

The Montreal Herald

EIGHTY FOURTH YEAR NO 190

MONTREAL, MONDAY AUGUST 10 1891.

3 CENTS. \$6 PER YEAR

THE NEWS.

No change in weather to-day.
There is a famine in the Madras Presidency.
A flood at Melbourne did \$2,000,000 damage.
The officers of the French squadron are now being feasted in Moscow.
Bad weather is spoiling the crops in many districts in Austria and Hungary.
The formal opening of the Sarnia tunnel will probably take place in October.

The wheat crop of Kansas is said to have been cornered by the Farmers' Alliance.
The Cincinnati Ice Machine Company as assigned. Liabilities, \$320,000; assets, \$600,000.
Cholera infantum is reported by physicians to be very prevalent in Western Ontario.

King Humbert, besides being a first class volunteer fireman, is a cook of no mean order.
M. Waddington, the French Ambassador to the Court of St. James, has a salary of \$80,000.

It is said Lord Salisbury and his wife will visit Ulster before the dissolution of the British Parliament.
Remenyi, the violinist, has written a book on Japanese art, which is soon to be published in London.

The British steamer Wallarah, from London for Sydney, has been wrecked near Cape Town and is a total loss.
The mayor of Gananogue has issued a proclamation that Wednesday, Aug. 12, be observed as a public holiday in that town.

The managers of the Grand Trunk, Erie, Lackawanna and West Shore fast freight lines will meet at Niagara Falls Aug. 19.
In a railway smash at East Palestine, Ohio, a number of persons were injured. Three people were badly hurt on a collision near Hotter, Ill.

Another body has been found in the West Shore wreck near Syracuse, making the number of dead 14. One of the injured is dying.
Thomas S. Bock, for 14 years member of Congress from Virginia and for four years Speaker of the Confederate Congress, is dead aged 66.

Crawford county, Pa., the home of Chairman Andrews, of the Republican States Committee, has declared for Jas. G. Blaine for President in 1892.
All the negotiations between the Foreign Committee of the World's Fair and the official representatives of the German Government have been concluded.

Frannie Redican, aged 14 while at play at Riverside Park, Toronto, fell down the old toboggan slide and fractured her skull. It is not certain whether she will recover.
The partially decomposed body of William Walden, a carrier, was found in a garden at Peterboro'. He is supposed to have died some days ago from the effects of drink.

The Government of Uruguay has issued a decree extending for one month the payment of all claims against the National Bank. During this period the Bourse will be closed.
Prof. Jones, of Kincardine, dropped dead of heart disease in Paisley, where he had gone to give music lessons. He formerly was preceptor in Presbyterian churches in Galt, Toronto, Seaforth and other places.

The Italian Government has decided to dismiss 3000 workmen from the Government dockyards this month. The decision has aroused widespread discontent, and the men to be thrown out are said to be ripe for mischief.
The pouring rain of yesterday contributed largely to prevent anything in the shape of a row in Queen's Park, Toronto, and the day passed off very quietly. There were good many police on hand but their services were not required.

The body of a young woman has been found in the Niagara River near the Lewiston wharf. Foul play is suspected and Henry Daly and another man, formerly of Toronto, are under arrest charged with having some connection with the affair.
Mr. W. A. Murray, for many years at the head of the big Toronto retail house of that name in that city, sailed from Liverpool Friday for Toronto, so ill that he is hardly expected to reach here alive. He went to Germany a few weeks ago in the hope of being restored to health.

The latest news from Chili says that no decisive engagement has yet taken place, and President Balmaceda is delaying until the arrival of his cruisers from Europe. The Congressional party is well supplied with funds, while the president is almost entirely dependent upon paper money.
The workmen who have been engaged for several days excavating for the water pipes in the Brooklyn Navy Yard unearthed some human bones, which are probably those of the Americans who died on the half-drowned British prison ships that were anchored in the neighborhood of the Navy Yard during the War of American Independence. A few years ago a large number of these bones were found in another part of the Navy Yard, and they were placed in a permanent mausoleum at Fort Greene, Brooklyn. The bones now found will probably be laid away in the same receptacle.

HE WAS ONLY JOKING

It is a Plain, Go-as-you-Please Every-day Affair at Ottawa.

SIR HECTOR DID NOT KNOW.

The Proceedings Before the Committee on Privileges and Elections—Important Developments Promised Regarding Sir Hector—Sir Hector did not know, But it was all Joke.

FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.
OTTAWA, Aug. 8.—The expert engineers, Messrs. Jennings and Macdonald, testified to their reports at the opening of the Privileges and Election Committee this morning, presented their bill for \$1495, and were given an order for the payment thereof.

"Honest" John Henry, as that gentleman is popularly known by in Ottawa, was the first witness. He said he was a contractor, and had lived in Ottawa 47 years, being a member of the Ottawa City Council for many years.

Questioned by Mr. Henry, he said that the whole story as told by Mr. Baskerville yesterday was all a joke.
Mr. Mills—Do you remember having a similar joke with Mr. Cunningham, then a member of the House of Commons?

Mr. Henry—Yes, but there was more in that same joke perhaps.
And Mr. Henry winked the other eye and nodded his head significantly.

Mr. Mills—You were arrested for that joke and placed in the tower of the House as a result?

Mr. Henry—Yes, I admit I was, but I may say that Mr. Cunningham, who is said to have gone, told a whole bundle of fabrications in the House that time. He proceeded to say that he was a contractor for the Public Works Department, but he was honest and he never got his contracts corruptly. He might as well have said that he was a contractor for the Public Works Department, but he was honest and he never got his contracts corruptly.

Mr. Chalmers, bookkeeper for Thomas McGreevy, was next called. He testified as to the payment of \$17,000 by Robert McGreevy to Thomas McGreevy, and as to the payment of \$17,000 by Robert McGreevy to Thomas McGreevy, and as to the payment of \$17,000 by Robert McGreevy to Thomas McGreevy.

As to the account rendered by Robert to his brother in January 1889, witness said he copied it at the time, and the present account produced by Robert McGreevy in the committee was not an identical copy of the original copy.

To Mr. McGreevy he said he had a conversation with Thomas McGreevy about the purchase of Le Monde, but he never knew anything about the means by which that paper was acquired. He could not remember any particulars of the means by which he raised the money to pay the McGreevy and Cameron judgment. Thomas McGreevy was away from Quebec when the money was paid, and he did take any part in securing the money for this payment.

Mr. McGreevy's secretary was examined in reference to the contract with the Intercolonial Railway which was awarded to Robert McGreevy. He could give no information without reference to him.

He was therefore ordered to produce them.
Mr. Baillarge, city engineer for Quebec, gave technical evidence with regard to the effects of the harbor improvement works in the harbor system of the city. He was consulted with regard to the change of the sewer in the cross wall contract. He read a letter to Larin, Connolly & Co. to the effect that the debt was to be at least 15 feet.

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OUR CABLE GOSSIP.

Family Gathering of Royalty to be Held at Copenhagen.

ORLEANISTS IN COUNCIL.

Arrival of the American Dory, Sea Serpent—Lord Harrington, Spanish Workingmen Object to the Commercial Treaty Between the U. S. and Cuba—German Notes.

BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.
COPENHAGEN, Aug. 9.—The approaching gathering of members of European Royal families at this place in September, promised to be a noteworthy one. Among those who will then visit the King of Denmark will be his son the Prince of Wales, his daughter the Princess of Wales, and his daughter the Princess of Wales, and his daughter the Princess of Wales.

An Orleansist Caution.
LONDON, Aug. 9.—A meeting of prominent members of the Orleans party has been held at the residence of the Count of Paris. The plans of the party were thoroughly discussed and much important work was done.

Capt. Lawler, of the American Dory, "Sea Serpent," which arrived at Cove Neck, near Lisard, Point, on Wednesday last, after coming across the Atlantic from Boston, with the Dory Mermaid, has recovered from the fatigue of the voyage and has proceeded to Cowes, Isle of Wight, in his little craft. The Mermaid has not yet arrived.

Lord Harrington is suffering from an attack of neuralgia in the head and is confined to his room. His physicians have ordered him to proceed to Hamburg and recuperate as soon as he is able to bear the fatigue of travel.

The Object to the Treaty.
MADRID, Aug. 9.—A Barcelona despatch says the National Labor Association, fearing the consequences to Spanish workmen that is believed will follow the effect of the treaty in regard to Cuba and Porto Rico, recently ratified by Spain and the United States, has held a meeting to protest against the new commercial relations.

The effect of the treaty was set forth at length by the various speakers who declared that it would render Cuba a colony of the United States. They were very energetic in their denunciations of the treaty, and great excitement prevailed during the meeting.

German Happenings.
LONDON, Aug. 9.—Rich deposits of gold have been found near Glogwitz, Prussian Silesia.

