

Notices of births, marriages and deaths, usually must be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Fees and extended obituary notices are charged for at regular rates.

BIRTHS.
NORRIS.—On the 21st inst., at 122 St. Hyppolite street, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Norris a son.

McMILLAN.—At 146 Convent street, this morning, the wife of Wm. McMillan, of a daughter.

MARRIED.
SMITH—BROWNLEE.—On Tuesday, Sept. 23rd, 1890, by the Rev. H. T. McDonald, at the residence of the father of the bride, Dr. J. C. Smith, of Grand Forks, County North Dakota, formerly of South Mountain, to Lillie, daughter of Mr. Wm. Brownlee, of Kemptville, Ont.

LABELLE—BUTTERWORTH.—On the 23rd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. G. E. Davis, James H. Labelle, son of the late Rev. Olivier Labelle, of Montreal, to Flora T., daughter of Robt. Butterworth, Esq., all of Windsor.

ANDERSON—WALKER.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 17th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Saunders, Tom T. Anderson, conductor, G.T.R., to Fianche Walker, only daughter of S. Walker, foreman, G.T.R.

YOUNG—WOODWARD.—At St. Rose, on the 27th Sept., 1890, by the Rev. Dean Fulton, James Almie M., eldest son of the late James Young, to Annie Walton, youngest daughter of William Woodward, all of St. Rose.

RENOUF—DICKINSON.—At Grande Grève, Gaspe, on 23rd Sept., by the Rev. B. Piché, Philip Neal Renouf, to Jessie Dickinson widow of the late Adolphe Girard.

STEVENSON—CARSON.—At the residence of the bride's mother, Havelock, by the Rev. K. Waddell, B.D., John Hare Stevenson, of Franklin, Que., to Sarah Carson, of the Township of Havelock, Que.

DIED.
SIMPSON.—At Bigelow Hill, Brighton, Mass. (near Boston) on the 27th inst., of typhoid, Henry Gordon Simpson, formerly of Montreal.

IMBIE.—At Spencerville, Ont., on 25th inst., Mary Laidlaw, widow of the late William E. Imbie, Esq., aged 64 years.

LEWIS.—At Stanley Island, Summerville, Ont., on Saturday evening, 27th inst., Thomas Lewis, late merchant of Montreal, aged 75 years.

Funeral from his son-in-law's residence, 65 McGill College avenue, on Tuesday, the 30th inst., at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

McGULLOUGH.—At Waterloo, Que., on Sept. 24th, 1890, Cecelia Aloina, only daughter of W. G. McGullough, agent G.T.R., Remington, Que., aged 2 years and 2 months.

FEROY.—In Lecrim, Ireland, in his 32nd year, the Rev. Gilbert Feroz, LL.D., formerly private chaplain to the Earl of Leitrim, and father of Mrs. Ashe, of Quebec.

AUMOND.—Accidentally killed in this city, Sept. 27th, 1890, Meier Aumond, from an No. 5 Five Station.

Funeral from his late residence, 55 Craig street, on Wednesday, Oct. 1st, at 9 a.m. sharp, at St. Bridget's Church, and thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

DOUGALL.—At Windsor, Ont., on the 25th September, Francis J. Dougall, in the 55th year of his age.

New York Witness please copy.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
PIANO BARGAINS.—Do not waste money looking after pianos of inferior make because you get them cheap. Willis & Co. make immense yearly contracts with the great makers, thus securing high class pianos as cheap as inferior ones only manufactured in small numbers.

St. Gabriel Church.—The Piano recently ordered by the Young People's Association of St. Gabriel Church, has been received from the makers, Heintzman & Co., Toronto, and will be displayed in the window of Mr. C. W. Lindsay's Piano Rooms, 2208 St. Catherine street, for a few days.

All I ask of intending purchasers for Bedroom and Dining-room Furniture, Secretaries, &c., &c., is a call. Let yourselves be the judges regarding prices and quality. HUGH RUSSELL, 1801 Notre Dame street.

MATEURS SUPPLIED.
DAVID H. HOGG, 603 CRAIG STREET.
The Leading House in the Dominion for Photographic Stock, Mountings and Picture Frames.
(Dry Plates a Specialty.)

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.
Governor's Syrup of Wild Cherry will be found superior to all others. Price, 25c. Be sure and get that. Prepared by
J. COVERTON & CO.,
Dispensing Chemists,
Corner Bloor and Dufferin streets; Branch, 469 St. Lawrence street.

JOSEPH HORSFALL begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his store to No. 105 St. MICHAEL'S LANE, over Henry Hamilton's Dry Goods. During the alterations that are now being made on Notre Dame street.

JOSEPH HORSFALL.

THE DOMINION
DRESS GOODS WAREHOUSE.

- NEW TWEED DRESS GOODS.
- NEW PLAIN DRESS GOODS.
- NEW CHECK DRESS GOODS.
- NEW STRIPE DRESS GOODS.
- NEW TWILL DRESS GOODS.
- NEW CHEVIOT DRESS GOODS.
- NEW SCOTCH DRESS GOODS.
- NEW FRENCH DRESS GOODS.
- NEW GERMAN DRESS GOODS.
- NEW DRESS COSTUMES.
- NEW EXCLUSIVE DRESS COSTUMES.
- NEW NAVY SERGES.
- NEW COLORED CASHMERE.
- NEW HENRIETTAS, Silk and Wool, from 50c per yard.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,
Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods,
Cor. St. Antoine and Mountain sts.,
Telephone, 111, 225.
Federal, 1620.

Boys' Fall Overcoats at half price. C. G. GLASS, Balmoral Hotel Building.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

Boys' New Tweed Suits.

BABY LINEN DEPARTMENT.
CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOODS
CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOODS
CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOODS

CHILDREN'S SILE HOODES
CHILDREN'S SILK HOODES
CHILDREN'S SILK HOODES

CHILDREN'S FLUSH HOODES
CHILDREN'S FLUSH HOODES
CHILDREN'S FLUSH HOODES

The Fall Stock of Children's Goods is now laid out for sale.
S. CARSLEY.

Mail Orders carefully forwarded.

BABY LINEN DEPARTMENT.
LADIES' FLANNEL BLOUSE WAISTS
LADIES' FLANNEL BLOUSE WAISTS
LADIES' FLANNEL BLOUSE WAISTS

LADIES' CASHMERE BLOUSE WAISTS
LADIES' CASHMERE BLOUSE WAISTS
LADIES' CASHMERE BLOUSE WAISTS

LADIES' VEILING BLOUSE WAISTS
LADIES' VEILING BLOUSE WAISTS
LADIES' VEILING BLOUSE WAISTS

A Fall Stock in Ladies' Blouses for Fall Wear.
S. CARSLEY.

Boys' New Serge Suits.

BABY LINEN DEPARTMENT.
The Fall Importation of Baby Linen is now in stock.

The largest stock of its kind in Canada.
Infants' Trousseaux from \$2.50, comprising every requisite.

All the latest novelties in Baby Clothing.
S. CARSLEY.

Mail Orders carefully attended to.

BABY LINEN DEPARTMENT.
LADIES' FLANNELETTE WRAPPERS
LADIES' FLANNELETTE WRAPPERS
LADIES' FLANNELETTE WRAPPERS

LADIES' GERMAN FLANNEL WRAPPERS
LADIES' GERMAN FLANNEL WRAPPERS
LADIES' GERMAN FLANNEL WRAPPERS

LADIES' PAISLEY WRAPPERS
LADIES' PAISLEY WRAPPERS
LADIES' PAISLEY WRAPPERS

LADIES' OPERA FLANNEL WRAPPERS
LADIES' OPERA FLANNEL WRAPPERS
LADIES' OPERA FLANNEL WRAPPERS

LADIES' FRENCH FLANNEL WRAPPERS
LADIES' FRENCH FLANNEL WRAPPERS
LADIES' FRENCH FLANNEL WRAPPERS

The stock of Ladies' Wrappers is now complete.
S. CARSLEY.

Boys' Reeler Jackets.

USEFUL GREY FLANNELS, 10c yard
USEFUL GREY FLANNELS, 10c yard
USEFUL GREY FLANNELS, 10c yard

Just put in stock a very good line of Grey Flannels, at 10c yard.
S. CARSLEY.

GREY CHAMBLEY FLANNELS, 10c yard
GREY CHAMBLEY FLANNELS, 10c yard
GREY CHAMBLEY FLANNELS, 10c yard

Grey Chambley Flannels, plain and twill, light and dark shades, at 10c yard.
S. CARSLEY.

Mail Orders still increasing.

HEAVY GREY FLANNELS, 10c yard
HEAVY GREY FLANNELS, 10c yard
HEAVY GREY FLANNELS, 10c yard

A special make of Heavy Grey Flannels, in plain and Twill, at 10c yard.
S. CARSLEY.

PURE ALL-WOOL GREY FLANNEL, 24c YD
PURE ALL-WOOL GREY FLANNEL, 24c YD
PURE ALL-WOOL GREY FLANNEL, 24c YD

This is a special line which every customer should see. Only 24c yd.
S. CARSLEY.

Busy! Busy! In Children's Dresses.

CREAM SHAKER FLANNEL, 8c yard
GREY SHAKER FLANNEL, 8c yard
CARDINAL SHAKER FLANNEL, 8c yard

BLUE MIXED SHAKER FLANNEL, 8c yard
All the new shades of Shaker Flannel now in stock at 8c yard.
S. CARSLEY.

STRIPED AND CHECKED FLANNELETTES
STRIPED AND CHECKED FLANNELETTES
STRIPED AND CHECKED FLANNELETTES

The Largest Assortment and Best Value in Flannelettes will always be found at
S. CARSLEY'S.

Busy! Busy! Selling Boys' Suits.

COLORED SAXONY FLANNELS, 9c yard
COLORED SAXONY FLANNELS, 9c yard
COLORED SAXONY FLANNELS, 9c yard

All shades in Colored Saxony Flannel now in stock. Price from 9c yard.
S. CARSLEY.

FANCY SHIRTING FLANNELS, 20c yard
FANCY SHIRTING FLANNELS, 20c yard
A full assortment of English, Scotch and Canadian Flannels now in stock. Price from 20c yd.
S. CARSLEY.

CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON
Always use Clapperton's Thread.
Then you are sure of the best Thread in the market. Clapperton's Spool Cotton never breaks, never knots, never ravel, and every spool is warranted 200 yards. Always ask for
CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.
Notre Dame street.

S. CARSLEY,
2165, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777
NOTRE DAME STREET,
MONTREAL.
CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S. ADVERTISEMENT.

OUR BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Our BLACK GOODS Department has gained the reputation of being ahead of all our competitors for Variety, Quality and Value.

BLACK ALL-WOOL HENRIETTAS, from 50c to \$1.50 per yard.
BLACK FRENCH DRESS SERGES, all-wool, from 25c to \$1.10 per yard.
BLACK COSTUME CLOTHS, from 15c to \$1.50 per yard.
BLACK CRAPE CLOTHS, from 50c to \$1.10 per yard.

BLACK FRENCH MERINO, from 50c to \$1.25 per yard.
BLACK COSTUME CLOTH (with crape borders), from 90c to \$1.50 per yard.
BLACK PARAMATTAS, from 50c to \$1.25 per yard.

BLACK SILK and WOOL HENRIETTAS, from \$1.10 to \$2.00 per yard.
BLACK EMBROIDERED COSTUMES (new designs), from \$2.00 to \$4.00 a costume.
BLACK SILK CRAPE, from \$1.00 to \$1.50 per yard.

SPECIAL.
BLACK CASHMEREES.

We have just imported direct from the makers the largest stock of
BLACK CASHMEREES

Ever shown in the city and the best value, and we invite the public to call and examine the same.
BLACK CASHMEREES, from 25c to \$2.00 per yard.

SPECIAL.
PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS GOODS.

We have now in stock a complete assortment of
PRIESTLEY'S CELEBRATED BLACK DRESS GOODS.

The most Perfect Made and most Perfect Dyed Goods known.
PRIESTLEY'S HENRIETTAS.
PRIESTLEY'S MELROSE CLOTHS.
PRIESTLEY'S DALMA CLOTHS.
PRIESTLEY'S BRYANNA SERGES.
PRIESTLEY'S MOURNING CLOTHS.
PRIESTLEY'S BATISTE DELAINE.
PRIESTLEY'S CLARRETTE CLOTHS.
PRIESTLEY'S PARAMATTAS.

The only store in the city for the best value and largest assortment of BLACK DRESS GOODS is JOHN MURPHY & CO'S.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
1781 AND 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Corner St. Peter street.

TERMS CASH AND ONLY ONE PRICE.
Telephone No. Federal, 530; Bell, 712.

GENTLEMEN
ARE BRISKLY SELECTING
THEIR
FALL UNDERWEAR
AT THE ONE
Establishment in the city where
variety and weight and purity
and price
"ARE ALL RIGHT."
R. J. TOOKE'S,
177 St. James Street.

THE DOMINION
LINEN WAREHOUSE

Another case of LINENS to HAND YESTERDAY.
Ladies, when you have tried everywhere for a certain article in Linen and cannot find it, try the Dominion Linen Warehouse. We have the largest stock of Linens to be seen in any one store in Canada.

LINEN SHEETINGS, in 6-4, 9-4 and 10-4.
LINEN FILLING, in 40, 42, 45, 48, 50, 52, and 54 inches.

To hand today, a lot of Linens for fancy work.
JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRY GOODS,
203, 205 and 207 St. Antoine street,
144 to 150 Mountain street.
TELEPHONE—Bell, 322; Federal, 1650.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENRY HAMILTON'S

NEXT STEP

MOVING INTO MORGAN'S STORE.

Having rented the store now occupied by Messrs. Henry Morgan & Co., St. James street, we shall either have to move our stock there early in the spring, or give such inducements now as will leave us little or no stock at all to move and considering the expense of moving so large a stock as ours, we have decided to

MAKE REDUCTIONS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS,

AND FURTHERMORE TO GIVE

TEN PERCENT OFF

AT THE BOTTOM OF EACH BILL

ON ALL CASH PURCHASES

so that customers will not only be buying from us at the reduced price but will make a further saving of

ONE DOLLAR ON EVERY TEN DOLLARS.

The Stock is now being re-marked, and will be ready on WEDNESDAY MORNING, when we shall inaugurate one of the most

GIGANTIC MOVING SALES

ever held in the City of Montreal.

Ladies will please bear in mind that this extra inducement of 10 percent applies to all goods throughout the store, as well as to that lot of Mantles which we reduced to half price last week.

Our three Mantle Rooms are so crowded every afternoon that Ladies would confer a favor by coming as early as possible in the day, so that we can spend more time in showing them our immense stock.

Please remember that this Sale commences TO-MORROW MORNING, at Nine o'clock.

HENRY HAMILTON,

1883 & 1885 Notre Dame Street.

CURTAINS,

PORTIERS, POLES.
LACE CURTAIN DEPARTMENT.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS WHITE CURTAINS
SWISS CURTAINS CREAM CURTAINS
MADRAS CURTAINS COLORED CURTAINS
BRUSSELS CURTAINS BLEACHED CURTAINS
ANTIQUE CURTAINS FRILLED CURTAINS
MANDALAY CURTAINS BASH CURTAINS

All Fresh Goods, from 60c a pair up.
ART MUSLINS BY THE YARD, Plain and Colored.
Unrivalled Assortment!
Unapproachable Value!

The taste displayed in the selection of the NEW FALL CARPETS exhibited by Messrs. JAMES BAYLES & SON, fully sustains the reputation this well known house has deservedly won during its long career of thirty years.

BRASS POLES,
BRASS COVERED POLES,
ANTIQUE WOOD POLES,
POLISHED WALNUT POLES,
STAINED WOOD POLES,
30c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50, \$3 up.

Portiere Rods, Vestibule Rods, Bath Mountings.
THE NEW PORTIERS ARE A REVELATION IN ART DECORATION.

CHEVILLE PORTIERS.
Plain, Fringed, striped, Dadoed.

ART SERGE PORTIERS.
Plain Tops, Dado and Fringe Trimmed.

TAPESTRY PORTIERS.
New Fringed Designs and Dadoes.

CROSS STRIPE PORTIERS.
Many Makes, Fringe Trimmed.

THE LINES RUNNING FROM \$2 to \$5 ARE IN EXQUISITE TASTE AND FINE VALUE.

The extensive Fall Stock of NEW CARPETS now in the show rooms of Messrs. JAMES BAYLES & SON is alike a credit to this long established firm and a delight to the most fastidious purchaser.

NEW Lot of our Special Canadian Oil-cloth, 25c yd.
JAMES BAYLES & SON,
1827 NOTRE DAME STREET.
Established 1859.
THE CARPET WAREHOUSE.

Fire sale of Clothing and Furnishing Goods still going on at C. G. GLASS, Balmoral Hotel Building.

WEATHER REPORT.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, Sept. 29, 12.15 p.m.
—The pressure continues low in the far North-West and off the South Atlantic coast and high elsewhere. The weather has been fine throughout Canada. Minimum and maximum temperatures:—Prince Albert, 36—48; Qu'Appelle, 50—58; Minnedosa, 34—48; Winnipeg, 48—54; Toronto, 56—57; Montreal, 38—54; Quebec, 36—54; Halifax, 35—50. Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Lakes, moderate winds, fine, stationary or a little higher temperature. Upper St. Lawrence, light to moderate winds, fine, stationary or a little higher temperature. St. Lawrence, Lower, moderate winds, fine, stationary or a little higher temperature. Gulf and Maritime, moderate winds, fine, not much change in temperature.

