FOR LITTLE WANTS
Use Herald Want Columns.

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER
Fine.
Sun rose at 7.00; sets at 4.29.

ESTABLISHED 1808. NO. 267. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. MONTREAL, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT.

HURLED INTO THE AIR BY DYNAMITE

One Man Had a Hand Torn Off and May Die

WALKED UNAIDED TWO MILES

They Were Tended at Chateauguay by Dr. Marchand, After Which They Were Removed to Montreal.

Alfred Camillard, twenty years of age, and Telesphore Allard, aged nineteen, of Chateauguay, P.Q., were the victims of a terrible accident yesterday morning.

The two young men were in a lot belonging to Mr. Goodfellow, of Chateauguay, about two miles from that town, engaged in blasting rocks with dynamite. One blast having failed, they were about to put in another charge. Allard was beside the rock and Couillard sitting on it, using his knife to clean out the cavity which had been drilled for the blast. Suddenly, caused no doubt, by the scraping of the knife, the dynamite exploded, hurling the two men into the air.

For some minutes they lay stunned, but at last recovered and set out to cover the distance to Chateauguay on foot. The wark was a terrible one, but at last they reached the village, where Dr. Marchand tended them, until they could be brought to Montreal last evening. They arrived at Notre Dame Hospital at 10.30 o'clock.

Allard's right hand was torn off and he sustained bad cuts on the face and head. Couillard is wounded dangerously on the face, hands and breast. It is not expected that Allard will recover, as he sustained a tremendous shock and lost a great deal of blood during the walk to Chateauguay.

PREMIER PARENT'S LETTER; SEN. DANDURAND'S REPLY

Hon. H. B. Rainville has received the following letter from Premier Parent with regard to his campaign in St. Louis:—

Quebec, Nov. 10, 1904.

Hon. H. B. Rainville, Montreal:

My Dear Rainville,—I have just received your letter informing me of Mr. Godfrey Langlois' candidature in St. Louis Division. I regret very much Mr. Langlois' attitude, which is not at all consistent with that which he has always championed in his newspaper, Le Canada. His conduct under the circumstances is certainly a lack of discipline, seeing that the Government has accepted you as their candidate.

All our friends should, therefore, understand that you cannot be put aside in face of the very considerable services you have rendered the Liberal cause. This is the position we intend to take, and every vote cast against you will be considered as given against the Government.

Yours faithfully,
S. N. PARENT.

Prime Minister of the Province of Quebec.

Hon. Senator Dandurand, who has been taking a very active interest in the contest in St. Louis Division, was this morning asked by The Herald if he had any comments to make on Premier Parent's letter. In reply the Senator said:

"In the first place, Mr. Parent has apparently overlooked the fact that a large and thoroughly representative convention of the electors of St. Louis has selected Mr. Langlois as their candidate, and that, being such, Mr. Langlois is entitled to the support, not only of the loyal Liberals of the Division, but of Mr. Parent himself.

"In the second place, Mr. Parent, while engaged in safeguarding the interests of the city of Quebec from the encroachments of the Legislature, and in attending to the multiplicity of his other duties, has overlooked the serious attacks made in the Private Bills Committee on the integrity of the city of Montreal. As a consequence, he apparently is not aware of the injury which this city has suffered through the Legislative acts of Mr. Rainville and of the members who have assisted him, nor of the deep indignation which all classes of Montreal electors feel in regard to these Legislative outrages."

GOTHENBURG SYSTEM AND THE DRINK PROBLEM

Paper Read by Prof. Macnaughton Before the Montreal Economic and Statistical Society.

A paper on the Gothenberb System for the prevention of drunkenness was read before the Montreal Economic and Statistical Society by Prof. Russel E. MacNaughton of McGill, last evning.

The professor observed that it was generally admitted that some reform in the drink traffic was necessary. Various ways of coping with the problem had been suggested, but the only one which attempted to deal with the question in a scientific way was the Gothenberg system. The licensing system has a tendency to push the sale of an article, whose abuse is admittedly a danger for the state as well as the individual, for its abuse has filled the jails and asylums and caused an incalculable amount of unnecessary desitution.

The fault of the present system lay in the fact that by what economists call the "law of commerce" each saloon keeper is compelled to push the sale of his wares to the greatest possible extent. The more alcoholic liquors he sells the better for himself, and the principle which leads a dry goods merchant to push the sale of his goods to the greatest extent leads the publican to do the same. The Gothenberg system aimed at cutting out this private gain and so the incentive on the part of the dealer to try to sell a greater amount of his goods than would without effort be disposed of. By paying the barman a salary and a commission on non-alcoholic drinks, as in the Gothenberg system, this idea could be carried out.

Mr. Lone, manager of the Charity Organization, Prof. Tory, of McGill, and Ald. Ames, also spoke briefly on the temperance problem.

SUICIDE OF EGANVILLE MURDERER.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Gustave Mittlestatt, in prison for life for killing an Eganville, Ont., man with a pick, suicided by hanging in the insane ward yesterday morning.

MAY BE MADE ARCHBISHOP.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Bishop Matheson is likely to be elected Archbishop of Rupert's Land in succession to Archbishop Machray.

PROF. E. RUTHERFORD, OF M'GILL, AWARDED FAMOUS RUMFORD MEDAL

During a Century Medal Only Awarded Sixteen Times the Honored List Including Davy, Brewster, Faraday, Pasteur, Maxwell, Tyndall and Rongen.

Dr. Ernest Rutherford, professor of physics at McGill University, and one of the greatest authorities on radio-activity, has been awarded the "Rumford Medal" for 1904, by the Royal Society of Great Britain.

The Rumford Medal has a glorious history. It consists of a gold medal and a silver trophy from the same die, and is awarded once every two years, to use the words of the donor, "to the author of the most important discovery or useful improvement which shall be made and published by printing or in any way made known to the public in any part of Europe during the preceding two years on heat or on light, the preference always being given to such discoveries as, in the opinion of the president and council of the Royal Society, tend most to promote the good of mankind."

This purpose of the medal was outlined by the originator, Count Rumford in a letter to Sir John Banks, dated July 12, 1796, at that time president of the Royal Society. In this Count Rumford said that he had purchased and transferred £1000 in the funds of Great Britain to this end.

In the event of there being no new discovery in light or heat during a term of years, considered worthy of the medal, the value was to be invested and a cash premium presented the next medal in addition to the decoration.

The first to receive the medal was Count Rumford himself. Before 1846 it often happened that no medal was awarded for four years. As a consequence, the invested funds have accumulated and the present winner will receive about £70 in addition to the medal.

Among those who have in the past carried away the famous prize were.

1816 Sir Humphry Davy.
1818 David Brewster.
1840 Jean Baptists Biot.
1846 Michael Faraday.
1850 Francois Jean Dominique.
1852 Sir George Gabriel Stokes.
1856 Louis Pasteur.
1860 James Clerk Maxwell.
1862 Gustav Robert Kirchoff.
1864 John Tyndall.
1868 Balfour Stewart.
1874 Sir Joseph Norman Lockyer.
1880 Sir William Huggins.
1894 Sir James Dewar.
1896 Wilhelm Conrad Rontgen, and Lenard Sir Oliver Joseph Lodge Beequerel.

MUNICIPAL TECHNICAL LIBRARY IS NOW OPEN

The Formal Initial Ceremony Took Place Last Evening in Presence of Many Well-known Gentlemen.

The new municipal technical library at the Monument National was formally opened last evening. Among those present were Mayor Laporte, Ald. Dagenais, chairman of the civic committee; Ald. Sadler, Bastien, Levy and Chausse, Hon. J. I. Tarte, Senator Beique, Senator David, Senator Dandurand, M. Kleczowski, and about two hundred invited guests.

Mayor Laporte told of the refusal of the Carnegie donation for a public library, and how the present project of a small library for the use of those following the free classes at the Monument National was started.

Hon. J. I. Tarte said that if there were more reading rooms in the city, there would be less money spent on drink on Saturday nights.

Senator Beique remarked, without doubt, Canada's strength must depend on her preparation for the industries. He hoped, therefore, that the working classes would patronize the library.

After the speeches the visitors were shown into the library room, which was found to be a pretty place. Some of the latest works were found on the shelves, and the reading tables were covered with the best English and French periodicals.

MANITOBA CLERIC SAYS LIQUOR LAW IS DEAD

No Strong Sentiment Behind it, and Drunkenness is Now More Rampant in Prairie Province Than Ever.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 12.—(Special)—Discussing the recommendations of the committee on Church Life at the Presbyterian Synod last night, Rev. Dr. Duval urged more active work to combat the liquor evil.

He said that the former great temperance sentiment seemed to be dead. The liquor law had been a dismal failure and drunkenness was more rampant than ever.

The moral support of politicians was not behind the legislation that was enacted and the statute is a dead letter.

CANADA BIDDING ADIEU TO LORD AND LADY MINTO

Toronto Gave Public Reception Last Night and it Will be Quebec's Turn on 17th.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—To all of high and low degree, the halls of Toronto's civic buildings were open last night for a public farewell to Lord and Lady Minto. With much pageantry the Vice-Regal party were escorted to the hall and there, under civic auspices, received the good wishes of some hundreds of loyal citizens. The ceremony occupied less than an hour and was the closing event in a busy day for His Excellency and Lady Minto. It came after several private visits, the reception of addresses from the Ontario Curling Association, and the National Chapter of the Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire, a semi-official luncheon, and, with His Excellency, the dinner of the Canadian Bankers' Association, at which he was the guest of honor.

Quebec Plans a Farewell.

Quebec, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—His Excellency the Governor-General, the Countess of Minto, family, and suite, will sail on the 18th inst. from Quebec on board the Allan line steamer Tunisian.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Lady Laurier and members of the Dominion Cabinet will come to the Ancient Capital to bid their Excellencies adieu. On the night of the 17th the city of Quebec will tender Lord and Lady Minto a farewell reception, to be held at the City Hall, which promises to be one of the social events of the season. Mayor Parent will issue a large number of invitations to prominent people in the principal cities of Canada, and as a matter of course the elite of Quebec will be present. In the meantime preparations have already been commenced to make the reception a memorable one.

LIBERAL VICTORY VERY PRONOUNCED

Had a Majority of 50,000 Votes Over the Whole Dominion.

POLLED 53 PERCENT OF VOTE

Without Quebec They Had a Good Margin of Popular Support—Six of a Majority in Every Hundred.

A comparison of majorities only serves to show how thorough was the Liberal victory over Canada generally. Totalling the majorities of Liberals and Conservatives it is found that the former claim a majority over all of 48,612 votes. This is exclusive of acclamation, so that it can be stated roughly that Sir Wilfred Laurier's policy was approved by a fifty thousand majority of the voting strength of Canada, and the total vote polled was under 800,000. The following table of majorities will make this clear:

	Liberal. Majority.	Con. majority.
Quebec	37,446	2,568
Ontario	14,687	15,781
Nova Scotia	10,735	...
New Brunswick	3,161	3,607
Prince Edward Island	33	447
Manitoba	2,503	656
Northwest Territories	4,674	319
British Columbia	1,715	...
Total	74,990	26,378

It has been stated frequently that the Liberals have received their power from the Province of Quebec, but it will be seen from the above table that the Government has still a majority of over eleven thousand votes in the other provinces.

The Conservatives have the consolation of knowing that they carried on votes in the three provinces of Ontario, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

The average Liberal poll was fifty-three per cent. of the vote polled all over the Dominion, while the Conservatives polled forty-seven per cent. The Liberals had, comparatively speaking, about six of a majority in every hundred votes polled.

MANY OFFICERS AT SERGEANTS DINNER

First P. of W. Regt. Fusiliers Held Annual Function at Armory

The annual dinner of the sergeants of the First Prince of Wales Fusiliers was held in the armory last night, and was a most enjoyable affair.

Sergeant-Major Flawn occupied the chair, and on either side sat Col. Gordon, D.O.C., and Lieut.-Col. Finlayson, O.C. 1st Regiment. The other officers present were: Major Simpson, Capt. W. T. Stewart, Capt. E. W. Bonham, Capt. Fergusson, adjutant; Capt. Spry, Capt. Cooper Capt. Brydes, Surgeon-Capt. MacTaggart, Lieut.-Col. Butler, R.O., and Capt. F. H. Stewart, Sixth Hussars.

The toast to the King was accompanied by the singing of the National Anthem, while between the other toasts of the evening were interspersed song and story.

It was with much regret those present heard of Sergeant-Major Flawn's retirement from the regiment, but it was felt he had done his duty after completing twenty-three years' service. Many warm compliments were paid to his ability and tact.

Col. Gordon complimented the sergeants upon their good work in bringing the regiment to its present high state of efficiency, and urged upon them the necessity of always being in a position to assist the officers in keeping the regiment first in efficiency as well as in name.

Lieut.-Col. Finlayson, Capt. W. T. Stewart and Capt. Spry responded to the toast of "Our Officers," and each warmly thanked the sergeant-major and sergeants for their loyal support.

The "Past Officers" was replied to by Lieut.-Col. Butler in a worthy speech, in which he pointed out the progress of the regiment from the old days to the present.

"The Ladies" was responded to by Capt. Bonham, and "The Press" by representatives present.

Weather To-Morrow Will be Fine

To-day and Sunday—Fair and mild.

Fine weather continues everywhere, with mild conditions in the Territories and Manitoba, and a tendency for higher temperatures elsewhere. In this locality the weather has become distinctly warmer. The temperatures recordd yesterday were as follows:—Victoria, 40, 56; Calgary, 30, 58; Winnipeg, 22, 54; Port Arthur, 26, 46; Parry Sound, 14, 40; Toronto, 20, 42; Ottawa, 18, 30; Quebec, 14, 28; St. John, 20, 34; Halifax, 22, 36.

ANTI-DUMPING CLAUSE KEEPING OUT UNJUST COMPETITION

Mr. White, Collector of Customs, Says It Has Effectually Prevented Dumping Operation—U.S. Manufacturers Will Have to Build Here.

Mr. Robert White, collector of customs, returned this morning from Ottawa, where he had been discussing matters connected with his department with the Minister of Customs. Among the questions considered was the working of the anti-dumping clause of the present tariff. Mr. White says that the operation of the clause effectually prevents the dumping on the Canadian market of all goods which compete with Canadian products. When it is enforced slaughter prices for imported goods are impossible.

"Fraud and evasion of the act is carefully watched for by the customs officers," said Mr. White, "and in such cases the goods are seized and confiscated. The United States, of course, is the country from which most of our dumped goods come, and the operation of the clause will effectually block such business in the future.

"In coming to apply the legislation on this point it was discovered that it was somewhat more far-reaching than Parliament had contemplated, and that some classes of transactions of perfectly legitimate character were falling under the special duty clause. The Minister of Customs is now giving consideration to these cases, and provision is being made to relieve them from the application of such duty. Such cases are bona fide cash discounts; samples and goods purchased at a fair market price for shipment at a later period. For example, linseed oil is contracted for early in the year for shipment during the season of navigation. The law as it now stands levies duty on the open market price at the time of shipment rather than of purchase, and if the price has advanced duty has to be paid on such increase. Similarly if the price falls the duty is on the lower price. This class of transaction has been excepted from the action of the special duty when the value of the goods at the time of shipment is greater than at the time of purchase, provided always that the latter was the open market price.

"When points like these have been arranged for and the rough edges smoothed down, this legislation will prove most advantageous to the Canadian manufacturer by proving a substantial protection against unfair competition caused by dumping."

Mr. White thought that the operation of the clause would have the effect of leading foreign manufacturers to build plants in Canada for the market here in the same way as the American Axe & Tool Company has decided to do. The customs officers are being constantly called upon to enforce the regulation, and are thus freeing the market from the illegitimate competition it was formerly exposed to.

HAMEL WILL BE HERE NEXT WEEK

On Arrival Will be Arrested on Charge of Forging $10,000 Cheque.

Chief Detective Carpenter with D. A. Hamel, the defaulting city paymaster, is expected back from Cuba about the middle of next week. A rumor was



MR. ALPHONSE HAMEL,
Who Will Arrive in a Day or Two to Stand His Trial.

circulated yesterday that they would be home to-day, but this is denied at headquarters.

As soon as he arrives Hamel will be arrested on the charge of forging a $10,000 cheque of the Bank of Montreal.

BIG LANGLOIS MEETING WILL BE HELD TO-NIGHT

Many Leading Liberals Will Speak at St. Joseph's Hall.

A large meeting in the interests of Mr. Godfroy Langlois, Liberal candidate in St. Louis division, will be held to-night at eight o'clock at St. Joseph's Hall, corner of St. Catherine and St. Elizabeth Streets. Amongst the speakers will be Senator Dandurand, Beique and Choran, Ald. Bastien, H. Gervais, C. A. Wilson and R. Latulippe. A big meeting is expected.

Mr. Langlois' campaign is creating excellent progress. He has established his central committee rooms at 1877 St. Catherine Street, 'phone, East 2551.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.

Employees Had an Enjoyable Dance Last Evening.

The Sherwin-Williams Co. in Canada, whose destinies are presided over by Mr. C. C. Ballantyne, vice-president of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, gave their annual entertainment to their employes last evening, in their new building at 629 Centre St. Friends were included in the invitations.

All the talent and necessary expenses wer provided by the company, and the programme was an excellent one.

Light refreshments were served and after that a well-selected list of dances was carried through, in the employes dining hall.

THE LABOR CANDIDATES.

Mr. Alphonse Vervielle, president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress and president of the special committee appointed by the Montreal Council to choose labor candidates in the various city divisions, said this morning that as yet no men had been decided upon.

A mass meeting will be held to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in St. Joseph's Hall, when it is probable that candidates will be named for each of the city divisions. The meeting has been especially called for this purpose, and a request issued to all interested in the labor cause to be present.

N. B. OFFICER DISAPPEARED.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Capt. Ryan, of Kentville, N.B., who returned here from the Orient in September, from study the war, has mysteriously disappeared.

THE BUTER MARKET.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Nov. 12.—The supply of Canadian buter is diminishing weekly, but prices remain about the same. Cheese prices are, choicest 48 to 49, finest 46 to 47.

PRESENT MORGUE DISGRACE TO CITY

Question Will be Thoroughly Discussed at Meeting of Hygiene Committee.

The action of the Finance Committee in doing away with the publication of the departmental reports came in for severe criticism at the meeting of the Hygiene Statistics Committee yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Louis Laberge, medical health officer, reported that by order of the Finance Committee the annual reports of the health department were to be printed in the Municipal Gazette alone. The inconvenience of this method consisted in the fact that the report would be spread over several numbers of the paper. Other cities sent their reports to the department in bound volumes, and Montreal had always been able to return the favor.

