

VOL XXVII

QUEBEC SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873.

No. 10,311

Madrigal. Every individual takes his share of life's trials...

The Canadian Canals.

The Toronto Globe, commenting on our articles in regard to the necessity of the enlargement of the St. Lawrence route...

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.—Came to light in one day...

HAIR DESTROYER.—ALEX. ROSS'S DEFLATORY removes superfluous hair from the face, neck, and arms...

THE GREAT REMEDY.—Clark's Periodical Pills. This well-known medicine is no impotent, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Debilities...

Two Executions. Despatch as the penalties were that the two Illinois murderers, George Driver and John M. Osborne, suffered for their crimes...

Observance, courage, and great activity of intellect are engendered by Fellows' Council...

A RECIPE WORTH KNOWING. Some horse dealers have discovered that by the use of "Dew's" Condition, Lotion and Arabian Hives Remedy...

COMMERCIAL SCHOOL. Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, Quebec. Mr. James L. Fellows, Dear Sir: I am very happy to acknowledge the benefit I have received from the use of your Compound...

THE MURDER OF MR. MATTHEWS BY JOHN M. OSBORNE, a neighbor of the late Mr. Matthews, had been a laborer for the Matthews family and knew the habits of the household perfectly...

CHANGE OF AGENCY FOR SAVORY & MOORE'S PREPARATIONS, &c. Messrs. LYMAN, CLARE & CO., 285, St. Paul Street, Montreal.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. In the matter of A. BERGHEIN, An Insolvent. CHARLES DUBE, Attorney.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. In the matter of WILLIAM WALKER, Official Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. In the matter of CHARLES BAUREPPE, Trader, An Insolvent.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. In the matter of ANTOINE LAVOIE, Insolvent.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. In the matter of R. HENRY WURTELE, Official Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. In the matter of ELLEN CONNOLLY, in her capacity of heir at Law of the late Thos. Connolly of Three Rivers.

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CAUTION. GENUINE PANCREATINE. The Extract of the Pancreas of the Dog, the most powerful of all pancreatic juices...

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COMMERCIAL HOUSE. BEHAN BROTHERS. NEW GOODS. EX. S.S. "CORINTHIAN."

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Goods—Fry & Garman. La Banque Nationale—Fry & Garman. Books—Parker & Peterson. Uninsured Letters—P. H. Hunt. Nurses Wanted—Mrs. Chapman. Fellow's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. Berry's Pulmonic Waters. Darby's Compound of Powders and Arabian Gum Remedy. Home Wanted—J. Elliot. Inventor of 1863—H. A. Park. Y. L. A.—J. W. Sullivan.

NOTICE.

WE REGARD MOST RESPECTFULLY TO OUR READERS TO OUR FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC, THAT WE SHALL CONTINUE TO GO.

THE LARGE DISCOUNT.

and that our stock, which is composed of some of the most fashionable goods that Great Britain and France can produce, is perfect and clean, and can bear comparison for cheapness with any in this country.

LOUIS & HENRI, 41, Rue de la Paix, Upper Town, 2nd.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873.

QUEBEC COUNTY ELECTION.

Mr. Pierre Garneau, the worthy Mayor of Quebec, was yesterday elected by acclamation to represent the County of Quebec in the House of Assembly. The County could have made no better choice, and while we congratulate Mr. Garneau upon his return, we congratulate the electors upon the member. The unanimity of the County in the case of Mr. Garneau is a cheering forecast of the success of Mr. Caron, as the candidates have been conducted together. It is an evidence that the County is Conservative, and satisfied with the administration of public affairs by the present Government.

We publish this morning a circular signed by all the Roman Catholic clergy of the County. This circular fully corroborates all we have said with regard to the corruption and bribery practised by the Parti-National, and which has never been disproved. We trust that this circular, which has not been issued without full knowledge of facts, will go far to remove from the minds of the public any ideas that political "reformers" must be politically pure. In the County of Quebec the operations of the Parti-National have been open and unblinking. When the election is over they will be out in full cry against the successful Conservative candidate with loud charges of the disreputable practices which they themselves, at the instigation of their Ottawa leaders, instituted.

