MORNING EDITION.

A Change in the Weather

Does not affect E. B. Eddy's Matches, which are proof against all climatic variations, whether hot, cold, damp or dry. Every match means a light.

Montreal Daily Herald

EIGHTY-EIGHTH YEAR NO. 24. MONTREAL DAILY HERALD, MONDAY, JANUARY 28, 1895. PRICE ONE CENT.

MORNING EDITION.

90° in the Shade

Is no more consistent with January than a box of inferior un-lightable matches is with a well-regulated house. E. B. Eddy's Matches are not of this kind. They are the best.

SATURDAY'S STORM

WAS GENERAL AROUND THE CANADIAN AND AMERICAN LAKE REGION.

TRAFFIC IN CANADIAN CITIES CONSIDERABLY HAMPERED.

Disasters on the Atlantic Coast in Which Several Lives Were Lost

Telegraphic advices to the Herald from various points in Quebec and Ontario indicate that Saturday's heavy snowfall was general from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic.

During the prevalence of the storm in Montreal comparative calmness prevailed, but it was not so in the lake region. The snow was piled up in big drifts by a strong north wind, resulting in greatly impeding railway traffic and at some points blocking it altogether. Hamilton reported the Toronto branch of the G.T.R. blocked, as well as its northwestern division. Windsor, St. Catharines, Barrie, Belleville and other points reported trains delayed several hours.

Toronto's street car service was pretty well annihilated for the time being, the company experiencing great difficulty in keeping their cars going.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—The heaviest snowstorm of the season struck Toronto early this morning. The wind during the night rose to a hurricane, and snow is piled in great drifts on the streets and sidewalks. Business is practically at a standstill. Street cars are stalled in every part of the city, and incoming trains are all several hours late. Despatches from different sections of the Province tell of same state of affairs.

Kingston seems to have suffered the most from the storm, according to the following special despatch to the Herald:—

The snow storm which prevailed Saturday paralyzed business in the city and the merchants had to close their shops about nine o'clock. There was no market, as country roads are blocked, and it is not likely they will be passable for a week. The Electric Railway is covered up and two sweepers could not cope with the snow. It will be late on Monday when the cars will be running. The Western mail, due here about three o'clock every afternoon, did not reach here until 9.30 Saturday evening. The train was drawn by three engines.

AMERICAN CITIES VISITED.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Chicago is nearer being snow-bound than at any time during the past eight years. The storm began yesterday evening, the snow coming down in sheets, which were hurled through the streets by a gale blowing 65 miles an hour. The streets were nearly impassable. The street car companies managed to keep clear. The gale has materially decreased, but is still blowing hard. Trains from the east are reported four hours late. Reports from all over the Northwest, show the storm to be widespread, and severe. Des Moines reports the worst storm of the year, with snow twelve inches deep on the level. Business was at a standstill in Davenport last evening. At Dubuque, the snow has drifted four and five feet deeper, in the principal streets, and is being piled deeper by the heavy gale. Similar news comes from other portions of Iowa.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 26.—A wind from south tore across Cleveland last night, descending upon the streets with terrific force at Case and Payne Avenues and Superior Street. On those thoroughfares a total of seven miles of telegraph poles were blown over, cutting off nearly all telephone communication in the city, and blocking the Superior Street and Payne Avenue cable lines. The Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad at Payne Avenue was covered with poles and wires, and all trains stopped.

New York, Jan. 26.—The storm which visited Staten Island last night was quite severe. The wind came out from the sea, and blew a very strong breeze, accompanied by a thick snowstorm, which during the early morning, settled into a driving rain. An unusually high tide prevails along the Staten Island sea coast, but no damage has been reported. At 8 a.m., a dense fog set in which envelopes the upper and lower bay. The only arrival this morning was the Ward Line steamer Nagara, from Cienfugos and Nassau. The outgoing Cunarder Lucania, passed out the Narrows shortly after 7 a.m., on her way to sea.

SHIPPING LOST IN THE STORM.

Sandy Hook, N.J., Jan. 26.—At 1.30 this morning, during a heavy southeast gale and fog when off Long Branch about seven miles off shore, the coal barges Esopus and Fisher, parted the hawser connecting them to the tug Ice King. They were coming from Philadelphia with a cargo of coal. Both barges were shortly lost out of sight. Five men were on each barge. The tug Ice King has started out to look for them.

Sandy Hook, Jan. 26.—The British bark Beatrice, which went ashore last night, near Spermaceti, Life Saving Station, is breaking up, and wreckage is reported to be coming ashore, down the beach. All the crews were rescued by the Life Savers. Captain Edwards, of the Life Saving Station, reports that Captain Brown stated that the stores on the bark were valued at $3,000. With the exception of the Beatrice, the coast is reported clear of wrecks, as far as Barnagat.

TWELVE PEOPLE DROWNED.

New London, Conn., Jan. 26.—The tug Sea King reported here this morning that she lost a tow of five barges off Point Judith, in the gale. There were twelve drowned, eight men and four women.

Baltimore, Jan. 26.—News reached here this afternoon that the steamer Merritt, which has been employed for the week in trying to float the stranded tug Manati off Kill-Devil Hill, was struck by the storm which raged along the coast last night, and driven ashore. Big waves swept over her, and live-boats could not be launched. The life-savers by hard work rescued the twenty-six men aboard with the breeches buoy. They were half frozen, and nearly exhausted. The steamer may prove a total loss.

Gloucester, Mass., Jan. 26.—The fishing schooner Leader, of this port, went ashore on the dreaded reef of Norman's Woe, off the entrance of the outer harbor, this morning, and is now breaking up fast. Ten of the crew got ashore, but four are believed to have been drowned by the overturning of a dory. The missing men are all Portuguese, and belong in this city.

Mr. Laurier to Speak in Toronto.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—Hon. Mr. Laurier has decided to address a public meeting in the city on the evening of February 5. Mr. W. Paterson (Brant), Hon. G. W. Ross and Mr. Gibbons, of London, will be with him.

TO CARVE TURKEY.

A TASK THAT EUROPEAN STATESMEN HAVE IN ANTICIPATION.

THE SITUATION DESCRIBED BY A CORRESPONDENT OF THE SPEAKER.

An Uprising of Christians in Macedonia is to be the Key Note for the Descent on European Turkey.

London, Jan. 26.—A despatch to the Speaker from Constantinople, says that the work of persecuting the Armenians in Armenia and in Asia Minor, is proceeding as vigorously as before, adding: The Turkish newspapers are evidently under orders to keep up the excitement and it is extremely difficult to get information from the interior. Even Consular despatches have been opened in the past and very few Armenians are allowed to come to Constantinople. The Sultan believes that Europe will not actively intervene.

"One contingency, however, gives the Sultan anxiety. If the present crisis is prolonged, it is not improbable that there will be troubles in Macedonia in the spring, and if they are serious, Bulgaria, Greece and Servia will inevitably be involved and the Eastern question will be raised in its most acute form. I have evidence that such a contingency is in the minds of some of the statesmen of Europe, as well as in that of the Sultan, for there is a revival of the discussion respecting how the remaining European territory of the Sultan including Constantinople, can best be disposed of—whether it would be best for Austria to come to Salonica; how much of Macedon and Thrace should be given to Bulgaria; what should be given to Greece; how Albania will be disposed of, and what will be done with Constantinople, The answers which I have heard recently to these questions are much more rational and satisfactory than any I have heard in past years."

ARMENIANS CONDEMNED TO DIE.

Constantinople, Jan. 26.—The Court of Cassatoon has confirmed the judgment of the Court of Erzinghiam, rendered on November 15th, by which twenty-four Armenians were condemned to death and thirty-four others were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. The decision of the Court of Cassatoon has caused strong feeling among the Armenians, especially as it is reported that the condemned men will be executed forthwith.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE SITUATION.

London, Jan. 26.—If certain Liberal newspapers, which profess to be inspired, are expressing the genuine desires of the Government the Eastern question is about to be revived in its most acute form.

The true meaning of the recent persistent Armenian agitation is now becoming disclosed in the bold assertions of those journals that the time is ripe for the ejection of the Turks from the European fold. Viewing the subject in this light, the present anti-Turkish crusade very clearly possesses a greater practical significance than was attached to the Bulgarian atrocities which yielded so much political capital to Mr. Gladstone nearly twenty years ago.

The excitement of that period was fomented by the Liberals mainly with the object of embarrasing the Government of the Earl of Beaconsfield, and the coming moment is undoubtedly associated with policy contemplating an Anglo-Russia entente. At any rate it appears to be directed towards preparing the public mind for some decided if not grand rehersal of the English policy in the East. The key to the Eastern position is not now Armenia, but Macedonia. As the plan is understood, it is in Macedonia that mines are laid for the insurrection which it is intended shall involve Bulgaria, Servia and Greece in an active dispute for a division of the territory of Turkey in Europe, finally leading the great powers to intervene.

According to an article in the Speaker, which is supposed to disseminate the ideas of the Liberal Ministers, the Macedonian question will probably soon become a burning one, and its solution will finally dispose of the rule of Islam in Europe. How much of Islam's domination is to remain in the Asiatic territory of the Sultan will depend upon the action of the Commander of the Faithful toward Armenia.

The correspondent of the same paper writes, upon what he asserts is unquestionable authority, that the Sultan is aware of the fact that European statesmen are discussing the question as to the manner in which the territory of the Porte in Europe, including Constantinople, is to be partitioned among the powers, together with the oft-repeated question whether Austria shall be allowed to come to Salonica.

He is also aware, according to this authority, that there is a revival of the questions as to how much of Macedonia and Thrace shall be given to Bulgaria, what proportion of Albania is to go to Servia, and what part shall fall into the possession of Greece. These are old questions, and doubtless the Sultan so regards them, but all the same he is compelled to be alert even when a "chestnut" is sprung upon him, for he cannot tell whether or not it is loaded.

According to the programme, the signal for the explosion is to be given in Macedonia by an uprising of the Christians there. The inhabitants of this faith are in a majority in that country, and besides they have friends close at hand who are ready to take their side in any contingency. It is assumed by the writer in the Speaker that the powers will not use force to prevent Bulgaria, Greece and Servia from taking part in a revolution in Macedonia, and these propositions put into the form of threats may be partly aimed at the Sultan in order to coerce him into assent to an Anglo-Russian policy in Armenia. Whether there is any good ground for this action on the assumption that there has been a wanton or wholesale slaughter of Christians in that province, it cannot be as yet definitely learned.

The reports from that region are still as conflicting as ever, and the means of obtaining information that can be relied upon are quite as difficult as at the outset. Nevertheless, there is every indication that a crisis of the greatest international importance is imminent, growing out of the present aspect of things in the East.

PORTE STILL REFUSES.

Constantinople, Jan. 26.—The commission appointed to inquire into the Armenian

(Continued on Page 8.)

FRENCH MINISTRY.

M. RIBOT SUCCEEDS IN GETTING TOGETHER A CABINET.

MINISTER OF COLONIES IS A "RADICAL SOCIALIST REPUBLICAN."

Emile Chautemps Gets that Portfolio and is the Only New Man in the Cabinet.

Paris, Jan. 26.—M. Ribot saw the President to-day, and informed him that he believed he could now form a cabinet, taking the portfolio of Minister of Finance himself, with M. Hannotaux as Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Leygues as Minister of the Interior, and M. Chautemps as Minister of Marine.

The Official Gazette publishes the statement that in all probability the following Cabinet announcements will be made:

Premier and Minister of Finance, M. Ribot.

Minister of Justice, M. Traerioux

Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Hannotaux.

Minister of the Interior, M. Leygues.

Minister of Instruction, M. Poincarre.

Minister of Public Works, M. Dupuy-Luctemps.

Minister of Commerce, M. André Ledon.

Minister of Husbandry, M. Gadeau.

Minister of Colonies, M. Chautemps.

Minister of War, Gen. Jamont.

Minister of Marine, Admiral Besnard.

It is said that the men to whom these positions have been tendered, have accepted. No one has yet been selected to occupy the post of Minister of Public Worship.

Emile Chautemps is the only new man proposed for a Minister. M. Hannotaux is the holdover Minister of Foreign Affairs, and M. Leygues has the Educational portfolio now.

M. Chautemps represents a Paris district in the Chamber of Deputies. He is designated as a "Radical Socialist Republican," and the political principles he inscribed on his banner in the elections of 1889, indicate that the accent should be on "Socialist." He then declared for a revision of the constitution "in the most Democratic sense," abolition of the Senate and Presidency; freedom of the press and right of assembly; no religious subsidies; free courts and an elective magistracy; right of the child to free, unsectarian education, and substitution of militia for a permanent army, service being obligatory upon all in turn. On economic questions his views are even more radical.

LATEST ABOUT THE MINISTRY.

Paris, Jan. 27.—The name of neither General Jamont nor Admiral Besnard appears in the list of Cabinet officers published in the Journal Officielle. The Ministry of War will be occupied ad interim by Prime Minister Ribot, and the Ministry of Marine ad interim by M. Tarieux, who also holds the Portfolio of Justice.

This makes the new Cabinet as follows: Prime Minister of Finance and ad interim Minister of War, M. Ribot; Minister of Justice and ad interim Minister of Marine, M. Trarieux; Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Hannotaux; Minister of the Interior, M. Leygues; Minister of Public Instruction and Worship, M. Poincarre; Minister of Public Works, M. Dupuy-Dutemps; Minister of Commerce, M. Andre Ledon; Minister of Agriculture, M Gadeau; Minister of the Colonies, M. Chautemps.

The newspapers express surprise at the composition of the Cabinet, but the comments are not hostile.

President Faure this morning received General Jamont. The Ministry held its first conference at the residence of M. Ribot, and decided in principle to support an Amnesty Bill. In the evening the Cabinet met at the Palace of the Elysee, when President Faure imparted to the Ministers his message, which will be read by M. Ribot in the Chamber of Deputies, and M. Trarieux in the Senate to-morrow.

Prime Minister Ribot has decided not to make a formal Ministerial statement, but will indicate his policy in his reply to M. Gobelt's interpellation on the general policy of the Government. Notice has been given of four other interpellations, three of which emanating from the Socialists are aimed especially against M. Ribot. The fourth will be on the question of the Southern railways.

The introduction of the Amnesty Bill by M. Trarieux, will also give an opening for an expose of the Government's views. The Bill will deal with political offences, and also with offences in connection with strikes. The Cabinet has decided that the Ministry of Worship shall be reincorporated with the Ministry of Public Instruction. It is stated that General Jamont declined to accept the war portfolio, and that it has been offered to General Herve, who is now stationed in Algiers.

Cardinal Richard, Archbishop of Paris, to-day celebrated Mass in the Church of Notre Dame, and public prayers were said on the occasion of the end of the crisis. There was a large congregation present, including many Senators and members of the Chamber of Deputies.

Spanish Crisis Averted.

Madrid, Jan. 27.—A Cabinet Council was held to-day at which was decided to increase the duty on foreign wheat to half a dollar per hectolitre and to raise the railway freight charges on grain from the sea to the interior. A Cabinet crisis is thus averted.

S.S. Michigan Collision.

London, Jan. 27.—The British steamer Michigan, Capt. Findlay, from London, for Baltimore, returned to Gravesend this evening with her starboard bow cut to the waters edge, and leaking. She reports that she was in collision at eleven Saturday night off Dungeness with the Dutch steamer Edam, Capt. Brunsma, from New York for Rotterdam.

Loss of the Chicora.

South Haven, Mich., Jan. 26.—The crew which went to the Clearwater yesterday to get further news of the Chicora and her lost crew, had a thrilling escape from death. The crew consisted of Captain Matthews, Captain Boyen, Clerk Hancock, Albert Plato, Henry Currand and others. They were nearly swamped by ice, and suffered from cold. Captain Napier says he has no doubt but that the hull of the Chicora and all of the bodies are lying within two miles of this port, and will be found in the spring, or as soon as the ice goes out.

Debs Conspiracy Trial.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The Debs conspiracy trial was formally opened in the United States Circuit Court to-day. Thomas C. Gilchrist, of the Special Counsel for the defense, opened the argument before Judge Crosscup. Mr. Darrow followed for the defense, and Mr. Harper spoke in behalf of John Hannahan. On Monday the first witness, Wallace Rice, a newspaper reporter, will be placed on the stand.

EMPEROR WILLIAM

COMMEMORATES THE THIRTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY OF HIS BIRTH.

An Interesting Address Issued to His Army—Berlin to be Beautified by Statues of Princes.

Berlin, Jan. 27.—To-day is the thirty-sixth anniversary of the birth of Emperor William, His Majesty addressed the following order to "My Army:"

"For the twenty-fifth time the memorial day comes round of the great war which was forced upon the Fatherland and which after a path of victory without parallel brought it to a glorious ending, fulfilled Germany's longings, and, as the noblest recompense for her sacrifices, created an unshakable foundation for her greatness and welfare in the federation of her princes and peoples. With touched hearts we glorify the mercy of the Almighty that He blessed our arms in such measure of full sympathy. I think of those who in the sacrificial strife for Germany's honor and independence cheerfully yielded their lives, and I express renewed thanks to all those who co-operated to the attainment of this end, but I especially tender my thanks to my army, which together with the troops of my illustrious allies, strove to excel in heroic deeds. Its bravery is inextinguishable; the gleam of its deeds on the pages of history is unfading, and round its colors is the wreath of glory. Upon it, before all, the duty falls of preserving the memory of that time among the generations enjoying the fruits of its victories. To this end I ordain in order to grant my troops a visible symbol of their proud memories that from July 15 to May 10, 1896, wherever the colors and standard to which my grandfather, the great Emperor and King, granted distinction for participation in this war are displayed, they shall be decorated with oak leaves, and that the first guns of those batteries which fought in the contests shall be wreathed with similar leaves. May my army remain ever mindful that only fear of God, fidelity, and obedience, can render it capable of deeds such as those that made its own and Fatherland's greatness.

"WILLIAM, I. R."

Berlin, Jan. 27.

A special of the official Reichs-Anzeiger contains an Imperial order to the civilians and officials of Berlin in which, in connection with his birthday anniversary, the Emperor orders the decoration of the city as a token of gratitude to the memory of the glorious past of the Fatherland. In pursuance of this scheme marble figures of the Princes of Brandenburg and Prussia up to William I., and near them statues of men of special mark in their times who are soldiers, statesmen or ordinary citizens are to be erected in the Sieges-Allee in the Thiergarten, the cost thereof being defrayed by the Emperor's private purse.

CHIEF ARDAGH DEAD

The Injuries Sustained at the Globe Fire Proved Fatal.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—Richard Ardagh, Chief of the Fire Department, died this morning at ten o'clock from the effects of injuries received at the fire of January 6th, when the Globe building and other establishments were destroyed. The Chief was actively at work early in the fire and was on the third flat of the high building immediately south of the Globe with a view to fighting the fire effectively. From that point he unexpectedly found his means of exit shut off and to escape with his life had to jump 40 feet to the ground. He was 63 years of age and weighed 220 pounds. His injuries were very serious, but were not expected to prove fatal. A day or two ago the Chief became worse and his condition appeared to be critical. this morning, however, he appeared better, and about half past nine even undertook to smoke a pipe. Suddenly he called his wife and complained of a feeling of suffocation. The doctor was summoned, but within five or ten minutes the chief had died from heart failure. He had been chief of the fire brigade since 1876, and joined the force originally in 1847.

THOUSANDS SIGNED

The Petition Regarding the Manitoba School Question.

(Special to the Herald.)

Quebec, Jan. 27.—In all the Roman Catholic Churches of this city to-day the petition to be forwarded to the Governor-General-in-Council by the Rev. Father Allard, O.M.I., Administrator of the Arch-Diocese of St. Boniface, in connection with the schools of Manitoba, was read from the pulpit, and the priests strongly urged their parishionors to sign the petition as a supreme protestation and appeal of all the Catholics of the Dominion to the Federal authorities, they stating that it was the duty of the Catholics to do so and expressing the hope that no party considerations would interfere with such a duty under the circumstances. The lists for signatures were opened to the public immediately after the Mass in the presbyteries of the Roman Catholic churches of the different parishes of the city and in a short time were covered with thousands of names, comprising those of leading politicians of both parties. Those lists to be annexed to the petition will remain open till Sunday next.

A Montana Earthquake.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 26.—An earthquake occurred here about five o'clock this morning. Houses shook, windows rattled and some articles were shaken off shelves and sideboards.

Sir Mackenzie Returning.

Belleville, Jan. 27.—A special train is being made up here to-night to take Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has been spending the day in the city, to Ottawa.

H.M.S. Pelican at Colon.

Colon, Columbia, Jan. 26.—The British warship Pelican has arrived here. The state of anxiety continues in view of the unsettled state of affairs on the Isthmus and merchants are increasing their insurance.

Steamship St. John City.

St. John, N.B., Jan. 27.—All interested in the new Furness Line steamer St. John City, feel particularly pleased over the fact that she much more than exceeded the expectations of her owners. She left Glasgow on January 15, and arrived here at midnight Friday night. Her manifest was forwarded on the Oregon on January 17, from Liverpool, and did not arrive till this morning. It was not expected the St. John City would be ahead of her manifest.

THE POPE SPEAKS.

AN ENCYCLICAL ADDRESSED TO THE AMERICAN EPISCOPATE.

Bishops Requested to Turn Aside Workingmen's Associations From Law Breaking.

Rome, Jan. 27.—The Papal Encyclical addressed to the American Episcopate was made public here to-day. In the document the Pope recalls the facts that he associated himself with the celebration of the fourth centenary of the discovery of America, the evangelization of which country was the first care of Columbus, and which evangelization was realized by the Franciscan and Dominican monks and the Jesuit fathers.

After pointing out that the first Catholic Bishop in America was a great friend of George Washington, father of his country, the Pope shows how the episcopal councils aided by the breadth of view and the equity of American laws assured the development of Catholic institutions. It was to contribute still more to this development that the Pope founded the University of Washington, for it was of importance that Catholics should be in the front rank in sciences, even modern sciences, provided they were one in integrity and faith. To this end His Holiness expects the Bishops to do all in their power to encourage the progress of the University at Washington, as well as of the North American College at Rome.

With regard to the Apostolic delegation, the Pope states that it was instituted with a view to drawing closer together the bonds between the Catholics of America and the Holy See without in any way curtailing the powers of the bishops. His Holiness urges the American episcopate to put an end to strife, to instill the idea of unity and the perpetuity of marriage among the faithful, and to inculcate among the people civil and religious virtues. In particular, the Pope calls upon the bishops to turn aside workmen's associations from law breaking, to teach journalists respect for religion and truth, to reprove those journals which pass judgment upon episcopal acts and finally to turn Protestants to Catholicism by charity, by instruction in doctrine, and by leading an exemplary life. In conclusion, His Holiness recommends the sending of a mission to the Indians.

CARNIVAL A SUCCESS

Over 10,000 Visitors were in Ottawa During the Week.

Ottawa, Jan. 26.—The Carnival closed to-night with the hockey match. It is declared by all to have been a great success. The outside visitors to the Ottawa winter carnival during the present week have numbered at the lowest estimate 10,000 people, the same number as was claimed by the last Montreal carnival. Members of the Transportation Committee agree on that figure, and feel justifiable pride in the success achieved by their efforts. Among the 10,000 are not included farmers from the surrounding district who visited the capital with their wives and families. If numbers, therefore, go to make up success, and they certainly contribute in a large measure, the Ottawa carnival has been connected with anything but failure. The special excursions from Quebec, which arrived yesterday by the Canada Atlantic Railway, together with the regular trains over the same road, brought into the city fully two thousand strangers. By Canadian Pacific Railway, yesterday, another fifteen hundred visitors arrived. A special left by C.A.R. for Montreal and Quebec last night, at half-past ten, with several hundred passengers on board.

ROBBED THE ACTORS.

Their Rooms Cleaned Out During the Hotel Vendome Fire.

New York, Jan. 26.—The fire at the Hotel Vendome on Thursday was the occasion of one of the coolest, most systematic and sweeping robberies ever carried out in this city. While the shivering guests were all crowded in the hotel cafe in scanty raiment, rejoicing in their escape from the flames, every room in the house was ransacked, and rich booty in diamonds and other jewellery, money, and all kinds of valuables looted. Beerbohm Tree, the actor, visited police headquarters to-day, and entered a complaint, but refused to discuss his losses. Other actors have offered rewards for the return of valuables. It is thought that the fire and the robberies may have been the work of servants.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 26.—Marie Burroughs, the actress, was robbed of a diamond brooch, two diamond pins and a gold watch on Friday night, at her hotel, and, strangely enough, did her best to keep the affair a secret.

A Pointer for Candidates.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—The Divisional Court, to-day, decided that it was not illegal for a Parliamentary candidate to pay a bona-fide debt just before the election. Patron Tucker, of Wellington, who was unseated a few days ago for treating voters did this, but the court is of the opinion that paying just debts is not corruption. This point has been reserved from the trial, and is now decided in favor of Mr Tucker, but as the decision of the Judge at the trial on other points stands, Mr. Tucker is still minus his seat. He will appeal to the Court of Appeal.

Newspaper Love Feast.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—A unique newspaper banquet took place last evening at the Walker House, when the staffs of the Globe and Empire dined together. The Globe has been printed in the Empire office ever since the destruction of its premises by fire on January 6, and this banquet was in the words of the menu card intended to mark the hospitality extended by the Empire to the Globe after that disaster. Mr. Robert Jaffray presided, and 150 guests were present, including Sir Frank Smith, W. R. Brock, Hon. G. A. Ross, Jos. Tait, W. B. McMurrich, Barlow, Cumberland, D. Creighton and J. S. Willison.

A feature of the evening was the presentation to Mr. Creighton, as manager of the Empire, of a handsome marble clock from the Globe staff in recognition of his kindness during their stay in his office.

Y.M.C.A. Convention Closed.

Belleville, Jan. 27.—The Y.M.C.A. Convention closed to-night with a farewell meeting in Bridge Street Methodist Church, which was addressed by W. Tees, D. Bridge, and D. Bentley, of Montreal, Rev. R. Marshall, Rev. J. L. George, Rev. E. Roberts, Rev. J. Trotter, Rev. M. Dopsee, Mass.; T. S. Cole, T. S. Wilkie, W. W. Chown, F. S. Goodman, W. W. Hodge, and others.

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FOSTER LEAVES KINGS.

Definitely Settled That the Finance Minister Will Not Run There.

Sussex, N.B., Jan. 27.—A call is issued for a Conservative convention, to be held at Hampton, Kings County, on February 14th, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest the seat in the Dominion contest. It is announced that Hon. Mr. Foster will be present and speak on the questions of the day. It is now definitely settled that Mr. Foster will not again offer for this county.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Walter Wright, of Lawrence, Mass., Kills His Wife and then Himself.

Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 26.—Walter P. Wright, and his wife, both about 30 years of age, were found dead in bed in their room at 327 Essex Street this afternoon. There was a bullet hole in the head of each, and the revolver with which the ghastly deed was committed lay between the bodies. In the man's pocket was found a note, addressed to the person who should find the bodies, saying that he and his wife had concluded to shoot themselves and they wanted to die together and be buried in the same grave. The note was signed only by the man, and the police are inclined to believe that it was a case of murder and suicide. The domestic relations of the couple have lately been unhappy.

A MANIAC MOTHER.

Attempted to Burn her Baby in the Kitchen Stove.

Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 26.—The cries of a woman, at 18 Empire Street, this morning, attracted a passing clergyman. "Come quick, for the love of God," she cried, and turning led the way to the little kitchen, where the shrieks of an agonized infant could be heard. Entering the room, the minister was horrified to see a wild-eyed woman, with dishevelled hair standing over a stove, trying to force the body of a naked infant into the fire box.

Already the little one's limbs were pressed against the live coals, and the sickening odor of scorching flesh was overpowering. The man hurled the maniac mother back from the stove and grabbed the child. After a struggle he gained possession of it, and giving it to the first woman, told her to flee for her life. Then running to the door he hailed a policeman, who put the maniac under arrest.

Her name is Mrs. Gotel, and her insanity was brought on by brooding over spiritualism. Her husband is employed in the Central Car Shops. She had exhibited no signs of insanity until after the birth of her babe. She will be sent to the Insane Hospital. The babe is so severely burned that it will be crippled for life, if it does not die.

The Oregon's Passengers.

Halifax, Jan. 27.—Passengers per steamship Oregon from Liverpool: Miss Gunn, E. A. Harris, Chas. King, Major J. C. Marsden, wife two sons and maid, Lieut.-Col. F. B. Morgan and wife, Masters Morgan (2), Misses Morgan (3) and maid, T. Penny, Miss Phillip, Major Stone and servant. 21 intermediate and 43 steerage.

Administration Upheld.

Washington, D.C., Jan. 26.—The Vest substitute resolution on the Hawaiian question, endorsing the course of the Administration and advising non-interference, was adopted in the Senate to-day (24—22) after a stirring debate.

Montreal Passenger Killed.

New Haven, Mich., Jan. 26.—Rev. H. Lukhat, apparently 50 years of age, and holding a ticket from Montreal to Cincinnati, Ohio, fell from No. 1, a fast train, due here at 6.51 a.m., while passing from one car to another, and died a few minutes later. Deceased had a gold watch on which was engraved "J.H.L." and a small amount of money. An inquest will be held next Monday, by Justice Bennett.

GUATEMALA WEAKENS.

Concessions Made to Mexico and War May be Avoided.

New York, N. Y., Jan. 26.—A special to the World from Guatemala says that Guatemala has weakened on the boundary question, and instructed her Special Envoy to make concessions if necessary.

Mexico City, Jan. 26.—President Diaz and Foreign Minister Marical had a long conference over the "Guatemala matter." The reply of Guatemala to the demand of Mexico received yesterday at the National Palace was read and considered in many of its bearings. Another conference will probably be held on Monday, at which the entire Cabinet will doubtless be asked to be present. When interviewed, neither President Diaz nor the Minister would give any information.

Washington, Jan. 26. Mr. Isaac P. Gray, United States Minister to Mexico, who had been on leave of absence in this country for six weeks, will start for his post at the City of Mexico on Monday. He has been in consultation with Secretary Gresham, and is acquainted with his wishes in the matter of bringing about a friendly and peaceable settlement of the boundary dispute between Mexico and Guatemala, and if the appeal of President Cleveland is favorably entertained Mr. Gray will probably co-operate with Minister Pierce Young in Guatemala in the effort to arrange a basis of settlement of the dispute.

NEWFOUNDLAND AFFAIRS.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 27.—The creditors of John Munn and Co. have accepted a compromise of forty cents on the dollar. Every encouragement will be afforded the firm to continue in business. It was decided to send the firm's four steamers to the seal fishery. It is expected that one or two more large houses will topple over this week.

The appointment of trustees for the Union and Commercial Banks will take place Wednesday, after which the liquidation will formally begin. Competent authorities believe that if the liquidation is conducted prudently and economically the Union Bank will pay nearly the face value of its indebtedness and the Commercial Bank fifty per cent.

Benefit of Anti-Toxine.

Paris, Jan. 27.—Returns have been made in Paris as to the application of anti-toxine treatment. In 2,700 cases of diphtheria, previous to Jan. 1 there were 133 deaths or 16 per cent. This reduction in the mortality is about one-half.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Movements of Ocean Steamships.

Jan. 26.	Arrived at	From
Etruria	New York	Liverpool
Jan. 27.		
Laurentian	Moville	Halifax

Cape Henry, Va., Jan. 27.—Passed in: Hestia, Glasgow, via Halifax for Baltimore.

Glasgow, Jan. 26.—Sailed: Carthaginian, St. Johns.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

High Winds, Fair and Colder.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—The storm which passed across the lake region on Saturday is dispersing over the Gulf St. Lawrence. Over the western part of the continent, the pressure is high and the weather decidedly cold. There are indications of another cyclonic development over Texas, but as yet they are not pronounced enough to forecast its course.

THE TEMPERATURES.

Minimum and maximum temperature—Edmondton, 16 below—24; Calgary, 20 below—22; Battleford, 26 below—6 below; Winnipeg, 32 below—4 below; Parry Sound, 8—20; Toronto, 7—14 Montreal, 14—24; Quebec, 8—20; Halifax, 28-36.

PROBABILITIES.

Lakes—Fresh westerly winds; generally fair and continued cold.

Upper and Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fresh to high westerly winds; fine and colder.

MONTREAL TEMPERATURE.

The Montreal Temperature observed by Hearn and Harrison's standard thermometer, 1640 and 1642 Notre Dame street: 8 a.m., 12; 1 p.m., 15; 6 p.m., 16; max., 17; min., 7.; mean., 12; Standard barometer, 8 a. m.., 29.50; 1 p.m., 29.38; 6 pm., 29.24.

A COAT OF WHITEWASH

NEATLY APPLIED TO THE VICTORIAS BY MONTREAL.

OTTAWA DEFEATS QUEBEC AFTER A HARD STRUGGLE.

The Argyle Snowshoe Club's Steeplechase—Ottawa Curlers Defeat the Heathers—Sporting Gossip of All Sorts.