(Via C. P. R. Telegraph.) MR. YATES' CABLE GOSSIP.

KENSINGTON PALACE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Mr. Yates cables to the Tribune from London as follows:—So far from Kensington Palace being pulled down or converted into a picture gallery it is likely, at no distant date, to be inhabited by a larger number of royalties than have been within its walls since the reign of George II. The largest and best apartments in the palace, which were occupied by the Duchess of Kent, the Duke of Sussex, the Duchess of Inverness and the Duchess of Teck in succession, have now been empty, dismantled and shut up for more than eight years, but they have been given by the Queen to Princess Beatrice and Prince Henry of Battenberg, who now have a suite of rooms at Buckingham Palace, which, however, they would lose in the event of the demise of the Queen. The Queen can grant apartments in those palaces which are not occupied by the sovereign—Kensington, Hampton Court and St. James—beyond her own reign, so that the Princess Beatrice and Prince Henry will be provided with a town residence in Kensington for their respective lives. The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are in the same position exactly, and as they did not care to accept the Duchess of Cambridge's apartments at St. James Palace, they also are to go to Kensington, where an excellent house is to be arranged for them by throwing together the apartments of the late Sir Francis Seymour, and those of the late Mrs. James Macdonald.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales was shooting every day last week. There was a grouse drive at Invercauld on Monday, a deer drive in the Glen Beg division of Invercauld forest on Tuesday, a grouse drive over Gonaill moor on Wednesday, deer drives in Mar forest on Thursday, and grouse on Friday in Glen Quoich and Glen Derry section respectively. His Royal Highness killed five stags.

THE EMPRESS OF AUSTRIA.

The ubiquitous Empress of Austria is now doing Algeria. Her apparently inexhaustible list of incognito designations is wholly devoid from English sources, and while at Lisbon and Gibraltar, she would answer to no other name than that of Lady Nicholson, although at least five or six other ladies are the rightful owners of the designation in question.

LORD WOLSELEY.

Lord Wolseley enters upon his new duties as Commander of the troops in Ireland to-morrow, when Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar returns, to the regret of all ranks of the army, who are taking steps as a mark of regard to present him with a souvenir of his five years' residence among them. The Prince of Saxe-Weimar's retirement from the Irish command will be closely followed by his retirement from the army as he attains the age of 67 on October 11th, and then must go. There are rumors that a field marshal's baton will be conferred on him, but there are difficulties in the way of such recognition on the ground of seniority.

AMERICAN.

A FAMILY WIPED OUT.
NEWARK, N.J., Sept. 30.—Three children of John Keene, of 132 Plane street, died of diphtheria on Saturday, and one died yesterday. Two more are dying. Keene, while crazed with grief, fled from home, went to New York city and committed suicide there.

CANADIAN.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.
(Special to the Witness.)
QUEBEC, September 30.

The following is the explanation given this morning by the chief Mercier organ here relative to the return of the Hon. D. A. Ross to the Provincial Cabinet. The Government had to give a representative in the Cabinet either to the Irish Catholic element or to the Anglo-Protestant element. Under the circumstances the dilemma was a difficult one to solve. The Irish Catholics, on account of their importance in the province, and also of the generous support they give to the ministry, deserved to be directly represented in the Administration.

On the other hand, it was impossible to ignore the Anglo-Protestant element whatever antipathy they may have manifested towards the Mercier Government. They counted a dozen representatives in the House, while the Irish Catholics have only three out of 73. The Government has begun to do justice to these two elements by naming an Anglo-Protestant minister, but, naturally, the choice of an Irish minister is only a question of time. It cannot be otherwise than that the Irish shall have their representative in the Cabinet before long. In selecting Mr. Ross and giving him the post of honor in the Council, the Government has acted wisely, and this delicate attention is one for which the Protestant population should give Mr. Mercier credit.

NOTES.

Mr. C. L. Champagne, ex-M.P.P. for Hochelaga, has been appointed joint registrar of Montreal with Mr. Auger.

Mr. Pinault, M.P., has taken an action for slander against Mr. J. E. Larive, a prominent notary of Masane. The alleged slander was circulated during the last provincial election for the county, and Pinault claims \$10,000 damages.

Professor Schmutz, of St. Ann's College, has been dismissed by the authorities of that institution for the alleged prominent part taken by him in the kidnapping of Senator Pelletier during the Kamouraska election.

END OF A LONG PAST.

(Special to the Witness.)
KINGSTON, Ont., September 30.—Mrs. Morris, of Elgin, over seventy years of age, refused nourishment of any kind for twenty-seven days, only taking a few spoonfuls of water each day. She lived, but was much reduced in strength. A few days ago she took a liking to hard boiled eggs and is eating a little now.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

LARGE CROWDS attending the sale of dress goods at S. Carsley's.

BEAUTIFUL LITTLE DRESSES for children now selling for \$1.20 at S. Carsley's.

BEAUTY BOYS! in the tannal department at S. Carsley's.

THE NEW HOOPS for children just received at S. Carsley's are really beautiful, and the assortment is very large.

THE GOA ELECTIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A despatch from Goa, India, says the Government has been successful in the elections. The excitement continues and many leaders of the popular party have been arrested.

A COUNT'S SUICIDE.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—Count Kleist, who recently assaulted an inn-keeper, hanged himself with his suspenders in prison yesterday.

THE CHOLERA DYING OUT.

MADRID, Sept. 30.—According to the latest reports from Barcelona and other infected districts, the cholera is everywhere dying out.

Despatches from Senegal say Chief Ahmadou besieged Koumakari, but was finally repulsed by the French, who dispersed the chief's army and killed 380 of his men.

THE GREAT TRIAL OVER.

BIRCHALL FOUND GUILTY AND SENTENCED.

THE ADDRESSES OF COUSINS CONCLUDED—THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

Woodstock, Sept. 29.—The great trial is over. Reginald Birchall has been found guilty of murdering P. C. Benwell, and at three minutes past midnight to-night the murderer was sentenced by Judge McMahon to be hanged at the gall here on Friday, November 14th. The jury retired at precisely 9.53 p.m. and were waiting with their verdict when His Lordship arrived at 11.25 p.m. Before the prisoner was removed he called Detective Murray to his side and said he was sorry for what his counsel had said against him, as he wished to say he had been treated with the greatest consideration by that officer. At 11.27 His Lordship took his seat on the bench again. He looked for a moment at the jury, held a hurried consultation with Clerk Campbell and then retired to his private room for a few minutes. He reappeared again with a copy of the statutes and a constable was despatched to bring the prisoner down from the gall. Then the crowd poured into the court room in confusion until the hall was packed to the doors. The counsel soon put in their appearance and the vast audience was as still as death for several minutes, awaiting the arrival of the prisoner, whose life now hung in the balance.

The prisoner was brought into court, handcuffed at 11.45, looking pale and nervous. Some minutes elapsed before the constable could remove his handcuffs, and then there was a painful silence.

Justice McMahon then said—"Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon your verdict?"

George Christopher, of Ingersoll, then rose and said in a low tone, "Yes, we had Birchall guilty."

Mr. Hellmuth asked that the jury be polled, which was done, one after another rising in their places and pronouncing the verdict of guilty. Mr. Hellmuth said that in the absence of his learned friend Mr. Blackstock, who was unable to be present through illness, he asked His Lordship to make it a reserve case on the Miller letters. Justice McMahon said he did not think there was anything at all for a reserve case in this.

THE CHARGE AND SENTENCE. The verdict of the court was then received, when Mr. Osler moved the sentence of the court.

Justice McMahon—Stand up, John Reginald Birchall.

The prisoner then stood up, and His Lordship asked him if he had anything to say why his sentence should not be passed upon him.

Birchall's reply in the audible tone was—"Simply that I am not guilty of the crime, Mr. Lord."

His Lordship then proceeded to pass the sentence of death upon the prisoner. He said—"It is my solemn duty to pass the sentence of the court. I can only say I fully coincide in the verdict of the jury. You have been defended with great ability, and no point in the defence has not been brought before the court with all the ability and impudency human nature could suggest. The unavoidable conclusion must have been, of the jury and all who listened, that you conspired and carried out the murder of a young man who had been entrusted to your care by a aged and venerable man, the father of his child. It is my solemn duty to have looked after and cared for that young man. Instead of that you conspired to take his life, and the blood money was the draft that was to come from England. It is a melancholy circumstance to think that a young man with your education and opportunities should have followed the course you have and dipped your hands in the blood of your fellow man. It is melancholy to think that with your honorable connections, and the other connections that you have formed, you should have brought disgrace upon your respectable relations. I can hold out no hope of commutation of your sentence. My advice to you is to use every hour in applying the Theology of Grace for forgiveness of your sins. The sentence of the court is, then, that you, John Reginald Birchall, be taken to the place from whence you came, and there within the walls, between the hour of eight in the morning and six in the evening on Friday, the 14th day of November, be hanged by the neck until you are dead, and may the Lord have mercy on your soul."

When the sentence was delivered Birchall's guard, Enwistle, burst into tears, while the prisoner remained as stolid and unmoving as at any time during the trial. The sentence of death was passed at precisely three minutes past midnight.

MR. BLACKSTOCK'S ADDRESS. Mr. Blackstock, counsel for Birchall, in concluding his address, alleged that the conduct of Birchall in going to identify Benwell's body pointed strongly to his innocence. He wanted to take Pelly with him, but Pelly suggested he should go to New York, and it was agreed he should go. Birchall promised to pay his expenses. Birchall did go to Princeton and identified the body, but his different statements to those who are trying to make money out of him went for nothing. He explained Birchall's alias of Lord Somerset, but the fact that the prisoner, being a Somerset, had to change his name to Pelly's name, was thought it was a mistake. He suggested that the prisoner signed the White Star sailing list as "Doubtless." It was in his opinion probably a slip of the pen. This, he said, closed his remarks about the evidence. He knew the jury would decide the case according to the evidence, and the time would come when they would be glad. The time would come when this mystery would be cleared up, when the guilty man would come forward with a confession of his guilt. This would give every man on the jury be glad that he passed judgment on the prisoner at the bar in accordance with the evidence. It was the duty of the Crown to bring the charge of murder home beyond a reasonable doubt. If the jury found there was a doubt the prisoner was entitled to the benefit of that doubt. There must be some reasonable doubt, no conjured up doubt, but if there was a reasonable doubt then he asked for mercy for the prisoner. He felt embarrassed at his position and anticipated with alarm the addresses of both his learned friends and His Lordship. Mr. Blackstock's address was a masterpiece, closing at just 5 o'clock, having occupied five hours and seven minutes. The Court then adjourned for twenty minutes for lunch.

THE CROWN PROSECUTOR'S ADDRESS. Mr. Osler for the Crown opened his address at 3.25 by the remark that the Crown sought no man's life, but it was the duty of the Crown to lay the facts before the jury and with them rested the responsibility of saying whether the accused was innocent or guilty. Birchall's correspondence, he said, showed that the prisoner was preparing Benwell's father to receive reports from him instead of from his son. He went aboard a ship in England and wrote that he had sent on a good horse, that he had purchased a business in Buffalo and that he was going to have a big sale of horses in which his son would

no doubt desire an interest. The son was on a three months' trial, but see the suggestion in the letter that his son should have an interest in the business at once. This is only one conclusion by which this can be accounted for, and that is that by some criminal means he was going to get possession of the \$500. On board ship Pelly and Benwell soon became antagonized, but Birchall was soon able to reconcile Pelly, while, no doubt, he had given both the young men the same glowing description of the farm. Then they had Birchall's statement to Mr. Phemister and others at Niagara. Pelly had already been taken in, Birchall had got his \$170, but it was not so with Benwell. Then take

THE LETTER OF BIRCHALL TO COL. BENWELL three days after the son was dead. Fancy Benwell writing by the same mail to his father that he had been deceived, that there was no farm, but Birchall knew there was no danger of that. He knew where Benwell was, that he was lying cold and stiff in the Blenheim swamp. The solution of this was that it was the only way to get possession of the \$500. Who believes that Benwell had parted company with Birchall and wandered off the country? He has no knowledge of farming, had no means to buy a farm, and was unacquainted with the country, therefore the first thing he would do in finding out that he had been deceived was to cable his father. Then look how skillfully Birchall wrote that letter to have the money sent, not to J. R. Birchall and P. C. Benwell, but to the firm of Birchall & Benwell. Therefore Birchall could draw the money without Benwell seeing or knowing it. The defence attempted to mislead the jury by stating that the prisoner's mouth was shut and that he could not give an account of his doings on that day. The prisoner had a perfect right to make a statement at the close of the evidence and tell the jury anything he chose. But no, look at

HIS AWEFUL SILENCE ON THIS POINT. Why don't he speak about this terrible blank on February 17? Why? Why don't he bring some one from Niagara who will say, "I saw him that day." On the contrary, the Crown produce twenty or more witnesses to identify the prisoner and the unfortunate dead. Mr. Osler then took up the journey from Buffalo. They were able in the early morning to catch a train that made close connection at Hamilton, and then by taking the accommodation reach Princeton; then two tickets were bought that morning at the Bridge. Only two more tickets were bought a week after the 17th of February, and when Birchall returned that night he told Pelly that Benwell had nothing to eat and was sulky. He did not attempt to deny that there were discrepancies in the evidence about seeing Birchall on that journey, but the jury were to examine them and see if they were strong enough to combat the evidence of many witnesses who positively identified Birchall and said he was the man. The reputable character of these people was too well known to require any comment. They are asked to believe that the old miller, Alfred Hayward, told a falsehood because he could not identify a constable in the gallery, whereas the facts are exactly the reverse. The jury scarcely identify his own wife or daughter in the gallery owing to the very strong cross light. The same two men were traced along the roads, through the fields and into the swamp. Ellen Fallon was the last witness who spoke of seeing the two men alive. According to the statement of Davis and Ross, the jury could not possibly see them if they could have reached the swamp in 35 minutes past twelve, and the latest hour he could leave was 2.15 to catch the train, provided it was on time. There is a margin of time of one hour and 35 minutes of delay in the swamp or along the road.

A LAPSE OF TIME NECESSARY FOR THE COMMITMENT OF THE DEED and for the cutting off of the name on the clothing. The prisoner is positively identified in his way back, is identified in goal, and on the road. Fortunately the Crown witnesses are able to fix the date positively, so that there is no doubt on that point; and after the crime up to the hour of his arrest he was practically in Pelly's company. If they reject this they must reject all these witnesses. Miss Smith positively identified the prisoner, although not certain at first whether his name was Somerset or Dudley. Her statement he true, Birchall was at Eastwood that day if false, she is doing the prisoner a grievous injury. Which was the most probable? Mr. Osler next took up the question of the shots, and the three men who swore they heard the shots just after dinner on that day. The defence attacked McDonald's testimony, but he is going to say with reference to Friedmanburg or Hickson. They were hunting in the woods and had no watches, so that it was quite natural that they should be a little out as to the time of the day. They did not say they heard pistol shots, but thought they were rifle shots. He then commented upon the evidence of Mr. Ellis, who testified that Birchall was seen in the swamp in October, 1888, earlier than it is possible for him to have been there. He did not think the witness claimed to state the month positively, but Mr. Blackstock put the words in his mouth.

THE CONTENTION OF THE CROWN IS that the prisoner killed Benwell in the swamp, in fact very near where the body was found. He might have had some one to help him, or two men might have carried the body in there, yet the prisoner was actually guilty of getting rid of the man. It was a deliberate act, convenient to destroy his identity by cutting the marks off his clothing. The perpetrator of that daylight murder knew that Benwell was a stranger in the country. If it had been otherwise the man's face would have been identified. The prisoner was the only man in Ontario who knew Benwell as a stranger in the country, therefore it was necessary to destroy his identity. Mr. Osler again, amid death-like silence, recited how the body was found, with the glasses lying underneath his head and the stub of a cigar. The defence ask the jury to believe that he was murdered somewhere else, and carried there. The only correct theory is that he was murdered where he was found, or within two feet of the spot. He was enticed into the swamp under some pretence or other and murdered. As soon as he was shot these loose articles fell off. The medical testimony offered by the defence proved nothing unless it proved that two attempts had been made upon his life within 24 hours before. They claimed the wounds were inflicted twenty-four hours before death. Why, then, if Benwell was attacked from the front, was he shot and murdered from the rear? No, gentlemen, the man who murdered Benwell gave him no alarm, but shot him down in cold blood without warning. Such a case, as the Baker-Caldwell phase of this case, he thought was really a terrible case. Mr. Osler then went into the question of the weather and the condition of the clothing when the body was found. There were the records; they show that the rain that fell that night would not fill the gauge. How would this fill the sleeves if it would not record in the instrument? Let us follow the weather. The rain fell on the 17th evening. It dropped about 5 o'clock nearly to 20 degrees of frost. Then came the drifting snow, which got down the arm and formed into ice.

