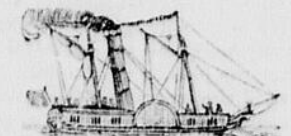


NEW LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

TO sail from NEW YORK on the 1st, and from LIVERPOOL on the 16th of each month. FROM NEW-YORK. Ship SIDDONS—Capt. Alex. Britton, 1st May.



BRITISH STEAM SHIP GREAT WESTERN.

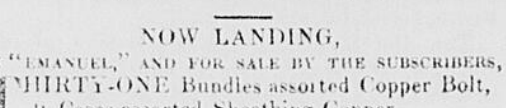
1,390 TONS BURTHEN. J. HOSKEN, R. N., COMMANDER. A regular Packet between New York and Bristol. THE days of sailing of the above Ship for the remainder of the year are as follows:—

From New York. 28th May, 21st June, 14th July, 27th August, 20th September, 13th October, 6th November.

From Bristol. 28th May, 21st June, 14th July, 27th August, 20th September, 13th October, 6th November.

She has accommodations for 128 first class passengers, besides berths for 20 servants, and cargo space for 100 to 200 tons measurement goods.

Agents, RICHARD IRVIN, New-York.



NEW GOODS.

NOW LANDING, 30 BUNDLES assorted Copper Bolt, 9 Cases assorted Sheathing Copper,

1 Cask Copper Nails and Rings, 40 Bags Wine and Porter Corks.

WILLIAM PRICE & CO. Quebec, 1st June, 1838.

JUST RECEIVED, PER "ELEUTHERIA" AND FOR SALE BY J. E. RIEFFENSTEIN,

NORTH WILTSHIRE CHEESE, Double Gloucester ditto, Fine Apple ditto,

Westphalia Ham, Westphalia Bacon, Champagne (Joly),

Ditto (Gode's Perdre), Sparkling Burgundy, Havannah Segars, (finest quality),

Sherry, Champagne Brandy, in cases, (Gouard's Brand), very old,

Ditto, in Hhds., ditto, Hibbert's Double Brown Stout, Burton Ale,

10k. Blacking, Prunes from Tours, Liqueurs, assorted.

Laite Claret, (very fine.) Zinc in sheet—Spouts and Nails, French Polish for Boats, Badl Skins.

Quebec, 21st May, 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, PAINTS—White, Nos. 1 & 2, Yellow, Black,

Lead Colour, Green, Blue and Chrome Yellow; Double Boiled and Raw English Linseed Oil, Putty in bladders;

English Calf Skins, Kips, Cordovan, Deer Skins, Roan Bindings, Chamrois and Sole Leather, Yellow, Green and Copper Shoe Thread; Pilot Cloths; Starch in 50 lb. boxes, and a few Crates assorted Earthenware.

HENRY BURSTALL, Sault-au-Matelot Street. Quebec, 21st May, 1838.

WHEAT & OATS, FOR SALE, 3000 MINOTS WHEAT, Just arrived and 5000 Minots OATS, for Sale by CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN,

28th May, 1838. St. Peter Street.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE:—OILS MANILLA CORDAGE & WHITE ROPE of the best quality, assorted 1 to 5 inch.

75 C Trusses Manila and Flax HAMBRO LINES and RED CORDS, CHALK LINES, &c. J. M. FRASER & CO. Quebec, 5th May, 1838.

FOR SALE BY SYMES & ROSS, FIFTY Hogheads Brandy, 20 do. Loaf Sugar,

50 Chests Tawny Tea, 400 Boxes Yellow Soap, 800 do. Window Glass,

Superior Bottled Wines, Sherry, Port & Claret. —ALSO— 50 Casks Otesa and Petersburg Tallow, 8000 Bushels Wheat. Quebec, 28th May, 1838.

THE Subscribers have remaining on hand and offer for Sale:— A few Cases superior Creaming Champagne (Viu d'Ay) and Vin de Saint Julien, vintage of 1828, received from S. Stock & Co., Paris, via Havre and warranted direct from the place of growth. J. M. FRASER & CO. Quebec, 21st May, 1838.

J. W. LEAYCRAFT, DUNSCOMB & CO. offers for Sale now landing from Steamer St. George:—

200 barrels Middlings Flour 9 do. Superfine 21 barrels Prime 10 do. Cargo 5 do. Prime Mess } AND IN STORE

Prime Mess & Cargo Pork Mess, Prime Mess & Prime Beef Upper Canada Butter in Kegs Bright Muscovado Sugar in Hhds. & Barrels Molasses, West India Pickles Mustecai Raisins in Boxes and Quarters Paints & Black Lead. 50th April 1838.

LANDING, EX "DOVE," AND "SPLENDID," 100 H HDS. very bright Muscovado Sugar, 110 Puncheons Jamaica Rum, 15 Hhds. Demerara Rum, 25 Puncheons } 7 Hhds. 10 Barrels Cod Oil, 144 Boxes Bunch Raisins. H. J. NOAD, Quebec, 30th May, 1838, Han's Wharf.

NEW GOODS.

FOR SALE, TWENTY TONS of best English Patent Cordage just received per Royal Tar, from Exmouth. PEMBERTON BROTHERS. Commercial Chambers. 12-s. Quebec, 1st June, 1838.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers:—Wines—Champaign, Sherry and Sicilian Port, Tea—Hyson Skin and Young Hyson, Fruit—Bunch Raisins in boxes and halves in excellent order.

—Keg ditto, Sultana do., Currants and Almonds, Corks, Sperm Candles, Salad Oil, Cavendish Tobacco, 26's Liqueurs, Pine Apple Cheese, Cotton, Wool, White Paint and Spirits of Turpentine.

—AND DAILY EXPECTED— White Wax and superior Chambergale, N. B.—Grate and Smith's Coals. HENDERSON & Co. St. Peter Street. Quebec, 28th May, 1838.

FOR SALE, UPPER CANADA FLOUR & MESS PORK, warranted best quality.

The Pork is delicious to the taste, being young and nicely cured during the winter. It is well suited for private families or Captains of Ships, and will be sold low. Pork Hams very superior flavour, cured in the Yorkshire style.

Just arrived—A beautiful assortment of STRAW BONNETS, very fashionable fancy Tuscan and split straw, the newest shapes. —ALSO— A Consignment of Single and Double-barrelled GUNS, all proved and warranted the best ever imported into Canada; to be sold at reduced prices.

Iron bound cases very clean and well made, having contained Silk Goods, Cashmere and Thibet Wool Shawls.—They will be sold cheap. A beautiful new set of Gig Harness, silver mounted. H. M. MLLIAMONT. Quebec, 1st June, 1838.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, AT THE SUBSCRIBER'S, 15, PALACE-STREET, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of richly gilt Chimney, Pier and Toilette Looking-Glasses, all brilliant British Plate; Barometers, Thermometers, Rosewood Dressing Cases, Writing Desks and Work Boxes, Toys, French Prints, Walking Sticks, Spanish Figures, Bird Cages, Table and Hall Lamps, Telescopes, Pocket Pistols, Muskets, Razors and Penknives.

—AND— A few pieces Broad Cloth, Watteau Pieces, Umbrellas, Hosiery, Shawls, Bombazens, Straw Bonnets, Artificial Flowers &c. &c. —ALSO— Real Parmesan Cheese, Hhds and Quarter Casks of choice Madeira Wine, 2 small Casks of real Constantia Wine. E. DAIKERS. Quebec, 28th May, 1838.

FOR SALE, UPPER CANADA FINE and superfine Flour, White, Black, Green and Yellow Paints, Blached Canvas, Blistered Steel, Register Grates, Catty Pipes, English Bricks and Paving Stones. TREMAIN, WHITE & Co. Quebec, 29th May, 1838.

FOR SALE, SQUARE Timber of different descriptions, float-ed Pine Deals, Bright Pine and Spruce ditto, with Deal Ends, Lathwood, &c. &c. —ALSO— 60 Crates Crown Glass in half circles, 400 Boxes ditto from 6 1/2 x 7 1/2 to 10 x 14. The whole in good order.—Apply to H. GOWEN & CO. 9th May, 1838. St. Peter Street.

CHAMPAGNE, FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER: A FEW BASKETS of Sparkling, Sillery and Oeil de Perdrix, received in September last from Epervy, and warranted genuine. H. G. FOISYTH, Agent for G. Joly. Quebec, 9th May, 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE, 1500 BOXES Liverpool Soap, 200 Boxes Liverpool Candles, 200 Casks Dudley Nails and Spikes, 40 cases Double Shear, Mill Pick, Tool and Chipping Chisel, Steel, 100 bbls. Hoop L. & C. N. D. Blistered Steel, 10 cases Chopping Axes, warranted, 500 boxes Window Glass, assorted, 200 cases Gentlemen's Beaver and Men's Stuff and Plate Hats, 4 Serons superior Carracces Indigo, 100 boxes Tobacco Pipes, 25 bales Bleached Canvas, Nos. 1 & 2, 40 boxes Brown Dordce Sheetings and Osnaburghs, 25 do. Bleached Sheetings, Ducks, Dowlas, &c. —ALSO— Constantly on hand a complete assortment of Machine and Hand Wool Cards, and assorted Cut Nails of all descriptions. J. M. FRASER & CO. Quebec, 21st May, 1838.

FOR SALE, THE O'Shanter, and "Larora," the "Tan Goods, viz:— 28 Bales Bleached Canvas Nos. 1 @ 8, 400 Boxes Canada Plates, 500 do. Tin I. C. and I. X. 500 do. Tobacco Pipes. C. E. LEVEY & CO. 18th May, 1838. Atkinson's Wharf.

REFINED LOAF SUGAR—50 Hhds. just received and for Sale by CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN, St. Peter Street, opposite Messrs. Symes & Ross. 18th May, 1838.

CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN, St. Peter Street, opposite Messrs. Symes & Ross. 11th May, 1838.

ENGLISH SOAP.—500 bxs. and 1/2 bxs. now landing and for sale by CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN, St. Peter Street, opposite Messrs. Symes & Ross. 11th May, 1838.

SEAL OIL, ABOUT 1,500 gallons for sale, by ROBERT CAIRNS, Mountain Street. Quebec, 15th Nov. 1837.

HATS, THE Subscribers offer for Sale, a few Cases of Fine and Superfine Beaver Hats, of the latest fashion. CHAS. E. LEVEY & CO. Atkinson's Wharf. Quebec, 12th March, 1838.

