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Pages.

DAILY WITNESS

Last Edition.

VOL. XXXVII., No. 90. MONTREAL, THURSDAY, APRIL 16. 1896. PRICE ONE CENT.

DISSOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT.

It is Likely to Occur Toward the End of Next Week.

THE GOVERNMENT GETTING READY FOR THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

Ottawa, April 16.—The Cabinet have been considering the date to fix for the general election. While the first week in June would suit Ontario all right, it is said that seeding is not then over in the Maritime Provinces. If the convenience of the electors is a consideration, then polling may be fixed for the third week in June. It is desirable for many reasons that the elections should be held as soon as possible and the campaign made as short as possible. Last time the campaign lasted about four weeks. At this juncture the country is fully prepared, while then it was not.

Dr. Bourinot is of opinion that business cannot be transacted longer than next Tuesday this session. There are several reasons why Parliament cannot be allowed to die by effluxion of time. A doubt has been officially expressed as to whether the life of Parliament does not extend till June 3. If it was not dissolved before April 25 there would be a question in the minds of some, whether Parliament was living or dead. If dead, it could not be dissolved. If living, writs for a new Parliament could not be issued until it had been dissolved. The only way, therefore, to resolve the doubt is to dissolve before April 25.

Toronto, April 16.—The 'World's' Ottawa special says:—'Prorogation has been definitely fixed for Thursday of next week, and Parliament will dissolve on the following day. As soon as dissolution takes place, Sir Charles Tupper will be announced to speak at Montreal, Toronto, London, Hamilton and Winnipeg.

FEELING IN WINNIPEG.

CANADA TO BE MADE THE SCENE OF A POLITICO-RELIGIOUS WAR AT THE POLLS.

Winnipeg, Man., April 16.—An editorial in the 'Free Press' this morning has created considerable comment. Following is an extract from the article: 'It is now pretty well understood that parliament is at present engaged in the prologue of the grand drama to follow dissolution, and the members are playing to the galleries with special reference to the Quebec section of it. This is not very edifying to Manitobans, whose educational system is the object of dispute. The suspicion that those of another province have been practically dictating the policy of parliament in regard to our schools is not calculated to make us amenable to either advice or mandate. Sir Charles Tupper rose yesterday an appeal from Archbishop Langevin to parliament to pass the remedial bill because it is satisfactory to the minority. Did Sir Charles expect that this appeal would effect what a week's continuous session had failed to do? It is not likely that he had the slightest expectation of such a result, but it fitted in as part of the play. But it is a pity that some friend of Archbishop Langevin did not hold him back on this and on former occasions. Does he suppose that his assertion that a certain course is satisfactory to him as a settlement is the last word to be said on the subject? If such expressions had been suppressed and the standard of what is right and just had been kept to the fore as a basis the question would have been settled before now. As it is, it threatens to rend Canada with a politico-religious war at the polls.'

SIR MACKENZIE BOWELL.

Kingston, Ont., April 16.—The 'Whig' prints this item and which has the highest authority for its statement: 'Sir Mackenzie Bowell, if he decides to retire the House of Commons, will offer for Kingston.' It is generally surmised that Sir Mackenzie will not be a candidate, but that Mr. J. H. Metcalfe, M.P., will be forced to face the electors again, the government not being willing to give up the wardenship of the penitentiary until after another trial.

The paper also contains a letter, signed 'Frontenac,' which says: 'Let us, for once, put our party predilections and unite in tendering Hiram A. Calvin a nomination as an independent candidate for the representation of Frontenac in the House of Commons. Mr. Calvin has proved himself honest, able, and, above all, independent of the party whip. Show your appreciation by returning him, untrammelled by the largest majority ever recorded in our county.'

A RUMOR.

The 'Patrie' says: 'We had it from an authoritative source that Mr. Chapleau and Mr. L. Pelletier will go into the federal arena and that Mr. Ouimet will shortly be appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

ANOTHER SHOVE.

THE WATER RISES TWELVE INCHES HIGHER.

Soon after eight o'clock this forenoon the ice began to shove again, and continued in an unsettled state until about nine o'clock. The water as usual receded a little, but soon after commenced to rise again, until it reached the highest level since the great flood of ten years ago, and on the same day of the month, April 16. There was great commotion along the river front this morning during the time the ice was on the move, but when the water began to rise higher than it was before, the attention of the occupants of the stores along Commissioners and St. Paul streets was turned to their lower flats, and preparations were made to move goods still higher if necessary. There is water in some of the basements already, but if the water rises high enough to come over the revetement wall there will be trouble. It is now almost on a level with the wall opposite the Bonsecours Market, and within five inches of the top of it at the Harbor Commissioners' offices. A plank walk has been laid down on the ice which connects the fleet belonging to the Harbor Commissioners with the wharf, and men are passing to and from the different vessels.

Several men with long pieces of scantling in their hands, crossed over to St. Helen's Island to-day about ten o'clock with mail matter, etc. They visited the little steamer 'Laurier' on their way out, and found that she is safe yet. The men that were at work on her yesterday with a view to getting her into open water, abandoned her after putting some strong timbers inside to act as braces against the shoving ice. The shove of this morning brought her about twenty-five feet nearer the shore on the city side. The ice jam remains intact all the way down from the head of St. Helen's Island as far as the eye can reach, and until this gives way the danger of a flood is imminent, in fact the water is now only within five inches of flood level, and it is nearly on a level with the guard pier embankment.

Another shove occurred at St. Lambert about four p.m. yesterday, which removed the fence rails along the bank of the river, and the ice is now piled up on the roadway from ten to twenty-five feet high in some places. The shove of the day before took the end out of a stable belonging to Mr. Irving and broke the railing of the gallery belonging to what used to be the hotel building. This building is protected by large trees in the rear, and it is evident they prevented the shoving ice from wrecking the building this year, a fate which befell it on several previous occasions. The water is over the road in several places and varies in depth from a few inches to a few feet.

A telephone message from the Jones Convalescent Home at Verdun, reports that the water is now eighteen inches deep in the kitchen of that building. This, no doubt, is due to the backing up of the water in the drains. The dyke recently completed, has saved the principal buildings of Verdun, including the asylum, from being flooded now. Mill street is very much flooded in some places and some of the manufacturing places there have had to shut down.

A telegram from Sorel announces that the ice from the Richelieu river is passing out and making a channel. This is a hopeful sign which may lead to a breakup at the Boucherville Island, where the big jam that endangers the city usually takes place.

CHATEAUGUAY BASIN.

THE ICE SHOVE—PERILOUS POSITION OF A WORKMAN.

Chateauguay Basin has been the scene of unusual activity this winter, work going on steadily for the new railway. The New York Central and Adirondack Railway makes a line from Valleyfield to Caughnawaga and a bridge had to be built over the Chateauguay river at the basin. Three piers and two abutments were ready for the iron work which was half completed when the ice shove on Monday gave a new feature to the case. All day the masses of ice lay in the river, subject to movement at any time where the water forced its way. Roads and fields were at flood tide. Just before six o'clock the immense mass moved and one of the workmen on the pier nearest the shore was too late to retreat before the broken ice cut off his escape. He stood on the pier and those on shore could not reach him, when suddenly the ice piled up at that particular pier, crashed to the top and took the coping stone off. At the same time on shore the engine house containing the hoisting engine was smashed by a mountain of ice. The workman was reached by a boat half an hour afterward, and he was thankful to escape with the loss of his tools. It was an object lesson for the engines and a warning that the bridge needs to be high enough to be out of the reach of the ice. Had there been a sudden thaw when the ice was firmer the damage would have been still greater.



PASSING THE BILL!

IN OTHER PLACES.

Vercheres, Que., April 16.—No change in the state of the ice. The water has risen a foot and is still rising.

Three Rivers, Que., April 16.—The river rose a foot during the night; many cellars flooded. No change in the ice.

Batiscan, Que., April 16.—Ice still solid, and crossing safe.

Pointe Claire, April 16.—The ice on the lake still holds firm; water rising slowly.

Beauharnois, Que., April 16.—The water is still rising, and the ice is moving down slowly; several clear places on the lake.

Sorel, Que., April 16.—The water stands this morning 32 feet 11 inches. A channel has been made in the St. Lawrence river by the Richelieu ice as far down as St. Anne's Church.

St. Andrews, Argenteuil County, Que., April 16.—The ice has left the North River, and the river is now clear to the Ottawa river.

Como, Que., April 16.—Ice is beginning to break up on the Ottawa river in this vicinity, and will be clear for ferriage in a day or two.

Carillon, Que., April 16.—The ice holds firm yet, and people still cross on foot. The water continues to rise.

Lachine, Que., April 16.—There is no ice passing this morning. The water has risen three inches since yesterday.

Deschambault, Que., April 16.—The ice bridge is still solid, and used for crossing.

Yamaska, Que., April 16.—The ice cleared off at 4.30 yesterday afternoon, causing some damage to farms a few miles below the village, where buildings were flooded. The ice carried away a lot of lumber and cedar posts owned by Mr. V. Gladu, M.P.P. The damage amounts to $400 or $500 on the shop owned by Mr. P. Letendre, now in course of construction; one owned by a Mr. Girard, and another belonging to Mr. Moise Robidoux were grounded. No apparent damage to them except that of launching them. The Bell and St. Lawrence Telephone Companies have also lost some poles, which were broken by the ice. We expect to be able to cross the river with scows in a couple of days.

THE FIRST STEAMSHIP SIGHTED.

THE 'FREMONA' PASSED CAPE RAY THIS MORNING.

Quebec, Que., April 16.—The steamship 'Fremona' from Palermo for Montreal, passed Cape Ray, Nfld., at eight o'clock this morning.

THE BEHRING SEA AWARD.

A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE THE CLAIMS OF THE CANADIAN SEALERS.

Washington, April 15. — Practically without opposition and without taking a yea and nay vote, the Senate, this afternoon in executive session, ratified the treaty with Great Britain providing for the appointment of a commission for the assessment of the damage growing out of the seizure of vessels engaged in sealing in the Behring Sea. There were one or two verbal, but unimportant amendments.

A HOSPITAL STAFF RESIGNS.

Vancouver, B.C., April 16.—The City Hospital is at present without any attendant physicians, the medical board, comprising eleven leading city surgeons and doctors, having resigned in consequence of the Board of Health appointing a house surgeon without consulting with the staff.

AS WAS EXPECTED.

THE MURDERER OF MR. STOKES ACQUITTED.

Brussels, April 15.—The 'Independance Belge' reports under reserve that Captain Lothaire of the Congo State army, has been tried at Boma, in the Congo Free State, on a charge of murder, in having ordered the execution of the English trader Stokes early in 1895. The trial resulted in Captain Lothaire's acquittal of the charge.

THE ABYSSINIAN CAMPAIGN.

SIGNOR CRISPI'S WAR PROGRAMME ADOPTED BY THE ITALIAN PRIME MINISTER.

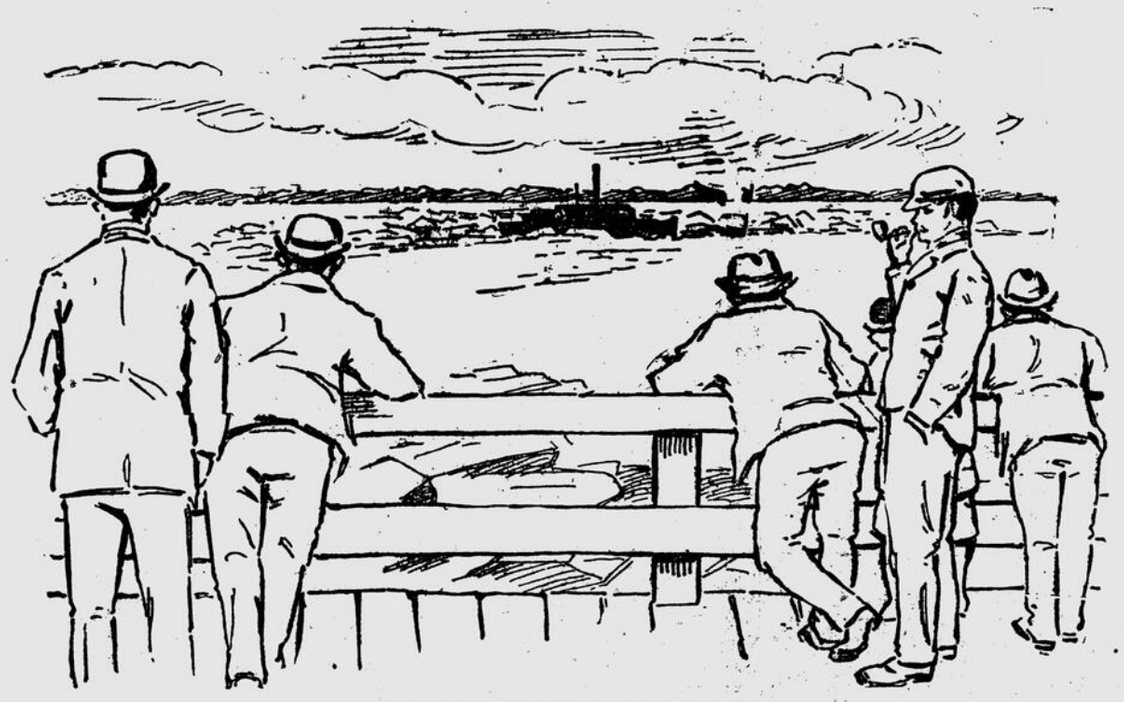
GEN. BALDISSERA PREPARING FOR AN ATTACK ON THE FORCES BESIEGING ADIGRAT.

New York, April 16.—The 'Herald's' Rome special says: The 'Frankfurter Zeitung' confirms the report that the Emperor of Germany, who had been rendered very anxious by Signor Maccolo's revelations regarding the state of the Italian army, inspected the guard of honor at the Venice Railway station with most astonishing minuteness. The incident has provoked a great deal of comment. The discussion as to the responsibility for the disaster at Adowa has caused great tension between General Ricotti, Minister of War and General Primerio, chief of the general staff.

The 'Ezercito Italiano' blames greatly the invention of stories regarding the heroism of the Italian army in Abyssinia, and says that the confession of the truth would be preferable.

An attack by General Baldissera on the Abyssinian forces besieging Adigrat is imminent.

Signor Di Rudini, the Prime Minister, has now adopted the war programme of Signor Crispi with slight modifications.



THE STR. 'LAURIER' IN THE ICE.

RECIPROCITY.

What it Means for Canada.

AN INTERESTING TRADE QUESTION DISCUSSED BY A CANADIAN JOURNALIST.

Washington, April 16.—Mr. Edward Farrer of Toronto, one of the leading journalists of Canada, has addressed a long and carefully prepared communication to the House Committee on Ways and Means on the subject of reciprocity. Mr. Farrar, after an exhaustive historical review of the past history of the subject, says: 'The Conservative party adopted protection, so it is said, because it was unable to obtain closer trade relations with the United States and in order to force the United States to concede them. The protectionists' interests are now so strong politically that to-day the party places protection first and reciprocity last. During the last few years Canadian imports from the United States have grown, while those from Great Britain have fallen off. The imports from the United States for the fifteen years, 1881-1895, were $725,000,000; the imports from Britain during the same period, $638,000,000. American iron and steel is displacing British in the Canadian market, and there is a growing call for American machinery and other manufactures, which are, in many cases, better adapted than British to Canadian requirements. With a liberal reciprocity treaty favoring American manufactures there can be no doubt that the imports from the United States would rapidly increase, to the benefit alike of the Canadian farmer and the American artisan. The protective tariff in Canada has not fulfilled expectations. The home market is small numerically, and scattered over a vast area. Hence the cost of selling and shipping goods is exorbitant, and the cost of manufacturing them high, because manufacturers are unable to specialize their labor and machinery for the production of special lines. It happens, also, that coal is found only at the extremities of the Dominion, in Nova Scotia and British Columbia, four thousand miles apart. The percentage of increase in the population of the Dominion between 1881 and 1891, with protection in force, was only 11.76, or less than the percentage in an old and overcrowded community like England and Wales, and not half as great as the percentage in the United States. It cannot be doubted that the slow progress of Canada is due in great part to her economic disabilities. The Liberal party thinks that these and other questions affecting the welfare of the two countries might be placed upon a satisfactory basis by means of a general scheme for closer commercial intercourse. They do not discuss the question of political union in their platforms or in their speeches before the public, and have nothing to say on that subject. But they do think that both the United States and Canada would be benefited by the adoption of more intimate trade relations, and should they obtain power a few months hence will no doubt take an early opportunity of placing the case before the government at Washington.

INSURANCE RATES.

Chicago, April 16.—The Marine Underwriters yesterday adopted a new system of insurance classification on grain for the season of lake navigation. All grain carrying vessels are divided into three classes. In the first class a flat rate of thirty cents per 100 is made to Buffalo, twenty-five cents to Port Huron and forty cents to Lake Ontario and Ogdensburg. On the second class a flat rate of forty-five cents is made to Lake Erie and higher rates to more distant ports proportionately. To Montreal it is ten cents higher on all classes. By the new scale vessels of third class A2, steam, sail and tow, will be compelled to make up to shippers all insurance paid on their cargoes in excess of the standard rate. This is expected to drive out of the grain trade all A2 boats after October 1. A new departure is the higher rate on tow barges than on steamers towing on them. The tow rate is five cents higher on A1 boats than last season.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., April 16, 11 a.m. — The following are the minimum temperatures:—Calgary, 16; Winnipeg, 24; Port Arthur, 38; Parry Sound, 52; Toronto, 46; Ottawa, 40; Montreal, 42; Quebec, 40; Halifax, 44. Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Fine and warm.

Montreal, April 16.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.94; yesterday, 29.99. To-day, temperature, max. 58, min. 44; yesterday, max. 63, min. 38.

BIRTHS. MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

FINDLAY—On March 31, at No. 9 Buckingham avenue, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Findlay. 15

MANSON—At Como, on April 9, 1896, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Manson. 15

McKEE—At Compton, on Easter Sunday morning, 1896, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Dr. McKee. 15

WESTGATE.—On April 15, at 531 St. Chas. Borromee street, Montreal, the wife of Charles R. Westgate, of a son. 16

MARRIED.

KNOX—KENNEDY.—At Thamesford, Ont., on the 14th inst., by the Rev. George H. Smith, M.A., B.D., John Knox, to Nancy Kennedy. 16

MAY—GAULT—On the 15th instant, at the residence of the bride's mother, 906 Sherbrooke street, by the Rev. Dean Carmichael, Gustave Charles May, son of the late Thomas May, Esq., to Aimée Charlotte, second daughter of the late Robert L. Gault, Esq. 15

RANSOM—LINLEY—On April 14, 1896, at St. Matthias Church, Westmount, by the Rev. E. Bushell, Howard H. Ransom, eldest son of Howard Ransom, to Isabella, only daughter of the late Charles Linley, of Sheffield, England. 15

WESBROOK—TAYLOR—At Chessels, Croft, Winnipeg, on April 8, 1896, by the Rev. John M. King, D.D., Principal of Manitoba College, assisted by the Rev. Chas. W. Gordon, B.A., St. Stephen's Church, Frank Fairchild Wesbrook, M.A., M.D., Professor of Pathology and Bacteriology in the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, to Anne, second daughter of the Hon. Thomas Wardlaw Taylor, Chief Justice of Manitoba. 16

DIED.

AYLES—On April 14, 1896, at his residence, 30 Congregation street, William Henry, eldest son of Geo. Ayles, sr., aged 28 years, and 4 months.
Funeral from above address on Thursday April 16, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.
Toronto papers please copy. 15

BAXTER—At Allan's Corners, at her father's residence, Margaret Melinda Nussey, beloved wife of the late Alexander W. Baxter, and youngest daughter of George Nussey, aged 23 years, 11 months and 24 days.

CUPPLES.—At Boston, Mass., April 3, 1896, Joseph Ebenezer Cupples, formerly of Toronto, son of the late Rev. George Cupples, Stirling, Scotland, aged 70 years. 16

DAY.—In this city, on the 15th inst., Ellen Hayes, widow of Patrick Day, and mother of J. Day, City Hall.
Funeral will take place from her late residence, 4 Latour street, cor. Victoria square, on Saturday, the 18th inst., at 2.30 p.m., to the R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 16

DEWAR—At Grenville, Que., on Monday, April 13, 1896, Jemima Harvison, aged 27 years, beloved wife of Adam Dewar. 15

EBBITT—On the 14th instant, after a prolonged illness, Isaac Ebbitt, son of the late Robert Ebbitt, and late of the Windsor Hotel.
Funeral from his late residence, 254 Wood avenue, Westmount, at two o'clock on Thursday afternoon, to the Church of St. James the Apostle, thence to the Mount Royal Cemetery. 15

GRAHAM.—At his late residence, 23 Macpherson avenue, Toronto, on April 13, 1896, Rev. James Graham, aged 69 years. 16

HODGSON—Suddenly, at St. Lambert, on Tuesday, April 14, of hemorrhage of the brain, William Hodgson, accountant, of Montreal, aged 78 years.
Funeral at 2.30 p.m., on Friday, April 17, from G.T.R. Station, to St. James Street Methodist Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. A short service will be held at his late residence at 1 p.m.
Toronto papers please copy.

THOMSON—At Hemmingford, on Saturday, April 11, 1896, Janet Smith, widow of the late Andrew Thomson, aged 81 years, a native of Moncalve, Dumfrieshire, Scotland. 15

WEIR.—On the 16th inst., at her residence, 376 Mountain street, Elizabeth Somerville, beloved wife of William Weir, aged 67.
Funeral from her late residence on Saturday, 18th inst., at 3 o'clock, to Church of St. James the Apostle. 16

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the 'Witness' containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada Montreal excepted.

Notices received too late for this column are usually placed on the 8th page.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

During the past winter the Heintzman Upright Piano has again demonstrated its superiority of workmanship and material by resisting in peerless style the extreme atmospheric changes to which pianos are subject in our Canadian houses. See our assortment of Heintzman Pianos. Special prices during removal sale. C. W. Lindsay, 2268, 2270 and 2272 St. Catherine street.

Personal—Harrison & Co., opticians, will remove to the 'Witness' building, 140 St. Peter street, on May 1.

GENERAL BAZAAR.

Dress Goods, reduced to 20c.
Double Width Striped Goods, 60c, worth $1.25.
Double Width Fancy Goods, 65c, worth $1.25.
Lot Cretonnes, 8c, worth 10c.
White Quilts, 75c, $1.00, $1.25.
All Linen Towels, reduced to 6¼c.
Halifax Tweeds, 25c and 35c.
Black Serge Suitings, $1.00 and $1.25.
Sheeting, 2 yards wide, now 12½c.
Remnants Butcher Linen.
Remnants Towellings.
Remnants Table Linen.
Remnants Dress Linings.
Irish Linen, reduced, 10c.

GEORGE H. ROWELL,
1597 Notre Dame Street,
Between St. Lamberts Hill and Court House. 15

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., Montreal

FRIDAY'S BARGAINS

MORE NUMEROUS

And Greater Than Ever.

Hundreds upon hundreds of Bargains in all Deparments throughout the Store will be offered to-morrow (Friday) at most unheard-of prices.

CALL EARLY

And secure the choice of the Store.

READ THE FOLLOWING PRICE LIST.

Special Bargains

— IN —

LADIES' and MISSES' JACKETS FOR FRIDAY.

READ! READ! READ!

375 Ladies' and Misses' out of date Jackets in Colored, Navy and Black Cloth. Original price, $8.75 to $12.50; your choice Friday at $1.25 each.

200 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets in Black and Colors. Original price, from $10.25 to $15.00; Friday's price, $1.75.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

Ladies' Stylish SKIRTS and COSTUMES AT FRIDAY'S PRICES.

125 Ladies' New Dress Skirts in Navy, Black and Colored Serges, worth $4.00, to be cleared Friday at $2.25.

150 Ladies' New Black Mohair Dress Skirts, gored, 4¾ yards wide, lined throughout, worth $6.00; Friday's price brings them down to $3.50 each.

25 Ladies' Tweed and Serge Costumes, Skirt and Blazer; original price from $10.25 to $14.50; Friday's Clearing Price, $3.50 each.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

Dress Goods Bargains.

30 Pieces Extra Quality Black Wool Serges, suitable for Ladies' or Children's Costumes, double width. Regular price, 35c; Friday's price, 37c yard.

950 yards Fancy Tweed Effect Dress Goods, double width, good colorings; worth 40c; Friday, 28c yard.

2,255 yards Stylish Dress Goods in Fancy Effects and a variety of colorings; double width; worth 65c; Friday's price, 37c yard.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

BARGAIN IN LINENS.

MANUFACTURERS' STOCK.

Of Sample Ends from 1½ to 3¾ yards in length, of Bleached Barnsley Table Damask, in all newest patterns, to be cleared to-morrow, Friday, at one-third of usual prices.

37 dozen Striped Linen Runners in Pink, Blue, Red and Salmon; worth 40c; for Friday, 25c each.

59 dozen Fancy Drawn Thread Linen Runners in Pink, Blue, Red and Salmon; worth 60c; Friday's price, 35c each.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

CURTAIN POLES.

500 best polished 5-foot Poles, complete, with rings, ends and brackets; regular price, 25c; Friday, 14c set.

Opaque Window Shades, mounted on spring rollers, complete; regular, 40c; Friday, 29c each.

A CURTAIN BARGAIN.

150 Pairs very handsome Chenille Curtains in a large range of choice colors, with handsome dadoes and heavily fringed ends; worth $3.25; Friday's price, $2.69 pair.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

PRINT BARGAIN.

About 10,000 yards Fine Cambric Blouse Cloth in choice Pink and Blue shades, and in about 50 different patterns, 32 inches wide. Regular price, 13c to 15c; Friday's price, 7½c yard.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

LADIES' STRAW HATS.

SEVERAL DOZEN

STRAW SAILOR HATS.

In Black, White and Navy, to be cleared on Friday at 4½c each. Another line of Ladies' Extra Quality White Straw Sailor Hats to be offered on Friday at 10c each.

Men's Negligee Shirts.

113 dozen Men's Fancy Striped and Checked Negligee Outing Shirts, in Cream, White and Colored grounds, gusseted and yoked back, perfect fitting, all fast colors. Worth 80c; to-morrow's price 50c each.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

FULL LIST OF SPECIALTIES

For the day can be obtained at the mail order department.

Shop walkers will give every desired information.

The S. Carsley Co.

LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET.

MONTREAL.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

BLOUSES

SPECIAL!

A drive in Shirt Waists—this season's make—regular price $1.50, for 79c.

Percale Blouses with Bishop Sleeves, 59c.

The latest in Cambric Blouses, Sailor Collars and Cuffs, $1.00.

Muslin Blouses, Dresden Patterns, from $1.45.

Silk and Wool Blouses, in 4 Colorings, $2.95.

Black Silk Blouses, $5.75.

Black Crepon Blouses, trimmed with Ribbon, $5.95.

BOYS' READY MADES.

The Latest Velvet Naval Suits, $5.20.
The Latest Fauntleroy Suits, $3.50.
The Latest 2-piece Suits, $3.30.
Boys' Man-o'-War Caps, 40c.

Just arrived, our New Stock of Infants' Hats, Bonnets, etc; prices from 45c.

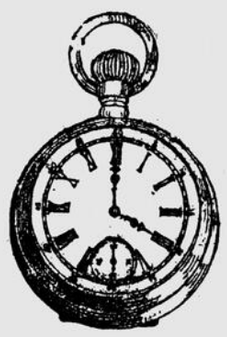
WANTED.

First-class Operator for Sewing Machine. Apply to our Tailor.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET,
Corner Metcalfe st.
TELEPHONE, No. 3833.

Bicycle Watches,

$2.50, with Holder complete.
GENUINE AMERICAN STEM WIND WATCH



WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY Repaired on the premises. Watches Cleaned, Repaired and Warranted for one year, $1.00. Main Spring and Cleaned, $1.50.

Clocks to be repaired will be called for and delivered. Satisfaction guaranteed. Telephone 2494.

D. BEATTY,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,
137 ST. PETER ST., opposite Witness Office

ARMSTRONG,

The Undertaker,
Will REMOVE about the 1st of May to
74 VICTORIA SQUARE,
A few doors north.

TEES & CO., THE *UNDERTAKERS,*
300 St. James St.
Montreal. 26

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS' ADVERTISEMENT.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

Spring Capes Spring Jackets

We leave nothing unconsidered in buying our lines for spring wear.

NO OLD STOCK TO WORRY OVER.

We do not stop at choice of styles.
TO KNOW what to do is good.
TO KNOW how to do it is better.

WE KNOW BOTH.

Ready for you now and all through the season with the

LATEST AND BEST POPULAR PRICED

Ladies' Capes, Ladies' Jackets,
Ladies' Navy Serge Costumes,
Ladies' Covert Coating Costumes,
Children's Reefer Jackets.
Misses' Reefer Jackets,

MISSES' CAPES.

For the most Stylish Spring Garments at the most popular prices, buy your

Capes, Costumes and Jackets

— AT —

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

THE FAMILY LINEN AND DRAPERY HOUSE,
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In a numerous variety of styles and combinations of precious stones,

At prices ranging from $1 to $50.

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Open until 9 Evenings.

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery repaired promptly, efficiently and cheaply. 14

"Cleveland" Cycle Riding Academy.

Beginners taught in Three Lessons.
Fancy and Trick Riding taught, also Mounting and Dismounting from pedal.
R. & W. KERR,
2230 St. Catherine street.
16

WHY PAY $10

a square yard for TILE FLOORING when you can get equal wear out of

Staines Inlaid Tile Linoleum

at less than one-fifth the price. Each color being **solid throughout to the canvas back,** the pattern is retained until the entire substance is worn away.

Specially recommended for hard wear.

25 pieces of these goods in all the latest designs placed in stock to-day. SEE THEM.

THOMAS LIGGET,

GLENORA BUILDINGS,
1884 NOTRE DAME ST., and SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.
16

A TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Mr. J. H. Carson, of the Dominion Alliance, will speak to-night at the temperance meeting in the First Baptist Church, conducted by the Imperial Trio.

THE LATE J. A. HORSFALL.

At a committee meeting of the St. Lambert Boating Club held recently the following resolution was adopted:—

'Resolved that the members of this committee have learned with profound sorrow of the sad and untimely death of our fellow member, Mr. James Albert Horsfall, who for a number of years was an acting and energetic officer of this club, one whom to know was to esteem, whose unfaltering rectitude inspired respect while his genial disposition endeared him to all. Not only will he be missed in the council room but also in aquatics, into which sport he was accustomed to enter with a dash and spirit that conduced to stimulate his associates and contestants. Mr. Horsfall commanded in a marked degree the personal affection of those with whom he was brought in contact, and this club loses in him a friend whose efforts in our behalf were as unwearied as they were effectual. That we desire to extend our deepest sympathy to the members of his family in their bereavement.'