The recent floods in the Neisse district of Prussia caused a damage estimated at \$4,000,000. The shipping firm of Precht, at Bremerhaven, has failed with liabilities of 1,000,000 marks. A deficit of \$20,000 has precipitated the failure.

The Chambers of Commerce at Gissen and Greig, and a joint meeting of the German Central Union, have decided not to send exhibits to the Chicago fair, but the Berlin merchants and the members of the oldest committee of the Monheim Chamber of Commerce have resolved to exhibit.

At a stormy meeting of natives on the Bourse d'etravallin, Paris, to-day, it was decided to continue the strike indefinitely.

A SAVINGS BANK FAILURE.
An Institution Twenty-seven Years Old Closes its Doors.

SECRETLY TO THE HERALD.
NEW YORK, August 9.—Another Louisville bank closed its doors to-day, the Masonic Savings Bank. Like the Fall City Bank, which failed last month, the clearing house has been tiding it over for several months, but withdrew its props a week ago. It is the oldest Savings bank in Louisville, having been chartered in 1864. The actual amount up to the time of the run, which followed the financial panic of last December, averaged over \$1,000,000, but the constant drain had decreased it to less than the actual amount as yet are unknown. They will probably aggregate \$500,000. Its capital stock, \$250,000. The savings depositors will be doubtless paid in full by the clearing house.

The Toronto Mystery.
TORONTO, Aug. 9.—The body of Sophia Handcock, who is supposed to have been murdered at Fairbanks a few weeks ago, was disinterred Saturday afternoon in Prospect cemetery, Drs. Atkins, Strange and Teskey being present at request of counsel for the prisoner, Edward Handcock, the father of deceased, who is charged with the murder. The object of the disinterment was to examine the fracture of the skull, to determine if possible whether the accident theory is a reasonable one or not. The skull was not buried with the body, being held in possession of the coroner, but it was considered requisite to show that the skull examined was that of the deceased. The result of the investigation will not probably be made known till the case is resumed on the 13th.

Halifax Happenings.
HALIFAX, N.S., Aug. 9.—Bargentine Flashlight, from Savannah, Ga., for Montevideo, put in for repairs. Experienced a hurricane on the 3rd and 4th inst., in which she lost and split sails, strained vessel badly, and received other injuries.

The Boston newspaper men spent Sunday in a quiet way, visiting the churches and points of interest in the vicinity of the city. A number were entertained this afternoon by Archbishop O'Brien at Mount St. Vincent Academy. The party leave in the morning for Lunenburg and Bridgewater by water.

CLARK SAYS HE DID NOT OVERDRAW.

He Declares That He Had Advanced His Own Money to O'Brien & Clark.

A BANK ROBBER SHOOTS THREE MEN AND CARRIES OFF \$150,000.

The Bank Cashier Wounded, a Customer Killed and Third Man Wounded—Search Being Made for the Robber—If Caught He May be Lynched—The Full Story Told.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.
TORONTO, Aug. 9.—Cashier Maple had opened the bank a few minutes before the usual time in order to accommodate Vonderbank, who wanted a check cashed, and lived some distance in the country and wished to get home. Mr. Maple had opened the bank vault and was starting the currency on the counter, which is protected by a wire screen, when the robber entered. Vonderbank was standing almost directly in front of the door. As the bandit came in he drew two big revolvers, and leveling them at Maple, ordered him to hold up his hands. Maple dodged down behind the counter, and Vonderbank, of whom the robber had taken notice, sprang towards the door, probably with the intention of giving the alarm. As he did so the man wheeled around and fired at him, killing him instantly. By this time Mr. Maple had regained his feet and was attempting to close the door of the vault, when the robber fired at him, two shots taking effect, one in the arm and one in the hip. Maple fell to the floor and the robber ran behind the counter and secured \$150,000, which Mr. Maple had been unable to put in the safe. A crowd had gathered, attracted by the shots, but the bandit flourishing his revolvers sprang through it and dashed down the street. Henry Brick had run up a side street on hearing the commotion, and reached the main street just as the murderer came along, evidently thinking Buck's purpose was to stop him, the man fired at him, wounding him in the leg. Other passers-by kept carefully out of the way, and the man made his way to the woods at the edge of the town and disappeared. A posse was got together and is now scouring the woods. Telegrams have been sent to the authorities of neighboring towns and it is believed the bandit cannot escape. If he is caught by the party from Columbus Grove he will undoubtedly be lynched, as both Vonderbank and Maple were highly respected and prominent citizens. Buck's wounds are not believed to be fatal.

THREE COLLISIONS.
Two Express Trains Wrecked, but No Passengers Seriously Hurt.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 9.—The New York and Chicago eastbound limited on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad ran into an open switch near East Palestine, Ohio, this morning. A freight train was standing on the siding and a smashup occurred. William Carney, fireman, and Isaac Richey, engineer of the limited, were badly injured. The engine was totally wrecked. The combination car and one sleeper were thrown from the track, but no passengers were injured. Five freight cars were demolished. An unknown man was afterward killed while working on the wreck.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 7.—Shortly after midnight this morning westbound vestibule train No. 42 on the Washburn Railroad and sold by the New York and Boston sleepers, struck a fast freight train which was pulling in on a switch at Homer, Ill., badly damaging the passenger train's engine, mail and express cars. No passengers were injured. The following trainmen were injured: Engineer Frank Clark, Fireman Henry Opel and Mail Clerk A. J. Mourning were seriously injured, and Lewis H. Gerke, mail clerk and an express messenger, slightly. A tramp named Daniel Fealey, who was stealing a ride on the mail car, was killed.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Two freight trains were wrecked at Coldwater Station, on the Central Hudson, this morning, between 3 and 4 o'clock, and the Chicago and Boston special from the West narrowly escaped destruction from the wreckage. The men on the wrecked freight trains did not have time to fully stop the express, but flagged it so that it only ran a few feet past the wreck. One side of the engine and passenger car was scraped, but no one was injured. The four trucks were blocked three or four hours. The freight cars were piled three deep.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.
To be Sustained by a Strong Syndicate of Capitalists.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.
NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—A director of the Union Pacific Railway, who asked that his name be withheld, said to a United Press reporter to-day that it was true that a syndicate had been formed to look after the loans of the road. He said that the only thing wanted for perfecting the arrangement was the approval and co-operation of J. Pierpont Morgan, of Morgan, Drexel & Co. The latter was out of town, but was expected to arrive here to-night or to-morrow. Several large banking houses had signified their willingness to co-operate with the syndicate. The earnings of the road during the next year probably would amount to \$24,000,000, netting \$5,000,000 available for the payment of floating debt.

An Iron Company Fails.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.
CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—The National Forge and Iron Co., with mills at East Chicago, made a voluntary assignment in favor of E. E. Shaw to-day. The liabilities are scheduled at \$500,000 and assets at \$200,000.

A MAMMOTH STEAL.

A Bank Robber Shoots Three Men and Carries Off \$150,000.

BOLDNESS OF THE VILLAIN.

The Bank Cashier Wounded, a Customer Killed and Third Man Wounded—Search Being Made for the Robber—If Caught He May be Lynched—The Full Story Told.

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RAID PREACHER NEALE.

At His Old Tricks in the State of Pennsylvania.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 8.—That man Neale, or R. Moffatt Neale, who brought so much scandal to the sacred calling of the Christian ministry in this city last year, has been exposed once again. He went off from this city in the dead of night, when he finally discovered that he could not brazen it out no longer; and, unrepentant, resolved to continue his career of deception in the United States, from which he had come to this Province at a time when he believed that his irregular matrimonial relationship might be better undertaken outside of the country in which he had first disgraced the ministry. His latest field of operation was Pennsylvania, where, by some means or other, but all too easy, he managed to get into the good graces of the Universalist body, to several congregations he appears to have preached acceptably. This fact, to those who know the man, wonderfully insinuating and entertaining manner, will not be wondered at. Finally he drew up at Athens, Pa., where he seems to have got into the good graces of a church. This was the last fall. He gave the name of K. Neale, having meanwhile dropped the Moffatt, the better doubtless to avoid identification. About the middle of January, the Advertiser learns from a correspondent at Athens, the report reached the place that Neale was not all right and he was so notified by the trustees. As he protested here so he did in Athens. He asserted that it was a foul insult, and that the charges of marital infidelity, etc., had no foundation in fact. Early in April the report got into print and the trustees deemed it their duty to again notify him of their dissatisfaction with his explanations, and also advertisement service would be stopped until such time as the preacher cleared himself. Thus put at bay, Neale resolved on a drastic stroke to combat the church managers, whom he now regarded as his enemies. 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McGILL Defeats Hochelaga at Cricket

The Shamrock defence then had little to do, and Capital came on firing on a shot by Whitelaw which Euggan captured in time. The prisoner more returned to Capital end of Devine, Quinn, Jones and Ba worked like Trograns to save the fire. The rubber was sent over the side of necessitating a face, which in the Shamrock and his.