The Montreal and Victoria hockey teams met for the first time this season at the Victoria Rink on Saturday night. Montreal won hands down by five goals to none.

Ever since the first few flakes of snow came shimmering down from an apparently cloudless sky, ever since the first few spears of frost crept timidly out from the edges of wayside pool, ever since there died away the echoes of the last cheer after the last football match, the eyes of the sport loving public of Montreal have been turned to the contest between the Montrealers and Vics. Other hockey matches there have been, but these have been valued only as they bore probable weight on the issue of Saturday's contest. At the beginning of the season the prospects of the Vics were rosy indeed. They defeated Ottawa with comparative ease, and they made a better showing against Quebec than did Montreal, but the Montreal management, wise in its generation, strengthened the team with an infusion of old blood, and how well this resulted is to be judged from Saturday's match.

For days before the match its outcome was the one topic of conversation among the younger generation. Men discussed it with some show of calmness, but those fair partizans who seldom forget and never forgive, lost patience in discussion and simply paraded the blue and white of Montreal or the maroon and white of Victoria that the world might behold and know.

That the rink would be crowded was a foregone conclusion and the management, with one eye on the treasury perhaps, raised the price of admission to fifty cents and reduced the admission to the gallery to twenty-five cents. Of course there were a great many people there, conservative estimate would place the attendance 1,500, but then there were a great many more people who were not there, though, to be sure, so patent a fact as this will prove nothing. It was claimed that ticket holders who paid seven dollars—many of them merely for the hockey matches—were not getting fair treatment when the general public could go to each match for a quarter a head. Robbing Peter to pay Paul has always been regarded as an irregular method of settling accounts, but it has been left for the directors of the Victoria Rink to discover that the proper manner of satisfying Paul is to rob Peter—and then hang on to the proceeds! With an almost Gilbertian humor the powers that be, in order to satisfy everybody, doubled the price of admission. The simple expedient of reducing the price of season tickets apparently failed to suggest itself. Fifty cents admission, with another fifty for a reserved seat, is too much to pay for the privilege of sitting inside the finest cold storage warehouse ever built. The mere fact that so many hundreds or thousands are willing to pay the price is not sufficient justification for the action of the directorate.

The views of many enthusiasts who did not attend might be expressed in a parodied version of the refrain of a now popular song:

"I don't want to go to your rink,
Just a hockey match to see.
Don't mind coughing up a quarter
But a half's too much for me.
As I'm not a ticket holder
I won't go there any more,
I'll wait a day and read the Herald's
Full account of game and score."

The match was simply magnificent, and the Montrealers won for the very simple reason that they were very much the superiors of the Vics. It was a bitter disappointment to the Vics and their supporters alike, for they went into the contest with hopes very high, but even disappointment could not blind their eyes to the fact that the boys of the winged wheel outclassed them. It was a hard, fast match, and it was considerably rougher than croquet, but to the credit of both teams be it said that intentional foul play was a rarity, while only once was bad feeling shown.

To Barlow and Collins in particular much credit is due. Barlow played a little back of the forward line throughout—something of a modification of the Quebec idea of playing two cover points. He played an aggressive forward game, but it was while on the defensive that he shone particularly. He was the mystery that the Vics' forwards could not solve. Time and again he stopped those brilliant rushes, and returned the puck to the other end of the ice. And his play was as clean as it was clever. Collins was simply impregnable. He stopped all sorts of impossible shots, and played with a coolness and judgment that were admirable. Routh and Hodgson were never in better form. Their attacks were well planned, and their passing exceedingly accurate. To the precision of their shooting the summary will testify. Both of the Mussens played good honest hockey. It was left for Cameron to distinguish himself by playing a foul game throughout. He made it quite evident that he was laying for Shirley Davidson, but the Victoria man did not resent this until the second half, when Mr. Cameron got very little change back. He was ruled off four times during the match.

About the kindest thing to say of the Vics is that they were away out of form. A bad attack of rattle set in just as the referee blew his whistle for the start and it lasted just one hour, with time taken out for stops. Drinkwater's game was like the measels, it broke out in patches. Now he would make a brilliant run, but the next minute he would be skating over the puck, missing a pass or performing some other equally aggravating piece of poor play. MacDougall played a hard but ineffective game. Rankin was decidedly off. Of the forward line Davidson alone was sure, yet even he lost his head in the second half and tried to get even with Cameron by fouling him. The provocation was undoubtedly great, but the referee had his eye on Cameron, and Davidson's record for clean play is so good that he should not part with it easily. The last time that Cameron was sent off Davidson should have accompanied him. Grant and Elliott did not seem to have arranged which was point and which cover point. Their work was much marred by their failure to keep their positions. Hartland MacDougall's place was unenvitable. He stopped many swift shots neatly, and he played with good judgment, but it would have taken three goalkeepers to have kept out all the shots that Montreal sent in.

Mr. Bignall made a model referee. He was prompt and fearless in his decisions at all times. He gave general satisfaction.

A word to the spectators. There was altogether too much hissing and hooting. The Herald has mentioned this matter before, and has no desire to dwell on it, but every effort should be made by honest sportsmen to suppress the practice. The manner in which Cameron was hissed reflected very little credit on the Victoria's supporters, for it is at least fair to assume that they were responsible for it.

The teams were:

MONTREAL.		VICTORIA.
Collins	Goal	H. MacDougall
W. H. C. Mussen	Point	Grant
Cameron	Cover point	Elliott
A. Mussen	Forwards	Davidson
Barlow	"	Drinkwater
Hodgson	"	Rankin
Routh	"	R. MacDougall

Referee—H. B. Bignall.
Umpires—A. Shearer and F. Larmont.
Timekeepers—A. G. Robertson and James Stewart.

THE MATCH.

Excitement in the rink had reached a fever height when Mr. Bignall skated out upon the ice with his independent air. The match opened with a series of exchanges at long range. Hodgson made a dangerous run, taking the puck in the rear of the Vics' goal. Grant relieved, and for an instant the Montreal goal was in danger from Drinkwater, but Collins sent the puck out. Barlow passed to Hodgson, who ran up and shot. MacDougall stopped with his skate, but Hodgson immediately swiped the rubber through.

The second game opened all at the Vics' end. Twice only did the puck travel toward the Montreal goal and both times Collins returned. Hodgson ran up, avoided Grant and Elliott by passing to Routh, who scored.

Two games in six and a half minutes! The Montreal crowd wanted to turn handsprings.

The Vics missed many an opportunity during the remainder of the half. Rankin kept running over the puck in his haste to get it to the Montreal end. Drinkwater made a bad miss and Mussen returned. Some time was lost in patching up Clare Mussen, who was hurt in a collision with Bob MacDougall. The fast play at the opening began to tell on both sides and the game slowed down a little. Then the Vics braced up a little and made a brilliant attack on the Montreal citadel. The puck went right into Collins' feet, and instantly a scrimmage formed. The spectators could see little except flying sticks and limbs, but at last the puck appeared on the ice. Cameron had thrown it out, and for this breach of the rules he was sent off. A strong rush by Montreal looked dangerous for the Vics. Routh shot, but the puck struck the pole and went aside. Drinkwater was sent off for bodying Cameron, who had no sooner come on than he was sent off again for fouling Davidson. Elliott and Mussen also joined the spectators for unnecessarily rough play. The half ended without further scoring.

The second half opened with a Vic rush, which Collins stopped. Some nondescript play by both forward lines followed, then Routh made a run up the side and scored.

The Vics were obviously loosing heart. Several times they attempted rushes, only to fail at the crucial moment or to be stopped by Barlow. Mussen made a pretty run, dodged the Vics defence and passed to Routh who scored.

The fifth game was a long one. The Vics were clearly out of it but they died hard. They were on the defensive nearly all the time but occasionally had opportunities for making things interesting at the Montreal end. Cameron was sent off, for the third time, for tripping Rankin. Elliott spent five minutes on the side for cross checking Routh. Drinkwater recovered his usual form, and made a run all the way up the rink, finishing with a hot shot, which the calm Mr. Collins stopped and returned Bob MacDougall was the next to see how a hockey match looked from the side, and while he was off the Montreal forward line came up with a grand rush. There were a couple of sharp passes, and Hodgson had scored again.

In the little time that remained the Montrealers took things easier. Davidson made two good runs apparently more for the purpose of getting even with Cameron than anything else. After one of these encounters Cameron went off again. Grant and Routh had a little altercation and they too joined the spectators. The Vics brightened up and made several shots which Collins stopped with ease.

The timekeepers' whistle was the signal for a wild burst of applause. The Montreal enthusiasts, justly proud of the teams' work, rushed on the ice and surrounded the victors. Collins was bounced so often that his interior economy must have got all tangled up.

So ended the big match. Montreal now has a very fine line on the championship again, but the Vics are seeking some melancholy satisfaction in the thought that they have still another chance.

Summary:

	WON BY	SCORED BY	TIME.
1	Montreal	Hodgson	3½ mins.
2	Montreal	Routh	3 mins.
3	Montreal	Routh	1½ mins.
4	Montreal	Routh	4 mins.
5	Montreal	Hodgson	13 mins.

Ottawa Defeats Quebec.

(Special to the Herald).

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—Just a year ago the Ottawa Hockey Club defeated Quebec by 1 to 0. Saturday night the teams met at Rideau Rink in a championship match and the Ottawas were again victorious by the same score. The match was a heart-breaker at that, but not because the score was so close, but on account of the unexpected delay of two hours at the start, caused by the non-arrival of Referee Wall, of Montreal, who was delayed by the heavy snowstorm. When he telegraphed his inability to be on hand at eight o'clock the Ottawas suggested another official, but Quebec would not hear of it. Telegrams were sent to President Jack at Montreal, to have him appoint another party.

In the meantime the clubs exercised on the rink, and at 9.30 there was no answer or any signs of a match taking place. At a few minutes to 10 o'clock Quebec's Captain consented to the appointment of a new official, the choice falling on Lieut. Henry Panet, of Quebec. At that time every one present was tired and impatient, and not a few left before the expiration of time, as it was well on to midnight when the contest was officially declared over and won by the Ottawas.

Neither team scored in the first half but honors were slightly in favor of the home team. Quebec's defence was equal to the many rushes, however, and repelled the attacks with rare good judgment. Smith, Russell and Kirby made themselves very conspicuous in forcing the fight for victory, and Scott and Cahill played equally as brilliant in relieving danger which generally threatened their flags. Russell and Kirby made a particularly fine sweep down the ice once, and Kirby shot a hot one, which those in rear of the flags said went through. It looked much like a game, but Umpire Dunn, of Quebec, decided otherwise, and his decision was final. For so doing he was forthwith released from further duty, and C. Panet, of Ottawa, replaced him.

In the remaining few minutes' play Ottawa kept their opponents on the defensive, but could not score, and so the half ended with a blank to both teams' credit.

The second half was more in favor of the Ottawas. They continued as the attacking party and generally had the advantage. Young once lifted the puck from centre. It bounded back from the rear of the flags and Kirby quickly sent it past Stocking scoring the first and only game of the match in seven minutes.

The balance of the battle was desperately fought by the opposing teams. Quebec picked up a little and sent a few shots to Chittick just to remind him they were in the game. But he relieved faithfully, some of his stops being cleverly done.

Towards the finish Smith and Swift had a tussel on the ice and both were ruled off for good. When only 40 seconds remained to play, Quebec made a dying effort to score. Scott exhausted himself and laid down on the ice and was carried to his dressing rooms, where fifteen minutes were occupied in bringing him around. Quebec nearly scored in the last few seconds, but that was all, and so Ottawa won the match by 1 to 0. The teams were:

OTTAWAS.		QUEBEC.
Chittick	Goal	Stocking
Pulford	Point	Scott
Young	Cover-point	Cahill
Russell	Forward	Watson
McDougall	do	Davidson
Kirby	do	Scott
Smith	do	Swift

Referee, H. Panet, Quebec.

The Carnival Military Hockey Series.

(Special to the Herald.)

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—Three teams were entered in the Carnival Military Hockey Series. The Prince of Wales Rifles of Montreal, the Quebec Garrison Artillery and the G.G.F.G. team of Ottawa. The P. of W. Rifles and the G.G.F.G. team played in Rideau Rink Saturday forenoon and the G.G.F.G were defeated by three goals to one. Capt. Panet, of the Quebec G.A., was referee.

The teams were:

P. OF W. RIFLES.		G. G. F. G.
Lieut. Hutchison	Goal	Lieut. McEvoy
Capt. Bond	Point	Lieut. Watters
Lieut. Armstrong.	Cover point	Lieut. Street
Capt. Dobbin	Forwards	Lieut. Adamson
Lieut. Dobbin	"	Lieut. Fripp
Lieut. Brown	"	Lieut. Ed. Taylor
Lieut. Butler	"	Capt. P. B. Taylor

Stratford Defeats London.

Sarnia, Jan. 26.—London and Stratford hockey teams played off here to-night for the Ontario championship; the latter winning.

Puckerings.

The Hamilton team beat the Dominion Bank, Toronto, by 14 to 4.

Orillia defeated Coldwater by 6 to 5.

At Toronto the Bank of Toronto easily defeated the Commerce.

Oakville beat the Imperial Bank Toronto 11 by 1 to 0.

SNOW SHOEING.

Gowen Wins the Argyle Run.

The open steeplechase of the Argyle Snowshoe Club was held on Saturday afternoon. The weather was bad but this did not deter sixteen keen athletes from starting in the race. The start was made from the Oddfellow's Hall, Point St. Charles, the finish being at Harvey's, Lachine, nearly eight miles away. Gentleman, Gowen and Noseworthy led in the order named, from the start, but Gowen had plenty of reserve power and taking the lead near the finish, came in six seconds ahead. The competitors finished in the following order:

		HOUR.	MIN.	SEC.
1	H. Gowen, Argyle	1	7	50
2	W. Gentleman, Argyle	1	7	56
3	W. Noseworthy, M.G.A.	1	8	05
4	W. Brown, Argyle	1	14	59
5	F. Auburn, Argyle	1	15	..
6	J. Smith, Argyle	1	17	..
7	J. Westlake, Lachine	1	19	..
8	H. Nettleton, Argyle	1	20	50
9	J. Brothers, Crescent	1	21	51
10	C. Trundle, Argyle	1	22	..
11	G. Emslie, Lachine	1	22	01
12	J. Turnbull, Argyle	1	23	50
13	J. Anderson, Argyle	1	35	15
14	R. J. Kell, Argyle	Shoes off.		
15	J. Dyer, P.W.R.	Shoes off.		
16	C. N. Marshall, Argyle	Shoes off.		

The officials were: Starter, Wm. Barry; judges, H. McGee, Lachine; P. W. St, George, St. George; W. Bellingham, J. H. Gesner and A. Donaldson, Argyle; T. Reed. Holly, and Ald. P. Kennedy. Timekeepers, M. O'Brien, W. C. Finley, P. Spanjaardt, W. Cuthbert and A. Turnbull.

The event, embracing the open, club, and green races, Gowen wins the first two, and H. Nettleton the third. Gentleman gets a second in both open and club, and Trindle second in the green. Gowen gets the Veteran's Cup for winning two years in succession.

Mr. Gowen stated after the race that he had positively made up his mind to retire. He regretted that he had to do so, but he was so advised by his doctor, and at the best he could not devote sufficient time to the sport to keep in proper condition.

The Hollys at the Finish.

The Holly Snowshoe Club went out to Lachine on Saturday to see the finish of the Argyle steeplechase. They spent the evening with the Argyles.

Montreal's Saturday Tramp.

The Montreal Snowshoe Club had a large turnout on Saturday afternoon, The boys went to the Club House by way of Cote St. Luc. Dinner was served at six o'clock.

The Rifles at Lachine.

Twenty-five members of the Prince of Wales S.S.C. went to Lachine on Saturday in Thos. Lilly's large sleigh. After the race they put up at Forest's Hotel and were served with supper. Speeches were made by Messrs. Porteous, Lilly, Walker, Lane, Tilly; songs sung by Messrs. Walker, Foote, Ford, Saunders, Miller, Willis, Ferguson, Cooper, Allison, Hawker and Pringle.

Ottawa Steeplechase Prizes Come to Montreal.

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—The carnival sports were brought to a successful close on Saturday in the big storm. The last event on extensive programme being the snowshoe steeplechase. The course was 1½ miles and the start made from the Parliament Hill. Seven started and the first and second prizes went to Montreal. Outhet won in 9.04 with Mathews, of the Argyles, a good second, and Burns, White Stars, Ottawa, third. Joe Bouchard, W. Curran, W. H. Spencer and F. X. Dumontier, all of Ottawa, finished in the order named.

THE RING.

A Knock-out at the N.Y.A.C.

New York, Jan. 26.—The New York Athletic Club opened its fourth subscription boxing entertainment with a clean knock-out. The gymnasium was comfortably filled with about 1,000 admiring spectators composed of members and their friends. The first bout was between Ned Cassidy and Billy Lee, both of this city. They were to have fought six rounds at 135 pounds, but Lee brought the argument to a close much sooner by knocking his man out in 32 seconds. The next bout was another lively affair, the contestants being Robert O'Toole and Jimmy Tulley. They were even weight—105 lbs. O'Toole had all the best of the first three rounds. A change took place in the fourth round. Tulley got in a swinging blow which sent O'Toole to the floor. From this out Tulley was the master of the situation, and at the end of the round was given the decision.

Jack Hamilton, of Elizabeth, and Eddie Curry, of this city, fought six rounds at 118 pounds. It was a very clever and even contest. The battle was decided a draw.

Another draw was fought immediately afterward between Sam Roland and Joe Hopkins, both colored.

The fifth bout was between Billy Tucker, of Newark, and Kid Thompson, of Cincinnati. The latter is a colored boy. The bout was won by Tucker.

The entertainment wound up as it began—with a clean knock-out, the contestants being Jim Foley and Dan O'Donovan, both of this city. This proved to be a fierce battle as long as it lasted. Foley knocked O'Donovan out just at the close of the first round. "Young Griffo" was one of Foley's seconds.

George Glover Challenges French.

George Glover, who has lately returned from England, called at the Herald Office to say that he would like to meet Paddy French for a limited number of rounds or for a finish fight for gate receipts, or winner to take everything.

Billy Woods and Buff Costello.

Negotiations for a meeting between Billy Woods, of Denver, and Martin Costello, of Buffalo, are under way. The men fought a 57-round draw at Roby, Ind., and a fight between them would be an interesting event.

That Mitchell-Jackson Fight.

There is just a chance of the Mitchell and Jackson fight taking place in America, if the National Sporting Club, of London, refuse to give a purse of the dimensions required by Mitchell. The following cable, received from London at the Police Gazette office yesterday, shows the real status of affairs:

Mitchell now offers to box Jackson in America or anywhere the latter may feel assured of getting fair play. He names Richard K. Fox as stakeholder. Mitchell will not box at the National Sporting Club for less than a $10,000 purse, and fears the Club will not give this amount. Jackson's backers are members of the National Sporting Club, and they feel assured that they will get the fight on their own terms.

Expect to Convict Fitzsimmons.

Syracuse, Jan. 26.—The Onondaga County authorities say that they are quite confident of convicting Bob Fitzsimmons, under indictment here for killing Con Riordan. The arraignment of Fitzsimmons has been set down for Monday. It is said that the Grand Jury found an indictment because witnesses testified that Riordan had been drinking heavily during the day, and that when Fitzsimmons heard of it he became angry. The witnesses said they understood that "Fitz" had had considerable trouble with his sparring partner owing to his drinking habits, and that the pugilist had declared that he would punish Riordan for his bad conduct.

"If Con comes up before me to-night drunk," "Fitz" is reported as saying, "I will make him sorry. I will put him to sleep for a few minutes and see how he likes that."

In his charge to the jury Justice Vann said that if Fitzsimmons had made up his mind to give a disabling blow or a knock-out blow he was guilty of an unlawful act.

Canadian to Fight in London.

London, Jan. 26.—The Canadian pugilist, Fitzpatrick, has been matched to fight Spurden on February 6, at the Bolingbroke Club, for $1,000 a side and a purse.

WRESTLING.

Atherton the Middle-weight Champion.

Rochester, N.Y., Jan. 25.—Ed. Atherton, of this city, to-night won the American middle-weight championship and a purse of $250, by defeating Peter Schumacher, of Cleveland, Ohio, in two falls of five minutes and forty seconds, and five minutes and ten seconds respectively. After the match, he announced his acceptance of the challenge from Tom McMahon, of the Detroit Athletic Club, the meeting to take place in this city within four weeks.

THE GUN.

The Shoot at Monte Carlo

Monte Carlo, Jan. 25.—The international pigeon shooting contest was continued here to-day. In the Prix D'Apollon handicap there were 53 entries. The total stakes, amounting to 4,200 francs, were divided between Fred. Hoey, Harrison and Riva, each making a clean score, eight birds with eight shots. In the twenty franc pool, Gervais, Roberts and Denny stood first, second and third respectively.

CURLING.

The Ottawas Beat the Heathers.

(Special to the Herald.)

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 26.—At the Rideau Rink the Heathers and Ottawas played the final in the Carnival bonspiel and as each were the winners of their respective centres, the holding of the Branch Tankard went to the winner of the final and again the Ottawas took the trophy by 18 shots.

The players and scores:

OTTAWA.	HEATHER.
A. J. Cole	J. Smith
J. Riddick	C. A. Hutchison
J. W. Russell	A. K. Hutchison
Dr. Geo. Hutchison	W. B. Hutchison
—Skip 28.	—Skip 14.
J. H. Thompson	Percy Brown
J. D. Wallis	R. Thompson
Wm. Stuart	G. H. Connell
C. S. Scott	Geo. W. Wood
—Skip 19	—Skip 17

The Heathers also played the Ottawas the first half for the Caledonia medal as follows, Ottawa leading by 12 shots:

OTTAWA.	HEATHER.
L. P. A. Maingy	N. K. McDonald
J. D. Wallis	C. A. Hutchison
C. Holbrook	A. K. Hutchison
J. Manuel	W. B. Hutchison
—Skip 24	—Skip 12
Wm. Howe	G. H Hutchison
T. C. Boville	R. Harrower
W. L. Blair	Jas. Rodger
Wm. Stuart	G. H. Connell
—Skip 21	—Skip 21

Toronto Granites Defeated by Detroit.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—The Granites visited Detroit yesterday and were beaten by the Detroits by 25 shots.

St. Lawrence Defeats St. Johns.

The St. Lawrence Curling Club defeated St. Johns by seven shots on the ice of the former on Saturday.

Two rinks of Caledonias defeated Lachute by 17 shots.

In the primary tankard competition the Galt Granites beat Berlin by 21 shots.

Collingwood defeated Meaford by 11 shots.

SKATING.

The Competitions This Week.

The championship skating races which are to be held on the M.A.A.A. track next Saturday are attracting general attention. McCullough and Wilson have already arrived from Winnipeg and Johnson, Davidson and O'Connor are expected this morning. The details for the event are already complete and an excellent day's sport is assured. The championship figure skating will take place on Wednesday at the Victoria Rink. In this connection it may be noted that Louis Rubenstein, one of the judges is ill at present but it is hoped that he will be in shape before Wednesday.

It Wasn't Deep Enough for Swimming

Red-Bank, N.J., Jan. 26.—The skating races scheduled for to-day were postponed until Monday on account of last night's storm, which covered the ice with several inches of water.

TURF AND TRACK.

Jacques Cartier Ice Track.

The weather on Saturday again prevented racing at the Jacques Cartier Ice Track and the events which were on the programme had to be postponed till to-morrow (Tuesday), when there will be the unfinished two mile heats race, left over from last Friday, and a couple of other interesting races.

To-day the entries will close for the big meeting to be held February 5, 6, 7 and 8, and it is expected that the list will be much larger than has been received for a winter meeting in Montreal since the Jacques Cartier Ice Track came under its present management. The programme arranged for the annual race meeting is a very attractive one, the classes and purses being as follows: 2.50 class, $250; two-mile heats, $200; four year olds and under, $100; 2.17 class, $350; 2.27 class, $250; 2.22 class, $300; special for Montreal horses, $300; five mile dash, $300; 2.35 class, $150; free for all, $500; consolation, $200. All of these events are open to trotters and pacers, with the exception of the 2.50 class, which is open to trotters only. Jimmie Mac has been barred in the 2.17 and 2.22 classes. The entrance in each race is five per cent. of purse, with five per cent. additional from winners, and the various other conditions of the races are much the same as obtained in meetings on the turf. As before stated, entries to the meeting close to-day.

It is expected that most of the horses now competing in the races at Ottawa will come to Montreal for next week, and many others are also sure to be here from the United States.

English Interest in Croker's Stable.

Gravesend, Eng., Jan. 25.—A party of racing men and newspaper men went from London to South End in order to meet the Mississippi. The horses looked in the best possible condition. They were all eating vigorously. Captain Gates said that the steamer had a fine voyage for the first week, and from that time on the Mississippi encountered easterly gales. Out of ninety-three horses on board, only Natty Bumpo died. Not one of Mr. Croker's horses was injured. All were lively and well, and not one out of the five hundred head of cattle on board was lost. Mr. Lacy, of the stud, at Newmarket, where Mr. Croker's mares are consigned, said that he was satisfied in regard to the condition of the animals. He added: "The death of Natty Bumpo was not due to any fault of the steamship company, and I am glad to see that Dobbins is in fine condition, and that Montauk is also in splendid form. As for Harry Reed, he looks very fit."

Croker's Horses at Newmarket.

Newmarket, Eng., Jan. 26.—The race horses belonging to Messrs. Richard Croker and Michael Dwyer arrived here safely at 8.30 p.m. to-day.

The Hamilton and Ontario Jockey Clubs

Hamilton, Jan. 26.—W. A. Hanrahan, Secretary of the Windsor Jockey Club; L. Ogden, Secretary of the Ontario Jockey Club, Toronto; and A. D. Stewart, Secretary of the Hamilton Jockey Club, met here to-day, when it was agreed to issue programmes in the same book. This will make it less expensive for each club, and will also prove much more convenient for the guidance of horse owners. The Hamilton running meeting will be held on May 30, 31, and June 1, immediately after the Toronto meet, and the Windsor meeting will be held June 5, 6 and 7, just after the Hamilton meet. The Hamilton trotting meeting will take place on June 29, and July 1, 2 and 3. The Windsor trotting meeting on July 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Closing Entries for Lansdowne Park.

[Special to the Herald.]

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—The last days trots at Lansdowne Park will be held to-morrow (Monday) afternoon, the races to be decided being the 2.50 class and free for all. There are six starters in the latter, viz: Rel us, Budd Doble, No Trouble, Jimmy Mac, Sheriff and Clara K.

Washington Track Goes Under.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The Board of Directors of the Washington Park Club held a meeting to-day and decided to declare off all the stakes offered for 1895. This is in line with the previous action of the Club, and makes certain that no racing will be held on the track.

BOWLING.

Scores in the Carnival Competition.

(Special to the Herald.)

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—The Carnival bowling competition at the O. A. A. C. alleys closed Saturday evening. The scores were as follows: Team Cup—Victorias, 1st team, 1,684; Belcourt, 582; Stewart, 543; Walker, 559.

Victorias 3rd team, 1,562; Phillips, 569; Simpson, 462; Angevin, 532.

Victorias 2nd team, 1,484; McRobie, 493; Gorman, 487; McLennan, 504.

M.A.A.A. 1st team, 1,443; J. E. Walsh, 511; D. Patterson, 410; A. Lajoie, 522.

M.A.A.A. 2nd team, 1,372; L. Rubenstein, 483; W. Robertson, 447; A. Hodges, 442.

In the single string competition H. Morrison leads with 246, and L. Rubenstein second with 222. For three strings across the alleys J. B. Watson 656, and H. Morrison 635.

Answers to Correspondents.

(1) A holds a flush in a poker hand, while B holds three of a kind and two odd cards. Which wins?

(2) Is one suit any higher than the others; for instance, if four Royal flushes are turned up, which wins?

"Amateur."

(1) A wins.

(2) The suits are of equal value, but in the case you mention four men would probably drop dead.

AN ENJOYABLE OUTING.

The Colonial House Employees Annual Drive and Dinner.

Three cheers and a tiger for the Colonial House, and the blowing of horns, bugles, and whistles, made passengers along St. Catherine Street wonder what was the cause of the commotion. It was the annual drive and dinner of the employees of the Colonial House which took place Saturday at Marcotte's, Back River. The drive was most enjoyable, and the dinner all that could be desired. After dinner the toast list was opened by the Chairman, Mr. E. B. Meyer, proposing "The Queen," which was drunk with musical honors. Mr. E. S. Peacock also sang "Here's a health unto Her Majesty." The next toast, "Canada," was proposed by Mr. E. G. Brown in a happy little speech, and responded to in a most eloquent manner by Mr. A. A. Gagnier, who spoke in French. The "Colonial House," proposed by Mr. P. A. Claxton and responded to by Mr. E. J. Chartiez, was, of course, accepted with much enthusiasm. "The Press," proposed by Mr. Ralph Tourangeau, was heartily drunk. The different floors of the Colonial House were each toasted in turn, in replying to the toast of the office Mr. R. A. Nixon made quite a hit. His speech being really brilliant and to the point. The last but not the least "The Ladies," proposed by Mr. W. Stewart and responded to by Mr. A. Elder was enthusiastically received. The musical portion of the programme was really excellent and consisted of songs, duets, trios, quartettes, choruses, and recitations, violin and bandola solos, were rendered by Messrs. E. S. Peacock, A. Langlais, A.T. Elder, Ralph Tourangeau, P. A. Claxton, G. Lavigne, W. Robertson, Rod. Tourangeau, A. Elder, E. Choquette, E. G. Brown, G. Fortin, W. R. Emslie. At 11.30 a start was made for home, every one being delighted with the evening's enjoyment. The well known harmony which always existed amongst the employees of the Colonial House was fully sustained on this occasion.

PIERCE GUARANTEES A CURE
or Money paid for His Medicines is Returned.

Wesson, Copiah Co., Miss.

DR. R. V. PIERCE: *Dear Sir*—My daughter has been sick all her life, and the older she grew, the worse she was until she was the picture of death: the physicians could not do her any good.



MISS LOYD.

I heard of your "Favorite Prescription," for women, and I gave her three bottles, and now she is a perfectly healthy girl.

Have recommended it to a great many sufferers from "female complaints," and it has cured them.

I think it is the greatest medicine in the world, and I have never found anything to compare with it.

Yours truly, MRS. M. J. LOYD.

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ON TRIAL, IS PECULIAR TO PIERCE

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IN

EACH : ISSUE : OF THE HERALD

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WE HAVE HEARD PEOPLE SAY

In referring to some item in the Evening Herald, "Oh, we saw that in this morning's issue,"—or vice versa, when reading the Morning Herald.

SO THEY HAVE

For our aim is to furnish our readers with

The News of an Entire Day

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Just as in other papers which are published

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I remembered where I had seen spots of blood before—on the papers I had handed to Ferret—and remembered, too, where that blood had come from. I looked at the cut now, and, finding it nearly healed, sprang in my saddle. Of a certainty this paper had gone through my hands that day! It had been among the others; therefore it must have been passed to Ferret inside another when I first opened the bag! The rogue, getting it and seeing his opportunity, and that I did not suspect, had doubtless secreted it, probably while I was attending to my hand.

I had not suspected him before, because I had ticked off the earlier papers as I handed them to him; and had searched only among the rest and in the bag for the missing one. Now I wondered that I had not done so, and seen the truth from the beginning; and in my impatience I found the leagues through the forest, though the sun was not yet high and the trees sheltered us, the longest I had ridden in my life. When the roofs of the chateau at length appeared before us, I could scarcely keep my pace within bounds. Reflecting how Mme. de Verneuil had overreached herself, and how, by indulging in that last stroke of arrogance, she had placed the secret in my hands, I had much ado to refrain from going to the king booted and unwashed as I was, and though I had not eaten since the previous evening.

However, the habit of propriety, which no man may lightly neglect, came to my aid. I made my toilet, and having broken my fast standing, hastened to the court. On the way I learned that the king was in the queen's garden, and, directing my steps thither, found him walking with my colleagues, Villeroy and Sillery, in the little avenue which leads to the garden of the Conciergerie. A number of the courtiers were standing on the low terrace watching them, while a second group lounged about the queen's staircase. Full of the news which I had for the king, I crossed the terrace, taking no particular heed of anyone, but greeting such as came in my way in my usual fashion. At the edge of the terrace I paused a moment before descending the three steps; and at the same moment, as it happened, Henry looked up and our eyes met. On the instant he averted his gaze, and, turning on his heel in a marked way, retired slowly to the farther end of the walk.

The action was so deliberate that I could not doubt he meant to slight me; and I paused where I was, divided between grief and indignation, a mark for all those glances and whispered gibes in which courtiers indulged on such occasions. The slight was not rendered less serious by the fact that the king was walking with my two colleagues; so that I alone seemed to be out of his councils also.

