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THE PLE...SCITE INQUIRY.

Down in the Diocese of Rimouski There is Almost Practical Prohibition by Reason of the Efforts of the Church,

BUT PROHIBITION IS NOT FAVORED.

The Vicar-General's Views—He is Zealous in the Promotion of Temperance and Says That Outside of Rimouski Town, Where Liquor is Sold by the Bottle, There Are Throughout the Immense Diocese Very Few Places Where Liquor Can be Purchased—But a Legislative Enactment Could Not be Enforced—Interview With Father Bolduc at Cacouna.

(Special Correspondence of The Herald.)

Rimouski, June 28.—I have now fairly entered a district where the customs, in respect to the use, and the occasional abuse, of liquor differ from those to be observed in other, and more thickly-settled, portions of the province. The diocese of Rimouski extends from a point just bezlow Riviere du Loup to Gaspe Bay, a distance of about three hundred miles, and from the Gulf of St. Lawrence on the north to the Baie des Chaleurs and the River Restigouche up to the union of that river with the matapedia. The total area is some twelve or thirteen thousand square miles, which includes the Gaspe Peninsula, an extensive, fertile and, as yet, sparsely populated region.

The Bishop is Mgr. Blais, who is at present, like most of his brethren, engaged in making the pastoral visit to the different parishes under his jurisdiction. This prelate has been conspicuous by his zealous efforts to check the use of liquor among his spiritual children, and the encouraging results of his labors in this direction can be noticed, even by the casual visitor who has known, at least by report, the Rimouski of ten years ago. The spirit of the pastor naturally infuses itself among his coadjutors, and the efforts of the Bishop of Rimouski are loyally seconded by the clergy of the diocese. In this section of the country the influence of the priest seems to me to be very powerful. A word from his reverence can decide the election or defeat of a candidate for a seat in the municipal council, and when such candidate exhibits symptoms of a disposition to oppose the policy of the clergy in matters of public morality, under which head the temperance question is properly ranked, that word is emphatically uttered. The ideal of Mgr. Blais and his spiritual lieutenants is the total suppression of the use of intoxicating liquor, with exceptions in favor of cases of illness, although many of the clergy here believe that the virtues of liquor as a medicinal agent have been greatly exaggerated. To attain this end they exert their powerful influence over members of local councils to cause them to reject all applications for liquor licenses. In the country districts they meet with little opposition; but in the little business centres here and there they find their task somewhat more difficult. Still the scarcity of drinking places is surprising, and the salutary effect on the population is undeniable. One notices here none of that drinking on the sly which is said to have baffled the hopes of the promoters of the Scott Act and other legislative enactments intended to suppress the liquor traffic, and the people seem to get on very well without a "luxury" to which they are no longer accustomed.

Rimouski No Longer "Rye Whiskey."

Some years ago an Ontario journalist, happening to pass through this town while on his way to go on board an incoming ocean steamer, was so horrified at the sights he witnessed that he made his observations the theme of an article descriptive of the people of Rimouski, and, by a process of reasoning, which, however fallacious, is frequently employed, the people of this province generally. Whatever ground he might then have had for his strictures—and true it is that "Rimouski" was at one time humourously nick-named "Rye Whiskey"—a visit, however brief, at the present time would convince him that such ground no longer existed. In the town here there is no liquor sold by the glass, and in one establishment alone is there a license to sell by the bottle, while in the outlying parishes there is no liquor sold whatever, unless it be by illicit distillers, and such traffic, while it exists, no doubt, cannot be very extensive, or it would have attracted attention more forcibly than is apparently the case.

This town is best known as the point at which the Canadian-European mails are landed and received by the transatlantic steamers during the summer months. It is also important as the headquarters of the diocese of Rimouski. Otherwise it has not many particularly interesting features. The scenery is agreeable, and the low range of hills which rises above the town shows pleasantly in the clear sunlight. A long, wooded island, facing the town, shuts off the view of the distant shore opposite, and the Laurentian hills are only dimly to be discerned from the heavy clouds which usually rest on their crests. At low water an unattractive expanse of shore is exposed. Yet the air is clear and strong, and many choose Rimouski for a summer resort in preference to places of greater popularity. The Cathedral church is a plain edifice, which would compare badly with many of the parish churches above and below Quebec, and this circumstance, to one who has any acquaintance with French-Canadian customs, justifies an inference of the comparative poverty of the people.

Talk With the Vicar-General.

In the absence of Mgr. Blais, to which I have already alluded, I was fortunate enough to have a long talk with the Rev. Father Langis, the vicar-general of the diocese. The rev. gentleman is an admirable type of the French-Canadian priesthood. Courteous and good natured, thoroughly enjoying the most simple jokes with the hearty laugh which speaks of an easy conscience and a perfect digestion, he is yet evidently an intrepid soldier of the church, the uncompromising foe of her foes, with a firm faith in the salutary character of her influence in matters temporal as well as spiritual, and determined to preserve and to extend that influence. I learn from a book which I have found at the hotel that he is fifty-five years of age. He certainly does not look more than forty, and his clear, healthy countenance proclaims the advantages of temperate habits and abstention from luxury. He conversed freely on the temperance question, although he stated at the outset that he did not care to say much about it. I shall endeavor to give, from memory, a concise report of our conversation, if only for the purpose of presenting the rev. gentleman's views.

I commenced by explaining the object of my visit, and he replied, "Well, we don't want to talk about it at present; but I do not think it (prohibition) will carry in this Province."

"In this diocese," I remarked, "I am told that the clergy are particularly zealous in their efforts to check the evils of the liquor traffic?"

"Oh very much so," he replied. "We have a great deal of trouble with liquor selling. I must confess there is among the people a strong tendency to indulge in drink, and that is bad for them. We are doing all we can to stop it, and we have succeeded well in the past few years."

"Do you favor prohibition, Father?"

"If prohibition meant the cessation of drinking, we would be unanimously in favor of it. But we are afraid it would be impracticable. It has been tried in the State of Maine and in parts of Ontario, and it has not been a success. When I tell you that the sentiment of our population is opposed to prohibition, I give you the opinion of good, sincere men, who deplore the evils of the liquor trade and would gladly put a stop to them. I do not speak, mind you, for those who abuse liquor, or for those who are interested in the traffic."

"If you thought that prohibition could be successfully enforced, would you be in its favor?"

"Yes, if it could be enforced. Of course there is an important question of principle. Is the evil so great that it should be necessary, in order that one section of the community should be rescued from the vice of drunkenness, to altogether deprive the rest of the community of the right to take a glass when so disposed, and would it be just to do so? I reply, yes. You see, liquor is not necessary. It may be in certain circumstances, and for certain purposes, useful, but it is not indispensable. I think on the whole that if we believed that total prohibition would prove the proper solution of the drink problem, we would be justified in calling upon the class of moderate drinkers to make a sacrifice of this pleasure in order to bring about such a result. However, I do not believe that prohibition could be enforced, so that it is needless to discuss abstract questions any further."

"What is the attitlde of the clergy of this diocese with reference to the sale of liquor?"

"We seek to restrict it in every possible way. Wherever we can we prevent licenses being issued. Although we are not in favor of a general prohibitory measure, there are many points in which we regard the present law as defective."

"The law or its application?"

"Well, partly one and partly the other. I am thinking particularly of the law regarding the opening of depots, in places where no licenses are issued, for the sale of liquor in cases of illness. Keepers of these depots are by law only authorized to sell to parties provided with certificates signed by their pastor or by a physician. They very seldom come to us, because they know we are very strict, and not likely to certify to any but genuine cases. But with a doctor it is different. He nearly always gives certificates to those who ask for them. You see, the doctor is not independent, as we are. He may lose a patient if he refuses a favor of this kind, and although there is a heavy penalty provided for doctors who disregard the law, and give false certificates, the practice is general. On the other hand, the keeper of the depot wants, naturally, to sell all he can. He has to pay a license of over a hundred dollars, and if he only sells in genuine cases he will not make enough in the year, perhaps, to pay for his license, not to speak of his loss of time, and the expense of keeping his establishment where he is not allowed to do any other business. The license fee for depot keepers should certainly be reduced. When I was parish priest of Isle Verte I started a depot myself."

"Did you pay a license, father?"

"Oh, yes. I did not take the license in my own name, but in that of one of my men. We looked after the distribution very closely; still many got liquor who had no right to it. It was hard to prevent them," and Father Langis laughed jovially as he thought of his experiences as a depot-keeper.

"Do you notice any improvement in the manners of the people of late years?" was my next question.

"I must say," was the reply, ""that of late years their habits have improved wonderfully. There is now no liquor sold by the glass in the town of Rimouski, and in the oher parishes around here there is none whatever sold. It would be hard to abolish liquor-selling entirely in the town. Rimouski is the centre of a large district, and the farmers come in here to purchase liquor to take away with them. There is, of course, a good deal of drinking done still, and no doubt there is some abuse. But the practice has ceased to be a scandal, and complaints are rare. Still, money spent on liquor is wasted. Our people are not well off, and the price of a bottle of whiskey would buy many necessary articles. Besides—what is worse—drinking is not only waste of money, unnecessary and useless; it is injurious to health, and a man transmits its eeffcts to his children, so that, in a counry like ours, where we want well-formed, vigorous, healthy people, drink is an evil. It is all very well to speak of European countries, France and Italy particularly, France, where the people are accustomed from childhod to the use of wine. They might, or might not be better without it; but it is not suited to the people of Canada. This is not a wine country, and it would be a mistake to accustom our people to the use of wine. I know that during the winters here there is a certain desire for alcohol created; but such had better be resisted."

Clergy Enforce a Prohibition.

"How is it that there is no liquor sold in the surrounding parishes?"

"The clergy forbid it. We have some trouble occasionally, but we find the people disposed, as a rule, to second our efforts and to follow our advice. Of course, under a constitutional system of government like ours, the people are encouraged to believe themselves the supreme arbiter of questions of morals, as well as of law and administration, and we have Federal Parliaments and Provincial Parliaments and municipal councils, dealing with every kind of matter, and impatient of direction. That is a misery to which we have unfortunately no choice but to submit. Still, we find we can influence the councillors strongly through the electors when license questions arise. But it is sometimes difficult to have an offender against the liquor laws punished. An offender often escapes by means of political influence, and this fact increases our difficulties."

"Do you find the difficulty in punishing offenders to proceed at all from unwillingness of the people to lend assistance, on account of a certain sympathy, which would not be felt in the case of the violation of other laws?"

"No. It is not that. You see we have here the 'patronage.' That is the difficulty. A man may be guilty, and we may know it; but, if he has friends among the supporters of the Government of the day, he has a good chance of escaping punishment."

"You have been parish priest of Isle Verte, father?"

"Yes, for many years. At first I had some trouble in closing up the places where liquor is sold; but, finally, I was successful. The people, if they wanted liquor, had to go to Riviere du Loup, but none was sold inside my parish. The consequence was that great improvements took place among the people, especially among the young men."

"Well, then, you had practically prohibition in your parish, and it worked well. Why would it not work well if applied to the country as a whole?"

Bishops Will Adopt Attitude.

"Well, they could always go to Riviere du Loup. It might have been different if there had been no liquor obtainable there. I myself was always willing that a depot should be kept in my parish. One cannot be too unreasonable. The bishops have not yet met to decide what instructions to issue respecting the plebiscite. You see the question has not hitherto been regarded very seriously; but, now that it seems evident that the Government intends to take a vote, no doubt the bishops will adopt an attitude. Whether they will decide for or against prohibition, I cannot say. If they decide for prohibition the clergy will be instructed to direct the people accordingly."

"And if they decide against prohibition no directions will be necessary?"

"Ha, ha,"—it was good to hear the grand vicar laugh—"I do not think so."

"There are very few places, I understand, throughout the diocese of Rimouski where liquor is sold now?"

"Very few. In Cacouna liquor is allowed to be sold at the St. Lawrence Hall only, for two months in the year. No liquor is sold elsewhere in the district except here, where it is sold by the bottle, and—let me see—there are two places at St. Flavie. 'Patronage' again. They would have been deprived of their licenses this year, but, somehow, informalities were discovered; appeal was made to the Government, and the licenses were allowed to remain."

"They were good Liberals, I suppose, father?"

"Ho, ho," laughed the priest, as if it was an excellent joke. "I suppose they were. But wait now. Let me be just. I do not know whether the hotelkeepers were Liberals or not, but the man who interceded for them with the Government was."

Parish Priest at Cacouna.

The parish priest of Cacouna is the Rev. Father Bolduc, and him I saw on my way hither from Riviere du Loup. He gave me some insight into the way in which the cause of temperance is promoted by the clergy. Father Bolduc is a great favorite in Cacouna, and numbers many warm friends among those who spend the summer months at this attractive resort.

"Personally," he told me, "I am a prohibitionist. That is to say, I would abolish intoxicating liquor everywhere if I could; but, as for prohibitory legislation being the best means of promoting temperance, that is another question. I have given no instructions to my people on the subject as yet, and shall not do so unless instructed by the bishops. No licenses are issued in the village or parish of Cacouna except that in the St. Lawrence Hall liquor is allowed to be sold for two months in the year. We must be reasonable, you know. We have a very large number of strangers coming here every summer, and they must be accommodated, and it is not good to appear too bigoted or unreasonable. No, I do not think French-Canadians or Irish Catholics will vote for prohibition. I met an Irish priest some time ago. He said it was a good thing, but would not work."

"I do not permit any licenses to be

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MADAME LAPLANTE GAVE EVIDENCE.

Was of a Very Damaging Character to Young Gnillemain, Charged With Murder.

WITNESS WEPT IN COURT.

She and Her Husband Had Always Been Very Kind to the Young Man.

THE PRISONER'S CONFESSIONS

The Judge Decides That They Will Not be Admitted—A Good Point for the Defence.

St. Hyacinthe, June 29.—(Special.)—The case of Jean Baptiste Guillemain, now be fore the Court of Queen's Bench. here, is becoming more and more interesting. A feature of the proceedings yesterday was the number of objections raised, mainly by the defence. The question of admitting as evidence the confession of Guillemain was the cause of heated arguments by both counsel, and, as a result, very little progress in the case has been made.

Yesterday afternoon the first witness to give evidence was Desire Berthiaume, a farmer of St. Liboire, and brother-in-law of the deceased.

Guillemain, the accused, had come to him on the 30th of October last, and had told him that a man had been found on the road and that he thought that it was Mr. Laplante. Witness immediately took his lantern and went alone to the place Guillemain had spoken of, and there found the Bienvenu brothers, who also had a lantern, and were standing near the deceased. He did not recognize Laplante by his features, as they were covered with blood, but by an old watch, a family relic, which deceased always carried about him. Witness then related a story which, he said, came just then to his memory, and which had struck him as very strange, as it occurred immediately before the murder. One day he was chopping wood in his shed, when, looking by chance into the neighboring field, he saw Guillemain near his uncle's house, carrying an axe. Guilleman walked about one-quarter of a mile into the field with the axe, and cut down a small tree, which stood on the slope of a little creek. From the trunk of the fallen tree he cut a branch, which he reduced to the size of a large and heavy club. He brought the club with him to his uncle's house. Witness had often asked himself why Guillemain had cut down the tree, but could never account for it. Of course, on hearing of Guillemain's arrest, the thing struck him as most peculiar.

George Nadeau, blacksmith, of St. Liboire, said that he had seen deceased, Mr. Laplante, for the last time on the morning of October 30th. About 7.30 p.m. of that day Hormidas Lapierre, one of the preceding witnesses, had come to him and asked for a lantern, saying, "We saw a person lying on the road, and I think he is dead." Together they had gone to the road, and witness recognized the deceased as Mr. Jean Baptiste Laplante. He recognized him by his clothing. Gedeon and Willie Bienvenu were also there when he identified the body.

Dr. O. Berthiaume was immediately summoned, but when he arrived he pronounced the man dead. No person but the doctor had touched the body. Witness had also examined the road, and found the furrows recently made by waggon wheels. In answer to Mr. Bourgault's cross-questions witness explained minutely the circumstances of the finding of the body. Some one, he said, could possibly have visited the body while he had gone for the doctor.

Madame Laplante Called.

Madame Laplante was then called. A dead silence reigned through the court room when she entered and sat weeping in the witness box. Guillemain, however, remained apparently as stoical as ever, and seemed quite unconcerned while listening to his aunt's evidence which, of all, seemed to go most against him. She told the court that Guillemain had come to her home in St. Liboire during the first week in October. He had no money when he arrived there and had never offered to pay any to her. When he arrived he told her that he would work around the store and the house if she would give him his board. He never went away any distance from the house. The deceased, Johnny Laplante, had a brother in Fall River, Mass., who had written to him asking for $200 with which to pay an account. Guillemain was in the house when the letter was read and was evidently acquainted with its contents.

The Prisoner's Actions.

Madame Laplante then explained, so far as she knew, the actions of Guillemain during the afternoon of October 30. About four o'clock she had asked him to get the horses from the fields and put them in the stable as Mr. Laplante would need them when he returned from St. Hyacinthe at six o'clock. He did not bring the horses then, and witness had asked him again to do so at five and at six o'clock. Guillemain left the house shortly after six o'clock and told her he would fetch the horses. Contrary to his usual custom he did not take the lantern with him. Little Dona Laplante, her son, had asked to accompany Guillemain to the fields to help to catch the horses. But Guillemain had refused, saying that he would go alone, but if he did not succeed he would come back for him. This also was very strange for Guillemain had always insisted that somebody should go with him to the fields. Guillemain returned about a quarter of an hour after he left the house. He was rather excited, and said that he had run all over the place and could not see the horses. He lit the lantern and this time asked the little boy Laplante to accompany him. The horses seemed easy to find, and they were in the stable at 7 o'clock.

The Witness Broke Down.

The feeling which Madame Laplante had up till this moment endeavored to keep latent could no longer be controlled, and she wept audibly as she was asked to state the events which followed. It was a little after seven o'clock when she, remarking the lateness of the hou, went to the door and with that peculiar presentiment of approaching danger, addressed her children, saying: "My goodness, what can be keeping your father to-night!" She had hardly returned into the house when a rap came at the door and Mr. Lapierre walked in. Witness asked him if he had come to see her husband. He said no, but that he wanted the loan of a lantern as a man had been found lying on the road and it was too dark to see who it was.

"I felt a strange sensation go through me and I almost fainted," continued Mrs. Laplante, "I took my little boy in my arms and speaking to him I said: 'Could it be your father who is dead'?"

Guillemain Would Not Stir.

Guillemain had, during all this time, been seated in the kitchen. The witness stated that she begged of him to go and see if it was his uncle who had been found lying on the road, but he had refused to go.

Her little son, Dona, lit the lantern and went with Mr. Lapierre, to the road side. He returned almost immediately and coming to her crying, said "Oh mother, 'Tis papa, and he's dead!"

Her husband often had business which called him to St. Hyacinthe and he generally returned by the six o'clock train. Guillemain knew that.

In the purse which the deceased had on him, when brought home, had been found only $1.25. No other money had been given to her that night. Guillemain left her home to go to the United States about November 12. Before going away he asked her for $2.50 to purchase a ticket, and she gave him the money. The prisoner had never written to her and she had never seen him till he had returned in charge of Deputy High Constable Lambert. She heard at that time that Guillemain had accused her of being an accomplice in the murder of her husband. Mr. Blanchet, the Crown Prosecutor was about to ask the witness what conversation had taken place between herself and Guillemain when the prisoner had visited her house in charge of the police, but Mr. Bourgault objected to the receiving, as evidence, of any of the admissions made by Giullemain, after he had been placed under arrest.

He Would Not Tell Her.

Mde. Laplante stated, however, that she asked Guillemain to tell her who had killed her husband, but she had received no reply. To Mr. Bourgault she said that neither Constable Lambert, Chief Chenette, nor H. C. Marchessault, had made, in her presence, any promises or threats while speaking to Guillemain. No further evidence could be obtained from Madame Laplante save the statements made to her by Guillemain, but Mr. Bourgault would not allow them to be received as evidence. The same objections which have been raised in the trial of Cordelia Viau as to the receiving of the prisoner's admission as evidence were made by Mr. Bourgault, who also gave notice of his intention to hold an enquete as to the manner in which the admissions from Guillemain had been obtained, and made application to the court that the jury leave the room during the enquiry. He admitted that there was no precedent by which to claim such a favor, but the points to be raised at the enquiry were purely legal, and as it was for the judge solely to decide on purely legal points, he claimed that the jury should not be called upon for an opinion in this case.

The fact which Mr. Bourgault wishes to establish is whether the admissions obtained from Guillemain after his arrest were obtained legally or illegally. He desires to prove that they were illegally obtained. To do so those who heard admissions from Guillemain after his arrest will have to explain how these admissions were obtained, by promise or threat, or by simple question; they will also have to mention the confessions themselves, and though the court may decide that these admissions are not to be used against the prisoner, the jury cannot fail but to be influenced by them.

The Motion Opposed.

Mr. R. E. Fontaine, Crown Prosecutor, said he would oppose such a motion for no other reason than that it would establish a wrong precedent.

Judge Tellier explained that in this case points purely legal, on which the judge had to decide, were mixed with facts with which the jury alone had to deal, so that the judge and jury together must hear the evidence at this special enquiry, for were the confessions eventually to be received as evidence, the jury, through the ignorance of the way in which they were obtained, would probably find them incriminating.

The special enquiry was opened accordingly before the entire court, and the first witness called was Deputy High Constable Lambert. He had been given charge of the warrant issued for Guillemain's arrest and proceeded to Biddeford, where Guillemain lived, in company with Crown Prosecutor Blanchet, to invite him to return to Canada, or to fight extradition should he take advantage of his privilege. He met Guillemain in the office of Marshal C. B. Hyman in Biddeford. Guillemain told him that he would return to Canada, not to stand his trial, but to accuse the guilty party. Guillemain was taken to St. Hyacinthe, and had been left in charge of Chief of Police Chenette. The following day Guillemain said he would like to go to Mde. Laplante's, where, he had said, he would prove that he had an accomplice.

They met Madame Laplante at her home. She asked many questions, but he did not hear her make threats of any kind.

To Mr. Bourgeault, the witness said that he had been alone with Guillemain only about five or six seconds. He told prisoner when he met him first that he was suspected of murder. Guillemain told him that he would return voluntarily, as he could designate the guilty party, and, in fact had signed articles waiving his rights to extradition.

High Constable's Story.

High Constable Marchessault, of St. Hyacinthe, was next examined.

He stated that Guillemain had been taken to the station and put under his care, but no one had endeavored to obtain admission of guilt from him. Adolphe Chenette, chief of Police of St. Hyacinthe, said that when Guillemain was taken to the station Mr. Blanchet left orders that he be well treated. He was also at Mrs. Laplante's with Guillemain. He had not heard threats or promises of any kind.

Mr. Bourgeault asked witness if Guillemain was then a prisoner. He could not say. All he knew was that Guillemain was to be well treated.

Mr. Blanchet, who accompanied the constable to Biddeford, was also examined. He had been deputed by the Attorney-General of Quebec to look after the case. He met Constable Lambert and in the course of a conversation the constable had shown him a warrant against Guillemain, which he (Blanchet) had himself prepared. Together they had gone to Biddeford and saw Guillemain at the police station. Witness had told Guillemain that he was charged with the murder of Laplante, and had also explained his position as Crown Prosecutor. He did not mention the warrant, and had forbidden Lambert to do so. He told Guillemain not to accuse anyone falsely, but if he wanted to say anything to tell the truth. Guillemain expressed himself quite willing to return to Canada. In no way whatever had he, or to his knowledge had Mr. Lambert, made any promise or threats to

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A CHANGE ON THE INTERCOLONIAL.

The Government Decides to Abolish the Office of General Traffic Manager.

WILL BE CLOSED ON AUG. 1

Result of the Dissatisfaction in Maritime Provinces With Changes Recently Inaugurated,

FREIGHT BUSINESS INCREASING.

The rumors which have been in circulation for some time in regard to the abolition of the office of General Traffic Manager of the Canadian Government Railway System, were set at rest this morning by Mr. A. H. Harris, the General Traffic Manager, who stated to a Herald reporter that he would shortly sever his connection with the System, and that he had already given the customary notice to close the office on August 1st, next. The closing of the office, in Mr. Harris' opinion, is one of the conequences of the dissatisfaction which has arisen in the Maritime Provinces in regard to the changes he inaugurated. He leaves the Government's service on the best of terms with all the officials, from the Minister down.

In reply to a question as to whether it was true that the traffic of the road had materially increased under his adminstration, Mr. Harris stated that it gave him much pleasure and satisfaction to acknowledge that it had increased, notwithstanding the fact that the export lumber traffic, which is a very important factor in the revenues of the railroad in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, had been practically at a standstill during the past three months owing to the lack of demand in Europe and to the effect of the war on the West Indies and South American trade. The wisdom of the extension of the road to Montreal has already been demonstrated from a traffic point of view, and it is his opinion that assuming the increase in traffic receipts to be maintained, within twelve months the advantages of the extension will be generally recognized by the public.

In answer to a remark that the Montreal travelling public appeared to appreciate the introduction of modern metnods in the adminstration of the traffic department of the road, and that there would be a feeling of regret among Mr. Harris's many friends at his severing his connection with the Government System. Mr. Harris expressed the opinion that the Government service in this city would not suffer so long as it is in the hands of such efficient officers as Mr. Lambkin, District Passenger Agent, and Mr. Hardwell, Division Freight Agent. The first named gentleman, Mr. Harris says, is a most energetic and active official, while Mr. Hardwell has shown himself a thoroughly practical and competent freight officer.

HALIFAX SYNOD IS NON-COMMITTAL

Does Not Come Out Definitely in Regard to a Plebiscite—Would Like Intemperance Abolished.

Halifax, N.S., June 29.—After rehearsing its sense of the evils of intemperance the Church of England synod to-day adopted the following non-committal resolution on prohibition: "We urge upon the members of the Church of England, the necessity of doing all in their power to stem the tide of intemperance by practising self-denial for the good of others, by inculcating true temperance views in the training of the young, by promoting the passage of wise laws for the protection of the community against the ravages of intemperance and by educating public sentiment in the direction of greater respect of law and order, and we earnestly request the members of the Church to make the whole subject a matter of constant prayer and especially to look for divine guidance in dealing with the great issue of prohibition now before the country that every act and vote may have the effect of banishing the great evil of intemperance from our midst.

BOTH WERE ALIVE.

Father and Son on Fishing Expedition Each Give the Other Up as Drowned.

Hull, June 28.—Last night Mr. Bertrand and his son of Philemon street went out fishing on the booms above Tetreauville. After some time the boy fell asleep on the logs. He dreamt that his father was drowning. He woke up and found out that his father had in fact disappeared. In despair he ran down home to tell his mother the awful news. He also told the people on the road that his father was drowned. Mrs. Bertrand was almost frenzied, and soon crowds of men gathered to go in search of the body.

But the father was not drowned. He had walked ashore on the logs. When he returned, not finding his son where he had left him, he conjectured that he was drowned. After calling the boy repeatedly he started home. When near Hull he met a party headed by his crying son and carrying grappling irons, lanterns and ropes to search for his body.

The joy was intense when the two met.

A. A. JONES' DEATH.

Jury Decides That It Was Accidental, Deceased Having Ran Into the Train.

An inquest was held by Coroner McMahon yesterday afternoon on the body of A. A. Jones, the young deaf-mute bicyclist who was killed by a Grand Trunk train at Turcot on Monday evening. The trainmen and some eye-witnesses of the accident were examined, and the evidence showed that the affair was due to deceased's infirmity. Not hearing the train he ran into it. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, not imputing blame to anyone.

Tramp Murderer Still at Large.

London, Ont., June 29.—(Special.)—Patrolman Toohey' murdered is still leading the pursuing posse a merry dance through the woods near Alvinston. The elusive peg-leg is apparently well acquainted with the country, and through travelling by night and secreting himself in the wood during the day, has so far succeeded in keeping out of sight of the detachment of London police who are following his trail. He is sticking closely to the woods and apparently making for the United States border. Residents near Alvinston claim to have seen the tramp riding a horse, stolen from a farmer in the neighborhood.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

A Pontiac Deputation Wants the Dominion Government to Arrest a Bad Indian.

Ottawa, June 29.—Yesterday a deputation, composed of Mr. Gillies, M.P.P., Pontiac, in Quebec, and Mr. Mackee, M.P. for Renfrew, together with ex-Mayor Rankin, Dr. James and Mr. Lamothe, all of Mattawa, conferred with Hon. Mr. Sifton as to the arrest of an Indian named Lafarce, of Grand Lac Reserve, who is charged with murdering his wife in March last; also with murdering or wounding at different times before that several members of the tribe. Mr. Sifton pointed out that such a case did not come under his jurisdiction, but that the Attorney-General of Quebec was the party to look after it.

LETTER FROM DAWSON.

There Was No Starvation There Up to the End of April—The Need of a Railway.

Kingston, June 29.—(Special.)—A prominent Kingstonian, holding a place in official circles, writes on April 18 from Dawson City, where he is located, saying: "The weather is getting warm, and the snow is disappearing. This promises to be a very early spring. The starvation scare is long since gone by, though last fall it was a most serious matter, and but for the mildness of the winter, permitting hundreds to go out over the ice, there would have been actual suffering, and possibly many deaths, from want of necessary food. Even as it is many have felt the pinch, and not a few have lived on flour, beans and bacon. Unless, however, the Stickeen-Teslin Railway is built in time this summer, the trouble will be repeated next winter, only on a larger scale, owing to the vast crowds that will come in. I notice that there is a big effort in Parliament to frustrate the Governments plans as to the immediate construction of that road. Certainly the Opposition are assuming a terrible responsibility if they succeed in preventing the completion of that road before the ice closes the Lewis and Yukon."