WITH REFERENCE TO THE TRACKS, our theory is that they were imprinted at the

time of the bringing in of the body. Stereodistinctly says that the tracks were there previously. Will you take this evidence and reject Crosby's, who was there first, and says he saw no tracks? Now this brings me to the post-mortem, which shows that death was caused by shot wounds, which only make slight dorsal dent of blood. Then we have the evidence of Drs. Taylor and Staples as to the post-mortem and as to the condition of the body apart from the shot wounds. Dr. Welford states these wounds are consistent with being made at the time of death or two or four hours before or after. He says the wounds were bluish black. If you take Dr. Mearns and Richardson's evidence, which is second hand, you are driven to accept an error for Dr. Richardson's hypothesis was based on the color being of a greenish hue instead of black, as described by Dr. Welford. Now, let us take the prisoner's statement to Pelly,

ON HIS RETURN TO BUFFALO, and let us see how false it was. He said he had seen a good many people and collected some money. That false statement was not the statement of an innocent man. It was that of a man having something to conceal. He afterwards sent an telegram to the Stafford House, and got an answer that there was a telegram for him signed Stafford. Up to this time we only hear of a telegram or letter. He does not say forward. They answer there is a telegram. He replies: "Please open and repeat message to me; reply prepaid." The learned counsel then proceeded to show that the telegram signed "Stafford" was written by the prisoner himself, though the handwriting is disguised. Then follows the statement

WHEN PELLY CHARGES HIM WITH FRAUD, that he was expecting a draft from England, when he would be able to start back home. That was Colonel Benwell's draft. Then he goes down to the station on the 19th and takes possession of Benwell's kit and puts it in his baggage. Why take it out? He had the checks and the keys. Where did he get these? Why should Benwell have given the prisoner these keys? Then he has the statement of the prisoner at Princeton that he had letters with checks, but did not say he had instructions to ship the baggage. He cannot tell where the letter comes from, and cannot produce it; says his wife has it. Now, the prisoner either got these keys in the letter, or from the out-turned pockets of that body. He next pointed to the wild goose chase Pelly was sent on to New York. Next comes the arrest.

THE CHECKS AND KEYS OF BENWELL were found upon him, and the dead man's gold pencil. He kept that pencil because it was very much similar to great many other pencils, and there was no chance of it telling tales? Did he only borrow it? No; for his own pencil was also in his pocket. The fact of these things being found upon him was evidence of his guilt. Referring to the evidence of Millman and MacQueen, he thought it had no value as evidence. He made an identity. A passing glance on the part of the jury was sufficient to identify the man in the country. Now, this was the whole effort of the defence on this terrible indictment. From the day of his arrest Birchall has been silent. An innocent man would have spoken; would have spoken in this court, where his statement would have been taken. His learned friend said in the opening of this case that more was at stake than the prisoner's life. There is more at stake; there is the safety of the whole law-abiding community. My learned friend's only hope is for a disarrangement. Acquittal he cannot expect. The prisoner is entitled to every consideration. The community is entitled to a clear conscience. The prisoner is not the case rests with you. Mr. Osler's address occupied four hours and five minutes.

JUDGE McMAHON'S CHARGE. His Lordship began his address at 7.05, and in opening remarked that they were now drawing to the close of a grave and important case. As to the question of punishment neither the jury nor himself had anything to do. The punishment for such cases was provided by the people to whom they looked up. On the threshold of the case he warned them to discharge their duty of any statement they may have read in the press, and asked them to do a solemn duty to relegate what they had read to the past and leave their minds like an un-written page to receive the evidence given in court under oath. In this case there was no direct evidence of guilt, yet, like many other crimes, it showed great depravity. He pointed out the evidence of any statement, a circumstantial evidence, showing that the latter, when conclusive, was far more reliable. The Crown undertook to satisfy the jury as reasonable men that the prisoner at the bar murdered Benwell. First, then, to consider was, what was the object of the two men leaving Buffalo together? If we are to believe Pelly they were to go to the farm and make preparations for receiving him and Birchall's wife. Prisoner and Benwell

STARTED OUT WITHOUT ANY LOGGERS, so that if they did not stop at the farm they would return shortly. We have evidence that Birchall had no farm at Niagara, therefore what was his objective point? If they were not seen on the train then the case must naturally fall. He left Buffalo at a very early hour for some reason, because Pelly said it was before six o'clock when he heard them leaving the hotel. The train at that time states two tickets were sold to Eastwood, and the Crown asks you to believe that the prisoner and Benwell were the men who used these tickets and that Poole collected those tickets between Hamilton and Eastwood. The conductor thought he saw these men get off at Eastwood, or rather, there were two men on the train that they were to look out at Eastwood. Miss Lockhart says there were, and

SHE IDENTIFIED THE PRISONER AT THE BAR as one of these men. Miss Choate also recognized the prisoner on the train that morning. Alfred Hayward gave a description of two men passing through his yard, and one of them threw a piece of snow at a cat. The defence attempted to break the force of this evidence because Hayward did not remember Mr. McKay, the lawyer, calling on him, and further, because he could not recognize a constable in the gallery. Crosby's evidence went to show that one of two men had some parcel under his arm, yet this was the first heard of this. The jury would have to take this point into their consideration. The two Perrys and Pellew gave a description of the tracks in the field after these men had passed through to the swamp. It was for the jury to say whether these tracks were made by the accused men seen in the train. Then Edmondston and Oldham spoke of the men in the second concession.

MR. OSLER'S ADDRESS. He was positive about what he saw, and if you believe her evidence then these were the same men. McGuire also saw the men, and passed the spot early in the morning where the body was found. There were no tracks there then. He referred to the statements made by the three men who alleged that they heard the shots between two and three o'clock, and of the statements made by Mearns and others as to the prisoner's knowledge of the swamp. John Friedmanburg's evidence is offered to show that he saw two men, but these could not have been the men whom Mrs. Ferguson saw just before going through the fields. Then there were several other persons who gave evidence about Baker and Caldwell going through that part of the country that work.

The theory of the Crown is that the prisoner murdered Benwell in the swamp on Monday. If he did not murder him on that day, then he is not guilty of this crime, because that is the only day that he was in that neighborhood. His Lordship dwelt upon Miss Smith's evidence as pointing out the force of her testimony, if true. She was the only one who had a conversation with Birchall at Eastwood, and in the witness box said the prisoner was that man. Was this statement of hers a pure fabrication? He

DID NOT APPROVE OF THE METHOD adopted by the Crown officers in identifying the prisoner in the goal. It was unfair. Miss Cromwell swore she saw Birchall purchasing a ticket for Hamilton and afterwards talking with Miss Smith. In all there were five persons who saw Birchall at Eastwood. It was for the jury to say, however, whether these persons had concocted this story for some motive of their own or if they were mistaken in their identification of Birchall. Hay swore he saw the ticket in Birchall's hand. If that be true, then it was material as strengthening the evidence of Miss Cromwell, and, after Hay, Duffy was also an important witness, after which came Phemister and the mysterious telegram. All these circumstances are urged to show you that Birchall is guilty. If you believe these witnesses then the case against the prisoner presents very serious aspects. If you believe the witnesses who swore that they saw the men on the second concession, then the prisoner is accountable for Benwell's death.

YOU WILL RECOLLECT THERE WAS NO FARM, therefore, all the prisoner's statements about this were pure fabrications. They might be a fabrication yet not prove him guilty of the murder, unless they were convinced that Birchall went to that farm on that trip on the 17th. It is important to remember that Birchall had the keys of Benwell's baggage, and then comes the letter written by the prisoner to Benwell's father, saying that his son had inspected the farm and books and was satisfied. If \$500 had been sent, as requested by the prisoner, in the firm's name any member of the firm could claim the money. He was bound to tell them this as a matter of law. What was the object of this letter? The prisoner speaks of the purchase of another piece of property, and that his son was writing him by next mail. There was no farm, no horses, no business in Buffalo.

ALL WAS DECEPTION, so that the prisoner must have known that young Benwell would never send such a letter to his father. With the facts he had nothing to do. His duty was merely to comment upon the evidence and direct them as to the law bearing on the case. His Lordship then dwelt on the bank account opened at Niagara by this prisoner, and the money there deposited. The question that suggests itself then was, was this all the prisoner had? The condition of the body when found was reverted to, and he asked the question, did it not appear to them that the condition of the clothing disproved the theory of the defence that deceased was murdered for the purpose of plunder. He thought the condition of the body showed, if it showed anything, that Birchall had been made in dragging the body there. If the theory of Dr. Welford be correct, then deceased must have been shot from behind when his coat collar was turned up, and that the shot produced instant death. The theory of the Crown is that the other shot was fired afterward, and the Crown asks the jury to believe that these were the same shots heard by McDonald, Friedmanburg and Hickson. He next spoke of the weather that week and the condition of the body from exposure, showing that the left foot of deceased was frozen in ice on Thursday night. It was a significant fact that every mark in the clothing had been removed and had a cigar holder no been found.

BENWELL'S DEATH WOULD HAVE ALWAYS REMAINED A MYSTERY. There was the stub of a cigar in the cigar-holder showing that deceased was smoking at the time of death or had been just previously. His Lordship reviewed the prisoner's statements to Constables Watson, Hull and Cox, none of which agreed in detail. What was his object, then, in making these statements? If the prisoner was telling these different stories to show how he came into possession of the baggage checks then it was very cogent evidence in his mind that he did so to get possession of these checks by some improper means. If Benwell had gone West, who sent directions to forward the heavy baggage to New York? Certainly there was no such telegram sent by Benwell, and therefore if he got his baggage at all he must get it in New York. In speaking of the Birchall sent a telegram at Buffalo to himself at Niagara, then it was of the gravest moment to the prisoner.

When it became known that the cigar case was found, then, in making these statements, a conduct very strong presumptive evidence of his guilt. If the prisoner sent these telegrams it was evidence of the strongest character against the prisoner. He did not purpose to go into the medical testimony for obvious reasons, but passed on to the evidence of old man Rabb and others for the defence. Two witnesses speak of tracks they saw, and the defence ask the jury to believe that the body was carried there, while the Crown denies this theory. The evidence of Hillman and MacQueen was offered to show you how easily one could be mistaken, not to convince the jury the prisoner was in Woodstock on that day, but rather because in one statement he was at Niagara on February 17th. When the evidence was not only of a circumstantial nature, but of a strongly convincing character, then it was stronger than direct evidence. The duty rested with the jury to pass upon the evidence, and there was a solemn duty. With the punishment they had nothing to do.

His Lordship concluded his address at 9.50, after which the Court was cleared and the jury retired.

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DELAWARE & HUDSON R.R. SHORTEST ROUTE TO NEW YORK. SARATOGA, TROY, ALBANY, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON. AND ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST. Selected by the Government as the Montreal and New York Mail Line. Trains leave Montreal: 7.30 A.M.—Daily except Sunday, arriving in New York 9.50 p.m. DRAWING ROOM CAR, MONTREAL TO NEW YORK. 5.45 P.M.—Night Express, Wagner's New Buffet Sleeping Cars, running through to New York without change, arriving in New York at 7.00 a.m. next morning. This train makes close connection at Troy and Albany, with Sleeping Car Train for Boston, arriving at 9.30 a.m. Information given and Tickets sold at Windsor and Montreal, and at the Grand Trunk Railway Offices and at the Company's office. 143 St. James Street, Montreal. J. W. BERDICK, W. H. HENRY, Gen'l Pass Agent, Albany, N.Y. Agent, Montreal.

Canada Atlantic RAILWAY. MONTREAL AND OTTAWA. Trains Leave Bonaventure Depot at 9.00 a.m.—Arriving at Ottawa at 11.35 a.m. 6.00 p.m.—Arriving at Ottawa at 9.45 p.m. Morning Train stops at Alexandria only except to let off passengers coming from Montreal. Evening Train stops at all stations on Canada Atlantic Railway. Trains Leave Ottawa. 8.00 a.m.—Arriving in Montreal at 11.35 a.m. 5.00 p.m.—Arriving in Montreal at 9.20 p.m. Morning train stops at all stations on Canada Atlantic Railway. Evening train stops only at Casselman and Alexandria. Canada Atlantic Railway. Boston Train leaving Ottawa at 2 p.m., and arriving at Montreal at 10.30 a.m., will leave Montreal both ways. MONTREAL AND VALLEYFIELD. Trains Leave Canadian Pacific, Windsor Street Depot, at 9.20 a.m.—Arriving at Valleyfield at 11.30 a.m. 5.15 p.m.—Arriving at Valleyfield at 7.35 p.m. Trains Leave Valleyfield. 7.40 a.m.—Arriving in Montreal at 9.45 a.m. 6.00 p.m.—Arriving in Montreal at 7.50 p.m. Above Time Tables in effect Monday, June 30th, 1890. Company's Office, 138 St. James Street. Tickets and Baggage in Pullman and Tourist Cars can be secured at Windsor and Montreal Hotel Offices, Bonaventure Depot and 143 St. James Street. J. W. DAWSON, C. J. SMITH, Gen. Agent, Montreal. Gen. Pass Agent, Ottawa. E. J. CHAMBERLAIN, Gen. Man., Ottawa.

INSURANCE. MANUFACTURERS' ACCIDENT COMPANY. Newest forms of insurance transacted. HELBY & RYLAND, Provincial Managers, OFFICE, 152 St. James Street, Montreal. THE ROYAL CANADIAN FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. Capital, \$500,000. Assets, 746,000. Income, 625,000. DUNCAN McINTYRE, President. HON. J. E. THURDEAU, Vice Pres. G. H. McHENRY, Manager.

SIX PERCENT DEBENTURES. FOR SALE AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST. Secured by first mortgages transferred to the AMERICAN LOAN & TRUST COMPANY, of New York, as trustees, and further secured by the Capital, \$7,000,000. And Assets, \$11,168,635 of the EQUITABLE MORTGAGE COMPANY. LEWIS A. HART, NOTARY. Imperial Buildings, 107 St. James Street, Montreal.

Professional. MACLAREN, LEET, SMITH & SMITH, ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c., &c., ROOM HARRIS BLOCK, 162 St. James Street, Montreal. JOHN J. MACLAREN, Q.C., R. C. SMITH, B.C.L., SETH P. LEET, B.C.L., A. W. SMITH, B.C.L., Only for Ont. EDMUND GUERIN, B.A., B.C.L., BARRISTER AT LAW, Commissioner for all the Provinces. LAW CHAMBERS: Nos. 298 and 299, second flat, New York Life Building, Montreal. Bell Telephone No. 293.

THE WANDERING JEW.

EUGENE SUE'S GREAT TALE OF THE JESUITS AND LABOR REFORM.

(Condensed for the "Witness".)

PART THIRD.—THE REDEMPTION.

CHAPTER XLV.

THE BLOCKHEAD.

We have stated that Marshal Simon occupied a small house in the Rue des Trois Freres. Two o'clock in the afternoon had just struck in the marshal's sleeping-chamber, a room furnished with military simplicity.

Out of doors, the temperature was far from warm, and the marshal had become susceptible to cold during his long residence in India. A good fire therefore blazed upon the hearth.

A door, concealed by the hangings, and leading to a back staircase, opened slowly, and a man entered the chamber. He carried a basket of wood, and advanced leisurely to the fireplace, before which he knelt down, and began to arrange the logs symmetrically in a box that stood beside the hearth.

This man employed as an inferior servant in the house, had the most ridiculously stupid look that can be imagined. His functions consisted of carrying wood, running errands, &c. In other respects he was a kind of laughing stock to the other servants.

Yet, at the moment when Loony listened so attentively at the door of the adjoining room, a ray of quick intelligence animated for an instant his dull and stupid countenance.

When he had thus listened for a short time Loony returned to the fireplace, still crawling on his knees; then rising, he again took his basket full of wood, and once more approaching the door at which he had listened, knocked discreetly.

He knocked a second time, and more loudly. Still there was the same silence.

Then he said in a harsh, squeaking, laughable voice: "Ladies do you want any wood, if you please, for your fire?"

Receiving no answer, Loony placed his basket on the ground, opened the door gently, and entered the next room, after casting a rapid glance around. He came out again in a few seconds, looking from side to side with an anxious air, like a man who had just accomplished some important and mysterious task.

Taking up his basket, he was about to leave the private staircase, when the door of the private staircase was opened slowly and with precaution, and Dagobert appeared. The soldier evidently surprised at the servant's presence, knitted his brows, and exclaimed abruptly: "What are you doing here?"

At this sudden interrogation, accompanied by a growl expressive of the ill-humor of Spoilsport, who followed close on his master's heels, Loony uttered cries of real or pretended terror. To give perhaps an appearance of greater reality to his dread, the supposed simpleton let his basket fall on the ground, as if by astonishment and fear had loosened his hold of it.

"What are you doing, numbskull?" resumed Dagobert, whose countenance was impressed with deep sadness, and who seemed little disposed to laugh at the fellow's stupidity.

"Oh, M. Dagobert! how you frighten me! Dear me! what a pity I had not an armful of plates, to prove it was not my fault if I broke them all."

"I ask you what are you doing," resumed the soldier.

"You see, M. Dagobert," replied Loony, pointing to his basket, "that I came with some wood to master's room, so that he might burn it, if it was cold—which it is."

"Very well. Pick up your wood, and begone."

"Oh, M. Dagobert! my legs tremble under me. How you did scare me to be sure!"

"Will you begone, brute?" resumed the veteran; and seizing Loony by the arm, he pushed him towards the door, while Spoilsport, with recumbent ears, and hair standing up like the quills of a porcupine, seemed inclined to accelerate his retreat.

"I am going, M. Dagobert, I am going," replied the simpleton, as he hastily gathered up his basket: "only please to tell the dog."

"Go, you stupid chatterbox!" cried Dagobert, as he pushed Loony through the doorway.

