Quebec Morning Chronicle

VOL. XLIII. QUEBEC, MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1889. No. 15,255

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable, and these little pills cure both. m w,fri-w

AFTERNOON REPORTS.

ANOTHER GLADSTONIAN VICTORY.

France's Fratricidal Conflicts.

CHINA AND COREA COME TO AN UNDERSTANDING.

How the California Legislature Adjourned. --A Desperate Struggle for Life.

London, March 23—The *Standard's* Shanghai correspondent says:—Negotiations between Li Hung Chang and Mr. Denny, have resulted in an amicable understanding between China and Corea.

The election in the Gorton division of Lancashire to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the death of Richard Peacock (Gladstonian) resulted in the return of William Mather (Gladstonian), who received 5,155 votes against 4,309 for Earnest Hatch, Conservative and Liberal-Unionist. At the last election Peacock received 4,592 votes, and Lord DeWelton, Conservative 4,135.

Count Herbert Bismarck is stopping at the residence of Lord Rosebery. He declares his visit to England is of a private nature.

Though the reports of the House of Commons debate on Sir Richard Cartwright's reciprocity motion are very inadequate, some comment is made here and opinions generally seem to coincide with the Manchester *Guardian*, Liberal, which says to-day that the Canadian decision against the motion blocks the United States proposal to obtain exclusive commercial privileges on her northern frontier, just as the new treaty between England and Mexico excludes for ten years the chance of such exclusive privileges on her southern frontier. It adds that it is difficult to see what Canada or Mexico would gain politically or commercially by closer relations with their vast neighbor than with the old world, while it is clear that both would sacrifice much worth preserving.

Dr. John Rae, the Arctic explorer, has been seriously ill of bronchitis and still far from recovered.

The "Vancouver" sailed on Thursday with a full complement of passengers, including a party of trained children for Ontario and Manitoba farmers.

The annual Hudson's Bay fur sales next week will make an excellent display. There is an active demand, and as the market is greatly improved a good advance upon last year's prices is expected.

The details of the Canadian Pacific loan bill have been well received in the city. The *Financial News* says this materially changes the aspect of the measure and removes, or at least mitigates what was a serious danger to the relations of the Canadian Pacific with the Grand Trunk.

Paris, March 23—A banquet was given in honor of M. Antoine last evening. Among those present were forty deputies and senators. In a speech M. Antoine said:—"Cease to torture yourselves and the Republic, and preserve the liberty which will permit you to hope for everything and render impossible adventures which are hazardous and deadly for the country. Alsace-Lorraine suffers from your dissensions and will perish through your fratricidal conflicts over the division of party lines."

Cherbourg, March 23—A French torpedo boat foundered off here in a hurricane. Her captain and fourteen of her crew were drowned.

Berlin, March 23—Germany has acceded to the request of France for permission to transfer the remains of Generals Carnot and Marceau to France.

St. Petersburg, March 23—The *Grazdania* says the budget surplus in 1888 was sixty million roubles, and that the revision of the Customs tariff has been postponed.

AMERICAN.

Guy'nore, W. Va., March 23—Four boys, sons of farmers living near the foot of McLane Mountain, Wyoming County, were out squirrel hunting yesterday, and when returning home one of them shot a squirrel, which fell into a deep fissure in the mountain side. When they descended the fissure to get the squirrel they saw four pairs of yellow eyes glaring at them from a recess in the rock. Only two of the boys had guns, and when they fired at two pairs of eyes, shutting them, the owners of the other two pairs, who proved to be enormous catamounts, sprang at the lads. With the empty guns and clubs the boys finally succeeded in killing the catamounts, but not before one boy had been terribly torn from his neck to his hips, another had his cheek and one ear laid open, while a third was badly bitten through the right arm and scratched across the chest by the sharp claws of one of the catamounts. After the battle was over the only one of the quartette unhurt climbed to the surface and managed to haul and drag his companions one by one after him. The boys are all doing well and will be out again in a few days. The largest catamount measured four feet six in length; the other three were full grown females.

New York, March 23—The French steamship "La Champagne," which sailed for Havre to-day, took out the contributions of American artists to the Paris Exposition. The value of the paintings is over $200,000.

San Francisco, March 23—The sugar crop of the Hawaiian Islands will be about 125 000 tons, the largest in the history of the Islands.

Rouse's Point, N. Y., March 23—The Hon. Henry Mott, of Alburgh Springs, Vt., got his team into the ice here to-day. His wife was drowned and also the team. Mr. Mott was badly cut by the struggling horses, but physicians have hopes of his recovery.

Sacramento, Cal., March 23—The *Bee* yesterday, referring to the adjournment of the Legislature, says: "The session displayed more brazen rascality, more shameless disregard of every shred of principle, more outright barter of every remaining fragment of honor, more reckless and open immorality on the part of members than have ever before disgraced a Legislature. Honest members were like angels' visits—few and far between. Any vile measure, with money at its back, could be assured of a numerous contingency of voters. The session closed amid orgies that would have put to shame the Bacchanalian feasts of the Romans, and would have made even the painted visitors to the Jardin Mobille blush in shame. The underground restaurant and saloon, with its private rooms, was the scene of outrageous debauchery, and when the Senate was deliberating in its last hours a member was drinking champagne with female companions in a little room adjoining, singing 'White Wings' so boisterously as to drown proceedings inside. It was veritably a most humiliating, degraded and disgraceful scene throughout."

Antidotes for Poisons.

For carbolic acid, give flour and water or glutinous drinks.

For carbonate of soda, copperas and cobalt, give a prompt emetic—soap or mucilaginous drinks.

For strychnine and nux vomica, give an emetic of mustard or sulphate of zinc, aided by warm water.

For caustic soda, caustic potash and volatile alkali, give freely of water with lemon juice or vinegar in it.

For chloroform and chloral hydrate, pour cold water over the head and face, with artificial respiration, galvanic battery.

For blue vitriol, corrosive sublimate, saltpeter, sugar of lead and bed bug poison, give milk or white of eggs in large quantities.

For oil vitriol, hartshorn or ammonia, muriatic and oxalic acids, give magnesia of soap, dissolved in water, every two minutes.

For Fowler's solution and arsenic, give emetic of mustard and salt, a tablespoon of each, and follow with sweet oil, butter or milk.

For antimonial wine or tartar emetic, give warm water to encourage vomiting. If vomiting does not stop, give a grain of opium in water.

For laudanum, morphine and opium, give strong coffee, followed by ground mustard or grease in warm water to produce vomiting. Keep patient in constant motion.

Mr. Blaine is the only college graduate in Mr. Harrison's Cabinet.

MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

ENGLAND'S DEMANDS ON MOROCCO.

Count Herbert Bismarck's Visit to England.

THE TROUBLES IN EAST AFRICA.

American Claims Against Denmark—Failure of the Australian Wheat Crop, etc., etc.

G EAT BRITAIN.

London, March 23—Dr. John Rae, the Arctic explorer, is seriously ill with bronchitis.

March 24—The *Statist* considers that the Paris crisis has crippled the producing and consuming power of France. It says that large numbers of workmen will be thrown out of employment who will generate discontent, throwing discredit on the Government and increasing Boulanger's chances, which the new repressive policy is not likely to counteract. The effect abroad will also be great, with the leading powers of France crippled, Russia will be less friendly to France and the aggressive policy of Russia will be checked, Russia, Austria and Italy will find greater difficulty in borrowing, and the prospects of peace will be thereby increased. The inevitable crippling of trade in France will injure trade in all Europe and disturb Eastern and South American commerce.

The town of Pinsk, Russia, has been destroyed by fire. Six persons were burned to death.

It is reported at The Hague that Minister Heimskerk has been appointed Regent of Holland.

England has demanded of Morocco £50,000 indemnity for the massacre and pillage at the Mackenzie factory at Cape Juby, in 1888.

Cholera has broken out at Zamboonga, in the Philippine Islands. There have been 500 deaths so far.

Mr. Gladstone left London for Scotland to-night.

Mr. John Bright has had a serious relapse. He was attacked to-day with a shivering fit. A doctor is in constant attendance.

Mr. Lewis, solicitor for the Parnellites, writes to call attention to an amazing and important misstatement with reference to Pigott which was made by Attorney-General Webster in the House of Commons on Friday. He says the letter referred to by Mr. Webster as having been placed in Sir Charles Russell's hands five days before Pigott's appearance in the witness box was a letter from Mr. Soames, solicitor for the *Times*, to Pigott, and two other letters from Pigott to Mr. Soames, in which Pigott admitted that he feared to undergo a cross-examination, were withheld by the *Times'* lawyers. Mr. Lewis says it is a fact that neither counsel nor the solicitor for the Parnellites had notice of the existence of these two letters until Pigott had decamped.

Mr. Soames' letter to Pigott contained a promise that no harm would come to Pigott through the latter's testifying before the Parnell Commission. There was no allusion in the letter to the character of the evidence to be given by Mr. Pigott.

Attorney-General Webster replying to Mr. Lewis, writes that he believes that he handed to Sir Chas. Russell the letters to which Mr. Lewis refers, but that he will have to refer to his shorthand notes for confirmation. In any case, he says the matter is not important, because none of the letters would have justified the withdrawal of Pigott from the witness box, and further Sir Charles elected not to have the letters read until Pigott was in the box.

The *Chronicle* states that there have lately been sixty sudden deaths in an hospital at Florence, all preceded by intestinal disturbance. Some papers attribute the deaths to bad food, others to cholera.

Liverpool, March 23—The new steamer "City of Paris," built by Thompson, of Clydebank, for the Inman Steamship Company, arrived here to-day. She ran at an average speed of 21 knots per hour in the face of a strong wind and an adverse tide.

FRANCE.

Paris, March 24—The Alsace-Lorraine Society held a meeting here on Saturday to decide whether to give a banquet in honor of M. Antoine. The president protested that M. Antoine sought political ends and no longer represented Alsace-Lorraine. A great row followed. Finally the society decided not to give a banquet.

MM. DeLoulay and Gerault Richard fought a duel to-day. The former was slightly wounded in three places. M. Richard had attacked M. DeLoulay in a newspaper article, charging him with plagiarizing a work of M. Duquel.

While dining in the *cafe* Durand to-day, Gen. Boulanger was suddenly seized with a fainting fit and had to be conveyed to his home. No serious results are reported.

GERMANY.

Berlin, March 23.—Count Herbert Bismarck's visit to England following so closely upon that of Sir Edward Malet, the British Ambassador, has given rise to all kinds of political speculations. The rumor that England is about to join the Triple Alliance may however be dismissed summarily, as may also the statement of the official press that the Count is merely making a holiday visit. The fact is that the visit has a double object, the most important part of which is the arrangement of details for the Emperor's visit to England during the coming summer, and to ascertain the wishes of Queen Victoria as to whether the visit shall be merely of a domestic nature or shall assume a state character; if it is to be the latter, Prince Bismarck is anxious to arrange imposing accompaniments. It is even stated in some quarters that the Chancellor himself will attend the Emperor.

The *Cologne Gazette* says that owing to the attitude of America, it is natural that Germany should seek a full agreement with England before the Samoan Conference meets, but this is doubtful. During the past week Count Herbert has had a series of long interviews with the Emperor at which the matter of His Majesty's visit was fully discussed. In the second place Count Herbert will take the opportunity to discuss with Lord Salisbury matters affecting the two nations. It is not improbable that some kind of an agreement will be arrived at embodying the principles of a future colonial policy where British and German interests come in contact.

The *Post* to-night announces that the Samoan conference will be postponed probably till the beginning of May. This may be regarded as a desire to await the outcome of Count Herbert's mission. Prince Bismarck's reprimand of Dr. Knappe is much commented on. The *Freisinnige Zeitung* points out that Dr. Knappe was really driven into a state of *furor consularis* by Count Herbert Bismarck's despatch of January 8th, instructing him to effect the necessary reprisals against the rebels, who, he said, by attacking had brought about a state of war.

The seizure by the police authorities of the *Valks Zeitung* has created a great sensation, and a legal decision upon the right of the police to suppress the paper is awaited with interest. Even the National-Liberal press have not a word to say in defence of what is generally rated as a rash and imprudent procedure on the part of the police.

A meeting of the Colonial Society was held here to-day. Prince Hohenlohe made an address in which he attributed the rebellion in East Africa to the unlimited importation of arms and ammunition. He urged that the Powers combine to prevent the real source of the trouble which was affecting all alike.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen, March 23—A committee of the Lower House of the Rigsdag has advised the ratification of the convention between Denmark and the United States, providing for the arbitration of the claim of Mr. Butterfield against Denmark for compensation for a number of vessels lost near St. Thomas, many years ago. It is doubted, however, whether the reference of the claim to a court of arbitration will be necessary.

AUSTRIA.

Vienna, March 23—The Lower House of the Reichsrath to-day adopted a bill prohibiting the sale of foreign lottery tickets in Austria, the Finance Minister declaring that the fears that such action would give offence to Greece were unfounded.

March 24—Empress Elizabeth is so weak that her proposed journey to Wiesbaden has been postponed.

Pesth, March 24—Owing to the recent disturbances, Premier Von Tisza is now guarded by 16 mounted policemen when he drives out.

ITALY.

Rome, March 24.—In a duel with swords to-day, Deputy Cavalotti slightly wounded Signor Corveto. Under Secretary of the War Department. The trouble grew out of a personal dispute.

EGYPT.

Cairo, March 24.—Mahommed Beraivi, who has arrived here from Omdurman, reports that Sheikh Senousi's forces accupied Darfour and Kordofan and expelled the Dervishes. In July last Mahommed Beraivi, accompanied an expedition of 6,000 Mahdists which proceeded in steamers and barges against Emin Pasha. He states that Emin defeated the Dervishes near Bor, killing most of them and capturing their steamers and much ammunition.

Mahommed Beraivi, who brought the news of the victory of Emin Pasha over the Dervishes, says it was reported that Emin was in good health and that all his people and some European travellers were with him in Bahr-el-Ghazel.

SERVIA.

Belgrade, March 24.—Ex-King Milan has returned to this city.

HOLLAND.

The Hague, March 24.—The King of Holland is unconscious.

RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, March 24—The official statement relating to the budget of 1888 shows a surplus of at least 7,000,000 roubles, without including the proceeds of the November loan, and the residue—25 000,000 roubles—of the internal loan of 1887.

P RTUGAL.

Lisbon, March 24—A Portuguese anti-Slavery Society has been formed with King Luis as honorary President.

UNITED STATES.

New York, March 24.—Thirty stonecutters from Scotland arrived at Castle Garden on the "Etruria" to-day, and were detained on suspicion that they came here under contract. The men admitted they were in the habit of coming to this country early in the spring and returning to Scotland in the fall. They are bound for the stone quarries in Maine, Massachusetts and Connecticut. Their cases will be investigated to-morrow.

San Francisco, March 24—Advices from Sydney announces that the Australian wheat crop has fallen short of the estimated product for the season, and that stocks are being firmly held owing to the probability of the imposition of a protective tariff by the Colonial Government at Melbourne. The total yield amounts to 6,200,000 bushels from an area of 2,000,000 acres, more than one fifth of which is not worth reaping. The total surplus for exporting will be less than 2,000,000 bushels, compared with 10,000,000 bushels last season. The wheat shipments from the Pacific Coast ports alone this season to the Australian colonies promise to exceed those of any previous year.

CANADIAN REPORTS.

Hon. Mr. Abbott on the Jesuit Question.

A SCOUNDREL PROPERLY SENTENCED.

The Third Party Convention in Toronto.

SHOOTING ACCIDENT IN WINNIPEG.

(Per C. P. Telegraph Line.)

QUEBEC.

Montreal, March 23—The Hon. J. J. C. Abbott was in town this morning from Ottawa. He says he believes the indications are that the session will be a short one, and he hopes the adjournment will take place for Easter. He thinks the debate on the Jesuits' bill next week is likely to be a very hot one." I cannot understand the action of the Protestants in this province at all." said Mr. Abbott, "They never protest until the mischief is done. When legislation inimical to English Protestants is proposed for Lower Canada, they remain perfectly calm until it is passed and then they kick. While this Jesuit bill was before the legislature, the newspapers and preachers hardly made a remark upon it, but no sooner does the bill become law, than meetings are held, sermons preached and a general agitation made, but it is too late." "What do you think will be the result of the Jesuit debate?" "Oh, nothing. The whole machinery of the Dominion is not going to be upset for a few thousand dollars a year, which is all the Jesuits will get."

Mr. D. Girouard, Q.C., M.P., expressed it as his opinion this morning, that not more than 20 members at the outside will vote for Colonel O'Brien's motion *in re* the Jesuits question. It is not expected that the debate will be long.

Andre Mainville was sentenced in the Court of Queen's Bench this morning, to be lashed for criminal assault on an eleven-year-old girl. On March 2, Mainville saw little Agnes Miron picking pieces of tin out of a heap of refuse in a lane off Dubord street and attacked her, but was interrupted by the advent of the girl's stalwart brother, who happened to pass that way and heard her cries.

The Club National met last night and unanimously passed a motion approving the stand taken by the Hon. Geo. W. Ross and the Ontario Cabinet, on the teaching of French in the schools of that province. It was resolved to hold the annual banquet at the Windsor Hotel towards the end of April, when the Hon. Messrs. Laurier and Mercier will be present. Mr. F. X Choquet gave an address on the new electoral law, and the meeting adjourned.

A meeting of the Hon. J. A. Chapleau's friends has been called for Monday evening, to organize a committee for his reception on the 8th April.

ONTARIO.

Cornwall, March 23—The goods sold to A. A. Baker, of Wales, by W. E. Brown, the insolvent boot and shoe merchant of Ottawa, valued at $20,000, have been seized by the sheriff and will be held pending the charge of fraudulently transferring the goods alleged against the insolvent by Messrs. Samuels & Son, Montreal.

Toronto, March 23—The Third Party Convention adjourned *sine die* yesterday after creating a council of 100 and an executive committee of 25. Rev. Dr. Sutherland was chosen chairman of each. It was resolved to start a journal when $25,000 of stock is subscribed.

The *Globe* publishes this morning a long reply from Father Jones, of St. Mary's College, Montreal, to the legal contention that the Jesuits Estates Act is unconstitutional.

Peter Ryan, the well-known Liberal politician, and Roman Catholic member of the board of license commissioners, will in a letter to the *Globe* to-morrow express approval of its call for the disallowance of the Jesuits' Estates' act. The various branches of the Orange order have determined to hold another mass meeting in regard to the Jesuits Estates' bill. It will come off on Monday evening at the Pavilion.

MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, Man., March 24.—Mr. W. H. Evans was accidentally shot in a bed-room of the new Douglas House this afternoon by his companion, C. Harker, the bullet entered Evans' cheek below the eye and lodged near the ear, making a dangerous and perhaps fatal wound. Both young men recently arrived from England. Evans is the son of a prominent surveyor in Liverpool, and Harker is the son of a minister of Bolton, England. Harker was playing cowboy when the accident occurred.

Meredeth, a tea merchant and his wife and child were poisoned by acid from the solder in a tea pot. All are in a fair way of recovery.

