)

A Norwegian 'Illustrated' gives the portrait of a countrywoman, Kirsti, Eylof's daughter, a hundred and six years of age, resident at the Sognefjord. At the age of a hundred and two Kirsti, after a stay of several years with her son in another valley, returned to her birthplace at Sognefjord, and walked a considerable part of the distance. At the age of a hundred and four she went to a provincial exhibition with spinning wheels and won a prize. Her eyesight is still remarkably strong. In 1894 the old woman was obliged to take to bed for influenza, but recovered easily.

THE ETHICS OF COOKING EGGS.

HOW THEY MAY PLEASE ALIKE EYE, PALATE AND DIGESTION.

During the warm weather eggs are a most wholesome substitute for the hearty product of the meat stalls. Good authorities claim that at all seasons eggs are cheaper than meat. They are at once the easiest to prepare of all cooked foods, and the oftentimes poorly prepared, is the only excuse for their being encountered. English chateaux, and with their capacity for taking pains to do a small thing well, provide themselves with all kinds of attractive egg services for use on the table, and thus are enabled to prepare the eggs in an appetizing and wholesome way.

It is said that it takes a woman of intelligence to trim a kerosene lamp; it certainly takes such a woman to cook an egg properly. Yet almost any cook, the most inexperienced, will unhesitatingly say she can cook eggs—it is comparatively few who bear out the statement with facts. Tough fried and poached eggs, leathery omelets, dried curds for scrambled eggs—who has not been offered any one of these? The chafin dish is affording relief from such ills, fortunately, but to those who have not adopted this emancipator, it is worth while to study the ethics of egg cookery. A Frenchman has been able to include in a cook book of his preparing over one hundred ways to serve this nourishing article of diet.

Poached is one of the most delicate and digestible ways to cook an egg. The slightly salted water should be at a boiling point, but not bubbling. That tears the white to pieces and makes 'raggs' of it. The egg, broken first in a saucer or cup, should be slid easily in and the hot water heaped over the yolk as it cooks, to hasten its covering while it is still soft. A fall of the cream skimmer is the best utensil to take out the egg, and it should reach the table on a square of hot toast from which the crusts are cut, and on a hot plate, thirty seconds from the time of its leaving the water. The egg poacher is not liked by all cooks. The egg comes out in a beautiful circle, but before the yolk has hardened, it has hardened beyond the perfection point, the metal ring probably somewhat tempering the heat and action of the water. The poacher is useful, however, where a number of eggs must be done at once, though they need very careful watching. French cooks poach eggs in a ball, by giving the water a rapid rotary motion with a fork, and dropping the egg in the hole center of this swirl.

Scrambled eggs are only eatable when done soft. They should be taken from the fire while still soft enough to run, as they cook a few seconds longer, and even retain a hardening heat on their way to the table, all of which must be allowed. The French chef author has not disdained to make the frying of an egg to serve with a bit of broiled ham material for a considerable paragraph. Into a hot skillet are put a few drops of olive oil—enough to grease the pan thoroughly and prevent burning—and after a moment the egg is dropped in. A quarter of a minute suffices to set the egg so that it may be skillfully turned, and a second quarter of a minute finishes it. Serve on a folded napkin, which is essential to absorb the oil. With this, although the cook book does not say it, should go a slice of ham, thin as a ribbon of the tasseled crown, pink as the heart of a June rose, broiled, juicy and succulent, over a clear fire, and set to the table on a hot platter, with a bunch of watercresses in relief against its blushing perfection.

PERSPIRATION ON NOSES.

(From the Washington 'Post'.)

I ran across a new superstition the other day. It is the distrust the Virginia negroes have of persons who perspire on their noses. A friend of mine has had a really estimable maid for several months, but the other day the mistress found the maid on the eve of leaving, and all because she had seen beads of perspiration on my friend's nose, and people with noses of that kind are 'mean,' a word which to the Virginia negro signifies all that is undesirable, untrustworthy and evil.

HARBOR NEWS.

SS. 'Avlona,' Captain Baxter, arrived in port late yesterday afternoon with upwards of 17,000 boxes of fruit from Mediterranean ports, consigned to R. Reford & Co.

The Allan SS. 'Buenos Ayres,' Captain Vipond, arrived in port last evening, from Glasgow, with a general cargo. She sailed from Glasgow on May 2, and has made a good passage. She will probably sail on Sunday next.

The SS. 'Montevideo,' Captain Fairfull, arrived in port yesterday afternoon with a general cargo from London.

The Allan Line SS. 'Sarmatian,' which sailed yesterday morning for Glasgow, had, in addition to a large cargo, 400 head of cattle and 113 horses.

Before the SS. 'Rutherglen' sailed for London yesterday morning, some standards of deals had to be taken off her deck load to keep her from being top heavy.

The steamboat 'Sovereign,' Captain H. W. Shepherd, of the Ottawa River Navigation Company, will begin the regular trips on Monday next. The mails will be carried as heretofore to and from Oka, Comox, Hudson, Richmond, Carleton and Point Fortune.

The 'Teutonic,' which leaves here to-morrow morning for Glasgow, with a general cargo, will have on board 600 head of cattle, 500 sheep and 80 good looking horses.

The 'British Prince,' a fine looking steamship of 4500 tonnage, has accommodation for 40 saloon and a large number of steerage passengers. This is her first trip here, and she leaves on Friday with a general cargo and cattle for Liverpool.

SHIPPING.

The Allan mail SS. 'Sardinian,' from Montreal, arrived out on Tuesday afternoon.

New York, May 15.—Arrived SS. 'Majestic' from Liverpool.

New York, May 15.—Arrived SS. 'Circassia' from Glasgow.

Southampton, May 15.—Arrived SS. 'Paris' from New York.

Quebec, May 15.—Arrived SS. 'Osmanli' (Br.) Rotterdam; SS. 'Scotia' (Gr.), Hamburg.

London, May 15.—Arrived out, str. 'Phoenicia' and 'Suevia,' from New York.

The Dominion Line SS. 'Mariposa,' from Montreal, on May 3, and Quebec, on May 5, carrying 240 head of cattle, arrived in Liverpool at 9 a.m. to-day, and landed all her live stock in good condition.

FIRMER.

There was a fair amount of activity displayed on the local stock exchange yesterday, and values were firm to strong. Street Railway and Cable made each a fractional increase of values and other stocks sold around yesterday's best prices. Quite a little nest of bank shares were cleared out in view of it being the last transfer day before payment of dividends. A few each of Ontario, Peoples, Commerce, Hochelaga, Jacques Cartier and National changed hands.

The sales at the morning board are as follows:—50 Canadian Pacific at 53 1/2, 25 Cable at 149 1/2, 50 at 149 1/2, 410 at 149 1/2, 50 at 149 1/2, 200 Street Railway at 196 1/2, 50 new do. at 194 1/2, 250 at 194 1/2, 25 Toronto Street at 76 1/2, at 76 1/2, 257 Gas at 204 1/2, 60 at 204 1/2, 6 Ontario Bank at 87 1/2, 3 Peoples at 115 1/2, 5 Commerce at 140 1/2, 7 Hochelaga at 127 1/2, 4 Jacques Cartier at 115 1/2, 4 National at 58, 700 Colored Cotton bonds at 98 1/2, 10,000 Telephone bonds at 104 1/2, 50 Duluth common at 6 1/2, 2 Colored Cotton at 55.

The afternoon board was steady to strong. The afternoon sales were as follows:—175 Cable at 149 1/2, 7 at 151, 50 at 149 1/2, 50 Richelieu at 98, 200 Street Railway at 197, 50 new do. at 194 1/2, 50 at 194 1/2, 200 Toronto Street at 76 1/2, 25 at 76 1/2, 115 at 76, 100 at 76 1/2, 25 Gas at 204 1/2, 50 Electric at 149 1/2, 15 at 150, 50 Duluth preferred at 124 1/2, 150 Commerce at 87 1/2, 50 Colored Cotton at 60, 200 Colored Cotton bonds at 98.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler.

Between Banks. Buy. Sell. New York Funds. Par. to 1-32 prem. 3/4 prem. Sterling, 60 days. 94 to 95-16 94 to 95 1/2 Sterling, demand. 95 to 96 95 to 10 Sterling, cables. 95 to 96 100 1/4

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

Stocks. Sellers. Buy. Sell. Canadian Pacific. 54 29 1/2 Do. do. Land Bonds. 101 139 1/2 Duluth S. S. & Atlantic. 64 61 Do. do. Pref. 15 15 1/2 Grand Trunk 1st Pref. 15 15 1/2 Do. do. 2nd Pref. 15 15 1/2 Commercial Cable. 150 146 1/2 Montreal Telegraph. 161 159 1/2 Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co. 99 97 Montreal Street Railway. 157 154 1/2 Montreal Street Railway (New). 155 154 1/2 Montreal Gas Co. 204 1/2 Bell Telephone Co. 156 1/2 Do. do. Bonds. 151 149 Royal Electric. 151 149 Bank of Montreal. 225 220 Ontario Bank. 87 Bank of British North America. 115 114 1/2 La Banque du Peuple. 115 114 1/2 Molson Bank. 115 114 1/2 Bank of Toronto. 220 219 1/2 La Banque Jacques Cartier. 115 114 1/2 Do. do. of Halifax. 115 114 1/2 Eastern Townships Bank. 115 114 1/2 Quebec Bank. 115 114 1/2 La Banque Nationale. 115 114 1/2 Union Bank. 115 114 1/2 Ottawa Bank. 115 114 1/2 La Banque Ville Marie. 115 114 1/2 Hochelaga Bank. 115 114 1/2 Intercolonial Co. 115 114 1/2 Do. do. Pref. Stock. 115 114 1/2 North-West Land. 115 114 1/2 Canada Paper. 115 114 1/2 Champlain & St. Lawrence Bonds. 99 98 Montreal Cotton. 115 114 1/2 Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co. 63 62 Do. do. Bonds. 105 98 Merchants Manufacturing Co. 115 114 1/2 Dominion Cot. Mills Co. 115 114 1/2 Do. do. Bonds. 115 114 1/2 Loan & Mortgage. 115 114 1/2 Toronto Street Railway. 196 1/2 Diamond Glass. 115 114 1/2 Ottawa Electric Railway. 115 114 1/2 Ottawa Railway. 115 114 1/2 Royal Electric. 115 114 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

