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## FLOWERS MARK BIRTHDAY OF EXILED KAISER

SINCE FRIDAY BOUQUETS HAVE POURED IN FROM FORMER SUPPORTERS.

Amerongen, Sunday, Jan. 26—(By The Associated Press)—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, will awake on his sixtieth birthday tomorrow morning to find his apartments in Amerongen castle a bower of flowers sent by many German admirers in Germany and Holland.

Since Friday bouquets have been arriving in great quantities from school girls and former supporters in Germany.

At the same time every mail brings piles of letters and telegrams, most of which are of a congratulatory nature. However, there are dozens of caricatures and letters of abuse. The letters undergo a double censorship. First the Dutch authorities look over them to prevent intrigues. In the second instance a servant of the former Emperor inspects the letters and permits only those communications which he considers will please him to reach the Emperor.

Much adverse comment has been heard in Holland regarding the proposed concert which was to have been given Saturday in the castle in the presence of the former Emperor by the Amerongen church choir. It was reported that the concert would be given in honor of the Emperor's birthday. The outcry was so great that the concert was abandoned.

The veil which up to this time has hidden William Hohenzollern's daily life from the public has been lifted slightly and shows that he employs his day in the humdrum fashion usual among country gentlemen who do not frequent society. He never wears uniforms nowadays, although many uniforms, including those of all the German Guards regiments, and several general's outfits were brought across the frontier when William Hohenzollern left Germany. The exile wears civilian clothes made by the local tailor at Zeist.

Those who have noticed the gradual change in the former Emperor's appearance, scarcely recognized the elderly civilian with the short white hair and Van Dyke beard and somewhat thinned gray hair, which, however, still is in good condition considering his age.

The former Emperor, it is said, is beginning to realize the change in his position with the departure for Germany of many attendants who had been with him for long periods and to whose presence he had become accustomed.

**Buenos Aires Bitter.**  
Buenos Aires, Jan. 27—Commenting on the birthday of the former German Emperor, one of the afternoon papers says: "Though it is impossible to find anyone in Europe to celebrate the Kaiser's birthday, there are many here who did. Even the German schools were closed. Teaching the children homage to the author of the Lusitania crime. Why must Buenos Aires have this blot upon it?"

### SWIFT SEQUEL TO WINNIPEG RIOTS.

Winnipeg, January 27—As a direct outcome of yesterday's rioting, three men appeared in the police court today. None of these were soldiers.

Max Irwin was fined six dollars and costs, for disorderly conduct on the streets. James McGillivray charged with wild damage, and John Burns, alias Guy Hall, charged with trespassing, were remanded until Tuesday. McGillivray is alleged to have entered the Oriental Hotel, and to have wilfully smashed certain articles therein. Burns was arrested in the store of Michael Ert.

### SITUATION IN BARCELONA BECOMES DISQUIETING

Barcelona, Spain, Jan. 27—The situation in Barcelona is becoming disquieting and numerous street fights occur daily, especially at night between Catalinists and followers of Count Romanones, the Spanish Premier. Several persons have been wounded in these clashes. It was reported today that two were killed in a clash last night, but the Minister of the Interior issued an official denial saying that they were wounded. The police are making wholesale visitations to private houses and many weapons have been found and confiscated.

### DEFINITE RESULTS OF GERMAN ELECTION

Paris, Jan. 27—The Frankfort Gazette gives as the definite results of the elections to the German Assembly 165 Social Democrats; 91 Centrists; 75 Democrats; 38 Conservatives; 22 National Liberals and 22 Independents.

### HALIFAX EXPECTS STEAMER MEGANTIC.

Halifax, N.S., January 27—The steamer Megantic with American and Canadian returning troops on board, is reported off the harbor tonight, and is expected to dock in the morning.

## WHY WINTERFELDT RESIGNED OFFICE

HIS DIGNITY AND GERMANY'S OFFENDED BY LATEST ARMISTICE TERMS.

Paris, Jan. 27—(Havas)—It appears from accounts received here that the resignation of General D. von Winterfeldt, as a member of the German armistice commission was handed in because the General said, his dignity and that of his country had been offended.

Commenting on this the Paris newspapers characterize the resignation as part of a plan for a reactionary campaign. They point out that the German wireless service gives what they characterize as an "extremely insolent" account of the incident, indicating that the new Berlin Government feels itself strengthened since the National Assembly election and the crushing of the Spartacists and again feels free to use haughty language.

The warm approval of General Winterfeldt's action expressed by the Berlin press is indicated as another of the numerous symptoms of the revival of the German imperialistic spirit which may be found in some degree in everything coming out of Germany, the Paris newspapers contend.

All the newspapers declare that the Allies will have to watch closely the efforts of conquered Germany to rise again, one of the commentators declaring: "The recently humble are again ready to become arrogant."

### Evident Distrust.

Amsterdam, Jan. 27—General von Winterfeldt in announcing his resignation from the armistice commission, according to an official German announcement, said Marshal Foch's demand for an extension of the bridgehead six miles east of Strasbourg constituted distrust of the commission's labors.

## UNREST AMONG RETURNED MEN

NEW YORK POLICE RESERVES AND NAVAL GUARD METTING.

New York, Jan. 27—Police reserves and a naval guard put a prompt end to a meeting of discharged soldiers, sailors and marines tonight at which speakers criticized organized government.

The meeting was held in the Rand School of Social Science under the auspices of the "Soldiers, Sailors and Marines' Protective Association" to discuss the question of unemployment. Members of the Board of Aldermen participated in the discussion.

Before the meeting came to an end a resolution had been adopted which said: "We demand from the national, state and city government, decent wages under decent conditions for every discharged member of the armed forces of the United States and we demand that such jobs shall not be secured by the discharge of working people now employed and dependent upon their employment for a living. And we demand that such jobs shall be secured by the increase of public works, by the shortening of the working day throughout industry and by such other measures as will not throw others out of work."

## SOLDIERS DEMAND EJECTION OF ALL FOREIGN WORKERS

WINNIPEG FIRM GIVEN THREE DAYS TO DISCHARGE ENEMY ALIENS.

Winnipeg, Man., January 27—Timely action by Mayor Charles F. Gray, and Brigadier-General H. D. Ketchen was the only thing which saved a most threatening situation at the big packing plant of the Swift Canadian Company at Elmwood, a suburb of Winnipeg, this afternoon. With a large crowd of returned men and sympathizers clamoring at the gates of the establishment, Mayor Gray mounted an improvised platform and with Gen. Ketchen, succeeded in getting the men to at least refrain from raiding the plant and ejecting the alien employees bodily, a course which was pursued by the soldiers at several places which they later visited.

This action by the Mayor and General Ketchen was taken at the outset of the afternoon's programme of the men. They had gone to the packing plant to demand that all aliens be replaced by white labor. Just when things looked their worst, the Mayor and General Ketchen appeared on the scene. The latter spoke first, urging the men not to hamper the work being carried out in their behalf by wiser counsels and to go back to the city and give the manager of the plant a chance to dismiss the aliens.

The crowd waited until the General had spoken, and then hurled epithets at the manager, W. R. Ingram, who was present and tried to address them. Mayor Gray then mounted the railings and in almost dramatic terms appealed for British fair play.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 27—Winnipeg returned soldiers have agreed to give employers a chance to hear and answer their demands. The biggest crowd of soldiers which have so far assembled, visited the packing plant of Swift and Company here this afternoon and demanded that all enemy foreigners be removed from the plant.

Mayor Gray and Brigadier-General Ketchen, Officer Commanding the Military District, were there before them. The latter appeared at the gates of the plant accompanied by W. R. Ingerham, Manager of Swift. Mr. Ingerham told the soldiers that foreigners would be forced from the plant to make room for returned soldiers if necessary. General Ketchen pleaded with the men to listen to reason.

"Give the employers a chance to adjust themselves to changed conditions," he said.

The soldiers agreed to give Swift and Company three days to remove from their payroll the workers objected to by the veterans. Then the crowd turned towards the city again. The packing house of Swift and Company is in Elmwood, a suburb several miles east of the centre of the town. It is said that the railway shops and other places where foreigners are employed in large numbers are to be stormed in turn by the returned soldiers, unless their demands are acceded to at once. The soldiers today are in full force and it is probable that they will seek a new outlet for their activities before the day is over.

## The Weather

Toronto, January 27—A moderate cold wave is moving towards the Lower St. Lawrence Valley from Hudson Bay. The temperature has been some what lower than yesterday in Northern Ontario and Quebec, but the weather is still comparatively mild throughout the Dominion.

Temperatures: Min. Max.

Victoria	40	46
Vancouver	40	49
Calgary	14	48
Battleford	6	20
Prince Albert	14	26
Moose Jaw	15	22
Saskatoon	5	22
Medicine Hat	22	46
Minnedosa	20	26
Port Arthur	16	34
Parry Sound	28	32
London	25	40
Toronto	30	39
Kingston	32	34
Ottawa	22	34
Montreal	22	34
Quebec	18	30
St. John	22	38
Halifax	30	42

Forecasts:  
Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay: Fresh southwest and west winds, fair and mild.  
Upper St. Lawrence and the Ottawa Valley: A little colder and mostly fair; local snow flurries.  
Lower St. Lawrence Gulf and North Shore: Northwest winds, fair and colder.  
Lake Superior District: Fresh westerly winds, fair and a little colder.  
Western Provinces: Fine, not much change in temperature.  
Maritime Provinces: Strong north-west winds, fair and somewhat colder.

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## PEACE CONFERENCE MADE A BIG GAIN YESTERDAY

NINETEEN SMALL POWERS GAVE FULL ADHESION TO ORGANIZATION FORMULATED BY FIVE GREAT ONES—RESULT LARGELY DUE TO CAMBON'S SKILL.

Paris, Jan. 27—(By The Associated Press)—The peace conference today made a distinct gain when the nineteen small powers gave full adherence to the organization formulated by the five great powers thus securing a united front of the great and small powers at the outset of the work on the main subjects before the members of the commission.

This was largely due to the skilful direction of Jules Cambon, French delegate and former Ambassador at Washington, who was designated by the council of the great powers to preside over the meeting of the small powers held this afternoon. This meeting convened at the Foreign Office at three o'clock, at the same time the council of the great powers met, the two separate gatherings proceeding simultaneously, one in the office of M. Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, and the other in the Salle De La Paix.

For a time there was some apprehension of the sequel to the different views expressed at Saturday's conference, but today's meeting of the small powers was without incident or renewal of the claims then set up for increased representation on the various committees. Belgium, Serbia, Rumania and all the other small powers had their full delegations at the afternoon meeting.

M. Cambon, in opening the meeting, took occasion to allude to the great part Belgium had taken in the war. He then paid a tribute to the part played by Serbia, Rumania, Greece and the others. This dissipated any lingering shadows of disagreement and the meeting proceeded with entire harmony to designate the membership of the small powers on the commission.

In the meantime the council of the great powers held two sessions during the day resulting in the formation of two new committees, to deal with financial subjects and the question of private and maritime laws.

While the official communiques give no indication of the nature of the "question of maritime law", it would seem to be a term embracing President Wilson's second point, of freedom of the seas.

### German Colonies.

The council also proceeded to hearings of the disposition of the conquered German colonies in the Pacific and the Far East, a final conclusion not being reached. The conference is giving evidence of real progress since the committees were named, and most of these bodies began to initiate their work today.

President Wilson, who is chairman of the committee on the league of nations, joined his colleague, Colonel House, also a member of that committee, during the noon recess of the council. Later in the day Lord Robert Cecil, British member of the committee, joined him in a further consideration of the questions which the President and Colonel House had examined.

The Labor Commission also began to get under way. President Wilson met Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, James Duncan, John R. Alpine and other members of the American Labor delegation, for a brief exchange of greetings, and later, Mr. Gompers and Edward N. Hurley, who are the American members of the Labor Commission, held their first conference on the work ahead.

The Military Commission on demobilization also had a session, while M. Pichon completed the draft of instructions for the commission which leaves for Poland in a few days.

Henry White, the American delegate on the Waterways Commission also established relations with his colleagues of that body.

Thus, real progress on all the main subjects is becoming apparent as the commissions are beginning to formulate detailed projects for presentation to the conference.

## ISMAL KEMAL BEY IS DEAD

DEMISE OF FORMER PRESIDENT OF PROVISIONAL ALBANIAN GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED.

London, Jan. 27—Ismail Kemal Bey, former President of the Provisional Government of Albania, is dead.

Ismail Kemal Bey came into prominence in 1908 when as deputy for Berat he was suspected of being the leader of the Young Turk revolt. He was about 76 years old and a member of an ancient noble family. He rose from a subordinate position in the Turkish Government service to that of diplomat and state councillor.

Owing to his liberal reform opinions he was obliged to flee from Turkey and lived for a number of years in exile in London and Paris. Later he went to Albania and from Macedonia was said to have managed the 1908 revolution in Turkey. In 1912 he proclaimed the independence of Albania and became provisional president. He relinquished the post in 1914 and was reported last year to be in Paris.

### Simultaneous Meetings.

Two simultaneous meetings of peace conference delegates were held at the French Foreign Office this afternoon. One was the session of the Supreme Council consisting of the five great powers, while the other was attended by the smaller powers. Both meetings were executive and newspaper representatives were not admitted.

The conference of representatives of the smaller powers adjourned at five o'clock after a most agreeable and harmonious session. The delegates completed their representations to the conference committees without incident.

### Military Commission.

The committee appointed by the Supreme Council to consider how many Allied and American troops shall be kept on the western front, held a meeting today and received reports from experts concerning the situation on the Rhine and in Germany. Progress, it is reported was made in clearing up the situation, but much remains to be done before the committee is in a position to make a final recommendation to the Supreme Council concerning the exact number of soldiers of each nationality required for garrison purposes in Germany and the maintenance of the frontier against any possible contingency.

It is learned that the determination of the American War Department to return the American troops now in Europe to their homes will not be effected by any decision reached by the committee. There will be no departure from the plan arranged for the return of the troops. Allowance having been made in advance for the retention in Germany and Russia of all American soldiers regarded as forming a fair quota for the United States.

### HAIR COMING OUT?

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of Danderine at any drug store for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications the hair stops coming out and you can't find any dandruff.

By Appointment  
H. M. King George VI

### Our Men's Sale

## Is Being Fully Appreciated

Judging by the heavy purchases made by scores of far-seeing men, this sweeping sale is an opportunity they have long been waiting for.

Heavy Winter Peak Caps,  
Good O'Coats,  
Fine Shirts,  
Well Fitting Ties,  
Superior Socks,  
Smoking Jackets,  
Fur Caps,  
Fur Gloves,

All Less 20 %

We are of the opinion that such things as we are selling cannot be had for considerably more dollars than we have marked them.

# Holt, Rensfrew & Co.

Limited

## Special This Week

Walsh's Colonial Lawn Notepaper, Regent size.....75c lb.  
Walsh's Colonial Lawn Envelopes, Regent size.....75c lb.  
Walsh's Colonial Lawn Notepaper, Boudoir size.....75c lb.  
Walsh's Colonial Lawn Envelopes, Boudoir size.....75c lb.  
A very good quality of Linen Notepaper, for 75c lb., while it lasts.

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11 ST. JOHN STREET QUEBEC

## ENGAGEMENT AND WEDDING RINGS

THERE is no purchase in our entire life that demands the discriminating care and thoughtfulness that should be given to the selection of the Engagement Ring.

A refined sentiment suggests as the appropriate token a perfect stone in a perfect setting. The diamonds we show pass all the accepted tests of perfection. The mountings in platinum and gold in a great variety of exquisite designs of our own creation are in every sense perfect.

### THE WEDDING RING

The sentiment represented by the Wedding Ring suggests the wisdom of a careful and intelligent advised selection. Our stock of Wedding Rings in 14, 18 and 22 karat gold includes a most complete range of sizes, styles and widths. Included also are the new and fashion favored Rings in carved gold, gold and platinum and all platinum and diamond set Wedding Rings.

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Of Interest to Women

THE LATEST  
From Queen Fashion's Paris Court



Copyright, 1918, by Public Ledger Company.  
Paris, January 27.—For the South, Paris is still favoring the lovely soft, wooly coats. This model is in white, daintily checked with royal blue squares.

EVA A. TINGEY.

Social and Personal

Mr. Edouard Tanguay has left for Toronto and New York.

Lieut. Paul Basset spent the weekend in Montreal, the guest of his parents.

Miss Yvette Marsan, of Montreal, is in town, the guest of Mrs. J. A. Lavery.

Miss Letellier, daughter of Hon. Judge B. Letellier, received at the tea hour Sunday.

Mrs. L. P. Pelletier received on Sunday in honor of Miss Paulette Loranger, of Montreal.

Mr. Ed. Mercier, son of Alderman Mercier, is in town from Montreal, the guest of his parents.

Mr. Errol Scott has returned to town from New York, where he spent a few weeks visiting friends.

Mrs. L. H. Gagne gave a bridge party on Friday in honor of Miss Paulette Loranger, of Montreal.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid has left New York for England to rejoin her daughter, Lady Ward, in London.

The many friends of Mrs. P. F. Bowen will regret to learn that she is suffering from a serious attack of influenza.

Miss Grace Carroll, who spent some time in Quebec, the guest of Miss Anita Chabouat, returned to Montreal on Saturday.

Miss Raymonde Tanguay will receive today at the tea hour, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Georges Tanguay, The Ramparts.

Miss Adrienne Decarie, daughter of Hon. Jerome Decarie, arrived in town yesterday from Montreal, and is the guest of Miss Gabrielle Paradis.

Mrs. Norman F. McCaghey will receive Thursday afternoon next from 4 to 6 at the residence of her mother-in-law, Mrs. W. D. McCaghey, 28 Hobart street.

The many friends of Captain de Caspe Audette, M.C., will be sorry to learn that he is leaving Quebec for Ottawa, where he will be attached to the General Staff.

Lieut. Jacques Paré has returned

from overseas after spending two years on service, and is now staying with his parents, Hon. P. J. and Mrs. Paradis, Laporte street.

Miss Dorothy Currier, Physical Directress at the Y.W.C.A., returned to town yesterday morning from Boston, where she was called owing to the death of her brother.

Mrs. Marguerite Roy has issued invitations for a tea and dance to be held on Sunday next at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Roy, Claire Fontaine street.

Hon. C. E. Delage left yesterday for Rimouski, where he will represent the Council of Public Instruction at the funeral of the late Msgr. Blais, which takes place this morning.

The marriage took place on Saturday afternoon in St. James' Anglican Church, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., of the third Earl of Dunblain, of Nottingham, England, to Miss Sarah C. Turngren Dye, of Chicago. The Earl and Countess were guests yesterday at the New Windsor Hotel, Sault Ste. Marie. After a few days in the Algoma district they will visit the bride's home in Chicago. From there they will go to England. The Earl of Dunblain met the Countess first in Chicago last summer.

Mrs. Mary R. Gooderham, President of the National Council of the Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire, has issued the following notice: "The National Executive, Imperial Order, Daughters of the Empire, wish to call the attention of the Daughters of the Empire to the wedding gift for Her Royal Highness Patricia of Connaught, and would suggest that members of the Order contributing to this gift from the people of Canada, should send their contributions through the channels designated in the press of each locality or province."

A poetess is among the English baronesses since Mr. Fisher Wentworth Dilke (Royal Berkshire Regiment) has succeeded his cousin, Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke. The new Lady Dilke is in literary circles known

as Miss Ethel Clifford, daughter of Mrs. W. K. Clifford, the popular novelist, and of the late Professor Clifford, and she is particularly associated in the public mind with the famous song "McKisland in the Wood," of which she is the author. Sir Fisher and Lady Dilke have three sons. The widowed Lady Dilke, whose marriage took place as recently as 1915, hails from New South Wales, being Florence Pearl, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Henry Montague Faithful, M.A.

The Bishop of Montreal and Mrs. Farthing entertained at Bishops Court, Montreal, on Saturday afternoon at the tea hour in honor of Very Rev. Dean and Mrs. Evans, on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the Dean's ordination. Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Roper, wife of the Bishop of Ottawa, and Mrs. Herbert Symonds, received with Mrs. Farthing. The living rooms were adorned with white lilies and pink and white tulips; the dining-room with poinsettias. Mrs. J. M. Almond and Mrs. Allan Shaford poured tea. All the clergy of the city were present with their wives, and Rev. Dr. T. C. Macklem, of Trinity College, Toronto. Bishop Farthing, on behalf of the clergy, presented the Dean with an upholstered arm-chair, and Mrs. Farthing, on behalf of the wives of the clergy, presented Mrs. Evans with roses.

A new departure will be introduced into the domestic art classes at the Toronto Technical High School as soon as a sufficient number of pupils intimate their desire to take the course. In addition to the sewing, millinery and dress-making, it is proposed to form a class for instruction in trade dress-making, millinery and power-machine operating. These classes will continue all day at the regular school hours. Included with the course the girls will have some teaching in trade arithmetic, some English, and talks on hygiene, which will deal with the care of the body and proper clothing. The dietitian course which started in September has about twenty-seven pupils, and the class which began this month has already eighteen members. Apart from the dietitian classes about forty have registered altogether for instruction in sewing, millinery and dress-making. The different grades of dress-making classes are taken two mornings a week, and the course runs for six weeks. Millinery classes are given one afternoon a week, and sewing classes are held two mornings in the week.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Women and children arriving at the port of St. John, N.B., are being given every care and attention under arrangements made by the Women's Department of the Repatriation Committee.

A staff of fifteen trained nurses, provided by the Canadian National and Provincial Nursing Associations, minister to the health and comfort of the families. Extra clothing, milk, blankets, and malted milk are among the supplies constantly on hand in addition to medicinal needs.

Rest Rooms and Dressing Rooms at the port are thoroughly cleaned and disinfected between the times of departure of every party, utmost care being taken to prevent any contagion or infection by the spraying of beds and rooms with disinfectant at frequent periods.

A canteen is run by V. A. D. workers, which provides lunches at reasonable cost; a sample menu being two substantial sandwiches and a cup of hot tea or coffee for ten cents.

Other workers at this port are the Knights of Columbus and Y. M. C. A., the latter of whom provide all comforts free of charge. At the Immigration Department stores, food can be purchased for the train.

"The women here, representing the various societies, are well organized and work together most harmoniously, each doing her bit to send the traveller on her way comfortably" is the news sent back by a woman visitor to Mrs. Chas. Robson of the Repatriation Committee.

