THE EVENING STAR.

VOL. VIII. NO. 173. MONTREAL, MONDAY, JULY 24, 1876. PRICE ONE CENT

TAILORING.

BUY BROWN'S Everlasting TWEED PANTS. Price $2.00. No. 9 Chaboillez Square. 166z

STAFFORD, Merchant Tailor, 72 ST. JAMES STREET.
Gents furnishing their own cloth, can have it made up in the latest style very low for cash. Garments Cut. 112-3m

GOOD ALPACA COATS $1.25.
J. KEHOE & CO.,
108 McGILL STREET,
NEXT THE BURNING BOOT.
SHIRTS, 40 and 50c.
OVERALLS, all Colors.
SOCKS, three pairs Socks for 25c.
SPLENDID TWEEDS
AND
GOOD TAILORING. 170z

BROWN'S DIAGONAL CLOTH SUITS, at $20.00, are now worn and admired by all. 166z

MEDICINES, &c.

FRECKLES REMOVED AT LAST!
SUMMER IS COMING AND WITH IT FRECKLES
Diptheria is prevalent to an alarming extent!
You can purchase cure and certain remedies for both the above, or money returned, at
JOHN SHERIDAN'S
WEST-END MEDICAL HALL,
Cor. Seigneurs & St. Joseph streets.
N.B.—Open al day, Sundays, and all night. 116z

EYES! EYES! EYES!
DR. BIODEUR'S EYE WATER
is the only preparation that can cure the most inveterate Diseases of the Eyes.
Professional men and working classes employ it with great benefit to soothe and relieve the Eyes from overwork.
Price 15 cents.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
GENERAL DEPOT:
330 ST. LAWRENCE STREET. 19z

TRESIDDER'S CHARCOAL & ORRIS TOOTH PASTE,
WHITENS THE TEETH and PREVENTS DECAY
Prepared only by
J. B. TRESIDDER,
WINDSOR DRUG HALL,
668 Dorchester street (cor. Brunswick), Montreal. For sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cts. per pot. 123z

DR. BULLER, M.R.C.S., Eng.,
(Late of Berlin, Prussia, and London, Eng.)
OCULIST AND AURIST
To the MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.
Office, Corner Craig and Place d'Armes.
Hours, 1 to 5 p.m., except by special appointment. 127z

CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH REMEDY.
CATARRH
cannot be cured by snuffs, washes or local applications: It is a weakness of the constitution, developing itself in the nasal organs first, afterwards extending to the throat and lungs, ending generally in Consumption, if not checked by proper remedies. Pains in head, back, loins and weakness of kidneys are its attendant diseases. More people have Catarrh than any other disease. It is easily cured. Thousands of cases, some of FORTY years' standing, have been entirely cured in New Hampshire and the Dominion the past three years, by the *Constitutional Catarrh Remedy*. Certificates to back the above, and a treatise on Catarrh sent free on application to T. J. B. Harding, Druggist, &c., Brockville, Ont. Send name on postal card, and it will only cost a cent. Price, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sent to any address on receipt of money. For sale by all druggists. 114-*

SMITH'S
GREEN MOUNTAIN
RENOVATOR
(*Nature's Remedy*),
CURES SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, CANCERS, PILES, ULCERS, HEART DISEASE, LIVER COMPLAINT, AND ALL ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.
THE
Wingate Chemical Company,
MONTREAL,
Sole Agents for Canada.
PURELY VEGETABLE.
Sold everywhere.

$1 WILL SAVE $1,000
USE THE
CENTENNIAL FUR PRESERVER.
TRY IT.
The CENTENNIAL FUR PRESERVER is a preparation much needed, but never before offered to the public, but used by a practical furrier for a number of years with great success, where thousands of dollars' worth of Furs have been saved yearly. This preparation not only preserves but beautifies the furs if used according to direction.
To be had at
Messrs. JOHN MARTIN & CO., Wholesale Fur Dealers, 459 St. Paul street, Montreal.
Messrs. SCHULTZE, REINHARDT & CO., Hatters and Furriers, 291 Notre Dame street.
Messrs. O'FLAHERTY & BODEN, Hatters and Furriers, 269 Notre Dame street.
M. HOLLAND & SON, Woollen Hat Manufacturers, corner McGill and Lemoine street, upstairs.
WM. ROBERTSON, Hatter and Furrier, 232 McGill street.
Messrs. WARMINGTON & PHILBIN, 106 McGill street.
W. D. McLAREN & CO., Grocers, &c., 247 St. Lawrence street.
—ALSO—
To be had at all respectable Grocers.
A. SIMPSON, Manufacturer,
191z *MONTREAL.*

ROOFING.

1876. ROOFING 1876.
IN
GRAVEL AND PLASTIC SLATE
BY
ROBT. ALEXANDER,
FOR SALE,
Felt and Pitch for Gravel Roofs,
Plastic Slate Paint,
Coal Tar, &c.
41 ST. ANTOINE STREET. 79z

BREWERS, &c.

WM. DOW & CO.,
BREWERS AND MALSTERS,
MONTREAL.
India Pale and other Ales, Extra, Double and Single Stout, in wood and bottle.
Families su plied.

MILES WILLIAMS, JR., & CO.,
BREWERS,
93, 95 and 97 College Street,
MONTREAL,
INDIA PALE ALE, XXX ALES AND PORTER
(*In Wood and Bottle.*)
Special attention given to supplying private families. 92 eodmx

JOHN H. R. MOLSON & BROS.,
ALE AND PORTER BREWERS,
286 St. Mary Street, Montreal,
Have always on hand the various kinds of ALE and PORTER, in wood and bottle.
Families regularly supplied.
The following Bottlers only are supplied by us with our labels, and have liberty to use them:
Patrick Hogan..........................Visitation street
Telesphore Hogue..............................Ontario "
Jas. McIntyre............................Lagauchetiere "
J. Maisonneuve.................................Ontario "
W. Beckett..Wolf "
J. Guilbault & Co..................................Logan "
F. G. Flood....................72 Lagauchetiere "
155-ly

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS! BOOTS!!—The greatest bargains to be had in the city in Boots and Shoes, is at Lennon's, 106 Wellington street—Ladies' Kid Buttoned Boots, $2, Misses' do., $1.75, Childrens' do., $1.50; Ladies' Prunella Congress, 75c. to $1.90, Ladies' Prunella Balmorals, 75c. to $1.90; Ladies' French Kid Congress, $1.75; do., Extra, $2.50; Children's Boots from 40c. to $1.50. Custom Work a speciality.

WARMINTON & PHILBIN,
SIGN OF THE COFFEE POT,
106 McGILL STREET,
Have now on ha[illegible] and complete assortment requisit[illegible] or housekeeping purposes. 131z

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY EVER OFFERED TO PROCURE A HOMESTEAD IN A BEAUTIFUL SUBURB OF A GREAT CITY.—Five hundred Villa Lots, forty feet front by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet each lot, and fronting on either of the different avenues, between Third and Seventh streets Mount Royal Vale, will be sold for four hundred and eighty dollars per lot, to be paid in weekly instalments of one dollar, until the whole amount is paid, without interest, except on arrears of payments, on which one per cent per month will be charged. Purchasers paying the full amount off at any time will be made a liberal discount. The lots are free from all encumbrance. The title deeds and registry searches can be seen at the office of R. A. Ramsay, Esq., St. Francois Xavier street. When purchasers shall have paid up for one year they shall then get a deed with all the privileges and conditions of the deed heretofore given by the vendor of the lots sold by him on the same property. A few hundred lots of equal area on the different streets and avenues north of Central Avenue, will be sold for $300 per lot, to be paid in weekly payments of fifty cents, in other respects subject to the above terms. The situation combines advantages beyond comparison. A handsome village is already established, with an efficient line of omnibuses to and from the city Post Office; brick, sand and stone can be had at nearly one-half less than city prices; the principal avenue is macadamized, and footpaths laid the entire length, and continued to the city; water works are in course of construction, and a true system of drainage contemplated. Were such improvements to be made at the expense of the purchasers, they would cost more than the price of their lots, so that this property is, comparatively given away. The proprietor hopes that the interest of a large number of purchasers in the development of this great property will in some degree recompense him for such a sacrifice. Intending purchasers can meet Mr. T. F. O'BRIEN, at 532 St Mary street, at 9 o'clock every morning, and at Mount Royal Vale every afternoon. 160

INSURANCE.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.
Fire, Guarantee, Life, Accident.
DIRECTORS:
SIR HUGH ALLAN, President.
JOHN PRATT, Vice-President.
ADOLPHE ROY, HENRY LYMAN,
N. B. CORSE, ANDREW ALLAN,
JOHN L. CASSIDY.
EDWARD STARK, Actuary. JOHN HUTCHISON, Manager.
HEAD OFFICE,
179 ST. JAMES STREET. 163z

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital $6,000,000
Cash Assets, nearly . . 1,200,000
OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT: JOHN OSTELL.
VICE-PRESIDENT: J. R. THIBAUDEAU.
GENERAL MANAGER: ALFRED PERRY.
SECRETARY: ARTHUR GAGNON.
MARINE MANAGER: C. G. FORTIER.
SUB-MANAGER: DAVID L. KIRBY.

ASSETS IN GOLD.

U. S. Bonds and their Securities and Cash in hands of U.S. Trustees...	$400,178 48
Montreal Harbor Bonds (in hands of "Receiver General")........	50,000 00
Montreal Warehousing Company's Bonds..............................	24,725 34
Bank Stocks..............................	376,735 96
Mortgages on Real Estate...............	55,347 00
City of Quebec Consolidated Fund...	3,000 00
Bills Receivable for Marine Premiums............................	145,351 27
Agents' Balances in due course of Transmission, and Uncollected Premiums............................	151,638 34
Sundry Accounts due the Company for Salvages, Re-Insurances, &c..	20,216 08
Furniture, U.S. and Canada..........	21,906 27
Cash on hand and on Deposit.........	27,138 79
	$1 175 227 58

LIABILITIES.

All Outstanding Cl[illegible] for Losses, Bills Payable, [illegible] Sundry Accounts due by th[illegible]mpany......	$149,291 59

Insures every d[illegible]ption of Fire Risks, Inland C[illegible]oes and Hulls; also, Ocean C[illegible]es and Freights on first-class Ste[illegible]rs and Sailing Vessels.
H[illegible]D OFFICE:
160 ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL. 257

ROYAL INSURANCE CO.
OF LIVERPOOL,
(FIRE AND LIFE.)
Capital - - - - - $10,000,000
Funds invested - - 12,000,000
Annual income - - 5,000,000
Liabilities of Shareholders unlimited.
H. L. ROUTH, W. TATLEY, } Chief Agents.
J. KENNEDY, Inspector.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY,
EDINBURGH AND LONDON,
FIRE AND LIFE.
DIRECTORS:
R. B. ANGUS, Esq., General Manager Bank of Montreal.
DAMASE MASSON, Esq., of D. Masson & Son.
GILBERT SCOTT, Esq., of Wm. Dow & Co.
MACDOUGALL & DAVIDSON,
277-lyz General Agents for Canada.

NOTICES.

P. D. BROWNE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
124 *ST. JAMES STREET*
MONTREAL.
Greenbacks, Drafts and Exchange; United States Bonds, Gold, Silver and all uncurrent Money bought and sold. Collections made on all parts of the U.S. and the Dominion. Iowa Farm Mortgages bearing 10 per cent. interest for sale. 159-z eodm

EVANS & RIDDELL,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.
EDWARD EVANS,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.
WESTERN CHAMBERS,
22 St. JOHN STREET,
MONTREAL. 262z

W. GEO. BINDLEY & BRO.,
209 COMMISSIONERS STREET,
MONTREAL,
GENERAL MERCHANTS AND IMPORTERS.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED
Advances made. 75

H. D. BENALLACK & CO.,
112 BLEURY and corner of GUY and ST. CATHERINE STREETS,
Beg to call the attention of the public to the large stock of Choice Poultry on hand at present; also, receiving a nice lot of Prairie Hens at moderate rates.
A call is respectfully solicited.
72z H. D. BENALLACK & CO.

C. LEGGE & CO.
(*ESTABLISHED* 1859.),
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS,
162, St. James Street, 162. 217-lyz

HOT, HOT, HOT,
COLD, COLD, COLD
BATHS
J. BISAILLON, Hair-dresser and manufacturers of Wigs, Braids and Switches.
53z Notre Dame street.

DIAMONDS, DIAMONDS.
A very large assortment of
DIAMOND RINGS
Now on view, at
RICE SHARPLEY & SONS,
172z 281 NOTRE DAME STREET.

FOR SALE.

[One cent per word each insertion.]

FOR SALE, a Book of the St. James Building Society; first issue; $2,000; 20 per cent off. Address B 1, this office. 171-6

FOR SALE, a large quantity of Empty Barrels. J. J. Flynn, No. 106 St. Joseph street. 169-5

HOUSES TO LET OR WANTED.

[One cent per word each insertion.]

TO LET—Comfortable house with garden ground, front and rear, No. 488, off Dorchester street. Also, Vacant Lot on Mansfield st. Apply to
172-2 J. FAIRBAIRN.

TO LET, the upper part of House No. 39 Hermine street. 172-2

TO LET, that handsome residence in, Alexander street, at present in the occupation of the Hon. Henry Starnes; possession 1st September next. Apply to Mr. Baxter, at Dow's Brewery, St. Joseph street. 170-6

TO LET OR FOR SALE, one first-class tenement Brick House, Nos. 1 and 2 Union Terrace, Hypolite, corner of Roy street; rent moderate; terms easy. Apply to Mr. Lemoine, 4 Hospital street. 110

TO RENT—Six Houses of four apartments each, on Forfar street. These houses are convenient to the works on the new Basin, Lachine Canal. Apply to
D. McCORMACK,
2 Barron's Building, 162 St. James st.,
Or to ALEX. FINLAYSON,
151-1m 82 Forfar street.

TO LET, for the coming season, Houses or Cottages, situated on the banks of the splendid Lake Memphremagog, opposite Georgeville, and five minutes' walk from Cape Gibraltar; Fishing and Shooting abundant. Apply to J. U. Emard, 54 St. Mary street, or to J. W. Crevier, Gibraltar Point, via Georgeville. 125-2mos

TO LET,
Those Two BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED HOUSES, 664 and 666 SHERBROOKE STREET (self contained, with all modern conveniences.
Apply to S. H. & J. MOSS,
160 5 & 7 Recollet street.

GROCERIES.

HAMS.
We are offering a consignment of Prime Sugar Cured HAMS, at rates which command the attention of the Trade.
BUTTER.
Choice Eastern Townships BUTTER, selected for city trade, constantly kept in stock.
FLOUR.
The several grades of FAMILY FLOUR always on hand at lowest market rates.
SAUSAGES, &c.
Fresh supplies daily of the North American Packing Co's celebrated Bologna, Brunswick and Empress Sausages. Also, Corned Meats, Soups and Potted Delicacies.
AKIN & ARMSTRONG,
PROVISION MERCHANTS,
Corner Commissioners and St. Peter streets. 170-z

APPROBATION.
Our 45c JAPAN TEA still receives the unqualified approval of those who use it. It is not a common grade of Tea, but has a fine regular leaf, and, when infused, will compare favorably with most teas sold at from 30 to 40 per cent. higher. Choice Dairy Butter in crocks, received twice a week from well-known makers. Maple Syrup, a small quantity still remaining at the
VICTORIA WAREHOUSE,
20 Radagonde street, Victoria square.
SCOTT & CO. 160z

AT RETAIL,
CHOICE NEW BUTTER
AT 25 CTS. PER POUND.
Customers can have quantities as low as ten pounds at the cheapest wholesale price,
AT THE
BUTTER DEPOT,
Corner of Lagauchetiere and St. Charles Borromee streets.
☞ Look out for a new advertisement next week 108z

JUST RECEIVED,
SMOKED SALMON,
SMOKED HALIBUT,
CINCINNATI HAMS.
ALSO,
A choice lot of HAVANA CIGARS.
DUFRESNE & MONGENAIS,
221 Notre Dame Street. 221
157z

UNDERTAKERS, &c.

ROBERTSON, HART & CO.,
No. 47 BLEURY STREET,
UNDERTAKERS,
CABINET-MAKERS,
FURNITURE DEALERS.
OFFICE FURNITURE A SPECIALTY.
PRICES MODERATE.
N.B.—Attendance furnished any hour of the day or night. Bodies laid out and dressed.
☞ *Residence on the Premises.* 116z

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHILADELPHIA'S PRIDE,
OF
F. CROWLEY & CO.'S NON-CORROSIVE
CENTENNIAL PEN.
Pronounced by Proficient Penmen the Perfection of Pen Manufacture, used by all. Public men and Prominent Politicians in the Public Offices throughout the United States Parade these Pens before the people, for they are without Parallel.
These celebrated Pens are produced in fine, medium and broad Points.
For sale by all the leading Stationers throughout Canada.
WHOLESALE AGENCY
CANADA MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 431 St. Paul Street;
MONTREAL, P.Q.
$1.25 per gross; mailed on receipt of price. 169z

R. HENRY HOLLAND & CO.,
340 ST. PAUL STREET,
IMPORTERS OF
Albums,
I. R. Balls,
Brushes,
Combs,
Purses,
Pipes,
Jewellery,
Cutlery,
Satchels,
Violins,
Concertinas,
Dolls,
Hosiery,
Perfumery,
Vases,
Buttons,
Threads,
Pins,
AND
GENERAL FANCY GOODS,
WHOLESALE ONLY.
[illegible] ST. PAUL STREET.

GRAND MEDAL
"FOR PROGRESS,"
VIENNA EXHIBITION, 1873,
WM. BARBOUR & SONS,
LISBURN, IRELAND,
AND
PATERSON, NEW JERSEY, U. S.
MACHINE THREAD—Soft, strong and regular.
WAX MACHINE THREAD—Free from knots, and has the largest sale in the *United States and Dominion of Canada*. Used for MACKAY, PEARSON, and other Machines.
HEMP, TWINE, SHOE, SADDLERS' and HANK THREAD, &c.
A large and well-assorted stock always on hand at Agency,
52 ST. HENRY STREET. 309-eodz

THE EUROPEAN WINE COMPANY OF CANADA,
HAVE OPENED THEIR
WINE VAULTS and RESTAURANT,
AT
No. 11 Bonaventure Street
(*Near Victoria Square*),
MONTREAL,
MARTIN FINN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS. 135z

JUST RECEIVED,
SHRIVER'S
PATENT COPYING BRUSHES,
NO COUNTING HOUSE SHOULD BE WITHOUT ONE.
Saves Time and Inconvenience
WILLIAM MILLAR,
STATIONER,
94 St. Francois Xavier Street. 210z

HELP WANTED.

[One cent per word each insertion.]

WANTED, a practical Mill-wright to manage and run a Steam Saw Mill; must be thoroughly competent. Apply immediately at 342 William street. 172-2

WANTED, a Girl to do housework, with references. Apply at 196 Peel street. 172-2

WANTED, a girl to mind a baby. Apply to Mrs. Williams, 64 St. Dominique street, St. Jean Baptiste Village. 172

WANTED, some good Carpenters at Lincoln avenue, corner of Guy street, at once. 172-2

WANTED, a good General Servant at 49 Belmont street. 172-3

WANTED, an Apprentice to the Watch-making, one who has some experience at the business preferred. Address 164 St. Ontario street. 172-3

WANTED, a good Order and Ready-made Clothing Cutter. Address, with lowest salary, A 2, this office. 171-6

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a good Cook and three Kitchen Girls at the Union House, 713 Craig street. 171-6

WANTED, a man to work on a Farm. Apply to J. Dooley, Cote St. Louis. 170-5

WANTED, by a young girl, aged 14, a place to assist in light housework with a small family. Apply at 22 Aylmer street, Montreal. 167

$77 A WEEK to Agents, Old and Young, Male and Female, in their locality Terms and OUTFIT FREE, Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta. Maine. 287

MONTREAL EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FOR MEN AND WOMEN, 31 St. Lambert Hill.—The undersigned having opened a first-class Employment Agency, is ready to receive applications for employment from men and women of all of avocations. Employers will find it advantageous to leave their names and addresses at the Agency when they require help of any kind.
J. C. MIGNAULT, Proprietor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED, by a young married Englishman, a situation as Coachman and Gardener: and wife a situation to do General Housework; present engagement will expire 17th August; best of city references. Apply at 8 Cleveland Place, Juror st. 172-6

WANTED, by a respectable person, who understands cooking and housekeeping, a situation to take charge of a house during the summer; high wages not an object; can furnish first-class references. Address "Ann," this office. 172-3

WANTED, a situation by a respectable girl as Housemaid, where a tablemaid is kept; no objection to go to the States. Address, A 3, this office. 172-3

WANTED, a situation as Housemaid or General Servant, by the advertiser, aged 18; can be seen during the morning at No. 133 German street. 171-3

WANTED, a situation by a smart, active lad 11 years of age; is a good penman and strictly honest; would prefer a place in an office as Message Boy or Junior Clerk; is not afraid of work. Address "Percy," this office. 171

WANTED, by a woman, with a little baby, a situation where she can be of service; no objection to go to the country; is a good cook, and willing to do any kind of housework. Apply at 276 Fullum street. 170

WANTED, by a young woman, a situation as Nurse or Lady's-maid to a lady going to England. Address U. M., Brockville, Ont., Post-office, Canada. 165-15

ROOMS.

[Rooms to Let, half a cent per word each insertion ......Rooms Wanted, one cent per word each insertion.]

ROOMS.—Furnished Rooms to let, at 5 St Charles Borromme street. 172-6

ROOMS—Double and Single Furnished Bedrooms to let, at 104 St. Urbain street. 172-4

ROOM.—To let, a neatly Furnished Bedroom. Rent $5. Apply at 139 St. Constant street. 172 6

ROOMS.—Furnished Rooms to let, with or without board, at 30 Aylmer street. 172-12

ROOMS—To let, two neatly Furnished rooms without board, in a private family, with fine view of the Mountain Park; city cars pass the door. Address G 1, this office. 172-3

ROOMS.—To let, for housekeeping either furnished or unfurnished, at 207 St. Charles Borromme street. 172-3

ROOMS.—Comfortable Rooms, with Board, at 339 St. Antoine street. 171 10

ROOMS.—Rooms with good board at 476 Lagauchetiere street. 171-3

ROOM.—To let, a double Bedroom. Apply at 6 Victoria street. 169-5

ROOMS—To let, large furnished bedrooms at 27 Genevieve street. 168-6

ROOMS—New Boarding-House.—Rooms with or without Board, at 616 Lagauchetiere street. 168 6

ROOM.—To let, a neatly Furnished Bedroom. Apply at No. 9 Dumarais street. 168 6

ROOMS—Vacant, 65 Dubord street, opposite Viger Garden. 167-12

ROOMS—Nicely furnished—at 5 St. Charles Borromme street. 162-12

ROOMS—To let, two furnished bedrooms, without board. Apply to Mrs. Privett, 106 Union avenue. 160-26

BOARD.

[Board Wanted, one cent per word each insertion ......Board Vacancies, half cent per word each insertion.]

BOARD—Vacancies for four girls at 11 St. Germain street. 172-5

BOARD—Vacancies at 68 St. Denis street. 170-8

BOARD—Wanted by a gentleman, Board and Room in an English family (Protestant), in the vicinity of St. George and St. Catherine or Upper Bleury street; $4.00 to $4.50 per week. Address A 1, this office. 170

BOARD can be had at Government Cottage, Sorel. The house is delightfully situated in extensive grounds on the bank of the Richelieu, a quarter of a mile from town. Extremely healthy, convenient and pleasant in every respect as a summer residence. For further particulars apply to Mrs. Parsons, Sorel. 108

LOST, &c.

LOST, on Wednesday last, a Canary from the Butcher's Shop, corner of Craig and Cote st. Any one returning it to the above address will be handsomely rewarded. 172-3

LOST, between St. Joseph and Inspector streets, a Gold Bracelet Strap, marked "Georgia." Any person returning the same to Room 19, Canada Hotel, will be suitably rewarded. 172-3

LOST OR STOLEN, a Black Mare, a little lame in the right forward foot; a small lump on inside of left hind leg; about 4 ft. 9 in. high; missing since Sunday morning. Liberal reward will be given to any person who returns it to Auguste Martin, 341 St. Henri street, Tanneries West. 172-4

LOST, a yellow Cow; low set; broad horns; a large white spot in forehead, from 32 Sophia lane. 171 3

FOUND.

FOUND, on Thursday morning, the 20th inst., a Red Cow with a white head. The loser can recover it at No. 124 Vitre street, by describing and paying cost. 171

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—George Raper, who left his home on Thursday evening, 13th inst., is of weak mind; five feet four inches in height; black hair and beard; age, 40 years; had on white felt hat, blue coat and light grey pants. Any information will be thankfully received by D. McMillen, No. 551 Dorchester street. 167

PERSONAL.—If Mr. Jas. A. Irwin, Compositor, will call at the STAR office he will get a letter. 168

MACHINERY, &c.

[illegible] LAURIE & BRO.,
ENGINES (Horizontal and uprigh[illegible]
STEAM PUMPS,
SHAFTING,
PULLIES,
HANGERS, and all kinds of MACHINERY
And Agents for
BELTING AND ENGINEERS' SUPPLIES.
MACHINE AND ENGINE WORKS,
537 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL. 245z

GRAZING for Horses and Cows, on the Lower Lachine Road, just past the second Mile Post; good grass, water and shade. Apply at 10 Inspector street. 166-1mz

ALEX. McGREGOR,
CABINET-MAKER, UPHOLSTERER, &c.,
Nos. 603, 605 & 607 Lagauchetiere Street.
N. B.—Jobbing, and all kinds of House and Furniture Repairs, promptly attended to. 289z

ROBERT MITCHELL & CO.,
MONTREAL BRASS WORKS,
BRASS FOUNDERS and FINISHERS
Coppersmiths, Plumbers, Steam Fitters, Gas-Fitters, &c.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
BRONZE & CRYSTAL GASALIERS
ALWAYS ON HAND,
ST. PETER AND CRAIG STREETS,
MONTREAL. 35z

REMOVAL.
JOSEPH JAMES & CO.,
ROOFERS and CORNICE MANUFACTURERS,
HAVE REMOVED TO
95 and 97 Queen Street,
Two Doors below H. R. IVES & CO. 165x

BROWN'S DIAGONAL CLOTH SUITS, at $20.00, are now worn and admired by all. 166z

POST OFFICE TIME TABLE.
POST OFFICE, Montreal, 19th June, 1876.

DELIVERY.		MAIL.	CLOSE.	
A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
		ONTARIO.		
8 00	......	a) Ottawa by Railway....	7 45	8 00
8 00	......	a) Province of Ontario...	7 45	8 00
......	......	Ottaw River Route......	6 00	......
		QUEBEC.		
......	......	Quebec by Steamer......	......	6 00
......	......	b) Quebec by Railway....	......	8 00
......	......	Eastern Townships, Three Rivers, Arthabaska and Riviere du Loup R.R........	......	8 00
11 50 &		St. Remi and Hemmingford R R............	......	2 00
8 00	2 30	St. Hyacinthe, Sherbrooke, &c..........	7 00	1 30&8
00	......	St. Johns (b) and Vermont Junction R.R..........	......	1 30
10 00	......	Shefford and South S.E.C. Railways............	......	1 30
		LOCAL MAILS.		
11 00	......	Beauharnois Route......	6 00	......
10 00	......	Chambly and St. Cesaire,	8 00	4 30
11 00	......	Contrecœur, Varennes, and Vercheres........	......	1 30
		Cote St. Paul............	7 00	......
11 00	......	Tannery West........	7 00	2 00
10 30	5 45	Huntingdon..............	6 00	2 00
10 30	2 00	Lachine..................	6 00	2 00
9 30	......	Longueuil................	6 00	2 00
10 00	2 15	St. Lambert..............	......	1 30
......	......	Laprairie..................	10 00	1 30
11 00	......	New Glasgow, Sault-aux-Recollets..............	7 00	......
......	5 15	Terrebonne and St. Vincent..................	7 00	2 & 5
8 30	5 00	Point St. Charles.........	8 30	2 45
		St. Laurent, St. Eustache, St. Scholastique and Belle Riviere...........	7 00	......
......	1 30 2 30	St. Jerome, St. Rose and St. Therese..............	7 00	......
10 00	......	St. Johns and St. Armand Station................	8 00	1 30
5 00	......	Three Rivers, by North Shore Land Route......	......	1 00
......	......	Hochelaga..............	8 30	1 00
		MARITIME PROVINCES.		
8 00	......	New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and P. E. I.......	{..}	1 30&8
......	......	Newfoundland forwarded daily on Halifax, whence despatch is on alternate Tuesdays, counting from 2nd May	......	8 00
		UNITED STATES.		
8 & 10 8 00	......	Boston and New England States, except Maine..	7 00	1 30
8 & 11	......	New York and Southern States..............	......	1 30&8
8 01	......	Island Pond, Portland and Maine...........	......	1 30&8
8 & 11		a) Western and Pacific States and Manitoba...	7 45	8 00
		WEST INDIES.		
		Letters, &c., prepaid via New York are forwarded daily on New York, whence Mails are despatched. For Havana and West Indies via Havana every Thursday p.m. For St. Thomas, the West Indies and Brazil, on the 23rd of every month.	....	1 30
		GREAT BRITAIN.		
		By Canadian Line (Friday)........	......	8 00
		By New York on Mondays and Tuesdays........	......	2 00

a) Postal Car Bags open till 9.00 a.m. and 9.30 p.m.
b) Postal Car Bags open till 2.30 and 9.30 p.m.
Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.
Street Boxes are visited at 10 a.m., 12.30, 5.30 and 8 p.m.