A letter has been received by a leading merchant from Lockwood Bros., Sheffield, England, in the course of which they say:—"We are glad to see that trade prospects are good with you for the coming year. Our advices from Australia report that there will be slight, if any, surplus of wheat for export this season, owing to prolonged drought which has caused enormous losses both in crops and stock. From the Argentine Republic, which is coming to the front very shortly as a wheat exporting country, our friends write us that wheat crops have been more than half ruined by heavy floods, but that the maize crop is expected to be very large indeed, but should the wet weather continue their hopes may be falsified."

It is expected that immigration this year will reach between thirty and fifty thousand, and appearances indicate that there will be at least the former number of actual settlers in the district west of Lake Superior.

The fire investigation into the arson case at Roberts store was continued yesterday, when evidence showing the financial standing of the tenants and others connected with the building was giving. The case was remanded till Monday to allow an expert in the examination of accounts and stock sheets being secured.

Temperance organizations are agitating for the erection of several dinking fountains on Main street next summer.

Portage Laprairie is endeavoring to secure the location of the deaf and dumb asylum.

SPORTING NEWS.

AQUATICS.

Pittsburg, March 24—John Teemer has issued a challenge to any oarsman in the world, Gaudaur preferred, to row a series of races three, four and five miles each, for $500 a race.

PRETTY TALL JUMPING.

Williamstown, Mass., March 24—At the meeting of the William's College Athletic Association yesterday, Samuel Crook, '90, in the standing high jump made 5 feet ½ inch, half an inch ahead of his record, which won him the amateur championship of America, at the Manhattan Club games in New York last fall.

WRESTLING.

Boston, March 24—Duncan C. Ross has challenged Muldoon, agreeing to throw him five times within an hour according to the rules of wrestling, for $1,000 to $5,000 If Muldoon does not accept the challenge, it is open to any man in the world, barring Capt. John C. Daly.

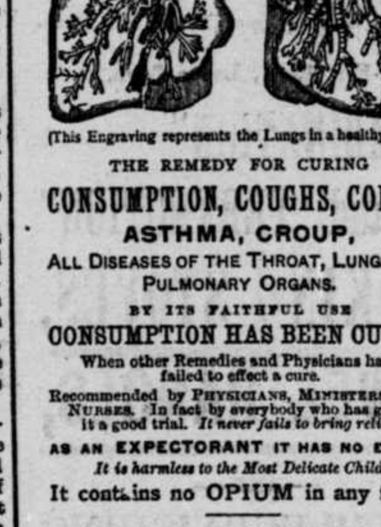
The proper repast to be served after a card party—a game supper.

It is said that beer enough was manufactured last year to give every man, woman and child in the country a barrel. And yet we do not recall a single invitation to take a drink.

Theodore Child in *Harper's Magazine* for April says that "in Paris there is not a single man, except the Secretary of the Academy, who knows by heart the names of the forty 'Immortals;'" that "glory is a vain word," and that "the devil and Sarah Bernhardt are perhaps the only two celebrities universally known." Alas! this may be true.

Drink, weary Pilgrim, drink, I say,
St. Leon drives all ills away.
ST. LEON, the most celebrated MINERAL WATER, for sale, wholesale and retail by GINGRAS, LANGLOIS & CIE., Opposite the Cardinalate.
May 23, 1888 apl20-Lm

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM



(This Engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.)

THE REMEDY FOR CURING CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP, ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND PULMONARY ORGANS.
BY ITS FAITHFUL USE CONSUMPTION HAS BEEN CURED When other Remedies and Physicians have failed to effect a cure.
Recommended by PHYSICIANS, MINISTERS, AND NURSES. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. *It never fails to bring relief.*
AS AN EXPECTORANT IT HAS NO EQUAL
It is harmless to the Most Delicate Child.
It contains no OPIUM in any form.
PRICE 25c, 50c AND $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited), *General Agents*, MONTREAL.

Campbell's Cathartic Compound (Liquid.)
Note.—*This favorite medicine is put up in oval bottles holding three ounces each, with the name blown in the glass, and the name of the inventor, S. R. Campbell, in red ink across the face of the label. Beware of imitations, refuse all substitutes, and you will not be disappointed.*
Campbell's Cathartic Compound Cures Chronic Constipation, Costiveness, and all Complaints arising from a disordered state of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, such as Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious Affections, Headache, Heartburn, Acidity of the Stomach, Rheumatism, Loss of Appetite, Gravel, Nervous Debility, Nausea, or Vomiting, &c., &c.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
PREPARED ONLY BY DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited) MONTREAL.
September 29 1888. my13 wed&sat&w-Lm

TO THE DEAF.—A person cured of Deafness and noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a simple remedy, will send a description of it FREE to any Person who applies to NICHOLSON, 177, McDougal Street, New York.
February 14, 1889. fly25-wed,sat&w-Lm

PEPTONE WINE OF CHAPOTEAUT. —PEPTONE is beef perfectly digested by Pepsine, the same as by the Stomach. Peptone Wine is of inestimable benefit to invalids, Convalescents, Old People and those suffering from Anæmia, impaired digestion, distaste for food, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery, diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Intestines or extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from Tumours, Cancerous Affections and all wasting diseases; this Wine is invaluable where an extra amount of nourishment is required

COUGHS, CONSUMPTION. —GRIMAULT'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME SYRUP is still, after 30 years successful trial, the best and most rational of all remedies in CONSUMPTION and ALL CHEST and LUNG DISEASES; Under its influence the cough ceases, night sweats disappear and perfect health is rapidly established.

SICK HEADACHES, NEURALGIA, are instantly relieved by taking GRIMAULT'S GUARANA, a single powder of which is sufficient to cure instantaneously the most violent sick headache: GUARANA owes its curative virtues to the large quantity of caffeine which it contains. The *Lancet* says: "GUARANA powders are a certain remedy for sick headache."

MIDY'S SANTAL CAPSULES.—These are now used in the Hospitals of Paris in place of Copaiba, Cubebs, and astringent liquids, and will cure in forty-eight hours all derangements of the Urinary Organs in either sex without inconvenience of any kind.

GRIMAULT & Cie., pharmaceutical chemists, 8, Rue Vivienne, PARIS. *Montreal* Lymans, Sons & Co.; *Quebec*: Dr. E. Morin & Co.
November 10, 1888. Fm-ao-sat

PARIS EXHIBITION. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

DURING THE PROGRESS OF THE "Universal Exhibition of 1889" those of our readers who may find themselves in Paris and wish to be kept informed of the news from Canada can read the latest numbers of the "CHRONICLE" in the office of our correspondents, Messrs. AMEDEE PRINCE & CO., 36, rue Lafayette, PARIS.

Canadians may have their letters, papers, etc., addressed to the care of Messrs. AMEDEE PRINCE & CO.

Messrs. AMEDEE PRINCE & CO. Commission Merchants, will place their purchasing house at the disposal of everybody wishing to use their medium.

February 5 1889.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *MODERATE FEES.*
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at *LESS COST* than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing, or photo. with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with reference to actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address
C. A. SNOW & CO., Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D.C.
January 31, 1888.

St. Nicholas for '89.
An All-Around-the-World Year.

THIS world-renowned magazine "for young people and their elders" is to have a great programme for the new volume beginning with November, 1888. The editor, Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge, calls it "an all-around-the-world year." Of course the bulk of the contents, as heretofore, will relate to American subjects; but young America is always glad to learn what going on in the world outside, and these stories and descriptive papers are not of the dry geographical order, and they will be strikingly illustrated. We have space here for only a few prominent announcements.

America.
"Little Saint Elizabeth," by Mrs. Burnett author of "Little Lord Fauntleroy"; "The Routine of the Republic, how the Government is carried on"; "College Athletics"; "Amateur Photography"; "Boys and the National Guard"; "The Girl's Crusade"; Indian Stories, School Stories, etc. "The Bells of St. Anne," a serial about Canada. South American stories—"A Railroad in the Clouds"; "Indians of the Amazon," by Mrs. Frank R. Stockton, etc.

Africa.
"The White Pasha," by Noah Brooks, a sketch of Henry M. Stanley; "How an American Family Lived in Egypt"; "Sailor-Boy Dromios," a story of the siege of Alexandria.

Europe.
Life in Norway, by H. H. Boyesen; "Holland and the Dutch," by Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge; "The Queen's Navy," by Lieut. F. H. Smith, R. N.; "The Winchester School"; "English Railway Trains"; "Ferdinand de Lesseps"; German, Italian (art) and Russian papers, etc., etc.

Australia.
A series of interesting articles imparting much novel and amusing information concerning the history, the animal and plant life, etc., of a wonderful land.

The Arctic Regions and the Sea.
"How We made the Farthest North," by Gen. A. W. Greely, of the Greely Expedition; "A Dash with Dogs for Life or Death," by Lieut. Schwatka; "A Modern Middy"; "A Submarine Ramble," etc., etc.

THE CENTURY CO., 33 East 17th Street, New York.
November 13, 1888.

1889.
Harper's Magazine
ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Magazine is the most useful, entertaining, and beautiful periodical in the world. Among the attractions for 1889 will be a new novel—an American story, entitled "Jupiter Lights"—by Constance F. Woolson; illustrations of Shakespeare's Comedies by E. A. Abbey; a series of articles on Russia, illustrated by T. de Thulstrup; papers on the Dominion of Canada and a characteristic serial by Charles Dudley Warner; three "Norwegian Studies," by Bjornstjerne Bjornson, illustrated; "Commodus," a historical play by the author of "Ben-Hur," illustrated by J. R. Weguelin, etc. The Editorial Departments are conducted by George William Curtis, William Dean Howells, and Charles Dudley Warner.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
Per Year

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	

The Great Monthly Magazine of the World.—(*Pacific Churchman.*)

Postage Free to all subscriber in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

The volumes of the Magazine begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine, for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3.00 per volume. Cloth Cases for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 70, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1885, one vol., 8vo., Cloth, $4.00.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.
November 15, 1888.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY OF CANADA.

The Royal Mail, Passenger and Freight Route between Canada and Great Britain,
—AND—
Direct Route between the West and all Points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Baie des Chaleur; also New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton and Newfoundland.

NEW AND ELEGANT BUFFET SLEEPING and Day Cars run on Through Express Trains.

Passengers for Great Britain or the Continent by leaving Toronto by 8.00 A.M. Train Thursday will join outward Mail Steamer at Halifax Saturday.

Superior Elevator, Warehouse and Dock accommodation at Halifax for shipment of grain and general merchandise.

Years of experience have proved the Intercolonial, in connection with Steamship lines to and from London, Liverpool and Glasgow to Halifax, to be the quickest Freight route between Canada and Great Britain.

Information as to Passenger and Freight rates can be had on application to
T. LAVERDIERE, Quebec City Agent, 49, Dalhousie Street, Quebec.
D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., 20th Nov., 1888.
November 24, 1888 n2

Intercolonial Railway.

1888.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT—1889.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOV. 26th, 1888, the Trains of this Railway will run daily, (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

TRAINS WILL LEAVE LEVIS.

For Halifax and St John	8.00
For Riviere du Loup and Ste. Flavie	11.15
For Riviere du Loup	17.55

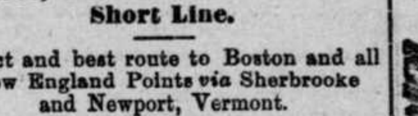
TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT LEVIS.

From Riviere du Loup	5.30
From Riviere du Loup and Ste. Flavie	13.45
From Halifax and St. John	17.55

The Sleeping Car leaving Levis on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Monday, Wednesday and Friday to St. John.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

Tickets may be obtained, and also information about the route, and about Freight and Passenger Rates from
T. LAVERDIERE, 49, Dalhousie Street, Quebec.
D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B. November 20th, 1888.
November 24, 1888.



QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Quebec, Boston and New York Short Line.

Direct and best route to Boston and all New England Points via Sherbrooke and Newport, Vermont.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY OCTOBER 29th trains will leave Quebec:—

EXPRESS—Leave Quebec by Ferry 12.30 P.M. Leave Levis 1.10 P.M. Arrive Beauce Jct. 3.25 P.M. Arrive Sherbrooke 8.00 P.M. Arrive Newport, Vt., 10.50 P.M. Arrive Boston 8.30 A.M. Arrive New York 11.45 A.M.

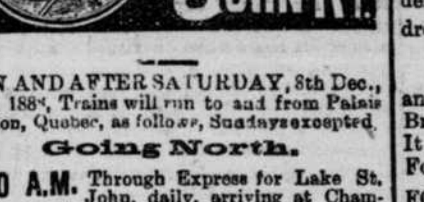
MIXED—Leave Quebec by Ferry 1.30 P.M. Leave Levis 2.30 P.M. Arrive Beauce Jct. 6.40 P.M. Arrive St. Francoi 7.45 P.M.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT QUEBEC:—

EXPRESS—Leaving New York 4.00 P.M. Leaving Boston 7.00 P.M. Leaving Newport 6.00 A.M. Arrive Levis 3.10 P.M. Arrive Quebec by Ferry 3.30 P.M.

MIXED—Leaves St. Francois 6.00 A.M. Leave Beauce Jct. 7.25 A.M. Arrive Levis 11.15 A.M. Arrive Quebec by Ferry 11.30 A.M.

Sure connections made with the Intercolonial Railway at Harlaka Junction for passengers off that line going to New England points.
Baggage checked through to all points.
For tickets and full information apply at General Ticket Office opposite St. Louis Hotel.
J. H. WALSH, Gen Frt. and Pass. Agent. A. STEELE, Superintendent.
December 13 1888.



ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, 8th Dec., 1888, Trains will run to and from Palais Station, Quebec, as follows, Sundays excepted

Going North.

8.00 A.M. Through Express for Lake St. John, daily, arriving at Chambord Junction at 6.30, and at Roberval at 7.10 P.M.

3.30 P.M. Mixed for St. Raymond, daily, arriving at 6.50 P.M.

Going South.

6.15 A.M. Mixed leaves St. Raymond daily, for Quebec, arriving at 9.35 A.M.

10.00 A.M. Through Express leaves Roberval daily (and Chambord Junction at 10.40 A.M.) arriving at Quebec at 9.10 P.M.

Trains connect at St. Ambroise with Stages for Indian Lorette, at Valcartier Station with Stages for Valcartier Village, and at St. Gabriel with the new road for the River aux Pins settlements.

Freight for points in Lake St. John and Saguenay districts, East of Chambord Junction, is billed to Chambord Junction and for Roberval, and points West thereof, billed to Roberval.

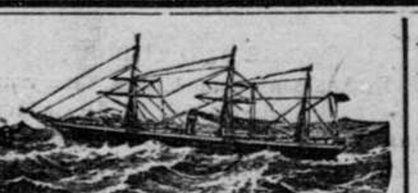
No Freight billed after 5 P.M. at Quebec

For information as to Freight and Passenger Rates, apply to ALEXANDRE HARDY, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Quebec.

Single Fare return first-class Tickets on Saturdays good to return till following Tuesday, are issued from Quebec to all Stations as far North as Riviere a Pierre, and to all points North of Riviere a Pierre, good to return by Train leaving Lake St. John Monday morning only.

J. G. SCOTT, Sec. & Manager Commercial Chambers.
December 5, 1888.

PARIS 1878 JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD



ALLAN LINE

Undercontract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the conveyance of the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES MAILS.

1888 Winter Arrangements. 1889

THIS COMPANY'S LINES ARE COMposed of the following Double-engined Clyde-built Iron Steamships. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest.

Vessels.	Tonnage.	Commanders.
PARISIAN	[illegible]	Capt J Ritchie.
SARDINIAN	4376	Capt Richardson
SARMATIAN	3647	Capt
POLYNESIAN	3983	Capt Hugh Wylie.
CIRCASSIAN	3724	Capt Barrett, RNR
NOVA SCOTIAN	3305	Capt R Hughes.
PERUVIAN	3049	Capt J G Stephen.
CASPIAN	2728	Capt A McDougall.
POMERANIAN	4364	Capt W Dalziel.
CARTHAGINIAN	4214	Capt A Macnicol.
BUENOS AYREAN	4005	Capt James Scott.
ASSYRIAN	3970	Capt John Bentley.
SIBERIAN	3904	Capt R P Moore.
GRECIAN	3613	Capt C E LeGallais
NORWEGIAN	3523	Capt R Carruthers.
ROSARIAN	3500	Capt D McKillop.
MONTE VIDEAN	3500	Capt W S Main.
COREAN	3488	Capt C J Menzies.
SCANDINAVIAN	3068	Capt John Park.
HIBERNIAN	2997	Capt John Brown.
CANADIAN	2906	Capt John Kerr.
PRUSSIAN	2794	Capt J Ambury.
NESTORIAN	2689	Capt J France.
AUSTRIAN	2458	Capt Vipond
MANITOBAN	2395	Capt Dunlop.
PHOENICIAN	2356	Capt D J James.
WALDENSIAN	2256	Capt Whyte.
LUCERNE	1925	Capt Nunan.
ACADIAN	931	Capt C Mylius.
NEWFOUNDLAND	919	Capt

The shortest sea route between America and Europe being only five days between land to land.

LIVERPOOL MAIL LINE.

From Liverpool to Portland via Halifax	Steamships.	From Portland to Liverpool via Halifax	From Halifax to Liverpool.
Thursday 28 Feb	Circassian	Thursday. 21 Mar	Saturday. 23 Mar
14 Mar	Parisian	4 Apr	6 Apr
28 "	Peruvian	18 "	20 "
11 Apr	Sardinian	2 May	4 May

SAILING FROM HALIFAX at TWO o'clock P.M. or on the arrival of the Intercolonial Railway Train from the West.

Rates of Passage from Quebec via Halifax

Cabin $60.00, $75.00 and $85.00, according to accommodation.
Intermediate $36.50
Steerage $26.50

GLASGOW LINE.

From Glasgow to Boston.	Steamships.	From Boston on or about	From Philadelphia on or about
28 Feb	Manitoban		
8 Mar	Norwegian		29 Mar
15 "	Siberian	1 April	
20 "	Scandinavian		10 April
29 "	Carthaginian	15 April	

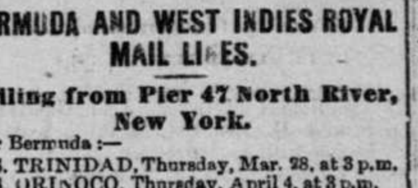
Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

Through Bills of Lading granted in Liverpool and at Continental Ports to all Points in Canada and the Western States.

For further particulars apply to ALLANS, RAE & CO., Agents.
March 15, 1889.

Quebec Steamship Company



BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Sailing from Pier 47 North River, New York.

For Bermuda:—
SS. TRINIDAD, Thursday, Mar. 28, at 3 p.m.
SS. ORINOCO, Thursday, April 4, at 3 p.m.
For St. Croix. St. Kitts, Antigua, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Trinidad:—
SS. BERMUDA, Saturday, April 6, at Noon
For freight, passage and insurance, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 51, Broadway, New York.
ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.
March 25, 1889.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF MODERN TIMES
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

THE PILLS
Purify the Blood, correct all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEY AND BOWELS. They invigorate and restore to health *Debilitated Constitutions*, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT
an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal
FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival.
Manufactured only at Professor Holloway's Establishment *533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON*, and sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 22s., and 33s., each Box and Pot, and in Canada at 36 cents, 90 cents, and $1.50 Pots, and the larger sizes in proportion.
CAUTION.—I have no Agent in the United States, nor are my Medicines sold there. Purchasers should therefore look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London they are spurious
The Trade Marks of my said Medicines are registered in Ottawa, and also in Washington.
Signed, THOMAS HOLLOWAY 33, Oxford Street, London.
Sept. 1, 1880.
December 1880.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878. BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa
Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.
o thur-Lm

DOMINION LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

1888—WINTER SERVICE—1889

SAILING BETWEEN PORTLAND, HALIFAX and LIVERPOOL Fortnightly, via MOVILLE.