Ald. Ames said that he was not in favor of the new way of printing the reports, and he thought the best thing to do was to discuss the offer in Council and have it changed if possible.

Ald. Lariviere came before the committee to support the offer of Mr. C. Bougie for a new morgue. The present morgue was a disgrace to the city.

Chairman Dagenais said that he had visited a site at St. Urbain and Lagauchetiere street, but found it unsuitable.

Ald. Ames asked to have the proposal of the Montreal General Hospital to erect a morgue considered.

The morgue question will be discussed at the next meeting.

HOGUE WILL NOT HANG.

Cabinet Decided to Commute Sentence to Life Imprisonm at.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The Cabinet yesterday afternoon dealt with the case of Hogue, lying under sentence of death. After full consideration it was decided to approve the recommendation of the Justice Department that the sentence be commuted to life imprisonment.

MR. COCHRANE NOMINATED.

Twenty-seven of the thirty-one members the committee named at the St. Lewrence Liberal convention on Wednesday met last night at the office of Mr. U. H. Dandurand, and decided, after some debate, to tender the nomination to Mr. Cochrane. The name of Mr. T. P. Crowe was also suggested, but after some discussion Mr. Crowe asked to have it withdrawn. The nomination of Mr. Cochrane was then made unanimous.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

New York—Peninsular, Lucania, Antonio.
Liverpool—Baltic.
Genoa—Prinz Oskar.
Queenstown—Campania.

DIES BY OWN HAND IN ACADEMY LANE

J. H. Doherty, Sleeping Car Conductor, Shot Himself.

REASON OF ACT UNKNOWN

Was Steady and Industrious and His Friends Cannot Understand the Fatal Deed—Died While Yet Unconscious.

J. H. Doherty, a sleeping car conductor in the employ of the C.P.R. committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. The fatality occurred in the lane at the rear of the Academy of Music.

It is not known when or how the act was committed. Robert Harmon, an employe of Scroggie's department store, discovered the body in the lane when returning from work to his home at 58 University street, by the rear entrance. He heard some one groaning and hastened to inform Constable Landriault of No. 6 station, who was on duty in front of the Academy. The officer made a search and found Doherty lying in the lane at the point of death.

The unfortunate man held a revolver in his right hand. He was still breathing, though unconscious, and a hole in the right temple showed that his attempt had been only too successful. The General Hospital ambulance was called, and Doherty conveyed there, where he died at 9.15 o'clock. Papers found in his pockets revealed his identity.

J. H. Doherty was twenty-eight years of age and unmarried. He had been in the employ of the C.P.R. for six years, running between Montreal and Quebec. He boarded at 25 Brunswick street. The people there can give no reason for Doherty's taking his own life. He was, it is said, industrious and steady, and always in good humor. His only relative was an aunt, of advanced age, whose address has not been learned.

None of the residents in the district heard the report of the revolver as far as is known. The police have as yet been unable to find anyone who saw Doherty enter the lane.

C.P.R. NOT AFTER BOSTON AND MAINE

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy Explicitly Denies a New York Rumor.

New York, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy is here, and yesterday had an important conference with Vice-president McCrae, of the Pennsylvania Railway. It is said the C.P.R. is after a controlling interest in the Boston & Maine Railway.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, who returned from New York this morning, when questioned regarding the truth of the above despatch, replied:

"There is absolutely nothing in it. Boston & Maine was not even mentioned during my visit to New York."

MR. BOURASSA IS INTERESTING LONDON

Saturday Review Wonders About Imperialism—Aldershot Exams.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Nov. 12.—The Saturday Review says Sir Wilfrid Laurier's astuteness in avowing an enthusiasm for Imperial taxation robbed Mr. Borden of the chance of sucess which might have been his if Sir Wilfrid had not thus glazed over some of his previous words and acts. One of the results of this policy that will be most eagerly watched will be the bearing of Mr. Bourassa and his party.

CANADIAN OFFICERS PASS.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Nov. 12.—Lieut.-Col. W. S. Hodgins of the Canadian staff, and Major J. C. Mannselle, of the Canadian Engineers, passed at Aldershot the examination in tactical fitness for command.

Through The Herald's Sieve.

WE MIGHT fill the aching void by getting Buster Gourley to blow a few war speeches into a phonograph and set it up in Parliament.

ON THE official recount Port Arthur continues Russian by a small majority, over H.R.H. the Mikado.

IT WOULD BE interesting to know what the Star would be willing to pay McGill students to cheer for Flynn, the masterly retreater of Quebec.

To Lord Dundonald.

(Vancouver World.)

Mon, but it was a gran' victory.

SOMEHOW we can't help feeling that Mr. Blair is missing the chance of his life. Here are the Quebec elections less than two weeks away and he has no job to resign.

SAYS CHEFOO.

[Chefoo, Nov. 10.—There is a well founded rumor here that Port Arthur has fallen.]

Once again Port Arthur's fallen,
Kuropatkin's had a maulin',
Says Chefoo;
Stalkelberg has been surrounded,
Rennenkampf has been impounded—
All's confusion worse confounded,
Says Chefoo.

Japs besieging are defeated,
Says Chefoo;
Nodzu hurriedly retreated,
Says Chefoo;
Kuropatkin's won the day,
Old Oyama he will slay—
Russians never run away,
Says Chefoo.

Prince Ouktomsky's been suspended,
Says Chefoo;
War is practically ended,
Says Chefoo;
Fighting's only just begun,
Both sides madly on the run—
Telling whoppers is such fun,
Says Chefoo.

Poor Kuroki's quite prostrated,
Says Chefoo;
No, he's not; he's quite elated,
Says Chefoo;
Fighting's over and it's not,
Weather's freezing cold, but hot—
Ain't it fun to send out rot?
Says Chefoo.

If I dwelt in Montreal,
Says Chefoo;
The election news I'd call,
Says Chefoo;
'Twould be good and not inferior—
"Not a single Lib. would weary yer
To the west of Lake Superior,"
Says Chefoo.

The Voice of Experience.

"Come, now," prompted the teacher, who had been giving the primary class a taste of Shakespeare, "what is it that is sharper than a serpent's tooth?"

"I bet pa's razor is," said little Henry, who was still carrying his thumb in a sling.

RUSSIA should imitate the Quebec Opposition, and resign, thus allowing the Japs to carry the constituency of South Manchuria by acclamation.

Mr. Borden Kissed 1,544 and Sir Wilfrid Only 12.

(Boston Globe.)

We read with melancholy interest that Mr. Henry N. Goldfogle, bachelor, candidate for congressman in New York, who kissed 5,000 babies during his campaign, was defeated by the married Mr. Elverson.

Bargains in Age.

"You must mark down your age in this blank space," said the insurance man to the beautiful woman.

And she did. She marked it down from 28 to 22.

FAR FROM the madding crowd, in the sunlit South, Mr. Borden will have time to figure out another estimate of what the G.T.P. will cost the country, that will make the wealth of Crossus look like thirty cents.

THE Con. papers are still holding an inquest over the elections, and the jury is back with the theory that the affair was due to a scarcity of votes.

PERHAPS there will be some one at the World's Fair who can give Hon. Mr. Blair a practical demonstration in the art of manipulating bombshells.

McGILL will LL.D. Earl Grey as soon as he gets off the boat. But if competition in honorary degrees gets any keener, the ceremony will have to be conducted at Rimouski.

We'd Rather Hear a Buzz-Saw.

(Chicago Chronicle.)

If you want to enjoy verbal pyrotechnics ask a man who stutters to pronounce Admiral Rojestvensky's name.

SANTOS-DUMONT hopes to remain eight days in the air. If he gets an early move on him he may meet a few Con. leaders coming down.

WHILE THE JAPS are doing pretty well with the Russians they are not having what we might call a Sir Wilfrid Laurier kind of a time.

TO-DAY being Election Day, this paper will not be published to-morrow.—New York Journal of Commerce.
Say it over slowly, please.

ACCORDING to all accounts, there is not enough of Port Arthur left to make even a little bump when it does fall.

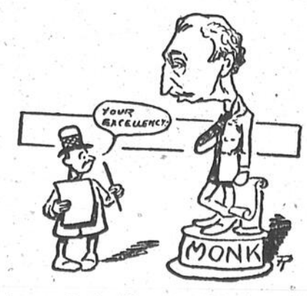
CONTRARY to expectations, the Baltic fleet has not yet begun firing at pink sea serpents.

IT WAS an error on the part of the proof-reader. The Star meant to say that there was not a single safe seat for the Libs. west of British Columbia.

SOME of the Con. papers are still taking the medicine with a very wry face. The Cons. should be good losers by this time, as they've had such a lot of practice.

THE GAZOOT'S interest in the elections continues intense. Its editorials to-day are on: "The Bank of Montreal," "The U.S. Situation," and "Lord Lansdowne and Sir R. Finley."

THE CON. LEADERSHIP.



Jacques Cartier, Nov. 12.—(Extra Special.)—Your lying correspondent has just had an interview with the Hon. F. D. Monk on the Con. leadership.

Judging from his remarks, Mr. Monk favors the Hon. J. I. Tarte, with the accent on the "I guess not."

In a rich contralto, Mr. Monk said:

"The Conservative party needs for leader a man who can carry Jacques Cartier County by a majority of over 400."

"Who is able to do that?"

"I can't think for the life of me," said Mr. Monk.

"Any other qualifications?"

"Yes. The man we need for leader should have experience, and his name should begin with the letter M."

"Maclean," I yelled.

"No," said Mr. Monk, "the leader's name should only have four letters."

Mr. Monk would say no more.

If ever there was a mystery, that mystery is this mystery.

POINTERS ON PUBLICITY.

The Herald Reaches the Buyers

JOHNSTON BROS., jewellers and diamond merchants, 2379 St. Catherine street, use *The Herald* extensively as an advertising medium. The house, though only recently established in Montreal, has become one of the leading centres in its line in the Dominion. Mr. Jas. S. Johnston states his opinion of *The Herald's* advertising value as follows:—"We try to have our advertisements contain store-news in plain fact statements, as this is valuable to customers who realize that their interests are best served by buying at our store. We are now in our second year, and have made ourselves known largely through advertising in *The Herald*. Our most direct results have come from your paper, in the form of people speaking of our advertisement. I recall numbers of instances where they came with the advertisement cut out, inquiring for the goods mentioned,—a splendid indication of *The Herald's* ability to reach the buyers."

How the Flynn Government Broke Its Pledges to Quebec Province

From 1892 to 1897 Every Plank Upon Which it Attained Power Was Shattered—Debt and Taxes Were Increased, Railway Subsidies Distributed With Reckless Profusion and Corruption Was Rampant.

In view of the extraordinary course taken by Hon. E. J. Flynn in calling off the Conservative opposition in the present campaign and making it virtually commit political hari kari it may prove instructive to cast a backward glance at the records left of his last administration from 1892 to May 1897. Mr. Flynn's own record is so well known from the time he deserted Hon. Mr. De Lotbiniere in his need in order to secure pulical influence for himself is well known to need recalling.

The records of the Flynn administration are not pleasant reading to patriotic citizens of Quebec. But at the present juncture trey are certainly instructive, if only for the sake of contrasting them with the history of this Province since the Liberal Government came into power in 1897.

ATTAINED POWER IN '92.

The Flynn ministry came into power in 1892 under the fairest auspices for giving good government, with a substantial majority, and five years in which to carry out the pledges which they had given as a means of gaining power. They had promised purity of administration and retrenchment in the public service. They had announced a policy of economy which would lighten taxes and avoid deficits. They had guaranteed a reform of the railway subsidy system, with a strict limitation of any aid, and enforcement of terms of subsidies already in force, etc.

All these guarantees were categorically and industriously broken.

As to retrenchment in the public service. In 1891 with salaries and pensions the expenses were $231,149. In 1896 they had grown $14,764, to $245,913. Promise Number one gone.

PUBLIC DEBT INCREASED.

They promised to reduce the public debt. During their term of office they borrowed $11,270,309, of which only $3,860,000 went to pay off previous debts. Part of the balance included the scandalous Taillon loan of $5,332,976 at 77, which inflicted almost irreparable injury upon the Province's credit. Promise number two broken.

The taxes were to be reduced. But besides borrowing these large sums the Flynn Government in four years took $1,944,252 more out of the people by new and burdensome taxes, and still incurred annually growing deficits, while at the same time their colonization policy resulted in anything else but colonization. Promise number three ignored.

NEW TAXES IMPOSED.

Amongst the new taxes imposed by the Flynn Government by way of redeeming its pledges to reduce the burden of taxation were:

A tax of one per cent. on real estate transfers.

License fees imposed on manufacturers and traders.

Levying of heavy succession duties.

Direct taxes on professional men.

A variety of new charges on municipalities.

There had been $3,364,000 additional taxes taken from the people during the Conservative regime and the Province had not benefitted from it in the least. Over a million dollars of this had been lost in the disastrous Paris loan, and despite the great increase in revenue the Province's finances were in worse shape than ever.

During their four years of office the Conservatives had so increased the expenditure as to incur yearly increasing deficits, their last in 1897 being apparently $58,000, but really much larger, the balance being hidden by juggling the province's books. In order to show a decrease of deficit they had taken twelve months of expenditure in the civil service for 1895 and 1896, but had only shown eleven months for the next year, and thereby pretended to have saved $45,000, and had also carried large sums, such as $101,000 for the Montreal Court House, over to the next year, in order to blind the electors.

THE RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.

Nothing however so emphasized the absolute faithlessness of the Flynn administration as its course on the question of railway subsidies. Not only did it utterly ignore its own processed principles of abolishing railway subsidies, but it widely extended, and basely abused the already existing system which it had so strongly denounced. Instead of cutting off subsidies Mr. Flynn extended them to the limit of the Province's credit when new lines failed to earn subsidies Mr. Flynn distributed them over lines already built; when they lapsed he extended them with reduced restrictions.

In 1894, he rushed through the Legislature, on the last day of the session a set of bonus resolutions unequalled for prodigality in the history of the Province, and during the rest of his term he still further entangled the province with subsidy conversion and bogus guarantees for the benefit of his friends. By this course he involved the Province in millions of dollars of liabilities and everlastingly disgraced his administration.

At that time it was said of Mr. Flynn "He has shown himself to be unique in the unscrupulousness with which he is prepared to exploit Quebec's credit to further his own ends. He has cast aside every vestige of good faith, truckling to irresponsible boomsters in return for political aid, and destributing public monies without stint to the parasites of his party.

"The ending of Mr. Flynn's official career will be consistent with its birth. He first earned the right to be termed "Honorable" by an act of treachery to his leader, whom he deserted in his necessity for the sake of power. During the dying days of his regime he has added $2,000,000 to the public debt by an unnecessary and suspicious conversion of land subsidies into cash; he has unsuccessfully attempted to distribute 4,000 square miles of Crown timber amongst his favorites; he has also, without success, tried the game with two valuable water powers."

HOW TAXES WERE INCREASED.

The following figures will show how the Province taxation was increased during the four years of Mr. Flynn's Conservative Government which was to reduce the taxes and the debt:

Increase in 1892-3	$927,510
Increase in 1893-4	801,584
Increase in 1894-5	766,543
Increase in 1895-6	890,766

Making a total increase in four years of $3,364,403, or an average increase of over $841,100. And still during the four years the net liabilities of the Province were increased by over $2,700,000.

Perhaps the most scandalous abuse of power of which the Flynn Government was guilty was in its dealings with railway projects. The Province escaped none of these forms of exploitation and bleeding of Government and bondholders that had been invented in any part of the world. All were utilized to the full. Although the Province's debt had been largely created by the railway policy, an unparalleled exhibition was given by the Conservative Government of the needy charter monger and the hungry politician working together to devise fresh means of profiting at the public expense. The worst methods of constructing and subsidizing were adopted that contractors and politicians might batten on the treasury and the foreign investor. Government and municipal money and land grants (subsequently converted to a cash basis) were lavished on projectors whose schemes were still in thin air.

SCANDALOUS SUBSIDIES.

The Temiscouata Railway, with 113 miles of road, received Government and municipal aid to the tune of $978,450. The Baie des Chaleurs Railway, with eighty miles built, received in Government and municipal aid $1,440,000, and had a deficit for three months of 1897, under Government operation of $2,000, and all upon a share capital of $30,000.

Then to cap the climax the Flynn Government started negotiations to guarantee the bonds of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, at the Province's expense.

This was a proposition to guarantee at four per cent. $8,270,000 of 2% year bonds on the line from Montreal to Gaspe, with the result that the greater portion of the bonds would have to be deposited with the Government as security for interest instead of the proceeds going to their legitimate use of building the road. Sixty per cent would be needed for this purpose, leaving after paying claims against the road, about $2,270,000 for construction purposes.

IMPERIAL DOMINION'S CABINET.

The whole scheme as backed by Mr. Flynn was denounced as a plan to delude the British investor, and a wilful blow at the credit of the Province, engineered for the sole purpose of collecting the votes of the electors of the people of the South Shore counties and in Gaspe.

This transaction called forth protests from all over Canada, as one which would imperil not only Quebec's but the whole Dominion's credit in England. Of it the Toronto Globe said: "The Province cannot afford to lend its name to a project which is calculated to raise money under false pretences. The guarantee will be used as if it were an endorsation of the railway project, whereas it is only an ingenious device by which the investor will be paid interest out of his own money. Such an enterprise can only have one ending. It will add to the already too large number of sinkholes for capital, and in this case the fair fame of one of the Provinces and the [illegible]

THOUSANDS DIE FROM CONSTIPATION

No condition causes so many incurable diseases as constipation. It not only prevents the kidneys from eliminating the poisonous wastes, but causes anaemia, stomach trouble and indigestion.

Why don't you use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and get cured? This excellent medicine restores normal bowel action in one night. Thousands say so.

Your system will be pure and clean; you'll be free from headaches, no more sour stomach. In short you'll have jovial spirits and perfect good health. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are sold everywhere, 25c per box, get the genuine.

PHLEGM IN THE THROAT.

Makes a soft resting place for the germs of consumption. Catarrhozone clears out phlegm and discharge in a few minutes. You're foolish to wait—get Catarrhozone to-day; it cures quickly. Catarrhozone is pleasant certain and never fails. Cure guaranteed with every dollar outfit of Catarrhozone. Try it.

AU BON MARCHE

LETENDRE FILS & CIE., 1493-1497 St. Catherine St.

ENTRANCES ON WOLFE AND AMHERST STS.

A Window of Hosiery!

