

Laurier at Peterboro.

A Magnificent Demonstration in the Chief's Honor.

Hon. Mr. Haggart's Insincerity

Says Remedial Legislation Will Not be Heard of After June 23—Bright Prospects in Eastern Ontario.

Peterboro, Ont., June 13.—Never in the history of this flourishing and industrious town have the people been so keen to discuss politics, and the visit of the Liberal leader, Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, and Hon. G. W. Ross, did not tend to lessen the enthusiasm.

Early in the week when it became known that the distinguished leader was to visit Peterboro the most extensive preparations were made to receive them, and they were carried out in a very superior manner.

At half past one a large mass meeting was held in the skating rink, at which fully 3,000 people were present from the two Peterboro ridings and the neighboring counties.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier was introduced, but before commencing he was presented with two addresses, one by Dr. Bell, on behalf of the Liberals, and another from Mr. D. O. Legendre, on behalf of the local French Canadians.

The Liberal leader, in replying, gave a most eloquent address, and in a manner which caused even the Tories to commend his earnestness.

Hon. Mr. Haggart's insincerity was also mentioned, and he dwelt also with the Manitoba school question, appealing to his hearers to vote for conciliation rather than coercion.

At the close of his address he was presented with several bouquets of flowers from several Peterboro ladies.

He was followed by the Hon. G. W. Ross, who delivered a most convincing address in which he placed the onus of blame on the leader of the Government, Sir Charles Tupper, for all the chief issues of this present campaign.

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Laurier, Mowat, To-Night.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the Liberal party in Canada, Sir Oliver Mowat, Premier of Ontario, and other speakers of note will address the great gathering in the Cochrane Auditorium, corner Duluth Avenue and St. Urbain Street to-night.

There will be no ticket of admission—Montreal is invited. It is certain that the meeting will be one of the greatest and most important ever held in this Province. Mr. Laurier is fighting the battle of civil and commercial freedom, and may look for that warm welcome which is always his in Montreal.

Take the St. Lawrence Street car, or tell the conductor to transfer you on to that line and let you off at Duluth Avenue.

Hon. Mr. Laurier arrived in Montreal at midnight Saturday. Sir Oliver Mowat left Toronto this morning and will arrive here at 6.40 this evening. They will drive to the Auditorium at eight.

acts of the Government, but his own acts, and at nearly every meeting there is a strap of greater or less dimensions in several instances black eyes being the result. In South Leeds, where Mr. Taylor thought he had a walk-over, the fight is developing into a lively one and Mr. Freidenburg's supporters are becoming more encouraged each day.

LAVERGNE AND DESY. Drummondville, June 12.—After several weeks of wrangling and unsuccessful attempts to procure a Conservative candidate for the counties of Drummond-Arthabaska, a Mr. Desy, lawyer of Three Rivers, was chosen as the opponent of Mr. Lavergne, the Liberal candidate for these counties.

The Government supporters were jubilant when the choice was decided upon, and predicted that the Liberals would find themselves in hot water the moment Mr. Desy opened his campaign. It was claimed Mr. Desy was a powerful speaker and debater.

A Conservative meeting was accordingly arranged to take place in this town. About 800 people were assembled at the market place. It was not expected the Liberal candidate and his friends could be present, as Mr. Lavergne had to speak that night at St. Anne, a village some 35 miles from Drummondville. The Liberals had, however, made preparations, and when the meeting was called to order by Dr. Berard, president of the County Conservative Committee, the Liberal speakers were present.

Mr. Desy, in his appearance, and their request to be allowed to take part in the discussion was promptly and cheerfully granted by the Conservatives. The Liberal candidate, Mr. Lavergne, accompanied by Mr. Bernier, ex-M.P., St. Hyacinthe, and Mr. Noel, lawyer of Arthabaska, took seats on the platform. The great oration was entertained by the Conservatives that Mr. Desy would carry the day by the force of his arguments and the good cause he was fighting for made the Conservatives very confident. It must be conceded that this gentleman is an eloquent orator; this was evidenced by the close attention given to his utterances, but at the conclusion of Mr. Desy's speech, the exuberant joy of but a few hours' duration changed into utter discouragement, when the majority of the crowd yelled several times hurrah for Laurier.

The meeting opened with a speech from Mr. Crepeau, sr., who endeavored to explain the immense benefits of protection. Descriptive cheers and laughter greeted these utterances. Mr. Noel, a young and promising lawyer of Arthabaska, replied to Mr. Crepeau, and in a neat speech, said he was not surprised monopolists wanted protection, for was it not the protection of the millionaires against the poor men.

Mr. Crepeau, jr., followed. The most remarkable part of his speech were such words as dirty Conservative, Orangemen, dirty Liberals, etc. He finished his remarks by stating the Conservative party had done nothing else but hide the dirty work of the Liberals. Mr. Bernier was the next speaker, but before dealing with the questions of the day he created much amusement by referring to the very spicy language of the previous speaker, and advised that the gentleman who had used such words in future. Mr. Bernier then proceeded in a masterly speech by denouncing the numerous corrupt acts of the Tory Government. The honest policy of the Liberal party was contrasted with that of the Tory Government. Speaking on the Manitoba school question, Mr. Bernier raised much enthusiasm and applause when he declared that the only men to settle the question satisfactorily to all parties were the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat.

Mr. Desy, the Conservative candidate, was now introduced and delivered a very good speech. The main issue with that gentleman in the Manitoba school question, Mr. Bernier raised much enthusiasm and applause when he declared that the only men to settle the question satisfactorily to all parties were the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat.

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Mr. Laurier. Mr. Desy in a few words replied to Mr. Lavergne and closed the meeting by exhorting his hearers to cast their votes on June 23rd for the only Government that would make them rich and give the minority of Manitoba its separate schools.

This was instantly answered by the crowd: "No, never, never, we have enough of your promises. Hurrah for Laurier!" The crowd loudly called for Mr. Bernier, but the president of the meeting quickly jumped to his feet and declared the proceedings closed. This did not once more he heard Mr. Desy then announced that those who wished to hear that gentleman could assemble immediately at the residence of Mr. Watts. About three-fourths of the crowd followed and it was not until past seven o'clock that these people dispersed after having heard rattling good speeches from Messrs. Bernier, W. J. Watts, J. E. Girodard, A. T. Pare and Mr. Noel.

MORE OF MR. IVES TACTICS. Sherbrooke, June 10.—The article which appeared in Monday's Herald, also in Tuesday night's Witness in reference to the interference of the clergy in such a bare-faced manner, has caused a great deal of comment adverse to Mr. Ives, and it is now being heard as a boomerang amongst the intelligents of this city. It has come to such a pass here that the freedom of using the ballot, as it is intended it should be used, will not be tolerated if the Conservatives make it a condition of their support that they be allowed to take part in the discussion was promptly and cheerfully granted by the Conservatives. The Liberal candidate, Mr. Lavergne, accompanied by Mr. Bernier, ex-M.P., St. Hyacinthe, and Mr. Noel, lawyer of Arthabaska, took seats on the platform. The great oration was entertained by the Conservatives that Mr. Desy would carry the day by the force of his arguments and the good cause he was fighting for made the Conservatives very confident. It must be conceded that this gentleman is an eloquent orator; this was evidenced by the close attention given to his utterances, but at the conclusion of Mr. Desy's speech, the exuberant joy of but a few hours' duration changed into utter discouragement, when the majority of the crowd yelled several times hurrah for Laurier.

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ate address undermines the substantial work of the Liberals.

POLITICAL JOTTINGS. Clarke Wallace was at Smith's Falls and Carleton Place on Saturday, and was accorded a big reception by the Orangemen.

J. L. Haycock, Lockie Wilson and other prominent Patrons attended and spoke at a Patron picnic at Sandbanks, 12 miles from Picton, Ont., on Saturday.

On Saturday Dalton McCarthy spoke at Lanark in the afternoon, and at Farnham in the evening.

Sir Charles Tupper spoke at Glenora, Chatham and Windsor on Saturday.

ST. ANN'S DIVISION. A large, enthusiastic outdoor mass-meeting was held Saturday night near the corner of Seigneurs and Notre Dame Streets, in support of the candidature of Hon. James McShane. Mr. Tremble occupied the chair and introduced the orators of the occasion, who spoke alternately in French and English. These were Messrs J. P. B. Casgrain, W. A. Welz, T. Descares, Dr. Guerin, M. L. A. Carroll, Ryan, Hon. J. K. Ward and the candidates, Mr. McShane. The extravagance, corruption and false pretences of the Government were thoroughly exposed, and the speakers were frequently applauded as they showed how miserably the N. P. had failed in its mission. The meeting was enthusiastically demonstrated in favor of Mr. McShane, and cheered loudly whenever the name of Mr. Laurier was mentioned.

Hon. J. K. Ward made a most impressive speech in which he assured the workingmen there was no fear of the Liberals coming to power. He should the Liberals are in this fight to win, and have every assurance of a glorious victory on the 23rd, if the electors are allowed to go to the polls in a manner becoming the intelligence of the nineteenth century. This is the way the supporters of Mr. Ives go about securing votes. Mr. Panneton very generously offered the use of the "Globe" (at the remote part of Grande Ligne) put a statue in the church, of course expecting to get his powerful influence for Mr. Ives. He also promises to have the Quebec Government expend four hundred dollars on a new road in the same locality. If Mr. Ives is elected, in that same section, a new road was opened up after his own election at a cost of \$800, and is entirely useless in summer, being only used as a winter road. The people living there are, as a general rule, very poor, and they now have more roads than they can keep in repair, and this new "road" is entirely unnecessary. This is only a few of the things that Mr. Aylmer's supporters have to contend against.

BISHOP LAROCQUE'S SERMON. Sherbrooke, Que., June 14.—A sermon was preached at the cathedral this morning by Bishop Larocque on the manducation. He said it was his duty to vote for the man who had shown their sincerity not only by their words but by their actions. He also said that each man should vote according to his conscience but to the conscience of a Catholic had to be guided by the rules laid down by the Bishops in the collective document. If they did not act according to his wishes in this matter they could not be sincere in their protestations of loyalty to him. The whole tenor of the sermon was to impress upon Catholics that it was their duty to vote for the Conservative candidates. The Liberal candidates are meeting with great success in the whole district. In La Motte and Shilly to-day Mr. Clis Fitzpatrick, ex-loyal member and Liberal nominee in Quebec County, had very successful meetings.

TUPPER'S TORONTO MEETING. Toronto, June 13.—Arrangements have been perfected for the visit of Sir Charles Tupper to Toronto on Friday next. Sir Charles will arrive in the city in the morning, and will spend the day in consulting with his friends. In the evening he will address the electors in the Massey Hall. The audience is expected to be very large.

ALD. DUPRE AT WORK. Alex. Dupre, Liberal candidate for St. Mary's division, opened a committee room Saturday evening, at the corner of Campbell and Ontario Streets. There were about 400 electors present and after the election of the officers of the committee an open air meeting was held. Following are the names of the committee: Messrs. Elzeur Mirault, Hon. Pres., N. Lemire, Pres., Louis St. Pierre, and Thos. Mahen, Vice-Presidents, A. Frechette, Secre- tary, and J. G. Bligny, P. R. Perron, Louis Lapointe, E. Houle, Adolphe Beauchamp, Louis Lesperance, James Robillard, J. A. Hugon, Ed. Gravel.