SAILING DATES.

	From Liverpool.	From Portland.	From Halifax.
Sarnia	21st Feb.	14th Mar.	16th Mar.
Oregon	7th Mar.	28th Mar.	30th Mar.
Vancouver	21st Mar.	11th Apr.	13th Apr.
Sarnia	4th Apr.	25th Apr.	27th Apr.

LIVERPOOL, MONTREAL & QUEBEC SERVICE.

	From Liverpool.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
Oregon	18th Apr.	8th May	9th May
Montreal	26th Apr.	16th May	....
Toronto	3rd May	23rd May	....
Vancouver	9th May	29th May	30th May

The Steamers will be despatched from Portland on arrival of the Mail Train leaving Montreal at 10.15 P.M., on Wednesdays and due at Portland at 12 40 P.M. on Thursdays; and from Halifax on Saturdays, immediately after the arrival of the Mail Train leaving Point Levi at 7.30 A.M. on Fridays, and due at Halifax at 12.40 P.M on Saturdays. A Pullman Car will go through from Toronto to connect with these Steamers at Portland.

These Steamers have Saloon, State-Rooms, Music-Room, Smoking-room and Bath-Rooms amidships, where but little motion is felt, and they carry neither Cattle nor Sheep. The Rooms are all outside, and are comfortably heated by steam.

The accommodation for Second Cabin on these Steamers is exceptionally good, and well worthy the attention of the travelling public.

The "Vancouver" is lighted throughout with the Electric light, and has proved herself one of the fastest Steamers in the Atlantic trade.

Rates of Passage from Quebec via Halifax to Liverpool:

Cabin ....$60, $75 and $8_, according to room. Usual discount on Return Tickets.
Intermediate $36.50.
Steerage $26.50.
To Liverpool, London, Belfast, Glasgow, &c.

Via Portland:

Cabin $58.50, $78 50 and $88.50
Intermediate $36 00.
Steerage $26.00.
To Liverpool, London, Belfast, Glasgow, &c.

For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool to Flinn, Main & Montgomery, 24 James St.; in Montreal or Portland to D. Torrance & Co.; or in Quebec to WM. M. MACPHERSON, 75, Dalhousie Street.
March 7 1889.

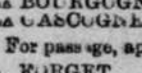
CUNARD LINE.

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN, FROM PIER 40 NORTH RIVER

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE

Servia	Saturday, March 23 10.30 A.M.
Etruria	Saturday, March 30, 4.30 A.M.
Aurania	Saturday, April 6, 9.30 A.M.
Gallia	Saturday, April 10, 1 P.M.
Umbria	Saturday, April 13 3 P.M.
Servia	Saturday, April 20, 9 A.M.
Bothnia	Wednesday, April 24. 1 P.M.
Etruria	Saturday, April 27, 3 P.M.

Cabin Passage, $60, $80, and $100; intermediate, $35. Steerage Tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply to the Company's Offices, 9 Bowling Green, New York.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.
Or, to R. M. STOCKING, 32, St. Louis Street Quebec.
March 19, 1889.

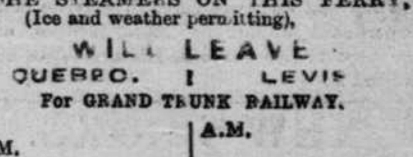


COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE

Pier (new) No. 42, North River, foot of Morton Street.

LA CHAMPAGNE	Sat. March 23, 10 A.M
LA BRETAGNE	Sat. March 30, 4 A.M
LA BOURGOGNE	Sat. April 6, 9 A.M
LA GASCOGNE	Sat. April 13, 3 P.M.

For passage, apply to A. FORGET, 3, Bowling Green, New York. R. M. STOCKING, 32, St. Louis Street, Quebec.
March 19, 1889. mch17-



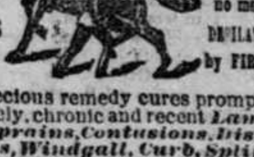
QUEBEC AND LEVIS FERRY.

THE STEAMERS ON THIS FERRY, (Ice and weather permitting), WILL LEAVE

QUEBEC.	LEVIS
For GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.	
P.M.	A.M.
1 30 Lightning Express to the West.	7.00 Mail from the West.
	P.M.
7 00 Mail to the West	2.00 Lightning Express from the West.
For INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY	
A.M.	A.M.
7.30 Mail to Halifax and Accommodation to R. du Loup.	7.00 Mixed from R. du Loup.
10.30 Mail to R. du Loup.	P.M.
P.M.	2.00 Mail from R. du Loup.
5.00 Accommodation to R du Loup	
For QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY	
P.M.	A.M.
12.30 Express to Sherbrooke.	11.30 Mixed from St. Joseph.
	P.M
1 30 Mixed to St. Joseph.	3 30 Express from Sherbrooke

March 22, 1889

GÉNEAU'S LINIMENT
35 YEARS OF SUCCESS



No more FIRING no more TEDIOUS RUBBING — TRADE MARK — No more BLEMISH no more DEPILATION by FIRING

This precious remedy cures promptly and surely, chronic and recent *Lameness, Sprains, Contusions, Dislocations, Windgall, Curb, Splint, Spavin, Tumours* in the withers, swelling in the Legs of Young Horses; its extraordinary success is without precedent in cases of *Pleurisy, Catarrh, Bronchites*, etc., etc. Rubbing to be made with the hand during 4 or 5mn without cutting the hair.
Dépôt: MESTIVIER & Cie, 275, r. St-Honoré, PARIS.
WHOLESALE AGENT FOR CANADA C.A. CHOUILLOU, 30, Hospital Street, MONTREAL.
RETAIL: ALL GOOD PHARMACIES.
December 11, 1888. m-Lm

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Spring Importations—T Donohue.
Situation Wanted—Miss "Olymph."
Notice to Contractors—A P Bradley.
To be Let—Bignell Austin & Borlase.
Grand Auction Sale—S Harris.
Great Stationery Sale—S Harris.
Quebec Steamship Company—Arthur Ahern See 1st Page
Properties to be Sold—Chs Baillairge.
Dissolution of Partnership—Clogg & Chavanel.
New Books—Dawson & Co
Carter's Little Liver Pills—Carter Medicine Co
New Spring Goods—Glover, Fry & Co.
New Carpets— Do
New Spring Styles— Do
Spring Arrivals—G R Renfrew & Co.
Fashionable Goods—D Morgan.

City Engineer's Office,
CITY HALL.
QUEBEC, 23rd March, 1889.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd of April next, at 11 A.M., in the Council Chamber of the City Hall, and to be continued if necessary on the days following, the undermentioned properties on St. John and Stanislas Streets, shall be sold by Public Auction on the following conditions, to wit:—The payment of 10% cash at moment of sale; the remainder in ten days from date of sale; demolition and removal of all buildings and materials from off the 15 feet more or less reserved for the widening of the street; the construction of a retaining wall (foundation of front wall on new line of street) of thickness due to height thereof; the filling in of the space to level of road bed; the prolongation of drainage, water and gas services to and through foundation wall; 7½% of cost of new sidewalk and kerb stone of such width as the Corporation may require, the whole to the satisfaction of the Corporation and at the purchasers expense, under a delay of one month from the evacuation of the property by the present proprietor, tenant or occupant:—

LIST OF PROPERTIES TO BE SOLD.

ST. JOHN STREET.

Name of present Proprietor, Holmes. Tenants, Phillips and Lavernois. Front of Property, 55.3 feet; Depth 143 2 feet; Price paid by the Corporation, $3,500.00; Upset price of sale, $5,500.00. Budden, Auctioneer.

Name of present Proprietor, Garant; Vacant. Front of Property, 22.5 feet; Depth, 120 8 feet; Price paid by the Corporation, $4,000.00; Upset price of sale, $,600.00. St. Laurent, Auctioneer.

Name of present Proprietor, Gingras. Tenant, Vallee Front of Property, 48.8 feet; Depth. 75.0 feet; Price paid by the Corporation, $4, 00.00; Upset price of sale. $3,500.00. Jacques, Auctioneer.

Name of present Proprietor, Stanley. Tenant, Stanley. Front of Property, 32 4 feet; Depth 97.3 feet; Price paid by the Corporation, $6,500.00; Upset price of sale, $4,500.00. St. Laurent, Auctioneer.

Name of present Proprietor, Alford. Tenant, Sh..a. Front of Property. 43.6 feet; Depth, 54.0 feet; Price paid by the Corporation, say $7,000.00; Upset price of sale, $3,000.00. Harris Auctioneer.

Name of present Proprietor, Harris. Tenant, Lenard. Front of Property, 30 0 feet Depth, 91.4 feet; Price paid by the Corporation, say $8,000 00; Upset price of sale, $4,000.00. Lemieux, Auctioneer.

ST. STANISLAS STREET.

Name of present Proprietor, Alford. Tenant, Gale. Front of Property, 30 0 feet; Depth. 52.0; Price paid by the Corporation, say $3,000.00; Upset price, $1,500.00. Harris, Auctioneer.

CHS. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

March 25, 1889.

Dissolution of Partnership.

BY MUTUAL CONSENT WE HAVE this day Dissolved the Partnership formerly carried on by us. All bills are payable to J. R. Clogg, who will liquidate the business.

Quebec, March 23rd, 1889.

J. R. CLOGG,
J. CHAVANEL.

REFERRING TO THE ABOVE I HAVE a good stock on hand, and shall continue the business as usual. Mr. Chavanel will continue in charge, and will be glad to see all old customers. During Liquidation, terms will be cash on delivery. All outstanding accounts not paid promptly will be given to my Attorney for immediate collection; renewals positively refused. I have authorized Mr. J Chavanel and Mr. John McDonell to collect and give receipts. We shall renew the Partnership when the old business is settled, when we shall be glad to give old terms to all customers who have paid their accounts promptly.

J. R. CLOGG.

March 25, 1889. Bp

T. DONOHUE.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

OUR IMPORTATIONS, COMPRISING all the Novelties in Dress Goods, Mantles, Hats and Trimmings, will be complete on TUESDAY, the 26TH MARCH, and we shall be happy to shew them on that and the following days.

We have much pleasure in informing the Ladies, that we have secured the services of an experienced Milliner for fitting mantles, and we hope to give entire satisfaction to our customers. Cp

---

NEW BOOKS.

SILKEN THREADS, a Novel, by the author of Mr. and Mrs Morton.
Won by Waiting, by Edna Lyall.
The Ladies' Gallery, by Justin McCarthy.
Lochinvar, or Told by an Army Fireside, by Alice King Hamilton.
The Match of the Season, by Mrs. A. Frazer.
Diana's Dicipline, by Bertha M. Clay.
How I Escaped, a Novel, by W. H. Parkins.
In Exchange for a Soul, by Mary Linskill.
Guilderoy, by Ouida.
Dolly, by Justin McCarthy.
Bryan Maurice, by Walter Mitchell.
The Answer to Robert Elsmere.
St. Cuthbert's Tower, by Florence Warden.
Lady Car, The Sequel of a Life, by Mrs. Oliphant.

For sale by
DAWSON & CO.,
Opposite "CHRONICLE" Office.

March 25, 1889.

Section of Railway between Annapolis and Digby.

Tender for the Works of Construction.

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Section of Railway between Annapolis and Digby," will be received at this office up to Noon on MONDAY, the 8th day of April, 1889, for certain works of construction.

Plans and profiles will be open for inspection at the office of the Chief Engineer of Government Railways at Ottawa, on and after the 24th day of March, 1889, when the general specification and form of tender may be obtained upon application.

No tender will be entertained unless on one of the printed forms and all the conditions are complied with.

By order,
A. P. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 9th March, 1889.

March 25, 1889. 25&1-B

Situation Wanted.

A MISSIONARY'S DAUGHTER IS open for an engagement as NURSERY GOVERNESS, Useful Companion, or any position of trust. English, French, Rudiments of Music, and Painting, Dress-Making and Millinery. Also domesticated.

Address: MISS "OLYMPH,"
25, North Stoke,
via Sherbrooke, P. Que.

To be Let,

THE COMFORTABLE COTTAGE on the South side of the Grande Allee Road, adjoining the Protestant Home, now occupied by Thomas Gregor, Esq.

BIGNELL, AUSTIN & BORLASE,
Notaries.

March 25, 1889. B

QUEBEC, MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1889.

HERE AND THERE.

In the absence of the Hon. A. CHAUVEAU, who has gone to Europe, Mr. DENIS MURRAY has been charged with the important trust of Judge of the Sessions. That Mr. MURRAY will discharge his duties faithfully admits of no question. He is well versed in the law, and he has great common sense. We presume that though he holds the office tentatively, it will not be long before the local Government names him joint Judge with Mr. CHAUVEAU. This appointment we were led to understand was to have been made some months ago. The Parliamentary session being over, it only remains for Mr. MERCIER to keep his word with Mr. MURRAY. Mr. MURRAY is a popular man, and he will make a painstaking and useful Judge. He is familiar with the manifold duties of office, having served a long apprenticeship. The Premier is expected back in about a fortnight's time. His first act on his return, we believe, will be the appointment of an associate Judge of the Sessions.

If ever there was a session of the Legislature worked by boorishness and discourtesy, the last session of the Legislature of Quebec is entitled to take the lead in that respect. The Lieutenant-Governor, with fine irony, however, congratulated the members in his closing speech, on the courtesy which distinguished their discussions. None within sound of his voice refrained from smiling, saving of course, the Ministers ranged alongside of him, who looked as dignified as possible. It was rather good on the part of the Premier to put such a sentence into the mouth of Mr. ANGERS. But the humour of the thing must have tickled His Honour immensely.

The Toronto *Globe* did not deign to notice Mr. BLAKE and his decision regarding the Jesuits bill, the other day. It prefers to pin its faith on the Ontario *Law Journal's* article. Mr. BLAKE, the old leader of the Liberals, is referred to by the *Globe* as "a gentleman of importance." This is strikingly funny, look at it as you will. In the meantime, we hear that Mr. BLAKE is picking up his health. He only practices his profession now and then, these days. His parliamentary life is not irksome, for he is not working hard. He is, in fact, husbanding his resources for next year, when, we are informed, he will return to the leadership of his party, and we trust to the perpetual chieftainship of the Opposition. Mr. MACKENZIE is a little stronger than he was at the beginning of the session. But he will never again take a prominent part in Canadian public life. He is too much broken up for that, which every one learns with sorrow.

To-morrow, Colonel O'BRIEN brings up his anti-Jesuit resolutions. Popular interest is on the tiptoe of excitement as to what the gallant Colonel will say when introducing them. The resolutions themselves, will not be very strongly worded, but they will induce some strong talk. The vote will be mixed, but no one fears that the Government will be censured for not disallowing a bill which so many legal lights on the Opposition side, including Mr. LAURIER, Mr. BLAKE and Mr. LANGELIER, declare to be perfectly constitutional in all respects, and quite within the right of the Province of Quebec to pass.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

THE EXPORT DUTY ON LOGS.

OTTAWA, March 24.—Messrs. J. R. Booth, James McLaren, Jno. Charlton, M.P. and E. Bronson, M.P.P., had an interview with the Premier yesterday to press for the removal of, or a reduction in the export duty on logs. Sir John said the matter would be considered by the Council in a few days.

CHICOUTIMI AND THE LAKE ST. JOHN RAILWAY.

The Bishop of Chicoutimi had an interview with Sir John Macdonald yesterday afternoon, relative to securing a subsidy for a railway to connect the town of Chicoutimi with the Lake St. John Railway.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERIES.

The Government yesterday received intimation from the Newfoundland authorities that they concurred in the policy of continuing the *modus vivendi* for the coming fishery season. Accordingly, collectors of Customs will be at liberty to resume the issue of licenses from and after to-morrow.

MORTUARY STATISTICS OF THE CITIES.

The mortuary statistics for February, indicate the ratio of mortality per thousand of population in the principal cities of the Dominion to be as follows:—Montreal, 2.08; Toronto, 1.57; Quebec, 2.09; Hamilton, 1.23; Halifax, 1.67; Ottawa, 1.99; London, 1.57; Sorel, 1 92; Sherbrooke, 1.13; Three Rivers, 2.04; St. Johns, Quebec, 1 71; St. Hyacinthe, 3.89.

NOTES AND NEWS.

LOCAL AND OTHERWISE.

HERE AND ELSEWHERE.

Personal Intelligence.

Mr. and Mrs. Rae have returned to town.

Judge Billy, of Rimouski, is in town.

Hon. Mr. Gagnon has gone to River Ouelle and Hon. Mr. Turcotte to Three Rivers.

The Hon. F. Langelier returned to town on Saturday, but will leave for Ottawa this afternoon.

Mr. W. F. A. Donohue, Mayor of Roberval, and Mr. Lortie, of Hebervilie, were in town on Saturday.

At a recent meeting of the Mayors of the county of Bonaventure, Mr. J. Enright was unanimously elected Warden for the County. This is Mr. Enright's second term.

Mr. R N. Hall, M.P., President of the Quebec Central Railway and Mr. Frank Grundy, the new manager of the road are at the St. Louis Hotel.

The Hon. L. O. Taillon, Hon. A. Turcotte, Hon. H. Archambault, and Messrs. Cardin, M P.P., and Bourbonnais, M.P.P., M.P.P., left town for Montreal on Saturday afternoon.

Inspector Drayner, of the North-West Mounted Police, and A.D.C. to His Honor Lieut.-Governor Royal, and formerly of this city, has arrived in town to spend some days with his friends. The Lieut.-Governor is expected here during the week.

Beware of the Swindler.

A young aristocratic sort of an Englishman, bearing the name of Harry W. Cooke, has been swindling a number of Hamilton clergy and citizens this week and, under pressure of the police, decided to leave for other pastures. The public, and especially the clergy of the English Church, are warned to put no confidence in him. Harry came here holding letters from the Bishop of Quebec and several ministers, and while here succeeded in obtaining similar documents from Bishop Hamilton and Canon Curran. These, however, he returned at the request of the police. He speaks with an affected drawl, and has the appearance of a rich young Englishman. His plan of campaign is to inquire for work, but to take money in preference, when he can wheedle it out of his victim. He is accompanied by a handsome girl, claiming to be his wife.—Toronto *Globe*.

The Bridge.

