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Victoria Institute
Tavistock Square
London S.W. ENG 3

DAILY WITNESS

Fine and Cooler.

XLVI., No. 223 MONTREAL, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1905. PRICE ONE CENT

...URE OF THE 'ANTIOPE'

Canadian Barque Charged by Japanese With Carrying Contraband

CANADIAN SECRETARY OF STATE LAYS MATTER BEFORE THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The attention of the Ottawa Government has been called to the recent seizure by the Japanese of a British Columbia barque called the 'Antiope,' bound for the Russian port of Nikolievsk. The owners of the 'Antiope,' who live in Victoria, B.C., say that their boat was loaded with a cargo of salt consigned to private parties to be used in curing fish. She was captured on Aug. 13 by the Japanese authorities off the island of Sakhalin, on the ground of carrying contraband of war in the form of foodstuffs. The 'Antiope' was taken to Hakodate, Japan, for trial. Her owners deny that there was any contraband of war on board, and protest against the loss of their vessel.

On the receipt of the message yesterday the Secretary of State took steps to bring the alleged facts to the notice of the Imperial Government in order that the Foreign Office may make further enquiry into the circumstances.

DR. WARDEN'S CONDITION

ANTICIPATED FAVORABLE RESULTS FROM VACATION NOT REALIZED.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—The Rev. Robert Warden, D.D., general agent of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for the past ten years, returned to the city last night after spending several months at his summer home at Roche's Point, Muskoka, and, with Mrs. Warden and Mrs. Fairman, of Montreal, is staying at the Queen's Hotel. His many friends and business acquaintances will regret to learn that the favorable results anticipated from a prolonged vacation have not been realized, and that Dr. Warden's condition has become very serious.

THE 'VIGILANT.'

UNABLE TO CHASE SEVERAL AMERICA POACHERS, OWING TO LACK OF COAL.

St. Thomas, Ont., Sept. 21.—The Dominion fishery cruiser 'Vigilant' went into the harbor at Port Stanley on Tuesday to coal up. While out on Lake Erie the 'Vigilant' saw some fifteen United States tugs operating with fish nets in Canadian waters, but was unable to give chase, owing to lack of coal. The Yankee poachers are more venturesome every day, knowing that the 'Vigilant' cannot be every place at once.

HARD ON AMERICANS

M. D'AURIGNAC SAYS 'HIGH FINANCE IN THE UNITED STATES MEANS JAIL IN FRANCE.

New York, Sept. 20.—M. Romaine d'Aurignac, brother of Mme. Therese Humbert, to-day announced that he had engaged counsel and taken steps to appeal to President Roosevelt to prevent his deportation because he had served a term in a French prison. At Ellis Island, where he is held, M. d'Aurignac said to-day: 'I am no worse than many of your men here who stand in high esteem. France has not progressed so far in high finance as the United States and so it happened that I was sent to prison for that which is done without causing comment in the United States.'

NANAIMO MINERS

MR. MACKENZIE KING WILL INVESTIGATE DIFFICULTIES OVER EIGHT-HOUR DAY ACT.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The Deputy Minister of Labor, Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, has left for British Columbia to investigate difficulties that have arisen between the coal miners at Nanaimo and their employers arising out of the eight-hour day law enacted by the British Columbia Legislature at its recent session. Mr. King's services were asked by the miners to see if a settlement could not be reached through his mediation.

PRINTERS' STRIKE

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 20.—At the headquarters of the International Typographical Union to-night, this statement was issued:

'Strikes for the eight-hour day are on in thirty-three cities, and in most of these many of the employing printers have "signed up." In 216 cities we have the eight-hour day now, or to become effective on Jan. 1. In fifty-six of these cities where strikes have been declared or threatened, all of the offices where union men had been employed have signed the new contract.'

Chicago, Sept. 21.—The experiments in the shops of the Chicago typothetae since the printers' strike began promise a new field of industry for girl stenographers. From the typewriter keyboard to that of a big typesetting machine, the employers say is only a short remove. So successful have the young women proved as 'operators' in the large printing shops that the proprietors are seeking for more of them.

The typothetae yesterday decided to advertise for a hundred girls for machine work to take the places of striking printers. At present 25 girls are acting as strike-breakers.

CANADIAN CABLES

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 20.—The Canadian Associated Press understands that the Newfoundland loan of two million dollars will be at 3½ percent at 96.

London, Sept. 20.—A Dundee grocer, in cutting a large cheddar cheese, found a glass tube in which were two letters. The first was from Arthur S. Sivers, maker, of Northfield, Ontario, asking for information as to where the cheese was cut, stating that he had a few young ladies with him who wished to know the same. The second was from the girls, asking him to communicate with Edessia McBride, Muristield, Canada; Edith Sievers, Muchmore street, Ottawa; Ina McBride, Northfield, Station.

London, Sept. 20.—Mr. James A. Ruddick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, who has just returned from Denmark, Holland and Germany, is to be entertained by three hundred Bristol importing merchants, railway and shipping men, all anxious for an increase in trade with Canada.

At a luncheon to-day given by Mr. Humphries, president of the Bristol Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Ruddick told what Canada was doing, and asked the importing merchants of Great Britain whether they were doing their best to help Canadian exporters in handling of goods on their arrival here. He acknowledged there were less complaints from Bristol than from some other cities. In the delay in the removal of perishable goods from the docks, we have, said Mr. Ruddick, no financial interest in goods once shipped, but we have a very direct interest until the goods reach the consumer. He told of the efforts made by Canada to safeguard the shipments; also the good work of the Dominion inspectors at Liverpool and other British ports.

Mr. Ruddick said he was well received and aided everywhere on his present tour.

With the members of the Docks' Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Ruddick inspected Bristol's new Royal Edward dock, to be completed within a year, and costing two million dollars.

Mr. Ruddick sails for home on Sept. 28.

London, Sept. 20.—Mr. J. A. Hobson, a well-known economist, is sailing by the 'Bavarian' to-morrow for Canada. Speaking to the Canadian Associated Press, he said his object in crossing the Atlantic was to study the conditions in Great Britain, Canada and the United States as regarding reciprocity and a preference; also the flow of immigration and commercial prospects and opportunities for capital. He has no propaganda and will not lecture. He is a free trader. If sufficient material is procured he may state the result of his investigations in book form on his return. He has engaged to supply articles to a well-known London daily.

London, Sept. 21.—A vagrant arrested at Paris speaks a language no one understands. Judge Roty's theory is that the prisoner, who calls himself a 'Ripartamor,' may have emigrated as a child probably to the far west or Canada to some place where a great number of emigrants of different countries were gathered. Judge Roty maintains that such a mixture of people would speak a sort of jargon made up of various languages.

London, Sept. 21.—The Birmingham 'Post' commenting on the embargo on cattle, says the decision will be unpalatable to the Dominion, but there is compensation in the relief it will afford to stock owners at home. It is doubtful whether Canada has anything more than a sentimental grievance. The prohibition is a well advised precautionary measure against the introduction of cattle disease in this country.

The 'Freeman's Journal' in discussing a recent article on the cattle embargo in the 'Daily Standard,' especially as coming from a protectionist paper, says the interests of Ireland will be of little reckoning when the Imperialists foregather (referring to the Colonial Conference) to consider trade relations between Great Britain and the colonies. The chances are all against the maintenance of the regulations, and the prudent Irish farmer will make his future reckoning on that likelihood.

Referring to a memorandum on the cattle embargo which contains a paragraph about the enormous losses suffered by the British agriculturists during the last thirty years mainly by reason of increased pressure of colonial and foreign competition, the 'Westminster Gazette' says:—'If we can say to Canada "We dare not take the risk of admitting your cattle," well and good, but if we add: especially as you are such formidable agricultural competitors," the protectionist motive is at once clear, though not definitely avowed as such.'

London, Sept. 21.—A correspondent of the Yorkshire 'Post,' Leeds, writing from Ottawa, says there is no political party in Canada which advocates a tariff for revenue only. The general popular feeling is in favor of protection, as Canadians are all 'stand patters.' He is convinced that manufacturers at home are warranted in looking for more, rather than less trade concessions, to Great Britain as a result of the revision of the tariff.

London, Sept. 21.—Lord Strathcona will preside at the dinner to be given by the Canadian Commissioner to the Liege Exhibition to representatives of tober countries, on Sept. 29.

INSURANCE ENQUIRY.

Testimony of Mr. John McCall of the New York Life Company.

JUDGE PARKER DENIES CERTAIN OF HIS STATEMENTS.

New York, Sept. 20.—That $235,000 has been paid by the New York Life Insurance Company to Andrew A. Hamilton, of Albany; that no accounting for this money has been made except to President McCall verbally, and that Hamilton attends sessions of the legislature at Albany in the interest of the New York Life Insurance Company, was brought out to-day by testimony given by Mr. McCall before the Legislative Insurance Investigating Committee. Mr. McCall said that the various sums making up the $235,000 paid to Hamilton attends sessions of the Legisnection with different real estate deals, but Mr. Hughes, after considerable questioning, developed the fact that none of the money had been actually applied to such deals. Mr. McCall also said that Mr. Hamilton was allowed money for expenses at Albany, and that Hamilton's accounts were not subject to audit. Mr. McCall denied that he gave Mr. Hamilton money to influence any member of the Legislature, or that he advised any such course. The $235,000, Mr. McCall said, he was sure would be paid by Mr. Hamilton on demand of the New York Life Insurance Company.

'If it isn't,' said Mr. McCall, 'I'm responsible, and I'll pay it.'

Hamilton received for legal services, he said, about $100,000 a year from the New York Life Insurance Company.

On the subject of the New York Life Insurance Company's campaign contribution in recent presidential years, Mr. McCall said they were given for the purpose of defeating the silver platform and for the support of the gold standard rather than of the Republican party. As to the contribution to the Republican campaign in 1904, Mr. McCall said he did not care how many of the policyholders agreed with his action. He made the contribution honestly believing it was justified and for the interest of the policy-holders.

'Did you really think that in 1904 the interests of the policy-holders were so seriously endangered that the company ought to contribute?' asked Mr. Hughes.

'I did think so, when the man who had twice voted for Bryan was a candidate on a platform framed by a committee that had, by a majority of two to one, rejected the gold standard.

'My life,' continued the witness, 'was made weary by the Democratic candidates chasing me for money in that campaign. Some of the very men who to-day are being interviewed in the papers and denouncing men who contribute to campaigns were crossing my path every step I took looking for money. One—the candidate himself, Parker—if he would show up his books when he was chairman of the Democratic State Committee, it would give you a fit. He never rejected a dollar in the world; he would take every dollar that was paid to him.'

Referring to the Democrats, Mr. McCall said:—

'Their shadows were across mine every move I made.'

'I thank God that Bryan and free silver were beaten, and that I had a share in their defeat.'

Applause followed this statement, but the demonstration was checked by Senator Armstrong, who said he would have the room cleared of spectators if order was not kept.

In 1892 Mr. McCall said there was no campaign contribution by the New York Life Insurance Company, because both parties had gold platforms.

Just before the committee adjourned for the day, Mr. McCall asked and was granted permission to make a statement denying that he was a man of great wealth. He said:—

'Various publications have stated that I have amassed great wealth in a few years, and I want to say under oath that I am not a millionnaire, nor a part millionnaire. If I should die tomorrow the greatest part of my fortune would be my life insurance.'

'Do you pay the premium on that?' asked Mr. Hughes.

'I pay my company $25,000 a year,' replied Mr. McCall. 'And another thing: Of the 73 syndicates in which the New York Life Insurance Company has been asking $2,500,000 for the company I have never been in one that sold bonds to the company.'

'That will be gone into later,' said Mr. Hughes.

The committee then adjourned until to-morrow, as a mark of respect to the memory of the late State Senator Amble, who died at Chatham, N.Y., on Sunday last.

JUDGE PARKER DENIES STATEMENT.

New York, Sept. 20.—Judge Alton B. Parker, the Democratic candidate for President in 1904, to-night gave the Associated Press this statement concerning President McCall's testimony relative to the soliciting of funds from the New York Life Insurance Company by Democrats in 1904:

'My attention has been called to certain testimony said to have been given to-day by Mr. John A. McCall while a witness before the Insurance Investigating Committee, in reply to Mr. Hughes's question whether he thought that, in 1904, the interests of the policy-holders were so seriously endangered that the company ought to contribute.

'It is evident that Mr. McCall was labouring under great excitement in making his reply, for it is very incoherent, but if his answer is intended to convey the impression that in the campaign of 1904, I either directly or indirectly, solicited from him or his corporation, or any other corporation, any money or valuable thing, his statement is absolutely false.

'On the contrary, I repeat now what I said before the election, that I expressly notified and directed the chairman of the executive committee of the National Committee that no money should be received from corporations.'

Mr. Wm. F. Sheehan's attention was called to the testimony of Mr. McCall, and he said:—

'I was chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic committee. There was not a single man connected with the Democratic national campaign that solicited a dollar from Mr. McCall. If any such person made any solicitation Mr. McCall should name him.

PACIFIC CABLE.

WILL AUSTRALIA RECEDE FROM HER POSITION REGARDING EASTERN EXTENSION COMPANY?

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The Australian Government has cabled Sir William Mulock that their parliament is now considering the various recommendations made by the recent Pacific Cable Conference in London, and that a decision is expected about the end of the present month. The inference is drawn that the Commonwealth authorities are about to secede from the position it took concerning the concessions it had granted to the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company. At the conference in London the other partners in the Pacific cable took the position that Australia's bargain with the Eastern Extension Company would greatly strengthen the latter's hands in competing for business against the government-owned line. The Australian authorities have hitherto maintained that their recent agreement with the Eastern Extension Company could not injure the Pacific cable, as it simply took the place of perpetual rights which the Eastern Extension already enjoyed in certain of the Australian states. Evidently, however, the insistence of the Imperial Government, Canada and New Zealand has brought them to a somewhat altered view of the situation.

SIR GILBERT PARKER, M. P.

CANADIAN AUTHOR DISCUSSES PREFERENTIAL TARIFF IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 21.—In discussing the political conditions prevalent in Great Britain, Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., who is now in this city, said last night that the most important question is Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's policy of preferential tariff.

'We have taken a small leaf out of a large American book,' he went on. 'I hardly think the question will be settled at the next election. Just as it would be impossible to convert the United States to free trade in three years, so I do not anticipate it will be possible to convert Great Britain to the policy of Imperial reciprocity and of tariff reform in the same space of time. The most important part of the policy of the Conservative party, to which I belong, is tariff reform, and the most important part of tariff reform is colonial preference. That is, in effect, what my party will urge when it goes to the country again, and afterwards. Preference especially must be given to Canadian wheat. Twenty years from now I believe that America will export no wheat. She will need it all for herself. In the meantiem we must build up a trade with Canada by artificial means.

'This will not affect the relations between the United States and England. Any preference we may give to Canada will be recognized by all good Americans as perfectly legitimate. Americans have a great respect for people who, like themselves, are able to do good business for themselves.

'In actual fact, the moment that England adopts a defensive tariff the beginning of international reciprocity will be at hand, and not until then. Business is a bloodless war, if you will, but it is a war, and peace can only be attained when one nation is strong enough to compete with another by the use of equivalent weapons.

'There never was a time in the history of the two countries when the pro-American feeling was so strong as it is at present in England. It is a great and absolute admiration for American energy, power and intellect. The day of jealousy on the part of England has gone forever.'

Sir Gilbert Parker declared annexation is a dead issue in Canada.

RUSSIA AND GERMANY

M. WITTE STATES THAT A RAPPROCHEMENT EXISTS.

Paris, Sept. 20.—M. Witte, the Russian peace envoy, whose undiplomatic boasts of how he engineered the American press and President Roosevelt in the interests of Russia astonished Europe, has now agitated Frenchmen by emphasizing a statement that a rapprochment exists between Russia and Germany. In an interview in the 'Temps' he describes this as the natural result of Russia's gratitude for the Kaiser's friendly attitude throughout the war. He said: His Majesty did not let any occasion slip for declaring and proving his desire to spare us trouble and to help us in any little way he could.'

NAVAL ARMISTICE

Jesson and Kamimura Determine Zones in Which Ships of Both Nations may Circulate.

Vladivostok, Wednesday, Sept. 20.—The Russian and Japanese squadrons, commanded respectively by Rear-Admiral Jesson and Vice-Admiral Kamimura, met in Keruiloff Bay, on Sept. 16, and the admirals arranged the terms of naval armistice. The conference, which lasted five hours, determined on the zones in which ships of the two nations are free to circulate, and regulated the question of contriband.

JAPANESE PAPERS SUSPENDED

THEREFORE EXPRESSIONS OF DISSATISFACTION OVER PEACE CONDITIONS ARE NOT SO FREQUENT.

Tokio, Sept. 21, 10.30 a.m.—The expressions of dissatisfaction over the terms of the treaty of peace in the columns of the local papers are not so frequent as they were some time ago.

The list of papers suspended since the urgency ordinance was passed includes nine published in Tokio and 13 published elsewhere, five of which were re-suspensions.

At the time of the outburst of popular indignation occasioned by the intervention of three European powers at the close of the war between Japan and China, the cases of papers suspended exceeded two hundred, ten of which were in Tokio.

The 'Assahi' remains suspended. It is twelve days to-day since its publication was ordered stopped.

The news of the Russian Emperor's proposal to hold a second peace conference at The Hague has not so far evoked any comment by the press.

CABINET MEETS.

Tokio, Sept. 21.—7.30 p.m.—A prolonged meeting of the cabinet and elder statesmen took place to-day, but the subject of the conference has not yet been made public. It is believed that various matters relating to home and foreign policy were under discussion. The public is daily becoming more impatient for the withdrawal of the order proclaiming the city under martial law.

TO REPATRIATE PRISONERS.

Odessa, Sept. 21.—The government has chartered the American steamer 'Garonne,' which with 'Angara' and the volunteer fleet steamers 'St. Petersburg,' 'Kostroma,' and 'Nijni Novgorod,' will start for Japan soon to repatriate the Russian prisoners.

TO RAISE THE 'MIKASA.'

ADMIRAL ARAI RECALLED FROM SEOUL—POWERFUL PUMP ARRIVES AT SASEBO.

Seoul, Sept. 21.—Admiral Arai, who re-floated the Russian protected cruiser 'Variag,' was given an audience by the Emperor and decorated before he sailed for Japan on Tuesday last. It is probable that he has been recalled to raise the Japanese battleship 'Mikasa,' sunk in the harbor of Sasebo.

The Russian cruiser 'Variag' was sunk by the Japanese fleet at Chemulpo, on Feb. 9, 1904. The Russian cruiser 'Korietz' was sunk at the same time.

Tokio, Sept. 21.—A powerful pump has arrived at Sasebo from Port Arthur, to be used in floating the battleship 'Mikasa,' Admiral Togo's flagship, which was recently sunk with great loss of life. It is expected to re-float the 'Mikasa' within three months.

FOOT CRUSHED AT ANGUS SHOPS.

Wiliam Askey, a workman in the Angus shops of the C. P. R., had his foot severely crushed this morning. He was taken to the General Hospital, where it is feared that amputation may be necessary. He resides at 608 Delorimier avenue.

FINE AND WARM

In pleasant ways of our English gardens
This is the time of the gathering wealth,
Laden fruit trees with happy branches,
Riches meant for the people's health:
O happy owners, think of the poor,
The gardenless hosts not far from your door!
—Marianne Farningham.

Toronto, Sept. 21, 11 a.m.—Victoria, 58—54; Calgary, 86—34; Qu'Appelle, 54—38; Winnipeg, 76—44; Port Arthur, 72—54; Parry Sound, 68—54; Toronto, 72—48; Ottawa, 70—48; Quebec, 68—48; St. John, 66—54; Halifax, 62—50.

Forecasts—To-day and on Friday fresh to strong southerly to westerly winds, fine and warm; a few scattered thunderstorms not unlikely during ahe night, or on Friday.

Showers were experienced during yesterday in many parts of Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, and heavy rains along the coast of British Columbia. Fresh to strong breezes are now generally indicated attended by fine weather.

1523 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sept. 21, 1905.—Readings by the Optical & Engineer's Supply Company's Standard Barometer at noon:

Yesterday, 29.78; 11 a.m. to-day, 29.82.

Temperature—	Max.	Min.
To-day	68	55
Yesterday	73	59

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Japanese losses in the recent war are reported in the 'Standard' as, killed, 46,180; died of wounds, 10,970; died from exposure, $15,300; a total of 72,450.

The Emperor of Corea gave an audience yesterday to Miss Alice Roosevelt and entertained her and her party to lunch.

Nearly a hundred men scaled the walls of the Riga prison yesterday, cut the telephone wires, killed two warders, injured three others, forced open the cells of two prisoners and carried them off.

M. Witte, it is reported, has been ordered to Germany to conduct an important mission concerning an international regulation of Far Eastern questions.

A German convoy in German South-West Africa has been surprised near Keetman's Hoop by the Witbois, its escort practically annihilated and thousands of cattle, many rifles and a hundred and twenty-two waggons captured.

The Carnegie Library in Cork was opened yesterday. At the close of the ceremony the Lord Mayor gave a luncheon. On finding that the toast of the King's health was omitted the Bishop of Cork left the table and a number of guests followed his example.

Romaine d'Aurignac, brother of Mme. Therese Humbert, is being held at Ellis Island for deportation because he has served a term in a French prison. D'Aurignac says he is no worse than many men in the United States who are held in high esteem, but then France has not progressed so far as the United States in high finance.

Girl stenographers are proving expert operators on the linotypes left vacant in the Chicago printers' strike, and the employers are advertising for a hundred more to take the places of the striking printers.

The printers' strike for an eight-hour day is now on in thirty-three cities in the United States.

The government experimental reduction works at Canso is boiling up dog fish at the rate of a hundred tons a day. So great a plague have the dogfish became in the Gulf that but for these works fishermen would have been compelled to take up their nets and abandon fishing entirely.

The Rev. Dr. Warden, general agent of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, is seriously ill.

A circus tent collapsed in Marysville, Mo., during a storm yesterday, and one man was killed and almost every one else injured in the stampede which followed.

STE. CUNEGONDE ACCIDENT

INQUEST OPENED AND ADJOURNED UNTIL TO-MORROW.

The inquest into the deaths of Valere Fournier, Chas. Otis and Ulric Bannette, employees of the Dominion Bridge Company, who lost their lives on Tuesday by the collapse of the iron scaffolding of the dome of the new Ste. Cunegonde Roman Catholic Church, was opened yesterday at the morgue, Coroner McMahon presiding. When Joseph McLaughlin, the general foreman of the construction department of the Dominion Bridge Company, George Gaze, foreman of the men employed on the iron work, and four workmen had given evidence, the inquest was adjourned until to-morrow, when plans and photographs showing in detail the construction of the iron scaffolding, which collapsed, will be submitted to the jury. The architects and engineers of the Dominion Bridge Company will also be called upon to give evidence.

From yesterday's testimony it would appear that the top of the iron trestle of the dome, which was in course of construction, was so heavy as to cause it to bend near its point of attachment to the western wall, and it slipped from its position and fell, carrying Otis and Banette with it.

Fournier had been standing on a beam, which was about to be attached to the trestle, and when it fell he was thrown over the wall of the church into Coursol street.

STE. CUNEGONDE ELECTORS.

At the meeting of the Ste. Cunegonde Council last night Mayor Fabien presiding, the lists of municipal electors were submitted by Mr. E. A. Grisé, secretary-treasurer, and they will remain in his office subject to public inspection until Sept. 30. Any voter whose name is not on the list should apply for registration within the ten days' delay, as objections will not be received afterwards. The lists will no doubt be scrutinized with more than usual attention by the public this year because of the important questions which are likely to be submitted to the direct vote of the proprietors.

VISITING AMERICAN GROCERS.

Members of the Retail Grocers' Association of Newark, who had travelled by the Delaware & Hudson Railway and the Richelieu & Ontario avigation Company's line to Quebec, arrived in Montreal from Quebec this morning to spend the day in the city. They will leave on Friday morning by a special train, stopping at Saratoga, and arriving home on Friday night. There are 225 in the party, which is under the charge of Mr. John Wafering, chairman of the committee, and is accompanied by Mr. F. B. Moffitt, travelling passenger agent of the Delaware & Hudson Railway, who is well known in Montreal. This is the second time within the past few years that the members of this association have come to the St. Lawrence.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funerals appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occuring in their immediate families free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

CONLIN — On Sept. 18, 1905, at Taylorville, Ont., to Mr. and Mrs. John R. Conlin, a daughter.

DUNNE — At Ottawa, on Sept. 15, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Dunne, a daughter.

ESDON — At 815 St. Denis street, on Sept. 10, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Esdon, a son.

FULTON.—On Friday, Sept. 15, 1905, at Haselbank Farm, St. Sophie, Que., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fulton.

HUNTER — On Sept. 17, 1905, at 176 Bronson avenue, Ottawa, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Hunter, a son.

INGLIS.—At Roblin, Manitoba, on Sept. 9, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Inglis, a son.

ODLUM — At Vancouver, B.C., on Sept. 13, 1905, to Victor W. Odlum, editor Vancouver 'World,' and Mrs. Odlum, a son and daughter.

ROGERS — On Sept. 13, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. John W. Rogers, Clarence avenue, Deer Park, Ont., a son.

RYDER — On Sept. 14, 1905, at 356 Greene avenue, Westmount, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Ryder.
New Haven, Conn., papers please copy.

MARRIED.

COLE—DALRYMPLE.— On Sept. 20, 1905, at 45 St. Mark street, by the Rev. R. B. Ewan, M.D., assisted by the Rev. C. T. Scott, B.A., Alice Kate, daughter of Mr. James Dalrymple, to Mr. George Maitland Cole, of this city.

DART — TESKEY — At London, Ont., on Sept. 14, 1905, Martha Teskey, eldest daughter of the late Rev. E. Teskey, to Joseph Dart, of Battleford, Sask.

DAVEY—SMITH. — At First Methodist Church, on Sept. 13, 1905, by the Rev. Robert Davey, assisted by the Rev. R. J. Treleaven, Mabel Grace, third daughter of W. B. Smith, druggist, of Hamilton, to Samuel Reginald Davey, Phm.B., of Fergus, Ont.

KINGSMILL — PUDDICOMBE — On Sept. 12, 1905, at St. Paul's Cathedral, London, Ont., by the Rev. Canon Dann, Walter Barnard Kingsmill, barrister, of Osgoode Hall, eldest son of Mr. Nicol Kingsmill, of Toronto, to Winifred S., eldest daughter of Mr. Robert W. Puddicombe, of London, Ont.

McCOMB — ORRIS — At 117 Grange ave., Toronto, on Sept. 16, 1905, by the Rev. R. J. Moore, St. Margaret's Church, Elizabeth A. Orris, Toronto, to W. J. McComb, Trenton.

MINER—CHAMBERS. — At Christ Church Cathedral, by the Rev. Herbert Symonds, D.D., Mabel Elizabeth, only daughter of the late John Chambers, to William Harlowe Miner, son of Mr. W. W. Miner, of Granby, Que.

NICHOLSON—WARD. — On Sept. 20, 1905, at St. Stephen's Church, Weredale Park, Westmount, by the Rev. James Ereaux, Laura Louisa, eldest daughter of Benjamin Ward, Esq., to Mr. Edgar Nicholson, both of this city.

DIED.

BETHUNE.—At Emo, on Sept. 9, 1905, Louisa, wife of Alex. Bethune, M.D., of Wingham.

BLACK — At Toronto, on Sept. 17, 1905, Mary Elizabeth, dearly beloved wife of Andrew Black, aged 57 years.

CANNON — At Quebec, on Sept. 16, 1905, Marie Hermine Aurelie Alida Dumoulin, aged 49 years and 11 months, beloved wife of His Honor Mr. Justice L. J. Cannon.

CHARLTON.—At her late residence Brightside, 280 Bay street south, Hamilton, Ont., on Sept. 19, 1905, Sara Elizabeth Charlton, in her 68th year.

COHOE — Bessie Leng, beloved wife of the Rev. B. L. Cohoe, at Hamilton City Hospital, on Monday, Sept. 11, 1905.
Interment at Melrose, Middlesex Co., Ont.

GRAHAM.—At 384 Victoria street, Toronto, on Sept. 19, 1905, Eliza J. Miller, beloved wife of Hugh M. Graham.

HOSSACK.— At Lucan, Ont., on Sept. 13, 1905, Charlotte A., youngest daughter of the late Orange Clark, Bloomfield House, London Tp., and wife of Thomas Hossack, M.D., aged 63 years.

HUNTER — At Quebec, on Sept. 17, 1905, after a long and painful illness, Isabella O'Neill, widow of the late Robert Hunter, of La Canardiere.

LATTIMOR — At 57 Markham street, Toronto, William Lattimor, suddenly, from heart failure.

MAJOR.—At her residence, 4182 Dorchester street, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 19, 1905, Charlotte Emily, eldest daughter of the late James E. Major.
Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

MARTIN.—On Sept. 14, 1905, at Lorne street, Regina, Sask., Jean, beloved daughter of Alexander and Jessie Martin, aged 6 years, 9 months and 25 days.

MOLLOY — At Quebec, on Sept. 18, 1905, James Molloy, at the age of 47 years.

REED.—At Toronto, on Sept. 19, 1905, Joseph B. Reed, aged 60 years.

ROACH.—On Sept. 20, 1905, Patrick Roach, aged 14 years and five months, eldest son of Mr. Patrick Roach, 71 Little Champlain street, Quebec.

SMITH — At his residence, Summerhill, Toronto, on Sept. 18, 1905, Larratt William Smith, K.C., D.C.L., President of the Consumers' Gas Company, in his 85th year.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked 'copies of the "Witness" containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 5.

RUSSIAN PRISONERS REVOLT.

Orel, Russia, Sept. 20.—The prisoners in the government prison here revolted last night. Order was restored by the police and the troops. One prisoner was killed and five injured.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. Limited.

This Store will close at 6 o'clock To-morrow. Thursday, Sept. 21.

A GIGANTIC PURCHASE OF

Ladies' Fall Costumes.

Wednesday the Costume Chief completed not only one of the largest, but one of the most advantageous purchases he has ever made in Ladies' Costumes.
Every Suit and Costume is in this season's very latest style, beautifully made of high class materials.
You will understand the marvellous value of this collection when we say that

EVERY COSTUME WAS MANUFACTURED TO SELL AT $18.00 TO $25.00.

For easy choosing we have divided this purchase into two lots as follows:

NO. 1 TABLE.—Ladies' Autumn Costumes, in Tweeds, Vicunas, Serges, Basket Cloths, etc., etc., practically every shade that will be popular this season, including black.
Scarcely two styles alike—tight-fitting and semi-fitting Coats, long and short styles, elaborately trimmed with braids, appliques and self-strappings, lined with the finest materials, finished in the most perfect manner.
The fact that these superbly stylish costumes are offered considerably under Half Price will help you appreciate their value. The lowest price at which these costumes could ordinarily be sold is $18.00.
FRIDAY SALE PRICE **$7.95**

NO. 2 TABLE.—Ladies' Autumn Costumes, in materials similar to those on Table one, but of superior quality. The trimmings are very elaborate and linings of excellent quality. Practically every size in this group. Each costume is splendidly finished and will fit perfectly. Manufactured to be sold at from $18 to $25.
FRIDAY SALE PRICE **$9.95**

NO. 3 TABLE.—35 Costumes, in a variety of High Grade Materials, newest colorings, medium and long Jackets, skirts cut very full gore and pleated, handsome trimmed in a dozen different styles. The values of these are at least twice what we ask. SPECIAL FRIDAY PRICE..... **$12.50**

FRIDAY BARGAINS IN FLANNELS.

30 Pieces of Heavy Gray Flannel, in light and dark shades, plain or twill finish. 26 inches wide. Regularly sold at 15c a yard.
Friday Bargain..... **9½c**

20 Pieces of Woven and Printed Blouse Flannels, handsome stripe, and floral designs, good shades of blue, gray, pink, sky, cardinal, fawn and reseda. Regularly sold at 30c. Friday Bargain **25c**

MEN'S $8.50 SUITS FOR $6.90.

200 Men's Fall Suits, handsomely made of plain and fancy Tweeds, newest cut, best quality linings, perfect fitting. Contain just as much style and fit just as well as any $10 suit you have ever had.
In all sizes. Regularly sold at $8.50. Special Bargain on Friday..... **$6.90**

BOYS' NATTY RAINCOATS, $5.00.

Boys' Raincoats, of Oxford Gray Venetian Cloth specially rainproofed, lined throughout with best quality farmers' satin lining, smart, up-to-date, perfect fitting. With three outside and inside pockets. You could not find a better coat anywhere at $7. Special Bargain for Friday **$5.00**

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL HATS, 75c.

Children's School Hats, of good quality Felt, trimmed with fine silk corded ribbon band and streamers in navy, brown, cardinal and black. Stylish and serviceable little hats. Regularly sold at $1.25. Friday Bargain..... **75c**

BUY BOOTS BELOW THEIR VALUE.

Ladies Laced Boots, of Black Dongola Kid, also a few pairs in Patent Leather, medium weight soles and military heels. Sizes 3½, 5, 6½ and 7 only. Regularly sold at $1.75.
Friday Bargain..... **$1.45**

Misses' Buttoned Boots, of Good Dongola Kid, smart patent tips, good, medium weight, soft and spring heels, sizes 11, 11½, 12½, and 11-2 only. Regularly $1.75. Friday Bargain..... **$1.25**

Ladies' Black Kid Buskin Slippers, strong leather soles, very comfortable. Sizes 3 to 8. Regularly 65c. Friday Bargain **50c**

$1.70 Ladies' Corset, 99c.

Ladies' Extra Quality Coutil Corsets, in white and drab, straight fronted model, short hips, solid steel fillings, nicely trimmed with lace and ribbon. Odd sizes, 24 to 30.
Regularly $1.70. Friday.. **99c**

90c Umbrellas for 69c.

Ladies' Extra Quality Black Union Cloth Umbrellas, 23 in. steel rod, paragon frames, horn handles, very serviceable.
Regularly 90c. Friday Bargain..... **69c**

$1.50 Wrappers, $1.00.