Then the soldier bolted the door which led to the private staircase, and going to that which communicated with the apartment of the two sisters, he double-locked it.

it, a paper containing a roll of tobacco. Spoilsport, who had all the qualities of a retriever of the Rutland-race, took the paper between his teeth, and rising upon his hind-legs, presented it respectfully to Dagobert. But the latter received it mechanically, and appeared indifferent to the dexterity of his dog.

The grenadier's countenance revealed as much sorrow as anxiety. After remaining for some minutes near the fire, with fixed and meditative look, he began to walk about the room in great agitation, one of his hands thrust into the bosom of his long blue-coat, which was buttoned up to the chin, and the other into one of his hind-pockets.

From time to time, he stopped abruptly, and seemed to make reply to his own thoughts or uttered an exclamation of doubt and easiness; then, turning towards the trophy of arms, he shook his head mournfully, and murmured: "No matter—this fear may be idle; but he has acted so extraordinary these two days, that it is at all events more prudent—"

(To be continued.)

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

MARGIE'S CHARM.

BY CAROLINE MOSHER.

"What is it that makes everybody love Margie Fitch so?" said Jennie Howard, half petulantly, as she turned away from the window after having seen the elegant Mrs. Dayton, with her little daughter by her side, gracefully rein in her horse, take Margie in her handsome carriage and dash off again down the street.

"I think I know the charm. Perhaps you would better set yourself the task this week to discover it," answered her mother, busily putting the sitting-room to rights.

The next day at school Jennie followed her like a detective. The first thing she noticed was Margie's kindness to Alice Ross, a shy new scholar, who stood quite alone, looking wistfully at the others at their gay sports.

"What is the matter, Alice?" asked Margie sitting down beside her.

"I can't do one of these examples," she replied, dashing away a tear.

Margie took the slate, read over an example, and soon had it down correctly. With a little help at the right place, the others were conquered, and the girl lifted a grateful face to hers as she thanked her.

On their way home, a troop of girls were working off their animal spirits in a wild game of tag. Margie in whirling suddenly came in collision with a gentleman, knocking his cane from his hand.

"Oh, I beg your pardon, sir," said Margie covered with confusion as she returned the cane to him. "I'm afraid I have hurt you, sir," and she looked up with frank solicitude in her eyes.

"Not at all, my dear," he responded heartily, pleased by her courteous manner.

"Go on with your play and be happy. I am proud to doff my hat to so polite a young lady," which he did with a stately bow, and passed on.

"How did you dare? I should have been too much frightened to have said a thing," exclaimed one of the girls.

"So should I," chorused the others.

There was a social in the church parlors that week. Jennie still hovered near Margie, learning a sweet lesson every day from her. As they sat turning the leaves of a hymn book, finding their favorite songs, a lady paused to speak to them.

"The two girls started for the other room where the young people were preparing for games. Just then Margie espied a solitary figure sitting in the corner. This was the deacon's wife, who was somewhat deaf.

After a handshake and a sentence through the car-trumpet people usually let her to herself, as the majority of people mumble or speak too rapidly to be readily understood through the trumpet.

Margie crossed the room to her and taking the trumpet in her hand, being careful to articulate so as not to make her affliction more conspicuous, she sat and chatted half an hour away, amusing the deaf old lady by repeating the pleasantities and jokes that were flying from lip to lip of those around them.

"You have been a great comfort to me, my bonnie lass," said the old lady, patting the child that held that trumpet. "Now go and play with the rest. I thank you, my dear, for your thoughtfulness to an old woman like me," and Margie went away quite happy.

"Oh, here comes Margie Fitch! Let her be Ruth. Come, Margie and be blindfolded." Margie laughingly submitted, and a moment later was giving "Jacob" a lively chase around the ring. She always put her whole heart into everything she did.

"I think I have found out Margie's charm," said Jennie to her mother the next morning. "It is because she is so good to everybody."

"Yes, that is it," answered her mother. "She is thoughtful, kind, polite and obliging. I think she must carry the Golden Rule very near to her heart."—The Advance.

THE "I WILLS" OF SCRIPTURE.

COMPILED BY MRS. E. H. RICHES.

Tuesday, September 30.

JUDICIOUS SILENCE.

I will lay mine hand upon my mouth.—Job xl. 4.

If thou hast done foolishly in lifting up thyself, or if thou hast thought evil, lay thine hand upon thy mouth.—Proverbs xxx. 32.

NEVER BORROW TROUBLE. The interest you have to pay for the accommodation is excessive.

Business Cards. GET STRONG BY TAKING JOHNSTON'S Fluid Beef, KEEP STRONG BY TAKING IT REGULARLY, THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER.

W.M. RUTHERFORD & SONS, MANUFACTURERS OF Windows, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Trimmings, &c.

FOR SALE, New 16" x 12" HORIZONTAL ENGINE, with Automatic Cut off, two Pulley, Fly Wheel, and all complete; suitable for factory. A bargain to immediate purchaser.

GRANT'S PATENT SPECTACLE AND EYEGLASSES, PROF. SAMUEL S. GRANT, 1st Honors Diploma, Ophthalmic College, N. Y.

NOTICE, Claims against the estate of the late Miss Margaret Port, of Montreal, are requested to be filed at the office of Wardens King & Son, Craig street, without delay.

TENDERS FOR THE ERECTION OF Three Self-Contained HOUSES fronting Magellan street, Point St. Charles, received THURSDAY, 2nd inst. For plans, &c., apply to the architect, WM. H. HODGSON, 60, St. Antoine street.

R. Sharpley & Sons, Would direct special attention to their extensive assortment of FINE GOODS, SUITABLE FOR Wedding Presents.

AYRES' TENNIS BALLS, THE "UNDERSEWN CHAMPIONSHIP," ANOTHER SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

R. SHARPLEY & SONS, 225 ST. JAMES STREET, Gold Jewellery, Sterling Silverware, Clocks, Bronzes, Brassware, Fine China.

Footballs, Footballs, LEATHER COVERED, RUGBY and ASSOCIATION.

R. Sharpley & Sons, 225 St. James street, J. W. ROBERTS, 336 ST. JAMES STREET.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO., 100 GREY MEN STREET, Importer of Drain Pipes (Scottish), Portland Cement.

WE HAVE JUST PUBLISHED a new and very pretty RANGE OF HOPEFUL pledge cards. The letters are in black and gold, printed on dainty cardboard or assorted colors.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES, OF VARIOUS SIZES TO RENT BY THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF HALIFAX.

ORDERS RECEIVED FOR FINE FRENCH PORCELAIN, DINNER, TEA, FINE & DESSERT SERVICES.

FOR CHEAP DRY GOODS, CARPETS AND OILCLOTHS, FRANCIS BOLAN'S, NEW STAND, 211 McGill street.

WINTER PRICES AT THE TEMPERANCE DINING HALL, 253 ST. JAMES ST.

J. K. MACDONALD, Practical, Electric and Mechanical Bell-Hanger, LOCKSMITH AND GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

THE PARTINGTON, AUTOMATIC STEAM METALLIC PACKING, The only scientific, self adjusting packing on the market.

WEST END TEMPERANCE SOCIETY, The semi-annual meeting will be held on SATURDAY NEXT, September 27th, at 8 p.m., in the West End Hall.

NEW CROP, SELECTED JAPAN TEAS IN STORE, J. A. MATHEWSON & CO., McGill street.

CENTS FOR SALE AT THE "WITNESS" OFFICE, LACE CURTAINS, CLEANED OR DYED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

GARTH & CO., DOMINION METAL WORKS, 536 to 542 Craig street, MONTREAL.

CHANDLERS, BRACKETS, GLOBES, TABLE AND PORTABLE LIGHTS, SHADES AND BURNERS.

LUBY'S FOR THE HAIR, Restores the color, beauty and softness to Grey Hair, and IS NOT A DYE.

COTTON WASTE, White and Colored Wiping Waste, Car Box Packing Waste, Wool Waste, Factory, Nazareth street.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTREAL—No. 3,555, John William Hughes and William Andrew Stephenson, both of the City and District of Montreal, plaintiffs.

Builders and Carpenters, JOHN MURISON, CARPENTER AND JOINER, 41 JUBILEE STREET, Near Henry street.

BRUSHES HALF-PRICE, HAIR and HAT BRUSHES, CLOTH and SHAVING BRUSHES.

CARPETS BEATEN BY HAND, also carefully lifted and re-laid. Bell telephone, 1748.

REFORD'S AGENCIES, DONALDSON LINE, WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE, Sailing from Montreal every WEDNESDAY Morning.

THOMSON LINE, LONDON, Sailing from Montreal on or about—SR. GIBSON, 3,500 tons, 7th Sept.

ROSS LINE, LONDON SERVICE, Sailing from Montreal on or about—SR. ERIC KING, 2,200 tons, 2nd Oct.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING, granted by any of the above lines at any point in CANADA OR WESTERN STATES.

FINEST OF PLEASURE TRIPS, MONTREAL TO ROCHESTER, N.Y., GARDEN CITY OF AMERICA, ROUND TRIP, \$17.00.

Meals and Berth included, MONTREAL TO BELLEVILLE and return, \$12.00.

ALEXANDRIA, Round the world, From Canal Basin every THURSDAY at 10 a.m.

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY, DAILY MAIL LINE BETWEEN MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.

DAY EXCURSIONS BY PALACE ST. ROYALTY TO GARRISON \$1.25. SATURDAYS, \$1.00.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal, Superior Court, Montreal, No. 421.

GARTH & CO., DOMINION METAL WORKS, 536 to 542 Craig street, MONTREAL.

CHANDLERS, BRACKETS, GLOBES, TABLE AND PORTABLE LIGHTS, SHADES AND BURNERS.

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BRUSHES HALF-PRICE, HAIR and HAT BRUSHES, CLOTH and SHAVING BRUSHES.

BEAVER LINE STEAMSHIPS, FROM MONTREAL DIRECT, FROM LIVERPOOL, STEAMSHIPS, FROM MONTREAL, Friday, Aug.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Montreal to Liverpool, HALLOW, \$30 and \$20 ROUND TRIP, \$50 and \$110.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, The SS. "MIRAMICHI," is intended to leave Montreal, on MONDAY, Sept. 27th, at 4 p.m.

BLACK DIAMOND LINE, SUMMER EXCURSIONS, For Charlottetown, P.E.I., and St. John's, Nfld.

These vessels have superior passenger accommodations, and carry an experienced stewardess.

KINGMAN, BROWN & CO., 14 Custom House square, Montreal.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S.S. Co. FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS, FROM NEW YORK.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, LIVERPOOL SERVICE, SAILING DATES.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL, NOTICE.—The steamers of this line leave Montreal.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, NOTICE.—The steamers of this line leave Montreal.

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Weekly Calendar.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30th.

THE PRESENCE OF ALL THE MEMBERS OF DUK OF EDINBURGH LODGE, No. 4, 110 P. is earnestly requested at the meeting on TUESDAY EVENING, 30th Inst. Business of importance. M. KOLLMAR, N.G.

M. A. A. A. CHESS CLUB. The annual meeting of the above Club will be held in the Club Rooms, 140 St. James street, on TUESDAY EVENING, September 30th, 1890, at 8 o'clock. Business—Election of officers, report of committee, &c. Full attendance requested. L. J. SMITH, Hon. Sec.

WATER COLOR CLASSES. ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL, PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Classes for instruction in Water Color Drawing have now been arranged for under the direction of Mr. J. W. BARNESLEY, commencing MONDAY, 1st October, and continuing until the end of October. Instruction will be given on four days in each week, and will, whenever the weather permits, be from nature. For further particulars please apply at the Gallery, Galleries open daily from 10 a.m. until dark. Admission 25c. Saturdays free.

THE BEAUTIFUL STEAMER "SOVEREIGN" will continue to run to the end of week OCTOBER 1st.

ATTENDANCE. As seen from the "Sovereign" decks on the trip to Carillon are perfection. Now is the time. Don't miss the opportunity. Take 3:30 a.m. train. Excursion, \$1.25. Saturday, \$1.00.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 1st. THE MONTHLY MEETING OF MOTHERS will be held in the Y.W.C.A. Rooms, 101 Metcalfe street, on WEDNESDAY, October 1st, at 3:30 p.m. All mothers are cordially invited to attend.

McGILL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF COMPARATIVE MEDICINE AND VETERINARY SCIENCE. (LATE MONTREAL VETERINARY COLLEGE).

The Session 1890-91 will commence on WEDNESDAY, OCT. 1st, 1890. The Annual Opening Address will be given in the Lecture Room, 5 Union Avenue, at 8 p.m. Friends of the Faculty and students are welcome. For information apply to D. M. SACHAN, D.V.S. F.R.C.V.S., Dean.

THURSDAY, OCT. 2nd. GROCERS' ASSOCIATION. The General Annual Meeting of the Montreal Grocers' Association will be held on THURSDAY NEXT, October 2nd, at the Mechanics' Hall. As the election of officers will take place at that meeting, every member is earnestly requested to attend.

By order. J. MONIER, Secretary.

CONGREGATIONAL COLLEGE OF CANADA. The 12th Session will be opened by a public service in Avenue St. Hubert, on THURSDAY EVENING, October 2nd, at 8 p.m.

FRIDAY, OCT. 3rd. EMMANUEL CHURCH. SERVICES in connection with the Installation of the Rev. W. HANSON PULSFORD, M.A., as Pastor of the Church.

FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 3rd, 1890. The Rev. Principal BARBOUR, Congregational College; the Rev. Dr. JACKSON, Kingston; the Rev. E. M. HILL, the Rev. W. H. WARRISON, and other prominent city ministers are expected to take part in these services.

SCOTLAND YET! DONNA FORGET TO SEE THE HIGHLAND CADETS IN CAMP. AT THEIR GRAND ENTERTAINMENT At Victoria Park, on FRIDAY, 3rd October, at 8 P.M.

TESTS PITCHED IN THE VICTORIA PARK Programme. Single Call—"Down for Parade" Selection by the Band. Single Call—"Fall In" Gathering by the Pipes and Drummers.

1. General Salute and Inspection of Battalion. Drill by D.A.C. 2. Tour of War—Open to teams of four of any Battalion, Society, Police or Firemen. (No Girls).

3. Race for Cadets in uniform. Under 16 years of age. 4. Selection by the Band. 5. Race for Cadets in uniform. Highland Cadets. 6. Pistol Race (open to amateurs).

7. Race for Cadets in uniform. Over 16 and under 18 years of age. 8. Football. 9. Fancy March and Musical and Firing Exercise. Highland Cadets. 10. Quarter Mile Race (open to amateurs).

11. Bag and Spoon Race (open to amateurs). 12. Tug of War (final pull). Entrance to Nov 5, 7, 13 and 15 cents. Team entrance for Tug of War \$1.00, with free entrance to entertainment. Entries to be made not later than Wednesday, 1st October, to Mr. H. KENNEDY, Sec.-Treasurer, 101 Royal Route Arsenal.

FRED LYDON, Capt. and Adj. R. S. of C. Instructor H. C. G. God Save the Queen. ADMISSION 25c. GALLERY, 50c. CHILDREN, 15c.

ADVERTISEMENTS. MARRIAGE LICENSES. ISSUED BY CUSHING & DUNTON, NOTARIES, 610 110 ST. JAMES STREET.

J. E. TOWNSEND, 110 St. James Street, opposite Dist. & Fraser's. SAFE REDDING. Patented for purity. No extra charge. Lowest possible price. Every description. Patented of the Home Under Water Water Bed. The strongest, cheapest and best in the market. No making, expediency and thoroughly good at the VERY SHORTEST NOTICE. Bell Telephone 1254. Established over 20 years.

CARPET LAYING, UPHOLSTERING, etc.—Carpets, Oak, Maple, Laid, Upholstered and Cleaned, Blinds, Spring Seating, etc., supplied and put up. Mattresses can be returned same day. HENRY HARRISON, 222 and 224 St. James Street, 1st floor with Thomas Hume, Sec., Furniture, Repaired. Orders as to personal. Telephone No. 1191.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE! Use the RATHBEN COMPANY Porous Terra Cotta and Hollow Tile Fire-proofing. Protects against fire, and loss of life, and saves insurance. An unexcelled fire-proofing material. Recommended by leading architects and insurance. Address: THE RATHBEN COMPANY, DESERONTO, ONT.

"OUR NATIONAL FOODS." DESICCATED WHEAT. Makes excellent Porridge, Griddle Cakes, Pudding, &c. Is made of the choicest Winter Wheat. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT. The Ireland National Food Co., Ltd. AGENTS, DAVID ROBERTSON & CO., MONTREAL.

Educational. FRENCH LESSONS.—Rev. Louis Martin, ex-priest, of France, will be glad to give lessons to a few pupils in French of Latin, either at his residence or at the residence of his pupils, as required. Apply to 624 St. Jacques street. Terms very reasonable.

FRENCH—Small Classes of 2, 3 and not to exceed 5. Private lessons if taken before 6 p.m., reduced rates. Application—Conversations in French. (Teacher, certificate Government College, France. Address PARIS, "Witness" Office.

DAY AND EVENING.—Montreal Commercial School, 275 St. Ursula street. Day School at 9 for Ladies and Gentlemen. Evening School at 8.30. Evening school at 8. WM. J. N. TURNER, L.R.C.P.

THOMPSON'S College of Business and School of Penmanship now open day and evening. For terms call on or address: G. W. THOMPSON, 251 St. James street.