The following resolutions were adopted by the several Municipal Councils of the County of Portneuf, and presented to the Government by Dr. St. George, member for the County:—

Resolved,—"That this Council deems it its duty to give its most hearty support in favor of the construction of a railway bridge over the St. Lawrence near Quebec. That the necessity of such a bridge has always been admitted and recognised by the different Governments of Canada. That this Council considers the immediate construction of this bridge of vital importance to the commercial development of this locality. That all the extensive and costly railway bridges in Canada have been built out of the public funds, either by the Government itself or by companies subsidized by the Government; such as the bridges at Niagara, Ottawa, St. John, Fredericton, and the two bridges at Montreal, and this Council hopes that the Government of Canada will give to the construction of the bridge at Quebec such material assistance as the inhabitants of this part of the Province have the right to expect. That at present the inhabitants of this part of the Dominion are deprived of all direct communication by rail with the South bank of the River St. Lawrence. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the member for our County at Ottawa, with a request to present them to the Federal Government, and to assist the Quebec Bridge Company in obtaining such help and assistance from the Government as they may require."

St. John's Ward.

In St. John's ward, Councillor Matte has declined to be a candidate for re-election, and a lively contest is likely to ensue between Mr. S. Bussiere, merchant, and Dr. E. Morin.

Dr. Morin is an active and intelligent young man, and would doubtless make a good representative. *L'Evenement* says of his candidature:—"We regret that the electors of St. John's ward have not been able to escape the disagreeableness of a municipal fight. They are now embarrassed to choose between two men equally honorable and well known, Mr. Bussiere and Dr. Morin. Mr. Bussiere is a true citizen of Quebec, of whom we can think nothing but what is good. Dr. Morin is one of our most active and most enterprising young men. By his own energy he has made for himself an enviable position in business. A member of the Board of Trade, he has been remarked for his assiduity and love of work. This war between two of our friends afflicts us, but, as we can do nothing to prevent it, they will have in this paper justice and fair-play. We warn the ratepayers not to be deceived by rumors and false reports. People say for example that Mr. Morin is the instrument of Mr. L. J. Demers. This is absolutely false. It is natural enough that Mr. Demers should sympathize with Mr. Morin, who is his brother-in-law and friend from childhood. This should not be a crime."

Mr. S. Bussiere's friends also appear certain of success; Mr. Bussiere's address to the electors running as follows:—"I accept with pleasure the honor you do me when you ask me to represent your fine ward in the City Council. The very large number of signatures accompanying the requisition which solicits me to be a candidate for this important charge, is already of a nature to make me believe that the cause which you have taken in hand is a popular one, and that nobody can longer doubt that it will be crowned with victory. Thanks, gentlemen, for the confidence that you repose in me, thanks for your efforts and work, thanks in advance for the votes that will be cast in my favor. In return, rest certain that my recognition of your confidence will be proved by the care that I shall take to protect and defend your municipal rights, and to promote the onward march of our city in the path of success and of progress."

Both parties are holding nightly meetings in the ward.

After the Session.

NOTES AND REMINISCENCES.

The session of the Local Legislature which closed last week lasted for exactly ten weeks and two days. All the sessional employes have now been dismissed, the various sessional offices have been dismantled and cleaned up, and the Speaker himself will shortly close up his apartments and leave town with his estimable family for his home at St. John's, P.Q. The departure of the Ministers and of the members of the two branches of the Legislature has been already noticed by the CHRONICLE.

It would be no more than simple justice to place on record the generous aid rendered during the session to the working members of the press gallery by the Speaker of the Assembly, the Clerk of the House and his assistants, the Sergt-at-Arms, and in fact all the employes with whom the journalists came into contact. The chief messenger, Mr. Robitaille, proved himself also at all times ready to do all in his power to lighten their task.

BLACK ROD.

The Province of Quebec never had a proper Black Rod until the end of the late session. The *Gentleman Usher* of the Black Rod was all right, but he has hitherto carried a little black *baton* tipped with a battered piece of brass that would have looked quite shabby in the hands of the conductor of a third class brass band. During the late closing ceremonies, however, Mr. Hatt carried a regulation Black Rod, of which the design and workmanship were objects of deserved admiration. Instead of the very ordinary piece of wood that has hitherto done service as a Black Rod, the new emblem of authority, bearing on its lower end the seal of the Legislative Council of the Province, is a handsome staff, chased around in a couple of places with handsomely designed and cut wreaths of maple leaves in gold, the whole surmounted with the lion—not designed like the rat-like figures in the stone work around the clocks in the Parliament House, but the British lion itself, wearing the Crown, the whole designed with real artistic taste and executed in admirable workmanship. This piece of metal work is really very admirably done, and well repays inspection. It is a copy of the Black Rod used in the House of Lords and in the Senate at Ottawa, and was manufactured for the Government by Mr. Cyr. Duquet of this city.

A FUNNY SCENE.

Reference was made a day or two since to a ludicrous scene that occurred during one of the closing days of the session, when Mr. Picard, M.P.P., after an attack upon the Nationalists, was confronted by Mr. Champagne, M.P.P., with a letter written by him in November, 1885. Mr. Picard explained to the satisfaction of his friends that he wrote in the fullness of his heart when he framed the letter in question, and that he subsequently set his face against the Nationalist movement when he found that the death of Riel was being used as a political platform. The letter, however, caused such a *furore* in the House, that though crowded from our report at the time, we give it in full below:—

WOTTON, November, 1885.

To the organizers of the religious and patriotic demonstration at Weedon on the occasion of the requiem services for the repose of the soul of Louis Riel.

GENTLEMEN,—I regret exceedingly to find myself, on account of sickness, in the impossibility to be at Weedon to assist at the requiem services which you are having celebrated for the repose of Riel, who died a martyr for having loved too much his fellow-countrymen, the half-breeds of the North-West, and who had labored constitutionally to aid them to obtain the redress of grave injustices which the several Governments at Ottawa, since 1884, had allowed to be committed against them.

In any case, if I am not with you in person, tell the friends who sympathize with the cause of Riel (I am sure all the people of Weedon are unanimous) that I will be with them in heart and spirit. I would have been truly happy to find myself with you, and particularly on that day, to express my opinion before the people of Weedon who always supported me so loyally, and to show them once more that their representative in the local House does not fear to blame his leaders when they do wrong and to even repudiate them when they commit too serious faults. I consider, gentlemen, that the crime of the execution of Louis Riel should be interpreted by all true-hearted French-Canadians as being an outrage and a humiliation thrown in their face by the Government of Sir John.

It is for this reason that the whole French-Canadian people should rise as one man in a union of heart and action, to prove by means of the press and public demonstrations that they resented the injury and the outrage done them by the execution of Riel.

To succeed effectually in this great National movement, let us be energetic, but also, let us be moderate and prudent, and above all, let us be persevering in following the idea which gave birth to this patriotic movement. Let Liberals and Conservatives join together to form in a frank and honest manner a great National party to overthrow the Government of Sir John Macdonald.

I conclude by wishing you success and by telling you that if we French-Canadians, are united, that if we work all together hand in hand, we shall soon rise from the painful position in which we are placed to-day, because we shall certainly have to aid us the help and alliance of all good English citizens; of all those who desire as we do, to see peace, concord and harmony reign between the divers races which compose this Dominion; the latter are yet numerous enough to make us hope for decided triumph before long. That is my hope.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, with the greatest consideration &c., yours

(signed), J. PICARD.

P.S.—I suffer presently with fever caused by vaccination which I had operated on me about ten days ago.—J. P.

I authorize you, to read this letter publicly, if speeches are made.—J. P.

A Case for the Coroner.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH IN THE SUBURBS.

The coroner was notified on Saturday night of a somewhat mysterious death that had occurred at No. 20 St. Michael street. The deceased was one

MARY O'CONNOR,

though she frequently passed under other names. She has been in the habit for some time past of going out as seamstress to many of the ladies of Quebec. She claimed to have come from Fox River, Gaspe, her mother having been a French-Canadian and her father Irish. She was married when young to one F. Bond, who according to her own story, was convicted with others of having robbed a wrecked vessel, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years. This was about twenty years ago, and although she claimed to have used every effort to ascertain whether he was still living, she had heard nothing from him since. Some time ago she claimed to have been offered marriage by a party in town with whom she was so intimate as to be sometimes called by his name. The offer was declined, however, in consequence of the uncertainty as to her husband being still in the land of the living. In course of time the woman's former admirer married another party, and Mary O'Connor formed a new friendship and took to liquor.

On Saturday, the 16th instant, she fell down stairs, presumedly under the influence of liquor, and sustained serious injuries. Dr. Falardeau attended her during last week, but on Friday

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING

set in with vomiting, &c. The doctor advised that a priest be sent for, and this was done on Saturday, the woman making her death-bed confession and dying a few hours afterwards.

Dr. Belleau had the body removed to the morgue, the deceased having no relatives in the city. The property of the deceased has also been taken possession of by the coroner. Meanwhile the detectives are endeavoring to work up the case, and efforts are being made to ascertain whether the husband of the deceased is still living. Several parties in Gaspe have been telegraphed to, and if anybody in the city has any knowledge of the woman's friends, it would be an act of charity to communicate it to the coroner, as there is property to be disposed of. In this connection it may be said that a young man of St. Roch's who was on friendly terms with the deceased, claims that she made a will in his favor.

To-day being a legal holiday the inquest will be held to-morrow, when the cause of death will be established by Doctors Verge and Falardeau. It was rumored last night that the *post mortem* showed that death had probably resulted from a fall, but no report has yet been made to the coroner.

ROUND TOWN

The Latest Local Intelligence.

—Sermon to-night at Methodist Church in behalf of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society.

—The Abbé Arthur Lachance, heretofore vicar at St. Anselme, has been named vicar at St. Roch's.

JUDGE OF THE SESSIONS.—Denis Murray, Esq., J.P., has been appointed Judge of the Sessions *pro tem*.

—Mr. Louis Paradis, Mayor of St. Sebastien d'Aylmer, has been elected Warden of the County of Beauce in place of Mr. W. B. C. de Lery, resigned.

SHOE FACTORY.—The shoe factory at Fraserville is in operation, and several car loads of boots and shoes have already been shipped east and west.

REAL ESTATE.—The property of Madame Caroline Boivin on St. Joseph street, consisting of a one-story wooden house, was sold by the Sheriff on Friday last and adjudged to Mr. Auguste Couture, baker, for $3,150.

LECTURE.—Mr. Chas. Fitzpatrick, advocate, of this city, will deliver a lecture in the rooms of the Club de l'Union Liberal on the 26th instant. His subject will be "The Constitution of Canada.

MILK INSPECTION.—Doctor Laberge of Montreal, has been inspecting the milk sold in that city, and finds room for improvement in many respects. What is the inspector doing in this city? Complaints are numerous just now.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. M. A. Labrecque, Accountant of the Corporation has accepted the position of Inspector of the Banque Nationale, replacing Mr. Matte. There are two or three candidates for Mr. Labrecque's late position.

FAILURE.—Victor Portelance, general merchant of Lachevrotiere, County of Portneuf, has made an assignment at the request of his creditors. His liabilities are $7,645.90 and assets about $3,000. Mr. D. Arcand has been named curator.

SERMON TO NIGHT.—The anniversary sermon of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society will be preached to-night by the Rev. W. J. Joliffe, in the Methodist Church, at 8 o'clock. We hope to see a large attendance of members of the society, and the general public. All are invited to attend.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY—A general meeting of this society takes place at four o'clock this afternoon, to make arrangements for celebrating St. George's Day, the names of several gentlemen will also be proposed for membership, and other business transacted. *All* members are invited to attend.

LADY DAY.—To-day being the festival of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, commonly called Lady Day, is observed throughout the whole Dominion as a legal holiday. All the public offices, banks, courts, etc., will be closed, and divine service will be held in the Roman Catholic and Anglican churches.

DANGEROUS.—The attention of the authorities is directed to the dangerous state of the cliff along Champlain street, especially in the vicinity of the Mariners Chapel, pieces of rock from the size of a half pound to ten or fifteen pounds weight are frequently falling, to the terror and danger of people passing.

RECORDER'S COURT, SATURDAY.—Francois Boivin was picked up drunk on Friday in St. Paul street in a very demoralized condition with his clothes torn. When asked where he lived, he stated he was a traveller at large, ready to accept anybody's hospitality. He was sent out to the Jail for fifteen days.

HORSE DROWNED.—A horse belonging to Mr. LeBel, founder, attached to a sleigh with some 2,000 lbs of iron, went through the ice in the Louise Basin about 8 o'clock on Saturday morning, and was drowned. The scene of the accident was directly in the passage of the basin gate. The driver and two other men accompanying the load came near meeting the same fate. They were walking ahead of the sleigh which went through first, pulling the horse in after, the men having just time to get out of the way. The iron was for the steamer "Brothers," undergoing repairs in the harbour.

A Sketch of the Premier.

(Wm. Campbell in New York Scottish World.

In private life Sir John has a large circle of friends. He is frank and genial in his manner, and "a very prince at his own board." Those qualities which win for him so many friends in political life show out with even more lustre in the social circle. No man has exercised a stronger influence in shaping the destiny of Canada than has Sir John Macdonald. He has been closely identified with every political movement affecting the country within the past forty-five years; and who dare assert that his influence and his work, as a whole, have not been highly conducive to the best interests of the land of his adoption? As a statesman he has no peer to-day in any of the British colonies and he has had few equals in the mother land, either in these days or in times more remote. Apart from his superior mental qualities, Sir John possesses a winning, persuasive manner, and his capacity for making friends is marvelous. Another of his characteristics is that he can retain his friends when once he has won them to himself; and so strong is the influence he possesses over his followers that they all but idolize him. Sir John's power, therefore, as a leader does not spring alone from his ability as a statesman, nor from the unbounded admiration which his able statesmanship naturally inspires, but is largely due to the magnetism of his strong personality. His friendly look and smile, his courtly bow, the twinkle of his eye, his keen and ready wit, and the meaning shake of the head, with which those who know him are familiar—all these outward signs indicate the manifold workings of the great spirit within.

There is not another man in Canada to-day who enjoys an equal popularity with Sir John Macdonald. Some few there are who have won an enviable local reputation, but no one commands the universal esteem of Canadians at large in such a marked degree as does the present Premier of the Dominion. It may be safely said, moreover, that his popularity will remain with him while life lasts; and when he dies, a nation will mourn the loss of one of her ablest men.

☞ Cold blustering weather is bad for chapped hands. Dyer's Cucumber and Rose Jelly will cure them immediately. try it. Druggists keep it. Wm. A. Dyer Co., Montreal. 11

A Pennsylvania man claims to have rediscovered the art of copper welding. Alas! he comes too late to make the copper trust hang together.

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IN ALL FORMS AND STAGES, AND
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SOOTHING CLEANSING HEALING

Gives Immediate Relief. Pleasant and easy to use. Is not a liquid, snuff or cauterizing powder. No instrument or douche required for its use. Quickly Cures Headache, Foul Breath and stops all Droppings from the nasal passages into the throat, and excessive expectoration caused by Catarrh.

Beware of spurious, worthless imitations, similar in name only. Ask for Nasal Balm and take nothing else. To be had of all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price (50c. and $1) by addressing

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☞ Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, etc.

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Jackets Mantles,
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Ribbons, Feathers,
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March 20, 1889. apl20

Auction Sales.

BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

Great Unreserved Credit Sale of Splendid Furniture and other high-class Goods, at Gales, 117, St. John Street.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE REMOVAL of the building the whole of the above magnificent collection of handsome Furniture will be sold without reserve, on

Wednesday, 27th, at 1 o'clock.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Sale will be by Catalogue, which may be obtained at 117, St. John Street, or from A. J. Maxham & Co. Please call and inspect the collection.

March 23, 1889.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

MESSRS. MAXHAM & CO. HAVE RECEIVED instructions from the QUEBEC BANK to sell by Auction, at their Office, No. 130, ST. PETER STREET,

That Three-Story Fire Brick Dwelling-House, roofed with Tin,

No. 29, Mont Carmel Street, Cape,

at present occupied by H. H. Sewell, Esq., heated with hot water, all modern improvements; together with the Brick Stables covered with Iron.

Sale will take place

On the 10th April next, at 11 o'clock.

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March 23, 1889. cotapl3&td

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—TO—
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UNTIL THE RECEIVING OF OUR Spring Importations we will continue to offer our extensive and valuable stock at very Marked Reductions from usual prices.

Our entire stock is offered at Reduced Prices but we consider the following Goods more in demand at the present time of the year and therefore enumerate them thereby giving them more prominence.

Terms

STRICTLY CASH

DRESS STUFFS—Light makes for Spring, such as All-Wool French Beiges 18c. reduced to 14½c. All-Wool Twills and Jersey Cloths 22c. now 18c., and 30c. now 24c. Every piece of Dress Stuff considerably reduced in price.

ULSTER CLOTHS—Double-width and suitable for Spring 45c. reduced to 36c., $1.10 now 88c.

CASHMERE UNDERWEAR—For Spring, all reduced prices from 80c. to $1.10 for fine Ribbed goods.

ROMAN STRIPE—Double-width and Reversible 46c. reduced to 37c. Cheaper than Cretonne.

TAPESTRY TABLING—For Tables, 2 yds. wide $1.35 now $1.08, and extra heavy, with Border, $1.58 reduced to $1.27.

WILTON CARPET STOOLS—Extra quality and well made $1 00 now 80c., and extra deep $1.18 reduced to 95c.

AXMINSTER DOOR MATS—For Bed Rooms, 12 in. x 24 in. long, 98c. now 78c.

HEMP MATS—Yard wide by 1½ yds. long, 36c. now 29c., and 56c. reduced to 45c.

HEMP CARPETS—Good and strong and 1 yard wide 22c. now 18c., and 26c. now 21c.

CURTAIN FRINGES—For Cornices and tops of windows, all half-price, 55c. now 28c., $1 00 now 50c.

VICTORIA LAWNS—About 40 in. wide, 12c. now 10c., 20c. quality now 16c., 29c. now 23c.

COTTON CHEMISES—All reduced, good wear, English Cottons. Hand-made 95c now 76c., $1.12 now 90c. Other prices also reduced.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR—In White Cotton, Night Dresses, Chemises, S and Drawers, all at reduced prices.

CHILDREN'S WHITE PINAFORES—60c. now 48c., 73c. now 59c., $1.00 now 80c.

UMBRELLAS—All reduced, Children's School 35c. now 28c., 48c. now 39c., 58c. now 46c.

GRASS CLOTHS—Fair quality 13c. now 10½c. Medium quality 18c. now 14½c., and fine 20c now 16c.

WHITE CHECK MUSLINS—Strong and good wear, 12c. reduced to 10½c., 16c. now 13c. Extra, 20c. now 16c.

WHITE STRIPE LAWN—For Dresses and Aprons 13½c. now 11½c.

WHITE BRILLIANTS—For Children 13c. now 10½c.

GUIPURE LINEN LACES—For making Quilts. Insertions to match. All reduced.

REAL MALTESE LACES—In White, $1.00 per yard now 50c. Very cheap.

BLACK LUSTRE SKIRTS—For Spring, 90c. now 45c.

HAT SCARVES—For trimming Ha 25c. now 13c.

LACE CURTAINS—Every ir reduced.

CURTAIN NETS—All reduced.

The Balance of our Quilts, Table Napkins, Towels, Sheetings and Damasks, all reduced.

Simons & Foulds,

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March 12, 1889. jan1

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HEAVY and SHELF HARDWARE.

BAR IRON, all sizes in Crown, Plough, and Low Moor qualities.

