Colonial Institute
Trafalgar Square
London S W ENG

Sixteen Pages

DAILY WITNESS

Windy

VOL. XLVIII., No. 109 MONTREAL, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907. PRICE ONE CENT

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE.

Legislation to be Introduced at Ottawa to Revise Domestic Rates.

Ottawa, May 9.—At the approaching session of parliament the Postmaster-General will introduce legislation to revise the domestic rates on the carriage of newspapers and periodicals. At present these are subject to a rate of a quarter of a cent a pound within a radius of three hundred miles of the office of publication, and half a cent a pound on matter destined for more distant parts of the Dominion. There was never, however, any justification for this premium on provincialism, and as the result of representations made by the newspaper publishers the Hon. Mr. Lemieux seems to have made up his mind to apply a flat rate. Just what that rate will be remains to be seen—possibly half a cent a pound, but more likely a quarter or an eighth of a cent.

The deputation from the Canadian Press Association that discussed postal matters with the Hon. Mr. Lemieux yesterday endeavored to obtain from him a postponement for one year of the going into force of the new convention with the United States in regard to second class matter. The Postmaster-General, however, made it clear that this was not within his power. He had himself endeavored to have the enforcement delayed for a time, but the Americans preferred that the new arrangement should take effect at once.

There is no foundation for reports that have been published about the intention of the 'Ladies' Home Journal,' 'Collier's Weekly' and the 'Saturday Evening Post' to send the copies for their Canadian subscribers across the border by freight, and then distribute them to the individual subscribers through the mails at our domestic rates. Any such step would be a direct violation of the new convention that the postal authorities at Ottawa would not think of permitting.

The Hon. Mr. Lemieux informed those who waited upon him yesterday that the Post-Office Department will issue stamped newspaper wrappers which may be had for the same price as stamps. The members of the Canadian Press Association expressed themselves as thoroughly pleased with their interview.

SALE OF LIQUOR IN D.T.P. CAMPS.

RADIUS OF PROHIBITION REDUCED TO TEN MILES.

Ottawa, May 9.—The proclamation that was issued a short time ago to prevent the sale of liquor within twenty miles of the construction camps of the National Transcontinental Railway will be amended so as to reduce the radius of the prohibition zone to ten miles. It has been found that the twenty-mile limit would put a stop to the sale of intoxicants in some of the villages in the Rainy River district, where the traffic is already under what is regarded as proper regulation. What the government had in mind in prohibiting the sale of liquor around these construction camps was to keep out the whiskey pedlers, and the ten-mile limit will, it is thought, suffice for this purpose.

WRECK IN THE WEST

FIVE PASSENGERS ARE INJURED THROUGH BROKEN RAIL.

A despatch from Winnipeg states that five western people received injuries of a more or less serious nature in a railway wreck on the C. P. R., which occurred on the line from Hamiota to Brandon, two miles west of Pettapiece, yesterday morning at 8.30. The injured were: Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Ellis, Hamiota; George L. Smith, Rapid City; Mrs. Roseby, Hamiota, and Allen M. Stewart, Winnipeg. Three doctors were quickly in attendance upon the injured, and two of them have been taken to Brandon Hospital. A broken rail is given as the cause of the accident. The train was running at a high rate of speed. Two coaches were derailed, although neither overturned. Stewart, one of the injured passengers, is secretary of the Western Retail Lumbermen's Association.

LONDON PRESBYTERY

QUESTION OF 'MORMONS IN CANADA' DISCUSSED.

London, Ont., May 9.—The London Presbytery at its meeting on Tuesday afternoon discussed the subject of 'The Mormons in Canada,' in connection with the following overture to the General Assembly, submitted by the Rev. W. H. Geddes, of Ailsa Craig:

'Whereas the presence of the Mormon element in certain parts of the Dominion and the danger thereby of the perpetuation of the practice of polygamy is a serious menace to the morals of our land, and

'Whereas the people of the United States have for years suffered very seriously from the same element,

'This Presbytery overtures the Assembly to take such action as will arouse the whole church to the peril of parts of some of the Dominion affected, and at the same time approach the other branches of the Christian Church to take joint action in the matter.'

THE PALATIAL R. & O. PASSENGER STEAMER 'QUEBEC.'

The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company are pushing with feverish haste the work on board the new steamer 'Quebec,' which is now lying at the wharf at Hochelaga, where she was brought from Sorel in order that the finishing touches might be put on her under the company's close supervision.

This beautiful new steamer will be 310 feet in length, with a beam of 65 feet. She will be the only steamer on the St. Lawrence to have four decks. On the top deck, which constitutes the fourth deck, will be built a luxurious and commodious lounging room, in which there will be installed the very latest Marconi system, affording the passenger an opportunity of seeing the system in full working order. The same system is also being installed in the Saguenay line steamers.

The 'Quebec' will somewhat resemble the 'Toronto' in interior decoration, and will prove a worthy mate to her popular sister, the 'Montreal.' She will have about two hundred staterooms for the accommodation of her passengers. This year the company made repairs to the steamers 'Kingston,' 'Toronto,' and 'Belleville' at Toronto, and to the steamer 'Tadousac' at Quebec, and a number of its ferry steamers at Sorel.

When building on the 'Quebec' was commenced it was anticipated that she would be out on July 1. Owing to unforeseen circumstances in the way of delay through the strike in the carpentering department, it was thought she would be delayed, but happily this will not be the case, as the men are working day and night on her, and it is now very likely that she will be on the route by that date. Captain Angus Baker, of Quebec, has been appointed to command the new ship.

Within the last five years the company has built and renovated in all eight steamers, and it is the intention in the near future to add several other steamers to the already excellent fleet. Besides the 'Quebec' this year the new steamer 'Rapids King,' which is being built by the Canadian Shipbuilding Company at Toronto, will be put on the route. The 'Rapids King' will be one of the finest observation boats on fresh water, and will connect with the new 'Quebec' at Montreal.

THE IRISH BILL.

Fate Depends on Attitude of Coming Nationalist Convention.

Dublin, May 9.—The fate of Mr. Birrell's Irish bill is regarded here as depending entirely on the attitude taken by the proposed Nationalist convention, and this nobody is able to predict. There is no doubt that the Nationalists, rank and file, are deeply disappointed in the proposed measure, and it will require all Mr. John E. Redmond's influence to obtain from the conference a resolution in its favor.

A prominent Nationalist said yesterday: 'We are not enthusiastic about the bill. It does not go far enough, and in some respects it involves irritating limitations, but we are prepared to accept it as a step toward something larger in the future.'

More outspoken members of the party, however, strongly condemned the bill, and it is reported that some of Mr. Redmond's followers even threatened to resign if the bill was accepted. But the revolt was, to a great extent, smoothed over on condition that efforts would be made to secure a modification of the measure, and it is believed that with the exception of Mr. Timothy Healy, who expressed great regret at being obliged to oppose a bill introduced by a friendly ministry, and Mr. William O'Brien, Nationalist member for Cork, whose attitude is doubtful, the party as a whole will accept the bill, although the convention is certain to contain a minority offering uncompromising hostility.

Unionists of all shades unanimously condemn the bill, and threaten to oppose it at every stage.

DISAPPOINTMENT AT CORK.

Cork, May 9.—Great disappointment is expressed on all sides here with Mr. Birrell's Irish measure. Leading Nationalists are not inclined to say much on the subject until they have had an opportunity of reading the text of the measure. Lord Mayor Cronin, at a meeting of the Cork corporation yesterday, said he hoped the citizens of the city would speak their minds honestly. At the same time, the Lord Mayor said it was a good maxim to take all you could get that would not prevent you from asking for more. He said he felt sure the bill would be considered seriously by the forthcoming convention. They should also show that they reciprocated the kindly feelings Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Mr. Birrell, and the government seemed to entertain for them.

In conclusion, the Lord Mayor said he believed King Edward was well disposed towards Ireland, and that it was through His Majesty's instrumentality that the present measure had been introduced.

UNIONISTS TO PROTEST.

London, May 9.—The Unionists have arranged for a great meeting of protest against the Irish bill to be held in Queen's Hall on June 13. Mr. A. J. Balfour will preside, and he will be supported by all the leaders of his party.

CHANCELLOR VON BUELOW

Berlin, May 9.—Rumors recently current here and abroad that there has arisen a misunderstanding between the Emperor William and Prince von Buelow, the Imperial Chancellor, were to-day met with a strongly worded official denial. Prince von Buelow, who is in the best of health, will leave here in July for Norderney, where he will spend his usual summer holiday.

HOME RULE FOR IRELAND.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Says Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Deakin Have No Desire to Raise Question.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman stated that Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Alfred Deakin expressed no desire to raise the question of home rule for Ireland at the Imperial Conference. It was not the intention of the government to discuss the question there, but the government had no desire to slam the door in their faces. There was some laughter at this adoption of Mr. Balfour's phrase with regard to the attitude of the government on the preference question.

TO DEEPEN WATER IN MONTREAL HARBOR.

By Raising Level of Lower Ottawa—Scheme of Government Engineers.

During the coming summer Mr. St. Laurent, and the staff of engineers under his direction, who have been engaged for the past two seasons in the preparation of a report to the Dominion Government on the feasibility and probable cost of opening through navigation from Montreal to Georgian Bay by the Ottawa and French river route, will turn their attention more particularly to the consideration of means by which the water of the Ottawa may be so conserved as to ensure a steady flow for power and navigation purposes during the dry season of midsummer. The lumbering and power interests at Ottawa have been urging for some years past that whether the canal is ever built or not it is desirable that a system of dams and reservoirs should be laid out so as to hold back a portion of the water of the upper stretches in the spring, and to use this through the summer as the means of keeping up a more regular flow than is obtainable under present conditions. Incidentally, it is claimed that every foot added to the level of the lower Ottawa in the season of low water would add at least three inches to the level of the water in Montreal harbor. If the authorities, therefore, could by such a scheme add four feet to the level of the lower Ottawa in the summer, which is said to be quite possible, it would give an extra foot of water in the harbor of Montreal.

NEW WORKS FOR MONCTON

PROPOSED PLANT FOR MANUFACTURE OF RAILWAY CARS.

A Moncton, N.B., despatch states that Mr. E. A. Wallberg, contractor for the new I. C. R. shops, has asked the Board of Trade to help him to secure a lease of the old I. C. R. shops for ninety-nine years, in order to establish a plant for the manufacture of steel and wooden cars. He said he had the capital arranged for the enterprise, which would eventually give employment to two thousand men. The board were enthusiastic over the proposal, and appointed a delegation to go to Ottawa to secure the lease. They also recommended the City Council to grant free water and light and tax exemption for twenty years to the proposed company.

SIR WILFRID HONORED.

Premiers of Canada, Australia and Cape Colony Presented With Freedom of Manchester.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—At the Hotel Cecil this morning, the freedom of the City of Manchester was conferred upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Alfred Deakin and Dr. Jameson. Scrolls in caskets were presented by the Lord Mayor of Manchester, who was wearing the robes of office. He delivered a felicitous address, and the premiers in reply, expressed their regret that they had been unable to attend the former ceremony in Manchester, and the gratitude they felt at the official recognition which they and the colonies they represented, had received by the City of Manchester.

THE ABSENT MINISTERS

THOSE WHO WILL HAVE CHARGE OF DEPARTMENTS IN THEIR ABSENCE.

Ottawa, May 9.—During the absence of the Hon. W. S. Fielding, who leaves this afternoon for England, Sir Richard Cartwright, the Acting Premier, will have charge of the Finance and Railway Departments. The Hon. Mr. Lemieux will be Acting Minister of Agriculture, and the Hon. Mr. Aylesworth, Acting Minister of Public Works. The Hon. Frank Oliver leaves for the West to-morrow. Both Mr. Fisher and Mr. Fielding are going abroad for a holiday, although the latter, no doubt, will ascertain what possibility there is of improving Canada's trade relations with some of the European countries through the intermediate tariff that passed parliament during the recent session. It is known that negotiations are now under way in this matter with Italy and with Austria, and that the Germans have made approaches for a withdrawal of the surtax. The Hon. Mr. Fisher, during his two months' absence will visit the Continent and attend also the exhibition at Dublin, in which the Canadian Government is taking a prominent part.

BRITISH-AUSTRALIAN MAIL CONTRACT.

Proposal to Transfer it to Canadian Route.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—It is suggested that the Australian mail contract should be transferred to the new route via Canada, which bids fair to be one of the fruits of the Imperial Conference. It is pointed out that the proposed Australian line which obtained the contract has been weakened by the withdrawal of some of the syndicate.

CANADIAN CABLES

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—Mr. Alex. Flett, a Scotch fish curer, after negotiations with the Government of Newfoundland, has decided to engage in herring curing there. He is sending a number of fishermen, coopers and fisher girls from Moray Firth.

London, May 9.—The school children of Exeter, Devonshire, have sent a large Union Jack, impressions of the city, the city seals, and six etchings of the city to the three towns of Exeter in Canada, Australia and Tasmania.

POSTAGE ON BRITISH PERIODICALS FOR CANADA

Regulations Issued by General Post Office in London.

Ottawa, May 8.—There has been received in Ottawa a copy of the new regulations issued by the general post office in London, under which the postage rate on British newspapers, magazines and trade journals intended for despatch to Canada by direct Canadian packet will be reduced to 1d. per pound; but packets not exceeding 2 ounces in weight will be transmissible as heretofore for ½d.

(1) Packets intended for transmission to Canada at the Canadian magazine rate must be posted in covers open at both ends and easily removable for the purpose of examination.

(2) Such packets must contain nothing but newspapers, mazagines and trade journals registered for the purpose.

(3) Packets containing articles not admissible at the special rate will be sent forward charged with double the deficient postage at the rate for printed papers or letters as the case may be.

(4) Neither the cover nor the contents of any such packet may bear anything except:

(a) The names, addresses and descriptions of the sender and the addressee, with index or reference numbers and letters.

(b) The words 'with compliments.'

(3) The title of the newspaper, magazine or trade journal, and a reference to its registration for transmission by post.

(d) A reference to any place in the newspaper, magazine or trade journal to which the attention of the addressee is directed.

(e) A request for return in case of non-delivery.

(5) Packets posted unpaid will not be sent forward. If posted insufficiently prepaid, they will be sent forward charged with double the deficiency.

(6) No packet intended for transmission at the Canadian magazine rate of postage must weigh above 5 lbs., nor exceed two feet in length or one foot in width or depth.

The conditions of registration are as follows:

I (1) All newspapers registered for transmission in the United Kingdom at the newspaper rate of postage shall be deemed to be also registered for transmission to Canada at the magazine rate or postage, provided:

(2) Any other newspaper, magazine or trade journal may be placed on the register of publications transmissible to Canada at the Canadian magazine rate of postage, provided:

II (1) That it be printed, published and bona fide offered for sale in the United Kingdom.

(2) That it be published in consecutive numbers at intervals of not more than 31 days.

(3) That the publication and the binding, if any, consist only of paper.

(4) That not more than five-sixths of contents of the publication, including any supplements, consists of advertisements.

(5) That the full title and the date or month of publication be conspicuously printed on the cover, if any, or at the top of the first page, and on every detached sheet, page or piece of paper which is issued as part of the magazine.

(6) That a copy of the newspaper, magazine or trade journal, together with a fee of 5s. be sent every year to the secretary of the post office.

III (3) The decision of the postmaster-general on the admission to or removal from the register of a publication shall be final, save the treasury may, if they think fit, on the application of any person interested, reverse or modify the decision and order accordingly.

FOREIGN RESIDENTS MUST LEAVE CITY.

Powerful Rahma Tribe Seize Morocco City.

THEY WILL OPPOSE ENTRANCE OF NEW GOVERNOR.

Tangier, May 9.—Rumors of serious trouble at Morocco City have come in here from native sources. It is declared the powerful Rahma tribe have seized the town and given all foreign residents orders to leave within a fortnight. They offer to escort the foreigners to the coast.

The Rahmas refuse to recognize the new governor of Morocco City, Banghazi, and declare they will oppose his entrance with a strong force.

THIRTEEN MISSING

REST OF THE PASSENGERS OF THE 'POITOU' RESCUED.

Montevideo, Uruguay, May 9.—An official report from the government authorities on the spot says that all the passengers, mostly Spanish emigrants, of the French steamer 'Poitou,' wrecked off San Jose Ignacio, have been rescued with the exception of thirteen. Seven of these are known to have been drowned, and six are classed as missing.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

It is now being urged in London that the Australian mail contract be transferred to the Canadian route.

The British Government has decided to station a second cruiser in the West Indies. The one chosen is the 'Stella.' She has a speed of twenty knots and carries 273 officers and men.

As Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Deakin and Dr. Jameson could not find the time to go to Manchester to be presented with the freedom of the city, the Mayor came to London and presented it to them there.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier was waited upon in London to-day by a deputation of members of parliament and representatives of commercial interests with Ireland to ask that Moville be again made a port of call for Canadian vessels.

The King entertained the colonial premiers at a farewell dinner at Buckingham yesterday.

The relations between state and church in France sometimes produce peculiar results. To-day is Ascension Day, a public holiday. The Chamber of Deputies did not meet. M. Clemenceau, the Prime Minister, who would not allow the state to co-operate officially in the Joan of Arc fetes, which were celebrated to-day, made no difficulty about parliament taking a holiday, while the Mayor of Toulon gave notice that the holiday must not be observed there.

Three hundred men, including several petty officers, deserted from the British cruiser squadron, while visiting the Jamestown exhibition. A reward of five hundred dollars has been offered for the apprehension of a chief yeoman of signals.

Legislation is to be introduced into the Dominion Parliament next session to revise domestic postal rates on newspapers and periodicals.

Arrangements have just been completed with the Doukhobors by which the large majority of them are shortly to take out naturalization papers. The few who refuse will be given a small parcel of land sufficient to maintain them, but will not get homesteads.

The Elder-Dempster steamer 'Bornu,' just arrived at Halifax, reports the rescue of two men from the United States fishing schooner 'Mystery' after a terrible experience. They had been adrift for six days and five nights in an open dory, without sail or anchor, and with neither food nor water. Both were badly frozen, but both are expected to recover.

The Mormon menace in certain parts of the Dominion was one of the topics up this week before the London Presbytery, and an overture to the Presbyterian General Assembly was prepared asking that body to take such action as would rouse not only Presbyterians, but all branches of the Christian Church in Canada to the danger.

Captain Orr, of the Head liner 'Carrigan Head,' reports passing many icebergs, one quite an island, fifteen hundred feet long and a hundred feet high, in lat. 47.50 north and long. 46.5 west.

Paul Mammarino, a prisoner from Nelson, on his way to the penitentiary, managed to elude his guards long enough to leap through the car window, but only to be killed on the rocks where he fell, forty feet below.

Five passengers were injured yesterday in a wreck on the C. P. R., near Brandon.

Plans are afoot in Moncton for new I. C. R. car shops to employ two thousand men.

The Lake St. John Railway in the twenty-five years of its existence, has never had a wreck, and not a passenger on it has been killed or even hurt.

WINDY.

THE CALM.

(By George Ives.)

Where is the gale that blew
Outside this morning?
From sea up to cloud it flew
At gray light's dawning.

With a scream like the hawk on high
And far-rushing wing,
It swept with a sad low cry,
As a phantom thing.

And all the throb and the swirl
Of the loose-leapt wind
Left neither eddy nor whirl
In its track behind.

Left neither hollow nor hill,
But a dew-drop calm,
Where no-nature-note was shrill
In the sun-light's balm.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, May 8, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures:— Victoria, 56, 48; Calgary, 48, 26; Edmonton, 34, 22; Battleford, 36, 18; Prince Albert, 44, 12; Qu'Appelle, 46, 14; Winnipeg, 52, 22; Port Arthur 44, 26; Parry Sound, 46, 36; Toronto, 52, 40; Ottawa, 58, 40; Montreal, 50, 40; Quebec 52, 34; Halifax, 64, 34.

Fair to-day; a few light scattered showers during the night. Friday, fresh to strong and cool north-westerly to northerly winds.

The weather has been fair from the lake region to the Maritime Provinces, while in the western provinces it has turned colder again attended by light snow-falls in Alberta.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funerals appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verse) relating to their immediate families free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

McINNES.—At Iroquois, Ont., on April 9, 1907, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Allen McInnis.

OBORNE.—At Toronto, Ont., on May 8, 1907, the wife of J. Oborne of a son, (still-born).

MARRIED.

HARDY—JOHNSTON — On May 7, 1907, at the Parsonage, Clarenceville, Que., by the Rev. J. H. McConnell, B.D., Solon Bartlett Hardy, of Enfield, New Hampshire, to Eliza Ann Johnston, daughter of Mr. D. H. Johnston, of St. Sebastien, Que.

WILKINSON—DARRAGH.—On May 8, 1907, in St. James's Chapel, Kingston, Ont., by the Rev. Father Hanley, rector of the Cathedral, Thomas Wilkinson, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wilkinson, of Harwich, England, to Miss Margaret G. Darragh, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Darragh, William street.

DIED.

ANDREWS.—At Niagara Falls, N.Y., on May 2, 1907, Thomas Andrews, formerly of Toronto, in his 64th year.

CLARKE.—On May 7, 1907, at Niagara, Ont., the Rev. John Stokes Clarke, aged 75 years.

DEAN — In this city, on May 6, 1907, George C. Dean, third son of the late Robert Dean.

Interred in Mount Royal Cemetery.

GRAHAME.—On April 25, 1907, at 26 Granard road, Balham, London, England, Thomas Grahame, second son of the late W. R. Grahame, Esq., of 'The Moat,' Annan, Scotland, and of Muirdrum, Vaughan, Ontario, in his 68th year.

HART — On May 5, 1907, at Perth, Ont., Mrs. John Hart, in the 99th year of her age.

HAMILTON.—In this city on May 7, 1907, (Rev.) Robert Hamilton, of Grenville, Que.

Funeral from Calumet on Thursday, 9th instant, at 1 o'clock p.m.

Ottawa papers please copy.

MUNSIE — At Cleveland, Ohio, on May 3, 1907, Jane Munsie, widow of the late William Munsie, and mother of Mrs. L. O. P. Genereux and Dr. James Munsie, Toronto, aged 74 years.

OBORNE.—At Toronto, Ont., on May 8, 1907, Alice Maud Barrie, beloved wife of James Oborne.

Funeral from the residence of her uncle, Mr. Thomas Pringle, 216 Bishop street, Montreal, at 2.30 p.m., on Saturday, 11th inst.

PATERSON — At the home of her sister, Mrs. John Samson, at Windsor Mills, Margaret Mackie, wife of the late Robert M. Paterson, of Montreal, in her 64th year.

ROBINSON.—At the residence of her son-in-law, Charles Graham, in Nobleton, Ont., on May 6, 1907, Charlotte Robinson, relict of the late James Robinson, aged 90 years.

STORIE.—In Galt, Ont., on May 6, 1907, George Storie, in his 78th year.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

OFFICE Desks

IN GREAT VARIETY.

TEES & CO., 300 St. James.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

TENDER.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tender for Buildings, Chaudiere Junction," will be received up to and including MONDAY, MAY 20TH, 1907, for the construction of an addition to the present engine house, and for a Stores and Office building, at Chaudiere Junction, P.Q.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Station Master's Offices at Levis and Chaudiere Junction, P.Q., and at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., May 2nd, 1907.

Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

ST. LAWRENCE CANALS

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to L. N. Rheaume, Engineer in charge of the St. Lawrence Canals, Cornwall, and endorsed Tenders for "Removal of Shoals," will be received until 16 o'clock on MONDAY, the 20th May, 1907, for the improvement of the Channel West of the Upper Entrance of the Galops Canal.

Plans of the work may be seen, and specifications and form of tender obtained at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office of the Engineer in Charge, Cornwall, Ont., on and after this date.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
L. K. JONES, Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 7th May, 1907.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. Limited.

THIS STORE CLOSES AT 6 P.M. Thursday, May 9.

Friday Bargains

A BIG LIST OF PRICES BOILED DOWN.

Over 60 Absolute Bargains through the Big Store on the Great To-morrow.

10,000 Ladies' Shirtwaists

FROM 39c to $1.30

These 8 lots comprise the complete stock of a New York Manufacturer.

THEY INCLUDE THE VERY NEWEST MAKES AND ARE BEAUTIFULLY TRIMMED WITH LACES AND EMBROIDERY INSERTIONS. WE COMMENCE WITH

100 LADIES' WHITE LAWN SHIRTWAISTS, trimmed down front with two lace insertion clusters of tucks. REGULAR 65c. 39c

120 LADIES' WHITE LAWN SHIRTWAISTS, open front, trimmed lace and embroidery insertion, clusters, fine tucks tucked back, 3-4 sleeve. Regular 75c, for. 50c

300 LADIES' WHITE SHEER LAWN PETER-PAN WAISTS, made with turn over collar and cuffs, trimmed Navy Blue, spotted or plain color lawn. Regular 85c, for 50c

120 LADIES' WHITE LAWN SHIRTWAISTS, open front, trimmed with embroidery insertion, 3 wide hemstitched tucks, 3-4 sleeves. Regular 85c, for .. 67c

130 LADIES' WHITE LAWN SHIRTWAISTS, open front, trimmed with 3 rows Val. Lace, 2 embroidery insertion clusters, wide tucks, ¾ sleeves, finished with tucked cuffs. Regular 85c, for 67c

60 MARIE ANTOINETTE SHIRTWAISTS, made in White Sheer Lawn, trimmed in front, collar, cuffs, with knife pleated frills, trimmed pearl buttons. Regular $1.50, for 97c

300 LADIES' WHITE LAWN SHIRTWAISTS, trimmed two rows open work embroidery, 4 rows Val. Lace insertion set in between, clusters fine tucks, tucked collar and cuffs, open back, ¾ sleeves. Regular $1.45, for.... .... $1.20

75 LADIES' VERY FINE LAWN SHIRT WAISTS, buttoned in back handsome front of fine open work embroidery lace insertion, ¾ sleeves, collar and cuffs finished with fine tucks and lace edging. Regular $1.95, for $1.30

BLACK DRESS GOODS

600 YARDS
Black and Wool Eolienne, 44 inches. Regular 75c, for 55c

COLORED DRESS GOODS

2,000 YARDS
Homespuns, Check Tweeds, colors of Fawn, Blue, Brown and Greys. Regular 50c, for.... 29c

LACE CURTAINS

135 PAIRS
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, 54 inch by 3½ long. Regular $1.05, for 69c

LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

30 STEAMER TRUNKS. Regular $4.75, for $3.95

300 PAIRS BOYS' NAT. W. DRAWERS, 75c, for 52c

600 YARDS BLACK EOLIENNE, 44 in., 75c, for 55c

350 MEN'S AND BOYS' SAMPLE SUITS, $6.69 to $13.75

CHINAWARE BARGAINS

Strong Key Patent Glasses, 3c, for 2½c

Decorated China Nappies, 5 inch, 10c, for 5c

Decorated China Berry Bowls, 25c, for 15c

Heavy Glass Butter Dishes, 30c, for 22c

THE S. CARSLEY Co. Limited.
143 to 151 Notre Dame St. West.
184 to 194 St. James St., Montreal.

2400 TOWELS AT 7 1-2c.

200 DOZEN
HALF BLEACHED LOOM HUCKABACK TOWELS, fringed, red border; size, 17 x 34. Regular 12c 7½c

READY TO TRIM HATS

25 DOZEN
Ladies' and Misses' Hats of fine quality braid, newest shapes. Regular $1.50, for 45c

OILCLOTH

470 YARDS
Excellent quality in Carpet and Tile Patterns. Regular 25c, for 16c

GROCERY BARGAINS

	Reg.	Fri.
Hungarian Flour, 9 lbs...	30c	22c
Evaporated Apples, 21 lbs.	26c	22c
Corn and Peas, 3 tins ..	30c	25c
Carsley's Soap Powder, 7 pkgs.	35c	25c
Flaked Wheat, 6 lbs. ...	30c	25c
Lisle's Golden Syrup	20c	17c
Cambridge Sausages	15c	12½c
FINEST CREAMERY BUTTER	30c	26c
REDPATH'S GRANULATED SUGAR, 20 lbs. ..	$1.00	95c

THE S. CARSLEY Co. Limited.
143 to 151 Notre Dame St. West.
184 to 194 St. James St., Montreal.

WHITE SILK BLOUSES

2 DOZEN
Of Japanese Silk in various styles, trimmed Valenciennes Lace, long sleeves; sizes 32 to 38. Regular $3.50, for $2.25

DRESS MUSLINS

2,000 YARDS
In floral designs of Helio., Green, Navy and Blue. Regular 10c, for 5c

LADIES' SHOES

100 PAIRS
In Black Dongola Kid, Oxford laced Shoes; also a few pairs of one strap Shoes; $1.60, for $1.23

CORK LINOLEUM

350 YARDS
Extra heavy quality, splendid designs, goods well seasoned. Regular 35c, for 39c

HARDWARE BARGAINS

18 Desideratum Refrigerators of hardwood, lining of galvanized iron. Regular $7.50, for $6.50

1,500 Perforated Chair Seats, all sizes and shapes, 8c, 10c, 12c, 15c.

92 only Hardwood Curtain Stretchers, 6 x 12 ft., brass pins, $1.50, for $1.10

THE S. CARSLEY Co. Limited.
143 to 151 Notre Dame St. West.
184 to 194 St. James St., Montreal.

THE TROY WAY
THE RIGHT WAY

COLLARS, SHIRTS and CUFFS, receive special treatment by newly invented machinery that ensures perfection of work — with absolute safety to the material.

Troy Laundry,

FACTORY and OFFICES:
VERDUN.

PHONES:
Main 3644-3645. Main 5447. Main 3818,
Main 1893. Up 1990.

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IF NOT YOU MAY BE!

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Simply Delicious.

Delivered to all parts of City—4 STORES. Phone UPTOWN 2574

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO.

Carillon Market Line

STEAMER PRINCESS

will leave for Carillon, Saturday, 4th instant, at 6 a.m., and thereafter every Wednesday and Saturday at the same hour.

Freight received Tuesdays and Fridays. Telephone Main 1029. Office and Stores: 165 Common street, Canal Basin.

INCREASE FOR TORONTO LINEMEN.

Toronto, May 8.—The Bell Telephone Company has granted the linemen an increase from two to two and one-half cents an hour all round, and a Saturday afternoon holiday, instead of a nine-hour day, as was asked by the committee which waited upon the company. Splicers will be increased from twenty-seven and a half to thirty cents an hour, and linemen from twenty-three and twenty-five cents to twenty-five and twenty-seven cents an hour.

CIVIL SERVICE SALARIES.

Ottawa, May 8.—The order-in-council has been passed appointing Messrs. J. M. Courtney, C.M.G., ex-deputy minister of finance; Mr. Fyshe, former general manager of the Merchants Bank, and Mr. J. G. Garneau, Mayor of Quebec, a commission to enquire into the matter of civil service salaries and other subjects relating to the service. It is the intention to have the commission organize and proceed with the investigation as soon as possible.

FIVE MILLION LOAN.

Civic Finance Committee Met Yesterday But no Decision to Borrow Was Reached.

MONEY MARKET IMPROVING, AND ADVANTAGE MAY BE GAINED BY WAITING.

A special meeting of the Finance Committee was held yesterday afternoon to consider the advisability of putting the city's five million dollar loan on the market. A majority of the aldermen some weeks ago acceded to the request of Ald. Payette that the Finance Committee should have full power to act in the matter of placing this loan to the extent even of sending a delegation to Europe if it was considered that better terms could be got by placing the loan there than here. The committee yesterday arrived at no definite decision, but the following information was supplied to the press:—

'The question of the issue of the $5,000,000 loan having been brought up after explanations from the chairman and treasurer, the Committee remained firmly of opinion that the best policy to follow was the one embodied in their original report, which was adopted by the Council, but after consideration of several proposals which had been made, seeing that there was no immediate necessity for money, and the conditions of the money market seem to be slowly and steadily improving, the adoption of a definite course was postponed to give the members time to thoroughly weigh the matter and confer together, when, at a future meeting, the course to be pursued will be definitely adopted.'

Two millions of the loan is required for the enlargement of the city aqueduct, but the fact that the loan has not been placed will not delay the work a day.

REGINA'S GROWTH.

That events move rapidly in the west is a fact that impresses itself on the mind after a perusal of the special building number, recently published by the Regina 'Morning Leader.' Twenty-five years ago the site of the city was a haunt for buffaloes and marauding Indians. Now on it stands a rapidly-growing township with a daily paper which can give its readers fifty-six pages of fully illustrated, well-written, well-printed matter, to say nothing of a large map. This special issue would do credit to an old-established journal, and it is interesting in not only narrating the rapid growth of 'The Queen City of the Plains,' but as showing what journalistic enterprise can achieve. The paper is being congratulated on its issue by friends.

TALE OF THE SEA.

Two Fishermen Rescued After Terrible Experience.

Halifax, N.S., May 8.—David H. Steele, of the American fishing schooner 'Montrose,' with his dory mate, Columbus C. McPhee, were brought to port by the Elder-Dempster steamer 'Bornu,' by whom they had been miraculously rescued from a death of exposure and famishment in the open seas. For six days and five nights these men, in an open dory, without food or water, sailless and anchorless, drifted in their frail boat at the mercy of the waves and winds.

Steele, the younger fishermen, tells the following thrilling story of their awful exposure, their desperate endurance, the providential deliverance just as the last spark of hope had vanished:

'Our schooner the 'Mystery,' of Boston, in charge of Captain Steele, sailed out of Plymouth harbor for Brown Bank, April 20, on a three weeks' fishing trip. We called at Booth Bay for bait and ice, sailing from there on Sunday morning. On Thursday morning, McPhee and I left the schooner in a small dory, with one day's supply of water and enough food for our dinner. There was considerable fog when we started, and in a short time it closed down upon us and completely hid the schooner from view. Our luck was bad, and after fishing without success for about three hours, we decided to give up and go back to our vessel. After rowing for some time we caught sight of her, sailing from us as she was coursing up and down in quest of the dories. We called to her but were unable to attract her attention, and before we knew it she was out of sight, leaving us in the deepening fog. We improvised a sail and started off in what we thought to be the direction in which she had gone.

'All night we sailed without succeeding in catching sight of our missing vessel. Next morning we decided to make for land, and started out for the south-west of Brown Bank. All day we sailed, but at night a breeze sprang up which carried away our sail, and we were driven out to sea.

'At the end of the first day our water ran out, and we were driven nearly wild with thirst. Maddened with hunger, we strove to eat the stale bait in the bottom of our dory, but it sickened us, and at length we were obliged to give it up. From time to time we endeavored to catch some fish, which might appease our hunger, but in this we failed. Just before sundown on the fourth evening, we caught sight of a sailing vessel. We made desperate efforts to signal her, but she sailed away before we could attract her attention. Early on Sunday morning we cast our anchor, and lay down and slept from sheer exhaustion and despair. About eight o'clock we were roused by a shrill whistle, and to our joy beheld a steamer close alongside. In joyful anticipation we cut the anchor rope and seized the oars, but when the steamer's crew saw that the dory was manned, she drew off, and despite our piteous calls for aid, and our frantic efforts to reach her, she was soon out of sight.

'Our position, which was desperate before, now seemed absolutely hopeless. With hands and feet frozen and strength completely spent, we fell into the bottom of the boat and decided to let fate take its course. I fell into a delirious sleep. I awoke with a start to find only a few rods away the friendly light of a steamer. In frantic joy I aroused my sleeping mate, and, bracing ourselves for one final effort, we again seized the oars and struck in the direction of life and safety. With our parched throats we called for aid, and to our delight our feeble cry was answered from the steamer's side. We saw the steamer change her course and bear down upon us.

'In a moment she was beside us, and her companion ladder was dropped down. We were too weak to grasp it, but some of the crew came down and tenderly lifted us to the deck, leaving the dory to its fate. No greater kindness could have been shown anyone than that which we received at the hands of the officers, crew and passengers of the 'Bornu.'

Steele is thirty years of age, and is a native of Cape Breton. He will, doubtless, recover in a few weeks, although his body bears the marks of his awful experience. Both hands and feet are frozen.

McPhee is a native of Prince Edward Island. He escaped more fortunately, and is now able to be around.

The Elder-Dempster steamer 'Bornu' was on a voyage from Vera Cruz for Montreal.

TWO OTHERS RESCUED.

Bridgewater, May 8.— The schooner 'Montrose,' Captain Walters, brought into port yesterday two American fishermen, named Publicover and Reid, who were picked up south south-west of Seal Island on Brown Bank, after being fifty hours in a dory. The men got astray from the schooner 'Mystery,' of Boston, Captain Steele, master. They were taken in charge by United States Consul Owen and provided with clothes and board, and to-morrow will be forwarded to Boston. Publicover formerly belonged to West Dublin.

EXPERIENCE ON LAKE HURON.

Toronto, May 8.—It was a terrible experience that eight men, the crew of the fishing tug 'George D. Morrison' had on Lake Huron on Friday and Saturday last. The tug left Kincardine on Thursday night to take up some nets, and the crew started in to work with the nets about eight o'clock on Friday morning. In the meantime a severe storm had come up with a heavy snowfall, and while engaged in the work of raising the nets the rudder broke away, and the tug was left drifting helplessly about the lake. All day the tug was tossed about, and until about eight o'clock in the evening, when the steam barge 'Republic' came to the assistance of the 'Morrison.' A line was thrown out off Point au Barre, and the tug was taken in tow, but so severe was the gale that the new three-inch hawser was snapped, and it took the 'Republic' an hour and a half to pick her up again. She was towed to Port Huron, which was safely reached on Saturday morning. The captain of the 'Republic' would not accept any remuneration for his services.

When the 'Morrison' did not return to Kincardine a tug was sent out to search for her, but returned unable to find the missing boat.

COUNTESS NOW PENNILESS

COUNT FESTETICS, HER FATHER, REVOKES MARRIAGE GIFT.

Vienna, May 7.—The house which the Countess Vilma Festetics settled upon her Gypsy husband, Rudolf Myari, after she had eloped with him, is no longer his. The house was given to the Countess in anticipation of her marriage to Count Spreti, to whom she was engaged at the time she met the Gypsy musician, but now, on the ground that the marriage to the musician makes her unworthy of belonging to the Festetics family, her father, Count Paul Festetics, has revoked the gift of the house, and also her marriage dower. This is in accordance with the Hungarian law. The Countess is therefore penniless. It is stated that she is seriously ill. It is also stated that Myari has been promised an engagement in New York at a salary of fifty dollars a night.

CALLS MADE BY PROXY NOW

London, May 7.—The scurry of fashionable life is at its height here. The season no longer leaves society women time to leave visiting cards at the homes of friends and acquaintances. After trying to fulfil the formality by the help of their servants and finding it unsatisfactory, they now entrust the whole business to their stationers, who print the cards.

Lists of card receivers are compiled and sent to the stationers, with the orders for cards, and there the responsibility of fashionable ladies ends, the cards being delivered by a perfect stranger to both the visitor and visitee.

The distributor, however, is not an ordinary messenger. He is well dressed, versed in the rules of etiquete, knows the proper calling hours, and how to secure the attention of flunkeys.

Only calls on intimate friends are now made by members of society in person. On these occasions a corner of the card is turned down, and its recipient, if absent, knows by this means that the call was not made by a deputy.

TORONTO STREETS

CLEANER THAN THOSE OF ANY CITY IN NEW YORK STATE.

Toronto, May 8.—Messrs. James McLusky, chief clerk, and Arthur R. Thompson, general inspector of the Department of Works, Syracuse, N.Y., were in Toronto to-day inspecting the city's system of street cleaning and garbage collection. They informed Dr. Sheard, city medical health officer, that they regarded Toronto's streets as cleaner than any city in New York State, including Syracuse. Syracuse flushes the business streets, but a hose is used in this, and the result is less satisfactory than Toronto's street flushing. Syracuse contracts for the removal of garbage, and hires the garbage men and street cleaners, the former men receiving $1.90 a day and the latter $1.60 a day, the day being eight hours. No holidays are given the men, neither are they allowed off on Saturday afternoons. Garbage is dumped on low ground in Syracuse, just as it is in Toronto.

THE CIVIC LIBRARY

CITY COUNCIL TO DECIDE WHETHER IT MAY INCLUDE WORKS OF GENERAL LITERATURE

The repeatedly discussed question of whether or not the City Hall Committee has power to enlarge the scope of the civic library in the Monument National by adding a class of general literature to the technical works already on the shelves was yesterday afternoon referred to the City Council by the City Hall Committee.

QUEEN'S FACULTY OF PEDAGOGY.

Kingston, Ont., May 7.—Queen's University Senate and the Board of Education have agreed on terms for the use of the city schools for the training of the students of pedagogy in the faculty at Queen's. The Board will be paid $3,000 per annum for the service. It is likely that Prof. S. W. Dyde, M.A., will be the dean of the new faculty. The point of difference to be decided is as to the authority over teachers engaged in the work. The Board insists that interference by the head of the new faculty will not be tolerated. The Board must have absolute control.

HEAVY COURT TERM.

The roll for the May term of the Court of Appeal, which will open on May 15, is unusually large, there being 41 cases inscribed, of which 36 are ready to be proceeded with. County cases will be heard on May 16 and 17.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Low Rates via New York Central lines to Norfolk, Va., acct. Jamestown Exposition. Consult City Ticket Office, 130 St. James street.

This is the proper time to have your Piano or Organ tuned and cleaned. The most reliable work in this direction is done by Layton Bros., who employ only the most skilful workmen. Estimates for repairs free. Offices and warerooms 144 Peel street. (Opposite Dominion Square). Open evenings.

Paris Kid Glove Store

ANNUAL

Glove Sale

MAY 6th to 11th Inst.

Ladies' 2 and 3 Dome Guaranteed Kid Gloves, in all the new Spring shades and all sizes—

89 cents

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN

LONG GLOVES

Ladies' 8 Button ¾ length Kid Gloves, in black, tan and brown, and light shades, all sizes—

$1.49

Ladies' 12 Button Elbow Length Kid Gloves, in all shades and sizes—

$1.89

Ladies' 16Button Shoulder Length Kid Gloves in all shades and sizes—

$2.39

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED

441 St. Catherine West Phone Up 1068

Mail Orders Promptly Attended to

CANADIAN PATRIOTS.

Lecture by Senator David on Papineau, Bedard and Events of 1837-38.

LAUDS ENGLISH AND FRENCH PIONEERS FOR STRUGGLE FOR LIBERTY.

Senator L. O. David was the lecturer at last night's meeting of the 'Alliance Francaise,' and he read a most interesting paper on 'Papineau and Bedard,' before a large and appreciative audience.