I perceived all this, and was not blind to the sneering smiles which were exchanged behind my back; but I affected to see nothing, and to be absorbed in sudden thought. It a minute or two the king turned and came back towards me; again, as if he could not restrain his curiosity, looked up so that our eyes met. This time I thought that he would beckon me to him, satisfied with the lengths to which he had already carried his displeasure. But he turned again, with a light laugh.



OU EYES MET.

At this a courtier, one of the Sillery's creatures, who had presumed on the occasion so far as to come to my elbow, thought that he might safely amuse himself with me. "I am afraid that the king grows older, M. de Rosny," he said, smirking at his compansons. "His sight seems to be failing."

"It should not be neglected, then," I said, grimly. "I will tell him presently what you say."

He fell back, looking foolish at that, at the very moment that Henry, having taken another turn, dismissed Villeroy, who, wiser than the puppy at my elbow, greeted me with particular civility as he passed. Freed from him, Henry stood a moment hesitating. He told me afterwards that he had not turned from me a yard before his heart smote him; and that but for a mischievous curiosity to see how I should take it, he would not have carried the matter so far. Be that as it may—and I do not doubt this any more than I ever doubted the reality of the affection in which he held me—on a sudden he raised his hand and beckoned to me.

I went down to him gravely, and not hurriedly. He looked at me with some signs of confusion in his face. "You are late this morning," he said.

"I have been on your majesty's business," I answered.

"I do not doubt that," he replied, querulously, his eyes wandering. "I am not—I am troubled this morning." And after a fashion he had when he was not at his ease, he ground his heel into the soil and looked down at the mark. "The queen is not well. Sillery has seen her and will tell you so."

M. de Sillery, whose constant opposition to me at the council board I have elsewhere described, began to affirm it. I let him go on for a little time and then interrupted him brusquely. "I think it was you," I said, "who nominated Ferret to be one of the king's clerks."

"Ferret!" he exclaimed, reddening at my tone, while the king, who knew me well, pricked up his ears.

"Yes," I said: "Ferret."

"And if so?" Sillery asked, haughtily. "What do you mean?"

"Only this," I said. "That if his majesty will summon him to the queen's closet, without warning or delay, and ask him in her presence how much Mme. de Verneuil gave him for the king's cipher, her majesty, I think, will learn something which she wishes to know."

"What!" the king cried. "You have discovered it? But he gave you a receipt for the papers he took."

"For the papers he took with my knowledge—yes, sire."

"The rogue!" Sillery exclaimed viciously. "I will go and fetch him."

"Not so—with your majesty's leave," I said, interposing quickly. "M. de Sillery may say too much or too little. Let a lackey take a message, bidding him to go to the queen's closet, and he will suspect nothing."

The king assented and bade me go and give the order. When I returned, he asked me anxiously if I felt sure that the man would confess.

"Yes, if you pretend to know all, sire," I answered. "He will think that madame has betrayed him."

"Very well," Henry said. "Then let us go."

But I declined to be present; partly on the ground that if I were there the queen might suspect me of inspiring the man, and partly because I thought that the rogue would entertain a more confident hope of pardon, and be more likely to confess, if he saw the king alone. I contrived to keep Sillery also; and Henry giving the word, as he mounted the steps, that he should be back presently, the whole court remained in a state of suspense, aware that something was in progress but in doubt what, and unable to decide whether I were again in favor or now on trial.

Sillery remained talking to me, principally on English matters, until the dinner hour; which came and went, neglected by all. At length, when the curiosity of the mass of couriers, who did not dare to interrupt us, had been raised by delay to an almost intolerable pitch, the king returned, with signs of disorder in his bearing; and, crossing the terrace in half a dozen strides, drew me hastily, along with Sillery, into the grove of white mulberry trees. There we were no sooner hidden in part, though not completely, then he threw his arms about me and embraced me with the warmest expressions. "Ah, my friend," he said, putting me from him at last, "what shall I say to you?"

"The queen is satisfied, sire?"

"Perfectly; and desires to be commended to you."

"He confessed, then?"

Henry nodded, with a look in his face that I did not understand. "Yes," he said, "fully. It was as you thought, my friend. God have mercy upon him!"

I started. "What?" I said. "Has he—"

The king nodded, and could not repress a shudder. "Yes," he said; "but not, thank Heaven, until he had left the closet. He had something about him."

Sillery began anxiously to clear himself; but the king, with his usual good nature, stopped him, and bade us all go and dine, saying that we must be famished. He



"WHAT!" THE KING CRIED, "YOU HAVE DISCOVERED IT."

ended by directing me to be back in an hour, since his own appetite was spoiled. "And bring with you all your patience," he added, "for I have a hundred questions to ask you. We will walk toward Avon, and I will show you the surprise which I am preparing for the queen."

Alas, I would I could say that all ended there. But the rancour of which Mme. de Verneuil had given token in her interview with me was rather aggravated than lessened by the failure of her plot and the death of her tool. It proved to be impenetrable by all the kindnesses which the king lavished upon her; neither the legitimation of the child which she soon afterwards bore, nor the clemency which the king—against the advice of his wisest ministers—extended to her brother Auvergne, availing to expel it from her breast. How far she or that ill-omened family were privy to the accursed crime which, nine years later, palsied France on the threshold of undreamed-of-glories, I will not take on myself to say; for suspicion is not proof. But history, of which my beloved master must ever form so great a part, will lay the blame where it should rest.

[THE END.]

Purify your blood, tone up the system, and regulate the digestive organs by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

THE OXFORD CAFE,
UNIVERSITY STREET.
is the place for stall fed Malpeque Oysters, bleeding fresh, 25c a dozen. Lunch from 12 till 2.30. Meals a la carte until midnight. Everything first-class.

The Herald Office will be open every night till ten o'clock, and on Sunday evenings from eight till ten o'clock to receive advertisements for the morning issue. Ads after that hour should be handed into the editorial department, where they will receive proper attention.

THREE RECIPES.

Delicious Corn Pone.

The ingredients are two coffee-cups of cornmeal, ons quart of milk, four eggs, one tablespoonful of drawn butter, one teaspoonful of salt and one teaspoonful of sugar, writes Mary Safford in the February Ladies' Home Journal. Beat the eggs thoroughly; add the meal, butter, sugar and salt, and scald the whole with the milk, which has been previously set on to boil. Have ready a buttered "turk's head," or, failing that, rather deep pans; pour in at once and hurry into the oven. Do not let the thin appearance of the batter tempt you to add more meal—as has happened more than once when this receipt was being tried, to the serious injury of the pone. The four eggs will stiffen it sufficiently, and the richness and the delicacy of the cake are largely due to the small proportion of meal. The "turk's head" is preferable to the ordinary pan because the hole in the centre, which permits the hot air to rise, diffuses the heat more equally through the mixture. Bake in a quick oven.

Two Savory Supper Dishes.

Cheese puffs are made by taking an equal quantity of grated cheese and breadcrumbs, writes Elisabeth Robinson Scovil in a carefully-prepared article on "Breakfast and Tea Receipts" in the February Ladies' Home Journal. Soak the breadcrumbs in as much milk as they will absorb. To each pint of crumbs allow two eggs. Season with salt and not pepper. Place alternate layers of cheese and breadcrumbs in a baking-dish, add the eggs and bake about fifteen minutes. Serve as soon as the dish is taken from the oven.

Cut thin slices of bread about three inches square, heap them with grated cheese, taking care not to spread it within an eighth of an inch of the edges of the squares. Place them in a pan and put them in a quick oven.

BIRTHS.

FITZGIBBON—At Dorval, on the 27th inst. the wife of Robert Fitzgibbon, of a son.

DRYSDALE—On the 21st inst., at No. 566 St. Denis Street, the wife of Mr. Henry Drysdale, of a son. 24

MARRIAGES.

SERRA-JOSEPH—In New York, on the 26th January, Captain T. Serra, of the 35th Regiment, Italian Army, to Caroline Murat, daughter of J. H. Joseph, Esq.

MCKENNA-REILLY—At Denver, Colo., on Wednesday, 23rd inst., by the Rev. Father Downey, of Leavenworth, Kansas, cousin of the bride, Thos. E. McKenna, formerly of Montreal, to Miss Rita Reilly, of that city.

CHAMBERS-CALLAHAN — At Toronto Ont., Jan. 16, by Rev. Father McCann, V.G., Thos., second son of the late Wm. Chambers, to Minnie, only daughter of the late Jeremiah Callahan. 23

DEATHS

WHITE—In this city, on January 26th, of meningitis, Irene Katherine, youngest and beloved daughter of Amos White, aged 1 year and 9 months. Funeral will take place from her father's residence, 39 Bleury Street, on Monday, the 28th, at 2.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation

MACDOUGALL—At 148 Cherrier Street, January 27th, of whooping cough, Mary Lemira, youngest and beloved daughter of Jas. A. and Lilian MacDougall. Funeral private.

MAY—In this city, on the 24th inst., John May, aged 50 years, native of the County Limerick, Ireland.

HAYES—In this city, on the 26th inst., Timothy Hayes, beloved father of James Hayes. Funeral from 217 St. James Street, Monday afternoon at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend. 24

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Detectives of the most reliable character furnished by the Canadian Secret Service, Temple Building, Montreal. This agency is under contract with the Provincial Government to perform all their criminal detective work. References: The leading banks, corporations and hotels of this city. Silas H. Carpenter, Chief. Office telephone 2131. House telephone 6049.

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of any lady who recommends the
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The Grand Old Man of Great Britain : : : :

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The Leader of the Canadian Liberals : : :

These portraits are 18x24 inches in size and are printed on heavy paper. They are wonderfully good likenesses, and are well worthy being framed.

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CORBY'S
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WHISKY . .
Seven Summers in Wood and bottled under Government supervision . . . . .
Ask your Dealer for it.
It is the largest bottle, the best and cheapest Whisky sold in this market . . . .
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Small house, hot water heating—location, north of St. Catherine and west of St. Lawrence. Address with price and full particulars,
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MACHINERY, ETC.

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PLUMBERS, GAS & STEAMFITTERS
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Private houses and other buildings wired for Electric Lighting on most improved plans.
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Machinist, Model and Tool Maker,
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Manufacturer of Cutting Dies of every description, Steel Shanks, Gaiter Springs Glove Spring Fasteners, etc.
Boot and Shoe Machinery a Specialty. Machine Knives Ground by Automatic Process.

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—OF—
FRIED. KRUPP,
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Steel Tyres and Steel Tyred Wheels, Axle Crank, Pins etc.

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The Diet Dispensary carefully prepares food for the sick, at reasonable prices thus facilitating and relieving the work of the household in the care of their sick. The poor are supplied gratis upon presentation of order from physician, clergyman or visiting nurse.
175a St. Antoine St.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Commencing 7th January, 1895,
Leave Windsor Street Station for
Boston, 9.00 a.m., *8.20 p.m.
Portland, 9.00 a.m., *8.20 p.m.
Toronto, Detroit, Chicago, *8.25 a.m., *9 p.m.
S. S. Marie, St. Paul, Minneapolis, *9.10 p.m.
Ottawa, Winnipeg and Vancouver, 9.50 a.m.
St. Johns, 9.00 a.m., 4.05 p.m., *8.20 p.m., ‡8.40 p.m.
Sherbrooke, 4.05 p.m., ‡8.40 p.m.
Farnham and St. Hyacinthe 4.05 p.m,
Winchester and Perth, 8.25 a.m., *9.00 p.m.
Newport, 9.00 a.m., 4.05 p.m., *8.20 p.m.
Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., etc., ‡8.40 p.m..
Hudson, Rigaud and Point Fortune, 5.15 p.m.
Leave Dalhousie Square Station for
Quebec, 8.10 a.m., §8.30 p.m., §10.30 p.m.
Joliette, St. Gabriel, Three Rivers, 5.15 p.m.
Ottawa, 8.30 a.m., 5.45 p.m.
St. Lin, St. Eustache and St. Agathe, 5.30 p.m.
St. Jerome, 8.30 a.m., 5.30 p.m.
St. Rose and Ste. Therese, 8.30 a.m. (a) 3 p.m., 5.30 p.m., 5.45 p.m.; Saturday, 1.30 p.m., instead of 3 p.m.
*Run daily, Sundays included. ‡ Daily, except Saturday. Other trains week days only unless shown. §No connection for Portland leaving Montreal Saturday night. § Sundays only. •Parlor and sleeping cars. (a) Except Saturdays and Sundays.
City Ticket and Telegraph Office,
129 St. James St. (next to Post Office).

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
Trains Leave Bonaventure Station.
(Note * signifies run daily. All other trains run daily except Sunday.)
9.00 a.m., 4.15 p.m.—For Ottawa and all points on the C.A. & O.A., & P.S. Ry's.
9.10 a.m., *8.25 p.m.—For Toronto, Hamilton, Niagara Falls, London, Detroit, Chicago, etc.
1.30 p.m. (mixed).—For Brockville.
5 p.m.—For Cornwall.
7.00 a.m.—For Hemmingford, Valleyfield and Massena Springs.
4.20 p.m.—For Hemmingford, Valleyfield and Fort Covington.
8.15 a.m. (mixed).—For Island Pond.
7.50 a.m. — For Sherbrooke, Island Pond, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.
10.10 p.m.—For Sherbrooke, Portland, Quebec and points on the I. C. Ry to Campbellton, N.B.—Saturday night train remains at Island Pond over Sunday.
11.55 a.m.—For St. Johns. (On Saturdays this train leaves at 1.25 p.m.)
4.00 p.m.—For Sherbrooke, Island Pond and points on the D.C. Ry.
4.40 p.m.—For St. Johns, Rouses Point also Waterloo via St. Lambert and M.P. and B. Ry.
8.15 a.m., 5.08 p.m.—For Sorel via St. Lambert
5.30 p.m.—For St. Hyacinthe, also St. Cesaire via St. Lambert. (On Tuesdays this train leaves at 11.55 p.m.)
9.00 a.m., *6.10 p.m., *8.25 p.m.—For Boston and New York via C.V.R.
9.10 a.m., *6.20 p.m.—For New York via D. and H.
For Suburban time tables, tickets and full information, apply at City Ticket Office, 143 ST. JAMES STREET, and at Bonaventure Station

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India Pale, Pale, XXX and XX Ales, Crown Extra Double and Single Stout, in Wood and Bottle.
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JAS. VIRTUE & SON, 19 Aylmer Street.
J. WHALEN & CO. 68 St. Antoine Street, corner of Inspector.

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Labrador	" Feb. 21	" Feb. 23
Vancouver	" Mch. 7	" Mch. 9
Oregon	" Mch. 21	" Mch. 23
Labrador	" Apr. 4	" Apr. 6
Vancouver	" Apr. 18	" Apr. 20
Oregon	" May 2	" May 4

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Portland or Halifax to Liverpool or Londonderry: first cabin, $50 to $70; return, $100 to $130, according to steamer and berth; second cabin to Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast or Glasgow, $30; return, $55.
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Berlin...Jan. 30, 11 a.m. | N. York..Feb. 13, 11 a.m
Paris...Feb. 6, 11 a.m. | Berlin..Feb. 20, 11 a.m
RED STAR LINE FOR ANTWERP.
I. cabin $50 and upwards; II. cabin $33.
Waesland.....Wednesday, Jan. 23, 3 p.m.
Belgenland.....Wednesday, Jan. 30, 7.30 a.m.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, 6 Bowling Green, New York, or
W. H. Henry, 143 St. James Street,
W. F. Egg, 129 St. James Street, } Montreal.
J. Y. Gilmour & Co., 354 St. Paul St.,

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ALLAN LINE.
Royal Mail Steamships
Liverpool, Halifax and Portland Royal Mail Service. 1894 1895

From Liverpool.	Steamships.	From Portland.	From Halifax.
10 Jan.	Numidian	31 Jan.	2 Feb.
24 Jan.	Mongolian	14 Feb.	16 Feb.
7 Feb.	Laurentian	28 Feb.	2 Mch
21 Feb.	Numidian	14 Mch.	16 Mch
7 Mch.	Mongolian	28 Mch.	30 Mch
21 Mch.	Parisian	11 Apr.	13 Apr.
4 Apr.	Numidian	25 Apr.	27 Apr.

Beginning with SS. Sardinian, Saturday, May 4th, Steamers will sail weekly from Montreal and Quebec.
The Steamers of this service carry all classes of passengers.
The Saloons and Staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ships throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers at any hour of the night. Music Rooms and Smoking Room on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.
RATES OF PASSAGE, — Cabin—Per SS. Parisian, $50, $60 and $75; by all other Steamers, $50 and $60. A reduction of 10 per cent. is made on Round Trip Tickets except on the lowest rates.
Second Cabin—To Liverpool, Glasgow, Belfast or Derry, $30; from Liverpool, Glasgow, Belfast or Derry, 25. Round trip, $55.
STEERAGE
From Portland or Halifax, To or from Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry
Including every requisite for the voyage,
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These steamers will sail from Portland about 1.00 p.m. on Thursdays, or as soon as possible after the arrival of the Grand Trunk Railway Train, due at Portland about noon; and from Halifax about 1.00 p.m. on Saturdays, or as soon as possible after the arrival of the Intercolonial Railway Train, due at Halifax at noon.
Trains connecting with the steamers leave Montreal for Portland or Halifax—
Via Canadian Pacific Railway, 8.20 p.m. Wednesday, arriving at Portland 8.25 a.m. Thursday
Via Grand Trunk Railway, 10.10 p.m. Wednesday, arriving at Portland 11.45 a.m. Thursday.
Via Canadian Pacific Railway, 8.40 p.m. Thursday, arriving at Halifax 11.20 p.m. Friday.
Via G.T. Ry. and I.C. Ry., 7.50 a.m. Friday, arriving at Halifax 1.30 p.m. Saturday.
RAILROAD RATES.—From Montreal to Portland, 1st class $7.50, 2nd class $5.50. From Montreal to Halifax, $7.50, 2nd class $5.50.
Glasgow and Londonderry and New York Service.
(Late State Line of Steamers.)
From new Pier, foot of W. 21st St., New York.

From Glasgow.	Steamships.	From New York
18 Jan.	State of Nebraska	2 Feb. 2.30 p.m
1 Feb.	State of California	16 Feb. 3.00 p.m
15 Feb.	*Norwegian	2 Mar.
1 Mar.	State of Nebraska	16 Mar. 3.00 p.m
15 Mar.	State of California	30 Mar. 1.00 p.m
29 Mar.	*Norwegian	13 Apr.
12 Apr.	State of Nebraska	27 Apr. 12.30 p.m

And weekly thereafter
* The SS. Norwegian does not carry passengers on the east bound passage.
Steamers with a * will not carry passengers from New York.
The Steamships State of California and State of Nebraska are lighted throughout by electricity, and have excellent accommodations for all classes of passengers.
Rates—First cabin, $40 to $60; second cabin, $25, return $50; steerage to or from Glasgow, Belfast, Derry or Liverpool, $10.
Outfit for steerage passengers furnished free
Glasgow, Liverpool, Halifax and Philadelphia Royal Mail Service.

From Glasgow.	From Liverpool.	Steamships.	From Halifax.	From Phila. to Glasgow direct
				on or abt
12 Jan.	15 Jan.	*Assyrian	24 Jan.	2 Feb.
26 Jan.	29 Jan.	Carthaginian	8 Feb.	16 Feb.
9 Feb.	12 Feb.	Corean	21 Feb.	2 Mar.
23 Feb.	26 Feb.	*Assyrian	8 Mar.	16 Mar.
9 Mar.	12 Mar.	Carthaginian	22 Mar.	30 Mar.

Service via St. Johns discontinued until April 15th.
Passengers carried from Liverpool to Halifax and from Halifax to Philadelphia.
From Philadelphia to Glasgow direct.
*The Assyrian does not carry passengers from Philadelphia.
Glasgow, Londonderry, Galway and Boston Service.

From Glasgow to Boston.	Steamships.	From Boston to Glasgow, on or about
8 Jan.	Peruvian	2 Feb
26 Jan.	Pomeranian	12 Feb
5 Feb.	Sarmatian	21 Feb
14 Feb.	Siberian	2 Mar

And regularly thereafter.
These steamers do not carry passengers on voyage to Europe.
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Etruria	Sat. Feb. 2,	10.00 a.m.
Auranfa	Sat. Feb. 9,	5.00 a.m.
Umbria	Sat. Feb. 16,	11.00 a.m.
Servia	Sat. Feb. 23,	4.30 a.m.
Etruria	Sat. Mch. 2,	9.00 a.m.
Aurania	Sat. Mch. 9,	3.00 p.m
Umbria	Sat. Mch. 16,	10.00 a.m

The steamers of this line have, for over fifty years, an unequalled record for the safety and comfort of their passengers.
RATES OF PASSAGE
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THOMAS WILSON, Agent, 30 St. Francois Xavier street.
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MORRHUOL restores the health of pale weakly people, WITHOUT APPETITE, and those afflicted with Skin diseases, Scrofula, Scabs, sores in the neck, sore eyes and inherited lymphatic temperaments.
MORRHUOL represents the medicinal part of Cod Liver Oil, it modifies rapidly the general state of the patient, and developes the appetite in a most extraordinary manner. Consumptive patients experience a feeling of well-being, eat and digest easily, and sleep soundly.
D' GAY, Gazette des Hopitaux.
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The Montreal Herald

Founded 1808.

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THE MONTREAL HERALD CO.

MONTREAL, JANUARY 28.

THE LIBERAL LEADER.

The inner history of the accession of Hon. Wilfrid Laurier to the leadership of the Liberal party in Canada reveals the extreme unwillingness with which he accepted that honorable and arduous office. As to the soundness of his claims upon the leadership, and as to his conspicuous fitness for the performance of the various duties pertaining to it there could be no doubt. And it is known that the appreciation in which his eminent qualifications were held among his colleagues at Ottawa was expressed to him definitely enough. But there lurked in his own mind a fear least, however unjustly, it might be held that his race and his creed would militate against the success of his party if he were to accept the leadership. He yielded to the solicitations of his followers only upon the representation that they could not overlook his unimpeachable title to the position. Thus commended to him as a duty to his party and country his acceptance was obtained.

Since that time his advance into the affections of his party has been most rapid, his growth in popularity and strength as a leader has been remarkable; and the hold which he has obtained upon the esteem of the people at large is without parallel in contemporary Canadian politics. He is to-day the most striking figure in Canadian affairs. His reputation is broadly Canadian and his racial origin and his religious creed are advanced only to suggest a compliment to the enlightened tolerance of the Liberal party in the first place and of the Canadian people at large. The Province of Quebec is proud of her gifted and virtuous son. The people of the great West have been recently brought willingly under the spell of his engaging personality and the patriotic Canadian policy of which he is the chief exponent. To the people of the Maritime Provinces he has not yet preached the Liberal gospel in person, but the lieutenants whom those Provinces have sent to his support have carried to him sufficient evidences as to the loyalty of the Liberals of the Atlantic seabord. The regard in which he is held in Ontario is so remarkable as to encourage the belief that upon him has fallen the mantle of those Fathers of Confederation whose energies were bent chiefly upon the harmonization of the most widely-divergent elements of the Canadian community. As to this esteem Sir Oliver Mowat, as a properly qualified representative of popular feeling in the sister province adduced striking testimony in the Windsor Hall on Tuesday night last. Sir Oliver's few remarks shaped themselves as a pæan of thanksgiving for the realization of the dream of the men who had seen in Confederation a means to the unification of the several Canadian peoples, and of this expression of thankfulness, his references to the satisfaction, the joy with which the people of Ontario had accepted Mr. Laurier's occupation of the Liberal leadership was a logical outcome.

The Liberal party, then, has a leader who, when political considerations are laid aside, attracts the regard of Canadians, of all provinces, of all classes, of all races, and of all creeds, and it is not unjustly proud of him.

AN ECONOMY THAT IS WASTEFUL.

Economy is a great virtue, but when carried to excess it is often productive of greater waste than extravagance itself. This truism could not be better applied than to the treatment of the elementary schools of this Province.

The revenue provided by law for some of these schools has been so insufficient that the amount spent has been largely a loss. The Government has been very much like the slothful settler who is content with felling a tree occasionally, and yet wonders that he never succeeds in clearing any part of his lot for the plow.

The children who attend school for a year or two, and are then taken out because it costs too much to keep them there, are just as ignorant when they attain manhood as if they had never gone to school at all. The same may be said of those who attend a school where the teacher is utterly unfit, and where the necessary appliances for teaching are wanting. In both these cases the money of the Government is wasted, along with that of the parents, and the time of the children, and thus we find, as already shown by the census figures, that the proportion of adults who can not read in this Province has remained nearly the same since 1871.

This waste of time and money is felt in many directions. "We all deplore the infatuation for classical colleges," remarks a school inspector. "Is not this the direct consequence of the inefficiency of the elementary schools? For myself, I know several families who have taken their children from elementary schools, to send them to classical colleges, because they believed, and not without reason, that to keep them in the former would be lost time."

Who will refuse to agree with the conclusion of this friend of popular education: "Let us hope that all classes of society will unite with the common object of improving our schools. I am thoroughly convinced that without this all other reforms will be impossible or at least useless."

THEY ARE GETTING READY.

From all points comes the inspiriting sound of the Liberal hosts forming in battle array. In many constituencies candidates are already in the field; and conventions are being called in other ridings to choose standard bearers. The Liberals of South Oxford meet to-day; the West Bruce convention will be held to-morrow; East Bruce on February 1st; the new constituency of Lisgar, in Manitoba, on February 5th; South Waterloo on February 4th, North Bruce on February 5th, North Victoria on February 8th, and West Elgin on February 12th. A young Liberal covention for the Province of Ontario will be held on February 5th. In this city the preliminary steps were taken at the meeting of the Liberal Club on Saturday night to organize the party in the three western divisions of Montreal on a fighting basis.

Everywhere the Liberals are up and doing. They were caught napping in 1887 and 1891, but this time they will be ready whenever Sir Mackenzie chooses to give the signal for battle. Liberal victory is as sure as anything can be in this world, provided due work is done, and the enthusiastic manner in which the campaign is everywhere opening is assurance enough that the mistakes of indifference or over-confidence will not be made.

JUGGLING WITH FIGURES.

George Johnson, the Dominion Statistician, and author of that interesting two-volumed work of fiction, the Canadian Census, has a letter in the Empire of Saturday defending himself against a charge of partizanship praferred by the Globe. The occasion of the Globe's attack was the re-grouping of Canada's export statistics in the Year Book in such a manner that the total of our exports of manufactured goods has been enormously swollen. Mr. Johnson admits the re-grouping, but claims that he was justified in doing so. He has placed under the heading of "Manufactures" many articles which have hitherto been classified among "Products of the Forest"; among them are these: ashes, lathwood, staves, headings, shingles, box shooks, and sawn lumber of all kinds. The reason for their classification as manufactures is given by Mr. Johnson as being "that so large an amount of machinery and skilled labor is employed in bringing them to the form in which they are exported, that they are entitled to be classed as 'manufactures'."

Apart from the merits of the argument altogether, there is the question of uniformity in Government publications to be considered. The Year Book is an official summary in handy form of the various blue books. Mr. Johnson in his preface calls it "a digest of the blue books issued by the various departments." He should therefore follow the classification set by the departments; to abandon it is to bring about confusion and subject the Canadian Government to the accusation of publishing misleading statements. Under Mr. Johnson's "re-grouping" it appears that in 1893 Canada exported manufactures to the value of $28,462,031—figures that will roll out grandly from the throat of the campaign orator. But the Trade and Navigation returns issued by the Department of Customs, which is the final authority, show that our exports of manufactures during this period amount only to $8,487,271. This is a discrepancy of about twenty millions. It is not creditable to Canada that one official publication should differ from another official publication in a matter as important as our exports of manufactures to the extent of twenty million dollars. The report of the Department of Trade and Commerce agrees with the Trade and Navigation returns in classing the articles which Mr. Johnson describes as manufactures, among the "products of the forest."

Mr. Johnson can be very justly censured for making, apparently on his own responsibility, a change that is certain to lead to confusion. He may not have done it with designedly partizan purpose, but the figures he quotes as official are certain to be used in an unfair manner. In the census returns of 1891 Mr. Johnson swelled the list of manufactories by means which have been very thoroughly exposed. He counted in shoemakers, tailors, carpenters, etc., as manufacturers, and so produced figures, which on their face, indicated an abnormal development of manufacturing during the National Policy decade. Mr. Johnson has now by a trick increased the volume of exports of manufactured goods to the enormous total of $28,000,000 per year—figures which cannot but give a false impression of the condition of our manufactures and are thereby favorable to the present fiscal policy of the country. It is not to be wondered at that the Globe regards him as a partizan.

The Canadian Press Association invited Prof. Goldwin Smith to speak at their dinner on the subject of Canada. The professor declined on the ground that his medical adviser had forbidden him to go out at night. Meanwhile the blood of those champion freaks, J. Casteel Hopkins and Col. G. T. Denison began to boil; and their outraged loyalty ran over into characteristic effusions which duly appeared in the press. Col. Denison in some respects is a good man and a sensible one, and it is perhaps charitable to assume that he is insane on this matter of loyalty, for in his self-imposed task of defending the British empire he is continually doing some outrageous act or saying some contemptible thing. Of the latter class is his remark that Prof. Smith's generous gifts to charity are always followed by a display of treason towards his subject. The upshot has been that the Professor has withdrawn his declinations; and the Press Association having renewed its request, he will, in company with Sir Oliver Mowat and Hon. G. W. Ross reply to the toast of "Canada."

THE CASE OF CARON.

Hon. Arthur R. Dickey, the new Secretary of State, in his address to the electors of Cumberland on the day of his election, made this remark about the Caron charges:

Sir Adolphe Caron has taken a contribution of $25,000 from a corporation for election purposes. To us this seems a large sum, but in Quebec the canvassers meet a difficulty in reaching the back settlements that we know nothing of. The speakers expect to be paid, and the cost of travelling is great, and the money Sir Adolphe received was to cover the expenses of some 21 counties. But while it was probably unwise to have taken the money there was nothing illegal in it, and to prevent a recurrence it has been enacted that any member accepting such a sum will be guilty of a misdemeanor.

It was a transaction that was simply unwise; yet to prevent its recurrence a law against it has been passed. Such is Mr Dickey's opinion. From this it appears that as long as a man can keep out of jail, in Mr. Dickey's opinion, his acts can only be regarded as unwise.

We are not aware, that the Liberals ever claimed that Sir Adolphe Caron had in the Lake St. John matter laid himself open to criminal prosecution. They contended that having debauched the electorate by the misapplication of public moneys he was unworthy of remaining an adviser to the Crown, or even of holding a seat in Parliament. If Mr. Dickey had told the whole story of the Lake St. John deal to the electors of Cumberland, they would probably have recognized, despite their Conservative leanings, that the Liberals were quite within the rights of the case in their suggestion that Sir Adolphe should cease to be one of Canada's leading public men.

If Sir Adolphe's offence had been the simple taking of a large contribution from a "corporation" his defence would not have been difficult. There are a good many corporations in this city that pay large contributions into the Conservative campaign fund; and though the transaction is scandalous enough, since in return they control all fiscal legislation, the Opposition has never made or threatened to make a star chamber matter of it. What Sir Adolphe did was this: He received a contribution of $25,000 for bribery purposes from the Lake St. John railway at a time when it was the recipient of bounties from the public chest; and was actually a supplicant for more help, which was subsequently granted. In short, public moneys were given to Sir Adolphe through the railway as an intermediary. That is a vastly different matter from the mere receiving of money from a corporation for campaign purposes; and though Parliament has refused to do its duty by condemning the people will have an opportunity shortly of passing upon it.

A NATIONAL MENACE.

The ravages of the mob which has lately held the city of Brooklyn are attributed by the Toronto Empire to the fact that "the laboring classes in the United States are largely composed of foreign elements mainly from European countries, where socialism is rampant and the law respected only because it is enforced with despotic severity." The Empire mentions the excesses committed by the mobs which were called into being by the Chicago and Pittsburg strikes and comments upon the tendency which is suggested in the statement that "for some years past, whenever a strike has occurred in the States, riot and destruction of property, if not life, have been accompaniments."

The Empire observes that "this disposition on the part of strikers to wreak their vengeance upon property is not met with in Great Britain."

The working classes of Great Britain are not largely composed of foreign elements. Great Britain does not put a premium on the immigration of the pauper labor of Europe, with its hideous packful of Socialism, anarchy, and outrage. The United States, on the other hand, offer to foreign labor a standing invitation, couched in most seductive terms. It maintains a fiscal system which operates to persuade the pauper labor of Europe to come to the United States and share the wage of the American workingman. Protection does not protect the American workingman. The vicious scum of the mines and workshops of Europe, unable to appreciate the value of laws, which are enforced rather by common consent than by the continuous restraint of arms, grows weary in the colorless life of the industrial centres of the United States and enters on a carnival of demolition, incendiarism and murder. Protection does not protect the American capitalist any better than it protects the American workingman.

