Montreal Herald.

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOL. LIX. MONTREAL, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1867. NUMBER 263

NOTICES.

CORPORATION OF MONTREAL.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of the City of Montreal will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the several Acts for the Incorporation of the City of Montreal, or relating thereto, with a view to obtain authority to renew the old Water Works and other Bonds about to mature, and to grant new and additional powers to the said Corporation,

(By Order),
CHS. GLACKMEYER,
City Clerk.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, City Hall, Montreal, 22nd Oct., 1867. 253

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1867.

THE Creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at the town of Joliette, St. Charles Boromee Street, in the office of the Notaries DESAUNIER & RENAUD, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of November next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of receiving statements of his affairs, and of naming an Assignee, to whom he may make an assignment under the above Act.

U. BRAULT.

St. Liguori, 19th October, 1867. d m 259

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the Matter of STANISLAS DOUCET, Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified to meet at the Office of Messrs. Thomas, Thibaudeau & Co, of Montreal, on the TWELFTH day of NOVEMBER next, at Three o'clock P.M., for the purpose of advising as to the disposal of the real estate, and for the despatch of affairs generally.

HENRY THOMAS,
Assignee.

Montreal, 23rd October, 1867. de 254

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the Matter of BAUKHAGE, BEAK & CO., Insolvents.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee in this matter, and requires claims to be fyled within two months from this date.

A. P. STEWART,
Assignee.

Montreal, 23rd Oct., 1867. 254

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the Matter of ISAIE HUDON, of Montreal, Dry Goods Merchant, Insolvent.

A DIVIDEND SHEET has been prepared, subject to objection until Saturday, the Sixteenth day of November, 1867.

T. S. BROWN,
Official Assignee.

Montreal, 25th Oct., 1867. 4in 256

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existin under the name and style of LANDSBERG HOLMES & CO., at Abercorn and Freighsburg has been dissolved this day by mutual consent Mr. J. LANDSBERG continues the business a Freighsburg, and will settle the liabilities o the late firm.

JOSEPH LANDSBERG,
N. W. HOLMES,
GEO. W ROSS.

May 6, 1867. 123

NOTICE.

THE undersigned intend applying to the Corporation of the City of Montreal for permission to erect a Steam Engine on their premises n rear of No. 70 St. Antoine Street.

C. FITTS & CO.

Montreal, 23rd Oct., 1867. d 254

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Receivers of the COLUMBIAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK as their representative in Canada, requests all persons having claims against the said Insurance Company, to lodge the same with him on or before the 20th day of May next, adjusted or unadjusted, with a view to settlement.

Office: AMERICAN COAL CO.,
147 Great St. James Street.
W. D. B. JANES.

Montreal, 24th April, 1867. 98

ST. DENIS HOTEL.

MOSHER & REED, PROPRIETORS,
CORNER 11TH STREET and BROADWAY
NEW YORK.

2 9

M. GAUTHIER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
361 NOTRE DAME STREET,
(Opposite Arnton's Auction Rooms).

IN this handsome Store will be found a choice selection of Merchandize, newly imported, for every department of the business.

N B —MR. J. RICHARDS, formerly Foreman and Cutter for James Muir, Esq., and for the last year with Mr. W. Adams has been engaged and will attend to the Cutting Department.

361 Notre Dame Street, Montreal
July 29

Special Notice.

LOGAN'S ESTATE.

Great Advantages to those willing to Build Cottages.

THE undersigned, Agent to said Logan's Estate, respectfully informs the Public that he is ready to sell immediately, *a titre constitue*, a an annual constituted rent, or by instalments on most liberal and easy terms, about EIGHTY BUILDING LOTS situate on the finest site in the town, between St. Catherine and Mignone, and Panet and Papineau Streets.

People liking both cheap and nice places should make haste to retain one or more of the above lots, for a great many have already applied for the same.

J. SIMARD,
Notary,
No. 235 Laguachetiere Street.

Montreal, 18th July, 1867. 170

J. S. CONSULAR AGENCY
AT OTTAWA, C.W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned, U. S. CONSULAR AGENT for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office will be open at all times during the business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12.

THE BEAUTIFUL SMALL HEARSE
AND PONEY
Belongs to
D. & J. TEES
COFFIN STORE.
11 BONAVENTURE STREET.
NEAR McGILL STREET.

July17 1y169

OTTAWA HOTEL, LACHINE
(LATE LAFLAMME'S.)

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL is now opened and refitted in a style to give satisfaction to the Travelling public. First-class WINES LIQUORS, &c., only, supplied according to tariff. Meals at all hours on shortest notice to order, or at the Public Table. Breakfast, 7 a.m. to 9 a.m. Early Dinner or Luncheon, 12 noon to 2 p.m. Supper, 7 to 8 p.m., at 30 cents each person and late Dinner (Table d'hote), at 6 p.m., 50 cts. each.

Private Parties, Balls, Pic-Nics, Shooting and Fishing Parties, &c., supplied with every requisite and accommodation.

Boarders and Families staying during the Winter months arranged with on liberal terms Good Stabling, &c.

FRANCIS GEORGE,
PROPRIETOR.

So tember 18. 223

YOUNG'S STORES
AND
Elevator Warehouse,
CANAL BASIN, WELLINGTON Street.

First-class STORAGE for Grain, Flour, Provisions, Sugar, Molasses, Highwines, and general Merchandise.

BONDED OR FREE (BOND No. 87).

These Stores are admirably ventilated, and from the free circulation of air through them, they are favorably known for the Storage of Flour and Grain.

Every facility for the handling of property.

JAMES INGLIS.

September 17. 222

INSURANCE.

The Liverpool & London & Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital Surplus and Reserved Funds,
$16,271,675.

DIRECTORS IN CANADA.

T. B. Anderson, Esq., Chairman, (President Bank of Montreal.)
Henry Starnes, Esq., Deputy-Chairman, (Manager Ontario Bank.)
E. H. King, Esq., (General Manager Bank of Montreal.)
Henry Chapman, Esq., (Merchant).
Thomas Cramp, Esq., Merchant.
G. F. C. Smith, Resident Secretary.
F. A. Ball, Hamilton, C. W. } Inspectors.
James Spier, Montreal, }

Fire Insurance and Life Assurance
POLICIES
ISSUED AT MODERATE RATES.

This Company offers to Insurers the security of WEALTH, POSITION, INCREASING REVENUE and LIBERAL MANAGEMENT.

G. F. C. SMITH,
Resident Secretary, Montreal.

October 19. 220

STANDARD
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Special Notice.

THE Company's Business Year will close on FIFTEENTH NOVEMBER, 1867, and in order to secure the advantage of this year's entry to the PROFIT SCHEME, Proposals should be lodged at the Company's Office, 47 Great St. James Street, on or before that date The next Division of Profits will take place in 1879.

W. M. RAMSAY,
MANAGER.

RICHARD BULL,
INSPECTOR OF AGENCIES,
47 Great St. James Street.

Montreal, 14th Sept., 1867. tl N15 220

THE STANDARD
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1825.
WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED
The Colonial Life Assurance Company

LONIAL AND FOREIGN ASSURANCES

An Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The Annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of $2,286,000, and the Accumulated Funds amount to upwards of $18,000,000 Sterling. The New Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of $5,792,700, the corresponding Premiums amounting to $189,476 per annum.

MODERATE RATES charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad.

LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENCIES in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of business and where Premiums may be received and Claims paid.

PROFITS divided every five years.

WILLIAM THOMSON,
Manager and Actuary.
D. CLUNIE GREGOR,
Colonial and Foreign Secretary.

CANADA BRANCH.
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL
NO. 47 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

B. H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier La Banque du Peuple.
ANDREW ROBERTSON, Esq., Advocate.
H. COTTE, Esq., Banker.
GEORGE STEPHEN, Esq., Merchant.
MANAGER FOR CANADA:
W. M RAMSAY.
INSPECTOR OF AGENCIES
RICHARD BULL.

Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Head Office, Montreal, or any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

September 14. 210

ROYAL
Fire and Life Insurance Company
OF ENGLAND.

Capital, ... £2,000,000 Stg.
Annual Income over ..... 800.000 "
Accumulated Funds invest'd 1,500,000 "

SPECIAL LIFE NOTICE.

LIFE ASSURANCES effected in this COMPANY

On or before the 31st December, 1867, will participate in the next Division to be made.

The Profits hitherto appropriated have been among the largest ever declared by any Company. These facts render the security offered to Insurers undeniable.

EXAMPLE.—A person assured with profits in the ROYAL between September and December 1854 for £1000 Stg., would have added to his policy, at the end of 1864, a bonus of £320 Stg., making his £1000 Stg. policy, in little more than ten years, a policy of £1320 Stg."

FIRE BRANCH.

RISKS on all descriptions of Property taken at as favorable Rates as offered by any othe first-class Company.

Losses paid as soon as satisfactorily proved.

J. L. ROUTH,
AGENT.

Montreal, 14th Oct., 1867. ddd 246

MARINE INSURANCE
BRITISH AMERICA
ASSURANCE COMPANY,
INCORPORATED 1833.