FIRE DIDN'T CANCEL LEASE.

The Defendant in This Case Had No Right to Abandon Premises in Which a Fire Occurred.

Judgment has been rendered by Mr. Justice Doherty in the case of Ligget vs. Viau and Constantin, mise-en-cause. The plaintiff claimed $399.50, being for rent due, damages resulting from the cancellation of lease, and damages by fire to show cases leased to defendant. The court held that the fire must be considered a fortuitous event, but defendant had no right to abandon the premises, as the necessary repairs might have been made while he remained in possession. Plaintiff was entitled to his rent and damages for loss of time during the period necessary for re-letting, and he was awarded $145. The seizure in the hands of the mis-en-cause was set aside, it having been proved that the goods seized had become the property of Constantin. They could only be seized so long as they continued to be the property of the tenant.

Trade Mark in Court.

Ottawa, June 29.—Mr. Justice Burbidge in Chambers yesterday dismissed an application for security of costs against defendants in the case of Wright, Crossley & Co. vs. Royal Baking Powder Company, of New York. He also granted an order on application of defendants for better particulars of plaintiff's statement of claim. This is an important case, which will be tried after long vacation. The plaintiffs are an English company who are seeking to set aside the trade mark registered by the defendants in respect of the Royal Baking Powder. The Englishmen claim that they were the first to use the trade mark, and that the New York company are not entitled to it. Mr. Bethune appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Smellie for defendants.

Love Caused Him to Suicide.

Guelph, Ont., June 29.(Special.)—County Crown Attorney Peterson received word this morning that a young man named Symons had shot himself Sunday morning. The deceased, who was about 26 years of age, had been working for Mr. Robert Talbot, of Everton. He left Talbot's Sunday morning for his home, but never arrived. When found on the rocks beside the village, a pistol was lying a few feet away from the body. The bullet had penetrated the right temple, and he evidently died wihtout truggle. The suicide was caused by a suddenly terminated love affair. Deceased leaves a widowed mother to mourn his untimely demise.

Drowned Himself in the River.

Windsor, Ont., June 29.—(Special.)—Alex. Sheppard, one of the oldest residents of Windsor, committeed suicide by throwing himself into the river yesterday morning. He came to Windsor from Aberdeenshire at the age of 22 to manage the Dougall Nursery. He prospered in business and at one time owned a good deal of land that is now valuable. He was last seen by his wife about 11 a.m., sitting near the barn reading. His body was found floating in the water oppposite the Windsor Boiler Works. Mr. Sheppard was 84 years of age, and had been married forty years. He leaves a number of children.

Field Day at Niagara.

Niagara Camp, June 28.—(Special.)—Lieut.-Col. Otter has decided to make July 1 a field day at Niagara-on-the-Lake, where the 20th, 31st, 34th, 35th and 36th Battalions are now encamped. The Mayor and Council of the historical town have made arrangements to co-operate with the military authorities in celebrating the birthday of Canada in a fitting manner, and the American visitors are taking steps to have as many as possible of their friends come across the line to take part in the festivities.

Western M.P. Banquetted.

Winnipeg, Man., June 29.—(Special.) — A Prince Albert despatch says: A banquet was tendered to Mr. T. O. Davis, M.P., by the citizens, on Friday evening, at the Queen's Hotel. About seventy-five guests were present. Mayor Baker presided. Mr. Davis' energetic course in Parliament was made the subject of much favorable comment, many of the strongest Conservatives expressing themselves as pleased with Mr. Davis' manly stand on railroad and other matters. The guest of the evening, in a lengthy speech, went over the most important acts of administration during the past session, justifying his own acts to the apparent satisfaction of all present. He was well received, both on rising and resuming his seat.

Toronto Fruit Market.

Toronto, Ont., June 29.—Receipts of fruit today were fair, about 2,000 packages arriving by boat and rail. Trade slow and prices easier. Strawberries sold at 2½c to 4c; gooseberries, at 15c to 30c for small, and 50c to 75c per basket for large varieties; raspberries, at 15c per quart basket; cherries, at 60c to $1.00 per basket for ox hearts, and 60c to 85c per basket for common red; red currants, at 50c to 75c per basket. New potatoes (Canadian) sold at 40c per 12 quart basket.

BURGLARS MURDER A CARETAKER,

Henry Grey, a Nightwatch at the Almonte Knitting Mills, Shot Last Night.

COULD NOT GIVE ALARM

When Discovered the Victim Was in an Unconscious Condition and Soon Expired;

THE SAFE WAS BLOWN OPEN

It is Not Known Whether This Was Done Before or After the Murder

Almonte, Ont., June 29.—A cold-blooded murder was committed here between one and two o'clock this morning, when Henry Grey, a night watchman for the Almonte Knitting Company, was shot and killed. A blacksmith's shop is situated across the road from the knitting mills office.

The murderer had broken into this blacksmith shop to procure tools for burglary. Mr. Grey, seeing the burglar and going over, was shot. He fell within about twenty feet from the blacksmith shop, and died without giving any alarm.

Mr. A. Sheriff's being the nearest dwelling, his daughter heard the shot, but did not think it was more than a firecracker.

The noise had awakened Mrs. Sheriff, who noticed the office door of the knitting mill standing open, and thought she heard a moaning noise. She aroused Mr. Shirreff, who went out and observed a man lying and moaning as though he was intoxicated. He got a neighbor to come and help take care of him.

Grey was alive but unconscious. He expired in a few moments without speaking.

Coroner Burns summoned a jury, and opened an inquest. It was found that the bullet had entered Grey's body near the heart.

The inquest has been adjourned for further evidence.

Mr. Jas. W. Wylie's roller mills safe was badly wrevked. The burglars entered this building, drilling the safe and putting explosives in, but the door would not open. The safe was completely wrecked, however, and was easily opened with a bar. The mill is situated across the river some three hundred yards from the blacksmith's shop. Opinions differ as to whether the murder was committed before or after the safe was blown open. No trace or clue whatever is known of the perpetrators of the crime. A hammer and bar of iron was taken from the blacksmith's shop to the mill.

A CANADIAN SUICIDES IN DETROIT

Frank Newcombe Put a Bullet Through His Body When Under the Influence of Liquor.

Toronto, Ont., June 29.—(Special.) — Mr. Frank Newsome, the son of Mr. W. B. Newsome, the well-known Adelaide Street law stationer, committed suicide in the Hotel St. Claire, Detroit, some time during Monday night, by shooting himself in the head. His lifeless body was found by the employes of the hotel. The deceased arrived in Detroit on Sunday evening, and when he registered at the St. Claire he was under the influence of liquor. On Monday he was not seen about the hotel, but in the evening he returned, obtained his overcoat, and pawned it at Louis Grosslight's shop, giving the name there of Thompson. Grosslight says the man was intoxicated then. On Monday morning, James Campbell, a porter in the hotel, attempted to arouse him about half-past eleven, and failing to do so, broke open the door, to find the young man's body lying on the floor, cold in death, and clad only in a nightshirt. The revolver had been held very close to the right temple. The bullet passed through the brain and out at the top of the head.

Thrown From His Rig.

Pembroke, Ont., June 28.—(Special.) — While John Smyth, a Westmeath farmer, was driving home from Ottawa, his team of horses took fright at a passing train, and he was thrown from his waggon, sustaining severe injuries. He was found unconscious and taken to the hospital here, where he died.

A Small Boy's Fatal Fall.

Toronto, Ont., June 29.—(Special.) — Bobby Taylor, a seven-year-old boy, living with his grandmother, fell from a front window, and, striking his head on the door step, was almost instantly killed. His skull was fractured.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co. report the following quotations from Chicago:

June 29.	Opg.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	71⅝	73¼	71⅝	73¼
Sept.	66⅝-¾	68⅝	66½-⅝	68⅝
Corn—				
July	31¼	32⅛	31⅛	32
Sept.	32⅛	33⅛	32⅛	32⅞
Oats—				
July	20⅞	22	20⅝	21⅞
Sept.	19¾	20¼	19½-⅝	20¼
Pork—				
July	9 45	9 57	9 45	9 47
Sept.	9 65	9 67	9 60	9 67
Lard—				
July	5 37	5 40	5 35	5 37
Sept.	5 50	5 50	5 45	5 50
Short Ribs—				
July	5 32	5 37	5 32	5 37
Sept.	5 40	5 45	5 37	5 45

Rain To-morrow.

Probabilities—Fine and warm to-day; showers or thunderstorms to-morrow, more especially later in the day, with fresh or strong south-west and south winds.

Maximum and minimum temperatures — Kamloops, 66-44; Calgary, 66-44; Qu'Appelle, 64-44; Winnipeg, 76-52; Port Arthur, 66-50; Parry Sound, 72-54; Toronto, 76-60; Ottawa, 80-60; Montreal, 74-64; Quebec, 62-58; Halifax, 64-52.

Temperatures observed to-day by Messrs. Hearn and Harrison, Opticians, 1640 and 1642 Notre Dame Street, Montreal: Standard thermometer—8 a.m., 68; 11 a.m., 73; maximum, 75; minimum, 65. Standard barometer —8 a.m., 29.99; 11 a.m., 30.01.

Steamship Arrivals.

June 28.	At	From
Damara	London	Halifax
Furnessia	Moville	New York
Fulda	Gibraltar	New York
Mongolian	Glasgow	New York
Britannic	Marseilles	New York
Rotterdam	Boulogne	New York
Werkendam	Boulogne	New York
Westernland	New York	Antwerp
June 29—		
Empress of China	Vancouver	Hong Kong

SPARRING IS STILL ILLEGAL.

The Council Refuses to Abolish the By-Law Against Sparring Exhibitions.

NEGLECT BY CHIEF HUGHES

Is Not Accepted as a Reason For the Abolition of the By-Law.

GOOD ADVICE TO ALD. MARSOLAIS

Because Chief of Police Hughes found it unpleasant and inconvenient to enforce the city by-law which says that sparring exhibitions shall not take place within the city limits, Ald. Marsolais and some of his colleagues on the Police Committee asked the Council to abolish the by-law. But the members of Council would not encourage Chief Hughes in shirking his duty to the citizens and the city, and they refused yesterday to vote for the abolition of the by-law. Ald. Marsolais and Lareau were frank enough to admit to Council that they based their arguments for abolition upon the non-enforcement of the by-law by Chief Hughes. They were told in reply that, instead of asking the Council to wipe out by-laws that the head of the Police Department did not care to enforce they should have stamina enough to do their duty as aldermen and members of the Police Committee and to see that officials beneath them did not violate their oaths of office. Ald. Lareau made a direct appeal to race feeling by asserting that the people of the West End were permitted to have their sparring exhibitions in the Theatre Royal and other places, but the people of the East End were denied the same privilege in Sohmer Park. To this the reply was given that instead of abolishing the by-law because Chief Hughes neglected his duty in one end of the city, he should be compelled by the Police Committee to enforce the by-law in all parts of the city.

A few weeks ago, in Police Committee, Ald. Kinsella championed the cause of the pugilists, and moved that Council be asked to amend the by-law so as to allow the sparring exhibitons with six-ounce gloves. This motion was put into the form of a report, and it came to Council yesterday with the words "under police supervision." added.

The Reason for the Amendment.

One of the aldermen unkindly suggested that this was put in so as to give the police officials an excuse for attending the prize fights, which would be held under authority of the by-law as amended. Another suggested that prize fights could then be held in Viger square.

Ald. Marsolais and Lareau moved that the report be sent to the City Attorneys with instructions to prepare a by-law in accordance with it.

There were cries of "Carried, carried," but Ald. Stevenson was on his feet to oppose it. He knew, he said, that a very large section of the people of Montreal were opposed to opening the city gates to prize fights, as the proposed amendments certainly would. He would vote against anything of the kind, as he believed the influence of prize fights upon boys was bad, and only bad.

Ald. Gagnon said that he had heard no complaint about the by-law, and he did not believe in making a change just for the sake of making it.

Ald. Ekers remarked that the by-law was not enforced.

Ald. Stevenson added that there were many by-laws that were not enforced, but instead of abolishing them the police officials should be compelled to enforce them.

Ald. Lareau appealed to race feeling. Sparring exhibitons, he said, were allowed in the Theatre Royal and other places in the West End, but when the people of the East End wanted the same pleasure in Sohmer Park the men who did the sparring were arrested. He thought it altogether unjust to the East End of the city. The amendment to the by-law would put everything all right.

Ald. McBride replied that for this the members of the Police Committee were entirely to blame. They had in their power, and it was their duty, to see that the by-law was enforced in all sections of the city. If it was not enforced in the West End they should see that the police did their duty.

Ald. Marsolais endorsed what Ald. Lareau had said about the non-enforcement of the by-law in some sections of the city.

Ald. Stevenson—"Then it is your duty to see that it is enforced everywhere."

Ald. Rainville suggested that the report be sent on to the attorneys, and the discussion could take place when the by-law came before the Council.

Ald. Stevenson replied that this would be wasting the time of the attorneys. The whole thing could be killed without having a by-law prepared.

How the Vote Stood.

The motion to refer the report to the attorneys was defeated on the following vote:

Yeas,—Roy, Lareau, Ouimet, Wilson, Archambault, Dupre, Marsolais, Brunet —8.

Nays—Gagnon, Paquette, Ekers, Clearihue, Sadler, Laporte, Turner, McBride, Beausoleil, Stevenson, Rainville—11.

Ald. Sadler then wanted to have the Police Committee instructed to command Chief Hughes to remove the injustices complained of by Ald. Marsolais and Lareau by strictly enforcing the by-law in all parts of the city.

It did not please Ald. Marsolais and Lareau to have their own statements turned against them and both opposed Ald. Sadler's suggestion.

Ald. Marsolais pleaded that the police could not enforce the by-law as it was violated everywhere and Ald. Lareau gave the same excuse.

As Ald. Sadler did not put his idea into the form of a motion the matter dropped.

The Water Contract at Last.

The off-delayed contract with the Montreal Water & Power Co. was submitted. At the request of Ald. Stevenson, Ald. Rainville read the charges, which have already been given in The Herald.

Ald. Lareau wanted postponement for a week so that the contract could be printed and placed in the hands of the members. On a vote on a motion to this effect he was supported by only Ald. Jacques, Gagnon, Wilson, Dupre, and Marsolais.

On motion of Ald. Rainville and McBride, the Mayor and City Clerk were authorized to sign the contract on behalf of the city.

A report of the Finance Committee in favor of granting $450 for the public swimming baths, $150 for each, was adopted.

Ald. Rainville reported that the documents in the G.T.R. offices question had been referred to the City Attorneys who would confer with the G.T.R. attorneys in the drafting of a deed. When the documents were ready they would be submitted to council.

After Those Evidence Experts.

Ald. Jacques seconded by Ald. Marsolais moved that the Finance Committee be instructed to ascertain as to the abilities of the evidence experts, appointed by Finance during the afternoon, to speak both languages and to report to the next meeting of the Council.

Speaking to this motion Ald. Jacques said that he had been informed that some of the men appointed could not speak both languages. There was a law that all civic employes should speak both languages and it should have been observed in this case.

Ald. Beausoleil hoped that the motion would not be pressed. He had conversed with the gentleman at whom the motion was aimed and he knew that he could talk French. Besides, it was a question that should be left entirely to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Jacques replied that it was directed against no one in particular more than against the others.

The motion carried on a vote of 15 to 4, only Ald. Ekers, Rainville, Beausoleil and Sadler voting nay.

In the early part of the session the council was presided over by Ald. Stevenson in full regimentals. The gallant Colonel had been to St. Helen's Island with the Field Battery. When he entered the council chamber he was heartily applauded and when council opened, the Mayor and acting-Mayor, both being absent, he was voted to the chair. He was relieved at a later hour by Acting-Mayor Gallery who presided with his usual skill and grace.

ASK your grocer for Windsor Salt For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

AUGUSTI ALARMED.

He Cables the Madrid Government That His Position in Manila City is Almost Untenable.

Madrid, June 28.—The Government has received the following despatch from Captain-General Augusti, dated from Manila on June 23:

"The situation is still grave. I continue to maintain my position inside the line of block houses; but the enemy is increasing in numbers, as the rebels occupy the provinces, which are surrendering. Torrential rains are inundating the entrenchments, rendering the work of defence difficult. The numbers of sick among the troops are increasing, making the situation very distressing, and causing increased desertions of the native soldiers. It is estimated that the insurgents number 30,000, armed with rifles, and 100,000 armed with swords, etc.

"Aguinaldo has summoned me to surrender, but I have treated his proposals with disdain, for I am resolved to maintain the sovereignty of Spain and the honor of the flag to the last extremity.

"I have over one thousand sick and 200 wounded. The citadel has been invaded by the suburban inhabitants, who have abandoned their homes owing to the barbarity of the rebels. These inhabitants constitute an embarrassment, aggravating the situation, in view of the bombardment, which, however, is not seriously apprehended for the moment.

"The Governor of the Visayas and Mindanao Islands cables that he has defeated the insurgents in an engagement during which Chief Arce, Aguinaldo's representative, was killed. He adds that tranquillity now prevails throughout these islands, and he further asserts that the principal Malay chiefs of the Mindanao group declare they desire to fight on the side of the Spaniards."

Madrid, June 28.—Advices from Manila state that Captain-General Augusti's family is still in the hands of the insurgents.

General Pena, with a thousand soldiers, has surrendered. His soldiers, most of whom were natives, joined the insurgents. A majority of the detachment in the Island of Luzon have surrendered owing their lack of food, though some succeeded in escaping.

Numerous Spaniards, including the Governors of Batanga, Laguna and Bulacana, have taken refuge at Cavite.

The rebels who are besieging Manila exceed 25,000 men.

The city is completely isolated, and the arrival of the Spanish squadron is anxiously awaited, for the position of Manila is untenable.

Small rebel craft navigate the bay, conveying prisoners to Cavite.

CAMARA WILL RETURN TO SPAIN.

That is the General Belief in Official Circles at Washington—Ships in Bad Shape.

Washington, D.C., June 29.—Naval officials express the confident prediction that the Spanish fleet under the command of Admiral Camara will return to Spanish waters. This prediction is based upon advices received from the American consular agent at Port Said and the American consul at Cairo.

These advices, it can be stated authoritatively, announce the refusal of the canal commissioners to accept the drafts offered by Admiral Camara in satisfaction of the canal dues, amounting to $160,000. Admiral Camara has also found that there is not sufficient coal at Port Said to supply all of his ships.

Although the Navy Department authorized yesterday the statement that Commodore Watson's eastern squadron would sail for Spain immediately, there is little likelihood of its departure under ten days.

London, June 29.—The Cairo correspondent of the Daily Mail says:—

"Lord Cromer stopped a French firm from coaling Admiral Camara's squadron, pending instructions from London."

London, June 29.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Port Said says: "A distinguished naval officer who has examined Admiral Camara's ships carefully, laughs at the idea of Admiral Camara's attempting to reach Manila. The Spaniards, he says, are wise to keep the fleet out of the Americans' way. The battleship Pelayo and the armored cruiser Emperador Carlos Quinto are in scandalous repair; indeed, are hardly seaworthy, while it will be impossible for the torpedo boat destroyers to get far. The Spaniards cannot keep the engines trimmed."

COMMODORE WATSON IS MAKING READY.

He Will Start Across the Atlantic With a Powerful Squadron in a Few Days.

Washington, D.C., June 29.—At the conclusion of yesterday's Cabinet meeting, it was stated that the work of supplying Commodore Watson's squadron with ammunition, coal and provisions preparatory to its departure for Spain, was progressing satisfactorily, and that in all probability the squadron would be ready to sail in the course of the next four or five days. The impression which seems to prevail in some quarters that the sending of this fleet to Spain is intended solely to prevent Admiral Camara from going to the Philippines, is said to be erroneous, and that there is no question that it has been considered for some time. The fixed intention of the Government, it is said, is to send the vessels to Spanish home waters whether Camara's fleet proceeds to the Philippines or not. If it returns and comes within striking distance of Commodore Watson's powerful squadron it is confidently expected by the President and the members of the Cabinet that it will be crushed, thus utterly destroying Spanish power on the sea. Should it continue its course to Manila Admiral Dewey's squadron is regarded as abundantly able to protect itself. The arrival at Manila of the transports with troops from San Francisco has not been reported, nor is the news expected for some days. The despatch boat which left Manila just before the expected arrival of the transports will have to return to Manila, and again return to Hong Kong, before anything late can be known.

PLACING THE GUNS ON THE HEIGHTS.

Every Preparation Being made for an Attack on the City of Santiago de Cuba.

General Shafter's headquarters, Juragua, Monday night, by the Herald despatch boat Mindora, to Kingston, Jamaica, June 28.—Marked success has attended the work of the American army in transporting its siege and field guns from the landing place near Baiquiri to the heights overlooking the city of Santiago.

Unles the Spaniards are able to offer more resistance than they have attempted since they evacuated Sevilla on Saturday night, the invading army will be ready to attack Santiago within forty-eight hours. Much depends upon the information from Major-General Lawton, Col. Wood and Lieut.-Col. Roosevelt to-night and to-morrow. There was a report that the assault was begun to-day, but such was not the case.

General Shafter debarked from the Saguranca this morning and proceeded at once to this point, where he is in close communication with the commanders of the advance divisions of the army. General Bates met him and they conferred for a few minutes about the landing of the supplies. General Shafter, who was in full uniform and wore a straw hat, found, after much difficulty, a magnificent horse for use in the campaign. After attending to some minor matters at headquarters, he mounted and began a tour of inspection of the American and Cuban forces. From Juragua the American commander rode several miles towards Santiago, passing on his way the camp of General Garcia and General Castillo. He visited, before his return, General Wheeler and the other division commanders, and made observations of Santiago from the heights. General Shafter learned from the Cuban generals the exact points at which their four thousand men are encamped. General Garcia, because of his knowledge of the country, was able to point out several decided advantages that had accrued to the invading army through General Linares' course in abandoning Seville without resistance. He has learned from his scouts many details of the Spanish plan for the defence of Santiago and he gave this latest information to General Shafter. General Kent's division to-day took a position on the extreme left flank of the enemy, near Morro Castle, and it is likely that this advance caused the rumor that the assault on the city had begun. General Kent's men are now encamped along the railroad, the American flag being visible for miles from both land and sea. As I have indicated in previous despatches, the hour of the attack will depend entirely upon when the heavy artillery is put in position before the city. The three generals finally agreed upon the points at which the Cubans shall attack, and I am able to add that all look for the early capture of the city.

General Shafter and General Garcia realize, however, that the enemy is prepared to make a desperate resistance, but they are confident that the superior number and courage of their troops will insure a complete victory. Neither General Shafter nor General Garcia, it is understood here, place much credence in the report that General Linares has divided his forces so as to attack our army from the rear when the Americans advance against the city. General Garcia maintains that the Spanish commander has not a force large enough to warrant him adopting such a course. He bases this opinion on the reports brought by his most reliable scouts. All of the information at hand indicates that General Linares will hold his entire force in Santiago. He may conclude to have General Pando attempt an attack on our rear when the fighting begins, but even this is doubtful. In fact, the chances are ten to one that General Pando will be unable to get his forces in the vicinity before the Americans attack Santiago. General Shafter's reasons for rushing preparations for the attack is to prevent the possibility of such action on the part of General Pando. General Shafter was accompanied into camp to-day by Col. John Jacob Astor, Capt. Stewart M. Brice, Lieut. Noble, Lieut. Miller and other members of his staff. Complaints are heard that there are too many Cubans co-operating with General Shafter in this campaign and leaving little for our troops to do.

CABLED FROM LONDON.

Lord Strathcona Will Give a Reception on Dominion Day—A Privy Council Decision.

Toronto, June 28.—(Special.)—Following is a special cable to The Evening Telegram, dated London, June 28.—Lord Strathcona, High Commissioner for Canada, will give a reception on Dominion Day, at which Mr. Ernest Sharpe, of Montreal, will give recitations and the Misses Thomson, McGarry and Ramsey, of Toronto, will sing.

The decision to send the Bisley team to Staines for preliminary practice, occasions a good deal of surprise, in view of the fact that much money was expended in constructing and furnishing a building at Bisley camp expressly for their accommodation.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council to-day gave judgment in the action of Moore vs. Lamoroux, a Quebec case. The decision, which was rather complicated, was almost wholly in favor of the respondents, the appellants being directed to pay three-fourths of the costs.

The Success of Ananias.

Editor of The Herald:

Sir,—The Star has unearthed a gentleman just from Jamaica. This person asserts that Cubans there are almost starving and housed like animals; states that washouts block citizens' supplies for weeks and that yellow and typhoid fevers are prevalent. All this is purely fiction. Most of the Cubans who came over (some 2,000), were well-to-do people and brought much money with them, but it was difficult to house so many strangers in the small hotels, and discomfort naturally resulted. There has been no scarcity of household supplies. A railway embankment was washed out for a few days, but supplies do not come that way. There has been no fever but a few cases of "malarial," which always occurs in the tropics and is not epidemic. Let the Star's "yellow" correspondent try again.

Cuba Libre.

Toronto Industrial Exhibition.

The prize list for the Toronto Industrial Exhibition, which is to be held this year from the 29th of August to the 10th of September, has been issued, a copy of which we have received. The Exhibition is to be formally opened by the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen on Tuesday, the 30th August, and this will probably be their last official public act in the Dominion previous to their departure from our shores. The Exhibition this year promises to be more interesting than usual on account of Great Britain and France each sending large exhibits.

Simply Marvellous.

This is what a physician not far from Toronto said when he watched the recovery of a patient he had given up to die of cancer of the stomach: "Our treatment cures cancer without knife or plaster." Write for particulars. M. H. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE SPANIARDS' SIDE OF THE STORY.

As Usual They Claim a Victory—Admiral Cervera Will Not Attempt to Make His Escape.

Madrid, June 29.—In Government circles here the announcement is made that the Americans were repulsed in the fighting near Sevilla and that they were compelled to retire to Baiquiri, "where they are encamped under the protection of their ships' guns."

It is denied that several waggon-loads of wounded Spaniards were taken to the city of Santiago, and it is added that General Linares' troops fought under cover, and that their losses were definitely known to be a captain and seven soldiers killed and two lieutenants and twelve men wounded.

According to the despatches from Havana, the American troops are "already suffering seriously from disease."

The latest despatch from General Linares says nothing new has occurred, but he "confirms the report of the landing at Banes of Sanguilly, Lacret, Bottancourt and a thousand rebels with artillery and 5,000 cartridges."

Political debating centres, which abound in Madrid, were particularly animated today. The general opinion, following that of the Archbishop of Barcelona, was that the time had come to treat for peace, and directly with the United States, and not through a third power. The Archbishop of Barcelona says we should ask the United States upon what terms we should make peace, and unless I am misinformed, such is the opinion of the Spanish people, and it is a matter to decide which the Cabinet council is now sitting, as I write. In consequence of the American proposals to send a fleet here, the reply is to call out 26,000 extra men to reinforce the garrisons of the seaboard towns, and to place all the forts in a proper condition to meet any emergency.

The persistent rumor that the Government ordered Admiral Cervera to make a sally from Santiago is officially denied. The Admiral, without doubt, was sounded upon the point, but on consultation with his captains, and after much deliberation, it was resolved that as much of the question of a sortie was popular with the naval men, it was contrary to the strict orders of the Government, which are to take the least possible risk with the ships.

NEUTRALITY OF EGYPT.

Great Britain Will See That it is Maintained—The Suez Canal in War Time.

London, June 28.—The Government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, replying, in the House of Commons, yesterday, to a question of Mr. James Henry Dalzeil, said Her Majesty's Government was not aware that Spain had arranged with an English firm to coal Admiral Camara's squadron at Port Said. Every precaution, Mr. Balfour said, would be taken to preserve neutrality by the Egyptian Government in Egyptian ports, as by the British Government at British ports. Replying to Sir Henry Gourlay, the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. George J. Goschen, said the Government had not received a report that marines or bluejackets from either the ships of Great Britain or those of other European powers had been landed at Manila, with the sanction of Rear-Admiral Dewey, to protect the residents of their several nationalities.

London, June 28.—The reports coming from America that the United States has requested Great Britain to enforce the neutrality laws by forbidding Admiral Camara's squadron to coal at Port Said, are unfounded. The United States ambassador, Colonel John Hay, has not received any instructions on the subject, and it is believed in Government circles here that the United States is not anxious to have Admiral Camara detained. It is surmised that the United States consul at Port Said acted on his own initiative in protesting against the coaling of the Spanish fleet. It is pointed out that if the Spaniards are denied admission to the canal, a precedent will be established which will prevent the United States from using the canal in the event of that country desiring to send warships to the Far East by that route during the war.

June 30th to July 4th.

Our store will be closed between the above dates, but our offer of Scotch tweed suits at $22.50 net cash, and really worth $30, will remain open for a limited period. Order early. Hugh Ross, merchant tailor, 206 St. James street.

Spain and the O'Higgins.

London, June 29.—The report that Spain has purchased the Chilian armored cruiser Almirante O'Higgins now receives some credence. It appears that the O'Higgins was very recently offered to the United States for $6,000,000, but the authorities at Washington declined to purchase her, considering the price to be twice her value. The United States embassy here has reports from several sources that Spain has purchased the O'Higgins, but the Armstrongs, who built the vessel, deny that she has been sold.

