

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, &c.

In the public buildings no great degree of taste or elegance can be discovered, although much labour and expense must have been bestowed on their construction. The architects seems principally to have had in view strength and durability.—The only exception from this rule is, the Episcopal Cathedral, an extensive plain yet neat structure of the Corinthian order, completed in 1804; since the erection of this building, a very elegant Chapel of Ease has been built, in St. Stanislaus street, under the management of Chief Justice Sewell, which may fairly be pronounced the handsomest building in the city.

THE SCOTCH KIRK—Is a handsome building, and was erected through the enterprize and voluntary subscriptions of its members, it has laterly been enlarged and embellished with an elegant cut stone front and neat spire.

The Catholic Cathedral is a long, elevated and plain building of stone, with the spire on one side of its front; the internal appearance is neat and spacious, and capable of containing 3000 persons.

The Jesuit's College is a large stone edifice, three stories high, of nearly a square figure, containing an area in its centre. This building is now converted into a commodious Barrack for the troops.

The Seminary, a building of considerable extent forming three sides of a square, containing a variety of apartments suited for the accommodation of a certain number of ecclesiastics and young students of the Roman Catholic Religion. It was originally intended

for the education of Priests, but since the extinction of the order of Jesuits, has been open to all young men without respect of religion, and is the only establishment of the kind in the Province, with the exception of one at Montreal and one at Nicolet.

The Hotel Dieu, situated in Coulliard street, occupies with its gardens a large extent of ground. It consists of a Superior and 34 Sisters, whose principal occupation is to assist and administer medicines and food to invalids of both sexes affected with acute diseases. They are lodged in wards, where much regard is paid to cleanliness and comfort.

The Convent of the Ursulines, situated in Garden street, was founded in 1639, by Madame de la Peltrie, French lady. It is possessed by a Superior and 50 Sisters, who are chiefly engaged in the instruction of young women. In the Chapel is the tomb of General Montcalm, who was killed in 1759, while defending the city against the English.

The General Hospital, on the banks of the River St. Charles, about a mile westward from the Garrison, and surrounded by meadow lands, was founded 1693 by M. de Saint Vallier, Bishop of Quebec, for affording support and relief to the poor, the infirm, or chronic patients. Adjoining this building there is an asylum for the Insane.

CASTLE OF ST. LOUIS.—This edifice was constructed by the French, in the early settlement of the country as a residence for the Governors of Canada; it is situated on the edge of the cliff, above the Lower-town, and commands a very agreeable and extensive prospect of the surrounding country—since the conquest it has undergone various repairs and been much enlarged. It

is at present occupied by His Excellency the Earl of Dalhousie, who has a summer residence at William Henry.

The Bishop's Palace, situated near Prescott Gate has been for several years occupied for Public Offices being leased from the Roman Catholic Bishop. The Chapel is converted into rooms for the meeting of the Legislature.

A building denominated the King's Magazines, completed in 1821, situated on the King's Wharf, in the Lower-town, is an elegant structure, three stories in height and 150 feet in length. In addition to the Public Works, an extensive Rail-way is constructed, which extends from the water's edge to the summit of Cap Diamond. The object of this stupendous work, is for the conveyance of Gunpowder, and bulky and heavy articles from the Lower-town to the Citadel, in order to save the circuitous rout through the city. Such articles are drawn up by machinery.—The extent is upwards of 500 feet.

COURT HOUSE.—This is an extensive neat modern structure, and possesses every accommodation suited to its purpose.

The Gaol situated in St. Stanislaus street, is a large stone building, having a large yard surrounded by a high wall. A Tread Mill has been constructed on the premises for the employment of those prisoners who are condemned to hard labour.

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

The City of Quebec is amply provided with these for the accommodation of the public and strangers. The following is a list of the principal Hotels :

UNION HOTEL, fronting the Grand Parade or "*Place d'Armes*," an elegant building, three stories in height. It is at present undergoing a general repair, and in the rear an additional building is erected, which will greatly encrease its accommodations.

MAILHOT'S HOTEL, No. 40, St. John street, may be considered equal to the Union Hotel. It is a spacious building, three stories in height, and contains a variety of apartments, neat and airy, suited to the accommodation of visitors. Mr. N. F. Mailhot, the proprietor, has erected a building for Baths, which renders it of great importance to the health of strangers, particularly during the summer months. Warm, cold and shower baths, can be obtained every day, at a moderate price; every attention is paid to neatness and good order. This establishment does credit to its proprietor.

PAYNE'S HOTEL, No. 19 Palace street, is a very neat establishment, well conducted, and affording every comfort and accommodation which can be desired.