TARIFF OF FARES FOR HACKNEY CARRIAGES.

ONE HORSE VEHICLES.

From any place to any others, provided the time occupied do not exceed twenty minutes.
1 or 2 persons.......................... 25 cents.
3 or 4 persons.......................... 50 "

From any place to any others, provided the time occupied do not exceed half an hour.
1 or 2 persons.......................... 40 cents.
3 or 4 persons.......................... 60 "

When the drive exceeds the time limited as aforesaid, hour rates to be charged.

BY THE HOUR.

For the first hour—
1 or 2 persons.......................... 75 cents.
3 or 4 persons..........................$1.00
For every subsequent hour—
1 or 2 persons.......................... 60 cents.
3 or 4 " .... 75 "

TWO-HORSE VEHICLES.

From any place to any others, provided the time occupied do not exceed 20 minutes.
1 or 2 persons.......................... 50 cents.
3 or 4 " .... 65 "

From any place to any others, provided the time occupied do not exceed half an hour—
1 or 2 persons.......................... 65 cents.
3 or 4 " .... 75 "

When the drive exceeds the time limited as afore said, hour rates to be charged.

BY THE HOUR.

1 or 2 persons..........................$1.00
or 4 persons.......................... 1.25

Fractions of hours to be charged at previous hour rates—but not less than one quarter of an hour shall be charged when the time exceeds the hour.

Fifty per cent to be added to the tariff rates for rides from twelve midnight to four a.m.

The tariff by the hour shall apply to all rides extending beyond the city limits where the engagement made in the city.

BAGGAGE.

For each trunk or box carried in any vehicle 10 cents. But no charge shall be made for travelling bags, valises, boxes or parcels which passengers can carry by the hand.

TRAINS LEAVE BONAVENTURE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS.

TO THE WEST.

For Prescott, Ottawa, Toronto, Chicago and intermediate places at 9.45 a.m. and 10 p.m., and Mixed for Kingston at 7 a.m.

For Cornwall and intermediate places at 4:30 p.m.

For Vaudreuil and intermediate stations at 6.15 p.m.

TO THE EAST.

Express Train for Island Pond, daily, and Quebec on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 8:05.

On Saturdays the 8:05 a.m. train will run to Rimouski.

Passenger Train for Richmond, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, 2:55 p.m. This train connects at Richmond with the Mixed Train, leaving there at 6:15 p.m. for Point Levi.

Express Train for Richmond, Quebec, Riviere du Loup, Cacouna, St. Octave (Metis), St. John, Halifax, Island Pond, Gorham, Lewiston and Portland, 10 p.m.

Accomodation Train for St. Hyacinthe, 5 p.m.

TO THE SOUTH.

For St. Johns and Boston at 9 a.m.

For Rouse's Point, Albany and New York, 6.45 a.m.

For St. Johns, Waterloo, Boston, Albany and New York, 3 p.m.

For St. Johns and intermediate stations at 5:30 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT THE BONAVENTURE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS.

From Chicago, Detroit, Sarnia, Toronto and intermediate stations at 9:30 p.m. and 8 a.m. Trains from Ottawa connect at Prescott Junction with both trains.

From Cornwall and intermediate stations at 8:50 a.m.

From Kingston and intermediate stations at 6:15 p.m.

FROM THE WEST.

From Boston, Portland, Island Pond, S[illegible] Cacouna, Riviere du Loup, Quebec, Richmond, Three Rivers and intermediate stations at 6:30 a.m.

From Island Pond, Sherbrooke, Richmond and intermediate stations at 12:05 p.m.

From Portland daily, and from Quebec, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays only, at 9:60 p.m.

From St. Hyacinthe, 9:00 p.m.

FROM THE NORTH.

From New York, Waterloo and intermediate stations at 8:45 a.m.

From Boston at 8:45 a.m. and 9:20 p.m.

From New York, Albany and Rouse's Point at 10:10 a.m. and 11:30 p.m.

PLUMBING, &c.

FOURNAISE
A
EAU CHAUDE PERFECTIONNE,
F. GREENE,
572 CRAIG STREET,
(Opposite Cote)
MAKES A SPECIALTY OF
HEATING BY HOT WATER,
GIVES A 5 YEARS' GUARANTEE. 245

FOR SALE,
In Stores and to Arrive,
WINES—Paul Emile Thomas' Port and Sherry.
GIN—John DeKuyper & Sons, hhds. and cases.
BRANDY—Renault's in hhds., qr.-casks and oct.
Martell and Dubois' in cases.
RAISINS—Valencies, Layers and Muscatels.
S. S. ALMONDS, WALNUTS and FILBERTS.
V. HUDON.
75 eodms

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE at the STAR OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

ATHENS, July 22.

The Greek Government is preparing a protest should the Porte fulfil its intention of establishing a colony of 70,000 Circassians near the Greek frontier.

LONDON, July 23.

The *Observer's* Berlin special says at the Salseburg interview, the Emperors William and Francis Joseph agreed that the maintenance of the policy of non-intervention was impossible, in view of the massacres and bloodshed now occurring. All the powers except Russia had declared Roumania's demands unreasonable.

The Servian Minister, Milokovicz, has gone to Bucharest on a secret mission.

The Sclavistic Committee in Moscow has issued an address solemnly promising a general uprising in Russia and armed intervention if the Servians are defeated.

The Belgrade mob has instituted an Austrian Consul-General.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 23.

The following news is official:—A force of 5,000 Montenegrins attacked the Turkish Pasha at Banzard; the Montenegrins, after a sanguinary engagement, fled to their entrenchments; they had 200 killed.

PARIS, July 23.

The rumor that the Emperor William had formed at Salesburg an unfavorable opinion relative to the maintenance of the peace of Europe is denied; in well informed circles it is asserted that the Emperors exchanged most pacific assurances at their conference.

The *Standard's* Vienna telegram says the persons who instituted the Austrian Consul at Belgrade were employed by the Servian police. Ten Turkish gunboats have been employed between Widdin and Florentia.

LONDON, July 24.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Osman Pascha's camp, 25 miles from Widdin, writing on Sunday, the 23rd, says:—"All is quiet at present. The Servians remain on the Servian side of the Timok River. The Turks will not, probably, attack until a general advance is made all along the line."

The *Standard's* Widdin telegram says: The Turkish irregulars attacked the Servian camp at Breczova on Saturday morning and are fighting still.

The *Daily News'* Constantinople despatch says a correspondent who has just returned from Philippopolis fully backs the *News'* account of Bulgarian atrocities. His facts were obtained from the reports of the French, Austrian, Greek and Russian Consuls, whose names he was allowed to use as his authority. The English population here are greatly exasperated against Elliott, the British Ambassador to Turkey, for suppressing the facts, and assert that Baring, English Secretary of the Legation, is incompetent to investigate the matter. Mr. Schuyler, an American Secretary of Legation, leaves to-morrow to inquire into the advisability of establishing a Vice-Consulate at Philippopolis.

LONDON, July 24.

The *Daily News'* Belgrade special, dated the 22nd, says the Austrian Consul-General on Friday ordered some Austro-Sclavonian volunteers, who had landed here, to return to Austria. Upon their refusal, a discussion followed; the Consul seized a Servian General. The citizens warned him to desist if he wished to depart in safety. The Consul has proceeded to Semlin.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, July 22.

The Committee of Five on the Beecher Church matter has decided to entertain and examine the charges preferred against Beecher which have not already been disposed of or heard, and will pronounce its opinion on such testimony as is laid before it. The charges may be forwarded to the church direct or through the Chairman of the Committee, by any one who, in good faith, shall present proof of the truth of the same before the Committee; nevertheless, the Committee does not deem it proper to examine any allegations or reports, or admit testimony which is not properly embodied in a charge, unless by persons who undertake to present proof of the same, with a view to havinga thorough trial of every accusation.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 22.

Work will be resumed at all the mines in this region to-morrow. It is expected that other companies will follow the example of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway Company in resuming. The *Republican* of Saturday says authoritatively on the subject, it predicts a speedy dissolution of the coal combination, and thinks its breaking up would be followed with good results for the manufacturing and mining interests of the country.

EUROPEAN.

VERSAILLES, July 22.

The Chamber of Deputies, yesterday, renewed the vote of the former Assembly overthrowing the Empire. Afterwards there was an animated debate in connection with several nominations for Mayors. M. Cassagnac (Bonapartist) accused M. DeMarcere, Minister of the Interior, of abusing the confidence of President MacMahon M. DeMarcere energetically protested against M. Cassagnac's assertions; he said it was the duty of the Cabinet to appoint Republican functionaries. He concluded by expressing a hope that the country would remain faithful to the Chamber, which by firmness and moderation had firmly attached the nation to Republican institutions. The members of the party of the Left warmly applauded the Minister's remarks, interpreting it as a rejoinder to the Senate's rejection of the University Bill. The House finally unanimously, after an eloquent speech by Gambetta, passed a vote of confidence in the Ministry, 371 Deputies voting; the Bonapartists abstained from voting.

CANADIAN.

OTTAWA, July 23.

The Department of Agriculture has received information that 800 Icelanders will arrive at Quebec to-morrow and pro[illegible] Icelandic settlements. Four hundred more Icelanders are also on their way to Quebec, and will arrive in the course of a week.

A noted gang of American cracksmen were in this city yesterday, and one of their number, it is said, was seen near Boissoneault's office about the time of the robbery.

Klock Brothers' raft of 121 cribs of square timber left yesterday for Quebec. A tow of eleven barges, laden with deals, left Eddy's yards also for Quebec.

Among the Militia General Orders is an extract from the *London Gazette*, conferring upon Major T. B. Strange, Royal Artillery, the local rank of Lieut.-Colonel in Canada, whilst holding the appointment of Commandant of the School of Gunnery at Quebec.

The following are the Militia Orders relating to the Province of Quebec:—

1st Battalion of Rifles or "Prince of Wales' Regiment."—The resignation of Ensign Sincennes is hereby accepted.

6th "Fusileer" Battalion, Montreal.—Surgeon Aaron Hart David to have the honorary rank of Lieut.-Colonel in the Militia, as a special case, for long and faithful service of 46 years.

79th "Shefford" Battalion of Infantry "Highlanders."—No. 6 Company, Granby.—To be Captain: Lieutenant Robert Hackwell, M.S., vice Joseph Smith, resigned.

Brevet.—To be Major: Captain and Adjutant L. G. Desjardins, M.S., 17th Battalion, from 28th June, 1876.

The folowing is the weekly statement under the Dominion Note Act:—

Notes in circulation according to the following dates		$11,533,066 20
Specie held at Montreal, July 15..	$2,258,679 94	
" Toronto " 15..	297,395 80	
" " " 21..	100,000 00	
" Halifax, " 15..	241,493 73	
" St. John, " 15..	243,892 78	
" Winnipeg, " 8..	8,543 21	
		$3,150,005 46
20 p.c. on $9,000,000,	$1,800,000 00	
50 " 2,533,066,	1,266,533 00	
		$3,066,533 00
Excess of specie......		$83,472 46

The balance at the credit of depositors in Government Savings' Banks on the 31st May last was, according to return just published, $4,146,158.76, being a decrease of nearly fifty thousand dollars in the month.

TORONTO, July 23.

The Committee from the Royal Canadian Humane Society have received a letter from the Inspector of Life Boats, stating that he inspected the Toronto life boat on the 5th instant at the shipyard, Shadwell, London, and reporting her ready for shipment as soon as the necessary funds are forthcoming. He also reports that the life boat, transporting carriage, life-saving apparatus, and equipment of stores, etc., are of the most complete and perfect description.

Tenders are now asked for the erection of a new drill shed on the land deeded by the city to the Dominion Government.

Andrew Henderson, for many years an auctioneer in this city, is insolvent.

A Conservative pic-nic will be held on Thursday next at Colborne, at which Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. J. Cockburn, and other gentlemen will speak.

A number of clerks interested in the early-closing movement congregated around a dry-goods store on Yonge street last night, and created considerable disturbance because the proprietor had not closed up at 10 o'clock, as agreed. They prevented people from entering the store, scattered the goods which were piled up at the door over the street, and otherwise tormented the merchant until he was forced to shut up.

The Rev. W. R. Nicholson, the newly-elected Bishop of the Reformed Episcopal Church, preached in Grace Church (Church of England) this afternoon. This has created considerable surprise, as the Church was built for the Church of England, and is under the control of the Lord Bishop of Toronto. In the evening, the rev. gentleman held a confirmation service in Christ Church (Reformed Episcopal).

HALIFAX, July 22.

There was a severe thunder storm, continuing for six hours, at Cape Island on the 14th. The lightning struck in several places. An ox was killed, and the house of Mr. Cunningham considerably shattered.

John Baxter's tannery, at Addison Forks, Antigonish County, has been burned down.

The Newfoundland cod fishery promises to be an average one this season. Reports from Labrador are very favorable, as also are those from the Straits of Belleisle. Hook and line men have not done well in the country districts.

The weather has been very warm, at Annapolis the thermometer indicating as high as 94°.

Edwards, the soldier who fired at another sentry at the citadel on Sunday morning, has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment, the military authorities believing he is feigning insanity for the purpose of getting out of the service.

HALIFAX, July 23.

A telegram from Sydney says a number of coal cutters withdrew from the strike at Sydney mines and resumed work. The windows of their houses were broken with stones by miners continuing on strike, and a large can of powder with a lighted fuse was thrown through the window of one house, but was extinguished before it exploded. The men have discontinued work again owing to intimidation.

ST. JOHN, N.B., July 23.

Mr. Fielding, formerly a writer on the *National*, of Toronto, died here to-day.

A man named James Battersby, while drunk last night, fell from the railway station platform at Sackville to the track, his head striking the rail, and killing him.

LANCASTER, July 22.

A game of lacrosse was played here today between the Juvenile Lacrosse Club of this place and a team of St. Regis Indians, including six of the first twelve, who heretofore played for the championship with the Montreal Club. Very good playing was exhibited on both sides. Owing to the short time and the rain coming on, the game could not be concluded, and resulted in a draw, the Indians having taken the first and third games in one hour and ten minutes and five minutes and the Juveniles the second and fourth in nine and forty minutes respectively. The Indians were much the heaviest men, and the Juveniles have every reason to feel proud of the result.

THE CHURCHES.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

The services in the Cathedral yesterday were conducted by the Rev. Messrs. Seaborne and Forneret, the latter gentleman preaching from Hebrews iv. and 9th: "There remaineth a rest for the people of God."

It is a principle in nature, remarked the preacher, that a state of activity must be followed by a state of rest. The vegetable kingdom furnishes a good example of this. In spring the long dormant energies of vegetation are brought into play, and we see trees and shrubs bursting forth into blossom and leaf, because the icy bands of winter are loosed, and the glorious orb of light and heat once more asserts his sway. And as we wander out into the fields on a balmy day in spring, when the face of the earth is smiling and all nature is joyous, we would fain stop the succession of seasons and exclaim: "Would that it were eternal spring!" But it is not so ordered. The tree cannot always support its load of verdure; it must have its season of rest, and as time hurries on, the fruit is gathered in, the leaves are scattered far and wide, and vegetation again relapses into a state of rest. The preacher here explained the same principles in regard to the animal kingdom, as well as in our human bodies, exemplyfing the latter case by the man of law, who has his busy seasons when the Courts are sitting, when he requires all his energies to keep up with his work, and the clerk in the great warehouse, who must over-work both brain and muscle during his busy season, and, for the time being, must put away all thoughts of relaxation and amusement. So in all the ordinary and extraordinary exertion, which exhaust the brain or the muscle, and which must be followed by rest. Now, most men have some daily labor whereby to earn their bread. So has every follower of the Saviour a daily work to perform. Christ says to each of His followers, "Go, work in my vineyard," and here we may consider some of the various duties and labors which devolve upon Christians. These are of two kinds. First, active work for the Master, and second, resisting the "Powers of Evil." In regard to the first, the preacher instanced the Sunday School, visiting the sick and the poor, the House of Refuge, the hospitals and jails; and speaking of the second, he said it was, perhaps, the hardest work of all. Temptations present themselves in a thousand forms. Vile, sensuous passions strive for the mastery. Oh, what pain and trial these cause to many a Christian! How valiantly, too, are they resisted by the soldier of the Lord Jesus Christ. If these temptations be withstood and put to flight they do not stay away, but return again and again to harass and exhaust the Christian. But remember, O weary one, thy Lord saith, "My grace is sufficient for thee." And then there are temptations to worldliness. In moments of forgetfulness believers are apt to be lured by the world into society and surroundings not very conducive to the "higher life." These must be watched against and prayed against, though many a pang may result in consequence. But, besides these ordinary temptations, to which most Christians are exposed, there are others which, perhaps, will present themselves but once in a lifetime—at a certain decisive moment, on which may depend the happiness or sorrow of a lifetime—a moment in which Satan seems to summon all his energies for a grand assault. But whether the temptation seems to be an ordinary one or a special, it requires an earnest, prayerful effort, with full trust in the Saviour in order to withstand it. But when Satan succeeds, how wretched an effect does he cause! What a sense of weariness and discouragement comes over the Christian as he feels himself borne backward before the foe. His soul cries out in despair, "Oh, that I had wings like a dove, for then would I fly away and be at rest." I have now before me those who are weary of the battle with evil, and they would fain depart and be with Christ. I have those before me who are well-nigh worn out in the service of their Lord, and they feel their weakness and would thankfully give up their poor tired bodies to rest for a little season in the quiet churchyard, where already sleep so many fellow soldiers gone before. To you, I would say, take comfort from the text, "There remaineth a rest for the people of God." The time is coming when Christ will no more requre His servants to toil for Him laboriously and with self-denial, but the time when the Saints of the Earth shall have entered into their rest. No more trials and temptations for them, no more arduous and exhausting work—no! "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord, even so saith the Spirit, for they rest from their labors." The reverend gentleman then brought before the attention of his hearers two thoughts suggestive of the text. 1st. "The rest of God's people is perfect." Our physical rest is periodical and continually interrupted by hours of waking and hours of work. But what about the rest of God's people? Shall that ever be liable to interruption? Shall that be rudely broken upon by the Devil or his angels? No, thank God! no. "The blessed dead rest from their labors." Theirs, indeed, is not the mere rest of idleness or of stupor, but the rest which consists in serving God, when there shall be "no fears within, no fightings without," but when all shall be peace and joy, for then the Prince of Peace is King Eternal. The second thought was "that this rest is for the people of God, and for them alone." Now, there are many people who are satisfied with themselves, satisfied with their own righteousness; such, when wearied with the cares and troubles of this life, may be led to exclaim, "I shall soon be at rest," but such deceive themselves, and suffer themselves to fall into a fallacy. The promise is not to those who trust to their own righteouness, but it is to the people of God; to those who have "washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb." Doubtless, the vast majority of you would like to enter upon the rest which we have just considered, and could it be obtained for money or in return for some great exertion, you would spare no trouble to secure it. Will you believe it though, if I tell you, that the rest may yet be yours? Yes! will you believe it on the authority of God's word? "Believe in, accept the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved—" saved from the wrath of God; saved from the wrath of hell—and if you will only take the great truth into your souls, then you will experience what a blessed thing it is know that you are Christ's and that Christ is yours. But remember that your rest is not to begin with your acceptance of Christ, but rather your work. God will have you to "work while it is called today, for the night cometh when no man can work." Comfort yourselves, believers, though you are called upon to deny yourselves, and for Christ's sake, to take up your cross, yet "there remaineth a rest for the people of God"—a rest for you and me.

ST. JOSEPH STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

The sermon at evening service was preached by the Rev. Mr. Andrews, of Glasgow, who took for his text Philippians 1st chap., 21st verse: "For me to live is Christ; and to die is gain."

In a memoir, written by the late William Burns, we are told that once when walking through the streets of Glasgow he set himself to solve the question where are all these going? At last he determined that they were all on their way to eternity. But where were they going to spend it? that question remains unanswered. We may say that we fancy that we heard one man say: "To live is to make money; by fair means or foul I will make it, and this is the end of my existence." Another says: "It's not merely to make money that I live, but to get carnal pleasure." Another says: "It's not so much to make money or to get pleasure, but to get honor that was what he lived for." Another ived in order that he might become earned to penetrate into the deep recesses of ancient lore. Another, oh, what a beautiful countenance he had, what calm resolution his countenance expressed as he said: "For me to live is Christ, and to die is gain." St. Paul at the time he wrote this was, a prisoner, not confined by bolts and bars, for we find that he had a fine house, and although he could not go far, being under strict surveillance, he could visit and receive visits from his friends. But he did not know but at any moment he might be beheaded. So in order to convince the Philippians that he did not fear death, but left the whole matter to God, he wrote: "For me to live is Christ, and to die is gain." He determined and resolved to like Christ, to work for him as his great lord and master. We may translate this sentence to mean: For me to live is to live on Christ. We know that St. Paul did not always live on Christ. Before his conversion he was manifestly a very respectable man; he was circumcised on the eighth day, he was a Hebrew of the Hebrews; but he found that this was enough, that he could not dare to face the Most High God until purified by Him. It is only by a perfect obedience to God's law that we can dare to stand before, for we read that the wages of sin is deaths' meaning that for every sin we deserve death. Cursed is he who continueth not in all things that are written in the book of the law to do them. Some time ago there lived in Scotland a blacksmith, who was in many respects like St. Paul before his conversion. He was hardworking, conscientious and honest, and was considered a very respectable man. A friend once said to him in the course of conversation, "Do you imagine, then, that by obeying the law you will reach heaven?" Upon receiving an answer in the affirmative, he continued, "For if you do you must be obedient to the law in every particular. That chain you have been repairing, is it completed? is every link good and safe?" "No," was the reply; "there [illegible] link which I must replace." "Supposing that you were down a pit and chain in order to draw you up, would it be safe? Remember there is only one link broken." "No; of course, that link would give way and I should be dashed to pieces." "Just so, my friend, unless you keep the law in every one particular that chain of obedience, by which you hope to reach heaven, would give way and you would be dashed down and suffer everlasting death." But there is One who is able to take care of us, to furnish us with means whereby we may reach heaven and be saved. We are not able of ourselves to think anything as of ourselves, for "All we, like sheep, have gone astray; we have gone every one to his own way." So it is that the Lord Jesus Christ had to come to this earth to work out a salvation for us. You remember Christ in his prayer in the garden says, "I have finished the work which thou gavest me to do," and if any one is saved, it is wholly, solely through Christ. That is the ground which we have to work upon—the mercy of God, given to us through Jesus Christ. On nothing in this world can we base any hope, for "All this earth is shifting sand." We are all travellers to eternity. It is all very well when life is in its prime, when we see no possibility of our "shuffling off this mortal coil," but when death looks us in the face, is it all well then? Our endeavour should be to make ourselves like unto Christ; remember his words "Come unto Me all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest," and "If any man would come after me, let him take up his cross and follow me." Yes, that's it. "Follow Christ; conform to His image." The aspiration of every true Christian should be,—

"I want to be like Jesus;
Meek, holy, loving, kind.
I want to be, like Jesus,
The Father's loving child."

If we have realized anything of the preciousness of Christ that should teach us to do our utmost to help forward His kingdom, let others live for this world's goods, for money or fame, but let us live for Christ, and we shall find that to die is gain. A young woman was once given some work to do. This work was to be ready on a certain day, and to be done after a given pattern, The girl fell ill, however, and could not fulfill her contract, but her elder sister, knowing what troubled her, kindly did the work for her; and when the time was up, she gave the work to her employer, telling him that it was not her own work. "Never mind," was the reply. "It is done according to the pattern and in the time appointed;" and feeling grateful to her sister, she takes home the money. Why, that's just the way we are saved. God has set us work to do, but we cannot do it, and so Jesus does it, and gives it to the Father for us. The Father takes it; it is done according to His pattern, and He gives us the promised blessing: "Everlasting life." May God grant that we may be led to say, and say truly, "For me to live is Christ, and to die is gain."

THE BIGGEST SWIM YET.

An English paper says:—

"Capt. Webb, the swimmer, will attempt next month to swim from Scotland to Ireland."

A MODERN GEORGE WASHINGTON.

(*From the Burlington Hawk-Eye*).

Yesterday morning a careless mason dropped a half a brick from the second story of a building out on Jefferson street on which he was at work. Leaning over the wall and glancing downward, he discovered a respectable citizen, with his silk hat scrunched over his eyes and ears, rising from a recumbent posture. The mason, in tones of some apprehension, asked, "Did that brick hit anyone down there?" The citizen, with great difficulty extracating himself from the glove fitting extinguisher into which his hat had been transformed, replied, with considerable wrath, "Yes, sir, it did; it hit me." "That's right," exclaimed the mason, in tones of undisguised admiration; "noble man! I would rather have wasted a thousand bricks than have had you tell me a lie about it." This incident has a centennial moral, and a large reward is offered to any one who will discover what it is.

CACOUNA.

Recent arrivals at the St. Lawrence Hall:

July 16.—E. Pitch, Quebec; E. Devenport, New York; J. T. Gaylord, New York. July 18—Mr. A. Andrews and family, Quebec; Madame E. Lepine, Montreal; Jas. Bowen, Quebec; Mrs. Geo. Winks, Montreal; Agnes B. Winks and family, Montreal; Robt. Benny and family, do.; Mrs. D. Macdonald and family, do. July 19—O. J. Devlin, Hon. C. Wilson, Misses Duchesnay, Mr. and Mrs. Masson, C. Duchesnay, A. J. Read, T. M. Ritchot, J. Sutherland, J. E. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Saunders, Montreal; E. Fitzgerald and family, Toronto; Rev. Geo. Z. Gray, Cambridge, Mass.; Misses E. F. Morgan, Lowell; E. F. Duchesnay, Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. J. Sharples, do.; Miss Boivin, do.; July 20—Alex. H. Woods, Hon. P. Mitchell, F. Geriken, jr., Mr. Donovan, Arch. McGoun, jr., James Taylor and wife, Montreal; Mr. McDonald and wife, Quebec.

KILLED BY A RATTLESNAKE.

A HORRIBLE DEATH IN THE WOODS.

PORTAGE, PA., July 20.

On Monday morning last Miss Sarah Goodloe, daughter of a prominent resident of this place, and two little girls, named Jennie Wagner and Laura Webb, went out in the Wyckoff Mountain to pick huckleberries. About ten o'clock the Webb girl returned crying to the village, and said that Miss Goodloe had been bitten by a rattlesnake and was sick in the woods about a mile away. The young lady's father, accompanied by a couple of friends and Dr. Crane, hastened to the spot guided by the girl. On reaching it a fearful sight presented itself. Miss Goodloe lay in convulsions on the ground and was swollen to an enormous size. Dr. Crane at once tore her clothing loose and revealed the fact that the flesh had commenced to turn black. She was entirely unconscious and was at once pronounced beyond all human aid. The snake had sunk his fangs deep into the calf of her leg in two places, and one of them was found hanging to her stocking. The doctor administered such remedies as are used in such cases, but the unfortunate young woman died in a few minutes after the arrival of her father and party. Her limbs swelled so that the one bitten by the snake burst the skin. She died in the most intense agony.

THE CIRCUMSTANCES

attending the case are related by the little girl as follows:—They were picking berries near the top of the ridge and had the pails nearly filled. Suddenly Miss Goodloe gave a loud scream, and, dropping her pail, ran wildly out of the bushes toward a plot of grass near by, shouting, "My God, my God, a rattlesnake has bitten me!" She threw herself on the grass and commenced rolling and shrieking. The little Webb girl ran toward her and saw a portion of the snake, which seemed to be still attacking Miss Goodloe. About half of the snake, from the rattles up, was exposed, and it was sounding the latter in a manner denoting the greatest rage. The little girl, with singular bravery, seized the reptile by the tail and jerked it loose from Miss Goodloe and killed it with a club before it got away. She then told the young lady that they had better start for home at once, and they hurried homeward, the two little girls assisting Miss Goodloe, who continued to grow ill from the effects of the bite, and finally dropped in convulsions at the spot where the Webb girl left her and hurried on for aid.

AN ANGLO-INDIAN EPISODE.