In addition to the splendid work done by the V.A.D.'s and nurses, ladies of the Patriotic Fund undertake to mail letters and cards, to write and send telegrams, provide or give stamps. They also assist in looking up baggage, helping the traveller to pass through the customs, looking after the children while the mother's ticket is passed and examined, answer all questions regarding location, routes, etc., and finally see the whole family safely on the train.

On board the train several nurses take charge of the families, giving assistance where needed, and travelling with them from the port to the end of their journey. Medical supplies and many small comforts are carried by these nurses for emergency use. Particular provision is made for the care of young mothers and babies.

BLUFF THAT FAILED.

General Plumer, who has recently been recalled to France from Italy, can be very ironical when he chooses, as the following story proves:

Shortly before the war, when he held the Irish command, a regiment was being manoeuvred before him on a field day, and the Colonel in charge succeeded in getting his men mixed up pretty thoroughly.

However, he went grimly on, and at last, calling a halt, rode up to Plumer with an air of importance.

"I flatter myself that was extremely well done, sir," he said, evidently with the idea of trying to bluff that nothing had gone wrong.

"Oh, excellent," was General Plumer's suave reply. "But may I ask what on earth you were trying to do?"

DARKER HAIR.

Massaging the scalp with a very small quantity of olive oil has a tendency to make the hair darker.

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Bring Your Orders Quickly For Columbia Medallions

After more than eighteen months existence, our Columbia medallion department is busier than ever. People don't seem to be able to get enough of these beautiful portraits which cost them nothing. Orders are filled strictly in rotation, and the longer you delay the longer you will have to wait for the medallions.

Continuing the Sale of Ladies' Wear

\$20,000 Worth of Garments

\$20,000 worth of surplus stock of ladies' and misses' wearing apparel for all seasons of the year. An overstock which must be cleared at almost any sacrifice, to clear the racks for Spring goods. These bargains have the whole town talking and the trade wondering.

Prices Reduced To Half And Less

A Genuine Bargain Sale of Immense Proportions

Middy Waists

Middies for ladies and young women in white fine duck, in assorted styles. Regular \$1.25  
Sale Price ..... 59c  
Regular \$1.40  
Sale Price ..... 69c  
Regular \$1.60  
Sale Price ..... 74c  
Regular \$1.75  
Sale Price ..... 89c  
Regular \$2.00  
Sale Price ..... 99c

Flannelette Waists

Ladies' Flannelette Blouses in black and white stripes, dark grey or light grey. Regular \$1.25  
Sale Price ..... 98c  
Ladies' Flannelette Blouses in good quality, in black and white stripes. Regular \$2.00  
Sale Price ..... \$1.19  
Ladies' Flannel Blouses, Regular price \$3.25  
Sale Price ..... \$1.49

All Fancy Waists Less 25 Per Cent

During this Sale all Fancy Blouses of lingerie, marquisette, crepe de chine, crepe georgette, in black, white and assorted colors, to be seen in a choice of literally hundreds, priced from \$1.65 to \$12.00.

ALL LESS TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT

During this Sale, Blouses will not be exchangeable.



Skirts Are

Much Underpriced

Ladies' Skirts of ecrú linen and khaki colored duck, and striped duck, in assorted colors. Formerly \$4.00 to \$5.00. Sale Price ..... \$1.93

Ladies' Skirts of white duck in assorted styles. Regular \$2.50. Sale Price ..... \$1.49

Regular \$3.00 and \$3.25. Sale Price ..... \$1.93

Ladies' Skirts in fine white pique trimmed with pockets and buttons. Regular \$4.00 and \$4.50. Sale Price ..... \$2.43

Ladies' Skirts in white corduroy velvet, with pockets and pearl buttons. Regular \$4.50 and \$5.00. Sale Price ..... \$2.93

Underskirts of black lusterine and moire. Sale Price ..... \$1.43

Wool Comisoles Only 69c

Ladies' good warm camisoles of "Health" brand wool open or closed styles. Sale price ..... 69c

Ladies' fleeced cotton camisoles. Sale price ..... 39c

Two Big Specials In Aprons

Ladies' aprons of cotton in assorted colors. Sale price each ..... 39c

Ladies' cotton aprons with sleeves, assorted colors. Sale price ..... 49c

House Dresses

An immense variety of house dresses in cotton zephyr or gingham in light or dark colors, clearance price \$1.49, \$1.69 and ..... \$1.98

Specials In Gloves

Ladies' All Wool Gloves, in a range of colors, all sizes. Special a pair ..... 49c

Ladies' Fleece-lined Gloves in black, white and grey, 1 dome fasteners. Special Price a pair ..... 49c

Ladies' Chamoisette Gloves in white, grey and chamois. Special Sale Price a pair ..... 69c

Never Were Such Low Prices On Coats

Coats for ladies and young women, in white blanket cloth, trimmed with silk braid with belt and pockets, fancy ivory buttons. Regular \$11.50. Sale Price ..... \$3.98

Coats for young girls, in ratine; color white, belt all around, with pockets; regular \$11.50. Sale Price ..... \$2.98

Coats for ladies and young girls in tweed, serge and poplin, assorted colors, and assorted styles. Regular prices from \$9.50 to \$13.50. Sale Price ..... \$3.98

Coats for girls from 8 to 12 years, in tweed in assorted colors and styles. Reg. prices \$7.50 to \$9. Sale Price ..... \$2.98

Sport Coats for young girls in red flannel, short cut. Regular price \$8.50. Sale Price ..... \$2.49

Coats for girls from 8 to 12 years in curled cloth, trimmed with velour, collar trimmed with velour, lined in nice satin. Regular price \$9.50 to \$11.50. Sale Price ..... \$6.49

Sensational Values In Ladies' and Misses' Dresses

Hundreds of smart dresses for ladies and misses in white marquisette, flowered and striped muslin in various colors, former value \$7.50 to \$10.00. Sale price each ..... \$2.98

Formerly \$9.00 to \$11.00. Sale Price ..... \$3.98

Formerly \$12.00 to \$14.50. Sale Price ..... \$4.98

Ladies' beautiful silk dresses, formerly \$12.00, \$15.00 to \$17.00. Sale price ..... \$5.98 and \$6.98



For Eight Days Only  
25 Per Cent Discount Off All  
Fancy Dresses in Silk, Crepe de  
Chine, Georgette and Messaline Silk.

An Invitation

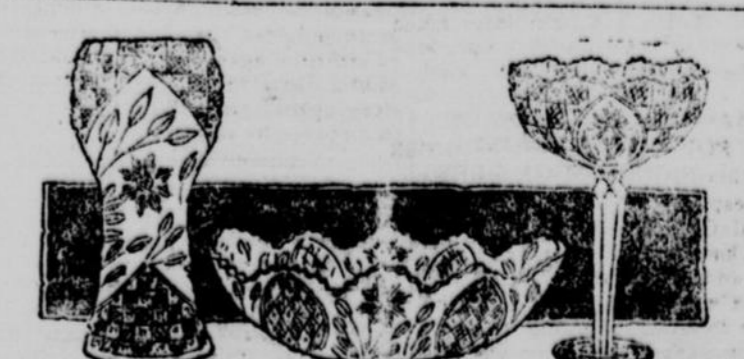
to ladies to call at our pattern counter and consult with Miss Hayes of the Butterick Publishing Company on the subject of Spring fashions on which she is an authority. Miss Hayes is making a special offer to readers of the Delineator and Miroir des Modes.

Delineator, 1 years subscription at the reduced price of ..... 95c  
Miroir des Modes, 1 years subscription ..... \$1.25

Music Which Enjoys Universal Popularity

The following pieces of music are being played everywhere in theatres, private orchestras and by amateurs. Come in and try some of them over.

- The Babbling Brook Reverie, by Lincoln.
  - Evening Shadow Reverie by Vandersloot.
  - Loves' Pleading Waltz by Pierson.
  - Waltz Celeste by Driller.
  - Fascination Waltz by Grey.
  - Coeur D'Amour by Cobb.
  - Amidst the Roses by Lacey.
  - Jeanette Waltz by Jacobson.
  - Garden of Beauty Waltz by Lovelange.
  - Angels of Night Reverie by Lincoln.
  - La Voix des Fleurs, Valse par O. Smith.
  - Salute to the American Flag, by E. Philips.
  - Minuta Three Step by Platzmann.
  - Trinity Chimes, Reverie by Lincoln.
  - Angel Kisses Reverie by Lincoln.
- When ordering by Mail please include one cent for each copy extra.



This Week 20 Per Cent Off Silverware, Cut Glass, Etc.

During this week we will continue to give a discount of 20 per cent on all silverware, cut glass, porcelain and china goods in our chinaware department. This discount has been so much appreciated that all should take advantage of it, wish to save so considerably on the beautiful articles shown in the department.

Padding dishes with perforated bands, 7 inch size, special each ..... \$1.75  
8 inch size, special ..... \$1.98  
8 in oval size special price ..... \$2.00

THE NAME GUARANTEES ITS EXCELLENCE

PURITY FLOUR

(Government Standard)

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD AND BETTER PASTRY"

Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited  
HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO, ONTARIO

Canada Food Board License No.—C-104—Flour 11, 16, 17, 19

"PURITY OATS MAKES BETTER PORRIDGE"

A SUMMARY OF CANADA'S TRADE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS ISSUES ANALYSIS FOR PAST YEAR.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 27.—A summary of the trade of Canada for the 1918 calendar year issued today by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics places the value of Canadian exports for the twelve months at \$1,299,708,244, as compared with \$1,547,340,885 for 1917 and \$1,091,706,403 for 1916.

Y.M.C.A. ACTIVE IN SIBERIAN C.E.F.

WILL PROBABLY PERFORM MORE USEFUL SERVICE THAN IN FRANCE.

Vladivostok, Dec. 8.—(By W. E. Playfair, special correspondent with Canadian Forces in Siberia)—The Canadian Y.M.C.A. has set out to carry on an active campaign in connection with the C.E.F. in Siberia.

LAVAL HOSPITAL VISITED BY DUKE

WAS ENTERTAINED YESTERDAY BY LT.-GOVERNOR AND SIR LOMER GOUIN.

His Excellency the Governor-General, accompanied by Colonel Henderson, Military Secretary, and Lord Minto, A.D.C., arrived in town yesterday morning, on a brief visit to the Lieutenant-Governor.

CANADIAN STEEL TRADE PROSPECTS

DOMINION MUST RISE TO FIRST RANK AS QUALITY PRODUCER.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 27.—In the course of an address to the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, Toronto, today, on prospects for trade for Great Britain, France and Belgium for Canadian iron and steel products, Colonel David Carnegie, of the Imperial Munitions Board said:

SALVATION ARMY FUND NEARLY \$20,000

OBJECTIVE EXPECTED TO BE REACHED BEFORE THE WEEK ENDS.

While subscriptions to the Salvation Army's Soldiers' Home-Coming Campaign were fairly good yesterday, the responses to the appeal were not as encouraging as was anticipated and it is hoped that today's collections will bring the amount to date close up to Quebec's allotment of \$25,000.

"OMEGA" RAN AMOK IN PHILADELPHIA

CRAZED FOREIGNER SHOT WILDLY AS CROWD ATTEMPTED HIS CAPTURE.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 27.—With a loaded revolver in each hand, a man who gave his name as "Omega, son of Jesus Christ," ran amok through the streets near the centre of the city today, shooting in every direction as a big crowd tried to capture him.

BOLSHEVIK NOW UPON OFFENSIVE

DRIVE AGAINST FOUR THIN ALLIED COLUMNS SOUTH OF ARCHANGEL.

Archangel, Sunday, Jan. 26.—(By the Associated Press)—The Bolsheviks are now on the offensive with infantry or artillery, or both, against four of the seven thin columns of the Allies and Russians which have penetrated southward through the frozen forest swamps of the Province of Archangel.

PERSONAL

Mr. E. F. Dugan, of Montreal, is in town a guest at the Chateau. Mr. J. Macdonald, of Ottawa, is in the city, staying at the Chateau.

MURDERER CONVICTED.

American Slayer of Invalidated Canadian Ex-soldier Goes to Chair. New York, Jan. 27.—Richard ("Rickey") Harrison, who has been on trial for the last week in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court, was found guilty tonight of murder in the first degree.

PLEASANT EVENING SPENT BY SOLDIERS

ENTERTAINMENT GIVEN IN THEIR HONOR AT CLEARING DEPOT AND Y. M. C. A. Notwithstanding the tremendous rush at the Clearing Depot in getting the several thousand men away to their homes as quickly as possible, Capt. Jones was able to make various arrangements so that most, if not all the men were given a fair share of entertainment yesterday.

TYROL WOULD JOIN SWITZERLAND

Geneva, Switzerland, Jan. 27.—A plebiscite in the former Austrian districts of Vorarlberg and Tyrol, which adjoin Switzerland on the east, shows that sixty per cent of the citizens favor a union with Switzerland. It is understood, however, that the Swiss Confederation is not anxious to add another canton, especially Austrian, and is likely to refuse the request.

PROTEST AGAINST IMMIGRATION RESTRICTORS

Paris, Jan. 27.—George Nicoll Barnes, Labor representative on the British press delegation today told members of the American press that European labor, while it was unable to take any measures to prevent its passage, were strongly against such a law as that proposed by the American Federation of Labor prohibiting immigration to the United States for some years after the signing of the peace treaty.

FLAG INCIDENT IS AMICABLY CLOSED.

Washington, D.C., January 27.—Rear Admiral Niblack, commanding the American naval forces in the Adriatic, informed the Navy Department today that the action of the Italian authorities in hauling down the American flag on the steamer Dinara was due to a misunderstanding, and that the Italian commander had apologized and ordered the flag restored.

POLISH BORDER LANDS.

Paris, Jan. 27.—According to a Warsaw despatch received here today by the National Polish Committee, a great meeting has been held in the great hall of the Warsaw Philharmonic Society to discuss the question of the defence of the Polish border lands.

GREETINGS FROM OFFICERS OF 22ND BATTALION

The Chronicle has much pleasure in acknowledging receipt of a Christmas and New Year's Greetings from the officer commanding and officers of the 22nd Battalion, through Major H. Chasse, D.S.O., M.C., and has much pleasure in reciprocating the kind wishes extended.

HEARTLESS HOAX.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 27.—Following the publication of unfounded rumors to the effect that some 1,500 Canadian soldiers previously reported missing and presumed dead had been located in Germany since the signing of the armistice last November, the Militia Department here has been deluged with letters from all parts of Canada from the next-of-kin of men falling in this category.

THE VICTIMS OF LA GRIPPE

Every winter la grippe sweeps over Canada like a scourge, leaving behind hundreds of health-wrecked victims. Ask any of those who have been attacked by la grippe what their present condition of health is and most of them will answer: "Since I had the grip I have never been well."

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Red Cross Society. The Treasurer of the Quebec Branch Red Cross Society, Mrs. John H. Holt, begs to acknowledge with thanks, the following contributions:

GERMAN COUNCIL PLEADS FOR FREEDOM OF PRESS

London, Jan. 27.—A German wireless despatch received here says the Central Council of the German Republic has issued an appeal to all soldiers' and workmen's councils in the Empire emphatically urging them to refrain from any interference with the freedom of the press, which is characterized as one of the most valuable assets of the revolution.

FRANCO-RUMANIAN TROOPS HAVE ENTERED KIEV.

Paris, Jan. 27.—(Havas)—A despatch received here from Vienna says Franco-Rumanian troops have entered Kiev, Russia.

NO REPLY FROM RUSSIAN FACTIONS

Paris, Jan. 27.—No direct reply to the invitation extended to the various Russian factions for a conference with representatives of the Allied and Associated Governments has so far been received from any quarter. The protests that have been filed by the anti-Bolshevik elements in Paris are not regarded as fully authorized by their governments, and the reply sent out by M. Tchichern, the Bolshevik Foreign Minister, by wireless through Stockholm and addressed to a Paris newspaper, is considered as being altogether unofficial.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. THE LADIES' COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS ROOM AT THE CLEARING DEPOT acknowledges with many thanks a barrel of apples from Mrs. Rhodes, a barrel of apples, case of oranges and bananas, also 12 dozen towels and toilet soap, from Mrs. Doherty, a barrel of apples from Mrs. F. W. Ross, cigars from Mr. McCarthy, and books and magazines from Mrs. Frank Carrel.

By Appointment to the Emperor of Russia. The Prices On Tweed Coats And Certain Dresses Are Knocked Sky High. 14 Only Smart Tweed Coats and 9 Only Dresses Of Combination Serge and Satin All Half Price. Holt, Renfrew & Co. Limited

High Heels Put Corns on Toes. Tells Women How to Dry Up a Corn So It Lifts Out Without Pain. Modern high-heeled footwear buckles the toes and produces corns, and many of the thousands of hospital cases of infection and lockjaw are the result of woman's suicidal habit of trying to cut away these painful pests.

High Heels Put Corns on Toes. Tells Women How to Dry Up a Corn So It Lifts Out Without Pain. Modern high-heeled footwear buckles the toes and produces corns, and many of the thousands of hospital cases of infection and lockjaw are the result of woman's suicidal habit of trying to cut away these painful pests.

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The Quebec Chronicle

Printed and published by The Chronicle Printing Company, D. Watson, General Manager, at the building of the Company, 9 Buede Street, Quebec. Subscription: Daily, \$4.00 per annum; Weekly, \$1.00 per annum; payable in advance. Advertisements: 15 cents per square line each insertion.

QUEBEC, JANUARY 28, 1919.

LANGUAGE RIGHTS.

The Montreal Gazette places itself squarely against the agitation of French-Canadians in favor of a bilingual cent, the reasons advanced being in effect that there is no question of language rights involved and that no inconvenience is occasioned by the present coinage. Here it will be noted we have to do with substantially the same line of argument as that employed by French clerical papers in justifying refusal to permit compulsory education of Protestant children, but, as a matter of fact, the only valid grounds for opposing amendment of the coinage as desired would be resultant inconvenience or the use of the precedent to press further and increasingly aggressive claims.

Admittedly it makes little practical difference whether the cent or any other coin is inscribed in two languages or only one. These things are recognized by their size and the metal that they contain or by a numeral printed upon the paper currency. No one we presume reads his money and it is doubtful whether one person in a hundred can say off-hand what the inscriptions upon them are. Certainly the French-Canadians do not, cannot, claim that they experience the slightest difficulty in using our money because it is not bilingual yet, on the other hand English-Canadians cannot claim that it would make the slightest practical difference to them if the wording "un sou" was carried on the obverse face of the copper in addition to that of "one cent". Further than this the only resultant inconvenience would be to necessitate a slightly modified design and the use of new dies in stamping the coinage. The expense involved is negligible nor are dies indestructible, periodic replacements presumably being required. Beyond this it would be impossible to discern that the change had been made.

Regarding precedent, each claim put forward by the minority must and should be considered strictly on its own merits. In the event of unreasonable requests the Chronicle no less than the Gazette would consider itself free to offer strenuous opposition nor, in the present instance, does it consider the concession of a bilingual currency a matter of right but one of justice. The precedent has already been established by the Government of Sir Robert Borden in bilingual postal-cards, which was also willing to make its thrift and war-savings stamps bilingual in order to popularize them with French-Canadians.

The real position in regard to language rights is well summed up by our confrere who states in part: "Law has the sanction of Statute and custom, and where our French friends err, we suggest, is in resting their claims upon presumed Statutory rights which have no existence in law. The language question does not appear in the Articles of Capitulation, or the Treaty of 1763 between Great Britain and France. What these Conventions did was to grant the liberty of the Catholic religion to the inhabitants of Canada. The language question arose subsequently in the Legislature of Quebec and the Legislature of United Canada when the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada were made one. French was by the Confederation Act perpetuated as an official language equally with English for certain purposes only. It is from the Constitution then established the French-speaking population derives its rights, which are embodied in section 133 of the B.N.A. Act, reading as follows:

"Either the English or the French Language may be used by any person in the debates of the Houses of Parliament of Canada and of the Houses of the Legislature of Quebec; and both those languages shall be used in the respective Records and Journals of those Houses, and either of those languages may be used by any person or in any pleading or process in, or issuing from, any Court of Canada established under this Act, and in or from all or any of the Courts of Quebec. The Acts of the Parliament of Canada and of the Legislature of Quebec shall be printed and published in both those languages."

Such is the Charter of Rights relating to language embodied in the Confederation Act. It is definite, but limited in scope; and it is desirable when discussing the question that no misapprehension exist, or false notion be created, regarding the rights of the French tongue as an official language. It is, then, not upon the ground of right, but upon that of justice and convenience the use of the French languages in various matters should be sought."

With the above we are in very general agreement but, at the same time, it must not be forgotten that every future contingency cannot be provided for in a constitution that is necessarily framed in the broadest terms. On points of interpretation it is frequently essential to go behind the exact wording to find the real intention underlying it. Naturally the most extreme interpretations are urged by those who wish to carry some doubtful point and the language provisions of the British North America Act are re-

markably limited in scope. On a strict interpretation of section 133, there can be no legal claim for a bilingual coinage since it is not enumerated as one of the things that the Federal Government must do; on a more generous interpretation, however, we can assume that all official actions of the Federal Government that affect the French minority as a whole should be bilingual as a matter of justice, provided that the attendant inconvenience is not oppressive to the majority, or greater than the resultant convenience to the minority.

The Chronicle has never supported the desire for a bilingual coinage as a question of constitutional right but takes the stand that, if it makes no material difference to English-Canadians and will promote national harmony by helping to conciliate French-Canadians, the end amply justifies the means.

SANE CONSIDERATION.

Let the question of the returned men be considered in a sane manner. This does not imply the meeting of every hero with a flannel bag and a round of sentimental gushings upon the state of his heroic soul, etc., nor the assumption that such a man is of no use for civilian life. The work of Repatriation, if taken aright, cannot fail to prove the biggest event in the history of the country, but the fact must not be overlooked that three-fourths of the opportunity to carry on the movement to complete success rests with the employers of Canada.

Every employer of labor, whether on a large or small scale, owes a duty to the returned man. The very life of the commerce by which he lives and has been enabled to maintain his business stability has been preserved and guarded by the life blood and self-denial of our fighting men.

There are thousands to whom the duty can never be repaid in person; but towards these other comrades who have been spared to return this credit due must never be allowed to assume the form of a bad debt.

Is it to be considered an act of grace, charity or extreme heroism upon the part of employers to take back these men even after repeated pledges given to this effect? Rather let it be widely understood that the employer who would stop merely at this point and consider that his whole duty has been performed when he undertakes to replace one or two men is falling far short of what Canada expects from every man who stayed at home.

