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Pages.

DAILY WITNESS

Fine and Very Cool.

VOL. XLV., No. 221. MONTREAL, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1904. PRICE ONE CENT.

STOESSEL REPORTS.

Japanese Strike at Port Arthur Water Works in the Night.

TWICE REPULSED — RIFLE, MACHINE GUN AND ARTILLERY ACTION.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—The text of General Stoessel's despatch is as follows:

Port Arthur, Sept. 16.

The enemy continues daily to bombard the forts and batteries inside the perimeter still without showing any results.

Our losses are recovering and returning to their places in the ranks.

Our losses are in excellent spirits.

At about three this morning at least a battalion attacked the redoubt protecting the water works. The garrison of the redoubt repulsed the attack. The enemy received reinforcements and renewed the attack after half an hour. The garrison again repulsed them with rifles and machine guns, supported by artillery. The Japanese sustained heavy losses and did not again attempt to take the offensive.

Lieutenant Philip Poff chiefly distinguished himself, showing the greatest coolness.

A GENERAL ATTACK.

Chefoo, Sept. 20, 5.30 p.m.—Authoritative information has been received here of a general attack upon Port Arthur by the Japanese forces which began yesterday before daybreak and continued until dark.

All indications point to an effort to capture the north-east main forts.

CAPTURED FROM THE RUSSIANS.

Tokio, Sept. 20.—Noon.—Field Marshal Oyama, commanding the Japanese forces in Manchuria, telegraphed to-day as follows:—

An investigation of the trophies captured since our last report, shows the number of Russian buildings occupied by us in the neighborhood of Liao-yang station to be 353 houses and 21 storehouses, covering an area of 58,400 tsubos. We also seized 79,400 bushels of barley, rice, wheat and beans, 1,300 cases of kerosene, 1,800 cases of sugar, 166 tons of coal and much ammunition. The amount of coal captured by General Kuroki will be reported later.

SKRYDLOFF BLESSED.

Constantinople, Sept. 20 The hermit Athos, with the holy image of the Mother of God, has conferred his blessing upon Vice-Admiral Skrydloff and the officers of his squadron.

THE LAKE BAIKAL RAILWAY COMPLETED.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—The work of rail laying between Kuttuk and Baikal, on the Lake Baikal Railway, was completed Sept. 18, and trains will be running over the road on Sept. 23.

GENERAL RECALLED.

Tokio, Sept. 20.—General Harada, commanding the Japanese forces in Manchuria, has been recalled to Tokio.

RUSSO-GERMAN ALLIANCE

HOPED AT IN RUSSIA — GERMANY CONSIDERED NEUTRAL.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—The sensational articles in the British press about a Russo-German secret understanding regarding the Far East have attracted much attention here. It is stated in responsible quarters that Germany has overstepped the bounds of neutrality in any particular. The existence of a secret treaty between Russia and Germany is absolutely denied. The suspicions of Germany are attributed to the memory of the Franco-Germany, with France and Russia in compelling Japan to sign the Shimonoseki treaty concluded between Japan and China as a result of the war between those two countries ten years ago.

Germany undertakes the defence of the German shippers who are supplying coal to Russian warships, including the Russian Baltic fleet now in the Far East, pointing out that matters of neutrality are applicable to governments and not to individuals. Germany is entitled to expect that her rights will be left free to act as she pleases.

RUSSIA IRRITATED.

BRITISH TREATY MAY BE DENIED. WILL IT BE REAL AND LASTING?

London, Sept. 20, 1.05.—With regard to the full text of the British Thibet the irritation expressed at its sweeping character is pronounced. The 'Russ,' which considered to especially represent the Foreign Office, declares that Great Britain has given promises concerning Thibet, requiring a virtual control of Thibet, whereas she undertook to merely regulate trade between India and Thibet. The 'Russ' declares, Great Britain has imposed upon Thibet onerous conditions, secured a monopoly, for-warded Great Britain's influence relations with the Dalai Lama. The 'Russ' foresees that the Chumbi Valley by Great Britain prolonged even after the indemnity, and exclaims that China playing into the hands of Great Britain in deposing the Dalai Lama and appointing in his place a protégé of Great Britain. In conclusion the 'Russ' says significantly: 'The proclamation of the British protectorate must be regarded as an accomplished fact, but whether it will be real and lasting must depend upon future events in Central Asia.'

A LADY TEACHER'S SUICIDE.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—Miss A. M. Harmon, who for many years had conducted a young ladies' private school at the corner of Elgin and Maclaren streets, committed suicide last night shortly before midnight, by jumping over the Interprovincial Bridge into the Ottawa river. Her action was witnessed by Mr. Lecompte, Hull, manager for the Crown Life Insurance Company. The body was recovered this morning, and in the skirt pocket a note was found, which read: 'Dr. MacCarthy has killed me with his theory of keeping boarders. Send my body to Rogers's morgue, on Rideau street, and from there to Montreal, to Kate.' The deceased was sixty-three years of age, and Dr. MacCarthy, her physician, declares that the case was one of temporary insanity, induced by nervous prostration and depression. He had been trying to persuade her retirement from the labors which her school principalship involved. Miss Harmon was a descendant of the hardy pioneers of Western Canada, who played a prominent part in the history of fur trading there two generations ago.

CANADIAN CABLES.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 20.—The revived celebration of Protestant Sunday has been fixed for Nov. 6. Nearly a thousand clergymen of the various denominations throughout Great Britain have arranged to preach sermons applicable to the day.

London, Sept. 20.—The 'St. James's Gazette' says regarding the establishing of a colonial class in the public schools, that the theory seems good enough to warrant experimental practice.

London, Sept. 20.—It is rumored at Aldershot that Lord Aylmer will be made Inspector-General of the Canadian militia.

DROWNED IN MICHIGAN.

REPORT THAT MR. W. HUDSON MATHEWS HAS LOST HIS LIFE IN SAGINAW BAY.

A despatch from Bad Axe, Michigan, states that Mr. W. Hudson Matthews, a well-known Montreal man, was drowned in Saginaw Bay. Beyond the bare statement of his death there are no further particulars, excepting that the body has not yet been recovered. Mr. Matthews's home was formerly in Montreal, and he had quite a large circle of friends and relatives in the city. He spent thirteen years in the employ of the Bank of Montreal, starting at an early age, and after serving in several of the bank's branches, the last of which was Perth, Ont., he severed his connections with the banking line and struck out for the west, where he became a ranchman near Winnipeg. This was in the early eighties. It is supposed that his fortunes were then at a low ebb for several years, until a legacy made him comparatively well off.

Mr. Matthews was well-known to the hunters of Michigan as 'Billy' Matthews, and was one of the best wing shots in Canada, and very well known amongst Detroit bird hunters.

Mr. Matthews, who had been away from Montreal some six or seven years, was 45 years of age and unmarried, and had a home at Bay Port, Michigan. His Montreal relatives are his sister, Mrs. Hiam; Mr. F. B. Matthews, and the late Capt. G. H. Matthews, brothers, while Dr. H. L. Reddy and Mr. Jas. W. Pyke are brothers-in-law. The family have had no other notification, and are awaiting further particulars.

MISTOOK HIM FOR A BEAR.

Fort William, Sept. 20.—While lying in a clump of bushes near the railway track, Patrick Healy was on Sunday mistaken by P. A. Young, of this place, for a bear, and as a result the young man is now in Port Arthur Hospital, dangerously wounded. The shooting occurred in White Fish Valley, twenty-five miles west of here.

ROYAL ORDER OF SCOTLAND.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 20.—The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the Provincial Grand Lodge of the United States Royal Order of Scotland opened here yesterday. The feature of the forenoon session was the allocution of the grand master, Congressman James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, thirty-third degree. At the afternoon session thirty-five men were given their degrees. At the banquet last night Grand Master Richardson presided. Addresses were made by the Earl of Euston, provincial grand master of the London, England, district, and A. M. Hooker, thirty-third degree, grand master of the ceremonies of the Supreme Council of Canada.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

Saratoga, N.Y., Sept. 20.—It is conceded that the first day's session of the Democratic State Convention, opening at noon to-day, will not materially affect the situation as it concerns the selection of the state ticket. The proceedings will be confined, in all probability, to preliminary organization, the reading of the call of the State Committee under which the convention is held, by Mr. Cord Meyer, state chairman, the adoption of the preliminary roll of delegates, the appointment of committee on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions, and the speech of Mr. W. B. Hornblower, temporary chairman, of New York city. Following this, the convention will take a recess until to-morrow morning.

TRAGIC DEATH.

Mr. James Inglis, Former Well Known Montrealer, Succumbs to Terrible Injuries.

AGED EXPERT IN PHOTOGRAPHY THE VICTIM OF AN EXPLOSION IN CHICAGO.

On Sunday last there died in Chicago, as the result of terrible injuries received in an explosion last August, Mr. James Inglis, a former well known and highly distinguished Montreal photographer, in his seventieth year.

Mr. Inglis's establishment in this city was originally on St. James street, but later on was removed to Bleury street, near Craig. He was particularly successful in the production of children's photographs, and made a specialty of that line of work. It was owing to him that the dry plate process first came into use, and his invention brought him world-wide distinction.

While living in this city Mr. Inglis was very active in church work and was one of the founders of Stanley Street Presbyteran Church. He was noted for his good works and enjoyed the respect of all who knew him.

At the request of several American capitalists Mr. Inglis left Montreal to engage in the manufacture of dry plates on a large scale in Chicago. In this he was highly successful and is said to have amassed considerable money.

The accident which resulted in his death was caused by the explosion of twelve pounds of magnesium, while the inventor was experimenting in photography in the basement of the house. This was on the afternoon of Aug. 19 last. The building, which was erected at a cost of twelve thousand dollars, was torn to pieces, the concussion heaving up the floors, blowing out the partitions of the cellar, and, with a force that moved a heavy square piano on the second floor several feet, shattered every window in the house and tore down the plaster in several of the rooms. Mr. Inglis was found a few minutes later in the cellar, buried beneath a pile of debris, horribly burned and mangled. He was at once taken to the Englewood Union Hospital. Mrs. Inglis was also seriously injured but has since recovered.

Just how it happened is a mystery. Mr. Inglis is the inventor of several photographic instruments and was working on a new flash light powder when the explosion occurred. Recently he decided to use a new patent mixer in his operations, and although warned against doing so by his son, bought one of them, with the intention of using it in his experiments that day. According to his son, it was probably the use of this mixer in combining the ingredients of the powder that caused the explosion.

Fortunately Mr. Inglis and his wife were the only persons in the house. Mrs. Inglis was in the kitchen directly above that part of the basement in which her husband was conducting his experiments. The force of the explosion blew her up against the ceiling, stunning her, and severely cutting her head. In the fall to the floor both her ankles were sprained.

Neighbors who were drawn to the house by the great noise found her crawling through the door of the kitchen into the yard. She was taken to the house of Mrs. P. Neher, 6640 Monroe avenue.

When lifted from the floor of the kitchen the injured woman, between moans of pain, told her rescuers that her husband was in the basement of the building, and in an instant willing hands were busy in effecting his rescue. He was found buried deep beneath the debris of the wrecked house, moaning pitifully, with beard, head, and face badly burned.

'How did it happen? How did it happen?' the wounded man whispered between his moans. 'I don't know what caused it.'

The basement in which Mr. Inglis was working was a wreck. The floor of the kitchen was heaved upward and bent like a bow, and every article in that room was destroyed. A clock that had been hanging on the wall had fallen, its hands stopping at exactly ten minutes past two o'clock, the hour at which the explosion took place.

In the library, besides the piano being blown several feet from the wall, the panes of the bookcase were broken. In the dining-room the damage was even greater, as it was in this room that the family cutglass had been kept. The total damage to house and contents was in the neighborhood of six thousand dollars.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Holland Landing, Ont., Sept. 20.—While crossing the track a mile east of here yesterday a buggy containing Mr. and Mrs. Dover, of Stayner, was struck by a passenger train, and both were thrown out. Mr. Dover was injured internally. Mrs. Dover escaped with a sprained wrist and a severe shock.

SUIT WAS DISMISSED.

Walkerton, Ont., Sept. 20.—The petition against the election of Mr. Hugh Clark, Conservative member for Centre Bruce, came up for trial to-day before Chief Justice Moss and Judge Scott, and was promptly dismissed. Counsel for petitioner said he had no evidence to offer, and the judges dismissed the petition with costs. Their Lordships stated that Mr. Clark had conducted a pure election.

RICHMOND AND WOLFE LIBERALS.

Richmond, Que., Sept. 20.—A Liberal meeting was held here last night to select a federal nomination day. Oct. 4 was set as the day appointed for the election of officers of the Liberal Association of the Counties of Richmond and Wolfe, when it is expected that the Hon. Sydney Fisher and the Solicitor-General, the Hon. Mr. Lemieux, will address the electors. There is no doubt that the present member, Mr. E. W. Tobin, of Brompton, who carried the county in 1900, with a majority of nearly a thousand, will be recommended, and the Liberals confidently expect that he will be returned with a large majority.

ESSEX FUSILIERS.

CITIZEN SOLDIERS OFF FOR ST. LOUIS FAIR.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 20.—Gay in red coats and white helmets the Essex Fusiliers left this city this afternoon over the Michigan Central Railway for Chicago, where they will take the Illinois Central Railway for St. Louis, and will camp on the Exhibition grounds. The Canadian troops presented a gay sight as they marched, fully armed, through the business section of the city from the Windsor Ferry dock to the Michigan station. As the steamer 'Pleasure' crossed the river from Windsor with the soldiers a salute was fired in their honor by the United States ship 'Michigan,' which was nchored in the stream. The Fusiliers were about 2,500 strong, and were accompanied by the Maxim gun squad, with its gun.

TIDE OF IMMIGRATION.

FALLING OFF IN RETURNS FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 20.—The Liverpool 'Daily Post' says popular as the emigration to Canada has become the number who went direct in August fell short by 255 of August, 1903. To the United States there were large increases. The figures for August, 1904, were 39,973, and for August, 1903, 29,512. No doubt a substantial number of emigrants who sailed for American ports may ultimately find their way to Canada, but it is none the less remarkable that the number of British emigrants who sailed direct to Canada is less than one-third the total of those going to the United States.

ITALY'S TROUBLES.

TWENTY-FOUR HOUR STRIKE INAUGURATED IN SEVERAL CITIES.

Rome, Sept. 20.—A twenty-four hour strike has been inaugurated at Florence, Leghorn, Naples, Venice, Sienna, Carra, Ancoli, and Novara, while the strike has come to an end at Ancona, Forli, Como and Genoa, where railway traffic has been regularly resumed. At Genoa the workmen, including those employed about the harbor, have resumed work and the night passed tranquilly.

An affectionate demonstration for the army was made, but a deplorable incident happened as the carriage of General Escard passed a group of strikers. The latter tried to stop the carriage, but this was prevented by the police, who started to arrest the aggressors. These rebelled, striking one of the officers over the head and trying to disarm him. The policeman who was struck in defending himself shot dead his assailant.

The strike at Milan continues, but the shops of that city are open and the railway service is regular.

FRIENDS OF ORDER.

BROOKLYN CITIZENS ORGANIZE TO END ROWDYISM.

New York, Sept. 20.—Sworn to put an end to the exercise of gangs of street hoodlums, lawless organizations of foreigners, stop the carrying of concealed weapons, and to protect women from insult and annoyance by rowdies, seventy-four business men of Brooklyn have become incorporated as the Citizens' Protective League for Law and Order. The incorporation propose to encourage men of intelligence and standing to join the league, and not to open the way to membership to everybody who may wish to join.

Sheriff Hesterberg, of King's county, has appointed the members deputy sheriffs, and steps may be taken to secure later special police powers for members of the organization.

Special details will be assigned to work among the great crowds which surge to the Brooklyn bridge during the rush hours of morning and evening. These details will make extraordinary efforts to suppress rowdyism in every form.

SIR HOWARD VINCENT.

NOTED DISCIPLE OF PREFERENTIAL TRADE STILL ENTHUSIASTIC.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—Sir Howard Vincent was interviewed by the 'Witness' correspondent at the King Edward Hotel this morning. The noted apostle of preferential trade within the empire was very frank and cordial and full of commendation for the Canadian preference to Great Britain. Asked if from his standpoint he considers it adequate, Sir Howard exclaimed with fervor: 'It is quite ample,' and, to give added emphasis, 'it is handsome and quite ample.' Sir Howard declared that his life is devoted to the cause of preferential trade within the empire. He considers that Canadian sentiment is more enthusiastic in its favor, and rapidly rising. He would not say that it is rapidly rising in England, but contented himself with the careful statement that it is quite enthusiastic, and quoted the gathering of fifteen thousand at Welbeck, to hear the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain on Aug. 4, at which he was present, as proof of this. After an afternoon and an evening at speech-making, Sir Howard leaves for Montreal for the Canadian Manufacturers' Association convention.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

MONTREALER IN LONDON THINKS OCCASION AUSPICIOUS FOR VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 20.—A Montreal professor now in London declares that if Mr. Chamberlain visits Canada he will receive a reception second only to royalty, and making one speech at Montreal, another at Toronto, would create an Imperial movement which nothing could stop. Renewed attempts are being made to persuade Mr. Chamberlain that such a journey is a vital part of his campaign.

London, Sept. 20.—Mr. Chamberlain writing to Mr. J. H. Davies, of Goulbourn Valley, Australia, agrees that a complete zollverein would be the best thing for the colonies and the Motherland, but politics necessitated a gradual procedure. He would be perfectly satisfied in the first instance with such preferential arrangements as the colonies would be likely to accept.

London, Sept. 20.—Mr. Broderick, M.P., addressing the Primrose League at Bramley, Surrey, said Great Britain must hear a great deal more of what the colonies intended to offer before it would be able to decide on the preference to be offered them.

London, Sept. 20.—The 'Times's' article on Colonial Classes in Public Schools has started an interesting correspondence The headmaster of the Perse School, Cambridge, believes such instruction would lead to cramming. Another criticism points out the danger that the instruction given would be European, not colonial.

London, Sept. 20.—The 'Financial News' publishes a letter from Dr. Boissevain, of New York, giving a critical analysis of the prospects of the C.P.R., says that the remarkable reduction of 7 percent in fixed charges alone evinces the efficiency of the management of the railway.

CANADIAN CAPITALISTS.

DEAL BY WHICH THEY GET INTEREST IN GUATEMALA RAILWAY.

San Francisco, Sept. 20.—The 'Examiner' says to-day that Mrs. Jane Stanford, the Crockers, Edward Searles and General Thomas H. Hubbard, as owners, through the Pacific Improvement Company, of the Guatemala Central Railway, have made a deal with Sir William Van Horne and his eastern syndicate by which they have become interested in an overland railway in Guatemala. It will be 270 miles long, from ocean to ocean, and will be completed within twelve months. It is proposed to run a line of steamers connecting with New York on the Atlantic side, and another line on the Pacific connecting with San Francisco.

THE NETHERLANDS.

STATES-GENERAL OPENED TO-DAY BY THE QUEEN.

The Hague, Sept. 20.—Queen Wilhelmina reopened the States-General to-day. In the speech from the throne the Queen said the home industries of the Netherlands were not competing satisfactorily with foreign enterprise and that the finances of the Dutch Indies and the Netherlands needed strengthening. Her Majesty announced also the forthcoming introduction of bills providing for old age pensions and higher education.

A STRANGE EPIDEMIC.

MANY PEOPLE PROSTRATED.

St. Catharines, Ont., Sept. 20. — A strange epidemic of diarrhoea, accompanied in many cases with nausea, struck the city on Saturday and spread with alarming rapidity on Sunday and Monday. Hundreds of people were taken sick, many requiring medical assistance, and some being so ill for several hours that it was feared they would die. The cause of this epidemic is attributed to the water that has been supplied to the city for the past few days, but others claim that there is nothing in this, as farmers all through the district, from Beamsville to Queenston, have been attacked by the epidemic. The Board of Health does not mean to take any chances of the epidemic spreading, if it can prevent it. The epidemic is so bad that a large number of the employees of the different factories are unable to work.

MR. RITSON WESTWARD BOUND.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—The Rev. J. H. Ritson, the secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, who has been in the city for the past week, left yesterday for Niagara Falls, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr. Lamplough. Mr. Ritson will spend to-day in Brantford, and on Wednesday will go to London, returning here on Thursday morning. Mr. Ritson will leave for a trip to the North-West. He intends to spend Sunday in Winnipeg and the one following in Vancouver.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

In a desperate attempt to re-capture Etse shan fort, lost on Aug. 25, the Russians were repulsed after several hours' fighting, with heavy loss. The War Office at St. Petersburg insists that Kuropatkin, though possessing enough troops to contest the Japanese advance at Mukden, will not seriously offer opposition until Tie pass is reached.

General Stoessel reports an attack on the waterworks at Port Arthur on Sept. 16, which was successfully repulsed. Bombardment continues daily.

It is thought in Berlin that Russia will refuse to recognize the Thibetan treaty, as it strikes a blow at Russian aspirations.

The British ship 'Charybdis' and the French flagship 'Lavoisier' have arrived at St. John's, Nfld., where their commanders wil confer with the rival fishermen.

King Peter of Servia is to be crowned to-morrow.

Renewed efforts are being made in London to induce Mr. Chamberlain to visit Canada.

On Sept. 17 three hundred Arab soldiers pillaged the port of Salonica.

Disregarding the fasting injunction the non-conforming members of the Social-Democratic Jewish League in London came into collision with the orthodox party and many were injured in the street fight that ensued.

Mr. James Inglis, an aged Montrealer, and the inventor of dry plate photography, died in Chicago from injuries received from a chemical explosion.

Owing to a wreck at Dexter, west of Fort William, the Transcontinental, on the C. P. R., was delayed nine hours.

The Archbishop of Canterbury is the guest of the Bishop of Massachusetts at Bar Harbor.

Mistaking Patrick Healy, on Sunday morning, for a bear, P. A. Young, of Fort William, shot at and dangerously wounded him.

A double tragedy was enacted in Vancouver yesterday. Joseph Nucci shot Daisy Capelle, and then committed suicide.

The Halifax water front fire has resulted in a loss of $171,500.

DAY OF ATONEMENT.

MARKED BY SERIOUS RIOTING IN LONDON.

London, Sept. 20.—The Day of Atonement was marked in London by serious rioting in the Jewish quarter of the east end. Over two thousand Jews engaged in a disturbance and nearly three hundred police had to be called out before the disorder was quelled. The trouble arose over the action of non-conforming members of a Social-Democratic Jewish Club at Spitalfields, situated in the heart of a district containing about twenty thousand Jewish inhabitants.

The Socialists openly paraded, in disregard of the fasting injunction, and made a celebration with wines at the club house. The orthodox Jews were angered and surrounded the club house and stoned it. The Socialists threw bottles at the crowd and soon the two or three narrow streets in the vicinity became choked by a fighting mob. Ambulances were called out and the doctors had many minor cases to attend to. Finally the police quelled the disturbance, cordoned off the streets in the disturbed area and made several arrests. Excited groups of orthodox Jews, however, continued to parade the streets and the houses of several Socialist Jews were stoned.

CAPITAL—SHAMROCK MATCH.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—A meeting of the Capital Lacrosse Club executive was held last night, but no conclusion was reached. The Capitals hope the Shamrocks may reconsider their determination to insist on the schedule being carried out of playing next Saturday in Montreal and the Saturday following in Ottawa, as the Capitals' lease of the Oval expires on the first of October, and they will be unable to obtain the grounds a week from Saturday.

FAIR AND VERY COOL.

The clouds consign their treasures to the fields;
And, softly shaking on the dimpled pool
Prelusive drops, let all their moisture flow,
In large effusion, o'er the freshened world.
—Thomson, 'The Seasons.'

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 20, 11 a.m.—Victoria, 64—44; Calgary, 46—24; Qu'Appelle, 44—28; Winnipeg, 48—26; Port Arthur, 46—32; Parry Sound, 64—52; Toronto, 62—52; Ottawa, 60—44; Montreal, 56—46; Quebec, 58—44; Halifax, 64—38.

Showers to-day, followed by strong breezes and moderate gales; north-west to north winds, and decidedly cool. Wednesday, fair and very cool, with frosts at night.

A decidedly cool wave is spreading over Canada from the north-westward, indicating frosts for Ontario and Quebec. Heavy frosts occurred from the Rockies to Manitoba during last night. Winds on lakes, strong breezes to moderate gales.

1628 Notre Dame street Montreal, Sept. 20, 1904.—Readings by the Optical & Engineers' Supply Company's [illegible] Barometer at noon.

Yesterday, 30.35; 11 a.m. to-day, 30.00.

Temperature—	Max.	Min.
To-day	60	50
Yesterday	58	48

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families free of charge, in which case name and address of subscriber should be given.

BIRTHS.

GREER.—At Grande Fresniere, P.Q., on Sept. 9, 1904, to Mr. and Mrs. William Greer, a son.

McKYES — At Montreal, on Monday, Sept. 19, 1904, Mrs. Frank E. McKyes, a son.

MARRIED.

ADAMS — FAWCETT — At the manse, St. Elmo, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, 1904, by the Rev. H. D. Leitch, Mr. James Adams to Miss Cassie Fawcett, both of Dominionville, Ont.

GOUINLOCK — FORLONG — On Sept. 14, 1904, at Brooklyn, N.Y., by the Rev. Father Woods, Adelaide Forlong, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Forlong, to Walter F. Gouinlock, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Gouinlock, of Toronto.

GUMMER — DAY — On Sept. 14, 1904, at 'Homewood,' Guelph, Ont., at the residence of C. E. Howitt, Esq., uncle of the bride, by the Rev. R. J. M. Glassford, assisted by the Rev. G. F. Davidson, Gertrude Katharine, only daughter of Mr. Wm. Day, to Bertram Garfield Gummer.

LAMONT—COSBIE.—On Sept. 14, 1904, at St. Peter's Church, Toronto, by Ven. Archdeacon Boddy, assisted by the Rev. Laurance E. Skey, of Ste. Anne's, Florence Louise, only daughter of R. H. Cosbie, to Wm. Hector, son of Mr. Hector Lamont, of Toronto.

McNAUGHT — LOGNON — On Monday, Sept. 19, 1904, at the residence of the bride's mother, Westmount, by the Rev. Robert Campbell, D.D., May Lognon to Robert H. McNaught, of Montreal.

McLEAN—JARRETT.—At the residence of Mr. H. Hagerty, Summerstown, Ont., on Thursday, Sept. 15, 1904, by the Rev. J. Matheson, B.A., Mr. Allan H. McLean, eldest son of William McLean, Esq., of Mountain View, Summerstown, Ont., to Miss Lillian Ada Jarrett, youngest daughter of the late Col. William G. Jarrett, of Greenock, Scotland.

STEVENS — GEARY — At Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, on Sept. 19, 1904, by the Rev. Herbert Symonds, D.D., Vicar of Christ Church Cathedral, Winnifred Margaret, daughter of the late Rev. Henry Geary, M.A., Vicar of St. Thomas Church, Portman Square, London, England, to Henry Norman Stevens, second son of Alfred B. Stevens, Esq., Municipal Commissioner to His Serene Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, Deccan, India.

WARNEFORD—HOWLAND.— On Aug. 30, 1904, At St. Peter's Church, Hersham-on-Thames, England, by the Rev. Henry Grasett Baldwin, M.A., late chaplain of Christ Church, Mentone, assisted by the Rev. E. P. R. Grundy, M.A., John Robert Kemys Warneford, late of Warneford Place, Highbury, Wilts. to Isabel, third daughter of the late William H. Howland, of Queen's Park, Toronto, Canada, and granddaughter of Sir William Pearce Howland, C.B., K.C.M.G.

WRIGHT — JORDAN — On Sept. 14, 1904, at St. Patrick's Church, Quebec, by the rector, the Rev. Father Henning, C.SS.R., J. Renshaw Wright, to Mary Stella, second daughter of J. A. Jordan, all of Quebec.

DIED.

BLACK — On Sept. 4, 1904, at Beaconsfield, near London, England, Edward Black, in his 39th year, eldest son of the late Rev. W. M. Black, of Anwoth, Scotland.

BOND.—On Sept. 16, 1904, at 372 Maria street, Ottawa, Mrs. Bertie Bond, widow of Jos. Bond, Almonte, aged 62 years.

BURNS.—On Sept. 16, 1904, at No. 134 Stewart street, Ottawa, Eliza J. Magee, in her 75th year, beloved wife of John Burns, of the Department of Inland Revenue.

DRUMMOND.—At 1009 Dorchester street, on Sept. 17, 1904, William Harvey, aged three years and eight months, dearly beloved son of Dr. and Mrs. William Henry Drummond.

Funeral private. 'Suffer little children to come unto me.'

KRAUSE — In this city, on Sept. 20, 1904, Karl August Krause, aged 79 years and 8 months, born in Zittau, Saxony.

Funeral private, from his son-in-law's residence, 507 Victoria avenue, on Thursday, Sept. 22nd, at 2.30 p.m.

Boston, New York and Toronto papers please copy.

LATCHFORD.—At the residence of his brother, 28 Fenning-street, Toronto, on Sept. 16, 1904, James Latchford, aged 30 years, 4 months and 23 days.

MACTAVISH — At his late residence, Kenmore, Ont. on Sept. 15, 1904, Archibald Livingstone MacTavish, aged 64 years and six months. His end was peace.

MONK.—In Hamilton, Ont., on Sept. 15, 1904, William Monk, accountant Molsons Bank, son of the late John Monk, advocate, of Montreal, and brother of Mrs. Geo. A. Mountain, of this city.

NOLAN.—At West Branch, Michigan, on Sept. 1, 1904, Kathleen, wife of the late George Nolan and fourth daughter of the late Daniel Spearman, formerly of Hull, Que., aged 59 years.

ORME.—At Port Daniel, Que., on Sept. 8, 1904, William Harold Owen Orme, of Waterloo, Liverpool, Eng., in his thirty-ninth year.

REIFFENSTEIN — In London, England, on Sept. 16, 1904, R. Julia Reiffenstein, of Ottawa, daughter of the late G. C. Reiffenstein, Ottawa.

FRATTEN — At Quebec, on Sept. 17, 1904, Mary, wife of Henry J. Pratten, Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Peace.

WEST — At her late residence, Thornhill, Ont., on Sept. 15, 1904, Mary, wife of the late R. A. West, in her 83rd year, after a brief illness.

WILKINSON.—On Sept. 16, 1904, at her residence, Windsor, Ont., Wilhelmina Adelaide (Queenie), Lizars, widow of the late Alexander Wilkinson, P.L.S., aged 74 years.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice, will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.
1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., 184 to 194 St. James St., MONTREAL.

A CHARMING COLLECTION OF
BEAUTIFUL COSTUMES AND COATS.
ELEGANT STYLES. MODERATE PRICES

The store interest is at its highest to-day through the arrival of some very handsome novelties from Paris of Ladies' Coats and Costumes, they are not elaborate garments for which Paris is famed, but dignified styles that denote distinction without the addition of showy accessories.

A PARIS PALETOT of Fine Black English Beaver Cloth, trimmed silk braid, epaulettes and flat neck finish, ull sleeve and flare cuff, very stylish. Price.. .. .. $18.00

A Model Coat of Light Brown Cloth, three-quarter length, self applique, and velvet inlaid, full sleeve, close cuff, deep yoke effect over shoulder, satin lined and fancy buttons.. .. .. $27.50

STYLISH COSTUMES.—A distinguished Costume of Woollen Canvas Cloth, in black or blue, hip length, fitted Jacket, double breasted front, tailor seams and strappings of plain cloth, newest tailor pleated Skirt. A Beautiful Costume at $19.20

UMBRELLA TIME.

Here's Umbrella Economy. Were you caught in the rain two days ago? It pays to have a supply of Umbrellas at both ends. Here's your opportunity.

Ladies' Fine Gloria Silk Umbrellas, steel rod, paragon frame, assorted fancy handles. Price.. .. .. $1.50

Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, the best value we have ever offered at.. .. .. $1.50

THIS SPECIAL BARGAIN ON SALE WEDNESDAY ONLY.
750 Rockingham Ware Tea Pots. 19c
These Tea Pots are richly decorated in gold and colors, in a variety of dainty shapes, capacity 6 cups. Original price, 50c each.
Price on Wednesday. 19c ea

SPLENDID WRAPPER VALUES.

Time now to wear a nice warm comfortable Wrapper while going about household duties. Here's a special lot which we offer at unprecedentedly low prices.

