[illegible] Institute
Trafalgar Square
London S.W. ENG

Em[illegible]bes on Sale at
See Murphy's
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DAILY WITNESS

FAIR AND COOL

Vol. LI., No. 165. MONTREAL, MONDAY, JULY 18, 1910. PRICE ONE CENT.

'MEGANTIC' STEWARDS IDENTIFY PHOTOGRAPH OF MURDERER

Man and Woman Answering Detailed Description of Missing Pair Arrived Here.

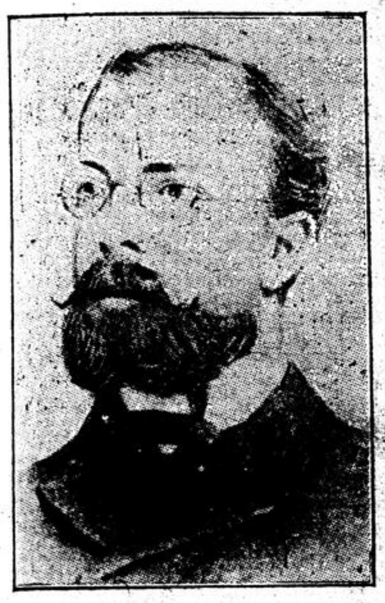
BOUND FOR THE WEST.

'He Was a Saloon Passenger,' Said Steward Airriess, When Shown Picture of Dr. Crippen.

Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen, the London murderer, whose deed and escape are the talk of England, arrived in Montreal yesterday on the steamship 'Megantic,' of the White Star-Dominion line, according to the positive statements of the saloon stewards of the liner, and especially of the steward who waited on the needs of the passenger. When the stewards were shown a photograph of Dr. Crippen wearing a beard, they said unanimously:

'That is the passenger who sat at one of the first cabin tables.'

When the 'Megantic' touched port yesterday the passenger, identified as Dr. Crippen, accompanied by a woman, hurriedly left the steamship, took a cab, and has not been seen since. He was on the passenger list under an assumed name.



DR. CRIPPEN.

The 'Megantic' left Liverpool on Saturday last, the day on which [illegible] Crippen is stated to have left the [illegible]ne of his awful crime. The list of [illegible]mships compiled by Scotland [illegible], and sent to the American po[illegible]s requiring watching, curiously [illegible]ot contain the name of the 'Me[illegible].'

[illegible]ording to the 'Megantic's' of[illegible] no police examination of the [illegible] was made at Father Point, so [illegible] if the passenger is really the [illegible]derer, he has made a clean escape into the interior.

The accompanying photograph of Dr. Hawley Crippen was this morning shown by a 'Witness' reporter to Mr. H. J. Airriess, saloon steward of the 'Megantic,' who waited on the table occupied by the suspected passenger

'Can you describe the appearance and manners of this passenger?' the steward was asked.

'Yes, he was under the medium height, past middle age, with sandy hair, the top of his head being bald. He had a bright complexion, and looked like a man who took extreme care of his health. In fact I could see that from the way he ate and ordered his meals. He wore a beard, like the one in your photograph, and had glasses of French make, with heavy black rims. He was extremely well dressed, even foppishly, and his suits were cut, I should say, by a European tailor. The man talked low and evenly, and like a man of splendid education.'

This description is exactly similar to the one supplied by the Associated Press, which reads as follows:

'Hawley Crippen, alias Peter Crippen, alias Franckel Crippen, an American doctor, 50 years of age, 5 feet 3 inches tall, fresh complexion, light brown hair inclined to be sandy, bald on top of head, rather long moustache, mark on bridge of nose, wears false teeth and gold-rimmed spectacles, speaks with a slight American accent, wears his hat on the back of his head; is plausible and quiet spoken; is accompanied by a woman calling herself Mrs. Crippen.'

The description of the woman accompanying the 'Megantic's' cabin passenger tallies with that of Ethel Le Neve, the fascinating typist, who lived in the London house with Dr. Crippen when the murdered woman was in her last resting place in the cellar. The stewards say 'she is about the same height as the plausible passenger, is bright, witty, wears splendid clothes, is well built, smiles often to exhibit gold teeth, and has a passion for green stones, which she wore on the trip.

'I gathered a good deal of information about these two passengers from their conversation at table, and from what they said to me,' said Steward Airriess. 'The man said he came from the Pacific Coast, California, I think. I could see he was an American, although his accent was not very pronounced. Probably the years he said he spent in Europe accounted for that. He said that for about five months he had been travelling through Europe, although he had resided for some time in London. He was in England, he said, somewhere about the beginning of the year.

'The man and woman were very affectionate towards each other. They were never apart. Wherever she was, so was he. His deck chair was always placed near hers, and they never lost sight of each other. In fact, they were known as a pair of turtle doves.

'Just before the steamship reached Montreal the passenger asked me the best way to reach the lakes 'a quiet way,' he said. He wanted to pass through the Thousand Islands, taking in Toronto, and then on to the West, where he intends to visit Calgary. Thence it is his intention, according to the man's conversation, to go south to California. They will travel for some years.

'When they took a cab at the White Star-Dominion Line wharf I didn't hear what destination in the city they named.'

Inquiries were made by the 'Witness' among the several local hotels, but nothing could be heard of a man answering to the name Crippen is masquerading under.

Not only Airriess, but several fellow-stewards identified the photograph shown in to-day's 'Witness' as that of the saloon paassenger who disappeared into the mazes of Montreal yesterday.

They were postive of th esimilarity of features and expressions. The second saloon steward was several tables removed from the suspected passenger, but he said without hesitation: 'They were the passengers served by Airriess.

The local detective department was this afternoon notified of the supposed discovery of Dr. Crippen's whereabouts by the 'Witness.' Chief Carpenter will immediately help in following up the clues supplied. The chief, however, is doubtful if the 'Megantic's' passenger is the man wanted.

'You see, Scotland Yard, immediately the murder was made known, notified the police and detectives throughout England to watch outbound steamships, in fact, any outbound vessels,' said the chief. 'They would hardly have overlooked the man if he were on the Megantic, because the Liverpool police are a remarkably efficient body of men.'

The chief, however, will continue inquiries with a view to locating this passenger, who, if not Crippen himself, is remarkably like him.

The provincial police and detectives [illegible] and either to-day or to-morrow developments are expected which will bring this new issue to a decision.

'THE HORSE FAIR'

COUPON No. 2.

MONDAY, JULY 18.

'WITNESS' ART TREASURE DISTRIBUTION.

Six consecutive coupons cut from the 'Witness,' commencing July 16th, will, with the nominal sum of TEN CENTS to pay for handling, entitle the holder to a copy of Rosa Bonheur's famous picture,

'THE HORSE FAIR'

If to be sent by mail add five cents.

If any coupons are missing a charge of two cents for each date will be made.

Address 'Coupon Dept.,' 'Witness' Office, Montreal.

For full particulars see large announcement printed almost any day in the 'Witness.'

BISLEY WINNIGS

Canadian Team Secured £890—Individual Prizes Were Considerable.

(Canadian Associated Press.

Bisley, July 18.—The total winnings of the Canadians at Bisley camp this year totalled £890, as compared with £830 last year.

The individual winnings were:

	£	s.
Private Bibby, Dundas..	6	
Sergeant Crowe, Guelph..	16	
Private Clifford, Toronto	15	
Sergeant Eastwood, Winnipeg.	4	
Captain Forrest..	1	
Sergeant Freeborn, Hamilton.	16	6
Private Latimer, Toronto	4	
Sergt. McInnes, Edmonton ..	4	
Captain McHarg, Vancouver..	21	
Captain McKie, Guelph..	2	
Sergt. Morris, Bowmanville ..	23	
Sergt. Mitchell, Hamilton	7	
Sergt. Russell, Ottawa..	12	
Lieut. Rowe, Bowmanville	4	
Pte. Steele, Guelph..	23	
Sergt. Steck, Truro, N.S..	10	
Gunner Sharpe, Montreal	5	
Lance-Corporal Whitehorn, Toronto..	7	
Sergt. Bayles, Toronto..	60	
Major King, Bowmanville.. ..	8	
Lieut. Mortimer, Ottawa..	70	
Sergt. Richardson, Victoria ..	77	10
Captain Stuart, Vancouver.. ..	11	

The amount won for the team by each individual was:

	£	s.
Pte. Bibby..	8	
Captain Crowe..	43	10
Pte. Clifford..	8	
Lieut. Drydale, Montreal	13	
Sergt. Eastwood..	23	
Capt. Forrest..	22	
Sergt. Freeborn..	28	
Pte. Latimer..	3	
Sergt. McInnes..	8	
Captain McHarg	29	
Captain McKie..	19	
Sergt. Morris..	62	
Sergt. Mitchell..	22	
Sergt. Russell..	33	
Lieut. Rowe..	8	
Pte. Steele..	97	
Sergt. Steck..	36	
Gunner Sharpe..	8	
Corp. Whitehorn..	23	

NEW RULE OPPOSED.

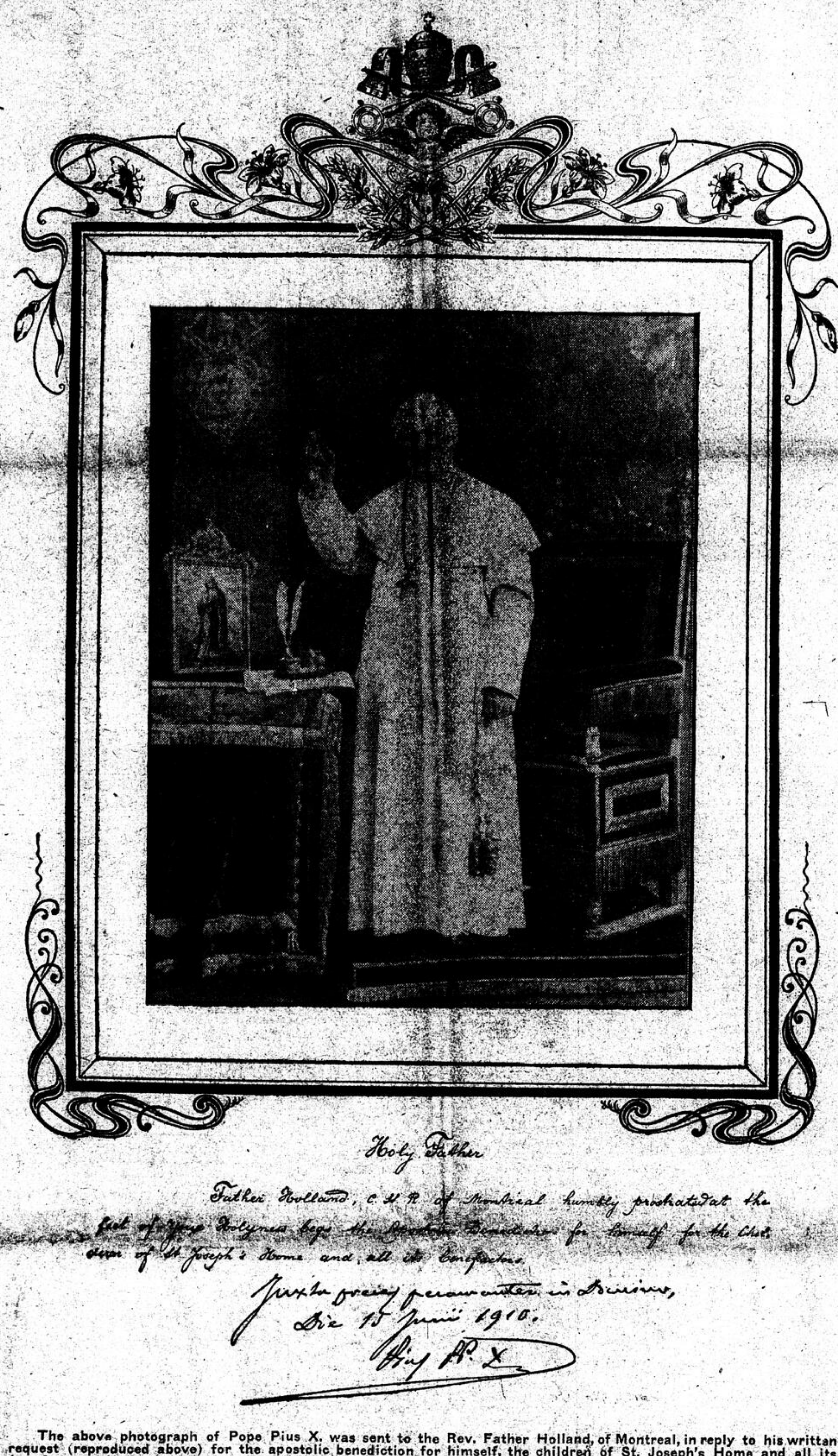
Shipowners Displeased with International Agreement.

London, July 18.—British shipowners are up in arms against the ratification of the declaration of London. This declaration is the outcome of a conference held in London in 1908 and 1909 of the ten principal maritime powers, including the United States, to decide certain vexed questions of international law in naval warfare. The declaration establishes a code in place of a number of indefinite usages which in the past have given a great deal of trouble, but the opponents of the bill say that the code is too elastic, and that it remains at the discretion of an officer of perhaps no great experience to decide whether a merchantman is carrying contraband food, intended for the use of the enemy, and to sink her.

WON C. P. R. SCHOLARSHIP.

Mr. Alfred J. Lawrence, of 508 Wiseman avenue, Outremont, has won the Canadian Pacific Railway scholarship in connection with the recent matriculation examination for entrance to McGill University in the Faculty of Applied Science.

Mr. Lawrence is twenty years of age, and is an official of the C.P.R.. in the treasurer's office here.



Holy Father

Father Holland, C.SS.R. of Montreal humbly prostrated at the feet of your Holyness begs the Apostolic Benediction for himself for the children of St Joseph's Home and all its benefactors.

Juxta preces peramanter in Domino,
Die 15 Junii 1910.
Pius PP. X

The above photograph of Pope Pius X. was sent to the Rev. Father Holland, of Montreal, in reply to his written request (reproduced above) for the apostolic benediction for himself, the children of St. Joseph's Home and all its benefactors. Underneath the request is the blessing sought for in the Pope's handwriting. 'Juxta preces peramanter in Domino,' which is translated, 'aaccording to the petitions most lovingly in the Lord.'

WATCHING THE DAIRIES

Milk Inspectors Give Farmers Hint to Clean Up.

Inspectors recently appointed to investigate conditions upon farms from which Montreal secures its milk supply, have just made their first report. Two defects are noted. In almost every case, the inspectors say, the farmers do not employ proper refrigeration methods. This, Dr. McCarrey says, results in bacteria developing to a greater or less extent before the supply reaches the city. The stables, it is also said, are not kept as clean as could be desired. This is not of great consequence now, as the cattle are at pasture, but the farmers have been told they must clean up.

The following districts have been visited. Pont Vaiu, St. Vincent de Paul, Dixie, Strathmore, Valois, Ste. Annes de Bellevue, Chateauguay, Valleyfield, Dewittville, Huntingdon, and St. Laurent.

Killed by Street Car.

Joseph Santenne, 1082 Demontigny street, who was struck by a street car several days ago, died in the General Hospital last night. The body was taken to the morgue and an inquest will be held to-morrow.

FIGHTING WITH KNIVES

After Italian Quarrel Wounded Man Was Found on the Street.

A fight amongst Italians at the corner of Panet and Ontario streets early yesterday morning, was stopped by the police of Beaudry street station just in time. A report was received at the station that some Italians were fighting with knives, and when the men arrived at the scene they found a man lying on the street bleeding from a wound on the head. They had him conveyed to the Notre Dame Hospital, where his injuries were attended to. The other Italians fled on the approach of the police, and the injured man would tell nothing of the affair.

Fire in Italian's Room.

Fire started early this morning in the back bedroom of a house at 4 Grand street, occupied by Zelorme Yapha, an Italian. The room was badly damaged and the intense heat set fire to some clothes in another room. Chief Hooper had some difficulty in keeping the fire in check. The damage was about $200.

MANY CHILDREN DIED

Last Week's Mortality Owing to Heat Was Very High.

Still the infant mortality remains remains high, 222 children under five years of age having died in the seven days during the hot weather. Of this number 158 succumbed to diarrhea..

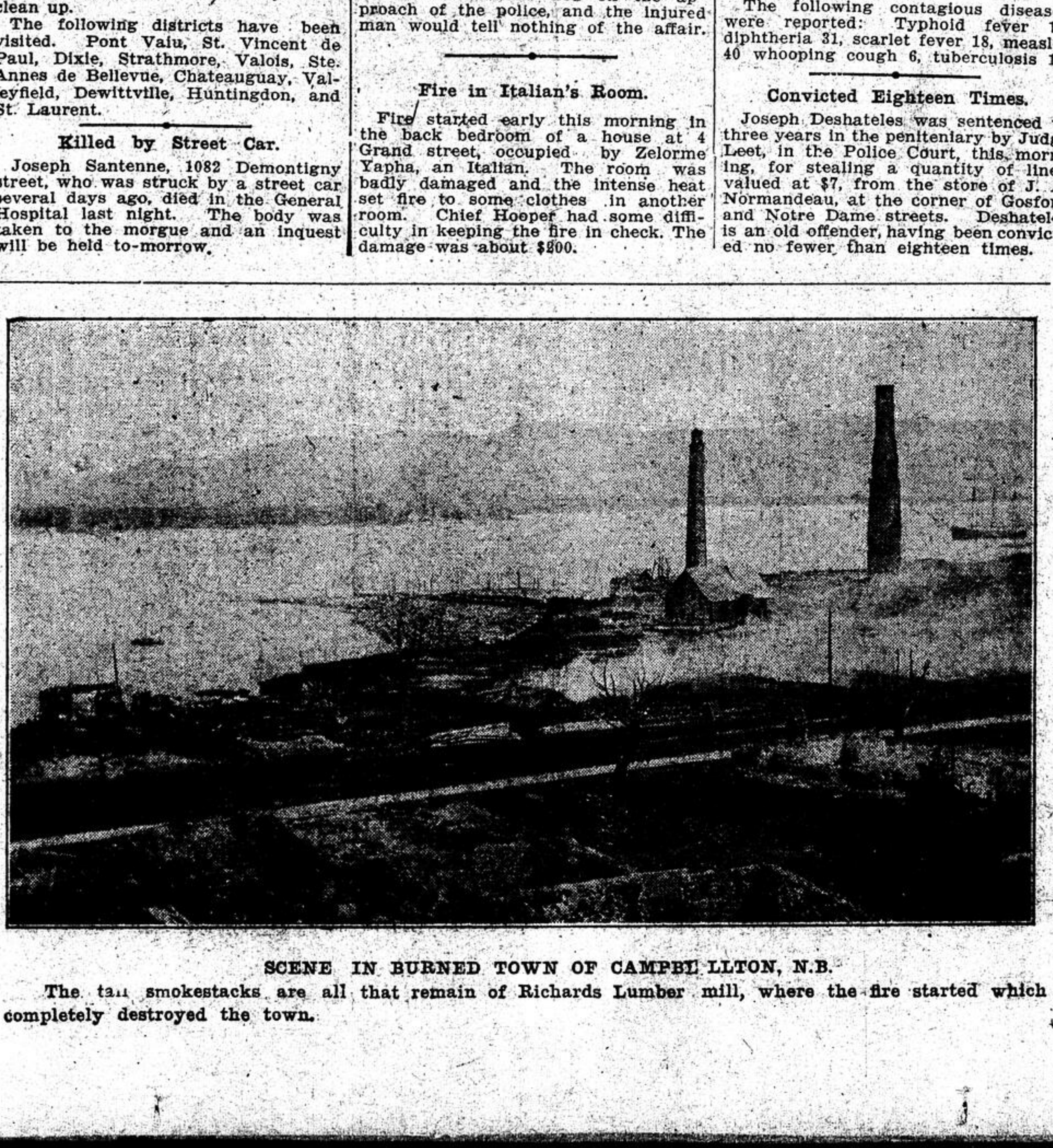
All told, 309 deaths occurred in the week from the following causes: Typhoid 3, scarletina 2, measles 3 whooping cough 6, diphtheria 2, tuberculosis 19, cancer 2, menengitis, 8, bronchitis 1, pneumonia, 8, bright's disease 3, accidental 7, other causes 83..

The births during the period numbered 253, of which number 142 were males and 111 females.

The following contagious diseases were reported: Typhoid fever 19, diphtheria 31, scarlet fever 18, measles 40 whooping cough 6, tuberculosis 19.

Convicted Eighteen Times.

Joseph Deshateles was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary by Judge Leet, in the Police Court, this morning, for stealing a quantity of linen valued at $7, from the store of J. A. Normandeau, at the corner of Gosford and Notre Dame streets. Deshateles is an old offender, having been convicted no fewer than eighteen times.



SCENE IN BURNED TOWN OF CAMPBELLTON, N.B.

The tall smokestacks are all that remain of Richards Lumber mill, where the fire started which completely destroyed the town.

SUSPECT FOUL PLAY

Was Ethel Arney, of Ottawa Murdered and Thrown in Canal?

BROKEN-HEARTED GIRL.

'I Have Drowned Her!' Cried Man Who Was Seen Near the Place.

Grave suspicion of murder from the evidences discovered, attaches to the finding, on Friday night last, of the body of a Montreal girl, Miss Ethel Arney, in the canal at the foot of Summerset street, Ottawa.

The first indication that the police had that anyone had been drowned, was when Constable Maloney, on Friday morning, found a hat and a pair of shoes on the bank of the canal. Later an old man briught in a hair comb and a man's cap badly trampled, which had been picked up on top of the bank just above where the other articles were found. Dredging commenced at once, with the result that the body of the girl was discovered on Friday evening.

Information was then received that a girl named Ethel Arney, who had been working at the Cecil Hotel for the past week os so, had disappeared on Thursday night. The housekeeper at the hotel, Mrs. DeBoucherville, went to the morgue and identified the body as that of the missing girl.

Nothing whatever, however, was known about her at the hotel. During the two weeks she had been there, she had been strangely reticent, had not associated with the other girls at all, and to only one person had confided any particulars about herself. That person was Mrs. Mary Lukes, 73 Albert street, Ottawa, and from her it was learned that the girl came from Montreal.

After seaching several blocks the police found that the girl had been rooming at 337 Slater street, and through the landlady they obtained her trunk. All that was found in it that would aid in tracing the girl's relatives, was a box with the address 104 Crescent street, Montreal, and a card containing the name of John Goldstone, 596 Dorchester street west, Montraal. Inqury at the former address revealed the fact that Miss Arney had worked there from April, 1909, until the middle of February, 1910, when she left very suddenly, and without any explanation of why she was going.

Mrs. Judge Smith, 104 Crescent street, in whose employ Miss Arney was, obtained her from the Sheltering Home, 152 St. Urbain street, through the recommendation of the Rev. Arthur French. Inquiry at the Home showed that she had entered it on March the 10th, 1909, leaving on April the 5th. All thatthe matron could tell was that she was one of the girls rescued by the Rev. Mr. French from the streets, and the only record against her name is: 'Led a wrong life.'

Beyond the fact that Mrs. Smith, for whom Miss Arney worked, thinks her parents lived near Kingston, no clue has been thus far obtained as to the girl's relatives. Her body lies in the morgue at Ottawa unclaimed.

Despite the fact that the autopsy did not make it appear that there had been any strugle, or that the case was other than an ordinary drowning, there are peculiar circumstances surrounding it which have put the Ottawa and Montreal police on the qui vive, and an effort is being made to find out something about the girl's aassociates.

It appears that while she was working at Mrs. Smith's, Miss Arney seemed to be weighed down under the burden of a great trouble. She appeared quite friendless, receiving no callers except the church people who interested themselves in her, but corresponded continually with someone who she said was a commercial traveller, and who wrote to her from different cities throughout Canada. She wrote to him continually. It was only when she had received one of his letters that she appeared to cheer up. Then suddenly, after the receipt of one in February, she left Mrs. Smith's house and did not return.

'She seemed to be a aheartbroken girl,' said Mrs. Smith this morning. 'I havxe seen her try to smile at some little joke that we made, but the attempt was ghastly. She was a very good girl, however, and did her work well. The only fault we had to find with her was her leaving so suddenly.'

During her stay at 104 Crescent street she said that she had worked in Ottawa at a hotel, and thought she would go back there.

'It looks to me,' said Mrs. Smith, 'as that is where her trouble began.'

What gives a basis to the suspicion of foul play is the story of a man from a locomotive works just aacross the canal fro mwhere the body was found. He says that about four o'clock on Friday morning a man came running through the yard very much excited, and moaning to himself: 'I have drowned her! I have drowned her! I wonder where she is now?'

The man was well dressed.

The Rev. Arthur French, then told the news of the girl's tragic death, appeared very much shocked at the information, but beyond saying: 'Poor girl! Yes, I knew her well,' he refused to give any information whatever about her, her life in Montreal, her parents, of tthe trouble which seems to have been the cause of the girl's death, whether it was by her own or a murderer's hmand. Chief of Police Ross, of Ottawa aand Chief Detective Carpenter have communicated with him.

Asked who should be notified, he said he could give no information, but would probably look after the girl's burial himself.

street west, worked for Michael Bros., cigar merchants, but is now said to be in New York.

WRECKED BY LANDSLIDE.

Hawesville, Ky., July 18.—Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis westbound passenger train No. 145, which left Louisville at 9.15 o'clock last night for St. Louis, was wrecked by a landslide two miles from this city early this morning. The fireman, named Reynolds, was killed, and several passengers bruised. The landslide came just as the train was passing under a high bluff. The locomotive and baggage car were swept from the track by the avalanche and carried two hundred feet.

CROWDED COURT TO-DAY.

There were no less than eighty cases listed for hearing in the Recorder's Court this morning, but all were of the usual nature, and were quickly disposed of by Recorder Dupuis. There were a number of charges against young men for loitering, and in these stiff sentences were imposed. Charles Sheridan and Emile Tetreau, who had not worked for some months, were each sentenced to three months in jail. The attendance of a large number of witnesses interested in the cases gave the court room and corridors a very crowded appearance

EMPIRE RESTS UPON HOMES

King George Declares These are Foundations of National Glory

IN SURPRISING ADDRESS.

Strong Will and Unexpected Energy of New Monarch Pleases Britons.

(New York 'Times.')

London, July 9.—Those persons who declared when King George V. ascended the throne that he would prove himself a man of distinct ability and force, an earnest thinker, and a keen student of social questions have very soon been shown to have prophesied truly. It is already apparent that many ideas which were vaguely entertained regarding the King when he was Prince of Wales by a section of the British public were utterly mistaken. How these ideas originated, it is hard to tell, the only plausible explanation being His Majesty's rather reserved manner in public and the fact that, as heir to the throne, he was not nearly so prominent a personage as had been his father in the same position.

Now, however, the British people are realizing, and realizing with delight, that an able, perhaps even a brilliant, monarch is at the head of the kingdom and the Empire. In the busy and troublesome days between King Edward's death on May6 and his funeral on Maay 21, there were a number of indications that the new King was a good organizer, a very hard worker, and possessed of a strong will.

The English papers are more than reserved in discussing royalty, but certain facts leaked out which showed that King George was personally responsible for straightening various difficulties that had arisen in the funeral arrangements, and that had it not been for him some nasty little complications might have arisen. Since the funeral, the good impression the King had created has been intensified. His appointments have given general satisfaction, he has acted with much tact on various occasions, he and the Queen have shown very distinctly that their court will be sedate, English, old fashioned in the best sense of the term, of high ideals.

And yesterday the King, in reply to an address of condolence on the death of his father and congratulation on his own accession to the throne, delivered a short speech which has already created a sensation and which is likely to be quoted for many years to come.

The occasion was the third Accession Court, held in St. James's Palace for the reception of addresses from various bodies. To the address from the Convocation of Canterbury His Majesty made a happy and graceful reply—it is already known that he writes even certain items in the 'Court Circular' himself, which explains the improved English in that publication recently. But it was the reply to the address from the Convocation of the Northern Provinces, presented by the Archbishop of York, and other prelates, that has created the greatest interest. The King said:

'I thank Your Grace most heartily for the loyal and dutiful address of the Convocation of the Northern Province. I am grateful to you in my sorrow for the expression of your profound sympathy and for the honor and affection with which you regard the memory of my beloved father.

'The message of good will and good cheer which King Edward spoke to you but a few months ago was the last public utterance of his life. I adopt his words on that occasion as my own, and you may count on my aid and fervent sympathy in all your beneficent labors.

'The foundations of national glory are set in the homes of the people. They will only remain unshaken while the family life of our race and nation is strong, simple, and pure.

'Amid the multiplying complexities of modern social conditions, in the hurry of the age, and with the ever-growing needs of millions for moral guidance and spiritual consolation, the work of the Church, both religious and charitable, assumes each year a deeper practical significance.

'That the Church may prosper in her sacred mission, that her teaching may become even more profoundly interwoven with the real lives and thoughts of the people, and that in enlightened unity with all other Christian effort she may sustain and uplift the hearts of men, will always be my prayer'

Replies were made by His Majesty to other addresses, each worded in the most graceful manner, each showing the King to be a master of English. But the reply to the address from the York Convocation strikes a deeper note—a note in tune with much that is now being written and spoken in this country. The 'Daily Express' says in an editorial article headed 'Hearth and Home':

'King George exemplifies in all his actions that genius for revealing truth in a striking phrase which made him famous as Prince of Wales. * * * It is a fine sermon in a commendably brief form. It recalls the nation to the old ideals and the old allegiance. It reminds us of the only true basis of our national life. No more kingly word could be spoken than these, which exalt the sanctity and the power of the home and family. It is by the importance which Englishmen have always attached to these domestic ties that national and imperial greatness have been won.

'On these foundations, as the King says, they rest, school, college, work, and the world—these train and occupy men. The home consolidates and inspires all their efforts. In our domesticity we have differed from other nations. The sanctity of the home has been with us a religious faith, and it has won for us the qualities and opportunities that should be most dearly prized. It is the idea of the family which unites the empire, and it is love of the home which has secured England from the convulsions which have brought disaster on other lands.

'King George shows himself true Englishman and true king in his passionate devotion to home and family. The words that he has spoken are notable and true.'

It is said that when King George was Prince of Wales he liked nothing better than to spend an evening at home, sitting, reading aloud at one side of the fireplace, while at the other side his wife knitted stockings and listened to him. This quiet domesticity will now, to a large extent, be impossible for him, but the ideals that are his remain.

Store Burned Down.

The grocery of J. Rubenstein at 735 City Hall avenue, was destroyed by fire shortly after four o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Rubenstein sleeps at 149 Lagauchetiere street, and was at the store at this early hour. He stated to Chief Hooper that he was going in when he saw the flames. He at once ran and turned in the alarm. He says the gas meter must have exploded.

BANKS & STOCKS —WHY MONEY IS HOLDING TIGHT

Complaint is heard on the part of some of the brokers that the banks continue to withhold funds for stock market purposes, and, that as a result, the local situation is anything but encouraging to those who would like to see a more active movement towards a higher level.

The statement is made that bankers refuse to loan money even at the prevailing high rate of 5½, and in some cases 6 percent, and in consequence, there is inactivity, and more or less depression in prices. Brokers will tell you that if the banks would advance say a million dollars for stock purposes, it would be quite sufficient to place the market on an active and renumerative basis.

On the other hand, the bankers claim that they have reasons for carrying out their policy, and if the 'hold-up,' as the brokers call it, is proving a bear factor in the market for the time being, the country at large will benefit later.

The bankers are commended in so far as they are looking ahead, and guaging circumstances throughout the Dominion, with reference to the requirements for funds for moving the crops, later on, and keeping up with the legitimate needs of trade.

Those who have followed conditions in London and New York, know that the bankers at these points have managed the monetary situation, in such a conservative way, that a panic has been averted in what many claimed was sure to follow the recent rubber 'craze' in England, and the persistant 'bear' attacks on business in general through the United States. This has been accomplished by the banks acting cautiously and refusing at times to furnish the brokers with all the funds wanted to keep the stock market in continual excitement. This, however, had effect in holding back to some extent reckless speculation and giving the brokers an opportunity of readjustment and placing the market on a more reassuring basis. The London and New York market situation in the opinion of some local bankers, reflects the good judgment of the bankers of those cities.

In Montreal, it is only reasonable to say that our bankers are doing the best for the country at large, and if their policy appears to depress any one particular branch or line of business, it is with the intent to later bring success to all interests. Under such circumstances it is only reasonable to ask brokers as well as investors to have patience, and with the successful financing in a month or two of the crops and the fulfilment of commerce demands, the stock market can then reasonably expect more favorable consideration from the banks, with every possibility of lower rates, and a freer distribution of funds.

Local Stocks Quiet —Wall Street Rallied

There was scarcely any life on the local market this afternoon and prices were weak, although Steel remained steady.

New York rallied at the close.

The stock market opened with some show of strength, but prices were soon weakened by declines in Wall street, brought about largely by a lack of demand for stocks.

Steel Corporation declined from 56 1-2 to 55 1-4, while Iron preferred went down to 100 1-4, but on petty sales Soo Common weakened to 124 1-2, after opening at 125 1-2. Quebec Railway remained fairly firm.

New York, July 18.—The opening was dull and heavy, notwithstanding the highly favorable bank statement published on Saturday, and the belief that New York had obtained the entire £700,000 gold received in London from South Africa. This opening was undoubtedly a disappointment to the bulls, and, when, shortly after the opening, prices began to sag off, traders were inclined to get out of their long stocks and take the other side.

The appearance of real liquidation in Amalgamated caused that stock to lead the decline, but heavy selling in Steel, Union Pacific, Reading and other prominent issues soon followed with the result that the market turned extremely weak and leading issues dropped off from two to three points during the first two hours. Good support has been furnished on the decline, and market has rallied fractionally, prices holding steady, but dull around their present level.

Sales, 318,600.

Stocks in London

London, July 18.—American stocks in London showed gains of 1-8 to 3-8 in afternoon, after reacting a little from early prices. Rest of the market was quiet. Consols rather heavy, and copper stocks irregular. Money was plentiful, and may be expected to continue so for some time to come. Foreign houses expected to buy a little stock on balance.

Apple Crop Not Too Good in Annapolis Valley

Ottawa, July 18.—The Trade and Commerce Department is informed that the outlook for the apple crop in the Annapolis valley is bad. Last year 700,000 barrels were gathered, but this year it is anticipated that the crops will be but between 250,000 and 400,000 barrels, the latter being the most optimistic forecast.

BEST HAY IN DEMAND.

A large demand for the better grades of hay continues. No. 1 hay, $14.50 to $15; extra No. 2, $13.50 to $14; No. 2, $12 to $12.50; clover mixed, $10.50 to $11, and clover, $9 to $10.

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Montreal.

JOHNNY CANUCK WILL BEAT THE BEAR.

That the 'bear' has been tolerated long enough in places where and at a time when his presence is quite out of place is now the growing conviction in this country. In fact many people have become so tired of his presence that they are planning to use all possible means to have him chased away.

It is unfortunate that precise information as to crop conditions is so difficult to obtain. The alternate daily reports of drought and rains in critical areas tend to produce in the average investor's mind a general distrust of all crop information.

At the same time, the broad fact remains that never in years has the assurance of bountiful crops meant so much to the trade position of Canada, nor have good crops ever been so fundamental a consideration in the immediate prosperity of the country, as they are this year. We will have them.

Quebec, July 18.—The rapid completion of the improvements, and extensions to the Quebec Street Railway, Light and Power merger is the one leading ambition of the management of that ambitious corporation.

The work of carrying on the enlargements to the entire system is being rushed with all possible expediency, and it is expected that by September 1 next the greater portion of the programme will have been carried out, when Quebec city and district will possess one of the most modern traction services in the country.

Mr. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., of Montreal, president of Quebec Street, was in the city on Saturday, and in conversation with the 'Witness' he said that above all things in connection with the new merger was the remarkable increase in earnings during the few months the company has been operated by the present management.

'Everything is working out beyond expectations,' said Mr. Forget, 'and I expect to see Quebec Street Railway a big factor before long in the growth and expansion of the entire Quebec district. I am greatly pleased with present conditions and prospects.'

MR. HEPBURN, OF NEW YORK, SEES ACTIVITY HERE

Mr. A. B. Hepburn, president of the Chase National Bank of New York who has been visiting this city, was evidently much impressed with the commercial, financial and shipping conditions and facilities here.

'While in Montreal,' said Mr. Hepburn, 'I was struck with the splendid and spacious harbor facilities, from which I realize one of the principal causes of the slow growth of New York shipping. It is not much wonder that Montreal is taking away much of the grain shipments to Europe, and other eastern countries. The facilities for handling grain at Montreal are perfect and such cargo can be handled much cheaper there than at New York harbor.'

'The Canadian banking facilities are also wonderful. The system under which they do business through Canadian banks is well calculated to serve the demands of a growing, progressive and booming country, which Canada is.'

