

W. & F. CURRIE & CO.,
Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,
Chimney Tops, Canada Cement,
Vent Linings, Water Lime,
Fire Bricks, Whiting,
Fire Clay, Plaster of Paris,
Roman Cement, Borax,
Bessemer Steel Sofa, Chair and Bed
Springs, China Clay.

VOL. LXXXIII—NO. 1

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 1, 1890.

SUBSCRIPTION \$6.00 PER ANNUM.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**GENUINE
LABRADOR HERRINGS**
Barrels No. 1 Lab. Herrings,
"Duff's" Brand,
"Cape Breton
Herrings,
"Nfld. Salmon,
"Green Codfish,
"Fws. Gaspe Dry Codfish.
FOR SALE BY
FERRET, STEWART & CO.,
271 to 275 Commissioners Street.

Genuine Labradors!

THE WELL KNOWN
MUNN BRAND
In Barrels, Halves and Quarters.—
NOW LANDING
XSS. VANGUARD, Six days from Labra-
dor Coast.
Quantity Limited and QUALITY UN-
PARALLELED.
Early application necessary.

TEWART MUNN & CO.,
22 ST. JOHN STREET.
Telephone, No. 1235. 178

STEEL RAILS
FOR SALE, ALL SIZES,
Quantities to Suit Purchasers.

J. J. COCHLIN,
364 ST. PAUL STREET.

Imberland Ry. & Coal Coy.
Are now shipping daily
Round Coal,
Stove Coal,
Nut Coal,
Culm Coal.
or prices apply
H. R. DRUMMOND,
Secretary.
P. O. BOX, 396.
Offices: 23 and 29 Imperial Buildings.

ENTER BROTHERS,
154 FIFTH AVENUE,
NEW YORK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Decorations, Furniture,
Stained Glass, Mosaics,
Gas Fixtures, &c.
IMPORTERS OF
RUGS, FINE CARPETS, CURTAIN
MATERIALS, PAPER-HANGINGS, &c.
Established in 1884, under the Act of Que-
bec, Chap. 38, for the benefit of the
Societies of Colonization of the Pro-
vince of Quebec.

CLASS D.
29th Monthly Drawing will take place
WEDNESDAY, JAN. 15th, 1890,
AT TWO O'CLOCK P.M.
Prizes Value, - - \$50,000
Capital Prize, worth 5,000
TICKETS, \$1.00.
Winners' names not published unless spe-
cially authorized.
Drawings on the third Wednesday of every
month.

EV. FATHER LABELLE.
Under the Patronage of the
NATIONAL COLONIZATION LOTTERY
Established in 1884, under the Act of Que-
bec, Chap. 38, for the benefit of the
Societies of Colonization of the Pro-
vince of Quebec.

IMPORTANT!
Markable Restoration to Health of
Well Known Canadians whose Cases
were Given up as incurable.
from the few of the hundreds of letters
have received from those who have
restored to health and strength by
use of that wonderful discovery,
Paine's Celery Compound, we make a
extracts. We hope that the thou-
sands of Canadian men and women
suffering from nervous and wasting
diseases, will profit by these true and
statements of facts.
J. S. Davidson, of Montreal, suffered
years with nervous dyspepsia, pain in
back, and sleeplessness. He tried doc-
without relief, was losing flesh rapidly,
had about given up heart when he
mended the use of Paine's Celery
Compound. "Now," he says, "I am a new
man. I sleep well and my food does not
me."
Jas. Johnson, 302 St. Charles Bor-
Street, Montreal, was weak and
ous, had no appetite, and could not
at night. His nerves were soothed
strengthened by Paine's Celery Com-
pound, and he soon became well and
strong.
Gourley, of River Rouge, de-
clared, "I found the Compound a certain cure
weakness, and now feels as well as she
did."
customer of Harrison Bros., drug-
Hamilton, Ont., told them that he
cured of nervous weakness by
use of two bottles of the Compound,
everything else has failed.
The little child of Mrs. C. E. Meredith,
of Albany St., Toronto, was cured of St.
Dance by Paine's Celery Compound.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER**
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of
purity, strength and wholesomeness. More
economical than the ordinary kinds, and
cannot be sold in competition with the multi-
tude of low-test, short weight alums or phos-
phate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL
BAKING POWDER CO. 105 Wall Street, N. Y.

WEATHER REPORT.

MONTREAL, Dec. 31, 1889.
Temperature in the shade by standard
thermometer, observed by Pearson & Har-
rison, opticians and mathematical instru-
ment makers, 1040 and 1042 Notre Dame
street—8 a.m., 10; 1 p.m., 2; 6 p.m., 22.
Max., 22; min., 4; mean, 15. By stand-
ard barometer—8 a.m., 30.87; 1 p.m.,
30.88; 6 p.m., 30.89.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

TORONTO, Ont., Dec. 31, 11 p.m.
The high pressure over eastern Canada
still hovers there and is increasing. The
depression in the west is moving slowly
eastward. High pressure continues in
the Northwest, with fair, cold weather.
It is generally fine from the lakes to the
Atlantic.

Minimum temperature—Calgary, 11°
below zero; Winnipeg, 6° below; Toron-
to, 17°; Kingston, 14°; Montreal, 14°;
Quebec, 6° below; Halifax, 16°.

Probabilities.

Lakes—Strong east to south winds;
mostly cloudy weather with light local
falls of sleet or snow; rising tempera-
ture.
St. Lawrence—Strong east to south
winds; fair weather; rising tempera-
ture.
Gulf—East to south winds; fair;
stationary or a little higher temperature.
Maritime—North to east winds; fine
and cold.

None But the Brave Deserve the Fair.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—A cablegram
from the *Pacific Mail* says that Slavina
about to marry Edith Slater, barmaid.

General Election in New Brunswick.
FREDERICTON, N.B., Dec. 31.—The House
of Assembly has been dissolved. Nomina-
tion January 13th. Polling January
20th.

Bitten by a Savage Boar.

HAMILTON, Dec. 31.—A young farmer
named Charles Reding, who lives near
Ancaster, was severely wounded yester-
day by being bitten on the leg by a
savage boar. The wounds are very
severe, and if blood poisoning sets in
will prove dangerous.

Rescued British Sailors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The steamship
Benland, which arrived yesterday from
Antwerp, brought to the port the captain
and crew of five men, of the British
barkentine Jaun, of Saona, who were
rescued in mid-ocean from the sinking
ship.

Bondsman Must Cash Up.

WINDSOR, Ont., Dec. 31.—The bonds-
man of ex-County Treasurer Wright
have received notice from the Warden
that they must come forward and pay
the \$20,000 deficiency, but they have not
done so, and say they will not until the
court of last appeal compels them.

Volunteer to Marry.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—An English lady,
whose unostentatious ministrations to
the sick have attracted rich attention
recently, has volunteered as a nurse
in the Hawaiian Leper tlement, on
the Island of Molokai, and has announ-
ced her intention to sail for that place
almost immediately.

Looking Up Canal Ethics.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 31.—The trustees
of the bondholders of the Chesapeake
and Ohio Canal Co. yesterday filed
asking for the appointment of a receiver
to take charge of the canal, borrow
money to repair it and open it. The
trustees say that it is a mistake to believe
that the day for successful canals is
past. They don't want any political
management of the canal.

Tax on Gross Railway Receipts.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 31.—Governor Jackson
in his message to the Legislature which
meets to-morrow, will recommend a
general law for a tax on the gross receipts
of foreign corporations. He says railroad
companies own \$125,000,000 of property
in Maryland and pay only \$58,000 taxes,
and recommends an annual tax of 2
per cent. on their gross receipts. He
favors shortening the time for filing
returns and advises the passage of a
high license law.

U. S. Telegraphic Brevities.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Dec. 31.—The
House, a large summer house at the
Catskills, at Haine's Corners, was
burned yesterday.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A fire this morn-
ing in the rooms of the Telegraph
Club, No. 50 Church street, damaged
furniture to the extent of \$2,000.

AUBURN, N. Y., Dec. 31.—The com-
mission to test the electrical execution
chamber in the prison here reached to-
day. The commission would at
no report to be present at the test.

BOSTON, Dec. 31.—At a meeting of
directors of the Boston and Maine R.
way Company to-day President Geo.
C. Lord tendered his resignation. He
Frank Jones was elected his successor.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The steamer *Far*
day has succeeded in repairing in mid-
ocean one of the Western Union Atlantic
cables which has been broken for some
time. This now gives the pool companies
all of their seven cables except one for
Atlantic traffic.

HAVE YOU TRIED?

Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder!
It is the purest of the pure. All grocers
sell it.

PARNELL'S DENIAL.

His Relations With Mrs. O'Shea
Were Entirely Platonic.

BROWNING RESTS IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

England's Premier in Clutches
of La Grippe.

HE IS NO GAY LOTHARIO.

Mr. Parnell Denies the Accusation.
LONDON, Dec. 31.—Mr. Parnell, in his
instructions to his solicitor to employ
every possible effort to expedite the
transmission to him of Capt. O'Shea's
citation in the latter's suit for divorce,
declares he is prepared to meet with re-
tutation any charge O'Shea may make
connecting him criminally or in any
manner unconventional with Mrs.
O'Shea. The affair is still a matter of
newspaper comment, but the general
opinion is Mr. Parnell will not suffer in
his political standing thereby. The
most notable exception to this way of
thinking is the *World*, which is of the
opinion that Mr. Parnell will be com-
pelled to retire from the leadership of
the Irish party, temporarily at least, in
favour of Mr. Justin McCarthy, or Mr.
John Dillon. Doubtless the wish is
father to the thought.

WITH ENGLAND'S GLORIOUS DEAD

Browning Laid to Rest in Westminster
Abbey.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Not in many years
has London witnessed a funeral under
circumstances and conditions more som-
ber and entirely in keeping with the
solemnity of the occasion than those
which marked the obsequies of Robert
Browning in Westminster Abbey to-day.
A dense fog enveloped the city like
a great winding sheet, penetrated
every nook of the vast edifice,
and settled down upon the coffin
of the dead poet like a veritable
pall. The vast crowds which assembled
in the vicinity of the abbey were no less
affected by the pervading gloom than
were those more fortunate in gaining ad-
mission, but scarcely less so in the
matter of elbow room. The services,
depressing amidst brighter sur-
roundings, were awe-inspiring in the ex-
treme, and the immense concourse as-
sembled, including numbers of England's
gifted devotees of science, art, music and
letters, were affected to a degree that
admitted of no concealment. The coffin
was deposited in a grave under the
shadow of a bust of Longfellow,
the dense fog which prevailed com-
pletely obscured the cortege from the
view of the crowds assembled to witness
it. The interment was made in the
"poet's corner" of the abbey. The floral
offerings were unique, costly and mag-
nificent. The music included Wesley's
anthem, "We all go to our place," and
the strain, "He giveth his beloved
sleep." The collect was read by the dean
of the abbey, the Very Rev. G. G. Gran-
ville Bradley. The edifice was crowded
with notable persons, who manifested
sincere mourning.

LORD SALISBURY HAD LA GRIPPE.

Tried to Keep It a Profound Secret.
LONDON, Dec. 31.—The air of mystery
surrounding the illness of Lord Salis-
bury, about whose condition all sorts of
reports have been circulated, has led
suspicious persons to ascertain the facts,
which are just now brought to light.

Lord Salisbury was taken ill with in-
fluenza on December 24th. He caused
the strictest secrecy to be observed with
regard to his condition and its cause,
and the Queen sent to him her own
physician, Sir Wm. Jenner.

On December 26th the Premier became
worse and for three days was unable
to leave his bed. He is now able to sit up,
but will be confined to his room for sev-
eral days and probably compelled to re-
main in the house for a fortnight. The
attack of "grippe" was very severe and
there is still fear of the superintention
of pneumonia, which His Lordship is con-
stitutionally unfitted to combat. As far
as possible he refrains from the consid-
eration of transaction of any public busi-
ness.

FAST OCEAN TRAVELLING.

The City of Paris Breaks the Record.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The steamer *City* of
Paris, from New York for Liverpool, ar-
rived at Queenstown to-day. The time
of her passage was 5 days, 22 hours, 50
minutes. This beats the record by seven
minutes, which was made by the same
steamer on November 4th.

