

Sherbrooke Daily Record

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Twenty-sixth Year.

GERMANY SENDS FORMAL PROTEST TO BRITAIN

Election Contests Held Yesterday In The Townships

France Expected To Extend Zone Of Occupation

France Has Served Notice that She Is Prepared to Extend Her Holdings if Her Economic Occupation of Essen Does Not Yield Satisfactory Results—It Was Understood Today that Another Ruhr Zone Will Be Subjected to "Invisible Occupation" Within Three Days—British Relieved that French Advance Passed Without a Breach of Peace—Formal Protest Is Presented to Great Britain by Germany.

(Associated Press Despatch)

PARIS, January 12.—France at last has a grip on the "productive guarantees" she has sought from Germany, and has served notice, through her Premier, that she is prepared to extend her holdings if her economic occupation of Essen does not yield satisfactory results. It was understood here today, in fact, that another Ruhr zone would be subjected to "invisible occupation" within three days.

GERMANS PRESENT A FORMAL PROTEST TO BRITAIN

(Associated Press Despatch)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—Dr. Sthamer, German Ambassador to Great Britain, presented to the British Foreign Office late yesterday, Germany's formal protest against the Franco-Belgian action in the Ruhr, which he declared violates the Treaty of Versailles.

WILL GIVE NO RECOGNITION TO GERMAN PROTEST

(Associated Press Despatch)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The British Government will give no recognition to the German protest against the French advance into the Ruhr, which the Berlin Government addressed to the Allies last night, and in no way will the protest affect British action or policy, it was authoritatively stated this afternoon.

Whenever it becomes necessary the British representatives on the various Inter-Allied Commissions will absent themselves in order to demonstrate the British disassociation with the present French action in the Ruhr.

Otherwise, it was added, Great Britain would continue to act wholeheartedly with the Allies.

It is considered in political quarters here that the attitude of Premier Mussolini, of Italy, seems to correspond to that of Great Britain rather than that of France and Belgium. It is pointed out that although the Italian representative in the Allied Conference cast his vote in favor of the French plan for the Ruhr, Premier Mussolini declined to despatch even a small detachment of troops, and protested against the policy of force.

The British belief that the Germans made a mistake in shifting the Coal Syndicate offices to Hamburg from the Ruhr was reiterated today, the idea being expressed that such a course was only likely to antagonize the French and spur them to further seizures.

NOTE OF PROTEST HANDED TO SWISS GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press Despatch)

BERNE, Jan. 12.—The German minister to Switzerland, today, handed the foreign ministry a note protesting against the occupation of the Ruhr by French troops.

PRICE OF GERMAN COAL WILL BE INCREASED

(Associated Press Despatch)

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—The price of German coal will be increased an average of fifty per cent as from today, it was announced this morning. The miners' wages will be increased about sixty-eight per cent.

NMISTAKEABLE FEELING OF RELIEF IN GREAT BRITAIN

(Associated Press Despatch)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—An unmistakable feeling of relief that the first twenty-four hours of France's Ruhr adventure passed without a breach of the peace was evident here today. Although the French movement continues to be widely condemned and deplored, there is no general desire to see Great Britain's ally involved in conditions which would seriously add to her burdens, and above all, which would lead to bloodshed.

FORTY THOUSAND EMPLOYEES OF KRUPP PLANT AT ESSEN WENT TO WORK TODAY AS USUAL; MEN STRIKE AT BOCHUM

(Associated Press Despatch)

ESSEN, Jan. 12.—The forty thousand employees of the Krupp plant here went to work this morning as usual, according to information officially supplied to the French Economic Mission in Essen by the German authorities.

Strikes are reported in Bochum, but the percentage of strikers is small, it is declared.

The French have moved their outposts to Gelsenkirchen, three miles northwest of Essen, and to Velbert, five miles to the southeast.

MISSION CARRIED OUT WITHOUT ANY TROUBLE

(Associated Press Despatch)

DUESSELDORF, Jan. 12.—General Degoutte, commander-in-chief in charge of the movement of the military into the extended zone of occupation in the Ruhr, declared today he considered his mission to have been successfully carried out.

He said he had carried out his instructions to protect the French Economic Mission. He had had no trouble and did not expect any, as Berlin issued inflammatory orders to the Ruhr. The mission has invited factory managers to meet with it.

FEARED FRENCH WOULD SEIZE ANTHRACITE COAL

(Associated Press Despatch)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The West-halian Coal Syndicate is now established at Hamburg with four directors and a corps of clerks, according to one of the directors who was interviewed by the Hamburg cor-

respondent of the Times. He said that the special department which dealt with reparations coal accounts remained in the Ruhr to insure continuance of future deliveries.

The director, however, feared that France would not be satisfied with the reparations coal but would attempt to seize supplies for use in Germany.

BOCHUM CUSTOMS OFFICE SUSPENDED OPERATIONS

(Associated Press Despatch)

BOCHUM, Jan. 12.—The German Ammonia Association, following the action taken yesterday by the Coal Syndicate at Essen, has discontinued its Bochum offices. It has not yet announced as yet whether the association will establish its offices elsewhere, as did the coal syndicate, which transferred its offices to Hamburg.

The Bochum customs office has suspended operations.

COAL SYNDICATE MAY SHIP PAPERS TO UNITED STATES

(Associated Press Despatch)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The possibility that the Rhenish Westphalian coal syndicate, which moved from Essen to Hamburg to escape the French, may ship its papers to the United States, is reported under reserve by the "Westminster Gazette."

The story, the newspaper says, is that such a step may be taken in the French territory to fetch the staff and papers back to Essen, but that the French will do so does not

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Nikolai Lenin, head of the Russian Soviet Government, is reported dying again—or should it be still?

ELECTIONS HELD YESTERDAY IN THE TOWNSHIPS

Number of Contests Were Held Yesterday—East Bolton Results.

ELDON C. JUBY, MAYOR OF EAST BOLTON.

(Special to The Record.)

EAST BOLTON, Jan. 12.—Eldon C. Juby, was again elected Mayor of East Bolton in the election held yesterday. Mr. Juby received 95 votes, while his opponent, Mr. J. H. Peaseley, polled 60 votes.

V. G. Cummings, with 93 votes, Wilson Needham with 83 votes and E. F. Bourgeois with 84 votes were elected councillors. The three other candidates for councillor's seats were John Comber, who polled 45 votes, John Cameron with 65 votes and A. Lecour, who polled 54 votes.

E. A. ST. DIZIER MAYOR OF WEST HATLEY.

(Special to The Record.)

MASSA WIPPI, Jan. 12.—In the elections held yesterday for Mayor of the Township of West Hatley, Mr. E. A. St. Dizier was elected by a small majority over the retiring Mayor, Mr. Fred Pope, who has served four terms in office. Otis Sherman retiring councillor, was re-elected by acclamation, and Messrs. John Wells and Percy Whitcomb were elected by acclamation to replace Messrs. Luke Colt and Henry Moulton.

RESULTS OF ELECTIONS AT COMPTON.

(Special to The Record.)

COMPTON, Jan. 12.—George Robson was chosen Mayor of the Municipality of Compton in the elections held here. Messrs. Pomeroy, Paige and Vallincaert were elected councillors.

W. M. Ford was elected Mayor of the Township of Compton, and the councillors elected were O. Grenier, P. Bureau and O. Boyce.

RE-ELECT OLD COUNCILLORS AT KINGSEY.

(Special to The Record.)

KINGSEY, Jan. 12.—In the elections held at Kingsey yesterday, the three retiring councillors were re-elected. These are James Brown, who polled 120 votes, Ernest LaBelle, with 106, and Alderlie St. Louis, who received 102. Other candidates were Arthur Morin, who polled 98 votes and Augustus Demanche with 36. The total vote polled was 140. The retiring Mayor, Joseph Bernier, was re-elected by acclamation on nomination day.

SOUTH STUKELY RESULTS.

(Special to The Record.)

SOUTH STUKELY, Jan. 12.—Wilfred Courville was elected Mayor of the Village of South Stukely, by acclamation. Councillors elected were C. O. Martin, who polled 122 votes, Louis Alessio with 144, and R. H. Dimick with 114. Defeated candidates were A. V. Marcurelle, 42 votes, and Asa Fortin with 40 votes.

CONTEST AT MARTINVILLE.

(Special to The Record.)

MARTINVILLE, Jan. 12.—O. Dionne and Mr. Robert will contest the seat for Mayor of Martinville, made vacant by the retirement of Edwin Butler. The retiring councillors are F. L. Sherman, O. Dionne, and Omer Derosey. Nominations for councillors for seats are F. L. Sherman, E. Butler, Medo Cote, Louis Bouffard and Joseph Cluche.

TOWNSHIP OF BEDFORD.

(Special to The Record.)

BEDFORD, Jan. 12.—There will be no elections in the Township of Bedford, where Mr. William Pendlebury was re-elected Mayor and the councillors were re-elected by acclamation. Mastai Campbell replaces Elphège Rochelleau and Jasper Crelier replaces Charles Seymour. Councillor Henry Caspey was re-elected. The other members of the council, whose terms have not yet expired, include Joseph Du-

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SEVERAL RUM-RUNNING CRAFT ARE CAPTURED

Stated that Haul Made by U. S. Prohibition Fleet Last Night Totalled One Thousand Cases.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The swarm of rum running craft, which yesterday sought by sheer strength of numbers to overwhelm the prohibition navy with its newly-acquired gun-toting flagship Lexington, last night suffered its first "casualty" when the launch Margaret B. Laden to the gun-wales with whiskey, was captured by a coastguard crew off Sandy Hook. Almost simultaneously three other vessels of the rum fleet were reported to have been seized by coastguardcraft off Ambrose Channel. Lightship. The quadruple haul totalled one thousand cases.

Besides the Margaret B., officials said they had confiscated the Evelyn, a twenty-five foot sea skiff, an unarmed launch and a rum runner's scout boat, all of which were believed to have been owned in Highland, N.J.

OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—Over a hundred applications for divorce bills are scheduled for the committee which handles this legislation.



Ganna Walska, opera star, has abandoned her American tour to nurse her millionaire husband, Harold F. McCormick, back to health.

Sherbrooke Conservatives Have Decided To Offer Opposition In The Provincial Elections—Several Candidates In View

Meeting to Decide on Candidate Will Be Held Today—Liberals to Hold Convention on January 16—Conservative Meeting Last Night Well Attended—Held that the Administration of the Present Liberal Government Justifies Decision to Offer Opposition—George Delorme Not Likely to Run as Liberal Candidate.

THE Sherbrooke Conservatives will offer opposition during the course of the coming provincial elections as a result of the decisions reached at a special meeting of the party chiefs held in the Metropole building last evening. The meeting was well attended and a number of delegates reviewed incidents relative to the administration of the present Liberal Government, when it was felt that immediate action on the part of the Conservative element was essential for the good of the province.

The present occasion was considered to be an opportune one, and today's meeting will decide definitely what action will be taken by the Conservative party throughout the county. A number of names have been submitted as the possible Conservative standard bearer, and the most likely are considered to be Mr. R. Langis and Mr. E. Sylvestre. Other prominent citizens credited with the possibility of representing the party are Messrs. C. Migneault, Aristide Genest and Omer Darche.

Insofar as Mr. Darche is concerned, it is entirely out of the question, as he is considering an extended trip to Europe during the course of the next month or two. The convention scheduled to meet today is expected to make a definite choice and enable the party to proceed with the immediate organization of its political machine.

The Liberals are not inclined to consider seriously the suggested candidatures of Messrs. G. Delorme and C. C. Cabana, and claim that Dr. Ludger Forest, the present member, will be the only Liberal candidate. It is understood that Mr. Geo. Delorme is seeking higher honors, while many claim that Mr. C. C. Cabana has not been in the Liberal ranks long enough to warrant immediate consideration.

The Liberal convention has been fixed for Tuesday, January 16, and will be held in the new city offices at eight p.m. sharp.

LIBERAL FORCES ACTIVE.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

QUEBEC, Jan. 12.—With all the intense activity which follows a declaration of war, the Liberal party has set all its mobilization machinery into operation following the election proclamation issued on Wednesday, and at the Legislative buildings yesterday there were signs on every hand that the "preparation" is now the watchword and chiefs of the party will have all their forces lined up for the impending electoral struggle which precedes the verdict of the people on February 5th.

It is not only in party circles that there is action, for one of the busiest men in the Province of Quebec yesterday, as a result of the proclamation for the elections, is R. Gooffrin, clerk of the Crown in Chancery, who is preparing the election writs and other documents incidental to the election, and within twenty-four hours all these papers, which will aggregate several tons in weight, will have been shipped to their respective destinations.

The only constituency to which all

these documents are not being forwarded is Magdalen Islands. This constituency, owing to its situation, is shut off from communication with the rest of the Province in winter time, except by telegraph.

As a result of amendments to the law at the last session of the Legislature, the voting will be held at Magdalen Islands on the same day as in the remainder of the Province, and in order to permit this the various documents and other formalities ordinarily carried out by mail, will be done by telegraph and the ballots will be typewritten instead of being printed.

STATED REV. ABBE LOUIS PARADIS WAS ASSAULTED

Ludger Rivard in Quebec Jail Pending Investigation into His Sanity.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

QUEBEC, Jan. 12.—Rev. Abbe Louis Paradis is stated to have been the victim of an assault at Lotbiniere on Monday last by a man named Ludger Rivard, who knocked him down and kicked him. Rivard has been sent to Quebec jail pending an investigation into his sanity.

U. S. STILL WITHOUT HOPE OF ANY IMMEDIATE OPPORTUNITY TO HELP IN PRESENT EUROPEAN SITUATION

A Course Dictated by Friendliest Sentiments Towards France, as Well as Towards Other Allied Powers, Has Been and Will Continue to Be Followed by United States Government, It Is Stated.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Developments in the reparations crisis, in which further complications loom with the declaration of Germany that she is "not in a position to make actual reparations to those powers" participating in the Ruhr occupation, found the United States Government today apparently still without hope of any immediate opportunity for help-

COMMITTEES OF CITY COUNCIL WERE ORGANIZED AT A SPECIAL SESSION LAST NIGHT AT CITY HALL

Personnel of Committees Altered Considerably—Alderman Newton Succeeds Alderman Edwards as Chairman of Gas and Electricity Committee—Aldermen Tetreault and Langis Retain Finance and Roads Respectively—Alderman A. C. Skinner Chairman of the Waterworks Committee.

At a special meeting of the City Council held last evening, the various committees were re-arranged in order to provide for the ruling seniority among the members which has been altered considerably as a result of the retirement of Aldermen J. K. Edwards, George Delorme and J. D. Tremblay.

The Gas and Electric committee, vacated by Ald. J. K. Edwards, will be under the control of Ald. S. R. Newton and this choice is generally considered the most suitable, as Ald. Newton's practical knowledge will stand him in good stead.

Ald. Skinner finally secures one of the four most important committees and will be in charge of the waterworks department. Aldermen Tetreault, Langis and Trudeau retain charge of the Finance, Roads and Fire Departments respectively, while Ald. E. Fortier succeeds Ald. Skinner as chairman of the hygiene committee and Ald. Jos. Lacombe succeeds Ald. J. D. Tremblay as chairman of the police and poor committee.

Among the new arrivals, Ald. H. Goodhue is assigned the market, Ald. E. A. C. Bourque is assigned the parks and real estate, while Ald. Crepeau is assigned the city hall committee.

The new committees are as follows:

Finance committee:—Chairman, Ald. J. S. Tetreault. Members: Aldermen R. Langis, A. C. Skinner, J. Lacombe and E. Fortier.

Gas and Electricity Committee:—Chairman Ald. S. R. Newton. Members: Aldermen J. S. Tetreault, H. Goodhue, E. A. C. Bourque and A. Crepeau.

Roads Committee: Chairman, Ald. R. Langis. Members: Aldermen J. S. Tetreault, S. R. Newton, E. A. C. Bourque and A. Crepeau.

Waterworks Committee:—Chairman, Ald. A. C. Skinner. Members: Aldermen R. Langis, A. Trudeau, E. Fortier, A. Crepeau.

Fire Committee:—Chairman, Ald. A. Trudeau. Members: Aldermen S. R. Newton, J. Lacombe, H. Goodhue and E. A. C. Bourque.

Police Committee:—Chairman, Ald. Jos. Lacombe. Members: Aldermen S. R. Newton, A. Trudeau, H. Goodhue and E. A. C. Bourque.

Hygiene Committee:—Chairman, Ald. E. Fortier. Members: Aldermen S. R. Newton, R. Langis, A. C. Skinner and J. Lacombe.

Market Committee:—Chairman, Ald. H. Goodhue. Members: Aldermen S. R. Newton, A. Trudeau, E. Fortier and A. Crepeau.

Parks and Real Estate Committee:—Chairman, Ald. E. A. C. Bourque. Members: Aldermen A. C. Skinner, A. Trudeau, J. Lacombe and H. Goodhue.

City Hall Committee:—Chairman, Ald. A. Crepeau. Members: Aldermen J. S. Tetreault, R. Langis, A. C. Skinner and E. Fortier.

DECLARES THAT EAMONN DE VALERA IS IN IRELAND

His Mother Denies that He Is Hiding in the United States.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 12.—Eamonn de Valera is in Ireland. This information was given out yesterday by his mother, Mrs. Catherine Wheelwright, after announcement in Boston that he would address a meeting of the American Association for the recognition of the Irish Republic, January 28th, gave rise to the report that he was in hiding in the United States.

A HEAVY SNOWSTORM IN WESTERN ONTARIO

Transportation Hampered and Country Roads in Some Districts Rendered Impassable.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

TORONTO, Jan. 12.—Central and part of Western Ontario was visited by a heavy snow storm and blizzard yesterday afternoon and evening, which considerably hampered transportation and rendered highway and country roads impassable in some districts. Toronto tram cars were kept moving, although with some interruptions, but traffic was tied up on some lines in Hamilton and in other towns in the Niagara district. There was little delay in the arrival of trains.

THE WEATHER

CLEARING ON SATURDAY

The disturbance which was centered in Minnesota yesterday morning now covers New York State and pressure is highest in the Maritime Provinces. Snow has fallen heavily in portions of the peninsula of Ontario accompanied by high winds, and snow is now falling as far east as the western portion of Quebec. In the Western Provinces the weather has been fair and continued mild in southern Alberta.

Forecast: Northerly to north-westerly winds, snow today; clearing on Saturday; not much change in temperature.



Vilhjalmur Stefansson has abandoned his career as an explorer, and will devote his time to proving the commercial possibilities of the Arctic Circle and the North Polar Ocean.

MEMEL HAS BEEN PROCLAIMED IN STATE OF SIEGE

M. Simonaitis, Former Lithuanian Minister, Created President of Memel Territory.

(Associated Press Despatch)

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 12.—An Exchange Telegraph despatch from Memel reports that the Inter-Allied High Commissioner has proclaimed Memel in a state of siege.

The newspaper Memeler Dampfboot says a proclamation signed by members of the "Committee For Saving Little Lithuania," announces that M. Simonaitis, said to be a former Lithuanian minister, has been created president of the Memel territory.

TO SEND WARSHIPS TO MEMEL.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

PARIS, Jan. 12.—The French and British Governments are preparing to send warships to Memel, the former East Prussian territory on the Baltic, internationalized by the Treaty of Versailles, with the purpose of maintaining order, in view of the invasion by the Lithuanians.

Despatches received by the French Foreign Office today indicate that the Lithuanian irregulars who crossed the frontiers earlier in the week have reached the outskirts of the town of Memel and exchanged shots with the German guard. The German police and French troops are co-operating against the invaders.

"There Were Many Things Which I Could Not Eat"

Mrs. H. Robert Wells, English Harbour, Trinity Bay, Nfld., writes:



"I was troubled with nervous dyspepsia—so much so that there were a great many things I could not eat at all on account of the distressed feeling afterwards. I used many different remedies, but they did me little good. Finally I tried Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and Kidney-Liver Pills, and was surprised at the relief this combined treatment gave me in such a short time."

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Get a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

ST. FRANCIS DISTRICT NEWS

Gatherings by the Daily Record Correspondents in the Various Communities.

DAVIDSON HILL AND BETHEL

Mr. Gordon Knolden is home from Sherbrooke, where he spent the New Year with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Proulx and Master Ralph, of South Durham, spent last Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Davidson.

Miss Dorothy Knowlton is home from St. Mary's.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Tibbets, of South Durham, spent Sunday at her home here.

Mrs. Andrew Mallette is home from Bethany, after spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Mallette.

Master Mervin McGee, of Fountenay, is spending some time here with his grandfather, Mr. Abel Mills.

Mr. Percy Tibbets, of Boscobel, was a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mallette on Sunday.

Mr. Mark Davidson, of South Durham, spent Saturday at Mr. Herman Davidson's.

Mrs. Fred Ingram, who has been quite ill, is on the gain. Her many friends will be glad to see her around again.

McCONNELL

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hibbard entertained their three daughters, with their husbands and families, on Christmas Day.

Mr. A. S. Bacon and family, also Mrs. E. and Mrs. M. Spendlove, spent a day recently with relatives at Ayer's Cliff.

Mrs. M. Spendlove, Mr. E. S. Spendlove, Mr. C. Corey and Mrs. Rose Brown were guests at Mr. A. S. Bacon's on New Year's Day.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Parnell and little Helen were guests at the home of Mr. E. L. Vaughan and family, Maple Heights, Compton, recently.

Mrs. E. J. Parnell has been at the same place for two weeks, returning home on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Dezan were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Little at Hatley on Sunday.

Miss Muriel Dezan has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Little, a few days.

The Misses Bacon were at their home on Friday last.

Found Wonderful Relief From Constipation

BY USING

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

Constipation is one of the most prevalent troubles the human race is subject to, and is the greatest cause of many of our ailments, for if the bowels cease to perform their proper functions all the other organs will become deranged.

Keep your bowels working gently and naturally by the use of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and thus do away with the constipation and all other troubles caused by it.

Mrs. A. R. Spence, Springfield, N. S., writes: "I have suffered for some time from constipation, and was advised by a friend to try Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. After taking a trial of them I have found a wonderful relief, and would advise all those who are constipated to give them a trial, for I feel sure they will receive the same benefit I did."

Price 25c a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Great For Bad Coughs and Colds

Make Your Own Medicine and Have the Best There Is.

You'll Say It's Good When All Mucus Disappears and Clean Healthy Membrane is Your Reward.

Here is an inexpensive home made remedy that you can't beat and one that will quickly bring up that phlegm, stop the sneezing, relieve the clogged nostrils, make breathing easy and cause stubborn colds and persistent coughs to vacate many times over night.

Try it right away if you suffer from Catarrh, Chest Colds or any irritating nose or throat trouble and you'll be glad you ran across this little bit of advice. Get from any druggist, one ounce of Eucalypti (double strength) add to it a little sugar and enough water to make one half pint. You can make it in two minutes and when it is mixed you can spit yourself out having a medicine that acts directly on the membrane of the nose and throat and acts so effectively that all phlegm, all tickling and inflammation speedily disappears.

a post card shower. Mr. and Mrs. Nicholson, of Ladd's Mills, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Matthew Blake.

Miss Canning opened her school on Monday, after the holidays.

ULVERTON

SCHOOL REPORT
The result of the Christmas examinations in the Ulverton Village School are as follows in order of merit.

Grade VII—Wadeleigh Cummings. Grade VI—May Cross, Dorel Cummings, Emile Demers, Ruth Cummings.

Grade V—Ivy Husk, Courtland Walker, failed.

Grade IV—Audrey Demers, Olive Demers, Harry Cross.

Grade III—Roy Cummings. Grade II—Hazel Mace, Adrian Doyle, Rita Cote.

Grade IB—Marcia Cummings. Grade IA—Arthur Wade, Doris Knowles, Arthur Mace, George Mace.

General Notes.
Miss Beard, of Kingsley, was the recent guest of Miss Lucy Cross.

Mrs. Fred Cummings and Mr. Oscar Cummings have returned from a visit to relatives at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Mr. David Kerr, of Westmount, was the week-end guest of his mother, Mrs. David Ross Kerr.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. R. Kerr were at South Durham on Friday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Elliott.