Co-operation now and continued co-operation for many months hereafter must be the motto of all who have to do with the placing of the returned men. The Government is doing its part by the provision of pensions, medical care, advice and oversight, the rebuilding up of the home life of the men with the return of their dependents; establishing of employment bureaus, and in the thousand and one after care departments, employing the best of advice in energy and enthusiasm to cope with the problems which may arise, but to the employer is committed the task, the duty, of seeing that the man who returns to civilian life after months spent amid nerve-wrecking scenes will be given a fair trial and has a helping hand wherever necessary.

The following account of an experiment undertaken by several large grain firms in Winnipeg may suggest a program of action for employers in Quebec.

These firms have taken back their men at salaries varying from \$60.00 to \$75.00 per month; such salaries are, of course, much lower than those paid to the same men before the war but the men have been taken back on this basis—that while they are engaged in the task of refitting themselves to meet the demands and duties of civilian life a full day's work will not be expected of them. They are required to report at the proper hour in the morning and are requested not to loaf around the offices but at the same time they are left absolutely free at any time to go out and stay out for the balance of the day, if they feel that the work is getting too much for them. The only thing required of them in this respect is that they report to the office of the manager as they go out. As these men settle down to the routine and are able to do a larger share of the work their wages steadily increase. In one office alone, which employed seven men under this system, paying them at the rate of \$60.00 per month about a year ago, at the present time the lowest paid man is receiving \$100.00. In this instance the situation was simplified a great deal by the fact that nearly all of the men taken into the scheme were unmarried and therefore while undergoing readjustment the \$60.00 per month provided a living wage.

A VALUELESS CONCESSION.

The Chronicle welcomes any concession to the principle of compulsory education as a step in the right direction but experiences the most serious doubt as to the value of the legislation that the Provincial Government is reported to be considering, if we understand it aright. The idea is to enact compulsory enrolment, leaving attendance purely voluntary, up to the age of fourteen. In other words, every child must report to some school at the beginning of each scholastic year but whether it shall attend the classes or not remains a matter to be decided by itself and its parents between them, and the real issue is left untouched. Children who do not now attend school will enrol but continue to remain outside, children who do not now attend regularly will enrol but continue to play hockey at will, children who do not now complete their courses will enrol but continue to break off their education incomplete. In a few cases, by getting into actual touch with the child, the teacher may be able to exert some influence but the main result of such a law will be to provide more exact statistics than we now possess on the subject of attendance.

If the Catholics are willing to accept this compromise we have nothing to say but, unless we misunderstand the Government's intentions, the Chronicle must protest against the offer of a stone where the Protestants have asked for bread.

Correspondence

Quebec, Jan. 27th, 1919. MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION. To the Editor of The Chronicle, Quebec.

Dear Sir,—Could you be good enough to publish my suggestion concerning the division of the City in nine wards as follows: No. 1—Champlain Ward. No. 2—Montcalm Ward. No. 3—St. John Ward. No. 4—Belvedere Ward. No. 5—Jacques-Cartier Ward. No. 6—St. Roch Ward. No. 7—Limoulin Ward. No. 8—St. Sauveur Ward. No. 9—St. Valier Ward. Each ward shall be represented by two aldermen.

The aldermen shall be paid. In the wards known under the name of Champlain, Montcalm and Belvedere, two seats might be represented by two English-speaking citizens belonging to the Church of England.

Yours very truly, J. P. RICHARD, C.E.

HEROES OF THE EVERYDAY LIFE

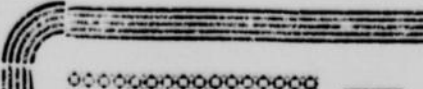
Illustrating the strain under which western doctors have labored during the epidemic of influenza, it is recorded that Dr. Jackson of North Battleford did not once get into his bed in fourteen days and nights stealing his only snatches of sleep while being rushed by automobile from one sick-bed to another.



WHERE COLDS STRIKE The throat, breathing passages and lungs are the weak spots at which colds strike. And these are the very organs most difficult to treat, because only a breathable remedy is capable of reaching the trouble-lodged there. Peps provide a breathable remedy, and their superiority over remedies which are swallowed into the stomach is therefore obvious. For convenience, this breathable remedy is condensed into tablet form. To take the treatment, merely dissolve Peps in your mouth, and the medicinal vapor that is released is carried by the breath to the remotest parts of the breathing passages and lungs, healing, soothing and strengthening every part with which it comes in contact. At the same time, by destroying all disease germs, these medicinal fumes prevent the development of colds, coughs and serious chest trouble.

Carry Peps with you, and when you go from an overheated building to the bitter cold of outdoors, put a pastille in your mouth. Also as a protection against germs, keep a Pepsin your mouth, when breathing the impure air of a crowded theatre or store.

For colds, asthma, or chest troubles, which have already developed, Peps are equally invaluable, also for bronchitis, sore throat, laryngitis, etc. All dealers sell Peps.



Stomach on Strike? Here's Relief! No Indigestion, Gas or Sourness



Upset stomachs feel fine. All indigestion, gases, sourness, heartburn, brash or acidity goes instantly. No waiting! Quickest stomach relief known. Just as soon as Pape's Diapepsin reaches your sick, unsettled stomach all stomach misery stops. Costs little—All druggists. Stomach suffering is needless.



UPSET? Pape's Diapepsin WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

Great Whitewear Sale Large Reductions off The Regular Prices

AT OUR GREAT WHITE WEAR SALE WHICH IS NOW GOING ON, WE ARE MAKING LARGE REDUCTIONS ON ALL OUR WHITE UNDERCLOTHING, WHITE BLOUSE WAISTS, WHITE SILK WAISTS, WHITE MUSLINS, WHITE EMBROIDERY and WHITE LACES, Etc., Etc.

White Voile Waists, 1-3 off Regular Prices White Silk Blouses! 20 Per Cent Off White Underwear, 20 Per Cent Off White Muslins, 20 Per Cent Off

WHITE VOILE WAISTS, trimmed with embroidery and lace. 33 1/3 per cent. off. \$1.38 now . . . . . 92¢ \$2.00 now . . . . . \$1.32 \$1.50 now . . . . . \$1.00 \$2.25 now . . . . . \$1.50 \$1.75 now . . . . . \$1.16 \$2.50 now . . . . . \$1.67

WHITE SILK WAISTS, latest styles, 20 per cent. off Regular Prices. \$3.25 now . . . . . \$2.60 \$1.15 now . . . . . \$3.32 \$5.48 now . . . . . \$4.40

WHITE NIGHT GOWNS, fine materials, trimmed with lace and embroidery. 20 per cent. off. 75c now . . . . . 60¢ \$1.25 now . . . . . \$1.00 90c now . . . . . 72¢ \$1.75 now . . . . . \$1.40 \$1.00 now . . . . . 80¢ \$2.25 now . . . . . \$1.80 \$2.50 now . . . . . \$2.00

LADIES' WHITE DRAWERS, fine quality trimmed with lace and embroidery; 20 per cent. off. 25c now . . . . . 20¢ 60c now . . . . . 48¢ 30c now . . . . . 24¢ 75c now . . . . . 60¢ 38c now . . . . . 31¢ 88c now . . . . . 71¢ 45c now . . . . . 36¢ 95c now . . . . . 76¢

LADIES' WHITE SKIRTS, a fine assortment at 20 per cent. off Regular Price. 79c now . . . . . 64¢ \$1.10 now . . . . . 88¢ 95c now . . . . . 76¢ \$1.25 now . . . . . \$1.00 \$1.75 now . . . . . \$1.40

SIMONS & MINGUY 23 FABRIQUE STREET Quebec Telephone 388

Fashionable Store T. D. DUBUC Formerly Donohue's Store Great Annual Discount Sale TEN TO FIFTY PER CENT. DISCOUNT OFF ALL MARKED PRICES Reductions in Every Department SPECIAL THIS WEEK Very handsome pattern EVENING DRESSES, in a choice collection of most beautiful designs and colorings. Regular prices \$75.00. Special . . . . . \$24.00 MERCERIZED WHITE WASH GOODS, very good quality, in neat figured designs. Regular 45c and 60c. Special . . . . . 24c COLORED, STRIPED and PLAIN WASH GOODS; 36 inches wide; extra value. Regular 40c to 50c. Special . . . . . 24c LADIES and CHILDREN'S WHITEWEAR, at the MANUFACTURERS PRICES. T. D. DUBUC 188 and 194 St. John Street

SHOT GUNS single and double barrels REPEATING RIFLES REVOLVERS Tents, Blankets, Folding Beds, and Stoves, Sleeping Bags, Donnage Bags, Vacuum Bottles, Flash Lights, Etc. GENERAL AND HEAVY HARDWARE

CHINIC Hardware Company HARDWARE We carry a complete line of the best and up-to-the-minute made HARDWARE GOODS. We also have a first-class line of the best manufacture of Sporting Goods Electric Portable Lamps. Pyrex Oven Glassware. Silver-plated Ware, Etc. S.J. SHAW & CO. Registered. HARDWARE MERCHANTS. Phone 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

New Books "The BIG FIGHT," —By Capt. David Fallon, M.C. "The Silent Legion," —By J. E. Buckrose. "The Clutch of Circumstance," —By Marjorie Benton Cooke. "The Unknown Wrestler," —By H. A. Cody. P. J. EVOY, BOOKSELLER. Phone 772. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT The old reliable remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains. Best Liniment Made Mrs. A. E. LAURENCE, Edmonston, writes: "I fell from a building and received what the doctor called 'heavy' bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best Liniment made." Minard's Liniment always gives satisfaction. For any ache or pain, it gives instant relief. Minard's Liniment Co., Limited Yarmouth, N.S.

For STYLE, FIT AND WORKMANSHIP ORDER YOUR CLOTHES from S. J. Burke, MERCHANT TAILOR Phone 781. 187 St. John St.

WALLACE COLLEGE 110 RICHHELIEU ST. 21st Year. Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music and Modern Languages. No Vacations Day and Evening Classes J. W. M. WALLACE, Principal

THE CORDON BLEU RESTAURANT. Cor. Fabrique and Garneau Sts. High Class Eating and Refreshment Parlor for Ladies and Gentlemen. Canadian Cooking. Special Businessmen's Lunch, every day—50 cents. Private Parlor for Banquets and Meetings; Rooms to Rent. Telephone 6757 Charlie Gastonguay, Jr., Mgr. Food Board License: 16-12328

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

Savings Bank, Quebec.

Its special object is to receive and receive the deposit of sums however small they may be, to help creating provident habits.

"We Announce"

The Arrival—

Of a snappy line of Women's Cherry Tan Boots, with rubber sole and heel, on the College Model

\$12.00

As the season is somewhat advanced, we have decided to allow 20 per cent. discount on these Shoes.

Walk-Over Boot Shop

ST. JOHN STREET, QUEBEC.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

FOUND DEAD ON ROOF OF HOUSE

ALPHONSE GILBERT WAS CLEARING OFF SNOW WHEN HE EXPIRED.

While clearing the snow off the roof of his house, 18 Ste. Marie street, Alphonse Gilbert, aged 54 years, was overcome by a sudden weakness and expired.

One of his neighbors who was standing on the street to warn people passing that way and prevent them being struck by the falling ice, noticed that Gilbert had ceased his activities on the roof and called to him. Receiving no answer he climbed up on the roof to investigate and found the man lying dead.

Mr. Gilbert was well-known in Lower Town, having been in the employ of Louis Guerard, Cabinet Maker for nearly thirty years. It is thought that his sudden death was due to heart disease. He is survived by a widow.

Coroner Jolicœur will hold an inquest this morning.

DEFAULTERS TO BE PROCEEDED AGAINST

EMPLOYERS OBLIGED TO REPORT SUCH—NEW CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY.

It having been determined to proceed vigorously with the prosecution of defaulters, deserters and other persons guilty of offences under the Military Service Act, the Minister of Justice invites from the general public communications which will lead to the apprehension and conviction of persons coming within the above description.

Such communications should contain as complete information as possible regarding the individual complained of, such as full name and address, occupation and employer of any alternative address at which he is liable to be found, apparent age, height, color of eyes and general physical description.

Employers are also notified that the obligations placed upon them under the Military Service Act, 1917, of making full enquiry into the status of men employed by them are still in force and the penalties imposed upon those who employ defaulters and deserters remain effective.

Men who are or who may appear to be in Class I under the Military Service Act, 1917, must continue to carry with them at all times adequate proof of their status and identity.

Temporary Suspension of Certain Regulations.

The requirement of the registration of men becoming 19 years of age in accordance with order in Council of April 20, 1918, and the Proclamation of May 6, 1918, is temporarily suspended.

The requirement under the United States Military Service Convention Regulations of the registration and subsequent operations pertaining thereto of United States citizens resident in Canada is also temporarily suspended.

Carrying Proof of Identity.

A new certificate of Identity is being sent to all men in good standing on the records of the Registrars under the Military Service Act. This certificate will be forwarded to all Class I registrants who have not been ordered to report for duty; to those who were ordered to report for duty but were later returned to the Registrar's records; to all registrants of the 19 year class and to all American registrants who have properly returned their questionnaires. This certificate will supersede all previous certificates issued by Registrars and must be carried by all persons entitled to it.

Men possessing discharge certificates from the Canadian Expeditionary Force must carry such discharge papers.

All other persons not coming within the above descriptions but who apparently may be within Class I of the Military Service Act, 1917, must continue to carry birth, marriage or consular certificates or other documents sufficient to prove their identity.

Those failing to carry satisfactory proof of identity are liable to arrest and prosecution as defaulters.

The diet during and after influenza Horlick's Malted Milk, nourishing and digestible.

QUEBEC BOARD OF TRADE

Municipal Matters Will be Discussed at Tonight's Meeting.

The second evening meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade will be held at the Board's rooms No. 39 St. Paul street at 8 o'clock this evening when a large attendance of both members of the Board and citizens interested in municipal matters are expected to be present. Among the questions to be brought up for discussion are the following: the extension to four years of the term of office of the mayor; the present system of municipal government; the system of representation by wards; the system of municipal government by commission; the system of municipal government by an administrator; the building laws; the removal of snow; the removal of garbage and maintenance of the city streets.

THE VOYAGEUR DOING WELL.

Vessel Has Reached Carleton Point Without Mishap.

The steamer Canadian Voyager and Montcalm were reported to the Signal Service office here last night as having passed Carleton Point, Anticosti, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and were expected to arrive off Heath Point at midnight last night where the icebreaker Stanley was to have met her. The Montcalm before leaving on the return trip to this port, will take on coal from the Canadian Voyager as the latter vessel took on a supply of fourteen hundred tons before leaving Quebec for Halifax. The trip so far has been without mishap.

COL. LABEL'S CONDITION.

The condition of Lieut.-Col. LeBel, who was stricken with paralysis on Friday last was stated last night to be unchanged.

MORE TAXATION IS ANTICIPATED

THE GOUIN GOVERNMENT WILL DEVISE NEW SOURCES OF REVENUE.

It is anticipated that the Gouin Government will announce during the present session the levying of additional taxation to meet the loss in revenue incidental to the temperance legislation passed as well as to provide for the increased cost of administration.

Hon. Walter Mitchell, Provincial Treasurer, will deliver his Budget Speech this week and it is intimated that he will announce a surplus and at the same time will prepare the House and the public for a further burden of assessments.

CORDIAL WELCOME FOR RETURNED MEN

THIRTY-FIVE QUEBECERS ARRIVED HOME YESTERDAY—INSPECTION BY GENERAL LANDRY.

Thirty-five Quebecers from overseas arrived in the city yesterday and were tendered a cordial welcome. The party was in charge of Lieut. Jacques Paradis. The men were driven from the Clearing Depot to the Chateau Frontenac in militia cars and then proceeded up St. Louis street headed by a guard of honor in charge of Lieut. L. G. Talbot and Plante, 5th C. G. R. and the band of the 5th C. G. R., whilst Major M. H. Labbe, M.C., Major N. McCaguey, D.S.O., M.C., Capt. Raymond Garneau, and R. S. Major Keiler, D.C.M., were in attendance.

On arrival at the Drill Hall the boys were tendered a warm reception and were inspected by Brig.-General J. P. Landry, C.M.G., G.A.C., after which the General addressed the men in French and English, welcoming them back to their native land after doing their duty so well, and informing them they would receive their furlough immediately so that they could proceed to their homes, and upon their return they would be demobilized as quickly as possible.

Smokes and chocolate were distributed to each of the boys by Secretary T. D. Beattie, of the Quebec Citizens' Welcome Committee.

A party of six returned soldiers from the hospital ship S.S. Essequibo will land at Levis today and will be transferred to Savard Park Military Hospital, R. S.-M. Dufour, of the Hospital Section, 5th District Depot, and Corp. T. D. Beattie will be on hand to look after the men.

CANADIAN CLUB LUNCHEON.

His Excellency the Governor-General is the guest of honor at the Canadian Club luncheon today at the Chateau Frontenac. A large turnout of the members is expected. This function had to be twice postponed in November, owing to the grippe epidemic. The Duke of Devonshire will be listened to with much interest today, as he will doubtless refer to some of the post-war conditions uppermost in all thoughts. In the absence of Mr. J. Barstall, president of the Canadian Club, Mr. H. Collette, the first vice-president, will preside.

Women In All Parts of Canada

TELL OF THE HEALTH DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS BRING.

They Made a New Woman of Mrs. John Mortimer, Who Was a Victim of Kidney Disease.

Clonave, Sask., January 27th.—(Special)—"Three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills made a new woman of me." Those are the words of Mrs. John Mortimer, of this place. They are words that have been used again and again by women in all parts of Canada who have suffered, and who have found relief and cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I feel it is my duty to let you know what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me," Mrs. Mortimer continues. "I had a pain in my back, and I could not get out of bed without awful pain. I tried everything, but could get no relief. I was advised to try Dodd's Kidney Pills and I sent to Toronto for them. The day I received them I took three before going to bed, and I felt a lot better next morning.

"I took them according to directions, and in one week I was as well as ever. I am fifty-five, and am doing all my household work. If I overwork and my back feels weak I take a Dodd's Kidney Pill, and feel better in a few hours. I have recommended them to my friends, and they also have been helped."

TEMPERANCE FORCES WILL STORM QUEBEC

DELEGATION FROM QUEBEC AND MONTREAL WILL INTERVIEW CABINET TODAY.

Quebec will be stormed today by a joint delegation of the temperance forces of Quebec and Montreal, who will make their annual call on the Gouin cabinet to urge the enforcement of prohibition throughout the province.

According to a bill passed by the Legislature in 1918 the Province of Quebec is to go dry in May, 1919, and the object of the temperance organizations on this occasion is understood to be to petition the Government to create the necessary machinery to enforce the Prohibition Act in an efficient manner.

It is generally felt that the Government will cheerfully accede to this request, but on the other hand it is stated that there is a strong feeling amongst the legislators that there should be some modification in the act passed last session to permit the sale of light wines and beer after the 1st of May.

What the intention of the Government is for the present session has not yet been announced, but it is presumed that it may be indicated to some extent by the answer which Sir Lomer Gouin will give to the delegation that waits on him today.

OBSEQUIES OF THE LATE

MISS MARY C. DERMODY.

The obsequies of the late Miss Mary C. Dermody were held at St. Patrick's Church, McMahon street yesterday morning in the presence of a large gathering of deceased's friends and relatives. The remains were received at the church by Rev. Father Meehan, C.S.S.R., who also celebrated the solemn grand mass of requiem assisted by Rev. Fathers Scully and Sullivan, C.S.S.R., as deacon and sub-deacon respectively. After the service the remains were transferred to St. Patrick's Cemetery where Rev. Father Holland, C.S.S.R., officiated. The chief mourners of deceased were her brother-in-law, Mr. M. J. Crane; nephew, Master M. J. Crane; Masters Charles, Patrick, and Edward Frawley, cousins, and Messrs. T. H. Mullins and M. Mullins.

RETURNED SOLDIERS ENTERTAINED AT THE RED TRIANGLE CLUB.

The returned men from the U.S. Aquitania were given a splendid entertainment at the Red Triangle Club last evening. The hall was crowded to its utmost capacity. Over 250 men being present, and thoroughly enjoyed themselves—the larger numbers, being from the West and British Columbia. A varied programme of song, music and recitations were delivered after which coffee, ice cream and cakes were served. The ladies are to be congratulated on this splendid success.

The following was the programme: Private Harzel (Regina).....Song Miss Messervy..... Song Miss Rogers..... Song Captain Gerry..... Address. Gunner Homerstone and Miss Homerstone.....Banjo and piano selections. Miss Thorn..... Song Mrs. E. Ross..... Reading. Miss Gartyne..... Recitation Miss Wiggs..... Song Miss Cook..... Violin solo Miss Gillespie..... Song Seaman Barning..... Various selections. Private Claxton..... Song. W. H. Wiggs..... Address. Miss Kennedy..... Pianist Captain D. McKee..... Chairman. The ladies in charge of the entertainment were Mrs. Messervy and Mrs. Ramsay.

A Wonderful Discovery

One of the four springs of the world, most remarkable of all natural phenomena, is the famous magnetic spring

CLAIRE FONTAINE

from which a perfect water flows. Scientists of today, with the accumulated knowledge of four thousand years to guide them, have not been able to manufacture a harmless laxative which aids constipation and stimulates the liver as

Claire Fontaine

natural mineral water does.

CURES RHEUMATISM.

Directions:

1 glass at bedtime, 1 glass before each meal and when thirsty.

DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME OR OFFICE

—for—

TEN CENTS A GALLON.

'Phone: Six-Eight-Five.

M. Timmons & Son

AT THE C.G.R. WHARF, HALIFAX, N.S., at 11:00 o'clock, a.m., on Wednesday, February 6th, 1919, ex-Schooner "Impressive,"

600 bags Permarico Coffee, 1,300 bags Santos Coffee.

Condemned by Survey, and ordered for sale on account of Underwriters and all concerned.

Terms of sale: CASH; delivery in bond ex-wharf.

For further particulars, apply to: G. P. MITCHELL & SONS, Limited, Halifax, N.S.

Auctioneers. JAMES DUGGAN & SON, J. 35.38.39.F.184

OILS

London, Jan. 27—Calcutta Linseed, 4800 £23 10s; Linseed oil 48s, Sperin oil 44s; Petrocum. Americ refined 1s 4 1-2d; spirits 1s 2 1-2d; Turpentine American, nominal, French 105s; Spanish 104s; Rosin type "G" 58s.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 27—Turpentine firm; sales 111; receipts 120; shipments 661; stock 30,184.