SENATOR DAVID.

The first part of Mr. David's study was devoted to a biographical sketch of his two heroes, the most conspicuous figures in the stormy days that preceded the union of Upper and Lower Canada.

Papineau, he pointed out, was of plebian origin, the descendant of a French settler from Poitou, who came to Canada about the beginning of the eighteenth century. The great patriot, contrary to the wish of his father, a cooper, of Bonsecours street, had taken up the study of law, with much success. Bedard, his colleague, hailed from Quebec, and was a notary by profession. Senator David then followed the two men from the time that they began to make their influence felt in the Assembly until the rebellion, during which Bedard had been imprisoned.

The lecturer mentioned how the great patriot busied himself with the study of mathematics during his confinement, and he referred to his refusal to leave the jail after being offered his liberty, because he wanted his case tried by a jury. He left the prison only upon threat of forcible ejectment.

The second part of the lecture referred more particularly to the history and circumstances of the rebellion of 1837-38, a subject with which Mr. David is thoroughly familiar, having already written several valuable works on the same matter.

The Senator treated the question from a broad national standpoint. Facing the general issue of the struggle, he said:—

'Whether these patriots were right or wrong according to the strict standard of reason matters little. They fought, they suffered, they died for us. They shed their blood on the battlefield, and on the scaffold, in order to preserve our rights, and it is largely due to their endeavors that we possess the constitutional liberty which we enjoy at present.

People should not stint their praise and gratitude for those who did not spare their blood to preserve and honor them. There is one point on which all historians agree, whatever be their nationality—namely, that from the time of the cession of Canada to England, till the year after the insurrection in Lower Canada, the struggle of our fathers under the leadership of Papineau and Bedard to obtain political liberty was indeed glorious and heroic, and that the peasants, those illiterate "habitants," as the bureaucrats called them, displayed admirable courage and political insight.'

Declaring that those who took part in the rebellion sought to obtain nothing but the rights enjoyed by every British subject living under a British constitution, the lecturer remarked that the struggle for constitutional liberty had been shared not only by illustrious French-Canadians like Papineau, Bedard, the Vigers, the Bourdages, Lafontaine, Morin and Vallieres, but also by a number of English-Canadians, who were no less enthusiastic. Among these were Andrew Stuart, one of Canada's most illustrious jurists; John Neilson, the proprietor of the Quebec 'Gazette'; Robert and Wolfred Nelson, and Brown, who had exposed themselves to great dangers for the sake of justice and liberty. It was Wolfred Nelson who, at the memorable meeting of the five counties held at St. Charles in 1838, had cried out in opposition to Papineau, who exhorted the gathering not to resort to arms. 'I am of the opinion, for my part, that it is about time to melt the leaden spoons into bullets.'

It was to prevent Nelson from being taken prisoner that the insurrectionists fought so desperately at St. Denis, and Mr. David considered that the influence of the Nelson brothers was potent in determining the conflict of 1837 and 1838.

After stating that the people of Upper Canada, who were suffering from the same abuses, also fought and died on the battlefield, and on the scaffold to obtain constitutional liberty, and that between the bureaucrats of Lower Canada and the Family Compact of Upper Canada there was practically no difference, the lecturer said. 'It is plain, therefore, that the struggle in Lower Canada was not of the nature that certain people would have us believe, since both provinces were complaining of the same abuses. The struggle in each case was against an arrogant bureaucracy composed of selfish functionaries, who often succeeded in corrupting the minds of the best intentioned governors, and I am of opinion that if Lower Canada had been peopled with English-Canadians, the struggle against the bureaucracy would have been the same.'

The next point taken up was a comparison between Papineau and Lafontaine, whom the lecturer described as both deserving the esteem and gratitude of the people; both had been the noble and worthy representatives of the French-Canadian race at a critical moment of their history. Each in his own way had, at different times, been the champion of justice and liberty. Giving a word picture of the two men, the Senator observed that although they differed morally, physically and intellectually, they were both powerful incarnations of the French-Canadian type. Lafontaine was not so tall as Papineau, but stouter and more robust, while his Napoleonic head made an imposing appearance. His features, bearing and manner suggested energy, reflection, wisdom. His speech was calm, slow, simple and of invincible logic. Papineau, on the other hand, with his finely poised head and pompadour hair, spoke with vehemence in accents, that moved the masses. Lafontaine was above all a statesman, Papineau a relentless fighter. The boiling youth of 1848 had rallied under Papineau's standard, but the majority of the French-Canadian population had deemed it their duty to give their support to the wise and progressive policy of Lafontaine. This had been the origin of the Liberal and Conservative parties, which ever since vied with each other for executive supremacy in Canada.

In his concluding remarks, the Senator said:—

'We are the sons of men who have been great; we also are the representatives of France, of both Frances, the ancient and the new one, both glorious; we are placed in such condition that we must be great in order to preserve the respect of the strong races among whom we live, so that they may not have the opportunity to say that we are not worthy of our ancestors.'

When referring to the great patriot Bedard, Mr. David quoted the following stanza from the anthem, 'Sol Canadien Terre Chene,' written by his son, Isidore Bedard:

Respecte la main protectrice
D'Albion ton digne soutien,
Mais fais echouer la malice
D'ennemis nourris dans ton sein.
Ne flechis jamais dans l'orage,
Tu n'as pour maitre que tes lois;
Tu n'es pas fait pour l'esclavage,
Albion veille sur tes droits.

Colonial House,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

SPECIAL VALUES SHOWN THIS WEEK.

BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR from 50c each upwards.
NATURAL WOOL UNDERWEAR from $1.00 each upwards.
SILK AND WOOL UNDERWEAR from $2.00 each upwards.
We carry a very large stock from the best English and French manufacturers.
SPECIAL.—A few dozen only left of ENGLISH NATURAL WOOL UNDERWEAR, in all sizes, at $1.00 each.
BOYS' SCHOOL JERSEYS, in Plain and School Colors (very low prices).

MEN'S HAT DEPARTMENT.

We are showing Novelties in PEARL SOFT HATS (New Spring Shapes) in English and Italian goods.

STRAW HATS and PANAMAS

Our stock this year is the largest we have ever bought; will be on view in a few days. We have the Newest Ideas in SENNET BRAIDS, TUSCAN, SPLITS, ETC., ETC.

LAMP DEPARTMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

Brass, Copper, and Wrought Iron Table Lamps, Hanging Lamps and Bracket Lamps.
ALSO, NICE COLLECTION of Piano Lamps, Reading Lamps, Hall Lamps, Lanterns, etc., etc.
FANCY TALL GLASS LAMPS, from $5.00 up.
KITCHEN GLASS LAMPS, from 15c up.

A LEADER.

12 in. NICKEL LAMP, Centre Draft Burner, including Opal 10 in. Shade, $2.50.
12 in. COPPER LAMP, as above, $3.50.

ALWAYS ON HAND, full line of Burners, Chimneys, Tripods, Rings, Wicks, etc., etc.
WROUGHT IRON CANDLESTICKS, 15c.
FINE SELECTION OF BRASS, COPPER, NICKEL CANDLESTICKS, AT MODERATE PRICES.

5 Percent Discount for Cash and Special Attention Given to Mail Orders.

SPRING and SUMMER CATALOGUE now ready and will be Mailed Free to any address on application.

HENRY MORGAN & CO. Ltd., Montreal.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on SATURDAY, the eighteenth day of May instant, (1907), at Ten o'clock in the forenoon, it will be proceeded by way of inventory, under the direction of the undersigned Notary, to the sale, by public auction, of all movable property and effects belonging to the legal community of property, in default of a marriage contract, which has existed between Mr. Medard Bruneau, gentleman, of the Town of St. Paul, and his late wife, Dame Clorinthe Bergevin, specially consisting in household furnitures and other movable effects.

This sale will be made at the domicile of the said Mr. Medard Bruneau, No. 139 Dufferin avenue, Town of St. Paul, near Montreal.

The conditions of the sale will be given on the place of the sale, at the time of the sale.

Montreal, May 8th, 1907.

R. H. BEAULIEU, Notary,
15 St. James street, Montreal.

MOUNT ETNA THREATENING

PROFESSOR RICCO APPREHENSIVE REGARDING SITUATION.

Messina, Sicily, May 9.—The eruption of Mount Etna continues. The flow of lava is increasing, and the smoke is so abundant and heavy that the atmosphere as far as Catania is thick with it. Earth shocks also have been experienced.

Professor Ricco, the well known seismologist, makes no concealment of his apprehension concerning the situation, as the great eruption of Mount Etna in 1892 was preceded by a phenomena similar to that of to-day.

DR. WATSON HONORED IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—The Russian Surgical Society to-day celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary and elected as honorary members several foreign surgeons, including Dr. W. H. Watson, of Utica, N.Y.

ST. GEORGE'S NEW RECTOR

THE REV. CANON SMYTH HAS A SPLENDID RECORD AS SCHOLAR, PREACHER AND AUTHOR.

The new rector of St. George's, the Rev. Canon Paterson Smyth, and Mrs. Paterson Smyth are expected, as already mentioned in the 'Witness,' to arrive at Quebec by the 'Empress of Ireland' tomorrow morning and to reach Montreal in the evening. At a recent meeting of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland Dr. Smyth's departure for Canada was referred to as constituting 'a national calamity to the Church of Ireland.' Lady Aberdeen, writing from the Vice-regal lodge, Dublin, to Mrs. Edwin Hanson, of this city, says: 'Canon Paterson Smyth is a most eloquent and inspiring preacher—of broad views—and a most earnest man, and I feel sure he will find a great field in Canada. I am sure, too, that he will take a great interest in all good movements, as he is very keen about social work of all kinds.'

Dr. Smyth is the eldest son of George Smyth, of Killarney. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, where his successes made him double first honorman, triple first prizeman, senior exhibitioner, Primate's Hebrew prizeman, senior moderator and gold medallist in mental and moral philosophy. In 1880 he was ordained for the curacy of Lisburn Cathedral. Following that he became curate of Harold's Cross, Dublin, leaving there for the rectorship of Christ Church, Kingston.

In 1883 Dr. Smyth married Annie Josephine, second daughter of the late Rev. William Hugh Ferrar, Fellow of Trinity College, and professor of Latin at the Dublin University.

Since 1902 Dr. Smyth has been vicar of St. Ann's, Dublin, chaplain to the Lord-Lieutenant, and professor of pastoral theology at Dublin University. He is well known as the author of several interesting volumes for young people, amongst them being 'How we got our Bible,' 'How God inspired the Bible,' 'The old documents and the new Bible,' 'How to read the bible,' 'The Bible for the young.'

The doctor will be met by a number of the prominent members of the congregation. The new rector will stay at the Windsor Hotel until the renewal of the rectory is completed. Bishop Carmichael met the Rev. Dr. Paterson Smyth in Dublin, and in a recent letter speaks in high terms of the new rector.

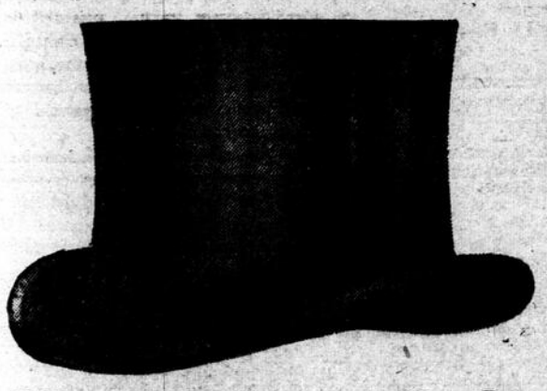
Arrangements are being made for a reception to Dr. Symth so as to enable the members of the congregation to meet their future pastor. The Rev. Dr. Smyth will preach his initial sermon on Sunday morning, May 19, in St. George's Church.

LORD STRATHCONA ENTERTAINS PREMIERS

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—It required five special trains to convey the 1,500 guests invited by Lord Strathcona to his garden party yesterday at Knebworth. Rain threatened to mar the pleasure party, but Lord Strathcona had made every preparation for the comfort of his guests, so, despite the inclement weather, the guests had a most enjoyable time. Half a dozen large marquees were erected on the lawns, where every delicacy of the season was served. A string band in the house and half a dozen Highland pipers on the lawn supplied the music. Among those present were Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Ward.

His Majesty King Horse



Has decreed that all Gentlemen attending the several levees at the Arena next week WEAR

NELSON'S HATS

SILK AND OPERA HATS,
COACH SILK HATS,
LADIES' RIDING HATS.

We also have large stock of Pearl, Telescope and Fedora Hats.

Alex. Nelson & Co.,

380 St. Catherine Street West.
304 Notre Dame Street West.

Wake up your piano, and put summer life into your town or country home by attaching to it a PIANOLA, or if your piano is old and worn out, exchange it for a PIANOLA PIANO. These are the only instruments in the world containing the METROSTYLE and the THEMODIST, which will enable you to play like an artist any of the 20,000 selections of the Pianola's repertoire. We solicit your inspection, that you may see, hear and test the wonderful superiority of the Pianola over all other self-playing instruments.

NORDHEIMER'S Limited

589 St. Catherine Street West.

Manufacturers of Canada's Artistic Piano, 'THE NORDHEIMER,' and Canadian representatives for the world-renowned 'STEINWAY.'

A DRUNKEN PRANK.

Kingston, Ont., May 9.—An Amherst Island farmer while intoxicated gave the newsboys a time by tossing coins into the street to be scrambled for. Nickels, dimes, quarters and half dollars were tossed in the air with as much sang froid as if they were stones from the roadside. After he had tired of this he squandered money on fruits and sweets 'for the kids.' Later the police gathered him in with five cents in his pocket. He slept on a plank and went home a much wiser man.

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies' Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 2nd day of May, 1907, incorporating Alexander Ramsay, manufacturer, and William H. Gerke, manufacturer, both of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and James B. Lord, manufacturer, of the City of Malden, in the State of Massachusetts, and George C. Morton, manufacturer, and Frederic H. Newton, manufacturer, both of the City of Boston, in the said State of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America, for the following purposes, viz.: (a) To manufacture and deal in a product called Puritan Spirits; (b) To purchase, manufacture and deal in paints, colors, chemicals, varnishes oils, and all ingredients and products thereof and materials relating thereto; (c) To purchase and acquire any business of a similar nature, and to purchase and acquire any interest or control in any business of a similar nature, and to pay for the same in cash, bonds or paid-up stock of this company, and to act as agents for persons carrying on business of a similar nature; (d) To purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and hold and from time to time to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any land, buildings, works, machinery and property of any kind or description that may be useful or requisite for the purposes of the company's business; to erect and construct any building, factories, stores, warehouses or other establishments and machinery in connection with the purposes of the said company; (e) to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any properties, rights and interest for the purposes aforesaid; (f) To acquire, lease and dispose of trade-marks, industrial designs, patent or patent rights for and in respect of any invention which may be deemed useful to the company's business and to acquire and work any patent of invention or any license to use any invention which may be deemed to be of use in connection with the company's business; (g) To take, acquire, hold, and to sell, pledge, or otherwise dispose of securities of any nature or kind, real or personal, for debts, liabilities or obligations to the company incurred or to be incurred in respect of the purposes and objects of the said company; (h) To mortgage, pledge, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any of the property of the company and to guarantee the debts and obligations of persons and firms dealing with said company. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "PURITAN SPIRITS COMPANY, LIMITED," with a total capital stock of twenty thousand dollars divided into two hundred shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 3rd day of May, 1907.

R. W. SCOTT,
Secretary of State.

FOSTER, MARTIN, MANN & MACKINNON, Solicitors for Applicants.

Weekly Calendar.

TORREY MEETINGS

CONVERTS • SERVICE

Thursday — May 9th — 8 P.M.

ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH.

FULL CHOIR WILL ATTEND.

Public are invited. *General Song Service.*

Soloists: Miss ELLEEDA PERLEY, Mr. J. RITCHIE BELL.

SHORT ADDRESSES BY SEVERAL PASTORS OF THE CITY.

Anniversary Sunday

East End Meth. Church

Corner Bertrand and Demontigny Streets.

SUNDAY, May 12th, 11 a.m.

REV. DR. YOUNG,

of St. James Methodist Church.

7 p.m.—PLATFORM SERVICE

Addresses by Dr. S. P. ROBINS, J. HAMILTON FERNS.

SPECIAL SINGING. All Welcome.

THURSDAY, MAY 9.

HORSE SHOW

ARENA ARENA

NOW OPEN

Mornings	Afternoons	Evenings
10.30	2 45	8.15
Admission 25c.	Admission 25c and 50c.	Admission 25c and 50c. Reserved Seats $1.00

Reserved Seats and Season Badges on sale at Star Branch Office.

PRICES:—Morning 25c. Afternoon 25 and 50c, Evening 25 and 50c. Reserved Seats $1.00.

JUDGES' NIGHT Horses and best appointed Runabouts, Hunters over the 'In and Out', Cabmans' Turnouts, Combination Saddle Horses, Pairs of Horses in Harness, Jumpers over jumps 4 feet 6 in., 5 feet and 5 feet 6 inches.

Canadian Club of Montreal

MR. W. T. STEAD

of London, England.

Will give an address to Members and Ladies at King's Hall,

593 St. Catherine Street West.

Thursday Evg., May 9th, at 8.15 o'clock

Admission by Membership Ticket.

FRIDAY, MAY 10.

GRAND POPULAR CONCERT,

Given by the

MONTREAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

—In the—

HIGH SCHOOL HALL, Peel st., (near St. Catherine.)

(under the auspices of HERR C. E. SEIFERT) in aid of the CHILDREN'S MEMORIAL HOSPITAL (Maxwell Extension).

FRIDAY, May 10, at 3.30 p.m

Admission, 25c. Children, 15c. Tickets at the Protestant Schools, the Montreal Conservatory (624 W. Dorchester), and Shaw's and Nordheimer's Music Stores, St. Catherine street.

Mason & Risch Pianos used at this concert supplied by Leach Piano Co., 560 W. St. Catherine street. Programmes and tickets supplied by E. M. Renouf. Show Cards by Mr. P. R. Krasel.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

ART ASSOCIATION

Phillips Square.

An Outdoor Sketching Class (in Oils) will be held at GLEN SUTTON, P.Q., under the direction of M. EDMOND DYONNET, R.C.A.

from MONDAY, 27th MAY until the 11th JUNE, 1907

COMFORTABLE BOARD AND LODGINGS have been arranged for at MRS. BROCK'S.

For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, EUROPE, Etc. CLOSE AT MONTREAL.

May.			
10	9.30	a.m.	Umbria, Cunard.
**10	6.00	p.m.	Virginian, Allan.
**11	1.00	p.m.	Dominion. Dominion line.
13	9.30	a.m.	Kaiser Wilhelm II.,
14	9.30	a.m.	Majestic, White Star.
• 14	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary
15	9.30	a.m.	Augusta Victoria,
17	9.30	a.m.	Campania, Cunard.
17	6.00	p.m.	Empress of Ireland.
20	9.30	a.m.	Kronprinz Wilhelm.
• 20	6.00	p.m.	" Supply.
21	9.30	a.m.	Adriatic, White Star.
• 21	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.
22	9.30	a.m.	Amerika.
• 22	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.
24	9.30	a.m.	Etruria, Cunard.
• 24	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.
**24	6.00	p.m.	Victorian, Allan.
28	9.30	a.m.	Teutonic, White Star.
• 28	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.
29	9.30	a.m.	Deutschland, Hamb-Amer.

†Parcels may be posted up to 12.00, Noon.

• Letters may be posted up to 6 p.m. Other matter should be posted before 5 p.m. Registered before 5.30 p.m.

** Parcels (per Parcel Post) are forwarded by the Canadian steamer, the last time of mailing at head office being 10 a.m. on Fridays. Registered before 10 a.m. on Fridays.

Letters for the above mails may be posted at Postal Station 'B,' 'B' and 'C' up to within 15 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

SECRETARY OF SOCIETY SAYS ALLAN CHILD WILL NEVER REGAIN HER SIGHT.

At the monthly meeting of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children, yesterday, the president, Mr. Samuel Carsley, reported that he and Mr. F. Hague had had an interview with the Protestant Board of School Commissioners regarding the fire escapes at the schools. After having stated the views of the Society on the subject, they were assured by the commissioners that they would do their duty in the matter.

The meeting decided to see the city building inspector, Mr. Chaussé, with a view to ascertaining what was going to be done with regard to fire escapes in schools and other buildings.

The secretary, Mr. Skroder, presented the following report:—The summary of cases reported to and dealt with by the Society for the month of April was as follows: Sixty-seven complaints were made, affecting eighty-five children and forty-seven women. There have been nine cases of non-support, four cases of wife-beating, nine cases of desertion, two cases of child cruelty. There were also thirty-three cases of a miscellaneous nature, which were dealt with as circumstances suggested in each case. Eighteen warrants were granted; of these, ten were withdrawn on paying four dollars' costs in each case to the court. One case was dismissed. Two were allowed to go on suspended sentence. One prisoner had to furnish $300 bonds and pay costs. One was fined $25 and costs, or two months. One was sentenced to three months and $25 fine, or three more months. Detectives are after two other cases. One little girl was placed in the Infants' Home. A boy was placed in the Ladies' Benevolent Institution, and a woman with her three young children has been in the Sheltering Home for three weeks.

The secretary reported that little Baby Allan would probably never recover her sight.

Besides Mr. S. Carsley, there were also present Mr. F. Hague, the Rev. Jas. Patterson, the Rev. Thomas Harris and Mr. D. A. Watt.

ALLEGED DEFAULTER

WARRANT ISSUED FOR ARREST OF FORMER MAYOR OF SEATTLE.

Seattle, Wash., May 8.—John Ripplinger, for four years the city comptroller, Republican candidate for mayor in the last election, and well known in the north-west, retired from office on March 1, 1906, is a defaulter in the sum of more than $9,000, it is alleged. Last night Mr. Carroll, city comptroller, swore out a warrant for the arrest of his predecessor and former close friend. Ripplinger is now in Honduras, having gone there from California more than a month ago. It is doubtful whether he can be reached by law as there is no extradition treaty between Honduras and the United States. Ripplinger, it is said, obtained the money by falsifying the figures in local improvement bonds.

A TIN WEDDING.

The Rev. D. D. and Mrs. Millar, of Hawkesbury, celebrated their tin wedding last Monday, by giving an 'at home' in the afternoon and evening to the members and adherents of their congregation. A large number were present to extend congratulations and offer good wishes. Many useful gifts in tinware, graniteware and aluminum were presented by friends in the congregation and from outside points. The host and hostess were also presented with an address, expressive of the regard and esteem in which they were held by their people, with the prayer that they might be long spared to labor together in their noble calling. In connection with the address a tin cash box was handed to them well filled with silver coins fresh from the mint. Mr. Millar, on behalf of Mrs. Millar and himself, suitably replied, thanking them for the many and varied expressions of esteem. During the evening a short musical programme was rendered. The spacious rooms of the manse were artistically decorated with tin chains and scrolls.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.

Mr. Justice Davidson has granted a petition of the Royal Land Co. to be put into voluntary liquidation, under the provisions of the Winding-up Act.

SPORTING NEWS.

YESTERDAY AN OFF DAY.

Royals Meet Rochester To-day—Toronto Drops to Second Place in League Table

Yesterday was an off day with the Royals but to-day they will meet Rochester at Atwater Park at 4 o'clock. The Bronchos arrived in town yesterday, among them being Jimmy Bannon, the manager of the Montreal team for about two-thirds of last season; Pappalau, the old Montreal pitcher, and Clancy who formerly filled the first base position on the same team. It had been thought that his last season's experience would have steadied the effervescent Mr. Bannon down somewhat, but such does not seem to have been the case. At Toronto, following out his usual kicking policy, he applied the epithet of 'fat-head' to the umpire in Tuesday, and was promptly banished from the field by that dignitary. In this respect it may be noted that the umpire baiting which has gone in the Eastern League of recent years has been cut out entirely. Mr. Umpe. is more of an autocrat than ever he was. The least symptom of rebellion on the part of any player meets with prompt and effective punishment. Which is as it should be.

In to-day's game Stanley is expected to perform in the box for Montreal, while the dispenser of puzzles for the Rochester team will be either Pappalau or McLean.

Yesterday's Eastern League results bring about one or two noteworthy changes in the running for the championship. Toronto, by losing to Buffalo, drop from their exalted position at the head of the league table and now occupy the second place. Jersey City by beating Baltimore climbed into the first place. Newark drop to seventh place, while both Rochester and Buffalo go up a peg. Montreal remains in the first division as before.

AROOLA'S MEETING POSTPONED.

The meeting of the Arcola Baseball Club, called for May 9, has been postponed till further notice.

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Chicago—Cleveland, 7; Chicago, 5.
St. Louis-Detroit game postponed on account of rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Boston—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 0.
At Philadelphia—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 4.
At New York—New York, 4; Pittsburg, 0.
At Brooklyn—Chicago, 12; Brooklyn, 4.

TORONTO LOST TO BUFFALO.

Toronto, May 8.—In a somewhat loose display of the game here to-day Buffalo defeated Toronto by a score of 7 to 5. The Maple Leafs had the better of the argument in the hitting line, but their errors in the field were costly. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto .. .. .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 1 0—5	13	3	
Buffalo .. .. .0 0 1 2 1 1 0 0 1—7	8	2	

Batteries—McGinley and Wood; Milligan and Ryan. Umpires, Hoffner and Conway. Attendance, 2,400.

JERSEY CITY WON FROM BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, May 8.—The opening game of the Baltimore-Jersey City series here today was won by the visitors by three runs to nil. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore .. .. .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	5	1	
Jersey City .. .. .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3	10	0	

Batteries—Burchell and Byers; Lake and McManus. Umpire, Cusack.

PROVIDENCE BREAKS THE ICE.

Providence, May 8.—Newark were shut out here to-day by the Providence nine, who thus break the long list of defeats they have encountered so far this season.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence .. .. .2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 x—3	9	1	
Newark .. .. .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	2	

Batteries—Stevens and Peterson; Pardee and Starage. Umpire, Owens. Attendance, 800.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Jersey City 9	3	.750	
Toronto 6	3	.667	
Baltimore 7	4	.636	
Montreal 4	4	.500	
Buffalo 4	5	.445	
Rochester 3	5	.375	
Newark 4	7	.364	
Providence 3	9	.250	

A REMARKABLE RACE

Details are given of a remarkable race between Postle, the Australian crack sprinter, and a whippet. The race was over 100 yards. Postle being in receipt of 31 yards start. Postle looked to be winning three yards from home, but the dog came with a magnificent finish and passed the line a foot and a half ahead in 6½ secs.

LACROSSE PRACTICES

MONTREAL HAD A GOOD TURNOUT.

Montreal were out at practice last night under the guidance of Barney Dunphy. About twenty men turned out on the field, the seniors present being Finlayson, Neville, Angus and Hamilton. McInnis and Povey, of last year's Sherbrooke team; Spooner, who figured on the National team a couple of years ago, and a couple of Caughnawaga Indians, Jacobs and Lefebvre. The rest of the squad was made up of intermediates and juniors. The winged wheel team will practice again to-morrow and on Saturday.

NATIONALS OUT LAST NIGHT.

The Nationals also practiced last night, a dozen senior players being out, including L'Heureux, Cattarinich, Decary, Laviolette, Hebert, Pitre, Laderoute, Gauthier, Clement, Sauve and Blanchard. Jack Tucker, the coach, had the string in hand, and kept them hard at work for a couple of hours. The Nationals have been practising indoors and out for some time now, and are rounding into pretty good shape. When they play their first match on the 18th with Toronto at Maisonneuve they should be in trim to give a good account of themselves.

DISAPPOINTMENT FOR SHAMROCKS.

Wet grounds put a finish to the aspirations for an outdoor practice of the Shamrocks last night. A strong bunch of seniors, among whom were Paddy Brennan, Kavanagh, McIlwaine, Robinson, J. Brennan, Munday and Roberts, turned up, but Tom Moore decided that the grounds were impossible for lacrosse, and in consequence the practice was called off.

TECUMSEHS START SATURDAY.

The Tecumsehs will have their first practice on Saturday. Those expected to turn out are Querrie, Clark, Graham, Griffiths, Pickering, Stewart, Rowntree, Graydon, Davidson, Felker, Murton, Whitehead, Durkin, Adamson and McDonough.

THE BRITISH LADIES' GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

AMERICAN ENTRIES FAIL TO SURVIVE THE THIRD PERIOD.

Newcastle, Ireland, May 8.—So far as the United States is concerned, the ladies' golf championship tournament, which began here yesterday, and was continued to-day, is at an end, for the two American plyers, Miss Margaret Curtis, of Boston, and Miss Harriet S. Curtis, have been defeated.

In the third round Miss Harriet S. Curtis played both the best and the worst game of her life. During the first nine holes this morning she could do nothing right, and turned four holes down to Miss Violet Heselet. Coming on her game at the tenth hole, Miss Curtis soon put a different complexion on matters, and at the fifteenth she had made the game all square. She won the sixteenth, halved the seventeenth, lost the eighteenth, and won the nineteenth and the match. This afternoon she was never on her game. A very strong wind seemed to seriously interfere with her. She found nearly every bad place in the course, and was defeated easily by Miss M. Titterton by nine up and seven to play.

Miss Margaret Curtis, in the morning rouud, won an easy victory from Miss Crawford by four up and three to play. In the afternoon she met Miss May Hesselet, the British champion in 1899 and 1902, and made a good fight. If the wind had been less severe she might have won. As it was, she was defeated by three up and two to play, but this result hardly does justice to the quality of her golf.

THE AMATEUR ATHLETIC FEDERATION

SECRETARY SPRIGINGS DECLARES THAT ITS OBJECTS HAVE BEEN MISUNDERSTOOD AND MISREPRESENTED.

(To the Sporting Editor of the 'Witness.')

Montreal, May 9, 1907.

Sir,—It might perhaps well be left to time and the logic of swiftly moving events to prove the truth of the aphorism that whom the gods mean to destroy they first make mad; and to the sturdy common sense of Canadian athletics to properly appreciate the futile efforts of the little autocracy of theorists who are endeavoring to unravel the present tangle in sport, largely created by their own inability to recognize and effectively deal with, but as our position is even yet in some quarters sadly misunderstood, where it is not wilfully misrepresented, a word or two may, with your permission, be fittingly offered.

The nefarious doings and contaminatory influence of the envelope-amateur were the common talk of the clubs long before the governing athletic body woke up to any recognition of, not to say, taking action upon such reprehensible practices. The tardy awakening of the authorities, and their hysterical efforts to enforce an imperfect law, expressly enacted to cover individual competitions, and thereby inapplicable to a new and unforeseen situation arising out of changed conditions in team sports, are matters well known to the athletic fraternity. The bold grasp of the danger-nettle by the principal amateur organizations of Canada in recognizing that professionalism having actually arrived and 'come to stay,' it was entirely in the interest of clean sport that it should be openly permitted rather than dishonorably tolerated; the embodiment of these principles in their own constitution; the unsuccessful endeavor of the athletic bodies who agreed with it to have the new idea engrafted in the old amateur law; the withdrawal of these mainstays from the old Union and the formation of the New Federation are matters of history.

The persistency of the devotee of the impossible is worthy of a better cause, and the wholesale denunciation and puerile threatenings of all who venture to hold opinions at variance with certain intractibles are having their natural effect, Union and League and Associations, one after another, in all branches of sport, have determined that they will not be held by the nose and made to swallow the absurd dictum that a bona fide amateur shall by mere association with a professional thereby be degraded from his honorable status. The next step naturally follows that they shall join forces with the Federation which stands unalterably for the principle that an amateur is such until he personally disqualifies himself by his own act in accepting payment of any kind for his services as an athlete.

The Federation is an amateur organization. It was organized for his benefit and exists for his protection. No professional can be a member of any club connected with it or compete against amateurs in individual competition. Its discipline of the offending amateur is as severe as it can be and reinstatement of one wilfully becoming a professional is impossible under its constitution. It offers every encouragement to the amateur to maintain his high status, but tolerates the employment of reputable paid professionals in team sports, at the discretion of its corporate members. Its hope is that the practice may be diminished, if not ultimately abandoned, but it leaves the decision of this question and the regulating of matters pertaining to their own particular sport, to its self-governing constituents, subject only to the overruling provisions of the constitution.

It stands for the betterment of amateur sport and its endeavor shall be to see that its members 'play the game'; it asks for the active co-operation of all athletic and sporting organizations in the furtherance of its all-embracing aim in these respects, and it ventures to believe that with such assistance its influence and sway will be paramount and undisputed as the sole arbiter in Canadian athletics.

C. A. SPRIGINGS,
Secretary-Treasurer, Amateur Athletic Federation of Canada.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES

At a late meeting of the Council of the British Olympic Association it was resolved in view of the desire of some Scottish and Irish governing bodies to be represented on the council, 'that the council is willing to give representation to such recognized governing bodies of Scotland, Ireland, Wales as may desire it.'

It is confidently expected that the Stadium will be completed by the end of the year, and it is proposed, accordingly, to hold in addition to the games of July, 1908, a series of contests in football (Association and Rugby), hockey and lacrosse about next Easter.

WHY THE LUNGS GET SORE.

It's the continual hawk, cough and gagging of catarrh. Just inhale the soothing vapor of Catarrhozone; it's a lung food, a strengthener, and certain cure. Prescribed by physicians because safe and absolutely sure to cure bronchial, throat and lung troubles. Use only Catarrhozone.

NO SUCCESSOR TO MRS. EDDY

ALFRED FARLOW SAYS A SUCCESSOR FOR CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS WOULD BE AS REASONABLE.

Boston, May 7.—Alfred Farlow, the publicity agent of the local Christian Scientists, to-day sent out the following statement:

'The rumor to the effect that there is strife in the Christian Science movement concerning the leadership, which has periodically appeared in the public press, and which has recently been revived, has not become true with age, but is quite as much a myth now as it was when first put into circulation. It is quite as much out of place to talk of a successor to the discoverer and founder of Christian Science as it is to talk of a successor to the discoverer of America. Moreover, there is nothing in the position of the revered pastor emeritus of the Christian Science Church which could be succeeded to by any man or woman.

'Already Mrs. Eddy's teachings have, in a large measure, become her successor, and she will never be succeeded by anything else than the spiritual influence she has planted in human consciousness. We believe that every Christian Scientist in the world will agree that there is not a student of this science anywhere who has ever dreamed of being a successor to Mrs. Eddy or has had the slightest aspiration in that direction. The recent change at Pleasant View has absolutely no significance, except that one man served out his time and it was not convenient for him to continue. Therefore out of necessity another took his place.'

LABOR RIOT IN BROOKLYN

MANY STRIKE-BREAKERS INJURED IN WILLIAMSBURG QUARTER.

New York, May 8.—Not since the Brooklyn car riots has there been such street fighting on the other side of the river as happened to-night, when nearly six hundred Italians and Poles joined battle in the Italian quarter in Williamsburg. Three patrolmen were seriously injured, and when their comrades had broken up the riot, thirty-five rioters had been sent to the Williamsburg hospital, and twelve more locked up in a police station.

Under cover of darkness, an attempt was made by the steamship lines to run their new men through the strikers' pickets to their homes.

At a late hour a covered lighter with more than three hundred strike-breakers from the Manhattan piers docked at Metropolitan avenue. All was quiet as the lines were passed ashore, but lying in wait were striking 'longshoremen or sympathizers. The strikers from the Havemyer Sugar Refinery, who had been paid off during the day, had reinforced the 'longshoremen, until they were close to three hundred lurking about the pier.

When the strike-breakers were clear of the pier, and it looked as though they were safely through the enemy's lines, men armed with clubs, pistols, paving-stones and guns appeared. From the roofs came a volley of stones which poured down on the heads of the frightened Italians.

The Italians began to drop, and the rest scurried to doorways, or backed up against trees or buildings, where they had a chance to defend themselves with drives and dirks. These are poor weapons against stones and clubs, and while the surgeons afterwards spent most of the night sewing up knife slashes, the strikers did great damage with their clubs and revolvers. Eight blocks away, at the sugar house, were four mounted patrolmen. Whistling for help, they charged into the thick of the riot, and used their night sticks on the heads of everybody in sight.

Half a dozen policemen nearby were attracted by the firing, and hurried to aid their fellow officers. One of these men was knocked down by a cobble-stone, and before he could be rescued, half a dozen men had seriously injured him. Meanwhile ambulances and police reserves were hurried to the scene. They found a hundred men stretched on the ground. The patrolmen, in three minutes, had the rioters in flight. As they fled the rioters virtually seized four trolley cars, and carried off perhaps a hundred of their wounded companions.

The police had twelve well-battered prisoners and thirty-five injured. Two or three of them are in a critical condition. One policemen was dangerously, and two others seriously injured.

INSTALLING HIS FRIENDS

NEW CHINESE MINISTER TURNING OUT RECENT APPOINTEES.

Pekin, May 8.—Tsen Chun Suan, the new president of the Ministry of Communications, one of the most prominent reactionaries, and at present a power behind the throne, is using his influence to turn out recent appointees and instal his own friends. Prince Ching, president of the Foreign Board, has been impeached on the charge of accepting bribes from Tuan Chih Kwei, who recently appointed temporary governor of Hai Lung Kiang, who was simultaneously dismissed from his post. Tsai Chen, president of the Ministry of Commerce; Yuan Shi Kai, Viceroy of Chih-Li and commander of the Chinese forces, and Tang Sha Oyi, the new governor of Mukden, have also been impeached on various charges.

Bowel Troubles

Liver pills, cathartics, mineral waters, often make Constipation worse. They merely irritate the bowels and force them to move—stop taking purgatives and the bowels become "tight" again.

"Fruit-a-tives" are the one certain cure for Constipation

because their action is upon the liver, "Fruit-a-tives" are a liver tonic. They stimulate the secretions of bile by the liver, this bile causes the bowels to move in the natural, regular way and completely cures Constipation.

"Fruit-a-tives are fruit juices with tonics and antiseptics added. In "Fruit-a-tives" one atom of bitter replaces one atom of sweet in the fruit juices, forming a new compound which is many times more active, medicinally, than the fruit juices could possibly be. 50c. a-box — $2.50 for 6 boxes. At all dealers'.

Fruit-a-tives

OR (FRUIT LIVER TABLETS.) 114

CHICAGO VICE TRUST.

The Rev. George W. Gray Startles the Social Economics Club.

Chicago, May 7.—In a startling speech before five hundred women attending the Social Economics Club at Hullhouse today the Rev. George W. Gray, associate pastor of Dr. Frank Gunsaulus's church, declared that there exists in Chicago a 'vice trust,' organized to ensnare girls and young women.

Mrs. John S. Thompson, president of the Social Economics Club, was present, as also were Mrs. Philip Hammersmith, Miss Louise Fiffe, Mrs. Laura Willoughby Greene, Mrs. Albert Johnson, Miss Nina Kilbourne and Miss Jane Addams, the last named being the guest of honor.

'Chicago is within the grasp of three devils,' Dr. Gray cried, as he leaned forward and shook his fist in his earnestness. 'Here they are,' he fairly shouted, 'Liquor trust—one hundred million dollars a year is spent for drink; thousands of young men and young women are ruined. Vice trust—your daughter is not safe on the streets of Chicago. The trust will pursue her if she is pretty. It will continue the pursuit for years. Fifty dollars is the price that will be paid to that wretch that brings her within the tentacles of this ungodly trust. Gambling trust—it costs ten million dollars in Chicago alone. Your sons may turn thieves, disgrace you, and send themselves to hell because of this heartless trust.

'But of all the vicious trusts in Chicago that which pursues young girls is the worst. I shall give you some figures which I know to be correct. I made a personal investigation of the conditions. I visited every house in a radius of a quarter of a mile in one section. This is what I found:

'Two hundred and fifty-seven houses in which vice reigned supreme; 1,579 girls were within these houses. Scores of them were the daughters of cultured and respected citizens of this community.

'How had they been enticed? By the trust that paid an average of fifty dollars for their fall. A country girl coming to Chicago is pursued for months and sometimes even years. She must have a strong character to withstand it.'

MANDAMUS GRANTED.

Mr. Justice Davidson has granted the petition of Mr. C. S. Campbell, K.C., asking a writ of mandamus to force the municipalities of Dorval and the Presentation to keep a public road known under the name of Chemin de Liesse, in proper order.

HAD THIRTY-TWO BOILS AT ONE TIME

Two Bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters Cured Him.

Imperfect organic action makes bad blood, so, too, bad blood, in turn, makes imperfect action of every bodily organ. If the blood becomes impure, poisoned or contaminated in any way from constipation, biliousness or any other cause, some especially weak organ must soon become diseased thereby, or the whole system may suffer in consequence.

Pimples, boils, blotches, ulcers, festering sores, abscesses, tumors, rashes or some serious and perhaps incurable blood disease may result. There is no medicine on the market to-day to equal the old and well-known remedy,

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

for all cases of bad blood.

Mr. Ernest B. Tupper, Round Hill, N.S., says: "I think Burdock Blood Bitters a great medicine for boils. I had them so bad I could not work. I had thirty-two on my back at one time. I used only two bottles of B.B.B. and they completely cured me. I cannot recommend it too highly." Price $1.00 per bottle or 6 bottles for $5.00.

ROYAL Baking Powder preserves its leavening strength until used. The last spoonful in a can is as good as the first, and its work is always uniform. Housekeepers have been vexed when using other powders to find their work uneven. If good when fresh, before the can is empty they make sour or heavy food, and the flour, eggs and butter used therein are wasted. This is because they are made from alum or other cheap and inferior ingredients.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Food always sweet and light can be assured only by the use of Royal Baking Powder exclusively.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N. Y.

OBITUARY.

SON OF HON. COL. HENDRIE.

Hamilton, Ont., May 7.—Hugh Strathearn Hendrie, the fifteen-year-old son of the Hon. Col. Hendrie, died at noon today. He had been suffering from stomach trouble for about ten days, but until Saturday, when Dr. Osler was called in consultation, it was thought he would recover. Arrangements were being made to take him to the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, for treatment when the end came.

THE REV. JOHN S. CLARKE.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., May 7.—The Rev. John S. Clarke, one of Niagara's most highly respected citizens, died this evening in his sixty-fourth year. Mr. Clarke was for upwards of twenty years in the Methodist ministry, and, after occupying many important stations, was superannuated some twelve years ago. In 1898 Mr. Clarke came to Niagara, since which time he has edited and published the Niagara 'Times.' He is survived by a widow and three children, namely, George E., editor of the 'Sachem,' Caledonia; Mrs. Dr. Burns, Caledonia, and Mrs. J. L. Dunsford, Columbus, Ohio.

