The Tower

George Charles Beresford (1864-1938),
Portrait de William Butler Yeats

poète et dramaturge irlandais (1865-1939), le 15 juillet 1911. Collection de la National Portrait Gallery, Londres, Angleterre.

William Butler Yeats

T H E TO W E R

•

SAILING TO BYZANTIUM

I

THAT is no country for old men. The young In one another’s arms, birds in the trees, —Those dying generations—at their song, The salmon-falls, the mackerel-crowded seas, Fish flesh or fowl, commend all summer long Whatever is begotten born and dies. Caught in that sensual music all neglect Monuments of unaging intellect.

II

An aged man is but a paltry thing,
A tattered coat upon a stick, unless
Soul clap its hands and sing, and louder sing For every tatter in its mortal dress,
Nor is there singing school but studying Monuments of its own magnificence;
And therefore I have sailed the seas and come

To the holy city of Byzantium.

III

O sages standing in God’s holy fire
As in the gold mosaic of a wall,
Come from the holy fire, perne in a gyre, And be the singing masters of my soul. Consume my heart away; sick with desire And fastened to a dying animal
It knows not what it is; and gather me Into the artifice of eternity.

IV

Once out of nature I shall never take

My bodily form from any natural thing, But such a form as Grecian goldsmiths make Of hammered gold and gold enamelling To keep a drowsy emperor awake;
Or set upon a golden bough to sing
To lords and ladies of Byzantium
Of what is past, or passing, or to come.

NOTE : SAILING TO BYZANTIUM STANZA IV

I have read somewhere that in the Emperor’s palace at Byzantium was a tree made of gold and
silver, and artificial birds that sang.
1927

THE TOWER

I

WHAT shall I do with this absurdity—
O heart, O troubled heart—this caricature, Decrepit age that has been tied to me
As to a dog’s tail?
Never had I more

Excited, passionate, fantastical
Imagination, nor an ear and eye
That more expected the impossible—
No, not in boyhood when with rod and fly,
Or the humbler worm, I climbed Ben Bulben’s back And had the livelong summer day to spend.
It seems that I must bid the Muse go pack, Choose Plato and Plotinus for a friend

Until imagination, ear and eye,
Can be content with argument and deal
In abstract things; or be derided by
A sort of battered kettle at the heel.

II

I place upon the battlements and stare
On the foundations of a house, or where Tree, like a sooty finger, starts from the earth; And send imagination forth
Under the day’s declining beam, and call Images and memories
From ruin or from ancient trees,
For I would ask a question of them all.

Beyond that ridge lived Mrs. French, and once When every silver candlestick or sconce
Lit up the dark mahogany and the wine,
A serving man that could divine
That most respected lady’s every wish,
Ran and with the garden shears
Clipped an insolent farmer’s ears
And brought them in a little covered dish.

Some few remembered still when I was young A peasant girl commended by a song, Who’d lived somewhere upon that rocky place, And praised the colour of her face,
And had the greater joy in praising her, Remembering that, if walked she there
Farmers jostled at the fair
So great a glory did the song confer.

And certain men, being maddened by those rhymes, Or else by toasting her a score of times,
Rose from the table and declared it right
To test their fancy by their sight;
But they mistook the brightness of the moon
For the prosaic light of day—
Music had driven their wits astray—
And one was drowned in the great bog of Cloone.

Strange, but the man who made the song was blind, Yet, now have considered it, I find
That nothing strange; the tragedy began
With Homer that was a blind man,
And Helen has all living hearts betrayed.
O may the moon and sunlight seem
One inextricable beam,
For if I triumph I must make men mad.

And I myself created Hanrahan
And drove him drunk or sober through the dawn From somewhere in the neighbouring cottages. Caught by an old man’s juggleries
He stumbled, tumbled, fumbled to and fro
And had but broken knees for hire

And horrible splendour of desire;
I thought it all out twenty years ago :

Good fellows shuffled cards in an old bawn; And when that ancient ruffian’s turn was on
He so bewitched the cards under his thumb
That all, but the one card, became
A pack of hounds and not a pack of cards,
And that he changed into a hare.
Hanrahan rose in frenzy there
And followed up those baying creatures towards—

O towards I have forgotten what—enough!
I must recall a man that neither love

Nor music nor an enemy’s clipped ear
Could, he was so harried, cheer;
A figure that has grown so fabulous
There’s not a neighbour left to say
When he finished his dog’s day :
An ancient bankrupt master of this house.

Before that ruin came, for centuries,
Rough men-at-arms, cross-gartered to the knees Or shod in iron, climbed the narrow stairs, And certain men-at-arms there were

Whose images, in the Great Memory stored, Come with loud cry and panting breast
To break upon a sleeper’s rest
While their great wooden dice beat on the board.

As I would question all, come all who can; Come old, necessitous, half-mounted man; And bring beauty’s blind rambling celebrant; The red man the juggler sent
Through God-forsaken meadows; Mrs. French, Gifted with so fine an ear;
The man drowned in a bog’s mire,
When mocking muses chose the country wench.

Did all old men and women, rich and poor, Who trod upon these rocks or passed this door, Whether in public or in secret rage
As I do now against old age?
But I have found an answer in those eyes
That are impatient to be gone;
Go therefore; but leave Hanrahan
For I need all his mighty memories.

Old lecher with a love on every wind Bring up out of that deep considering mind All that you have discovered in the grave, For it is certain that you have
Reckoned up every unforeknown, unseeing Plunge, lured by a softening eye,
Or by a touch or a sigh,
Into the labyrinth of another’s being;

Does the imagination dwell the most Upon a woman won or woman lost?
If on the lost, admit you turned aside From a great labyrinth out of pride, Cowardice, some silly over-subtle thought Or anything called conscience once;
And that if memory recur, the sun’s Under eclipse and the day blotted out.

NOTE : THE TOWER. PART II

The persons mentioned are associated by legend,
story and tradition with the neighbourhood of Thoor Ballylee or Ballylee Castle, where the poem
was written. Mrs. French lived at Peterswell in the

eighteenth century and was related to Sir Jonah Barrington, who described the incident of the ear and the trouble that came of it. The peasant beauty and the blind poet are Mary Hynes and Raftery, and the incident of the man drowned in Cloone

Bog is recorded in my Celtic Twilight. Hanrahan’s pursuit of the phantom hare and hounds is from my Stories of Red Hanrahan. The ghosts have been seen at their game of dice in what is now my bedroom, and the old bankrupt man lived about a hundred years ago. According to one legend he could only leave the Castle upon a Sunday because of his creditors, and according to another he hid in the secret passage.