50 Dozen Ladies' and Children's Hosiery to be sold at Half Price

TO-DAY AND MONDAY we are placing in our front windows a big display of LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS, simply as a hint of the great range we carry in stock. These goods are all guaranteed fast black, made of ribbed fingering wool, sizes, Nos. 8½, 9, 9½. Always sold for 35c. Your choice, To-day and Monday 23c
Or three pairs for 65c

LADIES' HOSIERY, of Fingering Wool, heavy weight, for winter, all sizes 45c

LADIES' HOSIERY, of Baldwin Cashmere Wool Hose, seamless feet, spliced heels and toes, ribbed, ladies' sizes. Per pair 50c

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, Fingering Wool, heavy weight, sizes Nos. 5 to 8. On Sale To-day and Monday, for from ..... 25c to 40c

GREAT RANGE OF CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, ribbed and plain, in fall and winter weight, sizes Nos. 5 to 8. Prices from ..... 30c to 45c

Our Curtain and Blind DEPARTMENT



Is stocked with everything necessary for the Decoration of Windows. Leave your order and our men will call and get the correct measurements, cut them, and put them up free of charge. Below we quote a few of the many lines we have in stock:

BLINDS, all sizes, made of Special Quality of Linen, 2 yards long by 1 yard wide, for kitchens, etc..... 25c

BLINDS, better quality Linen, with Fringe or Lace on bottom, size 2 x 1 yard long 50c

BLINDS, with Lace Insertion and Fringe, very special quality, size 2 x 1 yards long 75c

FANCY CUSHIONS, for cosy corners, lounges, etc., hand painted, in Satin, Velvet and Silk, upholstered with mixed down, all new patterns, size 22 x 22, at prices from $1.25 up to $6.00.

BLINDS — We have a large range in a better quality, in prices ranging from 75c to $3.00. We also sell Linen, Fringe and Lace by the yard, for making Blinds, Curtains, etc.

POLES, for Curtains, fancy and plain, all wood, fitted with rings and ornaments, sizes 1½, 2, 2½ and 3 in. deep, for 25c

METAL POLES, made of brass, fancy ornaments and brass rings, a very superior quality, from 25c to $6.00.

WHITE NET CURTAINS, 3½ yards long, 56 inches wide, in all designs, neat and pretty, from $1.00 to $7.00 pair.

BOBBINET RUFFLED LACE CURTAINS in all designs, in Lace and Insertion, 30 inches wide, sold by the yard for small windows or drapery, for 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c up to 75c.

MADRAS MUSLIN, for Long Curtains or Draperies, 40 and 50 inches wide, in yellow, blue, green, red and cream colors, all very pretty designs, for 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c and 90c. We make Draperies and hang them for you when requested.

PORTIERES, made of Damask, in all colors, 3 yards long by 50 inches wide, at prices ranging from $2.50 up to $12.00.

TABLE COVERS, of Damask, many new and pretty designs, sizes 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12¼ lengths, from 60c to $3.50.

PILLOW SHAMS, made of Lawn, hemstitched, marked in fancy designs. Prices from $2.50 to $3.50 each.

PILLOW SHAMS, Bureau Covers, and for Small Chiffoniers, made of Lawn, hemstitched in fancy embroidery and lace, from 50c to $1.75 each.

SILK DRAPERY, for Piano Covers, Portieres, etc., made of Japanese Silk, worked with beautiful designs in gold lace braid, with lace fringe, all colors, from $1.50 to $6.00.

CARPETS AND RUGS



We have some very beautiful and artistic designs in Carpets, and such as you'll only see at this store, a magnificent collection of English makes, in elegant high class art effects of Floral, Oriental and Persian patterns, styles and colorings suitable for drawing rooms, parlors, libraries and halls.

TAPESTRY CARPETS, in all colors and new designs, ¾ wide, from 30c up to 65c

BRUSSELS CARPETS, of superior quality, in pretty designs and all colors, ¾ wide, from 90c to $1.50

VELVET CARPETS, all new designs and colors, an excellent quality, from ..... $1.25 to $2.50

FANCY RUGS, with or without fringe, all wool, different sizes, very suitable for halls, parlors, etc., from ..... 25c to $8.00

BUFFALO CONCERN CATCHES CANADIANS

Montrealer Returns Home Wiser by Much and Poorer by $48.

Canada is an excellent country to stay in. That is the opinion of a considerable number of energetic young Canadians who have been lured out of it as far as Buffalo by the tempting offers of the American Silver Co., of tht city, which has no connection with certain reputable firms of the same name, but of other cities. The latest resident of this country to return, a wiser, and a sadder man, from Buffalo is Mr. Charles Vladimir Dubin, of Montreal. Mr. Dubin is congratulating himself on getting off $50 better than his fellow-sufferers from this ingenuous country. He travelled as far as the city on the head waters of the Erie Canal in response to an advertisement offering an impressive and assured salary for the handling of the Silver Company's products, but he appreciated the full beauty of the situation as soon as he got there. Mr. Dubin is at present awaiting the issue of a suit against a gentleman occupying a humble clerical position in a Buffalo railway office, who turned out to be the whole American Silver Company, and of whom he claims $48 travelling expenses in accordance with the offer made him while in Montreal. Mr. Dubin and a Toronto gentleman who was in the same box appear to have pretty well succeeded in putting the silver enterprise out of business. They camped upon its doorsteps and warned intending applicants till the "company" threatened to have them arrested; and they supplied the police with information enough to secure, not the criminal prosecution of the principal, for his tracks were too well covered, but the suppresion of his present business. He had seemingly collected a $50 fee in return for $2 worth of samples from between twenty and thirty people, so that the business was profitable. Of his victims two were Toronto men, one from Kingston and another from Eastern Ontario.

Mr. Dubin is a Russian, and an ex-officer of the navy of that power, who has made Montreal his home for some years. He spent many years of his life with the Russian fleet in Far Eastern waters, and is one of the best authorities in Canada on the Eastern situation from the military and naval point of view.

The Surprise is in the Low Price, BUY AIRD'S BREAD Main 1025.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Reward of Merit! World's Fair — Highest Award GOLD MEDAL — St. Louis 1904

FOR BLACK AND GREEN TEAS OF SUPERB QUALITY

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEAS IN SEALED LEAD PACKETS ONLY

Mr. Beaugrand's New Book of Canadian Legends

Is a credit to Canada. A beautiful book in get-up. Illustrated. Bound Roycroftie. Limited Edition. Price $3.00. A few signed copies also to be had at

CHAPMAN'S BOOKSTORE,

2407 St. Catherine Street, MONTREAL.

PATENT REPORT.

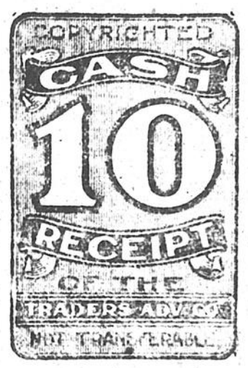
The following Canadian patents have been secured during last week through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, Patent Attorneys, Montreal, Canada, and Washington, D.C.: Simon Scott, Wellington, N.Z., moulds used in the manufacture of short bread and similar cakes; Alfred Bonnier, Cairnside, Que., pipe coupling and points; Franz Komnick, Elbing, Germany, presses for artificial sandstones; Messrs. Thibault and Forest, St. George de Windsor, Que., milk aerating apparatus; Joseph Elsner, Berlin, Germany, lifting and transporting apparatus; Messrs. Alexander and Smith, Bairnsdale, Australia, gate post falls; Joseph Alph. Vallee, Ste. Anne de la Parade, Que., automatic windows; Walter G. Anderson, Toronto, Ont., wardrobe. The "Inventors' Adviser" is just published. Any one interested in patents or inventions should order a copy.

Are you going to try? See page 20.

NEW LAW FIRM.

Mr. W. Patterson, advocate, and Mr. E. N. Brown, advocate, have formed a law partnership, and will hereafter practice their profession under the firm name of Patterson & Brown.

Another Large Grocer!



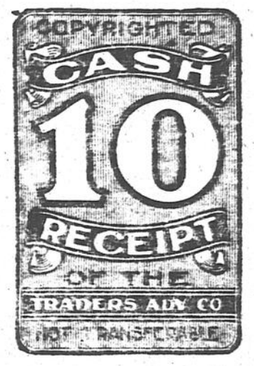
Arrangements have been made with . . .

Z.A. Lambert's Cash Grocery,

692 SHERBROOKE ST.,

(Corner of Bleury),

TO GIVE



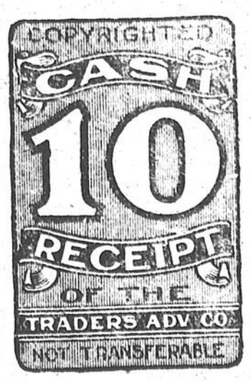
GREEN CASH RECEIPTS ON EVERY PURCHASE.

This will be greeted as good news by our patrons in this section, as it is an up-to-date store, carrying a large stock of the choicest Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Fruits, Confectionery, etc. Look at these prices:—

Best Creamery BUTTER at	21c
Best Dairy Butter	20c
EGGS—Boiling, per dozen	27c
" Strictly fresh	27c
" Cooking	22c
FLOUR—7 lbs. XXX Best Pastry	23c
SOAP—Sunlight, Comfort, Surprise, Gilt Edge, etc., 6 bars	25c

These are only a few prices selected from a long list. Don't you think that when a first-class Grocery like this offer the best goods on the market at the lowest cash prices, and then GIVE GREEN CASH RECEIPTS, that it is a very attractive inducement to buy? Pay them a visit—it will pay you.

AS A SPECIAL OPENING OFFER



Double Green Cash Receipts

WILL BE GIVEN

ALL NEXT WEEK



We want our patrons in this section to give them a trial. Just visit this large store. It will not take you two minutes to find out that you can buy the best goods as cheap as any store in the city, and that you are getting a most attractive offer as a special inducement. These are rare opportunities which you can profit by. It is so plain you cannot afford to miss it.

This Coupon is Worth One Green Cash Receipt

WHEN PRESENTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE TRADERS ADVERTISING CO.,

Nov 12th 1904

Only One Coupon of the same date allowed to each person.

The Traders Advertising Co.

1835 NOTRE DAME STREET

A DRUNKARD

is a trouble to himself and everyone he comes in contact with. Fortunately the number of such cases is decreasing.

DOCTOR MACKAY

is curing hundreds with his celebrated specific.

CITY HALL - EVERY WEDNESDAY

FOR INVALIDS AND ATHLETES.

It is remarkable that the best food for an athlete—SWISS FOOD—is at the same time equally good for the most delicate constitutions. Good for old and young alike.—adv.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

MR. FOSTER WILL SPEAK.

The sixth annual banquet of the Canadian Club of Boston will occur on Monday evening, Nov. 28, at the Hotel Vendome, corner Dartmouth Street and Commonwealth Avenue. A reception will be held from six until seven, and banquet at seven o'clock. The guests and speakers will include noted men from the United States and Canada. Hon. Geo. E. Foster, of Toronto, ex-Minister of Finance, will deliver an address on "Canada, Her Position and Aspirations."

SPECIAL NOTICE.

There will be big crowds at Carsley's on Monday. It will just be one of those typical bargain days that has made The Big Store famous. The special offerings will be numerous and astoundingly economical. Sledge hammer bargains the advertisement calls them. That expression rings true. Just notice Carsley's prices for Monday, and the many money saving opportunities they offer. That's the sledge hammer at work. You'll always find The Big Store prices way down lower than other peoples, but the quality is always the same—the best obtainable.—The S. Carsley Co., Limited.

LAKE MANITOBA'S PASSENGERS.

The Canadian Pacific Atlantic line SS. Lake Manitoba from Liverpool for Quebec and Montreal, arrived at Quebec at 4 a.m. this morning, and is due here to-morrow. Following is the list of her saloon passengers:—Miss Hardy, Mrs. E. B. May, Mrs. M. A. Jones, Mr. G. H. and Mrs. Gowan and child; Mr. F. E. Skinner, Miss F. H. Whistler, Miss Crawford, Mr. H. E. Richards, Miss A. Brown, Mr. and J. V. Birchenhall and child, Mr. Averill, His Excellency Hang Yu Wei, Secretary Chew Kok Hean, and man servant, Miss Thompson, Mr. Arthur King, Mr. Johan U. Laursen.

HAD $4,000 STOWED AWAY.

Fort William, Ont., Nov. 12.—Poorly clad and without friends, Mary Allen, an aged woman, of Nelson, B.C., a passenger on last night's express, because of her peculiar actions, was handed over by the conductor to the Fort William police. Questioned at the police station, the woman stated that a party of thieves on the train were plotting to rob her and that she was fearful of losing her life. The police then volunteered to take charge of the woman's belongings, which they agreed to express to her home. From each of her stockings the woman pulled $1,000 and from the lining of her dress $2,000 more were taken. At the conclusion of the search nearly $4,000 in bills had been laid on the station desk. Mrs. Allen was bound for Carleton Place, Ont. The money was forwarded by the police and the woman resumed her journey.

A HAPPY FARMER BAND.

At the Prudhomme farm, Upper Lachine Road, yesterday, there took place the sale of stock, cattle, implements, etc., on account of Mme. Seraphin Cloutier, under the direction of Mr. Prudhomme, N.P. The fine weather brought out a large audience of Jacques Cartier county farmers. The sale was a very successful one and fair prices resulted. Mr. T. J. Potter conducted the sale.

How to Cleanse the System. — Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of scientific study of the effects of extracts of certain roots and herbs upon the digestive organs. Their use has demonstrated in many instances that they regulate the action of the liver and the kidneys, purify the blood, and carry off all morbid accumulations from the system. They are easy to take, and their action is mild and beneficial.

PLASTERERS TO MEET.

A special meeting of the National Progressive Plasters' Union of Canada, Local No. 1 of Montreal, will be held on the 15th of this month. All the members of this union are invited to this special meeting.

The Herald's Great Educational Contest Announcement on page 20.

A. Giroux

295 St Lawrence St Cor. DeMontigny.

LE LOUVRE

DRESS GOODS

All former sales will be eclipsed! Our big Third Anniversary Sale now on! Thousands of Bargains for the asking! Prices cut in all departments!

This is the season of Dress Goods. Women everywhere are buying for their Fall Suit or Winter Dress. Such being the case, to-day's news from this section will prove of extraordinary interest to all, and at the interestingly low prices there are sure to be throngs of enthusiastic shoppers selecting their requirements to-day and Monday in this section. Don't hesitate a moment. Come while this sale is on. If you've never traded here, you'll be astonished at the remarkable values we are offering, at prices which speak for themselves. Attentive salesmen will wait on you, and your every requirement. We want your custom, and will make strenuous efforts to try and please you. An inspection of our values will convince you. HERE ARE THREE SPECIAL LINES. Compare these Prices and Values with any other store in Montreal.

HEAVY COSTUME CLOTH, Zibeline finish, 44 inches wide, in Oxford gray, blue-gray, blue or brown. Regular 60c. For to-day and Monday 29c

FANCY TWEED, for costumes or skirts, 42 inches wide, Snowflake or Zibeline effect, in navy blue, royal blue, light brown, dark brown, cardinal, green, etc., etc. Regular 75c. To-day and Monday 37½c

ETAMINES, two colors only, black and navy blue, 42 inches wide. Regular price, 90c. Sold at..... 37½c



Ladies' Jackets

Ladies' Jackets, in light gray tweed, lined, turned down collar, tailor-made, in sizes 32, 34, 36, at..... $3.50

Ladies' Jackets—our special price next week will be $10.00—comprising black zibeline, brown or navy blue tweed, semi-fitted, shoulder capes, etc., etc. Ask for our special line at..... $10.00

LADIES' UNION VESTS, white only, long sleeves, open front, lace trimming. Special at 38c

LADIES' VESTS, fine white ribbed union, in gray only, open front; very heavy, at..... 59c

FLANNELETTE DRAWERS, plain or worked with light blue and pink silk floss, at .....50c, 69c and 75c

FLANNELETTE CORSET COVERS, in white only, at.....25c and 45c

FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS, white only, plain or with light blue or pink embroidery, at...85c, $1.00, $1.35, $1.50, $1.85 and $2.00.

BLANKETS, all wool White Blankets, blue or pink border; size, 60 x 80. Special value at..$2.59

BLANKETS, gray Flannette Blankets, pink or blue border, 10-4 size, at 79c

SASH CURTAIN NET, plain net, trimmed with frills and insertion. Special value at.. 16c

EMBROIDERED LAWN for curtains, 27 in. wide, at 15c

SPECIAL LOT of well-hemmed Handkerchiefs for children at 1½c

HANDKERCHIEFS in white batiste, narrow hems and initials, for ladies. Worth 10c, for 5c

WORSTED RIBBED STOCKINGS, ladies' size. Very special at .....38c, 50c and 75c

Double Green Cash Receipts To-day and Next Week.

THE BOARD OF CUSTOMS ESTABLISHED NEW RULING

A meeting of the Board of Customs was held at Ottawa, 27th October, 1904. The following rulings which became law were made.

Question as to duty on metallic life boats, when used as equipment of vessels. Declared that boats of iron or steel are not entitled to entry free of duty as "manufactures" for use in the equipment of ships or vessels (under Tarif Item No. 542), although the boats are of a class or kind not built in Canada.

The majority of the Board were of the opinion that a "boat," being a vessel under the Customs Interpretation clause, and being "built" or "constructed," should not be classed as a manufacture under Tariff Item 543.

Question as to duty of "Donkey" Locomotives used on narrow gauge tracks or tramways of a Mining Company. Declared that the Locomotives are liable to duty at 35 per cent. ad valorem under Tariff Item 241.

Question as to duty on bleached straw pulp. Declared that pulp of wheat straw and pulp of the straw of other "cereals" are liable to duty at 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Question as to the duty on bullion wire, imported for the manufacture of bullion fringe. Declared not to be exempt from duty but dutiable according to material.

Question as to duty on split rattan or bamboo, covered with white tubular braid and used as framework for ladies' lace collars. Declared to be dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem, the tubular braid being the component material of chief value.

Question as to duty on iron or steel belt pulleys for power transmission. Declared to be liable to duty at 30 per cent. ad valorem, under Tariff Item 521.

Question as to duty on sprats, preserved in oil. Declared that sprats preserved in oil, in boxes not marked "Sardines" or "Anchovies," are liable to duty at 30 per cent. ad valorem under Ttariff Item 113.

Question as to whether the weight of paper bands on cigars should be included with the cigars in the weight for specific duty. Declared that cigars with paper bands thereon may be entered for duty, excluding the weight of the band is computing the specific duty, but collecting the ad valorem duty on the band, the value of which should be included in the invoice price of the cigars.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ARTISANS STILL WANTED.

Winnipeg Trade Council Misrepresenting Conditions in England.