FROM THE DOMINION CAPITAL.

Rideau Club Dinner—New Freight
Changing Quarters—Cabinet Council
—Went Through the Ice—Miners In-
jured—La Grippe.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 31.—The annual
dinner of the members of the Rideau
Club took place this evening. There were
about forty members present. Sheriff
Sweetland, the president of the club, pre-
sided.

Mr. J. Smith, the new general freight
and passenger agent of the C.P.R., vice
Mr. Percy Fidd, arrived this morning
from St. Paul. Mr. Smith was employed
on the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba
Railway. His duties commence to-
morrow.

The Survey Branch of the Department
of the Interior, of which Captain Deville
chief, is moving into the offices re-
cently vacated by the Post Office De-
partment in the Bank of Ottawa build-
ing.

The Council of Ministers was in ses-
sion all day, luncheon being supplied in
the chamber.
It is understood, says the *Journal*, that

the revision of the tariff will probably
leave breadstuffs as they are at present.
The Governor-General will hold a
levee at noon.

A farmer named James Anderson,
while driving across the Ottawa river
above Lake Duchene, went through the
ice and came near losing his life. After
considerable trouble he succeeded in
rescuing one of his horses. The other,
along with a sleigh load of provisions,
went to the bottom.

Camille Deslauriers Edward Joliet,
miners employed in the phosphate mines
near Buckingham, were brought to that
place yesterday in a dying condition.
Both men were injured by a large block
of phosphate falling upon them.

An influenza epidemic, similar to La
Grippe, has struck Ottawa. Many people
are suffering from the disease and the
medical profession consider that in all
probability Ottawa will have a siege of it.

DYNAMITING A NEWSPAPER STAFF.

Revealed For a Few Jocular Paragraphs.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 31.—A special
to the *Tribune* from Waverly, Iowa, says:
Late last night unknown parties ex-
ploded a large dynamite bomb in the
stairway leading to the *Independent Print-*
ing Office and the Western Union Tele-
graph Office. The bomb exploded with
terrible force, demolishing the stairway
and front of the building. The bomb
was a 14 inch gas pipe, about a foot
long, sealed at either end with several
ounces of lead and charged with dynamite.
It is thought to have been placed there
by some one who had a grudge against
the printers of the *Independent* office, for
who have been getting out a holiday
edition, in which several "roasts" have
been printed, and who were in the
building at the time of the explosion
getting out their last issue.

THE OUTLOOK FOR 1890.

A Prosperous Year Prophesied.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—The *Commercial*
Advertiser says that interviews with many
leading business men as to the prospects
for 1890 reveal the almost unanimous be-
lief that the coming year will be one of
unusual prosperity. Among others whose
views have been reported is Erasmus
Wiman, who is perhaps about as well
posted on business conditions as any
other man in the country, having vast
interests both here and in Canada. He
has made a careful study of the
situation. He says "if next year is not
the most prosperous year in our history
great calamities, which man cannot fore-
see, must occur. In all my business ex-
perience I have not seen a more favor-
able outlook. From all parts of the
country good news is coming in. Nearly
every great industry is reported to be
prospering, and business men of large
and small trade appear to be in unusu-
ally prosperous circumstances. Our crops
this year have been most plentiful. The
development of the country has been
unparalleled."

able Brevities.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—Prince Bismarck is
suffering from a return of his old enemy,
neuralgia, the result of a cold contracted
a few days ago.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—M. Constans, minister
of the Interior, in a speech at Toulouse,
advocated a policy steering between pro-
tection and free trade.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—The municipality of
Munich has voted to confer the title of
honorary citizen upon Herman Louis
Lingg, the German poet.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 31.—An ukase has
been issued ordering all licenses for
foreign joint stock companies to trade in
Russia to be renewed for 1890.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—The Government has
ordered the suspension from parochial
duty of 300 priests in various parts of
France for interfering in the recent
elections.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—In a letter, received
by the Relief Committee, Enin Pasha
says he is still ready to do all that lies
in his power to assist Germany's in-
terests in Africa.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—A paymaster ser-
geant, named Schmidt, has absconded
from Brunswick, taking with him the
cash box of the garrison containing a
large sum of money belonging to the
officers.

VIENNA, Dec. 31.—All schools in this
city have been ordered to be closed for
a week on account of prevalence of in-
fluenza. The hospitals are so crowded that
a special structure has been erected for
influenza patients. The epidemic is in-
creasing.

It Pays to be Polite.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 31.—The lady em-
ployees of the Bell Telephone Exchange
here were to-day each presented with \$20
in gold by the subscribers in recognition
of their amiability, uniform courtesy,
etc., during the past year.

Acres of Land Settle Several Feet.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 30.—A cave-in
of large proportions occurred at Plains,
a suburb, this afternoon. Without warn-
ing the surface of the earth settled and
great holes were formed, some of them
thirty feet deep. St. Leo's Catholic
Church was damaged as was the parson-
age and several other buildings. Several
acres were affected.

Three Bold Robbers at Racine, Wis.

RACINE, Wis., Dec. 31.—Last evening as
Mr. A. Jones, a well-known business
man, was at his home reading the even-
ing paper he was startled by a loud rap
at the door. On opening it he found
three masked men. While one of them
covered him with a revolver the other
two went through his pockets and
took all the money he had, amounting
to about a dollar. One of the trio
walked into the house and stole
Mrs. Jones' sealskin coat, but they
missed Mr. Jones' coat, which was lying
upon the lounge and contained over \$300.
The robbers then kicked because Mr.
Jones had so little money, and asked for
his watch. He told them his boy had it
and that he was upstairs. Upon hearing
this information the three men made a
break for the street and ran away. The
police were immediately notified, but
have no clue to the robbers.

Make no Delay!

Is a perfect cure for croup and colds,
and I can recommend Hagyard's Yellow
Oil—one bottle of which cured me of a
very bad cold. I would say to all suffer-
ers, make no delay in using it as it
gives quick relief.

W. J. KENNY, Stittsville, Ont.

No other medicine has won approval
at home equal to Ayer's Sarsaparilla in
Lowell.

FAULT OF THE N. P.

Canada's Shipping Records a Steady
Decline.

U. S. SENATE COMMITTEE ON CANADA.

Formal Close of the International
Marine Conference.

IS THIS DUE TO THE N. P.?

Decline of Canadian Shipping.

HALIFAX, N.S., Dec. 31.—One hundred
and eighty two new vessels were regis-
tered in Nova Scotia during the present
year, and 175 struck off the lists, but
there was a decrease in tonnage of 13,
550 tons. The total tonnage of the
province is now 469,722. In New Brunswick
45 new vessels were registered and 52
struck off. The total present tonnage is
221,086, a decrease of 188,211 tons. In
P. E. Island 21 vessels were registered
and 15 struck off. The present tonnage
is 34,506, a decrease of 1,080 tons.

WHAT THEY WANT FROM CANADA.

U. S. Senate Committee on Canadian
Relations.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—In the second
days session of the Senate Committee
on relations with Canada, this morning,
Ellis H. Roberts, sub-treasurer and
editor of the *Utica Herald*, was the first
witness. He thought, from the geo-
graphical position of the two countries, they
must, of necessity, have rival in-
terests in the same direction. In his
opinion, the interstate to questions
were important factors. All these ques-
tions bear upon the relations of trade
with Canada. Yankee ingenuity would
be greatly lacking if we surrendered our
markets of 65,000,000 of people to obtain
in return those of 5,000,000. A recipro-
city treaty with Canada would be en-
tirely different from one with Mexico.
The witness showed from statistics for
the year 1888 that in that year Canada
imported goods valued at
\$9,000,000 MORE FROM THE UNITED STATES
than from Great Britain. The nearness
of Canada to this country more than
offsets the fact that Canadian goods en-
tered Great Britain free. The feeling in
northern and central New York was
very much opposed to reciprocity. The
farmers of those sections would be great-
ly exposed to the removal of certain
duties upon animals, starch, wheat, hay
and hops. Witness was opposed to reci-
procity on the ground that the United
States would give everything and receive
nothing in return. Annexation was not
to be thought of for some years to come,
and if we desired annexation we must
not give away our markets. A commer-
cial union he thought impracticable. The
reason for higher wages on this side
than the other was that the masses were
more advanced and better educated, and
for that reason demanded a better mode
of living. Mr. Roberts concluded by
saying all advances for annexation ought
to come from the weaker side.

THE FISHERY QUESTION ARGUED.

Sylvanus Smith, of Gloucester, in the
fishery trade, contended that American
fishermen ought to be extended the same
privileges in Canadian ports as have
been allowed fishermen in our ports. He
said the Canadians were inclined to
harass the Yankees in every way possi-
ble. They even refused medical aid to
sick American seamen. The three-mile
limit was of little importance, and the
best fishing is now outside the limit.
At this point witness concluded, and
Mr. Wiman was asked by Mr. Hoar
what his nationality was. He said he
was Canadian and a British subject.

Mr. Charles H. Pew, of Gloucester, in
the fishery business, was next called.
He gave a clear, concise and thorough
explanation of the Gloucester fishery
business. Lauded the bravery of the
crews employed, and furnished statistics
to show that most of them were natives.

Witness said that there were millions of
fish caught in British water, frozen on
board the vessels and brought in free of
duty because they were frozen.

Mr. Pew was of the opinion that if
American seamen received a suitable
equivalent they would be easily formed
into a naval reserve. Fishermen were
always eagerly sought by the navy for
man-of-war service. Witness concluded
by bitterly complaining of the annoy-
ances to which American fishermen
were subjected to by the Canadian Gov-
ernment, and the committee took a re-
cess.

After lunch R. E. Loveland, a lumber
dealer of Saginaw, Mich., said the lum-
bermen wanted better commercial rela-
tions with Canada. If the United States
Government would reduce the duty on
manufactured lumber and the Canadians
reduce the duty on Canadian logs
brought to this country, it would radi-
cally improve things.

The point was brought out by Senator
Hale that there was nothing in the tariff
laws of the United States that in any
way affected the bringing of logs by tow-
ing or otherwise to this country.

George Steele, president of the Ameri-
can union of Gloucester, who owned
eight vessels, said the fishermen are
satisfied with the treaty of 1881 as to the
right to fish. But under the treaty of
1890 all the trouble lay. For years
American vessels exercised under that
treaty all the privileges that are now ac-
corded Canada, and as such is the case,
the United States should protect her
fishermen; and if Canada denies them
their rights under this 1840 treaty, then
this country must deprive the Canadian
fishermen of the privileges they now en-
joy.

Charles Woodbury was the last witness
examined. He submitted a mass of
documentary testimony.

The committee then adjourned to
meet again in Washington.

INTERNATIONAL MARINE CON-
FERENCE.

Close of the Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The Interna-
tional marine conference which assem-
bled here October 16th, adjourned *sine die*
at noon to-day, having concluded their
labors. The conference met thirty-four
days, the sessions lasting from four to
six hours daily, and during that time
discussed in great detail the questions
brought before it. The results accom-
plished by the conference will take the
form of a report, embodying the recom-
mendations made in regard to uniform
lights, etc., which will be submitted by
the President to Congress for approval.
Lieut. Colman, the secretary of the con-
ference, in whose hands have been placed

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ESCAPED FROM CUSTODY.

A Free and Easy Police Chief.

OVER SCUND, Ont., Dec. 31.—George
Sheehy, proprietor of the Grand Central
Hotel here, was arrested a week ago on a
charge of rape. He was tried this morn-
ing at the Police Court and committed to
stand his trial at the assizes. While
Chief McAnley was taking him from the
Police Court to the jail he asked permis-
sion to go into his hotel for a dinner.
This was granted, and while inside he
gave the chief the slip. Jumping into a
rig waiting for him he drove off in the
direction of Meaford. Every effort has
been made to affect his capture, but with
no success so far.

THE FIRE RECORD.

INCENDIARY FIRE ON A FARM.