THOMAS GRAHAM, ex-M.P.P.

Toronto, May 8.—Word was received last night of the death, in London, England, of Mr. Thomas Graham, ex-M.P.P., formerly of Toronto. The late Mr. Graham was well known here, having been the first member elected to the Legislature for West York after Confederation. He was an ardent Conservative, but a man who had many warm friends in both parties. In 1871 he retired from the Legislature, and was appointed Dominion Immigration Agent at Glasgow, from which position he retired upon the change of government in 1896. Since then he had been living in a suburb near London. As a public man in Canada, Mr. Graham was a strong supporter of the principles of protection, and in England was as strong in his support of Imperial federation and the fiscal policy of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain.

S. E. RYAN.

Oshawa, Ont., May 8.—A Toronto commercial traveller by the name of S. E Ryan, representing the firm of Messrs. John Forsyth & Co., of Berlin, Ont., died suddenly at the Commercial Hotel here on Monday night.

HEAVY FLOODS IN RUSSIA

Krementchug, Russia, May 8.—The high water on the Dneiper has inundated no less than one hundred and eighty villages. Dwellings, stores of grain and cattle have been swept away by the flood. The people of this town are in flight. The prison has been inundated, and it was with difficulty that the prisoners were removed to Poltava. At Alexandrocek the tracks of the Southern Railroad are submerged for a distance of many miles.

MONTREAL PRIEST NAMED.

Ottawa, Ont., May 8.—The Rev. Father Lamontagne, of Montreal, has been appointed superior of the New Seminary of the Redemptorists at Bayswater, Ottawa.

London & Lancashire Life

Assurance Company

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Extracts FROM 1906 Report.

NEW BUSINESS :—During the year this consisted of 2258 Policies issued and taken for $3,944,830, under premiums amounting to $162,304.50.

INCOME :—The Total Premium Income was $1,566,411.00, an increase over 1905 of $53,868.00 whilst the Total Income increased to $1,998,197.75.

INVESTED FUNDS :—The Funds of the Company now reach the figure of $11,080,565.00—the Life Assurance Fund having been increased by $506,454.25.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

W. P. CLIREHUGH,
General Manager.

CANADA BRANCH

NEW POLICIES ISSUED :—		$ 1,885,876.00
Increase over 1905.—$269,716.00		
ASSURANCE IN FORCE :—		$ 11,082,461.00
INCOME :— Premiums	374,050.47	
Interest	160,096.93	$ 534,147.40
EXPENDITURE :—		
Payments to Policyholders	261,296.64	
Other Expenses	85,463.49	$ 346,760.13
EXPENSE RATIO TO INCOME 16%		
INVESTMENTS IN CANADA		$ 3,814,565.70
LIABILITIES IN CANADA		$ 2,782,862.88

INCREASE IN ASSETS SINCE 1888.—$2,837,215.78.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE CO.
HEAD OFFICE : MONTREAL.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

Colonial Premiers Favor Resolution as to Coasting Privileges Brought Forward by Mr. Alfred Deakin.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S OBJECTIONS—CERTAIN OF THE RESOLUTIONS AGREED TO—BARON TWEEDMOUTH SPEAKS ON IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—The Imperial Conference is sitting twice daily in order to finish by the end of the week. Today Mr. Alfred Deakin brought forward a resolution drawing attention to the navigation laws of the Empire, to the advisability of refusing privileges of imperial coasting trade to countries where corresponding trade is confined to ships of their own nationality, and requesting the Home Government to take the necessary steps for the revision of any commercial treaties which prevent preferential treatment being accorded to British goods carried in British ships.

Sir Joseph Ward stated that action had been taken by New Zealand on the lines of the resolution. New Zealand felt keenly the restrictions placed on her trade with Honolulu by the United States.

MR. LLOYD-GEORGE'S OBJECTIONS.

Mr. Lloyd George said the transactions comprised in the proposition involved great complication and difficulties. Traders within the Empire would find that restriction of their choice of transport would raise the cost of carriage. Positive advantage would be given to foreign trade, as goods from foreign countries would have the choice of either British or foreign ships. The benefit to British shipping would be uncertain, because the bulk of foreign shipping engaged in inter-Imperial trade was Norwegian or German, neither of which countries excluded us from their coasting or inter-Imperial trade. The only countries excluded under the resolution were Russia and the United States. Of the Empire trade from United Kingdom ports in 1906, Russia had one-third percent and the United States nil. If the principle were extended further, there might be danger of our shipping being exposed to reprisals. It was to our advantage to keep open every trade possible to British shipping. The foreign ships excluded would not be destroyed, but would compete more keenly than ever in the foreign trade still open to them. This foreign trade largely exceeded the colonial trade in magnitude. Having given figures to illustrate this point, Mr. Lloyd-George referred to the proposed merchant shipping legislation of Australia and said Australia ought to give this country equality of treatment.

Before discussing the preference Mr. Deakin pointed out what these proposals were. The conditions were intended to raise the standard of shipping in conformity with Australian opinion.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply to Mr. Lloyd-George, said the conference was discussing the policy for the Empire, and although the United Kingdom might not have a serious interest in the matter, and might not desire to alter the existing state of things, the colonies with interests in the Pacific were adversely affected in a very direct and serious manner. The United States had extended their coasting trade to embrace Honolulu and the Philippines, and though Canada had offered to reciprocate in connection with the coastwise trade, the United States would not listen to her proposal. He pointed out that the resolution simply asked for attention to the matter.

Mr. Lloyd-George said he could not accept the resolution as it stood, but was willing to accept it with the omission of the words dealing with trade between the Mother Country and the colonies so that the resolution would only cover an inquiry into the position of the matter respecting intercolonial trade.

The representatives of the colonies declared they were not prepared to agree to this, and voted in favor of the solution as proposed, the Home Government dissenting.

RESOLUTIONS AGREED TO.

The folowing resolutions were agreed to :—

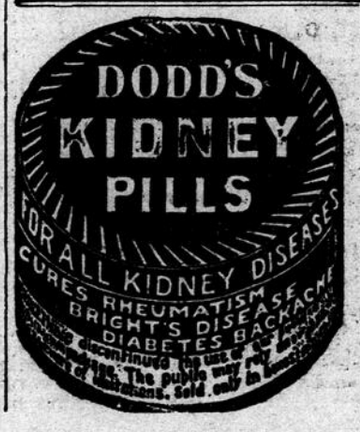
Proposed by Australia : Requesting a definition of the privileges and obligations of the colonies under existing commercial treaties ; institution of inquiries with the object of ascertaining how far it was possible to make those obligations, and privileges uniform throughout the Empire.

Proposed by New Zealand : Asking that all doubts be removed as to the right of the self-governing dependencies to make reciprocal preferential fiscal arrangements with each other and the United Kingdom, and, further, that such right should not be fettered by imperial treaties and conventions without their concurrence.

Other resolutions, with the object of ensuring uniformity in granting adequate protection of trade marks and patents, in trade statistics of the Empire, and in the company laws of the Empire were also passed, as was a resolution expressing the desirability of reciprocity throughout the Empire with regard to the examination and authorization of land surveyors.

A resolution referring to reciprocity in the admission of barristers to practise was recorded and reserved for further consideration.

Baron Tweedmouth was present at the conference and it is stated unofficially that he spoke on imperial naval defence. The Premiers are reported to be satisfied with the Admiralty's proposals.



BANQUET MICROBE

SOME OF THE VICTIMS IN LONDON DECLARE OPPRESSIVE FEASTING A PUBLIC NUISANCE.

London, May 8. — The oppressive feasting of the colonial premiers is calling attention to the great increase in the banqueting habit in London in recent years. Some revolting victims indict the custom as a public nuisance, passing the bounds of reason. Inquiries at several hotels and restaurants which the banquet-mongers specially favor, afford a basis for the calculation that no fewer than ten thousand of these feeding and speech-making orgies are held in London annually. Such banqueting halls as those of the Hotels Carlton, Cecil, Metropole and Trocadero are taxed to their utmost every night, nine months of the year, each hall witnessing the absorption of rich foods and wines by about fifty thousand persons. A modest estimate places the average of public banquets at from thirty to forty nightly the year round.

ENTERTAINED BY THE KING.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—The King gave a dinner to the colonial premiers, ministers the High Commissioner of Canada, and the agents-general of the colonies at Buckingham Palace to-night. Several members of the Royal Family and a number of cabinet ministers and distinguished persons were present. The King gave a hearty welcome and wished prosperity and happiness to the distinguished statesmen from his dominions overseas. He trusted they would carry away with them an agreeable impression of the Mother Country and wished them God-speed on their voyage home.

AUSTRALIA AND THE NAVY.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—The 'Chronicle' states that Baron Tweedmouth to-day gave Mr. Deakin permission to break the agreement by which Australia contributestwo hundred thousand pounds annually to the cost of the naval squadron. The matter will probably come before the Commonwealth Parliament in June.

SIR WILFRID CONGRATULATED.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Alfred Deakin and Dr. Jameson were unable to visit Manchester to-day to receive the freedom of that city, so the Lord Mayor of Manchester and other high officials are coming to London tomorrow to present the premiers with the freedom of the city. The ceremony will take place at the Hotel Cecil.

At Lord Strathcona's garden party at Knebworth yesterday, Sir Wilfrid Laurier was congratulated many times on his attitude at the Imperial Conference. The Canadian Associated Press overheard one enthusiast warmly congratulate Canada's premier for having 'saved the situation.' It required five special trains to convey the fifteen hundred guests invited by Lord Strathcona to his garden party yesterday at Knebworth. Rain threatened to mar the pleasure of the party, but Lord Strathcona had made every preparation for the comfort of his guests, so that despite the inclement weather the guests had a most enjoyable time. Half a dozen large marquees were erected on the lawn, where every delicacy of the season was served. A string band and half a dozen Highland pipers on the lawn supplied the music. Among those present were Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Joseph Ward.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Robert Bond were present at Lord Lecondfield's tariff reform reception supper.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Alfred Deakin are to be admitted honorary benchers at Gray's Inn. There are only four honorary benchers living.

London, May 8.—The Canadian Associated Press is informed that the commercial side of the fiscal question, as affected by treaty obligations, was under consideration at this morning's sitting of the Imperial Conference, the speakers being Mr. Lloyd-George and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but in order to allow Lord Tweedmouth, the Secretary of the Navy, to address the Conference on the subject of Imperial naval defence further consideration of the fiscal matter was adjourned until this afternoon.

It is understood that the conference will close this week.

INDIANS TO SEE SIR WILFRID.

Vancouver, B.C., May 8.—Chief Joe Capitano and the heads of other Indian tribes on the coast will leave for Ottawa soon to meet Sir Wilfrid Laurier on his return from London. The Indians object to the manner in which the white men are monopolizing coast timber and the salmon fisheries.

An Advance Display of SUMMER STYLES in the Semi-Ready Wardrobes this week—all the "smart" fabrics tailored with precision.

Semi-Ready Serges and Worsteds,
Riding Breeches, $8.

The Semi-Ready Riding Breeches have the correct "draping" of those seen in Hyde Park, London, England.

Semi-ready Tailoring

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We manufacture Harness of all descriptions, of all weights, and for all purposes. You are cordially invited to examine our goods shown at our exposition, which is now going on at our showrooms.
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BALMORAL BLOCK
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Notre Dame St. West, Montreal.
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IF you want to ice a Cake beautifully, use
COWAN'S
Cake Icings
prepared ready for use.
Chocolate, Pearl Pink, Lemon, Orange, Maple Almond, White and Cocoanut Cream.
THE COWAN CO., Limited,
TORONTO.

Have You a Cold?
THEN GET A BOX OF
Harte's Grippe Wafers
Cures a Cold in Twenty-four Hours.
Have You a Cough?
GET A BOTTLE OF
Harte's Cough Mixture
JUST THE THING. PRICE 25c.
J. A. HARTE, Druggist
150 Notre Dame West
Telephone 1190 Main.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

LAKESHORE DELIVERY

WALTER PAUL'S Waggons will commence running along the Lake Shore as far as St. Anne's, on Saturday, 11th May.

All orders must be in on Friday before 5 p.m.

WALTER PAUL,
Cor. Metcalfe and St. Catherine Sts.
PHONES—UP 1237, 1238, 1239.

The Daily Witness.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

'Daily Witness' .. ....12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness'. .. ..12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide' .. .. ..12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger' 12 mos.	.40

CLUBBING RATES.

Two or three publications to the same address.

	worth	only
'Daily Witness' and 'World Wide'	$4.50	$3.50
'Daily Witness' and 'Messenger' .	3.40	3.10
'Daily,' 'World Wide' and 'Messenger'	4.90	3.40
'Weekly Witness' and 'World Wide'	2.50	2.00
'Weekly Witness' and 'Messenger' .	1.40	1.20
'Weekly,' 'World Wide' and 'Messenger'	2.90	2.20

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland, Great Britain, Malta, Gibraltar, New Zealand, Jamaica, Trinidad, Bahama Island, Transvaal, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia, Sarawak, Zanzibar, Hongkong and Cyprus.

U.S. Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands, 'Daily Witness,' $5.00 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' 50c extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 50c extra, except in 'Messenger' clubs to one address, when every four copies will be fifty cents extra postage per annum.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list as follows:—'Daily Witness,' $3.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 50c extra; 'World Wide,' subscription price, including postage to foreign countries, only $1.50.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $1.50 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' of Montreal.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exercise all possible care in excluding from its columns all financial and other advertisements of a doubtful or suspicious nature, and accepting only such as they believe to be genuine and bona fide, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee these advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them.

Saturday Advertising.

ADVERTISERS will find it to their advantage, in securing proper display and classification, to send in their orders early. The 'Witness' Office is open until 6.30 p.m., and insertion will not be guaranteed on orders for Saturday received after that hour on Friday.

● L.Q. 4 ☾ N.M. 12	MAY	○ F.Q. 20 ☾ F.M. 27				
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THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907.

Once upon a time, Mr. Godfroy Langlois wrote a pamphlet, with the title, 'Down with the Senate.' It was in the unregenerate days when the wicked Tories were in office and the Senate was just used as a second registry office for their evil designs, or to act as executioners for bills in the popular House, which the government was afraid to put to death. Now, for ten years or more, the enlightened Liberals have been in office, and those who once cursed the Senate live to bless it and to share its dignities and emoluments. Of such are Sir Richard Cartwright and the veteran Hon. George Ross. So different is the character of the Senate now, as compared with its unconverted past, that Senator Cloran, as it were, invited Mr. Langlois to go on the repentance stool and take back what he had said about it. Mr. Bickerdike says that while he did not at one time see much use in the Senate, he has now changed his mind. So wonderfully does the view point affect the scenery. Mr. Langlois, however, is not able to see the beauties of even the present Senate eye to eye with its new friends. He is able to say, that, 'perhaps it is better than it was,' but 'he fails to see any signs of that reform 'they used to champion in bygone days.' Now, he allows his mind to wander to a dread possibility. 'Supposing,' he says, 'the Tories should come back to power 'and remain in power fifteen years, and 'the Liberal senators are replaced by 'Conservatives, I believe that my old 'pamphlet of "Down with the Senate" 'would still have to do duty.' Whatever may be the case with the federal Senate, we are sure that we could very well spare our Legislative Council, whose only purpose seems to be to protect the interests of monopoly against those of the public. Yet it is not a Tory body at all but has a big Liberal majority. There may be some good use which such bodies serve, but when it comes to the question whether we can afford them we have to place against this all the harm they do. If Ontario and all the other provinces except Nova Scotia can get along without an irresponsible house surely we can.

Rigorous official censorship has prevented the outside world from knowing much of what has occurred in German South-West Africa during the three years a native war has been in progress there. That the campaign was costing an expenditure of blood and treasure out of proportion to the value of the country, and the honor and glory to be gained in a conflict with native savages, was shown by the number of troops sent to the colony and the money voted by the Reichstag for the prosecution of the war. From what has leaked out in the way of news through native channels in British and Portuguese South Africa, the campaign has been a series of merciless reprisals on both sides. The country, sterile enough in the most favorable seasons and conditions, has been frequently swept by fire, designedly started to deprive native herds of grazing, and again lighted by the natives to retard the march of pursuing troops. With their country thus desolated and unable to continue the conflict for want of food, the Herreros took the only course open them and attempted to trek five hundred miles across the terrible Calahari Desert to British territory in the vicinity of Lake Ngami. Their number is stated to have been fifteen thousand. The horrors of that flight of hunted natives, two-thirds of them women and children, may be imagined but not described. Only four thousand reached their destination, eleven thousand having perished of starvation by the way. Like the infamies of the Congo region, these horrors are calculated to give the natives of Africa a singular view of the blessings of civilization and of the Christianity which the white nations profess.

PEACE.

In his message to the Peace Congress President Roosevelt urged on the delegates that, though it was their bounden duty to work for peace, yet it was even more their duty to work for righteousness and justice. He urged furthermore that it is righteousness which exalteth a nation; and though normally peace is the handmaid of righteousness, yet if they are ever at odds, it is righteousness whose cause must be espoused. To this Mr. Carnegie replied that the first principle of justice is that men should not be judges in their own cause. Peace and righteousness could not be divorced. What could be greater righteousness than peace on earth and good will toward men? That right is not going to be reached by men judging their own cause and bringing it to the arbitrament of physical prowess it needs no argument to prove, but what arbitrament is to replace the old one it is not so easy to dogmatize about. To say that arbitration is the essence of justice demands two things, first, a competent and unbiased court, and, second, obedience to its mandates. Cases of arbitration as they now occur between man and man and between nation and nation do not escape to any great degree the rule of might over right. In very many cases there is no law by which the matter can be adjudged. In still more cases there is no rule that both will equally recognize. So that the only thing left for the arbitrator to do is to get the parties together by finding how much of the difference each can be induced to yield. This is simply the law of the strongest. It does not relieve the parties of the cost of armaments, as it is on their comparative strength that the case is really decided. The intervention of the mediator would, however, in most cases render the use of these armaments happily unnecessary. While the theorist is soaring in the realms of the ideal, the statesman has to look at the world as it is, discarding illusions. There have always been those who would reform humanity at a stroke, and those who see only moderate changes to be possible or even desirable. The world needs them both. Without either, the reforms would not come to pass. When the prophets of peace have taught mankind to abhor war as a curse to the conquerors as well as to the conquered, the nations will find other and more intelligent ways of dealing with encroachment and selfishness. It is possible that the men of good will may be able to make a combination so strong that it will be able to police the world not in the interest of the king's peace, as was the old phrase, but in the interest of the peace of the King of kings—peace between nations and peoples. It may be that the influence of an international court may in time become so strong that none will dare to contravene its decrees, though the punishment be nothing but the indignation of mankind. By what steps it will come we cannot tell, but we certainly know that the time will come when men will be brothers the world over.

THE MAKERS OF GREAT GUNS.

An instance of the way conditions sometimes conflict with theories has occurred at Woolwich, the great centre in England for the manufacture of cannons and other warfare material for army equipment. The number of men employed by the government in these works is very large. Nearly all of them belong to, and usually vote with, the Labor party, the organs of which never tire of denouncing 'bloated armaments' and the wastefulness of militarism. Pursuing its policy of retrenchment and reduction of armament the government recently discharged several hundreds of workmen. All were mechanics, skilled in special trades connected with the making of army supplies and the munitions of war. This practical application of the principle advocated by the Labor party and its organs drew from them immediate and loud protests in strange contrast with their previous denunciations of the folly and waste of armaments. When the war in South Africa broke out, it caught the War Department, as usual, wofully unprepared. The deficiencies caused by years of neglect had to be made good in hot haste. The hands employed at Woolwich Arsenal were doubled and ten million pounds were devoted to that purpose. Three years ago Mr. Arnold-Forster reported to parliament that the work was completed. But the government entered into large contracts with private firms for supplementing its own works in making supplies of war material. These have some years still to run and are considered by the present government quite adequate to all requirements. As these contracts must be fulfilled, the workmen in Woolwich Arsenal are the first to suffer from the cessation of work. It has been pointed out to them that this is absolutely unavoidable. It would be impossible for private concerns engaged in the manufacture of guns, ammunition and equipment to provide and maintain expensive plant if their business were liable to be brought to an end in this way: so that, unless the government wished to wipe them all out, it has to bear the vicissitudes of war and peace primarily at its own works. If the private works were closed such plants as they carry on could not suddenly be created and skilled mechanics obtained in a hurry should a war break out. There would be a tremendous dismissing of men should the labor party's views go into general operation. But there could not be a better time in the world's history than the present for men to be thrown out of the unprofitable work of preparing for war as the arts of peace are everywhere crying out for skilled men and many times the number of those dismissed would be speedily absorbed in any large city if they have any adaptability at all. That, however, is not a quality largely developed among the employees in government shops.

A GERMAN DUEL.

We are not the only people who dread monopolies, because they have made us suffer in the past, and who find it necessary to fight against them. A great part of Germany, for instance, at the present time is in revolt against the attempt of a huge syndicate to acquire a monopoly of the supply of electricity in bulk for power and lighting purposes. The facts not only show the constantly increasing tendency of great combinations of capital to extend their operations, but they also show how this unconscionable tendency has been scotched in part by some of the German municipalities. What two German 'captains of industry' contemplated makes our so-called captains look like privates. The story goes that early in 1900 Herr Thyssen, engaged in the iron, and Herr Stime, engaged in the coal industry, conceived the truly great idea of converting the whole of the Rhenish-Westphalia area into a district which should be exclusively supplied by them with electricity for power and lighting purposes. With this intent they set going the Rhenish-Westphalian Electricity Supply Company, which had previously only served to supply their own works. The initial capital was less than a million dollars, but by 1903 the concern had developed so rapidly that it was increased to two millions and a half and in the next year to twenty-five millions.

At first the policy was pursued of offering current at a low rate, which induced the great iron and steel works in the district around Essen, where the central plant was situated, to take their supply from the company. Having secured a practical monopoly in Essen and Altendorf, the company extended its business rapidly in all directions, its operations including the attempt to acquire the municipal electric power and lighting plant at Dortmund, in order to wipe out opposition and competition from one end of Rhenish Westphalia to the other. Dortmund, however, realized that the dependent position to which the country was being reduced was a menace of danger, threatening injury to the interests of all the communities affected, and it met the overtures for absorption with flat refusal. Says Mr. E. R. Dunkley, in the London 'Chronicle':

Encouraged by this step, the municipality of Haven dealt a blow at the syndicate by initiating, in co-operation with the local authorities of neighboring towns, a scheme for the erection of a great municipal electricity works for the supply of a wide area. The undertaking is remarkable from the fact that it has taken the form of a joint stock concern with a capital of £225,000, held proportionately by the towns to be served by the works. Yet another reverse awaited the monopoly, for while it was opening up negotiations for the acquisition of the electricity works at the glass centres, Gerresheim and Bath, the municipality of Dusseldorf, which, by the absorption of these places in the Thyssen-Stime combination, would have ultimately suffered seriously, intervened and purchased both undertakings at enormous cost. . . .

The silk centre of Germany, Crefeld, has also forestalled the monopoly by contracting with an adjacent colliery company for its entire supply in bulk. Yet another scheme for bringing the large towns of Dusseldorf, Cologne, and Munich-Gladbach, into one common area of supply had to be abandoned, because of the great distance separating them; but the cotton manufacturing town of Rheidt is now negotiating with the authorities of Dusseldorf to be supplied thence in bulk. Even the colliery towns and villages are so hostile to the monopoly that the electric light railway companies serving them have made arrangements to provide power stations in order to supply those places to which the combination has made tempting offers.

These movements mean that a very large area is effectually closed against any further realization of the ambitious aims of the Rhenish-Westphalia Company, and they also indicate that 'although German opinion is much more 'tolerant towards the methods of commercial and financial combinations than 'elsewhere, its approval ceases when the 'interests of municipal bodies are at 'stake.' We have something akin to this movement here. The municipality of Westmount has undertaken large electric works, and offers Montreal the release from bondage which the extension of the Westmount wires would ensure. But Montreal does not seem like these German cities to want to be free. In Massachusetts the legislature has had before it a bill permitting gas and electric light companies to combine. It has so altered it that gas may combine with gas, and electric light with electric light; but the two forms of lighting may not combine with each other further than they have already done. The ground on which this change was made was that while considerable economies may be supposed to be effected by combining either form of lighting, little or none could be looked for by combining the different kinds, the purpose of combination in that case being simply to do away with that competition between them which is so important to the citizens. Such legal limitations are, however, fences that are easily stepped over. The Dusseldorf-Westmount method is probably the only effective one.

THE WEED'S PHILOSOPHY.

1.

Nay, but tell me, am I not unlucky indeed
To arise from the Earth, and be only a weed?

2.

Ever since I came out of my dark little seed,
I have tried to live rightly, but still am a weed.

3.

To be torn by the roots and destroyed—this my meed
And despised by the gardener for being a weed.

4.

Ah, but why was I born when man longs to be freed
Of a thing so obnoxious and bad as a weed.

5.

Now the cause of myself and my brothers, I plead,
Say, can any good come of my being a weed?

6.

If a purpose divine all creation decreed,
Then there must be some benefit from me—a weed.

7.

If of evil and suffering the world still has need
In its path of development, then I—a weed.

8.

Must form part of that plan which in Nature I read,—
Though I live but to die just for being—a weed.

MARTHA MARTIN.

DESERTIONS FROM BRITISH SQUADRON.

Three Hundred Men Missing When Warships Left American Waters

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS OFFERED FOR CAPTURE OF A PETTY OFFICER.

Hamilton, Bermuda, May 9.— The British cruiser squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Neville, which arrived at Bermuda yesterday from Hampton Roads, reports that wholesale desertions from the British ships occurred while they were in American waters. It is estimated that over three hundred men, including many chief petty officers, deserted. For the apprehension of a chief yeoman of signals a reward of $500 is offered.

POWER IN ONTARIO.

Report of the Hydro-Electric Commission.

EASTERN PART OF PROVINCE POSSESSES IMMENSE WATER POWER POSSIBILITIES.

Toronto, May 9.—That Ontario possesses an immense heritage of water power in the east is proved by the fourth report of the Hydro-Electric Commission just issued. The report deals with the Ottawa Valley and St. Lawrence River districts, and details the immense power potentialities afforded by the veritable network of rivers which flow in these districts. The report was prepared by the old Commission, composed of the Hon. Adam Beck, and Messrs. G. H. Pattison, M.P.P., and John Milne, of Hamilton, with an engineering report by Mr. Cecil B. Smith.

'Your commissioners respectfully submit,' says the report, that in the central and southern portions of the district the future needs of the various industrial centres will fully tax the capacity of the available smaller water powers, and the St. Lawrence River will need to be developed in a large way to fully get requirements. All over the northern portion, including the Upper Ottawa Valley, and tributaries, there is ample water power available for generations to come, which will have a marked influence on the development of the mineral and timber reserves of this part of the province.

An important feature of the report is that in which it points out the possibilities of power in aiding the mining industries, as is shown in the mining district adjacent to Cobalt. It says there is at present a large market for electrical power for use in mines, and, doubtless, this market will tend to increase for some years; but, while there are ample undeveloped water powers on the Montreal River to meet the requirements of such a market, your Commissioners do not suggest a large development at present until it has been more fully demonstrated that the market mentioned is sufficiently stable to warrant large investments. The Montreal River has 13,000 horse power adjacent to the Cobalt mines.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE

SIR WILFRID AS A FACTOR IN THE ENTENTE CORDIALE.

Referring to the enthusiasm created by Sir Wilfrid Laurier's remarks on the relations between England and France, in the presence of a large number of British and French statesmen, at the recent banquet given by Lord Strathcona, the 'Presse' reproduces the following words spoken by ex-President Loubet, when the British ambassador, the Hon. Mr. Lemieux, and Mr. Hector Fabre went to thank him for the State funeral given to the late Mr. Prefontaine by the French Government:—

'I will die happy to have left in the course of my career, the work, the great work of the "entente cordiale." I was quite convinced that the common interest of France and England demanded that we should write, first to protect ourselves against the other nations of the world, and further to protect even the world itself. But do you know who confirmed me in these views, who irrevocably placed in my mind a feeling of duty with which I ardently complied? It was the eminent statesman who leads the destinies of Canada, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He was, more than I, in a position to appreciate the loyal and conciliating character of Great Britain. He gave me views which I could easily understand when they were developed, and when I met my friend, Edward VII. and found him inclined with the same views, we came to that "entente" which I untiringly admire.'

THE DOUKHOBORS

TO BE COMPELLED TO TAKE OUT NATURALIZATION PAPERS.

Winnipeg, May 9.—Mr. J. W. Speer, colonization agent, stated yesterday that the commission, headed by the Rev. John McDougall, had completed the wok among the Doukhobors. The plan the government will likely adopt in dealing with this sect will be to compel them to take out naturalization papers and become full British citizens. Those who refuse to comply and make regular entry will be given sufficient land on which to maintain themselves, but will not be given homesteads. The Doukhobors are understood to consider this an acceptable proposition.

COBALT NEWS.

The directors of the Kerr Lake Mining Company decided at a special meeting held on May 3 to issue 150,000 shares to which they themselves will subscribe. It was determined to drain eight feet of water from the lake, which is only four feet deep at the south-west end, where their property is situated. This will expose a considerable portion of the bed to prospectors.

The Trethewey is said to have on the dumps enough low-grade ore to pay 20 percent on the capital stock of the company. Directors are said to be contemplating the concentration of the ore from the mines.

Nipissing shipments have been held back by the late spring. Ice is still on the Cobalt Lake, but it will not bear the weight of a team of horses.

It is now the intention to continue sinking on the first three leads of the McKinley-Darragh mine, and to proceed with the cross-cutting on the 150-foot level. By this process a new vein has been found at that level. The first shaft on Savage is now 111 feet deep, but this will go about 30 feet further, and drilling will commence.

Col. John I. Davidson reports that work is progressing very satisfactorily upon the Silver Queen mine. There are 214,000 pounds of ore ready for shipment, and the reason a shipment has not been made was on account of the inability of the smelter to handle the ore at the moment.

A SPLENDID RECORD

NOT A SINGLE PASSENGER KILLED OR HURT IN QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

The Quebec and Lake St. John railway, which recently passed into the control of the Canadian Northern, has now been in operation, in whole or in part, for about twenty-five years, and during that time has carried nearly five million passengers. During all this time not one passenger has been killed, or even hurt, nor has there been a collision on the road. It is doubted if there is another railway in America with a similar record.

CHILDREN'S MEMORIAL HOSPITAL CONCERT.

To-morrow afternoon, at 3.30, in the High School Hall, Peel street, the Montreal Conservatory of Music is giving a Popular Concert for the Children's Memorial Hospital (Maxwell Extension). Mr. Seifert—the Director of the Conservatory—has taken a great deal of trouble in personally preparing the various items of the programme. This concert will be very enjoyable. Miss Dolly Lucas plays a concerto of De Beviot, which is a brilliant example of the French School. The violin quartette of the Conservatory will play several new numbers, and vocal and piano solos will make a most attractive concert. The Rev. Principal Shaw will make an address.

JUST OUT.

The following are the contents of this week's issue of 'World Wide.':—

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

The Colonial Conference—The 'Spectator,' London.
The Premiers and the New Constitution—An Important Agreement—The 'Tribune,' London.
The Future of the Conference—The 'Times,' London.
The Colonial Conference—The Colonies Concerned—Springfield 'Republican,'
Canada's Reviving Lake Marine—'Evening Wisconsin.'
Uniform Fishing Regulations for the Great Lakes—New York 'Evening Post.'
The Russian Douma and Political Assassination—Bernard Pares, in the 'Spectator,' London.
M. de Martens on the Douma—The 'Times,' London.
Aladin's Answer to Martens—'Globe and Commercial Advertiser,' New York.
Two Months of the Douma—New York 'Evening Post.'
The Douma in Recess—'Globe and Commercial Advertiser,' New York.
China Taking a Firm Grip on Manchuria—The 'Sun,' New York.
How Spain Greets an Heir to the Throne—New York 'Times.'
The King of Spain's Throne—'Globe and Commercial Advertiser,' New York.
A Persian Practice and a Persian Potentate—E. Crawshay-Williams, in the 'Westminster Gazette.'
By Rail Towards Mecca—Down the Hejaz Railway—Correspondence of the Manchester 'Guardian.'

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

Mr. Beerbohm Tree's Visit to Berlin—'Irish Times,' Dublin.
European vs. American Schools of Painting—The Carnegie Institute Exhibition Reviewed by Kenyon Cox—New York 'Evening Post.'

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

The Old Stoic—Poem, by Emily Bronte.
Slumber Song—By Mary H. Poynter, in New Zealand 'Verse.'
On a Journey to Altruria—Springfield 'Republican.'
A Plain Gentleman Adventurer—Hugh de Selincourt, in the 'Tribune,' London.
Liberal Roman Catholicism in France—The 'Spectator,' London.

HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

The Centenary of Agassiz—The Tribute of a Life-long Friend—Thomas Wentworth Higginson, in the Boston 'Transcript.'
His Fiftieth Birthday—Poem, by Longfellow, May 28, 1857.
The Heavens in May—Frederic Campbell, in the Brooklyn 'Daily Eagle.'
Education and Empire—The 'Times,' London.

So many men so many minds. Every man in his own way.—Terence.

'World Wide' is a weekly reprint of articles and cartoons from leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

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Thursday, May 9th, 1907

THE VERY NICEST IN

Baby's Garments.

The new department for Infants' wear that we opened a short time ago is proving a great success. We went to great trouble to get together all the pretty things you can see there.

Selected many of them individually in London Eng., and cabled for further shipments; went to New York too, and bought the best they had to offer there, and the consequence is that we have the choicest and most high class goods of their kind in the city.

Just at present we're holding a special sale. Tomorrow's the 2nd day, and here's what we have to offer you then.

Infant's White Cambric Dress, with dainty yoke of embroidered muslin, pretty embroidered frill and hemstitched neck and sleeves, **$1.25.**

Girls' Underskirts of fine Nainsook, with a wide frill, trimmed with insertions and tucks and edged with fine lace. Sizes 22 to 34 inches. Exceptional value. **.79 to $1.15.**

Children's Gimp of fine muslin, tucked front and back. Collar and cuffs. Sizes 6 to 14 years, . . **.50**

Infants' Day Robes of fine muslin, with a pretty yoke of fine floral Val. insertion back and front. The neck and sleeves trimmed with fine lace and beading. Skirt beautifully trimmed with lace insertion and fine tucks. and edged with wide lace to match, ... **$2.95**

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English Bibs, fine quality muslin and fine laces. Very special **.40.**

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BAKER'S GROCERY STORE.

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Pure Maple Syrup, 80c tin or 25c bottle		7 lbs. Rolled Oats, MacIntosh	25c
Best White Potatoes	$1.00 bag	7 lbs. Cornmeal, fresh	25c
Best Creamery Butter	28c lb.	7 lbs. Buckwheat Flour	25c
Extra Granulated Sugar, 21 lbs.	$1.00	7 lbs. Graham Flour	25c
3 Tins Peas and Corn	25c	7 lbs. Pastry Flour	25c
Fresh New Laid Eggs	20c doz.	7 lbs. Bermuda Onions	25c

We are still receiving every day extra fine Oranges and Pineapples, and all kinds of Fresh Green Vegetables.

ALL PRICES ARE LOW PRICES.

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MONTREALER MADE PRIOR

FATHER MURPHY, OF THE TRAPPIST MONASTERY IN LONSDALE, R.I., GETS THE APPOINTMENT.

The Rev. Father Dom Jean-Marie Murphy, formerly well-known Montreal business man, who entered the Trappist Order in 1883, has just been appointed Prior of the new monastery of the same Order at Lonsdale, Rhode Island, known under the name of 'Our Lady o. the Valley.'

JUDGE GRANT

Ottawa, May 7.—David Grant has been appointed junior judge at Vancouver.

CARON PLEADED GUILTY.

Detectives Sampson and Cowan arrested Emile Caron, 22 years of age, of Amherst street, on Tuesday afternoon, on the charge of shopbreaking. Yesterday, before Mr. Lafontaine, he pleaded guilty to having been implicated, with Alfred Desroches, who is in jail awaiting enquete, in having broken into the following places: E. Gelinas' boot and shoe store, 160 St. Catherine street east; J. Bisaillon's drug store, 258 St. Denis street; R. N. Sevigny's hardware store, 514 St. James street; Mrs. J. Mantha's cigar store, 142 St. Catherine street, and a restaurant on St. Lawrence Boulevard. The accused was remanded until May 14 for enquete.

COCOS TREASURE HUNTERS FAIL.

Earl Fitzwilliam's Vessel Wrecked off Coast of Honduras.

New Orleans, May 7.—The 'Anselm,' which arrived last night, brought the crew of the steamer 'Attiquin,' a private vessel belonging to the Earl Fitzwilliam.

The 'Attiquin' was a large vessel built after the style of an auxiliary cruiser. She cleared from Bristol, England, stopped at Tampa and Belize, British Honduras, which point she left for a voyage around Cape Horn, her destination being Cocos Island, off the west coast of Central America, where it was the intention of the Earl, her owner, to search for treasure.

The vessel was beached and wrecked off the coast of Honduras and is a complete loss.

The owner and crew escaped narrowly with their lives. The Earl and Countess Fitzwilliam went to Belize, where they were cared for by the British colonial authorities, while the crew were sent to New Orleans. They will be forwarded from here to New York.

This is the second expedition sent out by Earl Fitzwilliam within the past three years to uncover the fabled treasure on Cocos Island that has come to grief. In the latter part of 1904 the steamer 'Veronique,' which was chartered for the purpose by Earl Fitzwilliam, carried the Earl, Admiral Palliser, retired, of the British navy; Col. Carter, of the British army, and several other friends of Earl Fitzwilliam to the famous treasure island off the Pacific coast of Costa Rica.

The Earl stopped at Jamaica and took on two expert miners and sixteen negro laborers, with a mass of equipment and supplies. The steamer finally got to Cocos after a rough trip around the Horn. When the party got to the island an old German, who was about the only resident of the place, told the Englishmen that if they looked in the right place they could find £6,000,000 of treasure and a golden statue of a goddess robed in a costume of royal gems. The German said that he guessed the statue was buried under a cliff that overlooked the sea.

The miners prepared to blow up the cliff and get at the statue in that way, but a premature blast blew the top of the cliff down on top of them. Those who escaped went to work to dig out their comrades, assisted by the Earl. There was a landslide which buried the Earl and his men in the sand, and gave him a fractured skull. A dozen of the men were sent to the American Hospital at Ancon, Panama. As soon as the Earl was able to travel he and his friends went back home.

Earl Fitzwilliam, who is 35 years old, has always been a great adventure hunter, especially if the adventure had anything to do with mining engineering, in which he is especially interested. His attention was turned to Cocos Island by Admiral Palliser, who heard about it while he was in command of the Pacific station. The admiral suffered a violent attack of the buried treasure fever, and was a little dilatory in filling orders from the British Admiralty office. He was persuaded later to resign, and then returned home to tip off Lord Fitzwilliam. The expedition cost the Earl $300,000.

Earl Fitzwilliam was born in Canada, and was the oldest son of Viscount Milton, M.P., and Laura, daughter of Lord Charles Beauclerk. He married a daughter of the Marquis of Zetland. He succeeded his grandfather, the sixth Earl Fitzwilliam, in 1902. He carried despatches for the Army Headquarters Staff during the Boer war, for which he received the Order of Distinguished Merit. He is Master of the Wentworth Hounds and the Wicklow Harriers. He has vast estates in Yorkshire and in County Wicklow, Ireland, which are said to aggregate 115,000 acres, from which he derives an income of more than $500,000 a year. He is one of the wealthiest peers of the empire.

The Cocos treasure is supposed to have got there in 1820, when there was a big revolt in Peru, and the wealthy citizens at Callao took their valuables out and buried them on the island. While they were going back to Peru to fight a sloop of war sunk all on board but two men. The story runs that these two men finally got back to the island and picked up $7,500 worth of treasure, but on the way back one of them was eaten by sharks. The other fitted up a ship at Panama for treasure hunting purposes, but was arrested and narrowly escaped being executed. Then he died a natural death.

QUEBEC APPEALS

Ottawa, May 8.—It was announced in the Supreme Court this morning that the Quebec appeals would not be taken up till next Monday.

ST. JAMES CHURCH PROSPERS.

Encouraging progress in church work was reported at the quarterly meeting of St. James Methodist Church Tuesday evening. It was stated that ninety new members have been added to the roll during the year, and these do not include those who have come forward as a result of Dr. Torrey's mission. The work of the Sunday Schools and the Epworth League is growing, and all the finances are satisfactory. It was unanimously resolved to add $150 to the salary of the Rev. Dr. Young for the past year, and an increase of $250 was heartily voted for next year. A cordial invitation was passed to the Rev. G. D. Armstrong, assistant pastor, to remain for another year. The following stewards were elected:—Dr. Morrow, Messrs. James Allardice, John Torrance, A. T. Lawrence, J. Allen, Geo. Lamb, and W. H. Parsons, with Messrs. Parkes, Torrance, Carson and Matthews as delegates to the district meeting. It is hoped that at the annual meeting of the Trustee board in June the debt on the church will be reduced by $2,000.

That Tired Feeling

That comes to you every spring is a sign that your blood is wanting in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that your blood is impure.

One of the great facts of experience and observation is that Hood's Sarsaparilla always removes That Tired Feeling, gives new life, new courage, strength and animation; cleanses the blood, clears the complexion, builds up the whole system.

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READABLE PARAGRAPHS

Mrs. Suburbs—Do you still receive that dreadful Mrs. Comealwus at your At Homes?'

Mrs. Tiptop—'Impossible to get her to take a hint. Do you know, when she called I never offered her a chair.'

Mrs. Suburbs—'And what was the result?'

Mrs. Tiptop—'Result? Why, the next time she came she brought a folding camp stool with her.'

At school, David had great difficulty with his arithmetic problems, and his teacher tried in vain to make him understand. Finally, to bring the matter home, he said: 'If I should go into your father's shop and say I wanted two pounds of meat and he only had a pound and a half, what would he do?'

The boy thought profoundly for a moment, and then said, 'He would make up the weight with his thumb'

WHAT HE HIT.

'The golf caddy,' said a Southern journalist, as he chewed a sprig of mint, 'is a new type. This lad is independent, witty, altogether without reverence.

'On John D. Rockefeller's visit to Bon Air, he tried a little golf one afternoon in the neighborhood of Augusta.