Ladies' Wrappers, of Fine Soft Quality Flannelette, very neat patterns, colors of red, navy, and black and white. Deep flannel lined waist fitted with strap. Regularly $1.50.
Friday Bargain..... **$1.00**

40c Table Damask, 29c.

10 Pieces of Bleached Union Linen Table Damask, 55 in. wide, assorted floral designs. Regularly 40c. Friday Bargain **29c**

20 Pieces of Unbleached Linen Damask, floral and spot designs. Regularly 50c. Friday Bargain..... **37c**

THE S. CARSLEY CO. Limited. 1765 to 1783 Notre Dame street, 184 to 194 St. James st., MONTREAL

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REGISTERED TRADE MARK MADE IN CANADA

BALMORAL BLOCK.

Every one will find satisfaction in our

Harness, Saddlery, Trunks and Valises.

The prices give a broad suggestion of economy to those who contemplate a trip abroad or elsewhere. Our stock comprises all that is new and novel, and you will find our prices at least 20 percent lower than like qualities in other parts of the city.

Call and See for Yourselves.

H. Lamontagne Hogy Limited. NOTRE DAME STREET

COAL.

BEST QUALITY

of all kinds, promptly and carefully delivered.

TEL. MAIN 4611
TEL. MAIN 4612

F. ROBERTSON, 206 St. James St.

THERE IS NO FLOUR

on the market made with more care than "Five Roses." The high grade of wheat used, the best scientific skill available, and the minute attention to every detail which enter into its manufacture guarantee users of this brand a flour which is better than the rest for all household purposes. Ask your grocer for it and a package of our Breakfast Food and accept no substitutes.

Lake of the Woods Milling Co. LIMITED.

LADIES' GEM RINGS!

FINE OPAL and PEARL CLUSTER RINGS, $3.50.

FINE OPAL TWIN RINGS, $3.50.
Fine OPAL HOOP RINGS 5 Stone, $5.00; 3 Stone, $4.00.

FINE GARNET HOOP, 3 Stone, $4.00

FINE PEARL HOOP, 5 whole Pearls, $9.50

FINE TURQUOISE HOOP RING, 5 Stone, $8.00, 3 Stone, $6.50.

MISSES' RINGS, Solid Gold, set with Pearls, Garnets, Turquoise, etc., $1.75.

Children's Solid Gold Gem Rings, $1.00

D. BEATTY,

137 ST. PETER ST., opp. Witness' Office.

TEES & CO.

THE UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS.

—ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS—

300 ST. JAMES STREET

The IDEAL Loaf

MOTHER'S BREAD.

See that McKEOWN'S Label is on every Loaf. Only genuine manfrs.

A Convenient Wardrobe for Men.

Takes up very little space—Wonderfully compact and convenient.

Made either in Golden Oak, or Birch Mahogany finish, with brass mountings.

An absolutely plain design—no carving to collect dust.

Cupboard, fitted with racks, capable of holding, in perfect shape, eight complete suits—cannot crease or wrinkle.

These racks can be drawn out, when required, and any suit removed without the others being disturbed.

On top of this cupboard is a shelf for hat boxes—underneath a place for boots.

At the side is a small cupboard with plate glass mirror.

Below this small cupboard is an extension board which can be drawn out and used for shaving utensils.

Also contains three other drawers and a large pocket for soiled linen.

Price $42.00, less 10% off for cash.

Renaud, King & Patterson,

Corner of Guy and St. Catherine Sts.

DEALERS MUST BE CAREFUL.

In a case of A. Silverstone vs. M. Calle, the plaintiff, by means of a seizure sought to recover thirty-five pieces of cloth stolen from his place of business and alleged to be now illegally detained by defendant. The plea to the action was that defendant holding a license as junk dealer had bought the cloth in question in good faith, for $32.40, the purchase being duly registered, and he should be reimbursed his money before delivering the goods. Mr. Justice Mathieu yesterday declared the seizure good and valid and ordered defendant to deliver the cloth, or in default to pay a hundred dollars, the value theof.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 21.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

OBITUARIES.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—The funeral of the late William Smith, which took place this afternoon from the family residence to St. James' Cathedral, was one of the largest ever held in the city. There was a short service in the house for the family, at which the Rev. Lenox Smith, deceased's son, officiated. The services at St. James's Cathedral was taken by the Rev. Canon Welch. The chief mourners were the five sons of deceased—George, of the Union Pacific Railway, Omaha; the Rev. Lenox Smith, of the cathedral, Ottawa; Sydney, W. Goldwin, Larate and Harold, of Toronto, and Jas. F. Smith, brother-in-law. The pallbearers were Prof. Goldwin Smith, Chief Justice Moss, John L. Blackie, Ameleius Irving, W. H. Pearson and A. L. Eastmur. The interment took place in the family lot in St. James Cemetery.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—J. C. Hilborn, of St. Catharines, died suddenly last night of heart failure. He had been in Winnipeg only a week. He was a well-known bicycle rider in the east.

Boston, Sept. 20.—Frederic Lawrence Knowles, the poet, died to-day at the home of his father at Roxbury of typhoid fever. Mr. Knowles was best known for his two volumes of verse entitled 'On Life's Stairway' and 'Love Triumphant.' He was born at Lawrence in 1869.

Stockholm, Sweden, Sept. 20.—Adolph Hedin, a parliamentary veteran known as the father of the Riksdag, is dead. He represented Stockholm as a Liberal during thirty-six sessions.

Syracuse, N.Y., Sept. 20.—The Rev. Dr. Henry R. Lockwood, for 32 years rector of St. Paul's, the leading Episcopal church of Syracuse, died at his home to-day, aged 62 years.

Syracuse, N.Y., Sept. 20.—The Rev. Dr. Henry R. Lockwood, for thirty-two years rector of St. Paul's, the leading Episcopal church of Syracuse, died at his home to-day, aged sixty-two years.

Stockholm, Sept. 20.—Adolph Hedin, a parliamentary veteran known as the father of the Riksdag, is dead. He represented Stockholm as a Liberal during sessions covering a period of thirty-six years.

CASUALTIES.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—An Edmonton despatch reports the death of Alvis Hagman, the five-year-old son of John Hagman, a farmer, near here. The boy was playing in the field, and started to ride a horse to where his father was working. He was thrown off and trampled to death.

Thomas Mason, an Englishman, aged 45, suicided in his room last night by shooting. His body was not discovered until late this afternoon.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—The latest victim of the suicide epidemic in Winnipeg is Thomas Mason, of 178 Mason street, who was found in his room this afternoon with a bullet wound through his head. The man was recently employed as clerk in the store of the J. D. Woods wholesale concern.

Keno, Nev., Sept. 20.—One man was killed and twenty-five injured in a head-on collision of two freight trains on the Southern Pacific Railway followed by the rear-end collision of two passenger trains at a point nine miles west of Beowawe, last night.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Three Rivers, Sept. 20.—Mrs. Alex. Baptist, with her son, Mr. Earle Baptist, have left for a trip to Petrolea, Ont.

Work has commenced on the railway to Shawinigan Falls, and it is expected the road will be rushed. The new line goes under the name of the St. Maurice Valley Railway.

The barque 'Bertha' is taking in cargo at Baptist's Island. Ocean going sailing vessels have been quite an unusual sight in this port.

The St. Maurice river is still low and navigation from Grandes Piles to La Tuque is difficult.

A trolley line from Three Rivers to Cap de la Magdelaine is projected, and a company will likely undertake the work in the near future. The distance is four miles.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—Chancellor Boyd to-day granted an interlocutory injunction to the Toronto Lithographing Co., against J. W. Hamilton, president of the International Lithographers' Union, and Mr. Crammond, president of the local union, to prevent them enticing or coercing Conrad Wissenberg, of Buffalo, from his employment. It is said that Wissenberg has found it hard to snatch a wink of sleep recently on account of serenades to which he has been subjected, the tenor of which is 'Go back to Buffalo.' The court found it difficult to pronounce its decision on account of the melodious notes of 'There'll be a hot time in the old town to-night,' from a tally-ho-bugle on the avenue.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 20.— President Roosevelt to-day appointed Mr. Shanklin, of St. Louis, Mo., consul-general of the United States at Panama, to succeed Mr. J. W. Lee, appointed United States minister to Ecuador.

New York, Sept. 20.—Posing as the man whom it was their intention to swindle, a central office detective to-day arrested at the point of the pistol John H. Wilson, alias John Kane, and William Parker, alias Frank Morris, said by the police to be notorious 'green goods' men, and all round criminals.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—At about four o'clock this afternoon an accident occurred at the flour mill being erected by the MacDonald Engineering Company, for the Keewatin Flour Milling Company at Keewatin. Two men were struck by a rock which was being blasted out for the foundation of a mill. The men were in the engine room of the contractors along with a number of others, where they had gone to shelter. The rock penetrated the side of the building, which is about 150 feet from where the blasting was done, striking Joseph Kennedy and Elijah Watterson on the head. Kennedy is probaoly fatally injured, but Watterson may recover. Both are unmarried.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 21.—The theft of a parcel containing $3,000 is reported from Sperling, a station on the Canadian Northern, Carman branch. The money was sent from Winnipeg on Tuesday by a milling firm to a Sperling merchant, who pays for the grain bought by the firm's agent at that point. In some mysterious manner the money disappeared, and the disappearance was discovered at Sperling. The authorities were promptly notified and detectives were sent out to investigate. They are now working on the case.

Binghampton, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Floyd Wallace, a sixteen-year-old boy, of Oneonta, had an exciting ride in a captive balloon that got away from the Oneonta fair grounds at four o'clock this afternoon. The boy had bone up in the balloon, which had been pulled down in the regular manner. When it was about two hundred feet above the ground the rope broke and the balloon and boy rapidly shot up in the air, and soon disappeared in the clouds, being rapidly blown toward the north-east. The balloon owner said that unless the youth opened the valve the balloon would not come down for twenty-four hours. The balloon rose over two miles high before it disappeared from view. The boy managed to get hold of the valve rope, and let out the gas, so that he succeeded in safely effecting a landing at Summit, Schoharie county, thirty miles from Oneonta, at 5.45 o'clock. The youth and the balloon were uninjured.

Are You Up to the Mark?

If not feeling as well as you should, do not make the mistake of letting your health take care of itself. Resort to

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF MEN'S STYLISH HATS!

Our Fall Importations arriving daily will be offered at **Great Reduction**, as we desire to clear the front store and extend our **Handsome Cafe.**

A. ARCH. WELSH,

2252 St. Catherine Street,

Opposite Victoria.

Knit-to-fit REGISTERED & PATENTED

STORE NEWS

BOYS' SWEATERS

This is ideal sweater-weather—cool and crisp, but not sufficiently so for an overcoat.

Our **SWEATERS** are easily the best in the land. One great feature about them is that the neck is knitted on—not merely sewn on—and this guarantees a perfect fit all the time. They have a standing or sailor collar, are made in navy or cardinal, with striped collars and cuffs, and cost

$1.00 EACH.

THE KNIT-TO-FIT MFG. CO.

2469 ST. CATHERINE near Mountain

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brentwood

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Removal Notice

The Singer Store, formerly located at 1908 Notre Dame street has been removed to

NO. 344 WEST NOTRE DAME STREET,

and from 2327 Notre Dame street to

NO. 719 WEST NOTRE DAME STREET.

where our patrons will receive careful attention.

Whether you propose the purchase of a machine or not there is much to interest most women at any Singer Store—and all are cordially invited

By this sign you may know and will find Singer Stores Everywhere

These Machines are never sold to dealers Only from maker to user

These machines are now sold at lower prices, quality considered, than any other

Needles and Repairs for All Makes of Sewing Machines

SEWING MACHINES RENTED AND EXCHANGED

Singer Sewing Machine Co.

INSURANCE ENQUIRY

CHIEF COUNSEL OF COMMITTEE SAYS THE 'MEAT' OF THE MATTER IS YET TO COME.

New York, Sept. 21.—The probing of the methods of life insurance companies was resumed to-day by the Legislative Investigating Committee. Before the day's proceedings were begun, Mr. Charles H. Hughes, chief counsel of the committee, said he believed that facts of more importance and greater interest than any developed thus far still remain to be brought out.

'We have not yet reached the meat of this inquiry,' said he. 'In fact, we have only started it.'

MR. McCALL INSISTENT.

New York, Sept. 21.—Mr. John A. McCall,, president of the New York Life Insurance Company, referring to his testimony before the Legislative committee in relation to contributions to the Democratic party, said last night:—

'The meaning I intended to convey when I mentioned Judge Parker was this,—Parker, when a candidate for the Presidency, last year, did not personally ask me for campaign funds, but friends of his did so repeatedly.

'Judge Parker, as chairman of the State Democratic Committee, several years ago, did, however, accept proffered contributions to the campaign fund.'

A WET SEPTEMBER.

September has been a very wet month so far. Rain has fallen on eight of the first twenty days, and on seven of the last eight days. This, combined with a minimum of sunshine and a maximum of moisture, has rendered the days extremely depressing. The total rainfall, to date, is 3.57 inches. This, though less than the total for September of last year (when the precipitation was double the average, approximating 6.00 inches) is in excess of the average for this month in the thirty years preceding 1904, which was 3.32 inches.

DEATH OF MR. WILLIAM JACOBS.

The death took place last night, at his residence on McGill College avenue, of Mr. William Jacobs, a prominent member of the Jewish community, and a well known citizen of Montreal. The deceased, who had suffered a long illness, was connected with many benevolent institutions, and his liberal charity was always given in a most unostentatious manner. McGill College Avenue Synagogue, of which he was a life-long member, always claimed his devotion and fidelity. He leaves a widow, six sons and three daughters to mourn their loss. The sons are Messrs. Joseph Jacobs, London, Eng.; S. W. Jacobs, Jacob Jacobs, E. W. Jacobs, Abraham Jacobs, and Benjamin Jacobs; and the daughters, Misses Miriam, Sarah and Libbie Jacobs. The funeral of the late Mr. Jacobs will take place to-morrow, at 2.30 p.m., at the Shaar Hashomayim Cemetery, Mount Royal.

CONSECRATION SERVICE

CEREMONY AT BONSECOURS CHURCH THIS MORNING.

The ceremony of consecration of the Bonsecours Church and three altars therein was witnessed by several priests and a large congregation this morning. The officiating prelates were Mgr. Sbaretti, papal delegate, assisted by the Rev. Canon Lepailleur and the Rev. Father Foucher; Archbishop Bruchesi, assisted by the Rev. Abbé Brissette and the Rev. Father Jodoin, and Bishop Emard, assisted by the Rev. Fathers Filiatrault and Lemieux.

The consecration ceremonies took several hours, after which mass was said, and at the close of the service the bishops and priests were entertained at dinner by the gentlemen of the Seminary of St. Sulpice.

C. P. R. LUNCH ROOM BURNED.

The lunch room of the C. P. R. switchmen near the subway of Ontario street, at Hochelaga, was considerably damaged by fire last night. The firemen responded to a call, and extinguished the fire in less than an hour.

Wm. Currie, Clothier.

OUR **PROGRESS** Made READY FOR SERVICE

FALL SUITS AND **TOP COATS**

are the best value in Canada.

$7.50 TO $15.00,

and the range is about limitless.

Progress Made Commercial Pants

will outwear any other line; will keep their shape.

$2.50 TO $3.50

WM. CURRIE, 1967 Notre Dame Street New No. 423 Notre Dame Street West. CLOTHIER.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. P. B. Casgrain, of Quebec, is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Drummond have been spending a day or two in Quebec.

Dr. A. G. Nicholls has returned to town from his vacation at Sixteen Island Lake.

Miss Ethel McCarthy has returned to Ottawa after a visit to her sister in Montreal.

Mr. and Miss Cramp, McTavish street, have left town for Bluff Point, Lake Champlain.

Mr. W. Percival and family return this week from St. Lambert to their residence in Westmount.

Miss Grace Robertson leaves next week for the Pacific coast, accompanied by Mrs. Holme, of England.

Miss Florence Ogilvy, who has been spending the summer in England, sails for Montreal to-day by the 'Bavarian.'

Mrs. J. T. Molson and family, University street, have returned to town from their summer residence at Little Metis.

Sir William and Lady Meredith, who were in the city for a few days with Mr. and Mrs. H. Vincent Meredith, have returned to Toronto.

Miss Carl Bryan, of Winnipeg, who spent some time in Montreal last winter, the guest of Miss Marion Thompson, is to be married in October.

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess Grey and party are to reach Winnipeg on Oct. 7. They will be taken around the city in automobiles by the Auto Club.

The Misses Constance and Erica Bovey, who have been spending the past few weeks with their parents, Dr. and Mrs. H. T. Bovey, are returning to school in England, sailing by the 'Tunisian.'

Mrs. Donald Macmaster, with the Misses Philippa and Hilda and Master Donald Macmaster are sailing for England to-morrow, where Mr. Donald Macmaster, K.C., and his family will later take up their residence in London.

Mrs. H. Wallace Stroud is staying with Miss Cox while in Toronto this week for the triennial meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary. Mrs. J. G. Baylis is with Mrs. Percy Bath, Rosedale. Miss E. Gomery is staying with Miss Jephcott. Mrs. A. D. Ross is the guest of Mrs. O. Macklem, Rosedale.

The marriage of Miss Edith Masson Low, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Low, of Ottawa, to Mr. George Cleghorn Mackenzie, of Londonderry, Nova Scotia, took place yesterday. Mr. Mackenzie is a son of the Ven Archdeacon Mackenzie, of Huron Diocese, who resides in Brantford.

On Wednesday, Sept. 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, a quiet wedding took place, when Miss Laura A. Vessot, eldest daughter of Mr. Samuel Vessot, of Joliette, was married to Mr. John Lawrence MacDonald, of Montreal. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. H. Vessot, uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. J. H. Paradis. The bride, who wore her travelling costume of blue cloth, was attended by her sister, Miss Alice E. Vessot. Mr. H. L. Jordan, of Montreal, was best man. After refreshments had been served, Mr. and Mrs. MacDonald left for New York, and on their return will reside at No. 37 Greene avenue, Westmount.

The marriage of Miss Alice K. Dalrymple, daughter of Mr. James Dalrymple, to Mr. George Maitland Cole, of Montreal, son of Dr. H. J. Cole, of Brantford, took place at the residence of the bride's father, 45 St. Mark street, at six o'clock last evening. The parlors were tastefully decorated with flowers, and the ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. B. Ewan, in the presence of relatives and some intimate friends of the bride and groom. The bride, who was given away by her father, was gowned in white silk crepe de Chine over taffeta, with garniture of white silk applique. She was attended by her cousin, Miss Eva Dalrymple, as bridesmaid, wearing pale blue eolienne trimmed with white applique. The groomsman was Mr. Fred. A. Matthews. The wedding presents were numerous and beautiful. The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl pendant, to the bridesmaid a pearl crescent, and to the best man cuff links. After the conclusion of the ceremony, refreshments were served, and later Mr. and Mrs. Cole left for a trip by way of New York to Lake Champlain, Lake George, and the Hudson river. They will reside at 45 Bruce avenue, Westmount.

At Christ Church Cathedral yesterday afternoon at half-past three o'clock, the marriage was solemnized of Miss Mabel Chambers, only daughter of the late John Chambers and Mrs. Chambers, 106 University street, to Mr. William Harlowe Miner, of Granby. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Herbert Symonds, D.D., and the organ was played by Mr. Ernest F. Kerr, organist of Olivet Baptist Church, of which the bride was formerly leading soprano. The wedding was a quiet one, the bride and groom being unattended. The bride was conducted to the altar by Mr. R. G. Angus, and was given away by her mother. She wore a pretty travelling costume of fawn-colored cloth, and white grebe hat with Paradise plumage. The bride's mother wore a gray gown and blue toque. The groom's mother was gowned in black and white. Among the guests present to witness the ceremony were the groom's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. William Miner, of Granby; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. C. Miner, uncle and aunt of the groom, and Mr. and Mrs. James S. McKechnie (Granby). A short reception was held in the vestry at the conclusion of the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Miner left for New York and other American cities to spend the honeymoon. The bride and groom were recipients of valuable gifts, including cheques, etc. They will reside in Granby.

St. Barnabas Church, St. Lambert, was beautifully decorated with a profusion of flowers and foliage for the wedding yesterday afternoon of Miss Lillian May Horsfall, second daughter of Mr. Joseph Horsfall, to Mr. William Howard Rowland, at one time of Port Hope, and later of Montreal. The Rev. Canon Dart performed the ceremony, at five o'clock, in the presence of a gathering of relatives and friends. The sun, which had been hidden by clouds during the day, all at once shone forth brightly as the marriage ceremony proceeded, lighting up the pretty scene and seeming like an augury of happiness for the life which the bride and groom were beginning together. Mr. Horsfall gave his daughter away, and she was attended by her sister, Miss Olive Horsfall. The bride wore a white crepe de Chine gown, tulle veil fastened with orange blossoms, and carried white roses. The bridesmaid was dressed in white, and her bouquet was of crimson flowers. Mr. C. Hooper, of San Francisco, was best man, and the ushers were Messrs. B. and J. Horsfall, W. Sudbury, J. Hunt, M. Percival and Dr. Geo. Cameron. After the church service, a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. Among the many handsome gifts to the bride was a gold watch and chain from the groom, whose gift to the bridesmaid was a pearl ring, and to the best man a pearl stickpin. The bride's mother was gowned in grey silk. Mrs. C. Bourne, sister of the bride, wore white satin gown and white plumed hat. Miss Maude Horsfall was dressed in white organdie and white hat. Mr. and Mrs. Rowland left last evening for their future home in Peru, Indiana. A company of their friends came into Montreal to see them off.

A wedding of interest to a wide circle of friends was celebrated yesterday afternoon in Crescent Street Church, when Miss Irene Alloway, daughter of Mrs. T. J. Alloway, was united in marriage to Mr. Ernest Temple Jamieson, son of the late Mr. R. C. Jamieson, the Rev. John Mackay officiating, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Barclay. The church was decorated effectively in green and white. The pulpit and platform were banked with palms and ferns, and the marriage ceremony was performed under an arch of greenery, the pillars of the arch, of asparagus fern, twined with ropes of marguerites, with a bell of the same flowers suspended from the centre. Mr. F. H. Blair presided at the organ, and while the guests were gathering, played the 'Prayer from Der Freischutz' (Weber), Melody, by Rubenstein, and 'La Devotion' (Thayer). The bridal music from 'Lohengrin' was played as the bride and her attendants entered and passed up the aisle, preceded by the ushers, Messrs. Russell Cowans, Harold Sims, Thornley Hart and D. Robertson. The maid of honor, Miss Spicer (of Detroit), came first, followed by the bridesmaids, Miss Marjorie Hays and Miss Hilda Marler, and immediately in front of the bride the two winsome little flower-girls, Miss Elizabeth Cains, the bride's cousin, and Miss Dorothy Marler, a niece of the groom. The bride was escorted by her uncle, Mr. John Cowans, of Springhill, N.S., by whom she was given away. The groomsman was Mr. Charles Cassils. The bride wore a white satin gown, the skirt falling in lustrous folds, and the bodice finished with a berthe of Irish crochet. The court train of silver tissue lined with satin was shaped at the shoulders to follow the outline of the berthe under which it was fastened, and a long trail of orange blossoms reached from shoulder to hem. Her long veil of filmy tulle was draped over a coronet of orange blossoms, and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses, lilies of the valley, and maidenhair fern. She wore as ornament the groom's gift, a diamond and tourmaline pendant. The bridesmaids were dressed alike in pink pineapple cloth, the skirts trimmed at the foot with tiny interlaced ruchings, and the bodices having a yoke effect of fine white lace outlined with a narrow berthe, the puffed sleeves ending at the elbow. They wore white camel's hair hats, with garniture of lace and pink rosettes, and carried pink asters. Their souvenir gifts from the groom were rivieres of amethysts and barocque pearls. The little flower-maidens were in white organdie frocks with bow-knots of Valenciennes lace inserted, over pink slips; poke bonnets of lace with bunches of pink asters, and carried miniature shower bouquets of asters. The bride and her attendants made a pretty picture in pink and white, against the background of greenery. As they passed into the vestry at the conclusion of the ceremony, the organist played Guilmant's Wedding March, and Mendelssohn's Wedding March was rendered as the wedding party left the church. A reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, 1070 Sherbrooke street, where the decorations were beautifully carried out in pink and white, with green, the bow window in which the bride and groom received being banked with green, with a white floral design of two hearts. Mrs. Alloway wore a handsome gown of plum-colored chiffon velvet, trimmed with violet tissue, the yoke being of lace that had been used on her own wedding dress. The hat was of plum-colored chenille with violet plume, and a large bouquet of white flowers was carried. Mrs. Jamieson, the groom's mother, was gowned in gray crepe, with white lace garniture, and black toque. Mrs. George L. Cains wore a chiffon gown shading from palest yellow to orange, and small hat to match. Mrs. Percy Cowans wore a gown of white cloth and Irish lace, and white hat. Mrs. W. de M. Marler wore a black sequined gown over white. Mrs. Walter Jamieson was gowned in white silk, and wore a black picture hat. Mrs. Cochrane, a sister of the groom, was gowned in white and black chiffon, with white hat. Mrs. Fred. Jamieson was in green. Mrs. T. J. Alloway wore an ivory duchesse mousseline gown, and velvet hat with violet plumes. The wedding presents were both numerous and beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Temple Jamieson have left for New York, on the first stage of their honeymoon trip, the bride going away in a costume of burnt claret colored broadcloth, made with long coat, and a lace toque of the same color trimmed with shaded wings. Their residence will be at 167 Stanley street.

MANN—CLARKE.

The marriage of Captain Arthur Mann, of the Montreal fire department, to Miss Maude Clarke, daughter of ex-Captain James Clarke, of the police force, was solemnized yesterday at the home of the bride's parents, 2747 St. Catherine street. Only the personal friends of the young couple were present. Mr. and Mrs. Mann left the city last night for New York.

COLONIAL HOUSE, Phillips Square

Black Dress Goods Department.

Our importation for the Fall season has just arrived, and we are showing the latest novelties in BLACK DRESS GOODS.

BLACK PEAU DE GANT.
BLACK EMBD. THIBET.
BLACK LIBELLULE.
BLACK AMAZON.
BLACK BROADCLOTH.
BLACK COATING AND SERGES.
BLACK SAVOY.
BLACK SAIL CLOTH.
BLACK VIGOGUE.
BLACK GRENADINE.
BLACK SEDAN.
BLACKCHIFFON CLOTH.
BLACK VENETIAN.
BLACK CHEVIOT.
BLACK VORDORA.
BLACK CANVAS and HOMESPUN.
BLACK VICUNA.

Samples Sent to Any Address on Application.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.

UMBRELLAS.

New ideas just received; the finest range ever shown by us.
We are sole agents for the York Frame Umbrellas and Exquisite. Prices, $1.25 to $20.00.

SPECIAL—5 dozen only FINE QUALITY UMBRELLAS, Gloria Silk Covers, pretty handles. Regular, $2.00, for $1.50.

MEN'S HAT DEPARTMENT.

NEW FALL SHAPES NOW BEING EXHIBITED.
SILK HATS (FALL 1905), at $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00.
STIFF AND SOFT FUR FELT HATS, highest quality only, $2.50 to $5.
The latest FALL SHADES, in Fawn, Beaver, Slate, etc.

CHILDREN'S HEADGEAR.

SOMETHING NEW IN THIS LINE; a very large and varied stock to choose from.

MEN'S SHIRTS.

10 dozen only, MEN'S SOFT BOSOM SHIRTS, French, finest cambric, detached cuffs; sizes, 15 to 17; worth $1.50, for $1.00.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

A VERY LARGE STOCK, from English, Scotch, French and Canadian manufacturers.

SPECIAL—10 dozen only, FINE QUALITY ENGLISH NATURAL WOOL UNDERWEAR, Fall Weight; sizes, 32-44; regular, $1.50, for $1.00 each.

OPTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Opera Glasses.

Among this season's importations we have some beautiful Opera Glasses in Watteau Enamel Mounting, Oriental Pearl, and Smoked and White Pearl, with or without handles.

SPECIAL—Very Handsome Pearl Opera Glasses, with handle, from $9.00 to $12.50, in plush bags.

LE MONDAINE OPERA GLASSES, in Black and Colors, asst. leather coverings also Black and White Oriental Pearl.

LA MIGNONNE FOLDING OPERA GLASSES, in all kinds of leather, with applique.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES.

THE LATEST DESIGNS FOR COMFORT.
EYES TESTED FREE OF CHARGE.
ARTIFICIAL EYES MATCHED AND INSERTED.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

HENRY MORGAN & CO. Montreal

SHIPPING NEWS.

MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS.

Name.	From.	Arrived at.
Athenia	Glasgow	Montreal
Princess Irene	Genoa	New York
Ivernia	Liverpool	Boston
Westernland	Philadelphia	Liverpool
Furst Bismarck	New York	Hamburg
Majestic	New York	Liverpool
Fremona	Montreal	London
Sicilian	Montreal	Quebec
Marina	Montreal	Quebec
Manchester Trader	Montreal	Manchester
Restigouche	St. John, N.B.	Sydney
Bray Head	Montreal	Quebec
Mongolian	Glasgow	Montreal
Icna	Shields	Montreal
Symra	Montreal	Father Point
Hermod	Montreal	Father Point
Gaspesian	Montreal	Quebec
Sicilian	Montreal	Quebec
Angola	Montreal	Three Rivers

THE ANGOLA SAILS.

The Elder-Dempster line SS. Angola sailed from Montreal last evening on her second voyage in the newly established Mexico-Canadian trade service. She took a full cargo, comprising 500 tons of paving stones for the Havana Street Railway, flour, hay and box-shooks. She also had the following passengers: Mr. Cotterell, Mr. H. Yake, Mrs. Hodgson, Miss Hodgson and Master Hodgson, for Mexico City and Havana.

HANDLING OF GRAIN.

There is beginning to be some great hustling around the Montreal Transportation Company's plant these days. The most prosperous year's business in some time is reported. Besides the handling of grain, the company has found plenty of work for its fleet in carrying pulpwood from Pentecost to Cape Vincent, Erie and Oswego. From seven o'clock last evening till six this morning, 27,500 bushels per hour were unloaded. The fastest time made on the best elevator in existence only reaches 32,000 bushels per hour. Some 130,000 bushels of oats were hoisted in four hours and twenty minutes. There could not have been much time wasted in completing the job either. As regards the fall trade, the outlook is very bright for plenty of grain passing this way. The first consignment of new wheat for the M. T. Company will arrive on Wednesday next by the Rosemount.

THE OTTAWA REPORTED.

The Dominion line SS. Ottawa, from Liverpool on Sept. 14, passed Martin River at 5 this morning; is due at Quebec this evening and Montreal to-morrow afternoon, thus making another fast passage.

THE MELBOURNE SINKS.

Trenton, Ont., Sept. 21.—The propellor Melbourne, which was burned at the canal dock near here early yesterday morning, has since sunk.

THE TUNISIAN'S LIST.

Following is the list of first cabin passengers by the R.M.S. Tunisian, which sails from Montreal for Liverpool to-morrow:—Miss Avery, Ottawa, Ont.; Mr. Hugh T. Barrie, Glasgow, Scotland; Miss C. Bovey, Miss E. Bovey, Montreal; Mr. B. H. Brown, Mr. John Caddick, Mr. C. H. B. Caldwell, London, England; Dr. Victor Chapdelaine, Montreal; Miss G. Craufurd, Liverpool, England; Dr. E. G. Dagenais, Montreal; Miss Davies, Ottawa, Ont.; Mr. J. H. Durocher, Quebec; Mr. E. B. Edwards, Mrs. Edwards, Liverpool, England; land; Dr. J. A. C. Ethier, Dr. A. Ethier,

Y. W. C. A.

396 Dorchester Street.

EDUCATIONAL CLASSES

Open MONDAY, October 2, 1905.

For further information apply at the office.

It's simply delicious,

MOTHER'S BREAD,

Only genuine maker,

McKEOWN'S,

Daily delivery to all parts city.

Montreal; Miss J. Fleet, Montreal; Lieut.-Colonel H. R. Fraser, Mrs. Fraser, Sherbrooke, Que.; Mrs. Grahame, Toronto; Mr. C. L. Harrison, Mrs. Harrison, New York; Miss Hemsworth, Ottawa, Ont.; Captain J. R. Holmes, C.C., London, England; Mr. J. Harvey Hough, Montreal; Miss Hudson, Captain J. Inman, London, England; Mr. Dennistoun Jones, Winnipeg, Man.; Mrs. Donald Macmaster, Miss Philippa Macmaster, Miss Hilda Macmaster, Master Donald C. D. Macmaster, Montreal; Mr. E. W. Maunders, Mrs. Maunders, Halifax, N.S.; the Right Rev. the Bishop of Moosonee, Quebec; Mr. E. Parent, Quebec; Miss Parkes, Toronto; Miss Perley, Ottawa; Mr. Gordon Pirrie, London, England; Mrs. H. F. Pollom, Winnipeg, Man.; Mr. G. Plunkett, Mr. O. Plunkett, New York; Miss Rathbun, Deseronto, Ont.; Mrs. Roberts, Miss Roberts, Halifax, N.S.; Mr. Charles E. Spragge, Montreal; Mr. T. S. Stower, London, England; Mrs. Turner, London, England; Miss Webb Brampton, Ont.; Mr. Weiser, Mr. Gerald Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, Montreal; Mr. R. Kerr Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, Winnipeg, Man.

PRIZE LIVE STOCK FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

East Buffalo, Sept. 21.—Cattle, receipts, Cape will sail on Monday next for South Africa. She will take a large miscellaneous cargo, including condensed cream, quaker's oats, agricultural implements, hardware, lumber, 27,000 pieces of staves. She will also take over 200 prize sheep shipped from the United States. Some of the animals are valued at $300. In addition to a prize bull, she will also take over 150 horses and mules.

NOTES.

The Lord line SS. Lord Londonderry sailed for Montreal yesterday.

The C.P.R. Atlantic line SS. Montcagle, from Montreal, sailed from Bristol yesterday.

The C. P. Atlantic line SS. Mount Royal sailed from Liverpool for Montreal yesterday afternoon.