THERE'S A RING OF GENUINENESS

ABOUT OUR CLOSING OUT SALE—Yes, that's true. It's no fake retiring sale to get people here and sell them at advance prices. It's genuine—we're going out of business and don't want to go out with all these goods on our hands.

ABOUT OUR STOCK—One of the finest in Canada. All the stock in best condition, much of it imported for this Spring's trade. The demands on it are large—the gaps are widening—some choice lines left—come quick.

ABOUT OUR PRICES—Old prices were low—kept the same in face of general advance—all marked in plain figures. New prices are irresistible. Bona fide discounts, as follows, means ACTUAL COST.

WILTON and AXMINSTER, worth $2. $2.25, $2.50, for **$2** and **20** p.c. off.

BEST BRUSSELS, not best of a cheap grade, but the best of the best, worth $1.45, **$1.40** and **20** p.c. off.

EXTRA HEAVY BRUSSELS, some merchants call it "best," worth $1.30, **$1.25** and **20** p.c. off.

SUPERIOR BRUSSELS, very good value at $1.10, **$1** and **20** p.c. off.

GOOD BRUSSELS, the lowest we carry, but good, durable Carpets, worth $1, **90c** and **20** p.c. off.

TAPESTRIES, 30c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, any pattern or quality, **20** p.c. off.

JAMES BAYLIS & SON,
1837 Notre Dame street, near McGill.

IT ISN'T REALLY GOOD BUSINESS

For us to sell goods at these prices. We couldn't afford to do it more than once a week. You have all come to look upon FRIDAY as your Special Dry Goods Feast Day, so we have prepared the menu again. No profits to-day—you take both the goods and the profits at these figures.

MOHAIR. Black figured—in different designs—stylish goods, which fit and drape perfectly—to-day, 40c; **To-morrow, 33c.**

SERGE. Have you seen this Estamene Serge?—weather proof. We sold lots of it last Friday. Just two more pieces. A bargain to-day at 50c, a gift **To-morrow at 39c.**

LINENS. The Remnants of that Job Lot—Napkins, Table Cloths and Table Linens. In this case the Remnants are the best of the lot. The cheapest are all gone, but these survivors are cheap, too, at ⅓ off. FINEST quality—only slightly soiled—just enough to justify us in offering them at these prices. For instance—a 2 by 2½ Table Cloth—Pure Linen, border all around, for **$1.75.**

RIBBONS. In endless variety. Those selling at 3½c, 7c and 10c, go **To-morrow for 2½c, 4½c and 7c.**

LACES. Beige and Cream Point Laces — our stock must be cut down **To-morrow.** Your choice at just half price.

GLOVES. Taffeta and Lisle Thread Gloves—odd lines in Tan, Brown and Black. To-day, 25c to 30c. **To-morrow,** any pair for **10.**

HAYCOCK & DUDGEON,
2401-2403 St. Catherine Street.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 16.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE,
Thursday, April 16, 1896.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Cable advices to the Board of Trade this morning are as follows:—London, Thursday, April 16, 1896.—Cargoes off coast, wheat firm; maize quiet. Cargoes on passage, wheat and maize, firm. English country markets, wheat steady. Liverpool spot wheat, quiet; spot maize, firm. Minneapolis first bakers, flour, 18s 6d. Futures, wheat dull; maize quiet. Paris wheat, 18.05 April, 18.40 May; flour, 39.80 April, 39.90 May. French country markets, quiet and steady.

In Milwaukee wheat opened at 64⅝c cash and 65⅝c May.

In Duluth wheat opened at 63¾c May and 65½c July.

In Detroit wheat opened at 73c April and 73¼c May.

In Toledo wheat opened at 73c April and 73¼c May.

In St. Louis wheat opened at 59¼c May and 60⅝c July.

In New York wheat opened at 72¾c to 73c May and 71¾c July: corn opened at 36¾c May and 37⅝c July.

Grain—The situation is unchanged. Oats sell slowly at 29c, and other markets are lifeless. We quote:—

Oats, No. 2, per 34 lbs	28¾c to 29c
Peas, per 60 lbs	58c to 59c
Corn, duty paid	45c to 47c
Buckwheat, per 48 lbs	39c to 40c

Flour—Manitoba millers are treating with customers individually at some concession from nominal prices. Ontario flour is selling from hand to mouth, and prices are only nominal. We quote:—

Spring patents	$4.00 to 4.15
Manitoba strong bakers	3.75 to 3.90
Winter patents	4.15 to 4.25
Straight rollers	3.75 to 4.00

Feed—The market is steady and moderately active in a jobbing way. We quote as follows:—

Bran	$14.00 to $15.00
Shorts	15.00 to 16.00

Provisions—The market is firm, but the volume of business is small. We quote as follows:—

Best Canadian short cut, heavy	$13.50 to $14.00
Hams, city cured, per lb	00.09½ to 00.10½
Lard, pure	00.08½ to 00.09
Bacon	00.08½ to 00.10
Lard, compound	00.06½ to 00.06¾

Meal—The market is firm but slow. We quote:—

Standard, brls	$2.90 to $3.00
Rolled oats, brls	2.80 to 2.90
Granulated, brls	2.90 to 3.00

Cheese — Cable is quoted this morning at 42s 6d, or an advance of 6d. The local market is nominal around 8¾c for finest.

Eggs—New laid are weaker, and we quote eggs at 13c to 13½c.

Butter—Finest creamery is quoted at 22c to 22½c for fresh made, and 23c for small parcels, and Townships dairy at 19c to 21c; there is little doing in other directions.

Ashes—Business is slow and prices steady. We quote first pots at $3.60; second at $3.30; and pearls at $5. The stocks in store to date are: Ashes, 195; pearls, 53.

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR.

	Receipts.	Shipts.
At Chicago—		
Wheat, bush	18,000	306,000
Corn, bush	86,000	676,000
Oats, bush	186,000	709,000
Flour, brls	9,681	9,201
At New York—		
Wheat, bush	.....	161,389
Corn, bush	64,350	17,200
Oats, bush	139,200	159,621
Flour, brls	5,707	10,327
Flour, sacks	6,991	6,033
At Milwaukee—		
Wheat, bush	86,000	1,000
At Duluth—		
Wheat, bush	81,000	6,000
At Detroit—		
Wheat, bush	2,000	.....
At Minneapolis—		
Wheat, bush	160,000	27,000
At St. Louis—		
Wheat, bush	5,000	18,000
At Toledo—		
Wheat, bush	10,000	9,000

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Total.
Wheat, bush	....	1350	1350
Oats, bush	1800	1100	2900
Peas, bush	500	....	500
Flour, brls	300	2600	2900
Ashes, brls	..	4	4
Butter, pkgs	256	459	715
Eggs, cases	111	182	293
Cheese, bxs	6	....	6
Leather, rolls	16	....	16

LIVE STOCK MARKET—APRIL 16.

There were about 400 head of butchers' cattle, 800 calves, 150 sheep and 60 lambs offered for sale at the East End Abattoir today. The butchers were out in full force, but the prices continue rather high to suit their fancy, so they bought sparingly in the hope of more liberal supplies in the near future. The best beeves sold at about 4c per lb., with a few very choice animals at near 4¼c do.; pretty good animals sold at from 3½c to 3¾c, and the common and inferior beasts at from 2¼c to 3c per lb. Really good calves continue scarce, and Mr. Lesperance paid $18 for three good calves that were about a month old. Mr. Joseph Richard paid $48 for ten pretty good calves. Common calves sell at from $1 to $3 each, and a few small 'bobs' went at fifty cents each. Sheep sold at from 3c to 4½c per lb.; lambs sold at from $2.75 to $4.50 each. Fat hogs are in good supply, and sell at rather less than 4¼c per lb., just come off the cars.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Union Stock Yards, Chicago, April 16.—Hogs — To-day's estimated receipts, 29,000; yesterday's receipts according to official returns, 32,923; shipments, 5,862; left over, 7,000; light mixed, $3.50 to $3.95; mixed packing, $3.40 to $3.70; heavy shipping, $3.25 to $3.55; rough grades, $3.25 to $3.35; the receipts of cattle were 8,500; market steady to shade higher; sheep, 9,000; market slow and weak.

LIVERPOOL MARKET PRICES CURRENT

Liverpool, April 16, 1896.—Spring wheat, 5s 7d to 5s 8d; red winter, 5s 7½d to 5s 8½d; No. 1 Cala., 5s 7½d to 5s 8½d; corn, 3s 1½d; peas, 4s 7d; pork, 50s; lard, 25s 9d; tallow, 19s 3d; bacon, heavy, 25s 6d; light, 26s; and cheese, 42s 6d.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, April 16, 12.30 p.m. — Consols—Money, 111; account, 111 1-16.

'BEN HUR.'

'Ben Hur' at the West End Methodist Church to-night should attract a large audience. No more thoroughly interesting lecture than this, illustrated as it is with one hundred beautiful stereopticon views, sketched by an English artist from living subjects, has been given in Montreal for some time back. The tale of the days of the Messiah has lost none of its old-time interest; while the realistic and rapidly changing views seem to make the characters live again.

IN AID OF THE POOR.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE.

At the thirty-fourth annual meeting of the Governors of the Protestnt House of Industry and Refuge, held at the institution on Dorchester street, Mr. Charles Alexander, the president, took the chair; the others present were the Rev. J. Patterson, the Rev. J. F. Renaud, Lieut.-Colonel Burland, Lieut.-Col. Lyman, the Rev. Dr. Barbour, the Rev. E. McManus, James Wilson, jr., James Moore, Walter Livermore, Daniel Wilson and D. McMillan.

Before proceeding with the transaction of any business, Mr. Alexander made the following remarks:—

'We esteem it a cause of gratitude to the Giver of all Good to have been so long spared, and to have seen the wonderful way the Father of All has watched over our efforts in providing for and sustaining a home that has proved by his blessing so useful during the past thirty-two years. Among the many benevolent institutions in our city, our own is one of the most useful, and I may be forgiven for giving a few reminiscences of our early history.

'The institution was incorporated on May 10, 1863. Those who made the application to the government were twenty-four, all of whom have gone to the 'Land of the Leal' with the exception of three, and of those who have been honored to engage in this work continually are two, both of whom now live in this city. The work was begun and carried on for years, the presidents being Messrs. John Redpath, W. Murray and W. Workman, men who took deep and earnest interest in carrying out the duties of the Home while spared to us, and who afterwards left substantial legacies to carry on the work so thoroughly begun in behalf of the friendless poor. The work widened in the city, and what had long been thought of was to utilize the farm kindly bequeathed to the institution by the late Mr. Thomas Molson. After much consideration and renewed subscriptions on the part of our fellow citizens, the present home at Longue Pointe was established, and has proved to be a cheerful and health-giving home since its opening. A wing was added to the first building by the late Mr. W. Workman, which gave more room for the work of the institution, and which was much needed. Excuse me for referring again to the Moore Home for convalescent and incurable sufferers. This, indeed, has been the missing link in the beneficent work of this institution. It was erected by one of our governors, and furnished by two others of our number, whose interest in the Home continues unabated. As to this department of our work, it has proved most useful to us; it is well adapted for its purposes, as all those who have visited the Home gladly testify.

'It is very encouraging to your board of management to find that the sympathies and good will of our fellow citizens still continue through all these years, as is evidenced by their kindly gifts.

'Nor should we forget the interest taken in our Longue Pointe Home, as well as in the Night Refuge in the city, by several organizations, which contribute not a little to the happiness of our inmates by concerts, addresses, readings, etc.

'The ladies of the Industrial Rooms have been most attentive to the wants of our homes, not only giving work to needle-women in large numbers, thus encouraging self help, but also finding time now and again to send a deputation of their number pretty regularly to visit our home, thus not only giving comfort to our inmates, but saying words of encouragement to our matron, Mrs. McMillan, and her two assistants in the work, Misses Wallace and Grant. These ladies often send to aged people suitable articles of underclothing which are so useful and helpful. We can assure them that they have the sincere thanks of the governors of the institution.

'One by one our governors are passing away, and their faces we see no more. By looking at the last year's report it will be seen how few of those who saw the first stone laid are now remaining. Of the 262, only 89 are now spared. The lesson to us is a solemn one. Let us be earnest and faithful in doing this work. Most of us who have been in harness all these years, are getting towards life's close, and living on what might be called "Royal bounty," and we long to see young and whole-souled men take hold and prosecute this benevolent duty.

'Fellow workers, the duties that we try to discharge are worthy of all your self-denying labors put forth in its behalf, being akin to that of his who came to help the suffering and the sorrowful. "Forasmuch as you have done it to one of the least of these you have done it unto me."'

The report of the board of management showed that the average number of inmates for the year was 121; the highest number was 131, and the lowest number was 118, showing an average of 8 less than last year. In the George Moore Memorial Home the average was 30, the highest 37, the lowest 23, while in the home at present there were 36. The number of lodgings given in the night refuge was as follows:—Men, 38,300; women, 904; making a total of quantity of soup and extra meals was 98,944, being 9,838 rations over last year. The [illegible] 93,204, being 4,196 more than last year. The cost of maintenance has been $14,506.10. The sum of $7,538.36 was expended for food, being $2,017.84 more in this item than in 1894-95. There have been 32 deaths, consisting of 19 men and 13 women. Of these 17 died at the country Home, 5 at the Moore Convalescent Home, 3 at City Refuge, and 7 at the Hospital. One-half of those who died were over 75 years of age and seven over 80 years.

With last year's balance the receipts were: $17,659.21, and the expenditures $19,333.91, leaving a deficit of $1,674.70. The report of the outdoor relief also showed a balance due the treasurer. Expenditures amounted to $4,426.59, and receipts do only $4,161.39, leaving a balance due of only $275.20.

The kindling wood industry realized $166.69 for the Refuge this year, and outdoor labor brought in $131, being considerably less than the '94-'95 season.

The report of the Outdoor Relief Committee stated that they had met weekly for the purpose of making distributions from December 19 to March 19 last. Since closing several destitute families, widows and deserving people have been cared for. An appeal was made by the Board to their friends to help them during the summer as several widows are in need of occasional support.

During the year the Board has lost four of its governors, viz., Evan Fisher Ames, Warden King and Miss Grace Murray, active governors, and Robert Anderson, life governor.

When the reading of the reports had finished, it was moved by Mr. Charles Alexander, and seconded by Mr. James Moore [illegible] they be received, adopted and printed.

The following elective governors for the ensuing year were appointed on the motion of the Rev. J. F. Renaud, seconded by Mr. James Moore:—James Coristine, Jonathan Hodgson, John McArthur, William Reid, [illegible] Withall, Samuel Bell, Geo. Hague, [illegible] F. C. Smith, Hon. J. K. Ward, J. J. Gibb, Q.C., Hon. A. W. Morris, Alex. Mitchell, Theodore Lyman, Daniel Wilson, Thos. Davies, Geo. W. Reed, Gilman Cheney, [illegible] C. Jamieson, James Wilson, Robert Archibald, Thomas Elwood, J. M. M. Duff, John Patterson and Walter Livermore.

Several votes of thanks were then passed to the ladies of the Industrial Rooms, the governors' poor relief committee, Board of Outdoor Relief, Drs. J. T. Finnie, F. G. Finlay, F. E. Thompson, H. D. Hamilton, and Andrew Macphail. Special thanks were also given to the farmers and neighbors of the Longue Pointe Home for the kind entertainments they had given the inmates.

WESTERN CONGREGATIONALISTS.

Paris, April 14.—Delegates to the Congregational Church convention are coming in from all points. A rousing meeting was led by the Rev. J. K. Unsworth. The president drafted the committees as follows: Business—The Rev. Dr. Hindle, B. B. Williams, W. Claris and J. Daley. Membership—The Rev. John A. Morton, A. J. McGregor, W. J. Hindley and J. Brockbank.

Mr. McNichol, of Stratford, was appointed minute secretary. Reports from the district secretaries were heard and proved most encouraging, showing much growth in many ways.

A paper by Mr. J. R. Dougall, of Montreal, was read by the president, the Rev. E.D. Silcox, entitled, 'The mission of Congregationalism.' It reviewed the history of our life and maintained our right of being in the front in the present needs of the ecclesiastical world. The hour for adjournment having arrived a hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Dougall for his paper.

In the evening the Christian Endeavor rally was led by the provincial president and partaken of by many enthusiastic Endeavorers. An address of welcome by the Mayor was responded to by the Rev. John Morton. A talk on 'The Gift of the Spirit' by the Rev. W. J. Hindley was enjoyed and a representative from the Woman's Board, Miss Watson, gave an address on missions.

THE HENSCHELS

DELIGHT A LARGE AUDIENCE IN WINDSOR HALL.

A very large audience filled the Windsor Hall last evening to enjoy the song recital of Mr. and Mrs. Henschel. The two artists met with a warm reception when they appeared before an audience eager for a rare musical treat.

Mr. Henschel has a rich, full voice, and his singing is a splendid example of the German school. In the rendering of Loeme's 'Erl King' he was very fine. Among other pieces which he sang were a sacred air by Bach, an air from Pergolesi's 'Il Maestro di Musico.' The aria buffo from Cimarosa's Don Calandrino and Schumann's 'Grenadiers.'

Mrs. Henschel was considered more than charming by the audience. She sang with great purity of voice, trueness of melody, while her rendering of some of the pieces on the long programme proclaimed her an artiste of the first quality. Some of the best numbers she sang were Greig's 'Swan,' Chaminade's 'Summer,' and two charming songs by Mr. Henschel. 'A mother's song' and 'Spring,' also Ambroise Thomas's 'Evening.'

THE EXHIBITION.

Yesterday the Mayor accompanied by Messrs. D. Burke, C. J. McCuaig, E. P. Hannaford and W. Little, waited upon Mr. L. J. Forget, president of the Montreal Street Railway, to interest the company in favor of the Canadian International Exhibition. Mr. Forget said that he would submit the matter to the directors, and meanwhile promised his support and a liberal contribution.

A deputation was appointed to wait upon the railway men, steamship companies and leading citizens to obtain their active support. At a meeting yesterday afternoon, it was decided to ask the following gentlemen to present the various questions to the government:—His Worship the Mayor of Montreal, the Hon. Geo. A. Drummond, Messrs. R. Bickerdike, Jos. Contant, A. F. Gault, Ald. Prefontaine, R. White and J. X. Perrault. Sir Donald Smith and the Hon. J. O. Villeneuve will introduce the delegation.

FRENCH BAPTIST CONVENTION.

The Seventh Annual Conference of the French Baptist Missionaries of New England, will be held on April 27 and 28 at Fall River, Mass., in the Second Baptist Church Temple, South Main street. The members of the conference, the delegates of the mission fields and friends of the work are cordially invited to attend the session. Information can be given by the secretary of the Conference, the Rev. J. A. Savignac, 72 Butler street, Lawrence, Mass.

MISS BARNJUM'S GYMNASIUM.

One of the most interesting events of the season will be the annual entertainment and exhibition to be given by the pupils of Miss Barnjum's gymnasium which will take place this evening at Windsor Hall. So popular have these events been for the past number of years that there is no doubt that to-night will see the hall filled, and parents will be able to see for themselves how their children are benefited by Miss Barnjum's training.

CONCERT AT WESTMOUNT.

A concert will be given under the auspices of the Men's Guild of St. Matthias Church, Westmount, to-morrow evening, in the Academy Hall. A most excellent programme has been arranged. The artists engaged are Miss Cecile Russell, pianiste; Miss Louise M. Daly, soprano; Miss Lottie Simpkin, elocutionist; Mr. Charles Kelly, guitar and bass soloist, and Herr Carl Walther, violin virtuoso.

CAPTAIN RITCHIE.

The illuminated address and silver plate can be seen at Messrs. Henry Birks & Sons, Phillips square, by those who were unable to see them at the Board of Trade yesterday.

THE LATE MR. JOHN STEPHEN.

The funeral of the late Mr. John Stephen of Guelph, Ont., and brother of Lord Mount-Stephen, took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of Mr. Robert Meighen, Drummond street.

PERSONAL.

Mr. G. A. Stanley Hopkins, of St. John, N.B., was introduced on 'Change this morning by Mr. P. Laing.

Mr. A. S. Wigmore, vice-president of the Holmes Electric Protection Company, Toronto, is spending a few days in the city on business.

The members of the Parlement Modele will tender a banquet to Mr. Thomas Coté, leader of the Liberal party, at the Riendeau Hotel, this evening, at eight o'clock.

POLITICAL FORECASTS.

Reports From all Parts of the Dominion.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND SOLID.

AND QUEBEC EXPECTED TO GIVE A MAJORITY OF 15 FOR MR. LAURIER.

Toronto, April 16.—The 'Globe' publishes nearly two pages of special despatches this morning giving what purports to be the political situation in the Dominion and from which it appears that the Liberals are marching on to victory all over the country. The North-West and Manitoba send encouraging reports. A Liberal majority of fifteen in the district of Quebec is predicted. Prince Edward Island will send a solid Liberal delegation and a better prospect for Liberals in New Brunswick is assured.

The following is given as the situation in Quebec: 'The Quebec district is considered the Liberal stronghold of this province. It comprises the following counties: Quebec East, Quebec Centre, Quebec West, Quebec County, Portneuf, Montmorency, Charlevoix, Chicoutimi and Saguenay, Lotbiniere, Levis, Dorchester, Beauce, Bellechasse, Montmagny, Kamouraska, L'Islet, Temiscouata, Rimouski, Bonaventure, Gaspe, Drummond and Arthabaska and Megantic, twenty-two in all. Drummond and Arthabaska, as also Chicoutimi and Saguenay, each form only one constituency.

These twenty-two counties are at present represented as follows: Quebec East, Quebec Centre, Quebec County, Portneuf, Charlevoix, Lotbiniere, Levis, Dorchester, Beauce, Montmagny, Kamouraska, L'Islet, Bonaventure, Drummond and Arthabaska, fourteen, by Liberals, and Quebec West, Montmorency, Chicoutimi and Saguenay, Temiscouata, Rimouski and Gaspé, seven, by Conservatives. This makes fourteen Liberals to seven Conservatives, with Bellechasse vacant by the death of Col. Amyot. At the last election the Liberals carried seventeen seats out of twenty-two. They lost in the by-elections Chicoutimi and Montmorency, and Col. Amyot elected as Mr. Laurier's candidate turned later to the government. This leaves a majority of twelve of 1891. The Liberal majority will certainly reach fifteen this time. The Liberals will certainly capture from the Conservatives Quebec West, Temiscouata, Gaspé, Montmorency, but the Liberals will have to fight hard to keep Dorchester on account of the Liberal member voting against Mr. Laurier on the school question. Liberal candidates are in the field everywhere with the exception of Chicoutimi, Rimouski and Megantic.'

ZEITOUN'S NEW GOVERNOR.

A MUSSULMAN APPOINTED BY THE PORTE.

DISTRIBUTION OF RELIEF FUNDS IN BITLIS AND HARPOOT.

Constantinople, April 16.—Mahmoud Pasha, a Mussulman, has been appointed governor of Zeitoun, in defiance of the Zeitoun agreement which stipulated that the governor of that place should be a Christian, and the assurance given by the Porte to the six protesting powers that the stipulation should be carried out.

The valis of Bitlis and Harpoot are insisting that the relief distribution among the Armenians at those places shall be given out at the government store house in obedience to orders from the palace, notwithstanding the promise made by the Porte to Sir Philip Currie, British ambassador, that the work of the outside relief agents should not be interfered with.

COATSWORTH CONDEMNED.

Toronto, April 16.—The representative for East Toronto, Mr. Emerson Coatsworth, M.P., was last night censured by the East Toronto District L.O.L. lodge, which had justification in acting in the matter not only as electors but because Mr. Coatsworth is a member of the Orange order. The vote of censure reads; That we, the officers and members of L. O. District Lodge of East Toronto, take this our first opportunity of publicly expressing our disappointment and regret at the action of our representative of East Toronto, Brother Emerson Coatsworth, in supporting the hierarchy by voting for the remedial bill before the Dominion Parliament. And we again desire to reiterate that in the vote he gave he did not represent the Orangemen of this district, and we again declare our firm determination not to support any candidate who will not pledge himself to vote against the obnoxious system of separate schools being fixed on the people of Manitoba. The District Lodge also commended and congratulated Messrs. Clarke Wallace and Col. Tyrwhitt upon their fight against the remedial bill.

KINGSTON BOARD OF TRADE.

Kingston, Ont., April 16.—The annual meeting of the Board of Trade occurred on Tuesday night when these nominations were made for the various offices:—President, Messrs. Allan Chadwick and James Rodden; first vice-president, Mr. L. B. Spencer; second vice-president, Mr. John McKelvey; secretary, Mr. Francis King; councillors, Messrs. R. J. Carson, W. Thompson, G. Y. Chown, F. Spangenberg, J. Minnes, Ald. Livingston, Ald. Richardson, G. Richardson, W. B. Dalton, G. E. Hague, J. Hewton, J. Gaskin, B. W. Robertson, A. J. Macdonald, W. D. Hart, and J. McKay. Election in two weeks.

WILL GO AS SUPERVISOR.

Kingston, Ont., April 16.—The Dominion Government has secured Prof. Ruddick, Superintendent of the Dairy School here, and will send him to Manitoba and the North-West Territories as Supervisor of Creameries and Dairies, a duty he successfully performed last year. His duties begin on May 1.

ACCIDENT RECORD.

Winnipeg, Man., April 16.—John Kemp, engineer of the Winnipeg Water Works Company, while examining the machinery last night, was caught in the fly wheel. Death was instantaneous, the body being frightfully mutilated.

Worthington, Ont., April 16.—A young man named Noel Chenier in the employ of the Albert Pack Lumber Company, was accidentally drowned while driving logs on Crooked Creek near this place this morning. He was a resident of Plantagenet, Ont. His corpse will be sent to his friends by this evening's train.

NEBRASKA REPUBLICANS.

Omaha, Neb., April 16.—The Republican State Convention yesterday adopted a platform which says:—'This is the year of the people, and the people demand that their great champion Wm. McKinley shall be nominated and elected President of the United States.

'We pledge ourselves in advance to the platform of the forthcoming Republican National Convention, believing that it will declare against the free and unlimited coinage of silver and for the currency of gold, silver and paper.

NEW HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 16.—Mr. Henry C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel Company, will build a magnificent hospital for children on Squirrel Hill, within the next year, at a cost of $500,000. The building will be erected on a plot of forty acres, which Mr. Frick owns at Phillips and Forward avenues. The plot will be transformed into a private park and flower gardens. The hospital will be placed under the control of the Episcopal Church. No money will be spared to make the institution the best of its kind.

BIG LANDSLIDE IN SWITZERLAND.

Berne, April 17.—A landslide has occurred at Tramelan, as the result of continued rains in this section of Switzerland. The damage to property is very heavy. The Tramelin roadway bridge has been destroyed and whole farms and large patches of woods have vanished, having been entirely covered or swept away by the avalanche of earth.

LITERARY PRIZE.

OFFERED BY THE MONTREAL LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

The Montreal Local Council of the National Council of Women of Canada recently offered a prize of $20 for the best original prose composition on 'Loyalty' by a woman sent in before April 11, 1896. As convener of the committee appointed to award this prize, Mrs. Carus-Wilson has received twenty-nine essays distinguished by the following mottoes, etc.:—1. 'Maple Leaves.' 2. 'For King and Country.' 3. 'Be Thou Faithful.' 4. 'The Pen is Mightier than the Sword.' 5. 'If at first you don't succeed, try, try again.' 6. 'Not once or twice in our rough island story, The path of duty was the way to glory.' 7. 'Nil desperandum.' 8. 'Amor Patriae.' 9. 'Omnia vincit amor.' 10. 'Mal mori quam foedari.' 11. 'Loyal en tout.' 12. 'Ich dien.' 13. 'Fear God, honor the King.' 14. 'The noblest motive is the public good.' 15. 'Fidelity and Confidence.' 16. 'To live in the hearts of those we leave is not to die.' 17. 'This above all, to thine own self be true.' 18. 'Read and Learn.' 19. 'A jewel in a ten times barred up chest, Is a bold spirit in a loyal breast.' 20. 'Loyalty to God, to Christ, and to the Holy Spirit.' 21. 'Loyalty first to God and Humanity.' 22. 'A Busy Mother.' 23. 'Veritas.' 24. 'Ernestine,' 25. 'Trefoil.' 26. 'A. K. L.' 27. 'M. R.' 28 'M.M.S.' 29. 'L.S.'

These essays are now under consideration, and the name of the successful competitor will be announced at the meeting of the National Council of Women of Canada, which is to be held in Montreal during the second week of May, under the presidency of Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen. Competitors desiring to have their MSS. returned, must make personal application for them, giving motto and description, to Mrs. Carus-Wilson, 68 McTavish street, within a month of the award.

MONTREAL SCOTTISH HIGHLAND SOCIETY.

Last night the regular fortnightly meeting of the Montreal Scottish Highland Society took place at 58 St. James street. Chieftain Forbes presided. Communications were presented from several well known Scots, expressing approval of the objects of the Society, and promising their support. Over a dozen propositions for membership were entertained, and several others announced their desire to join. The sub-committee appointed at a former meeting to consider a crest and motto for the Society reported in favor of that of the Macleods; the words of the motto to be inscribed in Gaelic. This was unanimously agreed to. The question of a 'turn-out' headed by the Society's band on an early date was decided, members to wear their 'Highland clothes.' The opening of the proceedings was heralded by Pipe Major D. M. Mackenzie, in his usual efficient style.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES.

THE ZEPHYR CHOIR.

The above organization, composed of about thirty-five of the best vocalists of Point St. Charles, will give their second and last concert this season in O'Brien Hall to-morrow evening. At their last entertainment they rendered the cantata, 'The Holy City,' and other choruses of sacred music. The programme at the present concert will be made up wholly of secular music, and as the choir have been rehearsing for several weeks those who attend will no doubt be well entertained. Among other choruses rendered will be 'The Miller's Wooing,' 'The House that Jack Built,' 'A Wealthy Lord,' Miss Budd taking the solo in this chorus, and other popular part songs. The choir will be assisted by Miss Wilshire, Miss Alice Herbert and Mr. Samuel Dunn. The Schubert String Quartette have also been secured, consisting of Miss Bengough, Messrs. Casey, Luckhurst and Wills, and besides rendering selections of their own will accompany several of the choruses. The whole will be under the direction of Mr. George Wilson, while Mrs. O'Byrne will preside at the piano.

A SOCIALIST WILL SPEAK.

Next Sunday afternoon, Mr. Lucien Sanial, a prominent Socialist orator and writer, will address the Pleasant Sunday Afternoon Society in the Fraternity Hall, Point St. Charles. Admission free.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Tacoma, Wash., April 16.—Captain Patterson of the steamer 'Alkali,' which has just arrived from Alaska, says the steamer 'Lackme,' which left the Sound several days ago for Cook's Inlet, is adrift thirty miles west of Sitka with a broken shaft. The news is said to have been brought in by a carrier pigeon, of which a number were taken along on the steamer. The 'Lackme' has aboard two hundred miners and several hundred tons of freight for Cook's Inlet.