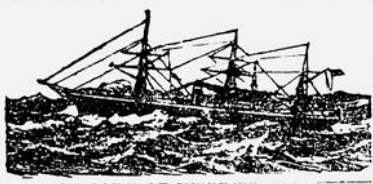
(Furnished by J. R. Moeker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m.		
Atchafalpa	8 1/2	7 1/2
Can. Pac. Ind.	130	128 1/2
Can. Southern	130	128 1/2
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	78 1/2	78 1/2
Ill. C. & St. Louis	49 1/2	49 1/2
Com. Cash	60 1/2	60 1/2
Del. & Hud.	130	128 1/2
Del. Lack. & West.	126 1/2	126 1/2
Erie	60 1/2	60 1/2
Ill. Central	60 1/2	60 1/2
Louis & Nash.	126 1/2	126 1/2
Lake Shore	149 1/2	149 1/2
Manhattan Consolidated	111 1/2	111 1/2
Missouri Pacific	28 1/2	28 1/2
North American	28 1/2	28 1/2
North Pacific	28 1/2	28 1/2
Nor. Pac. pfd.	24 1/2	24 1/2
New Jersey Central	98	98
Nor. West.	27 1/2	27 1/2
N. Y. & N. Eng.	41	40 1/2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Omaha Common	26 1/2	26 1/2
Pacific Mail	26 1/2	26 1/2
Reading, Philadelphia	26 1/2	26 1/2
Richmond Terminal	26 1/2	26 1/2
Rock Island, Chicago & Pac.	68 1/2	68 1/2
St. Paul, Chic. & Min.	66 1/2	66 1/2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man.	107 1/2	107 1/2
Texas Pacific	115 1/2	115 1/2
Union Pacific	115 1/2	115 1/2
Wabash Common	19 1/2	19 1/2
Western Union Tel.	92	91 1/2
Lead	110 1/2	110 1/2
Gas, Chicago	73 1/2	73 1/2
St. Electric	34	34
Toledo, Ann Arbor & Nor. Mich.	34	34
Tam.	34	34
Rubber	22 1/2	22 1/2

UPWARDS.

WHEAT IS STEADILY MOUNTING HIGH—
ER AND HIGHER; CORN GENTLY
FOLLOWS.

The market opened about steady this morning at yesterday's close, but bullish weather reports were early to hand and wheat began to rise. This was accelerated by Partridge buying about half of a million bushels



AMERICAN LINE

NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON

From Pier 14, North River, New York.
(Foot of Fulton street.)
New York: Wed., May 22, 11:00 a.m.
Paris: Wed., May 22, 11:00 a.m.
St. Louis: Wed., May 22, 11:00 a.m.
Shortest and most convenient route to London.
No transfer by land. No delay. Close
connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris
by special fast liner Channel Steamers.
Rates of passage, to Southampton, London or
Havre, \$10 and upwards according to steamer.
Intermediate passage, \$35 to \$50, according to
steamer.
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS AT
REDUCED RATES.
Steering at Very Low Rates.
For Freight or passage apply to
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CO.,
No. 6 Bowling Green, New York.
W. H. HENRY, 145 St. James street,
W. F. EGGO, 129 St. James st., Montreal.
J. Y. GILMORE & CO.,
354 St. Paul street, Montreal.

DOMINION LINE
STEAMSHIPS.

Steamer	From Montreal	From Quebec
British Prince	May 15, 11 a.m.	May 17, 2 p.m.
Vancouver	May 21, daylight	May 23, 2 p.m.
Erigon	May 28, 11 a.m.	May 30, 11 a.m.
Marathon	June 4, 11 a.m.	June 7, 2 p.m.
Labrador	June 11, daylight	June 13, 2 p.m.

Rates of Passage: First cabin, Montreal or
Quebec to Liverpool or Londonderry, \$30 to
\$50; return, \$50 to \$100, according to steamer
and berth. Second cabin, to Liverpool, Lon-
donderry, Belfast or Glasgow, \$20; return,
\$35. Steerage, to Liverpool, London, Lon-
donderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow,
including meals, \$10.
"Vancouver" and "Labrador" do not carry
cattle.
Midship saloons, electric light, spacious
promenade decks.
For further information apply to any
agent of the Company or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal.
17 St. Sacramento street.

REFORD AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE.
WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE
Sailing from MONTREAL every
WEDNESDAY Morning.

From	Montreal	From	Glasgow
April 25	SS. Tritonia	May 15	SS. Tritonia
May 2	SS. Caradonia	May 22	SS. Caradonia
May 9	SS. Amargonia	May 29	SS. Amargonia
May 16	SS. Vazania	June 5	SS. Vazania
May 23	SS. Adonia	June 12	SS. Adonia

THOMSON LINE.
LONDON & NEW CASTLE SERVICE
Sailing from Montreal on or about

From Newcastle on Tyne.	From Montreal to London.
April 25.....	Huron..... May 17
May 3.....	Gerona..... May 24
May 14.....	Iona..... June 7
All the London steamers will take cargo for	

EAST COAST SERVICE.
Aberdeen, Leth and Dundee, at intervals.

SS. Adonia, for Aberdeen, May 19
SS. Caradonia, for Dundee, May 22
SS. Amargonia, for Leth, May 25
Agents: CAIRNS, YOUNG & NOBLE, Newcastle-on-
Tyne; A. L. L. & CO., 17 Leith street, London, E.C.;
J. H. HENDERSON, 100, Chicago; W. THOMSON &
CO., 100, Dundee.
Special Accommodation for Butter,
Cheese and Provisions, also Cattle, Horses
and Sheep.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
Granted by any of the above Lines from point in
Canada or Western States.
And by any of the CANADIAN & WESTERN
RAILWAYS to any point in GREAT BRITAIN,
IRELAND or EUROPE at LOWEST THROUGH
RATES.
Special attention given to the HANDLING of all
PERISHABLE and other cargo.
For further particulars apply to
ROBT. REFORD & CO.,
23 and 25 St. Sacramento street, Montreal.
HANSALINE
REGULAR STEAM COMMUNICATION
BETWEEN
HAMBURG—ANTWERP
AND
QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

For Prepaid Tickets from all parts of the
European Continent, and further particulars
respecting passage, apply to
D. CONNELLY, Gen. Passenger Agent,
14 Place d'Armes square, Montreal.

BEAVER LINE STEAMERS.
Direct Sailings Between
MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

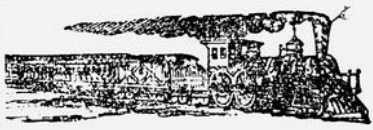
From	Steamer	From	Montreal
Liverpool	May 13	Lake Superior	May 13
May 11	Lake Ontario	May 11	May 11
May 18	Lake Huron	May 18	May 18
May 25	Lake Erie	May 25	May 25

Rates of Passage: Montreal to Liverpool:
First Cabin, \$30, \$45, \$50 and \$60, round
trip tickets, \$50, \$65, \$70 and \$80, according
to steamer and location of berth.
SECOND CABIN—To or from Liverpool,
\$20; round trip, \$35. To or from London,
\$30; round trip, \$45.
STEREAGE—To or from Liverpool, Lon-
don, Londonderry, Glasgow and Belfast, \$15;
round trip, \$25.
Freight carried at lowest rates, and to all
important ports, both in Canada and Great
Britain, on through bills lading. Special
facilities provided for the carriage of butter,
cheese and perishable freight.
For further particulars as to freight or
passage apply to
D. & C. CAMPBELL, D. W. CAMPBELL,
Tower Buildings, Manager,
Liverpool, 15 Hospital st., Montreal.

Removal
J. T. BOLT
HAS REMOVED
To 2377 St. Catherine Street.

EUROPE, EUROPE, EUROPE

TICKETS BY ALL LINES.
ALLAN, DOMINION, and BEAVER Lines.
NETHERLANDS, GUION, HAMBURG-AMERI-
CAN, WHITE STAR, CUNARD, AMERICAN,
NORWEGIAN, and CENTRAL TRANS-
ATLANTIC STATE ANCHOR, TRANSPORT and
RED STAR Lines, via NEW YORK.
Also to FLORIDA, WEST INDIES, &c.
Call or write for lowest quotations before look-
ing elsewhere.
Saloon rates, \$40 upwards; steerage at lowest rates.
Send for new pamphlet of rates and sailings or
call at my new address, 135 St. James street, opposite
Temple Building. My special winter rates MONT-
REAL to LONDON and back, weekly, via NEW
YORK, 1st Saloon and rail, only \$80.
D. BATTERSBY, Agent,
Office Telephone, No. 1597. House Telephone, 3381.

GRAND TRUNK
Queen's Birthday

FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP TICKETS
WILL BE SOLD AT FIRST-CLASS
SINGLE FARE
Tickets good for going May 22nd and 23rd,
and valid for return not later than May 25th;
also on May 22nd and 24th at First-class Fare
and One-third, valid for return not later
than May 25th.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY EXCURSIONS.
Shamrock Lacrosse Club, to Ottawa
and Return \$2.25.

Special train leaves 10:30 a.m., returning
leaves Ottawa, 7 p.m. Tickets are good
going by all trains May 23rd, and valid to
return not later than 25th.
St. Lawrence Court C. O. Foresters, to
Rouses Point, N.Y., and Return—\$1.
Special train leaves at 9:15 a.m., and re-
turning leaves Rouses Point at 6:15 p.m.
Emerald Court C. O. Foresters, to Otter-
burn Park and Return 60c.
Specials leave at 8:40 a.m., and 1:20 p.m.
Returning leave Park at 6 p.m.
St. Patrick's Society, to Highgate Springs,
N.Y. \$1.00.
Special leaves at 8:45 a.m., returning leaves
Springs at 5 p.m.
St. Anne's, Rail and Return by Boat—80c.
Lachine, Rail and Return by Boat—50c.
City Ticket Office, 143 St. James street, and
Renaissance Station.