Ladies' Wrappers, in assorted colors, also black and white, in a beautiful variety of designs and styles, trimmed with epaulettes, mercerized sateen and fancy braid. Skirt has deep frill at bottom. Extraordinary value at $1.55

BEAUTIFUL NEW DRESS GOODS.

New Basket Weave Dress Fabrics, all pure wool, 44 inches wide, newest colorings. Price 64c

NEW MIXED EFFECTS, in stylish colored cloths, 44 inches wide, very desirable for smart fall dresses.... .. Price 71c

NEW CANVAS CLOTH, for distinguished Gowns, a soft, clinging material, all pure wool, 44 inches wide. Extraordinary value.. .. .. $1.45

GREAT SALE OF WALL PAPER.
5,000 ROLLS FINE WALL PAPERS AT ONE-THIRD THE ORIGINAL PRICES.

These Beautiful Wall Papers were bought from one of the largest makers of Wall Paper on this continent at a considerable reduction off his prices.

The entire lot will be offered to-morrow at a mere fraction of their original cost, the patterns are farnish gold, and embossed designs, and are worth from 17c to 50c the roll.

You may choose among the lot to-morrow for, per roll.. .. .. 6c

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.
1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., 184 to 194 St. James St., MONTREAL.

A FEW
DYEING AND CLEANING

CHEMICAL CLEANING A SPECIALTY.

Carpets and Curtains, etc., Ladies', Men's and Children's Wear of all kinds

REMARKS.
DYED and CLEANED.

Goods sent for and delivered free.

Send for Price list.

Offices - 2433 Notre Dame street.
215 McGill street.
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BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO

All Kinds of
ELECTRICAL WORK
at the CRESCENT ELECTRIC CO. at moderate figures.
THE CRESCENT ELECTRIC CO.
2503 St. Catherine St.
Tel. Up 971.

RUBBER TUBING,
Rubber Packing, Waste, Oakum
White Lead, etc.
Paints and Ready Mixed.
Hardware, Tools, etc.
D. DRYSDALE,
645 CRAIG STREET.

TEES & CO.
Funeral Directors & Embalmers
300 ST. JAMES ST.
Main 327, Up. 1653, Up. 1501.

THE BEST MILK
When ordering your milk supply remember that we deliver direct from the farm in time for breakfast. All the cows under our own care and everything connected with the dairy up-to-date.
H. & W. EVANS,
The Blue Bonnets Dairy Farm,
City Office, 52 Latour St. Tel. Main 903

HARRISON'S
Milk Made BREAD
Is nutritious. Tel. Mount. 386
Office: 14 Somerville Ave., Westmount

Fall Millinery Opening Thursday, Sept. 22, and following days. The very latest fashions in Fall and Winter Millinery. Customers and the public are invited. Miss Shaw, 61 St. Antoine street.

OLD NEWSPAPERS,
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at $1 per 100 lbs.

The Daily Witness.
TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 20.

TOWN OF ST. LOUIS.

PROPRIETORS WHO TRESPASS ON PUBLIC PROPERTY WILL BE BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT.

A very long and desultory debate took place last night at the St. Louis Council meeting on the rights of proprietors to build steps encroaching on the sidewalks.

Councillor Martel thought the time had come to enforce the by-law prohibiting encroachments on the street on the parts of proprietors. The practice had been tolerated to some extent in the past, and had become a public nuisance.

Councillor Dazé would like to see the by-law enforced against every offender alike. Many proprietors who had built a step on the footpath had not been interfered with, but some persons built on the line, and then extended two or three steps on the sidewalk. He asked that the inspector be directed to make a report on the subject.

Councillor Olivier blamed the corporation for not interfering at the proper time. The inspector saw the work going on, but he did not interfere; and it was only when the work was finished, and the corporation had received a complaint from an adjoining proprietor, that the enforcing of the by-law was thought of. A protest is served upon the corporation by a proprietor, who says he cannot rent his houses because of stairs projecting on the sidewalk next door, and the man who has built these stairs complains that he should have been warned in the proper time by the inspector, and should not be asked to remove the stairs now, because that would necessitate the remodelling of the whole front of his property, and so he asks the Council not to enforce the by-law in his case.

Mayor Gelinas explained that the Council could not give permission to any party to do anything in contravention of the by-law. The by-law is there, and the Council cannot set it aside; it must be enforced against everyone alike.

Mr. Poirier appeared before the Council, and his attorney explained that although Mr. Poirier had a licence from the corporation of St. Louis, and another from the city of St. Henri, authorizing him to cart coal, he had, notwithstanding, been fined by the Recorder of Montreal for carting coal without a license. He wanted to know how many licenses were required to cart an ordinary load of coal from St Henri to the Mile End. It appears that Mr. Poirier was merely passing through Montreal with a load of coal, taken at St. Henri, and to be delivered in St. Louis, when he was pounced upon by the officers of the law, who refused to recognize his license.

At the suggestion of Councillor Martin, the secretary was instructed to write to the Chief of Police, Mr. Legault, requesting him to reciprocate by respecting licenses issued in the municipalities, as Montreal licenses were respected in St. Louis.

Mr. E. Roy served a claim on the corporation for $5,000 damages alleged to be caused to his property by a change of the level of the road, corner of Mount Royal and Hypolite streets, which was referred to Mr. Bisaillon, town attorney.

A transfer of license was granted from Mr. Jos. Duval to Mr. Jos. Richer.

Adrien Beaudin was appointed engineer of the steam fire engine, vice Jos. Gingras, resigned.

THE PRIMATE'S VISIT.

ARCHBISHOP BRUCHESI'S ORGAN ON THE EVENT.

Referring to the recent visit of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the 'Semaine Religieuse' points out that the details of the ceremonies connected with said visit, as given in some of the Catholic newspapers, would seem to indicate that the reporters of those journals were present at the religious services in the Protestant churches, and it adds that those journalists should have remembered that they are not allowed to take part in the service of any non-Catholic sect, and as a consequence they should not have given suspicion of their having done so.

After assuring the Anglicans that it does not intend to offend them in any way, and that it bears in mind and shares the kind feelings of Pope Leo XIII. towards England, the 'Semaine' goes on to state in the same article that Anglicanism, since the King proclaimed himself head of the Church of the land, is a purely national institution, no longer in communion with the Church of Christ, whose head resides in Rome, and it is no longer a church property so called. The consecration of the Anglican archbishops and bishops is a mere ceremony, which does not confer order, and when the Catholic newspapers speak of the Archbishop of Montreal, without any other explanation, intending to refer to the Anglican Archbishop, they make an abuse of the term. They should say the Anglican Archbishop of Montreal, as they should have said the Anglican Archbishop of Canterbury.

The article then quotes the form of the oath taken by the Anglican archbishops and bishops before the King, to show that they are mere public officials under the absolute control of civil authority.

The article concludes as follows:—'Again we repeat that these lines are written with the greatest spirit of charity towards our separated brethren. May the grand Catholic movement at present manifested in England ever go on progressing. It would be a great consolation for the faithful to see the realization at an early date of the so ardent desire of Leo XIII., establishing the archconfraternity of Our Lady of Compassion for the conversion of England. With that view, we trust that the prayer of all will ascend more frequently towards the throne of God.'

THE JOHN MURPHY COMPANY, LIMITED

GRAND
MILLINERY OPENING

Unrivalled Success of an Unrivalled Display of High-Class Millinery Models! Patronized and Admired To-day by the Best Shoppers of the City!

Visit our Showrooms TO-MORROW, and share in the delight of viewing this unique collection of exquisite creations in LADIES' HEADWEAR! All are cordially welcome!

CLOAK DEPT.!

A well-earned reputation for always being able to satisfy the requirements of the individual purse and taste, has made our Cloak Dept. a prime favorite with all classes of the community! In no season has its stock been more varied or its price-values more appealing than in this. Call and see how well we can fill your need for a FALL or WINTER GARMENT—**Right in Price, Right in Style, Right in Fit, Right in Material!**

Full range of LADIES' SHORT FALL JACKETS, all the leading shades and designs, $6.50.

LADIES' GOLF CAPES, nice line, $3.90.

LADIES' CRAVENETTE RAINCOATS, full length, 12 in. cape, belt all round, bishop sleeves, tailored finish, in Olive, Gray and Flake Black, $5.50.

SPECIAL.

LADIES' 3-4 DONEGAL TWEED RAINCOATS, half-belted, bell sleeves, were $11.00, special $3.95.

CHILDREN'S TWEED ULSTERS, Navy Blue, fancy trimmed, all sizes, special values from $2.50.

THE JOHN MURPHY COMPANY, LIMITED.
2341 and 2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET,
Terms Cash. Tel. Up 2740. Cor. Metcalfe.

SEVENTEENTH ANNIVERSARY.

Richmond, Que., Sept. 20.—The seventeenth anniversary of the opening of the Methodist Church was celebrated on Sunday. The church was beautifully decorated with plants and cut flowers and both morning and evening services were conducted by the Rev. Jas. Elliott, B.A., Ph.D., professor of philosophy in the Wesleyan Theological College, Montreal. The fact that Doctor Elliott was pastor of the Methodist Church here while the present building was being erected and conducted the first service held within its walls, added much to the enjoyment with which his words were listened to by the large number of people who attended.

Last evening a sacred concert in connection with these anniversary services was held in the church, where solos were rendered by the Misses Maude McCourt, Amy Bushey and Mabel Ewing. Dr. George Alexander and Major Ewing. Dr. Elliott gave a very interesting and instructive address on 'The Elements of Success.' Rev. Dr. Kellock, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Richmond, spoke briefly on the subject of 'Church Unity.' The Rev. R. J. Watt was the other speaker, and his remarks were on the same lines as those made by Doctor Kellock.

TRIBUTE TO DEPARTED.

Richmond, Que., Sept. 20.—Yesterday afternoon the members of Pioneer Lodge, Independent Order of Oddfellows, met at their lodge room, bringing with them wreaths, bouquets and other beautiful devices in flowers. They then marched to Ste. Anne's Cemetery, wearing the regalia of their order, the flowers being carried by little boys, sons of the resident Oddfellows, and deposited on the graves of the deceased members of Pioneer Lodge, this being their annual tribute to the memory of their departed brethren.

BRAKEMAN INJURED.

Richmond, Que., Sept. 20.—While the way freight train running between here and Montreal was being shunted at St. Madelaine on Saturday last Mr. Fred. Pigeonau, of Richmond, brakeman of the train, was struck on the head and seriously injured by a projecting beam. The unfortunate young man now lies in a critical condition in the General Hospital, Montreal.

POLICE CLOTHING.

On Saturday, Quartermaster Kehoe received 355 pairs of winter trousers for the men on the city police force. Yesterday most of these were distributed. The coats will be ready probably this week.

SENTENCED TO DEATH

Magloire Hogue Found Guilty of Having Murdered His Wife.

THE LAW TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NOV. 18.

In the Court of King's B... afternoon Magloire Hogue ... guilty of murdering h... sentenced by Mr. Justice ... hanged on Nov. 18.

His Lordship, in his charge ... congratulated Mr. Beaudin ... Hogue, on his able defence. He reviewed at length the ... case, and spoke of the relations ... Frechettes, to whom Hogue ... the night of the murder. The ... confession on that night was ... by strong circumstantial ... conclusion, His Lordship said, ... are certain that no person ... Hogue committed the murder ... render a verdict of guilty. It ... your duty to give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt.'

After being out for thirty minutes the jury returned and rendered a verdict of 'guilty of murder in the first degree.'

The verdict relieved the suspense of the large crowd which filled the court room to overflowing. The prisoner broke down completely, and sobbed into his handkerchief pressed to his face while Judge Ouimet passed sentence.

Mr. Justice Ouimet, in passing sentence, observed that the crime was the result of the terrible passion for strong drink which numbered so many victims. In such cases there was nothing to palliate the offence, and the murderer must suffer the utmost penalty which the law provided.

'The court will be more merciful to you than you have been to the poor victim, your own wife,' said the judge in conclusion, 'and I will give you two months to prepare for your fate.'

Hogue did not seem to hear the condemnation, but shook his head as if while the judge was talking. He muttered a few incoherent words as he was being led from the dock to the cells.

MR. CHOUILLOU ACQUITTED

In the Enquete Court yesterday Mr. C. A. Chouillou, president of the French Chamber of Commerce, was honorably acquitted on the charge of opening letters addressed to Mr. Leon Cailloux. The Court expressed the opinion that Mr. Chouillou had fully justified himself.

A DANGEROUS FELLOW.

Valleyfield, Sept. 20.—Chief of Police C. Despault on Saturday arrested a tramp giving his name as William Reed, for disturbing the peace. On being searched at the Central station a thirty-seven calibre revolver, fully loaded, besides a bottle of nitro-glycerine, fuse caps and other safe-blowing tools were found concealed on his person. The prisoner claimed he hailed from Toronto, is aged forty-three, fair complexioned, steel grey eyes, auburn hair, six feet one inch tall, weighs a hundred and sixty-five pounds, walks with a slight stoop, wears black derby hat, dark shirt, no collar or tie, brown coat greyish pants and overcoat. The local authorities think they have found a clue to one of the gang of the perpetrators of the numerous robberies which have taken place in the surrounding counties of late.

SEQUEL OF A DEMAND OF ASSIGNMENT.

An action for $10,000 damage has been entered by the Compagnie de Prêt et d'Epargne, Limited, through its attorneys, Messrs. Lamarre & Brodeur, against Mr. David Sperber. The company, plaintiff, bases its claim on the alleged ground that defendant made upon it an unjustified demand of assignment.

A NEW FORM OF OATH.

In the Practice Court yesterday a witness refused to take the oath on the Bible, but declared that he believed in future punishment and was disposed to swear to the truth, on the strength of that belief. Mr. Justice Mathieu held that this was sufficient and accepted the man's oath in that form.

TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAIN DELAYED.

The C.P.R. transcontinental train due at Windsor street station at 8.30 last night did not arrive until nearly 4 o'clock this morning. The delay was caused by the wreck of a train west of Fort William, in which three cars loaded with flour, baggage, mail and express cars, were derailed. No one was seriously hurt.

MR. IRVING MUST REST.

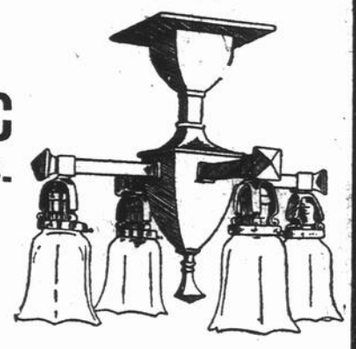
In a few weeks time, Mr. George Irving, one of the 'McGill Five,' who should have been starting with his confreres for the mission fields of India and China, but whose health has failed of late, and his physician has ordered complete rest and change of scene. Mr. Irving was formerly secretary of the McGill Y.M.C.A., and was one of those selected for mission work by the International Committee of the Y.M.C.A. During the past week he took active part in the conferences, and it was noticeable that he had not the vitality, although earnest and zealous in the work of the meetings. He leaves for the West this evening.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Show Days at The Big Store are show days at Carsley's, a sight worth coming miles to see. Here are groups of exquisite Hats, fresh from their trip across the ocean, direct from the hands of the Parisian artists who designed them. Elegant 'Marie Antoinettes,' dashing, stylish 'Roughs,' select 'Directoires,' smart 'Sabans,' all ready to captivate on first sight. In the mantle salon there are many distinguished groups of Costumes and Coats, dainty conceptions that only the fertile brain of a French genius could imagine or the nimble fingers of a Parisian artist create. Moderate prices seem to be the keynote in The Carsley Show of Hats, Costumes and Coats this season.

How much more satisfactory it is to prospective purchasers to thoroughly inspect the goods before buying. This is especially applicable to

Gas and Electric FIXTURES.



In order to show the effects of our surroundings on the various styles of Fixtures, we have fitted up a 'suite of rooms' in the most modern and artistic manner, to assist our customers in the selection of Chandeliers, Brackets, Standards, Table Lamps, etc. Your inspection cordially invited.

McDONALD & WILLSON,
2458 ST. CATHERINE STREET,
Between Drummond and Mountain Streets.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Dr. Riddick is back from his trip to Europe.

Mr. R. W. Reford has returned from Lake Cambon.

Colonel and Mrs. W. P. Anderson, of Ottawa, are in Montreal.

Mrs. J. Harold Magor, Bishop street, is spending some time in Toronto.

Lady Dawson has returned to the city from her cottage, 'Birkenshaw,' at Metis.

Mrs. W. McLea Walbank and family have returned to town from Metis.

Mrs. G. S. Cantlie and family have returned to the city from spending the summer at Cacouna.

Mrs. Frank May and the Misses May have returned to the city from Cap a l'Aigle.

The Misses Fisher, of Huddersfield, England, are in the city, to visit their brother, Major Fisher.

Mrs. Fiske, of Montreal, is in Toronto, and was among those present at the races at the Woodbine on Saturday.

Mr. Harry Ponton is in Belleville, from Montreal, visting his parents, Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Ponton.

The engagement has been announced of Mr. M. Heibronner, of Montreal, to Miss Anne Larue, of Ottawa.

Miss Dunhill, of India, is the guest of Mrs. H. B. O'Neill, 4540 St. Catherine street, Westmount.

Professor A. W. Flux, of McGill University, has returned from Europe, where he spent the holiday months.

Mrs. Skeffington Smyth, who has been visiting Mrs. Maude at Rideau Cottage, is the guest of Mrs. E. S. Clouston for a day or two.

The marriage of Miss Sybil Seymour to Mr. Jack Hood, of Montreal, has been announced to take place in Toronto, on Oct. 15.

Mrs. Gomery and Mrs. Magor are delegates to the Dominion triennial convention of the King's Daughters, in Toronto.

The Hon. Mr. Taverner, member of the executive council of Victoria, Australia, is travelling through the United States to Canada.

Miss Edna Chaplin, Roslyn avenue, her sister Miss C. Chaplin, and a cousin, Miss Ada, of St. Catharines, leave on Thursday next for a trip around the world.

Mr. F. X. St. Jacques, of Ottawa, and Miss Parker, of New York, were married yesterday afternoon, the Rev. Mr. Scott, of Aylmer, Que., officiating.

Sir William Macdonald, who is making a tour of the Northern States, looking into the system of rural education, was in Menominee, Wisconsin, yesterday.

The engagement is announced of Miss Edith Willett, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Brock Willett, of Chambly Canton, to Mr. George Maclaren, second son of Mr. and Mrs. David Maclaren, Montreal.

A quiet wedding took place in Christ Church Cathedral yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when Miss Winnifred M. Hamilton, daughter of the late Rev. Henry Hamilton, M.A., Vicar of St. Thomas's, Regent square, London, was united in marriage to Mr. Henry Norman Stevens, second son of Mr. Alfred B. Stevens, Chief Commissioner to His Serene Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, Deccan. The Rev. Herbert Symonds, M.A., performed the ceremony, and Mr. Norton Griffiths presided at the organ. The bride, who was unattended, was given away by Mr. M. C. Cochrane. She wore a gown, white Gainsborough hat with a plume, and carried a bouquet of cream-white roses. Mr. Griffiths officiated as groomsman. Messrs. R. S. Barron and Peter Redpath. After the ceremony, a reception was given by Mrs. Toller, Sherbrooke street. Among the guests were the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Symonds, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Lighthall, Mrs. McKillican, Mrs. L. Cushing, Mrs. M. C. Cochrane, Mr. and Miss Muriel Wilson, Miss Cochrane, Mr. and Mrs. Stevens and the honeymoon in Toronto, Niagara Falls and other places in Canada. They will reside in Montreal.

HAYS RETURNS.

NINE THOUSAND MILES. WESTERN TERMINUS NOT YET DECIDED UPON.

One most marked characteristics of Mr. Hays, general manager of the G.T.P., is reticence. He does not talk in silence. When at his office he walks down to his office at 9 o'clock in the morning; he transacts his business; and in the evening he goes home—but though, during the day, he works with great energy, he talks but little.

Mr. Hays and party returned last night from the west. The general manager was down at his office this morning as fresh and alert as if he had stepped out of a bandbox; there was nothing in his aspect to suggest that he was just after completing a tour of nine thousand miles.

Mr. Hays was not disposed to say much, the more especially as no conclusion had been reached as to the western terminus. This was the point of interest; it was this which kept the public on the qui vive; and it was this very thing which Mr. Hays avoided while out west, seeking means to elude press interviews, with the result that resentment was expressed that the general manager of a project yhich affected the pockets of every Canadian taxpayer should so studiously (as it seemed) avoid giving all information on this subject.

Mr. Hays stated to-day that the chief object of the trip was to acquaint the directors with the general state of affairs.

Although the trip extended for some nine thousand miles, and although Port Arthur, Fort William, Winnipeg, Prince Albert, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver, Victoria, Port Simpson, Hazelton, (up the Skeena river), and almost every inlet between Vancouver and Port Simpson—were visited, yet Mr. Hays made the important statement to-day that no decision had been reached in respect of any terminals on the Pacific coast.

Asked as to why this was, Mr. Hays replied that the first thing to obtain was an absolutely full knowledge, which could not be secured by the party in question who were, so to say, simply overlooking the general field—taking a comprehensive glance at the configuration of the country, noting its characterists, its possibilities of development and the like.

However, as Mr. Hays stated, competent parties are at the present obtaining this first hand knowledge as to approaches by water and land, for the outlet of the terminus which may be selected is as important as the suitability of the terminus itself from the land point of view. What is being sought for and what it is desired to obtain are terminals which will be equally valuable both from a land and water point of view To reach this decision expert knowledge is required. This has been pressed into the service of the Grand Trunk Pacific. A full report will, before long, be made to the directors, who will pass upon it, and a final decision will be reached.

The trip, according to Mr. Hays, was a revelation to the party, in many important respects. First, the whole country was prosperous; the people were buoyant and hopeful, and alll they needed to complete their satisfaction were additional railway facilities. These are urgently needed for the full development of the country.

One thing which Mr. Hays noted was hat the people wanted these railway facilities quite irrespective of political affiliations. It was not with the people in the west a question of politics; there was a felt need, and there was great satisfaction expressed wherever the party went, that the need would be supplied. The trip extended over, in all, some nine thousand miles, and proved to be most interesting and enlightening.

Asked as to whether, when the report as to terminals was finally passed upon by the directors, work would be at once proceeded with, Mr. Hays replied that that would be a matter for the directors to discuss, but it might, he thought, be safely asserted that there would be no unnecessary delay in starting the actual work of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Mr. Hays was very busy all morning getting everything in shape for the annual meeting of the shareholders and directors of the Grand Trunk Pacific, which was held in the Board Room, at twelve o'clock. This meeting was a formal one, and held chiefy to comply with the law and the charter of the company. Ther wase a discussion as to the results of the trip, and, generally, the situation was gone over.

There were present Messrs. Hays, genral manager of the Grand Trunk; F. W. Morse, Senator Cox, G. Wood, W. Wainwright, W. H. Biggar, E. B. Greenshields, H. A. Allan, and the Hon. Mr. Parent, representing the Quebec government.

THANKSGIVING SERVICE.

St. Stephen's Church, Chambly Canton, held thanksgiving services on Sunday. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers, fruit and vegetables; a full choir made that portion of the service a very delightful one. The congregation was a large one and the collection good. This church, having just passed through a season of depression, is now prosperous.

LABOR CONGRESS.

Address by the Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance.

IN SABBATH OBSERVANCE THE ALLIANCE AND LABOR ARE ACTING HAND IN HAND.

The chief feature of to-day's session of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, now being held in the Cabinet de Lecture, St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame streets, was the address of the Rev. T. Albert Moore, of Toronto. Mr. Moore is secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, and with him on the platform were the Rev. J. A. George, Montreal; Rev. J. A. Gordon, D.D., Montreal, and Mr. A. M. Crombie.

Whatever sentiments of distrust may hitherto have lingered in the mind of any delegate to this congress of labor must certainly have been dissipated by Mr. Moore's forcible presentation of the methods and aims of the organization for which he is doing such brilliant work. He was during his talk cheered to the echo. He recognized, he said, that the labor organizations are working on the same lines as the Lord's Day Alliance, viz., the preservation of the Lord's Day in its integrity. We believe every man has a right to rest one day out of seven. We believe this right of the individual should be protected by law, so that it would be impossible to make men labor seven days a week. In fact we believe the five and a half days' labor is enough, and that the worker should have Saturday afternon for rest and recreation. But the aim of the Lord's Day Alliance is very often misunderstood. A few days ago, down in Ontario, a union man came up to me and said he was down on the Lord's Day Alliance. I asked him for what reason, "Oh," he replied, "I don't believe in this business of making men go to church." Frankly I prefer that men would go to church, but that is not the object of our organization. We aim to protect the Lord's Day and to secure for every worker in the Dominion at least one day out of seven for rest and recreation. We want to unite with the labor unions on this most important point. Not so very long ago a delegation of barbers in Toronto came to me and asked the help of the Alliance in ameliorating their condition. The consequence is that now the barbers in the city of Toronto do not work on Sunday.

'We are grateful to you for the efforts you have put forth on behalf of the Lord's Day cause. I have quoted your resolutions from coast to coast, at many public meetings from Sydney, C.B., to Vancouver. I know the ranks of labor are with us in this cause that we have so much at heart. We are aware, of course, that it is a difficult matter to do away entirely with Sunday labor. For instance, mails, passengers and perishable freight have to be moved on Sunday, but we do deprecate the movement of dead freight on the Lord's Day. Such freight could and should lay over on that day, and thus an opportunity would be given to thousands of engineers, firemen, conductors, brakemen, switchmen and other employees to get a much needed rest. Our efforts are being crowned with success. We have visited over thirty industrial institutions where Sunday work was an objectionable feature, and asked the managers to alter the system. Only two refused, and now the employees of the other factories have their Sundays off.'

Mr. Moore made an earnest appeal to the labor forces to stand by the Alliance in this fight for Sunday rest. He begged his hearers not to stand back or be shy of his organization because it contained clergymen, but to join hands with it, as did the unions in Hull during the strike at the Eddy Match Works.

Mr. Flett, the president, in expressing the pleasure the convention experienced in listening to Mr. Moore's lucid explanation of the aims of the Lord's Day Alliance, remarked that it should not be forgotten that the labor unions, years before the Alliance was formed, had opposed Sunday labor; that they had gone about it in a practical manner, by insisting on double pay for Sunday work. They accepted the Lord's day as an established institution, and what they have they mean to hold. A man fagged out with seven days of work in the week is not a fit receptacle for the Holy Ghost when he does go to church. The president hoped that the representatives of the Alliance would attend the meeting of the manufacturers now being held in this city, and that they would be received with a cordiality equal to that shown them by the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress. He also hoped that the Alliance would patronize the union label as much as possible, and not get any printing done except at a union shop.

Mr. Moore said he had written to the secretary of the Manufacturers' Convention expressing a desire to be invited, but he received no reply. He also assured the convention that his organization, and patronized the union label. As an instance, all their printing was done in union shops, and in union shops alone.

Replying to the question of a delegate as to why the Lord's Day Alliance instituted suits against the employees of the Kingston Street Railway Company instead of the corporation, for running their cars on Sunday, Mr. Moore said that, owing to some clauses in the charter of the corporation, they were forced to take action against the employees. They, however, made it clear that the corporation, and not the employee, would pay the fine. There is a bill before parliament at present, the object of which is to make it feasible to prosecute corporations direct instead of through the employees for desecrating the Sabbath. The fines range from $40 to $200 for conviction in the case of employees, and from $200 to $500 for corporations.

Previous to the arrival of the representatives of the Lord's Day Alliance, there was some discussion as to whether the barber shops in hotels in this city would be suitable places for the delegates to patronize during their stay here. The matter was finally settled by a resolution to the effect that only those shops displaying the union card should be visited.

When the chairman announced that the Lord's Day Alliance desired to visit the convention, and asked the pleasure of the meeting, a delegate named Anderson made some objection, saying that this organization used its efforts to persecute the small shopkeepers, and that if its influence was used in securing legislation in favor of labor it wolud be a much more useful institution. Mr. Anderson's views did not accord with those of the mass of the delegates, and he was told to sit down, and a motion that the members of the Lord's Day Alliance be allowed to address the meeting was carried.

Inasmuch as the committees were unable to report at the morning session, an adjournment was taken till two o'clock this afternoon.

PROTESTANT SCHOOLS.

THE REVISED SCALE OF TEACHERS' SALARIES.

A meeting of the Board of School Commissioners was held this morning at the offices in the High School buildings. The Very Rev. Dean Evans presided and there were present the Rev. Dr. W. I. Shaw, the Rev. Dr. James Barclay, Aldermen Ekers and Robertson, witn Mr. Arthy, secretary, and Mr. C. J. Binmore, treasurer.

Dean Evans was re-elected chairman of the board and notice of the reappointment of the Rev. Dr. Shaw and Ald. Ekers as school commissioners was received.

The committee on the annexation of Cote St. Louis schools reported that they had held a conference with the committee of those schools and arranged the terms of a temporary transfer as the length of notice required prevented a permanent transfer being carried out till the end of 1904-5. Among the terms was that the trustees should give a guarantee to the board so as fully to secure it in the event of the commissioners deciding to build before the end of 1904-5. On the draft agreement being referred to the solicitors of the board, they advised that the trustees could not legally give this guarantee and the project for a temporary union should therefore be abandoned. It was agreed that the proposal should be postponed for a year and steps meantime taken for a permanent union.

The revised agreement between the commissioners and the Baron de Hirsch Institute Commitee was next submitted. This committee had asked for some modifications. They asked that the school coal should be supplied by the commissioners, that the agreement should be for one year only, that the committee should have the right to recommend the teachers, reserving the power to appointment to the board, and that Hebrew should be taught. The committee appointed by the commissioners could not agree to the two first requests. They insisted upon a three years' agreement, but agreed to the last two suggestions. The agreement thus modified was approved.

The resignations of Misses Traquair, Cunningham, Rathwell, Webster, Reed and Millar were received and accepted and the following new appointments were made: Misses G. Fraser, E. Gotto Keys, M. Douglas and B. Butteris to Baron de Hirsch school; Miss Isabel Perry, who was one of the teachers engaged among the Boers in South Africa, to Victoria school; Miss Bissell, to Lansdowne school; Miss Bogan, to Lorne school; Miss Munn, B.A., to Royal Arthur school; Miss Douglas, to Dufferin school; Miss Johnstone, to Riverside school; Miss Lena Runk to Mount Royal school, and Miss Boa to Berthelet street school.

The folowing revised scale of salaries was approved: Male principals of public shools, $1,000 per annum on engagement, with regular annual increases of $50 up to $1,500. Principals in charge of schools containing more than sixteen separate classes shall, in addition to the above salary, be paid a further sum of fifty dollars for each class above sixteen up to $1,800.

Male assistants shall receive $600 per annum on appointment with regular annual increase of $50 up to $1,000.

Female teachers of kindergarten, preparatory and first year classes who serve for three hours a day shall receive $300 on engagement, with regular annual increases of $10 up to $400.

Female teachers of second and third years classes shall receive $350 per annum on engagement, with regular annual increases of $10 up to $450. This affects the largest number of female teachers, and it gives an advance of twenty-seven percent on the minimum and seventeen percent on the maximum of the former scale.

Teachers of fourth and fifth year classes, on the old scale, received $330 up to $440. On the new scale they receive $400 to $500, making an advance of twenty-one percent on the minimum and fourteen percent on the maximum. This also affects a large number of teachers.

Teachers of sixth year classes will receive a further advance up to $550.

High School of Montreal. Teachers of first to fifth year classes receive $550; teachers of sixth year classes $650.

High School for Girls. Teachers of first and fifth year classes receive $525; teachers of sixth year classes, $575. Senior teachers, $500 to $700.

Senior School. Lady assistants receive $500 to $700.

It was announced that the Children's Memorial Bazaar would be held on Sept. 3, and Oct. 1, in the gymnasium of the High School. A holiday was granted for Sept. 31, and it was decided to pay teachers' salaries on Sept. 29.

TEACHERS' CONFERENCE.

The Provincial Association of Protestant Teachers of Quebec will hold their annual conference in Montreal under the presidency of Principal Rexford, LL.D., of the Diocesan Theological College, on Sept. 20, 21 and 22. Papers will be read and discussions will take place on educational questions. Among the speakers from the outside who will address the teachers are Professor Moyse, Dean of the Faculty of Arts, McGill University, and Professor McNaughton, McGill University.

COLONIAL HOUSE, Phillips Square.

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SPECIAL 75c TABLE.