Victoria, B.C., April 16.—News has just been received from the north of the probable wreck of another vessel in the vicinity of the north end of Vancouver Island. Wreckage has been found at the south end of Calvert Island and on the shores of Fitzhugh Sound, indicating that some large craft has come to grief in that locality.

GERMAN REICHSTAG.

Berlin, April 16.—The Reichstag resumed its sittings to-day after the Easter recess. There was a small attendance of deputies and an almost empty House discussed the Trades amendment bill, designed to prohibit dishonest transactions on bourses and exchanges. In the meantime the crowds in the lobbies discussed with an absorbing interest the duels which had recently taken place in Germany with fatal results, and there was a unanimity of feeling that a bill should be introduced in the Reichstag providing for the infliction of punishment of the utmost severity upon all persons henceforth engaging in duels.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

London, April 16.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. R. W. Hanbury, Financial Secretary of the Treasury, stated in reply to a question put by Mr. Patrick O'Brien, member for Kilkenny city, that the Postmaster-General was at the present time in communication with the Postmaster-General of the United States in reference to the transmission of newspaper matter from the United States to England solely by American vessels, and was now awaiting an answer from the Post-office Department in Washington, 'but,' he said, 'it should have been remembered that the Postmaster-General of the United States has the liberty to make his own arrangements.'

FAST RUN ON THE G.T.R.

Toronto, April 16.—The Grand Trunk Railway made up a special fast train yesterday to carry Mr. Payne, the English banker, and his party to North Bay to connect with the C.P.R. train for Winnipeg. The train left the Union station at 2.3 p.m. and reached North Bay, a distance of 226 miles, at 9.45, in time to make the connection. The run is the fastest ever made over the northern division of the Grand Trunk.

A SUDDEN DEATH.

Last Sunday a man named Dan. Sullivan, was taken suddenly ill at the Salvation Army Lighthouse. He was taken care of. Last night he was again suddenly taken ill, and while being taken to the General Hospital in a cab, died. An inquest will be held on his remains at ten o'clock to-morrow morning.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLONIAL HOUSE,
Phillips Square.

LEATHER GOODS.

Combination Purses and Card Cases, in the fashionable **GREEN CROCODILE**, prices, $1.65, $1.85, $3.15, $3.25, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50.

GRIPS—Sizes to suit lady or gentleman, Solid Leather; also, a specially fine line of Alligator Grips at moderate prices.

Shopping Bags, Chatelaine Bags, Hand Bags.

CREPE TISSUE PAPER—We have a full line of the new shades in this popular paper, including, Peach, Violet, Purple, Rose Pink, Royal Blue, Blue Green, Peacock Green, and Black, and in the Rainbow series of blended colors, Pink and Blue, Blue and Yellow, Blue and Orange, Pink and Yellow, Pink and Green, Heliotrope and Green.

EXTRA VALUE!

Genuine Seal Combination Cases, 85c.
" " " " sterling covers, $1.25.

One lot Rubber Balls, half-price.
Balance of Stone Building Blocks, half-price.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.,
MONTREAL.

THE DUPLEX PATENT HAIR SWITCH.

This is one of the **LATEST INVENTIONS** of the Celebrated **BORDEN** Factory. All made of First Quality Hair. It can be worn altogether, and Combed in with the Natural Hair, or can be separated and worn singly, or can be parted. We want you to call and see it. PRICES: 18 inch, $3; 20 inch, $4; 22 inch, $5; 24 inch, $9.

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY. PALMER & SON. The Ladies' Hair Dressers, 1745 NOTRE DAME ST.

HERE'S A SNAP!

A REAL SNAP.



100 Dozen of
WHITE CASHMERE
UNDERWEAR

With Pale Blue, Pink and Mauve Silk Stripes, warranted fast colors. Regular price, $4.00 per suit. To sold at

$2.00 per suit.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

J. J. HANNAN,
215 St. James Street.

Weekly Calendar.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16.

TO-NIGHT, AT EIGHT,
GRAND CONCERT,
ST. JUDE'S LECTURE HALL,
Coursol and Vinet streets.
THE CHOIR OF THE CHURCH,
Assisted by
Miss Ella Walker, Miss Herchmer,
Miss Helen Parker, Mr. A. A. Hodgson,
Mrs. H. R. Ives, Mr. Dunn,
Mrs. James Laing, Mr. Cathcart Wallace
Tickets and money will be taken at the entrance to the reading rooms, 50 Coursol street, as well as at the door of the lecture hall.
Admission, 25c. No reserved seats.

ART ASSOCIATION,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
Galleries of Paintings,
OPEN DAILY, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Admission - - - - - 25 cents.
15

FRIDAY, APRIL 17.

ASSOCIATION HALL,
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING,
Under the distinguished patronage of
Her Excellency Lady Aberdeen.
Special Engagement for Two Concerts only of the Famous
Harvard Male Quartette,
ASSISTED BY
Miss CARRIE B. NICHOLS, of (Boston),
ELOCUTIONIST,
FRIDAY, APRIL 17, at 8.15 p.m.
Special Matinee on SATURDAY, 18th, at 2.15 p.m.
Prices, Evening, 50c and 75c. Matinee, 25c and 50c.
All seats reserved for both concerts.
Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's and Shaw's Music Stores.
10

TELEGRAPHERS
BASEBALL CLUB CONCERT,
TEMPLE HALL, Dorchester St.,
FRIDAY EVENING, April 17th.
An excellent programme has been prepared. Concert-going people should not miss this.
Tickets 25 and 50 cents. 16

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY.
CLOSING SOCIAL,
DRUMMOND ASSEMBLY ROOMS,
FRIDAY EVENING, April 17th, at 8 p.m.
TICKETS, 50c. To be had from Members of Committee, from MR. MOFFAT, 157 St. Antoine st., and from the Secretary, at the 'Witness' Office.
16

TUESDAY, APRIL 21.

STANDARD LIGHT & POWER COMPANY.
A Special Meeting of the Shareholders of the Standard Light and Power Co., will be held on TUESDAY NEXT, April 21st, at 4.00 p.m., in R. B. Hutcheson's Office, No. 17 St. John street.
E. CRAIG, Sec.-Treas.
16

WILLIAM OFF FOR CARLSRUHE.

Vienna, April 15.—At a luncheon given in his honor to-day by the officers of the Austrian Hussar regiment, of which he is honorary colonel, the Emperor William of Germany proposed a toast to the Emperor Francis Joseph and the Austrian army. His Majesty, in offering the toast, spoke in the most cordial manner, but made no political allusions.

The Emperor and Count Goluchowski, Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, had a long interview this afternoon, and at eight o'clock p.m. His Majesty started for Carlsruhe. He was accompanied to the railway station by the Emperor Francis Joseph. The two monarchs bade each other a most friendly farewell. It is understood semi-officially that military as well as political questions were discussed during the Emperor William's visit to Vienna.

The Emperor William attended a parade of the Vienna Garrison on the Schmelzer Grounds at nine o'clock this morning. The troops numbered 22,000 and were headed by the Emperor Francis Joseph. The Emperor William has conferred the Order of the Black Eagle upon Count Goluchowski, Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the Emperor Francis Joseph has decorated Prince Hohenlohe, the German Chancellor, with the insignia of the Order of the Toison d'Or.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Cardinal, Ont., April 16.—A fire broke out in the stables of William Dillon at two o'clock this morning. The buildings were totally destroyed and ten horses also burned to death. The buildings were insured for a few hundred dollars, no insurance on horses or contents. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Halifax, N.S., April 16.—Fire at Kingston destroyed several buildings belonging to the Forrest Canning Co. There was $12,000 worth of stock on hand, all of which was destroyed as well as the factory building. The origin of the fire is unknown.

ROBBED A BANK.

Maitland, Mo., April 16.—The Farmers' Bank was robbed last night by three masked men who blew the safe open and secured $1,000 in silver. The robbers stole a team and hauled the silver away.

THE REV. MR. KNAPP.

Constantinople, April 16.—The Rev. G. P. Knapp, the American missionary who was recently expelled from Bitlis by the Turkish authorities, has arrived at Aleppo in good health.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00; Weekly Witness, $1.00; with reductions to clubs; Northern Messenger: 30c; 10 copies to one address, $2.25; 20, $4.40; 50, $10.50; 100, $20.

For Great Britain add $1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 26c on Northern Messenger; $3.60 on Daily Witness.

The last edition of the DAILY WITNESS is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS.

Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

L. Quar. 4 N. Moon 12 — April — F. Quar. 20 F. Moon 27

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896.

THE CIVIC COLLAPSE.

The aldermanic majority is, we believe, wilfully and purposely making the condition of the city as annoying as possible so as to reconcile the taxpayers to further mulcting. The Road, Water and Health departments have become practically inoperative and worthless. The streets cannot be cleaned by the Road Committee. Being so prominent in every one's consciousness they have been made specially obnoxious by the withdrawal of funds. Service pipes cannot be laid by the Water Committee, and citizens who want water must pay for the pipes themselves in the hope of being reimbursed some day. The lanes cannot be cleaned by the Health Committee. The incinerator has been practically closed down and the garbage is accumulating in dumps. When we remember that more than a million has to be paid every year on account of past extravagance it is not to be wondered at if now, after the government has closed down on our civic boodlers spending money any longer in excess of revenue, the long-expected crisis has arrived. The 'Witness' for years past has been pointing out what reckless expropriation schemes and numberless other devices for squandering the city's money would surely lead to. The aldermen are wriggling along this year with the reduced amount they have to spend in the hope that next year the citizens will back them in demanding from the legislature an increase of the city's borrowing power. If filthy lanes, filthy streets and uncared for squares do not arouse citizens to the necessity of sending right men to the City Council there is nothing that will; had true men been sent to the Council in the past there would be no necessity now to struggle ankle deep through mud and refuse.

ANOTHER MINISTER TRADUCED.

It betrays a sad condition of demoralized desperation when a party and its newspapers take to traducing the most loved and honored of our Christian ministers. Fresh from denouncing Dr. Saunders of Ottawa, one of the principal ministers of the Methodist Church, as a slanderer, for no other fault than fitly characterizing actual facts that had been widely published and never contradicted, the traducer of the 'Gazette' has assailed the Rev. Dr. Mackay of Woodstock, than whom a more self-forgetful and whole-souled patriot is not to be found in or out of parliament. Dr. Mackay, for commenting on the demoralization of parliament, incurred the venom of this writer, or rather of the ministers, whose mouthpiece he is, and he tells how Dr. Mackay is governed by spite at the government for not appointing him to the secretaryship of the Royal Commission on prohibition. If Dr. Mackay had been in search of favors from the government at that or any time he would not have denounced the proposed Royal Commission, as he did from his own pulpit and on every platform and in every newspaper where he could make himself heard, as a mere subterfuge to postpone a measure which the country demanded and which parliament was too cowardly to vote upon. Dr. Mackay said up and down the country that the government could and probably would so manipulate such a commission that it would be an obstruction to the cause of temperance. There was certainly no tuft-hunting or office-seeking about that course. If any one has good reason to remember Dr. Mackay in connection with that commission it is Mr. Foster, who was the proposer and promoter of that trick for undoing the work which he had been doing all his earlier life as a leading advocate of immediate prohibition. Mr. Foster could therefore have informed the 'Gazette' of the real facts of the case. When the Royal Commission was determined upon the Dominion Alliance decided that it would not be wise to ignore it. It appointed its secretary to follow the proceedings of the commission everywhere, appealing to the country for funds, and the Presbyterian Church of which Dr. Mackay was a minister voted a liberal sum in aid. The temperance people thought that possibly the government would put some pronounced Prohibitionists on the commission, and many in Ontario, including the Presbyterian leaders, put forward Dr. Mackay for this position. It was thus, and thus only, that Dr. Mackay became a candidate for office. Had he been appointed he would have wrought side by side with Dr. McLeod of Fredericton for a very different result from what came of that abortive arrangement. This is the ground on which the organ of the Tupper-Foster clique denounces a man as a disappointed office-seeker. Office-seeker, indeed! They are a queer lot to accuse him.

THE AGONY OVER.

The 'Gazette' tells us that the remedial bill is withdrawn, though Sir Charles Tupper vehemently declared that it was not. It will not come up again in this parliament anyway. If in the week that remains of the session Mr. Foster gets his supplementary estimates through it will be by favor of the Opposition, who could easily prevent and would be well justified in doing so. In holding a sixth session the government confesses itself afraid of the electors, and the only way to force it to face them would be to withhold supplies. Even if these are granted, however, an election will need to be held within three months and a session must follow immediately. Mr. Ouimet announces that the government are going to the country under the remedial banner. The election cry of Liberal obstruction which the government is working up implies this, as it could be of no avail among populations opposed to the bill. Mr. Nicholas Flood Davin, a Roman Catholic, refuses to fight under that flag, and a majority of the Conservative candidates throughout the country will be found in Mr. Davin's insurrection. The obstruction cry against the Liberals is a poor one anyway. There were more Conservatives than Liberals in it, and the Conservative leader was the most persistent obstructionist of all. The McCarthyite Conservatives are prepared to take all the honor of that proceeding, though even they did not obstruct within fair hours as Sir Charles did. The Liberals as a body did not obstruct. Of all Sir Charles's long speeches, of which he made one a day, the only one that was about the bill was the one withdrawing it or suspending it, and that was so long a provocative as greatly to delay adjournment. The purpose of it was to fix obstruction upon the Liberals, but he dropped, apparently by accident, into the truth when he said that the great majority of the House had been prevented from considering the bill by a small faction.

Sir Charles Tupper, who is represented by even the Conservative organs as a bully with a great ox whip in his hand, in making a show of attempting to bully the House into sitting day and night, to its utter demoralization and the shame of the country, aroused the indignation of the self-respecting members. Everywhere in the country Conservatives are heard condemning Sir Charles Tupper's bullying methods with the party and parliament. The government, and the government only, is to blame for the failure of remedial legislation. Most of its members were never in earnest in wishing to pass it. They pledged themselves to pass it last session, and they did not even introduce a bill. The three French members resigned when the pledge was broken; Sir Adolphe Caron and Mr. Ouimet went back when a promise was made that the bill would be passed through in a session specially called for that purpose. Mr. Angers, the champion of the French remedialists, refused to go back upon the pledges which he held would never be fulfilled. Mr. Chapleau refused to believe that the government would seriously attempt to carry out its pledge. We doubt whether a single member of the government ever supposed the bill would be passed by this parliament, with the exception, perhaps, of Mr. Ouimet.

And so it proved. The House met on Jan. 2, and was immediately adjourned on motion of the leader of the government until Jan. 7. On reassembling on that date Sir Adolphe Caron informed it that seven members of the Cabinet had resigned, and asked that the House adjourn again until Jan. 21, two weeks later. Mr. Laurier objected, and an adjournment until Jan. 14 was agreed upon. On Jan. 14 the House met, to be informed that the government was not yet reconstructed; the same on Jan. 15; on Jan. 16 the re-entry of the six members into the government was announced. During the next month the government was employed in persuading its parliamentary supporters to support the introduction of the bill on the ground that a settlement with Manitoba would prevent the necessity of passing it. It was not until the beginning of March that the bill was introduced, and it was not until April 2, or within twenty-two days of the expiry of parliament from old age, that this bill of a hundred and twelve clauses was presented for a second reading. It was simply impossible that a bill of such length and such importance should be got through all its stages in both the House of Commons and the Senate in three weeks. Moreover, there was a great deal of other business for the consideration of the House which had been neglected by the government during the two first months of the session, when the ministers were all at war with one another and with sections of their own party. In view of this management of the session it was tyrannical folly on the part of Sir Charles Tupper to compel the members to sit up day and night to make a show of attempting an impossible task. As even the government organs declare, the country will heave a sigh of relief over the suspension of the bill, and will, if all signs do not fail, take good care to put an end to the misgovernment and incapacity which have for five years almost paralyzed parliament and the administration.

DR. PETERS, THE 'EXPLORER.'

('Saturday Review.')

Dr. Peters once wrote a book entitled 'New Light on Dark Africa,' in which he shows us the sort of light that his work has thrown on that continent. In August, 1889, he started up the Tana River, in British East Africa, at the head of an armed force of Somali. Before the end of that month, by the capsizing of a canoe, he lost, among some loads of ammunition and brandy, 'the only load of beads I possessed.' He continued his journey, as he tells us, 'without any articles of barter.' He, of course, had not sufficient food with him to last for the whole journey, and could not have carried it if he had. In consequence, as he explains, 'the determination to advance without the requisite articles of barter once for all decided the character the expedition was for the future to bear,' (op. cit. pages 152 and 153.) As the caravan was obliged to get food and had no money with which to buy it, food had to be stolen. The subsequent history of the expedition is, therefore, one long story of raid, loot and massacre. No traveller has followed in Peters's footsteps without feeling the ill effects of the distrust of Europeans that has resulted from his action. The harm he did cannot be undone in less than a generation.

CENSURED THE JUDGE.

Halifax, N.S., April 15.—The Moncton W.C.T.U. has passed a resolution of censure on Judge Wells, of the County Court, for imposing a sentence of only two months on a man named John McKenna, convicted of criminal assault on a child, while sending a boy named Carter to the reformatory for one year for stealing axes.

SHIPPED IN BOND.

Goods Transported Through Canada From American Ports During the Past Three Years.

Washington, April 15.—Acting Secretary Hamlin of the Treasury Department has transmitted to Chairman Hepburn of the House Commerce Committee a report of the Hardy resolution which called for information as to the quantity of merchandise transported during the past three years in bonded cars from ports in the United States through the Dominion of Canada, and also the number of freight and grain cars passing through foreign territory into the United States under the revised statutes. Mr. Hamlin states that it is not practical to give the value of the contents of the cars or to distinguish beween the dutiable and domestic goods contained therein. The data furnished by Mr. Hamlin are herewith given:—

extract ....dyT

Port.	1893. No. of cars.	Weight of Contents, tons.
Buffalo	44,894	397,780
Pemina	108	970
Plattsburg	3,081	15,565
Suspension Bridge	89,583	799,848
Port Huron	90,189	1,363,535
Portland, Maine	1,579	26,385
District of Vermont	27,658	414,880
Detroit	102,695	4,623,760
Ogdensburg	1,663	15,786
Total	450,595	8,149,799

Port.	1894. No. of cars.	Weight of Contents, tons.
Buffalo	37,457	749,140
Pembina	316	3,297
Plattsburg	1,590	14,001
Suspension Bridge	72,961	651,348
Port Huron	88,275	1,324,125
Portland, Me.	1,116	16,740
District of Vermont	30,150	452,250
Detroit	192,665	4,623,960
Ogdensburg	1,289	12,897
Total	425,809	7,847,058

Port.	1895. No. of cars.	Weight of Contents, tons.
Buffalo	42,512	850,240
Pembina	532	6,656
Plattsburg	2,300	21,655
Suspension Bridge	73,178	697,973
Port Huron	68,803	1,030,405
Portland, Me.	815	12,225
District of Vermont	27,102	417,404
Detroit	209,972	5,017,728
Ogdensburg	1,368	12,945
Total	430,678	8,068,512

MR. JAMES STEPHENSON.

THE G.T.R. RETIRING SUPERINTENDENT, PRESENTED WITH AN ADDRESS.

Mr. James Stephenson, the retiring superintendent of the Grand Trunk, was last night, at his residence on Sherbrooke street, presented with an address and handsome cabinet by a few of the employees of the company who were more immediately associated with him in his long and honorable service as general superintendent of the Grand Trunk, to whose interests he was ever faithful, and from which he retired with the affection and esteem of all the officers and men connected therewith.

The address, which has already appeared, was read by Mr. J. Riddell, the assistant superintendent, who also made the presentation. Mr. Stephenson made a short but happy reply, in the course of which he referred to the excellent relations which had ever been maintained between himself and all the employees of the company. From these he had parted with regret, having so long worked with them. He was deeply touched by the expressions of kindness made in the address, and he accepted both it and the presentation, not so much because such were deserved, as because they betokened a kindly spirit animating those who had had the matter in hand.

Amongst those who waited upon Mr. Stephenson, and who took a more immediate part in setting the presentation on foot, were Messrs. F. Price, W. Kennisten, T. S. Loucks, J. Murdock, E. Mundy, E. Townshend and E. O. Pugh.

DEATH OF MRS. WILLIAM WEIR.

Early this morning Mrs. William Weir, wife of the president and general manager of the Ville Marie Bank, died at the family residence, 375 Mountain street. Mrs. Weir had been ailing for some months back, but nothing serious was apprehended until a few days ago, when she was confined to bed with an attack from which she did not recover. All her family were present at her death-bed, except Mr. Arthur Weir, who is in California. Mrs. Weir has been a reader of the 'Witness' steadily since she came to Montreal in 1849. The funeral will be at three o'clock on Saturday afternoon to the Church of St. James the Apostle.

Mrs. Weir was the youngest daughter of the late Mr. John Somerville of Chatham, Que. Her brother, the late Mr. William Somerville, of Leicester, England, was the founder of the Liverpool Rubber Company. Mrs. Weir leaves a husband and five sons to deplore their loss. They are W. H. Somerville, Godfrey, Frank and Arthur. All are well known in business and social circles.

PARNELL IS DISCOURAGED.

New York, April 16.—The Irish National Club last night entertained John Howard Parnell, M.P., from North Meath. Mr. Parnell delivered a short address. The independent party, he said, was doing all it could for Ireland but as it had no show in parliament was unable to get anything. He did not see any hope for relief from the House of Commons. It would help matters to have the suffrage bill passed but there was no chance for this either. Mr. Parnell said the Irish were leaving their native country so fast that it was becoming depopulated. If something was not done no Irish would be left there and the English would be glad to see this com ahout.

A CONSERVATIVE CLUB.

THE OLD CITY CLUB TO BE USED.

A large number of Conservatives met in the St. Lawrence Hall yesterday afternoon to take action towards forming a National Conservative Association. The committee composed of the following gentlemen had the matter in hand—A. Raza, B. Hal Browne, Hon. A. W. Ogilvie, Hon. Geo. A. Drummond, [illegible] Morrice, A. F. Gault, M. S. Foley, Richard White, Hon. J. O. Villeneuve, J. B. Rolland, Frs. Bendt, Ald. J. R. Sauvignac, M. J. F. Quinn, Q.C., president Junior Conservative Club; Campbell Laing, L. J. A. Surveyer, J. H. Jacob, J. N. Dupuis, T. Berthiaume, F. J. Bisaillon, J. Ald. Ouimet, Jas. Cantlie, D. A. McCaskill, Frank J. Hart, G. A. Marsan, L. E. Beauchamp, D. Ouimet, E. Lavigne, E. Mathieu, Mayor R. Wilson-Smith, F. S. Maclennan, president Sir John A. Macdonald Club; J. O. Joseph, president Club Cartier; Ald. R. Costigan, T. J. Drummond, Lieut.-Colonel Massey, Geo. E. Drummond, S. O. Shorey, Dan. Burke, Robt. Meighen, C. A. McDonald, B. Tansey, D. Henderson, O'Hara Bayne, Hon. A. W. Morris, M. G. Davis and Hy. Hogan.

Mr. R. White occupied the chair. In a short speech Mr. J. H. Jacob, said that the founding of a National Conservative Association would be of immense advantage to the party; that at the present time the clubs had practically no place to meet in, and that the promotion of such would be the means of promoting a feeling of harmony among the races.

Mr. A. Raza said that they had leased the old City Club at the corner of St. Francois Xavier and St. James streets, and that a certain gentleman had undertaken the responsibility of the first year's rent and that he had now the keys of the building in his possession. This was received with cheers.

It was decided to limit the membership to one thousand, and that the annual subscription for members residing in the city, or having an office in the city, be $5, country members $2, and life members $50. It was also decided to redecorate the club house. The secretary, Mr. J. H. Jacob, will receive applications for membership at his office, 303 St. James street.

THE QUALITY OF GAS.

At the meeting of the Light Committee yesterday afternoon the question of the city having an inspector to analyze and inspect the gas was brought up. Ald. Prevost said he had examined some of the Gas Company's books and had found that the gas was being furnished at the proper standard. Ald. Prefontaine then moved, seconded by Ald. Penny, the following resolution which was carried—'Seeing that according to clause 7 of the contract between the city and the Gas Company, the city has a right to provide for the inspection of gas and metres used by the said Company, and to appoint an inspector to that effect, having the power to examine the quality of the gas furnished by the said company to the citizens of Montreal, the committee are of opinion that such an inspector should be appointed now, and that the duties of such inspection devolve upon Mr. Badger.'

Ald. Atwater brought up the question of underground conduits, and made a motion to the effect that a sub-committee composed of the mover, chairman, and Ald. Prefontaine be appointed to enquire into the advisability of having all wires laid underground.

JAPANESE STUDENTS.

ON THEIR WAY TO GERMAN UNIVERSITIES.

Seven Japanese gentlemen attracted some attention this morning at the Windsor street station. They had come from Japan, via Vancouver, and were on their way to Germany, where they intend to study in the universities there, their object being, when such studies are completed in Germany, England and the United States, to return to their own country, in which employment will be secured for them upon the professorial staffs of their own universities, in which the standard has recently been made as high as that which is demanded in the great western universities. The names of the gentlemen are: J. S. Haga, G. Yamakawa, W. Okada, Y. Otsuka, G. Gato, K. Midzusawa, and S. Yasukawa. They were an exceedingly bright lot of young men, talking in good English, and expressing the utmost eagerness to learn facts about Canada and Montreal. How was the population divided; how many newspapers were published in the city; what were the civic and social institutions like, etc. These are a few of the questions they asked in rapid succession. During the day they visited McGill University, and several of the more important churches, while from the tower of the C.P.R. station they were treated to a view of the city, which they much admired. In Germany they will not only learn the language, but the methods of teaching. They are particularly desirous of understanding the latest German scientific achievements. They have been accustomed to German officers in their armies and to German teachers in their schools, and they admire them as a people. They also like the institutions of England and the United States in so far as they have read of them, and when they return to Japan they expect to have a modern intellectual equipment which will place them by the side of any European.

THE MISSISSIPPI STILL RISING.

St. Paul, Minn., April 16.—The Mississippi river rose another foot yesterday and settlers on the west side flats are preparing to take to the hills. A dozen bridges have been carried away in the vicinity of St. Cloud.

THE LATE COL. DENISON.

Toronto, Ont., April 16.—The funeral of the late Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Denison will be held to-morrow at 1.30 p.m. from the homestead, Rushholme, at Dundas and Rushholme Road, to the family burial ground at Weston. It will be conducted by the Rev. J. McLean Ballard, rector of St. Anne's Church, and will not be of a military nature.

MR. CLEVELAND OUT.

He is a Brother of the President and His Flock Were Republicans.

MIXED DOCTRINE AND DEMOCRACY.

Watertown, N.Y., April 15.—The Presbytery of St. Lawrence yesterday voted unanimously to dissolve the pastoral relations existing between the Rev. William N. Cleveland, of Chaumont, the brother of President Cleveland, and his church. This action is the outcome of a disagreement which the presbytery has struggled for more than a year to harmonize, and which had its origin, it is said, solely in the fact that the Rev. Mr. Cleveland is a Democrat, and that his congregation, almost to a man, is Republican. Nobody claimed that the pastor was not orthodox or that as an expounder he was not up to the standard, but as one of the elders expressed it when asked to define the cause of dissatisfaction, 'His being a Democrat is too bitter a pill for me to swallow.' This seems to have been the general sentiment of the congregation. St. Lawrence County is nothing if not Republican, and the consciousness that their pastor was not only brother to a Democratic president, but that he probably sympathized with him and approved his course grew more and more obnoxious, until it manifested itself in open hostility on the part of many of the members.

At length the anti-Cleveland element got the upper hand, and Mr. Cleveland was invited to resign on the ground that his political opinions were distasteful to the congregation. He refused, and the case went to the presbytery. A committee was appointed to settle the matter, and they reported that private arrangements satisfactory to both sides had been made, as a result of which Mr. Cleveland would remain as pastor of the church, and that he would receive the harmonious support of the members. The report was adopted amid general rejoicing, a thanksgiving service was held and Mr. Cleveland was elected commissioner to the General Assembly.

From that time until last October the volcano smouldered. Then trouble began afresh, and a letter signed by forty-three of the eighty-eight members of the church was presented to the presbytery asking that the pastoral relation be dissolved. Mr. Cleveland declared that he would not resign, and the dispute remained unsettled until the November elections drew public attention from it. St. Lawrence County was so pleased with the Republican victory that the Chaumont people were more than willing to meet Mr. Cleveland half way. Mutual concessions were made, differences were patched up, and the congregation was apparently once more united. A committee appointed to look into the matter declared its conviction that Mr. Cleveland had done nothing unbefitting his office, and Mr. Cleveland said that if he had said anything offensive he was sorry. The era of good feeling did not last very long, however, for the presbytery was again called upon to adjust the quarrel between Mr. Cleveland and the members of his congregation.

There was a long fight, and the clergyman made a determined stand against the effort to oust him from his pulpit, but the Presbytery decided at length to settle with the congregation. In its report the presbytery expresses its appreciation of Mr. Cleveland's high Christian character and regrets the necessity of its action. Mr. Cleveland read a lengthy and vigorous protest, and the presbytery passed a resolution saying they did not assent to the statements made.

THE EXHIBITION ENDORSED.

THE BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL DEALS WITH MANY QUESTIONS OF INTEREST.

FAST MAIL LINE AND OPENING OF CANALS.

The weekly Council meeting of the Board of Trade took place yesterday afternoon, Mr. Robt. Bickerdike, president, in the chair.

The Mayor wrote thanking the Council for allowing the use of the Exchange Hall for the meeting in connection with the proposed exhibition. His Worship also wrote asking the Council to appoint a deputation of its number to accompany the city's delegation, which proceeds to Ottawa on Saturday next, to interview the government in connection wih the proposed International Exhibition. Messrs. Henry Miles, W. McNally, Wm. Strachan and Jas. E. Rendell, definitely accepted the appointment as delegates, and the following agreed to go if possible:—Messrs. R. Bickerdike, president; John Torrance, 1st vice-president; Chas. Chaplin, David McFarlane, Robert Mackay and F. Wolferstan Thomas.

The Minister of Trade and Commerce in reply to the Council's request that the fees charged by the Custom House for the clearance of vessels, in other than official hours, be abolished, and that the fees had recently been reduced from $5 to $2.50, and that the steamship agents of this port had expressed their satisfaction. The Minister, however, desired to be favored with the Council's views on the subject. The matter will be further considered at the next meeting.

St. John Board of Trade had communicated and asked the Council's endorsation of a resolution, a full text of which has already been published, urging upon the Dominion Government, in awarding the tenders for a fast mail service, that no Canadian port be specially favored but that it be left open for steamship companies tendering to their own Canadian ports for the proposed service. The Council adopted a motion urging that the tenders for fast mail service specify Montreal as a summer port, with Rimouski or Little Metis as the mail port, and that the winter port be St. John, N.B., or Halifax.