PORT HOPE, Ont., Dec. 31.—A fire broke
out last night in the farm premises of
George Brand, Hope township. The
building and contents were totally de-
stroyed. The horses and cattle were
loosed before the premises were fired
by the incendiary. Loss covered by in-
surance in the Royal.

FIRE IN A COAL SHED.

HAMILTON, Ont., Dec. 31.—Early this
morning an old building on Ferguson
avenue, occupied by Mrs. P. W. Free-
man, who was in the wood and coal
business, was destroyed by fire. A couple
of wagons and sleighs were burned and

The Montreal Herald.
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The HERALD COMPANY Limited
AT
NO. 6 BEAVER HALL HILL.
HON. P. MITCHELL, President
WILL. B. WYATT, Secretary-Treasurer
MOLYNEUX, ST. JOHN, Editor

SESSION OF PARLIAMENT

The DAILY HERALD will be delivered to any part of the city, or mailed to any address in the Dominion of Canada or United States, postage free, during the coming session of Parliament, for ONE DOLLAR, IN ADVANCE.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS.

- ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Effie Ellsler in "The Governor," at 8 p.m.
- THEATRE ROYAL—Pat Rooney in "Pat's Wardrobe," at 2 and 8 p.m.
- ART INSTITUTE—Exhibition of Pictures.
- VIC'S ARMOY, Reynolds's the Mesmerist at 8 p.m.
- SUNDAY SCHOOL gathering at Crescent Street Church, at 10 a.m.
- METHODIST SUNDAY SCHOOL gathering at St. James Church, at 10 a.m.

THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON.

The recurrence of New Year's day and—as it appears to some of us in late years—the increasing and undesirable frequency of that recurrence, has left little to be said which has not already been spoken almost ad nauseam. Still, there is no harm in pointing out that, while a resolution to amend a certain line of conduct can be taken at any time, the beginning of a new year, is not a bad time to make a start—provided the reform is to be permanent. It is astonishing what a number of men there are in whom there is room for some little improvement, and though many of them do not know it, and would be much surprised at such an opinion concerning themselves, some must now and again have a misty kind of idea that there are certain points on which they are open to hostile criticism. New Year's day is a capital time to resolve to head off the critics. And we know no better day for paying up one's subscription to the newspaper, or seeing to it that the order for another year is in the business office of the journal. And no time of the year can be more desirable for arranging for a liberal and therefore wise scheme for advertising for the coming spring. There is so much in a man's business depending on the way in which he starts the New Year, particularly in advertising. The man who hesitates about this time is usually lost. In fact New Year's day is one of the best days in the year for doing wise things; and to the readers of THE HERALD, chiefly composed of the most intelligent men in the Province, we need merely remark that when a good idea occurs to you act on it, and accept THE HERALD's best wishes for a happy and prosperous New Year.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The brief report published in yesterday's HERALD covering the year's operations of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and showing a surplus of two and a quarter million dollars over and above all fixed charges, will not only be highly satisfactory to the stockholders of that corporation, but must be particularly gratifying to the people of Canada, who have invested so largely in their great national railway. The result above noted testifies to the efficiency of the C. P. R. management, and indicates very plainly that, barring some unforeseen disaster of great magnitude not likely to occur, the commercial and financial success of the enterprise is assured. The result, indicating a large development of traffic, shows that the C. P. R. is proving, as it was intended to be, a very important factor in the development of the country, and also proves the wisdom of the management in reaching out and tapping the trade of the American Northwest at Minneapolis and Duluth, via the "Soo" route, thus making the American as well as the Canadian Northwest tributary to the St. Lawrence route, and emphasizing the necessity for enlarged dock accommodation at this port. The ability of the Company to pay a supplementary dividend of two per cent. yearly, in addition to the regular dividend of three per cent., must greatly enhance the credit of the Company and give it higher standing than ever in the world's money markets. But there is another point to be noted. The remarkable success achieved by the C. P. R. during the year just closed will have the effect of promoting railway extension in the Canadian North-West, and this in turn will promote the development and more rapid settlement of that important section of the Dominion. This in turn will give a healthful impetus to the trade and industry of the whole of Canada. From every point of view, therefore, the country is interested, and must necessarily be gratified at the success achieved by the Canadian Pacific Railway.

TAILLON'S BID FOR PROTESTANT VOTES.

Mr. Taillon, leader of the Conservative Opposition in this Province—according to the Quebec Chronicle, the leader who does not lead—made a speech at a Tory meeting a few days ago, in which he very laconically bawled the insults heaped upon the English minority by the Mercier Government. The chief so-called insults, strange to say, consist in Mr. Mercier failing to repeal or amend legislation enacted by previous Tory Governments, directly or indirectly affecting the interests of the minority, and for which Mr. Taillon himself, in common with his party, must bear full responsibility. Some people, we notice, are disposed to applaud Mr. Taillon as the friend and protector of the English minority, apparently not able to see that he is merely on a vote-hunting expedition, and cares no more for the interests of the Protestant minority now, and will do no more for them than he did from 1875 to 1886. The man must be judged by his record, not by professions which are the outcome of "political exigencies." It must seem strange that while Mr. Mercier, according to Mr. Taillon, has been insulting the Protestant minority, he has, whenever appealed to, shown every disposition to meet their wishes so far as lay in his power, or where he was not handicapped by existing legislation. The generous assistance he and his Government gave to the Protestant Insane Hospital enterprise and the readiness with which he met the reasonable views of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction in the matter of the Jesuits' Estates' compensation are cases in point. It will not be creditable to the intelligence of the Protestants of this Province if they allow themselves to be hoodwinked by Mr. Taillon's honeyed phrases and lachrymose protestations. It should not be forgotten that while the old-time Liberals of Quebec were fighting for political reforms, for the separation of Church and State and the establishment of each power independent in its own sphere, the Protestant Tories of the Province united their forces with the French Tories to crush the Liberals and prevent them carrying out the political and ecclesiastical reforms they advocated; and among these Protestant Tories are now to be found many of the men who make the loudest talk about equal rights. Some of them have decency enough to confess that they were in the wrong when they joined with the Ultramontane Tories to crush the Liberal Reformers. Whatever objections the Protestants of Quebec may have to some features of Mr. Mercier's policy, there would be neither logic nor common-sense in their allying themselves with a party so largely controlled in this Province by Chapeau and men of his stamp, who must be held responsible for the legislation and disabilities of which the Equal Rights advocates complain. As to Mr. Taillon cutting himself clear of the influence of Chapeauism, that is out of the question; he can only do so by allying himself with the Liberals.

THE PARNELL SCANDAL.

The disclosure of the liaison between Mr. Parnell and the wife of his friend, Mr. O'Shea, will, no doubt, seriously affect the political influence of the Irish leader. The possibility of O'Shea being the unspeakable cur which the cable messages picture him, will, of course, prevent that person deriving any pecuniary benefit from the action he has brought against Mr. Parnell, but it will hardly be taken as sufficient exculpation of the other. This kind of revelation cannot be made in England concerning a public man without injuring him; it was something of this sort that drove Sir Charles Dilke, then a very popular member, out of public life, and though it is unlikely to have such a serious effect upon Mr. Parnell, it will deprive him of much political assistance that was coming to him. Of Mr. O'Shea there can be but one opinion. He appears to have known of the intimacy existing between his wife and Mr. Parnell and to have accepted a seat in Parliament, obtained through Mr. Parnell's influence, as the price of his silence. When collusion ceased to be profitable, he recollected that he was an injured husband. It is perhaps fair to say that at present we have only the statements and opinions of those gentlemen employed in London to provide European news for America. Unfortunately they are not to be trusted, particularly in dealing with the character of a man who, like Mr. O'Shea, voted against Home Rule after being elected by Mr. Parnell's friends. Nor should too much reliance be placed on their theory that O'Shea has been induced to bring his action at a particular moment in order to assist the London Times. The Times has denied any complicity in the matter, and the probability is that the occurrence of this action is merely coincidental with that of Mr. Parnell's case against the Times.

WHY THEY DON'T COME!

Speaking of immigration from northern Europe the Winnipeg Sun says:—There may be some known reason for these people avoiding Manitoba, but it has never been made public. They have made such very good citizens in the neighboring states of the Union that no efforts should be spared to attract them to the Canadian Northwest. How would they be affected, do you suppose by the information that by going to the United States they would have the same rights and liberties as all other American citizens, while in the North-West Territories of Canada they would be governed by an irresponsible governor directed from the far off capital at Ottawa; that while the citizens of other places vote by ballot, they would be required to vote openly under supervision of Government officials; that while in other places they were governed by the ordinary laws of the country, in the Can-

adian Northwest they were subject to the domiciliary visits of the mounted police. And if it was shown them that the agricultural implements and articles required by a settler cost a great deal more in the Northwest of Canada than in the neighboring states of the union, while the tariff laws on both sides were such as to shut them off for the nearest markets, don't you think they might become biased in favour of the States? And the people in Europe who gave them this information having so much truth as a foundation, would be apt to build a little upon it. And where the idea could be grasped these agents would not fail to point out that the debt of the States is being rapidly paid off by reason of the prosperity of the country, while in Canada the debt and the expenditure was ever increasing, and that there was already over a million and a half people who had left Canada for the States. The people in Canada who encourage the continuance of this state of things say that it is wrong to mention it, because it prevents immigration. We think, on the contrary, that it is better to admit them and endeavour to secure a reform of our methods. Though Canadians be silent on the subject we may rest assured that American Agents will not be, and the fact that the immigration does not come our way, as it should do, is pretty fair evidence that Canadian rings are injurious to Canadian interests. And it might be added that the money voted by Canada for immigration purposes is largely frittered away for party purposes.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THEM.

Victoria and New South Wales, the two principal colonies in Australia, have for some years differed on the question of Free Trade and Protection. New South Wales, the older colony, the capital of which is Sydney, has been for the past twenty years what is called a free trade colony, while Victoria, with its capital at Melbourne, has favoured protection. Some months ago we published figures from a report by an Australian gentleman showing that New South Wales, which twenty years ago was behind the sister colony in every respect, had so gained under free trade that it now surpassed the other in wealth, population, exports, and even in manufactures. At a recent meeting of the Royal Colonial Institute in London, Mr. Macfie, the editor of the Melbourne Leader, presented some facts and opinions to the assemblage. The gist of Mr. Macfie's remarks is given by The Colonist and India as follows:—Cultivate your soil; do not foster the establishment of manufactures. This, in effect, was the advice given by Mr. Macfie, to the several colonies. The protectionist party in Victoria, he said, seemed to view the wine, fruit, and other industries of the soil, which ought to have been worked for building up a vast and profitable export trade to Europe and the United States, as quite subordinate to the establishment of factories and foundries, which, at best, could only have a sparse local and intercolonial population for a market, as against hundreds of millions in the Northern Hemisphere, who were prepared to purchase practically unlimited quantities of selected natural products from Australasia. The immediate result had been that rural industries had been more or less sacrificed to those of town workshops, and the distribution of colonial wealth on a boundless scale to its production within restricted limits. The course thus adopted, in taking up the cause of one class of industrialists, to the comparative neglect of another, was just as incomprehensible in an economic sense, to Mr. Macfie's mind, as if the possessor of an estate containing very large coal beds, from which he might derive millions, were to apply his available means chiefly to the working of a small salt mine on the property, from which he might earn hundreds.

The result of this protection policy which Mr. Macfie denounced has been to develop the rival colony which practiced free trade, and his remarks are interesting to Canadians because so much of what he said applies to Canada as well as to Victoria. The principal difference between the two colonies in this matter is one of integrity. We have never seen or heard it charged that the Government at Melbourne had been purchased by the manufacturers and other monopolists, whereas, to the shame of Canada, be it said, the Government at Ottawa is in power only by the use of large sums of money subscribed for the purpose of bribery by the monopolists, together with the corrupt distribution of public moneys, lands, and other property.

The Quebec Chronicle, Conservative, says the people—that is, the Conservative people—"want a leader who leads." Mr. Taillon, it says, "has not ventured to put his head into the division" (West Quebec) to make a speech in favour of Mr. McGreevey. Perhaps it would not have helped Mr. Taillon if he had. Probably Mr. Taillon feels that it is useless to go where he is not wanted. A majority of nearly 200 for Murphy would seem to indicate that Mr. Flynn, whom the Chronicle wants for Conservative leader, and who gave his help to Mr. McGreevey, has failed to "lead" to victory. This mutiny in the Conservative ranks against Mr. Taillon is becoming interesting.