THE Subscribers offer for Sale, at their Stores TIMOTHY SEED, at a low price. PIERRE PELLETIER & CO. Sous-le-Fort Street. Quebec, 9th April, 1838.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: FIRST rate Havannah Segars, various brands, Natchi Toché Snuff, American Gentlemen do Prince's Mixture, French Rappee, Maccoy ditto, Canada Tobacco, Spark Cut ditto, Ladies' Twist, Plug Tobacco, &c. &c. C. F. PRATT & BROTHERS, Foot of Mountain Street, Lower Town, Quebec, 6th June, 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE FOR SALE, AT THEIR STORES ON HUNT'S WHARF: FINE and MIDDLING FLOUR, Hyson Skin Tea,—Oatmeal in bags, Montreal Soap, and Window Glass, assorted sizes. —ALSO— Expected to arrive by next Steamboat from Montreal: Mess. P. Mess and Prime Pork, Montreal Whiskey, in Puncheons. JAMES HOLMES & CO. Office, No. 25, St. Peter Street. Quebec, 6th June, 1838.

FOR SALE, BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: TEN Barrels of Hamburg Pork, 2 Tierces of English Beef, Patent Shot, B. B. 1, 2, 5, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, Sheet Lead, 10 Cases of London Hats, Canvas, assorted, Barclay's Pale Ale, in Casks of 4 dozen, 100 Casks of Lancashire Ala, in casks of 5 doz, Champaigne Brandy, in cases of 2 dozen each, 50 Chests of Hyson Tea, 54 do. of Hoheia do, 450 Boxes of Crown Glass 6 1/2 x 7 1/2, 7 1/2 x 8 1/2, 8 1/2 x 9 1/2, 9 x 7, 10 x 8, 60 Crates of Glass, Newcastle Grate Coals, Blacksmith's do., Port and Madeira, bottled in London, 100 Casks of assorted Glassware, Paints of all colours and Dry Painter's colours, Grindstones of various sizes, Patent Felt, (Borradalles), 100 Boxes (Serra Candles), 10 do. Margarine do. W. M. CHAPMAN & CO. Commercial Chambers. Quebec, 6th June, 1837.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: 2500 S IDES Sole Leather, various Tannages, 3000 Sides Upper Leather, 1000 Sides Kip Skins, 1000 do. Calf Skins, 50 do. English ditto, 100 do. Linings, different colours, 100 do. Bindings, 700 Sides Harness Leather, Rough Leather, Skirting ditto, Gentlemen and Ladies' Morocco, Shoe Thread, Lasts, &c. &c. C. F. PRATT & BROTHERS, Foot of Mountain Street. Quebec, 6th June, 1838.

DUBLIN PORTER, AND DROGHEDA ALE, JUST received, per Naparima, in wood and bottle, by RYAN BROTHERS, No. 6, Commercial Buildings. Quebec, 6th June, 1838.

NOW LANDING, AND FOR SALE:— FORTY HAMPERS English Cheese, 60 Casks "Hodgson's and Abbots," Double Brown Stout, 1 Cask East India Pale Ale, 50 Boxes London Sperm and Wax Candles, 50 Casks "Day & Martin's" Blacking, 1 Chest superfine Madras Indigo, 40 Pipes Canary Wine, 10 Quarter Casks superior do. do, 6 Butts Brown Sherry do, 4 Hhds. old W. I. Madeira do, 10 do. Geneva, 100 Casks superior Hollands, 50 Hhds. Linseed Oil, 20 Tons Swedish Bar Iron, 10 Casks Patent Shot, 5 Rolls, 4, 5, 6, Sheet Lead, 450 Barrels Window Glass, 1 Cask Sailing Wax, 12 do. Letter and other Papers, 10 bales Brown and Bleached Canvas, —ALSO— 2000 Bushels fine Oats, 4000 do. Boiling Pease, 1200 do. fine sample Wheat. —DAILY EXPECTED— 500 Boxes Tin Plates. R. F. MALLAND & CO. Opposite the Montreal Bank. Quebec, 8th June, 1838.

FOR SALE, BY THE SUBSCRIBER, AT HIS STORES ON THE QUEEN'S WHARF: WHEAT, Pease and Oats, Bran by the Cwt, Flour, in Barrel, and in Bags of 1 Cwt. each, Large Grate Coals of good quality. —ALSO— A few thousand Bushels English Oats, in excellent order and of a superior quality. WILL. HENRY ROY. Quebec, June, 1838.

FOR SALE, PORT WINE and MADEIRA, in Pipes, Hog- heads and Quarter Cases, Jordan Almonds, in Boxes and Barrels, A large assortment of Port, Printing, Post, W. Brown and Blue Wrapping Papers, Blistered Steel, 15 Casks Sulphur, 6 do. Roll Brimstone, 7 do. Neutral Salts, 4 do. Bleaching Salts. RYAN BROTHERS, No. 6, Commercial Buildings. Quebec, 4th June, 1838.

FOR SALE, DEALS, Boards and Plank of all sizes and qualities. Pine, Oak and Elm, Scantling, &c. T. C. LEE. 9th May 1838. d. Hare Point, St. Roch Suburbs.

FOR SALE, ONE Case containing a complete set of Surgical Instruments, to be sold low.—Enquire at this office. 11 Quebec, 11th May, 1838.

FOR SALE, At the Office of the Quebec Gazette, 14, MOUNTAIN STREET: THE CANADIAN QUARTERLY AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL MAGAZINE—By Wm. Evans, Author of the Treatise on Agriculture, &c. Quebec, 5th June, 1838.

JUST received, per Douchfour, and for Sale by the Subscribers: 757 Boxes Crown Glass, 40 x 8 7 1/2 x 6 1/2, 8 1/2 x 7 1/2 x 6, 9 x 7 1/2 x 6, 9 x 7 1/2 x 10. CHAS. E. LEVEY & CO. Quebec, 9th May, 1838.

POETRY.

LINES WRITTEN ON LEAVING ENGLAND. [The following lines were composed a few days after sailing from Great Britain. They are intended as an expression of the sentiments of an American, for nearly two years a resident in England.]

Our sails are expanded, our bark is in motion, And proudly we ride on the waves of the ocean— Oh, mild be the breezes that waft us along, From these island queen, famed in lullie and song!

Thy green valleys, Britannia, thy soft purring rills, Thy cities majestic, thy snow-covered hills, Like a vision recede on Atlantic's smooth breast, As we hasten away to the realms of the West.

In forsaking the shores of this glorious isle, Oh, who near the helm would not linger awhile The fast-fading landscape with rapture to view, And to sigh for regret as he whispers "Adieu!"

The patriot's country—the land of the brave— A foe to oppression—to tyrants a grave— Philosophy, freedom, and art, all combined, 'Round the wreath that encircles thy brow are entwined.

But religion, Britannia, yields the levellest flowers That grow in thy fields, and embellish thy bowers; This, this to thy greatness and glory gives birth, And fills with thy fragrance the realms of the earth.

May the Monarch of Nations continue to smile On thy march of true glory, illustrious isle! With its hills, unblemished by years, may thy name X'er lose its proud height in the annals of fame! May peace and religion with thee ever dwell! Accept of this tribute—Britannia! Farewell!

PHILO. Packet-ship North America, Feb. 20, 1838. [From the Missouri News.]

"Child!" said the bard, "most thou wander now To gather fresh flowers for thy sunny brow? Or wilt thou a garland pure and fair To fix in thy sleeping brother's hair? That when he wakes he may smile to see The nodding roses all plucked by thee?"

Tell me, thou child? "No," said the child, with accent clear, "I come just now with my father's beer!"

"Thy father's beer? Has he left thee, child, To the world's cold blasts and its tempests wild? Has he left thee beside a deserted hearth With no one to guard thee on all this earth? Has he sunk in his pride 'neath the hand of fate, And left thee, thou lone one, desolate?"

Tell me, thou child? "No," said the child, with sunny brow, "He's been all this mornin' after the plough!"

"Hear'st thou the breezes from yonder hill, As they speak with lone voice subdued and still, Telling, as onward in perfume they sweep, Of the hidden flow'rs in the valley which sleep? Hear'st thou their voices at eventide, As thou wakest to sleep by the river's side?"

Tell me, thou child? "No," said the child, "I ne'er hears them speak, But I hears the blowin' most nights in the week!"

USEFUL AND ENTERTAINING EXTRACTS.

(From the Albany Argus.)

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS IN NEW ENGLAND. The States of Massachusetts and Connecticut are following the lead of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio and others, in the work of internal improvements.

Massachusetts has already completed and in actual progress, more than 300 miles of rail-road;— One leading from Boston, north to Lowell; one, east to Portsmouth; one, south to Providence; and one, westward to the line of this State, at West-Stockbridge. In the last mentioned road the State has embarked its credit to the amount of almost three millions of dollars. In this road the people of the State of New York, and the City of Albany in particular, have a deep interest; as it connects the Atlantic, at the east, with Albany and the rail-roads and canals of the west.

The State of Connecticut has in progress three rail-roads, running across the entire State from the South northwardly, to intersect with the great line from Boston westwardly to Albany:— One through the eastern part of the State, from Norwich, upon the Sound, to Worcester, Mass.; one through the centre, from New Haven to Hartford, and thence to Springfield, in Massachusetts; and the other through the western part, from Bridgeport, upon the Sound, 40 miles from New York, up through the valley of the Housatonic, to West-Stockbridge, to connect with the road to this City. The two eastern roads are in a state of forwardness and will soon be completed. The Housatonic road is put under contract for the entire line through that State, and the work commenced. These three roads have all been undertaken by private enterprise, but applications are now pending before their legislature for aid from the State to carry the works forward to an early completion.

It is a singular fact, that whilst Connecticut men have with so much promptness entered into the public works of New York, Ohio, Michigan, and other States, their mother State does not, as a State, own a single mile of rail-road or canal. The rich valley of their Connecticut, as well as the eastern part of their State, has been well improved and sustains a dense population; but the rich treasures of their Housatonic have never as yet been made available, for the want of means of access. The expense of transportation to tide water has hitherto been so great, that their boundless stores of marble and granite have been unproductive; and their iron mines but partially wrought; although sufficient of the latter article has been produced to pay more than 100,000 dollars per annum for transportation for several of the last years. The immense wealth reposing in their stone quarries is almost without bounds, and is very imperfectly understood. It is an interesting fact that the annual productions from the granite quarries of Quincy, Massachusetts, are equal in value to all the pork brought to tide water by the canals of this state. These quarries produced in 1836 about one million of dollars, and by the report of the business done on our canals in 1837, it appears that the pork brought to the Hudson river was worth \$750,720.