MR. PIMMOLLI'S MOTION.

The Times, in commenting upon Mr. Pimmolli's motion for a Royal Commission to enquire into the evils affecting the commercial marine of Great Britain, says the public would not be content with anything else than the consent of the Ministry to such appointment, as "it is impossible to escape the conclusion that, though Mr. Pimmolli's seal may have betrayed him in his recent book into some statements and charges which will not bear examination, the evils he denounces do prevail to an alarming extent, and that it is our bounden duty to ascertain by official enquiry how they are caused and how they may be remedied." In the debate ensuing upon Mr. Pimmolli's motion in the House of Commons, Mr. Stansfeld adduced statistics showing that the abuses complained of by Mr. Pimmolli in his book have been steadily increasing. During the period of five years ending with 1868, the number of ships registered to the Board of Trade returned, was 969, 1,118, 1,488, and 1,747, again, taking divisions of five years up to 1871, he finds that the losses were 1,045, 1,323, 1,611, and 1,806 ships respectively. This steady and alarming increase, moreover, is not accompanied by any corresponding increase in the commercial marine. In 1868 the number of ships of all sorts belonging to the United Kingdom was 27,000, while in 1868 it was only 29,000. Great Britain has been building larger ships, without increasing the number. The official returns show that a quarter of the wrecks for the past ten years are due to "inattention, carelessness, neglect, and defective equipment," and that nearly half the losses were due to preventable causes. Under these circumstances, it is plain that there is a case for interference. At a meeting at Liverpool of ship-owners and others, held on the 4th inst., it was resolved that "a loss of nearly 3,000 lives at sea in British shipping every year, from causes which are believed to be to a large extent preventable, is a matter which deserves most serious consideration." When the President of the Board of Trade acknowledged that "there is a large foundation of truth in the general statements" of Mr. Pimmolli's book, and that notwithstanding the certain errors and exaggerations, "the statements made in the official records from the case are derived from a foundation of fact quite sufficient to justify the book," it is evident that action has not been taken a moment too soon. And the appointment of a Royal Commission to enquire into the evils affecting the commercial marine of Great Britain, is a measure which is likely to be taken before a Court of law, and the investigation of the Commission, says the Times, will soon show whether the circumstances demand a more serious inquiry.

THE EXECUTION OF FOSTER.

Yesterday morning Foster, the "car-bomb murderer," was executed in New York. Every effort was made to save him, but the Executive was firm, and Foster was hanged. The crime for which he paid the death penalty is known to most of our readers. More than a year ago Mr. Putnam, a respectable gentleman of New York, was riding at night in a street car with his niece. Foster was riding in the same car on the platform, and commenced making signs and remarks to which she called the attention of her uncle. Mr. Putnam placed himself between his niece and the ruffian, and by his subsequent action aroused his ire to such an extent that he swore to "lay him out." Foster, with a heavy iron case, deliberately crashed his skull and killed him.

THE DEEDS OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Foster was tried and found guilty. The evidence was so clear that there was no possibility of any other verdict than that of murder in the first degree being returned. He was given ample time for preparation, but this was mainly spent in endeavours to arrange for a "new trial." When it was found that a new trial could not be obtained, a committal order of sentence was sought. The most powerful influence was brought to bear in favor of the dying man, politicians, ministers of the Gospel, the jurymen who tried him, and every one who had a word to say, came forward with all the maudlin sentimentality which is bred whenever a notorious criminal nears the fatal day, and pressed with petitions and prayers, but the Executive was inexorable, and Foster died.

