



THE QUEBEC MERCURY. PUBLISHED THREE TIMES A-WEEK.

PRICE OF ADVERTISING. First insertion, 6 lines and under... 2s 6d

AGENTS. MONTREAL—E. R. Fabre, Esq. THREE-RIVERS—H. F. Hughes, Esq.

School for Young Ladies.

MRS. DUNLEVIE begs to inform her friends that her School opens on MONDAY, the 9th instant

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. JOHN TEND, in his lifetime of the city of Quebec,

THE Subscribers offer for Sale, 25 Puncheons MOLASSES of a Superior Quality.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER. VALUABLE and extensive assortment of Steel ENGRAVINGS,

EMPORIUM.

THE Subscribers relinquishing their business in this City on 1st May next, cannot do so without

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned is duly authorized to settle all claims due by or to the Estate of the late Mr. WILLIAM HAMILTON,

PROPOSALS for building a WHARF at Silery, will be received by the Subscribers to the 1st April next.

THE NINETEENTH ANNUAL BAZAAR, for the Support of the PROTESTANT FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, will be held at the NATIONAL SCHOOL-HOUSE, on TUESDAY the 21st and WEDNESDAY the 22d of APRIL.

MAGAZINES AND REVIEWS, (AT HALF PRICE,) consisting of the following, viz: BLACKWOOD, AINSWORTH, NEW MONTHLY, BENTLEY, EDINBURGH,

LIFE OF MAJOR GENERAL SIR ISAAC BROCK, K. B. INTERESTED WITH NOTICES OF THE celebrated Indian Tecumseh, BY F. B. TUPPER, ESQ.

LATEST TABLES OF DUTIES FOR SALE BY T. CARY & Co.

THE subscriber on account of declining health has relinquished business in favour of Mr. ROBERT NEILL, who has been in his employ for years past,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER. ROBERT NEILL, begs most respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public,

BONNETS, LEGHORN, STRAW, &c., CLEANED AND ALTERED, &c. &c. &c. WIDOW TWEED DELI. returns her sincere thanks to her friends and begs to inform them

NEW BOOKS AND MUSIC. THE undersigned have just received a supply of new and popular Publications.

Croton Marine and Fire Insurance Company of New York. THE undersigned continues to accept Risks and issue Policies on behalf of the above Company.

AN ESSAY ON THE OREGON QUESTION, BY E. A. MEREDITH, L. L. B. T. C. D. BARRISTER-AT-LAW.

THE subscriber begs to inform the gentlemen of Quebec and the public in general, that he is now prepared to do all kinds of PLASTERING, Ornamental and Plain, Hard Finish and Stucco Work,

WANTED, A SITUATION by a person having a thorough knowledge of business and capable of taking charge of a set of Books—Address by letter P. J. at this office.

E. DORNEY, DYER AND SCOURER, BEGS respectfully to inform his friends and the public, that she has opened, in her old stand, outside Palace Gate, where all orders will be executed with dispatch.

TO PARTIES FURNISHING, &c. THE Subscriber leaving shortly for England, will dispose of his Furniture (nearly all new) at private Sale, the whole of the articles are warranted having been manufactured to order, by HILTON & BAIRD, of Montreal, and Mr. DRUM, of Quebec.

PIANO FORTES. SIX very highly finished and Superior Toned Grand Square Piano Fortes, all warranted to stand this climate.

NOTICE. THOSE persons for whom the late JAMES HASTINGS KERR, Esq., acted as AGENT, are hereby informed, that the undersigned will follow up and conclude the various matters entrusted to Mr. Kerr's management.

FROM AMERICAN PAPERS. THE STARVING MILLIONS OF EUROPE.—It was rumored on Change, in Liverpool, a few days previous to the departure of the steamer of the 4th instant,

THE general opinion, as we find it expressed by persons about us, and as we gather it from the most intelligent presses, corroborates what we ventured to say in Tuesday's paper, that the true aspect of the news recently received is not one which renders the settlement of difficulties between the United States and England more easy.

THE GREAT FOOT-RACE. Our readers are already apprised of the result of the great foot-race which came off on Sunday last. The following record of the time made will show it to have been an extraordinary performance:

Table with 2 columns: Mileage (1st mile to 15th mile) and Time (4:50 to 92:30).

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.—The progress of these two cities, so closely connected by commerce, has been nearly pari passu from the outset.

Table with 3 columns: Year, New York, and Liverpool. Rows from 1827 to 1845.

THE MONSTER BREWERY.—Brelay's celebrated Brewery, in London, covers an area of fifteen acres. It contains conduits half a mile in length, railroads, hoppers, steam engines, &c., enough to confound one.

POETRY.

From the New-York Mirror.

LAMENT OF THE WIDOWED INEBRIATE.

I'm thinking on thy smile, Mary— Thy bright and trusting smile— In the morning of our youth and love,

I see full many a smile, Mary, On young lips beaming bright; And many an eye of light and love Is flashing in my sight!

I'm thinking on the night, Mary, The night of grief and shame, When with drunken ravings on my lips, To thee I homeward came!

But the smile soon left thy lips, Mary, And thine eyes grew dim and sad; For the tempter lured my steps from thee, And the wine-cup drove me mad;

O, my words were harsh to thee, Mary, For the wine-cup made me wild; And I chid thee when thine eyes were sad, And I cursed thee when they smiled.

'Twas a pleasant time of ours, Mary, In the spring-time of our life, When I looked upon thy sunny face, And proudly called thee wife—

Thou'rt resting in the church-yard, now, And no stone is at thy head! But the sexton knows a drunkard's wife Sleeps in that lowly bed;

But he knows not of the broken heart I bear within my breast, Or the heavy load of vain remorse, That will not let me rest;

I have raised the wine-cup in my hand, And the wildest strains I've sung, Till with the laugh of drunken mirth The echoing air has rung;

Thou'rt slumbering in the peaceful grave, And thy sleep is dreamless now, But the seal of an undying grief Is on thy mourner's brow;

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duce an unfavourable impression in England. By recurring to computation of time, we now find that, at the sailing of the last steamer, the first rejection by Mr. Buchanan of the proffered arbitration must have already become known to the English Ministry, although not to the English public.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.—We learn from Capt. Fuller, of the schooner Navarro, which arrived on Saturday from the city of St. Domingo, January 28th, that since the loss by shipwreck of three Haytian men of war, at Puerto Plata, nothing of importance had occurred, so far as was known at St. Domingo.

FROM THE RIVER OF PLATE.—Accounts received via Rio Janeiro by the Sappho, at this port, are no later than those before received. The following extract of a letter sets aside the supposition that some of the merchant vessels from Montevideo had passed up the Parana in the wake of the invading squadron:

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COSTLINESS OF SMOKE.—If smoke were a luxury instead of being a nuisance, it would be dearly purchased at the price paid for it in some places. The loss by non-consumption of smoke, Dr. Lyon Playfair has shown to be, in Manchester alone, £60,000 a-year, and if the expense of additional painting and whitewashing be added, the actual money lost would be double the amount of poor rates every year.

SENDING MESSAGES UNDER GROUND.—A friend of ours, who has a taste for ingenious experiments, and of turning every good thing to good uses, has prepared some magnetic batteries, one of which he places in his own house, where the gas and water pipes come together, and the other he applies at his place of business in the same way, and so he holds a conversation with his family, by means of this new kind of magnetic telegraph.—United States Gazette.

OTTAWA IMPROVEMENTS.—We feel happy in being able to inform our Lumbering friends and those interested in the prosperity of the country, that the Government Improvements in operation at the Chaudiere Falls, Upper Bytown, are going on well, and we have the gratification of stating that the Slides will be completed and every thing in readiness for the passing of Timber on the 1st of May.

DREAFFUL STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.—Capt. Perry, of the steamboat Bruno, which arrived at New Orleans on the 17th ultimo, from St. Louis, reports that the steamboat Saladin, from Nashville, in passing down the river, came into collision on the evening of the 12th with the steamboat Congress, going up, near Picher's Point. Fifteen persons were killed by the collision, or subsequently drowned, but their names are not given.

LATER ACCOUNTS FROM NEW ORLEANS say that thirty lives—twice the number above stated—were lost by the collision of the Congress and Saladin. The report of the latter boat says that about fifteen or twenty dead hands and firemen were drowned, and about ten badly scalded. All who were scalded were taken to Viecksburg and placed in an hospital there. Mr. David Hall, first engineer, and two firemen of the Congress, died on their arrival at Viecksburg.—Times.

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Liverpool Times) of the excellent regulation which forbids livings in cellars, and so far it is a proof of an improved mode of living rather than increase of population; but, even after every allowance has been made for that circumstance, the increase is surprising, and shows that Liverpool is still in the full vigor of its growth.—Journal of Commerce.

DISTINGUISHED COMPLIMENT OF LORD METCALFE.—Mr. J. R. Smith, Professor of Drawing and Perspective, in this city, has recently received a large and costly case of such instruments as are used in Drawing, Mapping, and every branch of delineation, which bears the following inscription: "Presented by His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Metcalfe, Governor General of H. B. Majesty's North American Provinces, &c. &c. &c., as a Token of Regard to Mr. John R. Smith, His Lordship's former Tutor in Drawing, November, 1845."

This notice is not made at the instance of Mr. Smith, but by two or three gentlemen, artists and amateurs, who happened to have seen the present, and who are acquainted with the unobtrusive manner in which, at an advanced age, Mr. S. continues to give his most valuable instructions. The names of his recommenders and pupils are such as forbid any attempt to increase his reputation. Besides the late Henry Inman, we may mention Turnbull, Jarvis, Waldo, Peale, Vanderlyn, Gilbert, Stuart, Allston, and Sully; whose names are attached to the pamphlet which accompanies this paragraph. Mr. Smith's works, on "Picturesque Anatomy," and other artistic subjects, have long been before the public.—N. Y. Courier & Enquirer.