'On a rather difficult shot Mr. Rockefeller struck too low with his iron, and as the dirt flew he said to his caddy:

'"What have I hit?"

'The boy answered with a harsh laugh:

'"Georgia, boss."'—Minneapolis 'Journal.'

'WHAT IS IT CAUSES SHIPWRECK?'

Among the many multi-millionnaires South Africa has furnished London with is one who, although he has since learned to read and write, could do neither in the old days when he was making a fortune at Kimberley. His want of education was a standing joke among the members of the Kimberley Club, where he was wont to spend his afternoons, pretending to read a newspaper, which he more often than not held upside down. In those days the English newspapers were not so freely circulated in South Africa, and readers had to depend on a 'Shipping Gazette' style of journal, in which the advertisements were generally headed by the block of a ship in full sail. X., as we will call him, it being useless to try to invent an assumed German name, was holding this newspaper upside down, when a friend approached and put the usual question, 'Well, my boy, what's the news?' 'Oh, noding much,' replied X, 'only a lot of bloomin' shipwrecks,' pointing to the inverted pictures of the sailing vessels.—'Illustrated Bits.'

Remember Your Friends

Now is the time to send your friends in the Old Country a few pounds of Maple Sugar and a Can or two of the famous Eastern Townships Maple Syrup.

We are now booking orders and making daily shipments to all parts of Great Britain, Europe, the United States and Canada.

We make arrangements to prepay all charges and deliver the goods free at their respective destinations, if desired, thereby saving you a lot of unnecessary trouble.

Our stock of Maple Syrup and Maple Sugar is heavier than usual this year, and we guarantee every drop of syrup and every pound of sugar to be absolutely pure.

PURE MAPLE SYRUP

Imperial Quart Cans	40c each
Imperial Half-gallon Cans	75c each
Imperial Gallon Cans	$1.25 each
Gallon Cans, wine measure	$1.00 each

PURE MAPLE SUGAR

We are offering a very fine lot of Pure Sugar, specially put up for our fancy trade, in 1-lb. blocks. Each cake is neatly wrapped up in parchment paper. Price, 15c per lb.

This is one of the best lots we have ever handled, and is specially suitable for export. Bright colored and extra quality.

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It purifies, it invigorates the blood, it regenerates the system.

Drink regularly several times a day.

ASK IT FROM YOUR DEALER.

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'ISLAND CITY WORKS.'

Floor Paints

DRY IN 8 HOURS.

Inside and Outside Paints all ready mixed in 60 tints.

Aluminum Paints

Enamelled Paints

P. D. DODS & CO., Props.

BUSINESS MEN.

Get your invoices printed at the 'Witness' Printing House.

LATEST PHASE OF MONROE DOCTRINE.

Mr. Stead Believes the United States Will Command Canadian Soldiers to Stay at Home.

'Yes, you're quite right. I've got a good live subject to talk to them about. I don't have much to do with corpses.'

This was a remark which Mr. W. T. Stead, the famous journalist, made to a 'Witness' interviewer at the Windsor Hotel this morning. He was lying flat on his back on a sofa, his grey-blue eyes fixed on the ceiling, and in that restful position he poured forth a torrent of information and opinion on all sorts of interesting subjects. He is a man of about middle height, his fine head sparsely covered with grey hair, which has a decided tendency to curl. But there is nothing of the old man about him. He is full of nervous energy—energy which not only finds expression in an extraordinary flow of the most pronounced and often of the most original opinions, but also in constant movement. As he lay on his back and talked this morning, he was running his hand constantly over his face and through his hair, and when presently he jumped up and took a turn or two round the room, he seemed quite capable of looking any man in the eye and maintaining his opinion by force of arms, as they say at the peace conferences.

The live subject which he referred to in the remark above quoted was: 'Is Canada an integral part of the British Empire, in peace and in war?' and it is upon this subject, he said, that he intends to speak to the Canadian Club tonight.

'I'm going to give them my opinions on it,' he remarked, 'and then I'm going to invite them to give me their opinions, and ask me questions, so that we can have a discussion. You see, I want to learn what Canadians think on this subject. That is why I have come to Montreal.'

'And what is your opinion on the subject, Mr. Stead?'

'My opinion on the subject you will learn to-night,' he quickly replied, shaking his head and laughing, as much as to say, 'I'm as 'cute as you are, you see.'

'You doubtless maintain that Canada is an integral part of the Empire, sharing equally in its wars as in its peace.'

'Well, I've got my opinions,' he said. 'But I don't think Canadians as a rule realize the vast importance of this subject. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, I believe, has thrashed the matter out and arrived at very definite conclusions, and I think the Canadian people ought to do the same. The question is complicated by the Monroe doctrine. Very few people here realize what a risk Canada ran in sending men to South Africa. It might have resulted in war with the United States, and it is quite possible that if anything of the kind occurs again, the United States will step in and stop Canada from sending a single soldier abroad.

'Do you mean to say that the United States has stretched the Monroe doctrine so as to make it apply to wars abroad as well as to wars of invasion on this continent?'

'That is exactly what I mean,' he said. 'That is the latest development of the Monroe doctrine. Only a few days ago I was assured by a gentleman occupying a very high position in the United States Government that if he had been Secretary of State during the South African war he would have prohibited Canada from sending troops to South Africa, and if that prohibition had been neglected he would have declared war with Canada all along the border. And that, I find, is the opinion that is growing in the United States. The idea is, of course, to treat wars as plagues that devastate the old hemisphere, but shall not involve the new world. That idea, I think, is a very good one, but you see what important questions it involves.'

Speaking of the peace conference which he had attended in Chicago, Mr. Stead digressed for a moment to the subject of newspapers, remarking that the papers of the United States distorted facts in a most monstrous fashion. For instance, in Chicago he and a lady had quite an amicable discussion as to the form a resolution should take, and the papers came out with accounts that made it look as though the two had had a violent altercation and nearly came to blows in the presence of thousands of persons, thrilled to an intense pitch of excitement. What was the use or the value, he wanted to know, of distorting everything in that way. If the people wanted fairy yarns, why look at the possibilities of 'Jack and the beanstalk.' But was it the function of a newspaper to supply fairy yarns? Emphatically not, he declared. The chief value of a newspaper was its news, and if that could not be depended upon what was the good of it? Infinitely better fairy yarns could be had in other forms. And he was sorry to say, he added, that the press of the Old Country was now to a certain extent indulging in similar escapades. In fact, the only absolutely reliable newspapers in London, in his opinion, were the 'Westminster Gazette' and the 'Spectator.'

From the forthcoming Peace Conference at The Hague he expected a good deal, he went on to say. He thought much would be done in the formulation of international laws, and there was sure to be an instructive discussion on whether arbitration should be compulsory or not. Arbitration he looked on as a splendid thing, but he thought appeal should be allowed to war in extreme cases. The point which the British Government intended to press, he remarked, was the proposal to stop the increase of armaments. Mr. Stead was asked if he would attend the conference in any representative capacity.

'No,' he said, 'I am going, as your readers will naturally imagine from the very amusing article in the 'Witness' yesterday, first and foremost to represent myself. Then I am going to wire two thousand words every night to a syndicate of American newspapers, and lastly I am going to publish a weekly at The Hague during the Conference, in English and French.'

Touching lightly on British politics, Mr. Stead spoke of the power of the House of Lords. There was this new Irish measure, for instance. It was not home rule by an means, but intended as something towards it, and judging from the hearty way in which Conservatives were condemning it, there certainly appeared much that was commendable in it. But what was the good of the Commons wasting their time over it. The Lords would never pass it, for Balfour had a majority of six to one in the House of Lords.

'I told Balfour just before I came away,' he remarked, 'that the House of Commons might as well hand this Irish bill over to him without further delay, together with a blue pencil, and then pass what he was pleased not to strike out, for that was what would happen eventually in any case.'

'Could the House of Lords do what it liked with Liberal legislation? Well, he should think it could. Were they afraid of popular sentiment. Not much! Why, they were so sure of their power that they threw out the Education Bill, on which the Liberal Government was returned to power, and which was passed by the House of Commons by a large majority.

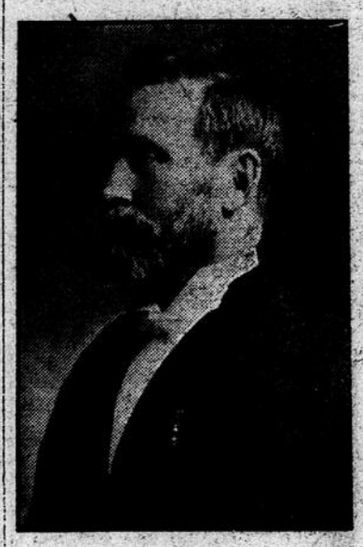
'They coolly sat upon it,' he declared, 'and nobody even attempted to pull their nose or kick them from behind. Nothing but popular sentiment at the explosive point would frighten them, and that's what we have not got in England as far as the House of Lords is concerned. Even the Liberals do not want the House of Lords done away with. I canvassed the Liberal members on that question myself, and found nobody in favor of the cry, "Down with the House of Lords."'

THE NATIONAL SPIRIT.

Senator Dandurand Thinks Educational Institutions Should Foster it.

PRIVATE INTERESTS SHOULD NOT PREVENT CARE FOR THE PUBLIC WEAL.

Senator Dandurand, who has always taken a very keen interest in political, municipal and educational affairs in this city, was interviewed by a 'Witness' representative, this morning, and asked his opinion as to what could be done to create greater enthusiasm among the citizens of Montreal in these matters. Although the Senator intimated that this was a large and serious question, which required careful consideration, he was not averse to expressing his sentiments, as he believed that the time was now opportune for the educational



SENATOR R. DANDURAND.

institutions to deal with the problem.

'Did you ever ask yourself,' he remarked, 'why such a large proportion of men in a community is seemingly indifferent to the conduct of civic or public affairs? How is it that among the educated classes so many citizens are exclusively absorbed in their private affairs? Why are they totally unconcerned about the public weal.' They dwell in the city, they live in it not as members of a large family having common interests, but as strangers, who have no stake in the community. Why is this so? Is there a class born egoistical whose horizon is limited to its own material welfare and are there others who have within them, at their birth, the seed from which will blossom out public spiritedness? My opinion is that, on this score, all men are born alike.

'Public spirit will only develop through education obtained from the teacher or professor of the right kind, or, later on in life, through reflection, which is the self-education. If the young man has not received the necessary training at school or college, the chances are, to my mind, ten to one against him, of his ever developing, satisfactorily, that quality; because he will plunge into the struggle of life and his mind will be monopolized by his private affairs from the point of view of self-interest.

'An interesting query which has remained with me since I have interested myself in public affairs, is the following:—"Are our schools, colleges and universities giving the necessary training to develop in our young men the spirit of solidarity which is otherwise called the public spirit? If not, why not? And what should be that training?

'Is this not a theme which could well be taken up and debated by our press?

'All the professors of universities, in law, medicine, science and arts, should constantly have in view the greater usefulness of the student towards the nation as well as the city. I believe that a professor giving a daily lecture of an hour can easily find an opportunity for directing the thoughts of the pupils into that groove, if not every day, then as frequently as the occasion presents itself. The same thing can be said of professors in colleges and academies.

'I would like very much to know, what instructions are given in our normal schools on this point? Is there a special course which comprises the study of the role of the citizen in the community and of his duty towards the state? I do not believe in adding to the already heavy curriculum. I rather believe that if the teacher is properly inspired at the Normal School he or she will have hundreds of occasions to instil the proper spirit into the pupils, that spirit of true citizenship which naturally brings out of a man the best elements in him. It is a serious problem, and it requires careful study.'

MONUMENT WILL ARRIVE TO-MORROW

Imposing Ceremonies Will Mark Unveiling of Strathcona and South African Memorial on Victoria Day.

A tentative programme for the imposing military ceremonies which will attend the unveiling of the Strathcona and South African monument on Dominion square on May 24 has been prepared by Colonel Buchan, C.M.G., A.D.C., and the brigade staff. The Montreal garrison will attend in review order. The troops will be drawn up in hollow square surrounding the monument, close to which will be erected a platform for His Excellency the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick (Chief Justice of Canada and administrator of the government), representing Earl Grey, the Headquarters Staff, His Worship Mayor Ekers, the monument committee and other distinguished persons.

Hon. C. Fitzpatrick.

As soon as His Excellency ascends this platform the troops will give a general salute, the massed bands playing 'God Save the King.'

Principal Peterson, C.M.G., chairman of the monument committee, will make a short speech, giving the history of the fund and will then invite the Chief Justice to unveil the monument.

After His Excellency's oration the formal presentation to the city will take place, to which His Worship Mayor Ekers will reply. The firing party will then fire a volley.

In memory of the Canadian dead in South Africa the massed bands will then play the first eight bars of the 'Dead March in Saul,' after which a second volley will be fired. Then eight more bars from the 'Dead March' will be played, which will be succeeded by a third volley.

The military drama will then be given the last poetic touch by the sounding of the 'Last Post,' and 'Lights Out,' by the buglers, followed by the National Anthem by the massed bands.

Immediately on the close of 'God Save the King,' a royal salute of twenty-one guns will be fired by the 3rd Field Battery, under Major W. O. H. Dodds, during which time the massed bands will play 'Onward, Christian Soldiers.'

This will conclude the unveiling ceremonies, and the troops will be withdrawn via Dorchester and Mansfield streets to Sherbrooke street, where they will have a march past and be reviewed by His Excellency from the steps of the Mount Royal Club. The troops will march past in column, and the massed bands will be stationed at the corner of Stanley street.

The monument is on the 'Lake Michigan,' which is due to reach Montreal to-morrow. Mr. Peers Davidson, K.C., the indefatigable honorary secretary, has made the necessary arrangements with the customs authorities for the prompt transhipment of the monument, so that there will be no delay in having it mounted.

The troops on parade will comprise:—
South African Veterans.
17th D. Y. R. C. Hussars.
3rd Field Battery.
2nd C. A. (heavy brigade).
No. 4 Company, Canadian Engineers.
18th Infantry Brigade: 1st P. W. F., 3rd V. R. C., 5th R. H. C., 65th C. M. R.
No. 4 Company, Army Service Corps, and 4th and 5th field ambulance.
Mount St. Louis Cadets and Highland Cadets.
Army and Navy Veterans, and Veterans Canadien.

NEW ALLAN LINERS.

Three Big Boats Under Construction and More to be Ordered.

MR. ANDREW A. ALLAN IS LEAVING FOR ENGLAND IN CONNECTION WITH ENLARGEMENT OF FLEET.

An important indication of the rapid growth of the St. Lawrence trade is shown in the fact that within the past two years the Allan Steamship Company has increased the tonnage of vessels trading between British ports and Canada, by 55,000 tons. The announcement was made by the management this morning that a very extensive and elaborate programme in connection with the future development of this line has been decid

MR. ANDREW A. ALLAN.

ed on which will place on this route within the next year three new handsome and powerful vessels aggregating a capacity of over thirty-one thousand tons.

Mr. Andrew A. Allan will leave for England to-morrow to consult with leading shipbuilding firms regarding the construction of several new vessels, which will be shortly added to their fleet. In discussing the plans of the Allan line with a 'Witness' representative to-day, Mr. Allan said, that the company was determined to furnish the St. Lawrence route with the best steamers that could be made in the Old Country, and that as the company has every faith in the future of this route they were prepared to go ahead with the construction of the finest vessels that it is possible to purchase. It is not usual for any steamship company to place an order for three new vessels at the same time, but the Allan people have been compelled to rush the builders and consequently they have the SS. 'Corsican,' a vessel of 11,000 tons; the SS. 'Grampian,' 10,000 tons, and the SS. 'Hesperian,' also 10,000 tons, under construction.

The SS. 'Corsican' was launched about one week ago and it is hoped that she will be ready for her maiden trip across the Atlantic early in July.

The SS. 'Grampian' will be launched about the latter end of June, and she will make her first passage to the St. Lawrence during the first week in October next.

The SS. 'Hesperian,' which has just been ordered, will be ready for service on the opening of navigation next year.

All three vessels will be constructed along the latest designs in shipbuilding, and everything possible will be done to make them the most handsome and commodious steamships coming to Montreal. All these boats will be supplied with the latest cold storage improvements so that the agricultural products of the Dominion may be carried across the Atlantic in perfect order and delivered in Liverpool and Glasgow in the same condition as when they left Canada.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. P. G. Mackenzie, M.P.P. for Richmond, is at the Windsor Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. B. Simpson are in New York at the Hotel Endicott.

Mrs. J. T. P. Keene has returned to Montreal after a short visit with friends here.

Mr. Frederick W. Holland, of 412 Pine avenue, has removed to 425 Argyle avenue, Westmount.

Captain E. Barkley, R.N., of Vancouver Island, who is in the city, is staying at the Place Viger.

Dr. and Mrs. W. Grant Stewart, who are spending some months abroad, are at present in Germany.

Mr. R. Stanley Bagg has moved his office from the Temple Building, to the Alliance Building, St. James street.

The Hon. Lionel Guest and Mrs. Guest, of Ste. Anne de Bellevue, are staying at the Corona during the Horse Show.

Miss St. Denis, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. E. W. Thomson, leaves to-day to take up her summer residence at Point Fortune.

Mr. Gordon Mackenzie is in New York, where he recently underwent an operation for appendicitis. Mrs. Hector Mackenzie is with him.

A tea will be given at the Chateau de Ramezay on Monday afternoon, May 13, at four o'clock. There will also be a programme of music.

Mrs. John Mackay, formerly Miss Leila Sampson, is receiving for the first time since her marriage this afternoon and evening and to-morrow evening, at her residence, 660 Sherbrooke street, west. She will receive on the second and fourth Thursday of each month.

The marriage took place at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London, yesterday, of Sir Henry Norman, the well-known author and traveller, to Miss Priscilla McLaren, daughter of Sir Charles McLaren, an ironmaster of wealth. Many members of parliament and leaders of society were present in the church, and at the reception held afterwards at the residence of the bride's parents, Belgrave Square.

DEATH OF MRS. J. OBORNE.

A large circle of her friends in Montreal and vicinity were shocked this morning by the news of the sudden death in Toronto of Mrs. James Oborne, wife of Mr. James Oborne, the new general superintendent of the Ontario Division of the C. P. R. Mrs. Oborne had left for her new home with her children in Mr. Oborne's private car a week ago in perfect health and spirits. Only yesterday her mother, Mrs. Barrie, was summoned, and left last night, but at three o'clock this morning Mr. John Oborne, 36 Luke street, received a telegram that she was dead. The body will leave Toronto to-night and the funeral will take place from the home of Mr. Thomas Pringle, 148 Bishop street, on Saturday at 2.30 p.m. She leaves five children — two sons and three little daughters. Mrs. Oborne was the daughter of the late John Barrie, millwright, of Montreal. She was a noted housekeeper, an active church worker, and popular in a large circle of friends not only in Montreal but in Winnipeg and in St. John, Mr. Oborne having been successively general superintendent of the Western and Eastern C. P. R. divisions.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

What is a recoguized annual affair in the city takes place on Friday at The Big Store. The buyer of the Carsley's Whitewear Department has again succeeded in getting hold of a complete stock of beautiful Lawn Waists, and these are going to be offered at a startlingly low price. Look out for Thursday's ad., therefore, in this paper, and also in the 'Herald' and 'Star.' Remember it, Friday Bargain Day.

ABANDONMENT OF MOVILLE

Deputation Point Out to Sir Wilfrid Alleged Effects of Change.

MEMBER FOR LONDONDERRY DECLARES IT PLACES SCOTLAND AND NORTH OF ENGLAND AT DISADVANTAGE.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—A deputation of members of parliament and representatives of commercial interests with Ireland waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier to-day, regarding the abandonment of Moville as a port of call for Canadian steamers.

The member of parliament for North Londonderry spoke of the disadvantages to Scotland and the north of England through the substitution of Liverpool for Loch Foyle. Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised to lay the views of the deputation before Sir Richard Cartwright, the Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce.

Sir Wilfrid pointed out that the shortening of the time occupied in the passage between Canada and the Mother Country is a great desideratum with the Canadian Government. He asked for information as to the alleged incapacity of Loch Foyle to accommodate the largest mail steamers.

THIS MORNING'S HORSE SHOW RESULTS.

(See also Page 16.)

The results at this morning's session at the Horse Show were:—

Class 4.—Stallions, any age, standing in the Province of Quebec.—1st, 'Baron Silloth,' exhibited by Robert Ness, Howick. 2nd. 'Vanderbilt,' exhibited by Robert Ness, Howick. 3rd, 'Sweet Everard,' Stonycroft Stock Farm, Ste. Anne de Bellevue.

Class 7.—For the best three or four-year-old mare or gelding, bred in the Province of Quebec, and likely to make a harness horse.—1st. 'Prince,' exhibited by Miss Rachel Dawes, Lachine. 2nd, 'Frank Grady,' exhibited by A. Labelle, Montreal. 3rd. 'Dictator,' exhibited by J. R. McCaig, Huntingdon. Highly commended, 'Gypsy Banks,' exhibited by McDuff Lamb, Montreal.

Class 2.—Standard Roadster Stallion, standing in the Province of Quebec.—1st, 'King Antidote.' exhibited by Jas. J. Roy, Bordeaux. 2nd. 'Frank Muscovite,' exhibited by J. B. Ethier, St. Alexis. 3rd 'Allerton,' exhibited by George Jordan, Westmount. Highly commended, 'Pasteur,' exhibited by A. Bergeron, Lachine Locks.

Class 43.—Green Hunters, light weight, up to carrying 150 pounds to 168 pounds, to hounds.—1. 'Curl Paper,' exhibited by Jos. Kilgour, Toronto. 2nd. 'Merry Maid,' exhibited by Miss Marjorie Clouston, Montreal. 3rd. 'Lady Lou,' exhibited by H. S. Wilson, Toronto. Highly commended, 'Brick Top,' exhibited by Dr. Chas. McEachran, Montreal.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

The Karn Piano.—Mr. W. N. Morley, Chairman of School Board, Chatham, Ont., writes:—'The Karn Piano purchased some seventeen years ago for McKeough School, has given unbounded satisfaction. During all these years it has never cost the School Board one cent, except for tuning (once a year), and to-day, in tone and action, it is one of the best in the City. Layton Bros. Sole Agents, 144 Peel Street (opposite Dominion Square). Open evenings.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

Proposal by Mr. Deakin for One Percent Duty on all Foreign Goods Entering Empire Killed.

(See also Page 5.)

London, May 9.—The Canadian Associated Press is informed that at to-day's sitting of the Imperial Conference a proposal brought forward by Mr. Alfred Deakin for a one percent duty on all foreign goods imported into the British Empire fell through, being opposed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, General Botha and Sir Joseph Ward.

The naturalization question was discussed and referred to the proposed new Secretariat.

A proposal for a double income tax was defeated. This was followed by a discussion on the question of re-coinage, the outcome of the discussion in which Mr. Asquith, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, took part, being that the colonies were left to make their own coin if they thought fit, and this they promised to consider.

The question of the publication of a verbatim report of the Conference proceedings was discussed, and there is reason to believe that such may be published.

General Botha, who leaves on Saturday for home, made the farewell address at the Conference. Lord Elgin, the Colonial Secretary, replied. The other premiers will likely deliver farewell addresses at this afternoon's sitting. It is probable that there will be a formal sitting on Monday.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—Mr. Alfred Deakin, Dr. Jameson and Sir William Lyne are to address meetings in London on a colonial preference.

THE 'BALTIC' AGROUND.

Big White Star Liner Hard in the Mud in New York Harbor

New York, May 9.—The White Star steamship 'Baltic,' which ran her nose into a mud bank in the Swash Channel an hour after she had left her pier yesterday for Liverpool, was still hard aground at an early hour to-day. Several tugs have tried to assist her in getting off, but were unsuccessful. The tide is smooth and there in no danger for the large number of passengers aboard the steamer. Included in the list are Mr. Andrew Carnegie and Mrs. Carnegie, Mr. H. H. Rogers and Mrs. Rogers, and the Countess of Yarmouth, sister of Harry K Thaw.

Another attempt to float the 'Baltic' will be made at high tide at about six o'clock p.m.

RAILWAY WRECK

SEVERAL PASSENGERS REPORTED KILLED IN DERAILMENT OF TRAIN ON THE C. B. & Q.

Chicago, May 9.—Suburban passenger train No. 114 on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway, running between Aurora, Ill., and Chicago, was wrecked to-day near Lawndale, about six miles from here. Several passengers were reported killed and twenty hurt.

The train was running at a high rate of speed when the engine struck a broken rail and leaped from the track. It dragged the baggage car and one passenger coach with it, and all three rolled down a small embankment. The other five passenger cars remained on the track. Ambulances were summoned from all the police stations in the west side of the city.

Mrs. Mary Miller, of Chicago, had her right hip crushed, and died while being taken to a hospital.

POST OFFICE CLERK KILLED

ALBERT BLACHE FATALLY INJURED BY A ST. DENIS STREET CAR TO-DAY.

At 11.30 this morning Albert Blache, a post-office employee, was killed almost instantly by being run down by a St. Denis street car. He attempted to cross in front of the car at the corner of Beaubien and St. Denis streets, but was caught by the fender and terribly mangled. His skull was fractured, and before the ambulance reached the General Hospital he had expired. The deceased was 22 years of age, and resided at 1159 St. Lawrence Boulevard.

hARush—Steunenburg murder .. .. ..

WANTED, WOMEN TO TAKE ORDERS for our Tailored Shirts in their community. Send for samples and terms. CENTRAL SKIRT CO., London, Ont.

WANTED, BOY WITH SOME Experience in office work. Apply in own handwriting, with reference, to THE OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS CO., LTD.

WANTED, FOR OUR WOOLLEN MILL, a competent Examiner for finished cloth. One with some knowledge of weaving preferred. Apply PATON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Sherbrooke, Que.

WANTED, AN OFFICE BOY. APPLY P.O. Box 995.

TEACHERS WANTED FOR SHAWVILLE Academy, one bolding Model Diploma, one with Elementary Diploma, to take charge of Senior Elementary Department and one for Primary Department, duties to commence about 1st September next, 10 months actual teaching; state lowest salary expected and what experience in teaching. Apply at once to undersigned. H. LANG, Sec.-Treasurer, Shawville, Que., May 7th, 1907.

FOUR TEACHERS WANTED (Protestant) for New Carlisle and Paspebiac Schools (two Model and two Elementary) first class McGill graduates, with experience preferred; term commencing 1st Sept. next; state salary; Model teachers to teach Academy grades. For particulars apply to undersigned. W. L. KEMPFFER, Sec.-Treas. S. M. of Cox, New Carlisle, Que.

TO LET, TWO ROOMS, BED AND SITting-room, suit one person. Call evenings, 262 St. Catherine street west.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.—WE WILL SELL the best Farm Manure by carloads shipped to all parts of Canada in all routs. Write for prices. Apply EDMOND LAFEBVRE, Reg'd, 34 Mount Royal ave, Montreal, Can

EARLY TRADING IN NEW YORK WAS DOWNWARD.

Aggressive Bull Wheat Operations Bear Stock Markets.

SIGNS OF RENEWAL OF INTEREST IN LOCAL STOCKS.

Exchange value of £1 Sterling to-day is $4.86.24 to $4.86.38.

Prices of stock on Wll Street moved downward in the opening trading to-day on a small volume of business. U.S. Steel was an exception with a small fraction gain. The New York public utilities stocks were notably depressed on account of the agreement at Albany to support the Public Utilities Bill. Brooklyn Transit declined 1¼; Interborough Metropolitan pfd., 1 1-8, and the common ¾: N.Y.C. also fell nearly a point.

Mr. Stuyvesant Fish is quoted this morning as taking a somewhat optimistic view of the outlook for crops and business in the South-West. On the other hand, the leading grain houses are with few exceptions taking a bullish attitude in regard to the price of wheat based upon the receipt of advices from the representatives throughout the West, who state that there has undoubtedly been material damage to the winter wheat crop, and that the sowing operations of the spring wheat crop have been seriously delayed.

After the dull and rather weak opening in Wall Street, prices gradually hardened, and Union Pacific was well bought on the usual kind of bull talk of an 'official announcement' of favorable import to the stockholders.

Sweet's noon letter says that for some reason, at the moment, speculators are not paying much attenion to the Chicago wheat market, and this is very probably the case. The public is not now interested in the 'putts and calls' that are even more hazardous than marginal speculations in the security markets.

The local market was irregular, fractional movements either way characterizing the trading here. Power was steady, with 100 shares taken up at 89½. Illinois was a point better than yesterday's selling price, at 88. Toledo was active and steady at 26. Scotia was steady to strong. Mackay preferred lost a large fraction, selling today at 68½ to ¾. Rio lost a small fraction. Toronto Railway was inclined to considerable strength, but the volume of business amounted to an inconsiderable proportion of the aggregate morning sales on the general list.

Packers preferred is quoted ex-dividend 3½ percent to-day.

The Bank of England rate of discount is unchanged to day. No reduction is expected as long as present French demand for gold continues.

At a meeting of the directors of the Foster Mine the following were added to the board: E. F. B. Johnston, K.C.; Joseph Oliver, John Gowans Kent and G. H. Doran.

The London stock exchange will be closed on May 18 and May 28, for Whitsuntide holidays.

The Montreal Rolling Mills Company has increased its capital from $816,000 to $1,200,000, the new issue of stock being issued to shareholders at the rate of one share of new stock for every four shares of the old. The right to the new stock sold at $15.

A Winnipeg despatch says that in the event of the Electric Railway Company not being disposed to undertake to run their cars on all the extensions now being proposed by the Board of Control, there is a possibility of the city itself going into the street car business in the near future.

The decline in foreign exchange makes gold exports from New York unlikely.

Laidlaw & Company's morning letter says that the 'Baltic' has run aground off Sandy Hook, with H. H. Rogers and Andrew Carnegie on board.

The London settlement begins on Monday.

MORNING EXCHANGE SALES.

Toronto Ry.—15 at 106, 5 at 106½, 5 at 106¼, 2 at 106½, 75 at 106.
Power x.d.—100 at 89½, 4 at 89¾.
Mackay pfd.—25 at 68½, 20 at 68¾, 5 at 68.
Rio—100 at 40¾.
Coal—10 at 61.
Scotia—20 at 70, 25 at 70½.
Bank N. Sco.—6 at 290.
Mer. Bank.—5 at 152½.
Bank Com.—6 at 173.
Textile pfd.—2 at 89.
Lau. pfd.—3 at 108.
Molsons Bank—1 at 208.
Halifax Ry.—40 at 99.
Royal Bank—1 at 235¾.
Toledo—125 at 26.
Telephone—10 at 133.
Illinois pfd.—60 at 88.
Textile Bonds—$3,000 at 88B, $4,000 at 86½A, $1,000 at 87½B.

TORONTO STREET GROSS

Gross earnings of the Toronto Railway for the month of April were $261,608, $2,696 less than in March, and an increase over April last year of $30,674.49. For the first four months of 1907 the earnings are $1,014,584, an increase of $102,075 over the same period in 1906.

LARGEST SINGLE LUMBER DEAL IN THIS COUNTRY

Reported Purchase of Pioneer Company for $2,000,000.

BY THIRD LARGEST CONCERN ON CONTINENT.

Toronto, May 9.—A deal in lumber properties has just been closed which is the largest single purchase in the history of the lumber trade of Canada. Immense properites are involved, and the purchase price, it is said, is in the neighborhood of two million dollars.

The sale, which was recorded yesterday, marks the passing away of one of the pioneer lumber companies of the country, and greatly increases the prestige and power of the purchasing company. The vendor is the Cooke Brothers Lumber Co.; the purchaser, Mr. John Waldie, of the Victoria Harbor Lumber Company. The properties transferred are all those belonging to the former company on Georgian Bay, including their timber limits and lumber mills. The timber berths are Nos. 147, 157, 149, 150, Scarfe Township, and an Indian reserve on Georgian Bay. The Crown Lands Department was unable to state the price paid, but it is understood that it was very little short of two million dollars.

By this transaction Cook Brothers practically retire from the lumber business, and the Victoria Harbor Lumber Company becomes the second largest company in Canada, and the third largest on the continent of North America.

D. & H. NEW STOCK ISSUE.

Interests identified with the Delaware & Hudson Railway Company stated at New York yesterday that at the annual meeting to be held on May 14 stockholders would in all probability be called upon to approve a proposition for an issue of $15,000,000 convertible bonds with an authorization of a stock increase in a similar amount.

DEMERARA ELECTRIC.

The gross earnings of the Demerara Electric Company, Limited, for March, amounted to $10,808.40, and the net earnings to $4,359, an increase of $964.94 gross, and $611.13 net.

The gross earnings for the first quarter of 1907 amounted to $31,839.43, and net earnings to $12,893.09, showing increase of $1,725.52, and $1,558.04 respectively over the same period last year.

PULP AND PAPER MERGER

Sherbrooke, Que., May 9.—The consolidation of the Brompton Pulp and Paper Company, of Brompton Falls, Que., and the Royal Paper Company, East Angus, Que., has at last been arranged, and one of the largest deals in this section of the country closed. All signatures have now been attached to the deeds. The output of the new company will be immense, and large developments may be looked for in the near future.

MONTREAL CLEARINGS

Montreal Clearings.... vbgk xxxfill

Montreal Clearing House returns for the week ending May 9:

1907	$30,036,048
1906	30,486,688
1905	25,658,990

EFFECT OF TWO CENT FARE

The railways of Minnesota have decided to discontinue all tourist, charity, clergymen and mileage tickets, and to sell all tickets at the legal rate of 2 cents a mile, which went into effect on May 1. 'All excursion rates are abolished,' the reports say; but for how long?

LAND CORPORATION PROFITS WERE £14,000

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—The Land Corporation of Canada report a profit for 1906 of £14,000. A dividend of 2s per share has been declared, and £6,581 carried forward.

MORNING CALL

Reported by McDougall & Cowans, Stockbrokers, Montreal and Quebec, at 12.30 noon to-day.

	Sellers	Buyers		Sellers	Buyers
Auto Ry...	....	....	Coal pfd	....	....
Bell Tel...	135	132½	Dom. I. & S.	20½	19
B.C. Pack A	....	....	do pfd....	52	48
B.C. Pack B	....	....	Duluth com.	....	....
Can. Con xd	65*	63*	do pfd....	....	....
C. P. R.....	177½	177¼	Halifax....	100	97
New Pacific	....	....	Hav. Elec..	....	....
Detroit.....	63¼	63½	do. pfd	....	....
Dom. Coal com	61	59	Mex. L. & P.	47	45¾
Dom. Trac...	89	87½	M. & St. P...	105	104
Int'l Coal	....	....	M. L. H. & P. xd	89⅞	89½
do. pfd..	....	....	Mo. R. & M..	....	....
L. W. G. pfd.	....	..	M. S. R...	218½	217
do. com	77	75	Mt. Steel..	93	96
L. Paper....	....	....	do. pfd...	110*	102*
do. pfd....	110	104	Mont. Tel.	161	159
Mackay.....	72	70½	Nip. Mines	....	....
do. pfd....	68½	68¾	Ohio T. & L.	....	....
N. S. Steel...	71	70⅝	St. John...	....	....
do pref..	115*	....	Toledo.....	26½	26
N.W. Land.	....	....	Toronto....	106½	106
Ogilvie com	....	....	Trinidad....	....	....
do. pfd.	120	115	Twin City xd	95¼	94⅜
Rich. & Ont.	77	74	West In. L.	....	....
Sao Paulo xd	....	....	Winnipeg...	....	....
BANKS					
B.N.A.....	....	151	N. Scotia..	290	285
Com'erce....	175	....	Ontario....	....	....
Dom. xd....	....	..	Ottawa....	....	....
East. T....	....	161	Quebec....	....	....
Hoch'laga...	....	....	Royal.....	236	....
Imperial....	....	....	Sovereign xd	....	....
Merch....	....	....	Standard..	....	....
Molson.....	215	207	Toronto....	....	....
Montreal...	248	246	Union.....	....	147*
Nationale...	....	....			
COTTONS					
Can. Col...	55	49	Montreal..	123	118
D. Tex. pfd.	89	87½			
BONDS					
Bell Tel. 5	....	....	Hav. E... 5	96	80
Can. Col. 5	....	....	L. of Wds 5	106½	....
D. Coal.. 5	....	....	L. Paper 6	....	....
D. Cot.. 5	93	91	Mex. L. 6	....	74½
D. I. & S. 5	75½	74	Mex. L. P. 5	80	79
Mt. L. & P. 4½	....	100	Textile A 5	90	86
Mt. S. Ry. 4½	101	....	" B 6	93	87
N. S. S. C. 6	112	108½	" C 6	91	86
Ogilvie... 6	135	116	" D 6	....	....
Sao P.... 5	93	94	Wp. Elec. 5	105½	105⅜

THE COST OF LIVING.

(Chicago 'Journal.')

A New York judge fined a woman $50 for telling him to go to the devil. Living expenses are getting to be something awful in this country.

DULUTH RECORD OF EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

Net Decreased 4% in Nine Months and Gross Increased 6%.

DECLINE IN THE RATIO OF FIXED CHARGES TO NET.

In view of the almost universal falling off in the net earnings of steam railways it will be interesting to analyse the available figures of that marvel of deficits, the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway, for the nine months of the present fiscal year.

In common with most railways, the gross traffic business has shown considerable improvement over that of the previous year, in this particular case the increase was about 6 p.c. But, as might be expected along the weather beaten route south of Lake Superior, operations were conducted only under the greatest possible difficulties, and it is seen that net earnings were lower than at the corresponding period of 1906, consequent of a big increase in operating expenses.

Analysis shows that net decreased 4 percent, and operating expenses increased 10.81 percent. This would indicate a considerable advance in the ratio of expense to revenue. For the current nine months operating expenses were 69.79 percent of gross; in 1906 66.60, percent, and 46.50 percent in 1905. While a comparison of expenses of Duluth with those of the Canadian Pacific is practically without purpose, owing to the wide difference in the geographical and general business conditions obtaining, it will, at least, be interesting to students of railway operations. For the nine months of the Canadian Pacific fiscal year operating expenses were 65.49 percent, against the 69.79 percent for Duluth, already mentioned, and in 1906 the C.P.R. proportion was 63.42 percent, against 66.60 percent for the same nine months' period on the Duluth road.

That Duluth is gradually being lifted out of the long line of deficits is shown by the slowly, but surely, declining percentage of fixed charges to total income, and this despite the heavier ratio of expenses of the current nine months, with its consequent reduction of net. The ratio of fixed charges, including taxes, to total net income, was in the 1906-7 period 105 percent; 1905-6, this was 107 percent, and in 1904-5, as high as 122 percent. Hence the recurring yearly deficits. The current deficit, for nine months, shows an improvement of 28.10 percent over the deficit for the 1906 period, and about 75 percent better than the deficit of the corresponding nine months of 1904-1905.

QUEBEC BANK AND IMPERIAL PAPER MILLS

Toronto, May 9. — An application was made by Mr. Justice Britton yesterday to continue the injunction granted by Mr. Justice Mabee in favor of Mr. John Craig against the Quebec Bank. Mr. Craig is the receiver of the Imperial Paper Mills of Canada, Limited, a company heavily indebted to the Quebec Bank. The latter had put in Mr. Kinch as their representative to protect their interests and seized such property as they considered they were entitled to under their agreements with the company. It was argued for the company that to interfere with assets in the hands of a judicially appointed receiver, constituted contempt of court. About $200,000 is involved. His Lordship reserved his decision.

BROKERS MAY CLOSE OUT TRADES WHEN NECESSARY

Chicago, May 9.—Judge Dupuy, of the Superior Court, has upheld the custom of brokers on the board of trade and the stock exchange in closing out trades when additional margins are demanded and refused.

CALL MONEY UNQUOTED

Money on call unquoted. Prime mercantil paper, 5½ to 6 percent. Exchanges, $261,505,598.

THE BANK STATEMENT SHOWS IMPROVEMENT

London, May 9.—The weekly bank statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased	£ 35,000
Circulation, decreased	208,000
Bullion, decreased	172,882
Other securities, decreased	1,123,000
Other deposits, decreased	870,000
Public deposits, decreased	828,000
Notes reserve, increased	56,500
Govt. securities	Unchanged

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 46.70 percent, compared with 45.21 percent last week.

London, May 9.—The Bank of England's rate of discount remained unchanged today at 4 percent.

REPORTED FLOUR ADVANCE

Winnipeg, May 9.—The large millers, including the Hudson Bay Company, Ogilvies, Western Canada and Lake of the Woods, yesterday announced an advance of twenty cents a barrel on No. 1 flour and five cents on No. 2, following the lead of the independent millers, who jumper prices several days ago. Citizens are wondering if this means dearer bread.

DAIRY PRODUCE

Receipts reported to-day were 1,054 packages of butter and 6,241 boxes of cheese.

Butter values are nominally unchanged on this market at 22½c to 23c per pound for the finest grades of creamery, but dealers look for lower prices on the boards on Saturday, in fact, a drop to 21c is expected by some operators. The make is increasing, the temporary shortage of supplies on spot is over and all the conditions governing the local market to-day, seem to justify a decline in values. Supplies are still being brought in by express, but this is on account of the unsatisfactory condition of the freight service, and because it is necessary to get the stock into consumption as soon as possible on a falling market.

Another advance of 1s per hundredweight in cheese was reported from Liverpool by the public cable to-day, and quotations now stand at 64s for white and 66s for colored. The local market is unchanged, and a fair volume of export business is passing on a basis of 12c on the local market.

UNSEASONABLE WEATHER AND DAIRY OUTPUT.

Great Shortage Dislocates Export Trade for the Moment.

MAMMOTH COLD STORAGE PLANT HERE FOR C.P.R.

Recently many rumors have been prevalent as to a shortage likely to exist in the amount of dairy produce forthcoming for the export trade, as well as the local markets. This, it is said, by members of the Montreal Wholesale Produce Merchants Association, would be most severely felt, in the case of butter and cheese.

There now appears to be some grounds for anxiety as to the quantity of marketable produce available at the present time, and considerable difficulty is being met with by certain of the larger exporters, in obtaining sufficient butter and cheese to meet the orders already on hand.

This shortage, which is due to the late spring, will certainly tend to keep prices at a high point, which generally proves more or less detrimental to the trade.

On 'Change this morning several of the wholesale produce merchants discussed the situation, and the opinion was freely expressed that the present conditions of affairs might be expected to continue till well on into the summer months.