The valley of the Housatonic has also great wealth in its water power. The waters of that stream have a descent from Stockbridge to tide of about 900 feet, and the quantity of water at Canaan Falls, which is more than twenty miles from the ocean, is equal to that of the Passaic, at Patterson, New Jersey. The descent of the water at the Canaan Falls is 130 feet in a short distance.

With a rail-road from Bridgeport, upon the Sound, to the mouth of the Erie canal at Albany, the valley of the Housatonic will be capable of producing as much surplus wealth and sustaining as large a population as the rich valley of the Connecticut itself.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ALCORN, S., No. 21, John Street, Auctioneer, Broker, and Commission Merchant,—Importer of Earthenware and China—Regular days of sale, Mondays and Thursdays.

GLASS, Biscuit Baker, House of E. Baird Esq., No. 1, St. Peter Street, opposite the Queen's Wharf.

CHARLES GORTLEY, Sailmaker, No. 26, St. Peter Street, opposite Mr. J. Brown's, Sign-Chandler.

CHAS. F. PRATT & BROTHER, No. 2, Sault-au-Matelot Street—Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c. &c.—Also their usual stock of Leather.

CAMERON, Merchant Tailor, No. 9, Sous-le-Fort Street, Lower Town.

DAVID BURNET, Commission Merchant,—Office and Stores, Wellington Wharf.

WOODBURY, Tin-plate and Sheet Iron Worker, No. 18, Fabrique Street.

ELENEZER BAIRD, St. Peter's Street, No. 1, Commission business.

BUTEAU & CO., Merchants, Office on Napoleon's Wharf.

GEORGE C. REIFFENSTEIN, Land Agent, Commission Merchant, &c., No. 6, Mountain Street, Quebec.

LOBE HOTEL, No. 11, St. Lewis Street, near the Court House. 4th December, 1837.

TURNER, Tin Plate Worker & Ironmonger, No. 12, Mountain Street.—Ship Orders promptly attended to.

GEORGE CHAPMAN, Jr. & Co., Commission Merchants and General Agents, Port St. Francis, District of Three Rivers.

JAMES HOSSACK, Wholesale and Retail Confectioner, &c., No. 20, Champlain-Street, Orders promptly attended to.

J. B. CORRIVEAU, Hat Manufacturer, No. 4, Mountain Street, Lower Town.

JOHN SHAW & CO. Importers and Dealers in Hardware, Paint, Oil, &c., St. John Street, Upper Town, and corner of Sous-le-Fort and Cul-de-Sac Streets, Lower Town.

J. O. VALLIERE, No. 16, Vallier Street, near J. Palace-Gate; Cabinet, Chair, and Furnish Factories.

JACOB H. JOSEPH & CO., Wholesale Snuff and Tobacco Warehouse, corner of St. Peter Street, entrance to Queen's Wharf.

LEAYCRAFT, Merchant J. B. F. Lane, front-ing Exchange Wharf.

MRS. LANE'S BOARDING HOUSE,—House lately occupied by Miss ASPINAL, lower end of Angel Street, Upper Town. Quebec, 22nd May, 1838.

MASSON, STRANG, LANGEVIN & CO. Queen's Wharf.

PEMBERTON BROTHERS, No. 2, Commercial Chambers, St. Peter Street.

ROBERT CAIRNS, Merchant Tailor, No. 20, Mountain Street.

MACAULAY, Agent & Broker, Arthur Street.

TODD, R. C., Herald, Sign and Ornamental Painter, No. 16, St. Nicholas Street, near the New Market.

W. B. JEFFERY'S Plumber, Painter and Glazier, No. 54, St. John Street, Upper Town.

WILLIAM DRUM, Chair, Cabinet and Varnish Manufacturer, No. 46, St. Paul Street, opposite New Market.

W. M. ASHTON & CO., Hat Manufacturers, No. 3, Mountain Street.—W. S. HENDERSON, managing Partner for Canada.

W. M. RUTHVEN, Book-Binder, No. 42, St. Ursule Street.

WILLIAM CHAPMAN & CO. Office 2nd story Commercial Chambers, St. Peter Street.

H. N. PATTON, Esquire, Patton's Cove, Point St. Levi.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber begs to acquaint his friends and the public in general, that he has REMOVED FROM HIS LATE STAND (FOR ONE YEAR ONLY.) TO THOSE LATELY OCCUPIED BY MR. MACAULAY, FABRIQUE-STREET.

He has received per the Eleuthera, from London, and Douchfour, from Bristol, an addition to his usual assortment of GENUINE ARTICLES. J. J. SIMS, Apothecary and Druggist. Quebec, 18th May, 1838.

This road will take the travel from the western part of Connecticut and the Sound, and part of the travel from the city of New York to Albany; which, together with the immense freight from the mines and quarries of that valley, will furnish a business for this road, which will place its stock among the best in the country.

Much of the travel from Connecticut westward, which now crosses the Hudson below, or passes through New York and New Jersey, will come by Albany, when that rail-road is brought here, and their marble and iron will be brought here in immense amounts on its way to the west as well as for our own consumption.

THE LAST ATTACK ON LORD DURHAM.

The remarks which have been made upon Lord Durham for taking Mr. Turton to Canada with him have all proceeded upon the assumption that Lord Durham has been the first to relieve Mr. Turton from the ban under which the great offence of his youth had laid him. In defence or extenuation of the sin of Mr. Turton there is not one word to be said; all must agree in the severest condemnation of it, but certain it is there must be some redeeming qualities and capabilities of Mr. Turton which have saved him from the excommunication, the social proscription, which might have been expected to attend so gross an offence. In Calcutta he rose to the head of the bar; he, we believe, held some official appointment, and was honored with the friendship of the governing authorities. Further, in what capacity did Lord Durham find him here?—an outcast—a shunned man? No. The chosen representative of the bar and the respectable British inhabitant of Calcutta, the accredited agent to plead their cause against the innovation commonly called the Black Act. Seeing this, Lord Durham may fairly have presumed, that great as Mr. Turton's offence had been, his atonement in a blameless after-life, and in services to society must have been great, indeed, to allow of his attaining a position of credit and confidence, notwithstanding the heavy disadvantages under which he had deservedly laboured.

And why was the indignation at any countenance shown to Mr. Turton reserved for Lord Durham's mark of confidence? Why did not the Tory press launch its thunders at the inhabitants of Calcutta who deputed the man who had once deeply sinned, to advocate their cause? Why was not Lord Amherst, the governor-general, reviled for making, as he did, an associate of Mr. Turton? Why, for the first time, was the employing or associating with Mr. Turton denounced in the last instance of Lord Durham's employing or associating with him? Other public instances of both in India and in England had passed unrebuked, unrebaked, unnoticed; but then no party purpose was to be answered by blackening Mr. Turton's patrons or employers.

As we have touched upon this disagreeable subject, we will frankly avow that we wish Lord Durham had not taken Mr. Turton, as it was desirable that his choice should be *omni exceptione major* before he is blamed for the step, let the antecedent facts be considered, and also the difficulty in which Lord Durham was placed by the clamour raised by the Tories against the necessary expenses of the mission. The advice of an able and judicious lawyer was indispensable, and such a man could not have been induced to quit his profession for a year or so for the sum appropriated to the service, as practice once lost at the bar is hardly to be recovered. Mr. Turton, whose abilities are undeniably of the first order, happened to be the only qualified man already detached from his court and disposable. Lord Durham saw him here not in the condition of an excommunicated man, but as the accredited agent of his respectable fellow countrymen and the bar of Calcutta; Lord Durham remembered in him the friend of his boyhood, and his assistant in preparing the draft of the first Reform Bill; and Lord Durham, being the last man in the world to bear hardly on a bruised reed, accepted his gratuitous legal services in the Canadian mission. These are the plain facts.—(*Morning Chronicle*, May 7th.)

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.—The twenty-second anniversary meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society was held on Wednesday, at the great room, Exeter-hall, Lord Bexley in the chair. The great room was crowded, and the platform was filled by the friends and supporters of the society. The Secretary, Mr. Brown, read the report, which detailed the progress of the society within the past year. There was a slight falling off this year in the amount of the receipts. The expenditure was, however, considerably under that of the last year. The Bishops of Norwich and Chester spoke at considerable length in support of the objects of the society.

THE BRITISH BAYONET.—It may, in full truth be termed the grand mystifier of modern tactics. We here appeal publicly to the most experienced officers of the army,—to those who fought, as many really did, in Egypt, the Peninsula, and at Waterloo, and ask, whether any one of them beheld a bayonet contest? Did they ever, in field or breach, on plain or rampart, behold men thrust, and counter thrust, at each other with their bayonets? It never happened and never will happen.—(*Colonel Mitchell's Thoughts on Tactics*.)

AMUSING ANECDOTE.—Canning's conversion—or rather, we suppose, Canning's quiz on Sir William Knighton is thus narrated by Sir Walter Scott in his *Diary*:—"Canning's conversion from popular opinions was strangely brought round. While he was studying in the Temple, and rather entertaining revolutionary opinions, Godwin sent to say that he was coming to breakfast with him, to speak on a subject of the highest importance. Canning new little of him, but received his visit, and learned, to his astonishment, that, in expectation of a new order of things, the English Jacobins designed to place him, Canning, at the head of their revolution. He was much struck, and asked time to think what course he should take—and having thought the matter over, he went to Mr. Pitt, and made the Anti-Jacobin confession of faith, in which he persevered until— Canning himself mentioned this to Sir W. Knighton, upon occasion of giving a place in the Charterhouse of some ten pounds a year to Godwin's brother. He could scarce do less for one who had offered him the dictator's curule chair."

ORIGIN OF THE USE OF COFFEE.—Coffee was first used in the thirteenth century, and the discovery of its peculiar properties as a beverage was the result of chance. An Arab, Skekk Omar, fell under persecution in his own country; he and his disciples fled to a mountain in the province of Yemen, where, in the desert, all usual food failed him; a coffee berry there grew wild, and the distressed refugee, as it was too hard for him to masticate, tried its effects in boiling; he drank the liquor, found himself revived, and made it immortal. Yet recommended as it was by its refreshing properties, its spontaneous growth, and still more, such is the absurdity of mankind, by the example of a fool or knave who called himself a saint, coffee took upwards of two hundred years to make its way into the world.

VALUE OF TIME.—Northcote talked of the value of time. He said, that time was an estate to every man, and intended to be so by Providence; and if we made a right use of it, we should be certain to have the full benefit of the profits.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

New York, June 7th.—By the packet ship St. Andrew, Captain Thompson, we have received London papers to the 7th and Liverpool to the 8th May, being two days later from the former and three from the latter place.