III

It is time that I wrote my will;
I choose upstanding men,
That climb the streams until

The fountain leap, and at dawn Drop their cast at the side
Of dripping stone; I declare
They shall inherit my pride,
The pride of people that were Bound neither to Cause nor to State, Neither to slaves that were spat on, Nor to the tyrants that spat,
The people of Burke and of Grattan That gave, though free to refuse— Pride, like that of the morn, When the headlong light is loose, Or that of the fabulous horn,
Or that of the sudden shower

When all streams are dry,
Or that of the hour

When the swan must fix his eye Upon a fading gleam,
Float out upon a long
Last reach of glittering stream And there sing his last song. And I declare my faith;
I mock Plotinus’ thought
And cry in Plato’s teeth, Death and life were not

Till man made up the whole, Made lock, stock and barrel Out of his bitter soul,
Aye, sun and moon and star, all, And further add to that

That, being dead, we rise, Dream and so create
Translunar Paradise.

I have prepared my peace
With learned Italian things And the proud stones of Greece, Poet’s imaginings
And memories of love,
Memories of the words of women, All those things whereof
Man makes a superhuman, Mirror-resembling dream.

As at the loophole there,
The daws chatter and scream, And drop twigs layer upon layer. When they have mounted up, The mother bird will rest

On their hollow top,
And so warm her wild nest.

I leave both faith and pride
To young upstanding men Climbing the mountain side, That under bursting dawn They may drop a fly;
Being of that metal made Till it was broken by
This sedentary trade.

Now shall I make my soul Compelling it to study
In a learned school

Till the wreck of body
Slow decay of blood,
Testy delirium
Or dull decrepitude,
Or what worse evil come—
The death of friends, or death Of every brilliant eye
That made a catch in the breath—

Seem but the clouds of the sky When the horizon fades;
Or a bird’s sleepy cry
Among the deepening shades.

NOTE : THE TOWER. PART III

In the passage about the Swan I have unconsciously echoed one of the loveliest lyrics of our time—Mr. Sturge Moore’s «Dying Swan». I often recited it during an American lecturing tour, which explains the theft.
THE DYING SWAN
O silver-throated Swan

Struck, struck! A golden dart
Clean through thy breast has gone
Home to thy heart.
Thrill, thrill, O silver throat!
O silver trumpet, pour
Love for defiance back.
On him who smote!
And brim, brim o’er
With love; and ruby-dye thy track
Down thy last living reach
Of river, sail the golden light—
Enter the sun’s heart—even teach,
O wondrous-gifted pain, teach thou
The God to love, let him learn how!
When I wrote the lines about Plato and Plotinus

I forgot that it is something in our own eyes that makes us see them as all transcendence. Has not

Plotinus written : «Let every soul recall, then, at the outset the truth that soul is the author of all

living things, that it has breathed the life into them all, whatever is nourished by earth and sea, all the creatures of the air, the divine stars in the sky; it is the maker of the sun; itself formed and ordered this vast heaven and conducts all that rhythmic motion—and it is a principle distinct from all these to which it gives law and movement and
life, and it must of necessity be more honourable
than they, for they gather or dissolve as soul brings
them life or abandons them, but soul, since it never
can abandon itself, is of eternal being. »
1926

MEDITATIONS IN TIME OF CIVIL WAR

NOTE : These poems were written at Thoor Ballylee in 1922, during the civil war. Before
they were finished the Republicans blew up our
« ancient bridge » one midnight. They forbade us
to leave the house, but were otherwise polite, even
saying at last «Goodnight, thank you» as though
we had given them the bridge.

I

ANCESTRAL HOUSES

SURELY among a rich man’s flowering lawns, Amid the rustle of his planted hills,
Life overflows without ambitious pains;
And rains down life until the basin spills,
And mounts more dizzy high the more it rains
As though to choose whatever shape it wills
And never stoop to a mechanical,
Or servile shape, at others’ beck and call.

Mere dreams, mere dreams! Yet Homer had not sung Had he not found it certain beyond dreams
That out of life’s own self-delight had sprung
The abounding glittering jet; though now it seems As if some marvellous empty sea-shell flung
Out of the obscure dark of the rich streams,
And not a fountain, were the symbol which Shadows the inherited glory of the rich.

Some violent bitter man, some powerful man Called architect and artist in, that they, Bitter and violent men, might rear in stone The sweetness that all longed for night and day, The gentleness none there had ever known; But when the master’s buried mice can play, And maybe the great-grandson of that house, For all its bronze and marble, ‹s but a mouse.

Oh what if gardens where the peacock strays With delicate feet upon old terraces,
Or else all Juno from an urn displays
Before the indifferent garden deities;
Oh what if levelled lawns and gravelled ways Where slippered Contemplation finds his ease And Childhood a delight for every sense, But take our greatness with our violence!

What if the glory of escutcheoned doors, And buildings that a haughtier age designed, The pacing to and fro on polished floors Amid great chambers and long galleries, lined With famous portraits of our ancestors; What if those things the greatest of mankind, Consider most to magnify, or to bless,
But take our greatness with our bitterness!

II

MY HOUSE

An ancient bridge, and a more ancient tower, A farmhouse that is sheltered by its wall, An acre of stony ground,
Where the symbolic rose can break in flower, Old ragged elms, old thorns innumerable, The sound of the rain or sound

Of every wind that blows;
The stilted water-hen
Crossing stream again
Scared by the splashing of a dozen cows;

A winding stair, a chamber arched with stone, A grey stone fireplace with an open hearth, A candle and written page.
Il Penseroso’s Platonist toiled on

In some like chamber, shadowing forth How the daemonic rage
Imagined everything.
Benighted travellers
From markets and from fairs

Have seen his midnight candle glimmering.

Two men have founded here. A man-at-arms

Gathered a score of horse and spent his days
In this tumultuous spot,
Where through long wars and sudden night alarms His dwindling score and he seemed cast-a-ways Forgetting and forgot;
And I, that after me
My bodily heirs may find,
To exalt a lonely mind,
Befitting emblems of adversity.

