



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wash, Egg and Stove Anthracite Coal—W H Crawford & Co. Maroussein. Hood's Pills and Sarsaparilla. Apollinaris—The Queen of Table Waters. See 4th Page. Compagnie Generale Transatlantique—A. Forget. See 1st Page. Farnet. See 1st Page. Holloway's Pills and Ointment. McLaughlin's Celebrated Cook's Friend Baking Powder. Motz's Diamond Chocolate.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the Captain or Crew of the Schooner "Amity" loading at St. Thomas, P. A. MAROUSSEIN.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL. MICHAELMAS TERM BEGINS SEPT. 10th, 1892. For calendars of College apply to the Principal or Secretary. For school calendars apply to the Secretary, Lennoxville.

Bellevue Hotel, RIVIERE-DU-LOUP WHARF. First Class Hotel.

MODERATE CHARGES. J. A. FONTAINE, Proprietor.

The nicest view on the River St. Lawrence.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

BOOK CITY COUNCIL, R. T. of T.

NATIONAL SCHOOL HALL, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

On Tuesday, July 12th, 1892.

The Programme will consist of Recitations, Dialogues, Vocal and Instrumental Music, together with "Club Singing" by two young ladies. After which, Strawberries and Cream, Ice Cream and other refreshments will be served.

Admission Five Cents.

Welsh, Egg and Stove Anthracite, Daily Expected.

CARGO OF THE CELEBRATED "Big Vein" Smokeless Anthracite, per following Analysis:

Table with 2 columns: Substance and Percentage. Carbon 92.27, Hydrogen 3.58, Oxygen 1.80, Sulphur 0.68, Ash 1.67, Total 100.00.

In Lots to suit Purchasers.

William H. Crawford & Co.

July 11, 1892.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED TO the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public Buildings," will be received until FRIDAY, 25th instant, for Coal supply for all or any of the Dominion Public Buildings.

Specification, form of Tender and all necessary information can be obtained at this Department, on and after Friday, 8th July.

Tenders tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to supply the coal contracted for.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, E. F. E. ROY, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 4th July, 1892.

Plumbers, Gas Fitters, Steam Fitters, Machinists, Engineers, Electricians.

Tools & Supplies, Wholesale and Retail.

Reliable Goods, Low Prices and Prompt Delivery.

Send us your orders and we will try to hold your trade by meeting the above requirements.

Mechanics Supply Co., 96, St. Peter Street, Telephone 456.

July 11, 1892.

Literary and Historical Society of Quebec.

THE GENERAL MONTHLY MEETING of the Society, will be held in their Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 4 o'clock P.M.

A meeting of the Council will take place on the adjournment of the General Meeting, at which the Members of Council are particularly requested to attend.

J. W. STRACHAN, Asst. Secretary.

July 11, 1892.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

WAGGING CRAFT TO LOAD SPRUCE Deals, by the standard, from bark "Atina," at Gun River, Anticosti, and land in Quebec. Apply at once to ED. BURNS, Stevedore, Op.

July 9, 1892.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1892.

QUEBEC AT THE CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

The principal grievance of the Provincial Opposition during the session against the Government is already defined. Mr. MARCHEMONT and his followers have been deprived of the welcome opportunity, so well employed while it lasted, of railing against the Ministers for naming the appointment of an English-speaking Canadian, the Hon. JOHN MCINTOSH, to represent the Province of Quebec at the Chicago Exposition. The Ministers, it will be remembered, stood well to their guns, and justified their selection of Mr. MCINTOSH, but contended that a Commission only to be one member of a Commission upon which the French-Canadian majority of our population would be amply represented. And now their contentions have been justified by the publication of the names of those composing the Commission. Mr. MCINTOSH is to be Chairman of the Commission, which is to consist also of the Hon. SENATOR LANDRY, of the Rev. Canon BRUCHET, Secretary of the archbishop of Montreal, and of the Hon. H. G. JOLY DE LOTBIREAU. There will also be a Council to assist the Commissioners, consisting of distinguished agriculturists, manufacturers, merchants, geologists, etc., and it is reported that one of its members will be the Rev. Abbe LAFLEMMES, of Laval University. It will thus be seen that the Government has carried out its intention, at all times expressed, of seeing that justice was done to no element of our population in the appointment of Commissioners, and now that these facts have become public property, we trust, with our conferees L'Evenement, that the unjustified recriminations that have been indulged in respecting this matter will be allowed to drop. We learn that Mr. MCINTOSH was to have left Montreal for Chicago yesterday. Before leaving, he conferred with many of those who are likely to be our leading exhibitors of minerals, wood, cheese, butter, etc.