SCOTSTOWN

Rural Dean Templeman was in Sherbrooke on Monday, making arrangements for the forthcoming meeting of the St. Francis District Association of the Church Society, which is to be held this year at Coaticook on the 24th and 25th of this month.

All regret to learn that Mr. C. H. Nodding, formerly of this town, is in a very weak and critical condition at his home at Lennoxville.

The annual vestry meeting of the St. Alban's congregation is to be held on Saturday evening next at 8 p.m.

There will be service with a celebration of the Holy Communion at the Anglican Church on Sunday next at 10.30 a.m. at Govt.

The friends of Mr. Tom Watson will be sorry to learn that he was called to Montreal this week, due to the serious illness of his wife in the Royal Victoria Hospital.

Mr. Norman MacDonald, Miss Mary MacDonald and Miss Christy MacIver, of Red Mountain, were in town on Wednesday, the guests of relatives. Miss Mary will remain for a short visit.

School Report
The report of the Christmas exams in the Primary Department follows, in order of standing:

Grade II—Margaret MacDonald, Alan Scott, Rita Mayhew, Mary Templeman, Irene Coates, Betty Sherman, Hope Scott, Clara Parsons, Ruth MacDonald, May Wyatt, Eileen Graham, Vera Sherman, Homer Clark, Ralph MacIver, Given Lax, Gerald Turner, Milton Goodin, John MacIver, Ralph Coleman, Peggy MacAulay, Merrill Stewart, Betty Turner.

Grade III—Hubert MacAskill, Alexander Morrison, John MacLeod and Catherine MacLennan, equal.

Grade IV—Margaret Leonard, Iver Jean Smith, Winston MacDonald, Bernice MacDonald, Helen MacLean and Clyde Elger equal, Catherine Young, Wilmer Taylor, George Young.

Grade V—Hubert MacAskill, Alexander Morrison, John MacLeod and Catherine MacLennan, equal.

Grade VI—Margaret Leonard, Iver Jean Smith, Winston MacDonald, Bernice MacDonald, Helen MacLean and Clyde Elger equal, Catherine Young, Wilmer Taylor, George Young.

When Overtaken by Nausea Try This Simple Remedy.

When you don't know whether it's going to stay down or come up, when you look like thirty cents, and feel even worse, what you need is twenty drops of Nerville, in sweetened water. Almost like magic is the change you experience. Those feelings of vomiting disappear. Thousands of homes rely on Nerville in case of sour stomach, gas-bloating, nausea and upset stomach conditions. Get it today. Large 35c bottles sold by all dealers.

HATLEY
Many friends took the opportunity to extend their congratulations and expressions of esteem and affection to Mrs. Bachelder, of "Fairview Farm," upon the completion of her ninety-third year. Coming from Stanstead to the Bachelor homestead in 1847, more than three-quarters of a century of a serene and blameless life has been passed under the roof which still shelters members of the third, fourth and fifth generations. Mrs. Bachelder, who is presumably the oldest resident of Stanstead County, sent out greeting cards for the season.

Her Three Children HAD Whooping Cough

Many mothers make the mistake of thinking that whooping cough is not of serious importance, but it is one of the most dangerous diseases of infancy, and yearly causes more deaths than scarlet fever, typhoid or diphtheria, and is more common in female than male children.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP is highly recommended by mothers everywhere for the relief of this trouble as it helps to clear the clogged air passages of the mucous and phlegm that has collected, and in this way brings on the "whoop" which brings the so-much-sought-for relief and heals and soothes the lungs.

Mrs. H. W. Mahar, Kentville, N. S., writes: "My three children had whooping cough. I tried every medicine I could think of until an old gentleman told me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Before they had one bottle taken the cough seemed better, and after two bottles they were about well. It loosened the cough and relieved them of that hard, distressing and strangling feeling that goes with it."

"Dr. Wood's" is 35c and 60c a bottle. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Use it today

Rundle's Liniment

You feel it heal, so powerful, penetrating and soothing is this quick relieving liniment. Checks threatening coughs and colds. Read the directions with every bottle now.

Use it today

The Wonderful BREATHEABLE REMEDY

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Use it today

Use it today

Use it today

Use it today

Use it today

Use it today

Use it today

Use it today

Riglar, Earl Rudd, Helen Holaday, Edwin Stewart.

Grade IV—Barbara Lax, Malcolm Nicholson, Helen Scott, Patricia MacDonald, Mary Campbell, Fern Parsons, Paul Sherman, Grant Scott, Sam Mahar, Harold Picham, James Coleman, John MacKenzie.

Grade V—Stanley Wells, Beatrice Parsons, Hector Matheson, John Clark, Hazel Rudd.

HUNTINGVILLE

At the First Universalist Church next Sunday morning the Rev. J. Emery Coulter will preach the second in the second series of four sermons for personal consideration. The subject will be "Thinking of nothing." The usual children's sermon will also be given and Sunday school will be held after the morning service. In the evening at 7.30 o'clock the remarkable book "Slippy McGee," will be the subject of the book evening. Abstracts from the story will be read and discussed and the musical selections will include a number from the ladies' quartette connected with the church choir.

The following are the newly-elected officers of the First Universalist Sunday School: Superintendent, Mrs. Emma D. Coulter; assistant superintendent, Mr. Horace Hyatt; secretary and treasurer, Mr. Clifford Hunting; pianist, Mrs. Willis Hunting. The new officers were duly installed at a fine installation service last Sunday morning by the rector, the service being a most interesting and enjoyable one. It was voted to give prizes at the end of six months to the best class attendance of the two lower classes, and Mr. and Mrs. Hyatt were made a committee to arrange for the prizes.

The school was presented with a set of beautiful "slogans" and Assistant Superintendent Hyatt presented a fine frame to contain them, and was given a vote of thanks for his kindness.

The fourth entertainment in the series for the parsonage fund was held at the Universalist Church on Tuesday evening, and was one of the most successful of the series. It was China and Japan evening, and the pastor gave a short lecture upon each country, and fine pictures of Japan, many being beautifully hand-colored, were shown, and many really wonderful curios from China were also exhibited. Ivory novelties were also exhibited. The features included the impersonating of China by Miss Charlotte Hunting, Japan by Miss Marion A. Coulter, and the Boy Scouts by Master Raymond Dips, of Lennoxville, who also gave several bugle calls. Mrs. Willis Hunting rendered two Chinese novelties for the piano in a most delightful manner. Miss Gertrude Hunting sang a Japanese love song and Mrs. E. D. Coulter gave both Japanese and Chinese numbers for the piano. The pastor also gave an amusing imitation of a performance at a Chinese theatre which he once attended at Vancouver, B.C. The evening was a most delightful one, special electric lighting adding much to the general effect, and while the audience was not very large, everyone seemed to enjoy and appreciate the efforts of the pastor to give his people real treats and at the same time to help swell the parsonage fund.

BIRCHTON
Dr. Allen, who, accompanied by Mrs. Allen, is spending some time in the Townships, will give an interesting talk in the church on Monday night at 7.30, on his medical work in China. The doctor has a number of curios from the Orient, which will add to the interest of his lecture. All are welcome.

HATLEY
Many friends took the opportunity to extend their congratulations and expressions of esteem and affection to Mrs. Bachelder, of "Fairview Farm," upon the completion of her ninety-third year. Coming from Stanstead to the Bachelor homestead in 1847, more than three-quarters of a century of a serene and blameless life has been passed under the roof which still shelters members of the third, fourth and fifth generations. Mrs. Bachelder, who is presumably the oldest resident of Stanstead County, sent out greeting cards for the season.

Her Three Children HAD Whooping Cough

Many mothers make the mistake of thinking that whooping cough is not of serious importance, but it is one of the most dangerous diseases of infancy, and yearly causes more deaths than scarlet fever, typhoid or diphtheria, and is more common in female than male children.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP is highly recommended by mothers everywhere for the relief of this trouble as it helps to clear the clogged air passages of the mucous and phlegm that has collected, and in this way brings on the "whoop" which brings the so-much-sought-for relief and heals and soothes the lungs.

Mrs. H. W. Mahar, Kentville, N. S., writes: "My three children had whooping cough. I tried every medicine I could think of until an old gentleman told me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Before they had one bottle taken the cough seemed better, and after two bottles they were about well. It loosened the cough and relieved them of that hard, distressing and strangling feeling that goes with it."

"Dr. Wood's" is 35c and 60c a bottle. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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MAGOG MAN HAS BEEN MOVED TO HEAD OFFICE

Heavy Snowfall Over the Week-end at Magog—Two Men Nearly Asphyxiated.

MAGOG, Jan. 12.—Mr. E. A. Robinson has been transferred from the textile plant here to the head office in Montreal. Mr. Robinson left on Tuesday morning of this week to take up his new duties. Mr. Robinson has spent the major portion of his life in his school days until this time, in Magog, about the only interval being the time he was serving at the front as paymaster of the 5th C.M.R. He was always prominent in social and sporting events, and while his many friends here regret his departure from Magog, it is with pleasure that they learn of his promotion.

The weather man has been handing out a wide range of weather since the New Year, which commenced with a heavy downpour of rain. On Sunday last the thermometer registered around thirty below, while Monday afternoon and evening we were treated to about twelve inches of heavy snow. It is understood that in the State of Maine there was a fourteen-inch fall, but evidently on crossing the line the customs took a rake-off of a couple of inches. However there was sufficient for local townspeople to clear out of the way at one time.

The Magog High School reopened after the Christmas holidays on Monday morning of this week.

Lake Memphremagog was completely closed last week, the cold snap having frozen that section near Georgeville, that, owing to the deep water, is later than anywhere else in freezing.

A hockey team from Sherbrooke, called the Adanacs, played a friendly game with the Magog Beavers, resulting in a win for the visitors by a score of 5 to 1.

On Monday morning Mr. W. H. A. Brevoort and his assistant were nearly asphyxiated while sawing wood with a gasoline engine. Owing to the cold, they had shut the door and before long they commenced to feel difficulty in carrying on their work, and soon after Mr. Brevoort toppled over. His assistant in endeavoring to aid him was also overcome, but fortunately he was able to get the door open, which narrowly averted a fatality. Medical assistance was called in and it is understood that there will probably be no permanent injuries as a result of their experience.

The regular January meeting of the local branch of the W.C.T.U. will be held at the home of Mrs. John West on Tuesday, January 16. The subject will be, "The 'C' in W.C.T.U. and White Ribbon Work in Sunday Schools."

Mr. Nichol has returned to his studies at Bishop's College, Lennoxville, after the holiday season with Mr. and Mrs. Robertson, at "Crosshill Farm."

The last meeting of the Methodist Ladies' Aid was entertained at "Maple Lodge" on Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. E. A. Hodges, who was assisted by her daughter, Miss Ida Hodges.

Over forty young friends were present at the occasion of her eighteenth anniversary. The usual games and amusements held sway during the early portion of the evening, interrupted only by the serving of refreshments, conspicuous among which was the birthday cake. Dancing followed for a few hours before the company reluctantly separated. Many pretty and useful gifts were left as tangible reminders of a very happy event.

Mrs. Webster was assisted in her duties as hostess by Mrs. Macdonald and Mrs. Walsh. Others present were Mrs. L. H. Parker, Mrs. Piddock and Mrs. H. McClary.

Mr. H. F. Pope has returned from Birchton, where he attended the funeral of his sister, the late Mrs. Osmond.

Miss Elsie Gibson has returned to Massawippi, after a few days with Mrs. A. E. Pellerin and other friends.

OLIVER
Mrs. W. F. Abbott has returned from Eastman, where she has been nursing for a time.

Mrs. Wallace Abbott returned to Montreal on Saturday, after spending his holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Wells.

Mrs. Homer Cass is at Beebe with her mother, Mrs. E. B. Whitney.

Mr. C. S. Harris was the guest of his cousin, Mr. W. Harris, on Friday, and making other calls in the vicinity.

Miss Evelyn Laraway is attending school in Magog.

CANTERBURY
The card party which was held in the hall on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the W. I., was well attended. Five hundred was played at eleven tables. Miss Margaret MacRae won the ladies' prize and Mr. Wm. Mayhew the gentlemen's prize. The consolation prizes were awarded to Arnold Cowling and Nora Goodin. A very beautiful lunch was served by the ladies. The proceeds amounted to \$7.45. The W. I. intend having another card party in the near future.

Shirley Bennett, Ralph and Teddy Bennett and David Coates have gone to Lennoxville to attend the short course in agriculture.

Mr. Karl Mayhew and Miss Evelyn Bennett returned on Wednesday to Scotchton High School.

Miss Dorothy MacRae is spending a few days with her sister, at Mr. Eversand Goodin's.

Mrs. Theo. Watson, in the Ross Memorial Hospital, is not gaining as her friends wish. She is still in a very critical condition.

BOARD OF TRADE AT BURY HELD THEIR ANNUAL

Considerable Work Was Accomplished During Past Year—Other General News.

BURY, Que., Jan. 11.—The Bury Board of Trade held their annual meeting on Friday last, January 5. There was a fair attendance of members, Mr. C. A. Stokes, the president, being in the chair. Correspondence in reference to the Sherbrooke-Megantic train service was read and ordered filed. A copy of the by-law recently passed by the municipal council was read, and a committee appointed to co-operate with the council to devise ways and means of and to help enforce the same. A resolution of thanks to the council was unanimously passed for their co-operation in the matter of the fishing by-law and of the extra street lights provided.

It was decided to again apply for a grant of trout fry from the Provincial Hatcheries, Mr. G. W. Stokes being asked to take the matter up with the proper authorities for a supply of thirty thousand. Mr. Wm. Lindop, the treasurer, presented the financial statement.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Hon. president, Mr. Carlos A. Stokes; president, Mr. William Spackman; vice-president, Mr. G. A. Atkins; secretary, Mr. A. Whitehead; treasurer, Mr. William Lindop.

The year just closed has been a busy one in many ways, and some real definite work has been accomplished. Among the various projects and activities of the board, the following have had actual fruition: Trout fry placed in the brooks and streams last spring; a helping hand in procuring the memorial park; the installation of cleaning work and the provision of a municipal dumping ground. The fall meeting of the E.T.A.B.'s of T. was held in Bury and proved to be one of the best of such meetings. Then there are the improvement in the triangle of road by Pope's pond, the extra street lights and the fishing by-law. This constitutes a record for the year's work, of which the board may be justly a little proud. For the coming year the executive would wish the out-of-town members would try and attend more meetings. The meetings are held the first Friday evening in each month at the town hall.

General Notes.
Song service at the Methodist Church was largely attended last Sunday evening. No less than five special items were rendered by the choir, all of which were exceptionally well given and greatly enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Keynes and Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Stokes have all been on the sick list. At the time of writing there is improvement in each case.

Mr. Joseph Lapointe met with a nasty accident on Tuesday morning in the woods, a heavy limb falling on his arm and breaking it.

On Thursday afternoon, January 18, Miss MacQuat, of Macdonald College, will give a demonstration on "Interior decoration" in the Bury Town Hall, under the auspices of the Women's Institute. The demonstration will be free and everyone is welcome. It is hoped that many will take full advantage of the opportunity.

On Wednesday evening of next week, January 17, Rev. Dr. Allen, now of Stanstead, a returned missionary from China, will hold a meeting in the Bury Methodist Church. Dr. Allen's address will be intensely interesting, and all in any way interested in the great mission of the world, or the day, or who wish to listen to first-hand facts about China and the Chinese, should not fail to attend.

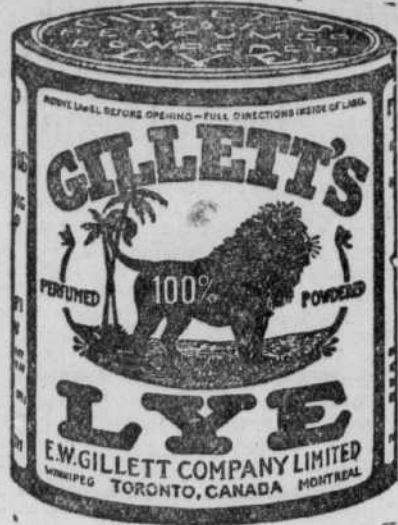
Rev. E. M. Wilson and some of the Bury boys attended the Tuxis gathering at East Angus on Friday last.

The Bury hockey team has commenced the season by two wins away from home. On Friday last they met Megantic at Megantic and came back with the spoils, victories by 4 to 3. On Tuesday they journeyed to Cookshire and registered their second win by a score of 8 to 7. On Saturday of this week the return match with Cookshire will be played at Bury. Local fans and all interested in the team should be at the match to boost for Bury and show the boys that they have an interest in them and their doings.

THE STANSTEAD AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY MET

Report of the Financial Standing of the Society Given—Number of Suggestions Made.

STANSTEAD, Jan. 12.—There was quite a good attendance on Monday afternoon, Jan. 8, at Ayer's Cliff for the annual meeting of the society. The financial standing for the year was satisfactory. The balance of January 1, 1922, was \$58.81, and on December 31, 1922, was \$252.41. The principal receipts were: Main gate \$1796.60, Government grants \$1369.60, grand stand \$249.45, specials by the public \$314.60, games and space \$31



BEDFORD AND DISTRICT NEWS

Daily Reports from Correspondents of What Is Going on in the Different Localities.

ABERCORN

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Hall entertained a number of young people to a social evening last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Lussier, of Bedford, and Messrs. Victor and Henry Maurice, of Sutton, were visiting on Sunday, December 31st, at Mr. A. L. Maurice's.

Miss Rose Cote has returned from a week's vacation at Stanstead.

Mr. J. L. Neill has returned from a week at Stanstead.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Maurice were visiting on Sunday last in Bromfield at the home of Mrs. Marchand.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Maurice, Miss Dorothy Maurice, Mr. Cote and Mr. L. Leduc were New Year's dinner guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Goin.

The W.C.T.U. met with Mrs. Paul Jensen on January 9th, nine members being present. The leader for the day, Mrs. E. Willey, read some interesting papers on moral education. Refreshments were served by the hostess, and the meeting adjourned to meet with Mrs. A. H. Aiken on February 13th.

GRANITEVILLE

Mr. M. C. Reynolds, of Cedarville, returned home the end of last week from Springfield, Mass., where he has been visiting relatives.

DUNHAM

Miss Annie Yeats delightfully entertained the Bridge Club last Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Joseph Selby.

Mrs. John Bartlett, who has been confined to her room the past week is somewhat better.

Mr. John Baker, of Vancouver, B.C., was a guest on Thursday of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brown.

Mrs. J. Ten Eyck and Mrs. W. A. Doherty were in Cowansville on Saturday afternoon.

Miss Dorothy Brown returned to her school on Monday morning.

Mr. Ralph Milby, of Meigs' Corner, is stopping with Mr. Fred Watson during his stay in town.

Miss Ivy Stanford has returned from a pleasant holiday in Fulford at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Fessenden.

EAST BOLTON

Mrs. A. M. Bowker and infant son returned from Montreal on Tuesday.

The Farmers' Club will hold their annual oyster supper at the home of Mr. Henry Shonyo on Friday evening, January 19th.

Quite a few from this place attended the wedding anniversary given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. L. Knowlton on Friday evening. A good time was reported by all.

The Misses Frances Paterson, Jennie Channell and Ruth Clark have returned to their schools, after spending the holidays with their parents.

Mr. Bryce, of Sherbrooke, was at Mr. W. E. Juby's recently.

FULFORD

Mrs. James Lewis is ill with the grippe.

Mr. and Mrs. James Booth, of Foster, were at Mr. A. J. Badger's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Williams and daughter Ruth, of Iron Hill, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Williams on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Fessenden went to Iron Hill on Sunday. Mrs.

YOUNG ALIEN IS DEPORTED FROM NEWPORT

Henry Desorey Made Poor Start on Residence in United States.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., Jan. 12.—Henry Desorey, twenty-three years old, has just been deported back to his own country, St. Edwidge de Clifton, Que., as an undesirable citizen. He has just completed a thirty days' term in jail at Windsor for the theft of a watch, for which he was arrested in Canada, October 13th, his unlucky day.

His record was looked up by the U. S. immigration department and he was found to have done time in Montreal for forgery and also served a two years' term for a military offense.

Officer G. Ferris Bosley went to Windsor at the expiration of Desorey's term and escorted him to Newport where he was returned to his home town.

Fessenden remained at "The Pines" with her cousins on account of the illness of Mr. A. W. Beard.

Miss Ivy Stanford, of Dunham, is spending a couple of weeks at Rose Lodge with Mr. and Mrs. Fessenden.

Mrs. Marceau, who went to Montreal in December to care for her daughter, who was ill, was taken seriously ill herself about three weeks ago and died January 3.

The body was brought to West Sheffield on January 5 for interment in the Roman Catholic Cemetery. Mrs. Marceau will be missed by a large circle of friends here.

Miss Nora Wright went to Sherbrooke Business College on Monday, where she will take a course in stenography.

Miss Ruth Joyal went to Grande Ligne on January 3 for a course of study.

Mrs. Cedric Hastings, of Sutton Junction, was a recent guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edson Davis.

Mrs. Briggs arrived last week from England, with her husband, Dr. Briggs, a guest at the home of her brother, Mr. P. W. Matthews.

The Misses Dorothy and Chloris Gillies and Master Gordon and Charles Gillies, of Montreal, were New Year's guests of their uncle, Mr. P. W. Matthews.

Miss Iva Galer, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Galer, was recently married to Mr. George Page, of North Troy, Vt., and has gone to North Troy to live. She is followed by the best wishes of her numerous friends for a happy and prosperous married life.

Mr. and Mrs. Darwin Sweet and Mr. and Mrs. Delmar Hadlock and sons, of Iron Hill, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Peacock on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Peacock spent New Year's in Iron Hill.

NOYAN

Miss Edna Young has returned to Montreal, after spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Young.

Mrs. Herman Derick is spending some time in Clarenceville caring for her sister, Mrs. Mary Adams, who is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Derick, Mr. and Mrs. James Derick and Mr. and Mrs. Percy Derick and daughter, Thelma, spent New Year's day with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. Emile Parent spent a few days in St. Sebastian visiting relatives.

VALE PERKINS

Mr. Jesse Bailey is very ill with pneumonia at the home of Mr. Homer Gardner.

Master Harris Chamberlain, of North Newport, Vt., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. C. G. Jones.

Miss Rena Magoon spent a few days recently with her uncle, Mr. W. B. Magoon, in Richmond, Vt.

Mr. L. M. Beard, of Montreal, was in town on business a few days the first of the week.

Rev. L. E. Roy, of Mansonville, was calling on friends in town recently.

SOUTH STUKELY

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Martin spent New Year's day guests of Mrs. O. Sweet, of West Brome.

Miss Muriel Goddard, of Waterloo, spent a few days a guest of Miss Ethel Spencer.

Mrs. S. Knowlton, of Providence, R. I., attended the funeral of Mrs. W. K. Knowlton.

Mrs. C. W. Pettie and young daughter, of West Brome, are spending a while guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Peters.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Phelps and family were guests on New Year's day of Mr. and Mrs. Walter McDougall at Waterloo.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Spencer and Miss Ethel returned last week after spending six weeks in the States visiting relatives.

Mr. Willie Knowlton returned on Saturday, after attending the funeral of his mother, Mrs. W. K. Knowlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Spencer and son, spent the week-end in Foster, guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Whitehead.

Mrs. Frank Martin left one day last week to visit friends in Greenfield, Mass.

Several from here attended the United Young People's Society on Wednesday evening, January 3rd at Mrs. Lena Quilliams'. New officers were elected as follows: President, Rev. I. Strombridge; Vice-President, Mr. Percy Chapman; Secretary, Mr. Orval Quilliams; Treasurer, Miss Marion Phelps. The next meeting will be held on Friday evening, January 19th at the home of Miss Ethel Spencer.

Mrs. William Martin is improving slowly.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Blake, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Martin and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Spencer were guests of Mrs. Lena



One of the organizers addressing the unemployed in Trafalgar Square, London, England.

Quilliams recently.

Mr. Ira Huxtable, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Knowlton, spent the week-end with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. Huxtable.

Word was received here on Saturday of the death of Mrs. S. Mayes (nee Belle McCutcheon), of Montreal. The bereaved family has the sympathy of the whole community.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Blake and Mr. and Mrs. John Spencer attended the Eastern Star Lodge in Waterloo on Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bell and family, of Foster, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Chamberlain on Sunday.