A Spanish transport, loaded with sailors, left Corunna on June 10th, for an unknown destination, and it is surmised the sailors were intended to be transferred to the O'Higgins, which was last reported to have arrived at the Cape Verde Islands on June 15th, from Newcastle. Two Chinese cruisers, which are reported to have been purchased by Spain, are probably the two vessels of 3,000 tons each, which have been in course of construction at Stettin. They will not be ready for several months. Both were offered to the United States and declined.

"CAN'T CHANGE IT."

There's Only One Way to Cure Dyspepsia and Biliousness,

That is by Using Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets—They Cure by Removing the Cause of the Trouble—And They Always Cure.

If your wife were ill with pneumonia, and the doctor gave you a prescription, you would not allow the druggist to give medicine different to that called for by the prescription.

If he were to say: "I can give you something better than this for pneumonia," you would answer: "Kindly give me exactly what that prescription asks for. Dr. A.—not you—is treating this case."

When you, or any member of your family, need a remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Biliousness, Catarrh of the Stomach, Flatulence, Heartburn, Hiccough, Headache or any other stomach complaint, don't let the druggist nor anyone else persuade you to take anything but Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are not a "patent medicine." They are a specific medicine, made from a special prescription, for the positive and absolute cure of the diseases named.

If you take anything else, you are not getting what your prescription calls for.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, etc., by the only possible method of doing so—that is by removing their cause.

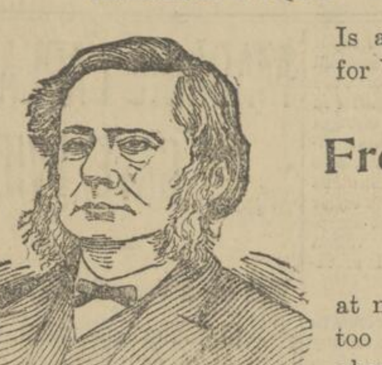
If you have a decayed tooth that aches, the dentist pulls it out, and cures your toothache.

Similarly, Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cure Dyspepsia, by removing its cause, which is imperfect digestion.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cure Dyspepsia, etc., by digesting the food. This done, Dyspepsia cannot return, for the Tablets put the stomach in shape to do its work thoroughly.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at fifty cents a box, six boxes $2.50, or sent, on receipt of price, by The Dodds Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto.

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Is a never failing remedy for Weak Men.

Free Book, Free Advice

at my office, or if you live too far to call, send for the above book. Address

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Sample books of Choice Wall Paper for Residences, Churches, Offices, Lodge Rooms, Public Halls, Hotels, Stores and our booklet, "How to Paper," sent free to any address. Write a postal.

Mention what prices you expect to pay, the rooms you wish to paper and where you saw the advertisement.

We pay express charges.

Mail order department at Belleville Ont. Address all communications there.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

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Babbitt Metal, Solder, Stereotype Electrotype and other metals. Manufactured by the SYRACUSE SMELTING WORKS, corner William and St. Thomas Sts., Montreal. Dealers in and importers of Pig-tin, Lead, Copper and Brass, etc. Write to us.

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TENDERS CALLED FOR.

The undersigned will ask, for the Wardens of the Parish of St. Jean Baptiste of Montreal, tenders for MASONRY and CUT STONE, for their new church and annexes, from the 30th instant.

Contractors from the City of Montreal and suburbs only, are invited to tender.

Plans and specifications to be seen after the above date at the office of

J. EMILE VANIER, Engineer and Architect, 107 St. James Street.

FOOD FOR THE SICK

The Diet Dispensary carefully prepares food for the sick at reasonable prices, thus facilitating and relieving the work of the household in the care of the sick. The poor are supplied gratis upon presentation of order from physician, clergyman or visiting nurse.

175a ST. ANTOINE STREET

The Newmarket Meeting.

London, June 28.—At the first day's racing of the Newmarket first July meeting to-day, Mr. James Waugh's Le Dauphin won the Trial Plate of 200 sovereigns; Mr. Ross Athel was second, and Fifty II. third. The Maiden Plate was won by Mr. C. A. Mills' Mazeppa; Mr. Reid Walker's Simons Bath second, and the Lorillard-Beresford stable's Caimon third.

In the race for the Bottisham Plate, Mr. F. Alexander's Bob White won; the Lorillard-Beresford stable's Dyakka was second, and Mr. W. T. Jones' Stone Bow third.

The Medical Hall

Belfast Ginger Ale, Champagne Cider, Cherry Phosphate (the new brain tonic), and the Aerated Plantagenet Water are the popular drinks of to-day.

KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., 84 St. Urbain Street

RICHELIEU

The Prince of Table Waters.

PURE, SPARKLING, REFRESHING.

For sale at the Clubs, Hotels, Restaurants and all first-class groceries.

Telephone 1190.

HOTELS and RESORTS

CURTIS FARM HOTEL, FORTUNES ROCKS will be open for the reception of guests June 1. Excellent table, as usual, with fine beaches, good bathing. Send for circular. Address, Mrs. M. E. Curtis, Fortune Rocks, Biddeford, Me. 155.

ABENAKIS a Delightful Summer Resort. Unsurpassed boating, bathing, fishing. Mineral Springs. For terms, etc., write R. G. Kimpton, proprietor, Abenakis Springs.

SYDNEY HOTEL—Sydney, Cape Breton—The palace hotel of Eastern Nova Scotia. $2.00 to $3.00 per day. Write for booklet, to Geo. L. Hanington, Lessee and Manager. 121

SEASIDE HOUSE, LITTLE METIS—THIS well-known summer resort will be reopened for tourists on the 15th of June. Unsurpassed boating, bathing. For particulars, apply to William Astle, Prop.

TAILLEFER HOTEL—One will find every convenience and comfort at the Taillefer Hotel, at Bordeau, during the hot days of summer. Large rooms, excellent meals, baths, etc. The C.P.R. station at Sault aux Recollet is situated a short distance from the hotel. Rates moderate.

LOOKOUT COTTAGE—Yarmouth, Foreside—Newly built and furnished: bathing, boating and fishing. Seashore and country combined. Address Box 95, Yarmouth, Maine.

BOARD — The Avenue House, Lakeside, Valois, P.Q., half an hour from Montreal on G.T.R. and C.P.R., is open for reception of guests for season. Transients received from Saturday to Monday, also on Dominion Day. Five minutes' walk from Lakeside Station.

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HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor.

The best known Hotel in the Dominion

THE ST. ELMO.

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The Best 25c Dinner in the city

BEST ALES, WINES and PORTER on Draught or in Bottle.

Polite Attention. Prompt Service.

THE GROVE, BEACONSFIELD, IS NOW READY FOR THE OPENING.

If you want a charming place to spend the summer, come and see it. All the arrangements are as nearly perfect as possible.

These cottages, of four large bedrooms, sitting room, bathroom, etc., fully furnished, are a country luxury.

If you are looking for the cheapest and nastiest thing to be found, don't waste your time seeing or asking terms at the Grove.

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24 HOSPITAL ST.

Window Shade Dealers

Should See Our Stock of New Dadoes For Spring.

Piece Goods always in stock ready for prompt shipment.

The HUGMAN WINDOW SHADE CO., 120 and 122 William St., Wholesale only. MONTREAL. Tel. 2771

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$500,000 to loan at reasonable rates.

HERALD WANTS

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — An experienced R.C. female teacher, holding first class elementary or model diploma, able to teach and speak fluently both languages; state salary expected; duties to commence 15th August. Wm. J. O'Meara, Sec'y-Treas., Bryson, Que.

WANTED — A competent general servant; washing sent out; wages $14. 4404 St. Catherine Street.

WANTED — Experienced shop hands, retail provisions. Apply, with references, the Laing Packing and Provision Co., Ltd., 839 St. Catherine Street.

WANTED—Good general servant who understands cooking, at 445 Craig Street.

WANTED—A general servant for a small family. 401 Mance Street.

WANTED—A strong boy for a retail grocery. 2290 St. Catherine Street.

WANTED—A general servant, one accustomed to boarding house. 51 St. Antoine St.

WANTED—General servants and a few good cooks, country girls drive right in, situations always guaranteed; highest wages; no delay. Gorman's Agency, 19 Bisson St.

WANTED—A first-class laundress, one who understands ironing shirts. Apply, with references, during entire week, 94 Tupper Street.

WANTED—City salesman to canvass retail grocers. State previous occupation. Box 93.

WANTED—Reliable young girl to take out two little girls every day; wages two dollars per month. Address 38 Windsor Street.

WANTED—A smart waitress for dining room. Apply immediately, Jas. M. Aird, cor. McGill and Notre Dame Streets.

WANTED—A kitchen girl; no Sunday work. Betts' Cafe, 212 St. James Street.

WANTED—Saleslady for wall paper and tinware store; must speak, read and write both languages; also apprentices for steel range factory. Hoolahan, 2191 Notre Dame Street.

WANTED—Two experienced business women, accustomed to office work, book-keeping, handling customers and cash, as joint managers of high class office business. Salary to start, $10 per week. Bond of $2,500 required. Apply 302 New York Life Building. 150

WANTED—Paper box girls; only experienced hands need apply; good wages; steady work. Apply to Mace, Milson & Co., 8 DeBresoles Street, near Notre Dame Church. 153

WANTED—General servant. Must understand cooking. Apply Herald. tf

WANTED—General servant for the country; references required; small family. Apply to Box C 14, Herald Office.

HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES.

We want a number of families to do work for us at home, whole or spare time. The work we send our workers is quickly and easily done, and returned by parcel post as finished. Good money made at home. For particulars, ready to commence, send name and address. The Standard Supply Co., Dept. B., London, nt. tf

PERSONAL

PERSONAL—D.F., lately residing in Westmount, is hereby notified that if he does not pay me amount due for board, on or before 27th June, 1898, I shall then sell his wearing apparel, etc., now in my possession. Mrs. William Mathews, 4101 St. Catherine Street, Westmount. *

PUPILS WANTED—For telegraphy and shorthand; terms moderate; tuition rapid and on new system. For further information, apply No. 4 Hutchison Street. 150

ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—In the country, near seashore, one large room and board, for lady with three children. State terms and particulars. S. S., 3492 Notre Dame Street. 146

TO LET—A large furnished front room, on the first flat, use of a stove and the dining room; not more than forty yards from the corner of Bleury and St. Catherine Streets; private family; man and wife. 17 Balmoral Street.

INFORMATION WANTED.

PERSONAL—Information is wanted of Mr. Thomas Baker, at one time of Stratford, England. He is a baker by trade, and when last heard from, some years ago, gave his address as Watertower, or Watertown, Montreal. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by the holder of P.O. Box 182. 139

GILES, MRS. EDWARD (Sarah Tomkins), who left King st., Cambridge, about 26 years ago. Sister asks. For further information, apply Edward Giles, 1 Valiquette avenue, Seigneurs street, Montreal.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

HAVING SECURED, THIS MONTH, IN Canada, three valuable patents for overhead carriage washing machines, which are highly esteemed in the United States, will sell the same at a reasonable price for cash, or arrange for part cash and royalty. Edwin Ferris, 185 Washington Street, New York City, New York. 145

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE, on OSBORNE STREET, Nos. 84 and 86, Two First-Class Houses in course of demolition. All the wood, stone, brick, etc., will be sold.

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Cottonades, Tickings, Denims, Awnings, Shirtings, Flannelettes, Ginghams, Zephyrs, Skirtings, Dress Goods, Lawns, Cotton Blankets, Angolas, Yarns, Etc.

ONLY WHOLESALE TRADE SUPPLIED.

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Single or "en suite," in the "Wilson Building," Place d'Armes Hill. H.W. heating, electric light and elevator. A few rooms now vacant. Rent, 60c per superficial foot, including caretaking. Apply to

JOS. C. BEAUHAMP, Manager. On the premises, No. 17 Place d'Armes Hill.

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MONEY TO LEND —BY— JOHN M. M. DUFF, ACCOUNTANT & COMMISSIONER, 170 St. James St. & 345 Prince Arthur St

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We are making special arrangements for the Moving Season, and are now prepared to supply Careful, Experienced Men, and large Lorries for this work.

Telephone 8564 for rates.

THE F. X. SMITH CARTAGE CO., Basin No 2. Lachine Canal.

THE CELEBRATED MENZENHAUER GUITar Zither, played by everybody if he counts to 15. Free lessons given daily between 4 and 5. Credit General du Canada, Sole Agents, Canada Life Building. P.S.—Agents wanted in every city in Canada.

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

ADDRESS: BELLEVILLE BUSINESS College, Belleville, Ont.—Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting Departments. Also full Civil Service Course, English and French Options. Bogle & Jeffers, Proprietors.

PRIVATE LESSONS—French, English and mathematics. Low price. 79 Sanguinet.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Advertisements under this head half a cent a word per insertion. Six insertions for the price of four.

FOR SALE—That fine solid brick block of Five Shops and Dwellings, corner Wellington and Nazareth streets. Shops can be let separate or with dwellings; good confectioners; oven attached to one of the Shops; also three Dwellings adjoining, on Nazareth street; property in first-class order. This is most desirable property for investment. Always been rented to good tenants. Title perfect; no ground rents. For terms apply F. Jones, 48 Nazareth street. 155

TO LET—A Store, 148 St. Lawrence Street, 20x115 feet, and basement, asphalt flooring; with or without a flat above of 40x115 feet; well lighted; freight elevator. A. Brunet, 58 St. James Street. 152*

TO LET—No. 38 Arcade Street, self-contained house, 4 rooms, bath and w.c., big yard. Apply 11 St. Sulpice Street.

HOUSE AND STORE TO RENT CHEAP—Carrying on good business as candy and tobacco store. Rent, $12. Good chance for any one. Apply on premises, 31 St. Antoine Street. 142

TO LET—A store, 148 St. Lawrence street, 20 x 115 feet, and basement asphalt flooring, with or without a flat above, of 40 x 115 feet; well lighted; freight elevator. A. Brunet, 58 St. James. 127

TO RENT—Two comfortable and bright lower tenements, in the heart of the city, basements high and dry, six large rooms, storeroom and bathroom. Rent, $21 a month. Apply 94 St. Famille, or telephone 6927. 129

TO LET—Lower tenement, 32 Guilbault St., six rooms, with furnace. Also a cottage, 15 Essex Avenue, seven rooms, Daisy furnace, etc. Apply to Miller & Bremner, 2325 St. Catherine Street, or 35 Bleury Street. 138

TO RENT—An unusually large and bright lower tenement, on St. Famille Street, basement high and dry, eight large rooms, storeroom, bathroom, etc. Apply 94 St. Famille Street, or telephone 6927. 129

TO LET—IN LONGUEUIL—A Fine Summer and Winter House, 7 rooms, b. and w.c.; good train service and ferry. Rent low. Apply 81 St. Alexander Street. 136

TO LET—Large Flat above Agnew & Brown, St. James Street, adjoining Victoria Building. Rent low. Apply D. & A. Macdonald, St. Johns, or Caretaker Hoolihan, Victoria Building. 141

TO LET—167 Hypolite street, 7 large rooms, large pantry, bath and w. c., hot water connections and four light gasaliers complete. Everything in perfect order. Reduced rent, $12.00. Key at 590 Cadieux street. 141

WANTED TO RENT—An office convenient to the postoffice. Apply to Box S 16, Herald Office. 150

FOR SALE

Advertisements under this head half a cent a word per insertion. Six insertions for the price of four.

FOR SALE—Good collection of Old and Rare Coins. Carl Griggs, Sutton, Que.

FOR SALE—Second-hand Brantford Bicycle, in good condition. Apply E. & D. Agency, Windsor Hotel Block. tf

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, Silver and White Wyandotts and Plymouth Rocks, ten yearling White Wyandott Hens, pair Plymouth Rocks. W. Ulley, Victoria Square, Montreal. 155

FOR SALE—For the million. Kindling, $2.00; cut maple, $2.50; mill blocks, $1.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; cut any length, delivered. J. C. McDiarmid, Richmond Square. Tel. 8353.

COPPERS FOR SALE—Apply Herald Office. tf

FOR SALE—Famous bed-bug, roach, rat and mice killer, in tins, 25c, 50c and $1. Money returned if it does not clear your house. 71 Main Street. No agents selling this. 152

FOR SALE—A good waterproof, in good condition, $3.75. Call at 1818 St. Catherine Street. tf

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Situation by a smart boy to run messages or to work around a store. Knows the city well. Apply to J. Blake, 91 Versailles Street. 149

WANTED—By a respectable, honest boy of 17, situation in some light manufacturing business; willing to learn; can furnish good city references. Apply 198a St. George Street. 153

WANTED—A situation by a young man in a store or office; best city references and security if required. S 11, Herald Office. 148

GORDON PRESS HAND—Eight years' experience, wants steady job in good office; working in one of the best job offices in Toronto; state wages. Box G. P., Montreal Herald. 147*

SITUATION WANTED—Young man, 20, with fair education, desires position; experienced shoe salesman. S.S., 3496 Notre Dame Street. 148*

WANTED—Situation by good book-keeper, single or double entry; quick at figures; French and German. Address Henry, 54 City Councillors Street. 147

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

Advertisements under this head half a cent a word per insertion. Six insertions for the price of four.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Milk route. One selling twenty to forty gallons daily. S 15, Herald Office. 153*

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Used Jubilee and the two 1898 issues of stamps. Highest cash prices paid. C. D. Griggs, Sutton, Que. 150

WANTED TO PURCHASE — Will parties having a plot of ground (room for 2 or 4 graves) to sell in Mount Royal Cemetery, write to V 100, Herald Office, city. tf

ENLARGING CAMERA—Size 10x12. Must be cheap and in good order. Address P. Ferris, 72 Walker Ave., St. Henri. 152*

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Washing at her own home, or work by the day. City references. 64 Jurors Street. 153

WANTED—Work of any kind. 15 Jurors St., upstairs. 152

WANTED—Washing, or any kind of work by the day. 25 St. Bernard Street. 149

WANTED—By elderly and energetic woman, situation as nurse or upper housemaid; is fond of children and agreeable disposition, and a good seamstress. Can be seen at 490 St. Urbain Street. 146

WANTED—By a respectable woman work by the day, of any kind, with a family to support. Address, 243 St. Martin street, in rear.

WANTED — By a good dress and mantlemaker, few more families to work for by day, as her customers are going out of town. Please address Dressmaker, 11 Plateau Street. 145

WANTED—By a respectable young girl of 16, Protestant, situation in a store; both languages; best references. Apply S 17, Herald Office. 152

WANTED—Position as housekeeper to single gentlemen or widower, by English lady, experienced in cooking, etc., or would take charge of children or invalid at seaside. S 18, Herald. 150

WANTED—By respectable woman, work by the day, washing, ironing or housecleaning. Apply in rear 492 St. Dominique. 150

WANTED—Washing and ironing at her own home, by good laundress. 412a St. Dominique Street. 151

WANTED—By respectable woman, work of any kind by day, or families' washing done at home. 27 St. Bernard Street. 150

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

Closing Exercises at Kingston Were Largely Attended Yesterday.

Sir Richard Cartwright Says the World Will See Lots of Hard Fighting Yet.

Kingston, Ont., June 28.—(Special.)—The closing exercises at the Royal Military College were well attended yesterday. The proceedings opened with an exhibition of fancy drill and marching by the cadets, after which Sir Richard Cartwright distributed the prizes. The Minister of Trade and Commerce congratulated Commandant Kitson and staff on the result of the year's work. Twenty-two years ago the Mackenzie Government formed the institution, with the object of forming a link between the military system of Canada and the Imperial Army and to secure better qualified officers for the Canadian militia. The latter object, he regretted to say, had not hitherto been promoted, but ere long he felt sure the Canadian militia would be supplied with officers equal with those given commissions in the Imperial Army. The allegation had been made that the militia system of Canada was useless and an expense to the country, but no nation could afford to let its military strength decrease. Before the millenium appeared much hard fighting would take place and the graduates of the Royal Military College receiving commissions in the army would find that the fate of the country rested to some extent on their valor. Then they would find the advantage and value of the instruction received at the institution.

Former graduates had distinguished themselves in the Imperial Army and he hoped the present graduates would bring honor to the R.M.C., and their country, and to some extent repay their obligation to parents and state for their education, by deeds of valor and bravery.

Mr. B. M. Britton, M.P., also addressed the gathering, offering congratulations for the signal success of the college since Commandant Kitson was placed in charge.

MASTER PLUMBERS.

Third Annual Convention of Nationa Association to Be Held in Quebec—The Montreal Delegates.

The third annual convention of the National Association of Master Plumbers, Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters will be held in the city of Quebec commencing to-day and lasting until Friday, July 1, and a large number of members of the trade, together with the representatives of the manufacturing establishments which supply the trade, will leave by boat this evening for the Ancient Capital to attend the convention. The delegates to represent the Montreal Association at the convention include Messrs. J. W. Harris, president; F. Hortan, first vice-president; E. Lesperance, second vice-president; G. C. Denman, secretary; Joseph Montpetit, financial secretary; P. J. Carroll, chairman of the committee on legislation; James A. Sadler, auditor, and Joseph Brunet. The headquarters of the convention will be at the Hotel Victoria.

The first annual convention of the Nation Association was held in Montreal two years ago, the object sought being to secure that trade protection to master plumbers, gas, steam and hot water heaters. Mr. Joseph Lamarche, of Montreal, was elected president. Last year's convention was held in Toronto, and the progress made by the association during the two years have been most marked, the membership now embracing the master plumbers of some thirty to forty cities and towns in Canada.

The railway and steamboat companies are offering reduced fares to those desirous of attending the convention, the open sessions of which may be attended by any mastser plumber and steam fitter in Canada.

The executive committee for the Quebec meeting is composed of the following:—Joseph Wright, president, Toronto; Wm. Smith, vice-president, London; W. M. Briggs, treasurer, Montreal; W. Mansell, financial and recording secretary, Toronto; J. B. Fitzsimons, Ontario; C. E. Pickard, Quebec; Thomas Campbell, New Brunswick; C. A. Perrier, Nova Scotia; T. Stevenson, Manitoba; Jas. Lamarche past president, Montreal.

NOTES OF THE LOCAL RAILWAYS.

Freight Men Meeting—Mr. Hays is Home—A Bridge That Wants Inspection.

General superintendent of freight McGuigan, of the Grand Trunk, is at present holding a conference with the divisional superintendents relative to the general advancement of freight matters. Those present are Mr. A. W. Atwater, western; Mr. W. R. Tiffin, northern; Mr. E. H. Fitzhugh, midland; Mr. Wm. Cotter, eastern.

Miss Martha Craig, who is interested in Irish railways, who want Americans and Canadians to take a trip through Ireland when they go to Europe, was a visitor at the C.P.R offices yesterday. She had a lengthy chat with General Passenger Agent Ussher.

Word was received on Sunday night from Ottawa that the C.P.R. bridge at Thurso was in a dangerous state. An order was sent out to allow no trains to pass over until it had been inspected. In consequence all freight trains between there and Montreal were held. The bridge was inspected yesterday morning, and found to be all right, and the trains have been running over it since.

Business Notes.

Miss Ernestine Chaumeau, Montreal, is carrying on a grocery store under the firm name of Boyer & Cie.

George A. O'Neill has ceased to carry on business as the Hoffman Cafe, which will hereafter be conducted by Mrs. Mary O'Neill, widow of James O'Neill, Woodstock.

Nazaire Commire, Maisonneuve, founder, has registered as Commire, Fils & Cie.

The following firms of a single person have been registered in the Tutelle Office:

Dame Bridget McGoldrick, wife of Henry Gilchen, restaurant keeper (H. Gilchen).

Dame Margaret Ellen Marion, wife of Henri Brosseau, real estate agent (H. H. Brosseau & Co.)

Dame Mary Cameron, widow of Henry Dewitt, dressmaker and milliner (the Parisian millinery).

Charles H. Nelson, Montreal, cigar manufacturer (the Reliance Cigar Factory).

In reply to the demand of assignment made upon him by Jean Tache & Co., brokers and bankers, Mr. A. Charlebois, the well-known Quebec contractor, has filed an affidavit stating that Mr. Tache is indebted to him in the sum of $7,000 on account of judgments, copies of which accompany the affidavit.

Dissolution of partnership has been registered by the following firms:—Telesphore Frenette and Pierre Paradis, manufacturers of safes, stoves, etc. (C. T. Frenette & Cie.); William Reed and Stewart Reed, custom house, forwarding and commission agents (Wm. Reed & Co.); Joseph Gauvreau and Moise Edouard Brunelle, provision and fruit merchants (Brunelle & Gauvreau).

Dame Damithilde Pepin, wife of Avila Edouard Racicot, and Dame Elma Bourdon, wife of Francois X. Perrault, have entered into partnership as Racicot, Perrault & Co.

Albert Lefebvre and Azelie Lefebvre, Ste. Cunegonde, have formed a partnership in the tailoring business, under the style of J. Lefebvre.

Cleophas Bourbonniere and Alex. T. Pratt, Longueuil, butchers, have gone into partnership as Bourbonniere & Pratt.

The Montreal Grain Elevating Company, incorporated in Quebec by letters patent of April 22nd, 1898, has registered in the Tutelle Office through its manager, Mr. Alexander McDougall.

Flasks

are useful when travelling. We have them in many styles, in Britannia Metal, from 85c to $2.00; in Silver-plate, from $3.00 to $7.00; in Solid Silver, from $10.00 to $25.00, most of these having bayonet tops, which are secure yet easily opened.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

POTTER FOUND GUILTY

Of Conduct Which was Unbecoming to a Christian Minister.

Was Formerly Pastor of the Tabernacle Church New York City—Will Appeal the Case.

New York, June 28.—The Herald this morning says:—After a session of twelve hours, representatives of 110 Baptist churches, in session from 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon until 1 o'clock this morning, found Rev. Dr. Daniel C. Potter, formerly pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, guilty of conduct unbecoming a Christian minister. This action was taken as the result of a vote of the majority of the representatives of a committee of 15, the vote standing 8 to 7. The vote of the representatives of the churches stood 29 for the majority report and 19 against. The case grew out of misunderstandings between Dr. Potter and some wealthy members of the Baptist Church and the City Mission Society. Dr. Potter says he will appeal the case and fight the matter to its bitter end.

CITY DRAINS ARE NOT BIG ENOUGH.

The city of Montreal has more and more reason to regret that it allowed the western municipalities to drain the hundreds of acres they cover through the Montreal sewers. It has had to pay time and again for its inability to deal with the city drainage on this acount, and yesterday morning yet another judgment was registered against it.

Frederick Duclos, duly subrogated in the right of Joseph Gravel, saloonkeeper, corner of Inspector and St. James streets, was the plaintiff. He alleged that in Augus, 1896, the cellar was continually flooded, and a considerable stock of merchandise damaged. Other premises had to be leased to store goods in. Mr. Gravel got inflammatory rheumatism from the dampness, and it was alleged this cost him $700. The city pleaded that it was in no way responsible for any of the causes of complaint, that Gravel did not properly drain his premises, and that the city's drain was sufficient for all purposes, and constructed "according to the rules of art."

Mr. Justice Curran held that it was fully proved that the flooding was caused by the city drain on St. James street being insufficient to carry away the water during heavy rainfalls, owing to the fact that since it was constructed the city had permitted the drainage of St. Henri, St. Cunegonde and Westmount to be carried off through it. The city must pay for the damage it had caused, and as it had been proved that goods to the value of $258.20 had been destroyed, judgment was given for that amount, with costs.

WANTS $5,000 FOR NOISE AND SMOKE.

Laurie Engine Company Sued Because of Damage to an Adjoining Property.

An action has been instituted against the Laurie Engine Company (Limited), by Dame Marie Thibeault, widow of Jeaen Baptiste Duhamel. The plaintiff states that for some years she has been in possession of a property in St. Mary's ward, consisting of fifteen tenements, and valued at $9,000. Since September, 1892, the company has built forges and engine works close by, and Mrs. Duhamel alleges that this has greatly injured her property, both by the noise, smoke and dirt. Whereas the property used to bring in $85 a month, in July last it only produced $18, and being unable to pay the interest on a mortgage on portion of the property it was sold by sheriff's sale after judgment. For all this loss and damage Mrs. Duhamel seeks to recover $5,000.

JUDGE SICOTTE IS SEVERE

Judge Sicotte yesterday, in the Special Sessions, passed several heavy sentences. The first prisoners called were Albert Derome and Joseph Deslauriers, who had been found guilty of stealing a parcel valued at $50 from the New York Steam Laundry on May 31st last. They got four years each in the penitentiary.

George McKay, alias Wilson, who threatened Miss Dora Martin with a revolver in Thorpe's candy store on St. Catherine street, pleaded guilty a few days ago, and was this morning sent to the penitentiary for three years.

Mrs. Rosanna Dagenais, who threatened a neighbor, Mrs. Marie Louise Lopus, 335 Mathieu lane, with a knife, got six months.

Rock Bergeron, implicated in the burglary of the jewellery store of Joseph L'Hereux, 1423 St. Catherine street, was sent to the penitentiary for three years.