The dates from the continent are no later than those received by the Albany, which arrived on Tuesday.

By the following paragraph from the London Sun, it appears that no farther opposition will be made by the government, to the absolute emancipation of the blacks in the West Indies. "Ministers, we are delighted to learn, will offer no farther opposition to any measure which may be introduced having for its object the immediate emancipation of the apprentices. The numerous public meetings held in England, Scotland, and Ireland, during the recess, have convinced Lord Melbourne and his colleagues that the voice of the United Kingdom is in favor of immediate, unconditional emancipation; and we are happy to be able to state that all cabinet hostility to the measure will henceforth be withdrawn. If the emancipationists fail a second time—which we are confident that will not do—the blame cannot be laid at the door of the cabinet."

The opposition papers maintain, however, that the announcement in the Sun is delusive, and intended to throw the advocates of emancipation off their guard.

Lords Surrey and Fitzalan—son and grandson of the Duke of Norfolk—being Catholics, both abstained from voting on the Church questions recently agitated in the House of Commons. Their conduct in this respect is honorably contrasted with that of the Irish Catholic members.

A chapel was opened for public worship in St. James's Park, on the 6th of May. It is designed expressly for the accommodation of the troops on service in the metropolis. A great number of officers high in rank were present, among whom were Lord Hill, the commander-in-chief, Lord Fitzroy Somerset, Sir Hussey Vivian, &c.

The Queen's equestrian cortege generally consists of 17 persons; her majesty, if the weather permits, never rides less than for three hours; one day she is said to have kept her attendants on the trot full 25 miles.

It is not generally known, that Lablache is the present instructor of her Majesty in singing. The total military force in Ireland at the present time is 16,018 men. It is less than it has been at any time during the last ten years, with one exception, 1831, when it was less by about 170.

It is said that the late Duchess of St. Alban's, after the death of Mr. Coult, until her own demise, gave away nearly half a million sterling, principally among the families of Sir Francis Burdett, the Countess of Guildford, and the Countess of Bute.

Sir FRANCIS HEAD dined with the DUKE OF WELLINGTON at a large party given by His Grace on the 1st ultimo.

Potsmouth, May 5.—A large detachment of the 73rd regiment is waiting for the means of conveyance to Canada; the 10th regiment of foot has also marched into the garrison for Canadian service, if needed. The Arab transport embarked the first division of the 7th hussars on Wednesday last, at Cork, for Canada.

An account of the aggregate amount of Notes circulated in England and Wales, by private Banks, and by Joint Stock Banks and their branches, distinguishing Private from Joint Stock Banks, between the 30th of December, 1837, and the 31st March, 1838.—From returns circulated by 3 and 4 Wm. IV. c. 83.

Private Banks, —	£7,005,472
Joint Stock Banks —	3,921,039
	£10,926,511

There are individuals who, altogether destitute of any capacity for public business, are continually on the hunt for popularity. Such persons press forward at public meetings, and, for the sake of an evanescent breath of applause, make the most unguarded statements. Unpossessed of any intrinsically valuable information, and utterly reckless of consequences, if they can only excite public attention to themselves, they say whatever comes uppermost, and frequently mislead the unwary and create misapprehensions that may be productive of the greatest inconvenience.

(*Liverpool Albion*, May 7.)

Liverpool, May 8.—The foolish meddling of the Prussian Government in the matter of the mixed marriages between Catholics and Protestants, has thrown the Polish and the Rhenish Provinces of Prussia, both of which are inhabited by Catholics, into the utmost confusion. Having once interfered to fix the religion in which children, born from such marriages, shall be brought up, the Government has been drawn on, step by step, into the most serious differences with the Catholic population, in the course of which it has suspended the Archbishops of Cologne and Posen, and thrown two of its most valuable provinces into a state of violent agitation. The height to which this quarrel has now risen may be judged by the following accounts from Dantzic:—

Dantzic, April 15.—A great fermentation prevails in the minds of many persons in this neighborhood, and it is remarkable that it is chiefly the young Roman Catholic clergy who manifest the greatest hatred of their Protestant brethren. Last week, in a place some leagues hence on the road to Berlin, a Roman Catholic girl died who was betrothed to a Protestant. A young Romish priest delivered a speech at her funeral, in which he said that heaven, in consideration of the piety of the deceased, had taken her to itself before her marriage with a heretic, in order to save her soul from eternal damnation. At Thorn pastoral letters were found posted on the churches, and placards, partly written in unintelligible language, in some copies of which there was a key to explain them.

In these the Protestant Church was attacked, and Roman Catholics invited to union and perseverance by every means to maintain unimpaired the rights of their church, for which the Easter holidays on the 6th May should be fixed. As soon as the affair was known, all the pastoral letters were demanded from the priests by order of the government. A Pomeranian brigade, a Brandenburg regiment of infantry, and a regiment of Hussars have come to the Grand Duchy of Posen, where there are symptoms of troubles. A large Russian force is also assembled on the frontier, from Wlorkaw to Kalish, to be at hand in case of need. At Grandweez there are such manifestations of animosity toward the Jews, that they were obliged to apply to Gen. V. Natzenbar, in Königsberg, for cavalry to protect them.

SPAIN.—The insurrection of Murragorray has been completely put down by the Carlists, and its leader forced to take refuge in France. So much for the spirit of liberty and independence in the North of Spain.

BASE HALF SOVEREIGNS.—The public would do well to be on their guard in giving change for half-sovereigns, as a set of persons are going about to shops and public houses for the purpose of putting off spurious coin, purporting to be a half-sovereign of the date of 1817, little more than half the weight

of a good one. They are well executed, and are of a pale yellow colour, and when rubbed hard show white.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Monday, April 30th.
In answer to a question from Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Melbourne stated, that it was not the intention of Government to renew the order in council, allowing her Majesty's subjects to engage in the service of the Queen of Spain, but it was for the decision of her Majesty's advisers, whether they should not grant licenses to exempt persons from the operation of the Foreign Enlistment Act in certain cases. In answer to a series of questions from the Marquis of Londonderry, it was stated by Lord Melbourne, that the coronation was postponed till the 28th of June, but that no change was contemplated in the ceremony as announced in the proclamation.—The Earl of Winchelsea having alluded to the departure of Mr. Turton to Canada, Lord Melbourne repeated, that that gentleman had gone out without any appointment, and without the prospect of any appointment.

Lord Melbourne, of course, spoke only for the ministry. Lord Durham was master of his own appointments.]

Tuesday, May 1st.

Lord J. Russell and other Members of the House of Commons brought up the Irish Poor Law Relief Bill, which was read a first time, and it was proposed, that it be read a second time on Friday, the 11th instant. The Marquis of Clanricarde thought the house ought not to proceed further with this bill until it was known what was to be done in regard to rithes. The Earl of Limerick contended, that, if this bill were to pass, it would cause a separation between the two countries. The Marquis of Londonderry was opposed to the measure. The bill was calculated to inflict great injury upon Ireland, and he trusted the noble viscount would not press it. If he did, he (the Marquis of Londonderry) should take the sense of the house upon the bill on the second reading. The Duke of Wellington wished the bill to be postponed until the Monday or Tuesday following the day fixed, in order to give full opportunity for consideration.—The Marquis of Clanricarde said, that, as the bill now stood, he was inclined to oppose it. Lord Melbourne trusted the bill would receive an impartial discussion, free from party spirit. The bill was then ordered to be read a second time on Monday, the 14th May.—The Marquis of Londonderry put some further questions respecting the Coronation. He wished to know whether there was to be a procession. Lord Melbourne said, there would be a procession from the Palace to the Abbey. The Marquis of Londonderry: Is it to be a walking procession? Lord Melbourne said, the ceremony would be just the same as at the Coronation of William the Fourth. The Marquis of Londonderry then inquired whether there would be a banquet. Lord Melbourne answered in the negative.—(A laugh.)

Thursday, May 3rd.

The Bishop of Exeter inquired, whether it was the intention of the Government to proceed this session with the measures recommended by the Church Commissioners? Lord Melbourne answered in the affirmative.—The Earl of Ripon moved for an account of the expenses of the Malta Commission, which, after an extended and desultory discussion, in which the Duke of Wellington, &c., took part, was ordered.

Friday, May 4th.

Lord Melbourne stated, in answer to a question from the Marquis of Londonderry respecting the claims of the officers of the British Legion, that every means had been taken by Government for the settlement of these claims, and that he believed the Spanish Government was willing to establish a board of commissioners in this country for that purpose.—A discussion took place on the subject of the letters recently published by Dr. McHale, in the Irish papers, with the signature of "John Tuam." In answer to a question from Viscount Lorton, it was stated by Lord Melbourne, that it was not the intention of Government to institute a prosecution in this case, partly for reasons which he did not think it prudent to particularize, and partly because there was a difficulty in proving the signature.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, April 30th.
It was reported from the Great Yarmouth committee, that the sailing members, Mr. C. E. Rumbold and Mr. W. Wiltshire, were duly returned; and from the Stirlingshire committee, that Mr. W. Forbes was not duly elected, and that Colonel Abercrombie was duly elected, and ought to have been returned.

Tuesday, May 1st.

Mr. P. Thomson obtained leave to bring in a bill for the regulation of Pilotage in the United Kingdom.—Mr. Hume moved for certain returns connected with the "Company for the Propagation of the Gospel in New England and the parts adjacent in America," but after a short discussion, the motion was negatived.—Mr. Colquhoun moved for a return of all outrages and assaults committed on the person, property, or places of worship of Protestant ministers of all denominations in Ireland; also, a return of all outrages and assaults committed on persons engaged in communicating religious instruction to the people of Ireland, from June, 1835, to the present time. After a discussion, the motion was agreed to.—The house adjourned at half-past twelve.

Thursday, May 3rd.

Lord J. Russell moved the appointment of a select committee "to inquire into the mode of granting and renewing leases of the landed and other property of the bishops, deans, and chapters, and other ecclesiastical bodies of England and Wales; and into the probable amount of any increased value which might be obtained by an improved management, with a due consideration of the interests of the established church, and of the present lessees of such property." His lordship's speech, considering the complicated nature of the subject, was not long, and it was exceedingly clear and effective. The details he furnished of the abuses of church property, from the restoration to our own day, were as convincing as they were striking; but one of the most prominent and interesting portions of his address was the opening of it, in which he very ably and vigorously repelled the unfounded and calumnious charge that Ministers intended to deprive the Church of any part of its property.