Sir John Ross, the celebrated voyager of the Polar regions, recently went through the bankruptcy court, his debts and liabilities amounting to ten thousand pounds, and his assets to six hundred. It appeared that Sir John Ross had lost three thousand pounds by the failure of Mr. Webster, the publisher of Sir John's expedition in 1834. He also lost one thousand pounds for debts incurred in fitting out the expedition. He received five hundred pounds per annum as consular general for the Court of Sweden, three hundred pounds halfpay as captain in the navy, and that sum annually for thirteen wounds.—Cor. Boston Journal.

SENDING MESSAGES UNDER GROUND.—A friend of ours, who has a taste for ingenious experiments, and of turning every good thing to good uses, has prepared some magnetic batteries, one of which he places in his own house, where the gas and water pipes come together, and the other he applies at his place of business in the same way, and so he holds a conversation with his family, by means of this new kind of magnetic telegraph.—United States Gazette.

CANADA.

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To our Advertising Friends.—Difficulties having occasionally arisen from advertisements being continued in this paper, for a period beyond that intended (most frequently from the omission of, or deficient, instructions) it is respectfully requested, that all advertisements, may be accompanied with written instructions, or limits, on the same sheet;—the originals being always preserved for the guidance of the Printer.

### QUEBEC, MARCH 10, 1846.

Our readers will find in the present number an important article, headed "Proceedings of the General Committee of Relief; important as precursory of the adoption of a principle upon which the second distribution of the large amount of money now in the hands of that body is to be founded. Experience docet:—and experience in the past distribution of the money has apparently worked a revolution of opinion among the members of the Committee—the trustees of the donors in England and elsewhere.

The buildings within the limits of the burnt district must be restored; and that in combustible materials. To this end Mr. Cochran's resolutions apply; and we trust they may be supported, if necessary, by a public manifestation of opinion.

Former distributions may have been conducted upon correct principles, but, we conceive, the basis of those principles do not any longer exist. Want has been removed; at all events to a commensurate extent:—to relieve it altogether would not only be impossible, but unjust—the Committee of Relief being the agents.

We have already repeated a known fact that a gift is of no value when a moderate equivalent might be exacted. Proprietors ought to be assisted; not those who own several lots and who can sell one or two to establish themselves upon the third; but men who stood between the merchant and the labourer, as affecting commerce—and those who lived in a desirable state of independence as private individuals. To destroy the class of proprietors would be to create a grievous evil. They are, in their degree, an important portion of the community; once obliterated, their property would fall into the hands of monopolists, who would, or might, if they saw fit, raise rents, harass industry and retard the advancement of the population in a variety of ways.

Credit to a labouring man, or a mechanic, is not only desirable but necessary. Therefore we ought to re-establish the retailers of the suburbs—as far as may be consistent with justice, and even, as Mr. Cochran proposes (in the case of proprietors) with a bonus.

The labouring man cannot get credit from the merchant; we therefore require an intermediate class of men. Now, if proprietors were enabled to resume their former position, wholesale merchants would upon the faith of their former integrity and their property—small though it might—enable them to extend many minor benefits to the poorer classes, while the agent would himself gradually rise to his former position. The same feeling which prompted monetary donations would operate in this second state of things.

The Committee of Relief ought, at all hazards, save that of a violation of trust, to exert themselves to secure the rebuilding of the Suburbs.

Building once resumed, work would be abundant, and wages high; wherefore then the necessity for large and immediate grants to tenants? The preservation of the moral condition of a community is surely desirable. Many who have reluctantly appealed to the Committee of Relief, as supplicants for assistance, would much rather have given an equivalent for the gratuity received than otherwise. A man who once departs from his status in society is apt to degenerate from those proud and honorable motives of self-respect he once entertained. This is an evil, and one of magnitude, to be guarded against.

There must be, there is, there has been, and there always will be, cases of individual misery in large communities; but from all we have heard, every effort to relieve the distress consequent upon the fire has been made. Why then, we ask, make these very extreme cases the only subject for consideration? Why not relieve them, upon legitimate principles, in effecting a general and a lasting good?

We sincerely trust that to all who oppose an additional grant being given to proprietors may review their opinion, and that Mr. Cochran's principle may be adopted. If it be objectionable in detail, it can, of course, be modified.

UNITED STATES.—Nothing further from Washington. On the 3d instant four mails were due at New York from the capital. The rumour of the passing of the notice in the Senate mentioned in the Montreal Courier of Friday last, cannot therefore be true. A Washington correspondent of the Courier des Etats Unis asserts, as of his own knowledge, that since the arrival of the last news from England, an unwelcome impulse has been given to the proceedings of the commission attached to the British legation, for the arrangement of the North-Eastern boundary line. He says that more work is now done in a day than was before in a week. The inference is that Mr. Pakenham is preparing to leave his post and return to England.

Mem.—The wish is often father to the thought.

STEAM ALONG SHORE.—The Yarmouth Herald of the 16th ult. states that the subscribers for Stock in the contemplated Company, for running a Steamer along the Southern Shore, between Halifax, St. John and Portland, held a meeting at Mr. William Rogers', the Sheriff in the chair. Letters from Halifax, relative to the enterprise, were read—the subscriptions increased—and other preliminary arrangements made for "going ahead."—The shareholders have agreed to adopt measures for procuring a suitable Steamer, as soon as persons concerned in Halifax, Lunenburg and Liverpool, shall have accomplished their share in the undertaking. If an efficient second-hand boat can be obtained at Glasgow or elsewhere, it is not improbable, that the object of the Company will be in operation as early as June.

The Montreal Times states that the Hon. Mr. Justice Bowen, of this city, has been a sufferer from the proverbial carelessness of the sleigh-drivers of this city. As he was passing the entrance to Tatlersall, in Great St. James Street, on Thursday last, a carter turned rapidly into the yard, his horse running against the worthy Judge, whose feet were severely cut from the cocks of the horseshoe, and his person otherwise injured. Several persons came immediately to his assistance, and in the melee the carter drove off. We are happy, however, to add that the circumstance did not prevent Judge Bowen from attending to his office duties in the Court of Appeals.

We extract the following from the leader of the Toronto Herald:—  
We have received, from a private correspondent, by the Cambria, some curious revelations on the subject. It is even said that the information in the Times of the 4th December was communicated to that journal by a Minister of the Crown, with the sanction of one of Her Majesty's Advisers, who has made more than one turn in his life, but who has not been famous heretofore, for making his projects known out of St. Stephen's Hall. It is further said that the information was conveyed to the "Thunderer" of "Printing House Square" through the medium of an honourable lady whose name attained as great notoriety for an imputed intimacy with a noble ex-Premier, as her literary talents had previously secured for it. The service rendered the "leading journal," by the lady, was rewarded by something in the shape of a check for £1000 sterling.  
The Hon. Mrs. Norton we presume to be the lady alluded to—the nobleman Lord Melbourne.

We have much pleasure in publishing the following documents connected with the retirement of Lt. Col. Irvine from the command of the 1st Battalion of Quebec Militia. The cause of his withdrawal is explained in his Battalion Order. We hope and believe a similar feeling of harmony exists among all grades of militiamen in Quebec, throughout the several Battalions.

The following is Lieut. Colonel Irvine's BATTALION ORDER.

QUEBEC, 9th March, 1846.  
As the situation of Deputy Quarter Master General of Militia which I hold, and the command of a Regiment of Militia are incompatible—His Excellency the Administrator of the Government, and Commander of the Forces, has been pleased to accept of my resignation of the command of the 1st Battalion of the Quebec Regiment of Militia—but I cannot leave the Battalion without expressing my thanks to Majors Anderson and Sheppard, and the Officers, and Sergeant Major, for the prompt and ready obedience which they have ever shown to the orders I have issued, and the support I have met with in every matter connected with the good of H. M. Service. I have witnessed with much satisfaction the very great progress that has been made by the Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers during the short time they have attended Drill; and in taking leave of the Battalion, I have to assure the Officers that I shall have much pleasure in reporting to His Excellency the loyalty, zeal, attention and unanimity which so happily exists in it.  
J. G. IRVINE,  
Lt. Colonel.  
D. Q. M. Genl. of Militia.

This having been promulgated, the officers assembled this day, and addressed to their retiring commanding officer the following complimentary parting expression of good will:—

SIR,—As senior officer of the corps I have been deputed to express to you the regret with which the officers have viewed your retirement from the command of this Battalion, and the high and honorable appreciation they give to your kind commendation of them in your last Battalion Order.

We felt a just pride, Sir, in you as our Commanding Officer; confident that if our Sovereign had ever required our services in the field, the 1st Battalion of Quebec Militia would have been led by you to that post in which the greatest dangers were to be shared and the utmost honor won. In this conviction they were strengthened by their remembrance of your past services in the hour of your country's need. The efficiency and discipline of the Queen's Volunteers proved that although not bred to arms you possessed a soldier's best qualities.

It is pleasing to us to know that you leave us to enjoy an appointment of higher distinction, and one in which your energies may be devoted to your Queen and country with profit to both and honor to yourself.

In parting from us, Sir, it will doubtless be gratifying to you to be assured that you carry with you the sincere esteem and best wishes of us all—feelings partaken of not only by the officers, and non-commissioned officers of this corps, but by every man in its ranks.  
I have the honor to be,  
Sir, your most humble & obt. servant,  
W. H. ANDERSON,  
Major 1st Battalion Quebec Militia.

To Lieut. Col. Irvine,  
Dy. Qu. Master General of Militia,  
Quebec, March 10, 1846.

Too GOOD NEWS TO BE TRUE.—The Montreal correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser writes as follows:—

Mr. Hincks, editor of the Montreal Pilot, and one of the principal leaders of the "liberal party," is about to leave Canada without any intention of returning.

Thirteen packets are now due at New York. The Havre, the last arrival, had a passage of 51 days. The steamer Massachusetts is among the missing; she had been out 35 days on the 1st inst.