III

MY TABLE

Two heavy tressels, and a board Where Sato’s gift, a changeless sword, By pen and paper lies,
That it may moralise
My days out of their aimlessness.
A bit of an embroidered dress
Covers its wooden sheath.
Chaucer had not drawn breath

When it was forged. In Sato’s house, Curved like new moon, moon luminous It lay five hundred years.
Yet if no change appears
No moon; only an aching heart Conceives a changeless work of art. Our learned men have urged
That when and where ’twas forged
A marvellous accomplishment,
In painting or in pottery, went
From father unto son

And through the centuries ran
And seemed unchanging like the sword. Soul’s beauty being most adored,
Men and their business took

The soul’s unchanging look;
For the most rich inheritor,
Knowing that none could pass heaven’s door That loved inferior art,
Had such an aching heart
That he, although a country’s talk
For silken clothes and stately walk,
Had waking wits; it seemed
Juno’s peacock screamed.

Jack Butler Yeats (1871-1957), The Sleeping Sea (1949) – détail, collection particulière.

IV

MY DESCENDANTS

Having inherited a vigorous mind
From my old fathers I must nourish dreams And leave a woman and a man behind

As vigorous of mind, and yet it seems
Life scarce can cast a fragrance on the wind, Scarce spread a glory to the morning beams, But the torn petals strew the garden plot;
And there’s but common greenness after that.

And what if my descendants lose the flower Through natural declension of the soul, Through too much business with the passing hour, Through too much play, or marriage with a fool? May this laborious stair and this stark tower Become a roofless ruin that the owl

May build in the cracked masonry and cry
Her desolation to the desolate sky.

The Primum Mobile that fashioned us

Has made the very owls in circles move;
And I, that count myself most prosperous, Seeing that love and friendship are enough,
For an old neighbour’s friendship chose the house And decked and altered it for a girl’s love,
And know whatever flourish and decline
These stones remain their monument and mine.

V

THE ROAD AT MY DOOR

An affable Irregular,
A heavily built Falstaffan man,
Comes cracking jokes of civil war
As though to die by gunshot were The finest play under the sun.

A brown Lieutenant and his men, Half dressed in national uniform, Stand at my door, and I complain Of the foul weather, hail and rain,
A pear tree broken by the storm.
I count those feathered balls of soot

The moor-hen guides upon the stream, To silence the envy in my thought;
And turn towards my chamber, caught In the cold snows of a dream.

VI

THE STARE’S NEST BY MY WINDOW

The bees build in the crevices

Of loosening masonry, and there
The mother birds bring grubs and flies. My wall is loosening; honey-bees
Come build in the empty house of the stare.

We are closed in, and the key is turned On our uncertainty; somewhere
A man is killed, or a house burned,
Yet no clear fact to be discerned :

Come build in the empty house of the stare.

A barricade of stone or of wood;
Some fourteen days of civil war;
Last night they trundled down the road That dead young soldier in his blood : Come build in the empty house of the stare.

We had fed the heart on fantasies,
The heart’s grown brutal from the fare, More substance in our enmities

Than in our love; oh, honey-bees
Come build in the empty house of the stare.

NOTE : SECTION SIX

In the West of Ireland we call a starling a stare,
and during the civil war one built in a hole in the
masonry by my bedroom window.

VII

I SEE PHANTOMS OF HATRED AND OF
THE HEART’S FULLNESS AND OF
THE COMING EMPTINESS

I climb to the tower top and lean upon broken stone,
A mist that is like blown snow is sweeping over all,
Valley, river, and elms, under the light of a moon
That seems unlike itself, that seems unchangeable,
A glittering sword out of the east. A puff of wind
And those white glimmering fragments of the mist sweep by. Frenzies bewilder, reveries perturb the mind;
Monstrous familiar images swim to the mind’s eye.

«Vengeance upon the murderers », the cry goes up, «Vengeance for Jacques Molay ». In cloud-pale rags, or in lace, The rage driven, rage tormented, and rage hungry troop, Trooper belabouring trooper, biting at arm or at face, Plunges towards nothing, arms and fingers spreading wide For the embrace of nothing; and I, my wits astray
Because of all that senseless tumult, all but cried
For vengeance on the murderers of Jacques Molay.

NOTE : SECTION SEVEN, STANZA II
The cry «Vengeance on the murderers of Jacques
Molay », Grand Master of the Templars, seems to
me fit symbol for those who labour from hatred,
and so for sterility in various kinds. It is said to
have been incorporated in the ritual of certain
Masonic societies of the eighteenth century, and
to have fed class-hatred

Their legs long delicate and slender, aquamarine their eyes, Magical unicorns bear ladies on their backs,
The ladies close their musing eyes. No prophecies, Remembered out of Babylonian almanacs,
Have closed the ladies’ eyes, their minds are but a pool Where even longing drowns under its own excess; Nothing but stillness can remain when hearts are full
Of their own sweetness, bodies of their loveliness.

The cloud-pale unicorns, the eyes of aquamarine,
The quivering half-closed eyelids, the rags of cloud or of lace, Or eyes that rage has brightened, arms it has made lean, Give place to an indifferent multitude, give place
To brazen hawks. Nor self-delighting reverie,
Nor hate of what’s to come, nor pity for what’s gone, Nothing but grip of claw, and the eye’s complacency,
The innumerable clanging wings that have put out the moon.

NOTE : SECTION SEVEN, STANZA IV
I have a ring with a hawk and a butterfly upon it,
to symbolise the straight road of logic, and so of
mechanism, and the crooked road of intuition :
«For wisdom is a butterfly and not a gloomy bird
of prey. »

I turn away and shut the door, and on the stair Wonder how many times I could have proved my worth In something that all others understand or share;
But oh, ambitious heart had such a proof drawn forth A company of friends, a conscience set at ease,
It had but made us pine the more. The abstract joy, The half read wisdom of daemonic images,
Suffice the ageing man as once the growing boy.

1923

NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETEEN

I

MANY ingenious lovely things are gone
That seemed sheer miracle to the multitude,
Protected from the circle of the moon

That pitches common things about.

There stood Amid the ornamental bronze and stone

An ancient image made of olive wood—
And gone are Phidias’ famous ivories
And all the golden grasshoppers and bees.