MONTREAL VETERINARY SCHOOL. FOUNDED IN 1855. INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT 1886.

The opening of this flourishing institution will take place on the SEVEN O'CLOCK OF OCTOBER NEXT, at THREE O'CLOCK P.M., in the new Lecture Hall, No. 7 and 9, St. James street, under the direction of PROFESSOR O. BRUNEAU, who will be granted to the first twenty applicants.

This is the only French Institution which confers the title and Diploma of DOCTOR IN VETERINARY MEDICINE AND SURGERY. The following is the staff of Veterinary Professors:— O. BRUNEAU, V.S. G. PROUIN, V.S. L. H. BERGERON, V.S. A. DAMOUR, V.S.

This institution offers every facility for the Study of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery. The clinical department which is the most extensive in the city, is under the direction of PROFESSOR O. BRUNEAU. The officers for the year 1890-91 are the following:— O. BRUNEAU, V.S., Director. L. B. DUBOIS, M.D., Pres. and Treas. J. M. BEAUSOLEIL, M.D., Secretary.

All communications must be addressed to the Secretary, 65 St. Denis street.

COTE ST. ANTOINE KINDERGARTEN will re-open September 10th. For particulars apply Mrs. MACLAGAN, 5 St. James street.

MONTREAL SCHOOL OF COOKERY. This School will open for work on MONDAY, Oct. 5, with a High Class Demonstration Lesson at 10:30 a.m. Practice Classes—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday morning, from 10:30 until 12:30. Afternoon Practice Classes—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from 2:30 until 4:30. High Class Demonstration Lessons fortnightly, commencing Oct. 15, at 12:30 a.m. Household Demonstration Lessons fortnightly, on Friday afternoons, commencing Oct. 10, at 2:30 p.m. A special afternoon Practical Class for Cooks is being formed.

Pupils wishing to join any of the Classes should send in their names to the Secretary, who will be at the School from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily, where any information can be obtained.

235 Sherbrooke street.

EVENING CLASSES AT Montreal Business College. Corner of Notre Dame and Place d'Armes. WILL RE-OPEN ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 6th.

For particulars apply at the College, 5 Place d'Armes, or write for Circulars containing full description of the course, terms, &c. Address: DAVIS & BUE, Business College, Montreal.

MRS. MILLAR'S and Miss PITT'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for the higher education of Young Ladies. 261 Peel street. RE-OPENING SEPTEMBER 15th.

Attention is also invited to the Primary Classes, and the class for little boys. Circulars on application.

ST. FRANCIS COLLEGE SCHOOL (PROTESTANT) RICHMOND, P.Q. Students prepared for the A. A. Matriculation and Teachers' examinations. Complete Commercial course Attendance larger last year than for many years.

ALBERT W. BANNISTER, M.A., Principal.

UNIVERSITY GYMNASIUM. The evening classes for young men will re-open at the Gymnasium, 19 University street on THURSDAY EVENING, October 2nd, at 8 o'clock, and will meet on Tuesday, the 4th and Saturday evenings. For terms and other particulars apply at the Gymnasium from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. E. T. MCKENZIE, B.A., Director.

MISS LAUDER'S SCHOOL for the Board and Education of Young Ladies, and Boys, under twelve years of age, will be re-opened on THURSDAY, September 11th. After September 4th Miss Lauder will be at home to receive visitors on Mansfield street.

Music and Art. HERBERT PATTON, teacher of piano and singing. Lessons, \$1 per month. 116 University street of Geo. Sheppard's.

LESSONS given in Music, Painting and Pastel. Terms on application. Mrs. DILLIAGE, 18 University street.

Mrs. R. S. DUMMOND, Teacher of Piano, Organ, Singing, 223 St. Catherine street, Queen's Hotel.

W. RAPHAEL'S ART CLASSES will commence on the 3rd OCTOBER. Students desirous of learning Drawing and Painting from Nature, will please apply at 224 St. Catherine st. Open daily from 9 to 12 a.m.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to Clubs; Northern Messenger, 50c; 10 copies to one address, \$2.25; 20, \$4.50; 50, \$10.50; 100, \$20.

ADVERTISING RATES. DAILY WITNESS. Five lines and upwards, 15c per line. Contract on favorable terms.

The Daily Witness.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1890.

THE KING OF THE NETHERLANDS has been dying by inches for years. Extreme dissipation was the cause of the death of his two sons and of his death-in-life's existence for so many years. His successor will be his daughter by his second marriage, a little girl of eight or ten years of age, who seems to be healthy both in body and mind.

THRASHING is the best test of the crops of Manitoba and the North-West. The farmers' delegates of the United Kingdom who are visiting Manitoba and the Territories appear to be satisfied that the grain is threshing out well, and that the crops will be large. The Ontario wheat crop is the best for many years; it is a pity the area sown was not larger. Next year, it is probable, the area will be larger than for years.

AS SIGNOR CRISPI, the Liberal Premier of Italy, one of the clearest thinkers among contemporary statesmen, pointed out in a recent interview, it is the waste of men and money upon militarism which hampers Europe in her race with America for industrial supremacy. Fortunately for Europe, however, the people of America have a fetish which they worship almost as devoutly as it does soldiery, and which they call protection for "home industries," and as long as this fetish is worshipped in such ways as the passage of McKinley bills, the economic difference between unarmed America and armed Europe is not as great as Americans boast.

GREAT BRITAIN, GERMANY and the United States having failed in their apparently half-hearted efforts to compel Turkey to protect the Armenians against the Kurds, western Christendom will regard Russia's intervention with favor. Russia is not a country under whose rule any people, Christian or other, can pass without reluctance; but as between massacre by the Kurds and the tyranny of the bureaucracy of Russia, the latter is to be preferred. It is a pity that Germany does not step in and take over all of Asia Minor, but we suppose the time has not come for the partition of the Sultan's estates. When it does come, and Germany takes over Syria, it is not unlikely that Russia will be found in possession of all the rest.

THE EASTWOOD MURDER CASE. There can be no reasonable doubt whatever that the verdict arrived at so quickly by the Woodstock jury in the Eastwood murder case is a true one, and in accordance with the evidence, and that the sentence of death against the prisoner Birchall for the murder of Benwell is a just and righteous one, which should, as the judge intimated it would be, certainly carried out. Birchall is a young man of good parentage, the son or nephew of an English Church clergyman. A few years ago he was a student of Oxford University, possessed of an active, healthy body, fair mental talents, and pleasant disposition. He was a little fast, however, and got into scrapes, and had to leave England under a false name in order to avoid arrest for debts or worse. Then he lived in Canada under another false name, and with a title to which he, of course, had no claim. Next he became a swindler, and having good connections in England, as well as some knowledge of Canada, gained while in exile, undertook to lure young men to Canada and cheat them and their parents out of money on a pretence of settling them upon farms of his in Canada which had no existence. He tried to swindle two young men at the same time, but one was so cautious and had such a shrewd father that Birchall found it necessary, when all attempts to cheat him were unsuccessful, and the time had come when exposure of his swindling was unavoidable unless he could rid himself of his cautious proteges, to murder him in cold blood. He enticed the young man into a thick and lonely swamp he knew of near Eastwood and there shot him dead, and after cutting all marks out of his clothing, thus, as he supposed, destroying all means of identification of a stranger who was known to nobody in Canada but himself, left the body. It was by a mere accident that the body was found by some wood-cutters, and had it not been for a cigar-holder with his name on it which was found under the snow the identity of the victim would never have been discovered. The publication of the name in the newspapers compelled Birchall to make a show of innocence by going and identifying the body, which he did. An investigation brought to light all Birchall's swindling of Pelly, the other of the two young men brought out to this country under false pretences by Birchall, his attempts both before and after the murder to swindle Benwell's father, his connection with the murdered man from the

day of their departure from England to the hour almost of the murder in the swamp at Eastwood, and his departure from the swamp alone to rejoin his wife and Pelly at Niagara. Even the shots were heard, and when Birchall was arrested he had the keys of Benwell's baggage and some of his trinkets. There is a complete chain of circumstantial evidence which is as convincing as possible. Birchall has shown no signs of repentance, or even of shame, at the exposure of his swindling, and there is no room for doubt as to his guilt of murder because of his quiet, composed demeanor and cheerfulness under trial. There was no serious defence, no attempt on the part of Birchall to account for himself or his companion on the day of the murder. In view of all the circumstances no other conclusion of the trial was possible. Canada has a high character for a new country. Her people are industrious, sober, justice-loving and orderly. Crime committed here against natives or foreigners is discovered at immense expense, as in this case, and the criminal is punished. Justice proceeds calmly and with all fairness to the accused. The people have confidence in the law and in the administration and execution of it, and there is no attempt on the part of communities anywhere in the Dominion to resort to lynch law or to take the law into their own hands. English people will have no cause for dread concerning the safety of their relatives in Canada owing to the death of Benwell, who was murdered by a young Englishman of his own class and who, cunning as he was, has been sentenced to death for his crime. If those parents who have young people to settle in life learn to be more cautious and are taught by the circumstances in this case that in Canada young men of vicious tendencies are not safer than at home, and are not unlikely to bring deeper shame upon those who seek to get rid of them by sending them to a new country, some good will come of all the evil of this case. Young men who are not prepared to work hard are of less use in Canada than in England.

PREACHING TO THE DEAF. INTERESTING SCENE AT CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL ON SUNDAY. The announcement that a service for deaf-mutes was to be held in Christ Church Cathedral attracted quite a large number to that place of worship on Sunday afternoon. The usual Sunday services held at the Mackay Institution for the Deaf and Dumb were discontinued in order that the older pupils might have an opportunity of witnessing the Rev. Mr. Chamberlain, of New York, who is a co-worker with Rev. Dr. Gallaudet in deaf-mute mission work.

The service commenced with the Litany, which was interpreted in the sign language for the benefit of the deaf present, as were also the hymns and the prayers. An oral address was given by the Rev. Mr. Chamberlain, setting forth the aim and scope of the mission work, which is certainly a praiseworthy one, inasmuch as it has for its object the bringing in of all adult deaf-mutes to a connection with the church, and the looking after their temporal as well as their spiritual welfare.

This mission work to the deaf is nothing new to Montreal. Every Sunday afternoon while the school is in session the same solemn and impressive service may be witnessed in the chapel of the Mackay Institution, and on many a fine Sunday morning the older pupils, accompanied by a teacher to interpret, may be seen in attendance at the Episcopal or Presbyterian churches in the neighborhood, those who are communicants having the same privilege as their hearing brethren.

The college and clergy who help the superintendents and teachers of the Protestant Deaf-Mute Institution of this Province in the religious and moral training of the deaf youth, as well as the citizens and employers who so kindly assist the adult deaf-mutes by giving them a chance to show their ability to successfully compete with their hearing co-workers in the avocations of life, are all doing the mission work so ably set forth by the Rev. Mr. Chamberlain in his address on Sunday afternoon.

THE COMMERCIAL CABLE COMPANY. MACKAY-BENNETT SYSTEM. The stock of this company which was recently listed in London was to-day admitted to the Montreal Stock Exchange, where 102½ was bid, 104 asked, ex-dividend. The capital of the Commercial Cable Company is \$7,160,000, in shares of \$100 each. Its original bonded debt was \$3,000,000, which has been reduced to \$2,100,000. The Company is obliged to cancel \$200,000 of bonds per annum and have an option of cancelling \$600,000. The Company is paying dividends of 11 percent quarterly, payable Jan. 1st, April 1st, July 1st, and October 1st, and is earning more than twice that sum. The net earnings for 1889 were \$829,931. The earnings for 1890 promise to show a satisfactory increase over 1889. The directors of the Company are Messrs. John W. Mackay, president; Hector de Castro, vice-president; A. B. Chandler, 2nd vice president; J. G. Bennett, Geo. S. Coo, Sir Donald A. Smith, W. C. Van Horne, Chas. R. Hosmer, Thomas Skinner, W. L. Scott, Chas. Nordhoff, G. G. Howland and Richard Irvin, jr. The officers are: E. C. Platt, treasurer, and George G. Ward, secretary and general manager.

FAREWELL DINNER. On Friday evening a number of friends of Mr. William Schlotzner, late with A. S. Northsimer, who is leaving Montreal to reside in London, England, assembled at the rooms of Mr. James E. Reynolds, 215 St. James street, to bid him good-bye. Covers were laid for twenty-one, and after the inner man had been satisfied speeches and songs were the order of the evening. The chairman, Mr. Harry Hurd, on behalf of those present and absent, thanked the guests of the evening a beautiful gold-headed walking stick along with an address. The dinner was on temperance principles and was most enjoyable. Mr. Schlotzner will leave by the "Oregon" on Wednesday evening.

OUR DEATH RATE. The monthly mortality list for the chief Canadian centres of population, published by the Federal Government, has just been issued for August. Montreal's population is given (for the first time) as 233,000, so the 529 deaths only make a death rate of 2.27 per thousand. The places worse than this were St. John, Que., 3.27; Three Rivers, Que., 3.30; Hull, Que., 3.14; St. Hyacinthe, Que., 3.13; Quebec, 3.00; Sherbrooke, Que., 2.92; Halifax, N.S., 2.87, and Windsor, Ont., 2.85.

NOTES AND NOTICES. EVERY BOTTLE of Dr. Harvey's Southern Red Pine for coughs and colds is warranted.

IN CONFERENCE.

BUSY WITH ROUTINE MATTERS. ADMISSION TO LOVE FEASTS—THE NAME OF THE CHURCH NOT TO BE CHANGED.

The question of non-members attending love-feasts led to a lively debate yesterday. Some were for insisting upon the rigid rule of membership; but the sense of the Conference was against it, and it was agreed that non-members might be admitted at the discretion of the minister.

The Discipline Committee's report proceeded to recommend that who repeatedly absented themselves from the means of grace, including class-meeting, the Lord's supper, the public ordinances of worship, without cause, should be admonished, and, if that were not efficacious, that the person be excluded from membership. Dr. Douglas said this

STRICT AT THE ROBE OF METHODISM as a distinctive organization, in making the class meeting merely a (not the) test of membership. Dr. MacLaren said there was no such intention. The class meeting was not interfered with, nor were its authority or influence lessened. Dr. Parker said no man could finally determine another man's spiritual relation to God; and the Rev. S. Bond, while not

relaxing the power of the class meeting, would also insist upon the other means of grace. After a long discussion the item was maintained.

In the afternoon the consideration of the report on Discipline was continued. The question of the retention of quarterly tickets came up and provoked some discussion. The show of hands demonstrated that quarterly tickets were a popular institution of Methodism, a proposed change having practically no support. The report of the committee retaining quarterly tickets was adopted.

The report changing the ratio of representation at the next General Conference from one in eight, as at present,

TO ONE IN TWELVE, was adopted. This is likely to give 280 delegates, against 349 now.

In the report of the same (Discipline) Committee there was a recommendation that two members of the official quarterly board should have the right to appear before the Stationing Committee in reference to the appointment of the ministers of the circuit.

Dr. T. G. Williams was strongly opposed to the change proposed, which was of a revolutionary character, introduced a new principle into Methodism, and trenching upon the prerogative of the ministerial office. He believed this would lead to endless confusion and division. This was introduced in a sly and cunning manner. He hoped it would not be voted upon till the Conference had thoroughly discussed it.

Dr. MacLaren said it was designed to put an end to role and corner work.

Dr. Williams warmly defended the Stationing Committee from such an imputation. Dr. Douglas said he would support the re-

commendation in the interests of fair play, if it were made one representative from the board instead of two. He understood the potentiality of position and wealth, and as there was only one minister there should be only one layman.

Dr. Potts said the proposal was simple justice to the laymen, who had a right to have a voice in the matter.

Mr. Donnelly, Mr. Geo. Bishop, Dr. Griffin and Dr. Sutherland, took part in the discussion, which resulted finally in the recommendation of the committee being adopted.

It was decided that where a circuit or mission had no minister or probationer in charge the circuit or mission should be represented at the district meeting by one layman.

A delegate asked if a female class leader was entitled to be a member of the quarterly board. The answer was an emphatic "Certainly" from the Chair.

The recommendation that Sunday-school superintendents must be church members to sit on the quarterly board was approved.

Newly an hour followed in the revision and re-mentioning of clauses, without changing the law.

As Mr. Benyon, Secretary of the Judicial Committee, had obtained permission to leave, the report on Discipline was laid over so that the judicial report could be taken up.

Dr. Carman playfully remarked "As my father used to say, 'now you've got through with a good day's work you may

CHOP THE EVENING'S WOOD FOR A REST.

The report (with one exception of a technical nature) has already been published in these columns.

A stir among the members caused Dr. Carman to rap sharply for order, and a delegate explained, "It is the order of the day reached,—the arrival of the 'Witness.' The President laughed, and after the delegates had opened for perusal or pocketed their copies of the paper, the proceedings continued.

The interesting clause alluded to was a recommendation that the name of the church be changed from "The Methodist Church" to "The Methodist Church in Canada."

The Rev. W. H. Graham warmly supported the recommendation.

The Rev. Dr. Douglas earnestly and eloquently appealed for the adoption of the recommendation.

The Rev. J. S. Williamson declared that the change in the name would be regarded as a breach of faith by 25,000 members and would cause widespread dissatisfaction.

The Rev. Dr. Potts, Dr. Antill and Dr. Sutherland, for the sake of peace, opposed the change and the delegates rejected the recommendation.