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
Queen's Birthday

Will issue First Class Return Tickets for
Go 1 to go on May 22nd and 24th and good
for return until May 25th, 1895, at
SINGLE FARE
and on May 22nd and 24th, valid for return
not later than May 25th, 1895, at
First Class Fare and One-Third.
ON MAY 24th, SUNDAY TRAINS WILL
RUN AS FOLLOWS:
From Windsor Street Station for Darval,
Valda, Lakewood, Pointe Claire, Beauclair,
Boisclair, Ste. Anne's, Vaudreuil, Hud-
son, Rigaud and Pointe Fortuna at 1:30 p.m.
Regular train due to leave at 5:20 p.m. same
day will be cancelled.
Hudson and Return \$1.00.
St. Anne's and Return 80c.
Going by train returning by steamer.
ST. ANTHONY'S C. V. M. SOCIETY
EXCURSION TO ST. ROSE,
24th MAY.

GRAND ATTRACTION.
ON MAY 24th AT OTTAWA.
Lacrosse Match Capital vs. Shamrock.
Bicycle Races under auspices Ottawa
Bicycle Club.
CITY TICKET and TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
129 St. James street.
OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION CO.

DAILY LINE TO OTTAWA.
STEAMERS SOVEREIGN and EMPRESS will
begin running MONDAY, May 20. Passengers take
a.m. train to Lachine to connect with steamer.
MARKET LINE STEAMERS.
STEAMER PRINCESS, for Carleton and inter-
mediate ports, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at
6 a.m.
STEAMER MAUDE, for Brown's, Papineauville,
etc., and Ottawa Tuesdays and Fridays, at
6:30 p.m.
Now running regularly with passengers and freight.
Freight received TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
Freight Stores and Offices,
161, 163, 165 COMMON STREET,
(Canal Basin).
Telephone 1029.

PHOTO ENGRAVING, ZINC
ETCHING and WOOD ENGRAVING, done
in the style of the WITNESS PRINTING HOUSE,
care of J. T. Bolt and Co. agents.

Summer Resorts.

HOTEL DIRIGO,
SOUTH WEST HARBOR, Mt. Desert, Me.
The Hotel is situated 80 feet above the sea on
Clarks Point. Fine view of the ocean, mountains,
Sames Sound Islands, etc. Good water, good food,
good beds. For terms, address
C. M. HOLDEN.

SUMMER BOARDERS.
KNOWLTON. A few will be taken at a
good farm house. Apply to
P. E. BROWN,
17 Place d'Armes Hill.

CACOUNA.
Where to go During the Warm Season
The ST. LAWRENCE HALL, CACOUNA.
Annual opening of Hotel on June 15th, 1895.
Guests desiring earlier accommodation may
make special arrangements. Thorough renova-
tion and studied improvements are being
made for the special comfort and pleasure
of patrons. Additional facilities will be
offered for reaching Cacouna this season by
rail and water.
After June 15th, also extra Pullman Special
Train from Montreal, Friday evening, arriv-
ing hotel for breakfast, and returning, arrive
in Montreal, Monday morning. The Cana-
dian summer climate is unsurpassed. The Hall is
a favorite hostelry, and desires to make
terms as small as possible.
For particulars address
SHIPMAN & STOCKING, Proprietors,
Or JOSEPH ST. ONGE, Manager,
32 St. Louis street, Quebec, until June 1st,
and after the above date at Cacouna.
Ask for illustrated pamphlet with diagram
of the Hall.

ABENAKIS HOUSE,
ABENAKIS SPRINGS, QUE.
Opened for the Season on May 31st, 1895.
The Most Delightful Summer and Health Resort in
Canada. Boats, Fishing, Tennis, MINERAL WATER,
HOW TO GET TO ABENAKIS SPRINGS.
Take the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co.'s Steamer
"Berthier" down the St. Lawrence to Abenakis
Springs. Steamer leaves Montreal Tuesdays and
Saturdays at 1 p.m.
Also parties coming by rail to St. Jean can connect
with steamer "Berthier" for the Springs on Tuesdays and
Fridays, at 5 p.m. and on Saturdays, at 2 p.m.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS. RATES REASONABLE.
RUFUS G. KIMPTON, Proprietor.

FRENCH AND RECREATION
WANTED—A few young people to study
French in a French Protestant clergyman's
family: excellent boarding, fishing and hunt-
ing, on Lake St. Peter and the Maskinonge
river. Three trains daily to and from
Montreal. For information, address
Mrs. W. M. BULLOCK,
Maskinonge, P.Q.

SEASIDE COTTAGES
AT NOTRE DAME DU PORTAGE.
Near Riviere du Loup Station. One each at \$25, \$40
and \$50 for the season. All furnished and wood and
water supplied. For particulars apply to
Mr. PHILLIPS, 1355 Notre Dame st.

SUMMER BOARD.
Parties can be accommodated for the sum-
mer; beautiful situation on the banks of
the North River. Apply
MRS. J. HENDERSON,
Riverview, St. Andrews East, Que.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
CAPE ARUNDEL,
KENNEBUNKPORT, MAINE.
GEO. S. STEVENS, Proprietor.
ADIRONDACK LOWER SARANAC LAKE
HOTEL DEL MONTE,
Opens May 1st. Near Hotel Amersand. Special
rates for May and June. Elevation 2,000 feet.
J. E. & W. H. MEAGHER, Managers,
Saranac Lake, N. Y.

CONVALESCENTS' HOME.
Pure mountain air. Rooms large, with fire if
required; near Lake Park, Stanstead, P.Q. European
plan, with or without board. Terms moderate.
Address Mrs. BRANSON, Stanstead, P.Q.

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS,
JAY, ESSEX CO., N. Y.
Those desiring a quiet, healthful place among the
mountains, large airy rooms, beautiful drives, walks,
fine scenery, good fishing, etc., address Miss DAY.
Terms moderate.

FEW SUMMER BOARDERS
Can be accommodated at very moderate terms, at
Mrs. ALFRED HAMILTON'S,
Chebeague Island, Maine.

AN IDEAL SUMMER RESORT,
"THE BANNER HOUSE,"
Chateauguay Lake, Franklin Co., N.Y.

BOARD AT LAKESIDE,
25 minutes by rail from city. Large house on avenue,
close to the water. Rates moderate.
Apply at Lakeside, or to P.O. Box 78, Montreal.

SEASIDE RESORT. — Mount
Royal Cottage, Peaks Island, Portland, will be
ready to receive guests June 1st.
Address, Mrs. McDONALD, 147 Metcalfe street,
until June 15th, after that to Peaks Island, for all
particulars.

SUMMER BOARD, fine location
near lake, &c. Private residence. For photo
of place, etc., address
H. W. PERRY, Matty, Que., Stanstead Co., N.Y.

IN THE COUNTRY, FURNISHED Rooms
to Rent, with use of kitchen, etc. Address
H. S. "WITNESS" Office.

BOARD AT LACHINE, A LARGE, PLEA-
sant front room, with breakfast and tea;
room suitable for two young men or mar-
ried couple. Address LACHINE, 14,
"WITNESS" Office.

ACCOMMODATION FOR 6 or 8 BOARDERS
for summer in farm-house, convenient to
station, post-office, church, etc., terms mod-
erate. Address P.O. Box 27, Richmond,
P.Q.

BOARD—COUNTRY BOARD, FIFTH SEA-
son at Lakeside, most convenient and at-
tractive location. Near Lake St. Louis, 25 minutes
by rail, spacious house and excellent table
board. Apply previous to 25th instant at
65 Mackay street.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR
Summer Boarders on the bank of the St.
Lawrence River. House fitted up with bath
rooms and all modern improvements. Con-
venient to G.T.R. station and steamboat
landing. Terms moderate. City references
on application. Address "Fairview
Summer Resort," Itequois, Ont.

Waterloo Paste
THE WONDERFUL FLY CATCH.

The Cheapest and Best Article in the
Market to Catch Flies.

Ask your grocer for it. LYMAN SONS & CO.,
Montreal and Toronto. Trade supplied by the
"WATERLOO PASTE CO., Montreal.

Business Cards.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants
and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor
other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute
for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil.
It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by
Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays
feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd,
cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves
teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach
and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Cas-
toria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
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far distant when mothers will consider the real
interest of their children, and use Castoria in-
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destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium,
morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful
agents down their throats, thereby sending
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"Our physicians in the children's depart-
ment have spoken highly of their experi-
ence in their outside practice with Castoria,
and although we only have among our
medical supplies what is known as regular
products, yet we are free to confess that the
merits of Castoria has won us to look with
favor upon it."
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DRIES IN SIX HOURS.
READY MIXED PAINT 42 SHADES.
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A dress that will look well, and at the same time
defy rain or dust, would seem to be the ideal after which ladies
have been longing. These merits all meet in Cravenette. Water-
proof, but thoroughly porous, thoroughly stylish, while defying the
deluge from above or the dust from beneath; suitable either for
dress, or cloak or wrap. Cravenette meets a need long felt. In
Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor or Black. The idea! costume
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Tenders.
PROTESTANT BOARD OF
SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.
TENDERS FOR FUEL.
Tenders addressed to the undersigned and
marked on the envelope "Tender for Fuel"
will be received up to noon of the 20th May,
for the supply of about:
1,500 Tons Picton Steam Coal.
250 Tons American Anthracite.
20 Cords Hard Maple.
100 Cords Pine Slabs.

delivered in the cellars of the several schools
of the board.
Any further information which may be
desired will be given upon application at
the offices of the Board.
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Piano and Singing Lessons, \$5 per month.
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The cost of advertising under this head is,
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In the Daily Witness, six insertions, 50c.
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Remittances to accompany order.
Additional words or insertions may be had
at pro rata. Initials and figures are each
counted as one word.
This is the net cash with order rate.
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charge is very much higher as there is ad-
ditional bookkeeping and postage involved.
Address

SCHOOL TRUSTEES
If you want a teacher you are sure to get
applications from the right kind through the
"Witness".
Conscientious teachers are naturally
reached through the medium of a consen-
sual paper.

Teachers Wanted.
The Lord sits over against the tree of
sorrow, and notes the gifts of the
possessioners. Were the officers of the
conscious of this fact, how many would
be cast in by those who should be
of their abundance. The offering of
penury is received at its full value,
but the contribution is not only re-
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Jesus calls for the consecrated gift,
as well as for the consecrated person.
Blessings are in store for the
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EARNING A WHEEL.

A COUNTRY DOCTOR'S SON TRIES HIS HAND AT COLLECTING.

(Concluded.)