The fourth game was a very long one lasting 41 minutes, Baird doing the scoring for the Montreals. Clappert

The Lt.-Governor cup or purse—To which the Q. T. C. will add \$100, of which \$50 to see

Chs Dufaux's Montreal, b m Belle Morrill.
Alp Monique's, Montreal, b g McGinty.

turned out on Saturday evening for a ride to Lachine. The boys seemed to enjoy the spin very much, and returned

2

"THE JONAH"

By True Flag.

(Cont.ued.)

But Mary shuddered, saying she would rather not go at all than have that fierce native in the boat with her.

The visit to the reef, which was about a mile distant, had been proposed by Mrs. Wilkins on the day before, and, thinking that she would enjoy the trip, the captain offered no objection to her taking the cabin boy with her. True, he was not a very strong, nor was he skillful with an oar, but the calm, clear weather would apparently hold for many hours longer, so that there seemed to be no danger, even if the boat was poorly handled.

As the young skipper had some work in store for his men on this day, he could not afford to send any of them with his wife except Warlock, who, not understanding English, could be better spared than one of his shipmates.

Still adhering to her resolution not to take him, Mary finally set out with the cabin boy in the dingy, which had been lowered for her, and ere long she reached the reef.

Through his glass, the captain had now and then watched his wife, as the boy with his hatchet knocked off pieces of coral for her, when at last, without the slightest warning, a "cat-squall" struck the sea. A mist, which had been gathering round the hills of the island, had been blown about this reef, now hiding Mary and Tom from the watcher's gaze, as the ship tore along before the blast, with the men aloft taking in sail.

Like all squalls of the kind, this one was of brief duration, and ten minutes after it burst upon the vessel it had died away, leaving a light breeze, by which the ship, close hauled, was headed up toward the reef. The captain anxiously watched for his wife, but seeing no sign of her he turned pale.

"Ay," remarked the old sailor who had acted as spokesman to the skipper the night before, "The bad luck has commenced. This comes of our having a Jonah aboard!"

He looked as he spoke at Warlock, whose keen glittering eyes were turned toward the reef.

"You're right, Ben," answered the sailor whom the old fellow addressed, "You can make sure that the cap'n will never see his wife or the boy again, both, as I take it, having been drowned in the squall!"

All hands were now looking off toward the reef. The captain's heart sank.

"It cannot be that she is lost!" he cried to his mate.

The latter took a long squint through the glass.

"Heaven help the poor lady!" he said.

"I see nothing of her."

Suddenly Warlock sprang down from the rail forward, upon which he had been standing, and with three bounds reached the quarter-deck. He uttered a shrill cry, gesticulated with his arms, and pointed off the weather bow, from which a strip of mist had just cleared.

Looking that way, the captain saw a spectacle which made his heart bound as if it would break through his ribs.

Clinging to the dingy, which was turned bottom up, was his wife, while about fifty fathoms behind her, on the reef, and pointing at something between it and the imperiled lady, stood Tom, the cabin boy. That something—what was it? One quick look through the glass revealed it to the captain, who quickly recognized the long, black fin cleaving the water like a knife, in the direction of the struggling woman.

"A shark!" he cried, "a shark! Down with the quarter boat!"

The boat was soon lowered, and in spite of his lame leg, which greatly impeded his movements, he managed to scramble into the light vessel after his men. Among the latter was Warlock, provided with his harpoon, which he had brought up from the forecastle.

The breeze now had died away, and under the vigorous strokes of the oarsmen the boat fairly seemed to fly.

The captain, while urging his crew, turned his gaze alternately upon his wife and the shark. Mrs. Wilkins, still clinging to the keel of the overturned dingy, was much exhausted and must soon let go her hold. She did not see the monster behind her cleaving the water with its ugly fin so rapidly that it would evidently reach her before she could escape.

In a faint voice she called to her husband to make haste, an appeal which went to the very hearts of the men and put vigor in their arms.

"We will be too late!" groaned the captain. "Pull, boys, pull!"

Never before did oarsmen so exert themselves, but the boat was still fully fifteen yards from the poor woman, when the shark, now near enough to her to prepare for seizing its victim, was seen to make the terrible rotary movement for diving, in order to snap at her submerged limbs.

Then Warlock sprang to his feet. With quick eye measuring the distance between him and the shark, he raised his harbed weapon on high.

As he would have to dart over the woman to strike the monster behind her, this seemed to all a perilous feat to perform, especially at so long a range.

To the captain it looked as if the deadly barb was pointed straight at his wife's head, and he called out, "No, no, Warlock! You will strike her! Down man, down with that iron!"

But the old New Zealander either did not understand or would not heed the order.

His harpoon, hurled with wonderful force, whistled on its way, and almost grazing Mary's head, passed clean through the white, upturned belly of the shark as the latter turned over.

Leaping nearly its full length from the surface, the monster fell crashing back, staining the water with its blood, and then, with the almost supernatural vitality and perseverance of its species, with the iron protruding from its form and the life tide still flowing from it, the creature endeavored to dive to seize the coveted human prey.

The water bubbled and foamed as the shark, impeded by its wound and by the iron, strove to reach its intended victim.

And the captain's heart almost stood still

with the dread that the effort would be successful.

This seemed the more likely, as Mrs. Wilkins, now unable to hold on longer, let go of the dingy's keel and sank under the surface, and disappeared in the foaming vortex of water about the struggling shark.

"Save her—save my wife!" shouted the captain.

But none of the men to whom he spoke was willing to sacrifice their lives—for such they thought would be the result of their swimming to attempt a rescue under the very jaws of the fiercest of ocean monsters.

In spite of his injured leg the skipper would doubtless have plunged overboard and perished in his crippled efforts to save his first partner had not the New Zealander gently restrained him, and then dived headlong from the bow.

Keeping his eyes open as he swam under water he soon beheld the form of the captain's wife within a few yards of the shark, which with ready jaws, was edging its way toward her. He grasped her with one arm, and to make his way to the surface with her was for him a fearful task, just as he and his burden had been drawn into the boat the loaded pursuer came up alongside, viciously thrashing the water with its flukes as it dived out of sight.

Mrs. Wilkins, at first half senseless, recovered ere the boat reached the ship, and hearing the voices of the sailors, who now were cheering the man whom they had been going to throw overboard on the night before as a Jonah, she soon learned from her grateful husband how the noble fellow had rescued her—risking his own life for her sake.

"Had we sent him ashore, as you proposed, you would have been lost," added the young captain.

"You are right," she replied. "Oh, what a mistake I made! Had he gone with me in the dingy the accident would not have happened, for he would have known how to manage the vessel. But when the squall struck us, just after we left the reef, the cabin boy became so frightened that his oar caught in the water and over went the boat. He managed to swim back to the reef, while I clung to the keel."

As soon as Mrs. Wilkins had been put aboard the boat was sent for the dingy and for the cabin boy. When the latter arrived the captain, although much indebted against him, granted the request of his wife that he would neither scold nor punish the lad; for she urged as one excuse for him that he was only twelve years old.

It is hardly necessary to add that the brave and skillful conduct of Warlock, the New Zealander, won for him the lasting admiration and respect of the foremost hands, and forever disesteemed their minds of the foolish notion that he was a "Jonah."—True Flag.

The Object in Plowing.

The chief object in plowing is to pulverize the soil and make it fine and mellow. All kinds of grain and vegetables require a mellow seed bed in order to secure the best results. But in many cases the condition and variety of the soil should be considered in determining how and when the plowing should be done. Some soils should only be stirred, and this is generally the case with new soils. Fields that have been in cultivation for a number of years get more thoroughly mixed, and turning over does not change so much. Land in a state of nature has the best soil near the surface, and with nearly all crops it should be kept there, as the greater part of the roots extend out in every direction near the surface. If the soil is hard and compact, so that the roots cannot push through, they will not be able to obtain the substance from the soil that they should. By loosening and mellowing up, a larger per cent. of the plant's food in the soil is made available.

But in many cases it will be better to plow so as to stir the soil rather than to turn the surface soil under. A sandy loam, if well provided with drainage, is rarely benefited by very deep plowing; a stiff clayey soil is often benefited by stirring deep, as it affords a better opportunity for the roots to penetrate through it. If the plowing can be done some time before planting, so as to give time for the newly turned soil to be acted upon by the sun, rain, snow and atmosphere, and then an implement is used that will stir the surface to the proper depth without turning under the soil, the results can be secured. With all crops, whether sown in the fall or spring, where the soil and character of the soil will admit, plowing deep and thorough and then working the surface in a good tilth, will be found the best plan. But the plowing should be done in time to have the plowed land acted upon thoroughly by the different elements before planting the crop.—Agricultural Epitome.

How to Keep Young.