Mr. Harry Hodgson, ex-president of the Produce Merchants' Association, informed a 'Witness' representative, that so far as his firm was concerned, the receipts of butter and cheese are far below the quantity on hand at this time last year, and that it is simply impossible to obtain full consignment owing to the scarcity existing throughout the country. The lateness of the spring, he said, and the want of sufficient food for the cattle have been large factors in bringing about the present state of affairs.

Mr. Hodgson was not prepared to say whether the quantity of butter and cheese for export purposes was likely to show an increase, but it was hoped that with the warm spring weather and the growth of the early grass, the farmers would then be in a better position to meet the heavy demand for dairy products.

The statement was made on the floor of the Board of Trade to-day that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has in contemplation the construction of a mammoth cold storage building at or near the river front, which will be of sufficient dimensions to meet the requirements in this city of such a structure. Nothing definite could be learned of the proposition, but several of the produce exporters admitted that they heard that it is the intention of the Canadian Pacific people to erect a large cold storage warehouse.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES

FLOUR—Manitoba spring wheat patents, $4.60 to $4.70; strong bakers, $4 to $4.20; straight rollers, $3.75 to $3.85 in wood; in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extra, in bags, $1.50 to $1.60.

ROLLED OATS—$1.90 to $2.00 in bags of 90 lbs.

OATS—No. 2 Manitoba, 45c to 45½c; No. 3, 44½c; No. 2 Ontario, 41½c per bushel; No. 3, 43½c to 44c; No. 4, 43c to 43½c.

CORNMEAL — $1.35 per bag; granulated, $1.50.

MILLFEED—Ontario bran, in bags, $23 to $24; shorts, in bags, $25; Manitoba bran, in bags, $21 to $22; shorts, $22.

BEANS — Prime pea beans, in jobbing lots, $1.35 to $1.40 per bushel.

POTATOES — 68c to 74c per bag of 90 lbs. in carload lots.

PEAS — Boiling, in broken lots, $1.10 to $1.15 per bushel; in car lots, $1.05.

HAY — No. 1, $13.50 to $14 per ton on track; No. 2, $12; clover, $10.50 to $11.50; clover, mixed, $11 to $12.

MAPLE PRODUCTS — Syrup, in tins, 6c to 7c per pound; in bulk, 5½c per pound. Sugar, 8c to 10c.

PROVISIONS — Barrels, short cut mess, $22.50 to $23.50; ½ brls., $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat back, $24 to $24.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50 to $22; ½ brls., do., $10.75 to $11.50; dry salt long clear bacon, 11½c to 12c; barrels plate beef, $13 to $14; half barrels, do., $7 to $7.50; barrels heavy mess beef, $10; half barrels, do., $5.50; compound lard, 9½c to 10c; pure lard, 12¼c to 12¾c; kettle rendered, 13c to 13½c; hams, 13½c to 15c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $9.50 to $9.75; alive, $7.00 to $7.25.

EGGS—New laid, 17½c to 18c.

CHEESE—Fodder grades, 12c to 12¼c.

BUTTER—Choicest creamery, 22½c to 23¾c.

$5.25 to $5.35; pearls, $6.75 to $7 per 100 pounds.

ASHES—First pots, $5.75 to $6; seconds,

LONDON WOOL SALES

London, May 9.—The offerings at the wool auction sales yesterday amounted to 12,257 bales. All sections bought freely, and the prices realized were the highest of the series. German and home spinners were eager competitors for scoureds. Tasmanian greasy was in active demand for home and American buyers, and the latter took several parcels of New South Wales clothing and Victorian greasy at top prices. The withdrawals to date amount to 7,000 bales.

PROVISION MARKET

Packers report that the demand for fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs is particularly good just now, and an active trade is passing on the local market at $9.50 to $9.75 per hundred pounds.

Cured and smoked meats of all grades, and particularly hams and bacon, are moving freely, and orders are plentiful both from local and outside dealers. Prices are firmly held.

There is a strong undertone to the lard market, due to the heavy consumption and the lightness of the stocks in store. The fact that packers handled comparatively few hogs last winter is responsible for the present shortage of supplies. There is no actual change in values to report.

CHEESE BOARDS

Woodstock, Ont., May 8.—Prices were firmer at to-day's meeting of the cheese board, but there was a decided tendency to hold on to the offerings, with the result that no sales were recorded either on the board or on the curb. In all, 900 boxes of white and 50 boxes of colored cheese were offered, the make of the past eight days. Bidding opened at 11c, and readily advanced to 11½c, which was the highest point reached, and which was refused.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) for the current quarter, being at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum on the capital stock of this bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and at the branches on and after THURSDAY, the 16th day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th May, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

D. M. STEWART,
General Manager.

Toronto, 30th March, 1907.

TORONTO MARKETS

Toronto, May 9.—Wheat markets continue very firm, with prices advancing generally. The holders of a large lot will not sell at present prices, and buyers are not anxious to meet this advance. Corn is a shade easier. Local prices are:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 white winter, 76c to 77c; No. 2 red, 76c to 77c; No. 2 mixed, 75c.

Wheat—Manitoba, lake ports, No. 1 hard, 90c; No. 1 Northern, 88½c; No. 2 Northern, 86½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 40c to 40½c outside; No. 2 mixed, 39c to 39½c.

Peas—74c to 75c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 55c to 55¼c, lake and rail; 57½c all rail; Ontario, 48c, Chatham freights.

Rye—Dull at 61c to 62c.

Barley—No. 2, 53½c to 54c outside; No. 3 extra, 52½c to 53c; No. 3, 51½c to 52c.

Flour—Ontario 90 percent patents, $2.75 bid; Manitoba first patents, $4.50; seconds, $4; bakers, $3.90, Toronto.

Bran, $21 to $22; shorts quoted at $22 to $23 outside.

PLOUGHING IN THE SNOW

Farmers in Manitoba are reported to be ploughing in the snow.

THE BUTTER BILL

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 9.—The butter bill has passed its second reading in the House of Commons.

COBALT QUOTATIONS

Yesterday afternoon's quotations on the Toronto Standard Stock Mining Exchange specially reported for the 'Witness' by Greville & Company, Limited:

	Asked.	Bid.
Abitibi	20	15
Buffalo	3.25	2.25
Cleveland	1.05	98
Clear Lake	35	....
Cobalt Central	37½	37
Cobalt Lake	31	29
Conigas	4.30	4.20
Empress	50	....
Foster	1.36	1.35¼
Green Meehan	73	70
Hudson Bay	195.00	185.00
Kerr Lake	5.00	4.60
McKin	1.58	1.47
Nipissing	13.50	13.00
Nova Scotia	33	25
Peterson Lake	48	44
Red Rock	75	40
Right of Way	5.25	4.75
Silver Leaf	14	13¾
Silver Bar	32	....
Silver Queen	1.48½	1.48
Trethewey	1.31	1.27
University	9.25	5.00

FREIGHT FOR NORTH GASPE POINTS.

Mr. W. H. Olive, assistant General Freight Agent of the Intercolonial Railway, advises all freight agents and connections Montreal to Dalhousie, inclusive, as follows:

'Freight for North Gaspe points via Campbellton and steamer 'Lady Eileen' may now be accepted for furtherance via that route.'

SUBMARINE ERUPTION

FLAMES AND INTENSE SMOKE SEEN RISING FROM THE OCEAN BY TRAWLER'S CREW.

Lorient, France, May 9.—Several trawlers came in here yesterday reporting the observance of an extraordinary phenomenon at sea, which would appear to have been a submarine volcanic eruption. The occurrence took place at a point forty-four miles south-west of the island of Groix, and sixty miles west of Belle Isle.

The men on board the trawlers noticed bright flames and intense smoke rising from the sea. Believing that some vessel was on fire, the trawler 'Kernevel' worked her way in that direction for the purpose of rendering assistance. She could, however, discover no ship on fire. The fire and smoke, from no apparent cause, continued throughout the night, and, becoming more violent toward morning, the 'Kernevel' steamed away to ensure her own safety.

'NO LOAN; NO SIDEWALKS.'

Mr. J. T. Gladston writes: With reference to your article 'No Loan; No Sidewalks,' Town of St. Louis, you say that at the council meeting on Tuesday night the secretary read a letter from Mr. Gladston asking for a sidewalk opposite the new Fairmount Methodist Church, corner of Hutchison street. I have never sent the secretary of the Town of St. Louis a letter asking for anything during my residence here. I am not specially interested in the affairs of the Fairmount Methodist Church, being connected with the MacVicar Memorial Church, which, fortunately, is situated in another municipality, where the councillors are not actuated by such narrow ideas as seem to prevail in the St. Louis Town Council. It is especially unfortunate that your reporter should have made this blunder at this time, because I was very active in opposition to the loan by-law, and it will seem to those who are aware of the facts a most silly thing on my part to approach the present council with a petition for a sidewalk or anything else. Certainly with my present knowledge of the composition of that body it is the last thing I would think of doing.

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Waterworks, etc., Surveys.
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BANK OF MONTREAL

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current Quarter, and that the same will be PAYABLE at its Banking House in this City, and at its Branches, on and after SATURDAY, the First DAY OF JUNE next, to Shareholders of record of 16th May.

By order of the Board,

E. S. CLOUSTON,
General Manager.

Montreal, 23rd April, 1907.

TO CENSURE CITY COUNCIL.

Ald. Gallery Condemns its Action in Regard to Removal of Dead Animals From the Street.

INCINERATION COMMITTEE TAKES ACTION TO HAVE WORK CARRIED OUT EFFICIENTLY.

If the difficulty which has arisen in regard to the contract for the removal of dead animals from the streets is not satisfactorily overcome it will not be through inaction on the part of the Incineration Committee of the City Council. The matter was discussed by the members at their meeting yesterday afternoon on a report from Mr. Chenevert, acting superintendent, who stated that a number of dead animals had only been partly buried in a large ditch in the northern part of the city.

According to the terms of the contract, the animals must either be burned or buried completely a mile beyond the limits of the city, and the opinion was expressed that in this sense Mr. O. H. Lesage had broken the terms of the contract.

Mr. Lavallée was called in from the city attorney's office, and he agreed that on the facts reported by the acting superintendent the contract had not been fulfilled. The committee, however, could not declare the contract void, but they must, if they desired any action to be taken, report the matter to the City Council.

Ald. Gallery entered a vigorous protest against the recent action of the City Council in turning down the committee's recommendation for the placing of this contract and giving it to Mr. Lesage. 'I have been on this committee for ten years,' he said, 'and I never knew anything like it before. We have just two contracts to give out in five years, and it is remarkable that in recommending one of them we should be overruled. This is the most humble committee of the City Council, and I suppose if there was one more humble, some of us would be placed upon it. What we have to do now is to censure the City Council for taking this matter out of our hands.'

Ald. Major, the chairman, said the summer must not be allowed to drag on without arrangements being made to ensure the certain removal of dead animals from the streets and yards.

It was decided to report to council that the contractor had not carried out the full terms of the contract.

The next move, therefore, will come from the City Council.

In regard to this contract, it was afterwards stated that Mr. Lesage had paid off all his indebtedness to the city, and that he is constructing an incinerator for the destruction of dead animals.

GASOLINE EXPLODED

SERIOUS DAMAGE AVERTED BY PROMPT ACTION OF EMPLOYEES.

A gasoline explosion occurred at ten minutes to seven o'clock last evening on the premises of the Sultana Stove Polish Company, 313 St. Paul street. A small panic was caused, the St. Justin street fire still being fresh in the memory of the employees; but their prompt action in using two Babcock extinguishers which were kept on the premises, and put out the fire, checked the panic, and when the firemen from No. 2 station arrived the danger was over. The explosion occurred in a tank containing a small quantity of gasoline, and the flames flared up so quickly that they set fire to the hair of one of the employees, Miss Murphy, of 71 Arcade street, who was bending over the tank. Mr. Arthur Emond, one of the partners of the firm, extinguished the flames in her hair before they had time to more than slightly singe her forehead.

MONTREAL POST-OFFICE

LAST MONTH'S RETURNS SHOW THIRTY PERCENT INCREASE.

The Montreal Post-office returns for the month of April show a large increase in revenue, the number of registered letters and parcels having swelled very considerably.

The number of registered letters and parcels registered during April was 103,578, compared with 85,963 during April, 1906, or an an increase of 17,615, which is twenty percent.

The revenue during April, 1907, was: Venders, $66,949; permits, $2,584.89; total, $69,533.89, as compared with venders, $53,003; permits, $887.50; total, $53,890.50, of April, 1906—an increase of $15,643.39, which is roughly thirty percent.

European mail forwarded from Montreal during April, 1907: Letters, Great Britain, 10,714 pounds; postal union, 2,144 pounds, making a total of 12,858 pounds; printed matter, Great Britain, 42,182 pounds; postal union, 4,478 pounds; total, 46,630 pounds; parcels, 1,260. April, 1906.—Letters, Great Britain, 7,102 pounds; postal union, 1,299 pounds, total, 8,401 pounds; printed matter, Great Britain, 25,709 pounds; postal union, 2,722 pounds; total, 28,431 pounds; parcels, 1,123. Increase for April, 1907: Letters, 4,457 pounds; printed matter, 18,199 pounds; parcels, 137.

Mail bags received from Great Britain and foreign parts, via New York and Canadian line, for city delivery and distribution during April, 1907: Number of bags via Canadian, 332; number of bags via New York, 1,166; total, 1,498. Total for April, 1906, 932 bags; increase, 566 bags.

SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS.

RESULTS FROM COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO McGILL UNIVERSITY.

Following are the results of the sessional examinations of the colleges affiliated to McGill University:

General pass list—First year:—

Class II.—McWhinney (Vancouver), Munro (Vancouver), Dinsdale (s) (Victoria), Spragge (Victoria).

Class III.—Holmes (s) (Victoria), Stone (s) (Vancouver), Thomas, O. J. (s) (Vancouver), Smith (s) (Vancouver), Reilly (s) (Stanstead), Green (s) (Victoria), Manning (Vancouver), Meadows (Vancouver), McLellan (s) (Vancouver), McDonald (s) (Vancouver), Lawson, G. (s) (Vancouver).

General pass list—Second year:—

Class III.—Thompson (s) (Vancouver), Jones (s) (Vancouver), Philip (s) (Vancouver), Howell (Vancouver), MacKinnon (s) (Vancouver).

(s) Supplemental in one subject.

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Ticket Office, 128 ST. JAMES STREET (Opposite Post Office.)
J. P. DOLAN, City Passenger Agent.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the First Part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as 'The Companies Act,' Letters Patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 30th day of April, 1907, incorporating Duncan Wishart, Merchant; David Elmer Turner, Manufacturer; Frederick Alexander Wishart, Merchant; Frederick Henry Denison, Merchant, and Victor Evelyn Mitchell, Advocate, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz.: (1) To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in furniture, carpets, household, office and church furnishings; and fixtures of all kinds; to deal in lumber and all other materials of which the same may be manufactured; (2) To purchase and acquire as a going concern the business now carried on at the City of Montreal by Duncan Wishart, under the firm name of Canada Office Furniture Company, and to pay for the same in cash or fully paid-up stock of the company, or partly in cash and partly in paid-up stock of the company; (3) To aid by guarantee, endorsement, advances or otherwise any customer, firm or person having dealings with this company; (4) To sell and dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be deemed fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects similar to those of this company, and to distribute the assets of the company in specie among the shareholders. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of 'Canada Office Furniture Company' (Limited), with a total capital stock of thirty-five thousand dollars, divided into three hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 2nd day of May, 1907.

R. W. SCOTT,
Secretary of State.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street, 49 Crescent Street

MARRIAGE LICENSES
MONEY TO LEND
CUSHING & BARRON
Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building,
112 St. James Street.

GOLDEN WHEAT AND WHITE MOUNTAIN BREAD:
PHONE US FOR A TRIAL LOAF.
R. S. AULD, 557 St. Antoine, Cor Atwater Ave.
TEL. MOUNT 13.

JACKSON & CO.,
CARPENTERS, BUILDERS
And CONTRACTORS.
Valuations made. Jobbing promptly attended to.
833B to 835 HIBERNIA ROAD.
Tel. Main 4153.

ARONSON & RUTENBERG
PAWNBROKERS,
601 Craig Street.
Money to lend on Diamonds, Watches, Jewellery, Clothing and Dry Goods. Furs stored during summer months.
ARONSON & RUTENBERG,
Pawnbrokers and Jewellers.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

ANY EVEN NUMBERED section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person the sole head of a family, or male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Application for homestead entry or inspection must be made in person by the applicant at the office of the local Agent or Sub-Agent.

An application for entry or inspection made personally at any Sub-Agent's office may be wired to the local Agent by the Sub-Agent, at the expense of the applicant, and if the land applied for is vacant on receipt of the telegram such application is to have priority, and the land will be held until the necessary papers to complete the transaction are received by mail.

In case of "personation" the entry will be summarily cancelled, and the applicant will forfeit all priority of claim.

An applicant for inspection must be eligible for homestead entry, and only one application for inspection will be received from an individual until that application has been disposed of.

A homesteader whose entry is in good standing, and not liable to cancellation, may, subject to approval of Department, relinquish it in favor of father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, if eligible, but to no one else, on filing declaration of abandonment.

Where an entry is summarily cancelled, or voluntarily abandoned, subsequent to institution of cancellation proceedings, the applicant for inspection will be entitled to prior right of entry.

Applicants for inspection must state in what particulars the homesteader is in default, and if subsequently the statement is found to be incorrect in material particulars, the applicant will lose any prior right of re-entry, should the land become vacant, or if entry has been granted it may be summarily cancelled.

DUTIES.—A settler is required to perform the conditions under one of the following plans:—

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of a homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such homesteader, the requirement as to residence may be satisfied by said person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirement may be satisfied by residence upon such land.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

COAL.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

QUARTZ.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $5 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500 x 1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year, or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 per acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2½ percent on the sales.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ percent collected on the output after its exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Department of Railways and Canals, Canada

WELLAND CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to J. L. Weller, Superintending Engineer, St. Catharines, Ont., and endorsed 'Tender for Lock Gate Operating Machines,' will be received until 16 o'clock on MONDAY, 20th May, 1907, for the manufacture, supply, and delivery of 104 power driven lock gate operating machines.

Plans of the work may be seen, and specifications and form of tender obtained at the office of the Superintending Engineer of the Welland Canal, St. Catharines, Ont., on and after this date.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

L. K. JONES,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1907.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

CANADA CARPET CLEANING COMPANY, (Murray, Last & Co.)
530 St. Antoine Street.
PHONE: UP 2529.

DOMINION LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
MONTREAL, QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Dominion . .	May 11	June 15.	July 20
Kensington . .	May 18.	June 22.	July 27
Southwark . .	May 25.	June 29.	Aug. 3
Canada	June 1.	July 6.	Aug. 10
Ottawa	June 8.	July 13.	Aug. 17
Vancouver . .	Wed.	June 26.	

Steamers sail from Montreal daylight, from Quebec 7.00 p.m.

The "CANADA" is one of the fastest and most comfortable steamers in the Canadian trade.

The "OTTAWA" holds the record for the fastest passage between Montreal and Liverpool.

First-Class rate, $65; Second-Class, $40 and upwards, according to steamer.

MODERATE RATE SERVICE.

To Liverpool, $42.50 and $45.00.
To London, $2.50 additional.
Third-class to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Belfast, Glasgow, $27.50.

MONTREAL TO BRISTOL (AVONMOUTH)

Englishman .. .. May 18
Manxman .. .. May 25
Turcoman .. .. June 8

For all information apply to local agents, or to DOMINION LINE, 17 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

FOR THE WINTER TOURS GO TO **BERMUDA**

Frost unknown. Malaria impossible. From New York 48 hours by elegant new steamship 'Bermudian,' 5,550 tons, or SS. 'Pretoria' 3,300 tons. Sailing from New York, 2nd, 8th, 16th, and 22nd May.

FOR WINTER TOURS GO TO **WEST INDIES**

SS. 'Trinidad' 25th April. BARBADOS and DEMERARA DIRECT SS. 'Parima' 4th May. TICKETS FOR SALE AT ALL PRINCIPAL TICKET OFFICES. For further particulars, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 29 Broadway, New York, or J. G. BECCK & CO., 211 Commissioners st., Montreal. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec Steamship Company, Quebec.

TRAVEL
BY THE
ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE

Our grand new S.S. "BORNU" will sail from Montreal direct (calling at Halifax, N.S.,) on the 20th of MAY, for Nassau, Cuba and Mexico. First class passenger accommodation only. Procure our handsomely illustrated booklet "A TOUR TO THE BAHAMAS, CUBA AND MEXICO." Round trip 42 days. Steamer stops at six different places.

Apply to
ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.
319 Board of Trade Building,
W. H. HENRY, Imperial Bank Bldg | NORMAN L. LUSHER, 178 St. James Street.
MONTREAL

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, 'Tender for East Templeton Wharf,' will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, June 5, 1907, inclusively, for the construction of a public Wharf at East Templeton, County of Wright, Que., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of J. L. Michaud, Esq., Resident Engineer, Merchants Bank Building, St. James street, Montreal, P.Q., on application to the Postmaster at East Templeton, P.Q., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for eight hundred dollars ($800.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party tendering decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 4, 1907.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

A. HODINA,
Practical Shoe Maker,
Repairs Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.
Main 5061, 4 BEAVER HALL HILL.

STEAM USERS
Insure your Boilers in THE BOILER INSPECTION & INSURANCE CO., OF CANADA.
Our regular INSPECTIONS and ADVICE will guarantee you SAFETY, DURABILITY and ECONOMY.
Plans and Specifications for Boilers, Boiler Settings, Chimneys, etc., furnished.
Engines Indicated.
No charges made for services to insurers.
30 years Experience.
OLAF E. GRANBERG, Chief Inspector, Prov. Que.
N. R. MUDGE & SON, Agents, 227 Board of Trade Building.

OLD NEWSPAPERS
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at $1 per 100 lbs.

ALLAN LINE.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.

IONIAN—May 3, May 31, June 28.
VIRGINIAN—May 10, June 7, July 5.
TUNISIAN—May 17, June 14, July 12.
VICTORIAN—May 24, June 21, July 19.

VICTORIAN and VIRGINIAN, each 12,000 tons, are the only Turbine Steamers on the Canadian route. Absolutely no vibration. Record passage, 5 days, 14 hours.

Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

FIRST-CLASS, $70 and up, according to steamer and date of sailing.

SECOND-CLASS Liverpool, London or Derry $42.50 and up. Return tickets at reduced rate.

THIRD-CLASS Liverpool, London, or Belfast $27.50, and $28.75, according to steamer.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Corinthian . 9 May Sicilian . . . .23 May
Pretorian . .16 May Numidian . .30 May

Rates—Saloon, "called"; Second Cabin, $40 and up; Third Class, $26.50.

MONTREAL TO HAVRE AND LONDON.

Sardinian . . .8 May Parisian . . . 13 May

Saloon, called', 'Second Cabin' Rate, $40 and up; Third Class, $27.50.

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.

Reford Agencies

DONALDSON LINE.
Montreal-Glasgow Weekly Service

SS. MARINA, cold storage .. .. .. May 11
SS. LAKONIA, cold storage .. .. May 18
SS. CASSANDRA, cold storage .. .. May 23
SS. PARTHENIA, cold storage .. .. May 30
PASSENGER RATES:—One Class Cabin, $40 to $60; Steerage, $26.50 to $30.00.

THOMSON LINE.
Montreal-London Weekly Service

All steamers fitted with cold storage and cool air.
SS. IONA .. .. May 12
SS. DEVONA .. .. May 18
SS. LATONA .... May 25
SS. CERVONA .. .. June 1

LEITH SERVICE.

SS. BELLONA .... May 16
SS. FREMONA .... May 21
SS. JACONA .... May 28

ABERDEEN SERVICE.

SS. ESCALONA .... May 28

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, St. John, N.B.

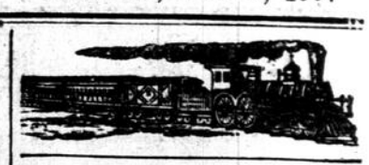
ATLANTIC Royal Mail Steamships of the CAN. PAC. RY. CO.
EMPRESSES
May 11....Lake Manitoba
May 17 Empress of Ireland
May 25...Lake Champlain
May 31...Empress Britain
June 8 ....Lake Erie
June 14. Empress Ireland
June 22..Lake Manitoba
June 28 Empress Britain
July 6..Lake Champlain
July 12..Empress Ireland
and weekly thereafter.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO.,
(Limited)
PROPOSED SAILINGS.
MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.
CANADA AND MANCHESTER.
WINTER SERVICE
FROM MONTREAL.
SS. Manchester Shipper .. .. May 11
SS. Manchester Importer .. .. May 25
*Fitted with cold storage.
Some of the above Steamers have first-class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited,
AGENTS .. .. .. MONTREAL.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.

DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENTS,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
345 St. James Street.

BUSINESS CARDS AND COMMERCIAL PRINTING OF ALL KINDS NEATLY DONE, At the 'Witness' Office, JOB DEPARTMENT.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
"INTERNATIONAL LIMITED"
Finest and Fastest Trains in Canada.
Leave Bonaventure Station Daily at 9 a.m., ar. Toronto 4.30 p.m. Hamilton 5.25 p.m., Niagara Falls, Ont., 6.55 p.m., Buffalo 8.25 p.m., London 7.47 p.m., Detroit 9.50 p.m., Chicago 7.42 a.m.
Elegant Cafe Service on above train.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA
Leave Montreal, †8.30 a.m., †3.40 p.m., *7.30 p.m., arrive at Ottawa, *11.30 a.m., †6.40 p.m. †10.30 p.m.
Elegant buffet parlor cars are now running on all trains between Montreal and Ottawa.
*Daily, †Daily except Sunday.

MONTREAL AND PORTLAND.
LVE. MONTREAL *8.00 a.m., *8.15 p.m.,
ARR. PORTLAND *6.30 p.m., *7.30 a.m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
Elegant café service on 8 a.m. train.

CITY TICKET OFFICES,
137 St. James street, Telephones Main 460 and 461, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OTTAWA TRAINS
LEAVE WINDSOR STATION.

†8.45 a.m.	*9.40 a.m.	§10.00 a.m.
†4.00 p.m.	*3.40 p.m.	*10.15 p.m.

LEAVE PLACE VIGER.
†8.25 a.m. †6.10 p.m.
Parlor or Sleeping Cars on all trains from Windsor Station.

QUEBEC TRAINS
LEAVE PLACE VIGER.
†8.55 a.m. *2.00 p.m. *11.30 p.m.
*Daily. §Sundays only. †Daily except Sunday.

City Ticket Office, 129 St. James Street, Next Post Office.

Commencing May 10, 1907
A SPECIAL TRAIN
with through Sleeping and Dining Car attached carrying the
EUROPEAN MAIL
—VIA—
INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
will leave Montreal at 7.45 p.m., FRIDAY MAY 10th, and succeeding Fridays until further notice.
FOR
NORTH SYDNEY
where a comfortable steamer will transfer passengers' baggage and mail to outward bound.
EUROPEAN MAIL STEAMSHIP.
CITY TICKET OFFICE,
St. Lawrence Hall—141 St. James Street, or Bonaventure Depot. Tel. Main 615.

Atlantic City, N. J
GALEN HALL
Hotel and Sanitorium, Atlantic City, N.J.
Elegant stone, brick and steel building; always open, always ready, always busy. Elegant 'Bath Department' for pleasure or health. Sea water used.

Summer Resorts
A FEW BOARDERS COULD FIND ACcommodation in a new cottage at one of the most beautiful summer resorts, and within a short distance from the city of Montreal. Address E. NICKEL, Shawbridge, Que.

WANTED — BOARDERS AT MOUNTAIN View, close by river. Open June 1st. Apply to MRS. E. A. CHAPMAN, Emileville, St. Pie, Que.

INCHARRAN HOUSE,
Canada's Favorite Summer Resort,
AT DALHOUSIE, N.B.,
Will be opened for Guests on
—JUNE 3rd, 1907—
For terms, etc., apply to
JOHN E. DEAN, Proprietor.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

TENDER.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside 'Tender for Double-Tracking,' will be received up to and including FRIDAY, MAY 10th, 1907, for the work in connection with the double-tracking of the existing main line between Moncton and Painsec Junction, N.B.

Plans and specification may be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B.,
18th April, 1907.

D & A CORSETS

SIR NIGEL:

A Companion to the White Company

By SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE

ILLUSTRATED BY JOSEPH CLEMENT COLL.

Copyright, 1905, by A. Conan Doyle.
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SUMMARY OF THE PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

'Sir Nigel' is a romantic tale of the loves and adventures of Nigel Loring, a young Englishman of heroic ancestry, who took up the sword to mend the fallen fortunes of his noble house.

Of the family of Loring, only Dame Ermyntrude and her grandson, Sir Nigel, a youth of twenty-two, remained. The great possessions that should have been his, however, had dwindled down to a few rugged acres and the Tilford Manorhouse, through the grasping depredations of the Cistercian monks of Waverley Abbey. Nigel hotly resents their further claims, but at the time of his greatest difficulty, threatened with imprisonment or death, he is honored by a visit from the King. During the King's stay Nigel is accepted as the squire of Sir John Chandos, and Dame Ermyntrude is cared for at Windsor. Before leaving he keeps a last tryst with the Lady Mary to whom he is betrothed. He and his attendant, the archer, Aylward, join Sir John Chandos, and Nigel recovers important papers from a French spy, the Red Ferret, whom he takes prisoner and releases after he has carried to the Lady Mary the message that he has been once successful. Nigel is then ordered by the king to Brittany, under command of Sir Robert Knolles. While marching through the devastated country some of the archers are captured by a robber baron, and it is due to Nigel that the castle is taken and the prisoners freed. A messenger is sent to the Lady Mary with word of his second success before the army moves on to Ploermel. Here gloom settles over the men as a truce has been announced, but time admits of much private enterprise, and Nigel has been honorably advanced before he is sent for to rejoin John Chandos. War has been renewed, and the Black Prince is moving against the French King, who decides to attack the English forces at once on a report that they are in retreat.

(CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.)

'I would that you had laid hands upon him,' said the Prince angrily, continuing his conversation with Chandos, 'and yet, perchance, it was wiser to play this trick and make them think we were retreating.

'He has certainly carried the tidings,' said Chandos, with a smile. 'No sooner had the waggons started than I saw him gallop down the edge of the wood.'

'It was well thought of, John,' the Prince remarked, 'for it would indeed be great comfort if we could turn their own spy against them. Unless they advance upon us, I know not how we can hold out another day, for there is not a loaf left in the army; and yet if we leave this position where shall we hope to find such another?'

'They will stoop, fair sir, they will stoop to our lure. Even now Robert de Duras will be telling them that the waggons are on the move, and they will hasten to overtake us lest we pass the ford. But who is this, who rides so fast? Here perchance may be tidings.'

A horseman had spurred up to the knoll. He sprang from the saddle, and sank on one knee before the Prince.

'How now, my Lord Audley,' said Edward. 'What would you have?'

'Sir,' said the knight, still kneeling with bowed head before his leader, 'I have a boon to ask of you.'

'Nay, James, rise! Let me hear what I can do.'

The famous knight errant, pattern of chivalry for all time, rose and turned his swarthy face and dark earnest eyes upon his master. 'Sir,' said he, 'I have ever served most loyally my lord your father and yourself, and shall continue so to do as long as I have life. Dear sir, I must now acquaint you that formerly I made a vow if ever I should be in any battle under your command that I would be foremost or die in the attempt. I beg therefore that you will graciously permit me to honorably quit my place among the others, that I may post myself in such wise as to accomplish my vow.'

The Prince smiled, for it was very sure that vow or no vow, permission or no permission, Lord James Audley would still be in the van. 'Go, James,' said he, shaking his hand, 'and God grant that this day you may shine in valor above all knights. But hark, John, what is that?'

Chandos cast up his fierce nose like the eagle which smells slaughter afar. 'Surely, sir, all is forming even as we had planned it.'

From far away there came a thunderous shout. Then another and yet another.

'See, they are moving!' cried the Captal de Buch.

All morning they had watched the gleam of the armed squadrons who were drawn up in front of the French camp. Now whilst a great blare of trumpets was borne to their ears, the distant masses flickered and twinkled in the sunlight.

'Yes, yes, they are moving!' cried the Prince.

'They are moving! They are moving!' Down the line the murmur ran. And then with a sudden impulse the archers at the hedge sprang to their feet and the knights behind them waved their weapons in the air, while one tremendous shout of warlike joy carried their defiance to the approaching enemy. Then there fell such a silence that the pawing of the horses or the jingle of their harness struck loud upon the ear, until amid the hush there rose a low deep roar like the sound of the tide upon the beach, ever growing and deepening as the host of France drew near.

CHAPTER XXVI.

HOW NIGEL FOUND HIS THIRD DEED.

Four archers lay behind a clump of bushes ten yards in front of the thick hedge which shielded their companions. Amid the long line of bowmen those behind them were their own company, and in the main the same who were with Knolles in Brittany. The four in front were their leaders: old Wat of Carlisle, Ned Widdington, the red-headed Dalesman, the bald bowyer Bartholomew, and Samkin Aylward, newly rejoined after a week's absence. All four were munching bread and apples, for Aylward had brought in a full haversack and divided them freely amongst his starving comrades. The old Borderer and the Yorkshireman were gaunt and hollow-eyed with privation, while the bowyer's round face had fallen in so that the skin hung in loose pouches under his eyes and beneath his jaws.

Behind them lines of haggard, wolfish men glared through the underwood, silent and watchful save that they burst into a fierce yelp of welcome when Clandos and Nigel galloped up, sprang from their horses and took their station beneath them. All along the green fringe of bowmen might be seen the steel-clad figures of knights and squires who had pushed their way into the front line to share the fortune of the archers.

'I call to mind that I once shot six ends with a Kentish woldsman at Ashford—' began the Bowyer.

'Nay, nay, we have heard that story!' said old Wat impatiently. 'Shut thy clap, Bartholomew, for it is no time for redeless gossip! Walk down the line, I pray you, and see if there be no frayed string, nor broken nock nor loosened whipping to be mended.'

The stout bowyer passed down the fringe of bowmen, amidst a running fire of rough wit. Here and there a bow was thrust out at him through the hedge for his professional advice.

'Wax your heads!' he kept crying. 'Pass down the wax-pot and wax your heads. A waxed arrow will pass where a dry will be held. Tom Beverley, you jack-fool! where is your bracer-guard? Your string will flay your arm ere you reach your up-shot this day. And you, Watkin, draw not to your mouth, as is your wont, but to your shoulder. You are so used to the wine-pot that the string must needs follow it. Nay, stand loose, and give space for your drawing arms, for they will be upon us anon.'

He ran back and joined his comrades in the front, who had now risen to their feet. Behind them a half-mile of archers stood behind the hedge, each with his great war-bow strung, half a dozen shafts loose behind him, and eighteen more in the quiver slung across his front. With arrow on string, their feet firm-planted, their fierce eager faces peering through the branches, they awaited the coming storm.

The broad flood of steel, after oozing slowly forward, had stopped about a mile from the English front. The greater part of the army had then descended from their horses, while a crowd of varlets and hostlers led them to the rear. The French formed themselves now into three great divisions, which shimmered in the sun like silvery pools, reed-capped with many a thousand of banners and pennons. A space of several hundred yards divided each. At the same time two bodies of horsemen formed themselves in front. The first consisted of three hundred men in one thick column, the second of a thousand, riding in a more extended line.

The Prince had ridden up to the line of archers. He was in dark armor, his visor open, and his handsome aquiline face all glowing with spirit and martial fire. The bowmen yelled at him, and he waved his hands to them as a huntsman cheers his hounds.

'Well, John, what think you now?' he asked. 'What would my noble father not give to be by your side this day? Have you seen that they have left their horses?'

'Yes, my fair lord, they have learned their lesson,' said Chandos. 'Because we have had good fortune upon our feet at Crécy and elsewhere they think that they have found the trick of it. But it is in my mind that it is very different to stand when you are assailed, as we have done, and to assail others when you must drag your harness for a mile and come weary to the fray.'

'You speak wisely, John. But these horsemen who form in front and ride slowly toward us, what make you of them?'

'Doubtless they hope to cut the strings of our bowmen and so clear a way for the others. But they are indeed, a chosen band, for mark you, fair sir, are not those the colors of Clermont upon the left, and of d'Andreghen upon the right, so that both marshals ride with the vanguard?'

'By God's soul, John!' cried the Prince, 'it is very sure that you can see more with one eye than any man in this army with two. But it is even as you say. And this larger band behind?'

'They should be Germans, fair sir, by the fashion of their harness.'

(To be continued.)

No More Hair Germs

Falling hair is caused by germs at the roots of the hair. Dandruff is caused by germs on the scalp. Your doctor knows why Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula, quickly destroys these germs. Makes the scalp clean and healthy.

We publish the formulas of all our preparations. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

A CHINESE FEAST.

(By the Rev. Henry Payne, Chou T'sun, Shantung, in the Juvenile Missionary Herald.)

One of the first things a China missionary must learn is the way to conduct himself at a Chinese feast. Well, I had my first lesson the other day, and it was not all honey and butter.

The feast was given by several Chinese bankers and business men in our city, and the invitation came written in Chinese, on red paper, in a large red envelope. When it came, the older missionaries told me with a smile that chopsticks would be used, but that I might take a spoon in my pocket if I were afraid of them. But my Chinese teacher gave me a lesson with the chopsticks, and I soon seemed easily able to pick up bits of wood and stone in the garden.

When the hour of the feast drew near, a messenger came to urge us to attend, just as at the King's feast in the parable. When we arrived we had to be introduced to the rest of the guests; but a Chinaman, on being introduced, does not shake hands with you. He seems rather to shake hands with himself, for he clasps his hands in front of himself, bows low, and, as he rises, lifts his still clasped hands as high as his face.

As soon as the guest became acquainted with one another, we began to drink tea out of little cups without handles, and with no saucers, milk, or sugar. Before you begin to drink your tea you must gracefully offer it to your right-hand, and then to your left-hand, neighbor. They in turn decline your offer, while at the same time holding out their own cups for you to refuse. Then in China your social position has everything to do with your place at table. When the chief guests are led to their chairs they protest against the honor shown, and try to persuade some one below them to exchange. The man of lower degree, of course, must gracefully decline.

But the most remarkable thing about a Chinees feast is the number of courses in it. I tried to keep a record, being so rude as to scribble a note or two under the table, but I lost count after the twenty-fourth dish came on. The sweets come first in a Chinese feast. We had sugared walnuts and mandarin oranges cut into tiny quarters—then Chinese ginger, which was very nice, but was followed by nasty, sour olives. Next we had black eggs, which had been preserved and certainly looked ancient; the whites were quite black, and the yolks were grey, but they tasted better than they looked.

(To be continued.)

WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURE?

THURSDAY, MAY 9.

THE DIVINE SPIRIT.

The Spirit of God and the Spirit of Christ is one Spirit. (See Ro. viii.) Christ promised to send the Spirit from the Father. He also breathed upon His disciples, saying, 'Receive ye the Holy Spirit.' (Jno. xv., 20; xx., 22; Acts ii., 38.) The disciples were filled with Holy Spirit, and as a proof, they spake the word of God with boldness. Acts iv., 31; v., 32.) To lie to the Holy Spirit is to lie to God. (Acts v., 3, 4.) The manifestation of the Deity to man has been threefold, from the Father, through the Son, by the Spirit. In Matt. iii., 17, the Father reveals the Son. In Jno. viii., 13-18, 23, 28, 29, 38, 42, 54-56, Jesus declares his Sonship. The Spirit testifies of Him in the Acts and Epistles. In this threefold testimony we have the most convincing proof of the Trinity in unity, of one God in three revealings, as Father, Son and Holy Suirit. We have man revealed in a threefold nature, body, soul, spirit, each distinct yet but one man. In the Godhead we have three distinct personalities in one Divine nature. Man was made in the likeness of God. Through his redemption in Christ the believing man becomes a partaker in the Divine nature, spiritually united with God in a new creation. (II. Pet. i., 4; II. Cor. v., 17.) God is Spirit, that which is born of Spirit is spirit. (Jno. iii.).

DAILY TEXT.

May 9.

Awake thou that sleepest, and arise from the dead, and Christ shall give thee light.—Eph. v., 14.

For Sale.

OIL TANK, ENCASED IN WOOD, FOR Sale, cheap; in good order. Address, OIL TANK, 'Witness' Office.

FOR SALE, ON EASY PAYMENTS, Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Go-Carts, etc. THE J. S. PRINCE CO., 38 St. Lawrence street.

Board Wanted

BOARD WANTED. — WANTED, ON May first, Vegetarian Board, near Phillips Square, or down town; no fancy dishes required. Write terms to P.O. Box 508.

Flats to Let.

SEVERAL FLATS TO LET IN DIFFERENT locations; price from $6 to $15. Apply 56 St. Norbert street. Phone East 1508.

TO RENT, FROM 1st MAY, 1907, ON ST. Peter street, between St. James and Craig streets, two desirable flats, heated, suitable for light manufacturing or offices. Light and power if required. Apply, 142 St. Peter street.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, OFFICE BOY, TO LEARN Electrical Business. Apply 248 Craig st. West.

WANTED, OFFICE ASSISTANT; MUST be willing to make himself generally useful, with stock, etc.; salary, $40.00 per month. Apply between 9 and 12 a.m. and 3 to 5 p.m., to C.P.R. News Dept., Glen Yard, Westmount.

DOUBLE QUARTETTE. — WANTED, Christian Ladies and Gentlemen to form a select double quartette; good voices and readers. State voice. Box 500, 'Witness' Office.

STRONG BOY WANTED TO WORK IN stable and drive delivery cart. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A CAPABLE MAN TO CLEAN offices and drive delivery cart. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT, small family. Apply 16 Lorne avenue, off Milton.

WANTED, A BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN or Man, to sell the Musical Red Book, to be issued soon. Easy seller. Good commission. Apply by letter, to MR. VEITCH, 'Gazette' Building.

CLERK WANTED, WITH PREVIOUS Experience in the Head Office of a Life Insurance Company. Apply, stating previous experience, age, and references, Box 180, 'Witness' Office.

PAINTERS WANTED. APPLY JACKSON & CO., Hibernian Road.

WANTED, BOSS SHEARER FOR WOOLlens, Worsteds, Beavers, etc. Apply PATON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Sherbrooke, Que.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED; MUST BE quick and accurate. Address, with full particulars, THE MANAGER, P. O. Box 2234.