CONFERENCE NOTES. These delegates were at the Conference yesterday in addition to those already reported: The Rev. Dr. T. G. Williams, Rev. G. A. Mitchell, Rev. J. W. Holmes, Rev. T. W. Jackson and Rev. R. W. Freeman.

It was incidentally mentioned that the cost of the present Conference was about \$4,000.

The evening session was taken up mainly with the Discipline Committee's report. The proceedings were uninteresting to outsiders, and even some of the delegates stretched themselves on the benches and went to sleep, while others only by a great effort succeeded in keeping themselves awake.

The Rev. Dr. T. G. Williams explained that he had gone to Ottawa on church business and owing to a slight railway accident was unable to attend the morning Conference. It was the first time during the Conference that he had been absent.

The report of the Judicial Committee referred to the memorial from the Manitoba and North-West Conference, praying for the holding of a new investigation in the matter of the late Rev. Nelson Brown. The Committee thought there were no good reasons for reopening the case. Dr. Doward said there had been new evidence found which had not been brought out at the time of the trial. Dr. MacLaren said the conclusion arrived at by the Committee was the only one at which they could arrive. Mr. Brown had been dead a number of years and he had lived eleven years after his trial.

A delegate asked if the Conference had any right to go back to times before the Union. (Cries of "No, no!")

A communication in reference to the history of the case was read from the Rev. J. H. Rutan, in which he stated that what he did in connection with the trial was done under misapprehension. In justice to the widow of the deceased something should be done.

Dr. A. G. Sutherland said the document was a most extraordinary one, and was about to continue when the chairman said severely: "We'll not allow you to assail any brother outside. If we did you would have to give him

a chance to speak, and we are not going to do that." Mr. Rutan rose to speak, and in his hand were several documents. The chair said—"You are not a member of this Conference, and have no right to speak. The item is adopted." Mr. Rutan stood in bewilderment as he listened to these few words. The Conference adopted the item.

The following committee on Torrance Land Title Acts was appointed:—Superintendent of Missions Rev. James Woodworth; Mr. A. M. Peterson, Dr. J. J. MacLaren, the Hon. J. C. Aikins and Mr. R. B. Benyon.

The remainder of the session was taken up in considering the Discipline Committee's report. The following recommendations were agreed to:— Let the par. 104, 6, 3, read:—"3. To elect by ballot, without debate, the lay delegates to attend the annual district meeting. In the proportion of one delegate for each minister or probationer in the active work on the circuit." Let par. 215 follow par. 214 and read:—"4. A committee of trial shall consist of five, of whom three shall form a quorum, and if they agree, may render a verdict. The officer who is to preside at a trial shall summon the qualified persons to compose the committee. Persons preferring charges, or being material witnesses, shall not be eligible as members of the committee." Amend par. 244 by making it read:—"In the case of the trial of a minister—other than a general superintendent—or of a probationer, the whole of the evidence and papers shall be laid before the next ensuing annual district meeting to which he belongs for its information, and subsequently forwarded to the annual conference. If the decision be rendered between the holding of the annual district meeting and the conference, the documents shall be forwarded directly to the annual conference." Certain changes were considered necessary for the better securing of church property, and the matter was referred to Conference Special Committee to take steps to secure such amendments to the model deed as might be expedient.



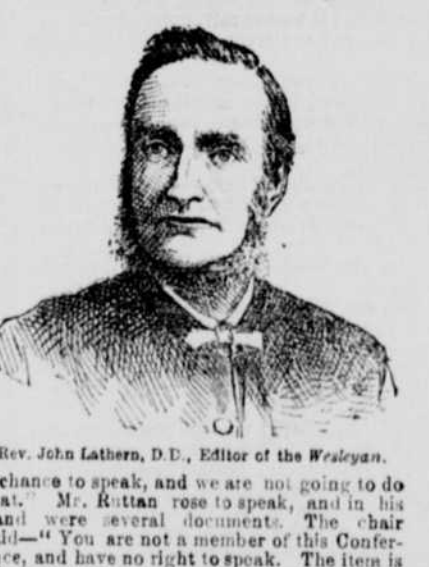
The Rev. John McDougall, Missionary in the North-West.



The Rev. Dr. Sparling.



The Rev. J. Newton Freeman, Halifax, N.S.



Rev. John Latham, D.D., Editor of the Wesleyan.

WAIT NO LONGER.

A VISIT TO THE UNFINISHED HOSPITAL FOR THE PROTESTANT INSANE.

When the Hospital for the Protestant Insane was visited on Sunday it did not look like a "lunatic asylum." It was more like a place where all was intellect and intelligence.

The Superintendent of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges, with thanks, from Mr. McDuff Lam's, 5 boxes of meat and box of fish; Turner, Rose & Co., 7 boxes of fish; Leonard Bros., 9 boxes of fish; Mr. Peter Henderson, box of meat; Mr. George Nicholson, 2 boxes of meat; Mr. George Webster, 2 baskets of cakes; Mr. S. Carley, 3 parcels of clothing; Mr. Wm. McDougall, parcel of books.

The patients conducted themselves with quiet demeanor. One young lady wanted to go and speak to a relative, who was among the visitors, and she was very quietly led from the room. There was no other interruption, and it was very curious to mark the effect upon each one made by the words, "Let us pray." One at first stood up, as Protestants did in the old time, but sat down again and bowed like the rest.

A visit to the male quarters showed the patients in a very comfortable set of rooms leading from a corridor, and next to them were the patients of the province—in comfort, but not in quite such a cheerful corridor. One patient was demonstrative and vehement, a little man with a flow of speech rather startling in its volume. He went from one to another, and once a giant of a man in strength took him as a man would a child and turned him over, placing him upon his feet again. Another stood with head erect, gibbering, but answered to his name when asked if he were all right. There are clean rooms, some of them with three beds, some more and some less. Saddening as was the scene, it was nothing like Beaupre.

"We will when we get the other wing built. We cannot do so now." It was the same with the women's department, the classification made is between "pay" patients and Provincial Government patients. The women's wards were much more cheerful looking than those of the men. It is because they are at their wits' end for money that the hospital authorities cannot classify the patients. How will the Protestant people answer this? Shall not a reproach to this rich and prosperous community be taken away by the approval of a desire among each and all to do their duty? Had the rich and the powerful of the community but a glimpse of the need for action that there is in this place, Dr. Burgess and those who are at their wits' end for money now would not be long in finding it.

THE TIPPERARY TROUBLES.

MR. HARRISON INTENDS TO BE PROSECUTED. DUBLIN, September 29.—It is reported that the Government intends to prosecute many persons for inciting riot at Tipperary last Thursday. Mr. Harrison, M.P., for the middle division of Tipperary, who received a severe blow over the head from a policeman's club, is mentioned as among those likely to be prosecuted.

THE TRIAL OF DILLON AND O'BRIEN.

DUBLIN, September 29.—At the resumption of the trial of Dillon, O'Brien and others at Tipperary, to-day, Mr. Timothy Healy addressed the Court on behalf of the prisoners. He referred to the refusal of the magistrates to consider the propriety of Mr. Shannon's withdrawing from the case and announced that in view of this the defendants felt themselves constrained to refer the question to the High Court of Justice in Dublin. The defendants will, he said, would apply to that court to-morrow to prohibit the present magistrates from proceeding with the conspiracy cases on the grounds of bias against the defendants.

THE ITALIAN PREMIER DENOUNCES FRANCE'S ATTITUDE TOWARDS ITALY.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—The Figaro publishes an interview with Signor Crispi, the Italian prime minister, in which he denounces the attitude of France towards Italy, and instances the annexation of Tunis, in spite of her promises to the contrary, as a breach of good faith on the part of France. This action, he declared, was a stab at the heart of Italy. He defended the alliance between Germany, Austria and Italy. Negotiations for the renewal of the alliance, he said, are still pending. There is no danger of a war unless it is sought by France. He deplored the continued increase of their armaments by the nations of Europe and believed that this course would end in ruining Europe to the advantage of America.

THE SITUATION IN ARMENIA.

An Erzeroum despatch says:—"The situation in Armenia has become serious. The Russian Government has massed 72,000 troops on the Armenian frontier. The Turks are expecting an attack and are rapidly supplying the Kurds with arms and ammunition, and making other preparations to resist the Russian forces. Russia is also increasing the frontier guards on the boundaries of Austria, Turkey and Persia. The alleged object of this increase is to provide for the more effective suppression of smuggling."

THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 29.—Major W. J. Gleason, chief executive of the Ohio branch of the Irish National League, states that the League throughout the country has virtually disbanded. Dr. O'Reilly, of Detroit, once treasurer, stepped out of office when his accounts were satisfactorily examined some months ago.

The Superintendent of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges, with thanks, from Mr. McDuff Lam's, 5 boxes of meat and box of fish; Turner, Rose & Co., 7 boxes of fish; Leonard Bros., 9 boxes of fish; Mr. Peter Henderson, box of meat; Mr. George Nicholson, 2 boxes of meat; Mr. George Webster, 2 baskets of cakes; Mr. S. Carley, 3 parcels of clothing; Mr. Wm. McDougall, parcel of books.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with them because it weighs so much more than ordinary powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 Wall Street, N.Y.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE will be open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. for the convenience of ratepayers on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 28th September and 1st October, after which the 2 percent discount ceases.

WILLIAM ROBE, City Treasurer. CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, City Hall, Montreal, Sept. 29th, 1890.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MONTREAL WEEKLY WITNESS. For OCTOBER 1st contains a very full report of the great Birchall Murder Trial, as well as the Methodist Conference. In wrappers, ready for the WITNESS Office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGITATION REGARDING THE COVERING OF THE MONTREAL RESERVOIRS.

This important question is now agitating the public mind in Montreal and the City Council has already discussed the matter. Some of the Aldermen strongly advocate the complete covering of the reservoirs at once, and all the citizens and tax-payers will, without a dissenting voice say, "Amen, so let it be."

It is an undeniable fact that all such reservoirs are often the dumping places for much decomposed matter; and often become for a time, the resting place for innocent babes, as well as the suicide. It is not advisable that our Canadian people should become a nation of alarmists, but when millions of lives are in a great measure dependent on pure water, then it is time to cry aloud and say we must be protected, no matter what the cost be. Has it ever occurred to the average citizen, that, notwithstanding all the care that may be bestowed on reservoirs and aqueducts, that a vast amount of sickness and disease is caused by the many impurities that come even from the fountain head of all reservoirs. Still it behoves the authorities of all cities and towns to make the water supply as nearly pure as possible.

While absolutely pure water cannot prevent the vast amount of sickness and suffering we see in our midst, it can to a large extent ameliorate the condition and help to lessen the amount of disease. No amount of the purest water will ever give relief to the restless, sleepless, and irritable man or woman. It cannot calm and quiet the unstrung nerves, and soothe or ease the throbbing worn-out brain.

The best and purest water that heaven has ever bestowed cannot take away that worn-out and languid feeling under which many are burdened; it cannot enable the stomach and bowels to work harmoniously, so as to avoid that terrible dyspepsia and indigestion; it cannot, either, restore the proper functions of the kidneys and liver when disordered.

Although water is a God-given gift to man, and that without it man could not exist, still it is an acknowledged fact, that something more potent and possessing wonderful curative and strengthening powers must be looked for to eradicate the diseases above mentioned, and to give to the weak body and brain vitality, strength and vigor.

Here Pain's Celery Compound comes to the rescue of those who suffer. Being a highly scientific vegetable preparation designed especially for giving tone, strength and vigor, the weakest and most depressed mortal need have no dread if this great remedy is faithfully and honestly used as directed. It is accomplishing wonders every day when other remedies are found useless and where physicians fail and give up the patient as incurable.

Pain's Celery Compound has no equal in the sick-room, and every household should be provided with a bottle, especially where the drinking water is not pure. A small dose taken once or twice a day by even healthy people, will safely guard them from the bad effects that are often felt from drinking impure and badly filtered water.

PURE BEDDING. WARDEN & HICK. Manufacturers of Woven Wire Spring Beds, HAIR, WOOL, FIBRE, and every description of MATTRESSES made to order. 603 ST. JAMES STREET. Federal Telephone 590. OLD BEDDING re-made and returned same day if required.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dinner Sets (100 PIECES) \$8 Edward Hagar & Co. DINNER SETS, 117 pcs., \$10.50. DINNER SETS, 117 pcs., \$12.00. DINNER SETS from \$4 to \$150. 416 & 418 ST. PAUL STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS. are often made by putting an extra price on ordinary goods. It is really a give away when a merchant advertises as an EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION that he is selling his goods cheap. If that is extraordinary then his ordinary prices are not cheap, and that is usually the fact. We don't cry CHEAPER THAN EVER, simply because we sell every day at as cheap prices as can possibly be made. Cheapness is an ordinary feature not an EXTRAORDINARY FEATURE of our business. We sell the best goods all the time at the lowest remunerative rate of profit.

NEW OVERCOATS. We have just placed in stock a new and choice assortment of the handsomest Overcoats ever seen in the city. Just what is wanted for Fall and Winter Wear. Don't fail to see them.

NEW SETTINGS. Those who propose investing in a new Fall Suit should not fail to see our New Settings. They have been selected with great care in order to secure beauty of design, strength and durability.

PERFECTION IN FIT. Our new foreman, Mr. J. E. Leprou, continues to give unbounded satisfaction to all who have favored us with their patronage. To those who may be lingering we say: Give us a trial. We know we can suit you in fit, style, quality and price.

J. G. KENNEDY & CO., 31 St. Lawrence street, SAMPLES. 1,000 pairs of samples of Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's of the celebrated EAGLE BRAND MAKE. The Best Make in the Dominion without exception. To be sold at HALF-PRICE. Half-Price, and I mean it. COME AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF. You will be astonished at the Low Prices.

MONEY TO LOAN. ON MORTGAGES, CITY PROPERTY AT CURRENT RATES. MACINTOSH & HYDE, ACCOUNTANTS, Standard Building, 157 St. James street.

COTE ST. ANTOINE LOTS. FOR SALE. That desirable property known as the ROUTH PROPERTY, situate on Dorchester street west, Cole St. Antoine, adjoining Wexdale Park. This property has been subdivided into building lots and is now in the market for immediate sale. The owners of the property have laid out considerable money in improvements, and investors can confidently count on this as being a choice spot in which to place their money.

ADVERTISEMENTS. Wedding Presents. USEFUL AND FASHIONABLE, AND AT VERY MODERATE PRICES. WATSON & PELTON, 53 ST. SULPICE STREET.

MURDER. If you have a friend or friends suffering from either indigestion, constipation, biliousness, piles, scrofula, rickets, contagious and nervous diseases, it is murder not to recommend the use of Dr. Nichols' "Food of Health." Not only recommend it, but see that they obtain and use it, and a clear conscience will be your reward. Send at once for sample free.

FOR SALE. ONE 33 INCH CUTTING MACHINE IN GOOD ORDER. ONE HICKOK PENN. RIVING MACHINE IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION. HORTON, PHILLIPS & CO., STATIONERS, 1155 Notre Dame street.

ADVERTISEMENTS. SICK HEADACHE. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

ADVERTISEMENTS. BRODIE & HARVIE'S SELF-RAISING FLOUR has been on the market for a quarter of a century and increases in popularity from year to year. J. G. PARKS, The well-known Photographer, has opened a new studio, At 254 ST. CATHERINE STREET. Near the English Cathedral, and is now giving his personal attention to customers. Telephone, No. 472.

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Auction Sales.

Duff & Fraser. HANDSOME BAY FAMILY HORSE, 7 years old, 15 hands, one well bred bay saddle mare, 6 years, 15 hands; five other driving and working horses, carriages, buggies, Express Waggon, several sets good second-hand driving harness, one new do., built livery, saddles, bridles, etc. Regular weekly auction at our Depository, No. 322 and 324 St. James street, On TUESDAY, 30th Inst., at 2.30 p.m. DUFF & FRASER, Auctioneers.

HANDSOME FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, VALUABLE VOKE & BORN HORTON UPRIGHT PIANOFORTE, Rosewood Case, 71 Octaves, fine tone, nearly new; Handsome Brussels Carpet, Best Parlor Suite, 1041 Fancy and Easy Chairs, M. T. Walnut Centre Table, Hanging Lamp, Walnut Extension Dining Table and sideboard, Dining Chairs, Oil-cloth and Hair Carpet, Walnut Hall Stand, Horse and Iron Bedstead, Best Bedroom Set, Mattresses, Pillows, Chamber Chubbey, Lounger, Bureau, Washstand, Hall Stand, No. 2 Leader-Cooking Stove, Kitchen Requisition, etc. Sale for Mrs. M. D. HUNT, Victoria avenue, St. Lambert, (3 minutes' walk from station), On Wednesday afternoon, October 1st, at 2.30. DUFF & FRASER, Auctioneers.

J. S. THOMSON & Co. 18 OSBORNE STREET. ESTATE LATE DAVID DAVIDSON. We are instructed by the executors to sell at the above residence On MONDAY, 6th October. The entire household Furniture and effects belonging to the estate of the late David Davidson, Esq., comprising the contents of Parlor, Dining Room, Sitting Room, Hall, Bedrooms, Kitchen, Pantries, Cellar, etc. The Furniture is all good, without exception. The Silver and Plateware are the best. The Cutlery, Napery and Ornaments are most desirable, while the Paintings and Water-colors, although not extensive, are choice. Particulars again. SALE AT TEN O'CLOCK. J. S. THOMSON & CO., Auctioneers.