MRS. MANN TELLS ABOUT THE SHOOTING

Mrs. Mann, who was shot by her husband on June 11, told her story of the shooting Monday afternoon. Her husband, she said, had come in drunk and wanted her to take some whiskey. She took a few drops not to anger him. He then asked Mrs. Desjardins, her mother, to take some but she refused. He got in a rage and drawing a revolver shot Mrs. Desjardins and then fired at her. She fell and Mr. Desjardins came in, attracted by the noise. Mann turned on him but the revolver slipped and fell on the floor. He picked it up and tried to shoot Desjardins, but the revolver would not go off. Mann said, "I am sorry, for I would have killed you too." The police came in then. There was no man in the house as her husband had alleged.

The enquete is not yet concluded.

Has Spain Bought a Warship.

London, June 28.—The United States Embassy has reports from several sources that Spain has purchased the powerful Chilian armored cruiser O'Higgins, last heard from at the Cape Verde Islands, where a transport with Spanish sailors on board is said to have gone to take her over.

REV. GEO. WILLIAMS ELSCTED MODERATOR.

The Montreal Presbytery met in Knox Church schoolroom yesterday, with a fairly large attendance. The first hour was taken up with the reading of minutes of previous meetings.

On motion of Rev. Dr. Campbell and Rev. Mr. Cruikshank, Rev. Geo. Williams, B.A., of North Georgetown was elected Moderator for the next six months.

Applications for permission to mortgage church property were made by St. Giles and Melvin Churches.

It was decided, on motion of Rev. Mr. Fleck, to fix the June session of the Presbytery as the time for receiving and examining Session records and Commission rolls.

Rev. Prof. Scrimger reported on the call to the St. Lambert Church. He had a moderated in a unanimous call to Rev. James Nairn at $500 per year. The call was signed by nearly all the members of the church. Messrs. Symington and Bruce, of St. Lambert Church, addressed the Presbytery in support of the call. The Presbytery agreed to sustain the call.

A minute was read expressing the Presbytery's deep sense of the loss sustained by the church in the death of Rev. John Nicholls. Special reference was made to his work among the poor of the city. For twenty-three years he had been prominent in philanthropic work. During the floods of a few years ago he assisted in the relief of the sufferers and when the city was threatened with the smallpox epidemic he vaccinated hundreds of the poor. His devotion to the church work was one of his marked characteristics, and he had been blessed with success. The sympathy of the Presbytery with the widow and children was recorded.

A minute respecting the resignation of John Mackie was also read. In it, the Presbytery, in accepting the resignation of Mr. Mackie, expressed their regret that he should be called upon by reason of increasing infirmities to resign, and recorded their appreciation of the long and faithful services he had rendered as minister of the First Church of Lachute, and of the value of his counsels, as a member of the Presbytery. The sympathy of the Presbytery was extended to the congregation in the loss of their pastor. The congregation was congratulated and commanded for the lbveral previous made for Mr. Mackie's retirement.

THE FIRE COMMITTEE FINANCES.

The sub-committee which had in hand the outstanding accounts of the Fire Department made their report to the Fire Committee Monday afternoon at a short session held previous to the Council meeting. The committee reported that they had made a careful examination of all the outstanding accounts. Some of them they considered rather high, and they could not advise payment of them as they stood. The enquiry had shown that the overdue accounts of the department totalled $40,000, several bills which had not been rendered when Chief Benoit made his statemenet having since been sent in. In order to get the difficulty into a fair way for settlement, the sub-committee recommended that the Finance Committee be asked to name a sub-committee to confer with a similar committee from the Fire Committee with reference to these accounts. The recommendation was adopted.

At the suggestion of Ald. Ames, it was decided that when a piece of apparatus need repair, Mr. Peaerson Decary, fire engine superintendent, be instructed to examine the same and make a careful list of what was needed. He will then ask three carriage-makers to give prices, and will give an order, signed by the Chief, to the lowest, stating in detail oll the repairs required, and the cost to be incurred. When the vehicle comes back Mr. Decary will again inspect it and make a report and initial the invoices, the same course to be adopted by Mr. Beaulieu in regard to the harness.

MATE AUMOND'S DEATH.

Jury Decides it Was Due to Accident, And Renders a Verdict Accordingly.

The inquest on the body of Second Mate Aumond, of the upper lake steamer Melbourne, was concluded yesterday, and a verdict returned. Aumond was superintending the loading of the vessel at one of the hatches, and noticed that as carts backed up to the vessel's side they did some slight damage. He endeavored to avoid this by holding a board over the side to act as a fender. The last time he did so the cart struck it above the pivotal line and drove the upper end of it against Aumond's abdomen. He was removed to hospital in great pain and died shortly after. Deceased had been on the upper lakes route for many years.

A. J. MAGURN GOES WEST.

Gives Up the Ottawa Correspondence of the Globe to Become a Managing Editor.

Ottawa, June 28.—A. J. Magurn has resigned his position in Ottawa as Globe corresepondent, and will be succeeded by George Simpson, of the Globe staff. Mr. Magurn goes to Winnipeg as chief editor of the Free Press.

Elec tric Illumination.

In honor of the Canadian Electric Association Convention, which is now being held in the Windsor Hotel, of this city, the Lachine Rapids Hydraulic & Land Company will, during the evenings of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, illuminate their buildings on Victoria Sq., with twelve hundred incandescent lights and also their substation on McCord and Seminary streets.

The convention will this evening visit Mount Royal Park to view the City under illumination.

Mr. R. E. E. Pringle's store, 216 St. James street, will be also lighted for the occasion by current supplied him from the Lachine Rapids.

Damage to Essex Crops.

Windsor, Ont., June 28.—Reports from different parts of Essex County state that the heavy rains of Friday night and Saturday did great damage to crops. In many places corn was washed out of the ground, and some of it is so broken that it was ruined. The greatest loss will be in the wheat and hay crops. The hay was beaten to the ground, and as it is ready to cut, whole fields will be spoiled on account of rust which appeared as soon as the sun came out warm. In many places it is so lodged that it will be almost impossible to cut it with a mower. The wheat was broken in such a way that it will not ripen, and will therefore be a total loss. The spring crops were not far enough advanced to be materially damaged by the heavy downpour.

Preparing for U.S. Marines.

Madrid, June, 28.—The Spanish Government does not credit the report that an American squadron is to visit Spanish waters; but, the ministers say they have taken all possible precautions, that the ports are all ready and that 26,000 men will be distributed among the principal Atlantic and Mediterranean ports of Spain.

Camara Has Coal.

Madrid, June 28.—10 a.m.,—The Spanish officials here assert that there will be no difficulty in Admiral Camara's traversing the Suez Canal, as the accompanying transports, they add, have all the coal the squadron requires. It is believed here that the Spanish sips will enter the canal to-day.

WILL STRIKE AT SANTIAGO TO-MORROW.

Soldiers and Battleships Are Preparing for the Big Conflict.

A Captured Spanish Spy Says the Food Supply in Santiago is Limited.

Santiago de Cuba, Monday, June 27, via Kingston, Ja., June 28.—The United States navy and army are expected to strike at Santiago de Cuba to-morrow.

Off Santiago de Cuba, Monday, June 27, via Kingston, Ja., June 28.—A bulletin issued by Admiral Sampson to the fleet says it appears a considerable part of the damage done to the American troops on Friday was from machine guns manned by seamen.

Lieutenant Blue, of the Suwanee, has made another trip ashore, almost up to the enemy's batteries, and has obtained valuable information for the use of the fleet.

Washington, June 28.—Orders have been issued for the immediate sailing of another large expedition to reinforce General Shafter. The soldiers will sail from Tampa, and will include about nine thousand men. It is understood they will be taken from General Snyder's second division of the fourth army corps. Eight transports will carry the expedition, which will first go to Key West, where they will be joined by a strong naval convoy, and proceed to Santiago. It is expected that the start will be made to-day.

Baiquiri, Province of Santiago de Cuba, Monday, June 27, via Kingston, Ja., June 28.—A Spanish spy who was captured by the Cubans on Sunday reports that the Spaniards in Santiago believe the Americans suffered heavy loss during the fighting near Sevilla on Friday. The Spanish loss, he said, was very heavy in both killed and wounded.

The spy also reported that there was much criticism in Santiago on account of the fact that the American landing was not contested at Baiquiri, and he also says there was talk of an American attempt to flank the Spanish troops. Finally, the spy says there is very little food in the city of Santiago.

NEWS NOTES.

The Western Rubber Belting Company, of Chicago, has made an assignment. Assets are said to be $150,000, and liabilities about the same.

At 1.30 o'clock Saturday morning fire broke out in the rear of C. W. Erb's frame store, at Lion's Head, Ont. The total loss is placed at $10,000.

Mr. Isaac M. Levan, of Paris, has been appointed principal of the Collegiate Institute at Woodstock, Ont., to succeed Mr. D. H. Hunter, deceased.

Mr. John Downie, of the Ottawa gas works, has invented a process for cooling rifle barrels after rapid firing, thus dispensing with the blow-pipe.

Rev. W. A. McKenzie, B.A., B.D., Presbyterian minister of Douglas, was married at Eganville, on Wednesday, to Miss Maggie, daughter of James R. Campbell, Eganville.

M. Vigor, who is regarded as certain to be Minister of Agriculture in the next French ministry, declares he is uncompromisingly in favor of the re-establishment of the duties on wheat.

Dr. J. Alton Hariss, of Montreal, who has the distinction of being the amateur strong man of the world, is in Toronto. Dr. Harriss will probably give an exhibition and lecture at the T.A.C., before leaving the city.

Mr. Marston, churchwarden of St. James' Anglican Church, Hull, died suddenly Sunday night just before the evening service. The cause of the death was heart failure. Mr. Marston had been ill for some time.

Le Temps, of Ottawa, did not suspend publication on Saturday as expected in view of reorganization. The shareholders have decided to purchase new machinery, and continue the publication of the paper on a larger scale.

A professional sculling race has been arranged in connection with the Dominion Day celebration at Renfrew, between Harry McDonald, of Ottawa, who claims the Eastern Ontario championship, and Chas. Fraser, Brockville's veteran oarsman.

The executive committee of the Prescott and Russell relief fund have paid out the last cent of the subscriptions. The fund, which amounted to $48,358.78, has all been expended, the last cent for relief being paid out yesterday.

The steamer Torr Head, the first vessel in via the Straits of Belle Isle, reports about twenty miles of ice in patches extending about twenty miles east and west, and a large number of bergs. The lighthouse keeper at Belle Isle desired to be reported all well.

Dominion Constable Shore had a narrow escape from being killed at Ottawa during Sunday's storm. He was on duty at Lovers' Walk, and the first gust of wind blew down a large tree, which passed only a few feet from his head.

The London Evening News announces the betrothal of Mr. Gerald du Maurier, son of the late author of "Trilby," to Miss Ethel Barrymore, the American actress. Miss Barrymore is a niece of Mr. John Drew and a daughter of Maurice Barrymore.

Corporal Willie, of the R.R.C.I., stationed at Wolseley Barracks, London, was arrested Sunday evening by Detective Rider, charged with wounding Fred Lyon, a civilian. Lyon and Willie had an altercation, and it is alleged that the soldier stabbed Lyon with his bayonet.

Mr. George Lowe, of the township of Lavant, has drawn from the treasury of Lanark county the largest amount taken by any one man in bounty. He killed eight wolves, and received therefor a cheque for eighty dollars, there being a bounty of ten dollars on each wolf.

The Great Western distillery, the second largest in the world, was struck by lightning at Peoria, Ill., on Saturday, and everything was burned except the bonded warehouse. The loss is estimated at $300,000; fully insured. The establishment was running at from 4,500 to 5,500 bushels a day.

Samuel Allison, an inmate of the Old Men's Home, Kinkakee, became weary of life Sunday night, and decided to take a dose of laudanum. He took such a dose of the fluid that it only made him sick. A doctor was called, and an emetic soon fixed the man up. Later Allison threatened to cut his throat.

The Gatineau Valley Railway Company, it is said, contemplates the extension of the main line from Gracefield to the Desert River at an early date. Great pressure is being brought on the company by lumbermen who have interests in that vicinity to have the terminus extend thirty-five miles further north.

At Saturday's meeting of the Leeds County Council a resolution was passed ordering a thorough audit of all books and accounts, and providing for a special meeting on July 19th to receive the auditors' report. Owing to failing health it is not improbable that the present treasurer may ask to be relieved of his duties.

Chinaman Beaten.

Charlie Hing, 465 St. James street, appeared in the Police Court yesterday with one eye blackened and so swelled up that it was closed, his lip cut, and marks of violence in several other places. He came there to lay a complaint against Jean Baptiste Bissonette for assault. The fight occurred about two o'clock yesterday on St. James street, near Inspector street, and Constable Coleman had Bissonette locked up before three o'clock on Charlie Hing's identification.

Charlie's story to the judge was a gem—"Me not doin' nothing," he said. "Dis man he come up, hit me once, twice, an' lay me on street. He foot me hard here (pointing to his eye and his chest). He try kill me. I much near die. Me not doin' nothing."

Bissonette denied that he had struck the Chinaman, but, fortunately for Charlie, two or three people who saw the assault told the judge that it was such a brutal affair that they had come voluntarily to give their evidence. Mr. O. J. Norman was one of them. He was passing at the time, and saw the prisoner beating and kicking Charlie Hing in a most brutal manner. He also saw him turn and strike another Chinaman who was standing near. Mr. Fraser, the auctioneer, was able to give the name of another man who had seen the affair from the beginning, and who, he said, could corroborate Charlie's statement that the Chinamen were doing nothing to provoke the attack.

The case was postponed till July 6th to allow of these witnesses and the doctor who dressed the wound to be summoned.

NEW FRENCH CABINET.

It Has Been Definitely Settled Upon and Ministers Will Be Presented to the President To-day.

Paris, June 28.—The new French Cabinet, as definitely formed, is as follows:

President of the Council and Minister of the Interior, M. Henri Brisson.

Minister of Finance, M. Paul Peytral.

Minister of Education, M. Leon Bourgeois.

Minister of Justice, M. Ferdinand Sarrien.

Minister of War, M. Codefrey Cavaignac.

Minister of Marine, M. Edouard Simon Lockroy.

Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Theophile Delcasse.

Minister of the Colonies, M. Georges Trouillot.

Minister of Commerce, M. Emile Maruejouls.

Minister of Agriculture, M. Albert Viger.

Minister of Public Works, Senator Tillaye.

The Ministers will be presented to President Faure this afternoon.

James Hughes Body Found.

There is another drowning mystery for the coroner to solve. This morning some workmen noticed a body floating in the canal near the rope-wkalk, above the Seigneurs street bridge. The Morgue was notified, and the body was taken form the water and removed there. It was that of an elderly man, and evidently had not been many days in the water, being in good preservation.

It was dressed in black coat and vest, dark-coloredt rousers, and white shirt. Deceased was rather stout, with brown hair and heavy brown moustache, and looked like a fairly well-to-do mechanic. He had received a blow on the nose, whether before death or in falling into the water cannot be determined yet, and the blood from this had oozed over his shirt front.

This afternoon, in searching the clothes the morgue men found an envelope, on which they deciphered the address: "Mr. James Hughes, 60 Menai street, Point St. Charles." Word was sent outt o that address, and Mr. Michael Hughes went down to the Morgue. He t oncea identified the body as tha of his son James, who has been missing since Friday last. On that day he went out, and had not since been seen by any of his friends. His father believes he met with foul play, as he does not believe his son would either commit uicide or falsl into the canal accidentally.

EMIGRATION FROM SCOTLAND.

Ottawa, June 28.—(Special.)—Thomas Duncan, M.P., Morden, Manitoba, is here to-day on his way to Scotland, where he resumes his work in connection with immigration for the Dominion. Mr. Duncan spent last summer and winter in the Dundee district, being engaged principally in Forfarshire. He returned to Canada to attend the meeting of the Manitoba Legislature, and is now on his way back. Although Mr. Duncan was not able to send a large number of settlers to Canada, he is said to have done very good work, and managed to induce many of those who had intended to go to the United States to turn their attention to Canada. He says that despite the large amount paid for immigration in the Old Country in the past, Canada is not nearly so well known in the Motherland as it should be. The result of the jubilee year, however, had a very good effect, and Canada is becoming gradually better known. There is not, he says, a large immigration to be had from Scotland, but Canada would like to have its share of those who are leaving for other lands. Mr. Duncan sails by the Lake Superior, Beaver Line. He says he had a long interview with Hon. Mr. Sifton.

The Finance Committee in secret session this afternoona ppointed Mesrs. Sadler, Hudon and Papineau as evidence experts. Mr. Sadler is a brother of Ald. Sadler, and it is understood that the other two gentlemen are also related to the members of the Finance Committee.

John Murphy & Co.'s Exhibition.

Messrs. John Murphy & Co., with characteristic enterprise, are making an exhibition of electric lighting as applied to stores, in connection with the visit of the Canadian Electrical Association to the city. An entirely new form of electric lamp, lately introduced from the States, is being tried byl the firm, and the experiment will be watched with interest. The entire store and the show windows are being fitted with the lamps, which are expected to make the light equal that of the day. To-morrow evening there will be a private view to members of the Canadian Electrical Association, but on Thursday evening the public will be given an opportunity to see the illumination.

All arrangements are now completed for the big complimentary entertainment to W. A. Edwards, the manager of the Academy of Music which will take place in that theatre to-morrow night. The programme, gotten up in the shape of a souvenir, is a beautiful piece of work, and reflects great credit upon the designer.

The entertainment will certainly be one worth seeing, as the programme is made up of the very best talent in the city. For the big cake walk the following well-known gentlemen will act as judges: Captain Dooley, of the Montreal Baseball Club; Mr. Harry Brophy, president Canadian Amateur Athletic Association; and Mr. Edmond Sheppard, president M.A.A.A. There will be an orchestra of twenty musicians, and with the great array of talent a rare treat is in store for all who attend.

A MINISTER'S WIFE SPEAKS.

Feels It Is Her Duty to Let People Know About Doan's Kidney Pills.

Many people are suffering from kidney diseases and disorders—don't know the right remedy—frittering away their money and their health on something that does them no good. Listen to the advice of Mrs. Phillips, wife of Rev. C. T. Phillips, Woodstock, N.B., who says:—

"A member of our family took cold from exposure and over-exertion, which brought on severe kidney trouble, and suffered intensely from pains in the back and distress while urinating.

"We tried Doan's Kidney Pills, and they removed the trouble at once. I do not hesitate to recommend a remedy that does its work so faithfully. I have proved them to be a specific for weakness of the urinary organs, general debility and other distressing troubles. I can therefore recommend them, feeling assured that those giving them a fair trial will find the result most gratifying."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or 3 boxes for $1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Remember the name "Doan's," and refuse all others.



Fac-simile of metal cap of the Vin Mariani bottle with signature. Be careful to avoid substitutes. See that the cork is branded as above.

VIN MARIANI

Nourishes, strengthens, sustains and refreshes; is very palatable, and may be borne by the most enfeebled stomach; never produces constipation, but, on the contrary, it aids digestion and assimilation, removing fatigue, and improving the appetite.



"When fatigued and suffering from a severe cold VIN MARIANI enabled me to sing "Carmen." CALVÉ.

CALVÉ.

It tones up the stomach, gives healthy, vigorous action to body and brain. Enriches the blood, steadies the nerves and energizes the whole system.

Sold by Druggists and Fancy Grocers.

DOSE—A wine glass full three times a day.

Sole Agents for Canada:
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., Montreal.

(ASSESSMENT SYSTEM).

WOMEN OFTEN OBJECT

When the husband or son joins a Court in a Society because it takes up one or two nights a month, but when they are bereaved of their helpmeet and receive the Insurance so long worked and planned for by the loved one who has been called hence, opinion changes quickly. There are no stronger friends of the Canadian Order of Foresters than the 3,500 widows and orphans who have been kept from possible want and poverty by the Insurance and Sick Benefit moneys paid by the Society. This is not a charity, the money is fairly earned, and not the least part of the consideration is the self-sacrificing work of the Brethren who attend lodge and conduct the business of the society without fee or price for their services. It is for the benefit of wives, sons and daughters, fathers and mothers, that the C.O.F. carries on its great work, and its noble principles have been amply sustained by Canadian womanhood.

Benefits. Each Court may provide for Sick and Funeral Benefits and the attendance of a skilled physician during illness.

The High Court gives a weekly allowance of from $3 to $5 during illness or disability as provided in the Sick and Funeral Benefit Law, and on the death of a member contributes $30 towards his funeral expenses.

After satisfactory proof of the death of a member in good standing, the wife, children, or designated payees of deceased, receive from the Order the amount of insurance provided for, as named in their Insurance Certificate or Certificates, which may be $500, $1,000, $1,500 or $2,000.

For further particulars enquire of any of the Officers or Members of the Order, or address

R. ELLIOTT, *H.C.R., Ingersoll.* THOS. WHITE, *High Sec'y, Brantford.* or ERNST GARTUNG, *Brantford.*

CONSTIPATION.

In the summer especially should the bowels be kept free, so that no poisonous material shall remain in the system to ferment and decay and infect the whole body. No remedy has yet been found equal to B.B.B. for curing Constipation, even the most chronic and stubborn cases yield to its influence.

"I cannot say too much in favor of Burdock Blood Bitters, as there is no remedy equal to it for the Cure of Constipation. We always keep it in the house as a general family medicine, and would not be without it." MRS. JACOB MOSHER, Pictou Landing, N.S.

B.B.B. not only cures Constipation, but is the best remedy known for Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease and Blood Humors.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

Special Bargain In Lots, Westmount, Dorchester Street.

East of Greene Avenue. A piece of land 78 x 100. Would be sold at 85 cents per foot, prompt cash.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.,
181 ST. JAMES STREET.

Lake St. Louis Properties, Pointe Claire, Charlebois Sale.

See these properties before July 6th, and decide which one you want. Plans and circulars at our office.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.,
181 ST. JAMES STREET.

Now is the Time

To buy the Boy a nice Summer Suit either in 2 or 3 Piece Tweed or Galatea and Serge Sailors. We have them in the best Quality Goods, and at prices sure to please.

GALATEA SAILOR SUITS.

Children's and Boys' Galatea Sailor Suits, in Navy and Light Blue Stripes, with large Sailor Collar, all sizes to fit from age 4 years to 12 years. Price......$1 50

JEAN SAILOR SUITS.

Children's and Boys' Jean Sailor Suits, Knickerbocker Pants, all sizes. Price..........................$1.50

GALATEA SAILORS.

Children's and Boys' Navy and White Stripe Galatea Sailor Suits, with Navy Blue and White Sailor Collar Price......................................$1.75

WHITE DUCK SAILORS.

Boys' White Duck Man-o'-War Sailor Suits, long trousers, Blouses with large Sailor Collar trimmed with Light Blue Cable. Price......................$2.00

GALATEA SAILOR DRESSES.

Children's Galatea Sailor Dresses, the most charming dress for Children's Wear, in Dark and Light Blue and White Stripes. Price......$2.00, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75

Children's Navy and Cream Serge Sailor Dresses with Dainty Trimmings. Price...............$3.25, $3.75 up.

CLOSED ON 1ST AND 2ND JULY

JAMES A. OGILVY & SONS,

The Largest Exclusive Dry Goods Store in Canada,

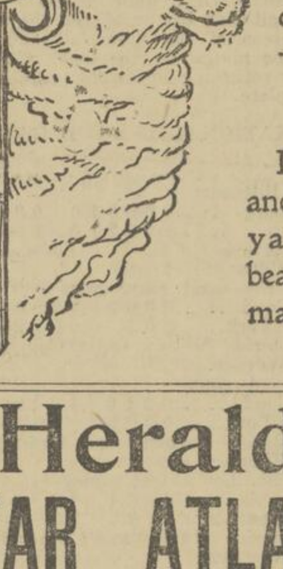
St. Catherine and Mountain Sts., Montreal.



Beauty in Ladies Headgear.

Ladies in quest of an Artistic Fringe should try the effect of the Baby Bang. It is exceedingly becoming and adds materially to the beauty of the face and head. These bangs are full round, without parting, and can be had in any shade.

PALMER'S, 1745 NOTRE DAME ST. Tel. 391.



The kind of wool too.

Corticelli "Skirt Protector" is made from Angora wool because it is tough, soft and elastic—won't retain dirt. Steam shrunken. In every dress-goods shade. Every genuine five yard packet and every fourth yard in piece bears this trade mark:—Corticelli

Herald WAR ATLAS.

Everybody is interested in the Spanish-American War, and wishes to know all about the West Indian Islands and the Philippines—the theatres of the war. The Herald has secured the rights for Montreal of Rand, McNally & Co's War Atlas, which comprises 16 pages on heavy paper, containing maps of Cuba, the other West Indian Islands, the United States, the Philippine Islands, North America, Europe, Spain.

This Atlas is bound in heavy paper and will be of great value to all who are interested in the war, and are making a study of the territories affected.

This Atlas can be obtained at Herald Office, 141 St. James Street, for five coupons cut from The Herald, and twenty cents. If to be sent by mail twenty-five cents. Coupons may be cut from The Herald of one date, or of different dates.

MONTREAL HERALD
War Atlas Coupon.
NO. 12.

Five of these Coupons and twenty cents will entitle the holder to one copy of the War Atlas if presented within two weeks of date of publication.

Lachine Oddfellows.

Last evening the officers of the Montreal District, Manchester Unity, paid an official visit to Loyal Lachine Lodge Lachine. They were accompanied by a large delegation from the city lodges and a most enjoyable evening was spent, two candidates were initiated into the mysteries of Oddfellowship, and the officers found that the lodge was making rapid strides in the matter of increase in membership as well as in funds. The members are taking a great interest in the working of the lodge as shown by the large numbers of brethren who were in the field for the election of officers. They are now looking forward to the coming annual meeting of the district to be held at Lachine on July 16th. During the evening addresses were delivered by Prov. D.G.M. Pearson, Grand Marshal E. Pratt, P.P.G.M., and others. The next official visit of the officers will take place on July 5th to Loyal Star of the West Lodge, July 5th.

Picnic Postponed.

In consequence of the inclemency of the weather the annual picnic of the Baron de Hirsch School, fixed for 29th inst., has been postponed to Thursday June 30th and should the weather still continue unfavorable will be further postponed to Monday July 4th.

AUCTION SALE.

In the matter of
CASCAPEDIA PULP & LUMBER CO.,
In Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, the 14th JULY, 1898,

will be sold at the office of the undersigned: 125 St. Peter Street, Quebec, the following assets belonging to the estate:

A—About 40 acres of land in superficies, situate at Maria, County of Bonaventure, P.Q., with the saw mill of 135x45 feet and a wing of 70x40 feet, containing an engine of 300 horse power, Circular Saws, Gang of Saws, and the most modern Machinery. The mill can deliver 100,000 feet of sawn lumber per day. Also all the buildings erected on the grounds, viz: Shops, Private Dwellings, 2 Stables and other buildings.

B—The Timber Limits of the Salmon River, containing 76 miles These limits are very rich in Spruce, Cedar and Pulpwood.

C—The rights of the Company on the Eskiminac Timber Limits, containing 103½ miles. The Eskiminac River, as the Salmon River, discharge in Grand Cascapedia.

D—About 5,000 feet of Booms.

E—Three Scows, 54x19 feet, Boats, Chains and Anchors.

F—The Utensils, Tools, Blankets, etc., etc., required for shanties, contained in the shops of Eskiminac and Maria, valued at $1,470.31.

G—Carts, Harnesses, Horse Blankets, etc., etc., $495.10.

H—Blacksmiths' Tools, Iron in Bars, Iron Lathe and Machines for Mechanics' Shop, $1,056.77.

I—Spare Leather and Rubber Belts, Shingle Machine, Tools, etc., $1,112.31.

J—The Farm Eskiminac, containing about 600 acres of land, with houses, barn and other buildings thereon erected.

Conditions of payment—Cash.

An accepted cheque of $5,000 for item A, and of $2,000 on each item B and J, shall be deposited in the hands of the Liquidator by the highest bidder before adjudication.

Inventory of items F, G, H, I, is deposited in the office of the Liquidator, who will give any information required.

Sale at 10.30 o'clock A.M.

ALFRED LEMIEUX,
Liquidator,
People's Chambers,
Office: No. 125 St. Peter St., Quebec.
JACQUES & CIE.,
Auctioneers.
June 3, 1898.

MADAME IRELAND,

Canada's Hair Specialist,

Baldness Positively Cured. Herbal Toilet Soap, for the toilet, shaving, shampooing, etc. A delightful and soothing preparation for the scalp.

2440 ST. CATHERINE STREET, Montreal.

Agencies in Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa and London.

To Honor Mr. Bertrand.

Mr. A. Bertrand, one of the deputy prothonotaries of the Superior Court, is about to be married, and his colleagues in the office have decided to give him a good send-off. This afternoon at five o'clock they will meet in the rotunda of the office and present Mr. Bertrand with an illuminated address and a handsome dining-room set. The members of the Bar will also take advantage of the occasion to express their appreciation of Mr. Bertrand's courtesy to present him with a suitable gift.

The war is now on between the Hamilton coal dealers. The price of coal has been cut to $4.25 a ton. The reduction has been made because the Rogers Coal Company has been giving quotations at less than $4.50.

THE ATMOSPHERE WAS TOO JUICY.

There Were No Ball Game Yesterday as the Grounds Were Perspiring Freely,

BUT WE HAVE MOVED UP.