There are a great variety of Boarding Houses, suited to the different ranks and conditions of life; some, where the charge for board and lodging is as low as 10s. per week, and others, where two-thirds that sum is charged per day.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

There is but one place of public amusement in this city—the Circus; which is situated in the rear of Mr. Mailhot's Hotel, entrance from St. Stanislaus street. It was constructed through the enterprize of Messrs. West & Blanchard. The citizens possess, however, various

other amusements. During the winter, the roads, which are generally good, are thronged with *carioles*, (the principal vehicle used in the winter) filled with gay inhabitants. A Tandem Club has lately been formed, which is conducted with great spirit by the fashionables.

The summer season produces its charms of a different description; the harbour of Quebec, is, in fine weather, covered with pleasure boats, sailing to and from the Island of Orleans, the Fall of Montmorency and the opposite shore of the River St. Lawrence; at which places the traveller as well as the citizen, can find ample means of gratification and amusement.

POST OFFICE.

This Office is situated in Buade street, at the right on entering the large stone building, generally known as "Free-Masons' Hall."

ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Office on the second floor of the Quebec Fire Office buildings, commenced its operations in 1818, with a capital of £250,000. Its affairs are managed by a President, Vice-President, Treasurer and twelve Directors.

THE PHOENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY of London have an Agency in the city. A. Moir, Esq. Agent.

UNITED EMPIRE AND CONTINENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION—Agents, Messrs. T. Stott & Co. Quebec.

BANKING INSTITUTIONS.

QUEBEC BANK, on the ground floor of the Quebec Fire Assurance building, entrance from St. Peter street. Commenced its operations in 1818, with a capital of

£150,000. The business is vested in the hands of a President, Vice-President, Cashier and eleven Directors, annually elected.

QUEBEC BRANCH, MONTREAL BANK, No. 1, St. Peter street, began its operations in 1818, with a capital of £50,000. The management of the business is vested in a President, Cashier and eight Directors, elected annually.

QUEBEC SAVINGS BANK, No. 5, Buade street. This is a private institution, intended to benefit mechanics, labourers, &c. Its regulations are similar to those of a like nature in Europe. The affairs of the bank are vested in a President, four Vice-Presidents and 30 Directors.



LITERARY ESTABLISHMENTS.

Besides the Seminary and other similar establishments, noticed in this work, there are some of a more subordinate nature deserving notice, whose avowed object is the promotion of learning. They may be classed under the following heads, viz :

1. Newspapers,
2. Quebec Library,
3. Circulating Library,
4. Quebec Garrison Library,
5. Reading Room,
6. Booksellers,
7. Private Schools and Academies.

NEWSPAPERS.—There are two semi-weekly papers printed in this city, viz : the QUEBEC GAZETTE and QUEBEC MERCURY.—These papers have been established many years and are ably conducted. There is also a weekly publication, the QUEBEC GAZETTE, pub-

lished by authority. This paper was established in 1823, and is under the superintendence of John Charlton Fisher, Esq. His Majesty's Printer.

QUEBEC LIBRARY,—there is no other established in this city, founded in like manner; it is kept in the third story of the Quebec Fire Assurance Company building. It contains an extensive collection of valuable and useful books. A librarian is always in attendance from eleven in the morning till three in the afternoon, Sunday and Holydays excepted.

A CIRCULATING LIBRARY, containing a respectable number of books, kept at the corner of Garden street, near the Ursulines Convent. The collection is chaste, and the terms on which books can be procured are reasonable.

QUEBEC GARRISON LIBRARY.—This establishment commenced the 1st of May, 1816, under the patronage of His Excellency Lieut. Genl. Sir Gordon Drummond, K. C. B. Commander of the Forces, and the Library has since been patronized by the succeeding Commanders of the Forces; the following is the origin of the institution :

At a meeting of the Staff and Corps of the Garrison of Quebec, held on the 1st May, 1816, the following Resolutions were unanimously agreed to:—

1. That a Garrison Library would, under proper regulations, be a source of great advantage as well as of rational entertainment, to the Officers of the Garrison of Quebec.

2. That the plan of the Garrison Library at Gibraltar be followed in the formation and conduct of that now to be formed.

All officers of His Majesty's Army resident in the Garrison of Quebec, are entitled to become subscribers, and officers of the Royal Navy and gentlemen holding certain situations under His Majesty's Government, are also eligible to the same privileges, as all gentlemen residing in Quebec, who have held commissions in His Majesty's service, and Clerks in the Military Departments have also the same privilege.

The Library contains a well chosen selection of books of general reading, to which additions are annually made, and it promises, under the judicious rules established, in time to become a very valuable Library. Newspapers and periodical publications are also taken for the use of the subscribers.