We too had many pretty toys when young;
A law indifferent to blame or praise,
To bribe or threat; habits that made old wrong Melt down, as it were max in the sun’s rays;

Public opinion ripening for so long
We thought it would outlive all future days.
O what fine thought we had because we thought That the worst rogues and rascals had died out.

All teeth were drawn, all ancient tricks unlearned, And a great army but a showy thing;
What matter that no cannon had been turned

Into a ploughshare; parliament and king
Thought that unless a little powder burned
The trumpeters might burst with trumpeting
And yet it lack all glory; and perchance
The guardsmen’s drowsy chargers would not prance.

Now days are dragon-ridden, the nightmare
Rides upon sleep : a drunken soldiery
Can leave the mother, murdered at her door,
To crawl in her own blood, and go scot-free;
The night can sweat with terror as before
We pieced our thoughts into philosophy,
And planned to bring the world under a rule, Who are but weasels fighting in a hole.

He who can read the signs nor sink unmanned Into the half-deceit of some intoxicant
From shallow wits; who knows no work can stand, Whether health, wealth or peace of mind were spent On master work of intellect or hand,
No honour leave its mighty monument,
Has but one comfort left : all triumph would
But break upon his ghostly solitude.

But is there any comfort to be found?
Man is in love and loves what vanishes, What more is there to say? That country round None dared admit, if such a thought were his, Incendiary or bigot could be found
To burn that stump on the Acropolis,
Or break in bits the famous ivories

Or traffic in the grasshoppers or bees?

II

When Loie Fuller’s Chinese dancers enwound

A shining web, a floating ribbon of cloth,
It seemed that a dragon of air
Had fallen among dancers, had whirled them round Or hurried them off on its own furious path;
So the platonic year
Whirls out new right and wrong,
Whirls in the old instead;
All men are dancers and their tread

Goes to the barbarous clangour of gong.

III

Some moralist or mythological poet Compares the solitary soul to a swan; I am satisfied with that,
Satisfied if a troubled mirror show it

Before that brief gleam of its life be gone,
An image of its state;
The wings half spread for flight,
The breast thrust out in pride
Whether to play, or to ride
Those winds that clamour of approaching night.

A man in his own secret meditation

Is lost amid the labyrinth that he has made
In art or politics;
Some platonist affirms that in the station Where we should cast off body and trade
The ancient habit sticks,
And that if our works could
But vanish with our breath

That were a lucky death,
For triumph can but mar our solitude.

The swan has leaped into the desolate heaven : That image can bring wildness, bring a rage To end all things, to end
What my laborious life imagined, even
The half imagined, the half written page;
O but we dreamed to mend
Whatever mischief seemed
To afflict mankind, but now
That winds of winter blow

Learn that we were crack-pated when we dreamed.

IV

We, who seven years ago
Talked of honour and of truth,
Shriek with pleasure if we show
The weasel’s twist, the weasel’s tooth.

V

Come let us mock at the great That had such burdens on the mind And toiled so hard and late
To leave some monument behind, Nor thought of the levelling wind.

Come let us mock at the wise; With all those calendars whereon

They fixed old aching eyes,
They never saw how seasons run, And now but gape at the sun.

Come let us mock at the good
That fancied goodness might be gay, And sick of solitude

Might proclaim a holiday :
Wind shrieked—and where are they?

Mock mockers after that

That would not lift a hand maybe
To help good, wise or great
To bar that foul storm out, for we
Traffic in mockery.

VI

Violence upon the roads : violence of horses;
Some few have handsome riders, are garlanded
On delicate sensitive ear or tossing mane,
But wearied running round and round in their courses All break and vanish, and evil gathers head : Herodias’ daughters have returned again
A sudden blast of dusty wind and after
Thunder of feet, tumult of images,
Their purpose in the labyrinth of the wind;
And should some crazy hand dare touch a daughter All turn with amorous cries, or angry cries, According to the wind, for all are blind.
But now wind drops, dust settles; thereupon There lurches past, his great eyes without thought Under the shadow of stupid strawpale locks,
That insolent fiend Robert Artisson

To whom the love-lorn Lady Kyteler brought Bronzed peacock feathers, red combs of her cocks.

NOTE : NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINETEEN
SECTION SIX

The country people see at times certain apparitions
whom they name now « fallen angels », now
« ancient inhabitants of the country », and describe
as riding at whiles «with flowers upon the heads of the horses ». I have assumed in the sixth poem that these horsemen, now that the times worsen, give way to worse. My last symbol, Robert Artisson, was an evil spirit much run after in
Kilkenny at the start of the fourteenth century.
Are not those who travel in the whirling dust also
in the Platonic Year?
1919

THE WHEEL

THROUGH winter-time we call on spring, And through the spring on summer call, And when abounding hedges ring Declare that winter’s best of all;
And after that there’s nothing good Because the spring-time has not come— Nor know that what disturbs our blood

Is but its longing for the tomb.

YOUTH AND AGE

MUCH did I rage when young,
Being by the world oppressed,
But now with flattering tongue
It speeds the parting guest.

1924

THE NEW FACES

IF you, that have grown old, were the first dead, Neither catalpa tree nor scented lime
Should hear my living feet, nor would I tread Where we wrought that shall break the teeth of time. Let the new faces play what tricks they will
In the old rooms; night can out-balance day,
Our shadows rove the garden gravel still,
The living seem more shadowy than they.

A PRAYER FOR MY SON

BID a strong ghost stand at the head
That my Michael may sleep sound,
Nor cry, nor turn in the bed
Till his morning meal come round; And may departing twilight keep
All dread afar till morning’s back,
That his mother may not lack
Her fill of sleep.

Bid the ghost have sword in fist :
Some there are, for I avow
Such devilish things exist,
Who have planned his murder for they know Of some most haughty deed or thought That waits upon his future days,
And would through hatred of the bays Bring that to nought.

Though You can fashion everything
From nothing every day, and teach The morning stars to sing,
You have lacked articulate speech
To tell Your simplest want, and known, Wailing upon a woman’s knee,
All of that worst ignominy
Of flesh and bone;

And when through all the town there ran The servants of Your enemy,
A woman and a man,
Unless the Holy Writings lie,
Hurried through the smooth and rough And through the fertile and waste, Protecting, till the danger past,
With human love.

TWO SONGS FROM A PLAY

I

I SAW a staring virgin stand
Where holy Dionysus died,
And tear the heart out of his side, And lay the heart upon her hand And bear that beating heart away; And then did all the Muses sing
Of Magnus Annus at the spring,
As though God’s death were but a play.