Here's a hint for people who want to keep young for a great many years of their life, and is there any one of us that does not? A person's age depends largely upon the point of view from which he is considered. Considered as applicants for the position of president of a bank, you and I would be rather young, you know. Considered as applicants for the position of messenger, we would be old. That's where the hint lies—a hint both for men and women. Keep on reaching out after something a little farther on than a person of your years usually gets. For instance, a primary school teacher of thirty would be old. The same woman filling a professorship in a college at the same age would be young. The same course of reasoning applies to men. If you want to keep yourself young, therefore, do something worth doing—get on in the world.—New York Evening Sun.

A Needed Reform.

Good Minister (during Sunday service)—My dear brethren, I have noticed that on rainy Sundays the congregation always rushes out pell-mell the instant the benediction is pronounced. This looks very unusual, and I have instructed the sexton to stand in the vestibule on rainy Sundays hereafter and give checks to the umbrellas.—New York Weekly.

Nicole's Notes.

"I suffered continual pain from canker of the stomach and my face and body were almost covered with pimples. I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, the first dose occasioned slight pain, but I soon found relief, and after taking five bottles I became completely cured. I think B. B. is the most powerful remedy known to science."—Stephen Edge, Nicole, P. Q.

MISSING LINKS OF NEWS

WHICH JOIN THE CHAIN OF EVENTS INTO A COMPLETE WHOLE.

And Comprise Some Rare and Curious Items of Interest Alike Entertaining to the Scholar and the Busy Practical Man and Women of Affairs.

During the last week in May five persons were killed at bull fights in Spain.

An astronomer estimates that 146,000,000 meteors fall upon the earth annually.

The declaration of independence was read at Graham, Mo., July 4, by a girl only seven years old.

In sections of Florida cabbages are being given away for cattle feed, such a drug are they on the market.

A new work by Thomas a Kempis has been discovered and is almost ready for publication. It is entitled "De Vita Christi Meditations."

M. Ader, of Paris, after expending more than \$100,000 on a flying machine, has produced one in which he flew about 100 yards. He says it is propelled by "a combination of vapors."

Two beer peers, Lord Ardilaun and Lord Iveagh, members of the Guinness family, are about to receive honorary degrees from Trinity College, Dublin, of which they are both graduates.

Experiments upon the phosphorescence of gems shows that it varies according to the origin of the stone. Cape diamonds show blue, Brazilian stones red, orange, blue or yellow, and those from Australia yellow, blue or green.

While six years ago there wasn't an electric launch on the Thames, sixteen were counted at the Henley regatta this year, and there are nine stations between Kingston and Oxford at which the storage batteries can be replenished.

A sea-urchin has been found in King's River Canon, in the Nevada range, whose original diameter exceeded 40 feet. It has been reduced by fire to 39 feet. This is larger than any of the gigantic trees discovered in California by seven feet.

A Hollaway, Mich., druggist used his tartar emetic instead of tartaric acid in his new soda fountain and invited the crowd, which had come in to see the new concern, to have one with him, and all joined in the revelry. They subsequently all leaned over a fence rail and disgorged. That soda fountain has not been a howling success.

The Springfield Pressman records a notable horse trade made in that vicinity.

"A well-known jockey secured a showy colt and hid himself to the Dale to see the boys. When he came back he was driving a fine black horse, leading a good bay, while there followed behind a pair of oxen, a cow, an old sow and eight pigs."

Nathaniel Withereil, who died at Glens Falls, N. Y., always regarded himself a living oddity. He was the thirteenth child and the seventh son of his parents and the youngest child in the family. Mrs. Withereil, who still survives her husband, occupies the same relative position in her father's family, being the thirteenth and youngest child and the seventh daughter of her parents.

The official literary statistics of Turkey show that during the year 1890 only 940 books were published in Constantinople. Of this number 497 were in the Turkish language, mostly novels and theatrical pieces, 120 in the Armenian tongue, principally religious contents; 80 in Arabic on jurisprudence, philology and religious dogmatism, and the rest were in other languages of Europe.

For some time past there has been an excessive production of whisky in the state of Kentucky, and it is estimated that there is a surplus of 40,000,000 gallons now on hand. It is probable that Congress will be asked to relieve the market by extending the three years bonded period now allowed for the payment of taxes on liquor. It will take about \$18,000,000 to pay the taxes this fall unless this is done.

For several years the California Chinese engaged in the fruit business in a small way, but this season they have gone into the larger districts and have proved a decided thorn in the side of the white dealers. Their presence as buyers and sellers of laborers has aroused the bitterest opposition from the whites, who declare that the Chinese will ruin the reputation of the California fruit trade.

A clergyman at a summer resort the other Sunday preached an eloquent sermon which pleased everybody but one lady, who openly declared that she had heard the same sermon preached ten years ago by a visiting clergyman in her own church. Things looked a little bad for the clergyman until he proved that he was the visiting clergyman in question. In the interval he had got about and raised a heavy full beard, so that she did not recognize him.

The latest fashion in Parisian society is to give "entertainments for young mothers," and then only young married couples are invited. The dance becomes of secondary importance, and only the dances are tolerated. Instead of the customary favors, in the cotillon, children's toys are distributed, which the young mothers take home. The following day the participants of such entertainments call with their children on a "visite de reconnaissance."

"Thirty years ago to-day," said a veteran soldier, who is also a newspaper man. "I was wounded and captured at Bull Run. It happened that I was taken to a hut in the woods and was not reported for several days. Missing and supposed to be dead, my obituary was written in half a dozen newspapers, and I felt the satisfaction of reading several that were sent to me at Libby Prison. It is not every man who survives his obituaries of by thirty years."

A Berlin daily tells a story which has a local significance. A young officer in a horse car gave a young woman a seat and she took it without a "thank you." The officer stood on the rear platform. A few blocks further and the young woman stepped from the car. The officer saluted and said: "Pardon me, madam, but you have forgotten something."

The young woman hurried back into the car, but found none of her property. She looked inquiringly at the officer, who saluted again and said: "Oh, I meant only that you had forgotten to thank me."

To make something that looks like gold: Take 100 parts (by weight) of pure copper, 14 parts zinc or tin, 6 parts magnesia, 56 parts salt, 15 parts quinine, 9 parts cream of tartar. Melt the copper and add gradually the magnesia, salt and ammoniac, quinine and cream of tartar, each by itself in the form of powder. Stir the whole for half an hour, add the zinc or tin in small pieces, and stir again till the whole is melted. Crystallize the mixture and keep the mixture in a molten condition for thirty-five minutes. Remove the dross and pour the metal into molds. It has a fine grain, is malleable and does not easily tarnish.

Canada's Wonder.

The more it is known and the further it is carried to distant shores the greater grows the wonder. All nations and tongues declare St. Leon perfection to assist digestion, purification of the blood, the assimilation of food, circulation, and promote healthy vigor. Life long St. Leon water has no compeer. For sale all over.

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trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:—

For New York

8:10 a.m. Fast train, via Rutland, Troy and Albany, N.Y. 9:30 p.m.

9:00 a.m. Express, via White Mt. and Springfield River, N.Y. 10:00 p.m.

6:00 p.m. Fast Night train, via Troy and Albany, N.Y. 11:30 a.m.

8:30 p.m. Night Express via Springfield & New Haven, N.Y. 11:30 a.m.

For Boston

8:10 a.m. Day Express via Rutland, Fitchburg, Lowell, and Boston, 7:45 p.m.

9:00 a.m. Express via White Mt. and Springfield River, N.Y. 7:30 p.m.

6:00 p.m. Fast train via Rutland, Fitchburg, and Boston, 6:00 a.m.

8:30 p.m. Night Express via Concord and Lowell, N.Y. 8:15 a.m.

For White Mountains

8:10 a.m. Express for Bethlehem, Frome, and Mount Washington, P. & M. Old Orchard Beach, 8:15 a.m.

For Local Points

8:10 a.m. For Fairham, Granby, Waterville, 4:50 p.m. Stanbridge, St. Armand, Highgate, St. Albans.

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Editorial Rooms—Bell, 751; Federal, 109.

MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10

OBSTACLES TO IMMIGRATION.