Dominion Bank Report Shows Large Earnings

For the first six months of the present year the Dominion Bank shows net profits at its rate of 16¼ percent, per annum, which compares with 15½ percent last year. Deposits show an increase of $6,500,000. Total assets are now $61,200,000, being an increase of over $7,700,000.

Big G.T.R. Increase

The Grand Trunk Railway traffic earnings from July 8 to 14 show the gratifying increase as follows:

1910	$921,045
1909	$789,746
Increase	$131,299

Sales of Cobalts

Following were the Montreal Mining Exchange quotations furnished by Fraser & DesRosiers, Stock Brokers, 91 St. Francois Xavier street, to the 'Witness' to-day:—

	Bid.	Asked.
Beaver	20½	21
Black Mines Con.	3¾	4
British-American	2	3
Chambers-Ferland	19½	19¾
Cobalt Central	8	9
Cobalt Lake	15½	16½
Cobalt Twins	17½	20
Coniagas	460	510
City of Cobalt	23¼	25
Crown Reserve	255	261
Dr. Reddick-Com.	1	2
Everett Lake	1	1½
Floyd	2	3
Foster	10	15
Gifford	4¼	7
Green Meehan	1¾	2
Kerr Lake	800	812½
La Rose	407	409
Little Nipissing	16¼	17
McKin.-Dar.-Sav.	90	95
Nancy Helen	4	5¼
Nipissing	1055	1080
Nova Scotia	31	35
Ophir	19¾	20¼
Otisse	3½	4
Peterson Lake	19	19½
Rochester	15¼	15½
Silver Alliance	—	12
Silver Bar	4½	5½
Silver Leaf	6¾	7
Silver Queen	5	10
Temiskaming	61	62
Trethewey	123	124
Union Pac. Cobalt	2⅛	2⅜

MORNING SALES.

Beaver, 1500 at 21.
Crown Reserve, 200 at 2.60.
Silver Queen, 250 at 10.
Union Pacific, 20,000 at 2¼, 2000 at 2⅛, 12,500 at 2, 5000 at 2⅛, 5000 at 2.
Wyandoh, 1000 at 25.

New York Bank Statement Makes Good Showing

The weekly New York bank statement, issued to-day, made a very favorable showing with large increase in supplies, reserves and grain in cash.

The daily average of surplus reserves increased $15,816,100 and now totals $27,142,650, as compared with $34,569,000 a year ago. Reserves less U. S. increased $15,806,900, loans decreased $19,542,200, specie increased $11,927,000, legals increased $2,023,300, deposits decreased $7,463,200 and circulaion decreased $11,200.

Actual cash reserves are now 27.87 percent of deposits.

Duluth-Superior Earnings

The earnings of the Duluth-Superior Traction Company for the second week in July shows an increase of $3320, or 17.4 percent over the same week of the previous year.

Earnings for the month to date give an increase of $5623, or 13.6 percent, while those for the year to date exhibit an increase of $68,816, or 14.2 percent.

C.P.R. Earnings

The Canadian Pacific Railway earnings from July 14 to 21 show a splendid increase of $307,000.

MORNING BOARD.

Ex. Div. to-day. Dom. Coal Pfd., 3½ percent. Books close.
Telephone, 3 at 143.
Pacific, 130 at 185½, 100 at 185.
Detroit, 25 at 43¾, 20 at 44.
Toronto Ry., 45 at 116.
Shawinigan, 50 at 94.
Rich. & Ont., 25 at 79.
Quebec Ry., 5 at 40, 50 at 39½, 5½ at 40, 425 at 39½.
Street Ry., 25 at 232.
Illinois Pr., 35 at 89⅛, 5 at 89, 1 at 90.
Soo Com., 250 at 125½, 25 at 124⅞, 25 at 125, 25 at 124⅝, 75 at 124½, 75 at 124¾, 25 at 124⅞.
Steel Corp., 55 at 56½, 10 at 56¼, 1 at 57, 5 at 56½, 25 at 56¼, 60 at 56, 50 at 55½, 125 at 55¼, 50 at 55½, 60 at 55¼.
Black Lake, 25 at 27½.
Crown Res., 5 at 270, 400 at 263.
Mackay pref., 15 at 74½.
Asbestos, 25 at 17, 25 at 16½, 25 at 17.
Iron pref., 10 at 102, 2 at 101¾, 1 at 100¼.
Cement pref., 100 at 81½.
Scotia, 25 at 80, 35 at 79¾.
Switch com., 1 at 105.
Royal Bank, 25 at 240.
Mer. Bank, 1 at 177.
Bank of Montreal, 3 at 246.
Iron bonds, $10,000 at 93½, $10,000 at 93¼.
Street Ry bonds, $1000 at 104.
Cement bonds, $500 at 99½ cash, $1,000 at 98.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Steel Corp.—10 at 55 3-4, 25 at 56, 5 at 56 1-4.
Textile Bonds Set C.—$2,000 at 74.
Can. Conv.—50 at 35.
Cement Pfd.—1-4 at 81 1-2, 5 at 82.
Asbestos Pfd.—25 at 75.
Detroit Ry.—5 at 42 1-2.
Quebec Ry. Bds.—$1,000 at 80 1-2.
Laurentide Pfd.—50 at 135.
Steel Pfd.—5 at 102.
Rich. & Ont.—10 at 79 1-2.
Street Railway—50 at 231, 25 at 231, 50 at 230, 25 at 229 1-2, 20 at 230, 25 at 229 1 2, 25 at 229 1-2.
Toronto Railway—5 at 116, 10 at 116.
Scotia—50 at 80, 50 at 80, 25 at 80, 25 at 80, 50 at 79 3-4.
Montreal Telegraph—30 at 150.
Royal Bank—25 at 240.
Crown Reserve—100 at 263.
Dominion Iron Bonds—$1,000 at 93 1-4.

LARGE GOLD ENGAGEMENT.

New York, July 18.—Engagement of gold just announced by Lazard Freres makes a total of $4,000,000 engaged for import, and by that firm on this movement.

CHEESE AND BUTTER.

The local cheese market is firm with western quoted at 11c to 11 1-4 cents, and eastern at 10 3-4c to $10 7-8c.

Butter is steady at 23c to 23 1-2c for finest creamery.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by C. D. Monk, Hospital St., Local Manager of J. S. Bache & Co., New York, by direct wire. Opening and closing prices.

July 18th 1910.

Stocks	Op'g.	Clos.	Stocks	Op'g.	Clos.
Amal. Cop.	58⅝	58¾	Miss. Pac.	59⅛	59¼
Amer. Loco.	39	39	Min.St.P.&	....	....
do. pfd	....	....	Ste. M.	125	125
Am. Sugar	....	....	do. pfd.	....	....
do. pfd.	....	....	Mex. Cent.	....	....
Am. Smelt.	68¼	68¾	N.Y.C.&H	114¼	114
Am. Car F'y	50	49⅝	Erie R.R.	25	24¾
Am. St'l F'y	51⅛	50¼	do. I pfd	41	41
do. pfd.	....	....	do. II. pfd.	....	....
Am. Wool.	27½	27¼	N.Y.O.&W.	....	....
Anaconda	38¼	37	No. Pacific	117¼	117
Atchison	98¾	98¾	Nor.&W.	....	....
do. pfd.	....	100	Pac. Mail	....	....
Balt.& Ohio	108⅝	109	Penn R.R.	128	128
do. pfd.	....	....	Press. Steel	32¼	32¼
Br klyn R.T.	77¼	76¾	do. pfd.	....	....
Cen. Leather	....	31½	Peo. Gas	106¾	106
Can. Pac.	185¼	185¾	Phil.&Read	143¼	141¾
Chic. Gt. W.	23½	23½	do. I pfd.	....	....
Ches & O.	73⅝	73½	do. II pfd.	....	....
Chic. & Alt.	....	....	Rock Island	32¼	32¾
Chic.&N.W	142	142	Ry. St'l Sp'g	....	....
C.M.&St.P.	122⅜	122¼	Rep. I&S.	30¼	30
Col. South.	....	....	do. pfd.	91	91
Con. Gas	134¼	133½	South. Ry.	....	23½
Col. Fuel.	31½	31¾	do. pfd.	55½	54½
Corn Prod.	14⅛	14⅛	South. Pac.	114¼	113½
do pfd.	....	....	Sloss-Sheffi	....	....
Det. U. R.	....	....	Tenn. C.&I.	....	....
Del.L.&W.	....	....	Tex. Pacific	28	28
Del.& Hud.	158½	158⅜	Toledo Rys.		
Den.& R.G	....	30¼	and Light	....	....
do pfd.	70	70	Twin City	....	....
Dul.S.S.&At.	....	....	U.S. Steel	70¼	70
do. pfd.	....	....	do. pfd	....	....
Gt. Nor. Ry.	121	122½	U.S. Rubber	36¼	36
Gen Elec.	....	....	do. pfd.	107⅛	107⅝
Hav. Elec.	....	....	Union Pc.	162⅛	161½
Iowa Cent.	....	....	do. pfd.	....	91½
Ill. Central	....	128½	Wabash	17	17
Inter Pump	....	....	do. pfd.	38	36
Kan. & Tex.	32¾	32	W.U. Tel.	61	61
do. pfd	....	....	Wis. C. com.	....	....
L & Nash.	142⅛	143	do. pfd.	....	....

FLOUR MARKET ACTIVE.

The demand for flour continues active, and prices are now as follows:—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.10; seconds, $5.60; winter wheat patents, $5.40 to $5.50; Manitoba strong bakers, $5.40; straight rollers, $5.10 to $5.20, and extras, $1.90 to $2.

Member of Parliament From the West Speaks Dolefully of the Crops

Ottawa, July 18.—Mr. G. H. Bradbury, M.P. for Selkirk, Man., is in Ottawa on his way to Europe, where he will spend a couple of months. He brings from the West rather disturbing reports of the prospects for this year's wheat crop. He estimates that it will not exceed ninety or one hundred million bushels of wheat, or in other words, an average of eight or nne bushels to the acre.

Competition for Gold

London, July 18.—Practically all of the $3,000,000 in gold avalabe on the market to-day was purchased for the United States at a half penny advance. There was some competition for this gold from Continental points.

Toronto Cobalt Sales

Toronto, July 18.—Amalgamated, 500 at 7¾, 500 at 7⅞. Beaver, 2000 at 20¾, 2000 at 20½, 1000 at 20⅞, 700 at 21. Chambers, 1000 at 19¾. Cobalt Lake, 1000 at 16. Crown Reserve, 100 at 160½. Hargarves, 400 at 18 500 at 17½. Lit. Nip., 1000 at 17, 500 at 16⅞. Otisse, 1000 at 4½ future. Rochester, 500 at 15, 2500 a 15½, 2500 at 15½, 1000 at 15 3-8. Silver Leaf, 500 at 6¾. Temiskaming, 150 at 63, 1000 at 62, 200 at 61½. Tretheway, 600 at 122, 600 at 123. Wetlaffer, 500 at 65.

More News of Wheat Crop —Damage Not so Serious

Mr. C. C. Ballantyne, Harbor Commissioner, is in recipt of a number of crop reports from the west, among which is one from Mr. Hugh Baird, of Norris and Company, Winnipeg, which says:—

'I can well understand that the eastern papers have all kinds of estimates on this crop, and the people who sent them out are all sincere in their views. I believe that to-day's prospects promise a crop of something over ninety million bushels of wheat. I am a firm believer in considerable damage having been done in the three provinces, but taking the crop as a whole, I think to-day the promise offers a yield of close to a hundred million bushels of wheat.'

Another report from the same city says:—

'Personally, I am at the present time counting on a hundred millions. This is a small yield on our area of 8,500,000 acres, but it is far indeed from being a toal failure.

'To-morrow I will receive some 225 telegrams covering all parts of the west, and these should give me a prett fair idea of actual conditions. These will be published in the 'Free Press' on Thursday morning.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE.

EAst Buffalo, N.Y., July 18.—Cattle receipts 3600 head; heavy solw, barely steady; others active and strong to 10c higher; prime steers, $7.65 to $8.00; shipping, $6.75 to $7.50; butchers, at $5.25 to $7.25; heifers, $4.50 to $7.00; cows, $2.75 to $5.75; bulls, $3.50 to 5.75; stockers and feeders, $4.25 to $5.00; stock heifers, $3.50 to $4.25; fresh cows and springers, steady to $2 $2 higher, $26 to $66.

Veals, receipts 1500 head, active and 50c higher, $7 to $10.25.

Hogs, receipts 0,000 head, slow; and Yorkers, 10c to 15c lower; others are steady; heavy $8.90 to $9.10; mixed, $9.10 to $9.25; Yorkers, $9.40 to $9.75; pigs, $9.75 to $9.85; roughs, $7.65 to $7.85; stags, $6 to 6.75; dairies, 8.50 to $9.60.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 3600 head, active; sheep, 25c; lambs 50c higher; lambs, $5.50 to $7.00; yearlings, $5.50 to $6; wethers, $4.75 to $5.25; ewes, $3.75 to $4.25; sheep mixed, $3.00 to $4.75.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Company, Bell Telephone Building, Montreal, report the following Chicago quotations today as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	110¾	111¼	110	110¼b
Sept	108¼	109	107⅜	107¾
Corn—				
July	60	60¾	59¾	59⅞
Sept	61⅜	62⅜	61⅛	61⅜
Oats—				
July	....	41¾	41½	41¾
Sept	39⅞	39½	....	39½
Pork—				
July	....	....	....	25.50
Sept	21.55	21.65	21.42	21.52b
Lard—				
July	....	11.70	11.57	11.62
Sept.	11.80	11.80	11.65	11.72
Short Ribs—				
July	12.10	12.10	11.90	11.92
Sejt	11.55	11.65	11.45	1.52

INGERSOLL QUOTATIONS.

Ingersoll, July 18.—Red wheat, 93c to 95c per bushel; white wheat, 93c to 95c; barley, 57c to 59c; peas, 80c to 83c; corn, 65c to 67c; oats, 36c to 39c; flour, $2.50 to $2.75 per cwt.; bran, $22 to $23; shorts, $23 to $24; cornmeal, $3.75 to $4; oatmeal, $3.75 to $4; butter, 24c to 26c; creamery, 30c to 32c; eggs, 18c to 20c; potatoes, 60c to 75c; live hogs, $8.85 to $9; hides, $8 to $8.25; hay, $10 to $11.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKETS.

Chicago, July 18.—Cattle receipts estimated at 25,000; market 10c to 15c lower; beeves, $5.20 to $8.50; Texas steers, $4.40 to $6.50; western steers, $5.00 to $7.00; stockers and feeders, at $3.60 to $5.70; cows and heifers, $2.65 to $6.75; calves, $6.75 to $8.75.

Hogs receipts estimated at 21,000; market steady; light, $8.60 to $8.90; mixed, $8.50 to $8.90; heavy, $8.20 to $8.75; rough, $8.20 to $8.35; good to choice heavy, $8.35 to $8.75; pigs, at $8.60 to $9.00; bulk of sales, $8.40 to $8.70.

Sheep receipts estimated at 40,000; market mostly 25c lower; native, $2.50 to $4.00; western, $2.35 to $4.00; yearlings, $ to $4.85; lambs native, $4.25 to $6.25; western, $4 to $6.25.

NO CHANGE IN EGGS.

Sales of selected stock were made at 21c, and straight receipts at 17c to 17 1-2 per dozen. Second grade lower province eggs are offered at 12 1-2 to 13c per dozen.

B.C. PACKERS NOW ENJOYING HEAVY TRADE

Mr. Jarvis.

Toronto, July 18.—The annual meeting of the British Columbia Packers Association was held to-day at Vancouver. The year's business was most successful in all departments, with prices very good. A quantity of preferred stock series has been redeemed at satisfactory figures, notwithstanding the fact that last year was the year of the big run.

Mr. Aemilius Jarvis, of this city, vice-president of the Packers' Association, is exceedingly well pleased with the financial position in which the company finds itself at the present time. He is confident that trade will develop, and that the future outlook for Packers' is a matter for satisfaction on the part of the official of the company as well as the shareholders.

AMONG THE MEMBERS -ON- CHANGE

The increasing number of letters being received by local Board of Trade from European and other foreign countries all over the world, in which are couched a proposal for opening up new markets for Canadian produce and manufactures, shows the growing importance of the Dominion and the increasing commercial regard for it by the older countries.

Mr. W. W. Moore, chief of markets division of the Department of Agriculture branch of the Dairy and Cold Storage Commission, writes the local board that Messrs. P. Larusso and Co. Via Piccinni, No. 40 Baré, Italy, wish to get into touch with Canadian grain mer to work up a business between the two countries.

Mr. S. S. Pratt, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, sent Mr. Hadrill, secretary of the Board of Trade here, a memorial of the late King Edward, containing proceedings of the meeting held on June 2, when appropriate resolutions were adopted relating to the death of his late Majesty upon the motion of the Hon. Joseph H. Choate, formerly United States Ambassador to England.

The following gentlemen were introduced on 'Change this morning:—Mr. Leo Larocque, of Chicago, by Mr. A. Bergevin; Mr. J. E. McKee, of Chicago, by Mr. Jos. Quintal; Capt. H. J. Stephens, of SS. 'Saskatoon,' by Mr. J. S. Randell, and Mr. Dudley Dingle, of

Birkenhead Cattle

(Canadian Associated Press.)

John Rogers and Company, of Liverpool, cable to-day that trade was firm in the Birkenhead market and Saturday's quotations were well maintained, very little choice quality here which met a good demand, full quotations as follows states steers from 15 to 15½ cents; Canadians from 14½ to 15 cents, and fed ranchers from 13 to 13½ cents per pound.

Sales of Unlisted

Following are this morning's sales of unlisted securities:

La Rose, 60 at 405, 75 at 400. Wyandoh, 5000 at 25, 800 at 25, 3000 at 25¼, 2000 at 25¼.

BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS.

London, July 7.—To-day's supply of beasts consisted of fat cows and bulls, trade for which ruled steady at late rates. Top prices paid per 8 lbs.—Fat cows, 3s 10d to 4s; fat bulls, 3s 6d to 4s 3d. Sheep trade ruled extremely slow for both wedders and ewes, but late rates governed most transactions. Lambs shared in slow trade at about Monday's prices. Best pens made per 8 lbs.—7½ to 8 st. down sheep, 5s 8d to 5s 10d; 10 st. half-breds, 4s 10d to 5s; 10 st. ewes, 3s 6d to 3s 8d. Calf trade ruled slow. Quotations per 8 lbs.—Sheep, 3s 6d to 5s 10d; calves, 3s 10d to 5s 4d; 4s 8d to 6s. Total supply—Beasts, 30; sheep and lambs, 1170; calves, 35; milch cows, 5.

London, July 7.—Good supplies and very slow trade; chilled beef finishing lower. English beef, 4s 2d to 4s 4d; Scotch sides, 4s 6d to 4s 10d; shorts, 5s 0d to 5s 4d; Deptford and Liverpool killed, 4s 2d to 4s 4d; refrigerated hindquarters, best, 4s 4d to 4s 6d; do., seconds, 4s 0d to 4s 2d; forequarters, 2s 8d to 2s 9d; Argentine chilled hindquarters, 2s 8d to 2s 10d; forequarters, 1s 10d to 2s 0d. Mutton—Scotch wedders, 5s 0d to 5s 4d; tegs, 5s 0d to 5s 4d; ewes, 3s 0d to 3s 4d; English wedders, 4s 4d to 4s 8d; ewes, 3s 0d to 3s 4d; Dutch sheep, 4s 4d to 5s 0d; English lamb, 4s 8d to 5s 4d; veal, 4s 0d to 5s 0d; English pork, 4s 6d to 4s 10d; Dutch do., 4s 6d to 4s 8d per 8 lbs.

The Steel Company of Canada, Limited.
6%
First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Gold Bonds Due 1940.
Prospectus containing full particulars will be mailed upon request.
Price 101½ and interest.
To yield over 5⅞%.
Royal Securities Corporation, Limited
164 St. James Street, Montreal
Toronto Quebec Halifax

BRYANT BROTHERS & CO.
84-88 St. Francois Xavier St. Montreal.
BANKERS and BROKERS
AND
DEALERS IN
COBALT STOCKS
Branch Office - - - - Cobalt

MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, OF SCOTLAND,
11 Place D'Armes (Quebec Bank Bldg.).
Resident Partner, Telephone
David S. Kerr, C.A., (Scot.). 794 Main.

PAST WEEK NOT HEAVY ONE FOR COBALT CAMP

Cobalt shipments for the week ended July 15 were lighter than usual, weighing in all 529.65 tons, with nine mines in th list of contributors.

Cobalt Townsite reappears as a shipper. They have been taking good ore out of the extension of some of the Right of Way veins for some time, and this week made a 24 ton high grade shipment to Perth Amboy.

This is the second shipment this year, and the third since the reorganization of the company and the flotation of bonds in England.

The shipments for the week in lbs. and approximate values were:

Kerr Lake, 5 low	300,000
Nipissing, 1 high, 2 low	239,000
La Rose, 1 high, 1 low	152,000
McKinley Darr., 2 high	95,980
Chambers Ferland, 1 low	64,000
Crown Reserve, 1 low	64000
Buffalo, 1 high	54,000
Townsite, 1 high	48,860
Hargraves, 1 high	41,370
Total	1,059,200

Gaspe Salmon Nearly Finished—Fish Prices

The season for Gaspe or Restigouche salmon is nearly over, and prices have advanced. Haddock and cod are plentiful. Lake fish and brook trout are scarce.

Following are this week's prices, according to Leonard Brothers:—

Fresh.—Halibut, express, per pound, 8c; market cod, 4c; haddock, 4½c; steak cod (heads off, 5c; Salmon Gaspe, fancy, 18c; lake trout, 12c; white fish, small, 12c; brook trout, do., 25c; blue fish, fancy, 15c; sea bass, 10c; mackerel (fancy, large), 12c; flounders, 10c.

Smoked.—New haddies, 15-lb. boxes, per lb., 8c; new kippers, per half box, $1.10; new bloaters, per box, $1; new smoked herring, per box, 13c; boneless smoked herring, 10-lb. boxes, $1.

'Sealshipt' oysters, solid meats, $2 per gallon; bulk oysters, $1.50 per gallon, and live lobsters, 25 cents per pound.

Birkenhead Market

(Canadian Associated Press.)

Liverpool, July 18.—John Rogers and Company, Liverpool, cable Saturday, that owing to the weather being excessively hot thrade in the Birkenhead market was very slow, the best small cattl were in good demand, and prices for these were well maintained, but there was a reduction of from ¼ to ½ cent per pound on last week's quotations for rougher sorts, full quotations being for states steers from 15 to 15½c per pound; Canadians, from 14½c to 15c; fed ranches from 12c to 13½c.

Cattle Trade Brisk

Glasgow, July 18.—Edward Watson and Ritchie report 519 cattle ex 'Lakonia,' trade brisk at the following quotations, top quality steers, 16c; secondary, 14½c, and inferior, 13½c; bulls, 13c to 13¼c; secondary, 12c to 12½c per pound.

Hogs Killed Last Week

London, July 18.—Hogs killed last week in Ireland totalled 7500, and in Denmark, 28,500.

LIVE STOCK MARKET. July 18.

About 1100 head of butchers' cattle, 300 calves, 400 sheep and lambs, and 700 hogs, were offered for sale at the Point St. Charles stockyards to-day. The offerings of live stock at this market during the week were 2300 cattle, 800 calves, 750 sheep and lambs, and 1200 hogs. Choice cattle were scarce and brought firm rates, but there were about 200 head of range cattle which helped to reduce the prices of pretty good stock, and some of the common stock were thinner than usual. Mr. Joseph Richard bought 10 choice Toronto steers at near 7¼c per lb.; cows from the ranges sold at 5c to 5½c per lb., and the steers at 5¾c to 6¼c per lb. The common stock sold at from 3c to 4½c per lb. calves sold at from $3 to $13 each, or 3¼c to 5½c per lb. Sheep sold at about 4¾c per lb., lambs at about 7¾c per lb. Good lots of hogs sold at 10c to near 10¼c per lb.

BUSINESS FAILURES HERE.

Business failures in Canada this week totalled 26, as compared with 26 last week and 26 a year ago.

WESTERN FLOUR ADVANCE.

Winnipeg, July 18.—Western Canada flour mills announce another advance of 20 cents per 100 in all grades. Last week a similar advance was made due to advance of wheat prices.

NO CHANGE IN OATS.

There is no change in oats which quote at 44½ to 45 cents for Canadian Western No. 2, and 43½ to 44 cents for No. 3.

A BOND THAT OFFERS SAFETY ALONG WITH AN ATTRACTIVE YIELD

With the cost of living increasing as rapidly as it is everyone is forced to look about to secure a larger return on capital.

The difficulty sometimes is to get an investment that is sure to offer safety along with an attractive yield.

Right at the top of such a class are the First Mortgage Bonds of successful Canadian Milling Companies. We are offering to yield the full 6% a small amount of the 6% First Mortgage Gold Bonds of Canadian Cereal & Milling Co., Limited, at par and interest.

Special Circular on Application.

INVESTMENT TRUST CO., Limited
MONTREAL.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A Half-Yearly Dividend of Three and One-Half Per Cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of DOMINION COAL COMPANY, Limited, payable August 1st, 1910, to Shareholders of record at the closing of the Books on July 18th, 1910.

Transfer Books of the Preferred Stock will be closed from July 19th to August 1st, both day inclusive.

By order of the Board,
C. S. CAMERON,
Secretary.

Montreal, 8th July, 1910.

CHERRIES ARE NEARING END —OTHER FRUIT

Canadian cherries will be off the market by the end of the present week, according to local fruit dealers. The season is the shortest of any fruit and only lasts about two weeks.

Oranges are scarce and lemons continue scarce, but with no change of price. Other fruits exhibit no change.

Following are this week's f.o.b. prices of the Peterson Fruit Company:—

California.—Oranges, Valencia late, 150, 176, 200, per box, $5; pears, $4, plums, $2; peaches, $2; cantaloupes, per crate, $6.50.

Cherries.—Canadian, large baskets, per basket, $2; pineapples, Floridas, 24, 30, 36, per crate, $3.50; cocoanuts, 100 size, per bag, $4.25; dates, Hallowee, per pound, 4¾c; dates, in 1-pound packages, per package, 7c; figs, new 2¼ inch, per pound, 10c.

Bananas.—Jamaicas, green and loose, per bunch, $1.50 to $1.75; packed, per crate, $2 to $2.25; lemons, 'Marconi verdellis, fancy 300's, per box, $7; lemons choice, per box, 50c; potatoes, new, per barrel, $2.75; watermelons, each, 50c to 60c.

Onions.—Spanish, large cases, per case, $2.75; Egyptians, in bags, per pound, 3c; cabbage, Montreal, per dozen, 50c; cucumbers, Montreal, per dozen, 50c; blueberries, small boxes, about 6 quarts, per box, $1; limes, per 100, $1.40; raspberries, per box, 15c.

Nuts.—Peanuts, Bon Ton, roasted, 14c; French, 10c; almonds, shelled, 33c; Tarra, 15c; walnuts, shelled, 30c, green, 14c; filberts, 12c; Brazils, 17c.

WHAT GRAIN-MEN HAVE TO SAY

Grain men on 'Change are delighted with the crop prospects for Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The hay crop (half of it already cut), they say will be an excellent one.

The Chicago weather despatch says: 'Some rains corn belt east of Mississippi River; clear and cooler elsewhere over Sunday. Forecast: Generally fair, unchanged temperatures.'

Following are receipts on Saturday in carloads at Fort William a nd Port Arthur: No. 1 northern wheat 55; No. 2, 50; No. 3, 9; No. 4, 2; O.G., 8; total, 124 (as against 38 last year). Oats 48, barley 3, flax 1.

Following is the course of prices at Winnipeg this morning:

	Wheat. July.	Wheat. Oct.	Oats. July.	Oats. Oct.
Close	116½	108⅞	41¼	42¼
Open	118¾	110¾	42½	41
High	118¾	110¾	42½	44½
Low	118¼	110¾	42½	44½
Noon	118¼	110½	42¼	44½

HAMILTON QUOTATIONS.

Hamilton, July 18.—White wheat, per bushel, $1.08 to $1.10; red, $1.08 to $1.10; peas, 70c to 75c; barley, 55c to 60c; oats, 40c to 42c; corn, 63c to 65c; white wheat flour, per bushel, $1.25 to $4.50; strong bakers, $5 to $5.50; and dressed hogs, per cwt., $12 to $12.50; potatoes, per bag, of 90 lbs., 60c to 65c; butter in rolls, per lb., 23c to 25c; do., firkins, 18c to 20c; eggs, per dozen, 23c to 25c.

CITY OF MONTREAL
(Issued by Town of Emard)
Now Annexed
4½% Bonds
Due 1934. Interest payable 1st May and November.
Price to yield 4.20%
C. MEREDITH & COMPANY
LIMITED.
101 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET.

39 VEINS

have been located on the 200 acres of mining claims owned by the Arcadia Mining Co., near Hanging Stone Lake, Gowganda. This Company has already done, since the fall of 1909, about two miles of trenching, and uncovered 39 veins. One of these at 30 feet depth gave 327.2 oz. of silver to the ton, equal to $214.48, which assay is certified to by Provincial Analyst Milton Hersey, under date May 18, 1910.

Money is needed to carry on the work and 300,000 shares, par value $1.00, are offered at 10c to provide same. All promoters and owners' stock is pooled under agreement, and there will be no further stock offered at this low figure.

There are no great capitalists in this Company, no cash whatever to promoters, but there is an honest show for shareholder and a good chance to win out. If you have a few dollars to stake, send at once.

$10.00 Buys 100 SHARES

of $1.00, fully paid, non-assessable.

$100 BUYS 1000 SHARES AT $1.00 EACH.

Remember, the issue is limited, and no more stock will be offered at this price. Remit by bank draft, check, money order, to

BENJAMIN BURLAND
Financial Agent,
Member Montreal Board of Trade,
303 Board of Trade Building, Montreal

Prospectus and full particulars on application.

OIL! OIL! OIL!
Investigate the Oil Market.
Handsome profits made in Oil.
The Fuel of the Future.
We have several good stocks on our list.
Write, Wire or Phone.
W. W. MACCUAIG - Broker,
City and District Bank Building
180 ST. JAMES STREET

W. GRAHAM BROWNE & Co.
DEALERS IN BONDS
222 St. James Street, Montreal

C. D. SHELDON
INVESTMENT BROKER
A specialty made of INVESTMENTS in STANDARD RAILROAD and INDUSTRIAL STOCKS.
Call or write for full particulars regarding plan of investment.
ROOM 101, 180 ST. JAMES ST.,
MONTREAL.

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T. JAMES ST.,
REAL.

TRAINMEN AND CONDUCTORS CONFERRING WITH MR. HAYS AND G.T.R. VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Result of To-day's Negotiations Will Determine Whether or Not There is to be a Strike.

MEN VOTED ALMOST UNANIMOUSLY FOR STRIKE, AND G.T.R. PRESIDENT IS STANDING FIRM.

At 11.30 this morning the leaders in the dispute of the trainmen and conductors against the G. T. R. met Mr. Hays, the president of the company, and Messrs. Fitzhugh, Wainwright and Brownlee, vice-presidents, in the boaad room of the Grand Trunk offices for further discussion. The meeting wrs afterwards adjourned till 3 o'clock without arriving at any decision.

On the strike vote, which was counted yesterday, 3,350 men voted, andd less than fifty voted in opposition to a strike. The total number employed who have votes in this connection is stated to be from four to four thousand five hundred. Absence on holidays or from illness would account, no doubt, for some of those who hrave not voted, but not all, leaving it to be supposed that a considerable percentage were not willing to advocate, by their vote, any extreme course.

It was stated that the voting was considered so decisive that the leaders had reported to Mr. Chas. M. Hays, the president of the company, that unless the standard eastern territorial wages be granted a strike will certainly be called.

Mr. Berry, vice-president of the Conductors' Union, stated after the meeting had adjourned, that it was carried on in a most amicable manner, that there was no 'fighting,' and that the whole matter was a strictly business one. He would give no particulars of what had transpired.

Mr. Charles M. Hays is reputed to intend to stand absolutely firm to his offer of the wage increase of 18 per cent, which included acceptance of the findings of the Board of Conciliation, or the proposal he suggested to replae it, and will not give way any further.

The C. P. R. End of the Dispute.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy arrived this morning from a brief holiday at St. Andrews-by-the-Sea. It is expected that the C.P.R. president will shortly meet the Trainmen and Conductors' committee, with a view to settling the matters which have not yet been arranged in the dispute between them and the company.

TELEGRAPHERS THREATEN STRIKE.

The Grand Trunk Railway telegraphers, who are demanding increases averaging 10 or 12 per cent. and extra pay for Sunday work, decided, as the result of a vote which closed yesterday, to strike unless the demands were met. Eighty per cent. voted in favor. Mr. D. Campbell, vice-president for Canada of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, states that Mr. Hays has been notified of the position, and if the G.T.R. refuse the men will take steps to enforce their demands.

MAYOR WILL TRY TO PREVENT STRIKE.

Letter From His Worship to the Master Builders and Men Recommends Arbitration.

As chief citizen of Montreal, Mayor Guerin is determined to do what he can towards bringing the builders and stone masons strike to a finish, and for this purpose to-day he addressed the following letter to the representatives of the masters at the Builders' Exchange, and of the men at the Labor Temple:

Dear Sir.—

Friends of both sides having conferred with me in the matter of the builders' strike now going on, and representing that in view of the fact that our season is so short, and that any unnecessary delay in closing this matter will cause suffering to the workmen as well as great inconvenience to builders, I would suggest that both interested parties name each a committee of three persons to confer together with me in the City Hall, in order that, if possible, difficulties may be removed and peace established.

J. J. GUERIN,
Mayor.

When asked by a 'Witness' reporter whether he thought the men would accept this invitation, Mr. Joseph Ainey said that he was sure they would.

'The men, I am certain,' he said, 'will be only too pleased to have the whole matter properly thrashed out, and the mayor's invitation will give them an opportunity to do this. Their point of view is very smple, they want recognition. The contractors, however, seem to think it beneath their dignity to give this recognition or to give contracts for labor. A builder will give a contract for bricks, or cement, or timber, without loss of dignity, but for the greatest of all—human labor, he will not deign to argue. It is a strange position. Still, I hope the conference will take place and that some good will come from it.'

At the Labor Temple it was stated that the men were quite willing to meet the masters and talk things over. such conferences were always productive of good even if they did not take direct effect at the time. 'We are not men of iron refusing to bend,' said Mr. Izzard. 'We are reasonable, every-day sort of people, but we have to protet ourselves because nobody else will if we don't.'

At the Builders' Exchange, Mr. Lauer, the secretary, refused to discuss the matter for the present, but it was understood that as soon as the mayor's letter arrives it will be placed before the members in order that they can decide what action to take. It is generally felt that for either side to refuse to send delegates to such a conference will considerably weaken public sympathy towards them.

As soon as Mayor Guerin receives the replies of the two sides he will name a date upon which to hold the conference.

The contractors who are building the cathedral of St. John the Divine, one of the most superb structures in New York city, were threatened with a strike among their workmen because they had given out the contract for the organ casement to a firm who keep an open shop. The contractor applied to the United States Circuit Court for an injunction against the carrying out of the impending strike, which was granted by Judge Ward, of that court, who in doing so said as follows: 'The complainants are engaged in the manufacture of fine interior woodwork at East Cambridge, Mass., which they erect in places everywhere throughout the United States. They keep an open shop, employing union and non-union labor without discrimination. For this reason they are regarded as enemies by the United Brotherhood.'

'The right of workingmen to unite for their own protection is undoubted, and so is their right to strike peaceably because of grievances. But their right to combine for the purpose of calling out the workmen of other companies who have no grievance, or to threaten owners, builders and architects that their contracts will be held up if they or any of their sub-contractors use the complainant's trim, is quite another affair.

'To take the converse of the proposition, will the defendants admit that employers may combine to prevent any employer from using union labor? May the employers agree not to sell to, or to contract with, any one who deals with an employer who uses union labor? Either of these propositions is destructive of the right of freedom to labor, or to employ the labor of any one or laborer an employer wishes.'

'If the struggle is persisted in between labor and capital to establish a contrary view, ultimately either the workmen or the employers will be reduced to a condition of involuntary servitude.'

TO ABOLISH BAR.

Strong Temperance Body Formed in Welland County.

Welland, Ont., July 18. — At the county convention of the Temperance and Moral Reform League, the following resolution was passed: 'That this convention of temperance workers from the different municipalities in Welland county, form a Welland County Temperance and Moral Reform League, and that we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to abolish the bar throughout Welland county by a vote next January.' The Welland County Temperance and Moral Reform Association was formed, officers appointed, and business outlined for an active temperance campaign for voting this winter.