The Gazette is very much put about by the defeat of the Conservative, Mr. McGreevey, in Quebec, and the election by a tremendous majority of the Liberal, Mr. Murphy. We gather from the Gazette that Quebec is a bad place and Liberals are bad, and it doesn't matter because Quebec was a Liberal constituency before and generally that the Taillon crew don't care about it, but still they'd like to knock the bottom out of everything if they could. Poor Gazette, Poor Taillon. Poor Tories.

DIED.—At her residence, No. 151 University Street, on the 30th December, Mrs. Josephine Tiffin, in the 73rd year of her age, the 3rd January, from her residence to the Church of the Gesù, at 9:15 a.m., and thence to the R. C. Cemetery.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.
PUBLIC SAFETY THE SUPREME LAW.
Other cities might well follow New York in her determination to have no more death-dealing overhead electric wires. Public safety is the supreme law. Corporation convenience is a secondary thing.—Washington Star.

A NATIONAL BANKRUPT LAW DEMANDED
Whatever Congress does or does not do it should lose no time in passing a national bankruptcy law. Nothing that Congress can do would give so much help to business and business men as help to financial and commercial organizations in all parts of the country that the Congressmen have no possible excuse for further delay in so important a matter.—Springfield Union.

ANOTHER WHACK AT TAILLON.
After the coming session of Parliament, which, we may say, promises to last about four months, the House will be closed, and it is the intention of the Premier to make a direct appeal to the country. At this coming election many of his present supporters will likely be snowed under, but to ensure that desirable state of things we must have a leader who will lead. Amiability and a good voice are well enough in their way, but they do not carry elections. The country is about sick of men who enter politics in order to secure fat judgeships and public offices. What we want is more public spirit, more personal sacrifice, more tact, more ability, and less fat-wittedness and hereditary dullness. Quebec Conservatives never wanted a bright, active man more than they do at the present moment.—Quebec Chronicle, Tory.

SQUIBS.

—A.—Who is that man over there who wears such an air of resignation?
B.—He may be a bank official about to visit Canada, or he may only be a New York city official who is about to be investigated by the Grand Jury. You can hardly tell the difference nowadays.
—Bagley.—What! you are letting your beard and moustache grow again?
Bagley.—Yes; everybody takes me for an actor without them.
—Bagley.—Well, you ought not to object to that.
—Bagley.—Oughtn't I? You don't seem to recollect how actors are rated by the trades people.
—Will you have a cigar?" inquired the hotel clerk of a travelling man.
Is it one of your own private stock?"
—Like the one you gave me yesterday?"
—Yes.
—No, believe I won't indulge. I had cabbage for dinner just now.
—Editor's Wife.—Pretty condition for you to come home in—staggering through the streets in broad daylight.
Disgraced Spouse.—Could help it. I was once accused of (lie) bribery.
—Bribery?
—Yes, dear; people said I was (lie) bribed to oppose prohibition. Had to show folks I possessed 'prohibition' on 'own account'.
—Mrs. Blobson (confidentially).—My husband came home very late last night with his hands all covered with paint. Where do you suppose he could have got it?
Oh, I'll tell you. I noticed this morning as he came down that they had been freshly painting the lamp posts the whole length of the street.
—Proprietor Kansas Hotel.—Have the waiters gentlemen had their dinner yet?
Head waiter.—Yes, sir.
—Has the professor of cooking saved all he wants for his family and friends?
—Yes, sir.
—Did the upstairs ladies and the stable gentlemen have all they wanted?
—Is there anything left?
—A little, sir.
—Well, call in the boarders.
—Lady (to clerk).—Will this calico wash?
Clerk.—No, madam, it will not. It will fade, run, shrink, and, in fact, is a most inferior article.
—Lady.—Why, young man, how honest you are! I thank you for telling me. It is not often that I find a clerk who has such high ideas of honesty.
—Clerk.—It's not that, madame; but the boss left me out when he raised the salaries of the waiters to-day, and I'm trying to get even with him.

—An old farmer in Indiana wanted to sell his farm for a fancy price and after throwing a number of deceptions into a sink hole, circulated the report that he had found a fine supply of natural gas. A Chicago man came along and the farmer eager with the consciousness of guilt, sold the farm for little more than it was worth as agricultural land. The Chicago man due to his luck and has been rewarded by finding the richest gas deposit in the State. When last heard from the honest farmer was butting his head against a tree.

STEWART'S Furniture Warerooms

1828 to 1834 NOTRE DAME ST.
(Near McGill Street).
NEWEST DESIGNS
—IN—
Oak, Natural Cherry and Mahogany
BEDROOM SETS.
PARLOR SUITES of the very latest designs, covered with all the newest patterns and shades of coverin 120

THE ARMOUR LARD

is steadily gaining in public favor in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Three Rivers and in the Eastern Townships, being
Sound, Sweet and Wholesome.
ARMOUR'S
Celebrated Canned Meats
—AND—
BARRELLED PORK
Duty paid or in Bond for Export at packers' prices.

JAMES ALLEN,
AGENT, MONTREAL
ARMOUR & CO., Chicago.
August 11

WATCH REPAIRING!

MR. HENRY GRANT gives his personal attention to all watches left with us for repair. Over
45 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
enables him to guarantee perfect accuracy of workmanship. Established 33 years. Charges moderate.
HENRY GRANT & SON,
72 Beaver Hall, corner Dorchester street.

NEW MINERAL WATER DEPOT.

The subscriber begs to inform the public that he has appointed Mr. Poulin (late of the St. Leon Water Co.), agent, for the sale of the well-known St. Genevieve and Richelieu Waters, and that all orders sent to him, at No. 8 Beaver Hall Hill will meet with prompt despatch.
Orders still filled at the old stand, 1780 Notre Dame street.
J. A. HARTE,
Druggist.
Bell Telephone, 1190.
Federal Telephone, 1211.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENUINE DIAMONDS
—AND—
Solid Gold Watches
FOUND IN TEA.

THE ENTERPRISE TEA CO.

Have completed their establishment 1668 Notre Dame street, and are now ready for business. In order to lose no time in introducing their famous blend of tea, the company has decided that, during the holidays, they will give in every can of tea a valuable such as solid gold and silver watches of the best American and Swiss makers; also genuine emerald diamonds, pearls, and various other articles of less value too numerous to mention. Bear in mind that this costly mode of advertising is simply to bring before the public a tea that will speak for itself when introduced. Our tea is sold only in cans, 60¢ each, 6 cans \$3.15, 12 cans \$6.27, and 24 cans \$12.54.

Watch our advertisements for further particulars and souvenirs that have been given away by us.
Among the fortunate ones up to date are: B. B. Robinson, from Barrie, Vt., stopping at the Albion Hotel; Mr. Naud, 31 St. Louis street; and Mrs. Daveney, 17 St. Denis, each found solid gold stem wind hunting case watches in their cans of tea. Rev. Mr. Jobin, Vieux Not. Denis, de Grace, 38 Brodeur street; L. Assomption; Madame Trappier, 8 Vire street; Miss Honora Hastings, Vallee street; O. Longue, P. O. clerk, 301 German street; Chas. Gray, horse dealer, Terrasse; and found in their tea gold plated and silver watches valued from \$10 to \$25; P. O. Clerk, free commission detective, 182 St. Catherine street; J. A. Aubier, St. Hilaire, P. notary; R. McLaren, superintendent Dom. Oratoire Company, and Karl Pigeon, Montpelier street, each found genuine diamond, ruby or sapphire rings, set in solid gold, in their cans; L. B. Cornwall, Ont., bookseller, and another, each found a solid gold open-faced watch with best Swiss movement, and in another a solid gold ring, with genuine ruby, sapphire and pearl setting. Detective Gladu, of the Montreal police force, as a test, bought a box of tea on the 21st inst., and found in it a gold watch, valued at \$10. A Gent's solid gold Hunting Case Watch, with stem wind and set, Waltham movement. Chas. Gray, 180 St. Charles street, and H. Derpich, 722 Albert street, each found watches valued from \$10 to \$25 in their boxes; Mlle. Catudal, Pensionnaire St. Angele, 409 St. Anne street; Mlle. Blair, 210 Notre Dame street; and J. H. Berthelet, 42 St. Andre street, each found genuine solitaire diamond rings in their tea. The following and many more whose names we have not space to record, received orders for furniture valued from \$10 to \$100, in return for their tea: Mr. O'Brien, in rear 70 Inspector street; Mrs. Sheppard, 27 Workman street; Mrs. Cockburn, 180 St. Charles street; J. A. St. Laurent, John Stagg, 18 Magellan street; Robt. Latimore, 153 St. Antoine street; and Chas. Gray, 180 St. Charles street, each received a gold watch valued from \$10 to \$25; Mr. Chas. Seguin, 172 Visitation street, Wm. E. Potter, 158 Notre Dame street; Chas. Bulahaye, 177 St. Catherine street, H. Chertrand, 750 St. Catherine street, Mr. Laughlin, 176 William street, Adolphe Leroy, 90 St. Charles street, and John Paquette, Como, P. Q., Mr. Williams, 31 Papineau square, H. T. Randall, 40 St. Antoine street, and George Johnston, 225 St. Urban street, each received genuine solitaire diamond earrings set in solid gold; P. Tremblay, D. P. C. S., bought \$10 worth of tea and found in it a gent's gold open-faced high movement watch and a lady's silver gilt enamel watch valued at \$10 each; Mrs. Cockburn, 30 St. Etienne street, and Mrs. Seddon, 17 Forfar street, came together and bought a can of tea, and both found in it solid gold hunting case watches in their cans; and many others whose names we do not publish by request.

ORDERS BY MAIL, accompanied by Cash or Post Office Order, from any part of Canada will be Promptly Forwarded.
Parties Getting up a Club of \$10 or \$20 always receive a Valuable Souvenir

ENTERPRISE TEA CO.,

1668 Notre Dame Street.
(Near St. Lambert Hill).

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.

Dividend NO. 60.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three and One-half per Cent. upon the paid up capital stock of this bank has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on an after

THURSDAY, 2nd day of Jan. Next

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to 31st December, both days inclusive. By order of the board.

WM. FARWELL,
General Manager.
Sherbrooke, 4th Dec., 1889. W.F.F. 297

Whitaker's Almanacs

FOR 1890.
—IN CLOTH AND PAPER.—
CANADIAN:
Zadkiels & Starke's Almanacs
Morton, Phillips & Bulmer,
Stationers, Blank Book Makers
and Printers,
1755 & 1757 Notre Dame St.,
MONTREAL.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, a duly admitted medical student and doctor of medicine, gives notice that he will petition the Quebec Legislature, during their next session, to declare he is a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Province of Quebec, notwithstanding the informalities contained in his certificate of admission to study.

Montreal, 31st December, 1889.
JOSEPH ALFRED HAMELIN.

A CHANCE

FOR
SPECIALS.

The undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, 1400 cords of wood last year's cut or as follows:—
600 cords Maple,
600 cords Birch and
200 cords Soft Wood.
All four feet long.
J. H. CENDRON,
Sherbrooke, Que.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
HENRY THOMAS, Lessee & Manager.
EFFIE ELLSLEE,
Supported by MR. FRANK WESTON. New Year's Matinee and Thursday; her latest and greatest success.
"THE GOVERNNESS."
Friday, Saturday and Sunday Matinee; the romantic comedy drama, entitled, "EGYPT."
Seals now on sale at Nordheimer's.
Next Week—E. A. SUTHERN.

SPARROW & JACOBS' THEATRE ROYAL.

Every Afternoon and Evening—Week Commencing Monday, Dec. 30.

4 FOUR 4

Grand Consolidated Attractions. The Great and Only
PAT ROONEY!

The Witches of Elfin Star.
MISS KATIE ROONEY!
THE QUAKER CITY QUARTETTE.
Land, Ernest, Pieri and Graham.