The London *Daily News* of the 3rd inst. says:—

The *Court Circular* of Saturday contained a blunder which is ludicrous to those who know Hindostanee. It says in effect that Sir Salar Jung presented his Aligator to Her Majesty. The word Muggur has only that meaning as a noun. The word ought to have been Nuzzur. A Nuzzur is [illegible] rank of the person, and its presentation to a superior implies tribute. At all Durbars, Nuzzurs are presented, and soldiers present their swords, an act which indicates military service due to the superior. In a Durbar, the superior touches the coins, and an official of the Court receives the offering. In Sir Salar Jung's case the Nuzzur was only touched and then remitted. The reason is simple; the interview was not a Durbar, but only a reception or presentation at Court according to our forms; but the Oriental form of acknowledging a superior was permitted, and wisely so, in deference to Oriental associations of ideas. When a Nuzzur is accepted it is necessary to give a Khilut in return. This is a dress or robe with which the superior is supposed to confer dignity on the subject. In return for homage received, the King clothes his inferior with honor. This is as old as the time of Joseph, who was arrayed by Pharaoh in vestures of fine linen; from this custom, it has been conjectured, comes our phrase of one being "clothed with authority." It is not generally understood at home that the Prince of Wales never held a Durbar in India during his late tour. When native Princes were presented, the ceremony was only a mixed arrangement differing but little from what took place on Friday with Sir Salar Jung at Windsor. Nuzzurs were touched and remitted, and no Khiluts were given. There was wisdom in this, for it got quit of many questions of precedence, and also of the great expense and trouble of carrying about the quantity of articles necessary for the Khiluts. Some of the Rajahs of India are entitled to over two hundred trays, each tray with a separate present. Most of the trays contain pieces of cloth, shawls, &c., but Khiluts have long ceased in India to be exclusively of that class of goods. Jewels, rings, watches, revolvers, breech-loaders, musical boxes, and things of a fancy kind are given on such occasions. As many people are asking what Sir Salar Jung's name means, it may be stated that *Salar* means *Commander*, and *Jung* means *War*. He is entitled to be called *Sir* as a Knight Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

The Evening Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors.
624 and 626 Craig Street.

CIRCULATION of the EVENING STAR for the week ending Saturday, July 22, showing CITY CIRCULATION, COUNTRY CIRCULATION, and SPECIMEN PAPERS:—

DAY.	City Circulation.	Country Circulation.	Specm papers c'ntry.	TOTALS.
Monday...17	9,971	1,822		11,793
Tuesday...18	10,074	1,823		11,897
W'nesday 19	10,065	1,971	140	12,036
Thursday 20	10,128	1,838		11,966
Friday... 21	10,004	1,847		11,851
Saturday 22	10,187	1,853		12,040
	60,429	11,154	140	71,583

Average daily City Circulation......	10,071
Average daily Country Circulation..	1,859
Total daily average circulation......	11,930

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MONDAY, JULY 24, 1876.

To Parties Leaving the City.—The Evening Star will be sent to Montrealers at the watering places and other summer resorts for 25 cents a month, free of postage.

Mr. Brown and the Bench.—The attack made by Mr. Brown in the *Globe* upon Judge Wilson has excited more indignant and condemnatory comment than any libellous article that has ever been published in Canada. With the exception of a portion of the Grit press, and the Montreal *Herald*, which expressed the vague opinion that Mr. Brown might or might not have been wise in his action, the journals of the country have united in reprobating the assault upon the Bench as violent, undignified, and degrading to the press. As to Mr. Brown, he has been silent ever since his outburst, so far as the daily edition of his paper is concerned. He has not conducted himself so well in the *Weekly Globe*, as the following extract from the *Nation* will show:—

"The daily issue, which contained four columns of libellous invective upon Judge Wilson, presented the public with a report of the obnoxious judgments. The intelligent reader would of course be safe were the bane and the antidote in his hands. But in the weekly edition, with its larger circulation, the bane is sent forth without the antidote! Nay, we observe that a special sting is added to the tail of the already venomous scorpion: 'It is in the face of these facts that Mr. Justice Wilson has the audacity, without any evidence that such a letter was ever written (?) or sent, or received, or acted upon, and without the slightest evidence as to the circumstances under which it might have been written, or the special purposes to which the money was to be applied—to denounce as a thing of monstrous depravity a request by one Reformer to another for a subscription to a General Election fund, of probably $50, but at the most $100.' With this addendum, and no report or abstract of the judgments, the bucolic admirers of the *Globe* will no doubt come to the conclusion that Judge Wilson is an audacious Tory, though appointed to the Bench by a Reform Govervment; that he decides against good Reformers without any evidence; that no Big Push letter was ever written by Mr. Brown, though it was published in full in the *Globe*; that, if written, it was never sent; that, if sent, it was never received; that, if received, it was never acted upon; that the circumstances, if known, would justify the transaction—in the eyes of Reformers; that though the money was wanted for a Big Push on Saturday when votes were in the market, no bribery or corruption could be charged against a 'General Election fund;' that if Mr. Simpson did respond he gave only $50, or at least $100, which, being a 'little one,' the Court, and not Mr. Brown or Simpson, should be impeached for mentioning it!"

Politico-Ecclesiastical.—It has been announced upon rather good authority that the mission of the distinguished members of the Roman Catholic clergy who have just proceeded to Rome is to obtain the reinstatement of Monseigneur Bourget as Bishop of Montreal. It is true that Mgr. Lafleche, the Bishop of Three Rivers, goes to protest against a proposed division of his See into two episcopates, but the main object is to prevent the retirement of the distinguished prelate who has been elevated to the Archbishopric of Marzianopolis, *in partibus infidelium*—and private life. The resignation of Mgr. Bourget is a much more important event than appears immediately upon the surface. For years he has exercised not merely an ecclesiastical, but a political influence. He has been the embodiment of the Syllabus in Canada, and the incarnation of the Ultramontane principle. He has persistently sought to elevate the Church to the most superior position, and in attempting to carry out his views he has not feared to awaken the most dangerous elements of discord. His watchword would appear to be "Thorough," and in obeying what he conceived to be the mandate of Rome, he set himself in opposition to his ghostly colleagues of this country. The representative of a by-gone age, he deduced no lesson from the changes of the years, and undertook to play anew the part of a Hildebrand. He endeavored to make Lower Canada what Italy was politically before its unification, and his failure has been signal. His extreme opinions and action led to conflicts with his colleagues, and Rome pronounced against him upon points which he sought to make in politics and religion equivalent to dogma. The sager counsels of his brother of Quebec prevailed, and he acquiesced and resigned. The natural successor to the pastoral charge is Mgr. Fabre, a prelate whose most distinguishing characteristic is a broad liberality of thought. Travel and contact with men of culture [illegible] advances of modern opinion. He is abreast of the age and thoroughly comprehends the impatience with which men submit to yokes, whether political, social or ecclesiastical. Trained in a later school than that of the venerable gentleman whose place he will shortly take, he is kindred in spirit with the active minds who have done so much for political reform, and it is, therefore, with pleasure that we hail his coming accession to the Bishopric of Montreal.

Not so the leaders of the Ultramontane party, as represented by Canon Lamarche and Mr. Tasse. They rather fear the results of the change. The policy of Mgr. Bourget enabled them to nominate the leaders of the Conservative policy, and to form the programme which constituted not alone the platform of the party, but the combined articles of a politico-religious creed during the last elections. The overshadowing influence of the Archbishopric of Quebec, which more than ever is beginning to speak for Rome in the Dominion, and to speak in tones of religious liberalism that are pleasing to Protestant ears, is something that they dread, and they are determined that if any representations of theirs shall have effect, Monseigneur Bourget shall remain the occupant of the episcopal chair of Montreal until death closes his eyes. They do not go to Rome unopposed, however. We have been informed that representations of a very formidable character have preceded them, and however successful they may be in preventing the division of the diocese of Three Rivers into the two dioceses of Three Rivers and Nicolet, it is less than probable that the decision arrived at in regard to the See of Montreal will be rescinded.

The Timber Supply Question.—We reviewed a few days ago a very important pamphlet, written by Mr. Little, dealing with the question of the timber supply. The writer treated the subject very exhaustively, and adduced many valuable statistics in support of the position he assumes that the timber recources of the country are being rapidly diminished, and that before many years, if the present destructive and extravagant system be persisted in, we shall have to go abroad for the material which is now being so unwisely wasted. There is little room for doubting the propositions of Mr. Little. The debates on Crown Lands mismanagement in the Quebec Legislature, in which Messrs. Fournier, Tremblay, Marchand and Gerin took an important part, revealed the existence of a system terribly dangerous to the fortunes of a Province that must long continue to depend for revenue upon the timber trade. In the early days of Confederation, not to speak of operations under the previous form of government, timber limits were disposed of in the most reckless manner. They fell into the hands of political favorites, who did pretty much as they pleased with them, but, worst of all, they became the prey of speculators whose interest it was to make all they could out of the standing timber. The trade was forced for the purposes of revenue until for mile after mile along the river valleys yielding the most valuable timber the soil has been denuded, and now but little remains to be worked with profit either to lumberers or the Government. The English market was glutted in the greed for riches, and a trade that had been, and promised long to be, a source of revenue under judicious management, declined to the lowest ebb and helped to bring about a financial crisis, which has, in turn, swelled the depression under which the country is now laboring. The St. Maurice has been almost cleared. Axe and fire have scoured the valley of the Ottawa until the lumberman must seek on its important tributaries, like the Petewawa, for the wood which not many years ago, he found convenient to the banks. When it require two years to bring down a raft from the Temiscamingue and upper waters of the kind, it will readily be seen that there is a great locking-up of capital, which might otherwise be advantageously employed. Such has been the exhaustion of these resources, that the Department can no longer offer rich limits for sale; in fact, so little remains, that there is no inducement to purchase, even at the ridiculous upset prices named at the last auction sale in the Parliament Building. All available rich limits are in the hands of the people who acquired them under the old system of private sale, which Mr. Beaubien, when Commissioner, managed to render so inimical to public interest, and which forced his retirement from Mr. Chauveau's Government. There is, it is true, some little prospect of improvement in the English market, but the day when timber shall continue to furnish the bulk of the revenue of this Province is passing. Worse than this, we have to contemplate the necessity, within the next ten years, of looking abroad for timber for our home consumption.

We have been accustomed to look upon our forest wealth as inexhaustible. "Canadian woods and wilds" have been so much sung and written about, and the dense gloom of the backwood only awaiting the ringing axe of the pioneer so industriously harped upon, that people have forgotten that there is a limit to the supply of commercial woods. The pines we have been felling and selling in such dangerous profusion have taken generations to grow. The thousands of miles that have been burnt over, through carelessness, are to all intents and purposes so much capital lost. We have done, and are doing, nothing to repair a destruction that is seriously affecting the rain fall and consequently the climate of the country. The only consideration, politically, has been that of revenue, and commercially, of making the best bargains for the English houses represented by agencies in Quebec. No doubt the trade has been a valuable one in the amount of money it has brought into the country, but the value is only for the time; when the source of wealth disappears, the golden goose will have been slaughtered. From present indications we are within a few years, certainly not more than twenty, of the slaughtering, and it behooves us to take a contemplative view of a serious situation. To our mind the time has come for decisive legislative action. The existing system is wasteful and destructive, and the export duty being light and inoppressive, helps it along. The manufacture of square timber in the woods, as Mr. Little properly points out, is destructive and dangerous, and should be stopped. The export duty should be increased, so as to put a check upon the lavish overproduction that glutted the markets and helped to cripple more than one financial institution. The forest-ranging system, as devised by Dr. Fortin when Commissioner, should be extended, so as to prevent depredations upon the Crown lands which even wealthy lumber firms have not scrupled to carry on, and which have afforded, too long, means of subsistence to piratical concerns trading upon the indifference of the Government. A better order of supervision and collection is required; in fact, the Crown lands system, as [illegible] bec and Ontario alike, requires careful re[illegible] situation as depicted, not alone by Mr. Little, but by many eminent public men who have given the subject extensive study. We cannot afford to destroy our resources as the Michigan lumbermen are exhausting theirs. If we husband what remains to us, we shall, when they have bared their soil, have the commerce of the world in our own hands, and at our own prices.

CITY NEWS.

—The base ball match on Saturday between the Maple Leaf and Shamrock clubs was won by the former. Score—Maple Leaf, 41; Shamrock, 27.

—W. W. Cole's great Circus, Hippodrome and Menagerie will make its grand entry into town to-morrow, and will give its first performance in the afternoon.

— Stanley Otterson and James Jordan were yesterday remanded to take their trial before the next term of the Court of Queen's Bench, charged with the theft of the two bank books, the property of James Drum, of 115 McCord street, and with the forgery of his signature.

—The following Canadians have registered their names at the London office during the past week ending 13th of July:—W. F. Scott, M. D., Lieut.-Col. Kirkpatrick, Kingston; S. E. McLane, J. C. Duncan, F. C. Ireland, Montreal; Adam H. Meyers, Hugh R. Fletcher, Toronto; A. M. Smith, London; T. Freeborn, J. Wood, Hamilton.

—The St. Henri police yesterday arrested the following:—Thomas McCooler 19, laborer; Desire Mousseau, 53, laborer drunk and disorderly; Joseph Taylor, 51, finisher, interfering with the police in the discharge of their duty. Four new fire and police alarm boxes are being placed in position. They will be located as follows: One at the toll-gate, second at Mr. Kerr's, the third at St. Margaret street, the other at the new tannery.

— On Saturday last Detective Cullen arrested Alfred St. Onge, charged with the larceny of a gold watch and chain valued at $75 from his father. It appears the young man has been in the habit of pilfering from his aged father for some time back, and upon being arrested he confessed to the crime, and stated to have sold the watch to one Patrick Harrington for $15. Harrington was brought before the Police Magistrate on Saturday, and deposed that he had again sold the watch, but could give no information as to the name or residence of the party. Both prisoners were remanded.

Brieflets.—The choir of Notre Dame Church left this morning for the Centennial *via* the Montreal and Boston Air Line ....Major-General Cullum, U.S.A., and lady and Baron von Bulau are guests at the St. Lawrence Hall....The third safe in Mellor's store was opened on Saturday and found to contain nothing of value.... The sixth annual prize meeting of the Victoria Rifle Association will be held on Thursday and Saturday, 10th and 12th of August next.....A fire broke out on Saturday night in the cigar store of Mr. Wethsay, St. James street, which was quickly extinguished by the Babcocks from the Ottawa Hotel. The damage is trifling.

A St. Henri License Case.—*To the Editor of the* Star:—Sir,—In the report of my case in the Recorder's Court, it is said that it was aggravated, as I had been notified that I could not get a license. I was never notified: The facts of the case are as follows; Up to the 1st of May last I used to keep a well-known hotel on St. Joseph street. Towards spring a tavern-keeper of St. Henri induced me to rent his house, saying that the works about to be undertaken on the canal would certainly improve business, and givingme to understand that I would have no difficulty in getting a license. But once the lease was signed, and when I had already removed to St. Henri, I discovered that I could not get a license, and, on the 14th of July last, I was prosecuted for selling liquor without license. Default was entered against me, and, although I arrived in Court three minutes after the case was commenced, and when all the witnesses for the prosecution had not yet been heard, my lawyer and myself were refused to present my defence and prove that I was not guilty, as I was well able to do. But I soon discovered how the license business was worked by the City Councillors of St. Henri. Seeing that the hotel business was about to improve, they kept the licenses for their friends and relations, and refused them to some other respectable parties and to myself, who had kept for many years a respectable house in Montreal. For instance, Mr. and Mrs. Dumas, living in the house of Pierre Larente, a cousin of Coun. Charlebois, did get their license, and so did Messrs. Rolland & Morland, the former living in a house belonging to the father of Coun. Deseve, and the latter taking his groceries from Councillor Delisle, a wholesale grocer. Allow me to add that, although the Councillors boast of having granted licenses only to most respectable characters, a ball took place Friday last at the house of one of those *respectable licentiates*, at which women of a rather unenviable character were present—which I can fully prove. I have the honor, &c., J. Brisbois.

THE VOKES.

This clever family will make their *debut* at the Academy of Music this evening, and we have no doubt they will be greeted with the largest assembly of the season. Their performance is unequalled for genuine fun.

SPORTING.

CRICKET.

On Saturday afternoon the return match between the St. George's and Montreal Clubs took place, resulting in a walk over for the latter. For the St. George's, C. Badgley, W. Pinkney and A. Bell scored as follows: 19, 15 and 12; while for the M.C.C. C. McLean ran up his score to 34; J. W. Gordon to 29, and W. Smith to 19.

LACROSSE—THE EUROPEAN INDIAN TEAM AND THE MONTREAL HOME TEAM.

An immense concourse of spectators, including a fashionable turn-out of ladies, assembled on the Lacross grounds on Saturday to witness the match between what is known as the "Home Team" of the Montreal Lacrosse Club and the European Team of Indians. The Indians brought only eleven men to the field, while the white team were considerably weakened by the absence of Crosby and Maltby, their places being filled by Riepert and Hubbell. Shortly after four o'clock play was commenced. For the first half of the game the Indians appeared to be getting the worst of it, Griffin making some splendid play and once or twice nearly dropping the ball into the Indians' goal. After about half an hour of hard fighting, the Indians won the first game, being loudly applauded by the audience. The second game proved more exciting than the first, and it appeared as if the Indians were determined, *nolens volens*, to conquer their paleface opponents. The contest waxed loud and fierce, amidst cries of "time, time," and cheers upon cheers from the audience, when, after a most determined struggle, Griffin dropped the ball into the Indian goal. The third game was won by the home team, as well as the fourth, which was played out in spite of the rain which had commenced. It is to be regretted that "temper" and unworthy antagonism was too often displayed, and, in one or two instances, ended in a disgraceful "set-to." If Canada's national game is to be respected such displays of temper must be at once and for ever kept in the background. The following is the list of Montreal players:—R. Brown, goal; F. Riepert, W. Hubbell, W. Griffin, E. Giroux, J. Sullivan, F. Elliott, W. Cairns, J. Paton, T. Paton, J. Locke and J. Shearer.

THE LATE MR. JOHN PRATT.

On Saturday afternoon one of Montreal's oldest citizens, Mr. John Pratt, succumbed to a severe attack of Canadian cholera. Mr. Pratt was born at Berthier, *en haut*, on the 20th July, 1812, and had consequently reached the age of sixty-four years. He survived by only a few weeks his brother, Mr. C. F. Pratt, with whom his business career had been commenced, and with whom he had been almost continuously associated in commercial life. Of the [illegible] of the brothers the *Herald* [illegible] a merchant at Berthier, and in 1833 his sons, Charles F. and John, left the paternal home, to open in Quebec a house of business under the name and style of C. F. Pratt & Co. Having succeeded almost beyond his expectations in Quebec, Mr. John Pratt started a branch establishment at Three Rivers, and, as in Quebec, success did not fail to attend him. Soon the brothers found that their sphere of action was too limited, and so in 1839 they founded in Montreal the well-known leather house of John Pratt & Co. In 1852 the Quebec house was closed, both brothers devoting their energies to the conduct of the Montreal business, out of which they made colossal fortunes, that of Mr. John Pratt amounting to close upon a million of dollars. The tanneries at Roxton Falls were started by the Pratts, who for many years stood at the head of the leather business. In 1869 the brothers retired from business, but while Charles confined himself entirely to private life, his brother, the subject of this notice, unable with his active temperament to remain comparatively unemployed, actively engaged in the conduct of several joint stock companies, with which he had identified himself. Mr. John Pratt, at the time of his death, was President of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, over whose Board he had presided since 1867; of the Banque du Peuple; of the Rubber Company, &c., and Vice-President of the Citizens' Assurance Company, a position which he also occupied in connection with other joint stock concerns. He was on the Board of Directors of the Valleyfield Cotton Company, an undertaking which he had done much to promote. Indeed, it may be said of Mr. Pratt that he was an undoubted authority on all business matters, being shrewd, practical and enterprising. In 1863 Mr. Pratt was placed on the Harbor Board, but the succeeding year the Government of Sir John Macdonald removed him from office, doing exactly the same by Hon. John Young and Mr. Thos. Cramp. In 1874, however, he was placed upon the newly constituted Board of which he was an active, practical and influential member. Mr. Pratt's natural modesty impelled him, upon several occasions, to decline nomination to Parliament, to which there is no doubt that, had he chosen, he could have secured election. Politically he was a thorough Reformer, and even by those who thought differently with him, his views were looked upon with considerable respect. As a private individual Mr. Pratt was a thorough gentleman, a warm and considerate friend, and a real philanthropist. Mr. Pratt leaves a widow and three sons and three daughters. His funeral will take place on Thursday.

A CLERK FORGES A CHECK FOR $970, OBTAINS THE MONEY, AND ABSCONDS.

HE CARRIED ON A SYSTEM OF EMBEZZLEMENT—HIS TOTAL DEFALCATION WILL AMOUNT TO $1,100.

On Saturday last, Messrs. Akin & Armstrong, produce and commission merchants, of Commissioners street, were astonished to receive a letter from their bookkeeper, of which the following is a copy:—

21st July, 1876.

Messrs. Akin & Armstrong:

Sirs,—When you receive this I shall be gone away. I have embezzled some money during the time I was with you, and a day or two ago Mr. Armstrong signed a blank check, which I have filled up. I will try and get back to England, away from this country altogether. Don't think very badly of me for this act. I will repay you some day.

Yours, &c.,
W. N. Alley.

The writer of the above has been in the firm's employ about three months, and came here from Dublin, Ireland, where he had been brought up to business. He represented himself to be the son of a minister, and was taken into the office on the recommendation of friends. He had been a month previously engaged by Mr. Hood, of the North American Packing Company. Lately it came to the knowledge of Messrs. Akin & Armstrong that he had been living rather fast and was visiting the theatre oftener than his means would allow. He was remonstrated with on the subject by Mr. Armstrong, and told if he did not give up keeping company he would have to quit their service. This, it is thought, precipitated the crime of forgery which he has committed and his absconding. From his letter and a detailed list of the sums he embezzled, which he enclosed to the firm, his defalcations have been going on for some time, and from circumstances which have just transpired, he has meditated the forgery in additon to his other crimes. A letter received this morning from Mr. A. C. Clark, a correspondent of the firm at Sarnia, referring to a letter he had received from the firm, says:—"I see by the signature it has been traced over with lead pencil, and a copy taken with black lead paper. I would not have mentioned this only the letter appears to have been opened and resealed." This shows he had been preparing for his final *coup*, which he carried out on Friday. On that day he made two deposits in the Exchange Bank, the last one being for $325. After he made the first deposit, he presented a cheque for $970, payable to bearer, which, however, was not paid at the time, but later on in the day. After he made the second deposit he presented it again, and it was then paid in cash. On looking at the cheque, the teller was suspicious of the signature, and handed it to the ledger-keeper and enquired if it was Mr. Armstrong's writing. Seeing that it was the young man who was in the habit of doing the firm's business, his suspiciens were not excited, and he returned it to the teller for payment. Alley returned to the office, and remained there until the store was shut, when he went to his boarding-house. After tea he went to the theatre, but returned to his lodgings, bid the people in the house good-bye, saying he was going to the country, took a black trunk he had recently purchased, and left for the station to catch the 10 o'clock train. Whether he went East or West is not known, but he was making enquiry the day before about the time of the train for Quebec. On Saturday morning, in sweeping out the office, a boy found a one dollar greenback on the floor, and as there had been no payment of American money made in the office, it is possible he had provided himself with greenbacks, and is off to the States. He was between twenty and twenty-one years of age. He stated a short time before he went away that when he would arrive at the age of 21 he would come into some money in Ireland, and he had cabled to a solicitor in Dublin to endeavor to raise a portion of the amount coming to him at once. He did not succeed, however, in getting the money. The detectives are hard at work, and if he is still in Canada there is no doubt he will soon be arrested, but it is more than likely he has crossed the line. As he was well acquainted with some of the members of the Academy company, it is thought likely he has gone with them to Quebec.

LATER.

From information we have received we have no doubt Alley has crossed the line, as he had procured greenbacks for all the money received from the Exchange Bank at Mr. Weir's and Messrs. Marchand and Libby's exchange offices, in this city, on Friday afternoon, giving in return $100 bills of the Exchange Bank.

BASE BALL.

To the Editor of the Star:

Sir,—An item which appeared in your issue of Saturday last signed "Base Ballist," and which was evidently meant as a broad hint to Montreal clubs, and the Red Stockings in particular, merits a prompt reply. Your correspondent states that the "match-game on Dominion Day, at St. Johns, seems to have scared some of the best nines of the city. There are the Red Stockings, now; they seem to lay claim to the championship, and, I think, it is only right that they should be the parties to bring them to the city." Now, the match played at St. Johns, so far from having scared the best nines of the city, rather created a desire to try the mettle of the St. Johns' nine by pitting them against some city senior club—for it should be borne in mind that their opponents on Dominion Day were *only* juveniles. There are quite a number of senior clubs in this city, whom, I think, are both willing and anxious to cross bats with them; and I have no doubt a match would have been arranged with the Red Stockings, Excel-[illegible] one of the numerous other clubs [illegible] long ere this had the St. Johns' [illegible] any overtures to them. I am in ignorance as to whether your correspondent writes with authority when he states that the St. Johns' nine are anxious to exhibit their prowess in Montreal, and as his communication—if written at the instigation of the club he champions—is virtually a challenge to the Red Stockings, if he will kindly forward the address of the Secretary of the St. Johns' nine to the undersigned, it will be due to no fault on the part of the Red Stockings if a match is not arranged with them for any date they may deem proper, the game to be played in Montreal or St. Johns.

Before concluding, I am requested to tender the Star the grateful thanks of the Red Stocking Base Ball Club for its endeavors to bring the game prominently before the public.

I may state that there are now some twelve duly organized clubs in the city. A Base Ball Association has also been formed, composed of delegates from each club, which governs the rules under which all matches are to be played. The competition for the championship of the city and the flags to be presented by the Association promises to afford some keen sport to lovers of the game.

I am, yours, &c.,
James H. Oxley,
Sec. R.S.B.B.C.,
127 German st.
Montreal, July 24, 1876.

A WARNING TO "BULLS" AND "BEARS."

The sentences of the Court of Queen's Bench on the directors of the Eupion Gas Company, convicted of conspiracy, will, says the London *Daily News*, probably stir up feelings of commiseration in some minds. The piteous stories told by the affidavits read in Court; the fact that the invention, for the furtherance of which the Company was started, was no piece of imposture; the probability that many other directors have acted with impunity as Mr. Aspinall and Mr. Knocker did, will tend to make twelve months' imprisonment seem unduly hard. But, after all, Mr. Justice Blackburn's reasons for pronouncing rather stern sentences are unanswerable; and they recall those given by Lord Campbell for punishing severely the active directors of the famous Royal British Bank. Lord Campbell was urged to recollect that the malpractices laid to the charge of the prisoners were common. He admitted that this was so, but added that it was all the more essential to vindicate the authority of a law so generally disregarded. Lord Campbell's decision did good service. It reminded Bank directors and others in responsible positions that the Common Law presented an ugly edge to fraud of all sorts. We trust that the result of the Eupion prosecution will be equally beneficial. In particular, we hope that erring members of the commercial world will see in it not merely a condemnation of the practice of procuring a quotation from the Committee of the Stock Exchange on the strength of false statements, but a judicial reproof of all combinations to raise or depreciate prices by the use of falsehoods. The Common Law with respect to conspiracy is, in truth, far reaching. Unwary and unscrupulous "bulls" and "bears" might find themselves in an unpleasant position if the law which has reached Mr. Aspinall and Mr. Knocker were set in motion against them. It would be probably easy to find in some of Lord Ellenborough's judgments ample warrant for taking criminal proceedings on account of many transactions which pass unchallenged in the City, and which are rarely made the basis of an action. The warning given by the fate of the Eupion directors may induce a salutary study of the principles of the English criminal law of fraud and conspiracy as applied to commerce.

NOON TELEGRAMS.

London, July 24.

The *Daily News'* Panatjin special says nowhere are the Servians more than one march outside of their frontier. They have nowhere improved one step on the original positions attained at the beginning of the month. They are acting on the offensive only at Saitschar, if indeed there. I confess that to me the Servian prospects are gloomy when victory is claimed as by Mirkowitz and Olimpics. The victory consists merely in the repulse of an attack, or, in other words, the avoidance of a defeat. Not a foot of ground—nothing, except the barren result of holding their own is claimed even by themselves. On Sunday General Tchernayeff arrived here.

The *Daily News* Belgrade special, dated Saturday, says:—It is expected that Prince Milan's headquarters will be removed from Panatjin on Sunday, probably to Saitschar, if the operations thereabout are favorable

A *Daily News* Vienna despatch says:—It is rumored here that Gen. Ignatieff took furlough because Midhat Pasha, the Turkish President of the Council of State, became possessed of very compromising documents concerning him.

It is said the Duke of Marlboro' will succeed the Duke of Abercorn as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Paris, July 24.

The *Gaulois* says Schauvaloff, the Russian Ambassador to Great Britain, insists upon being recalled, as his position in London is intolerable.

London, July 24.

The *Telegraph's* special says:—"I am informed Servia has solicited Germany to reconcile the Russian and Austrian views in the negotiations that must ensue should further reverses compel Servia to sue for an armistice, as that Turkish demands may be modified, and the Servian territory integrity preserved."

New York, July 24.

A despatch from Washington says that Gen. Sheridan will take the field personally, and direct operations against the Sioux. The plan determined upon is to make a combined movement of three columns with Fort Ellis as its base. Two of the columns will move directly against the Indians, and one against their villages. Gen. Sheridan will establish his headquarters in the field at some advantageous point on Goose Creek, about 40 miles north-west of Fort Phil Kearney, and near the scene of General Crooks battle on the Rosebud. These columns will amount in the aggregate to between 3,000 and 4,000 men. In speaking of the war General Sherman says that it will be stubborn and bloody; that the Indian chieftains will naturally have choice of position, and that it will be necessary to meet them whenever they offer battle, or wherever they can be caught. Gen. Sherman estimates the fighting strength of the Sioux now in arms at 2,500, and it is the settled purpose of the administration to make the punishment of the Sioux for their present hostility one never to be forgotten by that yet powerful nation.