RISKS TAKEN ON HULLS OF SAILING VESSELS and STEAMERS Also, on Merchandize in Transitu between the Ports of the Maritime Provinces and Chicago, and *vice versa*, at lowest current Rates.

MARINE INSPECTORS:
CAPTAIN ALEXANDER DAVIDSON.
CAPTAIN RODERICK COURNEEN.

M. H. GAULT,
Agent.
77 Great St. James Street.

April 26. (110) 99

Phœnix Fire Insurance Company
OF LONDON
ESTABLISHED IN 1782.

THIS COMPANY having invested, in conformity with the Provincial Act, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS for the SPECIAL SECURITY of POLICY HOLDERS IN CANADA, is prepared to accept RISKS on DWELLING HOUSES, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandize, at the lowest current Rates.

JAMES DAVISON, Manager.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.,
AGENTS FOR CANADA

February

1867. MARINE. 1867

AND

INLAND INSURANCE.

WESTERN
ASSURANCE COMPANY,
[Established 1851.]

THIS COMPANY underwrites Marine Risks on the HULLS and CARGOES of STEAM and SAIL VESSELS between the Lower Ports and all Points on the St. Lawrence and Western Lakes.

Also, on CARGOES TO EUROPE, *via* the St. Lawrence and the Atlantic Ports of the United States, through tne underigned.

ANGUS R. BETHUNE,
64 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

April 99

ROYAL
Fire and Life Insurance Company
OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, ... £2,000,000 Stg.
ANNUAL INCOME, over £700,000 Stg.

BUILDINGS and all descriptions of PROPERTY INSURED against LOSS or AMAGE by FIRE on avourable terms.

OLICIES on LIVES issued on very advanageous erms, and no extra premium charged Military Services in defence of the Provinces r for crossing the Atlantic.

Claims promptly settled.

H. L. ROUTH,
AGENT

October 17.

BRITISH AMERICA
ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE ASSURANCE.

THE Subscriber continues to grant INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE, on ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF PROPERTY at MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

M. H. GAULT,
AGENT,
77 Great St. James Street.

April 26. (110) 99

Fire Insurance---Bonus Every Three Years.
ETNA FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF DUBLIN.

CAPITAL, ... $2,500,000
Bonuses to insured every three years, if no losses. Moderate Rates.
Prompt Settlement of Claims without reference to Head Office.

Fire and Marine Applications solicited.

Agencies throughout Dominion of Canada.

Chief Office for Dominion—corner St. Francois Xavier and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal.

T. W. GRIFFITH,
Manager.

N.B.—Active men wanted to canvass for the above first-class Company. Salary and Commission paid.

October 26, (239) 6m 256

Established 1840.
RELIANCE MUTUAL LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

The entire Profits of this old established Society belong to the Insured.

Chief Office for British North America—corner St. Francois Xavier and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal.

T. W. GRIFFITH,
Manager and Secretary.

N.B.—Active men wanted to canvass for the above first-class Society.

Salary and Commission paid.

October 26, 239 6m 256

NOTICES.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE
Bankers and Brokers,
14 WALL STREET,
NEW YORK.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of all kinds, bought and sold at market rates.

INTEREST allowed on deposits of GOLD or CURRENCY subject to check on demand.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of STERLING EXCHANGE, BONDS STOCKS and GOLD, on Commission

We are constantly represented in the BOARD of STOCK BROKERS, and in the GOLD EXCHANGE, by one of our firm.

MONTREAL REFERENCES.
HENRY STARNES, Manager Ontario Bank.
C. DORWIN & Co., Bankers and Brokers.
NICHOLS, ROBINSON & Co., Bankers & Brokers.
C. T. IRISH, Banker and Broker.
G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Co.

May 28. (78) 126

THE Undersigned having leased the extensive and commodious STORE No. 13 COMMON STREET, (adjoining Examining Warehouse), lately occupied by Messrs. Freer, Boyd & Co, is prepared to receive for STORAGE SUGAR, MOLASSES, HIGHWINES, OILS, GRAIN, FLOUR and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, in Bond or Free.

First-class Cellarge for Oil and Molasses.

M. MACCARTHY.
17 and 19 St, John Street.

May 2. 1o

NOTICE.

ALL parties indebted to the ESTATE of the late WILLIAM WATSON, Esq., in his lifetime of the City and District of Montreal, (at one time Inspector of Flour) are respectfully requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned Executors; and those to whom the Estate is indebted will please hand in their Accounts, duly attested, for payment

(Signed), A. W. OGILVIE,
W. W. OGILVIE.

Montreal, 22nd April, 1867. 96

HAIR DRESSING, WIG MAKING,
—AND—
PERFUMERY ESTABLISHMENT.

THE Subscriber would respectfully take this opportunity of thanking his friends and the public generally for that liberal support he has received for the last twenty years, and having gone to great expense in fitting up the New Store of 37 Gt. St. James,

NO. 357 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Which Store he will

Open on Saturday, 27th instant,

he feels assured that it will be second to none on this Continent with regard to the comfort and elegance of its arrangements.

The subriber feels satisfied that the public will support him in this undertaking. There will be always on hand a large assortment of ENGLISH and FRENCH PERFUMERY, of the best quality. Also a complete assortment of all the varied articles for the TOILET, at the lowest prices.

DIES and GENTS' WIGS, TOUPEES, BANDS, BRAIDS, &c

Also, HOT and COLD BATHS.

Agent for JACOB'S RHEUMATIC LIQUID.

JOHN PALMER.

April 25. 1y 98

PROVINCE OF CANADA, } District of St. Hyacinthe, } County of Rouville. }

CIRCUIT COURT IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ROUVILLE.

Thursday, the Eighteenth April, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

[In Vacation]

No. 339.

AUGUSTIN FOURNIER, farmer, resident in the Parish of Ste. Marie, in the County of Rouville, in the District of St. Hyacinthe,
Plaintiff;

Vs.

ELIE BEAUDRY, farmer, formerly of the Parish of St. Cesaire, in the said County and District, and now in the United States of America,
Defendant.

IT IS ORDERED, on the motion of M. Pelletier, Advocate for the Plaintiff, inasmuch as it appears by the return of Pierre Narcisse Auger, one of the Bailiffs of the Superior Court of Lower Canada, acting in the District of St. Hyacinthe, annexed to the writ of summons issued in this cause, that the Defendant has left his domicile in that part of the Province of Canada, formerly constituting the Province of Lower Canada, and cannot be found in the District of St. Hyacinthe aforesaid, that the said Defendant be, by a due advertisement to be twice inserted in the French language in the newspaper published in St. Hyacinthe, called the *Courrier de St. Hyacinthe*, and twice in the English language in the newspaper published in the Town of St Johns, District of Iberville, called the *News*, provided there is no other newspaper published in St. Hyacinthe, in the District of St. Hyacinthe, notified to appear before this Court, and there to answer the demand of the said Plaintiff within two months after the last insertion of such advertisement, and in default of the said Defendant to appear and to answer to such demand within the period aforesaid, the said Plaintiff will be permitted to proceed to trial and judgment as in a cause by default.

F. H. GATIEN,
O.C.C.

tl 262

NEW BOOKS.

DAWSON BROS. have just received:—A Hand-book of Gymnastics and Athletics, by E. G. Ravenstein, F.R.G.S., and John Hully, Gymnasiant, of Liverpool, $2.25. The Athlete for 1866, etc. Kining the Reed, by Yates, 5'c Slaves of the Ring, &c. At Home in the Wilderness, being full instructions how to get along, by "The Wanderer," $1.75. Christian Heroes in the Army and Navy, by Rev. C. Rogers, $ 00 Market Harborough, by Whyte Melville. 50c Gur Livingstone, cheap ed., 50. Rutled ge Comic Reciter, 25c. &c., &c.

For Sale at
Nos. 55 to 59 Great St. James Street.

October 10. 242

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, . . . £600,000 Sterling.

SUM ASSURED, EXCLUSIVE OF BONUS, EXCEEDS
THREE MILLIONS STERLING.
ANNUAL REVENUE
One Hundred & Twenty Thousand Pounds.
AGENTS:
KINTOUL BROTHERS,
87 *ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET.*

October 15.

ROYAL
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL, ... £2,000,000 Stg.
ANNUAL INCOME, over £700,000 Stg.

BUILDINGS and all descriptions of PROPERTY INSURED against LOSS or AMAGE by FIRE on avourable terms.

OLICIES on LIVES issued on very advanageous erms, and no extra premium charged Military Services in defence of the Provinces r for crossing the Atlantic.

Claims promptly settled.

H. L. ROUTH,
AGENT

October 17.

BRITISH AMERICA
ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE ASSURANCE.

THE Subscriber continues to grant INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE, on ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF PROPERTY at MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

M. H. GAULT,
AGENT,
77 Great St. James Street.

April 26. (110) 99

FOR SALE.

JOHN B FULLER,
CONSULTING ENGINEER,
47 DEY STREET, NEW YORK,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Portable and Stationary
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS,

From 2 to 250 Horse Power.