The C.P. Atlantic line SS. Montezuma sailed from London for Montreal via Antwerp on Sept. 16.

The Hamburg-American line SS. Eubenia, from Hamburg, with general cargo, will sail for Montreal on Sept. 27.

FIRE IN A C. P. R. SHED.

The eastern division of the fire brigade was called out last night to a fire in a shed in the C. P. R. yard at Hochelaga. The interior of the building was badly damaged, when Captain Carson and the men of No. 13 station reached the scene, but the flames were quickly extinguished with two streams.

Weekly Calendar.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

ARENA TO-NIGHT
At 8.15
Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2.30 p.m.
CROCKER'S EDUCATED HORSES
AND THE EQUIMATOGRAPH.
PRICES—Evenings, 10c, 20c and 30c. Box seats, 50c. Matinees—Adults, 25c. Children, 10c.

Art Association
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
POSTPONED
Exhibition of Coronation Picture
for a few days, owing to difficulty in transport.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22.

THE WESTMOUNT RUGBY FOOTBALL CLUB

will hold a general meeting on FRIDAY NIGHT next, the 22nd instant, at Victoria Hall. Business:—Election of Captains and Managers for the Intermediate, Junior and Independent teams; also the election of a secretary.

A large attendance is requested.

MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, EUROPE, &c. CLOSED AT MONTREAL.

Sept.	Per	S.	
15	8.30 a.m.	"	Etruria, Cunard
a15	6.00 p.m.	"	Virginian Allan
19	8.30 a.m.	"	Baltic, White Star
20	8.30 a.m.	"	Deutschland, Hamb. Amer.
*20	6.15 p.m.	"	do Supplementary
22	8.30 a.m.	"	Campania Cunard
*22	6.15 p.m.	"	do Supplementary
a22	6.00 p.m.	"	Tunisian, Allan
23	6.15 p.m.	"	Kronsprinz Wm., N. G. Lloyd
26	8.30 a.m.	"	Teutonic, White Star
*26	6.15 p.m.	"	do Supplementary
29	8.30 a.m.	"	Umbria, Cunard
a29	6.00 p.m.	"	Victorian, Allan

*Letters may be posted up to 6.15 p.m. Other matter should be posted before 5 p.m. Registered before 5.45 p.m.

a Parcels [per Parcel Post] are forwarded by the Allan Steamers, the latest time of mailing being 5.30 p.m. on Fridays.

POLICE PROMOTION

THREE CANDIDATES FOR POSITION MADE VACANT BY DEATH OF THE LATE CAPTAIN GRAY.

Examinations were held on Tuesday for the candidates aspiring to the position of police captain made vacant by the death of Captain Frank Gray on Sept. 2.—The appointment falls to an English Protestant. There are seven lieutenants on the force who are numbered on the list of eligibles in point of language and religion. Four of these retired from the competition, however, at the conclusion of the oral examination. Those who took the written tests and remain in the field for promotion are Lieut. Robert Brophy, of No. 9 station, Grand Trunk street; Lieut. Edmund Turner, of No. 12 station, 1094 St. Lawrence street, and Lieut. Thomas Robinson, of No. 11 station, corner of St. Catherine and Desery streets.

The following statement shows their service record:—

Officer.	Joined the Force.	Made Lieutenant.
Brophy	July 26, 1890.	Mar. 24, 1904.
Turner	Jan. 19, 1897.	Dec. 17, 1902.
Robinson	June 19, 1899.	Dec. 17, 1902.

All the candidates are said to have good records, and the promotion is expected to be decided upon at a meeting of the Police Committee next week. Then there will be an opening for a new lieutenant, also English-speaking, though the successful candidate will be required to speak and write both English and French tolerably well.

But the greatest interest, next to the naming of the new captain, attaches to the appointments that will follow. Where will the new officer be stationed?

Captain Bourgeois, from No. 12 station, was sent to supply at the Chaboillez street station when Captain Gray took seriously ill, and has been there ever since. Next to the central, this is considered the busiest police district in the city. It is believed in police circles that Captain Bourgeois is destined to be left at this station permanently. If so, he will earn his salary, as the work is about three times what it is at No. 12 station in the north end.

The vacancy at No. 12 station has been filled, during the temporary absence of Captain Bourgeois, by Lieut. Courtois, as acting captain. But it is said that the new captain is not likely to have this cinch. Good reasons are given why Captain Murphy, of No. 13 station, 747 Ontario street, should get this appointment. He needs a rest, and has a large family, and as the St. Jean Baptiste district is a comparatively quiet one, and the officers' quarters are very large, this would appear to be a suitable move.

Then the new captain would, in all probability, go to No. 13 district, as no other rumors of impending changes have been heard.

CHICKERING QUARTER GRAND

The famous Chickering Quarter Grand takes up no more room than a large upright piano and costs but little more, but is superior in tone and touch. Sole agents, C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine street.

GOLF TOURNEY

Miss Harvey Beaten in the Record Round of the Championship Competition.

JERSEY CITY HAVE BEEN SHIFTED FROM TOP OF THE EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

Yesterday's play in the second round of the ladies championship of Canada golf competition at Dixie produced some of the finest and most exciting contests ever seen in this part of the Dominion.

In none of the matches was it a runaway affair. The first game, that between Miss M. Bond and Miss Young, both Royal Montreal players, had to be decided on an extra hole. Miss Greene and Miss Harvey, last year's champion, ran closely until approaching home, when the former entered upon a winning streak. Miss McAnulty and Miss Nesbitt put up a close match. The game of games was that between Miss Thomson and Miss Phepoe, the former winning.

After a most unpleasant morning, the bad conditions threatening to settle down and spoil competitions for the day, tangs brightened up. The gallery which followed Miss Thomson and Miss Phepoe was the largest which has been seen out yet, and manifested a keen attention to the play, which was as fascinating and exciting as only a close match or golf can be.

The matches for to-day in the semi-finals will very likely be Miss Young vs. Miss Greene and Miss M. Thomson vs. Miss McAnulty. In any case the sport put up will be close and well worth watching.

The winners in the second round of the consolation cup yesterday were:

Miss Linton beat Miss Morton 5 up and 4 to play.

Mrs. Albert Mussen beat Miss Cassils, 5 up and 4 to play.

Mrs. Robertson beat Miss Mona Thomson, 9 up and 7 to play.

Miss Towne beat Mrs. Laing 3 up and 1 to play.

The pairings for to-day's consolation semi-finals are as follows:

Miss Linton vs. Mrs. Albert Mussen.

Mrs. Robertson vs. Miss Towne.

In the championship series Miss M. Bond and Miss Young commenced the afternoon's play. The players hung close to one another all the way through the match. Miss Bond never headed her opponent, though she reduced her lead on several sensational occasions, and was playing at the 18th all square. Miss Young won the first in seven and went down on the next. She, however, managed to hole out the next in a neat three which took her ahead once more. Then followed a period of even play, Orchard, Highway and Kopje, being halved. Miss Young then won the Lower Brook, gaining an extra lead of one hole. After holing out equal in Upper Brook, Corner and Dixie. Miss Bond reached Turnstile in a superb four to her opponent's five, thus hauling down the lead to a single again. But Miss Young pulled up on the next hole and took it in five. Miss Bond, playing up to the best form she had shown in the match now holed out Elmtree in five. The fourteenth was halved, and then Miss Bond squared all by taking Hawthorn in three. Miss Young went ahead again on the next. The seventeenth was halved in eight. Miss Bond made a final effort and took the home hole. But she was easily defeated in the extra. Miss Young played an accurate short game and was decidedly more steady than usual.

Following Miss Young and Miss Bond were Miss Greene and Miss Harvey. The conclusion of this match in favor of the Montreal player was a feat that was unexpected, though the pleasure it gave to her friends was by no means diminished by the surprise. Miss Harvey at the outset of the game manifested a superiority, and at the third was leading by two. The fourth was halved, and from then on Miss Greene more than held her own. At the fifth Miss Greene knocked one off Miss Harvey's lead, and halving the sixth made matters even by capturing Lower Brook in seven to eight. Upper Brook was halved in three, and the outward journey was ended with Miss Greene one up, she having taken the ninth hole in five.

Both Dixie and Turnstile were nicely halved, and then Miss Greene won out on Quesnel. She ran into a bad streak of luck in the next two holes, and had to surrender Elm Tree and Meadow on account of getting hopelessly bunkered. Things were now all square again. Hawthorn was halved in four. Miss Greene took Spring cleverly in four. Then Miss Harvey had her bad luck at the wrong place. She drove splendidly three times in approaching the seventeenth, and then just lodged on the bunker. Extricating herself, she putted excellently, only to be stymied, making her opponent two. The play in this match was not particularly brilliant. Miss Greene was up to her form, though Miss Harvey has gone back on the game she used to play.

Miss McAnulty and Miss Nesbitt were the last pair. Miss McAnulty was three up at the eleventh hole, and seemed to be shaping out into an easy winner, but Miss Nesbitt discovered a skill that she had not previously displayed, and took the next two. The next three were halved, and the game was very exciting right through till the conclusion. Miss Nesbitt failed, however, to reduce the lead of one, and she reached home with this deficiency. Miss McAnulty was better in putting. In approaching and driving the players were about equal.

The game between Miss Thomson and Miss Phepoe was the third in the second round. Miss Thomson holed out the first in six to her opponent's seven. The St. John's representative took the next after poor brassy work, redeemed by an accurate clear of the bunker and a splendid putt. The third was halved, though it should have gone to Miss Thomson on account of a poor iron by Miss Phepoe. Miss Thomson had a sad relapse in the next. Failing to clear the bunker after two drives she took five strokes to get out of her difficulties, having finally to concede the hole and one of her points. The Highway hole was halved in five. The Kopje hole also was halved. Miss Phepoe scraped over the bunker. Her second stroke was poor, but Miss Thomson levelled matters by missing a putt. The seventh looked to be for Miss Phepoe. But after she had made a fine second she failed to clear the brook, and was put back one for it. Miss Thomson, however, approached safely, and finally Miss Phepoe was forced to surrender the hole. At the eighth Miss Thomson got into trouble, and Miss Phepoe secured the hole. The out half ended with Miss Thomson leading by one. In the tenth Miss Thomson drove well, but followed with a miserable second, finally missing a putt. Miss Phepoe made no mistakes, and taking the hole made matters all square. The next three holes were halved, both players being very smart in all their work. Miss Thomson crept ahead again in the twelfth by taking advantage of the putt Miss Phepoe missed. Things were evened up again at the fifteenth. Mistakes by both parties permitted of the halving of the next. The interest of the match was now acute, and every stroke was eagerly followed by the spectators.

Both players successfully negotiated the track. Miss Thomson finally holed out in less than her rival, and so made the match dormie one. The play for the eighteenth was equal, and the hole was halved, leaving Miss Thomson the victor by one up.

FIGHT FOR THE PENNANT

Surprises follow surprises. Jersey City, who have been playing almost invincible ball lately, failed to win from Rochester yesterday, the game being called on account of darkness. On the other hand, Baltimore walked away with a brace from Toronto, as was only to be expected; Providence took a double header from Buffalo.

The Skeeters were touched by Rochester for four hits, though neither team tallied, and the game had to be called on account of darkness.

Baltimore got eight to Toronto's six in a tremendous hitting game.

Providence smothered the Bisons in the first game by 13 to 7, obtaining 18 hits off Kissinger. Errors were plentiful, the Kerd being marked down for five, and the Clamdiggers for four. The second game was closer, though not less decisive.

Montreal and Newark were again watchers, as the grounds were too wet to play on.

			R.	H.	E.
At Providence—					
Providence	7	1 0 0 1 1 0 3 x	13	18	4
Buffalo	0	2 0 1 2 0 2 0 0	7	8	5
Batteries — Cronin and Jacklitsch; Kissinger and McAllister.					
Second game—					
Providence	0	0 0 1 2 0 x	4	7	1
Buffalo	0	0 0 0 0 0 1	1	5	0
Batteries—Poole and Cooper; Jones and McAllister. Umpires, Moran and Zimmer. Attendance, 3,040.					
Called: darkness.					
At Baltimore—					
Baltimore	0	4 0 0 1 2 0 1 x	8	14	2
Toronto	1	0 0 0 0 4 1 0	6	14	2
Batteries—Burchell, Mason and Byers; Long and Toft. Umpire, Egan. Attendance, 1,489.					
At Jersey City—					
Rochester	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	0
Jersey City	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	0
Batteries—Faulkner and McCabe; Mack and Vandergrift. Umpire, Conway. Attendance, 500.					
Called: darkness.					

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Baltimore	78	47	.624
Providence	78	47	.624
Jersey City	77	47	.621
Newark	64	62	.508
Buffalo	61	71	.462
Montreal	56	75	.427
Rochester	51	80	.389
Toronto	48	84	.364

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

			R.	H.	E.
At Chicago—					
Chicago	0	1 1 0 2 0 1 0 x	5	7	2
Cincinnati	0	2 0 0 0 0 0 2 0	4	11	5
Batteries — Wicker, Brown and Kling; Chech and Schiel. Umpires, Overall and Lundgren.					
At Boston—					
Boston	3	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 x	6	6	3
Brooklyn	0	1 0 4 0 0 0 0	5	6	1
Batteries—Young and Needham; Scanlon and Ritter.					
Second game—					
Boston	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	8	0
Brooklyn	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	6	1
Called; darkness.					
Batteries—Wilhelm and Moran; Doescher and Bergen. Umpire, Johnstone. Attendance, 1,235.					
At Philadelphia—					
Philadelphia	0	0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0	3	7	0
New York	0	0 0 0 0 0 2 4 0	6	9	2
Batteries—Nichols and Dooin; Ames and Bresnahan.					
Second game—					
Philadelphia	1	2 1 0 3 1 0 x	7	13	0
New York	1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	2
Batteries—Sparks and Abbott; Taylor, McGinnity, Wiltse and Bresnahan and Clarke. Umpires, Klem and O'Day. Attendance, 5,273.					

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
New York	96	39	.711
Pittsburg	90	47	.657
Chicago	79	58	.577
Philadelphia	74	61	.548
Cincinnati	66	69	.489
St. Louis	53	84	.387
Boston	46	91	.336
Brooklyn	39	94	.293

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

			R.	H.	E.
At Cleveland—					
Cleveland	0	0 0 0 4 0 0 2 0	6	16	9
Chicago	0	1 0 0 0 0 0 3 0	4	10	3
Batteries—Bernhard, Donohue and Clark; Walsh, Altrock and Sullivan and McFarland. Umpire, Connor. Attendance, 1,196.					
At New York—					
Philadelphia	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	3	0
New York	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	5	2
Batteries—Henley and Powers; Hogg and McGuire. Umpires, McCarthy and Sheridan. Attendance, 3,000.					
At Washington—					
Washington	0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	5	3
Boston	0	2 0 0 0 3 2 0 0	7	15	0
Batteries—Patten, Wolfe and Heydon; Hughes and Criger. Umpire, Hurst. Attendance, 1,500.					

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	80	50	.615
Chicago	78	53	.595
Cleveland	69	54	.561
New York	65	62	.512
Boston	66	64	.508
Detroit	68	67	.504
Washington	54	78	.409
St. Louis	46	87	.346

MURPHY BADLY HURT.

Providence, R.I., Sept. 20.—First baseman Edward Murphy, of the Buffalo baseball team of the Eastern League, who with other members of the team, was arrested early to-day on charges of intoxication, and who was cut about the head, was able to appear in the district court this forenoon. George Stallings, the manager, and Frank McManus, catcher, who had also been arrested, put in an appearance. The defendants asked Judge Rueckert to hold a private session of the court. After the arrest Murphy was found to be badly cut. He was attended by a surgeon.

DRUGGED A HORSE

Toronto, Sept. 21.—A race horse was drugged at Woodbine to-day. When admitted to the track it behaved in a most unaccountable way, rushing off at a fearful rate, and to the danger of the public. It proceeded a mile and a quarter before it could be pulled up. The horse's owner was censured, and relieved of his racing privileges.

FOOTBALL

All the local football clubs are now in full swing, the Montreal, Westmount and McGill men turning out in large numbers.

Montreal followers will learn with regret that McDonald has definitely decided to quit the game. Before practicing last night Gordon was chosen to fill the vacancy. Gordon is not lacking in experience, as before he turned out with Montreal he was a prominent player with the old Britannias. He will continue to play quarter as heretofore, this being, besides his original position, an ideal point to direct from.

The M.A.A.A. was alive with men last night who took advantage of the fine evening to get in a good work-out. The men are shaping down to something approaching order under the guidance of Mike Shea. On the senior half-back line were Jimmie Craig, Alex. Christmas and Bert Molson, with Hammie Gordon at quarter. On the other side McLean, of last year's Shamrocks, played at full; Savage, Ernie Russell and Madill at halves, and Ernie McLean, captain of the intermediates, at quarter. The wing and scrimmage men included Percy and Walter Molson, the Roberts brothers, Hannaford, McAllen, Vittic, Disney, George Gale, Ewing, Kemp and Len Johnson.

Last night's play showed the team to be weak in the scrimmage and a good deal of attention will be devoted to remedying the defects disclosed.

Westmount will put up a sterling game against the Roughriders in their opening game at Ottawa, on the 30th. The team will in all likelihood show some changes in its make-up, though the Westmounts have retained all their old stand-bys.

McGill were out yesterday afternoon. It is hoped that Callaghan, late of Ottawa College, now with the Medical Faculty at McGill, will turn out at next practice. Another importation will be Harrington who, by his reputation made with the High School and the R.M.C., should make good.

Outremont is setting its cap at the intermediate championship and has inaugurated a season of hard work by two-a-week practices.

CRICKET

Another match will be played to settle the championship of the B division of the Cricket League. As Osborne have only won ten and lost two, they are but equal with Point St. Charles, who have eleven wins to their credit, with three losses. The game will take place on the Lachine grounds.

VICTORIA VS. MOUNT ROYAL II.

The following team has been chosen to represent Victoria in their match with Mt. Royal on Saturday next at Ahuntsic:—Mather, Fyfe, Hooper, Harrison, Lewis, Reinhardt, Clerk, Whittles, Bawn, Miller, and Duthie. Reserves, W. H. Duthie, Barnes and Ritson.

Take Back River car at head of St. Denis street at 2.30 sharp.

Afterwards the Mount Royal Cricket Club is to hold a smoking concert in Peloquin's Hotel, Back River, and all those interested in cricket are invited to be present.

TO RACE SEITZ

New York, Sept. 21.—J. W. Morton, the champion sprinter of the world, is here training at Travers Island. Morton is to meet both Walsh, whom he defeated at the Caledonian sports on Labor Day, and Seitz, whom he defeated by such a narrow margin last Saturday in Montreal, at the meet of the New York Athletic Club next Saturday. The Englishman came down with the New York A. C. track team on Saturday night.

Morton will most likely compete in the 75, the 100 and the 120 yard dashes next Saturday, though at the former distance he is an unknown quantity.

POLO

Rochester, N.Y., Sept. 20.—The team of the Rochester Polo Club defeated Toronto this afternoon on the grounds of the Rochester Country Club by the score of 7 to 3.

The game was the third of a series of international polo matches, two of which had previously been won by Rochester. Having now won the cup three times it becomes the property of the Rochester Club. The game was one of the best ever played here.

LACROSSE IN MANITOBA

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—The final game for the lacrosse championship of Manitoba was played to-day at Treherne between Winnipeg and Souris teams, and was won by Souis by 5 to 2.

SHAMROCK-MONTREAL MATCH

No further game between Shamrocks and Montreal will be arranged. The Montreal team, as was announced in the 'Witness' weeks ago, has been disbanded. The fact that a game cannot be arranged is a matter of disappointment to both the Shamrocks' and Montreals' supporters, who would like to see more definitely conclusive games than the last fixture at the M.A.A.A. grounds when the Irishmen piled up a lead which ensured them victory in the absence of the Montreal goalkeeper after being held down.

MINTO CUP MATCH

Both teams, the Shamrocks and the Athletics, are practicing assiduously for the second of the matches for the Minto cup next Saturday. The Shamrocks show little or no signs of the late encounter, whilst advices from Cornwall inform us that the Athletics are as fleet and touchy as ever.

The Irishmen are getting used to some of the C.L.A. eccentricities of rules. The goals are to be widened, though this will hardly prove a disadvantage to the Irishmen on Saturday, if they shoot anything like so often as they did in the first game.

SAD DEATH OF CYCLIST

Winnipeg, Sept. 21.—A gasp, a call for help, a few short struggles and the life drama of J. C. Hilborn was completed on Tuesday night. Hilborn is a resident of Winnipeg for one or two weeks, coming here from St. Catharines, Ont., and taking a position in the machine shop of McCullough & Boswell, a week ago last Monday. Tuesday he complained of a weakness of his heart, but little was thought of it, as he had pulled through many similar and harder attacks before. At his rooms, however, he became suddenly worse and died with scarcely a moment's notice. Heart failure is said to have been the cause of death.

Deceased was a well-known bicycle rider in the east, and his heart troubles are said to have been aggravated by his early athletic attainments. He was about twenty-two years of age and had been employed in the Olds Automobile factory in St. Catharines before his removal to this city.

GIANT WRESTLER COMING

An enormous Irish wrestler is to be seen at Sohmer Park in competition with local talent in a day or two. Apollo, as he calls himself, has issued a challenge to the whole of American wrestlers. The giant is 6 ft. 3 in., and weighs 265 lbs.

DOG FISH EXTERMINATION

GOVERNMENT FACTORY AT CANSO HANDLING TWENTY-FIVE TONS DAILY.

Halifax, Sept. 21.—The government experimental dog fish reduction works at Canso are now taxed to the utmost. Dog fish have lately appeared on the eastern coast in great numbers and would have compelled the fishermen to take up their nets and temporarily abandon fishing had not this market for dog fish opened up. On Saturday and Monday boats were bringing in dog fish from all parts of the coast to the works, and the collecting steamer brought in some twenty-five tons daily from points on the Cape Breton coast. About a hundred tons in twenty-four hours can be handled by this factory.

GERMANS FOR NORTH WEST

FIFTY THOUSAND ACRES HAVE BEEN PURCHASED IN ASSINABOIA.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—A deal has been closed whereby fifty thousand acres of land, controlled by the Canadian Northern Prairie Lands Company, passed into the hands of a German colony, who intend to settle in the Canadian West. The land is in the Saskatchewan Valley, Assinaboia. The settlement will be a tributary of the Prince Albert branch of the Canadian Northern Railway. The members of the colony are coming from Kansas, Nebraska, Illinois, Ohio, and Southern Manitoba, and arrangements have been made whereby 130 families will settle in the country this fall. The colonists are German Mennonites and are English-speaking. Mr. A. Davidson, the president of the company, says:—The new settlers are regarded as the best class of farmers that can be brought to Canada. They are a well-to-do, prosperous and law-abiding people. This property is part of the land grant to the Canadian Northern Railway.

BAND OF PIRATES

SUCH HAS CAPTAIN McLEAN'S CHOICE CREW OF THE 'ACAPULCO' BEEN CHARACTERIZED.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Captain Alexander McLean was arrested on Monday last at Victoria, B.C., by the Canadian authorities at the request of the American consul, acting for the Department of Justice, under an indictment obtained more than a year ago at San Francisco, on a charge of conspiracy in fitting out the schooner 'Camencita' in violation of the sealing laws. A telegram received at the State Department to-day, announcing the arrest, says that the 'Carmencita' had been refitted under the name of the 'Acapulco,' of alleged Mexican registry, and with a crew made up of men said to be as 'choice a band of robbers and cut-throats as have manned a pirate craft since the days of Captain Kidd.'

HUNTINGDON DISTRICT MEETING.

The Huntingdon district meeting took place at Clarenceville on Tuesday, Sept. 19. The district embraces the country along the frontier from Valleyfield to Clarenceville, including St. Johns and Huntingdon. The following ministers were present: The Revs. R. G. Peeves (chairman), Dr. Williams, F. H. Bole, W. P. Bosford, Wm. Henderson, J. H. McConnell, R. C. McConnell, M. J. Robinson. The laymen delegates were: W. Knight, St. Johns; Robt. Cochran, Clarenceville; F. S. Proper, Hemmingford. The mission board will be asked to assist local financial aid in Valleyfield and Chambly Canton missions. The missionary and educational meetings will be arranged for by the respective pastors. A long discussion took place over a circular from the Book Room, Toronto, and the editor of the 'Christian Guardian,' asking for increased subscriptions. The great value of the paper was acknowledged and its well edited columns appreciated; but it was thought that Methodists were asked to subscribe to too many periodicals. That if the literature in the 'Missionary Outlook' and the 'Missionary Bulletin' could be included in the one publication—the 'Guardian'—a wider circulation could be given to it, and much of the inspiring missionary news not reaching the people in the 'Outlook' and 'Bulletin' would then be read. A resolution embodying this view was forwarded to the editor.

The Sunday-school and League Convention is being held and much interest taken and profit derived. The Methodist Church here has been beautifully decorated and painted and new and ornamental windows put in. The people have heartily come to the help of their pastor, the Rev. J. H. McConnell, and their church is a credit to the place.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BOARD OF TRADE.

BONUS ON ALIEN IMMIGRANTS.

The Council of the Board of Trade, at their meeting yesterday, considered the frequently quoted statement that the Dominion Government pays a higher bonus for alien immigrants than for immigrants from Great Britain, and resolved to communicate with the Minister of the Interior regarding the matter.

The council named a committee consisting of Messrs. R. M. Ballantyne, E. B. Esdaile and Albert Hebert, to enquire into and suggest remedial measures for the scarcity of news from eastern Canada, so noticeable a feature in the west Canadian newspapers. This point was strongly emphasized by the president, Mr. W. I. Gear.

A report was made by Mr. Gear regarding his arguments before the recent meeting of the International Waterways Commission to the effect that the construction of the proposed dam at the outlet of Lake Erie might seriously affect the depth of water in the St. Lawrence, and that the commission should therefore report against it.

Acknowledging the council's thinks for his services in this connection, the president also expressed his obligations for valuable assistance received from Mr. John Kennedy, chief harbor engineer, and Mr. F. M. Cowie, government engineer.

MR. HARVEY, OF BRISTOL.

It was announced that Mr. A. Harvey, assistant general manager of the Bristol docks, will shortly visit Montreal to place before the notice of Canadian shippers and commercial men generally the superior advantages offered by the port of Bristol over any other port in Great Britain to the export trade of Canada.

A conference will be arranged between Mr. Harvey and the leading representatives of export houses here.

The treasurer, Mr. J. Thom, estimated a substantial surplus of the board at the close of the year.

STE. CUNEGONDE ANNEXATION.

CLAUSE IN BY-LAW REGARDING EXPROPRIATION IS SATISFACTORILY EXPLAINED.

The delegation from Ste. Cunegonde, headed by Mayor Fabien, which waited on Mayor Laporte yesterday, went away reassurred. They had come to ascertain whether the city had the power to make the agreement involved in the clause recently added to the Ste. Cunegonde annexation by-law that no expropriation proceedings should be undertaken on Notre Dame street for the next fifteen years.

Mayor Laporte and Ald. Lavallée, the chairman of the Annexation Committee, pointed out to the delegation that the Provincial Legislature was supreme in the matter and could order the work to be done, but that the city of Montreal undertook not to seek powers from the legislature to do any such work; in fact, they were not anxious to spend money on expropriations, and might not wish to do the work for an indefinite period. If the delegation so desired, the period stipulated in the by-law would be altered to five years, but the city of Montreal would not undertake to widen the street in five years' time, or at any time after that.

BACK FROM CHATEAUGUAY.

The Rev. George S. Reynolds, pastor of the West End Methodist Church, has returned from Chateauguay, where, on Monday evening, he attended the ordination of the Rev. Milton Jack, by invitation, and sat as corresponding member.

CABLE SHIP RELEASED.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 20.—The cable ship 'Colonia,' with about 2,600 miles of cable on board, which she was to lay for the Commercial Cable Company, when she stranded near Canso, and was afterwards pulled off, came out of the dry-dock here to-day, having effected permanent repairs. She will proceed to sea to-morrow to finish her work. The 'Colonia' was in dry-dock for sixteen days.

Do you intend to buy FURS this year? Buy them NOW at CHAS. DESJARDINS & CO.'S, 1538-1543 St. Catherine street, and make a true saving of 30 50 p.c. You'll pay when goods will be delivered to you, any time this fall.

Tenders for Painting.

Tenders sealed and endorsed "TENDER," addressed to the undersigned, will be received up, to Noon on THURSDAY, 28th September, 1905, for painting the outside of the bins of the Harbor Commissioners' Grain Elevator No. 1, according to specification to be obtained at this office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

DAVID SEATH, Secretary.
Harbor Commissioners' Office,
57 Common street, Montreal.

Province of Quebec, District of Montreal. No. 653. SUPERIOR COURT.

Dame Bertha Rebecca McLea, of the City and District of Montreal, wife common as to property of James Johnson, of the same place, the said Dame Bertha Rebecca McLea, duly authorized à ester en justice, Plaintiff.

vs.

The said James Johnson, Defendant.

An action for separation as to property was this day instituted by Plaintiff against Defendant.

PATTERSON & BROWN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, September 7th, 1905.

THE MANUFACTURERS

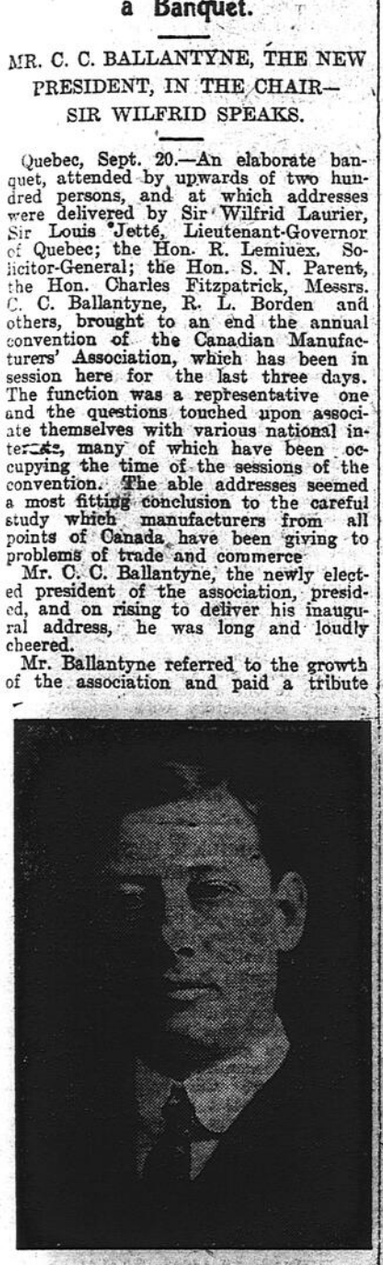
Session at Quebec Closes With a Banquet.

MR. C. C. BALLANTYNE, THE NEW PRESIDENT, IN THE CHAIR—SIR WILFRID SPEAKS.

Quebec, Sept. 20.—An elaborate banquet, attended by upwards of two hundred persons, and at which addresses were delivered by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Louis Jetté, Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec; the Hon. R. Lemieux, Solicitor-General; the Hon. S. N. Parent, the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Messrs. C. C. Ballantyne, R. L. Borden and others, brought to an end the annual convention of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, which has been in session here for the last three days. The function was a representative one and the questions touched upon associate themselves with various national interests, many of which have been occupying the time of the sessions of the convention. The able addresses seemed a most fitting conclusion to the careful study which manufacturers from all points of Canada have been giving to problems of trade and commerce

Mr. C. C. Ballantyne, the newly elected president of the association, presided, and on rising to deliver his inaugural address, he was long and loudly cheered.

Mr. Ballantyne referred to the growth of the association and paid a tribute



MR. C. C. BALLANTYNE,
President of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

to the Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. 'I *am* still a young man,' he said, 'but I can remember not more than twenty years ago, when I was engaged as a commercial traveller in Canada, that one so often heard the remark when he was calling on a merchant to solicit orders for his wares, that he did not buy "made in Canada" goods, that he bought instead either American, German, or some other foreign make, and prided himself on the fact that "made in Canada" goods were not good enough for him or his customers to buy. What do we find to-day? This feeling completely reversed, and not only the seller, but the buyer and the consumer in Canada insists on having goods "made in Canada." Why should this not be so? The Canadian manufacturer is as capable, if given the same opportunity, as any other manufacturer in the world. We believe that when the Tariff Commission, now visiting the important centres, have finished their investigations, our government will give us the most scientific, practical tariff Canada has ever had, not framed in the interests of the manufacturers alone, but framed to meet the requirements of all, whether he be manufacturer, farmer, workingman, or consumer. We hope,' continued Mr. Ballantyne, 'that with Mr. Fielding's three suggested tariffs—maximum, minimum and British preference—Canada will prosper as she has never done before. While it is true, our association will stand loyally by our policy of sufficient protection for our established industries, and the same amount of protection for new industries when the opportunities arise for their commencement, it is our earnest desire that the great amount of manufactured products that we do not now make ourselves, shall be purchased from the Mother Country.'

THE TOASTS.

At the conclusion of his comprehensive address he called on Mr. Ed. Gurney, of Toronto, to propose the health of the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, Sir Louis Jetté. Mr. Gurney made a brief and witty speech, saying, among other things, in reference to trade questions, that though a large user of iron, he would rather meet a tariff on it than have it shipped into Canada free of duty.

Sir Louis Jetté made an apt response and spoke of the strength which the association had attained, and the broad recognition it had won.

The Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux proposed the toast to 'Canada and the Empire,' and so incisive were his remarks that applause interrupted them at every interval. 'Looking forward,' said the speaker, 'I can see no limits to the trade expansion of this country, whose beauty does not exceed its great resources. Our relations between capital and labor are not as strained as they are in the United States, and if we see to it that foreigners do not interfere with the affairs of our employers and employees, the people of this country will more and more become prominent in the eyes of the world.' Touching on the matter of tariffs, but only lightly, the Hon. Mr. Lemieux said in a jocular way, what does the enquiry mean into the tariff question?' We will make what revision is justifiable to give, perhaps, what my hon. friend, Mr. R. L. Borden, calls adequate protection.' Applause following these words, he made loyal reference to the recent visit of the Atlantic squadron to Quebec, and recalled some of the historic lore of the Ancient Capital and the cordial spirit of national life, which now finds descendants of France's most chivalrous families and England's noblest sons, now working hand-in-hand to build up this country. The entente cordiale between England and France was not a tissue with no duration, but a proud reality.