The Gazette is very angry because a resident of Montreal, formerly of England, has written a letter to The Newcastle Chronicle, stating that he cannot advise Britishers to come to Canada to settle just now. The reasons he gave for tendering this advice are that under the protection policy foreign trade is heavily handicapped, the cost of living and the burdens of the people generally greatly increased. It is, of course, a very serious matter to know that Englishmen residing in Canada are writing to their friends in the old country not to come to Canada for the present; but it is a very much more serious matter if it should turn out that they have substantial reasons for tendering such advice to their friends in the old country. When Canada started out on her national career twenty-four years ago she was, compared with the United States, a cheap country in which to live, and this condition of affairs prevailed substantially up to 1878. Our per capita debt then stood something like \$22 to \$25 in the United States. The situation has been reversed. Canada's per capita debt (net) is now \$47 to \$16 in the United States. Since 1878 our customs and excise taxation has increased 80 per cent, and the annual expenditure 53 per cent, while our population has increased only 15 per cent, our foreign trade is practically at a standstill, and our home markets in many directions are congested by over-production. In a word, the burdens of consumers have been increased out of all proportion to our increase of population and the development of the country and its trade. It may be unpleasant to admit the fact, but it is just this state of affairs that affords men like the correspondent of The Newcastle Chronicle the opportunity and the justification for advising their friends in the old country not to emigrate to Canada at the present time. If The Gazette's argument means anything, it means that the facts we have stated should be concealed from intending immigrants, in other words that they should be induced to come to Canada under false pretences. We want immigrants to settle in this country; we want them in large numbers to occupy the vacant lands of the Northwest and the vacant farms of the older Provinces; but we cannot afford to attract them to this country by representations which cannot be borne out by facts—their disappointment would soon find expression in a manner which would effectually place an embargo on the immigration of the very class of people above all others that we desire. Before we can attract immigrants of this class in large numbers we must, as far as it can possibly be done, once more make Canada a cheap country to live in, by reducing taxation, by lightening the tariff burdens on trade, by reducing our debt or at least preventing any further increase, by wisely economizing in the public expenditure, and by reforming our methods of Government. In addition to all this the stigma of being governed and robbed by boodling politicians must be wiped out. The revelations which are being made by the investigations now going on at Ottawa are not calculated to give the people of Great Britain—who have been familiarized with honest methods of Government—a very favorable impression of this country. They will naturally want to know what sort of people we are that we should for any length of time tolerate such nefarious practices.

It is to be hoped the family gathering of royalty notables, which is to take place at Copenhagen in September, will not wind up with a European family row. The King of Denmark will have his hands full in entertaining them.

This is the mild expostulatory way in which that eminently respectable Tory paper, the St. John Sun, refers to the fact that \$55,000 found its way from the Dominion Treasury, through one firm of contractors, into the hands of the chief managers of the Conservative party, to be expended for political purposes.

One thing, however, is admitted which would greatly prefer had never taken place, namely, the subscription of \$55,000 during nine years for what is called political purposes.

This exceedingly mild, regretful censure irresistibly leads to the conclusion that what troubles The Sun is not so much the committal of the offence as the fact that it has been found out and exposed.

A NEW POINTER ON THE SILVER QUESTION.

The Wall Street Journal, of New York, finds a nut to crack for the Anti Silver alarmists. It commences by pointing out that the financial crisis of 1873 was commenced in England, a country practically on a gold basis. The immense reserves of gold held there and all the traditional reverence felt for such an immense storehouse of the precious metal as the Bank of England, did not prevent a scare which might have soon turned into a most disastrous panic. In, the distress the bank managers and other worshippers of the gold fetish did not turn to Germany, the other great European power which is now also on a gold basis. No! the "deus ex machina" was found in France, a country practically on a silver basis, a country which had only recently passed through a crisis brought about by the failures of the Panama Canal Co., the gigantic copper trust and the discount bank, an accumulation of disasters to which the Baring Bank failure bears only a small comparison. France, strong as a rock on her double standard basis, was able to loan at once fifteen million dollars, and so averted what looked like a terrible financial crash. Then again we find that all this troubled year it has been gold from America that kept the European financial mills at work.

The Wall Street Journal goes on to say: "There is not in the world's history an instance of an individual or Government coming to grief by reason of having too much of the precious metals, whether white or yellow. Are the gold standard countries more prosperous than the silver standard, or bi-metallic countries? Are England or Germany more prosperous than the United States and France? The questions answer themselves. We are not on the way to disaster because we produce more gold and silver than any other country—far from it. The idea of half-bankrupted England worrying about our finances is pitifully ludicrous. We have phenomenal crops. Nature has outdone herself, and Europe's deficiency is as phenomenal as our surplus. Exchange is already within a point and a half of the gold importing rate. Before we have received one-quarter of the amount that must surely come this way, there will be an end to the silly babble about silver.

The PRESBYTERIAN REVIEW, Toronto, has no hesitation in affirming that the revelations made before the Privileges and Elections Committee at Ottawa are most shameful to those concerned in them and most humiliating to the country. Opinions of this kind give emphasis to the demand, "turn the rascal out."

AN OTTAWA CLERGYMAN, who recently based a sermon on the Ottawa exposures, asked the pertinent question, "What did our Lord do when he found his temple turned into a den of thieves?" The answer, of course, is that he drove them out. The clergyman's question, altogether irrespective of the natural answer to it, is a very suggestive denunciation of the state of affairs found to exist in some of the departments at the Capital.

FIAT EXPERIMENTUM.

What is now looming up so large in the political atmosphere of the United States, under the name of "Free coinage of silver," is an old problem that has long puzzled statesmen and political economists. Whether the remonetization of silver, on the immense scale proposed, is either necessary or desirable, it is not our present purpose to argue. The whole question indeed seems to be more of sentiment than argument, and men are led to take one side or the other according to what they deem their self-interest, but once enlisted under one standard or the other all argument seems lost on them, and in fact is rarely resorted to, frothy declamation, pessimistic predictions and charges of dishonesty forming the staple of the speeches on the subject. Capitalists say that the whole world being on a gold basis all debts, mortgages and agreements for future payments were on the understanding that such payments should be made in gold, and that any legislation to substitute another metal is nothing but confiscation and robbery. For the proletariat it is said, on the other hand, that formerly payments could be made by either medium and that the demonetization of silver was brought about by a concerted fraud on the part of capitalists. From the corruption engendered by this fraud, it is said, has sprung up the millionaire class which is inimical to the democratic character of the U. S. constitution. Then, while one side pictures the future of the country under free silver in almost as glowing colors as those used by the inspired writer of Revelations in his description of the New Jerusalem, the other side takes the Lamentations of Jeremiah for their model. Who shall decide when doctors disagree? That is an oft asked question which has never yet received an answer; but when statesmen, politicians, philosophers, and political economists differ, the constitution of the United States leaves it to the decision of farmer Hayseed, from Wayback. To trust such a question as this to the popular vote does not seem the height of wisdom and we may be

thankful that we, in Canada, are out siders in the struggle. We have all the comfort of seeing the risk of the experiment taken by brother Jonathan and ordering our own action accordingly. If stamping the bird of freedom on 75 cents worth of silver makes a good dollar of it, and increases the wealth and prosperity of the country, solves the labor question and does away with poverty, what a future may be in store for us with our unlimited supply of nickel!

THE VOICE OF THE PRESS.

"Turn the Rascal Out."
Richmond Guardian (Can.)

The voice of the better element of the party calls loudly for the punishment of the "boodlers," "swindlers" and "perjurers" found guilty—no matter what their official status may be. The enquiry must go on until the whole rotten business is exposed. Better lose the National Policy than the national honor, if that be the alternative. Spare none, let justice be done, though the heavens should fall. We know that we are voicing the sentiments of the Conservative party when we say—rather than these abominations should continue, let the Liberals come in. We shall not support a government that is found guilty of such methods of administering the country's affairs.

A Deep and Lasting Disgrace.

The Week, Toronto.

The work of the Investigating Committee at Ottawa is still being pushed with vigor. Last week's proceedings added important links to the chain of evidence in support of Mr. Tarte's charges. Whatever may be the outcome in the case of the Minister of Public Works himself, the evidence already adduced is ample to prove that the state of things which has existed for years past in his department is a deep and lasting disgrace to Canada. The preliminary report of the expert accountants has placed beyond a doubt that the sums filched from the public chest by the one firm of contractors ran up into the hundreds of thousands.

Candidates for the Penitentiary.

St. John's, P. Q., News.

Men in high positions of trust, whose characters were supposed to be unimpeachable and who were in receipt of high salaries, have been shown to be nothing better than what is commonly termed boodlers—that is, they have prostituted their position to make money irregularly and illegally. They have accepted bribes from contractors for betraying their trust; they have certified to false accounts; they have drawn money to which they were not lawfully entitled, and in various other ways have made themselves fit candidates for a Provincial penitentiary.

PERSONAL AND PERTINENT.

With O'Brien and Parnell among the list of bankrupts it begins to be doubtful if Irish patriotism is as profitable as Philadelphia appraisal.

Mrs. Leslie Carter says she is a poor woman. So poor, indeed, that she could not afford to keep a \$240 fan, and so gave it away. Couldn't she have raised the wind with it?

Mavroyeni Bey, the Turkish Minister, is enjoying himself at Bar Harbor, but brave and courteous as he is they cannot persuade him to patronize a buckboard or eat a clam. A good Musselman, he cannot even face a mussel.