"The report sent by the Winnipeg Labor Council to the Birmingham Trades Council stating there were more artisans in Canada than are needed to supply the demand, shows clearly the labor unions are following their tactics of falsehood," stated Mr. E. H. Cooper, secretary of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, to The Herald to-day. "Anybody acquainted with the conditions in Canada knows there are a number of trades that could easily use a number of men more. Of course, the demand is not as great as it is in the spring time, but the supply does not meet the demand."

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

Sunday next will be observed in this church as the annual dedication festival. There will be special services, processions and music. At 11 a.m. high celebration and at 7 p.m. evensong. The preacher will be an English clergyman of note, the Rev. John Wakeford, vicar of St. Margaret's-on-Field, Liverpool. Mr. Wakeford has attracted much attention of late because of the remarkable influence he exercised at the Church Congress held in Liverpool last month. Although known to be a High Churchman, he seems to have won the support of notable Low Churchman (such as Dr. Wace, the Dean of Canterbury), because of his masterly arguments in connection with the Higher Criticism. While evidently conscious of the trend of the age, he seems to be a liberal, but firm, supporter of the conservatives and traditional view regarding the Holy Scriptures.

Mr. Wakeford attracted large numbers in Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Washington, where he has recently been heard. Having completed the special mission for which the Bishops of London and Liverpool sent him out to this country, he will sail for home next week, and this will be the last occasion on which he will be heard on this side of the Atlantic.

FIVE REPRESENTATIVES.

The Montreal Branch of the Canadian Manufacturers Association was notified to-day, that it will be allowed five representatives on the general insurance committee that will have charge of carrying into effect the fire insurance plan adopted at the annual convention. Mr. J. J. McGill, chairman of the Montreal branch has been requested by the Council to make the appointments.

As the meetings of the committee will be held in Toronto the local branch of that city will have ten members on the important committee.

Why suffer from weak nerves, want of appetite and general debility, letting the loss of sleep and rest impoverish the system and thin the blood, when such a really meritorious remedy as Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine may be had at any drug store. This article is highly recommended by the members of the medical faculty in cases of indigestion, general debility, loss of appetite and nervous affections of all kinds. It is also specially good to children and delicate females, and to business men, students and those who have much brain work. It is pleasant to the taste and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Remember you ask for Quinine Wine, prepared by Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, and we are sure you will be satisfied that you have full value for your money.

LOVE MOVES PEN OF MRS. MAYBRICK

She Hopes to Win Back the Lost Affection of Her Children.

New York, Nov. 12.—In a sunlit room overlooking green lawns, and daintily furnished in a manner tended to soothe mind and body, a woman of past thirty was absorbed yesterday afternoon in the most terrible chapter in the life of Mrs. Florence Maybrick. It had to do with the cell in an English prison in which Mrs. Maybrick could not shut out the sounds of workmen building a gallows on which she was to hang.

The writer was Mrs. Florence Maybrick herself. She is preparing in the home of Dr. Helen Densmore, Eighty-fourth street and Eleventh avenue, Brooklyn, a history of the famous "Maybrick case," by which she intends to prove to the world that no stigma attaches to her name.

But dearer to her than this universal vindication is the hope that, if won, it will bring back to her her two children, a beautiful girl, now eighteen, and a youth of twenty-four. They still believe their mother guilty, and she has not seen them since she was thrust into prison, more than fifteen years ago.

Contrary to reports that considerable remains of the ample fortune of Mrs. Maybrick, she is not well to do. She has sold the serial rights of her book, however, for a good sum. Mrs. Densmore is a friend whose loyalty remained steadfast during years when Mrs. Maybrick had few who believed in her innocence.

She will call her story "A Travesty of Justice." It will deal with conditions and circumstances which were not brought out in the evidence heard in London courts. She will tell the world that her husband, James Maybrick, died of natural causes, and that the web and woof of evidence which came so near bringing her to death on the gallows was woven by the English police. The story begins with the illness of her husband, which resulted fatally from gastro-enteritis and inflammation of the stomach and bowels.

She will proclaim that her husband was an arsenic eater, and that an effort to conquer the habit contributed to his death.

Mrs. Maybrick's children, Gladys and James, are now with their uncles, brothers of James Maybrick, in England. Mrs. Maybrick is a rapid writer and expects to complete her work and deliver it to the publishers within a fortnight. Her friends say she has displayed some unexpected literary ability. She seldom spends less than eight hours daily in writing.

CRUISER VIGILANT MADE A SATISFACTORY TRIAL

On Trial Course Made Excellent Average Speed of 20 Miles.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—(Special)—The Canadian lake cruiser Vigilant was given her speed trials on the Lake yesterday and developed greater going capacity than had been hoped for. Over a 22 mile course the boat made an average of 20.11 land or 17.46 nautical miles. This makes the boat the fastest thing on the Great Lakes and a credit to the Canadian builders. The Polsons of Toronto, completed the Vigilant, engines and all. The boat is 175 feet long, 22 feet beam, has four one and a quarter pound quick firers and has a thirty thousand candle power search light.

WILL DESCRIBE HIS JOURNEY.

Mr. D. A. Budge Will Tell About His Experiences Abroad.

Mr. D. A. Budge, general secretary of the Young Mens Christian Association, will speak this evening at eight o'clock in the association building, giving an account of his recent visit to Australia, New Zealand and the Canadian Northwest, with special reference to the progress of the association movement in those countries. Members and friends and the public generally are invited. The meeting will be open to both ladies and gentlemen.

The board of directors invite the members and friends of the association to an informal reception to Mr. and Mrs. Budge in the association parlors this afternoon between 5 and 7 o'clock.

Rev. W. D. Reid, pastor of Taylor Presbyterian Church, will address the men's meeting on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The monthly meeting of the board of directors will be held on Monday evening next.

"A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." See page 20.

A FINE WEST END STORE.

In the West End, which is becoming noted for the number and size of its stores, there are none which are better equipped, none which caters in a more satisfactory manner to their customers than the West End Departmental Store, owned by Messrs. O. Lemire & Co., and situated on the corner of St. James and Fulford Sts.

It stands as a monument to the aggressiveness and progressive spirit of its owners and is highly deserving of the prosperity which it has attained. The purchasing public of the West End soon realized that it had at its very doors a store within whose walls was to be found an immense stock of great variety, the prices of which were as low as it was possible to make them, they further realized that the proprietors always kept faith with their customers and the result has been that the store has continued to grow and develop until it is to-day one of which the West End may well be proud. No department has been overlooked, the clerks are polite and obliging, and it merits the appreciation of all the residents of that part of the city.

$100.00 Gold Watch, perhaps for you. See page 20.

DR. PAUTALEON PELLETIER, EX-M.P.P.

The late member and present candidate for Sherbrooke is one of the best known men in the Eastern Townships, as a politician and a physician. He was born at Riviere Ouelle in 1860, and educated at the College of Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere, subsequently studying medicine at Laval University, Quebec. He served through the Northwest campaign of 1885 as lieutenant of the students' company of the Ninth Battalion, Quebec. On returning he finished his course, and has since practiced medicine at Sherbrooke, where he met with considerable success. For twelve years he was coroner of the district of St. Francis, and for four years was chief physician to the Order of Catholic Foresters for the Province of Quebec. He is also a director of the Eastern Townships Agricultural Exposition. Mr. Pelletier is a man of great ability and energy, and is very popular throughout Sherbrooke district. He was first elected to the Legislature in 1900, when he defeated Mr. L. E. Paunelin, the Conservative candidate, by 91.

Fredericton, N.B.—Considerable ice formed last night, and it looks as if navigatoon would close before the end of the week.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

SLEDGEHAMMER BARGAINS for MONDAY!

This headline is a guarantee that every item noted below is a decided bargain, priced so low that people will throng to The Big Store early on Monday morning to share in the economies:

	Regular.	Monday.		Regular.	Monday.
Good Gray Flannel	14c	8½c	Gallon Oil Cans, 50 only	20c	9c
Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose	25c	18c	Strong Tin Dippers	6c	3½c
Heavy Ribbed Wool Hose	30c	21c	Good Lace Curtain Net	6c	3½c
72 inch Bleached Sheeting	19c	16½c	Scotch Oil Cloth	25c	17c
Stout Pillow Cotton, 40 in.	12½c	7½c	White Lace Curtains	28c	19c
Ladies' Winter Undervests	35c	22c	Window Shades, full size	35c	18c
Good Laundry Wax, 4 for	10c	5c	Stout Tin Wash Boilers, No. 9	61c	35c
Strong Hair Pins, 100 to the box	5c	2½c	Fancy Bread Boxes	60c	40c
Men's All Wool Sweaters	76c	49c	Enamel Wash Basins	18c	10c
Men's All Wool ½ Hose	25c	15c	Enamel Saucepans	25c	15c
Flannelette Night Gowns	45c	28c	Fancy Cushion Tops	20c	12c
Good Strong Pins	2½c	1c	Ladies' Woollen Gloves	20c	15c
			Children's Rubbers	40c	23c

THE GREATEST SALE OF THE YEAR! **Ladies' Winter Coats**



All Offered at Incredibly Reduced Prices

EVERY COLORED COAT IN THE STORE REDUCED. Most to Half Price or less. This appears to be an amazing statement, when one remembers our immense stock. But it's literally true. LADIES' WINTER COATS, in every conceivable shape and design, representing the newest and best of this season's smartest styles, will be offered at prices phenomenally reduced. The Jaunty Half Length Coat, the Elegant Three-Quarter, the Graceful Paletot, have received but scant mercy at the price reducer's hand. Without doubt, this extraordinary offering constitutes

THE MOST TREMENDOUS BARGAIN SALE EVER KNOWN!

$10.00 Ladies' Stylish Coats for $3.75

THESE COATS are made in the latest style, three-quarter length, extra fine materials. A variety of thoroughly smart and up-to-date styles. Regular $10.00. Sale $3.75

$12.50 Ladies' Winter Coats for $5.49

SMART HALF-LENGTH COATS, in Fine Dark Fawn Beaver Cloth, semi-fitting style, step collar, inlaid velvet, satin lined, remarkably stylish Coats at $12.50. Sale $5.49

A Special Hosiery Offer!

Ladies'—3 pairs for $1.00

We contracted for 350 Dozen of these SPLENDID WINTER HOSE, in fast black. The feet and ankles are spliced for extra wear. Fine ribbed make. Very desirable for winter wear. Per pair 35c

3 pairs for $1.00

LADIES' NATURAL WOOL HOSE, very soft and comfortable for tender feet. Regular 75c quality. Special Price 50c

LADIES' CASHMERE HOSE from, per pair 18c

WINTER UNDERVESTS. Extra Quality

FOR LADIES—They are Heavy Fleeced and Ribbed, long sleeves, fully shaped, fancy lace trimmed. Good value at 60c. Special 45c

LADIES' FINE SWISS RIBBED NATURAL WOOL VESTS, long or short sleeves, good elastic stretch. Extra value at 90c. Special 75c

LADIES' FLEECE LINED RIBBED VESTS, for winter wear. Special 22c

SILK PROPOSITIONS.

You are always ready to listen to a good proposition, something that's likely to be of profit to you. Then this one cannot fail to be of interest. It includes some of the most remarkable values in Silk ever offered.

PURE WASHING SILKS, in the newest and prettiest shades of pink, sky, blue, red, Nile and mauve, relieved by dainty white open work. Regular 49c. Special, per yard 30c

PURE BLACK TAFFETA SILK, splendid quality. Regular value, 50c. Special, per yard 37c

FINE BLACK PEAU DE SOIE. Good value at 55c. Special, per yard 38c

VARIOUS COLORED TAFFETA SILK, 36 inches wide. Specially suitable for evening wear. Usual price, $1.10. Special 77c

LADIES' GAITERS

With the touch of colder weather comes the wearing of these comfortable Gaiters. They are planned to keep the feet warm.

LADIES' BLACK CLOTH GAITERS, thoroughly well finished, leather understrap, in sizes 3 to 7. Regular 37c. Monday 22c

LADIES' GAITERS, of Fine Melton Cloth, extra quality, 9-button style, leather understraps. Regular 50c. Monday 43c

GROCERIES

	Regular.	Monday.
Finest Valencia Raisins, 3 lbs.	36c	25c
Good Currants, 3 lbs.	25c	18c
Seeded Raisins, 3 pkgs.	30c	25c
Sunlight Soap, 6 bars	30c	25c
Corn Starch, 3 pkgs.	30c	20c
Force Food	15c	12c
Baker's Cocoa, ½ tins	25c	21c
Baking Powder, 1 lb. tin	15c	12½c
Condensed Milk	12½c	10c
Finest Creamery Butter	25c	22c

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street, 184 to 194 St. James Street, Montreal.

DECISION DOES NOT AFFECT MONTREAL

Privy Council Only Defined Bell Company's Rights More Clearly.

The decision by which the Imperial Privy Council yesterday dismissed the appeal of Toronto against the Bell Telephone Company, and which gave to the company the right to erect poles and lay conduits as it saw fit, without first consulting the municipality, does not affect Montreal, according to an official of the company, who stated to The Herald that the company always had the right to lay conduits or erect poles in any municipality in the Dominion without first consulting that municipality.

As the company was operating under a Dominion charter, it had this same right as much in Toronto as anywhere else. The dispute arose over the word "such" in a certain clause in the charter, and the city further contested that the company had only the right to lay wires merely "across" a street and not "along" a street. The company, of course, interpreted the clause differently, and the result was that the city brought the matter to court, where it won its case. The company did not let the matter rest there, however, but appealed from court to court until finally this appeal was upheld by the highest court in the Empire.

A LEGAL OPINION.

A prominent lawyer of the city gave a somewhat different version of the trouble which existed between the city of Toronto and the Bell Telephone Company. The provincial law of Ontario, he said, aims to protect the interest of its different municipalities, but the Bell Telephone Company claimed that their Dominion charter, which gave them permission to erect poles and lay conduits on whatever streets they wished, overrode the Provincial law. The city of Toronto took issue with them on this point and brought the matter to court, through a succession of which it was fought with varying success for both sides, until the company finally won in the Privy Council.

Are you going to try? See page 20.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS NEWS.

A rich deposit of iron ore has been discovered on the farm of Mr. William Talmage, near Sweetsburg. The vein is being uncovered and a quantity of the ore will be smelted in order to test its quality.

Mr. James McGraw, of West Brougton is 105 years old and as smart as a whip. He tended a large vegetable garden all summer and walks a mile to church every Sunday, rain or shine. His step is firm and even jaunty and his mind is as vigorous as ever. Mr. McGraw was born in County Antrim, Ireland, and came to Canada over sixty years ago.

Another elopement case has occurred at Farnham. The sixteen-year-old daughter of a local blacksmith eloped with a man of twenty-eight, who was employed in a livery stable next door. The couple proceeded almost at once to Swanton, Vt., where they were married. A short time afterwards they were located in St. Sebastien, whither the irate father proceeded.

No trace has been found of the burglars who cleaned out the Eastern Townships Bank at West Shefford recently.

A pretty wedding took place in St. Cuthbert's Church, Dixville, when Mr. Horace F. Mayhew, of Brompton Falls, and Miss Sadie Pearl, youngest daughter of Mrs. Arvilla Johnson, of Dixville, were united. The Rev. W. T. Wheeler performed the ceremony.

At the annual meeting of the Shefford Fruit Growers' Association at Granby, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—Mr. John Irving, president; Mr. J. Bruce Payne, vice-president; Mr. E. E. Gleason, secretary-treasurer; Messrs. H. G. Sample, O. H. Pare, Rev. J. D. Ellis and E. W. Payne, directors. Ways and means are to be discussed looking to the erection of suitable buildings in the near future.

OBITUARY

GIBSON, N.B.—Morley H. White died her after a lingering illness. He was twenty-five years of age and unmarried.

Connors, N.B.—Mrs. George Bernier died here recently. She leaves a husband and four children. She was formerly Miss Minnie Tierney, of St. John. One sister, Mrs. J. H. McInerney, of Fort Kent, survives.

Fredricton, N.B.—The death occurred at Summerside of John R. Landry, of Lower Montague. The deceased was twenty-four years of age. He was employed for some time on the Hillsborough Bridge, Charlottetown.

Mrs. Charles Whittlesey Picket, wife of Charles W. Picket, editor of the New Haven Leader, dropped dead while reading a paper before the Hannah Woodruff Chapter, Daughters of American Revolution. Heart disease was the cause.

Peterboro.—Report has reached here of the sudden death at J. S. Knapman's lumber camp, Manvers township, of Robert Shackitten. Deceased was employed apart from the other men and was found dead from apoplexy beside his work. He was forty-five years of age and leaves a wife and six children at Yelvester.

Cornwall.—John Angus Grant, who was hurt in a runaway accident on Monday, died on Wednesday. Mr. Grant was a life-long resident of the South Branch and had many friends throughout Stormont and Glengarry. His wife died about eight years ago. He is survived by six sons and one daughter. His children are: — Roger Augus, Joseph, Alexander and Archibald, all of whom reside in the Western States; Donald Peter, who lives on the homestead, and Mrs. A. R. McDonald, of Cornwall.

St. John, N.B.—Mr. George Merserau, an aged and very highly respected resident of Doaktown, died at that place recently after a severe week's illness, brought on by the infirmities of age. For many years the late Mr. Merserau carried on extensive lumbering operations on Cain's River and the Dungarvon, and was one of the best known men on the Miramichi. In politics he was a stalwart Liberal, and during his last hours he is said to have expressed regret that he was unable to go to the polls and cast his ballot for Mr. Loggie. He had reached the age of eighty-eight years.

ALD GALLERY ON PUNISHMENT.

Ald. Gallery, M.P., wishes to correct the statement attributed to him at the meeting of the Catholic Board of School Commissioners on Wednesday evening, to the effect tht unjustifiable punishments were being administered in the schools of St. Ann's district.

"I raised the question" remarked Ald. Gallery this morning, "about boys being detained after school hours and made to sit with their arms folded, but I did not refer in any way to the schools of St. Ann's district. It was not necessary to do so. If all the schools in the city were as well conducted as those of St. Ann's parish, the people would have nothing to grumble about."

SUBURB INCREASING ITS ARCHITECTURAL CHARM

New Buildings Erected in Westmount Above Average Style and Value.

"Both in style and value of buildings erected, the past season has been one of the most satisfactory in the history of Westmount," was the statement made to The Herald to-day by Mr. G. A. Robertson, building inspector of the town when he had completed his annual report.

The report shows the total value of houses erected to have been $350,300 and the styles of dwellings were as follows: Terrace houses, thirty-nine; semi-detached houses, twenty-two; tenament houses, seven; detached houses, four; others, three; making a total of seventy-five. "While there has been a slight falling off in the number as compared with other years," added Mr. Robertsmon, "when it comes to style it might be said to have been a banner year."