The motion led to extended discussion. Mr. Liddell met the motion with a direct negative, as did Sir R. Inglis, who declared, that there was no more right to alienate church property than there was to interfere with private property. Sir R. Peel spoke against the course pursued by the Government, asking whether any man could believe that the committee was asked for with the view of finding a substitute for church-rates? He condemned the course as an evasion of the duty of the executive, pushing the responsibility on a committee. He also contended, if there were a surplus, that it ought to be used for spiritual objects. The Chancellor of the Exchequer closed the debate with an able speech. The division took place immediately after, when, in a house of 518 members, Ministers obtained a majority of 36. The house again divided on an amend-

ment of Mr. Liddell, to the effect of applying any surplus to the increase of church accommodation, which was negatived by a majority of 11; the numbers being, for the amendment, 254, against it, 265.

Friday, May 4.

On the order of the day for the house to resolve itself into a committee on the Benefices Plurality Bill, Mr. Hume moved, that it be an instruction to the committee to provide against the appointment in plurality to any beneficed or cathedral preferment from and after the passing of the bill. Lord John Russell opposed the motion on the ground that, although desirable, the total abolition of plurality was impossible, on account of the number of small and inadequate livings. On a division, the motion was lost by a majority of 70; the numbers being for Mr. Hume's motion 37, against it 107. The house then went into committee, and was occupied in discussing the several clauses until nearly its rising.—The house next went into a Committee of Supply, when £24,440,550 were voted for payment of Exchequer Bills.—On the motion of the Attorney-General, the Registration of Voters Bill was read a second time, and ordered to be committed on Friday next.—The house adjourned at one o'clock.

SEVEN DAYS LATER BY THE RIVER.

The Brig *Margaret*, Captain Pae, arrived on Monday evening, from Waterford, whence she sailed on the 16th of May. Captain Pae has brought a Liverpool paper of the 15th May and one London of the 10th, from which, having been favoured with a perusal of them, we are enabled to make the following extracts.

In the House of Lords on the 7th, Earl Grey presented a petition from Tynemouth for the immediate abolition of negro apprenticeship, and declared himself favourable to the prayer of the petition.—The Bishop of Durham presented a petition from Manchester, signed by 24,000 persons praying for the establishment of an improved system of national education.

Colonel Seale's bill to authorize the grinding of foreign grain in bond for the purpose of exportation was lost in the House of Commons, on the 9th, on the motion for a second reading, by a majority of 220 to 150.

Mr. Hutt, liberal, has been declared duly elected for Hull in the place of Mr. Wilberforce, elected by The Hon. Mr. Scarlett, son of Lord Abinger, has abandoned his seat for Norwich. Mr. Smith, liberal, takes his place.

The Oxford, New-York packet ship of 16th April, arrived at Liverpool on the 12th May. An extract is given from one of Sir George Arthur's replies to address which the Liverpool Times says does him the highest honour. The reply alluded to was that made by Sir George to the address praying for an extension of mercy to the state prisoners.

It was likely that another severe struggle would take place in the House of Commons, between the two great parties, on the 14th May.—Sir Thomas D. Acland having given notice that when Lord John Russell should move, on that day, that the House go into a Committee on Irish tithes, he (Sir T. D. A.) would move, as an amendment, that the resolutions of the House of Commons, in favour of the appropriation clause agreed to on the 7th and 8th of May, 1835, should be rescinded.

Lady R. Grosvenor narrowly escaped being burnt to death, on the 13th May; part of her dress caught fire and her neck and throat were severely scorched.

It is understood that Sir R. W. Horton, late Governor of Ceylon, is going out to Canada, in what capacity is not at present determined.—(*Globe*.) The venerable General Sir Frederick Wetherall, formerly Aide-de-Camp to the Duke of Kent, will be elevated to the Peerage at the approaching coronation (Sir Frederick is the father of the gallant Lieut. Colonel of the Royals.)

Downing Street, May 10.—The Queen has been pleased to appoint Major John Longley to be Governor of the Island of Dominica.

The Aberdeen Bank has been robbed of notes to the extent of £20,000; no clue to the robbers.

On the 10th May, Her Majesty gave her first ball since her accession to the throne; it was also the first grand party given at Buckingham New Palace.

The *Court Circular* says, "Sets for quadrilles were formed, and the ball was opened by the Queen, who had for her partner Prince George of Cambridge, in a quadrille entitled 'Versailles.' During the ball her Majesty danced quadrilles with the following noblemen:—Prince Nicolas Esterhazy, the Marquis of Douro, the Earl of Uxbridge, Lord Morpeth, Lord Fitzalan, Lord Suffield, Lord Folkestone, and Lord Jocelyn. In the interval of the dances Her Majesty and the royal family sat in a recess at the west side of the room, which was hung with white satin, embroidered in bouquets of flowers, and trimmed with silver fringe, with curtains suspended from the front on each side. The seats of crimson satin and gold were placed on a platform covered with a Persian carpet. Dancing was resumed after supper, and was continued till near four o'clock, her Majesty joining in the last dance."

The following death is announced in the Liverpool Times:— At Mallow, aged 75, Mrs. O'Callaghan, mother of Dr. O'Callaghan, who figured in the late insurrection in Canada.

Lords Suffield and Gardner, on behalf of the Melton Mowbray Hunt, have purchased the Lambton fox-hounds for 3000 guineas. At this price each hound will cost upwards of 20 guineas.

On Tuesday, 8th May.—Mr. Hume moved, in the House of Commons as follows:—Address for "Copies of the several acts of the Legislature of Upper Canada in the last session, for the preservation of the peace, and for the trial of persons charged with insurrection and revolt against the Government of the Province, stating the dates on which the several bills received the royal sanction. Return of the names and quality or station of the several persons arrested in Upper Canada, and placed in confinement in the prisons in Toronto, and other places in the Province, on a charge of insurrection or treason, the dates of their arrest and discharge, and, if tried, whether by Court Martial or Civil Courts, with the result of such trials severally; also the number in prison at the time of the last despatch. A similar return of Lower Canada."

UNITED STATES.

Washington, June 5.—Congress cannot now meet, without inflicting upon the national escutcheon, a deep and foul blot, by their rude, unmanly, ungentleman-like, and brutal behaviour. I have not a word to say against the parties to the row of last evening. They are both men of worth and honor, and both stand high in the estimation of the country. Mr. Biddle is a man of unimpeached integrity, and just sensibility in regard to his rights and duties. Mr. Downing is also an amiable, an upright, & a remarkably popular man. For this very reason, that such men are drawn by the force of circumstances around them, into the vortex of *rowdism*.

NORTH EASTERN BOUNDARY QUESTION.—The following letter from the Secretary of State to a Sena-

tor of the United States from the State of Maine, was read in his place, on Tuesday last, by Mr. Fox:

Department of State, May 26, 1838.
Sir,—I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 24th instant, and to state, in reply, that from has been invited, the President anticipates the establishment of a joint commission with an unimpeded power will be restricted to the purposes of exploration and survey only, without authority to finally to decide the rights of the parties, as contemplated in the original American proposition. The suggestions that have been made on either side with respect to the mode of constituting that commission, the principles upon which it is to act, and the instructions to be given it, are all to be discussed and decided upon as justice between the parties and their respective rights shall be deemed to require. The arrangement, as you will see by my note to Mr. Fox of the 27th April last, is to test the correctness of the opinion of the State of Maine, "that the line described in the treaty of 1783, can be found and traced whenever the Government of the United States and Great Britain shall proceed to make the requisite investigation with a pre-disposition to effect the desired object."

I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,
J. FOX, Secy.

To the Hon. Renel Williams, U. S. Senate.
SPECIE PAYMENTS.—We learn that at a meeting of the officers of the Banks of Baltimore, it was determined to ask the Banks in the Eastern, Southern, and Western States to meet in convention either in Baltimore or Philadelphia, in the course of the ensuing month, for the purpose of fixing on an early day for a general resumption of specie payments.—(*Balt. Am.*)

New York, June 7.—Strawberries and green peas have made their appearance in this market.

UPPER CANADA.

Prescott, (U. C.) June 7.—A report that reached town last evening states that Johnson with a party of ruffians had left Well's Island and proceeded in an armed schooner upwards, his destination was not known, and no attempt was made to intercept him.

Sir John Colborne and suite have just arrived in their way to Kingston; His Excellency has expressed his determination to place an effective military force in this place. His Excellency left the evening in the *William*, accompanied by the President band.

The American steamers touch as usual at port, a circumstance that we are happy to notice.—Last evening the *Osego* came in while her passengers played "Rule Britannia," and upon leaving the wharf "God save the Queen" was given in very good style; we do not say there is any hypocrisy in this, or any of Jonathan's well known cunning, at all events it is our duty to put upon the affair a favorable construction.

We have had in town since Friday last a Company of the Gleanery Volunteers, under the command of Captain George McDonald; a strong force is shortly looked for.—(*Prescott Sentinel*.)

LOWER CANADA.

[From the Montreal Morning Courier, June 11].
The Hon. Lieut. Col. Grey, of the 71st Regiment, left town on Friday, with Despatches for the Earl of Durham, for the English Minister at Washington, which are supposed to be upon the subject of the affair of the *Peel* steamer. Colonel Grey was accompanied by two officers of his Regiment—Sir Hew Dalrymple, Bart, and Lord Auldour.

A gentleman now in this city, who resides in Bath, has favoured us with the perusal of a letter from that place, dated Thursday last, detailing the particulars of a most daring robbery on Amherst Island, situated a few miles from Bath. On the preceding night fourteen or fifteen men, in two boats, landed on the Island, repaired to the house of Mr. Robert Preston, and robbed him of 600 dollars in cash, as well as everything valuable in his house. They were all armed with pistols, and Mr. Preston, while attempting to prevent them from carrying away his property, nearly lost his life, a ball passing through his hat. The bandit who fired the shot, then beat him with the pistol till he broke the stock to pieces. The two sons of Mr. Preston were beaten in a similar manner. After the departure of the banditti, a boat was despatched to Bath for Doctors Stewart and Fairfield, the warden of Preston and his two sons being considered dangerous; and in the course of the day depositions were taken before Messrs. McKay and Hancock, Magistrates, and forwarded by express to Kingston. A man of the name of Patterson, who resides on the Island was robbed the same night. There is no doubt but the banditti were well aware of the guarded state of that part of the country.

QUEBEC:

WEDNESDAY, 13TH JUNE, 1838.