"TO STAY AT HOME IS BEST."

We often hear of the success of Canadians abroad. But it is not surprising that they should succeed. The best blood of Scotland, England, Ireland or France flows in their veins. They spring from valiant and self-reliant stock. They are plucky, hard-working and independent. Hence when they leave the old home for a new land, perhaps even under a foreign flag, they carry with them a nature which is bound to assert itself, at any cost. Their pride compels them not to turn back, but to go on and win. Only the weak perish by the way-side. Perhaps, away from home they will do things which they might scorn to do at home. We often find young Canadians working in the United States at a job, which they would reject with indignation were it offered them in Montreal or Quebec. But the way to get on is to master one's pride. So long as the employment offered is an honest one, an honest young man may undertake to do what is required of him, without fear of losing his dignity. Honorable labour is always commendable and praiseworthy. But one can have no patience with those who are afraid or ashamed to soil their hands by working for a living. Pride of that sort is unworthy of consideration.

Young Canada asserts herself wherever her sons go.

And the boys always do well, whether they go soldiering for the Mother Country, or working in peaceable avocations in the United States. They do us credit, and we are glad to hear of their prosperity. But while rejoicing at their success, we are not unmindful of the fact, that had they remained with us, and worked as hard for us as they did for strangers, they would have gone along here quite as well. There always every chance in Canada, and there is always room at the top. It is a mistake, we think, for our young men, the flower of the Dominion, to leave us, after obtaining their education here, and giving their brains, and energy, and youthful enthusiasm to other countries. These brains and energies should remain in Canada, where they are needed to build up this new, rising and vigorous young nation. We spend millions to make the country suitable enough to attract immigrants and tenant farmers to our shores, but every year we sacrifice much of the cream of our population, for it is an undeniable fact that too many of our promising young men go away from Canada, and carve out homes elsewhere. We cannot keep them with us by law or Act of Parliament. If they feel dissatisfied, they simply go away, and that's the end of it. But it is a pity that this is the case, for the loss is a serious one, indeed, to bear. It means the taking away of the very life-blood of the country, and the worst of it is, this life-blood goes to enrich our neighbors. Can it be helped? We are afraid that it cannot, so long as men will do for others what they will not do for themselves.

Canada offers her sons a good career, but she does not owe them a living.

They, on the contrary, owe something, — we may say very much, — to her. They ought to stick to the Dominion, and work within the confines of the old home, working for the good of the country, as well as working for personal success. Our country, no matter how it may be viewed, is as good a country as any that exists on the face of the globe. It has turned out splendid specimens of manhood and womanhood. It is rich in natural advantages, and in material and industrial wealth. All we want is population. The raw material comes to us from abroad in the ships. But we want our gallant young sons to remain, and work the home quarry.

Mothers.

Castoria is recommended by physicians as children's medicine. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhoea and wind colic, alleviates feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child's mind, relieves his restlessness and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 cents.

He Called.

A Texas clergyman called upon a lady member of his congregation and talked to her for three solid hours on religious subjects. Her views were so unorthodox that he exclaimed:—"I am astonished at your sentiments, my dear young lady. You must be mad."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"Well, I've been wanting you to start for the last two hours," she said, with a yawn. Then he made a break for the door.—Texas Siftings.

Every testimonial regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla is an honest, unvarnished statement of what this medicine has actually done.

Notes and News.

HERE AND ELSEWHERE.

The Summer.

The daily CHRONICLE may be obtained at fifty cents per month mailed to any address, or twenty-five cents for two weeks.

Personal Intelligence.

Mr. E. T. Chambers, of Montreal, is in town.

Hon. Mr. Nantel is expected in town this morning.

Hon. J. S. Hall will probably arrive in town to-day.

Hon. L. P. Pelletier returned to town yesterday from St. Anne Lapocriere.

Mr. W. D. Whiteford, of the Williams, Green & Rome Co., is at the St. Louis Hotel.

Hon. T. C. Casrain, Attorney-General, returned to town yesterday after having attended the formal opening on Saturday of the Montreal & Quebec Railway.

Bernhardt is making her plans to stay in London for several months more. Next winter she will give an exhibition of paintings and sculpture executed by her own hand, and borrowed from their present owners in Paris.

One hears little of Mr. Gladstone's exploits as a fisherman, if indeed, he be one at all. But a new artificial fly has been named "the Gladstone." It was invented by an Englishman, and is said to be a very good one. It is said that, while many trout and grayling seize it with avidity, others regard it as "uncanny and not to be trusted."