Hoop Iron, Sheet Iron, Boiler Plate, Chains, &c.

Steamboat and Mill Supplies
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Telephone No. 48.

H. S. SCOTT & CO.,

6 PETER STREET,
Lower Town.

Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Carriage-makers and Saddlers Supplies.

LOW PRICES.

Telephone 133.

February 12, 1889.

Auction Sales.

BY S. HARRIS,

Attractive Sale of Excellent Furniture, N. Y. Piano, costing $500, etc., at the residence of Mr. Stanley, No. 47, St. Ursule Street.

PARLOUR Set in Solid Black Walnut, covered in Raw Silk, Fancy Tables, Work Chairs, Lace Curtains and Raw Silk Portieres, Poles and Rings, Brussels, Tapestry and Velvet Pile Carpets, English Oil Cloth, Oil Paintings, Steel Engravings, and Ornaments.

DINING ROOM—Black Walnut Sideboard, B. W. Dining Table, Leather Seated Chairs. Special attention to the Antique China Dinner Set, cost £50 sterling, an Old Grandfather's Clock, Marble Clock, Plated Ware, Glassware and Cutlery, etc.

BED-ROOMS—The contents of Five Bed Rooms, consisting of Black Walnut Bed Room Sets, Marble-Top, Double and Single Iron Bedsteads, Hair Mattrasses and Feather Pillows, Chamber Sets, House Linen, etc.

KITCHEN—Cooking Stove, Refrigerator, Self-Feeder, Kitchen Utensils, Coal, Wood, etc.

Special attention is directed to the above as being first-class Furniture. Goods on view Monday, the 25th, from 1 to 6 o'clock. Sale on

Tuesday, the 26th, at 10 A.M.

☞ Parties requiring House Furniture should note the above sale, as it will be one of the finest sales of the season.

S. HARRIS,
Auctioneer.

March 22, 1889. Dp

Wanted, 1,000 Purchasers for the Grand Auction sale at the Academy of Music, St. Louis Street, Friday, the 29th March.

THERE WILL BE SOLD A LARGE quantity of new and second-hand furniture, consisting of Parlour Sets, Bed-room Sets, Easy, Rocking and other Chairs, Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Bureaus and Glasses, Commodes and Wash-stands, Spring, Hair and other Mattresses, Dining and other Tables, Sideboards and What nots. Attention is called to a lot of old, valuable Oil Paintings and other Pictures.

There are also over 200 yards Brussels Tapestry, Velvet-pile, Scotch and other Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mats, Rugs, Chamber-sets, etc., Dinner, Tea and Dessert Sets, and a large quantity of China and Delfware, Cutlery of all kinds and a large assortment of Kitchen Utensils of every description; Damask, Lace and other Curtains, Bed and Table Linen, etc., etc. There will also be sold a large lot of unclaimed baggage, comprising Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, etc, containing clothing and other valuable articles. This sale will undoubtedly be the largest of the season and will be a grand opportunity for Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers, Furniture Dealers and Private Families. The whole of the above will be sold without any reserve.

Sale at 10 o'clock.

S. HARRIS,
Auctioneer.

March 25, 1889. Ep

GREAT STATIONERY SALE.

S. HARRIS, AUCTIONEER, HAS received instructions from the firm of Wm. Stanley (two members of which are leaving for Vancouver) to sell by auction their splendid stock of Stationery, comprising a general assortment of Office, Bank and Stationery for private use, Paper, Envelopes, Account Books, Bibles, Inks, Inkstands, Gift Books, Writing Desks and Portfolios and other articles sold by the trade too numerous to mention. The whole of the above stock will be sold without reserve and will be a big chance for the Trade and Private Parties, as goods will be put up in big and small lots to suit purchasers. This will be a good opportunity for people to supply themselves with Stationery, as a sale may not take place like this in Quebec again. There will also be sold the whole of the fixtures belonging to the firm, Black Walnut and Oak Counter, Black Walnut Book Cases, Shelving, Gas Fixtures, Binder's Machinery, St ves, etc. Part of the fixtures will be sold the first night of the sale.

Sale commences FRIDAY, the 29th MARCH, at 7.30 p.m., at store, 69 and 71 St. John street, and every succeeding night until the whole stock is disposed of.

S. HARRIS,
Auctioneer.

March 25, 1889. Hp

AMATEUR THEATRICALS

—AT THE—

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

—ON—

Monday Evening, the 1st April.

"THE GRASS WIDOWS."

"ENGAGED."

Admission, 50cts.; Reserved Seats, 75cts.; Gallery, 35cts.

Tickets to be had at R. Morgan's, Buade Street, where Seats may be Reserved.

Box Plan will be open Monday, 25th March. Boxes $5.00 each.

March 23, 1889. H

The Nineteenth Anniversary Meeting

—OF THE—

QUEBEC
Young Men's Christian Association

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Tuesday Evening, March 26th,

—IN THE—

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

Addresses will be delivered by the Revd. JAMES HENDERSON, of Montreal, and Revd. W. B. HUTCHINSON, B.A., of the Baptist Church, Quebec.

Collection during the Evening in aid of Funds.

☞ Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

☞ All are cordially invited. ☜

R. ACKERMAN,
Asst.-Secretary.

March 23, 1889. Cp

Imported from England.

I HAVE JUST OPENED OUT MY Spring Importation of GENT'S FURNISHINGS, comprising the Latest Novelties in ENGLISH TIES,
ENGLISH SCARFS,
ENGLISH COLLARS,
The Court Dress Shirt, The Levee Dress Shirt, Styles o vening Dress Shirts Out, Silk Umbrellas, Waterp f Coats.
GAITERS! GAITERS! GAITERS!
KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES!
White and Coloured Silk Handkerchiefs.
☞ Patent Portable Trowser Stretcher. ☜

—ALSO—

A fine assortment of Coatings, Suitings and Trowserings just receive.

JOHN DARLINGTON,
CIVIL AND MILITARY TAILOR
And Importer of Gents' Furnishings,
Opposite Post Office.

March 14 1889. apl2Lm

FASHIONABLE TAILORING!

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

WILLIAM LEE,
Civil and Military Tailor,
25, BUADE STREET, 25,
QUEBEC,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM his Customers, and the Public generally, that he has just opened out a choice and fashionable assortment of Spring Suitings in English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

—ALSO,—

Spring Overcoatings, Cloths, Laces, Braids, White Buck Gloves, and Trimmings of all kinds for Military Uniforms.

March 12, 1889. nov14

NOTICE.

In matter of
A. DEMERS,
Dry Goods Merchant of Levis,
Insolvent.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until

Thursday, the 28th March, 1889,

For the purchase of the Assets belonging to this Estate as follows:—

Dry Goods—General Assortment...	$12,088.69
Store Fixtures....	170.65
	$12,259.34
Book-Debts....	2,789.88

—ALSO—

The lease of that splendid Store situate at Levis, and most centrally located for a Dry Goods Trade; lease of Store and Residence up to 1st May, 1890.

Tenders can be made for the whole *en bloc*, or for each item as above mentioned separately.

Terms: Cash or if for an offer on time, security for the whole to the satisfaction of the Curator and Inspectors.

A deposit of $200.00 must accompany each tender for the stock. This deposit to be forfeited if the successful tenderer refuses to comply with the terms of his tender; it will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers.

Stock may be examined on the 26th and 27th March, 1889.

A copy of the Inventory and a List of Book-Debts may be seen at my office, where every additional information will be given.

The undersigned is not hereby bound to accept the highest or any tender.

HENRY A. BEDARD,
Curator.

Office: Corner of Notre Dame and Mountain Streets, Quebec.

March 21, 1889.

REMOVED!

Beaudet Lefaivre & Garneau

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

—HAVE—

Removed their Stock and Office

—TO THE—

NEW BUILDING,

Corner Arthur and Dalhousie Streets,

LOWER TOWN,

QUEBEC.

December 21, 1888.

SELLING OFF!—Stanley!

STANLEY!—Selling Off!

PAPER, ENVELOPES AND BLANK BOOKS at greatly Reduced Prices.

All other Goods at

HALF-PRICE!

Now is the chance for Schools, Professional Men and Everybody to be provided with excellent STATIONERY at HALF-PRICE.

W. STANLEY,

69-71, ST. JOHN STREET.

March 4, 1889. Am

Geo. M. Webster & Co.

Hereby give Public Notice that their

Anthracite Coals, All Sizes,

ARE DELIVERED FREEFROM

SNOW,
ICICLES,
ICE, &C.

March 18, 1889.

G. R. Renfrew & Co.

SPRING ARRIVALS!

Lincoln & Bennett's Best London

HATS!

FELTS FROM THE BEST MAKERS!

IN ALL COLORS AND QUALITIES.

BOY'S HATS AND CAPS!

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Waterproofs

IN GUARANTEED QUALITIES.

Every article in our Stock is well known for its superior excellence, and will be offered at lower prices than is charged elsewhere for goods of an inferior description.

35 & 37, BUADE STREET.

March 16, 1889. mar31-Im

D. MORGAN'S

Tailoring and Furnishing

FOR THE COMING SEASON

—COMPRISES—

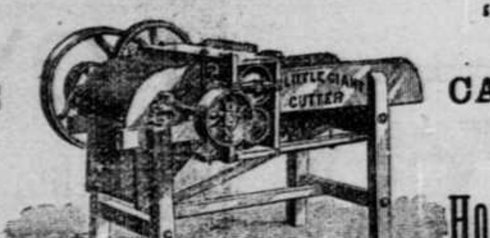
$50,000.00!

HOME AND FOREIGN

Fashionable Goods.

March 16, 1889.

"ROSS" ENSILAGE AND Fodder Cutter.



"ROSS" CARRIERS AND Horse Power

Steel Plows, Sulky Plows, Side Hill Plows, Steel Spring Tooth Harrows, Harrows in Four Sections, Iron Frame Sulky Cultivators, Garden Cultivators, Grass Seeders, Garden and Field Seeders, Mowers for One or Two Horses, "Tiger" Self-Dump Rakes, "Ithica" Hand Dump, Daisy Reapers for One or Two Horses, Steel Frame Single Apron Binders for Two Horses, will cut and bind grain from 15 inches to corn six feet long. Best assortment of Churns, Butter-workers and Butter Boxes on the market. "Champion" Washers, newest and best. ALSO,—Engines, Boilers, Saw-Mills, Shingle Mills, Planers, &c., &c.

WM. A. ROSS,
30, ST. PAUL STREET.

March 20, 1889. mch9-Lm

BANKRUPT STOCK

L. O. VILLENEUVE,

183,-St. Joseph Street,-183,

OPPOSITE THE CHURCH.

IMMENSE BARGAINS !

Black Gros Grain Silk, - - -	$1.60 for	98cts.
Colored Gros Grain Silk, - -	95 "	49cts.
Drab Poplin, - - - - - -	55 "	20½cts.
Black Brocaded Velvet, - -	1.60 "	$1.10.
Black Brocaded Velvet, - -	2.85 "	1.63.
Black Striped Velvet, - - -	2.85 "	1.63.

—AND—

QUANTITIES OF OTHER GOODS AT HALF-PRICE !

March 15, 1889. apl5-Lm

Notice to Consumers

The PRODUCTS of

ORIZA-PERFUMERY L. LEGRAND

207, rue Saint-Honoré, PARIS

Such as : ORIZA-OIL, ESS.ORIZA, ORIZA-LACTÉ, CRÈME-ORIZA ORIZA-VELOUTÉ, ORIZA-TONICA, ORIZALINE, ORIZA-SOAP

HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN OBTAINING THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC BECAUSE :

1° Their manufacture is supervised with the greatest care;
2° Their qualities are unalterable and their scents are sweet.

AS THESE PRODUCTS ORIZA ARE COUNTERFEITED *to live upon their reputation* we warn Consumers not to let themselves be deceived.

The GENUINE PRODUCTS are sold at all respectable firm of Perfumers and Druggists.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT FREE FROM PARIS

General Agents for Canada : Dr. Ed. Morin & Co., 314 St. John Street, Quebec

November 28, 1888. 2&4-Bam

OPENING DAILY,

THE LATEST

NOVELTIES

—IN—

Spring Tailoring

W. VINCENT

38, FABRIQUE STREET.

March 6, 1889. apl3Lm

STANDARD

FRENCH MEDICINES

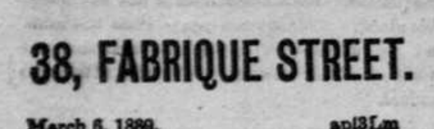
—AT THE—

MEDICAL HALL.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP HYPOPHOSphites.
Raefort's Syrup Horseradish.
Leras Phosphate of Iron.
Seidletz Chanteaud.
Capsules D'Artoes
Capsules Fournier.
Charbon Belloc.
Dusart's Syrup Lactophosphate Lime.
Tamar Indien in Bottles and Boxes.
ALSO,—Ten Cases Nestle's Food.

W. B. ROGERS,
Telephone 126. 16, Fabrique Street

March 15, 1889. ja25-Lm



MINES, HERDS AND GRAIN

Are the Three Corner Stones of all Wealth. These combined have made

MONTANA.

The most prosperous part of the nation. The building of the ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & MANITOBA RAILWAY through the heart of the territory makes wondrous opportunities for the home seeker, the miner, the grain and stock raiser and the investor. A delightful climate adds to its attractions as a home. Very low round trip rates to Butte, Helena, Great Falls and other points.

For further information apply to

F. I. WHITNEY.
Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

March 18, 1889. Am

AT THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR

IT IS PROPER TO INFORM

THRIFTY HOUSEKEEPERS

—THAT THE—

BEST CAKES

Are made with the aid of the

CELEBRATED

COOK'S FRIEND

BAKING POWDER

Which is now so universally employed in raising all kinds of Biscuits, Buns, Rolls, Scons, Pancakes, Johnny Cakes, Griddle Cakes, &c., &c., also for Shortening Piecrust, and improving Boiled Paste.

The COOK'S FRIEND is equal in purity to the purest, and far ahead of any other in economic value.

It contains no ingredient that would injure the most delicate stomach.

Retailed by all respectable Grocers

CAUTION.—Be sure to buy the genuine "COOK'S FRIEND." No variation from that name is genuine. See the Trade Mark on every Package.

THE COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER TRADE MARK

March 11, 1889

1889. SPRING IMPORTATIONS ! 1889.

Ladies' New Dress Materials.
Ladies' New Bordered Costumes.
Ladies' New Jacket Materials.
Ladies' New Ulster Cloths.
New Tweeds and Serge Coatings.
New Hosiery and Underwear.
New Scarfs, Ties, H'd'k'fs, &c., &c.

BUADE STREET. - - BEHAN BROTHERS.

March 15, 1889.

JUNIOR CLERK WANTED,

FOR THE HARDWARE BUSINESS; must speak both languages. Application to be made only in applicant's writing.

HERMAN YOUNG,
Bridge Street.

March 22, 1889. F

ST. LEON is indispensable for Kidney, Liver and Stomach Complaints.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by
GINGRAS, LANGLOIS & CIE.,
Opposite the Cardinalate.

May 23, 1888. apl20-Lm

SHIPPING

OCEAN STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Date.	Steamship	Arrived at	From.
March 23	—Celtic	New York	Liverpool
" 24	—Parisian	Halifax	"
"	—Etruria	New York	"
"	—City of Chicago	"	"
"	—La Bretagne	"	Havre
"	—Erin	"	London
"	—Umbria	London	New York

Probabilities for the Next 24 Hours for the St. Lawrence, etc. etc.

TORONTO, March 24.—Lower St. Lawrence—North and north-west winds, fair weather, and a little lower temperature.

Gulf—North to west winds, fair weather, and a little lower temperature.

Arrival of the Mail Steamer at Halifax.

PARISIAN—The Allan R.M.S. "Parisian," Captain Joseph G. Ritchie, from Liverpool, March 14, via Moville, 15th, with the mails, 95 cabin, 13 intermediate and 751 steerage passengers, arrived at Halifax at 3.50 yesterday morning. Her mails will be distributed at the Quebec Post Office this morning.

The following is a list of her cabin passengers :—Miss Addis, Mr Alexander, Mr H Baird, Mr J T Berry, R N. Mrs Berry, Mr Berry, Jr, Miss Berry, Mrs Birt, Miss Birt, Mr F Bevan, Mrs Bevan, Mr T W C Binns, Mr C Bradbrook, Mr E H Blockley, Mr J F Burstall, Hon Pelham Clinton, Mr W R Campbell, Mr L Carr, Mr J W Cleland, Mr C Cummings, Mr Critchley, Miss Critchley, Mr Crompten, Mr A Coutts, Mr F J Clark, Mr Dyer, Mr Drummond, Rev T Edwards, Mr W H Edwards, Mr E Fitch, Mr J P Furlong, Mr G Farquhar, Miss E F Godson, Mr Cholding, Miss M Irvine, Mr J B Jackson, Mrs Jackson and child, Miss Hill, Mr E Lingley, Mr J A Lang, Miss Marshall, Miss McQuade, Mr W Merry, Mrs W Merry, Vicomte E Desanteuil, Mr F Nimer, Mr D Nethen, Mr A G Paterson, Mr H M Rower, Mr M S Porter, Mr J A Roberts, Mrs Robertson, Mr Lewis, Mr W N Silver, Miss B Smith, Lieut W H Smith, R N R, Mrs W H Smith, Master B Smith, Master C Smith, Miss E Smith, Master L Smith, Miss L Smith, Master S Smith, Master Ruby Smith, Mr N E G Simcox, Mrs Simcox and child, Miss A Shortland, Mr J W Shipton, Mrs Shipton, Miss Shipton, Master Geo Shipton, Master B Shipton, Miss Dery, Master G Shipton and nurse maid, Miss Slattery, Mr E Thompson, Capt Vance, Mrs Vance, Miss Vance, Mr A P Vansomeren, Mr E H Vansower, Mr Vidler, Mr W T Way, Mr B Withworth, Mrs B Withworth, Miss D Withworth, Master R Withworth, Master F Withworth, Master C Withworth, Mr W A Ward, Mr J F Worsley, Mrs Baker.

Dominion Line.

TORONTO—The ss "Toronto," Captain McAuley, sailed from Bristol for Portland on the 21st instant.

FAST STEAMING.—The ss "Lahn," on her last trip from New York to Southampton, covered 3,100 miles at an average of 18.23 knots an hour.

STORMY PASSAGE.—Baltimore, March 23.—The steamers which arrived here yesterday, report terrible experiences in the storm of Wednesday night and Thursday off the Capes of Henry and Hatteras. The North German Lloyd steamship "America," with 760 emigrants, while passing Cape Henry was struck by the storm. The hatches were battened down and two of the officers remained among the terrified Germans endeavoring to allay their fears. John Gilt, a seaman, was hurled across the deck, the man died. The steamship "Pirate," from Antonio, encountered the storm off the North Carolina coast. Captain Graham says he thought the seas would twist his vessel in pieces. At one time all on board thought the ship was foundering. Captain Graham had a rib broken by being thrown to deck by a big wave.

THE LAKE CLEAR OF ICE.—Colchester, Ont., March 23.—The steamer "City of Cleveland," of the Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation Company, left Detroit this morning on her way to Cleveland. The lake is all clear of ice at this end, and navigation may now be considered open between Detroit and Cleveland.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

Week ending March 23rd, 1889.