We have no pity to waste on Foster. It is true that he was a low, depraved ruffian, with vicious tastes and desires, that he was one of a class whose moral faculties receive but little development, that when he swung that car-bomb against the head of the unoffending Putnam he was under the influence of drink, that he leaves a wife and family, and that he might, by being imprisoned for life, be turned to more useful account. Foster was a type of a class too numerous in all large cities, that drinking, swearing, swaggering class whose regard for the sanctity of human life becomes slighter as the chances of the infliction of the death penalty become slimmer. A lax administration of criminal laws breeds this class in abundance, and New York is reaping the fruits of her carelessness now. Foster would have used a revolver had he had one with him; he was intent upon murdering Mr. Putnam, just as Nixon was upon shooting Phyllis. And hundreds of cowardly ruffians like Foster ride in street cars and omnibuses every day, prepared to lose to every evil passion because they have been taught to regard hanging as "played out in New York." This was the opinion of a Jersey City boy, who playfully—using the word in its only—shot and killed a policeman in Brooklyn, and was hanged for it. Foster was no worse, or better, than any of his class, and his execution will have a great moral effect. The man in New York now is for more security for life. The remedy for the existing state of things is the prompt execution of the law upon convicted felons. When the dangerous classes are made to know that the halter, as a social improver, has not been dispensed with, and that society will resent outrages upon its members, then a new order of things may be looked for. Maudlin sentimentalists of the Rev. Dr. Tyng order asy, in the present condition of public safety, just as dangerous as the prowling murderers who infest the streets, for they seek to take away the point from crime and canonize the criminal. The Boston Globe said that some American ministers took as much trouble to get into the newspapers during their lives, as they do to get to heaven after their deaths. Dr. Tyng is evidently one of this class. He has been preaching some cheap notoriety at the expense of his reputation. Unfortunately there are too many of his stamp abroad in the world for the world's good. It is all very well to argue that mankind has now arrived at a pitch of civilization when capital punishments should be stricken from the statute book. We have not arrived at that point where mankind can regard crime as a mere accident to be glossed over. A duty imposed upon communities to punish criminals, and repress crime. New York State has fulfilled a duty in strangling Foster, and when she similarly disposes of some of her other dangerous and homicidal citizens, her internal condition will be improved.

MR. GLADSTONE'S OFFICE.

Mr. Gladstone resumes office, and the political crisis in England is over. The reasons given by Mr. Disraeli for declining to form a new Government are plain enough. He is difficult to form a policy on such short notice, and he prepared to deal with such grave questions as are now before Parliament.

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Shipping Intelligence. By Telegraph-Huller, N.Y. March 20.—The steamer Chesapeake from Portland had arrived with a heavy cargo of lumber and other goods.

New Orleans, March 20.—The American ship General, from New Orleans, had arrived with a heavy cargo of sugar and other goods.

San Francisco, March 15.—The steamer Alaska arrived today with a heavy cargo of goods from the West.

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NEW GOODS! Ladies Back Combs, Jet and Gilt Hair Pins. A consignment of French Electro plated ware, English, consisting of hot water Urns, and Corner Dishes, in good order, very cheap.

NEW GOODS! O'BRIEN, ELLISON & CO., Began to announce to their friends and the public, that they have received, by Steamers lately from Europe, several cases of very Choice.

NEW GOODS! COOK WANTED. None need apply without good references. MRS. J. BURSTALL, Kirk Eile, Lewis Road, or MRS. HEWLETT, 64 Grande Allee, Lewis Road.

HOUSEHOLD FAMILY GOODS! COTTON AND LINEN SHIRTINGS, IRISH LININGS, DIAPERS, DAMASK NAPKINS and TABLE CLOTHS, TOWELLINGS, LONG CLOTHS, &c.

NOTICE. A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT ON THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THIS BANK will be paid at its Head-Office, or at its Branch-Offices, on or after the FIRST DAY OF MAY next.

WANTED, A GOOD NURSE TO TAKE CHARGE OF AN INFANT. References required. Apply to MRS. CHAPMAN, 18 Exchange, March 22, 1873.

BOOKS! BOOKS! WE HAVE NOW ON HAND A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF BOOKS, by the following well known authors, viz: Miss Mulock, Miss Yonge, Grace Aguilar, M. Thackeray, Geo. Elliot, Ouida, Geo. MacDonald, and A. L. O. E.