For the balance of the week, we will have a SPECIAL 75 CENT TABLE BLACK DRESS GOODS.

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THE ABOVE ARE ALL NEW FALL GOODS.

A FEW HANDSOME EMBROIDERED BLACK DRESS ROBES IN VOILE DE PARIS. No two alike. To be cleared at 20 percent discount, and 5 percent extra for CASH.

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In this very desirable material we are showing an excellent selection in the following new goods:

CREAM MOHAIRS .. .. ..

ADESPERATE SORTIE.

Port Arthur Troops Try to Re-Take Etse Shan·

ARE REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSSES.

London, Sept. 19.—A despatch from Tokio to a news agency says:—'A strong Russian force made a sortie from Port Arthur the afternoon of Sept. 18, and attacked the Etse shan fort, which was recently captured by the Japanese. Fighting lasted some hours, and the Russians eventually were repulsed with heavy loss.'

GUNS WEARING OUT.

A SUBMARINE BOAT SMUGGLED IN.

London, Sept. 20.—The Che foo correspondent of the 'Telegraph' says that letters from their husbands, received here by the wives of officers at Port Arthur, say that the naval guns at Liao yishan are nearly worn out by incessant firing. It is added that a ship recently ran the blockade, bringing a submarine boat in sections. Nobody in Port Arthur understands submarine boats, but some of the officers and crew of the 'Peresviet' volunteered to operate the craft.

AT THE PASS.

THE PLACE OF THE NEXT BATTLE

St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—While still insisting that Gen. Kuropatkin has sufficient troops at Mukden to contest the Japanese advance, the War Office admits that it is not likely that a decisive battle will be fought there. Everything goes to show that the main Russian position is now at Tie pass, flanked by hills running out on the left and by the river on the right.

Official reports to the War Office are to the effect that the Japanese did not make any further move towards Mukden until Sept. 17, when reconnaissances in force disclosed that they were still massing at Yen tai and Ben tsia putze. No Japanese have been discovered east of the latter point. The reconnaissances, Gen. Kuropatkin says, were brilliantly carried out by Generals Samsonoff and Rennenkampff's Cossack brigade, with a mixed detachment of infantry and artillery, under Rennenkampff's personal command. They captured a village north of Ben tsia putze, which was used as a pivot. The Russians drew off later, losing a few men killed or wounded, after securing valuable information regarding the Japanese strength and position. A couple of days earlier Gen. Mistchenko's detachment of Cossacks reconnoitred toward Yen tai at the cost of a few score wounded, as reported in the Associated Press despatch from Mukden, on Sept. 16. Gen. Kuropatkin says he reviewed yesterday the 37th division, commanded by Gen. Chetamareff, which had just then arrived at Mukden. It belongs to the first European corps, of which the 22nd division, Gen. Afatasovitch, reached Liao yang in time to take part in the battle there. The appearance of the newly arrived European troops at Mukden, instead of being evidence of the complete Russian concentration there, as many persons hastily assumed, is more likely due to the decision of Gen. Kuropatkin to get these fresh and untested troops in contact with the Japanese and give the soldiers who suffered the brunt of the fighting at Liao yang an opportunity to rest and recuperate.

THE ADVANCE.

JAPANESE STRETCHED ACROSS A BROAD FRONT.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—The 'Tageblatt's' Mukden correspondent, under date of Sept. 19, telegraphs as follows:—'The Japanese are advancing slowly with a broad front, the left resting on the Liao river, and the right on the mountains, probably the Fuhsan coal mines, 27 miles eastward. The Russian troops have recovered their spirits.'

RUMORS UNCONFIRMED.

GENERAL KILLED—POSITION ATTACKED.

London, Sept. 20.— The Morning 'Post's' Shanghai correspondent telegraphs that there is an unconfirmed rumor there that Gen. Mistchenko, commander of the Russian eastern Cossack brigade, has been killed.

Other special despatches from the eastward of Yumentzushan, Shanghai, report that the Japanese, on Sunday last, repulsed an attack to the eastward of Yumentzushan, north-east of Yen tai, inflicting a heavy loss on the Russians.

According to the 'Daily Telegraph's' Tien tsin correspondent, Gen. Kuropatkin is in need of supplies, but his orders cannot be filled.

JAPANESE ACTIVITY IN NORTH KOREA.

London, Sept. 19.—A despatch to a news agency from Harbin says the Japanese are displaying considerable activity in North Korea. A skirmish is reported between Japanese troops and a regiment of Cossacks at Fuk chang, about 27 miles north-east of Hanu ang.

SKILFULLY HIDDEN MOVEMENTS

Berlin, Sept. 19.—A despatch to the 'Lokal Anzeiger' from Mukden says:—'The Japanese dispositions are completely screened behind a line of outposts and it is almost impossible to obtain information from behind this veil. The Russians cannot tell which of the four routes the Japanese will follow. Three Japanese companies are patrolling the Hun river in junks. It is reported that Liao yang is occupied by only one company and the heights northward of it by 2,000 men, the air in the vicinity of Liao yang being poisoned by exhalations from thousands of unburied bodies. Field Marshal Oyama's headquarters is a short distance north of Liao yang.

'The expenditure of ammunition at Liao yang was enormous, the Russian artillery from Aug. 31, firing over 100,000 shots.'

OYAMA AND CAPTURED RUSSIAN CANNON.

Rome, Sept. 19.—A despatch from Tokio states that Field Marshal Oyama, in answer to Gen. Kuropatkin's assertion that in the Russian retreat from Liao yang, the Japanese took no Russian cannon, has ordered the date of capture to be engraved on each of the cannon taken by the Japanese on that occasion, to serve for posterity as a souvenir of the battle.

FOR THE FRONT.

GUARD REGIMENTS' OFFICERS CALLED OUT.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—There is a story afloat that a sudden call has been issued to the officers of the guard regiments stationed at St. Petersburg to report for service at the front. According to report, the order directs that eight out of a total of 56 officers of each regiment should be chosen by lot and drafted to serve with the regiments now in the Far East.

It is stated that the order has aroused great discontent. Whole regiments are anxious to go to the theatre of war, but the officers intensely dislike the prospect of the organizations being split up.

JAPANESE TACTICS.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—A despatch to the 'Lokal Anzeiger' from Mukden says that while it is not doubted that the Japanese intend to advance, there is absolute uncertainty regarding the direction in which they will move, whether by the eastern road from Pon si hu, the imperial road from Liao yang, or along the Liao river. Their advanced posts extend from Chang tau, on the Hun river, by way of Chiliho, to Hsiau ku taun. It is very difficult to get a glimpse behind this line. Two Japanese companies that ascended the Hun river in junks have been repulsed at Chang tau. The general situation resembles that preceding the battle of Liao yang. Field Marshal Oyama's headquarters is a little north of Liao yaung.

IN RUSSIA.

CONDITION OF PEOPLE BETTER THAN SUPPOSED.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—Investigation of the internal conditions of Russia discloses a much better situation than foreigners generally believe to exist in this country. An investigation found absolutely no evidence of an impending crisis, but, on the contrary, found special features in the situation making for contentment of the people. The greatest of all these is a wonderful harvest throughout Russia, excepting the three smaller provinces in the south, where drought ruined the crops. The demand for labor is so great and the wages paid are so high that men thrown out of employment in the mills and factories of the cities have returned to their native villages, where they find plenty of work. Bread for all allays discontent in Russia.

There is an intense activity among various revolutionary organizations. Circulars and proclamations of the most violent character have been spread broadcast, but his observations lead the observer to conclude that the moment for the ill-wishers of Russia was badly chosen. While the war has not been popular with the people, these appearances of disloyalty are being resented and have done much to arouse and quicken the patriotic spirit. Many members of the upper classes, who were of liberal tendencies, and who have been fighting all their lives for reforms, now argue that there is a higher duty than internal agitation, and that until the war is over all their sympathies and energies will be with their country. In the opinion of this investigator the real crisis in the interior of Russia will come when the war is finished.

BRITISH SHIP FIRED ON.

SAID TO HAVE BEEN CAPTURED.

Madrid, Sept. 19.—The 'Correspondencia,' of this city, publishes a despatch from Bilbao to-day to the effect that a Russian cruiser had been seen off Cape St. Maria, and that she fired two shots at and took possession of a merchant vessel, supposed to be a British steamer. There is no confirmation of the report here.

THE THIBETAN TREATY.

RUSSIA MAY REFUSE TO RECOGNIZE IT.

London, Sept. 20.—A despatch to the 'Daily Mail' from Berlin says it is reported on high authority that Russia will refuse to recognize the British treaty with Thibet, article nine being fatal to Russian aspirations.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

SIR SANDFORD FLEMING TELLS WHY IT DOES NOT PAY.

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 20.—Sir Sandford Fleming, who returned here yesterday from a visit to the Pacific cable station at Bamfield, says the reason the Pacific cable does not pay is because too many of the directors are interested in the opposition cable, and thus messages are sent by the other route.

Advertisements.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

BONUS SYSTEM FOR LABOR.

British Engineering and Shipbuilding Trade Federation Condemns it.

SAYS IT HAS NOTHING TO RECOMMEND IT—THE 'DAILY MAIL' PESSIMISTIC.

London, Sept. 20.—After an enquiry lasting several months, the Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades Federation, which comprises twenty-four trades unions has issued a report totally condemning the premium or bonus system which was imported from the United States by an agreement between the Amalgamated Engineers and the Employers' Federation. The system worked excellently in many engineering shops, including the royal dockyards, for which reason the employers sought to extend it to other trades. The Engineering and Shipbuildings Trades Federation stepped in at this point and said that it must examine the system before it was adopted. A committee was appointed for this purpose, and it has now unanimously denounced the system as an adaptation of the most pernicious and most degrading condition of employment in modern industrial history, namely, the task work system. The report says. 'It has absolutely nothing to recommend it. It creates jealousy and ill-feeling in the workshop and causes endless bickering and misunderstanding. It has been the cause of more men being discharged than any strike that has ever occurred in the history of the engineering and shipbuilding trades. It prevents men whose waning physical powers unfit them for the closest and hardest labor from obtaining employment except in the busiest times.'

The committee furthermore unanimously condemns any system of wage paying except by the hour, or, when mutually arranged between workers and employers, by piecework. It strongly urges the societies connected with the federation to do their utmost to prevent the adoption of any premium or bonus system.

'DAILY MAIL'S' COMMENT.

The 'Daily Mail,' in an editorial, ironically headed 'No Hustling,' greatly regrets the decision of the Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades Federation. It says that it must strike a blow at British industry and weaken the country's position in the struggle with more alert and more enlightened competitors. The trade unions concerned have set their faces stubbornly against a system which attempts to put a premium on energy and capacity, which is the rule and which produces the best work in the United States, preferring to reduce all labor to one dead level. It warns the unions that while they are taking this retrograde position other nations are capturing British trade.

SURVEYS UNACCEPTABLE.

SAID WORK BETWEEN LAKE ABITIBI AND WINNIPEG HAS BEEN REJECTED BY THE COMMISSION.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—It is reported that the surveys made by the Grand Trunk Railway of that part of the Transcontinental Railway between Winnipeg and Lake Abitibi are not likely to be acceptable to the Transcontinental Commission. The government intended taking over the surveys made by the Grand Trunk if they were satisfactory. That was stated in the House last session by the Premier. But it is now said that the work of the Grand Trunk surveyors was carried too far south to meet the views of the Commission. The work of organization is delayed on this section awaiting the return of Mr. Hays and Mr. Wainwright from the west, when the question of the surveys between Lake Abitibi and Winnipeg will finally be settled.

NEW BRUNSWICK ENGINEERS.

The following have been appointed by the Transcontinental Commission engineers in charge of parties in the New Brunswick district:—Messrs. Chas. Garden, C. L. Miles, G. R. Balloch, F. D. Maxwell, E. G. Evans, C. O. Foss, Horace Longley, N. P. Clark, Karl Weatherbe. All the transit-men, levellers, chainmen, roadmen and topographers for the ten parties have been settled upon and the whole force will assemble at Moncton on Saturday, 24th instant, and will be taken charge of by acting district engineer Dunn, who will assign them to their various sections.

The Commission has decided to secure the services of Dr. Murphy, in connection with the river crossings in the Province of New Brunswick.

For the present the headquarters of the acting district engineer for New Brunswick will be at Fredericton.

SACRED WHITE MICE.

CURIOUS THINGS SEEN IN THE GREAT BUDDHIST TEMPLE AT LHASA.

London, Sept. 17.—.—A despatch to the 'Daily Mail' from Lhasa, dated Sept. 9, gives a striking description of a visit to the Buddhist Temple there during the service. The correspondent says:—

'The monks have extraordinary deep, devotional voices, reaching deeper tones than any western bass. The voices of a thousand monks resembled the drone of a subterranean monster, musically plaintive—the voice of the earth God praying for release to the God of the skies.

'In the inner temple are three enormous images of the Buddhist trinity, set with jewels from foot to crown. In the upper story, in a place we called 'hell,' some Lamas were worshipping the demon protectress of the Grand Lama. The music here was harsh and barbaric. On pillars and on walls were displayed every freak of diabolical invention in the shape of scrolls and devil masks. The object of this worship was huddled in a corner, a dwarf, hideous and malignant enough for such rites.

'All about the Lamas' feet ran little white mice, searching for grain, with which they are fed daily. They are scrupulously reverenced, as in their bodies the souls of previous guardians of the shrine are believed to be reincarnated.

'Some of the rites were conducted in absolute silence. As we watched from a latticed window some acolytes looked up, but the monks sat like stone figures, apparently oblivious of our presence. The reek of candles was almost suffocating. "Thank God I'm not a Lama," said a subaltern at my side as we clatter out of this unholy atmosphere of dreams.'

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto

Dr. Chase's Ointment.

FRENCH SHORE DISPUTE.

WARSHIP ARRIVES AT SCENE.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 20.—The British flagship 'Charybdis,' and the French flagship 'Lavoisier' arrived here yesterday. The commanders of these vessels will confer with the colonial government respecting the difficulties between rival fishermen over phases of the French Shore dispute, which have grown acute in the last few weeks. The flagships will remain here and take part in the reception of Sir William MacGregor, the newly appointed Governor of Newfoundland, who is expected to arrive on Sunday next.

CANADIAN MUNICIPALITIES.

CONVENTION MEETS THIS YEAR IN LONDON.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—Former Mayor Cook, president of the Union of Canadian Municipalities; Mayor Ellis, and Ald. Stroud left last night for London, to attend the convention of the union. The mayor will introduce his municipal insurance proposition. He states that the principal of it has been endorsed by the mayors of Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg.

A WIFE-BEATER.

A MANITOBA CURE FOR ONE.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—At Belmont last night a resident was heard by neighbors beating his wife. A number of men gathered, went to the house and took him down the railway track, where he was beaten with sticks and then preparations were made for lynching as a 'bluff.' When the rope was around his neck the man promised to do better, and not ill use his wife. He was taken home, where a crowd awaited to see the effects of his beating, and left word with his wife that he was to be more roughly handled should he break out again.

SIR HENRY IRVING.

BEGINS HIS FAREWELL TOUR.

London, Sept. 20.—Sir Henry Irving began his farewell season in the provinces at Cardiff last night, appearing in 'The Merchant of Venice,' with Edith Matthison as Portia. The house was crowded, and the audience gave an enthusiastic reception both to Sir Henry and Miss Matthison.

The report published in America that Sir Henry Irving has engaged Miss Matthison as leading lady in place of Ellen Terry is incorrect, the only basis of the story being in the fact that Miss Mathison will play such parts as Portia. Maud Fealy will support Sir Henry as Rosamond in 'Becket,' Julie in 'The Lyons Mail,' Nora in 'The Story of Waterloo,' etc., throughout his farewell tour here and in the United States.

THE HALIFAX FIRE.

LIST OF LOSSES.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 20.—The losses by fire on the water front, which broke out afresh at four o'clock, are estimated to amount to $171,500, as follows:—Black Bros., stock, about fully insured, between $70,000; Marshal Black's buildings, (fully insured), $30,000; Pickford & Black, buildings and stock (fully insured), $40,000; Bryant & McDonald stock (covered), $12,000; R. B. Zeton & Co.'s stock (covered), $12,000. G. C. Cook & Co., stock, $2,500; Thomas Forhan & Son, loss, $600; Thomas Jaynes, $400; J. A. Farquhar & Co., stock (covered), $500; H. H. Fuller & Co., damaged by water and fully insured, $3,500.

The insurance amounts to $169,900, apportioned as follows among the companies: British American, $7,500; North America, $7,500; National, $3,000; Nova Scotia (reinsured, $4,000), $8,000; Northern, $8,000; Phoenix, Brooklyn, $2,000; Quebec, $8,000; Phoenix, London, $5,000; Halifax, $12,000; Acadia, $17,100; Ottawa, $2,000; Union, $7,500; Commercial Union, $13,500; Norwich Union, $7,700; Law, Union & Crown (re-insured $2,500), $13,500; Connecticut, $2,500. Western, $7,100; Royal, $14,000; Queen, $4,000; Anglo-American, $6,000; Aetna, Hartford, North British, Caledonia, Scottish Union and Home, of New York, $20,000.

EXPERTS ON CANCER.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—There has been a lively debate in the Dermatological Congress on the subject of cancer.

The well-known surgeon von Bergmann contended that almost every case of skin cancer was curable by surgery, while the Roentgen rays and radium effected only partial cures.

As a result of to-day's debate the conclusions were reached that cancers on the surface are curable; that in incurable cases the pain can be lessened and life prolonged, and that the bacillus of cancer is still unknown.

Advertisements.

Hugh Ross 206 St. James St. Merchant Tailor, MONTREAL.

An inspection is invited of our special importations for Fall. New colorings and designs. A magnificent range of FANCY VESTINGS from the best makers, entirely different to anything previously shown.

COOK-BLACKLEY CASE.

WILL NOT BE CALLED THIS TERM.

On the opening of the Court of King's Bench yesterday Mr. Crankshaw, counsel for Mr. Blackley, of Toronto, made application for a date for the hearing of the Cook-Blackley case. Mr. Justice Ouimet said that the application could not be entertained, as there was not a sufficient number of cases on the list to call another jury, and the present jury could not be asked to serve longer than the end of this week. The case would have to be postponed until the next session of the court. Mr. Percy Ryan remarked that he and his confrère, Mr. Crankshaw, desired to make it clear that they wished to proceed with the case.

CITY BATH STATISTICS.

THIS SUMMER WAS A RECORD ONE.

The city baths were well patronized during the past summer, as the figures reported by the guardians to Mr. Doré, sanitary engineer; show. The statistics handed in yesterday are as follows:—

Gallery bath was attended by 12,764 men, 644 women and 38,402 children, or a grand total of 51,810.

St. Helen's Island bath was patronized by 50,914 persons, 22,340 being adults and 28,574 children, and no women.

St. Louis bath was frequented by 28,008 men, 318 women and 20,033 children, a total of 48,357 persons.

The Turner-Dagenais bath, for the use of the Point St. Charles people, accommodated 9,674 men, 481 women, and 13,686 children, a total of 23,841 persons. The Hochelaga bath is expected to show about the same results as the latter bath, but Mr. Doré had not received the returns yesterday morning.

July was by far the best month for bathing, judging by the statistics.

JURY TRIAL STRUCK OUT.

A jury trial had been fixed for yesterday in the case of A. E. G. Nye vs. the Guertin Printing Company, which is an action for $1,175 damages on the ground of alleged breach of contract. When Mr. Justice Robidoux came on the bench and the jurors summoned had been called, the announcement was made that the plaintiff had just been arrested on a charge of assault made against him a few years ago. Under those circumstances, Messrs. Garneau and Honan, counsel for plaintiff, moved to have the case continued to to-day. On the other hand, Mr. Perron, counsel for defendant, moved to have the action dismissed, no factum being produced and no list of questions being prepared for the jury. The Court decided to have the case struck off the roll, plaintiff to pay the costs of the day, and the jury were discharged.

THE REV. DR. JOHNSTON BEREAVED.

The Rev. Dr. Johnston, pastor of the American Presbyterian Church, has been suddenly called to Kincardine, Ont., by the death of his father, who has passed away at the advanced age of 87 years. The late Mr. Johnston was for over sixty years an elder of the Presbyterian Church, and was noted for his noble Christian work. He is survived by two sons and three daughters, Dr. J. N. Johnston, of Toronto; the Rev. Dr. Robert Johnston, of Montreal; Mrs. Hodgkin, of Deer Park (Toronto); Mrs. S. D. Coombe, of Kincardine, and Mrs. James Warren, of Walkerton. The late Mr. Johnston was a subscriber to the 'Witness' from almost since the time of its inception.

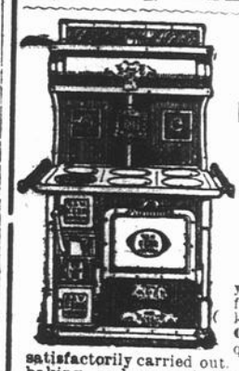
VITAL STATISTICS.

At the City Hall last week there were reported 111 deaths, of which nine were foundlings. The latter are not classified. Otherwise, 98 Catholics, eight Protestants and four Jews died. Thirty-nine deaths were from infantile debility and seven from consumption. There were 62 births reported.

SUSPENDED FROM DUTY.

Mr. George F. Benoit, chief of the Maisonneuve fire and police forces, has been suspended from his duties pending an investigation into his conduct. It is understood that the matter will come up before the council of Maisonneuve on Wednesday night, when an accusation of neglect of duty will be preferred against him by the chairman of the fire and police committee.

KERR STEEL PLATE RANGES



COAL BILL REDUCED

When you use a KERR STEEL PLATE RANGE you enjoy comfort in the kitchen. All Cooking requirements satisfactorily carried out. Perfection in baking and general Heating. What more can be desired? A 30 years' reputation, with a guarantee with every range, should be sufficient to induce you to call and see the ranges we are showing in different sizes. If you cannot call write for all particulars, which will be gladly mailed you.

R. & W. Kerr

2226-2230 St. Catherine Street.

IMPORTANT TO ALIENS.

WHAT MUST BE DONE TO SECURE THE RIGHT TO VOTE.

In view of the large number of aliens who seek to be naturalized at the approach of the general elections, it may be well to call the attention of those interested to the following amendment to the Naturalization Act, which was passed in 1900.

The section now calling for immediate attention reads as follows:

'When it is intended to present a certificate, under section 11 of the Act, on behalf of any alien, notice in writing of such intention, stating the name, residence and occupation or addition of such alien, shall be given to the clerk of the court, at least three weeks before the sittings thereof, and the clerk shall put up in a conspicuous place in his office three weeks before such sittings, and keep posted there until such sittings are ended, a list showing the names residences and occupations or additions of all aliens as to whom due notice has been received by him of such intention.

'At any time after the filing of any such notice and previous to the sittings of the court, any person objecting to the naturalization of the alien may file in the office of the clerk on opposition in which shall be stated the gronuds of his objection.

As the date of the election may be announced for an early day, it will be seen that those intereted have not time to lose, as a three weeks' notice to the Circuit Court is required. After the expiry of the three weeks, the petition for naturalization may go through its first reading before the court at any time, and the second reading and granting of the petition may take place twenty-four hours after the first reading.

Persons wishing to take the oath of allegiance can apply to Mr. A. Chabot, office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

LONGUEUIL SCHOOLS.

ATTENDANCE OF CHILDREN REQUIRES MORE TEACHERS.

Mr. W. S. Walker, secretary-treasurer of the Protestant School Commissioners of Longueuil, furnishes the report owing to the large increase in the number of children attending the schools. The number of teachers has had to be increased from four to five, and there is a possibility of further increase being soon needed. The attendance of pupils has gone up from 110 to 140.

MAYOR BLEAU BEREAVED.

Toussaint Bleau, ten years old, son of Mayor Bleau, of Maisonneuve, died at his home, 665 Notre Dame street, yesterday morning. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon from the family residence.

DRUNK WHILE ON DUTY.

Patrick Ryan, a special constable, years of age, residing on Ontario street, was sentenced to a fine of dollars and costs or fifteen days by Judge Desnoyers yesterday morning, drunk while on duty.

JUDGMENTS IN APPEAL.

The Court of Appeal will give judgment in the following cases at 10 a.m.: Grothe and Pauzé, Mayor, Delisle, Menard and Pagnuelo, Providence and Kent.

Advertisements.

Your Liver Keep it active. Cure your constipation. Get rid of your sick-headaches, biliousness, indigestion. One Ayer's Pill at bedtime, just one. Mild, sugar-coated, all vegetable. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

SYSTEMATIZING IN THE HOME.

...possibility of having the sewing, laundry work and fruit-canning in the home is a question frequently debated. Since no two homes have exactly the same conditions, each woman is a law unto itself, each woman must work out alone and as calmly as possible as her husband plans his business.

The lack of this planning and system, and assistance in carrying it out, many women make failures of housekeeping and their personal affairs is hit and miss; one day at sewing, the next day something else and then another; a feast or famine in the pantry; cleaning spasmodically, running at nothing in particular, trying to do a little of everything. One often protests one in a weary voice, "So many things that must be done!" There are certainly many things that must be done, a thousand we wish were done, but the must-be's are fewer than we think. It is because the field is so large and the variety it offers so distracting that women must choose and confine themselves to the choice, or succumb to nervous prostration.

Women whose lives are governed by circumstances must, perforce, attempt to do their own sewing, baking and washing. The canning part of the question settles itself; there is no fruit to can (or no cans). In homes where there is wealth and plenty of help, everything can and should be done upon occasions where it can be supervised. But the great majority of households belong to neither of these classes.

What she shall herself undertake, and what she shall delegate to others is, of course, a common question, and to decide it wisely each housewife must consider her own gifts as well as her financial and surroundings—not as her neighbor does, nor even as her own mother was in her season, perhaps, but according to her individual tastes and previous training.

If she loves needlework and has an aptitude for it, let her elect to do the fine sewing and hire the heavier work. Many garments, particularly those of children, can be made better than they can be bought. If she cannot sew and loves to bake, by all means let her put the sewing machine money into a good range and elect that branch. The whole matter of home baking hinges upon the quality of that obtainable outside. Where the best and cleanest of bread, cakes and pies can be bought at low prices (because produced in quantities) a woman is foolish to spend time, strength and materials in trying to compete with them. But if the best to be bought is bad, it is a different matter. If good bread is not to be bought, she must learn to make it and make it well.

To send the washing away from home is the easiest course, but a woman should know into what kind of place the garments go. It is not simply a question of 'Are they all here?' or 'Are they white?' but 'Are they free from disease?' By far the safest plan is to have a woman come to the house and do the work under the supervision of the mistress; then, if economy is necessary, the ironing may be done at leisure.

Housekeeping in the home must be settled by the answers to three questions: 'Does the housewife love the work and delight in it?' 'Is the fruit cheap?' 'Is she the time?' Because our grandmothers or even our mothers filled their cellars with home-made jellies and preserves is no reason of itself why we should labor to do likewise. When one has the fruit upon her own trees, or where it is abundant, then by all means let her imitate the aunts and store up sweets for the wintry season. Under such conditions it is economy and wisdom to do it, but when fruit must be purchased at a high-priced grocery, it is a very different matter. A right estimate must take into account a woman's time and strength, as well as the cost of all materials. To study this department in her business, to conclude it, requires wisdom. It should not be a matter of wishes; nor even a matter of necessity now as in days gone.

We almost narrow our groove if we widen it. An engine attains its highest use its track is sure and its destination definite. Yet a woman's vision is not limited to what he sees much on every side familiar with hills he never sees the plains over which he never wander. So we need not be surprised when we join the Housewife, Homemaker & Co., and the New Idea Woman's Magazine.

CONCERNING GLOVES.

...ility of a pair of gloves depends upon the wearer is the opinion of a woman who knows. For one has had charge of the glove counter of one of the big department stores says that what the average woman knows about this article of wearing apparel you could put in a very small compass.

One of the first requisites is to get a soft, pliable leather.

A second is to use a glove powder.

'A most important thing about gloves,' said the woman, 'is the manner in which they are put on the first time. This should be a careful task; otherwise the fingers will be crooked or extend beyond the finger tip, or be otherwise stretched out of shape. Instead of buying gloves to put on the moment before going out, time should be taken the day before to put them on carefully, the elbow being firmly planted on the table and the gloves tenderly coaxed into place.

'If gloves are not allowed to become too soiled before cleaning they can be made to look quite new again by the use of benzine. Many patent glove cleaners are on the market, but after all is said and done there is nothing better than benzine.

'Neither should the glove be dipped in the liquid, but cleaned one at a time on the hand. After putting on the glove take a bit of cloth slightly moistened with the benzine and wipe the gloves off. This in no way injures the kid and answers every purpose. Let the glove dry on the hand.

'In putting gloves away it is well to keep each pair wrapped in tissue paper, and before being put away each finger stretched slightly into place. It is always well to keep sachet powder in the glove box, otherwise there may be a slight disagreeable odor from the gloves after wearing. Some persons use blotting paper moistened with some good perfume. This can be changed occasionally.

'As with shoes, it is always well to have several pairs in operation at the same time, so that the wear will not come on any one pair for a length of time.

DAILY TABLE HINT.

Tomato Jelly.—Tomato jelly, with gelatine, may be cut in squares and served with lettuce and celery and mayonnaise for a salad. It is easily made by dissolving half a box of gelatine in a cupful of cold water. Cook the tomato, season and strain it, and then heat it again. Use a quart of this to the cup of gelatine and stir well until the latter is all dissolved. Pour into shallow dishes or little moulds and serve in individual plates prettily arranged.

An old-fashioned way to make tomato jelly without gelatine is to fill a stone jar with ripe tomatoes sliced. Cover it tightly, put the jar in a pot of water and boil for four or five hours. Strain the juice through a fine sieve and to each pint of juice put a pound of brown sugar. Add the whites of six eggs to each gallon of juice and boil until thick; then put it in glasses. This is a rich, odd jelly.

FAMOUS SHOW HORSE DEAD.

Scituate, Mass., Sept. 19.—Glorious Flying Cloud, Mr. Thomas W. Lawson's famous show horse, is dead. The end came very suddenly, and the veterinary surgeons are unable to state the cause. The stallion, for which Mr. Lawson paid $12,000 before the horse was trained, was nine years old, and had a record of never having been beaten at a horse show. He won the championship single, double and tandem at several great shows, including these at Boston and Madison Square. He was one of the unbeaten champion stallion four.

THE COUNTESS GREY.

The Countess Grey, wife of the coming Governor-General of Canada, was Miss Alice Holford, third daughter of the late Robert Stayner Holford, M.P. She is a sister of Captain Holford, Equerry-in-waiting to His Majesty King Edward since 1901. Her marriage to Earl Grey took place in 1877. Their handsome home in Northumberland is called 'Howick House.' Lady Grey, who will come to Canada with her husband next month, is a very handsome woman, with regular features of a rather large type. She is an intellectual woman, in accord with her husband in all his plans. Her manner, it is said, is graceful and pleasing, and she will, doubtless, make a charming hostess at Government House, as did her sister-in-law, Lady Minto.

THE C. A. R.

ITS ADVANTAGE TO THE GRAND TRUNK.

The distance from North Bay to Montreal via the Grand Trunk Railway, Toronto division, is 555 miles; via Orillia and Belleville it is 507 miles, but via Scotia Junction and the Canada Atlantic to Ottawa, it is only 393 miles. The value of the acquisition of the latter railway by the Grand Trunk will be seen at a glance. It will make North Bay only thirty-three miles longer from this city via the Grand Trunk than via the Canadian Pacific, the distance over the latter road being 360 miles. It would indicate that all westbound traffic for Manitoba and the North-West will be hauled over this line. All east-bound routed traffic for export will also come over this division. It will be an immense saving in mileage, and will give the Grand Trunk an equal advantage with the C. P. R.

By a short extension of the Grand Trunk line from Haliburton to a point on the Parry Sound division of the C. A. R., a through line of between two hundred and seventy-five or three hundred miles will be secured between Toronto and Ottawa. This will give the Grand Trunk independent connection between the capital and the Queen City.

Until the Rutland Railway extended its system from Burlington, Vt., to Noyan Junction, where it connects with the Canada Atlantic Railway, the Central Vermont Railway, which is now a part of the Grand Trunk, enjoyed almost a monopoly of Boston and New York traffic to and from Canada Atlantic points, which was handed over to them at Swanton, Vt. Now, however, the Rutland Railway takes a big share of this traffic. But the control of the C. A. R. by the G. T. R. will, of course, change this, and the Rutland will likely be cut out of the traffic entirely when the deal is consummated.