Especial attention is called to hi Circular and Upright Saw Mills, the *best* and *most powerful Gang Mills* ever built. And every description of
Mill Machinery and Machinery Supplies,
PORTABLE and STATIONARY GRIST MILLS.

The best SHINGLE, LATH and STAVE MACHINES in use.

MACHINISTS' TOOLS of every description, and all kinds of the most approved Woodworking Machinery in use constantly on hand and built to order.

The best TURBINE WATER WHEELS, Mill Gearing, &c., &c.

Superior Oak Tanned Leather and Rubber Belting and Hose, at reduced rates.

Shafting, Pullies and Hangers, Patent Hangers and Self-oiling Boxes, and every description of
Machinery and Railway Supplies,
in store, at the lowest rates.

Drawings of Mills, Machinery and Plans and Specifications made and information given, at shortest notice.

A large stock of Circular and Mill Saws of best make on hand, *much below cost price.*

August 31. 4m 208

REFORD & DILLON
OFFER FOR SALE:

3000 Packages TEAS, *Comprising* { Young Hysons, in half-chest & catties / Gunpowders, do / Imperials, do / Congous, do / Souchongs, do } do do do do

Dutch Crushed Sugar in bris
Glasgow do do
Barbadoes Sugar in hhds and tierces
Paraffine Candles in cases
Mixed Nutmegs do
Olive Oil in qr-casks
German Cigars, favourite brands
Younger's Alloa Ale, pints, in bris
Pickles and Sauces, assorted
"Robin's" Brandy in cases
Sherry Wine, qr-casks and octaves
Tobaccos in hf-boxes and catties
Liverpool Soap, Gossage's and Steele's
Sardines, halves and qrs
Bi-carb. Soda in kegs
Currants, new and old, in bris
Marmalade in cases
Herrings, barrels
Mustard—Taylor's in hhds, 4 lb jars
Figs in boxes
Sago in cases—Fine and Medium
Black Pepper in bags
Cloves, bales
Snuff—Maccaba in jars
Indigo in chests
Cream Tartar in jars, each 15 lbs
Rice, bags
Black Lead—Reckitt's in cases
Ball Blue
Ultra Marine
Arrowroot in cases
Glasgow Cordage, Pipes
Castor Oil in cases

Expected daily ex Bisphaur, first Ship from Malaga:
Layers in boxes and quarter-boxes—RAISINS
Mus. Bunch, boxes do
London Layers do
Red and Blue Crown do
Star Layers do
Sun, hf-brls do
Seedless, do do
Valentia and Jordan Almonds
Yg. Women and Brown
Lemons in qr-chests
Grapes in ½-brls
Valencia Raisins, ½-boxes

Pig Iron—"Eglinton" and "Garisherrie"
Canada Plate—Swansea and Pontypool

October 2. 235

IN STORE
4000 hf-chests Young Hyson, Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, Colored and U. C. Japan Teas
100 chests and hf-chests finest English Breakfast Sorts
50 chests do do do Congou
200 brls "New Crop" Zante Currants
25 chests Madras Indigo
50 hhds } "Hennessy's" Pale Brandy
25 qr-casks }
125 cases }
50 hhds } "DeKuyper's" Gin
100 red cases }
75 green do }
25 hhds "Boll & Dunlop's" double berried "London proof" Gin
20 hhds } Pale Sherry Wine
30 qr-casks }
25 qr-casks "Woodhouse & Co's" L P Madeira
35 puns fine Old Jamaica Rum

FOR SALE BY
HUGH FRASER,
45 & 47 St. Sacrament Street,
And 4 & 6 St. Alexis Street

Aug. 22 200

JOHN McARTHUR & SON,
Importers and Dealers in
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Colours,
WINDOW GLASS.
Artists' and Painters' Materials,
NAVAL STORES, &c.
18 LEMOINE STREET,
MONTREAL.

August 2 1y 183

LANDING
Ex "Peep o' Day" and "Balmoral":

"BLUNDELL'S" RAW LINSEED OIL
Do DOUBLE BOILED do
Do PALE do do
Do DRY COLORS (in full assortment
"COOKSONS" GENUINE DRY WHITE LEAD
Do REFINED RED LEAD
"BRANDRAM'S" GROUND WHITE LEAD (in full assortment)
"HABBACK'S" PATENT ZINC WHITE PAINT
Do GENUINE DRY ZINC WHITE

JOHN MCARTHUR & SON,
18 Lemoine Stree

August 2. 1y 183

ON SALE:
Qr-casks RAW LINSEED OIL
Do do do REFINED
Qr-casks DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OIL
Qr-casks PALE BOILED do do
Qr-casks OLIVE OIL, (very fine)
Cases E. I. CASTOR OIL, in tins
Brls LARD OIL No. 1
Brls ENGINE OIL
Brls MACHINERY OIL
Brls PALE SPERM OIL
Brls ELAINE OIL (for wool)
Brls COD OIL (pure Newfoundland)
Brls WHALE OIL
Brls BLEPHANT OIL
Brls PALE SEAL OIL
Brls REFINED RAPE OIL
Brls COLZA OIL

JOHN MCARTHUR & SON.
18 Lemoine Street

August 2. y 183

CROCKERY, WHOLESALE.

THE subscribers have now on hand a large Stock of CROCKERY, suitable for Country Stores, comprising:—

C. C. PAINTED and SPONGED TEAS
C. C. and BLUE EDGE PLATES
C. C. CHAMBERS, EWERS and BASINS
CANE BAKERS, BOWLS and JUGS, ROCKINGHAM TEAPOTS
WHITE GRANITE WARE, Firsts & Seconds.
&c., &c.
Also, GLASSWARE (especially Tumblers) in great variety, which they offer for sale at low prices, by the package or dozen.

JOHN PATTON & CO.,
135 Great St. James Street.

October 12. 244

ROBERT WEIR & CO.,
PAPER MAKERS,
WHOLESALE STATIONERS,
AND
Account-Book Manufacturers,
39 & 41 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL.

September 17.

FOR SALE.

SPALDING'S
PREPARED GLUE,

THE CHEAPEST

AND MOST CONVENIENT ARTICLE
FOR
Repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, and all Ornamental Work in the World.

ALSO

TAKES THE PLACE OF

ORDINARY MUCILAGE,

And will be found vastly

MORE ADHESIVE.

A Single Bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save Ten Times its Cost Yearly!

Price, 25 Cents per Bottle,

WITH BRUSH.

Sold by Furniture and Fancy Goods Dealers.

READ THE

TESTIMONIALS

ENDORSING THE

SOZODONT!

IS AS HARMLESS AS WATER; CONTAINS NEITHER ACID, POTASH, OR ANY OTHER DELETERIOUS DRUG.

One of the first chemists in this country, J. G. POHLE, M.D., of New York, has made analysis of the SOZODONT, and hear what he says:

487 BROADWAY, July 5, 1864.

I have made a chemical analysis of the preparation for the teeth styled "Sozodont," the object of the analysis being to ascertain whether it contained substances detrimental to the teeth or gums. An imperial sample of the "Sozodont" was purchased by me personally from a leading druggist of this city, and carefully analyzed for acids and other corrosive or injurious ingredients, it only to have a detrimental action on the teeth or gums, but nothing of an objectionable character was found in its composition.

JULIUS G. POHLE, M.D.,
Late of Dr. James L. Chilton & Co.,
Analytical Chemists.

Read the testimony of a few of the many eminent clergymen and their families of New York city, who, having used the Sozodont for a long time past, are convinced of its excellent and invaluable qualities, give it their cordial commendation:

REV. THOS. DEWITT, Pastor Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church, Lafayette Place.
REV. J. W. ALEXANDER, D.D., Presbyterian Church, Fifth avenue.
REV. J. B. WAKELY, Methodist Episcopal City Missionary.
REV. W. F. MORGAN, D. D., Rector St. Thomas' Church, Broadway.
REV. E. H. CHAPIN, D.D., Pastor Fourth Universalist Church, Broadway.
REV. SAMUEL COOK, D. D., Rector of St. Bartholomew's Church, Lafayette Place.
REV. SAMUEL OSGOOD, D. D., Pastor Church of Messiah, Broadway.
REV. R. M. ADAMS, Methodist Episcopal Church, Duane street.
REV. HEMAN BANGS, late Pastor Centenary M.E. Church, Brooklyn.
REV. W. S. MIKELS, Pastor Baptist Church, Sixteenth street.
REV. GEO. POTTS, D.D., Pastor of Presbyterian Church, University Place.
REV. E. E. RANKIN, Pastor Presbyterian Church, Forty-second street.
REV. T. E. VERMILYE D.D., Pastor of Colored Dutch Reformed, Lafayette Place.
From G. F. J. COLBURN, Doctor of Dental Surgery, Newark, N.J.

The Popular Dentifrice known as "Sozodont," besides being a very pleasant addition to the toilet, contains ingredients that, if used according to the directions, will prove of the greatest utility to the health of the mouth and teeth.

From HON. EX-GOVERNOR PENNINGTON, Newark, N.J., late Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington):

"I have used, as a cleanser of the teeth, a preparation called Sozodont, and have found it very beneficial. It has a good effect upon the teeth, and purifies the breath. The character of Mr. Van Dusdin, the chemist, is a guarantee of merit in all articles bearing his name."