Washington, D.C., November 11.—President Roosevelt entertained a number of guests at dinner at the White House in honor of John Morley, the British parliamentarian, who is now visiting him.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

[Advertising Rates — Birth Notices, 75c; Marriage Notices, 50c; Death Notices, 50c.

BIRTHS.

BISAILLON—In this city, Nov. 1, the wife of Mr. Pierre R. Bisaillon, of a daughter.

BOWDEN—Nov. 9, at 497 Rivard Street, the wife of A. J. Bowden, of a daughter.

FLOOD—104 Chenneville Street, Oct. 9th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Flood.

HARPER—Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 4, the wife of Edward Trefaulx Harper, of a daughter.

McCABE—At Robin's Hill, Ont., Nov. 3, to Mr. and Mrs. W. McCabe, a daughter.

MOCKETT—At Billings' Bridge, Ont., Nov. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Mockett, a daughter.

NASH—Oct. 26, a son to Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Nash.

OPZOOMER—On Nov. 5th, at 14 Darling St., Montreal, a son to Dr. and Mrs. Opzoomer.

PRICE—450 Berri Street, Nov. 6, to Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Price, a daughter.

RIVA—691 St. Louis Street, Annex, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Riva.

MARRIAGES.

ANGUS-STEARNS—On Wednesday, the 9th of November instant, at St. Paul's Church, by the Rev. James Barcley, D.D., William Forrest Angus to Grace Nye, daughter of Mr. Seargent P. Stearns. 267

ABRAMS-McCONVILLE — Napanee, Ont., on April 18, B. W. McConville, Kingston, to Agnes M. Abrams, Napanee.

CONRAD-TAYLOR—Bridgewater, Nov. 5, by Rev. A. D. Morton, D.D., Leamon Conrad, of Upper LaHave, to Rosabella F. Taylor, of Dayspring.

DOUGLAS-KNAUFF—Nov. 9, at Emmanuel Church, Ottawa, by the Rev. Dr. Spence, Harold Cecil Douglas, to Elizabeth Henrietta Knauff, daughter of Henry Knauff, Ottawa.

HOOVER-BARTON—Toronto, at the residence of Mr. George Dunsheath, by the Rev. T. W. Neal, of King Street Methodist Church, Miss Nellie Barton to Alph Hoover, both of Green River, Ont.

NICHOLSON-BROWN—Kingston, Ont., Nov. 9, by Rev. W. T. G. Brown, H. E. Nicholson to Mrs. F. J. Brown, daughter of John Elliott.

TURNER-SWANSBURG—Shelburne, N.S., on Oct. 26, by Rev. H. Burgess, Edgar Snow Turner, of Jordan Falls, to Miss Josephine Swansburg, daughter of Capt. Harpell Swansburg.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

FOLEY—55 Mullins Street, Nov. 11th, James Foley, of the Montreal Water Works.

HEAGERTY—On Nov. 11th, John Heagerty, aged 76 years. Funeral from his late residence, 65 St. Charles Borromee Street, Sunday, November 13th, at 2 p.m. Funeral service will be held at St. Patrick's, Monday, Nov. 14th, at 7 a.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 268x

JOHNSTON—In this city, Nov. 10th, Fanny Fee, aged 47, dearly beloved wife of Francis Johnsten. Funeral will take place on Saturday, at 2.30 p.m., from her late residence, 13a Eleanor Street, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

LUCY—In this city, on Nov. 11, Lucy Hurly, widow of the late John Lucy, formerly of the G.T.R., a native of County Cork, Ireland. Funeral will take place Sunday, November 13, at 2 p.m., from her late residence, 6 Lallemand Avenue, off Workman Street. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. New York and Cincinnati, O., papers please copy.

McCARTHY—On the 10th instant, at Row, Helensburg, Scotland, in her 78th year, Margaret Briscoe McCarthy (nee Asterley), widow of T. J. McCarthy, master mariner, of Liverpool, England, and mother of T. R. McCarthy, steamship broker, of this city.

McKIM—Napanee, Ont., Nov. 10, in her 76th year, Jane Shibley, widow of the late John Nelson McKim, mother of Ansou McKim, and J. N. McKim, of this city.

TILLEY—In this city, Nov. 10, Una Lacey Tilley, aged 12. Funeral will take place from her mother's residence, 17 Arcade St., on Saturday, at 2.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please attend. Newfoundland papers please copy.

WEIR—In the city, on the 12th Nov., Jean Lillan, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Weir, 1 Torrance Street. Interment Monday, 14th instant, at 2 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. x

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

CHAMBERLAIN—Plantaganet, Ont., Nov. 9, Wyman Augustus Chamberlain, in his 64th year.

CLARK—Cobourg, Ont., Nov. 9, George McKenzie Clark, Esq., K.C., for many years Judge of the County Court of Northumberland and Durham, aged 76.

DICKSON—Halifax, N.S., Nov. 6th, Isabella Thompson, widow of the late George P. Dickson, aged 79.

DELONG—Kempt, N.S., Nov. 1, Maggie, wife of Mr. Humphrey DeLong, aged 26.

HODGSON—Hudson, Que., Nov. 5, Lieut.-Col. E. A. Hodgson, aged 52.

McCARTHY—On the 10th instant, at Row, Helensburgh, Scotland, in her 78th year, Margaret Briscoe McCarthy (nee Asterley), widow of T. J. McCarthy, master mariner, of Liverpool (England), and mother of T. R. McCarthy, steamship broker, of this city. x

McKENZIE—New Glasgow, N.S., Nov. 1st, Margaret McLeod, widow of the late Alex. McKenzie, Four Mile Brook, aged 84.

MILLER—Winnipeg, Nov. 5, Wm. G. Miller, aged 39.

MACPHERSON—London, Ont., Nov. 8, Duncan Ferguson Macpherson, of Macpherson & Hovey Company, Clinton, aged 53.

STEWART—Meaford, Ont., Nov. 8, Christina McIntosh, wife of Wm. Stewart, in the 69th year of her age.

THOMPSON — Winnipeg, Nov. 6th, Charles Thompson, aged 72.

TRENBETH—Port Britain, Ont., Nov. 8, aged 88, Mr. Richard Trenbeth.

TYRRELL—Weston, Ont., Nov. 9th, William Tyrrell, in his 89th year.

WHITLAW—On the 10th instant, at Wallace, Idaho, Charles M. Whitlaw, late of this city, second son of the late Charles Whitlaw, Paris, Ont. Interment at Paris, Ont.

Le Bonhomme Grandet

longed for charlotte gelatine—so good.



Cemetery Work

Lettering and repairs receive prompt attention.

Monuments

We have some especially attractive tomb designs at prices ranging from $10 to $250.00.

The Forsythe Granite & Marble Co., LIMITED.

Monumental Branch, 93 to 99 Bleury.

Head Office and factory ...

English Diplomat Does Not Like Borden's Policy

State-Owned Railway Contrary to the Spirit of Freedom—Some Very Interesting Comments on Various Topics.

Mr. C. C. Atchison, of London, Eng., is on his way to Japan. He is travelling through Canada, and left Montreal for Ottawa yesterday. He will probably spend a year in the East.

Mr. Atchison is going to Japan on diplomatic business. He is enthusiastic over the opportunity that has come his way, for, as he said yesterday to a representative of The Herald, it has been the dream of years to see that country. An associate of his is travelling by way of the Red Sea, and they will meet in Tokio.

"I think Japan is very much like England," he said. "Both are typical maritime powers, with much indented coast line capable of withstanding attack and depending for the most part upon navies for their offence. The Japanese are accordingly great favorites in England, but they seem to be everywhere almost, except in Russia.

"Their progress has been very wonderful, and I am glad to be able to witness the result of it for myself.

"It seems to me that the fall of Port Arthur will decide the issue of this war, and it may occur any day now. As proof that the Japanese are expected to come out of the struggle on the right side their securities are very steady, and I see that in New York they are the same. They maintain just now a good average. Of course, the new bond issue which is coming out may affect prices adversely. I have a personal interest in Japanese securities, and don't feel the least afraid of the result."

Talking of Canada from an English point of view, Mr. Atchison said that interest in the Dominion was increasing every day. Canadian Government securities were now considered one of the safest and best investments, and he thought that much more English capital would find its way into Canadian industries. Many years ago a good deal of money was lost in Canada, but that day was past and would soon be forgotten.

Regarding the Grand Trunk Pacific, Mr. Atchison said: "Englishmen are great believers in railways and are always ready to put their money in such a venture if there is any prospect at all of the scheme working. From our experience of the first transcontinental railway, I think English capitalists are ready to back another. It seems to me that the better railway connection you can get with that magnificent wheat belt the better it will be for all concerned.

"I studied Mr. Borden's state-ownership policy, but I see nothing in it. In the first place, it is contrary to the spirit of freedom in a county, and such enterprises should be left in the hands of enterprising individuals. There has never been any idea of state-owned railways in the United Kingdom, and there they flourish and are a benefit to the community."

A New Species of Genus Hobo

With heels showing bare through dilapidated shoes, pants that gaped to encourage the chill air of a November morning, a coat that had earned unquestionable right to end its days years ago, and a hat that defied in vain the attentions of the piercing wind, a miserable specimen of the human kind shuffled along Craig Street this morning.

His hair was long, unkempt and dirty, his face lined with furrows of years, not so much of age, as of disregard for the first principles of good living, his shoulders high and his hands deep in deep pockets.

He was willing to speak, even if at first in monosyllables.

"Where do you live?"

"Everywhere."

"What do you do?"

"Tramp. See here, are you a newspaper fellow?"

"Yes."

"You want a story? I'll give you one for the price of a sandwich."

"Don't you drink?"

"No! Hate the stuff. Do you want the story or not? All right, don't ask questions.

"I'm lazy, dead dog lazy. I never worked in my life and never shall work. Oh, I was well enough brought up, so you needn's look at me like that. I can talk as good English as you, Mister.

"When my father died, I kept the funeral waiting an hour while I got out of bed and dressed. There was some money left. I ate and slept and slept and ate until it was gone, and then I got a great idea. I sold the house and went to the West Indies, where I could live on fruits and so on, and sleep and sleep and never work. I went. I landed in Grenada. I boarded in a house in St. George's until my money was done again, and then I slept out one night under the trees.

"Ugh! a snake crawled over me, and I had to get up. I wasn't miserable, for I never feel anything except hunger and cold. So I began to beg. I got to Trinidad in a sloop, to Demerara in another, to Buenos Ayres after I had begged enough to pay my passage.

"But these tropical climates are not much good, except that you never get hungry. Nobody has any money. So I got to Australia somehow. I got badly kicked there, for they have no sympathy with lazy men. They don't seem to like them here either.

"Been in jail, did you say? Great Scott! of course I have, but I never got hard labor. Not me!

"To cut it short, guv'nor, and I think I've earned my five cents, I'm 39, a confirmed bachelor, a tramp, been in nearly every country in the world, and some of them I'll never see again. Canada is one of them. It isn't hospitable, and I'm not used to being hungry."

So he shuffled away, a hopeless lazzarone, a pitiable spectacle of human degradation, an incubus, an incomplete man.

PERSONS WHO PAY MILLIONS FOR FAME

How Newspapers Are Often Tempted to Accept Huge Bribes

"Five thousand dollars cash down, if you will insert this notice of my marriage!"

That was the tempting offer made by a gentleman to a leading English newspaper some months ago. The notice, only a twenty-line paragraph, had appeared the day previous in a rival, but less influential journal, and the more powerful contemporary now refused to insert it. But in the paper it must go, and the applicant was ready to offer almost any amount so long as it appeared. Yet, notwithstanding such an offer, the management stuck to its guns, and the paragraph never found a place in its columns.

That his seventeen-year-old daughter might get her chance on the stage, a well known stock broker guaranteed the whole of the expenses of a new production, conditionally upon his favorite being given and trained for the leading role. The venture cost him over $35,000, but the young lady has since earned a creditable theatrical reputation.

A SOUTH AFRICAN MAGNATE.

A unique means adopted to gain public notice was that of a well known South African magnate, who enlisted the services of a great advertising agency. They contracted to get him "paragrahed" in every society journal, to secure the publication of interviews and portraits, and in every way to "boom" him in the public press. As a matter of fact, they even went further, and, getting hold of a struggling journalist, got a novel written by him, which was published under the name of their client and boomed into favor. For a little more than five years this remarkable "advertising" went on. Today their customer is one of the best known men in the country, has gained a title, and has been adopted as a candidate for a great northern constituency. The price paid for fame was no less than $1,500,000.

During some recent baloon and flying machine experiments a well known and enterprising London cleric offered the proprietor $5,000 for the privilege of going up in the air at each public trial. By this means he hoped to gain notoriety for himself and bring his church into prominence. The offer was promptly refused; but the reverend gentleman has since succeeded in inducing another noted aeronaut to accept his offer, and will shortly make his first trip to cloudland.

A PHILANTHROPIST.

A well known philanthropist, who made his wealth in a gigantic furnishing and hardware business, spent a huge sum on his retirement in an effort to disassociate himself from his commercial connection. He was apparently ashamed of the means which had brought him wealth and made his name a household word throughout the world. He thereupon changed his name by letters patent and spent $25,000 in advertising the fact. Double that amount must have been expended in the paragraphing and booming which followed, and now his adopted name is almost as well known as was his trade name.

When royalty visits a provincial town the authorities frequently receive most extraordinary offers from wealthy, but hitherto unnoticed, residents who are desirous of playing some part in the pageant. An instance of this kind occurred quite recently, when the King and Queen went into the province. The Mayor of an important seaport received from a retired tradesman of lavish means an offer to bear the whole cost of the town's festivities provided the donor should be chosen to present the engraved memento of the event to their majesties. What this offer would have entailed would best be understood when it is stated that the corporation spent $16,075.

A POPULAR ACTRESS.

A few years ago a popular actress, whose latest production was proving disastrous induced a friend or accomplice to utter a libellous criticism of the play. She thereupon took proceedings against him. The case occupied considerable space in the papers, and the amusing nature of the evidence attracted immense attention. She won her case and got heavy damages; she also gained success for her play. But all the costs were borne by her, and for this advertisement she had to pay several thousands of dollars.

A well known lady who was presented at court a few years ago found that her name, for some reason, had been omitted from the papers. She thereupon offered a leading firm of advertisers, $5,000 if they would secure the insertion of a special paragraph in the principal dailies. The firm refused, whereupon she personally sent offers of various large amounts, all of which, to her chagrin, were rejected.

Boucher and Roffey, tailors, beg to announce that their stock for the coming season is complete, and would thank you to call and inspect the same. Corner St. Peter and Notre Dame streets.—Adv.

STORMONT LIBERALS TO CHOOSE DELEGATES.

Cornwall, Ont., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Liberal Association for the county of Stormon will be held in Rombough's Hall, Nefington, on Friday, Nov. 18, at 3 o'clock p.m., to appoint delegates to attend the Provincial Liberal Convention to be held at Toronto on he 23rd inst., and to transact such other business as may be necessary.

$169.00 cash buys slightly used $500 Upright Piano. Apply Leach's, 2440 St. Catherine street, between Stanley and Drummond.—Adv.

Nearly half a century of first-class reputation is behind the celebrated Mason & Risch Pianos. Assortment latest styles at Leach's, 2440 St. Catherine street. Sole agency for Montreal.—Adv.

HENRY GOT THREE YEARS.

Patrick Henry, charged with assaulting an old woman with intent to kill some months ago and who pleaded guilty yesterday to assault was sentenced this morning in the Court of King's Bench to three years in the penitentiary. Henry is already serving a term for highway robery.

The four individuals arrested in connection withe robberies at the house of Rev. Dr. Edgar Hill, and for the purchasing of which the second-hand dealer, Goldberg, was sent to the penitentiary, came before Judge Desnoyers yesterday afternoon for sentence. Jenny Barry (who has served fifty-eight terms in jail) and Kate Duff were sent down for twent-three months; Edward Davidson was condemned to four years and Albert Olsen to five years in the penitentiary.

Rome.—It is officially stated that there is no truth in the report that J. Pierpont Morgan is to be made a Knight of the Crown of Italy in recognition of his returning the Ascoli Cope. The King alone will decide what recognition will be made for Mr. Morgan's generosity.

Boston.—The two-story brick building extending between Irvington and Harcourt streets in the Back Bay and known as the Harcourt studios, was gutted by fire last night. The loss is total and fully $200,000.

THESE MEN WERE NOT TELEGRAPHERS

Charges Against Maisonneuve Electors Fall to the Ground.

Judge Desnoyers had before him yesterday afternoon the seven men, Taschereau Beaudin, Michel Campeau, Alfred Baril, N. Seguin, J. Beauregard, J. E. Tetreault and Arthur Beauchemin, arrested on election day on a charge of conspiring to personate voters in Maisonneuve.

Mr. E. Brisebois, who was complainant, was unable to give evidence showing that accused were guilty of the offence. Information had been given him, he said, by parties claiming that the seven accused had conspired to telegraph votes, but he had no personal knowledge of the affair.

Mr. J. L. Perron, who was organizer for the Hon. Mr. Prefontaine held that the election had been conducted in a perfectly regular way. He had not made any accusation against Judge Desnoyers, to the effect that His Lordship under the influence of party spirit, had been too ready to grant warrants for the arrest of accused.

Mr. Archer, for the defence, asked that the charges be withdrawn, seeing they could not be substantiated, and Mr. J. C. Lamothe, who represented the prosecution, said there seemed nothing left for him but to drop the case. He had expected to be able to prove the charges, but now recognized that he had been misled regarding the strength of the plaintiff's evidence.

Judge Desnoyers, said that having regard to the accusations made against himself, he would not give judgment off hand, but would hold it over until Monday.

ONTARIO CONS. HAVE A CONVENTION ALSO

It Will Probably be Shortly After the Liberal One.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—(Special)—The Conservative has decided to call a convention of the Conservatives of the Province. The date will probably be Nov. 24, immediately after the Liberal convention.

G.T.P. ROUTE LIKELY NORTH OF ABITTIBI

Prophesies Engineer Doucet, Though He Surveys South Also.

Quebec, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The several parties of surveyors in charge of the surveying of the eastern section of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway project, under the direction of Mr. E. A. Doucet, C.E., divisional engineer of the work, are making excellent progress in their work. Mr. Doucet has eleven parties along the proposed line, and all the reports so far received are very favorable. The surveyors are meeting with easy grades, and there is every prospect of obviating all of the difficulties anticipated.

Divisional Engineer Doucet, who was the chief engineer of the former projected Trans-Canada Railway, is familiar with every mile of the ground over which it is proposed to locate the new transcontinental railway, consequently he knew just how to instruct his assistant engineers to proceed with their work. Respecting the work from Quebec to Lake Winnipeg, he is having two lines run, one south and the other north of Lake Abittibi, though he is perfectly confident that the line run to the north will be the one adopted on account of the easy grades.