WANTED—TWO SMART CARPET Salesmen; must be thoroughly competent. Apply THE C. ROSS CO., Limited, Ottawa.

WANTED, BOY FOR WHOLESALE OFfice; one with some experience preferred; good opportunity for advancement. Address W.S.E., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, MAN TO WORK ON FARM; give references. WILLIAM ATKINS, S. Amherst, Man.

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to 476 Mount Pleasant avenue.

STRONG BOY WANTED TO WORK IN stable. Apply 142 St. Peter street.

WANTED, OFFICE BOY FOR WHOLEsale warehouse. Apply by letter. LYMAN, SONS & CO., 384 St. Paul street.

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL, ABOUT 16 years as nurse for two children, 3 and 5 years. Apply, 126 Coursol street.

WANTED, A BOY TO ASSIST IN AN OFfice. Apply to "LEGALL," 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, YOUNG MEN ABOUT 17 TO 18 years of age for wholesale business. Apply in writing, stating references, to L.Z., Box 4, 'Witness' Office.

PAPER BOXES—WANTED, 50 EXPERIenced Girls on all branches of our work; also Young Girls to learn. GEO. A. MACE & CO., 394 St. Paul street.

Rooms and Board.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR ONE YOUNG Lady, in private family. Only those willing to share room need apply. Immediate possession. Telephone Uptown 1539. 216 St. Antoine street.

Lots For Sale.

FOR SALE, LOTS AT WESTMOUNT Plateau, from $425 up, payable 10 percent cash and balance monthly if desired. Building loans negotiated. GEORGE MARCIL & CO., 180 St. James street.

Pupils Wanted.

PIANO. — LADY, ASSOCIATE PIANISTE Trinity College, London, desires music pupils. Terms moderate. 1600 St. Denis street.

Wanted.

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, EVERYBODY'S Cast-off Furniture, Clothing, Old Silverplated Ware, Old Gold and Diamonds; best prices for good goods; promptly called for by MAX FRANK, 15 East Craig street. Tel. East 3067.

PULP WOOD WANTED.

Quantities of peeled pulp wood that can be delivered quickly in Northern New York. State quantity and price F. O. B., Massena, N.Y. Address EDWIN A. MERRITT, JR., Albany Club, Albany, N.Y.

Furnished Rooms to Let

TWO LARGE WELL FURNISHED Rooms to let, with breakfast, private family. 16 Towers avenue, one street west of Mark.

FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, SUITABLE for nurses or ladies engaged during the day. 170 Mance street.

Miscellaneous.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF Montreal. No. 1656. Superior Court. Dame Sarah Eleanor Ferguson, Plaintiff, vs. Levi Ross Rasolo, Defendant. Dame Sarah Eleanor Ferguson, of the City and District of Montreal, has this day instituted an action in separation as to property against said Levi Ross Rasolo, her husband. Montreal, April 15th, 1907. H. V. TRUELL, Attorney for Plaintiff.

ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET a 'Witness' at his newsdealer's will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone Main 4090, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building, Montreal.

Eggs and Poultry.

FOR SALE, EGGS FOR HATCHING from thoroughbred Wyandottes and Plymouth Rocks. Send for catalogue. CANNALEAF POULTRY YARDS, Bordeaux, P.Q.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, SITUATION BY AN Engineer, who understands the care of electric machinery; first class references. Address G., 505, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION as office assistant; no experience, but willing to learn. Address, K.F., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, WORK, BY A PROFESSIONAL Painter and Decorator, of Hebron descent late from London, England; good work at moderate prices. For reference address Mr. BUHAY, care M. Frank, 15 East Craig, or telephone East 3067.

Business Cards.

REMOVAL NOTICE. — DR. STIRLING'S Consulting Rooms are now at 128 Stanley street.

PERSONAL. — F. MORRIS, PIANO AND Organ Tuner, 20A Balmoral street. Repairing and polishing a specialty. Phone East 1857.

BRICKWORK AND GENERAL HOUSE Repairs taken by competent tradesman. (Estimates free.) Apply 467 St. Antoine street.

TOWLE & CO., OLD ROOFERS AND Contractors, flat or steep roofs, cementing yards or cellars, painting fronts, also brushing stones, making them like new; all work done first-class and cheap. Also lightning conductors put up in the most scientific style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply, 224 Delorimier avenue. Tel. 134 East.

CANVASSERS. — TAKE ORDERS FOR Visiting Cards and Printing. Clean, pleasant and profitable occupation. Fountain Pen given with first order. Sample outfit and full particulars free. Address, W. HOWIE, Printer, Beebe Plain, Que.

Bargains.

FOR SALE, LAYTON BROS.' CABINET Grand, Walnut Case, 7 1-3 octaves, 3 pedals, practice attachment. Fine rich tone. Nearly new. Fully guaranteed. Only $195.00. LAYTON BROS., 144 Peel street, opp. Dominion Square. Open evenings.

FOR SALE, WARREN MELODEON, Rosewood Case, 5 octaves, adjustable legs, ivory keys. Only $15.00 cash. LAYTON BROS., 144 Peel street (opposite Dominion Square). Open evenings.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION, Kindling $2.00; Cut Maple, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75; cut any length; also Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDIARMID, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William streets. Bell Telephone Main 452.

To Let.

HOUSE TO LET, 6 ROOMS, 14 DOLLARS. Apply 143 Lusignan street.

FIRST FLOOR,

on St. Peter street, near corner of Craig.

For Offices or Warehouse; bright and attractive; heated, and newly decorated. Apply to 'Witness' Building.

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED, FOR SEPTEMBER FIRST, A Teacher for Kingsbury Protestant School. Apply before June first, with testimonials, stating grade of diploma, experience and salary. H. A. CRACK, Sec.-Treasurer, Kingsbury, Que.

TEACHER WANTED — FOR THE Model Department of Ayer's Cliff School. Apply, stating qualifications and references to A. E. FISH, Commissioners, Ayer's Cliff, Que.

WANTED, LADY TEACHER, for Grade III. Model, at Waterloo Academy, holding a first-class Model School Diploma; applicant to state salary expected, number of years experience, and forward testimonials. Apply to R. F. SHAW, Sec.-Treas., Waterloo, Que.

Cottage Wanted

WANTED, FOR JULY AND AUGUST, small Furnished Cottage near lake or river. Write with informations to G. CLARK, P.O. Box 114, Westmount, P.Q.

Farm For Sale.

FOR SALE, FARM, 112 ACRES EXCELlent land, 3 miles from railway station; splendid spring water, orchard and house; terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. M. J. MOUNTAIN, Ulverton, Que.

FOR SALE, FARMS IN ALL PARTS OF the Eastern Townships. Write for descriptive list to Honorable HENRY AYLMER, Sherbrooke, Que.

WANT ADS

FOR THE 'WITNESS'

may be left with

A. T. CHAPMAN, Bookseller, 513 St. Catherine street West, or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street, West of Subway.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms to Let, Articles Found, Second-hand Articles Wanted or For Sale.

20 Words for 10c,

½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let. Other Articles For Sale.

25 Words for 25c.

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals. Agents Wanted.

25 Words for 50c.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

WEEK END STORIETTE.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

(By W. Pett Ridge, in the Westminster Gazette.')

'We shall catch them,' whispered the mother, with an acute air of mystery. 'It isn't fair to judge young married couples by their behavior when they're out. Or even when they're expecting company at home. See?'

'What's that you're saying, mother?'

'Bless and bother the girl!' Suddenly exasperated. 'Since you've got a fiance, as you call him, you seem to me never to have your wits about you.' The daughter apologized. 'Don't talk so much about being sorry, try to show it a little more by your actions, miss. I'm sick and tired of telling you.'

The girl seemed disinclined for contention. 'Suppose they're not at home?' she remarked.

'They will be.'

'Arthur was saying only the other evening that it's wonderful how you've got rid of all your girls. All but me.'

'Nothing wonderful about it,' snapped the mother. 'I brought them up well.'

'And as he remarked, all my married sisters are so happy and comfortable.'

The mother coughed. 'Walk slower,' she ordered. 'I don't want to find myself breathless when I get there. Perhaps this is a good opportunity of saying something that's been on my mind for the last three weeks. You're the baby of the family, Ethel, and you've always been treated as such. I've spent more money on your education than on all the rest put together, but there's some things they can't learn you at school. Ethel, my dear,' with solemnity, 'married life isn't all it's cracked up to be.'

'Arthur says——'

'Mention that chap's name again,' threatened the mother explosively, 'and I shall forget myself and give you a thorough good shaking.' She regained calm. 'You think that because you're so happy and comfortable, living alone with me and helping with the house, with never a mis-word between us, except now and again, that you'd be just as happy and comfortable with your Arthur, as you call him.'

'Why shouldn't we call on Daisy and her husband, now that we're so near? And see the baby?'

'We're going to call on Laura and her husband,' decided the mother. 'Step out or else we shan't get there till Domesday. I never saw such a girl to lag as you are. That's right!' with bitter melancholy. 'Now rush to the opposite extreme.'

The mother said considerately on arriving at the house that she would knock; the girl could remain at the gate, thus saving the trouble of walking up the garden path in case there should be no one at home. The door was opened at once, and the mother, after a hurried exchange of words, beckoned the signal of all right.

'Yes,' in answer to an inquiry; 'John's at home. Worse luck!' added the married daughter under her breath.

'Whatever makes you say that?'

'Don't ask me,' implored the married sister pathetically. 'We all have to bear our own troubles.'

'I've just been saying to Ethel,' remarked the mother, 'that she doesn't realize——'

'I try to keep up the pretence,' sighed the married sister; 'but it takes a lot of doing, I can assure you. John! John, I say!' Her husband's voice demanded to be informed what the row was about; she went up and whispered an explanation. He came downstairs, grumbling. He kissed the ladies, exercising thus the alleged privileges of a relative, and remarked that whenever he felt inclined for a rest and a think, some one was bound to call; now they were here, he supposed there was nothing to do but to ask them to sit down and to invite them to make themselves as comfortable as the surroundings would permit. The girl stared.

'Anything the matter?' she asked.

'There always is,' remarked her brother-in-law.

'Whose fault is it?' asked his wife.

'Yours,' he replied promptly.

'I like that!'

'Now she's off,' he remarked to the callers, with the manner of a sulky showman. 'There'll be no stopping her now. Once she's fairly wound up, she can go on like that till you get the earache from listening to her.'

'Why,' protested the wife, 'I've scarcely uttered a single word up to the present!'

'What about the words you haven't uttered?'

'You're trying to talk clever.'

'I'm succeeding, too,' he said.

The girl had looked from one to the other as the duet progressed. She looked now at her mother; the mother nodded privately, to intimate, 'What did I tell you?' The married couple explained, wrangling as they went on, that the maid was out; forced in her presence to conceal differences of opinion, on this one night of the week they were free to speak their minds. The mother, very graciously, bade them take no notice of her, but to go on just as though they were alone; oddly enough, she had been telling Ethel in coming along a few truths concerning this very matter of domestic relations; the poor girl seemed to be in possession of fanciful ideas which, in the interests of truth and right and clearness of vision, it was necessary to disperse. The three gazed at the fire and shook their heads, deploring, by this action, the ignorance of youth.

'That coal you got in last, my dear, doesn't burn very well,' remarked the husband.

'The coal that I got in?'

'Don't repeat my words after me,' he roared, taking up the poker, 'I won't have it. Like being married to a gramophone.'

'You know as well as I do that you ordered the last ton. You insisted on ordering it yourself to make sure.'

'And was I here when it arrived? Did I take it in,' he demanded, violently, 'or did you? Answer me that. Do you think that when I call at an office I look at every lump? You ought to have watched it as it came in, and seeing all this slate you ought to have refused it.'

'I wish,' remarked the wife, 'that I'd cultivated the habit of refusing before I met you.'

He struck the fire a blow with the poker. 'That means, I suppose, you're sorry you ever married me.'

'You've guessed it.'

Attention had to be given to Ethel. Moved by this exhibition of conjugal differences the girl, searching for a handkerchief, wept silently; the mother patted her back, urging her not to carry on in this way, for she had no occasion to take blame to herself; although she might not have witnessed such a scene before it was, unfortunately, common enough. Perhaps it might be a lesson to her. The husband consented to put down the poker, and the girl's sister, giving up her look of truculence, set about making a cup of tea as a restorative.

'I can't help thinking,' sobbed the girl, 'that supposing—supposing Arthur——'

'You haven't gone so far, Ethel,' interrupted her mother, 'but what you can turn. It isn't for me to dictate; I never interfered with any of the others, as you very well know. When Laura here came and told me, all I said was "Very well, my dear, if you think you love him, go on, and don't mind me." Never said anything else, did I, Laura?'

'If only you had,' sighed the married sister with the kettle.

'And if you decide, Ethel, to break it all off, why, everything can go on just as cosy and comfortable as ever, and I sha'n't have the bother of going to the registry office. A servant would be a nuisance.'

'And an expense,' said her son-in-law; 'that's the great point.'

The married couple appeared to be now on speaking terms; remarks which they desired to make to each other were addressed to the visitors, and in this mode they agreed to give their company so far as the main street. On the way the married sister walked with Ethel, conversing earnestly, and pointing out the awful responsibilities of a last unmarried daughter, the luxury of single life at home with a parent. They said good-bye.

'Forewarned is forearmed,' quoted the mother contentedly, as they waited for an omnibus. 'It's been a painful sight for you, no doubt; but it's likely to have a most beneficial——'

'Look!' cried the girl suddenly.

The mother turned. Not yet out of sight, the married daughter and her husband, arms around waists, were exchanging an affectionate kiss.

'It's a most remarkable circumstance,' said the mother vehemently, 'that whenever I plan out anything with special care where other people are concerned, they're bound somehow to go and make a mull of it!'

KIDNEY DISEASE
COMES ON QUIETLY

Perhaps no other organs work harder than the kidneys to preserve the general health of the body and most people are troubled with some form of Kidney Complaint, but do not suspect it. It may have been in the system for some time. There may have been backaches, swelling of the feet and ankles, disturbances of the urinary organs, such as, brick dust deposit in the urine, highly colored scanty or cloudy urine, bladder pains, frequent or supressed urination, burning sensation when urinating, etc.

Do not neglect any of these symptoms, for, if neglected they will eventually lead to Bright's Disease, Dropsy and Diabetes.

On the first sign of anything wrong

Doan's Kidney Pills
SHOULD BE TAKEN.

They go to the seat of trouble, strengthen the kidneys and help them to filter the blood properly and flush off all the impurities which cause kidney trouble. Mr. Thomas Petty, Massey, Ont., writes: "After I arrived in Canada from New Zealand, a couple of years ago, I suffered very much from kidney trouble. I tried several remedies, but they did me no good. Finally my back became so lame I could scarcely work. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills and after taking them I felt like a new man.

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

FISHERIES QUESTION.

Sir Robert Bond Believes it Will be Settled at Once.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 8.—Sir Robert Bond states that the assurances he has received from Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Winston Churchill lead him to believe that the fisheries question will be settled before he leaves London, in a manner entirely satisfactory to Newfoundland.

NEW ANNEX CHURCH.

May 19, the date for the formal opening of the Fairmount Avenue Methodist Church, will be a red-letter day for the Methodists of St. Louis. The Rev. W. H. Emsley, of Napanee; the Rev. M. Taylor, president of the Montreal Conference, and the Rev. Principal Shaw, LL.D., will officiate at the morning dedicatory service, and the Rev. Mr. Emsley will preach again in the evening at 7 o'clock. There will be an open session of the Sunday-school at 3 p.m. On Monday evening, May 20, between 6 o'clock and 8 p.m. supper will be served, and this will be followed by a public meeting. A programme of addresses and music is being provided for this occasion, as well as for Sunday afternoon. The opening exercises will be continued on Sunday, May 26, when the Rev. Dr. Young will preach at 11 a.m., and the Rev. E. E. Scott at 7 p.m. The pastor of the church is the Rev. Thomas Brown.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

NO PROSPECT OF LINE BETWEEN WINNIPEG AND EDMONTON BEING FINISHED THIS YEAR.

According to advices received by the Dominion Government authorities there is little or no prospect of the Grand Trunk Pacific having its line completed this season from Winnipeg to Edmonton as Mr. C. M. Hays had promised when construction work on this stretch was begun last year. In the first place the ground in the west is still covered in many places with snow and full of frost where last season construction work was under way on April 1. The company contracted last summer for ties enough to span a distance of twelve hundred miles, but in view of the excessively dry weather and other untoward circumstances, only a very small proportion of what the company needed is actually delivered. Ties that sold for thirty cents each last season are now worth as much as seventy-five cents.

Foley Bros., who have a contract for work from Edmonton east, have not been able to assemble their plant owing, it is said, to the irregularity of the railway service in the west. The builders have all the rails that are needed and by dint of great exertions have assembled a large force of laborers, but through a singular combination of mischances they are already delayed six weeks in their start. The condition of things that now exists is a great misfortune to the whole west as it has been anticipated that the Grand Trunk Pacific would be able next fall to lend a hand in the movement of the grain crop.

A TOMATO CASE

JUDGE CARMAN COMMENTS SEVERELY ON METHODS OF ALD. NIHAN, OF ST. CATHARINES.

St. Catharines, Ont., May 8.—A case of considerable interest to tomato growers, particularly, and one which gives a hint of how written contracts may be got around sometimes, came up here yesterday in the Division Court before County Judge Carman. Ald. Thomas Nihan sued L. M. Schenck & Co., canners, whose factory is one of the thirty factories owned by the Canadian Canners Limited, for $125. Ald. Nihan testified that he contracted with the Schenck Company for five thousand bushels of tomatoes, his last year's crop. He had signed a contract to supply the tomatoes at the prevailing price, twenty-five cents a bushel, but there was an understanding that the factory was to pay him twenty-seven and a half cents. The formal contract was only to be used to jolly other growers into selling their tomatoes for twenty-five cents. But when settling-up time came the manager, M. L. Schenck, would pay only the twenty-five cents a bushel, and when Nihan protested he pointed triumphantly to his name signed at the bottom of the twenty-five-cent contract. 'The whole trouble,' said Mr. Nihan, on the witness-stand, 'is that his factory got glutted up with tomatoes from Jordan and he didn't want to take mine.'

Mr. Schenck took the stand and denied that there was any agreement other than the one produced, calling for twenty-five cents a bushel. He denied that any favoritism was shown. Every grower was paid the same price, twenty-five cents a bushel, last year.

'But what about the year before—what price did you pay then?' asked counsel for Mr. Nihan.

'I can't remember,' was the reply.

'Can't remember if any of them got more than twenty-five cents?'

'No, I don't recollect.'

Mr. Schenck gave it as his opinion that the reason he was being sued was that he had refused to make another contract with Mr. Nihan for this year's tomatoes.

Judge Carman reserved his decision. His Honor commented rather severely on the fact that Mr. Nihan apparently had allowed himself to be used by the factory people to mislead the public. This fact might stand in the road of his right to recover the additional two and a half cents per bushel.

MISSIONARY WOUNDED.

A report from St. Thomas de Pierreville states that in the course of a fight between two Abenakis Indians of that locality, who were freely using their knives in the struggle, the Rev. Abbé Joseph de Gonzaque, a missionary, was wounded while attempting to separate the two men.

A Message for Pile Sufferers

From One Who Has Been Cured of an Unusually Severe Case by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Mrs. Geo. H. Simser, Grant, Russell Co., Ont., writes:—'Eleven years ago I began to suffer from piles and as they caused keen distress and became worse I doctored for them but with little or no avail. They were bleeding, itching and protruding, and oh! the torture I suffered at times can never be described. It was with suffering that the bowels moved, and as nothing brought relief I could only endure the misery with an aching heart and without hope of cure.

'Finally a lady friend told me about Dr. Chase's Ointment curing piles and to my surprise I felt relief at once on using this ointment, the little tumors soon disappeared, the ulcers healed and the bowels became regular. This was five years ago, and I have never been troubled with this terrible ailment since, a thousand thanks to Dr. Chase's Ointment.'

To persons who have given up looking for a cure for piles or hemorrhoids, this letter should bring new hope. There is, we believe, no more effective treatment for piles than Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Annual Report Shows Good Conditions and a Prosperous Year.

OFFICERS ELECTED AND STAFF COMPLIMENTED ON THEIR EFFICIENCY.

The forty-fourth annual general meeting of the corporation and governors of the Montreal Protestant House of Industry and Refuge was held in the Board room, 193 Dorchester street west, yesterday afternoon, Mr. J. C. Holden, F. R. G. S., president, in the chair. Among others present were:—Messrs. Charles Byrd, second vice-president; the Hon. J. K. Ward, F. Hague, the Rev. Jas. Patterson, the Rev. Dr. Fleck, Jonathan Hodgson, J. Hamilton Ferns, Thomas Gilday, the Rev. Canon Ellegood, the Rev. T. Harris, John Murphy (Summerhill avenue), Rural Dean Sanders, G. F. C. Smith, the Rev. R. Ashton Kerr, the Rev. A. J. Mowatt, D.D.; Dr. J. H. Finney and Joseph W. Percival, together with the treasurer, Mr. John Patterson, and the secretary, Mr. W. A. Stephenson.

The secretary, in his report, announced that the following bequests had been made to the Home during the year:—Late Mr. James Moore, $30,000; late Mr. William Francis, $750; late Mrs. G. Pangman, $513; late Mr. G. M. Kinghorn, $500; late Mr. R. F. W. Grose, $100—a total of $31,863, all of which has been placed to the endowment fund.

Bequests have yet to come in from the estates of the following:—Miss Orkney $16,000; Mr. John Hope, $1,000; Mr. J. M. Browning, $1,000; Mr. James Cochrane, $100; $5,000 from the estate of the late Miss Harriett Moore, and $22,000 more to come in after the death of two legatees.

During the relief season, which lasted from Dec. 20 to March 22, the report continued, there were 246 applications for outdoor relief, representing 1,032 persons. The total contributions to the fund were $3,586, and the expenditure $3,564, leaving a balance of $22.

During this period there were distributed 407 1-4 tons of coal, 432 1-4 cords of wood, 1,466 parcels of provisions; and in addition, clothing, boots, rubbers, blankets and bed coverings.

The report also stated that the increasing demands for shelter and assistance, due to increase in population, will not permit of the bank overdraft being wiped off, and on this interest has to be provided for.

Referring to the property of the Home, the report stated that while returns from rented property on Bleury and Dorchester street were better than formerly, owing to the demand for stores and dwellings at moderate rentals, the board was aware that such repairs and alterations will shortly be requisite as may reduce the revenue.

As regards the inmates of the Home, there is a daily average of 71. The annual cost of maintenance is $3,498. In the Moore Home there is a daily average of 42, and an annual maintenance cost of $4,545. At the Old People's Home the daily average is 135, and the annual expenses $8,240.

With regard to the Home for old people at Longue Pointe, the board has under contemplation a thorough overhauling of the sanitary appliances.

The Molson farm and piggeries show a revenue of $460, over a deficit of $313 the previous year. The earnings this year were $1,202.

The chairman, in his remarks, commented on the encouraging nature of such a report, and the harmonious manner in which all connected with the institution worked together. If people are united, he said, they can accomplish something. The institution was in a flourishing condition, and he was thankful to say that not only had more work been accomplished, but more money had been received than in former years. Last year they had to announce the deaths of two most faithful workers in the persons of Mr. Charles Alexander and Mr. James Moore, and the speaker proceeded to eulogize the work done for the homes by these gentlemen in their lifetime.

Appreciation was expressed by him of the work of Mr. Stephenson, the secretary; Mr. and Mrs. Wills, Mr. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. De Gruchy, at Longue Pointe, and the matron's assistants in the Moore and Old People's Homes.

As regards finances, the position, he said, was improving, the revenue amounted to $21,487, the expenditure to $16,815, and the balance in hand was $4,671.

Dr. Finney presented the medical report, which stated that although the past winter had been an extremely trying one, the general health had not been extremely bad. Credit was due to those in charge because of the most scrupulous cleanliness.

The reports were adopted on the motion of Mr. Thos. Gilday, seconded by Mr. F. Hague.

The following members of the executive were either elected or re-elected:—President, Mr. J. C. Holden, F.R.G.S., 1st vice-president, Lieut.-Col. J. H. Burland; 2nd vice-president, Mr. Charles Byrd; treasurer, Mr. John Patterson; hon. secretary, Mr. James Rodger; honlife president, the Hon. J. K. Ward.

The officers elected to the board of management for three years were:—Messrs. J. C. Holden, Lieut.-Col. Burland, Charles Byrd, Henry Birks, James Coristine, Wm. Yuile, John Murphy, Capt. R. S. Clift (representing St. George's Society until such time as his successor is appointed.)

Life governors: Messrs. Francis Braidwood, W. S. Leslie and John Murphy.

The elective governors were: Mrs. John A. Pillow, Mr. S. H. McDowell, Mr. W. L. Maltby, Mr. P. P. Cowens, Miss Alice McClennan, Mrs. John T. Molson, Mrs. J. H. R. Molson, Mrs. Hy. Jonas, Mrs. George Caverhill, Mr. Charles M. Hays, Mr. H. Robertson, Mr. Charles Meredith, the Rev. J. L. George, Mr. Geo. Hyde, Mr. Wm. Clelland, Mr. Theodore Labatt, Miss Isabella McClennan, Mr. Andrew Baile, Mrs. Sutherland (Sherbrooke street), Mrs. C. N. Arnott (London, England), Mr. Louis Sutherland, Mr. Bartlett McLellan and Mr. Gerald Lomer.

The following resolution was passed at the meeting anent the early closing of saloons:—'That our president be authorized to sign an application to His Worship the Mayor and the City Council for the enactment of a by-law for the moved by Mr. John Murphy and seconded by Mr. Thomas Gilday and carried.

Style and Durability

Are characteristics of all shoes sold at STEWART'S.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES SOME OF THE FINEST SHOES MADE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Our Prices in Men's Shoes are from $4.00 up to $7.00

Our Prices on Women's Shoes are from $3.00 to $7.00.

CHILDREN'S SHOES A SPECIALTY.

W. H. STEWART, 237 St. James st. 517 West St. Catherine street.

H.M.S. 'SCILLA' FOR WEST INDIES

OWING TO RECENT CALLS FOR AID SECOND CRUISER WILL BE STATIONED THERE.

London, May 8.—In view of the recent rioting at Castriee, Island of St. Lucia, and the fact that a British warship was not available for relief purposes at the time of the earthquake at Kingston, Jamaica, the British Government has decided to station a second cruiser in the West Indies. The 'Scilla,' a third class cruiser, having a speed of twenty knots, and carrying a crew of 273 officers and men, has been selected.

CONVICT KILLED

JUMPED THROUGH TRAIN WINDOW ON TO ROCKS BELOW.

Ashcroft, B.C., May 8.—Paul Mannarino, a prisoner from Nelson, on his way to the penitentiary in charge of Constable Webster, jumped through the car window of train No. 97 this afternoon. The train was running forty miles an hour when Mannarino made his fatal leap, and landed head-first on the rocks, thirty or forty feet below, where he was picked up insensible as soon as the train was brought to a standstill. He died a few minutes later. The body was left at Ashcroft, where an inquest will be held. Constable Webster continued his journey to New Westminster in charge of other prisoners.

CHEAP POWER.

Kingston, Ont., May 8.—The Canadian Locomotive Works here will use coal gas for power uses, as Mr. C. Benningham, managing director, says he can produce power at $12.50 a horse power per year. This is much cheaper than the Hydro-Electric Power Commission has offered power to Kingstonians. He advises consumers of power to generate it themselves.

MRS. BIRT'S CHILDREN

A MOST PROMISING PARTY OF BOYS AND GIRLS IS EXPECTING TO SAIL FROM LIVERPOOL TO-MORROW.

The SS. 'Victorian,' which is due to sail from Liverpool to-morrow, is expected, according to a letter received in Montreal from Mrs. Birt, to bring a fine lot of boys and girls from the Birt Sheltering Home to Canada. This batch is considered to be about the best band of boys and girls ever brought to this country under Mrs. Birt's auspices. Arrangements are being made for the children to give a concert in Association Hall on Tuesday evening, May 21. This is something in the nature of an innovation, but it promises to be a very attractive event. The children have given several very successful entertainments before large audiences in Liverpool, their programme including action songs, whistling choruses, recitations and addresses. Mrs. Birt writes to invite the interest of the public of Montreal and vicinity in her work among child immigrants. People who are interested in seeing what kind of children Mrs. Birt is bringing out and learning about her philanthropic work should arrange to attend this concert.

ARTIST KILLED

FIRE DOES $250,000 DAMAGE IN KANSAS CITY, MO.

Kansas City, Mo., May 8.—George Demare was killed and fifteen persons were injured to-day in a fire that destroyed the five-story brick university building, at the north-west corner of Locust and Ninth streets, causing a property damage of $250,000. Six persons are missing and perhaps are buried in the ruins. The debris cannot be searched till to-morrow. The building was occupied by Montgomery, Ward & Co., as offices, employing two hundred girls, and numerous artists and musicians, who lost everything.

George Demare, 32 years old, art instructor in the Central High School, and a portrait painter, who came from Paris four years ago, jumped from his studio on the fifth floor, and was picked up dead.

COCAINE BILL PASSED.

Albany, May 7.—The Senate passed today Assemblyman A. E. Smith's bill making it a felony for a druggist to sell cocaine except upon prescription of a physician.

IF you were a grocer—and you had recommended St. George's to your customers—and they had tried it—and had come back to tell you that it was BETTER than you said it was—

—now, wouldn't you smile?"

"That's the way I feel about

St. George's Baking Powder

"Use St. George's—and smile on baking days."

"If you write The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Montreal—they will send you, FREE, a handsome cook book, brimful of excellent recipes."

THE STARVING MILLIONS IN CHINA

One Dollar Will Keep a Family of Five For a Week.

This week the 'Witness' Chinese Famine Fund has been increased by $478.94, and has now reached $5,247.52.

Canadians are responding heartily to the appeal of the starving millions in China.

The subscriptions of 'Witness' readers are being cabled to the Relief Committee—an entirely undenominational body—through the Rev. Mr. McGillivray, the Canadian missionary, who will see that his country gets credit for every dollar sent, and that not a cent is diverted from the purpose for which it is given.

The new crop will not be harvested before the end of June, so the need is still great. Latest reports estimate the number of deaths from starvation at five thousand a day, and the horrors are indescribable.

The 'Witness' fund was started at the request of Montreal Chinamen, members of the Christian Endeavor Society, who headed the list with a generous donation. Their example has been followed by many Canadians, but there are still thousands of individuals and hundreds of societies connected with churches and societies outside the churches to which an appeal should not be made in vain.

A little money does so much.

Ten cents a day will save a small family.

Twenty cents will save a life for a week.

One dollar will save a family of five for a week.

Five dollars will save six lives for a month.

Ten dollars will keep a family over the pinch.

One hundred dollars will save a small community.

Further contributions to the relief fund are invited. All sums received will be acknowledged in these columns. The following amounts are gratefully acknowledged:

Previously acknowledged	$4,768.55
A Widow's Mite, French River	.50
A.G.J., Randboro	1.00
Vernon Snell, North Augusta	1.00
Courtney Snell, North Augusta	1.00
Christian Endeavor, Cardiral	19.30
Wm. Clark, Cardinal	2.00
A. S. Elder, Edmonton	5.00
An Old Subscriber, Appin	2.00
T.R.K.B., Brackenrig	1.00
R. W. Kelly (from Lanark, Drummond, Middleville Bapt. Churches)	3.71
M., Clinton	1.00
Mrs. H. E. Williams, Knowlton	2.00
B. J. Craig, Ottawa	5.00
Mrs. C. H. Ross, Westmount, Q.	1.00
Jno. W. McIntosh, Martintown	2.00
Elgin Methodist Circuit	18.05
A Friend, St. George, N.B.	1.00
A Friend, Tayside, Ont.	1.00
A Friend	5.00
Bessie E. Moses	2.00
Rev. A. J. Beeton, Hemmingford	1.00
Mrs. W. Pinkerton, Covey Hill	1.00
Edw. Kenny, Aylmer East	5.00
J. B. Adamson, Stayner	.50
Widow and Orphan, Burgoyne	1.50
Additional from Vankleek Hill Meth. S.S.	2.50
Mrs. Jessie Carr, Venry	1.00
Mrs. J. Ewing, Tweed	2.00
Samuel Trowhill, Woodstock	1.00
Hector McLean, Souris	30.00
Mrs. J. H. Kinnear, Souris	4.00
A Friend, Cedar Hill	2.25
Mr. and Miss W. W., Forest	10.00
M. S. S., Charlottetown	1.00
H. McCreary and family, Carleton Place	10.00
Jno. Butchart, Clinton	2.00
'Three Meals a Day,' Montreal	1.00
A. D., Durham	1.00
A. E. B., Norwich	3.00
Sarah Odell, from Odelltown C.E.S.	7.30
David Ross, Strathclair	5.35
Mrs. C. A. Munroe, Lockport	4.00
Rev. J. Matheson, Summerstown	5.00
A. K., Montreal	.50
R.	5.00
Janet McKee, Kinnear's Mills	2.00
Alex. S. Stewart, Dromore, Ont.	1.00
Mrs. A. Dunlop, Almonte	2.50
St. Andrew's Jr., Lachine	3.00
J. W. Charlesworth, Franktown	1.00
M. L. Doyall, Peterboro	2.00
T. E. Sargent, Peterboro	2.00
F. Powers, Farnham	1.00
Alex. McKee, Dodgers Cove, B.C.	5.00
A Friend	1.00
Francis McLennan, K.C., Montreal	10.00
Geo. Lane, Barrie	1.30
Member of B. E. L.	.25
Missionary Society and S.S., of Knox Church, Wallaceburg	8.30
Wallace, Owen Sound	10.00
A Friend, N. Ottawa	2.00
Mrs. J. McWilliams, Hespeler	2.00
Mrs. Johnson, Welland	1.00
Bondville Parish Church	4.25
Iron Hill Parish Church	4.62
West Brome Parish Church	2.13
Mrs. Donald Fraser, Emerson	5.00
In His Name, Quebec	5.00
From Friends, Athelstan	3.00
A Friend, Lancaster	1.70
One Wishing to Help, Stewartville	.25
Mrs. Middleton, Carnduff	3.00
Jos. H. Brownell, Little Shemogue	1.50
Nancy A. Scott, Ulverton	1.00
Mrs. W. R. Meech, Barb.	1.00
Alice Nunns Keough, Montreal	5.00
Mary Allen Stanstead, Warpmills	5.00
From Jessie and Agnes Eadie, Rideau View	2.00
Barr's Young People's Society and Christian Endeavor	5.00
'The Lord Loveth the Cheerful Giver'	10.00
Soap Stone S. S., Whycocomagh	2.21
William Well, Alberton	5.00
W. T. B., Sydney, N.S.	10.00
W. A. Moffat, Pembroke, Ont.	2.00
B. H. Oxford	1.00
A. F., Lombardy	1.00
Thos. E. Clark, Peterborough	2.00
Friends in Alberta, Cowley	5.00
Old Subscriber, Charlottetown	5.00
Robert Ross, Beaverton	2.25
A Friend, Rayside	1.00
H. D. Gardner, Rochester	5.00
John E. G. Atkinson, Richibucto	2.00
A Friend, Banks, Ont.	1.00
One Wishing to Help, Routledge	1.00
A Friend, B. B., Merriton	2.00
T. H. N.	10.00
A Friend, Haverhill	2.00
Fred. McLeod, Montreal	1.00
A Friend, St. Chrysostome	1.00
A Friend	.22
From Chinese Class Pres. Church, Valleyfield	15.15
A 'Witness' Reader, Norwich	2.00
W. Newton Redner, Rednersville	1.00
S. McClinton, Black Bank	10.00
Mrs. D. Austin, Palermo	1.00
Friends in Carleton Place	1.75
In His Name, Renfrew	1.00
Janet Wilson, Richmond	1.00
M. Hunter, Arthur	1.00
Edward Willis, Oshawa	1.00
From a Friend, Gananoque	1.00
Mother and Children, Strafordville	2.00
William Smillie, Inwood	3.00
Brother and Sister in Kingston	3.00
J. A. Crichton, Owen Sound	2.00
St. James Church Sunday School, Goderich	6.28
Mrs. Beni. Mouldy, Williamsville	2.00
Matilda Shaw, Kingsbury	3.00
From an Orphan	1.00
Friends in Sundridge, Ont., per J. Carter, P.M.:	
Miss Lawson	$1.00
Mrs. Hall	1.00
E. E. Seidewand	.25
Mrs. Carmichael	.50
Mrs. French	.50
R. F. Cook	.25
J. Maxwell	.25
G. McKormack	.25
Jno. Carter	.50
Wm. Blair	.25
Mrs. T. Black	.50
A Friend	.25
H. S. Auldjo	.25
Robt. Correntters	.50
Mrs. J. Carter	.50
Edna Carter	.25
Mrs. J. Cunningham	.25
A Friend	.25
Mrs. Baker	.25
F. B. Gunn	.25
Mrs. Marshall	.25
Mrs. Desse	.25
R. J. Marshall	.25
G. W. Thom	3.00
Mrs. A. Anderson	.50
J. Edgar	2.00
Miss L. Black	.25
C. F. Lookey	.25
Mrs. A. Hodgson	.25
Mr. Moody	.25
Mrs. J. Cook	.25
Mrs. Cook	.20
Mrs. Sirr	.50
Mrs. Willard	.25
Mrs. W. H. Johnston	.50
Tommy Jones	.50
Mr. Riddell	.25
Mrs. Robt. Hodgson	.25
Mr. J. Harper	.50
	$18.45
Arch. A. McMillan, Laggan	3.00
Jean H. Goodwin	1.00
Wm. Bertrand	8.50
Point St. Charles Cong. Church	1.75
Bessie Gourlay, Huntley	.35
S. Fero, Lynedoch	5.00
Margaret Fero, Lynedoch	5.00
Stanley Cord, Lynedoch	.50
Two Sisters, Waterloo, Que.	10.00
A. S. G.	1.00
M. J. K., St. Johns	2.00
R.	5.00
Mrs. D. Sinclair, Cayley	1.00
Total	$5,247.52

FOOLHARDY WOMEN

TRIED TO RACE AUTO AGAINST TRAIN—ONE KILLED.

Asbury Park, N.J., May 8.—While racing with a Jersey Central Railway train between Point Pleasant and Asbury Park to-day, a racing automobile, in which Mrs. G. W. Boyce and Miss Awilda Mass, of Point Pleasant, were riding, was overturned, and Miss Mass was instantly killed. Mrs. Boyce, who is the wife of an automobile dealer in New York city, was rendered unconscious, and was taken to her home in Point Pleasant. Mrs. Boyce was operating the machine. The train had just left Point Pleasant, bound for Asbury Park, when the automobile, going at a terrific pace, came along the roadway which parallels the railway track, and attempted to pass the train. Passengers on the train witnessed the attempt, and crowded to the platforms and windows, cheering the two women as their machine steadily forged by the train. Just as the automobile was abreast of the locomotive, and when both were going at the rate of 55 miles an hour, Mrs. Boyce lost control of the automobile. The machine swerved from the roadway, went over an embankment into a swamp and overturned, crushing Miss Mass.

FATHER CLAIMS DAMAGES.

An action for $1,995 damages has been entered against the Dominion Wire Manufacturing Company, Ltd., by Mr. Chas. Lalonde, father of Edmond Lalonde, who lost his life by a heap of coal falling upon him in the company's yards a few weeks ago. Mr. A. Mackay appears for the plaintiff.

SELF DESTRUCTION

CASES AT OTTAWA, BALDUR, MAN., AND PALERMO, ONT.

Ottawa, May 8.—William H. Bulland, aged fifty-six, and for twenty-three years a government electrician, was found dead hanging by a dog chain in an outhouse of his home, Janeville, at ten o'clock this morning. The body was discovered by his wife. It is supposed to be a case of suicide, induced by temporary insanity. The deceased had been suffering from fits of despondency, and had endured periods of mental derangement for some years. Deceased was a native of England, where a brother resides at Plymouth. He was a member of the Masonic Order, and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Baldur, Man., May 8.—An immigrant from Scotland named C. Ellis, who has been working on farms around here, went to Cleghorn's shanty and hanged himself during the absence of the proprietor.

Oakville, Ont., May 8.—Young Tom Jones, who escaped from the burning hut near Palermo, where the negress, 'Black Fannie,' and William Clarke, her white companion, were cremated on Saturday night, committed suicide this morning.

BOARD OF TRADE.

CANADA FOR JAIL BIRDS.

At a meeting of the Council of the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon, a communication was received from an ex-president of the Board, enclosing an advertisement which he had clipped from the London 'Times,' guaranteeing employment in Canada to all leaving jail or in destitution. The writer of the letter suggested that the council might protest against sending such persons to Canada.

The council will take the matter up with the High Commissioner in London.

THE STATE OF THE STREETS.

A letter was received from a member of the Board urging the council to appeal to the City Council to improve the condition of the streets.

While in entire accord with the letter, the members expressed the opinion that it was useless to again approach the City Council in the matter, it having as recently as October last made the following recommendations, neither of which was adopted:

'That the tax on real estate should be increased by one-quarter of one per cent, and that the proceeds of such taxation should be exclusively devoted to permanent improvement of the roads and sidewalks.

'That a system should be adopted whereunder the cost of paving, roadway and sidewalks should be shared by the city and the proprietor, the city paying fifty percent of the cost and the proprietors on each side of the street bearing twenty-five percent; payment of proprietors' share to be spread over a period of ten years.'

HARBOR IN BETTER SHAPE.

Mr. Farquhar Robertson, who was the representative of the board on the recent inspection of the harbor, reported that although the new commissioners had been in office only four months, they had already done much to improve the facilities for the handling of freight through the sheds, one much appreciated change being the substitution of concrete paving for the original paving of scoria blocks, which were found very unsuitable in consequence of the trouble in handling goods over so rough a surface. The concrete paving will also be used in the other sheds under construction.

The inspection of the harbor, he said, showed to those invited on the occasion that the commissioners are using their best efforts to accomplish with all possible speed the completion of the improvement works, and he learned with gratification that the commissioners had been successful in securing the completion of the ground floor of the five sheds to an extent that will permit of their use during the present season of navigation.

THE BAHAMAS AND CANADA.

A letter was read from Mr. S. O. Shorey stating that on the occasion of his recent visit to the Bahamas he had found a great desire on the part of the merchants there to trade with Canada. There was a disposition on the part of large merchants to trade with the Dominion.