Rosin, no trading; sales, none; receipts 630; shipments 3,010; stock 80,669.

Auction Sale of Damaged Coffee

WILLIAM R. ... in "ALL THE WORST NOTHING" And PE ... WHITE in "THE LIGHT ... RAIDER,"

CLASSIC THEATRE TODAY:

Metro presents: BERT LYTELL in "UNEXPECTED PLACES." New Keystone Comedy; Weekly.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS

The men working in the booms at Silery, Cap Rouge, etc., as Linemen, Broad and Small Axe Men, beg to notify Lumber Merchants and others concerned, that they will seek an increase of wages on and after the First day of May, 1919.

BY ORDER.

F. SIMARD & CIE ENRG. 142 St. Joseph Street

OUR JANUARY SALE

Offering This Season's Best Values in Women's Suits, Coats and Blouses Ends This Week

Smart new tailored and dressy models, in Velour, de Laine, and Serge Suits, in the wanted shades, also in Black; well assorted sizes. Regular values of \$41.00, \$78.75, and \$83.00. Now on sale at each \$30.75, \$59.75, \$63.75

WOMEN'S WINTER COATS. A collection of splendidly fashioned models, in mixed Tweeds and Wool Velour. Formerly valued at \$39.50 \$43.75 and \$81.75. Now on sale at, each \$29.65, \$30.35, \$61.35

SALT'S PLUSH COATS. Warmly lined and interlined. Formerly \$41.00, \$48.00 and \$55.00. Now on sale, at \$30.75, \$36.00, \$48.75

WOMEN'S SILK AND CREPE BLOUSES. GREATLY UNDERPRICED. Women's White and Black Japanese Taffeta Blouses, in smart tailored styles. Tuxedo collars and trimmed with hemstitching. Regular value of \$3.50. Sale price, each \$2.67

CREPE DE CHINE and GEORGETTE BLOUSES. 25 only Crepe de Chine and Georgette Blouses, strictly new models: pleated fronts, square collar with revers, fully assorted sizes. Colors of: Flesh, Maize, Old Rose, also White and Black. Regularly worth \$7.00. Our Sale Price this week, each \$5.50

IF YOU ARE CONTEMPLATING BUYING A STANDARD WATCH, SEE "JACOT" 88 ST. JOSEPH STREET. IF YOU WANT A STANDARD WATCH TO BE PUT UP TO THE POINT AND RATED.

Ready-Made Clothing to clear AT BARGAIN PRICES

TWEED SUITS for men; values \$16.50, \$19.00 and \$25.00, for \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$18.50

SKIRTS, of Moirette, Satens and Giltan; black and colors; values \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.25, for \$1.89, \$1.95 and \$2.49

SKIRTS, of black, and black and white tweeds, priced \$3.50 and \$4.50, for \$2.49 and \$3.49

SKIRTS, made of black and white washable cottons, priced \$2.50, for \$1.89

Navy and Black Serge Skirts, price \$3.95, for \$2.74

DRESSES, of serge, velvet, silk and crepe de chine; priced \$19, \$15 and \$25, for \$13.95, \$11.95 and \$19.95

White Net Dresses, priced \$15, \$25 and \$30, for \$11.95, \$19.95 and \$21.95

RAINCOATS, navy and fawn, for children; sizes 5 to 8 years; value \$3.55, for \$2.79

WINTER COATS, for children; sizes 5 and 8 years; value \$4.00 and \$7.00, for \$2.49

Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, 50 p.c. discount On all DRESSES, 50 p.c. discount Embroidery Dresses for ladies; value \$20 and \$25, for \$10 and \$12.50

Soiled Lingerie, less 50 p.c. discount 5,000 yards of 27-inch Embroideries, for Dresses, at very low prices.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere 254 to 264 St. John Street

# Latest Sporting News

## LOYOLA DEFEATED ST. GEORGE AMATEUR

FINAL SCORE WAS 2-0—VIGER DEFEATED THE DOMINION ARSENAL 9-3.

The National League double-header last night attracted a fairly large crowd, and good hockey was witnessed. In the first game Loyola furnished the surprise of the evening when they applied the whitewash brush to the formidable St. George Amateurs team, to the tune of 2-0. The winners outclassed their opponents and Turgeon was bombarded with shots during the whole game. In the first session, Routhier put the Loyola outfit ahead with a well placed goal three minutes from the start. That was all the scoring during the initial twenty. Starting out in the second twenty, the college team played with a vigor that took their opponents off their feet, with the result that Turgeon was called upon to do about five times as much work as his rival, P. Savard further increased their lead just before the end of the session, when he scored with a neat side shot. This ended the scoring for the game. In the third period Turgeon created a laugh when he saved a shot and skated half-way up the ice in an endeavor to score.

The winners played good hockey, although they started to rough it up in the last twenty. They missed quite a number of chances to score through weak shooting and over-anxiety.

Routhier was the best player on the Loyola team, being closely followed by Fiset in goal, who gave a great display.

The whole team played good hockey and had far better team work than their opponents. For St. George, Turgeon was about the best, pulling off some sensational saves. He was followed by Lockwell, Matte and Turcotte.

### Arsenals Defeated.

The Viger-Dominion Arsenal match was a runaway affair for the first-named team, the final score being 9-3.

In the first period Viger scored three goals, and added another four in the second, the while holding their opponents scoreless. During the first two periods, the Viger goal was seriously threatened several times, but did not fall until half of the final session was finished. On several occasions, the Arsenal missed nice opportunities right in front of goal, and they sadly lacked in team work.

Three minutes after the start of the third period Martineau made the score 8-0, while Drouin added another in two minutes. Then the Arsenal seemed to wake up, and after working hard for four minutes, succeeded in piercing the Viger defence for their first goal. This seemed to infuse new life into the team, and they played like fiends, adding two more tallies before the game was ended. Martineau, Drouin, Noel, and Bilodeau were the pick of the winners, while Buckley, Dooley, Miller and Grenon were the best for the Arsenal.

### The line-up and summaries:

**First Game.**  
Loyola (9) St. George (0).  
Goal Turgeon  
Point Cote  
Centre Lockwell  
Right Wing Matte  
Left Wing Turcotte  
Substitutes: Desjardins

**Second Match.**  
Viger (9) Arsenal (3).  
Goal Miller  
Point Belanger  
Centre Thompson  
Right Wing Dooley  
Left Wing Dooley  
Substitutes: Watson, Dubuc

**Summary:**  
(First Period) 3-0  
(Second Period) 3-0  
(Third Period) 2-3

**Officials:**  
Referee T. C. Moore.  
Judge of Play: P. Lemieux.

**Second Match.**  
Viger (9) Arsenal (3).  
Goal Miller  
Point Belanger  
Centre Thompson  
Right Wing Dooley  
Left Wing Dooley  
Substitutes: Watson, Dubuc

**Summary:**  
(First Period) 4-6  
(Second Period) 4-3  
(Third Period) 1-9

**Officials:**  
Referee: M. Demers.  
Judge of Play: M. Briand.

## OLYMPIA WIN TWO STRINGS

DEFEAT FRONTENAC IN CLASS "A" MATCH—BISSET IS HIGH MAN.

The Olympia Class "A" team defeated the Frontenac quintette last night by the odd string in three, in a regular league match. The winners established a season's record for a match total, having 2728 to their credit for the three strings.

Bisset was high man, nearly getting 600 in the three strings. He had two 200 counts. Six men made 500 or more, they being Bisset, 598; Grenier, 587, and Phillips, 574, for the winners, while Fortier, 573; Gagnon, 518, and Boyte, 501, were the high men for the losers. Fortier had the highest single, 222; while Andrews had the lowest with 125.

The scores were as follows:

Frontenac (1).			
Duguay	149	180	139—468
Amiot	143	162	142—437
Boyte	153	167	181—501
Gagnon	174	175	163—518
Fortier	175	222	176—573
Totals	794	896	807—2497

Olympia (2).			
Phillips	209	172	195—574
Andrews	135	173	164—474
Bisset	202	180	216—608
Grenier	214	180	193—587
Wright	168	164	163—495
Totals	928	869	931—2728

## FRONTENAC LOSE POSTPONED GAME

VICTORIA TAKE TWO STRINGS AND LOSE THE THIRD BY SIX PINS.

Victoria Class "B" team defeated the Frontenac bowling outfit in their postponed match last night. The winners took the first two strings by very good margins, and only lost the third by six pins.

Childs got the highest single 216, while Thibeault rolled the lowest, 131. None of the losing team rolled 500. Boudreaux going the nearest with 491. Childs was the high man, having 500 to his credit, followed by John with 531, while Joubert was third, having 508.

The scores were as follows:

Frontenac (1).			
Frechette	130	161	174—465
Boudreaux	153	160	178—491
Thibeault	140	138	162—440
Laberge	158	174	149—481
Lamy	166	147	160—473
Totals	747	788	813—2340

Victoria (2).			
John	177	194	160—531
Joubert	187	178	143—508
Hebert	151	133	131—415
T. Pappas	170	167	187—494
Childs	160	165	216—560
Totals	854	837	807—2498

## MINOR LEAGUERS MAKING SCHEDULE

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION BASEBALL DATES ARE REFUSED BY BRESNAHAN.

Chicago, January 27.—Refusal of Roger Bresnahan, owner of the Toledo Club, to accept the dates allotted him prevented adoption of the schedule for the coming season at a meeting of the American Association club-owners today. After an all-day session, the meeting was adjourned tonight until tomorrow.

The tentative schedule presented for adoption gave the Toledo Club twenty-eight successive games at home at the start of the season and this was opposed by Roger Bresnahan. John Savage, secretary of the Kansas City Club, and A. F. Thoms, owner of the Milwaukee team, will attempt to make changes in the programme tomorrow so that it will be acceptable to Bresnahan.

The proposed schedule called for 154 games with the western clubs opening the season in the eastern cities of the circuit. The date for the opening originally set for April 29th, probably will be advanced to April 24th or 25th. James C. McGill, owner of the Indianapolis Club, last night said that he probably would make an offer to Jack Hendrycks, manager of the St. Louis Club of the National League, last season, to return to the management of Indianapolis. Hendrycks and McGill were in conference this afternoon.

The Kansas City Club arranged exhibition games with the Cincinnati Nationals to be played in Kansas City on April 12th and 13th.

## RESUMPTION OF YACHT RACING

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND U.S. ASSURED.

New York, January 27.—Even if the looked-for challenge from Sir Thomas Lipton for the America's Cup should not materialize, we are quite likely to see the resumption of yacht racing relations with England in 1920. The outlook for the institution of a new yachting competition for small classes is exceedingly bright, for, according to Sir Charles C. Allom, head of the Boat Racing Association of England, who is now here, it is the intention of that organization to send a challenge to America in the near future. Sir Charles arrived here the other day from Brest on board the Layland. He will be remembered as the man who was expected to challenge for the America's Cup in 1913, just before Sir Thomas Lipton sent his request for another chance. Sir Charles Allom is one of the most prominent yachtsmen in Great Britain. It is his one great desire to see the standardization of measurements and rules, so that England and the United States may meet on an equal footing, and with boats of the same class and measurements, so that neither side will be asked to give the other a handicap on racing.

Just before he started for this country for the amalgamation of the Boat Racing Association and the Yacht Racing Association of England into one big national body for the control of every form of sailing and power-boat racing, and obviously for the control of international relations. The formation of this association will come up at a meeting to be held in London tonight, and may lead to the elimination of Lipton as an international factor and to a direct challenge for the America's Cup from the English national body. At present a challenge may come through any of the big recognized yacht clubs in Great Britain. Sir Thomas' challenges have come from the Royal Ulster Yacht Club of Ireland challenges from all England no doubt would lead to the adoption of the syndicate system of building a challenger—a plan similar to that under which our defenders have been built. No doubt the proposed British Association also would have supervision over the races for the Harmsworth trophy, the power-boat prize for which American sportsmen soon are to challenge. In Detroit they have reached the stage of drawing plans for a challenger.

It is the plan of Sir Charles and other English sportsmen to institute a yachting competition with America similar to the Sonder class races organized by Germany some years ago, and since the opening of the world war, discarded. It will be remembered that the American and German Sonder boats were all ready to race just when the war broke out in 1914. The little Yankee craft were at Kiel, and there was talk of going ahead with the regatta in spite of the gathering of international storm clouds, but the plan was dropped. America will not consent to the resumption of Sonder class racing with Kiel for many years to come, if ever, and England is all set to jump into the breach and save that interesting branch of international yacht racing. Some time ago British sportsmen acquired several Sonder boats which had raced at Kiel in 1912, and the Boat Racing Association is building a number of thirteen-footers. It will be remembered that the measurement rule governing the Sonder boats stipulates that the sum of the water line length, extreme beam and extreme draft must be more than 32 feet. These little boats are shipped easily and make most interesting competitions. If England says the word, we know that America will be only too glad to rise to the challenge.

ROS COE SARLES WINS 100-MILE AUTO RACE. Los Angeles, Cal., January 27.—Without a stop Roscoe Sarles won the 100-mile free-for-all automobile race at Aztec Speedway yesterday, in 1:27:32.4, an average speed of 68.18 miles an hour.

Omar Loit took second place, and Eddie Hearne third.

ENGLISH HENLEY WILL BE REVIVED THIS YEAR. London, January 27.—(By The Associated Press).—The Henley regatta will be revived this year with a programme including races open to services representing the Dominions and the Allies.

DOC ROLLER BREAKS RIB. New Haven, Conn., Jan. 27.—The wrestling match between Dr. B. F. Roller and Renato Guardini, Italian champion, scheduled for three falls ended in the first set tonight when Dr. Roller sustained a broken rib as the result of a fall.

JOHNNY BASHAN DEFEATS SHEVLIN. London, Jan. 27.—Johnny Bashan, champion welterweight of England, tonight defeated Eddie Shevlin, of Boston, champion welterweight of the United States Navy on points in a fifteen round bout. The contest took place at the National Sporting Club.

When Jess Willard steps into the ring next July to fight either Dempsey or Geor. Carpentier, probably the former, he will be given the largest purse ever tendered a "box-fighter." One hundred thousand dollars is a lot of money, but the two-legged mammoth will get this amount whether he wins

## Sporting Notes

Olympia took two strings from Frontenac last night in Class "A" bowling.

The players in the National League would do well if they accepted the referee's decisions at once, instead of arguing the point for three or four minutes. Incidents like that delay the game, and do not add to its interest.

Childs came near Frechette's record last night in the Victoria-Frontenac match in class "B" bowling. He got 550, including a single of 216.

Crescents had a fast work out last night from 11 to 12. Nearly all the players were on hand.

Things we would like to see. The street lamps lit after midnight on Euade and Fabrique Sts.

No less than 5 counts of 200 or better were made in the Frontenac-Olympia class "A" match last night.

Tonight's match in the second half of the N.H.L. race is Ottawa at Toronto.

Crescents have signed up Buckley and Marcoux. The first named will very likely play goal for the Red, Yellow and Black tomorrow night against the Students.

Victoria receive Cercle Chevalier tonight in class "A", Frontenacs clash with Olympia.

The standing in the class "A" league is as follows:

	Won	Lost
Olympia	18	9
Frontenac	14	13
Victoria	11	13
Levis	8	16

Leo Dooley appeared in a new role last night, that of goaler. Leo kept goal when Miller was chased off for taking a swat at a Viger player, and made some good saves.

Despatches from New York, say:—Arrangements have been made for the first of a series of international bouts between English and American boxers to be held in London.

Joe Lynch, the local bantamweight, has signed to meet Tommy Noble, the British bantamweight champion, in a 20-round battle on February the 3rd. Lynch was defeated by Jimmy Wilde in the recent series of Anglo-American bouts, but he made a good impression, and is very popular in London sporting circles.

When Jess Willard steps into the ring next July to fight either Dempsey or Geor. Carpentier, probably the former, he will be given the largest purse ever tendered a "box-fighter." One hundred thousand dollars is a lot of money, but the two-legged mammoth will get this amount whether he wins

or losses. There are many people who will be pulling with every fibre in their bodies that a beating will accompany the purse. Willard is anything but a likeable champion, and the statement credited to him after he signed with Ted Rickard, that with him boxing is not a sport but a business, and that the purse is the thing, will not enhance his popularity.

Popular Pastime, No. 1438.—Dropping off the street car into the temperature saloon for the daily glass of 2 percent.

### FRANKIE BRITT BEATS WILLIE JACKSON

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 17.—Frankie Britt, of Boston, won the popular decision over Willie Jackson, New York, in a six round bout here tonight. Britt had the advantage every round except the first. The first was hard and fast.

In the semi-wind up Johnny Murray, of New York, stopped Frankie Clark, of Philadelphia, in the second round, the local boy's second throwing the sponge in the ring. Clark was knocked down once in the first and twice in the second rounds.

### THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 27.—The Board of Trade quotations yesterday were as follows:  
Manitoba wheat in store Fort William (not including 2 1/2 cents tax): No. 1 northern \$2.24 1-2; No. 2 northern \$2.21 1-2; No. 3 northern \$2.17 1-2.  
Manitoba Oats: No. 2 Canadian Western 63 3-8, in store Fort William; No. 3 57 1-2; extra No. 1 feed 60; No. 1 feed 57 1-4.  
American corn, new crop, No. 2 \$1.36; No. 4, \$1.33, January shipment, track Toronto.  
Ontario wheat: No. 1 winter, \$2.14 to \$2.22; No. 2 winter, \$2.11 to \$2.19; No. 3 winter, \$2.07 to \$2.16; No. 1 spring \$2.09 to \$2.17; No. 2 spring \$2.06 to \$2.14; No. 3 spring \$2.02 to \$2.10 f.o.b., shipping points, according to freights.  
Ontario Oats: No. 2 white, new crop 61 to 62; No. 2, 60 to 62, according to freight outside.  
Barley malting, 73c to 78c.  
Peas, No. 2 \$2.00, according to freight outside.  
Buckwheat, No. 2 nominal \$1.00.  
Rye, No. 2, \$1.40 nominal.  
Manitoba flour, wa quality \$10.00, Toronto-Montreal \$10.00 new bags.  
Milled carious delivered Montreal. Shorts \$42.25; Bran, \$37.25; feed flour, not quoted; middlings not quoted.  
Hay, baled, track Toronto, carlots: No. 1 \$22.00 to \$23.00; mixed \$20.00 to \$21.00 per ton.  
Straw, carlots \$10.00 to \$11.00.

### A MOMENT OF PRAYER.

How Gen. Currie Received News of Armistice.

Capt. Arthur W. Dyas, a Canadian serving at the front, wrote a letter on Nov. 11th in which he says: "We've had a rather thrilling day today, being the day that we've longed for for some years now. "Hostilities ceased at 11 this morning. We got the message at 7.30. Just as I'd finished breakfast this morning I was called to the phone, and the head major gave me the good news. When I told the mess a cheer went up that set the men all buzzing. The battalion was parading at 8, and when it was announced on parade a cheer went up that you could hear for miles. The men laughed, kissed, punched each other, and in some eyes was the odd tear, probably a passing thought of some pal lost lately.

"Our brigade, who have been resting for the last two weeks, after advancing 22 3/4 miles since Oct. 17th, were to be inspected by Gen. Currie, the boys' commander, at 10, so it was a very memorable inspection. After the general had inspected us we closed all around him, and he stood on a wagon seat and talked to us of our record in France during the last three years and nine months. He said: 'The old First Brigade have the best record of any brigade in the British army. They have never failed in an attack when advancing, and they have never lost a trench. Then something very impressive happened. He said: 'I want every man to take off his hat and we will have one minute of silent prayer, to thank God for giving us the power and strength to defeat and crush the German army that had threatened the world.' "There were 4,000 officers and men on parade, and for one minute every one of us stood with our steel helmets on our arm, our heads bowed, and I believe that a very sincere and true prayer went up from every soldier present. The general couldn't say any more. He finished up by saying: 'Men of the old First Brigade, my heart is too full for words.' And tears rolled down his cheeks. Needless to say he got three of the loudest cheers and a tiger that men could give."

### SLAVERY

There is no legal and formal slavery now in any Christian country. It survives in a mild form in most Mohammedan countries. The peonage system of Latin America countries is not much different from slavery, but rests upon a different theory. The peon is not supposed to be owned as property; he is supposed to be working to pay a debt which he owes the master.

### THEY MET AGAIN

During the last days of the war, a German field kitchen loaded with stum, coffee, cigars and cigarettes for a hundred men, and making a slight and quite pardonable error as to the whereabouts of the somewhat jumpy German line, drove up in the darkness to a battalion of Canadian Infantry and there started to unload before the delighted Tommies discovered them. The captors were about to pitch in when a lieutenant rushed out of the dim-lit dugout and, with uplifted hands, postponed the feast, hissing out as he did so that there might be arsenic in the stum and that anyway the whole thing was probably a plot. This turn of events defeated the German cook, who was fatter than any one in Germany is supposed to be in the fifth year of the war and who had just been congratulating himself that even the fiendish Canadians could not be as very cruel to one who had brought them such unexpected refreshments. The cook brightened up, however, when it occurred to him that he and his driver might share suspicion by themselves sampling all the rations on hand. They weren't allowed to do more than sample them when the bunch joined in, and in five minutes 25 Canadians had cleaned up a meal which had been prepared for a hundred Germans. The cook was still a bit worried about his scout, who had gone on ahead to feel the way as if of whom nothing had been heard since. He was told that he would probably meet him before morning. Sure enough, at dawn, in the prison cage far behind the stray ration detail all met face to face. "Oh, Johann!" "Oh, Gottlieb!" It was a great reunion.

# FORD PRICES

The policy of the Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, to sell its cars for the lowest possible price consistent with dependable quality is too well known to require comment. Therefore, because of present conditions there can be no change in the price of Ford Cars.



Runabout	-	-	\$ 660
Touring	-	-	690
Coupe	-	-	875
Sedan	-	-	1075
Standard Chassis	-	-	625
One-Ton Truck Chassis	-	-	750

These prices are F. O. B. Ford, Ontario

All prices subject to war tax charges, except truck and chassis.

Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited  
FORD - - ONTARIO

## JOS. COTE,



Established in 1887.  
IMPORTER and WHOLESALE GROCER.  
188 ST. PAUL STREET, QUEBEC.  
The largest Cigars, Tobacco and Tobacco Sundries in Canada. Always in stock full assortment of products of all the best Manufacturers.

MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL

Friday, 24th January, 1919.