Arrived: S.S. "Egypt," from Liverpool.

Iroquois, July 24.

A little girl, daughter of Mr. Geo. Leader, tanner, of this place, was drowned on Sunday morning, about 10 o'clock. She fell into one of the vats, and was drowned before her parents found her.

Springfield, Mass., July 23.

The principal business portion of Shelbourne Falls village, lying on the west side of Deerfield River, in the town of Buckland, was burned on Saturday night, including the Woodward Hotel and stables, Methodist Church and two stores beneath, a grocery and hardware store, and a storehouse and two houses and barns. Total loss $80,000.

A Wonderful Remedy.—We have received a neat pamphlet setting forth the remarkable healing powers of a comparatively novel preparation known as Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. The valuable qualities of Iodine have long been recognized by physicians, but it is claimed that it remained for Dr. Giles to discover how to use those qualities with the best possible results. The combination he has produced is a colorless liquid, wonderfully penetrative and marvellously dissipative. It has been tested in a wide range of complaints and worked wonders, judging from the testimonials volunteered by well-known Americans. It is said to be particularly useful for neuralgia, face-ache, rheumatism, gout, chilblains, sore throat, erysipelas, bruises and wounds of all descriptions. As a family remedy—something that should at all times be within reach—it appears to be invaluable. In the pamphlet before us there are a great number of instances showing how a prompt application of the Liniment has produced the happiest results. The remedy is for sale by all druggists. We should say it is a capital article for tourists and parties [illegible] which the Liniment will not beneficially effect.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Quite New.—Door gongs, carpet sweepers, letter delivery boxes, furniture beaters, fly-traps, fluting machines, at L. J. A. Surveyer's, House Furnishing, Hardware, 524 Craig street.

Save your furniture from moths by buying the new "Furniture Beater," only 25 cents, and Vicat's Insect Powder; also, Fly Traps, at L. J. A. Surveyer, 524 Craig street.

You can buy a perfect Fitting Shirt with a three-ply linen front, for one dollar and fifty cents, at Desmarteau & Bond's, 415 Notre Dame street.

Have you bought your Shirt yet? if not, we should certainly recommend you to call at Desmarteau & Bond's, corner of Notre Dame and St. Peter.

MORNING MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK.
July 24, 10 A.M.

Gold	111⅝	@ 00
Sterling Exchange............	488½	@ 00

MONTREAL.

Greenbacks bought at a discount of..................	11	@ 11
Greenbacks sold at a discount of..................	10¼	@ 00
Drafts on New York.........	10¼	@ 00
Silver bought at a discount of.	12½	@ 15

W. Weir,
Stock and Exchange Broker,
121 St. Francois Xavier street

FOR SALE CHEAP, two Crystal Gasaliers. Apply at 32 Durocher street. 173-3

TO LET, a neat house, 135 Lusginan street, near St. Antoine street; oil-cloth and Furniture will be sold cheap if desired; rent £55. Apply on the premises. 173-6

ROOM.—To let, a nicely Furnished Parlor Bedroom, at 205 St. Charles Borromme street. 173 3

ROOMS.—Furnished Front Room to let, at 72 St. Urbain street; terms reasonable. 173-2

BOARD.—Wanted immediately, board for a gentlemen, wife and three young children. Address J. S., this office. Terms must be moderate. 173-1

New Advertisements to-day.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 14th July, 1876.

AUTHORIZED DISCOUNT on AMERICAN INVOICES, until further notice, 10 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
173-1 Commissioner of Customs.

WANTED, three smart boys for a hotel; age, 16 about. Apply to

J. C MIGNAULT,
173-z 31 St Lambert's Hill.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, DROPSY, GRAVEL, CALCULUS, Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Disease of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Prostate Gland, Premature Prostration, Organic Debility and Chronic Affections (incurable by general practitioners). Two pamphlets, explaining their successful treatment by Nature's Specific "Asahel, Made of God," Bethesda Mineral Spring Water, and Dr. A. HAWLEY, Heath, the author and proprietor, free to any address.

A fresh supply of this celebrated Water just received from the Spring.

DEPOT AND RECEPTION ROOMS:
200 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ONLY AGENT IN PROVINCE OF QUEBEC:
J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
400 Notre Dame street, Montreal.
14-z

CARRIAGES.

WM. P. SARGENT & CO.,
CARRIAGES

Of every description at lower prices than for many years.

LARGEST STOCK IN NEW ENGLAND.

WM. P. SARGENT & CO.,
14 to 22 SUDBURY STREET,
BOSTON, MASS.

N. B.—A large variety of second-hand Carriages, and those very little worn, at very low prices.

Six Bretts or Barouches in good order.

Three Landaus.

Several half-top Park Rhætons, especially adapted for livery use.

167 eod

R. THOMSON & SON,
BLACKSMITHS and ENGINEERS,
No. 18 St. Constant Street,
FACING DRILL SHED.

Forgings of all kinds made to order.

Removal, erection and repairs of Printing Machinery a specialty.

Pulleys and Shafting Fitted up, &c.

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Hydraulic Presses, Hand Lithographic Presses, Embossing Presses, Punching Presses, Printers' Chases, Wrought and Cast Iron Book Chases

AND

THOMSON'S
CELEBRATED PRINTERS' ROLLER COMPOSITION.

FOR SALE,

2 New Horizontal Steam Engines, cylinders 9 x 18, Patented Steam Pistons.
2 Bookbinders' Hydraulic Presses.
1 Large Adams' Printing Press for steam power; size of Platen, 45 x 30½.
Hand Lithograph Presses always in stock.
23-eodm

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

The subscriber offers a large assortment of excellent SECOND-HAND PIANOS, 6, 6½ and 7 octaves, in square and upright cases, at from $75 to $200 each.

As all of this class of Pianos received by him, which he cannot recommend, are disposed of BY AUCTION, parties purchasing at his establishment run risk in selecting an instrument from his Stock.

Pianos Removed by careful and civil men.

Orders for 1st May should be left as early as possible.

JOSEPH GOULD,
95* eodm 211 ST. JAME STREET.

INFANTRY AND RIFLES, ATTENTION!

Just received per steamer "Peruvian,"
Infantry and Rifle Swords and Belts,
Samples of Infantry and Rifle Chacos,
Artillery, Hussar, and Rifle Busbees,
Dragoon Guard Helmet, Sword Cases,
New Style Police Helmet, with steel band to protect the head,
Rifle Accoutrements, Gold Lace, Buttons, &c.

REYNOLDS & VOLKEL,
427 Notre Dame Street.
136*-eodm

LUMBER.—The undersigned keep constantly on hand a complete stock of first-class seasoned PINE LUMBER, dressed and undressed; seasoned BLACK WALNUT, CHERRY CHESTNUT, BUTTERNUT WHITEWOOD and BASSWOOD, and hardwood of all kinds; FRENCH WALNUT and other VENEERS, and Fancy Woods for fret work. E. J. Maxwell & CO.,
204-eodm. 715 Craig street.

FINEST EASTERN TOWNSHIPS DAIRY BUTTER, 25c. a POUND,
AT
JOHN KAY & CO.'S,
NO. 39½ BLEURY STREET.
107-eodm*

USE PROF. LAVOIE'S
CELEBRATED
PARIS GOLDEN HAIR WASH

To give a golden hue to the hair and to bleach any color of dark hair to a fine GOLDEN BLONDE, without any injury to the hair.

No. 273 Notre Dame Street.
169 eod*

JOHN L. HARDMAN & CO
MANUFACTURERS OF
GENUINE OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FIRE ENGINE HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c
OFFICE AND FACTORY:
Cor. Canning and Bonaventure Sts.,
MONTREAL.

N B.—All mill supplies furnished upon shortest notice. 31-eodm*

WANTED, three first-class Table Maids for a Hotel in this city; two Cooks, two Chambermaids. Apply immediately to

J. C. MIGNAULT,
173-z

W[illegible] young man with from $500 to $1,000 to join the advertiser in a profitable business, already established. Address, J. T. Z, this office. 173-1

WARMINTON & PHILBIN, Sign of the Coffee Pot, 106 McGill street. Sole agents for the celebrated Union Ranges, the only good and durable Range in the market. 131*

WANTED TO PURCHASE, a small well-established Hotel or Saloon Business, doing a good trade. Address Business, this office. 171-6

APPLES AND HAY.—Produce of small Orchard on Stanley street, for sale. Apply to J. FAIRBAIRN. 172-2

WANTED, a Boy to drive a horse with cart; must speak French; job for the winter if suitable. Apply at 262 Amherst street, from 7 to 8 p.m. 173-1

WANTED.—To the Wholesale Dry-goods.—A Traveller of long experience and good connection east and west of Toronto is open for an engagement. Address B 3, this office. 173-3

WANTED, work by the day or week. Apply at 214 Ottawa street. 173-1

WANTED, sewing by the day. Address M. K., this office. 171-3

WANTED, washing or ironing by the day. Apply at 44 Aylmer street. 168

WANTED, one or two gentlemen's or family's washing by a good Laundress. Address 429 Lagauchetiere street. 172-3

WANTED, work by the day by a young woman washing, ironing or housecleaning. Apply at No. 23 Chenneville street, up-stairs. 172-3

WANTED, two good Tailoresses to work on coats at 463 Notre Dame street. 173-2

WANTED, a General Servant. Apply at 54 Scotland street. 173-1

WANTED, a girl of 14, to assist in light housework. Apply at 64 Courville street. 173-1

"THE STICKIST."

WILCOX'S
CHAMPION RUBBER CEMENT.
WHOLESALE BY
The Wingate Chemical Co'y.,
29 Bonaventure Street.
134*

New Advertisements to-day.

EXCURSION TO CHAMBLY.

The St. Lambert Ferry Company steamer "National" leaves the Island Wharf daily at 8.30 a.m. and 4.30 p.m., connecting with the Railway to Chambly. Fare, 50 cents, including Omnibus ticket between Steamboat and Railway. 165eodm

O'HARA'S CLOTHING STORE.

Says A to B the other day,
Together as they walked,
Let you and I go down and buy
At O'Hara's Store a Suit.

Says B to A I plainly see
To their store you have been before,
So let us go and buy a suit
At O'Hara's Clothing Store.

ADDRESS:
19 St. Lawrence Main Street.
172-3*

GREAT SLAUGHTER.

One thousand Pants, of the best imported tweeds, from $2.50 to $3.50. Examination will prove these goods to be, in reality, at and below cost prices. Extensive stock of West of England and French Broadcloths, and English, French and German fancy goods to select from. Astonishingly low prices.

NOTE.—The address is I. ROZAND, Nos. 72 and 148 St. Lawrence Main street. 85*

BUY BROWN'S Everlasting TWEED PANTS. Price $2.00. No. 9 Chaboillez Square. 136z

LIGHT SUMMER SUITS,
FASHIONABLY CUT,
And warranted
TRUE FITS,
At P. J. CURRAN'S,
221 McGILL STREET,
146*

TO ARTISTS, &c.

The subscribers have constantly on hand a full assortment of:
Winsor and Newton's Oil. Dry and Moist Colors.
—Also,—
Whatman's Drawing Papers,
French Crayon and Monochromatic Paper,
Bristol and Monochromatic Board.
Prepared Canvas and Paper for Oil Painting,
Tracing Linen and Paper,
Oils, Varnishes, Easels, Brushes, &c.,
Mathematical Instruments, separate or in cases.
Send for Catalogue of Artists' Materials.

RICE SHARPLEY & SONS,
172z 281 NOTRE DAME STREET.

A CHANCE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

NOTICE.

Every person who buys goods at our Store to the amount of ONE DOLLAR, receives a Ticket which will entitle him to a chance in the draw for a magnificent MEERSCHAUM PIPE, valued at FORTY DOLLARS.

HOROWITZ BROS,
241 McGILL STREET.
146z

ROBERTSON'S
CENTRAL HAT STORE.
SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
REDUCED TO THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

SILK and FELT HATS Altered and Repaired at the SHORTEST NOTICE.

232 McGILL STREET.
172x

NOTICE TO THE INHABITANTS OF COTE ST. LUC AND MOUNT ROYAL VALE.

CHARLES DUNCAN,
Tea Man and Old Country Grocer,
695 CRAIG STREET,

Has now made arrangements for his waggon delivering goods at the above Suburbs every TUESDAY, leaving the Store at 2 p.m. 169

FOR SALE,
75 tons BALE HAY.
At No. 108 COMMON STREET.
172-3 GEORGE SHARP.

1000 ARTICLES IN BEDDING, consisting of Horse Hair, Wool and Spring Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, at low prices (Townshend's Patent Purified), 39 Bonaventure, near Victoria square. N.B.—Renovating and Disinfecting by Steam and Antiseptic Agents. 149-*

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING CLEANED, ALTERED, REPAIRED and NEATLY PRESSED at H. VINEBERG'S, 653 Craig street, a few doors east of Bleury. N.B.—Cash paid for cast-off Clothing. Mail orders promptly attended to. 172-z

FOR SALE.—Licensed Saloon and Restaurant; Barber's Shop attached; doing good business.
Apply at
171-6 467 Notre Dame street.

THE TURKISH BATHS
ARE NOW OPEN FOR GENTLEMEN,
From 6 till 8 a.m. and 2 till 9 p.m.
LADIES: from 10 till 1 p.m.
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF
MR. THOMAS COOK,
172-2 From LONDON, ENGLAND.

CROCK BUTTER.

A Semi-Weekly Supply of FRESH CROCK BUTTER, from some of the Best Dairies in the Dominion, to be had at the
LONDON AND GLASGOW WAREHOUSE,
202 and 204 St. Antoine street, corner Mountain.
GEO. McGARRY.
164*

J. R. MIDDLEMISS & CO.
57 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET.
STOCKS BONDS and DEBENTURES
BOUGHT AND SOLD
STRICTLY ON COMMISSION.
Safe and profitable investments secured.
Orders promptly attended to. 118-*

WE are selling off the balance of our SUMMER GOODS at a reduction, regardless of Cost Price, in order to make room for FALL STOCK.

F. X. MAJOR,
160* 94 to 100 ST. JOSEPH STREET.

RE-GILDING! RE-GILDING!
MIRROR AND PICTURE FRAMES equal to New, at Trade prices,
At G. WELDON'S.
63*

B[illegible]'S DIAGONAL CLOTH SUITS, at $20.00, are now worn and admired by all.

CANADA, SASH, DOOR, BLIND AND MOULDING FACTORY.—HOLMES, RUTHERFORD & CO., Lumber Merchants and Manufacturers, Mullin street, Montreal. Birch and Walnut Balusters, Stair Rails, &c. Kiln dried Walnut and Cherry.
Store and Office, No. 31 Bonaventure street.
Lumber Yard, 772 Craig street.
166*

MURRAY BAY,
LOWER ST. LAWRENCE.

The LORNE HOUSE is now ready for its respected and numerous guests. Increased Cottage accommodations in the immediate vicinity of the Hotel. Post-office and Telegraph address, Pointe-a-Pic.
L. M. CHAMARD.
Murray Bay, 3rd July, 1876. 157-1mx

FOR SALE—Twenty Cottage building lots of ground, 22 to 25 feet front, adjoining the McGill College grounds. Each lot containing about 1200 square feet. Commanding view. Good drainage. Title perfect. Terms liberal. Plans of the property can be seen at the office of Joseph Smith, 194 St. James street.
Apply to ROBERT MITCHELL & SONS,
150* 99 St. Francois Xavier street.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

FOR CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER
AND
FRESH LAID EGGS,
Go to WILSON'S,
469 ST. LAWRENCE STREET. 115*

WEST END TEA AND COFFEE WAREHOUSE,
285, corner of Mountain and St. Bonaventure streets.
ALWAYS ON HAND
ALL KINDS OF CHOICE GROCERIES, WINES and LIQUORS.
Butter a specialty.
H. EDSON & CO.
137-*

STAR BRAND BLACK LUSTRES AND ALPACAS, which for brilliancy and durability of Color, surpass all other makes.

THOMAS BRADY,
400 St. Joseph Street, 400.
147*

FOR THE SEA-SIDE.

LADIES' and GENTS' BATHING CAPS.
FISHING STOCKINGS, YACHTING SHOES.
For sale at the
RUBBER WAREHOUSE.
153* W. F. MEWHORT.

Auction Sales.

By Benning & Barsalou.

INSOLVENT ACTS OF 1869 and 1875.

In the matter of JOHN SMITH, an Insolvent.

The subscribers have received instructions from James Court, Esq, Official Assignee, to sell at the CANAL, opposite Cantin's Basin,

On TUESDAY, 25th INSTANT,

The steamer "FRANCIS" and barges "NEVA," "OUSE" and BANGOR." Also the Scow "EDEN," as they now lie in the Lachine Canal, opposite "Cantin's Basin." Also will be sold the remains of the barge "ISIS," consisting of Iron, Spikes, Chains, &c.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU,
171 Auctioneers.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

The subscriber's will sell
On THURSDAY, 27th INSTANT,
at the store, corner of Notre Dame and St. Vincent streets, the stock of Clothing and Tweeds belonging to Estate CHARLES MILOTTE, at so much in the dollar:

Amount of Stock..........................	$1,778 63
Fixtures.......................................	95 00
Debts..	600 64

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU,
173 Auctioneers.

By C. F. Elwes.

THOROUGH-BRED MARE "Moonbeam," by "Planet," dam "Edina," by "Knight of St. George," bred by A. J. Alexander of Woodbine, Kentucky; 5 yrs. old and perfectly sound, will be sold at the Repository, 54 Bonaventure street, on

TUESDAY, JULY 25th,

where the mare can be seen and full particulars given.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

C. F. ELWES,
172 Auctioneer.

SALE OF AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF CROCKERY, BOOK DEBTS, &c., *BY TENDER.*

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

In the matter of SENTENNE, HOWISON & MASSUE, of Montreal, Insolvents.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon,

On THURSDAY, 27th INSTANT,

For the purchase of the entire Assets of the Estate of above Insolvents, either in one lot or for the Stock-in-Trade and Books Debts separately or upon the total amount of the liabilities of said Insolvents.

The Stock-in-Trade which amounts to $28,385.91 is a highly desirable one, having been carefully selected from the leading European and American markets.

The Book Debts amount in the aggregate to $7,223.24.

Also, for the lease of the very valuable and commodious premises, situated corner of St. Paul and St. Gabriel streets.

The Stock and Inventory can be viewed on the premises and all information obtained on application to the undersigned.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

LOUIS DUPUY,
Assignee.

Office of Stewart, Dupuy & Co.,
No. 11 St. Sacrament street,
Montreal, 20th July, 1876. 171

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDMENTS.

In the matter of WALKER & MUNDAY, Grocers, St. Catherine street.

The undersigned will receive Tenders until the 28th inst, for the purchase of the Assets of the Insolvent, viz.:—

Stock per Inventory......................	$1050 00
Book Debts.................................	1200 00
Fixtures and Rental......................	400 00
	$2,650 00

Terms cash. Inventory and further particulars on application to the undersigned.

DOUTRE & FERGUSON,
Assignees.

59 St. Francois Xavier street,
Montreal, July 22nd, 1876. 173 1

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

In the matter of J. & P. COYNE, of Portage-du-Fort, P. Q., Traders, Insolvents.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned Assignee, at his office in Montreal, up to 4 P. M., on TUESDAY, the FIRST day of AUGUST, 1876, for the purchase of the following Assets, forming part of the above Estate:

Stock in Trade of a General Store, amounting, as per Inventory, to........	$1,944.57
Shop Fixtures, value as per Inventory...	209.74

Tenders, other than cash, to state terms and names of securities, and the highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The Stock and Inventory may be seen at the Store of the Insolvents, and full information at the office of the Assignee.

ARTHUR M. PERKINS,
Assignee.

Office of Perkins, Lajoie, Beausoleil & Perkins,
No. 60 St. James Street,
Montreal, 22nd July, 1876.
172-8

VOLUNTARY LICITATION.—Will be sold to the highest and last bidder, on the premises, MONDAY, the 31st July, instant, at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, a Lot of Land or Emplacement, in the St. Mary Ward, of the City of Montreal, known and designated as Lot No. 10, on the Official Plan and in the Book of Reference of said St. Mary Ward, containing 47 feet in front by 80 feet in depth, English measure, more or less, bounded in front by Panet street, on both sides by Hugh Taylor, Esquire, and in rear by Lot No. 5 on said Official Plan, belonging to the estate or succession Simard, with three two-story Houses thereon erected (one in stone and one in brick), on the front of said Lot, and another House in wood, encased with brick, in rear of said Lot and other dependencies. This Lot or Emplacement belonging to the children of the late Mr. and Mrs. Jean Marie Goyette. For particulars and conditions apply to

J. A. LABADIE, N. P.
J. E. O. LABADIE, N. P.
J. A. O. LABADIE, N.P.
A. LABADIE, N. P.

Montreal, 20th July, 1876. 170

SALE BY AUTHORITY OF JUSTICE.

To the higest and last bidder, on Thursday, the Twenty-seventh day of July, instant, at Ten o'clock a.m., at the Office of the undersigned Notaries, No. 5 St. Therese street, in this city, of that certain emplacement fronting on Aylmer street, containing 40 x 71½ feet and known as lot 1187 on the Official Plan of St. Antoine Ward of this city, with two (one one-story and one two-story) wooden houses and other buildings, depending of the community of property that has existed between Francois Xavier Boire, in his lifetime, of said city, contractor, and Angelique Belanger, his wife, both deceased, and also of the Estate and succession of each of them, comprising the passage on the north side of the two-story-house, which is in common with the representatives, A. Charlebois.

Commuted. Perfect Title.

The conditions shall be known on the day of the sale or before by applying to

JOBIN, COUTLEE & PERODEAU,
Notaries and Com'rs., Q. and O.
Montreal, 8th July, 1876. 161-2aw

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

In the matter of ALEX. McLAUGHLIN, Hardware Merchant, of Montreal, an Insolvent.

The undersigned Assignee will sell by public Auction at 79 Wellington street, Montreal,

On TUESDAY, the 25th day of July, 1876,
At ELEVEN o'clock A. M.,

the Stock-in-Trade belonging to the above-named Insolvent. consisting of Hardware, &c.,

Amounting as per inventory to............	$230 36
Household Furniture amounting to........	25 00
Book Debts amounting to......................	97 07
	$352 43

Terms of sale cash.

All further information obtained on application to Perkins, Lajoie & Beausoleil, No. 60 St. James street, Montreal.

L. JOS. LAJOIE,
Assignee.
Montreal, 17th July, 1876. 168

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CALLAHAN & CO.,
GENERAL JOB PRINTERS,
195 FORTIFICATION LANE,
Between St. Peter Street and Victoria Square.
130*

HAVANA CIGARS.

Just received the best Brand of New Crop HAVANA CIGARS, selected on the spot by our Senior.

T. & G. LABATT,
No. 419 St. Paul Street.
96

GROCERIES, GROCERIES
GROCERIES.
SHANNON BROTHERS,
No. 455 Commissioners Street,
Opposite St. Ann's Market,

a large and well-selected stock of Family Groceries, which will be sold at very low prices for cash, or to prompt paying credit customers.
107*

THE GENUINE PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATER,

From the Springs, so long and favourably known only by that name, will be delivered in quantities to suit Customers by the undersigned, who receive it fresh from the Springs.

D. CRAWFORD, GENERAL AGENT,
St. James street,
J. GARDNER,
CITY DEPOT, Opposite Ottawa Hotel.
H. F. JACKSON,
129* WEST END DEPOT, 931 St. Catherine st

STRAWBERRIES.

JUST RECEIVED,

a splendid lot of Oakville Berries which will be sold for 12½ cents a quart.

C. H. SHORT & CO.,
152-* 260 St. James street

TO LADIES and LITTLE ONES.

This is the time to get strength. Use MERCER'S QUININE WINE.
The wine is no humbug, with PURE QUININE
☞ See that you get the pure article.

D. E. LEWIS,
154-x 273 and 275 St. Joseph street.

Meetings and Amusement

ACADEMY OF MUS
MONDAY, JULY 24th.
FIVE NIGHTS ONLY AND SATURDAY MAT
The celebrated VOKES FAMILY, will ap
their Great Original Specialty, The
BELLES OF THE KITCHE
WITH HIGH TRAGEDY,
LOW COMEDY,
OPERA AND BA
The performance will commence with the
able Petite Comedy of
DELICATE GROUND; Or PARIS IN 17
Secure reserved seats at the Academy o
Ticket Office, 251 St. James street; also a
son's Drug Store, corner Victoria and St. Ca
streets.

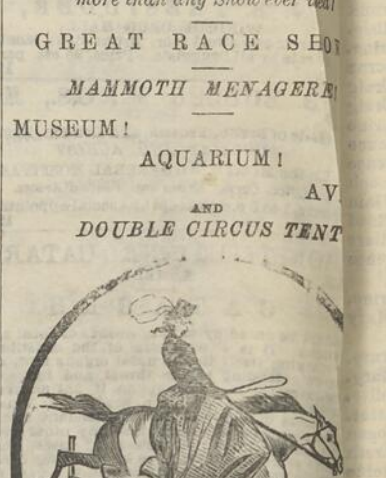
YOUNG IRISHMEN'S L
ASSOCIATION FIRST GRAND ANNUA
EXCURSION AND PIC-NIC to PER
RY'S ISLAND, (Back River)
On TUESDAY, JULY 25th, 1

GAMES:

1. Running Long Leap—1st prize, $5.00 prize $2.00.
2. Putting 28-lb. Weight—1st prize, $5.00 prize, $2.00.
3. Running Hop, Step and Leap (open to a prize, $5.00; 2nd prize, $2.00.
4. Throwing 14-lb. Weight—1st prize, $5.0 prize, $2.00.
5. Three Quick Leaps—1st prize, $5.00 prize, $2.00.
6. One Hundred Yards (best two in three) Cup, presented by Theo. White, Esq
7. Half Mile Society Race, to be won two y succession—Prize presented by His W the Mayor.
8. Fat Man's Race (100 yards); each comp must weigh over 200 lbs.—Opera Glas sented by J. J. Milloy, Esq
9. One Hundred Yards, best three in five (S Green—Silk Hat to order, presented Robertson, Esq.
10. One Mile Race (open to all)—Silver Cu sented by James McShane Junr., Esq.
11. Quarter Mile Society Race (best two in t Silver Watch, presented by W. Wilson
12. Half Mile Race—Gold Medal, presented ward Murphy, Esq.
13. Boys' Race, 100 yards, through barrel prize $3.00; 2nd $2.00.
14. Irish Jig—Black Suit, to order, presen Mulcair Bros.

Entries taken for Games at 8 St. Joseph
Two platforms have been erected for Danc
The Hibernian Brass Band and two
Bands will be in attendance.
Trains will leave Hochelaga at 9 a.m. an p.m.
City cars run direct to starting place.
Tickets: Adults 50c. Children half-price
J. J. McKEOWN
169 Secret

FIRST TIME IN CANADA
OF
W. W. C LE
MONSTER SHOW
Coming on 36 Railroad Cars—
less—which is from four to
more than any Show ever
GREAT RACE SH
MAMMOTH MENAGER
MUSEUM!
AQUARIUM!
AV
AND
DOUBLE CIRCUS TENT



Covers a Well-graded Race Tra
ALL KINDS OF RACES! ALL KINDS OF SHO
At MONTREAL,
THREE DAYS ONLY
On the LACROSSE GROUN
SHERBROOKE STREET,
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSD
JULY 25th, 26th and 27th
Two Performances each day, at 1 and 7 p.m.
"CARD."

It is hereby necessary to state that this exhibition known as "Sam Cole's D cus" that travelled through Can last year similarity of name may cause some to ha impression that it is. This is W. W. COLE'S connected by family or otherwise with any *show or individual of that name*. This monste hibition comes from the United States—wh has exhibited with unequalled success for th three years—now greatly enlarged and impr Will make a tour of Canada.

ROUTE.
ST. HYACINTHE, July 28.
SHERBROOKE, " 29.
QUEBEC, " 31 and August 1.
All railways will sell tickets at half price to from all points of exhibition on day of show.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HODGSON,
MURPHY &
SUMN
(Late FOULDS & HODGSON.)
ESTABLISHED, 1857.
NEW GOODS ARRIVING THIS WEE
Flags,
Base Balls,
Base Ball Bats,
Rubber Balls,
Skipping Ropes,
Pea Shooters,
Croquet,
Rustic Frames,
Cardboard Texts,
Frames for do.,
Note Papers,
Coral Jewellery,
Grey Cottons,
Prints,
White Shirtings,
Tickings,
Satteen Jeans,
Tan and Check Duc
Hosiery,
Ladies' Silk Umbrel
Ladies' Collars and
Braids,
Welting Cord,
Ball Knitting Cotton
On hand our usual large assortment of
goods, Smallwares, and Fancy Good
(NUNS' BLOCK) 347 ST. PAUL ST
MONTREAL.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

RETIRING FROM BUSINES
PIANOS SELLING OFF AT REDUCED PR

The undersigned respectfully informs his [illegible] business, and is now selling off h tire Stock of PIANOS at greatly reduced pri cash or approved short credit. A favorable tunity is therefore afforded to parties requi FIRST-CLASS INSTRUMENT (guaranteed) to procure such at a bargain.