Those at the banquet stood and loudly cheered the Solicitor-General when he finished.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier was the next speaker. He was also accorded the most hearty applause. After complimenting Mr. Ballantyne on the dignity to which he had attained, Sir Wilfrid spoke in flattering terms of the past presidents, particularly Mr. W. K. George and Mr. George E. Drummond. 'Mr. Drummond during his presidency,' said Sir Wilfrid, 'took the association to the fertile regions of the west. Mr. George this last summer took his fellow members of the association east to the home of commerce and trade. I do not know, Mr. President, where you can lead them unless it is to a scientific tariff (applause), but, sir, if you lead them to a scientific tariff you will not have taken them into an entirely new field. We believe we now have a well constituted tariff, and are trying from time to time to put it on a more scientific basis.'

Drifting into the subject of Canadian national greatness, the Premier said there were degrees of beauty in this Canada of ours. He had at one time thought the country in which he was born, that of the Achigan Valley, and that in which he had been educated, l'Assomption Valley, was the paradise of Canada. He had gone to the Annapolis Valley, and gloried in the beautiful scene of the apple trees in blossom. He had travelled several times through Ontario, with the privilege of a politician, though not always with the success he had wished—(applause)—and then he went west, and beheld the vast areas where grain to furnish food for millions was growing. 'Gentlemen,' he said, 'after returning from these new provinces created in the west, I believe we in the east must take off a little of our pride. Nothing can give an adequate idea of the inspiring scenes in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba until you visit them. To think that for 700 miles at least west from Winnipeg is a district which will one day be under waving fields of grain is something to make Canadians feel proud of their heritage. What shall that country be when we have 20,000,000 people in Canada, all tilling the soil? The manufacturers of Canada will have a field worthy of their efforts.'

Touching on the subject of products and markets, Sir Wilfrid said he hoped when that time came of Canada's maturer age, every shoe used by the people of this country would be a Canadian-made shoe, and that every yard of cloth would be a yard of Canadian cloth. 'I hope,' he remarked, 'our scientific tariff will not prevent trade with foreign countries. I want to trade with foreign countries, but also want to give a preference to England. This matter of trade development and adjustment is not only a question of tariff, but one of transportation. This is a vital question in our national growth. Fair rates must be secured, so that products of the east will flow freely to the west, and products of the west freely to the east.' Sir Wilfrid then justified the manufacturers for looking after their own interests, spoke of the high regard he held for the United States as a neighbor, and of the part Canada had played in effecting cordial relations between the mother countries of England and France.

MR. R. L. BORDEN.

The leader of the Conservative party, Mr. R. L. Borden, in proposing the toast of the industries of Canada, said he was of the opinion that the findings of the Tariff Commission would be carefully considered, and would result in changes toward the protection of Canadian industries.

Mr. Borden then endeavored to show that a policy of protection would create a better market within Canadian boundaries for Canadian products. The total product of Canada for 1905, he said, was $1,100,000,000 on products and goods. Of this the factories produced $650,000,000, and the capital invested was $500,000,000. The amount annually paid in wages was $100,000,000 to 350,000 employees. Imports amounted to $267,000,000 in 1905, exceeding exports by no less than $63,000,000. Of this imports from the United States amounted to $166,000,000, to which country we export $75,000,000. From this he drew that Canadians should produce enough to turn the tables the other way. Regarding imports, he said 40 percent of Canada's imports were manufactured goods, 20 percent partly manufactured, 14 percent articles of food, and 20 percent raw materials and crude articles. The United States, on the other hand, imported only 17 percent of manufactured goods and 31 percent of raw material. He said he was convinced by these figures that Canada should import more raw and less manufactured goods if she is to prosper.

THE HON. CHARLES FITZPATRICK.

The Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Minister of Justice, replied to the toast, but declared he would neither give away any secrets regarding Sir Wilfrid's scientific tariff or discuss adequate protection with Mr. R. L. Borden.

THAT QUEBEC TRAVELLERS' TAX.

Mr. H. Cockshutt, the newly-elected vice-president of the association, proposed a toast to the province and city of Quebec, to which the Hon. J. C. McCorkill, Provincial Treasurer, replied. He said during his address that if any manufacturers would send a delegation to him and set forth their views against the tax imposed by the province on non-resident commercial travellers, he would be only too glad to meet them. If they could convince him the principle of the tax was bad, then he would have it removed, but he thought he (Mr. McCorkill) could convince the manufacturers that the principle involved in the tax was a good one. The province must have revenue, and the tax had been placed with a view of putting the province on a sounder financial condition.

The Hon. S. N. Parent replied on behalf of Quebec.

The health of Mr. C. C. Ballantyne was subsequently proposed by Past President George E. Drummond, of the association.

Mr. Ballantyne in replying, expressed the opinion that the manufacturers should help public men in the solution of national problems.

At the opening of the toast list a congratulatory address was read by Mr. W. K. George to Mr. George E. Drummond for his services as president in 1903-1904. The singing of the National Anthem ended the function.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Results of the election of officers for the ensuing year, which was carried on at a closed session in the morning, were made known when the afternoon session opened. C. C. Ballantyne, of Montreal, was elevated in order, from the office of vice-president of the association, which he had last year, to that of the presidency. During his remarks he said it would be his endeavor, while president, to promote the good relations between the Dominion and other parts of the Empire.

Mr. Harry Cockshutt, of Brantford, Ont., carried the election for the vice-presidency. It was generally thought before the election that the convention would extend this honor to Mr. Cockshutt, one of the association's youngest, yet most active, members, but when the results of the ballot were announced he was given continued hearty cheers. Mr. Cockshutt is thirty-seven years of age, though he has distinguished himself in municipal affairs as well as in commerce and trade. He was Mayor of Brantford in 1899-1900; vice-president of the Ontario branch of the association in 1903-1904, and chairman of the railway and transportation committee for the past year. In 1898 he was president of the Brantford Board of Trade, and has been associated with nearly all the municipal affairs of his native city since that date. He is fond of sports and travel and has only recently returned from a trip around the world. Provincial vice-presidents elected were: Ontario, Lloyd Harris, Brantford; Quebec, George Amyot, Quebec; Nova Scotia, D. W. Robb, Amherst; British Columbia, John Hendry, Vancouver; Manitoba, E. L. Drewry, Winnipeg; New Brunswick, W. S. Fisher, St. John; Prince Edward Island, T. L. Hassard, Charlottetown; Alberta, A. E. Cross, Calgary; Saskatchewan, J. Brooks, Regina; treasurer, Geo. Booth, Toronto; auditor, W. C. Eddis, Toronto. Those elected chairmen of committees were: Railway and transportation, R. Hobson, Hamilton; parliamentary, George W. Watts, Toronto; chairman; A. S. Rogers, Toronto, vice-chairman; commercial intelligence, Thomas Roden, Toronto; tariff, W. K. McNaught, Toronto, chairman; George E. Drummond, Montreal, vice-chairman; reception and membership, L. V. Dusseau, Toronto, chairman; Chas. S. Meek, Toronto, evie-chairman; industrial Canada, T. A. Russell, Toronto, chairman; Geo. Brigden, Toronto, vice-chairman; insurance, P. H. Burton.

A RESOLUTION.

At the morning session reports of committees on tariff and technical education were read and discussed privately but in the afternoon resolutions covering the tariff and other matters were brought in and adopted without hesitancy except that caused by brief remarks from members pertaining to the subjects dealt with. After expressing thanks to all persons, companies, associations, etc., which assisted in making this convention and the trip of the association to Europe successful and pleasant, a resolution embodied the following: 'That this association approves of the steps being taken by the Dominion Government towards the establishment of preferential trade relations between Canada and other portions of the British Empire, and affirms its belief that the further cultivation of imperial trade relations is one of the most important phases in the development of Canadian commerce.

'That the association looks with favor upon the proposition to secure the admission of the British West India Islands and Newfoundland into the Canadian Confederation is certain.'

'That whereas the extra provincial corporation taxes imposed by the provincial governments throughout Canada and also the taxes imposed by certain provinces on Canadian commercial travellers resident in other provinces are raising unnatural barriers between the provinces of the Dominion, and as such are a direct restriction on trade, be it resolved that the association urge upon the provincial governments the necessity of abolishing all such legislation now upon the provincial statutes and the bringing about, as far as possible, co-operation between the governments and business men of the various provinces, which will result in the freest trade intercourse and the building up of national rather than provincial commerce. That whereas the increased interest now being manifested in the countries of the Far East, notably China and Japan, is already resulting in closer trade relations and increased business between those countries and other nations, be it resolved that Canada should take advantages of her proximity to the markets named and the steamship connection now existing by taking early steps to establish mutually advantageous trade relations with both Japan and China.

'That the Dominion Government be again urged to adopt legislation which would bring the express companies operating in Canada under the jurisdiction of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, and that the association express their approval of the request of a large majority of the tanners of the Dominion in asking the Dominion Government to pass a law making the inspection of hides compulsory; copies of resolutions regarding extra provincial corporation and commercial traveller taxes will be sent to members of the Dominion Cabinet and to the premiers of provinces. Although no resolution was submitted in reference to the tariff, a general expression was given in speeches in favor of the enquiries now being made by the government and of the promised revision. Mr. W. K. McNaught, a past president of the association, said in granting the request for a tariff commission the government seemed to be acting in good faith, and he thought all possible assistance should be given to the commission.'

At the conclusion of the session a reception was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Amyot, for the visiting members and their wives and daughters. Though left for the consideration and report later in the year of the general executive council, it was by a showing of hands practically decided that the convention will meet next year in Winnipeg. Efforts were made by St. John, N.B., and Brantford, Ontario, to secure it.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

Mr. C. C. Ballantyne, the newly-elected president of the Association, is one of the foremost captains of Canadian industries. Though only thirty-eight years of age, he has for some time been manager of the Sherwin, Williams Company, of Montreal, and an unusually active member in the councils of the Association. It was largely due to his efforts that the Montreal Manufacturers and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association amalgamated, the former losing its identity in the latter. The same year, 1900, in which the amalgamation took place, Mr. Ballantyne was elected first vice-president of the Canadian body, and also elected member of the Association's general executive council, the latter of which he has been a member of ever since. Last year he was elected first vice-president again, and he now becomes president. After the amalgamation he was elected a member of the Montreal branch of the executive council, and has remained a member since. In 1903-1904 he was chairman of the Montreal branch.

Mr. Ballantyne was born in Dundas county, Ontario, in 1867, and at fourteen years of age went to Montreal, where he took a commercial course, later entering the paint and varnish business, in which he is now engaged.

Life Impossible Without Sleep

The Vitality Consumed During Waking Hours Must be Restored by Sleep—Otherwise Collapse.

Men have lived for weeks without food, whereas a few days without sleep and man becomes a raving maniac—a mental and physical wreck.

Nights of sleeplessness tell of a feeble and depleted nervous system, of approaching nervous prostration or paralysis.

The use of opiates merely gives temporary relief, and actually hastens the collapse of the nervous system.

The regular and persistent use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will form new, rich blood, create new nerve force and thoroughly cure sleeplessness and nervous exhaustion.

By keeping a record of your increase in weight while using this great food cure you can be certain that new, firm flesh and tissue is being added to the body. You will feel the benefit in every organ.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE REAL PLACE FOR

FURS

Chas. Desjardins & Co's,

(1533-1543 St. Catherine St.)

30 to 50% SAVINGS.

A HOUSE-CLEANING LUNCHEON

CLARK'S SLICED SMOKED BEEF—a delicious and substantial dish for any meal—ready to serve. Ask your dealer.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Head Breakwater," will be received at this office until SATURDAY, October 14th, 1905, inclusively, for the construction of a breakwater at Indian Head, Summerside Harbor, Prince County, P.E.I., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of J. B. Hegan, Esq., Resident Engineer, Charlottetown, P.E.I., on application to the Postmaster of Summerside, P.E.I., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party tendering decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, FRED. GELINAS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Sept. 16th, 1905.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

HOW TO OBTAIN **FREE!** AS A PRIZE

A New $350 LEACH UPRIGHT PIANO

As we are desirous of increasing our business and owing to the difficulty of obtaining suitable agents, we have decided to enlist the assistance of the readers of this paper to swell our sales. Many readers have an hour or two daily to spare. Why not use this spare time to good advantage? We would suggest you using this spare time in trying to sell pianos for us. It will Pay you well.

Here is what we are prepared to offer any reader who brings business to us:—

We sell new Upright Pianos by celebrated makers from $350.00 upwards; terms, $10.00 deposit and $7.00 monthly.

OFFER No. 1.—To every reader who makes ten sales on the above terms we will give free as a prize a new $350.00 Leach Upright Piano.

OFFER No. 2.—To every reader who makes five sales on the above terms, we will give $100.00 (one hundred dollars) in gold.

OFFER NO. 3.—To every reader who makes two sales on the above terms, we will give $25.00 (twenty-five dollars) in gold.

OFFER NO. 4.—To every reader who makes one sale on the above terms, we will give $10.00 (ten dollars) in gold.

We give ten percent discount to cash customers and will count every cash sale as a sale and a half for the salesman. We take old pianos and organs of all styles and makes as part payment at full market values.

We will be pleased to furnish catalogues, price lists and other information that may be required.

LEACH PIANO CO.,

2440 St. Catherine Street,

Telephone Uptown 995.

BETWEEN STANLEY AND DRUMMOND STS.

Sole Montreal Agents for the Celebrated Mason & Risch Pianos, and the Famous Morris Pianos.

OPEN EVENINGS.

A Montreal Lady Refused to be Swindled.

She Sends Back to a Substituting Merchant Weak and Adulterated Dyes which He Had Given Her Young Son.

Mrs. ——, a Montreal lady, sent her young son to a store for a package each of Diamond Dye Fast Black and Diamond Dye Fast Bottle Green for Wool, to color two valuable wool skirts for autumn, which had become faded by sun and wear.

The merchant, who had laid in a stock of weak and adulterated package dyes, which he was anxious to sell because of the large profits they brought, handed the young boy two packages of the common dyes, which he brought to his mother.

"Take them back at once."

Mrs. ——, who had had long years of happy experience with the never-failing and reliable DIAMOND DYES, said to her son, 'take them back at once, my dear, and if Mr. —— cannot give you the DIAMOND DYES, get your money back, and go elsewhere for the dyes I need, and which I have always used successfully.' The Diamond Dyes were procured, and the dyeing operation was a perfect success. Had other dyes been used, loss of money, time, temper and destruction of valuable goods would have been the result.

If you desire to do home dyeing easily and profitably, do like Mrs. ——, refuse imitation and adulterated package dyes, and insist upon having the reliable and time-tried DIAMOND DYES

BEAVER Caledonia Water

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER

FACTORY has been removed to more commodious and suitable premises.

THE OLIVER is the most largely sold typewriting machine in the world to-day.

THE OLIVER is a Canadian machine through its inventor, and its being manufactured in Canada as well as in the United States.

THE OLIVER, being manufactured in Canada, pays no duty, as all other Standard machines do.

THE OLIVER is the Standard Visible writing machine

The record of THE OLIVER has never been equalled.

Active and reliable agents are wanted, to whom will be given steady employment if found competent.

You should send for our SPECIAL OFFER.

CANADIAN OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY,

TEMPLE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

The Daily Witness.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness	12 mos.	$3.00
Weekly Witness	12 mos.	1.00
World Wide	12 mos.	1.50
Northern Messenger	12 mos.	.40

CLUBBING RATES.

Two or three publications to the same address, worth only

'Daily' Witness and 'World Wide'	$4.50	$3.50
'Daily' Witness and 'Messenger'	4.40	3.00
'Daily' World Wide and 'Messenger'	4.50	3.00
'Weekly Witness' and 'World Wide'	2.50	2.00
'Weekly Witness' and 'Messenger'	1.40	1.30
'Weekly,' 'World Wide' and 'Messenger'	2.90	2.30

Postpaid in each case to Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, United States and its colonies, Transvaal, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia, Sarawak, Bahama Islands, Zanzibar, Malta, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Cyprus, New Zealand.

For postal union countries, excepting those mentioned above, add for postage, $3.50 for 'Daily Witness,' $1.00 for 'Weekly Witness,' 50c for 'Northern Messenger.'

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $1.50 per annum.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exercise all possible care in excluding from its columns all financial and other advertisements of a doubtful or suspicious nature, and accepting only such as they believe to be genuine and bona fide, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee these advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own direction in the way of putting faith in them.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son,' 'Witness' office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' of Montreal.

F.Q. 5 F.M. 13 SEPTEMBER L.Q. 21 N.M. 28

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Saturday Advertising.

ADVERTISERS will find it to their advantage, in securing proper display and classification, to send in their orders early. The 'Witness' Office is open until 6.30 p.m., and insertion will not be guaranteed on orders for Saturday received after that hour on Friday.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1905.

A census of the new provinces is about to be taken. As it is called the quinquennial census, we presume it will be taken next year, just five years before the regular national decennial one. The desirableness of a census in those provinces is obvious, but only slightly more obvious than the desirableness of it for the whole country, whose changes go on far too rapidly for a census once in ten years to serve its turn. We wish it were yet possible to extend the quinquennial census to the whole country. It might do to limit it to a few more important features until the census department should be organized on a five year basis.

A by-law has been passed abolishing fixed awnings over sidewalks and advertising streamers in parks. The latter is excellent. The advantage of the former is not so obvious. Fixed awnings are always built high enough not to interfere with the hat or umbrella. It is the moveable awning that seems specially contrived to annoy. A law forbidding awnings to hang even their valances lower than eight feet would be a real convenience to the citizens. As for rigid awnings, we can imagine a great public advantage if a fixed height were prescribed and the fixed awning were carried along the whole street, with bridges at crossings, forming a gallery for the lighter traffic. This would double our street front accommodation. But without an upper story or any continuity awnings of this sort would still be a comfort in many ways.

The government made haste to guarantee the bonds of the Parent, or Quebec, Bridge last year, and now a despatch from Ottawa is authority for the statement that the government is going to buy it outright. We are informed that the Transcontinental Railway Commission, of which Mr. Parent is chairman, is going to Quebec to inspect the bridge of which Mr. Parent is president. At least, he is president of the company which owns the bridge and its approaches, though it is constructing them practically and almost entirely with public money. Mr. Parent, as already stated, goes to Quebec as chairman of a government commission to inspect a bridge of whose construction company he is president, in order practically to recommend its purchase by the government—an operation that will put many dollars into the pockets of this plural official's friends, and presumably into his own. Plain ordinary people would, at least, have resigned the one position before accepting the other, but the Hon. Simon Napoleon Parent is not sensitive. He clings to position and patronage and requires to be prized away from them by force. The mere force of public opinion does not seem to disturb him a bit.

The yearly increase in the post-office savings banks was continuous from June 30, 1891, to June 30, 1904, the actual increase in that period being from $21,738,648 to $45,419,706, or nearly twenty-four million dollars. This year, however, a decrease is shown, as the balances due to depositors on the same date was only $45,367,760. In what are called 'other government savings banks' there was also a slight decline, the balances having been $16,738,774 last year, as compared with $16,591,302 this year. The total decline is less than a quarter of a million dollars, it is true, but that there should be a decline at all during a period when the chartered banks and the special savings banks have materially increased such deposits is notable. The City & District and the Caisse d'Economie increased their deposits together by more than two millions during the same period, while the deposits of the public upon which the chartered banks pay interest increased from $312,713,823 for July last year to $336,505,877 for July this year, or an increase of nearly twenty-four million dollars. Such a showing is proof that the post-office savings bank is rather losing than gaining in popularity, and must cause some concern to the Postmaster-General and the Finance Minister. Presently, when the great railway works are in progress, and much money is needed, the pence of the people will be welcome in increasing ratio. The deposits in the post-office savings banks are practically, of course, a loan to the government at the low rate of three percent, and it is surprising that more has not been done to popularize these institutions. Even in 'slow, conservative England,' changes have been made so that the post-office savings banks less resemble a circumlocution office than they used to do. It is now possible there to draw out from the branch post-offices a limited amount without going through the long-drawn out process and ceremonies of communicating with London every time, and surely in Canada we should similarly simplify the process of withdrawal and other tedious formalities. Sir William Mulock and Mr. Fielding will no doubt concern themselves with this matter, now that the institution seems to be actually losing ground in public estimation.

The Yiddish press of the United States, whose policy it is to bring the power of that country to bear for the relief of the oppressed Jews in Russia, takes the ground that the spread of cholera in central Europe is the result of the policy of the Russian Government in herding the Jews into the provinces known as the Pale. Here are nearly six million people, constantly increasing their number, kept within certain restricted areas, and not even allowed in these to engage in any but a few of the most unremunerative employments. Overcrowding and poverty are the natural results. Where people live in cellars, at an average of four and five in one room, without drainage, use water from contaminated wells and are underfed, contagious diseases are bound to become epidemic. No passport regulations, nor any prohibition of immigration will keep these victims of tyranny from contact with the rest of the civilized world, and so they become a menace to all Europe as well as to America. The blame rests with the tyrant, not with his unhappy victims. The Jewish press holds that, Russian treatment of the Jews being a cause for the appearance and spread of cholera, the nations have a right to remonstrate with the government whose policy is responsible for the affliction. It does not take much thinking to realize how many causes nations might have for interference in each other's internal affairs if defective internal sanitation was one of them. It has to be admitted, however, that as the world draws nearer together—and every invention and development of this and the past century has been in the direction of increased intercourse—the responsibility of nations to each other increases.

By the death of Count de Brazza, France has lost the most able and successful of her African colonizers. In the jungles of the Dark Continent he worthily continued the traditions which have given undying fame to the gentlemen adventurers of France in Canada. He had the gift of conciliating and winning the respect and confidence of the natives. During the years of his extensive explorations he came to know them and, by his gentleness and perfect sincerity, established a reputation to which France is largely indebted for its possessions on the Congo. It is said of him that among later African explorers he was the only one whose track was not marked by blood and legacies of hatred against the white man. The freedom of French West Africa from native wars is attributed to his influence. As agent of the government, he was always prompt to investigate and punish acts of cruelty to the natives, who regarded him as their friend and protector. Where others found difficulty and danger in travelling, his path was made easy and his progress safe. His last official act was the trial and punishment of colonial officers who had abused their power in dealing with the natives. France may well mourn his loss as that of an illustrious citizen. His name in full was Pierre Paul Francois Camille de Brazza, Count de Savorgnan, and he was born on a vessel in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro fifty-three years ago. He was naturalized as a Frenchman in 1874, when he was twenty-two years of age, and thereafter devoted his life to African exploration. In 1875 he was sent to explore the basin of the River Ogowe, in Western Africa. In 1879 he was leader of another expedition, sent out by the African Association of France, and he then founded the towns of Francheville and Brazzaville. In 1883 he was sent by the government to consolidate French authority, and afterwards he was appointed commissary-general of the new settlements. He was eminently the right man in the right place.

If what Mr. J. J. Hill, the famous railway magnate, says of industrial conditions in the United States is correct that country is fast approaching a point where a change in its fiscal system will cease to be a political question and become an absolute necessity. In an interview with a New York paper he said the manufacturers can no longer sell their goods in Canada at a profit and are crossing the line to build factories. There is a wall around the United States, he added, which makes the cost of production so high that its manufacturers have little opportunity in outside markets. These remarks carry the implication that the home market can no longer be relied upon to make good the losses incurred by slaughtering goods in foreign countries. Noting the vast increase of production in the United States, Mr. Hill was of opinion that there must be a change in the direction of reciprocity if the nation is to escape industrial stagnation, or, at least, a period of extensive curtailment almost as bad. Great concerns cannot go on producing goods in excess of the home demand for which there is no market abroad. Open doors in foreign lands are, therefore, a necessity, but such are not to be had so long as the Republic keeps its doors closed. Mr. Hill has a high opinion of the value of reciprocal trade with Canada, but could discover little hope for it being obtained as matters now stand. Instead, he expects a higher Canadian tariff which, with German retaliation and Chinese boycotting, makes him regard the situation with rueful pessimism. It would thus appear that the wall which Mr. Hill says is around the country cannot be breached from without, but it may be burst from within when the pressure becomes strong enough, and that is what is likely to happen.

CATALONIA.

The example of Norway seems to be catching. The Catalonions, who are of a different breed from most of the other Spaniards, have always had a provincial loyalty of their own. Indeed, they are far fonder of being Catalonians than of being Spaniards. They are distinct in origin from the other inhabitants of Spain, from whom they differ both in their dialect and costume and in their great energy and their love of enterprise. Catalonia was one of the first of the Roman possessions in Spain. About 470 it was occupied by the Alans and the Goths, and thus came to be called Gothalania, from which the modern name of the province is derived. It was taken possession of by the Berbers, or Moors, in 712, and they were in turn dispossessed by the Spaniards and the troops of Charlemagne in 788. It was afterwards ruled by French counts, who, however, soon made themselves independent of France. It became annexed to Aragon in 1137, but it was a loose sort of union, and frequently dissolved. Philip IV, of Spain attempted to deprive Catalonia of its rights and privileges in 1640, but the people prevented that by giving their country up to France. The rule of Catalonia by the French under Louis XIII. lasted nineteen years, when it was restored to Spain, but it was again occupied by the French from 1694 to 1697, and from 1808 to 1813. The civil war of 1823 took place in the province, as well as the more important revolutionary operations in the Carlist war. The language of Catalonia, in its most characteristic features, belongs to the Romance language of southern France, and it is supposed to have been imported into Spain by those Hispani, or Spaniards, whom the Arab conquest of Spain had driven beyond the mountains into Languedoc, and who in the ninth century regained the country of their origin. Confirmation of this is found in the fact that the Catalonia dialect is also that of the two French provinces of the Pyrenees-Roussillon and Cerdagne.

The Catalonians are now proposing separation and holding meetings, which, from a Spanish point of view, are seditious. The Spanish Government made the tactical mistake of forbidding the display of Catalonian banners. As these banners had become separatist in significance, this was a legitimate thing to do. But the difficulty that it created was that the government had no means of enforcing the ordinance without inaugurating civil war. The Catalonian banners remain up, and mean more now than ever. It is plain that the right of secession cannot be admitted by any government, and that it is the duty of a government to put down the revolt of a province just as it is to enforce its laws upon individuals. That is implied in the very nature of government. The United States started out with the theory that only such government was warrantable as rested in the consent of the governed. But when the Southern States acted on the same theory the people who had been such convinced secessionists spent for years their best blood to forbid it, and to this day those states are governed against their consent. In the first instance every 'American' regarded secession as the right of right, and in the second as the wrong of wrong. It is obvious, however, that on a small or great scale the consent of the governed is the proper basis of government. For governments to be stable they must have the consent of the majority, and of every local majority so far as possible. So, for the Spanish Government, the wise course is not to inaugurate any warlike move it can avoid, but to set about winning the loyalty of the Catalonians.

TARIFF AND EXHIBITIONS

DISCUSSED BY THE CHAMBRE DE COMMERCE AT FIRST MEETING.

The members of the Chambre de Commerce resumed their regular weekly meetings yesterday, the president, Mr. H. A. Brault, being in the chair.

The Hon. Mr. Desjardins called the attention of the Chambre to the development of Franco-Canadian trade, and referred to the remarks made by the president of the Chambre de Commerce of Paris at the banquet given to the Canadian manufacturers. That gentleman expressed a desire to have a revision of the Franco-American commercial treaty, admitted that a more advantageous tariff for both countries could be established for thirty articles at least, and gave it to understand that the French trade would be pleased to have an additional direct line between Canada and Mediterranean ports. Mr. Desjardins thought that such a programme deserved discussion, and it was referred to the trade committee.

Mr. Desjardins also asked the Chambre to take up the question of securing better guarantees for Canadians insured in the large American companies.

Mr. Mullarkey asked that a report be prepared by the special committee to show how the negotiations entered into by the Montreal Exhibition Company now stand. He remarked that the last Toronto exhibition had given the city a net profit of a hundred thousand dollars, and Ottawa held successful yearly exhibitions. How was it then that the metropolis of Canada remained deprived of an exhibition for so many years? All enterprising citizens should unite to put a stop to such an anomaly.

Mr. Catelli, president of the exhibition committee, explained that the city of Toronto had voted three hundred thousand dollars for the organization of the exhibitions, and judging from the profit realized for the last two years, it would double its capital in three years and would besides have the finest exhibition equipment in Canada. Mr. Catelli also mentioned the opinion given by Mr. Younge, secretary of the Toronto exhibition, that St. Helen's Island would be a very undesirable locality for the fair, on account of the inconvenience and danger of transportation by ferry boats.

The question was referred to the special committee.

Upon a query being made by Mr. Catelli as to whether it was the intention of the Chambre to make any suggestions to the Tariff Commission during its sittings in Montreal, the majority of the members expressed the opinion that there being conflicting interests among them, it would be beter to leave each industrial group to look after its own interests. A special committee was, however, appointed to see whether any reforms in the public interest could not be suggested.

VERMONT VALLEY RAILWAY

SECURED BY BOSTON AND MAINE RAILWAY.

At a joint meeting of the stockholders of the Vermont Valley and Connecticut River Railway Companies, held at Springfield, Mass., yesterday, the latter road, which is controlled by the Boston & Maine Railway, took over the Vermont Valley Railway on the basis of one share for two, the Connecticut shares having a par value of $100 and the Vermont Valley, $50. The road runs from Windsor, Vt., to Brattleboro. It was rumored that the Grand Trunk Railway was after this line, in order to give it a line from Windsor to New London, Conn., under control of the Central Vermont. The company now uses the tracks of the Vermont Valley line from Windsor to Brattleboro in order to reach New London.

A WHITECHAPEL VICAR

Thinks Canadian People More Christian Than Those in the Old Country.

HAS SOME SUGGESTIONS TO MAKE REGARDING IMMIGRANTS.

The Rev. F. C. Carter, vicar of St. Jude's, Whitechapel, London, has arrived in the city after a trip west made in order to study the immigration question, a subject in which he is particularly interested, because he is on the committee of the East End Emigration Society, and is also a member of the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society. He is accompanied by Mrs. Carter, who is one of the managers of East End schools under the London County Council, and who, while her husband has been immersed in the immigration question, has been investigating the Canadian system of education.

Mr. and Mrs. Carter landed at Quebec some six weeks ago, and made a short stay there in order that Mr. Carter might witness for himself the landing, inspection and despatch of immigrants. Then Mr. Carter went to Sherbrokoe to see the Gibbs Home, where waifs and strays from the Motherland are received and taken care of, and from which they are placed in comfortable homes among the residents of the district.

'I must say I was very much pleased with what I saw in Sherbrooke,' said Mr. Carter to a 'Witness' interviewer yesterday. 'I found that quite a large number of the children we had sent out from England are now in comfortable homes with the farmers, doctors, and other residents of the district, and I was satisfied that the home is doing really excellent work. I also saw a similar home there, conducted by Miss Bertenshaw, and under the auspices, I believe, of the Young Women's Christian Association. I was amazed to find that Miss Bertenshaw is keen on importing even babies, as she considers it would be better for them to be sent at that age than to be reared in homes and sent out with the stigma of being "home" children.'

Coming to Montreal, Mr. Carter met quite a large number of immigrants whom he had known in England, interviewed people interested in the immigration question, and conducted several services. He went to Ottawa and other cities for the same purpose. Afterwards he visited the Coppercliff mining camp, near Sudbury. Then he went west as far as Winnipeg—'a wonderful place'—from which city he journeyed into some newly-opened districts in order to see the settlers on the land. One of the most interesting settlements visited by him was Lloydminster, a place with which he was most favorably impressed. Quite a number of the settlers there he found were of a superior class, numbering among them men from Oxford, Cambridge and Woolwich.

'Did I find them happy and contented? Yes, and I found them prosperous as well. At any rate, they have a branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce there doing a good business; they had a busy store, and a busy post-office, and if these things do not spell prosperity, I do not know what does. When these people first went there they had to live in tents. They have now erected shacks and are living in these. Of course, these shacks are no more farm-houses in the English sense of the word than I am a mammoth. Still, the people are comfortable, and they have, I am bound to confess, prospects of a rosy future.'

'And what do you think of Canada, Mr. Carter? Have you enjoyed your visit?'

I have travelled such immense distances, been to so many palces, and seen so many people, that I have not had time to enjoy my visit. In fact, I have been trying to do the impossible. But I have found it to be a beautiful country, and a land of boundless possibilities. As a people I think you are much more Christian than we are. I find the standard of education in the towns is higher than at home, and the regard for sobriety is more general. I am immensely interested in the temperance question, and I am pleased to find that you have better licensing laws here than we have in England.'

'Has your study of the immigration question led you to any new conclusions?'

'Yes, I think that more selection is required on the other side, and more protection on this side. It is no good to send ne'er-do-wells to this country. We must raise the standard of those we send. As to the protection I suggest, what has struck me is that we send people over to this country and leave them desolate. We ought to have people on this side to look after them, and cheer them amid their new and strange surroundings. For this purpose I think committees should be formed in all the various centres to look after the spiritual interest of the emigrants, which, of course, involves their industrial interest—there is no such thing as separating the two. I suggested the formation of these committees to the Bishop of Ottawa, and he promised to bring the matter before the Synod.'

Mr. Carter added that he had not come to this country because he was interested in sending great numbers of people here. He was interested simply in the human side of the question. 'At the same time,' he added, 'now that I have seen the country I would like to send thousands of the right sort of people here, for I believe they would do well.'

Mrs. Carter, who, by the way, is a daughter of Thomas Hughes, the author of 'Tom Brown's School Days,' had expressed a wish to visit some of the representative schools of the city, and yesterday Mr. Arthy, the superintendent, very kindly volunteered to show her over the High School and Dufferin School. The latter Mrs. Carter wished to see because the class of scholars was much the same as those attending the schools with which she was connected in East London. Mrs. Carter admitted that she came to Canada expecting a higher standard than in England, but she was nevertheless agreeably surprised at the uniform excellence of the work done by the scholars, and the effective system in vogue. She particularly admired the High School, where the classes range from kindergarten to those for youths preparing for the university. There was no school in England, she said, which carried pupils through all the stages of education in this way.