Present: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bouchard, St. R., Bouchard J. C., Collier, Fiset, Gauvin, Lesage, Martin, Mercier, Seguin.

The Minutes of the three last meetings are read and adopted. Read a letter from the City officials having a salary of \$1000 and less than the Council for the year.

Presented and read copy of a resolution passed by the City Council of Calgary re claim of \$1,000,000.00 for the war expenses of the Dominion during the great war and praying the Council to pass a similar resolution. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Read a letter from Mr. Lanterier enquiring about the advantages and encouragement of building cold storage building in Quebec. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Read three letters from Miss Durand, Secretary of "La Ligue des Menagees" praying the Council to attend to the following requests:

- 1.—To appoint a butter inspector with power to confiscate butter not weighing the standard weight.
2.—To prevent children from attending picture shows and to prevent children from smoking cigarettes.
3.—To enforce By-Law re houses of ill-repute, etc. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Read a letter from Mr. T. Levasseur, Secretary, Board of Trade, transmitting copy for resolution re Canadian fisheries in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, this subject having been studied at a lecture given by Mr. H. C. Thomson in Quebec. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Presented a petition from the City officials praying the Council to repeal By-Law compelling them to close the offices at five o'clock. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Read a letter from Messrs. L. Gougas & Son offering for sale to the City fathers, coal known as Pea-coal and other coal. Referred to the Public Works Committee.

Read a letter from Messrs. Elzear Fortier & Co., praying the Council to give instructions to the police to have the law observed re cleaning of sidewalks etc and compel the law breakers to cart away the snow and ice on their sidewalks. Ordered that said letter remain on the table.

Read a letter from "La Compagnie Maritime & Industrielle de Levis" inquiring the City that they shall require, during next summer, wharfage for only one of their three boats, plying between the City and the Island of Orleans. Referred to the Public Works Committee.

Read a letter from Mr. T. Bedard, Agent of the Marine Department at Quebec, transmitting a cheque for \$30 for the Firmen's Protective Association for the services rendered by the Brigade at a fire at the Marine Department some time ago.

Read a report from the Chief of the fire Brigade giving a statement of all the fires and damages, insurance, etc. for the year 1918.

Presented a report from the Special Committee appointed in January 1918 to study the question of moving picture shows in this city. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Presented a report from Road Commission for the District of Quebec on the work done in 1918 and also a financial statement from Mr.

Relief from Suffering

You will find ready relief from Backache, Lumbago, Sciatica, painful urination, brick dust deposits, and gravel, by taking



Sold everywhere for 50c. 214

Landrieu, accountant of said commission, referred to the Public Works Committee.

Presented the following reports: 109th. Finance—1. To reduce expenses of the Exhibition Commission.

110th. Finance—To pay \$200 to the Parish priest of St. Francois d'Assise.

111th. Finance—3rd. Rent property to the Archer Co.

112th. Finance—4th. Sale of ground to Imperial Oil Co.

Moved by Alderman Bedard, seconded respectively by Aldermen Gauvin, Seguin, Bouchard St. R., and Martin: It is Resolved that said reports be taken into consideration as 1st 2nd 3rd and 4th orders of the day.

113th. Public Works—5th. Contract for carters numbers.

18th.—Public Works—6th. Prolong 3rd street at Limolou.

Moved by Alderman Bouchard, St. R., seconded respectively by Aldermen Seguin and Martin: It is Resolved that said reports be taken up as 5th and 6th orders of the day.

His Worship the Mayor then gives communication of the cable sent to their Majesties the King and Queen of England on the occasion of the death of their son Prince John.

Quebec 24th January, 1919.

To their Majesties the King and Queen of England.

The Mayor of Quebec solicits the permission to present to their Majesties the condolence and sympathies of the Council of the City of Quebec on the occasion of the death of H. R. H. Prince John.

The Mayor of Quebec prays their Majesties to receive at the same time the expression of his personal sympathy in the sad bereavement which falls upon them.

The Mayor of Quebec. HENRI E. LAVIGUEUR Order of The Day

Before proceeding with the Order of the day, it is moved by Alderman Bedard seconded by all the members of the Council and it is Resolved that the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Quebec, meeting for the first time, in Council meeting since the 1st day of January 1919, register in the minutes of this Council the expression of their profound sorrow the citizens of Quebec have felt at the news of the sudden and unexpected death of H. R. H. Prince John, beloved son of their Majesties the King and Queen of England and pray their Majesties to accept their sincere condolence and sympathy and His Worship the Mayor is requested to forward the present resolution to their Majesties.

First Order of the Day—Read the

109th report of the Finance Committee which being put to the vote: Alderman Lesage moves seconded by Alderman Gauvin and it is on the following division of 6 for and 5 against, as follows, to wit:

For: Aldermen Bedard, Collier, Gauvin, Lesage, Mercier, Seguin (6).

Against: Aldermen Bertrand, Bouchard St. R., Bouchard J. C., Fiset, Martin (5).

Resolved that said report be continued until the next meeting for consideration as 1st order of the day.

Second Order of the Day—Read the 110th report of the Finance Committee which being put to the vote is adopted and it is Resolved that the sum of \$200 be paid to Rev. Alex Albert Godbout, Curate of the parish of St. Francois d'Assise, for the purchase of part of lot No. 435-135 of the official cadastral plan, for St. Roch North, and now under in the cadastral plan as No. 435-135B of said official cadastral plan. All subject to the conditions mentioned in the report of the Road Committee, dated 16th May 1917. The amount to be taken from the special account No. 2. That His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign a contract to that effect.

Third Order of the Day—Read the 111th report of the Finance Committee which being put to the vote is adopted and it is Resolved: That His Worship the Mayor is hereby authorized to sign a lease with the "Archer Co., Registered", for the lease of a piece of ground, on the new market, Dorchester street, measuring 190 feet frontage in the St. Charles river, as shown by letters A. B. C. D. on the plan herewith annexed, for one year from the 1st of May 1919 until the 30th of April 1920 at the price of \$600 a year. Said lease to be made subject to the conditions His Worship the Mayor and the City Engineer, shall make for the use of said ground.

Fourth Order of the Day—Read the 112th report of the Finance Committee which being put to the vote is adopted and it is Resolved: That this Council authorizes the sale to the Imperial Oil Co. Ltd., of 4,290.18 superficial feet of ground, at 50 cents a foot \$2,145.90—and another piece of ground measuring 16,270.83 superficial feet at 20 cents a foot \$3,254.16, being a total amount of \$5,399.25 all according to plans herewith annexed. That His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign a deed to that effect.

Fifth Order of the Day—Read the 113th report of the Public Works Committee which being put to the vote is adopted and it is Resolved: That the contract for the supply of carters numbers and other numbers for the fiscal year 1919-20 be awarded to Mr. A. Freniere at the price of \$600.00, subject to the requirements of the Chief of Police. The amount to be taken from the appropriations of the Road Department for 1919-20. That securities be given to the satisfaction of the Mayor. That the Mayor sign a contract to that effect.

Sixth Order of the Day—Read the 18th report of the Public Works Committee which being put to the vote is adopted and it is Resolved: That the City Attorneys be requested to apply before the Railway Commission of Canada to obtain the authorization to build a new crossing at Limolou to cross the right-of-way of the "Quebec & Lake St. John Railway" and the "Canadian Northern Railway" so as to prolong 2nd street as far as the space of ground between the rights of way of the "Quebec & Lake St. John Ry." and the "Canadian Northern Railway" and that of the Q. R. L. H. & P. Co., so as to permit the unloading of the freight bound for Limolou coming by the Q. R. L. H. & P. Co. Ry., which it is im-

possible with the actual state of things.

Questions:

By Alderman Lesage: 1.—Has the City Council in its records, a petition to the effect of asking the maintenance of the Exhibition?

2.—In the affirmative, when was that petition presented and on which occasion?

3.—How many have signed said petition?

4.—What was asked by the majority of them?

5.—About what capital and about what amount of taxes said petitioners paid to the city?

By Alderman Fiset: Which are the decisions of the Road Committee re ice on sidewalks.

Why was not a report made to the Council which he thinks illegal.

Answer: The resolution did not mention a report to the Council. No funds were voted to that effect. City Attorneys declare said expense was not authorized, consequently illegal.

Question by Alderman Seguin: Is the Tramway Co. obliged according to its contract with the City to cart away the snow at its expense in all the city streets where the cars run?

Answer by His Worship the Mayor I am informed that said company, pays the proprietors or occupants in certain wards to remove the snow and in certain other wards refuses to do so.

Answer: The said company is not obliged to remove the snow according to judgments in the courts.

It is moved by Alderman Fiset seconded by Alderman Bertrand and it is Resolved: That the Road Committee do not put into execution the resolution passed at its last meeting re removing of the ice on sidewalks, etc. with the apparatus suggested at that meeting.

Moved by Alderman Bouchard St. R., seconded by Alderman Martin and it is Resolved: That the City Engineer be instructed to complete the ice to judgments in the courts.

1.—On the numbers and the date if possible at which said buildings were erected, their dimensions, and the general state—in which they actually are.

2.—The approximative cost and the necessary repairs to put them in good order so as to be used, for the security of the cattle, exhibits, etc. which could be sent for extension in 1919.

It is moved by Alderman Bedard, seconded by Alderman Gauvin and it is Resolved that this Council do now adjourn.—Adjourned.

FAITHFUL TO HIS TRUST.

Native African Kept Eyes on Watch For Hour, Lest It Should Go "Jump, Jump".

France has many black fighting men from Senegal in the field; nor are they the only troops recruited from savage or semisavage races that are engaged in the great conflict. A young British officer found himself one night, by a mischance to his motorcycle, stranded by the wayside, and with only a little group of negro stragglers anywhere in sight. He was very tired, having had no sleep for many hours. One of the Africans talked the pidgin English of a coast town, and this man informed him that some motorlorries would be coming along soon, upon which it would be possible to get a lift.

"Soon," in the mouth of an African, is an elastic term, but the captain thought he could afford to wait an hour before setting forward on foot in search of some other means of transportation. Meanwhile, he wanted a nap—wanted it desperately—but he could not trust himself to wake at the end of an hour. The African could not tell time, but the captain determined to depend upon him, nevertheless. Showing him the dial of his wrist watch, he explained that he wished to be waked when the long hand reached there and the short hand there. Then he lay down, with arm extended, and the negro crouched beside him, with his eyes on the dial.

Exactly at the right moment the sleeper was called; and as he opened his eyes they fell upon the African, in precisely the same position, with something strained in his aspect that suggested insolence. It appeared that he had not dared look away during the entire hour.

"For sure him clock tumbled slow, stop go walkee, walkee? S'pose him stoy go walkee, walkee? S'pose him go jump, jump?"

Upon a river steamer in Africa Miss Mary Kingsley, the English explorer, once heard other passengers giving directions to the native steward in the adjoining main saloon:

"You savvy six o'clock? When them long arm catch them place, and them short arm catch them place, you call me in the morning time."

An interval of silence, and then another voice:

"You savvy five o'clock? When them long arm— And so it went on, until each passenger had pointed out on the clock face the proper relation of the two hands to each other at the moment he desired to be called. The ignorant native steward, who could not tell time and could not learn to, was yet sufficiently observant to place and remember the calls correctly; he never got them mixed.

WORSTED.

"I noticed that you engaged in earnest conversation with that conductor-ette."

"We were just having a little argument about the proper pronunciation of the street I live on," said Professor Diggs. "She insisted that it should be called 'Wellington,' but having some knowledge of the man who defeated Napoleon at Waterloo, I contended it should be 'Wellington.'"

"Well which is it to be henceforth—'Wellington' or 'Wellington?'"

"'Aham! 'Wellington!'"

At the Theatres

AUDITORIUM PLEASURES VAST AUDIENCES

"THE GREATEST THING IN LIFE", another wonderful production by D. W. Griffith, was shown to capacity houses at the Auditorium yesterday and it created a deep impression, as a wonderful play of love, adventure and feeling. It tells of the great love of a woman who goes through hell in this life that she may help the loved one.

The bill comprises two other big attractions. A comedy by James Montgomery Flagg, and a Gaumont Gazette of the days' events.

Usual admission prices are charged and war tax included.

AT THE EMPIRE

PEARL WHITE AND BIG BILL RUSSELL

The third episode of Pearl White's serial story "THE LIGHTNING RAIDER" and BIG BILL RUSSELL in "ALL THE WORLD TO NOTHING" drew large crowds to the Empire all day yesterday. This week's episode of "The Lightning Raider" is particularly thrilling, a new specie of thrill being introduced in the form of a huge octopus.

"ALL THE WORLD TO NOTHING" is a great big human story splendidly acted and produced, with athletic Bill Russell enacting the leading role in his usual vigorous manner.

The News Weekly completes the program which will be shown again today and tomorrow.—Adv.

MADGE KENNEDY AT THE VICTORIA

"A PERFECT LADY" featuring Madge Kennedy, drew big houses to the Victoria yesterday. The picture is well worth seeing, depicting the triumph of a lady-like burlesque queen over the hypocritical village "censors". There is a dandy comedy and Mutt and Jeff cartoon also on the bill.—Adv.

QUAINT AND PRETTY SWEATER.

They are undeniably quaint and pretty, those short, sleeveless sweaters, until they start to lose their shape. That happens when the purling begins to give, or where there is no purling at all. Narrow belts of kid and web ribbon girdles constitute two answers to this problem of "giving". Still, neither one is especially distinctive or in keeping with the eyes of garment on which it is used. So a fastidious girl with a bright idea all her own hit upon the plan of the narrow self-girdle. She took quite long strands of the mercerized cotton matching her sweater—six strands to be exact. These she twisted round and round into some simulation of a monastic cord. Then she weighted the girdle again with graceful bossiness. The effect was smart to a degree.

And this suggests other things for a clever girl to do along this line. For instance, double strands of the cotton might be loosely plaited, then

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

IF CROSS, FEVERISH OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given.

If your little one is out-of-order, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that it's little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle. Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

REAL VALUE

is based, not on the price paid for a commodity, but on the benefit derived. That is why Zam-Buk is the cheapest skin healer on the market—because the benefit derived is 95% greater than can be got from ordinary ointments. This is due to the fact that Zam-Buk is all medicine—100%. Ordinary ointments are 5% medicine and the balance animal fat.

The superiority of Zam-Buk is proved by the many cases of chronic skin trouble and old sores which yield to the power of Zam-Buk after all other treatments have failed.

The unusual power of penetration which Zam-Buk possesses enables it to reach the underlying tissues, where skin troubles have their "root." Then the germicidal properties in Zam-Buk destroy all germs. Until this is done healing can never be thorough. The reason why sores that have been treated with ordinary ointments break out again is because the remedy has never got to the seat of the trouble, but has only healed over the outer skin. Zam-Buk, on the contrary, uproots skin disease, and the cure is complete and permanent.

Zam-Buk should always be used for eczema, ringworm, scalp sores, pimples, abscesses, ulcers, blood-poisoning, bad leg, piles, cuts, burns and scalds. All dealers or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25.



Department of the Naval Service. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for Naval Vessels," will be received up to noon of Thursday, February 20th, 1919, for the purchase of naval vessels lying at Halifax, Sydney and Liverpool, including: Steam Trawlers—Length 125 ft. B.P. Breadth Moulded, 33 ft. 4 in. Moulded Depth 13 ft. 6 in. Steam Drifters—Length 90 ft. Breadth 19 ft. 3 in. Depth Hold 10 ft. 6 Patrol Vessels—Length 140 feet. Breadth 23 ft. 6 in. Depth Hold 13 ft. 6 in. 4 Steam Fishing Vessels—Ranging in length from 130 feet, to 170 feet. Breadth 23 ft. 3 in to 24 ft. Depth 8 ft. 8 in to 9 ft. 6 in. Several Small Steamers—Of various dimensions, and Motor Launches of various types.

Full particulars and permission to inspect the vessels may be obtained on application to the undersigned or to the Admiral Superintendent, H.M.C. Dockyard, Halifax, N.S.

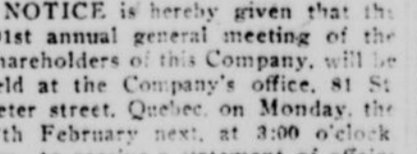
G. J. DESBARATS, Deputy Minister of the Naval Service, Ottawa, Jan. 18th, 1919.

Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. J.28xtu,frxix

Quebec Fire Assurance Company

NOTICE is hereby given that the 101st annual general meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, will be held at the Company's office, 81 St. Peter street, Quebec, on Monday, the 17th February next, at 3:00 o'clock p.m., to receive a statement of affairs of the Company for the past year, and for the election of Directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board G. H. HENDERSON, J.21.25.F.4.1784 Secretary.



CITY OF QUEBEC City Hall, CITY CLERK'S OFFICE Quebec, 23rd January, 1919.

TENDERS FOR SUMMER CAPS FOR FIREMEN.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders, endorsed "TENDERS FOR SUMMER CAPS" and addressed to the Fire Department, will be received from this day till TUESDAY, the 15th of February next, (1919) at four o'clock p.m., for the supply of one hundred and fifty (150) summer caps—more or less—for the firemen.

A sample for each summer cap shall be seen at the office of the Chief of the Fire Brigade.

The City does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders, and the contractor shall pay the cost of drawing up the contract and notarial copies for official use.

By order, AUG. MALOUIN, Asst. City Clerk

weighted with long self-laxels. That is certainly an easy thing to do, a d such a practical, good-looking thing when done.

"SOMEWHERE IN GERMANY"

Letters received within the past few weeks from Canadian soldiers serving with Imperial units show a variation from the old familiar "Somewhere in France." The date now follows the words "Somewhere in Germany."

Hotels

St. Lawrence Hall MONTREAL Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street 800 Rooms (many with baths attached) American plan, from \$2.00 to \$4.00 per day. European plan, from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day. A. J. HIGGINS, Ltd. C. F. B. License No. 10-5512.

Under new Management. FREEMAN'S HOTEL MONTREAL The popular European plan Hotel, situated in the banking centre. Convenient to railway depots and steamboat landings. 159 ROOMS. Rates: \$1.50 up. Restaurant Special Features: A la carte service, 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. Table d'Hote Dinner, 6 to 8 p.m. St. Businessmen's Lunch, 12 to 2 p.m. 45 cents. Chas. L. de ROUVILLE, Formerly Manager, Manager, Chateau Frontenac (C.F.B. License, 10-4777-8-9).

The most attractive and popular up-to-date CAFE in Quebec City. The New Marathon Cafe 46 ST. JOHN STREET (near Palace Hotel); 101 ST. JOHN. Maitresse Oysters served in all styles. Special Table d'Hote Dinner served on Sundays from 11 noon to 2:00 p.m. and 5:00 to 8:00 p.m. MUSIC FROM 8:00 to 1:00 P.M. Mr. Young Violin. Mrs. Fogg Piano. W. H. CHILDS, Proprietor. Telephone 7915. License No. 13-4290. C. F. B. License No. 10-8927.

TAKE YOUR MEALS —at the— NEW WORLD CAFE 31 BUADE STREET. Courteous Attendance, Uncolled Cuisine. Open from 6:00 a.m. to 1:00 a.m. Special Business Men's Lunch, 50c. C. F. B. License No. 10-9483. D.27xmn,wd,frxtoN.10.

HOTEL WILHELMINA



942 MOUNTAIN STREET, MONTREAL. BRIGHT WARM ROOMS. GOOD MEALS. MODERATE RATES. Write for Booklet. C. F. B. License 10-4172.

REPORTS

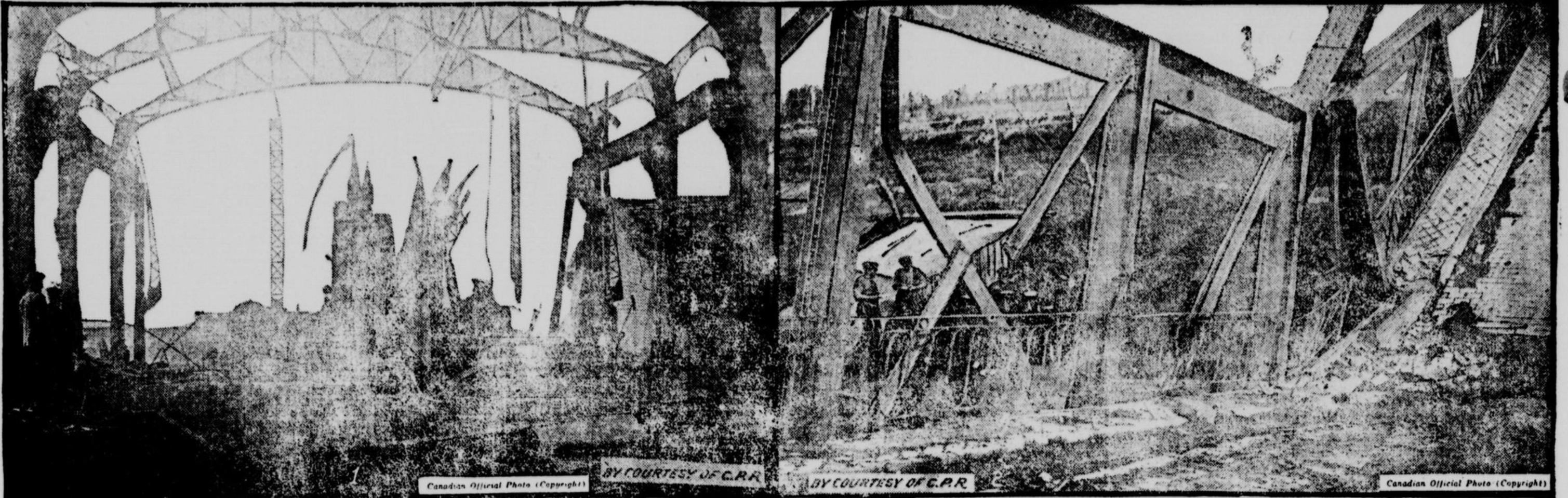
RESORTS—ATLANTIC CITY, N.J. D'Amico ATLANTIC CITY, N.J. Situated, planned and managed to give comfort and health.

S. CHARLES OF THE GUARANTEE... Find out reference in files to the far South resorts and Old Point Comfort, VA. HOTEL CHA'NERLIN Swimming, Golf, Tennis, etc. For full particulars, write to the Proprietor, S. CHARLES, 1020, F. ST. ARMS, Manager, Fort St. Charles, Va., or to the Hotel, Old Point Comfort, Va. Booklet on application, 1181 1/2 Broadway, New York.