In regard to one of the resolutions adopted at the recent quarterly meeting, that an effort should be made for provincial legislation compelling procurators to give security for the estates they administer, the Council's Committee on Provincial Legislation was instructed to present this resolution to the Provincial Ministers at an early opportunity.

Two of the other resolutions have been duly communicated to the government. One recommends that American vessels be permitted to carry Canadian wheat for export from Fort William to another Canadian port, the other asks the Government to permit American cattle to be exported in quarantine via Montreal.

Sir Donald Smith and Mr. W. W. Ogilvie wrote consenting to the Council's request that they would represent the Board of Trade at the forthcoming Congress in London. The Council expressed satisfaction at these two acceptances, and ordered that Lord Mount-Stephen be also requested to act as a delegate from the Board at that Congress.

Intimation having been received that the Welland and St. Lawrence canals would not be open until May 1, the following resolution was adopted for communication to the Minister of Railways and Canals:—

'That, as a large number of ocean steamers are due at this port and are intended to sail by May 2, it is an absolute necessity to have grain cargoes here from the West not later than the first days of May or sooner if possible.'

'That unless the Welland canal is open for the passage of vessels by April 22, grain in transit cannot reach the port of Montreal before May 1, and the Council of the Montreal Board of Trade therefore respectfully requests that the Honorable the Minister of Railways and Canals will give such instructions as will enable vessels to pass the Welland canal not later than April 22, and the St. Lawrence canals not later than April 25.'

Notice was given that the Board of Examiners for the Port Warden's office and the Board for Wine Measurer and Gauger would be appointed at the next meeting.

Before the meeting adjourned Mr. John Simpson was elected to membership.

ST. SIMON'S CHURCH.

The annual Easter vestry meeting was held on Tuesday in St. Simon's Church, St. Henri, which was very successful in point of attendance, and if one can judge from the standpoint St. Simon's has a bright and prosperous future before it. The rector, the Rev. Frank Charters, presided. After the reading of the minutes of last year's meeting the election of wardens and officers for the year then took place which is as follows:—Rector's warden, Mr. Jas. Armstrong; people's warden, Mr. James Brown; delegates to Synod, Mr. T. Ligget, Mr. John C. Hayman; sidesmen, Mr. Tweedie, D. Liggit, C. H. Timm, sr., C. H. Timm, jr., J. Gear, Bulmer, Sifton, Mead and others. auditors, Mr. Jas. Brown and Mr. Jas. Armstrong; secretary to vestry, J. E. Hayman.

THE INFANTS' HOME.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING.

The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Protestant Infants' Home was held yesterday afternoon at the institution on Guy street. The Rev. Dr. Rose occupied the chair, the other gentlemen present being the Rev. Canon Dixon, the Rev. Dr. Evans, Dr. W. Grant Stewart, the Rev. Dr. Norton, the Rev. F. Dewey, the Rev. W. H. Sparling, the Rev. C. J. James, the Rev. W. W. Warriner, the Rev. E. McManus, Mr. J. H. Isaacson, Mr. Wm. Reid. There were also present a number of ladies interested in the institution.

In a few opening remarks the chairman expressed regret at the retiring of Mrs. H. Sanders from the office of secretary, but said that as she was to continue to act on the board of management the institution would still benefit by her experience.

The chairman then read the secretary's, Mrs. Sanders, report, for the year. It was to the effect that a large number of weak and frail infants had been received during the year. Of the 172 children in the home, 80 had been removed, 7 had been transferred to the Ladies' Benevolent, 31 had died, and 54 remained in the Home. Of the children in the Home, 16 were the children of widowers, 10 of widows, 35 with mothers sick, 3 with fathers sick, 6 with mothers in the Lunatic Asylum, 44 of deserted wives, or one or both parents drunkards, and 57 illegitimate. Of those remaining in the Home, 20 were with their mothers, 15 were paying board, and 19 were not paying. Thanks were due to the clergymen of the different denominations for their services, and to Mrs. Peter Wood, Miss Susan Dougall and Miss Boxall.

The Rev. Canon Dixon read the treasurer's report. It showed the total receipts for the year to have been $4,892.48, which, with the balance over from last year, brought the total up to $5,516.69. The disbursements had been $3,480.41, leaving a balance of $2,086.28. The present permanent fund of the Home is about $30,000, which includes the building. During the year a legacy of $500, less the legacy duty of $50, was received from the estate of the late Mr. Warden King. The report of the medical board was read by Dr. W. Grant Stewart. It was to the effect that at the beginning of the year there had been 53 children in the Home; 119 had been admitted since, making a total of 172. During the year there had been 31 deaths.

On motion of the Rev. Dr. Norton the reports were adopted.

The election of officers resulted as follows:—

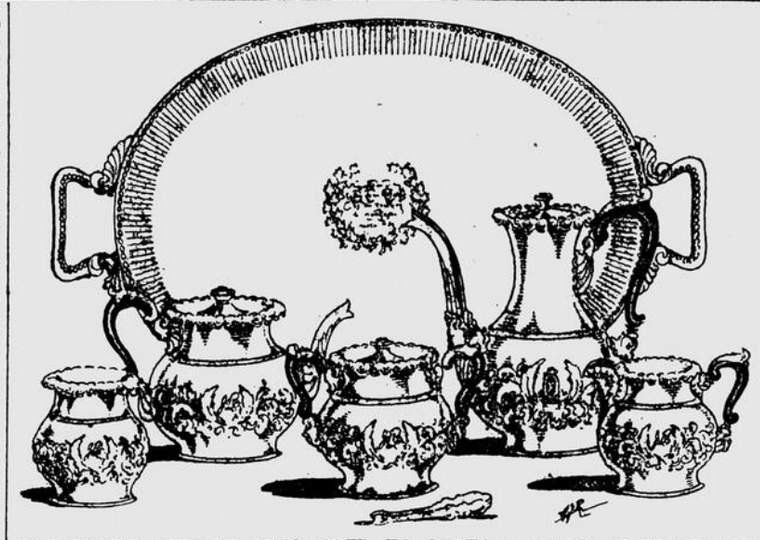
President, Mrs. Benjamin T. Davis; first vice-president, Mrs. James A. Hart; second vice-president, Mrs. W. T. Thomas; treasurer, Mrs. Charles Ault; secretary, Mrs. W. J. Benalleck.

Lady Managers—Mesdames Archibald, Alford, Brush, Fleming, Gilman, Hogle, Linton, Lewis, McLaren, McLean, Nelson, Rawlings, Oughtred, Ramsay, G. T. Ross, G. D. Ross, Rodgers, Saxe, Sanders, Shearer, Wright and Wilson.

Honorary members—Mesdames Carmichael, Campbell, Corse, Carpenter, Eadie, Fleck, Godfrey, Barnes, Leach, Lindsay, Molson, Mackay, McWilliams, Pelton and Wilkes.

Medical Board—Attending physicians, W. Grant Stewart, Kenneth Cameron, F. E. Thompson and David J. Evans. Consulting physicians, Dr. F. Gurd, G. T. Ross and F. G. Finley. Oculist and aurist, Dr. A. Proudfoot. Dentist, Dr. W. J. Giles.

Board of Advisors—The Hon. F. E. Gilman, Dr. Ault, Messrs. James Crathern, S. Bell, Richard White, J. N. Greenshields, James Moore, William Reid and J. H. Redfern. Legal Council—Robertson, Fleet & Falconer. Notary—Mr. J. H. Isaacson.



THE SILVER SERVICE PRESENTED TO CAPTAIN JOSEPH RITCHIE, LATE COMMANDER OF SS. "PARISIAN," BY HIS MONTREAL FRIENDS.

ANGLICAN MISSIONS.

THE BISHOP OF HURON AND THE REV. DR. MOCKRIDGE DELIVER ADDRESSES.

A well attended meeting of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada was held in St. George's Church school house last night. The Bishop of Montreal presided.

His Lordship said that the door was open for all who wished to enter into the arena of missionary work. All are called upon to do something towards the spreading of the gospel.

The secretary, the Rev. Dr. Mockridge, spoke for some time on the subject of missionary work in general and especially of the growth and development of the episcopate in Canada. He used for the occasion a map which he said he found most useful in illustrating missionary work in Canada when lecturing to an audience in England. He spoke of the growth of the Church in the thirteen colonies. After the American revolution a great many English Church clergymen being loyal to the Crown, gave up their positions and emigrated to Canada. In many cases they were followed by a large proportion of their congregations. Subsequent to the Revolution the name of the Church in the United States was changed from the Church of England to that of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The effect of the Revolution was to necessitate the establishment of a separate episcopate for the American Church. The Rev. Mr. Seabury crossed to England and after considerable difficulty succeeded in obtaining ordination. The Rev. Dr. Inglis was the first Canadian bishop. He was consecrated in 1787. His diocese consisted of the whole of the Lower Provinces, Newfoundland and Labrador. He had been rector of Trinity Church, New York. Once during the progress of the Revolution he was told that if he read the prayers for the King that he would be shot. During the progress of the service several soldiers fully armed came into the church. Dr. Inglis, however, read the service as usual and was not molested. In 1793 the Rev. Jacob Mountain was consecrated Bishop of Quebec, a diocese which was then as large as that of Nova Scotia. Following Bishop Mountain came Bishop Stewart, the second Bishop of Quebec. He was followed by the Right Rev. George Jehoshaphat Mountain, who was consecrated Bishop of the United Diocese of Quebec and Montreal. Bishop Mountain wished that Montreal should be constituted a separate diocese, which at length was accomplished. The establishment of the Dioceses of Toronto and Rupert's Land was described; Dr. Strachan was the first Bishop of Toronto. The Diocese of Ontario was established in 1862, the Rev. J. Travers Lewis, the present Archbishop of Ontario, being its first ruler. He was the first bishop consecrated in Canada. The history of the different dioceses was continued up to the present time. There are now twenty different dioceses in Canada with two archbishops, the Right Rev. Dr. Lewis of Ontario and the Right Rev. Dr. Machray of Rupert's Land.

His Lordship the Bishop of Huron, the Right Rev. Maurice Baldwin, made a missionary address. He said that no man could make a successful missionary except he recognized the great truth that there is but one religion, that of the Lord Jesus Christ. It is time that the Church of England should rouse herself and be foremost in all missionary enterprises. This is the best way to demonstrate the Divine origin of the Church. The British Empire is expanding; the progress of the Church of the Empire should be commensurate with its political expansion. A voice from heaven thunders forth to the Church of England commanding her to cast off her apathy and do her duty as the preacher and teacher of God's word. Orthodoxy must be proved by godliness of life and devotion to the cause of Christ. For want of this godliness and living faith the flood of Mohammedanism swept away in the fifteenth century no less than four hundred Christian bishoprics. God will remove the candlestick of any church whose members are found wanting in the Christ-like life. The Church of England is not called upon to build a house but rather to plant a tree whose branches shall reach to heaven and whose leaves shall be for the healing of the nations. All over Asia and Africa is heard the cry of 'God is God and Mahomet is his prophet.' It is only as we approach Europe that we hear the 'Trisagion' the appeal to the 'Thrice Holy.' Next to the hostility of Mohammedanism is found the great force of scepticism, which, however, in the mind of the learned at any rate, is shorn of a great part of its strength. Let Anglicans do their duty, let them flock to church and to missionary meetings and put something more than homeopathic contributions in the missionary box.

MEETING OF THE BOARD.

At the meeting of the Board of Management of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada, held yesterday in St. George's school house, it was resolved, after discussing the report of the committee appointed to enquire into the matter, to separate the offices of secretary and treasurer, and to make each an honorary officer under the Board. Failing the obtaining of a suitable honorary secretary, it was agreed that a clergyman at a salary of $1,000 per annum be appointed. A committee to carry out this recommendation was appointed. With respect to the editing of the Missionary magazines, the committee did not think that this work naturally appertained to the duties of general secretary, and it was suggested that a clergyman or layman be appointed to do the work, he to receive all that there might be in the way of profit after the expenses of printing and publishing the same, the magazines to be under the control of the Board.

These changes would mean, of course, the displacing of Dr. Mockridge, the present secretary-treasurer, who attends to the duties connected with the Missionary Society and edits the missionary magazines. The committee, therefore, recommended that the position and prospects of Dr. Mockridge be considered by the Board to carry out the views of the report with respect to the new appointments of honorary treasurer and secretary.

The following were appointed a committee to carry out the provisions of the report, with instructions to report to the Board to-day:—The Bishop of Niagara, Canon Von Iffland, Dr. L. H. Davidson and Dean Carmichael.

The following committee was appointed to revise the Ascensiontide appeal, and to report to-day:—The Bishop of Niagara, the Archdeacon of Kingston, Rural Dean Cooper and Mr. C. H. Vroom.

The report on Indian work was under discussion when the Board adjourned for the day.

NEWFOUNDLAND BANK SCANDALS.

THE TRIAL OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE UNION AND COMMERCIAL BANKS BEGUN.

St. John's, Nfld., April 25.—Proceedings against the directors of the Union and Commercial banks were formally begun to-day in the Supreme Court. Mr. Justice Little empanelled a grand jury and instructed them in the nature of their duties. He announced that they had been summoned to consider indictments against the directors of the above-named banks. That against the Commercial Bank directors will be first preferred. The jury is expected to occupy a week in considering both bills, when they will announce their findings. The probabilities are strong that they will reject both indictments.

A DOG'S BITE.

Judge Champagne rendered judgment yesterday in a case of Louis Miller versus Ludger Bourbonniere. By this action, the plaintiff claimed $99 damages for having been bitten by a dog belonging to defendant, and kept in a yard which he used jointly with another person. Miller had entered the yard without any felonious or other bad intention, and the dog, which was tied with a cord, making a jump broke the cord, and injured the plaintiff seriously. The Court held that Miller's trespass was not such as to relieve Bourbonniere from the responsibility which the law places on owners of animals for damage caused by such animals, and the defendant having shown negligence in not chaining his dog with a good chain or rope that could not be broken, he must be held responsible for the injuries suffered by Miller, and judgment must go in favor of the latter for the amount claimed.

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NOTES AND NOTICES.

An Authority.—When fifteen of the ablest practical physicians recommend Menthiol Cough Syrup for coughs, colds, etc., and employ it in their practice in preference to all other syrups, this proves its superiority; also when you call for it do not accept any other nor any other advices. For sale at retail everywhere; at wholesale by Lyman, Knox & Co., Evans & Sons, Kerry, Watson & Co., and Lyman Sons & Co.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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IF it is a question of merit; if you want the best Carpets that the market affords; if you want those standard makes which have been tested and found satisfactory, we can supply your needs.

IF it is a question of style; if you prefer this year's patterns to those which some dealers have carried over for many seasons; if you want the prettiest Carpets, we invite you to see ours.

IF it is a question of price; and you wish to economize; if you would like to pay as small a price as possible consistent with reliable goods, then we have just what you want.

IF it is a question of easy terms; if you want to get the goods now and pay for them later, we can arrange that, too, On all these points, or furnishing a home throughout

WE CAN

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Successors to Metropolitan Mfg. Co.,
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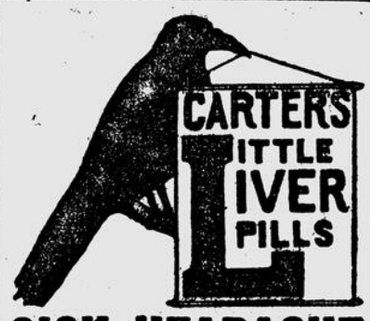
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SICK HEADACHE

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They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

THE MEDICINE NECESSARY

At times to the best regulated system is most effectual in the form of a Natural Aperient such as the

DUNCAN WATER
—OF—
Caledonia Springs.

Sold by all reliable grocers, hotels, druggists, etc., and
CHAS. GURD & CO., 43 Jurors st.
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Auction Sales.

M. Hicks & Co.

QUEENS AUCTIONEERS M. HICKS & CO.

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Valuations made. Charges moderate and prompt returns can be relied on.

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Spencerian, Russia Moheta, Esterbrook's.

HART'S, HEATH'S, CENTRIC, WAVERLEY, JOHN MITCHELL'S, COLLINS'.

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A Want of Confidence Motion to be Moved To-Day.

ECHOES OF LAST NIGHT'S SITTING OF THE HOUSE.

Ottawa, April 16.—There has been nothing so interesting to the House for a long time as the obsequies of the Remedial bill. They began at 11.30 last night and so loth were the members to part with an old friend that they lasted until 2.30 morning—a three hours' wake. The government were palpably in a funk and Mr. Ouimet was simply furious. He never spoke so well and he never made such a blunder as he did by declaring that the school bill would be the issue at the polls. This was playing into Mr. McCarthy's hands with a vengeance and it made all the Ontario and Western Conservatives very mad indeed. Half a dozen of them jumped up and repudiated Mr. Ouimet's policy. Mr. Foster was as angry and bitter as a defeated man usually is and he taunted Mr. Laurier with killing the bill which the Minister of Finance was aching to put through. Mr. Foster, like Sir Charles Tupper, is concerned for Mr. Laurier's position which they describe as being that of a traitor to his race and creed. Of course Mr. Foster, who sat up nights to fasten separate schools on Manitoba by a coercion bill, was not false to his race or creed because his race is for office, and his whole creed one of opportunism as opposed to principle. The Liberals were in good humor and more than that enthusiastic and they cheered so much that Mr. Foster remraked: 'You gentlemen must be fond of exercise.'

Sir Mackenzie Bowell was present and Mr. Greenway of Manitoba, who saw the last of the threat which Sir Charles Tupper vainly thought would intimidate Manitoba. The Manitoba Legislature meets to-day. No Ontario Cabinet Minister was present except the Comptroller of Customs.

On going into Supply to-day, the Opposition will move a vote of want of confidence.

FRESHETS AT ST. ANSELME.

THE BRIDGE SPANNING THE ETCHEMIN CARRIED AWAY.

Sherbrooke, Que., April 16.—The bridge over the Etchemin River at St. Anselme, on the Quebec Central Railway, twenty-one miles south of Levis, was carried off yesterday about four p.m. The water rose some twenty-five feet and carried off the crib work and centre pier. In summer the river at this point is usually dry and lies at least forty feet below the rails. Nothing can be done in the direction of repairing the break until the water has entirely disappeared, so that the resumption of traffic cannot be for some weeks unless a cantilever bridge is ordered, which is very likely. All traffic to and fro from here with Quebec is going via Grand Trunk.

ELECTIONS IN SPAIN.

NEWSPAPERS UNABLE TO SECURE PARTICULARS —EXCITEMENT IN THE PROVINCES.

New York, April 16.—The 'Herald's' Madrid special says: For the first time since the general election started the newspapers are unable to publish on the day following the official results in Madrid. 'This delay,' says the 'Liberal,' 'shows that what the government is pleased to call an election is nothing more than a fraud. The Marquis de Cabrinana, for whom all the guilds of Madrid are said to have voted solidly, expected unfair treatment at the polls and requested each person who voted for him to give him a written advice privately of the polling station and the time he recorded his vote, in order to check the official returns.

A great deal of exictement prevails in the provinces, and much money has been spent. In Bilbao, Senor Martinas Rivas, Conservative, offered to put up 2,000,000 pesetas against his opponent, Senor Pablo Iglesias, a Socialist. In Guernica, headquarters of the Basque rights of freedom and liberty, 50,000 pesetas were sent from Bilbao and the price of a vote rose to a sum varying from 150 to 175 pesetas. In Bilbao, one man is said to have been killed and one wounded. Quite a number of people have been arrested. A great performance was given at the Theatre de la Comedia last night in aid of those wounded in the Cuban campaign.

Madrid, April 16.—The newspapers supporting the Ministry deny the truth of the reports that a political crisis is impending.

Madrid, April 16.—A despatch from Havana to the 'Imparcial' says the insurgents have hanged twenty-two Spaniards in the Sagua district.

Madrid, April 16.—No disturbances have yet been reported as a result of the elections. The government newspapers contradict the current report that a crisis is impending.

AMERICAN SECURITIES ABROAD.

New York, April 16.—The 'Journal's' London special says:—'Truth,' Mr. Henry Labouchere's organ, discussing the languid condition of the American market on this side, says that this, as it has been frequently explained, is chiefly due to a species of madness with which American statesmen have been seized since Mr. Cleveland's message to Venezuela, which has induced an absolute disinclination on the part of European investors to take a hand in American rails. Congress also having taken up the Cuban question has thereby still more injured the best interests of the United States. Indeed, the injury to the country cannot be undone however much senators and representatives at Washington may have individually been benefited in their pockets.

THE FURNITURE CART UPSET.

AND MRS. GROULX WHO RODE ON TOP WAS BADLY INJURED.

An accident occurred about half-past twelve to-day on St. James street by which a woman named Mrs. Henri Groulx, who resides on Lusignan street, was somewhat severely injured. Mrs. Groulx was engaged in moving her furniture to another house on St. Paul street and at the time of the accident was seated on top of a load of her furniture which was piled in a two wheeled cart. Nearly opposite the Queen's Hotel and a few feet to the north of the street car track is a large hole worn around what is said to be one of the Gas Company's pipes. This hole is several inches deep, about two feet wide and about six feet in length. The young man who was driving tried to avoid going into the hole but a large waggon halted between it and the sidewalk crowded the cart towards the hole and the right wheel slipping in the load turned almost a complete somersault with Mrs. Groulx underneath. She was quickly extricated by passers-by but in an unconscious condition. She was removed to the General Hospital where it was found that she had received a very severe shaking and a bad blow on the side of the head. At last accounts she was resting easily.

ANGLICAN MISSIONS.

THE MEETING OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT THIS MORNING.

The Board of Management of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada, resumed its sessions this morning in St. George's school house, His Grace Archbishop Lewis presiding.

Several matters appertaining to the work of the mission were discussed at length. The committee appointed to go into the matter of finding suiable persons to accept the offices of hon. treasurer and secretary of the society, was as follows:—The Bishop of Niagara (chairman), Archdeacon of Kingston, the Rev. Canon Von Iffland and Dr. Davidson; while the committee to consult with Dr. Mockridge touching his altered position under the new agreement looking to the appointment of honorary officers instead of a paid treasurer and secretary at a salary of $2,000 per annum, was as follows:—Dean Carmichael, Archdeacon Brigstocke, Judge Senkler and Mr. C. Garth. This committee will go into the whole question with Dr. Mockridge, who has given his whole time to his duties, leaving a good parish for the purpose, and devoting himself to the work with great zeal and ability. It is felt that his interests cannot be permitted to suffer in the change which it is proposed to bring about by the new agreement. Just what can be done in the premises can not at present be known.

The Quebec Diocese had agreed to give three hundred dollars per annum towards the stipend of the Bishop of Algoma for five years, being the quota arranged for when this agreement was arrived at by the church of the ecclesiastical province touching the maintenance of the bishopric of Algoma. It seemed that seven hundred dollars of this amount, for which the Diocese of Quebec held receipts, had not been appropriated for this object. The Bishop of Algoma brought up the matter at the last meeting of the Provincial Synod. It now came before the Board for discussion. Finally, a committee was appointed to go into the matter. It is understood that the mistake arose through an error in book-keeping.

The Woman's Auxiliary have had in their hands a certain sum of money as a thank-offering, and it was the view of the board, after discussion, moved thereto by the motion of the Rev. Mr. Vroom, which was seconded by the Rev. Mr. Troop, that this money should be applied to the building of a hospital at Japan, said hospital to be subject to the Bishop of Japan, and, further, that it was not necessary to refer the matter back to the several contributing dioceses.

The application of Miss Miller to do missionary work in the Selkirk district was favorably entertained, provided the Woman's Auxiliary would guarantee the necessary expenses.

It was also resolved that the Woman's Auxiliary be asked to grant the sum of two hundred dollars, renewable annually, to assist in the erection of a home in Nagan, Japan, for the purpose of training native bible readers.

Several other matters were disposed of at the morning session. It is expected that the business of the board will be terminated this evening.

TWO ASSIGNMENTS.

Euclide Portugais, restaurant keeper, has assigned at the demand of Charles Desmarteau, with liabilities of about $1,300.

Adolphe Lapierre, hotel-keeper, has also assigned, at the demand of C. A. Chevenert, with liabilities of about $1,200.

THAT PLATFORM.

The Work of Construction Still Going on in Face of Orders to Stop.

A MEETING OF THE MOUNT ROYAL PARK COMMITTEE.

The Mount Royal Park Committee met this morning to discuss whether or not that huge platform being constructed by the Incline Railway Company at the top of the mountain should be gone on with or not.

At the previous meeting of the committee it had been decided that the work should be stopped until the opinion of the City Council should be heard on the matter. The Council, however, had not reported on the matter when the committee met this morning.

It was learned, to the intense astonishment of many of the members, that no notice had been taken of the motion to stop the work, which was going on as merrily as though the company owned the park and the citizens or Council had no right to utter one word as to its management.

There was a full meeting of the committee. Ald. Ouimet, the new chairman presided. As soon as the question was brought up Ald. Prefontaine said that he believed the powers of the Park Committee were such that it had the right to order work, etc. to be gone on with on the mountain without the consent of the Council. He moved that the city surveyor should see that the platform or pavilion was properly constructed.

Ald. Atwater—'There is a great deal of dissatisfaction at the way in which this pavilion is being constructed and also as to what is the motive for constructing it. For my part I am extremely doubtful as to the contention that this committee has the power to order such work to be done without the consent of Council. All committees are subject to the will of the Council and for the life of me I cannot understand how this committee can claim to be exempt from it. What is the motive for construction of this big pavilion? Is it to be used as a place of amusement or only for better accommodation for passengers? Again, how does it happen that this company is going on constructing this platform when it was definitely decided at the last meeting of this committee that the work be stopped until the wishes of the Council were heard on the matter.

Messrs. McNamee, Mann and Turner, three men heavily interested in the Incline Railway, were present and Mr. Mann replied that as the work had been started he thought it was only right for the citizens' sake that it should be continued,—there must be some place to land and the old platform had been torn up.

Ald. Prefontaine—Let us refer the question to the city attorney. Personally I do not see that there has been any grave wrong committed.

'I want to know,' said Ald. Stevenson, 'whether or not this big covered platform is to be used for dancing or not?'

Mr. McNamee—No, my friend, it is not for dancing, but (laughingly) it can be used for religious services if you want.' The speaker looked around for applause, but it did not come.

Ald. Prefontaine—I move that we visit the place, see what kind of a structure is being put up and ask the city attorney as to the powers of this committee.

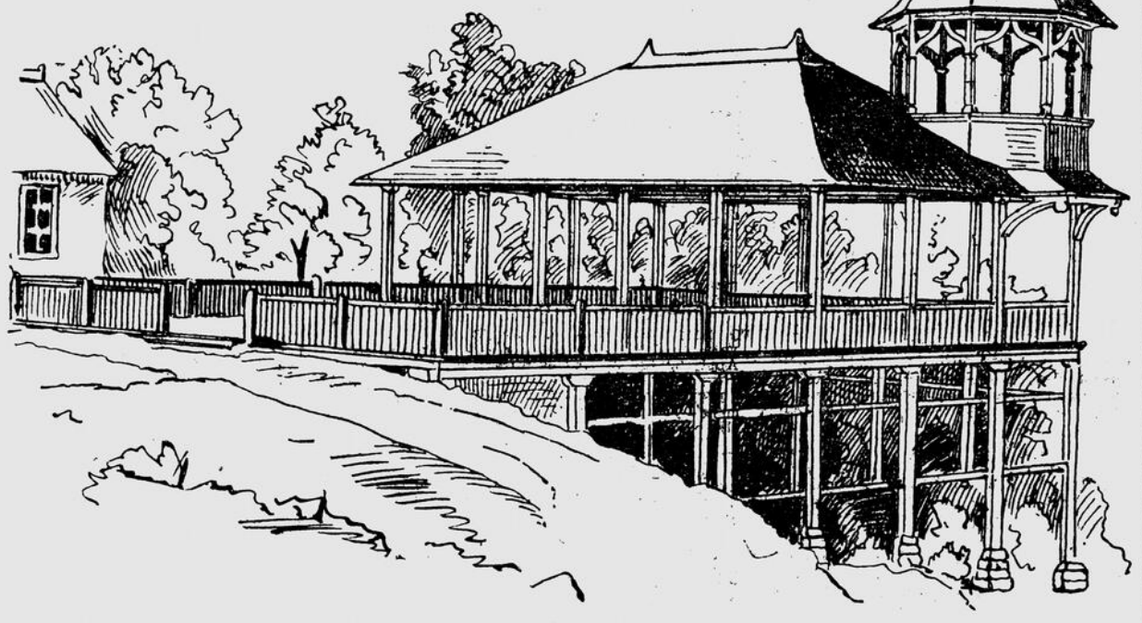
'I tell you,' broke out Ald. Stevenson, wrathfully, 'that work on this platform must be stopped as ordered by this committee. Who are the masters of this situation, the Mount Royal Park Committee or the Incline Railway Company? It is a nice state of affairs when any company can come to such a pass as to ignore the wishes of the civic committees. I demand that this work be stopped, as ordered.'

Mr. Mann—But you know, Mr. Stevenson, we must have some place to land our passengers, and then we want to do our best for the public, you know.

Ald. Stevenson (cynically)—Oh, yes, we all know your great love for the citizens.

'This railway,' said Ald. Atwater, 'is a private concern and the public is not particularly interested in its good wishes towards it. The facts of the case are that this company has paid no attention to the orders of this committee and have been going on with work that it should not have done. It is time that such high handed proceedings were put a stop to.'

It was finally decided that the committee should inspect the platform and also submit the question as to the committee's powers to the city attorney. The committee then adjourned.



THE INCLINE RAILWAY PLATFORM ON TOP OF THE MOUNTAIN.

THE ICE STILL UNSETTLED.

About two p.m. the ice began to move again along the south shore and did not move on the city side of the river. The movement did not reach Longueuil, where it is blocked, as it is all the way to Boucherville yet. The water is higher on the opposite side of the river than it is opposite the Harbor Commissioners' offices. There is a very large heap of grounded ice to be seen above the Victoria Bridge which has not been disturbed by the movement of the ice on both sides of it. The bay at Laprairie is clear of ice, but the water in the neighborhood still remains unusually high. Wild ducks are flying around the open water in search of the food which the high water prevents them from getting.

Lachine, 3 p.m.—The water is getting higher and only small pieces of the lake ice are passing down.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.

SIR MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH INTRODUCES IT AMID CONSERVATIVE CHEERS.

London, April 16.—In the House of Commons to-day at 4.25 p.m., Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, rose amid Conservative cheers to deliver the speech introducing the budget. He began by saying that despite the fact that the expenditure of the last fiscal year had been larger than that of any year since the last great war, the surplus in the treasury was the largest that had ever been known and the credit of the country was never so high. The yield of consols to the purchaser, he said, was just about half what it was a century ago.