POLICE EXAMINED.

An examination was held last evening at police headquarters in accordance with a recent resolution of the Police Committee, to enable the superintendent of police to make a report on the condition of the officers and men who are entitled to retire on pensions. The examination was conducted by Chief Legault, Sub-Chief Campeau, Inspectors Leggett, Lamouche and McMahon. Those who appeared before the examining board were Captains Clarke, Choquette, Loye, Egan, Baignet, Dubois and Charbonneau, Detective Barrett, Lieutenants Acheson, Prefontaine, Laramee Beauregard, Parker and O'Donnell, and fifteen constables. The report of the examining board will be made at the next meeting of the Police Committee.

THE MOUNTAIN LOOKOUT

NEW PROPOSITION ANTICIPATES A RESTAURANT COMBINATION.

Ald. Couture, who was chairman of the Parks and Ferries Committee when the western mountain lookout was built, intends using all his influence towards having the existing structure completed, and to oppose a proposal to build an entirely new structure. He says that if the two thousand dollars recently voted to complete the birchwood plan is not used for that purpose he will advocate taking the appropriation from Mount Royal altogether and expending it on Lafontaine park. He says the 'English' park has had its share of civic funds and that the 'French' ones should get the bulk of money that wil go to park improvements for some time to come.

A plan that is said to find considerable favor among the aldermen is to construct a restaurant and lookout combined. For some time there has been talk of the need of a first-class and substantially built restaurant on the mountain. No intoxicating liquors would be sold but lunches would be served and cold drinks, fruits and ice-cream provided at reasonable prices. Now it is thought that the restaurant idea can be combined profitably with a new lookout. A suitable building would be put up on the site of the present lookout and either wide verandahs would be built on the city side or an observatory story would be constructed over the restaurant rooms or possibly both would be provided. The matter is expected to receive attention at the next meeting of council, having been defered from last meting owing to Ald. Couture calling out 'next meeting' to the report of the committee on the subject.

MISS BROOKE HUNT COMING.

Miss Violet Brooke Hunt, the English lady who did so much in South Africa during the late war to promote the comfort and welfare of the troops, is the prime mover in the Union Jack Club for soldiers, being built at a cost of fifty thousand pounds, and soon to be opened. Miss Brooke Hunt is making a brief lecturing tour through Canada, with the proceeds of which she proposes to found a 'cubicle' in the Union Jack Club for Canadian soldiers visiting London. She will lecture in the Victoria Rifles Armory under the auspices of the 'Soldiers' Wives' League, on Wednesday, Sept. 21, at 8.15 p.m. Her subject will be 'A

DEATH OF A PATRIOT.

Mr. Leon Deslauriers, an old patriot of 1837, who took part in the engagement at St. Eustache, died last week in Pointe Claire, at the age of eighty-eight years.

Advertisements.

RESULTED FROM A CHILL.

How often we hear this said when the sufferer is beyond earthly hope. Every home should have a bottle of Nerviline on hand which prevents the evil effects of chills. Polson's Nerviline given real hot will break up any cold in one night. Good to rub on, splendid to take inside. You can't beat Nerviline's record in relieving colds, pains and aches of all kinds. Worth its weight in gold, but sold in 25c bottles everywhere. Try Nerviline.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Advertisements.

Inward Piles Of Worst Kind

An Aggravated Case of Bleeding Piles Cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

... Parent, Ste. Martine, ... Co., Que., writes:—'For ... I suffered with piles. In ... there was only a little ... irritation, but later the dis... inwards and became very ... I became very weak from ... so weak that I could not ... daily work.

'Dr. Chase's Ointment brought prompt relief, benefited me so much that I could work again and rapidly regained health. I can recommend it as the only cure that I have found to obtain for piles.'

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, a portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

Visit to Montreal of the Members of the English Institution.

HEARTILY WELCOMED BY THE MEMBERS OF THE CANADIAN SOCIETY.

Another pleasant invasion of the city has taken place. This time it is the members of the English Institution of Civil Engineers, who are 'doing' Canada and the United States partly for enlightenment, partly for pleasure. The party, which is composed of 125 persons, has already tasted the hospitality of New York, and, coming to Montreal last night, received a royal welcome at the hands of the local members of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers.

The special train which had been placed at their disposal in New York was met at Caughnawaga by Col. Anderson, president of the Canadian Society; Mr. John Kennedy, Mr. C. W. Dodwell, of Halifax; Prof. McLeod and Prof. Durley.

The party was, when the train reached the city, conveyed to the Windsor Hotel, where they were met by Mr. McLea Walbank, and other members of the local association, who extended a hearty greeting to their brethren from the Mother Country.

A programme of a diversified character has been drawn up for the entertainment of the visitors during their stay in the city.

This morning, at ten o'clock, a special train conveyed the party to the C. P. R. workshops in the east end. Here there was inspection of the equipment, general conversation, and subsequently a luncheon.

Among the prominent men who are identified with the English institution may be mentioned Sir William Henry White, late director of Naval Construction and Assistant Controller of the Navy, president of the Association. A record of his early training, his achievements, and of the number of societies with which he is connected would be in the nature of a lengthy catalogue. He has built ships for foreign navies; he has been thanked by foreign powers for his skill and energy; he built, under an act which called for tremendous energy, in 1889, seventy warships in five years—two ahead of time, the act calling for completion in seven years. He has carried out the 'Spencer' programme of naval extension; the 'Goschen' programme; he has been honored by the government and the late Queen; and he has found time during a busy life to write several treatises of naval construction. He is one of the most noted engineers of the world, and his achievements have been the theme of general praise.

Mr. Thomas Keefer is, of course, 'our own,' but he has been a member of the English Society, which regards him with honor and affection alike for the notable work he has done and for his lovable character. He has done so many things that the mere enumeration would occupy a large space. He has surveyed railways, built waterworks all over the Dominion, made surveys for the Victoria Bridge over the St. Lawrence at Montreal, and for the Grand Trunk Railway; has written copiously on subjects associated with his profession; has been a commissioner for the Canadian Government on subjects associated with the trade of Canada and the United States; been chairman of the Royal Commission on ice floods, and, indeed, has been prominently and successfully identified with all great engineering works undertaken in the Dominion for a long period of years.

Alexander Ross, member of the Council of the Institution of Civil Engineers, chief engineer of the Great Northern Railway of England, the head offices of which are at King's Cross Station, London, commenced his professional career in 1862 by serving a pupilege on the engineering staff of the London and North Western Railway at Aberdeen. At the present time he is engaged on the construction of railway tunnels from a station constructed by him under the Great Northern Railway at Finsbury Park, one set of rails passing in a south-easterly direction towards London, while another set passes directly southwards under the existing lines and King's Cross Station to the Strond in London; an aggregate of about ten miles of single tunnel with numerous stations on the route; all these works will be completed shortly.

Professor William Cawthorn Unwin, B.Sc., F.R.S., member of the Council of the Institution of Civil Engineers, was born at Coggeshall in Essex, in 1838, and is the son of William Jordan Unwin, LL.D., for many years principal of Homerton College. He was educated at the City of London School, and was apprenticed in the works of Sir William Fairbairn, at Manchester, 1855 to 1862. Professor Unwin was instructor at the Royal School of Naval Architecture, South Kensington, 1868-72; Professor of Mechanical and Hydraulic Engineering, Royal Engineering College, Cooper's Hill, 1872-84; and since that time until recently Professor of Engineering, Central Institution of the City and Guilds Institute at South Kensington. He was seretary of the International Commission on the Utilization of Niagara.

Cuthbert Arthur Brereton, Lieut.-Colonel, Engineer and Railway Volunteer Staff Corps; member of the Council of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Associate of the Institution of Naval Architects, born 1850, youngest son of the late John Brereton, of Brinton, Norfolk. He entered into partnership with Sir John Wolfe Barry, K.C.B., 1893. Has since been engaged in the construction of the Barry Docks and Railways, Middleborough Docks, Surrey Commercial Docks, Grangemouth Docks, Callandar and Oban Railway Extension, the Avoumouth Docks and Kew Bridge. Lieut.-Col. Brereton is engineer of the Whitechapel and Bow Railway and the Western Section of the Great Northern Piccadilly and Brompton (Tube) Railway.

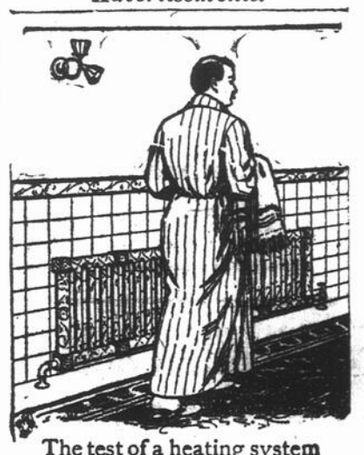
NEW CHURCH WARDENS.

Owing to the recent civil erection of the new cathedral parish and of the parish of St. James, the members thereof have become ineligible to act as churchwardens for the parish of Notre Dame. It so happened that the three churchwardens of Notre Dame in office at the time of the erection mentioned belonged to the cathedral and to St. James, and a new election became therefore necessary. The following gentlemen have been chosen to fill the vacancies thus created: Mr. A. H. Lapierre, architect; Mr. A. Lacroix, general director of the Roman Catholic schools, and Mr. A. Laurence, gentleman.

NEW CAR TRACKS.

The Street Railway Company began today the work of laying new tracks on two new sections of street—St. Catherine street, between St. Lawrence street and Delorimier avenue, and Bleury street, between Craig and St. Catherine streets. On the completion of the lower section of Bleury street the next section, from St. Catherine to Sherbrooke street will be undertaken. The great improvement since the new heavy rails were laid on St. Catherine street, west of St. Lawrence street, and on St. Lawrence street, is very noticeable by the little noise made by the cars and the total absence of jolting.

Advertisements.



The test of a heating system is the warmth of the halls in the early morning. A hot water system will keep a comfortable, even temperature all over the house day and night. Getting-up time finds perfect comfort all over the house. The

Oxford Hot Water Heater

is the highest development of hot water heating. Other makers come as near as they can or dare to the Oxford idea. That is the standard they try to reach. If you prefer the Oxford idea, insist that you get it in the original not the imitation. This illustration shows the utility of the grate construction. The ash base front is easily removed, repairs made to grate and returned to its place, without the assistance of a specialist.

Our booklets on home heating will interest you—they are free—write us.

The Gurney-Massey Co., Limited

335-337 St. Paul St. Montreal,

Toronto Winnipeg Vancouver

PERSISTS IN HIS REFUSAL.

On Saturday last, requisitions were presented by the electors of Laprairie and Napierville to Mr. D. Monet, asking him to reconsider his decision and again accept nomination as candidate for the county at the next general elections. Mr. Monet thanked his friends for their kindness, but declared that his decision was irrevocable. The convention for the choice of a new Liberal candidate will be held on Thursday next.

A VANCOUVER TRAGEDY.

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 20.—A double tragedy occurred in the east end of the city yesterday morning. Joseph Nucci, an Italian bootblack, aged about forty-six years, shot Daisy Capelle, fifteen years old, and then turned the weapon on himself. Nucci was madly in love with the girl and wanted to marry her, but her father had refused his consent and ordered him away from the house. The girl did not reciprocate Nucci's passion, and when she met him accidentally refused to listen to his pleadings to elope and marry him. Nucci then fired at her and afterwards shot himself.

THE LATE MR. Z. F. MUSSEN.

Mr. Louis Franklin Mussen, only son of the late Rev. Canon Mussen, M.A., D.C.L., died at the residence of Mr. William Douglas, at Waterloo, Que., on Sunday morning, in his twenty second year. Mr. Mussen was employed in the Molsons Bank and his loss will be keenly felt by a wide circle of friends. The funeral took place from the Church of St. James the Apostle to the Mount Royal Cemetery, this afternoon, a large number of friends of the deceased being present.

DR. DRUMMOND'S BEREAVEMENT

Much sympathy is expressed for Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Drummond in the loss of their little son, William Harvey, who died at his father's residence, 1009 Dorchester street, on Saturday last, at the age of three years and eight months.

Advertisements.

Better Men

Let all the people praise Fels-Naptha, for it saves the mothers of men.

Fels-Naptha (Philadelphia)

Weekly Calendar.

FALL EXHIBITION OF THE COUNTY OF HOCHELAGA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

At DeLorimier Park - Wednesday, Sept. 21st.

A splendid Prize List has been prepared for Farm Products, Animals and Horses. There will be Trotting and Running Races, open to all comers.

Admission to Grounds, 25 cents.

All entries must be made with the Secretary-Treasurer before day of Exhibition.
H. J. ROSS, Sec.-Treas., 180 St. James Street

CANADIAN AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION

21st Annual Championships.

M.A.A.A. GROUNDS, SAT., 24th SEPT.

Commencing at 2.45 p.m. sharp. 7 Track Events. 6 Field Events.

RESERVED SEATS, 75c and 50c, for sale at Morton, Phillips & Co., 1755 Notre Dame St. and M.A.A.A. Office, 149 Mansfield Street. General Admission, 35c.

E. HERBERT BROWN, Sec.-Treas. C. A. A. U.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20

A JOLLY ONE TO-NIGHT.

SAILORS' INSTITUTE CONCERTS

Mr. ED. LENNON, R. M. S. Tunisian,
Mr. WM. FRAMPTON, SS. Monteagle,
and some popular city talent.

Art Association
OF MONTREAL,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
THE AUTUMN SKETCHING CLASS
(IN OILS,)
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
MR. EDMOND DYONNET, R.C.A.,
will commence on THURSDAY, 15th Sept.
Instruction on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday in each week, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
For particulars apply to the Secretary.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

ARENA COMING
SATURDAY and MONDAY
October 1st and 3rd,
BLACK WATCH BAND

Sale of seats will open at the Star Branch Office Monday, Sept. 26th.

Prices—Evenings, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinees $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

REV DR. FRASER HONORED.

The Rev. D. J. Fraser, D.D., appointed to the chair of New Testament Literature and Exegesis at the Presbyterian College, Montreal, was tendered a banquet by a number of his friends, at the Union Club, at St. John, N.B. Judge Barker, the chairman, in proposing the toast of 'Our Guest,' bore eloquent testimony to the wholesome influence exercised by Dr. Fraser in connection with the public life of the city. Dr. Fraser, who was given an ovation upon rising to reply, modestly disclaimed the high tribute, but expressed his appreciation of the friendship displayed, and was thankful that he carried with him the good wishes, not only of his own church, but of every church in the city. Other speakers, among whom was Sheriff Ritchie, agreed in eulogizing the departing professor.

The party broke up at a late hour with the singing of the National Anthem and hearty cheers.

PROF. ABBOTT AT McGILL.

Prof. A. C. Abbott, M.D., who delivered the opening lecture in the Faculty of Medicine at McGill University this afternono, is Professor of Hygiene and Director of the Laboratory of Hygiene in the University of Pennsylvania, in addition to being Director of the laboratory of the Board of Health. He was born at Baltimore on Feb. 26, 1862, and began his education at the public schools there, and later in the City College. He graduated in the medical department of the University of Maryland, and after passing through Johns Hopkins University he finished his education at Munich and Berlin. Dr. Abbott married a daughter of the Hon. Mr. Justice Osler, of the Court of Appeal, Ontario. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the American Physiological Society, and the American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists. He is the author of 'The Principles of Bacteriology,' published in 1892, and the 'Hygiene of Transmissible Diseases.'

CONCERT AT ALL SAINTS.

A concert, gotten up by the ladies of All Saints Church, corner of St. Denis and Marie Anne streets, will be held in the parochial hall to-morrow evening. A very attractive programme has been provided, which will include gramophone selections by some of the world-famous vocalists and instrumentalists. This will no doubt prove a very attractive feature. All Saints has now become a rectory, which means that the mission grant so long enjoyed, has been withdrawn, and extra efforts are being put forth by the members to make up the deficit. The Rev. M. Day Baldwin will occupy the chair.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00; Weekly Witness, $1.00, with reduction to clubs. Northern Messenger, thirty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy. Post paid in each case to Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, United States and its colonies (excepting Cuba). Transvaal, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia, Sarawak, Bahama Islands, Zanzibar, Hongkong, Cyprus, New Zealand.

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The last edition of the Daily Witness is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

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L.Q. 2 N.M. 9 **SEPTEMBER** F.Q. 10 F.M. 24

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The Daily Witness.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1904.

Montreal has reason to be proud of the favor she enjoys as a city that congresses are glad to visit, and this week she may well be most satisfied, as at the same time the Dominion Trade and Labor Congress and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association are carrying on their deliberations in the city. It is the annual meeting of both organizations, and both are represented very influentially. One of the speakers at the Labor Congress yesterday spoke of the 'remarkable coincidence' of the organizations of capital and labor meeting at the same time and in the same city, and he said that the 'rallying point of these two bodies could 'not have been better selected.' The speaker was Mr. Alphonse Verville, president of the Montreal Trades and Labor Council, and he also told his brother working men that the difficulties that have arisen between the two, 'which have 'been fought out on so many grounds, 'have rarely contributed to the better-'ment of the working classes.' Mr. Flett, of Hamilton, who has been president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress for some years, also referred to the fact that the two bodies were meeting at the same time, and held out the hand of friendship. He further said that he would like to see in Canada a civic federation for the purpose of doing away with the unnecessary prejudice that is the means of keeping labor and capital so wide apart, and on behalf of himself and the delegates he said that he would be pleased at any time if a representative committee of the one body could confer with a representative committee of the other. That is in the best spirit, and such an intention should go far to bring about a good understanding. Besides the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, we have the Institution of Civil Engineers of England paying us a visit, and Montrealers will give these distinguished visitors a hearty welcome. Their visit to Canada cannot fail to advertise our resources in the most helpful way.

The government of the United States, in its desire to educate and Americanize the Philippine Islanders, has established a public school system. These schools were projected on the non-sectarian plan, as it exists in the Republic. Care was taken, however, to include in the curriculum of studies lessons on the principles of American institutions, popular government and the rights and duties of citizenship. This appears to have given offence to the Apostolic Delegate in the Philippines, and he has issued a 'Solemne Detestacion,' in which he condemns, in the name of the Church, republican forms of government, popular institutions, universal suffrage, majority rule, freedom of worship, liberty of speech, liberty of education and human equality. The Apostolic Delegate regards with horror and detestation the establishment among the Roman Catholic people of the islands of a system of public schools which the prelates of the church in the United States have condemned and, in many dioceses, have ordered their people to refuse allowing their children to attend. But the Apostolic Delegate in the Philippines not orly opposes the public schools, but sets himself squarely in rebellion against the constitution of the United States. In doing so, he has created a problem the Government at Washington may find some difficulty in solving.

A referendum is now proposed in France to decide the question of separation of church and state. No questions of liberty of conscience or freedom of worship being involved, the point to be decided is whether or not the people are prepared to support the Church by their personal contributions. In the last budget of Public Worship voted by the chambers, the Roman Catholics, who form the bulk of the population, were granted forty million francs, the Protestants one million five hundred thousand francs, and the Jews one million six hundred thousand francs. This money, it should be observed, comes from the fund arising from the sale and rents of church property confiscated at the time of the first revolution. It is devoted to the payment of salaries to bishops, priests and ministers, and to the repair of church edifices. In most cases, the salaries are moderate, and, in some, meagre, but they are supplemented by voluntary contributions and revenue from christenings, marriages, funerals and other religious rites. It is said the proposition for a referendum does not receive encouragement from M. Combes. He may possibly agree with the view attributed to the Vatican, that entire separation would liberate influences that can be better controlled by legislative enactment.

M. Loubet's presumed intention not to seek a second term as President of the Republic of France will be regretted should it be carried into effect. He has been an ideal head of a democratic government and, of all who have filled the office since the fall of the Second Empire, he has been the best because the most constitutional. He is a man of the people and in a broad manner represents the new spirit developed under the Republic through the influence of the plain-thinking, hard-headed industrious peasantry, whose rise to political power dates from the time when their savings were freely given to satisfy Bismarck's demand for many millions, after the nation had been wrecked and ruined by Louis Napoleon. The Republic, founded on the support of the common people, who had had enough, and more than enough, of Imperialism and military glory, and of the horrors and miseries these had brought upon them, has flourished because of that support. Therefore, as representing the common people, M. Loubet is the most representative man in France. His quiet strength in occupation of a most difficult position is not devoid of grandeur, for it shows how supremely potent in directing the destinies of the nation are the forces which raised him to the Presidency and made his term in office so peaceful, prosperous and happy.

THE CONTRABAND QUESTION.

Russia's reply to Great Britain and the United States with reference to contraband of war is moderately satisfactory. Russia accepts the principle of 'conditional' contraband, but leaves several important points undecided, which she may interpret to suit herself, as occasion may arise. Her attitude in this respect is in marked contrast to that of Japan. According to the 'Prize Law' of Japan, quoted by the Rev. T. J. Lawfence, lecturer on international law at the Royal Naval College, Greenwich, contraband goods are divided into two classes. A distinction is drawn between goods in their own nature so fitted for warlike purposes that it is morally certain they are meant for warlike use, and goods the use of which is uncertain, and may vary according to circumstances. The first are to be prevented from reaching the enemy at all; the second only where it is clear they are destined for the use of his armed forces. In other words, the Japanese have adopted the British doctrine of 'occasional' or 'conditional' contraband, though they have not given it the wide scope to be found in the British 'Admiralty Manual,' and the Prize Court decisions on which it is based.

British, and, for that matter, Japanese, prize law holds that when goods capable in their own nature of a double use are found under a neutral flag on their way to an enemy's destination, they are confiscated if the port to which they are bound is one where war fleets are fitted out, or equipments for armies received, and released if they are devoted to peaceful commerce and the supply of the civilian population. Furthermore, when the British seize and confiscate they pay the owners a fair price for the conditional contraband so taken. It is only when the goods are absolutely contraband, that is, useful chiefly and almost exclusively for warlike purposes, that the British appropriate without compensation. Russia contrived in her regulations to unite all the severities and throw off all restraints. She did not recognize the doctrine of conditional contraband, and in that respect attempted to be a law unto herself. But Great Britain and the United States being agreed, she has been compelled reluctantly to accept their view, though not entirely.

THE SECURITY MARKET.

The local security market, though still at low water as compared with the high water mark of last year, shows some substantial recoveries when the low and high prices for this year of many stocks are compared. Thus, Canadian Pacific stock, which has sold down as low as 109 3-4, has now recovered to 127, a gain of about 17 points; Montreal Power sells now at between 77 and 78, as compared with its low price of 69 7-8, a gain of seven or eight points; Twin City shows a gain of about ten points by a like comparison; Toronto Street about 18 points; Montreal Street about seven points; Detroit, six points; nearly all the bank stocks show gains compared with the low price of the year, as do a majority of the preferred stocks and bonds. Even at these prices, Canadian Pacific returns slightly over 4½ percent, Power 5 percent, Montreal Street 4 2-3 percent, Twin City 5 percent, and Toronto Street 4 2-3 percent; while at present prices Richelieu returns the investor about 10 percent, Dominion Iron bonds return 6 2-3 percent, Dominion Coal Preferred returns 7 1-4 percent, Bank of Hochelaga 5 1-6 percent. Eastern Townships Bank 5 percent, Quebec Bank 5 2-3 percent, Union Bank 5 2-3 percent, and so on. The wonder is not that the price of Canadian securities is generally higher now than it was at the low point of the year, but that so many first-class securities can still be bought to return such a high rate of interest, considering, among other reasons, that, according to the last monthly statement of the banks to the government, there are $312,713,823 of the public's money lying in the thirty-four chartered banks which is earning only 3 percent.

In the United States the recoveries have been much more substantial than here. When compared with the low prices of February and March, the leading railway shares are found to have appreciated about fifteen to thirty points. Union Pacific has sold 33 points above the lowest, Southern Pacific 18 points, Ontario and Western 15 points, Pennsylvania 17 points, Atchison 19 points, Metropolitan 24 points, New York Central 13 points, St. Paul 21 points, Delaware & Hudson 20 points, Lackawanna 30 points, Reading 32 points, Brooklyn Rapid Transit 19 points, and so forth. While these advances have been largely brought about by manipulation and inside support, as all important movements up and down always are, still, as Henry Clews says, in his New York weekly financial review, 'the various cliques and leaders 'in the recent rise could not have been 'sucessful without a substantial basis 'of some kind.' Such a basis Mr. Clews finds in the revival of confidence which developed after the drastic liquidation of 1903, in continued easy money, and finally in a satisfactory harvest. The interesting question is asked, will the advance be continued, or has it about reached its culmination? And as our market generally acts and reacts more or less in sympathy with that of New York, Canadian investors and dealers in stocks would be glad to be able to answer that question correctly. No doubt the market is in a good technical condition, but in those stocks where the greatest advances have been made there are great inducements to realize profits. Meanwhile, the investor has still a wide field for safe and profitable investment, and it is the investor that makes the market in the long run. Our own good harvest in the North-West is another cheerful factor, and while the decrease of the wheat crop of the United States by about a hundred million bushels is disappointing, there is a corn crop there of 2,500,000,000 bushels, a cotton crop of 11,500,000 bales, and good crops of hay, rye, barley and potatoes as compensation.

ONTARIO LIBERALS AND POLITICAL CRIME.

The Liberals of Ontario have good reason to be both ashamed and indignant because of the revelations of political crime made in the election court at Sault Ste. Marie. It is not fitting that comment be passed upon ex parte statements made in evidence while election trials are in process. When the evidence given by unreliable witnesses, like those brought from Buffalo in the North Grey case, is flatly contradicted by the testimony of Canadians of character and standing, we can afford to wait the finding of the court. But the finding of the court at Sault Ste. Marie on the evidence submitted in connection with the 'Minnie M.' charges, and the very definite and unmistakable language of both the Chancellor and Mr. Justice Teetzel, release this instance and make public judgment upon it both right and timely.

And that judgment cannot be other than one of stern and unequivocal condemnation. The whole story of the trip of that chartered steamboat and of the couduct of the gang fittingly described by the court as 'rascals' is utterly disgraceful to every man directly or indirectly involved in it. That this nefarious traffic in votes, this disgusting collusion with pluggers and moral debauchees, was conducted in the interest of the Liberal candidate and ostensibly for the sake of the Liberal party make it all the more intolerable to intelligent and self-respecting Liberals, not only in the constituency, but throughout the province. No decent Liberal will defend it, or make apology for it, or minimize its crime. The unanswered evidence is direct, the finding of the court is plain, and at no essential point can reason or decency offer either extenuation or denial. The criminality of the offence is matched only by its utter and unrelieved stupidity. All who are responsible for it deserve not only the utmost punishment provided by law, but also the unreserved and indignant repudiation of al who have voice or responsibility in the Liberal party.

It is to no purpose to say that on the Conservative side the corruption was as bad or worse. That saying is probably true. It has been true for a generation. But with the Liberal party it has been different. There probably never was an absolutely clean general election in this or any other province. There have always been parasites, and grafters, and camp-followers. But their presence has been resented and their services resisted by the Liberals. And the temper, and genius, and ideals of the Liberal party have not changed. The number of those who approve of corrupt election methods or who would profit by them is insignificant, and if in anything we give honest voice to the sentiments and convictions of the Liberals of Ontario it is in deliberately and determinedly condemning the conduct of those who organized and carried out the Sault Ste. Marie election offences, and in demanding that in every other constituency workers of the unsavory Sullivan species be separated from the activities of the Liberal party by a gulf as wide as that which divides decency and honor from the ugliest and foulest crime.—Toronto 'Globe.'

DR. OSLER AND DR. O. W. HOLMES.

None of the many biographical notices of Dr. Osler, the new regius professor of medicine in the University of Oxford, have mentioned an incident characteristic of both Dr. Osler and Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, the humorist, poet, and medical teacher of Harvard. Dr. Holmes in the course of his medical practice and studies made an important discovery in the treatment of a malignant disease, and Dr. Osler wrote asking him for his opinion as to whether he had rendered a greater service by this discovery than he had done by the composition of his beautiful lyric on 'the chambered nautilus.' Dr. Holmes, in reply, humorously discussed the question, but ended his letter with a fairly explicit admission that he would rather be remembered as the author of the poem than as the medical benefactor of humanity.—Toronto 'Globe.'

CITIZENS' LEAGUE.

At the last meeting of the executive committee of the Citizens' League, Mr. Chas. S. J. Chillips, president, occupied the chair. There were also present the Hon. J. D. Rolland, Mr. Edgar Judge, Mr. Samuel Bell, the Rev. Canon Renaud, Rev. C. G. Heine, the secretary and inspector. The inspector's report of the work undertaken since the preceding meeting was presented and discussed, satisfaction being felt with the results obtained. A particularly gratifying feature was the assistance which had been received from some of the priests of the Congregation of Notre Dame, who had extended their activities among the French-speaking citizens, whose co-operation it has always been felt, is an essential to the successful propagation of the work.

THE MURDER OF MISSIONARIES.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—Information has reached here that the recent murder of ten missionaries in German New Guinea was due to attempts to enforce monogamy. The prisons had been filled with polygamists apprehended upon information supplied by the missionaries.

IROQUOIS THEATRE.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—The Iroquois Theatre in which nearly six hundred persons were burned and smothered to death on Dec. 30, 1903, was reopened last night as a vaudeville play house. The theatre has been refitted at a cost of nearly a hundred thousand dollars, and constructed so as to meet every requirement of the law.

A YOUNG BRIDE'S DEATH

MRS. W. ULRIC COTTON PASSES AWAY IN EDINBURGH.

A message received by [illegible] Montreal gives the sad announcement of death in Edinburgh last [illegible] Mrs. W. Ulric Cotton, [illegible] husband left last month [illegible] in Paris. Mrs. Cotton was [illegible] Watson, a daughter of the [illegible] Watson, of Cowansville. [illegible] ried to Mr. Ulric Cotton [illegible] University, on Aug. 11, [illegible] him by the 'Kensington [illegible] for England, on the way to [illegible] Mr. Cotton, who had been [illegible] the Sir William Macdonald [illegible] was going to study for a [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Cotton spent [illegible] days visiting relatives of [illegible] Glasgow and Edinburgh. [illegible] Cotton was taken ill. It was [illegible] an operation was necessary, and Mrs. Cotton entered the hospital, where she died. The remains were buried in Edinburgh.

Mrs. Cotton had many friends in Montreal. She was principal of the cooking school in connection with the Young Women's Christian Association for the terms of 1900-1901.

OXEN BURIED FOR A MONTH IN SNOW

A clergyman vouches for the truth of a story which would otherwise be incredible. The winter of 1885 was the worst in the experience of Minnesota farmers, and the live stock suffered terribly. About a mile from the clergyman's house was a piece of timber. He kept his oxen busy, he says, hauling wood to the house. The snow lay three feet deep, and the sledding was good. On Jan. 1 he yoked his oxen, and, in addition to the yoke, used some heavy harness, including thick leather traces. It was 4 o'clock when he left home, and in an hour or so he was loading the wood on the sled at the edge of the timber. He adds:

'Meanwhile, a blinding blizzard blew up, sweeping over the prairie at the rate of fifty miles an hour, and piling up the snow in drifts from eight to ten feet deep. As the wind increased both myself and my oxen became chilled to the marrow, and I knew that it was certain death to man and beast to stay out any longer.

'Turning the heads of my oxen homeward in the very teeth of that blinding storm, I urged them on across the open space between the timber and my house. But oxen, however willing, are never rapid, and the one mile seemed ten to me as the heavy beasts pushed onward. Feeling that I should surely freeze to death in a short time, I jumped from my load, plunged homeward through the snow, and reached my barn in half an hour.

'I knew that my oxen could find their way home, and fully expected them to appear at the barn by nightfall. If by chance, they were not blinded by the storm or lost in the increasing drifts. But night came on, and no oxen.

'The storm abated, and I started out with my hired man to find my missing cattle and my load of wood.

'We floundered through the snow toward the timber, but the oxen were nowhere to be seen. We hunted all night long, and arrived home just in time for breakfast, puzzled and mystified. After breakfast out we started again, and this time by some of our neighbors; but after a fruitless search we came back vanquished. No neighbor had seen the oxen, and their disappearance became the sensation of the neighborhood.

'They had either been lost for good, frozen to death in the deep snow, or else had wandered off across the prairie to some distant farmer's barn.

'We advertised in the country papers, offering a reward of $200 for the return of the oxen and the wood. One week, two, three passed by, but still no solution.