STEAM COAL Montreal Coal & Dock Co. Ltd. QUEBEC BRANCH 12 DE TROISIE SL. Phone 1297

Advertisement for Postum cereal. Text: Drink as much POSTUM as you care for. Unlike coffee, which disagrees with many — you can drink as many cups of Postum as you care for with no fear of nervousness, sleeplessness or other annoyance to health, for Postum is pure and wholesome and contains no harmful element such as the drug "caffeine" in coffee. Your grocer sells Postum.

# THE GERMANS IN RETREAT—THE PRINCE SMILES

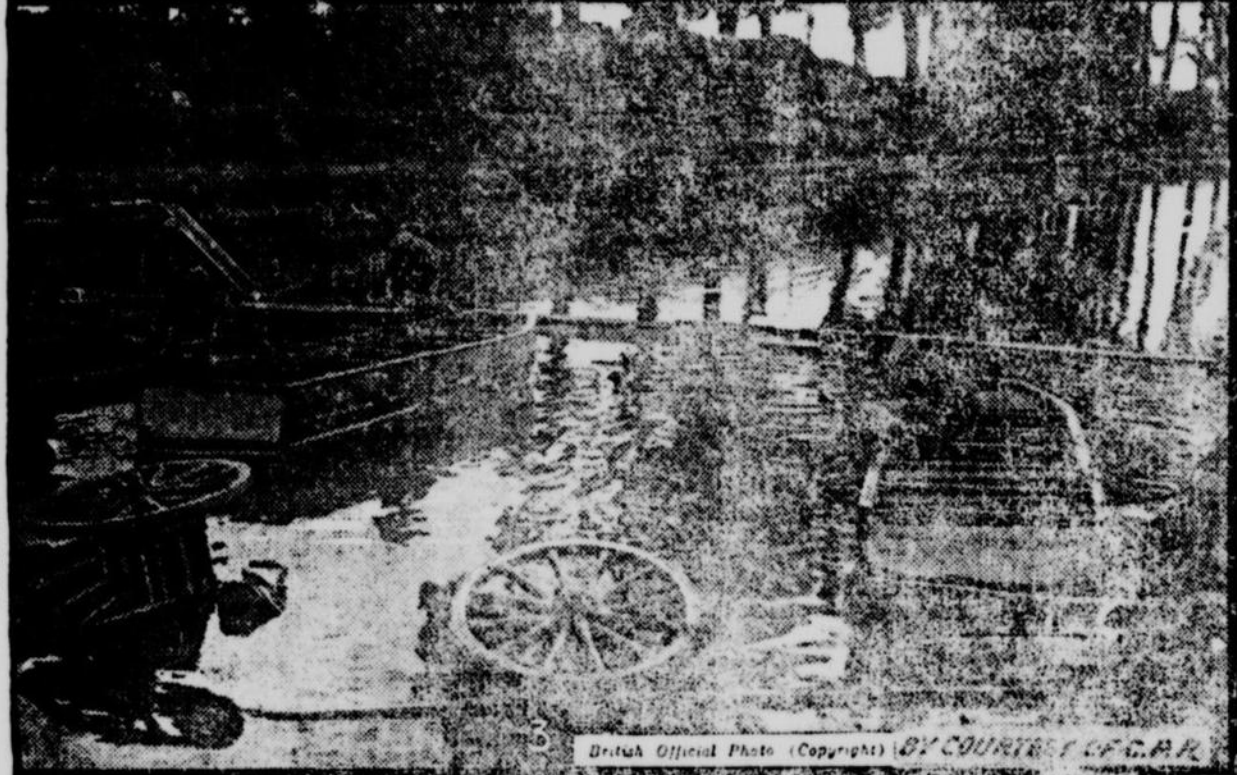


Canadian Official Photo (Copyright)

BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.

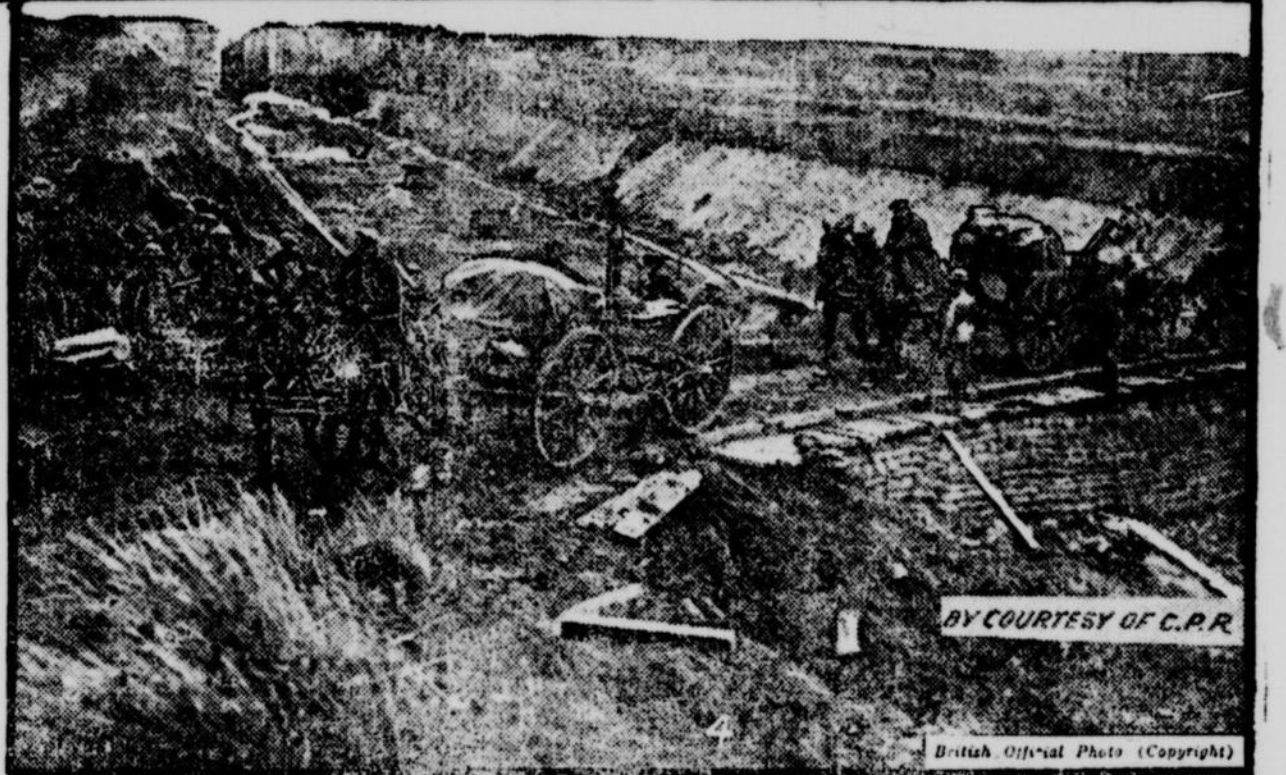
BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.

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British Official Photo (Copyright) BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.

- (1) One of the many mines in the Denain area destroyed by Germans.
- (2) A bridge blown up by Germans during their retreat from the Cambrai front.
- (3) Canadian engineers busy putting a bridge across a canal under fire near Cambrai.
- (4) British Cambrai advance—transports crossing the Canal du Nord.
- (5) Cavalry ready to break through—they have their own horse ambulances with them.
- (6) Germans bomb a Canadian hospital—smashed windows but no casualties—Canadian sisters cleaning up one of the wards.
- (7) A snapshot of the Prince of Wales in Lille, while having a quiet look around the town.
- (8) Tournai, a city on the Western Front.



BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.

British Official Photo (Copyright)



British Official Photo (Copyright) BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.



BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.

British Official Photo (Copyright)

## The Intelligence Branch of The Canadian Army

Looking over the souvenirs he had obtained from a dead German on one of the first raids the Canadians pulled off in 1915, a sergeant of the 16th Battalion came across half a dozen picture postcards of Coblenz, all addressed to the slain Hun and evidently from friends in that district. The Canadian sergeant did not understand German but they were handy trophies to send home by post to Vancouver and he was struggling with his conscience whether to obey orders and hand them in to the Intelligence officer or to smuggle them in letters to Canada. His company officer, too, coming along, caught him looking at them and decided the point. They seemed ordinary personal correspondence but the officer sent them on to headquarters. There were messages from the dead Hun's family and instructions to "kill the English and hurry up home." One postcard alone made the smart Intelligence officer at Corps headquarters sit up and take notice. It was from a feminine admirer named Ella. It asked the now slain man to apply for a job in the unit Rudolphe Hesse was in. Hesse, it said, had been home for three weeks' leave and before that he had been taking six weeks' instruction, out of the line, with "Hunnenwerter." He wasn't going back to the muddy Flanders front but was leaving for Verdun "to burn up the French." Rudolphe also got more pay.

That postcard was practically the first intimation the Allies got of the German intention to use liquid fire and when the attack came at Verdun the French were ready for it. How the postcard escaped the eagle eyes of the German censorship was a miracle. It was one of the first "beats" the alert Intelligence officers of the Canadians scored.

When the First Division took over its section of trenches, the important Intelligence Branch was not entrusted to them. Imperial officers, who knew German and who had taken special courses on the formations of the Hun army, were in charge. The Canadian officers attached applied themselves to learning the "tricks of the trade" the enemy used which were not emblazoned over text books. By the time the Second Division arrived in France their system of intelligence though not according to British manual, was as effective as any along the front. From then on the Canadian Intelligence section made its mark. Colonel Charlie Mitchell, an engineer from Winnipeg, was one of the pioneers in the branch. He had often visited Germany on matters of his peaceful profession and now applied his knowledge of the Hun to advantage. He upset all British traditions by gathering around him lawyers, newspapermen and

even prospectors from the North. In a military way they might be classed as a motley crowd but their deductive aggregate was something over the hundred mark.

Colonel Mitchell went from the Corps to a British army and then, promoted again, to British General Headquarters. He was used as a sort of travelling military Sherlock Holmes working on various fronts in France, Italy and Palestine. He is now an Imperial Brigadier General of Intelligence.

Another success in Intelligence was Colonel J. Lamb, a mild mannered, easy spoken officer who might have been a schoolmaster, but with a brain that could think three different ways at the same time. Then came Colonel Roland Parsons, a lawyer from Winnipeg, who for a considerable time headed Corps Intelligence and worked his department through many famed battles. He had been a "pupil" of Mitchell's and if anything improved the service. Parsons went to England where he was in command of an Imperial Intelligence school for some months and later returned to the Corps where he is now First General Staff officer with a Division.

For the last year the man who has made his mark at the head of this branch at the Corps is Major MacAvitie, of New Brunswick. He served through from the Intelligence section of a battalion and became a General Staff Officer at the Corps. From the Battle of Passchendaele down to the capture of Valenciennes and Mons he has proved the equal of any that preceded him. With Major Vernon who has been on the Intelligence staff ever since the First Division went across, and a Captain from the West with a very Teutonic name, the Canadian Corps has a team that is hard to beat. The captain is almost a German, if such a description can be given to any man as a compliment. He speaks all Hun dialects and has such an intimate knowledge of German towns that many a prisoner under examination has been surprised and divulged important information. He also had an uncanny knowledge of German army organization which proved to be the undoing of more than one arrogant German officer prisoner he interrogated.

The Canadian Corps Intelligence has a proud record and in that secret dossier that was circulated among British Army Commands there were often long quotations from the reports these officers gathered together from Hun sources. They got to know the temperament of the German commanders like a book and they always gauged the character of the troops opposed to them. Of the few men at the front whom I heard predict that the German machine would fall to pieces these Canadian Intelligence Officers were one group



BY COURTESY OF C.P.R.

Canadian Official Photo (Copyright)



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British Official Photo (Copyright)



### THE PROBLEMS OF PEACE

call for intelligent patriotism of the highest order—"reconstruction" in the home as well as in business—better food for growing children and for men and women who do the work of the world.

## Shredded Wheat

comes back to the breakfast table with all its crisp and tasty goodness, its body-building nutritive value unimpaired, unadulterated. Start the day right by eating it with milk or cream. Your grocer can now supply the normal demand for your favorite breakfast cereal

MADE IN CANADA

## "MY THREE YEARS IN A GERMAN PRISON"

By HON. HENRI S. BELAND, M.D., M.P.

COPYRIGHT, 1919

### CHAPTER XXIII.

#### Hope Deferred.

It was in the month of May, 1916, I had then been a prisoner at the Stadtvogtei for one year. Repeated requests made by myself, through the American Embassy, and made on my behalf by the Canadian and British Governments to secure my freedom, had been of no avail. Sometimes my requests were not even acknowledged. I began to fear I might remain a prisoner until the end of the war.

One evening, about seven o'clock, after all prisoners had been locked up for the night, a non-commissioned officer employed in the office of the jail opened my cell and stated that he had good news for me.

"What news?" I asked.

"You are to be liberated," he answered.

"When?"

"The day after tomorrow—Saturday. This news was telephoned a moment ago from the Kommandantur, and I have been instructed to inform you of the fact."

I could not resist shaking the non-commissioned officer's hand to thank him for the good news he brought to me. My door was hardly closed before I was standing on my chair at the window calling to my companions in captivity—that is to say, the men

with whom I was in daily contact. I shouted to them the good news. They called back their congratulations and were sincerely happy at my good fortune.

The following day we appointed a real feast day when all the British prisoners should take part in celebrating the promise of my liberation. We decided to hold a reunion in my cell. We even resolved to organize a dinner! Remember, this was in 1916, when everybody in Berlin was subjected to food rationing. Our only diet was the prison menu. This meant that we had a real problem on our hands if we were to prepare an acceptable meal.

Invitations had been sent to all the British prisoners requesting the pleasure of their company to lunch that same day, in Parlor No. 669, in the International Hotel of the Stadtvogtei to meet Mr. Beland and celebrate his approaching departure for England!

The invitation cards bore the following instructions: "Each guest is requested to bring his plate, knife, fork, tea-cup, glass, and his own bread. Salt will be supplied on the premises."

My table as placed in the centre of the cell. We had covered it with paper napkins, and had succeeded in obtaining some canned meat. At that

time this was a marvelous accomplishment, believe me.

The dinner was a very joyful one. Toasts were proposed and congratulatory speeches were made. The following afternoon I was granted leave to go to the city. For the first time, after twelve months' incarceration, I was allowed to walk the streets! It was late in May. The vegetation was luxuriant and for the first time in a year I enjoyed the liberty of walking among the verdant foliage and flowerbeds of the square adjoining the prison. Never before had nature appeared so wonderfully beautiful. I was tempted to smile even at the Germans who walked about the streets.

Two hours later I returned to the jail, and learned that my departure, which had been fixed for the next day, would be delayed owing to the fact—so I was told—that a certain document had not yet been signed by the high command. It was represented to me that the signing of this document was a mere formality, and my release was a thing decided and assured. I was to be allowed to leave on the following Wednesday.

On the Tuesday, I was ready to start. My luggage was packed. Then I was advised once more that the missing document had not yet

arrived; that I must wait a few days longer. Of course, I was very much distressed at this repeated delay, but I tried to be patient through the ensuing two weeks, which appeared centuries to me.

One day I was called into the office of the jail. Major Schachian had come to explain that the Kommandantur in Berlin had really decided to give me my liberty, to allow me to go back to my family in Belgium, and particularly to be near my wife, who had been alone for six months—but a superior authority had now over-ruled this decision.

One can conceive my disappointment. I remarked to that officer that being a physician I was being detained contrary to international laws; that, moreover, I had on several previous occasions received assurances from the military authorities in Antwerp that I should not be molested; that I had practised my profession, not only in a hospital, before the fall of Antwerp, but since that date among the civil population of Capellen. The officer did not attempt to deny all this, but he said: "You practised medicine for charity; you did not practise it regularly."

Was it conceivable that a man of his position and intelligence could make such a remark? I was astounded, and dared to reply: "I always understood the liberty of physicians in time of war was guaranteed by international conferences, because physicians are in a position to relieve the physical sufferings of humanity, and not because they may be allowed to make money."

The officer saw he had made a bad break, as the popular expression has it. He attempted to effect a retreat in the best order he could. He was really embarrassed, and left me, while I returned to my cell, my heart bowed down by deception and disappointment.

A full year elapsed before any substantial change was made in my life of captivity.

(To be Continued).

### WINTER VISITORS

London's winter visitors, the sea gulls, arrived particularly early this year. Never since the hard winter of 1895 first it pelted them high up the river, and into hitherto unknown regions of parks and private gardens, have the birds omitted to make their yearly call to the Serpentine and Kensington Gardens' Round Pond. On the river, of course, the gulls single or in flocks, have been regular habitués for many years, perhaps centuries. Feeding the gulls from the bridges is a favorite occupation for many a Londoner, or rather it used to be, for now the feeding of birds is forbidden, on the ground of waste, by the Defence of the Realm regulations. The gulls will have to shift for themselves this winter, and Londoners' reputation for hospitality will suffer accordingly in the bird world.

### GRUESOME RECIPE

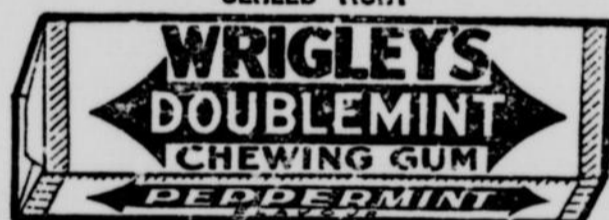
The King of Spain possesses an odd collection of relics connected with attempts on his life. A reminder of the very first attempt on his life is the teat of a feeding bottle, with which an attempt was made to poison him when he was only eight months old.



# WRIGLEY'S

All three brands sealed in air-tight packages. Easy to find—it is on sale everywhere.

Look for, ask for, be sure to get **WRIGLEY'S** The Greatest Name in Goody-Land.



## The Flavour Lasts

# THE GRAND SALE OF THE DIRECTORS

Time is Eating Up Your Opportunities

Begun on Jan. 20th | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Jan. 28 | Jan. 29 | Jan. 30 | Jan. 31 | Feb. 1 | Feb. 3 | Feb. 4 | Will Finish on Feb. 5th

Profit By The Days Which Are Left

Half the time has already sped by. The best days still remain. The second stage began on January 27th. Don't forget it. Change of display. The scene is a very attractive one with prices that attract the attention of the most indifferent. The feature of the sale will be white-wear with even more accentuated reductions, as much as 25% additional reductions.

TWEED DEPARTMENT	
on the First Floor	
Tweed for trousers, per yard	\$1.39
Tweeds for suits (double width)	\$2.39
Suits made to order	\$21.75
DEPARTMENT OF UNDER-CLOTHING	
First Floor	
Fleece-lined undershirts	74c
Scotch wool undershirt and drawers	79c
Fine white woolen drawers	89c
HABERDASHERY	
First Floor	
Khaki woolen gloves for men	44c
Black or colored jersey gloves for boys	49c
Navy-blue scarfs	29c

CLOTHING FOR MEN	
Second Floor	
Colored tweed suits for men	\$7.90
Navy-blue union serge suits for boys, Norfolk style	\$5.95
Light colored tweed suits for men	\$3.95
FOOTWEAR	
Second Floor	
Boots for young girls 11 to 2	\$1.98
Boots for young girls 8 to 10	\$1.59
Boots for boys 8 to 10	\$1.74
Boots for boys 11 to 1	\$2.15
Boots for boys 1 to 5	\$2.45
Boots for men	\$4.55
Neolin soles	
FURS	
Second Floor	
Neck Pieces for Cooney Muffs	\$1.49
Fur Tippet and Collar for Black Wolf Tippet	\$3.64
Neck Pieces for Otter Muffs (imitation) for men	\$7.29
	\$4.94
	\$5.44

LINGERIE	
Second Floor	
Corset Covers, trimmed with lace	19c
Corset Covers, trimmed with lace and insertion	24c
Corset Covers, trimmed with lace and insertion	29c
Corset Covers, trimmed with embroidery 34c and...	49c
LINGERIE	
Second Floor	
White drawers, trimmed with lace	39c
White drawers trimmed with brocade	59c
Knitted drawers for ladies	44c
Knitted drawers trimmed with lace	49c
ON THE SECOND FLOOR	
White corsets, 4 garters low bust	69c
White corsets, 4 garters high bust	89c
White corsets in solid drill values as high as \$2.50 for	\$1.19

The fact of introducing our display of White-wear in the midst of our grand general sale signifies that the prices will be all the more interesting. As they will have to compete with the other exceptional bargain offers.

**Come and Examine Our Crepe de Chine Offered at 59c**

EMBROIDERY	
First Floor	
Embroidery of all widths 3, 8, 10, 12, 15, 19, Width 18 inches	24c
Width 24 inches	34c
Width 27 inches	79c
Marquisette embroidery	\$1.24
All over embroidery all embroidery 24 inches	34c
LINGERIE	
Second Floor	
White gowns, short sleeves for ladies	79c
White embroidered night gowns, long sleeves	\$1.19
White embroidered night gowns, long sleeves	\$1.49
LINGERIE	
Second Floor	
Shirts for ladies, value 75c for	54c
Shirts for ladies value \$1.00 for	79c
White undershirts trimmed with lace special	59c
White undershirts with flounce trimmed with lace and insertion	\$1.79

ON THE SECOND FLOOR	
Japanese silk blouses	\$2.50
Crepe de chine blouses	\$2.95
Fancy blouses, worth \$6.00 for	\$3.99
White ninon blouses	99c
ON THE SECOND FLOOR	
White dresses for young girls 8 to 12	74c
White dresses for young girls 10 to 14	\$1.00
White nylon blouses with open-work embroidery	99c
ON THE SECOND FLOOR	
White marquisette blouses	\$1.49
White blouses with colored stripes	69c
White blouses, duck, pique, cotton crepe, large variety	93c

ON THE SECOND FLOOR	
White undershirts for ladies	44c
White (Woolsey) undershirts for ladies	59c
White undershirts, long sleeves	79c
White woolen undershirts	\$1.49
FIRST FLOOR	
Material for dresses for	44c
Fabric for dresses for	44c
Material for dresses with finish	59c
Colored crepe de chine for	59c
FIRST FLOOR	
Black woolen stockings ribbed	98c
Black union cashmere stockings	33c
Heavy black ribbed cotton stockings	37c
Cashmere gloves for ladies	45c

The week of Extravagant Reductions.

# MYRAND & POULIOT, Ltd., ST. ROCH'S

Goods Will Not Be Changed During This Sale.