Buffalo Very Decently Defeated Providence, Which Put Us in Third Place Once Again,

SOMETHING ABOUT THE BARONS

Toronto Put It All Over Wilkesbarre Yesterday—Springfield Defeats Rochester—National League Games,

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Wilkesbarre	26	19	.578
Syracuse	27	22	.551
Montreal	25	22	.533
Providence	24	21	.533
Toronto	26	23	.531
Rochester	24	27	.471
Buffalo	24	32	.429
Springfield	16	26	.381

There was no game in the city yesterday on account of the very juicy state of the atmosphere and the consequent cohesive condition of the ground. At four o'clock today the last game of the series with Syracuse will be played. On account of the defeat of Providence by Buffalo, Montreal moved up to third place.

A careful perusal of last year's Eastern League figures would disclose the fact that "Uncle Dan" Shannon and his Coal Barons from Wilkesbarre, who open here to-morrow, brought up the tail end of the procession with a very bad showing, indeed. But the genial and weighty Shannon would have informed you, had you asked the question, that when he took over the management of the team the pennant was lost, and a position in the first division was also unobtainable, so he devoted his time to picking out men for the team of 1898. In truth, it was a Daniel come to judgment. The wisdom displayed by the veteran is apparent in the strength of the club he has brought together. The team has made a great race of it so far this season, and they will be found knocking at the door at the finish.

Nearly every man on the team is a hard hitter, and the fielding is snappy and full of ginger. They are clear grit all the way through, and never give up hope until the end of the game. Of last year's team only a very few remain. Attorney-at-Law Goeckel, who is distinguished by the fact that he is the only left-handed first baseman in the league; Infielder Atherton; Catcher Gonding, and Pitchers Patton and Keenan are those left over from the year before. Goeckel is playing his usual fine game at first, and is hitting well. Atherton has been moved from third base to second, where he does fairly well. His batting is his stronghold. Gonding has improved a lot as a catcher. Keenan is one of the best twirlers in the league, and "Case" Patton has remarkable recuperative powers, as was evidenced by the game he pitched on Saturday against Toronto.

And now for the new-comers. Left Fielder Joe Knight, of St. Thomas, was hardly notified of his release by Providence when Shannon snapped him up, and the veteran has proved his worth on many occasions this season. He is a power with the bat, and is liable to break up a game at any stage. Knight is a prime favorite in Toronto, and on his first appearance at the bat on Saturday he was given a splendid reception. This is Right Fielder Halligan's baseball resurrection. He was put out of the National League some years ago for quarrelling with another player, and this is the first season he has played since then. He bats like a fiend, and his fielding could hardly be improved upon. Big "Rasty" Wright, who used to cover centre field for Hamilton when Joe Knight played in left garden for the same club, is the other outfielder on the Barons' roster. He is somewhat of a terror to pitchers, but there is some room for improvement in his fielding. Shannon got Wright from Newark, of the Atlantic League.

"Suter" Sullivan, the shortstop, is the player Manager Irwin desired to get hold of, and the Toronto manager thought so much of him he offered in exchange "Buck" Freeman, the heaviest hitter on the local team. Last season Sullivan and Barry, now of Montreal, alternated between Scranton and Buffalo, playing the position of shortstop, and both figured in trades during the winter months. Sullivan gives great promise and will be heard of in faster company some day. John Richter was utility man for Montreal last season, and gave up his position as postal clerk in Louisville this spring to join the Detroit Western League team. The Detroits played very hard ball, and Richter was moved all over the field, being used as a stop-gap in nearly every position that fell vacant when the axe was swung. Finally Richter was released, and Shannon snapped him up. Since joining the Wilkesbarre team Richter has been played at third base, and although his fielding has not been of the finest he has seemingly acquired the tremendous batting power of his associates. Smith, of last year's Buffalo team, divides the catching with Gonding. The two farmed pitchers from Philadelphia, Duggleby and Jamieson, are doing yeoman service for the Barons. Altogether the aggregation is a strong one, and able to give a good account of itself in the race for the pennant. And here's good luck to jolly Dan Shannon and his able team.

THE MONTREAL'S AVERAGES.

Following will be found the averages of the members of the Montreal team brought up to Saturday night. During the past week there has been a general falling off in batting as the club has found no soft marks, the pitching being remarkably good. Dooley, Barry and Henry, of the men playing regular positions alone increased their marks, Capt. Dooley now leads his men with a percentage of 337, having increased it six points during the week by good consistent batting.

SILVER-PLATED FAITH

Silver plate is bought on faith—the purchaser cannot measure the thickness of the plate. This Trade Mark WM ROGERS. is the assurance of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., the manufacturers, that the Knives, Forks or Spoons, that bear it are the best of Silver Plate—"the kind that wears."

Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., 1794 Notre Dame Street, Montreal, Can.

Jack Shearon's batting has fallen off a bit owing to his attack of lumbago from which he is rapidly recovering, and it will not be many days before he is back in line. Bannon has been batting in hard luck, Saturday being the first day in the week when he got his eye on the ball. It was all right then. Barry has pulled up a few points, and so has Henry.

In fielding, the average of about every man on the team shows an improvement in his work.

Batting.

Player.	Games.	ab.	r.	bm.	2b.	3b.	hr.	sh.	sb.	Av.
Dooley	44	178	31	60	16	4	1	2	10	.337
Shearon	45	183	30	58	11	5	2	1	5	.316
Bannon	47	198	36	62	7	3	1	4	16	.313
Butler	28	93	28	25	1	4	0	2	11	.301
Miner	13	24	1	7	0	0	0	0	4	.291
McFarlan	18	72	11	20	3	0	1	0	1	.277
Barry	39	160	37	44	8	3	4	0	12	.275
Schiebeck	47	179	38	46	8	1	1	2	14	.257
Henry	47	183	21	44	7	0	0	2	6	.240
O'Brien	3	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	.222
Miller	40	152	20	31	5	1	0	0	11	.203
Jacklitz	15	57	7	10	3	1	2	1	0	.175
Souders	13	44	7	7	1	0	0	0	0	.160
Abbey	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000

Fielding.

Player.	Games.	P.O.	A.	E.	Av.
Abbey, p.	2	1	7	0	1.000
McFarlan, p.	18	11	56	1	.985
Dooley, 1b	44	500	25	13	.975
Shearon, r.f.	45	71	6	2	.975
O'Brien, 2b.	3	8	7	1	.937
Bannon, l.f.	47	87	1	6	.936
Barry, c.f.	39	85	4	6	.936
Butler, c.	28	92	39	11	.922
Henry, 3b.	47	56	103	17	.903
Miller, 2b.	40	87	109	21	.903
Miner, p.	9	3	24	3	.900
Souders, p.	13	6	37	5	.900
Jacklitz, c.	9	19	7	3	.836
Schiebeck, s.s.	47	116	144	32	.890

TORONTO VICTORIOUS.

Toronto, June 28.—Wilkesbarre went up in the air in great shape to-day. The locals played all around them and won without an effort. Keenan was hit hard while Williams only gave two hits in the first five innings, and scattered them pretty well afterwards. Score:—

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1 0 0 1 3 3 0 1 8	17	19	1
Wilkesbarre	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 3	4	9	7

Batteries—Williams and Duncan; Keenan and Smith.

PROVIDENCE BEATEN.

Buffalo, N.Y., June 28.—Buffalo found Rudderham very easy to-day, and scored runs of his delivery in every innings but three. Many of them were good for more than one base. Score:—

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0 0 3 1 3 3 1 0 x	11	15	4
Providence	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	2	5	3

Batteries—Brown and Diggins; Rudderham and Grisham.

SPRINGFIELD WON.

Rochester, N.Y., June 28—Yerkes' general lack of knowledge of baseball, vile fielding of his position and a couple of baloon ascensions by the local team, coupled with a few opportune hits by Springfield, gave the latter the game today. Score:—

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	10	4
Springfield	1 0 2 0 3 2 0 2 0	10	10	0

Batteries—Yerkes and Gunson; Pappalau and Nichols.

A NINETEEN INNINGS GAME.

Hamilton, June 28.—Port Huron and Hamilton played a nineteen-innings game to-day. The score from the 9th being 7 all. Hamilton won first game.

	R.	H.	E.
Hamilton	8	12	4
Port Huron	7	16	8

Batteries—Bradford and Conwell; Kern and Babs. Umpire, Daley.

TORONTO SIGNS HANNIVAN.

Toronto, Ont., June 28.—The Toronto Baseball Club has purchased the release of Hannivan of the Syracuse Club and he will be played in the outfield regularly, Casey returning to his old position behind the plate.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Pittsburg—

		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 3	5	8	4
Boston	1 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 1	6	14	3

Batteries—Killen, Hastings and Schriver; Willis and Yeager.

At Cleveland (first game)—

		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	2
New York	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 2	4	9	0

Batteries—Wilson and O'Connor; Rusie and Warner.

Second game—

		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 3 1 0 0 1 0 1 x	6	6	0
New York	0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1	4	12	7

Batteries—Seymour and Grady; Young and Zimmer.

At St. Louis (first game)—

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0	2	6	1
Cincinnati	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	3	5	3

Batteries—Hughey and Clements; Dwyer and Vaughn.

Second game—

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	8	2
Cincinnati	0 2 0 1 1 0 0 1 0	5	8	2

Batteries—Sudhoff and Sugden; Dammann and Peitz.

At Louisville—

		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0 0 5 0 1 0 1 0 1	8	11	2
Louisville	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0	3	8	2

Batteries—Piatt and McFarland; Magee and Kittridge.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Cincinnati	39	22	.639
Boston	37	22	.627
Baltimore	34	22	.607
Cleveland	35	23	.603
Chicago	34	26	.567
Pittsburg	32	27	.542
New oYrk	29	29	.500
Philadelphia	26	28	.481
Brooklyn	23	33	.411
Washington	23	36	.390
St. Louis	20	41	.328
Louisville	19	42	.311

PLAY BALL.

The wind is down and the sun's gone in;
Nearly time for the game to begin
(They've tossed the penny and all).
There at the plate the batsman stands,
The pitcher is rubbing some dirt on his hands.
And the umpire says, "Play ball!"

Then hey! for the drops and the rises,
The shoots and the liners and all.
Stand by for a lot of surprises
When the umpire says "Play ball!"

Talk oy your soldiers' iron nerve—
Ever stand up to a swift out-curve?
Try it just once—that's all!
Steady the hand and quick the eye
To handle the liner and capture the fly
When the umpire says "Play ball!"

Then it's hey! for the heart-disease catches
And the fumbles and errors and all.
There's no other moment that matches
When the umpire says "Play ball!"

Two strikes, three balls, two men out;
"Crack!" "Fair ball!" Ye gods, what a shout!
Grand stand, bleachers and all!
"Out!" "Safe!" "No, it was out, I say!"
"Kill 'im" "Dat mug don't earn his pay!"
But the umpire says "Play ball!"

Then it's hey! for the basemen and batters,
And the leather-lunged rooters and all.
Bills, funerals, stocks—what matters
When the umpire says "Play ball!"

Lawyer, minister, millionaire,
Scion of leisure and son of care—
Grand stand, bleachers and all.
Saints and sinners swell the ranks
But at 3 p.m., they're all—just cranks
When the umpire says "Play ball!"

Then it's hey! for the singles and doubles,
The merry three-baggers and all.
To the deuce with your worries and troubles
When the umpire says "Play ball!"
Browning's Monthly.

The New Hotel Calslake is the largest and best European House in Canada. Adjoining both Grand Trunk and C.P.R. Depots. Rooms from $1.00 upwards. Electric light. Cuisine and service unsurpassed by any hotel on the American continent. All meals a la carte. Dining room open from 6 a.m., to

A SLOW TRACK AT FORT ERIE.

Only Two Favorites Went Under the Wire Winners in Yesterday's Races,

FIVE CANADIANS WON,

Americans Did Not Capture all the Purses—A Thirty-to-One Shot Won.

YESTERDAY AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

Sir Lawrence, Mr. Dawes' Steeplechaser Ran Unplaced Over the Jumps in the Last Race,

Fort Erie, June 28.—(Special.)—Canadian horses did very well on the slow track to-day and captured two of the six races. But one favorite succeeded in getting the money and as a result, the gentlemen on the block made all kinds of money. The Canadian contingent did not fare as badly as the true form players from across the line, for they played the winners in two races pretty heavily. The first race was a selling event, and J. P. Meehan's Sister Alice, with little Dyment in the saddle won out from Frisco, Ben and Maggie. Sister Mamie and Yellow Jacket, the public's choices were among the nine "also rans." Sister Alice's price was 5 to 1, but at the opening could be had at 7 and 8. The Canadian contingent got in their fine work in the next race, also fancying J. E. Seagram's grey two-year-old Wreath, in the maiden event, at 1-2 mile. Sherland, on Triune, made her a favorite, but she was beaten out at the wire by Wreath, the latter's price being six to one, at post time. Pete Clay, the clever darqy jock, managed to win in the long shot of the day. Simon D., in the fifth race, at one and one eight miles, from Jim McGibbon, who pulled up lame in the second position. The Shields horse will be out of the running for some time. Simon D.'s price at post time was 30 to 1, but any old money up to 100 to 1 could be had against his chances. Clay also rode the only winning favorite of the day in McCarran, who won easily from the St. Louis colt Pell Mell II., in the five furlong races. Aadm Beck's South Africa was instaleld favorite in the last event, but the London horse with a pile of money behind her could do no better than get third money to the long shots Skillman and Damocles.

First race, selling, 6½ furlongs—Sister Alice, 94, Dyment, 5 to 1, won; Frisco Ben, 99, Weber, 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Maggie, 93, Mason, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1.19. Junior, Guilder, Sister Mamie, Tokio, Pommery Sec, Sissie Chance, His Brother, ellow Jacket and Kas also ran.

Second race, maiden two-year-olds, half mile—Wreath, 105, E. Jones, 6 to 1, won; Triune, 105, Sherland, 2 to 1, second; Contravene, 110, Walker, 4 to 1, third. Time, .52. Pat Wilson, Thanotopsis, La Press, Brown Belle, Bridal Tour and Johnnie also ran.

Third race, one mile—Brighton, 107, Gatewood, 2 to 1, won; De Bride, 97, Mason, 6 to 1, and 2 to 1, second; Free Lance, 102, Van Kuren, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1.44¼. Aurelian, Flying Dutchman, Helen H. II., Abingdon, Gainsay, Rolandis and Mirage also ran.

Fourth race, two-year-olds, five furlongs—McCarren, 106, P. Clay, 11 to 5, won; Pell Mell II., 103, Mason, 10 to 1, and 4 to 1, second; Simcoe, 103, son, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1.04½. Fred Perkins, Garrabrant, Mouseltoff, Canuck, Mark Hanna, Exception, Hold Up, and King Carnival also ran.

Fifth race, three-year-olds, 1⅛ miles—Simon D., 103, P. Clay, 30 to 1, won; Jim Megibben, 109, Shields, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Bon Jour, 111, Moore, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1.58¾. Judge Quigley, Jessamine Porter, Annie Lauretta, Isen, Dogtown, Sifter and The Monon also ran.

Sixth race, selling, six furlongs—Skillman, 96, Mason, 10 to 1, won; Damocles, 106, James, 15 to 1 and 6 to 1, second; South Africa, 109, McGlone, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1.17. Sculptor, Loyal Prince, Jennie June and Sagacity also ran.

FORT ERIE ENTRIES.

Fort Erie Race Track, Ont., June 28.—Entries for Wednesday :—

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—George Daniels, Hurns, 107; Mangrove, Surrogate, 103; Fricotine, Dumbarton, 101; Continental, 99; Collateral, 98; Rideau, 94; Jim Lisle, 92; Josephine K., Delly Donovan, Stella O., 88; Scraps, 83; Storm, Green, Belle of Corsica, 81.

Second race, 4 1-2 furlongs, selling—Ergo, 109; Neada, Miss Meade, Wartle, Bezique, Ann Belle, 103; Lucy Blazes, Jean Ingelow, Ruth Black, Lady Yormk, Fallela, Ocie Brooks, Sky Scraper, 100.

Third race, 1 mile—Storm King, 112; Our Johnny, 105; Abingdon, 97; Flying Dutchman, Goshen, Headlight, Gainsay, Disturbance III., 93; Rossmar, Hurl, Bob Leach, Tom Hughes, 90; Campania, Sure Kitty, 88.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs—Sir Casimir, Jim McCleery, Annowan, Hop Scotch, 108; Garra, Brant, Tyrba, Annihilator, 103; Keen Winkle, Blatherskite, Minch, 100.

Fifth race, 1 1-2 mile—Frank Jaubert, James Monroe, 103; Stray Step, Traveller, Rockwood, 102; Belzara, 97; Tenpins, 82.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Brandywine, 112; Zeal, Jesse, 110; Nimrod, 109; Gustave Cook, 108; Maximo Gomez, 101; Judge Wardell, 98; Dave S., 97; Hairpin, Mazepha, 95; Chang, 93; Marietta, 88; Marito, 87; Flying Bess, Tamora, 81.

THE NEWMARKET MEETING.

London, June 28.—At the first day's racing of the Newmarket First July meeting to-day, Mr. James Waugh's Le Dauphin won the Trial Plate of 200 sovereigns; Mr. Ross' Athol was second, and Fifty II. third. The Maiden Plate was won by Mr. C. A. Mills' Mazeppa; Mr. Reid Walker's Simon Bath second, and the Lorillard-Beresford stable's Caimon third.

In the race for the Bottisham Plate, Mr. F. Alexander's Bob White won; the Lorillard-Beresford stable's Dyakka was second, and Mr. W. T. Jones' Stone Bow third.

THE QUEBEC RACES.

Quebec, June 28.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Quebec Turf Club held to-night it was decided that there should be three steeplechases each day, instead of one as formerly, and one flat race. The date for the races have been fixed for the 25th and 27th of August.

SIR LAWRENCE ALSO RAN.

New York, June 28.—It was cool and comfortable in the early part of the day at Sheepshead Bay, but when the third race was run rain began to fall and continued the rest of the afternoon. Sloan had the mount on Autumn in the Surf Stakes, and was heavily backed to win, although Counsellor Weinberg was the nominal favorite. It was anybody's race until they came into the stretch, when Sloan took Autumn to the front and won easily. The favorite had little or no speed. It was a good day for favorites. Summary:

First race, selling, 5½ furlongs—Alpen, 112, Sloan, 1 to 2 and out, won by two lengths; Tyrshena, 102, Powers, 5 to 1 and 6 to 5, second by two lengths; Dr. Fitzsimmons, 102, Spencer, 30 to 1 and 8to 1, third. Time, 1.08 4-5. Diminutive, King's Pride, Strongest, Clap Trap and Prince of Wales also ran.

Second race, mile—Whistling Coon, 111, Simms, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, won by two lengths; Clonsilla, 111, Spencer, 3 to 1 and even, second by three lengths; Squire Abingdon, 108, Hamilton, 4 to 1 and even, third. Time, 1.42 2-5. Flax Spinner, Commercial Traveller and Octave also ran.

Third race, 6½ furlongs, selling—Irish Reel, 108, Sloan, 1 to 2 and out, won by two lengths; Tremargo, 108, Spencer, 10 to 1 and 2 to 1, second by two lengths; Ben Ronald, 113, Simms, 6 to 1 and 6 to 5, third. Time, 1.20 1-5. Orion, Estaca, Prince Auckland, General Maceo, Tyrant also ran.

Fourth race, Surf Stakes, 5½ furlongs—Autumn, 119, Sloan, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, won by two lengths; Miller, 101, Williams, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, second by two lengths; Manuel, 122, Murphy, 5 to 1 and 8 to 5, third. Time, 1.07 1-5.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Darien, 124, Sloan, 7 to 10 and out, won by a neck; Thomas Cat, 117, O'Leary, 5 to 2 and 7 to 10, second by six lengths; Howard Mann, 115, Hamilton, 7 o 1 and 8 to 5, third. Time, 3.03 2-5. Dutch Skater and X Ray also ran.

Sixth race, 1¾ miles, over six hurdles—Forget, 157, Chandler, 7 to 5 and 1 to 2, won by two lengths; Brown Red, 103, Veach, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second by three lengths; Trayant, 133, Bracken, 50 to 1 and 12 to 1, third. Time, 3.18. Captain Piersall, Sir Lawrence, Valarous and Kinvarra also ran.

CRICKET.

ENGLISH COUNTY GAMES.

The features of the county games for the week ending June 10th were the two easy victories gained over the strong Surrey and Hampshire teams by Yorkshire, and the close game of Cambridge University with M.C.C. in which 'Varsity gained the verdict by 117 runs. Some big individual scores were made, and the highest aggregate was made by Gloster against Notts, viz., 634. Following are the results so far as given :—

Yorkshire vs. Surrey, at Bradford—Won by Yorkshire by an innings and 121 runs. Scores : Surrey, 13 and 37. (Abel 51 and 6, Brockwell 19 and 5; K. J. Key 32 and not out 8; Lees 18 and 0.) Yorkshire, 297 for 9 wickets, the innings being declared. (Hirst not out 130, Haigh 85, Tunnecliffe run out 21.) In the second innings of Surrey Rhodes took 7 wickets for 21 runs.

Cambridge University vs. M.C.C. and Ground—Won by the 'Varsity by 17 runs. Scores : University 147 and 156; M.C.C. 102 and 84.

Kent vs. Gloster—Drawn—Scores : Kent 385 and 143 for 3 wickets, when the innings was declared closed. (J. R. Mason 152 and 40; W. H. Patterson 91 and 6; W. L. Knowles 3 and not out 35; Easby 4 and not out 50, Weigall 33, Martin 48.) Gloster, 273 and 67 for 3 wickets. (W. G. Grace 71 and 4, C. O. H. Sewell 67 and not out 28, Board 2 and 20, R. W. Rice 38 and not out 0, W. S. A. Brown 43.)

Middlesex vs. Notts—Drawn—Scorers: Notts, 237. (Shrewsbury 34, W. Gunn 31, J. A. Dixon 65, Attewell 23, Pike 24.) Middlesex 81 and 292. (Hayman 15 and 29; A. E. Stoddart 6 and 138, F. G. J. Ford 13 and 34, A. J. Webbe 12 and 34.)

Yorkshire vs. Hampshire, at Huddersfield—Won by Yorkshire by an innings and 98 runs. Scores : Yorkshire, 226. (Brown 88, Tunnicliffe 50, Lord Hawke 23.) Hampshire, 45 and 83.

Gloster vs. Notts, at Bristol, (unfinished)—Glo'ster, 634. (W. G. Grace, 63, Rice 42; Troup 180; Sewell, 108! Townsend, 134; Wrathall 23; Murch 49). Notts, 2 for no wicket.

M.C.C. and Ground vs. Derbyshire, at Lords—Won by Derbyshire, by an innings and 1 run. Scores: M.C.C., 94 and 166; Derbyshire 261. (L. G. Wright, 81; Chatterton, 66; Storer 35; W. Sugg 32.)

Essex vs. Warwickshire, at Leyton (unfinished)—Scores: Essex, 365. (H. G. Owen 74; Carpenter 71; A. P. Lucas 62; Russel 24; Mead not out 36. Warwickshire, 124 and 3 for 1 wicket. (Diver 31; W. G. Tuaife, not out 32.)

Kent vs. Sussex, at Catford (unfinished) —Scores: Sussex 151; (G. Brann 36; Marlow 28; W. L. Murdoch 54). Kent, 214 for 3 wickets. (J. R. Mason 66; A. Hearne not out, 77; Bannon 50.)

Camridge University vs. Surrey, at Cambridge (unfinished, interfered with by rain)—Scores: Surrey 136 (Abel 27; [illegible] with [illegible].) University, 78 for 7 wickets. (G. E. Winter 33.)

The County Standing.

The following table shows the number of points scored by the first class counties in the championship tournament, up to and including June 10:

	Matches.	W.	L.	D'n.	Pts.
Yorkshire	7	5	0	2	5
Warwickshire	5	1	0	4	1
Essex	4	1	1	2	0
Lancashire	6	1	1	4	0
Notts	4	0	0	4	0
Derbyhsire	4	1	1	2	0
Leicestershire	4	0	0	0	4
Kent	3	0	0	3	0
Gloucestershire	5	1	1	3	0
Somersetshire	4	1	1	2	0
Surrey	7	1	2	4	—1
Sussex	4	0	1	3	—1
Middlesex	3	0	1	2	—1
Hampshire	6	0	3	3	—3

The drawn games are ignored and losses deducted from wins. The championship is decided by the percentage of points to the number of matches actually finished.

TROTTING RACES POSTPONED.

The trotting races which were to take place at Longeuil on the 28th and 29th inst., have been potponed until the and 6th of July. They will be neld under the rules of the National Trotting Association and pools will be sold on the grounds.

READY FOR GRANBY.

Wheelmen Will Turn Out in Force to Attend the First Quebec Provincial Meet.

"All aboard for Granby," will be the wheelmen's watchword to-morrow evening. Hundreds of Montrealers will pack up enough duds to last them a couple or three days, and take the special train which leaves the Bonaventure depot at 8.25. It will land them in the meet town a couple of hours later, and then the fun will commence. Nearly all the city clubs will be represented by large delegations, and the rivalry is keen between the clubs that are attempting to make the best showing. The M.B.C. should just about carry off the bun, however, as its "little German band" will be a big attraction. It is composed of first-class musicians, who will blend the artistic and burlesque.

Granby will outdo itself in entertaining visitors. There is only one policeman in the town, and he will be sent off on his summer holidays. The Montreal contingent is taking along enough powder and explosives in the shape of pyrotechnics to blow up the battleship Maine if it were not already blown up.

The Ontario people are having a little shine in Peterboro. They think they are going to have a fine time. Perhaps they will.

In addition to the train leaving for the C.W.A meet at Granby on Thursday, the 30th inst., the C.V.R. are running excursion trains on Friday and Saturday, leaving Bonaventure depot at 7.53 a.m.. returning leaving Granby on Friday at 10 p.m. and on Saturday at 7 p.m., thus those who are unable to spend both days at the races can select eitiher of the days, and be sure to get back to Montreal the same night. The Granby people are arranging for a very large crowd, and while they feel satisfied they can feed all who may come, yet there is a limit to the number they can find sleeping accommodations for.

It is expected that the usual holiday excursionists will take this opportunity of visiting Granby, where they have Victoria Park at their disposal for basket picnics, the river for boating, bathing and fishing, first-class roads for wheeling, and an enthusiastic people to welcome them, and do everything possible to make these two days long to be remembered.

$100.00 BICYCLE for $35.00

We don't do it, we do not insult you by telling you such a Cock and Bull story. But we will sell you $45.00 worth of BICYCLE for $45.00. We pay no duty. See the point? Repairing.

MENAGH & COOPER. 756 St. Lawrence Street.

THE GUN.

Sherbrooke's Dominion Day Shoot Will Be a Monster Affair and Promises to be a Great Success.

Sherbrooke, June 29.—(Special.)—A long programme, a large crowd, a first-class ground, and fine weather should be a sufficient attraction to ensure the success of the big shoot on Friday.

The club has spared no pains to make their tournament a record-breaker. Their past efforts have always succeeded, and shooters look forward with pleasure to the annual field day at Sherbrooke.

In addition to the usual programme of sweeps, a large list of merchandise prizes has been prepared. There are fifteen prizes ranging from one to twelve dollars, and are full value. About one hundred dollars will be given.

AQUATICS.

GAUDAUR AND JOHNSTON.

Vancouver, B. C., June 28.—Great preparations have been made for the Dominion Day celebration the last of the week. The town will hold the holiday on Friday and Saturday. The great event will be the rowing championship of the world, and the presence of five warships from Esquimalt. The great world's championship scull race is attracting naturally universal interest. Both Gaudaur, champion,and Bob Johnston, challenger, are in good form. Both scullers will do easy work from now on until the race, as both are down to their respective rowing weights at the present time, and only a few finishing touches are now needed. Gaudaur will row at about 185 pounds, while Johnston will tip the beam at 165, just about 18 pounds lighter than his big opponent. Both men are seemingly confident of winning, although no definite expression as to their feelings in the matter can be got out of either of them. Gaudaur is the favorite in betting.

LAWN TENNIS

THE ENGLISH CHAMPIONSHIP.

London, June 28.—In the lawn tennis tournament at Wimbledon today, the brothers Doherty, holders of the doubles, beat Hobart and Nisbett, 6—4, 6—4, 6—2, for the championship. It was a much harder contest than the score indicates. Hobart was especially brilliant, at times sending the balls at such a pace that the Dohertys could not handle them. But both Hobart and Nisbett were irregular. Many of their balls went out of the court and into the net, and the steadiness and accuracy of the champions finally won each set.

CHESS.

THE VIENNA TOURNAMENT.

Vienna, June 28.—When the chess games were adjourned today, Pillsbury had beaten Caro, and Burn had been defeated by Tarrasch. Halprin and Schlechter drew; Blackburn beat Lipke; Janowski beat Baird; Schiffers beat Trenchard; Walbrodt beat Alapin, and Tschigorin beat Steinitz. The toal scores of the two local leaders are: Pillsbury, won 15, lost 4; Janowski, won 13 1-2, lost 5 1-2.

LACROSSE.

WOULD BE HONEST, ANYWAY.

Toronto, June 28.—Dan A. Rose, president and general manager of the old Tecumsehs, now the hyphenated Elm-Tecumsehs, has thrown down the gauntlet to his deadly enemies, the Toronto Lacrosse Club. Dan says his pet team can easily outplay the latter club, and to show that he has the courage of his convictions, challenges them to play for a $500 purse. This would probably break the amateur rule, but Dan thinks there is very little difference between amateurism and professionalism, as far as the Toronto lacrosse team is concerned. It is hardly likely the challenge will be accepted.