The Czaroitz is hurrying home, and has crossed the frontier. In about a week his dear old mother will be tenderly fingering his broken head and getting him to tell all about that wicked Japanese policeman with his terrible two-handed sword.

Miss Ella L. Knowles is a leading member of the Montana bar, and when any of those country judges rule against her he is very careful to have the court room rear door open so as to be ready for emergencies.

Mrs. Fremont has had the deeds of a \$5000 home in Los Angeles presented to her by a number of California ladies.

Ladies who are in the habit of kissing their dogs should be informed that echinococcus is a possible penalty which they may have to pay for wasting their favors upon unappreciative pugs.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Packard, of New Hartford, Iowa, have 29 living children gamboling under the family vine and fig tree, and when the census man drops in he always feels as if he had struck a bonanza.

Mr. Spurgeon, the famous English speaker, has found enough spare time in his busy life to become a botanist, a floriculturist and a practical landscape gardener and his Newwood residence has glass houses, gardens and grounds surrounding it which are the envy of the neighborhood. He knows every gardener and nearly every choice plant in New Gardens.

Hopes of the recovery of the ex-Empress Carlotta are fading away. Her mental trouble seems to be developing into a violent mania. On a recent occasion she committed an assault upon Queen Maria, of Belgium, which placed that lady under the care of her doctors.

Colonel Francis Baring, a member of the English banking family, is devoting his time to sculpture and has just completed a stone statuette of Miss Letty Lind in "Carmen," of which the critics make favorable mention.

A Two-Strike.

The out door household work in summer, such as that of the summer kitchen, washing an ironing, is a sort of make-shift with many mishaps like burns and scalds. But Mr. Jno. Heinemann, Middle Amana, Iowa, U. S. A., has found the true remedy. He says: "I scalded my leg with boiling water and had a sprained ankle at the same time. One bottle of St. Jacob's Oil promptly cured both." That doubles its value easily and shows its great usefulness.

CURRENT CHRONICLES.

The Hamilton Spectator has taken to publishing each day what it calls "Tariff Lessons." Its latest is to show that the imports of coal oil were in 1890 something about five and a quarter millions of gallons, while in 1878 they were less than 100,000 gallons. Are we to assume that the purpose of the tariff is to increase the imports?

I have always been under the impression that the declared object of the National Policy was to keep Canada for the Canadians. The Spectator's argument tends the other way.

But what sense is there, anyhow, in trying to lay down a general principle by quoting one special article? Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Coal oil is produced only in one small town in the interior of Western Ontario, which could be wiped out of existence to-morrow, and the country generally not be much the wiser, except so far as it might affect personal friends. Such a state of affairs can never be seriously regarded as a material issue.

The people of Kentucky have resolved to drive lotteries from their state. The war against the lottery in Louisiana goes bravely on.—Hamilton Spectator.

The people of any place can get a lottery at any time if they feel so disposed. It is not necessary to get cranks, meet in solemn convocations, and resolve the conventional number of whereases. All that is needed to kill a lottery anywhere is simply for the people to abstain from patronizing it.

But it sometimes happens in real life that a fair people gather, elect a pompous chairman, and at once conclude they are "the people."

Mind you, this is not in the slightest degree a defence of lotteries, as I have written it, though I don't mind saying—and I know what I am talking about—that lotteries are the fairest games of chance on earth to-day.

The Japanese language is said to contain no word equivalent to "kiss." Perhaps the Japs in their wisdom see no necessity for it. If all acted on the principle of "kiss but never tell" there would be no need of the word.

One of the small boats that recently started to cross the Atlantic has got across all right. The main thing proved by this is that the world contains one more fool than it would if the boat had been swamped.

Col. Howard Vincent's campaign seems to be falling rather flat in Canada, about as much so as when the British House of Commons got up and left him to talk to empty benches.

Fifty-one new industries were established in the South last week, although it was the duldest commercial period of the year.—Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

I say there has not been a new industry started in the States in the past ten years, and not one in Canada since the establishment of the National Policy.

That seems a broad assertion, on the face of it, but think it over quickly before disputing it. I am quite able to maintain the truth of it and prove it.

The Toronto Empire should drop its chestnut cry that Mr. Laurier is not "loyal." People are not so much affected by that sort of thing as they used to be.

'Twas said of old that "Everything Comes to the man who waits." Was heaven meant or contracts? They both have Perley gates.

The most exasperating fellow, in such weather as this, is the chap who assures one, with the perspiration streaming from his forehead, that he doesn't mind hot weather; in fact, rather likes it.—Exchange.

Yet he is the most common sense man. The man who perspires freely does not need to care about the weather. He will never be sunstruck.

A strike in all the green bottle manufactories of the United States is threatened.

It will probably be a corkers.

Vergennes, Vt., is the third oldest city in the United States, having been chartered in 1788. Hartford and New Haven, Conn., were chartered in 1784.

That may be, but it would take a search warrant to find Kergene now.

There is no sense in trying to minimize the Russo-French alliance. Some say it is only with reference to operations in the Baltic, but the chances are that it is more particularly with reference to the waters of the Golden Horn. The definite announcement of the alliance seems to have cast a little cloud over the roseate view which Salisbury and the other peers were intending to take, on the occasion of the proroguing of Parliament, of European affairs.

Sir Hector Langevin has confessed to the Committee on Public Accounts that he cut out a portion of a letter to him on departmental business. His excuse is that the misquoted part referred to "private" business. Perhaps so, but may I doubt it. The letter referred to the construction of a public building, for which a large sum in "extras" had been paid.—London Advertiser.

On that one particular point Sir Hector was, indiscreet, to put it mildly, but not necessarily criminal. Many people have a habit of so mixing up formal business letters with private communications that occasionally it is only justice to the writer to eliminate certain portions if the main body of the letter is to be placed on file.

"FAMILIAR IN MILLIONS OF MOUTHS AS ANY HOUSEHOLD WORD."
The Times, London.

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."
"The existing supply is adequate for filling forty million quart bottles yearly."
—THE TIMES, LONDON.

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THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY, LD.,
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National Assurance Company OF IRELAND
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1823
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Insurance arranged in almost every description of property at moderate rates.
JAMES BOURNE,
Special City Agent.

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UNION Assurance - Society
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Instituted in the Reign Queen Anne A.D. 1714.

TOTAL FUNDS EXCEED TWO AND A QUARTER MILLIONS STERLING.
FIRE RISKS accepted on every description of property at current rates.
T. L. MORRISSEY,
Resident Manager for Canada,
55 St. Francis Xavier-street.

IMPERIAL Fire Insurance Company
(ESTABLISHED 1803)
Subscribed Capital.....\$6,000,000
Total Invested Funds.....\$8,000,000
Income, 1890.....700,000
A general insurance against fire loss in the principal towns of the Dominion. Canadian Branch Offices.

COMPANY'S BUILDING,
107 St. James Street, Montreal.
E. D. LACY,
Resident Manager for Canada.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
157 St. James-street, Montreal
Capital.....\$500,000
Assets.....700,000
Income, 1890.....\$17,978

DUNCAN MCINTYRE, Esq., President.
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PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash Capital.....\$2,000,000

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114 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.
GERALD E. HART,
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A share of your fire insurance is solicited for this reliable and wealthy company, renowned for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims.

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Amount Invested in Canada, \$1,250,000
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MERCHANTILE RISKS accepted at the best current rates.
Churches, Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates.
Special attention given to application made direct to the Montreal office.
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FIRE - LIFE - MARINE
G. Ross Robertson & Sons
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS.
ESTABLISHED 1865.
No. 11 Hospital-st., Montreal

Special Facilities for Flacing Large Lines Equitable Rates, Reliable Companies

ABCHD. NICOLL,
Insurance Broker, Marine, Fire and Life
16 St. Sacramento street, MONTREAL.
Bell Telephone 928.

JAMES BAXTER,
120 ST. FRANCIS XAVIER STREET, MONTREAL.
Commercial Paper Bought
Advances made on Warehouse Receipts.
Real Estate Bought, sold or Exchanged

WILLIAM KENNEDY, of COWES—Advertisement to write to BARRISTER, Pinners Court, London, England. Information as to his whereabouts will be rewarded.

WANTED a partner, a well established business with first-class references and connections all over Europe, representing fifteen houses, would like to join a party with means to extend the business. No direct and earnest offers need apply to M. 17 Herald office.

STATIONERY
—FOR—
Seaside or Country.
A large lot of PAPER with ENVELOPES to match, nicely put up in boxes, offered at cost and under.
10c, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1 per Box.
of one to five quires each with envelopes.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.,
Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers.
1755 & 1757 Notre Dame-st. MONTREAL

LOUIS ROEDERER
GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE
Rich Dry Wine.
BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

Aix. Andrea Kraay & Co.
CLARETS AND SAUTERNES, Finest imported.