LATEST DATES
From London..... May 11
From Liverpool..... May 12
From Paris..... May 7
From New York..... June 1
From Baltimore..... June 1
From Philadelphia..... June 1

The English papers to the 9th May, by the *St. Andrew*, Liverpool packet arrived at New York on the 5th instant, were received yesterday, and we have availed ourselves of the extracts in last night's *Mercury*, from a Liverpool paper of the 13th May, received by the river.

The intelligence is not of much importance.

A new trial of the strength of parties in the House of Commons would probably take place on the 14th May, on the Irish Tithes question, on Sir Thomas Acland's notice, that he would move the rescission of the Resolutions of the 7th and 8th May, 1835, which the present Ministers came into power. It will be recollected that these Resolutions go to the appropriation of the surplus of Tithes after a proper provision is made for the Clergy of the Church of England, to general education in Ireland. In point of fact, it is believed, that there will be no surplus; so the question is rather one of principle than of any practical application; but it forms a fine subject for a party contest.

Party exists in all free Governments, from which it may be supposed to be inseparable. It is, indeed, useful in checking the abuse to which power is liable, so long as party itself is checked by an intelligent community, attached to the established constitution, to public order, and the supremacy of the laws; but of late parties have been so balanced in England, as to produce indecision and instability in the measures of Government. Even at the present moment, when England is spending millions of money and sending her most distinguished sons to protect her loyal subjects in the colonies, and to defend her dominion and their welfare, we feel the evils of the working of her parties, who are endeavoring to weaken the efforts which she is making, by destroying confidence and throwing obstacles in the

state of Michigan, by Mr. Fisher, June 26, 1858. The following is abridged from the Times of 11th May...

of the persons entrusted with the authority of the Crown. The spirit of party, which may be harmless enough in England, spreads to the colonies, where, not having the proper check of a great and enlightened public opinion, it can only produce mischief and suffering...

The following is abridged from the Times of 11th May. House of Commons, May 10.—Sir ROBERT PEEL brought in his Bill for the trial of controverted Elections, which was generally approved. The Bill for the Regulation of Voters was to be brought in by the Attorney General for Ireland. An Address to the Crown, moved by Sir ROBERT PEEL, to take measures with foreign powers to allow the Slave Trade considered as piracy, and to allow a mutual right of search, passed unanimously. The Factory Act of 1833 is to be repealed.

From our Montreal Correspondent. Montreal, Sunday afternoon, June 10.—James Buchanan, Her Britannic Majesty's Consul at New York, arrived here this morning with Despatches for Lord Durham, received by the packet ship St. Andrew. They go by the mail. Nothing new to day. Mr. BUCHANAN has since arrived in Quebec. Extract of a letter, dated "Saratoga, 6th June, 1858. There is not a soul here that I know except Dr. Davignon, who is leading Mrs. Papineau about, and one or two of her sons."

A gentleman arrived here by an extra railroad, and said he travelled in company with Papineau, and that Papineau came from Philadelphia. At four o'clock this day I saw the arch rebel Papineau, and he is not dead. He looks quite altered in the face, and seems stouter and more bloated than when I last saw him in Quebec. He walked (seemingly in good health and spirits) with Dr. Davignon and two youngsters, said to be his sons.

Halifax papers of the 2nd June, and St. John's of the 5th, were received to-day. The crocodile, 28 guns, Capt. Pollinghorne, with part of the 93rd regiment, is arrived at Prince Edward's Island. We omitted to mention the hooting and hissing of the convicts from Toronto, brought down from Montreal on Sunday evening, in the British America. We heard of this, but fancied it was the act of a few persons only. From the manner in which it has been noticed by our contemporaries, it appears to have been very general among the numerous spectators who were present at their landing and accompanied them to the Citadel.

These prisoners, it is true, are of an odious character; strangers who interfered in the concerns of a country with which they had nothing to do; men authorized by no existing authority, but coming into Canada in a hostile manner, to be rewarded with plunder. They are, however, now under the sentence of the law, are expiating their crimes, and it is the character of British subjects to look upon all persons in that situation with pity, and treat them with humanity rather than insult. From the Government, the persons in authority and the military those prisoners have experienced every indulgence.

We wish that those persons in both the Canadas who have had the temerity to question the will and the power of England to maintain her dominion in every part of the world, had an opportunity of seeing the port of Quebec at the present time. Three ships of the line, two large frigates, a sloop of war a steamer of the Royal Navy, numerous transports with Cavalry, Artillery, troops of the line and munitions of war, are indeed but a small sample of the naval and military power of England, but with the forces already in the Provinces, they are more than sufficient for any contingency which might arise in this part of the world. This display of force is, however, connected with no hostile spirit, but rather a spirit of peace and humanity which prevents war by being prepared for it.

Besides the persons already arrested, and those above named, there are good reasons for believing that several others were associated with them in committing the crimes above mentioned. I do further offer a reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, for the detection and delivery as aforesaid of each one of the offenders, who are not named above, or have not been already arrested. And I do hereby order and command all civil and ministerial officers of this state to be vigilant and active in their exertions to cause the said offenders to be brought to justice. Previous to committing the offences above specified, the depredators had their encampment upon the "The Thousand Islands" in the St. Lawrence, which are situated partly in the Province of Upper Canada, and partly within the limits of this State, and it is believed the places of their refuge at this time are among those Islands. Given under my hand and the privy seal of the state, [L.S.] this 4th day of June, 1858.

W. L. MARCY. H. M. S. Hercules, Capt. Nicolas, 5th May from Portmouth, which was announced by telegraph on the 6th instant, only arrived in port yesterday morning, having been detained by contrary winds. She has on board 20 officers and 370 men, of the 1st Royals, 32nd and 43rd regiments. About six o'clock, p. m. yesterday, the telegraph announced a steamer; she soon after made her appearance, and arrived in port a few minutes after seven o'clock, and proved to be H. M. steamship Medea, 12th May from England, and four days from Sydney, (Cape Breton,) having on board 100 men of the 24th regiment. The Medea reports that the Cornwallis, with Admiral Sir C. PAGET on board, was off Metis on Monday, 12 leagues below H. B. The Medea having put her troops on board H. M. S. Malabar, early this morning, proceeded down the river to tow up the Cornwallis.

Two transports also arrived yesterday; the Boudicca, (No. 13,) 46 days from Woolwich, with 5 officers, 226 men, 24 women and 45 children of the Royal Artillery and the Stentor (No. 18) in 36 days from Cork, with 5 officers, 57 men of the 1st Dragoon Guards, and their horses. Transport Calcutta, with troops, near at hand. H. M. S. Hastings is under orders for England, and will sail to-morrow morning if the wind is favourable.

CASTLE OF ST. LEWIS, Quebec, 12th June, 1858. Carriages coming to the Drawing Room on Wednesday the 13th instant, from the Upper-Town, will pass by Ste. Anne Street in front of the Union Buildings. Carriages coming from the Lower-Town will join the line in Fort Street, at the Union Buildings, and the whole will pass up the Square to the Castle door. Thence after setting down they will proceed along the upper part of Fort-street towards Mr. Hale's house, and draw up in a line with their horses' heads towards the centre of the street, the carriages backed to the footpath, there they will remain until called for. One carriage at a time will come to the Castle door, when required to take the company away, and each will drive up in rotation as it is called.

Sentries will be placed across St. Lewis street, from Mr. Hale's door to the ring, to turn carriages coming from St. Lewis-street to the left, that they may join the line in Ste. Anne-street. Policemen will be in attendance to point out the places for the carriages, and every servant will obey them. By His Excellency's command, CHARLES BULLER, JUN., Chief Secretary.

Extract of a Letter from Kingston, 7th June, 1858. The Pirates keep up their system of plunder—they have visited the Isle of Tanti and some Mills on the main land, plundering as they went along, and any resistance was punished. Two were severely wounded. They proceeded up to South bay near the Ducks, where the Coburg and Harrie are now standing with soldiers on board, to intercept their retreat. I hope they will succeed. Something has occurred at Brockville, which called for some additional troops this morning, but I do not know what it is; for a wonder all is kept quiet. We learn from another source that the force above mentioned is commanded by a Lieutenant of the Royal Navy serving under Captain Sandon; the latter officer is at present in Quebec, we understand, with the view to arrangements being made for equipping a naval force on the Lakes for the protection of British commerce against these piratical marauders.—(Mercury.)

The ladies' bazaar for the support of the female Orphan Asylum was held on Thursday and Friday last, in the National School room and was attended by the Right Hon. the Countess of Durham, Lady Colborne and most of the fashionables in Quebec. The proceeds amounted to £250, which will enable the ladies managers to continue their benevolent institution for the present year. Amongst the contributions we must mention the handsome donation of cakes and confectionary made by the Messrs. Devery, Hossack, and Scott and McKonkey, confectioners.—(Id.)

The Countess of DURHAM, and party, proceeded yesterday on a visit to the Falls of the Chaudiere. The barge of the Hastings was accompanied by the steamer Eagle, on board of which were the band of the ship. Her Ladyship returned about eight o'clock in the evening, and was warmly cheered from the men on board the ships in port, as well as by the citizens on her landing.—(Herald.)

A melancholy accident occurred yesterday afternoon on the Jacques Cartier River, by which three individuals lost their lives. Mr. John Bissett, in charge of the Pointe-aux-Tremble mills, Mr. Felix Matte, Godin, and Dr. Allsopp, were crossing from Cap Santé to Jacques Cartier, when the canoe in which they were seated upset, and they were all precipitated into the river. Dr. Allsopp saved himself by clinging to the canoe; but the rest of the party, notwithstanding strenuous exertions were made to rescue them, unfortunately perished. The bodies had not been found at a late hour last night. (Transcript.)

To the Editor of The Quebec Gazette. SIR,—I have but a few words to say in reply to two correspondents in your last paper, who argue that the members of the present Executive Council are competent to sit in the Court of Appeals. On reference to the 34th section of the Act of 1791, those writers will find it enacted, that the Governor, &c. of the Province for the time being, "together with such Executive Council as shall be appointed by His Majesty for the affairs of such Province, shall be a Court," &c. And hence has arisen the distinction between the Councilors so appointed, called mandamus Councilors, and those merely named by the Governor. The former only, usually five in number, were Judges in appeal, and received salaries as such; and the latter were so far from being considered as members, that they were admitted, if professional men, to practice at the Bar of that Court, as for instance, the Hobbies, Messrs. James Stuart and D. Mondelot. I am under the impression that the latter point was formally settled by the Court itself, on an exception taken to

a writ of appeal sued out by the ministry of one of those gentlemen, but of this I am not very certain. That the present Councilors are not appointed by Her Majesty, I infer from the Official Gazette of the 2nd instant, which announces that "His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to summon to the Executive Council, the following gentlemen;" although your correspondent "Reason" seems to insinuate the contrary. But if Councilors appointed by the Governor are competent to sit in the Court of Appeals, it follows that the Governor has the power to form a new Court for the hearing of any particular suit, by merely causing his Secretary to inform the old Councilors "that their services will not be required for the present," and summoning others, and so on ad infinitum, whenever he pleases. And by no fair interpretation can a statute be construed so as to admit the possibility of such a dangerous and unconstitutional power being exercised by a subject. In a future article I shall make some few remarks on the subject of a Law Court of Appeals, and in the mean time remain Your obedient Servant, A REFORMER.