Hurt by Automobiles.

A cab was struck by an automobile on Saturday afternoon, at the corner of St. Lawrence Boulevard and Dorchester street. A woman, whose name was not taken, was slightly hurt. The car is the property of Alfred Ward, of Pointe aux Trembles. The woman was able to go to her home.

Later in the afternoon, another car driven by C. Leclair, struck a man named Isac Boisby, at the corner of Notre Dame and Moreau streets. He went home after receiving attendance from a doctor living near the corner.

PIANOS TO RENT

Pianos rented from $2.00 per month upwards. Six months' rent allowed if purchased. One-price system and easy terms of payment. Sole agency for Steinway and Pianola-Pianos. Daily demonstrations at NORDHEIMER'S, Limited, 585 St. Catherine street west. Phone Uptown 2664.

BACK RIVER NEWS.

The statement published in an evening contemporary that St. Andrew's Church, Ahuntsic, would give a smoking concert, has been emphatically denied by the officials of the church, who state they never even thought of, nor would think of, giving such an entertainment.

The three hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Riviere des Prairies (Back River) will be celebrated with great eclat at Sault au Recollet from August 12 to 14. On Friday night there will be an illumination of the river front and prizes will be given for the best decorated boats; on Saturday afternoon there will be a regatta, and on Sunday a grand open-air service will be held, the latter in commemoration of the martyrdom of the Recollet Father, the Rev. Nicolas Viel, and his Indian convert, Ahuntsic.

COMMISSION'S SESSION.

Halifax, July 18.—The royal commission on industrial training and technical education held its first session here to-day. The witnesses examined being Dr. McKay, Superintendent of Education, who described Nova Scotia's educational system, and Professor Sexton, director of technical education, who outlined the organization of Nova Scotia's technical college and technical schools.

The Injunction Case.

The pleadings in the Hyde & Webster injunction case were commenced this morning before Mr. Justice Guerin in court room No. 32. Mr. Laflamme, K.C., reviewed the evidence which had been heard on behalf of the plaintiffs, and made a strong plea in support of his side Mr. Lavallee, K.C., asssisted by Mr. Ryan, replied on behalf of the city

Three Years' Penitentiary.

Joseph Beaudoin appeared before Judge Leet in the Police Court this morning, on a charge of stealing a quantity of cloth, and was sentenced to a term of three years in the penitentiary. The accused has already served a number of terms in jail.

REPORT TO BE UNFAVORABLE

Sir John French, it is Announced, May Condemn Canada's Militia.

THROUGH INEFFICIENCY.

It is Expected That Reorganization on Modern Principles Will Follow.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, July 18.—A correspondent of the 'Times' understands that when General Sir John French's report is published it will disclose a state of military inefficiency in the Dominion that will probably be a revelation to most Canadians. The correspondent of the 'Times' add: 'I believe it will be found that General French, in the first place, condemns the whole existing conception of strategical requirements in the Canadian militia. This is oupled with the non-existence of a sound peace organization and an effective staff. He suggests from the very outset that the Dominion defence forces are in a bad way. If such a staff as exists does not understand the first principles in strategic distribution of its forces, then it is impossible for it to have a sound peace organization.'

The writer thinks, however, that although General French may ruthlessly condemn much that the Canadians thought good, yet he will furnish them with a model on which it will be possible to build quickly and surely, as General French is highly impressed by the material, intelligence and robust earnestness of the Canadian forces.

IS REFORMING CRIMINALS.

London, July 18.—Speaking here yesterday General Booth said the Salvation Army was leading the world in the treatment of the criminal classes, and during the coming week he would interview representatives of the leading colonies with a view to taking under the wing of the army hundreds if not thousands, of its criminals.

ARCHBISHOP'S ADDRESS.

London, July 18.—At a service dismissal held at Lambeth for the Revs. W. H. Mowatt and H. S. O. Creighton, and two laymen who are going to Western Canada, the Archbishop of Canterbury delivered an impressive address.

FIRE AT MANSONVILLE

Eleven Buildings Including Five Residences Were Destroyed.

The village of Mansonville, Que., was visited by a disastrous fire on Saturday morning, when eleven buildings were swept away, five of them being dwellings. The properties destroyed are:

Commercial House, value about $6.000; insurance, $2,500.

Seguin's meat market; loss, $2,000; insurance, $750.

Eastern Townships Bank, $500 insurance on fixtures.

George Holmes' store, same block as bank; insurance, $3,000. The loss on the block is estimated at $6,000.

Mayor Perkins' brick residence and outbuildings; loss $5,000; insurance small.

Mrs. Burhardt's residence, barns and outbuildings; loss $5,000; insurance $2,200.

The above figures a loss of $24,000, and it is believed to be a very conservative estimate of the value of the properties destroyed.

It was 2 a.m. when the fire was discovered by inmates of the hotel. It is not clear whether it originated in the hotel or meat market, which adjoins.

The alarm was given and the village aroused. It was at once apparent that a serious fire was under way. It spread rapidly. A bucket brigade was organized and did valiant work. In spite of these efforts the fire spread from building to building until eleven properties were aflame, including the properties on one entire corner of the village square. The greater portion of the contents of all the buildings went up in smoke, though some goods from a store were saved.

A big fight was put up to prevent the flames reaching the post office. Had the post office caught the fire would surely have spread farther.

Those in the hotel and in the residences which were attached made a hasty exit and all escaped.

The village is not incorporated, being still under the townships municipal rule. No fire fighting apparatus is owned by the village. There has recently been an agitation along this line, with an effort to bring about the incorporation of the village.

St Catharines, July 18.—A horrible drove in from the country around to witness the devastation wrought by the flames.

The blow is a severe one, but the village will undoubtedly soon be built up again.

Yesterday the safe of the Eastern Townships Bank was got out of the thick brick vault not much the worse for the fire. The manager is away on his vacation.

A pet monkey belonging to Mr. Jones, of the Commercial House, perished in the flames.

TRADE AGREEMENT.

Negotiations Between Canada and Japan to be Begun.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, July 18.—According to information learned in influential sources, negotiations of an important character affecting the commercial relations between Canada and Japan will be commenced immediately after the arrival of Earl Grey in Ottawa. The general outline of the negotiations have already been discussed between the Imperial authorities and Earl Grey and Mr. Fielding. Mr. James Bryce, the British ambassador at Washington, has been instructed to afford any assistance the Canadian Government may require.

THE PENALTY OF VICE.

Alice Briault, who was charged with keeping a disorderly house on St. Cuthbert street, was found guilty by Mr. Recorder Dupuis this morning, and fined $30 and costs. For keeping liquor for sale, and for selling liquor she was fined one hundred dollars.

CALL MONEY EASIER.

New York, July 18—Noon—Money on call easier at 2½ percent; prime mercantile paper, 5½ to 6 percent.

Exchanges 175,909,075; balances $8,-760,174.

Bargains for Men
GOING ON A VACATION.
Panama Hats $2.48
Summer Vests $1.00
Blue Serge Suits $10.00
WM. CURRIE
Clothier
423 Notre Dame St. W.

NEW JEWISH EDITOR

Dr. Wortsman Imprisoned in Russia, Escaped Siberia by Emigrating.

The editorial staff of the 'Jewish Daily Eagle' has undergone some change by the arrival in Montreal of Dr. Wortsman, who has accepted the position of editor-in-chief.

Dr. Wortsman, although a comparatively young man, has had quite an eventful career. In Russia, his native country, he was imprisoned because, after an investigation into the cause of the late massacres of the Jews, he had discovered and promulgated the fact that the Russian police had been accomplices in the outrages. He also had afterwards quite a difficult time in eluding the secret service of that country and emigrating to this continent, narrowly escaping Siberia. Dr. Wortsman was born in Russia, where he spent his youth, but later he took up his studies in Germany and Basle, Switzerland, at the university of which he received his Ph.D. and M.A. degrees. The new editor of the 'Eagle' commenced his literary career in Russia, where he was asistant editor of a daily newspaper. In New York he became editor of a Zionist newspaper. He also edited a journal in Boston, and was publisher and editor of the 'Jewish 'Future,' a monthly, in Yiddish, and several other journals. Dr. Wortsman is also the author of several works.

DR. WORTSMAN.

MEMBERS EXPELLED.

As Result of Controversy in Christian Science Church.

Boston, July 18—Sixteen of the practitioners who supported Mrs. Augusta Stetson in her controversy with the First Christian Science Church in New York City, have been dropped from membership by the board of directors of the mother church in Boston, according to a statement made to-day by Archibald McLellan, one of the Boston directors.

SOCIALISTS UNSEATED.

Paris, July 18.—M. Pressense, an old parliamentary stager, who represented a Paris ward in the Chamber of Deputies, has been unseated. He is a Socialist, and did not favor the recent execution of the 'Apache' Lisbeuf. This attitude cost him his seat.

ITALIAN DREW KNIFE.

On the complaint of Monique Budocius, who boards at 479 Moreau street, Mio Ruca, an Italian, was taken to the arm. The wound luckily did not prove east and will haave to face a charge of assault. The two men were quarrelling when Ruca drew his knife and dealt the other a severe cut on the arm. The woun luckily did not prove to be serious.

Stole From C. P. R.

Armand Brunet and Eugene Lalonde appeared before Judge Leet in the Police Court this morning, charged with stealing brass from the Canadian Pacific Railway. Brunet was sentenced to six months in jail and Lalonde one month.

A G. T. R. Promotion.

Mr. E. Walton, travelling car service agent of the G. T. R., has been promoted to be master of transportation in Montreal, succeeding Mr. Flaherty, who goes to Richmond as trainmaster. Mr. Walton has been twelve years with the G. T. R., first at Stratford, Ont., and for the last six years in this city.

SHIPPING NEWS

INWARD.

Megantic, arr. Montreal	July	17
Pomeranian, arr. Montreal	"	17
Hesperian, arr. Montreal	"	16
Spheroid, arr. Montreal	"	16
Montcalm, arr. Montreal	"	16
Lake Manitoba, arr. Montreal	"	17
St. Paul, arr. New York	"	17
Columbia, arr. New York	"	17
La Lorraine, arr. New York	"	17
Manitou, arr. Philadelphia	"	17
Cleveland, arr. New York	"	16
Cedric, arr. New York	"	16
Haverford, arr. Phila.	"	16
Hurona, left Middlesboro	"	16
Man. Mariner, left Manchester	"	16
Montreal, left London	"	15

OUTWARD.

Cervona, left Montreal	July	16
Manxman, left Montreal	"	16
Lake Erie, left Montreal	"	16
Bellona, left Montreal	"	16
Man. Importer, left Montreal	"	16
Willehad, left Montreal	"	16
Canada, eft Montrea	"	16
Crown of Arragon, left Montreal	"	16
Pretorian, left Montreal	"	16
Parisian, arr. Moville	"	16
Tomasso di Savoia, arr. Genoa	"	17
Verona, arr. Genoa	"	17
Montrose, arr. Antwerp	"	17
Laurentic, arr. Liverpool	"	17
Turcoman, arr. Avonmouth	"	17
California, arr. Moville	"	16
Caronia, arr. Liverpool	"	16
Lake Champlain, arr. Liverpool	"	16
Baltic, arr. Holyhead	"	16
Amerika, arr. Plymouth	"	16
Barbarossa, arr. Plymouth	"	16
St. Louis, arr. Southampton	"	16
Carpathia, arr. Gibraltar	"	16
America, arr. Naples	"	16

OCEAN VESSELS IN PORT.

Magdalen, Lake Manitoba, Hesperian, Spheroid, Manchester Engineer, Victorian, Pomeranian, Cairndon, Salacia, the Royal Edward, Carrigan Head, Montezuma.

MEGANTIC'S SALOON.

The Megantic arrived from Liverpool yesterday with the following saloon passengers: Miss Elizabeth Bacon, C. C. Balfour, Mrs. Balfour; G. H. Balfour, Miss Balfour; Stanley Barnes; Mrs. Braffett Braffett, B. R. Bechtel, Miss Marion L. Bethune, Miss M. V. Bethune; Hugh L. Bodilly, Mrs. Bodilly; J. H. Boulter, J. W. Breckon, the Rev. M. W. Britton, Mrs. J. M. Bullock; Mrs. Louise Burns, Miss Mary N. Cochrane, Addison Corneau, Mrs. Corneau, J. W. Cruthers, Mrs. Cruthers, A. O. Dawson, Miss Dean, Mrs. M. Deering, C. P. Douglas, Mrs. C. Easton, Miss K. D. Easton, Miss V. F. Easton, Miss K. E. Ewart; E. G. E. Ffolkes, Mrs. Ffolkes, J. D. Fletcher, Miss Marion Fox, Jas. C. Gibson, Hugh Glassford, Mrs. Glassford, W. H. Lockhart Gordon, Mrs. Gordon, J. W. Graham, Mrs. Wellington Gregg, Miss Enid Gregg, Miss E. Gregg, Mrs. J. McD. Grosart, Henry Hayword, Otto Honigmann, Mrs. L. G. Howland, Miss Howland, Charles Hutchins, Miss C. B. Hyde, George F. Johnston, Mrs. Johnston, Ernest D. Leverson, Miss Leverson, Miss P. MacArthur, Mrs J. Fraser Macdonald, John Macdonald, Sir W. H. Mahon, Lady Mahon, H. Mallalieu, H. Mallalieu, R. G. McPherson, Mrs. McPherson, Master Archie McPherson, Mrs. M. A. Mflerr, A. Mungall, Mrs. Charles Noyse, R. E. Parsons, the Rev. George W. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, John W. Peck, Mrs. Peck, J. R. Peck, Geo. W. Peck, the Rev. Arthur Chilton Powell, Mrs. Powell, Miss Dorothy Primrose, Miss Agnes Primrose, Miss E Schultz, Miss Shaw, Mrs. E. N. Short, Miss E. Short, Prof. H. M. Stephens, Mrs. Annie Butler Thomas, the Rev. Mr. George Thompson, Mrs. Thompson, Dr. S. D. Van Meter, Mrs. W. Walker, A. Guy Webster, Or. H. J. Well, the Rev. J. E. Warren, Mrs. Warren, Geo. B. Willis, Mrs. Willis, the Rev. A. C. Wilson.

NEW TRAFFIC AGREEMENT.

Victoria, B.C., July 18—o arrange a traffic arrangement between the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, which operates a trans-Pacific line in connection with the Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental lines from San Francisco to Hongkong, and the Western Pacific Railway, M. Shirashi, director of the Japanese line, arrived here by the Empress of China to-day en route to New York.

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CLUB.

The treasurer of the Catholic Sailors' Club, acknowledges the recipt of $121.67 from Mr. James Thom, general manager of the White Star-Dominion line. Also of £10 4s from the Empress of Ireland.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet, 40—Cloudy, east.

Cape Salmon, 83—Dense fog, northeast.

Riv. du Loup, 96—Clear, west.

Father Point, 160—Fog, lifting; calm; outward at 6 a.m. Manxman.

Little Metis, 180—Dense fog, calm.

Matane, 202—Dense fog, calm.

Cape Chatte, 234—Dense fog, calm.

Martin River, 260—Foggy, west.

Cape Magdalen, 294—Dense fog, rain-ngi variable; inward at 6 p.m. yesterday Stigstad; outward at 8.30 p.m., SS. Cervona.

Fame Point, 324—Dense fog, raining; calm; outward at 2.30 p.m. yesterday, Pretorian; 5 p.m., Canada; 5.30 p.m. Willehad.

Cape Rosier, 347—Cloudy, north; inward at midnight, Lady of Gaspe.

Anticosti—

West Point, 337—Cloudy, east.

S.W. Point, 363—Cloudy, calm.

South Point, 416—Cloudy, west; inward at 8.45 a.m. yesterday, a two-masted steamer.

Heath Point, 439—Cloudy, east.

Cape Ray, 556—Clear, north.

Flat Point, 584—Cloudy, north east.

Cape Race, 830—Hazy, raining, variable.

Belle Isle, 723—Cloudy, north; outward at 12.25 p.m. yesterday 236 miles east, Athenia; inward at 7.30 p.m. Bengore Head; 8.30 p.m. yesterday 110 miles east, Sicilian.

QUEBEC AND ABOVE.

Low Point, 5—Inward at 9.30 a.m., Alaska and tow; 9.40 a.m. Virginia and tow; 6.25 a.m. Mount Temple; 5.35 a.m. Sheelah; 6.10 a.m. Carleton; outward at 8.25 a.m. Keystorm.

Vercheres, 19—Inward at 9.05 a.m., Montcalm; 9.15 a.m., Cape Breton.

Three Rivers, 71—Inward at 7.50 a.m. Cacouna; 8.30 a.m., Cassandra.

Quebec, 139—Arrived inward at 8.35 p.m. yesterday Cairnrona; 6.30 a.m., Wacousta.

BALLINGER EXONERATED.

Chicago, July 18.—According to a special story in the Chicago 'Tribune' to-day under a Washington date line, ecretary Richard A. Ballinger will be exonerated by a majority report of the joint Congressional committee which for five months has been making an exhaustive investigation of the conduct of affairs of the Department of the Interior and of the bureau of forestry of the Department of Agriculture.

The investigators concur in the majority report, which carries a condemnation of the course of former Chief Forester Pinchot, J. R. Garfield and Louis R. Glavis.

GENERAL DROWNED.

Paris, July 18.—General De Reylic, commanding the French troops in Cochin-China, and Dr. Rouffiandis have been drowned by the upsettng of a boat on the Mekong river.

DIED AT SON'S FUNERAL.

Solingen, Rhenish Prussia, July 18.—The father of Oscar Erbsloeh, who was killed on July 13, in the fall of the dirigible balloon Erbsloeh, died from apoplexy yesterday at his son's funeral.

Fell While Crossing Rails.

Alfred Boybenais, whose address is unknown, fell while crossing the C. P. R. tracks at Papineau avenue this morning and injured his leg severely. He was taken to the General Hospital.

Assaulted a Girl.

Fifteen days in jail was the sentence meted out to Fred Major, 51 St. Antoine street, by Mr. Recorder Dupuis this morning on a charge of assaulting a girl named Emilie Roy, 216 Demontigny street, on Mount Royal Park.

SAINT JAMES
MOTOR SERVICE
PHONE UP 4488.

We Rent Luxurious Touring Cars with High-Class Service.

PERSONALS

Miss Mildred French is ill at her home, 966 St. Urbain street.

Miss J. L. Kinloch has returned from a visit to the Old Country.

Dr. and Mrs. Roddick have gone to Europe for a brief holiday.

Mrs. Henshaw is occupying her cottage at Pointe au Pic for the summer.

Lady Drummond left on Friday for the Lower St. Lawrence.

Major-General and Mrs. J. F. Wilson were in Quebec on Saturday.

Mrs. Bannell Sawyer is spending some time in the Muskoka Lake district.

Mrs. Leo L. Leet and family are spending the summer at Hudson on the Lake.

Mrs. Charles Handyside and family are spending a couple of months at Murray Bay.

The Duke of Sutherland arrived in Montreal on Saturday night from his trip to the West.

Mrs. M. F. Johnston, 'The Sherbrooke,' is at 'Green Mountain Lodge,' Waterbury, Conn., for the summer.

The Rev. Hugh Pedley and Mrs. Pedley have arrived in Winnipeg, and are staying wth friends.

Misses Irene and Ella Scott are spending a two weeks' vacation at Hill Crest, Chebeague, Maine.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas B. Seely, who have been in Europe since the latter part of April, are expected home the end of this week.

Prof. Sir William Ramsay and Lady Ramsay, of Aberdeen, are passengers by the 'Empress of Britain' to Canada this week.

Miss Edna M. V. Cowdy, of Montreal, spent the week end at Granby, Que., the guest of Miss Florence A. Runnells.

Mrs. J. Herbert Lauer and family have taken up residence for the summer at their cottage 'Wildwood,' Sixteen Island Lake, for the season.

Mrs. W. E. L. Dyer and little son, and her sisters, Miss Eva and Miss Marjorie Macfarlane, are staying at Dalhousie, N.B.

Mrs. John Scott, Mance street, annex, has returned from Hudson, where she was the guest of Mrs. F. J. Wevill for the past week.

Mrs. Frank McKyes and Master Carlos McKyes left on the 'Canada' for a visit to the Old Country, and will return in the fall.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Howson, of Calgary, Alta., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Emily Cecil, to the Rev. W. Bertram Mitford, son of Mr. Wm. Mitford, of Lethbridge, formerly of Toronto. The marriage will take place on Wednesday, August 3rd.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Lyman, Prof. and Mrs. Henry Martyn Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Turpin, Mrs. Stephen Leacock, Mr. and Mrs. H. Fortier, Dr. D. A. Shirres and Master Gordon Shirres, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Budge and Miss Florence Budge, Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Nelles, were among Montrealers registering at the Canadian High Commissioner's Office in London recently.

The marriage of Mr. Raleigh R. Cummings, instructor in the Royal Navy, Greenwich, son of Dr. Cummings, president of the Guildhall School of Music, Dulwich, and Miss Gwendolen V. Mitchell, daughter of Mr. Archibald Mitchell, collector of customs at Halifax, was solemnized in St. Mark's Church, Halifax, on Thursday, by the Very Rev. the Dean, assisted by the Rev. N. Lemoine. The service was choral. The bride, who wore white satin trimmed with Carrick-ma-cross lace and touches of silver and pearls, was attended by two bridesmaids dressed in pink silk voile and large white hats wreathed with pink roses, and two little flower girls in white frocks. The groom's gift to the bride was a navy sword brooch; to the bridesmaids naval crown brooches; to the children, gold initial pins, and to the best man, Mr. George Farish, gold sleeve links. From the instructors at the Naval college, Greenwich, Mr. Cummings received a beautiful silver rose bowl and from those at the Royal Naval College, Dartmouth, a silver inkstand and tray. After their honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Cummings sail by the 'Royal George' from Quebec for England on August 4th.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

Play Commenced on Mount Royal Courts To-day.

In the contest for the Montreal Cup between Messrs. Hedley, Suckling and Guard at the opening of the Tennis Championships for the Province of Quebec on the courts of the Mount Royal Club at Notre Dame de Grace at noon to-day, Guard won by 2 sets to 1.

Suckling won the first set 6-3. The second was secured by Guard 7-5, who also defeated Suckling in the final 6-4.

After luncheon the open championship events were taken in the following order:

At 3 p.m., Captain Foulkes vs. Dunlop.

At 4 p.m., Chipman vs. Guard. Dawson vs. McDougall.

At 5 p.m., McKenzie vs. Boucher. Holland vs. Cassils.

At 5 p.m., Montreal Cup, Haskell vs. Chipman.

The weather was entirely satisfactory, and there was a good attendance to witness the opening games.

Both Capt. Foulkes, open champion of Canada, and Mr. McAvity, champion of the Maritime Provinces, have entered for all the open events, and it is expected that the meeting, with its large number of entries, will prove very successful.

OBITUARY.

MADAME PELLETIER, SHERBROOKE.

Sherbrooke, July 18.—Mrs. Pelletier, nee Alice Hudon, wife of Hon. Dr. Pelletier, speaker of the Legislative Assembly, passed away at her residence, in East Sherbrooke, Saturday morning at seven o'clock.

MR. HENRY O'REILLY TUCKER.

Troy, N.Y., July 18.—Henry O'Reilly Tucker, owner and publisher of the Troy 'Daily Press,' died suddenly Saturday at Little Compton, L.I., his summer home. He was born in 1839.

SON OF DR. W. F. KING.

Ottawa, July 18.—The eleven-year-old son of Dr. W. F. King, director and chief astronomer of the Government service, died on Saturday.

Unknown Man Died.

The body of an unknown man was taken from Notre Dame Hospital to the morgue this morning. The man, who appears to be about 36 years of age, was picked up in an intoxicated condition on Wednesday last. He was taken to the Central Police Station and from there to the hospital, having become very ill. He died early this morning.

WINTON 2 CYLINDER TOURING Car; good condition, and $200 cash for a four cylinder car. OTTO MAAS, Ottawa, Ont.

WANTED, A TEACHER HOLDING A McGill Normal School diploma (Mode preferred), for the Litte Metis Protestant School; salary $30 per month. Apply, with references, A. H. McLAREN, Sec.-Treas.

'LAURENTIAN REST,' IN THE Heart of the Laurentians; spacious rooms, wide verandahs, electricity, hot and cold water; free boats, near depot. Miss JEKILL, Morin Flats.

GERMAN AIR CRUISERS

New Dirigibles Will be Especially Capable of Dropping Bombs.

Graefrath, Rhenish Prussia, July 18.—The Lower Rhine Company, with $500,000 capital, for the construction of air cruisers, especially fitted for dropping explosives, has been formed under the auspices of Count Von Moltke. Dirigible balloons will be built, about 390 feet in length, and having a capacity of 14,500 cubic metres of gas and a carrying capacity of more than five tons. The framework of the vessels will consist of wooden stays, covered with ru'ber and silk. The central gondola, which will be armored will have a perpendicular shaft for shooting projectiles

MONORAIL ACCIDENT.

Twenty Injured in First Trip of New York Machine.

New York, July 18. — Twenty persons were injured, one seriously, in the first commercial trip on Saturday, on the new monorail service between City Island and Bartow, in the suburbs of the Bronx. Howard Tunis, the inventor, who was motorman, had a rib broken, and one passenger had a leg broken.

Although described as a monorail, the only car the company yet owns did not depend for its stability on a gyroscope. For support and traction it ran on a single rail, but twin guide rails overhead, hung between pillars and later at braces on either side of the right of wa, held it in balance.

While the car was running thirty miles an hour, one of these guide rails worked loose and the car tilted forty degrees, piling the freightened passengers in the lower angle. The pillars at each side of the car prevented it from toppling over utterly and the brakes brought it to a stop before worse damage was done.

SIR WILFRID AT SOMERSET.

Premier Addressed Two Meetings on Saturday.

Winnipeg, July 18.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier and party on Saturday visited Somerset, a beautiful town on the heights of Pembina Mountain. The Premier was met at the station by a band and about 500 people from the town and surrounding country districts. The district is populated by French and English farmers, and the town was gaily decorated for the occasion. Mr. Wm. Staples, Conservative member for the county in the Dominion House, met Sir Wilfrid and party at the station and made a short speech of welcome. The Hon. G. P. Graham, F. F. Pardee, M.P., and T. C. Norris, M.P., also spoke. The party stopped at Carman on the return journey to Winnipeg, where another meeting was held, attended by several hundred people.

AUTO'S DEADLY EFFECT.

Frightened Horse, Which Leaped Over Boulevard.

New York, July 18.—Frightened by an automobile last night, a horse drawing a two-seated carriage, in which Mr. John J. Voorhees, a leather manufacturer of Jersey City, was taking his wife and their two-year-old daughter out for an outing, dashed through a wooden railing on the outer edge of the Jersey City Boulevard and plunged to the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad fifteen feet below.

Mrs. Voorhees was dashed head first against a telegraph pole and instantly killed. The father and daughter were buried beneath the wrecked carriage, and lay unconscious while a Pennsylvania express thundered down on them. The engineer succeeded in stopping his locomotive within thirty feet of them. They were taken to a hospital, where it is said their injuries are serious.

SLEPT ON THE ROOF.

Sullivan Soloby Became Restless and Fell to the Ground.

Sullivan Soloby, finding the warmth on Saturday evening rather oppressive, took his bed to the roof of the house at 14 Craig street, where he was staying and fell asleep there. During the night he became restless, and in some way fell to the ground, a distance of 14 feet. He was picked up by a constable, who was on his rounds, and removed to the General Hospital.

ATTACKS AVIATION.

Catholic Organ Says Man Was Not Intended to Fly.

Cleveland, July 18.—An attack has been made upon aviation by the 'Catholic Universe,' the official organ of Catholicism in Ohio, published here. Editorially under the caption, 'Those who exalt themselves,' the paper says: 'The craze for dirigible balloons and airships should be legally restricted. We do not think that the Creator intended that man should inhabit the air or to fly like the birds, else he would have furnished him with wings. The numerous deaths that have occurred from the attempts to fly should warn man that his habitation and home is on the earth. To get wings, "Seek first the Kingdom of God and his justice" and take the Commandments for your daily chart and guide.'

Mr. M. Laurin, grocer, of 437 Marquette street, suffered considerable loss this morning, by fire, which broke out shortly after one o'clock.

DIED.

ERSKINE — At Plainfield, N.J., on July 15, 1910, accidentally kiled, John C. Erskine.
Funera private.

MOORE — In this city, on July 17, 1910, Mary Ann Moore.
Funeral will leave her late residence, 1384 St. Dominique street, on Tuesday, at 7.15 a.m., for St. Patrick's Church, and thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Weekly Calendar

DOMINION PARK
THIS WEEK
THE ITALIAN TROUBADORS
And Other High-Class Acts
in VAUDEVILLE THEATRE
Free Attraction,
THE FOUR JORDANS
Admission 10 Cents.

Art Association.
GALLERIES OF PAINTINGS, SCULPTURE, &c.
Open 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ADMISSION 25c.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS.

To be Closed at this Office during the Week Ending July 23, 1910.

July.			
18	9.00	a.m.	Kronprinz Cecilie, N. G. Lloyd.
• 18	6.15	p.m.	" Supplementary.
19	9.00	a.m.	Lusitania, Cunard.
20	9.00	a.m.	La Lorraine, G. T. Atlantic.
• 20	6.15	p.m.	" Supplementary.
21	6.00	p.m.	Royal Edward, Can. Northern.
22	9.00	a.m.	St. Paul, American.
• 22	6.15	p.m.	" Supplementary.
••22	6.00	p.m.	Victoria, Allan.
••23	12.30	p.m.	Megantic, Dominion.

*Letters may be posted up to 6.15 p.m.; other matter should be posted before 5 p.m.

**Parcels forwarded by these steamers; latest time of mailing is 5.00 p.m. on Friday and 12.00 noon on Saturday.

Letters for the above mails may be posted at Station B up to within 15 minutes, and at Station C up to within 30 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

*Letters for Registration should be posted half an hour before closing of mail.

The Daily Witness

OFFICES:
CORNER CRAIG AND ST. PETER STREETS.

TELEPHONES:
ADVERTISING AND SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, MAIN 4090.
EDITORIAL, MAIN 4091.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

'Daily Witness'	12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness'	12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide'	12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger'	12 mos.	.40

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland and the British Isles; also for Bahamas, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British North Borneo, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern Nigeria, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Southern Nigeria, Transvaal, Trinidad, Tobago, Turk's Island and Zanzibar.

Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands: 'Weekly Witness,' 25 cents extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 10 cents per copy. No extra postage on the 'Daily Witness' to the United States and its dependencies.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list as follows: 'Daily Witness,' $1.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 50c extra.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $3.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exclude from its columns all financial and other advertisements which they consider calculated or intended to take advantage of or injure the reader, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know much about mining advertising, which offers probably the most speculative, and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no one should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

Readers of the 'Witness' leaving the city for a shorter or longer period, can have the 'Daily Witness' each day of publication, by mail, at twenty-five cents per month, Great Britain and the United States included.

N.M. 6 F.Q. 14			JULY			F.M. 22 L.Q. 29
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MONDAY, JULY 18, 1910.

In these days of week ends and of four changes a year, in these days of the new woman, in these days of appartment houses and annual 'lets,' in these days of nightly excitements and newspaper preoccupation there was no word that needed more to be said by one whose prophetic function it was to inaugurate a new era than that which the King has said in noble words, and on the most fitting occasion: 'The 'foundations of national glory are set 'in the homes of the people. They 'will only remain unshaken while the 'family life of our people is strong, 'simple and pure.' He commended the family life of the people to the church of which he is the head, on the occasion of its homage, but not to that church exclusively. How better could he have put it than thus: 'That, in en-'lightened unity with all other Chris-'tian effort, she may sustain and up-'lift the hearts of men, will always be 'my prayer.'

Canada is said to be occupying a large place in the eye of the world just now, particularly of the British world; but in the British press, whether written or pictured, the new interest largely jumps over what we have known as Canada, and sees a great Canada which has just sprung into being, one which those of us who sit at home at ease know not—that new Canada which the Canadian premier has gone forth to discover. It would be foolish to deny its importance; but it is possible to make the mistake of regarding it too exclusively as we are liable to do in counting our harvests and in some other ways. An example of this has been seen in recent crop news. Owing to the heat and other causes, the growing grain in the West has been reported damaged to a greater or less extent, according to the knowledge or interest of the person reporting. Whatever damage the crops may have suffered, that damage has been made the most of, as usual, by the 'bears' of the stock and grain markets and the 'natural, born' pessimists. According to some of them, there would be little Western grain to cut worth mentioning. Good, disinterested judges, however, such as the Winnipeg 'Commercial,' tell us that 'bear' guesses of even 70,000,000 and 80,000,000 bushels of wheat are ridiculously low, and that there will certainly be a yield of 100,000,000 bushels, at least, unless some very abnormal damage intervenes. But the point is this, that throughout the discussion the fact seems to have been lost sight of that the West is not the whole of Canada, and that a short crop in the West need not necessarily bring dismay to the Dominion at large. As it happens, the crops of grain and hay in the East are unusually abundant, and promise easily to offset any prophesied shortage in the West. It is well to be proud of the West. One cannot, in fact, be otherwise, but the West is far from being the whole of Canada! The East is assured of wonderful expansion and increase of wealth as the years roll on.

THE PARTIES.

Having apparently broken entirely with the Quebec wing of their party over the naval policy, the Conservatives are placing their hope of repairing the loss in the growing political weight of the new west, where they are crying for the emancipation of the country from French rule. To this end they do not scruple to declare the Premier to be anti-British at heart because he asserted Canadian autonomy in the Naval Bill. The only loyal course, say they, is to place whatever Canada has to contribute to the imperial strength fully at the command of the British naval authorities. We agree with this view. We look for the time when Canada will have her full say in the imperial councils that shall determine war or peace, and hope that her voice will be for peace. We greatly desire to hasten that time, and we believe that nothing would hasten it more than direct contributions by Canada to the imperial defences. So long as Canada accepts defence without contribution to the imperial armament she has but a poor claim to share in the imperial government. We do not know what view ministers take in their private hearts on this question, but it is evident that no other policy than that compromise which has been adopted would have held the two ends of the country together. Had they insisted on more, the result would have been such a melancholy war of races as the broken party is now promoting and suffering from. This was very well understood by the Conservative leaders when they fell in with a resolution of parliament which pronounced in favor of the policy which the government has carried out. They soon found, however, that they could not carry their Quebec end even that far. They therefore threw their whole Quebec contingent overboard, and adopted the demand for direct contributions to the British navy, with its corollary, an agitation against Quebec rule, and an attempt to affix disloyalty to the Liberal ministers. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Brodeur are necessarily the butts of this attack, though they deserve it as little as men whether with French or English names could. We exonerate Mr. Borden from voicing this slander, but he cannot prevent it if he would. We shall immediately have an opportunity to gather how far this outcry has taken effect, now that Sir Wilfrid is in the west and able to speak for himself.

Another count on which Sir Wilfrid Laurier is condemned may have some currency in British Columbia, from whose papers we gather the information in this article, but will hardly prejudice him in the Prairie Provinces, namely, the vast sums of the people's money that he is spending on the Transcontinental Railway, the Hudson's Bay Railway, and, prospectively, on the Georgian Bay Canal. Mr. Barker, M.P., of Hamilton, made much of this point as well as of the imperial one speaking to a newspaper in Victoria, the most British town in the Dominion, and the farthest from any benefit from facilities designed to move the crops eastward. There will probably be needed in the prairie provinces a different sort of argument from either of these, or from Mr. Barker's third charge against Sir Wilfrid's Government that, realizing the growth of the Prairie Provinces, he has adopted a policy of free trade and, as an approach to that, is about to make a generous reciprocity treaty with the United States. That is good dope in Hamilton, perhaps, where Mr. Barker comes from, but it must be remembered that our electorate is more than half agricultural and that, apart from the fruit growers near Hamilton, wherever our farmers know their mind they are in favor of lower duties in all directions, and especially on what they get or could get from the United States.

WHISKEY POLITICS.