Does the protectionist Toronto Empire gravely wonder that the United States has suffered so severely from industrial disturbance and insurrection? Does it not rather wonder, in its heart of hearts, if it has such a thing, that, the sufferings of the American workingman and the American capitalist have not been even greater? It is abundantly plain to the outside world that if protection is not directly chargeable with the horrors which have been lately perpetrated in the United States in the name of organized labor, it has at least tended to bring about the immigration of those classes of which a pronounced disregard for all law that is not enforced at the point of the bayonet seems to be the common source of inspiration.

Sensible Canadian papers are opposing the suggested incorporation of Newfoundland with Canada, and they are giving good reasons for so objecting. "Newfoundland," says the Hamilton Herald, "is heavily burdened with debt, and is a bone of international contention. The diplomats of Great Britain and France have never been able to adjust the long-standing differences, and should Newfoundland become a part of the Dominion it simply means that this troublesome question will be turned over to Canada. What reason is there for supposing that Canada could settle it more satisfactorily than England? Looking at it from all points of view, the Newfoundland nut is a rather nasty one to crack."

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

THE HANDSOMEST MAN ALIVE WRITES ON THE SUBJECT.

Prof. J. M. Laflin, Who is as Described Above, and Who Took the Prize for Masculine Beauty at the International at Vienna, Gives His Rules.

Parents do not devote enough attention to the physical development of their children. Teachers neglect the education of the bodies of their pupils.

I do not believe that a healthy mind can go with an unhealthy body, and I maintain that the mind of a person with a healthy body must of necessity be a strong and a vigorous one.

Most of the ills of the body can be traced back to the lack of free and intelligent physical education in childhood.

I often think, knowing as I do what can be done with proper care, what a stupendous improvement could be made in the general health in one generation. The average man would be taller and more robust, capable of more work and of greater enjoyment, than the average man of the present day. The average woman would be stronger and more beautiful than the average woman of to-day, and both men and women would live longer. That this can be easily be accomplished I am convinced.

I would have a gymnasium in every public school in the city. I would make it one of the requirements of attendance at the public schools that every pupil should once or twice every day go through a gymnastic exercise, however brief.

It is not desired to make a race of pugilists, but it is desired to make a race of healthy men and women, which the children now in the public schools will not grow up into. What is needed for growing children is such simple exercise as will every day bring into play every muscle in the body.

Without exercise some muscles lie dormant. They never develop. Without exercise for all of the body the digestion is impaired, the circulation of the blood is weakened, the quality of the blood is deteriorated and the foundations are laid for ultimate chronic disease, which must come sooner or later.

It must not be supposed that what I here propose would add any great burden to the expense of public school maintenance or require the erection of any new buildings. The public school buildings now in existence are quite sufficient for the purpose.

All it would be necessary to do would be to set apart in every public school a large room to be used as a gymnasium. No elaborate equipment of gymnastic appliances would be necessary. A few hundreds of dollars of expense would suffice to fit up a public school with horizontal bars, rings, trapezes, Indian clubs, rowing machines, boxing gloves, etc.

A bare floor is better than a carpeted apartment and blank walls better than walls elaborately panelled. In a good-sized room of this kind hundreds of public school pupils could take exercise at one time. Where the schools are crowded the classes could succeed each other, and thus the gymnasium would be in use at every hour of the day.

The teachers would find this the most popular of all the attractions of the schools. The pupils would look forward to their gymnastic exercise. It would teach them how to play. It would teach them the use of their bodies. It would teach them to respect their bodies and to strive to excel in feats of agility and strength, thus leading them to love outdoor games and to feel at home in all kinds of play.

For it must be remembered that it is as natural for a child to want to play as it is for a kitten. Nature instils this into each for the distinct purpose of exercising every muscle at a time when the muscles are growing, and the child that gets a chance to play freely in the open air all day has an enormous advantage at the very commencement of life.

Another duty of the public schools should be to teach every pupil to lear how to swim. It is just as important that a man know how to swim as how to earn a living, and even more so, for in the one case he must rely absolutely upon himself when the time comes.

It is a very easy thing to teach children of the proper age how to swim. During the past summer I taught a couple of little girls how to swim in less than an hour. A swimming tank should be a necessary part of every public school gymnasium, and it could be fitted up at very little expense.

No child should be graduated who had not acquired this easy accomplishment, which, unlike all other accomplishments, is never forgotten. They may forget what they learn out of the books, but they can never forget how to swim.

One of the advantages of children knowing how to swim is this, that it induces them to take exercise in the water. Boys who cannot swim, and there are thousands of them, are careful about going into the water. The consequence is that they lose the inestimable advantages derived from this most exhilarating and body-building sport.

I would also have every child in the public schools taught to know what the human body is like, and the functions of the different parts. They should know every muscle and how to exercise it. They should know what are the proper and improper things to put into the stomach, how the lungs work, and the ill-effects of tobacco, the effects of alcohol on the system and the necessity for pure air in the making of pure blood. These are simple questions in anatomy and the science of health that would not take half an hour a week from the time devoted to other studies in the public schools, where now the mind is developed at the expense of the body.

I believe that children taking constant exercise every day, who know how to follow the simple rules of bodily health, can learn more per hour than the unhealthy children now crowding our schools. Their minds are brighter and more alert, their memories more retentive, their reasoning faculties more sharply developed when the blood courses freely through their veins than when it is sluggish as the result of indoor life without proper exercise for all the muscles.

A healthy mind in a growing child is like a sponge, eager for knowledge at every pore. The dull and stupid children of whom we hear in every school are in nearly every instance sickly. The healthy child is happy under all circumstances. It eats well and sleeps well. Its body and mind expand together, the one stimulating the other.

One of the advantages of the kind of physical education for children which I here suggest is that it teaches them how to play. It induces them to seek outdoor exercise and amusement. Many thousands of children do not know how to play.

The Table d'Hote served from 12 to 3 daily at "The Hawthorn" at 35 cents is the talk of the town. It is the most recherche meal in the city. 118 St. Francis Xavier Street, (formerly known as Compain's).

Furniture

Repairing Department

Is under the immediate supervision of a thorough, practical Foreman, who will be pleased to call at your homes and give you prices and satisfaction on all kinds of Upholstered or Cabinet Work.

Renaud, King and Patterson,

652 CRAIG STREET.

N. B.—Always on hand, a full assortment of Furniture Coverings.

That Moral Finger-Board

of the Ancient Jews, the Talmud, says: "Thy friend has a friend, and thy friend's friend a friend." It's much the same with every one who ....

Drinks.....

One Drinking Man drags down another, and he another, until the chain of drunkards is simply appalling. The sufferings brought in their homes beggars description, and the nights of agony suffered by the wives are worse than living deaths ....

If thy friend has a friend

who brings him to tie Keeley Institute for the cure of his terrible disease, Drunkenness, he is sure to have him radically cured. The only genuine ....

Keeley Institute..

in the provinces of Quebec and Ontario is at 69 Osborne Street, Montreal, under the immediate charge of a competent physician who studied at Dwight under Dr. Keeley himself. ....

Beware of Charlatans

who pretend to give the real Keeley Treatment, ...

Telephone 4544.

Never forget, that Adams' Tutti Frutti absolutely cures Indigestion.
Refuse Imitations.

MONTREAL COLLEGIATE SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES,
.....85 Mackay Street.....

Patroness—Her Excellency The Countess of Aberdeen.

Lectures on English Literature.

The Principal, J. Porteous Arnold, F. E.I.S., proposes to begin a course of Eight Lectures on English Literature, for Ladies. The first, WHICH WILL BE FREE, will be delivered on

Wednesday, 30th inst., at 4 p.m.

The Herald Office will be open every night till ten o'clock, and on Sunday evenings from eight till ten o'clock to receive advertisements for the morning issue. Ads after that hour should be handed into the editorial department, where they will receive proper attention.

Merchants Manufacturing Company.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Alex. Ewan & Sons, Fraser Buildings, 43 St. Sacrament Street, city, on

Tuesday, the 12th of Feb. Next, At 3 o'clock p.m.

For the reception of the Annual Statement, Election of Directors, and the transaction of General Business.

By order of the Board.

WM. G. CHENEY, Sec.-Treas.

Montreal, January 16th, 1895.

The Merchants Manufacturing Co'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of Four per cent. on the paid up Capital Stock, for the half-year ending December 31st, 1894, has been declared, and that cheques for same will be mailed to Shareholders on

Tuesday, the 12th of Feb. Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 4th to the 12th of February, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

WM. G. CHENEY, Sec.-Treas.

Montreal, January 16th, 1895.

The Herald JOB: DEPARTMENT

The Most Complete and Best Equipped Printing Establishment in Canada. . .

Our Machinery and Type are the Newest and Best the Market Affords. . . . . .

....PRICES MODERATE....

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION

603. Craig. Street.

AUCTION SALES.

By James Stewart & Co.

An Opportunity to Purchase a Home.

75 PARK AVENUE,

To be Sold at Auction.

We have been instructed to sell, without any reserve, this substantially built and beautifully finished Stone Front Cottage, with a frontage of 24 feet by 40 and extension, with all modern conveniences, concrete basement, Daisy furnace, etc. Lot 24 x 136. Electric cars. The sale will take place in our Real Estate Room, 178 ST. JAMES STREET,

ON TUESDAY, 29th INSTANT, At Eleven O'Clock a.m.

Possession on May 1st. Terms to suit purchaser. Permits can be had from

JAMES STEWART & CO.,
Auctioneers.

EXTENSIVE REGULAR AUCTION SALE

OF DRIVING AND WORKING HORSES.

Very stylish new "Gladstone Sleigh; handsome new Dog-cart Sleigh; several A 1 Cutters and Crachoirs. Our Pony Sleigh; new Speeding Sleigh; Carioles. Berlins, Express and Family Sleighs. Robes, Blankets, etc., etc., at

Our Depository,
No. 322 and 324 St. James Street,
On TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 29th Jany., at 2.30.

Cash advances made.

Excellent stabling for horses consigned for sale. Sales are largely attended by city and country buyers. Consignees can rely upon fair prices and prompt cash returns.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

EASTERN STATION.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Building Materials,

Wednesday, the 30th day of Jan., Inst.

AT TWO O'CLOCK P.M.

At the above date and hour, will be sold, on the premises, the building materials situate on the cadastral lots Nos. 183 St. James Ward and 161, 162, 178 and 182 East Ward, and bearing street numbers 314 Craig Street and 49 and 51 Perthius Street; 7, 7a, 9 St. Louis Street and 28, 30, 32 Perthius Street; 36 Perthius Street; 45 and 47 Champ de Mars Street; 18 and 20 St. Louis Street.

Terms—Cash on adjudication.

The materials sold to be removed immediately.

L. O. DAVID,
City Clerk.
MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY HALL, Montreal, 24th Jan., 1895.

JOHNDATE

Electric Bells,
Electric Light Wiring.
Sanitary Plumbing,
Sanitary Ware of latest makes,
Brass and Bronze Castings,
Heating Apparatus,
Drainage and Ventilation,

654 & 656 CRAIG STREET.

Purity Kisses

Sold by Leading Druggists, Grocers and Confectioners.

Montreal Corn Exchange Association.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

The Annual General Meeting of the Montreal Corn Exchange Association will be held in the Board of Trade Exchange Hall, on WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of the Committee of Management, the Board of Review and for other business. (By order.)

GEO. HADRILL, Sec,
Office Montreal Board of Trade.
Montreal Jan. 23rd, 1895.

WHY WILL YOU BUY

diluted Cod Liver Oil called **"Emulsion"** when the famous

Skrei Cod Liver Oil

pure, almost tasteless, and easily digested, can be had for half the money. The Medical Faculty write the following opinion of it:

Winnipeg, Manitoba.

I have used Campbell's SKREI Cod Liver Oil for the last ten years. I consider it the purest and most easily assimilated oil in the market to-day.

(Signed) R. B. FERGUSON, M.D.

Wholesale by

KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO.

Retail at the **MEDICAL HALL,** Colonial House, Phillips Sq.

TO LOVERS of ART.

—AN EXHIBITION OF—

SOULE'S PHOTOGRAPHS

Will be held at

CHAPMAN'S BOOK STORE,
2407 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

Sale now on for a few days only.

FLATS TO LET

Light on Four Sides.
With heat and steam power.
In our new Building,

178-180 Inspector St.

TROY STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

OPERA FRANCAIS

Edmond Hardy, Manager

Week of January 28th.

Monday—**"Les Trois Chapeaux,"** comedy, and a monologue by M. Debrigny. Matinee prices.

Tuesday (gala night—**"Rip-Rip,"** Planquette's gay and tuneful opera. Benefit of M. Fetis. Intermission by Mmes. Bouit and Degoyon, prime donne; and by Melle. Miller and M. Fetis.

Wednesday (special matinee)—**"Si J'etais Roi,"** Adam's opera in 3 acts, with two prime donne. Evening prices of admission.

Wednesday night—**"Le Proces Veaux-dieux,"** comedy in 3 acts, at matinee prices.

Thursday (gala night) and Saturday—An operetta in one act and **"Les Crochets du Pere Martin,"** drama in 3 acts.

Friday—**"Rip-Rip,"** opera in 3 acts. Melle. Degoyon, prima donna.

Saturday matinee—**"Le Petit Duc,"** opera in 3 acts. Mme. Bouit, prima donna.

Scale of prices—Ordinary evenings, 25c, 40c, 50c, 60c and 75c. Gala nights, 25c, 50c, 60c, 75c and $1. Matinee prices, 20c, 25c, 30c, 40c, and 50c. Box office at Hardy's Music Store, 1637 Notre Dame, and at Theatre Lobby.

EDEN MUSEE.

Monument National Building,
206 St. Lawrence Main Street.
HARRY SNYDER, Manager.

The Living Pictures an assured success. Entire change of programme Saturday, January 26th.

New Comedies, New Performers, New Songs and Dances, together with New Tableaux in the Living Pictures.

Continuous Performance from 1 p. m., to 11 p. m.

No extra charge for the Art Gallery, where will be found the finest collection of Religious and Historical Tableaux in Wax on the American Continent. Art Gallery open on Sunday from 1 p. m., to 10 p. m.

10 cents—Admission to all—10 cents

PRINCE ARTHUR RINK

St. Famille Street and Pine.

—COME AND ENJOY—

THE FINEST SKATING IN MONTREAL

Open Afternoons and Evenings.
Season Tickets at Rink Office.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

A. ROY MACDONALD, Jr.
ESTABLISHED 1842.

QUEEN'S HALL, 2221 St. Catherine Street.

Under continued patronage of Their Excellencies, the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen. Instructor to their family, assisted by my clerks as former years.

Beginners classes for ladies and gentlemen, evenings. Juvenile classes meet afternoons, two daily. Private lessons, private classes, fancy and character.

There is plenty of time to learn well this season. Telephone 4177.

Grand Domino Assembly, Tuesday, 29th
Dominoes to Rent.
Admission, 75c per couple.

ART ASSOCIATION

PHILLIPS SQUARE

SHOP TO LET.

On St. Catherine Street, Next door to John Watson's.

Rent, $400 and taxes. Heated.

Apply to Secretary, at the Gallery.

VOSBURGH & SPRINGLE,

DENTISTS,
947 Dorchester Street.—Telephone 3683.
Sun Life Building.—Telephone 2239
J. BARKER VOSBURGH, L.D.S.
J. H. SPRINGLE, D.D.S.L.D

The... Society of Arts

1666 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

Next Distribution of Paintings...

30th Jan., 1895.

Price of Scrips, 25c and 10c.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of NARCISSE VERMETTE, Manufacturer, of the City of Montreal.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction,
On Thursday, the 31st January, 1895
At Eleven o'clock a.m.

At the office of Charles Desmarteau, No. 1639 Notre Dame, the following immovables belonging to the Estate, to wit;

Carriere and St. Hubert Streets.

1. Two lots of land situate, lying and being in the Town of Cote St. Louis and known and distinguished as Nos. twenty-two and twenty-four upon the sub-division plan of lot No. seven (7—22 and 24) upon the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated village of Cote St. Louis, said lot No. twenty-four (24) being in rear of part of said lot No. twenty-two (22); and bounded said lots as follows, to wit: In front to the southeast by Carriere Street, in rear to the northwest partly by a lane in common and partly by a lot sub-division No. twenty-five (25) of said official No. seven (7) on said official plan, to the northeast by sub-division lot No. twenty-three (23) and to the southwest partly by sub-division lot No. four (4) and partly by said lane, on said official plan, with the buildings thereon erected, and as the whole now subsists, and with all the machineries and appurtenances and accessories therein contained.

2. Three lots of land respectively known and distinguished as Nos. twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven upon the subdivision plan of lot No. seven (7-25, 26 and 27) upon the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated village of Cote St. Louis, County of Hochelaga, with buildings thereon erected.

3. Two lots of land respectively known and distinguished as Nos. twenty-eight and twenty-nine upon the subdivision plan of lot No. seven (7-28 and 29) upon the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated village of Cote St. Louis, County of Hochelaga, with buildings thereon erected.

4. One lot of land known and distinguished as No. thirty upon the subdivision plan of lot No. seven (7-30) upon the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated village of Cote St. Louis, County of Hochelaga.

5. Six lots of land respectively known and distinguished as Nos. thirty-one, thirty-two thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six upon the subdivision plan of lot No. seven (7-31, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36) upon the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated village of Cote St. Louis County of Hochelaga.

Public Road, Cote Visitation.

6. A lot of land facing on the public road and known and distinguished as No. One Hundred and Seventy-four (174) upon the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated Village of Cote Visitation, in the County of Hochelaga, with a Stone House and dependences thereon erected.

This sale shall be subject to mortgages and all other charges which may affect said immovables on the day of the sale.

For all information apply to

CHAS. DESMARTEAU, Curator,
1593 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

RETALIATION PROPOSED.

To Prevent Americans Coming into Canada to Work for Low Wages.

Welland, Ont., Jan. 26.—The county council on motion of the reeves of Fort Erie and International Bridge unanimously adopted a resolution to memorialize Parliament to enact an alien labor law. The resolution is as follows: That in view of the general depression existing at present among the laboring classes and mechanics in this Canada of ours, and of the fact that Canadians are rigidly excluded from employment in the neighboring Republic of the United States without first declaring the intention of becoming citizens of that State and the fact that large numbers of workingmen and mechanics are continually coming from the neighboring State to work in Canada at starvation wages, thus shutting off our own citizens from their means of subsistence, therefore be it resolved that this council memorialize the Dominion Government to enact such legislation upon this subject as shall preserve Canadian labor for Canadian citizens.

WILL DISQUALIFY SMYTH.

His Bond for a Kingston Liquor Merchant Sufficient to do it.

(Special to the Herald.)

Kingston, Jan. 27.—If Dr. Smyth, Q.C., opposing Hon. W. Harty, is elected as Kingston's representative to the Ontario Legislature he will not be eligible for the office, because he has violated a section of the act respecting the representation of the people in the Legislature. This section reads to the effect that no person executing any contract or agreement with Her Majesty with respect to the public service of Ontario, or under which any public money of Ontario is to be paid for any service or work, shall be eligible as a member of the Legislative Assembly, nor shall he sit or vote in the same.

On Jan. 13 Dr. Smythe executed a contract or agreement with Her Majesty the Queen, and the same was sent to the License Department at Toronto, where it is on file, and is now in full force and effect. Dr. Smyth is held in the sum of $100 as one of the bondsmen for G. M. Wilkinson and Son, wholesale liquor merchants, in the matter of their securing a license. If the doctor is elected and sits in the Ontario House, he will do so under a penalty of $2,000 per day.

The legal opinions have only just come out or the disqualification would have been raised at the nomination, when the doctor could have retired. Eminent legal authority at Toronto to whom the question has been submitted, has unhesitatingly pronounced Doctor Smyth disqualified, and the Attorney-General concurs in this opinion.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Charley's Aunt" will undoubtedly make a big sensation here at the Queen's Theatre next week. It is one of the funniest farce comedies ever written, and has won enthusiastic success wherever presented. The plot turns on the escapades of a couple of college students who give a luncheon in their rooms to a couple of young ladies, at which the aunt of one of the young men is expected to act as a chaperone. She fails to arrive, however; a smooth faced student is dressed up as a woman to take her place. From this as a starting point spring a great series of laughable situations.

"THE TORNADO."

One of the greatest scenes in "The Tornado" which opens a week's engagement at the Theatre Royal commencing to-day with the usual matinee is the one in which six old tars are shown clinging to the yardarm of a ship and shortening sail, while the mast sways from side to side with the roll of the vessel, vivid flashes of lightning illuminate the scene, and one is in constant fear of seeing a sailor either blown away or fall to the deck forty feet below. One forgets they are in a theatre, and for the instant all is reality. Incidental to the piece a number of high class specialties are introduced by different members of the company which is a strong one, and a rare treat is in store for the patrons of the above popular theatre, during this week.

Jacques Cartier Typographical Union.

Jacques Cartier Typographical Union No. 146 held its regular monthly meeting Saturday evening. At the last regular meeting a resolution was adopted granting an amnesty to all printers who have allowed themselves to fall in arrears with the Union and reducing the price of admission to 50 cents. About forty applications were received for admission under these conditions, and it was resolved to extend the delay for making application to benefit by the amnesty until the next regular meeting.

The whole of the evening was spent in angry discussion over an anonymous circular in which it was charged that Jacques-Cartier Union had fallen into the hands of men who were the paid tools of a political party. Compositor Bougeon, an old country Frenchman, who declared that he had written the circular, was ordered to leave the hall by a resolution of the meeting. The order was obeyed.

Quebec Gazette Notices.

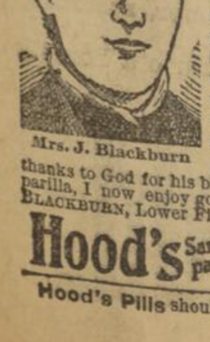
Enoch James, contractor; Edouard Bernier, metal worker; Frederick Francis Powell, roofer; Joseph Gustave Duquette, roofer; Thomas Henry Love, merchant; Samuel Burne, accountant, all of the city of Montreal, are applying for incorporation under the name of the Montreal Roofing Company with a capital of $150,000.

Frederick Cushing, manufacturer; John Henry Chapman, merchant: Thomas Cushing, brewer; O'Hara Baynes, notary public, of Montreal, and Matthew Pollock Cochrane, agent, of Denver, Colorado, are applying for incorporation under the name of the Montreal Silver Truss Company with a capital of $10,000.

Letters patent have been issued incorporating Louis H. Tache, advocate; Joseph O. C. Mignault, Ernest Belanger, Edouard Charles Amos, all three civil engineers, and Charles de Bellefeuille Macdonald, gentleman, all of the city of Montreal, under the name of the Stadacona Water, Light and Power Company, with a capital of $40,000.

Every Bone

In my body ached with the dreadful **Rheumatism** which followed a severe cold. My sufferings were awful. I could not dress myself or comb my hair. My husband had to carry me up and down stairs. I was scarcely able to nurse my little one. Within two weeks after I began taking **Hood's Sarsaparilla**, I felt better. Shortly I was able to walk up and down stairs without help and finally **I was cured.** My friends thought I was going to be a cripple, but thanks to God for his blessing on Hood's Sarsaparilla, I now enjoy good health. MRS. JOHN BLACKBURN, Lower Five Islands, Nova Scotia.



Mrs. J. Blackburn

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills should be in every household.

AT THE MOORE HOUSE.

Visit of the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen since taking up their temporary residence in Montreal have become very popular through the great interest they have taken in all charitable institutions and works of that nature. Much of their time has been taken up in visiting establishments and their patronage has, in many cases taken the practical form of liberal aid. Saturday afternoon the Vice-Regal party visited the Moore Convalescent Home at Longue Pointe. Notwithstanding the extremely inclement weather there were many friends and supporters of the Home present and a cordial reception was given Their Excellencies. Everything at this pleasant retreat for poor convalescents was beautifully clean, neat and orderly and the comfort of the family of old people to whom the institution is a home was calculated to give the greatest pleasure to the visitors. The little hall which is on Sundays used for a chapel was neatly decorated with flags and flowers and to a slightly raised dias in the centre Their Excellencies were conducted upon their arrival while the National Anthem was sung. The Bishop of Montreal and Mr. A. F. Gault occupied the platform with Lord and Lady Aberdeen. Among others present were: Messrs. Moses Parker, Jas. Wilson, jr., Charles Alexander, D. McMillan, Rev. J. F. Renaud, Rev. Wm. Hall, Rev. Jas. Paterson, S. Finley, James Coristine, Rev. E. McManus, Geo. F. Richards, James Moore, Dr. McPhail, and Dr. Finnie, medical advisers to the Home, David Morrice, Geoffrey H. Burland, Wm. Francis, Robert Forsythe and others. There were as well many ladies present.

Mr. Charles Alexander presented His Excellency with a beautifully illuminated address expressive of the pleasure which it gave the management of the Home to receive such distinguished visitors. The work of the institution, which consisted of the old Molson building and the new Robert Moore wing was described. The work is in connection with the House of Industry and Refuge on Dorchester Street and has had the support of many of the charitably inclined of Montreal. The work of the ladies who encourage self help by providing sewing for the inmates was mentioned. Sales of this work take place annually and care is always taken that the occupants of the city lodging get a liberal share of the garments made.

His Excellency replied that the greeting which had been given him was one long to be remembered. By speaking thus he did not use the expression as merely a commonplace one but as it expressed h,s sincere feeling. "This is a work which has the support of that Christian co-operation which is always so appreciable" said he. Referring to the employment furnished by the ladies, he praised it as giving a feeling of self-respect always so admirable in an institution of the kind. In speaking of the illuminated address His Excellency expressed his admiration of the beautiful work. He had received them before and was a judge of such things. It gave him particular pleasure as it contained reference to his family and contained his family coat of arms, with their motto, "Fortuna Sequatur." He trusted that the motto would always be applicable to the institution. He wished to speak his strong appreciation of the work and he had no doubt but that Lady Aberdeen would be pleased to open the bazaar of the co-adjutor work which it was the intention to hold.

Mr. A. F. Gault presented His Excellency on behalf of the committee and President Alexander with a bound copy containing last year's reports of the institution. The party then visited the ward, shaking hands with all the inmates and saying cheering and pleasant words to the aged and afflicted.

The Herald Office will be open every night till ten o'clock, and on Sunday evenings from eight till ten o'clock to receive advertisements for the morning issue. Ads after that hour should be handed into the editorial department where they will receive proper attention.

"Plunger" Walton and Riley Grannan.

Colonel Tom Ochiltree says Riley Grannan does not compare as a turf gambler with Plunger Theodore Walton, once famous on the American and English turf. "Last summer when the papers were all giving so much attention to the fact that young Riley Grannan had bet $60,000 on Henry of Navarre against Domino," says Ochiltree, "I couldn't help thinking what a 'piker' Grannan was compared with Walton. I was in England the year Foxhall won the Cesarewitch, the Cambridgeshire and the Grand Prix, and I know that Walton won $800,000 on these three events alone. His total winnings that season were $1,300,000. Why, he was the greatest bettor the turf ever had. He bet all the big bookmakers over there to a standstill." Mr. Walton is now a portly, well preserved, middle aged man, and he has long since given up sport of all kinds to manage a summer hotel which he owns at a watering place.

FOR SALE.
One Cent a Word.

DRY KINDLING WOOD
Large Loads—$2.00.
HENDERSON BROS., 344 William St.
Telephone 8211.

FOR SALE—RIGHTS TO USE IN THE Dominion of Canada for a royalty, the process, covered by letters patent, No. 17,590, granted 5th September, 1883, to Marshall J. Allan and William E. Bradley, of improvements on the art or process of making whisky. Apply to Frankford Whiskey Process Co., R. L. Murchison, Atty., 801 New York Life Building, 11 Place d'Armes Square, Montreal.

FOR SALE —FOR THE MILLION, KILN-dried kindling wood, $2; cut maple, $2.50 tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, stove lengths, $1.50 per load delivered. J. C. Macdiarmid & Co., corner St. James and Guy Streets. Tel. 8110.

FOR SALE—GLADSTONE—FINE PORTrait 18 by 24 inches, of England's ex-Premier. Price 10c by mail or otherwise. Montreal Herald Office, 603 Craig Street.

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS OF RULES, TAIlors' and dressmakers' squares, also all kind of rules and measuring squares, at 50 cents each. Address Box 249 L, Herald

AGENTS WANTED.
One Cent a Word.

WANTED—LOCAL AND TRAVELLING salesmen to handle our hardy Canadian grown nursery stock. We guarantee satisfaction to representatives and customers. Largest growers of high grade stock. Over 700 acres under cultivation. No substitution in orders. Exclusive territory and liberal terms to whole or part time agents. Write us. Stone and Wellington, Montreal, Que. J. W. Beale manager. Mention Herald. 401

WANTED—MEN TO CANVASS MONTreal with full line of Mill and Engineers supplies. Liberal terms to the right man. Address Dominion Metallic Packing Co. Hamilton, Ont.

WANTED — AGENTS — EITHER SEX— We are now ready for the fall trade, the harvest for agents, with the finest line of specialties ever sold in Canada; our terms are the most liberal yet offered; are you an old agent? if so, here you are; are you out of a position and in need of money? then apply to us; no capital needed. Clauss, Shean Co., Toronto.

REAL ESTATE COLUMN

PROPERTY FOR SALE.
One Cent a Word.

For Sale by John A. Tees & Co.

HOUSES FOR SALE—

Victoria Avenue, Westmount—Double cottage; $3,500; small cash payment required.

Lewis Avenue, Westmount—Self-contained; cottage; brick; 7 rooms; Daisy furnace; $3,600.

Gladstone Avenue, Westmount—Stone cottage: 9 rooms; everything modern: $5,000.

Coursol Street—Stone house; 8 rooms; cement cellar; Daisy furnace; $4,500.

University Street, opposite English Cathedral—Brick house, in thorough repair; $8,000.
JOHN A. TEES & CO.,
26 Board of Trade Building.

C. C. Snowdon's List.

55 CLANDEBOYE AVENUE, A new modern house 6 bedrooms, double parlor, separate dining room, extension kitchen, terms and price an inducement.

19 SEYMOUR AVENUE, MODERN NEW house, everything first-class, extension kitchen.

4266 DORCHESTER STREET, NEW modern house, granite and cut stone front. House, 25 x 60, lot 130 feet deep, extension kitchen, stone steps.

443 ELM AVENUE, NEW MODERN sandstone House, nicely laid out, extension kitchen.

489 AND 491 ELM AVENUE, STONE front, modern, a bargain.

56 TO 78 WALKER STREET, NEW tenements (12), solid brick, all rented, paying 10 per cent clear.

15 ACRES VACANT PROPERTY NEAR Monklands, at a bargain, cash or exchange.

2 LOTS SANGUINET STREET, JUST above St. Louis Park. 24 x 73.

2 LOTS ELM AVENUE, FOUNDATIONS built for two houses, very cheap.

2 LOTS ON LUKE STREET, 55 x 155. Price, 75c.

1 LOT MARK STREET, 24 x 110.

1 LOT MARK STREET, 24 x 80, LANE AT side, situated 100 feet from Dorchester Street.

11 SEYMOUR AVENUE, MODERN NEW house, everything first-class; cotton wood finish; extention kitchen: $5,000 can remain at 5 per cent.

4486, 4488 ST. CATHERINE STREET, two solid brick double houses, offered for price of the land. Taxes water, half city rates.
C. C. SNOWDON,
28 67a Temple Building.

Estate Late J. S. Evans.

FOR SALE—STANLEY HALL, ST. MAURice Street, 100½ feet in front by 123 feet in depth.

McGILL STREET, STORES, NOS. 142, 146, 148, 60 feet front by 120 feet in depth.

ST. PETER STREET, STORE, NO. 57, AND store in Evans Court.

ST. MAURICE STREET, HOUSE, NO. 41.

ST. HENRY STREET, VACANT LOT,

"ROSE PRE," No. 1080 DORCHESTER Street, AND 97,700 feet of land.

UNIVERSITY STREET, NOS. 249, 251, 253, 255.

UNDERHILL PLACE, NOS. 3-4, TWO Cottages, and vacant lot.

LAKE VIEW BANK FARM, ON THE Lower Lachine road, about 95 acres, subdivided into building lots.

FARM IN THE VILLAGE OF LACHINE, about 45 acres.

FARM AT COTE ST. LOUIS, ABOUT 26 arpents.

OUTREMONT, A LOT OF LAND, FIVE acres, with a frontage of 606 feet on the highway.

PLANS CAN BE SEEN AT OUR OFFICE.

APPLY TO THE EXECUTORS OF THE late
J. S. EVANS,
No. 1862, Notre Dame Street. 28

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.
One Cent a Word.

John Morris' List.

PANTALEON ST.—THREE CHOICE LOTS, near Sherbrooke Street, each 22 x 60, with 17 foot lane.

SANGUINET ST.—TWO FINE LOTS NEXT St. Louis Park, each 24 x 73; also lots on same street 24 x 70.