# SHIPPING NEWS

## CLYDE SHIPBUILDING PLANTS DID WELL

### STANDARD SHIPS FORMED CONSIDERABLE PROPORTION OF TOTAL MERCANTILE TONNAGE BUILT.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—"With the removal of the restrictions and regulations regarding the shipbuilding and engineering industries it is now possible" says the Glasgow correspondent of the Liverpool Journal of Commerce, "to give in detail, at least approximately some figures of what the Clyde establishments have accomplished in the national cause during the strenuous period of the war. From the returns available and making a conservative allowance for the few yards which have maintained silence. It is calculated that from the Clyde there was contributed to the fighting strength of the nation—not for the fighting forces alone, but for the maintenance of the mercantile marine during the war period—about 2,500,000 tons of shipping.

"For the five years previous to the war (1909-1913) the total launched amounted to 2,825,000, so that the comparison does not discredit the Clyde worker or his employer. In fact, it does him less than justice, for it takes no account of the vast amount of repair work, upon which quite a number of firms were wholly engaged, nor of the occupation of thousands of men and women in the manufacture of materials necessary for the development of Britain's resources on the sea and in the air. Further, the total does not include all the tonnage for the royal navy. But it affords a fairly reliable guide of the total achievement. This year alone the total tonnage launched from the Clyde establishments was about 560,000 tons, which, though it falls short of the record year (1913), when the aggregate was 760,000 tons, compares very well with several of the best years of the past quarter of a century, and exceeds by almost 100,000 tons the figure for 1914.

"Standard ships formed a considerable proportion of the total mercantile tonnage built, though several important additions were made to the liner class during the first two years of the war, and the majority of the yards which usually build cargo and passenger ships had a share of this work. In it Messrs. Harlan and Wolff achieved some notable results both as to numbers and rapidity of construction. In the course of this year alone they were responsible for a gross tonnage output of 219,567, of which 13 vessels of 64,137 tons were constructed at their Govan yard, and 5 vessels of 33,985 tons came from their establishment at Greenock."

### GROWING MORE RICE

In an endeavor to increase the rice production of the Philippines the insular government is colonizing fertile valleys with natives taken from more densely populated localities.

## MERCHANT MARINE CONTROL OPPOSED

### MEMBER OF SHIPPING BOARD SPEAKS AGAINST SYSTEM RUN BY GOVERNMENT.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 27.—Disaster was predicted by Charles Page, member of the Shipping Board, as certain to follow continued government operation of the merchant marine, at the opening session of a merchant marine conference here. Representatives of nearly all the ship operators, builders and unions of employees on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts were present.

wooden ships," he said "There are serious misgivings as to what should be done today. Should the contracts for ships not yet laid down be canceled, and how are the effects upon labor and markets to be met if they are canceled?"

## HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

### "Fruit-a-lives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERONA, ONT. "I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back, caused by strains and heavy lifting. When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended 'Fruit-a-lives' to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health, thanks to your wonderful fruit medicine."

## LOST.

LOST—On Monday, January 27th, a lady's gold nugget pin from the Auditorium to St. Augustin street. Rewarded on returning same to 6-1-2 Lachevrotiere street. Jan. 28x3

DOG LOST—Young brown Irish Terrier answering to the name of "Paddy." Please return to 322 Grande Allee and receive reward. Phone 1419. Jan. 28x2

## WANTED.

WANTED—General servant for family of two—must be good plain cook—good wages. Mrs. Campbell, 87 Park Avenue. Jan. 28x3

WANTED—Agents to sell calendars wanted by English firm dealing in highest quality goods. Box C-906, care Dawson's Advtg. Agency, 121 Cannon street, London, E.C. 4, England. Jan. 28x6

WANTED—An experienced stenographer. Big salary. Apply X. Y., care Chronicle. Jan. 28x3

WANTED—A young lady stenographer with the knowledge of shorthand and also having experience in office work; kindly make application in French and English. Stating experience and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 330, Levis. Jan. 28x6

## EDUCATIONAL.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH LESSONS by experienced teacher at 11 Hebert street. Tel. 383. Jan. 28x15

## MALE HELP WANTED.

Peace work at war pay guaranteed for three years. Knit urgently needed socks for us on the fast, simple Auto-Knitter. Full particulars today. 3c. stamp. Auto Knitter Co. Dept. 470C, 607 College St. Toronto. Jan. 14xtu,th,sat to 12 Apl.

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF GREAT WAR 400 official Canadian British photographs. 16 color plates, Author Professor (Major) Wallace, Toronto University, three years overseas. Send for our sample and convince yourself that ours is superior. Write today to Canadian War Publishers, 182 Spadina, Toronto. dec.13x24

## FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A farm at "Les Saules" near Quebec, 50 acres of land with house, barn, hangar and other buildings, gravelled road to buildings, waterworks in all buildings. Farm situated about 4 miles from the city, with implements, if desired. Also a bush lot in the second range at Belair, 30 acres in length by half an acre in width. A visit is solicited. Apply to Jacques Robitaille, milkman, Les Saules, Ancienne Lorette. Jan. 14x1m.

## FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LUMBER YARDS FOR SALE OR TO LET. Two large lumber yards, of about 20,000, and 80,000 feet, in superficies, the former with wharves. Very centrally situated, and close to the C.P.R. Tracks, and most suitable for the lumber or coal business. For particulars, apply to Meredith & Meredith, Notaries Public, 46 Dalhousie St., Quebec. Phone 562. Jan. 23x1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—The House at 84 Lachevrotiere, 12 rooms, hot water on each floor with bath room, new furnace, large garage and shed. Apply to Roy & Baillargeon, Notaries, 126 St. Peter street. Phone 1390. Jan. 18x1f

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS — Large sunny and comfortably heated; continuous hot water in bath rooms; location advantageous; good service. Well patronized. Tel. 5353, W. S. Richardson, 138 St. Anne St., Quebec. nov.22x1f.

## PERSONAL.

MARRY IF YOU ARE LONELY —For speedy marriage try my club, best, largest in the country, established 12 years; thousands wealthy wishing early marriage; all dealings confidential; description free. The Old Reliable Club, Mrs. Wrubel, 732 Madison, Oakland, Calif. Jan. 28x1m

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Best Matrimonial paper published. FREE for stamp. Correspondent, Toledo, Ohio. Jan. 14x1m.

## TO LET.

TO LET—House at No. 24 Bougainville Ave., 8 rooms, 1 bath room, all modern conveniences. Yard, shed. Apply at 22 Bougainville Ave. Jan. 28x9.

TO RENT—42 Jeanne D'Arc, 5 rooms with bath and furnace; immediate possession. Phone 4489. Jan. 28x2w

TO SUB-LET—Four room flat by 1st of Feb. Coal and furniture for sale. Apply to 101 Des Franciscains. Jan. 28x3.

TO LET—Splendid property, 50 D'Artigny St., solid brick, 11 rooms and 2 bath rooms, hot water furnace, gas and electric light, 5,000 feet of ground, also stable and shed. Apply to: S. Jules LaRue, Notary, 84 St. Peter street. Jan. 28x1f.

SHOPS TO LET—Shops No. 23 and 34 Champlain Market Place, both with extensive cellar accommodation, and suitable for Grocery, Butcher or Fruit and Vegetable Dealers. Apply to G. B. Ramsay, Agent, 53 Dalhousie Street. Jan. 25x1m

FLATS TO LET—Two very fine and bright flats, 7 rooms, all modern conveniences. Nos. 124 and 126 Maple Avenue. Apply to McGH Burroughs, 20 St. James Street. Tels. 7007, res. 730. Jan. 25x1w

TO RENT—Large House, No. 60 St. Foy Road, furnished; completely renovated; modern in every way. At present occupied by H. D. Scully. Immediate possession if desired. Particulars from John Thomson, Lindsay Building, Phones 1043 or 5463. Jan. 24x1w.

TO RENT—A large office in Dominion Express Company's Building, St. Peter street. Rent includes heat, light and Janitor's Service. Apply to Meredith & Meredith, Notaries Public. Jan. 23x6

TO LET—Lower floor of house No. 38 Conroy Street. For particulars apply to Meredith and Meredith, Notaries Public, 46 Dalhousie St., Quebec. Phone 562. Jan. 23x1

TO LET—Commodious Offices in the Dean Building, at reasonable rents. Apply to Daniel McGie & Son, 63 Peter Street. Jan. 23x13

TO RENT—From May 1st, the dock now occupied by Labrecque and Carrette, Coal dealers, 124 St. Andrew St. Apply to No. 6 Laval St. Jan. 22x6.

TO LET—House at No. 8 Haldimand, 13 rooms, 2 bath rooms, hot water on each floor. Apply to Roy & Baillargeon, Notaries, 126 St. Peter street. Phone 1390. Jan. 13x1f

TO RENT—Bright room in English-speaking family for gentleman suitable for Upper Town or St. Roch's cars passing door. Apply 10 St. Augustin St., corner Cote d'Abraham. Jan. 28x1w

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Very fine residence of 9 rooms, every modern convenience; have decided to sell at a cash figure. Full particulars by phone or appointment. L. F. Baller, 76 Park Avenue. Jan. 28x1w

PROPERTY FOR SALE—Large four story house belonging to the estate of the late N. Z. Belanger and situated on St. Paul street opposite C. P. R. Station. Contains eleven living apartments and three business sites. For further information apply to 24 St. John street or telephone 7157. Jan. 25x3.

FOR SALE—Residence No. 25 Mont Carmel street; built of white brick; four floors and basement; containing fifteen rooms in all; hot water heating and electric light; splendidly located in one of the best residential parts of the city; an exceptional opportunity to secure a home at a reasonable price. Apply to The Royal Trust Company, 58 St. Paul street, Quebec. nov. 7x1f.

## LUMBER AND FIREWOOD.

Wholesale and Retail. Spruce and Cedar Boards, Planks and Timber. Square Cedar Fence Posts, Cedar Shingles, Lath, Dressed Lumber. Also Hard and Soft Wood for fuel and kindling. Stadacona Box Co., Regd., 164 Grant St. Phone 4382. oct 8x6m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of good paying spare time agency and free rubber stamp of name and address, W. MacLaren, Port au Persil, P.Q. Jan. 16x1m.

### J. ALLEYN,

SAIL, TENT and AWNING MAKER  
228 ST. PAUL STREET  
Telephone 78. Quebec.

### C. DELAGRAVE

NOTARY PUBLIC.  
REAL ESTATE and INVESTMENT AGENT  
LINDSAY BLDG.,  
Tel. 1912. St. John Street

### Doctor RENE PLAMONDON

Ex-Student of Paris Hospital  
General Physician.  
— SPECIALTY —  
Genito, Urinary Diseases  
Office: 16 Lacroix St. Tel. 8052  
(Opposite C.P.R. Station).  
Residence: 164 ST. CYRILLE ST.  
Telephone 7122.



# Free Medical Treatment for Ex-Soldiers and Sailors

THOSE discharged soldiers or sailors who become ill or disabled again as a result of some disease or injury suffered during war service receive free medical and surgical treatment.

Medical Representatives	
DEPARTMENT OF SOLDIERS' CIVIL RE-ESTABLISHMENT.	
NOTE.—At places marked (*) there are Medical Administrative Offices of the Department with Medical Officers in charge. Otherwise reference is given to Medical Representatives. Additions are being made to this list constantly.	
CITY OR TOWN.	NAME OF UNIT MEDICAL DIRECTOR, ASST. UNIT MEDICAL DIRECTOR OR MEDICAL REPRESENTATIVE.
<b>Nova Scotia:</b>	
*Halifax.....	Dr. Dugald Stewart, Leith House, Hollis St.
*Sydney.....	Dr. Jas. Bruce.
<b>P. E. I.</b>	
*Charlottetown.....	Dr. Alex. Ross.
<b>Quebec:</b>	
*Montreal.....	Dr. A. E. Landon, 301 Drummond Bldg.
*Quebec.....	Dr. A. R. F. Hubbard, 17 St. James St.
<b>Ontario:</b>	
*Kingston.....	Dr. E. E. Latra, Golden Lion Block.
*Ottawa.....	Dr. H. T. Douglas, 132 Queen St.
Port Hope.....	Dr. A. G. Aldrich.
Gananoque.....	Dr. J. J. Davis, Fine Street.
Pictou.....	Dr. C. A. Publow.
Lindsay.....	Dr. J. A. White.
Brockville.....	Dr. E. J. F. Williams.
*Toronto.....	Dr. E. Ryan, 185 Spadina Ave.
*Hamilton.....	Dr. W. Bethune, 300 Clyde Bld.
North Bay.....	Dr. W. J. Bell.
Chatham.....	Dr. R. V. Bray.
Sudbury.....	Dr. W. G. Cook.
Windsor.....	Dr. Cruikshank, 14 Labelle Bldg.
Paris.....	Dr. W. J. H. Gould.
Brantford.....	Dr. C. C. Fiset.
Windsor.....	Dr. C. Fuller, 1 Wyandotte St. W.
Orillia.....	Dr. W. C. Gilchrist.
Haleybury.....	Dr. G. F. Jackson.
Mt. Pleasant.....	Dr. M. James.
Midland.....	Dr. T. J. Johnston.
Barrie.....	Dr. W. A. Lewis, P.O. Box 13.
Owen Sound.....	Dr. H. H. Middleboro.
Timmins.....	Dr. H. H. Moore.
Welland.....	Dr. W. R. McCulloch.
Collingwood.....	Dr. D. McKay.
Woodstock.....	Dr. S. McM. McLay.
Saratford.....	Dr. L. F. Robertson, 55 Albert St.
St. Catharines.....	Dr. J. Sheahan.
Sault Ste. Marie.....	Dr. A. A. Shepard, 746 Queen St. E.
*London.....	Dr. N. B. Alexander, Room 56, Bk. of Toronto Bldg.
Port William.....	Dr. A. J. Manion.
<b>Manitoba:</b>	
*Winnipeg.....	Dr. K. McIvor, Notre Dame Investment Bldg.
<b>Sask.</b>	
*Regina.....	Dr. W. C. Arnold, McCallum-Hill Bldg.
*Saskatoon.....	Dr. D. S. Creighton.
North Battleford.....	Dr. J. H. H. Jackson.
Prince Albert.....	Dr. R. L. King.
<b>Alberta:</b>	
*Calgary.....	Dr. G. R. Johnson, Beveridge Bldg.
*Edmonton.....	Dr. G. G. Stewart, 410 McLeod Bldg.
Lethbridge.....	Dr. G. W. Leach, 107 Sherlock Bldg.
Medicine Hat.....	Dr. O. Boyd.
<b>B.C.:</b>	
*Vancouver.....	Dr. A. P. Proctor, Board of Trade Bldg.
*Victoria.....	Dr. C. D. Holmes, Central Bldg.
<b>N.B.:</b>	
*Fredericton.....	Dr. C. MacKay, Royal Bank Bldg.
*St. John.....	Dr. G. P. Peat, Bank of Montreal Bldg.

This service is provided by the Medical Branch of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment.

An ex-soldier or ex-sailor who has a recurrence of a war disability should, if he is not too ill, go at once to the local medical officer of this Department.

If he is too ill he should have that medical officer notified at once.

Should he be taken ill in a place where there is no representative of the Department, he should call in a local physician to give him the necessary immediate treatment and ask him to communicate immediately all details of the case to the nearest medical officer of the Department.

The name of the authorized medical representative of this Department for each locality is given alongside.

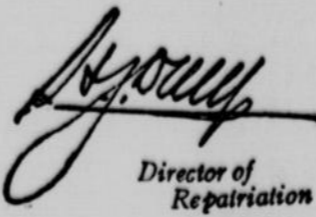
Treatment at the expense of this Department can only be secured through these representatives. The Department cannot pay any bills for treatment which have not been authorized by the Department.

If the medical officers recommend it, pay is given to patients, and allowances are granted to their dependents by the Department, during the period of treatment.

The established scale of pay and allowances that may be granted depends upon the extent to which the treatment recommended by the medical officer of the Department prevents the patient from doing his regular work.

Arrangements for special care of patients of the Department have been made with hospitals in all the larger towns and cities from coast to coast.

Sanatoria for treating tuberculosis under most favorable conditions are operated in every Province under the direct supervision of the Department.



## The Repatriation Committee.

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New York: Saxonia Feb. 12

New York: Carmania Feb. 17

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For further information apply to Local Agents, or to The ROBERT REFORM CO., Ltd., General Agents, 67 St. Peter St., Quebec, D.24x11,th.st.toD.31

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Will buy: Shawinigan Water and Power Bonds, Bell Telephone Co., 5% Bonds, Victory Loan, 1933, City of Montreal Bonds.

BEAUCHE SUPERIOR COURT

No. 4031. EVA CIMON, wife judicially separated as to property of Beloni Drouin, Trader, of St. Georges, and the said Beloni Drouin, to authorize his said wife, Plaintiff;

vs. JOSEPH LACASSE, of Jackman, Me., United States, Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear within a month. St. Joseph, Que., Jan. 27th, 1919. (Signed) VEZINA & FERRON, True copy. P. S. C. FARIBAULT & BOLDUC, Atty. for Plaintiff. J.27x2

VICTORY BONDS BOUGHT and sold. Prices on application. Send Bonds registered mail. CAGNEY & EISELE, 1232 Broadway, New York, U.S.A. J.16x30

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Financial and Commercial News

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE CANADIAN PRESS

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DAILY GOSSIP ON THE LEADING STOCKS

Bullish activity is expected to continue as a result of the sudden removal of the loan restrictions. While no broad upward movement is indicated at this time, the general situation is improving and purchases on reactions should give good results in selected issues. The short interest has not all covered. Pool channels are expected to display activity in specialties. Steel Corporation total profits for the December quarter to be reported Tuesday are estimated at ten millions less than the September quarter of \$146,000,000 according to Pittsburgh advices. Steel is expected to display strength meantime on rumors of the same dividend disbursement as three months ago. Foreign Exchange: Sterling demand 4.75 1/4, cables 4.76 1/4-16; francs demand 5.45 1/2, cables 5.45 1/2; Swiss francs demand 4.93, cables 4.90; guilders demand 41 1/2, cables 41 1/2. British Ministry of Shipping has cut shipping rates from United States to the United Kingdom from \$3.50 to \$1 a hundred and from \$1.75 to 50 cents per cubic foot, a reduction of 66.66 per cent. This looks like the beginning of the prosperity, the reduction is surprising in view of the request on the part of the Shipping Board that the rate be kept up for the present. Copper and brass manufacturers in the United States are getting practically no new orders and are gradually diminishing their activities. At the moment there is nothing in the situation upon which an estimate can be based as to how soon industrial activity will be resumed. The country at large is clamoring for a reduction in the cost of living and vigorously opposing our being taxed unnecessarily for the benefit of foreigners. Removal of restrictions on New York Stock Exchange brokerage loans announced at the end of the week, apparently because of larger money supplies, is a favorable development that will permit natural expansion of bullish interest in the stock market. It does not take much of an optimistic character to change the condition of affairs because human nature as a rule is characteristically optimistic and it is much easier to develop an upward tendency in stocks under present conditions than a downward. Present prices for Union Pacific, C. and O., Southern Pacific, Atchafson and New York Central are very attractive for long pull. While the market is likely to remain somewhat unsettled for the immediate future, a further recovery is probable. Foreign spinners continue to buy October, but as yet demand for immediate delivery from the other side has not been satisfactory. Bargain hunters are found in every line of business, and bargain hunters have come into the cotton business and are buying cotton at prices below what the farmer can raise it for. Let the short selling proceed. Selling the labor of the south, which cotton represents, at any such discount, is a hazardous business proposition. There are many stocks in the market which represent more dollars per share in net liquid assets than market prices indicate. Profits may shrink for a while, but equities will remain high. This situation, in time, is bound to be realized in a country which has the favored position enjoyed by the United States. With credit restrictions on stock market loans finally removed altogether, speculators in stocks are supplied with means to carry out their operations on the constructive side of prices with greater freedom than they have enjoyed for six months or more. Stock speculation developed a strong tone Saturday when sharp advances took place in response to the removal of restrictions on Stock Exchange loans.

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE LOCAL BROKERS

(By McDougall & Cowans) New York, Jan. 27.—Texas Oil was the star performer in the afternoon's market. It turned strong on the announcement of bringing in a new gusher and reached about the highest price touched on this movement, selling up to 193 3/4 with the rights selling as high as 18. The rest of market was quiet but on whole strong and the best prices of the day were made shortly before the close. Public interest was at a premium but liquidation was entirely absent. Call money ruled at 4 1/2 p.c. for industrials and 4 per cent for mixed loans all day. Total sales 387,300. (By Bruneau & Dupuis) New York, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Saturday's market was distinctly disappointing. The removal of the money restrictions instead of meaning a burst of bullish enthusiasm seemed to be the signal for a general selling of both long and short with a subsequent decline in steel from 91 to 91 and a fraction and relative declines in all other stocks. After this disappointing two hour session, today's market was looked forward to with considerable interest as it was well known that there is a large professional short interest in the market and such a selling of stocks as occurred on Saturday might have been only a demonstration by this short interest who were afraid that a large movement might develop and they might be forced to cover. It looks as if something like this did occur and today's market has been distinctly steady with a strong tone in the last hour. The future has many elements of uncertainty. But fundamental conditions are wonderfully favorable and they must assert themselves sooner or later. In the interim we are apt to have a trading market. Total Sales 403,700. (By Breen & Gourdeau) New York, Jan. 27.—Nothing new developed over the week-end to affect in any way the general situation. Furthermore, further consideration of the lifting of the ban upon speculative credit failed to influence sentiment, at least, so far as the reflection of it in the stock market today was concerned. Prices opened rather irregularly, but with losses over-matching that of gains and with no improvement in buying power apparent. Although price fluctuations continued irregular throughout the five hours of business, the tendency was toward lower levels with pronounced weakness occurring in a number of issues. The announcement that the British Ministry of Shipments ordered a reduction of 66 2/3 per cent. in ocean freight rates between the United States and British ports, served to bring about a heavy selling of Marine shares, particularly the preferred. The one bright spot on the other side of the account was Texas Company, which stock maintained an appreciable degree of strength throughout the day. The buying of Texas and Pacific, Kelly-Springfield, Hide and Leather preferred and St. Paul preferred attracted quite a little attention, was reported to be of excellent character. However, dealings continue to be largely professional and until further encouragement may be held out to public speculative interests, price changes are expected to offer quick trading profits only. Sales: Stocks, 387,000; Bonds, \$10,071,000. (By Breen & Gourdeau) Asbestos: 10 at 44, 1 at 44 1/2, 65 at 45. Brazilian: 50 at 51 1/2. Asbestos pf. 80 at 62 1/2, 10 at 62 1/2. Cement: 3 at 65, 6 at 65 1/2. War Loans, due 1931: \$8,000 at 96 1/2. Spanish River: 15 at 18. Nova Scotia Bank: 10 at 270. Montreal Bank: 1 at 216 1/4. Car: 10 at 30. Maple Leaf: 10 at 126 1/2. Montreal Power: 1 at 86, 20 at 85 1/2. 28 at 85 1/2, 40 at 85 1/2. Montreal Cotton: 25 at 60. Ottawa Power: 10 at 75. Ogilvie pf. 12 at 107 1/2. Steamships pf. 5 at 79, 35 at 78 1/2. Steamships: 1 at 41. Smelters: 45 at 23 1/2. Textile: 25 at 101 1/2. Tramway Debentures: \$1,700 at 74. Steel of Canada: 150 at 60. COTTON MARKETS. New York, Jan. 27.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: March, 21.95c; May, 20.95c; July, 20.22c; August, 19.80c; October, 19.14c. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 25.95c. Liverpool — Cotton spot fair demand. Prices firm. American middling, fair, 19.08d; good middling, 18.40d; middling, 17.71d; low middling, 16.72d; good ordinary, 16.20d; ordinary, 14.67d. The sales of the day were 1,000 bales, including 700 American. Receipts were 1,000 bales. Futures closed barely steady.