Mr. Redmond, whatever he gains for Ireland in the way of home rule, will, by the showing of his follower and ardent admirer, Mr. T. P. O'Connor, whose able weekly letters on the political situation, are read with so much interest, go down to history as the man who wielded the Irish vote through the whiskey shop. It may be said that Ireland's opposition to the whiskey tax is due rather to the fact that the manufacture of whiskey is one of Ireland's great industries than to the love of her people for the beverage. But Scotland is a much larger producer of whiskey than Ireland, and Scotland is politically a unit in favor of the whiskey tax, all the more so since it has been shown that the tax has yielded nothing to the government by reason of the enormous reduction of drinking which has followed its enforcement. There has been a similar though not equal reduction in disorder from drink in Ireland. The Irish people have the greatest reason to rejoice that, instead of the new tax taxing them more, it has taxed them less and at the same time greatly added to their well-being in body and estate. The people who are really nipped are the tavern-keepers. But they, it seems, according to Mr. O'Connor, are the people whom Mr. Redmond needs to please, as they largely control the elections. In their interest and that of the distillers who subscribe to his party funds Mr. Redmond has found it necessary to treat the whiskey tax as specially a blow at Ireland and to champion cheap and abundant whiskey as an Irish institution. He has used Irish opposition to the whiskey tax as the sword wherewith he threatens to slay the budget should the Asquith Government fail to take radical ground against the Lords' veto. This sword he has flourished fiercely and effectively. But his doing so cannot fail to lower the moral strength of his movement. It would probably not be a difficult thing to carry an election in Ireland on the question of opposition to dear whiskey, for whiskey is always very much alive when politically fighting for its own interests; but the Irish, as a people, are not such innocents as to imagine that the liquor men are fighting for their good; and the clergy, who are not unheard in the matter, will hardly be at one with the dealers in potheen in agitating against a measure which has already shown itself a great help in keeping their people sober. In the long run, it does not pay to be on the wrong side of good morals.

'AMERICA' THE GREAT!

Mr. John Kendrick Bangs, a United States writer, who sees things in a humorous way, thinks his countrymen are nationally altogether too modest and self-effacing. The merit of this discovery is that it is entirely new, and there are not many entirely new discoveries left for this twentieth century. Instead of hugging his prize, Mr. John Kendrick Bangs proposes to efface it and himself, its owner, by making up the whole national deficit from his own fund. 'Like some motorists,' he says, 'we are too shy with the horn. 'We are plunging along the highway 'of national greatness without suffi-'ciently notifying the world of our 'presence thereon . . . we want more 'of the honk and less of the gum-'show,' and so forth, with much Bowery eloquence. Our own observation has been that we have not been able to take up any United States publication, whether prepared for the audience affected by John Kendrick Bangs—to wit, the smart set, or whether prepared for the man on the street or on the ploughed field, or whether prepared for the cultured man in his library and find therein any opportunity omitted for the assertion of American superiority. Here is an example or two from the papers before us at this moment, such as we might pick up any day: We read that 'Americans' led at the World's Missionary Congress in Edinburgh, although British delegates, clerical and lay, included the leaders of churches throughout the British Empire. The fact is that the Bishops of the Church of England made it a study to take back seats at this Conference, and that many sat in astonishment at the expressions from 'American' lips which ignored their point of view to the extent of ill-manners, considering the purpose of the gathering, to dwell on all that could bring the diverse Church into working unity.

We are likewise now informed that Mr. Roosevelt, on his visit to England, told King George to grant Home Rule to Ireland, as such a measure of self-government would range the United States alongside Great Britain in any crisis. According to this, Mr. Roosevelt frankly told the King that as long as 'Americans' of Irish birth or parentage remain unconciliated by England there would be no chance that the United States Senate will ratify an Anglo-American arbitration treaty, or that 'America' would prevent Germany from setting the dogs of war on to Britain should she feel so inclined. In consequence of this, so the story goes, His Majesty, with the full approval of his Consort, called the leaders of both the British political parties together and informed them that they must solve the Irish question forthwith, if not sooner. Whereupon the Conference then sitting abandoned the Lord's veto question, the matter for which it was called together, and took to solving the Irish question. And there you are, my children.

The naiveté of it all and the ceaseless reiteration of it have always seemed to us to reveal a misgiving with regard to which the speakers and writers were trying to convince themselves. Their difficulty in doing so seems to have partly lain in the absence of any vivid comparisons in their own minds, so completely out of proportion, in their school books, their atlases, their press, has been their knowledge of any other part of the world; and partly in the fact that their own country has been growing big and important at a rate with which their consciousness of it could not keep up. What has excited John Kendrick Bangs, the smart set writer, to a new astonishment at the greatness of his country and at the culpable ignorance and shyness of his countrymen with regard to it was seeing an advertisement somewhere, he does not say where, in which the lines occur, 'A house in Manchester—the English Pittsburg.' Manchester is not the English Pittsburg. If there is one, it is Sheffield. But this has led John Kendrick Bangs to realize that his countrymen have been all wrong in assuming priority for British towns. In the past, he says, it would have been Pittsburg the American Manchester, but here is a British house acknowledging what Americans should long ago have discovered for themselves, that the order is now changed and that Manchester seeks glory by comparing itself with Pittsburg. We presume that the advertisement in question was one addressed to 'Americans,' and particularly Pittsburg 'Americans,' and that the advertiser knew how to tickle them. He certainly seems to have tickled John Kendrick Bangs.

LONDON LETTER

(Correspondence of the 'Witness.')

London, July 8.

The one piece of legislation on which it seems we can count as the product of the present session of parliament is the Act to Amend the King's Accession Declaration, Mr. Asquith having just announced that in response to appeals from all sides of the House the Government will endeavor to push the bill through all its stages before the adjournment in August. This does not mean that the Bill is to have a smooth passage. On the contrary the feeling against the Bill, if not widespread, is very intense, and it is recognized that the debate on the second reading must necessarily occupy several days, an opportunity to speak being given to those who desire it all the more freely because the minority, if small and bound to be overborne, must have at least the satisfaction of being fully heard. Mr. Asquith's speech in commending the Bill undoubtedly made a deep impression; but the Opposition are beginning to move. Yesterday a crowded and enthusiastic meeting was held by the United Protestant Societies in the Queen's Hall to protest against any alteration of the King's oath. While the great body of Nonconformists approve the removal from the oath of the words offensive to Roman Catholics, there is among them some opposition to the particular proposals of Mr. Asquith's bill. The Nonconformist members of the House of Commons have met and agreed to submit to the Prime Minister the view that words might have been substituted for those withdrawn which would fully guard the Protestant succession, and that, secondly, there was objection to making the King declare himself a member of one particular Protestant church—the Church of England—the only need being that he declare himself a Protestant. Probably as long as we have an established church of which the King is the head, his assertion of membership in that church is but a natural corollary. In view, however, of the possibility of disestablishment it might seem as well to make the oath suitable for new conditions. At any rate, Mr. Sylvester Horne has taken up the view that a new disability has been created for Nonconformists, and we may see some alteration of the form of the oath, the only essential in Mr. Asquith's mind probably being that the words objected to by Roman Catholics be removed.

The annual meeting of the International Arbitration and Peace Association yesterday was presided over by the writer, Mr. Maurice Hewlett, who made a striking speech, and urged as an immediate and practical preventive of war the combination of international organized labor. Sir F. Lascelles, our former minister at Berlin, was among the other speakers. The baneful influence of the yellow press in inflaming the passions of the nations was fully recognized, and resolutions were passed declaring that in view of the harmful influence of a section of the press in fomenting animosities and creating scares, it is very desirable that a permanent Press Bureau be established for the circulation of authentic news on international questions.

BROME GOING DRY.

Dominion Alliance Has Field Day in Aid of County Wide Prohibition.

Whereas it is desirable that there should be a diminution of drinking and a decrease of drunkenness, and

Whereas, the treating system is the chief cause of drunkenness and excessive drinking, and

Whereas, the bar provides the principal occasion and opportunity for treating, and

Whereas, to banish the bar is the most available method of destroying the treating system.

Be it resolved that this public meeting of citizens of the Township of Potton expresses its approval of the proposed campaign for no-license in Brome County and pledges its support to the county-wide movement to banish the bar from Brome County.'

The passing of this resolution was the climax of a field day in the interest of temperance at Mansonville and vicinity, under the auspices of the Quebec Dominion Alliance yesterday. The resolution was moved by the Rev. A. D. Carpenter, Baptist minister, seconded by the cure of the parish church, the Rev. Father Picard, and supported by the Rev. A. C. Ascah, rector of the Church of England at Ormstown; the Rev. J. Champion, the Advent minister at Dunkin; Mr. John H. Roberts, general secretary of the Alliance; Mr. R. L. Werry, of the Alliance executive, Montreal, and the Rev. J. A. Miller, Methodist minister of Mansonville. The Rev. J. N. Coffin, rector of the English Church in Mansonville, presided. The meeting was held in the open air on the public park at Mansonville, close to where the fire of Saturday morning took place.

Mr. Carpenter said that his support of the resolution would be understood without a lengthy speech, as everybody had an opportunity of hearing his views from the pulpit as often as they liked. He was strongly in favor of banishing the bar from the county.

Father Picard spoke both in English and Fsench. He remarked that practically all the bishops of this province, including their Graces of Montreal and Quebec as notable examples, were supporters of the temperance propaganda. He would not be true to his own teachings to the example of his bishop nor to the interests of his parishioners if he did not join in the temperance crusade. No citizen who loved his church, or his family; or who had the welfare of the community at heart could be indifferent in regard to this matter.

The remarks of Messrs. Miller and Champion were very brief, but earnest. They are in the front rank in the local fight.

Mr. Werry spoke of the immense amount of money that is being spent by the Government in the erection of a new jail to take care of the product of the liquor traffic in the city and district of Montreal. It was estimated that it would cost three million dollars to build and equip, and several thousands to maintain afterwards. The courts and police administration of Montreal involved an enormous expenditure, the greater part of which grew out of the liquor traffic. About a thousand places in Montreal were licensed to sell intoxicating drink, and the estimated amount annually spent in liquor in this city was fifteen million dollars annually. The revenue derived by the Government was placed at one hundredth part of that amount, thus showing the great loss sustained by the community through the traffic. The boys and girls of Montreal estimated at 200,000, augmented by those arriving from other places and falling victims to intemperance would first contribute heavily to the upkeep of the jail and then become inmates of it, while the ordinary citizen and ratepayer settled the remainder of the bill.

Mr. Ascah told how businss had improved in Ormstown since the drink traffic had been banished, and how the citizens, even those who got drink when they went away from home, gladly admitted the benefits of prohibition in the town and vicinity. He praised the people of Mansonville and the town council for the noble stand they had taken in cutting off all licenses from May 1 last, and strongly urged all to work unitedly for county-wide prohibition.

Mr. Roberts, who introduced the question, spoke again at the close, giving some strong reasons and forceful illustrations in favor of freeing the rising generation from the curse of the traffic, and clinching the arguments put forth by the other speakers. At the close of his remarks the chairman called for a vote, and the resolution was carried by the large audience without a dissenting voice.

In connection with the day's effort, Mr. Ascah preached in the morning in the English church in Mansonville, and in the afternoon at Vale Perkins; Mr. Roberts addressed a united congregation of Baptists and Methodists in the Methodist Church at 11 a.m., and a united Sunday School at 3 p.m.; and Mr. Werry spoke at Dunkin at 11 a.m. All the gatherings there were good congregations. Deep interest was manifested, liberal offerings given, and quite a number qualified for membership in the Alliance. The people are watching, in faith, for Brome County to go dry.

MAY NEED AMENDMENT

Does Customs Act Cover Importation of Picture Films?

The Rev. Ernest Thomas, pastor of Merrickville Methodist Church, writes:

A few words of history concerning one clause in the customs tariff may assist in discussing the procedure required to prevent any exhibition of moving pictures of prize fights.

By instruction of the Montreal conference a number of years ago, a small Methodist deputation waited on the Federal ministers to secure the prohibition of the import of demoralizing posters. In the discussion which took place it was admitted by all that demoralization was not confined to obscene pictures but that still more permanent injury might be wrought in the imagination of the growing citizens by the presentation to their gaze of pictures of murders and violence. The difficulty as stated by the minister of justice of that day was in drafting a clause which would be explicit. Such words as 'immoral' and 'obscene' left much to be desired in the matter of definiteness. Recent executive action had shown how the interpretation placed on those words may vary under different ministers. So being requested by the minister of that day, one member of the deputation wrote the words which appear in the present act. It was found that almost all the offensive posters are printed in the United States. So to prevent import was to cut off the supply. Thus the Government was led to add to the list of prohibited articles, bills and posters depicting scenes of crime or violence. Both these terms are definite and cover all the case.

Now, in that day moving picture shows had not appeared as an important factor in the life of our city. The street billboard was the great public menace. Since then the cheap show has become almost as public as the bill board. The film is at least as effective as the poster. The vividness with which crimes of burglary and violence are presented in these shows is calculated to have a seriously detrimental effect upon the imagination of the children who go there. In view of the intimate connection between weak mindedness and crime the vivid suggestion of crime to vast numbers of the public on frequently recurring occasions becomes a menace to public morals.

But it is hardly accurate to suggest as does one good friend in addressing the government that the present prohibition of bills and posters will prevent the import of films for moving picture shows. The purpose of the act certainly would demand the exclusion of the latter. It is a matter for urgent consideration whether the clause should not be amended to include all 'films for moving picture exhibitions,' as well as bills and posters, 'which depict scenes of crime and violence.'

Of course this is to treat the public exhibition of moving pictures as of the same public concern as the bill boards of the street; there is a very strong case to be made out for this step. Though the attitude of the present minister of justice is in sharp contrast to that of Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, who caused the present amendment to pass, it is to be hoped that the unquestionable pronouncement of public opinion will lead him to support such an amendment. If this could be accomplished, not only the present matter but much else would be settled. The shows would lose their worst feature.

CHRISTIAN UNITY

Organization Incorporated to Further Church Amalgamation.

New York, July 18.—Twelve clergymen and twelve laymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church have just incorporated the Christian Unity Foundation, which hopes that by the operation of the spirit of God, the various Christian bodies may be knit together in more evident unity in the essentials of faith and practice and in organic life. The foundation is a New York corporation, and has offices in this city. Among the incorporators are Bishop Wm. Crowell Doane, of Albany, Bishop David H. Greer, of New York; George Wharton Pepper, of Philadelphia; John H. Stiness, former chief justice of Rhode Island; the Rev. Frederick Courtney, former bishop of Nova Scotia and now rector of St. James Church, New York; Bishop Boyd Vincent of Southern Ohio; Rear-Admiral Casper F. Goodrich, U. S. N., and Colonel Chas. Wm. Larned, U. S. A. 'It is a tremendously ambitious task that this little body of men has outlined,' admitted Dr. Lowndes, the secretary, to-day. 'Nothing tangible may result from our efforts in the lifetime of us, but we are going ahead quietly and inconspicuously, following the lines of the association.'

GUARDSHIPS WITHDRAWN.

Paris, July 18.—The protecting powers, Great Britain, France, Russia and Italy have decided to withdraw the second guardships from Crete, which were sent to Suda Bay to insure respect for their decisions. The French armored cruiser 'Conde' has been ordered to proceed to France immediately.

NAVAL POLICY RESOLUTION

Was Adopted at Largely Attended Meeting at St. Eustache.

GOVERNMENT CENSURED.

Misunderstanding in Empire Would Follow Government's Action.

Ste. Eustache, July 18.—At a mass meeting here yesterday, which was attended by about four thousand people, the naval policy of the government was again vigorously criticized by Mr. Henri Bourassa, Mr. F. D. Monk, M.P., as well as Messrs. Bruno Nantel, Jean B. Prevost and others.

All joined in denouncing the naval policy, and a lengthy resolution was adopted by the meeting, which, after setting forth the loyalty of the people, denounced the idea of imperial unity as hurtful and censured the government and parliament for adopting the new naval policy, which threatened the peace of Canada, and would drag our country into the vortex of militarism erstwhile so emphatically denounced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Mr. F. D. Monk was the first speaker and was given an excellent reception. He spoke at some length, closely following the lines of his address at Beauport last Sunday. He was followed by Mr. Henri Bourassa, who in a brilliant and satirical speech criticized the naval policy even more sharply than did Mr. Monk, while he made a number of severe allusions to his erstwhile leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, claiming that he had stultified his past record in this measure.

The resolution adopted stated in part:

'We sincerely believe that such a policy of centralization and apparent imperial unity, in the accomplishment of which the new naval law is but an initial step, will generate within the Empire misunderstanding, rivalries and conflicts which will threaten the peace and unity of the numerous countries and peoples of all races that are now so proud of their loyalty to the British Crown.'

TERMINATES TREATIES.

Japan Has Issued Notices to European Countries.

Tokio, July 18.—Notice of the termination of commercial treaties one year hence have been despatched to European countries, including Great Britain.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Doctor Charles Harriss sailed Saturday from Southampton for South Africa in connection with his Empire Musical Festivals.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen, leader of the Chinese revolutionary party, according to a Vancouver despatch, is coming to the United States shortly to consult his compatriots regarding financing an outbreak, according to news brought by the 'Empress of China.' The revolutionary leader was in Tokio but left June 24th, owing to Japanese official pressure, for Singapore, from where he will start soon for America and Europe.

The Brighton Express, bound for Melbourne, Australia, collided yesterday at the Richmond Station with a standing train, of which two carriages and the guard's van were wrecked. Eight persons were killed and 30 injured.

Fifteen thousand miners in the Spanish coal districts struck Saturday to force concession from the mining capitalists. Several collisions occurred between the strikers and the police to-day. The latter used their revolvers, killing one man and wounding several.

Fetes were held at Dieppe yesterday in celebration of the tercential of the town. Admiral Dusel opened the pageant, which represented the civic reception to the hero of 1876, Admiral Duquesne, who defeated the Dutch admiral, De Ruyter, off the coast of Sicily.

Two coaches of trainmen, said to be strike-breakers, were brought to Detroit in anticipation of a walkout of Grand Trunk trainmen, Saturday from Port Huron. More than 100 men, en route to Canadian points, were denied admittance to Canada by Dominion immigration inspectors at Port Huron Saturday.

The Maharajah S. R. Bhung Dec of Haair Bhung, ruler of a native state of India, arrived on the 'Empress of China,' at Victoria, yesterday, travelling incognito as Mr. Bhung, with two servants, on a pleasure trip around the world. He will go to New York, and from there to London.

A general strike has been decided upon by the central committee of the National Railroaders' Union of France. The strike committee has been instructed to rush arrangements and give the signal for a general walk-out as soon as possible.

Forest fires are assuming alarming proportions and are raging in several places in the foothill country of the Rockies, southwest of Calgary, and unless heavy rains fall immediately in the besieged regions, millions of dollars' worth of standing timber will be lost.

Widespread damage in several counties in Kentucky and Indiana has resulted from the cloudburst which broke Saturday night after three weeks of almost daily rain. Henderson, Union, Webster and Nicholas counties in Kentucky suffered most. Estimates of the damage vary, but it is known that it is heavy. The loss in Carlisle and Nicholas counties alone is estimated at $200,000.

Mr. Doumergue, minister of education of France, yesterday unveiled a monument to Montcalm, erected by public subscription by Canada and France, near his birthplace, Chateau de Candiac. A delegation from Canada and the Canadian agent in France, Hector Fabre, were at the ceremony.

Joseph G. Cannon, speaker of the United States House of Representatives, collapsed at Winfield, Kansas, Saturday evening in the Chautauquay platform, after speaking for an hour and three-quarters. Prompt aid prevented him from fainting but he was unable to continue his speech, and with the greatest difficulty he begged the audience to excuse him.

Former Councilman M. L. Swife, jr., of Pittsburg, who was described by counsel as a 'mere boy of 26 years, with wife and family dependent on his wages of $15 a week,' was sentenced by Judge Fraser Saturday to eight months in the county jail for accepting bribes for his votes on two municipal ordinances and fined $100.

SUNDAY IN BURNED TOWN

Church Services Held in Open Air at Campbellton Yesterday.

LIQUOR SALE PROHIBITED.

Sanitation is Practically Unchanged, but Precautions Are Being Taken.

Campbellton, N.B., July 18.—It seems barely possible that only last Sunday night some thousands of people, happy and contented inhabitants of the thriving town of Campbellton, were comfortably seated in cozy little churches, while last night only about five hundred remained to gaze upon a pile of ashes, all that remained in the place of the fire of the following evening.

Last night there was no church, and the good people who were present at the worship of their God last Sunday are now widely scattered in various sections of the country. Some have even gone as far as the western coast, while others have but crossed the river, but at all events it would be impossible to assemble to-night even one-fifth of the congregation of a week ago.

The sufferers still remaining, however, did not forget their faith, but in the open air gathered to worship the God of all. Service was held both by the Catholics and Protestants, the former on the site of their church of Our Lady of the Snows, and the latter in the school grounds.

The Rev. Mr. Drumm, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, has returned from Montreal, where he collected more than $1,500 for the fire sufferers. The militia were given no rest to-day. Some of them watched a car of liquor. It is useles to try to sell liquor in Campbellton openly, as all licenses were cancelled by Premier Hazen at the request of Mayor Murray.

There seems to be plenty of provisions on hand for present consumption. The relief work is being well conducted. Lieut.-Col. Mersereau, of Doaktown, high chief ranger of the Foresters, arrived in town on Saturday, and began to give assistance to the destitute members of the order, of whom he found four.

Sad news reached the home of Mr. F. H. Blair in a cable from Scotland. His year-old child is dead there, where it had been taken by its mother on a visit. Mr. Blair suffered the loss of his place in the recent fire. The death of James Arsenault occurred on Saturday in hospital here. He was an employee of the Intercolonial Railway, on which he was hurt several days ago. His death was due to scalding. He belongs to St. Flavie, Que., where he will be buried.

The health situation remains unchanged, but efforts are being made to prevent an outbreak, and for this purpose two members of the Provincial Board of Health, Dr. E. B. Fisher, of Sackville, and Col. Maltby, of Newcastle, arrived on Saturday.

Mr. F. P. Brady, general superintendent of the Intercolonial Railway, has stated: 'The reports as published regarding smallpox at Campbellton are very misleading, and not entirely true. The facts are that an unknown person, evidently a tramp, arrived in town during the day after the fire. He was noticed immediately by the chairman of the Board of Health, who had him isolated and quickly removed to the pest house, since which time he has been in charge of an attendant.'

STOPPED WRECKING TRAIN.

Striking Railwaymen Forced Workers to Return.

Albany, N.Y., July 18.—A wrecking train on the Boston and Maine Railroad, which was sent out from Mechanicville Saturday morning to clean up the freight wreck which occurred near Usher's yesterday, was flagged by Italians before it reached the wreckage. As the train slowed down two Italians covered the engineer and firemen with rifles and refused to let the wreckers proceed. The wrecking train carried about forty Italian laborers, who found themselves facing an angry crowd of about sixty other Italians, all armed, who declared that the wrecking train could not go further. After considerable parleying the train was forced to return to Mechanicville. Since July 2 the trackmen on the Delaware and Hudson Railroad have been on a strike. The railroad between Mechanicville and Crescent is operated jointly by the Boston and Maine and Delaware and Hudson companies. Yesterday's wreck, in which no one was injured, was believed to have been caused by pulling spikes from the rails.

SOCIAL AT ST. LAMBERT.

A lawn social, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, in connection with St. Lambert Methodist Church, was held on Mr. Burland's lawn on Saturday evening last, and proved a great success both in attendance and financially. The grounds were prettily decorated with Chinese lanterns and an excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music was rendered under the direction of Mr. J. T. R. Hicks; encores being a feature of the evening. Songs were given by Mrs. Milligan; Messrs. Webster, Hicks, Patton and Bogart (humorous); trios by Misses Dorris Grose, Dorothy Hicks, Stevens, Powell, Doreen Hicks, Greta Grose and Hamilton; violin solos by Miss Goodchild; whilst the St. Lambert Harmony Band added greatly to the evening's enjoyment. The candy stall was presided over by Mrs. Bogart, Misses Corner, Varden (Toronto), Grose (2), Beatty, Bogan, Nichol and Meachan. The ice cream and refreshment stall was in charge of Mesdames J. R. Beatty (president of the Ladies' Aid Society), McConnell, C. Robertson, Peck, C. Grose, Myerson and French. The board of management was represented by Messrs. W. Hicks, P. T. Webster, C. Grose, C. Braithwaite, Balkwill, Smiley, F. McConnell, French, Patton and J. McConnell. A very enjoyable evening was spent, and hopes were expressed that another would be held before the end of the summer.

THREE-CENT FARE LOSSES.

Cleveland Railway Company Has Announced Deficit.

Cleveland, O., July 18.—A deficit of $78,828 was declared by the Cleveland Street Railway Company Saturday after four months operation under the three-cent fare rule. The report of the company for the month of June shows a deficit of $48,927. The directors adopted a resolution to borrow $250,000 to meet pressing obligations.

FINE AND COOL.

Toronto, Ont., July 18.—[illegible] 46; Edmonton, 76, 54; Battleford, [illegible]; Prince Albert, 84, 70; Calgary, [illegible]; Qu'Appelle, 84, 64; Winnipeg, [illegible]; Port Arthur, 72, 46; Cochrane, [illegible]; Parry Sound, 70, 60; Toronto, [illegible]; Ottawa, 72, 56; Montreal, [illegible]; Quebec, 76, 52; St. John, 68, 56; Halifax, [illegible] 54.

Moderate northerly winds; moderate temperature to-day and Tuesday.

SHAMROCKS WIN FROM CORNWALL

Irish Team Won First Game of Season on Saturday.

KEEGAN'S GOOD WORK.

Fair Crowd Saw Fair Game—Local Men Improve—Close Match All the Way.

The Shamrocks have won a real lacrosse match. The Irish team defeated Cornwall on Saturday afternoon on their own grounds. Four times they put the ball through, and Cornwall scored but twice. The natural inference is that Shamrocks won. No one who saw the game doubts it.

The crowd of two thousand which saw the game kept coming until the last quarter. It looked as though they had hesitated a long time before deciding to take a chance. The game itself will scarce go down in history, and few people will write home about it. As a game it was without any distinguishing features. During the last quarters play became very lively. The crowd made sufficient noise for a really good match. The Cornwall excursionists provided their little cheers, which made the enthusiasm contrast in proportion to the playing of the two teams, a little one-sided.

Cornwall opened the proceedings with a fast rush, and for five minutes the play was centred about the Shamrock nets. The Irishers drew a ring around the goal and they failed to get in. Then the ball separated itself from the bunch, and after being relayed down the field it went to Keegan, who appeared to know what to do with it. Keegan is the youngster who recently graduated from the Clovers. He sent it in, and the whistle blew. One to the Shamrocks.

Little occurred during the remainder of the quarter. The ball travelled up and down the field. The Cornwall home had not the shooting qualities of a Bisley team, their work in this department was rather loose throughout the game, and the local men tied themselves in knots with the Factory Town defence.

The next session commenced fast, but a slump came. The green shirts were all over the shop, but mostly about the Cornwall nets. There were several splendid rushes, and then John White grabbed the ball. He wanted to hug it, but little Munday felt he had a share. They kept after each other for several minutes, and the crowd laughed and cheered. Munday is small, but he's there. George took matters into his own hands, passed to Hyland, who let McIntyre have it. McIntyre slipped it in.

When play opened again, Shamrocks mixed in well. Cameron tried to make trouble, but was put off. Keegan and Quinn were working hard, but the results didn't show on the score card. Guy Smith after a while found the ball and an opening. Cornwall scored. The only other event of importance during the period was the absence of McIntyre from the field for ten minutes at the request of the referee.

The pretty combination work of the visitors, and its result were the features of the third quarter. It was twelve minutes before Guy Smith scored, but it was only because of the determined efforts of the Shamrock defence that the game did not come sooner. For the first few minutes the play was loose, and there was a lot of foolish running around the field. Then the Cornwall men caught their stride and it took seven of the Irishers to keep them back. The quarter ended with the score a tie, two all.

In fine fury the Cornwall men rushed at the beginning of the final round. But the local defence was ready, and the ball was soon on its way down the field. Hyland got one through and the score was no longer tied. Before the crowd was through cheering Keegan repeated. That's the game ended, 4 to 2 for the Shamrocks. This quarter was the fastest and best of the game. Towards the close John White and a few others became anxious, and it looked like a small riot. The referee ended it all.

The line-up:

Cornwall, 2.		Shamrocks, 4.
Mark Cummins	Goal	Muir
D. Cameron	Point	Clingen
Somerville	Cover point	Barry
F. Degan	Defence	Rochford
F. Cummins	Defence	Tobin
C. Degan	Defence	Powers
J. White	Centre	Munday
Hessell	Home	George
Phelan	Home	McIntyre
Frank Cummins	Home	Hyland
G. Smith	Outside home	Quinn
Nicholson	Inside home	Keegan

Referee—Tom Carlind, Montreal.

Judge of play—Mr. St. Pere, Nationals.

Summary:

First Quarter.		
1—Shamrocks	Keegan	6.00
Second Quarter.		
2—Shamrocks	McIntyre	5.00
3—Cornwall	Guy Smith	6.00
Third Quarter.		
4—Cornwall	Guy Smith	12.00
Fourth Quarter.		
5—Shamrocks	Hyland	1.00
6—Shamrocks	Keegan	1.30

Game over:

Shamrocks	4
Cornwall	2

CHAMPIONS BEATEN.

Clovers Won From Shamrocks in Intermediate Lacrosse Match.

The Clovers defeated the Shamrocks in an intermediate league lacrosse match Saturday afternoon, by a score of 3 to 1. Brady in goals for the winners, played a star game and saved many times when a goal seemed certain. The score stood one all at the end of the first quarter, but Clovers added another tally in the second, and their third and last in the third. Maher, at inside home, played a fast game, and was responsible for two of the winners' goals, F. Jarrett getting the other one. Jimmy Miller score Shamrocks' only goal. Desse Brown, who had refused to handle the Capital-National game in Ottawa, acted as referee, with D. Bennett as judge of play.

The teams lined up as follows:

Clovers: Goal, Brady; point, Leddy; cover, Bennett; defence field, W. Jarrett, Reynolds, Rafferty; centre, Ashfield; home field, Gallagher, F. Jarrett, J. Jarrett; outside, J. Crotty, inside, T. Maher.

Shamrocks: Goal, Vaalier; point, Powers; cover, Fury; defence field, Welsh, Kelly, Quinn; centres, Harold; home field, M. Cummings, P. Hyland, J. Mackay; outside, J. Miller; inside, J. Lynch.

A SOFT SNAP FOR NATIONALS

French-Canadians Vanquished Capitals in Rough Exhibition.

NATIONALS, 11; CAPITALS, 4.

Police and Crowd Swarmed on Field For Mix-up in the Final Quarter.

Ottawa, June 18.—It was not hard for Nationals to come a step nearer the attainment of the N. L. U. championship in the match with Capitals here on Saturday afternoon. In fact the French-Canadians had the game in their own hands throughout, and the final score of 11 to 4 was no more than the play warranted. The attendance at the game was the largest at any exhibition of lacrosse in the Capital. Nationals were accompanied by a thousand rooters from the metropolis, who went wild with delight at their team's easy victory.

Capitals were not as strong as the team that lined up against Nationals the previous Saturday. Tommy Gorman, one of the oldest and most reliable men, was off with a sprained wrist, and Eastwood and Powers, both of whom went on at the beginning of the game, were in no condition for hard play, both suffering from sprained knee. Powers was replaced by Bawlf at the end of the second quarter, the pace proving too difficult for him. Although Joe. Gorman and Groulx on the home worked in a vigorous and effective manner, and the Capitals' defence was fairly good, the whole team was nothing to the all-conquering Nationals, who played with the science and system of a perfectly run machine.

'Newsy' Lalonde was the most effective and most acclaimed man on the field. Whenever he secured the ball, which was more often than any man playing, the National fans sent up hoarse cheers, while dozens of extempore coaches on the stand were always ready with the advice to 'give it to Lalonde.' Little Gauthier was strenuous throughout and Lamoureux and Dusseault also showed up well in the scoring. The defence was of such a strong nature that L'Heureux was not called upon to stop any sizzlers, but most of those that came within his reach were successfully handled. Play was fairly uniform throughout the match. At the end of the first quarter Nationals had tallied four and the Capitals only one. In the second quarter the Capitals made a slight spurt, and equalled their skilled opponents in scoring, the half time tally being 6 to 2, while at the end of the third quarter it was 8 to 4.

One of the features of the game was a wild mix-up near the end of the last quarter. Lachapelle began roughing it up near the Caps' goal, and Eastwood retaliated in kind. Then Butterworth, Clement, Secours and Shea mixed in, and the crowd began to fall forward from the stand and pour on to the field. Four police constables rushed out, and broke up the combat, taking the names of all those mixed up in it. It ended up with Lachapelle, the man at the bottom of the row, going to the fence for the few remaining minutes of play. At all times the fast play was marred by roughness, and the penalties were heavy, Capital men going to the side for 73 minutes and Nationals for 68 minutes. Fred. Waghorne and John Kervin, the officials, had a tough game to handle, and were fair and impartial.

The teams:—

Nationals.		Capitals.
L'Heureux	Goal	Hutton
Cattaranich	Point	Marsh
Gagnon	C. point	Currie
Decarie	1st defence	Goodwin
Clement	2nd defence	Pringle
Lachapelle	3rd defence	Butterwork
Secours	Centre	Shea
Delude	3rd home	J. Gorman
Gauthier	2nd home	Groulx
Lalonde	1st home	Powers
Lamoureux	Outside	Gaul
Dussault	Inside	Eastwood

Referee, Johnnie Kervin, Cornwall; judge of play, Fred Waghorne, Toronto.

SUMMARY.

First Quarter.		
1—Nationals	Lamoureux	.20
2—Capitals	Groulx	2.03
3—Nationals	Dussault	.15
4—Nationals	Lamoureux	2.05
Second Quarter.		
5—Nationals	Lalonde	2.10
6—Capitals	Groulx	2.00
7—Nationals	Gauthier	3.00
8—Nationals	Lamoureux	1.00
Third Quarter.		
9—Nationals	Dussault	6.00
10—Nationals	Lalonde	4.00
11—Capitals	Eastwood	4.00
12—Capitals	Gorman	2.00
Fourth Quarter.		
13—Nationals	Dulude	3.00
14—Nationals	Lachapelle	3.00
15—Nationals	Lamoureux	6.00

Penalties: Gagnon 5 min., Gaul 3 min., Pringle 5 min., Gaul 10 min., Gagnon 10 min., Marsh 5 min., Butterworth 5 min., Shea 5 min., Gaul 5 min., Eastwood 5 min., Secours 5 min., Dulude 5 min., Gaul 5 min., Secours 10 min., Shea 5 min., Lachapelle 5 min., Gagnon 5 min., Gauthier 5 min. Total—Capitals 73 min.; Nationals 68 min.

CRICKETERS LEAVE FOR TOUR OF THE STATES.

Three Montreal Men on the Team, Which, However, Represents Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 18.—The Ottawa Cricket Club party left on Saturday on a tour which will continue until August 2. While away they will play at New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Washington and Brooklyn. They start their games to-day at Baltimore.

The team taken is a strong one, made up of the following well known players: M. G. Bristow, captain; Harry Ackland, manager; S. Gray, T. B. Rankin, W. Johnson, G. Atkinson, T. B. Knapp, D. C. Campbell, Frank Campbell, G. Harring, F. L. C. Pereira, J. L. Counsell, Hamilton; C. F. Hawkins, Montreal; O. Wallace, Montreal, and W. C. Baber, formerly of McGill, now a resident of New York.

'Pete' Murphy's Challenge.

Mr. Peter Murphy, the well-known news agent, writes:—

'Look out for Peter Murphy's picnic on July 20th at Maple Grove. Talk about Jim Jeffries being played out at thirty-four years of age. I have been standing rain and shine at the C. P. R. corner for the past fifty years as a newsboy, and I will run any man of my age a hundred and fifty yards the day of the picnic at Maple Grove.'

Father Chaput for St. Boniface.

Winnipeg, July 16.—Another important change in the staff of St. Boniface College was announced yesterday in the appointment of the Rev. Father C. Chaput, late professor of theology in Montreal, who is to be the new prefect of studies at St. Boniface. Father Chaput is here, having been sent to preach a retreat to the sisters at St. Mary's Academy.

MONTREAL LOST FIRST GAME

New Westminster Obtained Big Lead by Fast Scientific Game.

MONTREAL DEFENCE OFF.

Easterners Have Small Chance Now—Complained of Unfair Treatment by Officials.

Vancouver, July 18.—It would seem, after the game on Saturday that the westerners have the matter of the Minto cup games entirely in their own hands, and also that they are reluctant to give it up to any one else. The score was 10 to 4. That means that next Saturday the men from the east have a lead of six goals to overcome, and out here the opinion is that they wouldn't have a chance to do it in six games. The easterners themselves are by no means a gladsome bunch, though they swear by traditions old and hoary that they will ship the big trophy back after the next match.

The Montreal team has something that resembles a home. A number of players also go to comprise what is known as their defence, and as a rule the bunch of men would be looked on as a fast combination, working together and playing mighty good lacrosse. But when that defence ran up against a home that was chain lightning, a home that was just a little bit faster, more precise, trickier, surer and playing a little better combination, it can be seen that this defence would be running around in circles just a little of the time. And when the Montreal home found in front of them a defence that was like a stone wall, that refused to be drawn out by all their little wiles, they began to understand why they only put four into the nets.