THE OFFICIALS. The officials were: H. Brophy, Referee; W. Bramley and D. W. G. Cousins, umpires; and W. McKenna and J. Blesonette, captains.

The first game was good and fast lacrosse throughout; although the Shamrocks were palpably nervous. Towards the end, however, the covering became looser, and the Shamrock field became so spread out that a pretty piece of combination work between Shea, Murphy and Carson enabled Smith to score after 23 minutes' play, in which the Caps had none the best of it.

In the second game the Capital goals were never in danger. Only once did the ball pass into Ottawa territory. The Capitals' home kept the ball continuously on the Shamrock flags, and it never once reached the Shamrocks' home during the 33 minutes of play.

In the third game the Shamrock field went to pieces, and with it all chances of winning the match. They crowded in on the defence; the home was not

Continued on Page 3.

IT WAS AN EASY THING FOR CAPITAL.

The Shamrocks Got a Big and Unpleasant Surprise on Saturday.

THEY WENT TO PIECES IN OTTAWA

Saturday's Sporting Events in Various Places—Lacrosse and Baseball Games—The Shamrocks Bad Luck.

Well! It was not our day! That is all the satisfaction that can be made. Whether a yellow dog crept quietly into the train or whether it was the retribution of Providence for the caterer's meals, it is difficult to say. But certainly after the first game the Capitals had the Shamrocks at their mercy. Those pretty, box like grounds which the Caps have mapped out like a billiard table until they know exactly where every man will be at a given time, and can pass to him with their eyes shut, are a hoodoo to our boys. There is no scope for field work at all. The ball is always on the one or the other goal, and thus the visitors' defence has always extra work to do, and is left without the breathing spells which our spacious fields give them. But, even admitting this, the Shamrock field-men failed to keep up to the expectations formed of them on Saturday. Kelly was obviously sick when he went on the ground and he had to retire at the end of the first hour. Hinton did his best, but the task of holding down such a man as Hugh Carson took up all his time. The remainder crowded in on the defence, thus, there was no one in the field to pass to. The home were only field by chance long shots, and the Capital field men were unchecked and able to keep their lightning home constantly fed with the ball. The result was a foregone conclusion. The best defence in the world must succumb to the persistent attacks of a home which has continuous possession of the ball, and so, while the Shamrock defence were working like slaves, the home could count the number of times they sent the ball on their sticks, when O'Meara had to play beyond centre field, in order to get a chance at all, when Bob Wall had to wait nearly 50 yards from the Caps' goal, and when Tucker, the inside home man, had to score the only goal the Shamrocks got when he was fully 20 yards from the Crown, it can easily be understood what chance the Shamrock home had to do any kind of effective work. It was the going to pieces of the field that paralyzed both the defence and the attack, and the way in which the home were able to do so was very effective in firing out their opponents, but no referee can see everything that goes on in a lacrosse match, and prompt punishment followed every open offence, so rather how or when it was committed. In fact, he is an ideal referee, and the way in which he controlled his temper under the most merited abuse he received from both the players and the bleachers was a revelation to Ottawa.

THE GAME. Under an almost cloudless sky, and on a field as level (and very nearly as small) as a billiard table, the two teams between which the championship seems to be in this season, met on the struggle. They had everything in their favor. The grand stand was crowded with the prettiest of Ottawa's many pretty women, and the benches were black with hundreds of cool "rooters." There was hardly a breath of wind. It was warm, hot, nor yet too cool. There was a Guard's hand to enliven the waits, and a dozen pencils ready to describe their prowess. Both teams were fit to fight for their lives, and thus there was a hush of expectancy when the men covered each other in the following order:

(Shamrock Goal) McKenna, Sparrow Smith, Dwyer, Moore, Kelly, O'Brien, G.O. Carson, Hinton, Hugh Carson, Wall, Quinn, Tucker, Shea, Crown (Capital Goal)

Continued on Page 3.

Every Day.

You wear a Shirt every day in the year. There's comfort and satisfaction in wearing the best. The best are made by

R. J. TOOKE, 177 ST. JAMES STREET, 2387 ST. CATHERINE STREET, WEST, 1553 ST. CATHERINE STREET, EAST.

LIGHT COLORS in the StoneWall Jackson ARE EXCEPTIONALLY MILD, And are equally as fine in quality as the Noted Dark Colors of this Famous Brand.

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JAMS, JELLIES and MARMALADES

A complete assortment now in store. Ex Allan Line SS. Canadian. Kellier's Dundee Marmalade in 1 lb. jars, Kellier's Dundee Marmalade in 2 lb. stone jars, Kellier's Dundee Marmalade in 4 lb. tins, Kellier's Dundee Marmalade in 1 lb. tins, Kellier's Home made Marmalades in 1 lb. glasses.

Ex Allan Line SS. Sardinian. LIMERICK BACON, BELFAST BACON, WILTSHIRE BACON.

JOHN MCCANN'S (Drogheda) IRELAND. IRISH OATMEAL.....In 5 lb. Cans. IRISH OATMEAL.....In 14 lb. Cans.

Ex Allan Line Steamship Siberian. 100 Cases Andrew Usher's Celebrated Glenlivet Whiskies.

SEASIDE STORES. SEASON OF 1896. The Leading House in Canada for Camping and Seaside Supplies of Every Description.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., ITALIAN WAREHOUSE. 207, 209 and 211 ST. JAMES STREET. TO PRESERVE ORDER. TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

It was learned on Saturday that a number of irresponsible persons were organizing a gang for the purpose of disturbing the Liberal meeting at the Cochrane auditorium to-night. Provision has been made by which any blackguardly conduct will result in the prompt punishment of the disturbers. Vote for Sadler, a manufacturer and employer of labor. Caledonia Merchant Killed. Caledonia, Ont., June 14.—Festus Johnson, a well known merchant, was accidentally killed yesterday by the premature discharge of his gun while out shooting. He was president of the Six Nations Reserve Conservative Association. St. Antoine Ward wants a manufacturer—Vote for Sadler.





The WOMAN'S PAGE

THE WOMAN ABOUT TOWN

(Any contributions suitable for this column may be addressed to "The Woman About Town," Herald Office.)

TO OUR READERS.

"The Woman About Town" would respectfully suggest to the readers of the Herald that as the season is rapidly advancing, the idea of establishing a "home boarding house" for business women outside of the city be put into active operation as speedily as possible.

Westmont has been suggested as a most suitable locality, being easily accessible and yet sufficiently removed from the city atmosphere as to afford a pleasant change during the hot season.

If the ladies and gentlemen who have already interested themselves in this question would co-operate, I feel sure an institution could be started here which would prove a great boon to our business women. The idea has been successfully carried out in many places in the States, and there is no doubt that once started in Montreal it would prove equally successful.

SUCCESS IN CANNING FRUIT.

A Few Things It is Well to Remember In canning fruit remember that success depends upon:

Using a reliable make of glass jars and testing the air-tight quality of each by pouring a little water into it, adjusting the rubber and cover, and standing it upside down.

Thoroughly cleaning all jars that have been used by washing them first in warm water, then filling full of added, and allowing them to stand at ammonia or washing soda has been scalding hot water to which borax, rejecting all old rubber bands that are stretched out, discolored or in the least two hours before rinsing.

Using firm, large fruit of suitable varieties, and having it under rather than over ripe; rejecting all that are crushed, over-ripe, stunted or knotty, and carefully preparing the rest.

Washing currants on the stems and strawberries before they are hulled; washing all small fruits quickly, and by placing a few at a time in a colander, then holding each one two or three times with a fork to prevent the skins from breaking badly while they are cooking.

Allowing the pits of cherries and peaches and the seeds of pears to remain in the fruit; or, if this is objectionable, distribute five or six peach pits through each quart jar and put a small white net or thin muslin bag containing a handful of cherry pits or pear seeds in each similar sized jar.

Paring peaches with a thin-bladed, sharp knife instead of scalding them in lye; not removing the skins of the fruit, but piercing each one two or three times with a fork to prevent the skins from breaking badly while they are cooking.

Using only fine flavored sugar, either granulated or loaf, and only enough to impart a pleasant, palatable taste. Cooking the fruit in the jars so that it is not broken by handling or its favor lost in escaping steam. To do this, place the fruit in jars as fast as it is prepared, cover with syrup to the neck of the jar, then put on the cover, but not the rubber band. Set a common wash boiler or other suitable vessel on the back of the range, place the jars of fruit inside, but not close enough together to touch, all the vessel with hot water until it reaches to an inch of the top of the jar, cover it with a folded towel, and bring to a boil. Cover closely, and bring to a boil. Continue boiling ten minutes (longer for large, firm fruits), or until the fruit can be easily pierced with a fork, and then draw the vessel to the back of the range. Take out a jar, set it on a folded towel, all it to open, and bring with boiling water, wipe off the neck, adjust the rubber and cover and screw the latter tightly. Treat each jar in this manner, and as they cool endeavor to tighten the covers about once an hour. When nearly cold invert them all, as a final test that they are air-tight. Wrap each jar in paper or draw a paper bag over it from the top, label plainly on the outside and keep in a cool, dry place.

The favor of canned fruit is greatly improved by opening it two or three hours before it is needed, to restore the oxygen.

This is neither a new nor a difficult method of canning fruit, but is virtually the same as that used by all manufacturers of such goods. And yet, for some inexplicable reason, the majority of housewives fail to appreciate its superiority over the method commonly employed, and are content to produce a third or fourth rate article. The favor of canned jam—it only it keeps.

WOMANKING.

The bridal veil of a Japanese young lady is subsequently used as her hood. Just after the marriage it is carefully put away, and reserved until death makes its use again necessary.

Modjeska is devoted to music and study. Melba to collecting old furniture. Mrs. Langtry's hobby is hand-painted fans; Minnie Hauk's, pet dogs; Ellen Terry's, perfumes and rich fabrics; Mary Anderson, chess; while Patti is passionately fond of the water, and spends much of her rest time on a little lake near her castle.

Lady Londonderry's yacht, which has just been completed, will probably be the most beautiful entirely of cedar and mahogany, and the metal work is of silver-plated aluminum with gold beading and scroll work. The sails are made of silk, and the

THE WOMAN ABOUT TOWN

Facht has been rendered unshakable by medical cases at the box and stern.

The Empress of Japan has discarded the petticoats of her country. Her Majesty's wardrobe is made in Paris, and she has decided preference for tight-fitting small waist gowns. The royal example is followed by the ladies of the court, and state functions no longer present their former poly-dromic appearance. It is a curious coincidence that the discarded Japanese costume combines all the latest ideas on dress reform embodied by its apostles here and in Europe.

Mrs. Alec Twissell, the well-known writer, is a beautiful, brilliant, and withal a sensible woman. She is extremely interested in the question of small industries as carried on in France, and very sensibly advocates the re-adoption by women of the really domestic occupations of poultry rearing, bee-keeping, dairying, and gardening, which, she says, "would be much better than their becoming governesses and actresses."