Quebec, 12th June, 1858. COMMERCIAL. London, May 7th.—The Consol-market remains without variation, the prices being 93½ sellers for money and buyers for account. The fall in Bank Stock, which was done at one time as low as 204 excited some attention; it recovered at the close to 204½ a 5, which is 4 percent worse than the quotations of last evening. India Stock was 270½ a 1; Exchange-bills, 7½ a 7¾; India Bonds, 79 a 81 premium. It is highly satisfactory to be enabled at length to state, which we do with some degree of confidence, that an improvement has taken place, not only in the wholesale, but in the retail departments of trade. The favorable change which has occurred in the weather, has induced a general activity in the latter which will soon work a material influence upon the state of things in the manufacturing districts. The commencement of what is called the "Spring trade," though delayed much beyond its usual period, will, it is now confidently anticipated, show a very important increase over the transactions of the same time last year. For the principal export staples articles of commerce, the improvement which has taken place this week is not by any means so general as in the home markets, but here there has been much more confidence displayed, especially in British and Foreign produce.

MANCHESTER.—We are happy to have it in our power to confirm, by the result of yesterday's market, the favorable report we made last week with respect to the improvement of trade. Both in yarns and in goods there was decidedly more business doing; all apprehension of their becoming lower seemed to have passed away, and buyers were coming into the market with apparent confidence. Prices were really obtained both for wool and cloth, which a fortnight, or even a week ago, could not be realised; and, in some instances, a positive advance upon the late selling prices was obtained. (Guardian.) LEEDS.—There has been a slight improvement in the demand for goods since our last; yet the state of the markets is deemed very unsatisfactory. (Intelligence.) BRADFORD MARKET.—The transactions in manufactured goods at this market on Thursday were very similar to those of last week, and prices remained pretty stationary. HUDDERSFIELD.—The transactions at this market on Tuesday were by no means extensive; the sales being chiefly limited to checks, fancy trouses-pieces and kerseys. IRON TRADE.—We have been informed that orders have been given this week for 12,000 tons of iron rails, —10,000 for export to America, and 2,000 tons for consumption at home, and that several other extensive orders are about to be given for iron rails and chairs, for railways now forming in this country. LIVERPOOL, May 7.—Our last circular, 1st inst., would acquaint you that our cotton market had advanced 4 a 5 per lb. from the lowest point of depression. The demand continued active for a day or two subsequently, but has since been much less spirited, and though a pretty fair extent of business has been done, the buyers have had the advantage, amounting to a decline of fully 1 per lb. in the low and middle qualities from the highest sales made on the 1st and 2nd inst., with a comparatively languid market.

Foreign Wheat in bond is rather higher, and some of the prime quality has been sold at 6s. 3d. per 70 lbs. Tar-pentine dull and lower; the last sale was at 12s. 3d. for ordinary quality. No change of interest in other articles. PORT OF QUEBEC. ARRIVED. June 11th. Brig Margaret, Pue, 16th May, Waterford, T. Froste & Co. ballast. 12th. Bark Bondieen, Stephens, (Transport No. 13,) 46 days from Woolwich, Government,—5 officers, 226 men, 24 women, and 48 children of the Royal Artillery. —Stentor, Govey, (Transport No. 10,) 6th May, Cork, Government,—5 officers, and 57 men of the 1st Dragoon Guards, with horses. Schr. Florida, Hoffman, 2nd June, Newfoundland, Leavell & Co. run. H. M. S. Hercules, Capt. Nicholas, 5th May, England, detachments of troops. H. M. S. ship Medon, 12th May, from England, and 4 days from Sydney, with part of the 24th Regiment. 13th. Brig Wellington, Gilham, 30th May, Newild, Symes & Ross, ballast. —Gronde, Goughlight, 3d do. Bondeux, Atkinson & Co. do. Ship Celia, Black, 12th May, Liverpool, D. Burnet, salt. Brig Lion, Nicholson, 12th April, Sunderland, Symes & Ross, ballast. —Cousins, Gascoigne, 8th May, Dublin, LeMesurier & Co. do. CLEARED. June 12th. Bark Universe, Brock, Aberdeen, R. F. Maitland & Co. Brig Prince George, McFarlane, Leith, Rodger, Dean & Co. —Hercules, Moorhead, Glasscock, Gilmour & Co. Ship Milgrave, Edwards, London, Atkinson & Co. Brig Latona, Sutton, London, do. Bark Ocean, Robertson, Tralee, Pemberton. Brig Lord Brougham, Pennoek, Newlaven, LeMesurier. —Majestic, Laing, Portrush, do. —Pembroke Castle, Sandbury, Llanely, do. —Eliza Ann, Hyde, Cork, Chapman & Co. Bark Osprey, Kirk, Liverpool, H. W. Welch. —Helen, Mearns, Stangford, Gilmour & Co. —Waterhen, Dodds, London, Price & Co. 13th. Schr. Splendid, Swain, Montego Bay, (Jam.) H. J. Noad. Bark Charlotte, Farnie, Lancaster, H. W. Welch. —Marionette of Aberdeen, Webber, Londonderry, —Glasgow, Craig, Liverpool, do. Ship Liza Rumney, Simpson, Hull, do. Brig Vehm, Sutton, Padstow, do. —Emerald, Fligg, Limerick, Wm. Price & Co. Bark Ocean, Slattery, Waterford, do. Brig Hero, Harrison, Aberystwyth, Symes & Ross.

The following vessels, which have cleared in Montreal during last week, have also cleared at Quebec:—Schr. True Friend, Godier, Halifax, N. S. —Queen Victoria, Babu. Ship Colborne, Kent, London. Schr. L'Espérance, LeBuffe, Halifax.

Barb Arsbian, Allen, Greenock. —Great Britain, Swanton, London. Ship Canada, Allen, Greenock. ENTERED FOR LOADING. June 12th. Rose Macron, New Ross, Gilmour & Co. Wolfe's Cove. Napierina, Dublin, Ryan, Cape Cove. George Lockwood, St. Michael's Mount, Levey, Curry's Wharf. Science, Cardiff, LeMesurier & Co. Woodfield. Royalist, Wireswater, Symes & Ross, do. Clo, London, do. do. 13th. Uak, Dartmouth, Maitland & Co. Cape Cove. Jean Baptiste, Glasgow, Launcie & Burns, East India Wharf. Pomona, London, Atkinson & Co. Spanner Cove. Margurat, Waterford, Froste & Co. Cape Cove. PASSENGERS. In the packet ship St. Andrew, from Liverpool at New York,—Charles Langevin, Esq., and lady, of Quebec. SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. The ship Canada, B. Allen, for Greenock, bark Arabiam, Allen, also for Greenock, and a number of other vessels, sailed yesterday afternoon, and bark Great Britain, Swanton, for London, this morning with a light breeze from the west. Schooner Florida, from St. George's Bay, (Newild.) Tuesday, May 5th, spoke the brig Sisters, of Whitehaven, bound to Gaspé, off Gaspé. Thursday, May 7th.—Off the Mangoungan, with a strong breeze from the N. E. passed several square rigged vessels outward bound. Friday 8th.—Passed the bark Premier, of Quebec, bound to Beaufort, at anchor above the Westward, Premier reported. Noon—a breeze from the Westward, Premier under weigh, also a fleet of sixteen square rigged vessels from the Grandy Poirs. Saturday 9th.—A two deck ship (Edinburgh, 74,) and the Gubare passed through the Traverse.

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DIED. On the 22nd April, at Derrynane Abbey, the seat of Daniel O'Connell, Esquire, M. P. of typhus fever, in the prime of life, Dr. George E. O'Sullivan. On the 1st ultimo, aged 35, after a short but severe illness, the Right Hon. Lowther Augustus John Lord Manchester. MR. WILSON, of the Exchange News-Room, at Montreal, having consented to be Agent for "The Quebec Gazette" and "La Gazette de Quebec," all applications respecting these papers, in the District of Montreal, are requested to be addressed to him. The accounts due to the Printing Office of the Gazette will be forwarded to the persons indebted, and they are requested to pay to Mr. Watson, who is authorized to give acquittances. Gazette Printing Office, 14, Mountain Street, 12th June, 1858.