ST. DENIS ST.—ONE LOT FOR SALE next Roy Street, 25 x 95; also two lots below Marianne Street, 25 x 100 each.

ST. URBAIN STREET—NEXT RACHEL Street, lot size 61x117, good situation for building flats.

ESPLANADE AVENUE—2 FINE LOTS, each 25x84; no lane.

ST. HUBERT STREET—1 LOT 25x109.9 first lot above Cherrier Street; also on opposite side of street, 1 lot 25x129 to St. Christophe Street.

PANTALEON STREET — FIRST LOT above Prince Arthur Street, 3 small lots, each 24.6x47.6, wide lane in rear.
JOHN MORRIS,
25 126 St. James Street.

MONEY TO LOAN.
One Cent a Word.

MONEY LOANED—ON SQUARE AND Upright Pianos. Apply to 446 St. James Street. Telephone twenty forty-five. 28

$25 to $20,000 ADVANCED TO REsponsible borrowers; short dated notes, discounted, mortgages effected on town and country properties. Emblem Bros., Financial Agents, 38 St. Vincent Street, Montreal. 28

TO LET.
One Cent a Word.

TO LET—A RARE CHANCE! ONE OF of the best stands in the city for either a first class Tailor, Grocer and Provision Merchant, Confectioner, Dry Goods, Druggist, Restaurant, etc., known as "Clarke's Bazaar," No. 70 Beaver Hall Hill. The store is 106 feet deep, is well lighted, has an entrance in the rear as well, and is beautifully finished. Being in the best residential portion of the city the above presents a rare opportunity to any one with a moderate capital to do a very large and lucrative business. For particulars apply at "Clarke's Bazaar," 70 Beaver Hall Hill.

TO LET—ON ROSEMOUNT AVENUE, Cote St. Antoine, two desirable houses, possession immediately or on 1st May. Apply at No. 27 Rosemount Avenue for key and all particulars. 24

TO LET—UNITY HALL, MONTREAL, South, new seating capacity for 250 persons well lighted, heated and furnished with a fine piano, most desirable for snowshoe and other parties during winter. Inspection and further information on application to Wm. King, Secretary, Montreal South.

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—A SMALL SELF-CONTAINED cottage in Cote St. Antoine, for 1st May, Address Cottage, Herald Office. 28

PUPILS WANTED.
1-2 Cent a Word.

WANTED — PUPILS FOR PIANO BY experienced teacher. Apply Box 194 k, Herald.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.
One Cent a Word.

SAFE EXCHANGE—THIRTY NEW AND second hand safes, cheap. Will exchange. Repair or buy your safe. S. S. Kimball, 577 Craig Street. 28

GUIDE TO SUCCESSFUL SPECULATION. How to trade successfully on limited margin on grain and stock markets; mailed free. Coates and Co., Rialto Building, Chicago, Ill. 22

BUSINESS PREMISES WANTED.
One Cent a Word.

WANTED—IN CENTRAL NEIGHBORhood, building of two stories height, with basement and stable, to be used as bottling establishment. Address giving full particulars as to rent, etc., The Milwaukee Lager Beer Co., Sherbrooke, P.Q.

POPULAR WANT COLUMNS

The Herald Office will be open every night till ten o'clock, and on Sunday evenings from eight till ten o'clock, to receive advertisements for the morning issue. Ads after that hour should be handed into the Editorial Department, where they will receive proper attention.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.
1-2 Cent a Word.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE SAW MILL plant to cut 10,000 to 15,000 ft. per day, to consist of engine, saw frame, carriage, butt and edger, saws, etc., without boiler. Box 12, Herald office. 11

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, OLD NEWSpapers. Apply 12 Vaudreuil Street. 44

BUSINESS CHANCES.
One Cent a Word.

WANTED—AGENCIES FOR MANITOBA by one who travels extensively in that Province, with headquarters in Winnipeg; best of references. Address I. T., in care of Tees and Co. 24

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIence in office work, finances and books, severing his position, held for many years with a very extensive establishment, desires to obtain a position or partnership; he is willing to put in capital. For further particulars apply to C, C. Snowdon, 67A Temple Building. 23

FACTORY LOCATION WANTED—THE owners of one of the most valuable patents ever issued in Canada or the United States are desirous of corresponding with corporations, syndicates, or capitalists to arrange for the establishment of a factory which will control the markets of Ontario, Quebec, and the Northwest in a line of articles constantly in use in every house, and which yield a very handsome profit. Preference will be given to location possessing buildings ready for occupation. Employment will be given to a large number of residents. Full particulars on application. Address "Fructify," Herald Office.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED business and practical bookkeeper with a fair capital, partnership in profitable established line of trade. Address Partnership. Herald Office. 23

WANTED—OWNERS OF AN AMERIcan invention desire to meet some men with capital for the purpose of organizing a company to manufacture the same in Canada; an entire monopoly. Call at Room 112, Balmoral Hotel, Montreal. 24

FOR SALE—HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, Fruit and Cigar Stores, Groceries, Butcher Shops, on the best business streets. Some great bargains. Properties in all parts of the city. Money to loan on city property. Howe & Co., 16 St. James Street, Real Estate Agents

FOR SALE—EMBLEM BROS., 38 ST. Vincent Street, Montreal, are offering a few good hotels, saloons, candy, fruit, butchers, cigar and general stores at low figures. Buyers should consult them, as all businesses offered are open for the strictest investigation. Houses and stores to let in all parts of the city. 26

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, VENEER mill, with about twelve acres of land, in the Village of Bolton Centre, with engine, 90 horse-power, steel boilers, large lathe, cutting veneer, 72 inches wide; ample supply of good lumber in the neighborhood; mill can be utilized for other business. Also in Montreal, shafting machinery and other appliances used in the manufacture of packages, etc. Apply to W. H. White, 12 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

FOUND.
1-2 Cent Per Word.

FOUND—A LARGE ST. BERNARD DOG cream colored. If not claimed in three days will be sold. Apply No. 1 De Bresoles Street. 23

LOST.
1-2 Cent Per Word.

LOST—21ST INST., ENGLISH TERRIER (female), long ears, short tail. Box 30 O., Herald. Reward given. Any one detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted,

LOST—WHILE DRIVING, LEATHER satchel, containing two boxes cigars and five pipes, vicinity St. Francois Xavier Street. Finder well rewarded by returning to Box 80 O., Herald.

LOST—THIS MORNING ON ST. HUBERT Street, between Lagauchetiere and Craig, a pair of gold eyeglasses in a case. Liberal reward to the person who brings it back. Box 82 O., Herald.

LOST—BETWEEN 1 AND 2 O'CLOCK P.M., Jan. 24, '95, purse containing money in bills and silver; also car tickets and receipts. Finder will be rewarded. Box 237 O., Herald.

LOST—ON THURSDAY, LADY'S SILVER watch, with fob chain, on Bleury, Dorchester, Brunswick or Belmont Street, Reward. Box 119 O., Herald.

LOST—ON THE 24TH INST., BETWEEN Scroggie's and Prince Arthur Streets, a pair of lady's mink gauntlets. Reward. Box 60 O., Herald.

LOST—SATURDAY, 19TH, IN CRYSTAL Rink, lady's silver watch and chain. Box 115 o, Herald.

LOST—TAN AND WHITE COLLIE DOG, with collar and license attached. Anyone found harboring him after this notice will be prosecuted. Box 303 o, Herald.

LOST — BUCKSKIN GLOVE, BEAVER tipped, on Mill Street or vicinity. Please return to Box 111 o, Herald.

LOST — ON THURSDAY, BETWEEN Scroggie's dry goods store and the Bazaar, corner St. Catherine and Main, also St. George Street, a black purse, containing about $5.50. Finder will be rewarded. Box 89 o, Herald.

LOST—ON THURSDAY, A DARK FUR muff, lining torn. Box 88 o, Herald.

SITUATIONS VACANT—MALE.
1-2 Cent Per Word.

WANTED—A COMPETENT MAN TO fill the position of secretary and treasurer. Applications will be received until January 30th. Address Box 134N.

WANTED—A RELIABLE AND STEADY young man to take charge of my real estate office in St. Henri, one well acquainted in that locality preferred. Apply to L. O. P. Genereux, manager for R. A. Mainwaring, Real Estate and Investment Broker, 147 St. James Street. 23

WANTED — ACTIVE, RESPECTABLE persons as agents; $2 a day easily made. Apply Box 133N.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY A JUNIOR for a British Fire Insurance office. Apply, with references, in applicant's handwriting. Box 132N.

WANTED—A BOY FOR OFFICE WORK and to make himself generally useful. Must speak English and French. Box 247o Herald.

WANTED—A STRONG YOUNG MAN TO feed Campbell press. Must be good at color work. Box 246o Herald. 23

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN TO SOlicit orders in a new line of Teas. Salary and commission paid to the right men. Apply Box 131N, Herald.

WANTED—CANVASSERS FOR A DOmestic article, patented; good commission. Apply Box 129N, Herald.

WANTED — WATCHMAKER. APPLY Box 128N, Herald.

WANTED—THREE GOOD ACTIVE MEN to sell our splendid lines of teas, coffees and spices, on salary and commission. Box 127N.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A COOPER to work at pork barrels, job work. Box 126N.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 18 TO 20, for general office work. Must be good typewriter and stenographer, salary $4.00 a week. Address Box 124N.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SALESMAN for our poultry and game department. Must have good references. Box 123N Herald.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY, LIVING WITH parents. Good reference required. Box 122N Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD COPPERSMITH, must also understand steamfitting. Apply Box 181L Herald.

WANTED—AN OFFICE BOY SPEAKING both languages. Must be well recommended. Box 69L Herald.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PRESSMAN, one who understands machinery. Address Box 40m Herald.

WANTED—A TRAVELLER, EXPERIenced in hardware for the Province of Quebec. Address Box 237m, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS OFFICE Assistant for wholesale warehouse; must speak and write French. Apply in own handwriting to Box 48m, Herald.

WANTED—SMART BOY TO LEARN the jewellery trade; must speak both languages; good references required. Address Box 144m, Herald.

WANTED—AN ENGINEER FOR CORliss engine. Address Box 143m, Herald.

WANTED—TRUNK AND BAG TRAVELler for the West. Apply to Box 1.90 Herald. 23

SITUATIONS VACANT—FEMALE.
1-2 Per Word.

WANTED—APPRENTICES FOR DRESSmaking; also young girl for light housework. Box 100i Herald.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A TRAINED nurse, accustomed to surgical work, for the Samaritan Hospital. Box 54n Herald.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG GIRL AS general servant. Box 73N Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE AN ACTIVE, clean girl as general servant, willing to sleep at home. Box 25N Herald.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT; MUST be a good cook; no washing or ironing. Box 36N Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERvant to take charge of upper flat, and of two children, six and eight years' old respectively. Apply Box 144N Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL AS GENeral servant, for a family of three. The girl who secures this will have an easy place and good pay. Apply Box 81N Herald.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework for a family of three persons. Apply Box 187N, Herald.

GENERAL SERVANT—FAMILY OF TWO —good wages; send references and state experience. Drawer 14, Three Rivers, P.Q. 26

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, without washing and ironing; must furnish references. Apply Box 143N Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK. BOX 214N Herald.

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, with references. Apply Box 142N Herald

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant; must be a good cook; none other need apply; references required. Box 67N Herald.

WANTED—GIRL TO MIND CHILDREN and help around the house. Box 141N. Herald.

WANTED—WHEELER AND WILSON Sewing Machine stitchers. Box 140N Herald.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. APPLY BOX 139N Herald.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG LADY speaking French, to canvass subscriptions for the Metropolitan. Liberal commission and a good field. Apply Box 125N Herald.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT in small family; no washing. Apply Box 195N Herald.

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID. REFERences required. Apply Box 138N Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO WORK in kitchen, in gentlemen's boarding house. Must sleep at home. Apply Box 241N.

WANTED — TWO LADIES OF GOOD address, to sell our handsome lines of silverware. We pay good salary to workers. Apply Box 242N.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS COOK, WITH references. Apply Box 243N.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRLS FOR paper box department. Address Box 244N.

WANTED — RESPECTABLE GIRL AS nurse. Address Box 137N.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, SMART young girl as nurse. Address Box 136N, Herald.

WANTED—NURSE FOR TWO YOUNG children. Must be over 20 years of age and have good city references. Address Box 135N, Herald.

WANTED—A PLAIN COOK; MUST BE willing to wash, and have satisfactory city references. Address Box 66L, Herald.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. ADdress Box 61L, Herald.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GENEral servant, with or without washing. Address Box 11L, Herald.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, MUST be good cook. References required. Family of two. Address Box 60L, Herald.

WANTED—FOR A SMALL FAMILY A general servant, with references. Address Box 96L Herald.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A YOUNG girl as nurse; references required. Address Box 126L Herald.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, WITH references. No children in the house. Address Box 242L Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A GOOD GENeral servant, for a small family. Address Box 140L Herald.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, WITH city references. Address Box 84L Herald.

WANTED—A PLAIN COOK; MUST BE willing to wash, and have satisfactory city references. Address Box 11L Herald.

WANTED — AT ONCE. A STRONG active girl to wait at table and help in the house. Willing to sleep out. Apply Box 142 M Herald.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE must have good references. Apply Box 141m, Herald.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, no washing. Apply Box 29m, Herald.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, no washing. Apply Box 120m, Herald.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT IN a small family; Protestant; references required. Apply Box 250m, Herald.

WANTGD—PLAIN COOK OR GENERAL servant; also housemaid. Apply Box 229m, Herald.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, FIRST-class cook. Apply by letter, stating age, references, length of service in present or last situation, and salary required. Address Box 187L, Herald.

WANTED—A CAPABLE GENERAL SERvant to go a short distance from town. Apply Box 227m, Herald.

WANTED—A PLAIN COOK, MUST BE willing to wash and have satisfactory city references. Apply Box 199m, Herald.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED GENeral servant, with or without washing. Apply Box 176m, Herald.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework. Apply Box 147m, Herald.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant; an excellent place, nurse and housemaid kept. Protestant preferred. Apply Box 129m, Herald.

WANTED—A SMART GIRL ABOUT 16 or 18, as servant in a small family. Apply Box 34m, Herald.

WANTED — FOR A SMALL FAMILY where a nurse is kept, a general servant; must have good references. Apply Box 121m, Herald.

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT with city references; no washing. Box 182k Herald.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT FOR a small family. Must be well recommended. Box 311k Herald.

WANTED—THOROUGH GENERAL SERvant, no washing. Must have first-class references. Box 133k Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, with good city references. Apply Box 100k Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR LIGHT housework. Apply Box 230k Herald.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT, must be a good plain cook. Apply Box 102k Herald.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED HOUSE and tablemaid for a small family. Apply Box 85k Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A HOUSEMAID; one who understands her work. Apply Box 289k Herald.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT small family; no washing. Box 196k Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD, HONEST, CAPABLE girl, or woman, for general house work, in a family of five; good wages offered; references required. Address Box 116i Herald.

STORAGE.
One Cent Per Word.

STORAGE—FINE DRY STORAGE FOR Furniture or Pianos in the new Fireproof Building of the N. Y. Piano Co., 446 St. James Street. Terms moderate. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
Three Insertions Free.

WANTED—BY A GOOD COOK, SPEAKS both languages, a situation either in hotel or private house. Address 1½ Anderson Street. 24

SEWING—AT LADIES' HOMES, BY A good seamstress, can cut and fit; or can remake and turn equal to new; references. Box 40, Herald office. 23

WANTED—SITUATION, LIGHT HOUSEwork in small family, by young girl. Box 313k, Herald.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOman, light housework by the day. Apply Box 90m, Herald.

WANTED—BY A GOOD LAUNDRESS, gentlemen's and ladies' washing. Apply Box 54m, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY MIDDLE-AGED Woman, as general servant is a good plain cook; willing to leave the city; good references. Apply, 54 Burnet Street. 23

WANTED—SEWING TO DO AT HOME. Children's and babies' clothes made or ladies' underwear embroidering to do. Small remuneration. Would also do copying or addressing envelopes at home or work of any kind. Address L. Jean, care St. Lawrence Street Post Office, city.

WANTED—WORK AT DRESSMAKING and tailoring, Boys' suits and men's shirts and repairing done cheap. 147 St. Urbain. 26

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, situation as office assistant; writes a good business hand; good reference. Apply Box 118N. Herald.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PERson, a situation as general or kitchen girl. Address Box 117N Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION AS GOOD plain cook; best of city references. Apply Box 116N Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY VERY GOOD cook; thoroughly competent; first-class references. Apply Box 115N Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS RESIDENT seamstress, or would work by the day; understands dressmaking. Apply Box 114N Herald.

WANTED—BY A RELIABLE WOMAN work of any kind, 60 cents per day; cleaning or washing or scrubbing. Apply Mrs. Brodie, in rear of 36 Latour Street, upstairs, city. 26

WANTED — RESPECTABLE YOUNG person desires situation as help to lady; musical. Address Box 113N Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY DAY OR week; good references. Apply 67½ St. Antoine Street.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDdle-aged person, a situation as good plain cook; references given. Apply Box 195m, Herald.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH COOK, cooking, cleaning, day or week; also dinners, lunches or suppers. Apply Box 24m, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH LADY, A situation as companion, nursery governess or mother's help; good references. Apply Box 208m, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS GOVERness; small children preferred. Apply Box 240m, Herald.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TABLEmaid or house and tablemaid in a small family. City references. Apply 416 St. James Street. 24

WANTED—BY A RELIABLE WOMAN OF good habits, a situation as working housekeeper or general servant, with a small family. Is a good laundress. Apply at 416 St. James Street. 24

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, WASHing or scrubbing, by woman, by the day or week. Apply 12½ St. Margaret Street. 24

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND BY A widow, washing, scrubbing, and cleaning offices. Apply No. 7, in rear of No. 45 Phillip Street. 24

WANTED BY A GOOD DRESSMAKER, a permanent situation with a first-class Protestant family who has a house heated with hot water. None others need apply. Address W. X., Herald Office. 24

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
Three Insertions Free.

THE ADVERTISER OFFERS HIS SERvices gratis for one month to good boot and shoe firm requiring an energetic and experienced young man either as traveller or in warehouse. Address Calceus 13, Herald Office. 23

WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE ENglishman (35) single, indoor situation in any capacity; been used to dry goods business; references. F. H. Herald Office. 26

WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS WORKman and designer in art cabinet ware, who is connected with the best known house in Montreal for its superior furniture and workmanship, the management and superintendance of this branch of business, in any firm contemplating the opening of a department of upholstering and art furniture. Box 4 Herald. 23

ADVERTISING—IF YOU ADVERTISE you want an experienced man to attend to it for you. A young man with experience would like a situation attending to advertising or as advertising agent. Address Box 100 Herald Office. 23

WANTED—SITUATION BY A PRACTIcal man as stock fitter for boots and shoes or assistant packer. Apply 358 St. Dominique Street. 23

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, WORK to drive, or make himself generally useful in any capacity. Address Box 39, Herald Office. 33

WANTED—BY A STEADY MAN, A situation as blacksmiths' helper, driver, butcher, storeman, work of any kind; best city references. Address box 303j Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY RESPECTable youth, as office boy or junior clerk. Fair writer. Quick at figures. Apply Box 133k, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, SITUAtion as clerk: 4 years' experience in dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes. Strictly temperate. References. Address Box 102m Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man, work of any kind, driving horses or looking after boilers as fireman; has had several years' experience. Address Box 143 m, Herald.

WANTED—BY PRINTER'S OVERSEER, English (case room), news or jobbing engagement; first-class references as to character and abilities. Address Box 77m, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS MESSMAN or butler in officer's mess; experienced as such, good caterer; good recommendation from English officers. Address J.B., 213 St. Antoine Street, Montreal. 21

WANTED — TINTING, PAINTING OR whitewashing, or work of any kind. Address F.W., 74 Inspector Street. 24

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE young man, roofs to clean, furnaces promptly attended to. Address M. Shehan, 46 Chenneville Street, City. 24

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WILLING to work in any way, in store, warehouse, etc., is looking for work; best of city references. Address Box 107k, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO HOLDS best of city references and has had three years' experience, wants a situation in an office or warehouse; is a rapid, neat writer. Address Box 57k, Herald.

WANTED — WORK, BY A CONFECtioner. thoroughly understands catering. First class references. Apply Box 94 j, Herald office.

WANTED—SITUAITON, BY A YOUNG Man, willing to make himself generally useful; 2 years experience as packer and general hand in a large store. Good references from present employer. Apply to J. C. M., Hearld office. 25

WANTED—GENTLEMAN, AS CASHIER and Bookkeeper; salary, $60 and board. One who wood be willing to lend $1,000 to proprietor. For particulars address, L. Harris, 118 St. James, during business hours, or in evening at 429 St. Lawrence Street.

WANTED—WORK, BY A TINSMITH; IS a good bench hand, understands roofing and all general work in or out of town. J. Grenier, in rear of 16 Payette Street, off Seigneurs Street. 25

WANTED—YOUNG MAN (SCOTCHMAN) wishes position of any kind; good references; well used to horses; good milker. Please address Scotchman, 42 Herald Office. 24

WANTED—A YOUTH OF 16 DESIRES A situation as apprentice to the men's furnishing business; has had over a year's experience; first-class reference; has no objection to working at night; would be willing to learn printing business. Address X.Y. 10. 24

WANTED — YARDS AND LANES cleaned out; snow or rubbish carted away at low price. All kinds of carting done cheap. Address, Carter, Herald office. 25

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
Continued.

WANTED—A HANDY MAN, BRICKlayer by trade, wants steady work or odd jobs. Apply Box 120 N, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION AS CAREtakers, by widow and son; good recommendations. Box 119 N, Herald.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL GARDENER well recommended, wants work; plants potted; conservatories fixed up and taken care of. Terms low. Apply, Gardener, Herald office. 25

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man (English), as butler, valet, or thorough footman. Apply Box 194 o, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CLERK BY young man, seven years experience in boots and shoes; English and French. Good refrences; moderate salary. Box 246 o, Herald.

WANTED—By a man 32 years of age, educated French and English, knows the city right through, situation as express driver, beer driver, bread driver, or work of any kind; very handy in butcher shop or grocery store. Apply by letter to O. G., Herald Office. 24

WANTED—A GOOD PAINTER DESIRES a situation at the trade or anything that may come up. Apply J.C., 123 Herald office.

ROOMS TO LET.
1-2 Cent Per Word.

ROOMS AND BOARD—COMFORTABLY furnished rooms, also first class table board. 50 Cathcart Street. 24

ROOM—SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED ROOM for a gentlemen, with first class board. Apply Box 129 o, Herald.

ROOM—LARGE WELL FURNISHED bedroom. Box 225 o, Herald.

ROOMS—TO LET, WELL FURNISHED, warm, large rooms, with board; private. Box 28 o, Herald.

ROOMS—ONE BEDROOM AND A SITting room, or two bedrooms on bathroom flat. Modern conveniences. Private family. Box 52 o, Herald.

ROOMS—TO LET, SINGLE, FURNISHED Apply Box 236 o, Herald.

ROOMS—SUITABLE FOR A PROFESsional man. Box 196 o, Herald.

ROOMS—FURNISHED DOUBLE AND single rooms, between Victoria Street and McGill College Avenue. Box 118 o, Herald.

ROOMS—TWO LARGE FURNISHED rooms and first class board. Box 201 o Herald.

ROOM—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM for gentleman desirous of a quiet home; every convenience. No students need apply. Box 138 o Herald.

ROOMS—TWO NICE BEDROOMS, would suit either ladies or gentlemen employed out during day. Box 215 o Herald.

ROOM—FRONT DOUBLE, ELEGANTLY furnished, also small room, bathroom flat; gas; private family; no children; terms moderate. Box 199 o Herald.

ROOM — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room, heated by hot water, suitable for a married couple. Box 125 o Herald.

ROOMS—DOUBLE AND SINGLE FURnished rooms, with or without board. Box 195 o Herald.

ROOMS—FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, with fire grate, and other rooms, for gentlemen or married couple. Box 130 o Herald.

ROOMS—2 UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO let. Apply Box 121 o Herald.

ROOMS—NICELY FURNISHED, HOT water heating, modern improvements, suitable for gentlemen of quiet habits. Box 131 o, Herald.

ROOMS—TWO LARGE PARLORS, NICEly furnished, for gentleman or married couple; also two single rooms, bath flat. Box 211 o, Herald.

ROOM—LARGE FRONT BATHROOM, gas, hot water, with first class board, in private family; gentlemen only. Box 192 o, Herald.

ROOMS—WELL FURNISHED AND COMfortable, on bathroom flat, heated by hot water; good board and moderate terms. Box 143 o, Herald.

ROOMS—WELL FURNISHED FRONT and back parlor bedrooms, with good board; private English family; married couple or gentlemen. Box 148 o, Herald.

ROOMS—WELL FURNISHED, HEATED by hot water, with good board. Box 55 o, Herald.

ROOM—NICE DOUBLE ROOM, FURnished; every convenience; with or without board; English people; no children; central. Box 190 o, Herald.

ROOM—TO LET, FURNISHED, USE OF kitchen; large and warm. Box 45 o, Herald.

ROOM—NEWLY FURNISHED, BATHroom flat, suitable for one or two; sitting room if desired; every convenience; private, no boarders. Box 57 o, Herald.

ROOM—NICELY FURNISHED LARGE front room; Auer light, hot water; suitable for one or two gentlemen. Box 56 o, Herald.

ROOMS—IN PRIVATE HOUSE, UPPER flat of four rooms; well heated; unfurnished. Box 214 o, Herald.

ROOMS—NICELY FURNISHED, DOUBLE and single; with or without board; also front parlor; heated by furnace, gas, etc. Box 309 o, Herald.

ROOM — SINGLE FURNISHED ROOM with use of kitchen, for lady employed during day. Apply Box 144 o, Herald.

ROOM—SINGLE ROOM, WITH BOARD. Box 17, Herald.

BOARD AND ROOMS $2.50 PER WEEK; table board $1.50; meals at all hours; also rooms for couple with use of piano. 1447 Notre Dame, right. 23

ROOMS—A FAMILY OF TWO WOULD like to hear from a physician or dentist who would pay the rent of a house, from May 1st, in return for his rooms, board and attendance. Apply Box 208 k Herald.

ROOMS—TO LET WITH OR WITHOUT board; modern conveniences. Box 56j, Herald.

ROOM—FULL BOARD, $3.25 WEEKLY, Superior accommodation; piano; married couple preferred. 68 Victoria Street. 23

ROOMS AND BOARD—A NICE comfortable room with board, also a few table boarders wanted. Address 15 Belmont St., off Beaver Hall Hill.

ROOM—TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished rooms, at John Egger's practical Swiss watchmaker, optician and jeweller, 85 Bleury Street.

ROOMS WANTED.
1-2 Cent a Word.

WANTED—LARGE, UNFURNISHED front room for office purposes, on St. James Street, between Place D'Armes and St. Lambert Hill, State price, Apply Box 195k, Herald.

ROOMS—WANTED, 3 OR 4 NEAT FURnished rooms, including 2 bedrooms; suitable for light housekeeping; near St. Lawrence Main St. H. Snyder, Manager Eden Musee. 25

BOARD.
1-2 Cent Per Word.

BOARD—BOARDERS WANTED, NICE large rooms, warm house, good board. Box 113f Herald

DENTISTS.
One Cent a Word.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 1856 NOTRE Dame Street. Beautiful set of teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Open evenings 18

PHOTOGRAPHY.
One Cent a Word.
Rate Card for Quantities.

RICE'S STUDIO, 141 ST. PETER ST.—ELEgant photographs. Prices moderate.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.
One Cent Per Word.

SORE SHOULDERS, BROKEN KNEES, etc.—Quickly cured by "Condy's Fluid." Horses suffering from sore backs, wounds, cuts, bruises, cracked heels, thrush, grease, etc., cured in a few hours by bathing with "Condy's Fluid" diluted. It makes the hair grow where rubbed off. Of all chemists. Insist on buying "Condy's Fluid," all substitutes are inferior. Condy and Mitchell of London, England, are the sole Manufacturers of "Condy's Fluid." Veterinary book with every bottle.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SLEIGH IN GOOD order, can be used with one or two seats. Can be seen at Starr's Livery, Mansfield St. 25

FOR SALE—PRICE $250.00; WILD BRIAN by Wild Brino, 2.19¼, dark brown gelding, four years old, 15½ hands high, weighs 1,000 lbs., fine mane and tail, grand carriage, sound, city broken; will wear well; have driven him a full mile in 2.30¼; can mate him. Apply "Fleet," Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE SWEETEST road mares in Province, chestnut, handsome, clever, kind, sound, record 2.34½ this year; safe for lady; perfect gentleman's roadster. Address "Docile," Herald office.

UNION WITH CANADA

THE NEWFOUNDLAND GOVERNMENT DIVIDED ON THE QUESTION.

BYE-ELECTIONS WILL BE HELD BEFORE A POLICY IS STATED.

Insolvent Firms Compromising With Their Creditors—The Seal Fisheries.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 26.—The question of Confederation was under discussion by a Government caucus yesterday. The party is divided on the subject, but those opposing Confederation are in a minority. The Government are keeping their proposals very quiet, but it is understood tdat they are arranging for tde reception of a delegation at Ottawa shortly. They will have bye-elections before announcing their plans, fearing the result of avowing their support of confederation in some of the unstable districts. The opposition threaten to oppose the candidature of Sir William Whiteway in the Harbor-Grace district.

The subscription for relief work received from England this week are valued at £4,000.

Only six of the twenty-two steamers composing the sealing fleet have yet arranged to prosecute the seal fisheries. It is feared that others will be unable to take part. This will prevent about 5,000 men from earning for some months a livelihood for themselves and families.

The Job's compromise was ratified by the Supreme Court yesterday. It is likely that other failed firms will be similarly treated. The Court is congested with insolvency business, two or more cases being heard daily.

It is understood that the Imperial Government is very anxious that the Colony should accept a Royal Commission as abundant relief would follow if the Colony showed a disposition to do so.

AUSTRALIAN FEDERATION.

The Colonies Urged to Break Down Their Hostile Tariffs.

Melbourne, Victoria, Jan. 26.—A crowded meeting in favor of Australian Federation, was held here yesterday. The Chief Justice of Victoria, Mr. Madden, presided, and among those present were, the Premier of New South Wales, South Australia and Victoria. Mr. R. H. Reid, the Premier of New South Wales, made a speech, during which he advocated the abolition of hostile tariffs, and urged the Australian colonies to federate now before they are compelled to do so in a hurry. Much enthusiasm was displayed throughout the meeting.

THE CHICORA GIVEN UP.

Further Evidence That the Steamer is Lost—Searching for the Bodies.

Benton Harbor, Mich., Jan. 26.—The clerk's office door and one of the Chicora's boats are reported found. Reports that the steamer Petoskey had gone in search of the Chicora were false. Relatives of the lost crew have given up all hopes, and the searching parties have been sent to look for the bodies of the unfortunate men.

HE HAD AN OUTING.

Judge Desnoyers Will Say What He Will Pay for it.

Detective Jos. Gladu, of the National Secret Service brought an interesting young man before Judge Desnoyers in the Police Court Saturday. The young man in question was Wilfred Periard of 822 Cadieux Street, who returned yesterday from a New Year's vacation which he took at his employers expense and without that gentleman's consent. Periard who is 17 years of age had been employed by Orgele Rivet, grocer, Ontario Street as clerk for some time. On the 3rd instant he abstracted the funds of the business amounting to $63 cash and two cheques of $59 from the till and left. Mr. Rivet gave the case to certain detectives who after a few days reported "no results."He then gave the case to Detective Gladu. That gentleman ascertained from the boy's relatives that when he started on his New Year's trip he had stated that he was going to visit friends at St. Hilaire. He had not been seen at that place, however.

Saturday Detective Gladu again visited the lads parents and found the culprit hiding behind the bed. He made no objections to going with the detective and immediately acknowledged his crime. He gave an account of his adventures. It seems that New Years day was not made sufficiently pleasant for him, and he resolved to have some more amusement. He took his employer's funds with this intention, and bought a ticket for Portland Me., that evening. After spending some time there he bought another ticket for Chicago, and there he spent the balance of his $122. After it was gone he came back to Montreal. Saturday he pleaded guilty, and was remanded for sentence.

CHANGES IN THE MILITIA.

Ottawa, Jan. 26.—Lieut.-Col. Lazier, of Belleville, was dismissed by General Herbert some time ago. The case was ventilated in Parliament. The order of dismissal has been cancelled and now the Lieutenant-Colonel has been allowed to retire retaining rank. Besides the rescinding of the order of dismissal, there is the following: To be Lieutenant-Colonel, as a special case, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Lawrence H. Henderson, vice Lazier, retired. Major Thomas Cameron Lazier is permitted to resign his commission and to retain the rank of Major on retirement. Captain Robert Elliott Lazier is permitted to resign his commission and to retain the rank of Captain on retirement. Second Lieutenant Malcolm MacKenzie Stewart is permitted to resign his commission.