Miss Minnie Stowe returned on Wednesday after spending her holidays in South Bolton.

Mr. Will Dimick and Mr. Harry Sargent went to Montreal on Tuesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. S. Mayes.

Misses Ruby Mizener and Ethel Spencer and Messrs. George Mizener and Orval Quilliams were guests of Miss Mildred Martin on Monday night.

Mr. M. A. Martin and Mr. Dan Stone were in Waterloo on Monday. Mr. Keene Martin, of Moins Bank, Waterloo, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Martin.

Mrs. F. C. Ireland and family returned to Montreal last week, after spending the holidays here guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Savage.

EAST DUNHAM

Mrs. Lampan re-opened her school here on Monday, January 8th.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ladoux, Mrs. Kember and daughter, Mable, and Mr. and Mrs. St. Albans were New Year's guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilson.

Mr. Jas. Perkins and family and Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Spencer spent Wednesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. S. King at Farnam's Corner.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Dymond and family were guests of Mrs. Chamberlain at Abbott's Corner on Friday evening.

Recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Garrick were Mr. and Mrs. L. Royce, of Sutton; Mrs. Jas. Cook, Mr. Ernest Jason and Mr. Lawrence Cook, of North Pinnacle.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Westover entertained on New Year's Day Mr. and Mrs. Robinson and Mr. Herbert Robinson, of Farnam's Corner.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lampan spent New Year's Day with friends in Sutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Dymond were guests of Mr. Jas. Royce on Christmas Day.

Mrs. Mead Harvey, of Macdonald College, has been spending a few days here with her sister, Mrs. L. J. Spicer.

Messrs. F. H. Townsend and L. H. Westover, went to Sutton on Tuesday.

SWEETSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Vollen Hastings were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Milne.

Mr. Frank Trautau, of Farnham, was a guest at the home of Mr. Orville Hunt on Saturday.

Master Winslow Shufelt and Miss Olive Mount, of Iron Hill, the Misses Doris Sweet, of Guilman; and Katherine Smith, of Dunham, returned to their studies at Cowansville Academy on Tuesday.

The weather conditions on Monday afternoon no doubt prevented a large attendance at the meeting of the Hospital Auxiliary. However, a social hour was spent and some sewing is being prepared for the next meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay Armstrong, of Montreal, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Armstrong.

The annual meeting of the Parish Guild was very hospitably entertained by Mrs. R. D. Wells on Tuesday afternoon. There was a very large attendance of members and visitors, being about twenty-five in all. Election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mrs. J. E. Millar; Vice-President, Mrs. C. B. Jameson; Secretary, Mrs. W. P. Baker; Work Committee, Mrs. James Carlin, Mrs. C. E. Cady and Mrs. A. J. Leonard. Delicious refreshments were served by the hostess.

SUTTON JUNCTION

News reached here Wednesday evening of the death of Mr. W. R. Safford in Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal.

Mr. Earle Scott did not go to Australia as was reported some time ago.

Miss M. Scott was visiting at Mr. A. W. Westover's recently.

Business men are delighted to have snow enough to haul wood and logs.

Word has been received from Detroit that Earle Scott and Ronald Murray are near that city, working

GENERAL NOTES AND PERSONALS FROM SUTTON

Methodist Ladies Held Interesting Session—Meeting of Glad Game Class.

SUTTON, Jan. 12.—Mr. F. A. Olmstead, Sr., was elected Mayor of the village by acclamation, replacing Mr. E. B. Greeley. The retiring councillors were F. L. Jenne and Geo. G. Councillors elected by acclamation were G. A. Morrison, H. Larivie, H. G. Bates and J. W. Murphy.

Mrs. R. T. Macdonald went to Richmond, Vt., on Tuesday.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church held their monthly meeting on Wednesday afternoon. The business meeting was opened by the president, Mrs. S. Eastman. A fine supper was served at 6 o'clock. The following ladies were hostesses: Mrs. J. E. Call, Miss Mary Richardson, Mrs. E. Bates, Mrs. D. Bickford and Mrs. Wm. Bennett.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church met on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. L. L. Jenne with a very large attendance. The meeting was opened by the president, Mrs. Boyd. The Watch Tower report on China was given by Mrs. Eastman, Japan by Mrs. Chamberlain. Little Maida McCutcheon gave a recitation. Mrs. Pope a fine poem, and Mrs. S. W. Boyd sang a solo in her usual pleasing manner. It was decided to hold a special meeting in March to open the mite boxes. The next meeting will be held at Mrs. Eastman's. Mrs. Jenne served a delicious tea. Mrs. S. W. Boyd and Mrs. Geo. Webb presided at the tea table and were assisted in serving by Mrs. F. A. Jenne, Mrs. F. L. Jenne and Miss Mary Jenne. Miss Marjorie Smith furnished instrumental music during the tea hour.

Miss Glenna Griggs, who has been spending a few weeks at her home here, returned on Tuesday to McGill Conservatorium of Music, Montreal.

Miss Belle Thompson, of Montreal, was calling on Mrs. Mabel Flannery on Wednesday.

A very pleasant dance was held on Friday evening at Morrison's Hall. Mrs. L. A. Perkins will hold dances here every Friday night until Lent.

Methodist Society Met

The Glad Game Class of the Methodist Church met at the home of Miss Evelyn Harvey on the evening of January 5. The meeting was opened by the president Miss Mildred Greeley. A letter written by the secretary-treasurer, Evelyn Harvey, to the little Indian girl, Hannah Grant, in Kitamaat, B.C., whom the Glad Game Class are supporting, was read, also a letter regarding a Christmas box that was sent by the class to the Methodist Deaconess Home, Montreal. A letter of thanks for the box, received from the Home, was also read. "Blest Be the Tie that Binds" was sung for the closing hymn followed by benediction by Rev. S. W. Boyd, B.D. A piano duet by Miss Marion Martin and Miss Gertrude Hawley was given, which received two encores; next a reading by Miss Mildred Greeley, a vocal solo by Miss Geneva Harvey, reading by Miss Glenna Johnson, recitation by Miss Geneva Harvey, also a number of songs, after which dainty refreshments were served to about forty, this being the largest attended class meeting.

Year's evening, was held on January 3rd. Mr. Murray, who was over ninety years of age, had been in failing health for some time. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. P. Currie and was largely attended by his friends and neighbors.

Miss Lilla Frizzell, who has been ill with bronchial pneumonia, is again able to sit up.

Mr. and Mrs. Goldwin Lipsey, of Baltimore, have been spending the past week at Mr. Henry Lowry's.

Mr. G. P. Learmonth has been spending a few days this week at Maple Grove on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Guy, of Thetford Mines, spent their New Year's holidays with their parents here.

Mrs. W. Blodgett left on Saturday to resume her duties at teacher at Way's Mills.

There was no service in the Episcopal Church here on Sunday last owing to the illness of Rev. J. Rothera. All wish him a speedy recovery.

Mrs. I. Cox, of Lower Ireland, was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. B. Rothery, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. McGill, who have been taking care of Mr. R. Murray for the past three months, left on Friday to spend some time with their daughter, Mrs. McAulay, at Gould.

JERSEY MILLS

Among those home to spend the Christmas holidays were as follows: Miss Vera Ray, of Lake Megantic; Miss Muriel Cathcart, of Loretteville; Miss Marjorie Poyer, of Bury, Que.; Miss M. Ross, of Montreal; Miss Ada Stafford and little Stanley Rainey, Bishop's Crossing; and Mr. Edwin Poyer, of Quebec.

The Christmas tree and entertainment held at the school house here on Saturday, December 23rd, under the supervision of the Misses Maud Cathcart and Edwina Wilson, proved very successful.

Miss Ella Wilson, of Marlow, has returned home from Macdonald College.

Miss Myrtle Divine returned to her home in Quebec on Tuesday, after spending the holidays with Miss Muriel Cathcart.

Mr. Donald Ross has returned home from Savanne, Ont., and is spending a few weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Ross, of St. George.

Miss Eileen Ross left on Wednesday for Lemesurier, where she is engaged as teacher.

Mrs. Brown and daughter, Peterice,

in a Ford plant, and that Ronald has had the misfortune of losing four fingers on one hand.

Miss Doris Smith is home, having to close her school in Glen Sutton on account of sickness among the pupils.

Mrs. Norton is home from Dunham, where she was helping to nurse her brother, the late Mr. Sherman Sweet.

Miss Elma Martin returned from Montreal on Tuesday evening, where she had been the guest for several days of Miss Mary Safford.

Mr. G. Safford has been in Montreal for a few days.

The local sportsmen lined up Tuesday afternoon for their annual rabbit hunt.

The service in St. Aidan's Church will be at 2.30 every Sunday until further notice.

Mrs. J. J. Emerson is home from Montreal.

ST. ARMAND

Miss Addie Hastings of Bedford, was a week-end visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hastings.

Mrs. Hastings and Miss Hastings went to St. Albans on Saturday.

Mr. Joe Andette was in Montpelier on Sunday to attend the meeting of the O.R.T.

Messrs. Reg Futvoe, of St. Timothy, and Lawrence Futvoe, of St. Albans, spent the week-end in Montreal.

Miss Rose Vanclette, of Swanton, was a recent visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andette.

Mr. Alph. Ledoux unloaded another car of fuel on Monday.

Master Leo Andette, who has been spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Andette, left on Monday to resume his studies at St. Arsenne College.

At the installation of officers of Nelson Lodge No. 9, held in the Masonic hall at St. Armand Station on December 27th, the following officers were installed: Bro. D. L. Gittermore, W.M.; Wor. Bro. A. H. Merritt, I.P.M.; Wor. Bro. E. E. Luke, S.W.; Wor. Bro. H. W. Brown, J.W.; Rev. W. J. Bough, Chaplain; Bro. J. W. Sheltus, Secretary; Rt. Wor. Bro. H. C. Hastings, Treasurer; Bro. P. C. Luke, S.D.; Bro. J. J. Jackson, J.D.; Rt. Wor. Bro. J. H. Hill, D. of C.; Bro. F. Sager, S.S.; Bro. G. E. Starr, J.S.; Bro. G. Bradley, I.G.; Bro. P. B. Krana, Tylor.

MEGANTIC CO. HAPPENINGS

Budget of News from Various Sections of the County.

MAPLE GROVE

Mr. and Mrs. D. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. R. Burke and Miss Gladys Wright were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Cross on Saturday evening.

BLACK LAKE

There will be divine service in St. Peter's Church on Sunday next at 3 p.m.

THETFORD MINES

The annual vestry meeting of St. John's Church will be held in the Church Hall on Monday evening next, January 15th, at 8 p.m.

ST. SYLVESTER

The Convent School opened its doors on January 9th, after the Christmas and New Year's holidays. The district schools resumed their studies on Monday morning, after the Christmas recess.

Mr. Philip Dube has returned to Quebec to resume his studies, after spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dube.

Mr. Joseph Murphy spent Christmas and New Year's with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Luke Murphy.

Mr. O. Chabbot, of the Mill Road, whose house and contents were destroyed by fire on Christmas morning, has a new house which he purchased, and has it ready for occupancy this week.

KINNEAR'S MILLS

The first meeting of the Ladies' Aid for this year was held at the home of Mrs. Braken on Thursday last and was well attended.

The funeral of the late Robert Murray, who passed away on New

PURITY FLOUR

"More Bread and Better Bread" and Better Pastry too

USE IT IN ALL YOUR BAKING

CLARK'S SOUPS

Even if you don't use them regularly to save the trouble and fuel expense of making soup, always have a few tins on hand, so that the unexpected guest may be made really welcome. There are 13 varieties of delicious Clark's Soups to choose from.

Grocers everywhere sell Clark's Prepared Foods.

W. CLARK Limited, - MONTREAL

ESTABLISHMENTS AT MONTREAL, P.Q., ST. HENRI, P.Q. AND HARBOR, ONT. 6-12-22

Moir's Chocolates

PURITY AND QUALITY ASSURED

The World's Choicest Sweetmeats

In a box of Moir's Chocolates are gathered together the delicacies of many lands.

Cocoa beans from languorous palm plumed islands, nuts and fruits from the tropics, butter and cream from the land of Evangeline—all confectioned into dainty masterpieces of the candy maker's art—The Moir Way.

One trial will tell you what words must fail to describe—that Moir's have a distinction which makes them the ideal gift candy for wife, sweetheart or friend.

Chase & Sanborn's SEAL BRAND TEA

Sold in 1/2 lb. and 1 lb. cartons.

CHASE & SANBORN, Montreal.

of Quebec, spent the Christmas holidays at Mr. G. Poyer's.

Mr. J. Collins and little son, Leslie, of East Farnham, spent the Christmas holidays with his daughter, Mrs. Evan Cathcart.

Mr. O. Coleman spent a few days with friends here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Cathcart returned on Saturday, after spending a week with friends in Newport, Vt. left on Tuesday for Three Rivers, after sending New Year's with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Cathcart. Year's with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Clarihue spent Mrs. R. Laurison.

Scott's Emulsion

who are rundown in vitality and out of sorts, would but realize the strength-restoring power of rich, nourishing

they would not dream of doing without its health-building benefits. Rich in vitamins, Scott's has helped thousands achieve strength of body.

Velour Hats at \$3.95 at Conrad Larose's Liquidation Sale, 42 Wellington Street North, Phone 1510.

CITY BRIEFS

Food sale and tea, Sat. Jan. 20th, Tea Room, Methodist Church.

F. Daoud announces that he has opened a dry goods store McKee's Block, 22 King St. W. and offers big bargains.

25 per cent discount on all wool and wool lined gloves and mufflers at the J. Rosenbloom & Co. Store.

25 per cent discount on all winter overcoats at the J. Rosenbloom & Co. Store.

Every day in every way the Rosenbloom Store is better and better.

Big reduction on all Boy's Suits and coats at the J. Rosenbloom & Co. Store.

Cakes, sandwiches and coffee will be served at Rialto every Sat. night during intermission.

Dancing tomorrow night at Rialto.

Roy Kendall, L.R.A.M., Music Teacher, 156 London St. Phone 816M.

The Rosemary Gift Shop "Where Art Abounds" carry the largest and most complete stock of Books and Greeting Cards in the city.

Only two days more of the 20% discount in dresses at C. O. Saint Jean's Limited.

Those needing a new winter coat should see the coats on sale at C. O. Saint Jean's Limited.

All members of St. Peter's Church, twenty-one years of age and over, are cordially invited to be the guests of St. Peter's Guild at a Parish Supper to be held in the Church Hall on Monday, January 15th, at 6.30 p. m.

Next Tues. night at Rialto will be 1 1/2 mile (walking) contest. Winners first prize \$10, second prize \$5. Walking contest will start 8 p. m. to 9.30 p. m. Dancing 9.30 to 12.30. Adm. 55c. For enrollment call 254.

All Kimonos and Bath-robos on sale at a discount of 20% at C. O. Saint Jean's Limited.

LOCAL AUXILIARY PLANS SOCIAL EVENT.

The regular meeting of the Wales Home Auxiliary was held yesterday afternoon at the Y.W.C.A. with Mrs. W. S. Allen, first vice-president, in the chair. The usual reports were given and letters read from Miss Shaw and some of the inmates of the Home, these expressing thanks for the box of Christmas cheer, the contents of which were so much appreciated.

A big choice of Suits at \$10.00 at Conrad Larose's Liquidation Sale, 42 Wellington St., Phone 1510.

Sherbrooke Undertaking Parlors

(Opposite Art Hall)
MOTOR AMBULANCE
Meier and Horne Hearse.
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE
Lady assistant when required.
E. A. VOGEL, Manager.
Twenty-one years' experience.
PHONE 236.

Our Aim

Our aim is to make our goods so appetizing that you will become a steady customer. To attain this end we use only the best ingredients and employ skilled bakers. Our bakery is fully equipped and sanitary.

ALLATT

Bread Specialist
SHERBROOKE, QUE.

MAGAZINES and NEWSPAPERS

A full line of Overseas, American and Canadian Magazines, Weekly and Daily Papers for sale by

J. T. Lesperance
News Dealer
37 Wellington St. South

tents of which were so much appreciated.

It was decided that the Auxiliary should ask the Women's Institutes and other organizations for money donations to assist in the finances. The chief item of business was the planning of a social event to be held before the winter season. After some discussion it was decided to have a bridge and tea, and the date decided upon was January 23rd, and the place to be arranged for later.

Mrs. Parmelee was appointed general convenor; Mrs. Rowell to look after the refreshments; Mrs. Norcross the prizes, and several members to assist in various ways. Every one was willing to work toward the success of the social event, and the officers wish to have any one who desires a table phone Mrs. Parmelee.

OUT IN THE OPEN THIS FINE WEATHER.

The Laurentian Mountains constitute one of the finest winter playgrounds in Canada. There are splendid opportunities for all kinds of winter sports, such as snow-shoeing, skiing, tobogganing and skating, almost anywhere in that region. Several hotels and boarding houses will keep open throughout the winter at St. Jovite, Ste. Marguerite, Lac Masson, Mont Rolland, Ste. Adele, St. Faustin, Val Morin, Ste. Agathe, Lac Mercier, etc. These places are very easily and inexpensively accessible from Sherbrooke via Montreal through the excellent service of the Canadian Pacific, whose ticket agents will, on request, gladly furnish detailed information in regard to special facilities provided at each point for any kind of winter sports. Sherbrooke-office 91 Wellington St. No., Phone 130.

THRILLS GALORE IN "GLEN-GARRY" FILM.

Rescue of Heroine From Log-Jam on Upper Ottawa One of Many Big Scenes.

"The Man From Glengarry," Ralph Connor's immortal classic of the Canadian riverman's feud, which was filmed last summer in Ottawa and vicinity, will be the attraction at His Majesty's Theatre starting Sunday, Jan. 14th.

Some of the most thrilling scenes ever shown on the screen are contained in "The Man From Glengarry," notably the rescue of the heroine from among the tearing, swirling logs in the river just as she is about to be carried over the falls to certain death.

This scene which is only one of the many in this super production, has been pronounced by those who have seen both pictures, the equal, if not the superior of the famous ice floe scenes in "Way Down East."

The principal characters in this thrilling drama, are played by such well known artists as Warner Richmond as "Ranald," Anders Randolf, as "Big Macdonald," Harlan Knight, as "Rev. Dr. Murray," E. L. Fernandez, as "Lenoir," William Colvin, as "Col. Thorpe," Marion Swayne, as "Kate," and Pauline Garon, as "Maymie."

Miss Garon, by the way, since she played in "Glengarry School Days," which was made immediately following "The Man From Glengarry," has been engaged for a period of years by the Famous Players Lasky Corporation, and is to be starred in a number of feature productions, the first one of which is now being made in California.

Henry MacRae, who directed the "Man From Glengarry" is himself a Glengarry man and has to his credit a great number of successful productions and in the past, when supervising director at Universal City, has made more picture stars than any one man in the picture industry.

His Majesty's Theatre will undoubtedly be taxed to its capacity for this, the World's Premier of "The Man From Glengarry," the first truly all Canadian feature picture ever shown here.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS IN FRANCE LODGE.

On St. John's night the annual installation of officers was held in L.O.L. No. 2866 when Wm. Bro. James Samson, Past Co. Master, installed the following officers for 1923: W.M. Bro. T. C. Thompson; D.M. Bro. J. H. Wilson; Chap. Bro. J. Sawyer; Rec. Sec. Bro. F. H. Palmer; Fin. Sec. Bro. A. C. Sutor; Treas. Bro. Killen; D. of Cer. Bro. P. Dunmore; Lecturer, Bro. H. F.

City of Sherbrooke. PUBLIC NOTICE

Municipal Elections, 1923

Public Notice is hereby given that:

1.—Eugene Antoine Come Bourque Esq., gentleman, gardner, 214 Twelfth Avenue, East Sherbrooke, has been elected by acclamation, this morning, alderman to seat No. 1, East Ward.

2.—Armand C. Crepeau, Esq., civil engineer, 75 Gillespie Street, Sherbrooke, has been elected by acclamation, this morning, alderman to seat No. 1, South Ward.

3.—Harold E. Goodhue, Esq., lumber merchant, 109 Victoria Street, Sherbrooke, has been, this morning, elected by acclamation, alderman to seat No. 1, Centre Ward.

At Sherbrooke this ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three.

E. C. GATIER,
Returning Officer.

Thompson; Dep. Lecturer, Bro. J. C. Thompson; Inside Tyler, Bro. S.W. Foster; Outside Tyler, Bro. A. Head; Committeemen, Brothers T. A. Loughheed, A. G. Jones, J. H. Morgan, M. Killen, F. H. Leech, Acting Past Master, Bro. J. H. Shorten.

Sherbrooke Lodge, which was organized in March, 1922, has doubled its membership in last six months and is now one of the strongest Lodges in the Province of Quebec, outside of Montreal.

ORPHANS AND OLD PEOPLE WILL HAVE PARTY ON SUNDAY

The ladies in charge of the arrangements for the holiday event at the Sacred Heart Hospital have been very busy this week getting everything in readiness. The Sisters at the hospital are engaged in the culinary part of the festive programme, and the children are practicing their songs and dialogues, which are always an interesting part of the day's events.

A cordial invitation is extended to all interested friends to come to the hospital and join with the inmates and Sisters in making the day a bright and happy one for all. The hour is set at four o'clock in the afternoon, the "guests of honor" having their dinner about 4.30, after which there will be the Christmas tree and children's entertainment.

The lady collectors have received generous donations from the citizens, who have given on all occasions with good-will towards the treat to the inmates, now numbering some 355. The committee members are still open for further donations, and hope that all will be in by Saturday afternoon.

Those donating yesterday were the young ladies of Woodworth's Store, Misses Edna Dean, Olive Wheeler, A. Doyon, L. Brunelle, E. Hallett, A. Brunelle, A. Black, G. Price, N. Southgate, E. Sharp, A. Jacques, clothing and toys; Mrs. J. Landry, Mrs. D. Martin, Mr. A. E. Duberger, each \$1; E. D. Dubois, \$6 worth of tobacco.

NEW CAR MAKES IT APPEAR-ANCE.

Mayor Morris was given a ride round the city in the first Grey car which has just come to Sherbrooke. "You have certainly given the car a good test in this deep snow, it has lots of room and is a very easy riding car," he said, and added that its fine appearance, finish and power will no doubt commend itself to many who are looking for a lower priced car, yet one which will meet the general needs.

THE SHERBROOKE LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

A Liberal convention in view of the coming general Provincial elections will be held under the auspices of the Sherbrooke Liberal Association, Tuesday next, the 16th inst., at 8 o'clock p. m. at the Convention Hall of the new City Hall, Wellington Street North. The delegates for the city will be the same as the last local Provincial by-election. Those of the rural districts will be chosen, two for each polling division by the electors of their respective districts. Charles MacKenzie, Secretary.

NEW BOOKS ADDED TO THE LIBRARY

The following new books have been added to the Sherbrooke Library:

Five Nights at the Five Pines, by Avery Gaul; The Blue Circle, by Elizabeth Jordan; Certain People of Importance, by Kathleen Norris; Granite and Clay, by Sara W. Bassett; The Man Who Knew Too Much, by Gilbert Chesterton; Two Shall Be Born, by Marie Oemler; Judith of the Godless Valley, by Honore Willis; The Girl from Montana, by G. H. Lutz; Foursquare, by Grace S. Richmond; Olivia in India by O. Douglas.

Boys and girls' books: The Crimmon Sweater, Captain Chub, Crofton Chums, Harry's Island, Kingsford Quarter, Team-mates, Tom, Dick and Harriet, by Ralph H. Barbour; The Inca Emerald, The Blue Pearl, by Samuel Scoville; Radio Detectives in the Jungle, by Hyatt Verrill.

SERVICE HELD AT ST. AN-DREWS.