A rustic inhabitant of Cape Cod, who was securing Mr. Cleveland and Joseph Jefferson to the fishing grounds a few days ago, and who had heard something of the latter gentleman's artistic gifts, addressed him as follows: "Do you see Mr. Jefferson?" "Yes, a little." "Well, I'll give you 50 cents to cut up a little right here." But he couldn't, or at least didn't.

H. C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel Company, is forty-two years of age, and about five feet six inches high. He was ten years ago he was a poor man, making coke on a small scale in the Connellsville coke region; but in time he became the king of the industry and locality. Mr. Carnegie, awakening to the importance of the coke business to iron manufacturers, bought an interest in Frick's enterprise in 1882. Five years ago Mr. Frick became chairman of the first Carnegie Brothers & Co. His net revenue is said to be \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 a year. His experience with strike in the coke region led him to regard the leaders of organized labor as unreasonable and unbusinesslike. Hence the policy pursued at Homestead.

This story of Eden is being circulated in Europe: Having fallen in love, he sent a written proposal to the beautiful daughter of Pastor Theoprop (now his brother-in-law) who was in the parlor, he was informed that the young lady would soon join him. But she did not appear, and Eden, in his impatience, wandered about the room, impatient to all sorts of expedients, for three hours. Just as he was rushing out of the door, a giggle attracted his attention, and he discovered the young lady when he was rising up from behind the sofa, where she had been concealed all that time, afraid, as she explained, of making her appearance before the young man who had just been invited to her arrival and had lacked the courage to come forward when she saw him. The answer was received with admiration, and they were soon married.

The following Canadian visitors have registered their names at the Canadian Government Office, 10, Rue de Rome, Paris, during the week ending June 25—

Mrs. Jean Taylor, Montreal—95, Rue de Moncau.

Joseph Masson, Montreal—4, Rue de Metz.

Charles Deverger, Montreal—Hotel de Calais.

Rev. J. A. Belanger, Montreal—10, Rue Cassette.

Alphonse Verrault, Levis, P. Q.—Hotel Massillon.

Miss Hortense Murphy, Montreal—Hotel de Calais.

J. P. Vibert, Montreal—85, Avenue Ledru-Rollin.

C. E. Delorme, Montreal—Grand Hotel.

Dr. Georges Larin, Montreal—11, Place du Pantheon.

Sheriff or Senator?

THE QUESTION THAT THE GOVERNMENT ADDRESS TO THE HON. SENATOR THIBAUDEAU. It appears that the Local Government is determined to keep all the members of the Civil Service to the strict line of public duty. Those that desire to continue in the service must be willing to give up their private life, and to understand that other occupations interfering with the proper performance of the duties of their respective offices, must be abandoned if the latter are to be maintained.

In 1890, Senator Thibaudreau was named Sheriff of Montreal by the Mercier Government. He has continued to hold his seat in the Senate at Ottawa as well as his public office in Montreal, and to be absent from the latter while sitting in his representative capacity at the Capital. The Government has written to Mr. Thibaudreau, notifying him that he has to choose between his two offices.

The Langlais Contract Repeated.

THE GOVERNMENT DECLINES TO BE BOUND BY THE INDIQUOUS TRANSACTION. The Province Will Not Pay the Langlais Letters of Credit.

It is current rumor that the Government has decided to repudiate the contracts entered into between the Mercier Administration and Mr. Jean Langlais, both in the matter of the stationery supply for the public departments and in that of the famous *Sylviculetur* Canadian. In fact we learn that a protest was served upon Mr. Langlais yesterday at the instance of the Provincial Secretary, the Hon. L. P. Pelletier, calling upon him to remove from the Parliament House the thousands of copies of the *Sylviculetur* now deposited there, and delivered by him last year in accordance with the irregular contract given by the members of the ex-Government. Stationery is no longer to be furnished to the Government by Mr. Langlais, and the letters of credit issued by the Mercier Government in 1890 last year and amounting to some \$85,000 in all, are to be repudiated by the Government. It will be remembered that these letters of credit have been for the most part discounted by Mr. Langlais.

The Levis Camp.

ANIMATION AT ST. JOSEPH DE LEVIS. Great animation exists in and about the military camp at St. Joseph de Levis, the headquarters of which is situated upon the Engineers' Park.

There are at present about 1,300 men under canvas for twelve days' drill, composed of the following battalions:—Twenty-Third Infantry of Quebec, under command of Lieut.-Colonel George Bigelow; Sixty-First Infantry of Montreal, Lieut.-Colonel Landry in command; Seventieth Infantry of Champlain County, Lieut.-Colonel Massicotte in command; and the Eighty-Ninth Infantry of Temiscouata and Rimouski Counties, commanded by Lieut.-Colonel Hudon.