WALTER M. KEARNS. REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AUCTIONEER. OFFICE AND SALESROOM: 1747 Notre Dame street. The subscriber in soliciting the patronage of the public FAITHFULLY PROMISES that all sales entrusted to him will receive his STRICTEST PERSONAL ATTENTION and be characterized by energy and perseverance. No effort will be spared TO BRING ALL TRANSACTIONS (LARGE OR SMALL) TO A SUCCESSFUL ISSUE. OVER TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE and a thorough training in the auction business, including UNDER MR. JOHN J. ANSTON, SENIOR, during which time he has had entire control of MANY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT SALES EVER HELD IN MONTREAL, including Real Estate Sales, Trade Sales, Damaged Goods, Household Furniture, Farm Stock, Cattle, &c., and in every case concluded transactions to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

ADVERTISEMENTS. Wedding Presents. USEFUL AND FASHIONABLE, AND AT VERY MODERATE PRICES. WATSON & PELTON, 53 ST. SULPICE STREET. Invite inspection of their large and varied stock of NEW GOODS, comprising: PARLOR and TABLE LAMPS, ORNAMENTAL TABLES and CLOCKS, ART POTTERY, FISH and FRUIT KNIVES and CARVERS, BRASS FIVE O'CLOCK KETTLES, new designs. LEATHER GOODS, &c., &c. ELECTRO-PLATED WARE of every description. SPOONS and FORKS and CUTLERY of guaranteed quality. LOW PRICES. A CALL SOLICITED.

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Auction Sales.

M. Hicks & Co. No. 203 ST. JAMES STREET COR. ST. PETER ST. Important Sale of High-Class Oil Paintings and Water-Color Drawings. The Subscribers have great pleasure in announcing that they have been favored by a leading firm of Fine Art Dealers in London to sell by auction at the above address, THURSDAY NEXT, October 2nd, at 2 and 7.30 p.m. ONE OF THE FINEST COLLECTIONS OF Oil Paintings and Water Color Drawings ever offered to the Art Public in Montreal. The pictures are rich in artistic merit, and the work of some of the best artists of the English, French and German schools, viz:—

T. Sperry Cooper, R.A., G. Champion, A. H. Vickers, M.R.A., C. Clifton, F. Armfield, F. Morris, M.P.S., Tom. Seymour, P. Lang, R. Stone, Chas. Rowbottom, C. Bennett, J. Lalonde, R. Courtois, M.P.S., A. Ludojvic, R.S.A., A. Schuler, M.P.S., W. Wedgery, E. Fincher, V. DeParadeis, M.P.S., R. Long, M.D.A., F. Bahion, M.P.S., A. Gross, M.D.A., and others.

Comprising a great variety of styles and subjects. As there are a great number of lots the sale will commence promptly as advertised, the undersigned having received instructions to sell every picture without the slightest reserve. Catalogues will be ready TUESDAY, and the pictures on view on that day and up to hour of sale. M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers. James Stewart & Co. HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE! VOSE SQUARE GRAND PIANO. Handsome Gilt Mirrors, Crystal and Brass Gasaliers, Brussels Carpets, Elegant Bronze Ornaments.

Oil Paintings, Steel Engravings, Lacoon's Plush Curtains, B. W. Plush Drawing Room Set, Italian Chairs, Fancy Tables, Beautiful Faney Work, Large and Small Ornaments, B. W. Sideboard, B. W. Dining Table, B. W. L.C. Dining Chairs and Lounger, Complete Dinner Set (10 pieces), Five O'Clock Tea, Tea, Breakfast and Fruit Sets, Silver Tea Set, Silverware, Cutlery, Glassware (fruit, B. W. M.T. Bedroom Sets, B. W. Dressing Mirrors, B. W. Wardrobe, B. W. Combination Bed, Easy Chairs, B. W. Bookcase, Books, B. W. Double Bed, Card Table, Hall Clock and Chairs, Refrigeratory, Jewel Range, Knife Cleaning Machine and Stand, Meat Chopper, Scales, Kitchen Utensils, &c. In fact, a complete and magnificently furnished house. Sale at the Residence, 116 Mansfield street, On WEDNESDAY MORNING, 1st October, AT TEN O'CLOCK. House on view the day before the sale. JAMES STEWART & CO., Auctioneers.

Thomas J. Potter. TRADE SALE. TEAS UNRESERVED, ON ACCOUNT OF JOHN DUNCAN & CO., AT THEIR STORES, 450 ST. PAUL STREET, On Thursday, 9th October, 1890, AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, COMPRISING: 2,000 HALF CHESTS JAPAN. 143 MATS DO., 5, 10 and 20 lb. Boxes. 200 BOXES DO., 30 and 40 lb. each. 103 BOXES IMPERIAL. 228 BOXES GUNPOWDER. 70 BOXES YOUNG HYSON. 65 CANS AND HALF CHESTS MOYUNE GUNPOWDER. 113 CANS AND HALF CHESTS DO. YOUNG HYSON. 15 HALF CHESTS MOYUNE IMPERIAL. 13 HALF CHESTS MOYUNE HYSON. 23 BOXES CONGOU. 37 BOXES SELECTED ORANGE PEKOE. 27 HALF CHESTS CONGOU. 26 HALF CHESTS INDIAN AND CEYLON. THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer. Samples and Catalogues ready Friday, 3rd October.

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READABLE PARAGRAPHS.



"WAITING" FOR TIPS.

The RIVAL WAITERS (together, and with an earnest desire to please)—"Anything else you would like, sir..."

Geo. VERRY & Co.'s for every description of Artists' Materials.

I am surprised and sorry at your not liking my book. I thought you'd see at least one redeeming feature...

Geo. VERRY & Co.'s for beautiful perfumery at extremely low prices this month.

A MANAGER OVER A GRAMMAR SCHOOL, censuring a pupil for the dullness of his comprehension, and censuring to instruct him in practice, said, "Is not the price of a penny but always a penny?"

CASWELL, MANN & Co.'s Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Peppin and Quinine, has given greater satisfaction than any other preparation of Cod Liver Oil...

I have diagnosed your husband's case carefully, my dear Mrs. Burtley, said the young physician, "and I find that he is suffering from rheumatism in the pedal extremities..."

A BAD FALL—When the mercury drops below zero.

Board and Rooms.

6 BEAVER HALL SQUARE—Nicely furnished Rooms; gas, bath, hot water, etc.
A YOUNG Married Couple requiring partial house-keeping, can hear of same, good locality by applying to F. O. BING, Montreal.

SAW MILL TO RENT.

UNDER THE WINDING UP ACT. In the matter of THE HENDERSON LUMBER COMPANY, insolvent. Under authority of Judgment of Court dated this day...

Situations Vacant.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid. A YOUNG LADY holding a diploma from McGill Normal School wishes a situation as salary, or any position of trust. Address M. T. 9, "Witness" Office.

To Let.

AT A LOW RENT, especially for winter months, the handsome Residence and grounds of the late Wm. Moodie, 405 St. Andrew, Apply to DAVID DRYSDALE, 64 Craig St., or J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James Street.

Property.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid. FOR SALE, two building lots on Paris street, Point St. Charles. Apply to R. TURNER, 605 Wellington St.

Property.

WOOD AVENUE. THREE FIRST-CLASS HOUSES JUST READY FOR SALE OR TO BE LET. J. B. CLARKSON, 35 Temple Building.

Business Changes.

FOR SALE, Groceries, Dry Goods, Fruit and Confectionery Stores, Hotels, and all other kinds of business; good opportunity for any person starting business; first-class Houses and Rooms, furnished and unfurnished, to let; also country residences. Apply to L. HARRIS, 44 Victoria square.

Wanted.

WANTED, two Dumfries, in good order. Address, STAINING, DUMFRIES, "Witness" Office.

TENNIS COURT.

WANTED the use of a Tennis Court for balance of season. Address TENNIS, Box 2145, city.

Miscellaneous.

A HIDE FORMER. Best English Style Shirt made at 22. Try it. 110 NOTRE DAME STREET. Two doors East of Notre Dame Church.

Last Edition

TO-DAY'S CONFERENCE.

FULL REPRESENTATION FOR THE LAITY.

A GRANT IN RELIEF OF MINISTERS' OBLIGATIONS—APPOINTMENTS.

The clause of the report of the Union Church Relief Fund in relation to the St. Lawrence Central camp ground was the first business at the General Conference to-day. This camp ground was purchased before the union of trustees for the Bay of Quinte Conference, and after the union five Methodist ministers shouldered the responsibility, with the result that their obligations are now \$11,240, and the foreclosure of a \$5,000 mortgage faces them. The company—that is, the ministers referred to—applied for aid, asking that the Conference carry the debt four years. The Committee made an address report.

The Rev. W. H. Graham, who said that he was present at the risk of his life, as he was threatened with apoplexy, waved a black handkerchief and earnestly pleaded for the rejection of the Committee's report. The matter was gone into very thoroughly, and Mr. Graham was fully supported by Dr. Potts, Dr. Williams and Dr. Douglas, and by a large majority the grant asked was given.

Upon the question of the Chair nominating the General Conference Committee, which was to consist, according to the amendment of the Rev. G. Ross, of eighteen ministers and six laymen, Dr. MacLaren took the position that there should be an equal representation of laymen. Eighteen ministers will represent about 1,000 men of their own body, and six laymen will represent about 300,000 members of the Methodist Church? Is that fair? If any question should come up during the next quadrennium it would be unfortunate that the representation should be what it is proposed to be.

Dr. Dewar denied that the ministers only represented the ministers. "They represent the members quite as much as—and more than—the laymen. Besides, this is not a question between laymen and ministers."

"If you took Dr. MacLaren's basis," said Dr. J. Williams, "the ministers would be entirely needed out. It is a question simply of the work of the church."

"It is a question of lay representation," said Dr. MacLaren. "This General Conference has been composed equally of laymen and ministers. This special committee shall represent this General Conference during the interim. Now, why should the lay representation be lessened?"

Mr. McKenzie said it would be a most unfortunate thing to introduce this question at the close of the Conference, when so many laymen had gone home.

A voice—"They had no right to go home." Mr. McKenzie—"It doesn't matter; they're gone. The question should not be introduced. The laymen should have an equal representation. There is no reason to exclude them."

Dr. Alexander took the same ground, and warmly protested against the amendment of the Rev. Mr. Ross—which, upon being put, was lost.

The Chairman then made the following nominations:— Ministers—The Revs. Dr. Potts, Dr. Briggs, Dr. Barwash, Dr. T. G. Williams, Dr. Douglas, S. Sanders, Dr. Ryckman, Dr. W. Williams, G. Rogers, J. S. Williamson, T. W. Joffe, J. S. Heistia.

Laymen—Messrs. G. A. Cox, W. Kennedy, J. J. MacLaren, J. N. Lake, Wm. Beatty, R. Brown, J. T. Moore, D. Graham, H. T. Moore, Dr. Inch, A. D. Boustead, Dr. Lavell.

The election of the Court of Appeals had this result:—Rev. A. Sutherland, D.D., Rev. D. G. Sutherland, D.D., Rev. H. Sprague, Rev. Dr. Parker, Rev. Dr. W. J. Shaw, Rev. Dr. Andliff, Judge Dean, Judge Deacon, Judge Jones, Judge Chesley, Hon. J. C. Aikin and Dr. J. J. MacLaren.

Nearly two hundred questions of business were submitted by the sub-committee of the Disciplinary Committee. A discussion arose over the question "what is the average attendance at public worship?" It was argued that this was a matter of fact, but on a vote being taken it was ordered to be inserted in the list.

The morning session concluded with arrangements for the printing of the new Discipline.

Dr. Ryckman wishes it understood that when speaking on the superannuation fund it was not he who attacked the laymen who wanted to put the additional tax upon the ministers.

DON JUAN LEITH.

A recent Paraguayan newspaper notices that Don Juan Leith, Director General of Railway Freight in Aranzon, was somewhat seriously hurt when getting on a railway locomotive. A box was in his way and he was thrown to the earth, the driving rod of the engine striking him. His injuries were not considered more serious than to keep him in bed for some time. Don Juan was known here as Mr. John Leith over twenty years ago, and appears to have succeeded well in Paraguay. He is a brother of Mrs. Hall of Outremont, and some old schoolfellows and shopmates in Montreal will recognize the name easily.

REAL ESTATE.

Two years ago Mr. Henry Hogan, as noticed in the *Witness* at the time, sold four acres of his real estate in Hochelaga to Mr. Hartubise, commission merchant, for \$50,000. Mr. Hartubise has just been awarded \$27,700.18 by the city for allowing St. Catherine street to be opened through that property, which is now more valuable than ever. Mr. Hogan bought the land in Hochelaga for \$300,000, and at the rate of price he has been getting for lots, it ought to realize about \$4,500,000 by the time it is all sold.

The DeLaire farm just sold at Montreal Junction consisted of 80 arpents, not 68 as printed the other day.

CITY ITEMS.

The annual inspection of the 65th Battalion will take place next Saturday afternoon on the Champ de Mars.

Five deaf and dumb young ladies took their vows at Sisters of the Convent of the Providence Nuns at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, St. Denis street, last week.

Mr. D. Garesau, Deputy Prothonotary, has just issued the first number of an official calendar, which he is going to publish at the beginning of every month, giving the names of all the cases to be heard during the term, with the dates, names of the justices and attorneys, and in what division of the court.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

The ship "Karnak," from Iloilo, Philippine Islands, arrived in port yesterday with a cargo of sugar for the St. Lawrence Sugar Refinery. The "Karnak" left Iloilo on the 19th of March, exactly six months before she sailed for Montreal, and has been arrested on a cargo of \$400 at the demand of Teos, Colonbo.

CITY COUNCIL.

ALDERMAN VILLENEUVE'S SECESSION THREATS AGAIN.

DON'T SELL THE LAMP-POSTS YET—A NEW COMMITTEE ON WATER RATES.

It was a tame scene yesterday in the City Council Chamber. The aldermen filed into their chairs one by one, and many of them yawning as the minutes were gone through. A number of petitions were read, and the Mayor in reply to a question said he would ask for the appointment of a committee to consider the whole question of annexation. The Road Committee's report asking for firm side-walks was sent back to the Committee on an objection by Ald. Stephens, who quoted a Council decision that firmite be laid only in uniform blocks. The \$5,000 for land at Point St. Charles wanted by the Inundation Committee was granted, but the Police Committee's \$2,000 report for repairs to stations was (on Ald. Stephens's objection) held over till next meeting. Immediately afterwards came a report from the Fire Committee asking leave for Pillow, Hervey & Co. to store a quantity of petroleum. Ald. Jeanette, to get even with Ald. Stephens, wanted the report held over, but the report passed with an amendment, limiting the quantity to be stored by the judgment of the Building Inspector. Ald. Villeneuve raised a question as to St. Jean Baptiste's ill-treatment, and offered to secede and pay back in ten years all the city had done for them, with interest at six percent. Ald. Stevenson rebuked him for secession utterances, and then Ald. Prefontaine, Chairman of the Road Committee, paid his compliments to the Mayor because the latter had said the more money the Road Department had received the more complaints came from the citizens. Ald. Prefontaine was willing to help St. Jean Baptiste Ward if the city would vote \$5,000, and notwithstanding Ald. Stephens's denunciation of what he called Ald. Villeneuve's "law," the latter got his motion passed to refer the Finance Committee's report back for reconsideration. The motion was seconded by Ald. Prefontaine and only six voted against it. This was the reward for sectionalism of a clearly defined character. Ald. McBride's remark that the West Ward had not had a new sidewalk for ten years made no difference.

Several reports were held over until next meeting—among them one granting the Exhibition Committee \$10,000 next year, and one concerning the turnpike trust roads which the city is to take over.

Ald. Stephens again put in a word for the city's interests, and when he had shown that the city would be at the mercy of the Electric Light Company if the lamp-posts were sold, the Light Committee was instructed to refer them and not sell them. Ald. Stephens gave the Chairman of the Road Committee a gentle shock by asking if he was aware that the men making the firmite sidewalks on St. Catherine street east were putting in rubbish and chippings for a foundation. The Chairman said he would look into the matter.

The following committee was appointed to consider the water rate question:—Aldermen Roland (Chairman of Finance), Stephens, Gauthier, Rainville, Conroy (Chairman of the Water Committee), Thompson and Martineau. It will be noticed that Alderman Clendinning, whose name was so much associated with the water rate question, is left out. As he has not been at any of the meetings for a long time, however, this is not surprising, though disappointing to those who expected much from him in this direction.

Upon the reading of the report to afford some relief to the Union des Abatteurs, the Mayor said the city had a perfect right to relinquish its hold upon real estate to the extent of \$50,000. In this opinion, he claimed, the city at large should be consulted, because the Health Committee had forbidden them to take the quarry for cooling purposes the company had had to spend \$40,000 on machinery. He considered the case one in which the Council could act. This did not check Alderman Stephens, who, after declaring the company's needs a case for the Loan and Mortgage Company, moved the Chairman to take the matter up.

Notwithstanding the protestations of Ald. Stephens, the main motion (to relinquish the Company) was carried by a vote of twenty-one to four. Aldermen W. Kennedy, Stephens, Stevenson and Jeanette were the four.