THOS. D. HOOD,
No. 183 ST. JAMES STREET.
Montreal, 15th May, 1876.

JUST RECEIVED,
2,000 bush. Hardwood Charco
JOHN WATKINS & CO.,
15 COTE STREE

DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENT,
ROMAN CEMENT,
CANADA CEMENT,
FIRE BRICKS,
FIRE CLAY,
For sale by
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO
100 *GREY NUN STREET,*
MONTREAL.

ATTENTION!
TORONTO BREWERY & MALTING CO., TORO
ALE AND PORTER.

It is a fact that, in consequence of the great mand for the above splendid Ale and Porter, I been obliged to sell out my grocery store, in ord devote my entire time to the bottling of the I am, however, opening an office for taking or corner St. Lambert's Hill and Craig st., where the largest and finest glass of Ale or Porter in city can be had.
170-* P. LAPOINT

BUY BROWN'S Everlast TWEED PANTS. Price $2.00. No. 9 Chab lez Square.

TO LET—The premises, 711 Cr near Alexander street, consisting of shops, dwellings and out-premises; well ada for a retail and light manufacturing busines ly to DR. GODFREY,
1360 St. Catherine street, near Crystal Pala

SECOND EDITION.

TWO O'CLOCK.

Evading the Point.—The *Herald* refers again to the Canal Works' Inspectorship and pretends that the appointment has been criticised because the appointee has "sold liquor." This is not the point. The ground taken by those who find fault with the appointment is this: An important office, requiring a man not only unflinchingly conscientious, but acquainted with all the "tricks of the trade," is filled by one confessedly ignorant of the work which he is supposed to "inspect." The experience of the people of New York State has shown what room there is for dishonesty in these canal contracts and how necessary it is that the overseers of such works should be thoroughly practical men. So much for the plea that the Inspector of the Lachine Canal works need not know anything of canal construction. We regret to notice that the *Herald*, as a last resort, falls back upon its old pitiable line of defence, that the appointmen is only such as the Conservatives would have made. Why, before Sir John A. Macdonald resigned, the country rang with the cry that the "Reformers" were destined to inaugurate an entirely new order of things. The standard of public morality was to be elevated to a degree hitherto undreamt of, and Canada was to be pointed to by the nations of the earth as the model country of the universe. And now we see all manner of questionable doings excused, because, forsooth, they are no worse than what might have been done by the much abused Conservatives! Alas for "Reform!"

If it is absolutely necessary to reward Mr. Tracy, let him be given an office for which he is able to show some sort of fitness. The pretence that the Canal Inspectorship can be filled by a man totally ignorant of canal construction is too shameless. If it were the truth, the appointment would be a barefaced waste of public money.

COMMERCIAL.

Star Office, 1 p.m,
July 24, 1876.

There was a general feeling of quiet at the Corn Exchange to-day, and but few sales are reported. Prices of breadstuffs have a slight downward tendency. Superior Extra, Extra Superfine, Fancy, Spring Extra and Fine flours have fallen 10c. per barrel since last quotations. One schooner, laden with wheat, is reported on her way from Milwaukee to this port. A number of vessels, loaded with coarse grains, have also been reported. The following are the sales at the morning board of the Corn Exchange: 350 barrels Double Extra at $5.05; 100 Medium Strong at $4.65; 100 Choice Bakers' at $5.00; 200 Fine at $3.60; 100 Spring Extra at $4.50.

Flour.—Receipts, 2,000 brls. Prices (per barrel of 196 lbs.): Superior Extra, $5.05 to $5.15; Extra Superfine, $4.90 to $5.00; Fancy, $4.80 to $0.00; Spring Extra, $4.50 to $0.00; Superfine, $4.25 to $4.35; Strong Bakers', $4.80 to $5.00; Fine, $3.60 to $3.70; Middlings, $3.35 to $3.55; Pollards, $2.75 to $3.00; Upper Canada Bags (100 lbs.), $2.30 to $2.32½; City Bags (delivered), $2.35 to $2.40.

Wheat.—Receipts, 400 bushels.

Coarse Grains.—Receipts—Oats, 10,500 bushels.

Provisions.—Receipts—Butter, 52 kegs; cheese, 3,786 boxes; lard, 5 tubs.

Other Receipts.—Ashes, 32 barrels; leather, 105 rolls; spirits, 50 casks.

Chicago, July 24.—Wheat—Receipts, 45,000 bushels; shipments, 40,000 do. 11.15 a.m.—Market active; procurable at 89c., cash; 90⅛c for August; 93c for September. Corn—Receipts, 247,000 bushels; shipments, 266,000 bushels. 11.10 a.m.—Quiet, but steady, at 44½c for cash; 44c for August; 44⅛c for September. Oats—Receipts, 38,000 bushels; shipments, 83,000 bushels. Nothing doing. Pork—10.10 a.m.—Firmer, at $18.45 for August; $18.60 to $18.62½ for September. Lard—10.15 a. m.—Quiet and easier; nominal, at $10.75 for cash; $10.75 for August; sales at $10.85 for September. Rye—Receipts, 2,000 bushels.

Union Stock Yards—Chicago, July 24. —Receipts, for last 24 hours, 7,000 hogs; market active, at 10c. Cattle—Receipts, 2,500 head; market improving. At 9.40 a.m., price 15c.

Milwaukee, July 24.—Wheat—Receipts, 3,500 bushels; shipments, 1,000 bushels. 10.40 a.m.—Market easier, at $1.11 for hard; $1.07 for No. 1; 94½c for No. 2; 82c for No. 3; August, 94⅞c; September, 96⅛c.

Beerbohm's Report—London, July 24. —Floating cargoes wheat and corn, inactive. Wheat, on passage and for shipment, neglected; no business. Corn quiet. Mark Lane wheat and corn unaltered. Arrivals, wheat and corn, off coast, small. English and French country wheat markets mostly a turn cheaper. In different parts of England there have been severe thunder-storms. Liverpool spot wheat and corn quiet.

Private Telegram (To W. J. Fairbairn.) Liverpool, July 24.—Wheat market continues dull and heavy; look for 1 lower quotations.

Prices of Breadstuffs and Provisions at Liverpool:—

	July 22. 1.30 p.m.	July 24. 1.30 p.m.
Flour, 196 lbs.	21 6 to 23 0	21 6 to 23 0
Wheat, red, 100 lbs.	7 10 to 9 0	7 10 to 9 0
Do wr, do	9 0 to 9 4	9 0 to 9 4
Do wte, do	9 1 to 9 4	9 1 to 9 4
Do club do	9 4 to 10 0	9 4 to 10 0
Corn, qr, 80 lbs.	25 0 to 25 3	25 0 to 25 3
Barley, bush, 48 lbs.	3 6 to 0 0	3 6 to 0 0
Oats, bush, 45 lbs.	3 0 to 3 6	3 0 to 3 6
Peas, qr, 504 lbs	36 0 to 00 0	36 0 to 00 0
Pork, brl, 200 lbs	85 0 to 00 0	85 0 to 00 0
Lard, 112 lbs.	50 0 to 00 0	50 0 to 00 0
Beef, brl, 112 lbs.	74 0 to 00 0	74 0 to 00 0
Bacon, do	49 0 to 51 0	49 0 to 51 0
Tallow, do	41 6 to 00 0	41 6 to 00 0
Cheese do	46 6 to 00 0	46 6 to 00 0

ST. GABRIEL CATTLE MARKET.

Monday, July 24.

Trade was very dull at this market to-day, and butchers evinced little intention to purchase, excepting at very cheap rates. The cattle displayed were of an excellent description, a number of beasts, belonging to Mr. R. J. Hopper, and fed at the Edwardsburg Starch works, commanding very general attention. A large proportion of the beasts offered were distillery-fed. A number of choice hogs were on the market, but did not sell so well as might have been expected. The following are the names of the principal dealers who had cattle at this market to-day:—J. C. Johnson, Windsor, 4 cars distillery-fed and 1 car farm cattle, average weight, 1,110 lbs. W. Sinkins had one car of farm-fed cattle from St. Mary's, average weight, 1,200 lbs., and 35 hogs; James Watt, one car cattle, grass-fed, average weight, about 1,000 lbs. weight, and a double-decked car of ... per, 2 car-loads cattle, part of which were R. J. Hopper's grass-fed, the others from Mr. Benson, of the Edwardsburg starch factory; their average weight was about 1,200 lbs. P. Conlin, 1 car-load, grass-fed average weight, 1,480 lbs. Mr. Head, 22 bulls, from Prescott Distillery. Mr. Brunett, Toronto, one car-load. The following sales are reported: W. Sinkins, 5 head at 4¾c per lb.; Jas. Watt, 7 head at 4c per lb.; J. C. Johnson, 30 head distillery-fed at 5c; R. J. Hopper, several at 4⅝c; W. Head, 22 head distillery-fed at 3⅝c; P. Conlin, 6 at 4c per lb.; Mr. Sinkins sold his hogs at 5¼c per lb.; Jas. Watt, a number of fine hogs at $6.40 per cwt. The drovers state that there are numbers of choice fat beasts throughout the country, but that farmers are asking prices for them which, compared to what the cattle are worth at the present time, are really ruinous. Messrs. N. Head and Robert Barber will ship upwards of 70 head of choice distillery-fed oxen to the English market by the London steamer which sails this week. These animals command a ready sale at good paying prices on the other side of the water.

THE EDUCATIONAL CRUSADE IN ENGLAND.

An English paper says:—

It is a remarkable fact that so much building for any single public object has probably never been seen in any country as that which has taken place in England during the past five years in carrying out the Education Act. Those who have inspected many of the new buildings will probably agree with Mr. Hamilton, who, in the current number of *Fraser*, expresses the opinion that the greater number of the schools have been built in a style that is modest and appropriate, while their provisions for light, ventilation, warmth and sanitary arrangements may well put to shame such places as Eton and Winchester. Yet at the latter the cost of the education of a single boy equals that of about a hundred and fifty children in an elementary school! Mr. Hamilton believes that the children of out-door paupers are now among the most regular attendants at elementary schools; and it will be curious to see what effect education has in cutting off the entail of pauperism which has hitherto so frequently existed in such families.

New Advertisements this P. M.

Carsley's Shirts.

We have about the most complete SHIRT FACTORY in Canada, and since making all our Shirts on the premises, we are selling double the quantity.

PRICE LIST.

Oxford Shirts, two Collars, 95c.
Regatta Shirts, two Collars, 95c.
Zephyr Shirts, two Collars, 95c.
Oxford Shirts, without Collar, 50c.
Scotch Cheviot Flannel Shirts, $1.00 each, or with Collar attached, $1,25.
White Dress Shirts, 95c.
Good White Shirts, $1.25.
Extra quality White Shirts, $1.50 to $2.00.
Boys' White Shirts, all sizes.
Boys' Colored Shirts, all sizes.

TO ORDER.

Shirts, Cuffs, and Collars made to order.

WHITE VESTS.

Our White Vests at $1.50 are the very best quality. Double Breast Linen Vests.

S. CARSLEY,
395 Notre Dame Street.
MONTREAL. 173†

REFORM YOUR GROCER'S BILLS by purchasing your Tea from the *CHINA AND JAPAN TEA COMPANY*, as they are direct importers, and give you the advantage of buying a single pound at the wholesale price.
67 ST. LAWRENCE STREET,
342 ST. JOSEPH STREET,
155-†eodm 465 ST. MARY STREET.

SUBSCRIBE to the "FOLIO," A Journal of MUSIC and the SISTER ARTS, Contains 20 pages of New Music and 24 columns of Musical News and Miscellany, every month. $1.60 a year, post-paid.
C. C. DeZOUCHE, Music Dealer,
136†-eodm 211 St. James street.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!
H. McVITTIE,
299 and 301 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Has opened a Splendid
BILLIARD PARLOUR,
ON THE GROUND FLOOR,
And now solicits the patronage of the public. 136†

STE. MARIE BROTHERS,
454 Notre Dame Street,
Invites inspection of a very choice stock of
NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
BLACK SILKS—Cashmere finish.
COLORED GROS GRAIN in all the new shades.
PLAIN and FANCY CHECKED DRESS GOODS—the very latest styles.
BLACK SILKS and IRON GRENADINES—best goods ever offered in the city.
N. B.—300 LADIES' LINEN SUITS, from $3.00 to $15.00. 118†

TONIC.
We have examined Mercer's Quinine Wine
And find it contain one grain of quinine to every wine glassful. We have tried it in several cases of debility and general malaise with undoubted benefit. *Public Health Magazine.* Edited by Geo. A. Baynes, M.D., &c. 167†

YRENOITATS YCNAF.
Just the thing to take to the country.
A large assortment at
HUMPHREYS' VARIETY STORE,
1197 St. Catherine Street,
Near Bleury.

WARMINTON & PHILBIN, 106 McGill street, Tinsmiths, Plumbers, Gas and Steamfitters.
We employ none but the best workmen, and can guarantee all work entrusted to us. Orders solicited. 131*

ENGRAVING and
LITHOGRAPHING,
BY
GEO. BISHOP & CO.,
169 St. James Street. 15†

OFFICES WANTED—Three or four good Rooms or a suite of Offices immediately; St. James street preferred. Address by letter, stating terms,
170 3† X.Y.Z., this office.

YOUR CHOICE of 700 Volumes of all kinds of good books for from 5c. to 25c. Worth double the money. The Cheap Book Store, 21 Bleury street.
171† BATTLE BROS. & SHEIL.

CHOLERA, CHOLERA.—Aromatic Blackberry Carminative cures Cholera, Diarrhœa, Summer Complaint or derangement of the stomach, caused by change of food and water. Price 25c. Take no other than that prepared by TATE & COVERNTON, 157 St. James street. For sale by all respectable druggists. 166†

ZENANA HAIR RESTORER.
Restores Grey Hair to its original color. Removes Dandruff.
Recommended by the Medical Faculty.
Sold by all Chemists. 111†

H. A. NELSON & SONS,
AGENTS FOR
SAMUEL CUPPLES & CO.'S
"Favorite" and "Diamond"
AXLE GREASE.
91 to 97 ST. PETER STREET.
Toronto Branch: 56 and 58 Front street. 160*

LUSTRE COATS,
LINEN COATS.
JUST RECEIVED,
1 case Black Lustre Coats.
1 case Fancy Lustre Coats.
1 case Holland Linen Coats.
1 case Grass Linen Coats.
1 case Youths' and Boys' Black Lustre Coats.
1 case Youths' and Boys' Linen Coats.
A full assortment now in stock at our usual low prices.
Inspection invited.
120 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.
147† C. F. CHURCH.

FOR SALE,
A FIRST-CLASS
CASHIER'S DESK,
Suitable for a
DRY-GOODS STORE.
Apply at Star office. 159†

TO LET,
A COMMODIOUS WELL-LIGHTED ROOM,
Over Star Office, facing Craig street.
Rent very moderate. 163†

AROMATIC BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE cures Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, &c. It can be given to children without the slightest danger, as it contains no opium. Be sure that you ask for that prepared by TATE & COVERNTON, 157 St. James street. For sale by all respectable druggists. 166†

CHINA HALL, "Queen's Block," NEW NUMBER 1325 ST. CATHERINE ST.
D. Grant begs to inform the public of the West End that he has this day resumed his regular business, and will continue to keep on hand a first-class assortment of Crockery, &c.
P. S.—The Registry Office business will be carried on under the special care of Mrs. Grant. 112-†

JOBBERS PREFER
THE COOK'S FRIEND
BAKING POWDER
BECAUSE
It sells largely, and no complaints are ever made of its quality. 167†

THIRD EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

A Line must be Drawn Somewhere.—Yesterday a waggonette, carrying a brass band, was driven through the streets for the purpose of advertising a St. Jean Baptiste Village show. The incident excited the ire of not a few of our citizens, and the question is very generally asked: "Is it lawful?" In the face of the fact that Sunday processions with bands are tolerated, it is doubtful whether the persons who disturbed the peace yesterday can be prosecuted. But certainly it was a most unseemly affair, and steps should be taken to provide a check to such doings in the future.

Good Riddance of Bad Rubbish.—On the principle that it is well to make the best of a bad job, we may congratulate ourselves that the abrogation of the Extradition Treaty is tending to rid us of a lot of worthless individuals. It behoves honest people to look sharp and see that very little chance is given for rogues to make a big sweep ere they flit, and, on the other hand, as we shall surely have visitors, it will be well for employers to be chary of strangers. On the whole there should be a good time coming for the honest steady workers among us. We hope all who intend to take advantage of the no-treaty period will go quickly, and we hope also that they will not be able to victimize anyone very badly,

TELEGRAPHIC.

Constantinople, July 24.

A despatch from Widden, dated last evening, says: All is quiet along the line. The Turks are preparing to make a general advance across the River Timok.

London, July 24.

Semi-official despatches from Vienna express fears that Austria will soon be compelled to interfere in the Servian insurrection. The Austrian foreign office has information that the officials of the Candan Embassy in Servia are about to leave, in consequence of the situation there. No leave of absence has been granted to these officials.

Rimouski, July 24.

The body of an elderly person, named Donald Mackay, was picked up at Rimouski wharf yesterday morning. It is supposed he had fallen over the wharf while on his way to the outward steamer "Moravian." He had a steerage ticket from Toronto, and there was also found a belt around his waist containing thirty sovereigns. An inquest is to be held today.

Newport, Vt. July 21.

A terrific gale passed over Lake Memphremagog yesterday afternoon. The str. "Lady of the Lake," having 1,400 persons on board, narrowly escaped a serious disaster.

The steeple of the Methodist Church here, with its bell, was torn from the roof of the Church and carried the whole length of the building. Trees were torn up by the roots, and great damage was done to crops.

New York, July 24.

Mrs. Mary Taylor died at her residence, corner of Third and Pine streets, Camden, N. J., yesterday, from the excessive heat. Her age was one hundred years and seven months.

A young woman, about 22 years of age, appeared at the Camden (N.J.) police station yesterday, and claimed to have been poisoned by her relatives. City Physician Armstrong, who was summoned, pronounced it a case of insanity from sunstroke.

Justice Monsley, of Bayonne, N.J., yes- Wm. Eldridge and C. Lawson, for entering Christianson's barber shop and cutting off his beard while he was asleep in his chair, for a joke. It is alleged that they saw him asleep and administered chloroform.

Peter Mandenberger, a native of Denmark, living at 40 Canal street, Jersey City, was drowned yesterday morning in the South Cove, Communipaw. He had been in the habit of taking his children every morning to the Central Railroad cribwork, foot of Barrow street, for a salt water bath. Yesterday morning, while the little ones were paddling near the shore, the father swam out into deep water, was seized with cramps, and sank.

Coroner Gannon concluded at Brady's morgue, Jersey City, last night, an inquest regarding the death of Rebecca Cortis, the white woman who died under suspicious circumstances at 337 Henderson street, on Sunday morning. Richard Cortis, her colored husband, testified that he did not beat his wife, but that she used frequently to beat him. She took five cents' worth of laudanum and a bottle of whiskey before she died. Dr. Van Houten said that the woman died from the heat, superinduced by the use of stimulants, and the jury returned a verdict to that effect.

New York, July 22.

Miss Bessie Silberstein, aged 18 years, the pretty daughter of A. T. Silberstein, a well-to-do resident of Union Hill, N.J., became acquainted about six months ago with Benjamin Sherry, an employee of the Weehawken Oil Works. The parents of Miss Silberstein discouraged the intimacy. The two lovers, however, planned an elopement which was carried out on the 29th of June. Sherry brought Miss Silberstein to 230 East Eighty-sixth street, where she passed as his sister and under the name of Miss Hattie Ryan. The father employed a detective, and Sherry, fearing discovery, induced Miss Silberstein to take service under the name of Lottie Schmidt in a family named Heinert, at 208 East Seventy-eighth street. This was about two days ago. On the following day Sherry visited Heinert's, and told the family that his sister was needed at home on account of sickness. When Mr. Silberstein found them they were married.

Quebec, July 24.

Rev. Mr. Tetu, a gentleman connected with the Quebec Archbishopric, was accidentally drowned on Saturday, at Riviere Ouelle, while bathing.

The Governor-General and suite left by the steamer "Druid" yesterday morning for Montreal *en route* for British Columbia.

The annual parade of the Ship Laborers' Society, which takes place to-day, promises to be unusually imposing.

ARRIVALS.

SS. Secret, Pictou, 32 passengers and general cargo for Quebec and Montreal; SS. Austrian, Glasgow, 79 passengers and general cargo for Quebec and Montreal; Salo, Liverpool; Prior, London; SS. Lake Nepigon, Liverpool, general cargo for Quebec and Montreal; SS. Texas, Liverpool, 7 passengers and general cargo for Quebec and Montreal; SS. Polynesian, Liverpool, 286 passengers and general cargo for Quebec and Montreal; Lady Clarendon, Greenock; Oscar, Norway; bark Hestia, West Hartlepool, coal.

CITY NEWS.

— The health of Mgr. Bourget is reported as being somewhat improved today, and he is now considered completely out of danger.

— The steamers of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company and many of the other vessels in hardor to-day had their "ensigns" at half-mast, out of respect for the memory of the late John Pratt, Esq., President of the Richelieu Navigation Co.

— The Court of Enquiry into the charges brought against Messrs. Wynne and Wilson, of the Garrison Artillery, is still being continued. Upwards of twenty witnesses have been examined, and a large amount of evidence elicited, which will be forwarded to the Adjutant-General Ottawa. Col. Jackson, D. A. G. of the 4th Military District, is acting as president.

The Governor-General.—His Excellency the Governor-General arrived here last evening in the Government steamer "Druid" at 9 o'clock, and started west this morning at 2:45, *en route* for British Columbia. Lord Dufferin did not land here, but remained on board the vessel during his stay.

Base Ball.—The match between the Celtic B. B. C. and Montreal B. B. C. on Saturday afternoon resulted in favor of the former by nine runs.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Celtic	3	6	4	1	4	7	7	2	10	—44
Montreal	2	6	11	1	8	2	4	0	1	—35

Mr. Thomas, of the Red Stocking acted as umpire. Scorers to the Celtics, Mr. Madden; to the Montrealers, Mr. Brown.

For the West and Manitoba.—Seven hundred and seventy-eight Icelanders arrived at the Tanneries junction this morning *ex* "Austrian," and two hundred and fifteen English and Scotch emigrants *ex* "Polynesian." The Icelanders were in charge of two interpreters, and are reported as being a fine, healthly lot of people. The English and Scotch are principally married men with families, and are all strong, able-bodied, clean, healthy people, who go west for the most part to join their friends, who are already settled in Ontario and doing well. After being provided with refreshments by Mr. Daly, the Emigration Agent, the whole batch were sent west by a special train at 3:45 this morning.

Police Court.—Monday.—Emerance Bourret was fined $10 and costs for keeping a house of ill-fame in Elizabeth street. Charles Blais, for assaulting Rosalie Lutz, was fined $6. Alexander Chevigny, for putting up a sign without a license, was fined $20. Hermeniguilde Daignault, for insulting Oliver Benoit, was fined $7, or in default 15 days' imprisonment. John Burns, for the larceny of a tin of honey from Thomas Lamb, was fined $10 or six days, and Joseph Gagnon, for the larceny of a pillow case from Julia Arnott, was sentenced to 15 days common jail with hard labor. The case of Richard McShane, of McGill street, charged with selling liquor without a license, was continued until the 25th inst.

Pic-nic.—On Saturday last, the employees of Messrs. Dawson Bros., bookbinders, to the number of 75, took their annual excursion and pic-nic. They proceeded by train to Belœil, where they passed the day in the grounds of Mr. O. Claire, which were kindly placed at their disposal. The Committee provided refreshments, and an exceedingly pleasant time was spent in games and various kinds of amusement. The following foot-races took place: Girls' Race—14 started. Miss Latour, 1st; Miss Dwyer, 2nd Boy's Race —12 started. Arthur Hesse, 1st; John Leggatt, 2nd. Little Girls' Race—Miss Maria Ferguson, 1st. During the day, Mr. Field photographed the whole of the company in a group. The party arrived in town about 9 o'clock, well pleased with their excursion. The arrangements were well carried out under Messrs. W. P. Fogarty and J. Johnston, who were the Committee.

SUNDAY SCHOOL' PIC-NIC.

The annual excursion of Zion Church and Shaftesbury Hall Sunday Schools took place on Saturday last to St. Hilaire. Eleven cars, filled with youngsters and other friends left Bonaventure station in the morning and deposited its freight in good time at their destination. Mr. Berrand, who was at the station, provided the party with a fine grove at very moderate cost, and there the company enjoyed themselves amazingly in all kinds of games and pastimes. During the afternoon, balloons made with paper of variegated colors were sent off, to the delight of the little ones. There was a profusion of refreshments, and, the day being fine, the heartiest enjoyment was the result. The train returned to town in good time, and nothing occurred to mar the pleasure felt by all.

THE PROVINCIAL RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS.

Referring to a recent article, the Quebec *Telegraph* says:—

"We wish our friend the Star to understand that there is some excuse for our Railway Commissioners, if they have failed to accelerate the construction of our railways. Messrs. Irvine, Malhiot and Chinic have *no time* to spare to attend such trivial affairs as the Provincial rail- our contemporary. In making an assertion in this form, we fear that the Star will unintentionally injure the professional prospects of those gentlemen, and lead their clients to suppose that they have now retired from practice. This would be sad indeed. It was a sufficient sacrifice for these noble-minded, patriotic citizens to make, to resign their seats in the Legislative Assembly, in order to qualify themselves for drawing $2,000 a year from the public chest. We can assure the clients of Messrs. Irvine & Malhiot that those gentlemen are just as ready to meet them on professional business, and accept fees and retainers from them, as ever they were. Considering the various offices held by the members of this Commission, how is it likely that they can find time to worry themselves about railway matters? Take Mr. Irvine for instance. He is daily to be met with during the terms, attending to his professional duties in Court, as member of the large law firm of Holt, Irvine & Pemberton. He is also a director of the Union Bank, director of the St. Lawrence Steam Navigation Company, besides holding office as Railway Commissioner. The Star speaks also of Mr. Chinic's connection with a hardware business in the past tense, as if he was no longer dealing in railway iron and such like. We can assure our esteemed contemporary that Mr. Chinic is still in active business as senior member of the large hardware firm of Chinic & Beaudet, is a Legislative Councillor of the Province, and is also Vice-President of the Banque Nationale. Mr. Chinic having his business and banking enterprises to attend to, has certainly quite sufficient to engage his time, without giving his thoughts and attention to railway matters. The Government knew very well before appointing these gentlemen to the Commission how many irons they have in the fire, and we doubt very much if they are at all surprised at the present dilatory state of affairs."

A RICH BUILDER'S AWFUL DEATH

WHAT A BROKEN HOOP CAUSED.

(*From the New York Sun.*)

Mr. William McGuire, a wealthy builder of 343 DeKalb avenue, Brooklyn, died yesterday. He was riding in a light top buggy with his eldest son, Charles, behind a spirited horse, in Clinton avenue, near Fulton street, and the front wheel of the buggy passed over a broken hoop, which entangled itself in the spokes, leaving one end projecting from the wheel. As the wheel revolved, this projecting point, which was ragged and sharp, struck the horse in the flank and at every revolution of the wheel repeated the blow. The horse bounded forward and sped over the pavement with amazing swiftness. As the iron inflicted its repeated stings, the horse plunged on more swiftly until he was in a mad gallop. Mr. McGuire, who had tried to check him, suddenly grew pale and said to his son, "Charlie, we're gone!" When they reached Atlantic avenue, the horse turned toward Vanderbilt avenue, and the wheels catching in the car track, upset the carriage in an instant with a violent shock. Mr. McGuire was thrown in a complete somersault, alighting on his head and shoulders, His son, who clung to the reins, was thrown out on his hip. Mr. McGuire's skull was fractured and his collar-bone broken. He was carried home in an ambulance. He had been one of the most extensive builders in Brooklyn, having erected nearly 500 brown-stone houses on the Hill, and had accumulated a large fortune. He leaves a widow and several children.

THE WEATHER.

Temperature in the shade, by standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., Opticians and Mathematical Instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame street:—6 p.m. yesterday, 64°; 8 a.m., 63°; 1 p m., 73°; Max., 73°; Min., 55°; Mean., 64°. Standard Barometer compensated and corrected:—6 p.m. yesterday, 29:79; 8 a.m. 29:84; 1 p.m. to-day, 29:98.
Montreal, July, 24, 1876.

LATEST MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK.
July 22, 4 p.m.

Gold	111⅜ @ 00
Sterling Exchange	488½ @ 00
MONTREAL.	
Greenbacks bought at a discount of	11 @ 11
Greenbacks sold at a discount of	10½ @ 00
Drafts on New York	10½ @ 00
Silver bought at a discount of	12½ @ 15

W. Weir,
Stock and Exchange Broker,
No. 121 St. Francois Xavier street.

MONTREAL STOCK REPORT

(Reported for The Star by Bond Brothers.)