Another Troy must rise and set, Another lineage feed the crow, Another Argo’s painted prow
Drive to a flashier bauble yet.
The Roman Empire stood appalled : It dropped the reins of peace and war When that fierce virgin and her Star Out of the fabulous darkness called.

II

In pity for man’s darkening thought He walked that room and issued thence In Galilean turbulence;
The Babylonian Starlight brought
A fabulous, formless darkness in; Odour of blood when Christ was slain Made Plato’s tolerance in vain

And vain the Doric discipline.

NOTE : TWO SONGS FROM A PLAY

These songs are sung by the Chorus in a play that has for its theme Christ’s first appearance to the Apostles after the Resurrection, a play intended for performance in a drawing-room or studio.

WISDOM

THE true faith discovered was

When painted panel, statuary, Glass-mosaic, window-glass, Straightened all that went awry When some peasant gospeller Imagined Him upon the floor Of a working-carpenter.

Miracle had its playtime where In damask clothed and on a seat, Chryselephantine, cedar boarded, His majestic Mother sat Stitching at a purple hoarded, That He might be nobly breeched, In starry towers of Babylon
Noah’s freshet never reached.

King Abundance got Him on
Innocence; and Wisdom He.
That cognomen sounded best
Considering what wild infancy
Drove horror from His Mother’s breast.

LEDA AND THE SWAN

A SUDDEN blow : the great wings beating still Above the staggering girl, her thighs caressed By the dark webs, her nape caught in his bill, He holds her helpless breast upon his breast.

How can those terrified vague fingers push The feathered glory from her loosening thighs? And how can body, laid in that white rush But feel the strange heart beating where it lies?

A shudder in the loins engenders there
The broken wall, the burning roof and tower And Agamemnon dead.
Being so caught up,
So mastered by the brute blood of the air,
Did she put on his knowledge with his power
Before the indifferent beak could let her drop?
1928

ON A PICTURE OF A BLACK CENTAUR
BY EDMOND DULAC

YOUR hooves have stamped at the black margin of the wood, Even where horrible green parrots call and swing.
My works are all stamped down into the sultry mud.
I knew that horse play, knew it for a murderous thing. What wholesome sun has ripened is wholesome food to eat And that alone; yet I, being driven half insane
Because of some green wing, gathered old mummy wheat In the mad abstract dark and ground it grain by grain And after baked it slowly in an oven; but now
I bring full flavoured wine out of a barrel found
Where seven Ephesian topers slept and never knew When Alexander’s empire past, they slept so sound. Stretch out your limbs and sleep a long Saturnian sleep; I have loved you better than my soul for all my words, And there is none so fit to keep a watch and keep Unwearied eyes upon those horrible green birds.

AMONG SCHOOL CHILDREN

I

I WALK through the long schoolroom questioning,
A kind old nun in a white hood replies;
The children learn to cipher and to sing,

To study reading-books and history,
To cut and sew, be neat in everything
In the best modern way—the children’s eyes In momentary wonder stare upon
A sixty year old smiling public man.

II

I dream of a Ledæan body, bent
Above a sinking fire, a tale that she
Told of a harsh reproof, or trivial event
That changed some childish day to tragedy— Told, and it seemed that our two natures blent Into a sphere from youthful sympathy,
Or else, to alter Plato’s parable,
Into the yolk and white of the one shell.

III

And thinking of that fit of grief or rage
I look upon one child or t’other there And wonder if she stood so at that age— For even daughters of the swan can share Something of every paddler’s heritage— And had that colour upon cheek or hair And thereupon my heart is driven wild : She stands before me as a living child.

NOTE : AMONG SCHOOL CHILDREN STANZA III

I have taken « the honey of generation» from Porphyry’s essay on The Cave of the Nymphs, but find no warrant in Porphyry for considering it the «drug » that destroys the « recollection» of pre-
natal freedom. He blamed a cup of oblivion given
in the zodiacal sign of Cancer.

IV

Her present image floats in to the mind— Did quattrocento finger fashion it
Hollow of cheek as though it drank the wind And took a mass of shadows for its meat?

And I though never of Ledæan kind
Had pretty plumage once—enough of that, Better to smile on all that smile, and show There is a comfortable kind of old scarecrow.

V

What youthful mother, a shape upon her lap Honey of generation had betrayed,
And that must sleep, shriek, struggle to escape As recollection or the drug decide,
Would think her son, did she but see that shape With sixty or more winters on its head,
A compensation for the pang of his birth,
Or the uncertainty of his setting forth?

VI

Plato thought nature but a spume that plays Upon a ghostly paradigm of things; Solider Aristotle played the taws
Upon the bottom of a king of kings; World-famous golden-thighed Pythagoras Fingered upon a fiddle stick or strings What a star sang and careless Muses heard : Old clothes upon old sticks to scare a bird.

VII

Both nuns and mothers worship images, But those the candles light are not as those That animate a mother’s reveries,
But keep a marble or a bronze repose. And yet they too break hearts—O Presences That passion, piety or affection knows, And that all heavenly glory symbolise— O self-born mockers of man’s enterprise;

VIII

Labour is blossoming or dancing where
The body is not bruised to pleasure soul,
Nor beauty born out of its own despair,
Nor blear-eyed wisdom out of midnight oil. O chestnut tree, great rooted blossomer,
Are you the leaf, the blossom or the bole?
O body swayed to music, O brightening glance, How can we know the dancer from the dance?

COLONUS’ PRAISE

(From Œdipus at Colonus)

CHORUS

COME praise Colonus’ horses and come praise The wine dark of the wood’s intricacies,
The nightingale that deafens daylight there, If daylight ever visit where,
Unvisited by tempest or by sun,
Immortal ladies tread the ground
Dizzy with harmonious sound,
Semele’s lad a gay companion.

And yonder in the gymnasts’ garden thrives The self-sown, self-begotten shape that gives Athenian intellect its mastery,
Even the grey-leaved olive tree Miracle-bred out of the living stone;
Nor accident of peace nor war
Shall wither that old marvel, for
The great grey-eyed Athene stares thereon.

Who comes into this country, and has come Where golden crocus and narcissus bloom,
Where the Great Mother, mourning for her daughter And beauty-drunken by the water
Glittering among grey-leaved olive trees,
Has plucked a flower and sung her loss;
Who finds abounding Cephisus
Has found the loveliest spectacle there is.