The Courier of Thursday last states that in addition to the cowardly and disgraceful assault upon Mr. Kingsford, of the Times, several persons were much hurt during the late election riots. Among other statements it asserts that in St. James Ward, a respectable young Canadian, a member of the Bar, was seen leading on the combatants, thus countenancing acts, which all men in his station ought to denounce and reprobate. The result of the riot in this quarter was three men dangerously wounded and two badly hurt. Francis Best had his head dreadfully injured; Thomas Little's arm was broken, and he has received some internal injury; John Beatty had his skull fractured in three places, five of his teeth knocked out, one of which has been driven up into his head, and cannot be extracted. These three men are declared to be in the utmost danger, especially Beatty, of whose recovery there is scarcely any chance. The individuals badly hurt, but not dangerously, are called Cinaman and Bell. All these were supporters of Mr. Gorrie. Several persons were taken into custody by the police; and we have seen a number of weapons found on them which were of a truly murderous description.

The Herald further adds—"that the excitement caused by the Municipal Election had not entirely subsided Tuesday night. Several disturbances took place in different parts of the town, especially in the Quebec Suburbs, where there were at one time about a hundred people assembled. Several shots were fired in different parts of the city, and (we hear) that a soldier was fired at in Vire Street, by some person who retreated before he could be identified."

### ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

The General Quarterly Meeting, preparatory to the Anniversary, was held at the Alouin Hotel, on Friday, sixth instant.

The Hon. W. Power in the Chair.

Owing to the absence of the Treasurer, the presentation of his account was deferred to the next meeting.

Messrs. Moffatt and Baimbrick were elected Members.

After the transaction of the ordinary business the meeting proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, when the Hon. W. Power was re-elected President, but declined acting on the ground that, in his opinion, the office of President should not be held, by the same person, for more than one year. The President was again balloted for, and

the following was the result, as also for the ballot of the other officers, viz:—

President—Charles Gethings, Esq.  
Vice Presidents—J. P. Bradley and P. Lepper, Esquires.  
Treasurer—T. Kelly, Esquire.  
Managing Committee.  
Messrs. J. P. Omerle, Hon. W. Power, W. Burke, J. M. Mackie, J. F. Bradshaw, W. Downes, T. H. Oliver, S. Madden, J. King, C. McDonald, J. Dinning, E. Ryan, J. H. Jamieson, P. Forrestall, G. H. Parke, A. G. Parke, J. A. Pirrie, E. G. Cannon, J. J. Saurin, J. Doran, J. Pendergast, S. S. Orr.  
Sir H. J. Caldwell.  
Physicians—Drs Russell and Moffatt.  
Secretary—H. O'Connor.  
Assistant Secretary—J. A. Coall, Gent.

It was resolved that in consequence of the disasters which had so lately befallen the city the Society would forego the pleasure of dining together this year in honor of their National Festival. The meeting then adjourned.

H. O'CONNOR, Secy.  
Quebec, 7th March, 1846.

### Proceedings of the General Committee for the Relief of the Sufferers by the late Fires in this City.

QUEBEC, 9th March, 1846.  
The regular weekly meeting was held this day.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Montreal. His Lordship the Bishop of St. Ylme. The Revs. John Cook, D. D., G. Mackie, J. Drummond, and J. Clugston. The Honbles. Ls. Massue and A. W. Cochran. Capt. Boxer, R. N. C. B., J. Hale, H. Jessopp, J. Bonner, D. Ross, W. Patton, P. Gingras, jr., W. Phillips, H. S. Scott, C. G. Gethings, E. J. Deblais, Montagueau, E. H. Bowen, Ls. Plamondon, F. X. Touthot, Ab. Durand, R. Malouin, W. J. Tessier, A. Campbell, N. Frier, R. Cassels, J. C. Fisher, L. D., H. Gowen, J. Chabot, M. P. P., T. W. Lloyd, O. Robitaille, Wm. Sewell, J. Thompson, P. J. O. Chauveau, M. P. P., J. B. Frechette, jr., G. Hall, W. Kimlin, M. D., J. J. Grainger, and H. Borsall, Esquires.

In the absence of the Hon. R. E. Caion, Esq., Chairman, Dr. Fisher was called to the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read by the Secretary.

The following statement was presented on behalf of the Treasurer, viz:

### STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS, From the 2nd to the 9th March, 1846.

Amount as per statement of the 2nd inst. £153,527 15 6	
Since Received:	
Parishioners of St. Marie N. Bazaar.....	£ 0 10 0
Proceeds of Flour sold £157 10 0d & £21 2s 6d.....	178 12 6
From H. Jessopp, Esq., repayment in part of a special grant.....	30 0 0
Inhabitants of Lechiel (C. W.) per Mr. McGillevray.....	2 10 0
Inhabitants of Magdalen Islands, per Mr. C. F. Hamel.....	7 14 8
	219 7 2
Payments as per last statement.....	£68,774 11 6
Payments since made.....	68,774 11 6
	£84,972 11 2

Amount deposited bearing interest @ 3 per cent..... £73,371 3 7

The Committee appointed at the last meeting to prepare a petition to the Legislature, reported a draft of a petition, which was read, adopted, and ordered to be engrossed for signature by the members of this Committee individually.

Read a letter dated the 7th instant, addressed to the Chairman or acting Chairman, and signed "Luce Gauvin"—also, a petition from Hypolite Frechette; both of which were referred to the Subcommittee of Distribution.

Read a petition from tenants in St. John Suburbs, sufferers by the late fires, praying to be relieved in proportion to their losses, in the same way as proprietors—signed by ninety-six persons.

Mr. Chauveau presented a Petition adopted at a public meeting of sufferers by the late fires, proprietors as well as tenants, and signed by a Committee of thirty, chosen for that purpose, praying for the immediate distribution of the funds remaining at the disposal of this Committee.

On motion of the Rev. Mr. Mackie, seconded by Mr. Chauveau, it was Resolved—That the subject-matter of these two petitions be brought before this Committee, to be considered by it, at a special meeting to be held for that purpose on Thursday next, at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Hale gave notice that he would move at the said meeting:

I. That whereas the General Committee have adopted, promulgated and pledged themselves to the following general principles in regard to the distribution of the monies entrusted to them, viz:

(1.) That distressed sufferers alone were to be relieved.

(2.) That Proprietors and Tenants were to be on the same footing.

(3.) That whilst distress was to admit a sufferer for relief, the extent of loss alone was to determine its amount in the first distribution.

(4.) That the degree of distress alone was to determine its amount in the distribution of the balance:—

Therefore any plan of future distribution at variance with the spirit of the above principles, would be a violation of promises held out to all classes of sufferers alike, and of solemn pledges given to the generous contributors on the faith of which the monies were subscribed.

II. That distress shall be the basis of future relief, whether found amongst Tenants or Proprietors.

III. That distress amongst the sufferers shall be held to mean inability, without aid, to resume their former pursuits for the maintenance of their families.

IV. That the amount of relief shall be proportionate to the ascertained degree of distress in each case, regard being had to age, health, station in life, number and sex in family, &c.

V. That the foregoing Resolutions be communicated to the Sub Committee of Distribution, with instructions to consider and report the most correct and expeditious method for fixing the amount of relief to be awarded in each case, and of paying the same.

The Hon. Mr. Cochran gave notice that he would move at the said special meeting:

special encouragement to those owners of immovable property in the burnt districts, who shall rebuild houses in brick or stone; roofed according to the now existing By Law.

2.—That for this purpose, a sum of not less than £45,000 be set apart for the purpose of giving such proprietors a further grant, as well on account of their losses of immovable as of moveable property.

3.—That this sum be apportioned by the Committee of Distribution, according to the circumstances of the parties, with these restrictions and conditions:—

1. That no grant made or to be made shall give to any one person more than £250 for the whole of his share or dividend out of the Relief fund.

2. That the grant in respect of immovable property shall only be made to such parties as shall have begun to rebuild in brick or stone, and shall have in part completed the building.

3. That a bonus or premium of £15,000 should be divided amongst the holders of immovable property, over and above what they shall receive as their dividend under resolution No. 1.

4.—That a fund or sum of £10,000 shall be reserved for special cases of persons who have suffered by the fires, and who, in consequence thereof remain in distress and are unable to obtain their livelihood, and also for cases of future emergency and want from the same cause during the ensuing winter.

5.—That a sum of not less than £25,000 be distributed for the losses of persons owning moveable property only, destroyed by the fires, and that the same be apportioned by the Committee of Distribution according to the actual circumstances of the parties, subject to the restriction and condition that no person shall receive in the whole more than £250 out of the Relief fund.

6.—That the losses of parties shall be taken as already adjusted by the Committee of Distribution; and that that Committee have a discretionary power to adjust the payments to proprietors of immovable property, for the encouragement of rebuilding in such manner as most effectually to promote that object, without being bound to strict equality.

The Committee then adjourned.  
E. L. MONTIZAMBERT,  
Honorary Secy.

### NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"A Cockey,"—"Oh!" and "A Subscriber," are declined. Communication from the latter is entirely a private affair. It will be found enclosed to the writer at Mr. Cary's Bookstore.

### CITY COUNCIL.

FRIDAY, 6th March, 1846.

Present:—Councillors Lloyd, Gillespie, Rousseau, Robitaille, Maguire, O'Brien, Laurin, Belleau, Tessier, Guay, Hall, Plamondon, Scott, Wilson, Tourangeau, McLeod.

Mr. Lloyd in the chair.  
Read the minutes of last meeting.

On the information from the Chairman that certain matters relative to the internal government of the Council would be submitted to them, the Council proceeded with closed doors.

Mr. Maguire, seconded by Mr. Belleau, moved, and it was, on division of 10 against 5.

Resolved That except duties of purely a ministerial nature and appertaining to the office of Mayor, no member of this Council now appointed, or who may be appointed hereafter, Chairman to reside in the Council, or to perform the Mayor's functions during his absence, shall have the power to do or perform any act or thing other than would devolve upon the Mayor (if present) during the sittings of the Council, unless under the sanction of the Council previously obtained—nor shall he be or be considered a member *ex officio* of any Standing Committee, and any vote given or act done, or performed by any such Chairman appointed to perform the functions aforesaid as a member *ex officio* of any Standing Committee is and the same is hereby declared to be null and void.