From ALEXANDER M. DOUGHERTY, M.D., late one of the Medical Directors United States Army, Newark N.J.:

"Having been made acquainted with the composition of the remedy which is known as Sozodont, I have for some time past permitted its use in my family, where it has given entire satisfaction. It leads me to can fully recommend it as worthy of the encomiums it has received."

From Mr. A. T. JOHNSON, Dentist, Lowell, Massachusetts:

"DEAR SIR: Two years since a friend of mine from New York sent me a bottle of your dentifrice very properly called Sozodont, with the request that I should give it a trial. I did so, and was convinced it was destined to take the place of all preparations for the teeth. I have been engaged in the practice of dentistry for the past seventeen (17) years, and during that time, among all the preparations for the teeth offered to the public, I must say that, from personal experience, the Sozodont bears off the palm. For my own use I would not be without it, for any consideration."

WHERE THE SHOE PINCHES.

Certain Dentists who have tooth nostrums to sell, and who find that the SOZODONT is taking the place of every other dentifrice in the land, snake their heads knowingly and hint that it is deleterious. If they mean deleterious to their interests, no doubt they are right. Were it destructive to the teeth these cavillers would have nothing to say against it, as evil effects would bring grist to their mill. Their motives are too transparent not to be seen by every intelligent person.

From JAMES MAIRS, M.D., 35 Clinton Place, New York:

"DEAR SIR: For some time past I have been making use of your Sozodont. As the time I began to use it my gums were very tender and painful to the touch, and had been so for a considerable length of time. After using the Sozodont a few times they were entirely relieved, and have remained so ever since. I consider the Sozodont the most convenient, efficient, satisfactory and pleasant dentifrice in use—indispensable to all well regulated toilets.

"Yours, &c., most respectfully."

Endorsed by Eminent DENTISTS
" " PHYSICIANS
" " CHEMISTS
" " MINISTERS
" " LITERARY MEN
" " MERCHANTS
" " BANKERS, &c.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

MANY UNDER SIMILAR NAMES,

Vended and sold by unprincipled dealers because they pay a much larger per cent than SOZODONT. Beware of dealers who recommend other preparations. Ask for SOZODONT, and take no other.

Sold by all Druggists.

HALL & RUCKEL,
Proprietors,
NEW YORK.

September 24. 5m trs 228

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 4, 1867.

APPOINTMENTS THIS DAY.

Concert of the St. Patrick's Society, at the City Concert Hall, at 8 p.m.
Concert of the Workingmen's Benefit Society, at at the Victoria Rink at 8 p.m.
Performances at the Theatre Royal, at 8 p.m.
Meeting of the Montreal Literary Club, at the Club House, at 8 p.m.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY JOHN J. ARNTON.
Hardware, &c., at 36 St. Sulpice Street, at 10 a.m,
Hardware, at his rooms, at 1.30.

ARRIVALS AT HOTELS.
St. Lawrence Hall.

Geo H Stone, Montreal; C F Glidersleeve, Kingston; C G Sterling, New York; H W Routh, Hamilton; G R Smith, Detroit; E Hester, R J Hickey, Aultsville; His Excellency the Governor General of Newfoundland, Chas Mesoave, Nfld; Mr Tellor and sister, New York; Mr Tucker, St John; C V Coker, Quebec; J Tucker, St John; W E Duggan, H Stoghenn, Hon Mr Odell, New Brunswick; Hon Mr Stevens, do; Hon A E Botsford, do; Hon Mr Gray, do; Donald R Macleod, Quebec; W H Brown, do; A Smith, T Anglin, E Miller, St John, N B; A R McEddan, N B; John Costigan, Niagara Falls; S S Ebnor & wife, Hartford, Conn; F A Wilcot & wife, N Y; G B de Beaujeu, Coteau du Lac; Sir Chas Stuart, Quebec; E G Smyser & wife, Penn.; Spencer Harrison, Toronto; A Kempt & wife, Wisconsin; B Bakewell, jr, & wife; Pittsburg, Pa; Hon Mr Ritchie, Nova Scotia; James Swift, Kingston; Mrs Daveney, Cobourg; Mr & Mrs J B Church, jr, New York; J de W Spuras, St John, N B; Hon J H Gray; do; Hon J Smith, Dorchester; A W Savary, Digby, N S; Dr Jostne, N S; John Bolton, N B; Andrew Elliott, W H Ray, Annapolis, N S; A Benard, Bonaventure; R D Wilmot, N B; Mr Geo Ryan, do; Hugh W Donald, Antigonish, N S; Dr Cameron, do; Jas Sanson, Toledo, Ohio; R Parker Pierce, Chicago; Capt Graham, S S Belgian.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

GENERAL PRESS DESPATCHES.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

MANCHESTER, Nov. 1, evening.—The trial of Allen and four other prisoners was concluded to-day before the Special Commission. They were convicted of murder and have received the sentence of death. The cases of the rest of the accused will be tried on Monday, to which day the Court has adjourned. The proceedings cause extraordinary interest here.

DUBLIN, Nov. 1, evening.—The trial of Gen. Warren is now progressing before the Commission.

LONDON, Nov. 1, evening.—The holiday has been generally observed here and on the continent. Little business has been transacted here or in Liverpool, and the markets all closed early. The commercial despatches sent from London and Liverpool at 2 p.m. contain the closing quotations of the day.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Herald's* special of Garibaldi's camp, Castle Zitelleo, five miles distant from Rome, Oct. 30th. On this day (Wednesday), in the morning, Garibaldi had at his headquarters under him 3,000 revolutionary soldiers. The men are well armed, and have plenty of provisions; but they have no artillery except two brass guns taken from the Papal soldiers during the fight at Monte Rotondo. They have no tents, and there is very little dicipline maintained. The rear is unguarded; Garibaldi's headquarters lie in the field in a grotto at a point facing Rome, and in fine view of the Eternal City. There are no Papal troops between us and Rome, as the soldiers of the Pope who have been steadily falling back, have so treated within the line of the fortifications of the city. Before their retirement from the field, they burned all the bridges over the river. The Roman peasants take no interest in the progress of affairs. They are engaged in the plough and tending their flocks as usual. Garibaldi's men do not interfere with them and respect their property; they do not take away sheep or oxen, or any of the agricultural implements in the vicinity of the camp or on the roads leading to it, with the exception of wood, which they take from the fences. They behave very well, indeed. Eight men of the Garibaldian army are to be shot to morrow, by sanction of a court-martial, having been convicted of believing at Monte Rotundo. The men of the force are very enthusiastic In their hopes as to the result of the movement on Rome, but the weather is very cold during the nights and this tests their patience and ardor not a little. Recruits come in at the average of six hundred daily. Arms and provisions are had in large quantities from the province of Terni in anticipation of a fight with the Papal Government. There has been no actual engagement since the fights at Viterbo and Monte Rotondo. The priests fought bravely at Monte Rotondo. After the fight at Monte Rotondo, Garibaldi's officers begged of him to shoot at once all prisoners taken in action, but he refused promptly and with determination. The French have not arrived at Rome yet. Signor Accorbi was not killed at Viterbo as at first reported. Garibaldi's sons Menotti and Ricciotti are both in camp with their father. We all sleep on the floor of an old monastery. Garibaldi will not advance nearer to Rome until he has 20,000, at least, under his command. He is to-day engaged in making an examination of the ruins of the bridges destroyed by fire by the Papal troops. In camp, the General retires at eight o'clock in the evening, and rises from his pallet on the floor at five in the morning. It is said that he intends to occupy Monte Mario immediately. Two thousand Papal troops, well officered and handled in the field, could destroy Garibaldi's force by assault on the rear of his position. The members of the insurrectionary committees are here consulting with Garibaldi. The General would regard it as an act of madness to attack Rome with

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

Specially Reported for the Montreal Herald

Latest from Quebec.

QUEBEC, Nov 2nd.

It is raining.

The arrivals to-day are as follows: S S Lady Head, Bai des Chaleurs, &c., 118 passengers and a general cargo. Ship AVON, Liverpool, Sept 16th, general cargo. Schr Anna Bella, New Carlisle, fish, &c.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—There is no longer any doubt that the French troops have entered the Holy City. The Italian reserve has been called out.

It is reported on good authority that the Government of Prussia has pledged her support to Italy, in the event of a rupture of the friendly relations between that country and France.

It is known that there is a crisis in the relations between France and Prussia which causes much uneasiness and apprehension in monetary circles.

LATER.—LONDON, Nov. 2, 3 p.m.—General Manabrea, the Prime Minister of Italy, in a note, justifies the advance of the Italian troops into the Papal territory. He says:—The dignity of the Italian Government, and the violation of the September treaty by the French, required this movement.

NOON, Nov. 2, noon.—The trial of General Warren for complicity in Fenianism, was concluded last evening. He was found guilty of treason and felony.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The steamer *Cambria* brings European dates to the 23rd ult.

The liabilities of the Royal Bank of Liverpool are four million pounds. Assets satisfactory.