GUINNESS'S STOUT.
Bull Dog Brand.
BASS'S ALE.
Foster's Bottling.

SCOTCH WHISKY
Cookburn's Very Old Highland.
Stewart's Glenlivet.

Bouillier G. Briand & Co.
FINE OLD BRANDIES.

J. & R. McLEA,
Sole Agents for the Dominion.

Fitzpatrick, L. D. S. W. J. Kerr, L. D.
FITZPATRICK & KERR,
DENTAL SURGEONS.
234 St. Catherine-street,
Next door to Bank of Montreal.

Very Important Auction Sale
Choice Building Lots
—IN THE—
Charming Suburb St. Rose

The subscriber has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on the ground on SATURDAY, AUGUST 15 immediately on the arrival of the 1.30 train from Balbec Station, about 8 P.M. Choice Building Lots, each 50 x 100 feet, all delightfully situated in the Village of St. ROSE

and in close proximity to the Canadian Pacific Railway Station

This attractive suburb requires no "puffing" the charming scenery and natural advantages are too well known, in fact it is generally acknowledged that St. Rose in the near future will become the "Garden" of summer resorts around Montreal. Safe bathing (no dangerous or roiling rapids), good bathing and fishing, good railway accommodation to the city, fine wide avenues on property. Note dimensions of the lots 50 feet front by 100 feet deep which gives ample room for pleasant grounds around a cottage. Very liberal terms, affording a home in a delightful suburb, which cannot do otherwise than improve in value, at a cost within the reach of all.

Many of our prominent citizens have already invested in portions of this property. The proprietors have set apart a piece of land for church purposes. Plans and particulars may be seen in the meantime at offices of

J. PHILIP WITHERS & CO.,
Imperial Building.
Or **WALTER M. KERR,**
Auctioneer.

Tickets to St. Rose and return will be issued to intending purchasers free of charge on application at our respective offices, and a special train will leave St. Rose for the city at about 5 P.M.

Notice to Shareholders
A quarterly dividend of 2 p.c. Two per cent on the paid up Capital Stock of

The Royal Electric Co.'y
has been declared payable on the 15th day of August next; and will be mailed to the Shareholders on that date.

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 8th to the 15th inst., both days inclusive. By order of the Board,
CHAS. W. HAGAR,
Secretary.

S. ALLSOPP SONS.
(LIMITED)
No 1 India Pale Ale
In Nine & Eighteen Gallon Casks
—ALSO—
Quarts and Pints No. 1 INDIA PALE ALE

Quarts and Pints EXTRA STOUT
Specially bottled for the Brewers. All for sale by
FRASER, VIGER & CO.
JOHN ROBERTSON & SON,
J. B. HICKABY COY

GILLESPIES & COY.
AGENTS FOR THE DOMINION.
The Montreal
Warehousing - Company

Shareholders' Notice
On the requisition of two of the Directors of the Company a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Montreal Warehousing Company will be held on MONDAY, the Seventeenth day of August next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the offices of the Company, No. 24 Wellington street in the city of Montreal, for the purpose of considering the payment or redemption of the outstanding bonds and debentures of the Company by a renewal, exchange, cancelling or issuing of bonds; for adopting, considering and approving any and all resolutions, trusts, deeds, mortgages and mortgages on the property of the Company that may be necessary in the exercise of the powers conferred on the Company by the Charter of Incorporation, or of the Statute in that behalf made, or of any other powers, upon such hypotheses and deeds, the whole as said meeting may determine.

By order,
GEO. H. HANNA,
Secretary.

CURE FOR MEN!
OUR PREPARATION IS A POSITIVE AND RADICAL CURE FOR ALL THE VARIOUS DISORDERS, LONELY, GRAVE, GLEET, DEBRILIS, POX, GONORRHOEA, AND ALL KINDS OF URINARY AFFECTIONS. It is a most powerful and effective remedy, and is sold by all chemists and druggists. It is a most valuable and reliable remedy, and is sold by all chemists and druggists. It is a most valuable and reliable remedy, and is sold by all chemists and druggists.

Don't-Dun's Medical Co., Inc. Under Laws of the State of New York, 1890. Sole, London, England.

AMUSEMENTS
Grand OPENING!
Theatre Royal
MONDAY
AFTERNOON **AUG. 10**
For the Fall and Winter Season
The Brightest of All Comedies

LITTLE ORD
Fauntleroy -
With the Original New York Co.
Popular prices, 10c, 25c and 50c.
Box office now open for the sale of Reserved Seats.

Same as Last Year.
1891 - \$15,000 - 1891
—11th ANNUAL—
ST. LEGER SWEEP!

Equally divided amongst Starters, (15 start \$600 each).....\$9000
Equally divided amongst non-starters, 6000
About \$35 Each
NOTE—No special prizes for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd

3000 Tickets at \$5 Each
GUARANTEED TO FILL
Drawing Monday, Sept. 7.
Race, Sept. 9

Result of drawing mailed to all subscribers outside Montreal.
R. H. BRAND,
Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel, Montreal

CARSLAKE'S ST. LEGER SWEEP
\$50,000.00.
1st horse 4 prizes \$3000 each.....\$12000
2nd do 4 do 2000.....8000
3rd do 4 do 1000.....4000
Other starters, 4 prizes, \$2000 each.....8000
Evenly equalled.....8000
Non-starters, 4 prizes, \$2000 each.....8000
Equally divided.....18000

10,000 TICKETS - \$5 EACH
188 HORSES ENTERED - 74 PRIZES
A set numbered from 1 to 2500 - 1 of each Drawing Sept. 7th. Race Sept. 9th.
Result mailed to country subscribers.

Carlslake's Supplementary
One Dollar St. Leger Sweep
12,500 Tickets, \$1 Each.
N.B.—No connection with other Sweeps.
—GUARANTEED TO FILL—
Address GEO. CARSLAKE, Prop.
Mansion House, 522 St. James-st., Montreal.
Cambridgehire Oct. 26.....\$40,000.

Art Association of Montreal
PHILIP'S SQUARE
—OF—
Gallery of Paintings, Etc
Fine Examples by
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NOW - ON - VIEW

Admission - 25 cts.
Benny McPherson & Co
Wholesale Iron, Steel, and General Hardware Merchants.
388, 390 & 392 St. Paul Street
Montreal,
Iron & Steel Stores of Breslau

THOMAS TRIMBLE
ADJUSTER, APPRAISER & ARBITRATOR
IN DRY GOODS, &c.
FIRE LOSSES A SPECIALTY
ST. JAM STREET, Room 14

USE Persian Lotion
For whitening the COMPLEXION, imparting or preserving its rosy hue, removing FRECKLES, the MASK and all other eruptions on the SKIN.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Price: 50 cts.
Beware of Imitations.

Continued from Page Two.

ting hard. At the mile and half buoy the Toronto crew made a beautiful turn, while the losers in the race made a very ugly one, and lost fully a boat length by their poor work there. The mile and a half stake was reached by the winners in 8 minutes 35 seconds. On the long stretch the leaders did not exert themselves to any extent, and when within a quarter of a mile of the finish they stopped rowing, and Hanlan dipped his hand in the bay. The loss of crew were still pulling hard at their old pace and managed to gain a couple of lengths by the manoeuvres on the part of the Toronto crew. The result, however, was unchanged and Hanlan and O'Connor arrived at the finish winners by fully four boat lengths in 18 minutes 26 seconds. Many people were disappointed. The three-mile record was not lowered and it is generally thought the Toronto crew could have accomplished this feat had they wished to do so.

Gibbons and McAllister on September 11.

New York, Aug. 8.—Barring accidents and possibly police interference the battle for the lightweight championship of the United States, now resting in Brooklyn, will take place Sept. 11 next between the Granite Club in Hoboken. Jack McAllister of Brooklyn, who has held the championship belt in his class against all comers for years, will do battle with the stoutest opponent he has yet had to meet. Austin Gibbons is unquestionably the best man next to McAllister holding the lightweight record. The proposed contest is for a purse of \$4,000, contributed by the Granite Club, and an additional sum of \$1,500 but only by each contestant. Queensberry rules will govern the fight, which will be to a finish. Under the supervision of his brother Cornelius and Bob Drew, the Brooklyn boy's training will be most thorough and effective. McAllister's place at Parkville, the scene of McAllister's preparation when he fought Mike Daly, will be Jack's training quarters for his next contest. The proposed fight has excited almost as much interest among the sporting fraternity as the Sullivan and Kilrain match in Mississippi in July 1889.

The men will enter the ring at 133 pounds, a little above the recognized lightweight limit. The referee will be John L. Sullivan. It is not probable that John L. Sullivan will officiate in that capacity. The men are about evenly matched physically, and the battle, in the opinion of those who ought to know, will be a close one.