Mr. McLeod withdrew.  
Mr. Tessier seconded by Mr. Belleau moved and it was, on division of 10 against 4.

Resolved,—That the election of the Chairman of the Markets' Standing Committee having been irregularly made, the said election be declared null and void.

Mr. Rousseau, seconded by Mr. Robitaille, moved, and it was, on division of 10 against 4.

Resolved,—That the Markets' Committee do proceed *de novo* to the election of a Chairman. The doors were then opened.

Submitted the weekly statement of the sums paid to widen certain streets in St. John and St. Roch's Suburbs.

Submitted the Treasurer's Monthly Statement of the receipt and expenditure of the Corporation for the Month of February.

Presented a petition of certain residents of Palace Street, praying the Council to forbid carters from being stationed in the said Street.—Referred to the Police Committee.

Presented a petition of James Sweetzer, praying the assessment on his house be remitted to him.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

Presented a letter from Henry Atkinson, Esq., respecting his Assessment.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

Presented a petition from certain inhabitants of St. Lewis Suburbs, praying that a Fire Engine be put in that suburb.—Referred to the Fire Committee.

Presented a petition of André Picard, praying to be indemnified for ground given by him to the Corporation in St. Joseph Street.—Referred to the Road Committee.

Mr. Rousseau, seconded by Mr. Robitaille, moved, and it was

Resolved,—That the By-Law Committee be instructed to draw up a By-Law, to oblige persons selling lime in Quebec, to sell this article by measurement, and to report to this Council at their next meeting.

Mr. Rousseau, seconded by Mr. Robitaille, moved also, and it was

Resolved,—That the Inspector of the Fire Department be requested to submit to the Council a statement of the Fire Engines which are in the different wards of this city, specifying the number of engines, and the state they are in; and to furnish all other information which he may think necessary.

vote of the Acting Mayor, the votes of the Committee being equally divided, and three members of said Committee, not forming a majority thereof, having appealed to the decision of the Council, and the said Council having on such appeal passed a Resolution restricting the powers of the Acting Mayor which are defined by a By Law, and declaring the said election null and void—it is the opinion of this Council that the said election having been regularly made, it cannot be set aside, and that the powers of the Acting Mayor cannot be restricted except by a By Law.

Mr. Rousseau moved, seconded by Mr. Belleau. That the notice of motion now submitted be set aside.

The President gave it as his opinion that it was in order, and that he considered himself bound to receive it.

Mr. Laurin appealed from the decision of the President to the Council, which, upon a division, overruled the opinion of the President, and adopted Mr. Rousseau's motion by a majority of 10 to 4.

### To the Editor of the Quebec Mercury.

Dear Sir,—I noticed, by a perusal of your last issue, a communication signed "Matthew." To take much notice of what he gratuitously asserts concerning the undersigned would be an evidence of weakness. I will therefore let that pass. But I trust that you will allow me to say that every thing which Matthew has dogmatically stated as being the substance of a letter to the "Times" concerning the Corporation of Quebec is garbled and misinterpreted, he says in extenuation that he quoted from memory. I accept his excuse, lame although it be. I said the Corporation has only been in existence a very few years yet, I am told, the City has contracted a debt of £40,000, (erroneously printed £400,000). Now what have we to show for this money—a lane—Buede Street—widened about 6 feet—one or two streets blocked at the private expense of their inhabitants—the steps which protruded into the streets opposite the doors of dwelling houses and shops removed at the proprietor's expense, &c.

"Matthew" says "the Corporation did not pay for removing the steps, for which he (the Correspondent of the Times) gives them credit." It will be seen on reference to the above that I said no such thing. I gave them credit for nothing; I regret that I could not do so. He again says, "there is not a foot of street in Quebec blocked at the private expense of individuals, it has all been done by the public funds." This I also deny. St. Peter Street was blocked at the expense of private individuals; and private individuals in St. John and Fabrique Streets begged to be allowed and were allowed to block them.

After the work was done the Corporation may have assumed the debt and these citizens may have become Corporation stockholders; this does not alter the case; we are not indebted to the Corporation for these improvements but to the enterprise and public spirit of a few of our citizens. Three important streets are said to have been widened. Where are they? In ruins? "A great number of improvements" which though not showy are useful and convenient have been carried into effect.

Again I ask where are they? Is it the removal of the Upper Town Market House from one part of the street to another? Is it the erection of a paltry looking shambles, in wood, in such a situation as to obstruct the thoroughfare and where the chances are that it may be easily destroyed by fire? Is the purchase of the old City Hall, which every time I pass I blush to look at, beneficial to the City—a ruin which will neither let nor sell? I did not blame the Corporation for getting into debt magnificently, for not having gas, water-works, docks and so forth which would pay the interest of the monies laid out in their construction and which would in time pay off the capital. I said, and I still say, that the Corporation deserve no praise for the improvements in our streets. A man seized the inhabitants and they made improvements. What are our chief improvements? Finer houses, finer shops, new shop windows on an improved style instead of the old ones, and the introduction of Champagne, as a substitute for gas, into the shops. These are our real improvements, for which Quebec need not thank her Corporation.

I am, Dear Sir,  
Your very Humble Servant,  
THE QUEBEC CORRESPONDENT OF THE TIMES.

### To the Editor of the Quebec Mercury.

SIR,—I beg leave to address you upon a subject which is one of much importance, and to which the public attention has already been called by an article which appeared lately in the columns of the "Quebec Gazette." It briefly discussed the question: Has the schoolmaster a right to forbid the pupil home-amusements and recreations sanctioned by the parent? And shewed that the attempt of teachers to extend their authority not only beyond their own walls, but to the interior of the parents' dwelling, was to use the mildest term, injudicious in the extreme. The hope of the writer of that article, that the respectful remonstrance it contained would have the effect of relieving "distressed youth," has not been realized. He treated the question theoretically, and named no particular school or institution. The remarks which I have to offer are elicited by the reduction of the erroneous theory to practice; and, as neither the error nor the party guilty of it is of trifling importance, but the error, if persisted in, necessarily productive of much evil, and the erring party an Institution widely known and a corporate body, I shall be permitted to be more explicit than "Peter" has been, and to name the Ursuline Convent of this City as the party whose high and novel pretensions and aggressive acts have drawn forth "Peter's" complaint, and this my humble support of it.

It may be premised that it appears somewhat singular that it is only after the lapse of two hundred years that this Institution has discovered a radical defect in the course pursued by it; that it has been blindly confining itself to the mere fulfilment of its duties, and never once thought, until now, how much its renown and dignity would be enhanced by extending the sphere of its usefulness, and generously adding to its duty of imparting knowledge to young girls the task of instructing their parents in the art of managing household affairs.

It is well known by every one acquainted with the history of the country, that the Ursuline Convent was expressly founded for the gratuitous education of young females, and this has since been its peculiar and exclusive province. Large grants of land have been made, and the finest portion of our city given to it, for the sole purpose of enabling it to carry into effect the design of its founder. The Convent must teach or cease to exist. The Convent refusing to teach, is faithless to its trust. It has got houses and lands, and has become a wealthy order; but its increased means only render more binding and sacred, if it be possible, the obligation of its members to devote themselves to the education of young girls, and to that alone. It can need no reasoning to shew that any departure from the strict limits of the teacher's duty is incompatible

with a faithful discharge of the important trust con-  
fided to, and accepted by them. In the path which  
they have hitherto trodden, these pious and accom-  
plished ladies have won for their Institution a very  
high rank, moved by an ambitious desire to extend  
their authority beyond their own walls, guileless of  
intrusion into private families. We can allow  
something for the prejudices of the cloister; we can  
fancy that those who have withdrawn forever from  
the social circle, who have become dead to the  
world, should look with a feeling of pity or con-  
tempt upon those who deem it no sin to mingle  
with their fellows, and who permit to them-  
selves and their children such amusements and re-  
creations as the voice of society proclaims to be  
not only harmless, but proper and useful. But, we  
cannot admit that this particular Institution, found-  
ed, fostered, and enriched for the express purpose  
of affording the benefits of education to young ladies  
(though its members, being cloistered nuns, do re-  
gard as after vanity, aught that does not interest  
them) can rightfully, or legally, expel from the  
ranks of its pupils those who, with the Parent's  
sanction, or, it may be, in obedience to their  
Parents' directions, engage in a dance, or witness  
a theatrical representation. Dancing is an  
art, useful and elegant, producing both pleasure  
and instruction. It is beneficial and dignified,  
both as a qualification and an exercise, has been  
approved by the greatest men in all ages, and  
among its votaries has had the especial honor of  
ambushing the wise Socrates. "He was a profes-  
sed admirer of it in other days," says Lucian, "and  
learned it himself when an old man." If classical  
names have any weight with the Ladies Ursuline,  
I would add that of Hesiod, who compares valour  
and dancing together, and says that "the gods have  
bestowed fortitude on some men, and on others a  
disposition for dancing."  
But the shelter of great names is not requisite; it  
is sufficient for the Parent to say—such is my will;  
sit pro ratione voluntas.  
Several of the pupils of the Convent having, with  
their Parents' consent, indulged in the species of  
recreation above alluded to, the doors of the Insti-  
tution have been closed upon them. The injury  
inflicted by the act of expulsion is one for which  
I have no doubt, a Court of Justice would award  
damages—and is so manifest a violation of good  
faith, and of the Charter of the Institution, that a  
representation made to the Legislature of the Pro-  
vince, could not fail to have the effect of restrain-  
ing the ambition of the Convent within due  
bounds.

I remain, Sir,  
Your very obedient servant,  
SENEC.  
Quebec, 9th March, 1846.

To the Editor of the Quebec Mercury.  
Sir,—Last night's "Gazette" contains a communi-  
cation signed "An Elector," the writer of which  
venture to assert is not an Elector in the ward the  
writers of which he is anxious should not make  
premature engagements.