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Bullish activity is expected to continue as a result of the sudden removal of the loan restrictions. While no broad upward movement is indicated at this time, the general situation is improving and purchases on reactions should give good results in selected issues. The short interest has not all covered. Pool channels are expected to display activity in specialties. Steel Corporation total profits for the December quarter to be reported Tuesday are estimated at ten millions less than the September quarter of \$146,000,000 according to Pittsburgh advices. Steel is expected to display strength meantime on rumors of the same dividend disbursement as three months ago. Foreign Exchange: Sterling demand 4.75 1/4, cables 4.76 1/4-16; francs demand 5.45 1/2, cables 5.45 1/2; Swiss francs demand 4.93, cables 4.90; guilders demand 41 1/2, cables 41 1/2. British Ministry of Shipping has cut shipping rates from United States to the United Kingdom from \$3.50 to \$1 a hundred and from \$1.75 to 50 cents per cubic foot, a reduction of 66.66 per cent. This looks like the beginning of the prosperity, the reduction is surprising in view of the request on the part of the Shipping Board that the rate be kept up for the present. Copper and brass manufacturers in the United States are getting practically no new orders and are gradually diminishing their activities. At the moment there is nothing in the situation upon which an estimate can be based as to how soon industrial activity will be resumed. The country at large is clamoring for a reduction in the cost of living and vigorously opposing our being taxed unnecessarily for the benefit of foreigners. Removal of restrictions on New York Stock Exchange brokerage loans announced at the end of the week, apparently because of larger money supplies, is a favorable development that will permit natural expansion of bullish interest in the stock market. It does not take much of an optimistic character to change the condition of affairs because human nature as a rule is characteristically optimistic and it is much easier to develop an upward tendency in stocks under present conditions than a downward. Present prices for Union Pacific, C. and O., Southern Pacific, Atchafson and New York Central are very attractive for long pull. While the market is likely to remain somewhat unsettled for the immediate future, a further recovery is probable. Foreign spinners continue to buy October, but as yet demand for immediate delivery from the other side has not been satisfactory. Bargain hunters are found in every line of business, and bargain hunters have come into the cotton business and are buying cotton at prices below what the farmer can raise it for. Let the short selling proceed. Selling the labor of the south, which cotton represents, at any such discount, is a hazardous business proposition. There are many stocks in the market which represent more dollars per share in net liquid assets than market prices indicate. Profits may shrink for a while, but equities will remain high. This situation, in time, is bound to be realized in a country which has the favored position enjoyed by the United States. With credit restrictions on stock market loans finally removed altogether, speculators in stocks are supplied with means to carry out their operations on the constructive side of prices with greater freedom than they have enjoyed for six months or more. Stock speculation developed a strong tone Saturday when sharp advances took place in response to the removal of restrictions on Stock Exchange loans.

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE LOCAL BROKERS

(By McDougall & Cowans) New York, Jan. 27.—Texas Oil was the star performer in the afternoon's market. It turned strong on the announcement of bringing in a new gusher and reached about the highest price touched on this movement, selling up to 193 3/4 with the rights selling as high as 18. The rest of market was quiet but on whole strong and the best prices of the day were made shortly before the close. Public interest was at a premium but liquidation was entirely absent. Call money ruled at 4 1/2 p.c. for industrials and 4 per cent for mixed loans all day. Total sales 387,300. (By Bruneau & Dupuis) New York, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Saturday's market was distinctly disappointing. The removal of the money restrictions instead of meaning a burst of bullish enthusiasm seemed to be the signal for a general selling of both long and short with a subsequent decline in steel from 91 to 91 and a fraction and relative declines in all other stocks. After this disappointing two hour session, today's market was looked forward to with considerable interest as it was well known that there is a large professional short interest in the market and such a selling of stocks as occurred on Saturday might have been only a demonstration by this short interest who were afraid that a large movement might develop and they might be forced to cover. It looks as if something like this did occur and today's market has been distinctly steady with a strong tone in the last hour. The future has many elements of uncertainty. But fundamental conditions are wonderfully favorable and they must assert themselves sooner or later. In the interim we are apt to have a trading market. Total Sales 403,700. (By Breen & Gourdeau) New York, Jan. 27.—Nothing new developed over the week-end to affect in any way the general situation. Furthermore, further consideration of the lifting of the ban upon speculative credit failed to influence sentiment, at least, so far as the reflection of it in the stock market today was concerned. Prices opened rather irregularly, but with losses over-matching that of gains and with no improvement in buying power apparent. Although price fluctuations continued irregular throughout the five hours of business, the tendency was toward lower levels with pronounced weakness occurring in a number of issues. The announcement that the British Ministry of Shipments ordered a reduction of 66 2/3 per cent. in ocean freight rates between the United States and British ports, served to bring about a heavy selling of Marine shares, particularly the preferred. The one bright spot on the other side of the account was Texas Company, which stock maintained an appreciable degree of strength throughout the day. The buying of Texas and Pacific, Kelly-Springfield, Hide and Leather preferred and St. Paul preferred attracted quite a little attention, was reported to be of excellent character. However, dealings continue to be largely professional and until further encouragement may be held out to public speculative interests, price changes are expected to offer quick trading profits only. Sales: Stocks, 387,000; Bonds, \$10,071,000. (By Breen & Gourdeau) Asbestos: 10 at 44, 1 at 44 1/2, 65 at 45. Brazilian: 50 at 51 1/2. Asbestos pf. 80 at 62 1/2, 10 at 62 1/2. Cement: 3 at 65, 6 at 65 1/2. War Loans, due 1931: \$8,000 at 96 1/2. Spanish River: 15 at 18. Nova Scotia Bank: 10 at 270. Montreal Bank: 1 at 216 1/4. Car: 10 at 30. Maple Leaf: 10 at 126 1/2. Montreal Power: 1 at 86, 20 at 85 1/2. 28 at 85 1/2, 40 at 85 1/2. Montreal Cotton: 25 at 60. Ottawa Power: 10 at 75. Ogilvie pf. 12 at 107 1/2. Steamships pf. 5 at 79, 35 at 78 1/2. Steamships: 1 at 41. Smelters: 45 at 23 1/2. Textile: 25 at 101 1/2. Tramway Debentures: \$1,700 at 74. Steel of Canada: 150 at 60. COTTON MARKETS. New York, Jan. 27.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: March, 21.95c; May, 20.95c; July, 20.22c; August, 19.80c; October, 19.14c. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 25.95c. Liverpool — Cotton spot fair demand. Prices firm. American middling, fair, 19.08d; good middling, 18.40d; middling, 17.71d; low middling, 16.72d; good ordinary, 16.20d; ordinary, 14.67d. The sales of the day were 1,000 bales, including 700 American. Receipts were 1,000 bales. Futures closed barely steady.

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Makes the air you breathe balmy and comfortable. Saves its cost many times over in reduced coal bills.

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80-90 ST. PAUL STREET, QUEBEC.

**CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY**  
REPORT OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OVERSEAS FOR THE MONTHS OF SEPTEMBER, OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER.

The last three months, so full of importance in the history of the world have seen the climax of our work. Much has been done in England, as will be shown by the facts and the separate reports, but the centre of our energies has been the work in France.

You will read here the reports of the Assistant Commissioner in France Major Law; but his plain statement of facts hardly does justice to the excellent work accomplished by himself and his staff.

Try to realize what it meant when our loaded lorries, which had toiled for miles and miles over shell-torn rough roads, were tearing into the Belgians and French towns before the retreating Germans had actually left them. While the towns which have suffered for four years from the cruelty of the enemy, were still being heavily shelled, relief was at hand for the weak and worn men, women and children who have endured these four years of martyrdom. The arrival of these lorries loaded with quantities of nourishing food of all descriptions must have seemed like a miraculous intervention to save the population from starvation. The Red Cross had paid special attention to children's food—hundreds of cases of condensed milk, of babies' food, of good soups were brought and distributed.

It is no exaggeration to say that thousands of lives were saved by the Red Cross, for it must be borne in mind that not only were these poor people suffering from all the trials consequent on the occupation of their country and on constant heavy fighting, but the ravages of influenza were frightful. With no strength to sustain them, for their constitutions were weakened beyond any description, they fell victims with horrifying rapidity to the prevalent epidemic.

Our Canadian Field Ambulances took over the care of the sick wounded, and they issued to the women and children our supplies of soups, jellies and other suitable foods, relieving many of those who were in a dying condition when rescued.

The gratitude of those who spoke on behalf of the restored towns will be most gratifying to Red Cross workers. The letters from the officials of Valenciennes—for the Council held a special meeting and signed individually its thanks to our Society—of Arras, Wallers, Somain, Erre, Denain, Jemappes, Aulney, and from the Hospital of Valenciennes are touching in the gratitude and the spirit of friendship they express. The originals of these historic documents are being forwarded to Canada. May I quote from one or two. The Mayor of Somain says: "In the name of the population of the town of Somain, the Municipal Council begs me to express its deepest gratitude for the great help of all kinds which the sick have received at the hands of your staff since the British and Canadian Army came into the town. Exhausted by four years of privation all appreciate to the full this devotion which will be the means of saving many lives."

"The Mayor of Wallers (Valenciennes) thanks the Canadian Red Cross for having so kindly established a dispensary and supplied food for the relief of the victims of the brutal German bombardment of October 19th and 20th. No soldier having entered the village at that time, the savage revenge of the enemy was vented solely on the innocent inhabitants; 400 to 500 shells fell during those two days."

Excellent work has been done throughout by Captain D. J. Murphy, in charge of work in the Forward Area, and by his drivers and staff.

The arduousness of the work of the past three months has been beyond all comparison with any previous time. Prior to this was stationary warfare. Open warfare has meant constant changes of Field Ambulances and Casualty Clearing Stations, which moved as the troops advanced.

Work for the Allies.—You will, I know, read with interest what we have done for Serbia and for Belgium. The letters from the Serbian Minister in London and from Baron Goffinet of the Belgian Red Cross Society, tell of the great gratitude with which Canada's gifts have been received by these, our Allies. The One Thousand Pounds for Serbia, and 5,000 cases of supplies will be a godsend to those much afflicted but unbroken people, and the acknowledgment of Canadian presents for the hospital at Bruges for the people of liberated Belgium is accompanied by a gracious message of congratulation upon "the brilliant part taken by the Canadian troops in the struggle which gave us victory and particularly in the liberation of our country; we fully realize the debt of gratitude we owe to Canada."

Arrangements have been made with the Serbian Red Cross and the British Red Cross to have Lieut. Col. Fitzpatrick appointed Joint Commissioner for the two Societies at Salonica. All supplies sent from us have been forwarded through him and each recipient notified that this is the gift of the people of Canada.

The supplies to Italy have gone forward as quickly as the Italian authorities could take them. Our shipments to France have continued as already stated.

Motor Ambulance Convoy.—We have taken over and now operate the London Motor Ambulance Convoy. A fleet of ten ambulances is now on the streets of London and all Canadian wounded are carried in Canadian Red Cross ambulances driven by Canadian V. A. D's.

Christmas Supplies.—Christmas supplies, Christmas stockings, and plum puddings have arrived from Canada and are being forwarded to the various units in France and in England in order that no Canadian



**GILLETT'S LYE**  
MADE IN CANADA

vanced, and time and time again units were lost completely, only to be discovered as they were on the move once more.

The calls from France have been incessant, both for supplies and transport; they have, however, all been met.

The cessation of hostilities will bring no relief for months to the Red Cross. Coming as it has done, at the end of a terrible summer's fighting, our hospitals both in France and in England are crowded with sick and wounded. Added to this, the frightful epidemic has caused much suffering. At no time in the Canadian Red Cross have we been able to give, nor have been called upon for so much assistance of all kinds. As an example, I may tell you that the D. G. M. S. office asked us for 10,000 influenza masks to be ready in four days. Lady Perley took the matter in hand, and the masks were ready and delivered on time, to be used in the transports going back to Canada.

The letters of gratitude that come from Commanding Officers, Officers and Sisters go to prove how much the Red Cross has meant to the Medical Service during these strenuous days of a memorable autumn when the demands upon it have been extraordinary.

I do not see that there will be much relaxation of Red Cross activities for from six to nine months more, in so far as work Overseas is concerned. With the hospitals full, and the numerous demands upon us, we have had little time to consider demobilization.

Prisoners of War.—We have forwarded large quantities of food to Holland in conjunction with the Central Prisoner of War Committee. Representatives of the Red Cross have tried to meet everyone on his arrival in Holland. Camps have been set up in England where the men are taken upon arrival. Everything possible is being done to meet their needs and they receive, as I need hardly say, a warm and eager welcome from the people of this country. Still, I am afraid, coming as they are from every part and with such insufficient organization until they arrive among friends, there is much suffering.

A considerable number of our men have reached England, and it is hoped another six weeks will see them all safely repatriated. All addressed parcels to Germany were stopped the day after Armistice was signed, and now all have been stopped.

Stores Department.—The Stores Department has a wonderful record. Briefly I may say that we have received steadily supplies from Canada, and have sent these cases to hospitals in England, to France and elsewhere regularly each week, and the following table shows the numbers and their destination:

Total number of cases received from 1st September to 30th November, 1918.	24,219
Cases Distributed to:	
Units in England	9,520
To Boulogne	6,780
To American Red Cross	107
To Australian Red Cross (on loan)	572
To Belgian Red Cross	795
To French Emergency Fund	24
To French Wounded Fund	19
To Italian Red Cross	2,048
To Serbian Relief Fund	216
To Serbian Red Cross, Salonica.	5,652
	25,683

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**Chronicle Files 25 Years Ago**

**Personal.**  
Mr. Daniel McGie has returned from his trip to the Pacific Coast. Miss Power, of Philadelphia, Pa., is in town for Carnival week, and is a guest of Mrs. S. S. Hatt.

**Sliding Accident.**  
On Saturday morning Gaudiose Pare, a young lad of about fifteen years of age, while crossing King Edward street sliding on his traineau, was run over by a butcher's sleigh and his head badly injured by the horses hoof. He was picked up bleeding profusely and taken to No. 3 Police Station, St. Francis Street. Dr. Brochu was hurriedly sent for and attended on him. Fortunately the boy was not fatally injured. He was taken to the home of his parents, Prince Edward Street.

**Carnival.**  
Lord and Lady Aberdeen will be here tomorrow morning. At the last moment, His Excellency found that it was impossible to bring his horses from Ottawa. He and Lady Aberdeen will appear in the Tandem drive, however, and take part, as announced before, in all the events arranged for.

**Trouble Between Lovers.**  
A good looking Montreal girl, lately arrived at Quebec, applied at the Police Court for protection against her lover, who has followed her here and has had good reason to be displeased at her conduct. A warrant was refused her, but a sharp eye will be kept on the young man, who is not only dissatisfied with the acquaintances she has made here, but with the resorts she is in the habit of frequenting.

**Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago**

**English Mail.**  
London, Nov. 29.—On Thursday evening an order was issued from the Lord Chancellor's Office, appointing Wednesday next, the 2nd of December, for the day of the funeral of the Queen.

The principal amusement of her late Majesty, was in writing her own memoirs, in which it is said all the extraordinary occurrences which took place during her long reign, are related with the mode so peculiar to a female writer.

The Prince Regent has been in a low and serious state ever since the death of the Queen. The bodily health of the King continues unimpaired; but during the intervals of reason, with which he is blessed, he makes constant inquiries after the Queen.

**From Lisbon.**  
Captain Hamilton, of the ship "Sea Fox," in 49 days from Lisbon, gives a very unfavorable account of the markets at that place. He states that the port was entirely glutted with all kinds of grain, and that the Greek ships were taking on board again the cargoes which they had landed.

**Colds Cause Grip and Influenza**  
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE  
Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

**WILL GROW HOTTER**  
According to an English scientist's theory if the radium in the interior of the earth equals in quantity that in the surface rocks, the world will grow hotter in time instead of colder.

soldier may miss a greeting from his own people at home. These, and the handsome grant approved by the Executive, as well as the general happy peace conditions, should mean a joyful Christmas, now that the trials of the men in the field are over, even though they are still far from home.

Parcels Department.—All work in the Information Bureau has gone on splendidly in spite, as I have said, of the handicap of illness. The Parcels Department has had extraordinary demands made upon it. The following are the figures of the parcels sent out:

September:—Parcels, 23,341; cigarettes 970,710 and tobacco as well.

October:—Parcels, 24,165 (a record); cigarettes, 1,396,379 and tobacco as well.

November (to 26th):—Parcels, 7,670; cigarettes, 709,006 with tobacco extra.

Fruit and eggs are a prohibitive price in London, but both have been sent whenever asked for by visitors for men who were very ill and needed tempting with dainties. Jelly, chocolate, soup, bovril, ovaltine, even port wine, have all been supplied, particularly when the influenza epidemic was at its height.

In conclusion, I say again, make no mistake, there is no Armistice for the Red Cross—the guns may be silenced, peace terms may be signed, but still the fight against pain and disease goes on. Till the last Canadian soldier who offered himself as a barrier between us and destruction is discharged from hospital, we must march forward steadily under the banner of the Red Cross.

(Sgd.) H. W. BLAYLOCK,  
Colonel  
Chief Commissioner Overseas.

**NOTICE**

IS HEREBY GIVEN that on Thursday, the 30th instant, will be sold at the Sheriff's Office, at 10:00 o'clock a.m., the property formerly occupied by Gagnon & Frere, Nos. 98-100 St. Paul street, Quebec. J.95x6

**The Canadian Almanac 1919**  
A National Directory  
Price \$1.50

**T. J. Moore & Co. Ltd.**  
118-120 Mountain Hill - Quebec

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We will sell any part of our large and varied stock of Furniture, at Bargain Prices, for CASH. We will also Repair, Upholster, and Polish your old furniture, to your Satisfaction.

**D. S. Rickaby**  
Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Valuator  
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER

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No Ink or Muss.  
Easy to Run. Long Wearing.

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**Annual Cheap Sale**  
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**Beautify your Complexion**  
—and rid the skin of unsightly blemishes, quicker and surer, by putting your blood, stomach and liver in good order, than in any other way. Clear complexion, bright eyes, rosy cheeks and red lips follow the use of Beecham's Pills. They eliminate poisonous matter from the system, purify the blood and tone the organs of digestion—Use

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

Worth a Guinea a Box  
Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hutchins In Use For Over Thirty Years



**CASTORIA**  
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**For Your Convenience**

THE saving of the extra steps and extra motions has been shown to be a big thing in the business world. Efficiency engineers at fancy salaries have been hired to study the most convenient ways of getting work done. The biggest industries have proved that convenience pays, and it is the same in the household.

**EDDY'S MATCHES & Indurated Fibreware**

enable the housewife to save many extra steps and extra motions which may be unnoticed at the time, but which require time and energy just the same.

Eddy's Washtubs and Pails are easier to lift, easier to move, and keep the water hot longer. Eddy's Matches are safe, reliable and non-poisonous. They have been standard in Canada since 1851.

Small things? Perhaps. But your end-of-the-day fatigue is the product of many such small things. And that is a big thing.

**The E. B. Eddy Co. Limited**  
HULL, CANADA  
Matches Indurated Fibreware Paper Specialties

**Essence ! Jelly ! Pudding !**

ESSENCE OF VANILLA and LEMON, per bottle... 25c to \$1.00  
ESSENCE OF LEMON, silver label, large bottle... 75c  
All kinds of Shiriff's and McLaren's... 25c  
McLAREN'S JELLY, per package... 10c  
SHIRIFF'S JELLY, per package... 15c  
JELLO JELLY, per package... 10c  
KNOX JELLY and FRUIT, per package... 12c  
KNOX GELATINE, per package... 20c  
COX'S GELATINE, per package... 18c  
LADY CHARLOTTE GELATINE, per package... 20c  
LISTER'S "DANDEE" PUDDING, per package... 12c

A SPECIAL PRICE FOR A DOZEN  
Get the best brand in coming to our Store.

**GEORGE'S PATRY,**  
"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY."  
22 FABRIQUE STREET QUEBEC.  
Telephone 6400-6401.  
(Canada Food Board License No. 9-2539.)

**Continuation of our Sale**

During the Winter months we will sell the undermentioned goods, at the old prices, viz:

TAPESTRY CARPETS, from... \$ .75  
BRUSSELS CARPETS, from... 1.50  
AXMINSTER CARPETS, from... 1.50

RUGS, MATS and SQUARES of all sorts and of all dimensions, at the same prices as before the war,—that means about 33 1-3 per cent. cheaper than the actual prices.

**FURNITURE COVERINGS.**  
Curtains by the pairs, and by the yard.  
Poplins, Plushes, Velours for Partieres.  
Cretonnes, Serims, Marquissettes, Etc.

We claim to have the largest stock of the city in all the above departments.

NOTICE:—We give advice to all those who want the above goods for the Spring, to buy early so as to have a better choice, especially in the Rugs; and we will keep the goods in storage without extra charge.

**P. J. COTE**  
31 ST. JOHN STREET Opposite Palace Hill.