Mrs. Carter said she had been delighted with her visit to Canada. 'And Mr. Carter,' she added, 'is immensely interested in the country. I am sure he will drag me out here again. And I am such a bad sailor.'

RAILWAY TELEGRAPHERS

THE MAN WHO CONTROLLED THE RECENT STRIKE IS IN THE CITY.

Mr. H. D. Perham, president of the International Order of Railway Telegraphers, is at present in Montreal, on his periodical tour of inspection. He was the man who controlled the recent strike of the telegraphers of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railways up to the point when they yielded to the companies' terms against his wishes. The increase of pay which the men had gained averaged only $8.50 per man per annum, he said, when questioned upon the matter. This he considered paltry, adding that neither side gained anything from the strike, which was such a costly one. Commenting upon the local situation, he said his coming indicated no change, present or future.

'We made an agreement with the C. P. R. last December, and with the G. T. R. in June,' said Mr. Perham, 'and we live up to our agreements. Everything is very satisfactory with our order in Canada. Not a ripple to disturb the calm. I shall go to Toronto to confer with Mr. David Campbell, my Canadian representative, and shall then return to St. Louis, my headquarters.'

A MONOPOLY'S RESPONSIBILITY.

The case of the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Company and Mrs. Curtis came up for hearing in the Court of Appeal. This is an appeal from a judgment confirming the verdict of the jury which allowed the respondent $10,000 damages on account of the death of her husband who was killed by an electric shock when going to the rescue of two men who themselves had received a shock through the chain of a derrick coming in contact with one of the company's live wires. The main point at issue is whether the company can be held respensible when its charter gave it the right to place the wires above ground. After hearing argument, the court took the case en delibéré.

WIDOW CLAIMS DAMAGES.

Mrs. G. Carnevale has entered an action claiming $5,000 damages from the Grand Trunk Railway Company, on account of the death of her husband, who was killed in an accident when a flat car jumped the rails, owing, it is alleged, to a switch having been left open.

DIED OF HIS INJURIES.

Nazaire Noel, the wharf laborer, who had his skull badly fractured by falling into the hold of the steamship 'Marina,' of the Donaldson line, on Monday, died at the General Hospital yesterday. He was thirty-two years of age, and resided at 7 Lagauchetiere lane. A widow and several children survive.

JUST OUT.

The following are the contents of this week's issue of 'World Wide.':—

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

English Trade Unions Congress—Labor Representation in Parliament — English Papers.
Macedonia—The Story of the Konopnitsa Massacre—By W. A. Moore, in the Manchester 'Guardian.'
The Paradox of Communistic Effort in America—The New York 'Evening Post.'
A Vacation Farm Colony—'Tribune,' New York.
The Arab's Place in History—By L. March Phillipps, in the 'Speaker,' London.
At the Pier—The Sorrows of Meeting a Friend—New York 'Press.'
The Aristocratic Mr. Hutcheson—By G. K. Chesterton, in the 'Daily News,' London.
Negro Religion — The Manchester 'Guardian.'

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

Attractive Essays on Music—By H. A. S., in the 'Westminster Gazette.'
About Old Violins—The Springfield 'Republican.'
Excellent Work of the Public-Spirited Citizens of Milan—The New York 'Sun.'

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

Nature's Quiet Work—Poem, by Matthew Arnold.
Man Was Not Born to Read—By Andrew Lang, in the New York 'Tribune.'
He Was Stevenson's Friend—Jules Simoneau—By J. A. Kleferle, in the Los Angeles 'Tribune.'
The Upton Letters—The Soul of a Schoolmaster—The 'Outlook,' London; the 'Spectator,' London.
Our Ignorance of the Life After Death—The 'Spectator,' London.
The Inevitable Catastrophe—By L.L.L., in 'T. P.'s Weekly,' London.
Some Family Correspondence—The 'Morning Post,' London.

HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

The Eclipse in Labrador—Special Correspondence of the 'Sun,' New York.
The Eclipse from the Clouds—Across the Channel in a Balloon—The 'Standard,' London.
The School City—Spread of the Idea of Teaching Self-Government to Children—The 'Sun,' New York.
How Can the North Pole be Reached?—By Anthony Fiala, in the New York 'World.'
Orchid, Lost 50 Years, Rediscovered in Tibet—The Brooklyn 'Daily Eagle.'
A Strange Cure for Snake-bite—'Chambers's Journal.'
Science Notes.

So many men so many minds. Every man in his own way.—Terence.

'World Wide' is a weekly reprint of articles and cartoons from leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

$1.50 a year to any postal address the world over. Agents wanted. John Dougall & Son, Publishers, Montreal, Canada.

The John Murphy Company Limited

Thursday, September 21st, 1905.

The New 'Countess' Shoe.

After months of careful preparation we are now as ready to serve you with Ladies' Shoes as we are with dress goods, and that is saying a great deal.

We've planned for a big shoe business by providing ourselves with absolutely the best shoe. The New "Countess" at $3.50 is a revelation of style and comfort. You can depend on it as thoroughly as though you had a last at your shoemaker's.

$2.50 to $3.75 BOOTS AND SHOES, $1.48.

Lines that the "Countess" has displaced, together with a quantity of American Shoes that we found slightly damaged on their arrival—about 200 pairs altogether—to be positively cleared out on Friday at $1.48 per pair.

Vici Kids, Dongolas, Patent Kids, and Patent Colts, Pimps, Bluchers and straight laced ones; Cuban and French Heels, light, medium and Goodyear soles; all sizes in the lot. Values $2.50 to $3.75.

Friday, $1.48

IN MILLINERY MATTERS.

On Friday we shall make a feature of displaying in one group an assortment of street hats priced at $5.00 each.

We will gather them from among the hundreds of styles and prices that go to make up our complete assortment, and no two shall be alike.

TARTAN PLAIDS IN ALL-WOOL DRESS GOODS.

A complete assortment of all the well known Scottish clans in a finely woven good weight, quality and very suitable for children's dresses, shirtwaist suits, etc. Special for Friday per yard, .43

FLANNELETTES, Regular 9c, 10c and 12½c | 7c

2,000 yards 36 inch Colored Stripe Flannelettes, in a multiplicity of colorings and patterns, and 1,000 yards White, Pink, Light Blue Saxony Flannelettes. Regular values .9, .10 and .12½.
On Friday, while they last per yard, .7

WHITE SHIRTWAISTS, Regular $1.50 together with some Colored Ones worth less. | Friday, 49c

159 Shirtwaists, some made of White Lawn, with Cluny Lace and fine tucks, or three rows of Swiss insertion and half-inch hemstitched tucks to bust; also some Colored Waists, in Zephyrs, and Ginghams, prettily tucked in front to bust, back tucked to match. Not all sizes in every line. Regular prices from .75 to $1.50.
Friday, .49 each.
(Two only to each customer.)

LADIES' UMBRELLAS, Former Prices $1.00 and $1.50 | 79c

130 Ladies' full size Umbrellas, with Silk and Wool Covers, best steel frames, and handles assorted in natural wood and fancy horn. Formerly priced at $1.00 and $1.50 each.
Friday, .79

JAPANESE SILK, 20 and 23 Inches wide, | 23c

Very fine washing quality—good weight—in a splendid range of colorings, including White, Cream, Navy and Black.
Friday, Special value, .23

LACE NECKWEAR, Regular 35c to 50c, | 25c

Friday's offering in Hand-made:
Princess Louise Stocks,
Renaissance Lace Stocks,
Imitation Rose Point, and
Point Gauzes, Guipure Lace
Stocks and Lace Jabots,
In White, Cream and Ecru.
Regular price .35 to .50.
Friday, each .25

MOREEN UNDERSKIRTS, Worth $3.00, | $2.25

Silk Finish Moreen Underskirts, in all the leading Colors, Green, Red, Navy, Brown, also Black, guaranteed not to cut, made up very full 15 inch flounce, 5 small frills and a duster, English goods. Local price $3.00.
72 to sell Friday at $2.25

LACE EDGINGS AND INSERTIONS.

When a buyer is abroad he sees many a thing that ultimately goes to make glad the heart of the economical woman at home, but nothing was seen on this buyer's last trip, in the way of little lace, that was quite equal to the lot of insertions and edgings we find ourselves able to sell on Friday

AT TEN CENTS A YARD,
instead of from .15 to .40,
just because they are loom ends.

2,000 yards of the finest quality of Guipure Lace Edgings and Insertions made in Switzerland from 1-4 of an inch to 1½ inch wide, in White, Cream, Butter, and Paris Shades. Regular prices would be .15 to .40 a yard.
Friday, .10

THOUSANDS OF YARDS OF RIBBON, Not quite worth .20, but more than .15 } Friday, .12½

3,600 Yards of new Heavy Taffeta Ribbon, in a pure silk quality and brilliant finish; a complete assortment of the best colors, Sky, Pink, White, Cream, Black, Navy, Brown, etc.; width nearly 4 inches.
Sale price Friday..... .12½

Open from 8 a.m. until 5.30 p.m.

The John Murphy Company Limited

IN THE FIELD OF LABOR.

PANTS AND VEST UNION MEETS.

An attempt will be made shortly, by local labor men, to organize the pants and vest makers of the city, who now number several hundred, and have no organization.

MORE METAL WORKERS WANTED

The weekly meeting of local 116, Amalgamated Sheet and Metal Workers' Union, was held on Tuesday evening in St. Joseph's Hall, Mr. A. Pepin presiding. The secretary reported that during the past month twenty-two new members had joined the union and good progress was being made in inducing those who had not yet joined, to become members. Trade was reported as being good, none of the members being out of employment. Several applications from employers for additional men were received, but owing to the inability of the union to supply the help needed, the applications were placed on file. The delegate to the convention of the international union, which was held at Washington, presented his report, and, after a brief discussion, it was accepted.

CHILD LABOR DENOUNCED.

Following their annual custom, the men and women employed in the clothing industry have opened the season's labors by holding mass meetings for the purpose of thoroughly organizing the garment workers of the city. The initial meeting was held on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the National Garment Workers' Union in Empire Hall. Addresses were delivered by several local labor leaders. The chairman, in his opening remarks, dwelt upon the necessity of the garment workers in Montreal prefecting their organization. Mr. M. Bailey made a spirited address in which he found fault with the garment workers of the city because they had made no attempt to have the law regarding the employment of children, effectively enforced. Mr. I. Hirschoren said it was a shame to see the constantly growing number of little children who were being employed in the Montreal factories. He hoped that the union would make it its business to remove this evil. Mr. B. Rose expressed the hope that much good would result from these gatherings. It was announced that the meetings would be continued. The question of holding fortnightly public meetings will be discussed at the next regular meeting. Mr. J. Muzzelman was the chairman.

LABOR UNION TACTICS.

Mr. Joseph E. Bayard, president of the Building Trades Council, declares that although a number of contractors have refused to sign the union scale, the Carpenters' Union is stronger in membership and solidarity than it was previous to the strike. 'Since that time, said Mr. Bayard, 'we have initiated one hundred and ten new members and we intend carrying on our campaign against certain employers by refusing to supply them with carpenters and forbidding our members to work on the buildings they are constructing. We feel that our cause is a just one and that we will eventually induce others to see the justice of our claims.'

MR. ALEX. McFEE IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 20.—Among the visitors to the harbor of New York this week is Mr. Alexander McFee, of Montreal. As a member of the Montreal Harbor Trust he is interested in this port and on Tuesday he made a careful inspection of the shipping facilities here. He was extended the courtesies of the harbor by the officials and was given every opportunity of studying port conditions from a commercial point of view.

'I think the Canadian Government,' said Mr. McFee, 'is alive to the possibilities of the St. Lawrence route and will certainly not fail to do its duty in providing every aid to navigation, including the deepening and widening of the channel, so that the largest ocean vessel may reach the port of Montreal.' It is well known what the leading steamship companies are doing for the St. Lawrence and it is now the duty of the Federal authorities to see to it that such conditions prevail that will encourage even a greater activity in our Atlantic trade than at the present time exists.'

'In New York, I notice, that the canal boats are really doing no business, while at Montreal we have vessels discharging cargoes from the great lakes, without breaking bulk. This traffic through our canals is only in its initial stages.

'New York can boast of handling a hundred and sixty million bushels of grain in one year, but I think from present appearances, it will not be long before Canada will equal this figure.

'I do not overlook the fact that Canada requires a great range of markets for her surplus wheat this season, but I am much mistaken if, in its own good time, our merchants cannot solve that problem.

'In the port of Montreal,' continued Mr. McFee, 'we are suffering just now from being compelled to limit space in accommodating vessels from the fact that we are engaged in constructing permanent sheds.'

THE LATE MRS. N. STUART.

The funeral of Hannah Elvidge, widow of the late Mr. Norman Stuart, of St. Remi, took place from the family residence on Monday, Sept. 18, and was largely attended. The services, which were held in the Beechridge Presbyterian Church, were conducted by the pastor, the Rev. A. Stevenson, assisted by the Rev. G. F. Kinnear, a former pastor, now of St. Mark's Presbyterian Church, Montreal. Five sons and two daughters survive, namely, John Stuart, of Worcester, Mass; Mrs. Mary A. Carson, Pipestone, Minn.; Prof. William Stuart, Burlington, Vermont; Mrs. Hannah Duncan, Chateauguay, Que.; Norman Stuart, St. Paul, Minn.; Duncan Stuart, Washington, D.C.

NEW PIANO BARGAINS.

Having purchased outright the piano and organ stock of C. A. McNee, of Ottawa, we are offering a large portion of this purchase at bargain prices. The bulk of the instruments consists of new upright pianos made by Heintzman & Co., Newcombe and Williams. Low prices and easy terms for immediate purchase. C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine St.

Economy

Is a strong point with Hood's Sarsaparilla. A bottle lasts longer and does more good than any other. It is the only medicine of which can truly be said

100 DOSES ONE DOLLAR

FOR JEWISH WORSHIP

BARON DE HIRSCH HALL TO BE USED AS A SYNAGOGUE.

Several prominent Jewish citizens interested in the spiritual welfare of their co-religionists who have arrived in this city during the past year, have prevailed upon the board of management of the Baron de Hirsch Institute to grant them the use of their large hall for the purpose of conducting religious services during the forthcoming Jewish New Year and Day of Atonement.

Mr. L. Holstein, who, for a number of years has been identified with Jewish relief work in this city, speaking to a 'Witness' reporter on this subject, said: 'Owing to the large influx of Jews into Montreal within the past year, and the impossibility of providing the necessary accommodation for them in the synagogues, we decided to ask the officials of the institute for the use of their hall, so that we may be able to provide means whereby the poor immigrant Jew may be permitted to worship. No charge of any kind will be made for sitting.'

When asked who were to be the officiating ministers, Mr. Holstein replied that there were, amongst the immigrants, many educated men who would gladly perform that office and that they anticipated no trouble on that score.

SABBATH DESECRATION IN QUEBEC.

Mr. J. C. Thomson, of Quebec, sends a strongly-worded letter of protest to the 'Chronicle' against Sunday sport and Sunday trading in that city. 'Disgraceful scenes,' he states, 'have been enacted for several years past on the grounds of the Q. A. A. on Sabbath afternoons by the directors permitting games of lacrosse and baseball to be played. A very strongly worded letter has recently been sent to the chairman of the Board of Directors of the Association, strongly protesting against the profanation of the Sabbath by permitting such games to be played. The quarrels and gross profanity connected with these games are specially distressing to the inmates of the Jeffery Hale Hospital, Franciscan Sisters' Convent, St. Bridget's Asylum, and Female Orphan Asylum.'

Mayor Parent, the letter proceeds, has done nothing towards the enforcement of the by-law prohibiting Sunday trading. 'Several years ago one of the most respected and honorable men who was then Treasurer of the Province of Quebec, told me in his own office that when he was Treasurer he endeavored to prosecute without fear or favor all who illegally sold liquor, but was handicapped in his endeavor to carry out the law by often ministers and priests interfering in behalf of their respective churches. We have also had for many years past entertainments of all kinds including tightrope walking and recently balloon ascensions and theatrical programmes at the Rustic Theatre on the grounds of Kent House every Sabbath afternoon, and for several Sabbaths past a band of music giving a concert, drawing away from the city and churches young men and women.'

In closing, Mr. Thomson appeals to the directors of the Quebec Railway, Light and Power Company, and to the directors of steamboat and railway companies, to ask themselves, 'Is this keeping God's commandment to observe the Sabbath?'

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY.

Mr. William McNab, first vice-president of the Caledonian Society, presided on Tuesday at the quarterly meeting held in St. Andrew's Home. The literary committee reported that arrangements had been made for a series of lectures to be delivered by the following: Mr. Justice Curran, the Rev. Robert Johnson, D.D., Dr. Robert Wilson, Col. F. S. Mackay, Major Robertson, of Toronto, and Mr. R. C. Smith, K.C. The first lecture will be delivered on Oct. 6 by Mr. Justice Curran, the subject being 'Wit and humor.' It was also decided to hold a children's concert during the early part of next January. Mr. S. S. Bain was at work last night training a choir of singers for the proposed entertainments of the coming season. The committee on games reported that the sports of Sept. 4 last were the most enjoyable in the history of the society.

FRUIT SOCIAL.

On Tuesday evening a very successful fruit social was held in the lecture hall of St. Mark's Presbyterian Church. The Rev. G. F. Kinnear acted as chairman and an excellent programme was rendered, consisting of songs by Messrs. W. E. Sweeting, J. R. Blackshaw, Stoneman, Greatorix, W. E. Barrat and the church choir; readings by Mrs. G. F. Kinnear and Messrs. W. E. Sweeting and Fernie, and violin selections by Mr. Arnold. After the programme the fruit was served and all present expressed themselves as having spent a most enjoyable evening.

GAYNOR AND GREENE JUDGMENT

Mr. Justice Guimet has given official notice that he will render judgment in the Gaynor and Greene habeas corpus case on Saturday next at 10.30 a.m.

HONORABLE ACQUITTED.

Joseph Derome, who was accused of theft, was honorably acquitted by Judge Desnoyers in the Court of Special Sessions.

FRESH CREAM CHEESE,
NoW receiving regularly Twice a Week.

FRESH FRUIT, FOR TABLE AND PRESERVING.

QUEBEC DAMSONS, Small Baskets	.50 per basket.
QUEBEC DAMSONS, Large Baskets	.70 per basket.
TOKAY GRAPES, in Baskets	$1.00 per basket.
DELAWARE GRAPES, Small Baskets	.30 per basket.
CONCORD GRAPES, 10-lb. Baskets	.30 per basket.
NIAGARA GRAPES, 10-lb. Baskets	.30 per basket.
SHELDON PEARS, in Baskets	.70 per basket.
CRAWFORD PEACHES, in Baskets	75c and 1.00 per basket.
ALEXANDRA APPLES, in Baskets	.50 per basket.
FRASER FARM APPLES (Lachine Rapids):	
McINTOSH RED, in Baskets	.70 per basket.
ST. LAWRENCE, in Baskets	.60 per basket.

GLASGOW SPICED BEEF HAM,
FOR BROILING—Just Fresh in. Also,
DEERFOOT FARM SLICED BACON.
In Glass Jars.

FRASER'S "SPECIAL" HAMS and FRASER'S "SPECIAL" BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON.

The demand is increasing every day. Little wonder, as they are without exception the VERY FINEST SUGAR CURED MEATS in Canada.

FINEST SELECTED SALTED MESS MACKEREL, in 10-lb. kits (heads and tails removed). Fresh supplies just received.

SARATOGA "LINCOLN SPRING" MINERAL WATER.
SARATOGA "PATTERSON SPRING" MINERAL WATER.

"LINCOLN SPRING" (SARATOGA) Mineral Water, $1.50 per dozen pints, $3.00 per case of 2 dozen pints.

PATTERSON SPRING (SARATOGA) Mineral Water, $2.00 per dozen pints, $3.50 per case of 2 dozen pints.

ENGLISH POTASH WATER and ENGLISH SODA WATER.

JEWSBURY & BROWN'S Manchester, England, POTASH WATER, in cylinder bottles, $1.40 per dozen, $7.25 per case of 6 dozen cylinders.

JEWSBURY & BROWN'S ENGLISH SODA WATER, in cylinder bottles, $1.40 per dozen, $7.25 per case of 6 dozen cylinders.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, ESTABLISHED 1856.
The Nordheimer Building, 207, 209 & 211 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL.

The turn of a collar, the fit of a neckband, the buttonholes of a garment, are little matters that receive great attention at the

TOILET LAUNDRY

It is through looking after little details like this that we can be sure of retaining your custom once you have given our work a trial.

290 GUY STREET.
Phones—Up 3480, 3481, 3482.

GOOD FOOD and GOOD HEALTH.

It requires the former to retain the latter. If you appreciate good things, if you desire good health, it will be to your interest to see to it that your food products are purchased at

BAKER'S GROCERY.

Everything is kept in a sanitary condition and our prices are at all times fair. For instance:
Best Creamery Butter, 5 lbs. for $1.25.
Redpath's Best Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs. for $1.00.
Fresh White Clean Rolled Oats, 7 lbs. for 25c.
2 pkgs. Orange Meat, Swiss Food, Canada Flake Force Food, Wheat Germ Meal, Wheat Marrow, Grape Nuts, for 25c.
We are receiving every morning by every express, Crawford Free Stone Peaches, Lombard Green Gages, Blue and Damson Plums, and full lines of Fresh Vegetables from every market.
Have you tried us? If not, why not now?

BAKER & CO.,
Tel. Up 3152. 2738 St. Catherine, corner of Fort Street.
THE BIG BUSY STORE.

FLOUR
FOR BREAD AND FOR PASTRY.
Whole Wheat Flour and Graham Flour for Brown Bread.
BREAKFAST CEREALS of all kinds.
BRODIE & HARVIE,
10 and 12 Bleury Street.

DID YOU buy a new fur overcoat or mantle some years ago? It's out of style now.
Chas. Desjardins & Co.,
1533-1543 St. Catherine st., will renew it and make an UP-TO-DATE garment out of it. You'll be satisfied with the work, and even with the bill, 30 to 50 p. c. cheaper than elsewhere.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
Issued by
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street.
49 Crescent Street.

Window Price Tickets
Range 5c to $10.00.
20 to the card.
Per sheet ONE CENT.
Were 15c.
MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.
STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MAKERS AND PRINTERS
1755 & 1757 Notre Dame St.,
(New Numbers 115 & 117 West)
Montreal.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
MONEY TO LEND
CUSHING & BARRON
Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building,
112 St. James Street.

CHEMISTS and Cook's Friend Baking powder pure.
DOCTORS pronounce it wholesome.
COOKS know it does the work at the right time.
HOUSEWIVES say that cake and bread raised with Cook's Friend Baking Powder are fine, dainty and delicious.

THE GAS EXPERTS.

A meeting of the Fire and Light Committee will be held on Friday for the purpose of appointing experts to inquire into the question of the cost at which the city can be supplied with gas. Some time ago Ald. Robertson brought a proposal before the committee to the effect that experts should be appointed to go thoroughly into the question of the cost of a satisfactory gas supply for the city, in order to either confirm or disprove, as the case might be, the figures supplied in this connection by the City Hall officials.

The proposal was embodied in a report, which was referred to the Finance Committee, who approved it with the alteration, made on the suggestion of Ald. L. A. Lapointe, that two experts should be appointed instead of one, as originally proposed by Ald. Robertson. The sum of $1,500 was voted to cover the expense.

The meeting was to have been held yesterday, but a quorum could not be obtained, and it was therefore postponed. The following motion will be proposed by Ald. Walsh at the next meeting:—

'That no employee who has not had at least ten years' service and is not under fifty years of age shall be regarded as qualified for future promotions in the Fire Department.'

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto
Dr. Chase's Ointment.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Malone Fair.—For the Franklin County Fair at Malone the New York Central Railroad will make special reduced rates, season tickets being sold Sept. 18 to 22 inclusive, valid for return to Sept. 23, and special one-day tickets at very low rates will be sold Sept. 20, 21 and 22. This fair is generally conceded to be one of the best fairs held in New York State and the horse races are always a special feature, being participated in by some of the fastest horses in the country. The programme this year offers better and more varied attractions than ever before.

DENTAL ASSOCIATION

TWO VETERAN PRACTITIONERS BANQUETED BY THE MEMBERS.

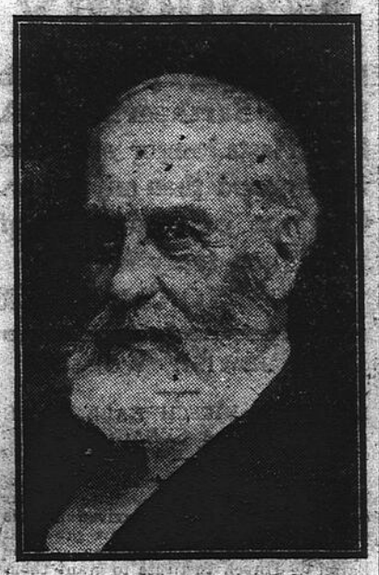
The annual meeting of the Dental Association of the Province of Quebec was held at Laval University yesterday.

Dr. R. A. Stevenson, the president, read a paper advocating Dominion registration for dentists; that is to say, a system by which a man graduating as a dentist in one province, would be entitled to practice in any other province as well. The seventy-five delegates present expressed themselves almost unanimously in favor of such a system.

The three retiring examiners from the regularly constituted board of nine, were re-elected, namely, Dr. C. F. Morison, Dr. Dubeau, and Dr. J. G. A. Gendreau. They are elected for three years, three members of the board retiring each year.

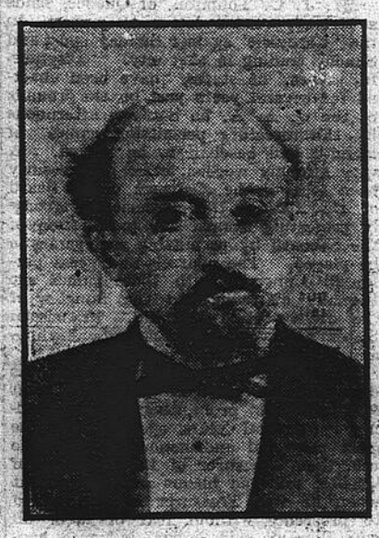
The officers of the Association for this year are:—President, Dr. Stevenson; vice-president, Dr. Lemieux (Quebec); secretary, Dr. Dubeau; treasurer, Dr. J. G. Gardner; registrar, Dr. C. F. Morison.

A banquet was held in St. Lawrence Hall last night, in celebration of the fiftieth aniversary of active practice for Dr. C. F. F. Trestler and Dr. J. A. Bazin in the province of Quebec. Both are still practicing dentistry. Sixty members of the Association attended the banquet in their honor, which was presided over by Dr. Stevenson. The toast of 'Our Guests' was proposed by Dr. W. J. Giles, and Dr. J. H. Bourdon, and the two veteran dentists replied. It fell to Dr. J. H. Springle to propose 'The Profession,' and Dr. J. Robin responded.



DR. BAZIN.

On proposing the health of the guests Dr. Giles mentioned that both gentlemen presented a remarkably fine appearance after having spent half a century in the practice of their profession. Milestone after milestone had been passed, but time had laid its hand lightly upon them. Their health and virility was an indisputable refutation of the Osterian theory. Dr. Giles thought Dr. Bazin, to whom his remarks specially referred, must have discovered the elixir of life and hoped the veteran would give his confreres the formula. Dr. Bazin's life had been an exemplary one apart from the honorable standing he had attained in his profession. He had taken great interest in musical matters, having been a member of the Montreal Philharmonic Society and the Mendelssohn choir of a few years ago. Other matters of mental and moral benefit to the community found a hearty supporter in Dr. Bazin and all would hope



DR. TRESTLER.

that he would long be spared to enjoy the well-earned rest which he would now have an opportunity to indulge in.

Dr. Bazin thanked his associates for the honor they had done him and his long-time friend, Dr. Trestler. They had been constant friends since beginning practice in Montreal in 1855. It was supposed that they had not only been longer in the practice of dentistry than any other dentists in Montreal, but longer than any others in Canada. The speaker looked back over life like a man viewing from the mountain top the pathway that led to the summit. Obstructions and toils were forgotten and only the pleasures and victories remained in contemplation. As for the elixir of life, hard work and temperate habits, he thought, were the secrets of his long and happy life. He indulged in gardening and outdoor exercise as much as possible, and healthful social interests kept his mind always in cheerful and optimistic mood, which made for good health.

Becoming reminiscent, the doctor referred to the time when he came to Montreal from Boston. The vicinity of the post-office was then the centre of the city. There were then only six dentists in Montreal, two in Quebec, one at Three Rivers, and one other in the Eastern Townships, making ten altogether in this province. That was in 1855. Now there were nearly one hundred dentists in Montreal and about a hundred and fifty in Quebec province.

The doctor admitted his interest in musical matters. He joined the choir of the American Presbyterian Church in 1856, and sang in it for thirty years. He had been associated with Mr. Joseph Gould and was largely instrumental in getting that gentleman to identify himself in choir work, which he took up with such success. Dr. Bazin was a charter member of the Mendelssohn and Philharmonic choirs and had sung in every public hall in Montreal except the Monument National. He said he now sings in the choir at Ormstown, where he is at present residing. He closed a most interesting address by urging the members of the profession to keep before them high ideals in their professional and social life.

Dr. Bourdon expressed his appreciation at being called upon to say a few words regarding the pioneers among the Montreal dentists who were the guests of the evening. He congratulated them on their unique record and wished them continued happiness and long years of life and health. He spoke particularly in reference to Dr. Trestler whom he had known intimately for many years, four of which he had spent in Dr. Trestler's office. Dr. Trestler was widely known and universally honored within and without professional circles. He began practice on Craig street in 1855. There were then few of the mechanical appliances in use by the profession today and great improvements had been made since that time. Dr. Trestler had interested himself in the incorporation of the Dental Association, which was effected in 1869. He had done much in connection with formulating the laws and regulations governing the association and also in the organization of the Dentological Society and the Dental College, for both English and French students. Dr. Trestler had been for years on the board of examiners and several times president of the association. The speaker expressed the hope that the younger dentists would follow the high example that had been set them, and closed his speech by wishing both the veterans his own and the association's heartiest congratulations.

Dr. Trestler made a suitable reply, thanking the members for the honor they had done him, and reciprocating all the good wishes they had expressed towards him and Dr. Bazin.

FOR CHARITY'S SAKE

Woman Collector in the Police Court This Morning

PLEA MADE FOR HER ON THE GROUND THAT SHE IS ADDICTED TO MORPHINE.

Mrs. Margaret Varney, 40 years of age, giving her address as Mount Pleasant avenue, Westmount, was arraigned before Mr. Lafontaine this morning charged with having obtained money by false pretences. The accused was arrested under circumstances reported yesterday, after she had tried to collect money for the Protestant Infants' Home, Guy street. At first the woman refused to give her name and address, and told conflicting stories in maintaining that she was innocent. She told Chief Carpenter that her home was in Ottawa, where her family was well connected, but she had not been there for a few years. The detectives have been looking out for a woman who has lately been collecting money in the city for different charitable institutions, and then appropriating the contributions to her own use.

When the case was called in the Police Court this morning Mr. Quinn, of Messrs. Quinn & Co., ice merchants, William street, stated that he recognized the accused as the woman who went into their office about three months ago collecting money for what she called the Infants' Home on Mountain street. Witness's father, thinking the money was for the Hervey Institute, gave the accused ten dollars. He did not sign any book, and directly the woman left witness telephoned to the Hervey Institute and the Boys' Home on Mountain street, and the reply he got to each inquiry was that there was no one authorized to collect money on their behalf. Witness then gave information to the police.

The manager of the Standard Dairy Company said the accused called on him last Saturday about ten a.m., and said she was collecting money for the Orphans' Home on Cote des Neiges road. He gave her seventy-five cents, and his suspicions being afterwards aroused, he made enquiry at the place mentioned by the accused, and also at the Orphans' Home on Guy street, and ascertained that the woman had no authority from either of these places to collect money. They said they had heard other reports of a woman being out collecting money on their behalf, and witness thereupon communicated with the police.

On Mr. Lafontaine expressing his intention to remand the accused until next Wednesday for enquete, Mr. Craig, grocer, St. Antoine street, stepped forward and pleaded earnestly for immediate consideration of her case. 'This poor lady,' he said, 'I know only through her friends, and she has been, I am afraid, in the habit of taking morphine. Her daughter is a wealthy lady living at Westmount, and there is no reason at all why Mrs. Varney should go about collecting money in this way. Her other daughter is a trained nurse, and a most estimable lady. I think morphine has something to do with this trouble, and if you will give the accused another chance I am willing to repay the $10 and the 75 cents named in the charges. I do not think her relatives know she is here.

Mr. Lafontaine said if these were the only two cases against the accused he might take Mr. Craig's appeal into consideration, but if she had been doing this dishonest collecting regularly he could not do anything of the kind. It was a very serious offence.

Mr. Craig remarked that if the woman were discharged he thought she would be properly looked after, and he was willing to undertake to pay $25 to any of the hospitals if she appeared in court again.

'I must see Chief Detective Carpenter,' said the magistrate, 'in order to get to know the extent of the wrong committed. If the woman has defrauded the public she must be punished. But if these are only two isolated cases, it may be a different thing. I will remand the case until next Wednesday, and in the meantime I will consult with her family if they come forward. I would prefer they would take charge of her.'

The accused, when asked what she had to say for herself, denied that she was in the city on the date that Mr. Quinn, sr., gave $10 to a woman.

Mr. Quinn, jr., however, said he was confident it was the accused to whom the money was paid, and Constable Connors stated that when arrested yesterday, she admitted having received it.

The accused was remanded until next Wednesday.

GOLF AT DIXIE

The fourth day of the ladies' golf championships opened this morning under ideal conditions. The sun was brilliant and the atmosphere was tempered by a soft breeze, whilst broken clouds floated in the sky. The attendance was large and, for the first time during the tourney, the links presented a very brilliant appearance. Keen interest was taken in the different events, and all three classes of competition, driving, putting and approaching, developed fine work.