Hon. A. R. Dickey has gone to Nova Scotia.

BOYD-SOMERVILLE CASE.

The End is at Last Within Sight—Addressing the Jury.

(Special to the Herald).

Beauharnois, Que., Jan. 26.—The Boyd-Somerville case is at last nearing its end and the case may go to the jury to-night or on Monday at the latest. Mr. J. J. MacLaren, Q.C., made an able address for the defence carefully reviewing the evidence submitted to the Court. He was followed in French by Mr. L. A. Seers on the same side.

The Crown Counsel will sum up, but the judges charge may not be delivered until Monday.

A letter was received by the Court authorities here last evening from the wife of the juryman Greenway, who took ill during the first trial of the Boyd-Somerville case, announcing that he was dying, and asking for some aid.

JAPANESE REPULSED.

Their Advance Guard Beaten Back From Yung Chang.

London, Jan. 26.—A despatch to the Times from Tien-Tsin, says that the Chinese met the advance guard of the Japanese army near Yung Chang Bay on Thursday, and repulsed them. Some of the Japanese were killed. It is believed that the Japanese will bring a large force before making an attack on Wei-Hai-Wei.

A despatch from Hiogo to the Times, says that Field Marshall Count Oyama has proceeded to the Shan Tung promontory from Talien Wan to conduct the operations of the Japanese force.

A Pekin despatch to the Times states that Wang Wen Strao ex-Viceroy of Yunnan, has been appointed to assist Li Hung Chang in the superintendency of trade, thus further curtailing the latter's functions.

ACCIDENT AT ST. JOHNS.

Railway Traffic Interrupted for a Short Time.

St. Johns, Que., Jan. 26.—A somewhat serious accident occurred on the C. V. railway bridge here this morning. A freight train hauling in got stalled and was cut in two on the bridge, the forward part hauling into the yard. The conductor went back with his lamp to signal the incoming passenger train, but owing to the storm the signal was not seen, and a tail end pitchin occurred. The van and a freight car took fire and were nearly totally destroyed. The Fire Department was called out, and laying some five hundred feet of hose soon extinguished the fire. One car was upset onto the ice below, and two others derailed on the bridge. A brakeman named Aldrich, who was on top of the car, was thrown onto the ice below, and is thought to have a hip broken.

The incoming passenger trains are sidetracked at Iberville, waiting the wreck train from St. Albans to clear away the wreck.

The track was soon cleared, and traffic has been resumed. The incoming trains were held but a short time.

THE KINGSTON CONTEST.

Mr. Harty's Friends are Confident of Victory.

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 26.—Last night's heavy snow storm has dampened the ardor of the politicians somewhat, and the winding up of the campaign is not as lively as expected. Dr. Smythe and his supporters perfected their arrangements last evening. Hon. William Harty and his friends held a meeting at Portsmouth and to-night Hon. A. S. Hardy and Mr. Bowell, of Toronto, will discuss the situation in the Opera House. The supporters of the Mowat candidate claim that with their thorough organization and a Cabinet Minister as a standard bearer, the election of Hon. Mr. Harty is certain.

Perils of a Physician.

"The worst I was ever frightened," said Dr. E. D. Lucas at the Burnet, "was when called at midnight to attend a man, reported to be in a dying condition. When I reached his bedside he was dead and had been for several hours. His wife stood near seemingly calm, and when I told her that her husband was dead she said: 'He is not dead—you are a physician and must cure him. If you do not I will kill you.' I looked at her and saw that I was alone with a maniac and the corpse of her husband. I knew that I must keep my self-possession or all would be lost, and felt his pulse, leaned over him as if listening to his heart beats and finally said: 'You are right. He is not dead, but must not be disturbed; he will awaken in the morning. As soon as he awakens give him this medicine,' and I poured some drops into a glass of water. Fortunately the woman was satisfied, and allowed me to leave. It was a very narrow escape, and I felt relieved when the woman was taken to the insane asylum."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Man of Nerve.

He—I called to see you last evening.

She—Yes?

He—Yes; the servant told me you were not in.

She—Yes. I was sorry to have missed you.

He—I thought you must be. I heard you laughing upstairs in such grief-stricken tones that I almost wept myself out of sympathy.—Detroit Free Press.

History of Little Tommy's Case.

6.30 a.m.—Tommy arises.

6.35—He complains of a headache.

7—Quite sick, but able to eat a hearty breakfast.

7.30—Getting worse very rapidly.

8—He develops signs of fever.

8.15—Complications of toothache and sore throat.

8.45—He fears he will die.

9 (school time)fillHigh fever, aches all over, and sobbing with pain.

9.15—Little Tommy is out in the yard wrestling merrily with the neighbor's boy.—Chicago Record.

In Prison.

God pity the wretched prisoners
In their lonely cells today.
Whatever the sins that tripped them,
God pity them, still, I say.

Only a strip of sunshine,
Cleft by rusty bars,
Only a patch of azure,
Only a cluster of stars.

Only a barren future
To starve their hope upon,
Only stinging memories
Of love and honor gone.

Only scorn from women,
Only hate from men,
Only remorse to whisper
Of a life that might have been.

Once they were little children,
And perhaps their unstained feet
Were led by a gentle mother
Toward the golden street.

Therefore, if in life's forest
They since have lost their way,
For the sake of her who loved them,
God pity them, still, I say.

—May Riley Smith.

Dr. L. Hamilton.

The doctor who pulled the old ameer of Afghanistan through his late illness is a young lady of Ayrshire, Scotland—Dr. L. Hamilton, who took her medical degree three years ago in Brussels and practiced in Calcutta before she went to Afghanistan. She took a dangerous journey to go there and is said to have been the first white woman to visit Afghanistan. A special escort was given her. Can we not see the long procession of progressive women following fast and faster in her wake?

A Hideous Fashion.

A notable feature in the costumes of the New York women is the fact that their bonnets are worn far back on their elaborate coiffures, where they appear to hang just by one hair. It cannot be claimed that this is pretty. It is hideous. It is not becoming to the face, and a side view of the wearer is distressing. The marvel is how they keep them on at all.—New York News.

FACT, NOT FICTION.

The Story of How Reynolds' Release Was Secured by His Fiancee.

There is an idea that romance is a thing of the past, but quite a romance has been brought to light by a Herald representative in connection with the release of Darius A. Reynolds from St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. That he is now a free man instead of remaining in confinement to serve out his term of fourteen years is due to Miss Annie Bean, a Bostonian, to whom he was engaged at the time of his arrest and imprisonment. She made up her mind to save him, and she has done it, with an energy and tirelessness which could only be shown by a woman for the man she loved.

Miss Bean was visited this morning by a Herald representative, whom she received cordially. She is a handsome girl of twenty-two or thereabouts, inclined to be a brunette, with dark brown hair. She has a determined air about her, which helps to explain the persistence with which she labored for her lover's release.

When the reporter made the rather conventional remark that she must now be very happy Miss Bean glowed with pleasure. "Mr. Reynolds is now free," said she, and we will be married in a couple of weeks. We will go back to the States then, probably to Ohio, which is his native State."

"Would you mind telling the readers of the Herald of your efforts in behalf of Mr. Reynolds?" asked the reporter.

"I will be glad to do so. I have a debt of gratitude to many gentlemen in Montreal. I am more than ever convinced of the almost impossible things which can be accomplished by prominent citizens when they try. When Mr. Reynolds went to prison I made up my mind to free him, and I have done my duty, have I not?"

The reporter had to admit that she had done so, and that she deserved every credit.

"Thank you," said she, blushing prettily, "I have my reward. I looked into all the evidence at the time of the trial, but I did not really begin work till June, 1893. In that month I visited the penitentiary, and brought letters from Mr. Reynolds to the Hon. Mr. Curran, who told me I had a strong case in the face of Mrs. Myers' suit against the Accident Insurance Company. My next visit was to a lawyer, who drew up a petition for me. It took me six months to get the sixty-nine signatures to the petition, but every one of them carried weight. I got a personal letter to the Minister of Justice from Sir Donald Smith, who received me very kindly. Other gentlemen who signed the petition were Sir Adolphe Caron, Mr. T. G. Shaughnessy, and Sir Williiam Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Senator Ogilvie, Lieutenant-Colonel Whitehead, the late Mr. McIntyre, Sir Joseph Hickson, and many others. When my petition was finished in December, 1893, I sent it to Ottawa, and returned to Boston. I came back here last September, and found that the petition had been pigeon-holed, so I paid a visit to Ottawa myself. I saw Sir John Thompson, whom I found a very kind-hearted man indeed. He promised to do all he could for me, and the result was the reduction of the sentence to five years. Further representations by other friends of Mr. Reynolds, who were encouraged by what I had done, secured his final release. And, oh, I am so happy," she concluded.

Miss Bean proudly exhibited a suit of clothes made by Reynolds while in the penitentiary. She has also three picture-frames, mosaics of fancy woods, put together by him in his idle hours, and sent to her as Christmas presents each Christmas he was prison.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

Entertaining the St. Henri Council—Dramatic Entertainment at Ste. Cunegonde.

ST. HENRI

The Cerlle St. Henri has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Honorary President, T. J. Aquin, Mayor of St. Henri; first Honorary Vice-President, L. P. Itzweire; second Honorary Vice-President, Ls. Lymburner; President and Director, L. N. Senecal, re-elected; J. A. Hardy, Vice-President; J. A. D. Tougas, Secretary; T. A. Senecal, Assistant-Secretary; E. U. Lefebvre, Treasurer; J. B. D. Aquin, Manager, and Jos. Beaudin, President of the Reception Committee. The President, Mr. L. N. Senecal, on the occasion of his re-election, addressed the Club at some length, thanking them heartily for their continued confidence, and expressing the hope that this year would be one of unprecedented success.

The first meeting of the St. Henri Council since the elections was held yesterday evening. The hall was crowded with onlookers who, as is usual in St. Henri, took the greatest interest in the proceedings. The new Mayor, Mr. T. J. Aquin, presided, and there was a full gathering of the councillors. Proceedings were opened by a long speech from the Mayor, in which he made a great number of good resolutions for the future, and appealed to his fellow-workingmen for their whole-hearted support during the coming year. Ex-Mayor Dagenais was not present, but a letter was read from him re-stating his reasons for retiring from the contest for the mayoralty, and expressing the desire to serve St. Henri in the future in any matter that might call for his assistance. Both speech and letter were received with loud applause. The Council then proceeded with business which was wholly of a routine nature, after which they adjourned until this evening, in order to accept an invitation to a soiree given to the Mayor and Council and Municipal staff by Mr. L. F. Larose, real estate agent, who had provided a plentiful feast. The festivities were kept up till the smallest hours in the morning.

STE. CUNEGONDE.

A young fellow of about 22 years of age who gave his name as W. J. Willis was brought before Justice of the Peace Trudel at St. Henri yesterday morning by Grand Trunk Detective Holman on the charge of stealing rides. He was from Gananoque and was trying to beat his way back. Mr. Trudel said he had no jurisdiction and the prisoner was accordingly brought on to Montreal.

A grand soiree was given on Wednesday night at Ste. Cunegonde by Prof. Lambert de Roode, assisted by many of his students. The tragedy in four acts, "Louis XVI," was presented with marked success. The various characters were well supported by Messrs. Joseph Schiller, J. Versailles, R. Legault, and others. The orchestra was furnished by the Ste. Cunegonde Band. The audience was representative of all the best families in the neighborhood and was apparently delighted with Prof. de Roode and his clever pupils.

It is understood that a dramatic club is in process of formation here, and it is proposed that the new organization shall give a dramatic and musical seance in aid of the new "Convent des Pauvres" on next Shrove Monday or Vuesday.

BREVITIES.

Mr. W. S. Williams has made an arrangement with the shareholders of the Montreal Park and Island Railway Company. He will withdraw all pretended claims against the company with regard to stock.

HURTEAU'S PLANS.

HE WANTS A MORE OBEDIENT FINANCE COMMITTEE.

ALD. SMITH, SAVIGNAC AND M'BRIDE NOT ACCEPTABLE.

An Attempt to Retire Chairman Penny of the City Hall Committee.

According to the "Rules and Orders" of the City Council "the standing committees shall be appointed by the Council, annually, at the first monthly meeting of Febuary." No alteration has been made in the rules since they were printed in 1893, although the law governing the election of Mayor and aldermen was changed a year ago. Of course, if the point were fought out, the "rules and orders" would have to give place to the charter as amended by act of the legislature. But it is not likely that the point will be raised.

At any rate, private conferences are being held by the aldermen who usually follow the dual leadership of Aldermen Hurteau and Prefontaine; and it is presumable that committee "slates" are being discussed at these gatherings.

Ald. Beausoleil, who was the first to advocate boldly the purchase by the city of the whole plant and outfit of the Water and Power Company—it was at a meeting of the Finance Committee, at which he "happened" to be present last summer, when the Company's indebtedness to the city was being discussed—stated, in announcing his decision to retire from the chairmanship of the Health Committee, that the committes would be re-formed. Ald. Lefebvre, at the meeting of the City Hall Committee yesterday afternoon, opposed the consideration of the specifications for the tenders of the city's printing "until the new committees have been elected." Both of these gentlemen know whereof they speak.

Rumors of projected changes in the personnel of the Committees are circulating in the City Hall corridors. In addition to the changes in the composition of the Finance Committee mentioned in the Herald on Saturday last, another one is now spoken of. According to the gossip to which the private caucuses have given rise, an effort is to be made to remove from that Committee not only Ald. Wilson Smith and Savignac, but Ald. McBride as well. For the places of Ald. Wilson Smith and McBridge, Ald. Nolan and Costigan are mentioned as being more acceptable to Ald. Hurteau and Prefontaine; and Ald. Beausoleil is designated as Ald. Savignac's successor. Any one of these changes would remove from Ald. Hurteau's path the irritating obstacle of a hostile majority. If two or three changes were made he could be still better pleased; while if the three were effected his heart would rejoice greatly.

Another "reform" that is mooted is the deposition of Ald. Penny from the chairmanship of the City Hall committee, which gives out printing contracts to the extent of $20,000 a year, on an average; and the substitution for him of Ald. Turner.

Whether these rumors have any foundation in fact will be seen at the meeting of the City Council a fortnight from Monday next. Of course it is quite possible that the timely publication of them may help to upset the plans of those who are anxious for the changes indicated.

CARTERS SUMMONED.

They Broke the City's Charter—Sentence Suspended.

Superintendent Hughes was indignant Saturday.

"Its a shame," said he, "and I'll consult the City Attorney about it."

The trouble arose over Recorder De Montigny's having suspended sentence in the case of a number of carters whom the superintendent caused to be arrested yesterday for loitering on several streets in the business portion of the city in charge of vehicles.

This is an infringement of the city by-laws, which demand that all carters without loads shall keep on their allotted stands. Soliciting loads while on the best streets is unfair to those who keep the stand.

His Honor after a lecture on the subject, discharged the men on suspended sentence, and the Superintendent considers that the work of the constables was in vain. "The by-law must be enforced" said he, "and I will have it done."

The carters were: Wm. Furlong, 101 Conway Street; James Murphy, 131 Mitcheson Street; Thomas Carr, 99 Colborne Street; Robert Arnold, 637 St. Paul Street; John McMahon, 63 Amherst Street; Eli Chalifoux, St. Hypolite; John Murphy, Hutchison Street; Richard Donaldson, Murray Street; John Tuft, John Black, Conway Street.

C. M. B. A. Resolutions.

St. Anthony's Branch, No. 10, C.M.B.A., at a regular meeting adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas—It has pleased Almighty God in his infinite wisdom to call unto himself the father of our esteemed parish priest, Rev. J. E. Donnelly;

Resolved—That in this act of Providence the branch recognizes the hand of the Great Father of the universe and bows in humble submission to his mandate.

Resolved—That the heartfelt sympathy of this branch be extended to he who has been a most kind father to us all, in this hour of bereavement.

Resolved—That these resolutions be entered on the records of this branch, and a copy be presented to the Reverend Father.

Old Fashioned Tea Cake.

This is an excellent receipt for an old-fashioned tea-cake which is still very popular in New England: One quart of flour, four eggs, one-half cup of melted butter, one cup of warm milk, half an yeast cake, one-half teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water. Beat the eggs to a stiff froth; add the milk, butter, soda and a little salt. Stir the flour to a smooth batter and beat the yeast in well; set to rise in a buttered dish, in which it must be baked and sent to table. Let it rise six hours. Bake steadily three-quarters of an hour.—February Ladies' Home Journal.

Free Speech Limitations.

Teacher—One of the inalienable rights of Americans is free speech. Do you know what that means?

Boy—Yes'm; freedom to say what yeh like to any one you can lick.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Father Philippe Shelphant has been appointed parish priest of St. Ann's Parish by His Grace Archbishop Fabre.

Mrs. H. LeLovelace Greglistine, widow of the late Mr. Greglistine, agent of the L. W. Railway, and well known in connection with the G. T. R. Audit Department, is the guest of Mrs. John H. Garth.

Sherbrooke House, Sherbrooke, P.Q., is the best hotel between Portland and Montreal. Everything new.

Hotel Victoria, Quebec. The most centrally situated hotel in the city. Fine large sample rooms. First-class in every respect.

The Russell, Ottawa

One of the leading hotels of the Dominion. Unsurpassed in appointments and cuisine. The banqueting place of Ottawa, and the resort of tourists.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Tobias, Neb., Jan. 26.—W. J. Zeirhut, cashier of the State Bank of Milligan, a small town southeast of Fairmont, has fled. He is short in his accounts, but the amount is not yet known.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 26.—The fertilizer plant of E. Raugh and Son, near this city has been destroyed by fire. Loss is $50,000; no insurance. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin.

Dieppe, France, Jan. 26.—The British bark Annie Stafford, Captain Perry, which arrived here from Philadelphia on Dec. 17, and which was bound back to that port with a cargo of flints, is on fire. She is being scuttled by the port authorities.

London, Jan. 26.—A despatch to the Chronicle from Vienna, says that the relations of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria with Austria, are becoming worse and worse. Rumors are afloat that a conspiracy exists to depose him.

Massowah, Egypt, Jan. 26.—A grand reception was given here to the troops of General Barattiteri, who were met at the railroad station, on their return from campaigning against the Abyssinians, by the garrison of Massowah, and by almost the entire populace.

Syracuse, N.Y., Jan. 26.—Robert Fitzsimmons, under indictment here for the killing of Con. Riodan, will appear to answer on Monday. He will be defended by E. M. Friend, of Friend and House, New York, who will be also present at that time. The case will be set down for trial within two weeks. Fitzsimmons is now in St. Louis, but will leave for Syracuse to-night.

Quebec, Jan. 26.—There was a meeting of the Law Faculty of Laval University to-day under the presidency of Hon. F. Langelier. The matter of the frequent failures at the Bar examinations was taken up, and it was finally decided that the faculty would endeavor to take means to render examinations more efficacious, and that Attorney-General Casgrain, Judge Routhier and Mr. Langelier be a committee to see the professors of Laval University, Montreal, and McGill on the subject.

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NEW YORK POLICE.

Albany, N.Y., Jan. 26.—In the Senate, Senator Canter presented his minority report on the findings of the Lexow Committee. He recommends that there be a single head for the New York Police Department, appointed by the Mayor and the separating of the bureau of elections from the Police Deoartment proper. This, he thinks, would give to the people a police department removed from political influence, and effective for the performance of its duties.

Five Years at Hard Labor.

Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 25.—William N. Roseman, jr., who embezzled $10,000 from the National Hudson River Bank, of this city, was this morning sentenced by Justice Fursman, in the Circuit Court here to five years at hard labor, in Dannemore prison. Rossman pleaded guilty to the indictment found against him, when arraigned and asked the mercy of the court.

A Delicate Distinction.

"Did you say you wanted Shakespeare's works?" asked the book store clerk.

"No," reply the haughty girl, "I want his plays."—Washington Star.

Poor Digestion.

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic Dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's for Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

Accident at North Sydney.

North Sydney, B.C., Jan. 26.—It is reported that a first class car on the D. C. Railway skipped the rails outside of Sydney. One man was badly hurt and was taken to Glace Bay.

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Teeth That Will Bite.

Artificial teeth of the very best make inserted at lowest cost. Painless extraction. Partial or full sets of teeth. Examination free. A. S. Brosseau, L.D.S., 7 St. Lawrence Street.

The "Splendid Pauper" Cyclist.

We read that a bicyclist was romping merrily along when he met a fire engine on the warpath. Somebody, of course, had to get on one side, but as a bicyclist isn't to be out-bicycled and the illiterate fire engine did not get out of the way in time, it was run into and there was a pretty tough collision.

One of the horses was badly hurt, a couple of firemen were thrown into the gutter, and the very disobliging engine overturned, but the hero of bicycling fame fortunately escaped unhurt, while his machine was slightly scratched. One of these days a reckless bicyclist will go careening along a railway line, and if he should by cruel fate run into an express train full of excursionists the carnage will be fearful.

A law should be passed compelling fire engines and locomotives to keep out of the way of the "wheel."

The Soil of Graveyards.

An examination of the soil of graveyards made by Dr. James B. Young, Edinburgh Royal Society, shows that it does not materially differ, as regards the amount of organic matter it contains, from ordinary soil.

A Retort Courteous.

"Charles, you must do what I tell you. When I was a little child like you I was always good and obedient." "I'm glad to know that, mamma, and you may be sure that I'll say the same thing to my children when I have any."

Where Wigs Come From.

China exports $460,000 worth of human hair every year. It comes mostly from the heads of criminals, paupers and dead people.

He Changed His Color.

Ebenezer Long, of Manlona, Fla., was born perfectly black some 64 years ago. He is now as white as any white man in the country.

A Hint to the Ladies.

To prevent wrinkles the ladies of the court of Catherine de Medici wore a forehead cloth tightly bound on their heads.

M'GILL'S RECEPTION

To the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen.

Beauty, fashion and culture reigned at the Peter Redpath Museum Saturday night. The occasion was a reception to Their Excellencies tendered by McGill University. The event was neither more nor less sparkling than the many at other places which have preceded it, the same conventional lines of dignitaries and social rulers smiling upon the same parallel lines of fairest women, moving about the magnificent museum to the steps of a rattling march of Gruenwald's Orchestra or the jolly songs of McGill Glee Club.

The night outside was of a chilly, stormy, insinuating sort. Stalwart policemen stood at the door of the well-lighted museum, knocked their heels against the porch, whipped the blood into their fingers, and kept away loiterers who by chance stood about for a single glimpse of the aristocracy passing to the promenade of fashion upon the inside. The reception was brilliant because it was conceived and executed with the lavishness of hands that know the touch of millions. It was just 9.30 o'clock when Their Excellencies, Lord and Lady Aberdeen walked up the carpeted steps, and were received by the following committee: Mr. and Mrs. J. H. R. Molson, Dr. and Mrs. Johnson, Sir Joseph and Lady Hickson, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Finley. Over one thousand invitations to a special list of college friends were sent out, and the response was generous and necessarily select. Dashing coteries and pleasing parties of youth and beauty filed about the spacious building, before the homage of buzzing admiration from the hundreds. Treasures from the loom, rare and abundant roses, making the air redolent with fragrance: diamonds and precious stones in all the setting that art suggests to the modern jewellers, in short nearly all that art could fashion, money buy or nature contribute massed into one array of color to blot out the record of the glorious Solomon. The gossip and chit-chat of the gathering, usual at one so much of the conversazione type, was rededicated to the cult of College music, and the Glee Club delighted everyone. Refreshments were served during the evening. The tendency to entertain Their Excellencies reached a superlative expression. At 10.30 the shortlived spectacle of splendor was all over, and one of the richest and most beautiful pageants of pleasantry in the Vice-Regal calendar was a thing of the past, leaving behind memories as unfading as the sky.

"We are in receipt to-day of a copy of a special edition of Copp, Clark and Co's. Canadian Almanac for 1895, printed for the enterprising corporation of H. H. Warner and Co., Ltd., of London, England, who are now the sole proprietors of 'Warner's Safe Cure.' It is full of valuable information, and reflects credit on the publishers as well as on the enterprise of the English Company."

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LIVERPOOL, LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Canada Board of Directors:

HON. HENRY STARNES, - - - Chairman.
Edmond J. Barbeau, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
W. J. Buchanan, Esq., A. F. Gault, Esq.
Sam'l. Finley, Esq.
Amount Invested in Canada, $ 1,356,000
Available Assets, - - - 53,169,133

MERCANTILE RISKS accepted at lowest current rates.

Churches, Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates.

Special attention given to applications made direct to the Montreal office.

G. F. C. SMITH,
Chief Agent for the Dominion.
SUB-AGENTS:
JOHN G. R. DRISCOLL, THOS. HIAM.
GEO. R. ROBERTSON & SONS.
Special Agent French Department,
CYRILLE LAURIN

OPTICIANS
HEARN & HARRISON
1640-1642 NOTRE DAME ST
Spectacles and Eye Glasses.



Spirally Wound Copper Clothes Line; Improved Galvanized Pulleys. Sample sent prepaid on receipt of price. Line per foot, 1c; Pulleys per pair, 70c; Screw Hook per pair 10c; Swivel Tightener, free. Reliable dealers wanted G. A. LEBARON, Sherbrooke, P.Q.

TO LET

At Moderate Rental, until 1st May, 1895

At MONTREAL JUNCTION,

A nicely furnished house containing seven rooms, bathroom and laundry, hot water heating, close to C. P. R. station; everything in good order, house having been newly papered throughout in June; satisfactory reasons for letting. Address K. M. are P. O. Box 1,154, Montreal.

For Sale, Cheap,

One 14½ x 15 125-Horse Power

Armington & Sims' Engine.

In First-class Order. It can be seen running at Temple Building.

APPLY TO
TEMPLE ELECTRIC CO.

Signs for Winnipeg

A lightning sign-writer, who controls some excellent board space in the heart of the City of Winnipeg, will visit Montreal about 25th January, and quote reasonable prices to firms requiring permanent advertisements executed in a unique and catchy style. Please address in advance,

Box 10, J.E.K.
Herald Office

Here it is
The Automatic Newsboy.



Doesn't swear or chew tobacco—never fails in its mission — Rain or shine, sleet or snow, you'll find it at its post—the lamp-post.

Owned and first Introduced by the MONTREAL HERALD

Now in use at the Ottawa Carnival, SELLING ONE THOUSAND HERALDS PER DAY. Soon may be found in every business block, hotel, railway, steamer, restaurant and public building in Canada.

Drop One Cent in the Slot when you see a box like his, and get a

Daily Herald.

TRADE AND COMMERCE

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Dominion Bank—3 per cent., quarterly—Feb. 1
Bank of Yarmouth—3 per cent., half-yearly—Feb. 1.
Bank of St. Hyacinthe—3 per cent., half-yearly—Feb. 1.
Bank of Nova Scotia—4 per cent., half-yearly—Feb. 1.
Merchants' Bank of Halifax—3 1-2 per cent., half-yearly—Feb. 1.

FINANCIAL.

Saturday, Jan. 26.

To-day was a regular record breaker for a Saturday on the Stock Exchange. Nearly 5,000 shares changed hands during the short session, and prices generally were higher than ever. To-day's heavy snowstorm had little effect on Street Railway stock, which made another record for itself. Old stock opened at 184½, and on quite a scramble for the stock sold up to 186½, while new stock advanced from 182½ to 184½. Toronto Railway was another very strong stock and sold up to 77½. Richelieu, too, went up in sympathy with the other stocks named and the general strength of the market. Cable was weak, however, and on small transactions sold down to 142. Bank stocks were quiet. There is no change in the money market and Call loans are still quoted at 3½ to 4 per cent.

Meredith and O'Brien's Montreal market letter said:

The market is stronger than ever for Street Railway and this day's business has eclipsed all previous Saturday records. In spite of the heavy snow storm and the interruption of traffic there was a steady demand for Street Railway from the opening to the close of the Board. Toronto Railway and Richelieu followed suit and show a fair advance, but outside of these there was comparatively little dealing. Cable is especially weak, speculation in it having about completely died out. The past week has been an exceedingly active one and several stocks show a substantial advance, the most noticeable being Street Railway, Toronto Railway and Richelieu, which are at present the favorite ones for speculation. During the week there was a movement in Bell Telephone and Royal Electric but they both seem to have died out again. In Cable and Gas there has been but little doing, the latter holds steady, but for some unexplained reason the former has cut adrift from the market and is steadily declining.

The strength of the market is phenomenal and it is now possible to trade by the thousand shares in the active stocks without any material change in the quotation. Everyone is buying and there are but few bears left.

The New York Evening Post says:

This week's events in the stock market, the wheat market, the gold market and the market for sterling exchange, have one remarkably close parallel in our recent history. In the week opening April 17, 1893, a fright over the maintenance of gold payments by the Government took possession of the markets. No one will have forgotten the sudden demoralization in securities which accompanied that week's misgivings; the break in wheat, in two days, from 76⅜ to 74; the short-lived panic in foreign exchange, when actual sterling demand rates were bid up to 4.89 1-2; and last, the export of $7,900,000 gold in a single week. All of these incidents have substantially been duplicated in the week closing to-day, and the cause of the market disturbances is identical.

No two situations in the money marke are in all respects identical, and striking at is the resemblance here, there are other factors at work which make reasoning from anaology somewhat hazardous. Nevertheless, there can be no doubt that the reversal of market influences, two years ago, lends peculiar caution to the movements of speculators dealing with such a state of affairs as now exists. Nothing else will account for the extraordinary apathy of the markets, in the face of a seemingly critical situation. In point of fact, if National Lead and Chicago Gas stocks were eliminated from to-day's transactions, the market might properly be described as almost strong. These stocks declined, and Lead certificates broke 5 points on sales, which, though chiefly made by a professional "bear" speculator, were almost certainly long stock. Nor was the employment of an operator of this class to conduct the liquidating sales an expedient at all unusual. As for the balance of the market, not a few stocks scored actual advances, and there were few declines of any consequence. Part of the closing strength was probably due to the unexpectedly good comparison made by the St. Paul's December net. Foreign brokers did practically nothing. The bank statement was so vitiated, as an item of present-day statistics, by its exclusive use of the "average" system, that it was meaningless.

The highest, lowest and closing prices, totalsales and net changes from yesterday's closing prices for actual sales in the local market were as follows:

MORNING BOARD.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.	Chge.
203 Cable	142½	142	142	—1
25 Duluth pfd	8	8	8	
2 Telegraph	157½	157½	157½	
50 Gas	194	194	194	—¼
10 Royal Electric	136	136	136	
1315 Street Ry	186½	184½	186½	† 1¾
1867 Street Ry., new	184½	182½	184½	† 1¾
875 Toronto St. Ry	77½	76	77½	† 1½
350 Richelieu	99¾	99	99¾	† 1¼
17 Merhants	165½	165	165	
5 Commerce	138	138	138	

† Advanced. — Declined. Total shares sold, 4,719.

THE RICHELIEU COMPANY.

A good deal of interest has been shown in the Richelieu Company lately, and the rapid advance in the price of the stock has given rise to much favorable comment. Rumors were circulated some time ago that the Messrs. Connolly, who have been for so long connected with the company, were severing their connection with it, and to that end were selling their stock. This story was denied by them, however, rather strongly. To-day the reports were revived with additional strength, and it is confidently asserted that not only are they selling their stock, but that they have been doing so for some time, and have little left now for sale. Quite a discussion concerning this took place on the Stock Exchange, and it gave rise to some very emphatic language on the part of members. One broker said that the only think that kept the stock from touching par, was the fact that the Connolly's were selling.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

L. J. Forget and Co.'s New York letter said:

New York, Jan. 26.—2 p.m.—While the street was disappointed in its expectations of immediate favorable developments at Washington, the market has continued dull and firm. To-day's market was a wanting one with a little manipulation and some bearish selling. In the absence of anything to check the loss of confidence in our financial position next week's gold shipments are likely to equal and may exceed the amount that wentout during the past six days.

NEW YORK GOSSIP.

Meredith and O'Brien's New York gossip said:

$500,000 gold was taken from the bus-treasury to-day. $250,000 was for Ladenburg Thalman and Co. and $250,000 for Bank of New York.

Washington special: Secretary Carlisle is now in consultation with the President. It is expected that some policy will be agreed upon during the day.

Iowa Central month December, net decrease, $18,648; July 1 to Dec. 31, net decrease, $94,942.

Louisville, N.A. and Chicago, third week January, increase, $6,551; July to date, increase, $212,095.

C. C. C. for November, gross increase, $102,690; expenses, increase, $60,817; net increase, $41,873; charges, increase, $8,987; surplus, increase, $32,882; July 1 to Nov. 30, surplus, decrease, $98,211.

The United States Cordage Company paid yesterday a second instalment upon its collateral trust notes issued late in December, presumably to pay for January 1 interest, reducing the same by $120,000. The Company, since Dec. 31, has, in addition to the above, paid $400,000 of loans, all from receipts from current business.