Mme. Zola, though a very wife, has never read or tried to read one of her husband's works. She declares that she is ready to believe what the most ardent admirers say of them. Zola is not a bit disturbed by her indifference to his writings. He says that he married her, not on account of her intellect, but on account of her heart, and he thinks it is a great mistake for any man, particularly if literary to choose on other grounds.

Johanna Ambrosius, the German peasant woman, whose poems have been the talk of literary Berlin for some time past, promises to be something more than a momentary sensation. She was discovered by the German Emperor, who was so delighted with the martial ring of her poetry that he set some of her poems to music, to the great delight of Frau Ambrosius. Hermann Sudermann, is also an ardent admirer of her genius. Johanna is described as a creature of child-like simplicity.

Sarah Bernhardt complains that the wearing of diamonds destroys the best expression of the face, dims the fire of the eyes, and makes the teeth look like chalk. Her face is costly goods, which she designs as she supervises down to the minutest detail. Her experience as a dressmaker's apprentice is useful in this connection. The latest acquisition to Sarah's magnificent wardrobe is embellished with a great many diamonds, and has a train fixed with the skins of 200 ermine. It cost \$1,800.

It is characteristic of the French woman's movements that civil and economic rights attract far more attention than the political question of the Parliamentary vote, far which, frankly, French women, with right little, they demand, and with right, that the absolute equality of men and women before the law should be recognized by the Penal Code; that women should have an exclusive right to their own earnings, and that they should be eligible as members of trades councils, professional bodies, &c. They ask, too, for further facilities, for divorce, and that women should not necessarily become on their marriage of the nationality of the husband.

The national Court dress of the Russian woman, which places a leading part in all the spectacles of this world, consists, says "Woman," of a long robe, heavily with trimmings of gold, and with the elaborate embroideries of the country. This is hung from the shoulders by straps of the same color which are clasped at the neck, and the latter is so considerable that the straps leave a deep red mark in the creamy flesh of the shoulders unless a little pad of cotton wool is placed between the dress and the neck.

There is a good deal of feeling in German schools among the English girls who are being educated abroad about political questions. In one school feelings of patriotism became so serious, and caused so many quarrels between the German, Austrian, Bulgarian, Norwegian and English pupils, that the head mistress was obliged to issue an order that politics must not be discussed in any way by girls under her care in Hanover. In consequence, the English girls relieved their feelings by singing "Rule Britannia," and other patriotic ditties, whenever they went to their bedrooms. One evening, however, the inhabitants of the pension elected to sing songs, and use a German selection of melodies. The tune of "God Save the Queen" was among the collection. But as soon as this inspiring tune was started on the piano, every singing nationality in this cosmopolitan school started singing it at the top of their voices, to the words that had been respectively adapted to the tune by their respective nations, and as each tried to outsing the other the result was that the horror-struck people who lived next door next in hastily to ask what on earth was the matter.

The Burmesse women are amongst, practically the freest and most advanced in the world. Most of the market in Burmesse cities are almost entirely conducted by women, and certain trades are entirely in their hands, while a large number of Government contracts for timber and forage are made with women. In marriage the dignity of women is fully recognized. According to Burmesse law, marriage is an equal contract, and all property is held jointly; that is, the woman invariably has an equal share with her husband, and quite as valid a claim upon all the household effects and material goods as he. The property that a woman inherits or acquires in any way before marriage or after it belongs to her, and to her alone. The maids are quite as free, and have quite as many rights as have the matrons. In fact, in a large family the daughters are quite as important from a business point of view, as are the sons, and their advice is apt to be taken even more readily. The Burmesse women have even settled the vexed question, which occasionally looms up with us, whether women

SIXTH FUSILIERS INSPECTION.

Good Things Had Been Inspected and They Were More Than Realized.

The words of praise which the newly appointed inspecting officer of infantry bestowed upon the members and men of the 6th Fusiliers at the conclusion of their annual inspection on Saturday afternoon most assuredly give them every gratification. Col. Mansell, D.A.G., commandant of the Fredericton, N.B., school, who has just been appointed in conjunction with Colonel Oughtred as inspectors of infantry, had nothing to seriously find fault with. As he rightly pointed out, however, and as was quite apparent to all those who witnessed the inspection there were certain details of the various quarters which were not executed in that careful manner, and with such precision as might be wished, but on the whole it may be safely said that the 6th Fusiliers are to be congratulated on having passed another most satisfactory inspection. The weather was very favorable, although perhaps a trifle warm, but was executed in that careful manner, and with such precision as might be wished, but on the whole it may be safely said that the 6th Fusiliers are to be congratulated on having passed another most satisfactory inspection. The weather was very favorable, although perhaps a trifle warm, but was executed in that careful manner, and with such precision as might be wished, but on the whole it may be safely said that the 6th Fusiliers are to be congratulated on having passed another most satisfactory inspection.

Complimenting a Princess.

A pretty little incident took place in connection with the recent visit of the Duke and Duchess of York to Halifax. When the carriage drew up at the doors of the institute rain began to fall heavily upon the dense crowds assembled and the Duchess put up her umbrella. This, however, rather disappointed the royal folks, among whom one young woman was found so courageous enough to protest, "Oh, do put it down, please, and let the people see you!" She cried, "The Duchess complimented and put the umbrella down, nor did the heavy rain tempt her to put it up again.—Tid Bits.

WILL INVADE LONDON.

Boston Artillerymen Give a Pleasant Programme Mapped Out.

Boston, June 14.—By special invitation of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of England, sent under special sanction of Queen Victoria, the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts, will, on June 23, board a steamer, and proceed via en route for London, to visit the English "Honorable," who now comprise the parent organization of the Massachusetts body. The trip will be one of the most notable events in the history of any military organization in the United States. It is significant from the fact that when the Serbia reaches the English coast, England's law, a foreign body of 59 "armed men" will march forth upon English soil. Moreover, upon a later date, for the first time in history, the foremost foreign body of the world will parade the streets of London. England's Queen has given permission for them to do so, and, as a climax of the distinguished honor, accorded the American company, it is expected that the Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales will be a guest at the banquet tendered by the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company which first chartered in England in 1537 by Henry VIII, and the organization has been preserved by the descendants of the original members until now. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts, of 41 members, under Capt. Meany's was chartered by Governor Winthrop in 1638.

About a year ago the company sent a formal invitation to the Massachusetts men to visit England. This invitation was accepted, and preparations were at once begun. During the whole of the winter the members, by mail and messenger, plans for the trip have been under consideration, and all details are now practically completed. The company will probably reach Liverpool July 6, where their hosts and the Lord Mayor will meet them. The customary inspection, by order of Her Majesty the Queen, will be made by the Lord Mayor and a special train will be escorted to a special train, which will hurry them along very smoothly for four hours through the fresh and picturesque Midland scenery to Easton Station, London. Thence the Americans will be conducted to a little pad of cotton wool be placed between the dress and the neck. The dress is completed by a corsage cut very low in the waist, which is ornamented with pearls, tassels and jewels; and, as the dress passes several times round the neck and fastened across the bodice, are de rigueur, while a diadem nearly a foot in height rises above the brow, and is one mass of gold and sparkling gems.

When sight-seeing is over, the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts will re-assemble at Liverpool, bid a farewell to England and the English comrades, and on July 23 will sail on their return to the United States.

RICH DISCOVERIES OF GOLD.

At Cripple Creek, Colo., and elsewhere, are being made daily, and the production for 1896 will be the largest ever known, estimated at Two Hundred Million Dollars. Cripple Creek alone is producing over One Million Dollars a month, and steadily increasing. Mining stocks are advancing in price more rapidly than any other stocks, and many pay dividends of 35 to 50 per cent. They offer the best opportunity to make a large profit on a small investment.

J. E. Morgan, Co., 45 Broadway, New York, are financial agents for Prudential Gold Mining Co. and others in the famous Cripple Creek district. They will send you, free, interesting particulars of the Mining Companies they represent, also their book on speculation in Stocks, Grain and Cotton, containing many new and important features.

Send for these books at once if you are interested in any form of speculation or investments. They may prove profitable to you.

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HAVE YOU LOOKED IN OUR WINDOWS.

Have you noticed that appearance of freshness and style about our Straw Hats. They were made for the very hot weather—light, fresh and cheap.

YEDDO SPECIAL, 35c.  
MANILLA SPECIAL, \$1.25.  
MACKINAW SPECIAL, 75c and \$1.00.

HAVE YOU TRIED OUR \$1.00 SHIRTS.

You may have bought other Shirts at that price, but never of the quality and value that we offer. Come and see them. A job lot of COLLARS at 5 cents. Three lots of CRAVATS, 50 patterns, at 10c, 20c and 25c.

GENEREU, GALARNEAUX & Co., 227 St. Lawrence Street.

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS AND BOARD - FIRST-CLASS rooms and board, with all the comforts of a home at 43 Anderson Street. Apply to Mrs. G. M. Sullivan, 43 Anderson Street.

TWO VERY COMFORTABLE ROOMS—bedroom and sitting room; every convenience; suit business gentleman dining out; private house. 39 Shuter St. 141

TEACHER WILL LET TWO UNFURNISHED rooms, one at kitchen if required, to quiet parties, in Westmont. Address "Home," Herald office. 142

TO LET - LARGE, COMFORTABLE furnished front room, with balcony and wardrobe, on bathroom flat; private family; also large unfurnished room with wardrobe. No. 83 Church St., off Sherbrooke. 145

TO LET - A LARGE DOUBLE bedroom, suitable for married couple or two gentlemen; also single room. 11 Belmont Street. 148

TABLE BOARD - FIRST CLASS table board, reasonable prices. 143 Belmont Street.

GOOD ROOMS AND BOARD. 43 McGill College Avenue. 142

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS—ALSO table board. 43 McGill College Avenue. 142

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE - THE GOOD WILL OF RESTAURANT, prominently situated, and doing nice business; capable of being quadrupled by an energetic owner; house attached. Address Box 97, Herald. 142

AN EXPERIENCED ENGLISH TEACHER is desirous of taking charge of two or three boys preparing for university during months of July and August; town or country. Address Box 97, Herald. 142

WANTED TO RENT - A PIANO FOR two or three months. Address P. O. Box 97, Herald. 142

Important Catalogue Sale of Unredeemed Pledges!

The subscribers are instructed by Mr. L. Aronson, pawn broker, 601 Craig St., previously at 87, to hold public auction at their sales rooms, 241 and 243 St. James Street, on TUESDAY, JUNE 16TH and WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17TH. Sale each day at 2 and 7 o'clock p.m. Comprising a large assortment of valuable Gold and Silver Watches in Waltham, English and Patent Levers, Gold and Diamond Rings, Pins, Studs, Cuff Buttons, Gold and Silver Chains, Brooches, Ear Rings, Field and Opera Glasses, 25 ozs. of Solid Silver Spoons, Musical Instruments, Cycles, a large assortment of the Custom Made Clothing, Ladies' and Gents' Waterproof Coats, Ladies' Jackets, Capses, Dresses, Red Fur Pelisses, Patent Water Cutlery, and many other articles usually found in a pawn broker's collection. Catalogues can be had at L. Aronson's, 601 Craig Street.

RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

Food for the Sick!