The results in the 'driving' competition were as follows:—

Mrs. A. S. Woodruff, 111, 120 and 140 yards; total, 371 yards.

Miss Eva Molson, 111, 117 and 130 yards; total, 358 yards.

Most of the competitors lost by constantly foozling.

In the 'approaching' competition, Miss Phepoe won first place with a record of 3, 2 and 3; a total of eight.

Four competitions were so close that they had to play off for second place. They were, Miss L. Parkes, Miss S. L. Cains, Miss Thomson and Miss Johnson.

THE FIRST RUSH

Science Sophomores Laid in Wait for Freshmen

RESULT WAS DISASTROUS TO THE NEWCOMERS.

According to time honored custom, the McGill Science Sophomores gave the incoming Freshmen a lesson in humility of demeanor this morning, by rushing them over the steep bank at the entrance of the physics building.

Ropes and barricades were arranged so that none of the prospective victims, who were having a lecture in the physics building, might escape, and the Sophomores lined up outside the door, in waiting.

When the Freshmen appeared the Sophomores were on them with a rush and had things all their own way almost from the start. The class of 09 is an unusually small one, and this, combined with their lack of knowledge of the ground, of one another, and of 'rush' tactics, made their exceedingly plucky efforts of little avail.

Before they knew it, most of them found themselves in a more or less inverted condition at the foot of the steep embankment, and by the time they could make any effectual effort to regain the top the Sophomores had formed a solid phalanx which they were practically unable to break.

They struggled gamely for nearly a quarter of an hour, and then, tired out, and their clothes showing decided signs of wear and tear, they reluctantly gave up the attempt to storm the heights.

The Sophomores signalized their victory by triumphant yells, and the only comfort the crestfallen Freshmen had was the knowledge that they, too, would some day be Sophomores.

THE SCOTT ACT

TEMPERANCE PEOPLE OF PRINCE COUNTY, P.E.I., ASK FOR ITS REPEAL.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The Secretary of State is in receipt of a letter to-day asking for a vote in Prince County, Prince Edward Island, upon the repeal of the Canada Temperance Act (Scott Act), which has been in force in that district ever since its enactment, twenty-seven years ago. The temperance people of Prince County say they would rather replace the Scott Act by the prohibition law recently passed by the Island Legislature. Two thousand people, therefore, friends of the temperance movement, have signed the request for a vote to repeal the Scott Act, so that the provincial statute may be brought into effect.

MME. SCHUMANN-HEINCK ILL.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 21.— Mme. Schumann-Heinck arrived here this morning suffering from throat trouble. A specialist was consulted, and the prima donna was hurried to New York for treatment. The local engagement tonight was cancelled. The 'Love's Lottery' company remains here until word is received from the New York management regarding the filling of future engagements.

DAVIS FOUND GUILTY.

Richard Davis was found guilty this afternoon on the charge of stealing registered letters.

COMMERCIAL

CHICAGO MARKETS

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., Bell Telephone Building, Montreal, report the closing prices in Chicago to-day as follows:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat, Dec.	84⅝	85⅛	84⅝	84¾
May	86¾	87	86⅝	86⅝
Corn, Dec.	45⅛	45½	45⅛	45¼
May	44⅝	44½	44¼	44⅜
Oats, Dec.	29	29	29	29
May	30⅞	31	30⅝	30¾
Pork, Oct.	....	14.95	14.90	14.90
Jan.	12.30	12.37	12.30	12.35b
Lard, Oct.	7.60	7.67	7.62	7.65
Jan.	6.80	6.80	6.77	6.80
Short ribs, Oct.	8.62	8.72	8.62	8.67
Jan.	6.42	6.47	6.45	6.47

THE WHEAT MARKET

Wheat to-day was strong and higher on bullish cables and Russian crop news, with shorts the best buyers. The September option closed at 84⅝c in Chicago; December at 84¾c, and May at 86¾c.

Corn was fairly active and higher, following wheat, and on firm cables, closing at 52¼c for September, 45¼c for December, and 44⅝c asked for May.

Oats were fractionally higher, closing at 28¼c for September, 29c for December, and 30⅜c for May.

Winnipeg wheat was higher with Chicago, and closed at 78⅞c for September, and 77⅝c for October.

FINANCIAL

LOCAL STOCKS.

AFTERNOON SALES.

C.P.R.—25 at 176 1-8, 60 at 175¾.
Street Ry.—35 at 225.
Twins—50 at 117 1-8.
Mackay preferred—13 at 74⅞.
Havana pref—75 at 70⅝.
Power—70 at 92, 5 at 92½.
Detroit—25 at 83¼, 25 at 93 1-8, 5 at 93¼.
Mont. Cot.—1 at 119, 25 at 119¼.
Tex. bonds—2 at 90½.

MORNING CALL.

Reported by McDougall & Cowans, Stockbrokers, Montreal and Quebec, at 12.30 to-day.

	Sellers	Buyers		Sellers	Buyers
C.P.R...xd	176¼	176½	do pfd....	....	70
Soo.....	141⅝	141¾	Sao Paulo xd.	157	....
M.S.R.....	226½	225	Rich & Ont.	....	....
Tor. St. xd.	104⅝	104	Power.....	92½	92
TwinCity..	118	117¼	Capital Pr.Co.	....	10
Detroit....	93¼	93½	do. pfd.	....	33
Halifax xd.	107	106½	Dom Steel.	21¾	21¼
Toledo....	35½	34¼	do. pfd	....	69
St. John	....	....	Coal com..	80	76¾
Winnipeg..	....	185	Coal pfd.	....	....
West India	....	45	Incl. Coal	....	....
Havana Elec	24	23¼	" " pfd	....	....

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mont.Steel	....	....	Mackay pf1 xd	75	74¼
do. pfd....	....	109	L. Wd's pf1.	113¼	112¾
N.S. Steel.	65¾	65¼	do.com..xd	98	96
do. pfd..	....	....	L. Paper....	....	....
			" " pfd.....	....	....
Mon. Tel...	172	165	Mont.Cot....	120	118¾
Bell Tel...	160	155	Textile	95	91
Ogilvie pf1	132	123	Can. Col. Co.	....	....
Mackay....	49¾	42¼			

BANKS.

Montreal....	257½	256½	Quebec.....	....	131
Molsons xd..	230	227	Union.....	....	145
Merchants...	....	163½	Commerce...	169	163¾
Royal xd.....	....	....	Hochelaga...	145	142¼
Eastern.....	....	....	Nova Scotia	....	....
Toronto	....	....	Ottawa.....	....	....

BONDS

Dom.I.&S...	84	81½	Dom. Coal..	....	....
Mont.St.Ry..	105½	104½	Ogilvie.....	....	....
N. S. Steel..	....	....	Can. Col. Co.	....	....
Bell Tel.....	....	....	Win. Elec...	....	....
Laurentide..	....	....	M.L. & P.....	103	101
Pao soulo...	....	....	Lake of Woods	112	111
Havana E.Ry.	95	92½			

NEW YORK STOCKS.

MARKET OPINIONS.

Laidlaw & Co.—There is still a wide divergence of views among the speculative element as to the immediate movement of the stock market, although the action of prices yesterday converted many to the bull side. There are a number of conservative commission houses, however, who still hesitate to unqualifiedly advise speculative purchases until the monetary outlook becomes clearer.

J. B. Picken & Co.—We would become a little less aggressive on the long side of C.P.R. owing to the sharp rally, foreshadowed yesterday morning.

McDougall & Cowans.—Complaints of the lack of business on the part of commission houses are general. Neither declines nor advances have so far brought the public into the market, and the impression has now gained ground that the large interests which are no doubt carrying large lines of stock, have come to the conclusion that the only way to attract outside speculation is by putting stocks considerably higher. Whether they will endeavor to do so with the money market in its present uncertain condition remains to be seen. Renewals of call loans have been made at 3¾ percent, at which rate most of the new accommodations have been secured.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the Witness by C. D. Myer, Hospital street, Local Manager of J. S. Bache & Co., New York, by direct wire.

Opening and Closing Prices Sept. 21.

Stocks.	Op'g	Clos.	Stocks.	Op.	Clos
Amal. Cop..	73⅝	73¾	Miss Pac..	107¼	107
Amer. Loco..	55⅝	53¾	M.S.R.....	142¾	143¾
do. pref.	118	114	do. pref..	....	....
Am. Sugar..	139⅞	140⅝	Met. Trac..	128	128
do. pref...	....	....	N.Y. Cent.	152⅜	151¾
Am. Smelt..	127⅛	127⅞	N.Y. Erie.	51¼	51¾
Am. Car Fry.	36⅝	36¾	do. 1pr.	83	82
Anaconda ..	117⅞	117	do. 2d..	75¼	74½
Atchison....	91	78⅝	Ont. & W..	55	54½
do. pref..	105¾	105	North. Sec.	....	....
Balt. & Ohio	113⅝	112⅞	Nort. & Wes	86¼	85½
Balt.&Opref.	....	....	Omaha	....	....
BrooklynR.T	69	68¼	Pac. Mail..	....	43¾
Chic. & Alton	....	....	Penn. R.R.	45¾	144⅝
Can. Pac....	153⅝	175⅞	Pressed st'l	45¾	45¾
Can. South..	....	....	do. pref..	....	....
Ches. & Ohio	59½	58¾	P'ple's Gas.	104	104⅛
Chic. & N.W.	216	216	Phila. & R'd	123¾	123⅝
Chic., St. P	182	181½	do. 1 pref	....	92
Col. South...	....	....	do. II pref	....	....
do. 1pref..	....	....	Baltimore ..	....	....
do. II pref.	....	....	Rock Isl'd	33¾	33⅝
Con.Gas.NY	....	....	South Ry ...	36¼	37¼
Col. Fuel &I.	44¾	44½	do. pref..	101½	100¾
Corn Prod...	13⅜	12¾	South. Pac.	84½	85
do pref....	....	....	Ten. C. &I.	83¼	83¼
Cleve'd CC.	....	....	Texas Pac.	36¾	36¾
Detroit U.R.	....	....	Twin City..	....	....
Del. L. & W.	....	....	U.S. Leath	....	....
Del., & Hud.	223	222½	do. pref. xd	....	....
Denv. Rio G..	36	36	U.S. Steel..	37⅞	37⅜
do. pref....	....	....	do. pref...	104¾	104⅞
Dul. S. S. & A	18¾	18¾	U.S. Rub'r	57½	56¾
do. pref....	36¼	36	do. pref.	112¾	112⅝
G. North pfd	328	326½	Union Pac.	138⅞	138⅝
Gen. Elec...	173¾	176⅞	do. pref..	....	....
Hock. Valley	....	....	Wabash....	23¼	23¾
Jersey Cen..	....	....	do. pref..	43¾	43¾
Iowa Cen....	29¼	28¼	W. Unionxd	....	....
do. pref....	57¾	56	Wis. Cen...	....	....
Kan. & Tex..	34¼	34⅜	do. pref	....	....
do. pref....	69¾	69¾			
Lo'sv. & Nas.	151½	153¾			
Man. Elev...	....	....			

LONDON QUOTATIONS

London, Sept. 21, 4 p.m.—Consols for money 89 11-16; do. for account 89¾.

Anaconda..	6⅛	Erie.....	53½	Reading..	68⅞
Atchison...	93¾	do. 1 pfd.	88	do. 1 pfd.	87
do. pfd....	106¾	do. 2 pfd.	77	do. 2 pfd	67
B. & O.....	116⅞	Ill. Cent..	146⅛	Southern.	37⅛
C.P.R.....	182	Lou. & N..	156⅞	do. pfd..	105
Ches. & O...	61	Kan. & Tex	35	South Pac	70⅝
Chic. G. W.	22⅜	N. Y. C...	156⅜	Un. Pac..	137⅜
Chic. M.&S.P	168	Nor'k & W	85¼	do. pfd...	99
De Beers...	17⅞	do. pfd..	96	U.S. Steel	36⅝
Denv'r R.G.	37	Ont. & West	36⅝	do. pfd..	105
do. pfd.	92	Penna....	74⅝	Wabash..	24
St. Paul....	....	Rand Mines	9	do. pfd..	45

Spanish Fours, 92⅝.

Bar silver steady, 28 9-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¾ to 2 percent.

Discount rates, short bills, 3 percent; do. for months bills, 3 percent.

L. J. Forget & Co.'s cable: G.T.R., 1st, 115; 2nd, 101; 3rd, 81⅞; C.P.R., 161; H.B., 81.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Reported by J. B. Picken & Co.:

	Between Banks.
New York funds	1-32d—Par.
Sterling, 60 days	8 7-16—15-32
Sterling demand	9 3-32— 5-32
Sterling cables	9 7-32
Francs	18¾

Barely steady.

Exchange value of £1 sterling is $4.84.9 to $4.85.1.

New York, Sept. 21.—Noon.—Money on call firm at 3½ percent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½ to 5. Exchanges, $271,416,779.

FOR THE LATEST STYLES IN

Tailor-made Costumes, Skirts, Collarettes, Coats, Blouses, Fur Lined Collarettes, Etc., Etc., Go to

MARCHAND'S STORES,

WHICH ARE THE LARGEST IN CANADA FOR

Ladies' Wear.

The long experience we have had in Ladies' Wear, which is our only occupation, and the large quantities that we manufacture and sell every year to permit our designers, tailors and servers to reach by an every day practice the highest degree of perfection in the art of cutting, adjusting and the finish.

Our numerous departments of Costumes, Skirts, Coats and Capes are loaded with the latest styles for fall and winter 1905-06, the styles are unique, goods of the best choice, all colors, elegant cut, perfect fitting, thus manufacturing the largest part of our goods.

Although a big advance in Furs this fall, our prices will be the same, as we bought before the prices went up the large quantity of furs we need every year in the make of our Capes and Coats lined with furs.

A NICE COSTUME $10.00

Costumes of Mixed Tweed Cloth or Melton, in colors of brown, blue marine, grey or black, coat, corset style, new style sleeves, skirt made with plait, extra finish, first class cut. Sold $15 to $17.

Friday and Saturday.. .. ..

$10.00

Costumes of Mixed Tweed, length, 7-8, in colors of brown, green, grey, etc., latest style coat, large sleeves, skirts with plaits.

THE MOST ELEGANT COSTUMES Only $17.50.

Costumes in Mixed Tweeds, lengths, 7-8 coat, corset style, with plait, new style sleeves, skirts tailor-made, very wide, first class finish, regular value $28.00. Friday and Saturday.. .. ..

$17.50

Great choice in coats, corset style, length 1-2, 3-4, 7-8, made of covert cloth, light or dark shades, latest style of the season, perfect cut, extra finish, all prices.

If you do not find in our large assortment what you require, we will make you to order a Costume, Skirt or Coat in a very short time, for the same price that you would pay for ready-made goods at any other place. Satisfaction guaranteed.

4 Stores:

1871 Notre Dame St. 1453 St. Catherine St.
New Number 303 & 305 Notre Dame West.
129 St. Lawrence Main St. 2323 St. Catherine St.

McKEOWN'S.

Flavor and Moisture are the Essentials in Bread.

Phone Up 2574.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EXPANSION OF DETROIT

August Net Constitutes High Record in History of the Electric Company

C.P.R. BECOMES ACTIVE ON LOCAL MARKET AND TOUCHES 177 EX-DIVIDEND—'SOO' MAKES HIGH RECORD—GENERAL TONE IS HOPEFUL.

Another big increase is to be recorded in the net earnings of the Detroit United Railway Company for the month of August. The net returns for August are the highest on record, aggregating $227,327, which is an improvement of $20,496 on the figures for the month of August, 1904. The business of the company has shown steady expansion since the beginning of the year, the net earnings for the eight months to date ,making the very fine showing of $1,333,837, or an increase of $208,665 over the corresponding period a year ago. The surplus for the eight months was $627,228 contrasted with $439,586 last year, showing an improvement of $187,642. There was a most encouraging reduction in the cost of operating during the month of August, when compared with the previous month of July. The percentage of expenses to gross in August being 55.35, compared with 56.80 in July. There have been some rather unsettling rumors floating around in regard to the franchise the company enjoys, but interests very closely connected with the stock show no anxiety in this respect. The stock has been in a very strong position for some time, the tremendous monthly increases being justification for the greatest optimism in regard to the future of the system. The stock was recently raised from a four to a five percent basis, and during the months preceding the publication of the increase rose to around 97 on the strength of the contemplated change. Immediately afterwards the stock dropped back to around 93, thus giving the high rate of return of 5.37 percent on the investment. This would suggest that there has been more or less manipulation in this stock. There is evidently a strong interest picking up all that is offering at around 93 to 94, but the buying is not persistent and immediately stops on any appearance of an inclination to move further. Nevertheless, the stock must soon take a turn and assume a position more in keeping with its fine record of monthly earnings. It has been billed for par for some time now, but it is more than likely that it will touch that point before the public starts buying.

For the second week of September gross earnings of the 'soo' line amounted to $208,096, which is an increase of $51,993 over the same period last year. The fiscal year to date, July 1 to Sept. 14, gross is shown at $1,869,209, an increase of $414,483 over the corresponding period of 1904.

Duluth earnings for the second week of September amounted to $62,447, an increase of $9,550. Gross from July 1 to Sept. 14, amounted to $661,831, an increase of $31,109.

The rate of discount of the Bank of England remains unchanged to-day at 3 percent.

Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie common and preferred books were opened yesterday.

The Lake Superior Corporation directors' meeting has been postponed till Sept. 27.

A Hamilton despatch says that the Hart Emery Wheel Company and the Canadian Corundum Wheel Company have been amalgamated. The new name of the company is the Canadian Hart Corundum Wheel Company. The capital stock is $75,000. The incorporators are A. S. Devine, F. H. Whitton, George F. Webb, Harley E. Sherk, C. S. Wilcox, and Charles D. Warren, the last four named being the provisional directors.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Terminal Railway Company will be held to-day.

It is reported that the Lehigh Portland Cement Company, of New York, will establish at Belleville, the largest cement plant in the Province of Ontario. The plant will have a daily capacity of 2,500 barrels.

A WASH SALE.—Q.—When is a sail not a sail? A.—When it's awash.—Wall Street Journal.'

Havana Electric Railway Company's earnings, Spanish silver, for week ending Sept. 19, amounted to $39,665, compared with $33,489 a year ago, being an increase of $6,176.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada has declared a quarterly dividend of 2 percent, payable Oct. 16, to stockholders of record Sept. 30.

Twin City's net for August was $245,512 compared with $210,599 a year ago. The surplus is shown at $143,304, an increase of $25,130. Eight months net was $1,626,508, compared with $1,490,077 last year. Surplus for the eight months was $832,708, an increase of $67,922 over the corresponding period a year ago. The August net shows a decrease of $1,540 when compared with the figures for the previous month of July. The latter month was, however, a particularly heavy one and far exceeded the earnings of any previous month.

The opening tone of the New York market to-day was strong in spite of sharp reactions in one or two of the high-priced stocks which made wide gains yesterday. The failure of the Bank of England to advance its discount rate was a very favorable influence as a change was quite expected and the anticipation caused a falling off in prices during yesterday's business. Canadian Pacific rose 1¼ on that market in the early trading. The 'Soo' also advanced 1¼ point, New York Central rose 1 1-8, and Delaware and Hudson 1½. The local market received quite a stimulant from the number of orders received for Canadian Pacific for buyers here. It is rather surprising that interest should at this late hour be displayed in the stock by Canadians, but it is the inevitable rule of stock operations that the top, or what appears to be an inflated value, should be more attractive than a price that can be reasonabley counted on by the speculator. The price of the stock on this market was 177 at one time of this morning's session, the closing quotation being ½ point less than that. There was some active buying on the advancing tide, something like 600 shares selling during the course of the morning. The stock is selling ex-dividend of course, and with the dividend added the price can be considered to have reached the 180 mark. Montreal Power recovered what was lost yesterday, and there was somewhat of a revival of the old-time buying in the stock. The market opened at 92 ,dropped a small fraction and later sold at 92¼, the closing price being at the even rate of 92. About 300 shares were exchanged in the stock. 'Soo' common made a new high level at 143½, the previous high record was 142 1-8, made about the second week in August. The stock is held very well and little is being offered for distribution although the price has completely run away from its relationship with the dividend return. Detroit was also active at 93¼ to 93, the market was rather weaker in this stock. Three hundred shares sold at the range already given. Mackay preferred was a fraction lower at 74¾. Scotia was higher at 65¾. The Iron issues continue to be conspicuous by the want of interest displayed.

Halifax Railway and Sao Paulo selling ex-dividend to-day.

MORNING EXCHANGE SALES.

Iron—15 at 21¾, 5 at 21½.
Montreal Street Bonds—$100 at 104.
Telephone—4 at 158.
Bank of Montreal—2 at 258, 3 at 257½.
Hochelaga Bank—22 at 142¼.
Bank of Commerce—4 at 169, 25 at 168¾, 20 at 168½.
'Soo' common—50 at 143½.
Sao Paulo—25 at 137.
Mackay preferred—2 at 75, 25 at 74¾.
Scotia—50 at 65¾.
C.P.R.—125 at 176½, 50 at 176¾, 25 at 176¼, 50 at 176¾, 50 at 176¾, 25 at 177, 70 at 176½, 25 at 177, 5 at 176½, 50 at 176¾, 100 at 176½.
Power—25 at 92, 27 at 91¾, 5 at 92¼, 35 at 92, 100 at 91¾, 35 at 92¾, 30 at 92.
Detroit—200 at 93¼, 50 at 93 1-8, 50 at 93.

GRAIN MARKETS.

There are no new developments on the local flour markets and trade is quiet at prices that are ruling fairly steady. Advices from Toronto state that the export trade in Ontario flour has fallen off somewhat on account of the increase in ocean freight rates.

The market for millfeed seems to be operating under an easier feeling; prices are unchanged but the demand is not so strong and jobbers report only a moderate volume of business passing.

Oats are selling on a quiet local market for 34c to 34½c for No. 2 white and 33c to 33½c for No. 3, but some enquiry and sales are reported by exporters at satisfactory prices.

Considerable trade is reported in baled hay and prices are ruling firm under a steady demand for export account. Local trade is fairly active and offerings of considerable quantities of loose hay brought in by farmers are finding a ready market.

Rolled oats are quiet and unchanged at $2.20 to $2.25 per bag. To-day's receipts by rail and canal were 7,766 bushels of oats, 7,576 bushels of barley, 202 barrels of meal and 175 barrels of flour.

DAIRY PRODUCE

Exporters report an improvement in the demand for butter from the English market, and though no material changes have been made either in the prices or the quantity of butter shipped, the outlook is better and some improvement in trade is anticipated. Fancy stock is quoted locally at 21½c to 21¾c, and 20⅞c to 21¼c for good to fine.

Considering the easy feeling on the local and British markets, cheese keeps remarkably firm on the Canadian country boards and it is evident that those who are paying the high prices that are,and have been ruling, must be getting some encouragement from their opinion of the market. An affect of these high prices which we have mentioned before is that farmers find that it pays to give extra feed to their milch cows, and in this connection one factoryman near Napanee reports that he is turning out now five cheese per day more than last month. This is an example of what can be done when in the ordinary course of events the make would be falling off about this time.

There is a somewhat firmer tone to the local market and holders are unwilling to sell cheese lower than 11c to 11 1-8c for Quebecs, and 11¼c to 11⅝c for Westerns.

Woodstock, Ont., Sept. 20.—Boarded, 2,100 boxes of white and 2,400 boxes of colored cheese. The bidding opened at 10⅞c to 11½c. The price was refused on the board, but on the street it was accepted for about 1,000.

Picton, Ont., Sept. 20.—Boarded, 1,225 colored cheese; 11 3-16c offered. No sales on board.

Stirling, Ont., Sept. 20.—Boarded, 795 boxes cheese. Sales, 255 at 11⅝c, 85 at 11 c-16c. Balance refused at 11 5-16c.

Peterborough, Ont., Sept. 20.—Boarded, 4,200 boxes colored cheese. All sold at 11⅝c and 11½c.

Three Rivers, Sept. 19.—Boarded, 302 boxes of butter and 232 cheese were offered. Cheese sold at 10⅞c and salted butter at 21⅝c.

The Sovereign Bank of Canada

Capital, Reserves and Undivided Profits over $2,000,000.
Total Assets, - - - - over $12,000,000

ACCEPTS sums of $1.00 and upwards on deposit in Savings Department.
BUYS and Sells Exchange on all parts of the world.
COLLECTS Drafts, Coupons, Dividends, etc., on the most favorable terms.
Does a General Banking Business.

MAIN OFFICE:
232 to 236 St. James Street.

BRANCH OFFICE:
2608 St. Catherine St. (Cor. Guy St.)

TORONTO MARKETS

LIGHT RECEIPTS OF ONTARIO WHEAT AFFECT PRICES—FLOUR DULL AND WEAKER—GOOD DEMAND FOR BEST GRADE BARLEY.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 21.—Wheat—Ontario receipts have not been so heavy as was expected, and prices are holding firmer, in sympathy with Winnipeg and Chicago markets. Any urgent demand requires to pay a premium over current quotations and this is more marked in No. 2 white, for which 74½c has been paid, at outside points. No. 2 red and white is quoted at 73c to 74c at outside points. There is some inquiry for goose at 66c to 67c,spring being dull at 66c to 67c.

Wheat—Manitoba—The report of yesterday's receipts at Winnipeg shows 214 cars against 21 the same day last year. Of these 87 percent were the three highest grades, ½ No. 1 hard, 132 No. 1 northern, and 42 No. 2 northern. Only three were No. 3 northern, and 25 other grades. Some No. 1 hard of the new crop has been sold to Ontario millers at 86c, lake ports, the price of No. 1 northern being easier at 84c to 85c, while No. 2 northern is firmer at 83c, the shorter supplies of this quality being responsible for the reduction in the split between prices. Old crop quotations are 90c for No. 1 northern, and 87c for No. 2 northern at lake ports.

Flour—Ontario—The market is dull and weaker, the advance in ocean freight rates affecting prices for export; 90 percent patents are offered for export at $3, buyers bags, east and west.

Manitoba quotations on old crop flour are unchanged at $5.20 to $5.30 for first patents, $4.90 to $5.00 for second patents, and $4.80 to $4.90 for bakers.

Mill Feed—Ontario bran is in better demand at $11.50 to $12.00 per ton in car lots outside, while shorts are dull at $16 to $17.50.

Manitoba bran, $16 to $17; shorts, $19 to $20 at Toronto and equal points.

Oats—The market is firmer at 29c to 29½c for No. 2 outside.

Barley—The variable quality of the crop makes a good demand for the best, and 44c to 46c is bid for No. 2; the price for lower grades is 38c to 42c according to quality at outside points.

Rye—There is more inquiry, and the price is firm at 56c to 57c outside.

Peas—No. 2, 56c to 57c outside.

Corn—There is no present inquiry for American, which is quoted at 61c for No. 3 yellow, and 61½c for No. 2 yellow, lake and rail freights.

Rolled Oats unchanged; $4.75 bor barrels in car lots on track here, and $4.50 for bags, 25c more for broken lots here.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENT TO AUSTRALIA IN MONTREAL.

Mr. J. S. Larke, the Canadian commercial agent to Australia, at present in Canada, will be in the council chamber of the Board of Trade on Monday, Sept. 25, when he will be glad to meet any of the members of the Board of Trade interested in trade with Australia.

BANK OF ENGLAND STATEMENT.

London, Sept. 21.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased	£371,000
Circulation, decreased	397,000
Bullion, decreased	25,788
Other securities, increased	1,348,000
Other deposits, decreased	533,000
Public deposits, increased	2,239,000
Notes reserve, increased	825,000
Gov't securities	Unchanged

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 44.81 percent, compared with 45.54 percent last week.

London, Sept. 21.—The rate of discount of the Bank of England remained unchanged to-day at 3 percent.

APPLE SHIPMENTS TO UNITED KINGDOM.

Shipments of apples to the United Kingdom for week ending Sept. 16:

	Barrels.
New York, Boston and Montreal	25,619
Corr. week last year	26,178
New York and Montreal to London	332
Corr. week last year	18,473
Decrease	17,461
New York, Montreal and Boston to Glasgow	14,526
Corr. week last year	19,063
Decrease	4,237
New York to Hamburg	1,680
Corr. week last year	1,042
Increase	632
New York and Montreal to various ports	1,843
Corr. week last year	210
Increase	1,633
Total for week	44,000
Total for corr. week, 1904	64,969
Decrease	20,169

Liverpool cable of Sept. 18 instant says that apples landing in somewhat heated condition; selling 10s 6d to 20s.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

London, Sept. 20.—The offerings at the wool sales to-day amounted to 18,582 bales, including a superior selection of fine merinos and good, greasy crossbreds. Competition was animated. Home buyers were active, taking crossbreds freely. Americans took several parcels of good greasy combings. Scoureds were in large supply, and in keen demand for the Continent. Inferior grades were frequently bought in owing to the high limits of sellers. Cape of Good Hope and Natal fine were in brisk demand, but inferior greasy was dull.

ANOTHER BUSINESS ACQUIRED.

The C. W. Lindsay, Limited, of this city, have recently purchased the piano business of C. A. McNee, in Ottawa. The purchase includes about a hundred pianos and a large stock of music and musical instruments. The business will be continued in Ottawa under the name of C. W. Lindsay, Limited, under the management of Mr. J. Raper.

You Want YOUR FURS REPAIRED

in a proper manner, of course. Then see

CHAS. DESJARDINS & CO.,

1538-1542 St. Catherine street, 30 to 50 below ordinary cost, and still *better work*. See for yourself.

Bargains.

FOR SALE, AN EMPIRE PIANO, FULL compass. Apply 282a Laval avenue.

INFANTS' BIBS, MAIDS' APRONS, IN White Embroidered Lawn; large variety in both lines; Bibs, 5c to $1.00; Aprons, 45c to $1.25 each. Best value in the city. CLARK'S, Room One, 210 St. James st.

FOR SALE, A SECOND-HAND MASON & Hamlin Organ, sweet tone and in perfect order; price $45. LAYTON BROS., representatives for the Karn Pianos and Organs; Warerooms, 144 Peel street.

FOR SALE,THE LAWRENCE FOUNTAIN Pen, 14 Karat Gold Nib, modern feed; the $2.50 kind for $1.50; warranted for five years. None better at any price. Money cheerfully refunded if not satisfactory. By mail to any address. LAWRENCE & CO., LIMITED, 251 St. James street, Montreal.

PICTURE POSTAL CARDS, two dozen for quarter; hundred, dollar; wholesale-retail. W. R. ADAMS, Toronto, Ont.

FOR SALE, KINDLING WOOD — GOOD dry box cuttings make the cheapest kindling wood; delivered within city limits for $1.75 per load. Call up Phone Main 3647. G. & J. DESPLIN, 128 Duke street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION. Kindling, $2.00; Cut maple, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75; cut any length; also Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. D. MACDIARMID, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William streets. Bell telephone Main 462.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

LOST, ON SATURDAY EVENING, Ladies' Gold Hunting Case Watch; Pat. lever movement; ring of watch missing. Finder well rewarded at 1667 Notre Dame st.

LOST, ABOUT TEN DAYS AGO, WHITE Fox Terrier, with lemon-colored spot on face and near tail; collar, with address of owner. Answering to the name of 'Bobbie.' Return to 280 Stanley street and be liberally rewarded.

For Sale.

FOR SALE, AN IRON SPIRAL STAIRway, 15 feet 10 inches in height. Apply JOHN DOUGALL & SON, cor. Craig and St. Peter streets.

Machinery for Sale.

FOR SALE. SPECIAL BARGAINS.

22 in. x 22 in. x 6 ft. Pond Planer.
24 in. x 24 in. x 6 ft. Pond Planer.
16 in. x 6 ft., Draper Engine Lathe.
20 in. x 6 ft. Draper Engine Lathe.
20 in. x 14 ft. Draper Engine Lathe.
3 Cutting-off Machines, Hurlbut-Rogers make.

Previous to removing these machines we will sell at a very small advance for a quick turnover.

CANADA MACHINERY AGENCY,
296 St. James st., Montreal.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, AN OFFICE BOY. Apply to CUSHING & BARRON, 112 St. James st.

WANTED, A MAID AT APARTMENTS No. 10 of The Sherbrooke, 1018 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED SALES-Woman for the Ladies' Boot and Shoe Department; must speak both languages. Apply THE JOHN MURPHY CO., LTD.

WANTED— YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN who wish to improve their handwriting should join our evening classes in penmanship. Individual instruction under Prof. D. BEAUCHAMP, Canada's champion penman. Success guaranteed. Send us your name and we will show you what we can do. MONTREAL SCHOOL OF PENMANSHIP, 2024 St. Catherine st.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT OR Plain Cook. Apply, between 7 and 9 this evening, 317 Prince Arthur street.

WANTED, HOUSEKEEPER FOR THE Farm; one that can milk and understands all kinds of farm housework. Protestant preferred. Address FARMER, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL Servant, with references; small family; good wages. Apply 89 Union avenue.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT. 11 Melbourne avenue, Westmount, off Metcalfe ave.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN STENOGRAPHER; one with some experience in the grain business preferred. Apply P.O. Box 1116.

WANTED, NICE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family, to go to United States. Fare paid. Apply at 87 Park avenue.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, WITH reference; small family. 84 St. Mark street.

WANTED, GOOD, SMART GIRL, AS General Servant; small family. 62 Park ave.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT; GOOD wages to suitable person; references required. 291 Prince Arthur st.

WANTED, A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing. Apply 760 Mance street, Annex.

WANTED, SMART OFFICE BOY; MUST read and write both English and French fluently. Apply MASSEY HARRIS CO., Limited, 640 St. Paul street.

WANTED,YOUNG GIRL TO HELP WITH children and upper housework; other girl kept; must sleep at home. Apply 99 Shuter street.

WANTED, GOOD STRONG BOY FOR work in factory. Apply 220 Craig street west, cor. St. Peter.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED. Apply, with references, P.O. Box 2234, City.

WANTED, YOUNG LADY FOR OFFICE work. Apply by letter to MANAGER, P.O. Box 2234, City.