The council was much interested in the letter, and the suggestions it contained, and resolved to invite Mr. Shorey to attend the next meeting in order that he might give full information regarding the possibilities of trade with the West Indies.

There were present at the meeting: Messrs. George Caverhill, president; Thomas J. Drummond, first vice-president; Farquhar Robertson, second vice-president; Messrs. A. A. Ayer, John R. Binning, Geo. L. Cains, W. W. Craig, George A. Kohl, J. L. McCulloch, A. MacLaurin and J. A. Richardson.

FOREIGN MISSIONS

ENCOURAGING REPORTS BY WOMEN'S SOCIETY OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Brantford, Ont., May 8.—The delegates attending the thirty-first annual convention of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church settled down to business to-day and had under consideration a number of reports. Those of the Presbyterian societies were on the whole of an encouraging nature, although in a number regret was expressed that more women were not taking part in the work of the auxiliaries.

The report of the Toronto Presbyterian Society, presented by Miss Crombie, was typical of the rest. It stated that the encouragements by far exceeded the discouragements. The number of auxiliaries was sixty-two, showing a slight decrease in membership, but the liberality was well sustained.

The report of foreign work in India, Honan, and Uganda, presented by Mrs. J. J. Bell, stated that once more the plague had rested over India, hindering all systematic work, especially day school work.

In presenting the Indian and Chinese report, Miss Craig put in a plea for better treatment of the Chinese in Canadian cities. The manner in which the boys behaved to those men, she declared, hindering mission work in China.

The treasurer's report showed total receipts, $71,010; balance on hand, $2,254; total membership, 26,089.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

THE RESULTS IN FIGURES.

The Largest Number of Converts at Torrey Meetings Have Joined Presbyterian Churches.

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED FOR REVIVAL IN WEST END CHURCH.

The Rev. A. A. Radley, pastor of the West End Methodist Church, has made arrangements for speakers for the revival services which are to be held at that church as a continuation of the Torrey mission beginning next Monday evening, as follows: Monday, May 13, the Rev. Dr. Jonnston; Tuesday, May 14, the Rev. C. T. Scott; Wednesday, May 15, the Rev. M. Taylor; Thursday, May 16, the Rev. Dr. Young; Friday, May 17, the Rev. Dr. Gates; Monday, May 20, the Rev. Hugh Pedley; Tuesday, May 21, the Rev. W. D. Reid; Wednesday, May 22, the Rev. E. H. Tippett; Thursday, May 23, the Rev. H. S. Osborne; Friday, May 24, the Rev. C. T. Scott. Enthusiastic interest is being taken in this movement. A song service will be held every evening at 7.30 o'clock, and the regular meeting commences at eight o'clock. Converts and members of the Torrey choir are reminded of the reception to be held in St. James Methodist Church this evening. The public is invited to this meeting and all attending are asked to bring their Torrey books, which will be used in the singing exercises.

The committee of the Torrey mission settled up their accounts yesterday, and found that there was a debit balance of two hundred dollars, which was made up by personal subscriptions to the guarantee fund. The amount of the collections was $3,700, made up as follows: Ordinary collections, $2,600; thank-offering during the last three days, $1,100. At the meeting for women only last Sunday afternoon, $300 was contributed, while at the men's meeting in the evening the collection reached $500.

In addition to the $1,000 paid to Dr. Torrey, $700 was divided between his three assistants, Messrs. Jacoby, Butler and Parker, and $950 was paid for the use of St. James Methodist Church. Other expenses included the entertainment of the evangelist and his helpers, travelling expenses, building of platform in church, advertising, printing and stationery, bringing the total up to $3,900.

Dr. Torrey addressed fifty-four meetings, while his assistant, the Rev. Mr. Jacoby, conducted about thirty.

As regards the religious results, it is announced that the invitation to accept Christ brought response from 2,372 persons, who stood up publicly and were afterwards dealt with by the mission workers, their names being subsequently given to the local clergy for future spiritual care.

Although the mission services were held in a Methodist church, the largest number of responses to the revival invitation came from adherents of the Presbyterian Church, 830 of whom stood up in confession of their desire to accept Christ. The Methodists came second on the list with 745; the Church of England was third, with 365, while the others were divided as follows: One hundred and sixty-five Baptists, 80 Congregationalists, 25 Roman Catholics, 16 Brethren, 9 Salvation Army, 6 Lutherans, 4 Jews, 5 Christian Scientists, 3 Reformed Episcopal, and 99 non-denominational.

The 2,372 converts were made up of 443 men, 478 women, 526 boys under sixteen, and 925 girls under sixteen.

With reference to the denominational attitude of the mission, it is stated that any attempt at proselytizing was avoided.

At Buffalo, where the meetings were held in a public hall, three thousand stood up publicly. The financial results at Buffalo were also notable, the mission producing a credit balance of $1,800.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The managers of the Ladies' Benevolent Society, 31 Berthelet street, wish to acknowledge the following donations for January, February and March, 1907: Shredded Wheat Company, 1 box of biscuits; Miss McManus, books and magazines; A. Joyce, cakes and buns; A. Joyce, cakes; Mr. R. A. A. Jones, $25; Mrs. C. M. Arnot, $15; Government grant, $637; Mrs. Vineberg, a box of poppy pincushions; J. A. Murphy Co., Ltd., a large case of hats; King's Daughters' Cathedral, flowers; Mrs. Robert Hall, buns; T. Donohue, celery and lettuce; Alexander Scott, mixed cake; St. Gabriel Church, mixed cake, 7 loaves bread; St. George's Doles, $4 for January and February; Mrs. Bigelow gave a most enjoyable tea for the old people in memory of her mother's birthday, Jan. 26; Mrs. Thornton Davidson, 'The Carleton,' a parcel of ham sandwiches; St. George's Church, cake; A. Joyce, a large box of fancy cake; W. Currie, clothier, 8 dozen caps; St. Andrew's Church, oranges, candy and cake; Mrs. F. W. Thomas, a quantity of ham, 4 loaves of bread; Alexander Scott, buns; A. Friend, 3 hats; A. Friend, 6 pots jam; A. Scott, buns and cake; Mrs. Munderloh, 6 hand crochet shawls; Mrs. Adams, books and pictures; Anonymous, books and pictures; St. James Methodist, 19 loaves bread; A. Scott, buns; Mrs. F. W. Thomas, 12 doz. oranges, 2 loaves bread and meat jelly; R. Leith, Outremont, milk; Lady Hickson, 12 doz. hot cross buns; Mrs. Pennell, 4 dozen hot cross buns; Mrs. Lachlan Gibb, 12 dozen Easter eggs and 7 finnan haddies; Mrs. D. L. McDougall, $5 for Easter eggs; G. C. Nicholson, 100 lbs. beef, 10 lbs. suet, six corned tongues; Stanley Street Presbyterian Church, tea given to old people; A. Joyce, gingerbread cakes, Sally buns, two iced cakes, Baptist Church, a tea given to old people by Mrs. Castle and her friends; St. James Methodist Edelweiss Society, neckties for old people; 303 St. Charles Borrome, books, magazines and papers; Mrs. F. W. Thomas, bread, soup and ham bones very often, a great addition to children's soup; Mrs. Robert Hall, buns; Mrs. Patterson, a quantity of valuable travellers' samples; A Friend, books; Mrs. Castle, a concert and entertainment; the Rev. E. McManus, a large portrait of the late Archbishop Bond; St. Andrew's S. School, $16; through Mr. Currie, Doles, St. George's, $10, March, April, May, June and July.

The treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital begs to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following subscriptions during the month of April:—'A Lady,' per Dr. F. J. Shepherd, $2,000; Charles Byrd, $250; half receipts of Hospital Day at Grocery Exhibition, $185.55; G.T.R. Insurance and Provident Society, $150; Horace Joseph, $100; John Allan and Consumers' Cordage Company, Limited, $50 each; employees of James McCready Company, Limited, $28; the Sherwin-Williams Company, Patrick Wright, Garth Company, the Northern Electric and Manufacturing Company Employees' Relief Fund, James Robertson Co. Limited, James W. Pyke, Dr. Charles M. Ault, John Murphy, Mrs. G. B. Fraser and W. W. C. Wilson, $25 each; Mrs. C. Mackay, Banque d'Hochelaga, Henry Joseph and Thomas Ecroyd, $20 each; Robt. Meredith, James A. Cantlie, John Murphy Co. Limited, B. Grier and J. A. Taylor, $15 each; Wm. Clark, Lewis Jacobs, Lieut.-Colonel George R. Starke, Mrs. D. Yuile, Wm. Tatley, A. W. Grant, Abraham Jacobs, George W. Sadler, Charles B. Reddon, Malcolm Thomson, H. B. Mussen, J. R. Gordon and John A. Walker, $12 each; John L. Cassidy Co. Limited, McClary Mfg. Co. Limited, E. N. Heney Co. Limited, Hamilton Company, Cambridge Corporation Limited, J. R. Walker & Co., R. C. Jamieson Co., Limited, Messrs. Lehrer, Lightstone, Pinsler & Horrenstein, proceeds of Arbitration, Canadian Asbestos Co., Bruneau, Currie & Co., Canadian Dairy Supply Co., Electric Blue Print Co., T. B. Macaulay, Thomas L. Paton and J. B. Picken & Co., $10 each; Viau & Frere, F. Ship, Fred. Ricketts, W. L. Shipehase, Liddell, Lesperance & Co., A. Joyce, Mrs. James Haldane, Alex. Bremner, Brodie & Harvie, Byers & Anglin, Hislop & Hunter, H. J. Holbrook, James Dalrymple & Son, D. G. Loomis & Son, Henry Bulmer, F. W. Lamplough, L. Chaput Fils & Cie., W. H. Parsons, Boyd & Co., Samuel Fisher, Brandrum, Henderson Limited, John Gordon & Son, Tellier, Rothwell & Co., and Captain H. W. Shepherd, $5 each; S. Hyman Limited, $3; A. Michaels, $2.

SEIZURE IN EJECTMENT.

A seizure in ejectment has been taken by Mr. E. P. Charlton against the Empire Hall Co. Empire Hall is over Mr. Charlton's store, at the corner of St. Catherine and St. Lawrence streets. The Empire Hall Company are tenants of Mr. Charlton, and he wants to compel them to vacate the premises.

Don't Bother About Moving the Old Piano

We Have a Proposition That Should Interest You

If you are intending going abroad, or moving to your country home for the summer, let us take the old piano off your hands **now,** saving moving or storage charges. We will appraise its value and give you an Exchange Receipt for it.

Then when you return to the city and are ready for a new piano, the value of the old instrument will apply in part payment.

Nowhere can you buy a piano at better advantage than at **Nordheimer's** who are the manufacturers of the **Nordheimer Pianos,** and Canadian representatives for the **Steinway,** as well as for the **Pianola** and **Pianola Piano,** the only instruments in the world containing the **Metrostyle** and the **Themodist,** which enables you to play any of the 20,000 selections of the Pianola's repertoire like an artist.

We ask you to examine the many imitations of the Pianola and learn for yourself the limited selection of music and circulating library facilities offered by would-be competitors, and then **see, hear** and **play** the **Pianola** yourself, at

NORDHEIMER'S LIMITED,

589 ST. CATHERINE STREET WEST,

the only place in Montreal where these instruments are on daily demonstration to the public irrespective of any intention to purchase.

The **Nordheimer One-Price System** and **easy methods of payment** applies to the purchase of every instrument.

The Highest Type of Apartment Building in Canada

The Linton Apartments

SHERBROOKE AND SIMPSON STREETS.

FAMILY SUITES from $80 to $175 per month. } Reduction for 3
BACHELOR SUITES from $40 to $70 per month. } Years' Lease

RENTS include Bell Telephone, Cold Storage, etc.
Possession about 1st October.

THE ROSS REALTY CO., LTD.

30 ST. JOHN STREET.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF CANADA

PROF. RUTHERFORD TO LECTURE ON RADIUM.

Ottawa, May 8.—The Royal Society of Canada will hold its annual meeting in this city next week. The presidential address will be delivered on Tuesday evening, in the Assembly Hall of the Normal School, by Professor William Saunders, director of the Dominion Experimental Farms. His subject is: 'Agricultural progress.'

The popular scientific lecture on Wednesday evening, in the same hall, will be by Professor E. Rutherford, F.R.S., of McGill University, upon the special subject, 'Radium and its significance,' in which his discoveries have given him a world-wide reputation.

On Wednesday afternoon a large garden party is to be given by the president and Mrs. Saunders, at the Experimental Farm. On Thursday evening the annual banquet of the fellows will be held.

CARS COLLIDED.

One of the fine new pay-as-you-enter cars which are now runing on the St. Denis street line was badly damaged in a collision which occurred at the corner of St. Denis and Craig streets, at 6.30 o'clock last evening. The vestibule of this car, No. 814, was practically demolished, but the few pasengers standing in the rear escaped without injury. The accident was caused by the car which had been standing on Craig street starting to turn up St. Denis before the other car had wholly turned the corner to go west on Craig. The result was that the portion of the vestibule of the latter car swinging out over the other track, was demolished by the other car. Traffic was delayed about fifteen minutes.

The King of Hat
REGISTERED

REID'S HATS

For Value and Style.

British Fur Felt, in newest American shapes, **$1.50, $2.00** and **$2.50** up.

Men's Knock-about Hats, in plain and fancy colors, **50c** and **75c** each.

Big range of Men's and Boys' Tweed Caps, new shapes, **25c, 50c** and **75c** up.

OPEN EVENINGS.

JOHN W. REID & CO.
223 St. Catherine West,
One door from Bleury.

See our Stock of
MASON & RISCH
Upright Pianos
LOUIS XV.
Designs, Walnut and Mahogany Cases
Price $450,
payable $8.00 monthly, three years without interest.

THE LEACH PIANO CO. Ltd.,
560 St. Catherine St. West,
Near Drummond.

FREE

Great activity has commenced in the LARDER LAKE GOLD FIELDS, a few miles north of Cobalt, where rich gold deposits are found. Fortunes will be quickly made. Send at once for "SPEAR'S MINE DEVELOPMENT." Sent FREE. It contains full particulars of the Larder Lake, Montreal River and other Canadian mining districts, and the present condition of mining at Cobalt; also information of the LARDER LAKE BONANZA GOLD CO., and first sale of shares for a short time at **15** CENTS EACH (par $1.00), or $15.00 for each 100 shares. Write

P. V. FRASER & CO.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS
23 Toronto St. Toronto, Canada.

STROMBOLI AND ETNA

VOLCANOES IN MEDITERRANEAN STILL ACTIVE.

Messina, Sicily, May 8.—The Stromboli volcano has been intermittently active since April 28. Cinders and stones, accompanied by loud explosions, have been frequently thrown out of the crater. The vegetation in the vicinity of the mountain has been destroyed. The people continue to leave the island.

Mount Etna also has shown considerable activity during the past ten days, incandescent cinders, boiling lava and smoke emanating from the new crater.

BIBLE SOCIETY MEETINGS.

The Rev. Thomas Bennett, district secretary of the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society, continues to draw large audiences to the lectures which he is delivering in the towns and villages throughout the Province of Quebec. His programme for the two weeks from May 13 to 26 is as follows:—

Bedford	May 13
Stanbridge East	May 14
Frelighsburg	May 15
Abbott's Corners	May 16
Dunham	May 17
West Brome	May 19
Brome	May 19
Sutton	May 20
Abercorn	May 21
Mansonville	May 22
East Bolton	May 23
Georgeville	May 24
Fitch Bay	May 26

The meeting at West Brome on May 19 will commence at 11 o'clock a.m. The one at Brome on the same date will be held in the afternoon, and the meeting to take place at Sutton on May 20 will begin at 8 o'clock p.m. All other meetings begin at 7.30 o'clock in the evening.

SHIPPING NEWS

VESSELS BOUND FOR MONTREAL.

Name.	From	Date.
Manchester Shipper	Manchester	April 17
Sardinian	Havre	April 20
Ontarian	London	April 20
Carrigan Head	Rotterdam	April 21
Tritonia	Glasgow	April 27
Escalona	Cadiz	April 26
Devona	Middlesboro	April 30
Lakonia	Glasgow	April 30
Parisian	Havre	April 30
Pretorian	Glasgow	April 27
Kensington	Liverpool	May 2
Virginian	Antwerp	April 21
Memnon	Hull	April 30
Tunisian	Moville	May 6
Milwaukee	Rotterdam	April 23
Cassandra	Glasgow	May 4
Glenarm Head	Coalport	May 2
Sicilian	Glasgow	May 4
Latonia	Shields	May 3
Jacona	Hull	May 6
Hungarian	London	May 4
Lake Manitoba	Liverpool	April 24
Lake Champlain	Liverpool	May 8
Inishowen Head	Coalport	May 8
Manchester Importer	Manchester	May 4

The Shipping Federation of Canada will in future take steps to punish deserters from the vessels in port, not only the men themselves, but the parties who entice them to do so. Although navigation to the St. Lawrence has been opened only ten days, there have been no less than seventeen desertions, and developments are expected in a few days, as most of the men have been traced, and it is known why they were induced to leave their ships. Last year no less a number than 830 seamen deserted their ships, and the Federation thought it was high time to put an end to the existing condition of affairs. Several men were brought back from inland waters and from land jobs, and fined or imprisoned, and in some instances the employment agencies who persuaded the men to leave and take up other work were heavily fined. The same programme will be carried out this year, and it is the intention to get after the men who do the inducing and hold out the inducements. There is a reciprocity in deserters, and mutual surrender of a deserter from ships belonging to the United Kingdom, Canada, the United States, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Congo Free State, Colombo, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Morocco, Fez, Netherlands, Paraguay, Peru, Russia, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Norway, Zanzibar. The Shipping Federation states that there is a constant demand for good sailors on the Great Lakes, and there will be a determined effort made this year to stamp out the growing evil of desertion.

SS. ATHENIA OUTWARD.

The SS. Athenia, of the Donaldson line, sailed for Glasgow this morning, with a large general cargo and the following cabin passengers: Mr. George Allen, Paris, Ont.; Mr. J. B. Allan, Mr. Thomas Badenach, Montreal; Mr. A. S. Baillie, Toronto; Mr. David G. Craig, Mrs. Craig, St. Paul; Mr. J. Cohen, Mrs. R. W. Dodds, Mr. W. Darling, Mrs. Darling, Miss Evelyn Darling, Miss Lilybel Darling, Miss Helen Darling, Miss Phylis Darling, Montreal; Mr. J. F. Eliot, Oxford Centre; Mr. F. Farquharson, Mrs. Farquharson, Master Peter Farquharson, Miss Maggie Farquharson, Balcarres, Sask.; Mr. Byrd Gammell, Montreal; Mr. David Greig, Glasgow; Miss Kean, Miss Mickle, Mr. A. E. Mickle, Toronto; Mrs. Alex. McIntosh, Montreal; Mr. Robert Ness, Huntingdon; Mrs. Skene, Montreal; Miss Nellie Stewart, Fort William; Mr. Edward Telford, Guelph.

SS. LAKE MANITOBA INWARD.

The SS. Lake Manitoba, of the C.P.R., from Liverpool, is expected in port tomorrow, with the following first cabin passengers:—Mr. J. W. Jessop, Mr. E. H. Whiting, Mr. D. C. Whiting, Mr. Percy Hornby, Capt. and Mrs. Mackenzie Grieve, R.N.; Mr. and Mrs. A. Turner, Mr. T. McCall Hutchinson, Mr. H. Fagan, Mr. H. D. Gullick, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Chandler, Mr. Ernest Feurer, Mr. F. L. Hanson, Mr. Bertram H. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Lill, Mr. Harold T. Watson, Mr. H. V. Acland, Mr. Cecil C. Samson, Mr. J. Rowe, Mr. Stuart Morgan, Mr. I. G. Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Webster, Mr. Allard, Mr. and Mrs. Batchelor, Capt. and Mrs. C. L. Pormeter, Miss S. L. Dalgleish, Mr. Joseph Fletcher, Miss Annie Walker, Mr. and Mrs. L. Knowles, Miss Fryer, Mr. and Mrs. Benj. S. Lavernge, Mr. Louis Rousin, Mr. M. F. Phelan, Miss M. A. Dickinson, Mrs. C. Kerr, Miss S. M. Lunham, Miss F. M. Stead, Mr. J. R. Collin Wright, Miss Mackenzie Grieve, Mr. A. T. Rawlins, Mr. S. Von Mehrin, Mr. L. E. Williams, Mr. C. R. P. Wolferstan, Mr. G. J. T. Adams, F.R.G.S.; Mr. W. H. Jones, Mr. F. Ward, Mr. W. H. Taylor, Miss Valentine, Mr. R. Wrigglesford, Mr. R. C. Challoner, Mr. H. M. Sperling, Mr. A. G. Tweedie, Mrs. M. Haines, Mr. A. Austin, Prof. R. Wallace, Miss Isabel Carter, Rev. R. M. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Shede, Mr. J. Blumenthal, Mr. Edward de Thierry, Mr. D. Elliott, Mr. C. A. Kersten, Mr. F. Aestre, Mr. Robert Gillespie, Mrs. M. Haines, Mr. J. Fluker.

SS. BORNU COMING.

Halifax, N.S., May 9.—The Elder-Dempster SS. Bornu, Captain Pierce, arrived at Halifax yesterday afternoon, from Vera Cruz. She was bound for Montreal, but owing to the river being blocked with ice she could not reach there, and changed her course for Halifax. Among her passengers were Auditor-General and Mrs. Fraser, and George Ham, of the C.P.R. The Bornu is now on her way to the St. Lawrence.

R.M.S. TUNISIAN REPORTED.

The R.M.S. Tunisian, of the Allan line, from Liverpool, was reported inwards, 10 miles east of Cape Race yesterday. The Tunisian should reach Montreal on Saturday morning.

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CONCERT.

The opening concert at the Catholic Sailors' Club took place last night, and was largely attended. The president, Mr. Felix Casey, occupied the chair, and briefly outlined the work of the club, and welcomed the seamen once more to port. The entertainment was under the direction of Mrs. Marginson. The following artists took part: Mrs. Marginson, Miss Goodyear, Messrs. Skinner, W. Hennessey, Jas. Bridge, B. Mayrand, A. and W. Merrills, David Goodyear and E. Goodyear. A feature of the evening was the Shilalagh Club, composed of Misses O'Dowd, Sullivar O'Brien, McMenamin, Tobin, Walsh and Kaine, who elicited applause with their Irish dance.

Seamen W. Roden, J. Atherton, Jo Riley, P. Gardner, of the R.M.S. 'Virginian' also contributed to the programme. Miss Goodyear acted as accompanist. Next Wednesday's concert will be in charge of the Literary Committee.

VESSELS IN RIVER AND GULF.

The steamers Ontarian, Pretorian, Tunisian, Empress of Ireland, Sardinian, Lake Michigan, Montreal, Lake Manitoba, Fremona.

MARINE NOTES.

SS. Fremona, of the Thomson line, with fruit from Mediterranean ports, is due this afternoon.

SS. Montreal, of the C. P. R., from Bristol, passed Fame Point yesterday morning.

SS. Monmouth, of the C. P. R., from St. John, N.B., for Bristol, passed Brow Head, yesterday afternoon.

SS. Pretorian, of the Allan line, from Glasgow, passed Cape Ray yesterday.

SS. Sardinian, of the Allan line, from London and Havre, passed Father Point yesterday afternoon.

SS. Ontarian, of the Allan line, from London, passed Father Point yesterday afternoon, and is due in port on Friday.

SS. Lake Michigan, of the C. P. R., from Antwerp, passed Martin River yesterday. She has 2,188 passengers on board.

The SS Dageid has arrived in port from Fowey, Cornwall, with a cargo of China clay, consigned to H. Dobell & Co. This is the first direct importation from Fowey in twelve years.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

The sales recorded on the realty market yesterday include the following:—

Edward Nield, formerly of Montreal, but now residing at Edgely, Stockport, England, has sold to Robert Bennett Hutcheson, of Westmount, the two-story residence, No. 146 Mansfield street, between St. Catherine street and Burnside place, for $8,000.

Dr. Louis Napoleon Delorme has sold to A. Julien two lots fronting on Notre Dame street west, in St. Henri Ward, with two dwellings erected thereon, for the sum of $10,300.

A. S. Hamelin, acting on behalf of the Beaubien Produce and Milling Co., Limited, has sold to the Ideal Concrete Co., Limited, seven lots of land in the town of St. Louis, with the buildings erected thereon, for the sum of $25,000. The property forms the corner of St. Louis and Stuart streets. With the sale goes the manufacturing plant.

Included among the building permits just issued are the following:—

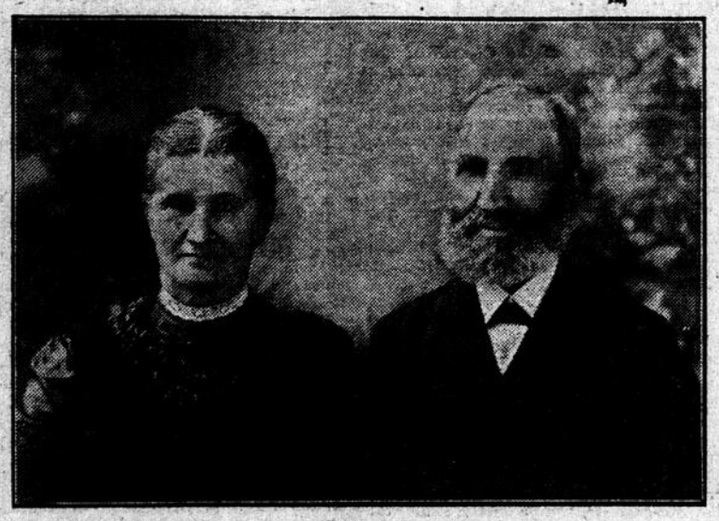
Dr. L. Trudeau, 1313a St. Denis street, a house on St. Denis street, near Carriere street, St. Denis Ward. Cost, $6,000.

Montreal Rolling Mills, Montreal, a factory on Vinet street, near Notre Dame street, Ste. Cunegonde Ward, to cost $10,000.

A. Langevin, 1045 St. Denis street, a house on St. Hubert street, near Marie Anne, to cost $6,000.

Alexandre Deschamps, two houses containing six dwellings, on Christopher Columbus street, near Mount Royal avenue, Duvernay Ward, to cost $8,000.

PIONEER METHODISTS OF GREY COUNTY, ONTARIO.



MR. AND MRS. ELIAS PERKINS.

(From a Correspondent.)

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Perkins are natives of Devonshire, England. Mr. Perkins emigrated to this country in 1855, and Mrs. Perkins, then Miss Mary Ann Moore, the following year. They settled first in Darlington township. In 1861 they were married and removed to Murphys, Kepple, Ont., where they have lived ever since. Owen Sound was at that time the nearest town, from which place, to their farm, there was nothing by way of road, except a bush trail, over which such provisions as they were able to secure had to be carried. Some time before leaving Darlington they were converted, and have ever since been active members of the Methodist church. In the early days their home was always a kindly retreat and a frequent stopping place for the itinerating Methodist preachers. Mr. Perkins has held the office of class leader and steward of the church for many years, and has also served as council man in Keppie for a number of years. Seven children were born to them, six of whom are now living, namely, William James, a horticulturist, and George Alfred, a stone cutter and builder, both of Owen Sound, Ont.; Amelia Jane, wife of Geo. McKay, of Cruickshanks, Ont.; the Rev. John Moore, missionary to Liberia, West Africa; Levi, a farmer, of Murphys, Ont.; Francis Albert (the survivor of a pair of twins), a farmer of Humboldt, Sask. They now have 17 grandchildren.

Mr. Perkins is in his seventy-sixth year, and but for a severe and long continued attack of inflammatory rheumatism, is remarkably smart and bright for his age. He has been a constant reader of the 'Witness' for many years, and the Perkins' home would hardly seem complete without a weekly visit from this dear old friend, the Montreal 'Weekly Witness.'

CHAMBRE DE COMMERCE

APPOINTS MR. JOSEPH CONTANT TO WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION COMMITTEE.

At the meeting of the council of the Chambre de Commerce held yesterday afternoon a letter was read from the Hon. W. A. Weir, Minister of Public Works and Labor, asking the council to suggest some person or persons competent to act on the commission which will shortly consider the advisability of changing the law with regard to compensation to workingmen for injuries sustained in accidents occurring while in the performance of their duties. The appointment of such a commission was provided for in an act passed by the legislature at its last session.

The Hon. Mr. Weir stated in his letter that he would preside over the commission, assisted by a representative merchant or manufacturer, or by a representative labor leader. He observed, in this connection, that it would be necessary to study the legislation of other states and its results, as well as to ascertain the views of the citizens of the province on the matter. He accordingly requested the executive of the Chambre to bring the matter before its members, as well as to suggest parties whom the Chambre would deem suitable to act on the commission.

Mr. Joseph Contant, druggist, one of the most prominent of the members of the Chambre, and one of the best known among French-Canadian business men, was the unanimous choice of the members.

Mr. L. J. A. Cressé, K.C., asked the Chambre to support a movement inaugurated some two years ago by a special committee to obtain a commercial treaty between this country and Italy. The Chambre had already declared itself in favor of this project in a resolution transmitted to the Minister of Commerce in 1896. The Chambre being still of the same opinion, another resolution was passed, confirming that with regard to the treaty in question.

FIRE RECORD

Cobalt, Ont., May 8.—This morning, in the block of buildings opposite the Vendome Hotel, seven business houses in Haileybury were burned. The principal buildings destroyed were Trimby's bakehouse, where the fire originated; D. John's assayer's office, A. J. Carson's grocery store, A. P. Budd's drug store, a plumbing shop, a Chinese restaurant, and a laundry, O'Gorman's general store, P. Whelan's barber shop, and several other smaller buildings. Mr. O'Gorman had no insurance at all on his stock, but a considerable amount of it was saved. There was a small insurance on Budd's drug store, and almost all his goods were saved. The loss will amount to about $45,000. It was only last fall that Haileybury was almost completely devastated by fire.

Peterborough, Ont., May 8.—Fire last night destroyed the house, sheds and barns of William Northey, South Burleigh, near Mount Julian. The contents were saved. The loss is $2,000. There was no insurance. A defective chimney was the cause.

OLD NEWSPAPERS
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at $1 per 100 lbs.

HERE IS SOMETHING WORTH READING

Your time will be well spent in reading this advertisement; your money will be spent to the best advantage by making your purchases here.
Our assortments are the largest, our prices are the lowest and our goods are the most satisfying.

LADIES' UNDERVESTS
Made of a durable White Cotton, with short or no sleeves, each **10c**
We are also showing an extra fine line made of fine Cotton, with a beautiful lace yoke, no sleeves, each **15c**

LADIES' DRAWERS
We are showing a line of Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Drawers, with Umbrella frill and pretty lace trimming, in open or closed styles, per pair **35c**

CHILDREN'S VESTS
Made of a durable Yarn with short sleeves, each 10c and **12½c**

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS
in a fine Ribbed Cotton, trimmed with a pretty lace edging, very durable, per pair 12½c to **20c**

BOYS' JERSEYS
We are showing a special line of Boys' Jerseys in Navy, Maroon, Purple and Royal, with White Collars, Cuffs and Skirts, each **90c**

LADIES' CASHMERE HOSE
Here is a bargain, a line of Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, with seamless feet. Per pair **29c**

LADIES' COTTON HOSE
Hundreds of designs and colorings to choose from. Per pair **25c**

LADIES' LISLE THREAD HOSE
in Gauze, Lisle, Lace and Embroidered designs. Per pair **50c**
The best value shown anywhere.

MEN'S CASHMERE SOX
This is a line worth 25c a pair, being extra durable and made of a soft yarn, 20c; 6 pairs for **$1.00**

CHILDREN'S SOX
in Sky, Pink, White, Black and Tan.
In Cotton at 7½c to 12½c.
In Lisle Thread at 20c and 25c.
In Cashmere at 10c to 20c.

The Knit-to-Fit Mfg. Co.,
RETAIL BRANCH:
597 St. Catherine St. West,
Near Mountain St.

Boys' and Children's Clothing
SPRING AND SUMMER
1907

We have everything that is new and up-to-date in Boys' and Children's Suits, reefers and overcoats. In Boys' Suits we are showing the following styles: Buster Brown, Sailor, Russian Blouse, Mid-ship, Man-o'-war, Norfolk, single and double breasted, and fancy pleated styles. We would be pleased to have you examine our stock. We know what the boys need, and we keep the right kind at the lowest prices.

HERE ARE A FEW SUGGESTIONS:

Boys' Buster Brown Suits, in fancy tweeds and serges, to fit boys from 2 years to 7. Prices from $3.75 to $8.50.

Boys' Russian Blouse Suits, in serges, worsteds, fancy striped tweed; also Homespuns at $4.50, $5.00 and $5.50

Boys' Man-o'-war Suits, complete long pants, sizes 4 years to 9. Prices $5.00 to $7.50.

Boys' and Children's Sailor Suits, in large variety, made of navy serge or cheviot, and trimmed with white, navy or red braid, to fit boys from 3 years of age to 9, at $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Boys Norfolk Suits in Tweeds, Homespuns, navy serges and cheviots; also fancy striped tweeds, made straight pant or knickerbocker style, to fit boys from 6 to 16 years. Prices $2.75 to $9 00.

Boys' 3-piece Suits, Short Pants, single or double breasted in new tweed mixtures and fancy striped effect; also serges and cheviots to fit boys from 10 to 16 years. Primes, $4.50 to $9.00.

Boys' and Children's Reefers, in navy, blue, serge and cheviot, with brass buttons at $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.50.

Boys' and Children's Top Coats in Whipcord, Herringbone and Covert cloth, in all the up-to-date styles, well made and trimmed to fit boys from 3 to 16 years of age, ranging in price from $3.50 to $8.50.

Boys' Rainproof Coats in Fawn, Olive and Oxford Grey, Covert cloth at $4.50, $5.00, $5.50, $6 00 and $7.00.

Boys' dull finished rubber coats, all sizes, $2.50.

allan's Boys', Youths' & Men's Clothier and Outfitter,
cor. Craig & Bleury Sts., & 401 West St. Catherine

Why Not Dye Those Faded Stockings?

—dresses and things? You can make them like new —even, unfadeable shades—if you use

Maypole Soap

—cleans as well as colours.

The Ladies' Pictorial says: "Maypole Soap possesses exceptional qualifications—the result is perfection."

Colours, 10c.—black, 15c. All dealer's—or send 10c. to F. L. Benedict & Co., Montreal, for full-size cake (mention colour, if black, send 15c.) and free booklet on successful Home Dyeing.

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A NOTABLE EVENT

— WILL BE —

The OPENING of BELLS' NEW GALLERIES, TO-DAY.

Good taste in furnishing adds incalculably to the charm and distinction of a home. It is true economy to furnish well and at

BELLS' GALLERIES

those who are furnishing will have not only the choicest stock from which to select, but also the ADVANTAGE of BELL'S LONG EXPERIENCE in furnishing homes in a suitable and tasteful manner.

Good taste is not always a matter of money.

A FEATURE OF THE OPENING WILL BE

A unique and unprecedented display of Lace Curtains, Chintzes, Cretonnes, Furnishing Draperies, Wall Papers, Friezes, Carpets and all other necessaries for spring renovation, and also the

EXQUISITE WALL PAPERS

of all the famous makes are produced to suit all purchasers, and range from 20 cents per roll up. The refinement and beauty of the designs will be absolutely a revelation to visitors, and no one should dream of selecting new furnishings without first seeing

BELLS' ART EXHIBITION

where commercial value and artistic work are to be found.

BELLS'

cater to all and the New Galleries contain EVERTHING for the HOME, well made, tastefully designed, at moderate prices.

A REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT

under capable and experienced management, is also in operation. Houses for sale to to rent listed. Collection of rents and management of Real Estates undertaken.

BELLS' GALLERIES, Cor. St. Catherine & Peel.

CANADA IS NOT ITALY

ITALIAN WHO WAS STABBED IN SUPPOSED 'BLACK HAND' CASE CANNOT WITHDRAW CHARGES.

When Melio Marino appeared before Judge Piché yesterday, charged with having stabbed Louis Scanga, steamship agent, with a razor, on April 26, the plaintiff wanted to withdraw the case. To his great surprise Judge Piché replied, certainly not. The case must go on. They might do such things in Italy but they were in a British court of justice. The accused was then remanded until Friday.

G.T.R. AND KINGSTON

PROPOSAL TO PUT UP A BIG SUMMER HOTEL.

Some time ago the G. T. R. Company offered to put up a $250,000 summer hotel in Kingston if the city gave a $125,000 bonus to the Kingston and Ottawa Railway. This proposal has been temporarily withdrawn and another substituted, which is that the city will aid the company in getting a right of way for the G. T. R. through that city. The present line is two miles from the business quarter.

THE COLONIZATION MOVEMENT.

The repatriation of French-Canadians from the United States promises to be very active during the summer season. Since the beginning of the month several families have already registered at the provincial colonization office as being on their way to take up land in one or the other of the different districts open to settlers, and the number of such applicants increases every day. Dr. Brisson, colonization agent, left to-day for Sydney, C.B., where he will meet a party of between fifty and sixty people coming from St. Pierre and Miquelon to settle in this province.

DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN

ITS SCOPE EXTENDED TO INCLUDE BABIES AND CHILDREN.

The Dispensary for Women, attended by women physicians, was first opened in February, 1906, at 477 Guy street. During the first year the consultations numbered 1,294. It has now been decided to extend the work so as to include infants and children. In future medical advice may be obtained by poor women and children, free of charge, at 10 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays. A small sum will be charged for medicine and dressings. The Dispensary has moved from its former quarters to 84 St. Felix street, north of St. James street west.

TO MEMORY OF JOAN OF ARC

ANNUAL FESTIVITIES TAKE PLACE AT ORLEANS WITHOUT UNPLEASANT INCIDENT.

Orleans, France, May 8.—The annual festivities in celebration of the deliverance of this city from the English by Joan of Arc commenced last night, but without the participation of the clergy.

Interesting ceremonies were carried out by the military and civil authorities, the city was brilliantly illuminated and there were several torchlight processions. No unpleasant incidents were recorded.

THE KNABE THE WORLD'S BEST PIANO

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MONTREAL

MEXICO AND GUATEMALA.

Former Decides Not to go to War Over Lima Incident.

Mexico City, May 8.—Mexico will not go to war with Guatemala over the question of the extradition of General Jose Maria Lima, charged with complicity in the assassination of General Manuel Lisandrio Barillas, formerly President of Guatemala, who was killed in the City of Mexico. This fact was to-day officially communicated to the Associated Press by Senor Mariscal, Minister of Foreign Relations. This decision of the government is irrevocable. Senor Mariscal modified his statement to say that any overt act or direct insult, by the Cabrera Government would completely change the attitude of the Mexican Government. He added that no such contingency was expected to arise.

For the third time Mexico has addressed Guatemala in regard to the affair. In the latest note the government pointed out the extreme patience with which it had acted, and warned President Cabrera of the light in which he would be placed before the world in case of his refusal to acquiesce to Mexico's request. Until a reply to this request is received, no cabinet meetings will be held. What will happen in the event that the reply to this latest and most urgent note, if unfavorable to the government, is a matter which the State Department refuses to discuss in detail.

Senor Mariscal admitted that relations between the two countries might be broken off, but even this, he said, would not be construed as a proposal for war.

This was as far as Senor Mariscal cared to be quoted, but from an official source as high as that of the head of the State Department, it was learned that the decision of the Mexican Government unravelled one thread of the tangle in which the Guatemalan affair is bound.

President Estrada Cabrera, of Guatemala, played his last card when he sent a note to the Mexican Government, demanding the extradition of Dr. Emilo Leon, Colonel Francisco Orla and Dr. Luis Felipe O'Brien. It was charged that he had positive proof, in this communication, that these three men were implicated in the recent attempts to assassinate him. Mexico will not give up these men, as government officials regard this movement of Cabrera as an undignified political trick.

MERRY SPRING FESTIVAL

LORD MAYOR OF LONDON DANCED THROUGH STREETS OF NATIVE TOWN.

London, May 8.—With amazing sprightliness and amid cheers of thousands of spectators, the staid Lord Mayor of London danced merrily through the sunny streets of his native town, Helston, Cornwall, to-day, to the accompaniment of inspiring music. It was not a pas seul, this exhibition of the Lord Mayor's terpsichorean accomplishments. Hundreds of his fellow-townsfolk were dancing at the same time in an outburst of frivolity worthy of a simpler age. Helston for many centuries past has observed the merry spring festival, which those versed in folk lore connect with the worship of the Goddess Flora, one of the main features being all day dancing in the streets and through houses, the doors of which are left open for the occasion. The festival is seldom heard of except locally, but the presence of the Lord Mayor of London this year gave it a special boom.

The august chief magistrate of the British metropolis entered into the fun with childlike gaiety, wearing the glossiest of high hats, and, faultlessly attired in a tailored frock coat, he led off the day's dancing, waltzing briskly with a pretty Cornish girl along the roadways and sidewalks, only stopping when lack of breath and weariness of limb compelled him to halt and mop his dripping brow. Scores of couples followed his lead, until the whole town was tearing along amid plaudits of thousands of excursionists. Every now and then the whole procession passed through a shop or a house, waltzing to the rear, and then through another house. The pace was so hot that the Lord Mayor was knocked out in a little more than half an hour, and escaped among the crowds to rest and recover his dignity.

SAN FRANCISCO STRIKE

CASE MAY BE SUBMITTED TO A COMMITTEE OF FIFTY CITIZENS.

San Francisco, May 8.—A conference was held in the Mayor's office to-day between Mayor Schmitz, Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railways, and Richard Cornelius, president of the Car Men's Union. The Mayor proposed that the case be submitted to a committee of fifty citizens, to be appointed by him. Mr. Calhoun did not accept the suggestion, but stated he would see his colleagues in reference to the matter and give an answer later. Mr. Cornelius said that while he had no objection to the appointment of such a committee, he could not agree to its acting as a board of arbitration. The Mayor, in closing the discussion, declared his intention of appointing the committee regardless of the opinion of either Calhoun or Cornelius.

NO LICENSES IN WEST HULL.