A larger sum had been applied to the reduction of the national debt that had ever before been applied to that end within a similar period.

The deposits in savings banks and permanent accounts in ordinary banks had amounted to an unprecedented point and the production of gold throughout the world had been the highest ever known. The amount of bullion in the Bank of England was £49,000,000 and the reserve fund in the bank in proportion to its liabilities was the highes ton record.

A LAWER CENSURED.

At a meeting of the Council of the Bar, held yesterday, Mr. C. P. Beaubien, advocate, was censured for having recently struck Dr. Young, dentist, in the Court House.

Mr. St. George, city surveyor, is suffering from a severe cold and has been confined to his home for three days.

SENT BACK TO CANADA.

Windsor, Ont., April 16.—Three men bound from Ottawa to Milwaukee, Wis., were compelled to return to this country by the Immigration Inspector of Detroit. Two of the men claimed that they were going to Milwaukee on a visit, while the third stated that he had worked in that city for the past four years and had a child buried there. His wife is now visiting relatives in Ottawa. Customs Officer Druillard took the evidence of the men and will forward it to the Canadian Government. The men had purchased railway tickets from Ottawa to Milwaukee and these are now useless.

A DAKOTA TORNADO.

Faulkton, S.D., April 16.—A tornado passed through Faulk county north-east to south-west yesterday, resulting in two deaths and the injury of several persons. Considerable damage was done at Cresbard, Millard and Burkemire. Several houses and barns were blown away, the residence of E. T. Evans was completely destroyed, his two children were killed and Evans and his wife were badly injured. At Burkmire the Winona Mill Company's elevator was demolished. At Cresbard a church was moved from its foundations.

TRIED TO DROWN HER BABE.

BY SHOVING IT THROUGH A HOLE IN THE ICE.

A DISTRESSING SCENE ON THE CANAL.

An attempt to commit a most dastardly and unnatural crime by a mother whose maternal instinct was obliterated and her mind rendered desperate and frenzied by drink, occurred at the canal last evening, about 11.30, near the Napoleon road bridge. Two young men happened to be standing on the bridge at the time, when they noticed a woman staggering down the street with a child in her arms. She had barely reached them when she fell in the mud, covering herself and her babe with filth. This mishap seemed to infuriate her, and catching up the nursling she rushed towards the canal bank and endeavored to shove it through a hole in the ice. The two young fellows, who had been watching her closely, perceived her intention and were just in time to frustrate her in her design. They obtained possession of the child, but the mother struggled furiously to get it. Thinking it would pacify her they handed it back. One of the men then hurried off to the police station, the other staying on guard at the bridge. Before the patrol waggon arrived, however, it is alleged that she made a second attempt to destroy her infant, but was prevented by the man who remained to watch her. In course of time the patrol waggon arrived with Lieutenant Lemay and Constables Hillman and Dyse, of No. 9 Station. It was then ascertained that the woman was the wife of a respectable laborer residing on Manufacturers street. He was notified, and arrived on the scene. As his wife was in a very delicate condition, the police, fearing possible serious results, thought it best not to take her to the station, and allowed her to go home, the husband assuring them that he would take charge of her and would also take preventive measures against a repetition of the occurrence. It is said that after arriving at her domicile, the woman became violent and abusive towards her husband, threatening that she would poison him and all the children. The matter was brought to the attention of Mr. Marshall, inspector for the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Women and Children, this morning, and that officer expressed his intention of taking out a warrant for the woman's arrest.

WILL CLEAN THE MAIN STREETS.

AS THERE IS MONEY TO TAKE AWAY MUD BUT NOT SNOW.

Forty laborers and fifty carters were started to work this morning by the Road Department to clear the mud from the streets. While there is no money left to clear away any more snow from the streets there is an appropriation of $60,000 to clear the mud from them and keep them in order; hence the action of the Road Committee to-day. The streets that are covered with ice will of course not be cleaned.

LOCAL STOCKS

CANADIAN PACIFIC STOCK CONTINUES TO APPRECIATE.

WITNESS OFFICE, Thursday, April 16, 1896.

On the local stock exchange this morning the feature of interest was the further appreciation of Canadian Pacific, the stock opening here at 58¾ and closing at 59, a gain of 2¼ from yesterday and 4⅝ for the week. In London this morning it was quoted at 60. Montreal Street was steady at 220½ and a sale of stock x-d. was made at 218. A few bank stocks changed hands and $5,500 of colored Cotton Bonds. Apart from Canadian Pacific the changes in values were trifling.

The sales at the morning board were:—58 Canadian Pacific at 58¾, 5 at 58, 10 at 58½, 50 at 59, 25 Cable at 162, 230 Montreal Street Railway at 220½, 180 x-d. at 218, 50 Gas at 191½, 50 Postal at 87⅝, 12 Hochelaga at 122, 12 Merchants at 165¾, 2 Montreal at 222, 20 Colored Cotton at 60, $500 Colored Bonds at 99¼, $5,000 at 99, 30 Western Loan & Mortgage at 98.

The sales at the afternoon board were:—25 Cable at 161½, 20 Electric at 117.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler.

	Between Banks. Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	1-10 dis.	1-16 dis.	⅛ prem.
Sterling, 60 days	9⅝	9 11-16	9¾ 9⅞
Sterling, demand	9¾	9⅞	10
Sterling, cables	10	10⅛	10⅛

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

Stocks.	Sellers	Buyers
Canadian Pacific	59	58½
Do. do. Land Bonds	....	....
Duluth S.S. & Atlantic	6	5
Do. do. do. Pref	12	10½
Grand Trunk 1st Pref	....	....
Do. do. 2nd Pref	....	....
Commercial Cable	161¾	161½
Montreal Telegraph	167	165
Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co	90	85
Montreal St. Railway Co	221	220½
Montreal Gas Co	192	191½
Bell Telephone Co	156	154
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Royal Electric	120	100
Bank of Montreal	225	220
Ontario Bank	75	55
Bank of British North America	....	....
La Banque du Peuple	....	....
Molsons Bank	180	170
Bank of Toronto	....	235
La Banque Jacques Cartier	100	....
Merchants' Bank	167	165½
Do. do. of Halifax	....	....
Eastern Townships Bank	....	....
Quebec Bank	....	119¾
La Banque Nationale	....	....
Union Bank	110	100
Canadian Bank of Commerce	135	131
La Banque Ville Marie	100	72½
Hochelaga Bank	....	122
Intercolonial Coal	....	....
Do. Pref. Stock	....	....
North-West Land	....	....
Canada Shipping Co	....	....
Canada Paper	....	....
Champlain & St. Lawrence Bonds	....	....
Montreal Cotton	128¾	126
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co	65	55
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Merchants' Manufacturing Co	140	....
Dominion Cotton Mills Co	99	95
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Loan & Mortgage Co	....	....
Toronto Street Railway	76	75½

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

(Furnished by J. R. Meeker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 1 p.m.

Atchison	14	14⅛
Can. Pacific	....	....
Can. Southern	....	....
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	74½	74⅝
Clev. C. C. & St. Louis	56	56
Com. Cable	....	....
Del. & Hud	127	127
Del. Lack & West	141	141
Erie	15	15
Ill. Central	....	....
Louis. & Nash	74	74⅛
Lake Shore	....	....
Manhattan Consolidated	11	11
Missouri Pacific	14	14
North American	....	....
Nor. Pacific	....	....
Nor. Pac. pfd	14	14
New Jersey Central	104	104
Nor. West	104	104
N. Y. & N. Eng	....	....
N. Y. Central	97	97
Omaha, Common	35	35
Pacific Mail	35	35
Reading, Philadelphia	11	11
Richmond Terminal	....	....
Rock Island Chico. & Pac	....	....
St. Paul, Chico. & Minn	73	73
St. Paul Minn & Man	....	....
Texas Pacific	....	....
Union Pacific	....	....
Wabash Com	....	....
Wabash pfd	14	14
Western Union Tel	85	85
Sugar	124	124
Lead	23	23
Gas, Chicago	69	69
Gen. Electric	37	37
Toledo, Ann Arbor & Nor. Mich	....	....
Rubber	....	....

WHEAT HIGHER.

PRICES ADVANCE AGAINST BEARISH ADVICES.

In Chicago this morning wheat opened fractionally lower at 65¼c to 65⅛c May, and 66⅝c to 66⅛c July, and afterwards advanced to 66c May, and 66⅝c July; thence the market fell off fractionally on bearish weather conditions and lower tables, but the bullish element would not be denied, and the market closed from ⅛ to ½ of a cent higher. Pork was stronger for April and May. Lard and short ribs were gently weaker. Corn and oats were fractionally higher.

CHICAGO MARKET.

The following table shows the range of prices in Chicago to-day, and the closing quotations as compared with those of yesterday:—

	Yesterday's Close.	To-day's Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—					
April	65	....	....	....	65⅛
May	65½	65¼	65⅞	65⅛	65⅜
July	66⅝	66⅝	67	66⅛	66⅜
Corn—					
April	29⅝	....	29⅞	....	29⅝
May	30⅛	30⅛	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜
Oats—					
April	19	....	....	....	19⅛
May	30⅛	30⅛	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜
Pork—					
April	8.52	....	....	....	8.55
May	8.67	8.50	8.60	8.47	8.6.
Lard—					
April	4.95	....	....	....	4.90
May	4.97	4.95	4.95	4.90	4.92
Short ribs—					
April	4.35	....	....	....	4.35
May	4.40	4.35	4.37	4.32	4.35

Milwaukee, April 16.—1.15 p.m.—Closing—65c cash, 66c May.

Duluth, April 16, 1.15 p.m. — Closing — No. 1 Northern, 63⅞c April, 64⅜c May; No. 1 hard, 65⅜c cash.

Toledo, April 16, 1.20 p.m. — Closing—74c April, 74c bid May.

St. Louis, April 16, 1.20 p.m.—Closing—59c April, 59¾c May.

New York, April 16, 2.20 p.m. — Closing—Wheat, 75⅝c April, 73½c May, 72¾c July; corn, 37⅛c April, 36⅝c May.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, April 16.—The market is quiet, little business transacted; straight rollers quoted at $3.50 to $3.60 Toronto freights. Bran dull, cars quoted at $10.75 to $11 west. Wheat easier, offerings plentiful; white sold outside at 77c and red offered at 76c west; No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 79c North Bay and it is quoted at 67c Fort William, May delivery; No. 1 Northern, 77c to 78c North Bay. Barley dull, prices steady; No. 1 quoted outside at 40c; No. 2 at 32c to 33c; No. 3 extra at 31c, and feed at 29c. Oats quiet, prices unchanged; white sold at 22c on the Northern, and mixed at 21½c outside, ten cent freight to Toronto. Peas quiet, quotations unchanged at 49c. Buckwheat steady, prices unchanged at 31c on Northern and 32c to 33c on Midland. Oatmeal quiet, prices nominal at $2.80 to $2.85 on track. Corn quiet, prices easy, there being sales of yellow outside at 30¾c. Rye quiet, prices nominal at 41c outside.

UNITED STATES CROP BULLETIN.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 16.—The 'Price Current' summarizes the crop conditions for the past week as follows:—Late wheat crop information is more cheerful. The general appearance is improving, but is not reflecting positive betterment in the prospect. Moisture is deficient to a considerable extent. Spring seeding is in fair progress, with some gain in area indicated.

LONDON SUGAR MARKET.

London, April 16, 4.30 p.m.—Sugar, centrifugal, 96 test, 13s 6d to 13s 9d; Muscovado fair refining, 11s 9d to 12s 3d; beet, April, 12s 9¾d; June, 12s 11¼d.

SHIPPING.

The Allan SS. State of Nebraska arrived at New York on Thursday morning.

The Allan SS. Assyrian, from Glasgow and Liverpool for Halifax and Philadelphia, arrived at Halifax at 7 p.m. on Wednesday.

New York, April 16.—Arrived SS. State of Nebraska from Glasgow.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Superior, from Liverpool, April 4, arrived at St. John, N.B., this morning.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Ontario sailed from St. John N.B., for Liverpool at noon to-day.

Plymouth, April 16. — Arrived SS. Fuerst Bismarck from New York.

Southampton, April 16.—Arrived SS. Spree from New York.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

(RECEIVED TOO LATE TO BE CLASSIFIED).

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, a few dozen Young General Servants; country Girls drive right in, no delay; situations waiting. GORMAN'S AGENCY, 103 Alexander street.

WANTED, BRASS AND IRON-FINISHERS; only sober steady men need apply. THE CHANTELOUP M'F'G CO. Ltd., 593 Craig stret.

WANTED, DRESSMAKER, FIRST-CLASS in connection with Dry Goods Store, good opening. Address with and for particulars to J. D. THOMSON, Buckingham, Que.

OUR DIRTY STREETS.

(o the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Ald. Rainville is in error when he attributes the blame for our dirty streets to the legislation of last session. The law in regard to appropriations is unchanged except as to the dates when the appropriations are to be made. This law, which has been in force for twenty years, makes every alderman personally responsible for voting away money in excess of the appropriations. There was no further penalty attached to the infringement of the law, and the aldermen went on, year after year, spending money in excess of the annual appropriations (in 1894 to the extent of $400,000), trusting to obtain from the legislature an indemnity for their breach of the law. The legislature last session saw through the abuse and provided that in future the penalty should be increased, by adding to it the disqualification for five years of aldermen who vote away money illegally. This is the only change in the law affecting appropriations.

Of course this proviso is fatal to all aldermen who are desirous of unlimited power to spend the public money, and boodle is less plentiful. The law has brought up the speculative aldermen all standing and now Aldermen Rainville and Prefontaine are sulking and trying to discredit the legislature at Quebec, which, on the contrary, is entitled to the gratitude of Montreal taxpayers for the reform which it has enacted.

There was appropriated this year to the Road Department for street cleaning and watering $60,000. What has been done with this money? Surely it cannot have been spent in the four past winter months? There is no reason why the Road Committee should not go on with the road cleaning at once.

G. W. STEPHENS.

Montreal, April 16, 1896.

THE AUER LIGHT.

The annual meeting of the Auer Incandescent Light Manufacturing Company, limited, was held yesterday afternoon at the office of the company, No. 2 St. James street. The annual report was presented. A dividend of fifty cents per share was announced and mailed to all stockholders on record on April 14.

The following directors were elected for the ensuing year:—A. O. Granger, J. Murphy, F. E. Nelson, Charles A. Ducros, J. G. Ross, William Strachan, S. Carsley, the Hon. Joseph M. Gazzan, J. G. Sullivan.

The board organized immediately after the stockholders' meeting by electing A. O. Granger, president; John Murphy, vice-president; and Thomas Sutton, secretary-treasurer.

COOL PLACE TO KEEP AWAY FROM.

Buffalo, N.Y., April 15.—More than a dozen Canadians arrived in Buffalo yesterday, all bound for Rome, N.Y., where they were told that they could get employment on the canal and receive a share of the $9,000,000 appropriated for improvements. 'The report has been spreading about Canada that men are in demand over here to work on the canal,' said Immigrant Inspector Debarry. 'I do not know how it started, but there will be many disappointments if they come. I told many with that idea that the law of the state prohibited any other than citizens being employed, and some went back. Those who did not will find that they cannot get work unless they are citizens.'

FREE CARTAGE ON THE G.T.R.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 15.—The decisions of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the Circuit Court ordering the Grand Trunk to discontinue free cartage here was vacated in the United States Court of Appeals at Cincinnati yesterday. The depot is two miles from the city, making free cartage almost necessary. It was carried on even after the Circuit Court decision, pending appeal, but afterwards discontinued by the recent traffic association agreement in Detroit. When free cartage will be resumed is unknown by officials of the road.

TRAGEDY IN A COURT HOUSE.

Central City, Col., April 15.—During the trial of a case this morning Samuel Covington, who was charged with endeavoring to intimidate a witness, denied the assertion, and being threatened with arrest drew a pistol and killed ex-Mayor Williams and mortally wounded City Marshal Kelehor. Covington, while endeavoring to escape, was shot dead by Henry Leanan.

A DESIRABLE CHANGE.

Toronto, April 16.—The provincial government has decided to appoint a woman inspector for female prisoners. The duties of the office will be more than those of inspecting prisons, and will include some kind of a supervision of charitable institutions, which it is believed will come under the control of the province. A large number of applications have been received for the position. The three most likely candidates are Mrs. John Harvie, Miss M. C. Elliot, of the Refuge for Girls, and Mrs. Large, returned Methodist missionary from Japan.

McKINLEY AND THE A.P.A.

Louisville, Ky., April 15.—In a speech at Linton Hall to-day, Mr. J. H. Stephens, chairman of the National Advisory Board of the A.P.A., stated that the Catholic Church was backing McKinley with the hope of killing A.P.A.-ism in the Republican party in the event of McKinley's success. The State Advisory Board of the A.P.A. held a meeting at noon, and it was decided that would be best for the A.P.A. delegates to the Republican convention not to vote to endorse the candidack of either Bradley or McKinley.

A CELEBRATED SCULPTOR DEAD.

Vienna, April 16.—Victoria Oscar Tilgner, the celebrated Austrian sculptor, died here to-day from a stroke of apoplexy. His death occurred only a few days before the time fixed for the unveiling of his masterpiece, a monument to Mozart. He was in his fifty-second year.

YAMAGATA AT BROOKLYN.

New York, April 16.—Marshal Yamagata and suite visited the Brooklyn navy yard yesterday and a salute of nineteen guns was fired in his honor. He was received by Commandant Sicard and his officers who entertained the visitors at luncheon.

Property.

FOR SALE, CHOICE BUILDING LOTS at Montreal West, on streets having water, electric light and drainage facilities, prices from 8c per foot up. Special advantages and money loaned on easy terms of payment to assist in building. ROOM 13, 162 St. James street. 16

FOR SALE, AT MONTREAL WEST, Houses with modern improvements, water supply, electric lighting, drainage and close to railway stations; prices from $1,800 to $4,600; small cash payment, balance easy instalments. Apply ROOM 13, 162 St. James street. 16

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT MONTREAL Junction, newly built Cottage, with about twelve thousand feet of land; price, $2,200; terms easy. Also for sale, a substantial brick house and grounds near C.P.R. station. D. S. LEACH, 204 St. James st. 15

LOTS FOR SALE, ON WELLINGTON street, corner of Gough, Verdun, opposite Heron Ile ferry wharf. Apply to J. E. HAYDEN, 97 Favard street, Point St. Charles, or 310 St. Paul street, city. 13

SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO, HAVING water power now developed, is becoming a manufacturing centre; new lumbering region opening up; all makes excellent market for produce. Lands for sale near the town. Apply to W. H. LAIRD, 14 Mount Morris Park, West, New York.

FOR SALE AT MONTREAL JUNCTION, New Brick House and Stable on half acre lot; easy terms. Apply to G. H. MASSY, 180 St. James street. 9

FOR SALE, ST. LAMBERT, A FIRST-class semi-detached, bricked residence, 3 minutes from railway station; eight rooms and extension kitchen, etc; garden, back and front; lot, 42½x210 ft. Apply to present occupant, J. P. SUDBURY, St. Lambert, or care of North American Life Co., 180 St. James street, city.

FOR SALE, in South Essex, Forty Acres of cleared land; frame house and barn. For particulars apply to RICHARD HENDERSON, Kingsville, P.O., Ontario. 13

FOR SALE, RESIDENCE, WATERLOO, Eastern Townships, twelve rooms, large halls, bath, w.c., furnace, extension, carriage house, stable, kitchen, garden, lawn, shade, fruit; magnificent location; five minutes to C. P. or C. V. R.; fine boating and fishing. Part cash; easy payments. Box 18, Waterloo, P.Q. 4

FOR SALE,—Nos. 56 and 60 MARLBOROUGH ST., Hochelaga. 195 feet front, 126 feet deep; fronting on Seaver st. Clear title, $7,000; corporation value, $10,000; with Double Stone House Brick Extension, Sheds, Stables, Out Buildings. Also No. 60, Dwelling, with Sheds and Stable, etc. The whole of the above 30 cents per foot as specified. Terms easy. Apply to W. KENNEDY, 25 Bleury street. Also a Vacant Lot with Sheds, etc., on Seaver street. 100 feet front by a depth of 89 feet. Price, $2,000. 10

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. CURRIE,

CLOTHIER.



OUR LINE OF

Boys', Young Men's and Men's

CLOTHING

has the knack of attracting all cash buyers. The Material, the Workmanship, the Fit, all are just what the Season requires.

WILLIAM CURRIE,

Clothier and Hatter,

1967 Notre Dame St.

House-Letting Directory.

To Let.

TO RENT, 310 PRINCE ARTHUR STREET extension kitchen, Daisy furnace, gas fixtures, 12 rooms; $35 a month; no taxes. 16

TO LET, 37 STAYNER AVENUE, WESTmount, stone front Cottage, 7 rooms, extension kitchen, Daisy furnace; all modern improvements; rent $325 free taxes. CHAS. J. BROWN, 4206 St. Catherine street, Westmount. 16

TO LET, GROCERY STORE AT MONTreal West, with Dwelling attached; large cool cellars; plate glass windows; good stabling; rent low to live man. Apply ROOM 13, 162 St. James street. 16

TO LET, FRAME COTTAGE CLOSE TO Grand Trunk Station at Montreal West, and close to projected Electric Railway to Lachine, $8 per month. Apply ROOM 13, 162 St. James street. 16

TO LET OR FOR SALE, ON EASY terms, a New House on Gardenville ave., Longueuil West. Apply to A. HARDIE, or P.O. Box 45. 16

TO LET, STONE FRONT, MODERN House, No. 156 St. Luke street; fine view. R. A. DUNTON, 110 St. James street. 16

TO LET, HALF OF STORE, IN BUSY part of city, near Post-Office, or Desk Room. EASTWOOD & BRYCE, 110 St. Francois Xavier street. 16

TO LET, FLAT, FIVE ROOMS, NEAR ST. Louis square; $7.50 per month; no taxes. J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James street. 15

TO LET, 273 and 277 ST. URBAIN STREET, above Ontario street, very comfortable residences of 12 rooms each, heated by hot water, good yards, sheds, and private lane in rear. 1722 Ontario street, 12 room house, stove heat. 23 Montcalm street, a neat residence, 10 rooms, yard, shed, and private lane, between Notre Dame street and the river. Also, small, but cheerful office, in 61 St. Gabriel street, hot water heat. All in good order or will be made so. Rent moderate. Tenant's comfort consulted. Apply to H. H. AUSTIN, Agent estate John Tiffin, 318 St. Paul street. Telephone 723.

TO LET, CHOICE TENEMENT, MODERN improvements; very central; moderate rent. J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James street. 15

TO LET, FURNISHED THROUGHOUT, two dwellings, one 6 rooms, $24; one 9 rooms, $30. Apply at 237 St. Urbain street. Telephone 6012. 15

TO RENT, AT MONTREAL SOUTH, A house of five rooms. For particulars apply to Montreal South Post-Office, Box 26.

TO LET, ST. LAMBERT, FOR SUMMER months, substantial Brick House, facing the St. Lawrence; splendid location; heated with Daisy Furnace; good water supply. Fruit Trees and nice Lawn. Everything in first-class condition. Apply to D. BEATTY, 137 St. Peter street, or to GEO. BEATTY, St. Lambert. 14

HOUSE TO LET, 2490 ST. CATHERINE street, first-class Stone House, 15 Rooms, hot water furnace; all modern conveniences, yard, etc. Apply to F. ST. GERMAIN 62 St. James street.

TO LET, FINE STONE HOUSE, No. 366 Wood avenue, 8 apartments, with all modern conveniences; situation unsurpassed; the only house in the row vacant; immediate entry. Address JOHN PARSLOW, 160 St. James street. 9 10

TO LET, 2 NEW FLATS OF 8 ROOMS each, No. 690 and 690b St. Antoine street; these flats are heated with Daisy furnace and newly tinted, and could be occupied immediately. Apply at 694 St. Antoine street. 14

TO LET, NEAR WELLINGTON BRIDGE, a Lower Tenement, 5 rooms, bath and w.c., No. 32 St. Columban street. WARD & CO., 260 St. James street. 118

TO LET, UPPER TENEMENTS, 121, 183, 185, 197 McCord street, 4 rooms each, $6.50 month; one lower, 3 rooms, $5.50 month; no taxes. Apply 22 Park avenue. 11

TO LET, HOUSE, CORNER OF UNION avenue, Cathcart street and Phillips square; alterations made for a suitable tenant. Apply to A. JOYCE, Phillips square. 11

TO LET, No. 2804 ST. CATHERINE St., eleven rooms, with bath and w.c., on both bedroom floors; hot water heating, and all modern improvements; rent $400. Apply to GEORGE A. THOMSON, 39 St. Sacrament street. 9

TO LET, THOSE TWO DESIRABLE Lower tenements, Nos. 281 and 283 St. Charles Borromee street; all modern conveniences; separate entrances; will be decorated and put in first class order for suitable tenant. Apply to A. COWEN, 914 Sherbrooke street or to J. ROBINSON, 585 Cadieux street. 10

AT OUTREMONT.

Brick Cottage, with furnace and water, corner St. Louis street and main road. Apply to

ALEX. BREMNER, 50 Bleury street. 20

TO LET,

166 MANSFIELD STREET, large House, 15 Rooms, suitable for large family or Doctor; hot water furnace, etc.; and all modern conveniences. Rent, $550 and taxes.

79 FORT STREET, Stone Front Cottage, extension kitchen, five bedrooms, hot water furnace, etc. Rent, $280 and taxes.

89 FORT STREET, Stone Front Cottage, extension kitchen, 5 bedrooms, hot water furnace, etc. Rent, $280, and taxes. Apply to

C. L. MALTBY, 309 St. James st.

All Cottages to be tinted and painted spring.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

LOST, ON SHERBROOKE STREET, near St. Lawrence, on Wednesday, an embroidered Apron. The finder will be rewarded by returning same to 67 St. Hypolite street. 116

Board and Rooms Wanted.

WANTED—TWO LADIES WISH THREE unfurnished rooms, on bath-room flat, private family, no children; West End or Westmount preferred. State terms to T. W., 'Witness' Office. 16

To Let.

TO LET, THAT COMFORTABLE AND cheerful lower Tenement, 5 rooms, $12 per month, corner Prince Arthur and Hotel de Ville avenue. Large open space in front. St. Louis square only a few feet east. House in perfect order, has every modern convenience, and a good cellar. Apply at No. 11 Prince Arthur street. 16

TO LET, FIVE-ROOMED HOUSE, a large Carriage Shed and Stabling for 4 horses. Call at No. 504 St. Dominique street, or 165 Dalhousie street. 16

TO LET, AT ST. LAMBERT, PART OF Furnished House, for light housekeeping, or rooms with good board. Address ST. LAMBERT, 'Witness' Office. 16

TO LET, 4-ROOMED, COSY, LOWER dwelling, 150 Coursol street, in good repair; reduced rent. 81 Coursol street. 16

TO LET, 81 CATHCART STREET, SELF-contained House, large yard, no basement, good cellar. Apply at 79 Cathcart street. 16

SHOPS TO LET—43½ Bleury street, fine Store; 211 Bleury street, New Shop, nice order. JOHN BURRELL, Real Estate Agent, Temple Building. 11

TO LET, 14, 24 AND 26 ARGYLE AVE., rents low; 45 Bleury street, 2 flats, large rooms; 14 Berthelet street; all in good order. JOHN BURRELL, Temple Building. 11

TO LET, THAT HANDSOME STONE front residence, 89 Park avenue, containing eight apartments, extension kitchen, b. and w.c.; stationary wash tubs; heated by hot water, in first-class order. Apply CHARLES T. BASTIAN, 457 St. Lawrence street. 14

TO LET, BRICK COTTAGE, 69 Aylmer street, containing 8 rooms, b. and w.c., in good order. Apply CHARLES T. BASTIAN, 457 St. Lawrence street. 14

TO LET, No. 222 Wood avenue, Westmount, high class flat, heated by hot water; close to St. Catherine street cars, and having fine mountain view. Apply to A. G. ROSS, 220 Wood avenue, or G. A. GREENE, 519 St. Paul street.

TO LET, STONE FRONT COTTAGE, 10 Fort street, 10 Rooms and Bath-room. Apply 12 Fort street, or 388 St. Paul street. 14

TO LET, HOUSE, 1200 BERRI STREET, above Mount Royal avenue, with stabling, rent low. Apply to W. HIGGINS, 1796 Notre Dame street 15

TO LET, HOUSE, 2768 ST. CATHERINE street, 8 rooms, bath and w.c.; iron pipe drains; hot and cold water; one fire does for heating and cooking; house light and cheerful. Apply to GORDON & EGAN, 120 Mansfield street.

TO LET, A CHEERFUL LOWER TENEment, 15 Dumarais street, 3 rooms; rent $6.00. Apply to 969 Cadieux street. 14

TO LET, OFFICES RECENTLY RENOvated; heated. No. 233 St. James street. Apply at 110 St. James street. 14

TO LET, 80 CATHCART STREET, 14 apartments in good order; reduced rent. Apply to R. K. THOMAS, 174 St. James st. 13

TO LET, 82 CATHCART STREET, SELF-contained, 11 rooms and hot water. Apply to R. B. HUTCHESON, N.P., 17 St. John street. 29

TO LET, SUMMER COTTAGE AT LAKEside, furnished, on the river side of the road; boat house, use of yacht if desired Apply to R. A. SHORT, 'Witness' Office.

TO LET, A BRIGHT, SUNNY LOWER tenement; all modern conveniences; heated by proprietor. Apply to 18½ Richmond square. 13

TO LET, THAT COMFORTABLE AND convenient house, No. 83 St. Mark street, heated with 'Daisy' furnace, having connections for gas grates; stationary wash tubs, etc., etc. Apply to DAVID McFARLANE, 81 St. Mark street.

TO LET, AT LOW RENTALS, furnished or partly furnished houses; central, attractive; ranging from $20 to $30 monthly; no taxes. Apply 237 St. Urbain street. Telephone 6012.

STABLE TO LET FOR FOUR HORSES, with yard and large shed. The stable is warm, and has convenient hayloft attached. Apply at 16 Hanover street.

TO LET, HOUSE, No. 93 MATTHEW ST., rent $25 per month; no taxes. Apply at 36 St. Luke street. 31

TO LET.—No. 20 Jurors street. Now occupied by Fuller & Canniff. Sale Stables with Yard and Out Buildings, or Manufacturing purposes. Apply to W. KENNEDY, 25 Bleury st. Three Ground Floor Work Shops, entrance 25 Bleury st. 10

Factories To Let.

TO LET, No. 114 QUEEN STREET, FLAT, with Steam Power, Heat, Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, etc. Apply to H. R. IVES & CO. 9

Rooms and Board.