In conversation with your correspondent, Mr. Doucet said that he expected to see the work of surveys finished, in so far as his part of the work was concerned, by the month of May next, which would afford the Government the opportunity to award contracts for the construction work in the month of June next.

CANADA'S WIRELESS SYSTEM IN MARITIME

Future Companies Must Undertake to Hand Plant Over to Government.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Hereafter wireless telegraphic companies doing business in Canada will be granted permission on the express condition that the Government have the right to take over their plant in time of war. The Imperial Government has done this, and has requested Canada to take the same step. In war time the wireless signals would be essential to military and naval manoeuvres. Independent companies sending signals might prevent the military messages being sent. Therefore as a military precaution it is deemed necessary to impose this condition.

The terms of the Marconi Company have already been fixed as far as Canada is concerned, and this condition is not in the agreement. However, it is probable the Government would make use of the Marconi system for the handling of messages during hostilities, and other companies would be closed down, so no interference would be possible.

Tokio.—The Emperor to-day gave his annual chrysanthemum garden party in the park of the Aoyama Palace, where he entertained about 1,000 guests. Sir Claude M. McDonald, the British minister, presented to the Imperial party Right Rev. Wm. Awdry, Episcopal bishop of South Tokio, and General Sir Wm. Miller, director-general of military intelligence of the British War Office, who had been with the Japanese army making a special study of the methods of tranportation.

News of Elections

LABOR CANDIDATE IN ST. ANN'S.

A large deputation of laboring men waited on Daniel Mackay Friday evening, the 11th, and presented him with over 600 signatures and requested him to be their representative for St. Ann's Division in the local Legislature, as an Independent Liberal candidate. He consented to run against all-comers.

CONSERVATIVES WILL REFUSE TO ABDICATE

Quebec, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The rank and file of the Conservative party evidently have no intention of abiding by the decision of their leaders to withdraw from the provincial political contest. Already a number of the old Conservative members here have announced their candidacy for Legislative honors. They openly state that they were not consulted as to the advisability of the Flynn manifesto, and so do not feel themselves under any obligation in the matter. Mr. A. W. Giard, the sitting member for Compton, together with Mr. St. Pierre, member for Stanstead, are of this opinion, and they are backed by numerous other Conservatives who think it is cowardly to allow the elections to go by default. Prominent Conservatives of this city also condemn the Flynn manifesto as unwise and calculated to crush the Conservative party out of existence in this province. The general impression prevails that many constituencies will see the nomination of Conservative standard-bearers on the 18th inst.

NOVA SCOTIA BYE-ELECTION.

Halifax, N.S., Nov. 12.—It is expected that Premier Murray will bring on the Nova Scotia bye-elections at once. There are seven vacancies, six caused by members resigning to run for the Commons and one by the appointment of T. R. Black to the Senate. Several Liberal candidates have been nominated. The Conservative party in Nova Scotia is in as hopeless condition as its sister party in Quebec, and in all probability all seven seats will go to the Liberals by acclamation. This will make 36 Liberals to 2 Conservatives in the Legislacure.

P. E. I. POLITICS.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Nov. 12.—In the Charlottetown district the Liberals have nominated Dr. Warburton and Geo. E. Hughes for the Provincial election. The Conservatives have selected Dr. McNeill and P. S. Brown.

MR. PREFONTAINE WON BY TWENTY-TWO HUNDRED

The official recount in Maisonneuve gives Hon. Raymond Prefontaine a majority of 2,220, the exact figures being Prefontaine, 6,000, Vallieres, 3,780.

Following are the returns by polling sub-divisions:

Poll.	Prefontaine.	Vallieres.
1	56	37
2	62	36
3	65	47
4	64	37
5	72	59
6	65	36
7	71	23
8	64	33
9	75	28
10	66	31
11	63	32
12	72	63
13	65	49
14	34	33
15	74	29
16	38	75
17	31	39
18	47	27
19	42	55
20	22	13
21	43	34
22	45	39
23	37	18
24	38	17
25	45	40
26	20	19
27	49	37
28	50	37
29	22	26
30	42	37
31	35	41
32	38	40
33	68	44
34	39	33
35	48	32
36	48	32
37	42	27
38	41	23
39	43	26
40	29	29
41	65	35
42	54	26
43	60	33
44	50	32
45	54	41
46	56	51
47	46	26
48	37	21
49	51	22
50	50	21
51	61	21
52	36	23
53	31	24
54	39	39
55	69	34
56	59	21
57	75	32
58	46	33
59	43	25
60	50	16
61	60	16
62	34	31
63	64	19
64	44	29
65	56	24
66	43	18
67	41	27
68	61	33
69	87	33
70	78	20
71	80	41
72	81	93
73	70	38
74	47	11
75	94	35
76	50	23
77	84	35
78	29	15
79	56	23
80	43	19
81	73	47
82	73	41
83	80	37
84	49	19
85	47	24
86	71	37
87	51	43
88	47	37
89	46	35
90	27	34
91	41	25
92	47	23
93	49	29
94	48	49
95	53	36
96	46	53
97	64	47
98	44	20
99	29	60
100	28	36
101	25	38
102	40	23
103	86	73
104	59	48
105	93	52
106	67	80
107	103	80
108	76	48
109	60	29
110	75	53
111	71	33
112	58	17
	6000	3780
	3780	
Maj. for Prefontaine.	2220	

MR. BICKERDIKE WON IN ONE WARD, LOST IN OTHER

Following are the official figures telling the story of Mr. Bickerdike's victory in St. Lawrence:

ST. LAWRENCE.

Poll.	Bickerdike.	Lane.
1	52	30
2	33	10
3	11	16
4	27	53
5	33	36
6	27	33
7	33	32
8	23	14
9	29	27
10	37	39
11	26	26
12	27	33
13	40	49
14	37	18
15	30	14
16	22	29
17	18	15
18	4	17
19	36	27
20	35	43
21	29	34
22	45	40
23	41	62
24	45	60
25	44	49
26	44	60
27	21	29
28	26	47
29	53	73
30	36	45
31	2	39
32	25	22
33	18	47
34	27	43
35	50	95
36	30	29
37	20	25
38	29	26
39	33	29
	1260	1415

ST. LOUIS.

Poll.	Bickerdike.	Lane.
1	43	19
2	48	25
3	47	25
4	46	18
5	63	37
6	43	26
7	40	14
8	23	16
9	29	14
10	36	14
11	48	24
12	35	11
13	46	23
14	66	33
15	51	18
16	47	15
17	57	20
18	28	9
19	52	19
20	18	2
21	36	4
22	45	11
23	70	39
24	48	20
25	29	10
26	51	35
26	51	25
27	42	21
28	68	34
29	46	24
30	19	33
31	31	37
32	57	42
33	45	55
34	50	45
35	39	48
36	58	62
37	36	46
38	38	16
39	38	16
40	38	36
41	34	42
42	22	16
43	71	63
44	35	52
45	71	44
	2022	1217

A CONTEST IN BEAUHARNOIS.

Valleyfield, Nov. 12.—No candidate was selected by the eBauharnois Liberal convention yesterday afternoon. Besides Mr. Achille Bergevin, the late member, Messrs. L. J. Papineau, G. H. Thibeault, Mayor C. Leboeuf, and F. X. Lecompte aspire to the nomination.

Mr. A. Plante, the Conservative nominee, while expressing an academic approval of the Flynn manifesto, will probably remain in the field. A Conservative convention to decide this point will be held on the 15th inst.

TENDERED TWO NOMINATIONS.

Dr. L. J. Lemieux returned yesterday from his successful campaign in Gaspe in support of his brother, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux. Dr. Lemieux was tendered the nomination for Gaspe for the Provincial Legislature, and also was tendered the nomination for the Dominion House in case the Solicitor-General decided to sit, as he announced, for Nicolet. Before accepting either he will consult Premier Parent and Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux.

MR. J. B. LANCTOT FOR ST. LAWRENCE DIVISION

Mr. J. B. Lanctot anounced to-day he would be an independent Liberal candidate in St. Lawrence Division in opposition to Mr. James Cochrane.

St. John, N.B.—In the police court recntly John Speardates, convicted of selling cigarettes to minors, was sentenced to a fine of $80 or six months' jail. The magistrate announced that hereafter the penalty would be imposed on every violation of the law.

Lima, O.—All records on the Pennsylvania Railroad for long distance runs were broken yesterday by a special train from Crestline to Fort Wayne, Ind., with General Superintendent Schoyer on board. The distance of 131 miles was covered in 113 minutes.

PATENT INFRINGEMENT SUITS

The suits for infringement of patents, which have been brought by the Copeland-Chatterson Co. against certain Montreal concerns, will be followed with interest by patentees and all those who manufacture under patents generally.

It never becomes necessary to protect a patent, which has not been made valuable by its practical application and use to the public, because no one ever thinks it worth while to infringe it. In the Copeland-Chatterson Co.'s case, however, it is very different, and the almost universal adoption of their business systems by the commercial houses of Canada has made their patents very valuable. Being in such general use, the local printer naturally comes into contact with the system which the Copeland-Chatterson Co. have installed, and so is sometimes led to try to imitate their goods, and in this way to appropriate to his own benefit the work of the originators.

On the other hand, the Copeland-Chatterson Co. never solicit any business in the line of bound books, or what may be termed the ordinary commercial stationery, but confine themselves exclusively to the work of introducing and installing their own systems, giving their customers, in so doing, a professional service without charge, which is backed by more than seventeen years' experience, devoted with the most intense interest to this special line of work. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that the plaintiffs in the present suits seek to protect their rights, and conserve to themselves the results of their ingenuity and labor.

SUGGESTIONS

Probably no business exists for the marked expression of kindness like a modern jewellery store. The perplexity of selection is soon dispelled by examining our stock. On every side there are suggestions of appropriateness for all occasions and circumstances.

Birthday Remembrances, Betrothal Rings, Bridal Gifts, Wedding Anniversaries, Presentations,

and the now approaching Christmas season. The coming week we display our New Jewellery, in designs and effects never shown before in Montreal. We have heard a continuous comment in the past about our artistic display of Jewellery, which has met a ready sale on its merits.

We are now far surpassing our past efforts, and will take pleasure in showing our latest achievements, whether you wish to buy or merely wish to see the exquisite.

JOHNSTON BROS.,
Jewellers,
St. Catherine St., Near Peel.

BOOM IN STOCKS!

The New York market was very strong to-day, with advances all round the list. Missouri Pacific was strong again and Canadian Pacific was also stronger. Dom. Steel sold in Boston at 19½. The Montreal market was booming.

100 Pacific at 130½.
600 Pacific at 131.
25 Pacific at 131¼.
100 Pacific at 131⅜.
200 Pacific at 132.
550 Steel at 18.
25 Steel at 18⅛.
10 Steel at 18½.
150 Steel at 18.
100 Steel at 18¼.
25 Steel at 18⅜.
425 Steel at 18½.
50 Steel at 18⅝.
50 Steel at 18 1-2.
25 Steel at 18 1-2.
25 Steel at 18 3-4.
125 Steel at 18 5-8.
125 Steel at 18 3-4.
100 Steel at 18 5-8.
75 Steel at 18 3-4.
10 Steel at 19.
125 Steel at 18 3-4.
75 Power at 84½.
225 Power at 84¾.
25 Coal at 63.
50 Coal at 64.
25 Coal at 64½.
130 Coal at 65.
50 Detroit at 75½.
25 Mackay at 33 1-2.
475 Mackay at 34.
100 Steel pfd. at 49.
45 Toronto at 107 1-4.
50 Nova Scotia at 69.
25 Nova Scotia at 69 1-4.
5 Nova Scotia at 68 3-4.
25 Nova Scotia at 69.
25 Nova Scotia at 69.
75 Nova Scotia at 69 1-4.
100 Montreal Cotton at 106.
10000 Steel bonds at 78.
50 Twins at 107.
125 Twins at 107.
75 Twins at 107.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

London, Ont.—In consequence of the city having complied with certain requirements of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association in the way of improved fire-fighting services, Mayor Beck was notified that the association had granted a twenty cent reduction in the city's key rate.

Orillia, Ont.—Electric power was received yesterday afternoon from the Ragged Rapids. Last April the dam at the town's plant on the Severn River was carried away. Since then the electric light and power plant has been run by the auxiliary steam plant in town.

Peterborough, Ont.—The residence of James Fife, at Keene, was burned to the ground. All the effects were saved. The house was valued at $2,000; there was a small insurance.

Sydney, N.S.—A sensation was created at a prayer meeting in St. Andrew's Church, when one of the speakers, refrred to Sydney girls as "children of the devil." Quite a few of the lady members of the church will withdraw from the church.

Chatham, N.B.—At the meeting of the town council it was reported that three deaths, which occurred last week were due to heavy drinking and it was believed that the liquor was secured from political agents on election day.

Halifax, N.S.—No verdict has been reached by the coroner's jury in the Warren murder case at Charlottetown, and it has been handed over to the Supreme Court.

Toonto.—Ms. Agnes Knox Black, wife of Pof. E. Calton Black, of Cambidge, Mass., has been appointed to Boston University faculty, and is the first woman who ever held a position in the faculty of that institution.

Quebec.—His Excellency has sent Lieut.-Col. Evanturel, A.D.C., a very handsome diamond scarf pin as a token of personal esteem and remembrance of his services as honorary A.D.C. on his staff.

Toronto—At a meeting of the United Empire Loyalist Association held in the Confederation Life Building an interesting paper, written by Miss Agnes Taylor, of Hamilton, was read on the "United Empire Loyalists of Norfolk County."

SPECIAL NOTICE

The Standard Life Assurance Company of Edinburgh, Scotland.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

The Books of the Company close on the 15th November, but the time for receiving proposals to rank in the profits of this year to be declared as at the quinquennial period, 15th November, 1905, is extended to the 29th November.

Funds invested in Canada over $15,000,000.

Liberal Profits. Moderate Rates, Prompt Settlement.

Agents Wanted.

D. M. McGOUN, Manager,
Montreal.

NEW IDEAS IN
Burnt Leather Goods

Handsome Post Card Albums, decorated with colored floral and conventional designs, the finest yet produced.

Jewel Boxes, Stamp Boxes, Collar Boxes, Glove Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, large and small size Desk Pads, Writing Portfolios, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Book and Magazine Covers, etc., etc.

Our artistic pieces for libraries and dens are in great variety, including Pillow Covers, Wall Panels, Pipe Racks, etc., etc.

All the above are useful, ornamental and low in price.

G. W. CLARKE & CO.,
2270 ST. CATHERINE ST.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED — EVERYBODY TO JOIN OUR Magazine Club. 12 magazines for 10 cents, up to 120 magazines for one dollar. List and 20 new samples, 10 cents. Beers worth's Sub-Agency, Stanstead, Que. 268

FOR SALE — THE BEST FUEL, NO. 1 Scranton coal, $6.50 per ton, all sizes. J. D. Millar, 196 St. Antoine st. Tel. Main 4032. 282

TO LET — MIDDLE FLAT, 243 ATWATER avenue, 6 rooms and bath. Daisy furnace. Rent $20.00. Immediate possession. Apply on premises. 270

FOR SALE — $150, PAYABLE $10 CASH and $5 monthly, buys a fine Rozencranz's upright piano, sweet tone and good action. Apply Leach's, 2440 St. Catherine, between Stanley and Drummond. Open every evening. 267

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO SNAPS, for people with cash. $169, almost new. $300 upright. $195, almost new. $350 upright. $225, almost new. $375 upright. Apply Leach's, 2440 St. Catherine, between Stanley and Drummond. Open every evening. 267

THOUSANDS OF FAIR WOMEN HERALD PRAISES OF PE-RU-NA.

Catarrh and and Catarrhal Diseases Made Invalids of More Women Than All Other Ailments Combined.



Suffered Long With Catarrh.

Miss Clara Case, 715 9th street, N.W., Washington, D.C., writes:

"I can think of no event in my life that fills me with more gratitude and at the same time a sense of future security, as a cure after long suffering from catarrh, brought about by using Peruna as directed. It has completely cured me."—Clara Case.

Entire System Toned by Pe-ru-na.

Miss Mary Bennett, 1619 Addison ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"A few months ago I contracted a cold by getting my feet wet, and although I used the usual remedies I could not shake it off.

"I finally took Peruna. In a week I was better. After several weeks I succeeded in ridding myself of any trace of a cold, and besides the medicine had toned up my system so that I felt splendid."—Mary Bennett.

Physicians Had Given Up the Case —Now Entirely Well.

Miss Gertrude Linford, Vice-President Parkside Whist Club, and teacher of whist, 221 Niagara street, Buffalo, N.Y., writes:

"Peruna has effectually cured me after physicians had practically given up my case.

"For a long time I suffered with catarrh of the kidneys, had a weakness and pain in the back, lost flesh rapidly, my feet were swollen, my face was puffed under the eyes, and I had a waxy yellowness of the skin.

"I took Peruna for some time, and am entirely well. I cannot endorse Peruna too strongly."—Gertrude Linford.

Miss Nalley's Story—Short, but Interesting to Every Woman.

Miss Addie Nalley, 137 D street, S.E., Washington, D.C., writes:

"A cough, the grip, catarrh of the meanest kind—all sorts of remedies, home, patent and prescribed by doctors, and no relief—that tells my story, a story of suffering and distress that lasted four years.

"Then—three bottles of Peruna—catarrh gone, appetite and strength returned—a happy woman, and none more grateful for the blessing of health—that is what Peruna has done for me."—Addie Nalley.

A reward of $5,000 has been deposited in the Market Exchange Bank, Columbus, Ohio, as a guarantee that the above testimonials are genuine; that we hold in our possession authentic letters certifying to the same. During many years' advertising we have never used a single spurious testimonial.

If you suffer from catarrh in any form, do not delay. Take Peruna at once. Delays are dangerous.

GOULET ORCHESTRA STRONGER IN STRINGS

Tarranto and Dubois Have Marked Effect on the Ensemble.

It is quite possible that the Montreal public is tired of hearing at the beginning of every season that the Symphony Orchestra is "better than ever." For the benefit, however, of those who have no other standard of judgment, the old comparison must be reiterated baldly. Yesterday's opening concert showed that the orchestra is much "better than ever."