"An Elector" seems to be aware that a requisi-  
tion now signed by a majority of the Electors of St.  
Peter's Ward is about being presented to M. Con-  
nolly, Esq., but it would appear this gentleman  
seems not to meet the views of "An Elector"—  
therefore, he is desirous a division should occur in  
the party who have hitherto acted almost unani-  
mously, so that a person more of his way of think-  
ing might be enabled to step in.  
But, Sir, for the information of "An Elector," if  
he is not already aware of the fact, I will state that  
so soon as it became known that Mr. Simpson was  
about leaving Quebec, that portion of the Electors  
not in the majority, immediately, as if by instinct,  
decided upon Mr. Connolly as their candidate, not  
because his name happened to be so, but because  
they were convinced of that gentleman's integrity  
and former useful services, and believe that he will  
be an acquisition to the Council, and faithfully re-  
present them therein.

Partly, in the case of Municipal affairs, is a thing  
to be dreaded; but in the present case it has al-  
together been cast aside,—fitness only for the office  
being the qualification—and it is believed that the  
gentleman about being named, will, on that account,  
receive the support of a large majority of the Elec-  
tors of the ward.  
Any one at all conversant with the composition  
of the members of the present Council, will at once  
perceive the influence and unjust preponderance of  
the Suburb members, and will at once admit that  
unity in choosing a fit and proper person is the only  
basis for preventing I may say the whole of the  
residue of the City Wards from being applied to  
other remote portions of the City, whilst St. Peter's  
Ward in particular is still, in many places, requir-  
ing considerable and immediate repairs.

No doubt, Mr. Editor, this Elector is a little  
embarrassed to witness the unanimity which prevails  
in favour of Mr. Connolly, and seems altogether at  
a loss; in his *feeler* he says a fit candidate will be  
brought forward—no doubt there will—at least  
three ought to be—as the opposite party, if rumour  
speaks truth, have been hawking the expected  
vacancy through every hole and corner of the city,  
and even that it has been offered to at least nine or  
ten gentlemen, who all in turn declined being put in  
nomination.—Surely they will fall on a fit person  
at last; but, Sir, the truth is, the party who lately  
retained their candidate for this same ward, are all  
but unanimous in favour of Mr. Connolly, and their  
opponents knowing they have no chance, and hav-  
ing a dislike towards Mr. Connolly merely because,  
on former occasions, he would not become a tool in  
their hands, are endeavouring night and day, with  
the assistance of not the brightest member of the  
City Council, to persuade some gentleman to come  
forward in the vain hope that a division will take  
place.

"An Elector" names Mr. Phillips as likely to be  
the person selected,—all judge, the sayings and do-  
ings of the Suburb electors, at the last election are  
not quite forgotten, but soon will. Mr. Phillips  
knows well who are the party desirous of bringing  
him forward, so do all the other gentlemen,—they  
know that there is trouble in the wigwag of Mr.  
Connolly's opponents, and understand perfectly well  
that if there was any chance for one of similar qual-  
ifications to the Suburb members, they are the  
very last gentlemen who would be asked by Mr.  
Connolly's opponents to fill the vacancy expected  
soon to take place.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, "An Elector" feels  
it is desirable that they (the Electors) keep them-  
selves uninfluenced by the importunities of persons  
who can have little or no interest in the ward.—  
Alas! Poor York, two hundred Electors, out of  
three hundred and fifty real voters in the ward,—  
most of them using their influence in favour of the  
candidate—little or no interest in the ward—  
—monstrous; besides, "An Elector" may ease his  
conscience, as those most active in favour of Mr.  
Connolly, have all considerable interest in the very  
same ward of St. Peter, as well as  
A REAL ELECTOR OF ST. PETER'S WARD.  
Quebec, 9th March, 1846.

To the Editor of the Quebec Mercury.  
Sir,—Will you allow me to say a few words  
more, on the subject of the backwater of the River  
St. Charles, and then I have done?  
Suppose a substantial stone pier (or a bridge, for  
it would answer that purpose also) was erected on  
the spot where the old bridge formerly stood—in this  
pier would form a dam, with openings left in it, at  
certain distances, with sliding doors or sluices that  
admit the water to act on powerful wheels, that would  
set in motion machinery for the purpose of grind-  
ing corn, sawing timber, carding wool, &c., &c.  
These mills would work at all times, but on first  
quarter ebb and last quarter flood-tides, or nearly so,  
I have seen such things, Mr. Editor, but they  
would water. We have a surplus! The mills  
might be erected on this said pier or bridge, but no  
danger could arise from drift ice in the spring—  
this is a great advantage.

Now, I will suppose, Mr. Editor, these mills are  
all in motion, and four others on each side of the  
river, below the pier erected (so as not to be an ob-  
struction to the navigation of the river) for the pur-  
pose of sawing deals, &c., &c. I am of opinion,  
that the water might be brought to these eight mills  
and set them in motion also.

I believe, Sir, that there will always be eighteen  
feet water behind this new pier or bridge (if I may so  
express it), and that this fall of water will be suf-  
ficient to set and keep all the wheels abovementioned  
in motion.

Surely, Mr. Editor, this an advantage gained,  
instead of letting nature's gift run away from us!  
I will further suppose, that a canal is cut across  
the isthmus in front of the Marine Hospital, making  
Hare-Point an Island. One lock would be suf-  
ficient to lift a bateau to the level of the new pier;  
how far this level would take the bateau up the  
river would be ascertained, and from this point a  
few more locks would take her to Lorette. I should  
like to see this accomplished, Mr. Editor, and I  
hope I shall.

Once saw a harbour for shipping, formed at the  
mouth of a creek (which extended some distance  
inland), the piers thereof were erected, and the  
harbour proved a safe one; but, it was ascertained  
that the deposits of the water and other fifth short-  
ened the depth of water in the harbour.  
The engineer stopped the mouth of the creek  
which run through the harbour, and when a suf-  
ficient body of water was collected, it was dis-  
charged into the harbour with great force, and  
cleared and deepened the harbour without any  
further expense.

Could not we do the same, Mr. Editor? I think  
we could; and, if the present bridge was removed,  
we could set the sand and mud in such a hurry that  
they would soon be lost in the St. Lawrence—  
never to be seen again—and all the large stones  
could be easily moved away.

I am afraid, Mr. Editor, that I have tired your  
patience; but, as I said at first, "In a multitude of  
counsellors there is wisdom!" I remain, Sir,  
Your humble servant,  
AN OBSERVER.  
Quebec, March 9, 1846.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
Montreal, 24 March, 1846.  
His Excellency the Administrator of the Government  
has been pleased to associate the following gentlemen in  
the Commission of the Peace for the District of Quebec,  
viz:—  
Vincent Dubé, of Sainte Anne de la Peste, Piere,  
John Bonner, of Quebec,  
Ignace Goulet, of Saint Pierre, Isle d'Orleans,  
Charles Le François, of Saint Roch des Aulnois, and  
Joseph Langlois, of Ste. Lucie de Lévis, Esquires.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,  
Montreal, 7th March, 1846.  
His Excellency the Administrator of the Government  
has been pleased to grant a Licence to William Atkins,  
Esquire, to enable him to practice Phycic, Surgery and  
Midwifery in that part of the Province of Canada, heretofore  
Lower Canada.

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF MILITIA,  
Montreal, 6th March, 1846.  
His Excellency the Administrator of the Government  
has been pleased to make the following Militia appoint-  
ments and promotions:—  
Montreal Light Infantry.  
Captain James M. Millar having removed to Quebec,  
has ceased to belong to this corps.  
First Battalion of the City of Quebec.  
To be Lieutenant Colonel:  
Lieutenant Colonel Charles Panet, vice Irvine who  
resigns the command.  
By Command,  
A. GUGY,  
Colonel and Adjutant General of Militia.

Passengers.  
In the Cambria, for Liverpool, by way of Halifax,  
N. S. For Liverpool—Prince Joseph Napoleon Bonaparte,  
of Philadelphia; N. C. Poor, (bearer of despatches)  
Boston; Mrs. Williams, Wm Gray, Dr. F. H. Gray,  
Rev. W. Dean, R. S. Palmer, and J. F. Smith, of  
Boston; E. H. R. Lyman, M. Wheeler, H. Appd, Lewis  
Switzer, R. S. Fellows, G. Druehar, S. Hyde, C. P. A. Hen-  
ricks, A. Brownson, M. Lawrence, M. Allen, M. Van Vorst,  
Wm. Paul, T. R. Moorwood, Geo. S. Soren and son, Wm.  
Bert, John Wolff, A. Remondoff, and J. Garsed of New  
York; G. Giles, and S. Cornell, of Providence, R. I.; Rev.  
Theodore Spencer, Mrs. Spencer, and H. E. Falk, of En-  
dland; M. Maillard, Louis C. Batterschick, of Philadelphia;  
John Birks, Montreal; Mr. Fox, Ireland; J. E. Morton,  
Canada West; Geo. Morris, of Buenos Ayres; Lieut D.  
Smith, Belgian Army—40 For Halifax, N. S.—F. W.  
Pickman and Thos. Coffin, of Nova Scotia; F. I. De  
Wolfe, of New York; E. W. Jackson, of Chelsea;  
Thomas M'Lean, Halifax—5. Total, 45.

DIED.  
This morning, at the age of 39 years, Dame Marie  
Josephine (lovely wife of Hector Simon Huot, Esquire,  
one of the Prothonotaries of the Court of Queen's Bench for  
the District of Quebec. Afflicted for three years with the  
malady which has brought her to the tomb, Mad. Huot was  
resigned to her fate, which she met with the greatest fortitude,  
and saw her last moments approach with a confidence  
inspired by lively faith, and supported by a constant prac-  
tice of all the christian virtues. She carries with her the  
well merited regret of the Canadian society of this city,  
to whom, by her mildness and amiability of character she  
had sincerely attached herself. Relatives and friends are  
invited to attend her interment, which will take place in the  
Cathedral church, on Friday next, at 10 o'clock.  
On the 8th March, at Poplar Grove, St. Foy Road, aged  
54 years, Wm. Torrance, Esq., long a much respected mer-  
chant of this city, deeply regretted by all who knew him.  
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to  
attend his funeral, on Thursday, the 12th inst., at half-  
past two o'clock.  
On the 8th inst., at the Jemites' Barracks, after a long  
illness, Charlotte Henrietta Dukes, aged 34 years, wife of J.  
Dukes, Esq., 29th Regt.  
In this city, on Saturday last, Joachim Mondor, Esq.,  
aged 72 years.  
On the morning of the 9th inst., Mrs. Bligh, aged 60,  
widow of the late John Martin Bligh, Esq., of Bodmin,  
County of Cornwall, England. The funeral will take place  
on Wednesday, the 11th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., from  
the residence of her son, No. 5, 1/2 Grand Ste. Genevieve,  
côte d'Abraham. Friends and acquaintances are respect-  
fully invited to attend.