STOCKS.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Transactions.
Bank of Montreal	188½	188	188½
Ontario Bank	103½	102½	....
Bank of B. N. A.	....	....	....
City Bank	100	99¼	99½
Banque du Peuple	98	96¼	....
Molson's Bank	110½	109½	....
Bank of Toronto	190	187½	....
Banque Jac. Cartier	33¼	32½	....
Merchants' Bank B. C.	92¼	92½	....
Merchants' Bank ex div	....	....	....
E. Townships Bank	108	105	....
Quebec Bank	....	....	....
Banque Nationale	....	....	....
Union Bank	....	....	....
Mechanics' Bank	....	....	....
Royal Can. Bank	....	....	....
Can. B of Commerce	124½	124	....
Federal Bank	....	....	....
Metropolitan Bank	57½	55½	....
Dominion Bank	....	....	....
Bank of Hamilton	....	....	....
Maritime Bank	90	....	....
Exchange Bank	100	98½	....
La Ban. Ville Marie	....	....	....
Intercolonial Coal Co.	....	....	....
Huron Copper Bay	....	....	....
Montreal Mining Co.	....	....	....
G.T.R. 7 p.c. Bonds	....	....	....
Champ. & St. L. R'd 8 p.c Bonds	....	....	....
Do. Sterling 6 p.c.	....	....	....
Mont. Telegraph Co B.C.	160	158¼	158½-158
Dominion Telegraph Co.	91	89½	....
Richelieu and Ontario Nav. Co.	92	91½	91
Union Nav. Co.	....	....	....
City Pass. Railroad	240	227	225
City Gas Company	169	168	....
Merchants Exchange	....	....	....
Credit Foncier	115	109	....
Can. Engine & Machine Company	....	....	....
Quebec Fire Assurance Company	....	....	....
Mont'al Invest'nt Association	....	....	....
Can. Cotton Manufacturing Co.	....	....	....
Cornwall Manufacturing Company	....	....	....
Montreal Warehousing Company	....	25	....
Graphic Printing Co.	....	....	....
N. American Car Co.	35	....	....
Montreal Building Asso.	....	....	....
Montreal Loan and Mortgage Company	120	115	....
Coldbrook Rolling Mills Company	....	....	....
Hamilton Pr. and L. Society	....	....	....
Quebec & G. P. S.S. Co.	....	....	....
Royal Canadian Assurance Company	94	93½	....
Academy of Music	....	....	....
Dominion Stock	....	....	....
Dominion Bonds	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 6 p.c. stg.	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 6 p.c. cy.	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 5 p.c. stg.	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 5 p.c. cy.	....	....	....
Montreal Harbor Bonds. 6½ p.c.	....	....	....
Quebec Cor. Stock, 7 p.c.	....	....	....
Do. do. Bonds, 6 p.c	....	....	....
Montreal 7 p.c. Stock	....	....	....
Montreal 6 p.c. Stock	....	100	....
Montreal Cor. Bonds	....	....	....
Montreal W. W. Bonds	....	100	....

EXCHANGE.

Bank of London, 60 days	109⅝ @ 109⅞
Merchants Bills, 90 days	—— @ ——
Bank on demand on New York	—— @ ——
Merchants Bills	—— @ ——
Bank Gold Drafts on New York	par @ ——
Gold rates at noon in New York	111⅜ @ ——

WALL STREET SPECULATION

The reliable house of Alex Frothingham & Co., No. 12 Wall street, New York, publish a handsome eight page weekly paper, called the *Weekly Financial Report*, which they send free to any address. In addition to a large number of editorials on financial and business topics, it contains very full and accurate reports of the sales and standing of every bond, stock and security dealt in at the Stock Exchange. Messrs. Frothingham & Co., are extensive brokers, of large experience and tried integrity. In addition to their stock brokerage business, they sell what are termed "Privileges," or "Puts and Calls," now one of the favorite methods of legitimate speculation. Their advice is valuable, and by following it, many have made fortunes.—*New York Metropolis.* 115

New Advertisements this P. M.

KEEP COOL.

FANS, FANS,
From 20 cents to $2.00,
AT
CHEAPSIDE.
SEE OUR WINDOW.

BELTS, BELTS,
25 cents to $1.0,
All less than half-price.

CHAMBLY SHAKER FLANNELS.
Fall Stock just received, 25 per cent less than regular prices.
... per dozen. To be sold on Saturday at $6 a dozen or 50 cents each.

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!
Navy Blue, extra wide, $1.
Seal Browns, all shades.
Light Blues.
Royal Blues.
Biscuit Turquoise Silks.

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!
Ten pieces heavy pure Gros Grain, worth $1.25 for 90c.
Good, useful Black Silks for Dresses, 50c a yard.

BLACK GROS GRAINS.
Ponson's, worth $2.00, for $1.25. Remember. 20 yards only costs you $25.00. A first-class Silk equal to what other Stores sell at $2.00 a yard.
Grenadines, 8c, equal to what other Stores sell at 17c.
Gents' Super. Gauze Merino Shirts only 38c. each.
Splendid Oxford Shirts only 50c.
Look at our White Dress Shirts, 90c, $1 and $1.25.
One case Ladies' new Collars and Cuffs.
Just opened up one lot new Fall Dress Goods, in Seal Browns, Navy Blues, Plums, all at 25c a yard, well worth 40c.
Gents' Silk Underclothing, at
CHEAPSIDE,
437 and 439 Notre Dame street.
A. A. MURPHY,
172† PROPRIETOR.

THE LAST of the first lot of CHEAP MAGAZINES—About a thousand left to be sold to-day and to-morrow (Saturday), at 5c each; Bow Bells, London Journals and others of the same kind. Next week I will offer about 2,000 of the Heavy's, such as Blackwood, Temple Bar, MacMullan, &c., and at the same popular price.
J. T. HENDERSON,
171† 187 St. Peter street.

NEW STOCK OF FANS.
Just received, from New York, a well-assorted stock of
BLACK FANS,
JAPANESE FANS,
SILK FANS,
CHILDREN'S FANS, &c.,
At Low Prices.
G & W. CLARKE,
173† Next door to the Ottawa Hotel.

WANTED A PARTNER for a Retail Grocery, one of the best stands in the city; capital required about $500. Address "Grocer," this office. 173-3

FOR SALE, the Stock and Good-will of a Retail Grocery in the west end, now doing a very fair cash business. Address F 1, this office. 173-5

FOR SALE, a Building Society book; $100 paid up; price $70. Address E 1, this office. 173-6

FOR SALE, a Newfoundland Pup. Apply at 5 Champ de Mars street. 173-2

TO LET, in a good locality, a well-furnished Boarding House. No charge for the use of Furniture. Address, D 1, Star Office. 173-3

BOARD—$3 a week—126 Vitre street. 173-2

BOARD—Vacancies; terms moderate; at 14 Chenneville street. 173-6

ROOMS—To let, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen, one or two nicely furnished rooms, with board, in a first-class private house, in the West End. Address P. O. Box 897. 173-2

LOST, on Friday evening last, from 281 Bleury street, a young Skye Terrier Dog; had on a leather collar. Finder will be rewarded by leaving him at 53 St. Joseph street. 173-2

LOST.—The person who picked up a Fan on St. Catherine street, will please bring it to 1356 St. Catherine street, and receive a reward. 173-1

LOST, from Beaver Hall, via St. Catherine st. to St. Lawrence Main street, $15 in bills, one $5 and one $10, on Saturday. Reward $3. 522 Mignonne street. 173-3

WANTED, a family's washing. Apply at No 24 Barnett street. 173 3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, an experienced Grocery Clerk; one who has no objection to go to the country. Address, stating salary and references, to A 4, this office. 173 2

WANTED, a competent Book-keeper for wholesale Boot and Shoe store. Address D 2, this office. 173-7

WANTED, a youth 16 or 18 years of age, to assist in a Garden and make himself generally useful. Apply at 1221 Dorchester street. 173-1

WANTED, a Cook. Apply at 776 Craig street. 173 1

WANTED, a Traveller for Boots and Shoes. Address C 2, this office 173-7

WANTED, a Housemaid at 1157 St. Catherine street. 173-3

WANTED, three Bell Boys, at the Richelieu Hotel; must speak both languages. 173-3

WANTED, a situation as Wet Nurse by a respectable woman; best of references. Apply to 5 Champ de Mars street. 173-3

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.
[No. 650.] District of Montreal.

CIRCUIT COURT, Montreal.—Charles G. Schreffer Plaintiff, *vs.* John McVey, Defendant.—Will be sold by public auction, by authority of justice, on Wednesday, the Second day of August next, at Nine of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 317 St. Lawrence Main street, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture, &c. Terms cash.
J. U. LAPORTE, B. S. C.
Montreal, July 24, 1876. 173-1

FOURTH EDITION.

SIX O'CLOCK.

THE CANAL INSPECTORSHIP.

It is rumored that, owing to public opinion, Mr. Martin Tracy has resigned the Canal Inspectorship, or meditates doing so.

GLENGARRY.

This is nomination day in Glengarry; the candidates are Mr. McNabb, the unseated member, and Mr. John McLennan, retired merchant, of this city. It is expected that Mr. McNabb will be elected by about 150 majority.

The Merchants' Shipping Bill.—The *Herald* thinks that the Dominion Government and Mr. Plimsoll deserve a deal o credit for what they have done in connection with this Bill, which has just been passed with amendments by the Lords, and transmitted to the Commons for approval. According to a cable despatch, however, Mr. Plimsoll doesn't regard the Bill as at all creditable; indeed, he is represented as ready to give it his strongest opposition.

TELEGRAPHIC.

[*Speical to the* Star.]

Ottawa, July 24.

Yesterday afternoon, a girl named St. Pierre, while crossing from the wharf to a steamer, at Aylmer, on a board, got giddy, fell into the river, and was drowned.

The trotting horse 'Moose' has gone to Buffalo to trot in the 2:32 race.

The dead body of a woman was discovered near the Beechwood Cemetery by Mrs. Currier on Saturday, and was removed by some unknown parties before the police arrived there. It is thought to be a case of body-snatching.

[*Special to the* Star.]

Toronto, July 24.

The *Mail* this morning charges that Andrew H. MacLennan, clerk in the Post Office Department, Ottawa, has again gone to the County of Glengarry to assist Mr. McNab.

The Churchwardens of Grace Church, Elm street, deny that they invited a bishop and minister of the Reformed Episcopal Church to preach to them. They were advertised in the city papers on Saturday to preach to that congregation on Sunday evening, but the church did not open. The advertisement was a hoax.

The "Shamrocks" play the "Torontos" for the lacrosse championship of Canada next Saturday. The "Tecumsehs" play the champions at the end of September. The "Acme Club" played the "Junior Tecumseh" on Saturday for the junior championship, and won in three straight games. The "Tecumseh," of London, beat the "Toronto Base-Ball Club" on the Cricket ground, 11 to 3.

An advance in prices of sugar was made apparent to shopkeepers and buyers on Saturday. The *Mail* attributes the advance to a stopping of refining in Canada, to American manufacturers, now that Canadain refineries are closed, having no competition in their markets. This state of things was prophesied by Mr. A. McGibbon, of Montreal.

The Ontario Teachers' Association Convention commences on the 8th August. Among the subjects to be discussed are: "Should the Council of Public Instruction be continued?"

A new corps of Sappers and Miners, under Col. Scobie, has recently been instituted.

Archbishop Lynch has been made the recipient of $3,000, and a promise from his clergy for all that will be necessary to complete the new archepiscopal palace.

Property is decreasing slightly in value, owing to ... keep up the price. Small proprietors, mechanics and others, who cannot keep up payment on lots, are selling off so cheaply as to materially affect the price of other property. Land in the business section of the city holds its own.

The arrivals of timber by the Northern Railway are larger than those of last year. A total of 705,667 cubic feet has come down up to the present time to Toronto.

A special to the *Globe* states that the Merchant Shipping Bill passed through the House of Lords on Friday night, and has been returned to the Commons for approval of the amendments. It is expected that Mr. Plimsoll will offer strong objection to the bill as amended. Deputy-Minister Smith remains in London until the close of the session.

Mr. W. H. Frazesr, Secretary of the Ontario Advisory Board, writes to the *Globe* this morning stating that the cause of his resignation was not in consequence of any dissatisfaction with the Ontario Government.

This morning's *Globe*, in an article headed "Not Too Late for Justice to be Done," threatens an exhaustive and effectual investigation into the Pacific Scandal by a Select Committee, to be appointed next session.

Jem Mace is advertised to fight in Toronto to-night.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 24.

James Cross, with a party of five girls, was boating on the lake yesterday when the boat upset and the whole party, except Cross, were drowned. Their ages ranged from 7 to 16 years. They all were Germans.

London, July 24.

Lord Derby and Minister Pierrepont are negotiating a new extradition treaty.

Belgrade, July 24.

The Turks attacked the Servian redoubt at Little Zwordick, commanding the Turkish bank of the Drina, and rendering communication difficult between Beliaa and Zwordick. They were repulsed. The Turks were also routed on the 22nd, on Timok River, near Rayctritza.

Port Jarvis, July 24.

There was a slight frost north of this place last night.

Summitt, July 24.

A storm of unequalled violence passed over this section on Sunday morning. The residence of J. Holmes was struck by lightning, and the inmates stunned. Telegraph poles were prostrated, and barns blown down. Loss, $20,000.

Paris, July 24.

Figaro publishes a despatch from Constantinople, which says that the atrocities in Bulgaria continue, and that numerous Bashi-Bazouks are arriving in that country from Asia. The Sultan's health is unimproved.

London, July 24.

The *Times* publishes a letter from its correspondent at Rome, under date of July 19th, which says: The well-known banker, Baldwin, committed suicide by drowning in the Tiber. His books show his liabilities are $450,000; assets, $96,000.

Newburg, N.Y., July 24.

A special from Cornwall says six buildings were burned early this morning; total loss, $1,000; partially insured.

Queenstown, July 24.

Steamships "Erin," "Celtic," "City of Chester," from New York, and "St. Louis," from New Orleans, have arrived out.

Manchester, July 24.

The *Guardian* has a despatch from its special correspondent at Kalafat, a walled town on the Danube, nearly opposite Widdin, dated Saturday, saying:—I have just returned from Isvor. The Turks are unable to take the offensive until reinforced, but they have a sufficient number of troops to hold their positions and repulse Servian attacks. The total Turkish losses for the past ten days are 300 killed and 560 wounded. The Servians lost fully 2,500, with five cannon.

New York, July 24.

Alderman Patrick Lysaght, of this city, died at his residence at Cornwall, on the Hudson, this morning.

Washington, D.C., July 24.

General Sheridan telegraphs General Sherman that Col. Merritt will join Gen. Crook on the 1st of August with ten companies of cavalry, and Crook sends word to Sheridan that he is moving to co-operate with Terry.

CITY NEWS.

— The SS. "Corinthian," from Quebec, has arrived at Glasgow.

— Thos. Davidson and Robert Esdaile, Esqs., are the Visiting Governors at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge this week.

— A writ of insolvency was taken out to day against W. L. Kinmond & Co., manufacturers and tailors, for $1,337, at the suit of Cassels, Stinson & Co.

— The many friends of the Rev. Mr. Rousselot will be gratified to learn that, from the latest accounts, the rev. gentleman's health has greatly improved by his trip in Europe, and that he is shortly expected in Montreal again.

— The ears of the residents in Latour street were excruciated this evening by the strains of a barrel organ woefully out of tune. The grinder was blasphemous enough to mix up the "Old Hundredth" with St. Patrick's Day, and was so shamefaced as to attempt a waltz next time.

— The Protestant House of Industry and Refuge during the past week afforded shelter to 127 unfortunates. Last year, during the same time 196 were sheltered. The Home has at present 99 inmates. 433 quarts of soup were distributed to the poor during the week. During the corresponding week last year, 595 quarts were distributed.

— Major-General Smythe, Commander-in-Chief of the Canadian Militia, on his way to England, had an interview with Cols. Fletcher, D. A. G., and Bacon, Brigade-Major, on Friday last, when he expressed his desire to be present at the brigade day, which will be held on his return, of the regiments of the 5th Military District.

— The premises of Mr. Bergin, working jeweller, 295 Notre Dame street, were searched this afternoon by High Constable Bissonnette, and three bronze statues were found, valued at about $80, the property of the absconding Mellor. In a cash-box which Bergin had given to Mr. Beaudry, of St. Lamberts' hill to keep in his safe for him, jewellery to the amount of $300 was found.

— The Credit Foncier of Lower Canada is sueing the Royal Canadian Insurance Company for $10,000, for a policy of insurance upon a mill at Coaticooke, upon which they had a mortgage, and which was burned. The Insurance Company desired to compromise for $3,500, on the ground that the mill was not worth the sum it was insured for, but the Credit Foncier refused the offer. Messrs. Delorimier for the plaintiffs.

Queer Practices on a Mail Coach.—Dear Star,—Allow me to call the attention of the authorities to the disreputable practice of *a young blood* just let loose from his mammay's apron string, who, for the sake of an airing, takes passage occasionally in Her Majesty's mail coach, and amuses himself by shooting at dogs by the wayside. Yesterday he fired at and broke the leg of a beautiful spaniel as he drove through our little town.—Vox. Hope Township Co. Bonaventure, Q. 19th July.

Recorder's Court—Monday.—Thirty-eight names graced the list before the Court to-day. Michael Curry, 38, laborer; Patrick Hickey, 20, laborer; Richard Craven, 61, laborer, drunks; Dominick Hanley, 18, carter; Joseph Ricard, 24, driver, carting without numbers, fined $1 or 8 days. Gregoire Malo, 37, tailor; Roger Bernard, 44, laborer; John Powers, 29, laborer; John Ellenburgh, 47, shoemaker; John Clark, 50, laborer; Edward Murphy, 21, cigar-maker; John Carver, 20, carter; William Ward, 40; Patrick Munday, 16, carter; George Nugent, all drunk and disorderly; John McKeon, 17, printer, throwing stones, were fined $1.50 or 10 days. Mary O'Hara, 50; Henry Selvey, 16, moulder; Delor Thomas, 19, carter; Michael McInerney, 22, laborer; John Dunn, 20, laborer, all for drunkenness; Edouard Poupart, 18, butcher, throwing stones; Amedee Bertrand, 21, shoemaker, fighting, fined $2.50 or 15 days. Hermidas Viger, 21, laborer; Alphonse Lauzon, 19, laborer; John Fernandes. 16. carter: all drunk and disloitering; Margaret Mahoney, 40, vagrant, fined $5 or 1 month. George Wallace, 29, laborer, assaulting Isabella Cameron by striking her, fined $20 or 2 months. Hester Carle, 40, servant, was committed on a medical certificate for insanity.

FIRE ON THE GRAND TRUNK NEAR ST. HUBERT.

On Saturday last, about 6 p. m., the tressle work of the G. T. Railway, a mile and a quarter from St. Hubert, took fire and two cars filled with peat became ignited and were consumed. The loss of the cars and peat will amount to $200, and it will take a considerable sum to repair the tressle work of the line. The excursion train with the children of Zion and Shaftesbury Sunday School was detained on the way home a short time in consequence of the fire.

CRICKET.

On Saturday a match was played at Chambly, between the Iroquois House Club (St. Hilaire) and the Chambly Club. A number of spectators, including a fair sprinkling of the fair sex, attended, and seemed to enjoy the play immensely. The first innings left Chambly 7 ahead; the figures being, Chambly, 61; St. Hilaire, 54. After lunch Chambly went to the wickets, and made 137. Throughout the second innings the Iroquois braves seemed somewhat demoralized, as it appears they had expected a very easy victory. The St. Hilaire players left for home by steamer at 4.30.

CHAMBLY—1st INNINGS.

H. Hutchison,	b. K. Wilmot	3
A. Ainley,	b. A. Sherriff	16
F. Hibbard,	b. C. Griffin	1
A. P. Austin,	b. K. Wilmot	12
B. Willett,	b. do.	1
C. Charette,	l. b. w. do.	6
S. Bell,	l. b. w. C. Griffin	3
B. Austin,	b. K. Wilmot	2
I. De Salaberry,	b. C. Griffin	0
J. Yule, jr.,	Not out	0
A. Taylor,	Run out	2
	Extras	15
		61

CHAMBLY—2nd INNINGS.

1 Jno. Yule,	b K. E. Wilmot	3
2 H. Hutchison,	c B.F. Campbell, b Cookson.	11
3 A Ainley,	b A. Sherriff	3
4 F. Hibbard,	b Do	7
5 B. Willett,	b K. E. Wilmot	13
6 B. Austin,	c Cookson, b Wilmot	18
7 S. Bell,	b A. Sherriff	0
8 A. F. Austin,	Not out	28
9 C. Charette,	c&b F. Hart	3
10 A. Taylor,	b Do	2
11 L. DeSalaberry,	Run out	0
Extras		46
		137

"IROQUOIS HOUSE CLUB"—1st INNINGS.

1 A. Sherriff,	b B. Austin	6
2 A. Campbell,	b A. F. Austin	14
3 C. G. Cookson,	b Do	6
4 C. Griffin,	b B. Austin	1
5 F. E. Hart,	c Willett, b A. Austin	6
6 J. B. Pinsinault,	c Bell, b B. Austin	1
7 K. E. Wilmot,	b A. F. Austin	0
8 J. D. Armstrong,	c Ainley, b B. Austin	1
9 B. Campbell,	b A. F. Austin	4
10 C. Campbell,	Not out	1
11 R. Campbell,	b B. Austin	2
Extras		12
		54

THE MELLOR CASE.

FURTHER ARRESTS.

This afternoon depositions were made by Mr. John Ferguson, of the firm of Doutre & Ferguson, assignees, to the effect that he had reason to believe that the clerk, George Bergin, late in Mellor's employ, conspired unlawfully and fraudulently, in company with Mellor, to secrete and remove certain divers articles of jewellery, forming part in stock-in-trade, and of great value, exceeding $50,000, with intent to deprive the creditors of the estate. A further deposition of Paul Joseph Valerien Bourdeau, clerk in the employ of Messrs. Schultz & Reinhardt, was taken, who deposed that "on or about the 17th inst., between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the evening, after the store of the said Mellor was closed, and the shutters were shut, I observed the said Mellor come out of the front of his door carrying a bucket, apparently containing something, covered with a cloth, and proceed with the same, accompanied by one George Bergin, whose workshop is in the upper part of the adjoining building, and that of Schultz Reinhadt. That they both entered the passage-way, and returning from it with the bucket, and, after remaining sufficient time to empty it, returned again to the store. This was repeated several times, and at intervals of sufficient time to allow of them filling the bucket in Mellor's store, conveying the same to Bergin's workshop and returning to Mellor's store to fill the bucket. I also noticed during the trips backwards and forwards that Mellor was excited and heated and much preoccupied with what he was doing. From the facts above related and the subsequent absconding of Mellor on the following day, I have no doubt they were engaged in removing jewellery with the bucket." From the above facts a warrant was issued for Bergin, who was arrested by Deputy High Constable Contant this afternoon, and the High-Constable Bissonnette was deputed to search the premises, as it is supposed the jewellery is secreted there. Berger is a working jeweller, carrying on business at 295 Notre Dame street.

Mr. Doutre has telegraphed that he has obtained the sum of $4,000 of valuables from Mellor, and is in hopes of getting a still further sum.

FINANCIAL.

Star Office, 4 p.m.,
July 24, 1876.

The money market continues dull and quiet. Sterling Exchange was nominal to-day at from 109⅝ to 109⅞ for sixty-day bills. Documentary bills were quiet at from 108⅞ to 109. Gold drafts on New York were quoted at 116⅞. There was absolutely nothing doing in call loans, which were quoted at from 5 to 6 per cent. Time loans were procurable at from 6 to 7 per cent.

The stock market was easy at the regular Exchange to-day. Richelieu was busy at from 90¾ to 91. City Passenger Railway was lively at 225.

The following were the sales at the morning board of the Montreal Stock Exchange:—30 Bank of Montreal at 188½; 1 do. at 188⅜; 25 Consolidated at 99⅛; 29 Montreal Telegraph at 158½; 33 do. at 158; 50 Richelieu Navigation at 90⅞; 75 do. at 91; 100 City Passenger Railway at 225.

At the Open Stock Exchange, stocks were a trifle firmer than they have been of late. Montreal was a trifle firmer; Richelieu, if anything, a little weaker.

The sales at the morning board of the Open Stock Exchange were as follows:— 3 Merchants Bank at 92½; paid-up 5 Canada Agricultural Insurance at 101½; 10 do. at 102.

At New York, gold opened strong at 111⅜, and closed at the opening rate. Sterling Exchange was firm at $4.89.

The Inland Revenue receipts to-day were $2,130.80, against $3,238.70 on the corresponding day of last year.

The Customs' receipts to-day amounted to $14,606.73. On the same date of last year the total was $23,724.19.

The following were the fluctuations in stocks:—

	Op'g.	11:30	1:25	Cls'g
Pacific Mail	23¾	23¾	24	24
W. U. Telegraph	70½	70¼	70¾	70½
Lake Shore	53⅝	53⅝	53½	53⅝
N. Y. Central	108	108	—	106⅞
Rock Island	—	—	—	108¾
Ohio and Miss.	14¼	14¼	13¾	13⅞
North-West	—	—	—	41⅝
Do preferred	—	—	63⅝	65⅝
Union Pacific	60½	60½	—	61
C. C. and I. C.	3¾	3¾	—	4¼
Toledo and Wabash	—	—	—	2
St Paul	39⅛	39½	39⅜	38⅝
Do preferred	71⅜	71⅝	70⅞	70¾
Erie	14	14	14½	14¼

At a meeting of the creditors of T. Meloche, boot and shoe trader, held at the office of Doutre & Ferguson to-day, Mr. Doutre was appointed assignee. A writ of attachment has been issued against Andrew O'Donaghoe, merchant-tailor, of St. Joseph street.

Mr. Lajoie, of Perkins, Lajoie & Beausoleil, was appointed assignee to the insolvent estate of Elois Perrault, leather merchant, at a meeting of creditors held this day.

There were rumors on the streets to-day of a big failure in the city. We soon traced it to be that of W. L. Kinmond, hardware merchant on St. Paul street, against whom an attachment in insolvency was issued at the suit of Cassells, Simpson & Co. The liabilities will be under $100,000, and it is expected a very favorable showing will be made. Mr. Perkins is the official assignee.

BUSINESS DIFFICULTY.

of E. & A. Perry, of Notre Dame street, failed, with liabilities for $10,000, and assets about $6,000. At a meeting of the creditors that was called, a composition was accepted of 35 cents on the dollar, a relative of the members of the firm giving security for the amount. When the first dividend became due in January, they were unable to meet the payment, and an offer of the stock was made to Mr. Slater, of the wholesale firm of Slater & Perry. After some negotiation, Mr. Slater purchased the stock on the valuation tendered him by the firm. He placed Alfred Perry, junr., in charge of the business at a weekly salary, with instructions to pay in the receipts of sales each night to his office. This injunction the latter failed to comply with, but made payments occasionally.

On the 10th instant Mr. Slater determined to take stock and have a settlement made, and set to work that evening with Alfred Perry, jr., to take the account. The latter made the estimate of the stock on hand and promised to call round at Mr. Slater's office the next day and settle up. He failed, however, to do this, and his employer has never been able to lay his eyes upon him since. When the accounts were balanced it was found that there was a deficiency of $1,500. Since Mr. Perry, jr., left developments have come to light by which it appears that he was paying off some old debts which had not been entered in the liabilities of the firm and to one man alone he had paid $70 in cash and given $50 worth of boots and shoes. These sums were on account of a debt of $400 incurred in 1874. It also appears that in January last, after the firm of E. & A. Perry was dissolved, Alfred Perry, jr., gave notes of hand in their names.

Instructions were given Alfred Perry, jr., when he was placed in charge of the store by Mr. Slater, not to give credit under any circumstances, but, notwithstanding, he has entered $500 on the books, a large proportion of which is not considered good. A short time before the 10th instant, Mr. Perry, jr., sold out his household furniture for $1,100 and put the money in his pocket. It is said that he went to New York, but we were assured on Saturday last that he had returned again to this city. This statement Mr. Slater does not believe. On Friday last an execution was taken out against him. Finding that there were no effects at his house, the bailiffs came to the store, but, finding from Mr. Slater that Alfred Perry, jr., had no claim upon the stock, they took their departure without levying. The friends of Mr. Perry, jr., in opposition to the above statement of Mr. Slater, assert that he is only $35 behind in his accounts.

A FRENCH CRITIC ON AMERICAN LIVING.

The defects I have pointed out in your hotel management suggests their own cure. And to the careful consideration of your people I would submit the following observations: In the first place, your breakfast is a mistake. Usually, immediately after you rise from your beds, you partake of a heavy meal of steaks or chops, garnished with potatoes, followed by three or four eggs, and surmounted by hot rolls and buckwheat cakes. The digestive organs even of a healthy person are not now in a condition to receive such a meal; not till two or three hours after one has awakened do they recover from the apathy which sleep produces. In France, Germany, Italy, in civilized countries in the East, throughout the West Indies, among the English, Spanish and French Creoles this law of our nature is recognized and respected. You may be less prejudiced against my suggestions if I furnish you with illustrations from a colony of Anglo-Saxon origin instead of French. Let me submit the mode of living among the white inhabitants of Barbadoes, which is similar to that in most of the Antilles. On rising, a cup of coffee and biscuit (the equivalent to the *cafe au lait* and roll of the French and Italian), then a bath; then the males of the family proceed to their places of business, usually about 7 a.m., and at this hour professionals, merchants and bankers may be found at their offices; at about 10 a.m. a large portion of their duties for the day are performed. The letters are read and answered. So much responsibility is removed from their minds that they are now in a fit condition to digest a substantial meal. They now return to their homes for breakfast, when they partake of fish and chop, accompanied with the inevitable rice, and followed by fruit, the whole washed down with claret or ale, and a cup of coffee or tea after the meal. The next and last meal for the day is dinner. This is usually taken between 5 and 7. And if possible this meal should be taken after the day's work is over. You will eventually become a nation of dyspeptics if your men of business will persist in dining in the midst of their hours of business, and refuse themselves sufficient time to masticate and digest what they eat.—*The Galaxy.*

LET MONTREAL TAKE WARNING.