TO LET, A LARGE FRONT ROOM, WELL furnished, suitable for a Gentleman or two, or a Married Couple; hot and cold water bath. Apply at 80a Bleury street. 16

ROOMS, NICELY FURNISHED, ALL CONveniences, private family, 2 McGill College avenue; also front sitting-room on principal flat. Gentlemen only. 16

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT. 29 Burnside Place. 16

ROOMS—First-class Furnished Rooms for two Gentlemen or Married Couple; modern conveniences. 62 Beaver Hall Hill. Tel. 3230. 16

ROOM—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT Room; central locality; terms very moderate. 168 Peel street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM ON BATH room flat, gas, hot water, etc.; private family, no children. 70 Cathcart street. 14

ROOM—GENTLEMAN CAN SECURE A quiet, well-furnished front room, gas lighted, in private family, central locality, moderate terms. 20 Drummond street. 11

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, TWO SINgle front rooms, on bathroom flat; rent moderate; all modern conveniences; first class locality; no children. Apply at 828 Lagauchetiere street (late Palace street). 10

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT; NO Washing. Apply No. 7 Essex avenue. 16

WANTED, TWO CARPENTERS for about two weeks, to work at Kensington. Apply 94 St. Peter street. 16

WANTED, A FOREWOMAN, TO SUPERintend the making of Undressed Shirts and Ladies' Blouses. A. H. SIMS & CO., Shirt and Collar M'f'rs, 54 Latour street. 16

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL TO WORK IN Kitchen in Gentleman's Boarding House; must be smart. Apply after 7 p.m., 22 Cathcart street. 16

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, TWO IN family, ironing but no washing; trustworthy; no other need apply. Apply 150 Cote St. Antoine road, before two o'clock. 16

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply before 10 or after 7 to Mrs. DUGGAN, 41 Crescent street. 14

WANTED, A STRONG YOUNG GIRL TO be trained as Housemaid. Apply to 107 Mackay street. 14

WE WANT RELIABLE MEN AND WOMEN to work for us; good pay and honest goods; catalogue free. The U.S. Specialty Company, Toronto. 11

YOUNG LADY WANTED FOR BAKER'S Shop; hours 7.30 to 6; must be punctual and good at figures. State wages required and address SHOP, 'Witness' Office. 14

WANTED, A GIRL OF 14 or 15; in return for service a comfortable home will be given. Apply to 141 Centre street.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT; MUST be a good, plain cook; also have good city references; no washing or ironing. Apply at 90 Hutchison street. 13

WANTED, LITTLE PROTESTANT GIRL, between twelve and fourteen, to assist with children, and make herself generally useful. Address S., 'Witness' Office. 13

STUDENTS, BOTH SEXES, WRITE US if you want profitable and worthy occupation for the summer; we don't promise five dollars per day, but we guarantee more than ten per week, to workers. Get particulars immediately. NICHOLS & CO., Wesley Building, Toronto. 11

WANTED

A YOUNG LADY CASHIER

For a Piano Wareroom; must speak both languages; good references required.

Address MUSIC, 'Witness' Office. 16

For Sale.

ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA, WITH English edition; half Calf Binding, equal to new. A bargain. Specimen volume may be seen at GRAFTON & SON'S Bookstore, 250 St. James street. 16

FOR SALE, CONCERT GRAND DECKER Piano, practically never used; cost fifteen hundred dollars; no reasonable offer refused from a prompt purchaser. Apply at 699 Sherbrooke street. 16

FOR SALE, FOUR THOROUGHBRED JERSEY Bull Calves from finest milking stock in Canada, one a week old, $15; three months old, $25; four months old, $30; six months old, $35. Full Pedigree. E. P. STEVENS, Knowlton, P.Q. 16

FOR SALE, FRESH MADE JERSEY Butter, in ten, sixteen and thirty-pound packages, at 25c per lb. E. P. STEVENS, Knowlton, P.Q. 16

FOR SALE, TWO GRANDFATHER'S Clocks, good time-keepers; all brass movements; will be sold very cheap. Apply 652 Craig street. 16

FOR SALE, DELICIOUS HOME-MADE Marmalade, two pounds for 25 cents. Genuine Home-made Preserves, Pickles and Tomato Catsup, etc., at LUKE'S FRUIT STORE, 2131 St. Catherine street. 16

FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL UPRIGHT Piano, slightly used, will be sold very cheap. Apply 148 Peel street. 16

FOR SALE—COAL AND WOOD; CUT Slabs, $1.25; Kindling, $1.50; Hardwood, $2.00 per load, delivered. Bell telephone 5013. EDMUND NEVE, 1843 Ontario st., near Bleury street. 15

FOR SALE, EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM Black Minorca and Silver L. Wyandottes, $1.50 for 13; also two Black Minorca Cockerels, $2.00 each; all first class. Address G. H. MUIR, P.O. Box 719, Montreal. 15

FOR SALE, SHELVING, COUNTER, two stools, etc., suitable for shoe store; very cheap. Apply to GALES BROS, 323 St. Antoine street. 15

FOR SALE, EMPTY PACKING CASES, cheap. Apply to J. PALMER & SON, 1747 Notre Dame street.

FOR SALE, TWO COUNTER Glass Cases, black walnut, plate glass top; good condition; with or without tables. Address, GLASS CASE, 'Witness' Office. 15

FOR SALE, BLACK WALNUT HAIR-cloth Parlor Suite, 7 pieces, and Black Walnut Marble-top Table and Bureau, all in good order and will be sold cheap. Enquire 2 Tower avenue. 14

FOR SALE, FOR THE MILLION, KINDling, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac Blocks $1.75; Hardwood Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. McDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone 8363. 11

FOR SALE, KILN DRIED KINDLING Wood, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac, Blocks, $1.75; Mill Blocks, cut stove lengths, $1.50 per load. MONTREAL KINDLING WOOD CO., corner St. James and Guy. Telephone 3110. 20

TO PROFESSORS,

SCHOOL TEACHERS or STUDENTS.

One copy of the 'Century Dictionary and Cyclopedia,' recently sold by the 'Star' may be had at less than cost. Address COLUMBUS, 'Witness' Office. 11

Pupils Wanted.

PIANOFORTE PUPILS WANTED BY A Competent Teacher. Apply 254 Mountain street. 15

WANTED, PIANO PUPILS, BY Experienced teacher; day or evening, at pupil's residence; $1.50 per month. Address MUSIC, 'Witness' Office. 15

Business Chances.

FOR SALE, STOCK AND FIXTURES OF nice little Shoe Store doing good business. B.F., 'Witness' Office. 16

TARIFF

FOR

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS,

(Prepaid.)

SITUATIONS WANTED — 10 cents for 20 words or less; three insertions, 25 cents; over 20 words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT — 10 cents for 20 words each insertion; additional words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.

PUPILS WANTED—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25 cents; 6 insertions, 40c; over 20 words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.

SPECIFIC ARTICES (second-hand) — 10 cents for 20 words, 3 insertions, 25c; 6 insertions, 40 cents. Second-hand dealers come under 'Business Cards.'

LOST ARTICLES—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c; 6 insertions, 40c.

FOUND ARTICLES—25 cents for 25 words, each insertion. When found articles can be left at office as security for charges compensation will be looked for to person claiming property.

BOARD AND ROOMS TO LET or WANTED —10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c.

HOUSES AND REAL ESTATE—20 cents for 20 words,; 6 insertions, $1.

SWAPS—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25 cents.

FINANCIAL—25 cents for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.

BUSINESS CHANCES—35 cts. for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.

BUSINESS CARDS—25 cents for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.

MEDICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—60 cents for 20 words; 6 insertions, $3.50.

ALL OTHER 'WANTED' ADVERTISEMENTS, 25 cents for 25 words, each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When advertisements are sent in without being prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

The above mentioned charge is always the minimum, even though the advertisement does not contain the number of words allowed. Additional words may be had pro rata.

Employment Wanted.

WANTS A SITUATION AS HOUSEMAID, is a good Seamstress; best of reference. Address HOUSEMAID, 'Witness' Office. 61 16

BOOKKEEPING—Books Posted, Audited or Balanced, clerical work of any description, wanted, by Young Man, thoroughly competent; highest references. Address T. R. 20, 'Witness' Office. 16

WANTED, BY A BRIGHT, CHEERFUL, intelligent young person, employment where she could make herself generally useful, and learn a trade. X.Y.Z., 'Witness' Office. 15

CHEESEMAKER—WANTED, BY ONE OF 8 years' experience, a small factory for the coming season. Address W. F. BRISTOW, 14 St. Monique street, Montreal. 15

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Woman, work of any kind by the day; references, if required. Address 52 Aylmer street. 15

WANTED, SITUATION BY A STUDENT of the Presbyterian College, as tutor, office clerk, coachman, driver, or any position of trust; references if required. Address, by letter, to H.F., Presbyterian College. 15

WORK WANTED BY A WIDOW, Protestant; work of any kind; out by the day, or one or two men's washing and mending to do at home. Address WIDOW, 19, 'Witness' Office. 15

WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, WHO IS anxious and willing, work of any kind; is very handy with tools; first class driver; something permanent. Address PERMANENT, 'Witness' Office. 15

WANTED, BY GARDENER (Englishman), situation, town or country, in private establishment, or with florist and market gardener. Address G., 82½ St. Felix st. 15

WANTED, A SITUATION BY A GARDener, or place to take charge for Summer; city references. R.J., 'Witness' Offices. 14

WANTED, BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, washing or ironing by the day. 8½ Valles street. 14

WANTED, BY A PERSON WITH FIRST-class references, a position for two or three months of the summer; to go abroad as lady's maid or companion; would have no objection to one child; references exchanged. Address F. 263, St. Antoine st. 13

WANTED, BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN, work of any kind by the day. 186 St. Charles Borromee street, up stairs. 11

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—BOOKS BOUGHT, SOLD AND Exchanged, to everybody's satisfaction. Collection of postage stamps, old Canadian, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and United States Stamps; also old China, Bronzes, Curiosities, etc. 2114 St. Catherine street. 14

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, LADIES' AND Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Furs, Musical Instruments, Fire Arms. Good prices paid on account of having great demand. Address to M. FRANK, 569 Craig street. 20

PERSONAL—BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS 1856 Notre Dame. Beautiful Sets of Teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Painless extracting a specialty. Office, open evenings.

ANY PERSON REPLYING TO ADVERtisements in the 'Witness' will oblige both the advertisers and the publishers by saying that they saw the advertisement in the 'Witness.'

Wanted.

WANTED, A MILK ROUND, 35 GALLONS or upward. Apply X 12, 'Witness' Office. 16

PET DOG WANTED—ANYONE WANTING to give away (or sell at low price), a little rough-coated (male) pet dog, Yorkshire preferred, will hear of a good home or purchaser by addressing P.O. Box 494 city. 14

WANTED TO PURCHASE, LADIES' AND Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Old Gold, Jewellery, etc. Highest prices paid. PEARSON, 683 Craig street, near Bleury. Orders by mail promptly attended to. 11

Atlas Wanted.

Goad's Atlas (No. II.) of Municipalities adjoining Montreal. Must be in good order and cheap. State price and address. Address ATLAS, 'Witness' Office.



To the Land of the MIDNIGHT SUN!

SUMMER CRUISE TO NORWAY, THE NORTH CAPE AND SPITZBERGEN, by the palatial twin-screw steamer "COLUMBIA."

Illustrated Pamphlets for this delightful six weeks' excursion, starting July 2nd, and finishing at New York, August 14, may be had on application to

D. CONNELLY,
14 PLACE D'ARMES SQUARE, MONTREAL
15

EUROPE, EUROPE, EUROPE.
TICKETS BY ALL LINES.
ALLAN DOMINION, and BEAVER LINES via Montreal.
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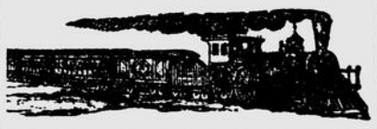
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x 2.07	p.m.	Beaurepaire	5.21	p.m.
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100 GREY NUN STREET.

THE MADONNA OF A DAY,

A STUDY.

BY

L. DOUGALL.

(Author of 'The Mermaid,' 'Beggars All,' etc.)

CHAPTER X.

Mary grew warm, basking beside the liberal fire. There was no longer doubt about her illness; the pains in back, limbs and head, and above all, in her throat, were acute; her fever was high. She wondered how long she was doomed to remain in this shelter. She tossed, aching, and thought of the night trains, realizing that she was powerless to reach the railway. Without Hamilton's help the attempt would surely be fatal; even with his help the exposure promised death more surely than any other result.

Hamilton came in again, and brought her something to eat. He went about the room, taking the personal possessions of the old men out to one of the other huts. He left her such things as were necessary. One of the windows was in the far end of the hut opposite the fire; from this he took out the frame bearing, casting such rubbish as he found apparently into the very foam of the waterfall, for at the moment the roar was loud. On the whole, he left her room in pretty good order, aired and warm.

If the sun rose early upon this southern slope of the hill it also set early. The windows of the room in which she lay were only semi-transparent, because of dirt and frost; yet even through them, in her sensitive state, she was aware when the shadow of the higher portion of the hill crept over the clearing. She thought that it might be about three in the afternoon; at dusk she looked out and saw that light snow was falling. She heard the old men return from their work, and after that Hamilton's foot came again to her door.

She listened breathless. It seemed that he, too, listened for a few moments; then he knocked, gently enough.

In his left arm was a pile of logs cut for the fire; with his right hand he lifted a dish which he had set down for a moment upon the threshold. When he had put the latter beside her upon the floor, he made up the fire very carefully, putting upon it what seemed to her an enormous quantity of fuel, but disposing the ashes of the former fuel in a careful manner round the back and sides of the pile by way, as it seemed, of keeping it from burning too quickly. She watched him as a child watches the maid build its nursery fire; it was a relief to her nerves to have something to watch.

When ready to go, he turned to her for the first time; his face and voice had the same constrained, enigmatical expression which he had used to her in the morning when his attempts at familiarity had failed.

'Is there anything else?' he asked.

He gave her a somewhat soiled bit of paper and a short pencil. She wrote:

'Please try to stop one of the trains, and tell the guard to let my friends know.'

'Very sorry'—there was little of excuse in his voice—'but in that matter it is impossible to oblige you.'

His next action was so singular that she was filled with a sudden dread. He took a knife out of his pocket, and gently, even respectfully, moving the folds of her blue veil until he found the outer edge of it, he deliberately cut a piece several inches in length across the whole width.

He had come into the room without a hat on; it was the first time she had seen him without a hat; it struck her now that it was almost like seeing a new person, although the character written in the face remained unchanged. His hair was longer than it is the habit of men to wear hair in civilized regions; it was so abundant round his forehead that it made her think involuntarily what a handsome boy he must have been in those early days when a child is just beginning to look manly and the mother still allows the curls to grow. She felt a sensation of sorrow for that mother, whoever she might have been, for the son, although at this moment his action was gentle, had long since ceased to be gentle at heart.

It was her condition of fever which caused this reverie to work itself through her brain; it probably passed in the flash of a moment as dreams do, but it seemed to her a long time that he was sawing through the veil's end, which he had gathered together and was holding stretched out between two fingers. She was exceedingly frightened.

It must have been very early in the evening that the men seemed to retire for the night; almost as soon as it became dark she ceased to hear their voices or any movement. Previous to that she had heard some slight sounds, even when they were within the other huts and the doors were shut. She perceived that her fire was expected to last until morning—that she was to receive no further attention. In the morning she must, of course, either leave that place or find some means of communicating

her friends, but in the meantime there were full twelve hours in which to gather strength.

By the light of the fire she now saw the cover of the basin which Madame had placed beside her, and, on examination, discovered it to contain a palatable preparation of apples which had apparently been stewed and then cooked with water. The fruit was grateful to her.

Later that she supposed that she must have fallen into a heavy sleep, for she was conscious that some hours had elapsed without much restlessness, when she became aware that there were quiet footsteps and low voices to be heard outside.

It was not morning; she did not believe that it was past midnight. She listened, filled with anxiety, supposing that whoever had arrived at this out-of-the-way place would soon make known their presence by knocking or calling. She had an idea of some arrival, gathered probably from the sound of horses' feet and sledge-runners recognized more or less distinctly among the subdued movements made by men. For one long minute she strained her sense of hearing. Unable to endure suspense, she rose and crept with silent steps to the near window, keeping well to the side lest her figure should be seen against the firelight.

She saw the forms of three men, a horse and a sledge; it seemed to her just such a horse and sledge as she had travelled with in the morning. A wild hope filled her mind that it was some party of friends or railway officials searching for her; for a moment in her hope she put out her hand to tap on the window; then fear restrained her. What immediately astonished her was that the party which she supposed just to have alighted from the conveyance now stepped upon it and drove away. There was no jingling to the horse's harness, as there always had been with any other sledge which she had seen driven in Canada, and, that being absent, the horse and sledge made almost no sound as they moved. The men were silent; they drove off by the edge of the small plateau. She could not see far; there was light, dry snow falling through the air.

Was this lonely place haunted? Was this a vision of spectres which she had seen, which she could still see moving in the glimmering night?

Then the meaning flashed upon her. The men were the two men who lived in this place and Hamilton. They had removed the noisy part of the harness; they had gone away and left her in this horribly lonely place; they had gone by stealth, so that she might not know of their going.

She sprang to the door, and with all the strength of fierce impulse tried to raise the latch or to break it open. The door did not even shake much under her strongest attempt; certainly no noise of her effort could have resounded across the plain to the receding sledge. She became conscious that the latch of the door had been fastened upon the outside.

(To be continued.)

DAILY FOOD.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16.

The Master is come, and calleth for thee.—Ye call me Master and Lord: and ye say well; for so I am.—One is your Master, even Christ; and all ye are brethren.—John xi., 28; xiii., 13; Matt. xxiii., 8.

A Christian lady once said to an evangelist who had been speaking on the subject, 'You are quite mistaken in saying that every one can and ought to win souls to Christ; I can point to you that you are wrong, for I am one who is so situated that I cannot help souls. I live away off two miles from the village, and no dear neighbors; I am very much confined at home and seldom can get to church.' 'Ah!' said the evangelist, is that so? Well, are there no persons who come to your door? Does the meat-man come?' 'Oh, yes.' 'Is he a Christian?' 'I don't know; I never asked him.' 'And are there peddlers who come to trade, and are they all Christians?' 'I don't know; I never asked any of them, but I see what you mean, and acknowledge I am the one who is wrong.' This lady went home and confessed her sin and asked for help to be faithful the next time the meat-man came. She gained courage to ask him if he was a Christian. He turned and looked reproachfully at her, saying, No, I am not; but why did you ask me that question a year ago when special meetings were being held in town, I was then anxious about my soul, and wished some one would speak to me, but now I have lost my interest,' and he turned his head out. How many opportunities are lost by the thoughtlessness and carelessness of Christians, and many with whom, perhaps, we have daily contact, are wishing for a loving invitation, 'Come to Jesus.' —Selected by S. Tobey.

Open thyself to Jesus when some [illegible] thou canst not see.
Fly the mists of strife and error [illegible] all its form from thee:
Wait the time for waiting on Him [illegible] the time right,
Watch the time for singing, "The Lord shall be my light."

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

THE BELL OF JUSTICE.

There was a king long years ago,
His name historian doth not know.

He lived beneath Italian skies,
A noble monarch, just and wise.

That he might serve his people well,
In a high tower he hung a bell.

He who was wronged had but to ring
The bell of justice, for the king

Was bound to make the humblest prayer
The subject of his royal care.

At first men rung it every day;
Rotted at last the rope away.

And, growing shorter by degrees,
Swayed lightly to each passing breeze.

For many a month it idle hung,
No longer needed. No one rung

For justice. Men had learned to fear,
And dreaded now the bell to hear.

At length a wandering grape-vine clung
Tight to the rope that idle hung,

And firmly held it, sweetly grasped,
As if one hand another clasped.

A starving horse, turned out to die,
One summer day was passing by,

And browsing where the grape-vine hung,
The bell of justice loudly rung.

Straightway a royal herald came,
And saw the horse half-starved and lame.

He told the king who rang the bell;
The monarch answered, 'It is well.

'The brute for justice doth appeal,
For starving brutes I pity feel.

'Go seek his owner out for me,
And tell him this is our decree:

'Long as he lives his horse must fare
On oats and grass of his. Beware

'If he again for justice call
My wrath shall on his owner fall.'

Would God to-day there was a bell
That brutes could ring and thereby tell

The story of their cruel wrongs,
And win the justice that belongs

To every creature, great and small!
For God, their Maker, loveth all.

—Robert L. Bangs.

A VISIT TO INDIAN LADIES.

A missionary physician in India went with an English lady to call on some of her patients.

Word was sent that they would not be ready to receive visitors till four o'clock. Truly when we saw them we were not surprised, for it must have taken the extra hours to take out all their jewellery and put on all the fine paint and clothing.

A gentleman in a blue-and-white turban received us, and we were shown into a very large room, covered with a carpet, but there was nothing else there but a few bamboo chairs and a heap of silk and cashmere shawls, excepting that against the wall were about twenty pairs of boots and shoes, red, blue, and other colors, with pointed toes and no heels.

When the first lady appeared she almost took away my breath by her astonishing appearance. Her face was painted red and yellow, with a streak of black across her forehead and around her eyes; her finger and toe nails were stained dark red. Her wide yellow satin trousers were fastened round the ankles with huge gold anklets, and from these hung so many jewels that they nearly covered her feet. Her jacket was richly worked with gold. She wore heavy bracelets at the top of her arms as well as on her wrists; around her neck she had put on one gold chain after another, the lowest reaching to her waist. In her hair was one blue and one pink ostrich feather, two wreaths of orange blossoms, and a band of silk; and over that on one side was a black, and on the other a white, gold-spangled veil. On her fingers were nine enormous rings. Her voice was almost as shrill as that of a peacock. She seemed much pleased to turn the musical box with her jewelled fingers.

The second lady now appeared, dressed in all the colors of the rainbow, and, being very shy and foolish, did nothing but giggle, and went to the other end of the room. The door opened again for afternoon tea, carried on a brass tray, the teapot being covered with one large cashmere handkerchief and the cups with smaller ones.

One question weighed on the mind of the yellow-satin trousered lady, and this was, 'How do you like my clothes?' The only answer I could think of was that I had heard and read of such grand clothes, but had never seen anything like them before.

As I could only nod and smile, and the Persian lady folded and unfolded her hands so that every ring might be seen to advantage, I turned out my handbag, and she was enchanted, especially with a work-case, with its little holes for cotton and thimble. Then to crown all, I showed her how to use a safety pin, and made her a present of one.

It was a sad visit, for these poor women have no thought for anything but jewels and dress. They did not want to hear anything about the bible, nor to look at our pictures; and when we spoke of the ornament the Lord cared for most, 'a meek and quiet spirit,' they accepted the remark with a rude laugh.—Lucy T. Tongue, in the 'Missionary Link.'

Men are used as instruments to bring others to Christ. Said Father Taylor when in his last sickness somebody suggested that the angels were about him. 'I don't want angels, I want folks. Folks are better than angels.' God might have used angels to co-operate with him, but he chose 'folks.' How happy you would be for the privilege of presenting your best friend to Queen Victoria! It is your privilege to introduce your friends to Jesus Christ, the Saviour of the world. We don't know very much about Andrew except that he brought Peter to Christ, and that is honor enough for any man.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Tells How South American Kidney Cure Eradicated Kidney Disease of Ten Years Standing.

Mere theory does not count for much in disease, and speculation and experiment are worse. There are no misgivings in using South American Kidney Cure, for it is radical in its effects. Wm. Baty, a well-known rancher of Calgary, N.W.T., had been troubled with severe kidney disease for many years to such an extent that at times he was completely prostrated, and suffered intense pains in the back. Doctors and various medicines used availed him nothing, until he was induced to try South American Kidney Cure. He procured one bottle, and the first few doses gave relief, and after using four bottles he states that he was completely cured. He gladly recommends it to anyone troubled with this insidious disease. Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and Laviolette & Nelson, 1605 Notre Dame street.

16

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Cor. Atwater ave. & St. Antoine st.
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HARDY PERPETUAL ROSES.
Send in your Orders EARLY for the above as I have only a LIMITED QUANTITY to dispose of this year. Ten in a bundle and ten sorts.
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ADVERTISEMENTS.

self-help

You are weak, "run-down," health is frail, strength gone. Doctors call your case anæmia—there is a fat-famine in your blood. Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil, with hypophosphites, is the best food-means of getting your strength back—your doctor will tell you that.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Paine's Celery Compound Can Easily Banish all your Troubles.

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Weakened nerves and nervous prostration are now doing a fearful work in our midst; they bring many to insanity. Paine's Celery Compound strengthens the whole nervous system, and gives sweet sleep and rest.

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Paine's Celery Compound cures the most obstinate cases of disease; if you desire health, take no other medicine.

SOME MATCHES

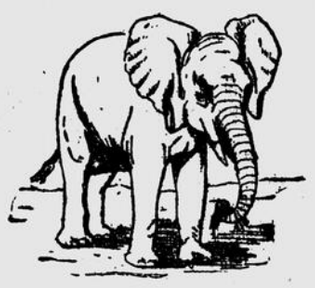
are dear at any price.

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Buying reliable goods is economy

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Mammoth



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GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
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HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME.
Prescribed for the last 30 years with the greatest success in CONSUMPTION, OBSTINATE COUGHS, COLDS and CATARRH; it ARRESTS the COUGH, spitting of blood, and NIGHTSWEATS, the APPETITE improves and HEALTH IS PROMPTLY RESTORED.

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"GRIMAULT'S GUARANA powders are a certain remedy for sick headache."
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The undersigned respectfully begs to intimate to his patrons and the public generally, that his Drug Store will be kept open all night, where competent and courteous assistants will be on hand for the prompt and careful dispensing of prescriptions and other requisites.
J. H. M. HARTE.

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We, the undersigned, William Edson Short and Charles Wesley Casselman both of the City of Montreal, retailers in Boots and Shoes, and there carrying on business as such in limited co-partnership, under the name and style of "W. E. SHORT," the said Short as general partner, and the said Casselman as special partner, do hereby declare that we have this day dissolved the said co-partnership to all intents and purposes whatsoever.
In testimony whereof we have signed at Montreal, this first day of April, eighteen hundred and ninety-six.
W. E. SHORT. C. W. CASSELMAN.
Signed in my presence,
C. E. LECLERC, N.P.
8

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Veterinary Surgeon,
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late Veterinary Surgeon of the United States Army for the past 9 years. Office and Infirmary at
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Poet (to editor)—'I send you a poem: "Why do I live?" Please answer.' Editor—'Because you send your poem by mail.'—Texas 'Siftings.'

'We never knew the equal,' said a lady, of Robinson's Patent Barley and Robinson's Patent Groats. The youngest child or most aged invalid can digest them without the slightest trouble. Write for sample. Frank Magor & Co., Montreal. 16

The Seller—'I want to sell my horse. He's sound as a dollar, gentle as a lamb, and a good goer.' 'How old is he?' 'Oh, about the usual age of horses.'—La Crosse 'Chronicle.'

GOOD ADVICE ABOUT DYSPEPSIA.

The best advice about dyspepsia is—cure it with Burdock Blood Bitters, and as surely as you follow the advice and take the medicine the cure will follow in every case.

Mr. Wm. Day, of Fort William, Ont., says, in speaking of B.B.B.:—Two years ago my wife was very ill with dyspepsia. No remedy that she could find gave any relief; finally she tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and after taking six bottles was entirely cured. That is now more than two years ago and she has had no return of the malady. I also had occasion to use B.B.B. and I cannot speak too highly in its favor. I always recommend it to my friends and in every case with good results. Hoping this may be of use to you, I am, yours very truly, WILLIAM DAY.

'You carved your own way to success, didn't you, Paddington?' 'No; I didn't have much of anything to carve until after I achieved success.'—Chicago 'Record.'

We all know that Oliver Twist asked for more, and it has since been proved to our satisfaction that babies fed on Robinson's Patent Barley and Groats, all resemble Oliver Twist in this respect. Write for sample. Frank Magor & Co., Montreal. 16

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'Big words an' fine clothes,' said Uncle Eben, 'is berry frequently alike in not kibberin' much dat re'ly 'mounts ter anything.'—Washington 'Star.'

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

'That's the fellow I'm laying for,' remarked the hen as her owner came around with a pan of cornmeal.—Texas 'Siftings.'

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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JUST IN.
Some Job Lines very cheap. NEW MOULDINGS arriving every day. The largest assortment this spring we ever had.
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The QUEEN'S HAIR HELPER is a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and beauty, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures baldness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any 50c or $1 preparation. For sale by all Druggists, or at
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Also Easter Decorations in churches and private residences satisfactorily photographed at moderate expense.
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OUR PURE BRISTLE BRUSHES have stood the test for years. We have again made up our Spring Stock of HOUSE-CLEANING BRUSHES, made specially for OUR OWN RETAIL TRADE. The quality of the brushes cannot be bought only at our factory. Carpet Sweepers repaired.
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Real Estate Proprietors and Agents, get repairs done NOW and get them done cheap. Price furnished for alterations and all work in building line.
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TEL. 3228.

The Boys' Page.

The Mate's Ingenious Scheme.

(From the Springfield 'Union.')

'I don't like the look of things,' said the first mate of the 'Valentine.' The remark was addressed to the captain who stood beside the senior officer on the bridge.

The 'Valentine,' an iron steamer, of 2,000 tons, had, that afternoon, fractured her propeller shaft. It was in the Malay Archipelago. Steaming too close to one of the numerous islands, the screw had encountered a spur of an outlying coral reef.

More than one ugly story was current of the fate which had befallen trading ships so placed at the mercy of the islanders; nor was Captain James unaware of the danger. However, he put a bold face on it.

'I know what you mean, Mr. Jackson,' he said. 'But there's no use of borrowing trouble. We shall get off by to-morrow noon, I hope; and we may not have been observed.' With that he turned on his heel and went below. But the first mate shook his head doubtfully. He felt certain that they had been seen, though he could not have brought forward the least evidence to back up his opinion. And his forebodings were not unfounded.

The work of repairing the broken shaft went ahead steadily, but slowly. On deck a double watch was stationed. Arms even laid in readiness along the shelter of the bulwarks. The officers, in turn, walked the bridge all night. But it was as clear as a bell overhead, and absolute quiet prevailed until the gray hour of dawn.

Then the first mate, who was leaning with his arms bent on the rail of the bridge, suddenly heard a whisper just below him. It was the boatswain's mate. 'Darby, forward, says he thinks he sees something coming out of the shadow of the island off the first quarter,' he said in low tones.

The first mate turned and glanced searchingly in the direction indicated. For a moment he could see nothing but the dull glitter of the water rising and falling with the swell. A half mist was rising from the ocean's surface. But presently, on this background of gray he detected two, three and finally four spots of darker color. What they were his experience instantly told him, though his eyes did not.