A bulletin issued by the Italian Relief Committee, says that Garibaldi's arrival in Italy has modified the plans of the insurgents and of the Revolutionary party.

The North German Parliament has passed a resolution, calling upon the Federal Chancellor to introduce next session, a measure relating to trade based upon free trade principles.

The Italian news has been anticipated by telegraph.

NEW YORK, 2nd November—The payment by one person here of a revenue tax of $23,000, noticed yesterday, has been surpassed since by a firm paying a tax of $114,947.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1st November—A fire in the town of San Juan to-day destroyed a block of buildings in the principal street. Loss 100,000.

CORRESPONDENCE.

HALLOWE'EN MISCHIEF.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.

SIR,—I think the public ought to be protected by the police from the very dangerous and annoying conduct of boys on Hallowe'en, to which you call attention in your paper to day.

No one objects to fun and frolic amongst youngsters when kept within proper bounds; but smashing windows, endangering the heads of the inmates, and dashing pails of dirt on doors and railings, are neither fun nor frolic, but simply the acts of low scoundrels.

I am aware that many of the urchins who kept the neighbourhood in which I live, in a state of fever on Hallowe'en, claim to be sons of respectable people, but in the estimation of most people they will be judged by their actions, and pronounced nothing better than blackguards, worthy of the lock-up house for a few days.

I had two large and costly pains of glass broken on Thursday evening, and other damage inflicted on my property. I endeavoured to find a policeman, with the intention of giving the perpetrators into custody, but, as usual, not one of those scarce functionaries could be found anywhere, and so, of course, the rowdies had it all their own way

This, I contend, is a disgrace to the City authorities, and it is to be hoped that before the return of the great Scottish festival, next year, arrangements may be made, if not by the Police authorities, by a combination among neighbours, to way-lay, catch in the act, tar and feather, and ignominiously whip every young blackguard, no matter who his father may be, who is found committing such depredations as those now complained of.

Your obedient servant,

SHERBROOKE STREET.

NOV. 2, 1867.

Commercial Bank Negotiation.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD:

BANK OF MONTREAL,
Montreal, 2nd Nov., 1867.

SIR,—Referring to the pretended "Minutes and particulars" connected with a recent meeting of Bankers, which appeared in the Montreal *Gazette* of 31st Oct., I beg to say that the entire accuracy of the authoritative "statement of facts," connected with that meeting, was concurred in by the Chairman (Mr Paton) and the Hon. Mr. Galt before its publication.

This statement of facts was rendered necessary by the untruthful and malicious comments that unfortunately found their way into the columns of the *Montreal Gazette on the morning* after the meeting. The resemblance between the so-called "Minutes and particulars" and the malicious comments in the *Gazette* point to the same author, and may be regarded as a vindictive attempt to repeat his slander in another form.

The misrepresentation contained in the latter part of the pretended "Minutes and particulars" having already been exposed by Mr Angus, I will feel obliged by your publishing the enclosed letter from Mr. Paton, the Chairman of the meeting, in answer to my statement.

Having treated this matter so far with the seriousness it deserves, I hope we may be spared further specimens of correspondence such as appears in this days *Gazette*, signed, William Workman, in which so much interesting information is conveyed to the public respecting the actual time it took to cool my seat, the fact that a room became dark for want of light, and finally owing to the darkness no doubt, the author was himself led into a mixed state of confusion between Mr. Angus' bags and his emotion in behalf of the supplicating bank, of which, I am sorry to say, he has elected himself a most mischievous champion.

Your obd't servant,

E. H. KING.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
Montreal, 2nd Nov., 1867.

E. H KING, Esq.,
Bank of Montreal,

Dear Sir,—In reply to your note of this date requesting answers to the following questions, having reference to what took place at a meeting of Bankers held on the 21st ultimo, and of which I was the Chairman:

1st. "Did you concur in the entire accuracy "of the statement of facts respecting that "meeting which has already been published?"

Answer: I fully concurred in the accuracy of the statement of facts respecting the meeting as published.

2nd. "Did I positively refuse to advance "another $60,000, holding the securities I then "had, if the other Banks made up the balance "of the new loan of $750,000?"

Answer: I did not understand that you positively refused to advance another $60,000, but remember having stated to one of the gentlemen present at the meeting that I considered it probable from what was said that you would advance the sum mentioned.

3rd. "Did I refuse to add the words, "There is no use talking, I have given my "ultimatum?"

Answer: I did not hear you make use of the words, "I have given my ultimatum," and if they had been used I think I must have heard them.

4th. "Is it not strictly true, as contained in "the statement of facts, that the loan of $100,-"000 made by the Bank of British North America was made for the express purpose of enabling the Commercial Bank to pay its settlement on 21st Oct., and that you informed me shortly after 3 o'clock in the afternoon that this loan had actually been made to the Commercial Bank?"

Answer: It is strictly true that the loan made to the Commercial Bank was for the purpose named by you, and that I informed you about 3 o'clock of the afternoon of the 21st that the loan had been made.

I may add that the following Banks were paid out of that loan the amount of their respective balances against the Commercial Bank, viz: the Bank of Montreal, the Bank of British North America, the Ontario Bank, the Jacques Cartier Bank, the Bank of Toronto and the City Bank.

I am, Dear Sir,
Yours truly,
(Signed,) THOS PATON.

The Hon. Joseph Howe will speak at the St Patrick's Society's Concert, this evening, in the City Hall.

The Book-Binding Establishment of the Messrs. Dawson.

Our neighbours, the Messrs. Dawsons, have found so great a demand for some of their manufactures that they have recently been compelled to obtain new premises for bookbinding, machine ruling, and other processes connected with the stationary and book-selling trades. They have, therefore, fitted up some fine workshops in Craig street, with all the best and most modern machinery which is required for binding books on a large scale, or for performing those luxurious and artistic descriptions of binding which add so much to the ornamentation of the Library an l Drawing Room. Most of these machines come from the machinist Greig, and they execute the required work with a speed and precision which it is found impossible to attain by mere handicraft. The principle by which cutting tools and circular saws are used upon the edges of paper so as to treat masses of it as if they were solid, and thus to do in two or three seconds thousands of sheets, what would otherwise require as much time for each sheet dealt with singly, has added wonderfully to the economy of book making, and, of course, to the convenience of readers. We are glad to see this proof, as well of the advance of the industrial occupations of the city, as of the particular prosperity of our respected neighbours,

The Montreal Hunt Steeple Chases.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather about the hour for the first race to come off, a large number of persons were attracted to the Mile End Course. After some little delay the two horses entered for the Green Steeple Chase, which was over about three miles of a fair hunting country, came to the post. "Starlight" was the favourite at long odds, though "Reporter" had a few friends willing to back him at 4 to 1. From the smallness of the field, there was little difficulty in the start. Both horses took the first three leaps close together. The rider of "Starlight" having gone the wrong side of the flag on entering the back stretch, was obliged to go back thus giving "Reporter" the lead, which however, he did not long keep. Capt. Money, on "Starlight" a second time missed the flags, when Capt. Penton, who rode "Reporter," very generously calle l to him to turn back. "Starlight" lead past the stand the first round a hundred yards ahead of "Reporter," who showed symptoms of wishing to bolt, but under the excellent riding of Capt. Penton, he was brought to his work again, but "Starlight" now had gained such a lead, that the rest of the race was rather a hollow affair, as he came in an easy winner by several hundred yards.

SCURRY.

The second race which was to have been a Military- But much to the surprise of every one, considering the large garrison not having filled, a scurry was got up, for which eight entries were made, over two miles of the "green" course. Considering that most of the entries were entered on very short notice and without any training, they all ran remarkable well, only one of the number having come to grief. The race throughout was keenly contested, and the run home between "Confidence" and the veteran "Fireaway" was most exciting the former winning only by a neck. A protest was made by the rider of "Fireaway" against the rider of "Confidence" for foul riding, which the Stewards sustained, but unfortunately "Fireaway" instead of passing the post, ran under the judges stand a few feet inside the winning post, thereby losing his chance. The money was awarded to the third horse owned by Hunt and ridden by Dimsdale the "huntsman. The Stewards offered a purse of $25, for which three entries were made, viz :—"Molly Bawn," "Topsy," and "Confidence." From some mistake about going on the wrong side of the flag by all three, twice during the race, the horses were turned back; after getting well to work again for the right track, "Molly" took the lead and came in the winner. We give below the entries for Tuesday, when the merits of "Starlight" and "The Squire" will be fairly tested, A considerable sum is pending on this race, both horses having numerous backers. Should the weather be fine, we hope to see a large muster, both of the fair and sterner sex.

The following are the entries :—

THE HUNT CUP.

M. E. David's b h "Starlight." Colours: Lavender jacket, white vest.

T. Davidson's c g "The Squire." Colours: Crimson jacket, black sleeves, black cap.

J. W. Des Riviere's ch h "Bombadier." Colours: Black and magenta.

THE OPEN STEEPLE CHASE.

H. W. Alloway's b h "Deerfoot." 11 s. 7 lbs. Colours: Crimson jacket, black cap.

J. J. Redpath's g g "Woodstock." 11 s. Colours: Lavender jacket, white vest.

Capt. Paynter's b g "Lightheart." 10 s. 7 lbs. Colour: Claret and gold.