The New York Star Comedy Co.,
Josie Rooney, Emma Howard, James Vincent, Wm. Butler, Wm. Egan, and perfect cast for the characters in one popular musical comedy comedy in one laugh, three acts and two intermissions, ending at 10.30 and called "ASANA BANA."
PAT'S NEW WARDROBE.

"HOOLIAN".....PAT ROONEY.
Prices of admission—10c, 25c, 50c. Reserved seats, 10c extra. Plan at the N. Y. Piano Co., No. 28 St. James st.
Coming—The Indian Mail Carrier.

Victoria Rifles Amnory.

Prof. JOHN REYNOLDS.
The Celebrated Mesmerist, will give a laughable and exciting Experiments in Hypnotism or Mesmerism.
12 Nights and Saturday Matinees.
Commencing Monday, December 30th.

Admission 25, 50 and 75 cents. Reserved seats at Nordheimer's. Children to Matinees (1) cents; Adults 25 cents.



Victoria Skating Club.

The Victoria Rifles Band
WILL PLAY AT
THE RINK,
—ON—
New Years Day, 1st Jan., from 10.30 to 1 p.m.
Saturday, 4th Jan., from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Wednesday, 8th Jan., from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Saturday, 11th Jan., from 8 to 10 p.m.
Wednesday, 15th Jan., from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Saturday, 18th Jan., from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Wednesday, 22nd Jan., from 8 to 10 p.m.
Saturday, 25th Jan., from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Wednesday, 28th Jan., from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Saturday, 1st February, from 4 to 6.30 p.m.
Season Tickets can only be obtained at the Secretary-Treasurer's office, Fraser Building, 43 St. Sacramento Street, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 2 to 4 p.m.
W. ALEX. CALDWELL,
Secretary-Treasurer.

FRASER BUILDINGS,
43 St. Sacramento St.
Montreal, 31st Dec., 1889.

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL.

PHILLIP'S SQUARE.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS BY BRITISH ARTISTS.

Dec. 7th to Jan. 4th, 1889

Open daily, 9 to 6; 7.30 to 10.
Admission:—Non-members, 25 cents.
Members free.

Dissolution of Partnership

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and the late THOMAS WORKMAN, under the name of TROTTHINGHAM & WORKMAN, is this day dissolved consequent on the death of Mr. Workman, on the 9th October last.

HENRY ARCHBALD,
EDWARD MURPHY,
GEORGE W. EADIE.

Montreal, 31st December, 1889.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE

The undersigned have this day entered into partnership as Iron, Steel and Hardware Merchants, and will continue the business of the late firm of TROTTHINGHAM & WORKMAN, under the same name, and on the premises heretofore occupied by the late firm. They are authorized to collect all debts due to the former firm of Trottingham & Workman, and will meet their liabilities.

HENRY ARCHBALD,
EDWARD MURPHY,
GEORGE W. EADIE,
EDWARD ARCHBALD,
REAL AGENTS.

Montreal, 1st January, 1890.

SWIFT'S PATENT

CIGAR CABINETS

—IN—
Mahogany & Oak "Antique" Woods
KEEPING CIGARS
—IN—
PERFECT CONDITION!
A handsome as well as useful
hat would be highly appreciated.
Call early and make your selection.

E.A. GERTH, Sole Agent,

2235 St. Catherine Street,
Queen's Block.

WANTED—Samples on commission for Lower Provinces by a man of experience having a large connection; starting at once. Address W. C. C. HERALD OFFICE.

WANTED—To represent a manufacturing or wholesale firm, as their agent, for Nova Scotia. Good connection with the Retail and Jobbing Grocery Trade. Seven years' experience. Address "Agent," P. O. Box, 39, Halifax, N. S.

CITY AND SUBURBAN

Morning service and Holy Communion at Christ Church Cathedral this morning at 10 o'clock.

The river was filled with floating ice yesterday and the water rose in consequence a few inches.

S. Carsley is showing the finest assortment of curtains in the Dominion. Every style of curtain in stock.

Mr. D. Shiloh has been presented with a diamond ring by the Jewish pupils of Class 3 of the British and Canadian night school.

About twenty-five hogs were killed through the breaking of a coupling on a freight train going south on the G. T. R. line yesterday morning.

The leading firm for gentlemen's dressing gowns is S. Carsley's where you have the largest assortment to select from and best cash value.

Big John, the Indian pilot, has, on account of the large quantity of floating ice on the river, given up the idea of running the rapids to-day.

A new boot and shoe factory has been established on Craig street by Mr. Wells, formerly with Messrs. Ames, Holden & Co., and Mr. T. A. Crossley.

S. Carsley is showing the largest and finest assortment of embroidered promenade scarfs in cream, white, pale blue, pink, cardinal etc., at low prices.

The action taken by the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company to recover \$2,000 re-insured from the Citizens' Insurance Company, was yesterday dismissed by Judge Wurtelle.

A man who was mixed up in the "ear-biting" affair was fined \$5 and cost yesterday for being drunk. So far, nothing has been done to punish the other people who took part in the disgraceful affair.

The fur cutters of Messrs. Silverman, Boulter & Co. presented their foreman, Mr. C. Wiltman, with a beautiful meerschaum pipe on New Year's eve as a token of esteem and good feeling.

For first-class dyeing and cleaning try the Empire Dye Works, 2 1/2 Phillips square. Parcels collected and delivered in any part of the city free. Thomas Highmore, manager. Telephone No. 4783.

At the Church of St. James the Apostle the festival of the Circumcision of Our Lord, and New Year's Day, was celebrated with administration of Holy Communion at 10 a.m. Seats free. Canon Eliegood, rector.

Desirable Present is a nice Desk-Largest stock, best designs. Lowest prices. Every Desk guaranteed. Inspection Solicited. H. NIGHTINGALE, 7 and 9 St. John street. Telephone No. 1691.

The case of A. Piche & Co. vs. Slater & Sons, an action for \$25 damages for the non-delivery of goods, was decided by District Magistrate Barry yesterday. He estimated the damage at \$5 and rendered judgment accordingly.

Delicious—Such is the verdict given by smokers as to the taste and quality of Monette's mixture. For a cool smoke and solid comfort it cannot be rivalled. Corner St. Sulpice and Notre Dame streets, opposite French Cathedral.

District Magistrate Barry gave judgment yesterday in the case of Moir vs. Moir. It was action for \$30 by a son against his father, which sum he claimed had been placed in his father's hands as a deposit. The case was dismissed.

The ladies in charge of the New Year's dinner to the poor, to be given in the lecture hall of St. Mark's Church, announce that admission will be by ticket only. The full number of tickets for the hall will seat has already been distributed by the city clergy.

Le Monde says that Sir Hector Langevin and Sir Adolphe Caron have sent Hector Berthelot \$30 towards paying the \$420 fine and cost imposed on him for writing a libelous article against O. Givette, the Liberal candidate at the time of his last Laprarie election.

Judge Gill has dismissed the action of H. E. Murray, of Dorval, for \$110 against the G. T. R. Company. The plaintiff had a number of cows killed by a locomotive, but the Court held that they were there through the negligence of the plaintiff in not providing a good fence.

Judgment was rendered yesterday in the Court of Review in the case of Morin vs. the Corporation of St. Ephrem d'Upton. The plaintiff sued for \$315, which he claimed the Corporation had got from him by an unjust decision. Judge Johnson decided the case in favor of Mr. Morin.

The case of "attempted murder" on St. Paul street was heard before the police magistrate yesterday. The lad said he only pointed the revolver to frighten Mr. Letary, and, as the Court believed his story, he was allowed to go on giving bonds for his future good behaviour to his late employer.

The seat left vacant by the Hon. Mr. Laval in the Legislative Council will be filled at the opening of the session. The House will first have to adopt an address to the Lieutenant-Governor notifying him that the seat is vacant. This will give the Government a majority of five in this House.

Mr. King, the contractor for the Coteau Bridge of the Canada Atlantic Railway says that he paid all his men promptly and regularly up to Jan. 1st, and that the railway company was in charge. He believes that \$1,500 would cover all the amounts due to Valleyfield tradesmen under this contract.

A newly-arrived Englishman wanted to fight any Frenchman who would stand up in front of him in the Bonaventure depot waiting room on Monday night. Constable Harrison tried to make him understand that the room was not used for fighting purposes. The Englishman did not agree with him and at once proceeded to "do up" the constable. Assistance was called and the would-be pugilist was locked up in No. 6 police station. He will spend a month in the city gaol.

A CAPITAL NUMBER

The last number of the *Dominion Illustrated* is divided between Eastern Canada and our Pacific Province. Those who doubt what they have heard of the climate and soil of British Columbia will surely be convinced when they see some of these illustrations. Hamilton comes in for a large share of the number, and appears to good advantage. The Montreal Presbyterian College, the Redpath Museum and the McGill Medical School will suggest reminiscences, doubtless, to some of our readers of days not less pleasant than profitable.

Hamiltonians will be proud (and pardonably so) to see their city so well set off as it is in the last issue of the *Dominion Illustrated*. It is a pictorial directory to the "ambitious city" more than ambitious, for by this showing many of its cherished ambitions have been fulfilled

—with ample explanations in the letter-press.

A fine view of Esquimaux Harbour and scenes in New Westminster, showing the beauty of the surrounding and the wondrous growth of roses, constitute British Columbia's share in the *Dominion Illustrated*. Altogether it is a good number for illustrations of our own Canada. A fine engraving of Cabanel's Venetian Lady will be appreciated by art lovers.

A PRELATE'S CERTIFICATE.

We received in the Quebec newspapers a high recommendation in favor of St. Leon Mineral Water, which reads as follows:—

It is with pleasure I certify that St. Leon Mineral Water is an excellent remedy for dyspepsia. I have used it many years and derived very much benefit from it. I strongly recommend this water to the public.

MOR. M. R. MERTHO.

Doctor of Theology.

This marvellous beverage for sale by all leading druggists and grocers, and wholesale and retail by the St. Leon Water Company, 54 Victoria square, 5 Place d'Armes.

MASSICOTTE BROTHER,

City Manager.

Telephone 1432.

A CLERK'S NEGLIGENCE.

The judgment in the Thibault-Elison Electric Light Company case, particulars of which have been given in *The Herald*, will be reconsidered owing to a mistake on the part of a clerk in the office of the Magistrate's Court. It is claimed that a defence was sent in before judgment was given, but it was not handed to the Judge before he had given his decision in favour of Mr. Thibault.

THE HARBOUR POLICE.

A deputation of shipping men will shortly proceed to Ottawa to consult with the Government on the protection of the harbour. They have prepared a statement showing the cost of a force. The following would be the average cost per year: One chief at \$3 per day for 365 days, \$1,095; four sergeants for same time at \$1.90, \$2,734; twenty-seven constables at \$1.50 for 214 days, \$8,687; uniform, \$1,230; rent of station, \$600; coal, \$150; gas, \$98; water, \$52; telephone, \$25; incidentals, \$270; or a total of \$15,000. This is considerably less than what it has taken to support this department in years past.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

The hon. treasurer of the Protestant Asylum acknowledges with thanks a donation of \$500 from Messrs. Alexander and James Stewart, of London, England, heirs to the estate Logan, by favour of Mr. James Williamson, of this city. He also received a donation of \$10.75 from St. Jude's Church, through the Rev. J. Dixon, the rector.

The treasurer of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges with thanks from T. A. Vasey, \$5.

The superintendent of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges with thanks from Mrs. E. T. Akerril, a bag of cheese, bacon, and 8 cases of fish; J. A. Mathewson, bag of soap; J. Smardon & Co., 5 boxes of meat; Macdonald Lamb & Co., 3 boxes of meat; George King, Windsor bakery, 60 loaves of bread; Messrs. Darling & Brady, 2 boxes of soap.

FURS FOR PRESENTS.

We offer the finest and richest furs for Christmas and New Year's Presents.