Last night the United Prayer Service was held in the Presbyterian Church with Rev. D. W. Terry presiding and Rev. B. B. Brown, President of the Ministerial Association, the speaker for the evening. The opening exercises were taken part by Mr. J. H. Bryce and Rev. D. W. Terry, after which the Chairman called on Mr. Brown to give the address of the evening, who took the key phrase in the Lord's Prayer, "Give us this Day our Daily Bread," as the basis of his remarks. The speaker made reference to the progressive stages in Christian life as emphasized in the previous meetings and pointed out that the demand today was for the consecration of all officials in the church for the extension of the Kingdom of God; these in turn to pray for the increase of workers for the extension of Christ's Kingdom. The speaker then emphasized the kingship of Christ. He has been proclaimed King and is King in very truth, although all over the kingdom there is revolt. Today Christ calls for the loyal in His Kingdom and depends on them by the manifestation of His Spirit to suppress all disloyalty and revolt. For this great work four great factors must ever be kept in mind, last it is only by prayer and dependence on God that results can come; secondly, there must be whole-hearted consecration



PETER MACSWINEY, brother of the late Lord Mayor of Cork, is visiting Canada.

LENNOXVILLE

Ascot Councillors Chosen

Mr. Andrew Malhotra was elected Mayor of Ascot on Wednesday, in place of Mr. E. A. Orr, who retired at the expiration of his term of office. The other three councillors, Messrs. R. Collins, William Loomis and James O'Connor, were returned by acclamation.

Women's Institute Activities

In connection with the three days' short course, which began Tuesday morning, for farmers and their sons, the Women's Institute has been holding a two days' short course in sewing for girls in the Institute room. This was patronized on Wednesday by a good number of girls of various ages. The room had been fitted up with long tables, around which the girls were grouped, forming an interesting sight as they worked with bright colored materials, making curtains, collar and cuffs, flowers, etc. Miss E. M. Roach and Miss McQuat, of Macdonald College, were present and superintending the work of the girls.

Lunch was served at noon in the lower hall to about one hundred people, the Lennoxville Institute catering, through the kindness of the Southern Canada Power Co., two electric plates for heating food being installed for the use of the Institute during the short course and the banquet with which it concluded.

On Tuesday evening Miss Babb, head of the School of Household Science of Macdonald College, gave an address on "The Efficient Kitchen." Charts were used, showing the poorly arranged kitchen and one where work could be easily done. Miss Philip, of Macdonald College, spoke on "The Value of a Household Science Education."

General Notes

Mr. and Mrs. Mooney, of Moose Jaw, Sask. were recent guests for a few days of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. W. Robbins and other friends, on their way to England. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Lowney intend making their home in Lennoxville.

Mrs. Herman Stevenson, of Cookshire, attended the short course in sewing, Wednesday.

Mrs. I. W. Browne, of Rock Forest, was in town on Wednesday.

The High School has reopened after the holidays.

Among the visitors in town in connection with the short course are Miss B. M. Philip, Miss J. Babb, Miss E. M. Roach, Miss G. McQuat, Prof. E. Barton, Prof. Summerby, Mr. C. E. Lampman, of Macdonald College; Mr. H. S. Arkell, Mr. A. E. McLaurin, Mr. T. C. McQuat, Ottawa; Mr. I. B. Martin, Toronto; Mr. E. S. Archibald and Mr. E. S. Hopkins, Ottawa.

Friends of Mr. Herring, Sr., will learn with regret that he is quite ill at present.

Mrs. H. McCulloch, of Toronto, is a guest of Dr. and Mrs. Feltus for some weeks.

Mrs. Hastine and child, of Black Lake are guests of Mrs. Hastine's mother, Mrs. Manes.

Mr. A. E. McLaurin, of Ottawa, has been in town in connection with the work of the short course.

Among those who were in town in connection with the Short Course held this week were: Miss B. M. Philip, Miss J. Babb, Miss E. M. Roach, Miss G. McQuat, Prof. E. Barton, Prof. Summerby, Mr. C. E. Lampman, of Macdonald College; Mr. H. S. Arkell, Mr. A. E. McLaurin, Mr. T. C. McQuat, Ottawa; Mr. I. B. Martin, Toronto; Mr. E. S. Archibald, of Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Mann have returned to Detroit after a visit to friends in town.

Mrs. I. W. Browne and Mrs. Short of Rock Forest, have been guests of Mrs. Veaz this week.

Mrs. Herman Stevenson of Cookshire, is in town attending the Short Course.

Miss Geraldine Seale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Seale, is in the Sherbrooke Hospital, and has undergone an operation for appendicitis.

to the Christ and to the task; third, there must be heart burning fervency and zeal that would defy all odds, carrying us all forward to success; then last, but not least, possibly all embracing, there must be self sacrifice. In closing his address the speaker made a strong appeal for consecration to the task of winning Sherbrooke and the people amongst whom we live, and with whom we have daily contact in business, social and church life, to the Kingdom of God. This was followed by a season of prayer entered into most enthusiastically by a number of those present. The service tonight will be in the Baptist Church with Rev. A. Bright presiding and Dr. G. Ellery Read as the speaker for the evening.

HOME HUMOR

Hub (standing before mirror)—"It is going, it is going, it is going."

Wife—Why, John, you're repeating the Coue formula. Do you believe in it?

Hub—It is certainly true when applied to my hair.

Young People's Corner

Uncle Jim's Letter

Dear Corner Children:—

What beautiful winter weather we are having! It makes Uncle Jim long for the big out-doors, the woods just now like fairyland, and the snowy country roads and fields. But like many others, there is work to be done, so Uncle Jim plods along, hoping that all the corner family are enjoying the winter sports while doing their work and attending to study. I think skiing is fine sport, but I have decided to be faithful to my old friends the snowshoes for this winter at least, and am glad to know that Ethel is with me. There are several out-door rinks in the city this winter, and I am sure many of the country boys and girls have them too. They are the best kind.

I have been wondering if Archie likes his cats better than his dogs; he put them first in his letter, anyway. It's a nice little group you have Archie; I hope they are all good friends. Ardah Dwyer, Lillian Foote, Laura Hawse, all of North Hatley have written this week. Ardah says she and her playmates have a pond to slide on, and that brother helps to keep it clear for sliding; Lillian and her sister get sleds for Christmas; Laura has joined the club. There are many of the little gold pins in North Hatley, and it is a good thing, for that town is a wonderful place for the birds. What do you think of this, one little girl writing about Christmas spelled the name of our old friend thus—"Santy Claws." I'm going to be good and not tell her name.

Yesterday I said I had some news. Well, it is this. Our Bird Club, so far as club pins are concerned, is drawing to a close. Last spring, we asked for a thousand members for the club, and I have now only about thirty more pins. The Record Company gave them to the corner folk to encourage them in the club ideals; every boy and girl who signed the pledge received a badge, unless something happened to the pins on the way. Now we have decided to close the club, which is one of the largest clubs of its kind I think. If any of the boys and girls wish to become members we will be very glad to add their names, and they can live up to their pledges even though they have no pin to show that they have joined the club. During the winter we will try to learn much about the birds, then we may branch out into something important—or wider—next year. I hope that every one who has signed the pledge will remember how much it means, and in being thoughtful toward animals as well. There is one thing more I want the boys and girls to do for me, for themselves and for their country. It is to learn more about the trees, one of Canada's grandest heritages.

What would you think of a tree club, with a pledge that would mean—to be a member one must plant a tree—or something to that effect? I wonder who will be the first one to write about it to your faithful

UNCLE JIM.

P. S.—I will send out pins to new members until they are all gone. Those writing this week will come first in line.

U.J.

Don't neglect to read the Classified Advertisements in this issue. They likely mean something you want.

LETTERS FROM THE CORNER FOLK.

Dear Uncle Jim:

My name is Archie, and for pots I have two cats and two dogs whose names are Prince, Clip, Dinty and Magog. I have just come back from the hospital and am not able to go to school yet. I feed the birds every day. I will close wishing the club success.

ARCHIE HOLYER,
Court Street, Sherbrooke.

Dear Uncle Jim:

I have not written to you for a long time, because I find the corner full of letters every day, but I hope you can use this one. Yes, Uncle Jim, I think the corner folk had all they wanted for Christmas, and I think some of us had a little too much. My brother and sister-in-law from Niagara Falls were with us and we had a jolly time. I have just finished reading my book I got for first prize in Sunday School. Skiing is quite new to us, here, but I am not going to lay aside my snowshoes, nor stop skating. I just love to skate and I got new skates for Christmas. I will close now, good-bye.

ETHEL POWERS,
Magog.

Dear Uncle Jim:

I am a little girl seven years old. I go to school and my sister and I have fun sliding. I am sending in my pledge and hope to receive a pin. My teacher's name is Miss Stubbs, and I like her very much. I have a little brother two years old and a sister ten years old. I had a good time at Christmas and we had two weeks' holidays. I like birds and will not harm them. I will close, wishing the club success. Your niece,

PEARL WARD,
Windsoy.

BABY.

The Story of the Tame Hummingbird that Came Back to Visit His Friends Two Succeeding Seasons.

Not more than two hours, however, had passed before Baby, attracted by the voices of the family, alighted on the piazza roof. One of the children put her hand out of the window to see if the humming-bird recognized her, and Baby ran his forked tongue all over her finger, begging for sugar and water. There could be no doubt but that the pet bird had returned. She took Baby in and fed him, and my friend happening upon me, invited me to call on

GIVE YOUR BATTERY

the care it deserves. It will show its appreciation next summer. Have it DRY STORED at

Wiggett's Battery Service Co.

Satisfaction Assured.

just out

4 new specials

75¢

The Midnight Alarm
A descriptive specialty portraying the startling change from a city wrapped in slumber, to the wild excitement of a mad gallop to a midnight fire alarm.

Jungle Parade
Descriptive fantasy with animal effects. Both numbers are played in spirit by the famous band.

The Wreck of the "Julie Plante"
Little Bateau
These two well-known recitations by Dr. Drummond are delightfully rendered by "Jimmy" Rice in "His Master's Voice" Record No. 21613

Lost (A Wonderful Girl)
Where the Bamboo Babies Grow
A roll of love for those played in vibrant style by the Great White Way Orchestra and the Virginia

The Kiss (Waltz)
Laughing Song
"His Master's Voice" Record No. 62576

His Master's Voice Victor Records

HIS MASTER'S VOICE LIMITED

SPECIAL VICTROLA AGENTS

For Sherbrooke and Eastern Townships.
COMPLETE STOCK OF VICTROLAS
Over 10,000 Victor Records

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

H. C. Wilson & Sons Ltd

37-41 Wellington St. North, Sherbrooke.

Sherbrooke Daily Record

Published daily, except Sundays, by the Sherbrooke Record Company, Ltd., 67 Wellington Street, North, Sherbrooke, Que.

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AN A. B. C. PAPER
The Record is a member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation, and its circulation is regularly audited and guaranteed.

SHERBROOKE GOING AHEAD.

The city's building report shows that Sherbrooke is forging ahead and making steady progress, even in dull times. During the year just closed one hundred and sixty new dwellings were constructed. A number of these were apartment buildings, and the report indicates that at least two hundred homes were added during the year to the residential capacity of the city.

In other lines of construction, the season was at least an average one.

As a result residential conditions in the city have been not only increased but improved. The extreme shortage of houses which prevailed for some years has to a great extent been overcome.

The outlook for the Eastern Townships metropolis is good.

EX-KING CONSTANTINE.

Ex-King Constantine, of Greece, is dead, no doubt as a result of disappointed ambition and of the tragedy which has been associated with the fortunes of his house for some years. The brother-in-law of the ex-Kaiser, his sympathy during the great war was with Germany. He, therefore, played a role, unfriendly to the Allied cause. Dethroned at the close of the war, he was recalled by the Greek people and led his people into the disastrous adventure in Asia Minor which has been followed by his second banishment.

Ex-King Charles, of Austria, preceded Constantine into the great beyond, another dethroned and disappointed monarch.

The czar of Russia succumbed to the assassin and the Sultan of Turkey is in exile.

The ex-Kaiser alone seems to thrive in banishment. A wedding and profit-making memoirs have served to remind the world of the former German Emperor.

The war wrought havoc among the ruling houses of Europe and the death of Constantine adds another chapter to the royal drama.

NO SYMPATHY FOR GERMANY.

If Germany looks for world sympathy in the present situation associated with French invasion she is likely to be disappointed.

"A cruel attack upon a defenceless people," is the way Wilhelm Kuno, German Chancellor, describes French action on the Rhine.

"Coming from the nation which eight years ago marched in arrogant cruelty over the bleeding body of little defenceless Belgium, leaving blood and ashes and anguish in its wake, it is but the whine of a beaten bully," remarks the Ottawa Journal.

"France, by her action in the Ruhr, may be wrong-headed, may be unnecessarily endangering the peace of Europe, but however much the world may regret what she is doing, let it not forget what might have been France's fate had the Prussian tyrant won.

"One but needs to go back to 1870, when France lay crushed and bleeding, and Prussia, with a pitilessness and a severity almost without parallel, made her pay to the last franc. Nor was it then a case of reparations, the exacting of payment from France for things which France had destroyed; it was purely a crushing indemnity, a tribute from vanquished to conqueror, a German attempt to crush France and enrich Germany by a policy of naked robbery.

"Memory of that act, coupled with the thought of what Germany did in the war, and an almost certain knowledge of what she might now be doing had she been victorious, ought to forbid sentimental nonsense about French tyranny over the 'defenceless people of Germany.'"

TODAY'S A HOLIDAY.

January 12, 1923.

Thai Pongol, Ceylon.

The people of Ceylon may fairly claim to have been labelled by the hymn-writer who sang, referring to their "Where every prospect pleases, and only man is vile."

For could have been taken, on a day such as this, to the ocean beaches laved by warm waters of Ceylon, he would have seen tens of thousands of natives and pilgrims from India doing their utmost to cleanse their bodies.

They swarm into the sea, families clinging together, some throwing offerings of rice and sweetmeats into the water, some rather nonchalantly hurrying through the bathing ritual, but all taking the ceremony in solemn fashion.

This is Thai Pongol in Ceylon, and at this time of year it has been engaged in for all the centuries of record. The swarming of great masses of humanity to a shrine or holy place is a characteristic of the involved religious schemes of India, and Ceylon naturally reflects the habits of the mainland. To the north at Benares and Allahabad, the ceremonial is more complex, but scarcely more picturesque, for in Ceylon on Thai Pongol literally everybody goes into the ocean, and it is an official and public holiday. The majority of native families also seize upon it as an opportunity of performing the family washing operations for a year, and the beaches are dotted with heaps of bright colored garments in various stages of lavation.

PARAGRAPHS

There is no particular virtue in loving an enemy if you allow yourself the privilege of licking him first.

Some girls are like that, and some have sensible mothers.

Impudence: The quality in a child that was cuteness three years ago.

Any man is an interested conversationalist when he is talking about his job.

Once in a while you meet a very good man who can talk about something other than his own goodness.

A man seldom enjoys bad company away from home unless he is in bad at home.

Well, why shouldn't the bride have lots of clothes? It will probably be a long time before she gets any more.

Government seems to be running in the hole all the time, also. How about a subsidy for it?

Correct this sentence: "I want it understood," said

the preacher, "that the poorest man in this church will receive just as much consideration as the richest."



When dad has finished condemning daughter's rouge, he turns back to the mirror and combs the hair over his bald spot.

A domestic science course will teach a girl to cook almost all the things a man doesn't care for.

Correct this sentence: "No," said the specialist; "I did you no good, and I can't accept your money."

The new-rich would enjoy their furniture much more if they could feel free to leave the price tag on.

As a general thing, the man who drives fastest hasn't anything of importance to do when he gets there.

If there wasn't a hell, man would invent one for the consolation of knowing that his enemies are going there.

You see, each nation must keep a large army or a large fleet in order to discourage militarism in other nations.

The force never appreciates an executive until he is out of town and somebody else has to entertain the loafers.

A hick town is a place where the neighbor brings over a hot loaf of bread when she has unusually good luck with it.

You can't be proud of all your ancestors. Adam was a bad sport who told on the woman when he got in a tight place.

Still, the man who doesn't go to church is more honest than the one who pretends to enjoy a dull sermon for his soul's sake.

Russian workman gets 33,750 rubles a week. So they are having those dollar-a-year men over there now.

Even in this day of myriad fitneys, there is just as much horse sense in the country. But the horses still have a monopoly of it.

A seventy-year-old life term in California won a fifty-yard dash. Speed means little to him, though. He isn't going any place.

Poison is quicker, of course, but she can give him fried food three times a day and avoid embarrassing publicity.

PRESS COMMENT

LEVEL CROSSINGS.

(London Advertiser.)

How we talk and rave about this level crossing menace, and yet how gloriously we allow it to flourish.

WHILST WE WHISTLE FOR COAL.

(Cincinnati Inquirer.)

What irks us at this season is to hear some cheerful idiot go by the house whistling, "Keep the Home Fires Burning."

BE CHEERFUL!

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review.)

It might be a good way to begin the new year by resolving to cultivate a cheerful spirit—"Every day, in every way, I'll be more cheerful and more gay." It may not work always, but, even so, it is better to work at it than to go on cherishing a grouse.

RECLAMATION DIFFICULT.

(Victoria Times.)

The prison is not the place for the weakling who falls a prey to deleterious drugs. That process merely adds the record of an inglorious jail term to the misfortune from which he or she has the right to be rescued. Thus is the task of reclamation doubly difficult.

THAT TRANQUIL POLICY.

(Winnipeg Tribune.)

Premier Bonar Law's policy seems to be rather one of trying to win the Germans to good-will by concessions and of readiness to take what they are willing to give, than of determination to secure what they can afford to pay. It is not to be wondered at, in the circumstances, that his policy meet with little favor in the eyes of France and Belgium.

TIME WILL TELL.

(Guelph Herald.)

Private monopoly is like Tammany, it never sleeps nor misses an opportunity, but the friends of public ownership can be depended upon in the final result to make Hydro-radicals triumphant. They have been diverted from their work for the present, but there will come another day when the forces of monopoly will be defeated signally.

THE BOTTOMLESS PURSE.

(Boston Transcript.)

Mayor Hylan demands \$50,000,000 more for a new subway. The Indians sold Manhattan to the Dutchmen for \$24, and judging by the amounts which their descendants have to pay to get the island fixed up for their uses, the Indians cheated those Dutchmen pretty badly.

ONE WISE MAN.

(Houston Post.)

We shall not join the pedestrians in an attempt to curb the autoists. When we hoof-itis were in the majority we told them what was coming. Now that we are in the minority it is our purpose to be tolerant and discreet.

NOW IS THE TIME.

(Vancouver Province.)

From all parts of Canada come hopeful reports respecting the state and prospects of business and industry. A good English authority has declared that the people of Canada are today better off than any others in the world. We do not need to go into such comparisons, but it is clear that the Canadian situation is improving, and that this country affords great opportunities for enterprising people. The Governments of this Dominion are fully authorized by the state of the country to persuade the strong and willing to come to Canada and go to work.

CHEESE TRADE IN DANGER.

(Toronto Globe.)

Canadian cheese once held command of the British market, but it had been displaced by cheese from New Zealand, and our leading authorities on agriculture who visited Britain during the past year insist upon new methods of grading and selling if Canada's dairy products are to regain their position in the Old Country.

New Zealand cheese is growing in favor there because of its slightly greater moisture content and other qualities. Between 1911 and 1921 exports of Canadian cheese to Britain declined from 181,893,724 pounds to 133,629,340 pounds, while in the same period New Zealand cheese increased from 40,187,488 pounds to 160,911,484 pounds. Exports of Canadian cheese declined by 48,264,384, but New Zealand exports increased by 111,723,996 pounds, and now exceed ours.

DRUMMOND CO. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY MET

New Buildings to Be Erected and Improvements Made to Fair Grounds—New Board of Directors.

L'AVENIR, Jan. 12.—The meeting of the directors of the Drummond County Agricultural Society for winding up the business of last year was held in the Town Hall of L'Avénir on January 8th.

On account of the building of wire fences the financial report shows a little deficit. The full expenses amounted to \$2,659.52 and the receipts to \$2,598.22, leaving \$61.30 partially covered by accounts due to the Society.

The sum of \$1,430.80 was paid in cash prizes and numerous special prizes consisting of cups, etc., were also awarded.

The directors paid a high tribute of gratitude to the generous donors of special prizes and it was moved by Mr. Allard, seconded by Mr. Geo. Mooney, that hearty thanks be tendered to the donors of special prizes to this society. This motion was carried unanimously and with cheers.

The election of a new board of directors for the ensuing year was then held. The board is composed as follows: Tel. Allard, Alf. Barnabe, Geo. Mooney, Albert Smith, Ed. Provencier, John G. Dowd, Jas. Gallagher, Newton Doyle, Al. Lebel, Phil. Marcotte, X. Charpentier, C. M. Wintle, Ernest Boisvert, Arthur Simmeau, Johnston Walsh, Theophile Houle, Oscar Gagneau, Jos. Lemaire and Jos. Leveille.

The society having secured through Mr. Hector LaFerte, M.P.P., a generous grant from the Government, will erect sheds for cattle and make some other improvements on its Fair Grounds.

The Seed Grain exhibition will be held on February 20th next, in Drummondville. Last year the seed grain fair was the strongest of the Province both in quantity and quality of exhibits.

ANNUAL VESTRY MEETING HELD AT S. DURHAM

Officers Elected for the Ensuing Year—School Report Is Announced.

SOUTH DURHAM, Jan. 12.—The annual vestry meeting was held in St. James' Church on January 9 at 10 a.m., with Rev. J. B. S. Dickson in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. The officers elected were:

Clergyman's warden, Mr. A. W. Johnston, re-elected; people's warden, Mr. Ernest Griffith, elected; secretary-treasurer, Mr. R. C. Griffith, re-elected; side-men, Messrs. George Johnston, Finley Nixon and Marvin Montgomery; cemetery wardens, George Johnston and A. W. Johnston; caretaker, Winston Duffy.

A vote of thanks was tendered the officers for their services and all who helped in the work of the church. The meeting closed with the benediction.

General Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dienne entertained a number of their friends from Sherbrooke and Richmond on January 6.

Mr. Robt. Montgomery has returned to Montreal, after spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Mervyn Montgomery.

Mr. and Mrs. James Proulx spent a day recently with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Davidson, in Bethel.

Miss Mildred Montgomery spent the week-end in Gore and Richmond.

All are sorry to hear that Chester Dowd is confined to the house through illness.

Mr. James Proulx returned to Montreal on Monday, after spending the holidays with his family here.

School Exam. Results.

The results of the Christmas examinations at the South Durham Model School in order of merit follow:

Grade VII.—Annie Bowring, Clayton Graham, Kenneth Mandigo.

Grade VIII.—Alice Elliott, Rachel Woodburn, Annie Duffy, Beatrice Bogie, Arthur Mandigo, Verna Lester, Kathleen Hyde.

Grade IX.—Marion Church, Calvin Mills, Beatrice Cole, Hilda Gunter, Marjorie Mitchell, Elva Gunter, Harold Reed, Eleanor Johnston ranked through absence from two examinations.

Grade X.—Marjorie Woodburn, Hazel Woodburn, Jean Bogie absent for examinations.

Grade VI.—Dorothy Woolfrey.

Grade V.—Doris Fee, Thelma Proulx, Velma Carson, Doris Hyde.

Grade IV.—Mildred Bowring, Alice Bogie, George Johnston, Kenneth Proulx, Gilbert Hyde absent for exams.

Grade III.—Marion Bogie promoted to grade IV., Kenneth Fee promoted to grade IV., Ruth Johnston, Velma Coote absent for three exams, promoted to grade IV., Ross Patrick absent for two exams.

Grade II.—McMortie Woolfrey, Donald MacDonald, Pearl Bowring, Delmer Fee absent for four exams.

Grade I.—Ellis Montgomery, Marjory Patrick, Muriel Patrick.

Grade I.—Marjorie Bogie, Hartley Graham absent, Gene Griffith absent, Vivian Montgomery absent. Paul Landry, progress in English very satisfactory.