'It was the thirty-first day of January. There had been a thaw for several days, and much of the snow on the prairie had disappeared, leaving only about one foot in depth, except in the deep hollows of my ranch. I was driving a team of heavy farm horses over to the timber to get another load of wood, when, on passing through a small ravine a little to one side of the ordinary road, I noticed a movement in the snow.

'Drawing in my reins, I alighted, and, lo! about ten feet from my horses, and lo! there were my oxen, alive, still yoked together, standing in four feet of snow, with just enough of their bodies above the snow to make a movement visible.

'They had been caught between the stumps of two trees, and there they had been for thirty days, unable to move, and saved from freezing to death only by the deep snow that so mercifully had covered them. They had eaten everything within reach, including the bark, harness, most of the wood of the sled-pole, the bark of the tree trunks, the twigs and sticks lying around, and the roots of the trees to a depth of two feet. There they had stood for thirty days. They were living skeletons. Every bone was visible. Yet they were able to walk home, and after recuperating for another thirty days they were as strong as ever, and were faithful animals on my farm for ten years afterward.'—'The Youth's Companion.'

CAMP IN A WHIRLWIND

(London 'Star.')

A gale on the Welsh coast played [illegible] with a volunteer camp at Conway. [illegible]ly before 11 o'clock the camp was [illegible] by a tornado. Great clouds of [illegible] arose and tents were blown down. [illegible] large marquees forming the officers' [illegible] tents, canteens, quartermaster's [illegible] and recreation tents were quickly [illegible] led to the ground. A screen from [illegible] of the officers' mess tents was carried for over a quarter of a mile, and [illegible] and a deck chair were thrown [illegible] quarters of a mile into the Conway [illegible]

One marquee was lifted up like a [illegible] balloon, and smashed everything in its way, and amid the blinding sand were whirled all sorts of camp equipment.

CHAMPION JUMPER.

Mr. Meyer Prinstein will Compete Here on Saturday.

INAUGURATION OF THE CRESCENT AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Meyer Prinstein, of the Greater New York A.A.A., sent his entry yesterday for the annual championships of the M.A.A.A., which will take place on Saturday afternoon on the M.A.A.A. oval. Mr. Prinstein is down for the 100,220 and the broad jump. At St. Louis he jumped 24 feet 11 inches, and as he is in fine condition a good jumping should be seen on Saturday. There is great rivalry between the two big New York associations and each will send strong teams of college field athletes, some splendid performers on the tapis.

NEW ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION

At a meeting attended meeting held in the Mechanics' Hall, Montreal South, the Crescent Amateur Athletic Association was inaugurated. Mr. W. S. Walker, B.C.L., occupied the chair, and in a few well chosen words advised those present of the benefits to accrue before the young men of the South Shore, who can to-day boast of lacrosse, baseball, football and harriers all now coming under one head. After several addresses were made, the following officers were duly elected:—Patron, Mr. V. Geoffrion, M.P.; hon. president, Mr. W. S. Walker, B.C.L.; hon. vice-president, Mr. John Boyd; president Mr. Wm. Baker; vice-president, Mr. E. [illegible]; secretary and treasurer, Mr. Louis E. Smyth.

Executive committee—Messrs. J. P. Chamberlain, chairman; R. Atkinson and W. F. Kirwin.

The athletic committee was then empowered to draft the by-laws and constitution to govern the body. Addresses were then given by Messrs. H. M. King, Alexander Mackay, James Brown and F. X. Duquette, who represented the French speaking residents.

FOOTBALL.

Richard Sheldon, the famous football player and weight thrower of Yale University, has been suspended for six months by the New York Athletic Club. His suspension is the result of his failure to put in an appearance at the recent athletic championship meet.

Mr. Hal Walters informed Mr. R. T. Shillington, president of the Ottawa Club, yesterday, that he was with the Rough Riders this season. Thus all doubts as to Walters' whereabouts this season are at rest, and he will remain with the red, white and black of the champion Rough Riders.

LACROSSE

Mr. H. P. Carper, secretary of the Shamrock Lacrosse Club at Winnipeg, has tendered his resignation as secretary of that club. Mr. Carper stated that he did not have sufficient time to devote to the office and for that reason he had decided to resign the position he took to-day. Mr. Carper is one of the best known figures in lacrosse circles. He has been secretary of the Shamrocks since their organization four years ago, and has always taken the deepest interest in the welfare of that club. Largely to his ability and untiring efforts did the Shamrocks make such a splendid record during the past few years.

BASEBALL.

At the final game of the series the Newarks defeated Montreal yesterday afternoon with a score of 7 to 2. Hesterfer was the pitcher for Newark, and his offering was freely scattered. He was steady, and did not have any difficulty in reaching the plate when necessary. Gehring replaced Leroy, and considering the fact of the game when he went in his performance was creditable.

MONTREAL.

	a.b.	r.	h	p.o.	a.	e.
[illegible]	4	2	3	5	3	1
[illegible]	4	0	0	0	0	0
[illegible]	3	0	2	10	0	0
[illegible]	3	0	2	4	4	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	2	1
[illegible]	4	0	0	1	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	1	1	0	0
[illegible]	3	0	0	5	4	1
[illegible]	2	0	1	0	3	1
[illegible]	1	0	0	0	0	0
[illegible]	1	0	0	0	0	0
	33	2	9	27	16	4

[illegible] ninth for Gerhing.

NEWARK.

	a.b.	r.	h	p.o.	a.	e.
[illegible]	4	1	1	4	1	0
[illegible]	3	0	1	11	0	0
[illegible]	4	2	2	0	0	0
[illegible]	3	1	0	0	2	0
[illegible]	4	1	2	2	0	0
[illegible]	4	2	2	2	0	0
[illegible]	4	0	2	0	2	0
[illegible]	4	0	0	6	3	1
[illegible]	3	0	1	2	3	0
	33	7	11	27	11	1

[illegible]—

[illegible] 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

[illegible] 2 1 0 0 0 4 0 0 0—7

[illegible] base hits, Dillard, 2; Thoney, 2, Leroy. Sacrifice, Yeager. Stolen bases, [illegible]man, O'Hagan, Thoney. Double, [illegible]man to Thoney to Clancy; [illegible]Hagan. Base on balls, off Gehring, 1; off Hesterfer, 2. Leroy, 1; by Gerhing, 3; Balk, Leroy. Wild pitch, [illegible] pitched, by Leroy, 6; by [illegible] off Leroy, 9; off Gerhing [illegible]nahan and Rudderham.

[illegible] between Fall River and the latter city yesterday, prosperous seasons in the New England Baseball [illegible] a close. Haverhill won [illegible] New Bedford earned second [illegible] and Fall River were [illegible].

Advertisements.

Always eat the best. JAS. STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

Philadelphia defeated Boston .. .. 4 to 2

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

Jersey City defeated Toronto .. .. 7 to 2
Buffalo defeated Providence .. .. 1 to 0
Baltimore defeated Rochester (first game) .. .. 5 to 1
Baltimore defeated Rochester (second game) .. .. 3 to 2

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

Philadelphia defeated Boston .. .. 6 to 1
New York defeated Washington .. 4 to 3
Chicago defeated Detroit .. .. .. 3 to 0
St. Louis defeated Cleveland (first game) .. .. 5 to 4
Cleveland defeated St. Louis (second game) .. .. 2 to 1

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	81	50	.618
Boston	81	53	.604
Philadelphia	73	54	.575
Chicago	78	58	.574
Cleveland	70	61	.534
St. Louis	57	75	.432
Detroit	56	77	.421
Washington	32	100	.212

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Buffalo	86	41	.677
Baltimore	76	46	.623
Jersey City	72	54	.571
Newark	71	57	.555
Montreal	62	60	.508
Toronto	61	69	.469
Providence	48	79	.378
Rochester	28	98	.222

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	99	35	.739
Chicago	80	52	.606
Pittsburg	77	52	.597
Cincinnati	73	59	.553
St. Louis	65	57	.493
Brooklyn	49	85	.366
Boston	46	88	.343
Philadelphia	42	93	.311

ROWING.

Mr. C. S. Titus, the sculler of the Atalanta Boat Club, is soon to seek new laurels in the rowing world. He expects to reach Australia in time to compete in the Christmas handicap, an important rowing event in that country, where rowing is considered the sport, as evidenced by the fact that the recent Towns-Tresidder race at Sydney for the professional championship of the world attracted sixty thousand people. On the day of the famous Hanlon-Beach race, twenty years ago, at the same place, there were one hundred and fifty thousand spectators. It is there that Mr. Titus hopes to gather in the local championships and add a few more cups to his large collection. He will compete in a rowing shirt while snow and ice cover our waters. His sculls will be shipped to California, where they will be wetted before taken aboard ship in his attempts to defeat Pape, the coast champion, and another local oarsman, races with whom are now being arranged. The latter is a dark horse, who defeated Pape a year ago sculling in a veritable box, whereas after he had received an English shell that had been shipped all the way around the Horn in preparation for another race to have take place last January, Pape refused to meet him.

BILLIARDS.

There will be a handicap tournament at rail billiards at the M.A.A.A. rooms next week. Entries close on Sept. 27, and the games will commence on Sept. 29.

PAST CANADIAN CHAMPIONS

In view of the way in which Canada has been walking off of late with some of the international championships it may be of interest to recall some of the country's previous achievements in the realm of athletics In more than one instance it will be found that an international champion, who is a Canadian born and bred, won his international laurels under the insignia of a 'foreigner'—generally an American—club, so that he is apt to be overlooked in a casual glance at the records.

Not unnaturally, it is in the realm of rowing that Canada has produced the finest crop of champions. With the fame of E. Hanlan, and the later achievements of Lou Scholes, everyone is familiar. Taking the rowing championships since 1880, we find Hanlan holding the world's record in 1880 and 1882, losing in 1885 and 1887 against W. Beach in Australia, and in 1888 against P. Kemp in Australia. In 1896, another Canadian, J. G. Gaudaur, who had been rowing hard for the championship since 1886, won it in England, and again in 1898. He had already several time won the rowing championship of America, a feat which was also achieved in 1888 by W. O'Connor, another Canadian. J. G. Gaudaur, in 1896, also won the championship of England on the Thames.

It is also worth mentioning that the fastest rowing times for the half mile and for the five miles have been made in Canada—the half mile at Toronto, by E. Hedley, in 3 min. 8½ secs., and the five miles by Hanlan on Chautauqua Lake in 33 mjn. 56 ¼ seconds. J. G. Gaudaur also did the fastest three miles in 1894 at Austin, Texas, in 19 mins 1½ seconds, and Hanlan the four miles in 27 minutes 57½ seconds, at Ogdensburg, New York.

YACHTING TRIUMPHS.

Canada has never yet carried off the 'America' cup. The Seawanhaka cup she as held ever since 1896, each time winning against an American boat, now in Canadian, and now in American waters.

With the 'Canada' cup the honors have been more even. Canada won in 1896 with the 'Canada,' of the R.C.Y.C., Toronto. In 1899 the Rochester Y.C. carried it off with the 'Genesee.' In 1901 Canada brought it back with the 'Invader,' R.C.Y.C., but Rochester recaptured it last year with the 'Irondequoit.'

Lacrosse, of course, is Canada's own property.

The longest ball ever thrown in lacrosse was thrown 497 feet 7½ inches, by Barney Quinn, of Ottawa, in 1892. A Toronto university team won the intercollegiate championship of the world in 1903 by defeating Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore, and the touring Oxford-Cambridge team.

Of thirty cricket matches played between Canada and the United States, the United States have won 20 and Canada 8, two having been drawn.

Jack Scholes, who is a brother of Lou Scholes, the champion oarsman of the world, has won laurels for himself as the champion light-weight amateur boxer of the world, never been beaten in his whole career. He went to England and cleaned up all the big ones opposed to him over there.

The 'Daily Witness' will be mailed to those removing to the country, seaside, or mountains, for 25 cents a month. Annual subscribers need only indicate change of address

LABOR CONGRESS

The President Insists That all Employment Agencies Should be Under Government Regulation.

HE ALSO STRONGLY CONDEMNS INDISCRIMINATE IMPORTATION OF UNDESIRABLE CLASSES.

At the afternoon sitting of the Labor Congress in the Cabinet de Lecture, Notre Dame street, yesterday, the president, Mr. John A. Flett, read his address. The last session of the Federal Parliament, he said, could be truthfully said to have devoted the major portion of its time to the interests of corporations. The Grand Trunk Pacific again occupied the attention of that body. Not satisfied with their agreement, they demanded further concessions and got them. He complained that the Union Label Bill had not received the consideration due to it, and that the Alien Labor Bill had been killed by the Senate in spite of the sincerity of purpose of Sir William Mulock. He pointed out that the proposals made by Mr. W. F. Maclean in the House of Commons at Ottawa, with regard to railways and express companies had been voted down and recommended that more labor members should be returned to parliament. He went on to criticise the Employers' Associations and advised that all employment bureaus or agencies should be under government regulation. Commending the increase of the poll tax on Chinese entering Canada, he objected to the large and indiscriminate importation by steamship companies and philanthropic societies of persons with criminal tendencies, and other undesirable classes. The strike at Sydney, he argued, demonstrated in a forceful manner the emptiness and foolishness of the cry of a National Union of Labor made by the opponents of labor and others. Capital knew no nationality or boundary line when employing labor. He then went on to defend the International Labor movement and to give statistics to show its growth. In an argument in favor of collective bargaining on the part of work people he dealt with one of the complaints of employers, that unions at times violated their agreements and maintained that agreements entered into by labor organizatoins and employers were as free from breach or violation as those of any other element in the community and he added, 'In view of what has been stated I would urge upon our people everywhere to hold all obligations, agreements or contracts as binding upon their honor and to be lived up to religiously.' Some remarks upon the Union label and prison-made goods brought the address to a close.

After some discussion as to the provisions for a French translation the address was received and remitted to the committee on reports, of which Mr. Jas. Wilson has been appointed chairman.

Invitations were read from the labor councils of Guelph, Windsor and Toronto to hold the next Congress at those places.

An address was read from the Cowichan Fishermen's Union, British Columbia (Indians) pointing out that the government had given allotments of land and the franchise to Indians in other parts of Canada. The petitioners' land was insufficient and they were not allowed to vote. They thought it very hard that white people got rich among them while they were kept suffering.

The application was referred to the incoming executive.

An application from the Women's International Label League for financial assistance for the purpose of employing organizing agents and promoting the usefulness of the Union Label was remitted to the resolutions committee.

It was decided that the election of officers should be held on Friday afternoon at two o'clock.

It was announced that Mr. John Tweed had been appointed chairman of the committee on law; Mr. E. W. A. O'Dell, chairman of the committee of ways and means, and Mr. C. S. O. Boudreault, chairman of the committee on standing orders and resolutions.

The following is the list of delegates: American Federation of Labor, John H. Richards, Newcastle, Pa. Trade and Labor Councils: Berlin, J. H. Kressler, E. Quermbach; Brantford, Fred. Eastman. Grand'Mere, Archie Hickman, Joe. Blanchard; Galt, W. G. Seylfert; Hamilton, W. Berry, Thos. Monogue, H. Obermeyer; London, C. J. Meaden; Montreal, A. Verville, J. F. O'Callaghan, J. C. E. Tardif; Ottawa, P. M. Draper, J. E. Empey, Jos. Hurtubise; Quebec and Levis, Frank, Petitclerc, J. H. Poitras, E. L. Hereux; Sarnia G. A. Lambert; St. Catharines, Jas. A. Wiley; St. John, N.B., E. J. Neve, H. Golrsworthy, P. C. Sharkey; Stratford, E. J. Todd; Toronto, Jas. Wilson, John Tweed, D. W. Kennedy; Windsor, D. Mitchell; Winnipeg, Henry Albert, Richard Weston. Montreal United Cloth Hat and Cap Makers' Union, No. 33, Jas. B. Mack; Montreal Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, No. 144, E. Kavanagh, Louis Guerard; Montreal Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, No. 349, J. A. Dupuis, T. Fisher, Emile Pelletier; Montreal Wholesale Clothing Cutters and Trimmers, No. 80, J. J. A. Murphy; Montreal Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, No. 267, J. F. Barbeau; Montreal Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, No. 266, A. Mathieu, Arthur Meert; Montreal Journeymen Tailors' Union, No. 317, Arthur Sauvage; Montreal United Garment Workers' Union, No. 134, Bernard Rose; Montreal Ship Liners' Local, No. 413, Alfred Ethier; Montreal Iron Moulders' Union, No. 21, Fred. Roberts, Patrick Grangel, S. Mathieu, A. R. Mitchell; Montreal Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, No. 281, Alfred Lauizon; Ottawa Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, No. 200, J. Hooper; Ottawa Typographical Union, No. 102, H. H. Cairns, J. A. Murphy, C. S. O. Boudreault; Quebec Carpenters' and Joiners' Union, No. 730, Geo. Levesque, J. O. Dugal; Quebec Typographical Union, No. 302, J. E. Coté; Sarnia Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, No. 422, D. J. Finch; St. John, Que., Brotherhood Carpenters and Joiners, No. 1160, Jas. P. McQuillen; St. Johns, Que., Building Laborers' Protective Union, Adelard Drouin; St. John, N.B., Cigar Makers' Union, No. 349, C. H. Stevens; Toronto Gilders Protective Union, No. 8980, D. C. Marsh; Toronto Cigar Makers' Union, No. 27, R. Haberstock, D. Henderson, Wm. V. Todd; Coat Workers International Brotherhood Maintenance of Way Employees, No. 162, Frank Bagesy; Hamilton Cigar Makers' Union, No. 55, Fred. Hough, Thos. O'Dowd; Hamilton United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners' Local, No. 18, John A. Flett; Hamilton Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, No. 232, E. W. A. O'Dell; Hamilton Custom Tailors' Union, No. 149, Hugh Robinson; Hamilton United Garment Workers' Local, No. 256, S. Landers; Hamilton International Brush and Broom Makers' Local, No. 9, Walter Rollo; Montreal Bakers and Confectioners' International Union, No. 55, Louis Charbonneau; Montreal Printing Pressmen's Union, No. 52, P. A. Boudreau; Montreal Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, No. 249, Francis Payette, Emile Fontaine; Montreal United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners' Local, No. 134, O. Proulx, Art. Lamothe, Ed. Berthiaume, J. N. Chaput, J. E. Bayard, N. Arcand, L. Lefevre, Jos. Pacquet; Montreal United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 1244, John Long; Montreal Barbers' International Union of America, No. 455, L. A. Z. Page; Montreal Ceramic, Mosaic and Encaustic Tile Layers, No. 41, Wm. C. Morris; Montreal Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance, No. 116, T. Bertrand; Cigar Makers' Union, No. 58, T. McGreevy, A. Gariepy; Montreal 'Longshoremen, Marine and Transport Workers, John Ryan, Telesphore Robert, Ludger Lesperance; Montreal Jacques Cartier Typographical Union, No. 145, J. A. Rodier, Gustave Francq; Montreal International Association of Machinists, Mount Royal Lodge, No. 224, A. Hill; Toronto Piano and Organ Workers' Local, No. 39, J. Lee; Toronto Musical Protective Association, D. A. Carey; Toronto Piano and Organ Workers' Local, No. 34, William Ward; Toronto Bartenders International League, No. 280, Wm. T. McKeown; Toronto Journeymen Tailors' Union, N. 132, Geo. Sangster; Toronto Tobacco Workers' Local, No. 63, Chas. Lavoie; Toronto Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers, No. 30, J. H. Kennedy; Toronto Typographical Union, Jas. Simpson, Jas. Chinn; Toronto International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, No. 28, Wm. Glockling, Robert Glockling; Toronto Iron Moulders' Union of North America, No. 28, J. H. Barnett, V. H. Annable; Toronto Street Railway Employees, Division No. 113, J. H. Pickles, Jas, McDonald, M. Sinclair, W. T. Thomson, John W. Griffin; Toronto Boot and Shoe Makers' Union, No. 233, J. McFayden, W. A. Stewart; Toronto International Association of Machinists, No. 235, D. T. Montgomery, A. H. Channion; Winnipeg Typographical Union, No. 191, A. W. Puttee: Windsor Typographical Union, No. 550, F. T. York; Montreal Electrical Workers, Pierre Drolet; Toronto Stereotypers and Electrotypers, John H. Huddleston.

CHARITIES AND CORRECTION

SEVENTH CANADIAN CONFERENCE TO BEGIN AT LONDON, ONT., ON OCT. 5.

It is expected that the seventh Canadian Conference of Charities and Correction, which is to be held in London, Ont., on Oct. 5 to 7, will be one of the most successful meetings in the history of that institution. Arrangements have been made with the railway companies for a single fare rate for delegates. The following are the officers of the conference: President, Mr. Adam Beck, M. P. P.; vice-presidents, Sir Louis H. Davies, Ottawa; the Hon. F. L. Beique, Montreal; Mr. J. J. Kelso, Toronto; secretary, Dr. A. M. Rosebrough, Toronto; assistant secretaries, Mr. John Keane, Ottawa, and Mr. J. Sanders, London.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

LADY TRAVELS FIVE THOUSAND MILES TO TALK FOR TWO HOURS WITH HER SON.

A little old lady, neatly dressed in black, had some trouble yesterday with her tickets at the Windsor street station—that is, she was not just sure of the privileges to which she was entitled. She talked freely to several of the officials, who did all in their power to make her comfortable.

'Well,' she said, 'I am a pretty good traveller, and I do not want luxuries. I left my place in Assiniboia to see my son in England. He is engaged in Egypt in the British civil service. I met him in Liverpool, and had just two hours' talk with him after a separation of nearly fifteen years. He had to take the next train and steamer back to his business. Then I came out, and I am now on my way home again. I am now going first to Toronto, where another of my sons is to get his M. A. degree.'

Tears of joy and pride came to her eyes as she spoke.

'And then you go back to Assiniboia?'

'Yes.'

'Are you not tired?'

'A little, but I do not mind it.'

'Do you know that you have done something from which many men would shrink?'

'Oh, it's nothing remarkable,' was the smiling answer.

PRESENTATION TO MR. GUILBAULT.

Mr. W. J. Guilbault, who has been city representative of the Colin McArthur Company, Limited, for the past fifteen years, was on Saturday afternoon presented with a handsome sideboard and a full set of crystal ware on the occasion of his marriage. The presentation was made on behalf of the office staff and employees by the president of the company, Mr. W. Williamson, and Mr. Guilbault suitably replied.

THUNDERSTORM AT MILLE ISLES.

One of the most severe thunderstorms passed over the district of Mille Isles on Sunday morning, lasting from midnight to four o'clock. The barns and stables of Mr. Wm. Jas. Dawson, filled as they were with the whole produce of the harvests, were reduced in a very few moments to ashes. The lightning struck the horse stable, stunning a very valuable horse which, however, recovered sufficiently to leave the stable, but not before it was very much burned. It is feared that even if it live, it will be blind and almost worthless. Mr. Dawson is a hard working and intelligent young man, just beginning life. This is a very sad disaster to him and his young wife. The loss will not be covered by $1,000, and there is no insurance. His neighbors will do all in their power to assist him, but the loss to him is so serious that their kindness will only partially relieve him. Anyone desirous of giving some assistance may communicate with the Presbyterian minister there, the Rev. Jas. H. Beatt, whose city address is 261 Delorimier avenue.

LIQUOR LICENSE LAW.

MONTREAL DECLARED TO SELL MORE LIQUOR ON SUNDAYS THAN WEEK DAYS.

The Rev. G. G. Huxtable, secretary of the Dominion Alliance for the Suppression of the Liquor Traffic, addressed Prof. Elliott's Bible-class in Sherbrooke street church on Sunday afternoon on the present condition of the temperance cause and the license laws in the Province of Quebec.

Quebec province had, the speaker believed, better license laws and a greater extent of prohibited territory than most other provinces, even including Ontario. Montreal, however, as a city, was disgraced by much Sunday selling. The speaker did not hesitate to state that at the moment he was speaking hundreds of hotels and restaurants in the city were doing a big business in illegal liquor selling.

When the police were allowed to investigate suspected Sunday selling in plain clothes, said Mr. Huxtable, it was comparatively easy to make cases against liquor sellers. Ten places so visited were found to be selling large quantities of liquor during prohibited hours. There was no doubt more liquor was sold in Montreal on Sunday than any other day in the week. No other business, he declared, so demoralized character, as the traffic in strong drink. The desecration of the Sabbath by illegal liquor-selling was doubly disgraceful. The consequences were terrible to contemplate.

Several amendments to the liquor license law were desirable. Although as good as others it was not yet perfect. So long as the sale of liquor was allowed the laws restricting its sale as a beverage should be as exacting as possible and properly enforced. They should also be fair to all parties. In the latter respect there was room for improvement. For instance, if a man wished to get a license for selling liquor, all he had to do now was to get the signatures of twenty-five persons to an application stating that he was a fit and proper person to keep a hotel or restaurant. If half the qualified electors in the ward or district prescribed by law did not oppose the license it could be granted. This was not fair. Either the would-be liquor dealer should get half the electors' signatures to his application or the opposants should be required to secure only a majority over the applicant and not a majority of the total electorate in the district.

Another injustice was the fact that private citizens could not lay charges against dealers for illegal selling. All complaints had to be laid before the revenue collector and he made the charges. It was very possible for such an official to notify persons complained of and put them on their guard. The alliance was considering measures to improve the license law in these and other respects and it was hoped that before long amendments would be made to it that would be approved by the people and the legislature. Forty million dollars, according to the most reliable statistics available, were sunk in strong drink in Canada every year. Forty thousand citizens of the Dominion were sent to jail every year of whom only eight percent were total abstainers and over four thousand, some statisticians said five thousand, go down to untimely graves through indulgence in intoxicating beverages. 'How,' asked the speaker, in conclusion, 'can intelligent, Christian men and women defend and sustain such a wofully destructive traffic.'

NOTES AND NOTICES.

What Swiss Food Does.—Swiss Food invigorates and develops mind and muscle. It is a scientific combination in food form of nature's best ingredients. Try it for breakfast.

Advertisements.

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Grocers, when you keep the best goods you have the best customers. Clark's Delicious Pork and Beans are demanded by the best buyers. Have you a full supply?

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Some truly marvellous cures have been made of this disease by our Constitutional treatment. There is a peculiar condition of the blood which favors the growth of Cancer in all its forms, and it is the special mission of our Cancer treatment to change this condition and restore health and vigor to the diseased system. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont

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Black Duck, Young Turkey, Young Geese.

Saddles Lamb, Sweet-Breads, Lamb-Fries, Calves' Brains, and other delicacies too numerous to mention, at

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NEW LIGHT **PEERLESS—SOLAR**

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Advertisements.

You have 115 kinds of Bread to choose from with JAMES STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS

FIRST SECTIONAL MEETING OF THE SESSION AT WINDSOR HOTEL.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association held the first sectional meeting of their session this morning at the Windsor Hotel, where all the meetings of the Association will be held. Mr. E. H. Cooper, the secretary, has his office during the three days of the session in room four of the hotel.

To-day is the 'section day' of the session, and this morning the Agricultural Implement, the Waggon, the Engine and Boiler, and the Manufacturing Grocers' sections held meetings in the room assigned to them. This afternoon the Woollen, the Cloak, and Carriage sections held their meetings, beginnig at 12 o'clock, and at 2.30 meetings were held by the Hat, Cement, Stove, Gold and Silversmith sections.

A reception, under the auspices of the Montreal branch, to the members of the Association and their friends was given at two o'clock in the Ladies' Ordinary of the hotel, after which an 'at home' was tendered to the delegates and their ladies by the Harbor Commissioners of Montreal on board one of their steamers.

The public opening session will be held to-night in the Ladies' Ordinary of the Windsor Hotel, beginning at 8 o'clock. The opening invocation will be pronounced by the Rev. Dr. James Barclay, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church. Addresses of welcome will be made by His Worship the Mayor of Montreal and Mr. J. J. McGill, the president of the Montreal branch. The reply will be made by Mr. W. K. George, of Toronto, vice-president of the Association. This will be followed by the annual presidential address by Mr. George E. Drummond, the president. The open session to-morrow begins at 9.30, when a budget of reports will be heard from the following:—The secretary, the treasurer, the reception and membership committees, and the 'Industrial Canada' committee.

In the afternoon session opening at 2.30 o'clock, reports will be received from the railway and transportation and the parliamentary committees.

Among the points of interest to be touched upon by the reports are:—The Metric system, Japanese and New Zealand tariff regulations, South African trade, freight classification, export and import rates, labor legislation, the general labor question and tariff revision.

YOUNG THIEVES SENTENCED

THE RESULT OF A FONDNESS FOR HORSES AND BICYCLES.

Three heavy sentences were imposed on young men by Judge Lafontaine in the Police Court this morning.

Alderic Hebert, who pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking into Demers & McGee's store and stealing goods to the value of from $200 to $300 on Aug. 3, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. The young lad had been in trouble before, and was well known to the police.

Adelarde Barrette was charged with having stolen four bicycles from different people. He pleaded guilty, and was also condemned to three years' penal servitude. The judge remarked that as this was the young man's fourth conviction within a year, he did not think the penalty was too severe.

Patrick Timony, who seemed to have a fondness for horses, will also spend the next three years in the penitentiary by the judge's orders. Timony was charged with stealing a horse and buggy valued at $200 from Mr. Dan MacDonald in May last, and also stealing a horse and harness valued at $125 from Mr. Percy Walsh, this month. The man's record was a bad one.

ALLEGED FALSE PRETENCES

MR. BRULE'S EXPERIENCE IN EXCHANGING A HOTEL FOR LAND.

Leon Duchesne was arraigned in the Court of King's Bench this morning on a charge of trying to obtain money under false pretenses.

Mr. Arthur Brule stated that he was the proprietor of an hotel in Ste. Cunegonde, which was mortgaged to the Montreal Brewing Company. The accused went to him, he said, one day in May last and offered to buy the property, offering in exchange a piece of land at Plantagenet, which he claimed was worth $3,000. Witness had no use for the land and was unwilling to sell except for cash. Duchesne then produced another man, who said he had seen the land and was willing to pay $3,000 for it. All the interested parties then went to the office of the Montreal Brewing Company, where an arrangement for the sale of the property was made with that company. Duchesne then disappeared from the city, and on investigation it was found that his land at Plantagenet was worth only about $250.

The case is being continued this afternoon.

ESCAPING GAS.

An action for $5,000 damages has been entered against the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Company by Mr. G. Paradis, through his attorney, Mr. J. W. Jalbert. The plaintiff complains that he and the members of his family were rendered ill and almost asphyxiated by a gas escape in their dwelling.

THE LATE MR. KRAUSE.

The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon of Karl August Krause, the founder of the tailoring firm of Krause and Barbeau, St. James street. Deceased, who had reached his eightieth year, came to this country forty years ago, from Germany, having been born in Zittau, Saxony. His death is deeply regretted by a wide circle of friends and the members of the Teutonian Club, to which he had belonged from its commencement. The funeral procession will leave the house of his son-in-law, Mr. C. Ludwig, 507 Victoria avenue, Westmount, at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

McGILL SUMMER CLASSES.

RESULT OF EXAMINATIONS IN DESCRIPTIVE GEOMETRY, FREEHAND DRAWING, AND LETTERING.

Results of examinations in the summer classes of descriptive geometry, freehand drawing and lettering, at McGill University, have been posted. The following students are successful:—

Freehand drawing. — W. G. Brown, Crocker, Hamel, Hendry, Jordan, Lathe, Macaulay, F. R. Renaud.

Lettering.—W. M. Archibald, W. G. Brown, Crocker, Gilmour, Haughton, pHendry, Jordan, Lathe, Macaulay, F. R. McCallum, Renah, Strumbert.

Descriptive geometry.—W. G. Brown, Crocker, Hamel, Lathe, Millen, McCallum, Renaud, Spafford, Stephen, Zimmerman.

A list is appended of students who have passed the supplemental examinations and are admitted as undergraduates:—

Second year.—H. J. Black, C. O. Brown, J. O. Callaghan, W. J. Daly, G. D. Drummond, G. Frith, C. W. Gamble, L. J. Haskell, H. M. Haughton, M. G. Hepburn, W. D. Little, F. C. C. Lynch, W. M. B. MacDonald, J. A. McKinnon, D. R. McCuaig, J. Moyse, W. H. Mulligan, R. H. Mulock, G. N. Otter, R. H. Patterson, P. Racey.