The Diet Dispensary carefully prepares food for the sick, at reasonable prices, this facility being and relieving the work of the household in case of sickness. The poor are supplied gratuitously upon presentation of order from physician, clergyman or visiting nurse.

175a St. Antoine Street

FREE TO BALD HEADS. We will mail an application, free of charge, to any man who writes to us a bald head, spot falling hair and receding hair line. We will send you a free copy of our Medical Dispensary, Room 20 Solway Building, Cincinnati, O.

BREVETTES. In the case of Fineberg versus the city, in which plaintiff claimed \$99.99 judgment was rendered by Judge Purcell yesterday. Plaintiff said a number of stoves to a man named Werhanski, and the city having sued the latter for taxes, seized the stoves. Werhanski was appointed guardian and removed and Fineberg could not find the stoves, but his Honor dismissed the action holding the view that the city was not the cause of any loss suffered by Fineberg.

There was a collision yesterday afternoon about half past four on Notre Dame Street, at the corner of Notre Dame and St. Gabriel Streets, when car No. 95 had its side badly smashed and a C. P. R. lorry No. 95 lost its wheels.

Vote for Sadler, a manufacturer and employer of labor. Resolved for Fitting. Niagara Falls, N.Y., June 12.—A strange case was on in Police Court this morning, when Fred Burgess, a solicitor for the Imperial Hotel, was arrested for the kidnapping of his wife. Burgess is a married man, and in good looking. The case was remanded.

St. Antoine Ward wants a manufacturer. Vote for Sadler. "Mamma," said little Helen one day on returning from school, "some little girls asked me what you do for a living, and I said I was a manufacturer."

Vote for Geo. W. Sadler to-day. "Father, what is a luxury?" asked little Johnny the other night when he was wrapped himself around the parlor stove. "A luxury? Why, it's something we don't really need, you know; a thing we do not do without." "Then," then," replied the logical young man, "what a luxury a mosquito net must be in winter!"—Harlem Life.

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED - AT ONCE - A COOK, Able to assist in the kitchen, Lighthouse, 13 Common Street.

WANTED - A FIRST CLASS GENERAL servant at once. Address 15 Belmont Street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG MAN - GOOD WRITER - wishes situation; first class references from last employer. Address First-tars, Herald office.

WANTED - SITUATION BY YOUNG man as bartender or clerk; having the best of city references as to sobriety and honesty, etc. W. H. D., 83 Alexander Street.

WANTED - BY YOUNG MAN - SITUATION as assistant bookkeeper, cashier or shipper; best references. Apply Box 25, Herald.

WANTED - SITUATION BY A GOOD, steady young man as coachman or driver; thoroughly understands the grounding and driving of horses, double and single; best of references. Address W. H. D., 83 Alexander Street.

WANTED - BY YOUNG MARRIED man, situation of any kind; good references. F. Andrews, 24a Delisle St.

WANTED - SITUATION AS GROOM or room coachman; just arrived from England, with good character; no objection to make himself useful; age 22. 24a Delisle Street.

WANTED - SITUATION OF ANY KIND by young Irishman, aged 25; willing to work. Address R. C. Herald Office.

YOUNG ENGLISHMAN SEEKS SITUATION to work in factory or any place of trust; would go to the country for summer months; used to lawns and gardening; can make himself generally useful; can be well recommended. Address W. H. D., 171 Chatham Street.

WANTED - BY A RESPECTABLE young man, position as collector, or accounts to collect references; security. Address W. G., 107 1/2 Bleury St.

A MERICAN YOUNG MAN - COLLEGE graduate; trained; publisher and office man by profession, desires situation; speaks German, English and some French; newspaper work preferred; any reasonable offer considered. Address "Position," 83 Herald.

SAFES AND OFFICE SUPPLIES FOR SALE.

GOLDFINE AND McCULLOCH'S FIRE and Burglar Resisting Safes, vaults, several good second hand safes on hand. Safes insured and repaired by F. M. Sullivan, 308 St. James Street, Telephone 208.

SCALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION of store scales, alarm night bills from 25 up scales required. F. M. Sullivan, 308 St. James Street. Tel. 207.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE - FOR THE MILLION - a kindling, 500 lbs., 25c; tamarack blocks, 100 lbs., 10c; 100 lbs. of lead delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. Macdonald, Richmond Square. Bell Tel. 885.

FOR SALE - BICYCLE - RUBBER - in good order; price \$35. Apply 225 St. Urban Street.

FOR SALE - THE CONTENTS OF A furnished flat suitable for married couple; owner leaving city; bargain to prompt purchaser. Box 44, General Post Office.

FOR SALE—COMMON SENSE ROACH, bedbug and rat exterminator. In fms. 25c, 50c, and \$1. Will return money if it does not clean your house. 71 Main Street.

DENTISTS.

PERSONAL - BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 1856 Notre Dame Street. Beautiful sets of teeth for ten dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Root's, extracting a specialty; all charges moderate.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED - MACINTOSH WITH CAPE 42 inches chest measure, for 6-foot man. Scotch make preferred; also, English make. Send price, etc., to D. Carr, P. O. 85.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HAVE YOU TAKEN LUNCH AT THE Temperance Coffee House, 591 Craig Street.

I'D HAD A FINE BREAKFAST AT THE Temperance Coffee House, 594 Craig Street; porridge, milk, toast, eggs and coffee for 16c.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE FOR AN article of enormous value; liberal commission; particulars address E. C. Avery Concord, N.H.

AGENTS WANTED TO REPRESENT an English (Birmingham) firm; must be acquainted with jewellery, cutlery and silverware lines; references required. Wm. De Waller, 23 Vase Street, Birmingham, England.

PARTNER WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED - WITH CAPITAL in the manufacturing business, already established; a young and energetic man preferred, who could attend to finances and outside work; all communications strictly private. Address 149 Herald.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BORDEAUX, C. P. R. STATION, SAULT au Recollet; for sale to cover mortgage, three newly-finished modern houses, 7 rooms and large cellar; winter summer use; fine shade trees; on "Bois aux Bouleaux" Avenue, near new College and R.C. Church; with only 3800 cash this week. James M. Franchon, 24 Vase Street, or Thomas A. Deok, Bordeaux.

BEAUTIFUL RIVER POINT

Five Arpents

Of level land, nicely wooded, projecting into deep water, convenient to both lines. Price, only \$2,500.

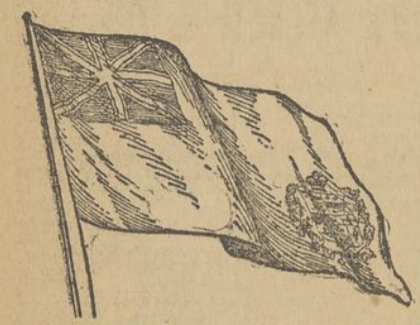
J. GRADOCK SIMPSON & Co., 151 ST. JAMES STREET.</

The Montreal Herald

Founded 1808. MONTREAL, JUNE 15. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. DAILY HERALD—City Delivery. One Year \$3.50 Six Months \$2.00 Three Months \$1.00 One Month .50

HERALD SUBURBAN DELIVERY

Summer residents of places between Montreal and Vaudreuil can have the Daily Herald left for them every morning at their Station for 30 CENTS a month by leaving their subscription with the Station Agent or at the Herald's City Office.



MONTREAL LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

- St. Antoine—ROBERT MACKAY. St. Lawrence—ALD. E. GOFF PENNY. St. Ann's—JAMES KEANE. St. James—O. DESMARAIS. St. Mary—ALD. DUPRE. Hochelaga—J. A. G. MADORE. Maisonneuve—ALD. PREFONTAINE. Jacques Cartier—ARTHUR ROYER. Laval—THOMAS FORTIN. Chambly-Verchères—C. A. GEOFFRIN.

THE HOPE OF CANADA.

Mr. Laurier returns to his native province after a most remarkably successful tour of Ontario. His visit to the sister province assumed all the proportions of a triumphal progress. Wherever he went he was received with a warmth of enthusiasm that could be evoked by no other man in Canadian public life to-day.

When Mayor Fleming, of Toronto, introduced Mr. Laurier to the immense gathering in Massey Hall in that city on Friday evening last, His Worship said that the Liberal leader is the hope of the people of Canada. Something of this feeling doubtless underlies that strong current of popular sentiment which has lately set in Mr. Laurier's direction.

To such men, as to all good Canadians, Mr. Laurier appeals strikingly; he stands for moderation in all things; he is for a trade policy involving the re-adjustment of the tariff in such a manner as to do away with its restrictive tendency, and at the same time to provide means to the carrying on of an honest, economical and efficient government; he stands for such a settlement of the school question as, the cases of both parties to the dispute having been heard and properly and calmly discussed, shall leave to neither party any ground for further grievance.

The fact that the Liberal leader's tour of Ontario was a round of exceptional successes, is attested by no less an authority, than the Toronto Mail which sent a special correspondent to report his meetings; The Mail gives Mr. Laurier credit for having achieved a notable triumph throughout the great English speaking and Protestant provinces; He returns to his own place. He will speak to his own people at the Auditorium to-night and it is be-

fond peradventure that his own people will give him a royal welcome. He comes to them in the guise already of a conquering hero! He is worthy of a reception that will amount to a sounding declaration of acceptance of those principles of moderation and freedom which he comes to preach.

IN ST. ANTOINE. Electors of St. Antoine Ward must decide to-day for themselves as to whom their representative in the Council is to be. Mr. Sadler has not acted upon the suggestion that he should withdraw and a vote will therefore be necessary. If the people of St. Antoine desire that the vacancy caused by the retirement of the Hon. A. W. Atwater should be filled by another lawyer, it will be necessary for them to cast their votes to-day for Mr. C. B. Carter, Q.C.

TUPPER'S DELAY. The effects of Sir Charles Tupper's delay in holding the elections are great beyond measure. The business of the country is paralyzed from one end to the other, and the cause is nothing more than the pending elections which might have been over three weeks or a month ago. Speaking of trade conditions here R. G. Dun & Co. says: "General enquiry among Montreal merchants in all lines of trade does not tend to show that there is any increase in the volume of business. Grocers report but a slack demand, with a tendency to weakness in a good many lines."

Up west matters are no better! The same authority says:

"Business shows no improvement in wholesale departments at Toronto, but, on the contrary, there is a disposition to hold off. Dealers generally exhibit apathy, and no increase in demand is to be expected until the elections are over. Travellers have samples of autumn and winter goods out with them, but are taking few orders."

While the business man is suffering over the delay the Tupper family is still drawing its dividends.

DOCTOR RODDICK AT MONUMENT NATIONAL.

Doctor Roddick at Monument National: "I endorse every word and every line of the manifesto issued to the people of Canada by Sir Charles Tupper, the distinguished leader of the Government." (Cheers.)

Sir Charles Tupper in manifesto: "In addition to this the Government has undertaken during the past year to establish cold storage centres, in which perishable commodities intended for shipment can be kept in the best condition at the least cost to the producer."