The large sales of Distillers by H. Lapsley and Co. were regarded as for Western account, and probably for short account. One sale was made cash, and the stock was immediately borrowed for delivery. A house identified with the Protective Committee in Distillers said last night. "We rather suppose that the Greenhut interest intends to bring out some unfavorable news on Distillers, and that this selling is in anticipation of its effect. We do not know what it is, and do not suppose it matters much. You can say that the Committee secured to-day one proxy for 11,000 shares, and that the total stock represented by the Committee has attained very handsome proportions.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. Meredith and O'Brien, stock brokers, 16 St. Sacrament street, report the closing prices on the local stock exchange as follows

DESCRIPTION.	Jan. 26. Ask.	Jan. 26. Bid.	Jan. 25. Ask.	Jan. 25. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Railway	56	54½	56½	55½
D. S. S. A.	4	3	4	3
D. S. S. A. pfd	12	7½	12	7½
Wabash, pfd	14	13	14	13
Commercial Cable Co	142	141½	143½	142½
Montreal Telegraph Co	158	157	157½	157
Rich and Ont. Nav. Co	99½	99¾	99½	98¼
Montreal Street Railway	186½	186¼	184½	184¼
Montreal Street Ry., new	184½	184¼	182½	182¼
Montreal Gas Co	194½	194	194¼	193¾
Bell Telephone Co	155¾	155	155½	155
Toronto Street Ry	77½	77	76½	76
Royal Electric Co	138	135	138	130
Intercolonial Coal Co	60	....	60	....
Canada N. W. Land Co. pfd	60	....	60	....
Montreal Cotton Co	120	117½	120	118
Dominion Cotton Co	93	90	93	90
Canada Colored Cotton Co	55	47	55	47
Merchants Mf'g Co	130	....	130	....
Montreal Loan and Mort. Co	143	130	143	130
Montreal 4 p. c. stock	100	97	100	97
Ottawa Street Ry	180	....	180	....
Ottawa Electric Co	150	....	150	....
BANKS.				
Montreal	222	220	222	220
Ontario	100	93	100	95
People's	122	120½	122	120½
Molsons	....	168	....	168
Toronto	245	240	245	240
Jacques Cartier	117	110	117	....
Merchants	167	164½	167	164½
Eastern Townships	140	....	140	....
Quebec	....	127½	....	127
Union	120	100	....	100
Commerce	138½	137	138½	137
Merchants' Bk. of H'f'x	....	157	....	157
Ville Marie	....	70	....	70
Hochelaga	125	....	125	....
Nationale	....	55½	....	56
BONDS.				
C. P. R. Land Grant 5s	....	109½	....	109½
Canada Central 6s	....	....	....	....
Champlain & St. Law. 6s	99	....	99	....
Dominion Cotton 6s	....	100½	....	100½
Canada Colored Cotton 6s	98½	....	98½	....
Bell. Tel	....	100½	....	100½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. Meredith and O'Brien, 16 St. Sacrament Street, have received the following quotations by direct private wire, from New York:

Description.	Opening.	Jan. 26. Closing. Bid.	Jan. 26. Closing. Asked.
Am. Cot. Oil	22⅝	22	22¾
Am. Tobacco Co.	93	93	93½
do. pref.	....	108	110
Am. Sugar, Refin. Co.	89⅝	89¾	89¾
do. pref.	91½	91½	92
Atchison, Topeka & S. Fe	4½	4⅜	4½
C. B. & Q	71	71¼	71⅞
Balt. & Ohio	....	62½	64
Bay State Gas	21⅜	21½	21⅞
Can. Pac.	....	54½	55½
N.Y.C. and Hudson	99¾	99¾	100
Cleveland, C. C. and St. L.	....	37½	38
Chicago Gas	73	72½	72⅝
Ches. & Ohio	16½	16¾	17
Canada So	....	49	50
Dist. & C. F.	9½	9⅝	9⅞
Den. & Rio G. pref.	....	34½	34½
Del. & Hud.	129	128¾	129½
D. L. & W.	160¾	160½	161
Dulutn	....	2	4
do pref	....	6	11
N. Y., Lake Erie and West	9¾	9⅜	10
do. pref.	....	20	....
Gen'l. Elec.	33⅜	33½	33⅞
Con. Gas	127	127	128½
Hocking Valley	....	16¼	16¾
Jersey Central	87½	87¾	88¼
Laclede Gas	25	25	25¼
Louis & Nash	53⅜	53¼	53⅜
Lake Erie and Western	....	16	17
do. pfd xd	70	69¾	70¼
Lake Shore	....	138½	139
Mich. Cent	....	....	....
Manhattan Elevated	106¾	105¾	106
Missouri Pac.	21½	21	22
Nor. Am	2⅝	2⅝	3
Nat. Lead	33	29	29⅜
do. pfd,	81½	79¼	79⅝
U.S. Cordage Co	4¼	4½	4¾
do. pref	8	7¾	8¼
N. Y. & N. E	31	30½	30½
Nor. Pac.	....	2¾	2⅝
do. pfd	15¾	15¾	16
C. & N. W.	95	95⅜	95¼
St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	32¾	32¼	32¾
N. Y. O. & W	15⅛	15⅜	15⅜
Pac. Mail	20	20	20½
Phil. & Reading	9	8⅝	8⅝
Rich. and W. Point Term'l	....	....	....
C R. I. & P.	62⅝	62¼	62½
N. Y. Sus. & W	13¾	13½	14
do. pref.	39½	40	40½
N.Y.C. & St. L	....	13	13½
C. Mil. & St. P.	55⅝	55½	55⅝
Tol. A. A. & N. Mich	....	1½	1⅜
Texas & Pac. Trust Rec	....	8⅝	9
Tenn. Coal, Iron and R.	....	14½	15¼
Union Pac	9	8⅞	9
Western Union Tel.	87½	87½	87½
Wabash	5¾	5½	6
do. pfd	13⅝	13¾	13¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	....	9⅜	10
do. pfd	39¼	36	41

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. MacDougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier street, were cabled the closing prices of American stocks in London as follows:

STOCKS.	Jan. 26.	Jan. 25	Jan. 24.
Atchison	......	......	......
Canadian Pacific	56	57	57
Com. Cable	......	......	......
Grand Trunk 1st	......	......	......
do do 2nd	......	......	......
Erie	10¼	10¼	10¼
do 2nd	64	64	64
Illinois Central	89	89	89
Louisville and Nashville	54¾	54⅜	54⅜
Lake Shore	......	......	......
Northern Pacific, pfd	......	......	16¼
New York Central	101½	101½	102
Ontario and Western	......	......	......
Reading	4½	4½	4½
St. Paul	56½	56½	56½
Union Pacific	9¼	......	9¼
Wabash pfd	......	......	......
Bank rate	2	2	2

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Messrs. Nichols and Marler, stock and exchange brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier Streets, report the local Exchange market as follows:

Jan. 26, 1895.

BETWEEN BANKS.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York funds	1-16 dis.	to par.	¼ prm.
Sterling 60 days	9⅛ to	9⅜	10 to 10¼
" Demand	9 15-16 to	10 1-16	10¾ to 10⅞
" Cables	10⅛ to	10¼	10¾

Market very strong.

THE WEEK'S FLUCTUATIONS.

Saturday, Jan. 26.

During the week ending to-day the total sales in the local market were 28,741 shares of stock and no bonds, as against 21,476 shares of stock and $4,000 bonds last week, and 21,115 shares of stock and $500 bonds the week before. Of bank stocks 333 shares were sold as against 183 shares last week and 252 shares the week before.

Compared with last week's closing prices, the following changes are seen:

Advanced—Telegraph 1, Richelieu 4⅜, Street Railway 6⅝, Street Railway, new 6⅝, Bell Telephone 3, Royal Electric 2½, Montreal Cotton 1, Toronto Railway 9½ Bank of Montreal 1, Merchants ½, Quebec Bank ¼, Commerce ½.

Declined—Pacific 1, Duluth pfd ½, Cable 2⅝, Gas ⅜, Dominion Cotton ½, Colored Cotton 2.

Unchanged—Ontario Bank.

The following table shows the opening, highest, lowest and closing prices, and the total sales of the active stocks during the week:

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.	Sales.
Can. Pacific	56	56	56	56	50
Duluth	3½	3½	3	3	300
" pref.	8½	8½	8	8	75
Com. Cable	145	145	142	142	834
Mont. Telegraph Co.	157½	157½	157	157½	242
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	96	99¾	96	99¾	1,625
Street Ry.	180	186½	180	186½	7,139
" New	178½	184½	178½	184½	10,667
Gas Co.	194½	194½	193½	194	2,333
Bell Telephone Co.	152½	156	152½	155½	620
Royal Electric Co.	137½	138½	137½	137½	215
Montreal Cotton Co.	119	120	119	119½	128
Dominion Cotton Co. †	94	94	92½	92½	110
" Bonds	100½	100½	100½	100½	—
Colored Cotton Co. *	50	50	48	48	95
" Bonds	98½	98½	98½	98½	—
Merch'ts Mf Co. *	130	130	130	130	—
Loan & Mortgage †	130	130	130	130	—
Toronto St. Ry.	71	77½	77½	78	3975
BANKS.					
Montreal	221	221	221	221	20
Ontario	95	95	95	95	11
Peoples	120	121	120	121	97
Molsons †	165	168	165	168	—
Toronto *	245	245	245	245	—
Merchants	165½	165½	165	165	17
Quebec	128	128	127¾	127¾	46
Commerce	139	139	138	138	48
Union †	100	100	100	100	—
Nationale	56	56	56	56	94

*Asked. †Bid.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

THE SIXTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT A FAVORABLE ONE.

Following is the annual statement of the Bank of Nova Scotia for the year ending Dec. 31, 1894:

PROFIT AND LOSS.

1893 Dec. 30. By Balance	$ 2,362 05	
1894 Dec. 31. By Net Profits for current year, after providing for doubtful Debts and Losses	171,151 76	
Old debt written off as bad—now recovered	47,600 00	
		$ 221,113 81
1894 June 30. To Dividend No. 121, payable 1st August, 1894	60,000 00	
1894 Dec. 31. To Dividend No. 122, payable 1st February, 1895	60,000 00	
To Transfer to Reserve Fund	100,000 00	
To Balance carried forward	1,113 81	
		221,113 81

RESERVE FUND.

1893 Dec. 30. By Balance	1,200,000 00	
1894 Dec. 31. By Transferred from Profits and Loss	100,000 00	
		1,300,000 00
1894 Dec. 31. To Balance carried forward		$1,300,000 00

The general statement is as follows:

LIABILITIES

Deposits at call		$1,673,194 95	
Deposits subject to notice	$4,738,251 87		
Interest reserved on deposits	100,618 50		
		4,838,870 37	
Due to other Banks in Canada	36,861 21		
Due to other Banks in Foreign Countries	55,377 43		
Due to other Banks in United Kingdom	179,583 36		
		271,822 00	
Notes in Circulation	1,159,913 48		
Drafts drawn between Head Office and Agencies outstanding	144,295 75		
		1,304,209 23	
Capital paid up	1,500,000 00		
Reserve Fund	1,300,000 00		
Profit and Loss	1,113 81		
Dividends unpaid	8 00		
Dividend No. 122, payable 1st February, 1895	60,000 00		
		2,861,121 81	
			$10,949,218 36

ASSETS.

Specie		163,034 12	
Dominion Notes		602,705 75	
Deposits with Dominion Government	61,380 05		
Due from other banks in Canada	63,153 22		
Notes and Cheques of other banks	402,288 31		
Due from Agencies of the Bank or from other Banks in Foreign Countries	249,441 30		
		776,262 88	
Investments (Provincial, Municipal and other Bonds)		2,099,726 30	
Loans to Provincial Governments	48,283 54		
Call Loans, secured by Bonds, Debentures, Stocks, etc.	136,295 59		
Time Loans, secured by Bonds, Debentures, Stocks, etc	377,976 58		
Cash Credit Accounts and Secured Overdrafts	191,192 50		
Authorized Overdrafts, not specially secured	29,035 36		
Notes and Bills, discounted and current..$6,498,205 65 Less Rebate on unmatured Notes.82,494 06	6,415,711 59		
Notes and Bills overdue and not specially secured	1,183 52		
Notes and Bills overdue and other overdue debts secured	16,101 19		
Real Estate, Mortgages on Real Estate sold and other property not realized	16,615 43		
Bank Premises, Safes and Office Furniture	74,420 57		
		7,306,815 87	
Stationery		673 45	
			$10,949,218 36

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve, inc	$ 415,375
Loans, dec	164,300
Specie, inc	3,220,300
Legal, dec	3,502,500
Deposits, d c	2,790,300
Circulation, dec	91,200

This week's averages of the New York banks compare as follows with the same period in 1894 and 1893:

	Jan. 26, 95.	Jan. 27, '94.	Jan. 28, '93.
Loans	$490,158,600	$418,771,600	$455,179,900
Deposits	559,512,600	547,694,400	487,779,600
Circulation	11,320,900	12,677,200	5,585,300
Specie	81,175,600	126,895,800	85,280,100
Legal-tenders	104,583,000	119,070,800	60,058,100
Total reserve	$185,758,600	$245,966,600	$145,338,200
Reserve required	139,878,150	136,923,600	122,194,900
Excess reserve	$45,880,450	$109,043,000	$23,143,3

THE GOLD EXPORTS.

New York, Jan. 26.—The gold exports to-day were as follows:

Lazard Freres	$2,500,000
Ladenburgh, Thalman and Co	500,000
Van Hoffman and Co	500,000
Arbuckle Bros	1,000,000
Heidelbach, Ickelheimer and Co	1,350,000
Hoskier, Wood and Co	500,000
Baring, Magoun and Co	600,000
Gold bars	1,000,000
Total	$7,950,000
Sent early in week	500,000
Total for week	$8,450,000
Total withdrawals from Sub-Treasury yesterday	4,750,000
Total withdrawals from Sub-Treasury for week	10,880,000
	$11,030,000

The gold balance in the Treasury at the close of business on Thursday was $68,604,428, but that statement does not include the withdrawals of Wednesday or Thursday, which were $4,430,000 so that with Friday's added there are $9,030,000 to be deducted. This will bring the gold balance below the figures at which it stood when the loan of $50,000,090 was made in November, and also below the balance when the first loan was made last February.

The largest export in any one previous week was for the week ending June 23, 1894, when the amount was $7,970,000; the next largest was for the week ending May 12, 1893, when $7,600,000 was exported, and the largest amount previous to that was the week ending June 18, 1892, when $7,282,000 went abroad.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Bank of England rate of discount is 2 per cent.

Money inthe local market is quoted at 3½ to 4 per cent. on call, and discounts on mercantile paper at 6½ to 7 per cent.

Consols in London opened at 105¼ closing at 105¼ for money, and opened at 105¼, closing at 105¼ for the account.

Money in the open market, London, was quoted to-day at ⅝ per cent.

French rentes sold at 102 frs. 42½ at the opening and 102 frs. 42½ at the close.

In New York call loans were quoted at 1½ to 2 per cent.

London, Jan. 26.—Gold is quoted to-day at Buenos Ayres, 255; Madrid, 11.00, Lisbon, 23.25½; St. Petersburg, 50; Athens, 77; Rome, 106.50; Vienna, 103.

French Exchange in London opened at 25.17½ and closed at 25.17½.

London, Jan. 26.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England, on balance to-day £210,000.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—Exchange on London; eight days sight, 20 marks 41½ pfenning.

In the London market Canadian Pacific closed 1 lower at 56.

COMMERCIAL.

Saturday, Jan. 26.

Montreal is neither receiving nor shipping any grain to speak of these days. The stock of wheat here is only 463 bushels more than a week ago, and changes of other grains are almost equally unimportant. A comparative statement of stocks follows:

	Jan. 26, 1895.	Jan. 19, 1894.	Jan. 27, 1894.
Wheat	664,254	663,791	629,176
Corn	1,784	2,126	4,045
Peas	78,359	73,334	147,582
Oats	216,584	216,245	160,218
Rye	5,329	5,529	37,771

The movement of grain through Montreal is quite considerable. Oats are probably moving freer than any other grade.

For the week ending January 19, fifty-one cars of wheat were inspected at Winnipeg, of which thirty-three were No. 1 hard, one No. 2 hard, one No. 1 northern, nine registered No. 1, and seven registered No. 2.

"The demoralization in the wheat market," says Meredith and O'Brien's Chicago letter, "continues, owing to the fact that the holdings of this grain have not yet found a permanent resting place with consumers, but become merely a shuttlecock between scalpers as soon as they are forced out under the process of liquidation. People who have repeatedly bought on sharp breaks in anticipation of some reaction toward normal values, have with equal frequency been found among the sellers at still lower prices. Exporters and millers report net visible improvement in the cash demand at the reduction.

"May corn and oats have closed within ⅛c of the same prices for four successive days. In the meantime the prices of sample lots have advanced fractionally owing to light receipts and an improved demand from shippers. Provisions ruled dull and neglected, receipts of hogs have fallen off sharply, but the leading packers are still inclined to sell May futures in the absence of any outside demand for speculation or shipment."

Minneapolis received 171 cars to-day and Duluth 49 cars.

The car receipts of grain in Chicago to-day are given as follows: Wheat 43, contract 21, corn 168, contract 18, oats 107, contract 88, hogs 8,000.

The total receipts of wheat at primary markets for twenty-nine weeks from July 1 to January 19, with comparisons for ten years, are shown in the following:

1894-95	119,734,000	1889-90	94,596,000
1893-94	124,412,000	1888-89	71,835,900
1892-93	203,237,000	1887-88	85,241,000
1891-92	181,714,000	1886-87	96,180,000
1890-91	80,227,000	1885-86	65,778,000

The Corn Trade News of January 5th says that the last cables from the Argentine report a poor yield of wheat but good prospects for corn. The exports for the year to Europe were 55,152,000 bu. and including the exports to Brazil, the total exports for the year were about 56,000,000 bu. Of these exports about 24,800,000 bu. were to the United Kingdom, 2,800,000 bu. to France, 12,000,000 to Belgium, 14,800,000 bu. to Germany and the balance scattering. The surplus for export the current year is estimated at 44,000,000 bu., against 56,000,000 bu. the past year. A private cable confirms this estimated shortage, putting the reduction at 11,000,000 bu. in the export surplus.

The official report on the condition of wheat in the central provinces of India states that the area under wheat was reduced, but prospects were fairly favorable.

The movement of wheat to the United Kingdom from foreign ports and the deliveries of English wheat since the beginning of the crop season, according to Beerbohm's figures, indicate a decrease in the past seventeen weeks of 4,912,000 bush. in the stocks, based on the estimates of consumption. The stocks of wheat in English farmers' hands are now estimated, however, at 4,000,000 bush. more than last year, so that any deficiency in the supply is made up by the undelivered stocks.

Business Germs

For Advertisers.

When to Advertise.

JOHN WANAMAKER is the greatest retail advertiser in the world. He spends more money for advertising than any other retailer in the world, and he never fools away a dollar of it. His advertising methods are, therefore, worthy of close scrutiny by those who wish to learn the important lesson of where, when and how to advertise profitably.

You who have watched his advertisements this winter must have noticed that in the busy season before the holidays they were comparatively small, but that since the new year began they have been extraordinarily large. For a month before Christmas, when many merchants were spreading out in full page displays, Mr. Wanamaker's ads went on in about the same space they had filled since September. But as soon as the holiday trade was over and many merchants drew down to small space, or ceased altogether, this clever advertiser increased his space enormously. Indeed, we believe he has never before in the same number of consecutive days used as much newspaper space as he has used thus far in this generally dull month of this extraordinarily dull winter.

This means something. It means that the greatest retail advertiser in the world has learned that the time to push trade is when trade needs pushing.

The time to advertise is all the time. The time to put forth special efforts is when people won't buy without being especially urged to do so.—"Brains."

It stands thus—

1st.—If you were not a business man, you would not be reading this page. Being a business man, you have something to advertise—"Something to say."

2nd.—Having something to say, the Herald is the right "place to say it in." A live, enterprising paper which has trebled its circulation within the past year, and will do so again in 1895.

The Herald is the only ONE CENT morning paper published in Montreal,—the only combined morning and evening paper in the city,—and the only newspaper in Canada issuing Saturday half-tone editions at ONE CENT per copy..

3rd.—If yon have not the time to "say it in the right way," the Herald provides for its advertisers the services and advice of an experienced "Ad." writer, whose work has been widely known and reproduced in the leading American Journals on Advertising.

Think it Over. . . . .

The following table gives the movements of grain and flour at given points:

		Receipts.	Shipments
Chicago—	Wheat	21,000	6,000
	Corn	119,000	44,000
	Oats	109,000	156,000
	Flour	8,527	2,756
New York—	Wheat	......	58,565
	Corn	42,150	5,840
	Oats	11,550	2,813
	Flour, brls	7,444	5,500
	do., sacks	7,065	9,340
Milwaukee—	Wheat	7,000	......
Duluth—	Wheat	37,000	......
Detroit—	Wheat	5,000	2,000

Grain—The aggregate volume of business during the past few days has probably exceeded that of the whole week previous. Barley and oats are the leading grades in point of activity. Peas are also moving well, but the demand for the most part is spasmodic. On the other hand the enquiries for oats and barley are daily increasing in number.

A Buffalo dispatch, speaking of barley, said: "The market is strong, with the preference given to Canadian. Bids have advanced, but no sales were effected."

Four cars of white oats a little west of Toronto sold yesterday at 28c.

Wheat No. 1 hard	00c to 00c
Wheat, No. 2 hard	00c to 00c
Corn, duty paid	65c to 67c
Peas, per 66 lbs, in store	67c to 68c
Oats, per 34 lbs, store new	36c to 36½c
Rye, No. 2	52½c to 53c
Barley, feed	47c to 49c
Barley, malting	53c to 55c

Flour—Very little change has occurred in the market of late. The English trade have played more cautions ever since the drop in Chicago, and although looking in at the market occasionally for quotations, they have shown no inclination to trade. In a local way, the demand has been fair. Sales of straight rollers have occurred at $2.90 to $2.95. In some cases $3.00 is asked. Other brands show very little activity.

Straight roller	$2.90 to $3.00
Extra	2.50 to 2.70
Superfine	2.35 to 2.40
Fine	0.00 to 2.20
Strong bakers', Man	3.65 to 3.70
Strong bakers' Man., best brands	3.70 to 3.70
Spring patents, Man	0.00 to 3.90

Meal.—Considerable uncertainty prevails in the market. Most mills are holding out for the advance, but there are others who are not, and who are quite willing to sell at the old figures, notwithstanding the increased cost of oats.

Granulated and rolled, per brl	$3.95 to 4.00
Granulated and rolled, per bag	1.85 to 1.90
Standard, per brl	3.75 to 0.00
Standard, per bag	1.75 to 0.00

Feed.—On the whole the market is somewhat quieter. There is less demand from the leading points, and most enquiries at present are for small lots. Prices, however, remain about the same and the tendency is still upward.

Bran	$15 00 to $16 00
Shorts	16 00 to 17 00
Mouille	21 00 to 22 00

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES.

Messrs. Meredith and O'Brien have received the following quotations from Chicago:

Month.		Op'g	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—	Jan	50	50	49⅞	49⅞
	May	54½	54⅜	52⅞-3	53b
	July	55	55	53⅞	53⅞
Corn —	Jan	43½	43½	42⅞	42⅞
	May	45⅞	45⅞	45⅜	45⅜
	July	45½-⅝	45½-⅝	45-½	45-½
Oats —	May	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞-⅜
	June	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
Pork —	Jan	......	......	......	10 40
	May	10 80	10 80	10 62	10 65
Lard —	Jan	......	......	......	6 55
	May	6 75	6 75	6 70	6 72
Short Ribs—	Jan	......	......	......	5 40
	May	5 60	5 60	5 55	5 55

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Cheese—One firm has sent out about 12,000 boxes during the past six days. Very little has been shipped outside of this. The shipper of the cheese states that the highest figure he paid during the week was 9⅝c, and the lowest 9½c. Of course this was for finest goods. Medium qualities can be bought for materially less.

Shipments of cheese for the week from New York foot up 13,424 boxes, including 5,321 boxes to Liverpool, 2,586 boxes to London, 1,117 boxes to Glasgow, 4,155 bxs. to Bristol, and 245 boxes to Newcastle.

In New York, according to the Journal of Commerce, prices show little quotable change, but the slow reduction in stocks is evidently causing a growing anxiety to sell, and few holders would hesitate to shade if they thought it would attract attention to good sized lots of most any grade, except perhaps perfect quality, large colored or fancy and small white grades, which are not considered in large stock and in few hands, but fancy large white and fancy small colored are fairly plenty, as also are under grades of full cream from 9c to 10½c. Exporters have shown very little interest the past few days in any grades.

Butter—Another week has past and still the market shows no improvement. Jobbers have shown little or no disposition to trade, and of course shippers were even less disposed to buy. Receipts of all kinds, but more particularly rolls, were fairly liberal. Fresh rolls sold from 14½c to 15c, and 13½c to 15c is considered a fair range. Late made creamery sold moderately well.

Creamery	19c to 20c
Townships	16c to 17c
Western	12c to 13c
Rolls	13c to 15c

Eggs.—There is very little doing in the market at present. The stock of Western limed is being gradually absorbed, but there is still much inferior stock on hand, which dealers will probably find difficult to place. Montreal limed eggs are quoted at about 13c to 14c, Western limed at 10c to 11c, and held fresh at about 14c.

Dressed Hogs—Receipts continue to fall off to a considerable extent, and dealers think that the run is pretty well over. Quantities are quoted at about $5.25 to $5.30, and single quantities at $5.40 to $5.50.

Pork—Lard—Pork is still easy, with the demand very irregular. There is a fair amount of fresh packed stock on hand, which is offering at full prices.

Canada short cut mess, per brl	14.50 to 15.50
Beef, extra mess, per brl	00.00 to 11.00
Beef, plate, per tierce	10.50 to 11.00
Hams, city cured, per lb	0.09½ to 0.10
Bacon, per lb	0.10 to 0.12
Lard pure Canadian, per lb	0.08½ to 0.09
Lard, com. refined per lb	0.06½ to 0.07

CANADIAN BARLEY.

The effect of the reduction in the American tariff on barley is now being realized. The New York maltsters are becoming liberal buyers on this side at an advance in prices of 3c to 4c. It is estimated that they have taken at least 165,000 bushels during the past two weeks. A sale of 5,000 bushels was made yesterday, and private advices hint at other important negotiations which are in progress. It has taken barley some time to make up, but it has put on a big "spurt" now, and local dealers feel assured that it will continue.

HEARD ON 'CHANGE.

Election tickets galore to-day. There was much canvassing done. A notable feature of the contest is the similarity of the tickets. Here is one distributed to-day: Chas. McLean, shipping; W. H. Meredith, hardware; D. Robertson, Corn Exchange; W. W. Craig, cattle exporter; Arch. Nicol, marine insurance; Jas. E. Rendell, lower port trade; W. McNally, importer; George Hague, banking; Wm. Nivin, butter and cheese; George Childs, groceries; D. Laviolette, importer; G. F. C. Smith, fire insurance.

There was another ticket out also, the only difference from the foregoing was that W. Marsan's name was in the place of George Hague's.

W. W. Ogilvie does not believe in tickets. When proffered one to-day he remarked: "No sir, I believe in a thorough examination of the ballot paper, pick out the worthy men, and vote."

"We can get very little satisfaction from the English trade who accuse us," said a cheese shipper this morning, speaking of the cheese branding question. "We can't" he added "get information about those who are even suspected. It has been said that the English trade are trying to let the thing drop, but we are going to sift the question to the bottom."

Another added: "The best plan, I think would be to have some of our men who are going across this winter to investigate the matter. We ought to get a little satisfaction then."

Manitoba wheat is selling well in New York, but dealers here think that re-sales are quite frequent. Yesterday six loads of No. 1 hard Manitoba sold at 9½c over the N. Y. May price, f.o.b. for export, and two loads were taken at outports.

The situation in the West is not being very frequently discussed, in fact the market is featureless. Millers are picking up all they can, and are not generally disposed to let a matter of ½c or so stand between them and the wheat; otherwise there is nothing new.

Advices from Chicago to-day were for the most part non-commital. This was a typical message: "Trade in wheat entirely local; majority of scalping crowd buying wheat. No decided indications either way."

The usual amount of interest was taken by local dealers in the market, and, according to brokers on the Street there is any amount of confidence expressed in the future of prices.

THE SALMON PACK.

R. P. Rithet & Co., of Victoria, B.C., furnish the following statement of salmon pack in British Columbia for 1894:

Frazer River, cs	363,967
Skeena River	61,151
Naar River	19,587
Rivera Inlet	39,351
Lowe Inlet	8,315
Alert Bay	2,000
Total	494,371
In 1893	590,229
In 1892	228,470

The pack for 1893 was the largest in the history of the trade in that section. The pack for 1894 has been disposed of as follows:

To England direct	316,548
To England indirect	72,796
Waiting shipment	6,924
To Eastern Canada	76,009
To Australia	15,078
Local sales	2,642
Stocks on hand	4,347
Total	494,371

HAY.

The imports of hay into the United Kingdom in December amounted to only 7,708 tons, against 37,354 tons last year, a falling off of over 29,000 tons.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 26.—Flour receipts, 12,500 bbls.; exports, 8,600 bbls. Sales, 2,500 pkgs. Market very dull and weaker to sell. Southern flour, dull. Rye flour quiet.. Buckwheat flour quiet, $1.65 to $1.75. Buckwheat dull. Cornmeal quiet. Rye, nominal. Barley, neglected. Barley malt, nominal.

Wheat,—Receipts, none; export, 58,600; sales, 980,000 futures; no spot. Spot inactive; No. 2 red store and elevator, 57½c to 57⅝c; afloat, 58⅜c to 58⅝c; f.o.b., 59⅜c afloat. No. 1 northern, 67c delivered; No. 1 hard, 67⅞c delivered. Opened with considerable firmness, higher Liverpool advices and good local covering, but in the late morning turned very weak under realizing, disappointing exports and closing cables, the heavy gold shipments and general lack of confidence among local people, closed ⅛c to ¼c lower than last night, and the lowest price May ever sold at. No. 2 red Jan. closed at 57¼c; Feb. closed at 57¼; March, 58 to 58¼, closed 58; May, 58⅝ to 59 3-16, closed 58⅝; June 58 1-16 to 59, closed 58⅝; July, 58⅞ to 59⅝, closed 58⅞; Aug., 59½ to 59⅞, closed 59½.

Corn—Receipts, 42,200; exports, 5,800; sales, 90,000 futures; no spot. Spot inactive. No. 2, 48⅝c elevator; steamer, mixed, 47½c. Opened stronger; with wheat but subsequently reacted slightly; closing ⅛c net advance. Jan. closed, 48⅝c; Feb. closed 49c; May, 49½c to 49¾c, closed 49½c; July closed 49⅝c.

Oats—Receipts, 11,600; exports, 2,800; sales, 10,000 futures; 28,000 spot. Spot dull. No. 2, 34½c; No. 2 delivered, 35½c; No. 2 white, 36; No. 3 white, 35½; track, white, Western and State, 36 1-2 to 40. Options neglected all the forenoon and closed at ⅛ net advance; Jan. closed 33⅞; Feb. closed 33⅞; March closed 34⅛; May, 33⅜ to 33⅞, closed 33⅝.

Butter, firm; Western dairy, 10 to 15; do., creamery, 12 to 23 1-2; do., factory, 8 to 14; Elgins, 23 1-2; imitation creamery, 11 to 18; State dairy, 10 to 19; do., creamery, 14 to 21.

Cheese—Dull; State large, 9c to 11½c; small, 9½c to 11⅜c; part skims, 3c to 8c; full skims, 2c to 2½c.

Eggs—Firmer; State and Pennsylvania, 23½c to 24c; ice-house, 16c to 18c; western, fresh, 23c; southern, 21½c to 22½c.

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THE BROOKLYN STRIKE.

Narrow Escape of a Non-union From Being Hanged.

Brooklyn, N.Y., Jan. 26.—Violence and disorder continue to-day, the outgrowth of the street railway strike. It is impossible for the soldiers to cover every place where there is danger of an uprising, and the strikers and sympathizing mobs are carrying on a guerilla warfare. They rush to an attack and then disperse, and by the time the authorities have been notified and forces have been sent out against them, there is no one in sight, to arrest. The attitude of the strikers indicates that as soon as the soldiers are relieved from duty there will be further scenes of violence. In spite of the presence of the large force of 1,500 policemen, 1,000 specials, some 300 or more detectives, and 7,000 of the States best troops, the mob continue their terrorizing work. The weather has been severe, and this morning the soldiers are marching around through the snow and slush up to their shoe tops. Many of the mobs are led by men, who have no real interest in the strike, except that they sympathize with the strikers.

Father O'Hare, of St. Anthony's parish, will be arrested to-day for alleged complicity in riots. It is charged that he led a mob at Green Point last night.

The more law abiding of the strikers, are awaiting with hopefulness the decision of Justice Caynor, of the Supreme Court, in the mandamus proceedings which have been instituted against the Companies to compel them to run their cars. About 200 of the men who went out on strike, have come back to work at the old rate of wages.