READING ROOM.—There is only one institution of this kind in the city, it is styled, *The Quebec Exchange Reading Room*; and was instituted for the laudable purpose of accelerating the means of commercial and political information. An apartment is neatly fitted up in the second story of the Quebec Fire Assurance building, for the accommodation of the subscribers, of which there is a great number. The principal European and American Journals and periodical works, are regularly taken.

BOOKSELLERS.—This trade, owing to the limited number of readers, is not so flourishing as might be expected, from the population of the city. There are four bookstores, but on this account their stock is very confined.

PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES.—These are very numerous and daily increasing. Perhaps no place in North America can boast a greater and more respectable number, in proportion to the population, than there to be found in Quebec. The prices of Tuition are various, but generally speaking, may be termed moderate.

LIST OF BRANCH PILOTS,

FOR AND BELOW THE HARBOUR OF QUEBEC :

According to seniority, with the number prefixed to each, which they are obliged, by Law, to have painted on the Fore and Main Sails, and on the Bow and Stern of their respective Boats, under a Penalty of Ten Pounds, currency.

No.	Names.	Age.	Residence.
2	L. M. Lavoie,	68	Father Point.
3	Antoine Petit,	57	Green Island.
5	William Petitgrew,	52	do.
6	Daniel Ross,	55	Father Point.
7	Charles Doiron,	45	Quebec.
8	Pierre Rouleau,	63	Father Point.
9	Jean B. Chaloux,	57	Kakouna.
10	James Forbes,	48	Matane.
11	Joseph Pouillot,	44	Orleans.
12	Jean Dumas,	48	do.
13	Louis Demers,	42	do.
14	Jean Lavoie,	46	Green Island.
15	Barthelemy Pouillot,	43	Orleans.
16	Antoine Roussel,	43	do.
17	Ambroise Dumas,	45	do.
19	Gabriel Lachance, 1st.	41	do.
20	Laurent Tremblée,	40	Quebec.
21	Bart. Lachance, Junr.	42	Orleans.
22	Joseph Tivierge,	40	do.
24	Francis Desnoyers,	69	Quebec,
26	Jean Bte. Morency,	48	do.
27	Antoine Turgeon,	36	Beaumont.
28	Frederick Dorren,	36	Quebec,
29	Angus M'Neil,	42	do.
31	Chrisostome Dumas,	40	Orleans.
32	Charles Dumas,	38	do.
33	Daniel M'Millan,	58	Matane.
35	Jacques La Pierre,	54	do.
36	James English,	38	Quebec.

No.	Names.	Age.	Residence.
0	Charles Pelcha,	42	do.
1	John Kelly,	40	St. André.
2	Benjamin Fortier	37	Quebec.
3	Pierre Crépeux,	38	Orleans.
4	Joseph Jean,	37	do.
5	Benjamin Pineau,	36	Rimousky.
6	Michel Forbes,	37	Quebec.
7	Amable Lavoie,	38	Rimousky.
8	Prisque Meteiller,	34	Orleans.
9	Pierre Lamontagne,	35	St. Michel.
0	George St. Amand,	34	Quebec.
1	Antoine Lapointe, 1st.	34	Orleans.
2	Pierre Corodeau,	36	do.
3	François Morency,	36	do.
4	Charles Fortin,	31	St. Michel.
5	Régis Chamard,	32	Quebec,
6	Antoine Boucher,	35	Orleans.
7	Antoine Lapointe, 2d.	33	do.
8	Augustin Doiron,	33	Beaumont.
9	Pierre Toussaint,	32	Orleans.
0	Amable Paquet,	37	do.
1	Joseph Desjardins,	32	Kamouraska.
2	Clément Chassée,	37	Matane.
3	François Le Clerc,	32	Trois-Pistoles.
4	Jean Langlois, Junr.	35	Orleans.
5	Gabriel Lachance, 2d.	32	do.
6	James A. Dick,	32	do.
7	David Charet,	33	Pointe Lévi.
8	Jacques Fournier,	40	Matane.
9	Germain Souci,	39	Trois-Pistoles.
0	Zacharie Côté,	36	Green Island.
1	François Baquet.	33	St. Michel.
2	François Lachance,	29	Orleans.
3	Guillaume Lachance,	34	St. Michel.
4	Hector Ross,	31	Rimousky.
5	Pierre Boneau,	32	Orleans.