Yesterday morning, at 4 o'clock, Mrs. Elizabeth Baldwin,  
relict of the late Mr. Henry Baldwin, Ship-Builders, aged 77  
years. Her funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 11th  
inst., at two o'clock, P. M. Friends and acquaintances  
are requested to attend without further notice, from her  
son's residence, 4 Hampden Street, No. 47.  
On Sunday last, the 8th inst., Miss Genevieve Fortin,  
St. Roch, aged 84 years.  
Suddenly, at Aboulet, on the 6th inst., at the residence  
of her brother, St. Paul Street, Louise, eldest daughter of  
Mr. W. Fallis, of Quebec, aged 22 years.  
At Hammersmith, the residence of his brother, near Hal-  
ifax, on the 26th ult., deeply lamented by his relatives and  
friends, and sincerely regretted by a numerous circle of ac-  
quaintances, John Ingh, Esquire. Mr. Ingh was the  
author of a collection of lyrical poems, chiefly Scottish,  
of considerable merit, and several productions of a higher  
order, not calculated for publication.  
At Toronto, on the 24th ultimo, Mary Rebecca, eldest  
daughter of the late Edgeworth Usher, Esquire, of Chip-  
pewa, aged 15 years.

MEETING of those in favor of IMPROVING THE  
RIVER ST. CHARLES, by means of a Joint Stock  
Company, with an adequate Capital in small shares of  
twenty-five pounds each, to be incorporated, are requested  
to meet at the COMMITTEE OF TRADE ROOM, on FRI-  
DAY, at TWO O'CLOCK.  
Wm. Walker, Wm. Ramsay,  
Jas. Gibb, J. Henderson,  
H. Pemberton, William Paston,  
W. H. Anderson, F. J. Parent,  
R. M. Harrison, Christian Hoffman,  
J. B. Forsyth, Benj. Tremain,  
Arch. Campbell, John Thomson,  
Charles Coyle, P. Langlois, Jr.,  
H. J. Noyd, W. Stevenson,  
Wm. H. Jeffrey, F. Lane,  
F. X. M'Gill, Henry Atkinson,  
Chas. Turgeon, Ed. Gienekmeyer,  
J. E. Olivier, J. W. Leary, Jr.,  
Robt. Cas. Esq., W. Walker, J.,  
J. J. Nesbitt, F. X. Paradis,  
Clas. F. Pratt, D. Burnet,  
Richard Jeffrey, Robert Shaw.  
Quebec, 19th March, 1846.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.  
ESSAY CLASS will meet on FRIDAY EVENING  
next. Subject—"Agriculture viewed in relation to  
the past and the present."  
March 10th, 1846.  
LITERARY AND HISTORICAL SOCIETY.  
THE next Monthly General Meeting for business will  
take place on WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at  
HALF-PAST SEVEN O'CLOCK, P. M.  
SAM'L WRIGHT,  
Recording Secretary.  
Quebec, 9th March, 1846.

QUEBEC LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.  
LECTURE.  
THE Hon. A. W. COCHRAN, D. C. L., will deliver  
a lecture "On the instinct and intellectual facul-  
ties of animals," in the Hall of Assembly, on THURS-  
DAY, the 19th inst., at 7 1/2 past 7 o'clock, P. M.  
D. WILEIE,  
Secretary.  
Quebec, 10th March, 1846.

WANTED,  
FOR a Grocery Store, a young man who understands  
the business, and can speak both languages. For  
further particulars apply at the Office of this paper.  
Quebec, 9th March, 1846.  
LOST,  
ON FRIDAY last, supposed to have fallen from a  
Carriage in St. Stanislas Street, or between that  
Street and the English Cathedral, a large BARK MUFF,  
—and a few days previously, near the Cathedral, a GREY  
SQUIRREL BONE.—The finder of either of these articles  
will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at the  
house of the Bishop of Montreal.  
March 10th, 1846.

CANADA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.  
NOTICE is hereby given under the authority of the  
Provincial Statute, 4th & 5th Vic. C. 57, incor-  
porating the CANADA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, that  
the Stockholders of the said Company are required to pay  
in at the Company's Office in the City of Quebec, ELEVEN  
INSTALLMENTS OF TWENTY-FIVE SHILLINGS per  
share each, one on the 7th day of ensuing months, viz:  
July, August, September, October, November, December,  
January, February, March, April and May each.  
By order of the Directors of the said Corporation,  
DANIEL McCALLUM,  
Secretary.  
Canada Fire Office,  
Quebec, 4th June, 1845.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,  
Montreal, 7th March, 1846.  
His Excellency the Administrator of the Govern-  
ment has been pleased to appoint—  
Cyprien Blanchet, Esquire, of the Parish of Ste. Mar-  
guerite, Resident Agent for the disposal of Public Lands in  
the Townships of Aylmer, Colborne, Dorset, Forsyth,  
Gairdner, Lambton, Neilson, Price, and Stuart, in the  
County of Megantic.  
James Hughes, Esquire, of the Township of Sherring-  
ton, in the County of Huntingdon, Resident Agent,  
for the disposal of Public Lands, in the said Township.

The Montreal Gazette, Times, La Minerve, L'Au-  
rorer des Canadas, Montreal Herald, the Quebec Gazette,  
Le Canadien, and Quebec Mercury, will please insert the  
above once a week, for one month, in their respective  
language.  
1-1m  
TO LET,  
And possession on the First of May next.  
THAT commodious DWELLING-HOUSE,  
with Out-houses, Stables, &c. No. 17,  
Rampart Street, Upper-Town, (corner of Rampart  
and St. Plavien Streets) at present occupied by Madame  
Mercier. For terms, apply to  
HENRY AYLWIN,  
Advocate, No. 6, Haldimand Street.  
Quebec, 10th of March, 1846.

EXCHANGE TABLES,  
BY A. FESSENDEN;  
JUST RECEIVED BY  
T. CARY & Co.  
July 3d, 1845.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,  
MONTREAL, 7TH MARCH, 1846.  
List of Vacant Crown Lands for Sale, South of the  
River St. Lawrence, and West of the Kennebec  
Road, (Lower Canada).  
Price, Six Shillings per Acre.  
CONDITIONS OF SALE.  
1st—The Lots to be taken at the contents in Acres  
marked in the Public Documents, without guarantee as to  
the actual quantity contained in them.  
2nd—No payments of Purchase Money will be received  
by Installments, but the whole Purchase Money, either in  
Money or Land Scrip, must be paid at the time of Sale.  
3rd—On the payment of the Purchase Money the pur-  
chaser will receive a Receipt which will entitle him to  
enter on the Land which he has purchased, and arrange-  
ments will be made for issuing to him the Patent without  
delay.  
Applications to purchase will be received on and after  
THURSDAY, the TWENTY-FOURTH day of APRIL  
next, by the respective Local Agents, who will give any  
further information that may be required.

Agency of JAMES HUGHES, Esquire, Sherring-  
ton.  
Township of Sherrington.  
1st Range, 13 (133), 20 (131).  
2nd do 10 (200), 17 (200).  
3rd do 8 (200), 15 (200), 22 (130).  
4th do 19 (200).

Agency of G. L. MARLER, Esquire, Drum-  
mondville.  
Augmentation of Township of Aston.  
3rd Range, A (200), B (143), 27 (170).  
4th do A (200), B (211), 27 (100).  
5th do A (200), B (209), C (85), 27 (37).  
6th do A (200), B (200), C (91), 27 (60).  
7th do A (200), B (200), C (82), 27 (78).  
8th do A (200), B (200), C (75), 27 (136), 28  
(68).  
9th do A (200), B (200), C (66).  
10th do A (200), B (200), C (66).  
11th do A (200), B (200), C (59).  
12th do 5 (21), 6 (95), 7 (161), 8 (222), 21 (200),  
22 (200).  
13th do 9 (90), 10 (155), 11 (215), 21 (200), 22  
(200).  
14th do 12 (84), 13 (148), 14 (211), 21 (200), 22  
(200).  
15th do 15 (75), 16 (140), 21 (200), 22 (200).

Agency of WILLIAM POZER, Esquire, St.  
George d'Aubert Gallion.  
Township of Liniere.  
Continuation of first Range—East from Aubert L'Isle.  
Lots—1 & 2 (26) each, 3 (25), 4 (24), 5 (20), 6 (16),  
7 (10), 8 (6), 9 (5), 10 (7), 11 & 12 (8) each,  
13 (10), 14 (16), 15 (23), 16 (26), 17 (28),  
18 (31), 19 (33), 20 (35), 21 (34), 22 (47), 23  
(39), 24 (51), 25 (52), 26 (54), 27 & 28 (61)  
each, 29 (60), 30 (58), 31 (60), 32 (61), 33  
(66), 34 (52), 35 (44), 36 (36), 37 (22), 38  
(9), 39 (4), 40 (3), 41 (6), 42 (9), 43 (15), 44  
(8), 47 (1), 48 (10), 49 (12), 50 (10), 51 (3),  
52 (1), 53 (2), 54 & 55 (4) each, 56 (5), 57  
(12), 58 (14), 59 (10), 60 (5), 61 (2), 62 (1),  
64 (1), 65 (2), 66 (1), 67 (19), 68 (23), 69  
& 70 (25) each, 71 (12), 72 (3), 73 (2), 74 (7),  
75 (14), 76 (21), 77 (26), 78 (22), 79 (36),  
80 (35), 81 (33), 82 (35), 83 (36), 84 (3), 85  
(29), 86 & 87 (30) each, 88 (26), 89 (23), 90  
(24), 91 (26), 92 (28), 93 (36).