A New York paper remarks that "there is no more depressing feature about our American cities than the annual slaughter of little children of which they are the scene. Last week there died every day in New York about one hundred babes under one year old. This is a monstrous and inexcusable sacrifice of infant life, and, after all allowances have been made on the score of climate, it is simply a disgrace to our civilization. Ninety-nine per cent. of the mortality occurred in tenement houses. But can we fix no responsibility for the filth, the crowding, and the pestilential surroundings of the houses of our laboring class? Let it be conceded that the habits of the inmates are largely to blame for the lowered vitality of parents, and the incapability of their offspring to resist the fatal influences of the season. But must we go on forever giving ignorance and slovenliness the perilous freedom of nourishing the seeds of disease and preparing for the future a generation of emasculated and debased citizens—the survivors of thousands of still weaker births which have rapidly passed under the category of deaths? There are hundreds of tenement-houses in this city unfit for hog-pens, and in which the chances against children living through their first summer are as ten to one. The greed of the capitalist who grows rich on the returns of such human slaughter-houses is as much a matter for legislative correction as the ignorance and filthy habits of the poor people which increase their unwholesomeness. We shall never have a Health Board worthy of the name until it is armed with powers fully adequate to sustain it in a systematic effort to compel a radical reform in the dwellings of the poor."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mrs. Chas. Fisher begs leave to inform the citizens of Montreal that she has opened a Singing Academy at No. 70 Victoria street

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

Caton—In this city, on the 22nd inst., the wife of Edward Caton, of a daughter.

Murney—At 247 St. Catherine street, on Sunday, 23rd inst, the wife of James Murney, of a son.

Whitton—On 20th instant, at 43 Coursol street, the wife of A. J. Whitton, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

Guiton, Macdonald—On 17th July, at Fonthill, Ont., by the Rev. James Morton, Philip Henry Guiton, Esq., of Montreal, to Alicia De Bellefeuille, fourth daughter of Judge Macdonald, of Welland.

Thompson, Macdonald—On 17th July, at Fonthill, Ont., by the Rev. Canon Robarts, assisted by Rev. James Morton, William George McNeil Thompson, Esq., C. E., Welland, to Janet Eliza, youngest daughter of Judge Macdonald, of Welland.

Singer, Howard—On 18th inst., at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father Dowd, Mr. John Singer to Miss Mary Howard, both of this city.

DEATHS.

Martin—On the 22nd instant, John James Martin, second eldest son of James Martin, aged 19 years, 1 month and 27 days.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, 25th inst., at 8 o'clock, from his father's residence, No. 150 St. George street, to R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

Curran—On Sunday, the 23rd inst., Jane Farrell, widow of the late Wm. Curran, aged 70 years.

Her funeral will take place from her son-in-law's residence, Mr. P. Quinn, 507 St. Joseph street, corner of Guy, on Tuesday morning, the 25th inst., at 7.30 a.m., to St. Patrick's Church, and from thence to the R. C. Cemetery. Friends will plese attend, without further notice.

Walsh—On the 23rd inst., Charlotte Julia, infant child of Mr. Thomas Walsh, aged 1 month and 7 days.

The funeral will take place from her father's residence, Wheel-house, Montreal Water Works, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 8 a.m. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Pell—At Longueuil, on the 23rd inst., Emma Charity, eldest daughter of A. J. Pell, aged 12 years.

Tuesday, 25th will leave her father's residence

Arel—At Quebec, on the 19th inst, Pierre Ferdinand Arel, aged 46 years.

Bertrand—At Ottawa, on 20th inst., Louisa Bertrand, aged 19 years.

Barham—On the 18th inst., in Petersville Ont., Mrs. Barham, beloved wife of Thomas Barham, aged 38 years.

McGirr—At Toronto, on the 18th of July, Elizabeth C., wife of John McGirr, aged 31 years.

Christy—In this city, on the 23rd July, Catherine, daughter of Robert Christy, aged 17 days.

Cole—In this city, on the 22nd July, Hanah Eliza Cole, aged 17 years, 3 months and 11 days.

Kavanaugh—On the 22nd instant, Mary Ann Kavanaugh, daughter of Peter Kavanaugh, aged 2 years, 9 months and 7 days.

Clerk—At Belœil, P. Q., on Sunday morning, the 23rd inst., Marie Henriette Martine Georgiana, infant daughter of Geo. Clerk, Esq., and granddaughter of the late Geo. E. Clerk, Esq., of the *True Witness*, aged 8 months.

Fagan—In this city, on the 21st instant, Bridget McAvoy, wife of Peter Fagan, aged 56 years.

New Advertisements this P. M.

SALE OF EIGHT VERY ELEGANT, COSTLY AND RICH-TONED ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTES, by one of the first makers in Boston.

Messrs. Vose & Sons, Boston, whose Pianos stand second to none for beauty of finish, sweetness and power of tone and durability, and for 18 years have been a favorite instrument in Montreal, have decided to offer at public sale, at the subscriber's store, Craig street, on

FRIDAY, the 28th inst.,

eight of their finest instruments, possessing all new improvements and fully warranted.

Many of our leading families have been using the Vose Piano for years past, but on account of their expense they have been withdrawn from this market for over two years. The samples to be sold on this occasion will be found very superior instruments, and will be disposed of without reserve; offering an opportunity which now seldom occurs of procuring a really first-class instrument by a manufacturer of the highest standing.

The Pianos will be on view during the week at the place of sale.

Terms, three and four months' credit.
Sale at half-past TEN o'clock.
HENRY J. SHAW,
173 Auctioneer.

SALE of SEWING-MACHINES, CLOTHING, &c.
I will sell at my store, 712 Craig street,
On WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant,
A lot of Sewing Machines of different makes.
A lot of Ready-made Clothing.
A Brussels Carpet containing 118 yards.
New and Second-hand Furniture.
Sale at TEN o'clock.
173 S. McDOWELL, Auctioneer.

WANTED, a small house for the balance of the year. Address W. M., this office. 173

BOARD.—A gentleman, with a small family, wishes board in a private family; terms moderate. Address J. R., this office. 173

ROOM.—To let, a double Room (Furnished), without board, suitable for two gentlemen, 129 Bleury street. 170

ROOMS—To let, one room (furnished) with use of kitchen; rent five dollars. Apply at No. 2 Cadieux street. 173-3

ROOMS—Well furnished rooms and a parlor to let at No. 1 St. Dominique street, corner of Craig. 173-5

LOST—A Silk Umbrella was taken from porch of Zion Church last evening; please return to Wm. Smaill, No. 135 St. Peter street. 173-1

WANTED, a General Servant. Apply at 28 St George street. 173-2

WANTED, Agents for Maps and Atlases. Apply at 564 Craig street (up stairs). 173-2

WANTED, a General Servant. Apply at 309 St. George street. 173-3

WANTED, a Nurse. Apply at 30 University street, between 1 and 3 p.m. 173-3

WANTED, a situation as Nurse or General Servant. Apply at 150 St. Maurice street. 173-6

WANTED, a General Servant; must be able to wash and iron. Apply at 124 St. Famille street. 173 2

WANTED—TO TAILORS—Wanted two good Cutters for the Wholesale Clothing Trade. Apply to James O'Brien & Co, College street 173-3

WANTED, a good Sewing Girl, one who understands the Sewing-machine, at No. 2 St Edward street. 173-2

WANTED, a Clerk in a Commission House; one that has a capital of $500 to put into the business; steady employment and good wages. Address E. D., this office. 173-3

NIAGARA DISTRICT MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1836
This Company is now prepared to INSURE REAL ESTATE PROPERTY and PRIVATE DWELLINGS at very advantageous rates.
Agents wanted in all unoccupied parts of Ontario and Quebec.
A. DE LAET,
132† Manager for Ontario and Quebec.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
[No. 567.] District of Montreal.

CIRCUIT COURT, Montreal—Oner Ouimet, Plaintiff, *vs.* Lucien Leclerc, Defendant.—Will be sold by public auction, by authority of justice, on Wednesday, the Second day of August next, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the business place of the said Defendant, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Tools, &c. Terms cash.
F. F. JEAN, B. S. C.
Montreal, July 24, 1876. 173 1

THE FINAL VERDICT;
OR,
Villainy Frustrated.

CHAPTER LXXXI.—*Continued.*

Darby gave an affected start of horror, and then moved slowly onward in the direction of the river. The darkness was intense; there was a low, howling wind aloft, that nearly blew out the hazy oil-lamp, and every step might have been a pitfall.

Haughton walked close to Darby, with his left hand ready to clutch him at any moment, while his right held the cocked pistol.

Suddenly they emerged from the narrow street of houses with eight stories, and found themselves in the shadow of the cathedral of Notre Dame. How they had crossed a bridge and entered on the island which was once all Paris they could not tell; but there they were.

Darby moved on in the direction of the southern bank of the stream, which was to be gained by crossing another short bridge; and then, stooping, and darting between Haughton's legs, as they came to a dark and dismal corner of the Parvis, or cloisters, upset him.

At the same moment, four men slipped out from the deep gloom of that cut-throat locality, and fired full in their faces.

A man fell with a heavy groan on the ground.

"I shall be murdered!" cried Haughton; "but I will be avenged," and, with his cutlass, he dashed at the foe, followed by two of his companions.

The third lay bleeding and insensible on the ground.

But, quick as they were, active as they sought to be, the assassins had escaped. They now returned to the wounded man, whom between them they bore in the direction of the perfecture of police, where they found a carriage, and the whole party drove off to an hotel in the neighborhood.

It was Mike, the good-natured gaoler, who had received the shots intended for Haughton, and who from that moment had never spoken.

A pale face, a dark frown, a compressed lip, marked the effect of this already on our hero, who mentally asked how long this abomination of desolation was to last.

But his first act was to see to the wounds of his companion and friend; his second, to write a short note, which he despatched by a special and trusty messenger.

This done, he took his seat by the bedside of the sufferer, forcing both Joe Martin and James Cooke to leave him, while they carried out his ideas.

The surgeon who attended the good-hearted Irishman declared his wounds superficial, though there was great weakness from loss of blood; he made, therefore, no objection when Haughton signified his intention to watch.

As soon as the medical man had taken his departure, Haughton applied for pen, ink, and paper, and this once supplied, he sat up until dawn fell upon the scene, writing without cessation. His pen seemed to fly, so swift were his thoughts; but his brow was dark and gloomy.

CHAPTER LXXXII.

THE BITER BIT.

When Captain Albert Montague fled before the inroad of the police, led by the cunning of the little distorted wretch, Darby, it was with no heroism in his soul or heart. Abject fear—a horrid dread of the consequences of capture—not only ruin, degradation, but, in all probability, death—came like a film before his eyes, and, but for the activity and ingenuity of his guide, he must have been taken.

Darby, however, knew his way, and knew, too, the men he had to deal with. There was about this boy a deal of bling under favorable circumstances, have made a hero of the lad; and, despite his chief's hesitation and incapacity, he contrived to bring him out at a point where tolerable immunity was to be obtained.

The *locale* was some ruined houses, which were guiltless of the smallest suspicion of lamps in their neighborhood. From this, to one of the most celebrated thieves' houses in Paris, Paul Niquet's, now not even to be traced, so complete has been the change, was but a step. Here the boy, at his own request, left him, to gain such tidings as he could of their more unfortunate companions.

But Montague had no intention of waiting here for a report; he believed himself completely safe in his fashionable costume and society, while he had no wish to risk capture by stopping in a house solely frequented by thieves, murderers, and assassins.

Disguises were always at hand, so that half-an-hour after his entrance into Paul Niquet's establishment, he was on his way, a perfect butterfly of fashion, towards his own hotel.

Here he retired to bed, nor rose until a midday sun shone brightly through the window of his *salon*; not so in his bedroom, where, protected by shutters and heavy curtains, night and its shadows still lingered. His valet moved stealthily about, nor ventured even to cough until his master called him.

"The hour?" he said, surlily.

"Twelve, sir."

"Where is Dick?"

"Outside, sir—watching since nine," replied the domestic.

"Go, order my breakfast, and send him in to me," was the further order.

Mole-eyed Dick, in his groom's livery, glided in a minute later, followed by a tolerably-dressed, tradesman-like person, with a broad-brimmed hat, and large spectacles, who bowed low as he advanced almost on tip-toe to the bedside.

"Who is this?—and what the deuce do do you mean by bringing strangers before I am up?" said Montague, leaping up in bed, with a white face and a nervous start.

"Orr right, guv'nor," cried Dick, with a knowing wink; "the gentleman comes on business—all in the Family."

Montague sank back as the stranger put his hand upon his shoulder, and hissed these words into his ear—

"The deed is done. Your grand friend is food for fishes."

"What, the American captain?" cried Montague, with a flushed and eager face. "Are you sure of it? Can you prove it?"

"We used both knife and pistol," continued the other, in a business-like way, that spoke much practice in his calling; "and on inquiry at the hotel where he was carried, at nine o'clock this morning, we found that he was already dead—a croaker; and now I come for the reward."

"And you swear that what you say is true?" said Montague.

"I do, master; we are honorable men, and ask for no money until our work is done," he replied, coldly. "But perhaps you wish to see the body."

"No! no! Dick give me my desk. Who comes?—away!"

And Dick, understanding his master's meaning at a glance, led the other rapidly into a dressing-room, from which there was no other outlet; but had scarce time to close the door, ere the unexpected visitor was announced.

"Monsieur Suchet!" said the astonished valet, as he ushered the smooth-spoken detective into the presence of the trembling, craven caitiff, who, almost believing his last hour was come, closed his eyes, and buried himself under the thick bedclothes.

"Only looked in to have a chat," said oily-tongued Monsieur Suchet; "just five words—you know your year is nearly up, and I shall soon want some more money."

"You shall have it," replied Montague, venturing to open one eye.

"As monsieur is going to marry an heiress, and to reside in England, I suppose I may expect a marriage present," continued the detective, as Montague further opened his second eye, and looked him almost fully in the face.

"Ah, my dear Monsieur Suchet, how are you?" asked the captain, taking a long breath. "I was only half awake, and did not know you. Certainly, you shall eat of my wedding cake," he added, with a ghastly smile; "be a witness, if you like."

"*Certainement*—yes. I shall do myself that honor. So, on the fifteenth, I may call for my little sum of money," said the detective, with his quiet, crafty smile. "That is understood. Good morning. I shall not detain you a moment longer."

And with his cold, snake-like, glittering eyes, he went out of the room, cap in hand.

"Orr right, guv'nor," said Mole-eyed Dick, as he re-entered the room, holding the assassin by the arm; "*we—we—yes*—I understand—but you've no cause to be frightened."

"Why, what the devil ails you, man?" cried Montague, who saw that the murderer was quite white, with large drops of perspiration on his damp brow; "have you seen the ghosts of all your victims?"

"No," faltered the other; "but I like not people who have visitors who call themselves Suchet. Give me my money and let me go."

"You shall have your money. And so you do not like Monsieur Suchet? Tastes differ; I find him a very pleasant man, and quite safe."

"Why then did he attack you last night? Why are all your friends and companions in prison this morning?" said the murderer, sullenly.

"True," said Montague, with a white and quivering lip; "quite true. This must be looked to. Do not, my friend, suspect me; I and Monsieur Suchet have business together in my present station. Did he suspect that I was of the Family and had headed the party last night, he would have arrested me where I lay this morning. Who could have betrayed us? It must be that accursed engraver," he added, leaping up and striking the table with his fist.

"If I thought so," replied the professional assassin, with a dark and lowering frown, "he and my knife would soon make acquaintance."

"Be cautious, my friend," said Montague, rising, "and wait until I make enquiries; Dick, my desk."

And as soon as the groom had handed it to him, he took out the necessary rouleaux of Napoleons and handed them to the *chourineur*.

This fellow opened them quietly and counted the money, examining every coin with a keenness which marked his sense of the other's ability in his profession. At last they all disappeared in a dirty, greasy, leather bag, the mouth of which he tied up carefully.

"Shall I give you a receipt?" he asked with a leer, which showed the whites of his eyes and the yellow of his long-fanged teeth.

"No; go now, our business is at an end."

And, as the other backed out, he rose, and while sipping his coffee and consuming certain luxuries which had become second nature with him, began dressing for his interview with Madame Rosita.

We do not say that this man of vice and crime—true picture of the lost and selfish sybarite of the nineteenth century—who is only worse than the profligates of other days, in hiding his wickedness under an exterior of piety and respectability—felt any real compunction for what he had done; we cannot say that he did.

But there was a fluttering sensation at his heart, which, if not simple fear, was something very much like it.

He scarcely dared to face the beautiful girl with the news of the death of her lover. It was a kind of aversion; and was but another illustration of the truth how soon accomplices in guilt—especially of different sexes—begin to fear and dislike each other. As with the woman who deserts home, husband and children for a base paramour, there is a wild, short, delirium of pleasure, and then mutual contempt and abhorrence.

(*To be continued.*)

AGRICULTURAL.

REDUCING BONES.

Will you kindly inform me of the simplest and cheapest method of dissolving or utilizing bones? I have no machinery for crushing them, and have several tons. I am quite sure I have read in your paper the information I wish, but I cannot find it.

C. W. P.

[Perhaps the best way would be first to break them up with a sledge as small as convenient, by placing them on a thick, flat store, with a wide hoop around them to prevent flying, and then either to imbed them in a hogshead with fresh wood ashes, and soak the whole with hot water till they are softened so as to crumble, or else to place them in thin alternating layers with fresh, strong manure, which will ferment and reduce them in the course of some weeks. The whole may then be crumbled and mixed in compost. Fresh bones are more easily worked down than old and dry ones, and are worth more. Hard portions which remain so must go through the process a second time.]

FARM WAGGONS.

A waggon maker, belonging to the largest manufactory of wheeled vehicles in the United States, says that he always chooses the best hard maple for axles, whether for thimble or ordinary skeins. It is lighter and has all the necessary rigidity to secure strength and support weight, its value for general use, according to the United States standard, being higher than any wood but locust. It has too little elasticity for light work, however. Care and experience is necessary in selection of maple. If the grain is coarse, the layers will separate, like ash; such pieces and those containing sap wood should be rejected. For spokes, he selects clean, fine-grained white oak, free from gnarls and sap, and those taken from the tree two or three feet from the ground are best. For hubs, he uses rock elm, being particular to have them turned from the trunk of the tree below the large branches, and centered on the heart. For bolsters, maple or white oak, and oak for hounds, stakes, and frame work of body. For poles, fine red oak, or when this cannot be had, fine grained white oak or white ash.

CABBAGE FOR STOCK.

There is more nutritive value in cabbage, and more profit in feeding it than most farmers are aware of. Having repeatedly raised this crop for a series of years, and under various conditions, we are convinced that it will yield more good fodder on an acre—that is, more nutritive value—than any other crop, unless it be Indian corn. When fed to cows in milk, if blended with a moderate amount of other feed, it produces an unusual flow of milk, of unsurpassed quality. Cabbages require no machine to cut them, and no process of cooking or steaming. They are easily grown, and preferred, by many who have given them a fair trial, to any variety of roots. If more are raised than are required for feeding, the balance can nearly always be sold at a good profit, the larger and coarser leaves being reserved for stock at the time of pulling. Another advantage of this feed is the proportion of nitrogen contained in it, which gives superior value to the manure. When harvested they should be cut off three inches below the head, which can be done rapidly and easily by the use of large pruning shears.

BUTTER IN FRANCE.

If our dairymen need a spur, an eye-opener, a lesson which speaks volumes in three words, here is one at the head of this article. Butter is actually brought from France and sold by the New York dealers. And this is thus because there is an actual scarcity in the market of good butter put up in an attractive shape for small consumers. When we know that one dairyman gets $1.15 a pound for his products, another $1, and another 85 cts., the year round, at his dairy door, it is easily seen that it will pay to bring butter across the ocean from France, if it is only good and shapely enough to suit the fastidious purchasers who will have something nice, whatever it may cost. All this butter is made from choice cows, choicely fed on clean sweet food; the milking is done in the cleanest manner. The milk is handled as carefully as though it were nectar, the cream is churned with clock and thermometer, the butter is worked with skill, and is made up in shapely cakes, which do not require to be cut when brought to the table. Compare then, this cake—hard, golden yellow, sweet, fragrant and tempting to all the senses—with an unsightly chunk, which is cut out of a greasy keg, and smells of old age and rancidity, and is made from ill-kept cream from cows filthily lodged and carelessly milked, and is churned anyhow, and the difference is amply accounted for.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A SPADING MACHINE.

A trial was made last week on Van Rensselaer Island of a spading machine, constructed after three years' experiment by the late William E. Bleecker, of New York, and during the year since his death, by his son, Henry Bleecker, Jr. The work is done by a number of forks, each of two tines, worked by cams inside the drive wheels, which are enclosed to prevent choking by the displaced earth. The movement of the forks is somewhat similar to that of the forks on a hay-tedder. They enter the ground in front of the main shaft, and are thence carried back, lifting the soil very much as is done by the ordinary spading fork, and leaving the ground in precisely the same condition. The trial machine spaded a strip three feet wide and over 8 inches deep, as fast as a pair of horses could walk; but the displacement of so large a quantity of earth (equal to three furrows 12 inches wide and 8 inches deep), was too much for an ordinary team, and three horses were needed for this amount of work. The quality of the work was all that could be desired, leaving the field like a garden. If the machine had been made to work only 24 inches wide, an ordinary team could fit fall plowing better for seeding in the spring, at once going over, than could be done by a plow, cultivator and harrow in going over it several times.

BAD EFFECTS FROM PRUNING.

Two years ago, an apple orchard of 1,000 trees was pruned in February or March, by sawing off large limbs from the centre of trees—in some, cutting out the leader. The orchard had been bearing only a few years, and, it was thought, had been allowed to grow too thick for want of pruning. The varieties are mostly Winesaps and Janetings. For two years it has borne very thin crops, and the fruit has been small and knotty. This year it is even worse, and the Janetings, after presenting a fine bloom, failed of fruit entirely. Many trees have the outside bark black, and detached from the inner in large pieces. Others are dying, and some dead. During these years the ground has had no renewal, and but two ploughings. It was seeded to clover last winter, which has just been cut with the intention of turning in the second crop next fall. Does the want of fruitfulness and poor fruit arise from the effects of such pruning, and what course of cultivation can I pursue to overcome its injurious results, and restore a healthy and fruitful condition?

J. M.

Hillsboro, Mo.

[Without knowing all the circumstances, we cannot answer these inquiries with confidence. We are not informed whether the growth is now too feeble, or quite vigorous, or whether the weather was so severe after the pruning as to affect the trees unfavorably. Heavy pruning always renders a tree tenderer, and cutting away limbs which have shaded the trunk or large branches may have exposed the bark to the sun, and caused part of the trouble. A comparison with other trees in the same locality, which have not been pruned, would doubtless throw light on the subject. Any plowing which reaches the roots should never be done, while the trees are growing. If the trees are now thrifty in growth, we should expect them to recover in a few years; if stunted, they should be manured. Any local dead parts should be cut away (if the trees are not too far gone), and the cut surfaces painted or covered with grafting wax. We are aware, however, that any advice we could give would probably be now too late; if we could have given it beforehand, we would have advised caution in pruning, and instead of sawing out large branches, to thin only the smaller ones, equally distributed over the top, and to thin in from the outside on top rather than cut out in the centre or body of the top.]

JERSEY COWS FOR CHEESE MAKING.

We find in many of our agricultural exchanges strong endorsements of the Jersey for the cheese dairy. We shall expect next to find the Clydesdale recommended for the race course. The idea seems to get possession of some people that a thoroughbred animal of any breed is good for everything. Some of our agricultural editors recommend Jerseys not only for the butter dairy but for cheese dairies or exclusive milk dairies. Now if our improved stock is good for anything, each breed is good for the peculiar purpose for which it was established. The short horns are unequalled as meat producers. The Jerseys have no superiors in the quality and perhaps quantity of butter produced. The originators of a breed of cattle, horses or swine have had a type in view. They were establishing a breed for a specific purpose. The breed may have some usefulness outside, but its excellence must be looked for in the line sought or the originators have failed.

The Jerseys do not as a breed give large messes of milk, but it is very rich, and especially rich in butter properties. It will make cheese, and good, rich cheese no doubt, but the idea of extrolling Jerseys as cheese producers can hardly fail to strike their practical friends as ridiculous.

We take the following extract from one of our New England contemporaries:

The opinion has been almost universal that the Jersey cow could not be profitably employed in the cheese dairy, but some recent experiments, together with the analysis of cheese made from the milk of thoroughbred Jerseys, seem to point otherwise.

The Winthrop cheese factory has been in operation two seasons, and the cows that furnish the milk average more than half blood Jerseys. During the season of 1874 it averaged one pound of cheese from each 8.07 pounds of milk, but the past season the record has not been quite as favorable, requiring 8.09 pounds of milk to make one pound of cheese; although near the close of last September six small cheese were made from pure blood Jersey milk, in which only 8.02 pounds of milk were required to make one pound of cheese. With an average requirement from common cows of ten pounds of milk to make a pound of cheese, we perceive a large increased profit in favor of the Jerseys.

Nor is the decreased amount of milk required to make a pound of cheese the only merit in the Jerseys' favor, for, from an analysis made by Prof. L. B. Arnold, we learn that this Jersey cheese is very rich, fully equal to the famous Stilton cheese of England, and where, in order to produce this exceedingly rich cheese, the cream is taken off the night's milk and added to the morning's milk, thus giving a double allowance of cream to be incorporated into the cheese. This process of making Stilton cheese, which is the richest cheese known, should be a sufficient answer to one of the prominent objections urged against the advisability of keeping Jersey cows for the cheese dairy, namely, that there must be a large waste of cream in manufacturing the cheese.

Another objection has been, that Jersey cows would not give a sufficient amount of milk to make them profitable for the cheese dairy, but it seems to us that the increased richness of the milk will fully make up for lesser quantity.

Certainly the figures which are given above do not prove the point argued. 8.9 pounds of milk for a pound of cheese is less than the average, but there is not that difference which is shown between the yield of butter from Jersey and other milk. The yield of butter from Jersey milk, according to the average of our report, is from 33 to 50 per cent. greater. Now here is a remarkable yield reported of a pound of cheese from 8.02 pounds of Jersey milk in September. The writer does not state whether the green or curd weight of the cheese is given, or whether it was the first or last of September. If it was green weight and the last of September, common milk would yield as well. He compares the September yield of Jersey milk to the average season's yield of common milk. Not a very intelligent comparison. And yet he sees clearly a large increased profit in favor of the Jerseys. We like the Jerseys, and see in them great usefulness, but fail to see the wisdom of such friends as the writer of the extract quoted.

RAPID TRANSIT FOR MESSAGES.

The pneumatic tubes, says the New York *Times* of the 18th, recently laid down by the Western Union Company were opened for business yesterday morning, and before 4 o'clock in the afternoon 1,200 messages had passed through them. The tubes connect the main office with the branch offices at the Stock Exchange, in Broad street, and at the Cotton Exchange, in Pearl street. The message is incased in a sole-leather tube, covered with felting, about six inches long, like an ordinary dice-box, but with a broader flange of felting at one end, which fits tight in the brass tube. The other end is open for the reception of the rolled-up message, save that a broad elastic band holds the contents in place. Each tube can be made at will either a receiving or sending tube. Each has two valves regulated by stop-cocks, by means of which the air is either turned on or exhausted. The time of the transmission of a message is twenty-five seconds. The brass tubes run down to the basement, and thence three feet under ground down Broadway, where one turns into Wall street, and thence to Broad and the Stock Exchange, and the other, by way of Maiden Lane to Pearl street and the Cotton Exchange. At the point where the brass tubes enter the basement from Broadway are iron pipes laid above them, through which the Western Union Company will lay their wires, incased in gutta percha, for the subterranean service that they intend to substitute for the wires that now stretch along the telegraph poles in the streets of New York. Tubes are soon to be extended to the Produce Exchange, and ultimately to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and to all the important points in the city at which the Western Union has its principal agencies.

EARLY WICKEDNESS OF MARK TWAIN.

A Hartford correspondent remarks: They say Mark Twain is to lecture again, next winter, for $200 per night. Wonder whether he will tell the true story of how he persisted in getting the measles when he was a boy. It seems that they were prevalent in the neighborhood, but wouldn't strike Mark. As all the other boys had had them, he did not think this half fair, and so determined he would have 'em anyhow. To achieve this happy result, he thrice essayed a visit to a sick lad in his neighborhood, who was very much broken out. Twice was Mark driven from the house; the third time he stole up the back stairs and into the lad's room, and was in bed with him five minutes ere he was discovered and driven out with a broomstick. The result was as fine a case of the measles as was ever known in that village. As Twain says in "Tom Sawyer," the secret of making anything desirable, is to make it difficult of attainment. This is as true of the measles as of whitewashing a fence or running for the Presidency.