Wonderful indeed were the rushes of the red shirts. They soon discovered a weak spot in the defence line, and through it they pounded their way. Time and again they got through, until finally the Montreal men began to rough it, in a foolish endeavor to hold them. The result was that they received nine penalties to six which were handed the Salmonbellies, which totalled sixty minutes to thirty which the home team lost. There were five Montrealers on the bench, three at one time. The result may be read in the next summary appended.

Much complaint is being made by the easterners about the work of the officials, which they claim in many ways was not at all satisfactory. They speak of the fall-down of the men with the whistles as sins of omission rather than commission. It was a savage game on each side, and the Montreal men claim that the referees failed to see many things about the New Westminster goal which they made very prominent when they occurred near the Montreal nets. They also say that during the first two periods it was not so bad, but that towards the end the proportion of easterners and westerners at the timekeepers' bench was scarcely just.

It was very good lacrosse from the start. The Montreal team at first seemed winners. They were aggressive every moment, the home men dodged about, until the local heavy defence seemed bewildered. Meanwhile the home team went easily, getting the measure of their men. It was not until the third quarter that they really seemed to open out.

Westminster started the scoring, and shortly after Montreal got one across, too. For the next seventeen minutes the battle raged with no result, and the first quarter ended with the score evened and the local crowd trying to dope the thing out. It was even money all over the field after that first quarter.

The local men opened out in the next quarter. They got the ball to Spring and Tierney couldn't stop it. About two minutes later Spring repeated, and not long after Turnbull did the same thing. Then came the most spectacular play of the day. Fred Scott grabbed the ball, and dodging four Westminster men, shot. The whistle blew. Of course Scott was cheered for it was a fine exhibition. But such things can only happen once in a game, because the whole defence will lay for the man who pulls the stunt, and if he makes another start, he might as well lie down on the field. Scott tried it again several times, when combination work might have brought results. The other team went after him, and he retaliated without judgment, which is rash and selfish. He was sent to the bench three times, twenty minutes in all.

Montreal opened the third quarter by scoring again. That was the last. The Montreal men began going to the fence and the Westminster scores mounted. Three did they put on in that quarter and two more in the next. The Montreal men felt the defeat that hovered over them in the last, and except for a few brilliant sallies by the home men, it was slow. The defence playel stolidly and the home team seemed tired. It was also at the end that the westerners recovered their speed and put through a couple.

The teams and the summary:

Montreal.		New Westminster.
Tierney	Goal	Gray
G. Finlayson	Point	Galbraith
Mcerrow	Cover	J. Gifford
R. Finlayson	Defence	J. Gifford
Hamilton	Defence	G. Rennie
McKenna	Defence	T. Rennie
Kane	Centre	C. Spring
F. Scott	Home	W. Turnbull
Dade	Home	Wintemute
H. Scott	Home	Feeney
Robert	Outside	L. Turnbull
Hogan	Inside	G. Spring

First Quarter.		
1—Westminster	Feeney	1.19
2—Montreal	Dade	1.52
Second Quarter.		
3—Westminster	G. Spring	3.45
4—Westminster	G. Spring	1.52
5—Westminster	L. Turnbull	5.12
6—Montreal	F. Scott	1.48
7—Montreal	Roberts	5.04
8—Westminster	G. Spring	1.33
Third Quarter.		
9—Montreal	Dade	3.55
10—Westminster	G. Rennie	2.33
11—Westminster	L. Turnbull	8.32
12—Westminster	Wintemute	3.30
Fourth Quarter.		
13—Westminster	G. Spring	16.55
14—Westminster	L. Turnbull	1.54

THE PENALTIES:

First quarter—W. Turnbull, 5; T. Gifford, 5; R. Finlayson, 5; J. Gifford, 5.

Second quarter — J. Gifford, 5; G. Rennie, 5; F. Scott, 5.

Third quarter—F. Scott, 10; Kane, 10; McKenna, 5; F. Scott, 5; G. Finlayson, 5.

Fourth quarter — R. Finlayson, 5; Hogan, 10; W. Turnbull, 5.

Total penalties—Montreal, 60 mins.; New Westminster, 30 mins.

Referee—Lionel Yorke.

Judge of play—Bill Dichborn.

The officials will reverse positions for the next game.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

SATURDAY'S CRICKET

McGill Beat Victoria, M.A.A.A. Beat Yorks. Society and Lachine Beat Verdun

The following are the scores in Saturday's cricket matches:

Victoria vs McGill.

Victoria.

T. Whittle, lbw, b Hodgson	0
Grankland ct Lane, b Hodgson	4
Bogart, b Lane	0
Gausden, b Lane	18
Jackson, b Lane	0
Morrison, run out	3
Breslin, ct Hainsworth, b Lane	2
Holcomb, ct Lane, b Hodgson	0
Hicks, b Hodgson	0
Chalmers, not out	0
Humphreys, b Hodgson	0
Extras	5
Totals	32

Bowling—Lane, 4 for 11; Hodgson, 5 for 16.

McGill.

Dickenson, b Jackson	0
H. Hull, b Bogart	23
A. Hainsworth, b Whittles	16
F. C. Lane st. and b Gausden	10
H. Slingsby, b Whittles	33
C. W. DeGale, ct Whittles, b Breslin	0
W. G. Binnie, ct Jackson, b Gausden	2
J. Horsfall, not out	76
Brebner, not out	44
Extras	11
Total for 7 wickets	215

M. A. A. A. vs. Yorkshire Society.

Montreal.

R. H. Dare, lbw, b Moseley	0
W. R. D. Jones, c Baker, b Hallas	10
J. J. Boyes, b Baker	61
E. M. Marshall, b Hallas	4
T. Stinson, b Hallas	0
T. B. Motherwell, c Collinge, b Hallas	6
D. George Fisk, b Hallas	16
C. B. Godwin, b Baker	19
A. B. Hamilton b Bristowe	4
G. C. Smith, not out	4
Extras	5
Total	129

Yorkshire.

F. Hallas, b Motherwell	8
H. P. Marsden, b Motherwell	0
R. Moseley, b Motherwell	0
J. Varley, b Godwin	0
J. Bristowe, c Jones, b Motherwell	6
W. Duckray, b Godwin	2
W. Baker, b Godwin	9
R. Appleby, b Godwin	0
L. Collinge, b Motherwell	1
H. Simpson, b Motherwell	5
W. Eccles, not out	14
Extras	3
Total	48

Montreal II. vs. Westmount II.

Montreal II.

W. F. King, b Wise	1
E. A. Mahon, jr., c Hooper, b Wise	8
A. W. Powell, b Wise	13
A. Leupold, b Wise	0
J. W. Miller, c Wise, b Manning	3
Wm. Dalton, b Lillyman	12
F. A. Matt, b Manning	1
F. S. Taylor, run out	19
A. Mills, b Barnes	2
J. J. Lochead, not out	0
Extras	2
Total	61

Westmount.

A. J. Calmers, b Dalton	19
T. Crossley, b Motte	21
A. D. Hooper, b Motte	3
H. L. Cairns, b Miller	22
L. T. Cronk, b Dalton	2
S. T. Lillyman, b Miller	6
C. H. Blick, stpd Mahon, b Leupold	13
L. Wise, c Sub., b Miller	6
A. B. Manning, b Dalton	2
H. Purvis, not out	7
E. W. Barnes, b Leupold	5
Extras	5
Total	111

Lachine vs. Verdun.

Lachine.

Watson, ct Fawley, b Robinson	6
Racker, b Fawley	6
Thompson, ct Taylor, b Coates	67
Burgess, run out	0
Gaskin, b Fawley	0
Wilson, T., ct Coates, b Fawley	13
Wilson, C., ct and b Coates	10
Hart, not out	1
Extras	10
Total for 7 wickets	113

Verdun.

W. S. Gibson, b Cox	2
H. Taylor, run out	10
A. Fawley, b T. Wilson	6
S. Taylor, b Hart	4
A. Robinson, b Hart	4
J. W. Tordoff, run out	0
R. Vincent, b T. Wilson	23
A. Taylor, b T. Wilson	5
G. H. Coates, not out	26
C. Wilson, b Hart	2
E. Stonebridge, lbw, b Cox	5
Extras	20
Total	107

ENGLISH CRICKET.

London, July 16—Cricket results today:

Kent beat Lancashire by 321 runs.

Sussex beat Leicestershire by ten wickets.

Yorkshire beat Warwick by 172 runs.

North Hants vs. Gloucester and Derby vs. Notts, drawn.

NOTES FROM ALL OVER.

Mr. C. E. Robinson, St. Stephens, will be referee, and Mr. Murdoch, G. T. B. C., starter, at the Canadian Canoe championship meet at St. John's next month. About twenty clubs have entered their champion paddlers, and some fast work is expected. The preliminary divisional regattas commence next week.

At the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association meeting on Saturday a new rule was made that in diving competitions no compulsory dive may be repeated as a voluntary dive.

To-night Mr. Dave Crutchlow, of the Quebec branch of the Royal Life Saving Society, will visit Lakeside and give demonstrations of various methods of saving drowning men and resuscitating the apparently drowned. The association has again petitioned the Board of Control for aid to carry on its work in the public baths.

If sufficient interest is shown, a long distance race will be held by the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association this summer.

Starting from scratch, E. Bouchard won the fifty yards junior race in five seconds at the Montreal Swimming Club's weekly handicap on Saturday.

In a semi-final game of the Caledonian Cup Sons of Scotland defeated East End United on Saturday by 4 goals to 1.

Rosemount defeated R.R.Y.M.C.A. in a Montreal Football Association fixture on Saturday by the score of two goals to nothing.

G. R. L. Anderson, hurdles champion of Britain, established a world's record for 440 yards over three-foot hurdles at the Crystal Palace meeting on Saturday afternoon. His time was 56 4-5 seconds.

Bob Simmons, one of the best known jockeys in the Western States, dropped dead on Saturday evening, just after driving 'Beulah R.' to victory at the Winnipeg exhibition track.

F. S. Cameron, of Amherst, won the fifteen mile race at Amherst on Saturday in one hour 26 minutes, 46 and a half seconds.

Mr. Galbraith won the Hemsley Cup at the Westmount Gun Club on Saturday afternoon in the final shoot for the trophy, defeating Tolhurst and Caughtrey with whom he had tied in the former rounds. The scores were: Galbraith, 23; Tolhurst, 20; Caughtrey, 19.

In the Ontario bowling tournament W. K. Doherty, of the Canada Club, won the singles from Watson, of St. Matthews. The final of the doubles was between Burns and Masters, of Niagara, and Sykes and W. Orr, of Queen City, was won by the former.

TO PURCHASE THE 'SCARABEE'

Montrealer's Offer for Count de Lesseps' Machine Was Refused.

TORONTO MEET CONCLUDED.

Contest From St. Louis to New York Arranged—Airman Injured at Bournemouth.

Toronto, July 18.—Ideal weather conditions prevailed on Sunday after rain, for the aviators at Weston, and the result was most satisfactory to the thousand odd spectators who went out to witness the last flying of the meet. Scarcely a breath of wind was noticeable and the machines soared gracefully over the field and far into the air. Count de Lesseps made the first flight in his Bleriot No. 9. He rose gracefully from the west end of the field and soared at a distance of 200 or 300 feet above the ground. After making several graceful circles over the field he came to earth by a long, carefully-judged dip and landed as lightly as a bird. Following this flight, Ralph Johnstone gave an exhibition lasting seven minutes in the Wright bi-plane No. 2. He showed his complete mastery of the machine by hurdling up and down the field and flying very low along the ground, almost touching at times.

Count de Lesseps' 'Le Scarabee' was then taken to the east side of the field, where the Count took his seat and soared up at once. For 25 minutes he remained up, attaining a height estimated at more than 2,000 feet. The whirr of his engine was almost lost in the distance, as he circled wider and wider. He alighted on the spot from where he ascended. While he was in the air Frank Coffyn took out the Wright bi-plane and gave another exhibition. He did not go very high, notwithstanding the fact that the crowd called to him to go higher.

Count de Lesseps will remain in Toronto as the guest of Mr. William Mackenzie for a few days before sailing from Quebec on July 28. He will not do any flying in the United States, as he does not want to conflict with any of the patents held by the Wright brothers. An American woman at the meeting on Saturday was so delighted with the showing made by the Bleriot No. 9 that she offered to purchase it, and negotiations are under way. It is understood that a Montreal man has made an offer for 'Le Scarabee,' but the Count will not sell the engine.

BIG CONTEST IS PLANNED.

New York, July 18.—The official conditions governing the proposed aeroplane flight between New York and St. Louis were made public Saturday. They follow:

'The New York 'World' and the St. Louis "Post-Despatch" will give $30,000 to the first aviator who between August 15, 1910, and January 1, 1911, flies from New York to St. Louis or from St. Louis to New York within 100 consecutive hours, using the same aeroplane from start to finish. Three days' notice of intention to start for this prize must be given to either the New York "World" or the St. Louis "Post-Despatch" in order that announcement may be made of the actual starting and finishing points, the actual route and other details agreed upon.'

The average fast train time is twenty-nine hours and the average train speed is thirty-six miles an hour. The best average speed for sustained flight in an aeroplane is 54 4-5 miles an hour.

AVIATOR WINS PRIZES AT MEET.

Bournemouth, Eng., July 18.—To Leon Morane, the French aviator, has been officially awarded the first prizes at the meeting just ended for speed, altitude, sea flight and general merit. James Armstrong Drexel, son of Anthony Drexel, comes next as the highest prize winner, while Grahame White, the English aviator, takes third place. Morane reached an altitude of 4,100 feet, and covered the distance of 18 miles, around the Needles Lighthouse and return, in 25 minutes.

Copenhagen, July 18.—Sevendends, the Danish aviator, flew in an aeroplane across the Sound, a distance of 14 miles, Saturday. He arose at 4.03 a.m. and landed at Malmoe at 4.34.

AIRMAN WAS SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Bournemouth, July 18.—Alan Boyle, son of the Earl of Glasgow, was seriously injured Saturday when the monoplane in which he was making a flight at the aviation meet fell to the ground. Boyle was picked up unconscious and suffering from concussion of the brain. Saturday's was the fourth accident that has marred the present meet. Robert Loraine had a most exciting trip in the midst of a torrential rainstorm. He narrowly escaped missing the Isle of Wight altogether, and was a mile south of the Needles lighthouse and heading over the open sea, when, fortunately, he caught sight of the cliffs and managed to bring his aircraft around and to descend.

GERMAN WAR BALLOON FLIGHTS.

Metz, Germany, July 18.—Dirigible balloon manoeuvres under war conditions were begun here Saturday on an extensive scale. The Zeppelin I. ascended at 6 o'clock Saturday morning and made a reconnaissance in the direction of Diedenhoven for the purpose of observing the divisional operations of the military being conducted there, wthout placing the airship within range of the enemy's fire. The officers of the balloon were ordered to report their observations at headquarters here. The round trip to Diedenhoven is about forty miles and was to occupy about eight hours. In addition to the military crew of ten, the Zeppelin I. carried the Governor of Metz and several field officers. Two other dirigible balloons, the Parseval and the Gross, also participated in the manoeuvres.

THREE NEW RECORDS

Established by Juniors at Celtic Park, New York.

New York, July 16.—Three new junior championships were established to-day at Celtic Park during the annual track and field games of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.

In the one mile run, J. W. Rument, of the Irish A. C., put up a fine race in 4.24 3-5. In the field events, G. Dukes, of the New York A. C., cleared 12 feet in the pole vault, and his clubmate, W. Thomassen, was credited with 6 feet 1 inch in the running high jump. All are new junior records.

LONG GAME ENDS A TIE

For Fourteen Innings Rochester and Royals Struggle—Darkness Stopped Game

FIRST GAME IS WEIRD.

Royals Have Ten Errors and Deserve to Lose—Nearly all Offend.

During the two games on Saturday the crowd witnessed a wide variety of ball playing. Yet they did not see the one thing they had hoped for. They did not see the Royals win. Still they saw something nearly as good, a game close always; a game that was saved by fine fielding and pitching on several occasions.

This applies to the second contest. Of the first—well, the less said the better. It has been stated Montreal is weak in pitchers. The truth of this was demonstrated in this first game, for Wiggs was wild and ineffective. Yet the defeat can hardly be attributed to Wiggs alone. Curtis, who usually catches finely, participated in the bad work as did Messrs. Jones, Cockill, Nattress and Holly. As usual, Yeager played reliable snappy ball, and Demmitt and Jube, in the outfield, accepted everything, and by fine throwing prevented additional scores.

After the errors started to come in clusters, the crowd lost interest in the game and turned their attention to Ganzel, Rochester's manager. At all times Ganzel is a noisy coacher, but when his team is scoring heavily his joy knows no bounds. On Saturday he held a little St. Andrew's day celebration all by himself, dancing the Highland fling and the sword dance back of third base. He informed Wiggs that he was up in the air. Big Jim couldn't deny it. Ganzel then told Yeager that Wiggs was not pitching a no-hit game. Joe also could not deny it, and took the tall one out. This delighten Ganzel still more. He had a happy afternoon.

The second contest was just as good as the first had been bad, just as tight as the first had been loose. It was a pitcher's battle between Holmes and Jones. The honors go to the Rochester man, for he allowed fewer hits, but Bumpus was a worthy rival. He never let up, and though wild at times, pulled himself together and kept the hits made off his delivery so scattered that only one run was made. The game went fourteen innings and might have gone much further had light permitted. Both teams were fielding almost perfectly.

All went quietly until Montreal's half of the fifth. Then Demmitt opened with a hit. Nattress laid down a bunt which was slowly handled and which finally went to centre field when thrown wide to second. On the play Demmitt took third. Now Joe Yeager pointed upward for the benefit of Holmes. The pitcher, however, only smiled. He refused to believe he was 'going up,' as the baseball term is. Ganzel was evidently nervous and walked to the plate to speak to his big catcher, Blair. Yeager seized the opportunity for a talk with Cockill who was at bat. This tickled the crowd, also Pitcher Holmes who smiled his Johnson-like smile and struck the batter out. Holly, who came next, hit safely to centre and a run scored. Now happiness reigned in the stands. The crowd arose, and someone setting the example, all sang sweetly a tuneful ditty running something like this:

'He's up. He's up. He's up, up, up.

But Holmes wasn't up. He was particularly cool; took much time to steady down, so much indeed that Kritchell became greatly annoyed of which Holmes took advantage and struck him out. Jones, who came next, was an easy victim.

Rochester came right back in the next innings and the outlook became dark. Spencer got to first by hitting cleanly. Batch, who had been passed, taking third. Alperman hit to left and one scored. Indeed it was only Demmitt's fine throw to the plate which prevented two coming in.

Ganzel now was in his happiest mood. Jones threw a couple of wide ones, and though Kritchell pulled them in, the sight cheered the Rochester manager. 'How do you get those wide ones Kritch?' he asked. 'He'll put one over in a minute though you can't get.' But Jones didn't. And though the smiling Ganzel was giving merry instructions to have his bat brought out, there was no need for it.

From this on runs were conspicuously missing. In the eight it seemed Rochester might score when Cockill missed Yeager's throw, but Jube, ever alert, came in fast, hurled the ball to second and the runner was out. It was the second time Jube had made such a play, once enabling Yeager to make a put out by a perfect throw to third.

The eleventh innings looked promising for the Royals. Jube, first to bat, went out on a long fly, but Yeager walked and Jones and Demmitt hit in succession, filling the bases. Nattress swung hard, rubbed his hands in the dirt, gripped his bat, but all to no avail. He struck out. The best Cockill could do was a fly to right field and the chance was lost.

The scores:—

First game:—

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0 0 1 0 2 2 2 0 1	8	12	2
Montreal	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	8	10

Batteries:—Lafitte and Blair; Wiggs, Winter and Curtis.

Second game—

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	00000100000000	1	11	3
Monreal	00001000000000	1	5	3

Batteries:—Holmes and Blair; Jones and Kritchell. Umpires, Kelly and Hurst.

RAIN BOTHERS TORONTO.

Toronto, July 16.— Rain interfered with to-day's double header with Buffalo, also with the Leafs' chance to climb.

LEAF CAST-OFF AGAIN WINS.

Providence, July 16.—Lee's pitching shut out the home team to-day.

		R.	H.	E.
Nework	0 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0	4	7	1
Providence	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	0

Lee and Crisp; Lavender and Fitzgerald. Umpire, Halligan.

TWO HITS OFF FRILL.

Jersey City, July 16.—Frill, just secured from the New York Americans, pitched his first game for Jersey City to-day and shut out Baltimore.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	0
Jer. City	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 x	1	4	0

Malloy and Eagan; Frill and Ryan. Umpires, Murray and Finneran.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Newark	53	31	.631
Rochester	44	32	.579
Toronto	43	36	.544
Baltimore	42	39	.519
Providence	37	38	.493
Buffalo	33	43	.434
Jersey City	34	45	.430
Montreal	27	47	.365

After La Grippe

"I had suffered several weeks with LaGrippe. Had pains in my head and eyes. It felt as though there was a heavy weight on the top of my head, until it seemed that my brain would burst. I was so nervous that I could not rest or sleep. When I dozed off I would awake with a sudden jerking of my whole body. Dr. Miles' Nervine, Heart Remedy and Nerve and Liver Pills cured me. A number of friends have since realized the same benefits."

MRS. ALVIN H. LOCKS,
Seabrook, N. H.

The after effects of LaGrippe are often more serious than the disease, as it leaves the system in a weakened condition that invites more serious troubles, such as pneumonia, etc.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine should be taken for some time to thoroughly restore nerve strength.

Price $1.00 at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto.

TO-DAY'S GAMES.

Newark at Montreal.
Jersey City at Toronto.
Baltimore at Rochester.
Providence at Buffalo.

PIRATES ARE CLIMBING—TAKE FOUR GAMES FROM THE NEW YORK GIANTS.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 16.—Pittsburg to-day made it four straight from New York, winning in the 8th inning. Mathewson was then on the rubber, having relieved Crandall in the seventh. Wilson made two three baggers and a single.

Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 1 0 2 3 x	6	10	0
New York	1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	8	1

Batteries—Adams, Phillipe and Gibson; Crandall, Mathewson and Myers.

At Chicago—

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 x	3	8	1
Phila	0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	2	9	3

Batteries—Brown and Kling; Moore, Foxen and Dooin.

At St. Louis—

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 x	3	10	6
Brooklyn	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	2	6	0

Batteries:—Lush and Phelps; Barger and Erwin.

Second game—

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 2 0 0 2 0 1 0 x	5	12	1
Brooklyn	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1	3	8	1

Batteries — Willis and Bresnahan; Bell, Miller and Erwin and Miller.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	48	28	.632
New York	43	31	.581
Pittsburg	39	32	.549
Cincinnati	40	37	.519
Philadelphia	36	38	.486
St. Louis	34	44	.436
Brooklyn	33	44	.429
Boston	30	49	.380

PHILADELPHIA INCREASES LEAD IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Philadelphia—

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	8	1
Philadelphia	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 x	2	6	2

At New York, first game—

		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0	3	9	3
New York	0 2 1 0 1 0 1 0 x	5	9	0

Batteries— Koestner and Easterly; Warhop and Mitchell.

Second game—

		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 1 0 2 1 0 1 0 4	9	13	4
New York	0 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 0	4	6	4

Batteries—W. Mitchell and Bemis; Fisher, Manning and F. Mitchell.

At Boston—

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	6	1
Boston	2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	3	6	1

Batteries—Walsh and Block; Cicotte and Carrigan.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	52	24	.684
New York	46	31	.597
Boston	46	32	.590
Detroit	44	36	.550
Cleveland	33	39	.458
Chicago	31	45	.408
Washington	30	47	.390
St. Louis	23	51	.311

GOLF AT RANELAGH.

First Round of Beatty Cup Played on Saturday.

The first round of the Beatty Cup competition took place over the golf course at Ranelagh Country Club, St. Lambert, on Saturday. The course was in excellent condition. J. L. Black defeated H. B. Stoker in an uphill game, winning on the seventeenth green, two up and one to play.

G. A. Simard furnished the surprise of the day by downing J. Nicholl 6 and 5. Mr. Simard is expected to be well up in the standing before the close of the season. H. J. Bourne fell before J. Morgan, 4 up and 5 to play. Four putts in less than a yard cost Mr. Bourne the game. Jas. Buchanan defeated F. Jaques, 3 and 2.

In the semi-final, on Saturday next, J. L. Black will be pitted against G. A. Simard and J. Morgan will meet James Buchanan, the two victors of the afternoon to enter the final on July 30. Very keen contests are expected.

BUFFALO TOURNEY ENDS.

Buffalo, July 16.—Lt. W. H. Faust, of Buffalo, to-day won the individual golf championship of the League of the Lower Lakes. He deafeated Edgar, of Toronto, in the final round by a score of 2 up and 1 to play. Bowman, of Rochester, won the consolation cup, defeating Rowbathan, of Toronto, in the final.

(For other sporting, see page 8.)

2 in 1 SHOE POLISH

No bottles—liquids—mops—or hard work. "2 in 1" shines instantly and gives a hard, brilliant, lasting, waterproof polish. Contains no Turpentine, Acids or other injurious ingredients. ALL DEALERS, 10c.

THE F. F. DALLEY CO., LIMITED, Hamilton, Ont., and Buffalo, N.Y.

The John Murphy Company Limited

LUNCH ROOM SERVICE.

BREAKFAST from 7.45 to 9.30. (16 different menus, 25 cents to 50 cents).

LUNCHEON, from 12.00 to 2.00 p.m. (Full course, 35 cents.)

AFTERNOON TEA (Shoppers' Special—3.00 to 5.30 p.m., 25c. A la Carte all day.

The John Murphy Company Limited

EMBROIDERED ROBES, BLOUSE PATTERNS AND FRONTINGS HALF PRICE.

The balance of all our embroidered summer robes, our embroidered linen robes and our embroidered blouse patterns and frontings will be put on sale Tuesday at, each, Half Price

There are not very many, yet sufficient for the first hour's selling or so.

Swiss embroidered muslin, semi-made robes, marked at $11.75, $15.00 and $25.00.. .. ..Half Price

White linen, Irish hand embroidered semi-made robes, marked at $15.00.. .. ..Half Price

Colored embroidered linen dress patterns at $12.75.. .. ..Half Price

Irish hand embroidered blouse patterns, marked at $2.25, $3.00, $3.75, $4.50 and $6.00; for.. ..Half Price

Blouse frontings of Swiss embroidered muslin; beautiful designs for Half Price, viz.:

A blouse front (5-8 yard) at $0.47, for.. .24
A blouse front (5-8 yard) at .63, for.. .32
A blouse front (5-8 yard) at .79, for.. .40
A blouse front (5-8 yard) at .94, for.. .47
A blouse front (5-8 yard) at 1.10, for.. .55

1½ yards of muslin will make the back and sleeves, don't you see the opportunity of making a beautiful blouse for a very small cost?

Elaborate Millinery
Less Than Half Price

Your choice of twenty elaborately trimmed hats, previously reduced from $20.00 and $30.00 to $10.00, are now placed for final clearance at.. .. ..$8.50

Whitewear

Gowns

Of fine nainsook; slip-over style; yoke of fine embroidery threaded with ribbon; ¾ sleeves finished with embroidery. An excellent garment at $2.25; on sale for.. .. ..$1.50

Chemises

Of fine nainsook; square neck trimmed with embroidery insertion and edged with lace; specially priced at.. .. .. .95

Underskirts

Of fine cotton; flounce tucked and edged with deep frill of fine embroidery; dust ruffle; marked price $2.75; on sale at, each.. .. ..$1.95

Drawers

Of good cotton; tucked and trimmed with embroidery; .65 value for.. .. .. .48

Corset Covers

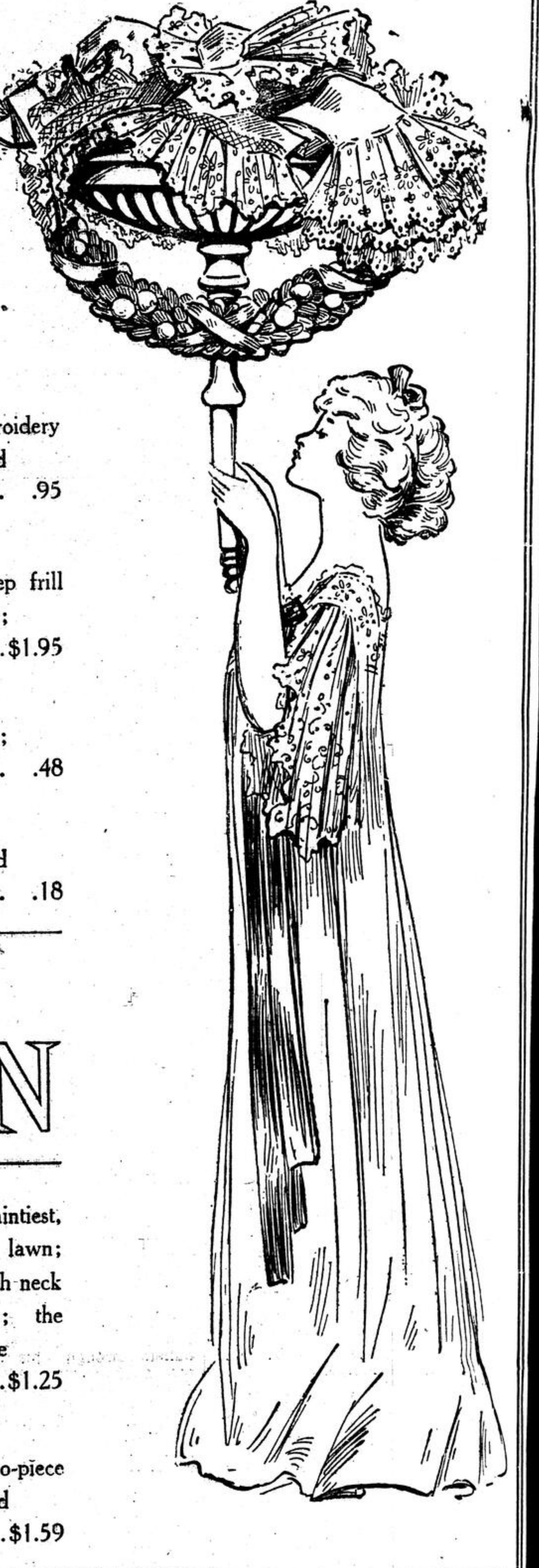
Of fine nainsook; trimmed with wide lace threaded with ribbon; marked .35; on sale at.. .. .. .18

FOR THE CHILDREN

—Who are from 2 to 4 years of age here are the daintiest, coolest little French dresses. They are made of white lawn; some finely pin-tucked; some hemstitched; some have high neck and long sleeves, some square neck and short sleeves; the marked prices are $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00. On sale Tuesday at, each.. .. ..$1.25

Also

For little boys from 2 to 5 years of age there are two-piece Russian suits of white linen finished material; the marked price is $1.95; sale price.. .. ..$1.59



What $1.00 can do in Blouses

On sale Tuesday will be two lines particularly, one lingerie and one tailored, both very special and both comparatively new, not being in our store more than a few days.

The Lingerie Ones

Are made from the fine quality lawn you want. The embroidery is of very dainty order and is generously given. We should say the blouses are worth $1.75 and $2..00, and as for that matter we would be perfectly justified in quoting some at $2.50. Special for Tuesday at.. .. ..$1.00

The Tailored Ones

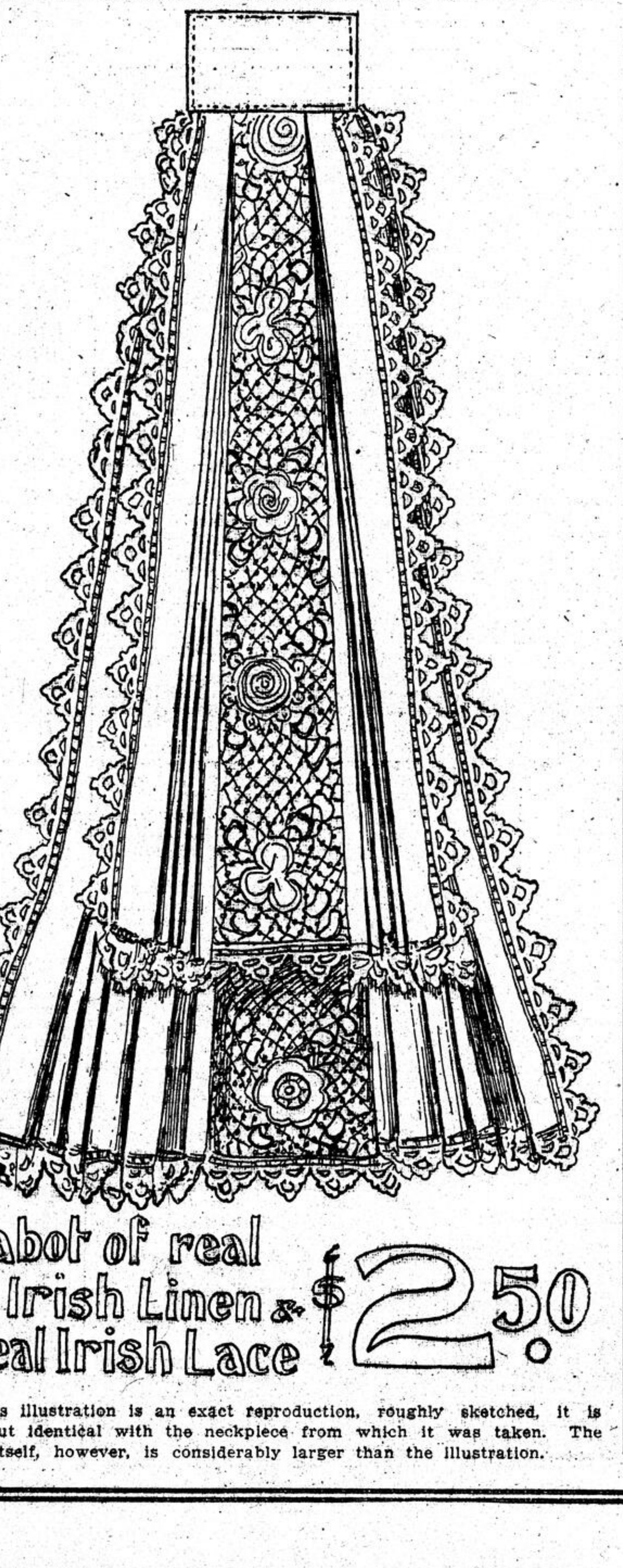
Are made from linen finished lawn, pure white; the whole front covered with one-inch tucks; the fit is perfect; collar and cuffs of stiff linen; the value moderately estimated at $1.75. Sale price.. .. ..$1.00

BETTER SERVICE

When the time comes when, on the part of stores, a service, perfect down even to the minutest detail, will be made possible, we want to be able to look back and say that we had a hand in the work—a strong hand.

When it will be possible to have banded together several hundred people actuated by this one purpose—to serve you in a perfect manner, we want these several hundred people to be associated with The John Murphy Company, Limited. When and where a business word will never be spoken but what is absolutely true in letter and spirit, then and there we want to be.

Is such a condition possible? Certainly. Not without training—much training for all of us and hard work at self improvement. That is what we demand more than anything else from those who are associated with the John Murphy Company, Limited—the earnest, practical, active desire for self improvement. For this question of service is the channel in which our thoughts started to flow long ago. It is the strongest motive behind everything we have done, as a company, for years. It is the inspiration which has given the flood of business successes which we have met with in the past. It is the way which stretches out into the future towards more and greater successes than have been. It is the hope, the ambition, the very pulse of our business lives. A better and better service for you every day and a perfect service some day. Yes, it is surely coming. It simply must come.



his illustration is an exact reproduction, roughly sketched, it is true, but identical with the neckpiece from which it was taken. The jabot itself, however, is considerably larger than the illustration.

Ladies' Washing Skirts, $1.55

100 only, ladies' skirts of linen finished material; made with nine gores; some trimmed with strappings, others with buttons; cool and serviceable; striped blue and white, tan and white and pink and white; all to be cleared at, each.. .. ..$1.55

Ladies' Shantung Suits
Half Price

We still have 16 ladies' shantung suits, pure silk shantung; in good colors, but no black. These suits are most desirable for travelling. The prices are $25.00, $35.00 and $45.00 for.. .. ..Half Price

Long Silk Gloves Less than Half Price

Tan and brown only, but pure silk and 22 inches long with 2-dome mousquetaire wrist and double tipped fingers and thumbs—gloves of perfect quality in every particular, but limited in shades to tan and brown. Selling price up to now $1.00 a pair; sale price, Tuesday... .. .. .45

WE ANNOUNCE

—for the benefit of those taking sea trips, the arrival of a choice assortment of Steamer Coats; heavy shawl cloth or heavy tweed.