The Staff.

This is composed of Lieut.-Col. Duchesnay, D.A.C., Commandant; Lt.-Col. Taschereau, Brigade Major; Major Vien, officer in charge; Captain Lessard, Camp Quarter Master; Lt. Paquet, Inspector of Musketry; Surgeon Sewell, medical officer of the camp.

General Herbst was seen by five o'clock yesterday morning to see for himself how the men in camp turned out in the morning for duty and drill. He spent a busy day in camp. Two men belonging to country regiments, who were unable to stand the fatigue and heat of camp life were brought over to hospital yesterday morning in the city ambulance.

Holloway's Pills—Cure for Indigestion.

Indigestion, with torpidity of the liver, the cure of thousands, who spend each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking Holloway's Pills. They strengthen their accompanying directions. They strengthen and invigorate every organ subservient to digestion. Their action is purifying, healing, and strengthening. They may be taken without interfering with ordinary pursuits, or requiring much restriction in diet. They quickly remove noise and giddiness from the head, dispel low spirits and nervous fears. These balsamic Pills work the cure without debilitating or exhausting the system; on the contrary, they conserve and support the vital principle by substituting pure for impure blood.

A Popular Prescription.

"Your wife must take more exercise." "But, doctor, what can I do? She refuses to stir." "Give her some money to go shopping with."—Harper's Bazar.

Every testimonial regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla is an honest, unvarnished statement of what this medicine has actually done.

The British Elections.

THE RESULT STILL UNKNOWN.

THE RETURNS YESTERDAY.

LONDON, July 11.—The Conservative papers concur in concluding that Mr. Gladstone will have a small majority in the next Parliament, enabling him to force the Government to resign, but offering no guarantee that the Liberals will be able to carry on business.

The permits which the Gladstonians cannot be prevented from a return to office may yet be prevented from returning to power. Mr. Gladstone, with a nominal majority of 20, would be in an embarrassed and hopeless position as the author of a Cabinet could occupy. He would not be able to maintain his position in the House of Commons for a month. If he tried to palter with his promises to the Irish, he would at once lose 80 votes, placing him in a minority of 50 if the Irish abstained from voting and of 150 if they voted against him.

The Calcutta correspondent of the Times says that the native Indian press is jubilant over the election of Mr. Nairaj to Parliament. All the schools will have a holiday tomorrow and illuminations and *jets* will be given to celebrate the event.

The following returns have been received: Devonshire, 4,283; Leicestershire, 4,283; Liberal Unionist, 4,236. In 1886 the Liberal Unionist, 4,236; in 1892 the Liberal Unionist, 4,236; in 1892 the Liberal Unionist, 4,236; in 1892 the Liberal Unionist, 4,236.

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The Newfoundland Holcaust.

CANADIANS CONTRIBUTING RELIEF.

HALIFAX, July 11.—Halifax has already provided for the sending of \$11,000 worth of provisions, etc., to St. John's. Every town in the province will hold a meeting to-night to provide for contributions to the relief fund.

The flagship "Blake" and H.M.S. "Emerald" arrived at St. John's, Nfld., with provisions for the suffering people, this morning. To-night telegrams are pouring in from all over the Province of Nova Scotia, pledging sums for the relief of the victims.

St. JOHN'S, N.B., July 11.—A meeting of citizens was held this afternoon to consider the steps to be taken to afford relief to the victims of the late typhoid epidemic. It was decided to open a subscription list, and a committee was formed, with Mayor Peters as chairman, to collect money. At the meeting over \$1,000 was subscribed.

FREDERICTON, July 11.—Mayor Beckwith has called a meeting of citizens for Wednesday afternoon to consider relief for St. John's. The meeting will be held at 7 o'clock, and will leave Montreal for New Brunswick on Thursday next, laden with provisions. Mr. H. G. Reid, contractor for the Newfoundland Railway, telegraphed \$500 to-day, and other smaller sums.

A deputation from the Board of Trade will this afternoon wait upon the City Council and ask that a public meeting of citizens be called to arrange aid for the sufferers. The City of Montreal will vote a sum of money and public subscriptions will be opened.

Mayor McShane has called a public meeting of citizens for Tuesday, to consider relief measures for the sufferers by the St. John's fire.

TORONTO, July 11.—A special meeting of the Council of the Board of Trade this afternoon, decided to take up subscriptions at once for the sufferers at St. John's, and a special meeting of the Board is called for noon to-morrow to take further action. Two thousand dollars was subscribed inside of half an hour.

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