When you want to please your friends by giving them Christmas and New Year's presents, why not give them something useful as well as ornamental. We have the finest and richest lines in Persian lamb, seal, sea otter, natural otter, Alaska, beaver, bokara, astrachan, Russian lamb, wild cat, etc., in short, every kind of fur that you could ask for, we have in large quantities. Come and see the large selection of furs, the richness and the superior quality of our skins. All the work is done in our own establishment, under our eyes, superintended with care and guaranteed in every respect. Give some article in fur for a present; it would be the most pleasing and the richest you could make. Do not forget the great fur store.

CHAS. DESJARDINS & Co.,

1537, 1539, 1541 St. Catherine street.

Montreal.

At the sign of the Three Deer.

N.B.—Branch at No. 141 Sparks street, Ottawa.

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THE AMERICAN CAPITAL.

How the Rival Parties are Matched in Congress—The Congressional Directory—Senate See-er Sessions.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE HERALD.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The questions of party leadership upon both sides of the House of Representatives having now been definitely established, it is manifest that the two sides are pretty well matched in this respect, and that the Democrats are in good shape to carry out the line of tactics which it is understood they have adopted. This, too, in the face of the fact that the brilliant and versatile S. S. Cox and the wary and alert Randall are no longer on the floor.

Facing the leaders on the Republican side are Carlisle, Mills, Crisp and Oates. The Democrats have a power in the presence of the ex-Speaker upon the floor. He is the ablest parliamentarian on either side of the House. He is conservative, and his fairness is unquestioned. The representatives from the tobacco-growing States have had a grievance against the ex-Speaker, but this has been all closed up on the books, and there are no visible dissensions on the Democratic side. The tariff issue is no longer a disturbing element in the Democratic ranks. They unloaded that upon the Republicans with the change of administration.

Behind the ex-Speaker stands Roger Q. Mills. His dogged determination will stand the Democrats in good stead when the political contests are at their height. With Carlisle's command of resources and the bulldog qualities of Mills combined the Republicans will have a working majority in the House which promises to be considerably increased if the rules are changed according to the present programme. Judge Crisp is a well-equipped member, the equal of any man on either side of the House as a lawyer. He will have control of the Democratic tactics in the contested election cases, in which department he is particularly skillful. Next to Carlisle he is the safest of any Democrat holding a leading position on that side of the House. Col. Oates, of Alabama,

is not exactly a party manager, because he does not believe much in the individual management of a party. Col. Oates, however, is a fighter by temperament and a constitutional lawyer by acquirement. He is up in both branches, and will have plenty of opportunities to exercise his knowledge and talents during the present season of Congressional activity.

The issues are well drawn between the parties. The Republicans have announced that they intend to do so-and-so, and the Democrats have taken up the challenge and have defied them to carry out their programme. The result promises numberless parliamentary conflicts.

The Congressional Directory, in which Senators and members of Congress take part, is a most interesting publication. The one recently issued for the first session of the Fifty-first Congress is fully up to the average in the matter of interest. Some of the autobiographies which the new members give themselves throw a flood of light on the characters of the writers. The notices will average ten lines in length, taking one with another throughout the work. A few members only take up four lines in telling who they are and what they have done. These are such veterans as Blount and Turner, of Georgia. The longest sketch in the Directory is devoted to Charles Augustus Hill, of Illinois, who recites the process by which he achieved greatness to the extent of half a page. The tone of the article throughout indicates that Charles Augustus is on the very best of terms with himself.

There is no earthly reason, and we cannot be supposed to know a supramundane one, why the Senate should not consider nominations in open session. The characters of men nominated for office are either too good to be smothered behind gilt and marble or they are too bad to be kept from a governing public who have a right to learn what is doing in their alleged behalf by their representatives.

R.

FAMOUS GARDENS OF ANTIQUITY.

By the time of Alexander, the Persian love for gardens and parks, with many other forms of luxury, had obtained a strong foothold among the Greeks, especially in their wealthy colonies, and wherever the conqueror's footsteps are followed we read of admiration for the works of the Persians and of a desire to imitate them in new constructions. When Harpalus was left Governor of the Province of Babylon he was desirous, says Plutarch, "to adorn the palace gardens and walks with Grecian plants, and succeeded in raising all but the ivy, which the earth would not bear but constantly killed." When the city of Alexandria was laid out "in the form of a plethrum or military cloak" its vast palaces and public buildings were surrounded with squares and gardens to such an extent that, buildings and grounds together, a third of the space within the walls was absorbed. Dinocrates (or Dinocrates) was the architect to whom the work was confided, and it was he who conceived the idea of carving Mount Athos into a statue of Alexander "with a city in the right hand and a reservoir of mountain streams in the left." Is such a scheme entitled to be ranked among landscape-gardening designs? And if not, where shall we find it? It can hardly be called engineering, since beauty, not utility, was the main object in view.

At all events, it remains the most ambitious idea that was ever conceived with regard to the adornment of the surface of the earth. Lucien tells us that at Ovidos there was a great pleasure ground dedicated to Venus, where even "distinguished citizens" enjoyed themselves on the verdant meadows, and where the common people came in crowds on holidays; and he mentions its cypresses, planes, and myrtles. In Sicily, where luxury went hand in hand with tyranny, gardening seems to have been practiced in an especially sumptuous way. Dionysius of Syracuse had famous gardens where his feasts were held; one of the Hieros built a war galley in which the poop deck was covered with earth and beautifully planted; and some modern writers have thought that the famous quarry pits near Syracuse, where the Athenian general in agony were afterward planted as pleasure gardens. About 300 years before Christ, Kotys, King of Thrace, "took his pleasure by a cool stream" in a forest through which he had built "level roads." A hundred years later, near Athens itself, Herodotus Atticus possessed a villa surrounded by large forests, which is spoken of by Aulus Gellius in his "Attic Nights," and when Xenophon retired from his native country to Scillus, near Olympia, he erected a palace on a smaller scale of the temple of Diana at Ephesus, surrounded it with a similar "grove of cultivated trees, bearing whatever fruits are eatable at the different seasons," and had spacious hunting grounds in its vicinity.—Garden and Forest.

JOSEPH BILLING'S PHILOSOPHY.

A true friend is one who isn't afraid to tell us of our faults.

True generosity consists in knowing when to give and when not to.

The man who has sworn not to forgive has uttered the worst oath he can take.

Health is like money—we never have a true idea of its value till we lose it.

There has been no man created yet who has been superior to all others in everything.

The most dangerous person in this world is the one with the most talents and the least virtue.

Real poverty, that comes upon us from no fault of our own, is the most grievous thing to bear.

If you are going to help a man, do it right off. Promised help loses one-half its aroma by evaporation.

Genius seems to be the faculty of doing a thing excellently well that nobody supposed could be done at all.

There is in sun men a grate deal of good-humor that is like the frolic in a puppy—don't mean anything in particular.

"He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord." Here is an investment for yore munny, where the rate of interest is the highest and the security undoubted.

One great difference between a phool and a wise man is this—the phool gaps at and then swallows almost everything he sees, but the wise man looks upon most things in this world as perfectly ridiculous.

Rose Island Reports.

I can state that we have used Hagyard's Yellow Oil with great benefit for colds, sore throat, cuts, burns, chapped hands, etc. We can recommend it to be very useful and good in many different ways.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

HOTELS.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
135 to 139 St. James Street,
MONTREAL.

HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor.

The best known Hotel in the Dominion.

July 22

mws 177

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

QUEBEC.

This hotel, which is unrivalled for size, style and locality in Quebec, has just been completely transformed and modernized throughout, being refitted with new system of drainage and ventilation, passenger elevator, electric bells and lights, &c. In fact, all that modern ingenuity and practical science could devise to promote the comfort and convenience of guests has been supplied.

CHATEAU ST. LOUIS HOTEL CO.,

Proprietors.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK,

Fifth Avenue, New York.

This most fashionable and centrally located hotel has been renovated from top to bottom, and is now re-opened under management of R. H. Southgate, upon the American and European plans. This hotel is the favorite resort for Canadians.

MITCHELL KINZLER SOUTHGATE,

Proprietors.

Comfortable Rooms, \$2 per day; Board, \$2.50 per day.

THE RUSSELL,

OTTAWA.

The Palace Hotel of Canada.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now open. The Russell contains accommodations for over FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passenger and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the city. Parliamentary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. The entire Hotel is supplied with escapes, and in case of fire there would not be any confusion or danger.

Every attention paid to guests.

KENLEY & ST. JACQUES,

Proprietors.

February

REVERE HOUSE,

BOSTON.

Near Boston and Maine, Eastern, Fitchburg, and Lowell depots, centres of business and places of amusement.

Handsomely Furnished, Homelike and Comfortable. Kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Rooms large and comfortable; elegant suites; with baths attached; ample public parlors; gentlemen's and ladies' billiard-rooms, and first-class in every respect.

Fine music every evening, conducted by Mr. Swensson, of the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

ROOMS FROM \$1.00 A DAY UP.

J. F. MERROW & Co., Proprietors.

m w 4 Jan.

HAGYARD'S

RECTOR'S

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CURES COUGHS COLIC

CHLORAGENESE

FOR SALE BY B. E. MCGALE, 2138 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

FOR SALE BY J. A. HART, 1730 Notre Dame street.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effective. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or induce post age for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, \$1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

For sale by B. E. MCGALE, 2138 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

FOR SALE BY J. A. HART, 1730 Notre Dame street.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Instantaneous Restored Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE-RESTORER

For all Brain & Nerve Diseases. Cures for St. Vitus' Dance, Epilepsy, etc. INSTANTLY TAKEN AS DIRECTED. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and 25 cent bottle free to all who send for it. Address DR. J. C. KLINE, 151 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Send name, P. O. and express address of all interested to DR. KLINE, 151 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggist. REFUSE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

For sale by J. A. HART, 1730 Notre Dame street.

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RAILWAY and STEAMSHIP

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No better variety of Poster Type

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ALES AND LIQUORS.

John Hope & Co
MONTREAL.

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JOHN DE KUYPER & SON, Rotterdam

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RODEL & FILS FREERES, Bordeaux.

E. & J. BURKE, Dublin.

PATTONSON & HIBBERT, London.

BULLOCH, LADE & CO., Glasgow.

WM. JAMESON & CO., Dublin.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE, Dublin

AND—

BOTTLE'S OLD TOM GIN, etc.

N.B.—ORDERS RECEIVED FROM THE

WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY.

December 22

JOHN H. R. MOLSON & BROS.

Ale and Porter Brewers.

1005 Notre Dame Street, Montreal

Here always on hand the various kinds

ALE AND PORTER

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Families regularly supplied.

Orders received by Telephone.

Wm. Watson, 314 St. Urbain street,

bottles our Ales and Porter. He is authorized

A WASTE OF MONEY.

Montreal's Present System of Street Lighting

AS UNSCIENTIFIC AS IT IS EXTRAVAGANT.

Futile Attempts of Gas to Compete With Electric Light.