WANTED, OPERATORS, MALE OR FEmale, to make Men's Shirts and Ladies' Blouses. We pay the best wages. Call No. 10 St. Peter street.

GIRLS WANTED, FOR BINDERY. Apply 'Witness' Office, cor. Craig and St. Peter streets.

WANTED, A GOOD STRONG BOY TO work in stable. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

A VACANCY FOR A BRIGHT YOUNG MAN

In the Advertising Department of
THE JOHN MURPHY CO., Limited.
None but Young Men of Ability Need Apply

Earn Over $10 a Day.

Agents wanted all over the world. Experience not necessary. Ten dollars a day easily earned taking subscriptions for 'World Wide.' Write for full particulars and our list of easy canvassing. Address, the publishers of 'World Wide,' Montreal, Canada.

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED, FOUR PROTESTANT SCHOOL Teachers, holding Elementary Diplomas, for Township of Arundel, Que. Reply, stating salary expected; term, 8 months, beginning Oct. 1, 1905. Apply to C. J. STAMFORTH, Secretary-Treasurer, Arundel, Que.

WANTED — PROTESTANT TEACHER, holding an Elementary diploma, for Sooc No. 9, Municipality of St. Malachie d'Ormstown; salary, $175 for term of nine months. Apply to P. McLAREN, Secretary-Treasurer, Ormstown, Que.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, BY MARRIED WOMAN,Housework in private family, by the day or to look after Bachelor apartments. Address M. 28, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION as Companion; capable of managing a home; good needlewoman; fond of children; cheerful companion for invalid or elderly lady. Address SECRETARY, Young Women's Christian Association.

BY ENGLISHMAN, AGED 24, POSITION of trust as collector, etc.; good references; willing worker. Address M. 25, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A POSITION BY A WORKING Housekeeper; is a competent cook; city references. Address X. C. 12, 'Witness' Office.

A FRENCH LADY (BREVET SUPERIEUR Certificat d'aptitude Pedagogique), 25 years of age, speaking English, and experienced, wishes situation as school teacher or governess; best references. Address M. BOUGETTE, 24 Rue Delmas, Montpellier, Herault, France.

WANTED, POSITION AS STENOGRAPHer, by Young Lady; can furnish references if required. Address STENO., 1709 Ontario street. Phone E. 651.

A RESPECTABLE WIDOW HAS a couple of days in the week disengaged and would like to get some mending and darning; would make herself generally useful. Address WIDOW, 21 Aylmer st.

WANT ADS.

Use the 'WITNESS' may be left with

A. S. CHAPMAN, Bookseller, 2407 St. Catherine st. and WM. REYDALE & CO., Bookbinders and Stationers, 2343 St. Catherine street.

or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles on Wellington street, West of Railway.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS. CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Persons Wanted,Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Secondhand Articles Wanted or For sale.

20 Words for 10c.

1c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let, Other Articles For Sale.

25 Words for 25c.

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals, Agents Wanted,

25 Words for 50c.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

Miscellaneous.

ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET A 'Witness' at their newsdealer's will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone Main 4090, or by postcard. John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Building.

Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE YOURS AND everybody else's cast-off household furniture, clothing, fur coats, capes, old diamonds, gold and silver; best cash prices for good goods promptly called for by MAX FRANK, 493 Craig street. Tel. East 3067.

Boots and Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES—WE MAKE BOOTS and shoes for straight or deformed feet. Specialty of repairing shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, water bottles, and everything made of rubber. A. HODINA, 4 Beaver Hall Hill.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

ROOM AND BOARD WANTED, FOR A Married Couple, and 7-year old child. Address C. F. M., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED,BY TEMPERATE YOUNG MAN of quiet habits, board and room in private family (Protestant), vicinity of St. Antoine, Chatham and Greene avenue. Address, stating terms, Box 202, Lachine.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN, ENGAGED in office, seeks comfortable home with Christian family, vicinity of Point St. Charles; single room preferred. Address H., 19, 'Witness' Office.

Furnished Rooms to Let

TO RENT, A NICELY FURNISHED front bedroom, suitable for two gentlemen; modern conveniences. Apply 33 Donegani street.

ROOM— NICELY FURNISHED SINGLE front room, bath flat; gas, hot water heating; private family. 416A St. Antoine street.

To Let.

OFFICES — TWO DESIRABLE FRONT Offices, en suite, one flat up, in 'Witness' Annex, between 'Witness' and Merchants' Bank Buildings. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

To Rent

With power, heat and steam on reasonable terms, several of the best flats for manufacturing purposes, in the most centrally situated stone building in the city.

Apply to

W. G. TALBOT,

1768 Notre Dame street.

Property.

FOR SALE,A HOUSE IN COTE ST. PAUL, cheap; also three Farms in country, well timbered for shantyman and will be sold cheap. Apply 818 Cadieux street, evening.

FOR SALE, FINE COTTAGE, DUROCHER street, Montreal Annex—Solid brick, pressed brick front, stone foundations; all conveniences, hot water heating; large lot, 50 by 100 feet. Plans, particulars and permit, apply S. SHACKELL, 478 Temple Building.

FOR SALE, UPPER LACHINE, FINE single and double cottages, all conveniences, near cars and railway stations. Apply S. SHACKELL, Temple Building, or Broadway, Lachine.

FOR SALE, ESPLANADE AND HUTCHison avenues, building lots; also fine six flat tenement, pressed brick front; all conveniences. Apply S. SHACKELL, Temple Building.

PROPERTY FOR SALE — HOUSE ON Hutchison street; Lots on Mance street; Church on Mance street; House on Clarke street, Montreal Annex. Apply to J. T. GLADSTONE, Room 73, 107 St. James st.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.

That centrally situated property, 776 and 778 Craig street, at present occupied by the Timmis, Noble Co.

Size of lot, 60 x 90 ft., with lane in rear, and entrance on St. James street. Apply to

The TIMMIS NOBLE CO.,

LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

McGILL UNIVERSITY Conservatorium of Music

OPENS SEPT. 18th,

When instruction in all branches will commence.

Pupils may enter at any time.

Pianoforte Competition, for Exhibition of $50. open to all candidates, will be held on Monday, Sept. 25th, at 9.30 a.m. Entries should be sent in early to The Secretary, 799 Sherbrooke st.

ELOCUTION

"The Art of all Arts," no education is complete without it."—EMERSON.

The Montreal School of Elocution will re-open MONDAY, Sept. 18th.

OFFICE NOW OPEN. TEL. UP 2474.

FRASER INSTITUTE BUILDING Corner University and Dorchester Streets.

(Miss) A. J. LONG, Secretary. J. P. STEPHEN, Principal.

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COURSES—Shorthand, Typewriting, Business and Preparatory.

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EVENING CLASSES—MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, 7.30 to 9.30 p.m.

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A REFINED, MODERN, PRACTICAL, BUSINESS TRAINING INSTITUTION. Our business and stenographic courses have prepared hundreds of young men and women for a successful business career. All commercial branches taught in the shortest possible time. Modern Methods. Individual instruction. Over 95 percent of all graduates hold good positions. Interview from 1 to 5 p.m., daily. Get our Prospectus if interested. Terms opens September 1.

A. W. YOUNG, Principal.

EVENING EDUCATION FOR MEN.

The Educational Department of the Young Men's Christian Association offers a unique opportunity to men for self-improvement on a practical basis, and at a low cost.

CLASSES IN

Arithmetic, English Composition and Business Correspondence, Bookkeeping, Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, French, German, Mechanical Drawing, Architectural Drawing, Steam Engineering, Electricity.

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In Chartered Accountancy, Illustrating, and Advertising are attracting much attention just now. Write a post card request for Catalogue M, and get full particulars by return mail.

Address W. H. SHAW, Principal, **Central Business College, Toronto.**

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Argyle Ave., Ottawa.

RESIDENT SCHOOL FOR BOYS

Headmaster, Rev. G. P. WOOLLCOMBE, B.A., Oxford

Many recent successes at **R.M.C.** and University Matriculation.

Special facilities for **YOUNG BOYS**

For Calendar, etc., apply to the Headmaster.

DUNHAM LADIES' COLLEGE,

CHURCH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

Diocese of Montreal.

PRESIDENT:

The Most Reverend W. B. BOND, LL.D.,

Lord Archbishop of Montreal, Metropolitan of Canada.

Opens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13th. The ordinary course of study is that laid down by the Council of Public Instruction for the Superior Schools of the Province. Students will be prepared for A. A. Examination and University Matriculation, as well as for entrance into McGill Normal School.

French is a special feature of the Curriculum.

Music also receives special attention.

For further particulars apply to the LADY PRINCIPALS, Dunham, P. Que.

The School for Young Ladies,

916 SHERBROOKE STREET.

conducted by MISS SYMMERS and MISS SMITH, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, 13th September.

Pupils who desire it are prepared for the University School Examinations and for Matriculation.

After TUESDAY, 5th September, Miss Symmers and Miss Smith will be at home to receive visitors on school business.

Prospectus on application.

Crichton School

2170, SHERBROOKE STREET.

Incorporated under the Joint Stock Co.'s Act.

Rector: J. WILLIAMSON (M.A., Oxon.)

Assistant Masters:

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Primary School for Boys of 8 to 11.
Secondary School, for Boys of 12 to 18, McGill Matriculation Class.

Thorough preparation for the Universities and for business.

Small classes with individual attention.

Prospectus on application (by letter until September 4).

School reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13.

Mr. Williamson may be seen daily from Monday, 11th inst., from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 to 5 p.m.

Tel. No. Uptown 2212.

LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE.

(Affiliated to McGill University.)

33 Simpson Street, Montreal,

For the Higher Education of Young Women, with Preparatory Department for Girls Under 15 Years of Age.

President—Rev. Jas. Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President—Ven. J. G. Norton, D.D., Archdeacon of Montreal.
Principal—Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.

The Institute will reopen TUESDAY, 12th SEPTEMBER, AT NOON.

Entrance examinations for new scholars will be held at the School on Saturday, 9th September, at 10 o'clock a.m.

For Prospectus, etc., apply to the Principal or to A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary, North British and Mercantile Building, 30 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

EVENING CLASSES

International Business College

2084 ST. CATHERINE.

Individual instruction. Tel. Main 309.

CAZA & LORD, Princ.

ROSLYN COLLEGE

FOR GIRLS,

425 MOUNT PLEASANT AVENUE,

WESTMOUNT.

The Classes will be resumed on TUESDAY 12th September. Prospectus on application.

Principal: J. PORTEOUS ARNOLD, F.E.I.S

LEARN TELEGRAPHY and R.R. Accounting. $50 to $500 a month Salary assured our graduates under bond. Our six schools the largest in America and endorsed by all Railroads. Write for catalog. MORSE SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, Cincinnati, O., Buffalo, N. Y., Atlanta, Ga., La Crosse, Wis., Texarkana, Tex., San Francisco, Cs.

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Mr. Horace W. Reyner, Mus.B.

Conductor Montreal Oratorio Society.

LESSONS IN PIANO, THEORY, ORATORIO REPERTOIRE.

Free Classes in Rudiments and Harmony. Pupils can be entered at residence, 104 St. Mathew street, for all subjects. Piano pupils can also be entered at McGill Conservatorium.

Bell phone Up 944.

Miss M. S. BUTLER, A.L.C.M.,

Will receive Pupils in Pianoforte and Theory, at her residence, 51 Selby St., Westmount. (Will prepare pupils for examinations if desired.) At hom daily from 2 to 4 p.m.

W. RAPHAEL'S ART CLASSES

FOR DRAWING & PAINTING

will open on the 3rd October. For particulars apply at Studio, **2204 St. Catherine St.**

Advertisements.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR SEA-WALL.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, Ont., and marked on the outside, "Tender for Sea-Wall, Halifax, N.S.", will be received up to and including WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4th, 1905,

for the construction of a Bulk-head Sea-Wall of concrete at Halifax, N.S.

A general specification and a plan of soundings may be seen at the office of the Terminal Agent at Halifax, N.S., and at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager.
Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., 15th September, 1905.

WHEN YOU PURCHASE

FURS

—AT—

Chas. Desjardins & Co's

(1532-1543 St. Catherine St.)

You have your money's worth.

Rutland Railroad

Windsor Street Station.

Trains Leave as follows:

9.35 a.m.—GREEN MOUNTAIN FLYER, arriving Burlington 12.35 p.m., Troy 5.00 p.m., New York 9.20 p.m., Boston 8p.m. Worcester 7.23 p.m.

7.10 p.m.—NIGHT EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 10.10 p.m., Troy 2.50 a.m., New York 7.17 a.m., Boston 7.00 a.m., Worcester 6.37 a.m.

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor cars on through trains.

Secure accommodations and tickets at 141 St. James street and Windsor Station.

A. M. FALLON,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent

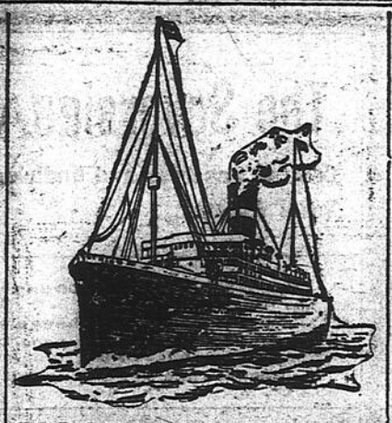
A PRISONER'S EPIGRAM.

'THE MEN WHO DO THE WORK NEVER GET RICH.'

In a note-book found in the possession of James Campbell, alias Alexander Campbell, who was arrested on a charge of fraud on Tuesday by Detective Samson, on St. James street, was written, 'The greatest discovery of my life is that the men who do the work never get rich.'

Campbell is charged with having passed a worthless cheque at Toronto. He said his father died in Scotland a few months ago, leaving him $22,000, and it was against this sum, it is said, that he had drawn the cheque.

The prisoner was handed over to the custody of a Toronto police officer yesterday.



DOMINION LINE

STEAMSHIPS

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.

SS. Southwark	Sept. 16	SS. Southwark	Oct. 21
SS. Dominion	Sept. 23	SS. Dominion	Oct. 28
SS. Ottawa	Sept. 30	SS. Ottawa	Nov. 4
SS. Canada	Oct. 14	SS. Canada	Nov. 11

The "CANADA" is the fastest steamer in the Canadian trade, holding a record of 5 days, 23 hours and 48 minutes between Inishowen Head and Father Point.

Midship Saloons, Electric Lights, Speed and comfort.

FIRST-CLASS—$70.00 and upwards, according to steamer and berth.
SECOND-CLASS—$40.00
THIRD-CLASS—$27.50, to principal British ports.

For all particulars as to freight and passage, apply to Local Agent, or to

DOMINION LINE,
17 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

OTTAWA RIVER NAV. Co.

TO OTTAWA—First-class, $2.50. Return, $4.00

Daily Excursion to Carillon by steamer Sovereign. Home by the Rapids, $1.00. Take 8 a.m. G.T.R. for Lachine to connect with steamer.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS, Shooting the Rapids.

TO ST. ANNES—G. T. R. 1.30 p.m. Round trip 50c.

TO LACHINE—G. T. R. 4.15 p.m. Round trip 50c. Steamer leaves Lachine about 4.40 p.m.

Steamers withdrawn for the Season after Wednesday, 27th September.

Ticket Offices—Grand Trunk Station, Windsor Hotel, 4 Offices on St. James street, Nos. 128, 137, 143 and 173; Windsor Station for Hudson.

Head Office: 103 Common Street.

Telephone Main 1029.

R & O LOW RATES WEST

Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.

Through the Beautiful 1000 Islands and Bay of Quinte

BY DAYLIGHT.

To Kingston, $4.00; - Return, $6.75
To Toronto, $7.00; - Return, $12.00
To Hamilton, $7.50; - Return, $13.00

Including Meals and Berth.

ON MONTREAL-TORONTO-HAMILTON LINE Steamers, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 7.30 p.m.

MONTREAL-TORONTO LINE — Steamers leave at 2.15 p.m. daily; after Sept. 16th, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

MONTREAL-QUEBEC LINE — Steamers leave at 7 p.m. daily.

SAGUENAY LINE—Steamers leave Quebec at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

Ticket Office, 128 St. James St., Opp. Post Office

A CHARMING TRIP

Down the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

People desiring to escape from the dust and hurry of city life during the hot months of the summer, should take the return trip from Montreal to Gaspe, on the well fitted and comfortable steamer "GASPESIEN" sailing from Montreal every two weeks.

SS. GASPESIEN.

$27.00

To Gaspe Basin and Return

The round trip takes about 10 days.

This fare includes Meals and Berth. No other expense.

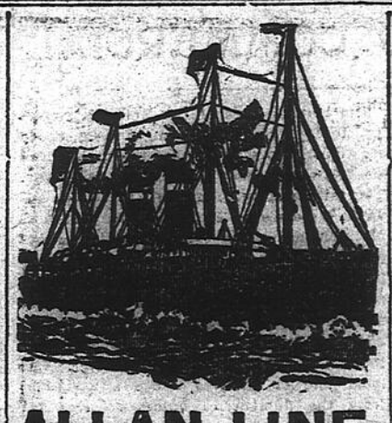
Next Sailing:

TUESDAY, OCT. 3rd, at 1 P.M.

and afterward on every alternate Tuesday.

For further information apply to

A. LEMIEUX,
112 CORISTINE BUILDING.
Telephone Main 35.



ALLAN LINE.

LIVERPOOL VIA MOVILLE.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

Montreal and Quebec to Liverpool.

TUNISIAN	Sept. 22	TUNISIAN	Oct. 20
PARISIAN	Sept. 29	PARISIAN	Oct. 27
BAVARIAN	Oct. 6	BAVARIAN	Nov. 3
VIRGINIAN	Oct. 13	VIRGINIAN	Nov. 10

Virginian on trial trip made 19.83 knots, and has made the fastest passage on record from Moville to Halifax, and from Moville to Rimouski over the Southerly course.

Victorian on her trial trip made 19½ knots, equal to 22½ statute miles per hour.

Bavarian's record, 7 days, 2 hours, 11 minutes.

Midships saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

FIRST-CLASS, $75 and upwards, according to steamer.

Reductions for round trip tickets.

SECOND-CLASS, Liverpool or Londonderry, Bavarian or Tunisian, $41.50. Victorian or Virginian, $45.00. Return tickets at reduced rates.

THIRD-CLASS, Liverpool, London or Glasgow, $27.50 and $28.75.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Sicilian	Sept. 21	Pretorian	Oct. 12
Mongolian	Sept. 28	Sicilian	Oct. 26
Corinthian	Oct. 5	Mongolian	Nov. 2

*Does not carry passengers eastward.

Saloon, $50.00. Second Saloon, $40.00. Third class in four berth rooms, $25.50.

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.

MONTREAL (via Quebec) TO LIVERPOOL

LAKE CHAMPLAIN	Sept. 28	Nov. 2
LAKE ERIE	Oct. 12	Nov. 16
LAKE MANITOBA	Oct. 19	Nov. 23

RATES OF PASSAGE — First cabin to Liverpool, $65.00, and upward, according to steamer and accommodation. Round Trip Tickets at Reduced Rates.

Second Cabin to Liverpool, $40.00; to London, $42.50. Round Trip at reduced rates.

Third Class Rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry, and Queenstown, $26.50. From Liverpool, London or Londonderry, $27.50, to Quebec.

MONTREAL to LONDON.

*MONTROSE	Sept. 23
†LAKE MICHIGAN	Oct. 14
†MOUNT TEMPLE	Oct. 21

*Second Cabin to London, $40.00.
†Third Class to London, $26.50.

Dates of sailings of Freight Steamers to Liverpool, London and Bristol not shown above, furnished on application.

Apply to CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.

Board of Trade Building, St. Sacrament street, Montreal.

Reford Agencies.

DONALDSON LINE GLASGOW WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.

SS. MARINA, Cold Storage	Sept. 21
SS. ATHENIA, Cold Storage	Sept. 28
SS. LAKONIA, Cold Storage	Oct. 5
SS. SALACIA	Oct. 12

THOMSON LINE LONDON WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.

SS. KILDONA, Cold Storage and Cool Air	Sept. 23
SS. IONA, Cold Storage and Cool Air	Sept. 30
SS. Devona, Cold Storage and Cool Air	Oct. 7

LEITH SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA	Oct. —

ABERDEEN SERVICE.

SS. ESCALONA	Oct. 10

LORD LINE CARDIFF SERVICE FROM MONTREAL.

Sailing date later.

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, 26 St. Sacrament street, MONTREAL.

R. G. WOOD, Western Agent, Room 311 Board of Trade, TORONTO.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO.,

(LIMITED.)

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.

Montreal and Manchester.

From Manchester.	From Montreal
Sept. 1 Manchester Shipper	Sept. 23
Sept. 12 Manchester Importer	Oct. 5
Sept. 25 *Manchester Trader	Oct. 13
Oct. 4 *Manchester City	Oct. 21

Some of the above steamers have first-class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

CANADA-SOUTH AFRICA JOINT SERVICE TO CAPE TOWN, PORT ELIZABETH, EAST LONDON AND DURBAN.

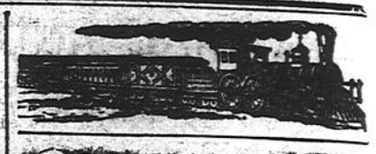
*WYANDOTTE Nov. 18

*Fitted with cold storage.

For further particulars apply to FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Ltd., Agents, MONTREAL.

CENTS FOR SALE,

Witness Office.



CANADIAN PACIFIC

EXCURSIONS

Sept. 21, 22, 23, 1905.

Valid to return until October 9th, 1905.

RATES FROM MONTREAL:

Detroit, Mich., - - $15.00

BAY CITY, Mich. $17.25
SAGINAW, Mich. $17.15
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. $16.95

Chicago, Ill., - - - $18.00

ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. $34.00

Proportionate rates from all stations in Canada.

CHEAP RATES

Second Class from Montreal until October 31st, 1905.

$48.90 —Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma, Wash., and Portland, Ore.

$46.40 Spokane, Wash., Nelson, Rossland, Midway, B.C.

$45.90 Missoula, Mont., Salt Lake, Utah, Helena, Butte and Anaconda.

Proportionately low rates to other points.

Ticket Office: 129 St. James Street. Next to Post Office.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WESTERN EXCURSIONS

Exceptionally Low Round Trip Fares:

From MONTREAL to

PORT HURON, MICH. - $14.85

DETROIT, MICH., - - $15.00

BAY CITY, Mich. $17.25
SAGINAW, Mich. $17.15
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. $16.95

CHICAGO, ILL., - - - $18.00

ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. all rail $34.00

ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS (via Upper Lakes and S. Ste. Marie) $37.50

GOING SEPT. 21, 22, 23, 1905,

Valid to return until October 9th, 1905.

Proportionate rates from all stations in Canada.

REDUCED FARES

Sept. 15th to Oct. 31, 1905.

Second Class Colonist Fares from Montreal to

SEATTLE, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and PORTLAND	$48.90
ROSSLAND, NELSON, TRAIL, ROBSON, SPOKANE	$46.40
ANACONDA, BUTTE, HELENA SALT LAKE	$45.90
COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER, PUEBLO	$45.50
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES	$49.00

Low Rates to Many Other Points.

CITY TICKET OFFICES

137 St. James Street. Telephones: Main 460 and 461, or Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaves Montreal daily, except Saturday, at 12.00 noon.

For QUEBEC, CAMPBELLTON, MONCTON, ST. JOHN, HALIFAX and the SYDNEYS,

Discontinuance of

OCEAN LIMITED.

The "Ocean Limited" leaving Montreal at 7.30 p.m. daily, except Saturday, for all points in the Maritime Provinces, will be discontinued on and after Sunday, Sept. 17th, 1905.

This train makes its last trip leaving Montreal, Friday, Sept. 15th, and from Halifax, Saturday, Sept. 16th, 1905.

Commencing SUNDAY, Sept. 17th

The Maritime Express leaving Montreal at 12.00 noon will have through sleeping car between Montreal and St. John.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
143 St. James st. and Bonaventure Station.

BUSINESS CARDS AND COMMERCIAL PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS NEATLY DONE,

At the "Witness" Office

JOB DEPARTMENT.

PASSING OF LITTLE ENOCH

(W. Bert Foster, in the 'Christian Endeavor World.')

(Concluded.)

'Well, she'd oughter,' declared the caller. 'Didn't she come to live on the island with 'em when her own folks died? An' they that poor, too! Mis' Lucinda went corallin' in them days, an' all the other money thet come into that house was what Peke made; and you know just how wild he was.'

Grandma pursed her lips and dropped the knitting into her lap. 'I tell you what, Icivilly,' she saaid firmly, 'I don't like to hear that gal spoke of so. I know more about it than most folks, I reckon. When Phoebe 'Liza come here, she didn't come empty-handed. Her father left her some money, an' I reckon that's what kep' Mis' Lucinda from arskin' help of the town more'n once. It warn't Peke—an' Sartainly not little Enoch—that kep' the potato-bin full in them days.

'I don't deny that Peke's smart. He turned square round—so we'm told, anyway—an' is doin' well now, I don't doubt. But it warn't till he got mixed up with that Neck gang when they was caught stealin' from Muncie's traps. I dunno as Peke did anything worse than be with 'em in the boat when the stealin' was done. But he'd suffered along with 'em, an' gone to Newport jail, if somebody hadn't hired a good lawyer an' paid his fine. Who d'you s'pose had the money for that? Not Mis' Lucinda, nor yet little Enoch, I tell ye!

'I guess if Phoebe 'Liza never loved him before, she did after that,' grandma continued more tranquilly. 'Most wimmen, when they've done a lot for a man, no matter how poor trash he be, air bound to love him afterwards; and it was so with Phoebe Lucy an' Peke, I guess. Besides, I don't deny that the boy had good parts.'

'It was a dretful pretty weddin',' interposed Mary Lucy reminiscently. 'They seemed kinder suited to each other. Phoebe 'Liza was like a blush-rose that day, and Peke sartinly was a harnsome feller. It must ha' been a wrench for poor Mis' Lucinda to see 'em both go away from the island.'

'And little Enoch,' said Icivilly grimly. 'Guess he missed Phoebe 'Liza, too. He nigh 'bout worshipped that gal. Ye might ha' thought he was in love with her himself—an' him a cripple, and not bright at that!'

'I s'pose he did love her,' said grandma. 'Everybody else did. They couldn't help it. But little Enoch warn't nothin' but a child—no responserbility onto him at all. Why, Will Allen's been takin' them little painted things, an' the fancy-work, over to the boat ev'ry week, an' had 'em sent to Providence. He b'lieved he was doin' something towards supportin' his mother with 'em, I s'pose. An' Phoebe 'Liza must ha' let him think so. Will Allen said that he useter cash a money-order 'most ev'ry week for little Enoch, and that Phoebe 'Liza sent it. Peke let her do it that way, I s'pose, so's to please little Enoch.'

Icivilly nodded. 'He sartainly thought a heap of her,' she said ambiguously. 'I was there when he died last night. When the doctor told poor Mis' Lucinda that there warn't no hope, she sent right over to the Harbor, and had 'em send a despetch to Phoebe 'Liza. She an' Peke'll likely be over this afternoon on the boat.'

'The boat's got in now,' said Mary Lucy, going into the front room to peer up the road. 'I heard her whistle an hour ago, an' more.'

The caller continued: 'Seemed like Phoebe 'Liza was all little Enoch thought of when he was goin', too. I couldn't leave the poor old soul alone with him when he was so fur gone, so I stayed an' helped lay him out. An' the very last thing he whispered was somethin' about that gal. Seemed kind o' pitiful that he didn't sense his mother bein' there at the last; an' he didn't speak of Peke, neither; only Phoebe 'Liza.

Mary Lucy came back. 'There's a woman just gone along. I declare I don't know who she can be; 'tain't one o' the neighbors. Look's though she might ha' come from the boat. She's turned in through the bars leadin' up to Miss Lucinda's. It couldn't be Phoebe 'Liza! she wouldn't walk over from the Harbor, would she?'

Grandma began to scold about her daughter's eyesight again,) but Icivilly jumped up and ran to the front window to look out.

'Now, ain't that the beatenest.' Her voice sounded shrilly from the other room. 'She's sure goin' up to Mis' Lucinda's. An' she's just Phoebe 'Liza's height, too. Dressed kind o' poor, 't seems to me.'

She strained her eyes to watch the colorless figure toiling up the hillside in the gathering dusk. Finally it reached the cottage within which little Enoch lay. Then it disappeared.

An old woman sat in the kitchen and living-room of the little cottage. Her ccuntenance was weather-blackened and marked with innumerable lines, and her hands were knotted. Wading in the surf for the coral, the work of curing which is the main support of many island families who possess little land and no men folks to go in the boats, had bent and twisted her limbs. She was so stooped that she looked scarcely bigger than the cripple who for so many years had sat in the green arm-chair at the window which faced the road below.

His limbs were straightened now—in the coffin resting upon two wooden-bottomed chairs in the room beyond. On the broad window-seat were his paints and the unfinished plaque he had been at work upon. Two or three tinted shells which the children had brought him from the shore, and which he had daintily adorned with sprays of anemones, still stood where he had set them to dry. Certain stores which dealt in such ornaments in the far-away city would be obliged to disappoint their customers. The talent which the islanders had never understood had been mildly appreciated by other people.

The latch clicked, but the old woman did not raise her head as the door opened and the shabby figure of a young woman stole in. When the latter touched the bowed shoulder, the bereaved mother spoke.

'It's you, Phoebe 'Lize?'

'Yes, mother.' She stooped and touched her lips to the wrinkled forehead.

'Peke didn't come with you?'

'No, he—he couldn't come. We—we couldn't just afford it.'

She removed her bonnet. The face revealed was young yet, but pale and worn. Only the shadow of the beauty Phoebe 'Liza had taken from the island two years before remained. Two years! Two eternities, rather, of heartbreaking hopelessness.

'Seems as if Peke oughter be here,' the old woman said querulously.

'I only had enough to pay one fare on the boat, mother,' the girl spoke gently. 'I walked over from the Harbor. None of the neighbors saw me, I guess. I couldn't bring Peke just now, anyway; he—he ain't very well.'

The old woman nodded, muttering to herself, but she did not raise her eyes from her lap.

'It was the money from last week's sales that I used to get here with,' Phoebe 'Liza pursued. 'Part of it belonged to little Enoch, but I couldn't bear to think of not coming. And I didn't dare tell Peke I had it. You know—he—he might 'have wanted it.' There was no rejoinder on the old woman's part. 'Where is he?' the girl asked in a hisper.

'In there—dead, dead!' croaked the mother. 'I don't see what we shell do, now't he's gone.'

Phoebe 'Lize stole into the darkened inner room. She groped her way to the coffin's side. The outlines of the dwarf-like figure were all that she could see through the mist of tears. But she did not need to see him. Memory supplied the picture of his cheerful, gentle face as he sat by the window busily at work. How many years he had sat there!

A man with a child's body, and a child's face, and a child's heart. Thus they had all looked upon him. Yes, she had looked upon him as such herself in the old days. She had even quenched the thought which, with her woman's intuition, she had once seen rise in his gentle face when he looked at her—when he looked as a man only looks upon the woman whom he worships.

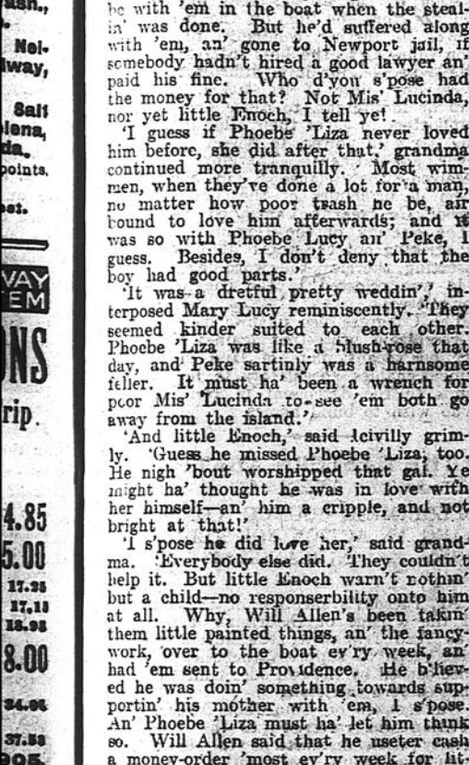
And the only marring of her happiness when she went away with Peke to that new world in which she firmly believed Peke would do better was the suspicion that little Enoch was jealous of his brother. Peke had had a straight and handsome body and abundant health. He had enjoyed an active life. All that little Enoch longed for so vainly the brother possessed, even to Phoebe 'Liza.

But when her happiness was spoiled, when her belief in the man she married had been so utterly ruined, it was little Enoch who had filled the breach. And, although he was such a child, Phoebe 'Liza knew that it was for love of her he had worked so untiringly in the old green chair by the broad window-seat.

She stretched forth a hand, and pushed aside the curtain at the foot of the coffin. The last blush of day was in the western sky. Its gentle glory fell upon the face of him who slept.

And the face—ah, was that little Enoch? The lines of pain were gone; but with them, too, had gone the childish expression and the vacant look which sometimes marred the blue eyes. Somehow the brow seemed to have broadened, the features to have taken on a firmer cast. For twenty-eight years little Enoch had been a child, but God had given to him his manhood.

The girl sank upon her knees, and flung her arms about the body of the man who had loved her.



CHILDREN'S CORNER.

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

(Margaret Scott, in Bristol 'Times and Mirror.')

(Concluded.)

'But why didn't you tell me?' she said, when they had related the morning's disaster.

'We thought mother hadn't to be disturbed,' said Barbara. 'And Charlie's gone for the doctor.'

'I must go and look at poor Cook now,' said nurse. 'I daresay the foot is not much hurt, after all.'

Her hope was realized, for she found cook sitting up, actually trying to stand on the injured foot. Indeed, it took a good deal of reasoning to make her lie down and rest it, for she ungratefully declared that she must get downstairs; there was no telling what those chatted children would be up to.'

'Nurse! Nurse!' Dick's voice sounded on the stairs.

'Hush, hush, dear, you'll waken your mother.'

'Well, what side up do you do artificial respiration?'

'Oh!' exclaimed nurse. 'A pigeon! I thought somebody was drowned.'