Chelsea, Que., May 8.—The municipal council of West Hull, county of Wright, has granted no licenses for liquor for the year beginning May 1. This is the municipality north of Ottawa at the gateway to the Gatineau, which contains some of Ottawa's favorite summer resorts, Kingsmere, Chelsea, Meech's Lake, Kirk's Ferry, and Cascades. For a number of years the movement has been going on to bring this locality under local option, and success has at last come to its advocates. The Gatineau river has now fifty-five miles of its length free from the legalized sale of intoxicants, and the sentiment for the extension of this condition is increasing.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

THE QUEEN'S MAIDS

The position of maid of honor to the Queen is one of the most coveted distinctions. Although far from being a sinecure, the position has been made so much easier by the kindness and tact of Queen Alexandra, and the advantages of being in the court circle are so many that an appointment of this kind is looked upon as a bit of rare good fortune. Queen Victoria had eight maids of honor, of whom two were always in waiting; but Queen Alexandra has reduced the number to four. The Queen delights to surround herself with quite young, bright and clever people, and all four of her maids of honor are still in their early youth, says 'Town and Country.'

When the Queen holds a drawing room her maids walk in the royal procession to the throne room, and stand immediately around Her Majesty during the whole ceremony. This applies also to the state concerts, which are formal and elaborate functions. Then there are charity visits, schools to be inspected and a multitude of royal duties, in all of which the Queen is accompanied by her ladies. At all of these functions the Queen's maids are alert to anticipate the slightest wish of their mistress. At the concerts they do not stand, but sit immediately behind the Queen and royal princesses.

At state balls they occupy the same position. They relieve Her Majesty of her bouquet or her fan if necessary, and adjust her great ermine cloak or sable wraps when draughty corridors are traversed or on the staircases. They are in attendance at all state and public ceremonies, and when driving, as to the opening of a charity bazaar, to the railway station and other places, one of the girls has a seat in a carriage immediately preceding that of the Queen.

The duties of these four young ladies in waiting begins immediately after Her Majesty's breakfast. One or more of them assist Miss Knollys in answering the mass of correspondence, which requires the ability of a linguist. Then they must be in readiness to sing or play if required, or to take expeditions on horseback, an exercise of which Her Majesty is fond, and they must necessarily have a good seat and be adept whips.

They must be tactful at all times, amiable and in fact almost absolute paragons.

Their meals are taken with the lords and ladies of the household, unless they are requested to join the royal family at luncheon or dinner. After dinner the maids join the royal circle. They enter into the amusements and may be asked to show their accomplishments.

At other courts, it is said, the régime is still the reverse of pleasant. In Austria an imperial or royal visit to the opera, theatre or some such function, is regarded as a particular penance and a severe trial of the patience and endurance of the ladies in waiting. They are compelled to stand through the long performance, and to bear all the discomfort with a smiling countenance, as do the acrobats and dancers who appear on the stage.

The late Empress of Austria had a decided fondness for Wagner, and it can be well imagined what was in store when either 'Siegfried' or 'Tristan' was sung. In Spain, too, the etiquette of the court is very severe.

AN EXTRAVAGANCE

Another argument against the much deprecated but still all too common habit of worry is given by the 'Youth's Companion.' It says:

No emotion is more exhausting for a woman than fear. Let a farmer's wife be thoroughly frightened by an evil-faced tramp at her back door, and she will be good for nothing the rest of the day. Five minutes' struggle with a blazing chimney leaves the woman of the house more tired than a day of steady work. When a child falls and screams the mother is likely to be the chief sufferer. Her baby may be unhurt; but if she has had a fright her nerves will bear the marks of it for a week.

A wise doctor has recently called attention to the fact that worry is nothing but a diluted, dribbling fear, long drawn out, and that its effects on the person are of the same kind as those of fear. This is what makes worry such an expensive habit. It is extravagant with the possessions which money cannot buy —vigor, endurance, efficiency. All these are drawn upon by the apprehensive spirit.

Moreover, if worry once gets the upper hand, it grows apace. The woman who worries on Monday because her boy has a cold will worry on Thursday because he has had one, and on Saturday because he may have one. In due time the mother gets sick, if the boy does not, and thus justifies her own distorted view.

Away With Weariness!

Brace Up--Get Strong--Get Fat, The Cure is Simple.

You're nervous and uneasy.
Appetite is poor.
Sleep is hard to get.
Still worse, you are thin and fagged out.
Work must be done but where is the strength to come from?
Make your blood nutritious and you'll have lots of strength.
Your only hope is Ferrozone, an instant blood-maker, blood purifier, blood-enricher. It brings keen appetite, digests food and supplies nutrition for building up all bodily tissues.
Ferrozone makes muscle and nerve-fibre, increases your weight, instils a reserve of energy into the body that defies weariness or exhaustion from any cause.
For men who toil and labor, for the office man, the minister, the teacher—to these will Ferrozone bring a new life of spirit and robust health.
For growing girls, women of all ages —no tonic is more certain. Sold in 50c boxes by all dealers.

WHAT IS VULGARITY?

'Real vulgarity,' said a stately, white-haired woman, speaking of the social life of the day, 'is of the soul, and once we have been brought into contact with vulgarity of this type, the mere disregard of social conventions sinks into insignificance, important as these conventions are in many cases. The inherently vulgar are self-conscious and artificial. The less refinement they possess the more they assume, and their lives are a continual pose. For these there is no hope; but to the simple and sincere, who err only through thoughtlessness or want of knowledge, time and the opportunities that wealth give must eventually bring salvation. Society, with all its faults, is still capable of distinguishing between these two classes, and genuine vulgarity is the last thing it condones. The conception of good breeding to-day is totally different from that of fifty years ago. A book that was well known about the middle of the last century says: "Fanny at present forms too many opinions. Perfect breeding forms none and is never demonstrative." To-day young women think it no shame to form more opinions than they have time to express, and consider it more complimentary to be called natural than "ladylike." It cannot be denied that our young people often abuse their newly found liberty, and we older people who knew no liberty in our youth are unable to advise them as to its proper use. But this, too, is an evil that time will cure.'

THE WOMAN OF THE FUTURE

At the thirty-ninth annual breakfast of 'Sorosis,' the pioneer women's club on this continent, a short time ago, the president of the New York College Women's Club, read the following original verses—with the title 'The Woman of the Future':—

The Woman of the Future,
If I read creation's plan,
Will certainly be womanly;
She will not be—a man!
I know you're glad to hear that,
For we were a while in doubt,
But now I can assure you all
That kink is straightened out.

The Woman of the Future,
If I read the stars aright,
Will love her club at breakfast,
But she'll love her home at night;
She'll love her children, train them well,
And educate them, too,
And see that all of women's clubs
Hold quite the proper view.

The Woman of the Future
Will be both true and keen;
She'll have her smack of gossip,
But she'll loathe the low and mean;
She'll give and take, and thrust and guard,
As all the world must do,
But the thrust will be an honest one,
Though sometimes through and through.

The Woman of the Future
Will cast an honest vote;
She'll seize the cringing lobbyist
By a metaphoric throat;
She'll dust the halls of Congress,
And she'll sweep the civic stair
And ventilate the corridor
With some unpolluted air.

A Woman of the Future
My crystal globe discloses
That's modelled on the pattern
That one sees in Sorosis.
She has the chairman's grace and tact,
The members' wit and laugh—
In short, she is Sorosis's
Composite photograph!

KIMONO WRAPS

These kimono wraps, when in the paler cloths for evening wear, have always the note of gold more emphatically than in the original Eastern inspiration, these wonderful Oriental embroideries so much enriched with gold, and thus brought quite into the spirit of the moment; they also have narrow gold galons with wavy borders. And a coat of this 'ilk,' of course, forswears the fluffy lace sleeve frills; Oriental embroideries and sleeve frills are not very harmonious; but when the kimona coat is fashioned of cloth and guipure lace to match, then it may indulge in these amenities. One may say that the pale cloth evening coat is always adorned with one or the other, Oriental embroideries or guipure laces (probably filet), to match its own shade or color. And this simple kimono make of coat rather favors bright color. The negligée Eastern silhouette expressed in vivid color has a charm denied to the coat of more traditional conventional build, which only would look loud where the other looks picturesque and interesting. Many of the dust coats of tussore and other dust-shedding materials will this sumemr be of the kimono build. Oriental it will be, and, to be precise, Japanese. How interesting it is, the simplicity of the East-inspired garment! The Oriental does not cut and sew; he drapes and embroiders. Ever so many of the coats of the Japanese order have been cut in two pieces, or even in one, with scarcely a seam to speak of; but for which, of course, the embroideries are essential.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY MODEL

FASHION CATALOGUE FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, 1907.

For the convenience of our subscribers, we have arranged to supply a catalogue containing between 400 and 500 of the very latest designs for ladies', misses' and children's garments, also illustrated lessons on the making of fine lingerie and baby clothes, including the various embroidery stitches now in use, and the fancy stitches employed in the finishing of hand-made garments. To obtain this book, send ten cents in money or stamps to Pattern Department, 'Daily Witness,' 'Witness' Building, Montreal.

COSTUME FOR A YOUNG GIRL.—NO. 5772—NO. 5630.

There is a charming air of girlish simplicity about this costume, shown in a development of green and white checked suiting. The waist is one of the newest among over-blouse effects, and is made on the general lines of the ordinary blouse. The neck is cut out in back and front and the arm-holes are deep. It may be worn over a dainty lingerie waist or over a guimpe of all over lace or net. The skirt is a five-gore model, which fits closely at the hips and flares at the hem. The back may be in habit style or finished by an inverted box-pleat. Trimming bands of the material afford a very neat and attractive finish for the lower edge. Most of the season's fabrics are available, such as mun's veiling, wool batiste, pongee, taffeta and linen. For a girl of sixteen 1 1-4 yards of 44-inch material will be required for the waist, and 2 5-8 yards of 27-inch material for the guimpe. The skirt will require 5 1-4 yards. Misses' over-blouse and guimpe No. 5772 sizes for 15, 16 and 17 years. Misses' five-gore circular skirt, sizes for 14, 15, 16 and 17 years. The costume calls for two patterns. Price ten cents each.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

No. .....

Size .....

Name .....

Address in full

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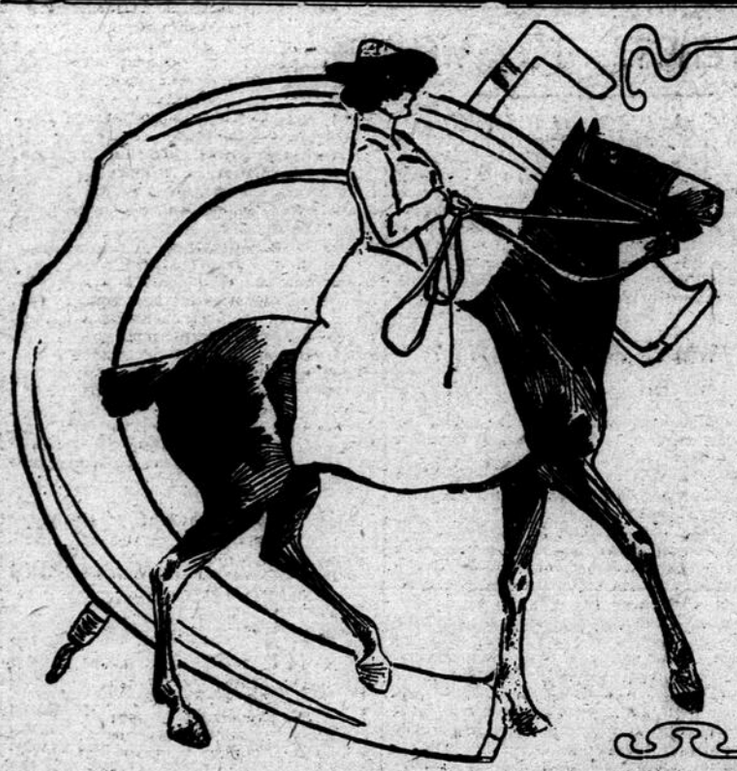
N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address, 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.



At the Horse Show.

Good attendances marked the opening sessions of the eighth annual horse show at the Arena last night. As in the case of previous exhibitions, the evening attendance was better than that of the afternoon, although the boxes were all filled at the latter. About 2,500 people, it is estimated, passed through the entrance last night, and this, although not equalling the figures of last year when the official opening was made by Prince Arthur of Connaught, surpasses the attendance of opening evenings of previous exhibitions. The official opening was dispensed with on the present occasion, but it was not until a pretty late hour that the session came to an end, so close was the competition between the entries and so thoroughly were they overlooked before the judges were able to make the awards.

Fashionable Montreal was at the show in strength, and the hundreds of small incandescent lamps strung to the beams and rafters of the roof shone on a brilliant display of color. The decorative scheme of the building has been carried out effectively in red and white for the upper part of the building, while the lower is decorated in the Horse Show colors. Thousands of flags of all nations serve to intensify the brilliance of the scene.

The usual white suited attendants officiate on the tan bark, while Mr. Allen, the ring master, who has officiated at the Montreal show almost from the beginning, is as much in evidence as ever.

Practically all the old favorites of the Montreal Horse Show are entered in the various events, while there are also many horses that have gained big reputations for themselves at other places, and will, no doubt, add further to their laurels at the present show. Horses from outside points are numerous. Toronto, London, New York and St. Catharines stables being the biggest contributors in this respect.

Hunters and polo ponies proved to be the features of the last night's programme. Class 52, the first of the open jumping classes, for best performances over three jumps 4 feet high, horses to carry not less than 140 pounds, brought out no fewer than eighteen entries.

Generally the jumping was good, although disappointment was expressed at the performance of a few of the horses. After much deliberation they were thinned out in the opinion of the judges to 'Sweet Briar,' 'Kakabeka,' 'Rupert,' 'Lord Minto' and 'Myopia.' These were called on to make a third circuit around the ring before a decision was finally reached. After further deliberation the blue ribbon was awarded to 'Lord Minto,' one of the exhibits from the Pepper stables. 'Sweet Briar,' Captain Evans's horse, which did some phenomenal jumping last year, taking second place. 'Kakabeka,' the property of the Hon. Adam Beck, a highly sucessful horse at the last week's show in Toronto, and a horse that it is expected will be shown at the International Horse Show, in London, was placed third. 'Myopia,' another Pepper entry, being highly commended.

The polo pony class (Class 65), introduced a novelty to the Montreal Horse Show, competitors being required to 'bend' their ponies in and out among half a dozen stakes placed at equal distances. Couples of ponies were raced up and down the tan, the races providing some considerable excitement of a subdued nature. After being put through their paces, the ponies were off-saddled and judged for conformation. Mr. John Watson, who rode Captain Evans's horses, 'Confidence,' and 'Sweet Briar,' in the previous event, rode Mr. W. R. Miller's 'Shillelagh' in this one and carried off the premier honors. It was expected that Mr. R. L. Agassiz, the famous international polo player, of Boston, would have acted as one of the judges in this event, but as he was unable to be at the show in time, his place was taken by Lieut. Jones, of Toronto.

Mr. Agassiz was not the only official unable to get to the show on time. Some of the judges who should have been at the morning's session were hindered by railway troubles, and Mr. Allen, the ringmaster, was held up for seven hours by a wreck.

A fourth place was the only honor that fell to Montreal in the opening class of the evening, that for combination saddle and harness horses. Columbine, the property of Mrs. H. C. Cox, of Toronto, won the blue ribbon. Toronto horses also took the second and third prizes. Mr. W. Kearney's 'Acadian' being the recipient of the white ribbon.

Ten exhibits entered the ring in Class 15, for bakers' delivery vans, five of them being shown by Messrs. A. and L. Strachan and three by Mr. John Cunningham. 'Polly,' one of the exhibits of the last named, was placed first, two of the Strachan entries, 'Baker Boy' and 'Dan' getting second and third, respectively; 'Wallace,' another Cunningham entry, being highly commended.

There were twelve candidates for the blue ribbon in the high steppers' class (Class 27). An old Montreal favorite, 'Sparkle,' the property of Mrs. Adam Beck, took the first place. Mr. F. Orr Lewis's 'Duchess of Dantzig,' got the second award. 'Creighton,' shown by Mr. Geo. Pepper, Toronto, was placed third, and Mr. Jas. Ross's 'Lady Coquette,' highly commended.

Class 49 brought the day's performance to a close. It was open to hunters, members of the Club de Chasse Canadien, the Fox Hunters' Association, and the Quebec Hunt Club, to ride in costume. The event proved one of the liveliest of the day, fractious mounts causing their riders no little trouble before the requirements of the judges were satisfied.

Mr. J. C. Wray's 'Gay Lad' was a popular victory, the second prize going to 'Kildare,' shown by C. E. Delorme, M. F. H., Mr. N. Gravel's 'Gladstone' winning the third prize. 'Wild Rose' exhibited by Mr. G. A. Vandry, of Quebec, was highly commended.

THE AFTERNOON'S PERFORMANCE.

Seven classes were judged in the afternoon's session—harness and saddle horses, hunters, tandems and light and heavy draught horses, being the exhibits. Mrs. Beck won in two classes, in class 10, for horses in harness, with 'Sparkle,' and in the tandem class, with the same horse, led by 'Spangle.'

In Class 36, for saddle-horses, Captain W. H. Evans looked to be a warm favorite, but the award was eventually made to 'The Rajah,' shown by Mrs. S. H. McCoy, of St. Catharines; 'Sweet Briar' getting the second place.

Class 9, for light and heavy draught horses, carries with it one of the special prizes of the show—a cup offered by Mr. Chas. Cassils. The trophy was won for the first time in 1903, by the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, in 1904 by William Hendrie, in 1905 by the Sredden Forwarding Company, and last year by the Dominion Transport Company. On being won twice by the same exhibitor the cup becomes his property. Yesterday's judging awarded the first place to 'Bobby Burns' and 'Sport,' of the Dominion Transport Company, so it is presumed that that firm will take possession of the cup.

The class for qualified hunters up to carrying 200 pounds, brought out a good field, the award going to 'Twilight,' a heavy winner at last year's show in the hunter classes. An Ottawa exhibit, 'Skylark,' the property of Dr. R. E. Webster, was placed second; Mr. Bartlett McLennan's 'Myrtle' getting the third prize.

AFTERNOON.

Class 16, Horses in harness—Horses to be judged for their conformation, quality, and action; for horses not to exceed 15.1 and over 14.2, to be shown in a two-wheeled vehicle. 1st, 'Sparkle,' b.m., 14.3, 9 years, exhibited by Mrs. Adam Beck, London. 2nd, 'Cabin Boy,' dk.b.g, 14.3½, 6 years, exhibited by Dr. S. H. McCoy, St. Catharines. 3rd, 'Acadian,' blk.g., 15.1, 6 years, exhibited by Wm. Kearney, Montreal. H.C.—'Dolley,' ch.m., 14.3½; exhibited by Walter Sharp, Quebec. Fourteen entries.

Class 36, Saddle Horses—For horses over 15.2 up to carrying 215 lbs. 1st, 'The Rajah,' br.g., 16.1, 5 years; exhibited by Mrs. S. H. McCoy, St. Catharines. 2nd, 'Sweet Briar,' b.m., 16, 7 years; exhibited by Capt. W. H. Evans, Montreal. 3rd, 'Governor,' ch.g., 16, 5 years; exhibited by Geo. Pepper, Toronto. H.C.—'Brownie,' b.m., 16, 5 years; exhibited by J. O Hastings, Montreal. Seven entries.

Class 9.—Light and heavy draught horses and general deliveries—Best pair of heavy draught horses, any breed, to be shown in harness to dray or heavy waggon. Horses to be owned by and in use by exhibitor. 1st, 'Bobby Burns,' ch.g., 16.2, 7 years, and 'Sport,' b.g., 7 years; exhibited by the Dominion Transport Company, Limited, Montreal. 2nd, 'Commodore,' b.g., 17, 5 years, and 'Bienhorn,' b.g., 16.3, 5 years; exhibited by the Shedden Forwarding Co., Limited, Montreal. 3rd prize, 'King Thistle,' br.g., 16.3, 4 years, and 'Tartan,' br.g., 16.3, 4 years, exhibited by the Shedden Forwarding Company, Limited, Montreal. H.C.—'Charlie' and 'Sir Thomas,' both b.g., 16.3, 6 and 4 years; exhibited by the Dominion Transport Company, Limited, of Montreal. Five entries.

Class 21—Horses in harness. Mares and geldings exceeding 15.3, that have not won a prize in single or double harness at any of the Association's previous shows. To be owned by exhibitor, who must be a bona-fide resident at the time of entry, of the Province of Quebec. 1st, 'Morning Star,' b.g., 15.3¼, 6 years; exhibited by F. Orr Lewis, Montreal. 2nd, 'Saxon,' ch.g., 16, 5 years; exhibited by J. Cochrane King, Montreal. 3rd, 'Gamester,' b.g., 15.3¼, 4 years, exhibited by J. R. McCuaig, Huntingdon. H.C.—'Nancy,' b.m., 15.3½, 6 years; exhibited by J. J. McManus, Westmount. Twelve entries.

Class 41—Qualified Hunters (middleweight) up to carrying over 170 lbs., but not exceeding 200 lbs. Conformation and quality to count 40 percent. Performance over fence, 60 percent. 1st, 'Twilight,' br.g., 16.1, 7 years; exhibited by Jos. Kilgour, Toronto. 2nd, 'Skylark,' b.m., 16.1, 5 years; exhibited by Dr. R. E. Webster, Ottawa. 3rd, 'Myrtle,' br.m., 16.1, aged; exhibited by Bartlett McLennan, Montreal. H.C.—'Kalar alka,' ch.g., 15.3½, 4 years; exhibited by Jos. Kilgour, Toronto. Sixteen entries.

Class 29—Tandems, for the best harness tandem driven by a lady, tandem to count 50 percent. Driving, 50 percent. 1st, 'Sparkle' and 'Splendor,' b.m. and b.g., both 14.3, 9 and 7 years; exhibited by Mrs. A. Beck, London. 2nd, 'The Sultan,' br.g., 15.2½, 5 years, and 'The Mikado,' brg., 15.2¾, 8 years; exhibited by Dr. S. H. McCoy, St. Catharines. Four entries.

Class 58—Roadsters, horses, 15 hands and 3 inches and over. 1st, 'Lola,' dk.b.m., 15.3¼, 4 years; exhibited by J. R. McCuaig, Huntingdon. 2nd, 'Tommy P.,' b.g., 16, 8 years; exhibited by N. E. Picotte, Montreal. Three entries.

EVENING.

Class 30.—Combination saddle and harness horses; for horses 15.3 and under, to be shown to an appropriate vehicle, and judged as a horse best suited for harness purposes. The horse to be unharnessed in the ring, and shown and judged under saddle. 1st, 'Columbine,' b.m., 15.1½, 6 years, exhibited by Mrs. H. C. Cox, Toronto, 2nd 'Harkwyn,' br.g., 15.2½, 6 years; exhibited by Jos. Kilgour, Toronto. 3rd, 'Grey Bird,' br.g., 15.1, 6 years; exhibited by G. Pepper, Toronto. H.C.—'Acadian,' blk.g., 15.1, 5 years; exhibited by Wm. Kearney, Montreal. Six entries.

Class 52—Open jumping classes. Best performance over three jumps 4 feet high, with stiff brushes 6 inches high on top, twice round, carrying not less than 140 lbs. 1st, 'Lord Minto,' b.g., 16, Toronto. 2nd, 'Sweet Briar,' b.m., 16, 7 years; exhibited by Captain W. H. Evans, Montreal. 3rd, 'Kakabeka,' ch.g., 16.1, 5 years; exhibited by the Hon. Adam Beck, London. H.C.—'Myopia,' br.g., aged; exhibited by George Pepper, Toronto. Twenty-one entries.

Class 15—Mare or gelding to be shown in baker's delivery waggon, as used in local deliveries. Horses to count 60 percent, and waggon and equipment, 40 percent; the entire outfit to be the bona-fide property of exhibitor at time of entry. 1st, 'Polly,' gr.m., 15.3, 6 years; exhibited by John Cunningham, Westmount. 2nd, 'Baker Boy,' b.g., 15.3, 8 years; exhibited by A. and L. Strachan, Montreal. 3rd, 'Dan,' gr.g., 15.3, 8 years; exhibited by A. and L. Strachan, Montreal. H.C.—'Wallace,' gr. g., 16, 6 years; exhibited by John Cunningham, Westmount.

Class 67—Polo ponies, not over 14.2, up to carrying 200 lbs., belonging to members of a polo club. To be shown with mallet by members in club costume. Ponies to be practically polo sound, and to be judged for their manners, handiness and conformation. Conformation to count 50 percent. Performance 50 percent. 1st, 'Shillelagh,' white g., 14.1, aged; exhibited by W. R. Miller, M.F.H., Montreal. 2nd, 'Kathleen,' gr.m., 14.2, 7 years; exhibited by Dr. Arthur Mignault, Montreal. 3rd, 'Hogan,' b.g., 14.2, 7 years; exhibited by O. Beudry, Montreal. H.C.—'Squawpatch,' ch.g., aged; exhibited by A. E. Ogilvie, Montreal.

Class 27—High steppers, to be shown in harness to an appropriate vehicle, single high stepper, all-round action, to be considered. 1st, 'Sparkle,' b.m., 14.3, 9 yrs; exhibited by Mrs. Adam Beck, London. 2nd, 'Duchess of Dantzic,' br.m., 15.2, aged; exhibited by F. Orr Lewis. 3rd, 'Creighton, b.g., 15.1¾, 8 years; exhibited by G. Pepper, Toronto. H.C.—'Lady Coquette,' br.m., 15.2½, exhibited by James Ross, Montreal.

Class 49—Hunters and Jumpers. Open to hunters, property of members of the Club de Chasse a Courre Canadien, Fox Hunters' Association, and Quebec Hunt Club. To be ridden by members of their respective clubs in their hunt costume. Performance over fences to count 50 percent; conformation and quality, 50 percent. 1st, 'Gay Lad,' b.g., 15.2, 6 years; exhibited by Jos. Chas. Ray, Montreal. 2nd, 'Kildare,' dk. ch.g., 16, 8 years; exhibited by C. E. Delorme, M.F.H., Montreal. 3rd, 'Gladstone,' b.g., 16.1½, 8 years; exhibited by N. Gravel, Montreal. H.C.—'Wild Rose,' b.m., 15.2, 6 years; exhibited by G. A. Vandry, Quebec.

PROGRAMME FOR THIS AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Afternoon.

2.45 p.m.—Judging 4 pairs of horses, shown to Victorias.

3.00 p.m.—Judging 4 roadsters in harness under 15 hands 3 inches.

3.15 p.m.—Judging 9 ladies' saddle horses (ladies to ride).

3.40 p.m.—Judging 9 sporting tandems.

4.10 p.m.—Judging 9 heavy draught horses shown to coal or Scotch carts.

4.30 p.m.—Judging single horses in harness (ladies to drive).

4.50 p.m.—Judging 9 green hunters (middleweight).

Evening.

8.15 p.m.—Judging 14 horses and best appointed runabouts.

8.40 p.m.—Judging 23 hunters over the 'in-and-out.'

9.10 p.m.—Judging 6 cabmen's turnouts.

9.20 p.m.—Judging 9 combination saddle and harness horses over 15 hands 3 inches.

9.40 p.m.—Judging 11 pairs of horses in harness, over 15 hands 2 inches.

10.10 p.m.—Judging 15 jumpers over jumps 4 feet 6 inches, 5 feet and 5 feet 6 inches.

SOCIAL SIDE OF THE HORSE SHOW.

The Horse Show last evening was very successful from the social point of view. While there was not the éclat of the presence of royalty, as last year, when Prince Arthur of Connaught attended on the opening day, or of vice-regal patronage as in other years, there was a large attendance, and the event was lacking in none of the features which go to make it the great social affair of the spring season. There were wanting, however, some who are looked for on such an occasion. Mrs. Adam Beck, who makes such a charming picture when she is driving or riding, will be missed this year, as she is in Europe. Lady Shaughnessy and Miss Shaughnessy, it is hoped may be back in time for the last day of the show. Mrs. W. R. Miller, Miss Grace Robertson, Mrs. Ross Mrs. F. Orr Lewis, and Mrs. Reford, are among those who are abroad, and two or three others who usually have box parties are in mourning and will not entertain this year. On the other hand, there are a number of additional boxholders, and last evening each box was occupied to its full capacity.

The Horse Show is an occasion when the seal of approval is set on the season's fashion. Noticeable among the new modes, as adopted by the wearers of handsome costumes last evening, was the draped effect of sleeve and bodice, in cloak or gown, which western modistes have worked out after the Oriental idea, and which calls for exquisite hand embroideries. In this season's millinery, the rose certainly is the queen of flowers. Many pretty hats worn last evening had roses of one shade or another in their garniture, others were trimmed with flowing ostrich feathers, and some combined flowers and plumes.

Sir Montagu and Lady Allan had a small box party. Lady Allan was wearing a pale maize-colored cloak and large white hat trimmed in black and with a long, maize-colored plume fastened at the left. Her gown was white, with filmy over-dress worked in conventional design in delicate tracery of black.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Vincent Meredith had with them Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Meredith, Miss Marjorie Clouston, and the Hon. Adam Beck. Mrs. Vincent Meredith wore a pompadour chiffon gown, over white, with lace guimpe, and black hat with plume. Mrs. Fred Meredith had on a pale blue gown, and a smart white hat of the small round shape, trimmed with black velvet, and a pale blue plume at the left. Miss Clouston was in black chiffon gown, black hat with white and black plumes, and wore a corsage cluster of violets.

Mrs. Hugh Paton, who entertained at dinner and brought her guests to the Show, had on a gown of a lovely old blue shade, with the 'pinafore' bodice over white lace, and a small hat trimmed with shaded blue feathers and copper-colored roses. With Mr. and Mrs. Paton were Mr. W. Frew Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Biggar, the latter in pink mousseline gown and blue hat with roses, and Mrs. Claxton (California). Mrs. Paton's sister, wearing a pale green gown and black hat with rose and osprey.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy was in his box with Dr. and Mrs. Yates, Miss Estelle Holland and one or two others. Miss Holland was gowned in cream lace, and wore a black plumed hat. Mrs. Yates wore a white silk and lace gown, and a white hat with black plume.

Mr. A. R. Creelman occupied his box with Mr. and Mrs. Blake (formerly of Ireland), Miss Creelman, wearing a white and black dress and small white crin hat with rose garniture; Miss Marian Creelman, in pale blue, and Miss Elise McLean (St. John, N.B.), in white.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Vickers Keeling, whose box is next in the row, had friends with them.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Reid's box party was made up of Dr. Bovey, Miss Jean Bovey, Miss McGregor (daughter of Sir William McGregor, Newfoundland), Miss Reid, and Mr. Wilfrid Bovey. Mrs. Reid wore a pink satin gown with lace overdress embroidered in chenille and jet, and a black and white toque. Miss Nellie Reid was in pale green and flower-trimmed hat. Miss McGregor wore a dress of opalescent tissue and a pink plumed hat. Miss Jean Bovey wore blue gown with white lace yoke and a black hat.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Oppe, Miss Stephen and some friends were in Mrs. Stephen's box.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles McEachran entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. Cochrane King, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bonsal, of Baltimore. Mrs. McEachran wore a gray cloak over her light gown, and a white toque faced with reseda. Mrs. Cochrane King was gowned in pink with handsome lace bolero, and black plumed hat.

Mrs. James Morgan and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Cleveland Morgan, had a number of friends with them.

Mrs. E. A. Robert also entertained a party.

Lady Hickson, who entertained at dinner previously, occupied her box with Miss Hickson, Mr. Claude Hickson, Prof. Lafleur and Mr. and Mrs. Jack Cook. Lady Hickson wore a black gown relieved with white lace, and a small jetted toque with white osprey. Miss Hickson's dress was a dainty blending of pink and white, with hat to match.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Allan had with them Mrs. Andrew Allan, wearing a white gown and round white hat trimmed with plumes; Mrs. Alex. Allan (Brockville), in white; Mr. W. R. Allan (Winnipeg), and Mr. Andrew Allan. Mrs. Hugh Allan was wearing a handsome costume of London grey, the gown finished with wide bands of dull blue pompadour silk, the wide hat trimmed with long plumes. Mrs. Andrew Allan entertained at dinner before the Show.

Lady Van Horne and Miss Van Horne were in their box with some friends, among whom were Professor and Mrs. Penhallow. Lady Van Horne was gowned in wine-colored satin and cream lace, the toque to match. Mrs. Penhallow was in black, and Miss Van Horne in black dress and white flower-trimmed hat. Miss Macfarlane wore a fawn gown and brown hat.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cook entertained Miss Ethel Strathy, Miss Eileen O'Meara, Mr. Allan McGee, Mr. H. Molson. Mrs. Cook was wearing a lovely gown of pink velvet, pale pink plumed hat, and pink cloak with lace ruffled sleeves. Miss Strathy was in pink, and Miss O'Meara in a flowered organdie dress and white hat trimmed with marguerites and roses.

With Mr. Clouston were the Hon. Lionel Guest and Mrs. Guest, the latter in black gown and wide black-plumed hat, and two or three others. Mrs. Charles Meredith wore a grey-checked silk dress, cream cloak and grey feathery hat. Miss M. Angus wore a gown of deep rose-colored cloth and flowers of the same hue in her black hat.

Mrs. D. A. Shirres, who shares a box with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. E. Greenshields, entertained Miss Bayne, Dr. Russell, and one or two others. Mrs. Shirres was wearing a blue miroir velvet gown and small blue toque with plumage. Mrs. Greenshields was in light green gown with bretelles over lace blouse, and a black hat.

Mrs. Mortimer Davis wore a long cream-colored cloak with the new short kimono sleeve, over her gown of white silk and lace, and a white hat trimmed with pale coral velvet and ostrich tips. With Mr. and Mrs. Davis were Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Davis, the latter in light silk gown and white plumed black hat, worn off the face; Mrs. M. E. Davis, in light gown and brown hat, Mr. Davis and Mr. Molson. Mr. J. Malcolm McIntyre's box was occupied by a party, Miss McIntyre wearing a white silk cloak with embroidered collar, a pink gown, and black crin hat with pink feather.

Mr. and Mrs. Baumgarten entertained Mr. and Mrs. Otto Donner and Mr. and Mrs. de B. Monk. Mrs. Baumgarten was in white, with white hat wound about the high crown with a blue scarf, and a cluster of dull blue roses at the left. Mrs. Donner wore a light gown and pale blue hat. Mrs. de B. Monk was gowned in black lace over white, and wore a black hat with white tips.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Cains brought with them Col. and Mrs. Starke and Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Cains. Mrs. G. L. Cains was wearing a gown of old rose cloth, with lace cloak and black plumed hat. Mrs. Stark wore yellow messaline and white lace, and black hat trimmed with a twist of yellow and plume. Mrs. F. L. Cains was in white, and small black hat with drooping white plume at the left.

Miss Drummond, in a dark cloth costume, was in Lady Drummond's box, with the Misses Hebden, in pretty light gowns and flower-trimmed hats, Mr. Guy Drummond and Mr. Harold Redpath. A large party occupied Mr. G. W. Stephens's box, and Mr. Bartlett McLennan's box also held several guests. Miss Morrice, in white gown and pale blue hat, was with friends in Mr. Morrice's box. Mrs. James Bell, in London gray chiffon gown and toque to match, was with friends in another box, among them Miss Ida Eadie in cream gown and small white hat with tips.

The Hon. Robert and Mrs. Mackay had with them Mrs. Thomas Macdougall (Quebec), in dark gown and black toque with mauve feather; Miss I. Baptist (Three Rivers), in white dress and black plumed hat; Miss Cairine Mackay was in pink, and Mrs. Mackay wore a plum-colored gown with lace garniture, and a rose-trimmed straw hat.

Mr. C. M. Hays and Miss Louise Hays entertained Mr. and Mrs. Temple Jamieson, Miss Mary Hickson, and Mr. Dal Brown. Mrs. Jamieson was gowned in white messaline and lace, and wore pale blue hat with shaded roses and ribbon. Miss Mary Hickson was in pale blue chiffon and white lace, with rose-trimmed hat. Miss Louise Hays wore white dress, and black hat with rose garniture.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Thompson, the latter wearing a light blue gown and wide black hat, had with them Mrs. Shirley Ogilvie, in pale blue 'pinafore' dress over white lace, and smart hat trimmed with white satin ribbon and flowers; Miss Marian Thompson, wearing pearl-colored voile over pink, and large-crowned white hat trimmed with pale blue plume and roses. Mr. Ogilvie and Mr. Dobell.

The Hon. J. P. B. Casgrain had with him his daughters, Miss Casgrain in ecru lace dress and dark green hat, and Miss Marguerite in light dress and hat; Mr. and Mrs. McCuaig, and one or two others.

Mrs. E. A. Whitehead's party was made up of Mr. and Mrs. Major, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Macdougall, Miss Sicotte, Mr. Humble, Col. Whitehead. Mrs. Whitehead wore a white gown and hat with pink plume, and Miss Sicotte was also in white. Mrs. Macdougall was wearing a pale fawn-colored dress, and white hat wreathed with small blue flowers.

Mrs. R. Stanley Bagg, who was gowned in dark blue, her pale blue hat trimmed with roses, had guests with her. Miss E. Stanley Bagg wore a dainty gown of white net and fancy straw hat trimmed with velvet and roses. Miss Gwen Bagg was in light blue silk. Mr. R. Wilson Smith and his daughters entertained some friends Miss Wilson Smith wore a pale blue dress and hat of the same shade trimmed with roses, and her sister was in a cream colored costume.

Mrs. Colin Campbell, who had some guests with her, was gowned in champagne colored lace, and her pale blue hat was trimmed with tips. Her daughter was in pale gray, the hat trimmed with roses.

Captain and Mrs. W. H. Evans entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. Reddy, Miss Bishop, and one or two others. The adjoining boxes were occupied by Horse Show Judges, or guests. Mr. David Russell was another of the box-holders, and Lieut.-Col. F. S. Meighen's box was also occupied.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Lichtenhein, the latter in pale gray chiffon cloth costume and Tuscan straw hat trimmed with hydrangea, had with them Mrs. Leon Goldsmith and Mrs. Jack Goldsmith (Cincinnati), also Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lichtenhein, the latter wearing a gray costume.

A few of the many others present were: Principal Peterson, Lieut.-Col. Campbell, Mr. Colin Campbell, Mr. H. B. Macdougall, Col. Wilson, Mr. C. Pangman, Mr. and Mrs. Crawford, Miss Emma Macdougall, in white net Empire dress and pale blue hat; Mrs. Thornton Davidson, in pale blue, her Tuscan hat trimmed with roses; Mr. and Mrs. A. Hodgson, Mr. Bartlett McLennan, Mr. G. Ogilvie, Mr. C. Sise, Major Hooper, Mr. K. Turnbull, Miss Laura Turnbull, Miss Root, in light dress and pretty flower-trimmed hat; Mrs. H. McLaren, Mr. H. H. Learmont, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Minden Cole, Dr. Mackenzie Forbes, Mr. P. F. Matthias, Mr. Davidson, Mr. Angus, Mr. Morgan, Mr. A. E. Ogilvie, Mr. Cassils, Mr. A. G. Brooke Claxton, and others.

IN THE AFTERNOON.

The afternoon performance was rather slimly attended. Many of the boxes were occupied, however, and among the most interested spectators were the children. Lady Shaughnessy's two young daughters, the Misses Marguerite and Edith Shaughnessy, had a little friend or two with them. Master Raymond Yates and his little sister; Mrs. G. W. Cook's little people the Misses Marian and Dorothy Cook in white frocks and rosebud-wreathed hats, and Master Herbert Cook; Miss Martha Allan, the little Misses Elizabeth and Osla Cains, were a few of the children who came to the first afternoon of the Horse Show, to which they had been looking forward with as much anticipation as their elders. Mrs. Charles McEachran brought her young daughter, Miss Sheila McEachran, also Miss Therese Grayburn, Miss Annabella Murray, and Masters Duncan and Hugh McEachran.

Lady Drummond was in her box in the afternoon, with some friends. Lady Drummond wore a gown of grayish blue with lace garniture, and a Tuscan hat trimmed with roses. Miss Dunlop was in dark blue, and Miss Parker wore a gray checked suit and black hat.

Mrs. George Caverhill, who occupied her box with friends, wore a dark, red tailored costume, and hat with dull blue flowers. Mrs. James Thom was wearing a blue cloth costume and pale blue hat with shaded flowers and osprey. Mrs. P. Gilbert wore a light gray checked costume and white and black toque. Miss Yvonne Perodeau, in a pretty mauve suit, was with Miss Elaine Casgrain, who was in black, her black hat having white wings at the left. Mrs. G. W. Cook wore a pretty pale pink costume, the little bolero with facings of black and white striped silk, and white hat turned up in front, with bow of black velvet holding in place two white plumes. Miss Mabel Hickson entertained some friends in Lady Hickson's box. She wore a pretty brown costume, the bodice having a cream chiffon yoke, and the small round hat trimmed with green velvet and quills. Miss Mary Hickson wore a gray Eton suit with facings of pale green, and straw hat with small roses. The Misses Wilson-Smith had with them Miss Kathleen Agnew, Miss May Gear, Miss Macdonnell and Miss Hazel Macdonnell. Mrs. Vincent Meredith wore a gray and black striped cloth costume and dark green hat. Mrs. E. A. Robert had on a light cloth dress and hat with long plume of dull blue. Miss Campbell, who was with her, was in black and white. Miss E. Power O'Brien wore a black costume with small toque. Mrs. Strathy was in black. Mrs. F. Robertson wore dark blue and a hat with red roses. Mrs. Cleveland Morgan, who had some guests in Mrs. Thaxter Shaw's box, wore a light gown and Tuscan hat with pale blue garniture. Mrs. Hugh Allan wore a brown and white check costume, and black hat with white plumage. Mrs. Robert Loring had on a purple cloth costume and straw hat trimmed in black. Mrs. Gillespie was in black, and Miss Gillespie had on a cream homespun costume and white hat with green wings. Mrs. G. W. Eadie was in black, with violet trimmed toque. Mrs. D. A. Shirres wore a black cloak over her light silk gown, and a black hat. Mrs. F. D. Adams wore a black costume with plumed hat. Miss Helen R. Y. Reid, who was with some friends in Mr. G. W. Stephen's box, wore a fawn colored costume and hat with mauve garniture. Mr. and Mrs. C. Vickers Keeling had with them Mrs. and Miss Mackenzie, Mr. Barry and one or two others. Mrs. Robert Mackay was in her box with Miss Mackay, Mrs. Thomas Macdougall (Quebec), Miss Baptist, and Miss Mabel Murray Smith. Mrs. Frank Stephen, who was present with some guests, wore a black gown, and small toque trimmed with roses. Dr. Arthur Mignault's box was occupied by Miss Mignault in light gray, the Misses Berthiaume, and Miss Terroux.

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