A stranger visiting our city and unacquainted with the manner in which our civic business is conducted, would have much reason to feel surprised at our system of street lighting. Take Sherbrooke street, for instance. Now that there are no leaves on the trees the electric light is ample to meet the requirements of the most fastidious, but nevertheless the street is dotted with gas lamps whose dull yellow light serves to advertise the vast superiority of the electric light. It certainly serves no other purpose, for the electric lights are strong enough to cast a dark shadow of the lamp itself. Some time ago there were actually more gas lamps than are lights on this street, and even yet there are far too many. There are actually 19 gas lamps between Bleury and Mountain streets, which is 19 too many, for not one of them is required. There is some excuse for the three lamps between Bleury and Dorchester streets, for Sherbrooke street bends at that point and is, besides, very narrow, but even these could be dispensed with. There is a lamp in front of McGill gates and one on light on each side. Further along there are two facing each other on opposite sides of the street. These are situated about midway between two brilliant arc lights. The vicinity of Stanley street is equally well-lighted, but opposite the stone house at the northwest corner of Sherbrooke and McTavish streets there is a lamp with two burners. One is tempted to think that there is somebody in that vicinity whom the Gas Company is anxious to please. St. Catherine street is left almost entirely to the electric light, and nobody complains of it being too dark. According to the instructions of the Light Committee a lamp has been placed opposite each of the churches, although the churches are almost all situated at the corner of a street and under the full blaze of the electric lights. Whether the arc lights are put there to enable one to find the gas lamps or vice versa, is a problem. The St. James Methodist, the First Baptist and St. Gabriel on the other side of the street used to have two lamps each besides the electric lights, which are very close together at this point, but now St. Gabriel has been doctored altogether and the other two churches cut down to one each. Just west of the Heintzman piano rooms a sickly looking gas jet looks out with blinking eye as if wondering how on earth it ever came there and what it was going to do now it was there. On Bleury street there is not a gas lamp as far as Craig street and nobody ever misses them except one who goes on purpose to look for them. Beaver Hall is, perhaps, the most extravagantly lighted thoroughfare in the city. There are plenty of arc lights to suit anybody except the Gas Company, and they have no less than nine of their lamps burning between Dorchester street and Victoria square. If those on the side streets, say within twenty feet of the corner, were included, this number would be very considerably augmented. At the corner of Lagachetiere street there are no less than six lamps in a circle, not one of which is of the slightest use. Let any one who doubts this look at the lamp opposite the Reformed Episcopal Church and then at the arc light immediately overhead. But then the Committee was willing to light up the church doors and the Gas Company are doing this utterly regardless of the fact that their lamps are simply a nuisance in such a case as this. It would be just as sensible to attach a gas bracket to the electric light pole itself. Some places seem to be especially favored with gas lamps, though for what reason is not at all apparent. For instance, opposite the New York House there is a lamp of three jets maintained by the proprietor. A few feet west of this is a corporation lamp flickering dimly and throwing just enough light to enable one to read the words on a ticket, "Rooms to let." The upper part of Mountain street, just below Sherbrooke, is lighted by three arc and four gas lamps, while lower down the street is left in comparative darkness. There are other places where, though they are well enough lighted by the arc lights, the gas lamps are put in so close together that one could throw a piece of ice from one to the other. At the same time the upper parts of St. Lawrence and St. Antoine wards are very badly lighted. The Light Committee were very sparing of arc lights above Sherbrooke street, and it is inconvenient for the Gas Company to send their lamp-lighters so far up; consequently the people have to put up with dark streets or light the lamps themselves, as they sometimes do. Some more scientific system of street lighting, and not one drafted to suit the convenience of the Gas Company, would be in order.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

By the Board of Management of the Protestant Insane Hospital.

A meeting of the Board of Management of the Protestant Insane Hospital was held yesterday afternoon, in their board room, in the Mechanics' Institute. There were present: Hon. J. K. Ward, president, in the chair; Ald. W. Kennedy, Messrs. A. Perry, Rev. S. Massey, F. W. Thomas, G. Esplin, Rev. Dr. Shaw, Rev. Dr. Cornish, W. Luthford, W. S. Evans, Ald. G. W. Stephens, W. Reed, Ald. J. McBride, Dr. Wanless, J. C. Watson, Rev. J. Barclay, J. Moore, W. Eard and C. McArthur.

It was decided that pending the completion of the by-laws, the honorary officers of the institution should be ex-officio members of each committee.

The principal business of the meeting, the electing of committees for the ensuing year, was then taken up, and the following gentlemen were elected:—

Finance Committee—Messrs. J. P. Cleghorn, W. Rutherford, J. Shearer, W. S. Evans, G. Hagg, J. C. Watson, J. A. Cantlie, W. Robb, G. W. Stephens, A. Penny, R. K. Dobell and Hon. Col. W. Rhodes of Quebec, honorary members.

Permanent Plant and Building Committee—Messrs. Ald. W. Kennedy, W. Rutherford, Ald. Perry, J. Shearer, W. Reid, W. S. Evans, J. Moore, R. Reid, W. C. McDonald, G. Esplin, G. Cruikshanks and W. Eard.

Grounds and Equipment Committee—Messrs. A. Perry, Ald. W. Kennedy, W. Eard, J. P. Cleghorn, J. Moore, W.

Drake, E. E. Shelton, R. Reid, J. Williamson, Rev. J. Barclay, J. C. Watson, Rev. S. Massey, Ald. J. McBride, J. H. Stearns and C. McArthur.

Committee on By-Laws and Charter—Messrs. L. H. Davidson, Rev. J. Barclay, Rev. Dr. Shaw, Rev. Dr. Cornish and Ald. G. W. Stephens.

THE PREMIER RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Mercier arrived home from New York last evening over the Canadian Pacific Railway by the nine o'clock train. The hon. gentleman, who was in very good health, proceeded immediately to his home.

THE CIVIC ELECTIONS.

Mr. A. Mathieu, advocate, is spoken of as a candidate for the East Ward.

A requisition is being signed asking Mr. A. Lamarche to oppose Ald. Jean-notte.

Mr. O. Ricard, grocer, may be a candidate in St. James Ward.

ARRESTED IN TORONTO.

A short time ago an ex-livory man, holding a good connection in this city, got into serious trouble over some money matters, in consequence of which he was arrested and placed under bail to appear for trial. A day or two ago he left the city and the case was placed in the hands of the detectives. He was traced to Toronto and yesterday morning Detective Robinson left for that city to bring him back. They will probably arrive tonight.

THE FIRE RECORD FOR 1889.

During the year 1889 there were in all 474 fire alarms. This is 51 less than in 1888, but an increase of about 10 over 1887. The worst month was February and the lightest one May. The hardest fire was Gould's, on the canal bank, on the 16th of February, at which two hours elapsed between the first and the return alarm. The nearest approach to this was one hour and fifty eight minutes, in the month of April.

CURE YOUR CATARRH, OR GET S300.

For many years, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, who are thoroughly responsible, financially, as any one can easily ascertain by proper enquiry, have offered, in good faith, through nearly every newspaper in the land, a standing reward of \$500 for a case of nasal catarrh, no matter how bad, or of how long standing, which they cannot cure. The Remedy, which is sold by druggists at only 50 cents, is mild, soothing, cleansing, antiseptic and healing.

A WARNING TO COLLECTORS.

An interesting decision was given yesterday by Magistrate Barry in a case where a man was sued for damages for having called upon a person in a factory for the collection of a debt. He held that the domicile of the debtor was the proper place to call for the collection of an account. He also said that asking for money due on the street constituted a constructive assault. Judgment was then given for the plaintiff, allowing him \$1 damages.

FREIGHT AGENTS' FESTIVITIES.

The local freight department employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company held their "first annual dinner and social" at Welsh & Roughton's on Monday evening. Mr. J. F. Mundie, freight agent, occupied the chair. After a sumptuous repast, to which all present did justice, a very entertaining programme of songs, recitations and readings was gone through, and toasts to the Queen, Governor-General, the Grand Trunk Railway and Her Majesty's customs were proposed and warmly responded to. The invited guests present were Messrs. Capon, Perrault, Robinson, Broseau and Reid.

LACHINE BRIDGE WORKS.

The Dominion Bridge Co. have just turned out from their works at Lachine a train of twenty-eight cars loaded with new steel bridges for the Canadian Pacific Railway. A Herald reporter was also informed by Mr. F. R. F. Brown, the superintendent, that this will shortly be followed by another train load for the same company. The Bridge Company has also orders in hand for the Grand Narrows bridge, Nova Scotia, the Grand Trunk Railway, the Vaudreuil and Prescott Railway, Canada Atlantic Railway, Drummondville, County Railway, and Quebec & Lake St. John Railway. The statistics would seem to indicate that the company is in a highly prosperous condition.

HAD A PRETTY BUSY YEAR.

Yesterday was a very quiet one at the City Hall. Still it was no index of what has been done there during the past year, which has been one of unusual activity all round. The Road Department has done more than ever in any one year. In fact in the last three years more has been accomplished than in any previous ten years. A lot of valuable work has been attended to, including the two intercepting sewers. The Water Department has carried on a great deal of pipe laying in various sections of the city and intend continuing the same work right along. The water consumption for the year is expected to be 4,678,713,532 gallons, while last year the figures were 4,912,425,000. The decrease is due to the rigid inspection by the officials this year. During the year 54,388 feet, or about ten miles and a third of pipe were laid against thirteen miles the previous year. A considerable amount of permanent work has been done by the department, which is now in fine order. The other corporation branches have also spent an active year.

"WONDERS WILL NEVER CEASE."

This is an old saying, but that it is true was verified last night. It was about half-past nine that a Point St. Charles car stood on the corner of St. Lambert Hill and Notre Dame street. The conductor blew his whistle and the car started. This is not a very remarkable or new story, but the sequel to it proved decidedly amusing for those who were fortunate enough to be in the vicinity.

By some means or other the conductor had blown, not his regular whistle, but a police whistle, which he carries with him. Then the car started down the hill and the fun commenced. In less than fifteen seconds four policemen appeared on the spot as if put there by the power which throws a harlequin from the trap on the stage. Eagerly they

looked for the fray, and when a small boy said that it was on Craig street they dashed down the hill at a faster pace than policemen generally travel at, even when going off duty. No sign of trouble was found when they arrived, panting and puffing, at the bottom of the hill, so they slowly walked back and were met by the conductor, who modestly informed them that he was the cause of the trouble.

They accepted the explanation and returned to their beats, feeling that they had, at least, done their duty in responding to the call in as quick time as even "the finest" could make.

A MURDEROUS MACHINE.

Yesterday afternoon some men were engaged in painting the lower portion of the well of the elevator in the City Hall, suddenly the elevator commenced to descend and the man who was working inside the well had barely time to escape before the ponderous machine struck the floor. Had he not been warned by the shouts of those who saw the danger there is little doubt but that he would have been killed. The strangest part of the affair is that the elevator was at the top floor and when it started its descent no one was in it nor is it likely that any individual started its downward course.

ANOTHER ROBBERY IN A BANK.

Another well-planned robbery took place yesterday afternoon. This time the victim was a youth of fourteen years of age, who was sent by his father, Mr. Bigaouette, of 313 St. Lawrence street, to deposit \$120 in the Banque du Peuple. Just after he entered the bank a stranger accosted him, and asked the boy to look at a cheque which he held in his left hand. As the boy turned his head the nimble-fingered robber grabbed the book containing the cash and vanished through the door. The detectives were notified, but up to a late hour last night they had not succeeded in finding the thief.

AN OVERCROWDED GAOL.

Some weeks ago THE HERALD called the attention of the authorities to the fact that the city gaol was undoubtedly overcrowded. Nor was this assertion contradicted by the authorities. No effort was made to remedy the trouble, and as a result Detective Campan and a squad of police left yesterday with twenty-five prisoners who will complete their terms in the goal at Three Rivers. This is not the first time that prisoners have been removed to another goal, and in spite of the fact that the accommodation is inadequate to the demand those whose duty it is to move in the matter remain idle and allow the city to be taxed with the extra expenses which result from their indifferance.

A HANDSOME PRESENT.

Mr. A. Redlich, manager of the Reliance Cigar Factory, was presented last night with a solid silver tea service by the employees of the firm, together with an address expressing their confidence in and their esteem for him, and their appreciation of the kindly manner in which he has always treated them. Mr. Redlich made a neat little speech in reply thanking them for their handsome present and expressing the kindest feelings for them. The service is a handsome one, consisting of six pieces of the best material and workmanship. Each piece is beautifully engraved and the design is a chaste and elegant one. Not a year passes but Mr. Redlich is made the recipient of a testimonial of some kind, but the present he received yesterday was a real surprise to him.

CELEBRATING THE NEW YEAR.

The residents of a portion of Champ de Mars street ushered in the new year with an evening of riot and drinking which is getting decidedly too prevalent in this quarter. Shortly after ten o'clock a woman appeared at the Central police station and in piteous tones asked that some constables should be sent to quiet the people, who were drunk and ill-using her in her own house. She seemed to forget that she herself was drunk, but in order to oblige her Sgt. Beauchemin sent two policemen with her to her home. Here they found nearly everybody as drunk as his neighbour and not wishing to undertake to arrest the whole neighbourhood they returned to the station and left the revellers alone in their glory. During the evening the police were repeatedly called to the scene, but those who were misbehaving themselves managed to keep outside the pale of the law.

AMUSEMENTS.

EFFIE ELLISLER.

There was a large audience present at the Academy of Music last night, when "The Governors" was repeated. The good impression made on the opening night was sustained by a good smooth performance.