For a detailed examination of the changes in the orchestra's quality, we must await a longer acquaintance. Suffice it to say that the acquisition of Messrs. Dubois and Tarranto has immensely strengthened the strings, which are now thoroughly adequate for all work within the range of an orchestra of this size. They showed ensemble qualities yesterday that have not been approached at any previous first concert. The horns remain a weak spot, and the brass generally is a little less than adequate. By far the finest work of the orchestra was in the accompaniment to Mr. Dubois' Boellmann solo—a set of variations constituting a splendid example of modern free thematic development. Mr. Dubois achieved in this piece the triumph of the evening, and was loudly encored. Massenet's "Scenes Napolitaines" would have been superb if the strings had not had to provide nearly all the brilliancy and color.

Miss Adrienne Labelle sang the mirror scene from Massenet's Thais to a distinctly harsh accompaniment. She was severely handicapped by nervousness and by close devotion to the printed page, and her voice is none too large for operatic work; but she showed a lower register of great purity and good dramatic quality, a considerable degree of feeling, and an enunciation that was beyond criticism. She was happier in a light encore number by Koechlin.

The audience was large and exhibited a greater degree of musical discrimination and interest than last year, and there can be no doubt of the great educative value of these concerts. A stage-setting ceiling greatly improved the acoustic properties of the Academy, and the strings were brought forward right down to the footlights, which were covered over. This year's programme—we refer to the affair of ink and paper—are a marked improvement in get-up over those of last year.

A MOTHER'S PRECAUTION.

There is no telling when a medicine may be needed in homes where there are young children, and the failure to have a reliable medicine at hand may mean much suffering, and, perhaps, the loss of a priceless life. Every mother should always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. This medicine acts promptly and speedily, cures such ills as stomach and bowel troubles, teething troubles, simple fevers, colds, worms and other little ills. And the mother has a guarantee that the Tablets contain no opiate or harmful drug. One wise mother, Mrs. George Hardy, Fourchu, N.S., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and find them a blessing to children. I am not satisfied without a box in the house at all times." If your dealer does not keep these Tablets in stock, send 25 cents to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and you will get a box by mail post paid.

HARMSWORTH MAY EARN PEERAGE.

London, Nov. 12.—The intention is attributed to Sir Alfred Harmsworth of building a national opera house at a cost of a million and a quarter dollars. England alone lacks such an institution, several schemes for securing one having from time to time fallen through. King Edward makes no secret of his personal view that the millionaire who supplies this want will be conferring a great benefit upon his country, and there is no doubt that Harmsworth would deserve a peerage if he provided the money for that work.

A Medicine Chest in Itself.—Only the well-to-do can afford to possess a medicine chest, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which is a medicine chest in itself, being a remedy for rheumatism, lumbago, sore throat, colds, coughs, catarrh, asthma and a potent healer for wounds, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., is within the reach of the poorest, owing to its cheapness. It should be in every house.

ONTARIO MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Toronto, November 12.—Provincial Secretary Stratton has issued a circular letter to the issuers of marriage licenses within the province, stating that the licenses issued by them are for use only in case of marriages solemnized within the province. New forms are being issued containing a clause that the licenses can be used only within the province, and an endorsement to the same effect.

What Sulphur Does

For the Human Body in Health and Disease.

The mention of sulphur will recall to many of us the early days when our mothers and grandmothers gave us our daily dose of sulphur and molasses every spring and fall.

It was the universal spring and fall "blood purifier," tonic and cure-all, and mind you, this old-fashioned remedy was not without merit.

The idea was good, but the remedy was crude and unpalatable, and a large quantity had to be taken to get any effect.

Nowadays we get all the beneficial effects of sulphur in a palatable, concentrated form, so that a single grain is far more effective than a tablespoonful of the crude sulphur.

In recent years, research and experiment have proven that the best sulphur for medicinal use is that obtained from Calcium (Calcium Sulphide) and sold in drug stores under the name of Stuart's Calcium Wafers. They are small chocolate coated pellets and contain the active medicinal principle of sulphur in a highly concentrated, effective form.

Few people are aware of the value of this form of sulphur in restoring and maintaining bodily vigor and health; sulphur acts directly on the liver and excretory organs and purifies and enriches the blood by the prompt elimination of waste material.

Our grandmothers knew this when they dosed us with sulphur and molasses every spring and fall, but the crudity and impurity of ordinary flowers of sulphur were often worse than the disease, and cannot compare with the modern concentrated preparations of sulphur, of which Stuart's Calcium Wafers is undoubtedly the best and most widely used.

They are the natural antidote for liver and kidney troubles and cure constipation and purify the blood in a way that often surprises patient and physician alike.

Dr. R. M. Wilkins, while experimenting with sulphur remedies, soon found that the sulphur from calcium was superior to any other form. He says: "For liver, kidney and blood troubles, especially when resulting from constipation or malaria, I have been surprised at the results obtained from Stuart's Calcium Wafers. In patients suffering from boils and pimples, and even deep-seated carbuncles, I have repeatedly seen them dry up and disappear in four or five days, leaving the skin clear and smooth. Although Stuart's Calcium Wafers is a proprietary article, and sold by druggists, and for that reason tabooed by many physicians, yet I know of nothing so safe and reliable for constipation, liver and kidney troubles and especially in all forms of skin disease as this remedy."

At any rate people who are tired of pills, cathartics and so-called blood "purifiers," will find in Stuart's Calcium Wafers, a far safer, more palatable and effective preparation.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY MATINEES Wed. Thur. and Sat
Nannette Comstock in THE CRISIS
PRICES—15c, 25c, 50c and 75c.
Next Week—WHO GOES THERE?

THEATRE FRANCAIS —Every Afternoon and Evg
THIS WEEK—NOVEMBER 7,
THE THOROUGHBREDS
In two Brilliant, Breezy Burlesques, and high class Vaudeville. Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c, 35c and 50c. Next Week, Weber & Fields' WHOOP-DEE-DOO.

FRANCAIS Monday, Nov. 14th Every Aft'n & Ev'ng
Inauguration of the Music Hall Shows
50—PEOPLE—50
Our Olio of Star Artists.
LACLARE and BOWEN, World's Greatest Funny Acrobats.
KITTY BINGHAM, Comedienne.
FRED. ZOBEDIE, the World's Renowned Equilibrist, direct from Europe.
MLLE NINON, Celebrated French Chansonnette, "Fougere's only rival."
THE THREE MUSICAL BENNETTS.
KENO, WELCH and MELROSE, The Whirlwind Acrobats.
And Mr. Joe Fields, Manning and Lang, Toby Lyons, Tom Ward, Paul Chute, Miss Gracelyn Whitehouse, Miss Pearl Tupper, Miss Alice Sher, and a chorus of 40, in a Grand Musical Melange of Weber and Fields' Great Success, WHOOP-DE-DOO.
10—PONY DANCERS—10. Beautiful Scenery. Gorgeous Costumes.
No increase in prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 35c and 50c.

PHYSICAL TRAINING
Ladies' Morning Class will be started in Victoria Hall, Westmount. For further particulars, call at the Hall, between 10 and 12, or Phone Up 2516. Miss S. Roberts, Physical Instructor.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

HIS MAJESTY'S
EVERY NIGHT NEXT WEEK WITH SPECIAL MATINEES (THANKSGIVING DAY) THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
Regular House Prices, 25 cents to $1.50.
CHARLES FROHMAN and GEORGE EDWARDES Present
THE COLOSSAL TRIUMPH OF PAST TWO YEARS IN LONDON AND NEW YORK!
(10 Months' Run at The Herald Sq. Theatre, N.Y.)
THE HUGE FARCICAL COMEDY, WITH MUSIC
The Girl From Kay's
The Greatest Musical Comedy Success ever known!
60 in Cast and Chorus! 15 Song Hits! 5,000 Laughs! "Sufficiency!"
Terpsichore in Abandon!
Gorgeous Stage Gowns that the Metropolitan 400 are now wearing!
Lavish Appointments and Prodigality of Display!
Book by Owen Hall
Music by Ivan Caryll
The Girl of Wit and Melody Galore!
Comedy that is Funny! Music that is Catchy!
Girls that are Pretty! Costumes that are Town Talk!
A GREAT BIG GORGEOUS PRODUCTION!
Presented in all its Original Entirety and Scenic Splendor!
Every Line a Laugh! Every Song a Whistler! Every Girl a Dream! Every Gown a Marvel!
Joy in Dances! Joy in Music! Joy in Jokes! Joy All Through!
Owing to the Multiplicity and Immensity of the Features Curtain Rises 8 Promptly.

ACADEMY Matinees:—WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY (Thanksgiving Day), and SATURDAY.
Week Beginning Next Monday, November 14th
CLAXTON WILSTACH OFFERS
THE QUAINT . . . COMEDIAN WALTER E. PERKINS
In The Comedy Convulsion—
Who Goes There?
A Rollicking, Gladsome, Boisterous Bombardment of the Fortress of Laughter,
In three acts, by H. A. DuSouchet, author of "My Friend From India," "The Man From Mexico," etc.
Prices—15c, 25c, 50c and 75c.

RUBIN GOLDMARK
WAGNER LECTURE RECITALS.
With Piano Illustrations.
"Die Walkuere" .....Friday, Nov. 18
"Parsifal" ..... Saturday, Nov. 19
IN THE ROYAL VICTORIA COLLEGE, At 8.15 O'Clock.
Tickets on sale at Shaw's.
Admission—Either Recital $1.00
Both Recitals $1.50
Proceeds towards furnishing fund New McGill Y.M.C.A.

THE TALK OF THE CITY!
BETTER THAN EVER! EVERYTHING NEW!
MATINEES DAILY at 3 — WINDSOR HALL — MATINEES DAILY at 3
Twice Daily at 3 and 8.15.
Commencing WEDNESDAY NEXT, 16th,
The "Living Canada" Bioscope Company's Latest
10,000 BIO-TABLEAUX 10,000
Of the World's Events Day by Day.
Including: McGill College Sports; Veterans' Parade; Championship Football, Montreal vs. Ottawa College; St. Louis College Cadets, etc., and 10,000 others.
GRAND MILITARY AND VETERANS' NIGHT, FRIDAY, 18th NOVEMBER, under distinguished patronage of Mayor Laporte.
600 Seats at 25c; Reserved, 50c. On sale at Shaw's Music Store.
Matinees—Children, Admission, 10c.

AUCTION SALE
To Close an Estate.
The following city properties, belonging to the estate late John Coristine, will be sold by Auction (Fraser Bros., auctioneers) at the rooms of THE CRADOCK SIMPSON CO., 205 St. James street, on
Tuesday, 22nd November
At Eleven O'Clock A.M.
1. The semi-detached residence, No. 4 Edge Hill Avenue, off 1160 Dorchester street. Lot 75 x 170.
2. The centrally situated tenement property, Nos. 33 to 39 Dowd street, and 34 to 44 St. Bernard street. Total area, 8,383 feet.
3. The valuable corner property, 35, 37, 45 and 47 St. Urbain street, and Nos. 138 to 146 Vitre street. Lot 64 x 68 1-2 feet, with a good building thereon.
4. The corner property, Nos. 238 to 244 William street, and 144 to 156 Murray street. Lot 48 x 116, with the brick tenements and corner shop thereon.
Further particulars may be obtained from
THE CRADOCK SIMPSON CO.,
2nd Floor, Merchants Bank Building.

TRADE SALE
—ON—
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, 16TH AND 17TH NOVEMBER.
At our Rooms, 69 St. James Street, without reserve and in lots to the trade,
$25,000.00 Stock of Assorted Dry Goods
From a Bankrupt Estate.
Whitewear, Corsets, Dress Goods, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, Neckwear, Ribbons, Lace, Embroidery, Blouses, Skirts, Cloaks, Jackets, Buttons, Ornaments, Flowers and Feathers.
A large quantity of Ready Made Clothing, for Men and Boys, Fall and Winter Overcoats, Overalls, Top Shirts, Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, Serge and Tweed Suits, Rainproof Coats, Fur Coats, Caps, and many other goods.
ALSO—By order of Mr. E. S. White, Collector of Customs,
10 WOLF SKINS,
6 LEOPARD SKINS.
Easy terms.
Sale at Ten O'Clock each day.
MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

Underwriters' Sale Extraordinary
—AT—
MONTREAL
Nov. 23rd, 24th & 25th
Commencing at 10 a.m. each day.
At Public Auction Without Reserve
At Our Stores, cor. St. James and Inspector Streets, and 59 William Street, Montreal,
The Entire Salvage of the Well-Known Firm.
Messrs. L. CHAPUT, Fils & Cie.
GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS, WHOLESALE.
—Consisting of—
$300,000
—Worth of—
Groceries, Wines and Liquors
of every description. Mostly all in original packages, and a small portion only damaged by water.
SALE ARRANGED BY THE GANS SALVAGE CO. Leopold Gans, Manager.
FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.
Further particulars in Circulars, which can be had on application to the Auctioneers.

MEN'S MEETING!
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 13th, 3 P.M., Address by REV. W. D. REID, Pastor Taylor Presbyterian Church.
Male Quartette. Men heartily invited.
YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
DOMINION SQUARE.

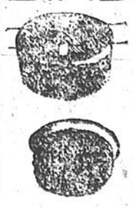
THEATRE NOUVEAUTES
Tel. Bell East 1395. Week of November 7.
LE FAMILLE BENOITON
Play in Five Acts. By Victorien Sardou.
Matinee Saturday. Next week LES VIEUX GARCONS.

LARGEST DANCING SCHOOL,
PROF. A. LACASSE.
1511 Notre Dame St. Main 1354.
HERE WE TEACH THE REAL GLIDE WALTZ.
Assembly every Wednesday, 8.30 p.m.
MASSINO ORCHESTRA.

MONTREAL'S LEADING DANCING SCHOOL
BEGINNERS may join the classes at any time. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION. Adults 8 p.m., Juveniles 4.15 p.m. WESTMOUNT, Victoria Hall, Wed., 4 p.m. ASSEMBLY, Sat., 8.30 p.m. Private lessons daily, any hour. Tel. Up 934. PROF. FRANK H. NORMAN.

THANKSGIVING SUPPER
ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH,
Thursday Evening, Nov. 17th.,
Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. Short programme. Come and bring your friends. Tickets 25c. Supper, 6.30.

MEETING
An adjourned meeting of the Liberals of St. Antoine Division will be held in the Reform Club, University Street, on Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., to consider the question of a candidate for the Local Legislature.
MATTHEW HUTCHINSON, ex-M.L.A.

BIRD LIFE

Is an interesting study. Cage birds should have every care and attention. Pure air and good food are necessary. The finest seed on the market is
Brock's Bird Seed
and in every packet there is a cake of Bird Treat much appreciated by the little songsters. For sale by all Grocers and Druggists.

THE RARE RECORD OF ANCIENT JOKES

Valuable Collection of Old-Time Wit Presented to a Historical Society

What is regarded as the most valuable collection of ancient jokes in existence has just been presented to the Missouri State Historical Society by W. H. Thompson, of near Columbia. The chestnuts are in 108 almanacs, one for each year since 1795.

In the almanac for 1804, now just a century old, considerable space is devoted to "original jokes, witty remarks and humorous anecdotes." Here are a few of the "very funny" things in the almanac of 1804:

"A dull judge in the interior courts of a sister state, having attended to a variety of causes in the morning, went to dine at a friend's house with a most excellent appetite. Among the company was a witty barrister. The judge, eating very heartily of a dish of salmon, observed that he had filled himself so full that he needed hooping.

"Your honor is much more in want of heading," replied the witty barrister.

"A professor, lecturing on heat, observed that one of its most conspicuous properties was the power of expanding all bodies. A humorous student rose in his seat and asked: "Is that the reason the days in warm weather are longer than those in cold?"

THE BALIFF'S VISIT.

"Mr. Hare and Mr. Fox had apartments in the same house and each had frequent visits from the bailiffs. One morning, as he was looking out of his window, Mr. Fox saw two of them at the door. 'Pray, gentlemen,' said he, 'are you Fox hunting this morning?'"

"Sir John Doyle, on being informed by a traveller that he had been in a country where the bugs were so large and powerful that two of them would drain a man's blood in a single night, humorously replied: "My dear sir, we have similar animals in Ireland, but there we call them humbugs.'"

"A man having been capitally convicted at Old Baileywas, as usual, asked what he had to say why judgment of death should not be passed on him. 'Say?' replied he, 'why, I think the joke has been carried far enough already, and the less said the better—if you please, we will drop the subject.'"

"In a newly-raised corps a soldier lately observed to his comrade, who was an Irishman, that a corporal was to be dismissed from his regiment. 'Faith and indeed,' said the Irishman, 'I hope it is the corporal who is so troublesome in our company.' 'What is his name?' replied the other. 'Why corporal punishment, to be sure,' replied Pat.

"A person who could not read a syllable took up a newspaper in a New York coffee house, and, holding it upside down, pretended to peruse the ship advertisements on the first page with great attention. 'What news?' inquired a bystander. 'There has been a great storm in the West Indies,' replied the reader, 'the vessels are all upset.'"

FOR WANT OF MONEY.

"A country squire asked a merry Andrew why he was playing the fool. 'For the same reason you do,' said he, 'out of want.' 'You do it for want of wit, I for want of money.'"

Some of the jokes, humorous remarks, puns and witticisms which were perpetrated in the "Western Comick Almanack" in 1834 and which have not yet outlived their usefulness are the following:

"As a broker was folding some bank bills a wag observed: 'You must grow rich fast. I perceive you readily double your money.'"

"A poor country hawker, being detected in the act of shooting a butcher bird, was taken before a justice. 'So, fellow,' cried the justice, 'you see fit to shoot without a license, do you?' 'Oh, no, your honor,' said the offender. 'I have a license for hawking.' So saying he handed his peddler's license, and, the bird shot being a hawk, he was discharged."

"When Mr. Alexander Gun was discharged from the Edinburgh custom house the entry made against his name was: 'A. Gun, discharged for making a false report.'"

OUR DAILY WHIRL.

At the equator a point on the earth's surface moves rather more than 1,000 miles an hour; in latitude forty-five degrees north or south, the rate of motion is about 750 miles an hour. London is carried round the earth's imaginary axis at the rate or more than ten mile per minute.

PROF. SHORTT IS OPPOSED TO WAR

Church Held Responsible for Perpetuating False Notions of God.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 12.—Prof. Shortt delivered the final lecture in the series on "Democracy and Modern Society," before the Queen's alumni yesterday morning. The lecture was an argument against war and an appeal for the recognition of humanitarian and Christian principles in international affairs. Prof. Shortt laid responsibility upon the church for having perpetuated false notions of the character of God, and expressed the belief that war between civilized peoples could be abolished by the present generation.