Continuation of first Range—West from the Limits,  
Lots—10 (2), 11 & 12 (3) each, 13 (2), 14 (1), 15 (2),  
16 (4), 17 (5), 18 (7), 19 (9), 20 (12), 21 (14),  
22 (16), 23 (18), 24, 25 & 26 (19) each, 27  
(22), 28 & 29 (25) each, 30 & 31 (26) each, 32  
(28), 33 (31), 34 (35), 35 (38), 36 (42), 37  
(44), 38 (50), 39 (52), 40 (57), 41 (61), 42  
(65), 43, 44 & 45 (70) each, 46 (73), 47 & 48  
(75) each, 49 (76), 50 (77), 51 (76), 52, 53 &  
54 (74) each, 55 (76), 56, 57, 58, 59 & 60 (81)  
each, 61, 62 & 63 (74) each, 64 & 65 (76)  
each, 66, 67 & 68 (79) each, 69 (74), 70 (61),  
71 (60), 72 (51), 73 (58), 74 (64), 75 (53), 76  
(32), 77 (41), 78 (29), 79 (14), 80 (8), 81 (4),  
82 (2), 83 (1), 84 (16), 85 (7), 86 (9), 87 (12),  
88 (15), 89 (17), 90 (21), 91 (19), 92 (17), 93  
(19), 94 (20), 95 (21), 96 (25), 97 (24).

2nd Range—Section A  
Lots—From 1 to 62 (50) each, 63 (150).  
Section B  
Lots—From 1 to 103 (50) each, Lot 104 (84).  
Section C  
Lots—From 1 to 107 (50) each, Lots 108 (42), 109  
(15), 110 (13), 111 (8).

Agency of CYPRIEN BLANCHET, Esquire,  
Lambton.  
Township of Abner.  
1st Range, 1 to 20 inclusive (120) each.  
2nd do 1 to 20 inclusive (120) each.  
3rd do 1 to 20 inclusive (120) each.  
4th do 1 to 20 inclusive (120) each.  
5th do 1 to 24 inclusive (120) each, 20 (119), 30  
(87).  
6th do 1 to 26 inclusive (120) each, 27 (96), 28  
(70).  
7th do 1 to 28 inclusive (120) each, 24 (109), 25  
(89).  
8th do 1 to 20 inclusive (120) each, 21 (115), 22  
(74), 23 (88).

Township of Forsyth.  
1st Range, 1 to 12 (120) inclusive each, 13 (153), 22  
(80), 25 to 27 inclusive (120) each, 38  
(90), 39 (51).  
4th do 1 to 13 inclusive (120) each, 14 (166), 24  
(186), 25 to 34 inclusive (120) each, 35  
(133).  
5th do 1 (120), 2 (120), 3 (120), 4 & 5 uncertain,  
6 to 14 inclusive (120) each, 15 (153),  
24 (105), 25 to 34 inclusive (120) each,  
35 (86).  
6th do 1 (120), 2 (120), 3, 4 & 5 uncertain, 6 to  
14 inclusive (120) each, 15 (186), 25  
(166), 26 to 33 inclusive (120) each, 34  
(146).  
7th do 1 to 5 inclusive (120) each, 6 (111), 7 (93),  
8 (75), 9 (57), 10 (60), 20 (123), 21  
(115), 22 (107), 23 (89), 24 (90), 25  
(82), 26 (74), 27 (65), 28 (67), 29 (49),  
30 (41), 31 (91).  
8th do 1 to 5 inclusive (120) each.

Township of Lambton.  
1st Range, 1 (171).  
2nd do 1 (120), 2 (119), 3 (46).  
3rd do 1 (120), 2 (120), 3 (120), 4 (46), 11 (60),  
12 (145), 13 (165), 14 (140), 15 (102),  
16 (94), 17 (92), 18 (82), 19 (56), 20  
(28), 21 (37).  
4th do 1 (120), 2 (120), 3 (120), 4 (120), 5 (46),  
13 (74), 14 to 21 inclusive (120) each,  
22 (113), 23 (120), 24 (120), 25 (142),  
26 (94), 27 (88).  
5th do 1 (120), 2 (120), 3 (119), 4 (84), 5 (42),  
12 (58), 13 (75), 14 to 19 inclusive (120)  
each, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 & 25 uncertain,  
26 (120), 27 (120), 28 (100), 29 (63), 30  
(37).  
6th do 6 (48), 7 (26), 8 (26), 9 (125), 10 (125),  
11 (125), 12 (124), 13 (124), 14 (124),  
15 (123), 16 (125), 17 (123), 18 (122),  
19 (122), 20 (122), 21 (121), 22 (121),  
23 (121), 24 (120), 25 (120), 26 (120),  
27 (120), 28 (119), 29 (119), 30 (119),  
31 (118), 32 (118), 33 (118), 34 (115).

Township of Price.  
1st Range, 1 (45), 2 (39), 3 (51), 4 (65), 5 (68), 6  
(56), 7 (65), 8 (112), 9 (120), 10 (131),  
11 (145), 12 (154), 13 (154), 14 (146),  
15 to 45 inclusive (120) each.  
2nd do 15 (84), 16 (28).  
3rd do 17 (35), 18 (58), 19 (71), 20 (105), 21  
(124).  
4th do 22 (60), 23 (124), 24 (132).

The Montreal Gazette, Times, La Minerve, L'Au-  
rorer des Canadas, Montreal Herald, Old Quebec Gazette,  
Le Canadien and Quebec Mercury, will please insert the  
above once a week, till the day of sale, in their respective  
language.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,  
Montreal, 7th March, 1846.  
NOTICE is hereby given that the disposable Clergy  
Reserves in the Townships hereinafter mentioned,  
South of the River St. Lawrence (Lower Canada), will  
be open for Sale on and after FRIDAY, the TWENTY-  
FOURTH day of APRIL next, upon application to the  
respective Resident Agents, from whom information re-  
specting the valuation assigned to the several lots, or the  
formalities to be observed where the land has not been  
inspected or valued, can be obtained.  
Agency of William Bowron, Esq., Huntingdon;  
Townships of Hemmingford and Hinchinbrooke.  
Agency of James Hughes, Esq., Sherrington;  
Township of Sherrington.  
Agency of William Pozer, Esq., St. George d'Aubert  
Gallion;  
Townships of Sherrington and Shenley.  
Agency of Cyprien Blanchet, Esq., Lambton;  
Township of Dorset.

The sales are to be made subject to the following re-  
gulations adopted by the Queen in Council:  
That when any of the said Clergy Reserve Lands shall  
be offered for sale, which have been leased, and when any  
of the said lands offered for sale shall have been improved  
without authority for the space of five years next before  
the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one  
thousand eight hundred and forty-one, the Agent for the  
sale of the said Clergy Reserve, shall allow privilege of  
pre-emption to the Lessees, or their Assignees, for or in  
case there shall have been no lease to the occupants for  
the space of Twelve Calendar Months, after such lands  
shall have been offered for sale; and that in case of any  
sales to such Lessees or Occupants, interest upon the pur-  
chase money at the rate of six per cent. per annum, shall  
be added thereto, from the time the leases of such lands  
expired, or if there shall have been no lease, from the  
time of such occupation as aforesaid, as the same may be  
reported by the Inspectors, and that the value of the im-  
provements made upon such lands, shall not be charged  
or demanded, as any part of the purchase money.  
That the said Clergy Reserve Lands shall be sold on  
the following terms, that is to say: two-sixths of the  
purchase money to be paid in hand, and the remaining  
four-sixths in four equal annual instalments, payable on  
the first day of January, in each year, with interest at the  
rate of six per cent. per annum, the first of the said instal-  
ments to fall due and be payable on the first day of Janu-  
ary next ensuing after any such sale: Provided always,  
that any purchaser or purchasers shall be at liberty to pay  
the whole purchase money, or any instalment or instal-  
ments, with interest to the day of payment, in anticipation  
of the same becoming due.

The Montreal Gazette, Times, La Minerve, L'Au-  
rorer des Canadas, Montreal Herald, the Quebec Gazette,  
Le Canadien and Quebec Mercury will please insert the  
above once a week, in their respective language until the  
day of Sale.  
NEW YORK OYSTERS.  
JUST received, a small quantity of these very superior  
Oysters, preserved in their own liquor, and of a deli-  
cious flavor, neatly put up in 2, 1, & 1/2 Gallon Kegs,  
for Sale at No. 5, St. Anne Street, and the Upper Town  
Market, every day.  
W. DEEGAN.  
Quebec, March 8th, 1846.

W. R. LOCKWOOD begs to return his sincere thanks  
to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quebec, for the  
liberal patronage he has received, and at the same time  
wishes to inform those who may still be desirous of obtain-  
ing a Miniature Likeness of themselves or Friends, they  
will do well to make a speedy application as his stay in  
Quebec will be limited to three or four weeks longer.  
Quebec, 10th March, 1846.

TO LET,  
THE TATTERSALL STABLES adjoining the CITY  
HOTEL, St. Ann Street, near the Jail, for the last  
four years in the occupation of S. & C. HOGAN.  
Possession on the 1st May next. Apply at Mrs. BOURE's,  
Upper Town, Market-place.  
Quebec, 7th March, 1846.

For Sale; or, to Let,  
THE Dwelling-house and appurtenances, 4,  
DAUTEUIL STREET, Esplanade.  
—ALSO—

Property for Sale & to Let.

WANTED. SMALL HOUSE and SHOP, or Shop only. Fabrique or St. John Street would be preferred.

TO LET. From the 1st of May. THE House, No. 5, Des Grisons Street, Cap.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET. TWO story house situated at a distance of about five minutes walk outside St. Vallier's Toll-gate.