Earle knew too much about Mr. Whistler's disposition to feel very much as he approached the house—a fine, modern structure, into which very few of the village people had ever entered.

Mr. Whistler, a nervous, eccentric old man, had come from a neighboring village, hoping for benefit from the quiet change of air. For the first few days the doctor had been in constant attendance upon him, and had been much interested in his patient, who had made their sudden rupture more unpleasant.

The man-servant who opened the door was beginning to tell Earle that his master was too unwell to see anyone when a shout checked him:

"Let him in, I say—whoever he is!" Earle was quickly conducted to the polished, rug-strewn floor of the hall to an elegant room where Mr. Whistler sat with a pile of newspapers at his elbow. He was a tall, old man, with fiery black eyes and white eyebrows.

"Well, boy?" he asked, sharply. "I brought out papa's bill—Doctor Whistler's—to see if, maybe, you could please, just as lief, pay it." Earle, in a subdued voice, answered something very awe-inspiring about this feeble old man in the dressing-gown and embroidered slippers.

"Is that for Thatcher's bill?" "Never!" he was so vehement that Earle shrank, and was turning to steal out of the room, but Mr. Whistler called out:

"That ignorant scoundrel, that ignorant ignoramus!" Let him be damned! I do not sue him for anything!"

Mr. Nixon's unfeeling, unreasoning, unscrupulous old Timms's conscience, Earle, but Mr. Whistler's words transformed the discouraged boy into a warrior ready to battle in defence of his father's name.

"I won't hear my father talked about that!" he exclaimed, with flashing eyes. "My father is the best doctor in the county and the best man in this country! You'd better pay what you owe him—and I'll stay here with you!"

Earle seated himself opposite Mr. Whistler, and glared at him defiantly. The boy's wrath was so honest and direct that it had its effect upon the old man, who saw that he had overstepped the bounds of propriety in giving his opinion of the doctor to his son.

"Well, boy," he said, "I spoke hastily, and will withdraw what I said. But you go—It would be a crime to pay such services."

"I know all about it!" proclaimed Earle, scornfully. "My father had almost cured, and then a misadventure—quack doctor came along and told you that his medicines were killing him, and all that! And you dismissed papa and kept the quack, and he cured soon well, and that was because he had just sense enough to keep my father's prescription. We saw that, for we saw it at a drug store in Boston, where the quack doctor put it up! And he named 'Relieving Rapture,' and you kept swallowing it, and everything he said, you took!"

Mr. Whistler's pale face had now a flushed, rather than an angry expression.

"Ah! Why, you father never attempted to defend himself!" "Of course he didn't!" He had too much dignity to run after you to defend himself after the way you had treated him," returned Earle, severely.

He had forgotten his own interests. There were nowhere in his thoughts, only wish now was to give battle on behalf of his father. Whether by doing anything would be gained was a question which he had not reasoned about, but he wasn't going to run away.

"Will the young gentleman be here to dinner?" inquired the housekeeper, looking in at the door.

"Will he?" Mr. Whistler repeated the question grimly.

"Yes, sir, he will!" replied Earle, firmly. "I may as well get a meal out of him, anyway, for I'm very hungry," reasoned the boy.

Presently a bell rang. Mr. Whistler rose, and nodding to Earle to follow him, led the way to a long, low, tiled room, with a table daintily laid for two in an alcove at one end.

Words were exchanged between the master of the house and his guest about the meal progressed, but Earle's anxiety of every dish, familiar or strange, which the colored servant brought to him.

When he returned to the study to find Mr. Whistler remarked, "So you think your father is the best doctor in the land?"

"I know he is," Earle replied, with a certain silence reigned for a moment. Mr. Whistler stretched himself out upon a cool leather lounge, and began to take his after-dinner nap. Earle leaned back in the same comfortable chair which he had seen his father used to wait till his host had taken up again.

For the master of the house had been an hour long; Earle's was only twenty minutes, and during that time Mr. Whistler sat at his table

thinking, with that rosy, innocent, determined young face as the text for his meditation. When Earle awoke his host was regarding him earnestly and not severely. In Mr. Whistler's hand was a roll of crisp greenbacks.

"It is evidently the only way to dispose of you," he said, while a faint smile played about his white lips. "Receipt that bill, take the money and be off, or you won't get home before dark."

Earle was very wide-awake instantly. He signed the bill and gravely handed it over to Mr. Whistler, after carefully counting the money.

"One hundred dollars—yes, that's right," he said, quite as if he were used to handling such sums. "I think you'll feel better now you have paid it, sir. Goodbye."

"Get out! No, come back!" roared the singular old man. Earle halted on the door-sill. Mr. Whistler had risen and was stalking toward him, the folds of his dressing-gown waving as he moved. His eyes were twinkling, and he was certainly smiling, as he placed a hand on Earle's shoulder.

"No, you young rascal—I don't feel better. I feel worse. I think I am going to need your father professionally again. Go home and tell him so. Tell him, now that I've thought about it, that I admit I did him injustice, and ask him to pardon an irritable, nervous old man. And you! You come and take dinner with me—often. Maybe we shall be great friends yet!"

"Maybe, sir," replied Earle, cheerfully. "I'll come anyway, for I just enjoyed my dinner." With that he ran off eager to find his father.

Doctor Thatcher, jogging homeward to a belated supper, heard some vigorous hallooing behind him, and looking back, beheld his son charging down the dusty road, waving something in his uplifted hand.

"I've got it! Mr. Whistler's money!" was all he could pant out as he climbed up by his father's side; but his shining face spoke volumes.

At home, Mrs. Thatcher, who was beginning to grow anxious over the prolonged absence of her husband and son, hastened joyfully to the door at the sound of wheels and voices.

"Wheels indeed! There was Doctor Thatcher in his four-wheeled buggy, also a heavy-wheeled dray bearing her hitherto unattainable easy chair. Preceding both, with the triumphant mien of a conquering hero came her son, walking, with his hand upon its saddle, at the side of his wheel of wheels—Grace Schuyler, in 'Youth's Companion.'

DAILY BREAD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15.

What will ye see in the Shulamite? As it were the company of two armies.—For the flesh lusteth against the Spirit, and the Spirit against the flesh.—Song of Sol. vi. 13; Gal. v. 17.

When God's judgments are made manifest, every one of them will prove to be, like that of Solomon between the two harlot mothers, a simple appeal to the nature of things; and against it no soul, redeemed or lost, no angel, elect or fallen, in all the universe, will move a tongue. All heaven will declare, all hell will confess: "Love did it. He hath done righteously." Such is his belief.—R. C. Morgan.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Cook's Puzzle
How to avoid sodden pastry?
The PROBLEM is SOLVED by the production of our NEW SHORTENING

COTTOLINE
Which makes light, crisp, healthful, wholesome pastry.

Mrs. McBride, Marion Harland, and other expert cooking authorities endorse COTTOLINE. You can't afford to do without COTTOLINE.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Anna Sts., MONTREAL.

Kensington is just west of city and Cote St. Antoine, in direction of our best growth.

THE SIEGE OF CHITRAL.

ITS DEFENDERS SAVED FROM MASSACRE ONLY BY THE MOST HEROIC EFFORTS.

(London 'Spectator.')

Shere Atzul's men, it appears, besieged the fort with great persistence and some skill, running a mine within a few feet of the tower, and shooting with such accuracy that Capt. Baird was killed, Dr. Robertson and Capt. Campbell were severely wounded, and a third of the besieged force was killed or placed hors de combat. The besieged, however, though sorely discouraged by a report that the Ameer had declared a holy war against the English, held out bravely; and on April 13 Col. Kelly arrived, with his splendid march from Glight, within twelve miles of the fortress. At the same time 2,000 fighting men, sent up by the Khen of Dr. reached a point where they were received by Atzul Khan, who lost heart in face of the double attack, and retreated with all his men.

The relief was due to Col. Kelly, whose march, with less than six hundred native troops, over a hundred and fifty miles of awful country, was a splendid feat of arms. Gen. Gatacre was, by the last reports, still pressing forward to Chitral, and Sir R. Low still follows with the main body of the expedition, delayed at every step by 'incredible' difficulties of transport. His road supplies nothing except water, and he has to carry every pound of food, as well as munitions and tents, over passes ten thousand feet high and many feet deep in snow. Resistance appears for the present to be at an end; but the tribes cannot be trusted for an hour. A petty skirmish last, a false report, an exciting sermon from a Mohol, and thousands of clansmen would be defending the nearest gorge, or throwing themselves across the line of every march. The expedition is therefore to be continued on the hills during the hot weather.

The defence of Chitral during the forty-five days of the siege was a most heroic affair. The enemy, commanded by Shere Atzul and other Pathan chiefs, attacked the fort with determined courage; they knew how to shink inches, which would have been fatal but for a desperate rally, and their shooting was surprisingly good. The besieged, less than four hundred strong, could not show themselves without deaths. Dr. Robertson, the political agent and virtual governor, was himself severely wounded. Capt. J. McDonald Baird was killed and the garrison lost in killed and wounded more than a third of its strength, a most unusual proportion. The native soldiers behaved splendidly, but the provisions ran short, and but for the appearance of Col. Kelly advancing to the relief the siege must have ended in a general massacre.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.
Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
are a marvellous Antidote for Weak Stomach, SICK HEAD-ACHE, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Biliousness, etc., etc., etc., found also to be especially efficacious and remedial by FEMALE SUFFERERS.
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Retail at all Chemists and Druggists.

WELSH & ROUGH,
THE CATERERS FOR A GOOD DINNER
And Stylish Outside Work.
1796 NOTRE DAME STREET.

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Accurately Sharpened
by Patent Machinery.
Will be called for and returned promptly.
Telephone 431.

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654 to 656 CRAIG STREET.

CAMPBELL'S SKIN
IT IS INVALUABLE IN CONSUMPTION, CHRONIC COUGHS, OBSTINATE COUGHS, WHOOPING COUGH, PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS, BRONCHITIS, AND WASTING DISEASES GENERALLY.

A COLLECTION
OF FINE PAPERS
IN THE LATEST STYLES
AND MOST EXCLUSIVE SHADES
AT
BISHOP'S 169 St. James

Medicines, &c.



Charles H. Hutchings.