Tadousac—Monday—Clear and calm. Tuesday and Wednesday—Heavy snow fall, about one foot; north-east wind. Thursday, Friday and Saturday—Clear; south-west wind.

River du Loup—Sunday—Cloudy; strong north-east wind. Monday—Cloudy; north wind. Tuesday—Blinding snow storm since 3.00 p m Monday. Saturday—Clear; south-west wind; no ice all week.

Father Point—Sunday—Therm. 30. Cloudy; strong east wind; light open ice everywhere, moving west. Monday—Therm 29. Cloudy; east wind; light open ice in shore. Saturday—Therm. 33 Clear west wind; no ice.

Martin River—Monday—Cloudy; east wind; no ice. Tuesday—Heavy snow fall; strong east wind; no ice. Wednesday—Clear; north east wind no ice. Thursday, Friday and Saturday—Clear; west wind; no ice.

Cape Rosier—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday—Clear; north to south-west wind; light close-packed ice everywhere. Friday—Clear; north-east wind; light open ice off here stationary.

Manicouagan to Sheldrake—Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday—Clear; north-west wind; heavy close-packed ice off Manicouagan to Point des Monts; none below. Friday—Clear and calm; heavy close-packed ice distant off all stations. Saturday—Clear; north wind; heavy close packed ice off Manicouagan; none below.

Anticosti Island—Monday—Clear; variable wind. No ice off South Point; light open ice off other stations. Tuesday and Wednesday—Cloudy; strong north wind; light open ice everywhere. Thursday, Friday and Saturday—Clear; variable winds; north channel blocked with heavy close-packed ice; no ice off South Point; light open ice distant off other stations.

Bird Rocks, Magdalen Islands and Meat Cove Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday—Foggy; strong north-east wind; no ice off Meat Cove; light closed-packed ice off all other stations and moving west. Friday—Clear; north wind; light close-packed ice everywhere. Large flock of old hoods off Bird Rocks. Saturday—Cloudy; strong west wind; light open ice distant off Meat Cove; close-packed ice off all other stations. Flock of young seals off Bird Rocks.

COMMERCIAL.

GOLD EXCHANGE.—New York, March 23, 11.00 a.m.—American Gold, 4.89½. Sterling Exchange, 4 86½.

LATEST EUROPEAN MARKETS.—LIVERPOOL, March 23, 11.30 a.m.—Cotton, easier. American Middlings, 5 11-16d.

Montreal Stock Market—March 23.

Bank of Montreal, 229½ to 229¼; sales, at 229¼.
Quebec Bank, 118 to 117¼.
Ontario Bank, 133 to 130.
Banque du Peuple, 106 to 104½.
Molson's Bank, 157 offered.
Bank of Toronto, 215 offered.
Banque Jacques-Cartier, 98 to 94.
Merchant's Bank, 139½ to 138¼.
Union Bank, 100 to 93
Bank of Commerce, 120 to 119¼.
Imperial Bank, 141 to 140.
Federal Bank, 75 offered.
Montreal Telegraph Company, 94½ to 93¾; sales, 175 shares at 94; 10 shares at 94¼.
North-West Land Company, 75s to 70s.
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 56½ to 55½.
City Passenger Railway Company, 205 to 200.
Montreal Gas Company, 206 to 204½.
Canada Pacific Railway, 49¾ to 49¼; sales, 200 shares at 49¾.
Canada Cotton Company, 40 to 35.
Hochelaga Cotton Company, 145 to 135.
Gas Company, ex-div. 199½ to 199.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET, March 23, 1 p.m.—Stock market quiet and heavy; American Express, 110; Canadian Pacific, 48⅞; Canada Southern, 52⅝; Delaware and Lackawanna, 139⅞; Lake Shore, 101; Northern Pacific, do preferred, 59⅞; St. Paul, 62⅛; do preferred, 100; Union Pacific, 62⅝; Western Union Telegraph, 84⅛.

LATEST PRODUCE MARKETS.—NEW YORK, March 23.—Cotton quiet; Uplands, 10⅛d; Orleans, 10⅝d; futures steady; sellers March at 10,00; sellers April at 10,00; sellers May at 10.09; sellers June at 10,17. Flour steady; receipts, 14,000 brls; sales, 7,000 brls; red winter wheat including low grades extra at 3,00 to 3,40; fair to fancy at 3,50. Rye flour steady at 2,75 to 3.15. Rye quiet; State at 55c to 58c. Barley quiet: No. 2 rowed State at 70c to 72c. Wheat irregular; receipts, 1,600 bus; sales, 8,000,000 bus; sellers May at 92c to 94½c; sellers July at 92¼c to 94c; sellers August at 90⅝c to 91½c; sellers September at 91c to 9½c; sellers December at 93⅝c to 94⅝c. Corn, quiet; receipts, 113,000 bus; sales, 210,000 bus including No 2 sellers May at 43¼c to 43¾c; mixed western at 41c to 43¾c. Oats, firm; receipts, 30 000 bus; sales, 15,000 bus; State at 30½c to 39c; western at 29½c to 39c. Pork strong; new mess at 13,50 to 13.75. Lard, strong at 7.35. Butter, easy; receipts, 4,144 packages; State dairy old at 15c to 21c; new 19c to 25c. Cheese, quiet; at 9½c to 12c; receipts, 1,828 packages. Sugar, strong; powdered, 7⅞c; granulated, 7¾c; crushed 8⅛c. Eggs, easy at 12½c to 13c; receipts, 6 398 packages.

CHICAGO Ill., March 23—The leading futures closed as follows:—Wheat; No 2 sellers May at 1,04⅞; sellers June at 98c; sellers July at 88⅝c; sellers year at 81c. Corn—No. 2 sellers March at 34½c; sellers May at 35⅝c; sellers June at 35⅝c; sellers July at 36¼c. Oats—No. 2 sellers March at 24⅝c; sellers May at 25⅞c; sellers June at 25⅜c; sellers July at 25⅛c. Mess Pork—sellers May at 12,55; sellers June at 12,60; sellers July at 12 65. Lard—sellers March at 7,02½; sellers May at 7,12½; sellers June at 7,15; sellers July at 7,17½. Short Ribs—sellers May at 6,32½; sellers June at 6,40; sellers July at 6,45. Cash quotations were as follows:—No. 2 spring wheat 1,02¼ to 1,02⅞; No 2 red at 1,02¼ to 1,02⅞. No 2 Corn sellers at 34⅝c bid. No. 2 Oats sellers at 24⅝c. Mess Pork—sellers at 12,50 to 12,55. Lard sellers at 7,05. Short ribs sides at 6,25 to 6,30. Dry salted shoulders at 5,55½ to 5,55⅞. Short clear sides at 6,56 to 6,66⅞. Receipts—Flour 5,000 brls; 21,000 bus wheat; 175,000 bus corn; 131,000 bus oats; rye black; 20,000 bus barley. Shipments—Flour 6,000 brls; 8,000 bus wheat; 75,000 bus corn; 76,000 bus oats; 4,000 bus rye; 28,000 bus barley.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents. No exception will be made to this rule.

DEATH.

In this city, on Sunday afternoon, 24th inst., from congestion of the lungs, aged 83 years and two months, Marie Julie Gauthier, wife of Philippe Brunet. She was the mother of the Reverend Felix Brunet, of the Reverend Sister St. Alphonse de Liguori, of the Grey Nuns Convent, and of Philemon Brunet, Esq., watchmaker, of this city.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, 27th instant, at 9.00 a.m., from her son's residence, corner of St. Joseph and Church streets. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend without any further notice.

The Great Female Remedy.

JOB MOSES' PILLS.

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous disorders to which the Female constitution is subject. It invigorates the debilitated and delicate; and by regulating and strengthening the system, fortifies the youthful constitution for the duties of life, and when taken in middle or old age, proves a real blessing, and on the approach of Child-birth these Pills should be used for two or three weeks previous to confinement; the benefits to be derived are incalculable; they fortify the constitution, lessen the suffering during labor, prevent weakness of the organs, and enable the mother to perform her duties with comfort to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution. Sold by all Medicine Dealers

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

$1.00 and 6 cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., General Agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

December 15 Lm d&w

They Were Bound to Get Married.

"Did you ever witness a double wedding in which there was an exchange of brides and grooms at the altar?" asked John Moran, a well-known Walnut street man.

"No, sir; I never did," replied the scribe.

"Well, I can tell you of an event of that description. It happened in this way: One afternoon, not long ago, two young men whom I had known in Streator, Ill., came to me and informed me that they had induced two sisters to elope with them from a town in Central Kansas, and that it was necessary that the nuptial knot be tied without delay. They were, they said, expecting the irate father and the grown up muscular brothers of the girls to arrive in this city on the next train with 'blood in their eyes.' As the 'boys' were old schoolmates of mine, of course I told them that they had but to command me and I was at their service. We hired a carriage and drove to the hotel where the young ladies were awaiting the return of their to be husbands, whose names are William B—— and Charles W——. It was then nearly 5 o'clock p.m. As soon as we could get the girls into the carriage we hurried to Recorder Hinde's office where William and Charley presented themselves before the marriage license clerk and requested that they be given the documents necessary to entitle them to wed their girls. As I remarked before the girls are sisters. Their given or Christian names are Lillie and Lidie. After obtaining the licenses the young men and their ladies and myself went to the residence of a preacher, whose name I have forgotten. His church is on the east side of the city, and not more than six blocks away from the *Journal* office. Handing him the licenses, William and Charles requested him to join their loving hearts in the bonds of matrimony at once. Now Lillie was the intended of William and Lidie the intended of Charles. Don't forget that. You can better imagine the consternation of the members of the wedding party than I can describe it when the discovery was made that the young man who had issued the licenses had asigned Lillie to Charles and Lidie to William as life partners. In their haste to put their necks into the hymeneal halter the young men had thrust the licenses into their pockets when they were handed to them by the license clerk, without inspecting them to see if they were rightly made out. They did not discover that a mistake had been made until after they had joined hands and the parson began the double ceremony by saying:

"'Do you, William——, take Lidie—— for your lawful, wedded wife—

"'Stop!' exclaimed William. 'I am marrying Lillie, not Lidie.'

"'No, sir,' retorted the parson, 'you are not. You are licensed to wed Lidie ——.'

"'The——you say—beg pardon, sir,' ejaculated William. 'Let me see the document!'

"The license was shown him, and there sure enough, was Lidie's name coupled with his own. The proceedings were immediately suspended, the parson informing the young men and the ladies that he could not marry them until their licenses were in proper form. Lillie and Lidie began weeping and nearly wept into hysterics. William and Charles and I assured them that we would have the mistakes in the licenses rectified. Leaving the young ladies in the parson's parlor we rushed out of the house and jumped into our carriage, in which we were driven at a rapid pace to the Court House, Second and Main streets. Great was our disappointment and vexation when we found the Recorder was not at home and was out of the city. Knowing nothing else to do we returned to the parson's residence. They sorrowfully told the young ladies that they had failed to obtain new licenses. They urged the parson to marry them, and told him they would have the necessary alterations made in the documents the next day. But the parson firmly refused. He pointed out to them the fact that the Recorder was bound by his records and they must show that the marriages took place in accordance with the licenses. By this time the young ladies had ceased weeping. Retiring to a corner of the room they held a whispered consultation, at the end of which Lillie called William to her and informed him that she and Lidie had decided that they would not leave the house except as the wifes of himself and Charles. 'But the preacher won't marry us,' said William. 'Yes, he will,' retorted Lillie, 'and you and Charlie have got to agree to it.' William said he didn't catch on, whereupon Lillie nearly took his breath away by informing him that she and Lidie had agreed to let the licenses stand as they were and get married according to them. 'If you and Charlie don't do that we will take the first train and return home,' said she, and never marry either of you.' It was then William and Charles' turn to consult. After talking the matter over for ten minutes they arrived at the decision that, as a mistake in the licenses had been made which could not be corrected in time to enable them to have the double wedding come off as intended, and as the girls had decided to swap one for the other, they would make the best of a bad matter and go ahead with the ceremony. If they couldn't get the life partners selected they would not remain wifeless. The parson was informed of the new aspect the affair had taken on and he began again the ceremony where he left off. The result was that Lillie became the wife of Charles and Lidie the wife of William, and I stood up as best man for the couples. It wasn't exactly according to the programme, but I guess all parties concerned are satisfied."—*Kansas City Journal.*

A New and Successful Treatment for Ataxie Locomotrice Progressive.

PARIS, March 22—Who is there that has not met in the street tottering along, supporting himself on a cane or on the arm of an attendant, some unfortunate victim to that strange disease to which physicians have given the name of *tabes dorsalis*, or—as it was called by Duchene, who was the first to describe it—*ataxie locomotrice progressive*?

About five years ago a young Russian physician, Dr. Motschutkowsky, of Odessa, hit on an altogether new treatment which is now attracting the attention of the medical profession on both sides of the Atlantic. His treatment aims at curing the curvature of the spinal column—which is believed to be the true cause of the disease—by means of suspension, with the aid of an apparatus invented by Dr. Sayre, of New York, for the treatment of spinal diseases. The object of suspension is to produce regular and continual traction on the patient's spine.

THE MACHINE DESCRIBED.

The Paris *Figaro*, in an exhaustive article on the subject of *ataxie locomotrice*, on the 19th inst., illustrated by cuts, shows how the head is supported by the chin and occiput in the apparatus in the manner which precludes all danger of strangulation. The essential parts of the apparatus consist of a horizontal bar of about the same length as the breadth of the patient's shoulders, suspended by means of a hook and pulley from the ceiling or any other elevated point. The bar has at each end a hook, from which hangs a padded strap forming a hoop. The patient's arms are passed through these straps, which serve to carry a large part of the dead weight of his body. This is necessary for the reason that were the whole weight allowed to bear upon the head and neck unbearable torture would result. At the same time it is important that this support under the armpits should not be too great, for then the traction would not be sufficient to produce the elongation of the vertebral column, which is the end aimed at by the treatment.

HOW IT WORKS IN PRACTICE.

When the apparatus is in place and adjusted to the patient the rope passing through the pulley is drawn down slowly and steadily until the patient is lifted from his feet. At first suspension is limited to a half minute at a time, but this time is gradually increased until it reaches a maximum of from three to four minutes, a result usually obtained on the seventh or eighth day.

While thus far the results are not sufficiently conclusive to allow it to be asserted that the treatment is an absolute cure for the disease, it is certain that in the great majority of cases very marked and considerable amelioration of the worst symptoms of the disease have been obtained. Since October 7 last ninety-one cases have been treated by suspension at the Saltpetriere Hospital under the supervision of Dr. Charcot. All of these, with the exception of those who have not been under treatment long enough for the results to be apparent, are very much better.

Professor Charcot says:—"Hitherto we have not known what to advise for unfortunates afflicted with this disease, but until we have proof to the contrary I shall unhesitatingly tell them to go and hang themselves."

One of New York's biggest breweries has been paying its owners net profits of $150,000 a year on a fixed capital of $1,000,000, or 15 per cent.

It is the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* that says a dog is in full dress when he has on his collar and pants.

A Georgia man committed forgery because starvation stared him in the face, and then starved himself because the forgery stared him in the face.

Miss Mezzo—"I hear the soprano at St. Basil's Church has lost her baby." Rival soprano—"Is that so? She must have sung to it."—*N. Y. Sun.*

Meissonier's picture, "The Game Lost," was sold to C. P. Huntington at the Stebbins sale for $26,300. The next highest priced picture sold was "L'Eminence Grise," by Gerome. It was purchased by M. B. Mason, of Boston, for $13,700. M. H. Arnot, of Elmira, paid $7,100 for Meissonier's "The Stirrup Cup," and W. A. Keeler, jr., $6,500 for Fortuny's "A Spanish Lady."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

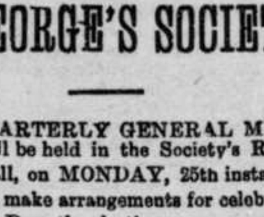
Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

May 28, 1888. m w,fri&w-Lm



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

THE QUARTERLY GENERAL MEETING will be held in the Society's Rooms, Masonic Hall, on MONDAY, 25th instant, at 4 P.M., to make arrangements for celebrating St. George's Day, the election of new members, and other business.

The Committee of Management will meet at the same place 15 minutes before the time above-named.

A *full* and *punctual* attendance is particularly requested.

By order,
H. STAVELEY,
Asst.-Secretary.

March 22, 1889.

Irish Protestant Benevolent Society.

THE ANNIVERSARY SERMON OF the above Society will be preached, D.V., in the METHODIST CHURCH, by the Rev. W. J. JOLIFFE, at 8 P.M., on

MONDAY NEXT, 25th instant.

All Members, and friends of the Society are invited to attend.

THOS. HOLT,
Asst.-Secretary.

March 22, 1889. C

WANTED,

GOOD PATTERN-MAKERS ON MACHINERY WORK.

Apply to
CARRIER LAINE & CO.,
Levis.

March 20, 1889. L

Dress the Hair

With Ayer's Hair Vigor. Its cleanliness, beneficial effects on the scalp, and lasting perfume commend it for universal toilet use. It keeps the hair soft and silken, preserves its color, prevents it from falling, and, if the hair has become weak or thin, promotes a new growth.

"To restore the original color of my hair, which had turned prematurely gray, I used Ayer's Hair Vigor with entire success. I cheerfully testify to the

Efficacy

of this preparation."—Mrs. P. H. Davidson, Alexandria, La.

"I was afflicted some three years with scalp disease. My hair was falling out and what remained turned gray. I was induced to try Ayer's Hair Vigor, and in a few weeks the disease in my scalp disappeared and my hair resumed its original color."—(Rev.) S. S. Sims, Pastor U. B. Church, St. Bernice, Ind.

"A few years ago I suffered the entire loss of my hair from the effects of tetter. I hoped that after a time nature would repair the loss, but I waited in vain. Many remedies were suggested, none, however, with such proof of merit as Ayer's Hair Vigor, and I began to use it. The result was all I could have desired. A growth of hair soon came out all over my head, and grew to be as soft and heavy as I ever had, and of a natural color, *and firmly set.*"—J. H. Pratt, Spofford, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

March 20, 1889. m,w,fri&w Lm

FOR SALE,

ENGLISH CUTTER

"JULIETTE,"

Q. Y. C. REGISTER,

Class A1 at Lloyds.

of modern plans, built for His Honor Lieut.-Governor Angers. Appointments of the best, 15 tons, 45 feet over all, 10 feet beam, draft 7 x 6. Complete suits of Racing and Cruising Sails, Spars, Anchors, Chains, &c., &c., &c known as a fast and safe cruiser.

If not sold before the 1st of May lots will be disposed of to suit purchasers, the Hull being suitable for steam purposes.

—ALSO—

A first-class Steam Pleasure Launch, 45 feet over all. 10 feet beam.

The above to be sold an immense bargain.

For particulars, apply to
D. MORGAN,
Quebec.

March 23, 1889.

OUR SPECIALTIES !