Spotty, the pigeon in question, lay on his back in Dick's hands, looking, as Dick said, 'very nearly a goner.'

'He's drowned himself in the water-butt,' said Dick. 'He was right at the bottom. I expect he was too wet to get out again.'

'Lay it on it's face,' said nurse, getting interested. 'But it hasn't got a face. Never mind; lay it on its breast. Now, if you can open its beak a little I'll get hold of its tongue with my forceps.'

Forth from nurse's wonderful apron pocket came the bright forceps, and Spotty's little needle of a tongue was held out, while Dick spread out and closed alternately his poor draggled wings to get the water off his lungs. When this seemed to be in vain, nurse took hold of his tiny, cold, red claws, and worked the legs to and fro for some time.

'Hurrah!' cried Dick in triumph, for Spotty, who had hitherto given no sign of life, now gave a faint gasp, and continued efforts produced regular breathing at short intervals. Nurse was almost as excited as Dick.

'Now,' she said, 'put it on its back, and roll it gently from side to side. Now, dear, I really must go back to my patient.'

Dick went on very patiently working away at his patient, returning after a while to the wing and leg exercise. How delightful it was to watch the signs of returning life in Spotty's tiny limbs! His beak parted regularly, his damp breast heaved at each difficult breath, and soon the little claws began to clutch at Dick's fingers, and his eyelids fluttered open.

After a vigorous half-hour, Spotty lay on flannel on the kitchen fender, with a small hot bottle at his feet, while Dick dropped brandy on his nostrils. By tea time, he was looking down benevolently from the potshel, and pronounced convalescent, so everybody went out to watch him fly off joyfully to his comrades in the loft.

'If ever I see a drowned person,' said Dick, 'I shall do just like that.'

'And you will be very likely to save his life,' added nurse, who had come down to see how they were getting on.

Barbara's last nice, brown loaf was just out of the oven, and nurse had to sympathize with a burnt place on her pink wrist. Charlie had been unable to find the doctor, and fortunately returned to find he was no longer wanted.

'I'm so glad cook's got better without,' he said, 'and I'm so hungry. Barbar's made some splendid muffins, and we're going to have some for tea.'

Barbara flushed with pleasure as she looked at her neat row of nicely-baked loaves.

'What became of your dumpling?' asked nurse, turning to Joan.

'I couldn't reach a pan to boil it in,' said the little girl, 'so I didn't know what to do with it, and I gave it to the pigs.'

'How did they enjoy it, I wonder?'

'Well,' said Joan, 'they didn't seem to like the dumpling at all, but they've eaten Dick's handkerchief!'

'All's well that ends well,' observed Charlie again quoting the copybook. 'I think we've had more fun to-day than the best picnic there ever was.'

And everybody thought the same.

Advertisements.

"First Aid" to the Bowels

OLD Doctor Cascaret is now ready to move into your Vest Pocket. There, you can have his services on the instant they are needed.

Dr. Cascaret has lately decided to take this step nearer home.

Because so many persons, who pay for his services, defer using them till their cases become complicated, deep-seated and serious.

You know Dr. Cascaret is the "Star" Specialist in Chronic Constipation and Indigestion.

He undertakes to cure these for $1.00, or return the money.

But, he prefers to prevent them, and other resulting diseases, by timely treatment in their early stages.

* * *

When Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Headache, Bad Breath, Coated Tongue, Belching of Stomach Gas, or any of these forerunners of Indigestion appear, Old Dr. Cascaret wants to be right on the spot, in your Pocket.

He wants to check the coming trouble instantly before it can grow into a habit of the Bowels to be costive.

Ladies, who extend to Dr. Cascaret the hospitality of their Purses or their Dress Pockets, will be rewarded with a fine Complexion, and healthy Happiness.

These will fifty times repay for the trifling space occupied, and the ten cents per week of cost.

* * *

Dr. Cascaret guarantees to cure the most obstinate cases of Constipation and Indigestion, without discomfort or inconvenience.

His medicine does not gripe nor purge, nor create a drug habit.

Because it is not a "Bile-driver," nor a Gastric-Juice Waster, but a direct Tonic to the Bowel Muscles.

It exercises naturally the muscles that line the walls of the Intestines and Bowels.

These are the Muscles that contract when Food is swallowed, and that propel it through the Nutrition Canal, where it gives up its flesh forming material to the Blood.

Want of Exercise weakens and relaxes these Bowel-Muscles, just as it weakens Arm and Leg Muscles.

* * *

Old Dr. Cascaret goes, directly after these Bowel-Muscles. He wakes them up just as a cold Bath would wake up a lazy person.

Then he works them (through the nerves) till they get so strong from that Exercise that they don't need any more help to do their duty.

But, Dr. Cascaret wants to be right on the spot, in your Pocket or Purse, where he can regulate these Bowel-Muscles all the time, in health, and out of health.

Because, even the strongest Bowel-Muscles may be overworked.

Heavy dinners, late suppers, whiskey, wine, or beer drinking, nervous excitement, sudden exposure to cold or heat, and a dozen other every day likelihoods tire the Bowel Muscles.

In such cases a penny Cascaret in time is worth fifty dollars worth of Treatment later on, to say nothing of the suffering, discomfort, loss of Business Energy, and loss of Social Sunshine it saves.

* * *

Cascarets carried constantly in your Vest Pocket, or in "My Lady's" Purse, is the cheapest kind of Health-Insurance, and Happiness-Promotion, that ever happened.

Contains six Candy-tablets—Price Ten Cents a Box at any Druggist's.

Pleasant as Licorice to the taste, but full of Potent Stimulation for the Bowel-Muscles.

Big box of tablets (to re-fill pocket-box) at 50 cents.

You can try Cascarets FREE before you buy. Write for Free Sample and booklet, "The Curse of Constipation," best ever printed on the subject. Address Sterling Remedy Company, 374 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 657

BIBLE TEACHING.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 21.

THE SON OF MAN.

Here is a wonderful subject for Bible study. The name which occurs over eighty times in the gospels is only used by Jesus. He is not of human descent. When Jesus asked, 'Who do men say the Son of Man is?' Peter answers, 'Thou art the Messiah, the Son of the living God.' (Matt. xvi.) Demons from the spirit-world owned Him as the Judge and Lord of all. (Matt. viii., 29-32.) A body was prepared for the Son of God. (Heb. i., 2; x., 5, 9, 10, 12.) Jesus is a priest for ever after the order of Melchizedek. (Heb. vi., 20; vii., 1-3, 28.) This Son of Man is lord of the Sabbath, has all authority in heaven and on earth, and the right to forgive sins. (Matt. xii., 8; xxviii., 18; ix., 6.) The world of mankind is His field, in which His servants are sowing good seed and the devil's servants are sowing bad seed. The lord of the harvest will send His angels to gather the tares to burn them, and reap the golden grain for His use and glory. (Matt. xiii.) The Son of Man shall come in the glory of His Father with His angels and render to every man according to his deeds. (Matt. xvi., 27.) When upon earth He was in heaven. (Jno. i., 18; Matt. xi., 27), and now while in heaven He walks in the midst of the gatherings of His people. (Rev. ii., 1, 4, 5, 7.) Jesus is the everlasting One that was dead, who is now alive for ever and has the keys of death and the invisible world. (Rev. i., 18.) Well might John fall at His feet as one dead. Oh, my soul, Jesus is Thy God, worship thou Him. The glory of God shines through Jesus. (Rev. xxi., 23.)

DAILY TEXT.

September 21.

How excellent is Thy loving-kindness, O God! therefore the children of men put their trust under the shadow of Thy wings.—Ps. xxxvi., 7.

The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath are the everlasting arms.—Deut. xxxiii., 27.

Within Thy circling arms we lie,
O God! in Thy infinity;
Our souls in quiet shall abide.
Beset with love on every side.
—Anon.

The highway of holiness is along the commonest road of life—along your very way. In mind and rain, no matter how it beats, it is only going hand in hand with him.—Mark Guy Pearse.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Doctors have used it for over sixty years. We are willing, anxious that you should ask your own doctor about your using it for coughs, colds, bronchitis. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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A man who might carve statues and paint pictures spending his life in making mock flowers out of wax and paper, is wise compared with the man who might have God for company and yet shuts God out and lives an empty life.—Phillips Brooks.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS

ONE OF THE LITERARY CREW.

In a Boston club, not many years ago, a visitor from a Western state, hearing some one mention the 'Atlantic Monthly,' asked if it was a yachting magazine. When the American yacht recently outsailed all its competitors in the international race from Sandy Hook to The Lizard, an instructor of literature at Harvard had an experience enlightening in regard to the comparative values of literature and sport in undergraduate estimate.

Walking with a Boston editor, he met one of his 'star' pupils upon whom he wished to confer the honor of an introduction to a great light in his own profession.

'Ah, Mr. Smith,' he said, hailing the student, 'you are just the man I hoped to see. I want you to meet Mr. Blank.' Then, for the benefit of the student, he said in an aside, 'Mr. Blank, of the Atlantic, you know.'

The student beamed enthusiastically. 'Oh, I say!' he exclaimed. 'I'm glad to meet you, Mr. Blank! Splendid race you fellows made! How you did come it over that Dutchman! But it was all Charlie Barr—wasn't it, now. Who'd ever have heard of the Atlantic if it hadn't been for Charlie Barr!'

SHE KNEW BETTER.

Miss Helen Gould recently entertained at luncheon, at her residence, a number of little girls from a charitable institution. At the end of the luncheon Miss Gould showed the children some of the beautiful contents of her house. She showed them books, carved Italian furniture, tapestries, and marbles.

'Here,' she said, 'is a beautiful statue, a statue of Minerva.'

'Was she married?' asked a little girl.

'No, my child,' said Miss Gould, smiling. 'She was the goddess of wisdom.'

Some ingenious observer has discovered that there is a remarkable resemblance between a baby and wheat, since it is first cradled, then thrashed, and finally becomes the flower of the family.

'I've been very successful in making mechanical figures,' said the toy manufacturer. 'I only made one that wouldn't work, and even it was a success. You see it was a figure of a tramp.'

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CATERPILLARS
Powdered White Hellebore is an effectual Cure. Now is the time to use it.
HARTE'S BLOOD PURIFIER
This preparation is better than any Sarsaparilla. Try it. Price $1.00.
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And all kinds of PLUMS for Preserving.
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CENTS FOR SALE AT THE 'WITNESS' OFFICE.

JAPANESE LOSSES.

A Total of 72,450 Casualties Reported During the War.

KILLED, 46,180; DIED OF WOUNDS, 10,970; DIED FROM SICKNESS, 15,300.

London, Thursday, Sept. 21.—The Tokio correspondent of the 'Standard' says that Japan's war losses to-day are as follows: Killed, 46,180; died of wounds, 10,970; died from sickness, 15,300.

RUSSIANS HUNGRY.

Seoul, Sept. 20.—It is reported that the Russians under General Madrikoff, at Tunghwa, in the Hailung chen district, are suffering from lack of provisions. They are in the mountains, and are alleged to be robbing Coreans. One of them has been taken prisoner, and states that his party, numbering 200, commandeered ten oxen.

ANTI-PEACE MEETING.

Tokio, Sept. 20.—6.30 p.m.—An anti-peace meeting held in Uyena Park today was barely attended owing to a heavy rain. The tone of the meeting was quiet. The approaches to the park were guarded by troops, but no guards were posted inside. Resolutions adopted at the meeting demand that the cabinet break the peace treaty or resign. It was decided to bring pressure to bear on the members of the Lower House to conform with the resolution, threatening not to re-elect those failing to so act. The resolutions demand sweeping reform in the administration of the police. An address to the throne was also adopted, but it has not yet been published.

CIRCUS TENT COLLAPSED

ONE MAN KILLED AND MANY INJURED AT RINGLING BROS.' SHOWS.

Marysville, Mo., Sept. 19.—Fifteen thousand persons were enveloped in the folds of the great main tent of the Ringling Brothers' circus, which collapsed under the strain of severe wind yesterday evening. Charles Robinson, of Marysville, received injuries, from which he died, and hundreds of others suffered bruises and minor injuries.

Panic followed the collapse of the tent. It was during the middle of the performance, and the crowd, intent upon what was going on in the ring, had scarcely noticed that the wind, which had been blowing a gale all day, had increased in violence. With the collapse of the menagerie tents wild animal cages were overturned, and the beasts' roars of rage and fright filled the air, carrying fear to the spectators, who expected the animals to escape and attack them.

Screams of frightened women mingled with the groans of the injured, only to be drowned by the roars of wild beasts, that had at first been frightened into silence. This added to the fright and panic of the people.

All inside were buried for some minutes before anything could be done toward getting them out. When the tent was finally raised the people inside stampeded to get out, and those on the outside blockaded the tent in an attempt to get to their friends inside. In the jam some of the injured were trampled and more injuries resulted. As quickly as possible the injured were gathered into waggons and taken to their homes or to St. Francis Hospital for treatment. Charles Robinson, who lost his life, was the son of Mr. H. E. Robinson, of the Marysville 'Republic,' and one of the best known young men of the town.

Hardly a person in the main tent escaped more or less injury from the falling poles, upturned seats or the jam that followed when the crowd was released sufficiently that they could escape from under the tent.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S TRIP

PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER LUNCHES WITH EMPEROR OF COREA.

Seoul, Sept. 20.—The Emperor, for the first time during his reign, lunched with foreigners to-day, giving first an audience to Miss Alice Roosevelt and Rear Admiral Train. Mr. Morgan, the American minister, escorted Miss Roosevelt to the banquet hall, where they sat with the Crown Prince and the Imperial Princess. The other members of the party were distributed at small tables with members of the ministry and generals of the army. The Emperor toasted the daughter of the President, and Mr. Morgan replied for Miss Roosevelt, wishing long life to the Emperor.

OMITTED THE KING'S HEALTH

THEREFORE BISHOP OF CORK REFUSED TO REMAIN AT BANQUET.

Cork, Sept. 12.—The Lord Mayor of Cork to-day formally opened the public free library, the funds for the erection of which were provided by Mr. Andrew Carnegie. The new building supplies a long felt want, as the accommodation in the old library premises was wholly inadequate. At the close of the ceremony the Lord Mayor entertained a number of citizens at luncheon; but in connection with this function some unpleasantness arose, the Bishop of Cork, Cloyne and Ross intimating that he could not remain owing to the Lord Mayor's omission of the King's health from the list of toasts. His example was followed by a number of other guests.

THE PEACE CONGRESS

MR. B. F. TRUEBLOOD, OF BOSTON, SPEAKS AT LUCERNE CONVENTION.

Lucerne, Switzerland, Sept. 20.—The Universal Peace Congress held a session to-day, at which Benjamin Franklin Trueblood, of Boston, in behalf of the American delegation, delivered an address on the progress of the peace movement in the United States. He eulogized the efforts of President Roosevelt to bring about a second peace conference at The Hague and also his achievement in effecting the cessation of the Russo-Japanese war. However, added the speaker, minimizing the honor due the President, he was merely acting as the mouthpiece of the nation, whose peace societies, churches and chambers of commerce had often called upon him to bring his influence to bear in favor of peace.

A Russian delegate said now that the war had ceased, 140,000,000 Russians, who formerly were dumb, would henceforth have a voice in the affairs of the Empire. No people, he said, appreciated peace more than the Russians.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

PRAIRIE SECTION WILL SHORTEN THE ROUTE CONSIDERABLY.

Winnipeg, Sept. 19.—A few weeks ago when it was first announced that construction on the Grand Trunk Pacific prairie section would begin at once, it was also stated that until further developments it was not certain that the company would build from Winnipeg to Portage la Prairie, as there was a probability of the Canadian Northern rails being used to that point. Now it is learned on good authority that the Grand Trunk Pacific will build in direct line from the city to Plains Centre. They will shorten the route at present travelled by existing lines, although to do so may necessitate construction of two bridges across the Assiniboine.

Another reason ascertained is that the Canadian Northern road is not of sufficiently high standard of grade. Indications are such that there is no doubt that the line will run from the southern part of the city.

It is not likely that work will be begun on the Winnipeg-Portage branch this fall as next spring would be plenty early enough to get work under way for all practical necessity.

RAILWAY RATES

SENATOR ELKINS PREDICTS THAT A REGULATION BILL WILL PASS THIS WINTER.

New York, Sept. 19.—Senator Stephen B. Elkins, of West Virginia, is in New York, and has been in consultation here with various railway and business men on the subject of railway and tariff legislation to be considered by Congress in the coming session. As chairman of the Senate committee on Inter-State Commerce, Mr. Elkins will have charge of all railway legislation in the Senate. He predicts that a rate regulation bill will pass this winter, but feels that a prolonged and ibtter fight will ensue when the subject of tarff revision is considered. Senator Elkins said yesterday: 'The ecommittee of which I am chairman, and which will frame a rate-regulation measure this winter, is prepared for its work and will meet two weeks in advance of the regular session for the purpose of preparing the bill. Every member of the committee knows exactly where he stands upon this question, and I think that by Dec. 1 we will have a bill ready for introduction.' I regard decisive action this session as beyond question.'

FIRE IN INDIA

ONE THOUSAND HOUSES REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN DESTROYED.

Lahore, Sept. 20.—News has been received here of the destruction by fire of 1,000 houses at Baramula, in the Cashmere district.

WILL GO TO GERMANY

M. WITTE TO CONDUCT AN IMPORTANT MISSION REGARDING FAR EAST.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—'Mittags Zeitung' claims to have authority for stating that the Czar has directed M. Witte to come to Germany, instead of taking a holiday, to conduct an important mission concerning an international regulation of Far Eastern questions.

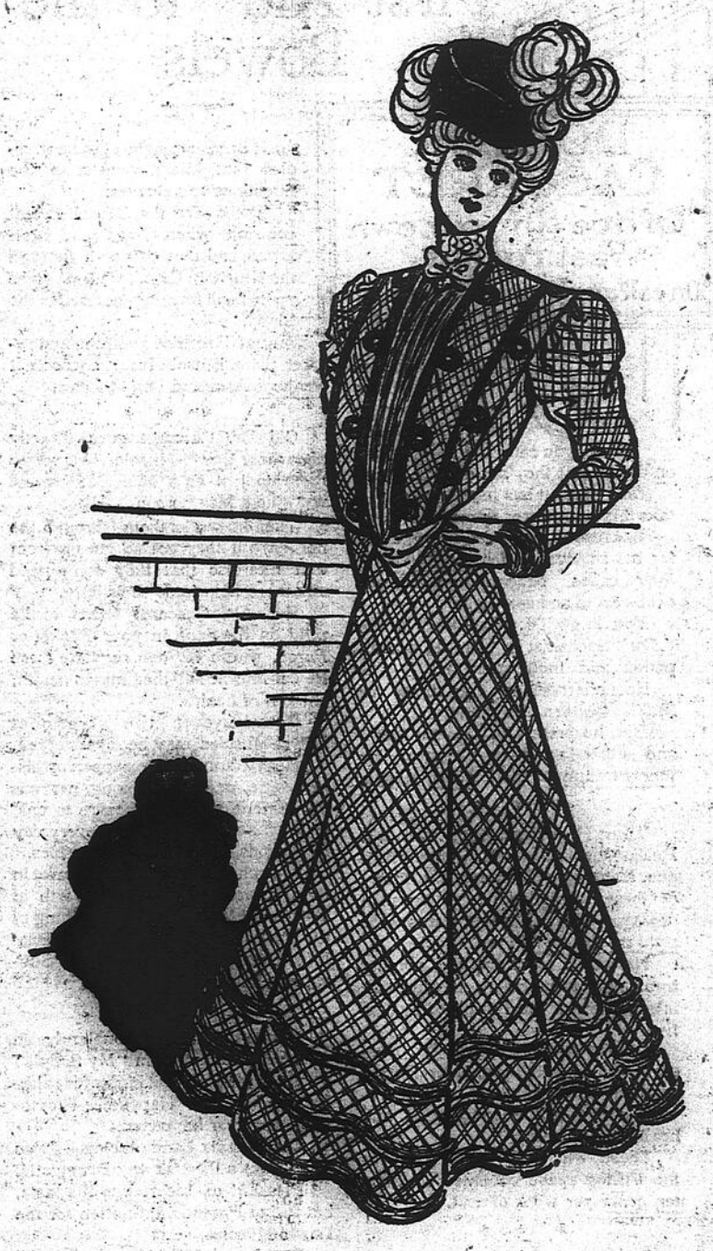
AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 20.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor to-day received a joint report from the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners that they have extended their working agreement until Jan. 1, 1906.

Mr. T. Healy, president of the International Brotherhood of Firemen, requested that the decision rendered in the Philadelphia controversy relative to his organization and the brewery workmen be enforced. The council will urge the central labor union to continue its work to have the executive council's decision enforced, and will be urged to avoid any retaliatory policy.

The Coopers' International Union charged violation of the decision rendered by the federation regarding cooperage work performed in breweries and requested a decision definitely requiring the brewery workmen to comply therewith. The council, however, recommends that the case be not re-opened, as a decision was rendered by the convention of the Federation of Labor at San Francisco last November.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.



SILK AND FUR.

It is frequently wondered what the world is coming to next,' and in the world of fashion that 'next' has appeared in the combination of silk and fur. Not a light, flimsy silk, but a rich, heavy moire velours, which can be worn until the winter days are really severe, and again be brought out in the very early spring. Of course, it has to be a plaid, and one of those in which deep tones of blue and green are aided in a harmonious blending by a judicious interweaving of tan and scarlet flecks. The fur bands are of mink tails, the vestee fronts and cuffs of fur to match and the braiding on the bloused Eton coat is in green, the crush girdle being of green taffeta. This model shows to how much better advantage a plaid will appear in a circular skirt. No matching or rather uneven matching of lines at seams. The coat is also cut so that the plaid is biased at front and back where the double plait effect is given, and braided. Moire effects are to be widely worn both for street and evening. The latter silks are shown with the antique moire weave, which shows the watered appearance in wider, freer lines than ordinary moire has. Such pretty designs are printed on them, too; garlands of tiny roses with soft shadows beneath; clusters of buds around half-blown flowers, and others too numerous to mention. The faint blurred look that the Chine finish gives to these floral patterns makes them doubly attractive, for in the shadows bits of the flower tints seem to be hiding. The turban with a long front seems to again be making a bid for favor. The one with the illustrated suit is of the fur, trimmed with pastel tan feathers. At present everything points to rather small hats, with brim flared high at one side and curled over and upwards on the other, the front and back brim of even width. The crowns are either pot, or drum shaped, and flowers and feathers trim in unison.

PLANNING A READING COURSE.

It is possible to spend so much valuable time in planning what you are going to read or study, that the time will all slip away without your getting any actual results, writes Margaret E. Sangster. The temptation to a book lover to skirt along the edges of literature, culling here a fruit and there a flower, is very insidious.

If you visit a library, its very wealth augments your difficulty. You stand irresolute among the intellectual riches of many lands and ages. You want to grasp so much that, like the child who comes home from a daisy field with empty hands, having dropped her flowers by the wayside, you have nothing to show for your longing and your labors at the end of the season.

The reader who desires to read for profit must decide on the department that shall enlist her time and thought.

At present the Far East presents an inviting avenue for exploration and discovery. The long history of each nation, starting from a remote and shadowy past, can be found on the library shelves, and current literature shows a crop of recent volumes giving the modern point of view of each nation, both from within and from without.

Or perhaps the England of Queen Elizabeth has loomed before you like an enchanted land. The Elizabethan period is so full of contrasts with our own; it is so pregnant with issues that have since brought forth great triumphs in later days; it has so vast a gallery of heroic figures, that it cannot be exhausted by a student in one season. You will find history, science, essays and poetry arranging themselves around the personality of Elizabeth.

In planning a course of reading, it is usually best to get hold of some strong human interest. Biography is an illuminating medium in which to read history.

Mrs. Sangster suggests taking a single author at a time, having, for example, a Stevenson winter or a Carlyle winter. 'You will find,' she concludes, 'your horizon broadened, your imagination fired, your vocabulary enlarged by an absorbed and devoted study of a single author during a stated period. This, too, is a very good plan to pursue in family reading, for which the long evenings give opportunity. Let one read aloud, while the rest listen, and talk over what has been read before the spell of the story has passed away. Children gain much culture by this simple method.'

WHEN BUYING A HAT.

'Don't be content to buy a hat just because it is thoroughly becoming to you as you sit before the milliner's mirror,' says a woman noted for the taste that she shows in her hats.

'Stand up before the mirror and make sure that the hat is as becoming to you when you stand as when you are seated. Do not stand close before the mirror—walk away from it and get a glimpse of yourself from a distance. Assume a number of different attitudes, characteristic ones that you would naturally take when wearing the hat and see if the hat suits you in them all.

'In other words, try to see yourself as others will see you, judging your appearance in the hat as they will, not as you have judged for yourself when seated becomingly before the mirror with a clever milliner hovering about.'

'The short woman, for instance, smiles back into the mirror at herself under a heavily plumed picture hat, immensely becoming, simply because her sweep of skirt balances its huge proportions. Let her rise—how different is the effect!

'The stout woman suffers in the same way. Seated she forgets that she is not sitting for a portrait of her head, but must look just as well when standing, when the general lines of her figure and carriage may more likely than not ridicule the head effect, so satisfactory when lines of figure and carriage are forgotten.

'A tall, slender woman, even when seated, gives a fair impression of how she will look when standing. She retains the atmosphere of her height. Therefore she runs little risk of having a hat unbecoming to her when standing that has pleased her while tried on when she is seated, but even she should make perfectly sure of running no risk at all by rising from her chair and getting a distant glimpse of herself.

DAILY TABLE HINT.

Grapes in Jelly.—This is a dish pleasing to the eye and to the palate, and is not very expensive. Soak half a box of gelatine in one cupful cold grape juice until it softens; then stir until dissolved into one quart of hot, purple grape juice, to which add the juice of one lemon; strain into a bowl set in shaved ice, and when commencing to congeal turn into an oval mould containing a perfect bunch of white grapes. Set on ice for half an hour, and when ready to serve dip into boiling water for an instant and slip on to a cold dish. Garnish with grapes.

McGILL LECTURES OPEN

PRINCIPAL PETERSON ON UNIVERSITY'S CONDITIONS AND PROSPECTS.

Principal Peterson spoke yesterday at a mass meeting of undergraduates of the faculties of Arts and Applied Science, which was the practical opening of lectures in those faculties.

The principal first deprecated any idea that he was to deliver a formal lecture. He was there, he said, only to give informal greetings and advice to the students. The formal inaugural address of the term would be the annual university lecture to be given on Founders' Day, Oct. 6, by the new professor of classics, Mr. Walter Scott. The subject of this lecture will be, 'The place of classics in a liberal education.'

After a few words on the subject of classics in general, Dr. Peterson spoke of the achievements of Prof. Scott, which he referred to in the most enthusiastic terms. Next he spoke of the standing and prospects of the university.

Now, for the first time in the seventy-five years of its history, McGill was wholly united. The Faculty of Medicine had voluntarily relinquished its autonomy and the last vestige of separate organization, and now stood on the same footing as the other branches of the University.

This feeling of complete union and solidarity was further shown by the interchange of hospitality in lecture rooms between faculties, and, above all, in the great things promised by the Students' Union now in course of construction.

Still another indication of this was the probability of there being erected some time before long a great hall capable of holding all the students in the University.

The principal then spoke of the breadth of McGill's achievements and of her influence upon Canadian education, which, through affiliated colleges, was making itself felt from Newfoundland to British Columbia.

Nor did it stop with Canada. It could be positively asserted that there was no university outside of the British Isles whose fame and prestige were equal to McGill's in Great Britain, and there were few American universities more highly thought of on the Continent. Even in Oxford this was the case, and there were no Rhodes scholars who were regarded as possessing better credentials than the ex-student of McGill.

From speaking of Oxford, Dr. Peterson was led to think of McGill constitutionally, and its unity of organization was once more strongly emphasized. Then, turning to the prospects of the University, he spoke of the much-discussed question of dormitories and highly commended Strathcona Hall, the new building of the McGill Y. M. C. A., for the object lesson it was giving on the subject. There seemed, too, he said, to be a fair possibility of obtaining the much-needed gymnasium which would allow proper attention to be given to the physical side of college life, which, at present, was somewhat neglected by many at McGill.

In closing, the principal referred to the subject of examinations. He spoke very strongly against cramming, and the mere reproduction of what professors had said. The university was not a machine and what was wanted was thought and reflection. Nay, more—it was part of the function of the university to aid and foster the spirit of good fellowship and the feeling of mutual helpfulness and of loyalty among its student body.

INDIAN RAILWAYS

GOVERNMENT OFFICER STUDYING AMERICAN METHODS IN VIEW OF RE-ORGANIZATION.

Mr. A. E. O'Connor, of the North-Western States Railway of India, is utilizing a seven months' leave of absence to study Canadian and United States railway methods, in view of radical changes in the methods of railway management and equipment which have been foreshadowed on the Indian state-owned railways.

Mr. O'Connor was in Montreal on Tuesday, and in the course of an interview stated that, unlike the government railway in Canada, the Indian state-owned railways paid a dividend averaging 4.92 percent, in spite of the fact that there are extensive branch lines kept up at a heavy yearly sacrifice for purely military purposes. The rates for travelling were cheaper than in Canada, the first class rate being equivalnet to two cents a mile, which included sleeping accommodation.

In India, Mr. O'Connor remarked, there was no such thing as a man raising himself from the ranks of train crews or section gangs to an important post in the management of a railway, as in America. A man entered the railway service by passing an examination, much the same as he entered the civil service, and after serving a probation, he became an assistant to a district superintendent and consequently recruits for the railway service in India were drawn from the better classes.

'I find that many Indian railway officials are doing work that is divided among two or even three officials in America, said Mr. O'Connor, 'and this is one of the things that the present agitation aims at correcting. Our methods in some respects are a bit antiquated, but reorganization will soon take place.'

BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

The Boston Symphony Orchestra, which is to give a single concert here in Victoria Rink on the evening of Monday, Oct. 2, is said to be the only organization of its kind in the world which is devoted exclusively to the performance of symphonic music, and in which its members are engaged for the year for this purpose. The sale of seat opens on Saturday morning.

LABOR CONGRESS

MOTION CARRIED PROTESTING AGAINST WORKINGMEN BEING PREVENTED FROM VOTING ON MONEY BY-LAWS.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—The Trades and Labor Congress spent this morning's session passing resolutions. The one that caused most discussion was that moved by Mr. E. T. Howard, Guelph. 'Whereas, the workingmen of the cities and towns of Ontario suffer a serious injustice by being deprived of a vote on money by-laws; be it resolved, the incoming provincial executives take steps to have the present qualifications abolished, and have the municipal laws amended so that all tenants can vote on money by-laws.'

The resolution was carried.

Mr. S. L. Landers, Hamilton, moved the following resolution: 'Whereas, in view of the necessity of a second legislative body in the Dominion of Canada, as a check against unjust and vicious legislation, and the danger of relegating too much power in the hands of one body of legislators, which may be employed as to inflict great injury upon this country; and, whereas, the present system of the appointment of Dominion Senators for life, by the party in power, is further conducive to legislation inimical to the best interest of the whole people, for it is difficult to conceive any piece of legislation, whether bad or indifferent, to cause government supporters to sever their allegiance from the party in power, to whom they owe their appointment. Therefore, be it resolved, that clause 8, in the platform of principles of the Trades and Labor Congress be amended to read: "The election of the Dominion Senate, by striking out the word 'abolition' and inserting therefor the word 'election.'"

It was referred to the constitutional committee.

The Congress also unanimously passed a resolution protesting against the low tax on vacant plots of land in cities, which enables speculators to hold such lands to the detriment of workingmen who wish to build homes.

THE EASTERN ABATTOIR

DELORIMIER COUNCIL CONSIDERING AN ACTION FOR ALLEGED NUISANCE.

At Tuesday's meeting of the Council of the Village of Delorimier a petition was read requesting the authorities to take steps to suppress the alleged nuisance caused by the bad odor emitted from the eastern abattoir.

On motion of Councillor Miller, the petition was referred to the town attorney with instructions to advise the council as to its legal rights in the matter, and as to whether or not an action should be instituted against the abattoir company.

It was moved by Councillor Labrecque and seconded by Councillor Miller that a steam roller be purchased for the road department.

Councillor Lacombe objected to the motion, arguing that it would be better to wait until next spring. The season was now far advanced and the department could rent a roller to finish the work in hand if necessary.

The matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

The request of Mr. Lacombe, chairman of the Fire and Police Committee, for an appropriation to carry out certain improvements in his department, was laid aside for a future meeting.

Acting Mayor Latour presided at the meeting and Mr. Forest, after an absence of several months, was again at his desk as secretary-treasurer. The councillors present were Messrs. Labrecque, Miller, Vigneault and Lacombe.

EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL.

In the Congregational Church hall, at Point St. Charles, on Tuesday, a large gathering assembled under the auspices of Unity Lodge, No. 196, I. O. G. T., to hear the lecture by Dr. George Hall, on 'Alcohol and its effects on the human system.' The doctor in a racy and interesting manner dealt with the subject, and imparted much useful information. At the close the doctor invited questions. Several were asked and answered. The lecture was highly appreciated and the doctor was thanked for his services. Previous to the lecture the lodge held its usual business session and four new members were admitted, including the Rev. A. W. Main, the new pastor of the church.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

ST. CUNEGONDE DEPUTATION DISCUSSED ANNEXATION WITH MAYOR LAPORTE.

Yesterday a deputation from Ste. Cunegonde, consisting of Mayor Fabien, the city attorney (Mr. Dupuis) and several aldermen and property owners, waited upon Mayor Laporte, with whom were Ald. Lavallée, chairman of the Annexation Committee, and Ald. L. A. Lapointe, with the object of discussing certain clauses of the by-law for the proposed annexation of Ste. Cunegonde.

Among the provisions of this by-law is one to the effect that in the event of annexation no expropriation proceedings shall be started on Notre Dame street for a given number of years. This clause has given rise to considerable discussion.

Mr. Dupuis, the city attorney, held that the city of Montreal had no power to make such a stipulation and it was with reference to this point, in particular, that the conference of yesterday, which was held behind closed doors, took place.

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