THE FARMER'S PLATE.

J. McVey's c h "Fireaway." Colours: Green jacket, tan cap.

The Farmer's Plate not being filled, post entries will be received. Three horses to start or no race.

The Death of the Late Bishop Strachan of Toronto.

At the ripe age of eighty nine years the late Bishop of Toronto has departed from us, as full of honour and respect as of years. For nearly seventy years he has been a resident of Canada, and during about half a century has occupied a position of importance, and sometimes of prominence in public affairs. It was his good fortune, moreover, neither to lose the interest in or the capacity for his work down almost to the moment when he was called to leave it, having been still actively engaged in discharging his functions, though lately with the assistance of a coadjutor, to the very close of life.

The late Dr. Strachan was born in Aberdeen in 1778, and was educated at the Grammar School and King's College of that city, taking the degree of M. A. in the latter institution. He afterwards resided at St Andrews, and as he had devoted himself to education he obtained the charge of the public School in the Parish of Kettle. At that time Upper Canada was a wilderness under the Governorship of General Simcoe, who had come into it with a comparatively small number of American loyalists driven out from their old homes as a consequence of their adhesion to the idea long dispelled by the defeat of U. E. standing for a United Empire. These persons brought with their many practical New England notions, and among the rest a sound appreciation of the value of schools. It was to supply that want that Mr. Strachan came to Canada, to lend his aid in establishing a complete and symmetrical system, of which the base should be common schools in every village and township, and the head at the University. His influence, however, not carried out, owing to the departure of Governor Simcoe for England, and the consequent break up or postponement of his well laid plans. He, however, had been recommended to the care of friends, who advised him, as he could be of no service in the establishment of public schools, to begin a school on his own account. This he accordingly did, and at Kingston and afterwards at Cornwall, he educated a large number of the men who afterwards became most eminent in public and private life in the growing Province. At that time there was but one Anglican Diocese in Upper and Lower Canada —that of Quebec, and Dr. Stuart, Rector of Kingston, exercised whatever Episcopal authority was required, and could not be exercised from Quebec, between which place and Kingston the journey was one of hardship, difficulty, and delay. Having, however, determined to enter the Church of England, he went through a course of theological studies under Dr. Stuart and was admitted to holy orders in 1804. His first engagement in the Church was the Cornwall Mission: and he continued his school at that town. He afterwards obtained the Rectory and still later the Archdeanary of York, and when Upper Canada was divided for Episcopal purposes from the See of Quebec, he became the first Bishop of the new Diocese. The latter event occurred in 1839 In the meantime, however, he had been made a member of the Executive and Legislative Councils—posts for which however well fitted for his talents, it would have been better if he had been considered debarred from by his clerical profession and duties. He took some rather active part in politics—which turned very much, it must be added, upon questions relating to the relative position of the churches in the colony, from the year 1818 to 1836. As he was a sound Tory, as Tories were in those days hardly recognizable, certainly as members of the same party as that which now follows Mr. Disraeli, he had his fair share in the opposition and angry denunciation of Mr. MacKenzie and those who acted with him in the exciting times which immediately proceeded the rebellion of 1837. It was his fate to see most of the controversies in which he had taken an interest, decided against the views which he held The government was completely changed in a popular sense: the Clergy Reserves had been first divided among various churches, and then secularized, and the management of King's College had been assumed by the State, and opened on precisely similar terms to persons of all creeds. When the latter event occurred, it was by no means too soon, for very much of the valuable property with which it was endowed had been uselessly frittered away by mismanagement, and perhaps sometimes worse than mismanagement, on the part of those to whom the administration of the funds was confided. In his own more peculiar sphere Bishop Strachan was much more fortunate, and he has lived to see the Church of which he was one of the earliest pastors, and the first Bishop, grow to very noble dimensions, having noble church edifices, zealous congregations, and valuable institutions in thousands of places; which, when he first set his foot in Canada were mere swamps and forests, inhabited by wild beasts and uncivilized Indians. One of the institutions of which he may be considered to be virtually the founder, was Trinity College which was begun, and endowed by voluntary subscription, as a Theological Seminary for the Church of England after King's College had passed out of ecclesiastical hands, and had settled upon the system known as that of godless education. The Diocese of Toronto of which he was the first Bishop, has since his consecration, been divided into three Dioceses, those of Huron and Ontario having been carved out from it on the West and East sides. It was only last year that the venerable prelate found it necessary to ask for assistance in the management of his diocese, and the constitution of the Church having in the meantime been so changed that the office of Bishop had become elective, an election was held and Dr. Bethune, Rector of Cobourg, was chosen coadjutor, we believe was the right of succeeding to the Bishopric upon the occurrence of the event, which the Church of England in Canada has to lament.

CITY ITEMS.

INDIAN LACROSSE MATCH.—This interesting match was unavoidably postponed on Saturday owing to the rain The Indians were on the ground of the time appointed, but their Chief insisted that the match could not be coesidered fair under the circumstances and the Montreal Club resolved to postpone it.

THUNDER STORM ON SATURDAY.—There was a short; but very furious thunder storm in this city on Saturday, which struck a pinnacle on the North West tower of the French Church, and knocked it off. No other harm was done. Possibly this good fortune so far as human life is concerned, was due to the rain storm which prevailed at the same moment. This drove people rapidly inside the Church, and therefore no one was to be found about the doors, where there are usually people passing in and out.

CITY COUNCIL.—The following are the orders of the day for a special meeting of Council, on Wednesday, 6th., November :—

For the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd readings of by-law —To regulate the sale and measurement of firewood.

To Consider Reports: From the Finance Committee—on the course to be adopted in view of the suspension of the Assistant City Clerk. From the Water and Finance Committees—To complete the contract entered into last fall for excavating the Reservoir. From the Road Committee—On the Petition of Proprietors on Commissioners Street to be relieved from the payment of the cost of a flagstone footpath. From the Road and Finance Committees—on the proposed extension of William and Canning Streets, and the continuation of the William Street Sewer. From the same—on the proposed widening of St. Joseph Street. From the same—For an appropriation of $10,000, to meet unforeseen expenditure in the Road Department. From the same—To continue Inspector Street from St. Antoine to Dorchester Street. From the same—Recommending small sewers to be laid in certain streets. From the City Hall and Finance Committees—Recommending a yearly allowance of $50 to the Messenger Harry, for cleaning offices. From the Market and Finance Committees—Recommending a bonus of $50 to the Assistant Clerk of Bonsecours Market, for extra work.

To Consider Motions: From Alderman Redden—On the propriety of making certain amendments to the By-Law, chapter 15, concerning the Fire Department. From Alderman David—That application be made to the Legislature for authority to raise a loan to erect a New City Hall. From Councillor Holland—To grant to Proprietors, who are called upon to pay the cost of side-walks, the right to construct said side-walks, subject to the approval of the City Surveyor. From Councillor Cassidy—That the Market and Health Committees be instructed to give effect to the Resolutions already adopted by the Council relative to Slaughter-Houses. From Alderman David—To amend By-Law, chapter 15, by reducing the fee for the Inspection of hot-air furnaces. From the same—To consider the expediency of making certain additions to the Drill-Shed Building.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.—About half past two o'clock on Saturday morning a fire broke out in the wholesale grocery establishment of Messrs. Reford & Dillon, Nos. 207 and 209 St. Sacrament Street. The store is a large cut stone building. The flames were first seen in rear of the third story, and gained considerable headway before being discovered The fire brigade were promptly on the spot, and the fire was confined entirely to the flat in which it originated, and to the roof above, both of which were more or less destroyed A large quantity of tea, sugar, &c., was stored in the building, and this was also much injured. The loss is estimated by some parties at about $10,000. There is said to be insurance on the stock to the extent of $30,000 The building belongs to the Estate Phillips, and is covered by insurance.

PRAYERS FOR THE POPE.—At the French Parish Church on Friday morning (All Saints Day) the Bishop desired the prayers of the faithful for the Pope. Special prayers were also used in other Catholic Churches.

THE STORM ON SATURDAY.—Amongst other damage occasioned by the storm on Saturday, was the breaking of a large square of glass in the building of the Liverpool and London Insurance Company, Place d'Armes, by concussion of the air.

An alarming rattling of the wires was occasioned in the building of the Montreal Telegraph Company, and some fears were entertained of serious results, but fortunately none occurred

Notwithstanding all the efforts of the police, a number of persons continued to hover about the scene of the accident at the French Church all the afternoon.

The singular passion for relics which possesses some people was strikingly evinced, large blocks of the stone which fell being carried off during the day, the news boys even obtaining sale for small fragments. It will undoubtedly all have disappeared before to day unless strictly guarded or placed in safe keeping.