'Call the men up, Clark!' he ordered in a resolute voice; 'and send a message to the captain. Divide along the port and starboard quarters. Send the engineer and his men aft. See that the men are all ready. They'll close in on us on the chains on either bow. But fire not a shot till you hear the word from the bridge. Then give it to them. If we can drive them off this line, we may be able to get out of here before they get together enough to make another attack. Be lively now!'

In a couple of minutes Captain James stood beside his mate. 'They found us out, Mr. Jackson,' he said.

'Yes,' was the other's laconic answer. No more words passed between them. Their plans had all been made, and the crew were instructed in their parts.

Ten minutes went by. The men forward crouched along the bulwarks; the engineers and firemen aft; every man grasping rifle, musket, pistol, or knife, and watching with all his senses strained. But it was ten minutes before the faint dip of paddles, so soft as scarcely to be perceptible, gave evidence that the Malay islanders were at hand. From the bridge the captain had already noted their approach.

Each man gripped his weapon more tightly. Then on either side of the vessel, grated the bow of a canoe. From the bridge at that same instant came the command:

'Fire!'

The sailors of the 'Valentine' leaped up. A sheet of flame from a dozen muskets and rifles lighted the bulwarks. Quick flashes from the pistols followed, their sharp crack punctuating the reverberations of the heavier pieces. A series of shrieks succeeded by loud splashes, as the men who were shot tumbled into the water, showed how effective had been the fire. A furious rain of blows from musket butts and clubbed rifles and belaying pins beat off the few who had secured a hold on the 'Valentine's' rail and were attempting to reach the deck.

The attacking party had met with a similar fate. The Malays made a rush to swarm up the vessel's side, just as the fire was opened from the bow; but they got so warm a reception from the revolvers of the captain and first mate that the engineers and five men, who stood ready to repel boarders with whatever weapon they could pick up, had no opportunity to make themselves useful. The canoe, with at least half its party shot, was turned about and paddled away with a speed which showed the terror of its occupants.

The attack on the 'Valentine' had been a complete failure.

Captain James's cheery voice was now heard calling out for information as to how much damage had been done; and when he learned that not a man on board had got so much as a scratch, he fairly shouted for joy.

'We made it too warm for them that time, Mr. Jackson!' he exclaimed triumphantly.

'Yes,' returned Jackson, without enthusiasm.

'Why, what's the matter, man?' cried the captain.

'Nothing, only we've not done with them yet,' said the mate.

'Come, you don't think that?'

'I do sir.'

'They've had too bad a licking,' said the captain, decidedly; and as if that ended the matter, he left the bridge.

A grim smile flitted over Jackson's face; but he went about his duties without a word on the subject till noon. Then he lit his pipe and found a seat beside the captain, who presently remarked:

'They say they can't finish work on the shaft so that we can go ahead till to-morrow morning?'

'Yes.'

The captain had something on his mind. 'You really don't think there's any further danger from those yellow rascals, do you?' he enquired.

'I don't think there is,' returned the mate; 'I know there is. They'll be on us again to-night, and there'll be two or three for every one of them that tried the trick this morning. They know we're in a fix, and they have found out we haven't any heavy guns. Do you think they'll let a prize like the 'Valentine' escape them. What if a couple of dozen of them are killed? That won't stop them. Mark my words, we'll have to fight for our lives to-night!'

The captain looked grave. 'Can't we drive them off if they do try to board again?' he asked.

The mate raised his brows. 'You know as much about that as I do. I have my doubts. But, of course, I'm hoping I'm wrong.' Then his face knotted in a hard frown for a moment, but cleared as quickly; the next moment he sprang to his feet.

'It might be done! It might be done!' he exclaimed.

The action aroused the captain from the abstraction into which he had fallen.

The mate leaned toward him pulling on his pipe in short excited puffs, and explained the plan which had just come to him.

For two hours before sundown all the deck hands were engaged in an occupation rather strange on a vessel which was hundreds of miles from port. They were partly unloading the ship.

When darkness fell, the 'Valentine' was slowly rising and dropping in a gentle swell. The current, such as there was, set in toward the islands from which the Malays had come. There was no wind. As soon as night had blotted the islands from sight the first mate went forward. Ranged along deck was a couple of dozen barrels of oil.

The donkey engine, by means of a sling was bringing up more barrels from the cargo stored in the hold.

Ten minutes after Mr. Jackson's appearance three of the barrels had been wheeled aft on trucks, and lifted upon the gunwales, where they were firmly secured with lashings to the rigging on the port side. Four more barrels, in the open gangway forward, were tilted on the sides and held there. A few blows from a mallet on a spike drove in the bungs. So fixed that their bung holes were hung over the sea outside the ship's rail each barrel immediately began to discharge a good-sized stream of oil into the water. As fast as a barrel was emptied a full one was put in its place.

Within an hour forty barrels of oil had flowed into the sea. Then Mr. Jackson called a halt. The deck and rail were carefully mopped up, and wiped with cotton waste; the donkey engine gave a pull on the anchor chain, and the 'Valentine' lay twenty fathoms ahead of her former position. Mr. Jackson saw a fresh supply of full barrels put in position ready to be used as the first had been. Then the watch was set and all lights which would show were doused. The captain and mate took their places on deck. The men had been instructed what to do when the time came.

The stars gave just enough light to show the sea. Its glimmering surface near at hand had a strange look, for a coating of oil several acres in extent was spread over it on the port side of the vessel. The oily space was widening every minute though very slowly; for the set of the current was slight. An hour later, half a dozen more barrels of oil gurgled their contents into the sea. At midnight the same number were again emptied over the ship's side.

From the bridge Captain James and his senior officer closely scanned the sea in the direction of the islands, but no sign of a canoe was visible. The captain had begun to think that, after all, his mate was wrong, when Jackson laid a hand on his arm. 'There they come!' he said.

Stealing into sight, though as yet very indistinct, both men could see half a dozen specks, which, as they looked, grew larger. They were almost abreast of each other, seemingly, and were advancing fast. The captain had scarcely noted the absence of Jackson, who slipped silently from his side, when, behind the first group of canoes, he made out a second. Though the nearest were too far off, as yet, to be seen clearly, he knew that they were crammed with the yellow-skinned savage rascals. When they struck the edge of the expanse of oily water, the captain noted that they stopped.

Presently they were within a hundred yards of the ship. There the first group waited for the remainder. When the latter had come up, the captain counted fourteen long canoes in all. They were made of large hollowed logs, and held a dozen men each.

Then, the little fleet separated and swung out in two wings, one making for the bow of the 'Valentine' with the intention of rounding the vessel and repeating the tactics of the first attempt, the other sweeping toward the stern with a similar end in view. Captain James impatiently awaited a move from his crew. But nothing happened until two of the foremost canoes were within fifty feet of the vessel.

Then a spark appeared close to the bulworks; another glowed from further aft. A moment later two buckets of cotton waste, saturated with oil and blazing furiously, were pitched overboard.

In quick succession the canoes were overturned by the struggles of their occupants, and the men precipitated into the sea. But it was not the element with which the natives were almost as familiar as fishes. It was a blinding sea of fire; and the shrieks of the wretches told of their fate. The flames quickly exhausted the layer of oil, which was, of course, very thin. But those whom the fire left in a condition to keep afloat were, in most cases, so paralyzed by terror that they soon went down from their inability to make use of their limbs.

Whether any of the Malays got ashore the 'Valentine's' crew and officers never knew. They were rather sickened by the scene they had witnessed. But there came to each the thought of what would have been his lot if the crew who had so lately perished had once got a foothold on the deck.

F. C. WILLIAMS.

WIT AND WISDOM.

We must truly serve those whom we appear to command; we must bear with their imperfections, correct them with gentleness and patience, and lead them in the way to heaven. —Fenelon.

A countenance habitually under the influence of amiable feelings acquires a beauty of the highest order from the frequency with which such feelings stamp their character upon it.—Mrs. S. C. Hale.

A school teacher was somewhat partial to one of his pupils, and severe to another. One day they were both tardy. He called them to his desk.

'James, my boy,' he said to the favorite, regretfully, but kindly, 'why were you late?'

'You see, sir,' replied James, 'I was asleep, sir, and dreamed I was going to California, and thought the school-bell was the bell of the steamboat.'

'That will do,' said the teacher, glad of an excuse to shield him; 'always tell the truth, my boy. And now, sir,' said he to the other, sternly, 'where were you?'

'You see, sir,' said the urchin, candidly, 'I was waiting to see Jim off.'—'Golden Days.'

The only people who do not know that Christ will bear all their burdens are those who have not given them to him.

Things seen through the Microscope.

Stanley B. Wilson.

I thought the boys might like to hear about some of the things I have seen through the microscope which I won for the Campfire Yarn, so I send a few examples.

If you take a stale fig and scrape off some of the white stuff on the outside of it, when looked at through the microscope you will see crowds of bugs like those in figure 1, all sizes, from the



I.—Animal found on a fig (highly magnified.)

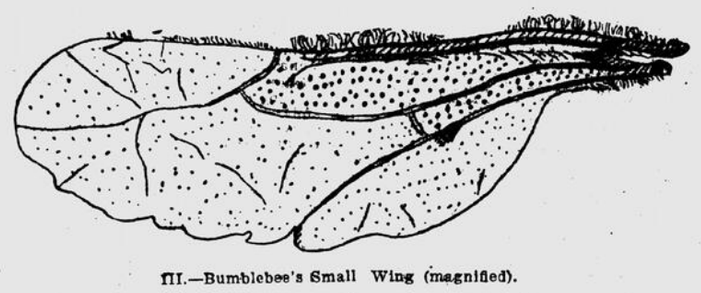
little babies up to those shown in the picture. They are little white specks, hardly visible to the naked eye. They seem to have a joint in each leg, and on the smaller joint are two feelers. They crawl very quickly even on the glass slide, and go right ahead, walking quietly over each other. They are so small that I have not been able to find out much about them.

The way I got the down of a moth is more simple than it seems. I only rubbed the wings on the glass. This down that seems so bright and golden has a strong resemblance to the petals of a daisy. It is greenish yellow in



II.—Down of a Moth (highly magnified).

color; the smaller pieces are almost white. The color shades down to the scalloped ends. Each particle does not show the same number of scallops;



III.—Bumblebee's Small Wing (magnified).

some have five, others six or seven, and some, I think, have about a dozen.

The picture of the bee's wing is not the size which it appears in the microscope, as it would take up too much room to print it. It was the hardest of any to draw as I could only see a very small portion at a time. The end by which it is attached to the bees seems like the roots of a tree. The edges here are covered with black hair which resembles horse-hair. The color varies from yellow-brown to white, and it is covered with black dots. These dots are larger where the wing is darker.

I have not had much opportunity to get specimens but hope to get lots of insects when summer comes.

FOR THE NATURALIST.

NATURE PRINTING.

This process, says E. M. White, should commend itself to all who study botany and other branches of natural history, inasmuch as it enables faithful and accurate copies of specimens to be made without the aid of a camera. The method of working is as follows: We shall want a printing frame, a piece of good stout glass, free from flaws, cut to fit the frame; and some gelatino-chlorid paper. Having procured a specimen, such as a spray of maidenhair fern, or, as in the example, a skeleton poplar leaf, we place it in the frame behind the glass, and over it a piece of sensitive paper (care must be taken to place the flatter side of the specimen against the paper); expose the whole to a bright sun until the background, or uncovered portions of the paper, have darkened as much as they will; then take the resulting negative print and tone to a good non-actinic tone, such as chocolate; fix in the ordinary manner, wash and dry as in a print. In printing a positive it is only necessary to place a new piece of paper in the frame in contact with the negative print, using the glass as before, and print in bright sunlight. The printing, of course, takes a long time, owing to the light having to permeate through the paper.

TREES RAISE WATER.

Trees are the great water-lifters The wise men tell us that an oak tree of average size, with 700,000 leaves, lifts from the earth into the air about 123 tons of water during the five months it displays its foliage.

From the leaves the water is evaporated and formed into clouds, which, depositing their weight of moisture, ultimately supply the Niagara capable of supplying a large part of the motive power of the country.

Trees are specially designed to facilitate evaporation, through the moisture spread over their myriad leaves The new prospects as to coming motive power offer a very potent reason why they should be preserved and cultivated.

Spare the trees. The destruction of our remaining forest areas would be a step toward economic suicide.

SPIDER WEB AND STEEL THREAD.

It is not generally known that, size for size, a thread of spider silk is said to be decidedly tougher than a bar of steel. An ordinary thread will bear a weight of three grains. This is just about 50 percent stronger than a steel thread of the same thickness.—'Popular Science News.'

THE ANIMAL WORLD.

THE BARITONE AND THE DONKEY.

Mr. Clifford Halle tells the following amusing anecdote:—'It was at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, where I was announced to give a concert. The room in which I sang was situated in a part of the town where the population seemed to consist mostly of geese, ducks, pigs, and other domestic animals. It was hot, and the main entrance was kept open to admit the fresh air.

'I had run through a couple of items, after which I began to sing the well-known song: "Bruder, gehst du hier voruber?" (Brother, comest thou this way?) to the apparent satisfaction of the audience. The song ends with the words: "Bruder, Bruder, sage Ja," (Brother, brother, do say yes—yah), when just at that moment one of the four-footed asses of Port Elizabeth thrust his head in at the door and bellowed out a 'Y—ah,' which drowned all other noises. The audience roared with laughter. The governor stepped up to me with tears in his eyes and said:

"'Dear Halle, if you want to be taken seriously by our people here in Africa, you had better leave—your relations at home.'"—Gartenlaube.

HUNTING DOGS IN ALL LANDS.

The Irish water spaniel is the king of retrievers.

The Eskimo uses the wolf-dog for both drawing sledges and hunting game.

The modern English greyhound is not strong, but is very swift. He is used only for hunting game in sight, as his "nose" or smelling power is very defective.

The greyhound, one of the most notable of hunting dogs, was used in Egypt at least 8,000 years ago. In early days the greyhound was the royal dog of England, and to kill either a hound or a stag was punishable by death.

Some idea of the extent of the coyote nuisance in the West may be got from the experience of one sheepman, of Fossil, Ore. Since last fall, when the sheep were brought down from the mountains, the coyotes have killed about one hundred of them. One night, during the winter, a herder left about thirty sheep out over night, and when he went to hunt for them in the morning he found twenty-three dead, their throats torn by the coyotes, and coyotes were chasing the remaining seven. In Crook County this sheepman has lost $200 in three months by the coyote raids on his flocks.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Dull, heavy aches, fierce, racking pains. Headache, of any kind, is an index of the condition of the stomach and bowels. Cleanse the stomach, keep the bowels in working order and you will be troubled no more with headache. A simple remedy does it,

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No after medicine required.

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Does not keep Dr. Laviolette's Syrup of Tar get another druggist. Insist upon getting the best—nothing "just as good." Tar cures, you know.

25c—25 doses. 6 will cure a cold.

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A CHANCE

For Machinists, Newspaper Proprietors and Manufacturers, if they will study carefully the undermentioned list of articles for sale

IRON PULLEYS.

No. Pulleys.	Diam.	Face.	Bore.
3	5¼ in.	2½ in.	1½ in.
1	12 in.	3½ in.	1⅞ in.
1	12 in.	6 in.	1½ in.
1	14 in.	12 in.	1 7-16 in.
1	13½ in.	6½ in.	1 15-16 in.
1	15½ in.	3½ in.	1¾ in.
1	15¾ in.	7½ in.	1 15-16 in.
1	16 in.	4 in.	1⅞ in.
1	16 in.	6 in.	1 15-16 in.
1	16 in.	8 in.	1 15-16 in.
1	17 in.	8 in.	1 15-16 in.
1	18 in.	8½ in.	2 3-16 in.

IRON SPLIT PULLEYS.

1	16¼ in.	10 in.	1 15-16 in.
1	24 in.	4½ in.	2 7-16 in.
1	10 in.	4 in.	2 7-16 bushed to 1¾ in.
1	16 in.	6 in.	2⅞ in. " " 1¾ in.

IRON CONE PULLEYS.

1	4 speeds	14 in. to 6½ in.	2 7-16 in. bore.
1	3 "	6 in. to 4 in.	1¾ in. bore.
1	"	6 in. to 4 in.	1⅞ in. bore.

DODGE WOOD PULLEYS.

Diam.	Face.
14 in.	5 in.
15 in.	8 in.
24 in.	6 in.
36 in.	6 in.
30 in.	13 in.
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CENTS FOR SALE.

Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE.

BIBLE SOCIETY'S COLUMN.

...neral committee of the Montreal ... Bible Society held its usual ...eeting on Thursday, April 2. ...ident, Sir William Dawson occu... chair.

... the colporteurs has been laid ...sickness, and the other four have ...en hampered in their work by ...ously severe weather. Fierce snow ... deep snow drifts, and a ther... dancing among the twenties be... are not conducive to expeditious ...ing, much less so when one has ...y a bag of books. These four ...eport that they visited 1,476 fami... and loaned 33 English bibles, 25 ...h testaments, 10 French bibles, 65 ...h testaments, 60 French portions, ... 193 copies.

...ring the month ending March 31 ... were issued from the Bible House ... bibles, 373 testaments and 302 por... of the scriptures, a total of 1,123, at ...alue of $414. In addition to these, ... Stacey sold over the counter copies ...e word amounting in value to $154, ... more than eleven dollars advance ... the corresponding month of the ...s year. The total income for the ... was $809, and the expenditure ...about the same.

... committee reported in fa... some slight alterations in the ... keeping the accounts of the ... The same committee was en... with the duty of arranging for ...rrying out of these suggestions.

... the direction of the committee, ...addresses delivered at the anniver... meeting in January last by the Rev. ...ewey and the Rev. D. Grant, ... printed in pamphlet form. Any ... the society, who desires it, may ... copy, by calling at the Bible ...

... Carus-Wilson presented a report ... the sub-committee upon some me... for increasing public interest in ... work of the society. It was recom... and agreed to, that the parent ... 'Monthly Bible Reporter' be ...ularly to all the city ministers ... lay members of the committee. ... object of this is to diffuse informa... for it is believed that, when the ... known the interest will increase. ... next place a conference is to be ... with the Protestant Ministerial ... of this city. If this is ... as it no doubt will, the whole ... committee is to be asked to meet ... association.

... was arranged that the portrait of ... Rev. James Green, the retired dis... secretary of the Auxiliary, and that ... late Dr. Cornish, corresponding se... for many years, shall be inserted ... the annual report of the Auxiliary.

A bequest to the Auxiliary of $2,000 ... reported from the late Mr. Robert ...derson.

The Presbyterian Board of French ...angelization applied for a grant of ... dozens of French testaments. Dr. ... Thomson applied for a number of ... of the scriptures in the Chinese ...nguage for the Chinese mission in this ... Lastly, the Rev. John McCarter ...plied for a number of bibles in Hebrew ... Polish for Christian work among ... Jews in this city. These applications ... all granted. The journal of the

REV. H. GOMERY

...ers but eight or nine days. He re... an increase in sales of scriptures of ...out seven dollars, but there is a fall... off of seventy-three dollars in free ...ributions. Here is the record of the ...etings which he held in some branches ...ing the early part of March.

...Colquhoun, March 1.—Rain poured on ...urday, Feb. 29, and to-day the roads ...re almost impassable. The service in ...e Presbyterian Church was attended ... a few living close by, who, however, ...stened to a short address on the privi... of being 'Co-workers with God.' ... report of good work has since been ...ived from this branch. I hurried on ...rough flooded fields, my sleigh being ...st several times. However, it kept ...ight side up. When I reached Grantley ...e elder in charge of the church had ...de no preparations for a meeting, not ...pecting anyone over such a road. I ...as therefore compelled to drive on and ...ait for better weather to bring our ...rk before our new friends in Grantley. ...e train moderated before I reached ...ch Finch, and at night a good as...bly nearly filled the Presbyterian ...ch. The next morning we had our ...siness meeting, with a good report, ...le of subscriptions and sales of scrip...ures.

...Winchmore, March 2.—Fair meeting and ...d report. The Rev. Messrs. F. De ...ng and T. A. Mitchell gave addresses.

March 3.—Drove through bush roads to ...Grove Hill, having to break through ...miles of wet snow The meeting was ...ll and the report better than last year.

March 4.—Heavy snow and strong ...inds had filled the roads. I was within ...each of Maxville and Dominionville so ...drove through these places to balance up ...subscriptories. Reached Apple Hill, where ...the Rev. D. McLennan gave me a hearty ...welcome and presided over a good meet...ing. We also had a good report.

Alexandria, March 5.—Capital meeting, ...many young people present. Good ser...mon from the Rev. D. MacLaren. Col...lection had done well.

March 6.—Glen Sandfield and Brodie ...Small meeting, but some of the ...friends had done remarkably well.

Saturday, March 7.—Drove through ...pouring rain to Dalhousie Mills, only ...found the Manse empty. Hospitality was ...kindly by Mr. Morrison.

Sunday, March 8.—Dalhousie Mills ...was only partially filled owing ...storm which had demoralized the ...roads. The lady collectors had been busy ...and had a fair report.

St. George Church was full in ...evening. The secretary had as good ...a report as the times and weather had ...allowed.

March 9.—A lucky mistake in the road ...led me to the River De Lisle, where ...I gained nearly ten miles of good driv...ing. This brought me nearly to Coteau, ...where I left my horse and took train in...stead after a hard winter's work.

WEDDINGS.

Toronto, April 15.—The Church of Our Lady of Lourdes was the scene this morning of a charming double wedding, the occasion being the marriage of Miss Mary Ann Frances Long, daughter of Mr. Thomas Long, of Jarvis street, to Mr. Hugh Edward McSloy, of St. Catharines, and of Miss May Evelene Hughes, second daughter of Mr. Patrick Hughes, to Mr. Charles O'Connor, barrister, of Ottawa, and eldest son of Mr. Daniel O'Connor, Q.C., also of Ottawa. The church was crowded with relatives and friends of the four families concerned, hundreds being unable to gain admission. The ceremony was performed by His Grace Archbishop Walsh, assisted by Vicar-General McCann, the Very Rev. Dean Harris, St. Catharines; Rev. Dr. Tracy and Fathers Walsh, Hand and Kiernan, of Collingwood. A reception was held at Mr. Thomas Long's house after the ceremony.

Newark, N.J., April 15.—Miss Elizabeth Balfour Clark, eldest daughter of William Clark, the millionnaire owner of the thread and cotton mills in Newark and Scotland, was married at noon to-day in the North Reformed Church, to Thomas Laidlaw, a wealthy iron manufacturer of Glasgow, Scotland. One thousand guests attended the ceremony.

Vienna, April 15.—Prince Clovis Von Hohenlohe-Schillingsfurst, Chancellor of the German Empire, attended the ceremony of the marriage of his niece, Princess Dorothea Von Hohenlohe-Schillingsfurst, to Count Von Lamberg to-day. The service was conducted by Cardinal Cruscha, Archbishop of Vienna.

London, April 15.—Baron Von Eckardtstein, attache of the German embassy here, was married in St. Alban's Cathedral this afternoon to Miss Grace Maple, daughter and heiress of Sir J. Blundell Maple, member of parliament for the Dulwich division of Camberwell. A large number of diplomats were present, including Lieut.-Colonel Ludlow, military attache, who represented the United States embassy.

GEN. BOOTH'S PRO-AMERICANISM.

New York, April 15.—A special cable despatch to the 'Journal' from London, says: The cabled accounts of what Ballington Booth says about his father's detestation of America seemed so very serious that I sent a reporter to the Salvation Army headquarters to interview General Booth. He is away in the provinces making a tour of the out of town corps. Bramwell Booth, speaking for him, through a private secretary, says that the officials of the Army read the utterances of Ballington Booth and consider them unworthy of serious consideration, as there is no truth whatever in the assertions he makes. Ballington Booth's statements, they say, speak for themselves and are quite contradictory and contrary to the truth. General Booth was greatly delighted with his American tour in 1894 and the ridiculous assertions cast by his son are, they claim, without any foundation.

A MOST REMARKABLE CASE.

Kingston, Ont., April 15.—Mr. Edward, only son of Mr. Henry Thurston, mechanical superintendent of the M. T. Company, Kingston, now in New York, has just undergone a third operation for appendicitis. The first was performed at Rochester about a year ago. The second was sustained in the New York General Hospital last fall, but like the first it proved unsuccessful. Dr. Bull, who last operated, is sure the seat of trouble has been completely removed this time. The patient did not let his parents know of the third operation until it had been performed. He now says he is all right, though doctors told him it was generally fatal to have the abdomen walls pierced for a third time.

STRUCK BY A FAST MAIL.

Buffalo, April 15.—Last night at Looneyville, a little station on the New York Central Railway, ten miles from this city, while Peter Pretziller and John Leimlinger, well-known residents of Lancaster, were driving across the New York Central tracks, their buggy was struck by a fast mail train. Both men, the horse, and a pet dog were instantly killed and the buggy reduced to splinters. The men's bodies were cut to pieces and strewn along the track. The signal tower operator thinks the horse was running away at the time and dashed into the train. Leimlinger was a widower with two children. Pretziller was unmarried.

A SCHOOL DYNAMITED.

Saginaw, Mich., April 15,—The Central school building in Westside was wrecked by dynamiters early this morning. It was the oldest and best of the big schools on that side of the river and for years has been a bone of contention. At two o'clock a terrific explosion occurred which wrecked the building and was followed by fire. A portion of the library was also destroyed. The building contained twenty-seven rooms, and had a capacity for 300 pupils. The loss is $40,000 with $27,000 insurance. A vigorous effort will be made to discover the dynamiters.

THE N. Y. C. RAILWAY.

Albany, N.Y., April 15.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York Central & Hudson River Railway Company was held to-day at the Union Depot. Some $65,000,000 out of $100,000,000 stock was voted. The board of last year was elected without change.

Annual meetings were also held by the West Shore Company and the Mohawk & Malone Company. The directors were re-elected except in the case of the Mohawk & Malone Road. Mr. Freeman was chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Samuel Barton.

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Brooklyn, N.Y., April 15.—Frederick Merrick, twenty-eight years old, shot and killed his wife Ida to-day and then killed himself. Jealousy is believed to have been the cause. The couple leave a daughter six years old.

THE 'GREENLAND'S' CATCH.

A special from St. John's, Nfld., says the sealing steamer 'Greenland' is reported with ten thousand seals. The weather is back to its old condition. very bad.

TORONTO HORSE SHOW OPENED.

Toronto, April 15.—The second annual Canadian horse show was inaugurated at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon by Lord Aberdeen, the Governor-General. At one o'clock a distinguished party, including Lord Aberdeen, Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick, Senator Ferguson, Sir Casimir Gzowski, A.D.C., the Hon. G. W. Ross, the Hon. J. M. Gibson, the Hon. Richard Harcourt, the Hon. John Dryden, Mr. W. F. MacLean, M.P., Mayor Fleming, Lieut.-Col. Mason and others, were entertained at a special luncheon given by the horse show committee. Mr. Robert Davies, chairman, proposed the toast to the Queen, after which followed a toast to the Governor-General, proposed by vice-chairman Bristol. His Excellency replied in a short speech. At 2.30 an address of welcome to Lord Aberdeen was read on behalf of the horse show association by its secretary, Mr. Stewart Houston, on the conclusion of which His Excellency declared the proceedings opened. The first horses to appear in the ring were the entries in the first harness class horses under 15.1 hands.

Following are the results of the judging to-day:—

Hackney stallions, 1st prize, $45, Royal Standard (bay), Graham Brothers, Claremont; 2nd, $30, Fireworks (br.), H. N. Crossby, Toronto; 3rd, $20, Courier (bay), A. G. Ramsay, Hamilton.

High-stepper mare or gelding—1st prize, $40, Althorp Duchess (b.m), H. N. Crossby, Toronto; 2nd prize, $25, Perfect (ch. g.), Llewellyn Meredith, London; 3rd prize, Confidence (br. g.), S. Weld, London.

Saddle horses, mare or gelding—1st prize, $60, Queen (b.m.), J. A. Gunn, Toronto; 2nd, $25, The Earl (ch. g.), S. S. Howland, Morris Park, N.Y.; 3rd, $15, Lassie (br. m.), Frederick Wyld, Toronto.

Hunters and jumpers—1st, $60, The Earl (ch. g.), S. S. Howland, Morris Park, N.Y.; 2nd, $25; The Swell (b.g.), Wm. Buckle, of Guelph; 3rd, $15, Lady Bird (br. m.), S. S. Howland.

Horses in harness—1st, $60, Shelah (b.m.), S. S. Howland; 2nd, $25, Patrick (br. g.), S. S. Howland; 3rd, $15, Jessie (blk. m.), W. A. Lawrence, Milton, Ont.

Thoroughbred stallions—1st, $50, Mikado, (br. h.), Robert Davies; 2nd, $35, Wyndham (b.h), S. B. Fuller, Woodstock; 3rd, $25, Tyrone (br. h.), T. H. Hassard, Millbrook.

There was a ladies' driving team competition to-night in which Miss Edna Lee of Toronto, daughter of W. S. Lee, won, Mrs. Davidson of Unionville being second. There was a tandem competition, open to Toronto Hunt Club members, in which G. A. Stimson secured first prize, the competition amounting to little.

The grand parade of stallions formed an interesting feature of this evening's programme.

'The MONTREAL CONFERENCE.'

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Under the above heading in the 'Witness' of April 3, you give a list of ministers who are likely to be in the field for presidential honors this year. A large number of your readers will be sorry at the name of the Rev. F. Chisholm of Pakenham, Ont., being omitted. Mr. Chisholm is one of the senior ministers and has proved himself an excellent executive officer

FAIR PLAY.

Smith's Falls, Ont., April 9, 1896.

PAYING THE PENALTY.

(London 'Daily Graphic,' April 6.)

Gloucester, although less notorious than Leicester as a stronghold of the anti-vaccination heresy, has earned a sufficiently evil reputation in consequence of the strength of the local opposition to vaccination. As a well-informed correspondent tells our readers to-day, the law compelling vaccination has been 'virtually a dead letter' in Gloucester for the past ten years, and now Gloucester is paying the penalty in the shape of a terrible epidemic of smallpox. Up to Thursday last 693 cases had been notified, of which 118 had terminated fatally. Of 90 deaths which occurred in hospital 74 were of unvaccinated persons, while the remaining 16 victims had been vaccinated in infancy only. On the other hand, the medical officer of health certifies that only one re-vaccinated person has been admitted to the hospital. At the eleventh hour, after heavy and unnecessary loss of life has occurred, the guardians have resolved to enforce the vaccination acts; but irreparable disaster has already been suffered by the city.

RECALLED BY THE PLAYFAIR CASE.

(Paris 'Messenger.')