Third year.—C. K. Batchelder, E. M. Benedict, G. H. Blackader, A. M. S. Boyd, J. C. Brunner, A. Burnett, A. S. Cram, J. G. Dickenson, W. Ewens, J. M. Forbes, A. D. Gurd, W. K. Harding, S. N. Howell, A. C. Loudon, C. E. McCuaig, A. McMeekin, H. H. Pinch, A. B. Ritchie, F. M. Tupper, E. J. Furley.

Fourth year.—J. A. Campbell, S. Cunha, W. Hamilton, A. K. MacCarthy, E. W. Martin, D. McLean, W. Redpath, W. G. Ross, H. Turnbull, G. F. Bippy.

FREE THINKERS IN CONVENTION

Rome, Sept. 20.—The congress of Free Thinkers assembled here to-day at the Roman College erected by Pope Gregory XIII. There were over 5,000 delegates present, the Frenchmen alone numbering about one thousand. Spain had 300 representatives, and ten delegates came from America. Professor Sergi presided and delivered an address, which was warmly applauded, glorifying the triumphs of science over superstition. He hailed the fall of temporal power, condemned Roman Catholicism as prehistoric, and protested against war, ending with advocating an indissoluble alliance of nations and the universal brotherhood of the peoples.

Professor Berthelet, the well-known French scientist, who is ill, sent an address, which was greeted with outbursts of enthusiasm, accentuated by the band playing Garibaldi's march and the 'Marseillaise,' the Socialists singing the workingman's hymn, and the waving of flags.

TOO MUCH BLUE PENCIL.

The case of Asselin vs. Frechette came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Doherty this morning. This is an action by which Mr. Oliver Asselin, former private secretary of the Hon. Mr. Gouin, claims $199 damages from Dr. Louis Frechette on the alleged ground that the latter, in reproducing an article written by him, disfigured it and altered the sense thereof.

JUDGMENT ON AN ACCOUNT.

Mr. Justice Doherty rendered judgment this morning in a case of William H. Chenery vs. Walter E. Wood. This was an action for $138.89, amount claimed as balance of account due for work done and material furnished. The Court maintained the claim to the extent of $133.

BREAKING INTO STORE.

Israel Petit was arrested last night for having been concerned in the breaking into the store of Mr. Paquette, St. Catherine street, last week. He pleaded not guilty before Judge Lafontaine this morning, and was remanded until Sept. 27 for enquete.

CHINESE LAUNDRYMEN FINED.

Sam Kee, 1849 Ontario street Charlie Wing, 44 Mance street, and Sam Hing, 378 Centre street, three Chinamen, were arraigned in the Recorder's Court this morning on charges of keeping laundries without having taken out the necessary licenses. They pleaded guilty and were each sentenced to a fine of $2 and costs or eight days.

SYRIANS WANT NO HELP.

Some time ago the Rev. Father Chamy, pastor of the Catholic Syrian colony, asked help through the press for the establishment of a school for Syrian children. At a meeting last night of some twelve or fifteen members of the colony Father Chamy was censured for taking such a step, and those present declared that the Montreal Syrians were well able to keep up their own school without outside help. Between $250 and $300 was at once subscribed, and new subscriptions will be forthcoming.

SAD PLIGHT OF A BANK CLERK.

A report comes from Sorel that an ex-bank clerk of the locality, just returned from his wedding tour, was arrested last night for an act supposed to be due to sudden insanity.

To get married, this young man had to resign his position in the bank, on account of the rules of the establishment, which forbade any employee from getting married until he commanded a salary of $1,000. Yesterday evening, armed with a revolver, the young man entered the bank and fired a shot at random. Fortunately no one was hurt, and he was placed under arrest.

HOW TAXES COME IN.

STATEMENT OF REVENUE TO AUGUST 31, 1904.

A statement was issued to-day by the treasury department at the City Hall, showing how the revenue from various sources is coming in. It may be noted that the arrears are not pulling up as well this year as last, but the assessments and taxes for the current year are ahead of 1903. The water rates paid to the end of August amounted to $12,926.32 more than for 1903, and the business tax to $94,906.70, which is most satisfactory to the city officials. There is also a noteworthy increase in the revenue from meters and licenses. The total increase amounts to the very considerable sum of $95,438.13.

The statement is as follows:

Arrears.	1904.	1903.	Increase.	Decrease.
Assessment	$325,483.09	$354,623.00	.....	$29.140.51
Water rates	74,839.86	80,229.50	.....	5,389.64
Business	41,019.13	55,889.55	.....	14,870.42
Meters	15,081.20	9,591.75	$5,489.45	.....
Assessments current year	82.50	138.50	.....	56.00
Water rates	256,388.37	243,462.05	12,926.32	.....
Business tax	139,275.96	44,449.26	94,906.70	.....
Meters	101,554.86	86,892.20	14,662.66	.....
Licenses	155,041.00	139,604.00	16,037.50	.....
Recorder's Court	22,474.62	22,883.02	.....	413.40
Markets	59,332.92	56,661.36	2,671.56	.....
Interest	24,378.20	34,242.89	.....	9,864.69
Permits	19,759.71	14,083.69	5,726.02	.....
Rents, privileges, etc	9,321.09	6,578.51	2,742.58	.....
	$1,244,713.01	$1,149,274.88	$155,172.79	$59,934.66
Increase		95,438.13		95,438.13
		$1,244,713.01		$156,172.79

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

LARGE PARTY VISITS THE ANGUS SHOPS—LUNCHEON AND SPEECH-MAKING IN THE EAST END.

(See also page 5.)

People who are comfortable in England do not rise too early in the mornings, but the visiting civil engineers knew that there was a programme to be observed, a programme which had been prepared by people who are up betimes, and they responded with a will. The rotunda of the Windsor Hotel was filled at an early hour with a large crowd of men of all ages. The younger element predominated, but there were not a few gentlemen with white hair.

There was an absence of ceremony, and some of the ladies of the party invaded the rotunda and sat chatting with their friends while the men smoked their pipes. In room No. 1, Mr. McLea Walbank, who is a master organizer, was working like a beaver to make everybody happy. There was the registering of names, the procuring of badges, and the giving of information about all conceivable subjects. For the visitors 'wanted to know, you know,' but Mr. Walbank was not easily puzzled.

At ten o'clock a special train was in waiting at the Windsor station, and a considerable number availed themselves of a trip to the Angus shops in the east end. Unhappily, the rain came down in torrents, which had a daunting effect, not merely upon the ladies as a body, but upon not a few of the gentlemen, who preferred to sit comfortably in the rotunda and smoke and chat.

It was the intention to give the ladies a drive around the city and the mountain, using both carriages and the street cars but this feature of the programme had to be omitted, much to the vexation of the reception committee.

Those who went to the Angus shops had a most instructive visit. The C. P. R. officials were most attentive; the equipment was thoroughly explained, and most of the morning passed away without the sense of fatigue.

Luncheon was subsequently served, and during the course of this function the visitors were formally welcomed by Col. Anderson, the president of the local society. Happy things were said as to fraternal relations, good wishes were expresesd, and the essential unity of the empire was hinted at.

Mr. Walbank, Prof. McLeod and others having spoken, Sir William White, the president of the English Association, responded on behalf of his colleagues, saying pleasant things and reciprocating the friendly sentiments which had been expressed.

BAGGAGE AGENTS

DISCUSS QUESTIONS OF INTEREST AT WINDSOR HOTEL.

The general baggage agents of the Canadian railways met to-day at the Windsor Hotel, chiefly for the purpose of studying and discussing the new Canadian Railway Act, as that bears upon the handling of baggage. There is no objection to the act, per se, but the point was to discover its exact application and bearing, and this was the matter discussed, together with the details of a mutually interchanging system.

CHILD'S AWFUL DEATH.

SWALLOWED BY QUICKSANDS, WHILE MOTHER STOOD HELPLESS BY.

New York, Sept. 20.—Unable to render assistance, Mrs. Kinley, wife of Jas. Kinley, superintendent of a motor supply company, saw her four-year-old daughter swallowed up by the quicksands to-day near the shore front here, says a Port Washington, L.I., despatch to the 'Herald.' She then fell unconscious and is now in a dangerous condition. The girl was at play only a few feet from her home, which is near the shore. During the recent rain large pools of water formed on the sand along the beach, making it dangerous for the children, who romp in that vicinity. Mrs. Kinley was with her child and had admonished her not to go too near the treacherous pools.

The child approached the edge of the murky water and suddenly lost her balance and slipped in. The water was only two or three feet deep but the bottom of the pool was quicksand. Mrs. Kinley rushed to the spot to snatch her daughter from the water and was horrified to see her slowly disappearing in the sand. The woman screamed and then swooned. Workmen from the factory rushed to her aid. She was restored sufficiently to tell what had happened and the men set to work to rescue the child. The body being light, had not sunk entirely below the surface, but the girl had fallen upon her face and was smothered to death. One of the rescuers sank to his knees in the quicksand and had to be pulled out by a companion. Quick efforts were made to revive the child and physicians were summoned, but their labors were fruitless

NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR.

Concord, N.H., Sept. 20.—John McLane, of Milford, was to-day nominated for Governor, by acclamation, by the Republican State Convention.

LABORER CLAIMS DAMAGES.

Giuseppe Covelagio, an Italian laborer, has entered an action through his attorneys, Messrs. Beauregard, Rainville and St. Jacques, claimng $5,000 damages from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, on account of injuries recived while employed in their service.

THE HARBOR SHEDS.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION WITH THE CONTRACTORS SMOOTHED OUT.

There has been some difference of opinion between the Harbor Commissioners and the contractors for the new sheds, Messrs. Peter Lyall & Son, regarding the plans. From time to time private meetings were held between the Commissioners and the contractors, but without result, much to the annoyance of those interested in seeing the work of construction commenced.

At a special meeting held this morning the difficulty has been overcome, and now it is said there is nothing further to prevent the work on the sheds from proceeding without interruption.

DEFAULTING JURYMEN.

LET OFF WITH A SMALL FINE.

Alfred Beaudet, 60 Delorimier street, and Odilon Imbeau, 1368 Notre Dame street, were placed under arrest and brought before Coroner McMahon for having, with three other jurymen not yet in custody, failed to attend the adjourned inquest in the Demers case. As they were poor men they were let off on payment of a small fine. The coroner pointed out the serious nature of the offence, showing them that they had rendered themselves liable to a fine of $40 if extreme measures had been taken, their action being contempt of court. They pleaded forgetfulness. The other three men who have not yet fallen into the hands of the police, gave names and addresses as follows when sworn on the jury: Hubert Marchand, 145 Wolfe street; Henri Valceour, 18 St. Dominique; Wilfrid Lachapelle, 87 Lasalle street.

TAXES AND EXEMPTIONS.

MONTREAL RATES SAID TO BE LOWER THAN OTHER LARGE CITIES.

Senator David, city clerk, has received reports from Chicago, St. Louis, New York and other large cities of the United States and Canada in regard to their sources of revenue. The city clerk to-day stated that after studying all the reports received up to the present he is convinced that the ratepayers of Montreal pay altogether, from twenty-five to forty percent less taxes than those of other large cities on this continent. At present, he pointed out, about one-third of the revenue goes to pay the interest on the city's debt. In other places, it would appear, that real estate is taxed from one-fifth to one-quarter higher than in Montreal, while special taxes of various kinds add considerably to the burden.

His Worship Mayor Laporte, being asked the reason for the exempted property in the city of Montreal, amounting to over forty millions of dollars while in Toronto the exemptions amounted to only some twenty-four millions, replied that the exempted property here for churches, schools and hospitals amounted to only about twenty-five millions, the balance being for government property. For this reason, the exemptions must be considered proportionally less here than in Toronto. In Montreal religious and educational and charitable institutions paid their water rates and their share to the cost of expropriation expenses the same as other institutions and private individuals. When asked if certain institutions did not hold large possessions of land for speculative purposes or made use of them to produce a revenue in kind for the maintenance of those institutions, His Worship replied that by virtue of a law passed two or three years ago all institutions holding properties or carrying on business of any kind that produced revenue were now taxable and the assessors were bound by their oath of office to assess them. When it was stated as a rumor that the law in this regard was not being enforced His Worship said he would be glad to receive positive information on this point if such were true and any protest in a given case would be promptly investigated and properly dealt with.

A MANUFACTURER ASSIGNS.

Wm. Angus, carrying on business under the name of the Standard Tinware Company, has assigned at the demand of F. M. Gilmour, with liabilities of about nine thousand dollars, while the statement sets down the assets at some $19,000.

The Hon. F. E. Gilmour has been appointed provincial guardian, and the meeting of creditors is fixed for Sept. 28.

COMMERCIAL.

STEEL IN CANADA.

STEEL RAIL TARIFF WILL CAUSE HEAVY LOSS IN STATE.

Representatives of leading rail interests in the United States reluctantly admit that the new Canadian tariff on steel rails will lose to that country one of its best customers at a time when the outlook for increasing the present business with the Dominion roads was never better.

All the principal roads in Canada have $1,896,822 sold by British steel works. This soon to be and these call for large amounts of rails and track equipment which the steel mills of that country had reason to expect would go to them.

Last year United States Steel concerns sold to this country a total of light and heavy rails of $1,397,858 as compared with $1.896,822 sold by British steel works. This year, until the new tariff became operative the Canadian rail business in the States was not only good, but constantly improving.

When the last rails in orders now on the books of the American steel companies are sent across the line before November 30, however, it will practically mark the loss of one of their best rail customers, unless Canadian steel companies fail to carry out their agreement with the Dominion Government.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

The Chicago wheat market opened nearly two cents better than last night's closing closing price, and maintained great strength throughout the entire session; Cash wheat closing at $1.07 asked and the futures closing at $1.09½ asked, and $1.11⅛ for December and May respectively.

Winnipeg was steady to firm, Cash closing at $1.01, and October closing at $1.01⅛. December was fractionally lower than yesterday's closing price at 99½c.

Chicago corn was very strong, probably on account of Jones's latest bullish estimate, which has reduced the corn crop for the United States many million bushels. September, which closed last night at 50⅝c, gained considerable strength overnight, and early this morning touched 53, closing later at 52⅝.

The market for oats was steady.

HEAVY FROST REPORTED AT WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—Heavy frost was general throughout the west last night. The thermometer registered 26 at Winnipeg during the night.

ANOTHER ESTIMATE.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—F. W. Thomson, vice-president of the Ogilvie Milling Co., is here to inspect the company's large interests throughout the country, and states he estimates the wheat crop at between 58,000,000 and 60,000,000 bushels.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., Bell Telephone Building, report the closing prices in Chicago to-day as follows:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat, Sept	106¼	107⅜	106½	107
Dec.	109	109⅞	108⅝	109½
Corn, Sept	.53¼	53¼	52	52⅝
Dec.	.50	52⅜	50⅞	51⅜
Oats, Sept	—	31¼	31	31⅛
Dec	.32⅝	32½	32¼	32⅜
Pork, Oct.	10.90	11.35	10.87	11.32
Lard, Oct.	7.07	7.17	7.07	7.17
Ribs, Oct.	7.90	7.57	7.40	7.55

CATTLE MARKETS.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000; market slow to steady; good to prime steers, $5.60 to $6.15; poor to medium, $3.50 to $5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25 to $3.85; cows, $1.50 to $4.50; heifers, $2 to $4.85; canners, $1.50 to $2.25; bulls, $2 to $4.15; calves, $3 to $6.25; Texas fed steers, $4 to $5; western steers, $3 to $4.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; market strong; mixed and butchers, $5.65 to $6.30; good to choice, heavy, $5.85 to $6.25; rough heavy, $5.40 to $5.75; light $5.60 to $6.30; bulk of sales, $5.75 to $6.

Sheep—Receipts, 25,000; market slow; good to choice wethers, $3.80 to $4.25; fair to choice, mixed, $3.35 to $3.75; native lambs, $4 to $6.

EXCHANGE AND MART.

The Bank of British North America opened a branch at Campbellford, Ontario, to-day.

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK STOCKS

J. B. Picken & Co.'s wire: The stock market this morning was decidedly irregular. The pressure seemed to be in the steel stocks in which C. Gates & Co. were the largest sellers. The strong stock of the list was Canadian Pacific which opened up ½ percent over yesterday's close with Europe, the principal buyers. Arbitrage houses in other stocks were small buyers. The market has two sides and there seems to be a better class of sellers than buyers. We look for a further reaction in prices.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by C.D. Monk, Hospital St., Local Manager for J. S. Bache & Co., New York, by direct wire.

Opening and Closing Prices, Sept 20.

Stocks.	Op'g.	Close.	Stocks	Op'g.	Close
Amal. Cop.	59½	57⅝	Mis. Pac.	97¾	96
Amer. Loco.	26¾	25⅞	M. S. M.	....	....
do. pref.	97¼	97	do. pref.	....	130
Am. Sugar.	131¼	130½	Metro. Trac.	12 1¾	120¾
do. pref.	....	....	N. Y. Cen.	126½	125½
Am. Smelt.	65¼	64	N. Y. Erie.	30¾	29⅝
Am. Car Fdy	22½	22¼	do. 1. pref.	66½	66
Anaconda	97	94	do. II. pref.	45	44⅝
Atchison	81¾	80⅞	Ont & West	32⅝	32⅜
do. pfd	98¾	98¼	Norf & West	68¾	68
Balt. & Ohio.	88⅝	88½	Omaha	....	....
do. pref.	....	....	Pac. Mail	....	....
Brooklyn R.T.	54⅞	54⅞	Penn. R. R.	130½	129⅝
Chic. & Alton	40¾	39⅝	Pressed St'l	....	32
Can. Pac.	127½	127⅜	do. pref.	....	31½
Can. South.	....	....	P'ple's Gas.	102	....
Ches. & Ohio	42⅝	41⅝	Phila. & R'd.	66	....
Chic. & N. W	....	184¼	do. 1. pref.	....	84¾
Chic. St. P.	156⅝	156⅜	do II. pref	....	75½
Col. South.	19¼	18⅝	Pullman	....	....
do. 1 pref.	51¼	51	Rock Isl'd.	27¼	26½
do. II. pref.	....	....	South. Ry.	33½	32½
Con. Gas N. Y.	203	203	do. pref.	95½	95½
Col. Fuel & I	34¾	33¼	South. Pac.	55⅛	55¼
Corn Prod.	14⅝	14½	Tenn. C'l & I	47¾	46
do. pref.	70¼	70¼	Texas Pacific	31½	30⅝
....	....	....	Twin City.	97¾	97¼
Detr't U. Ry.	....	....	U. S. Leath.	9⅝	9⅜
Del. L. & W.	....	278½	do. pref.	87	87
Del. & Hud.	166⅜	165⅞	U. S. Steel.	16⅝	14⅝
Denv. Rio G.	28	28⅛	do pfd.	67¼	66½
do pfd.	....	81½	U. S. Rub'r.	19¾	19⅝
Dul. S. S. & A.	....	....	do pfd.	....	....
do pfd.	....	....	Union Pac.	97⅝	96⅜
G. Northern.	....	....	do pfd.	....	....
Gen. Elec.	170	169½	Wabash	21	20¼
Jersey Cen.	....	178	do pfd.	41¼	40⅝
Ill. Central.	138	138	West. Union	....	....
Iowa Cen.	....	....	Wis. Cen.	19⅝	19
do. pref.	....	....	do. pfd.	....	....
Kan & Tex.	24½	23¾			
do. pref.	47⅞	46			
Louville & Nash	122⅝	121			
Man. Elev.	153	153			

LOCAL STOCKS.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

(C.P.R.—50 at 126⅝, 25 at 127 1-8, 25 at 127¼.

Tor. St.Ry.—125 at 99⅝.

Coal common—50 at 56, 50 at 55¾.

Twin City—25 at 97.

Iron pref—50 at 30½.

N. Scotia—50 at 63¾.

Bank of Com.—23 at 175.

Iron Bonds—1,000 at 75, 7,000 at 72¼.

Reported by Messrs Nichols & Mackay Stock Brokers, 1734 Notre Dame Street.

Stocks.	Sellers. per $100	Buyers. per $100	Stocks	Sellers. per $100	Buyers. per $100
RAILWAYS					
Can. Pacific	127½	127	Min. & St. P.	....	....
Montreal St.	210	204½	Toronto St.	....	102
Twin City Tr.	97½	97	Detroit Elec.	67	62
Halifax Elec.	95	92	Toledo Ry	7	5
St. John Ry.	....	....	Winnipeg	30	....
Wes Ind. R.	....	....	New M. S. R.	....	200
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Richelieu	60	59¾	Dom Coal	....	58½
Mat'l Power	77¾	77	Pref.	....	95
N. Scotia Steel	64¾	63½	Int. Coal Com	....	115
pfd	....	....	do. pfd	....	....
Dom. Steel Com	12	11	Com Cable	....	....
do Tel pref.	39	36½	Montl Tele	....	....
Bell Telephone	....	147	Montl Cot	....	115
Ogilvy pfd.	....	....	Domin. Cot	....	110
do com.	200	180	Can. Col Cot	....	....
Mont'l St'l Wk.	40	35	Merch. Cot	....	....
do pfd.	....	....	N.W.L.d.com	....	....
Laurtide Pulp	....	....	do pfd.	....	....
Windsor H'tl.	....	....	Payne	....	....
Mackay, Com.	27	25⅛	Switchboard	....	....
Pef	70¾	....			
BANKS.					
Montreal	....	....	Merchants	....	187
Ontario	....	....	Union	....	....
Molsons	....	....	Commerce	138	137
Toronto	....	....	Hochelaga	....	....
B. N. Am	....	....	N. W. L. d. p.	....	....
Quebec	....	....	Ottawa	....	....
Royal	205	....	Nationale	....	....
N. Scotia	....	....	Imperia	....	....
Dominion	....	....			
BONDS					
Dom. Iron & S.	73	71¾	Dom. Coal	....	....
Mont. St. Ry.	....	101	Ozilvie Bond	....	....
Nova. S. St'l.	....	....	Can Col Cot	....	....
Bell Tel.	....	....	Win. Elec.	....	....
Cable Coupon.	....	....			
*xd					

LONDON QUOTATIONS.

London, Sept. 20, 4 p.m.—Closing—Console for money, 88 9-16; do. for account, 88⅝.

Anaconda	5	Erie	31½
Atchison	83⅞	do. first prf.	69
do. pfd	101⅛	do. sec. prf.	47
B. & O.	90⅝	Ill. Cent.	142¾
C.P.R.	131	Lou. & N.	156
Ches. & O.	43⅛	Kan. & Tex.	26
Chic. G. W.	16⅝	N.Y.C.	130
Chi. M. & S. P.	161⅝	Nor. & W.	76¼
De Beers	18⅝	do. pfd.	92
Denv'r R.G.	29¼	Ont. & West	33⅜
do. pfd.	84½	Penna.	60⅛
St. Paul	....	Rand Mines	10¼
Spanish Four's	87⅝		

Bar silver steady, 26 7-16 per ounce.

Money 1 to 1¼ percent.

Discount rate for short bills, 2¼ to 2 5-16 percent do. for 3 months, 2 5-16 to 2⅜ percent

L. J. Forget & Co.'s cable: G.T.R., 1st, 101¼, 2nd, 87¾; 3rd, 40½. Hudson Bay, 43¾.

TORONTO STOCKS.

Toronto morning sales, by L. J. Forget & Co.'s wire:

Ontario Bank—60 at 120½, 4 at 121.

Dominion Bank—20 at 240.

Cons. Gas—150 at 204.

Tor. Elec. Ry.—113 at 145, 50 at 145½.

Tor. Ry.—25 at 102½.

Twins—45 at 97½, 50 at 97¾.

C.P.R.—15 at 127, 175 at 127½, 50 at 127⅝, 100 at 126⅞, 100 at 127 1-8.

Can. Gen. Elec.—157 at 159, 50 at 159½, 50 at 159¾, 25 at 159.

N.S. Steel—56 at 64, 75 at 64¼, 50 at 64½, 250 at 64¾, 50 at 63¾.

Sao Paulo—65 at 104, 25 at 104½.

Imp. Loan—1 at 170.

ABUNDANT ENGLISH CROP OF APPLES

(Ottawa, Sept. 20.—J. B. Lamont, the Canadian commercial agent at Leeds, England, sends a long report to the department. He says that on account of the abundant English crop of early apples the price for Canadian apples would not be high, but there would be a good demand for late varieties from the Dominion. From what he could gather the growers in his district favored packing in the barrel. Customers to deposit extra margin money in preference to the box.

OBITUARY.

New York, Sept. 20.—Mr. James West, vice-president of a local chemical company, was found dead in his bed at his home to-night. Heart failure is ascribed as the cuse of death.

DIED.

MATTHEWS.—Accidentally drowned at Bad Axe, Michigan, on Thursday, Sept. 15, 1904, William Hudson Matthews, youngest son of the late George Matthews, Esq., of Mount Victoria, Hudson, in the Province of Quebec.

Financial.

The Royal Trust Co.

CAPITAL

Subscribed, $1,000,000. Paid Up, $500,000

Reserve Fund, $350,000.

PRESIDENT

Right Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G. C. M. G.

VICE-PRESIDENT

Hon. Sir George Drummond, K.C.M.G.

DIRECTORS

R. B. Angus, A. Macnider.
E. S. Clouston, H. V. Meredith.
E. B. Greenshields, A. T. Paterson.
C. M. Hays, R. G. Reid.
C. R. Hosmer, James Ross.
Sir W. C. Macdonald, Sir T. G. Shaughnessy
Hon. R. Mackay, Sir W. C. Van Horne
K.C.M.G.

Montreal Office & Safety Deposit Vaults Bank of Montreal Building. 109 St. James Street.

Branch Offices at Quebec, St. John, N.B. and Winnipeg.

H. ROBERTSON, Manager.

LOST, YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, a valuable Pointer Dog, answering to the name of 'Jack.' The finder is asked to return it to MR. COURVILLE ABRAHAMSON, St. Denis street, or to the Fire Alarm Depot, City Hall.

FINANCIAL.

LOCAL STOCKS.

FIRM, OTHERS DULL.

'Witness' Office,
Tuesday Morning, Sept. 20.

...ened up a quarter of a point ... the stock being in demand ... for English account. It ... in the course of the morning's ... recovered to yesterday's high... with sales of 458 shares. The ... other stocks put together only ... 257 shares and one bond.

MORNING SALES.

...—25 at 127¼, 175 at 127, 8 at ...—25 at 127.
...mmon—100 at 11½.
...—25 at 77, 10 at 76¾, 25 at 77 ... 207.
...—10 at 102¼.
...—25 at 64, 10 at 64½, 25 at 64 ...—20 at 156¾.
... Hotel—5 at 90.
...—1,000 at 72¼.

COMMERCIAL.

Montreal Wholesale Prices.

FLOUR FIRM, BUT INACTIVE.

The decline in wheat has not been followed by any change in prices of flour, the inquiries for Ontario and Manitoba grades are very fair, with only a fair business passing, however.

The demand for mill feed is more than usually active, more particularly is this the case for shorts, which are very scarce at present. Our quotations are unaltered.

CHEESE UNSETTLED.

There is an unsettled feeling in the cheese market; the price struggle is still going on, and it is very difficult at the time of writing to tell which way the values will go. There are, however, some very powerful bearish factors to be dealt with. In the first place, there are tremendous stocks in the city, it is impossible to say just how many, but it is acknowledged on all sides that there are pretty close to a million boxes held in store. This being so, the question arises as to what the bankers, the real holders when goods are held for so long a period, will do about a big surplus being held over until spring. If the financiers insist on the stocks going through, then there can be nothing for it but easier values. However as we have said before, it is most difficult to gauge the proper condition of the market, and after all it is greatly a matter of how anxious importers are to secure Canadian goods.

Our quotations are nominal during the unsettled state of the market.

Receipts to-day were 3,016 boxes.

BUTTER VERY FIRM AT RECENT RISE.

The butter market continues very firm at the recent rise, and quite a little activity is reported in orders; there is no change from yesterday's conditions. At the wharf yesterday twenty cents was paid for about 500 packages of Quebec creamery. The market is firm at our quotations.

Receipts to-day were 506 packages.

GRAIN — Oats, 39½c to 40c for No. 2, ex store here; No. 3, 39c; American yellow No. 2, 61c; No. 3, 59c; white, No. 2, 59c to 60c; buckwheat, 59c to 59½c.

FLOUR — Manitoba patents, $5.80; and strong bakers, $5.50; winter wheat patents $5.10 to $5.55 in barrels, $2.45 to $2.55 in bags; rolled oats, $2.30 per bag, $4.90 per barrel.

MILL FEED — Ontario bran, in bulk, at $17 to $18; shorts, $19 to $20; Manitoba bran in bags, $18 to $19; shorts, $21.

BEANS — Choice primes, $1.35 to $1.45 per bushel; $1.30 to $1.40 in car lots.

PROVISIONS — Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $17.50 to $18; light short cut, $17 to $17.50; American fat backs, $17.50; American clear fat backs, $20; compound lard 6½c to 6¾c; Canadian lard, 6¾c to 7½c; pure rendered, 8½c to 9½c, according to quality; hams, 13c to 13½c; bacon, 12c to 13c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, $7.50 to $7.75; heavy sows, $4.50; mixed lots, $5.35 to $5.50; select, $5.50 off cars.

CHEESE — Ontario white, 9c; colored, 9c; Quebec, 8¾c to 8¾c.

EGGS — Select new laid, 21c; and straight gathered candled, 18c to 18½c; No. 2, 12c to 13c.

BUTTER — Fancy grades, 20¼c to 20½c; creamery finest, 19⅞c to 20 1-8c; western dairy, 15c to 15½c.

ASHES — Firsts, $5.65; seconds, $5.25; pots, $5 per 100 lbs.

HONEY — White clover, comb, 10c to 11c per section in 1 lb. section; extract, in tins, 7½c; in 70 lb. tins, 6½c; buckwheat, 1c less.

MAPLE SYRUP — Per wine gallon, 45c to 50c; tins, 5c per lb. in wood; sugar, 6c.

HAY — No. 1, $8.50 to $9 per ton on track; No. 2, $7.50; clover, $6.50 to $7; clover mixed, $7.50 per ton in car lots.

ONTARIO MARKETS.

WHEAT QUIET—OFFERINGS SMALL—OATS UNCHANGED AND STEADY.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—Wheat—Rather quiet, except for Ontario grades, but offerings large and quotations remain steady. Red and white quoted at $1.04½ to $1.05 old at $1.08 outside; No. 2 goose at 90c east, and No. 2 spring at 90c. There is an easy tone to Manitoba wheat, $1.10 to $1.10½; No. 2 northern, $1.07½; No. 3, $1.04 to $1.04½, Bay ports, and 6c more grinding in transit.

Offers of 90 percent patents are at $4.40 to $4.55; choice brands, 15c higher. Manitoba flour steady at $5.30 for Hungarian patents, $5.40 for second patents, and $5.30 for strong bakers, delivered, on track Toronto.

Bran steady at $17.50 to $18 for cars and $14 to $14.50 for bran in bulk west. Manitoba mill feed steady at $21 was asked, and for bran $19, delivered, Toronto freights.

Barley—Market firm at 45c for No. 2, 43c for extra, and 41c for No. 3 east or west.

Corn—Firm at 59c to 60c east and west.

Peas—Moderate inquiry for cars of Canada at 52c to 53c. American steady at 61c for No. 2 yellow; 61c for No. 3 yellow, and 60c for No. 3 mixed in car lots here. Toronto.

Rye—Unchanged and steady; No. 1 white offered at 32c; No. 2 white at 32c to 33c east, and old about ½c higher.

Hay—Firm, steady at $4.50 for cars of No. 1 timothy, $7.75 for barrels on track Toronto, and $8 here for broken lots here, and $8.50 for broken lots outside.

Potatoes—Firm at 63c to 64c for No. 2 west and 65c for No. 1 east.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—White wheat, $1.01 to $1.02 per bushel; red fall wheat, $1.01 to $1.02 per bushel; spring wheat, $1.01 to $1.02; new wheat, 95c to 96c per bushel; corn, 60c to 65c per bushel; barley, 45c to 60c per bushel; corn, 60c to 62c per bushel; oats, 29c to 30c per bushel; oatmeal, $3 to $3.50 per cwt.; cornmeal, $3 to $3.50 per cwt.; flour, $2.60 to $2.85 per cwt.; bran, $16 to $17 per ton; shorts, $17 to $18 per ton; butter, 18c to 20c per lb.; creamery, 21c to 22c per lb.; eggs, 14c to 15c per dozen; potatoes, 60c to 70c per bushel; live hogs, $5.10 to $5.25 per cwt.; hay, $7 to $8 per ton; hides, $5 to $6 per cwt.