STOVES, Fancy Hall, Parlor, Box and Coal Stoves, Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Ranges, Grates, Fire Irons, Coal Scuttles, Fire Guards.

Young Irishmen's Association. THERE WILL BE A GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Young Irishmen's Association, TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, for the transaction of business of importance, and to receive the subscription of Members.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS. LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE Quebec Post Office, on the 21st instant, which have not been claimed.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY. Clark's Periodical Pills. This well-known medicine is no imposture, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever.

RUBBER STEAM PACKING. Best Quality, all sizes. HEMP STEAM PACKING, PATENT COTTON PACKING, STEAM GAUGES (BOURDON'S), with other requisites wanted in fitting up STEAM ENGINES.

WANTED, A GOOD NURSE. Apply between one o'clock and three to MRS. CHARLES HAMILTON, 309 Clapton Terrace, March 18, 1873.

NEW GOODS! O'BRIEN, ELLISON & CO., Began to announce to their friends and the public, that they have received, by Steamers lately from Europe, several cases of very Choice.

NEW GOODS! COOK WANTED. None need apply without good references. MRS. J. BURSTALL, Kirk Eile, Lewis Road, or MRS. HEWLETT, 64 Grande Allee, Lewis Road.

WANTED, A GOOD NURSE TO TAKE CHARGE OF AN INFANT. References required. Apply to MRS. CHAPMAN, 18 Exchange, March 22, 1873.

FINE AND FANCY CHOCOLATE. Menier, Fry & Sons, CABBURY'S Compagnie Coloniale, Best Makers in the World, for sale at W. MCWILLIAMS, 81 John Street.

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HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET. A GOOD MODERN THREE STORY HOUSE WANTED. The house, or its vicinity, would be preferred. For a suitable price a fair Rent would be paid.

TO LET. Nos. 4 & 7 MONTCALM BUILDINGS, Amable Street, now occupied by Mr. McNEILL and Mr. McNEILL.

TO LET. THAT FIRST-CLASS SPANISH NO. 13 Notre Dame Street, for many years, occupied by late Wm. Forster Esq., and lately occupied by Messrs. BAIN & GREATER, Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. HOUSE AND GARDEN, SITUATED at CHARLESBOURNE, now occupied by Dr. BOUSSEAU.

FOR SALE WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION ON EASY TERMS. A FARM OF 700 HECTARES, situated within two miles of the City of Montreal.

TO LET. THAT EXCELLENT BUSINESS STAND, in Nouvelle Street, opposite the Berthelet Market, with Dwelling attached, formerly occupied by Mr. Louis JOLLE, as a Grocery.

TEMPERLEY'S LINE, 1873. COMMUNICATION BETWEEN LONDON, QUEBEC AND MONTREAL. THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS STEAM SHIPS are intended to sail from Quebec, calling at Plymouth for Passengers, as follows:

COAL OIL. A VERY SUPERIOR OIL, put up in packages of 10 Gallons, expressly for shipping or private use.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, and Amendments. In the matter of FORTIN & DALY, of Quebec and St. Henri, debtors, and Charles Fortin, individually, and as having been a partner in the firm of Richard & Co., Shipbuilders.

THE BEST LAMP EVER USED. A LIGHTED LAMP, with a glass chimney, and a burner, and a glass chimney, and a burner, and a glass chimney, and a burner.

NEW GOODS. Ex "Polynesian" via Portland: 25 BARRELS EXTRA WHITE CRUSHED SUGAR, 50 BOXES BELMONT SPERM.

COAL OIL. EXTRA DEERLICK, NOW RECEIVING ex Grand Trunk. For sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, and Amendments. In the matter of JOHN DONALDSON, an Insolvent. On the SEVENTH DAY OF APRIL next, at 10 o'clock, I apply to the said Court, for a discharge under the said Act.

McCaghey, Dolbec & Co. SHOW ROOMS. No. 24, St. Paul Street, QUEBEC.