Because this country has a pious mind And so remembers that when all mankind

But trod the road, or paddled by the shore, Poseidon gave it bit and oar,
Every Colonus lad or lass discourses
Of that oar and of that bit;
Summer and winter, day and night,
Of horses and horses of the sea, white horses.

THE HERO, THE GIRL, AND THE FOOL

THE GIRL

I RAGE at my own image in the glass,
That’s so unlike myself that when you praise it It is as though you praised another, or even Mocked me with praise of my mere opposite;
And when I wake towards morn I dread myself
For the heart cries that what deception wins
Cruelty must keep; therefore be warned and go
If you have seen that image and not the woman.

THE HERO

I have raged at my own strength because you have loved it.

THE GIRL

If you are no more strength than I am beauty
I had better find a convent and turn nun;
A nun at least has all men’s reverence

And needs no cruelty.

THE HERO

I have heard one say
That men have reverence for their holiness And not themselves.

THE GIRL

Say on and say
That only God has loved us for ourselves, But what care I that long for a man’s love?

THE FOOL BY THE ROADSIDE

When my days that have
From cradle run to grave
From grave to cradle run instead; When thoughts that a fool
Has wound upon a spool
Are but loose thread, are but loose thread.

When cradle and spool are past
And I mere shade at last

Coagulate of stuff
Transparent like the wind,
I think that I may find
A faithful love, a faithful love.

OWEN AHERN AND HIS DANCERS

I

A STRANGE thing surely that my heart when love had come unsought
Upon the Norman upland or in that poplar shade,
Should find no burden but itself and yet should be worn out. It could not bear that burden and therefore it went mad.

The south wind brought it longing, and the east wind despair, The west wind made it pitiful, and the north wind afraid.
It feared to give its love a hurt with all the tempest there;
It feared the hurt that she could give and therefore it went mad.

I can exchange opinion with any neighbouring mind,
I have as healthy flesh and blood as any rhymer’s had,
But oh my Heart could bear no more when the upland caught the wind; I ran, I ran, from my love’s side because my Heart went mad.

II

The Heart behind its rib laughed out, «You have called me mad», it said. «Because I made you turn away and run from that young child; How could she mate with fifty years that was so wildly bred?
Let the cage bird and the cage bird mate and the wild bird mate in the wild. »

«You but imagine lies all day, O murderer », I replied.
«And all those lies have but one end poor wretches to betray;
I did not find in any cage the woman at my side.
O but her heart would break to learn my thoughts are far away. »

« Speak all your mind», my Heart sang out, «speak all your mind; who cares,
Now that your tongue cannot persuade the child till she mistake Her childish gratitude for love and match your fifty years.
O let her choose a young man now and all for his wild sake. »

A MAN YOUNG AND OLD

FIRST LOVE

THOUGH nurtured like the sailing moon
In beauty’s murderous brood,
She walked awhile and blushed awhile

And on my pathway stood
Until I thought her body bore
A heart of flesh and blood.

But since I laid a hand thereon
And found a heart of stone

I have attempted many things
And not a thing is done,
For every hand is lunatic
That travels on the moon.

She smiled and that transfigured me And left me but a lout,
Maundering here, and maundering there, Emptier of thought
Than heavenly circuit of its stars
When the moon sails out.

HUMAN DIGNITY

Like the moon her kindness is,
If kindness I may call
What has no comprehension in’t, But is the same for all

As though my sorrow were a scene Upon a painted wall.

So like a bit of stone I lie
Under a broken tree.
I could recover if I shrieked

My heart’s agony
To passing bird, but I am dumb From human dignity.

THE MERMAID

A mermaid found a swimming lad, Picked him for her own,
Pressed her body to his body, Laughed; and plunging down Forgot in cruel happiness
That even lovers drown.

THE DEATH OF THE HARE

I have pointed out the yelling pack, The hare leap to the wood,
And when I pass a compliment Rejoice as lover should
At the drooping of an eye
At the mantling of the blood.

Then suddenly my heart is wrung By her distracted air
And I remember wildness lost

And after, swept from there,
Am set down standing in the wood At the death of the hare.

THE EMPTY CUP

A crazy man that found a cup, When all but dead of thirst, Hardly dared to wet his mouth Imagining, moon accursed,
That another mouthful

And his beating heart would burst. October last I found it too

But found it dry as bone,
And for that reason am I crazed

And my sleep is gone.

HIS MEMORIES

We should be hidden from their eyes, Being but holy shows
And bodies broken like a thorn Whereon the bleak north blows,
To think of buried Hector

And that none living knows.

The women take so little stock

In what I do or say
They’d sooner leave their cosseting
To hear a jackass bray;
My arms are like the twisted thorn And yet there beauty lay;

The first of all the tribe lay there
And did such pleasure take—
She who had brought great Hector down And put all Troy to wreck—
That she cried into this ear
Strike me if I shriek.

THE FRIENDS OF HIS YOUTH

Laughter not time destroyed my voice And put that crack in it,
And when the moon’s pot-bellied
I get a laughing fit,
For that old Madge comes down the lane A stone upon her breast,
And a cloak wrapped about the stone, And she can get no rest
With singing hush and hush-a-bye; She that has been wild

And barren as a breaking wave Thinks that the stone’s a child.

And Peter that had great affairs And was a pushing man
Shrieks « I am King of the Peacocks », And perches on a stone;
And then I laugh till tears run down And the heart thumps at my side, Remembering that her shriek was love And that he shrieks from pride.

SUMMER AND SPRING

We sat under an old thorn-tree

And talked away the night,
Told all that had been said or done

Since first we saw the light,
And when we talked of growing up Knew that we’d halved a soul And fell the one in t’other’s arms

hat we might make it whole; Then Peter had a murdering look For it seemed that he and she

Had spoken of their childish days Under that very tree.

O what a bursting out there was, And what a blossoming,
When we had all the summer time

And she had all the spring.

THE SECRETS OF THE OLD

I have old women’s secrets now

That had those of the young;
Madge tells me what I dared not think When my blood was strong,
And what had drowned a lover once

Sounds like an old song.