DAIRY PRODUCE EXPORT

CHEESE SHIPMENTS SHOW SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT OVER PREVIOUS WEEK — A FAIR AVERAGE IN BUTTER SHIPMENTS.

Compared with the corresponding week of last year the shipments of cheese from the port of Montreal for the week ending on Sept. 18, show a big decrease of 30,290 boxes; on the other hand, there is an increase of 26,349 boxes over the same period in 1902. The shipments for this week were a slight improvements on those of the previous week, but still only show a total of 76,081 boxes. Two weeks ago the figures were 116,833 boxes, for the one week only, which shows the possibilities when prices are right.

The shipments for the season dating from May 1, amount to 1,332,978 boxes, as against 1,738,727 for 1903, a decrease of over 405,000 boxes, and a matter of 50 000 short of the figures for 1902.

Butter shipments for the week were surprisingly heavy, considering that there was so very little actual trading recorded for the week. The figures are 28,110 packages, as compared with 19,383 for last year, and 20,203 for the year 1902. The season's shipments are now in advance of these of 1902 by over 6,000 packages; this is extremely satisfactory, as the butter exports of that year were considered to be very heavy, and until the week ending Sept. 18, has continued to keep ahead of the figures of the present year.

The following shows the exports of butter and cheese from the ports of Montreal and Portland for the week ending Sept. 18, 1904:

CHEESE.

	Local.	Thro'.	Total.
To Liverpool	14,847	3,152	17,999
To Manchester	8,156	—	8,156
To Glasgow	1,445	412	1,857
To London	18,982	3,892	22,874
To Bristol	24,995	200	25,195
Total	68,425	7,656	76,081
Corr. week last year	81,307	25,064	106,371
Corr. week, 1902	40,190	9,542	49,732
Total shipments since May 1, '04	1,106,535	226,443	1,332,978
Corr. period, 1903	1,410,138	328,589	1,738,727
Corr. period, 1902	1,130,382	257,379	1,387,761

Cheese shipments via Portland—
To Liverpool 745
Since May 1, 1904 25,850
Corresponding period, 1903 38,217

BUTTER.

	Local.	Thro'.	Total.
To Liverpool	8,691	740	9,431
To Manchester	5,946	—	5,946
To Glasgow	916	613	1,529
To London	1,773	644	2,417
To Bristol	8,211	576	8,787
Total	25,537	2,573	28,110
Corr. week last year	18,039	1,344	19 383
Corr. week, 1902	18,675	1,528	20,203
Total shipments since May 1, 1904	302,655	37,311	339,966
Corr. period, 1903	195,283	28,570	223,853
Corr. week, 1902	303,737	29,536	333,273

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

MONTREAL STREET.

The earnings of the Montreal Street Railway for the week ending Saturday, Sept 17, were as follows:

	1904.	1903.	Inc.
Sunday	$7,516.72	$7,655.74	x$ 139.02
Monday	7,221.56	7,244.16	x22.60
Tuesday	7,527.68	6,990.85	536.83
Wednesday	6,715.03	7,257.35	x542.32
Thursday	7,212.21	6,443.73	768.48
Friday	7,208.18	6,687.56	520.62
Saturday	8,558.42	7,639.26	919.16
	$51,959.80	$49,918.65	$2,041.15

x Decrease.

TORONTO STREET.

The earnings of the Toronto Street Railway for the week ending Sept. 17, 1904, were:

	Inc.
Sunday	$562
Monday	691
Tuesday	29
Wednesday	397
Thursday	544
Friday	829
Saturday	1,322
Total	$4,374

DETROIT UNITED.

The report of the Detroit United Railway Company for August is as follows:

	1904.	1903.	Inc.
Gross. earn	$ 448,481	$ 423,071	$ 20,410
Oper. exp.	247,651	245,180	2 471
Net earn.	$ 200.830	$ 182.891	$ 17,939
Other inc..	2,901	2,288	613
Tl income	$ 203,731	$ 185,179	$ 18,552
Fixed chgs	90,005	84,167	5,838
Surplus	$ 113,726	$ 101,012	$ 12,714
From Jan. 1 to Aug. 31:			
Gross earn...	$2,965,291	$2,892.238	$ 73,053
Oper. exp...	1,840,119	1,713,881	126,238
Net earn.	$1,125,172	$1,178,357	x$53,185
Other income..	27,681	27,743	x62
Total income.	$1,152,853	$1,206,100	x$53,247
Fixed chgs	713,267	659.54	53,713
Surplus	$ 439,586	$ 546,546	x$106,960

BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS.

London, Sept. 5.—To-day's supply of beasts, compared with Monday last, showed decrease of 40 head, owing to fewer arrivals from midland counties. Trade for both prime and second quality was extremely slow, tendency in value being rather in favor of buyers. Fat cows and butchering bulls stronger in number, and late rates were with difficulty maintained. Top rates, per 8 lbs.—80 to 90 stone Devons, 4s 8d; 90 stone polled cross-bred, Scotch, and 90 stone Herefords, 4s 6d to 4s 8d; 95 stone Runts, 4s 2d to 4s 6d; 95 stone shorthorns, 4s 2d to 4s 4d; 90 stone fat cows, 3s 8d; 100 stone fat bulls, 3s to 3s 5d. Arrival—50 cross-breds, Scotch; 66 Norfolk, Suffolk and Essex; 1,054 midland, home and western counties; 30 Devon. Decrease of 1,460 in number penned in sheep market. Trade for both wedders and ewes was slow, but rates remained unaltered. Small choice quality lambs were difficult to cash even at a decline in value; heavier sorts selling best. Calf trade not worth notice. Quotations, per 8 lbs.—Beasts, 2s 10d to 4s 8d; sheep, 3s 10d to 5s 10d; lambs, 5s to 6s. Total supply—Beasts, 1,200; sheep and lambs,5,890; calves, 5; and milch cows, 20.

London, Sept. 5 — Fair supplies,, and trade very slow. English beef, 3s 6d to 3s 10d; Scotch sides, 3s 10d to 4s 2d; shorts 4s 4d to 4s 8d. Deptford and Liverpool killed, 3s to 3s 9d; refrigerated hindquarters, best, 3s 8d to 4s; do., seconds, 2s 8d to 3s; do., forequarters, 2s 4d to 2s 6d; inferior, 2s 4d to 2s 8d; mutton, Scotch wedders, 5s to 5s 2d; do., very small choice, 5s 4d to 5s 8d; ewes, 3s 4d to 3s 8d; English wedders, 4s 8d to 5s; do., ewes, 3s 4d to 3s 8d; foreign, 3s 8d to 4s 8d; English lambs, 4s 8d to 5s 4d; veal, 4s to 4s 5d; English pork, 3s 4d to 4s; Dutch do., 3s to 3s 8d per 8 lbs.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.—Cattle, 1,068; sheep and lambs, 10,619. Best beasts, 6¼d to 6½d; second, 5½d to 5¾d; third, 4d to 5d. Best sheep, 8½d to 8¾d; other sorts, 7d to 8d; lambs, 8d to 9d. An increase of 67 cattle, and 1,708 sheep and lambs. Fair demand for cattle; strong demand for sheep and lambs at about late rates.

WHEAT IN SIGHT.

The following table shows the amount of wheat in sight in thousands of bushels; also the visible supply of other cereals in the United States and Canada:

	Sept.19,'04	Sept.12,'04	Sept.21'03
Visible supply U.S. and Can	14,010	13,115	12,927
On passage to U.K.	22,320	21,440	14,000
On passage to Continent	13,840	13,600	13,440
Total	50,170	48,155	40,767

VISIBLE SUPPLY UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

	Sept.19'04	Sept.12,'04	Sept.21,'03
Wheat	14,010	13,115	12,927
Corn	5,060	4,099	7,907
Oats	15,182	11,835	6,937

EXCHANGE AND MART.

STEEL PRODUCTION RECORD.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 19.—The world's record for the production of rods was broken on Saturday by a steel and wire mill in Donora, Pa., which turned out 810,900 pounds of No. 1 rods in twelve hours. The best previous records, made at Monessen, Pa., was 776,000 pounds.

MEMBERS OF CHEMICAL SOCIETY ON A TOUR.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 18.—The members of the Society of Chemical Industries, who have been inspecting the Pittsburg mills for several days, left last night for St. Louis.

After leaving St. Louis the party will split up, some going further west, others to Chicago, thence east via Buffalo and Niagara Falls, and to points in Canada, returning through New England to New York.

CHEESE BOARDS.

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 19.—Seven creameries offered 335 packages of butter. Two buyers were present, and bid the saltless butter up to 20 1-8c. John Orpe got 150 packages, and Lovell & Christmas, 100 at this figure. Lovell & Christmas also bought 25 packages of salt butter at 19 1-4. No cheese were boarded.

CHEESE SALES.

Date. Sept.	Place.	Offerings.	Sales.	Price.
12	Sherbrooke	100	....	8⅞
12	Lindsay	1,745	1,745	8 15-16
12	St. Hyacinthe	1,783	743	8¼—8⅝
13	Campbellford	1,735	1,345	8⅞
14	Stirling	1,105	1,055	8⅞
14	Picton	1,100	1,010	9
14	Woodstock	2,000	500	8¾
14	Brockville	3,081	810	9
15	Madoc	1,000	450	9—9-16
15	Tweed	600	250	8 13-16
15	Winchester	1,443	....	8¾—8⅝
15	Kingston	1,330	....	8¾
15	Barrie	505	445	8¾—8¾
15	Vankleek Hill	1,926	....	8⅝
16	Huntingdon	284	284	8 9-16—8 11-16
16	Ottawa	967	967	8⅝—8¾
16	Iroquois	1,079	....	8⅞
16	Napanee	1,772	80	8⅞
16	Perth	2,200	....	8¾
16	Kemptville	1,540	....	8¾
17	Crysler	900	900	9—9 2-16
17	London	1,332	....	8⅝
17	Belleville	3,165	3,165	8⅞
17	Cornwall	3,117	3,117	8⅝
17	Cowansville	1,029	874	8¾—8 11-16

MONTREAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

	Between Banks.
New York funds	5-64— 3-64
Sterling, 60 days	8⅞—29-32
Sterling demand	9⅜—13-32
Sterling cables	9⅛—17-32
Paris, francs short	5.18 1-8

RAIL AND CANAL RECEIPTS.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.
Wheat, bush	16,015	....
Oats, bush.	5,875	2,922
Flour, brls	3,802	675
Eggs, cases	218	372
Butter, pkgs.	451	55
Cheese, boxes	2,095	1,921
Lard, pkgs.	....	6,220
Meats, pkgs	343	1,185
Hams, and bacon, pkgs	....	42
Leather, rolls	30	38
Raw hides	....	125

BOOKBINDERS TO MEET

A special meeting of the Bookbinders will be held in the Empire Hall, on Friday, Sept. 23, at 8 p.m., sharp. Bro. Glockling, Toronto, delegate to the Trades and Labor Congress, will address the meeting.

Advertisements.

MOLSONS BANK.

98th DIVIDEND.

The Shareholders of The Molsons Bank are herby notified that a Dividend of FOUR AND ONE-HALF PERCENT upon the capital stock has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the office of the bank, in Montreal, and at the Branches, on and after the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT.

The transfer books will be closed from the 19th to 30th September, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at its banking house, in this city, on MONDAY, the 17th of OCTOBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Board,
JAMES ELLIOT,
General Manager.

Montreal, 26th August, 1904.

Advertisements.

Wm. Currie
CLOTHIER.

SOMETHING WORTH BUYING.

FAULTLESS $12.00 FALL OVERCOATS FOR YOUNG MEN.

SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS, of the latest designs, are on sale in our Tailoring Department.

WM. CURRIE,
1967 Notre Dame St.

Electrotyping Plant FOR SALE.

A chance to secure valuable Machinery at a great bargain. Address — "ELECTROTYPER," P.O.B. 2234, Montreal.

Miscellaneous.

WM. CLENDINNENG & SON, formerly at corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, now doing business at 408a St. Lawrence Main street.

Dressmaking, &c.

DRESSES AND SKIRTS, MADE IN First class style; Tailor-made suits at popular prices. MRS. WALSHE, 758 St. Denis street. Cars stop at door.

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED, A PROTESTANT TEACHER for the Elementary School at Riviere du Loup; salary, $200. Apply to FRANK ARCHIBALD, Riviere du Loup Station, Que.

Employment Wanted.

YOUNG MAN, MARRIED, SEEKS POSITION, as caretaker or janitor; good all-round carpenter; city references. Apply H.R., 119½ Alexander street.

WANTED, SITUATION IN DRY GOODS or Tailor's store; seven years best reference, big house in London. Address, TRENNER, Stillwell's House, 711 Craig street.

WANTED, SITUATION AS COMPANION or Housekeeper, by an English lady; speaks both languages. Address N. 2378, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, WORK BY HANDY MAN, either in factory or gentleman's house, by week or month; understands driving and looking after horses. Address, 'JIM,' 40 Papineau square.

WANTED, WASHING, IRONING, OR offices to clean. Address 99 St. Alexander street.

Situations Vacant.

SMART BOY WANTED, AS MACHINIST'S help. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, BOY FOR OFFICE WORK, and to make himself generally useful. Apply, 14 Lemoine street.

WANTED, BOY ABOUT 15, TO ATTEND pony, furnace, snow, etc.; must sleep at home. Apply Mrs. STETHEM, 237 University street.

WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN COOK; ALSO a Young Girl, as Housemaid. Apply to Mrs. STETHEM, 237 University street.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, FOR family of two. Apply 4131 Western ave.

WANTED, SMART BOY TO LEARN Wholesale Jewellery Business; references required. THE SMITH PATTERSON CO., LIMITED, 207 St. James street.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT, where a Housemaid is kept; good wages, and no furnace. Apply to MRS. CUSHING, 40 Overdale avenue, corner of Mackay, below Dorchester.

WANTED, YOUTH, ABOUT 17 OR 18 years of age, to make out invoices, and to be generally useful in an office. Address M.M., 750, 'Witness' Office.

AGENTS WANTED. — UNSURPASSED Stereoscopic Views of St. Louis World's Fair. Other subjects of unlimited variety. Agents ordering in two hundred dozen lots. Don't sell trash. Write quick for best proposition. C. R. PARISH, Toronto.

WANTED, A HOUSEMAID; GOOD REferences required. Apply to MRS. MOYSE, 802 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED, TEAMSTER FOR DAIRY Farm; must be good milker. Apply to M. JEFFRY, Youville square, cor. McGill street.

WANTED, GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, where another maid is kept; no washing or ironing. Apply, 1135 Dorchester street.

WANTED, GOOD PLAIN COOK; references required. Apply at 311 Stanley street.

WANTED, RELIABLE MAN OR BOY for care of horse and cow and make himself useful in the house. 205 Mansfield street.

BOY WANTED, TO HELP IN BAKE house and make himself useful. Apply 26 Bronsden Lane.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD Steamfitter; constant employment. Apply to JOSEPH THIBEAULT, 410 St. James street.

WANTED, COMPETENT RELIABLE GIRL for general housework; must know how to cook; small family; good wages; references required. Apply 1144 Sherbrooke street.

Wanted.

WANTED TO RENT, FLOUR AND Grist Mill. Address, with full particulars, steam or water, etc., B., 827, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, PRIVATE Coach; must be in good order. Address COACH, 70, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, YOURS AND everybody else's Cast-off Household Furniture, Clothing, Fur Coats, Capes, Diamonds, Old Gold and Silver; best cash prices for good goods. Promptly called for by MAX. FRANK, 493 Craig street. Tel. East 3067.

THE OLD BREWERY MISSION WORKers are greatly in need of clothing for men, women, children; also, infants. Phone M. 2911, will bring a messenger.

Bargains.

FOR SALE, BOOK IN PEOPLE'S Mutual Building Society "A," 25 shares, representing $5,000; paid up; only $600 cash required. Address SHAREHOLDER, P.O. Box 288.

FOR SALE, IN GOOD CONDITION, TWO Hall Stoves, at a bargain. Apply 14 Fort street.

FOR SALE, SUNLIGHT OIL, 25c PER gallon; also American gasoline, delivered to any part of the city, W. PROWSE, 254 Liverpool street. Telephone Main 3015.

GENUINE BARGAIN—6 OCTAVE ORgan; must go by Thursday at a sacrifice; in perfect order and tone; 11 stops, coupler and sub bass. 49a Berthelet street.

CHILDREN'S WHITE IMITATION FUR Coats and Colored Cloth Coats, for 2 to 4 years; Navy Serge Suits and Costumes, for 4 to 8 years; Ladies' Golf Jerseys, Boys' Sweaters; prices low. CLARK'S, Room One, 210 St. James street.

INFANTS' HOODS IN WOOL, WOOL AND Silk; White Imitation Fur Jackets, Bootees, Infantees, Garters, Bibs, etc; big value. CLARK'S, Room One, 210 St. James street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION. Kindling, $2.00; Cut Maple, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75, cut any length; also, Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. U. MACDIARMID, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William street. Bell Telephone Main 463.

Rooms to Let.

ROOM, UNFURNISHED, OR PARTLY furnished, on bathroom flat; with use of kitchen (gas stove). No. 204 Sherbrooke street, facing Lafontaine park.

TO RENT, A LARGE FRONT BEDROOM on bathroom flat. 42 Mackay street.

WANT ADS.

FOR THE 'WITNESS,'
may be left with

A. T. CHAPMAN, Bookseller, 2407 St. Catherine st
WM. DRYSDALE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 2675 St. Catherine Street.

Or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 651 Wellington street, West of Schwg.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS, CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Secondhand Articles Wanted or For sale.

20 Words for 10c.

½c for each additional word. Six insertion for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let.
Other Articles For Sale.

25 Words for 25c.

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals, Agents Wanted.

25 Words for 50c.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

Furnished Rooms to Let

TO LET, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, Suite, hot water, Auer light. 101 Mance street.

TO LET, WELL FURNISHED FRONT parlor room, Auer light, and bathroom on the same floor; also a well lighted back room; gentlemen preferred. 568 St. Lawrence street.

Flats to Let.

TO LET, FLATS,

WOOD AVENUE—All modern conveniences. Rent $20.00 and $25.00.

Apply W. L. MALTBY,
309 St. James Street

Property.

FOR SALE, SEVERAL LOTS EN BLOC, Notre Dame de Grace, near electric cars, choice location, a bargain to immediate cash purchaser. N.D.G., 'Witness' Office.

BEAUTIFUL HOMES—MONTREAL West, lots 50 ft. by 90. Price, $250 to $500. Terms easy. Money advanced to assist building your own home. City advantages, school, churches, good streets, sidewalks, drains, pure water, electric light, telephones. Rapid transit to and from Montreal by C.P.R., G.T.R. and Montreal Park and Island Railway. Also lots at Lachine, 50 by 120, $200. Easy terms. Acreage property for factory sites. ARMSTRONG & COOK, No. 4 Richmond street East, Toronto, Owners.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE, NEW COTTAGE, in Windsor avenue, Westmount; five bedrooms, extension kitchen, all modern improvements; ready Sept. 1st. Apply, CAMPBELL & GILDAY, 309 St. James street.

FOR SALE, MOST ATTRACTIVE AND artistic residence, 19 Essex avenue, overlooking Western square, built by an architect for his own occupation; beautifully finished inside, and in good order; three stories and basement, containing 10 rooms, kitchen and offices. Would be sold with or without furniture, much of which is old oak. A low price to an immediate purchaser. For permits to view and particulars apply Mr. TAYLOR, architect, 80 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

LARGE MODERN RESIDENCE, FOR Sale, near the corner of Sherbrooke and St. Denis street, on the brow of the hill; 22,000 feet of land. House contains 17 rooms. A rare chance to acquire a homestead. A fine, comfortable property, with 22,000 feet of land. House is well built, almost new, and bright, has a good view over the city, and facing St. Denis street; contains drawing-room, library, dining-room and ten bedrooms; conservatory, with fine garden sloping toward south-west, and three spare building lots to the east of the property, which would be sold separately at $2,000 each. The house is heated by Daisy furnace, and has modern, open plumbing, cement basement, is well appointed, convenient, and may be acquired on easy terms. Only $11,000 for fine house and garden without side lots. Luxurious place for a small outlay. JAMES WALLACE, Agent, 672 Craig street.

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FOR SALE, CHEAP

That centrally situated property, 776 and 778 Craig street, at present occupied by the Timmis Noble Co.

Size of lot, 60 x 90 ft., with lane in rear and entrance on St. James street. Apply to The TIMMIS NOBLE CO

GROUND FLOOR AND SHOW WINDOWS,

WITH HEAT AND POWER IF DESIRED.

For Store, Warehouse or Factory,

About 1900 feet of floor space besides basement.
Craig, near Corner of St. Peter.

for particulars, address FACTORY MANAGER, P.O. Box 2234.

A MODERN GOOD SAMARITAN.

(Victor L. Whitechurch, in 'Good Words.')

It was a wild, raging day. The wind came blowing over the countryside strong from the south-west, driving before it the flying clouds, from which every now and then fell fitful showers of rain. The light was fading fast, and the leafless trees stood forth in bold, black outline against the grey of the sky, their branches bending and swaying with the fierce blast, a day on which the laborer gladly finished his task and betook himself, dripping wet, to his cottage fire and the hot tea which it behoved his good wife to have in readiness for him.

Along the so-called village 'street' of Little Carrington, battling against the storm, came a poor little frail figure, a child of some ten years of age, but ill clad for the boisterous weather, a girl with a thin pinched face clutching a basket with one hand, while with the other she tried to keep around her as some protection a faded old red shawl. Poor little thing! On a fine day you might have smiled and thought of her as a little Red Riding Hood on her way to visit her grandmother, but on such a day as this it was pitiful to watch her struggling along, and the stern reality of the picture would have put all fairy tales out of your mind.

Presently she passed the last cottage of the straggling village and turned aside from the main road to a lane bordered by high hedges. Here there was at least some shelter from the gale; but if her way had become better from that point of view, it was worse underfoot, for the lane was muddy in the extreme, while the deep ruts formed by heavy carts made it all the worse for her tired feet and the worn boots that encased them.

But she plodded along bravely, shifting her basket every now and then from hand to hand to rest the muscles of her tired arms. The lane became worse and worse, until, when she had trudged along a good mile of it, it was more like a ploughed field than a road.

A momentary look of relief came over her face when, at a sudden turn, a tiny cottage came in sight, a lonely-looking shed of a place that stood all by itself, surrounded by a patch of neglected garden bordered on the farther side by a row of huge elm-trees which stood grimly against the departing day.

As she laid her hand on the latch of the gate there was a roar above that of the storm, and just beyond the row of elms a train ran past, the lights from the carriages flashing between the tree-trunks.

'That's the half-past five,' she murmured to herself. 'Dad'll be wanting his tea. I'm late.'

The child was accustomed to tell the time from the trains that rushed by the lonely cottage day and night. In a moment or two she had opened the door and entered the little brick-paved room. The glimmer of a fire faintly illuminated it.

'Be that you, Lizzie?'

The voice came through an open door that led into a tiny inner-room.

'All right, dad; I'm a-comin' soon as I've lit the lamp.'

She busied herself with getting a light, and then went in with it to the other room. On the bed, about the sole article of furniture, lay a pale-faced worn-looking man of some fifty years of age, severe suffering stamped upon his countenance and prematurely old.

''Tis a bad day, Lizzie,' he said. 'I'm afeared you must ha' got wet.'

'Not much, father, but 'twas heavy walkin' along the lane, and I'm a bit late. We'll have some tea as soon as the kettle boils, and I've got a couple o' bloaters. Mrs. Simmons up at the shop gave 'em to me when I bought the bread and things.'

''Twas kind of her, Liz.'

'Has the doctor been, father?'

'Yes.'

'What did he say?'

The man shook his head.

'I'll tell you when we've had tea, my girl,' he said. 'Only 'tain't good news, and I'm a bit upset over it. Did you spend all the shillin'?'

She nodded.

'Ah, 'twas the last we had. Never mind, Liz,' he added, with an attempt to smile, 'we'll get along, ay, we'll get along, but 'tis crooel hard. There, lass, I'm a-wantin' summat to eat.'

Tears stood in the child's eyes as she went back into the other room to prepare the simple meal. The bloaters were soon hissing before the fire while she unpacked the rest of the contents of her basket, producing bread, butter, tea, and sugar. Her old red shawl she had hung over a chair by the fire, and it was steaming in the heat. In a very short time she had everything ready, and had carried in the meal and put it on the little table by her father's bedside. Then she took in a chair, and they fell to on the simple meal.

Slade was known in Little Carrington as a 'casalty chap,' which, being interpreted from the local idiom, meant that he was an unlucky being. He was a widower, his wife having died some seven years previous to the time of this narrative, leaving him with their one child. He was a laborer, who all his life had had to be content with odd jobs. Not that it was any fault of his that a permanent post had never fallen to his share, for he was willing enough to work, but his invariable ill luck was always against him. If ever he heard of a vacant job on a neighboring farm and tramped a few miles to get it, some one else was sure to have been half an hour before him, or, if he did get the place, sooner or later he was bound to fall ill and lose it, for Slade was not a strong man, and no benefit society would have him on its books, so he picked up what he could haying and harvesting, hedging and ditching, turnip-hoeing or stone-breaking on the road, it mattered little so that he earned enough to keep the cottage over his head and provide for Lizzie. As for the cottage, it was cheap enough, being so old and out of the way; but there had been times when he was weeks in arrears with the rent, small as it was, and the two had gone through many a trial together.

And now the worst of all had come. Slade had met with a nasty accident, his usual bad luck, it seemed. Coming home one night from work he had taken a short cut through some fields. His way lay over a deep ditch, not a hundred yards from his cottage. This bridge was crossed by a narrow plank and he had slipped on it, falling heavily, and breaking his leg badly in two places. He had managed to drag himself to the door, which did not improve matters, and when the doctor came he shook his head gravely before he proceeded to set the limb.

'This may be a very bad job, my man,' he said; 'you ought really to go to the hospital, but I hardly like to move you yet.'

Slade winced; not merely with the pain, but because of Lizzie. She was all he had to live for now, and a terrible thought took possession of him—the workhouse! He had been out of work for weeks, the winter had been a bad one, and now, just as he had got a job, he was laid up—and with only a shilling or two in his old tea-pot, the family cash-box.

And, worst of all, the doctor had come that afternoon—some three or four days after the accident—had noticed certain blood-stains coming through the bandages and had removed them, looking graver than ever when he put on fresh ones, and had told Slade something that filled his heart with a mightier dread than ever.

After tea, when Lizzie had finished washing up, she came and sat by his side and he took her hand in his and told her.

'Lizzie, dear,' he said, and his voice was choking, 'I must tell you what the doctor thinks. He told me he's afeared he'll have to cut my leg off, dearie.'

'Oh, dad!'

'He wants me to go to the hospital to-morrow. He says it's the only chance. Lizzie, I dunno what's to become of us. There ain't no money, and I owes four weeks' rent—and—I shan't never get a job with one leg. I dunno what'll happen.'

The child was struggling to keep back her sobs. For a minute or two she could not speak. Then she tried to cheer him.

'Don't worry, father. You'll be well taken care of in hospital, and—and—p'r'aps it's not so bad—p'raps they'll cure it all right.'

'I'm afeared not, Lizzie. But I don't mind about myself. It's you I'm a-thinkin' of.'

'Won't they let me come with you to the hospital? P'r'aps they might.'

'No, dearie. And—there ain't no one as 'll take you in.'

(To be Continued.)

BIBLE TRUTH.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

THE WORD OF WISDOM.

Supernatural and God-breathed wisdom is not acquired in colleges, it must be heaven-given. Paul dwells much on this wisdom, and Peter says Paul had it. Dr. Pierson says:—'Wisdom implies capacity and sagacity, even for acquiring and using knowledge.' The more closely we follow the words taught by the Spirit the clearer will be our teaching. (See I. Cor. i., 20-31; Ch. ii., 1-10.) Good teachers will be simple in language, clear in thought, distinct in utterance. The trumpet must give a certain sound which cannot be mistaken, so that the most ignorant may understand and be instructed. Ruskin, one of the most forcible and instructive of English writers, ascribes his style to his early grounding in the Scriptures. A story is told of an eminent preacher, whom a poor woman went to hear. She remarked: 'Is that the great doctor? Why, I understood every word he said.' There must have been a wonderful simplicity and attractiveness in our Lord's words, when the multitudes were so attentive and astonished at His teaching. If we want to catch men, there must be wise baiting. Our Lord teaches that the Gospel seed is the Word. If a sower wants to reap he must sow the Word, that is the only 'good seed,' and that alone can make wise unto salvation. If any man lack this wisdom let him ask of God. (Jas. i., 5.) The gift is from the Spirit. (I. Cor. xii., 8).

DAILY TEXT.

September 20.

And I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me.—John xii., 32.

IN THE SHADOW.

We must all go there sometimes. The glare of the daylight is too brilliant; our eyes become injured and unable to discern the delicate shades of color, or appreciate neutral tints—the shadowed chamber of sickness, the shadowed house of mourning, the shadowed life from which the sunlight has gone; but fear not, it is the shadow of God's hand. He is leading thee.—Rev. F. B. Meyer

Advertisements.

Purity Bread, not touched by hands. Sold in wrappers. JAMES STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty.

Advertisements.

DOES IT STARTLE YOU

To think that every seventh death is from consumption. These people all started with Catarrh. It's a shame to sniffle and hawk when Catarrhozone cures so quickly. It clears away the discharge, stops the cough, destroys the germs, makes you well. Get Catarrhozone. It's guaranteed for all kinds of Catarrh.

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PAWN BROKERS,
601 Craig St,
Money to lend on Diamonds, Watches, Jewellery Clothing-Furs and Dry Goods. Furs stored during summer months.
ARONSON & RUTENBERG,
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Maritime Provinces

THE FAVORITE TRAIN FOR TRAVELLERS
THE
OCEAN LIMITED

leaves Montreal at 7.30 p.m, daily, Saturday excepted, arriving at HALIFAX at 8.15 p.m.

The Maritime Express

leaves MONTREAL at 12 noon daily, Saturday excepted, arriving at HALIFAX at 4 p.m.

Trains leave Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFFICE:
143 St. James Street and Bonaventure Station.

Rutland Railroad
Windsor Street Station

Trains Leave as Follows:

9.35 a.m.—DAY EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 12.25 a.m., Troy 5.00 p.m., Albany 5.25 p.m., New York 9.20 p.m., Boston 8 p.m., Worcester 7.32 p.m.

7.10 p.m.—NIGHT EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 10.10 p.m., Troy 2.50 a.m., New York 7.20 a.m., Boston 7.00 a.m., Worcester 6.28 a.m.

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor cars on through trains.

Secure accommodations and tickets at 141 St. James street, and Windsor Station.

T. M. FALLON,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent

Advertisements.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
TENDER FOR STATION BUILDINGS.

Separate sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tender for Station at Woodburn," "Tender for Station at Lorne," "Tender for Station at Union," "Tender for Station at Assametquaghan," "Tender for Station at Villeroy Junction," as the case may be, will be received up to and including
FRIDAY, the 23rd Day of September, 1904,
for the construction of a Station Building at Woodburn, Lorne, and Union, N.S., and Assametquaghan and Villeroy Junction, P.Q.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Station Master's Office at Truro, and New Glasgow, N.S., Campbellton, N.B., Ste. Flavie, Riviere du Loup, Levis and Drummondville, P.Q., and at the office of the Engineer of Maintenance, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager.
Railway Office, Moncton, N.B.,
6th September, 1904.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
Tender for Works at North Sydney.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tender for Works, North Sydney," will be received up to and including
THURSDAY, the 22nd Day of September
1904, for the construction of a Freight Shed and a Loading Platform, and the Moving of the Present Freight and Engine Sheds at North Sydney, N.S.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Station Master's Office, North Sydney, N.S., and at the office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.
Railway Office, Moncton, N.B.,
6th September, 1904.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
Tender for Cribwork.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Cribwork, St. John," will be received up to and including
TUESDAY, the 27th day of SEPTEMBER, 1904, for the construction of Cribwork on the Courtney Bay Branch, St. John, N.B.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Terminal Agent's office, St. John, N.B., and at the office of the Engineer of Maintenance, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.
Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., 10th September, 1904.

AWNINGS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Will be pleased to submit samples and quote lowest prices consistent with good workmanship.
—Telephone MAIN 1161.—
THOS. SONNE, Sr.,
193 Commissioners St.,
Cor. St. Sulpice.