Sick Headache
CURED PERMANENTLY
BY TAKING
Ayer's Pills

"I was troubled a long time with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples, a sense of fullness and tenderness in one eye, a bad taste in my mouth, tongue coated, hands and feet cold, and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I

Began Taking Ayer's Pills
that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now free from headaches, and a well man."
C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

AYER'S PILLS
Awarded Medal at World's Fair
Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Best.

RED LION Ointment
For Bruises, Cuts, Scalds, Burns and all Cutaneous Eruptions.
Price 25c.
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Save your Currents and Gonorrhoea by using PURE WHITE HELLEBORE. For sale at the Glasgow Drug Hall.
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CAMPBELL'S CAMPHOR! CAMPHOR!
For the Pains.
(C-2)
SHEET WAX. A full line of Materials for making Wax Flowers.
(C-3)
RICHELIEU! The Prince of Table Waters. Country orders promptly filled.
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J. A. HART, Druggist,
1780 Notre Dame St.

VIN de CHAPOTEAUT
(Chapoteaut's Wine of Peptone).
ATYPICAL NUTRITIVE STIMULANT.
This delicious alimentary wine contains chemically pure Peptone or digested beef, which is easily assimilated when no other solid or liquid food will remain in the stomach.

VIN de CHAPOTEAUT
is distinctly indicated in constitutional weakness or lack of digestive power, for the aged, Anemic, Dyspeptic and Convalescent patients, and to sustain the patient's energies in Diabetes, Consumption, Tumors, Cancer, Ulceration of the Stomach and all wasting diseases.
Pharmacies de 1^{re} Classe, Paris.
P. CHAPOTEAUT
VIN de CHAPOTEAUT
May be obtained from all Druggists in CANADA and the UNITED STATES
Wholesale of LYMAN, SONS & Co., MONTREAL.

WRAPPING PAPER,
At 3 cents per pound;
For sale in 10 lb. packages, or 25c per lb. for 50 lbs. and upwards.
—ALSO—
HEAVY BROWN WRAPPING PAPER, At 1c per pound, In lots of 50 lbs. and upwards.
Apply at "Witness Office."

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THEY LIGHT ONLY ON THE BOX.
A Perfect Safety Match.
Ask for Them. . . .
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THE E. B. EDDY CO.,
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INSTRUCTION &c. FREE TO ALL.
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AT FACTORY PRICES.
TROS. FORRESTER, 298 St. James St.
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Samples Sent on Application.

Plumbing, &c.
WHAT MONTREAL WANTS
To prevent sickness it is to get proper Plumbing, Drainage, Ventilation and Heated Homes to live in. J. J. LeMay, Get estimates from ALEX. J. LEVY & CO., 4 Beaver Hall Hill. Bell Tel. 352.

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Have..... 781 Craig St. Have..... Removed to
For competent Workmen Ring up
Telephones—Bell 1831, Merchants 28.

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Is our calling. We pride ourselves upon the perfection of our Plumbing, Ventilation and Wiring. Electric Light and Wiring, Fixtures, Bells, &c. in great variety. We will remove, clean, repair, and put up your Gas-fitters, or sell you new ones from our handsome stock. Bell Tel. 274.

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Successor to the Late F. H. REYNOLDS, Temple Building, 185 St. James street, Telephone 122. MONTREAL.

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READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

THAT'S ALL.

When Mr. Gladstone was addressing a great meeting at Manchester in 1868 during his candidacy for South-west Lancashire, a curious incident occurred. He was speaking of the famous Trade Hall, the scene of very many of Mr. Bright's oratorical triumphs. The room was densely packed with an enthusiastic audience, whose patience was severely tried by one man. This individual at short intervals, shouted, "Tell us what you said in '58." At length the meeting could bear with him no longer, and a general cry of "Turn him out!" arose. The man was seized, raised on high, and passed somewhat roughly over the heads of the audience until finally he was landed in the street. Then some curious person went up and asked him to explain what he meant by saying, "Tell us what you said in '58." The discomfited man, "I didn't mean anything," he said, "only I was roasted and stifled in there, and I knew the only way I could get out was to make a row and be turned out. That's all."

A GUILTY CONSCIENCE.

How true it is that a guilty conscience needs no accuser was well shown by the following little occurrence:—

A gentleman went out of town for a day's fishing, taking a luncheon with him. When he reached the creek he discovered that he had dropped the luncheon somewhere on the way, and hastened back to look for it. He and by he met a burly negro, who looked very well pleased with himself and was picking his teeth.

"Did you pick up anything in the road as you came along?" asked the gentleman.

"No, sah," answered the colored man. "I didn't pick up anything. Couldn't a dog have found it and eat it up?"

Our leading doctors recommend "Dyer's Improved Food for Infants," as being the best thing in use for young children. For sale by W. A. Dyer & Co., and all druggists.

'AS OTHERS SEE US.'

Cobwiger—You possess that rare gift of being able to tell the moment your clothes begin to look shabby.

Merritt—That's easily acquired. As soon as the bootblacks stop calling "Shine, sir!" after me, I know it is time to order a new suit.—Puck.

Shiloh's Cure, the great cough and consumption cure, promptly cures coughs, croup, sore throat, hoarseness, whooping cough and asthma. For consumption it has no rival. Has cured thousands, and will cure you if taken in time. Sold on a guarantee. B. E. McGale, agent, 2122 Notre Dame street.

PROFESSIONAL JEALOUSY.

Macfarlane—I suppose you have come again in connection with the diamond pin I thought had been stolen from me. It turns out, after all, that I had left it in my dressing case.

Morrison Doyle (from Scotland Yard)—I deeply regret that fact.

Macfarlane—Why?

Morrison Doyle—Because I found a clue to the thief.—Judy.

NEVER TOUCHED IT.—From the time the brine leaves the wells until the pure salt reaches the packages for shipment, Windsor Table Salt is not handled, except by the machinery of the factory. Ask your grocer for it. It doesn't cake.

HOW HE PROPOSED.

A bashful young man was much in love, but lacked the courage to propose; At last an inspiration came—

Now listen, all ye bashful beaux.

He took the damsel out one day, To his own family burial-lot; And asked her how she'd like to last To rest in that sequestered spot.

—Judge.

There are a lot of bad colds lingering in the lap of spring this year as usual. Hawker's balsam will cause them to vanish like the snow. Get that cold cured and be in a position to enjoy the beautiful spring weather. Hawker's balsam costs but 25 cents a bottle.

A JOWETT STORY.

"W.H." sends to the 'Realm' a story of the late Master of Balliol. Mr. Jowett was one day conversing on ethics. His friend propounded what he considered to be a difficult question. "Do you think," he said, "that a good man could ever feel happy on the rack?" "Well," replied Jowett, with a judicial air, "I think, on the whole, he might; that is, if he were a very good man; and it were a very bad rack."

Business Cards.

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Our New and Improved Machinery for the Manufacture of PICTURE FRAMES, enables us to make them Cheaper than ever. Call for Samples and Prices.

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ONLY 25c A BOTTLE.
THE QUEEN'S HAIR HELPER is a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and beauty, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures itching scalp. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any dye or oil preparation. For sale by all druggists, or at

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Corner Mountain and St. Antoine streets.

"CHILDREN'S PICTURES"
ARE ALWAYS BEAUTIFUL.

But more so, when such patience and taste is exercised as at

RIE'S STUDIO, 141 St. Peter St.

The enterprise of Kensington Land Co. is bearing rich fruit. Take the bus.

SHARPERS NEATLY TRAPPED.

**CAPTURE OF GREEN GOODS MEN BY
SHREWD AND SWIFT
DETECTIVES.**

INSPECTOR LARMOUR DID A GREAT JOB AND
A SERVY MAIL CLERK ACTED AS STOOGE.

The details of the clever capture of the green goods members of the "Green Goods" gang at Hillsdale yesterday, as reported by Inspector J. J. Larmour to-day, is interesting as a romance, says the "Morning News."

Complaints that something crooked was going on at Hillsdale began coming in as long ago as last February. Inspector Larmour. The first tip came from the Hillsdale postmaster, supported by numerous complaints from people who had received letters inviting them to invest in the goods. Contrary to the usual custom with green goods, stock certificates were not used. In each instance a letter was written.

Inspector Larmour, on the case about the "green goods," first visited Hillsdale in person. He discovered that the answers to the letters sent out were all addressed to the Keefe House. As soon as his hearing was over, he saw how things were being worked. He recognized the fact that it was the well known in Hillsdale and then followed up the case in person. I then asked to have Inspector D. Mercer, of Chicago, detailed to the case. He was sent on and two weeks later Hillsdale and registered at the Keefe House as agent of the Michigan Mutual Benefit Association.

Inspector Larmour, who was right in and began to solicit the green goods men. He was in the hands of the old hand at the business, and his eyes were open for green goods in the meantime.

The first thing Mercer noticed in the letters, which by various means he discovered bore upon the obnoxious mission, were all delivered to Charles Dobson, a clerk of the Keefe House. He made careful note of the names of the letters, and then he began to work on the letters, and he was not long in spotting the names of the green goods men.

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"We've got to see some customers at once," they explained through their chattering teeth, as Mercer shoved them back into the office.

Treadwell and Derry had left the hotel when Frazer came down stairs. The only two members of the gang who were in the office were Dobson, the hotel clerk, and Charles Ellis, the proprietor of the billiard room. We at once handcuffed them and placed them under arrest. They offered no resistance and attempted no explanations. They seemed to be paralyzed with surprise.

THEY CAUGHT THE OTHERS.

Inspector Mercer and Deputy Abels then went to Treadwell's house. Mrs. Treadwell opened the door. Treadwell and Derry tried to escape by the back way, but found that guarded. Derry then took refuge in the cellar, but he was dragged out, and both men-ironed. Mrs. Treadwell became hysterical.

"I've got heart disease and this will kill me," she screamed.

"We wanted to recover the \$100, and it was believed to be secreted on the person of Mrs. Treadwell, as it could not be found anywhere else in the house. The wife of the sheriff of Hillsdale county was finally sent for, and when she arrived she was directed to search the woman. In the meantime somebody had sent for a physician to look after Mrs. Treadwell, who either was, or pretended to be, in violent spasms. Finally, Abels saw her make a quick attempt to secrete the roll of bills in her stocking, but it dropped to the floor, where we afterward secured it. Treadwell and Derry were taken to the Keefe House and placed under guard with the others.