DIAMOND RINGS AND LACE PINS.
Guinea Gold Wedding Rings.
French Optical Goods.
Swiss and American Watches.
English Electro-Plated Ware.
Canadian Sterling Silver Ware.
Austrian Brass and Bronze Fancy Goods.
Italian Terra Cotta Ware.
Vienna Fancy Candles.

New Goods constantly arriving.

G. SEIFERT'S,
European Bazaar,
34, Fabrique Street.

March 9, 1889. mch2

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Campbellton Work" will be received at this office until TUESDAY, the 9th April next, for the construction of a Ballast Wharf at Campbellton, Restigouche County, N.B., in accordance with a plan and specification to be seen on application to Malcolm Paterson, Esq., Campbellton, at the office of the Department, St. John, N.B., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to *five per cent. of amount of tender*, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract, or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, March 11th, 1889.

March 22, 1889. C

FARM TO LET.

THE FARM AT PRESENT OCCUPIED by Mr. William Cagney, corner of St. Foye and Belvidere Roads. Possession First of May next.

Apply to
J. Y. WELCH,
125, St. Peter Street.

March 22, 1889. Cp

NOTICE.

THE QUEBEC SKATING RINK HAVING closed for the Season, parties having Skates at the Rink will please have same removed at once.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons having claims against the QUEBEC SKATING ASSOCIATION to present them without delay to the Treasurer, Mr. A. W. Colley, Custom House, Quebec.

By order,
ROBERT C. WELCH,
Hon. Secretary
Quebec Skating Association.

March 21, 1889. C

DON'T DELAY

IF YOU CATCH COLD GET AT ONCE a Bottle of MATHIE'S SYRUP of

Rock Candy and Marsh Mallow,

an invaluable preparation for the cure of Coughs, Hoarseness and Bronchitis.

P. MATHIE,
CHEMIST,
Corner of St. John & Palace Streets.

March 14, 1889. mch29-Lm

LOST BEAUTY FOUND.

A most precious treasure procured, regained and preserved by the use of

Malvina Cream and Lotion, Malvina Ichthyol Soap.

Freckles, Tan, Pimples, Moth Patches and all other Blemishes or Diseases of the Complexion, Skin or Scalp positively removed and cured, or money refunded. Prepared by Prof. I. HUBERT, Vienna, Austria, and Toledo, O., U. S. A. For sale by all druggists. F. P. REYNOLDS, Druggist, St. Thomas, Ont., Sole agent for Canada.

March 9, 1889. Zao-sat

SALESMEN.—We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade Largest manuf'rs in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages $3.00 per day. Permanent position. No postals answered Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. CENTENNIAL MAN'F'G CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

January 23, 188 20-c

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE.

ABOUT THREE HUNDRED WEIGHT of OLD PAPERS for Sale.

AT THIS OFFICE.

March 4, 1889.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET, ON MAPLE AVENUE,

THE COMFORTABLE HOUSE, now occupied by J. L. Jones, Esq., with all modern improvements, supplied with City water, perfect drainage and at a few minutes' walk from the Toll-Gate. Possession 1st May.

Apply to
DAVID SMITH,
119, St. Peter Street.
Or, to
V. W. LARUE, N.P.,
28, Anne Street.

March 23, 1889. tf

To be Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, THE comfortable Two-Story Stone Dwelling, No. 132, St. Anne Street, near Esplanade, containing all modern improvements, now occupied by Mr Hy. Harris.

H. C. AUSTIN,
Notary.

March 21, 1889. Fp

To Let,

THE STONE COTTAGE, No. 50, D'Aiguillon Street, at present occupied by W. J. Peters, Esq., with basement Dining-Room, Kitchen, Pantry and Cellar; Cement floors covered in wood. This house is heated by hot water and has all modern improvements. The wing in rear has a promenade gallery, over 20 feet in length, from which a splendid view of surrounding country can be obtained, besides Garden in rear of yard.

—ALSO—

Two new self-contained Houses in Richelieu Street, with Bath-Room and Patent Closets.

For rent, and other information,

Apply to
THOS. O'NEILL,
Agent,
96, St. John Street, (within).

March 20, 1889. F

To Let,

From the 1st of May to Nov. 1st,

A SMALL WELL-FURNISHED House, facing Esplanade and St. Louis Street, with possession, if desired, 1st May.

Apply to
Messrs. AUSTIN & BORLASE.

March 7, 1889.

Offices to Let,

—ON—

Peter Street and in Gibb's Lane.

Apply to
JAS. GIBB,
75, Dalhousie Street.

February 27, 1889. feb4

Shop and Offices to be Let.

SUITABLE FOR SHOP AND OFFICES.—The Ground and Third Flats of No. 34, Garden Street, facing the rear entrance to the Court House. Repairs will be made to suit Tenants. Immediate possession.

Apply to
J. B. PARKIN, N.P.

February 27, 1889. jan19-tf

BUSINESS STAND TO LET.

THE SHOP No. 70, ST. PETER Street, Lower Town, with Store in rear, for many years occupied as a Ship-Chandlery. ALSO,—The two small Offices in connection with same.

Apply at Office of
WESTON HUNT & SON,
69, Dalhousie Street,
Lower Town.

February 23, 1889. tf

FOR SALE,

THAT SPLENDID FAMILY Residence, situated on St. Foy Road, belonging to Wm McLimont, Esq., connected with the City Water Works' system, heated by hot water and supplied with all modern conveniences. Magnificent Stabling and commodious out-houses. The whole in perfect repair. Property situated within a few minutes' walk of the St. Foy Toll-Gate.

For examination of titles, terms of sale, and all other information

Apply to
Messrs. BELL & JOLY DE LOTBINIERE,
Advocates,
No. 118, St. Peter Street.

February 15, 1889. Bm

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A MAGNIFICENT HOUSE, fitted up with all the modern conveniences, Hangard, Stable, etc., etc., situated near the residence of Dr. Bolduc, at Beauport, and at present occupied by H. Grenier, Esq., Contractor.

Terms easy.

Apply to
I. A. FORTIN,
Corner of St. Joseph and Bridge Streets.
Or, to
J. E. BOILY,
Notary.

February 15, 1889.

House to Let,

NO. 2, ST. DENIS STREET, Cape.

On view from 2.30 to 5 P.M.

Apply at Office of
WESTON HUNT & SON.
69, Dalhousie Street
Lower Town.

January 31, 1889. jan30 Am

Office to be Let.

THE DOUBLE OFFICE, No. 76, St. Peter Street, with Safe, at present occupied by Robt. Mitchell, Esq.

Apply to
J. B. PARKIN, N.P.

January 30, 1889.

Cheap Stationery Lots !

2 Quires Note Paper........	5cts.
2 Packs Envelopes..................	5cts.
1 Quire Fine Note Paper............	5cts.
1 Pack Fine Envelopes............	5cts.

—ALSO—

Big Reductions in Fine Note, Letter and Foolscap Papers.

A LARGE LOT OF HOLIDAY JUVENILE BOOKS at 40% off.

A Large Lot of Fancy Articles at less than cost.

JOHN E. WALSH,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

And Dealer in ARTIST'S MATERIALS of Every Description.

25, St. John Street. 25.

March 7, 1889. oct26-Lm

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG TO INFORM their friends and the Public in general, that in consequence of the fire that occurred on the 11th instant in their Sail Loft on Arthur Street, the Business will be carried on, until further notice, at No. 60, SAULT AU MATELOT STREET.

All Orders entrusted to them will be executed in their usual prompt and satisfactory manner.

DAWE & JARVIS,
Sail-makers

February 19, 1889. tf

Pianos! Organs!

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUfacturers, a number of Splendid

UPRIGHT PIANOS

MADE TO ORDER.

And some of the Marvellous

"MASON & HAMLIN"

ORGANS

For Churches and Drawing Rooms, to be sold at moderate figures and easy terms of payment, at

A. LAVIGNE'S,

55, FABRIQUE STREET.

March 2, 1889. apl26 Lm

CITY OF QUEBEC.

List of Voters of the City of Quebec, for Parliamentary Elections for the Province of Quebec for 1889, under the Quebec Election Act.

CITY HALL,
QUEBEC, March 7th, 1889.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the lists of the Electors in the several Wards of the City of Quebec qualified to vote at the next election of Member or Members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, have been prepared according to law, and that a duplicate thereof has been this day lodged in the office of the undersigned at the disposal and for the information of all persons interested; and that the said lists shall be examined and corrected, if need be, by the Council of the City of Quebec, on TUESDAY, the SECOND day of APRIL next, at a special meeting of the said Council, which shall be convened for that day at 7 o'clock P.M. All complaints touching the insertion or omission of names on the said lists shall be made in writing within fifteen days after the publication of the said notice.

The said lists shall come into force at the expiration of the thirty days following the present notice, as they then exist, and shall remain in force until the month of March next, and thereafter until new lists are made and put in force under the authority of "The Quebec Election Act."

By order,
L. A. CANNON,
City Clerk.

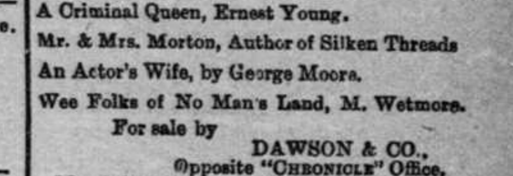
March 7, 1889.

NEW BOOKS !

FRENCH JANET, by Sarah Tytler.
The Match of the Season, Mrs. Alexr. Fraser.
The Blue Veil, Or the Angel of the Belfry, by Fortune Du Boisgobey.
A Missing Husband, George R. Sims.
The Mill Mystery, Author of Leavenworth Case.
The Missing Rubies, Sarah Daudney.
A Criminal Queen, Ernest Young.
Mr. & Mrs. Morton, Author of Silken Threads
An Actor's Wife, by George Moore.
Wee Folks of No Man's Land, M. Wetmore.

For sale by
DAWSON & CO.,
Opposite "CHRONICLE" Office.

March 8, 1889.



Quebec Steamship Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, for the Election of Directors, and transaction of other business, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Quebec, on WEDNESDAY, 27th March inst., at THREE o'clock P.M.

The Transfer Book will remain closed from this date to the 27th instant, both days inclusive

ARTHUR AHERN,
Secretary.

March 15, 1889.

A. S. PFEIFFER & CO'S

Renovating and Carpet Cleaning Establishment

CONNECTION WITH THEIR WELL-KNOWN

DYE WORKS.

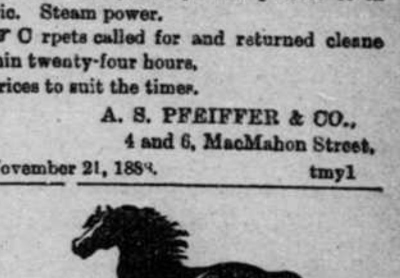
THE ABOVE WISH TO CALL PARticular attention to Carpet Cleaning by a new and entirely uninjurious process to the fabric. Steam power.

Carpets called for and returned cleane within twenty-four hours.

Prices to suit the times.

A. S. PFEIFFER & CO.,
4 and 6, MacMahon Street.

November 21, 1888. tmyl



Dr. BARTON'S

PICK-ME-UP

HORSE POWDERS

ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD

See Testimonials.

W. B. ROGERS - - Druggist,
AGENT FOR QUEBEC.

February 6, 1889. Fm

TENDERS

—WILL BE RECEIVED—

Until the First day of April next,

—FOR THE—

Erection of Two Stone Abutments for the New Iron Bridge of River Ouelle.

The Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of M. Macquet, Government Engineer of Iron Bridges, or at the office of the undersigned.

The Council does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHS. A. ERN. GAGNON,
S. T. M. C. R. O

March 9, 1889. O

LENNOXVILLE.

Trinity Term in COLLEGE and SCHOOL begins April 6, 1889.

For Calendars, apply to
Rev. Principal ADAMS,

March 9, 1889.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106, Wall St., N.Y.

March 29, 1887 Lm

Art and Home Decoration!

Send this advertisement and $4 00 (subscription price for 1889) DIRECT TO THE PUBLISHER, before January 1st, and you will receive

THE ART AMATEUR

From October, 1888, to December, 1889.

33 Beautiful Colored Plates.

Portrait, Fruit, Flower, Marine, and Landscape Studies (for copying or framing), and charming designs for China Painting. Also

150 Pages of Useful Designs

in black and white, working size, admirably adapted for Oil and Water-Color Painting, China Painting, Church and Home Embroidery, Wood Carving, Brass Hammering, and other Art Work

350 Pages of Practical Text,

Including five *colored plates*, namely, a "STORMY COAST SCENE" in October; a "WATER LILY" and a "MOONLIGHT MARINE" in November; a "WINTER LANDSCAPE" and a charming female figure "HEARTS ARE TRUMPS," in December.

NOW (before January 1st) is the time to send, together with this advertisement, $4 for 1889, and secure all that is offered above, including FOUR EXTRA COLORED STUDIES, "Quiet Coast Scene," "Little Rosebud (Child)," "Ferns," "Birds of Paradise," making

33 COLORED PLATES

The Twenty-four Colored Studies for 1889 will include Autumn Landscape, Winter Landscape, Sunset Landscape, Sunset Marine, Jacqueminot Roses, Carnations, Daffodils, Tulips, Apples, Girl's Head, and others not yet chosen. *You are invited to state your preferences without delay.* Address

Montague Marks, 23, Union Square, N.Y.

December 31, 1888.

Royal Military College OF CANADA, Kingston, Ontario.

THE ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE is established for the purpose of imparting a complete education in all branches of military tactics, fortification engineering and general scientific knowledge in subjects connected with and necessary to a thorough knowledge of the military profession, and for qualifying officers for command and for Staff appointments.

(a) In addition, the course of instruction is such as to afford a thorough practical scientific and sound training in all departments which are essential to a high and general modern education.

(b) The Civil Engineering Course is complete and thorough in all branches.

(c) The obligatory course of surveying is such as is required for the profession of Dominion Land Surveyor; the voluntary course of surveying is that which is required for Dominion Topographical Surveyors.

Matriculation Examination takes place in June each year. Candidates must be over fifteen and under eighteen years of age on preceding 1st of January.

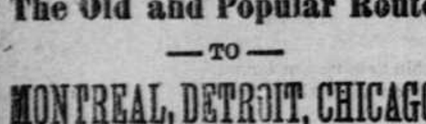
Length of College Course, four years.

Four commissions in the Imperial Regular Army are awarded to graduates annually.

Board and Instruction $100 for each term, consisting of ten months' residence.

For particulars apply to the Adjutant-General of Militia Ottawa.

May 31, 1888. Lm



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

The Old and Popular Route

— TO —

MONTREAL, DETROIT, CHICAGO

—AND—

All the Principal Points in Canada and the United States.

IT IS POSITIVELY THE

Only Line From Toronto

Running the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Parlor Cars.

SPEED, SAFETY, CIVILITY.

Toronto to Chicago in 14 Hours

Best and Quickest Route to MANITOBA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and the PACIFIC COAST.

FOR FARES, Time Table Tickets and general formation apply at the Union Depot, City Ticket Office, corner King and Yonge, and 20 York Street Toronto or to any of the Company's Agents

JOSEPH HICKSON
General Manager.

January 21, 1888. Lm

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—"*Civil Service Gazette.*"

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

September 25, 18 -d&w

All cases of weak or lame back, backache, rheumatism, will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Price 25 cents. Try them.
m w,fri&w

At Sea: A Revery.

BY LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON.

Far on the gray sea glooms and glowers—
Far off the salt winds vaguely stray—
And through the long, monotonous hours
My thoughts go wandering on their way—

Go back to find that earlier time
When, lingering by a bluer sea,
A poet wooed me with his rhyme,
And all the world was changed for me.

The winds to music strange were set—
The sunsets glowed with sudden flame,
And all the shining sands were wet
With waves that whispered as they came,

And told a tender, low-breathed tale
Of love that always should be young;
Dear love that should not change or fail—
Such love as love-lorn bards have sung.

Pale roses bloomed by that far sea,
And shivered at the sea-wind's breath—
A bird flew low and sang to me—
"The end of love and life is death."

I left the pale rose where it grew—
I would not heed the warning bird—
Of all the world *I* only knew
How sweet the music I had heard—

How dear the love, how true the truth
My poet uttered in his rhyme;
And how it gave me back my youth
In that deep hearted summer time.

Then winter came—the pale rose died,
And to the south the wise bird flew;
And I—ah me, the world is wide,
And poets love while love is new.

OPINIONS OF THE PEOPLE.

(*To the Editor of the Morning Chronicle.*)

DEAR SIR,—Referring to the death of the pilot, Mr. Yves Sylvestre, who was buried today, (Thursday), you might insert in your paper that he was coming up from below late in the Fall with another pilot, Mr. William Lachance, and his son, who was then apprentice pilot, when the boat which carried the three of them was upset off Grosse Isle in 1842.

Both Mr. William Lachance and his son were drowned, but Mr. Yves Sylvestre was saved by another pilot boat coming astern.

Mr. William was the father of Capt. L. H. Lachance, pilot and master of the tug "Lake," and Mr. Numa Lachance, one of the Allan pilots for over 25 years.

Yours truly,
CAPT. L. H. LACHANCE,
Tug "Lake."

St. Michel, 21st March, 1889.

Tug-of-War.

(*To the Editor of the Morning Chronicle.*)

DEAR SIR,—I would suggest as a truce to all the newspaper talk indulged in by the representatives of the "St. Louis" and "Thistle"-Quebec Snow-Shoe Club,—though I cannot understand the Snow-Shoe Club being introduced into the matter,—that the two Captains meet and arrange for a pull, the nett monetary proceeds of the "gate"—if any—to be applied to charity.

If my memory serves me well, I think I saw a similar proposition advanced by the "St. Louis" Club, upon the occasion of a former contest between the above two teams.

Less talk boys, and
LET HER GO GALLAGHER.

Quebec, March 23, 1889.

How Philip Welch Wrote Jokes.

(*From the N. Y. Sun.*)

It was amazing, and it will always remain amazing, how Welch wrote jokes. He made it appear the easiest work a pen could be put to, except addressing envelopes. Of course, he spent many hours in originating the matter in his brain, but all that anyone saw was the writing of them in this marvellous fashion. Day after day the editor to whom he turned in his "copy" used to hold up the little bundles of manuscript and say to his friends: "Look at this! I get as much every day. Welch fills his head and his pockets and bootlegs and gripsack with jokes every night, and comes over here and pours them out on my desk."

They could not all be accepted, of course, and by and by it came to be noticed that Mr. Welch wanted to have returned to him all that were not used; later still, that he wrote more than he turned out for the *Sun*. He was extending his market. It is a fact that he continued to extend it until he almost cornered the market. He became a gigantic joke trust all within himself. At the time of his last illness he was writing his exquisite paragraphs for the *Sun*, the *Times*, *Drake's Magazine*, *Epoch*, *Puck*, *Life*, *Judge*, *Harper's Bazar*, and a dozen lesser publications, some far out West. Every week he waited for the San Francisco *Argonaut* which copies its jokes from the Eastern press. He would run his eye over that borrowed column, and find week after week that every joke, or all except one, perhaps, was from his pen, though nearly every one was credited to a different paper. Some were credited to papers he did not write for. Such were stolen, of course. That column interested Welch as a barometer interests a sailor. If he had found less and less of his work in it as time went on he would have been alarmed, but as long as he lived that was his column.