DOMINION LINE
STEAMSHIPS.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO LIVERPOOL.
From MONTREAL.

*DOMINION	Sept. 24	†KENSINGTON	Oct. 22
*VANCOUVER	Oct. 1	*DOMINION	Oct. 29
†CANADA	Oct. 8	*VANCOUVER	Nov. 5
†SOUTHWARK	Oct. 15	†CANADA	Nov. 12

Montreal to Avonmouth (Bristol).

*TURCOMAN	Oct. 1	*ENGLISHMAN	Oct. 29
*MANXMAN	Oct. 15	*TURCOMAN	Nov. 12

*Cold storage.
†Cool air and cold storage.
Steamers sail at daylight.

MODERATE RATES.

Ask Agents for particulars of moderate rate service To Liverpool, $35.00; To London, $37.50 and upwards, according to steamer and berth.
For all particulars as to passage and freight apply to Local Agent, or to
THE DOMINION LINE.
17 St Sacrament street, Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.
SUMMER SAILINGS.
MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool	Steamer.	From Montreal,
Tues., Sept. 6.	Lake Champlain	Thurs., Sept. 22
Tues., Sept. 20.	Lake Erie	Thurs., Oct. 6
Tues. Sept. 27.	Lake Manitoba	Thurs., Oct. 13
Tues. Oct. 11.	Lake Champlain	Thurs., Oct. 27

Steamers sail from Montreal at daybreak, passengers embarking the evening previous.

REDUCTION IN RATES.

First Cabin to Liverpool, $47.50 and $50.00 and upward, according to steamer and accommodation. Round trip tickets at reduced rates. Second cabin, to Liverpool, $30.00; to London, $32.50.

Third Class to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast Londonderry and Queenstown $15. To Hamburg Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, $17; to Gothenberg Copenhagen, etc., $20. Stockholm, Hango, etc., $23 From Liverpool or Londonderry to Quebec, $15; from London, $17. To and from all other points at equally low rates.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

SS. MONTROSE, on or about October 5th.
Carrying one class passengers only, Second Cabin. Reduced fare to London $37.50. Round trip from London via Liverpool, $71.25. Light and airy rooms amidship; good table and attendance.
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ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,
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FURNESS, WITHY & CO., (LIMITED.)
Proposed Sailings
MANCHESTER LINERS, Limited,
CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

From Manchester.		From Montreal
Aug. 28	*Manchester City	Sept. 17
	Manchester Importer	Sept. 24
Sept. 11	*Manchester Commerce	Oct. 1

Above steamers have first-class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

CANADA-SOUTH AFRICA JOINT SERVICE
Montreal to Cape Town, Port Elizabeth, East London and Durban.

*Oriana, from Montreal	Sept. 18
*Wyandotte from Montreal	Oct. 18

*Fitted with cold storage.
For further particulars apply to
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REFORD AGENCIES.
DONALDSON LINE.
Glasgow Weekly Service from Montreal.

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SS. PARTHENIA (cold storage)	Sept.	29
SS. LAKONIA (cold storage)	Oct.	6
SS. ATHENIA Twin Screw (cold storage)	Oct.	13

THOMSON LINE TO LONDON.

SS. FREMONA	Sept.	17
SS. DEVONA (cold storage and cool air)	Sept.	24
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THOMSON LINE TO LEITH.

SS. DEVONA	Sept.	24
SS. BELLONA	Oct.	6

THOMSON LINE TO ABERDEEN.

SS. ESCALONA	Oct.	24

LORD LINE TO CARDIFF.

SS. LORD LANSDOWNE	Oct.	6

Wm. Thomson & Sons, Dundee, Scotland.

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REGULAR FREIGHT and PASSENGER SAILINGS for
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PORTLAND CEMENTS,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
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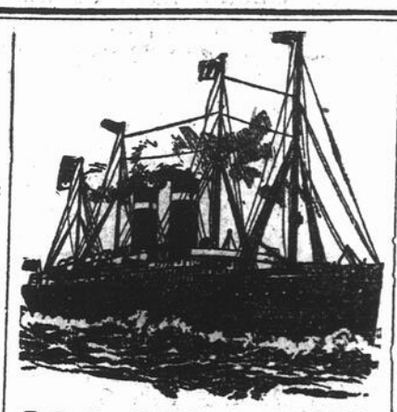

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From Liverpool		From Montreal. Quebec
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Sept. 15	IONIAN	Sept. 30, 5 a.m., 3 p.m
Sept. 22	BAVARIAN	Oct. 7, 9 a.m. 11 p.m

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Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.
FIRST CLASS, Bavarian, Tunisian, $60, Ionian and Parisian, $50 and upward. Ten per cent reductions for round trip tickets.
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Moderate Rate Service.

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SICILIAN	Thurs., Oct. 13, 6 a.m.
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Cabin, $40. Second Cabin, $27.50
Third Class, $15. Return Ticket, $32.50
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Economy, Comfort and Scenic Grandeur.
Toronto, $6.50; return, $11.50; Hamilton, $7.00; return, $12.00.
Including Meals and Berths, by
MONTREAL - TORONTO - HAMILTON LINE—Steamers leaving on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 p.m.
MONTREAL - TORONTO LINE—Steamers leaves daily, at 2.15 p.m., from September 17th, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
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OTTAWA RIVER NAV. Co.
OTTAWA EXHIBITION.
Return Fare.....$2.50
Going dates—Sept. 16, 17, 19, 20, 21 & 22.
Return Limit—Sept. 26th, 1904.
Daily Excursion (except Sunday) to Carillon by steamer Sovereign. Home by the Rapids, $1.00.
For above trips take 8 a.m. G.T.R. for Lachine to connect with steamer.
TO LACHINE for Rapids take G.T.R. 4.15 p.m. Round trip 50c.
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Head Office, 165 Common St.
TELEPHONE MAIN 1029.

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$10.00—And RETURN—$10.00
Single $6.00 (including Meals and Berth)
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W. Henry, 185 St. James street.
G. R. JAQUES & CO., 217 Common street

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Going Sept. 22, 23, 24, 1904.
Valid to return until October [illegible].

PORT HURON, MICH.	$14.85
DETROIT, MICH.	$15.00
CHICAGO, ILL.	$18.00
ST. LOUIS (15 days	$24.00
BAY CITY, Mich	[illegible]
SAGINAW, Mich	[illegible]
COLUMBUS, Ohio	[illegible]
GRAND RAPIDS Mich	20.00
CINCINNATI, Ohio	19.10
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., all rail	22.30
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS (via Upper Lakes and S. St. Marie	41.00
DAYTON, Ohio	44.50
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind	20.60
CLEVELAND, Ohio	29.20
	$13.85 to $19.50

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Until Oct. 15th, 1904, low one way fares from MONTREAL to

SEATTLE, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, PORTLAND	$48.90
ROSSLAND, NELSON, TRAIL, ROBSON, SPOKANE	$46.40
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SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES	$49.00

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Sept. 19, 21, 23	$2.60
Sept. 20, 22, 24	3.50

Return Limit—Sept. 26, 1904.

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World's Fair Exc. Tickets on sale daily.
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CITY TICKET OFFICES,
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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY — CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY — CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
EXCURSIONS
Sept. 22, 23, 24, 1904.
Valid to return until October 10, 1904.
RATES FROM MONTREAL
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CLEVELAND, Ohio	$17.50
BAY CITY, MICH	$17.25
SAGINAW, Mich	$17.15
COLUMBUS, Ohio	$20.00
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich	$19.10

CHICAGO, ILL. - $18.00

CINCINNATI, Ohio	$22.30
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn	$41.00
DAYTON, Ohio	$20.60
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind	$22.20

Proportionate rates from all stations in Canada.

$48.90
—TO—
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Until Oct. 15, 1904,
Second Class From Montreal
Lower Rates to Many Other Points.

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Sept. 20, 22, 24	3.50

Return Limit—Sept. 26, 1904.

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Montreal, Que.
ALL THE WAY.

CIVIC FINANCES.

Treasurer Issues His Annual Report.

UNPAID WATER CHARGES CONSTITUTE GREATEST LEAKAGE.

The city treasurer's annual report was issued from Mr. Robb's office yesterday for the year ending Dec. 31, 1903. The receipts of the year on cash account, including the balance on hand from the previous year, were :—Total receipts $8,028,089.35; total disbursements, $7,770,346.34; balance carried forward, $257,803.01.

No permanent loans were issued during the year, though the city was in a position to issue $40,000 representing redemption and $300,000 on the increase of the taxable value of real estate. Besides the above, bonds of the municipalities of St. Henri, St. Cunegonde and Westmount to the extent of $100,000 were received in settlement of the city's claims for drainage damages, but these were not disposed of; consequently, the city is in a position to issue, whenever conditions are favorable, $1,400,000.

By the new method of fixing the appropriations authorized by the 1903 amendments to the charter, the appropriations are to be based on the revenue of the year for which they are made, estimated on the total amount of real estate, water rate and business tax rolls of the preceding year, added to the amount of all other revenues collectable, with the right, after May 1, to make a supplementary appropriation of any actually collectable surplus over such estimate.

In addition to this surplus of revenue over estimate which will be available to augment the appropriations of future years—those of 1904-5 will be still further augmented by whatever may be collected of the arrears which were outstanding on Dec. 31, 1903. By the end of 1905 these will be practically exhausted and subsequent years confined to their actual revenue plus such excess as may arise over estimate.

According to the statement of Mr. Dufresne, city comptroller, which is included in the report of the city treasurer, the original valuation set on city property for 1903 by the assessors was $201,014,670. Reductions amounting to $1,631,475 were made, leaving the net balance of assessed property $199,383,195. The exemptions for last year amounted to $40,767,105, consequently the net taxable value was $158,616,090. The one percent assessment for municipal purposes amounted to $1,586,160.90, and the one-quarter percent for school taxes amounted to $356,366.81, or a total collectable of $1,942,527.71.

The following arrears were outstanding on Dec. 31, 1903 :—Arreas of assessments, $646,778; arrears of water rates, $1,186,; arrears of business and personal taxes, $139,469. While the collections of arrears on real estate keep pace with their accumulation and virtually no loss arises with them, the case is entirely different with the arrears of water rates and business taxes, the aggregate average collection on which is only about $50,000 per annum, while the aggregate amount of the yearly additions is over $200,000, showing an annual loss on these of about seventy thousand dollars. Consequently of the total sum of $1,246,- outstanding on Dec. 31 last, only $ can be calculated upon as available for the supplementary appropriations to be collected after May 1, 1904 and [illegible] which collections from this source will practically cease.

There are about fifty-one thousand [illegible] in the city and at the date [illegible] when it became imperative to force collection by turning off the supply there were, in 1903, more than [illegible] these in arrears. To be more [illegible] 27,850 families at that date had failed for their water supply, the defaulters of the city being consequently [illegible] behind.

In consequence of the outcry which [illegible] arises when this proceeding commences an outcry which grows greater [illegible] year to year, the 'shutting off' [illegible] practically suspended in 1903 after [illegible] had been ten days out. [illegible] these ten days, however, no few [illegible] 6,500 accounts were paid, amounting [illegible] $52,000, a sum equal to all [illegible] collected from residences [illegible] remaining forty-five days of [illegible]

[illegible] city loses through these an [illegible] now, approaches sixty [illegible] dollars per anum, it is a reference that this covers all [illegible] in the above list where the [illegible] are absolutely unable to pay. [illegible] claiming that this loss is con[illegible] the lower rates, I think I am [illegible] in saying that no well au[illegible] cases of absolute inability [illegible] ever been subjected to dis[illegible]

[illegible] whether there is any hardship [illegible] the low-rated tenants, the [illegible] is whether these are as[illegible] or less than the actual [illegible] water. I think a strict [illegible] will show that thirty to fifty [illegible], which is all that 17,700 [illegible] are charged, is less than [illegible] only be supplied for if the [illegible] were not otherwise made up, [illegible] consequently the profit, if any, [illegible] the higher rated residences [illegible]

[illegible] payments included interest [illegible] and sinking fund, on spe[illegible] 1899, 1901 and 1902, $1,089,- [illegible] $355,000; civic admin[illegible]istration, $2,401,843.31; funded and floating debt account $2,923,971.16.

The receipts included $1,950,771.56 from assessments; $807,091.98 from water rates; $333,452.99 from business and personal taxes; $151,957 from police licenses; $25,827.64 from Recorder's Court fines; $90,384.42 from market fees; $7,040 from liquor dealers' certificates; $10,507.14 from permits; $106,340.11 from street railway percentages; $58,150.26 from interest collected and $12,905.86 from miscellaneous sources. The funded and floating debt account realized $2,624,168.33.

Speaking of the loss to the city through unpaid water rates, Mr. Robb yesterday stated that the only practical and feasible way he saw of reducing the rates without loss of revenue was to make the rates payable by real estate proprietors instead of tenants. The small amount paid by those who pay low rent is the only direct contribution they make to the city's revenue and they should scarcely be relieved of that. In fact it was absolutely the only tax some of them paid and they were as well able to pay their mite as many others in similar circumstances, who did so without hardship or grumbling.

OBITUARY.

MISS SUSAN BURNHAM GREELEY.

A link with the early years of the last century is broken by the death of Miss Susan Burnham Greeley, aged 98 years and six months, which has just occurred in the Township of Haldimand, near Grafton, Ontario. Miss Greeley had a close connection with some of the most interesting historical events of the first two decades of the nineteenth century, and in her later years she was admired for her skill in imparting knowledge, drawing from her stores of personal experience and the fruits of wide reading.

Miss Greeley was a daughter of Aaron Greeley, a surveyor, who about 1795, removed along with his cousin, the late Hon. Zaccheus Burnham, of Cobourg, into Ontario from New Hampshire, and made the original surveys of the townships of Hamilton, Haldimand, Percy and Seymour. In a few years he accepted the position of Surveyor-General of Michigan, and removed to Detroit, conveying his family by a coasting voyage in an open boat, the Niagara portage being passed by the help of a team of oxen. While in Ontario Mr. Greeley had married Margaret Rogers, sister of Mr. David McGregor Rogers, M.P.P., and his daughter Susan was born at Haldimand on Feb. 25, 1806. The girl's first impressions, however, were connected with Detroit, and her recollections of that city before and during the war with England in 1812 remained very vivid and exact.

Mr. Greeley died suddenly after the conclusion of the war, and his wife, an ardent British subject, and possessed of much energy and force of character, returned to Canada. She settled finally at Haldimand, and the place where Miss Greely was born became her home for the rest of her life.

One who knew her well, says of her:—'During those years her life has been one of self-denial and labor for the well-being and comfort of others, being exceptionally gifted with a very bright intellect and a marvellous memory. Her early education was conducted entirely by her mother, and completed by her own studious exertions, and for many years she has been looked upon by a very large circle of acquaintances as one of the best informed, reliable, and clever women in the country.' Evidence of her wonderful energy and constancy is found in the fact that for more than eighty years she conducted a Sunday school in her own house, which she reluctantly gave up only last autumn. She belonged to the Colborne congregation of the Presbyterian Church, and was a life member of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, and a valued contributor to many magazines and periodicals.

Advertisements.

WHAT A CORN WILL DO.

[illegible] men swear, and ladies [illegible] dispense [illegible]ary if Putnam's [illegible] Extractor were used. [illegible] on corns, drives away [illegible] the trouble, and has [illegible] for the past thirty [illegible] why Putnam's is so well [illegible] druggists sell it.

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SABREVOIS COLLEGE,
MONTREAL.
Residential and Day School for Boys and Girls. Practical Education in French and English. Prepares for University. Terms moderate. A limited number of English pupils received into the residence. Apply to REV. D. LARIVIERE, B.A., Principal, 121 Chatham street, Montreal.

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THE MONTREAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
Founded in 1865 by C. E. Seifert, the Director. 2nd and 3rd Dorchester St., near Mountain. BRANCHES: Voice, Piano, Violin, Organ, the Theory of Music, &c., &c. Send for Prospectus.

W. RAPHAEL'S ART CLASSES
for Drawing and Painting, will open on the 14th of October. For particulars, apply at his studio, 2204 St. Catherine street.

JOHN B. NORTON,
F. A. G. O., A. R. C. O., Lic. Mus.
Fellow of the American Guild of Organists, New York. Associate of the Royal College of Organists, London, Eng., Licentiate in Music.
ORGANIST AND MUSICAL DIRECTOR OF CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.
Lessons in PIANOFORTE and ORGAN PLAYING, VOCAL CULTURE and the THEORY OF MUSIC.
A "Special System" taught for children from 6 to 10 years of age.
Pupils prepared for examinations. At home daily (to arrange about lessons) from 4 to 5 and 8 to 9 p.m.
69 BISHOP STREET.

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From $12 to $50
HARNESS, WHIPS, &c.
Repairs neatly done.
ROBT. IRWIN,
Saddler,
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PHONOGRAPHIC AND BUSINESS INSTITUTE
SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, ENGLISH, FRENCH.
BOOK-KEEPING—The Leveque Universal System. Practical business training. Positions guaranteed to competent stenographers.
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INDIVIDUAL EVENING INSTRUCTION
on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, in all Commercial subjects. Type-writing and Shorthand in both languages begins on MONDAY, Sept. 26th, at
The Montreal Business College
46 UNIVERSITY ST., cor. of St. Catherine. Call, write or telephone Uptown 151 for prospectus.
J. D. DAVIS, Principal.

ROSLYN COLLEGE FOR GIRLS,
425 MOUNT PLEASANT AVENUE, WESTMOUNT.
This school will be re-opened on Tuesday, 13th September, when a preparatory class will be formed. Private lessons for ladies every afternoon.
Principal—
J. PORTEOUS ARNOLD, F.E.I.S.

MONTREAL SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION.
J. P. STEPHEN, Principal.
RE-OPENS Sept. 15th.
Afternoon Classes for Ladies only.
Evening Classes for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Saturday Morning Class for Children.
Private Lessons at special hours.
FRASER INSTITUTE,
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Write, Call or 'Phone Up 2474.

EVENING EDUCATIONAL CLASSES FOR MEN.
19 Subjects. Commercial Classes. Mechanical " Language "
Open from October 1st to June 23rd.
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Telephone Education Director Up 985.

Y. W. C. A.
SCHOOL OF COOKERY,
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Will open September 26th. Pupils wishing to enter the classes are requested to make application at once to the Principal, MISS DOW, between the hours of 2 and 4 and 7 and 8 p.m.

Young Women's Christian Association
896 DORCHESTER STREET.
EDUCATIONAL CLASSES
Open MONDAY, October 3rd, 1904.

Dressmaking,	Plain Sewing,
Millinery,	Art Needlework,
French,	Shorthand,
Bookkeeping,	Arithmetic,
Home Nursing,	Physical Training,
English,	Singing,
Elocution,	Travel Club,
Reading Circle,	Girls' Clubs,
	Bible Study.

For further information apply at the office, 896 Dorchester street.

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE,
(Affiliated to McGill University),
83 Simpson Street, Montreal.
For the Higher Education of Young Women, with Preparatory Department for Girls under thirteen years of age.
PRESIDENT—Rev. Jas. Barclay, D.D.
VICE-PRESIDENT—Principal William Peterson, C.M.G., M.A., LL.D.
PRINCIPAL—Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.
The Institute will re-open TUESDAY, 13th September, at noon.
Entrance examinations for new scholars will be held at the school on Saturday, 10th September, at 10 o'clock a.m.
For Prospectus, etc., apply to the Principal, or to A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary, North British and Mercantile Building, 30 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

OTTAWA LADIES' COLLEGE.
High Class Residential School for Girls and Young Ladies
IN THE CAPITAL.
RE-OPENS Sept. 6th.
COURSES—Academic, Music (Canadian Conservatory). Art, Elocution, Physical Culture, Domestic Science, Stenography, &c., &c.
SUPERIOR HOME LIFE.
For Calendar and particulars
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MISS BARKER,
4138 Dorchester Street,
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Preparatory class for boys.

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471 ARGYLE AVENUE, WESTMOUNT.
Will re-open on TUESDAY, 13th September. Pupils prepared for Matriculation. Preparatory Class for Girls and Boys. Kindergarten Methods.
After Saturday, the 4th September, the Misses SHANKS will be at home to receive visitors on school business.

CRICHTON SCHOOL
1170 Sherbrooke St., Montreal.
School Residence; 705 PINE AVENUE.
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Primary School, for Boys of 8 to 11.
Secondary School, for Boys 11 to 18.
McGill Matriculation Class.
Thorough preparation for the Universities, the Royal Military College, Kingston, and for Business.
Small classes with individual attention.
BOARDING DEPARTMENT.
At the school residence, 705 Pine Avenue, there is unsurpassed accommodation for 10 resident pupils.
Prospectus on application (by letter until September 1).
The School re-opens MONDAY, Sept. 12, at 10 o'clock. Mr. Williamson will attend daily from 10 to 12 noon, and from 3 to 5 p.m., to receive visitors on school business.

International Business College
Place d'Armes, Montreal.
EVENING CLASSES
resumed SEPT. 26. Individual instruction. Tel. Main 309.
CAZA & LORD, Principals.

THE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
916 Sherbrooke street,
Conducted by
MISS SYMMERS and MISS SMITH,
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After Wednesday, 7th September, Miss Symmers and Miss Smith will be at home to receive visitors on school business.
Prospectus on application.

DUNHAM LADIES' COLLEGE
The Church of England School for Girls.
In the Diocese of Montreal. President, His Grace the Archbishop of Montreal, Primate of Canada. A thorough educational, moral and religious training. An excellent staff of teachers, careful, homelike supervision. German, French and Music. The terms are very moderate.
For Calendars and all information apply to
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Conservatorium of Music.
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OPEN SEPTEMBER 21st.
Instruction in every branch of Music. Four entrance exhibitions of fifty dollars each, offered to candidates in open competition in September. Six exhibitions of one hundred dollars each will be awarded at the close of the first year to students of the McGill University Conservatorium. For Syllabus and particulars as to entrance, scholarships, fees, etc., apply to
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Royal Victoria College, Montreal.

ABINGDON SCHOOL,
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Headmaster, Mr. T. Ridler Davies, B.A., Cantab, assisted by a full staff of masters. Boys are prepared for Kingston R.M.C., the university, or for commercial life. Preparatory class for young boys
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There is excellent accommodation for a few boarders.
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The School will reopen on TUESDAY, SEPT. 13th, at 10 o'clock.

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HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER and DECORATOR,
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Jobbing promptly attended to. Valuations made. Office and Workshops 329 B to 335 Hibernia Road.

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A new bread made from Whole Wheat, good for dyspeptics; a real health food. Also the
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The QUEEN'S HAIR HELPER it a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and beauty, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures baldness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any 50c or $1 preparation. Only 25c a bottle. For sale by all Druggists, or at
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WOOD AND COAL FOR EVERYBODY
By the load:—Cut Slabs, $1.50. Kindlings, $1.50; Hardwood Blocks, stove length, $2.50; Hardwood cut and split, $2.50; Maple Blocks, $3.00; Tamarac Blocks $2.00. The best grades of Bituminous and Anthracite Screened Coal. All kinds of Feed at Lowest Market prices. Apply W. LAMARRE & CO., 242 Atwater Ave., near St. James, St. Henri.
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THE LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO., Limited.
Mills at Keewatin and Portage la Prairie, Manitoba.
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So you needn't pick and choose,
Read the 'Witness'—
Wish to travel fast or slow
Daily round the earth and know
Just exactly how things go,
Read the 'Witness.'

Would you learn of Kuropatkin
And the warriors of that kin,
Read the 'Witness,'
Or of how the Japs, so cocky
Play at military hockey,
Under General Kuroki,
Read the 'Witness.'

If you would be well informed,
If you'ld see Port Arthur stormed,
Read the 'Witness';
If you'ld look upon the drama
Staged, by Nodzu and Oyama,
Or seek out the Dalai Lama,
Read the 'Witness.'

Would you hear the cries of woe go
Up to heaven at sight of Togo?
Read the 'Witness';
View the world from Vladivostok
To the home of Mr. Bostock?
Hear such men as Premier Ross talk?
Read the 'Witness.'

Would you gaze on Wealth, the gorgon,
In the shape of Pierpont Morgan?
Read the 'Witness'—
Wealth, the monster, with his candle,
Playing acolyte to Randall
Cantuar? (It is a scandal).
Read the 'Witness.'

Would you see the City Council
In the hands of those who trounce ill?
Read the 'Witness'—
See the lashes without pity,
In the interests of the city,
Dealt to this and that committee?
Read the 'Witness.'

Would you have the creed accordin'
To Sir Wilfrid or to Borden?
Read the 'Witness,'
Would you know about Lord Minto,
Where he's going, where he's been to?
Anything inquire into?
Read the 'Witness.'

W.M.M.

Clocks of all descriptions carefully repaired. Clocks called for and taken home, by experienced men. R. Hemsley, 255 St. James street.

Old Lady (to policeman at the corner)—I want the Bank of England.
Polite Policeman—I'm afraid I can't let you have it, mum.—'Tit-Bits.'

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PRICE 25c. and 50c.

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Save your Currants and Gooseberries by using WHITE HELLEBORE!

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and the best place in the city to get your fruit is at
Walter Paul's
GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT
He receives daily prices
the finest PEACHES, $1.00 to $1.25
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" " PEARS, from 30c up
" " CRAB APPLES, etc., etc.
Send your orders early, for they will be filled in rotation.
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All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed, Editor of the 'Witness.'

BLANKETS

IT SEEMS that our large stock wasn't big enough for our growing trade in Blankets. At any rate there's more to choose this season, and qualities are better, if anything. More kinds here than probably you ever saw together before—We are aiming at points beyond past achievement. False sizes and weights are to be watched if you are to be protected. This is an age of shams and in nothing more so than in Blankets. You pay for one size and sometimes get another. Qualities are marked all wool that have mostly cotton and shoddy in their make-up, and not infrequently the weight turns out to be less than was represented. Perhaps you don't pay much attention to these things, but we do, and the result is a growing constituency among intelligent buyers. Perhaps the fact that here is the largest stock may have something to do with drawing trade, but we rather pride ourselves that it's because we have the best as well as the cheapest. This is how prices run:

Canadian All-Wool Blankets, with assorted colored borders.

Size 56 x 76 .. .. $2.97
Size 60 x 80 .. .. $3.59
Size 64 x 82 .. .. $4.19
Size 68 x 86 .. ..$4.80

All-Wool Blankets, whipped single, well finished at both ends.

Size 56 x 76 .. .. $3.75
Size 64 x 84 .. .. $5.00
Size 68 x 88 .. .. $6.00

Fine All-Wool Blankets, well finished at both both ends, very superior goods.

Size 60 x 78 .. .. $5.00
Size 64 x 82 .. .. $5.75

Extra large size blankets, light weight and very fine goods.

Size 72 x 90 .. .. $4.85
Size 80 x 94 .. .. $5.65

A Blanket Special for Early Shoppers.

We have 9 pairs of a special last season's Blanket value, and just as an inducement to our friends to visit our Blanket display to-morrow we shall let them go at less than they would cost to make at to-day's wool prices.

Good, strong, durable 8-lb. weight Blankets, size 68x86, with assorted colored borders, worth in the regular way $3.25. To-morrow, while they last, extraordinary value at..... $2.69

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We carry a complete stock of Men's and Boys' Collars, all sizes and shapes. At the popular prices .. 15c and 20c

Men's Handkerchiefs. A special line of Handkerchiefs, with very pretty colored border and allover patterns, all pure linen. Regular 33 cents. Special at.. .. .. 15c

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A complete assortment of Men's Derby and Flowing End Ties, in all colors .. .. 35c and 50c

A special line of Men's and Boys' Plaid Derby Ties, in very handsome colors .. .. 25c and 50c

We have a complete stock of Men's Silk Handkerchief, initialled and plain. Price .. .. .. 35c to $1.20

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Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, in blind embroidery patterns. Each 25c

Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, with lace edges. Each. 15c

Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs, in lawn, at, each.. .. .. 10c to 12½c

Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, with fancy embroidered corners. Each 25c

OGILVY'S
St. Catherine and Mountain Sts.

IN MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S COATS WE ARE AT THE TOP.

This assertion is made without fear of reasonable contradiction, as we are quite assured that we have one of the largest and most varied stocks of Misses' and Children's Coats in the city. This season we have given this particular section of our extensive mantle trade more careful attention than ever, and we are now in a position to cater to your wants in a manner that will delight our patrons.

We are showing a magnificent range of Short Coats and Paletots, and we are satisfied that you will find no difficulty in selecting something to your taste.

The fit and workmanship of our Children's Garments are perfect.

Girls' Long Coats, made of navy cheviot, with two shoulder capes, collar and cuffs piped with red, new belt back, sizes 27 to 36. Prices .. .. $3.50 to $5.25

Girls' Long Coats, made of brown and navy fancy tweeds, with three shoulder capes and collar, all piped with velvet to match, new pleated sleeve, and new belted back, sizes 30 in. to 39 in. Prices . $5.25 to $6.75

Girls' Long Coats, made of fine Kersey cloth, in shades of navy, brown and fawn, double capes, fancy strapped collar and cuffs, all piped with satin, the navy and brown piped with biscuit collar, the fawn piped with emerald green, all beautiful combinations, sizes 30 in., 33 in., 36 in. Prices $9.25, $10.00, $10.50

Girls' Short Coats, made of navy reversible cheviot, new sloping shoulder effect, new pleated sleeve with cuffs, new belted back and flat coat collar, all sizes. Price $5.50

Girls' Short Coats, made of fancy reversible tweeds, in green and grey mixtures, small double epaulettes, new Vienna front and belted back, satin piped, all sizes $9.75

Girls' Short Coats, made of fine quality Kersey cloth, in navy, brown and fawn, new pleated sleeve and cuff, new belted back, all satin piped, lined throughout with fancy mercerized lining, all sizes. Price $9.50

Boys' Overcoats.

One is a new Cravenette Overcoat, made from the finest cloth, and style is perfect. Price for to-morrow will be: Up to size 35 .. .. $9.00
Up to size 40 .. .. $12.00

Another line is a special attraction in Youths' Suits, long pants, made from the finest West of England tweed, minister grey, with white needle stripe. Our price to-morrow:
Size 33 to 35 .. .. $9.50
Size 36 to 38 .. .. $12.00

$4.75 Shirt Waists $2.50

38 only Women's Blouses, made of all-wool English mattings, full front with wide tucks, box plaited opening set off with silk cord and buttons and strappings of white satin, tucked back, collar and cuffs to match, white and a few Black. Regular $4.75. Wednesday $2.50

We Lead in Wools.

Still advancing in favor, and keeping the largest and most complete stock in the city. The colors in every kind of wool have been sorted up, and we are now able to execute orders for any color that these different kinds are wanted in. Have you seen the

NEW RUG AND MAT WOOL?

We keep it in a large variety of colors, also the canvas, needles, gauges, etc., necessary for working. Very simple and easy to make, but very pretty when done.

Super Scotch Fingering,
Super Scotch Wheeling Yarns,
Berlin Wools, Andalusian Wools,
Ostrich Wool, Ice Wool, Angora Wool,
etc., in every wanted shade.

Housemaids' Aprons.

White Lawn Aprons, 2½ inch hem, and bib trimmed with one row insertion and embroidery with bias. Very special at.. .. .. 25c

White Lawn Aprons, 3½ inch hem, with pleated bib, tucked and trimmed in embroidery, with wide insertion and Hambourg over the shoulders. Price 35c

A very pretty Apron, with wide hem and ties, pleated bib, trimmed in insertion and embroidery, with same over shoulders. 45c

An attractive apron, made perfectly plain, with a hem of 4½ inches, and a pleated bib, with hemstitching and lapels, hemstitched and ties 50c

This apron is one of the best values ever offered for the money. It has a bib tucked and trimmed with one row insertion, and a yoke of Hambourg insertion, edged with a frill of 3-inch embroidery, and wide hem and ties. Price 50c

A striking Apron for the price, with an elaborate bib, pleated and trimmed insertion, finished with wide embroidery and ties. 50c

Infants' Wear.

New Goods in this Department arriving daily.

Children's Silver Bear Coats, with large round collar, sizes 6 months to 6 years. Special price .. .. $2.55 and $2.85

Children's Cream Silk Dresses, made with long waist or French style, also Mother Hubbard Dresses, trimmed with silk frills and silk embroidery, elaborately tucked, etc., etc., sizes 6 months to 6 years. Special prices .. .. $3.00 to $10.00

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