While this was taking place Deputy Hayden and the sheriff made a simultaneous arrest of Watson Marsh, who gave his home as Eaton Rapids, and James C. White, a Hillsdale saloon-keeper, two more of the gang. They were nabbed on the street, near Smith's hotel. Daniel O'Mera, the last of the gang, was afterward picked up on the street. None of them had anything to say or offered any resistance. The only kick was made by Treadwell.

"You fellows might have done this thing without telling my wife, and scaring her to death," he said.

"No weapon of any kind was found on any member of the gang. They were all taken to Hillsdale Jail and kept there until we started for Detroit with them at 7:30 last night. We searched the Keefe house and Treadwell's residence. We found a lot of stuff in the latter which will form important evidence. The Hillsdale authorities and citizens had believed there was something wrong for some time past, but did not know just what to do about it.

This is not Treadwell's first experience behind the bars. He is well known to the authorities and served time in New York for working the same sort of confidence game. He and Derry were the leaders, the others probably being roped into the gang after they established their headquarters at Hillsdale.

Inspector Larmour should have the entire credit for working the job," said Inspector Mercer to-day. "I see some of the reports are placing me ahead of him. That is all wrong. I only went there as his assistant, and did what he told me to do."

Last evening Inspector Larmour locked the seven prisoners in jail. The men were registered as follows: John P. Treadwell, 42, salesman; Charles Dobson, 27, hotel clerk; William Derry, alias John C. Hilton, 32, carpenter; Dan O'Mera, 27, plumber; James C. White, 43, saloon-keeper; and Charles Ellis, 37, billiard room proprietor, all of Hillsdale, and Watson Marsh, 44, salesman, of Eaton Rapids.

"It is to be hoped," remarks the "News" editorially, "that the Hillsdale green goods gang wasn't captured until it had swindled all the 'honest' farmers of the neighborhood who wanted to go into the counterfeit business."

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

**USE
SUNLIGHT
SOAP**

**SOLD
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For every 12 "Sunlight" Wrappers sent to the Canadian Head Office, 43 Scott Street, Toronto, Lever Bros. Ltd. will send postpaid a useful paper-bound book, 150 pages.

Sunlight Soap Dep. for Quebec.
FRANK MAGOR & CO., MONTREAL.

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SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.
Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 22nd instant, for the positions of Second Masters in the Dufferin and Aberdeen Schools. Salary \$900 per annum. Duties to begin 1st September next.

E. W. ARTHUR,
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MOSES PARKER,
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MONTREAL.
Estimates Furnished. Telephone No. 1809.

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WRITE FOR CIRCULAR

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WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Tinting, Painting, &c., Cheap.
H. JONES, 413 St. Catherine St.
Sent for Prices.

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HOUSECLEANING BRUSHES,

Kaolinizing and Tinting Brushes,
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ULLY'S BRUSH WORKS,
76, 78 Victoria Square.
Carpet Sweepers Repaired. (Open until 9 o'clock.)

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Now is the time to order your
PAINT
W. JOHNSTON, 47b Prince Arthur street.
Hardware, Tinware, Coal Oil and Oils of all kinds.

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LARGEST FIRE OFFICE IN THE WORLD

UNLIMITED LIABILITY.
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Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.

Calced Plaster,
Portland Cement,
Land Plaster, etc.
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IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE.
At Lowest Market Prices.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
100 GREY HUN STREET.

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Butter! Butter!
BUTTER!
CHEAPER THAN EVER.

FINEST CREAMERY.....20c per lb.
FINEST DAIRY.....15c per lb.

AND DON'T FORGET
When you are trying our Butter, get some of our
Famous
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BUTTER

BEST CREAMERY, 20c.
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Cor. METCALFE and ST. CATHERINE STS.

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For Fresh Greens and Vegetables.
For Fine Groceries and Provisions, at our
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5 lbs. Best Creamery Butter, 55c.
5 lbs. Fine Breakfast Tea, \$1.50.
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Send in Your Orders.

Bakers and Confectioners.

TRY GRAHAM BROS.
Cream Puffs and Choc. Eclairs, only 20c doz.
Charlotte Russets, 50c.
All made of pure rich cream.
Our FIES and DOUGHNUTS take the lead.
COR. GUY and ST. ANTOINE STS.
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CHARLES ALEXANDER, Confectioner
WEDDING BREAKFASTS and SUP-
PER PARTIES supplied as usual with MADE
Dishes of Cold Meats, etc., or Creams, Jellies,
Biscuits, etc. WEDDING CAKES a Specialty.
Fine Bon-Bons, our manufacture.

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R. S. AULD & CO., Bakers and
Confectioners, cor. Atwater ave. and St.
Antoine st. WEDDING CAKES UNEXCELLED.
BEST MATERIALS and CHOICEST BUTTER.
Fine Cakes, Choice Candies, infinite variety, Ice
Cream. Every kind Plain and Fancy Bread, Boston
Brown Bread, Baked Beans, Saturdays. Fine Store
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J. E. TOWNSEND,
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PURE BEDDING PATENTED.
Call or ring up 1000 and get prices for Remaking
Mattresses, Pillows, &c., before removing. Also give
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Hair, Moss and Wool Mattresses.

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Carpet and Upholstering work in all its branches
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ASPHALT SHOE.
Prevents Horses from falling.

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ASK FOR IT.

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SIRS.—For several years I have been suffering from Sore Throat and Chron. Cold. I have used many remedies for these two diseases, and I consider that Dr. Ed. Morin's Wine of Creosote is the medicine which has relieved me most quickly every time that I used it.

Yours truly,

N. H. GEARY,

Agent for Ewing, Herron & Co., Montreal.

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CANADIAN PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES ON BUDGET AND SCHOOL QUESTION.

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THEY ARE SUED BY THE ROMAN CATHOLIC HIERARCHY FOR SCHOOL TAXES.

BRITISH POLITICAL MATTERS, AND THE PREMIER.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS FOR ONE MONTH TO FURTHER CONSIDER.

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD ABERDEEN AS A PEACEMAKER.

THE ALLIANCE DICTATES FOR A PROHIBITION RESOLUTION.

TRIAL OF THE TWO HYAMS FOR MURDER IN TORONTO.

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Sunday-School Teachers.

If you want to remember in a nice way the birthday of any of your scholars you should consider the "Northern Messenger," providing, of course, the scholar does not get it through the school. The "Northern Messenger" only costs thirty cents to separate addresses (at least in clubs for classes or schools) and is a present that will be more and more appreciated as the year goes by.

It is a most profitable 30 cent investment. Send for sample copies and other information to

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RE IN THE WINDING-UP ACT
AND AMENDMENTS
AND
THE INTERNATIONAL COAL COMPANY, LTD.
IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors, contributors, shareholders and members of the said Company, that the final meeting of the said Company will be held at the office of HUGH McLENNAN, situated at 14 Place Royale, in the City of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-second day of May, instant, at TWO O'CLOCK in the afternoon, when the following business will be submitted for the approval of the said meeting:

1. The account of the Liquidator.
2. His application for discharge.
3. The disposal of the books, accounts and documents of the Company, and of the liquidator, and all other business properly coming before such final meeting.

Montreal, May 8, 1895.

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WORLD'S FAIR.

The Montreal Promoters Will Again Seek Aid at Ottawa.

International 'expositions' are not made by fine speeches. Very literally, they can only be evolved by men who take off their coats to the work.

And yet international 'expositions' were never easier to make. When the first international exhibition was mooted in 1851, large armies of men had to be set to work to manufacture the products which it was intended to exhibit. The world is full of goods now. No dislocation of trade is needed; mountains of exhibits in every country in the world lie ready to hand. Almost every civilized nation is ready at a moment's notice to participate in a world's fair.

Again, it does not take the time now that it took in the beginning of exhibitons. We have new tools, quicker manipulation of material, better facilities every way for the work. The trade has been learned. The Chicago exposition set the pace. Almost every country has the exhibition fever. The world will witness its culmination in the great exhibition in France in 1900. A decline may then be looked for. Enthusiasm will die. There will be a new departure with the new century.

But those who make successful exhibitions have to take off their coats, and work twelve hours a day. And the young and strong and buoyant are needed.

Something has been done towards advancing Montreal's international exhibition, but it must be confessed that the enthusiasm which has been shown by the business men of Atlanta—a city of one hundred thousand people, with the difficulty of the color element—has been lacking in our case.

The finance and organization committees have been formed, and the charter has been applied for, the latter application bearing the following names: Sir Donald A. Smith, J. H. Stiles, Mayor J. O. Villeneuve, ex-Mayor Grenier, R. Wilson Smith, the Hon. Louis Tourville, J. A. Cantlie (president of the Board of Trade), H. LaPorte (president of the Chambre de Commerce), Ald. Hurteau, Geo. Hague, manager Merchants' Bank; L. J. Seargeant, T. G. Shaughnessy, J. D. Rolland, the Hon. Senator Desjardins, the Hon. Senator Murphy.

But the stock list has not yet been issued to the public, and some friends of the movement consider this a weakness, or, rather, a confession of lack of snap and energy, so vital to the success of an undertaking of this sort, which must be realized piping hot or not at all. On the other hand, there are wise heads amongst those at the head of the movement, who say that until the Federal Government declares itself, it would be idle to ask the public to subscribe the necessary \$400,000, for suppose the government should decline to give that support which is absolutely necessary, all the preliminary work would have been lost. Montreal will do its duty; it has a great reputation; it has carried out great enterprises; it can build splendid hospitals, endow world-famed institutions of learning; and Montreal will subscribe the \$400,000 in good time. But let the Federal Government first speak. Canada has participated in many other international exhibitions, and the Federal Government has given money to that end. Now it is proposed, for the first time, that Canada should have a fair of her own. Most of the nations of the world are ready to send their exhibits. Canada is the first among the colonies. She has friends in all countries. Every country in the world is desirous in these days of extending its trade relations. The exhibition has been found an excellent way of doing this. The benefit to Canada would be such that the Federal Government, it is confidently believed by the promoters, cannot afford to refuse assistance.

And so, waiting for the answer of the government, nothing has been done in the way of starting subscriptions for local stock.