FOR SALE. A LOT OF GROUND at the foot of Côte d'Abraham, of about 84 feet 10 inches on St. Vallier Street.

TO LET. THE upper part of the House, No. 16, St. Lewis Street, now occupied by S. Lelièvre.

TO LET. A LARGE Store, Coach House and Stable, with the extensive premises adjoining to the residence of the subscriber.

TO LET. FROM 1st MAY NEXT. THE HOUSE on Côte St. Genevieve, at present occupied by the Revd. Mr. CHADERTON.

TO LET. THAT commodious Dwelling House, on the Cape, corner of Des Carrières and St. Genevieve Streets.

TO LET WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. THE house now vacant in Mrs. Noad's buildings, Mount Pleasant.

To Let, with immediate possession. THE House formerly occupied by Lieut. Col. PRITCHARD, on the St. Foy Road.

Valuable Farm for Sale. THE VERY VALUABLE FARM, belonging to the Subscriber, on the LORETTE ROAD, three miles from the City of Quebec.

FOR SALE. AN extensive BUILDING LOT, fronting ST. JOSEPH STREET, St. Roch's Suburb, being 60 feet, French measure, on the said street.

TO LET. THE Brewery situated in St. Thomas Street, Lower Town, with all its apparatus in complete order.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. FOR one or more years, from the 1st of May next, to suit the convenience of a tenant.

TO BE LET. THAT elegant and spacious HOUSE on the Cape, occupied by Wm. PATTON, Esq.

EAGLE Life Assurance Association. 3, CRESCENT, NEW BRIDGE STREET, BLACKFRIARS, LONDON.

Messrs. J. H. WYSE & CO., No. 11, Palace Street, U. T., and No. 28, Mountain Street, L. T.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. MR. MOLT has on hand, and offers for sale, a few excellent PIANO-FORTES, London make, guaranteed to stand the climate.

CHARLES GORTLEY & CO., SAIL-MAKERS, IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Canvas, Rigging, assorted Cordage, Bolt-Ropes, Twines, &c.

TO LET. From the first of May next. two story House, near the Steamboat Wharf, Point Lévi, with Stable and Garden attached.

TO LET. A TWO-STORY Stone HOUSE, near the General Hospital, now occupied by Jor. Smolenski, well adapted for business and warmed by Russian Stoves.

FOR SALE. ONE-THIRD or more of that extensive Cove known as Paton's Cove, at Point Lévi, belonging to the late firm of W. Chapman & Co.

Summer Residence to be Let. THE Dwelling House, with Stables and other Out-buildings, belonging to the Subscriber, situated about 2 1/2 miles from this City.

TO BE LET. THE HOUSE belonging to the Subscriber, occupied by E. DESBARATS, Esquire, St. Louis Street.

Property for Sale & to Let.

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TO BE LET. THE HOUSE belonging to the Subscriber, occupied by E. DESBARATS, Esquire, St. Louis Street.

FOR SALE. AN excellent Farm situated at Gros Pin, about half a league from Dorchester Bridge, containing seven arpents on the Charlesbourg Road.

FOR SALE. AN extensive BUILDING LOT, fronting ST. JOSEPH STREET, St. Roch's Suburb, being 60 feet, French measure, on the said street.

TO LET. THE Brewery situated in St. Thomas Street, Lower Town, with all its apparatus in complete order, presently leased to D. McCALLUM, Esq.

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BOSTON & LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKETS.

To Sail punctually from Boston on the 5th, and from Liverpool on the 20th of every month, as follows:

Table with columns: FROM BOSTON, FROM LIVERPOOL. Lists ship names and dates for various months.

These splendid Ships have been built expressly for Packets; they are commanded by men of long experience in the trade; their accommodations are commodious, and are in all respects desirable conveyances for goods and passengers.

The price of Cabin Passage Outward is \$80 Homeward is £18 For FREIGHT or PASSAGE—Apply in Boston to ENOCH TRAIN & CO.

GENERAL COMMISSION OFFICE. MR. G. DE LIRAC has the honor to inform the public that he has established a GENERAL COMMISSION OFFICE in this City.

NOTICE. THE undersigned being required by business to absent himself from this city during the remainder of the present season, requests all those who are indebted to him to pay the amount of their respective debts.

NOTICE. THE undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator and Curator of the Estate and Succession of the late JAMES HASTINGS KERR, Esquire, of this City.

NOTICE. THE undersigned has received from L. GILBERT'S Manufactory, Boston, a consignment of 3 Patent action Piano Fortes, in Rosewood and Black Walnut cases.

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FOR SALE. 300 PACKAGES Twankay, Hyson, Souchong and Gunpowder Teas, 100 Boxes Cavendish, Nail Rod, and Ladies Twist Tobacco.

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BEST GOLD LEAF. A SERIES OF MODERN AND ANCIENT MAPS.

THE undersigned have lately received and intend keeping constantly on hand, a supply of Garratt's superior GOLD LEAF, which they will sell at the very lowest price.

GOLD DIAMOND POINTED PENS, which have lately been improved. The price of the latter article is greatly reduced.

THE ACTS Of the Last Session of the Provincial Parliament. THE Acts passed during the last Session are received, and the principal Acts may be had separate if required, at the Store of T. CARY & CO.

QUEBEC AND MELBOURNE RAILROAD. COMMITTEE ROOM, No. 38, St. Peter Street. THE COMMITTEE of the QUEBEC and MELBOURNE RAILROAD are informed that the Office is open from the hours of 10 to 4, daily, and attendance of the Committee of Correspondence or Secretary is given, who invite the attendance of any parties interested in, or willing to furnish information on any subjects serviceable to their project.

THE undersigned offers his services to his friends and the public as Agent for the transaction and forwarding of all claims for land and other demands upon Her Majesty's Government.—Memorials and Petitions carefully drawn out and punctually forwarded at a very moderate expense.

Application to be made to the Undersigned, at the Office of Messrs. BACQUET & AHEAN, Saint Ann Street, or at No. 12, La Chevrotière Street, St. Lewis Suburbs. JOHN YOUNG.

PROTECTION FIRE Insurance Company, HARTFORD, CONN. THE undersigned has been appointed Agent for the above Company, and is now prepared to accept Risks against Fire.

PIANO FORTES. THE undersigned has received from L. GILBERT'S Manufactory, Boston, a consignment of 3 Patent action Piano Fortes, in Rosewood and Black Walnut cases.

Montreal Fire Assurance Company. CAPITAL £200,000. THE above Company insure Property against Loss by Fire, at their Office, in the PARLIAMENT-BUILDINGS, at Moderate Rates of Premium—and Prompt Payment of all Losses.

PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. THIS Company which established its Agency in Canada in 1804, continues to insure against fire. Office, Gillespie's Wharf, open from 10, A. M. to 4, P. M. GILLESPIE, GREENSHIELDS & Co. Quebec, 4th July, 1845.

ALL MAY BE CURED!!! BY HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. FIFTY ULCERS CURED IN SIX WEEKS. Extract of a Letter from John Martin, Esq., "Chronicle" Office, Tobago, West Indies:— February 4th, 1845.

TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. SIR,—I beg to inform you that the inhabitants of this Island, especially those who cannot afford to employ medical gentlemen, are very anxious of having your astonishing Medicines within their reach, from the immense benefits some of them have derived from their use, as they have been found here, in several cases, to cure Sores and ulcers of the most malignant and desperate kind.

PILES, FISTULAS & BEARINGS DOWN. A remarkable Cure by these Pills and Ointment.—A half-pay lieutenant, lately residing at St. Helier's Jersey, whose name by request is omitted, and for three years suffered from piles and fistula, besides a general bearing down, of the most distressing nature. He had twice undergone an operation, but to no purpose, and at last gave himself up to despair. Yet notwithstanding this complication of complaints, together with a debilitated constitution, he was completely cured of all his infirmities and restored to the full enjoyment of health by these justly renowned medicines, when every other means had failed.

IN ALL DISEASES of the Skin, Bad Legs, Old Wounds and Ulcers, Bad Breasts, sore Nipples, Stony and Ulcerated Cancri, Tumours, Swellings, Gout, Rheumatism, and Lumbago, likewise in cases of Piles; Holloway's Pills, in all the above cases, ought to be used with the Ointment; as by this means cures will be effected with a much greater certainty, and in half the time that it would require by using the Ointment alone.

Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Chapped Hands and Lips, also Bunions and Soft Corns, will be immediately cured by the use of the Ointment. Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London, and JOHN MUSSON, Chemist, SOLE AGENT FOR QUEBEC. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot and Box. Quebec, Oct. 27, 1845.

QUEBEC (Printed and published by T. CARY & CO. UPPER-TOWN MARKET-PLACE.

QUEBEC AND MELBOURNE RAILROAD. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned will apply to the Legislature at its next Session, for an Act of Incorporation, constituting them, and others associated with them, a Company, with the usual powers and restrictions for the purpose of making a TRAM or RAILROAD from Quebec to the River St. Francis, at or near Melbourne, with a view of its extension to Montreal through St. Hyacinthe.

D. S. SMITH takes the liberty of informing his friends and customers that he has commenced business in his old Stand, corner of Grant and Desfontaines Streets, St. Roch.

GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. Capital £1,000,000 Sterling. THE Undersigned are authorised to accept FIRE and LIFE RISKS, on favourable terms, and to settle claims for losses without referring them to England.

NOTICE. THE undersigned has been appointed Agent for the ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Ct., and is now prepared to take risks against Fire.—This office has now an Agency in Montreal, which has been in operation for the last 20 years, has been always prompt and liberal in settlement of losses.—Such being its character, the undersigned looks for a portion of the public confidence and patronage.

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SHERIFF'S SALES FOR THE DISTRICT OF QUEBEC. (continued from the Quebec Mercury, from the Official Gazette.)

Table with columns: NAME OF PARTIES, PROPERTY, WHERE SITUATED, DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY, DAY OF SALE, PLACE OF SALE. Lists various legal proceedings and sales.