TOWNSHIPS FARMER

CAN GROW FRUIT ON PRAIRIE FARMS

There is no doubt but that every successful farmer and every owner of a plot of good agricultural land in Western Canada can grow most of the fruit for his own table. Moreover, there can easily be considerable variety in his "home-grown" fruit diet. The important thing is to get a correct start. There are three chief essentials: (1) Well-drained, friable, moderately fertile soil; (2) a suitable wind-break; (3) selection of varieties adapted to the locality. Of course, there are other considerations, important ones, such as cultivation, pruning, application of fertilizers, cover crops, winter protection, etc., but these may easily be grasped after the fruit plantation has been set out, says Superintendent W. Leslie, of the Morden (Manitoba) Experimental Station.

CHICKENS HAVE IMPROVED THE GRAIN PRICES

Profit Assured on Home-Grown Feed—Winter Pointers Given.

The average cost of growing a pullet in 1913 was 58c, and in 1922 it was 62c, according to a comparative statement prepared by a Chicago agency. The cost of feeding a layer a year in 1913 was \$1.16, and in 1922 it was \$1.23. Ten dozen eggs and a 4-pound pullet in 1913 brought an income of \$3.43, and in 1922 brought an income of \$4.96. Thus the profit in 1913 was \$1.74, compared with \$3.11 in 1922.

Obviously farmers, in particular, cannot afford to sell grain for low prices when they can turn that grain into eggs and sell it for several times as much. Of course, there are feeds which the farmer must purchase, like bran, cornmeal, beef scraps, etc., but the grain produced on the farm may make up more than half the feeding ration. The opportunity is also good for those who have to buy their grain, for the low prices of the present keep the feeding cost down to the minimum.

Lessons From Holiday Trade.

The Dominion Poultry Division report for last week says: The holiday poultry deal this season on the traders' side has not been satisfactory. Those who purchased early in the Eastern Provinces were confronted with competition from the Prairie Provinces. It is estimated that upward of twenty cars (mostly turkeys) came to Montreal and Toronto. This naturally had a depressing effect on the market, and made it difficult to get out of the earlier purchases at a profit. Considerable stock was left in dealers' hands which will have to be placed in the freezers for future trade. Reports from various points in the Prairie Provinces state prices of poultry took a sharp drop just before the holidays. This experience should serve as a lesson to those who marketed their poultry too late to get the benefit of the best market.

Which Is Best Breed?

"Which is really the best breed of poultry?" is a question which every poultry specialist is frequently asked. On being asked this question, Professor Graham replied: "That depends on what you want. Some poultry keepers succeed best with Barred Rocks, while White Leghorns are undoubtedly the best for others to keep. And there are successful poultry keepers who could not make money with either of the above varieties—they have the knack with Wyandottes, Rhodes or Orpingtons. The 'best breed' depends largely on the preference of the individual poultryman."

But regardless of breed, the hens that lay the hatching eggs and the males that fertilize them must be of robust vigor with ample abdominal capacity for the reproductive and digestive organs. Give such a flock as foundation stock, the hens can be improved in quality of type and fecundity by selective line breeding year after year.

Culling in January.

Culling should be practiced at all seasons of the year. It is only by going over the flock every month or so that all the slackers therein can be weeded out. An effective way to cull this month is to give the hens an unusually full feed of corn some afternoon, and when they have gone to roost go out with a flashlight and make an examination of every bird. First feel the crop to ascertain whether or not it is well filled. If there are birds whose crops are empty or nearly so, regard them with suspicion and put them by themselves for further examination. Next feel the hind parts to discover the condition of the bird in respect to flesh. If they beg down the hen is too fat. Lastly take each hen from the roost and make an individual inspection. See if there is a good spread between the pelvic bones and if the bones are flexible. Measure the space with your hands between the pelvic bones and the keel bone; the greater the space the more closely the hen conforms to the egg type. There is more profit in marketing poor layers than in wintering them, and when such birds are culled out of a flock the future egg yield is not jeopardized by breeding from them.

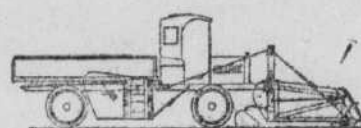
Don't neglect to read the Classified Advertisements in this issue. They likely name something you want.

RECENT INVENTIONS OF INTEREST TO EASTERN TOWNSHIPS FARMERS

(By C. J. Lynde, Macdonald College, Que.)

SNOW PLOW

The front plow here removes the snow beyond the wheels, the small middle plows clear paths for the wheels, and the wing plows widen



the swath. The whole equipment is applied to a truck or tractor or to any suitable motor vehicle.

(Lucius Edwin, Adams Munising, Mich.)

LAP ROBE

Spring clips attached to the bottom of the robe grip the front end of the floor mat, and three detachable clasps at the top engage the rod

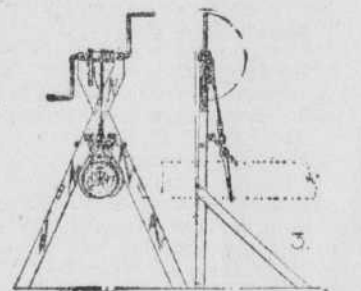


running along the back of the seat. In this way, the rug is kept snugly around the occupants out of the way of the driver.

(Fred Chumbley, Mokane, Missouri.)

SAW BUCK

The operator here lifts heavy logs into position by attaching the clamping hooks and winding the cable on the drum. He holds them in position

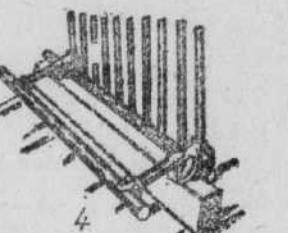


by means of the pawl on the ratchet wheel and the two spools on the frame. He thus avoids the labor of lifting heavy logs by hand.

(Martin Grau, Crockett, Texas.)

GUARD RAIL

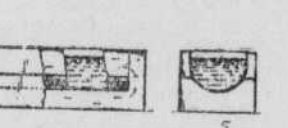
This device prevents the mother from crushing the young pigs. It is held in position by two lugs, but you can fold it against the wall by first



pulling the rail out far enough to release the lugs and then raising it until the lugs engage upper notches. (Louden Machinery Co., Fairfield, Iowa.)

WATER HEATER

The advantage claimed for this heater is that it makes efficient use of the fuel, because it carries the flame first under the tank and then

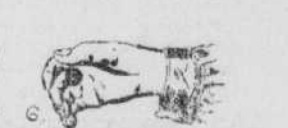


back along the sides to the chimney. It will burn straw or any other waste fuel.

(Herman Swiers, Bejou, Minn.)

THIMBLE

The womenfolk will be interested in this new thimble. It slips on the finger like a ring and is out of the way when the hand is used for other



purposes. It transfers the pressure from the tip of the finger to the base and thereby prevents the finger from becoming tired.

(Ruy Luse Claar, Chicago, Ill.)

USE GOOD STOCK IN GRAFTING OF FRUIT TREES

Hardy Species Needed to Ensure Success in Growth of Orchards in Colder Climate.

We have several times called attention to the necessity for, and the importance of, hardy stocks for orchard trees. A great deal of the winter killing of orchards may be attributed to the fact that although the varieties planted are hardy enough to withstand the climate, the stocks or roots upon which they are grafted or budded are too tender for commercial purposes, and therefore are easily killed during the severe winter. The following paragraphs, which are timely at this season, owing to the fact that nursery stock is now being ordered for next season's planting, are taken from the annual report of the Dominion Horticulturist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. It is to be hoped that the efforts of W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist, to secure the use of hardier stocks will be successful, and also that fruit growers planning to set out further acreages of fruit will give some attention to the matter of hardness of the stock upon which their trees are worked. The paragraphs follow.

Over a period of years a tree is no harder than the stock on which it is grafted. Although Wealthy apple trees are considered hardy, nevertheless when grafted on tender stocks they are often lost, due to frost injury. The result of the work of the Horticultural Division at Ottawa have demonstrated that, when hardy roots are used, root injury is comparatively rare. Imported stocks are liable to be grown from seed of varieties which are not sufficiently hardy for our northern climate and should not be used by northern propagators, if at all possible, to obtain stocks from hardier varieties. Seed from varieties of crablike Marthe, Transcendent, Hyslop and Quaker Beauty have given stocks which have withstood severe winters at Ottawa. Likewise seed from the hardiest Russian sorts has also proven of value, such varieties as Antonovka, Anisim and Titovka being used to advantage.

If all the new orchards to be planted in the districts where root injury frequently occurs can be put on hardy stocks, much of the loss of the past can be eliminated. This question is one of vital importance to all who contemplate planting in the near future, and growers can do much to hasten the day of appreciation of this point by demanding that their purchases be on roots grown from varieties known to be hardy.

Not only does this apply to apple trees previously referred to, but with even greater force to plums and pears. Frequently plums are worked on Myrobalan stock and sometimes on peach stocks. Neither of these is hardy enough for Eastern Ontario and Quebec, and should not be used. The native plum of Canada, Prunus nigra, or varieties of the American group, are

hardy and may be used with success as stocks for severe districts. Pears worked on quince or tender pear roots are not to be recommended

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

The Statement Presented at the 56th Annual Meeting Shows the Bank's Strong Position Well Maintained. The Addresses of the President and General Manager Indicate that Canada Is Making Progress, if Slowly, Toward Normal Conditions.

Sir Edmund Walker, the President, occupied the chair, and the Directors' Report for the year ending 30th November, 1922, was submitted, including the Profit and Loss Statement, as follows:

The balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account, brought forward from last year was \$1,946,745.40

The net profits for the year ending 30th November, after providing for all bad and doubtful debts, were 3,002,435.33

..... \$4,949,180.73

This has been appropriated as follows:

Dividends at twelve per cent. per annum and bonus or one per cent. \$1,950,000.00

Dominion and Provincial Government taxes and tax on banknote circulation 325,000.00

Written off Bank Premises 400,000.00

Transferred to Pension Fund 176,678.65

Balance carried forward 2,097,502.08

..... \$4,949,180.73

After the reading of the Report, the Chairman requested the General Manager to address the shareholders.

General Manager's Address

The year through which we have just passed has been a trying and strenuous one, and has been marked by a continuation of the decline in banking profits in evidence for some time past, which is due to a number of causes. Among these may be mentioned the general depression in business, the efforts of provincial governments and others to secure deposits at high rates of interest, and the strong competition for all banking business. Notwithstanding this decline we have been able after making full provision for all bad debts, to show net earnings of slightly over three million dollars—to be exact, \$3,002,435. This has enabled us to make the usual provision for dividends and pension fund, to write \$400,000 off Bank Premises Account, to provide \$325,000 for government taxes, and to add \$150,707 to Profit and Loss Account, the balance of which now stands at \$2,097,502.

Progress Towards Normal

The figures of the general statement which we submit to you today would indicate that Canada has made some further progress towards a return to normal conditions, which must take place before there can be any marked revival of business activity. The most important items composing our liabilities to the public, notes in circulation and deposits, again show decreases, although only slight as compared with the decrease during the previous year. Indeed, the decrease during the year in notes in circulation, \$751,000, is scarcely equal to the ordinary day-to-day fluctuations in this item, which often amount, in the case of this bank to as large a sum as \$1,500,000. Probably few business men realize that a bank, such as this, must stand ready day in and day out to redeem in gold and legal tenders from three-quarters of a million to a million and a half of its notes at any one of several financial centres, quite in the dark as to where the call will come from next day.

Withdrawal of U. S. Funds

The principal part of the decrease in our deposits has taken place in those not bearing interest, and this is perhaps only a natural outcome of the quiet condition of business during the past year. The temporary disappearance of the premium on United States funds played a large part in this decrease by causing the withdrawal of balances accumulated in this country by American firms and corporations doing business here, which had remained on deposit in the Canadian banks pending an improvement in the exchange situation. Doubtless, also, a considerable amount of banking business which would normally come to the Canadian banks has been diverted to the United States by reason of the heavy stamp taxes on cheques and promissory notes.

Increase of Gold

One of the interesting changes on the asset side of the statement is the increase in our holdings of gold, which are nearly five millions larger than a year ago. We have been enabled to bring this about by the improvement which has taken place in the foreign exchanges, and our deposit in the Central Gold Reserve now consists solely of gold coin. Indeed we hold more than sufficient gold to cover every dollar of our note circulation. Our total holdings of cash that is of coin and Dominion notes, have been well maintained, standing at 15.23 per cent. of our liabilities to the public. We also show some increase in our holdings of securities, principally in those issued by the various governments of Canada. The lessened demand for money for commercial purposes, and the high rate of interest obtainable on such excellent classes of securities, has enabled us to invest surplus funds at satisfactory rates in securities which are likely to show a decided appreciation in value as general conditions improve.

Support Commerce

We are still chiefly interested, however, in the ordinary commercial business of the country, our commercial loans in Canada alone totaling over 128 millions of dollars, the main measure of the support the bank gives to the commerce and industry of this country. It is not to be supposed that in a year such as that through which we have just passed we should escape without losses, and frankly, they have been disappointingly numerous but we have been able to make such full provision for all ascertained losses and doubtful assets that our overdue debts appear in the statement at a considerably lower figure than a year ago.

Assistance to Agriculture

While on this subject I should like to say that this Bank has always adopted a generous attitude towards the financial requirements of agriculture, and has sought at all times to assist the farmers to the very best of its ability. During periods of money stringency in recent years when it was necessary to adopt a policy of restricted lending, loans to responsible farmers have always been expressly excepted from any restriction, in fulfillment of our conviction that in the prosperity of agriculture lay the foundations of all prosperity in Canada. We are not blind to the fact that because of the extra time and care involved on the part of our managers and staff, the cost of lending to farmers is somewhat higher than the cost of other kinds of loans, but we feel it our duty to overlook these considerations as far as possible. It is not without some regret that we have found in recent years that the losses from loans of this character are far more numerous than those from any other class of business.

Government Competition

A development that may have some effect on the future of our deposit business has been the entry into the banking field of certain of the provincial governments as competitors for the savings deposits of the community. Apparently the fact that these governments are in the field, and the high rates of interest they are paying, added to the difficulties of securing deposits in Great Britain at the prevailing level of sterling exchange, have stirred the loan companies to more aggressive methods and to the offer in some cases of even higher rates than the government. The added competition of both governments and loan companies must result in using up the liquid working capital of the country and thus restricting the supply of funds for commercial business, and ultimately tend to an increase in rates of discount because of the added expense to which the banks are subjected in maintaining their deposits.

Unbalanced Conditions.

I prefaced my comment on the figures of the annual statement by the remark that they indicated that Canada had made some progress during the year towards a return to normal conditions. By normal conditions I do not mean the general level of prices that prevailed before the war, but that condition of comparative balance between the income derived from various occupations and industries that gives to each a fair share of the rewards of each day's effort. In this, this is still so woefully lacking, and the cause so much of the unrest all around us. Our national income has been reduced as a result of the war, not only by the amount of the heavy taxes which we have to pay, but in all the thousand and one ways which result from our post-war depression in business. As a result we are finding that the carrying out of the magnificent plans we had formed for the future before the war is beyond our means, and we are come to the point where we must decide whether to abandon them in part or to call for outside assistance in carrying them through.

It is said that if we are to secure outside assistance it must be in the form of selected immigration of men who will go on the land and help to bring our large areas of unsettled fertile lands under cultivation, thereby providing traffic for our railways and a home market for our manufactures. But of what avail will it be to place these new-comers on the land, if those already settled there are unable to make farming pay? Even for the dweller in our urban communities the cost of living is making life unduly difficult, and municipal and other taxes are mounting by leaps and bounds. The cost of our manufactures cannot indefinitely continue to be higher than the farmer and the majority of the consumers in the home market can afford to pay. Not even a revival in foreign trade, unlikely as this appears to be on a large scale in the near future, can avail to benefit us, if the cost of what we have to sell is higher than the other countries as well or better situated with regard to foreign markets than we are. Both capital and labor must co-operate in seeing that costs are reduced. This would seem only possible to bring about such an increase in efficiency and production as will lighten the present overhead charges, and this process must be carried to an extent that will enable the farmer to obtain his requirements at a price within his means, after he has sold his produce at prices fixed by the world markets. We should like to see our farmers, our manufacturers, all those who develop our great natural resources, able to dispose of their produce profitably at a price which the great body of world consumers can afford to pay. This in itself would spell prosperity of a deep and lasting character.

Government Expenditures.

As one means to this end our Governments must reduce their expenditures to the point at which the cost of government can be borne by the existing community without tending to discourage enterprise. Many of

the directions in which government activities have been extended during recent years must be curtailed radically, if not cut off entirely. Most of these activities are excellent in themselves and in the objects towards which they are directed, but are simply beyond the capacity of the present community to pay for. Already our taxes, Dominion, provincial and municipal, have doubled and tripled without any marked increase in the number of people who have to sustain the burden. The test of future expenditures ought to be "will they pay," and this question must be answered on the basis of present conditions and present population.

The Pound Sterling.

Sterling exchange has ruled during 1922, with decided improvement in the month of December, when sterling cables in the New York market rose from 451 to 469½. As was only natural after such a sharp rise, a moderate reaction has since taken place, but at the end of the year the market was holding quite steady around 465, as compared with a rate of 422 at the close of 1921. There has naturally been a good deal of conjecture regarding this movement, in view of the still unsettled condition of affairs in Europe and the substantial annual payments which Great Britain is now making, and will have to make for many years to come in connection with her indebtedness to the government of the United States. It seems safe to say, however, that the improvement of the pound sterling in terms of the dollar is largely a reflection, in the first place, of improved financial and trade conditions in Great Britain, and, in the second place, of confidence in the ultimate solution of Europe's difficulties, more especially of the questions of German reparations and inter-Ally debts.

The Canadian Dollar.

The value of the Canadian dollar in terms of the United States dollar has also improved materially during the year. At the beginning of 1921 the United States dollar stood in Canada at a premium of 18 per cent, which was gradually reduced to five per cent. at the close of that year, and 1922 has witnessed a further reduction, until at the end of September the premium was converted into a discount, or, in other words, Canadian dollars were quoted at a premium in New York. As there is a free gold market in the United States, this premium could not go above the gold point (i.e., the cost of shipping gold from New York to Montreal), which is in the neighborhood of 9-64 of 1 per cent. When the premium on the Canadian dollar reached that point, gold began to flow from the United States to Canada. At the close of the year Canadian funds were again at a discount in New York, amounting to 1½ per cent.

Our Borrowings.

This improvement in the value of the Canadian dollar is not due to any material extent to an improvement in Canada's international trade balance, although the year's substantial grain crop will tend to have this effect, but chiefly to the large borrowings by railways, municipalities and the liquidation of debts in Canada by the British Government. In last year's report attention was drawn to the fact that while these borrowings temporarily enhance the value of the Canadian dollar in the United States, they add to our yearly interest bill, which now reaches proportions that might well make us pause before we incur additional liabilities in this connection, especially for unproductive purposes. Whether or not the Canadian dollar remains as close to par with the United States dollar during 1923 as at the end of 1922, would seem to depend chiefly on whether these borrowings are continued on the same scale.

Revision of Bank Act.

A great deal has recently appeared in the press regarding the revision of the Bank Act, and some authorities advocate the establishment of a government institution on the lines of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia. In our opinion this would not best serve the agricultural, commercial or manufacturing interests of the country. Australia is a country entirely different from Canada, in that its manufacturing industries are only slightly developed. If any one will take the trouble to look at the balance sheet of the Commonwealth Bank, it will be seen that only a little more than 12 per cent. of its monies are invested in assistance to Australian commerce and agriculture. While it is, of course, highly important that a certain percentage of the resources of a bank should consist of gold and legal tenders and also of other high-class securities, there is a limit to which this should be carried, because it is not in the interest of any country that the resources of its banks should be invested in such a manner as to interfere with the main functions of a bank, namely the financing of the agricultural, commercial and manufacturing requirements of the country. In making these statements we have, of course, no intention of reflecting upon the policy of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, but desire merely to point out that conditions in Australia are entirely different from the conditions existing in the Dominion of Canada.

In True Interests of Country.

The percentage of liquid assets which Canadian banks should carry depends, of course, very much on the class of business which the bank transacts, and particularly in the proportion of its assets, which consist of agricultural, commercial and manufacturing accounts. In the case of this bank, we have in the past considered that about fifty per cent. of its total resources should be in the form of readily available assets, and

we regard this as a reasonably safe basis. The Bank Act will probably come up for revision within the next few months, and while a great deal has been said in its favor, there has also been some adverse criticism. Our own opinion is that the act, as has already been stated by prominent financial authorities, has in the past met very fairly the requirements of a country such as Canada, but we are sure that the bankers of Canada will favor any amendments which will be in the true interests of the country.

Cautious But Optimistic.

As to the future, it is dangerous at all times to predict, and particularly so now, in face of the general displacement of business and the unrest in Europe. We believe that until such time as the situation clears and a settlement is reached, particularly as between France and Germany, it is well for banks in this country to mark time. We are hopeful that the situation will clear in the long run. When it does, we are of the opinion that the sound position of the banks and of business generally in Canada will enable our people to take full advantage of the many opportunities open to them. We have untold wealth in our agriculture, our mining, our forests, our fishing, our lumbering, our manufacturing and our railways, and with a proper adjustment of costs and the adoption of a suitable colonization policy, we should have no fears as to what the future holds in store for the Dominion.

President's Address.

The President said: The war lasted four years and three months, and it is now almost precisely the same length of time since the Armistice. It would be folly to pretend that we are not both surprised and very much disappointed at the present condition of the world and especially of Europe. The momentum given to production by the loosening of the usual restraints in extending trade credits and the creation on a vast scale of both fiat and credit currency; and the absence of ordinary caution in the volume of commitments, whether in raw materials or manufactured goods, have brought their punishment in losses on a scale never known before. From these losses we are recovering throughout North America quite as fast, on the whole, as we could in reason expect. It is a pity that we could not have started on the uphill road of hard work and economy as soon as the war was over, but we have chosen to dance the jig, whether we like it or not. But if what is wrong industrially, financially and politically with Europe were also in a process of settlement we should be trudging along our new road warily but cheerfully.

Great Britain's Example.

Great Britain offers, both to Europe and America, an example of honest purpose, clear vision and real energy in conquering difficulties in order that she may as soon as possible recover her place as mistress of the world in international finance and trade, and we are sure that she will succeed. But here nearly all comfort regarding Europe ends. It is true that countless individuals have regained their normal condition and are little disturbed by merely national troubles, but the people which support the social bodies of which they for a part are weakening daily, and anarchy may replace social order in a night. We have established a league of nations, but it is not yet a real power, because that voice which added to that of Great Britain, would make the league effective to do its world-wide work is still silent.

A Vicious Circle.

We have held many conferences, but with no result so far as the main difficulties which stand in the way of settlement are concerned, except to demonstrate the unsuitableness of one scheme after another, or the unwillingness of either France or Germany to accept the proposals made. We are in a vicious circle in which the forces interact so that the main obstacles to a settlement increase daily. Racial hatreds intensified by financial troubles, and financial troubles are made worse by the resulting standing armies. The thus inevitable high cost of government is met by the printing presses, never so busy before in the world's history, and herein lies the main cause of unbalanced budgets and huge additions to national debts.

The Position of Germany.

The sword of Damocles hangs over Germany by a single hair. If the mark is stabilized, the world will come, and very soon now, the moment when it will buy nothing in the market place, and that will mean anarchy—the absence of the medium by which men can exchange their labor for the bread and meat which sustains life. It is not trouble in the bourses we have to fear, so much as trouble in the bakeries.

Allied Debts.

It is foolish to pretend that this vicious circle is the business of Europe alone and is due only to the idiosyncrasies of the various countries concerned. Back of all these complicated troubles are the Allied debts, those debts, which, if they are to be paid, mean literally the creating of so much in exportable money value over and above the ordinary cost of living, whereas a domestic debt merely means the transfer by a tax of so-called money from one citizen to another. It is also foolish not to recognize two things: first, that these debts can never by any possibility be paid as a whole unless the payments of the German reparations in their most extreme form (over 30 billion dollars) can be enforced; second, that if in this or in any other way the allied debts can be paid in full, the resulting sale of commodities to the outside world will completely ruin both the domestic and foreign manufacturers of Great Britain and the United States, and of course of many other countries. There are still those who seek to regard the matter as merely a case of debtor and creditor. It is, however, a situation far transcending any relation of creditor and debtor ever experienced in the world's history, and no settlement merely conceived on that basis will stand the test of time.

A Basis of Settlement.