Will the dear, good, kind Doctor oblige a perspiring public with a hint as to where these cold storage centres are to be found. Some of the business men who reside in St. Antoine Ward have been round with microscopes endeavoring to discover them, but without avail. As the Doctor has "endorsed every word" of the other Doctor's manifesto it is clear that he must be in the secret, and his fellow citizens will consider it distinctly unkind of him if he persists in refusing to tell where they are. Moreover, having endorsed the other fellow's promise he has become responsible, and the maker of it having ignominiously defaulted payment, the Doctor will have to pay up or go to protest, Doctor Roddick having been a candidate in a business man's constituency for several weeks will no doubt understand these references to business customs and responsibilities.

JAPAN'S INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.

An interesting report on the industries of Japan has been prepared by the British consul at Tokio. As the expansion of all kinds of commercial activity in that remarkably progressive country must increase her trade with other nations, the information contained in the report is of importance to Canadian as well as British manufacturers. It appears that the augmentation of the wealth of Japan which has been necessarily coincident with the sudden and rapid development of manufacturing industries has given rise to an enormous demand for metal and machinery. Locomotive engines, for instance, are in great request, seventy five per cent. of those already in use being of British make, six per cent. being of German and the remainder of United States manufacture. There are now over two thousand miles of railway in operation; and the construction of three thousand more is contemplated in the near future; and for these rails and locomotives must be bought; More marked even than the rapid extension of railways is the expansion of the merchant marine system by means of which Japan is sending the products of her manufactures into other lands. By reason of cheap coal and cheap labor Japan is becoming a formidable competitor with Britain in the supply of cotton cloths. The increase in this industry alone is evidenced by the fact that while there were in 1888 twenty-four cotton factories in Japan, with 114,000 spindles, there were in 1895 fifty-eight cotton factories, with 883,000 spindles. Other industries exhibit like progress; and on reading the statistics in this painstaking consular report, one is compelled to marvel at the contrast which the condition of the land of the Mikado presents to-day with that which existed when the British poet wrote:

Jealous China, strange Japan; Ye are but Dead Seas of man!

PROTECTION AND PROSPERITY.

The Star would lead its readers to believe that protection and prosperity are synonymous terms, and that where the one is, there must the other be also. Beyond the statement, however,

that we are prosperous, and that we have protection, the Star advances no evidence in support of its proposition. The failure of the great Clendinning establishment some months ago, and the announcement of a cut of 50 p.c. on its pay list of the McCleary Company, of London, indicate a decided lack of prosperity in the protected staple trade. The protection in this particular trade seems to have been thorough, for an American stove in Canada is now about as rare a thing as a July frost. Take the Clendinning case. Here was one of the newest and best equipped establishments of its kind in the Dominion. Everything was practically new, and of the most modern character. It was in the midst of the working population; housed by the municipality in which it was situated, and with a connection in its particular line which was unrivalled. Everything pertaining to a stove, from the castings to the nickle plating, was done on the premises. Between four and five hundred hands were constantly employed, and the pay list must have aggregated at least \$4,000 a week. Well, this great institution came to grief, let us say through the failure of La Banque du Peuple, to which it was very largely indebted. If we had said in consequence of the workings of the N. P., some admirers of that fallacy would have been sure to object, so we will admit for the sake of argument that it was because of the bank's failure. But if the N. P. is not at fault, why are these great works not started up again? They can earn no money, for any one while they lie idle. "Have they been offered for sale?" some one asks. "Oh, yes, tenders were asked for their purchase." "How many tenders were received?" "Not one!" "Who owns the property now?" It has been sold by public auction to the bank, which bought it in for its mortgage, and now owns the white elephant. The bank don't want it, of course, but it can't sell it to anyone, and it is now endeavoring to get a syndicate to run it. How will some of the eloquent Tupperite speakers who are nightly making the air ring with their adulations of the great N. P. tell us how it is that this great hive of labor is allowed to go unattended, and its whilom four hundred and fifty industrious workers scattered to the four corners of the earth? We doubt, if within a radius of two hundred miles there is a similar establishment so well and favorably situated and so thoroughly and effectively equipped. Why, then, in the name of the great N. P., are its fires out, and why do its tall chimneys belch forth no smoke? Why, in the name of Smith, of Roddick, and of Tupper, is this thing thus?

REVENUE AND PROTECTION.

The Tupperite organs are trying to prove that a revenue tariff would not afford the Canadian manufacturer a sufficient protection. The Gazette, for instance, says: The fallacy of the contention that the maintenance of a high rate of customs taxation is a guarantee of protection to manufacturers and workmen is completely exposed by a study of the revenue returns. In 1875, under a free trade tariff, the amount of customs duties collected per head of the population was \$3.05; in 1895, under a protective tariff, it was \$3.22. Answering a similar argument advanced in its own territory, the Toronto Globe says:

We are told that in 1875 our custom taxes were \$3.95 per head, while in 1895 they are only \$2.47. Sir Charles Tupper gives it as \$3.22. Whichever figure we take it is manifestly deceptive. The attempt is made to convey the erroneous idea that custom taxes are less now than under the old tariff. To make this showing the writer of the pamphlet has taken the highest year under the old and the lowest under the new tariff. They have been only three years under the protective tariff in which customs taxes have been less than the highest under the old tariff. Under the low tariff since Confederation our custom taxes averaged \$3.22 per head of the population per annum. Under a protective tariff they have been \$4.45.

The average percentage of duty on imports for home consumption under the old tariff is 12.87, while under the protective tariff it has been 19.34. Our average imports per head since Confederation to 1879 inclusive were \$26.19 while under the N. P. they have been only \$24.65, showing that under protection we have had to pay 71.22 per head of the population per annum more customs taxes on \$1.45 less imports. Assuming our population to have averaged 4,500,000, at \$1.22 per head per year that import we had to pay \$58,000,000 additional taxes during the sixteen years of the N. P. in addition to the amount which has gone into the pockets of the manufacturers.

Referencé to that portion of the taxé which has gone into the pockets of the manufacturers is a strong point. If imports had been relatively equal under the Liberal and the Conservative régimes, there would remain the fact that under a revenue tariff all the taxes go into the public treasury, while under a protective tariff a large proportion of the taxes goes into the strong boxes of the manufacturers. The percentage of customs taxes per head per year under a revenue tariff would be fairly and accurately stated. It would represent exactly the amount paid in customs taxes by each dweller in the Dominion. The percentage under a protective tariff represents just so much as is paid for the custom houses. It takes no account of the amounts which, by reason of the absence of competition, the manufacturer is able to wrest from the taxpayer by way of higher prices on manufactured articles purchased. To say then, that because the percentage of customs taxes per head per year is smaller under a protective tariff than under a revenue tariff, the former tariff does not afford the manufacturer a higher protection than

the latter is not quite frank and is no little unfair! And as the Globe points out, to say that the percentage of customs taxes per head per year in Canada has been smaller under a protective tariff than under a revenue tariff is not true.

THE FRENCH PRESS.

No Thanks Due to Them. Messrs. Angers and Desjardins have left their seats in the Senate. For having done so their friends are boasting of their self-sacrifice. We have our suspicions about this pretended abnegation. They have not yet been replaced in the Red Chamber. On the morning of the day on which the Government is to be elected these two gentlemen will go back to the seats which they will only temporarily vacated. As to Mr. Taillon, he will get a judgeship like Mr. Oulmet! You can bet on this. —Le Cultivateur.

A French-Canadian Party.

If the Opposition get into power with a majority composed of such heterogeneous elements as the McKeithites and the Patrons, what sort of a Government could they form? These elements, who desire only to give vent to their hatred of us, would have to receive their share of the cake in order that their support should be assured. In face of this danger, if the French-Canadian cannot unite and send to Ottawa a strong, intelligent and compact delegation, there will be evil days for our compatriots. The fanatics, flushed with their first success, will not be satisfied without going further, and they have destroyed the Manitoba minority they will turn against us, and will not stop until they have destroyed the last vestige of the rights guaranteed to us by the Constitution.—La Presse.

THE WEARING OF BUTTON

The Herald has received the following letter on a subject of considerable interest to all, whether voters or not: "Dear Sir—Will you kindly inform me why it is illegal to wear a Liberal or Conservative button after the 19th June, and oblige, A LIBERAL."

The reply to this, and to numerous verbal queries, is contained in the following sections of the Dominion Elections Act: "8). No candidate or any other person shall furnish or supply any ensign, standard or set of colors, or any other flag, to or for any person or persons whomsoever, with the intent that the same shall be carried or used in such electoral district on the day of election, or within eight days before such a day, or during the continuance of such election, or the polling, by such person or any other person, as a party flag to distinguish the bearer thereof and those who follow the same in the support of any candidate, or of the political or other opinions entertained, or supposed to be entertained, by such candidate; and no person shall, for any reason, carry or use any such ensign, standard, set of colors or other flag, as a party flag, within such electoral district on the day of any such election or polling, or within eight days before such a day, or during the continuance of such election. "81. No candidate or any other person shall furnish or supply any ribbon, label or like favor, to or for any person whomsoever, with the intent that the same should be worn or used in such electoral district on the day of election or polling, or within eight days before such a day, or during the continuance of such election, by such person, or any other person, as a part badge to distinguish the wearer as the supporter of such candidate, or of the political or other opinions entertained, or supposed to be entertained, by such candidate; and no person shall use or wear any ribbon, label or other favor, as such badge, within such electoral district, on the day of any such election or polling, or within eight days before such a day, or during the continuance of such election. "82. Every person who offends against any of these provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both, in the discretion of the court."

THE FARMERS LAMENT.

I was once a well-off farmer, now I'm worried and in debt. I've got to pay 'em 'em taxes, but I have to 'pay 'em yet. There's a tax on food and clothing, poor as I am, I can't pay 'em; but I have to 'pay 'em yet. There's a mortgage on the homestead, an' the interest ain't all paid, 'em 'em 'em. I've worked hard all day mornin' 'till the evenin's dew fall down, an' I don't get no sleep. Yet I'm poor, although they tell me that 'ther' ain't no tax on tea. In my house there's no plunger, no rich carpets on the floor. An' 'ther' tariff wouldn't let me put a door bell on the door. An' my horse ain't get a bunnet, that 'would be a luxury. But she says we must feel thankful, for 'ther' ain't no tax on tea. I can't buy a bit o' cotton, but I have to wear 'em 'em 'em. An' 'ther' levy on my wood-pile by a dooty on the axe. An' 'ther' salt 'eta's in my porridge isn't now admitted free. But the Lord be thanked for one thing that, 'ther' ain't no tax on tea. Once I tried to buy a pig; it was 'lith-er-grated,' they said; 'Thirty odd per cent. o' dooty knocked that bargain on the head. He'd been a great oil painting worth ten thousand, then you see, 'e 'would be a work of art,' they said, an' been admitted free. When I'm working in the back lot, I would feel like know. Just how long 'till sunset, or till dinner-horn would blow. So I tried to buy a pig, but the man spoke up, says he: 'Dooty's thirty-five on watches, but we get in diamonds free. More'n a cent a pound on sugar, thirty-five per cent. on boots. Doesn't help my wheat or barley, or increase the price of my beans. Diamonds will not cut my medder, though they may be nice to see. An' my only crumb o' comfort is, 'ther' ain't no tax on tea. Everything's a farmer uses, everything's a farmer wears. Hand-rake, cradle, scythe, or pitchfork—'dooty's thirty-five on 'em. This is called 'the poor man's tariff,' for it keeps him poor you see. And they tell me to be thankful that 'ther' ain't no tax on tea. Once they told us that consumers didn't have the tax to pay. That it made the things all cheaper, that it worked the other way: An' I've thought the thing all over, an' I'm blest if I can see. If it's not the tax, what's the reason that 'ther' ain't no tax on tea. Wife an' I are gettin' feeble, soon we'll both be goin' where Taxes do not worrit people, tariffs do not enter there. But they'll follow our poor spirits right into diamonds free. By a tax on shrouds and coffins to get even for the tea. ANON.