The Notion Department

Jet Necklets

100 only, long jet necklets, bright finish; several cuttings and varied sized beads; on sale Tuesday at, each .29

Jet Hat Pins

300 only, jet headed hat pins; several designs; bright or dull finish; 10-inch stem; on sale Tuesday, each... .05

Hair Brushes

.75 hair brushes, made with solid wood backs and finest French bristles; each.. .. .. .33

Hair Pads

24-inch mohair pads, fine quality; thoroughly sanitary; net covered; .25 value; for, each.. .. .. .. .10

Scissors

General use and embroidery scissors, 3½ to 6-inch sizes; every pair of guaranteed quality; .25 to .65 values; on sale, per pair, .38

Silk Shoe Ties

Pure silk; tan color; wide shoe ties; usual price .25 a pair; on sale at .12½

Hand Bags

Odd lines, odd colors and black; various styles for misses and ladies; values .59 up to $1.38; on sale at.. .. .. .33

Talcum Powders

Large sized tins of excellent quality borated talcum, perfumed with violet; .25 value for.. .. .. .. .12½

Summer Sports

Create keen competition amongst clubs, and the success of any branch of sport is assured. The easiest way to create competition is to offer a cup, and you will be surprised at what a few dollars will purchase from our stock of Silver Cups.

Club secretaries and others interested in promoting summer sports are invited to call and see our present display.

Henry Birks & Sons,
LIMITED,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

HOME SWEET HOME.

For your Home in the City.
For your House in the Country.
For Picnic Parties or Fishing Excursions, be sure to get your supplies from

Walter Paul's Stores

For there you will get the BEST Groceries, Provisions, Fruits and Vegetables, as also the Largest Assortment in the city of the Finer and Fancier Groceries.

Prices Moderate: Prompt Delivery.

461 ST. CATHERINE WEST.
80 UNIVERSITY STREET.

ASH'S FOREST FRIEND

For Black Flies and Mosquitoes. Anyone going to the country should have a bottle. Price 25c and 50c.

BLOOD PURIFIER.—HARTE'S BLOOD PURIFIER. It is better than any Sarsaparilla. Price 50c.

KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER.—For the Relief and Cure of Epileptic Fits and other Nervous Disorders. Price $1.00 and $3.00 per bottle.

J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
150 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST.
Telephone MAIN 1190.

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CARPENTERS, BUILDERS
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Valuations made. Jobbing promptly attended to.
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Samaritan Hospital
FOR WOMEN,
394 Dorchester street west, Montreal.
The only hospital in Canada exclusively devoted to Diseases of Women.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS

Our readers will greatly oblige us, and at the same time confer a real favor on their friends who do not take the 'Witness,' if they will tell them of the 'Witness' Art Masterpiece Campaign, and show them how they may get these splendid pictures.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him, or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patents), and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Western Hospital.

The visiting governors to the Western General Hospital this week are: Messrs. R. Charlebois, Geo. Carslake and Lieut.-Col. J. Carson and Dr H. I. Church.

EMPLOYEES' BILL

Measure in British Common Will Improve Working Conditions.

London, July 16.—The clerks in the dry goods and other stores of England, being unskilled workmen, have no effective unions, and have been 'sweated' mercilessly by the meaner class of employers. They have to work twelve and fourteen hours a day, and their wages are so scant that they can scarcely make both ends meet. Mr. Winston Churchill, Secretary for Home Affairs, introduced a bill in a parliament to ameliorate the conditions of the clerks. The bill proposes that they shall not be worked for more than sixty hours a week, that they shall not be worked after eight o'clock on more than three nights a week, that they shall have a Saturday half-holiday all the year round, and that there shall be no Sunday work except in shops where necessaries of life are sold. It is probable that the bill will be passed without opposition, as the conditions under which the clerks work have been an industrial scandal for years.

REFORMATORY IS HARMFUL.

Judge States Elmira Institution Does Not Reform.

Poughkeepsie, N.Y., July 16. — Supreme Court Justice Morchauser yesterday afternoon expressed himself in no uncertain terms that in his opinion the Elmira Reformatory was not an institution that reformed. My experience is that Elmira does not reform, said the court. The description of Elmira given me by the first boy I sent there upon his discharge made it appear thatthe life there does him no good. I don't want to send any boy to Elmira if I can help it. I am satisfied that it is not a good institution. I would rather have a young man go to the penitentiary. The occasion for the remarks was the sentencing of a young man for stealing. He sent the boy to the county jail instead of to the reformatory.

NEW LOCAL COMPANY.

Has Obtained Federal Charter With $50,000 Capital.

Ottawa, July 16. — Notice is given in the 'Canada Gazette' of the incorporation by the State Department of Dr. Stephen Davis, Joseph Presner, civil engineer; Joseph Franklin, agent; Samuel Gerald Triett, advocate, and Jane Bois, spinster, of Montreal, to take over as a going concern the business now carried on at Montreal by Messrs. Stephen Davis and Joseph Presner, under the name of 'The Mechanical Equipment Company of Canada, Limited.' The capital of the new company is placed at $50,000.

HIGHBINDERS' WAR.

Inoffensive Chinaman Killed in New York Feud.

New York, July 16.—In Chinatown yesterday morning the On Leong Tong Society posted an ultimatum to its rival, the Hip Sing Tong, and the Society of the Four Brothers, and last night, Chu On, a harmless visiting Four Brother from Philadelphia, fell just over the forbidden line with two bullets through his body and one through his arm. After a chase the police pulled Louie Wee from bed, dressed and still panting. They say they saw him throw away a revolver in his flight, but they are not sure that he is the assassin. The success of the Four Brothers in persuading a white girl to abandon her On Leong protector, the police believe, caused the shooting.

REWARD IN WILL.

Late Henry Dexter Provides For Detection of Son's Murderers.

New York, July 16.—The will of Henry Dexter, founder of the American News Company, who died on July 11, filed yesterday, leaves the bulk of the income of his estate in trust for his daughter, Clarissa Treadwell Dexter, who is his sole surviving heir. By the fifth codicil the reward of $10,000 offered by Mr. Dexter for the arrest and conviction of the murderers of his son, Orlando P. Dexter, who was killed in the Adirondacks in 1903, is continued during the lives of his two executors and trustees. Bequests to religious, charitable, literary and scientific institutions, aggregating nearly $1,000,000, are made.

The Young Men's Christian Association of New York receives $200,000; the American Bible Society, $150,000; the Midnight Mission, $200,000, and the American Tract Society $20,000.

GENERAL BOOTH'S PORTRAIT.

Ottawa, Ont., July 16. — The Dominion Art Gallery has been presented with a life-size portrait of General Booth, the venerable commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army. The work is from the brush of Mr. J. W. L. Forster, R.C.A., and is his diploma picture It is spoken of as a true likeness of the General, and will doubtless be the centre of interest to art connoisseurs when hung in the gallery.

CATTLE INSPECTION.

United States Officials Guarding Against Disease.

Washington, July 16.—Another period of watching importations from South African countries to prevent the introduction of the foot and mouth disease has been inaugurated by the Departments of Agriculture and Treasury. The disease is now reported to be prevalent among South American cattle. Wool, hair, straw, hay, and other feedstuffs have been known to carry the germs of this disease, and such importations are being watched particularly. All such goods must be disinfected before being released to the importer. A few years ago American herds became infected at a cost of many thousands of dollars, and the slaughter of hundreds of head of cattle in the work of stamping out the disease.

Chief of the Cocos Dead.

The term Chief of the Cocos Keeling Islands is rather suggestive of a colored cannibal king. The chief, whose death is announced, was, however, of Scottish descent. He was named Geo. Clunies Ross, and in his youth he studied engineering in Glasgow. His sons were educated at Dollar Academy, Scotland.

Fire Department Appointments.

Acting upon the recommendation of Mr. Tremblay, chief of the fire brigade, the Board of Control on Friday afternoon appointed R Toupin and Alfred Charbonneau as engineers of the department. The chief also asked for power to replace eleven firemen who have gone from the force in St. Louis Ward. This was at once granted.

Of Interest to Women.

The 'Witness' Fashion Hint.

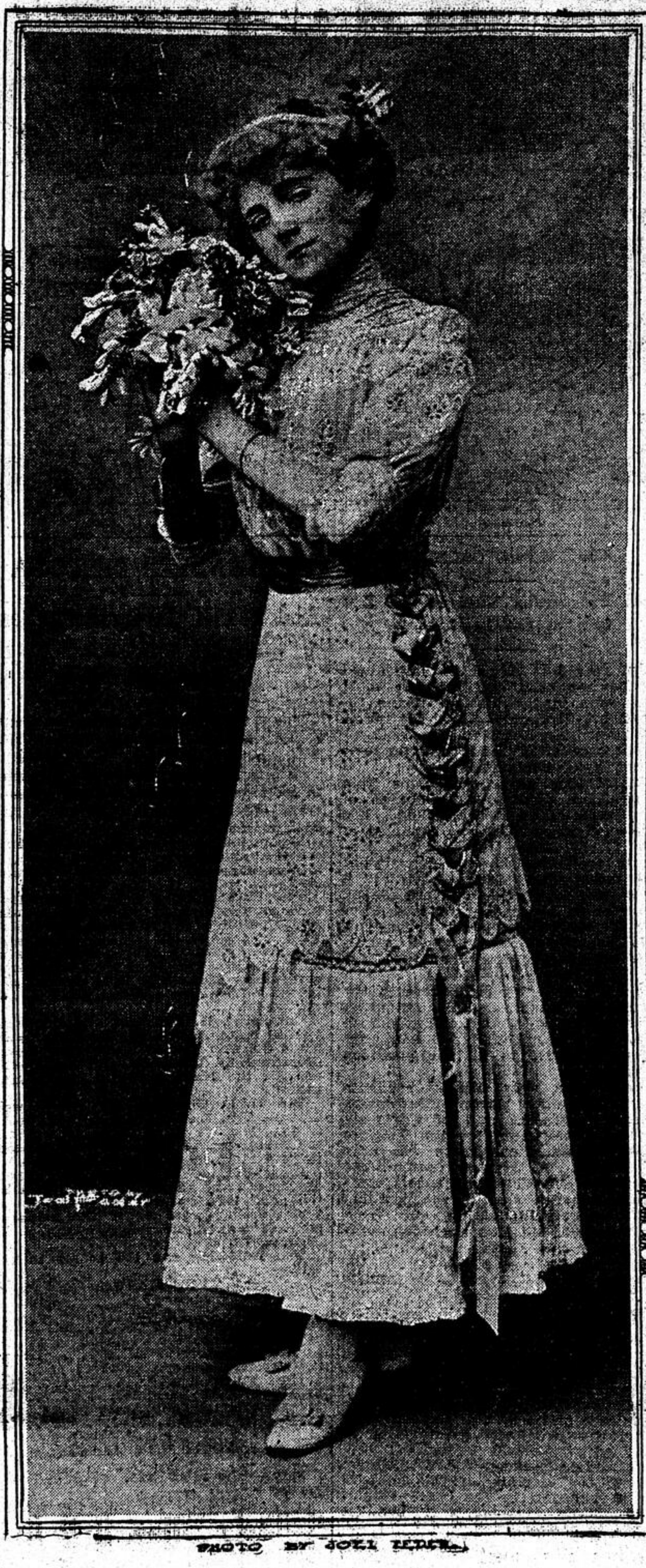


PHOTO BY JOEL FEDER.

GIRL'S MARQUISE FROCK.

Lingerie costumes are to have a tremendous vogue this season, and worn with smart hats and transparent chiffon wraps or tunics in the Riveria fashion, they have a distinction never before dreamed of. This beautiful Marquise frock is made from white batiste, with Val. lace and hand embroidery, which trims the flounce. The tunic of allover muslin embroidery has lace at the side and a canary-colored sash falls to the hem of the skirt.

THE SUMMER TEA TABLE.

A beautiful teacloth destined for a circular table is of finest Irish linen inset with a scroll design of Irish guipure, and has the pattern of the napery embroidered in natural colors. Flowers to match the table decoration are popular with such cloths. In the case of a teacloth worked with a design of wild roses, all the glasses on the table are filled with roses relieved by their natural foliage.

Less elaborate and expensive cloths are made out of the finest linen or muslin with deep hem borders threaded with two-inch satin ribbon that is tied in a big bow at one corner. A variation of the same idea is to make a teacloth of four large sized and finely embroidered cambric pocket handkerchiefs joined with a coarse torchon lace insertion, through which is threaded a pale mauve satin ribbon—the table being decorated with pale mauve orchids, mauve sweet peas or bunches of purple iris to match.

Even more important than decorations is the question of tea food, for the modern hostess likes to find some novelty in this direction for her guests. Sandwiches are served in great variety.

A favorite sandwich is made of caviar and cream cheese formed into a paste and sprinkled with lemon juice, and served with either white or brown bread. The former is preferable, but the latter is the latest fad. Another delectable sandwich consists of hard boiled egg grated coarsely and placed with strips of Spanish sweet peppers between thin slices of white bread or inserted into minute finger rolls. Diamonds of toast made into sandwiches with fish pastes or caviar are delicious, while for those guests who prefer sweets to savories, finger rolls spread with fresh clotted cream and fresh fruit, such as strawberries and raspberries, make delicious sandwiches.

Fruit is a feature of such menus. Peaches, strawberries and grapes are served upon old china dishes, or heaped with fresh cream into silver and crystal bowls. Sweets and chocolates appear in profusion at afternoon teas, smart hostesses making a point of discovering new and fascinating confectionery for this especial purpose. Such sweets are, as a rule, served in the bon-bonnieres in which they are bought, which may, so far as color is concerned, be kept in harmony with the general scheme of decoration. Ices also are sometimes colored to match rose tea tables or those decorated with pink and yellow malmaisons.

In addition to the usual hot tea and coffee, iced coffee and Russian tea are provided, as well as all manner of iced fruit drinks.—Brooklyn 'Eagle.'

A VERSATILE WOMAN.

Miss Haldane, sister of the British Secretary of War, is one of the clever Englishwomen of whom the present century has seen many. She is, says 'M. A. P.,' her brother's right hand. 'Her work in the formation of the Territorial force can never be overestimated, especially in the lowlands of Scotland, where she made a campaign lasting several weeks, often speaking three and four times a day on behalf of the movement. She also played a large part in the founding of the Territorial Nursing Service for London.

'Besides being an authoress of distinction Miss Haldane is an exquisite needlewoman, and has reproduced some remarkably beautiful specimens of embroidery. Spinning is another of her accomplishments. She possesses her own handloom and is responsible for a number of designs of Scotch tweeds which in the woollen business have become known as the "Haldane patterns."

'At the spinning wheel Miss Haldane is also an adept and has done much to foster an interest in that industry among the cottagers on the family estate in Perthshire.'

DARNING ON THE MACHINE.

Sheets and other cotton and linen articles can be darned on the sewing machine in a fraction of the time that it would take to do the work by hand, and also finer work than the average needlewoman can do it. First put the cloth on an ordinary embroidery ring, keeping the hole or thin place well in the centre of it. Next remove the presser foot from the machine. It is not used at all in darning. Place the ring under the needle, keeping the material next the footplate of the machine. Screw the stitch to its smallest and start the machine, moving the ring backwards and forwards till the hole is filled up. Go over it again and again till quite solid. If the material is simply thin, one way ought to thicken it; but if badly worn it must be crossed as well. There being no presser foot, the work does not need to be turned, but simply moved backwards and forward with the fingers as required. The only objection to the machine method is that only spool thread can be used. This is satisfactory for sheets, etc., but fine table linen should be darned with threads drawn from a piece of the material.

ECONOMY OF NERVE FORCE.

Learn to relax; cherish your nerve force; guard as a treasure which can never be replaced the energy and vital force of which you have only a definite allowance, is the wise advice of the 'Woman at Home.' Always let your muscles off duty when there is nothing for them to do. When you sit, use your chair not as a perch, but as a means of getting a real rest with muscles relaxed and the body supported comfortably. When you lie in bed let your muscles 'flop' without a trace of tension in any one of them. The person on tension never gets the full benefit from a night's rest, because the body even in sleep is rigid with unnecessary muscular contraction.

Breathe quietly, easily, deeply. The mere respiration of long, deep breaths has a restful effect. The rhythmic movement of deep breathing makes one move and act in a quiet, harmonious fashion.

Give up hurrying unnecessarily over work. So many women do everything in a rush. The work will be done better if it is done quietly, systematically. 'Hurry less and work more' is an excellent maxim. Work smartly with your hands, but never hurry in your mind, and you will do ten times the work without fatigue.

GRAFTER FINED $500

Schenectady County Officials Arraigned on Petty Larceny Charges.

Schenectady, N.Y., July 16.—Schenectady county's graft investigation, which began on May 18th, resulted late yesterday afternoon in the sentencing of George A. Pepper, formerly superintendent of road construction for the county, to pay a fine of $500. He was convicted of petty larceny. Sentence was imposed by Justice C. C. Vankirk, who presided at the extraordinary term of the Supreme Court.

Pepper promptly paid his fine and was allowed to go with the understanding that he report at the September term of the Supreme Court. He had pleaded guilty to another charge of petty larceny in presenting a fraudulent bill, and he was told to make restitution for the sum involved.

Following the disposition of Pepper's case, proceedings were begun against the bondsmen of Dr. C. N. Vandenberge, George F. Sauter and W. J. Palmer, who are fugitives. Dr. Vandenberge was convicted of forgery, second degree; Sautergrand, larceny, second degree, and presenting a fraudulent bill, and Palmer, of presenting fraudulent bill. The total sum involved in the three bail bonds is $8,000.

VICTIM OF SWINDLER.

Farmer Loses $3,500 Through Misplaced Confidence.

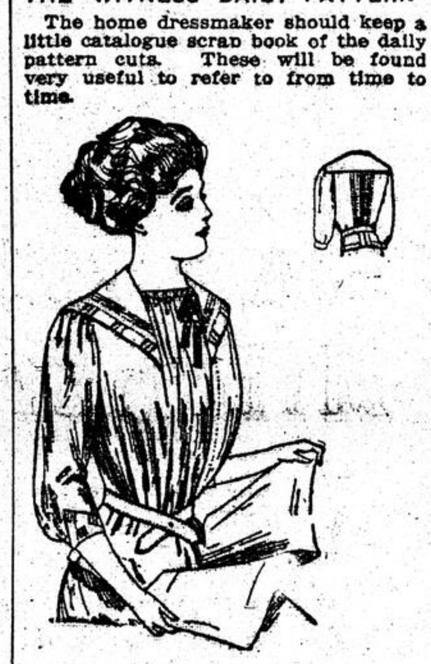
Auburn, N.Y., July 16.—David Dennis, a farmer of Moravia, yesterday informed District Attorney Burritt that he was buncoed out of $3,500 last week. Dennis met a stranger on a Lehigh train who asked him if he knew of any abandoned farms for sale hereabouts. The farmer at once offered his own, and after several days' negotiations came to Auburn to post a forfeit of $3,500.

In order to be private, the transaction took place at Soule Cemetery, at a point near the grave of Chester Gillette, each man placing his money in a metal box. 'Keator' kept the key and told Dennis to take the box home to Moravia until he brought the remainder due for the farm. Monday Dennis received the key in a letter, which said:

'You had better go out to some quiet place and open the box. Make no noise, because everybody will laugh and somebody may blackmail you.' Dennis found a four-pound stone in the box.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY PATTERN

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.



LADIES' DRESSING SACQUE.

Paris Pattern—No. 3330.

The dressing sacque is a garment which may be classed as absolutely necessary to the comfort of women. It is as negligee as a wrapper, but it does not look so. In our illustration we show an example which is very simple and also very pretty and easy to make. The front has a full vest, which meets the side sections near the centre. These sides have no ornamentation of any kind. In the back there is a group of small tucks in the centre, and at the neck is a large collar, which was made of a handkerchief, the border forming a novel trimming. The sleeves are puffs and are of three-quarter length, finished with a turn-back cuff. This garment may be made of lawn, batiste, gingham, organdie, foulard, or, in fact, any material may be used and a row any material which is at hand. If it is not possible to obtain a bordered handkerchief for the collar, plain material may be used and a row of insertion placed where the border would otherwise be. The pattern is in seven sizes—32 to 44 inches, bust measure. Size 36 bust requires 3 1-4 yards of material 36 inches wide.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

No........

Size ....

Name ....

Address in full:

....

....

....

N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address, 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block Montreal.

A Dainty Colored Summer Dress

Sounds refreshing, doesn't it? Would you give 10 cents to have one? Yes? Well, no sooner said than done.—Run over to your Druggist, buy a package of "DY-O-LA," and Dye one of your White Dresses. It's as simple as A.B.C. For these delicate shades better choose one of the following "DY-O-LA" colors: — Blue, Light Green, Yellow, Pink, Purple (for Mauve), Old Gold (for Tan, Champagne, etc.), Dark Wine (for Crushed Strawberry, etc.) Only use about an eighth of the contents of a package, to about five gallons of water. In addition to the Dye and water all you will require is a little common Table Salt. Don't fail to see the set of samples of White Goods dyed with DY-O-LA at 74 St. Antoine St., and at the same time ask for a sample card and booklet.

BRAIN WORKERS

who get little exercise, feel better all round for an occasional dose of

"NA-DRU-CO" Laxatives

They tone up the liver, move the bowels gently but freely, cleanse the system and clear the brain. A new, pleasant and reliable laxative, prepared by a reliable firm, and worthy of the NA-DRU-CO Trade Mark.

25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, MONTREAL. 21

W.B. Reduso CORSETS
GUARANTEED to REDUCE from 1 to 5 inches
All DEALERS
WEINGARTEN BROS. Makers, Broadway & 34 St. N.Y.

ARE YOUR WINDOWS CLEAN?

At this time of year clean windows are to be desired. When you are moving or house-cleaning this spring, why not make an experiment? One that is sure to be successful! Ordinarily you, or your servant, cleans the windows at a great waste of time and energy. Save that time and energy—have your windows cleaned better and quicker and at reasonable rates, by experts.

'PHONE—CALL—OR WRITE NOW.

The New York Window Cleaning Co.
40 JURORS STREET MAIN 1203

We Catch The Thief

almost every time—and when we don't catch him, he's always frightened enough to make off without delay, without taking anything.

That's the record of our "Electric Protection System."

If you have it at your house or store, not a door or window can be opened, or broken, without an alarm at once coming into our office, when we instantly send out special constables to find out what's wrong. You ought to have this protection, the cost is very low.

CHAS. W. HAGAR, General Manager.

The DOMINION GUARANTEE CO., Limited
302 ST. JAMES STREET, Cor. ST. MICHAEL LANE.

BOYS wanted to sell the 'Canadian Pictorial.' Canada's leading illustrated magazine. Splendid premiums or generous cash commission. Hundreds of boys busy and delighted. Room for hundreds more. Why shouldn't you profit? A postcard will secure full particulars premium list and a package to start on. If you live outside Montreal and suburbs. If inside the city, phone us or drop in and see what we have to offer you. Address Boys' Sales Dept., John Dougall & Son, Agents for the 'Canadian Pictorial,' 'Witness' Bldg., Montreal.

LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Havergal Ladies' College
TORONTO.
Principal, MISS KNOX.

Thorough education on modern lines. Preparation for honour matriculation and other examinations. Separate Junior School. Domestic science department, gymnasium, out-door games, skating rink and swimming bath.

For illustrated calendar and prospectus apply to the Bursar.

R. Millichamp, Hon. Sec.-Treas.

PERSISTENT WOMAN SHOT.

When She Forced Interview With Man, Who Killed Himself.

Chicago, July 16—Charles W. Rigdon, 65 years old, well known for many years in Chicago real estate circles, seriously wounded Mrs. Emma Deufex, a young widow, and then shot and killed himself in the offices of John C. Fetzer, in the Before Building, late today. The police say Mrs. Deufex has been a close friend of Rigdon's for several years, and that Rigdon had given her money and stocks and then had quarrelled with her. Mrs. Deufex, the police say, called on Rigdon to carry out certain promises, and, despite his refusal, persisted in going to see him, and in attempting a settlement.

COCAINE CRAZED NEGRO.

Killed Three and Seriously Injured Three in Mad Frenzy.

Tampa, Fla., July 16.—Will Ellison, a negro, crazed with cocaine, last night shot and killed with a shotgun his mother-in-law, Celia Bryant, the Rev. Jesse W. Avery, of the First African Methodist Church, and Henry Clark, negro organist of the church, seriously wounded his wife, Eva Ellison, and his sister-in-law, Mary Bryant, fatally wounded a policeman named Hayman, and then committed suicide. Ellison's outbreak began at the church while service was in progress.

SABREVOIS COLLEGE.
Church of England Residential French School, for Boys and Girls.
FOUNDED IN 1847.
Head Master, the Rev. R. E. PAGE (London, England).

Takes Pupils from the Elementary Classes to the Standard of University Matriculation.
Terms moderate.
Apply to the Principal,
Rev. HENRY E. BENOIT,
121 Chatham Street,
Montreal, P.Q.

A Valuable Opportunity to learn French is offered to English students.

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE.
(Affiliated to McGill University).
83 Simpson St., Montreal.

For the Higher Education of Young Women, with Preparatory Department for Girls under 13 years of age.
President—Rev. James Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President—Ven. J. G. Norton, D.D., Archdeacon of Montreal.
Principal—Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.
The Institute will reopen TUESDAY, 13th September, at NOON.
Entrance examinations for new scholars will be held at the school on Saturday, 10th September, at 10 o'clock a.m.
For prospectus, etc., apply to the Principal, or to A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary, North British Mercantile Building, 80 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c; marriage notices for 50c; death notices for 25c, prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50c per line extra, prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of birth, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

MacGILLIVRAY—At Lorne Lochiel, Ont., to Mr. and Mrs. J. Norman MacGillivray, on July 9, 1910, a daughter.

MARRIED.

McCULLOCH — TAYLOR — At St. Simon's Church, Toronto, on July 14, 1910, by the Rev. E. C. Cayley, Marian Maud Naomi, youngest daughter of the late Francis D. Taylor, M.E., to Mr. Graydon McCulloch, of Toronto.

McFARLANE—HALL—On July 14, 1910, at the residence of the bride's parents, 34 Henderson Ave., Ottawa, by the Rev. J. Tolman Pitcher, assisted by the Rev. Geo. S. Clendinnen, Doris Ruth, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hall, to Sidney Thomas McFarlane, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. D. McFarlane.

McNEIL — WHITEFORD—At the residence of the bride's parents Lower Ormstown, on July 13, 1910, by the Rev. D. W. Morison, D.D., Adam Arthur McNeil to Flora Christina, daughter of Mr. John Whiteford.

DIED.

BROMBY— At the Royal Victoria Hospital, on July 13, 1910, Katie Florence Wade, daughter of Charles Wade, of Cushing, Que., and wife of W. J. Bromby.

Interment took place at Dalesville, Que., on July 15th.

CULLEN — At Ormstown, Que., on July 16, 1910, Ronald Ross Gilchrist, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. James P. Cullen, Montreal West, aged 3 years and 7 months.

FRASER — At Lyster, Que., on July 13, 1910, Grace Charlotte Fraser, in her 21st year, only daughter of Mr. Henry Fraser.

HODGE—At St. Laurent, p.m., on July 9, 1910, Albert James Hodge, aged 48 years and one month.

PELLETIER — At Sherbrooke, Que., on July 16, 1910, Madame P. Pelletier, nee Alice Hudon, wife of the Hon. Dr. P. Pelletier, president of the Quebec Legislative Assembly.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends, together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

TEES & CO.,
Funeral
Directors
912 ST. CATHERINE W.
Phone Up 1653. (Note change of Address)

ESTAB. 1840
Jos. C. WRAY & BRO.
UNDERTAKERS
HEAD OFFICE 290 MOUNTAIN ST.
EAST END 297 ST. DOMINIQUE ST.

SEALE & SON
Funeral Directors
312 Dorchester St. West.
Phone Up 969. Residence, Up 2671

WELL-KEPT CLOTHES.
This is what is said of men's or women's clothes sent occasionally to these works to be cleaned or dyed or pressed. Have our wagon call.
R. PARKER & CO.,
Dyers and Cleaners, Montreal, Que.
620 St. Catherine St. West, cor. Mountain St.
392 Notre Dame St. West, and
340 St. Catherine St. East.
Phones. Bell (Up) 3041 and 3223. Main 1579.

TENDERS

For Timber and Railway Ties

TENDERS sealed and endorsed 'Tender for Timber and Railway Ties,' addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 12 o'clock NOON on WEDNESDAY, the 27th July,

For Timber and Railway Ties
FOR 1910-1911

Copies of Specification and Tender Form may be obtained upon application to F. W. COWIE, Esq., Chief Engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

DAVID SEATH,
Secretary-Treasurer

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed 'Tender for Wharf at Aylmer, P.Q.' will be received at this office until 4.00 p.m. on Monday, August 15, 1910, for the construction of a wharf at Aylmer, Wright County P.Q.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and on application to the Postmaster at Aylmer, P.Q.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS, Asst. Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 15, 1910.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

Grace Dart Home.

A successful little bazaar was held in the rear of 516 Green avenue on July 14th by Irene, Winnifred and Bertha Davidson, Myrtle and Doris Hamilton, May and Jennie Fraser. Mr. W. G. Midgley, of 502 Green avenue, kindly donated the ice-cream. The proceeds, which were $9.25, were given to the 'Grace Dart Home,' to aid in its noble work.

CANADIAN IN THIRD PLACE

Lieut. Morris, Bowmanville, Finishes Prominently in King's Cup.

CORP. RADICE, OXFORD, WON.

Sergt. Steck, of Truro, Won Sixth in St. George's Vase Match—Canada's Winnings.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

Bisley, England, July 18.—Corporal Radice, of Oxford University, 22 years of age, shooting against one hundred of the best marksmen in the British Empire, on Saturday carried off the great event of the Bisley meeting of 1910, the King's Prize of £250. Not only did the youthful marksman win the prize (but he did it, with a record score of 340 out of a possible 355, and, furthermore, for the second time in its history, set up the mark of the prize being won by the winner of the silver medal awarded the man finishing first in the second stage.

The official list puts Lieut. F. H. Morris, of Bowmanville, in third place in the King's prize competition, and not in second place, as was announced

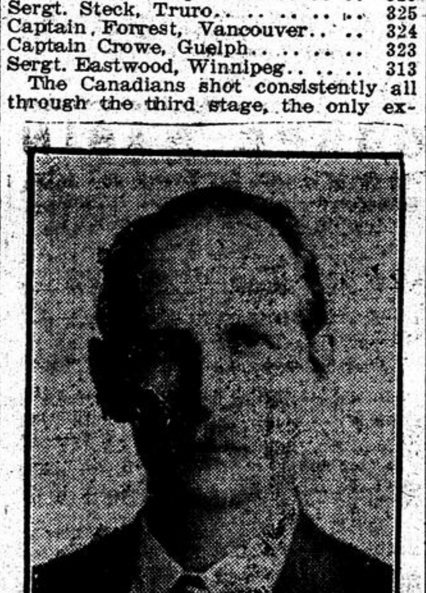
SGT. G. H. RUSSELL,
G.S.F.G., Ottawa, Seventh in King's Cup Competition.

on Saturday. His prize money is consequently reduced. He gets the National Rifle Association medal and £40, and the Standard of the Empire Cup for the highest aggregate of any of the overseas teams competing in this match.

The Canadian scores were as follows:—

Lieut. Morris, Bowmanville	337
Sergt. Russell, Ottawa	335
Sergt. Richardson, Victoria	334
Lieut. Mortimer, Ottawa	333
Pte. Steele, Guelph	329
Sergt. Steck, Truro	325
Captain Forrest, Vancouver	324
Captain Crowe, Guelph	323
Sergt. Eastwood, Winnipeg	313

The Canadians shot consistently all through the third stage, the only ex-



SGT. F. A. STECK,
78th Regt., Truro, N.S.,
Highest Canadian in St. George's Vase Match.

ception being Captain Crowe. The captain had a splendid chance to finish well up with the leaders, but he lost the target on his second shot at the thousand-yard range after beginning with a bull, and followed with two outers. He got the bull again for his fifth, and sixth, and then another miss, finishing up with a bull, a magpie and a bull. The best score of the Canadians at this range was that of Richardson, who put on a 47, his third, fifth and sixth being inners. Richardson's poorest score was at the 900 yards range, at which he only got 43, his score for the third stage being the same as that of Morris, 138. As it was, the Canadians got the third, seventh, eighth and ninth places in the King's. Four out of the first ten was not a bad record for Canada. Corporal Radice's win was most popular.

ST. GEORGE'S COMPETITION.

The other big event decided on Saturday was the St. George's Challenge Cup, the second stage being fifteen shots at 900 yards. The vase was won by Lieut. Humphrey, with Williams, of Australia, in second place. Sergt. Steck, in sixth place, was the highest Canadian. The scores of the Canadians were:

	1st stage.	3nd stage.	Ttl.
Sgt. Seck, Truro	70	66	136
Sergt. Eastwood, Winnipeg	69	65	134
Sergt. Richardson, Victoria	70	63	133
Pte. McKie, Guelph	70	63	133
Capt.t McHarg, Vancouver	67	63	130
Pte. Steele, Guelph	68	61	129
Lieut. Drysdale, Montreal	68	61	129

Sergt. Bayles, of Toronto, won the Association Cup, valued at £25, the sergeant having the option of taking the silverware or the money. As he came to Bisley on his own account, the £25 will come in handy towards his expenses. This is an unsquadded competition with unlimited entries; and the Canadians put in a good deal of time at it, with the result that they carried off a large share of the prizes, taking 21 of the 95 offered.

PRIZE WINNERS ON SATURDAY.

The Canadians in the prize lists posted on Saturday were:

Capt. Crowe—56th in the King's, winning £10; 106th in the St. George's, winning £2; 26th in the Association Cup, winning £3; 34th in the Association Cup, winning £2.

Lieut. Drysdale—43rd in the St. George's, winning £6.

Sergt. Eastwood—15th in the St. George's, winning £9.

Captain Forrest—52nd in the King's, winning £10.

Sergt. Freeborn—111th in the King's, winning £4; 69th in the Association Cup, winning £3.

Pte. Latimer—12th in Association Cup, winning £3.

Sergt. McInnes—122nd in the King's, winning £4.

Capt. McHarg—21st in the St. George's, winning £7; 114th in the King's, winning £4.

Pte. McKie—18th in St. George's, winning £9.

Sergt. Morris—3rd in th eKing's, winning £40; Standard of Empire Cup, valued at £10 10s.; 20th, 23rd, 75th, 87th and 92nd in Association Cup, winning all told £12.

Sgt. Mitchell — 72nd in Association Cup, winning £2.

Lieut. Rowe—56th in Association Cup, winning £2.

Pte. Steele—17th in the King's, winning £12; 42nd in the St. George's, winning £6; 30th and 52nd in Association Cup, winning £5; 12th in Elkington, winning £2.

Sergt. Steck—6th in St. George's, winning £10; 42nd in King's, winning £12; 40th in Association Cup, winning £2.

Gunner Sharpe—107th in King's, winning £4.

Sgt. Bayles—1st in Association Cup, valued at £25; 8th in Cortis, winning £2; 13th in Association Cup, winning £3; 27th in Association Cup, winning £3.

Major King—23rd in Cortis, winning £2.

Lieut. Mortimer—9th in King's, winning £15; 22nd in Martin's Challenge Cup, winning a bronze medal; 29th, 76th and 85th in Association Cup, winning £7.

Sergt. Richardson—8th in King's, winning £15; 17th in St. George's, winning £9; 13th in Martin's Challenge Cup, winninfi a bronze medal.

Maajor Stuart—103rd in St. George's, winning £2; 37th in Martin's Challenge Cup, winning a bronze medal; 4th in Elkington, winning £2.

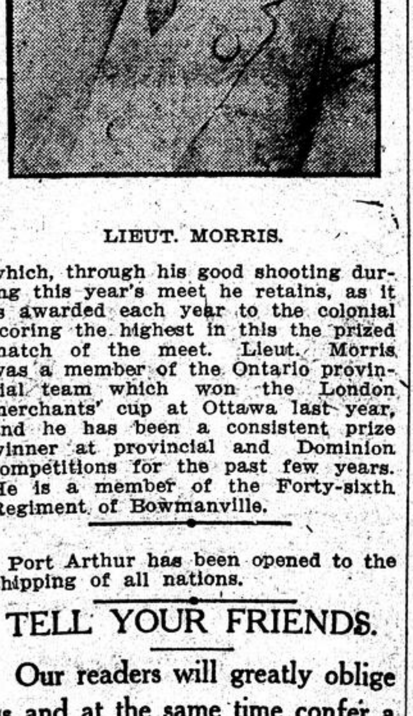
Sergt. Morris, as last year, leads the Canadians, in winning, with over £85 to his credit. Private Steele, with more than £60, is second, and Sergt. Bayles, is third, with nearly that amount. Sgt. Bowen, of Ottawa, an unattached man, is the only Canadian who has not yet figured on a prize list.