No.	Names.	Age.	Residence.
77	Louis Canuel,	33	Father Point.
78	Joseph Royer,	29	Orleans.
79	François Pineau,	28	Rimousky.
80	François Bourgette,	27	Beaumont.
81	François Lapointe,	28	Orleans.
82	François Dumas,	53	do.
83	Joseph Dumas,	40	Green Island.
84	P. Miville <i>alias</i> Dechene,	27	Pointe aux Peres
85	Pierre Lapointe,	26	Green Island.
86	Nicolas Fortain,	27	St. Michel.
87	Louis Asselin,	27	do.
88	François Coreaudcau,		
89	Jean Godbu,		
90	Pierre Lachance,	26	Orleans.
91	Charles Dion,	28	St. Michel.
92	Antoine Gobeil,	26	Orleans.
93	Frs. Pepin dit Lachance,	29	do.
94	Pierre Paquet,	29	do.
95	Pierre Fontaine,	30	do.
96	Joseph Genest,	25	do.
97	Charles Brown,	25	Cap St. Ignace
98	Etienne Vaillancour,	24	Kakouna.
99	Jean Fortin,	24	St. Michel.
100	François Dupuis,	27	Orleans.
101	Louis Servant,	28	do.
102	J. S. D'Amour,	24	Trois-Pistoles
103	Honoré Chassée,	24	River du Loup
104	F. J. Audet,	22	Orleans.
105	Ls. Thibierge, 1st.	25	do.
106	Z. Blanchette,	24	St. Valier.
107	Alexis Peltier,	25	River du Loup
108	J. Lavallière <i>al.</i> Laverdière,	30	Orleans.
109	Christophe Chouinard,	28	Rimousky.
110	N. Paradis,	25	Quebec.
111	Reguel Benville,	25	Father Point.
112	Antoine Frozier,	24	Quebec.

No.	Names.	Age.	Residence.
113	Ls. Thibierge, 2d.	29	Orleans.
114	E. Petitgrew,	23	Green Island.
115	Honoré Jacques,	25	Crane Island.
116	Malcolm Smith,	25	St. Michel.
117	John Lavoie.		
118	Joseph Pelletier.		
119	François Royer.		
120	François Levesque.		

LIST OF BRANCH PILOTS

For and above the Harbour of Quebec. Mr. Pierre Perrault, of Déchambault, Assistant Examiner of Pilots for and above the Harbour of Quebec.

Names.	Age.	Residence.
François Pagé,	62	Quebec.
Michel Lemieux,	51	Point Levi.
Alexis Marchand,	50	Batiscan.
Joseph Gautier,	52	Cap Santé.
Jean Baptiste Gautier,	45	Déchambault.
Jean Baptiste Biron,	45	do.
Joseph Morin,	46	do.
Antoine Belleisle, 1st.	45	do.
Ambroise Mayrand,	40	do.
Pierre Pagé,	48	Cap Santé.
Antoine Mayrand, 1st.	43	Becancour.
Antoine Mayrand, 2d.	49	Déchambault. [Quebec
Jacques Pampalon,	41	Pointe aux Trembles;
Jean Baptiste Duval,	39	Machiche.
Joseph Godin,	44	Cap Santé.
Pierre Pagé, Junr.	35	Quebec.
François Mercure,	35	Déchambault.
François Hamelin,	32	Quebec.
Thomas Everell,	41	Cap Rouge.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Ambroise La Fleur,	47	Montreal.
Antoine Belleisle, 2d	35	Déchambault.
Louis Baribault,	30	St. Anne.
Ambroise Paquet,	40	Grondines.
Jean Belleisle,	40	Déchambault.
Flavien Hamelin,	30	do.
Jean Baptiste Dusault,	44	Ecureuils.
Antoine Bellecour,	34	Batiscan.
Amand Casey,	38	do.
Charles Raymond,	38	Berthier, C. of Warwick.
Jos. Isai Boudreau,	44	Three-Rivers.
Olivier Boudreau,	35	Dechambault.
Jos. Paquet,	36	Grondines.
Paul Brunet,	36	Déchambault.
Olivier Raymond,	31	do.
Zephirin Boudreau,	24	do.
David Boillie,	31	do.

OFFICERS OF THE TRINITY HOUSE QUÉBEC.

The Honble. John Stewart	Master.	
William Pemberton, Esq.	Deputy Master.	
William Walker,		} Esquires, Wardens.
Robert Paterson,		
Charles Langevin,		
John Lambly,	Harbour Master.	
Rt. Young,	Superintendent of Pilots.	
Mr. Joseph Fenwick,	Asst. Harbour Master, and Superintendent of the Cul-de-Sac.	
William Lindsay,	Esquire, Registrar and Treasurer.	
Jacques Langlois,	Water Bailiff.	
Jean Fluet,	Messenger.	