Great Britain is apparently ready

for the great discussion, and it looks as if necessity were dogging the footsteps of the other great creditor, so that something will surely be proposed before long which will at least break the monotony of the past year. It is the gravest and most difficult problem of modern times, but there is a basis which would save the pride of some of the nations, and that is to admit that the war was fought for the salvation of the whole world, and, after endeavouring to apportion its money cost fairly and readjusting the reparation payments to be made by Germany, to make most liberal and also most grateful allowance in the financial settlement to those nations whose losses of their sons were in such terribly undue proportion to those of other nations. I make no apology for repeating at this time what has been said here before and much more effectively by others, notably by the Hon. Mr. McKenna recently in New York, and by Mr. Otto Kahn in Montreal. Unfortunately financial troubles are not the only menace of the moment to standing armies, with all that they mean in direct money cost, in the loss to industry of working power, and in the perpetuation of national hatreds, are inevitable so long as France and Germany have unsettled questions, so long as the Near East is still a disgraceful area of bloodshed and inhumanity, and the hearts of those who love her, by her instability and her attempts to stifle honest opinion by assassination.

A Remarkable Recovery.

In North America there has been a very remarkable recovery during the year, especially if we consider the scanty buying power of Europe and the low prices consequently obtained for farm and pastoral production, in which respect, however, there is now some improvement. Either late in 1920 or during 1921 the price of almost every great staple fell from a point above or near the normal to points, in many cases, so low as to result in losses such as have been unknown in commerce before. During 1922 the recovery has brought many of the basic materials back to or above normal, although pig-iron and copper are not among these. They have, however, also made a great recovery. In like manner manufactured goods have in many cases risen sharply in price. This is true of all textile silk cotton or woolen; the pulp and paper industry is again in a prosperous way; the sales of motor cars in some markets have exceeded all previous records; railroads are carrying great quantities of freight and are spending large sums for rolling stock and much-needed betterments and repairs; the book and station trade has returned to normal conditions. In the United States the prices of cattle, hogs, sheep, etc., have risen sharply, but in Canada we are suffering keenly in this regard from the Fordney tariff and the British embargo.

Europe's Buying Power.

It is possible that the vast population of the United States, living in a country which actually needs so little from the outside world and which is now one of the world's two largest creditors, could live in comparative comfort while Europe starved, but we in Canada could not, and no thoughtful American fails to see what the buying power of Europe means to his country. The possible result of a complete collapse in the power of Europe to provide the credit or the cash for its purchases may be judged from recent estimates, which seem to show that since the war ended the United States has enabled Europe, by new loans, by credits, or by the re-purchase of American and the purchase of foreign securities, to buy to the extent of a billion dollars yearly in addition to purchases paid for in actual money or in European goods. In 1921 as much as 600 million dollars worth of gold alone was received from Europe. It must be clear that Europe cannot much longer buy her supplies from North America on this basis, and we are therefore immensely concerned in the settlement of German reparations, the stabilizing of the German mark, and all that this means to France and the rest of Europe.

Canada's Field Crops.

The principal field crops of Canada for 1922 are estimated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at \$984,139,000, as compared with \$931,863,000 in 1921, and \$1,537,170,000 in 1919, our best year. The actual results for 1921 fell short of the estimate by about 15 million dollars. In view of our great wheat crop and the recent improvement in price the estimate is disappointing, and the decrease in the value of our field crops affects our national situation so seriously that it may not be amiss to draw attention to the very clear reasons for the decline at the moment in the purchasing and debt-paying powers of the farmers. The following table compares the estimated value of some of the principal crops of 1922 with those of 1921 and 1920:

	Increase over 1921.	Increase over 1920.	Decrease from 1920.
Wheat	90	..	83
Oats	51	..	19
Barley	5	..	6
Rye	6	..	27
Other grains	11	..	75
Potatoes	13	..	157
Hay, clover, etc.	76	..	23
Roots and fodder	9	..	..

As I have not given the totals in each case the percentage of the loss is not shown, but it is often as high as 25 per cent.; the value of the potato crop of 1922 was less than half that of 1920. It will be well also to consider the effect of all this upon the various provinces:

	1920.	1921.	1922.
Prince Edward Island	\$ 18,630,400	\$ 14,202,970	\$ 10,388,800
Nova Scotia	29,556,400	24,236,000	21,657,100
New Brunswick	46,357,300	38,325,400	31,657,100
Quebec	330,251,000	219,154,000	167,599,000
Ontario	376,746,000	239,627,400	233,556,000
Manitoba	133,989,900	72,135,500	104,830,000
Saskatchewan	271,213,000	215,635,000	299,158,000
Alberta	294,291,500	82,780,000	94,369,600
British Columbia	27,017,500	20,447,000	18,345,000

It may be urged that there is not much value in a comparison with a period when expansion and prices were at the highest point, but it is a fact that the purchasing or debt-paying power of the country was less, often enormously less, in 1922 than in 1920, in every province except Saskatchewan.

1922 and Pre-War Conditions.

If, however, we compare 1922 with pre-war conditions, we find that the money value of our field crops is still very large. Taking all farm crops together, the average during the five years from 1910 to 1914 inclusive was about \$450,000,000. We used to look forward to the possibility of a billion dollars as a magnificent return from our field crops, and the question as to whether it is so still depends of course on the cost of production. The war and prosperity have, in every branch of industry, upset this cost, but they have also upset our point of view as to the returns we may look for from our efforts. We have had to face a tremendous adjustment of values, of which farmers have certainly had to bear their share, and in consequence many have heavy debts to meet as a result of the losses of recent years, which can only be paid from the profits or the savings of the future. This may mean in some cases harder work, a narrower standard of comfort, and smaller holdings of land, but the Canada we are so proud of today was built in that manner.

Export Wheat.

We are rapidly becoming an important manufacturing country, but our prosperity still rises and falls in a reasonably close ratio to the success of our agricultural and pastoral efforts. The estimate of the entire wheat crop of Canada is in the neighborhood of 400 million bushels. In the latest world bulletin of the agriculture Canada ranks as the greatest wheat exporting country in the world. The wheat available for export in the United States is placed at 305 million bushels, while that in Canada is estimated at 312 millions. Later estimates made in the United States place their surplus for export at only 200 to 225 million. While our surplus for export has been estimated somewhat higher, it seems safe to place it at about 300 million bushels. At the moment the position of the world markets for wheat seems to justify better prices than expected at harvest time, and we must hope that the official estimate of money results for that grain will be exceeded.

Cattle At Inadequate Prices.

It is unfortunate that at a moment when the results in other branches of our field crops are so unsatisfactory, the results from cattle are equally so. From this season's operations we shall have shipped the largest quantity of wheat on record, but at an inadequate price. We have demonstrated that no country can grow better wheat or breed better cattle, but the cost of production and of transportation, upset by the war, still mars the result. In our markets, 1,055,000 cattle were handled in the first eleven months of last year, again 753,000 in 1921, and 946,000 in 1920. If we turn to the Winnipeg market we find a partial explanation of this. From January to June the deliveries there were 57,000 as against 49,000 in 1921, and from July to October 238,000 as against 38,000 in 1921. In the first half of the year Canada marketed only enough beef for her own use, and prices remained about the same as in the United States, but in the last half, owing to drought in northern Alberta and northern Saskatchewan, and to financial pressure in the case of many farmers, large numbers of cattle were marketed.

Winter Feeding.

The embargo by Great Britain being still in force, the value of these cattle was clearly determined by the price in the United States, less the duty. While at this low price the cattle were largely marketed in the United States, many were sold in Ontario to farmers who carry on more Western cattle have been marketed than ever before, but on the other hand there are probably more cattle being fed in Ontario than in any winter before. To an onlooker it seems a matter worthy of much consideration why the West does not carry on winter feeding to the same extent as does Ontario. Drought or money pressure may force sales in one part of the West, but why are cattle not winter fed more largely by those who have plenty of feed? There does not seem to be any material difference in the nature of the winter or in other surrounding circumstances.

The Effect of U. S. Tariff.

The inflated prices caused by the war have passed, and the violent swing in the other direction, made much worse for us by the United States tariff of June, 1921, with the amendment in September, 1922, has carried us down to very unprofitable conditions such as we have not seen in a generation, but we are in the business of breeding and feeding cattle for all time, and we are in many ways better situated than reference to the markets of Europe than our main competitor, the Argentine.

	Increase over 1921.	Increase over 1920.	Decrease from 1920.
Wheat	90	..	83
Oats	51	..	19
Barley	5	..	6
Rye	6	..	27
Other grains	11	..	75
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Hay, clover, etc.	76	..	23
Roots and fodder	9	..	..

gentine. The market in the United States, because of the same depression there, has been closed to us by tariff legislation which that country imposed in the belief that it would help its own stock-raisers. There are

at least two reasons for hoping that this legislation will be repealed. Of the million cattle or thereabouts marketed in Canada about one-fifth go ordinarily to the United States, in which country about twenty million head of their own cattle are marketed. Thus the tariff has been made to prevent one extra animal in every hundred from being marketed, and common sense should very soon show that this has not been of appreciable benefit to any stock-raiser in the United States. But the lowering of the net price we receive for any cattle sold in the United States by about thirty per cent. unfortunately affects the price of all the cattle marketed in Canada. The second reason for believing that the tariff will not remain long in force is the very plain evidence of its effect on the purchasing power of the Canadian farmer. We are well known to be one of the largest buyers from the United States among the nations of the world. We buy really with our products and largely because of our prosperity. It is within the clear right of the United States to establish any tariff such as that in question, but the absolute folly of it from any point of view will surely appeal to a nation which in the end applies a very practical view to its legislation.

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In The British Market.

When we turn to the British market the situation is too complicated to be dealt with at length. In the past our shipments to Great Britain have been mainly live cattle, and from 1891 to 1911 these shipments usually exceeded 100,000 head annually, and went as high as 164,000 head in 1906. During the existence of the Underwood tariff, which admitted cattle free to the United States, the trade passed almost entirely to that country, reaching a total of over two million head in the years 1915 to 1921 inclusive, and as many as 500,000 head in the only year, 1920. The war demand is over, the United States market is closed to us, the chilled-beef trade between South America and Great Britain has been highly developed, the production of beef in Great Britain is very large, and a strong preference exists for some killed beef, caused partly by the poor quality of some of the product shipped to England in war time. These are among the difficulties we have to face in building up again our trade with Great Britain.

A Measure of Relief.

The removal of the embargo will, of course, give some relief, but only in a limited measure. An outlet will be opened up for a class of cattle which, for thirty years, Canada has not shipped to England, that is, store cattle for finishing in Great Britain. But only the cream of our Canadian store cattle will be acceptable to the British feeder. In addition, it is not unlikely that limited shipments of fat cattle, such as have gone to Great Britain in the last two years, may continue and possibly somewhat increase. We shall probably find, however, that our main hope lies in convincing the British public that we can send them chilled beef in just as perfect condition for consumption as their own freshly killed beef, or at least in as perfect condition as Canadian beef killed there, but this will take time. We can produce cattle better than the Argentine can, and we are only one week, instead of three, away from the British market. The Argentine cattle raisers have gone far ahead of us in obtaining the best breeds of cattle, and we must do more than have ever yet done in this respect, but our partly grain-fed cattle produces better beef than theirs. What we cannot afford to do is to feed cattle which are not well bred, and we seem to have failed thus far to appreciate this wisely enough.

Our Mineral Wealth.

The revised figures of our mineral production for 1921 are \$174,315,000, as compared with the estimate of 170 millions. The estimate for 1922 is 180 millions.

Increase in Gold Production.

It is in gold mining, however, that we are making the most striking progress and attracting the most attention from the outside world. The increase in production for the year is about 31 per cent. compared with 1921, and the output of one of the most important mines is being enlarged and promises to be much greater in future. Ontario leads the other provinces as a producer of gold and indeed of metals as a whole, and she has now passed California in gold production. Our gold production is as yet only small in proportion to that of the Transvaal, but one mine alone contemplates an increase in production which would very largely affect this comparison. We have passed the period of low prices for metals, which reached a climax in 1921, as well as the worst point in the world-wide depression of general business, and while the markets for some minerals are as yet far from normal, we may on the whole look

prospectors.

Mineral Possibilities

In the remarkably thoughtful address of the late president of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (we are reminded that while we are a great factor in the world's food supply, this comes from the partial development of about fifteen per cent. of the area of Canada, while in the remaining eighty-five per cent., and to some extent, of course, in the fifteen, we have "mineral treasures of inconceivable value.") The selection of land for agricultural or pastoral purposes is one of the easiest tasks of the adventurer, the discovery of a real mine one of the hardest, apart from the few cases where men have found fortunes by sheer accident. Twenty or thirty years ago we had little experience or training in mining, and a good deal of what we have now arises from the success attained in mining in the United States. In South Africa, however, there are many miners, both those who hold executive positions because of scientific ability and those who have owned mines and are not afraid of such ventures, and we have reason to hope that some of the leaders among these men will become interested in our north country.

A Wonderful Heritage.

For three-quarters of a century our geologists and other Canadians of reasonable intelligence have known that we possess in the centre of Canada the largest area in the world of the oldest rocks and of the rocks immediately following these, all roughly classed as pre-Cambrian. These are most promising areas for the prospectors, but we also possess in the Maritime Provinces and eastern Quebec our share of the Appalachian mountains and in the far west our share of the vast Cordilleran areas. Of gold, silver, nickel, copper, asbestos and other metals we are already important producers. We have iron ores in plenty, but these are not so readily available as the ores mined in that comparatively small extension of our pre-Cambrian area into the United States, which is so wonderfully rich in iron and copper as to be famous throughout the world. What we have accomplished thus far in the three great mining areas has been largely the result of accident; we can hardly pretend there has been serious prospecting in many of the mining fields of Canada, except by a very small number of trained experts. The Cordilleran or Pacific mountains in Canada form an area about as large as the pre-Cambrian in the centre of Canada, and of this the late President of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, says: "Does anyone know of any sufficiently sound reason, even after allowing for certain known differences of glaciation and geological formation, for thinking that Canada's large share of this great area will prove to be less rich in minerals than that falling to Mexico or to the United States?"

Enemy Property.

A year ago we referred to a subject of international interest about which little is known, doubtless partly because of its complicated nature. We mentioned the establishment in accordance with the Versailles Treaty of a local clearing office in Canada for the settlement of debts due by or to the late enemy, and we indicated the many complications arising in that connection, and in connection with rights of property, and the success which had been attained by the labors of the Under Secretary of State thus far. The subject is at least as old as Magna Charta, and there is no doubt as to the clear intention of honorable European nations. In all references to it authorities on international law make it clear that our right to retain enemy property which falls within our control only exists so long as the enemy country fails to honor similar obligations or to restore our property. The creditor, either in the enemy country or our own, must be protected as nearly as possible as if no war had taken place. While in the preparation of the Versailles treaty these principles were undoubtedly not overlooked, certain exceptional conditions nevertheless appear.

Germany's Position.

It is with reference to these exceptions that difficulties are being encountered, out of which there may arise the very unfortunate conclusion that in the treaty departure has been made from principles which have been respected for centuries. In article 297 of the treaty and apparently because of "exceptional circumstances" taken by Germany, we are given power to retain and liquidate German property in accordance with our own laws, the German owner having no right to dispose of such property, or to subject it to any charge. We are also required by the treaty to account for the "net proceeds of sales of enemy property, rights or interests," and "in general all cash assets," not to the owner but, through our clearing office, to "the Power of which the owner is a national." Through the machinery of our clearing office we may use the money thus collected from Canadians owing money to Germans, or from the sale of German-owned property in Canada, to pay debts due by German individuals to Canadians, and if there is a balance due by us in the final adjustment it must be credited to Germany as a nation and, under Article 243, it is to be "reckoned as a credit to her on account of her reparations obligations." As against this, "Germany undertakes to compensate her nationals in respect of the sale or retention of their property, rights or interests in Allied or Associated States." If Germany could perform this obligation, perhaps no great harm would have arisen from this sequestration of the property of private individuals in contrast with the strict practice of centuries, but Germany cannot in her present position settle with her nationals so as to recoup them as fully as they would have been under the ordinary principles of international law. If they are not eventually so

recouped, a wrong will have been done by the treaty to which we have parties. On the one hand we have assets belonging to German individuals or nationals worth roughly about twenty-four million dollars, and on the other we have claims of Canadian creditors against German debtors and claims by Canadians for property dealt with "under war measures" by Germany, amounting to other items to about four million dollars. Just what we should do under these difficult circumstances the Government will have to consider, but we should, if possible, be sure that Germany will pay her nationals to their satisfaction before she gets credit for the corresponding sum on account of reparations.

Honor Among Nations.

We must not in this matter be influenced by anything but the facts, and by that honor among nations which has been displayed for centuries. It is true that the property and business interests of the Allies were sometimes very wrongfully dealt with in Germany, at least in the early years of the war, but it is also true that Germans ready and willing to settle debts directly with British creditors have been unable to do so because of the terms of the Treaty. Every merchant seeking to do business in foreign countries, and every banker considerate of the credit of his country, should remember that international trade and finance are built on good faith, and that we must avoid the possibility of these unfortunate exceptions in the Treaty causing injustice and thus involving Canada in discredit.

Immigration.

Having regard to our national debt and to our national position generally, no question is more important than that of immigration, and perhaps no national question, presents so many phases for consideration. The number of immigrants entering Canada in our last fiscal year fell, doubtless mainly because of our severe regulations, to 90,000, as compared with 148,000 in 1921, and 402,000 in 1913. The total decrease is 39 per cent., but the decrease in those coming from Great Britain is 47 per cent., and from the United States 39 per cent., while in those from other countries it is only 17 per cent. Of those who sought admission, 18,500, mainly from the United States, were rejected under our immigration inspection, a larger percentage than heretofore. In the classification of occupations about 20,000 are entered as farmers or farm laborers, with 6,000 women and about the same number of children. The analysis of nationality, etc., on pages 16 and 17 of the government report on immigration and colonization, is very interesting to all students of race problems. The war completely upset the movement of emigration to Canada, both from Great Britain and the rest of Europe and from the United States, and because of labor conditions here we have made little effort to return to pre-war conditions of immigration, limiting our efforts to those who intended to take up farming or to enter domestic service, and dropping for the time being all effort to secure immigrants from northern Europe even for those purposes.

To Recast Our Policy.

While we have been doing so little to induce emigration to Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa have filled London with enticing statements as to the merits of these dominions, and we certainly have to overcome the apparent difference of recent years. Clearly, however, we need to recast our opinions as to what our immigration policy should be. There are those in our western provinces who think that settlement upon the land has gone too far for the moment, and by comparing the much larger acreage for the present with that of 1915 and endeavouring to show that the world's requirements for wheat may thus be exceeded. Both agricultural and pastoral pursuits are having a bad time at present, but whatever may be the fate of the farmer who, on a large scale, risks his fortune in only one or two forms of agricultural and pastoral production, the farm of moderate size, and varied products will in the west, as in Ontario, be the basis of the new-comer's prosperity.

Ensure Selection.

In any event we require a policy of land settlement both for new-comers and for our own farmers' sons, or a wider application of satisfactory systems of land settlement as we have already tried, in order that we may secure as many as possible of that, always too small, class who wish to have the chance to make a living on the land. We should seek for them in Great Britain, the United States, and in northern Europe, never forgetting that this problem as a whole is one of service, first to Canada and second to the immigrant. We must provide machinery that will ensure the selection of suitable settlers; guidance and help on their journey; the new country; guidance and help in selecting land, stock, implements, etc.; guidance and oversight during the time of trial until success is assured. Fortunately we are not without experience in such complicated and difficult work. Those who have charge of the Soldiers' Settlement Board have in four years placed over 28,000 settlers on the land, of whom 6,000 did not receive financial aid. The Board has a very wide knowledge of Canada, having inspected over 50,000 farms, and with this accumulated experience and the large trained staff already in existence, it is not hard to see how a great measure of success can readily be assured. This does not mean that other efforts are the less necessary. We need every agency that will do Canada service in this great work, perhaps the most urgent and important of the many tasks laid upon our government at this moment in our history.

A Problem.

When we consider the subject of

general immigration the course is not so clear, while the necessity for publicity and for offering inducements scarcely exists. When the United States offered to every white man the chance to become a citizen, to vote as such, and the assurance of work and wages, the immigration came at first largely from northern Europe. Unskilled labor was badly needed to build railroads and other public works, and land was too easily obtained by anyone who wished to be a farmer. Canada adopted much the same policy. The number of immigrants from the north lessened after a time and they came more and more from the south of Europe. Eventually this raised doubts as to the result of such a blending of races upon the nation's future, and, urged doubtless by labor and unemployment, restrictions have been imposed in both countries. Both countries would doubtless like to make a new start, and we must hope that the present inspection and rejection of undesirable will remain, but apart from this, present labor conditions in the United States seem to demand that the bars shall be let down again before long. The industries of North America are based upon a steady supply of unskilled labor, while its educational system is based upon a reverse theory of society, so that apparently unskilled labor, unless supplied by the negro, must be sought abroad. The lack of this unskilled labor in the factory, and for large out-door construction, railway and other work, is the main cause of the high cost of labor on the farms, the laborer who seeks the highest pay being drawn by this scarcity away from the small towns and the country.

Best Medium of Exchange.

The time has come once more for the renewal of the Bank Act, this decennial revision of the Act, peculiar to Canada, is largely due to the desire of the bankers themselves that such an arrangement, accidental at first, should become a principle, and afford every body an opportunity to criticize and propose changes in order to make the Act as perfect an instrument of service to the people as possible. There is on this occasion no lack of criticism and suggestion, but unfortunately little that has not been heard and dealt with before. We have the best medium of exchange in the world—the Canadian bank-note and the bank cheque with the clearing-house—and an evidence of the usefulness and perfection of our form of currency is that it became the model for the Federal Reserve currency in the United States. And yet there are Canadians who would destroy this system in exchange for fiat money, the folly of which has been known to students in the western world for at least two centuries, and which at this moment stands as the main difficulty in re-arranging the finances of Europe.

The Branch Banks.

We also hear once more arguments in favor of numerous small banks, instead of branch banks, by people who can hardly know that this subject has been under discussion since 1790, when Alexander Hamilton first demonstrated the value of a bank as an arm of the state, fit not only to serve the individual but the state itself, the largest national business ventures, and the smallest needs of the people. These wants, large and small, if not better served by the Canadian banks than by any other system, and it will certainly be found that no other system can be proposed that will more effectively take its place. But it must be remembered that we are by our Bank Act commercial and not land banks, and that the principles according to which commercial banking can be safely carried on are not subject to change simply because a community finds that it has hurt its credit by going too much into debt. This is not the time or place in which to discuss the Act in detail. When that discussion does take place it will be found that the bankers seek, now as in all recent revisions, the best Act in the interests of Canada, and that they have no measures to propose for their own peculiar benefit.

TELEPHONE CO. HELD MEETING AT INVERNESS

Regular Meeting of Magnetic People's Telephone Company Held—General Notes.

INVERNESS, Jan. 12.—The regular meeting of the Magnetic People's Telephone Company was held in the Deanery House on Thursday, January 12. The president, Mr. John Parker, occupied the chair. The following directors were present: John MacCammon, L. J. Frechette, Geo. F. Money, Jas. A. Devaney, A. J. Smyth, E. R. McCrea, Charles Fraser, J. A. Robarge, John McKenzie, The remaining directors, Messrs. Wm. Dinning, Maple Grove, and J. A. Savore, Plessisville, were unavoidably absent.

Various items of business were discussed and disposed of. A motion was passed to the effect that the centrals keep open on Sundays as follows: 12 to 1 noon and 5 to 8 p.m. The meeting was very satisfactory, reviewing the work of the past few months.

General Notes.

The officers of Caledonia Rebekah Lodge, No. 41, will be installed on Thursday evening of this week. The officers of Inverness Lodge, No. 51, will be installed Saturday evening of their district deputy and suite, of Theford Mines.

Miss Gladys Walker spent the week-end with Miss Jean McKenzie and her cousin, Mrs. John Wotton.

Don't neglect to read the Classified Advertisements in this issue.

MARRIAGES

MORRIS—HUNT.