Private Steele, of Guelph, in second in the Grand Aggregate, won £15, while Captain Crowe, of Guelph, in sixth place, won £5; Lieut. Mortimer, of Ottawa, in 18th place, £3, and Sgt. Morris, Sgt. Mitchell, Sgt. Freeborn, Capt. McHarg, Sgt. Eastwood, Lieut. Drysdale, Corporal Whitehorn, Captain McKie and Private Bibby, in 25th, 29th, 35th, 45th, 51st, 86th, 89th, 91st and 94th places, respectively, each won £2.

Lieut. F. H. Morris, Forty-Sixth Regiment, Bowmanville, who won third place in the King's cup match at Bisley.

This is the fourth occasion upon which Lieutenant Morris has competed at Bisley. He was a member of the team of 1907 and of each team since. He became prominent as a rifle shot in 1905, and in 1908 he won the grand aggregate and the gold cross.

At Bisley last year Lieut. Morris finished third in the King's cup competition, winning the Empire shield,



LIEUT. MORRIS.

which, through his good shooting during this year's meet he retains, as it is awarded each year to the colonial scoring the highest in this the prized match of the meet. Lieut. Morris was a member of the Ontario provincial team which won the London merchants' cup at Ottawa last year, and he has been a consistent prize winner at provincial and Dominion competitions for the past few years. He is a member of the Forty-sixth Regiment of Bowmanville.

Port Arthur has been opened to the shipping of all nations.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

Our readers will greatly oblige us and at the same time confer a real favor on their friends who do not take the 'Witness,' if they will tell them of the 'Witness' Art Masterpiece Campaign, and show them how they may get these splendid pictures.

TEACHING THE YOUNG IDEA HOW TO——?

STANSTEAD COLLEGE.

Most Prosperous Year in the History of the Institution.

The year just closed at Standstead College has been one of the most prosperous in the history of the institution. Not only have the numbers been large—270 in all, but excellent work has been done, as evidenced by the examinations.

Mr. J. D. McFadyen, who came from Ottawa last year to take charge of the Bugbee Business College, has done even more than was expected of him Every one of the forty-six studyents registered in this department was more than satisfied with the course and management of the school. The fact is, no student of this province is justified in going to an Ontario business college, where conditions are so different, when the Bugbee Business College does such a high class of work right here in the Eastern Townships. All graduates who wanted positions found them at once, and Mr. McFadyen had not enough students to fill the positions offered.

There were over ninety students studying in the Eastern Townships College of Music, and of thirty-six who were presented for the Toronto College examinations there was only one failure. A. Harlow Martin, the director of this department, has completed his tenth year in the position, and attracts students, not only from this province, but also a goodly number from points south of the line.

Many of the best positions in the Province of Quebec are not open to our English young people because they cannot speak French. Both the French and English languages are in Canada to stay, and the sooner our English students learn French and our French students English the better for Canada. Believing in this principle, the management of the college has secured a lady to teach this subject, who learned the two languages together in childhood and speaks French perfectly. Miss Lea Tanner will devote all her time to the teaching of this subject, and in addition to the more formal study of the language, will conduct classes in conversation.

The following, taken from the prospectus just issued, will be of special interest to many: 'This year three new subjects are added to the curriculum—(1) Manual training, including wood work and mechanical drawing. Every boy is recommended to take this course. The skill acquired and general training given will be of the greatest value to every young man, no matter what his choice of a profession may be. (2) Household science. This embraces cooking, chemistry of foods, sanitary science, laundry work, home nursing and sewing. Such a course is simply a necessity for every young woman, and all are advised to take it. Lessons in these subjects will last through one whole afternoon each week, and will be arranged so they will not interfere with the academic music or commercial work. To encourage all the students to take these courses the tuition fees are kept down to the actual cost. (3) Decorative art, embracing drawing and designing, tool leather work and work in brass, copper, etc.'

This year the endowment of the college will yield a revenue of $5,000. This enables the management to secure the very best teachers and improve the plant without increasing the rates.

During the year the students have been exceptionally free from sickness, and almost all have taken great interest in the religious work of the college. It must be borne in mind that the management of the college not only seek to build up strong minds and bodies, but what is even more important, to lead their students to lay the foundation of strong Christian character.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

Our readers will greatly oblige us and at the same time confer a real favor on their friends who do not take the 'Witness,' if they will tell them of the 'Witness' Art Masterpiece Campaign, and show them how they may get these splendid pictures.

HIGHLANDERS BEST TEAM

And Pte. H. D. Gougeon Best Shot in Open Contest at 65th's Shoot.

The 65th Regiment 'Carabiniers Mont-Royal' held their 16th annual rifle matches on Saturday at Pointe-aux-Trembles ranges. There were 77 entries in the morning matches, and 70 riflemen from other regiments entered in the open match in the afternoon.

The conditions were not good for high scoring, changeable light and a tricky mirage bothering the best of the riflemen.

Pte. H. Viau, of No. 4 Co., won first place in the tyro match, score 22. Major E. Peltier won the association match with a score of 90. Maj. Peltier also won first place in the aggregate, winning the cups presented for annual competition by Lieut.-Col. J. A. Ouimet and Lieut. J. Loranger, also the D. R. A. silver medal.

Col.-Sergt. U. Langlois won the regimental match, score 62. In this match No. 4 Co. won the 1st team prize, a cup, presented by Lieut.-Col. A. E. Labelle, and $8, the team from the staff being second.

Pte. H. D. Gougeon, 3rd V.R.C., won first place in the open match, with score of 46. The 5th Royal Highlanders won the first team prize in the open match, the 4th F. C. E. taking second place.

Lieut.-Col. A. E. Labelle was down during the day and was much pleased at the good turn out of the young shots. The matches were under the management of Maj. E. Peltier, and Capt. J. A. Filiatrault.

The following are the scores in detail:—

TYRO MATCH.

7 shots at 200 yards—

$5 Pte. H. Viau	22
$4 Pte. J. Menard	22
$3 Pte. A. Jalbert	20
$2 Corp. L. Lussier	18
$1 Pte. R. Ouport	18
$1 Sergt. J. E. Laramie	18
$1 Lieut. H. Garand	16
$1 Pte. A. Labelle	15

ASSOCIATION MATCH.

Seven shots at 200, 500, and 600 yards:—

	200	500	600	Tl.
$5—Maj. E. Peltier	32	30	28	90
4—C.-Sgt. U. Langlois	20	26	31	77
3—Lt. A. L. Larose	26	23	16	65
2—Sgt. Eugene Charbonneau	19	12	26	57
1—Pte. R. Dupont	18	19	20	57
1—C.-Sgt. N. Marion	24	14	19	57
1—Pte. H. Viau	22	17	17	56
1—Corp. E. Charbonneau	21	12	20	53

TYROS.

$1 each—

Sgt. J. E. Laramie	18	22	10	50
Corp. H. Matton	18	9	20	47
Pte. A. Labelle	15	12	18	45
Pte. A. Jalbert	20	11	4	35
Corp. L. Lussier	18	16	0	34
Pte. H. Seguin	13	13	2	28
Lieut. H. Garand	16	0	11	27
Pte. O. Therien	14	7	6	27

TEAM PRIZE.

Thibodeau Cup—No. 1 Company	175

EXTRA SERIES—500 YARDS.

Five shots at 500 yards:—

$5—Maj. E. Peltier	25
4—C.-Sgt. U. Longlois	19
3—Lieut. A. L. Larose	17
2—Pte. H. Viau	17
$1 each—	
Sgt. G. Levac	16
Sgt. L. Grignon	15
Sgt. C. H. Brunnell	14
Corp. E. Charbonneau	14
Capt. H. Archambault	12
Lieut. V. Tardif	12

TYROS.

Pte. J. Menard	9
Pte. A. Jalbert	9
Lieut. H. Garand	8
Pte. R. Dupont	8
Drum. A. Pelletier	8
Sgt. J. E. Laramie	7

REGIMENTAL MATCH.

Seven shots at 500 and 600 yards:—

	500	600	Tl.
$5—C.-Sgt. U. Langlois	33	29	62
4—Maj. E. Peltier	33	25	58
3—Lieut. A. L. Larose	23	25	48
2—C.-Sgt. N. Marion	15	23	38
$1 each—			
Pte. H. Viau	18	18	36
Sgt. C. H. Brunnelle	16	18	34
Capt. H. Archambault	21	5	26
Corp. L. Lussier	8	17	25

TYROS.

$1 each—

Pte. R. Dupont	14	11	25
Lieut. V. Tardif	20	5	25
Corp. H. Matton	6	17	23
Sgt. J. E. Laramie	17	6	23
Pte. A. Jalbert	23	0	23
Pte. E. Belair	13	8	21
Lieut. H. Garand	8	11	19
Drum. A. Pelletier	8	6	14

TEAM PRIZE.

Cup presented by Lt.-Col. A. E. Labelle, and $8—No. 4 Company	116
$4—Staff	101
Next—No. 1 Company	92

EXTRA SERIES—OPEN.

Five shots at 600 yards—

$3.50—Sgt. J. N. Boles, 3rd V.R.C.	25
3.50—Pte. J. Boa, 5th R.H.C.	25
3.50—Corp. G. Copping, 3rd V.R.C.	25
3.50—Mr. E. C. Shaffer, C.P.R.	25
1.00—S.-Sgt. H. Armstrong, 3rd V.R.C.	24
.34—Pte. F. Dumfries, 3rd V.R.C.	24
.33—Pte. H. Gougeon, 3rd V.R.C.	24
.33—Q.M.S. N. McNeilage, 4th F.C.E.	24

OPEN MATCH.

Seven shots at 600 yards—

$8—Pte. H. D. Gougeon, 3rd V.R.C.	46
6—J. Boa, 5th R.H.C.	45
4—S.-M. F. C. Johnston, 5th R.H.C.	45
3—Sgt. T. Honnan, 1st P.W.F.	45
$2 each—	
Sgt. W. Sharp, 3rd V.R.C.	44
Sap. G. Green, 4th F.C.E.	44
Pte. S. R. Cairns, 3rd V.R.C.	43
Mr. E. C. Shaffer, C.P.R.	43
S.-Sgt. J. W. A. Sharpe, 5th R.H.C.	43
Corp. W. K. Knubley 3rd V.R.C.	42
$1 each—	
Q.M.S. N. McNeilage, 4th F.C.E.	42
S.-M. J. Drysdale, 1st P.W.F.	42
Lieut. W. H. Davidson, 1st P.W.F.	42
Pte. J. Gray, 5th R.H.C.	42
Lieut. D. C. Draper, 13th S.L.D.	42
Pte. F. Dumfries, 13th S.L.D.	42
Major E. Peltier, 65th	42
Corp. J. Keir, 2nd C.A.	41
S.-Sgt. G. Carr, 1st P.W.F.	41
Pte. D. McNaughton, 5th R.H.C.	41

Members of the 65th M.R. who have never won a prize in an open match—

$1 each—	
Col.-Sgt. Brunelle	26
Pte. E. Cantin	23
Pte. E. Belair	22
Corp. R. E. Matton	22
Pte. O. Lapointe	21
Pte. H. Viau	20
Pte. E. Jolicoeur	18
Sgt. G. Levac	17
Pte. A. Lefebvre	16

OPEN MATCH—TEAM PRIZES.

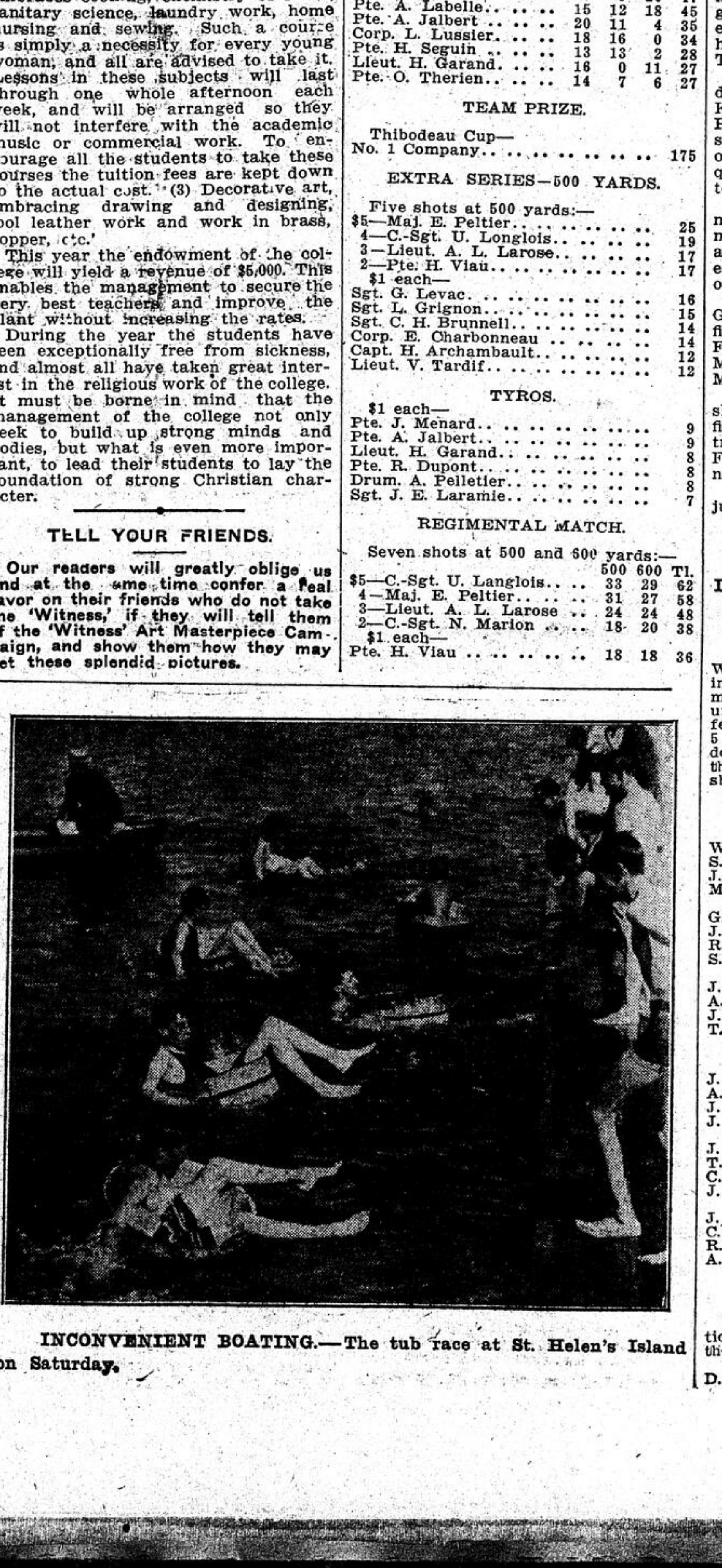
$10.00—2nd team, 5th R.H.C.	205
7.50—4th F.C.E.	204
5.00—1st team, 3rd V.R.C.	203
2.50—2nd team, 3rd V.R.C.	203

AGGREGATE PRIZES.

1. Cup presented by Lt.-Col. J. A. Ouimet and silver D.R.A. medal—Major E. Peltier	190
2. D.R.A. bronze medal—C.-Sgt. U. Langlois, No. 4 Co.	169
Aggregate, 600 yards—Cup presented by Lieut. Jos. Loranger—Major E. Peltier	97

Tyro Aggregate.

1. P.Q.R.A. badge and $1—Pte. H. Viau	114
2. $1—Pte R. Dupont	100



INCONVENIENT BOATING.—The tub race at St. Helen's Island on Saturday.

POLICE TWICE CALLED.

Rowdyism and Brutality at Toronto-Tecumseh Match.

Toronto, July 1[illegible]. — Police interference was twice necessary during Saturday's game, when Toronto defeated Tecumseh at Scarboro Beach by a score of 8 to 5. Tecumseh lost a last chance to contend for the N. L. U. championship.

The game was a dreadful exhibition of brutality. Starting from the second quarter the men fought, rather than played the game, and the police rushed on the field stopping the game, in order to take the name of offenders.

Starting with Graydon's gash over the eye, from Fitzgerald's stick, the game turned to a contest of single-stick.

Torontos came strong in the third period and Powers made it 4 to 3 in five minutes. The play from this on became a slugging match. Dandeno was off for slashing. Barnett followed for jumping on Murton's back, and Menary and Felker were benched for fighting. Again the police raided the field and took some more names. The worst event of the day came next, when Wright mixed it up with Murton and was not even penalized. The next minute Murton was put off for slugging Powers. It was lacrosse no longer, but one of the most disgraceful exhibitions in the history of the game. This time the police did not interfere.

With Green and Yeaman off, Graydon followed for cross-check, and Kalls tied the score with a side shot. Penalty after penalty followed in quick succession, and neither team from this on had its full side on the field. The quarter ended with the score tied, five to five.

In the fourth quarter the score was made 7 to 5 by Dandeno and J. Kinsman. Penalties began to mount up again. Finally Warwick scored the eighth for Toronto, and the game was over. The line up was as follows:

Tecumsehs—Goal, Kinsman; point, Green; cover pont, Yeaman; defence, field, Graydon, McKenzie, Ions; centre, Felker; home field, Rountree, Querrie, Murton; outside, McGregor; inside, McDougall.

Toronto—Goal, Allen; point, Harshaw; cover point, Menary; defence field, Powers, Braden, Anderson; centre, Warwick; home field, Dandeno, Fitzgerald, Wright; outside home, Barnett; inside home, Kalls.

Referee, Peter Murphy, Montreal; judge of play, J. Brennan, Montreal.

WESTMOUNT BOWLERS LOST.

In League Match They Went Under to Valleyfield.

In the league match between the Westmount and Valleyfield Lawn Bowling Clubs, three rinks playing at Westmount and three at Valleyfield on Saturday, the Westmount players were defeated by four points. Westmount was 5 up on the Kensington green, and 9 down on the Valleyfield green, leaving the Valleyfield bowlers victors by four shots.

The following were the scores:

AT WESTMOUNT.

Valleyfield.	Westmount.
W. Salisbury	J. P. Pratt
S. Hartley	F. H. Gardner
J. Parker	A. G. Gardner
M. Beale	J. W. Brown
Skip—24	Skip—29
G. Bliss	S. Huxley
J. Singleton	C. P. Creamer
R. Romfret	H. Rees
S. Smithson	A. W. D. Howell
Skip—16	Skip—26
J. McCann	R. Hemsley
A. Slater	W. Abbott
J. Cardwell	E. G. Brooks
T. Houghton	F. Fowler
Skip—26	Skip—16

AT VALLEYFIELD.

J. Walsh	J. Saunderson
A. Houghton	R. Steacie
J. Houghton	F. H. Scott
J. Jackson	H. Mason
Skip—20	Skip—17
J. Bell	W. J. Dunn
T. Marrott	O. Mowatt
C. H. Potter	R. M. Liddel
J. Ferrie	T. H. Christmas
Skip—26	Skip—18
J. Finnigan	W. Brisbane
C. Latham	H. R. Cobbe
R. M. Chadwick	A. C. McFee
A. Robinson	W. Brown
Skip—18	Skip—20
130	126

The following games in the competition series were played by members of the Westmount Bowling Club:

DOUBLES.

D. J. Munn	A. Wood
F. H. Gardner	J. W. Fulton
Total.......21	Total.......19

SINGLES.

H. R. Cobbett—21	A. G. Gardner—12
H. Mason—21	G. P. Walker—12
T. de G. Stewart—21	Arthur Gardner—9
H. Mason—21	R. S. White—14

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that, under the Quebec Companies' Act, letters patent have been issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec, bearing date the thirtieth day of June, 1910, incorporating Messrs. Raymond Willis, Broker; Henry John Hague, Advocate; Spencer Lewin Dale Harris, Advocate; Alvin Ernest Woodworth, Bookkeeper; and Arthur Charters, Bookkeeper, all of the City and District of Montreal, for the following purposes:

To carry on the business of insurance broker and insurance agents in all their branches;

To act as agents or managers for any insurance company, club or association or for any individual underwriter in connection with its insurance or underwriting business, (wherever the same may be carried on), or any branch of the same, and to enter into any agreement for such purpose, with any such insurance company, club, association or underwriter;

To act as agents for any applicants for insurance or policy holders, or any person, firm or company desiring to obtain insurance;

To carry on the business of insurance inspectors and adjusters in all its branches;

To buy, sell, exchange, lease hypothecate or otherwise deal in real estate and immovable property; to negotiate for the purchase, sale, exchange or lease of real estate and immovable property, and generally to carry on the business of real estate agents in all its' branches;

To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill, assets or liabilities of any person, firm or company, carrying on or proposing, or authorized to carry on, any of the businesses which this company is authorized to carry on, or any business similar thereto, and to carry on any business so acquired; to acquire an interest in or amalgamate with or enter into any arrangement for sharing profits or for co-operation, or for limiting competition, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company and to do any of the acts or things aforesaid on such terms and conditions, and for such consideration as may be agreed upon, and to give or accept by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid, any property, shares, debentures, securities or other things that may be agreed upon, and to hold, sell, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise deal with any property, shares, debentures, or securities so received;

To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and undertaking, or any of the liabilities of this company, or to undertake any businesses or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit this company, or to enhance the value of any property or business of this company;

To guarantee any of the indebtedness of any person, firm or company carrying on or authorized to carry on any of the businesses which this company is authorized to carry on or any business similar thereto, and to guarantee the indebtedness or the performance of the obligations of any person, firm or company with whom this company may deal or transact business;

To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the company either together or in portions for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any company purchasing or acquiring the same;

To subscribe for, take, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold and likewise to dispose of shares or other interest in or debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company;

To invest and deal with the monies of the company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the company;

To improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, convey, assign, pledge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the company;

To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company and to undertake and perform subcontracts and also to act in any of the business of the company through or by means of agents, brokers, sub-contractors or others;

To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the formation, promotion and incorporation of the company;

To distribute among the members of the company in kind any property of the company and in particular any shares, debentures or securities of any companies belonging to this company, or of which this company may have power of disposing but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital may be made without the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law;

To carry on any other businesses which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable any of the company's property;

To do all or any of the above mentioned things on commission or otherwise and as principals, agents, 'del credere' or otherwise, contractors, trustees or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others;

To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them;

The foregoing clauses and the objects therein declared are cumulative and in no case is the generality of a clause to be narrowed or restricted by any particularity of expression in such clause or by the application of any rule of construction, 'ejusdem generis' or otherwise. The word 'Company' except where used in reference to this company, shall be deemed to include any firm or other body of persons whether incorporated or unincorporated, under the name of 'Willis, Faber and Company of Canada, Limited,' with a total capital of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) divided into one thousand (1000) shares of one hundred dollars ($100.00) each.

The principal place of business of the corporation, will be in the city of Montreal, in the district of Montreal.

Dated from the office of the provincial secretary, this thirtieth day of June, 1910.

JOS. DUMONT,
3040 Deputy Provincial Secretary
MEREDITH, MACPHERSON, HAGUE & HOLDEN, Solicitors for Applicants.

ST. LAMBERT WINS TWO.

Defeat the A. C. B. Team and the Argo's on the Same Afternoon.

St. Lambert, July 18.—On Saturday afternoon two games were played on the home diamond, the visitors suffering defeat in both cases. A large number of spectators witnessed the games. At one time in the first contest it looked black for St. Lambert, the score standing 7-0 against them, but they buckled to and eventually won.

Scores:—

ALLIS-CHALMERS-BULLOCK VS. BROOKLYN PARK A.A.A.

		R.	H.	E.
A.C.B.	2 2 2 1 0 2 0 0 0—	9	15	6
B. Park	0 0 0 0 7 0 0 3 x—	10	8	1

Batteries:—Perry, Vaillancourt and Wales; Hooper and Brown.
Umpire—H. W. Tompkins.

ARGOS VS. BROOKLYN PARK A.A.A.

		R.	H.	E.
Argos	0 0 0 0 3 0 0—	3	6	1
B. Park	0 3 1 1 1 12 x—	18	10	4

Batteries:—Jackson and W. Johnson; Hicks and Brown.
Umpire—E. Trudeau.

SATURDAY'S AMATEUR RESULTS.

SPALDING SENIOR LEAGUE.
St. Patrick's, 8; Fairmount Y.M.C.A., 2.
Melrose, 4; Railway Y.M.C.A., 3.
SPALDING JUNIOR LEAGUE.
Alexandra, 15; Brooklyn Park 6.
C. P. R. Apprentices, 19; Point St. Charles, 15.
SPALDING JUVENILE LEAGUE.
Ramblers, 15; Railway Y.M.C.A., 11.
MANUFACTURERS' LEAGUE.
Wire and Cable Co., 8; Jenkin Bros., 5.
COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.
McCready Co., 18; Tetrault Co., 4.
Ames-Holden, 8; Aubry Sons, 3.

LORD LOVELAND DISCOVERS AMERICA

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By C. N. and A. M. WILLIAMSON

SUMMARY OF THE PRECEDING CHAPTER.

The adventures of the young Marquis of Loveland, spoiled darling of his mother and pet of society, begin at the family seat, Loveland Castle, in the North of Scotland, where, on his mother's advice, to recuperate the fallen family fortunes he decides to take the important step of entering the American matrimonial market in search of an heiress. After the decision is made the important thing is to get introductions to the 'right people,' and Lord Loveland is quite convinced that Jim Harborough, the wealthy American, who married his cousin Betty, will be only too glad to supply the need. Harborough, who has plans of his own on reforming Lord Loveland, agrees in apparent good faith,and further persuades Loveland to travel on the 'Mauretania' instead of on the vessel in which his passage had been engaged, urging its superior 'chances.' He goes on board, taking the cabin engaged for a friend of Harborough's, who was unable to leave at the last minute. Nor does he remain long unknown in spite of his coming unannounced, for Major Cadwallader Hunter, a notorious gossip, soon spots him, and attempts to scrape an acquaintance, although he is coldly received. Lord Loveland's own observations fasten his attention on two girls out of the beauties on board, and one of these takes his chair by mistake. His vanity believes it is her way of starting a conversation, but she soon undeceives him and he finds she is Lesley Deurmer, a niece of a Mrs. Loveland. Later, he is informed by the Major that they are not people of wealth but, while observing due precautions, Loveland decides to be friends with Lesley, and finds out she has perfectly understood his intentions. In the interest of the amused companionship the time slips away and he neglects to notify his mother of his change of vessel. Arriving at New York Loveland realizes that he must part from the girl he loves but his prudence conquers and he merely says goodbye to Lesley with a very real pain, and going to the Waldorf Astoria establishes himself in a suite of rooms. His own valet, Foxham, having deserted him before sailing, he engages one at the hotel, but the opening of his trunks shows that Foxham has not only deserted but robbed him, substituting for Loveland's clothes the valet's own discarded apparel. It is at the moment of this discovery that Major Cadwallader Hunter calls with a reporter from 'New York Light.' They are treated to a spicy taste of the Loveland temper, the rudeness of which Loveland often regrets, but is too proud to acknowledge. His first attempt at bettering matters is to visit the bank with his letter of credit.

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

The cashier smiled a dry smile, and his voice sounded dry as he answered, 'I don't know about the red tape, but I'm sorry to tell you we have no instructions from London to pay.'

'What?' cried Val, reddening with annoyance. Several people writing chaques or waiting for money at the counter, looked up and continued to look. 'You have no instructions?'

'No instructions to pay,' repeated the cashier, putting on the last word an emphasis which sounded offensive to Loveland's ears, though he hastily assured himself that it could not possibly have any such meaning.

'This is very inconvenient,' said Val, to whom Bridge and tips on shipboard had left exactly seventeen shillings, three pence halfpenny.

'I'm sorry for that,' remarked the cashier, still more formally, more unsympathetically, and—one might almost have said—more disrespectfully, than before.

Loveland, though inclined to storm, reflected a moment. He had intended to sail on the 'Baltic,' which was due to leave English shores only yesterday, and might not arrive at New York for seven or eight days. He had not given anyone notice—not even his mother—that he had changed his intention, and very likely the London papers had paragraphed him as a passenger on the 'Baltic's' next trip. Nevertheless, he could not quite understand how that fact excused his London bank's delay in instructing their New York correspondents. They had had plenty of time to arrange his affairs before his sudden departure in the 'Mauretania,' and by not doing so they were likely to make him a great deal of unnecessary trouble.

Again he thought of Cadwallader Hunter. In this instance, too, the man might have been useful.

'Well, I don't see why I should be made to suffer because the London and Southern Bank puts off till to-morrow what it ought to have done a week ago,' said Loveland, beginning to be arrogant, though looking boyish, with his flushed face, and his white scar glimmering on its background of clear, ruddy-brown. 'I must have some money, you know.'

The cashier did not reply to this challenge, and his eyes expressed no interested consideration of the matter.

'You had better see your manager and explain the circumstances,' pursued Val.

'It would be useless. We could not pay without instructions.'

'I daresay I might manage with ten pounds till you could get an answer, if you choose to be so ridiculously over-cautious,' Loveland insisted, loftily. 'But in that case you must cable at once.'

'You will no doubt be willing to pay for the message in advance?' suggested the cashier.

'Certainly not,' said Val, no longer trying to keep his temper under control. 'You've seen my card. Isn't that enough for you?'

'Business is business,' quoted the bank employee, still unruffled, still blind to Lord Loveland's importance, cold to his necessities.

'And decency's decency,' stormed Val, careless now who looked or listened, and in a mood to wreck all American institutions.

'Yes, it's as well never to forget that,' the cashier hinted, significantly. 'Sorry we cannot accommodate you at present.'

'I'm hanged if you ever get the chance again,' retorted Val, snatching his letter of credit from the counter. 'I shall myself send a cable to the London and Southern which will make you repent your pig-headedness.' And with this ultimatum he strode to the door, as if on the way to sign a death-warrant.

'By his looks, that will be an expensive cable, and make the wire mighty hot,' Val heard a man chuckle as he passed, and there was a spatter of laughter, which (for his eyes) painted the opposite sky-scrapers bright scarlet.

'Beastly America! Beastly Americans!' he muttered. 'I suppose this is their way of resenting the existence of aristocracy.'

Lord Loveland had a good deal to learn yet about America—and also about that important member of the aristocracy, himself.

As he returned to his motor cab, which had been 'taxing' away violently since he left it, he wondered if he would have enough money to pay for it. But, what if he hadn't? He could tip the chauffeur, and the hotel would do the rest. Also the hotel would put down the cash for a dozen cablegrams. Oh, the sting of these pinpricks would last no longer than the poison of mosquito-bites! Once Jim Harborough's friends began to rally round him, and vie among each other for his society, as the Mauretanians had done, New York would be his to play with. Patience, then, and shuffle the cards. As he had heard some one say on shipboard, 'Faint heart never won a game.'

It was thus he smoothed away the sulky frown which suited neither his face, nor the gentle Indian-summer sunshine. Then, trying to forget the first snub man had ever dared to deal him, he flashed here and there in his motor cab, making a house to house distribution of Jim's envelopes and his own visiting cards, according to home custom when armed with letters of introduction.

The sky flamed with sunset banners—Spanish colors—long before he had finished his round and was ready to return to the Waldorf. There, his idea of a suitable present to the chauffeur left him with the American equivalent of eight or nine shillings in his pocket. But, as he had expected, the hotel paid for his afternoon's motoring. So cheerfully did it pay that he sent off an unnecessarily long and extremely frank cablegram to his London bankers which they ought to receive on opening their doors next morning. He thought that it would rather wake them up, and that in consequence of their response to New York—certain to flash immediately along the wires—he would receive an apology from the rude wretch who had insulted him that afternoon. But nothing would induce him to forget or forgive. He had informed the London bankers that his business must be diverted into another channel, which they were invited to suggest.

When Loveland found himself alone again in his luxurious suite of rooms, with the November night coming on, and no amusement on hand (unless he chose to stare down from his high windows at the blaze of astonishing jewels which festooned the immense blue dusk with light and color) he half wished once more that he had not been so cautious in the matter of accepting invitations. After all, it wouldn't have compromised his future, if he had gone to dine with the Coolidges, or Spanish-eyed, flirtatious Mrs. Milton and her gentle little daughter Fanny. A dinner with them—or even with the dullest people who had invited him—would have been preferable to an undiluted dose of his own society on this first night in a strange land. However, it was too late to reconsider now with dignity (though he was childishly confident that any of his American acquaintances would have been entranced had he suddenly changed his mind) and the next best thing to dining with friends would be to watch the coming and going of gay New York in the Waldorf-Astoria restaurant.

He dressed and went down about eight, therefore, looking forward to the novelty of the unknown.

(To be continued.)

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

LITTLE JEWELLERS.

(By Emma C. Dowd.)

They were playing jewellery store, Edith and Corinne, when Mrs. Barr called from the back door. Edith ran up at once.

'Hadn't you better invite Mrs. Mill's granddaughter over to play with you?' mamma asked.

Edith scowled. 'We don't either of us know her,' she objected.

'It won't take long to get acquainted. She looks lonesome.'

'Well,' yielded Edith, but she did not say it cheerfully.

The two little girls talked together in whispers for a minute; then Edith slowly crawled through the place in the fence where the pickets were off, and walked toward the little girl in the big, old-fashioned garden.

'Would you like to come and play with us?' she asked. 'We're going to have a jewellery store; we're making the jewellery now.'

'Oh, thank you! I'd love to!' cried the other. 'I'll run right and ask grandma. You will have to teach me how to play it; I never did,' she said, as she walked along by Edith's side.

'Oh, we're stringing snowberries for Pearl necklaces and making pins out of asters, and doing things like that. When we get enough we'll ask the other children to come and buy.'

'It must be fun!' and Laura Mills's face glowed with pleasure.

The bench, which was now a counter for the display of jewellery, showed several necklaces.

'How pretty!' cried Laura. 'Oh, I know what I'll make!' and she ran back into her grandmother's garden.

'I don't think that's very polite—to go off first thing!' fretted Edith, as the visitor did not return.

'Let's tell her she can have a store by herself,' suggested Corinne. 'Probably she won't make anything nice.'

So Edith called through the fence: 'If you want to you can have your things on your side!'

'All right!' came back to them from behind the flower-beds; but it did not have a joyful sound.

For a long time the three worked quietly. Finally Edith and Corinne were ready for customers. 'We'll have to go and tell her,' whispered Edith.

Together they approached the fence.

'Oh, what a lot!' gasped Corinne.

'Why, it's just like a real jewellery store!' cried Edith.

'Aren't they pretty?' said Laura, smiling.

There was a large wooden box close by the 'gate,' and upon it, in small paper boxes, lying on white and pink cotton, were the articles she had made. The blossoms of scarlet sage strung together looked almost like a coral necklace, red rose hips made a pretty bracelet, yellow baby roses, put together with wire, answered for pins and belt buckles, while fuchsias were pretty earrings.

'Nobody will want to buy ours after seeing yours,' mourned Corinne.

'Oh, I think they will!' returned Laura. 'But why not put them all together? I'd rather.'

'Would you, really?' asked Corinne, her face growing hot, as she remembered that she had been the one to suggest separate 'stores.'

So more shallow boxes were obtained, and the whole stock was soon in readiness for the real play to begin. Business was brisk, and Laura soon had to leave her place behind the counter in order to fashion more jewellery.

By dinner-time all the children were wearing the pretty ornaments, and both Corinne and Edith thought there could not be a pleasanter playmate than Laura Mills. —'Youth's Companion.'

WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURE?

July 18.

He calleth his own sheep by name, and leadeth them out.

The foundation of God standeth sure, having the seal, The Lord knoweth them that are his; and, Let every one that nameth the name of Christ, depart from iniquity.—Many will say to me in that day, Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied in thy name? and in thy name have cast out devils? and in the name done many wonderful works? And then will I profess unto them, I never knew you: depart from me, ye that work iniquity.—The Lord knoweth the way of the righteous: but the way of the ungodly shall perish.

Behold, I have graven thee upon the palms of my hands; thy walls are continually before me.—Set me as a seal upon thine heart, as a seal upon thine arm.—The Lord is good, a strong hold in the day of trouble; and he knoweth them that trust in him.

I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also.

John x., 3. II. Tim. ii., 19. Mat. vii., 22, 23. Ps. i., 6. Is. xlix., 16. Cant. viii., 6. Nah. i., 7. John xiv., 2, 3.

FOOD INSPECTION.

Ottawa, July 15.—An order in council has been issued by the Government at Ottawa putting in force the new regulations concerning the inspection of preserved fruit, vegetables, and milk, according to the provisions of the law concerning preserved meats and foodstuffs. These regulations only apply to preserved fruits, vegetables and milk intended for export from Canada, or from one Province to another. They are similar to the regulations at present in force.

STRIKE SETTLED.

London, July 16.—The dispute arising from the cotton masters' demand for a five percent reduction in wages, in which a truce was declared owing to King Edward's death, has now been settled at a joint meeting of employers and operatives.