Though Margery is stricken dumb If thrown in Madge’s way,
We three make up a solitude;
For none alive to-day
Can know the stories that we know

Or say the things we say :

How such a man pleased women most Of all that are gone,
How such a pair loved many years And such a pair but one,
Stories of the bed of straw
Or the bed of down.

HIS WILDNESS

O bid me mount and sail up there Amid the cloudy wrack,
For Peg and Meg and Paris’ love That had so straight a back,
Are gone away, and some that stay, Have changed their silk for sack.

Were I but there and none to hear

I’d have a peacock cry
For that is natural to a man

That lives in memory,
Being all alone I’d nurse a stone
And sing it lullaby.

THE THREE MONUMENTS

THEY hold their public meetings where Our most renowned patriots stand, One among the birds of the air,
A stumpier on either hand;
And all the popular statesmen say That purity built up the state
And after kept it from decay; Admonish us to cling to that
And let all base ambition be,
For intellect would make us proud
And pride bring in impurity :
The three old rascals laugh aloud.

FROM ŒDIPUS AT COLONUS

I

ENDURE what life God gives and ask no longer span;
Cease to remember the delights of youth, travel-wearied aged man; Delight becomes death-longing if all longing else be vain.

II

Even from that delight memory treasures so,
Death, despair, division of families, all entanglements of mankind grow, As that old wandering beggar and these God-hated children know.

III

In the long echoing street the laughing dancers throng,
The bride is carried to the bridegroom’s chamber through torchlight and tumultuous song;
I celebrate the silent kiss that ends short life or long.

IV

Never to have lived is best, ancient writers say;
Never to have drawn the breath of life, never to have looked into the eye of day;
The second best’s a gay goodnight and quickly turn away.

THE GIFT OF HARUN AL-RASHID

KUSTA BEN LUKA is my name, I write
To Abd Al-Rabban; fellow roysterer once,
Now the good Caliph’s learned Treasurer,
And for no ear but his.

Carry this letter
Through the great gallery of the Treasure House Where banners of the Caliphs hang, night-coloured But brilliant as the night’s embroidery,
And wait war’s music; pass the little gallery;
Pass books of learning from Byzantium
Written in gold upon a purple stain,
And pause at last, I was about to say,
At the great book of Sappho’s song; but no, For should you leave my letter there, a boy’s Love-lorn, indifferent hands might come upon it And let it fall unnoticed to the floor.
Pause at the Treatise of Parmenides

And hide it there, for Caliphs to world’s end Must keep that perfect, as they keep her song So great its fame.
When fitting time has passed
The parchment will disclose to some learned man A mystery that else had found no chronicler But the wild Bedouin. Though I approve
Those wanderers that welcomed in their tents

What great Harun Al-Rashid, occupied
With Persian embassy or Grecian war,
Must needs neglect; I cannot hide the truth That wandering in a desert, featureless
As air under a wing, can give birds’ wit.
In after time they will speak much of me And speak but phantasy. Recall the year When our beloved Caliph put to death
His Vizir Jaffer for an unknown reason;
‹If but the shirt upon my body knew it
I’d tear it off and throw it in the fire.’

That speech was all that the town knew, but he Seemed for a while to have grown young again; Seemed so on purpose, muttered Jaffer’s friends, That none might know that he was conscience struck— But that’s a traitor’s thought. Enough for me
That in the early summer of the year
The mightiest of the princes of the world
Came to the least considered of his courtiers;
Sat down upon the fountain’s marble edge
One hand amid the goldfish in the pool;
And thereupon a colloquy took place
That I commend to all the chroniclers

To show how violent great hearts can lose
Their bitterness and find the honeycomb.
« I have brought a slender bridge into the house;
You know the saying ‹Change the bridge with Spring ›, And she and I, being sunk in happiness,
Cannot endure to think you tread these paths, When evening stirs the jasmine, and yet
Are brideless. »

« I am falling into years. »
«But such as you and I do not seem old Like men who live by habit. Every day
I ride with falcon to the river’s edge Or carry the ringed mail upon my back,

Or court a woman ; neither enemy,
Game-bird, nor woman does the same thing twice ;
And so a hunter carries in the eye
A mimicry of youth. Can poet's thought
That dyings from body and in body falls
Like this pure jet, now lolt amid blue sky
Now bathing lily leaf and fishes' scale,
Be mimicry? »

« What matter if our souls
Are nearer to the surface of the body
Than souls that shirt no game and turn no rhyme!
The soul's own youth is not the body's youth
Shows through our lineaments. My candle's bright,
My lantern is too loyal to shoot
That it was made in your great father's reign. »

« And yet the jasmine season warms our blood. »

« Great prince, forgive the freedom of my speech ;
You think that love has seasons, and you think
That if the spring bear off what the spring gave
The heart need suffer no defeat ; but I
Who have accepted the Byzantine faith,
That seems unnatural to Arabian minds,
Think when I choose a bride I choose for ever ;
And if her eye should not grow bright for mine
Or brighten only for some younger eye,
My heart could never turn from daily ruin,
Nor find a remedy. »

« But what if I
Have lit upon a woman, who so shares
Your thirst for those old crabbed mysteries,
So drains to look beyond our life, an eye
That never knew that drain would scarce seem bright,
And yet herself can search truth's very fountain,
Being all brimmed with life. »

« Were it but true
I would have found the bell that life can give,
Companionship in those mysterious things
That make a man's soul or a woman's soul
Itself and not some other soul. »

« That love
Must needs be in this life and in what follows
Unchanging and at peace, and it is right
Every philosopher should praise that love.
But I being none can praise its opposite.
It makes my passion stronger but to think
Like passion dyes the peacock and his mate,
The wild dag and the doe ; that mouth to mouth
Is a man's mockery of the changeless soul. »
And thereupon his bosom gave what rose
Can shake more blossom from autumnal chill
Than all my hurtling dispositions know. A girl
Perched in some window of her mother's house
Had watched my daily passage to and fro ;
Had heard impossible history of my pail ;
Imagined some impossible history
Lived at my side; thought time's disfiguring touch
Gave but more reason for a woman's care.
Yet was it love of me, or was it love
Of the dark mystery that has dazed my sight,
Perplexed her phantasy and planned her care ?
Or did the torchlight of the mystery
Pick out my features in such light and shade
Two contemplating passions chose one theme
Through sheer bewilderment ? She had not paced
The garden paths, nor counted up the rooms,
Before she had dread a book upon her knees
And asked about the pictures or the text ;
And often those first days I saw her stare
On old dry writing in a learned tongue,
On old dry fagends that could never please
The extravagance of dying or move a hand
As if that writing or the figured page
Were some dear cheek.