Vote for Geo. W. Sadler to-day.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

St. Antoine Ward.

ELECTORS are reminded to Vote early To-day for

GEORGE W. SADLER

Manufacturer, as Alderman.

Those favoring the candidature of Mr. Sadler, and willing to assist with carriages or otherwise, will please report at his Committee Rooms, Windsor Hotel, this morning, at 8.00.

WESTMOUNT'S NEW CHURCH.

The Congregationalists Lay the Corner Stone of the Edifice.

The laying of the corner stone of the Bethlehem Congregational Church, Westmount, at the corner of Western and Clark Avenues, was celebrated Saturday evening with special ceremony. Rev. E. M. Hill, M.A., performed the formal laying of the stone, and the whole service was under the auspices of the Congregational Union of Ontario and Quebec. Rev. Robert Hopkins, pastor of the new church, presided. After the devotional exercises, Mr. Charles Cushing, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Calvary Church, presented a statement, explaining the business side of the new place of worship.

He said that a new plot of ground consisting of 11,000 feet had been obtained at a cost of \$6,500, and there was room for a house for the pastor as well as the church. The following documents were deposited under the stone: A copy of the Herald and other papers of the city; annual statement of the societies in the union; copy of Mr. S. P. Lees amalgamation scheme; several pamphlets including programmes of the day's service, also list of the church members; statement of the belief of the membership of the church; copy of the covenant which the members agreed who organized the church.

Rev. E. M. Hill then laid the stone, saying these words: "For the glory of God and the good of man, and in the name of the Father and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, we well and truly lay this corner stone for a house to be built and consecrated to the service of Almighty God."

Mr. Frederick W. Evans of Westmount, then spoke, mentioning particularly the growth of the town and the number of churches, this being the seventh sacred edifice erected since 1883. He spoke also of the significance of the number seven.

He was followed by Mr. S. P. Lees, of this city, and Rev. Hugh Murray, mentioned in the conclusion that the Congregationalists originated in the old Puritans of England and the Presbyterians from the old Puritans of Scotland. Both religious organizations had done wonderful work.

The officers of the new church as it stands comprise: The Pastor, the Rev. Robert Hopkins; the Deacons, W. Douw Lighthall, George Clime, Archibald Wright, Chas. B. Powter; Trustees, Lyan T. Leat, Archibald Wright, W. Douw Lighthall, Thos. B. Macaulay, Chas. B. Powter, Chas. B. Box, James Innes, Chas. B. Powter; Superintendent of Sunday School, Chas. B. Powter; Convener of Visiting Committee, Mrs. G. Clime; Church Board, the Pastor, Deacons, Trustees, Church Secretary and Treasurer, and Miss Martha J. Wright; Mrs. James Innes, and Mrs. H. C. Andrews; Secretary, Alfred T. Andrews; Treasurer, Archibald Wright; Church Building Contractors, Mason, Isaac Lewis; Bricklayer, Amos Cowan; Carpenters and Joiners, Cote & Benard; plasterers, Knott & Gardner; roofer, George W. Reed; plumbers, Garth & Co.; hot air heating, John Mattinson; painter and glazier, John Murphy; electric wiring, Robert Mitchell & Co.; architect, Andrew T. Taylor.

St. Antoine Ward wants a manufacturer—Vote for Sadler.

BURIED AT ALEXANDRIA.

Funeral of the Late Hon. D. A. Macdonald.

'Alexandria,' Ont., June 13.—The funeral of the late Hon. D. A. Macdonald, ex-Lieut.-Gov. for Ontario, took place this afternoon, at two o'clock, and was without any exception, the largest funeral ever seen in the county. Gleggarty's sons and daughters from all parts of the county, as well as many friends from Montreal, Cornwall, Ottawa and other centres, came to pay their last tribute of respect to the dead statesman who had so long and so faithfully served his country and county.

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Vote for Sadler, a manufacturer and employer of labor.

Miss Emily's "O" sister fell and broke her "H" "O" Miss "J" Jones. "Which "H" "O" Miss Emily (blushing) "Well, if I must tell you, it was her left walker."

Vote for Geo. W. Sadler to-day.

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AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL. Week June 15th. Afternoon and Evening. ED. F. RUSH'S Mammoth Spectacular Production of the "WHITE - - CROOK" ORIGINAL STAR CAST. 26-Handsome Young Ladies—26 An Olio of Vaudeville Celebrities Everything New and Up-to-Date Admission—10, 20, and 30 cents. Reserved seats, 10 cts. extra. Plan at Theatre from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.

THEATRE FRANCAIS. St. Catherine St., near St. Lawrence St. Continuous Performances. A beautiful production of David Bessac's... MAY BLOSSOM Domestic Drama. 6-STRONG VAUDEVILLE ACTS—6 Afternoons at 2 Nights at 8. Prices—10c, 20c, 25c.

SOHMER PARK. Open Every Day from 11 to 11 p.m. Performances at 3 and 8 p.m. ATTRACTIONS THIS WEEK. SWIFT & GRASE, Eccentric Musicians. LOUIS VIELANDE, Comic Singer. GABRIEL BROS., Famous Acrobats. THE FOUR (4) MAIZANOS, the greatest eccentrical Musical Acrobatic Act ever seen in Canada. Lavigne's Band of 40 Soloists, etc., etc. Admission, 10c. Menagerie, 10c. extra. Children, afterwards, 5c, including ride on Carousel.

Art Association. PHILLIPS SQUARE. Galleries of Paintings... OPEN DAILY 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Admission 25c.

Canadian Royal Art Union. (Incorporated by Letters-Patent Feb. 14, 1894.) JUST OPENED AT 238 & 240 St. James St. This Company distributes Works of Art, painted by the Masters of the Modern French School. A Novel Method of Distribution. Tickets, from 25c to \$10 each. Awards from \$5 to \$5,000 each. You are invited to inspect this fine collection.

Another Hour To Wait Yet. Is what you often hear a person say who has an appointment or is going somewhere, and they don't know how to fill in that hour. The best place to spend an odd hour is

The Laurentian Swimming Baths. Corner Craig and Beaudry Streets. Pure, clean, spring water, at summer temperature. The largest covered Swimming Bath in America. Reserved for Ladies Monday forenoon and Wednesday afternoons. Most Refreshing and Bracing on Hot Days. Try it.

THE NORTHERN. W. C. T. U. COFFEE HOUSE, 594 Craig St. Next Door Gazette. Open from 6 a.m. to 3 p.m.

St. Lawrence Division. The election of a Parliamentary representative for this division will be held upon the voters' list for 1894. A large proportion of the voters upon this list have retired since that date to new addresses, but are still entitled to vote upon their old qualifications. Those who are favorable to the election of

Mayor R. Wilson-Smith. will greatly facilitate the work of his campaign and will confer a favor upon his committee by immediately forwarding their present postal addresses to

Mr. DOUGHTY. FRIENDS of Mayor Wilson-Smith favorable to his election, and having private addresses at their disposal for Polling Day, will please communicate as early as possible with

A. G. DOUGHTY, 56 St. Lawrence Street. Telephone 1617.

Mayor Wilson - Smith's Central Committee Room: 56 St. Lawrence Street. Branch Committee Rooms!

1881 ST. CATHERINE ST. Tel. 6556 88 BLEURY ST. Tel. 1630 211 BLEURY ST. Tel. 3895 14 PRINCE ARTHUR ST. Tel. 6553 693 ST. LAWRENCE ST. Tel. 6553 673 DORCHESTER ST. Tel. 6553

Washburn & Spangole DENTISTS. Rooms 8, 9, 10, 11, Mechanics Institute Building 204 St. James St., Tel. 2939. J. BARKER YOSBURG, L.D.S. J. H. SPRING, D.D.S.

McGIBBON & HOGLE, ADVOCATES. Have Removed to CANADA LIFE BUILDING, (4th Floor Front.)

CHAS. A. L. FISHER, Chairman Central Organization, 209 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

THE S. CARSLY Co. LIMITED.
NOTRE DAME STREET. Montreal's Greatest Store. June 15th.
Extraordinary Sale of Wash Fabrics.
CROWDED EVERY DAY.

Never have we been so rushed in the Print Department as the last few days. In course, the goods are ridiculously cheap, and could never be sold so low in price had we not bought tremendous quantities. Rich, beautiful new goods, piles upon piles, counter after counter loaded. Wash fabrics selling at ridiculously low prices. Ladies are astonished when they see them.

LET THE PRICES SPEAK!

- At 41c—Pretty and Stylish Cotton Chiffons, in good colorings, Dresden designs, worth 66 yd.
At 71c—Fancy Mixed Stripe Creponettes in a large variety of colorings, fast colors, permanent crinkle, worth 17c.
At 71c—Fast Indigo Prints, with pretty white figured designs, 31 inches wide, worth 12 1/2 yd.
At 10c—Fancy Grass Linens, with self and colored stripes, worth 15c yd.



BOYS' SUITS
It doesn't seem as though these prices represented real materials, does it? They do, though.
Boys' Sailor Blouses, 46c to \$1.45.
Boys' Pantaloons, 15c to \$1.20.
Boys' Shirt Waists, 15c to \$1.20.
Boys' Galatea Suits, \$1.00 to \$2.00.
Boys' Serge Sailor Suits, 75c to \$2.20.
Boys' Fancy Tweed Suits, \$1.35 to \$7.00.
Boys' Linen Suits, \$1.45 to \$1.50.
Boys' Straw Hats, 15c to 50c.
Boys' Brown Linen Suits for Summer wear.



White Wool Sweaters
Boys' Sweaters, 47c to 75c each.
Youth's Sweaters, 47c to 80c each.
Men's Sweaters, 65c to \$2.50 each.

THE S. CARSLY Co. LIMITED
1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

THE MOST RELIABLE MILK
Buy your Milk direct from the Dairy Farm. Ours is the Largest and Best Equipped Dairy in Canada. Our supply is unlimited, as we are continually adding to our stock of healthy cows.
Special prices for quantities in bulk.

TWICE A-WEEK...
Our Refrigerator Wagons deliver goods as far as Beaconsfield. The method of delivery insures the receipt of everything in proper condition. Wagons leave our market every Tuesday and Friday at noon.

Lakeside Points
My wagon leaves for Lakeside Points on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2 o'clock. Any orders will receive my personal attention.
Chas. Chappell, 2061 St. Catherine St.

BROWN BROS., Windsor Market.
HERALD TABLE HINTS, SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR THE HERALD.