CALVARY'S NEW PASTOR.

The Rev. Dr. John J. Martin, of Chicago, the newly chosen pastor of Calvary Congregational Church, expects to commence his duties there on September 18.

PREPARE FOR FAIR.

Sherbrooke Exhibition to Have Several New Features.

Sherbrooke, July 18.—The exhibition office is the scene of great activity at present. The prize lists have just been published and are being mailed. Mr. Frank Leach and staff are busily engaged in preparing the large billboards for shipment all over the Dominion, for the annual fair opens in less than six weeks now.

Owing to the fact that the price of admission has been raised to 50 cents, the directors are making a special effort to increase the attractiveness of the fair. The attraction committee has secured ten vaudeville acts.

There will be $3,500 in prizes awarded for horse races.

There are several valuable special prizes offered this season. The association offers a special prize of $50 to be adjudged to the county in the Province of Quebec whose exhibitors shall together win the largest amount of prizes. This amount will be paid to the agricultural society of the county. This should increase the number of exhibits.

The baby contest will be held again this year, $100 being offered in prizes.

The automobile parade is a new feature. The first prize is a silver cup and a suitable prize for every lady in the automobile that wins the cup.

The entries in the bread-making competition promise to break all records. This year two of the large flour mills have offered valuable prizes.

Mr. T. W. Russell will probably contest Bute as a Liberal at the next British general election.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

MONTREAL - PORTLAND - OLD ORCHARD - KENNEBUNKPORT, Me.

FAVORITE ROUTE TO THE SEASIDE

Sleeping Cars leave Montreal at 8.15 p.m. daily, Parlor Cars leave Montreal at 8 a.m. daily. Sleeping Car leaving Montreal Saturday nights will run to Kennebunk only.

FAMOUS ALGONQUIN PARK, PARRY SOUND, HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO

Leave Montreal at 8.30 a.m. week days, arriving at Algonquin Park 5.38 p.m. and Depot Harbor at 9.30 p.m.

Through Parlor Buffet Car on the above trains between Montreal, Algonquin Park and Depot Harbor.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS to Western Canada via Chicago on sale July 26; August 9, 23; September 6, 20, at very low fares. Good for 60 days.

CITY TICKET OFFICES, 130 St. James Street, 'Phones Main 6905, 6906, 6907, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Montreal - Portland - Old Orchard - Kennebunkport.

VIA THE WHITE MOUNTAINS.

The Scenic Route to the Maine Coast.

Sleeping Cars leave Montreal at 7.45 p.m. daily. Parlor Cars leave Montreal daily except Sunday, at 9.00 a.m.

Upper Lake Service

Every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday steamship will leave Owen Sound for Sault Ste. Marie and Fort William, after arrival of steamship express leaving Toronto 1.00 p.m.

St. Andrews-by-the-Sea.

Sleeping Car daily.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
218 St. James Street.
Telephones: Main 3732-3733, or Place Viger and Windsor Street Stations.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

BONAVENTURE UNION STATION.

SUMMER SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT JUNE 19th.

MARITIME EXPRESS.

8.15 a.m. DAILY	For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis, Quebec, Riv. Ouelle, Murray Bay, Riv. du Loup, Little Metis, Campbellton.
8.15 a.m. Except Saturday	For the above-named Stations; also Moncton, St. John and Halifax.
4 p.m. Except Sunday	Express for St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, St. Leonard, Nicolet and intermediate stations.
OCEAN LIMITED.	
7.30 p.m. Except Saturday	For St. Hyacinthe, Levis, Quebec, Murray Bay, Riv. du Loup, Bic, Little Metis, Matapedia, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Halifax and Sydney. Through connections for Prince Edward, and Newfoundland.
11.45 p.m. Sat. Only	For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis and Quebec.

CITY TICKET OFFICE:
130 St. James St. Tel., Bell M. 615.
H. A. PRICE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. GEO. STRUBBE, City Ticket Agt.

DYSPEPSIA

The only way to cure a bad case of Dyspepsia is to take one or two Pap-Sag Tablets in a little warm water, after each meal. Not to observe this simple and easy rule is to remain depressed with all kinds of stomach disorders, such as Heartburn, Fetid Breath, Gastritis, Flatulence and Indigestion.

For sale by all Druggists.
Sent also by Mail on Receipt of Price.
50c per Box, $2.50 for six Boxes.
Address: PAP-SAG COMPANY, Montreal

White-Star Dominion.

Canadian Service Mail Steamers.

MONTREAL—QUEBEC—LIVERPOOL.

Megantic	Aug. 23	Sept. 20	Oct. 17
Dominion	Aug. 26	Sept. 27	Oct. 24
Laurentic	Aug. 6	Sept. 3	Oct. 1
Canada	Aug. 13	Sept. 10	Oct. 8

Laurentic and Megantic largest and most modern steamers sailing from the St. Lawrence. Superb accommodation for First, Second and Third Class passengers.

Canada and Dominion, One Class Cabin (called 2nd Class). Rates very moderate. Third Class are also carried.

For all informations apply to Local Agents, or

COMPANY'S OFFICE,
118 Notre Dame Street West.

Manchester Liners (LIMITED).

Weekly Sailings from Montreal.

Manchester Trader	July 30
Manchester Mariner	Aug. 6
Manchester Shipper	Aug. 13
Manchester Exchange	Aug. 20

Limited number of passengers carried.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited
AGENTS, Montreal.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.

ELLIOTT & DAVID
Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors, Commissioners for all the Province And for the States of Massachusetts and New York.
Canada Life Building, 189 St. James St.
Henry J. Elliott, K.C. L. A. David.

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ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, etc.
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WILLIAM G. PUGSLEY.
G. GORDON HYDE.

F. S. MACLENNAN, K.C.
Advocate, Barrister and Solicitor
Quebec Bank Building, Montreal.
Tel. Main 4703

Tel. Main 3960
PATTERSON & JENKINS,
Advocates, Barristers & Solicitors,
City & District Bank Building,
180 St. James Street, Montreal.
W. PATTERSON. J. JENKINS.

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INVENTIONS PATENTED
IN ALL COUNTRIES
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Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.
W. P. McFEAT, Associate Atty.

ALLAN LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL.

Victorian	July 22	Aug. 19	Sept. 16
Corsican	July 29	Aug. 26	Sept. 23
Virginian	Aug. 5	Sept. 2	Sept. 29
Tunisian	Aug. 12	Sept. 9	Oct. 7

The Turbine SS. Victorian has made the fastest passage on record between Liverpool and Montreal—6 days 15 hours 6 minutes.

Saloon, $77.50 and up; Turbiners,$87.50 and up.

Second Cabin, $47.50, $50.00 and upwards; London, $2.50 additional.

Third Class, Liverpool, Glasgow, London, Belfast or Londonderry, $28.75 and $30.00, according to steamer.

TO GLASGOW.

Hesperian	July 23	Grampian	Aug. 6
Ionian	" 30	Pretorian	" 13

Hesperian and Grampian: Saloon, $67.50 and up; second class, $47.50 and up.

Other steamers, One-Class Cabin, called Second Cabin, $45.00, and upwards. Third-Class, $28.75.

TO HAVRE AND LONDON.

Pomeranian	July 23	Sardinian	Aug. 6
Sicilian	" 30	Corinthian	" 13

One-Class. — Second Cabin. Rate—London, $42.50; Havre, $45.00, $52.50, and up; Paris, $3.65 additional. Third-Class—London, $27.75; Havre, $32.00; Paris, $34.50.

All the steamers on the above services, Liverpool, Glasgow, London and Havre, are fitted with cold storage.

H. & A. ALLAN,
55 COMMON STREET, Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES

DONALDSON LINE TO GLASGOW
ONE CLASS CABIN SERVICE.
FROM MONTREAL.

SS. ATHENIA .... July 14
(Cold Storage.)
SS. SALACIA .... July 21

Passage Rates—Cabin (called Second), $45.00 and upwards; Third-Class, Eastbound,$27.75; Prepaid,Westbound,$28.75.

THOMSON LINE TO LONDON
FROM MONTREAL.

SS. CERVONA .... July 16
(Cold Storage and Cool Air.)
SS. CAIRNRONA .... July 23
(Cold Storage and Cool Air.)

LEITH SERVICE.
SS. BELLONA .... July 17
HULL.
SS. BELLONA .... July 17

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited,
Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, St. John, N.B.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP Company, Limited.

RIVER AND GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.

SS. "CASCAPEDIA," 1,900 tons, recently fitted out on the Clyde specially for this service, with all modern comforts, leaves Montreal, on Mondays, at 4 p.m., 1st, 15th and 29th August, and from Quebec the following day at noon, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Gaspé, Mal Bay, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

NEW YORK FROM QUEBEC

(Via Far-famed River Saguenay)

calling at Charlottetown and Halifax, SS. "TRINIDAD," 2,600 tons, sails from Quebec, 22nd July, 5th and 19th Aug., and 2nd September, at 5 p.m.

BERMUDA

Summer excursions, $20 and upwards, by the twin screw "BERMUDIAN," 5,600 tons. Sailings from New York, at 10 a.m., 27th July, 6th, 17th and 27th August, and every 10 days thereafter. Temperature, cooled by sea breezes, seldom rises above 80 degrees.

The finest trips of the season for Health and Comfort.

For full information apply to any Ticket Agent, or to

J. G. BROCK & CO., Agents,
211 Commissioners street, City.

OTTAWA RIVER NAV. Co

DAILY PASSENGER STEAMERS.
(Except Sunday.)

OTTAWA, $2.50. Return $4.

Daily Excursions to Carillon, by Str. Empress, up the Beautiful Ottawa River and home by the Rapids, $1.00, arriving at Montreal at 6.30 p.m. One hour at Carillon; park at landing.

For above Trips take 8 a.m. G.T.R. for Lachine to connect with steamer.

Afternoon Trips, going train, returning by Str. Empress, via Rapids.

To Hudson, C.P.R., 1.30 p.m. Round Trip, $1.00 Tickets at Windsor Station.

To St. Anne de Bellevue, G.T.R. or C.P.R., 1.30 p.m. Round Trip, 80c.

To Lachine, G.T.R., 5 p.m. Round Trip, 50c.

Tickets at Grand Trunk Station, Windsor Hotel, 128, 130, 286 St. James, and 580 St. Catherine West.

Telephone MAIN 1029.

BAY CHALEUR STEAMER SENLAC

Leaves Campbellton for Gaspe and intermediate ports every Wednesday and Saturday about 11 a.m., after arrival of Ocean Limited. For rates, reservations, etc., apply, C. D. ROBINSON, Campbellton, N.B.

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SHOP TO LET ON ST. PETER ST., next door to 'Witness.' Apply at 'Witness' Office.

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LORNE AVE., 36, CLOSE TO McGILL College, two minutes from cars, nice front rooms; moderate rent; perfect sanitation.

FLATS TO LET.

BERRI, 945, NEAR RACHEL, LOWER flat, six rooms, gas, bath, nice locality; low rent. Apply ROBILLARD, 350 Lagauchetiere east. Phone E. 2921.

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DORVAL — NICE EIGHT ROOMS, furnished cottage, near lake, St. Lawrence Yacht Club, and railway stations. For information, apply to EDMOND PICARD, Dorval, 143 Dorval Road.

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WANTED, TO RENT IN THE LAURENTIAN MOUNTAINS, on lovely lake La Rouge, furnished cottage, containing three bed rooms, sitting room, dining room and extension kitchen, ten minutes walk from station and Post Office. Apply to MRS. T. COLE, Point Fortune, Que.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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LOTS FOR SALE—MONTREAL WEST has its 'West End.' Visit Broughton and Easton Avenues and choose your lots before prices advance. Nearer city than intervening places, owing to multiplicity of means of access. Water, light, schools, churches. J. J. KIRKPATRICK. Tel. West. 56.

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TO THOSE DESIRING REST AND change in a quiet country spot. will find a pleasant, quiet home, with room and board at 15 Beckett Road, Sherbrooke. Write or call.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE ALL CAST-off Clothing, Furniture, Silverware, Plated Ware, Old Gold, Pawn Tickets. Above everybody else's prices paid by MAX FRANK, 15 East Craig street. Tel. East 3067.

NOTICES.

TAKE NOTICE—FROM THIS DATE I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name whatever. J. JODOIN, 1091 Cartier street, Montreal, July 18th, 1910.

GASPE BASIN

The favorite spot for Health and Sport, CHARMING RESORT FOR SPORTSMEN AND PLEASURE SEEKERS.

The vicinity affords beautiful scenery, fine sea bathing and unexcelled fishing. Guests have the privileges of salmon and trout fishing in connection with the house. Salmon and Trout Fishing par excellence.

BAKER'S HOTEL
(Now Open)

so long and favorably known, offers first-class accommodation for tourists, with all the comforts of home.

Before making your plans for your summer outing, be sure to write for terms and other information to

BAKER'S HOTEL, Gaspé, Que.

BROME LAKE HOUSE, Bondville

This new and up to date Hotel is open for the reception of guests. Good fishing, boating and bathing. Plenty of shade, wide verandahs; first class chef; toilet and bath in house. Fine Dance Hall. Good train service: C.P.R., Knowlton or Foster. For terms, apply

E. FRANK C. CARPENTER.

LACHINE, THE OLDEST AND COOLEST summer resort, houses to let east of Wharf Station from six dollars up. T. A. DAWES.

FEW MORE GUESTS CAN BE ACcommodated at Spring Creek House; terms $6, and reasonable allowance made for families. Apply, A. DAVIS, Christieville, Que.

LAURENTIDE HOUSE, OVERLOOK-Lake Maskinonge, in the Laurentian region; cool, airy rooms, verandahs; fine beach; safe bathing; beautiful scenery; exceptionally bracing air; adults only. Box 35, St. Gabriel de Brandon.

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NOTED FOR: Excellence of Cuisine, Comfortable Appointments, Courteous Service and Homelike Surroundings.

ROOMS $1.00 PER DAY AND UP.
Very Commodious Sample Rooms at Reasonable Rates.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Table d'Hote Breakfast 50c.
WM. TAYLOR & SON, Inc.

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WANTED—A DISTRICT MANAGER for Montreal and part of the Province. $200 a month. Apply to JOHN McKERROW, Provincial Manager, Quebec, G.D.

STOREMAN AND PACKER—WANTED by Mark Fisher, Sons & Co. Must be a strong active man with satisfactory references. Address, stating age and where employed, to P.O. Box 407, Montreal.

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ACCOUNTANT'S CLERK AND COMpany Secretary, experienced, with spare time, will write up tradesmen's books, prepare accounts, etc. Terms low. Box 815, 'Witness' Office.

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For $41.50, I can land respectable colored female domestics in Montreal. Apply, C. D. ROBINSON, P.O. Box 133, St. John, N.B.

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WANTED, FOR RIVER DESERT School, a Protestant teacher (female), holding first class diploma. Salary, $350 for ten months. Duties to begin Sept. 1, 1910. Apply to W. SMITH, Sec'y-Treas., River Desert, Que.

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FOR SALE — HOWARD N.Y. UPright Cabinet Grand Piano, almost new. Full steel frame, patent repeating action. A splendid opportunity, $265. Payable $20 cash and $8 monthly. LAYTON BROS., 550 St. Catherine street West (corner of Stanley street).

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FOR SALE, ONE LARGE SIZE REED Organ, suitable for church or lodge; also, one small organ. Apply, GEO. D. MacKINNON, Sherbrooke, Que.

HOIST FOR SALE, CHEAP—One Double belted floor type freight hoist, with cage and wheels, in good condition; platform 5 x 5 feet; fully 1500 lbs. capacity. Counter shaft, pulley and splendid H.P. motor; 110 D.C. included, if desired. Apply to 142 St. Peter street.

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Canadian Oliver Typewriter Co.,
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Motors FOR SALE

2 10 h.p. 115 volts D.C.

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All in A1 condition, and can be seen any time. Will sell cheap.—Apply,

'WITNESS' OFFICE

PRESSES, Etc.

FOR SALE.

WHITLOCK DRUM CYLINDER PRESS; size of bed, 48 inches x 32 inches; table distribution, 2 form rollers; 4 vibrators; rear nipper delivery, 4 bed tracks, driving pulley, 14 inch diameter, with 2¾ inch face, speed up to 1200 an hour. This is an easy running press, and in good condition. Floor space occupied, 8 ft. x 12 ft. Just the thing for printing wrappers, blank forms, posters, or a small newspaper for country place.

UNIVERSAL PLATEN PRESS.

This press has been thoroughly overhauled, and will print from a gent's card to a sheet 12 x 18.

Also, some type frames, almost new, for sale, cheap.

These presses, etc., are a snap for anyone requiring them. Apply 'Witness' Office.

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For
The 'WITNESS'
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A. T. Chapman, Bookseller, 513 St. Catherine St. West, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street, West of Subway.

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Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Second-hand Articles Wanted or For Sale.

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Property For Sale or To Let.
Other Articles For Sale.
25 Words for 25c.

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NOTICE PARTICULARLY.
Postage Stamps Will Be Accepted.

The above rates are Cash with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate line space.

R & O Ideal Water Trips on Elegant Up-to-Date Passenger Steamers

MONTREAL - TORONTO LINE (via Thousand Islands and Rochester, N.Y.)—Steamers leave at 12.30 noon daily, except Sundays.

MONTREAL - TORONTO - HAMILTON LINE (via Thousand Islands and Bay of Quinte) Steamer Belleville leaves every Friday at 7 p.m. Special low rates on this steamer.

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CONFERENCE IS CONCLUDED

Education Association Sessions at Boston Were Successful.

OFFICERS WERE ELECTED.

Many Trenchant Statements Delivered by Prominent Speakers.

(Special Correspondence.)

Boston, July 16—In this, my last letter on the National Education Association, I desire to gather up a few thought crumbs from the great convention, and make a few observations regarding men, women and things as I have seen them in this old commonwealth.

The election of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, of Chicago, to the presidency of the National Education Association is looked upon not only as a triumph for woman's rights, but as a defeat of the Book Trust, whose influences have so long been sacredly guarded by the 'ring' that has run the National Education Association. I use the term 'ring' deliberately, for from the first stroke of the gavel on July 2 to last word of adjournment on July 8 it was clear that the convention was being run by a few men who, and who alone, seemed able to secure the 'recognition' of the presidents of sections in the discussions of the topics of the day.

When a single publishing house could afford to donate fifteen thousand copies of a Boston guide book, retailing at fifty cents, to convention, it would naturally be concluded that the interests of the Book Trust were considered safe in the hands of those who have thus far controlled the affairs of this great body.

It is a pity here, as well as in the Province of Quebec, the question of sex should ever enter into the determination of the affairs of a great educational body, for just so soon as that is the case, one hears the mutterings of discontent and marks the forebodings of disruption.

One is struck, as he listens to the many-sided speakers, at this convention, with the fact that the average public man in the United States is an orator, calm and logical, who knows what he wants to say and says it in terse, burning words; but he is also struck with the fact that there is a vast amount of unrest in the minds of the school-men, which promises much for the weal or woe of these states.

Among the many trenchant things said at the meetings of convention I note the following:

PRESIDENT ELIOT:

'The teaching profession nowadays fully realizes the fact that only those processes of education are successful which procure the active interest and co-operation of the minds and wills subjected to them.'

HENRY H. GODDARD:

'Any child who is a year behind grade, should be the object of special attention.'

JAMES M. GREENWOOD:

'Our present system of teaching has produced a crop of spineless and animated nobodies in our country, because our children are not taught to work.'

'Studies should be chosen that have an abiding value; and permanent elements should be selected.'

PRESIDENT ELIOT:

'At present we are permitting the great majority of American children to go out into life as unskilled laborers.'

HELEN C. PUTNAM:

'Janitors are half the problem of hygiene, backward children and school fatigue.'

HARRIS TAYLOR:

'When every deaf child in America can understand what a person says from his shadow on the wall, and can be understood by every English-speaking person, then and not until then, may we fold our hands and with complacency say we have done all that can be expected of our schools.'

MRS. W. N. HUTT:

'Since the home, with woman as its centre, is the bed-rock of our whole social fabric, can there be any education more important than the education of women for home-making?' . . . . 'The position of any notion in the scale of civilization can be accurately judged by the enlightenment of its women.'

F. P. LEWIS:

'The governing power of to-morrow is the boy of to-day. When we fail to raise him to his highest efficiency we rob the nation of its potential wealth.'

PRESIDENT ELIOT:

'The parents and teacher together ought to be easily able to give the right direction to that small proportion of children whose education clearly ought to be prolonged through the secondary school and college, because of good parts or favorable circumstances, and to that other small proportion whose natural bent is strong.'

It seems to your correspondent that wiser words have rarely been spoken; and he firmly believes that the time will come when the square pin will not be by force made to fit the round hole, and the round pin the square hole, just because the hole has been so shaped by a system, but when the call of the Almighty to his child, as found to be sounding within him, and recorded in his fitness for certain lines of life will be taken into consideration, and that mental pabulum will be given to him, which will best develop his native endowments intended to a lifting force in the world.

A. W. KNEELAND.

GIRLS' TRANSATLANTIC TRIP.

Miss Feminine took possession of the Allan line steamship 'Pretorian,' which left Montreal on Saturday for Glasgow. Over sixty young ladies, school teachers, and winners of newspaper contests, were on board. They will tour Scotland, England and France, returning to this port from Havre in about six weeks.

Five young misses from Plattsburg, N.Y., who were escorted from their native town by Mr. G. S. Bixby and Mrs. Bixby, proprietor of the Plattsburg 'Republican,' were among the party. Miss May G. Cannon, Miss Eula G. Foote, Miss Nellie Newton, Mrs. Emerson Ladd and Mrs. F. B. Lougee were the winners of the 'Republican's' prize contest.

WHISKEY TAX IS IMPORTANT

In its Effect Upon Present Political Situation in Britain.

IRELAND'S BIG INDUSTRY.

Mr. Redmond Was Forced by Complex Problem to Announce Budget Manifesto.

London, July 16.—It is one of the extraordinary phenomena of British politics that some apparently unimportant article of daily life assumes the position of deciding the fate of parties and ministries. For several generations in succession this place was occupied by the simple and harmless article sugar. One of the most famous episodes in the life of the great Earl of Chatham, when, as William Pitt, he was the most potent voice in the House of Commons, relates to sugar. He happened to mention the word sugar, whereupon there arose a titter. But, rising to his majestic height, looking more like an eagle with his beak nose than ever, and speaking with the full force of his tremendous voice, he repeated the word again and again, 'sugar, sugar, sugar;' and when the House was thrilled and cowed into silence, he exclaimed: 'Who will laugh at sugar now?'

Disraeli, in one of his books, expresses surprise that an article which is the delight of youth and a solace of old age should so often have wrecked parliaments and ministries.

To-day whiskey, and especially Irish whiskey, plays the part formerly acted by sugar. Whiskey presents an exceedingly complex problem in both British and Irish life in its political and social aspect.

In Ireland and in Scotland it is not only a popular beverage, but also the basis of a great industry. As an industry it is more important to Ireland even than to Scotland. Unemployment is still the curse of the small Irish towns and the closing up of a distillery, putting hundreds of men out of employment, is little short of a great calamity. The liquor business, too, still remains in Ireland, as elsewhere, a powerful political force, and though the distillers are Tories even to a man, and have subscribed for years to the anti-home rule funds, the small liquor dealers are for the most part Nationalists, and have done more than their share of work for the Irish cause. It, therefore, was difficult for the Irish party to refrain from resisting an increased whiskey tax, which at once injured the Irish industry and estranged some of their most ardent and even unselfish supporters.

There was only one consideration which could have justified the Irish party, under these circumstances, in supporting the whiskey tax. With great courage Mr. Redmond announced his policy in clear and almost defiant language in a speech he made at the Gresham Hotel, in Dublin, last February. On the one hand, he warned the government that if they showed any signs of hesitation or even undue delay in making the fight against the lords, he would resist them and defeat them.

This, boiled down to the concrete, meant that if the government insisted on placing their budget before the veto, then their budget would be defeated. But Mr. Redmond was equally frank and courageous in the statement of his policy to the liquor trade in Ireland. If, he said, the government showed that they were in earnest in their fight against the Lords—if, in other words, they went on with a campaign the effect of which ultimately must be the passage of a home rule bill, with or without the assent of the House of Lords, then he was ready to accept the budget, whiskey tax and all.

For months negotiations went on between Redmond and the government on this policy. The present cabinet, like most cabinets, is heterogeneous in its composition. Most of its members are convinced and honest friends of home rule and of Ireland. There is probably not one of them that is not in his mind convinced of the necessity and the inevitableness of home rule. But difference of temperament and of tendencies exists constantly even between politicians who hold the same views, and there are in the cabinet some men who are ardent and some men who are lukewarm on the Irish cause. The ardent were in favor of the acceptance of Mr. Redmond's terms; the lukewarm were hostile. For weeks this internal struggle went on, Mr. Lloyd George leading the Irish side and Mr. Asquith friendly, but holding the balance until the time came for the cabinet to come to its final decision. For weeks there was a section of the cabinet in favor of bringing on the budget immediately, which meant, of course, almost inviting a rupture with the Irish. For weeks this section was confronted by the opposition of Lloyd George, backed by Winston Churchill.

At last the victory came to Lloyd George. The budget was postponed; the veto resolutions were brought forward, and, finally, the decisive victory of Redmond's policy was signalled by the historic declaration of Asquith that he would ask the King for guarantees.

DIFFICULT TO REMOVE TAX.

But in all these negotiations whiskey never could be forgotten. Some members of the cabinet, seeing that the new whiskey tax exasperated Irish opinion and at the same time brought in no revenue, consumption falling to such a point that the big tax brought in less return than the smaller one, were not unwilling to remove the tax. But here several difficulties arose. In the first place, there is in the Cabinet, and still more in the Liberal party, a powerful temperance section, and that section is ready to tax whiskey regardless of all consequences.

That section began to make itself felt at the critical moment in the struggle. On the day, if not the night, before the Cabinet made its final decision there was a deputation of the temperance men to that blue-eyed cherub, that at once genial and shrewd Scotsman named the Master of Elibank, who, as Chief Whip of the Liberal party, is now one of the biggest factors in controlling the present parliamentary situation, and this deputation threatened him and the Cabinet with open revolt if the whiskey tax were dropped.

There was another and even more serious complication. The budget was the budget which the House of Lords rejected last year. If, then, the verdict of the Lords was going to be reversed, it was the same budget—exactly, literally, word for word, the same budget—which had again to be presented to the Lords and be thrust down their throats. But if such an immense modification of the Budget were made as the omission of the whiskey tax, nobody could honestly contend that it was the same budget. And. finally, there was a third complication. The commanding position which the general election gave to Redmond and the Irish vote had its advantages, but from the English point of view it had the disadvantage that it meant that England was governed by the Irish vote. This weakness of the position had been worked for all it was worth by the Tories; and it is only natural that Englishmen should be a little sensitive on the point. Englishmen do not want to be governed by Irishmen any more than Irishmen like to be governed by Englishmen.

Of course one only hears vague whispers of what takes place inside a cabinet council, but putting one thing with another, I think I can reconstitute, to use the French phrase, the scene which was enacted on that fateful and historic day when the cabinet, after months of hesitation, took their courage in both hands and resolved on the resounding declaration of Asquith that they would demand guarantees from the King. The Irish whiskey tax was the price that had to be paid for his declaration. It was paid; and Redmond assented to the payment in full accord with the policy he had announced in his Gresham Hotel speech.

It was to be hoped that in this year's budget, however, especially as the return from the additional tax had proved so disappointing, the tax might be removed. But again the temperance section of the cabinet and of the Liberal party stood in the way. And this section found enormous additional strength from the startling results that are alleged to have followed from the additional tax. The arrests for drunkenness, especially in Scotland, had gone down enormously; in Ireland they had gone down, though not so enormously. The section that was most energetic in its demand for the continuance of the tax was the Liberal members for Scotland—where there is the biggest whiskey industry in the world—where for the big whiskey tax it was difficult for any other section to object.

DECISION WAS AGAIN AVERTED.

But again the situation largely turned on the old question—was the budget to be proposed independently of the position of the veto fight with the lords; or was it to be made dependent upon, especially in point of time, the position of the veto question? You know how the veto fight had been postponed and, for the moment, even suspended by the death of the King in the first place, and in the second by the conference which the King's death made inevitable. That modification of the position was further aggravated by the fact that the proceedings of the conference have had to be conducted in secrecy, and that there was no means whatever of knowing how it was going to end; still less when it was going to end.

It might end in a compromise, which the Irish would consider disastrous to the cause of home rule—or, that contingency not being probable, it might be dragged on for months. And thus Ireland might be asked to give the whiskey tax as the necessary price for a strenuous fight for the veto, but before that fight had recovered from the condition of anaesthesia to which the conference has reduced it.

Putting this concretely, would the budget be pushed through by the Government immediately; or would certain stages of it—and especially the stage in which the whiskey tax would arise—be postponed till we knew where we were at about the conference and the veto fight? Putting that point again in even more concrete form, would the committee stage—that is to say, the whiskey stage—of the budget be postponed till a winter session, when, according to all probabilities, we should know where we stood on the veto fight? Mr. Redmond insisted on this policy, and if it had not been adopted he would have destroyed the budget and the Government—a calamitous decision to have to take, but one forced on him by the situation and public opinion in Ireland. Once again after a struggle—though a slight one—Redmond's policy prevailed, the budget will not be pushed forward till the veto issue is once more before the country; there will be a winter session, and in this session Redmond will still have his hands free either to support or to destroy the Government. In other words, he will be able to make the veto fight real, living and prompt.

That this is the only sane policy for Redmond to have adopted no man who is honest and intelligent in Ireland doubts. But it is a policy, of course, that has some—though not great-risks. It is always easy to organize a revolt against high taxes, and especially in the liquor trade. And Redmond has on his flanks the campaign of O'Brien, helped by Healy. But these men have little power left. Healy, indeed, has none, and O'Brien is being gradually broken down even in Cork County, where alone he has had any strength. Cork County is sending money to the national exchequer in large sums for the first time for years; Cork City is in open revolt against O'Brien, and O'Brien's most recent speeches, full of abuse, and his acceptance of money for his newspaper from notorious anti-popular figures like Lord Dunraven—are driving men every hour from his ranks.

For all these reasons I believe the hour is more favorable for Ireland than for a long time. My belief is that when Parliament reassembles in November we shall be in the veto fight again, though compromise between the two parties is still talked of, and that when that fight is over after the general election of next year Ireland will be in sight of the promised land.

T. P. O'CONNOR.

CADIEUX STREET.

A Protest Against the Suggested Change of Name.

A suggestion having been made to the Board of Control that the name of Cadieux street should be changed to Rockand avenue, some of the descendants of the owner of the land who ceded the street to the city have protested. They say that about the year 1825 Cadieux de Courville ceded land to open a number of streets, but that it was understood he was to have the privilege of naming them and the city would not change the names. Yet the names of several of these streets have been altered; for instance St. Jean Baptiste street has been called Duluth avenue, and Courville street has been renamed Prince Arthur street. It is possible that legal proceedings will follow if the name of Cadieux street is taken away.

'HARPIES.'

The cartoon under the above title which appeared on page 8 of our issue of Friday was from the pen of Mr. Arthur Hasley, 2062 Hutchison street.

THE 'DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at No. 140 St. Peter street, in the City of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall and Frederick Eugene Dougall, both of Montreal.

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MASTERPIECES of the WORLD'S ART

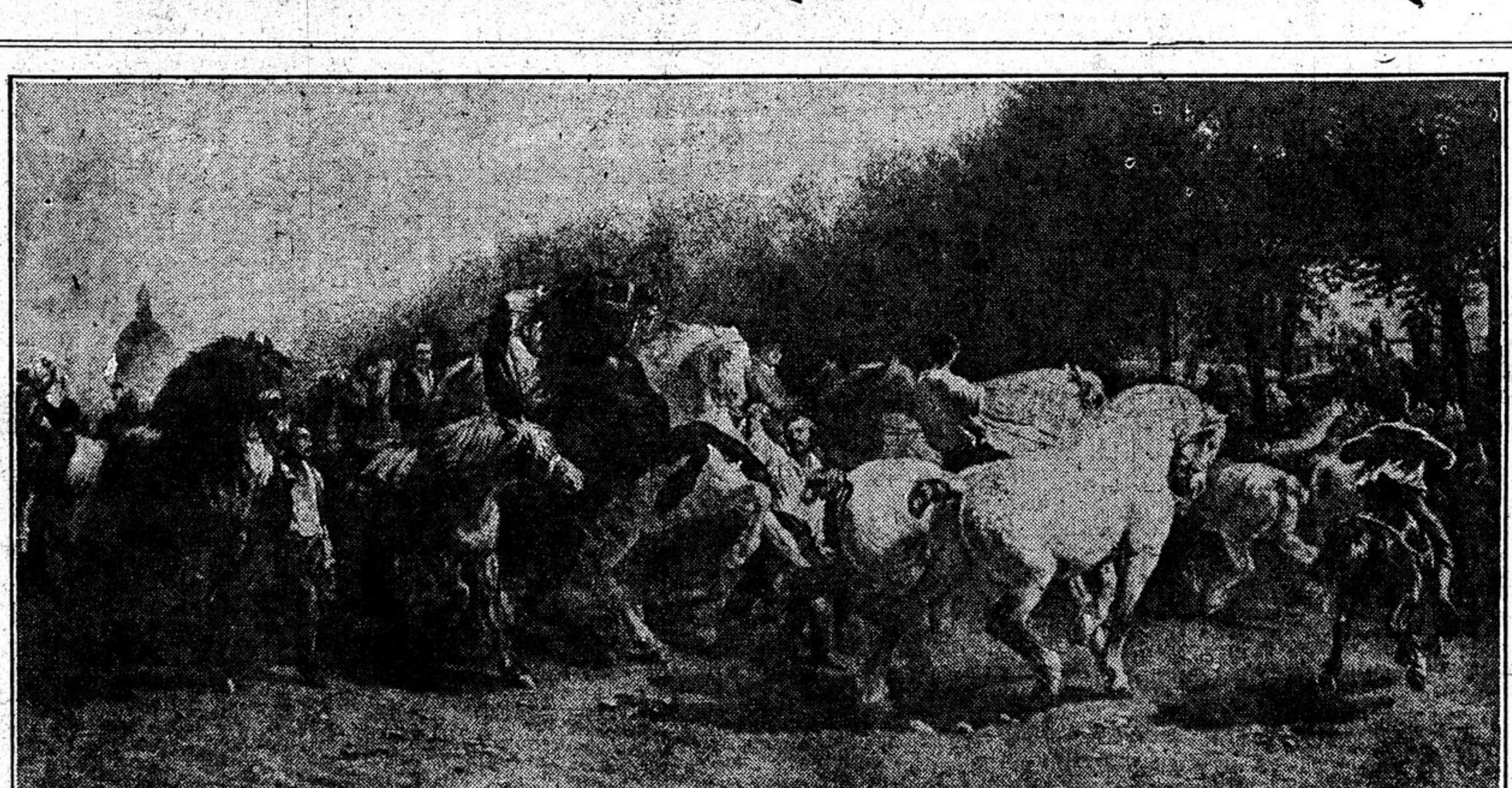
Coupon For "The Horse Fair"

appears in the "Witness" to-day. Coupons, which are numbered, must be consecutive. If you are not a regular subscriber leave your order with your newsdealer. Six Coupons, with ten cents merely to cover cost of handling. If picture is to be sent by post add five cents for mailing.

THE NEXT PICTURE

ROSA BONHEUR'S GREAT PAINTING

"THE HORSE FAIR"



GREAT SUCCESS OF THE WITNESS DISTRIBUTION

The demand for the famous picture "The Doctor" was so enormous that the supply was exhausted on the second day. Distribution was resumed on Wednesday and the second edition was gone before the offices closed at night. A third edition is now on the way.

"The Horse Fair"

Animal painters have come and gone, and may continue to come and go, but in the popular mind Rosa Bonheur's work will never be surpassed and "The Horse Fair" will never lose place as first among her productions. The original picture is in the Metropolitan Museum, New York, but so marvellous is its appeal to popular taste that New York was not allowed to possess this great prize alone. Replicas of the subject were executed by the great painter, and one of them now hangs in the National Gallery at London, while the other was purchased and hung in the Louvre, Paris.

When "The Horse Fair" was first exhibited, in 1853, it was matter for general astonishment that a woman should possess the power to accomplish a work so powerful and important. It was to obtain material for this picture that Madame Bonheur adopted masculine dress, which she never discarded.

Madame Bonheur was born at Bordeaux in 1822, and died in 1899. She began exhibiting at Bordeaux in 1841, and rose steadily. The Crown Prince of Prussia ordered that her home and studio be respected during the Franco-Prussian war. She founded and directed the School of Design for Young Girls at Paris.