MONTREAL CLUB'S EXCURSION TO OTTAWA.

The Montreal Lacrosse Club expect a large crowd to accompany the team to Ottawa on Dominoin Day, 1st July, on which date they meet the Capitals in the return match for the Interprovincial championship. The taem leaves Windsor street station at 9.30 a.m., returning from Ottawa by special at 8 p.m.

WANTS TO WALK.

James Gordella, of St. Louis, a very fast pedestrian, is in the city and would like to arrange a walking match with some Montrealer, who thinks he can go some that primenal method of rapid transit. Gordella can be found by addressing the general post office.

Upper Lachine Hop.

The weekly hop of the young people of Upper Lachine which on the two last occasions has been held on Saturday evenings on account of the trial fours, will in the future be held on Thursday evenings. An orchestra from Montreal has been engaged for the season. A good attendance is anticipated to-morrow night. The hop is held in the "Strathcona."

Tebbitt Got Three Years.

Boston, Mass., June 28.—Abraham Tebbitt, the defaulting leather commission merchant, who left this city last March owing about $40,000 on goods secured from Boston merchants, and was arrested in Regina, N.W.T., was sentenced to-day to serve not less than three nor more than five years in State prison.

OXFORD CAFE

University Street

Meals a la carte until midnight

Quebec City Notes.

Quebec, June 29.—Hon. Mr. Fielding passed through here yesterday on his way to Halifax. Mr. Tarte came with him as far as Levis, and together with Mr. Pottinger and other officials of the Intercolonial Railway, the ministers inspected the station and wharves at Levis, to which improvements are demanded.

All the Protestant schools closed here yesterday. The prizes were distributed in the Academy of Music by Dean Norman, chairman of the School Commissioners, and Lieut.-Governor Jette made a speech, dwelling upon the importance of a classical education.

Mr. Menier, proprietor of Anticosti Island, arrived at the island on Tuesday on board of his steamer La Bacchante. Mgr. Labrecque has also gone to the island.

Asthma Cure vs. Asthma Relief.

It is a recognized fact among those suffering from Asthma that the longer they use the temporary relief Asthma remedies which require to be burned, the worse they become, until it loses its effect entirely. Clarke's Kola Compound is not among this class, but will permanently cure the worst case of asthma in from 60 to 90 days. Mr. F. J. Painton, proprietor of Painton's Music Store, Vancouver, B.C., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from asthma in its worst form for over 15 years, and had consulted many physicians both in England and Canada, but obtained no relief. A friend of mine who had been cured by the Kola Compound advised me to try it, and three bottles have entirely cured me; it is now over two years since my recovery and asthma has not troubled me since; and previous to taking Clarke's Kola Compound I have many nights had to sit up nearly all night. It is truly a wonderful remedy, and it affords me much pleasure in attesting my appreciation of anything so worthy." Clarke's Kola Compound is sold by all druggists. Free sample bottle sent to any person. Mention this paper. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church Street, Toronto, or Vancouver, B.C., sole Canadian agents.



Clear as a crystal and delightful in its invigorating and aromatic odor is the coffee that comes to you in pound and two-pound tin cans from the famous tea and coffee importers,

Chase & Sanborn

of Boston, its purity and its strength being guaranteed by their seal.

Its supreme merit has been proved and is acknowledged by thousands of the most fastidious coffee consumers throughout the land. Grocers everywhere sell it.

NEWSBOYS AND GIRLS.

Some Timely Words by Mr. W. H. Baker on the Pernicious Influence of the Street on Education.

The harm done to children by having them running about the streets, selling newspapers, or peddling, was referred to in the report of the superintendent of the Baron de Hirsch school, Mr. W. H. Baker, at the closing exercises yesterday. After speaking of the superiority of the girls to the boys in attendance, general conduct, cleanliness and attention to lessons, Mr. Baker went on to say: "It is the street that ruins the boy, teaches him all that is wrong, leads him into bad habits and amongst wicked companions. The tendency of the boys of from 5 or 6 years of age to that of 13 or 14 to become juvenile pedlars—with or without the knowledge of their parents—is most baneful. The actual time occupied in selling their wares or their newspapers is so limited that they are enabled to spare much of it in which to contract the evil teaching and undesirable precepts of the street.

"Now, we desire to elevate the boys above the pedlar class. We would endeavor to train and educate them to become good and useful members of society, loyal subjects of our Queen and a credit to that dear Canada of ours which they have made their homes. We can point with pride to the large number of our old boys who are already making a name and a reputation for themselves in our city, and we therefore appeal to the parents, and to the good sense of the boys themselves, to take example from these and endeavor to improve the position in which they are placed, so that by good conduct, cleanly habits, and steady application to their studies, they may raise themselves above the motley crowd of itinerant pedlars and street venders, avoid bad companions and keep off the streets.

"With regard to the girls it is gratifying to record an appreciable decrease in the number of newspaper sellers. It must not be supposed for a moment that all girls who sell papers in the streets belong to the Baron de Hirsch school. None of those who assemble outside the Post Office do, and I think it extremely doubtful if those girls go to any school at all—although they are all of school age. We now have only three girls, three too many, of our first class who sell papers. Of those in the other part of the school only two obtain a position on the prize list, simply because they are as a rule the worst behaved children and give the teachers the greatest amount of trouble in endeavoring to eradicate the rude manners, bad language, and evil habits they learn upon the streets. If the parents could only understand the temptations to which they are subjecting their girls by sending them out as newspaper vendors, I feel sure they would endeavor to do without the few cents of daily profit made by them."

RAILWAY SOLD CHEAP.

The Niagara Central Was Bonded Away Up, But Sold for a Mere Song.

Toronto, June 29.—The great opportunity for the acquirement of wealth by bonding railways was illustrated at Osgoode Hall yesterday, when tenders for the sale of the Niagara Central Railway were opened. The road runs from St. Catherines to Niagara Falls, and is twelve miles long. It was sold by the Henry Rolls Estate. H. H. Collier, who represented the property, said the value of the road was problematical. The structure, rails, bridges, land and right of way were worth $25,000, or about $2,000 a mile. F. W. MacDonald, city solicitor, of St. Catherines, said the road was bonded for $240,000, of which, with the interest owed, made up a debt of $350,000. Of this sum the city of St. Catherines holds $160,000 worth of bonds, and has a further claim of $50,000. He pointed out that the charter extended to Toronto, but Mr. Collier said it had expired. Four tenders were put in for the purchase of the road; F. W. Wilson, $20,000; R. R. Cameron, $22,000; G. Mortimer Nealon, $25,990; J. A. MacMahon, $31,800. A letter was read from Dr. Rufus A. Oille, saying, owing to the onerous conditions he could not get up a syndicate to take the road. Messrs. Collier and Boland, the latter representing Mr. MacMahon, the highest tenderer, wanted the sale closed to-day. In this they were seconded by Mr. R. McKay, representing the Bank of Toronto, with a claim of $80,000. Mr. MacDonald wanted more tenders, and said he knew of people who were waiting to see what bids were put in, and assured the Master that there were gentlemen willing to bid $35,000. Mr. Boland objected to any delay. His client had made the highest bid, and was entitled to the purchase. It would cost $100,000 to put the road in shape. Mr. Richard Wood, the receiver, corroborated this statement. The road was only paying the expenses of running the cars. It was not paying for repairs. The Master-in-Chancery allowed Mr. MacMahon's bid to be increased to $34,000 and the road was sold to him.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Members of the Canadian Electrical Association are cordially invited to visit our premises to-morrow (Thursday) night, and inspect the new Enclosed Arc Lamps which have just been installed.

Our Store will remain open To-morrow Evening until 9.30 o'clock. Will be closed Friday and Saturday.

END of the MONTH SALE

Special Clearing Lines In all Departments.

Bargains for Dominion Day

In Blouses, Parasols, Ready-to-wear Costumes, Skirts, Boys' Clothing, Children's Dresses, Trimmed Hats, Sailor Hats, Men's Furnishings, etc.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2343 St. Catherine Street,

Terms Cash. Corner of Metcalfe St. Tel. 3833.

St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Company

LIMITED.

(Laboratory of Inland Revenue, Office of Public Analyst, Montreal, April 8th, 1895.

"I hereby certify that I have drawn, by my own hand, ten samples of the ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO.'S EXTRA STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR, indiscriminately taken from ten lots of about 150 barrels each. I have analysed same, and find them uniformly to contain

99 90/100 TO 100 per cent. of pure Cane Sugar with no impurities whatever.

(Signed,) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, Ph.D., D.C.L., Prof. of Chemistry and Public Analyst, Montreal

Cheap Electric Light and Power FROM LACHINE RAPIDS.

Get Your Light and Power Direct from the Rapids.

Our works having been thoroughly TESTED by one of the most severe winters within half a century, the Lachine Rapids Hydraulic Company is now prepared to supply the Citizens of Montreal and surrounding municipalities with Light and Power at a BIG REDUCTION from prices charged before competition. The Lachine Rapids has been harnessed for the benefit of Montreal. Over 20,000 HORSE POWER has been developed, furnishing current for light and power suitable for existing motors, TWO PHASE, THREE PHASE or STRAIGHT CURRENT. Arrangements have been made with the Canadian General Electric Company to supply the most EFFICIENT MOTORS MANUFACTURED, which may be RENTED or PURCHASED by our customers. It will be to your interest to get quotations from

THE LACHINE COMPANY, General Office—38 Victoria Square.

BAGOT CONSERVATIVES

Met in Convention Yesterday and Nominated a Candidate to Contest the Constituency.

St. Liboire, Que., June 29.—Mr. L. T. Brodeur, mayor of St. Hughes, warden of the county of Bagot, and one of the best known agriculturists in the Province of Quebec, is the Conservative standard-bearer for the seat left vacant by the death of Mr. F. Dupont, M.P.

The convention, which took place yesterday was one of the most representative and harmonious gatherings ever held in the county of Bagot.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Joseph Leveille, mayor of St. Rosalie, while Mr. L. Brunelle acted as secretary.

Amongst those present were Messrs. Milton McDonald, M.L.A.; L. T. Brodeur, D. Dennis, A. Gauthier, A. Parent, A. Casevant, H. Lippe, F. X. Bourgard, Joseph Lajoie, Dr. Proulx, L. Sylvestre, F. X. Doudenault, F. Robichoult, P. S. Bourgard, A. Fournier, A. Girard, M. Birtz, J. Lemonde, F. Dupont, sr.; L. Sylvestre, Chas. Allard, A. Lajoie, U. Durocher, Ed. Fournier, and many others.

Before proceeding to the work of the convention, Mr. McDonald made a touching allusion to the great loss which the county of Bagot had sustained in the death of Mr. Dupont, while a resolution was also adopted expressing regret at the death of Sir Adolphe Chapleau. Coming down to work Mr. M. T. Brodeur was nominated as Conservative candidate for the vacant seat in the House of Commons, the proposition being seconded by leading Conservatives from each parish in the county.

FIELD BATTERY INSPECTION.

It Was the Best Showing for Many Years—The Camp Was Struck This Morning.

In spite of the threatening weather a good many people went to the Island yesterday to see the annual inspection of the Montreal Field Battery, and those who went were not disappointed, for the Battery passed the best inspection they have had for years. The inspecting officer was Lieut.-Col. Wilson, R.C.A., of Quebec, accompanied by Major G. R. Hooper, A.D.C. Among those present were: Lt.-Col. Stevenson, Lt.-Col. Starke, Lt.-Col. Busteed, Lt.-Col. Cole, Major Meekins, Captain Dynn, Dr. J. H. Bell, and Dr. Gardner.

There were 98 men and officers on parade yesterday being two men and two officers short. One of the absentees, Sergeant Ferguson, is on his way to the Philippines in Astor's Battery.

Camp was struck this morning, and though the camp has its pleasures, the men are glad enough to get a more substantial protection against the rain than canvas.

At the camp this year the following qualified as non-commissioned officers: Sergts. Porteous, Johnson, Pettigrew, Wilkinson, Paton and Stevenson.

The following qualified themselves as gunlayers: Corporals Kemp, Cook, Tait, Rowland and Strachan.

What is the Best Tonic for Blood and Nerve? Broma.

It invariably cures pains in the kidneys and sides. Take it also in all cases of nervous weakness and general debility.

Neuralgia and rheumatism are quickly cured by the use of this powerful tonic which will enrich your blood and quiet your nerves.

Sold everywhere.

Object to Carrying Packs.

Ottawa, Ont., June 28.—(Special.)—A letter received in the city to-day from Glenora says that one of the companies of the military expedition to the Yukon threatened to mutiny because they were used as pack mules and badly fed. The company is said to be that from Fredericton, N.B. The writer of the letter is attached to the expedition and adds that commander Evans is having a lively time of it with his men.

Bicycle Livery.

We have just opened the only first-class bicycle livery in Montreal. Heretofore if you wanted to rent a wheel you were forced to be content with some old, second-hand rattle-trap, which endangered your life. We have just put in at 838 Dorchester Street

100 New Wheels,

including Humbers, Triumphs, Skylarks, Leaders and other first-class mounts. Our rates are as low as usually charged for old wheels. Telephone to 5320, and we'll send a wheel to your house and send after it again when you are through with it.

A full stock of Bicycle Supplies always on hand,

The Griffiths Cycle Corp'n Limited,

828 DORCHESTER ST. (OPPOSITE ST. JAMES CLUB)

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.. Government, Municipal and Other First-Class Bonds.
R. WILSON SMITH,
Financial Agent,
STANDARD CHAMBERS,
151 St. James St., MONTREAL.
First-class Investments always on hand.

LOCAL LIST IS STILL VERY DULL

With War Eagle About the Only Stock Showing any Animation.

IT WAS HIGHER THIS A.M.

The Canadian Pacific Statement Considered Favorable. But the Price Holds Steady.

TORONTO RAILWAY EARNINGS.

There was little or no life to the local stock market this morning, and once more War Eagle was the only stock that showed anything like activity.

Even that stock, however, is quiet in comparison with the business put through a couple of days ago, although to-day it showed a considerably firmer tone, and a good deal of the easiness which characterized yesterday's market was absent. About 4,000 shares sold at $2.65, 500 shares went at $2.66, and towards the close 2,750 shares at $2.67.

There was a little more interest taken in Canadian Pacific, and the net statement for May showing an increase of $51,092 was better than expected. It follows:

Canadian Pacific Railway Company's statement of earnings and expenses

	May, 1898.	January 1st to May 31st, 1898.
Gross earnings...	$2,252,999.16	$9,457,909.12
Work'g expenses.	1,326,336.85	6,121,627.66
Net profits.....$	926,662.31	$3,336,281.46

In May, 1897, the net profits were $875,-569.84, and from January 1st to May 31st, 1897, there was a net profit of $2,781,066.20. The gain in net profits over the same period last year is, therefore, for May, $51,-092.47; and from January 1st to May 31st, $555,215.26.

But although the foregoing was looked upon as quite favorable, there was no appreciable improvement in prices, and 225 shares were placed at 83 1-8. In London the shares were quoted at 85 1-8. Street Railway was fairly steady at 261, and New Street at 258 1-2. There was nothing done in Toronto Railway. The earnings of the road continue good, the returns for the last few days being as follows:—

	Earnings.	Increase.
Thursday..	$3,102.81	$ 37.07
Friday..	3,362.01	451.80
Saturday..	4,337.65	778.29
Sunday..	2,016.79	630.30

Montreal Street Railway earnings yesterday were $4,192.33, an increase over the same day last year of $217.95.

A few shares of Commercial Cable sold this morning at 175, 100 shares of Gas at 187, and 50 shares of Western Loan and Trust at 97.

L. J. Forget & Co.'s cable gave the following ruling for Canadian securities in London: Grand Trunk first preference, 70 5-8; third do., 21 5-8; Hudson Bays, 20 1-2; and Canadian Pacific, 85 1-8.

The local money market continues easy at 4 1-2 per cent. for call loans.

In Wall Street.

There was a better feeling to the New York market this morning, and in some stocks there was considerable strength. Mr. C. D. Monk's despatches said:—

The market rallied on buying by some of those who sold last evening, and on Houseman buying and bidding up here and there. Buying in B.R.T., principally by Flower brokers. Houseman put Sugar up. London did nothing. Commission business flat.

World says that an attack on Santiago by Shafter's army is expected to-day or to-morrow.

Wabash earnings for May:—Gross, $1,141,676; increase, $210,499; net, $277,468; decrease, $17,475.

Washington: Shafter telegraphs he can take Santiago in twenty-four hours as soon as he is ready to move forward.

Rock Island sells ex-dividend to-day. Friends of R.I. say the stock is certainly worth as much as St. Paul, with its present earnings and the same dividend.

Northern Pacific directors, we understand, will meet about the middle of next month to act upon a dividend on the preferred stock.

MORNING BOARD.

23 shares	Pacific	at 83½
225 "	Pacific	at 83⅛
25 "	New Street	at 258½
100 "	Gas	at 187
44 "	Stret Railway	at 261
1 "	Telegraph	at 185
2 "	B. of Montreal	at 241
3 "	Telephone	at 171¾
50 "	W. Loan Trust	at 97
25 "	Cable	at 175
4000 "	War Eagle	at $2.65
500 "	War Eagle	at 2.66
2750 "	War Eagle	at 2.67

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

DESCRIPTION.	June 29 Ask.	June 29 Bid	June 28 Ask.	June 28 Bid.
Canadian Pacific Railway....	83¼	83	83¾	83¼
D.S.S.A.	4	3	3¼	3
D.S.S. A. pfd.........	7½	6	7½	6
Commercial Cable Co......xd	176	174	180	176
Do. Coupon Bonds...	....	....	....	....
Do. Reg. Bonds	....	....	....	....
Montreal Telegraph Co	182	177½	182	177½
St John Ry. Co..........xd	....	....	....	143
Rich. and Ont. Nav. Co......	103½	101½	103	102⅝
Cornwall R..............	....	....	....	....
M.S.R.	261¼	261	262¼	261½
M.S.R. new stock....	259¾	258½	260	258
Montreal Gas Co..............	187	186½	190	187
Bell Telephone Co...........	175	170	175	170½
Royal Electric Co. ....xd	158¼	158	159	157
Toronto Street Ry...........	96½	96	97½	96¾
Halifax T. Co........	123½	122	130	122
Do do Bonds	....	....	....	....
Bank of Montreal............	250	240	250	240
Ontario Bank..............	....	....	....	....
Bank of Nova Scotia.........	....	....	....	....
Molsons Bank............	....	200	....	200
Bank of Toronto...........	240	230	240	230
La Banque Jacques Cartier...	....	101	....	....
Merchants............	....	....	....	....
Merchants' Bk. of Halifax. ..	....	....	179	173
Eastern Townships......	....	....	....	180
Quebec	....	....	....	....
Nationale..............	....	....	....	....
Union...............	....	....	....	....
Commerce...........	....	....	115	103
Ville Marie..............	140	136	....	....
Hochelaga..............	....	....	....	....
North West Land pfd..	165	157	165	157
			54	50
Montreal Cotton Co.......xd	160	150	155	150
Canada Colored Cotton Co.	....	....	....	....
Do. do. Bonds	....	....	....	....
Dominion Cotton Co.	94	90	94	91½
London S.R............	....	....	....	....
Dom. Coal pfd ....xd	23	21½	107½	107
Do. Common..........	107½	106	23	22
Do. Bonds	....	....	....	106
People's H. & L..........	40	34	49	35
Do. do. Bonds..........	....	....	....	....
War Eagle..................	270	266¾	262	260

Dominion Bank.
Capital Paid up $1,500,000.
Rest.................$1,500,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Toronto.
Hon. Sir Frank Smith, President.
E. B. Osler, M.P., Vice President.
R. D. Gamble, General Manag
MONTREAL BRANCH.
Cor. Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier Sts.
A General Banking Business transacted.
Collections promptly made. Exchange bought and sold. Domestic and Foreign Credits Issued. Savings Bank Department, Interest allowed at highest current rates.
CLARENCE A. BOGERT, Manager.

SEATS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE COME HIGH.

The past year or so has witnessed a decided change in stock exchange business and the seats on the floor are higher now than they have ever been. This is of course due to the marked improvement in the volume of business, and not only is there still a demand for them but just at the moment there are none for sale, for every seat is occupied, and that is something that has not been known for a good many years past.

During the past six months there has been a steady advance in the price of the few seats that remained for sale and the figures rapidly jumped from around $3,500 to $6,000, at which figure the last seat changed hands. After that as high as $6,700 was bid for a seat and the offer remained open for two weeks or more, but it was not taken.

In Toronto there has also been an advance in the price of stock exchange seats although on a much smaller scale than here. Several aplications have been made for seats lately and while $2,000 was bid for a seat the other day, $2,500 was asked. It is only a short time ago since sales in Toronto were made at $1,200 to 500, whereas the Exchange there is now asking $4,000.

The latest members to join the local exchange are Mr. Ferguson, of Ferguson & Hanson; Mr. Barclay Stephens, Mr. C. McCuaig, of McCuaig & Rykert and Mr. G. Simpson Garland.

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE FROM MONTREAL.

Particulars of the Last Few Cargoes That Have Gone to Europe From This Port.

Per steamship Memnon for Avonmouth—A. G. Thomson, 51,392 bushels corn; Crane & Baird, 24,219 do wheat; A. W. Grant, 1,610 bxs cheese; A. A. Ayer, 794 do; D. A. McPherson, 2,536 do; Duckett, Hodge & Co., 510 do; W. Nivin, 111 do; Hodgson Bros., 397 do; Co-operative Society, 85 do; A. J. Brice, 112 pkgs butter; Elder, Dempster & Co., 6 cases leather, 308 cattle; Canada Atlantic Railway, 1,749 sks flour; G.T.R., 3 cases leather, 1,000 sks flour.

Per steamship Cynthiana for Manchester—Bartlett, Frazier & Co., 42,055 bush corn; W. W. Craig, 400 head cattle; G.T.R., 400 bxs butter.

Per steamship Incemore for Liverpool—H. Dobell, 12 brls ashes; G.T.R., 2,00 sks flour, 678 bxs cheese; J. C. Warrington, 6,-182 do.

Per steamship Montezuma for London—A. G. Thomson, 30,072 bush corn, 91,836 do barley; Hodgson Bros., 3,265 bxs cheese; D. A. McPherson, 765 do; Co-operative Society, 453 do; J. C. Warrington, 2,986 do; Lake Woods Milling Co., 500 sks flour; Elder, Dempster & Co., 123 cattle; J. A. Stevenson, 47 cs leather; C.P.R., 537 bxs cheese, 4,000 sks flour; C. A. Railway, 1,717 do.

Per steamship Sardinian for Glasgow—Crane & Baird, 9,476 bush oats; A. G. Thomson, 25,714 do corn; H. McLennan, 17,142 do corn; Wright & Esdaile, 31,000 do do; G.T.R., 1,550 sks flour, 247 bxs meats, 100 pkgs butter, 290 cs eggs; C.P.R., 95 pkgs butter, 2,000 sks flour; A. W. Grant, 209 bxs cheese; A. C. H. Fowler, 102 bxs cheese; J. Alexander, 356 do do; Duckett, Hodge & Co., 109 do do; A. A. Ayer, 211 do do; 129 pkgs butter; Hodgson Bros., 100 do do; P. W. McLagan, 207 do do, 25 cs eggs; G. Wait & Co., 100 do do, 50 bxs cheese; A. J. Brice, 509 pkgs butter; W. Niven, 124 do do; W. Meldrum & Co., 225 cs eggs; H. & A. Allan, 366 bxs cheese, 350 cattle.

Per steamship Carlisle City for Antwerp—C.A. Railway, 430 sks flour; A. G. Thomson, 25,712 bush corn; G.T.R., 450 sks flour; A. G. Thomson, 68,571 bush corn.

Per steamship Briscoe, for Leith—O. E. Lohrke, 119,858 bush corn.

Per steamship Yola for London—A. G. Thomson, 119,979 bush corn; A. W. Grant, 2,357 bxs cheese; J. C. Warrington, 2,..8 do; C.P.R., 2,500 brls flour, 23 cs leather, 228 bags peas, 66 bags oatmeal; G.T.R., 52 bxs meats; C. A. Railway, 1,00 sks flour.

Per steamship Amarynthia for Glasgow—A. G. Thomson, 25,713 bush corn; Bartlett, Frazier & Co., 25,806 do; Wight & Esdaile, 21,496 do; A. McFee, 18,824 bush oats; A. J. Brice, 100 pkgs butter; Duckett, Hodge & Co., 244 bxs cheese; R. Reford & Co., 350 head cattle; C.P.R., 175 sacks flour, 600 sacks meal, 220 pkgs cheese; G. T.R., 189 bxs cheese, 1,452 sacks meal, 340 sacks flour.

Per steamship Baron Belhaven for Aberdeen—Canada Atlantic Railway, 994 sks flour; Bartlett, Frazier & Co., 25,800 bush corn; A. G. Thomson, 25,713 do; W. Nivin, 244 bxs cheese; A. A. Ayer, 1,290 do; A. McPherson, 273 do; J. Mitchell, 215 bxs butter; W. W. Ogilvie, 600 sks flour; G. Paterson, 2 brls flour; D. Rattray & Son, 1 brl do; W. Meldrum & Co, 25 cs eggs; A. G. Thomson, 8,750 bush corn; A. McFee, 19.134 bush oats; C.P.R., 200 bxs cheese; G.T.R., 381 do, 500 sks flour.

Per steamship Dunmore Head for Dublin—J. Carruthers, 8,429 bush corn; Crane & Baird, 68,607 do; Lake of the Woods Milling Co., 539 sks flour; G.T.R., 3,280 do.; C.P.R., 2,550 do.

GRAIN UP WEST.

No. 1 Hard is Quoted at Ninety-Four Cents Afloat at Fort William.

Toronto, Ont., June 29.—Market quiet. Flour quiet, straight rollers in barrels, middle freights quoted at $4 to $4.15. Wheat, trade on local board stagnant. No. 2 red Ontario, 7 9to 80 high freights and No. 1 hard Man. 94 afloat at Fort William. Oats white, quoted at 25c 'to 27c west. Barley, nothing doing and prices nominal. Bran sells at $9 west and shorts at $12.50 west. Corn, Canadian 33c west and 40c on track here. Rye, nominal. Buckwheat, nominal. Peas, quoted around 48c to 49c north and west. Oatmeal, car lots of rolled oats in bags on track at Toronto $4 in barrels, $4.10.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

STOCKS.	June 29	June 28.	June 27.
Atchison	......	13⅝	13⅝
Paris Rentes	102 50	102 55	......
Canadian Pacific..........	85⅛	85¾	86½
Grand Trunk 1st.........	......	......	......
Do do 2nd.........	......	......	51⅝
Do do 3rd.........	......	......	......
Do do 4th.........	......	......	77⅝
Erie......................	13½	13¾	13⅝
Do pfd.	36	36¾	37
Illinois Central..........	107¾	108	107¾
Louisville & Nashville....	53⅛	53½	54
Lake Shore.....	......	......	......
Northern Pacific..........	71	72	......
New York Central........	119¾	119¼	119¼
Ontario & Western.......	......	15¼	15¾
Reading, assess. pfd......	9¾	9¾	9¾
St. Paul.................	101⅛	101⅝	101¾
Union Pacific............	......	24⅝	......
Wabash pfd..............	19⅛	......	......
Bank Rate...............	3	3	3
Consols..................	111 5-6	111½	......

Dr. Coderre's RED PILLS For Pale and Weak Women.

WHEAT SHOWS A LITTLE MORE SNAP

A Firmer Feeling in Chicago This Morning and a Fair Amount of Activity.

PROSPECTS IN AUSTRALIA.

The Outlook in Manitoba Has Improved Owing to the Recent Heavy Rains.

THE GOSSIP OF THE "STREET."

Wheat showed a firmer feeling in Chicago this morning and there was a fractional advance over the closing level of last night. A wire from Chicago said, "Wheat continues very strong. Late cables come firmer. The local crowd is fighting the advance but I think the market will sell a great deal higher." A cable from London says, "The Times publishes the following from Melbourne, "Splendid rains, the best in five years, have fallen in Victoria and South Australia. A good season for agricultural and pastoral industries is assured."

The cable opened steady this morning, and later on went 3-4d higher. Another wire from Chicago said: "We would advise closing the open July trades before July 1st to escape the tax.' July wheat appeared more active in Chicago this morning and after opening at 91 5-8 last night's level it went to 72. There was a slight reaction after that but the market firmed up again a little later and went to 72 1-2. September opened at 66 5-8 and was quoted at 67 1-4 at 12.30. December at the same time was quoted at 67 5-8 to 67 3-4.

WHEAT IN MANITOBA.

Business in the Province During the Week Has Been Unusually Dull and Stagnant.

The wheat trade in this market during the week has been unusually dull and stagnant. The demand has been practically nil, and at the same time there is a total absence of wheat offering for sale. Parties who still hold moderate round lots are evidently willing to take the chances of getting a better price later on when consumption has further reduced stocks and demand revives. The business done has only amounted to the transfer of a few cars to cover short sales, mostly at about 95c for No. 1 hard in store at Fort William, and one sale of two cars was made at 98c. These figures are, however, no guide to market value, which is about 90c to 92c for No. 1 hard in store, Fort William. Export value of No. 1 hard afloat at Fort William for June shipment is about 86c per bushel. Duluth No. 1 hard. June delivery, closed yesterday at 84 1-2c per bush.