EARLY CLOSING.—A number of young men assembled on Friday evening opposite the Messrs Morgan's store, Great St. James street, for the purpose of compelling these gentlemen to close at an earlier hour than they felt inclined to do. The police dispersed the crowd without any harm having been done. Such conduct is exceedingly foolish, and can lead to no good, as in event of any disturbance the young men themselves would be the sufferers

THE CONCERT IN THE MECHANICS' HALL THIS EVENING.—We have already referred to the numerous attractions to be offered this evening at the Concert of the Protestant Workingmen's Mutual Benefit Society at the Skating Rink. The bill has been handsomely enlarged since with flags &c., for the occasion, and we hope to see it well filled. The Hon. Joseph Howe will speak in the early part of the evening, and afterwards the Rev. Dr. Irvine. For particulars we refer our readers to the programme elsewhere.

CONCERT OF ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY THIS EVENING.—The Concert of the St. Patrick's Society will take place this evening, in the City Concert Hall. The programme as will be found in other columns, is excellent, and the managing committee have been very active in providing for the entertainment of the large audience which is sure to assemble. Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee, and other distinguished speakers will address the meeting, and as these gentlemen are comparative strangers here, there will no doubt be felt a strong desire to hear them on this occasion.

POLICE COURT.—Several foreign sailors for attempted desertion were sent back to their ships on the promise of remaining by them. Theodore Martin was examined on a charge of larceny, and remanded. Louise Dubois, for assault and battery, was fined 10 cts. and cost or 10 days.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Ontario.

GOLD MINING INTELLIGENCE.—At the Richardson mine a number of men are busily employed on the building, in course of erection for the crushing machinery. It will probably be finished before the winter sets in. The engine and two five-stamp batteries are upon the ground, but the boiler has not yet arrived The machinery from the Rockingham Gold Mine Works of Mr. E. E. Gilbert, of Montreal. A great mass of rock from the original shaft is piled away ready to be crushed, while the richer and selected portions are stowed away separately in barrels Some of these specimens we examined, and in them the gold was plainly visible, and abundant in quantity. During the last week another rich discovery has been made near the surface, a short distance from the first shaft, yielding, we are informed, as much as six ounces to the ton. The other mine, from which it was taken, was carefully covered over at the time we were there. Another shaft is being sunk near the original Richardson mine, as well as another, just commenced, on the Belleville Company's land.—*Madoc Mercury.*

THE DEPUTATION FROM THE WESTERN BANKS.—The deputation from the western Banks met Sir John A. Macdonald, Mr. Galt and Mr. Howland on Wednesday afternoon, and had an interview of over two hours' duration. The bankers submitted their programme, and a lengthy conversation ensued. The points pressed on the Government were that the Bank of Montreal should be required to redeem legal tenders at the place where they are issued, whether at Toronto or Montreal, and that the Bank of Montreal should only be permitted to demand a settlement of balances from the other banks at the places where it redeems Provincial notes. The bankers were promised a good deal more than will likely be performed. However, it seemed to have the effect of putting them in better humour. It is said that the question will be considered in Council, and it is expected that Ministers will change their policy in consequence of the crisis it has produced.—*Globe Correspondence.*

Too Much Muscle.

Something for Boat Racers.

Mr. Skey, the celebrated English surgeon, writes as follows to the London *Times:*

"It is a serious matter to interpose between a people and their amusements, and the first impulse against the intruder is wrath. But I write with clean hands, and in the cause of humanity—of health *versus* illness.

"This is the fige of humanities. The soldier, the sailor, the working classes, even the beggar are objects of increasing sympathy. The condition of our domestic animals improves. There is a progressive advance in the general kind treatment of all, an appeal to the affections, and not to the fears, in the place of force and violence. Pugilism is at a low ebb; cock-fighting the former pursuit of men of education and rank, is known no more, and badger baiting is abolished. Punishment by flogging is restricted to hardened criminals. These, and many other examples, might be cited of a gradual dying out of some of the harder features incidental to our Saxon Race.

"There is no more palpable example of cruelty than consists in pitting against each other two or more antagonists, with a view to determine whose physical powers are capable of most endurance. I say especially endurance, not muscular power; and of this form of cruelty to animals no example is so great as the annual University boat race.

"I have the strongest reason for believing that this struggle for pre-eminence is fraught with serious consequences to the competitors to a degree not generally contemplated. In these contests emulation operates with a fever force, and compels each member of the crews to put forth every inch of power in his muscular system. This effort during the races is prolonged to a period of from twenty to twenty-five minutes.

"The young men enter the boat apparently in the condition of vigorous health. Having accomplished their arduous task, they are thoroughly exhausted; they have been on occasions so reduced in strength as to be unable to rise from their seats. Young men are misled by a false estimate of the real value of victory, for however glorious the victory, the price is exorbitant. I not only express my own conviction, but that of my professional brethren generally that young men from twenty to twenty-three years of age cannot perform a feat which compels them to put forth the absolute strength of their frame for twenty minutes without injury. Often of a permanent nature This great effort has no parallel example in the athletic exercise of the country. Cricket, tennis, foot ball, although prolonged beyond the time required for the University race, involve no continuous effort of the muscular system. The nearest resemblance to rowing is found in the act of running at great speed. Supposing a man to run from the moment of starting at the top of his speed, his physical force would be exhausted within two minutes, during which he may have run the distance of half a mile. If the effort in rowing is somewhat less than that of running, the principle equally holds. The effort to maintain the lead begins from the starting post; the competitors from the first stroke, put forth their full power, and call upon any reserved strength at the close, if their be any left to call upon. It is a case of death or victory There is no discretion left to control the expenditure of the muscular power. The intensity of the motion increases as the race draws to a close, and the intensity of the effort increases with it. The University boat-race, as at present established, is a monstrous folly, and until it is brought within the range of a harmless effort, it involves a draught on the muscular powers of the gentlemen engaged in it, injurious to their future health. It is no argument in its favor, that the majority pass through the ordeal unscathed. Probably they do so; but a minority perhaps a small one, suffer, and there is no gauge by which to determine who will and who will not suffer. Great muscular development by no means insures equal strength of the vital mechanisms—the vital machinery of the body—which shares the labor of the struggle. On the contrary, the organs of animal or external life and those of organic life are often inversely developed. If the heart with its appendages and the organs of respiration are naturally weak, it is not in a few days' training, nor probably in years, that they can be brought up to the level in vigor of the muscular frame. The late Dr. Hope, well known to our profession as the author of a work of great authority on diseases of the heart, has often declared that he know no cause of disease of this organ so common as hard exercise in rowing. The training for the contest it, in one sense, an aggravation of the evil. In so far as it strengthens the muscular system it accelerates the speed, but whenever the exercise approaches the great effort of the race, it is an aggravation by its draught often repeated, both on the circulation and on the nervous system. It is a question of the absolute amount of injury that a man can incur is horse and ride; or take his seat at the dinner-table at Willis' Rooms and eat a hearty dinner, and enter into all the convivialities of the evening. The evil, should it occur is not immediate, but remote. It is but a seed sown It may or may not germinate; but that it does occasionally [I will not say how frequently] develop itself, into a formidable tree, is not unlikely, and either find me the victim of a fatal disease, or the sufferer from some chronic affection. The evil, should it occur is not immediate, but remote. It is but a seed sown It may or may not germinate; but that it does occasionally [I will not say how frequently] develop itself, into a formidable tree, is not unlikely, and either find me the victim of a fatal disease, or the sufferer from some chronic affection.

[DSW 259

TRADE & COMMERCE.

FATHER POINT, Nov. 2nd.

Weather dull and cloudy; wind east. No shipping. Str Napoleon arrived at 2, p.m., left at 4.

HERALD OFFICE,
SATURDAY, 2nd Nov., 1867.

CUSTOMS' REVENUE.—Saturday, Nov. 2.—$2377,50.

The weather this morning was exceedingly clear and warm, but towards the afternoon there was heavy rain, accompanied with lightning and thunder.

FINANCIAL.—The market is without change. Stocks are steadily recovering. Bank of Montreal shares have sold at 131½ and Ontario at 101. Commercial are in demand at 25, considerable business having been done at that figure. City Bank have been placed at 90, and Gov. Currency 6.3's at par. Sterling Exchange is quiet at 9 to 9¼ for Bank 60-day Bills.

PROPRIOR.—The declining tendency of the British markets continues to affect the feeling here, buyers holding off in view of lower prices. The market to day showed a decidedly easier turn, prices being nominally quoted 10c lower. The Stocks, as compared with the same period of last week, show an increase of over 10,000 bbls. About the same prices ruled last year, for all grades of Superfines. Oatmeal quiet at quotations. Wheat:—Sales of choice Upper Canada Spring at $1.57½ to $1.58. Barley and Oats are dull and neglected. Peas would find buyers at about $7.

The following are the stocks of Flour and Grain in store and in hands of millers:

	Nov 1, 1867.	*Oct 15, 1867.*	*Nov. 1, 1866*
Wheat, bu	144,998	84,155	76,200
Corn, bu	5,000	25,000	50,693
Peas, bu	24,700	21,623	.....
Oats, bu	3,500	2,000	.....
Barley, bu	10,670	10,070	.....
Rye, bu	2,000	....	.....
Flour, brls	39,701	29,972	
Rye Flour, brls	....	50	29,010
Oatmeal, brls	15	130	
Cornmeal, brls	....	417	

PROVISIONS.—Pork is firm, with upward tendency. Sales at $18.50, and a shade over this rate for Mess Other grades are nominal at quotations. Butter, Cheese prices are large, and market dull and lower. Sales could not be made unless at a reduction of 1 to 2 cents on recent transactions Cheese in fair demand at quotations.