PURE CANNED GOODS.
The White Rose Brand of Sugar Corn, Baked Beans, Refuse and Butter Beans, 3lb. Apples, and Lakonnet Brand Tomatoes, Peas, Gallon Apples, Red Raspberries, Pears and Pumpkins are the purest of canned goods. Try them next time, they will please you.

MENUS FOR TOMORROW.
BRKFAST: Hominy, Cream and Sugar. Potato Balls. Buttered Toast. Jelly.
DINNER: Halibut a la Conant. Lettuce, Beets.
SUPPER: Scallop and Tomato Salad. Sliced Bread and Butter. Cheese.
Sultana Cake—One half pound of flour, two ounces of margarine, two ounces of suet, three ounces of sugar, one egg, 1/2 cup milk and one-half teaspoonful of baking powder.

English Provision Co., 2450 St. Catherine Street, Cor. Drummond.

NOTICE.
On and after FRIDAY, 8th May, our express will commence to make a weekly trip to Lakeside, Dorval, Lakeside, Pointe Claire and Beaconsfield. Express will leave our store at 10 o'clock p.m. sharp. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

They Save Ice
Our stock of Refrigerators comprises the best makes that the year has brought forth. We have them in all sizes and at prices to suit everyone.
Gravel & Boulard, 306 St. Lawrence Street.
TRY
A pair of our \$3.25 trousers—worth \$4.00 anywhere. They are all wool fashionable stripes—wear and fit well.
MAX USHER, Merchant Tailor, 12 McGill College Avenue.

Split up The Back...
That is what happens to some much used books. We make Office Books that neither rip, split nor tear with the roughest use. They are made to last for years, and keep a concise, clear statement of your business. They are cheapest, for they do their work best and last longest.
Charles F. Dawson, The Sign of the Golden Owl, 226 ST. JAMES STREET

YOUR BABY
Needs nourishing. The best doctors recommend
'The First Swiss Brand' of Unsweetened Milk.
R. W. TURNER, Agent, 18 St. Alexis St.

MARRIAGES.
BAIRD-WHITE—On the 9th inst., at St. Matthew's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Cruickshank, William Fairley Baird, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of R. C. White.
FALCONER-PERRIN—On the 10th inst., by the Rev. Archdeacon Evans, at No. 371 Manse Street, George Falconer and Beatrice, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Perrin.

DEATHS.
EGAN—Died, on the 12th inst., at his residence, 101 Manse Street, Christopher Egan, aged 69 years.
WILSON—On Thursday, 11th inst., at 293 Dalry Avenue, Ottawa, the wife of F. Bertram Wilson, Montreal, of a daughter.

THE FETE DIEU PROCESSION.
The celebration of the Fete Dieu, which took place yesterday, was a grand success everywhere. It had been postponed on the previous Sunday on account of the threatening rain and in the different parts of the city, except in the Notre Dame section, where there was no celebration, great preparations had been made.

Choice Confectionery.
Besides our celebrated Home Made Bread we make Cakes, Candies and Pies. A telephone order will bring what you wish fresh and tempting to your door.

ALLATT'S, 135 St. Antoine Street.
Patent Report.
The following list of patents recently granted to Canadian inventors, is specially prepared for the Herald by Macdonald & Laberge, international patent Solicitors, No. 135 St. James Street.

HEALTHY GOOD DIGESTION.
RICH, PURE BLOOD.
K.D.C. INDIGESTION.
It is next found in RICH, PURE BLOOD. Which gives colour to the cheek and vigor to the brain and muscle.

IT WAS AN EASY THING FOR CAPITAL.
Continued from Page Two
tion the wheel generates its own light. But a wheel equipped with this contrivance is rather too heavy to be practicable, so the boy intends to eliminate some of its weight, and have a light on his wheel that will show obstacles ahead.—San Francisco Call.

AN HOUR'S RIDE.
Thirty miles in two hours and fourteen yards in the hour on a bicycle! At last the big task has been accomplished. To Linton, the well-known cyclist, an honor is due for the execution of a feat which has excited the spectators displaying the greatest enthusiasm.—Sterling Courier.

JOHN SMASHING RECORDS.
Paris, June 13.—John S. Johnson, the American cyclist, yesterday lowered the world's record for 500 metres to 20.25 seconds. He also lowered the European quarter-mile record to 24 seconds.

ATHLETICS.
M. A. A. HANDICAPS.
The annual spring handicaps of the M. A. A., held Saturday, were well attended, and all the events were hotly contested. Summary:
E. W. James, M.A.A.A. 100 yds. 1
E. H. Courtemanche, M.A.A.A. 200 yds. 2
Time—1:11 sec.

DE ORO 'THE CHAMPION'.
New York, June 13.—To-night Alfred De Oro ran out an easy winner in the pool match with Grant Eby with a total score of 600 to 42, thus carrying off the championship of the world by 198 points. Besides the world's championship De Oro wins the Baile Colander gold emblem, a stake of \$500 and the net box office receipts. The score to-night: De Oro, 190, Eby 69.

THE RING.
TO SEE IF THEY CAN STAND IT.
San Francisco, June 13.—The Civic Federation has decided not to interfere with the Corbett-Sharkey exhibition on the 24th inst. The federation has a committee at the ring side, and, in the opinion of the members of the committee, the prize fighting law is violated, prosecutions will follow.

Godin is Dead.
Half-breed Ducharme's Shot Did Its Deadly Work.
Winnipeg, June 14.—Charles Godin, the mounted police interpreter, who Friday night at Calgary fought a half-breed with Pierre Ducharme, a half-breed who he killed, died at four o'clock Saturday morning. It appears the man had an old wound against each other, Godin having informed on and sent Ducharme to prison for selling liquor to Indians.

LAWN TENNIS.
MONTREAL LOST.
Ottawa, June 13.—The lawn tennis match here to-day between teams of the Montreal and Ottawa clubs was won by the Ottawa men, who won both doubles, and two out of three single games played. In the singles Lay, of Ottawa, defeated Boulton, Montreal, 6-3, 6-4, and J. W. Smith, Ottawa, best Coolican, Montreal, 6-1, 6-3. Morris, Montreal, beat Watters, Ottawa, 6-4, 2-6, 10-8. Lay and Watters were pitted against Norris and Boulton in the doubles, and won by 4-6, 6-4, 6-3. The other doubles were J. W. and C. J. Smith, Ottawa, and H. Temple and A. Coolican, Montreal. The Ottawa won by 2-2, 6-4.

WEST END TENNIS CLUB.
The West End Tennis Club had a grand opening on Saturday afternoon, of their grounds adjoining the Grand Trunk Boating Club, on Wellington Street. There were over 100 ladies and gentlemen present. The grounds in future will be open every afternoon and evening for members and their friends. At the close of the proceedings the members and friends adjourned to the club house for tea, after which a pleasant evening was spent in social enjoyment, till a late hour.

MOHAWKS AND SCOTS.
The Mohawks and Scots met on Saturday afternoon on Mohawk's grounds, and after a most exciting hour and a half, the Mohawks were victorious by four goals to one. The Mohawk team play was the feature of the match, and their forwards were roundly applauded for their clever passing. The teams were:
Scots—Mitchell, goal; Lawrence, Burnett, backs; Barclay, Moutley, Doyle, Morris, Kyle, forwards.
Mohawks—McKenzie, goal; Bird, Aern, backs; Messer, Coates, Morrison, half backs; Fleet, Badger, Wands, Lidgate, Chilton, forwards.

TURF AND TRACK.
THE GRAND PRIZE.
Paris, June 14.—In the race for the Grand Prix de Paris to-day, Arcrau won, Champaud was second, and Mostreuil third.
THE AMERICAN STAKES.
New York, June 13.—The great American stakes, worth to the winner \$10,000, was the chief attraction at Gravesend to-day. The result was: Five nations, George Gosseler, 118, Taral, 10 to 1, and 2 to 1, first; Arbuckle, 118, McCaffery, 8 to 1, second; Rhodeta, 115, Lameley, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:02 1/2. Don De Oro, the Friar, Haphazard and San Mateo also ran.

YACHTING.
BRITANNIA WON.
Southampton, June 13.—In the second day's racing of the Royal Southern Yacht Club regatta, to-day, the large yachts started at 10.30 a.m., with a fine, southerly, whole-sail breeze and fair weather. They got across the line in the following order: Britannia, Y.M.C.A., Hester and Meteor; Britannia won.

Vote for Sadler, a manufacturer and employer of labor.
Godin is Dead.
Half-breed Ducharme's Shot Did Its Deadly Work.
Winnipeg, June 14.—Charles Godin, the mounted police interpreter, who Friday night at Calgary fought a half-breed with Pierre Ducharme, a half-breed who he killed, died at four o'clock Saturday morning. It appears the man had an old wound against each other, Godin having informed on and sent Ducharme to prison for selling liquor to Indians.

A Lake Erie Serpent.
Detroit, June 12.—Wednesday morning last Capt. Alex. McKay, master of the steamer City of Detroit, saw a sea serpent in Lake Erie sporting in his wake and churning the water to foam with its powerful tail. The creature very much resembled an alligator, and he and his crew were actually seen at different times on something very like it on Lake Erie, and one has been seen on Lake Huron. One peculiarity about the serpent would seem to be the two flappers or nude wings on either side of the broad portion of the creature's body. It is supposed to resemble the eel, and spend most of its time on the bottom.

M. ANDREE'S BIG BALLOON.
The Air Ship Built for North Pole Work.
The great importance of the Andree polar expedition has again been forcibly exhibited by the completion and exhibition of the famous balloon, 'Le Pole Nord,' constructed for a remuneration of \$10,000 by the celebrated manufacturer and aeronaut, Monsieur Henri Lachambre.

After being very gracefully received by M. and Mme. Lachambre, the President made some very complimentary remarks to the former and expressed his appreciation of the fact that so important a part in the preparations for the expedition had been confided to a French maker, after an open competition had been solicited.

Then followed a careful inspection of the latest maps of the Polar regions—a look at the detailed drawings of the system of valves, etc., and the examination of a small working model of the balloon, fitted with the series of guiding sails, adopted by Monsieur Andree, all of which proved interesting and instructive to those present.

By pulling on a certain cord a portion of the balloon will be torn off, and, acting as a parachute, will gently descend until (as Monsieur Faure facetiously remarked) not enough to 'pole to the pole' fast.
The 'nacelle' or car in which the scientists are to swing their hammocks is solidly made of rattan and willow. It is provided with two side windows and a door through the top covering. In height it measures four and a half feet and six feet seven inches in diameter. Two experienced workmen, engaged in putting the finishing touches on the canvas covering of the basket, answered a number of questions put to them by M. Faure concerning the colossal balloon and its construction.

Among the interesting points touched upon are:
The cubage, about 6,000 cubic yards,
Total ascending force of 6,000 cubic yards of pure hydrogen 11,000
Weight of the material of the balloon 5,720
Weight of the passengers, provisions, instruments and sand ballast 5,280
Total weight of the balloon 11,000
The top of the envelope is quadruple in thickness within a circumference of 67 feet; the next section is triple and the rest double, the different layers of silk being stuck together by means of a special varnish.