But to-day is the crucial day. A deputation, headed by Sir Donald Smith, is to wait upon the government; and upon the answer of the latter will depend the fate of the exposition. The idea is, once the government has spoken favorably, to let the eminent gentlemen whose names have first appeared in connection with the project, act as a finance committee, through whose hands must pass every dollar, and appoint a strong working committee of gentlemen who are not afraid to take off their coats to the work of immediate organization. Men like Sir Donald Smith and Mr. George Hague have too many other interests to give their time to the working out of the project, but it will be deemed enough to place the latter in a position of esteem and honor in the minds of the citizens that such men continue to act as a finance committee, raising it unequivocally above suspicion.

If the answer of the Federal Government should be favorable—and it is expected that it will—then the Quebec Government, the city of Montreal, and all the other provinces, may be depended on for their quota of support.

Should the Federal Government, on the other hand, decline to support the project,

Montreal will have no exposition in 1896. This, it is believed, would damage Montreal very seriously. The commercial metropolis of Canada has a fine reputation. It was no mean city that attracted the British Association for the Advancement of Science, which yearly attracts important philosophical and scientific bodies from the United States. The knowledge that Montreal had fallen in what so many smaller cities all over the world have accomplished would be a sore blow to prestige.

Moreover, it is held that if Montreal is unable to carry out the idea another city will carry it out, possibly Toronto, but certainly some other Canadian city, for the idea that Canada should have a fair of its own has taken root.

The time limit is nothing, say the promoters. It took a long time to build the crystal palace for the first world's fair in London, in 1851. People were new to the business then. Since then we have had the miracle at Chicago. Atlanta is showing what she can do. It only requires, as Mr. Stevenson said this morning, that the men who have espoused the project should take off their coats. It requires snap, but chiefly work. You can employ seven hundred men, or fourteen hundred. The biggest building can be put up in three months. And the shorter the time the better, for if you spread your idea over two years, enthusiasm will have time to cool. There must be a concentration of energy.

It is calculated that the fair would bring to Montreal three million people—at the rate of 20,000 a day for five months. Most of the civilized governments of the world would send exhibits. The government of Great Britain would probably give a grant of money. Great Britain gave £75,000 to the British exhibit at Chicago. She has also helped the New South Wales and New Zealand expositions. Apart from this, Canada has many influential friends. The Queen herself has a most friendly feeling for Canada. The Princess Louise would be sympathetic and helpful. There is Lord Dufferin, the Marquis of Lansdowne, and a host of influential people who have interests in the country, and who would help cheerfully. And the boards of trade in England, representing the various products of the country, would be appealed to and would respond with typical exhibits. England would probably send a number of blue jackets, and a couple of military bands for the spectacular departments.

England, by the very necessities of her position, is driven to seek new markets in all parts of the world. She would be desirous of making a good exhibit in Canada. And all great producers of the world over would find it to their interest to have their goods reviewed by three million people. All this is according to the promoters.

'There is plenty of money, plenty of enterprise in Montreal,' said Mr. Stevenson. 'Each only needs stimulus. In dull times people say there is no money. Let the circus come along and hundreds will be turned away. In dull times people may hesitate about spending. Bring a novelty to their notice and they are as liberal as ever. Atlanta took hold of the idea of an exposition at the dull moment in her history. She is going to have a bigger fair than we can hope to have, even if our ideal be realized.'

There is just the possibility that some of the friends of the project may insist upon postponing the fair till 1897. 'In that case,' says Mr. Stevenson, 'we can live up to our plans. We can work for that date, and make the fair a success, although I am quite convinced that there is ample time to carry it out next year.' Money has already been promised, and there would be no difficulty in raising the \$400,000 in Montreal. There has been a little slackness, perhaps, in getting down to real work, and time has been lost, although it is not too late to commence the serious preparations for the putting up of the buildings.

Letters have been received from all parts of the world, making enquiries touching the fair; there is no question at all about exhibits; the question is—will sufficient energy be displayed, in a short space of time, to realize a project which is still on paper?

In Atlanta the question was mooted in the beginning of 1893 but it was not until the first week of the year 1894 that the business men of the city took the matter into serious consideration. The idea belonged to Col. W. Hemphill, business manager of the Atlanta 'Constitution.' He conceived the notion of making an exposition of the resources of the southern states, whose exhibit had been trivial enough at Chicago. The undertaking was an immense one. Trade never was so bad. But the business men determined to apply a breakwater against the tide of business depression. The chamber of commerce endorsed the scheme; the citizens subscribed in ten days the sum of \$200,000; and men who had vast business interests to attend to, threw themselves into the work of organization with marvellous energy, undertaking, at their own expense, to travel from city to city, interviewing the boards of commerce of the centres where co-operation was desirable. City after city responded; Congress voted \$200,000, and commissioners were despatched to the Central and South American Republics to ask co-operation. This was readily granted. With committees

steadily and vigorously at work, the necessary money in hand, the handsome buildings in course of erection, the allotment of work which leaves out none, and expects from all a boundless energy, the exposition promises to be a wonderful success.

'But, then, it is the Americans who lick creation, you know,' it was remarked to Mr. Stevenson.

'Why should Canadians not be able to do what the people of Atlanta are doing? I rather think we have done some good things in the past. Montreal has achieved many triumphs. Our people have the money and I believe they have the energy. Perhaps we need a little stirring up. I am not blind to the difficulties in the way. I am willing to recognize them, but I think Montreal should have what Canada undoubtedly will have, if not next year, the one after, an international exposition.'

One word more:—Two well known gentlemen have withdrawn their names from the list of the preliminary committee which was made out. They state that their names were put on without their having been consulted, and they could not allow it. Neither of them would say that he suspected the bona fides of any one connected with the project, but one of the two deemed it an impertinence to print his name to a circular, which made him endorse a project of which he knew nothing.

WOMEN IN POLITICS.

AN ADDRESS BY THE EMPRESS WILLIAM TO THE WOMEN OF SILESIA.

Berlin, May 14.—Prince Bismarck yesterday received a number of Silesian ladies and made an address in which he expressed regret that women were allowed so little influence in politics. He said he did not expect women to speak in parliament, but wished that the elections showed more of their influence. The Centrists and Poles were influenced to a large extent by women, but with the Socialists women had far too little weight. If they had more and if they realized their future as wives and mothers in a Socialist state they would never allow their husbands to belong to the Socialist party. If any women do so they must be estranged in some way from what men revere as genuine womanhood.

CANADA AND CAPE COLONY.

THE MOVEMENT TO ADVANCE TRADE RELATIONS DISCUSSED.

London, May 14.—A despatch from Cape Colony says that in parliament to-day, Mr. Weimer made a motion calling for the papers concerning the treaty with Canada. He contended that it would be better for the colony to cultivate relations with its own neighbors than with Canada, and said that there were no articles, except what were already free, that they could exchange with Canada.

The Premier, the Hon. Cecil Rhodes, said that the negotiations had not gone beyond a proposal that a Canadian delegate visit Cape Colony.

Mr. Sauer remarked that the government had placed heavy duties on Australian goods and asked how, in view of the fact, it could admit Canadian goods free of duty.

WORLD'S FAIR DIPLOMAS.

AN INGENIOUS REASON FOR THE COMMITTEE'S DELAY IN THE DELIVERY OF THE AWARDS TO THE WINNERS.

London, May 14.—'Truth' to-morrow will comment on the fact that the medals and diplomas won at the World's Fair in Chicago have not yet been given to the successful exhibitors. The paper cites the reason assigned for this delay, but inclines toward the explanation that the members of the committee having the matter in charge draw salaries until their work is finished and when the medals and diplomas are given to the winners there will be no more work for the committee to do.

ASHORE NEAR CAPE FLATTERY.

Victoria, B.C., May 14.—The San Francisco steamer 'Puebla,' which has arrived here, reported the steamer 'Mogul' ashore near Cape Flattery and likely to prove a total wreck. The steamer hoisted a flag as the 'Puebla' passed, but as the Union Jack was up, no attention was paid. The steamer 'Mogul,' which passed Carmanas at six p.m., has not yet arrived, and it is expected that she has stopped to render assistance to the disabled steamer. According to reports here no lives have been lost.

CONSERVATIVE WIN IN NEWINGTON.

London, May 14.—A Parliamentary election was held to-day in the Walworth division of Newington to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Wm. Saunders. The result of the poll was: Bailey (Con.), 2,776; Reade (Lib.), 2,103; Lansburg (Socialist), 347. At the last previous election Mr. Saunders, who stood as a home ruler, was returned by a vote of 2,514, against 2,215 for Mr. Isaacs, his Conservative opponent.

THE INWARD TIDE OF GOLD.

New York, May 14.—The steamer 'Berlin May,' which arrived from Southampton last night, brought £173,000 gold bars consigned to August Belmont & Company for syndicate account.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

THE BUDGET DEBATE DRAGS WEARILY ALONG IN THE HOUSE.

THE ONTARIO MEMBERS DID MOST OF THE TALKING YESTERDAY.

Ottawa, May 15.—The budget debate occupied the attention of the House all yesterday and was participated in by the Ontario members, Messrs. McMullen, Northrup and McMillan. They covered the usual ground of attack and defence, the National Policy, and its failure to accomplish its avowed objects being the main theme of the Opposition speakers. The debate was further adjourned.

NEW BILLS.

The following bills were introduced: Col. Tisdale—To amend the act respecting St. Clair and Erie Ship Canal Company.

Mr. Forbes—To legalize an agreement entered into between the Eastern Insurance Company with the Union Insurance Company of London, England.

Mr. Edgar—To incorporate the Permanent Reserve Life Association of Canada.

Mr. Edwards—To incorporate the Gilmour, Hughson Company.

Mr. Sproule—To incorporate the Haliburton and Mattawa Railway Company.

Mr. Moncrieff—To incorporate the Ontario Accident Insurance Company.

Mr. Sproule—Respecting the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company.

Mr. Rider gives notice that on Thursday he will ask if it has come to the knowledge of the Government that the High Commissioner, Sir Charles Tupper, did during the past year publicly announce that the Canadian Government had offered to send troops to England in case of war with France or with any other foreign power.

TORONTO STREET RAILWAY.