ASHES.—Pots quiet and nominal at $5.50. Seconds, $5 to $5.10; Thirds, $4.90. Pearls —Firsts dull at $6.25; Seconds, $6.20. Receipts—18 brls. Pots; 7 brls. Pearls.

FLOUR.

Sup Extra..$ 8.00@ 8.25	Do City Brds	7.25@ 6.00
Extra	7.80@ 8.00	Superfine	6.75@ 7.85
Fancy	7.50@ 7.70	Fine	6.60@ 6.70
Superfine	7.25@ 7.40	Middlings	5.80@ 6.00
Can. Wheat	7.15@ 7.20	Pollards	5.30@ 5.50
Strong do	7.25@ 7.30	Broken	5.50@ 5.60
Superfine		Spring	nominal
Wheat	7.25@7.27½	Oatmeal	5.75@ 6.00

GRAIN.

Wheat, 60 lbs.1.55 @1.60 | Barley 48lbs. 70@0.72½
Corn, 56 lbs. nominal. | Rye, 56lbs ..... 0.95@0.98
Oats, 32lbs.. 0.41 @0.42½ | Peas, 66lbs.. 0.97½@1.00

SEEDS.

Flax, 56lbs .. $1.60@1.65 | Clover,1b .....$0.12@0.12½
Timothy, 45lbs 2.10@2.10

ASHES, per 100 lbs.

Pots, firsts.. 5.50@5.60 | Pearls, firsts $6.25@0.00
Pots, seconds 5.00 @5.10 | Pearls, seco'ds 6.00@0.00
Pots, thirds. 4.90 @5.00

PROVISIONS.

Pork, Mess $18.25@18.6? | Hams — Sugar-
Prime Mess. 16.00@16.25 | Cured..... 15c@16c
Prime ..... 13.50@13.85 | Do City Cured.. 14c@15c
Butter..... 00.13@00.16 | Cheese..... 8½@ 9½c
Lard ..... 00.10@00.10½c.

Trade Sale at the Stores of Messrs. Chapman, Fraser&Tylor, John Leeming&Co, Auctioneers.

2 cases cut glass tumblers 4s; 2 do 3s 11d; lot bags Aracan rice 19s 6d; 5 cases olive oil B&G (qts) $6?; 5 cases French mustard 7s; 25 do sardines, ¼ tins, 10½; 4 do hf do 18½; 5 boxes Citron peel 37c; 50 do lemon do 26c; 10 cases pearl sago 9½c; 10 do tapioca 25½; 8 do do 25c; 50 doz Gelatine do 7s 3d; 10 do small do 5s; 23 lbs mace 3s; 5 bags carnway seeds 12c; 10 pockets cloves 9½; 10 chests Cassia 29c; 7 do 29½; 25 brls Jamaica ginger 20c; 5 dozen Wix mustard 9s $4.20; 15 do do hf do @ $2.50; 5 gs blk pepper 21c; 35 do 7½c ; 25 boxs layer raisins 10s 3d ; 3000 do 10s; 25 do 10s 6d; 50 hlf bxs do 5s 6d; 950 do 5s 3d; 250 qr bxs do 2s 10d; 700 do 2s 9d; 100 bxs London layer raisins 12c; 100 hlf bxs do 7½; 200 qr bxs do 3s 9d; 500 do 3s 6d; 50 hlf bxs do 6s 6d; 100 qr bxs do 3s 2d; 15 bxs black basket layer raisins 7s 6d; 45 do crown do 23s; 105 do 22s 6d; 10 hlf do 12s 9d; 40 do 12s 6d; 100 qr do 6s 6d; 10 bxs dble bine 34s; 5 bxs single do $6; 10 do $5; 10 qr bxs do $1.50; 60 bxs M 1 raisins; Mr Wylie, Toronto, Mr and Miss Service, Glasgow; John Sharples, wife and family, Quebec; Capt Wright, do; John Burstall and family, do; Gilbert Heron, Glasgow; Messrs Burns, Walker and Hornby, 30th Regt.; Capt. Heberden, 4 do; Mr Farrington and wife, Montreal; Mr Taylor and Capt Cairnes, R A, and twenty-four steerage passengers.

IMPORTANT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Mr. Arnoldi will sell by auction to-day a very large amount of valuable property pertaining to the Estate of the late William Watson, Esq.

To capitalists, adjoining proprietors, and the tenants, these properties offer a splendid investment. The value of both individual lots and in the aggregate is very great, and it is the intention of the Executors to sell *out and realize* the whole. Plans will be found at Mr. Arnoldi's rooms in a few days.

All the members of Parliament from the Lower Provinces will be present this evening in the City Hall. Go and see them.

EVERY-BODY SAYS SO.

That is all who have either used the article themselves or have come in contact with those used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that Dr Locock's Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a household remedy it has no equal, and for all diseases which affect the wind of horses, cattle, sheep, &c., it is almost infallible. Perfectly safe in all cases.

Offices, No. 215 Fulton street, New York, and No. 285 High Holborn, London, England.

Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup." All others are base and *dangerous* imitations. [DSW 263]

JOB PRINTING OF EVERY KIND in plain and fancy colours, done at the HERALD JOB OFFICE, 51 and 53 Great St. James Street

Steamers Leave Port of Montreal.

Name.	*For.*	*Time.*	*Agents.*
Quebec	Quebec	6 p m to-day	J H Lamers
Canada	Kingston	9 a m Tuesday	A Milloy
St. Helen	B Quinte	3 p m Thursday	J F McCuaig
P of Wales	Ottawa	7 a m daily	R Shepherd
Dagmar	Carrillon	Saturday	do
Alice	Stn Falls	6 p m Tuesday	I Bonnar
Arctic	Ottawa	6 p m Friday	Do
Champion	Quebec, (Tug)		G Heubach
Napoleon	Three Rivers	2 p m Tuesday	do
Victoria	Sorel	2 p m Tuesday	do
Chambly	Chambly	2 p m Tuesday	do
Terrebonne	L'Assomption	3 p m Monday	do

John Hearn, Esq., M. P. P. for Quebec West, will deliver an address at the St. Patrick's Society's Concert, this evening, in the City Hall.

If a man is warned of danger, does not heed, and suffers, for instance, a broken limb, that is his own carelessness, and the broken limb is his; if a man is warned of danger, does not heed, and suffers, for instance, a broken limb, that is his own carelessness, and from exposure suffers disease of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, or Digestive Organs, &c., is that a reason why he should not seek for help? And for the real cure of any of those diseases, were we asked for an opinion, we should say by all means, use the great Shoshonees Remedy. Im DSW 263

TO READERS OF THE HERALD.—Special attention is directed from readers to notice of Hunnewell's Standard Medical Preparations, which appear in our Special Notice columns from month to month, and known as Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills,—Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy,—Hunnewell's Blood Purifier, and Hunnewell's Celebrated Consumptive Remedy. These are recommended by the highest testimonials of character, perfectly adapted to every want of Families when a Physician is not required, and are sold by all Druggists, fully noticed in the leading Medical Journals, and sold in bulk for private dispensing. The latest free correspondence is from Physicians for formulas, and any evidence of true character. Sold by all druggists and dealers in Medicines. [DSW

CATARRH.—A clergyman, aged 42, had long suffered with catarrh, which had not only been a source of annoyance, but began to affect his sentiments in regard to its effects upon his general health. There was a frequent and sometimes a profuse discharge from the head, frequent sneezing, and an almost entire loss of smell. He procured a box of Humphrey's Specific Catarrh Pills No 19, and was entirely cured, even to a return of his sense of smell in the course of a few weeks.

Humphreys' Specific Homœopathic Medicine Co.
562 Broadway, N. Y.

Henry, Simpson & Co., Wholesale Agents for Canada. Also sold by Kenneth Campbell & Co, and J. A. Harte. [DSW 259

THE RACK AND THE REMEDY.

When doubled up by the fierce throes of a Griping Colic, and with the sweat of agony oozing from your brow, you exclaim in despair, "what shall I do?" Let your answer be a dose of Dr Lowry's READY RELIEF, administered internally, and its application rubbed well into strong friction to the stomach and bowels. The pain will be immediately stayed. Persevere in this treatment, and in half an hour the patient will be at ease. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

☞ The importation of rags from the Mediterranean, hides from Brazil, and other commodities from the Levant, is likely to bring the germs of disease, chiefly fevers, which are sometimes very afflicting and fatal. ATER'S AGUE CURE stimulates the Liver to excrete these germs from the system as effectually as it do s the malarious poison of our districts. Consequently it affords invaluable protection to travellers and others whose occupations expose them to these dangerous infections; and we believe to render them valuable service in giving them this information.—*New York Despatch.*

[DSW 263

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for all diseases with which children are afflicted, is a most certain remedy. It allays all pain, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, sure to regulate the bowels, and cures wind colic Depend upon it, mothers, it will relieve the little