The envelope contains 3,360 sections, averaging about a foot and a half by one foot and one inch rectangular in shape. The sections are, in fact, trapeziums; they are both sewed together and cemented at their edges. An extra ribbon of silk is then snugly placed over the joints.
The net is composed of 384 hemp cords, forming 19,000 meshes. Each cord is capable of bearing a weight of 1,000 pounds.
After a little more 'causerie' and a glass of champagne, which was drunk to the health of M. et Mme. Lachambre, and a second one to the success of the expedition, the President took his departure. Not until now did we have an opportunity to converse with M. Lachambre and his bright and attractive wife, who charmingly entertained those around her, while at the same time prettily engaged, in company with a number of her lady friends in chattering conversation, the work of the myriads of hands stretched out to receive them.

Among the many interesting items we learned during our conversation was one in regard to the carrier pigeons that are to be liberated at intervals during the voyage. They are to bear either despatches to the Stockholm press, but will have a visible address that may ensure the prompt delivery of the messages should the pigeons go astray. If they become fatigued and light on a vessel, instructions are given to copy the despatch and send the carrier on its way after eating its food and sufficient rest.
The result of this feature will be anxiously watched for, as well as the more important final result of the expedition. M. Lachambre will take the balloon to Gottenburg, where all the necessary accessories are to be collected, and accompanied by the Swedish expedition the first part of June to Spitzberg, where M. Lachambre will aid M. Andree and his two companions in making the final preparations for the start, which will take place between July 10th and 9th. An enormous shed will be constructed to shelter the balloon while waiting for a favorable wind, the system of sails being depended upon simply to change the angle in the general direction of the wind.

Concerning Men's Comfort.
The warm weather is sure to come, and to be comfortable proper underwear is necessary. We have a line of Natural Wool Underwear, light and comfortable. Our price is \$2.00 per suit; they are worth more. Also a line of Natural Balbriggan at \$1.25 per suit, that is a bargain.

JOHN AITKEN & CO.
1757 Notre Dame St.
Amateur Photography....
JUST RECEIVED—
Eastman's Pocket Kodaks, Eastman's Bull's-eye Cameras, Eastman's Developing and Printing Outfits, R. O. Co. Comet Cameras, C. & C. Cameras, with Bicycle Case, Special Kodak Film, Etc., Etc.
Developed and Printed for amateurs. Some Special Bargains in Second-hand Cameras.
WM. NOTMAN & SON, 14 Phillips Square

Good Books.
There is something distinctive about this store. The stock stands out with an individuality not seen in other stores. It's good buying does it. We always have the latest and best in the book line.
W. DRYSDALE & CO., 232 ST. JAMES STREET, West End Branch—2355 St. Catherine St.

St. Antoine Ward wants a manufacturer—Vote for Sadler.
Mrs. Makropoulou, the English nurse who had been in the service of the Hellenic royal family ever since the birth of the Duke of Sparta, died suddenly, the other day, at the Royal Palace in Athens. Her funeral was attended by King George, all the royal Princes at present in Athens, and Princess Marie of Greece. At the conclusion of the service, which was conducted by the British chaplain, the King himself, with the Duke of Sparta, Prince George and Prince Nicholas, carried the coffin to the hearse. His Majesty and the Princess proceeded on foot, with all the ladies and gentlemen of the Court, to the cemetery where the body was interred.

Legend tells how Napoleon, while Moscow was in flames, found time to draw up a decree organizing the Theatre Francaise. Alas! the story is not true. The French national archives have recently been overhauled, and it seems that Napoleon was in Poland when he received the decree, ready to be signed. He there signed it and sent it back to Paris, but in the margin wrote the following: 'To be forwarded when the army will be at Moscow. It is his Majesty's intention that the decree should be dated from that town.'

The European itinerary of Li Hung Chang will probably embrace a wide area. On arriving at Port Said a Russian warship will convey him to the Black Sea. The journey to Moscow will be made by special train. As soon as the coronation fetes are over, the Viceroys will pay brief visits to Berlin, Paris and London. His arrival at London is not expected before July. His projected visit to the United States has not been abandoned. It is proposed, if possible, to return home by the Atlantic and Pacific route.

The measures taken in Switzerland for the protection of the 'Eichweid' and the 'Alpenrose' are now extended by some communes to other plants; The Common Council of Andelfingen, in the East of Switzerland, and that of Bex, in the west, have prohibited the gathering of the Daphne genkwa; Daphne alba, Iberis saxatilis, and Lonicera redoliva under a penalty of 10f. In both communes the fines are allotted to the communal school fund.
Princes de Sagan, arbiter of elegance among men of fashion in Paris, is sixty-four years old. He is famous for the cut of his clothes, for the cutting of trees to make a bicycle path in the Bois de Boulogne, and for the width of his monocle ribbon, which was three centimeters before President Faure was hissed by the aristocrats at Entente, and is now almost invisible.
The French Academy of Medicine had decided to divide the two hundred and fifty thousand franc prize founded by M. and Mme. Victor Saint Paul as a reward to whomsoever should first discover a serious remedy for diphtheria between Dr. Roux, of the Pasteur Laboratory, and Dr. Beijerinck of Berlin.



INVESTMENT SECURITIES... Government Municipal and Other First-Class Bonds

STOCKS IN NEW YORK. Another Recovery in Prices the Special Feature.

MORE ORDERS FROM LONDON. Holiday in the Local Market—The Week in Wall Street—To-day's Gossip.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET. New York, June 13.—The Post says: "London again bought freely at the opening, but the day's local pressure of stocks was mainly from speculative sources."

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. Messrs. J. S. Bache and Co. report the following closing prices in New York by wire to their Montreal Manager, C. D. Monk, 10 St. Sacrament Street:

Table with columns: Description, Bid, Ask, and other market data for various stocks and bonds.

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR. The movements of grain and flour at given points to-day are as follows:

Table showing movements of grain and flour at various points, including Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, Duluth, and Detroit.

THE WEEK IN NEW YORK. After a slow decline during the market's two opening days, the stock market of Wednesday fell into violent panic, chiefly as a result of a sudden abrupt advance, but with several abating canards used to intensify the panic.

ever, was downward, and, although at the close of the week a partial recovery took place, still there were a few noteworthy declines. The total transactions aggregated \$5,812,000, against \$4,687,000 last week and \$13,418,000 for the corresponding period last year.

LARGE WHEAT CLEARANCES. Were the Only Important Bull Features.

MONTREAL STOCKS IN STORE. The Cheese Shipments for the week ending to-day, were \$2,436,585, of which \$750,000 went to France, the rest to Germany, all the export being United States corn;

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Canadian Rand Drill Co., 516 Board of Trade - - - - - MONTREAL. BROKERS, ETC.

MRS. BESANT'S SURPASSING TREATMENT FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY, PROSTRATION AND LOSS OF NERVE FORCE IN MEN AND WOMEN.

CHICAGO MARKETS. Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co. report the following quotations from Chicago, June 12:

Table with columns: Commodity, Price, and other market data for Chicago.

LIVERPOOL PRICES. June 12.

Table with columns: Commodity, Price, and other market data for Liverpool.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS. NO CHANGE IN THE POSITION OF THE LOCAL CHEESE MARKET.

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OF ALL TYPES. Canadian Rand Drill Co., 516 Board of Trade - - - - - MONTREAL.

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LIBERAL PLATFORM ADOPTED BY THE NATIONAL LIBERAL CONVENTION, OTTAWA, JUNE, 1896.

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled, declare:

1.—Freer Trade—Reduced Taxation. That the customs tariffs of the Dominion should be based, not as it is now, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service.

2.—Enlarged Markets—Reciprocity. That, having regard to the prosperity of Canada, and the United States as adjoining countries, with many mutual interests, it is desirable that there should be the most friendly relations and broad liberal intercourse between them;

3.—Purity of Administration—Condemn Corruption. That the Convention deplores the gross corruption in the management and expenditure of public moneys which for years past has existed under the rule of the Conservative party, and the revelations of which by the different parliamentary committees of enquiry have brought disgrace upon the fair name of Canada;

4.—Demand Strictest Economy—Decreased Expenditure. We cannot but view with alarm the large increase of the public debt and of the controllable annual expenditure of the Dominion and the consequent undue taxation of the people under the Governments that have been continuously in power since 1873, and we demand the strictest economy in the administration of the government of the country.

5.—For Responsible Government—Independence of Parliament. That the Convention regrets that by the action of Ministers and their supporters in Parliament in one case in which serious charges were made against a Minister of the Crown, investigation was altogether refused, while in another case the charges preferred were altered and then referred to a commission appointed upon the advice of the Ministry, contrary to the well-settled practice of Parliament; and this Convention affirms:

6.—Land for the Settler—Not for the Speculator. That in the opinion of this Convention the sales of public lands of the Dominion should be to actual settlers only, and not to speculators, upon reasonable terms of settlement, and in such areas as can be reasonably occupied and cultivated by the settler.

7.—Oppose the Dominion Franchise Act—Favor the Provincial Franchise. That the Franchise Act since its introduction has cost the Dominion Treasury over a million of dollars, besides entailing a heavy expenditure to both political parties;

8.—Against the Gerrymander—County Boundaries Should be Preserved. That each revision involves an additional expenditure of a further quarter of a million;

9.—The Senate Defective—Amend the Constitution. The present constitution of the Senate is inconsistent with the Federal principles in our system of government, and is in other respects defective, as it makes the Senate independent of the people and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country, and should be so amended as to bring it into harmony with the principles of popular government.

10.—Question of Prohibition—A Dominion Plebiscite. That whereas public attention is at present much directed to the consideration of the admittedly great evils of intemperance, it is desirable that the mind of the people should be clearly ascertained on the question of Prohibition by means of a Dominion Plebiscite.

Tutti Frutti. A dance is more than doubly enjoyable when the one's breath is pure and fragrant. This use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Some dealers try to palm off imitations which they buy cheap. See that the Trade Mark name.

A. DAVIS Consulting Engineer. GUARANTEED... Forty per cent. saved on fuel. 116 ST. PETER STREET.

VIGOR OF MEN. Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored. Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early evils or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible; 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y. ST. COLUMBAN'S CHURCH. Fine Roman Catholic Edifice at Cornwall, Dedicating.

Banque Ville Marie. NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. for the current half-year, being at the rate of 8 per cent per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this Institution, has been declared.

Vote for Sadler, a manufacturer and employer of labor. High Court, Canadian Foresters. The High Court, Canadian Order of Foresters, will hold its annual meeting in Temple Hall, No. 805 Dufferin Street, beginning at 2 p.m. Tuesday, the 16th inst. Great preparations have been made for this meeting by the local Foresters, and it is expected to be a grand success.

St. Antoine Ward wants a man, upholsterer—Vote for Sadler. MISSIONARIES ATTACKED. More Trouble in China—Kian Yin the Scene of the Trouble. New York, June 13.—A special to the World and Vancouver, I.C. says: The missionaries at Kiang-Yin, China, are refugees in the forts there and the mission has been looted and wrecked.

Clearbrook Vellum. In the name of our New Paperette, contains 50 Sheets and 50 Envelopes, and only TWENTY-FIVE CENTS! No Bargain Day Catch! Real good value—best ever offered.

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