Another Mill On.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.
New York, August 8.—The following special was received at The Police Gazette office yesterday from Ogden, Utah: The Ogden Athletic Club, of Utah, has offered a purse of \$2750 for a fist encounter between George Morrison, of Ogden, and Jim Williams, of Salt Lake. The men are to fight on Sept. 1, according to the Police Gazette rules. It is expected the fight will create much interest throughout the entire western country, as both pugilists are well known. The personal friends and admirers of the men have already wagered considerable money on the result. The Ogden Athletic Club has requested Richard K. Fox to put up a belt for the winner to hold against all comers in his class in the West.

Dead in Minneapolis.

Pugilism is certainly getting unfashionable in Minneapolis. The time-honored divinity that hedged the profession in seems to have been knocked higher than Gilroy's kite, and farther than Killen's curves on a cold day. All of the craft who had the wherewithal to fight to go to the field several days ago, and now Judge Elliott has added his contribution to the cause by sending away the local demigod, the "Black Pearl," for a brief season of rest and reformation in the workhouse. The demoralization in the camp is further attested by the resignation of the Twin City Athletic Club's manager. At this rate the city can soon pass itself off as the scene of Sol Smith Russell's new play, "Peaceful Valley."—Pioneer Press.

General Sporting Gossip.

"Harry" McCoy and "Gypsy" Gleason, of England, fought at the rooms of the Orchard City Athletic Association, of Burlington, Ia., last night. McCoy was to knock out Gleason in 15 rounds. He put his man to sleep in the second, according to revised Marquis of Queensberry rules.

A few days ago, at Deer Lodge, Mont. Edipose Jr., 5, by Edipose—Musquet, ran three furlongs in .34, displacing Cyclone's record of .344 made at Helena, Mont., in 1889.

The once great Hinda Rose, 219, who once held the 3-year old record, has broken down again. A mile in .45 at San Francisco again brought out the weak spot in her right fore leg.

Col. "Smooth" Pulsifer declares that Tenny was not himself when Longstreet beat him last Saturday, and Mike Dwyer retorts: "Perfume not. But Longstreet can beat Tenny at any time."

The English sporting world has taken Gem Smith's measure at last and he can get no backer because of crookedness and cowardice.

George Smith, of England, recently broke the 12-hour record by riding 191 miles in that time.

On great advantage that English racing clubs have over those of America is the fact that the long evenings in England enable them to catch patronage which can only leave its day's work after five o'clock in the evening.

Dame Nature is a Good Book-Keeper. She don't let us stay long in her debt before we settle for what we owe her. She gives us a few years' grace at the most, but the reckoning surely comes. Have you neglected a row or allowed your blood to grow impure without heeding the warnings? Be wise in time and get the world-famed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures as well as promises. As a blood-renewer, a lung-purifier and a cure for scrofulous taint, it towers above all others, as Olympus overtops a mole-hill. To warrant a commodity is to be honorable and above deception, and a guarantee is a symbol of honest dealing. You get it with every bottle of the "Discovery." By druggists.

A Complete Collapse.

is occasioned in our feelings by derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure sick and bilious headache, bowel complaints, internal fever and constiveness. They remove all waste matter and restore life to body and mind. A dose as a laxative, consists of one tiny sugar-coated Pellet. Cheapest and easiest to take. By druggists, 25 cents a box.

THE CANADIAN AGENCY

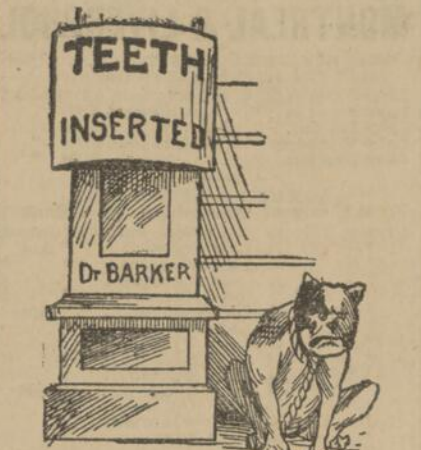
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THE TALK OF THE DAY

PICTURES OF LIFE AS IT IS IN BLACK AND WHITE.

The Misadventures of All Sorts of People Under the Brushes and the Pens of the Artists and Humorists—The Latest Paragraphs of the Newspaper Wits.



A realistic advertisement. Jason says he has found more grass widows in clover than in weeds.

Sorry He Asked—He—"Can you tell me what is eaten at a love-feast?" She—"Why, ice cream, of course."

Minister—"Have you ever cast your bread upon the waters?" Mrs. S. (proudly)—"Never, since my first batch."

Penelope—"What would you suggest as favors for our next German, Dolly?" Dorothy (unhesitatingly)—"Hubbards."

A Good Opinion of Himself—Snodgrass (after suitably finishes a fish story)—"Well, I like a liar!" Snively—"You egotist!"

Sarcasm yells after a dude in loud, plaid trousers: "Say, get them chloroformed quick, or they'll ring out de payroll!"

The pickpocket is a living example of the truth that in order to succeed in life one should keep in touch with his fellows.

Oh, college maid, So bold with bookery, Why thus afraid Of common cookery?

At the Club. The Colonel—"Have you seen Borer since he returned from his trip around the world?" The Judge—"Yes; I met the enemy and he was hours."

Every Little Helps—Borer—"Your wife's mother helps her a great deal, doesn't she?" Bagley—"Yes; she has gone in to town, now, to buy a dress to match some buttons her mother gave her."

Squeals (at the circus)—"Look at Penelope! See how she starts every time the ringmaster flourishes his horsewhip!" Nickleby—"Yes, Penelope used to edit a society paper, you know."

"Your son seems to be of a theoretical turn," remarked one man to another. "If you allude to the adage that theories don't often work I must say that he is," was the cheerful rejoinder.

Prof. Pottery—"Can you give any example of Spartan simplicity, Mr. Jenkins?" Jenkins—"About the simplest act I can think of just now was my staying at that pass until the whole batch were killed."

Chance to Get Even—Summer Hotel Proprietor—"My dear, I've got a piece of good news." His Views—"Do tell me, quick." Proprietor—"Your dressmaker has engaged board with me for a month."

Teacher—"Tommy, man has been called the laughing animal. Can you mention some other attribute that raises him above the mere brute?" Tommy Figg—"Yes'm. He-he knows how to spit."

"And so you think she no longer loves you?" "I know it. She used to let me help her on with her ten-button gloves and lately she has worn nothing but the one-button kind. Oh, I can take a hint."

Boy (who has lost his way)—"I say, mister, how far is it to Campdown Creek?" Man—"Find out. I ain't no city director." Boy (with acute emphasis)—"No, you ain't; your a volume on good manners, are you?"

An Adroit Pretender—She—"It's very strange, if she is of such noble descent, that nobody knows who her great-grand-grandfather was." He—"She explains that by claiming descent from the Man with the Iron Mask."

Almost a Proposal—"Do you know, Mr. Dolley," said Amy, "I have joined the King's Daughters?" "Indeed?" replied Mr. Dolley, with a glance of admiration at the fair young girl. "I wouldn't mind joining one of them myself."

Feminine Confidences—Irene (in a whisper)—"See that handsome young man across the aisle, Laura! I can bring him to my feet any day I want to." Laura—"Indeed, dear! He doesn't look the least bit in the world like a chiropractor!"

She—"Don't you know that there is a deftness, a lightness, a certain superlative skill about a woman's hand that man is too awkward to attain?" He—"Don't I know it? Do you suppose I've been touched for a new bonnet every three months for the last ten years without learning something?"

The Impresario Boy. He worried his rat-tat-tat. On the windowpanes, fully an hour by the clock.

He tried roller skates. Where dishes and plates. In jeopardy lay, till some fell, with a shock.

With an Indian yell. On a doll's house he fell. The cat poor dolly's scalp to his belt; Then knocked off and broke as if lost.

And its fair Grecian nose. Which same was of wax—he proceeded to mow.

Two tubes he upset. Without one regret. He stood on his head till his face turned sky blue;

A curtain he tore. And then sighed for more. Inventively mischievous things he might do.

He hid granny's "specs." But that didn't vex; Her face brightened up with his fun and his noise.

"One sweet kiss repaid For all!" so she said. Resignedly adding that "boys will be boys."

But stranger of all. At night's quiet fall. How meekly, how placidly this rogue would say:

"Good-night, mamma dear! Good-night, papa, dear! I've tried hard to be such a good boy to-day!"

A Step in Advance. High priced food for infants has been a source of great anxiety to parents who have to bring up their infants upon it.

Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is made from pure pearl barley, is easily digested and costs 25c. Try it. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

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Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention I make a careful examination and advise as to patentability free of charge.
With any office directly across from the Patent Office and being in personal communication there it is apparent that I have superior facilities for making prompt and successful searches for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent and for attending to all business entrusted to my care in the shortest possible time.
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