But the wonders about Welch are yet to be told. When he was at his best, when he had a corner in humor and was making half the Continent laugh, a sore broke out on the back of his tongue, and for weeks it nagged and worried him night and day, walking and sleeping and joking—for it never stopped his flow of fun. The doctors declared the sore a cancer, so he announced between jokes at the office, and the next thing his friends knew he had gone to the hospital to have an operation performed. The doctors cut a large part of his tongue out. Incredible as it must appear, it is still the fact that beyond a shadow of pain in his face and a hint of sadness in his voice he was back again in a few days the same Phil Welch; no, not the same, but a lighter Welch than he had been before. He believed the cancerous element in his system had been eradicated. It was like sudden liberty to a man confined under sentence of death. He reappeared at his desk with his sober face and businesslike air writing his jokes as a canary sings—each one taking up the middle of half a sheet of note paper.

Something Electricity is Doing.

Under the title "Something Electricity is Doing," Charles Barnard writes in the March *Century*:

"To the student of social science the electric motor is full of suggestions for the future. If power can be subdivided and conveyed to a distance, why may not our present factory system of labor be ultimately completely changed? People are huddled together under one roof because belts and shafts are so publickly short. If power may traverse a wire, why not take the power to the people's homes, or to smaller and more healthful shops in pleasanter places? To-day we find sewing women crowded into a hot, stuffy room, close to the noise, smell, dust, and terrible heat of some little steam engine at one end of the room. The place must be on a lower floor because of the weight of the engine and the cost of carrying coal upstairs. Let us see how the work may be done with motors. We may take the elevator in a wholesale clothing warehouse on Bleecker street and pass through the salesrooms to the top floor. The building is lofty and of light construction, and yet we find in the bright and pleasant attic above the housetops a hundred girls, each using power. They are seated at long tables, each one having a sewing-machine, and secured to the under side of the table is a small electric motor, one to each machine. The operator has only to touch a foot-pedal and the motor starts, giving about one-tenth of a horse-power, at very high speed. If the speed is too fast it can be regulated at will by the pressure of the foot on the treadle. There is no heat, no dust or ill-smelling oil, and only a slight humming sound, the sewing-machine itself making more noise than the motor. The room is sweet, clean, and light, and it is in every respect a healthful workroom. If we look out of the window we see two insulated wires passing under the sash down to the electric-light wires on the poles below. There are people who cry out against the overhead wires, and would pull them all down. Some day they will be buried underground. Meanwhile, is it not an immense gain for these working girls to be placed in a quiet, sunny room, far from the maddening engine? In another shop on Broadway we may see a different arrangement. A two-horse-power motor takes its current from an electric-light wire in the street, and redistributes its power to shafting placed under the work-tables. Each operator with a touch of the foot throws her machine into gear, and takes her share of the two-horse-power."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

February 23, 1889. m,w,fri&w.Lm

A MILLIONAIRE'S WHIMS.

LIFE STORY OF PHILADELPHIA'S GREAT PHILANTHROPIST.

How He Pinched the Coppers while Preparing to Give Away Millions—Economy that Many Would Call Meanness—He Always Haggled Over His Bills.

(*Philadelphia Times.*)

In 1837 or 1838 Mr. Williamson, who was satisfied with the fortune he had accumulated, retired. He was then worth $200,000 and was 35 years old, and the richest young merchant in Philadelphia, who had made his money by his own exertions. In those days he was a social lion. He had a wide circle of acquaintances and had the entree into the select society of the town. He attended the assemblies, fashionable balls, and theatres, and was quite a beau. He spent money liberally upon his dress and was not inclined to be charitable at that time. He took a notion that he would like to see the world and took passage on a packet ship for England. He remained abroad for two years, and visited the principal countries of Europe, including Russia. He returned to Philadelphia, intending to remain about six months and then go abroad again, but he got interested in some investments. He began to speculate in coal lands in Pennsylvania and in other solid securities and was very successful.

In less than ten years after his return from Europe, the then farmer's boy of Bucks County was one of the four millionaires in Philadelphia. He became engrossed in money-making entirely, and withdrew gradually from the social pleasures which had formerly been his delight. The dead millionaire, whose fortune is estimated at from $12,000,000 to $15,000,000, never married. For many years he seldom visited his relatives. After he had made a million his life began to change, and he had no time for anything except money-making. The days and nights were not long enough for him. Mr. Williamson began to get careless of his dress, and his head became white with age and care, and he developed into a character and became

VERY PENURIOUS.

Whether there was ever a love affair in his life is not known. Until he was 40 years of age he sought the society of women in a social way. In his younger years dancing was a great hobby with him. He was one of the best dancers that ever appeared at Saratoga, where he went every summer for several years. He frequently led the grand march at the hops at the fashionable hotels. He learned dancing from the best masters in Philadelphia. Before the change came in his life he was never known to lose his temper. He was always affable, obliging and polite, fond of a good story, a good laugh and a good dinner. He never kept house, although he was one of the most extensive owners of city dwellings on the tax list. He passed his life in boarding houses and hotels until he was assailed with feebleness last fall, when he went to board with his niece, Mrs. Denckla.

For many years he walked wherever he went to save car fare and hack hire. While he was giving largely to charity he was practising an economy that in most men would have been said to have approached meanness. It is related of him that a few years ago he had a room in an upper storey of a house on Chestnut street, above Nineteenth. He discovered that others were paying less money for similar privileges. He said nothing, but he packed his trunk and, like Longfellow's Arab, stole silently away. He afterwards indulged in the luxury of summer boarding at Bryn Mawr. A coach plied between the railroad station and the hotel. Mr. Williamson used it for a week. Then a bill was presented to him for coach fare at the rate of ten cents a ride. The old man glanced at the bill

IN MILD SURPRISE.

He paid it without a word of expostulation. The next day the driver of the coach bowed obsequiously and flung open his door as soon as the best form of his millionaire customer alighted from the train. It was raining at the time. Mr. Williamson raised his blue cotton umbrella, from which he was never separated, and, without even a glance of recognition at the astonished coachman, trudged on up the muddy road to the hotel.

In the memory of the oldest inhabitant Mr Williamson never appeared in a new suit of clothes. Generations of bankers on Third street were accustomed to see a little, thin, bent, shabbily dressed figure making its way painfully along the financial thoroughfare with eyes seeking the ground and hands behind the back clutching the blue cotton umbrella.

A second-class tailor, who had a shop on one of the alleys bisecting Third street, repaired and cleaned Mr. Williamson's suit of clothes. With him the director of a dozen powerful institutions and the possessor of millions of securities would haggle for a quarter of an hour over the charge of repairing a coat lining.

In his later years Mr. Williamson suffered so much from corns that he found himself compelled either to give up pedal locomotion or to submit to an operation at the hands of a chiropodist. On the recommendation of the officers of the Girard Bank he called upon Chiropodist Goldberg, who had an office on Chestnut street, and submitted to the excision. When Goldberg presented his bill Mr. Williamson paid it willingly and remarked: "You are the only man who ever gave me the worth of my money."

Mr. Williamson never missed a day at his office, which was for many years located at 30 Bank street. He went there rain or shine, in summer and winter. Early in last year, when his infirmities began to tell upon him, he was reluctantly compelled to provide himself with a horse and

CARRIAGE AND A COACHMAN.

He bought a plain one-horse carriage and a very tame horse, and surprised his acquaintances by placing upon the panels of the carriage, "I. V. Williamson, private."

For years and years he was shaved in Black's barber shop in Elbow lane. Barber Blank, in speaking of his millionaire customer, said:—

"He was generally the last customer of the day to come in, and no matter how hot the day might be he would insist upon having all the doors and windows shut tight. I believe he would have even stopped up the keyhole, so great was his dislike and fear of a draught. While being shaved Mr. Williamson never talked nor did he encourage it in his barber. He was never guilty, during the eight years that he patronised my shop, of a hair-cut. His niece, he told me, always cut his hair. I was always sure of my ten cents for my shave, but no more. And he never remembered me at Christmas, but I suppose he never thought of it. One evening about 7 o'clock he came into the shop, and was more feeble than usual. I had to hang his coat and vest up for him. As I placed the vest on the peg I saw a flat wad of greenbacks sticking out of the upper pocket, and there, staring me in the face, was

A THOUSAND DOLLAR BILL.

He must have had a very large sum of money on him that day. When he left and went into Elbow lane it was pitch dark, and I thought how easy it would have been for even a boy to have robbed him then."

About noon it was Mr. Williamson's custom to go to a saloon and call for a glass of beer. He would get near the free lunch and eat a good many crackers and some cheese. He never drank up the beer, and it was the supposition that he frequented the saloon for the lunch he got. After his cracker-and-cheese dinner he would frequently go back to his office and fill out a cheque for some charity. When he became so feeble that he was obliged to set up a carriage he ceased drinking beer and took to spirits, always sending his coachman into the saloon for a punch about noon.

For many years Mr. Williamson went to Mrs. Conant's little shop, at the corner of Exchange place and Carter's alley, to have his clothing repaired, his socks darned, and his underclothing patched. Mrs. Conant has a good many customers, but none, she says, like the old millionaire. "When he would bring his clothes to be overhauled," she says, "they were ready to drop off of him and just hung together. It was an awful job to fix them up. His underclothes he wore until there was no more wear in them, and they could be mended no further. When he would bring me his socks to be darned he would always bring along the yarn, and would want that counted in the bill."

He always haggled over the bills.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

The real property held in Paris is valued at eighty milliards of francs.

Milking Whales for Consumptives.

(*From the Druggists' Bulletin.*)

In London recently my attention was attracted by a huge sign on the opposite side of the street, and also by the number of people flocking into the building. The sign read as follows: "Whaloid, Infallible Cure for Consumption. Dispensing hours, 8 to 10 a.m., 3 to 5 p.m."

Entering the building I was at a loss what to make of the matter, as all I could see was the crowd and a large tank in the centre of the room. This tank was some seventy feet long, thirty feet wide, and, as I learned afterward, about thirty feet deep, having been constructed at a great expense. While waiting patiently for developments I found that the liquid was being lowered or let out by some means. Soon a smooth black surface appeared to view, and as the water continued to recede I became aware that a captive whale was on exhibition. Surprised at not having to pay any admission fee, I was soon made aware of the reason. A frame work had been constructed, on which the animal rested, and soon an expert milkman was engaged in extracting for the consumptives whaloid (or whale's milk), which was greedily absorbed at five shillings per glass. This plan seems to be identical with that of the milk-men in Naples, who lead a cow to the door and deliver the fluid in the presence of the consumer, so that the latter can be satisfied that no illegal dilution is indulged in. I had hardly recovered from my surprise at this unique idea of getting nature's own emulsions when I was to encounter a severer shock. Joining the throng who were leaving, I found myself drifting further down the street toward Southampton Row. The place of attraction proved to be, however, a smaller building, also labelled in a mysterious manner: "Codloids. Authorized agency protected by letters patent. Supplied to subscribers only. Specific for rheumatism and consumption."

Now what do you suppose codloids proved to be? Why, eggs of the codfish, and wonderfully large ones, too. They were retailed at two shillings per egg, and eaten raw with a little sodium chloride, which in plain English means salt!

Not Obedience but Soap.

The scholars in a girl's primary department of a Camden public school were in the habit of bringing small bottles of soap suds to school to use in cleaning their slates. The thing soon became a nuisance. The children neglected their lessons and spent their time in shaking bottles of suds. The teacher forbade them bringing any more. A few days afterward the teacher caught one of the little girls with a bottle which she was shaking.

"Didn't I tell you not to bring that here again?" she demanded.

"Yes'm," was the answer.

"Well, is that obedience?" inquired the teacher.

"No, ma'am."

"Then what is it?"

"Soap."

The teacher bit her lips to keep from laughing, while the other scholars joined in a general titter.—Philadelphia *Press.*

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

What Everybody Should Know.

WISE AND OTHERWISE

That charity which longs to publish itself, ceases to be charity.

Ill-fitting boots and shoes cause corns. Holloway's Corn Cure is the article to use. Get a bottle at once and cure your corns. d&w

You may be pretty sure that the man who wishes he had more money in order to do good with it, is not in the habit of doing as much good as he might with the money now entrusted to him.

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure, and effectual. Try it and mark the improvement in your child. d&w

Sir Edwin Arnold has just had a large tumor removed from his head, and he will soon discard the skull cap he has long been wearing. He recently underwent an operation for hepatic abscess.

Joseph Rusan, Percy, writes:—"I was induced to try *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* for a lameness which troubled me for three or four years, and I found it the best article I ever tried. It has been a great blessing to me."

March 23. 889 d&w

The coldness and lack of unction in Mary Anderson's stage kiss has often been commented on. Perhaps the fault is not her's. It has just been made public that one of her favorite dishes is beefsteak fried with onions.

So rapidly does lung irritation spread and deepen, that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough there is always danger in delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

March 23, 1889. d&w

John Jacob Astor has all his life been a firm believer in the efficacy of pedestrian exercise as a means of health. He rarely enters a public vehicle, no matter what the weather may be, and seldom makes use of his own private carriage, one of the plainest and most inconspicuous of all the millionaires' in New York.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment—Bilious affections, with all their concomitant annoyances induced by atmospheric changes, or too liberal diet, should be checked at once, or serious consequences may ensue. When any one finds his ideas less clear than usual, his eyesight dimmed, and his head dizzy, accompanied by a disinclination for all exertion, physical or mental, he may be quite sure that he is in immediate need of some alterative medicine. Let him at once send for a box of Holloway's Pills a mild course of which will remove the symptoms, and speedily renew his usual healthful feeling. If the bowels be irritable, Holloway's Ointment should be diligently rubbed over the stomach and liver every night and morning.

March 23. 9. L bo&w

A New Jersey bird dog went into a room where a parrot was at liberty, when he stopped and pointed. The bird approached, looked the dog square in the eye, and said, "You're a rascal!" The dog was so surprised at hearing the bird speak that he dropped his tail, wheeled and ran away, and from that day to this he has never been known to point a bird.

ELECTRICITY! THOMAS' EXCELSIOR ECLECTRIC OIL! WORTH TEN TIMES ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.—Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures catarrh, asthma and croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back, of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical:—J. Collard, of Sparta, Ont., writes, "Send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you, and want more now, its cures are truly wonderful."——Wm. McGuire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now.——H. Cole of Iona, writes, "Please forward 6 dozen Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil, I am nearly out, nothing equals it."——J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes "Send me at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well and give such general satisfaction."——J. Thompson, Woodford, writes, "Send me some more Eclectric Oil, I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it. ——Miller & Reid, Ulverton, P.Q., write, "The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay."

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—Ask for Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of *S. N. Thomas* is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottle, and *Take no other*. Sold by all medicine dealers.

July 12, 1887. d&w

Two ladies had an amusing experience in making a formal call the other day. The maid asked them to wait until she ascertained whether the persons enquired for were in. Presently she tripped down stairs and announced: "The ladies are not at home." One of the ladies finding that she had forgotten her cards said to her friend, "Let me write my name on your card." "Oh, it isn't at all necessary, Miss," put in the maid cheerfully, "I told them who it was!" Exit callers, with suppressed emotion.

Stop That Cough.

Many people neglect what they call a simple cold, which, if not checked in time, may lead to Lung trouble. *Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites*, will not only stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed by thousands of Physicians. Palatable as Milk Try it. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1 00

March 6, 1889. dec31-m,w&sat

Reason for Marrying.—"So, in spite of all your previous resolutions, you are going to marry?" "Only out of revenge. My best friend has just married, and did not invite me to the wedding. I will be revenged."—*Fliegende Blatter.*

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic on a weak stomach.

The drying up a single tear has more of honest fame than shedding seas of gore.

PRINTING! PRINTING!

SPRING TRADE

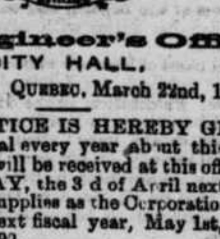
PRINTING OF ALL KINDS
NEATLY
—AND—
CHEAPLY EXECUTED
AT THE OFFICE OF
—THE—
Morning Chronicle

Books.
Pamphlets,
Factums,
Etc., Etc.
Posters,
Hand Bills,
Cards,
Etc., Etc.

Printed in All Possible Styles
—TO—
SUIT THE PUBLIC TASTE.

Orders from the Country immediately attended to.

March 12, 1889.



City Engineer's Office,
CITY HALL,
QUEBEC, March 22nd, 1889.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as usual every year about this time Sealed Tenders will be received at this office up to WEDNESDAY, the 3rd of April next, at 4 P.M., for such supplies as the Corporation may require for the next fiscal year, May 1st, 1889, to April 30th, 1890.

Each tender will be endorsed Tender for "Broken Stone," "Stone Paving," "Deals," "Nails," "Forge Work," "Scantling," etc., as the case may be.

Each tender shall be made on a blank form to be had at this office, and shall be subscribed to by two responsible parties willing to assure the fulfillment of the contract.

Each tender shall cover the City Treasurer's receipt for the deposit with him of a certain sum to be mentioned in the blank form of tender—said sum to be confiscated in case of refusal to sign contract, returned to non-contractors, and retained till completion of contract.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest nor even any of the tenders.

The Corporation reserves the right of awarding to each tenderer only said items as he may be the lowest on, or which it may deem the more advantageous to award in the interests of the City.

The contractor to pay the Notary for drawing up the contract, and to supply the Corporation with a certified copy thereof.

CHS. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

March 23, 1889.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

Nomination of Candidates for the Election of Aldermen for St. Roch and Jacques Cartier Wards, and one Councillor for St. John and St. Roch Wards and two for Jacques Cartier Wards.

CITY HALL,
QUEBEC, 19th March, 1889.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Nomination of a Candidate or Candidates for the office of an Alderman for St. Roch and Jacques Cartier Wards, in the place and stead of Aldermen Barbeau and Rheaume, and one Councillor for St. Roch and two for Jacques Cartier Ward, in the place and stead of Councillors Goulet, Guay and Gagnon, and one Councillor for St. John Ward in the place and stead of Councillor Matte, who have respectively resigned their seats and whose resignations have been accepted by the Council, will take place on THURSDAY, the Twenty-Eighth day of March instant, between the hours of Nine o'clock in the forenoon and Four o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the City Clerk in the City Hall, in the City of Quebec, and, in case of more than one Candidate being nominated for the said offices of Aldermen and two for the office of Councillors for Jacques Cartier, and one for the office of Councillor for St. Roch and St. John Wards, I do hereby appoint the Fourth day of April next as the day upon which the voting shall take place, at the office of the said City Clerk, between Nine of the clock in the morning and Four of the clock in the afternoon of the said day.

F. LANGELIER,
Mayor.

Certified,
L. A. CANNON,
City Clerk.

March 20, 1889.

The CENTURY MAGAZINE IN 1889.

WHY has it such an enormous circulation Experts estimate that between two and three millions of people read each number.

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November 8, 1888. Fm ao thur

1889—The Weekly Herald—1889

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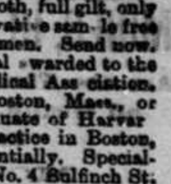

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May 31, 1888. t,th,sat&w

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