The box office at the Academy will be open at 10 a.m. this morning for the sale of matinee tickets.

PAT'S WARDROBE.

Crowded houses are greeting Pat Rooney and his musical comedy at the Theatre Royal this week. The usual two performances will be given to-day.

PROF. REYNOLDS.

There was a very large attendance at Prof. Reynolds' entertainment last night, but the young men were bashful and only four would venture on the platform. The professor was therefore obliged to postpone the entertainment.

MENDELSSOHN CONCERT.

A fitting and artistic close to the old year in musical circles was the concert of the Mendelssohn choir which was given last evening in the Queen's Hall. The audience was a large and brilliant one, such that society always have when they come before the public. The parts were not so perfectly balanced as they were last season, a certain weakness in the tenor and sometimes the contralto being noticeable where the full choir had to sing in the harmony. The sopranos were exceptionally brilliant, and the basses were very good. Their singing was, it is needless to say, as near perfection as it is possible for one hundred individuals to get. Their shading was correct and exceedingly tasteful, and they were in perfect obedience to the baton of their conductor, Mr. Gould. The choral part of the programme was well selected. The Saint Sae's part song, "To the Night," is one of the most difficult to render, more especially unaccompanied; the holding notes are exacting, and the whole thing is exceedingly wearing on the voice. The vocalists in the audience evidently appreciated the fact from the applause with which they greeted it.

The Max Bruch solo and chorus, "Jubilate Amen," was the finest piece by far on the programme, and was performed with a depth of devotional feeling that melted a good many of the audience. It is a most exquisite morcel in the modern German style.

The cantata, "The Sun Worshippers," by A. Goring Thomas, was well rendered and formed the last piece on the programme. It is a pleasing piece, but the development would have been more so had it concluded with a fugue according to the classical form. The choral work in it is not difficult technically, but requires careful singing to render it effective.

The soloists were Mrs. Humphrey Allan (soprano), and Mr. Winch (tenor), both of whom are well known here. Mrs. Allan having taken the role of Elsie in Sullivan's "Golden Legend" when performed by the Philharmonic last season, and Mr. Winch having also sung at a Philharmonic and Mendelssohn concert last season. In addition to their work on the cantata, Mr. Winch sang Rubenstein's "Would it were ever abiding," for which he got an encore, and took part in a duo with Mrs. Allan from Gounod's Romeo and Juliet music.

Mrs. Allan took the solo in the "Jubilate" and sang a selection from "Wassaul's Herodiade." Both artists acquitted themselves with credit.

The cello solos of Mr. Josef Adamowski were also acceptable and were finely rendered.

The ensemble formed an event of which the Mendelssohn choir may be proud to look back upon as another of the series of successes they have achieved in the past.

THEY WANT BETTER PAY.

In Poetic Dialogue the Policemen Present their Case to the Public.

The city policemen want better pay. They have pleaded, protested, petitioned and kicked all to no purpose—the powers that be are obtuse; they are dull of hearing. In the meantime the men who constitute "the finest" force in Canada have had to grin and bear it. Is it any wonder that they have broken out into the following almost pathetic wail in a poetic recital of their grievances:—

Frank—
If we are the finest, as some people say,
What would we be if we got better pay?
You are an old soldier—a sensible man—
Answer this question, my friend, if you can.

Bill—
Dear brother in arms, like myself you should see,
That this is a question for the Police Committee;
Especially the Chairman and other fat sages
Who compel us to live on starvation wages.

Frank—
It may appear strange, the Chief don't deny it,
That we are fine men on half pay and low diet;
For my part I believe as others have stated,
We would be finer if we were fairly treated.

Bill—
A respectful petition send in right away,
Showing the necessity of increase in our pay;
Give them to understand that justice we'll seek;
We can't meet our bills on eight dollars a week.

Frank—
Petitions be d—d, we have sent in a score;
One of them signed by five thousand or more,
Together with pamphlets and the d—d knows what,
And you know very well the answer we got.

Bill—
Courage, my boy, there's a turn in the tide,
The Chairman and Chief are now on our side;
That trip to the States will bring us good cheer,
We have a bright prospect of a happy New Year.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Hunt Club.

The members of the Hunt Club will hold three dances during the coming season, as follows: On Thursday, January 4th; Wednesday, January 24th, and Thursday, February 13th inst. These dances last year were much enjoyed by those who had the pleasure of participating in them, and as Mr. Leslie H. Gault, who was chairman of the committee, still holds that honourable position, there is very little doubt that those of this season will be of the same enjoyable character.

Snowshoeing.

THE HOLY CLUB TRAMP.

The members of the Holy Snowshoe Club held their usual weekly tramp last evening to their club house at Cote St. Antoine. Some fifty members turned out, and on their arrival at the club house the usual good time was indulged in, consisting of songs, recitations, dances and marches, interspersed with the bouncing of several new members, who seemed greatly mystified therat.

THE SAINTS TRAMP.

The members of St. George's Snowshoe Club held their usual weekly tramp last evening to their club house at Cote St. Antoine. Some fifty members turned out, and on their arrival at the club house the usual good time was indulged in, consisting of songs, recitations, dances and marches, interspersed with the bouncing of several new members, who seemed greatly mystified therat.

Quits.

At a recent meeting of the Montreal Quoting Club, the members presented their secretary, Mr. James Knox, with a purse, for services rendered the club during the past year. Mr. Knox replied, stating that he would act for the club in the future as he had done in the past.

THE SECRETARY OF THE M. Q. C. PRESENTED WITH A MEMENTO.

At a recent meeting of the Montreal Quoting Club, the members presented their secretary, Mr. James Knox, with a purse, for services rendered the club during the past year. Mr. Knox replied, stating that he would act for the club in the future as he had done in the past.

IS IT "LA GRIPE?"

Medical Men Divided in Opinion on the Subject.

If all the doctors say is to be believed it is indeed difficult to tell whether or not "La Grippe" has reached this city. One doctor, in conversation with a Herald man last night, said that there is no doubt whatever that it is here. Another one said, "No, I don't think it is here. Why, last year during the quick changes the people were troubled with what is to-day called 'La Grippe.' That there is an epidemic of bad colds in this city is quite evident, and firmly believe that nearly half the population are suffering."

"What is your candid opinion about the matter?" was asked of Dr. Munro. "I think that the people have been suddenly scared. That many are suffering from what they think is 'La Grippe,' there is no doubt, but if they take the proper precautions, there is no danger whatever."

This seems to be the general opinion of the medical men who have been seen, although some say that the epidemic is here. The people who are laid up probably know better what is the matter with them than the doctors who are attending them.

REPORTER WANTED.

Must have some journalistic experience. Address Editor "Herald."

SESSION OF PARLIAMENT

The DAILY HERALD will be delivered to any part of the city, or mailed to any address in the Dominion of Canada or United States, postage free, during the coming session of Parliament, for ONE DOLLAR, IN ADVANCE.

WATCH-NIGHT SERVICES.

Midnight services were held in St. Stephen's, St. James Methodist, St. Jude's, St. Bartholomew's, St. Martin's, Dominion Square and Point St. Charles Methodist churches. Mr. Maffre officiated as organist of Dominion Square Church last evening for the last time.

HE FRACTURED HIS ANKLE.

Lawrence Wilson was practising at the gymnasium in connection with the Young Irishmen's Society last night, when he fell a distance of about twelve feet and fractured his left ankle. He was taken to the General Hospital in the ambulance.

A LAMP EXPLOSION.

The western division of the Fire Brigade was called out yesterday afternoon at 4.35 by an alarm from box 87. It appears that a lamp exploded in the grocery store at No. 122 Brianna street, but before the firemen arrived the occupants succeeded in extinguishing the blaze.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

At Boston, Dec. 31, Lake Huron, from Liverpool.
At Halifax, Dec. 31, Hartington, from Hamburg, for Philadelphia.
Miscellaneous.
Bark Yuba arrived at Monte Video from Mar del Plata on December 29th.
The Allan steamship Nestorian, from Glasgow for Philadelphia, via Halifax, arrived at Halifax at 6 p.m. on Monday.
The Allan mail steamship Nova Scotia, from Liverpool for Baltimore, via St. John, N.S., and Halifax, arrived at Baltimore at 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

AT THE WINDSOR.
Messrs. W. L. Ellis, of St. John; J. Ed. Moret, of Paris, France, and Thos. D. Pearce, of Philadelphia.

AT THE HALL.
Messrs. Thomas Murray of Pembroke, A. Austin of Quebec, Wm. Sullivan of Bradford, Eng., J. T. Roberts of Winnipeg, and W. B. McArthur of Ottawa.

AT THE ALBION.
Mr. C. O. Lombard, Miss Daisy Warner, Miss Rebecca Corey, of New York; C. N. Clark, of Fredericton; B. Hallett, of Sherbrooke; J. S. Martin, of Megantic; R. Lee, of East Hawkesbury; J. Jackson, of Everist, of Toronto, and Guy Read, of Ottawa.

A FIRE AT THE WINDSOR.
A lady gives the alarm and it is speedily extinguished.

What might have proved a serious conflagration but for the timely observance of a lady residing on Dorchester street, occurred yesterday afternoon on the first floor of the Windsor Hotel. It appears that in one of the sitting-rooms a fire had been lighted, and during the absence of its occupants a coal dropped out on to the carpet, which immediately caught fire and as quickly travelled towards the window and ignited the lace curtains. In a flash the flames spread on the windows, the sashes of which were quickly reduced to ashes. The flames attracted the attention of a lady who resides opposite the hotel on Dorchester street, and she immediately telephoned to the hotel acquainting them of the fact. The alarm was at once given and a staff of bell boys were quickly on the scene and with the aid of buckets of water placed in the corridors outside, the fire was quickly extinguished.

THE SALVAGE CORPS.

The returns of the work done by the men of No. 1 Salvage wagon shows that they have been kept pretty busy during the past year, although, fortunately, the city has been free from serious fires than for some years past.

The report is as follows:—

	Chari- engine used.	Barbours used.	Covers spread.	Still alarms.	General alarm.
January	33	66	9	1	1
February	29	19	8	1	1
March	25	12	5	1	1
April	18	0	25	1	1
May	23	1	4	1	1
June	19	72	3	1	1
July	32	3	141	1	1
August	28	1	32	1	1
September	18	2	23	1	1
October	26	0	32	1	1
November	31	0	32	1	1
December	30	1	32	1	1
Total	312	14	544	55	4

PERSONAL.

Hon. L. O. Taillon is registered at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Max O'Rell, sailed by the steamship Celtic on Christmas Day for America.

Rev. Mr. L. H. Jordan was much better yesterday; but is still confined to his room.

Hon. Thos. McGreevy, M.P., for Quebec West, returned from New York yesterday morning.

Mr. W. D. Stroud, who has been seriously ill for some time, was rather better yesterday.

Mr. H. Blaastad, of the firm of Basenit, Dubouche & Co., of Cognac, France, is a guest at the Windsor.

Hon. McKenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs, arrived at the Windsor yesterday and left in the evening for the west.

Hon. Wilfred Laurier has been confined to his bed for nearly three weeks by a severe indisposition.

Mr. Joseph Hickson, general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, who has been ill for a day or two, was at his office yesterday.

Messrs. C. H. MacIntosh, of the Ottawa Citizen, and Jas. Isbester, the well known contractor, of Ottawa, arrived at the Windsor yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Dionne, Legislative Councilor, has written to the Speaker, Hon. Mr. Starnes, to the effect that he is going to spend the winter in Georgia and will not be able to take his seat during the coming session.

Miss Agnes Borket of Buffalo has sued a railroad for \$10,000 for the loss of her

beauty, occasioned by a blow in the face from a train.

Gen. Reuben Davis, a cousin of Jefferson Davis, says the latter was worth nearly \$200,000 when the war began and nothing at its close.

Divine & Bible is the name of a firm engaged in the whiskey business at Jericho Springs, Mo. They do not represent the spirit of the Scriptures.

Mrs. Fannie B. Ward has started on a trip as news correspondent through South America. The journey will occupy a year and will extend through every division of that country.