The wheat returns from the Fort William elevators for last week were as follows:—Receipts, 128,812 bushels; shipments, 208,575; in store, 545,808 bushels.—Winnipeg Commercial.

FINE CROP OUTLOOK.

Prospects in Manitoba Are Very Good and Merchants Feel Cheerful.

The Recent Rains Have Been Very Welcome, But in Some Districts They Are Late.

"The week ending to-day has been a very favorable one for growing crops," says the Winnipeg Commercial. "Abundance of rain has fallen over a wide area, and the crop outlook is further improved accordingly. In a country depending so largely upon the cereal crops, as is the case in Manitoba, the improved prospect is the cause of general satisfaction in business circles. In the Red River valley sections of Manitoba the crop prospect is excellent. West of that there are some sections which suffered from the drouth earlier in the season, and the crop will be irregular. The recent favorable weather will greatly improve the outlook, but there can hardly be a full recovery in the districts where the drouth was most prolonged. Taking the wheat belt as a whole, the average condition is believed to be very favorable. Business is comparatively good. With railway work, building, etc., there is a large amount of work going on in the country—more than usual at this season.

"Bank clearings at Winnipeg this week were $1,616,163, compared with $978,349 a year ago, and $835,190 for the corresponding week two years ago. The grain trade is practically wound up until another crop comes to market."

MONTREAL GRAIN.

Very Little Encouragement to Shippers From the Other Side—Flour the Same.

There is very little change in the general aspect of the grain market and on the whole, shippers are getting very little encouragement from the other side. Oats have been moving in a small way during the past couple of days, however, and while sales have been made at 32c in store it is understood that round lots have been offered at less from the west. Peas and buckwheat are meeting with very little request and prices on those and other lines are purely nominal.

The flour market is still in very unsatisfactory shape and prices continue irregular. Flour has had a pretty tiff decline from the top, but millers are nevertheless still underselling the rates quoted below. Winter wheat patents $5.25 to $5.50; traight rollers, $5 to $5.25; bags, $2.20 to $2.40; Manitoba patents, $5.90, and strong bakers' $5.50.

The market for feed was quiet and without any change of note. We quote: Ontario winter wheat bran, $12.25 to $12.-7$; shorts, $13.50 to $14 per ton in bulk; Manitoba bran, $13, shorts, $15 and mouille, $17 per ton, including bags.

In oatmeal business is only of a small jobbing character and prices for rolled oats are unchanged at $3.75 to $3.85 per barrel.

There was no change in the hay market. The demand is fair and supplies are more than ample to fill all requirements. We quote:—Shipping hay, $5 to $6. Good to choice, No. 1, $9 to $10, and No. 2, at $7 to $7.50 per ton, in car lots.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Cheese is About Steady on Spot—There is a Demand From the Other Side For Eggs.

The cheese situation looks just a shade easier in the country but there does not appear to be any great change here either one way or the other. Finest Western makes are quoted on spot around the basis of 8c and 7 1-2c to 7 3-4c seems to be about the idea for best Easterns. The cable is firm and the feeling on the other side seems to be a little better than it was some time ago.

Butter remains in pretty much the same groove and finest creamery is held on the basis of 17c to 17 1-2c. Western dairy is quoted at 13c.

A god many cable enquiries have been received of late for eggs, but the bids made so far are much too low, consequently, no business of importance has been done yet. Locally, there was a fair demand for small lots, and the tone of the market continues steady with no change in prices to note. We quote. Fancy selected stock, 10c to 10 1-2c; ordinary run, 9c to 9 1-2c, and No. 2 stock, 8c to 8 1-2c per dozen.

Business in beans was again quiet at 95c to $1 for primes, and at $1.05 to $1.10 for choice hand picked per bush.

There was no change in honey. We quote: White clover comb 11c to 12c; dark do., 8c to 10c; white strained, 6c to 7c and dark, 4c to 5c.

The demand for maple product is limit ed and the market is dull; We quote: Syrup in wood, 4 1-2c to 4 3-4c per lb., and in tins, 45c to 50c as to size. Sugar, 6c to 6 1-4c per lb.

BROKERS' FAILURE HURT CANADIAN SHARES.

One of the Causes for the Decline of Grand Trunk Securities in London Yesterday.

London, June 28.—The principal feature in the stock markets here to-day was the revival of activity in Kaffir mines. The other markets were dull and stupid, investment buying in anticipation of July dividends not having yet commenced.

The failure of Hopkinson & Sons, West End bankers, will, it is asserted, have some effect on American and Canadian railways, the firm having stock in pawn, but most people are disposed to view the suspenson as unimportant. What prestige the firm had years ago has been lost recently, and the liabilities cannot be very large.

American securities are dull and drooping, with weakness in Union Pacific stocks Grand Trunk was lower because of the Hopkinson failure. Argentine bonds were flat.

LOWER PRICES FOR CHEESE UP WEST.

At the Country Sales Yesterday Afternoon Prices Failed to Reach the Eight Cent Mark.

There eemed to be a somewhat easier feeling to the cheese situation in the country and while the cable is still advancing, prices yesterday at the various boards failed to come very near the eight cent mark. The figure at Belleville was 7 1-2c, while at Ingersoll the business was on the basis of 7 5-8c.

Belleville, Ont., June 28.—At our market to-day there was offered 1,545 white and 210 colored cheese; sales, 40 boxes white at 7 1-2c; 7 1-2c was freely offered; factorymen refused to accept.

Ingersoll, Ont., June 28.—Offerings to-day, 1,415 boxes; one small lot of 75 boxes sold at 7 5-8c. The method of buying and selling on the board exclusively will be discussed and voted upon next market day, July 5th.

Campbellford, Ont., June 28.—At the Campbellford cheese board, held here to-night, 1,250 boxes were boarded. Whitton bought 785 at 7 1-2c; Bailey, 200 at 7 9-16c; Bailey, 110 at 7 1-2c. Balance unsold.

TRADE ON THE COAST.

Klondike Business is Picking Up a Little and Dealers Feel Somewhat More Encouraged.

"The report reaches Vancouver that the crops are not up to the average on Vancouver Island," writes an authority from Vancouver. "A very different state of affairs exists on the mainland. Along the Fraser and around Chilliwack crop prospects are very bright, and every indication points to an abundant yield now that danger from floods is about over.

"The only changes in the wholesale market is very satisfactory. Dealers were loaded up, and, as a consequence, now that prices are weakening, the smaller dealers, who cannot afford to hold on, are sacrificing their stock at less than what it cost them.

"Flour has dropped 50 cents a barrel. Klondike trade is picking up a little, and merchants are encouraged. Money continues somewhat plentiful, and collections fairly easy."

PLEBISCITE INQUIRY.

Continued from page 1.

issued here. I have no trouble in the parish; but in the village some of the councillors would like to vote to grant licenses; but they are afraid, because they know I run the elections. Women vote here, and always as I tell them. Whenever people here complain that they cannot get anything to drink, I say 'you can go to Riviere du Loup, if you must drink.'

"I get on well with the visitors here. My predecessor did not mix much with the English; but I find it better to do so, and we are very good friends. I never drink wine myself; and try to discourage its use; but there are occasions when one does not like to seem too much better than his neighbor. Once, at a dinner at the hotel, at which a number of clergymen of other denominations were present, I refused wine at first and then they began to joke me; so, not to seem hypocritical, I took a glass. But I do not like to drink it."

"May I ask if you dislike wine, or if you merely abstain in order to set a good example?"

"Well, wine does not agree with me. I do not like it. Then, too, when I entered the priesthood, I made up my mind that I would never drink anything. I said to myself, a true priest should be able to resist temptation of all kind. I keep wine in my house. When I entertain guests at dinner I give them wine if they care for it. But, with my most intimate friends, priests like myself, I tell them, if they want wine, I know nothing about it. Let them ask my housekeeper—that's my aunt. When we consecrated the church here last year, there were three bishops and a great number of minor clergy. I asked the bishop should I give wine at dinner, and he said it was best to do so, not to seem too strict. You cannot very well give a dinner without wine. A judge with whom I dined the other day, said to me, 'How can we be in favor of prohibition, if we are to be prevented from treating our friends properly?' We must not preach what we do not practice.

"Total abstinence societies? Yes, we have had them; but they were not very prosperous, unless the members were allowed wine and beer.

"Stills? I believe there is some illicit distilling practiced; but I hear very little about it. Lately, one of my parishioners came to me and asked me if it was his duty to denounce to the revenue the keeper of a still whom he had discovered. I told him of course it was his duty. He need not have come to me to know that. I have heard nothing since of the matter."

The Sugar Market.

There is no change in the local sugar market. A cable from London says:—"Beef was 3-4d to 1 1-4 lower, with present and next month quoted at 9s 4 1-2d. Cane was dull and tending downward, although prices were unchanged, with Java, quoted at 12s and fair refining at 11s."

Parboiled Human Feet.
Nothing more disgusting or more unbearable, and yet hundreds suffer day after day with sweaty, blistered, burning feet. Foot Elm cures all this. 25 cents a box, or 5 boxes for $1.00, at all drug stores, or we pay postage and send it by mail to any address. M. H. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

MUTINY AMONG THE YUKON TROOPS

A Letter Received From Glenora Alleges That There Has Been Some Trouble.

THE WRITER'S COMPLAINTS

Says the Men Have Not Been Treated in the Way They Should Have Been.

COL. EVANS HAS A HARD TIME.

Ottawa, June 29.—(Special.)—The Journal publishes a letter from the Yukon, the name of the writer being withheld. It is dated Glenora, June 8, and says:—

"You will notice by the heading that we are still in the same spot that we landed on almost three weeks ago, and there is no telling how long we may be here. The cause of the delay no one seems to know definitely, but it lies between the bad trail and the Hudson Bay Company. The Hudson Bay Company has the contract to pack our stuff into Teslin Lake, (and so far they have only managed to get together enough mules to start half a company on the advance. When all will be able to get out of here it is hard to say, but I understand the colonel intends to start our party with the first advance party and let us go in to Teslin and build our boat and start for Dawson independent of the military, an arrangement which is hailed with delight by every one of us, as we are heartily sick of living in such a God-forsaken region as this is.

A Peculiar Country.

"This is the most peculiar country there is in the world. One day it is about 98 or 100 in the shade, and the next day it may be down to freezing. The weather changes from warm to cold and vice versa in about half an hour, and we never know what to expect. There is a great deal of disappointment in Glenora over the Teslin trail. There are about 1,800 miners, etc., camped here who came in this way expecting to find a fine pack trail and waggon road, but when they got here and found out the true state of affairs almost one half of the men who came up here this spring sold out their stuff at a great sacrifice and went south again to start over the Chilkoot Pass.

An Impassable Trail.

"As far as report goes there is almost fifty miles of swamp on the trail between here and the lake, which is impassable for mules or horses, and it costs forty cents per pound for packing supplies or outfits from here in, and it is difficult to get anything packed through even at that price. It was expected that there would be a waggon road through from Glenora, but I understand that even that has been knocked on the head by the Government, and Mackenzie & Mann's outfit left here yesterday.

Rather Expensive.

"Everything is three or four prices here. A small 5-cent bottle of castor oil costs 25 cents; a 2-lb. loaf of bread costs 25 cents; sugar is 20 cents a pound; fresh meat is 55 cents a pound, so that you may imagine what it costs to live. A cigar that you can buy at six for a quarter in Ottawa costs 25 cents here, and everything else in proportion. We are having a first-rate time out here, but we are all anxious to be on the move. We have little to do only look after ourselves and we draw rations from the military stores. We are inclined to kick a little on the rations. We get very little bread and scarcely any tea or sugar, and the evaporated potatoes are not up to much.

Supply Officer Blamed.

The writer blames the supply officer, and says the men intend complaining to the colonel, and if he does not remedy matters will then write to the Interior Department. He says:—"They (the department) gave us to understand that there was to be a first-class fare provided for us; but I don't know that writing to the department can avail us anything, as it takes a letter ten days to reach Ottawa and about fifteen days from Ottawa here, so that we would be out on the trail before it got back here.

"One of the companies of the soldiers mutinied this morning and refused to carry packs weighing from 70 to 80 pounds, and demanded better food, so that all the colonel could do with them was to get them together and march them down to the corner of the camping ground and plead with them not to mutiny against him, and he would try and do his best for them, telling them there would be money for all of them when they reached Selkirk.

"The mutinous company was the one from Fredericton and St. John, N.B. Heretofore the men have been used like dogs and mules."

The writer goes on to state that the officers have not been considerate, and he makes very strong statements against them. He says:—"Very little more would cause an open rebellion, some of the men even telling Col. Evans himself that they are not going to be made mules of, and refusing point blank to do anything. I don't blame them a bit; neither could anyone with common sense or moderation.

"We had quite an exciting tug of war last evening between the picked team of soldiers and our party of the interior. They had the heaviest men, but we walked away with them two out of three pulls and came out victorious, much to the displeasure of the officers, who thought their men invincible in a tug of war."

KELLY GOT THE MONEY.

How a Trustful Sailorman Was Taken in When He Came Ashore to See the Sights.

Dan McEwen, fireman on the Turret Court, came ashore Monday night with some money in his pocket, to have a good time. He met a man, Pete Kelly, whose photograph by the way appears several times in the rogue's gallery, and they had a drink together. They went to a boarding house on St. Paul street where they had supper, and McEwen paid for it. He also paid for a bed for both of them. During the night he woke up and found his money gone and so was Kelly. He told the police and Acting detective Picard and Constable Germain located Kelly on Commissioner street. He denied the theft at first, but when confronted with Phil Murphy, who had changed a bill for him, he confessed to having taken the money, and was yesterday sentenced to three months in gaol. McEwen lost $8 by the deal.

A Canadian Was There.

Ottawa, June 29.—Mrs. Thos. Tubman, of New Edinburgh, has received a letter from Mr. R. Tomlinson, her nephew, who lived in Ottawa a short time, announcing that he, in company with several other men from Admiral Sampson's fleet, before Santiago, helped to hoist the American flag that was raised on Cuban soil by the invading force. The letter is dated 13th June. He says the party was fired upon by guerillas, but gives only a brief account of the fight.

AMONG THE SHIPS

In and Out of Montreal.

Cleared—June 28 and 29.

Steamship Malin Head, McKee, Dublin, via Three Rivers, McLean, Kennedy & Co., general.

Steamship Cacouna, Whalen, Sydney, Kingman & Co., light.

Steamship Turret Bell, Pallister, Sydney, Kingman & Co., light.

Steamship Krim, Irgens, Sydney, Kingman & Co., light.

Steamship Californian, Brown, Liverpool, H. & A. Allan, general, to-morrow.

Steamship Concordia, Stitt, Glasgow, R. Reford & Co., general. to-morrow.

Steamship Arona, Baxter, Leith, R. Reford & Co., general, to-morrow.

Steamship Devona, Tait, London, R. Reford & Co., general, to-morrow.

Vessels in Port.

Steamships.

Sir Richard Grenville, Gill, McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Progressist, Pinkerton, McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Arona, Baxter, R. Reford & Co.
Ferndene, Sharp, Carbray, Routh & Co.
Britannia, Jones, R. Reford & Co.
Devona, Tait, R. Reford & Co.
Californian, Brown, H. & A. Allan.
Cundall, Harrison, J. Thom.
Vancouver, Jones, D. Torrance & Co.
Lorle, Grahl, McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Concordia, Stitt, R. Reford & Co.
Torr Head, McCalmont, McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Rossmore, Nielson, Wm. Johnston & Co.

Brigantine.

Curlew, Grundmark, W. S. Goodhugh & Co.

Barque.

Margaret Mitchell, Davies, Elder, Dempster & Co.

General Notes.

The following cable, which was sent last night by Elder, Dempster & Co. here to the head office in Liverpool, explains itself:—"Got seaworthy certificate for the Montpelier; sails at daylight."

The Allan Line steamship Mongolian, from New York for Glasgow, arrived out Tuesday morning, and landed all her horses alive.

The Allan Line steamship Brazilian left at 6 a.m. to-day for London.

The Thomson Line steamship Escalona, from Newcastle on the 11th, passed Father Point on the 28th.

The steamship Parkmore, Captain Parry, sails this morning for Manchester with a full general cargo, including 45,000 bushels of grain. She is also carrying 400 head of cattle.

En Route for Montreal.

Avlona, Newcastle, June 3.
Athenian, Barrie, June 10.
Escalona, Newcastle, June 11.
Horda, Hamburg, June 11.
Westmeath, Hamburg, June 11.
Maria de Larrinaga, Type, June 15.
Milwaukee, London, June 15.
Springwell, Shields, June 15.
Forest Holme, Maryport, June 15.
Cresswell, Troon, June 16.
Pomeranian, Glasgow, June 17.
Glenvech, Leith, June 17.
Ashanti, London, June 18.
Gallia, Liverpool, June 18.
Montrose, Bristol, June 19.
Cervona, Shields, June 21.
Eastlands, Shields, June 21.
Eveline, Shields, June 21.
Dora, Greenock, June 21.
Assyrian, London, June 22.
Monterey, Avonmouth, June 22.
Mab, Shields, June 22.
Numidian, Liverpool, June 23.
Scotsman, Liverpool, June 24.
Lake Ontario, Liverpool, June 25.
Sarmatian, Glasgow, June 25.
Alcides, Glasgow, June 25.
Landana, Shields, June 26.
Derwent Holme, Greenock, June 26.
St. Thomas, Hamburg, June 27.

The Probs.

Gulf—Moderate to fresh west to southwest winds; clearing and warm.

Maritime—Unsettled and showery today, then clearing; moderate west and southwest winds, and fine to-morrow.

The Tecumseh Sunk.

Marquette, Mich., June 28.—The Canadian steamer Tecumseh, struck on Ripley's Rock in the lower harbor yesterday. The crew attempted her release by the use of a line, but the steamer stuck all the harder, and finally broke her shoe and wrenched her rudder. A bad leak was started, and the steamer filled until finally she slid off the rock into deep water, and sank. The bridge and light upper works of the steamer were torn away by the steam when she sank. The officers and crew of the ship escaped in the yawl and on rafts, and saved most of their personal property.

Gulf Report.

L'Islet—Clear, calm; in, 8 a.m., tug, with two barks.

River du Loup—Raining, east wind.

Father Point—Raining, strong east wind; in 4.30 a.m., Montrose.

Martin River—Raining, southeast wind; in, 4.30 a.m., Milwaukee; 5 a.m., Coban.

Cape Magdalen—Raining,northeast wind; in, 7 a.m., Campana.

North Shore—Raining, east, wind.

Pentecost—Out yesterday, schooner Josephine and Blanche Alma.

Meat Cove—Clear, west wind.

Low Point—Cloudy, southwest wind; out yesterday, 11 a.m., Wild Croft; 6.30 p.m., Louisburg and barge; today, 8 a. m., Chatfield.

Cape Race—Clear, calm, 1 berg south 8 miles, 1 berg E.N.E. 10 miles, both aground; in 6 a.m., Regulus.

Three at a Birth.

Pembroke, June 28.—Yesterday, the wife of Narcisse C. Geroux, of this town, gave birth to triplets, two girls and a boy. One of the girls has since died, but the other two are hale and hearty.

WOMAN.
THE HEALTH OF A NATION DEPENDS ON THE HEALTH OF ITS WOMEN.
22 POUNDS GAINED.
I had been a sufferer like a great many other women with a disease peculiar to my sex. I tried every thing I could read or think about to help me, but was getting worse instead of better. My condition was terrible—I was losing flesh and color, and my friends were alarmed. I consulted a doctor of this town and he said I would never get better; that I would always be sickly and delicate, and that medicines were of little use to me. Hearing what Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills had done for others I determined to try them myself, and to-day I weigh one hundred and forty pounds, while before I weighed only one hundred and eighteen pounds, and I now have a constitution that is hard to beat. I have not suffered any pain in months and earnestly hope that Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills will reach every woman suffering as I did.
Sincerely yours,
MAY COLE, SIMCOE, ONT.
Price 50c. per box, 5 boxes for $2.00, at druggists, or if not obtainable at your druggist, mailed on receipt of price by the DR. WARD CO., Victoria St., Toronto. Book of Information FREE.

MADAME LAPLANTE GAVE EVIDENCE

Continued from page 1.

Guillemain to obtain from him an admission of guilt.

Mr. Bourgeault then asked that the Court adjourn until today.

St. Hyacinthe, Que., June 29.—(Special.)—The proceedings this morning opened with a battle royal between counsel. The respective counsels pleaded at length for and against the admission of Guillemain's admission made to Mde. Laplante at St. Liboire, and the decision of Judge Tellier that these confessions were not admissable as evidence, is a strong point, which the young lawyer for the defence has gained in favor of his client. At the opening of the court the same crowd as yesterday stood around the room, but there was nothing sensational in the evidence this morning to gratify a morbid curiosity.

Before the addresses began Constable Lambert was again put in the witness stand. He said Guillemain had himself asked to visit Madame Laplante to establish a fact, but what the fact was the court did not wish to know just them. It was certainly not by any incitation or inducement of witnesses that Guillemain had asked to visit Madame Laplante.

Mr. Bourgault, counsel for the accused, asked to be sworn, and under oath stated that a few hours after Guillemain's arrival in St. Hyacinthe he had been called at the polices tation, and by Guillemain himself had been asked to act as his counsel.

During that interview with the prisoner witness had forbidden him to give any evidence in the coroner's second inquest. It was to prevent any misinterpretation of his client's silence on that occasion that witness desired to make this statement under oath.

Mr. Blanchet, crown prosecutor, then reviewed the evidence given at the special enquiry held yesterday afternoon. He said that the conversation held at St. Liboire between Madame Laplante and the prisoner had been simply and purely accidental. Guillemain had gone there on his own request, and from the testimony of Constable Lambert it had been shown that no inducement of any kind had been offered to have him go theer with the police.

Mr. Bourgault then addressed the court. A principle of law, which had always been admitted, he said, was that the admissions or confessions of an accused, to be legal, bust be made freely, voluntarily and without influence of any kind. From the evidence adduced at yesterday's special enquiry he would first define what is an inducement, and then he would prove that there had been an inducement from those who had charge of the prisoner at that particular time.

An inducement was to say anything which might exercise an influence over the admissions or confessions of a person. The essential qualites of a confession were that it be free from any influence. He would endeavor to establish from this that the declarations of Guillemain at Liboire were illegal and therefore should not be placed before the court. When Guillemain was detained by the authorities in Biddegord he was not under arrest but simply suspected. Guillemain had been detained then without a warrant, and why if there had been no inducement. Guillemain from all apearance, had returned to Canada of his own accord with Crown Prosecutor Blanchet and Constable Lambert.

Now why did he return. To be simply a witness, or at all events, only to point out the guilty party. Guillemain had been taken to St. Liboire to play the part of a witness solely and any of his admissions under these circumstances should not be admitted.

Lambert had evidently exercised on Guillemain a certain influence and that influence had lasted till after the second inquest held by the Coroner. Under these circumstances, said Mr. Bourgault, the admissions were obtained by inducements and was therefore illegal.

Mr. Fontaine, Crown Prosecutor, said that the view taken by the defence was not upheld by the Court of Appeal which had, the other day, refuted the same allegation in the case of Cordelia Viau. As a matter of fact, there had ben no inducements and he claimed it is so proven by the inquiry held yesterday.

Mr. Bourgault was on his feet in a moment and explained anew, several actions of the police, which he claimed were inducements and remarked that Mr. Blanchet, the Crown Prosecutor, in his evidence yesterday had said: "I tild Guillemain in Biddeford; I do not believe you the murderer, but you must help us to find him." That was an inducement.

The Judge considered the case at length and said it was assuming more and more an important aspect. He upheld the views expressed by the defence and decided that there having been certain inducements the confessions were illegal and therefore not admissible. Mr. Fontaine, took exception to the decision of the Judge and will make application for appeal.

Madame Laplante was again put on the witness stand. She could not produce the letter which Isaac Laplante had written to her husband and reviewed in detail the evidence which she had already given. he court adjourned at 12 o'clock.

Eastern Townships Bank.
DIVIDEND No. 77.
Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of
THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT, and a Bonus of One-Half of One Per Cent,
upon the paid-up Cap..... Stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after
Saturday, 2nd July next,
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to 30th June, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
WM. FARWELL,
General Manager.
Sherbrooke, 1st June, 1898.

Tenders for Repairs
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, for certain repairs and alterations to Bonsecours Market, will be received up to TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of July next.
The specifications for the different wroks to be performed may be seen at the office of the Building Inspector, City Hall.
The lowest or any tender will not be necessarily accepted by the Market Committee.
L. O. DAVID,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's Office,
City Hall,
Montreal, June 29th, 1898.

INSOLVENT NOTICE
In the matter of TELESPHORE AUGER, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, corner of Marin and Fullum Streets, Montreal.
The undersigned will sell by public auction, at No. 69 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal, on
WEDNESDAY, the 6th JULY, 1898,
At 11 O'Clock A.M.,
the movable assets, as follows:
Lot No. 1.—Machinery and Tools......$1,021.75
Lot No. 2.—Office Fixtures 60.50
Lot No. 3.—Rolling Stock 100.00
Lot No. 4.—Boots and Shoes, Leather and Findings.. 628.68
Lot No. 5.—Book Debts 1,436.34
Conditions of sale, cash.
The premises will be open for inspection Tuesday, the 5th next.
For further information, apply to
ALEX. DESMARTEAU,
Trustee.
MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

Charlebois Sale.
Pointe Claire Properties,
July 6th.
This will be an [illegible] cure a Lake St. Louis [illegible] reasonable price, as Mr. [illegible] has fully decided to sell. [illegible] ties will be sold [illegible] rooms, 181 St. James [illegible]
Busses meet all trains [illegible] all inquirers to the property.
J. Cradock Simpson
181 ST. JAMES STREET.

HERALD'S... Legal Directory

A. E. HARVEY, B.C.L.,
ADVOCATE, BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR,
TEMPLE BUILDING, ST. JAMES ST.
Montreal.
Room 58. 'Phone 1863.

S. W. JACOBS,
ADVOCATE, BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR,
Commissioner for New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.
NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING,
Montreal.

A. Finlayson. A. Grant.
FINLAYSON & GRANT
CUSTOM HOUSE BROKERS,
Forwarders and Warehousemen,
413 to 417 ST. PAUL STREET, Montreal.
Bell Tel. 1303. P.O. Box 424.

CHRYSLER & BETHUNE
BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS,
Parliamentary, Supreme Court and Departmental Agents.
19 AND 20 CENTRAL CHAMBERS,
Ottawa, Canada.
Francis H. Chrysler, Q.C. C. J. R. Bethune
Solicitors in Exchequer Court,

LEITCH & PRINGLE,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Etc,
CORNWALL, ONT.
Jas. Leitch. Q.C. R. A. Pringle.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.,
Office—Cor. Richmond and Carling Streets,
LONDON, ONT.
Geo. C. Gibbons, Q.C. P. Mulkern.
Fred. F .Harper.

J. S. BUCHAN, Advocate,
Canada Life Building.

Dr. Baker Edwards,
Dominion Official Analyst and Expert on Handwriting.
Laboratory of Inland Revenue.
PLACE ROYALE. Chambers.
Room 20, Nordheimer's Building,
Bell Tel. 1956. 207 St James St.

RICE
FINER GRADES.
"India Bright."
"Royal."
"Imperial Seeta.'
"Carolina."
POLISHED GRADES
To which particular attention is invited.
"Polished."
"Japan Glace."
"Imperial Glace."
MOUNT ROYAL MILLING CO. LTD
D. W. ROSS CO'Y. Agents, Montreal.

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO.,
LIMITED.
The Most Perfect Mills in Canada.
Keewatin, 2,250 brls. per day: Portage la Prairie, 750 brls. per day. Elevators at all important wheat points in the Northwest. All grades of hard wheat flour in barrels and bags. Quotations and other information can be had on application. Office, Board of Trade Building, Montreal.

The Intercolonial Coal Mining Company,
LIMITED.
Works—DRUMMOND COLLIERY,
Westville, Nova Scotia.
Miners and Producers of "Drummond" Coal and Coke, from the celebrated Pictou Seams of Nova Scotia. Offered in all sizes and quantities to suit purchasers. Shipments by Water or Rail.
Head Office—199 Commissioners St.
MONTREAL.

TEA IMPORTERS
And Wholesale Grocers.
We are the original introducers of Japan Tea into this country, and continue to keep in stock the best assortment to be had. All Orders will have prompt attention.
J. A. MATHEWSON & CO.,
202 McGill Street,
Established 1834.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA
CAPITAL (Paid up) - - $2,000,000
REST - - - - - - - 1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE. TORONTO.
D. R. WILKIE - - General Manager
E. HAY - Inspector.
The MONTREAL Branch of this Bank—157 St. James Street—is now open and prepared to transact general banking business. Special attention paid to collections.
J. A. RICHARDSON, Manager.

LAWN MOWER Repairing
OUR SPECIALTY. We repair Bicycles too. Tel. 1712.
R. DONALDSON & SONS,
1 St. Peter Street.

WEDDING PRESENTS
In Sterling Silver. Best Electro Plate, Clocks, Cut Glass Lamps, Table Cutlery, Spoons and Forks.
JOHN WATSON,
2174
St. Catherine Street.
Art Association Building.
Open until 9 every evening.