The marriage took place at the bride's residence, 62 Melbourne Street, of Miss Nita Hunt, daughter of Mr. William J. Hunt, to Mr. Richard Fairlie Morris, of this city. The Rev. Dr. G. Ellery Read performed the ceremony.

ROBINSON—DAVIS

The home of Mr. Fred Davis, 10 Wolfe Street, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday afternoon, January 10, at 3 p.m., when his granddaughter, Edith Marion Davis, was united in marriage to Charles R. Robinson, of this city. The ceremony, which was witnessed by the immediate relatives, was performed by the Rev. D. W. Terry.

The bride, who wore a handsome travelling gown and carried a showy bouquet of pink roses, was given away by her grandfather.

After the congratulations were over a dainty lunch was served. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson left on the afternoon train for an extended trip to Quebec, Montreal and other points.

BYRNE—COX

The marriage of Miss Marion Eunice Cox, B.A., elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Cox, of Lennoxville, to Mr. Percy Elliott Byrne, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Byrne, also of Lennoxville, was quietly solemnized at St. Peter's Church, Sherbrooke, on Tuesday afternoon, January 9, at 2 o'clock, the Rev. H. R. Bigg officiating.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a navy blue tulle dress with bead trimmings, and black feather hat. She was attended by her sister, Miss Bertha Cox, as bridesmaid, while Mr. Herbert Standish acted as best man.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Byrne left for Montreal, the bride wearing a seal coat trimmed with sable, the gift of the groom, in return they will reside in Lennoxville.

ELECTIONS HELD YESTERDAY

(Continued from page 1.) hamel, Samuel Ewing, and Ernest Maurice.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER.

(Special to The Record.) ST. FRANCIS XAVIER, Jan. 12.—Nomination day at St. Francis Xavier was very quiet and F. Charland was elected mayor by acclamation, while Messrs. L. E. Wheeler, Jos. Chayer and Jos. Perron were all re-elected as councillors.

GOULD RETURNS

(Special to The Record.) GOULD, Que., January 12.—There will be no municipal contests in Gould this year as a result of the nominations on Wednesday. Mayor R. L. Melver was re-elected by acclamation, while Councillors J. D. McKitchie and J. J. Mackay were also re-elected without opposition. Mr. A. J. Morrison was elected to a seat on the council to replace Councillor J. McDougall, who retired.

STANBRIDGE EAST RESULTS

(Special to The Record.) STANBRIDGE EAST, January 12.—Mayor H. G. Phelps was re-elected and retiring councillors John Montagne and F. J. Laraway were re-elected. Mr. Charles M. Blinn resigned and Mr. A. H. Belman was elected by acclamation to take his place.

NO CONTEST AT WARDEN

(Special to The Record.) WARDEN, Que., January 12.—The election of councillors on Wednesday resulted in the return by acclamation of Mr. S. G. Bowler as mayor, and retiring councillors Messrs. G. H. Fremont and A. S. Kendall, Mr. C. Delorme being replaced by Mr. Felix Delorme.

TOWNSHIP OF POTTON

(Special to The Record.) MANSONVILLE, Jan. 12.—Mayor A. B. Bailey was re-elected in the contest in the Township of Potton yesterday over Mr. D. E. Warner, who opposed him at the polls. In the contest for the three vacant council seats Mr. George Traver was re-elected, and Messrs. Calvin Litchfield and Joseph Abovage elected. The defeated candidates were Messrs. W. C. McCoy and Joseph Gaudin.

RESULTS AT EATON.

(Special to The Record.) EATON, Jan. 12.—Considerable interest was taken in the election contest yesterday in the Municipality of Eaton. Mayor Hill was re-elected by acclamation, but there was a contest for the vacant council seats. The following councillors were elected: E. Nadeau, who polled 100 votes; A. Desrosiers 97 votes, and L. E. Meunier 94 votes. The defeated candidate, H. French, polled 88 votes.

ELECTION AT EAST CLIFTON.

(Special to The Record.) EAST CLIFTON, Jan. 12.—Elections were held yesterday in the Village of East Clifton. Mr. G. S. Hunt was elected Mayor by acclamation, while there were five candidates for the three vacant seats on the council. The results were as follows: the first three named being elected: E. Beland 97 votes, J. Fontaine 61 votes, D. Routier 59 votes, E. Nadeau 4 votes and Joseph Vier 7 votes.

ST. CAMILLE, WOLFE.

(Special to The Record.) ST. CAMILLE, Jan. 12.—There was no contest this year, for the election of the councillors of the Municipality of St. Camille. Messrs. Onila Geoffroy, George Bergeron, Vital Geoffroy, retiring councillors, were re-elected by acclamation.

Mr. J. H. Crepeau, Mayor of this Corporation since 1892, has been re-elected for the thirty-first consecutive year.

WOMEN'S REALM

(By Sylvie West)

THE GIRLS' PHYSICAL CLASSES

A visitor to the Y. M. C. A. on a Wednesday afternoon and evening found interesting classes in progress; the juniors taking their exercises before six o'clock, and the seniors between seven-thirty and nine o'clock. Miss Hyndman instructs the smaller girls of the classes organized by the Y. W. C. A. in the Assembly Hall on Monday afternoon, the girls between ten and fourteen years at the Gym, and Miss Lunn takes the senior class in the evening. The swimming pool is also at the disposal of the girls, some of whom show good training and progress. Many cannot take up the swimming lessons in the winter on account of distance from home, being subject to colds, etc., but those who can take the lessons revel in the healthful recreation.

The little girls made a pretty picture going through their drills and folk-dancing, and it is very interesting to watch the dumbbell, Indian club, and wand drills; the mat work, and the more hilarious basketball romping. While looking on at one of these classes the truth is borne home very plainly that in this city there should have the opportunity these groups—numbering in all about seventy-five—are having; that of the girls, many of them of 'teen age, should each and all be given some chance to develop lax muscles in more ways than dancing and walking down-street to the "Movies". Yet with the exception of the few hours devoted to such recreational work at the High School, there is absolutely nothing in this city in the line of a girls' physical training indoors.

The officers of the Y. W. C. A. are to be commended for their courage in sponsoring the winter gym classes, which means much work and little recompense so far as finances are concerned. The have, however, watched the classes progress, and have been able to judge the amount of good resulting, and Sherbrooke may be glad to know that out of the five thousand girls, there are at least seventy-five enjoying one-day-a-week classes during the winter.

If these classes were increased to one hundred or more, the work would be that much more interesting and advantageous, and might mean a little surplus for the Y. W. C. A. which has made the classes possible.

Optimism may not be as prevalent as it should be, but a proof that it exists in the younger generation is given by the young daughter of a well-known "lady-politician." When asked if she had passed her examination in arithmetic, she answered cheerfully, "No I didn't pass, but I was the highest of those who failed."

Nearly every one has come in touch with the real spirit of school-teaching such as is set forth in the splendid article recently written by one who has had, and still has the happy knack of "giving yourself to your profession." Many have, at some time, come in touch with those who have not that spirit, the following instance being given as an example. A young teacher, substituting, who took charge of a primary class for two weeks crocheted most of the time, and proudly proclaimed at the end of her two weeks' service that she had made "a lovely crocheted yoke" during that time. It was an inevitable result that the regular teacher of the class spent more than two weeks in getting her little pupils back into line after the crocheting period. We are glad to know that the "fancy-work teachers" are very much in the minority.

22.50

22.50

Twenty-Two Fifty

Owing to the large response of the public to our First Annual January Sale, we have bought some brand new merchandise that we are offering at the ridiculously low price of

Twenty-Two Fifty

The lot includes

Dresses Made of the Following Materials

CANTON CREPE POIRET TWILL SILK VELVET
TAFFETA TRICOTINE SATIN

And Many Other Popular Materials.

We are offering some Beautiful Fur Trimmed Coats at the same price

REMEMBER THE PRICE:

Twenty-Two Fifty

Shop Early.

Sommer's

88 Wellington St. North
SHERBROOKE

22.50

Shop Early

22.50

RECORD'S CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

CASH RATE—25 words or less, 35c each insertion; one cent each additional word. Six insertions for the price of five if run daily.

CHARGE RATE—2c per word for each insertion; minimum charge 50c each insertion.

MALE HELP WANTED.

MAKE MONEY AT HOME—\$15 to \$50 paid weekly for your spare time writing show cards for us. No canvassing. We instruct and supply you with work. West-Angus Showcard Service, 25 Colborne Bldg., Toronto.

LONG ESTABLISHED SHERBROOKE firm requires two salesmen for work in Sherbrooke and surrounding country. Young men speaking French and English. Apply Box 100, Record Office.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MAID WANTED FOR JANUARY 10TH. Apply or phone Mrs. Frank Baker, Lennoxville, Phone 171.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—WANT AT once a working housekeeper for a family of two adults. Apply, stating references to P. O. Box 585, St. John, Que.

GENERAL MAID WANTED IMMEDIATELY. Apply Mrs. John Hovey, 123 Lennox St.

CAPABLE GENERAL SERVANT WANTED. Second maid kept. Good wages. Apply Mrs. F. W. Dakin, Portland Ave. Phone 646.

PROBATIONERS WANTED TO TRAIN in small general hospital; course two years. Apply General Hospital, Sherbrooke, Que.

COOK GENERAL WITH SOME EXPERIENCE wanted. Wages, \$35 per month. Apply Box 17, Record Office.

MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted. Must be able to do plain cooking. Good wages. Apply Mrs. W. E. Paton, 66 Moore Street.

A RELIABLE WOMAN WANTED to take care of healthy baby boy, age 14 months, at her home for several weeks. Phone 1148.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PITMAN'S SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, Bookkeeping, Commercial Correspondence, Complete Business Training. Private individual lessons. Prospectus on application. Frank Dudley, Cert. P.S., 18 Stanley Ave. Tel. 1497-J.

IF YOU CAN LOOK ME IN THE EYES and prove me that you are truthful, loyal and honest, I will give you the opportunity to better yourself in all ways. Apply Room 11, Oliver Bldg.

WANTED—A HOUSE FROM FEB. 1ST, five rooms and bath, for young married couple; no children. Phone 94, Budning's Drug Store, 45 Wellington St.

NOW IS THE TIME TO LIST YOUR property, business, lot or farm for immediate or spring sale at reasonable commission for quick action. J. O. Darche, Real Estate Broker, 2A Wellington St. So.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER DESIRES POSITION, knowledge of French and English; experienced; references. Apply to Record Box 18.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Agricultural Society No. 2 of the County of Compton.

Public Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the members of the Agricultural Society No. 2 of the County of Compton shall be held in the Scotstown Hotel on MONDAY, the FIFTEENTH DAY OF THE MONTH OF JANUARY, 1923, at one o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing directors in order to form the board of directors of the Society, and appoint one or two auditors.

Given at Scotstown on the 2nd day of the month of January, 1923.

HELP WANTED.



TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET—13 MELBOURNE ST.—Ten rooms, two bath rooms, hot water heating, immediate possession, rent for the winter or by the year. W. A. Hale.

RECENTLY BUILT HOUSE TO LET in Lennoxville on High St., five rooms and bath room, open fire-place. Rent moderate. W. A. Hale, Sherbrooke.

THREE HEATED FURNISHED FRONT rooms to let, \$15 a month; also room and board \$4 a week. Apply 5 Belvidere St., Lennoxville, on car line.

HOUSE TO LET IN "WOODLAND TERRACE", seven rooms with bath and furnace. Apply J. W. Lindley, 149 Belvidere St. after 6 p.m.

HEATED APARTMENT OF FOUR rooms and bath to let in downtown section, very desirable. Possession not later than Feb. 1st. Apply Box 14, Record.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. Telephone 13 Aberdeen, corner Laurier Avenue.

7 ROOMED HOUSE TO LET FOR MAY 1st. All modern conveniences. In North Ward. No children. Apply Box 15, Record.

TENEMENT TO LET—VICTORIA ST. Terrace, all modern finished. Can be occupied from the first of February or 1st of May. Rent very reasonable. Apply 223 Victoria St., or phone 1534-W.

BRIGHT, COMFORTABLE SLEEPING room to let, hot water heat. All conveniences. Apply 36 Peel St.

COLUMBIA GRAMOPHONE TO RENT—\$2.00 first week, \$1.00 per week afterwards. Rental will apply on purchase price if you decide to buy. A. C. Skiffner.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS IN EAST Ward, cheap, genuine bargain. Must be sold at once. Only one in Ward. Bread, cakes and pastry. Inquire anytime. Phone 1257. It will pay to investigate this proposition.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF NEW SHELF'S FOR SALE. Double barrel gun, gauge 12, two pairs of snowshoes. Apply 100 Wellington St. North, Day time.

100 GOOD ENVELOPES, 100 SHEETS paper, both printed to match with your name and address. Mailed anywhere for only \$1.00. Concrete Printing House, Bebe, Que.

TWO SECOND-HAND SMALL QUEBEC Heaters in good condition, for sale. To be sold cheap. Apply Sears Studio, City.

ONE FURNED OAK BUFFET, ONE KITCHEN cabinet, child's collapsible stroller, two-burner electric stove, No. 9 cooking range, one oil stove, two tables, three-piece parlor set, for sale. Apply Room 4, Whiting Block.

GREEN WOOD, CUT 12 AND 16 INCHES, all maple, for sale. Apply W. M. Ford, Compton, Phone 917-23, Lennoxville.

BABY'S WHITE CARIOLE, GREY WICKER sofa, small heater for coal or wood, kitchen table, mission wood washstand, mattress and kitchen utensils for sale, to be sold cheap, at 45 Elm Street.

BRUSSELS RUG, 9x14 FT., TAN ground, in very good condition, reasonable price. Phone 721-W.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—SEVERAL CARLOADS OF strictly first class round birch logs free from defects, 12" and up diameter at the small end, payment cash winter shipment. Reply Box 81 Sherbrooke Record.

TEACHERS WANTED

PROTESTANT TEACHER WANTED to teach five children five months in private family. Apply stating salary expected and qualifications to John Boyle, Three Lakes, Que.

Houses To Rent

Several fine Brick and Stucco Houses, brand new, four to ten rooms each. Bath rooms and excellent plumbing. Healthiest part of town, near Cotton Mills. Close to church, school and street car. Equipped thoroughly with heating apparatus and storm windows. Rent \$15 a month and up. Inspection invited. Please call on E. Page at Cotton Mills, or phone 1459.

Apartment House De Luxe For Sale

We offer for immediate sale the well known "Linton Apartments" on Moore St. This valuable property is splendidly situated in the best residential part of the city, near the Mitchell Square, the car line, the post office, the churches and the clubs. Substantial pressed brick construction, contains three exquisite apartments each with six rooms and bath, hardwood floors and finish, marble floors in entrance hall and both rooms, fire-place, handsome electric fixtures, cement cellar and hot water heating. Present revenue \$2,549.95 per annum, and there is always a waiting list of first class tenants. This is an all safe investment in a property which is bound to increase in value owing to its most desirable location. Price, \$16,000, one half cash and the balance at seven per cent. Could not be replaced for less than \$22,500 today. For further particulars apply to

Edwards Realty Co.

Room 21 Oliver Bldg., Phone 1627-F, SHERBROOKE, QUE.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFUL NEW HOUSES ON NEW- ton Street, near Portland Ave., for sale or to rent. Solid brick, hardwood finish, hot water heating, and every modern convenience. Prices moderate. Apply Park Realty Company, 118 King Street West.

140 ACRE FARM FOR SALE—30 head of cattle, seven hogs, 200 hens, three horses, all farm tools, fine buildings and barn, electric lights and power, level fields, 1200 sugar trees and large amount of lumber and wood. Three miles from St. Johnsbury, Vt., on State road. A. W. Sahlin, R.F.D. No. 2, St. Johnsbury, Vt.

IDEAL PRIVATE RESIDENCE, MOORE street, near Mitchell Square, five minutes post office, just off car line, splendid view, sleeping porch, spacious veranda, heated garage, fire-place and all modern conveniences. Less than one-half down, balance easy terms. G. H. Vallancourt, 16 Stanley Ave., City, Phone 476.

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE.

FOUR PAIRS HEAVY WORK HORSES, 2600 to 3200 lbs., including one pair of matched dapple grays, for sale. These horses are in splendid condition, guaranteed right in every way and good to work. Also several sets of harness and sleds. Address James Blackwood, Knowlton, Phone No. 389 ring 6.

GLENBURN STOCK FARM—ROAN Shorthorn bull 16 months old, tested and registered; two red yearling heifers, Shropshire ewe lambs, Barred Rock cockerels and yearling cocks at \$3.00, also a lot of hens. John Racey, Lennoxville.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WE WANT RELIABLE AGENTS to sell our well-known fruit and cranberry trees; good pay, exclusive territory rights. Our agency is valuable. Write for particulars. Pelham Nursery Co., Toronto, Ont.

MAN AND WIFE WANTED FOR COIN- try home, two in family, warm house; short distance from town, on main road. Apply Box 16, Record.

NOTICE

J. A. Prescott wishes to inform the public that he has purchased C. A. Maguire's cab sleighs and has reopened his livery and cab stable. Day and night service. Phone 681.

NO. 9 REAR, KING ST. W. Opposite Market.

Tenders Requested

The Council of the Town of Megantic, Co. Compton, Que., will receive up to the twenty-second day of the month of January next, 1923, at 7 o'clock p.m., sealed tenders for the construction of a concrete dam and other works.

Plans and specifications may be seen, and all other information obtained, at the office of the clerk of the town, at Megantic, or at the residence of Mr. J. O'C. Mignault, C.I., 24 Sanborn St., Sherbrooke. The Council does not oblige itself to accept the lowest or any tender. D. L. LIPPE, Clerk. Megantic, 30th December, 1923.

Live Poultry Wanted

We require a large quantity of poultry: especially 1st in hens, chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese. It will pay you to write us for our present price list as we are not now overstocked and have advanced our prices.

Eastern Townships Poultry Farms Ltd.

Posters, Que.

For Sale Business of the Late J. A. Goyette, Richmond.

Gents' furnishings and tailoring. Established thirty years in centre of town. Apply to

J. A. GOYETTE ESTATE, Richmond, Que.

FOR SALE Double House

London Street IN A-1 CONDITION. Apply P. O. Box 303.

Don't neglect to read the Classified Advertisements in this issue. They likely name something you want.

HIS MAJESTY'S Theatre

Starting Sunday, January 14th

Under the Distinguished Patronage of Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Byng of Vimy.

Canada Glorified in Motion Pictures.

'THE MAN FROM GLENGARRY'

Ralph Connor's Famous Story.

Of the Rivermen Feud Filmed in Our Own Glorious Canada.

Direct From Record Run at Capitol Theatre, Montreal.

No Advance in Prices.

AND JUST IN CASE YOU WOULD LIKE TO KNOW

PAULINE GARON

A Pretty Little Montreal Girl, Plays the Lead.

To Be Shown at 2.00, 4.30, 7.15, 9.30.

CASINO TODAY.

John Gilbert (The Wonder Star of "Monte Cristo") in

"Calvert's Valley"

The triumph of a strong man's soul filled with mystery, thrill and adventure, and an engrossing love story. Art Acord in "IN THE DAYS OF 'FAIR WEEK,'" a Pathe Comedy, and other attractions.

BEWARE of that moment in all our lives when it seems that the "Devil Drives."

SEE "When the Devil Drives"

by and with Leah Baird. A drama for women, by a woman who knows. "Rustlers of the Redwoods," a Western play.

"The Speed Boy," a Comedy, and others. HERE SUNDAY AND MONDAY.

HIS MAJESTY'S Theatre

Special Showing Today:

Herbert Rawlinson in

'Another Man's Shoes'

In 5 Parts.

ALSO Willie Rosenberg

(PIZZI WIZZI)

And His Company in a New Musical Comedy.

COMEDY AND OTHERS.

DEAD STORAGE

for AUTOMOBILES

COSTS ONLY

\$5

Until May 1st.

Phone Lennoxville 33.

Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers Ltd

'WHEN IS A HUSBAND A HERO?'

Most of the time "Just a husband" to his wife—but a hero to some other woman. And when his own wife finds out, often it's too late. There starts the drama of this new picture the American Beauty has made all for entertainment. Katherine MacDonald in "HEROES AND HUSBANDS." "LEGGY," the story of a famous horse. Comedy and others. "ME AND MY MULE," a Century Comedy.

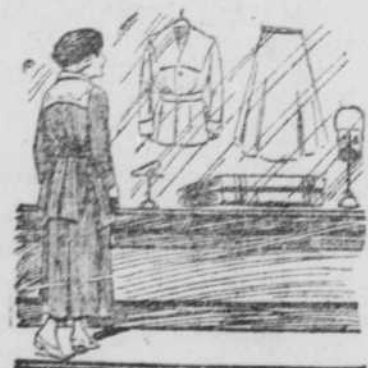
PREMIER THEATRE

TODAY.

SUN., MON., TUES. Wm. Fox's mighty ten part Photo-play spectacle,

'Monte Cristo'

A Look at the Work We Do



in the way of dry cleaning clothes, blankets, furs, portieres, etc., into fresh newness, proves its efficiency. We wish to impress on the reader the great economy of the dry cleaning service.

Sherbrooke Laundry and Dry Cleaners

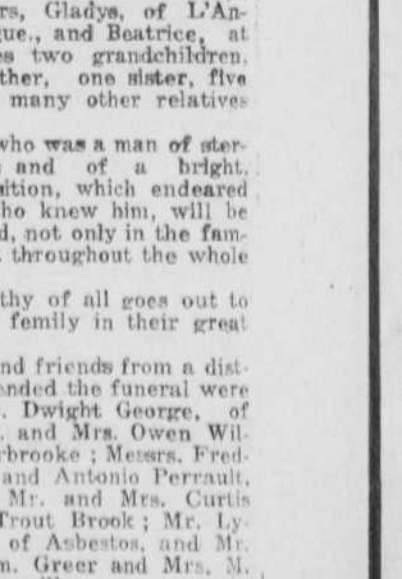
Phone 169.

91 Frontenac St.

BRINGING UP FATHER

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BY GEORGE McMANUS



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Sporting News

HOCKEY

THREE RIVERS TEAMS AMALGAMATE

(Associated Press Despatch.)
THREE RIVERS, Que., Jan. 12.—Following an agreement passed between the directors of the Lavolette Hockey Club, of the Province of Quebec Hockey League, and the Three Rivers Club, of the Provincial Hockey League, the two teams will be merged into one club, which will be known under the name of Lavolette in the Province of Quebec Hockey League, and will play with Quebec Bull Dogs, Sherbrooke Independents and Royals, of Montreal. Once a week the Lavolette team will play exhibition games against other clubs of the P. H. L., at Three Rivers. The Three Rivers team's franchise has been sold to the Lavolette team.
Three Rivers will play for the last time against Sons of Ireland, this evening.

JUNIORS OPEN SERIES THIS EVENING

Junior hockeyists will step into the limelight this evening when the

Professional And Business Directory

ADVOCATES

WELLS, LYNCH & WILSON, ADVOCATES, Merchants Bank Bldg.

FRASER, RUGG & MIGNAULT, ADVOCATES, C.M. Building.

LAURE, COUTURE & KING, 1111 St. George St., Sherbrooke.

JE. MORRIS & McIVER, ADVOCATES, Sherbrooke & Richmond, Que.

JE. FANNETON & BIGNARD, 1111 St. George St., Sherbrooke.

AUCTIONEERS, ETC.

JOHN J. GRIFFITH, L.L.A., AUCTIONEER, Assessor, Commissioner and Auctioneer, 44 Wellington St. North, Telephone 71.

CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS

J. H. BRYCE, L.A., I.G.A., AUDITOR, 156 Quebec St., Sherbrooke, Phone 1282.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS.

G. DURNFORD & COMPANY, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS.

Authorized Trustees, Income Tax Consultants, 1111 St. George St., Sherbrooke.

ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS

SYDNEY A. MEADE, QUEBEC LAND SURVEYOR, 1111 St. George St., Sherbrooke.

MUSICIANS

MR. IRWIN SAWDON, MEMBER OF the Council and Representative Dominion College of Music, New Studio, 145 Levesque St., Sherbrooke, 145 Levesque St., Sherbrooke, 145 Levesque St., Sherbrooke.