Toronto, May 14.—The adjourned annual meeting of the Toronto Street Railway will be held to-morrow under the by-law to elect a board of seven directors for the ensuing year, including two additional directors which the by-law empowers the company to elect. It was stated on the street to-day that the announcement of the half-yearly dividend would likely be made at to-morrow's meeting. The statement of the earnings for last month was published to-day. They are: Total income, April, 1895, \$75,199.54; total income, April, 1894, \$67,990.66. The operating expenses in April, 1895, were \$39,205.27, and in April, 1894, \$44,110.16. The total net gain for April, 1895, was \$12,116.77.

FRENCH BUDGET FIGURES.

Paris, May 14.—The Chamber of Deputies opened its session to-day without special incident. The budget was laid upon the table.

The budget estimates put the revenue at 3,213,000,000 francs, and the expenditures at 3,348,000,000 francs. It is proposed to cover the deficit by a reform of succession duties, which will yield 25,000,000 francs; an increase of the stamp duties on foreign companies, bonds bringing 14,000,000; a tax on servants except farms and factories, 10,000,000; Algerian customs assimilated with the French 4,000,000; a new tax on playing cards, 1,200,000; and an increased horse and carriage tax, 1,000,000. These will leave unmet 20,000,000 francs of the deficit.

AFTER AN EARLDOM.

London, May 14.—'Major O'Brien, who distinguished himself during the civil war in America,' says the 'Pall Mall Gazette,' 'and who is now living here, is about to try to revive the old earldom of Clare. The late Lady Kimberley represented the later creations.'

The earldom of Clare was created in 1795, according to the Windsor Peerage. The title became extinct in 1864, upon the death of Richard Hobart Fitzgibbon, the third earl, who left three daughters.

Florence married, in 1847, the first Earl of Kimberley. Louisa Isabella Georgina married first, in 1847, Gerald Normandy Dillon, who assumed, in 1873, by Royal license, the name Fitzgibbon, and who died in 1880; secondly, in 1882, she married Gen. Carmelo Ascanio Spadafora, Marchese de la Rocella, of Sicily. Elinor Sophia Diana married first, in 1856, Francis William Henry Cavendish, Esq., from whom she was divorced in 1866; and, secondly, in 1872, M. Victor Jules Paul Pellet.

STRANGE DISEASE AMONG FISH.

Flushing, Mich., May 14.—Fish are dying daily in Flint river at this point. They are covered with little white spots and no one can account for the disease. To preserve the health of the village men were set to work on Monday to collect the fish along the shores and bury them and during the forenoon they secured over one thousand, some of them weighing nearly ten pounds each. The fish that suffer the most are suckers, mullets and red fins.

DEATH OF A JUDGE.

Goderich, Ont., May 14.—Isaac Francis Toms, senior judge of the County of Huron, died this morning after an illness of two weeks. Deceased was one of the best known men in the western part of Ontario. The funeral will take place here on Thursday afternoon.

PROHIBITION LAWS.

ABSURD PROTECTION ENACTMENTS WHICH KILL CANADIAN COMMERCE.

(Toronto 'Globe'.)

The Canadian coasting and general marine laws are fearfully and wonderfully made. The law which compels the carrying of wheat to Buffalo when it is destined for Toronto is economic perfection compared with the laws regarding coal consumed on vessels. The duty on this coal is 60 cents a ton, and the guilders of our industry in their wisdom have decreed that it will be refunded in case a vessel using it clears for an American port and makes a two-days' voyage. The best feature of the two days' requirement is that it is never enforced. The other part of the regulation compels vessels to make the diagonal trip across the lakes to win the rebate on their coal. The Canadian Pacific liners from Owen Sound when bound for Port William clear for Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and, as a consequence, they use the American canal. Were the two-days' regulation enforced it would be necessary for them to lie to until the time expired. But our officials are fortunately satisfied with sending them where they do not want to go. On the down trip they follow the same course.

As the vessels of the Northern Line also avoid the Canadian 'Soo,' fearing injury to their twin screws in the approaches, the famous canal is much like all the other projects of our enterprising government. Steamers from Toronto, Kingston or Montreal must go across to an American port to secure the rebate on their coal. A short time ago efforts were made to secure a relaxation of this requirement with regard to Kingston. But the petitioners were in effect warned to make no complaints lest the two-days' voyage and other such requirements would be enforced. The people who are daily subjected to these childish absurdities are afraid to complain, for they know they have not exhausted the resourceful fertility of the ministry in hampering and obstructing them. And the people have, in consequence no conception of the dense stupidity of their chosen law-makers.

PROHIBITION UP THE GATINEAU.

Wakefield, Que., May 14.—On Monday the township council here passed a resolution to the effect that they would grant no certificates for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors for the year ending April 30, 1896. There have been four licensed hotels in this township for some time, and there were the same number of applications this year. The matter of opposing licenses was introduced by the Rev. F. De Long, Methodist minister, and some of the councillors rendered valuable help in arguing temperance principles in the council. This wipes out the liquor traffic in a legalized form, in the Gatineau Valley, the whole way from Chelsea to Pictou, upwards of forty miles. Some of the liquor-sellers are angry at the minister before-mentioned, as well as at the council, and say they will obtain licences from the government in spite of the action of the council before-mentioned.

The Royal Templars of Temperance have a flourishing council here, recently organized by Miss Agnes Carpenter.

ARRESTED FOR TRAIN WRECKING.

Holly, Mich., May 14.—W. H. Smith, an ex-conductor of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway, was arrested at the home of his father, near here, this morning, charged with wrecking a Grand Trunk train at Battle Creek during the A. R. U. troubles in July last year, in which the fireman, Thomas Crowe, was killed and many passengers were injured. Smith disappeared at the time and has been in hiding since. He was taken to Battle Creek.

THE BEHRING SEA.

SPECULATION RIFE AS TO THE SIGNIFICANCE OF SIR JULIAN PAUNCEPOTE'S APPROACHING VISIT TO ENGLAND.

London, May 14.—The Foreign Office declines to make any statement as to whether the coming visit of Sir Julian Pauncepote, the British ambassador at Washington, to England is connected with the Behring Sea negotiations. It is stated, however, that in any case the facts that the United States had not settled the claims for damages on the basis suggested by the Paris tribunal of arbitration would not interfere with or delay any negotiations which may now be pending. It is further asserted that the proposal of the United States Secretary of State, Mr. Walter Q. Gresham, or a joint commission for the Behring Sea, to be composed of representatives of the United States, Great Britain, Russia and Japan, is still under consideration.

THE OLD BOARD RE-ELECTED.

New York, May 14.—At the annual meeting of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company to-day the old board of directors was re-elected.

FIRE IN ROME.

Rome, May 14.—The new theatre Adrian and four adjoining museums were burned this morning. The police believe that the buildings were fired by Anarchists.

BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL.

ONE CENT POSTAGE FOR CITY AND TARIFF REFORMS.

The Board of Trade Council met yesterday afternoon, Mr. Jas. A. Cantlie, president, in the chair. The petition to parliament for the different trades of the city, and circulated by the council, praying for the establishment of a board of customs experts submitted to parliament by Mr. Henry Milne.

The council congratulated Mr. Milne for the result of his efforts and ordered that the petition and signatures be reprinted and circulated among the members of the Senate and House of Commons, Ottawa. It is expected that the petition, together with similar petitions from other boards of trade, will be presented by the members of parliament of the cities and towns in which such boards are located, towards the end of the present month. The council was in receipt of protests from members of the board against the recent changes in the tariff being made to apply to goods entered on the morning of the day on which the budget was brought down, instead of as heretofore on the morning after that of the bringing down of the budget. It was said that if the government could make the tariff retroactive for one day, it could do so for any period. This, it was said, was obviously unjust to importers. The council was unanimous in agreeing with the protests made against the changes being retroactive and ordered that strong representation be made in the matter to the Minister of Finance.

The following petition has been addressed to the Governor-General-in-Council, the Senate and the Commons, and has been acknowledged. In this matter the Board of Trade wrote saying that it had unanimously decided to petition the government in the same direction.

That at the annual meeting of the Montreal Board of Trade, largely attended by membership, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

'That the incoming council is hereby instructed to memorialize the government respectfully requesting that the postage on letters posted in the cities and towns of the city and town delivery be reduced to one cent for one ounce.'

That the present minimum rate of postage for a city letter is excessive, making the cost of postage to aggregate a burden some amount in the case of firms compelled by the nature of their business to send large numbers of city letters.

That it is believed that the postal revenue would be increased by the desired reduction in the rate, as large numbers of business men now have their city letters delivered by private messenger, that method costing less than the two cent postal rate, which were the rate reduced to one cent, such letters would be sent by post.

Wherefore, your petitioners do earnestly pray your honorable House to enact legislation providing that the rate of postage on letters posted in cities and towns, for delivery thereon, be reduced from two cents per ounce to one cent per ounce.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound will ever pray.

Signed on behalf of the Council of the Montreal Board of Trade.

JAS. A. CANTLIE, President.

GEO. HADRILL, Secretary.

MONTREAL PROTESTANTS BEING SUED.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness'.)

Sir,—Your article in Saturday's issue one would think should surely wake up Protestants to a sense of their danger. The dismemberment of the school municipality of the city of Montreal is but a sample of what is going on in the Eastern Townships on a large scale. Having succeeded in the country in breaking up old school municipalities and carrying confusion and mischief, and loss and injustice on every hand, they now try to do the same in the city. The tyranny and injustice of allowing the hierarchy to prelate new parishes at will without regard to the rights of Protestants should be stopped at once. The time has surely come for the Protestant Committee of Public Instruction and the school commissioners of the Eastern Townships to concert some kind of action to put an end to the theft and wrong of removing ancient landmarks. Mr. Duff should not be left to fight out such injustice alone. All the Protestants of this province are interested as well as he.

JAMES GREEN.

Montreal, May 11, 1895.

GAME AND FISHERY LAWS.

Albany, May 14.—In the Senate today Senator Childs offered a resolution empowering the Fish and Game committee to visit Canada and elsewhere, and employ a clerk, with a view to harmonizing the laws of the several countries. Senator Donaldson said that, as chairman of the committee, he had received many requests for such action.

TO SAIL AROUND THE WORLD.

San Francisco, May 14.—Captain J. W. Morris sailed from this port to-day in a boat forty-five feet long to make a trip around the world. He will be accompanied by his wife, two sailors and a cabin boy.

THE DAILY WITNESS is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Douglass, of Montreal. All business communications should be addressed to 'John Douglass & Son,' and all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness'.'