CANADA,
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Montreal.
SUPERIOR COURT.
Desire Houle, Plaintiff, versus Boulard & Co., Defendants.
Notice is hereby given, that I, Arthur Gagnon, accountant, of the City of Montreal, was, by judgment of Hon. M. Justice Curran, appointed curator of the property of the said Boulard & Co., on the 28th day of June, 1898.
The creditors of the said Boulard & Co. are hereby notified to fyle their claims with me within a delay of thirty days.
ARTHUR GAGNON,
Curator,
Monument National, No. 218 St. Lawrence St.
Montreal, June 28th, 1898.

What a Shirt Should be ***

Perfect Fitting Well Made, Good Value.

Tooke's Shirts Fill the Bill.

TRY THEM.

R. J. TOOKE, 177 St. James Street. 2387 St. Catherine St. West, 1553 St. Catherine St. East,

HARBOUR BOARD TO TAKE A TRIP

They Will Visit Other Ports and Introduce the Latest Ideas Into Plan 12 A.

THE DRY DOCK MATTER.

An Understanding to Be Come to With the City, and Mayor Will Call Special Meeting.

MEETS MR. TARTE TO-MORROW

The regular weekly meeting of the Harbor Board Commissioners was held yesterday afternoon. Mr. Robert Mackay being in the chair and all the members present.

The first discussion was over plan 12a and the proposed trip of the members of the board to other ports. The chairman said that plan 12a was the basis on which the board must work. "But certain changes may be necessary." Mr. Mackay added. "There is no one round this board who has not the interests of the port at heart and whatever tends to this end I am sure we will all readily agree to. Plan 12a is not everything, and if, in our trip, we see some features, such as in track laying, for instance, which it would be well to have here, we can make arrangements for it."

Mr. Thomson.—"The trip will be of great benefit and Mr. Tarte will, without doubt, sanction whatever charges in the plan the board deems necessary. In view of the request of the Board of Trade, I would like to know whether the board has the power to build elevators, if it so wills. It would be of advantage on this trip to know this."

The chairman replied that the matter had never been considered, and he suggested that the matter should be referred to the solicitors. This was agreed to.

On motion of the Mayor, it was decided that, in view of the great importance of the works at the port of Montreal, the commisisoners be allowed to procure such information as might appear to the advantage to Montreal, and that they visit Canadian and American ports in reference thereto at the Board's expense.

After some general discussion it was decided that the first thing to be done in carrying out the plan was to come to some understanding with the city. The Mayor said he would call a special meeting of Council when the Road Committee had its report ready.

Mr. Thomson asked the engineer if the plant he had on hand was sufficient to go on with the work.

Mr. Kennedy—"No, we are too short of plant at present. It is time to make preparations for that."

Mr. Kenndy was instructed to prepare a report for next season of the plant required and the estimated cost.

Mr. Bickerdike raised the question of the dry dock. The engineer, he said, could not know what plant was needed till he knew the location and the size of the dry dock.

Mr. Torrance—"It must be 600 feet long, at the very least."

Mr. Thomson—"Make it 700 and it will be all the better."

Mr. Hodgson—"Six hundred feet is long enough."

Mr. Kennedy—"A dry dock is like a lock, usually just a little too small. It should be made wide and deep, and a good length, with arrangements for lengthening if required."

A letter from Mr. Tarte was read. He had not been able to be present, but would be in Montreal later in the week. It was decided to meet on Thursday at 10.30 a.m., when Mr. Tarte would be present.

It was also decided that the board should take a trip over the entire harbor previous to the American trip. Four o'clock this afternoon was chosen for this inspection.

The finance committee reported that it had passed pay sheets for $12,637 and accounts for $5,427.

The report was adopted.

A letter was read from Messrs. Kingman, Brown & Co. complaining that the barges at the entrance of the canal interfered with their coal boats entering and leaving the lock.

The matter was left in the hands of the harbor engineer.

A complaint from the Calumet Mining Company, Ottawa, regarding the terminal charges on zinc and lead ores was referred to the finance committee.

A letter from Mr. M. Sharkey regarding a claim for salary from October 1, 1897, to January 31, 1898, was read and, as the matter had been dealt with before, the request was refused. He had been given the legal month's notice, and had therefore no claim on the board.

Death of Miss Morrice.

The many friends of Mr. David Morrice will regret to hear of the death of his daughter Amelia, which sad event took place yesterday at the Manor House, Ste. Therese. The funeral took place this afternoon at two o'clock from the Windsor Station.

Damage Judgment Reversed.

The Court of Review has reversed the decision of the Superior Court in Denis vs. Granite Mills Co., in which the plaintiff sued for damages as tutor to a young lad who was injured in an accident. The court held that the evidence did not justify a condemnation to damages, and dismissed the original action.

Safe in Camp.

The 85th Battalion is now in camp at Laprairie, under the command of Lieut.-Col. Aubry. The corps presented a fine appearance, the men being accoutred for the first time in leggings and white helmets. It was up to its full strength, namely, 276 rank and file, several of the officers being in command of companies for the first time this year. The trip to Laprairie was made by the regular midday steamer yesterday.

Dominion Day at the Post-Office.

Friday, July 1, 1898, Dominion Day, will be observed as a holiday by the Post-office. The outgoing afternoon mails will be closed at 10 a.m. and the night mails at the usual hours. A mail for the steamship Lucania for Great Britain and Europe will be closed at 9 a.m.; a supplementary mail by the steamship Lucania will be closed at 5.30 p.m., and a mail by the steamship La Bretagne, for France, Germany, Italy, etc., wil be closed at 6.30 p.m. The wickets of the office and the receiving houses will be closed at 10 a.m. The lobby will be open from 7 a.m. to midnight.

Mr. Hart Is Qualified.

The Court of Review has confirmed the judgment of the Superior Court in the case of Alfred Joyce vs. W. Thos. Hart. The plaintiff had taken out a writ of quo warranto to prevent the defendant from acting as School Commissioner of Outremont, on the ground that he did not own the necessary property qualification. The Superior Court quashed the writ on the ground of want of jurisdiction, holding that the action should have been taken in the Circuit Court. The Court of Review, in confirming the decision, did so on another ground, viz., that the defendant was properly qualified to act according to the provisions of law regarding School Commissioners.

West End Honors Twenty-fourth.

The West End municipalities celebrated St. Jean Baptiste day on Sunday. The procession started about nine o'clock in the morning at Jacques Cartier Park and proceeded along Agnes and St. James streets, Green avenue, St. Antoine street, down Walker avenue, to St James street, along St. James, Atwater avenue, Notre Dame, Rosignal, St Emelie, Turgeon, St. Ambroise, St. Augustin, Notre Dame and St. Philippe streets to St. Ambroise, thence along St. Ambroise, Boudoin, Notre Dame, St. Elizabeth, St. Antoine, St. Margaret and St. James streets to the French Church, where high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Reme, cure of the church. In the evening there was a display of fireworks, and at ten o'clock the principal members of the society and the invited guests adjourned to the Town Hall, where a banquet was held.

The Boarder Won.

A case of hotelkeeper and boarded has been settled by Mr. Justice Doherty, that of Fuller vs. Peavy et al. Plaintiff boarded in the Albion up to March 11th, since when two trunks and a large box had been held by the proprietors for a bill due. Fuller alleged that on March 11th he tendered the full amount due, $28.43, and this tender was renewed by his action to revendicate his property and the money deposited in court. Defendants pleaded that Fuller owed them $77.98, and that they had a right of retention on the goods seized for that sum. The court held that according to the evidence the tender was sufficient, and the action was therefore maintained, defendants being ordered to give up the trunks, or in default pay plaintiff $300.

Death of Mr. W. W. Lockerby.

Mr. W. W. Lockerby, senior member of the firm of Lockerby Bros., wholesale grocers, died at twenty minutes to twelve last night, at the age of sixty-three years. Mr. Lockerby underwent an operation for a goitre in the neck in February last, and appeared to have gained renewed health, until about eight weeks ago, when he was troubled with slight hemorrhages. Upon the advice of Dr. Shepherd he then gave up active business, and has since been resting quietly at home, gradually sinking towards the end. Deceased was highly regarded by all his confreres in the trade and by all who knew him; he was kindhearted and unassuming, devoted to business, home-life and his church—the American Presbyterian—of which latter he was a very active member.

The late Mr. Lockerby was born at Lacolle, and later moved to Ormstown with his parents. His first experience of business life was at Chateauguay, N.Y. In 1857 he and Mr. D. L. Lockerby entered into a partnership with Messrs. Weed & Coonley, the title of the firm being Weed, Coonley & Co. In 1858 Mr. D. Lockerby sold out, and deceased remained with Mr. Coonley until 1863, when he commenced to travel for Squires, Sherry & Galusha, wholesale grocers, Troy, N.Y. Here he remained for two years, afterwards working for Birchard, Torrey & Co., of Boston, remaining with them for five or six years. He then became a partner in the firm of Dudley, Hall & Co., wholesale teas, who bought out his previous employers. Owing to ill-health, Mr. Lockerby left Boston for New York, and engaged with Francis H. Leggat as tea buyer and tester for two years. He came to Montreal in 1882, and joined the firm of Kirk, Lockerby & Co., which afterwards became the firm of Lockerby Bros. This firm is now composed of A. L. and D. L. Lockerby. Deceased leaves a wife, the daughter of the late Dr. Childs, of Malone, N.Y.; a daughter, a married sister and two unmarried; and besides his two brother partners a brother, Robert, now living at Sudbury; John C., at Morden, Manitoba, and George, at Boston.

The funeral will be a private one, by the express wish of deceased, and will take place at Malone, N.Y. The remains left his late residence, 36 Crescent street, for Windsor station, at 7.30 o'clock this morning.

Court Freedom, C.O.F.

On Friday evening last a brilliant event [illegible] street, in the nature of an "at home," held by Court Freedom, No. 485, Canadian Order of Foresters. The soiree was given by the members in honor of the recent marriage of the present Chief Ranger, Bro. Dr. W. H. Smyth. The lodge room and the concert hall were beautifully decorated with palms, flowers and flags, and presented a delightful appearance. Bro. Dr. Smyth, who had just returned from his honeymoon, with his bride, and was unaware of the object of the "at home," presided, and a very nice musical programme was gone through, consisting of a piano duet by the Misses Guerin and Chennell, a song by Mrs. Chennell, which so pleased the audience that an encore was called for. Then followed and excellent exhibition of club swinging by Master Porteous, and a banjo duet by Messrs. Howard and Chambers, all of whom were encored, and, besides there were musical selections on two of Edison's great inventions, the one called the "graphophone," under the management of Bro. Carson, and the other the "gramaphone," under the direction of Bro. W. H. Eaton, jr. A brief but interesting address was then delivered by Bro. W. M. Couper, Past Chief Ranger, on the order, its position and benefits. Just before closing this part of the evening's programme, a pleasant feature occurred when Bro. Carson stepped up to the platform, and, with words expressive of the great honor and esteem in which Dr. Smyth is held by his brother officers and members of Court Freedom, presented him on behalf of the Court with a magnificent onyx table and piano lamp. As Brother Carson concluded his address the audience arose and sang "Auld Lang Syne." Needless to say, Dr. Smyth was considerably surprised, and he could scarcely gather his words together to reply, but did so in a neat way, thanking the officers and members for their kind present to himself and Mrs. Smyth. Short addresses appropriate to the occasion were then delivered by Bros. Paterson and Beuthner and Lariviere. After this Dr. and Mrs. Smyth held a reception in the upper lodge room, when each one in the audience was presented and formally introduced to them. Refreshments having been partaken of, the audience again adjourned to the concert hall, where dancing was enjoyed until a seasonable, when the National Anthem brought one of the most pleasant events in the history of Court Freedom to a close.

THEY APPOINTED THEIR RELATIVES.

The Members of the Finance Closed the Doors While the Appointments Were Being Made—Other Business.

The members of the Finance Committee yesterday excluded the press representatives while they appointed some of their relatives to newly created civic positions. As stated in yesterday's Herald, Messrs. Sadler, Hudon and Papineau were appointed evidence experts. Mr. Papineau is a near relative of Ald. Rainville, Mr. Sadler is a brother of Ald. Sadler, and Mr. Hudon is a particular friend of Ald. Beausoleil. It was on the suggestion of Ald. Beausoleil that the doors were closed while the appointments were being made.

The committee decided that the G.T. R. offices building must have four fronts. This is so as to make it impossible for the company to attach anything to the rear of their building, which would depreciate the value of the city's property adjacent. They also decided that the deed of the property should stipulate that it was to be used as a site for office purposes only, and if the company at any time ceases to use it as such the property reverts to the city. The City Attorneys were instructed to see that these points were provided for in the documents.

The only other important business was the floating of temporary bonds to the amount of £170,000, the tenderers being Messrs. R. Wilson-Smith and Meldrum Hanson Brothers, and D. W. & A. E. Brunet. It is understood that the firm of Wilson-Smith & Meldrum were awarded £120,000 of the loan at 3 7-8, and the Messrs. Brunet, £50,000 at 3 5-8.

Synod of Rupert's Land.

Winnipeg, Man., June 28.—(Special.) —The Church of England Synod of the diocese of Rupert's Land was formally opened last evening, when Archbishop Machrae delivered his annual charge.

Keep Cool in Summer.

To preserve your health and keep cool in summer time take Abbey's Effervescent Salt. It is made from the salt extracted from pure, fresh fruits, and its daily use brings absolute health. It makes a most delicious summer drink. This standard English preparation is sold by all druggists at 60 cents a large bottle. Trial size 25 cents.

Buy a book of tickets on the Montreal Park and Island Railway, and you can take your family or party of friends all over the lines. Such trips as those to Lachine, Sault au Recollet, Cartierville and around the mountains cannot be surpassed.

What is the Best Tonic for Blood and Nerves? Broma.

It invariably cures pains in the kidneys and sides. Take it also in all cases of nervous weakness and general debility. Neuralgia and rheumatism are quickly cured by the use of this powerful tonic which will enrich your blood and quiet your nerves.

Sold everywhere.

W. D. & H. O. Wills.

Bristol, Eng. Their entire better makes of tobaccos, such as "Capstan Navy Cut," "Gold Flake Honey Dew," "Traveller," "Bristol Bird's-Eye," and others always to be had at E. A. Gerth's, agent, 2335, St. Catherine street. Queen's Block.

A Kingstonian's Degree.

Kingston, June 29.—(Special.)—S. Alfred Mitchell, of this city, has had the degree of Ph.D. conferred on him by the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. He has held a fellowship and been elected a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society. He returns to Kingston this week.

Remedy for Burns and Scalds.

Accidents are liable to occur at any time. Your child or yourself may become scalded or burned at the most unexpected moment. That is why Griffiths' Menthol Liniment should be kept in every house. Its soothing effect is felt the minute applied, and is unequalled by any other remedy. Sold by all [illegible]

WITHOUT LOVE LIFE WAS VOID,

Disappointed in Love, Jas. E. Hughes Throws Himself Into the Canal.

DESPONDENT FOR WEEKS

Was a Quiet Youth and Good Workman Until Within the Past Month.

INQUEST HELD THIS MORNING

Failure in love was the ultimate cause of the death of James Edwin Hughes, of 60 Menai street, Point St. Charles, whose body was found floating in the Lachine canal, above Seigneur street bridge, yesterday. This was brought out at the inquest which was held on the remains at the morgue this morning.

Mr. Michael Hughes, father of the deceased, gave his son's age as 22. He was a painter, working for himself, but for a month past he has done nothing, and seemed to lose all interest in work and life. For a week before his death he was very despondent. The young man left home with a friend at ten o'clock on Friday night, and was seen no more.

Dr. Dugas deposed that there were no marks of violence on the body. There was foam at the mouth, indicating that Hughes was drunk at the time he was drowned.

Mrs. Hughes gave by far the most important testimony. Her son had fallen in love with a young girl in the neighborhood, she said, but he was not successful and took it very badly. On the Monday before he died he drew the last of his savings of the bank and gave his mother portion of it, at the same time telling her that he felt there was a terrible fate before him. From then until Friday he wandered around, frequently saying, "I'm going," but when asked where he was going he would become silent.

Peter Prendergast, the young friend who last saw Hughes alive, left him at the corner of Wellington and St. Etienne streets. From there Hughes must have wandered along Wellington and Centre streets, turned up Seigneur street, and so reached the canal at a lonely spot.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide while in a state of despondency.

Stowaways Punished.

Capt. Nielsen, of the Johnston Line SS. Rossmore, has had a hard time with stowaways the last few trips from Liverpool. On his last trip there were 25 found on board, and he had to put back to land them. This trip he put 12 ashore, but after the vessel was out at sea six "rats de chales" were discovered. They were locked up and handed over to the police when Montreal was reached. They are: Luke Francis, aged 17, discharged; David Eaves, 17; Thomas Coghlin, 22; Mike Ryan, 25, each of whom got two weeks; Thomas Broslin, 30, and W. Borwan, 29, each of whom will stay in Montreal for the next four weeks under Governor Vallee's tender care.

CYCLE—GOLF KNICKERBOCKERS

Want a pair in a hurry? We have them ready to wear at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 a pair.

M. J. ADLER Merchant Tailor, 2320 St. Catherine St.

Country House, $3,000

City House, $8,500

Would be exchanged for a larger city house in the West End.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.

181 ST. JAMES STREET.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on 5th August, 1898, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way, between Montreal and Cote des Neiges, and 36 times a week between St. Henri de Montreal Post Office and Railway Station, from the 1st October next.

Printed notices, containing further information as to conditions of proposed contracts may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Cote des Neiges, Cote des Neiges Ouest, Outremont, and at this office.

J. W. BAIN, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Montreal, 27th June, 1898.

GOOD WILL SOAP

NONE BETTER—FEW AS GOOD—ALWAYS THE SAME QUALITY—

The Place For Bathing

in every form of Baths—Beautiful running water.

Laurentian Baths,

Cor. Craig and Beaudry St.

LADIES' DAYS

Monday Morning and Wednesday Afternoon.

Avoid Impure Milk In Baby's Diet

Nestlé's Milk Food requires the addition of water only, in its preparation, thus avoiding the danger from impure milk.

The milk in its composition is Swiss Milk so justly celebrated for its purity and richness.

An entire diet for infants from the hour of birth.

Sample and our book "The Baby" mailed free to the address of any mother mentioning this paper.

LEEMING, MILES & CO., MONTREAL.

Nestlé's Food

DON'T WAIT—

Till the grass is too long. Have your Mower repaired now. Tel. 1712 and we will send up for and return it promptly.

R. DONALDSON & SONS 1 St. Peter St

Country House, $3,000

City House, $8,500

Would be exchanged for a larger city house in the West End.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co.,

181 ST. JAMES STREET.

Office Supplies...

No house in Montreal is better equipped with office supplies of all kinds, stationery, etc.

Printing, Bookbinding, ruling, embossing, reliefs, etc., quickly and cheaply executed.

JOSEPH FORTIER, 254 St. James Street

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure insertion advertisements should be in the office the day before publication.

WALFORD'S STUDIO

QUEEN' BLOCK, Corner St. Catherine and Victoria Streets,

OPEN ON DOMINION DAY.

Remember our reduced rates still prevail. Best finish Cabinets, Platino, $2.55 per dozen instead of $4.00.

Everything for The First.

We are ready with everything that adds pleasure and enjoyment to the celebration of the Dominion's birthday. How will you spend your holiday? With rod and reel? Then you'll need fishing tackle. We have all the latest kinds at really low prices. Perhaps you'll spend the day on the cool veranda. Then you'll need a hammock. We have them in all styles, from 33c to $7.00 each. When you are tired resting, try a game of Croquet. We have all styles of sets at very low prices. Perhaps you'll play baseball. We have a large assortment of baseball goods, which we are selling very cheaply. As a sample, we have a horse hide, hair stuffed, full sized baseball mit, which we are selling at $1.75 each.

Quite a stock of bicycles and the needed bicycle supplies and sundries.

E. Cavanagh Co.

Cor. Notre Dame and Seignenrs Streets.

Outing Shirts.

Nice, Cool, Easy-Fitting Shirts—Turn Down Collars attached—Cuffs attached—Stiff or Soft Bosoms—Newest Patterns—Prices from 75c upwards.

Munroe Bros.,

2246 ST. CATHERINE ST.

Your Body Looks Well.

If you have it covered by one of our handsome Summer Suits. Dominion Day is coming quick—you'll want your body to look nice and stylish that day surely. We've just what you want in style, fit, quality and price. We'll be awaiting you to-night or to-morrow night to serve you well and "Bargain-ally."

Here Are the Signs to Guide You—

Men's Suits

All Wool Canadian Tweed, in Dark Gray	$4 50
Men's Canadian Tweed, nice patterns	4 00
Very desirable and Right Fashion Men's Suits	5 00
Canadian Tweed, very fashionable	6 00
Wool Serge Suits, fine quality in S. & D. B.	6 50
Tweed Suits in Brown and Mixed Patterns	7 50
All Wool English Serge, in Blue and Black, S. & D. B.	8 50
All Wool Scotch Suits, S.B., the best and finest grade of Suits put on sale in Canada	10 00
Men's All Wool Black Venetian Suits,	$8.50, 12.00 and $15.00
A Fine Line of French and English Serges	$12 00

Negligee Shirts, assorted patterns, 50c each,
Outing Shirts, sssorted patterns, 75c each,
Men's Sweaters, Blue, White, Tan, $1.00.
Men's very nice Balbriggan Underwear, $1.00 a suit,
Men's Natural Wool Underwear, $1.25 a suit.
Men's Nice Summer Coats, $1.25, $1.50, and $2,00 each,

J. S. THOMPSON,

1850 Notre Dame Street.

SUCCESSOR TO COLE & THOMPSON.

Open till 11 p. m. To-morrow Night

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcements under this head 25c each insertion.

BIRTHS.

McARTHUR—On Sunday, June 26th, 1898, at South Lancaster, Ont., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Tom D. McArthur. 150

ANGEL—At Riverfield, Que., on June 25th, 1898, a son to Mr. and Mrs. James Angel.

LOCKE—At 173 Fulford Street, on June 5th, 1898, to Mr. and Mrs. Forrest R. Locke, a daughter.

MORRIN—At Vankleek Hill, Ont., on Saturday, 25th June, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morrin, a daughter.

MITCHELL—At Outremont Junction, on June 26th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. James A. Mitchell.

NEWTON—At 276 St. Luke Street, on the 12th June, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Newton.

SINNET—In this city, on the 23rd, the wife of Michael Sinnet, 168 St. George Street, of a daughter.

VINEBERG—In this city, on the 27th inst., born to Mrs. I. Vineberg, 1920 Notre Dame Street, a son. Albany and New York papers please copy.

PATRICK—Born, at 458 Guy Street, on the 28th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Patrick, a son.

MARRIAGES

MACDONNELL-KENNEDY—In this city, on June 27th, at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father J. Quinlivan, P.P., Cornelius A. MacDonnell, accountant, to Ellen, daughter of the late Alderman P. Kennedy, M.L.A. 151

BEATTIE-AMES—On June 28th, at Christ Church, Franklin, by the Rev. T. B. Jeakins, rector of Waterloo, assisted by the Rev. H. Jekill, of St. Mary's, Montreal, the Rev. W. J. M. Beattie, of Valleyfield, to Julia E., youngest daughter of S. E. Ames, Esq., of Franklin Centre, Que.

COLLUM-EMO—In this city, at St. Luke's Church, on Wednesday, June 15th, 1898, by the Rev. T. E. Cunningham, W. Collum to Sarah, youngest daughter of the late Wm. Emo. Boston and Toronto papers please copy.

KNEELAND-BLACKETT—At "The Willows" Ormstown, Que., the residence of the bride's father, on Tuesday, June 28th, 1898, by the Rev. D. W. Morison, B.A., pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, assisted by the Rev. William Johnson, of Paterson, New Jersey, brother-in-law of the groom, Warren A. Kneeland, B.C.L., Principal of the Riverside School, Montreal, to Aggie, eldest daughter of John Blackett, Esq., of Ormstown.

LEMESSURIER-GIRVEN — On June 22nd, 1898, at Buffalo, N.Y., by the Rev. H. C. Wood, at the home of Mrs. E. Girven, her grand-daughter, Kathryn, to Mr. Franklin C. Le Messurier, of the same place.

ROWLAND-TICKLE—In this city, June 27th, 1898, at Grace Church, Wellington Street, by the Rev. Dr. Ker, James Rowland to Gracie Howard, daughter of the late Peter Tickle.

STRIKE-HUMPHREYS—On the 22nd June, at the Methodist Church, Montreal South, by the Rev. J. Nelson, assisted by the Rev. D. Mick, James W. Strike, son of J. Strike, to Eleanor E. Humphreys, daugnter of Alfred Humphreys.

WAUD-LOCKWOOD — In this city, on the 25th, by the Rev. C. J. James, M.A., Jennie, second daughter of the late James Lockwood, of Melbourne, P.Q., to Robert Waud, of Toronto. Sherbrooke, Melbourne and Toronto papers please copy.

DEATHS.

AULT—Died, suddenly, at Aultsville, June 28th, William R. Ault, brother of Dr. Chas. Ault, of this city, aged 68 years.

BURKE—On the 27th inst., at the Victoria Hospital, Patrick Burke, of Rawdon, P.Q., aged 78. Funeral at Rawdon.

BUTLER—In this city, at No. 12 Conde St., Edward Butler, aged 42 years and 7 months.

CURRAN—In this city, on June 27th, Margaret Curran, aged 65 years.

HENRY—In this city, on the 27th inst., Patrick Henry, dearly beloved husband of Ellen Henry, at the age of 65 years.

HUDON—At Cote des Neiges, on the 27th inst., Mr. J. M. Hudon, of the New York Life, at the age of 40 years. The funeral will leave his late residence at 8 a.m. on Thursday, for Cote des Neiges Chapel, thence to the Catholic Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

LOCKERBY—At 36 Crescent Street, on the 27th June, 1898, W. W. Lockerby (late of the firm of Lockerby Bros.), in his 63rd year.

McFARLANE—On the 27th inst., at Brockville, Thomas McFarlane, aged 33 years, late of G.T.R. offices, Point St. Charles. Funeral in Brockville, on Wednesday, at 3.30 p.m.

MICHIE—At Lachine, on 27th June, Leocadi Valiquette, wife of David Michie, aged 73 years, 8 months and 10 days.

MORRICE—At her father's residence, the Manor House, Ste. Therese, on Monday, 27th June, Amelia Campbell, daughter of David Morrice.

SIMARD—In this city, at No. 69 St. Hubert Street, Louise Marchand, wife of Joseph Simard, N.P., at the age of 55 years and 7 months. Funeral will take place from her late residence, at 8.45 a.m. Thursday, to St. James' Church.

BUTLER—In this city, on June 28th, Edward Butler, aged 42 years and 7 months. Funeral on Friday, July 1st, at 7.15 a.m., from his late residence, 12 Conde Street, to St. Gabriel's Church, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. 152

MONEY MONEY MONEY MONEY MONEY MONEY MONEY MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN.

If you want to borrow money and own Household Goods, Pianos, Organs, Bicycles, Horses or Waggons, call on us, and we will advance you any amount from $10 to $1,000, without removing goods. All transactions made without publicity, and money can be paid back in small monthly or weekly payments to suit borrower. You can get the money the same day you apply for it. No charge unless loan is made. Call and get our terms.

MONTREAL LOAN and BROKERAGE CO.

Room 8, No. 260 St. James St., Cor. Vic. Square, Bank of Toronto Building.

HI BILL!

Yes, you are certain to have a HIGH BILL, and many of them at that, if you persist in dealing with those who spend hundreds on rent, light, etc., and are compelled to charge you prices accordingly. Now, why not come to me? I keep my expenses down low, and can supply you with the VERY BEST GROCERIES at the most REASONABLE PRICES in the city. I am content with small profits, and I am looking for your custom.

A. D. GILLIES, Grocer.

430 St. James Street.

The Herald is published by The Herald Publishing Company, 141 St. James Street, Montreal. James S. Brierley, Managing Director.

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who undertake to dye, but there's only one Parker the dyer. He stands at the head of the dyeing business in Canada. You may as well as not have your work done where it's done best.

R. PARKER & CO.,

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Importers granted open policies. Exporters of hay, grain and provisions granted cover to any part of the world.

EDWARD L. BOND Gen. Agent.

30 St. Francois Xavier Street.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Thomson Line steamship Devona, Tait, master, from Newcastle, is entered inwards at the Custom House. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

ROBERT REFORD & CO., Agents.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Donaldson Line steamship Concordia, Still, master, from Glasgow, is entered inwards at the Custom House. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

ROBERT REFORD & CO., Agents.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Allans' steamship Californian, Brown, master, from Liverpool, is entered at Customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

H. & A. ALLAN, Agents.

WANTED—By a young married woman, a few hours' employment, from two till half-past five o'clock, either light housework or taking out children. Address 41 Alexander Street.

WANTED—Respectable lady desires situation as cook, either in city or country. 595 [illegible] Street. 153

WANTED—By a young man, a situation in a store or office. Applicant is a good penman, quick and correct at figures. Best city references and security if required. [illegible] Herald.

HERALD BULLETIN

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

GRAND EXCURSION TO AUSABLE CHASM, N. Y., DOMINION DAY,

By Laurentian Council, Royal Arcanum, and Knights of Pythias.

Trains leave Bonaventure Station at 8 a.m. Tickets—Adults, $1.50; Children, 75c.

VALUABLE TIMBER LIMIT FOR SALE.

For particulars, address

TIMBER, Herald Office.