Mayor Grenier stated that in company with Ald. Roland he had a conference with the Hon. Mr. Mercier, on the free night schools, for which the Premier intended to place \$50,000 in the estimates. \$20,000 of which would come to Montreal. The city was to contribute something, and a civic committee was required. This was agreed to, Aldermen Roland and Stephens and the Mayor being appointed to act.

Ald. Stephens having given notice of motion to discharge the Parks and Peries Committee and assign its duties to the Park Commissioners, who would be increased from three to seven, the Council adjourned.

THE LATE MR. W. H. LANCEY.

A citizen of Charleston, S.C., in a letter just received by Montreal, makes a very striking reference to the late Mr. Lancey. "Such evidence of respect and esteem," he says, "such manifestations of regard and affection, I have never known given to one in the walks of private life before. It was beautiful—it was touching. As a brother knight and in business matters I was often in his company and share the feelings entertained by hundreds of others that Charleston has lost a worthy citizen, honorable, energetic and progressive; the Knights an earnest worker, ever thoughtful of the best interest of the order; his family, a loving and true member. Yes, each acquaintance and friend had a good word for W. H. Lancey. An illustration of the attention he received during his sickness is that on returning from a drive one afternoon, a friend remarked to me that some prominent person must be sick at the St. Xavier Hospital, as several carriages were before the door and numbers of people were calling there, evidently enquiring of some one's condition. This was several days before his death and shows the feeling of interest taken during his sickness by his brother Knights, his friends and their families."

STATUES AND FREE BURIALS.

A dispute of an interesting nature between the ward and church wardens of the parish of St. Constant and Mr. E. B. Langford, of the same place, will shortly come before the courts. The plaintiff's claim \$25 from defendant as fees for his son's burial in the vault of the church. The plea for the defence is that the plaintiffs, through the parish priest, promised on several occasions that any one giving the church a statue would be entitled to free burial in the vault of the church, and that as defendant's son furnished one of the statues no claim can now be made for his burial.

PERSONAL.

Sir John Macdonald, Sir John Thompson, the Hon. G. E. Foster and the Hon. C. H. Tupper passed through the city last night on their way to St. John and Halifax.

An interesting ceremony took place at Longueuil yesterday when Mr. J. B. Labonte and his wife celebrated their golden wedding—their son, Mr. Stanislas Labonte, being married at the same service to Madame Brunet, only daughter of Mr. Alphonse Leclaire, of Messrs. H. & J. Leclaire.

MR. MORLEY ON IRELAND.

SEVERE CRITICISMS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S POLICY.

AN IRISH COLODEL LAUGHED AT BY ENGLISH LADIES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—In his speech at St. Helen's yesterday, Mr. John Morley said that a week ago Mr. John Dillon wrote to address his constituents in East Mayo. Upon arriving at the town where the first meeting was to be held, Mr. Dillon found the platform of the station surrounded by the police and military, and he was told by a Unionist magistrate that he would be dispersed by the magistrates. Now, to the first place, this simply meant that the divisional magistrate would be the judge whether Mr. Dillon's language was legal or illegal, and in the second place, what appeared to be almost incredible, meant that if the magistrate considered Mr. Dillon's language illegal it was the magistrate's duty to disperse the meeting with baton and rifle. After over four years of governmental experience could not an Irish member of Parliament be trusted to address his constituents without the adoption of such measures? Turning to the problem of the congested districts, the speaker said it opened up questions of the gravest complexion and he would welcome an attempt to settle these questions apart from all party considerations. But what, he asked, was the use of appealing to Ministers who were capable of the acts of criminal folly now being perpetrated? Neither could Mr. Parnell nor the speaker help to solve the problem with men who were so infatuated. He (Morley) had been criticised for going to Ireland. That seemed to be a dog in the manger policy. Mr. Balfour would neither go to Ireland himself nor let any one else go. He (Morley) went to Tipperary because he felt that the proceedings there marked the turning point in the great battle, and because he felt that the Government was going to drive a good strong nail into its own coffin.

and he wanted to see the first blow of the hammer being driven into Tipperary with his own political friends he walked peacefully to the cross road without having any fear of disorder, when, suddenly, he was insulted, pushed and menaced by constables in a state of great fury. The gathering people were very few in number and no kind of obstruction was offered, the nearest approach to a riot being a shrill Tipperary cheer raised on his account. He never saw such an act of folly as the attitude of the police, and the two members of the house of Commons under arrest were in charge of a squad of constables who had the right of guarding the prisoners from rescue; but throughout the day the Government officers

PUT THE CONSTABLES IN AN ATTITUDE that was calculated to provoke a breach of the peace. Col. Caddell stated in the court room that this was one of the most disorderly gatherings he had ever witnessed. Three or four English ladies who occupied front seats in the court room laughed at the absurdity of Caddell's statement and soon after this the Colonel withdrew his name. His proceedings would have been ridiculous if they had not been so dangerous. But they were nothing to what followed. The court house was in a small enclosure provided with strong gates. It had been asserted that he and his companions were followed to this entrance at noon by an immense multitude. This he absolutely denied. He believed that at no time did more than three or four men defend the court house number less than three to one against the civilians. It was

AS INSIGNIFICANT AND AS HARMLESS A CROWD as he ever saw in his life. Mr. Dillon, the speaker, Mr. Harrington, M.P., and others were admitted to the townsmen. He next saw a townsman, a solicitor, lung violently from the gates and assaulted Mr. O'Brien went out and protested against the exclusion of the public. Messrs. Dillon and Harrington joined Mr. O'Brien, and their voices grew loud. With or without orders the police drew their batons and blood began to flow freely. He saw stones thrown. He would undertake to say that a couple of English constables would have done everything necessary to guard access to the court. Mr. Harrington went out to the constable and expostulated, but the only reply was

AS AN ATTEMPT TO STRIKE HIM ON THE HEAD. Another officer then bated Mr. Harrington on the head, after which Mr. Harrington, his head dripping with blood, was admitted at the gate.

He (Morley) saw a constable strike a reporter named Keating a murderous blow on the mouth, and the reporter fell. He saw a man sitting and causing blood to flow freely. Outside the gates there was another scene of violence, the police using their batons ferociously upon the heads and bodies of the defenceless townsmen, several of whom were brought inside the gates dripping with blood. He (Morley) went to Caddell and told him he ought to open the gates and admit the people. Then he went into the court room, but found nobody there except the two resident magistrates and a few reporters. After they had been opened and everybody who wished to enter had been admitted, the court room was not filled, while the "tumultuous" throng of which Col. Caddell had spoken was

AS QUIET AND AS ORDERLY AS IN CHURCH. These facts proved that the original closing of the gates was unnecessary; that the statement that it was necessary to reserve for witnesses the space allotted to spectators was a mere pretext and afterthought, and that the rioting was wholly on one side. The whole thing was a deliberate and cowardly outrage. Mr. Balfour's system was responsible for these outrages. Through three and a-half years Mr. Balfour had defended every act of the executive, through thick and thin, right or wrong. From the odious and wicked slaughter at Mitchelstown downward Mr. Balfour had always refused to contribute to any effort of public enquiry. He had always denied the truth of the charges made against the police. He had always refused to believe the word of an Irish member of Parliament, and thus the Irish people had been left wholly at the mercy of the authorities, without any supervision, without help and without hope. No wonder the Irish people did not respect the law. No wonder they hated a government which inspired such an abuse of executive force.

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THE CANADIAN CAPITAL.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 29.

THE ATLANTIC MAIL SERVICE.

As I pointed out some days ago, the scheme for a fast Atlantic mail service is evidently a C.P.R. project, part of their through route from England to the East, without which the subsidy granted by the British Government to the C. P. R. Pacific steamers cannot be drawn, as it was granted on the condition that the first link in the triple-linked chain, an Atlantic fast service, be established. The C. P. R. across the continent is the second link and the C.P.R. steamers to China and Japan the third. The new advocate, whose agent, Mr. Bryce Douglas, is now in this country, are not satisfied to furnish the fast steamers for the half-million annual subsidy already voted by the Canadian Parliament, but want more, probably a round million. The firm of which Mr. Douglas is a member, is now engaged in constructing the C. P. R. Pacific steamers. The Allan line service is at present a fairly good one it is difficult to understand why the Government here should take away the mail contract from them and give it, together with an enormous subsidy, to a scheme floated by a part of a C. P. R. route from Great Britain to China. If England is anxious for a fast line of steamers on the Atlantic, why should her Imperial route to the Orient, why should her government not pay the Atlantic subsidy as well as the Pacific subsidy? This Atlantic fast will turn out to be a big deal between the Ottawa Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway. What will be the *quid pro quo*?

THE EARL OF ABERDEEN. Lord Aberdeen left to-night for the West. He made here, as he does everywhere he goes, a very favorable impression. Many wonder that he should take such an active interest in Canadian affairs as he is doing, delivering numerous addresses and visiting many public institutions, but the explanation is simple if the current impression is correct that His Lordship's ambition is to be the appointee of the next Liberal Administration in England as Governor-General of Canada. He did not deny this to interviewers here. From all accounts a more popular representative of Her Majesty could not be sent over. To-day Lord Aberdeen completed the purchase of a team of black horses he saw at the Exhibition by handing the owners a cheque for a thousand dollars.

TYPE MACHINES ORDERED. The Government has purchased four typesetting machines for use in the Printing Bureau. They are the kind known as the Mergenthaler Linotype machines, already extensively in use in the United States. It is presumed that the managers of the Printing Bureau are satisfied with the working of the machines they will put in a large number, and, doubtless, by that time the printers will have learned that their interests are not injuriously affected by the innovation. The amount of work this Bureau will in future do can only be measured by its output to date, and the number of hands employed will increase no matter how many machines are purchased.

NOTES. Sir George Baden-Powell came down from Toronto to-day to meet Mr. Bryce Douglas and Mr. Van Horne in connection with the new Atlantic steamship syndicate. St. Andrew's church, after being repaired at a cost of almost \$5,000, was re-opened yesterday. The congregation are proud of their beautiful building and prouder still of their talented pastor, the Rev. W. T. Herridge, B.D. Mr. A. Courtney, Deputy of the Minister of Finance, has returned from his vacation improved in health. Sir John Macdonald and Sir John Thompson left this afternoon in the Premier's private car over the Canada Atlantic Railway for the Maritime Provinces on a big stumping tour. The Hon. Messrs. Foster and Tupper left this evening by the C. P. R. on the same mission. Mr. Costigan, who is away to it, and will join the big four down there. The proposed new drill hall for the Toronto volunteers is ten feet shorter than the Montreal hall, but has far more accommodation. It will be such a club house for the men as a drill hall and armory. Its erection will be begun this fall probably.

The Hon. Mr. Carling goes to Toronto this week.

Sir Adolphe Caron is going to move heaven and earth, if he can, to redeem Portneuf when the bye-election comes on there. He thinks he has a more difficult task than he recently had in Montmorency, where his majority was only half-a-hundred, so it looks as if he was leading a forlorn hope.

Sir Hector Langevin's Winnipeg speech has created the impression that he will press for the disallowance of the Manitoba School Act abolishing separate schools. The Premier will not be anxious to try another fall with the Liberal Government of the Prairie Provinces, but can he resist Sir Hector Langevin's ultimatum, if it is backed by Sir John Thompson, Mr. Chapleau, Sir Adolphe Caron and Mr. Costigan?

CANADA CENTRAL FAIR.

(Special Correspondence of the Witness.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 29.—R. Thompson, Ottawa, took first prize with thoroughbred stallions and A. Blythe, Ottawa, got the special diploma for thoroughbred mare or gelding.

CARRIAGE HORSES.

J. J. Anderson, Dominionville, got two first prizes for stallions; R. Stewart, Aylmer, got first prize for two year old stallion; B. Bothwell, Ottawa, for yearling stallion; G. Fairburn, Billings Bridge, for brood mare and foal; J. Herbert & Son, Ottawa, for three-year-old gelding or filly; R. C. Spence, Arnprior, for two-year-old gelding or filly; H. M. Maher, Hardisty, for yearling gelding or filly; P. McIntosh, for pair of matched carriage horses in harness, and also for single carriage horse in harness. G. Fairburn the diploma for best mare.

STANDARD BREED.

J. Erratta, Gotthard, got first prize for four-year-old stallion; A. C. Burgess, Carleton Place, for two-year-old stallion, also for two-year-old filly, and McGuire Bros. for yearling filly.

GENERAL PURPOSE HORSES.

Geo. Eadie, Manotick, got first prize for four-year-old stallion; T. Langford, Ironsides, for three-year-old stallion; Mr. Johnston, Leithridge, for two-year-old stallion; J. Boyd, Carp, for yearling stallion; W. Montgomery, Goodstown, for brood mare with foal; J. Callander, North Gower, for two-year-old gelding or filly; J. Nesbitt, Fallowfield, for yearling gelding or filly; J. Montgomery, for foal, and W. Allan, for best mare of any age.

HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES.

J. Clarke got first prize for four years' old stallion; K. Neas, for two and three years' old stallion; J. Clark got the gold medal and diploma for thoroughbred Clydesdale stallion; Thos. Garstle, Chesterville, got first prize for yearling stallion, for brood mare with foal, yearling gelding or filly and also for foal;

Thos. Good, for three-year-old gelding or filly, and also for stallion with three of his get; A. T. White, for best mare, any age, and heavy draught team of gelding or mares; and M. Thom, Aylmer, for two year old gelding or filly. (To the Editor of the Witness.)

THE JERSEYS.

Sir,—I notice in your to-day's issue price list of Ottawa Fair, but fail to find the Jerseys. I herewith give prizes won by them:— Bull, two years and over—1st, W. A. Reburn, St. Anne's; 2nd, E. B. Eddy, Hull; 3rd, W. A. Reburn. Yearling bull, 3 entries.—1st, W. A. Reburn; 2nd, J. B. Caldwell, Lanark; 3rd, W. A. Reburn. Bull under 1 year.—1st and 2nd, W. A. Reburn; 3rd, W. A. Reburn. Bull of any age, diploma, Orloff Stoke Pogie, owned by W. A. Reburn. Cows, 3 years old and over—7 entries, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, W. A. Reburn; two years old, 3 entries, 1st, W. A. Reburn; 2nd and 3rd, Fowler and Storr, Ottawa. Yearling heifers—1st, 2nd, 3rd, W. A. Reburn; heifer calf, under one year, 1st, Fowler and Storr; 2nd and 3rd, W. A. Reburn. Best herd, one bull and three females, 1st prize and diploma, W. A. Reburn; 2nd and 3rd prize, W. A. Reburn. Special prize, gold medal, offered by Mr. Mr. Geo. Dickinson, M.P., for the best Jersey Pogie, won by W. A. Reburn on Orloff Stoke Pogie and Jolie of St. Lambert's 4th and 5th, Lady Banff of St. Anne's 11th, and Lorna Doone of St. Anne's 2nd. The above herd won first prize at Toronto the week before, six herds competing. Jolie of St. Lambert's 4th, winning first prize as best cow four years and over, also silver medal as best Jersey female of any age at same fair. She is a daughter of Jolie of St. Lambert's champion milk cow over all Canada—Toronto, '85; Quebec, '87; and Kingston, '88. W. A. REBURN. St. Anne's, Sept. 29th, 1890.

THE QUEEN CITY.

(Special to the Witness.)

TORONTO, Sept. 30.—It has been generally regarded as a foregone conclusion from the first that Birchall would be found guilty of murdering Benwell, and no surprise but rather a feeling of satisfaction prevails at the jury's verdict. Some few predicted a disagreement of the jury, but in view of the volume of evidence it is remarkable that a unanimous finding was reached in the short space of one hour and three-quarters. Sympathy is universally felt for Birchall's wife, who is much affected by the trying situation.

NOTES.

Dr. J. H. McFaul, late writing and drawing master in the Toronto Normal School, was last night appointed a member of the High School Board by the City Council.

OFFICERS VERSUS MEMBERS.

The lacrosse match between the officers and members of the Catholic Young Men's Association, which was to have taken place last Saturday on the Exhibition grounds, will be played next Saturday. The following are the contestants:—Officers—McGarry (capt.), Moran, Nolan, Curran, Nicholson, McNally, Milloy, Butler, Butt, Mullin, and Britton; Captain, McNally. Members—F. Kelly, McDermost, Graham, Kelly, Drew, Matthews, McGrath, J. Burns, P. E. Ryan, Carroll, Burns and McAdam; Captain, Glenn.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

STATEMENT OF EARNINGS AND EXPENSES. August, 1890. January 1st to August 31st, 1890. Gross earnings..... \$1,494,121.17 \$9,396,287.27 Working expenses..... 840,909.92 6,504,840.79 Net profits..... \$647,211.25 \$2,891,446.48 In August, 1889, the net profits were \$602,383.57; and from January 1st to August 31st, 1889, there was a net profit of \$5,245,804.48. The decrease in net profits over the same period last year is, therefore, for August, \$15,172.62; and from Jan. 1st to August 31st, there is an increase of \$116,642.91. Montreal, Sept. 29th, 1890.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

The British breadstuffs markets are very quiet but steady. Beroboth's cable advices for to-day are as follows:—Cargoes of coast, wheat, very slow, corn, all cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, very heavy; corn, quiet but steady. On passage to the Continent—Wheat, 77,000 qrs.; last week, 69,000 qrs.; corn, 144,000 qrs.; last week, 122,000 qrs. On passage to the United Kingdom—Wheat and flour, 2,231,000 qrs.; last week, 2,298,000 q