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ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING will take place at the ALBION HOTEL, on THURSDAY next, the 14th instant, at FOUR o'clock, P. M., to receive the Report of the Special Committee appointed to address the Archbishop of Canterbury. By order of the President, J. C. FISHER, Quebec, 11th June, 1858. Sec'y, St. G. S. SALES BY AUCTION. TOBACCO, WINE, TEA, COFFEE, &c. BY PETER SHEPPARD. On FRIDAY next, the 15th instant, at TWO o'clock, at the Stores of JOHN YOUNG, Esq., on Goudie's Wharf, to close several consignments: 19 BOXES best Cavendish Tobacco, 16s. 25 Kegs do. Plug do. "Orcola" brand, 20 do. do. do. 3 Barrels Cur do. 6 Hhds. Leaf do. 16,000 Cigars—several kinds, 4 Barrels Hemo and Canary 8-rod, 52 Quarter Casks } Madeira Wine, 70 Octaves } 20 Boxes preserved Ginger, 10 do. Pickles, 27 Barrels Roasted Coffee, 24 do. Spirits Turpentine, 2 Carroets Currants, 4 Boxes Young Hyson Tea, Quebec, 15th June, 1858. BY G. D. BALZARETTI. On FRIDAY next, the 15th instant, at TWO o'clock precisely, at his Nest Rooms: A GENERAL assortment of DRY GOODS, Groceries, Sewing Silk, Bandaunas, Lace, Quillings, Nott, Ribbons, &c. &c. &c. —ALSO— Straw Bonnets, Men's Hats, Brussels Carpeting, ready-made Clothing, &c. &c. —AND— 1 Case Blank Account Books, 1 do. Ladies' Pocket, Dressing, and Ivory Combs, 1 do. Hardware, Jewellery, and other articles. Quebec, 15th June, 1858. BY THOS. HAMILTON. On SATURDAY next, the 16th instant, at TWO o'clock precisely, at the India Wharf, ex Hibernia: ONE HUNDRED Crates containing Dinner and Dessert Sets, &c. 150 Boxes Yellow Soap, 5 Casks Candle Tallow, 5 do. Palm Oil. Catalogues of the Ear-ware, and terms of payment will be made known at the Sale. Quebec, 15th June, 1858. NEW VESSEL. BY PETER SHEPPARD. On SATURDAY MORNING, the 16th instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, on Mr. Buleau's Wharf, St. Paul's Street: A NEW BRIGANTINE, measuring about 130 tons, now lying alongside said Wharf. Quebec, 15th June, 1858. BY G. D. BALZARETTI. On THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at TWO o'clock, at Mr. REIDENSTEIN'S Store, without reserve: A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF FRENCH BOOKS on Law, Literature, &c. &c. Quebec, 15th June, 1858. PASSAGE TO BELFAST. THE fast sailing coppered and copper-fastened Ship "ROBERT KER," will call for the above Port about the 18th instant, can accommodate a few Cabin and Steerage Passengers by applying to the Captain, on board, at Price's Wharf, or to G. H. PARKE, Quebec, 9th June, 1858. PASSAGE TO LONDON. THE well-known regular trading Ship "TORONTO," J. W. Douglas, commander, burthen per register 250 tons, will sail for the above Port on or before the 10th instant, and has very superior accommodation for Cabin Passengers.—Apply at the Counting House of GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO. Quebec, 4th June, 1858. TO AGRICULTURISTS. NOTICE is hereby given to the Subscribers of the County of Quebec Agricultural Society, that the Meeting for the Election of Officers for the ensuing two years (1858-59) which was to have taken place on SATURDAY, the 9th, is postponed until MONDAY, the 18th instant, at the Court House, at TWELVE o'clock, (noon) when it will positively take place.—Subscribers are requested to be punctual in their attendance. By order of the President, DANL. McDONALD. Quebec, 11th June, 1858. LOST. FROTH on board the Steamer St. George, on 8th instant, below Carouge, a Hog-head of Oil, marked D.—A liberal reward will be given for its recovery. H. E. SCOTT, Steam Boat Agent. Quebec, 11th June, 1858. NOTICE. THE Cathedral Church being closed on account of the repairs in the interior, Divine Service will be performed on Sundays until the Cathedral be reopened. In the morning at the Free Chapel, St. John's Suburbs, at ELEVEN, A. M. In the afternoon, at the Chapel of the Holy Trinity, St. Stanislas Street, at HALF-PAST THREE, P. M. Quebec, 11th June, 1858. CHARITY SERMON. A SERMON will be preached on SUNDAY MORNING next, the 17th instant, at the Free Chapel, St. John's Suburbs in aid of the funds of that Institution. Service will commence at ELEVEN, A. M. Quebec, 11th June, 1858. CHARLES COLFER, BOOT AND SHOE-MAKER, BUADE STREET, OPPOSITE TO T. CARY & CO'S. PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, HAS the honor to inform his numerous friends and the public at large that he has received per the Eleuthera, from London, his usual large supply of spring goods. He is also enabled to furnish Summer Boots, made of Elastic Leather, which will be found a very superior article. All orders with which he will be favoured, shall be executed with dispatch of the best materials the London market can supply, and in the best style and fashion. Quebec, 25th May, 1858. NOTICE. STEAM-BOAT "LADY OF THE LAKE." THIS Boat having been put in thorough repair, is now ready to TOW SHIPS or RAFTS, either above or below Quebec, on the shortest notice and at moderate rates.—Apply to A. HAMILTON, Quebec, 25th May, 1858. 15 s. Brehaut's Wharf. NOW LANDING, EX "WILSON," FROM LIVERPOOL: FIFTY Casks Russian Canned Tallow, 10 Casks Palm Oil, 500 Boxes Yellow Soap, 100 Crates Staffordshire Earthenware, Dinner, Dessert, Tea and Breakfast sets, &c. For sale by SYMES & ROSS. Quebec, 11th June, 1858. 13-d. St. Peter's-street.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING will take place at the ALBION HOTEL, on THURSDAY next, the 14th instant, at FOUR o'clock, P. M., to receive the Report of the Special Committee appointed to address the Archbishop of Canterbury. By order of the President, J. C. FISHER, Quebec, 11th June, 1858. Sec'y, St. G. S. SALES BY AUCTION. TOBACCO, WINE, TEA, COFFEE, &c. BY PETER SHEPPARD. On FRIDAY next, the 15th instant, at TWO o'clock, at the Stores of JOHN YOUNG, Esq., on Goudie's Wharf, to close several consignments: 19 BOXES best Cavendish Tobacco, 16s. 25 Kegs do. Plug do. "Orcola" brand, 20 do. do. do. 3 Barrels Cur do. 6 Hhds. Leaf do. 16,000 Cigars—several kinds, 4 Barrels Hemo and Canary 8-rod, 52 Quarter Casks } Madeira Wine, 70 Octaves } 20 Boxes preserved Ginger, 10 do. Pickles, 27 Barrels Roasted Coffee, 24 do. Spirits Turpentine, 2 Carroets Currants, 4 Boxes Young Hyson Tea, Quebec, 15th June, 1858. BY G. D. BALZARETTI. On FRIDAY next, the 15th instant, at TWO o'clock precisely, at his Nest Rooms: A GENERAL assortment of DRY GOODS, Groceries, Sewing Silk, Bandaunas, Lace, Quillings, Nott, Ribbons, &c. &c. &c. —ALSO— Straw Bonnets, Men's Hats, Brussels Carpeting, ready-made Clothing, &c. &c. —AND— 1 Case Blank Account Books, 1 do. Ladies' Pocket, Dressing, and Ivory Combs, 1 do. Hardware, Jewellery, and other articles. Quebec, 15th June, 1858. BY THOS. HAMILTON. On SATURDAY next, the 16th instant, at TWO o'clock precisely, at the India Wharf, ex Hibernia: ONE HUNDRED Crates containing Dinner and Dessert Sets, &c. 150 Boxes Yellow Soap, 5 Casks Candle Tallow, 5 do. Palm Oil. Catalogues of the Ear-ware, and terms of payment will be made known at the Sale. Quebec, 15th June, 1858. NEW VESSEL. BY PETER SHEPPARD. On SATURDAY MORNING, the 16th instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, on Mr. Buleau's Wharf, St. Paul's Street: A NEW BRIGANTINE, measuring about 130 tons, now lying alongside said Wharf. 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UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

List of Letters remaining in the Quebec Post Office on the 6th June, 1858.

(If the following Letters are not redeemed within six weeks from this date, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.)

N. B.—Persons enquiring for any of those Letters, are particularly requested to ask for advertised Letters.

- List of names and addresses for unclaimed letters, including A. Agnew, B. Bernier, C. Bouchard, D. Daly, E. Engle, F. Falerdeau, G. Gagnier, H. Hamel, I. Jacques, J. J. Jean, K. Killane, L. Laugley, M. Mason, N. Neill, O. Oliver, P. Pepin, Q. Quinn, R. Rivard, S. Sals, T. Tait, U. Usher, V. Veau, W. Wright, X. X. X., Y. Y. Y., Z. Z. Z.

PROPERTY FOR SALE & TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. ELM GROVE HOUSE, on the St. Lewis Road, with or without about 15 acres of land and a good Garden. The House is being put into complete order.—Apply to T. GRUBER, No. 16, St. Anne-street, Upper Town, Quebec, 27th May, 1858.

PROPERTY FOR SALE & TO LET.

FOR SALE.—The SAW-MILL, at VALCARTIER, as it now is, with the lot and site on which it is erected, consisting of five superficial arpents.—The distance is six miles from Indian Lorette and 15 from Quebec.—Apply to A. STUART, for J. NEILSON, Esq., Proprietors, Quebec, 10th March, 1857.

PROPERTY FOR SALE & TO LET.

SMITHVILLE TO LET. Consisting of an elegant four story stone House, amply provided with pumps, water closets and bath gardens, stables, with pumps, coach-houses, ice-house, well filled with the purest ice, and other out-buildings, beautifully situated on the banks of the St. Charles, at about ten acres distance from Dorchester Bridge, and forming the most delightful residence in the district; with or without a portion of the land adjoining.

PROPERTY FOR SALE & TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. THE large and commodious HOUSE, No. 13, St. Joseph Street, Upper Town, occupied by the undersigned. L. MASSUE, Quebec, 5th May, 1858.



UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN CHIEF. NIXON & CO'S. SODA WATER, LEMONADE AND SOLUTION OF MAGNESIA.

MR. MOIR being about to return to England, he hereby gives notice that he has resigned from the firm of TREMAIN, WHITE & CO. all persons indebted to the said firm are requested to settle their respective accounts with Messrs. TREMAIN, WHITE & CO. as early as possible.

THE Subscribers having entered into Partnership under the firm of TREMAIN, WHITE & CO. at Quebec, and TREMAIN & CO. at Montreal, beg to offer their services as general Agents and Commission Merchants.

THE Subscribers having leased Irvine's Wharf, joining each other, offer Wharfrage and Storage at moderate terms.

Register a large Store on Jones' Wharf, well adapted for Grain and other Goods, to let entire or in part. The surface of the 5 Wharves, well adapted for Coals, Iron, Staves, &c. will be let together or separately, or Wharfrage will be given for those articles on very low terms.

NOTICE.—All those who are indebted to the Estate of the late MICHEL MOREAU, in his lifetime of Quebec, master of the said Estate, are requested to pay to the undersigned, Estamary Executor, and those to whom the said Estate may be indebted will please to present their accounts duly authenticated.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate and succession of the late Mrs. MARGARET MACDONALD, in her lifetime of Montreal, Widow of the late WILLIAM HOLMES, Esquire, are requested to send in their accounts duly authenticated to the undersigned, Notary, or to GEORGE HOLMES, Esquire, at Quebec, or JOHN MACDONALD, Esquire, at Montreal, Executors of the last Will of the deceased; and all those indebted to the said Estate are requested to pay without delay to the said Executors.

PERSONS desirous of disposing of Stock in any of the Banks of this City, may find a purchaser by applying to the undersigned. By order, W. STEVENSON.

NOTICE. THE undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public that he will continue the business of Auctioneer, Broker and Commission Merchant, on his own account from this date. ANDREW JOHN MAXHAM, Quebec, 4th April, 1858.

Vertical text on the far right edge of the page, including names and dates.