There was a case at Montpellier some years ago, which, though far more dramatic than the Kitson-Playfair one, resembled the latter in that it largely turned on the revelation of professional secrets. A doctor of medicine at Montpellier was consulted by a mother as to one of his patients who was a suitor for her daughter's hand. The doctor at first gave an evasive answer to the questions put to him, but when the lady point blank asked him whether, as the father of a family, he would give his daughter to the young man, he felt constrained to reply in the negative. As the result of this communication the marriage was broken off. Some days later the doctor's carriage drove up to the local school of medicine, which he was in the habit of attending, without either the physician or his coachman. Search was at once made, and the unfortunate men were found lying dead on the road some distance away. For a time the origin of the crime was wrapped in mystery, but eventually the act was traced to the disappointed suitor, who, however, had blown out his own brains before the discovery was made.

FOUR CONVICTS AT LARGE.

Michigan City, Ind., April 15.—Four prisoners escaped from the penitentiary last night by scaling the walls. They are still at large. Six were in the conspiracy. Two weakened at the last minute and were bound, gagged and pounded into insensibility by the others. The runaways were among the hardest prisoners in the institution.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

THE AMERICAN ATHLETES TAKE FIRST PLACE.

THE CANADIAN FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION—LOCAL AND GENERAL SPORTING NEWS.

Athens, April 15. — The Olympic games were closed to-day with the distribution of prizes to the victors in the various contests. The weather was perfect, and the Stadium was crowded with people. When the Royal party arrived a Pindaric ode on the games was delivered by Mr. Robertson, an American, after which, according to the ancient custom, the King personally handed to each winner of a first prize a wreath fashioned of wild olive plucked from the trees at Olympia, and laurel wreaths were given to the winners of second prizes. All the prize winners then received diplomas and medals. The Stadium band then played the national air of each country represented in the games, to which music all of the prize winners paraded. After the parade the games were declared by the King to be ended.

The total number of athletes who received crowns was forty-four, of whom eleven were Americans, ten Greeks, seven Germans, five French, three English, two Hungarians, two Austrians, two Australians, one Dane, and one Swiss athlete. After the ceremonies attendant upon the prize awards were completed, the international committee having the arrangement of the games in charge, met at the residence of the Crown Prince, and arranged for the holding of the next games in Athens in 1898. Banquets in honor of the victors are still being given and the city is en fête.

LACROSSE.

THE TECUMSEHS WANT TO GET IN.

Mr. J. Ross, vice-president of the Tecumseh Lacrosse Club, of Toronto, was in town yesterday, and meeting the committee of the Shamrocks, urged the claims of the Tecumsehs for admission to the Senior League, now composed of five teams. The officers of the Shamrocks said that they would consider the matter at their next committee meeting. The Capitals promised to do the same. Mr. Ross claims that the Tecumsehs are a strong team, and would make a good showing in a six team league.

THE STANLEY CLUB.

The Stanley Lacrosse Club held their annual meeting last night, and elected the following officers:—President, W. Watson; vice-president, A. Beacon; secretary, L. Pilon; treasurer, P. Moran; captain, W. Brown.

VICTORIA LACROSSE CLUB.

There will be a meeting held by the above club to-night at No. 685 Dorchester street, at eight o'clock. A large attendance of members is requested.

POINTS.

Paterson, the point player of last year's Capitals, is said to have joined the Tecumsehs.

The Torontos will have a new man on the home field, whose weight in condition is 180 lbs., and who can sprint 100 yards in 11 seconds.

The Torontos are rapidly enrolling a number of first-class exponents of the national game into the club, including Brierly and McDougall, centre and defence respectively of Seaforth last year; 'Tiny' Henry, of Fergus, and Milner of Brampton.

CRICKET.

LOHMANN'S BOWLING FEATS.

Lohmann, the great all-round English professional, is credited with some great bowling feats in South Africa for Lord Hawke's team. In the game against All-South Africa he followed up his good work in the first innings, when he secured 7 wickets for 38 runs, by taking 8 wickets for 7 runs in the second. He also took 15 wickets for 38 runs against eighteen of Port Elizabeth and 6 for 19 against Orange Free State.

FOOTBALL.

THE CANADIAN FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

Last evening in the Queen's Hotel delegates from the following clubs met and decided to reorganize the Canadian Football Association, and revise the by-laws:—Point St. Charles Institute, Back River, Metropolitan, Excelsior, McGill, Thistle, Rovers, Montreal South and Caledonias. As they stand now, there are twenty-nine by-laws. Among the most important was No. 2, which reads: 'All clubs playing association rules shall be eligible for membership, subject to the approval of the Council of Delegates.' Also, No. 6, which reads:—'The Association shall be governed by a Council of Delegates, consisting of one delegate from each club, and a president, who shall not be a representative of any association football club.'

No professional player shall be allowed to play in any matches of the Association, the rules of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association to govern in all cases.

The election of officers resulted as follows:—

Hon. president—B. G. Fraser-Crierie.

Hon. vice-presidents—Dr. N. E. Gunn and Mr. Edwin Thomson.

President of Council of Delegates— Mr. W. Honeyman.

Trustees—Dr. N. E. Gunn, Mr. F. Graves, and two others to be appointed by Mr. Fraser-Crierie, the donor of the Queen's Hotel and first division trophies.

Secretary-treasurer—Mr. D. A. Myers.

The schedule will be drawn on Monday next at eight p.m., at the Queen's Hotel. At this time other clubs wishing to join may do so.

EXCELSIORS' FIRST PRACTICE.

The Excelsior Football Club will turn out for practice on Saturday next at 2.30 on Hampden Park. As this is the first practice of the season, every member is asked to come out.

BASEBALL.

HITS.

The nicknames of National League clubs are as follows:—Boston, Beaneaters; Cleveland, Spiders; Pittsburg, Pirates; Philadelphia, Quakers; Baltimore, Orioles; Brooklyn, Bridegrooms; Cincinnati, Reds; Louisville, Colonels; St. Louis, Browns; New York, Giants; Washington, Senators; Chicago, Colts.

HANDBALL.

THE MONTREAL CLUB.

At a largely attended meeting of the Montreal Handball Club, held last night, the following were elected officers:—President, M. J. F. Quinn, Q.C.; secretary-treasurer, M. J. Stephens. Letters containing handsome subscriptions from several prominent citizens were read, and votes of thanks passed. The following committees were struck:—Construction committee, E. Halley, W. Ryan, F. Sullivan, T. Mace and H. Gilchen; subscription committee, Richard McShane, T. Doherty, Lawrence Smyth, E. Halley, W. Ryan, T. Dwyer, M. J. Tansey, A. Gauthier, Thos. M. Groome and E. McCaffrey.

CYCLING.

THE WANDERERS.

A committee has been called for this evening at eight o'clock, in the club rooms.

SPOKES.

Both Harry and Walter Hulse applied for reinstatement into the amateur ranks. The former, it will be remembered, was transferred into Class B in August at Stratford, but he never rode in that class.

The Cyclists' Touring Club of Great Britain has 2,031 candidates for admission for the month of April, including many people of rank, one of the Battenberg princes, a grandson of the Queen, being among them.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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GENUINE IN OUR BOTTLES ONLY, BUFF WRAPPERS. SEE OUR NAME, POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

CURLING.

ST. LAWRENCE CLUB MEETING.

The annual meeting of the St. Lawrence Curling Club will be held in the club's rink this evening at 8 o'clock. This club has had a very successful career and shows that there has been an expansion in that part of the city which was not thought of a dozen years since.

CHESS.

DR. POLLOCK WILL PLAY AT THE HEATHER CLUB.

The comfortable quarters of the Heather Chess Club, corner of St. Catherine street, and Greene avenue, Westmount, will be the scene of an interesting contest on Saturday evening, when Dr. W. H. K. Pollock, lately returned from the Hastings tournament, will play simultaneously ten of the best members of the club, of which he has been elected an honorary member. Numerous friends of the club have been invited to be present to view the fray. Afterwards Dr. Pollock will give an address on 'Chess and Chess Players,' which will be found bristling with pointers for those who would succeed at the game.

ATHLETICS.

CONNEFF TO RUN BACON.

Tommy Conneff has received a letter from Bantow S. Weeks, captain of the New York Athletic Club, informing him that the club had sent a challenge to Bacon, the English mile champion, for a mile race with Conneff in September. The New York Athletic Club offers to pay all expenses. It was also suggested that matches be made by Bredin and Kilpatrick, Shaw and Chase, and Bradley and Wefers. Conneff will go to Travers Island as soon as the school year at Holy Cross College, Worcester, Mass., ends, and as he is in good shape now expects to be in perfect running condition by September. He believes the chances of several international races this fall are good.

ONTARIO CAMPAIGN.

LARGE NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES M'CARTHYITE ACTIVITY.

Toronto, April 16.—For the past three weeks two McCarthyite organizers have been in the field actively engaged in perfecting the organization of the anti-remedialist electorate in various constituencies while in the city candidates have been selected to enter the contest should the regular Conservative candidates come out for the remedial bill and Sir Charles Tupper. Mr. W. D. McPherson, the L.O.L. county master, who recently announced his opposition to the remedial bill, is understood to be an aspirant for West Toronto. The McCarthyites say that they will oppose him should he run as he has lost their confidence. First, because he was non-committal until after the Orangemen had made themselves unmistakably understood; in consequence of his absenting himself from the anti-remedial demonstration at the Massey Hall, and because he declined to go on the committee which drew up the grand lodge resolutions censuring the ex-grand master, Mr. J. L. Hughes. The first choice of the machine for Conservative nominee for West Toronto is said to be Mr. T. C. Blackstock. Ex-Mayor Clarke, who presided at the anti-remedial mass meeting, and is a close friend and supporter of the Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, is considered certain to command one of the regular Conservative convention nominations. Mr. Wm. Brock, of North Middlesex, who was brought out by the Patrons, has announced himself in accord with the anti-remedialist policy and will be assisted on the platform in the campaign by McCarthy League speakers from here. His Conservative opponent, Mr. Hutchins, the present representative of the riding, has made a curious record. When recently renominated he reserved to himself the right to vote against the remedial bill but for some unknown reason took the opposite course and supported it. Under the circumstances those McCarthyites who know the constituency, say that they are confident that Mr. Brock will win.

In West Huron there is a movement among the Conservative anti-remedialists to bring out Mr. G. M. Kelley, although the strong opposition to the coercionist policy offered in parliament by Mr. M. C. Cameron may result in his receiving the united anti-remedialist support.

In North Hastings, Mr. W. J. Harryett is to be nominated by the anti-remedialists and he will, it is stated, prove a strong candidate.

In North Perth the McCarthyite candidate, Mr. W. B. Freeborn, is making an active campaign. The same is true of Dr. Graves in Centre Prince Edward county.

A development of the fight in committee over the remedial bill is a decision by the central committee here to oppose Mr. T. Dixon Craig in East Durham, where Col. Maclean of Port Hope, the McCarthyite candidate, was to have been withdrawn. Mr. Brandon, Patron-Prohibitionist, of North Ontario, is again to be supported by Mr. McCarthy.

Official statements made to the 'Witness' correspondent by representative C. P. A. and McCarthy League officers indicate that there will be twenty-nine independent anti-remedialist candidates nominated, some as McCarthyites, and others as C.P.A.'s, in several instances there being a fusion between them and the Patrons. In addition to this there will be the new independent element of Wallace-Conservatives capturing several Conservative constituencies. It is considered a very moderate estimate that the next parliament will see a McCarthy-Wallace Conservative group of at least thirty, capable, it is anticipated, of holding the balance of power on questions affecting the independence of parliament from clerical dictation.

IN OTHER PLACES.

Vancouver, B.C., April 16.—The McCarthyites of this city have telegraphed Mr. Dalton McCarthy, the champion of Manitoba in the school controversy, to contest this district in the approaching Dominion elections.

Windsor, Ont., April 16.—It was rumored this morning that Mr. Sol White, ex-M.P. for North Essex, was out for the nomination for parliament. There are already five candidates in the field and the entry of Mr. White would complicate things worse than ever. The rumor caused quite a sensation. Mr. White was very non-committal when asked about it and all he would say was that he had been spoken to on the subject but had not made up his mind yet one way or the other.

THE MORTALITY STATISTICS.

The mortality returns furnished by the Health Department for the week ending April 11, show that the interments in the city cemeteries were 116—97 in the Catholic and 19 in the Protestant. This is a slight increase of 18 over the previous week. The causes of death were as follows:—Diphtheria, 4; croup, 3; whooping-cough, 1; infantile debility, 4; dentition, 2; diarrhoea, 2; enteritis, 4; meningitis, 5; convulsions, 6; consumption, 16; bronchitis, 7; bronchio-pneumonia, 6; congestion of the lungs, 3; pneumonia, 9.

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MONTREAL WEEKLY WITNESS.

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CONTAINS TWENTY PAGES OF THE WORLD'S NEWS.

GREAT DEBATE IN PARLIAMENT ON THE MANITOBA BILL.

DISCUSSION AND DESPERATE RHETORICAL ASSAULTS ON MEMBERS.

PROTESTANT MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION CONDEMNS THE DISGRACE.

GERMANY EXCITED OVER DUELLING PRACTICES.

WASHINGTON LEGISLATORS AND THE RUSSIAN PRESS.

MASSACRES OF CHRISTIANS IN ARMENIA—AWFUL WORK.

HOLMES, THE MURDERER OF TWENTY-SEVEN.

MATABELES ON THE WAR PATH AND BRITISH FIGHTING.

'THE MADONNA OF A DAY'; MISS L DOUGALL'S STORY.

THE HEEL OF THE TYRANT, BY THE REV. JAMES GREEN.

Other Topics:—Dr. Cuyler's Fifty Years—Miss Slack's Letter—The Lady Burlon—'Bereft'—'The Silver Shield'—Science for the Boys—A Waif—A War-Maker on War—Home Department Articles—Remedial Bill's Fate—Independence of Parliament—Niagara Doomed—Armenian Relief—Lady Mount Stephen's Death—Dr. Boyd's Reminiscences—An Arabian Hero—The Russian Character—Austin on England—Inside Hawarden—Massacres of Armenians—Situation in the Soudan—Pacaud Case—Ontario Legislature—Annie McGrath's Death—'Witness' Armenian Fund Over Ten Thousand Dollars—Financial, Commercial, Agricultural, Horticultural, Veterinary and Medical Department, etc.

PRICE IN WRAPPERS, READY FOR MAILING, FIVE CENTS.

REMEDIAL BILL WITHDRAWN.

Sir Charles Tupper Forced to Postpone its Further Discussion

TO GO INTO SUPPLY.

MR. OUIMET ON DANGEROUS GROUND.

ANXIOUS TO MAKE THE SCHOOL QUESTION THE ISSUE AT THE POLLS.

Ottawa, April 16.—The whole of yesterday was taken up in the House in Committee on the Remedial Bill. It was a dreary monotonous discussion kept up till a late hour. At eight o'clock Major Sam. Hughes created a stir by attacking Mr. Clarke Wallace, Orange Grand Sovereign, who pointed to the lukewarmness of the opposition to the bill from Major Hughes and others from Ontario, as shown by the press. He abused Mr. Wallace roundly for over an hour, accusing him of inspiring attacks in the press on the 'Lumbersliders,' who voted both ways, and went on to refer to the anonymous letters incident between Sir Adolphe Caron and Dr. Montague, and said that the second anonymous letter bore a striking resemblance to the handwriting of Mr. Wallace. He defended his course on the Remedial Bill and declared he was satisfied to play the old man and his ass.

A member—You are satisfied to play the ass alone.

Mr. Hughes referred to the Cape Breton County and North Ontario campaign, to the Home Rule resolution of 1882, and to the crisis of last January during which Mr. Hughes said he refused to enter a ministry led by Dr. Weldon. Mr. Hughes, to the great amusement of the members, endeavored to explain how he came to vote on both sides. It was never known, he said, in the British Parliament, to meet an important bill with the six months' hoist.

Mr. McNeill rose to say that the Irish Church Disestablishment Bill was met with the six months' hoist, and also the Home Rule Bill.

Mr. Wallace vigorously replied, and the House was very much amused at the war of words between these two Orangemen and Conservatives. Mr. Wallace read from an article in which Mr. Hughes, who is the editor, mentioned his own name ninety-seven times. He accused Mr. Hughes of abandoning his principles.

The motion that the committee rise was put and lost at 11.30.

THE BILL SUSPENDED.

Then Sir Charles Tupper stated that, owing to persistent obstruction, he would move that the committee rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again. He regretted that better progress had not been made, but it was necessary to obtain supply. It was not in the power of the government if they were unable to do more and proceed further. He did not say they would not be able to proceed further. The matter is therefore left open, but he regretted he was unable to carry this matter to its end. This statement was received in dead silence.

Mr. Laurier refused to allow the government to screen its own misdoings behind a charge of obstruction. The motion that the committee rise was not made until an hour when all men should be in bed, three o'clock in the morning. If the leader of the House thought to bully the House of Commons, he had been taught a lesson, and if he thought to carry this measure by preventing fair discussion, he was mistaken. (Cheers.) Whose fault was it that the bill had been brought in and considered at the dying hours of the session? Whose fault that the division in the Cabinet had driven the sincerest supporter of remedial legislation out of the Cabinet, Mr. Angers? Whose fault that the Cabinet had wrangled and quarrelled at the beginning of the session and were unable to agree? He recalled the fact that Archbishop Langevin had been quoted yesterday as accepting the Remedial Bill as it was, yet that very day Mr. Ouimet had moved to strike out the whole of clause 14. As to clause 74, he pointed out that Sir Charles Tupper had refrained from expressing any opinion on it, and two members of the Cabinet had already declared that no financial aid could be given to separate schools in Manitoba. He concluded by challenging his policy compared with the government policy at the polls, and was loudly cheered by the Opposition.

MR. M'CARTHY DELIGHTED.

Messrs. Lariviere and Dupont followed, and then Mr. McCarthy congratulated Sir Charles Tupper on his motion. He had at last realized that this House was not to be coerced. They were now celebrating the obsequies of the Remedial Bill. They were now dealing with this bill for the last time and the leader of the House might just as well have admitted it. They heard no more promises of carrying the country on this matter in the next Parliament. He and his friends, Messrs. Wallace, Sproule, McNeill and O'Brien, more truly represented the Conservative party than the government did. (Ministerial jeers.)

'Yes,' said Mr. McCarthy, 'I am still a Conservative.' He taunted Sir Charles Tupper with not daring to follow up his reading out of Messrs. McNeill and Sproule by reading out Messrs. Wallace and Weldon.

Mr. Foster in a bitter tone taunted Mr. Laurier with joining hands with Mr. McCarthy who now declared that there would be no remedial legislation in a future Parliament.

Mr. Ouimet was evidently very angry at the turn of events. He said they were ready to go to the country as a united party, and at the polls they would try this legislation. 'This will be the issue,' he said. He would rather be in opposition than be a part of a party with Mr. McCarthy.

An evidence of how united a party the government represented, was immediately furnished by Mr. Davin, Conservative, who said, 'If that is to be the banner under which the Conservative party is to fight, then I shall not be found fighting under that banner.' (Loud Opposition cheers, and cries of 'Read him out.') To hear a speech like Mr. Ouimet's would lead one to think that some great principle was at stake instead of a mere sentimental grievance that has no substantial foundation. The people of the North-West and Manitoba would never tamely submit to such a bill or the enforcement of this bill. The people of Manitoba would never submit to the establishment of a Department of Education at Ottawa.

Conservative members one after another, rose and protested against the declaration of the Minister of Public Works.

Mr. Craig refused to be a Conservative candidate on such a condition.

Mr. McLean of East York warned the government to consult the party before making this the issue in the elections.

Mr. Martin declared that the Liberal party were going into the elections united under a distinguished leader who would unite under one flag the two great races of Canada. (Cheers.)

Mr. Clarke Wallace protested against the banner of separate schools being unfurled over the Conservative party in the elections.

Mr. Lister declared that the withdrawal of this bill was an evidence that the government never had any genuine intention of passing the bill. (Cheers.) He pointed out that in Ontario the Conservatives as a party had for years been waging war on separate schools in close alliance with the P. P. A.

Mr. McGillivray replied to Mr. Lister and the question of Margaret L. Sheppard, ex-nun, her whereabouts and how she took the stump in Ontario to assist Conservative candidates, occupied the attention of the committee for some time.

At 2.30 a.m., the motion to rise was carried and the House adjourned after sixty hours' continuous sitting.

THE SENATE.

In the Senate Mr. McInnis asked if it was the intention of the government at the approaching elections to change in any way the polling divisions of the city of Victoria or any other electoral districts of British Columbia.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell said he expected to introduce a bill in a few days to subdivide one of the polling divisions in Victoria which had been found at the recent by-election to be too large to enable all the voters to poll their votes conveniently within the time during which the polls were open. No other changes would be made.

Senator Boulton's motion declaring the remedial bill unconstitutional was withdrawn as it was decided that as the bill was the subject of legislation in the commons the motion was out of order.

The bill amending the North-West Territories act giving the district of Saskatchewan representation in the Senate was read a third time.

There was an interesting debate on the motion for the second reading of a bill to amend the Fisheries act. Senator Ferguson, who had charge of the bill, explained that before Confederation riparian owners on non-tidal waters had the exclusive right to fish in waters adjacent to their land. After Confederation the Federal Government assumed the ownership of these fisheries and leased and sold them. This led to a long dispute which resulted in a decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Robertson vs. the Queen which decided that the fisheries belonged to the provinces and the riparian owners but that the Dominion Government had the power to regulate the fisheries. Since that time netting in these waters has been totally prohibited and the riparian owners are prevented from netting fish even in the waters adjacent to their own land in which they have the sole right to fish. The object of the bill was simply to give the Governor-General-in-Council power to grant licenses to these riparian owners to fish in their own waters.

Senator McCallum wanted to know if the control of the fisheries in non-tidal waters was not vested in the provincial governments.

Senator Ferguson said that the question was now being tested by a case in the Supreme Court, but no judgment had yet been given.

Senator Drummond said that a similar bill to the present had been introduced in the Commons last session but had been withdrawn because the matter was before the courts. He thought the same reason was good now as the case was still sub judice. He also pointed but that a more serious objection to the bill was that if it passed a single riparian owner by spreading his nets across a salmon river might deplete the entire river of breeding fish which would of course destroy the entire fishery so far as that river was concerned. Then again, after the decision in Robertson vs. the Queen riparian owners on salmon rivers had sold their farms with the fishing rights to private parties and angling clubs for far more than their market value, merely for the fishing privileges which this bill would destroy. He moved a six months hoist.

Senator Angers spoke strongly in the same strain and Senator Primrose hoped the bill would be withdrawn.

On the suggestion of Senator Ferguson the motion for a hoist was withdrawn on the understanding that the debate should be adjourned until to-morrow in order that the Department of Justice might be consulted in regard to the measure.



SPRING IS HERE

And they can't keep their snow man from rapidly melting away.

MORE G. T. R. CHANGES.

Toronto, April 15.—Mr. John W. Loud, general freight agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, has issued the following circular, which is approved of by Mr. George B. Reeve, general traffic manager: 'Taking effect on April 22, Mr. John Pullen is appointed division freight agent, with headquarters at Stratford. His division will extend from Carlton to Point Edward and all lines north thereof, excepting the territory north of Georgetown, which is included in Mr. White's division.'

Mr. Pullen was for several years private secretary to Mr. George B. Reeve, traffic manager of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway, at Chicago. For the past five years he has been agent of the Reading Despatch, a fast freight line operating over the Grand Trunk system.

Mr. Harry Nairn succeeds Mr. Pullen as agent of the Reading Despatch at Chicago.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE

BEFORE THE UNITED STATES SENATE—MR. CALL INTRODUCES A STRONG RESOLUTION.

(N. Y. 'Times.')

Washington, April 10.—The performance in the Senate to-day by Senator Call of Florida in connection with the Maybrick case, should not lead anybody, at home or abroad, to imagine that the Senate is quite so destitute of sense as it has the reputation of being, for it is safe to say that there was an almost unanimous opinion that it was none of the business of the Senate to interfere in that matter.

The Senate will manifest its disposition in the case by suppression, in the Judiciary Committee, of the resolution that was referred to it. An observer of the Senate would get the impression, from reading an account of its proceedings, that the object of its members has been, since this session begun to load our diplomatic representatives abroad with all manner of messages which cannot be transmitted without giving the impression that we are seeeking quarrels, and that the office of the legislators is to make every diplomatic officer and his country a common nuisance.

Mr. Call is not satisfied to have the ministers of Turkey and Spain loaded with such unpleasant messages; he is now seeking to have the ambassador to Great Britain entrusted with a mission that will, unquestionably, if put upon him, secure for the United States a deserved invitation to mind its own business. It is not at all probable that the provocation to offer the invitation will be extended.

The resolution that Mr. Call introduced in reference to the imprisonment of Mrs. Maybrick declares that 'the people of the United States sympathize with Mrs. Maybrick in her suffering under a sentence of life imprisonment at hard labor; that they almost universally believe in her innocence; that she was unfairly convicted before a presiding judge whose harsh rulings were caused by a demented mind, almost bordering on insanity.' It requests the President of the United States to communicate the resolution to the Government of Great Britain.

As soon as the resolution was read, Mr. Sherman (Rep., Ohio), chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, arose and said, with every appearance of annoyance:

'Let that joint resolution be laid on the table. It ought not to be introduced. I happened to be in England at the time of the trial. There was a great deal of difference of opinion on the question whether she ought to be convicted. But certainly it is a subject over which the Senate of the United States has no jurisdiction. I move that it be laid on the table.'

'Let it lie on the table for the present,' Mr. Call pleaded—letting it lie on the table being entirely different in Senate practice from having it laid on the table. 'I should like,' Mr. Call continued, 'to have the Senate vote upon it.'

'Well,' said Mr. Sherman, relenting, 'let it go to the Judiciary Committee.'

Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.), chairman of the Judiciary Committee, indicated his desire that no such reference of the resolution should be made, and remarked that a motion had been made to lay it on the table.

Mr. Sherman took back his suggestion and renewed the motion to lay the joint resolution on the table.

Mr. Call demanded the yeas and nays on that motion, and said that he would be glad to hear what reasonable objection there could be to the reference of the joint resolution to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Sherman again yielded, with the remark that he was perfectly willing to have the joint resolution referred to the Judiciary Committee.

'That is all I ask,' said Mr. Call.

The resolution was then referred to the Judiciary Committee.

HOLMES'S FABRICATIONS.

Hamilton, Ont., April 13.—In the list of Holmes's victims prepared by himself appears the name of Mrs. Havercamp, of Hamilton. No person of that name is living here or is ever known to have lived here. There is no such name nor anything like it in the directory. The police say they never heard of such a person and do not believe she ever lived here.

Toronto, Ont., April 14.—Holmes in his confession says that he asphyxiated the Pietzel children in the house on St. Vincent street, in this city, by turning gas through a flexible tube into the trunk. An inspection of the house to-day shows that there is no gas on the premises.

HAD A ROUGH TRIP.

Queenstown, April 15.—The White Star SS. 'Majestic' from New York, April 8, for Liverpool, arrived here at 7.30 o'clock this morning. She reports having experienced strong northerly gales and high head seas which swept her decks. A seaman named Walmsley was killed by being thrown with great violence to the deck.

CANADIAN CATTLE SCHEDULE.

MR. PRICE ANXIOUS TO HAVE THE MATTER RECONSIDERED.

London, April 15.—Mr. Robert [illegible] Price, M.P. for the east division [illegible] folk, has given notice that he will ask the Right Hon. Walter Long, President of the Board of Agriculture, in the House of Commons to-morrow, to request the postponement of the Diseases of Animals act, and to allow the importation of Canadian cattle into the United Kingdom under suitable conditions. If the answer to his request is a negative, he will move the exclusion of Canadian cattle from the operation of the bill, pending an enquiry by experts into the prevalence of disease among cattle in Canada.

BRITISH SCIENTISTS AND X RAYS.

THEY ARE SCEPTICAL RESPECTING THE GERMICIDAL PROPERTIES OF THE NEW LIGHT.

New York, April 15.—Julian Ralph cables from London: News from Chicago respecting the germicidal properties of the Roentgen, or X rays, occasioned much interest here, although English scientists are not nearly so advanced with experiments of this nature as the Americans. Certainly no one here has yet ascertained that the mysterious rays possess the property of destroying bacteria and opinion is divided as to the likelihood of such being the case. The 'Lancet' recently published some interesting letters from Dr. T. Glover Lyon, senior assistant physician of the Victoria Park Chest Hospital. Dr. Lyon, using the Crookes tube, with an electric current at a voltage of about 25,000, thus describes in the 'Lancet' the results of his work: 'My experiments in this direction proved, so far as they went, a negative, which was almost a foregone conclusion. An impure cultivation of the diphtheritic bacilli was exposed in a test tube in an incubator, at thirty-five degrees centigrade, for twelve hours to Roentgen rays, produced by the apparatus described above. Considerable growth took place during these twelve hours, and continued on further incubation. The exposure to the Roentgen rays had failed to influence the growth of the bacilli to any appreciable extent. A pure cultivation of the tubercle bacilli exposed at the same time showed a vigorous power of growth afterwards. During these exposures, on account of the escape of electricity in one way and another, an intense odor of ozone was perceptible in the incubator and around it. The ozone apparently, however, was unable to penetrate the cotton and wool plug of the tube and affect the germs. A somewhat interesting result was obtained by photographing by the Roentgen ray a cultivation of diphtheritic bacilli sidewise. The turbid blood of the serum gave a faint shadow, but to the eye the opaque colony of germs, over a quarter of an inch thick, gave no signs of existence. The rays passed through them as light through glass. Experiments like these are not, of course, final, but on the whole one is forced to the conclusion that with our present methods the radiant ethereal energy is powerless against pathogenic organism. At the same time increased knowledge and improved apparatus may place the cure of disease by radiant energy within the possibilities of the future.'

The 'British Medical Journal' has also published long speculative communications on this subject. Dr. Willoughby in its columns first urged the desirability of determining finally whether the new radiant had or had not sterilizing effect upon tubercle bacilli. Dr. Watson considered it most important, in view of the known effect of ordinary light, to ascertain whether there is any relation between X rays and bactericidal rays, already assumed to be part and parcel of the sun's light. Many other British scientists hold the view that the X rays are modifications only of ordinary light, but, so far as known, the sole direct experiments were undertaken by Professor Schuster, who, at a recent meeting of the Manchester Medical Society, said the results were altogether negative, the bacteria thriving as well in Roentgen rays as out of them. Scientists here are decidedly sceptical as to the germicidal properties of the X rays, though they are not prepared to deny the reported discovery in Chicago. They want details, however, before believing it.

THE ST. LAWRENCE & ADIRONDACK.

Albany, N.Y., April 15.—Messrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Dr. W. S. Webb, C. H. Burnett, John J. Astor, E. C. Smith, E. Van Ettan, R. W. Leonard, M. E. McLary and H. L. Sprague were yesterday re-elected directors of the St. Lawrence & Adirondack Railway Company. Messrs. Burnett and Allison were present at the meeting, which took place in the company's office, St. James street.

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