Wires have been cut in every direction and have not yet all been repaired. The heavy load of sluch which bears down those wires which are not cut also adds to the difficulty.

STRIKERS HANG A MAN.

Long Island City, L.I., Jan. 26.—Sheriff Debt, was notified this morning that at Maspeth last night a mob waylaid a non-union man who was on his way home from the stables, and had knocked him down and gagged him. They then carried him to a vacant barn at a place called Palmetto, where they put a rope around his neck, and suspended him from a beam. Fortunately he was rescued before he had been strangled to death) He was conveyed in an unconscious condition to the car stables at Ridgwood, where he now lies. His recovery is said to be doubtful. There is a black and blue ridge about his neck, made by the rope. The man's name has not yet been learned. He will be taken to a Brooklyn hospital. None of his assailants have yet been identified.

Mr. Cremer Does His Duty.

Washington, D. C. Jan. 26.—Mr. William Randall Cremer, M.P., who came to the United States to present a memorial looking to the negotiation of an arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain, had an interview with Secretary Gresham to-day. He has also stated his case to the Senate Committee on foreign relations, and the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. He will leave New York for England next Wednesday, having been summoned to meet a Parliamentary exigency.

Given Away Free.

In order to introduce "Tuxedo" Perique Mixture to the smokers of Montreal a genuine French Briar-root Pipe, Sterling Silver mouthed, will be given away free to every purchaser of one pound of this excellent tobacco. Sold at the usual price (no advance) at Jacob's stores, 134 St. James and 2317 St. Catherine Street.

JOHN MURPHY,
Painter and Decorator
2301 St. Catherine Street.
Artists' Materials, Wall Papers, Convex Glasses, Photographs, Frames, etc

CAN'T BLUFF HIM.

ALD. SMITH OVERCOMES THE OBJECTIONS OF ALD. HURTEAU

And has $25,000 Voted to Provide useful Work for Unemployed.

The hostility manifested by Ald. Hurteau towards Ald. Wilson Smith becomes more accentuated at each successive meeting of the Finance Committee. At the meeting of the committee on Saturday afternoon it took the form of rudeness on the part of the former towards the valiant representative of St. Lawrence Ward whenever an opportunity for its display presented itself.

At the outset Ald. Smith asked the chairman why the meeting had not been called for the regular day, Friday. The question of holding the meetings on the day fixed by the order of Council had been brought up at the previous sitting, and it had been decided to adhere to the rule. It was inconvenient for aldermen who had pressing business to attend to be called away from it when they did not expect that such would be the case. If the meetings were held on the regular days arrangements could be made accordingly.

Ald. Hurteau curtly replied that he had been out of town, and that if Ald. Smith was not pleased he could move a vote of censure on him.

Ald. Smith took no notice of the statement.

The reading of the minutes was proceeded with, but was several times interrupted by both Ald. McBride and Smith, who complained that they were incomplete. At length it was found that the omissions were so glaring that the reading was dispensed with, and the City Clerk requested to write them out again in a more complete form.

It is advisable that the minutes of the Finance Committee should be closely scrutinized at each meeting. About six months ago a resolution was passed instructing the City Attorney to take proceedings against the Water & Power Company to enforce the payment by it of the money it owed the city, but somehow the resolution was not written in the minutes, and the City Attorney never received the written instruction at all.

"How much does the Water & Power Company owe the city now?" was the question which Ald. Smith put to Mr. Robb on Saturday.

The City Treasurer replied that the company now owed the city nearly 80,000.

"Does that include the $6,200 that Maisonneuve owes us for water?" asked Ald. Smith.

Mr. Robb replied that it did not.

City Attorney Ethier in answer to a question, stated that he would take proceedings against the company on Feb. 2nd if it did not pay up what it owed by Feb. 1st.

Ald. Smith's proposal to vote $25,000 for the purpose of providing useful work for the unemployed, which had been opposed by Ald. Hurteau and rejected at the preceding meeting, came up in another form and was carried, Ald. Hurteau grumbling about the irregularity and illegality of the proceeding. The money was granted in response to reports of the Road Committee asking for $10,000 to be spent on work at the Outremont quarry, the stone from which would be required next summer; $3,000 for a new boiler at the quarry, $5,000 to complete the opening of Cedar and Dorimier Avenues, and $2,000 to be added to any of these amounts in case it should be found to be insufficient.

Ald. Hurteau—"We can't vote any money now. It would be irregular—illegal."

Ald. Smith—"Where is all our money? Is there not a large sum forthcoming from the loan?"

Ald. Prefontaine—"The loan? Why, yes; there is $600,000."

Ald. Hurteau—"There is not."

Ald. Smith—"Where is that $400,000?"

Ald. Hurteau—"It's wiped off."

Mayor Villeneuve urged the committee to vote the $25,000; and this was done.

A deputation of St. Antoine Street proprietors was now introduced.

It was headed by F. B. McNamee, who started out with many gesticulations and much volubility to tell the committee that St. Antoine Street should be widened forthwith, as the law enjoined.

Ald. Smith ventured the remark that it would be losing time to go into the question then, as it was before the courts.

Ald. Hurteau told him snappishly that he ought to have more respect for citizens.

Ald. Smith retorted that he had more respect for the citizens of Montreal than Ald. Hurteau had.

Mr. McNamee resumed his oration and was soon far beyond St. Antoine Street, away outside the city limits. The gas question, the widening of Cathedral Street the St. Lambert Street widening and extension scheme, the question of general improvements all over the city, was touched upon in rapid succession. The speaker was frequently interrupted and caused some merriment by his quaint remarks.

When he mentioned improvements all over the city, Ald. McBride asked him if he were in favor of the St. Lambert Street scheme and he said he was.

"I sympathize with you, gentlemen; yes, I sympathize with you for the way you were treated at Quebec," Mr. McNamee went on.

To mention Quebec in the presence of Ald. Hurteau these days is like waving a red rag before a bull's eyes. He cut his friend McNamee short with the statement that "that is all over now."

Mr. McNamee resuming, declared that he would not pay a penny for the widening of Cathedral Street unless forced by the sheriff to do so. As to St. Antoine Street the assessments had been increased and the rents had decreased.

Ald. Savignac objected to Mr. McNamee's discursive mode of stating his case and requested him to confine his observations to St. Antoine Street.

As a parting shot Mr. McNamee eulogized Ald. Hurteau for having settled so promptly with the proprietors whose properties had been expropriated for the East End depot. "Come down to St. Antoine Street," he said appealingly to the chairman, in a tragic "come-over-and-help-us" tone; "and we'll be content to accept whatever prices you may fix for our properties:"

Ald. Smith—"Considering that your assessments have been increased, and that the East End depot site proprietors have got three times the assumed value of their properties, I am not al all surprised to hear that you would accept his prices." (Laughter).

George Barrington complained of the loss of rent and the decrease in valuation occasioned by the failure of the city to open St. Antoine Street. "I'll fight this matter to grim death," he said. "The street is now getting filled with houses of prostitution."

Messrs. Copeland, Lariviere and R. S. Weir also spoke, the latter asking the committee to withdraw its appeal against the mandamus issued by the court.

The deputation was assured that the committee would take their representations into consideration.

Ald. Savignac drew attention to the importance of granting $10,000 for necessary repairs to the aqueduct. Superintendent Davis had told him that the work could be done cheaper then than in winter, and was, moreover, urgently required.

The Mayor asked for $500 for the expenses of a labor bureau, and his request was referred to a sub-committee composed of Ald. Savignac and McBride.

For the expenses of the Davis-Laforest investigation $300 was voted.

"The Hawthorn," in the past three months has established an unprecedented reputation for the excellence and quality of the liquors served. 118 St. Francis Xavier Street, (formerly known as Compain's).

THE LIBERAL CLUB.

Large Increase in Membership—Preparing for the Campaign.

One of the political signs of the times in this city is the rapid increase in the strength of the Liberal Club, which is the representative party organization in the western portion of the city. The club has within the past week added to its membership nearly one hundred men; and the meeting which was held in the Windsor on Saturday evening was the largest ever held by it.

G. W. Stephens, Jr., the president, was in the chair. New members were admitted; a committee struck to draft resolutions of thanks to the speakers at the recent meeting; and there was then considerable discussion as to the best means of organizing the party and preparing for the campaign in the three parliamentary divisions which have been assigned to the Club—Centre, St. Lawrence and St. Antoine.

The desirability of securing a permanent home for the club which will become party headquarters during the campaign was dwelt upon and a committee of three appointed to look up rooms and report fully on the subject at the next meeting.

The president adressed the meeting, urging the members to interest themselves in securing new members for the club. The greater the membership the greater would be the power of the club; and the recent rapid increase in membership showed the possibilities of development in this direction. The remarks were well received, and each member supplied himself with application forms with a view to securing the names of candidates for election before the next meeting.

The best means of organizing the party into wards for the coming election was discussed; and it was finally decided that the chairman should appoint a committee of seven to examine the matter and report an organization scheme for consideration at its next meeting.

The club then adjourned until Feb. 4th.

THE 'VARSITY SQUABBLE.

Editor Tucker Hints Out Defiance and the Students Meet.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—The 'Varsity made its appearance to-day under the management of the new editor, Mr. James Tucker.. There is no apology to the Council. It corrects a mistake made in reference to trouble between Messrs. Jury and Thompson and the Council and adds: "It is needless to point but that this is not an apology, but an explanation of an immaterial detail." It suggests the appointment of a commission by the Provincial Government to investigate the present differences between the students and authorities. 'Varsity maintains its right to criticize officials connected with the University which is a public institution.

Long before 8 o'clock to-night University students were thronging to Forum Hall to hear addresses from the gentlemen who fell under the ban of the University Council, Philips, Thompson and Alfred Jury. They occupied the time in singing "There's a place where they don't shovel snow, it's a place where the Council ought to go," to the tune of "Sweet bye-and-bye."

Both gentlemen made speeches, Mr. Jury upholding trades unionism and denouncing socialism, while Mr. Thompson responded in defense of socialism, which he declared would come by evolution.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Jan. 26.—The libel suit arising out of charges made by the Patriot newspaper against Senator Ferguson resulted to-day in a drawn battle gross management of Ferguson's office being proven. The jury was divided and was dismissed.

Elmira, Ont., Jan. 26.—At a public meeting here last evening a Board of Trade was organized, and the following officers elected: President, Dr. H. Ultyot; Vice-President, George H. Klinck; Secretary, T. P. Snyder; Treasurer, A. Wormer.

Springhill Mines, N.S., Jan. 26.—William O. Roue was buried in a fall of stone in the mine to-day and died shortly after being removed to his home. He leaves a wife and young child.

Belleville, Ont., Jan. 26.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, arrived in town this morning. His health appears to be good.

Stratford, Jan. 26.—General Booth and staff visited here to-day and left for London in the evening. Thos. Ballantyne, ex-M.P.P., entertained the visitor.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—Tenders for two fire engines were opened this afternoon and they were referred to experts for report, the following gentlemen being named as such: John Fenson, T. C. Rodd and H. S. Northy, to be assisted by city engineer and deputy fire chief Graham.

Hamilton, Jan. 26.—Sergt. Major Smith will likely be appointed chief of the city police at a salary of $1,500.

Quebec, Jan. 26.—Clerk of the peace Brunel has been instructed to take two actions against Sergeant Redmond of the City Police force who was nearly killed while trying to test freshly distilled whiskey in his house. The first action is for having an illicit still in his house and the second for distilling illicit whiskey.

Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 26.—Mr. William Hyndman, a blacksmith, employed at the Ontario Rolling Mills for several years, dropped dead shortly after starting work at 7 o'clock this morning. Heart disease was the cause of death. Deceased was 66 years of age, and leaves a widow and two daughters.

Halifax, Jan. 27.—Wm. Cook, aged 22, steward on schooner Carrie C. W. was fatally crushed between the wharf and vessel to-day while repairing a fender. He lived a few hours only.

Lefroy, Ont., Jan. 27.—About one o'clock this morning the store and dwelling occupied by G. J. Manning was burned.

Quebec, Jan. 27.—Arthur Lapointe, an organist of this city, was nearly killed lately while handling a loaded revolver. He was struck by a bullet just below the heart. The doctors succeeded in extracting it, and Mr. Lapointe is in a fair way to recovery.

TO CARVE TURKEY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

outrages has had a preliminary sitting at Moosh. The Porte still refuses to permit newspaper correspondents to travel in Armenia.

BRITISH INTERFERENCE EFFECTIVE.

London, Jan. 27.—A deputation from the Anglo-Armenian Association waited on the Earl of Kimberley, Foreign Secretary, in reference to the statement from Constantinople that the Court of Cassaroon had confirmed the judgment of the court at Erzinghiam condemning 24 Armenians to death and 24 others to various terms of imprisonment. The Foreign Secretary told the deputation that Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador to Turkey, had been informed in Constantinople that none of the accused Armenians had been sentenced to death. The Association therefore hopes that British interference has had a salutary effect.

PRICES TOO HIGH.

Glengarry Property Owners and the New Reformatory.

(Special to the Herald.)

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—Douglas Stewart, of the Justice Department, has just returned from Glengarry, where he was endeavoring to negotiate with the parties on whose property the new reformatory is proposed to be built. The price which the owners ask for the land was thought by him to be in excess of the value, and the Government will have to expropriate it. The course now will be to send an appraiser to place a value on it, and should that be refused by the owners then they can have the case argued and decided upon by the Exchequer Court.

James Sutherland, M.P., the Liberal whip, who has been in the city for the past two days, left for Toronto to-night on his way to Woodstock. Mr. Sutherland is of the opinion that there will be a general election before a session is held. He does not pretend to have any official information on the subject but he thinks things look that way.

George Gould of New York and party who were here attending the Carnival, left for home to-day.

ROSEBERY'S MAJORITY

Will be Considerably Reduced at the Next Session.

London, Jan. 27.—The Liberal Ministry and their adherents are said to be displaying a rapidly increasing anxiety in regard to the Government's majority in the next session of the House of Commons. The Redmondites have definitely declared that they will vote against the Government in the division on the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, and six Liberals will be absent on account of illness. These latter are not paired, and at the present moment the Government whips are not able to rely upon a majority of, more than eight.

Sir Charles Dilke said on Wednesday, in the course of a biting speech to his Liberal constituents, that it was idle to pretend that all was well with the party when its majority had dropped with startling rapidity almost to the vanishing point, and when they were losing Liberal seats offered to the attack of their opponents at the by-elections and were failing by immense majorities to win seats from the other side. "It is clear," added Dilke, "that although Lord Rosebery could win the Derby he cannot win elections."

The Queen's speech to be delivered at the opening of the coming session of Parliament, will be submitted to another Cabinet Council discussion before it is finally drafted. It is understood that the document will contain no surprises.

The newspapers generally mistook the references of Lord Rosebery in his speech at Cardiff last Friday to the question of one man one vote to mean that the Government intended to introduce a bill providing for the payment of a salary to members of the House of Commons.

This is an erroneous conclusion. A bill has already been drafted upon the lines of the Premier's Cardiff speech, which merely proposes to lessen the expenses of the candidates for seats in Parliament by paying a part thereof out of the public funds. The rush of impecunious candidates upon the public funds is to be checked by a provision that the payment of such election expenses shall depend upon the candidates polling a certain proportion of the votes cast. Failing to secure the stipulated number, a candidate will receive no re-imbursement.

The Executive Committee of the Conservative party proposes to distribute copies of the speeches of John Burns on the condition of labor in the United States as an offset to the prevailing spread of Democratic principles in England. The Clarion, which is far and away the most widely circulated labor paper in England, says, apropos of the speeches of the labor leader Mr. Burns, that "Albert Edward (limited) is infinitely preferable to Pullman, Carnegie, Tammany and Co."

The agitation against the House of Lords has affected the Socialists very slightly. They declare themselves that it is better to be robbed by old and gentlemanly dukes, with the courtesy of ancient usage, than to be garroted by mannerless brigands, who have not yet outgrown the brutality of the mercenary baseness of their business.

The younger Conservative and Liberal members of the House of Commons are making arrangements for their annual parliamentary boat race on the Thames the next Saturday. It will be a big attraction if the event comes off.

Late Trains.

The storm affected eastern trains yesterday. No. 3 East, due at Bonaventure at 6 50, was three hours late. The English mail train, ex R.M.S. Oregon, followed closely at 10.30. There was a small party of immigrants, who remained over until to-day, when they will be transferred west.

PERSONAL.

J. B. Creighton, Toronto, is at the Hall.

Count Castellivaine, Paris, France, is at the Windsor.

M. P. Connolly, Quebec, is at the Queen's.

Charles Brockman, Toronto, is at the Queen's.

Hon. L. O. Taillon, Quebec, is at the Hall.

Chas. Peters, of Baird and Peters, St. John, N. B., is in town.

McPherson LeMoyne, Boston, arrived at the Hall last evening.

R. H. Pope, M.P., and Mrs. Pope, Cookshire, are at the Windsor.

Wm. Farwell, Manager of the Eastern Townships Bank, Sherbrooke, was at the Windsor on Saturday.

C. L. Knapp, formerly American Consul-General in this city, was at the Windsor Saturday. He was accompanied by Mrs. Knapp.

Mr. and Mrs. Gould, Lakewood, Miss Anna Gould, Miss Cameron, Miss Pommery, Rouel Duval, and Mr. Peters, comprise a party of prominent New Yorkers who are at the Windsor.

A large party of railway men went to Ottawa last evening, numbering in all forty-five. Among these were C. W. Spencer, Superintendent of the Eastern Division of the C. P. R.; E. P. Hannaford, Chief Engineer of the G. T. R., and J. B. Futvoye, Superintendent of the C. V. R.R. at St. Johns, P.Q.

DEATH OF M. DE GIERS.

The Great Russian Diplomat Passes Away.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—M. De Giers, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, is dead.

Nicholas Carlovitch De Giers, was born on May 21, 1820, of Swedish ancestry, and had been on the Diplomatic service ever since he entered the Department of Asiatic Affairs, at the age of 18. In 1841 he was attached to the Russian Consulate at Moldavia. During the Hungarian campaign of 1848, he was employed as a diplomatic official at the headquarters of the Russian Commander-in-chief, where he gained great distinction and honor by his ability. In 1850, he was sent to Constantinople as First Secretary of Embassy. After representing Russia as Consul-General in Egypt in 1856, as Ambassador to Persia from 1853 to 1869, then to Berne, and later at Stockholm, he was recalled in 1875 to St. Petersburg, and became the assistant of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, having special charge of the Department of Asiatic Affairs, and in this capacity he negotiated with Great Britain a number of most delicate political understandings, and succeeded in obtaining advantages for Russia. Later, he constantly supplemented Prince Gortschakoff in the direction of Foreign Affairs, notably in 1877, during the Prince's absence in Turkey, where he had accompanied Emperor Alexander II., and during the Berlin Congress. In this manner he naturally succeeded Prince Gortschakoff, and replaced him as Minister of Foreign Affairs in 1892. Some time later he succeeded in bringing about the amicable understanding with Austria and Germany, as the result of visits which he made to Vienna and Friedrichsruhe.

Prince Lobanoff-Rostovski, the Russian ambassador to Austria, who is named as the probable successor of M. De Giers, has fulfilled his mission of announcing to the Pope the accession of Czar Nicholas to the throne of Russia, and has been decorated with the Order of Christ, which is the highest of all orders which can be bestowed by His Holiness.

Mme. De Giers was Princess Kantakuzene, a niece of the Great Gortschakoff. M. De Giers knew how to be silent in a good many languages. He was one of the most accomplished diplomatists of the age.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27.—The immediate cause of the death Saturday night of M. De Giers, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, was angina pectoris, complicated with inflammation of the lungs. Since the beginning of December his condition was alarming, but there were transitory rallies. The inflammation of the left lung and general weakness, however, constantly increased. His last hours were peaceful. He was somnolent throughout Saturday, and fell into a deep sleep early Saturday evening, passing away almost imperceptibly at six o'clock that night.

A catafalque has been erected in the death chamber, and requiems will be sung daily until the funeral takes place. This will be on Wednesday next. Prayers for the dead were offered in the Cathedral to-day in the presence of the Czar, the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Vladimir, the Diplomats and Ministers.

It is not likely that the death of M. De Giers will involve any change of policy. All of his probable successors being in accord with the Czar in the desire for peace.

PROF. ARTHUR CAYLEY.

London, Jan. 26—Prof. Arthur Cayley, F.R.S., Ph.D., D.Sc., D.L., L.C.L.L., of the University of Cambridge is dead. He was born at Richmond, Surrey, on August 16, 1821, and educated at King's College, London, and Trinity College, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A., in 1842, as Senior Wrangler and first Smith's prizeman. He was elected Fellow of his College, was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1849, and for some years practised as a conveyancer. In 1863, on the institution of the professorship, he was elected Sadlerian Professor of pure mathematics in the University of Cambridge. He was elected an Honorary Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, and in 1875 was re-elected to a Foundation Fellowship. He was a correspondent of the French Institute in the section of Astronomy, and was an honorary member, associate or correspondent of the Academies of Berlin, Rome, Vienna and many others. He received the degree of D.C.L. from Oxford in 1864, and that of LL.D. from Dublin in 1865, and from Edinburgh in 1884. He also received the degree of Ph.D. from the Universities of Gottingen, Leyden and Bologna, and in 1888 the degree of Sc.D. was conferred upon him by his own University. He was Past President of the Royal Astronomical, the London Mathematical and the Cambridge Philosophical Societies, and was President of the British Association at the meeting at Southport in 1883. He received the Royal and Copley Medals of the Royal Society, the De Morgan Medal of the London Mathematical Society and the Huyghen's Medal (Leyden). During the first half of the year 1882 he gave a course of Mathematical lectures at the John Hopkins University. For many years he was a member of the Council of the Senate of the University of Cambridge and of the Press Syndicate. In 1890 the distinction of officer of the Legion of Honor was conferred upon him by the President of the French Republic.

London, Jan. 27.—The Times announces the death in London yesterday of Colonel Sandwith, Administrator of Dominica, West Indies, who was recently summoned home.

Street Cars and the Snow

The Street Railway Company is learning rapidly how to fight a snowstorm. Although the other railways with all their experience suffered severely from Saturday morning's snow, the Street Railway Company did fairly well and in the afternoon had all their cars running again. The receipts for the day amounted to $1,200 which is $600 more than on the day of the big storm Christmas week. The cars yesterday were running as usual.

Outremont Street Car Service.

A bitter grievance against the Montreal Park and Island Railway Service to Outremont reached the Herald Office last evening. The letter stated that the ejectment of of Outremont citizens from the cars last Thursday was a mistake. and that if the company cannot carry out their agreement with the Outremont people, that is ten cents for the round trip, they had better quit the business.

The conductors are credited with unfailing politeness. The writer Mr. G. E. Cooke of Forest Villa, Outremont, thinks the Montreal Street Railway Company have the best of the traffic from Craig Street to Mount Royal Avenue. From this the Outremont residents suffer, because their cars are crowded. A suggestion is made that the M.S.Ry. Co., run their Park Ave. and Bleury cars to Mount Royal Avenue, and that the M.P. and I. Ry. Company revise their ticket system.

Liquor Traffic Commission.

The Royal Commission on the liquor traffic practically ended their efforts Saturday. Their meetings were continued each day last week and it now remains for Parliament to receive the report. It is understood from a prominent member of the Commission, that no further meetings will be held. It there should be any, the mission would merely be to close up some little matters in the report.

STEAMERS IN COLLISION.

SS. Schiedam cut Into by the Massachusetts.

London, Jan. 28.—A despatch to the Times from Boulogne Sur-Mer says that at 11 o'clock Saturday night a collision occurred off Dungeness. The Dutch steamer Schiedam, Capt. Stein, from New York, Jan. 8th, for Amsterdam, was proceeding up the Channel near the land for the purpose of taking a pilot aboard, when the British steamer Massachusetts, outward bound, tried, it is alleged, to pass between the Schiedam and the shore contrary to the rule of the road. The Captain of the Schiedam seeing that a collision was invitable reversed the engines Directly afterwards the Massachusetts struck the Schiedam with great force on the port bow, cutting her down to the water'sedge, The Schiedam had seventy passengers on board, but there was no panic. The collision bulkheads were closed, and the leakage stopped as far as possible. The lifeboats were provisioned and cleared for lowering, and every preparation made to abandon the ship should such a course become necessary. Capt. Stein declined the assistance proferred him by the Massachusetts and steered for Boulogne, where the Schiedam arrived at four o'clock Sunday morning. The steamer was anchored in the deep sea harbor. She will discharge, dock and repair. She is leaking badly and her pumps have to be kept going constantly. The damage sustained by the Massachusetts is unknown.

The Table d'Hote from 12 to 3, is not the only thing served at "The Hawthorn." You can get anything a la carte there, from 8 a.m., to 8 p.m.

BREVITIES.

During the week ending January 26 there were 128 permanent inmates at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, as compared with 124 last year; and 1,113 night lodgings, as compared with 852 last year.

Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen has honored Mr. J. Porteous Arnold by becoming patroness of the Montreal Collegiate School, 85 Mackay Street, of which he is owner and headmaster.

The Board of Outdoor Relief Statement for the week ending January 26th shews 301 families relieved, 54 quarter cords wood, 8 half tons and 30 quarter tons coal distributed.

A man named Edward Landry passing up Hypolite Street at eight o'clock yesterday morning, found the body of a still born male child on the sidewalk near No. 124. The police were notified and the body was taken to the Morgue.

T. P. Gannon, of 6 St. Andre Street, a conductor of a Street Railway sweeper, while running his car on Amherst Street Saturday evening, fell from the platform and fractured his arm. He was taken to the General Hospital.

On Wednesday next the Passenger Agents' Convention, which was in session at Toronto last week, will be transferred to Syracuse, N.Y. Montreal will send representatives.

"Robbie Burns" was the subject of an address by Wm. Algie at the Vics' Armory last evening. The hall was fairly well filled.

Perfect fitting Shirts, Collars and Fine Neckwear at Kelly Bros., 1691-1697 Notre Dame.

Johnson Makes a New Record.

Red Bank, N.J., Jan. 27.—The 100 yards skating record, standing start, was beaten this afternoon by John S. Johnson, who made the distance in 9 1-5 seconds. Davidson, who was second, was only one-fifth of a second behind the leader. With a flying start Moshier and Davidson both skated the 100 yards in seven seconds. The skating races, which were postponed on Saturday, will be held to-morrow. James Donaghue's entry was received to-night.

Fancy Suitings, Vestings, Trouserings and Dress Suits. Kelly Bros., 1691-1697 Notre Dame.

PENNARBY MINE.

Pennarby shaft is dark and deep
Eight foot broad, eight hundred deep,
Rough the bucket and tough the cord,
Strong as the arm of Winchman Ford.
Never look down;
Stick to the line!
That was the saying at Pennarby mine.

A stranger came to Pennarby shaft;
Lord! to see how the miners laughed!
White in the collar and stiff in the hat,
With his shining boots and his silk cravat,
Picking his way,
Dainty and fine,
Stepping on tiptoe to Pennarby mine.

Touring from London, so he said;
Was it copper they dug for, or tin, or lead?
Where did they find it? How did it come?
If he tried with a shovel might he get some?
Stooping so much
Was bad for the spine;
And wasn't it warmish in Pennarby mine?

'Twas like two worlds that met that day,
The world of work and the world of play;
And the grimy lads from the reeking shaft
Nudged each other, and grinned and chaffed;
"Got 'em all out!"
"A cousin of mine!"
So ran the banter at Pennarby mine.

And Carnbrae Bob, the Pennarby wit,
Told him the facts about the pit,
How they bored the shaft till the brimstone smell
Warned them from tapping; well,
He wouldn't say what,
But they took it for a sign
To dig no deeper in Pennarby mine.

Then, leaning over and peering in,
He was pointing out what he said was tin,
In the ten-foot lode; a crash, a jar,
A grasping hand and a splintered bar;
Gone in his strength,
With the lips that laughed!
Oh, the pale faces at Pennarby shaft!

Far down on a narrow ledge
They saw him cling to the crumbling edge,
"Wait for the bucket! Hi, man, stay!
That rope ain't safe; it's worn away!
He's taking his chance.
Slack out the line!
Sweet Lord be with them!" cried Pennarby Mine.

"He's got him! He has him! Pull with a will!
Thank God! He's over and breathing still.
And he; Lord sakes now! what's that? Well,
Blowed if it ain't our London swell!
Your heart is right
If your coat is fine;
Give us your hand!" cried Pennarby Mine.
—A. Conan Doyle.

Mr. Goff—"What side of the street do you live on?" Witness—On either side. If you go one way it is on the right side; if you go the other way it's on the left."—Texas Siftings.

Quiet Man (on first night of new piece)—"Excuse me, sir, but I don't see any occasion for such violent applause." Demonstrative Neighbor—"I do, my friend. The author is one of my wife's boarders, and he's over two months behind with his bill!"—Tit-Bits.

"Mandy," said Farmer Corntossel, who had been thoughtfully gazing into the fire for a long time, "they's jes' one thing I want ye ter promise me." "What's that, Josiar?" "When ye git ter be a 'mancipated woman——" "But Josiar, I don't wanter be no 'mancipated woman." "Thet's all right. Ye never kin tell, I want yer ter promise thet when ye git ter be a 'mancipated woman, an' air 'lected to office, thet ye won't go ter the hotel an' register ez 'Honor'ble 'Mandy Corntossel an' husband.'"—Washington Star.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

ELEPHANTS TENDING BABIES.

Monsters That Take the Tenderest Care of Mahout's Children.

Weakness appeals powerfully to the friendly protection of the strong, and even among brutes—at least the nobler kinds—the appeal is not often in vain. In the curious relations between monster and midget we not infrequently see the fable of the lion and the mouse repeated without words. There is nothing by any means uncommon or incredible in the stories which have been reported about the children of a mahout being cared for by the mahout's elephant.

The whole family of the mahout become, as it were, parasites to the elephant, by whom they earn their living. I have seen a baby placed by its mother systematically under the elephant's care, and within reach of its trunk, while the mother went to fetch water or to get wood or material to cook the family dinner. No jackal or wolf would be likely to pick up and carry off a baby who was thus confided to the care of an elephant, but most people who have lived a life in the jungle know how very possible it is for a jackal or a wolf to carry off a baby when lying in a hut when the mother's back is turned.

The children thus brought up in the companionship of an elephant become familiar with him and take all kinds of libertics with him, which the elephant seems to endure on the principle that it does not hurt him, while it amuses the child. You see a little naked black child, about 2 feet high, standing on the elephant's bare back and taking it down to the water to bathe, shouting all the time in the most unbecoming terms of native abusive language.

On arriving at the water the elephant, ostensibly in obedience to the child's command, lies down and enjoys himself, just leaving a part of his body, like a small island, above water, on which the small child stands and yells and yells all the more if he has several companions of his own age, also in charge of their elephants, all wallowing in the water around him. If the child slips off his island, the elephant's trunk promptly replaces him in safety. The little urchins, as they grow up, become first mates to mahouts, and eventually arrive at the dignity of being mahouts themselves.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The Dancing Lesson.

Tra la la la, la la, la!
Happy stars are shining
In the far still sky.
They are not more happy,
Of lighter heart, than I.
Ah! my little shadow
Comes upon the wall.
Good day, little shadow,
Unto you I call.

Tra la la la, la la, la!
I can dance and sing,
But you, poor little shadow,
Can't do anything.
But I'll teach you, darling,
To dance as well as I,
While the moon is shining
In the happy sky.

So come, my little shadow,
Come and dance with me.
First you bow, so—lowly—
Then rise easily.
Then you take some light steps
One, two, one, two, three.
Be careful, little shadow,
To follow after me.



Then you take the edges
Of your dainty little dress,
Your tiny arms outspreading—
Well done! I confess.
Then you take one corner
Daintily—just so—
And like a little feather
Round and round you go.

Tra la la la, la la, la!
Why, naughty shadow dear,
You did not do that very well!
Try again, my dear—
Then, with light step tripping,
Forward lightly go—
One, two, one, two, one, two,
One, two, one, two—so.

Then, with skirts caught up again
Slowly you recede.
Bravo, bravo, shadow dear,
Very well indeed!
Hark! I hear the nursery bell
Call with all its might.
Ting a ling, a ling, a ling—
Shadow, dear, good night.
—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Lady (in a crowded tramway car)—"Thank you, sir; but I don't like to deprive you of your comfortable seat." Irishman (who has risen to offer a seat)—"Be th' powers, ma'am, it was more comfortable no longer when Oi saw you standin.' "—Household Words.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC DISTRICT OF Montreal, No. 16,854, Circuit Court. John H. Bourgouin, plaintiff, versus Arthur Pepin, defendant. On the eighth day of February 1895 at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 1,387 Ontario Street, in the city of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture, etc. Terms of sale, cash. M. J. Allard DeCelles, B.S.C. Montreal, January 28th, 1895.

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