BRAIN INVIGORATOR.

Lancaster, Pa., July 31, 1871.

MR. JAMES I. FELLOWS:

SIR,—I am pleased to inform you that my health is improving under the use of your Hypophosphites. Excessive tax of the brain had so exhausted my body that I could neither work nor enjoy myself, and it was with difficulty that I could sleep at all. I tried rest, and active exercise, various medicinal remedies, and the most popular physicians, and accidentally heard of your Syrup in New York. I purchased three bottles at Caswell & Hazard's, and until I used that nothing relieved me. Now I can eat well, sleep well, work well and feel well, and have good reason to consider your Syrup a most surprising and capital restorer of the mind and nervous system, and advise all who have much brain work to take it. You are at liberty to use this as you may.

Yours, very truly,
JEROME SHENK,
Insurance Agent.

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AFTER THURSDAY,
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Terms liberal.
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No. 1.—Dark in color and turbid, deposits a muddy sediment on standing, has a sweet and acid taste, Orange flavor and scarcely bitter, yields on evaporation a thick syrup of inverted sugar, contains only a *microscopic trace* of *Quinine* and *Quinidine*. Is made with Orange wine.
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N.B.—The latter (CAMPBELL'S) is the only genuine "QUININE WINE" of the three samples examined.
(Signed,) JOHN BAKER EDWARDS,
Ph. D. D. C. L., F.C.S.,
Professor of Chemistry and Microscopy, Bishops' College and College of Industry, Montreal.
MESSRS. Kennth Campbell & Co.,
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WHIPS, &c,
At Prices to Suit the Times.
HENEY & LACROIX,
457 ST. PAUL STREET.
125x

CAUTION.
We understand that parties in this city are selling Wines guaranteed to be imported by us. We hereby give notice that we will only guarantee those Wines and Brandies pure and unadulterated that are sealed with our seal. Many Wines sold by others and represented as ours, are a small quantity of our Pure Wine mixed with adulterated trash and sold at less price than the duty paid on Pure Wines. No house can sell *Pure Wines as Cheap* as we can, being direct Producers. Any one that offers these goods for less are imposing on the public an inferior article with a big name. We guarantee all goods bought from us as pure as they leave the Vineyards, and request those wanting these goods to call at our Warehouse.
QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO.,
416 ST. PAUL STREET.
Family Trade Solicited. 169x

TO BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS.
French Glace Kid (first choice.)
French Patent Calf (A A, extra large.)
French Persians.
French Glove Kid (J. M. & F. brand.)
French Calfskins, S. U., extra large.
Patent Enamelled Horse Hides (Spanish.)
English Levants (cheap.)
English Strap Butts (heavy.)
Brass Shoe Rivets, all sizes, 12 to 18 gauge.
Iron Shoe Rivets, all sizes, 12 to 18 gauge.
J. B. MACDONALD,
158-1m 33 St. Nicholas street.

DUST! DUST!! Keep it down by buying HOSE and SPRINKLERS at reduced prices, at
MEILLEUR & CO.,
0-x Craig street near Bleury.

O. DESMARAIS & CO.
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
18 ST. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET.
☞ Photographs and Tin Types taken in latest styles. 165-x

BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL,
25 QUEEN STREET, SOREL.
E. G. WIGGINS, PROPRIETOR.
First-class accommodation. Wines, Liquors and Cigars of the first brand. Skiffs and Vehicles always ready. 164-25*

W. H. OLIVE,
CUSTOM HOUSE FORWARDING, COMMISSION, RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT AGENT.
Office: 130 PRINCE WILLIAM ST.,
ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK,
CANADA
20v

WALKER & WISMAN,

GENERAL
WOOD ENGRAVERS,
97½ St. James street,
Montreal.
24x eodm

HOTELS, &c.

GILSEY HOUSE,
(European Plan), corner Broadway and 29th street
29-1y JAMES H. BRESLIN, Proprietor.

PRINCE OF WALES HOUSE,
LACHINE.
Conveniently situated above the
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY STATION.
Occupies a very fine view of the river and lake. All visitors to this place should not fail to patronize this establishment.
P. CHARLEBOIS,
Proprietor.
144x

THE ANCIENT HOUSE—(Formerly known as RAPIN'S HOTEL)—54 and 56 St. Joseph street. Dinners a speciality for business men and the public generally.
Board, per month................$14.00
Dinner per month.................. 6.00
Tickets per dozen................... 3.00
Single Meal........................... 0.30
JAMES REYNOLDS, Proprietor.
Good Yard and Stabling. 144x

SEA BATHING.
THE CACOUNA HOTEL COMPANY.
ST. LAWRENCE HALL, CACOUNA.
The above Hotel will be opened on or about the 25th June next, for the reception of guests, under the able management of SAMUEL MONTGOMERY, Esq., favorably known to the public at St. Lawrence Hall and St. James Hotels, Montreal, having been brought up to the Hotel business by H. Hogan, late proprietor of the former well-known establishment. This will be a sufficient guarantee to the travelling public that nothing will be left undone on his part for the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize him.
This fashionable Canadian Watering Place is situated on the lower St. Lawrence, 120 miles below Quebec, and opposite the mouth of the far-famed Saguenay River. In the extreme heat of summer Cacouna is remarkable for its bracing air and delightful temperature.
This Hotel has accommodation for 500 guests, the rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement for comfort and convenience. Every provision is made for indoor and outdoor amusement, such as Billiards, Bowling Alleys, Croquet Grounds and Beautiful Lawns. The House commands a magnificent view seaward, inward and outward bound vessels being distinctly visible from the windows and galleries.
The attractions of Cacouna as a summer resort, combining fishing, boating and sea-bathing, are so generally known that they require no special recommendations.
The Hotel Omnibusses meet the Trains at Cacouna Station, and the Steamers at River-du-Loup Wharf.
The following scale of very moderate prices have been adopted for the season of 1876:
3 months, $30 p. month | 10 weeks, $35 per month.
2 " 40 " | 6 " 45 "
1 " 50 " | 1 week and over $2 p. day
Transient guest, $2.50.—Reasonable rates for Nurses and Children.
For further information apply to
SAMUEL MONTGOMERY,
Manager,
M. B. CAMPION, Secretary, P. O. Drawer 96, Montreal
Office, H. Hogan, Montreal. 122

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
Broadway, corner of Prince street, New York,
Board $4 a day.
26-1y BRESLIN, PURCELL & CO., Proprietors

STOVES, &c.

NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS!
NEW PRICES!
The subscriber is adding to his stock
COOKING RANGES,
COOKING STOVES and
IRON BEDSTEADS,
a select assortment of
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,
from the best English, Canadian and American makers, which, being purchased on favorable terms, he will sell at LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
Assorted Sizes of Refrigerators in Stock.
W. CLENDINNENG,
Corner Victoria Square and Craig Street.
128-eodm

TOBACCOS, &c

SMOKERS,
FOR A GOOD SMOKE
USE THE
MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO.
EACH PLUG STAMPED
T. & B.
Trade-Marks registered.
120-eod m C. N. D. OSGOODE, Agent.

STEAMERS, &c.

THE LAPRAIRIE NAVIGATION COMPANY.
On and after MONDAY, the 5th June, and until further notice, the steamer "Laprairie," Capt. Demers, will make the following trip (Sundays and holidays excepted):
From Laprairie:
5.30 a.m., 8.30 a.m., 1.00 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
From Montreal:
6.30 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 4.00 p.m., and 6.30 a.m.
108 eodm J. BROSSEAU, Secretary.

ST. LAWRENCE STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Lower St. Lawrence and Saguenay Line.
GRAND EXCURSIONS
TO THE
FAR-FAMED RIVER SAGUENAY
and Sea Bathing, Boating and Fishing at Murray Bay, Cacouna and Tadousac. The splendidly appointed steamers:
"SAGUENAY"..........................Capt. M. Lecours.
"ST. LAWRENCE"...................Capt. A. Barras.
"UNION"..................................Capt. E. Hamond.
"CLYDE"...................................Capt. P. Turgeon.
Leave Quebec every week day (Mondays excepted) at 7 A.M.
KAMOURASKA LINE,
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 7 A. M.
Return Tickets from Montreal at Excursion Rates, and all information furnished at the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company's Offices, 133 St. James Street, and at the Office Richelieu Pier, foot of Jacques Cartier Square. General Offices, 228 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
145x ALEX. MILLOY, Agent.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.
ROYAL MAIL LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN
MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.
DAY LINE. | NIGHT LINE.
Str. "Peerless." | Str. "Queen Victoria."
Str. "Prince of Wales." | Str. "Princess."
Passengers leave Bonaventure Depot by 7 a.m. or 5 p.m. Trains for Lachine to connect with Steamers for Ottawa and intermediate ports (except Saturday afternoon, when passengers leave by 3 p.m. Train for Carillon and intermediate ports *only*.)
Baggage Checked.
Meals and Staterooms extra.
Evening steamer from Ottawa will run Lachine Rapids.
EXCURSION TICKETS for CARILLON (good for one day only) at ONE FARE.
Passengers for the celebrated CALEDONIA SPRINGS will land at L'Orignal. Return Tickets *at reduced rates.*
TOURISTS will find this route one of the most PICTURESQUE in Canada.
Market steamer "Dagmar" leaves Montreal Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 a.m.; Carillon Mondays and Thursdays at 6 a.m.
Freight for all points on the OTTAWA forwarded *with despatch.*
Freight Office, 87 Common street. Tickets at Company's Office, 13 Bonaventure street, or Grand Trunk Offices.
143 R. W. SHEPHERD, President.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE.
Vessels sail regularly between
BOSTON, NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.
THOS. WILSON,
154x-eodm AGENT.

ANCHOR LINE.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS,
Sail every Saturday from
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW,
And fortnightly between
NEW YORK AND LONDON.
RATES OF PASSAGE (in U. S. Currency).
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, OR LONDONDERRY.
Cabins, $65, $75 and $80, according to accommodations.
Excursion Tickets, good for one year, $120 to $140.
STEERAGE always as low as by any other line.
The passenger accommodations of Anchor Line steamers are unsurpassed for elegance and comfort.
Company's Offices: 7 Bowling Green, N.Y.
GUSTAVE LEVE,
129x 202 St. James street, Montreal.

THE MITCHELL LINE
STEAMSHIP COMPANY
(LIMITED,)
HON. P. MITCHELL, PRESIDENT
OFFICE:
181 ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL.
162

CANADA SHIPPING CO.,
BEAVER LINE,
Between Montreal and Liverpool.
The following Steamships will sail from Quebec on or about the dates named—
"Lake Megantic," Capt. Battersby, 19th July, 1876
"Lake Nepigon," Capt. Scott, 2nd Aug., 1876.
And following fortnightly during the season.
Have superior accommodation for a limited number of Cabin Passengers.
For Freight or Passage apply to
THOMPSON, MURRAY & CO.,
135x No. 1 Custom House Square.

ALLAN LINE
Under Contract with the Government of Canada for conveyance of
CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES MAILS.
1876. SUMMER ARRANGEMEMTS, 1876.
This Company's Lines are composed of the undernoted first-class, full-powered, Clyde-built, double-engine, Iron Steamships:—

	Tons.	
Sardinian	4100	Lieut. J. E. Dutton
Circassian	3400	Capt. Jas. Wylie
Polynesian	4100	Capt. Brown.
Sarmatian	3600	Capt. A. D. Aird
Hibernian	3434	Lieut. Archer, R. N.
Caspian	3200	Capt. Trocks
Scandinavian	3000	Capt. R. S. Watts
Prussian	3000	Capt. Ritchie
Austrian	2700	Capt. H. Wylie
Nestorian	2730	Capt. Urquhart
Moravian	3400	Capt. Graham
Peruvian	3200	Lieut. W. H. Smith, R.N.
Manitoban	3150	Capt. Miller
Nova Scotian	3300	Capt. Wallace
Canadian	2600	Capt. Neil McLean
Corinthian	2400	Capt. Jas. Scott
Acadian	1350	Capt Cabel
Waldensian	2800	Capt. J. G. Stephen
Phœnician	2600	Capt. Menzies
Newfoundland	1500	Capt. Mylins

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line (sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Quebec every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land mails and passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland), are intended to be despatched
FROM QUEBEC.
Sarmatian.................................15th July
Moravian...................................22nd July
Peruvian....................................29th July
Polynesian.................................5th August
Sardinian...................................12th August
Circassian..................................19th August
RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC:
Cabin...........................$80, $70, and $50
According to accommodation.
Intermediate...................................$40
Steerage...$25
The Steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to sail from the Clyde every Tuesday, and from Quebec on or about every Thursday.
FROM QUEBEC:
Canadian about........................27th July
Austrian about...........................——
Phœnician.................................——
Waldensian................................——
Rates of passage:—
Cabin..$60
Intermediate...................................$40
Steerage...$25
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.
Berths not secured until paid for.
Corkage will be charged at rate of 2s stg. per bottle to cabin passengers supplying their own wines or liquors.
For freight or other particulars apply—In Portland, to H. & A. ALLAN, or J. L. FARMER; in Quebec, to ALLANS, RAE & CO.; in Havre, to JOHN M. CURRIE, 21 Quai D'Orleans; in Paris, to GUSTAVE BOSSANGE, 25 Quai Voltaire; in Antwerp, to AUG. SCHMITZ & CO., or RICHARD BERNS; in Rotterdam, to G. P. ITTMAN & ZOON; in Hamburg, to W. GIBSON & HUGO; in Bordeaux, to LAFITTE & VANDERCRUYCE, or E. DEPAS & CO.; in Belfast, to CHARLEY & MALCOLM; in London, to MONTGOMERIE & GREENHORNE, 17 Grace Church street; in Glasgow, to JAMES & ALEX. ALLAN, 70 Great Clyde street; in Liverpool, to ALLAN BROTHERS, James street; in Chicago, to ALLAN & Co., 72 La Salle street; or to
H. & A. ALLAN,
Corner of YOUVILLE and COMMON STREETS.

DOMINION LINE.—This line is composed of the following first-class full-powered, Clyde-built Steamships, and is intended to perform a regular service between LIVERPOOL, QUEBEC and MONTREAL, in SUMMER:—

Montreal	3250 Tons (building),	
Dominion	3200 "	Capt. Roberts,
Ontario	3200 "	Capt. Bouchette,
Memphis	2500 "	Capt. Mellon,
Texas	2350 "	Capt. Laurenson,
Mississippi	2200 "	Capt. Lindall,
Quebec	2200 "	Capt. Thearle,
St. Louis	1824 "	Capt. Reid,

These vessels have very superior accommodation for Cabin and Steerage Passengers, and pre-paid tickets are issued at reduce prices to those desirous of bringing out their friends.
Sailing from Liverpool every Wednesday, calling at Belfast Lough to take in cargo and passengers, and from Quebec.
"Memphis,"...........................13th July.
"Dominion"..........................27th July.
"Texas"................................3rd Aug.
"Quebec"..............................10th Aug.
"Mississippi"........................17th Aug.
Rates of passage.—
Cabin..........................$50.00 to $60.00
Steerage........................24.00
Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices in Canada.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Havre to M. Generstal, or Washington Finlay; in Paris, to M. N. Gilbert, 5 Rue Scribe; in Hamburg, to August Behrens; in Bordeaux, to M. M. Faur Freres; in Christiana, to R. Raffell, 4 Store Strandgate; in Copenhagen, to P. M. Kolle, 18 Sanctannsplades; in Bergin, to Michael Krong, Consul; in London, to Bowring & Jamieson, Langbourn Chambers, 17 Fenchurch street; in Belfast, to Henry Gowan Queen's Square; in Liverpool, to Flinn, Minn & Montgomery, 24 James street; in Quebec, to W. M. Macpherson; and in Montreal to J. Battersby, 138 St. James street; or, to
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
5 Exchange Court.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE
at the STAR OFFICE

RAILROADS.

BOSTON AND MONTREAL
AIR LINE.
SHORTEST ROUTE, VIA CENTRAL VERMONT RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS, commencing May 29th, 1876.
Day Express leaves Montreal at 9.00 a.m. for Boston, *via* Lowell, at 3.00 p.m.
Train for Waterloo leaves Montreal at 2.45 p.m.
Night Express leaves Montreal at 3.00 p.m., to Boston, *via* Lowell, Lawrence or Fitchburg; also, for New York, *via* Springfield or Troy, arriving in Boston at 7.15 a.m., and New York *via* Troy, at 7.00 a.m., and *via* Springfield at 12.30 p.m.
TRAINS GOING NORTH AND WEST.
Day Express leaves Boston *via* Lowell, at 8 a.m., Troy at 8.30 a.m., connecting with fast mail train leaving New York at 4.00, arriving in Montreal at 9.20 p.m.
Night Expresses leaves Boston at 6 p.m., *via* Lowell and New York at 3 p.m., *via* Springfield, and *via* Troy at 4 p.m., arriving in Montreal at 8.45 a.m.
Pullman Sleeping Cars are attached to the Night Express Trains running between Montreal and Boston, and Montreal and Springfield, and Wagner Sleeping Cars between St. Albans and New York *via* Troy.
Pullman Drawing-room Cars on Day Express Trains between Montreal and Boston.
For tickets and freight rates, apply at Vermont Central R.R. Office, No. 136 St. James street.
J. W. HOBART, Gen'l Supt.
St. Albans, Vt., May 27th, 1876. 155

MONTREAL AND BOSTON
AIR LINE.
ONLY DIRECT, QUICKEST, AND UNRIVALLED SCENERY ROUTE
TO
LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG, WHITE and FRANCONIA MOUNTAINS, PORTLAND, BOSTON NEW YORK, all points East and South, and
THE CENTENNIAL.
Continuous trains, superb equipments, smooth road-bed, polite emplyoyees, parlor and sleeping-cars, unexcelled restaurants at convenient points.
On and after Monday, June 5th, Trains will leave Montreal as follows:
Day Express, with Parlor Car, at..............9 a.m
Night Express, with Pullman Sleeping Car, at 3 p.m
Choice of 15 different routes of Centennial Tickets at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
Send Postage or call for Centennial Circular.
Remember this is the only pleasure travel route to
PORTLAND, BOSTON, NEW YORK AND THE CENTENNIAL.
Insure satisfaction by calling at the General Office, before purchasing tickets.
202 ST. JAMES STREET, 202,
H. E. FOLSOM,
Superintendent.
GUSTAVE LEVE,
Can. Pass. Agent. 146x

NEW ROUTE SOUTH,
VIA
DELAWARE & HUDSON CANAL CO'S
RAILROADS.
If you are going to SARATOGA, TROY, ALBANY, NEW YORK, or
TO THE CENTENNIAL,
TAKE THE
NEW YORK & CANADA SHORT LINE.
WHY? Because it is the *shortest route*, makes *better time* and *surer connection* at terminal points; is the only line running coaches through to Saratoga and Albany, gives passengers privilege of taking rail or steamer between Plattsburg and Fort Ticonderoga, and stop over at Saratoga, to which place no other line can carry you.
This line carries the THROUGH MAILS and EXPRESS between New York and Montreal.
Trains leave Montreal at 6:45 a.m., for Saratoga, Troy, Albany; arrive in New York at 9:30 p.m same day.
3:00 p.m. Sleeping Car from Rouse's Point to New York without change, arrives in New York at 7:00 a.m.
Tickets to all points AS LOW AS ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars apply at the Company's Office,
No. 143 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL,
S. E. MAYO, Gen. Pass. Agent.
J. N. BOCKUS,
100 Ticket Agent.

MANUFACTURING WORKS.

DRAIN PIPES AND CONNECTIONS, FIRE-BRICKS, FIRE-CLAY, GAS RETORTS, VENT LININGS,
And all kinds of FIRE CLAY GOODS FOR SALE.
Manufacturers of
Sofa, Chair, Mattress, Springs.
85 COMMON STREET, between Nazareth and Duke street, Canal Basin.
124-eodxm

IRON RAILING
AND
ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.
Call and see samples, or send for cuts and prices.
H. R. IVES & CO.,
QUEEN STREET,
144 eodmx Montreal.

CHANTELOUP'S
ELECTRIC BURGLAR ALARMS,
LECLANCHE BATTERIES,
FIRE ALARM LINES,
AND
INSTRUMENTS MADE AND ERECTED;
CHANTELOUP,
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDER,
Nos. 587 to 593 Craig Street,
MONTREAL. 53x

DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENT,
ROMAN CEMENT,
AMERICAN CEMENT,
WATER LIME,
FIRE BRICKS
AND
CLAY.
WILLIAM McNALLY,
62 McGill and 77 Grey Nun streets.
154x

SUPERIOR FOUNDRY CO.
(LIMITED)
IRON FOUNDERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF STOVES,
HOLLOWWARE, &c.
OFFICE AND FOUNDRY:
1 to 29 Dalhousie Street.
152x

J. BARSALOU & CO.
Beg to call the attention of their numerous friends and the public generally, to the fact that they have completed the EXTENSIVE SOAP FACTORY and are now prepared to furnish the Trade with all classes of Soap, from the common Bar to the finest Laundry.
All orders punctually attended to, and best of satisfaction guaranteed.
J. BARSALOU & CO.,
SOAP MANUFACTURERS,
Cor. St. Catherine and Durham Sts.
110x

LIST OF STORES
AT WHICH THE
EVENING STAR
IS SOLD IN THE CITY.

A	
Acton, R.	1317 St Cath
Allen	63½ St. Joseph.
Allen	87 St. Antoine.
Aubin, F.	216 St. Maurice.
Austin, Mrs.	536 St. Joseph.
Aiken	658 St. Joseph
Archambault	19½ St. Urbain
B	
Battle Bros	21 Bleury.
Bell, Mrs.	205 Lagauchetiere.
Berlinguet	580 St Catherine.
Brienne, C.	25 Roy.
Boyd	90 St. Antoine.
Brennan	19 St. Antoine.
Bridgman, Geo.	1345 St. Catherine.
Brazeau	St. Lawrence Hall.
Brown, Mrs.	243 Craig.
Bradford, Mrs.	69 St. Martin.
Burke	97 Bleury
Burdon	655 St. Joseph
Boucher	422 St. Mary
Braig	449 St. Mary
Black	133 Grand Trunk
Bourdon	210 St. Lawrence
C	
Callahan	69 St. Constant.
Cocker	80 Grand Trunk.
Crowe	35 McCord.
Clarke	Corner Colborne and Otta
Condrey	72 Shann
Cullen	165 Wellingt
Cunningham	6 Bleur
Cooper	43 Jur
Cope	463½ St. Lawrence Ma
Connor	141 Colleg
Chisholm & Bro.	Bonaventure Dep
Craig, J. W., & Co.	Corner St. Urbain & Vit
Cowper	4 St. Urba
Clement	Corner St. Denis and Cra
Courtenay	155 Cra
Collins	699 Cra
Charest	68 St. Antoi
Copeman	1,639 St. Catheri
Carpenter	1217 St. Catheri
Carmody	188 Bleur
Carlow, Mrs.	229 St. Catheri
Cornellier	292 Amhe
Coupland	151 St. Antoi
Cunningham	36 Aylm
Campbell	403 St. Cathe
Church	14 Barr
Cassidy	Corner City Councillor and May
Crepau	320 Onta
Clement	Corner Drolet and Ro
Costello	Corner Ottawa and McCo
Clark	57 McCo
Campbell	301 Papineau R
Cusson	271 Bonavent
Connor	63 Bonavent
Crawford	612 St. Jose
Chauzy	Cor. Visitation and Lagauche
Coyle	349 St. Ma
D	
Dedrand, V.	2 St. Cather
Depati	436 St. Cather
Doyle	171 McCo
Dionne	34 St Phi
Delesdernier	73 St. Ma
Doyle	49 La
Donaldson	1442 St. Cather
Dube	91 St. An
Drew	84 Bleu
Demers	65½ St. Lawre
Dennis	327 St. Lawre
De Bachin	Opposite Nelson Monum
Drum	115 McCo
E	
Enwright	20 Smi
Espie	105 Mount
F	
Finch	74 Bleu
Fisher	Opposite Post Of
Fords	233 Bleu
Forbs	1138 St. Cather
Flood	Corner St. Constant and Lagauche
Fanning	772 Onta
Foulis	791 Onta
Fraser	60 Cadie
Franklin	166 Bonavent
Flanagan	Cor. Dalhousie and Ott
Fauchille	802
Fortin	328 St. Lawre
Faudville	500½ St. Cather
G	
Geen	491 St. Jos
Gillis	72 Mu
Geen	18 Upper M
Greaves	816 St. Cathe
Gougeon	633 Bonavent
Groome	472 St. Domi
Greenleaf	154 St. An
Gulligan	80 V
Geffney	135 Mo
Gardner	40 St. An
Gunn	529 Dorch
H	
Harmer	164 St. An
Hands	22
Hedges	413 St. Lawrence M
Hartnett	70 Grand T
Harwood	Corner Dominion and D
Humphreys, W. S.	1197 St. Cathe
Harding	118 Co
Hewson	781
Heaney	755½
Hilman	983 St. Cath
Hughes	335 St. Law
Harkin	160 St. Law
Higginson	956 St. Jo
Higgins	22
Hinton	66 Papineau
Hellman	81 Lagauche
Henderson	67 St. Lawr
I	
Inglis	1213 St. Cather
Irvine	533 St. N
J	
Jones	30 Bonavent
Johnson, Miss	279 St. M
Johnson	46 St. George Hyd
Johnson	Corner Amherst and Dorche
Johnson	28 L
Jarvis	181 Naz
Jordan	271 St. An
K	
Kelty	121 St. An
Kennedy	194 St. Ant
Kavanagh	Corner St. George and V
Kenny	Corner St. George and V
Kelly	531 St. M
Kunbly	176 Bonave
King	77 Lagauch
L	
Lyon	146 Bonave
Le Cappelan	238 St.
Lowe	488 Wi
Lapierre	623 St. Lawrence M
Labdon	131 Ble
Lawlor	1 Papineau Sq
Lyons	490 Bonave
Lowe	63 St. Ig
Lussier	13 St. Law
Leach	Cor. Bonsecours and C
Leslie	St. Lawrence Ma
Longden	461 St. Lawr
M	
MacGowan	141 Otta
MacRae	62½ St. Jose
MacLaren	325 Seigne
MacLaughlin	79 Welling
Maid	1,210 St. Jos
Maguire	112 Cen
MacElwaine	148½ Cen
Morning	8 Com
Morrison	301 Ot
McEllicott	Corner Juror and Her
Middlemiss	Corner Juror and Herm
MacPherson	483 Dorche
MacCloskey	158 St. Lawrence M
Mulligan	468 Lagauche
Montreuil	278 St. Lawrence M
McIntosh	Corner St. Antoine and Moun
Murgatroyd	790 C
MacConkey	1,371 St. Cathe
MacDonald	924 St. Cathe
Murray	634 St. Cathe
Morin	434 St. Cathe
Massey	427 Migno
McCallion	135 K
Maloney	146 St. An
McCloskey	875 St. Cathe
Maloney	Cor. St. Phillip and V
Morrow	470 Dorche
Moore	292 St. Ge
McRae	1 Grand T
Murphy	33
McNulty	Cor. Canning and Bonave
McLeod	536 St. Ja
Moyes	92½ C
Martin	Mount Rose P. O., Cote St. An
N	
Neher, M.	17 Richmond
Nagle	Corner Fulford and Co
Norman	168 St. Jo
Norman	113 St. Ma
Newman	573
O	
O'Hagan	105 St. An
O'Mealy	183 St. An
O'Rourke	3 Ande
O'Coughlin	Corner Juror and Bl
O'Neill	475 St. M
O'Reilly	24
Owen	Corner Conde and Ce
Oppenheimer	489 St. Jo
O'Brien	[illegible]
P	
Perrault	Corner Mignonne and St. Con
Potter	535 Bonaven
Poole	103
Post Office	St. Jean Baptiste Vi
Pattingale	324 St. An
Pringle	273 St. An
Prioux	916 St. Cathe
Pesant	576 St. Cathe
Parker	521 St. Je
Payette	569 St. Cath
Q	
Quinn	753 St. Jo
R	
Robert	Corner Amherst and Dorch
Rosser, W.	113 Bl
Reay, R.	654 Dorch
Richer	465 Lagauch
Robertson	525 St Lawrence
Ryan	515 St. Lawrence
Robert	73 Cam
Roche	52 Dorch
Renouf	10 Chaboillez
Redmond	4 Chaboillez S
Reid	651 St. J
Rivard	Corner St. George and G
Ratelle	122 Bonave
Rodgers	64 St. U
Reily	20½ St. U
Raiter	10 Manufactu
Rose	705
[illegible]	[illegible]
S	
St. James	96 Can
Smith	362 St. Jo
Styles	188 Bonave
Seers	35 Welling
Slattery	80 St. Maur
Stafford	116 Mu
Sutcliffe	130 O
Stone	42 St. U
Scott	468 Dorch
Sullivan	464 Dorch
Stewart	10 Rado
Stanley	781
Summerhayes	206
Sharkey	566 St.
Sym	656 St.
St. Quintin	10 Dupr
Stouge	511 Bonav
Sheehan	142 St.
Sanders	141
Savage	266
Smith	375 Wel
Swift	437 Mi
T	
Thibaudeau	394 St.
Taggett	77
V	
Vignette	212 M