NOTARIES

WORTHINGTON & BORIAGE, NOTARIES Public, Sun Life Bldg., Sherbrooke.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

DR. W. A. FARWELL, SPECIALIST in the treatment of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, 447, 45 Dufferin Ave.

DR. R. SPEER, White Bk. Tel. 1249, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Spec. to Star, Head.

DR. DARCIE & HERBERT, SPECIALIST, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Bronchitis, tube diseases, asthma, etc. Private Residence, 52 King St. West, Sherbrooke Tel. 654.

DR. L. C. BAGLAND, CONSULTING Specialist, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, 1111 St. George St., Sherbrooke.

DR. ETHEL, PHONE 676, 84 KING ST. West, Electrotherapy, Urinary Diseases.

DR. J. A. McCARE AND DR. E. PLANTÉ (New York and Paris Hospitals), Specialists, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Diseases, 1111 St. George St., Sherbrooke.

DR. FRED C. HENRY (OSTEOPATHIC Physician), 1111 St. George St., Telephone 1666-7, Lennoxville, 120-J.

DR. E. A. TOMKINS, EYE, EAR, NOSE and Throat, N.Y. Post-graduate, N.Y. Eye & Ear Infirmary, Rm. 24, Grandview Bld. Tel. 178.



MAIL CONTRACT

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 9th of February, 1923, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week on the route Beebe No. 1, from the 1st of July, 1923.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Beebe, Granville, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Sherbrooke, Que.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Sherbrooke, Que., January 4th, 1923.

L. E. DASTOUS, Post Office Inspector.



MAIL CONTRACT

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 9th of February, 1923, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week on the route Bromptonville No. 2, from the 1st of July, 1923.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of St. Francis Xavier de Bromptonville, Bromptonville, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Sherbrooke, Que.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Sherbrooke, Que., January 4th, 1923.

L. E. DASTOUS, Post Office Inspector.

Ten Morning Suits left at a very low price at Conrad Larose's Liquidation Sale, 422 Wellington St., Phone 1510.

Financial and Market News

TRADING WAS QUIET ON MONTREAL EXCHANGE

(Associated Press Despatch.)
MONTREAL, Jan. 12.—Trading was quiet on the local stock exchange during the first half hour this morning. Fractional advances were numerous, however. Dominion Glass, yesterday's feature, continued to display strength rising a half to 91 1/4. A similar advance was registered by Bell Telephone, which sold a quarter higher at 115 1/4. Brazilian was strong, being up a half point on a 100 share transaction to 43 1/2. Power was stronger by a quarter at 105 1/2. The paper issues were in the background and received practically no attention.

STERLING EXCHANGE STEADY.

(Associated Press Despatch.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Sterling exchange steady. Great Britain \$4.67 15-16. France 7.04. Italy 4.98. Germany .0096. Canadian dollars 13-16 of one per cent discount.

than they did last season, when they were only one game behind Detroit for third place.

Approximately thirty players will report to the spring training camp at Lakeland, Florida. The pitchers will report March 1st, and the other members of the squad on March 8th.

NATIONAL LEAGUE OPENING

(Associated Press Despatch.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Opening games for the National League on April 17th, disclosed yesterday at league headquarters, will find New York at Boston, Pittsburgh at Chicago, Philadelphia at Brooklyn and St. Louis at Cincinnati.

WILL OPPOSE DRAFT BILL

(Associated Press Despatch.)
BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 12.—In a circular letter copy of which was received yesterday by Jack Dunn, President of the Baltimore Baseball Club, President J. Conway Toole, of the International League, notifies his owners not to accept any players from the Major League which are subject to draft.

MINERS TO PUT UP FIGHT

(Associated Press Despatch.)
LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 12.—Thomas J. Hickey, of Chicago, president of the American Association, said here yesterday that the clubs in that organization had been warned not to deal with the Major Baseball Leagues if they persisted in their apparent intention to send what players they saw fit to the minors and then redraft them at their pleasure.

BOWLING

BLOUIN RETAINED HIS TITLE

(Associated Press Despatch.)
CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Jimmy Blouin, of Chicago, world's bowling champion, successfully defended his title in his forty game match with Joe Falcario, of New York, which ended here last night, Blouin winning 9,112 to 8,247 on total pins giving him a final lead of 865. In the final frames Blouin won 2,169 to 2,121, but Falcario won six of the games. Blouin averaged 216 9-10 for the final block and Falcario 212 1-10 while the champion had a grand average of 227 33-40 for the forty games, believed to be world's record. Falcario's grand average was 206 7-40.

Blouin's high game of the series was 300, registered Wednesday night. Falcario's high mark was 230.

INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE

Last night in their league fixture with Rand, Superheater took one out of the three strings dropping the first and second, but getting the third by 18 pins. Parsons was high string with a single string of 207 and a three string total of 534. Jameson and Robertson each only bowled two string, which on an average would have given them over 400 for their three string totals. Huot, for Superheater, was high string man for that team with a three string total of 420, sharing single string honors with Bray of 159, the latter getting a three string total of 419.

The scores were as follows:

SUPERHEATER

Thomas 120 139 140—399

Bray 127 159 144—419

Huot 143 118 159—420

Leach 153 114 150—417

Total 543 530 582—1655

RAND

Lothrop 122 113 139—374

Parsons 207 158 159—534

Jameson 138 133—271

Robertson 126 150—276

Fourth man 120 133—253

Total 575 569 564—1708

BANKERS' BOWLING LEAGUE

Considerable interest was taken last night in the last game of the second half in the Bankers' Bowling League, when Royal met Commerce to decide which would have the honor of heading the second half in league. Before the game the standing of the two teams was: Royal, 7 Royal, 8, which meant that Royal in order to win had to take the three strings, and it looked in the first two strings as if there wouldn't be very much trouble, Royal running out with a lead of 105 and 93 pins, but in the last string, after a terrific struggle, Commerce scraped through with a lead of 12 pins. One thing that is to be noted is that each of the Royal men ran up a three string total of over 400, while only Lawrence, of the Commerce team, was able to do that, and at that was only two pins ahead of the lowest score on the Royal.

The high string men for the evening were Demers with a single string of 198 and a three string total of 447, running an average of 149, while Lawrence the high string man for Commerce, had only an average (Continued on page Ten)

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

The following prices furnished by Johnston & Ward, and McManamy & Walsh, show operations in the active and important stocks in the New York and Montreal markets:

New York	Yesterday's Close	Today's Opening
Amer. Can.	82 1/2	83
Amer. Loco.	124 1/2	125 1/2
Amer. Smelters ..	54 1/2	55
Amer. Sugar	77 1/2	78
Amer. Moolten	94 1/2	94 1/2
Ana. Copper	48 1/2	48 1/2
Baldwin Loco.	135	135
Beth. Steel	62 1/2	63
Can. Pac.	143	143 1/2
Can. Leather	33 1/2	33 1/2
Crucible Steel	60 1/2	60 1/2
Gen. Motors	14 1/2	14 1/2
Gt. Nor. Pfd.	74	74 1/2
Insp. Copper	34 1/2	34 1/2
Inter. Mar. Pfd.	44 1/2	44 1/2
Inter. Paper	52	52
Kenne. Copper	36 1/2	36 1/2
New Haven R.R.	20 1/2	20 1/2
No. Pac.	73	74
Pan. Amer.	89	89 1/2
Reading R.R.	77 1/2	78 1/2
Rock. Int.	51 1/2	51 1/2
Soc. Pac.	88	88 1/2
Studebaker	115 1/2	115 1/2
Texas Company	48 1/2	48 1/2
Union Pac.	137	137 1/2
U. S. Rubber	57 1/2	57 1/2
U. S. Steel	106 1/2	106 1/2

MORNING SALES AT MONTREAL

Abitibi—25 at 67 1/2.
Atl. Sugar—10 at 23.
Asb. Com.—15 at 67 1/2.
Bell Tel.—17 at 115 1/2, 8 at 115 1/2, 3 at 115 1/2.
Brazilian—100 at 43 1/2.
Can. Cement—100 at 78.
Can. Cottons—200 at 115 1/2, 10 at 115 1/2.
Can. S.S. Pfd.—25 at 54.
Dom. Canners—25 at 30.
Dom. Glass—100 at 91 1/2, 40 at 91.
Detroit Ry.—10 at 68.
Howard Smith—5 at 78, 50 at 78 1/2.
Howard Smith Pfd.—5 at 102.
Hls. Pfd.—10 at 80.
Lake of the Woods Com.—10 at 182 1/2, 25 at 182.
Mont. Power—37 at 105 1/2, 15 at 105 1/2.
Que. Ry.—25 at 23.
Que. Bonds—5500 at 69.
Smelters—75 at 25 1/2.
Span. Riv. Com.—5 at 96, 25 at 96 1/2, 25 at 96 1/2.
Span. Riv. Pfd.—75 at 104 1/2, 30 at 104 1/2, 25 at 104 1/2, 30 at 105.
Steel of Can.—125 at 62 1/2, 50 at 62 1/2.
Steel of Can. Pfd.—5 at 96 1/2.
Textile Com.—90 at 189 1/2, 230 at 190.
Tor. Ry.—14 at 84.
Price Bros.—25 at 44 1/2.
Mont. Tram Debs.—10 at 79 1/2.
Can. Gen. Elec.—5 at 81 1/2, 30 at 82.
Can. Woollens—2 at 15.
Maple Leaf Milling—10 at 124 1/2.
McKay—5 at 106 1/2.
St. Law. Flour—75 at 77 1/2.

BANKS

Commerce—16 at 197 1/2.
Montreal—16 at 232.
Royal—5 at 218, 2 at 220.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE AT MONTREAL

MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 12.—The following nominal quotations for Thursday are furnished by the Foreign Exchange Department Bank of Montreal.

Close. Value.

Sterling:—

Demand 4.7152 \$4.86 2-3

Cables 4.7177

Demand:—

France 0695 .193

Belgium 0643 .193

Italy 0496 .193

Switzerland 1911 .193

Holland 4007 .402

Spain 1590 .193

Germany 00009 .238

Sweden 3718 .268

Norway 1881 .268

Denmark 2837 .268

Czecho-Slov 0292 .268

VICTORY BONDS

Can. Loan:—

1925 100.25 100.25

1931 100.25 100.25

Victory Loans:—

1923 100.70 100.70

1927 100.80 100.80

1927 102.00 102.00

1933 104.65 104.65

1934 102.05 102.05

1937 106.75 106.70

SALES TO 2 P. M.

Abitibi—10 at 67 1/2, 200 at 67 1/2.

Brompton—5 at 38 1/2, 10 at 39.

Bell Tel.—100 at 115 1/2, 25 at 115 1/2.

Brazilian—80 at 44.

Can. S. S. Com.—90 at 18.

Can. S. S. Pfd.—5 at 53 1/2.

Det. Rail.—5 at 68.

Mont. Pow.—15 at 105.

Que. Rail.—15 at 23.

Span. Riv. Com.—10 at 97.

Span. Riv. Pfd.—50 at 105.

Textile Com.—280 at 62.

B. E. Steel 2nd. Pfd.—5 at 29.

Royal—28 at 220.

BANKS.

Commerce—16 at 197 1/2.

Montreal—16 at 232.

Royal—5 at 218, 2 at 220.

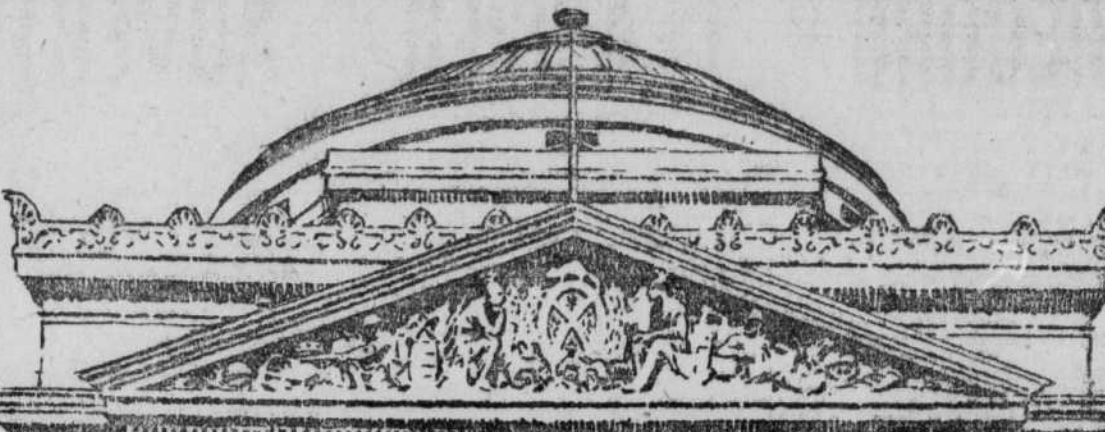
LOWER PRICES RECORDED ON WHEAT MARKET TODAY

(Associated Press Despatch.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Profit taking sales together with an absence of sustained buying tended to depress the wheat market during the early dealings.

The opening, which varied from unchanged figures to 1/2 cent lower, with May at \$1.20 1/2 to \$1.20 1/4 and July at \$1.12 1/2 to \$1.13 1/4 was followed by a little rally and then by a downward, lower than before.

Corn and oats declined with wheat despite falling off in arrivals of corn here. After opening unchanged



The Natural Wealth of Canada

Forests

IN the past three years Canada exported forest products to the amount of \$660,000,000, and there are still left great forests of Douglas fir, pine and spruce pulp wood—enough, if carefully preserved, to supply a great trade throughout an indefinite future. For more than a century the Bank of Montreal has been co-operating in the development of Canada's trade in forest products.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years

A Complete Banking Service
Branches Throughout Canada

NEW ISSUE

\$2,500,000

WINDSOR HOTEL LIMITED

6 1/2% 20-Year First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Dated January 1st, 1923. Due January 1st, 1943.

Principal and semi-annual (1st January and 1st July) interest payable at the Royal Bank of Canada, Montreal, Toronto and Quebec, in denominations of \$1,000, \$500 and \$100, with privilege of registration as to principal only. Redeemable in whole or in part at the option of the Company on ninety days notice at 105 and accrued interest.

Trustee: The Montreal Trust Co., Montreal.

CAPITALIZATION

	Authorized	Issued
6 1/2% First (Closed) Mortgage Bonds due 1943	\$2,500,000	\$2,500,000
Common Stock	3,000,000	2,500,000

- These Bonds are secured by a First Closed Mortgage on assets totalling over \$6,600,000.00, or over two and a half times the bond issue.
- The value of land and buildings alone is equal to over twice the bond issue.
- The average net earnings for the past three years have been over three and one-quarter times the bond interest requirements.
- For the past five years the net earnings have averaged almost two and three-quarter times the bond interest.
- The property and equipment is insured for \$2,700,000. In addition a revenue policy is carried insuring against loss of income in the event of the building being damaged or destroyed by fire.

Price 100 and accrued interest to yield 6.50%.

Full particulars upon request.

NESBITT, THOMSON & COMPANY LIMITED

MONTREAL TORONTO HAMILTON WINNIPEG LONDON, ONT

HANSON BROS. RENÉ T. LECLERC

MONTREAL OTTAWA MONTREAL QUEBEC

The statements in this circular are not guaranteed, but are based on information which we believe reliable and on which we acted in purchasing these securities.

McMANAMY & WALSH

Whiting Block Stockbrokers Telephone 25

Correspondents:
Jenks, Gwynne & Co., Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
O'Brien & Williams, Members Montreal Stock Exchange.

Direct enquiry will bring assurance of standing and stability. We invite it.

Bankers:
Royal Bank of Canada, Sherbrooke.

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

Quotations furnished by Balfour, White & Company, Montreal.

	Bid	Asked
Alberta Pacific Grain 7 p.c. Pfd.	86	89
Ames-Holden Tire 7 p.c. Pfd.	40	40
Do. Com.	5	5
Argonaut Gold 7 p.c. Pfd.	49	50
Belding Corticelli 7 p.c. Pfd.	50	50
Do. Com.	5	5
Do. Com.	25	25
Brandram-Henderson 7 p.c. Pfd.	88	90
Do. 3 p.c. Com.	38	38
Can. Conn. Cotton 8 p.c. Pfd.	70	73
Pfd. 10 p.c. in arrears 70	70	73
Can. Consolidated Fel. 7 p.c. Pfd. 52 1/2 p.c. in arrears	50	

TWO HUNDRED WERE PRESENT AT BANQUET

Number of Speakers from Macdonald College and Ottawa Present at Banquet for Farmers in Lennoxville Last Night.

The three-days' short course held at Lennoxville for farmers and farmers' sons came to an end last evening with a most successful function in the form of a banquet in the town hall. About two hundred people sat down to supper, the caterers being the Women's Institutes of Assot and Lennoxville, who also acted as waitresses. Particular attention was paid through the course to the boys and girls who attended, and for these a table was specially reserved. The tables were tastefully arranged with fruit and flower decorations, in addition to the bountiful supply of well-prepared foods. Several men of note from Macdonald College and Ottawa were present and addresses were given by Mr. H. S. Arkell, livestock branch, of the Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Prof. H. Barton and Miss E. M. Roach, of Macdonald College, and Mr. E. S. Archibald, manager of the Experimental Farm, at Ottawa. Musical selections were given by Mr. A. E. McLaurin, of Ottawa, on the piano, solos by Mrs. J. G. Tremholme and Miss Laura Willard, and an amusing recitation by Mr. A. W. Bradley were given during the evening.

Mr. Arkell spoke particularly to the boys, whom he believed as residents of the Eastern Townships had as fine a heritage as any in Canada. He emphasized the importance of giving the boys a lead from the start, such as they obtained in the short course that they might go on to better business methods than their forefathers had in farming. Co-operation, understanding of the market, and careful preparation of products offered, he gave as salient points for securing success.

Miss Roach spoke of the girls' work, in which great progress has been made throughout the year. Girls, she said, were often called "flappers," an epithet meaning indifference in regard to home life and general improvement because no pains were taken to interest them in household science. To keep girls interested in home life they must be interested in what pertains to it and the science courses were teaching this all over the Province.

Mr. Archibald pointed out the need of greater farm production. Production meant money, and the boys remaining on the farm. He urged that boys be taught the broader outlook upon the business world, to acquire business methods and instincts not often lacking among farmers. Illustrative of the importance of the boys' movement on the farm, Mr. Archibald stated that in many places the boys' clubs were practically determining that status, breed, etc., of the stock in those communities.

Prof. Barton also recognized the boys in his address. He gave the main reason for the movement cityward of boys raised on farms as lack of finance. He pointed out that the financing of a farm is a very big question. Much of the farmer's money is bound up in his holdings and does not yield speedily to its owner. Labor difficulty in disposing of products, and all problems common to farm life would be solved by business methods in operation.

Prizes Distributed. Mr. McDougall and Mr. Laing distributed the prizes to the successful competitors in the various contests and expressed the gratitude of the Farmers' Club to the Royal Bank, Bank of Commerce, E.T.A.A., Messrs. L. J. Codere, J. S. Mitchell and S. J. Forbes for generous contributions.

Prize winners in women's and girls' competition were as follows: Apple jelly—1 Mrs. Howard Dundin, 2 Mrs. C. Dundin, 3 Mrs. N. L. Cameron, 4 Mrs. W. H. Stacey. Orange marmalade—1 Mrs. C. Rose, 2 Mrs. L. W. Brown, 3 Mrs. W. S. Armistage, 4 Mrs. F. C. Main. Ginger bread—1 Mrs. W. S. Armistage, 2 Mrs. J. Stafford, 3 Mrs. J. H. Woodside, 4 Mrs. C. Dundin. Tea biscuits—1 Dorothy Lipsey, 2 Mrs. W. S. Armistage, 3 Mrs. Philip Short, 4 Mrs. W. Loomis.

Rolls—1 Mrs. W. S. Armistage, 2 Mrs. H. A. Stevenson, 3 Mrs. C. Dundin, 4 Mrs. Howard Dundin. Bread—1 Mrs. Howard Dundin, 2 Dorothy Lipsey, 3 Frances Lipsey, 4 Mrs. W. S. Armistage. Doughnuts—1 Mrs. H. A. Martin, 2 Mrs. A. L. Jackson, 3 Mrs. C. Dundin, 4 Mrs. W. S. Armistage. Lady's sweater—1 Mrs. A. Stevenson, 2 Mrs. W. H. Stacey, 3 Mrs. C. Dundin, 4 Mrs. N. L. Cameron. Socks—1 Mrs. W. S. Armistage, 2 Mrs. Thos. Peck, 3 Mrs. A. Woodside, 4 Mrs. Fred Main. Double mittens—1 Mrs. Thos. Peck, 2 Mrs. Drummond, 3 Mrs. W. Collin, 4 Mrs. C. Dundin. Scarf—1 Mrs. W. H. Stacey, 2 Mrs. Bert Dundin, 3 Mrs. H. A. Martin, 4 Mrs. W. S. Armistage. Homespun—1 Mrs. Thos. Peck, 2 Mrs. G. O. Sawyer, 3 Mrs. R. Willard.

Flirt—1 Mrs. Stevenson, 2 Mrs. Woodside, 3 Mrs. Armistage, 4 Arthur Atto. Braided rug—1 Mrs. W. Loomis, 2 Mrs. Bert Dundin, 3 Mrs. Jas. MacLeod, 4 Mrs. A. Woodside. Drawn rug—1 Mrs. E. P. Bennett, 2 Mrs. Thos. Peck.

Girls' Competition. Homespun—Dorothy Lipsey. Flirt—1 Miss Sadie Woodside, 2 Dorothy Lipsey, 3 Frances Lipsey. Plain standard cake—1 Hazel Crosby, 2 Elizabeth Beattie, 3 Frances Lipsey, 4 Miss L. Cairns, 5 Miss Nellie Gibby.

Price Winners at the Seed Fair. Oats—1 F. R. Mitchell, 2 J. H. Woodside, 3 J. B. Campbell, 4 E. P. Bennett, 5 J. B. Campbell. Spring wheat—1 J. Hamilton, 2 E. P. Bennett, 3 J. S. Marlin. Potatoes—1 F. R. Mitchell, 2 A. W. Campbell, 3 E. P. Bennett, 4 Robt. Ashe, 5 J. H. Woodside. Banner oats—1 J. H. Woodside, 2 E. P. Bennett, 3 Wm. Young, 4

CONSPIRACY AGAINST FREE STATE OFFICIALS.

(Associated Press Despatch.) GLASGOW, Jan. 12.—A police raid last evening resulted in the arrest of twenty-two men and one woman who are suspected of conspiracy against Irish Free State officials and other persons.

J. B. Campbell, 5 J. A. Young, 6 J. B. Mitchell, 7 J. S. Marlin, 8 J. H. Woodside, 9 J. B. Campbell, 10 J. S. Marlin, 11 J. H. Woodside, 12 J. B. Campbell, 13 J. S. Marlin, 14 J. H. Woodside, 15 J. B. Campbell, 16 J. S. Marlin, 17 J. H. Woodside, 18 J. B. Campbell, 19 J. S. Marlin, 20 J. H. Woodside, 21 J. B. Campbell, 22 J. S. Marlin, 23 J. H. Woodside, 24 J. B. Campbell, 25 J. S. Marlin, 26 J. H. Woodside, 27 J. B. Campbell, 28 J. S. Marlin, 29 J. H. Woodside, 30 J. B. Campbell, 31 J. S. Marlin, 32 J. H. Woodside, 33 J. B. Campbell, 34 J. S. Marlin, 35 J. H. Woodside, 36 J. B. Campbell, 37 J. S. Marlin, 38 J. H. Woodside, 39 J. B. Campbell, 40 J. S. Marlin, 41 J. H. Woodside, 42 J. B. Campbell, 43 J. S. Marlin, 44 J. H. Woodside, 45 J. B. Campbell, 46 J. S. Marlin, 47 J. H. Woodside, 48 J. B. Campbell, 49 J. S. Marlin, 50 J. H. Woodside, 51 J. B. Campbell, 52 J. S. Marlin, 53 J. H. Woodside, 54 J. B. Campbell, 55 J. S. Marlin, 56 J. H. Woodside, 57 J. B. Campbell, 58 J. S. 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