Upon a moonless night
I sat where I could watch her sleeping form,
And wrote by candle-light; but her form moved,
And fearing that my light disturbed her sleep
I rose that I might screen it with a cloth.
I heard her voice, it was that I rose expound
What's bowed your shoulder and made pale your cheek »
And saw her sitting upright on the bed ;
Or was it she that spoke or some great Djinn ?
I say that a Djinn spoke. A live-long hour
She seemed the learned man and I the child ;
Truths without father came, truths that no book
Of all the uncounted books that I have read,
Nor thought out of her mind or mine began,
Self-born, high-born, and solitary truths,
Those terrible impulses that dwight lines
Drawn through the wandering vegetative dream,
Even those truths that when my bones are dust
Must drive the Arabian bird.

The voice grew still,
And she lay down upon her bed and slept,
But woke at the first gleam of day, rose up
And swept the house and sang about her work
In childish ignorance of all that passed.
A dozen nights of natural sleep, and then
When the full moon swam to its greatest height
She rose, and with her eyes that fain in sleep
Walked through the house. Unnoticed and unlelt
I wrapped her in a heavy hooded cloak, and she,
Half running, dropped at the first ridge of the desert
And there marked out those emblems on the sand
That day by day I study and marvel at,
With her white finger. I led her home asleep
And once again she rose and swept the house
In childish ignorance of all that passed.
Even to-day, after some seven years
When maybe thrice in every moon her mouth
Murmured the wisdom of the desert Djinns,
She keeps that ignorance, nor has she now
That first unnatural interest in my books.
It seems enough that I am there; and yet
Old fellow student, whose most patient ear
Heard all the anxiety of my passionate youth,
It seems I must buy knowledge with my peace.
What if she lose her ignorance and so
Dream that I love her only for the voice,
That every gift and every word of praise
Is but a payment for that midnight voice
That is to age what will is to a child?
Were she to lose her love, because she had lost
Her confidence in mine, or even lose
Its first simplicity, love, voice and all,
All my fine feathers would be plucked away
And I left shivering. The voice has drawn
A quality of wisdom from her love's
Particular quality. The signs and shapes;
Also those abstractions that you fancied were
From the great treatise of Parmenides ;
All, all those greys and cubes and midnight things
Are but a new expression of her body
Drunk with the bitter sweetness of her youth.
And now my utmost mystery is out.
A woman's beauty is a storm-tossed banner ;
Under it wisdom stands, and I alone—
Of all Arabia's lovers I alone—
Nor dazzled by the embroidery, nor lost
In the confusion of its night-dark folds,
Can hear the armed man speak.

NOTE : THE GIFT OF HARUN AL-RASHID

Part of an unfinished set of poems, dialogues and stories about John Kinsella and Michael Roberts, Keats bet Lukia, a philosopher of Baghdad, and his Bedouin followers.

1913

## ALL SOULS' NIGHT

### AN EPILOGUE TO « A VISION »

MIDNIGHT has come and the great Christ Church Bell,
And many a lesser bell, sound through the room ;
And it is All Souls' Night,
And two long glasses brimmed with muscatel
Bubble upon the table. A ghost may come ;
For it is a ghost's night,
His element is so fine
Being sharpened by his death,
To drink from the wine breath
While our gross palates drink from the whole wine.

I need some mind that, if the caravan sound
From every quarter of the world, can stay
Wound in mind's pondering,
As mummies in the mummy-cloth are wound ;
Because I have a marvellous thing to say,
A certain marvellous thing
None but the living mock,
Though not for sober ear ;
It may be all that hear
Should laugh and weep an hour upon the clock.

If—'t s the first I call. He loved strange thought
And knew that sweet extremity of pride
That's called platonic love,
And that to such a pitch of passion wrought
Nothing could bring him, when his lady died,
Anodyne for his love.
Words were but washed breath;
One dear hope had he :
The inclemency
Of that or the next winter would be death.

Two thoughts were so mixed up I could not tell
Whether of her or God he thought the most,
But think that his mind's eye,
When upward turned, on one sole image fell;
And that a slight companionable ghost,
Wild with divinity,
Had so lit up the whole
Immense miraculous house,
The Bible promised us,
It seemed a gold-fish swimming in a bowl.

On Florence Emery I call the next,
Who finding the first wrinkles on a face
Admired and beautiful,
And knowing that the future would be vexed
With mimished beauty, multiplied commonplace,
Preferred to teach a school,
Away from neighbour or friend
Among dark skins, and there
Permit foul years to wear
Hidden from eyesight to the unnoticed end.

Before that end much had she ravelled out
From a discourse in figurative speech
By some learned Indian
On the soul's journey. How it is whirled about,
Wherever the orbit of the moon can reach,
Until it plunge into the sun ;
And there, free and yet fast
Being both Chance and Choice,
Forget its broken toys
And sink into its own delight at last.

And I call up MacGregor from the grave,
For in my first hard dpringtime we were friends,
Although of late estranged.
I thought him half a lunatic, half a knave,
And told him so, but friendship never ends ;
And what if mind seem changed,
And it seem changed with the mind,
When thoughts rise up unbid
On generous things that he did
And I grow half contented to be blind.

He had much industry at setting out,
Much boisterous courage, before loneliness
Had driven him crazed ;
For meditations upon unknown thought
Make human intercourse pain and less ;
They are neither paid nor praised.
but he'd object to the host,
The glass because my glass ;
A ghost-lover he was
And may have grown more arrogant being a ghost.

But names are nothing. What matter who it be,
So that his elements have grown so fine
The flame of muscatel
Can give his sharpened palate ecstasy
No living man can drink from the whole wine.
I have mummy truths to tell
Wherest the living mock,
Though not for sober ear,
For maybe all that hear
Should laugh and weep an hour upon the clock.

Such thought—such thought have I that hold it tight
Till meditation master all its parts,
Nothing can stay my glance
Until that glance run in the world's depthe
To where the damned have howled away their hearts,
And where the blessed dance ;
Such thought, that in it bound I need no other thing
Wound in mind's wandering,
As mummies in the mummy-cloth are wound.

THE END

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