The lecturer stated that while no Christian church had expressly denied the spirit of Christianity, the Christian churches of Europe dropped the practice, and, accepting the teachings of the Bible as all on the same level, made the Old Testament their guide in international matters. Thus the God of the Christian churches came to be and in most countries has continued to be practically a series of tribal gods. When any two nations are slaughtering each other in the most unchristian manner, we usually find their respective clergy imploring their respective gods to back up the ghastly work of their armies in what is evidently a perfectly conscientious spirit. When it is a question of a Christian God versus a Pagan god, the situation is naturally much simpler, and thus the Russians as Christians, have not even the shadow of a doubt as to what must be the attitude of their God in their struggle with the Pagan.

The Christian attitude in international matters, the professor said, was of the utmost importance. In answer to those who sneered at the introduction of Christian principles into the region of international politics, and maintained that if the war spirit decayed, life would become pusillanimous and the virtues of courage and manliness have no place, Prof. Shortt replied that physical courage was the commonest and cheapest of all virtues, but moral courage was an infinitely higher and rarer virtue.

Prof. Shortt regarded it as quite within the power of the present generation, or of its immediate successors, to abolish war within the pale of civilization. The great thing to be done was to change altogether the public sentiment with reference to the war spirit, and bring the popular attitude towards war around to regard it as destitute of honor, instead of a necessity and proper thing as at present. At present, it is undoubtedly the glorification of war which sometimes makes it practically impossible for governments to resist the clamor of the nation for war, as a far more honorable means of securing redress than the reference of disputes to the courts of justice, however impartial. The result need not be international federation.

In regard to the relations between Canada and China and Japan, Prof. Shortt said they might enjoy mutual trade and intercourse by travel, study of each other's laws, institutions, arts and literatures, provided the home of the Canadian was in Canada, and the Oriental in China or Japan?. But inefficiency all round and irritating limitations would be the natural outcome of the settlement in Canada of any considerable number of Chinese. It was not in the interests of international good-will to have quite alien races inhabiting the same country, and it was impossible to have it so on equal terms.

$350.00 Shaw Piano. First prize in a great educational contest. See page 20.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
Dr. Chase's Ointment

ONE TRIAL
Will convince you of the Superior Quality of
STROUD'S
DELICIOUS
TEAS and COFFEES

THE KING'S HALL
2463 St. Catherine Street.
A New Hall in a New Building!
Superior Accommodation for Concerts, Lectures, Banquets, and High-class Public and Private Balls, and Entertainments.
Ventilation, Sanitation, Acoustics, Location
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.
APPLY ON THE PREMISES.

THE HERALD

Established 1808.

THE MEMBER, HIS PARTY, AND HIS RIDING.

Opposition to Mr. Rainville in St. Louis raises anew the question of what, under our system of government, are the relations which exist between a sitting member and the members of his own party in the riding, and secondly the relation of the member to the riding itself. As to the latter, Mr. Cochrane was on pretty nearly solid ground when he remarked the other evening that he bowed to the authority of no convention short of the whole electorate. But, obviously, there is a trace of the cavalier in this attitude when the relations between a member and his former supporters are under consideration.

When a sitting member comes back for re-election, his first care naturally is to discover whether he retains the good will of his former supporters. If he does, all well and good. He then presents himself before the electors, duly endorsed by his party, and ready to make whatever impression can be made upon the electorate. But suppose the party following display a desire to reject him, for any reason: is he then under any obligation to retire?

This obligation was resisted, in a case which made a good deal of noise in its day, by the late Mr. W. E. Forster, then member for Bradford, who had given offence to English Radicals, in Bradford and out of it, by submitting to certain compromises on a measure to provide for the extension of primary instruction. Mr. Chamberlain, then at the outset of his career, was one of the most active of his opponents. The caucus system, which took its rise in Birmingham, had extended to Bradford. In 1874 Bradford Liberals openly found fault with Mr. Forster. He promptly appealed to the whole body of electors, and, although disowned as a Liberal, was elected, having for fellow a Conservative. In 1878 the caucus wanted him to agree in advance to withdraw if he did not happen to be their choice. He refused, they gave way, he was made their nominee, and was elected with nearly five thousand majority. While the last controversy was going on, Mr. Gladstone thought of bringing his influence to bear and privately intimated his willingness to do so, for while he heartily believed in the caucus as a political agency, he upheld the right of the member to appeal for a judgment to the whole people in case the caucus rejected him. Since that time the caucus, or convention, system has been generally in vogue in all countries governed under British institutions, and the essentials have not been changed. In most cases, if a man is not the choice of his party convention, that ends it. In some instances he appeals from the convention to the people; in that event he is regularly before the electors to have a verdict passed upon his views or conduct, and the nominee of the party convention, if there be a nominee, becomes the regular party candidate. That is the British view of what constitutes order when the democracy is engaged in choosing its masters.

When Mr. Forster was rejected by the Bradford Liberal caucus because of what he had said and done about education, he promptly turned to the people and discussed the merits of the Education Act complained of. He was a member of Mr. Gladstone's Liberal Government, but the nominees of the caucus were the official Liberal candidates.

It is to be remarked in the local case that Mr. Rainville did not allow a vote to be taken at the snap convention called by himself, and that he was hopelessly beaten in the convention of the next day. His attempt to have the local members of the party disciplined from Quebec is not only without precedent, but equally without constitutional justification. He is avell within his rights in asking for a verdict from the whole people on his record, but to be within the precedent he should address himself, as Mr. Forster did, to full and frank discussion of the grievances urged against him. Instead of pluming himself upon the sums of money he has disbursed in his own and other elections, and upon the amount he expects to disburse in this one, if he would try to convince the people that he did right in heading the light monopolists' lobby, in helping the company of which he is a director to an easier and more certain means of paying dividends on many millions of watered stock, he would be sure of an attentive, if not a sympathetic hearing, and, what no doubt counts for much more with one whose ideas of order, propriety, and the importance of precedent are so delicate and so nice, he would be doing just what the occasion calls for.

Mr. Rainville, however, evidences little disposition to either explain or excuse his doings as head of the lobby. The electors, therefore, must be excused if they avail themselves of other means of forming a judgment.

GOVERNMENTS AND "PRIVATE" LEGISLATION.

On many occasions since the assaults on Montreal through the Quebec Legislature began four years ago, The Herald has urged upon Mr. Parent and his colleagues of the Cabinet that it is very difficult indeed, in the conditions of our time, for the Government of the day to maintain that position of aloofness towards what is called "private" legislation, which is considered proper by strict constitutionalists. The late Mr. Duffy, than whom a better disposed man never entered the halls of the Legislature, was very clear about the constitutional doctrine which relieves the Government of the day of responsibility for this class of legislation. It is turning out now that the separation is by no means as complete as it looks, for while the Liberals of the St. Louis division of Montreal are ousting Mr. Rainville, the head of the lobby which has struck many a hard blow against the interest of the citizens, Mr. Parent is asking support for that other Mr. Rainville who has stood by the Government's policy, and whose prominence in the party has been recognized by his elevation to the Speakership. It is difficult to see—and it daily becomes increasingly difficult—how an interpretation of parliamentary practice can be found which will at once admit of the election of Mr. Rainville, the Speaker and supporter of the Government, and the defeat of Mr. Rainville, the lobbyist and Power Company director. With human and physical limitations what they are, about all that can now be done is to punish the lobbyist at the polls, however much the impenitent Liberals who take that course may regret their inability to reward the Government supporter and honor the Speaker.

This incident, it is to be hoped, will have the effect of convincing the statesmen who govern these great provinces of Canada that measures which affect the resources, the wealth, the credit, the well-being, of great centres of population like Montreal, cannot, ought not to be, any longer classed as "private" legislation, for which the executive body can disclaim collective responsibility, and as to which the members of a Cabinet can publicly take sides against each other.

But whether or not this desirable reform is brought about, it will still be the right and the duty of the people of such cities to resent, if they cannot effectively resist, such robbery under warrant of law.

A COMMON CAUSE.

There are many Conservatives, we venture with much confidence to say, who, if they are wholly pleased, are yet partly chagrined by the turn affairs have taken. They are glad to see that a fight, a good fight, is being made against the debauchery of the Legislature to serve the purposes of the light monopolists; and they are chagrined to find that what was so obviously the work of a vigilant Opposition has been by them abandoned, and has been taken in hand by aggressive Liberals. Be sure there are thousands of honest Conservatives in Montreal to-day who envy the Liberal party for what has been done since Senator Dandurand gave a lead over on Tuesday of this week.

Moreover, while the Liberals are doing their duty in the Rainville case, there is apparently no Conservative to do the like in the case of Mr. Leblanc, the former Conservative Speaker, who has shown himself quite as faithful a friend of the monopolists, and only less dangerous to the interests of Montreal in so far as his abilities are less consummate.

The fact is that this senile Opposition, which has now made away with itself, had been maintaining its feeble existence on doles from the same beneficent monopolists, a circumstance which explains not only the non-resistance of Conservative members to those engaging "private" adventures, but as well their too general participation in the raids. A fountain, after all, cannot rise above its source.

It is, indeed, more than probable, all things taken into account, that the order to the leaders to make away with themselves and their following was issued by the monopolist influences in their capacity as purveyors to the party commissariat. There are signs that the vigorous action taken by Montreal Liberals has rather upset some of the calculations on which the order to withdraw was based. Some time, no doubt, the Conservative party will reorganize on a basis consistent with the self-respect of its membership. Until then there is nothing for it but for patriotic Conservatives to take their stand by Liberals struggling for the right.

SAVING IN THE WRONG SPOT.

The Finance Committee, with a love for economy not too often met with in public bodies, has decided that it is too expensive to publish the annual reports of the civic departments. Medical Health Officer Laberge very properly complained of this to the Hygiene and Statistics Committee yesterday. He told the members that the Finance Committee had ordered the annual health report of the city to be printed in the Municipal Gazette alone. This meant, that the report, which is a long one, would run into several numbers of the municipal paper. When it comes to exchanging with other cities, there is no doubt but that the health officers of the leading American centres would be charmed to receive a bundle of Municipal Gazettes tied with a string in return for their neatly bound and printed reports. What impels the Finance Committe to this burst of economy? Did not this very committee on April 11 last throw away $969 in the sale of city bonds?

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Office must be the sole aim of men who quit as these men quit. Still, Liberals are able for the work.

The Star's opinion on the candidacy of Mr. Rainville, and the duty of good citizens towards it, is to be found in able editorials on the Russo-Jap war, on the Ontario Liberal Convention, and on the Reinstatement of Detective Cote.

The Ottawa Citizen sticks to its suggestion that, in case Mr. Borden declines to resume the leadership, the Opposition should take to the back seats and efface itself as a fighting organization. The Conservative party throughout the Dominion, it is to be hoped, will not prove as craven as the Quebec wing of it has shown itself to be.

The Conservative press in Montreal have it in their power to assist in guarding the city's vital interests, jeopardized by the Quebec Legislature, by urging their readers to assist in relegating Mr. Rainville to private life. But neither the Gazette, Le Journal, nor the Star lifts a voice, excepting in ridicule of the efforts of the Liberals who are struggling to ensure the city's safety. These papers are freed, by the abstention of the Conservative Opposition, from any embarrassing party ties, and could, if they so desired, help the cause of good government without committing themselves to any political course. But they prefer to watch the fray, in ghoulish hope that it will result in harm to the Liberals. The city's interests can go hang, so long as their party's ends are served.

St. Petersburg in Holy Russia.

I.

"Monotonous city, poor city;
Atmosphere of slavery, symmetrical prospect.
Wearisome, cold and granite."
—Pushkin.

Considering that Russia is in the throes of a mighty war, I naturally expected to see some evidence of its existence in the streets of St. Petersburg. I looked in vain. The curious mixed races on the streets gave no sign; stolid and apathetic they pursue their way conversing without excitement and without gesture. Among the crowds of uniformed officers there was no sign—nothing seemed to be happening in which they were interested. I looked for the large bulletin boards and the crowds reading—none were to be seen. On the public buildings were posted small telegrams, which were read by the few, who passed on with little or no comment. Remarking on this apparent want of interest to a Russian nobleman, Baron R—— he explained the situation: "We are not really interested, we are not yet angry, not roused; we have scarcely thought about the thing yet, not taken it seriously, we are only surprised and a little annoyed; bye and, bye we'll get angry;—wait till we do get angry." Such, I have gathered is the mind of the uniformed Russian; but the peasant in the country, and the working classes in the towns know little about the war at all. Some know a war—somewhere, but where, they don't know—is going on, some think the fight is with the English; but, as they cannot read and must not talk, they really know very little about it. They are phlegmatic and passively obedient, like oxen. "The little Father, it is true, may want them to go somewhere, at some time or other, to do something, perhaps to fight, it's all right. The little Father knows best." Thus the peasant soliloquizes. The upper classes, not angry; the peasant, still asleep.

Many troops are, however, being drafted for the war, but the "send off" is done quietly, without parade; no bands accompany them to see them off; there is no hurrahing, no enthusiasm. We saw some most melancholy departures at the great station, very different from the Windsor Depot when the Canadians left for the front during the Boer war. Yet though many of the soldiers were alone, some were attended by their male friends who kissed them tenderly on each cheek, hugging them to their breasts, and making the sign of the cross when the train moved off. But no women were there to say "good bye" no mother, no wife, no sweetheart. The Russian peasant has no money to spend on sentiment; and the distance from home is far.

Opposite our hotel (D'Angleterre) is the large square upon which is built the great Cathedral of St. Isaac, a magnificent structure in modified Byzantine style. Its domes and cupolas are covered with pure gold, and surmounted by a golden cross, and the external walls are enriched with marvellous mosaic paintings, representating saints. So curious and foreign are all the churches in the city, so utterly unlike any seen elsewhere, we never tired of examining them. Though specimens of barbaric splendor and display, at the same time many of them are exceedingly chaste and delicate.

Crowds of men, but few women, throng the churches. The services are fearfully long and as there are no seats it is very fatiguing. This may account for the poor attendance of the women. It is almost impossible to get out before the close of the service, so closely is the crowd packed, and if there is a little space it is immediately occupied by devout worshippers prostrating and crossing themselves. The scene inside the churches filled me with astonishment. The blaze of lights, the glitter of the sumptuous vestments worn by the priests besprangled with gold, silver and jewels, the sacred ikons glittering with diamonds, rubies and other precious stones; the vast concourse of people; the sweet singing unaccompanied by music; the pomp, the ceremony, the magnificence was indescribable—the scene superb. The ringing of the bells to was in accord with the oriental exterior of the churches, quite unlike the chiming of our bells at home. There was a fantastic blending of incongruous harmonies when they rang out—the grave and the gay mingled together as if a Spanish fandango and a funeral match were played together. First three prolonged notes from a silver-tongued tenor, then a gay little jig increasing in volume and in variations; a pause and stillness, and the big bass bell rolled out into the silence into which the harmony of the little bells sank like velvet.

"Holy Russia!" Yes; emblems of their faith, sacred pictures, crosses, ikons are seen everywhere—in private houses, restaurants, hotels, stores, palaces; at corners of streets, kiosks; whenever humanity must do congregate they are there; in places of amusement; railway stations; steamboats; and worshippers of every age, sex and class are to be seen every hour of the day prostrating themselves before them. No one passes a church without a mark of reverence, lifting the hat, bowing and crossing; and the driver of the droskis, though passing St. Isaac's fifty times a day, never fail to remember their duty in this respect.

We spend many interesting hours at the crowded railway station; it is there and at the public gardens you can best study the manners of the people. Near the booking office was placed a large ikon, and on a stand near, holy candles, all sizes were to be purchased by a "nickle in the slot" arrangement. No one with any pretensions to piety undertakes a journey without buying a candle and placing it before the ikon and saying a prayer. I watched two young lovers, hand in hand. They had eyes for no one but themselves. He purchased his ticket and two candles, one of which he gave to her. Clasping hands they knelt and prayed, then placing the candles in the proper receptacle they kissed the ikon and then each other. They were evidently vowing to be "true till death." I saw her later when he had gone. She passed me, walking eagerly, with the love light in her eyes, quite happy, though alone.

Everybody in Russia kisses each other—even the men kiss. We watched a party of officers going to the war. On saying "good-bye" they clung to each other with much affection, kissing on either cheek and sobbing audibly. They were fine, handsome, manly fellows, not at all embarrassed by the display, in fact they seemed completely oblivious of any one's presence. The same indifference is shown by worshippers in the streets, lovers or soldiers. You are not allowed to do many things in Russia; but you are permitted to kiss. Happy exception!

One of the delights of the city is the droski driver who always wears the national costume, without which he would not drive you no not for a hundred roubles. It is thickley wadded, like a feather bed, and when he sits down you can imagine his size. You can poke him in the ribs and he wouldn't feel; a hat pin would make no impression; his ear is uncovered, so you shout, and though you are tearing along the cobble stones at a furious rate, he generally hears and stops. As he drives along he encourages his horse, "Now my little turtle dove, now my little dear; what oh, tired already, precious one? Soul of mine, Gee up!" and as these endearing epithets are accompanied by the crash of the whip on the point of the droski, instead of on the horse's back, he responds gallantly, and fly's for very life.

Many drivers carry no whip and those who do, never use them.

HARRIET H. BULLOCK.

St. Petersburg, October, 1904.

Election Experiences

Ottawa, November 11.—(Special)—The sucessful candidates and the victims of the contest are drifting into the Capital with the stories of their experiences. The election seem to have produced a great crop of tribulations. One of the leading Liberals of the last house claims he had a cattle guard campaign. "I had more trouble than the wall-eyed steer. My constituency contains five railroads and forty thousand farmers. The railroads kill the farmers' cattle and my constituents are enthusiasts for a law which makes the companies pay for all cattle killed. The proposal was first introduced to the House in a want of confidence resolution which all Government followers had to vote against. After that we made the law that was wanted. The killing of the resolution was reported in full by a farmer's paper which failed to give us credit for the passage of the law. Thousands of copies of this paper were distributed among my voters and my opponent made it his business to explain the part I had taken opposing the resolution. Early in the campaign I gave up talking tariff, Grand Trunk Pacific, prosperity or any thing else. I devoted myself entirely to explaining the new act relating to cattle guards. I followed in the footsteps of my opponent with my explanation. The five hundred majority I brought out of my riding is sufficient indication that the farmers now thoroughly understand this feature of our railroad law. I will wager a hat that the next railroad which kills a cow will have to pay for it or stand a law suit. The farmers know their rights now."

Pay, Pay, Pay.

Another member from a distant constituency which gave him a thousand majority is getting an interesting lot of reminders of the campaign. Here is a sample: "Dear Sir:—I worked for you in the campaign. I took my two sons and brother to the polls and we cast our votes for Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and you. I paid their railroad tickets and two bottles of gin. I lost one day, from work. If you could pay me this I would like you very much. It is $8.45." The same member has a bill drawn up in form making a statement of "one day for you, $1.25, please remit and oblige." The awkward part of these requests is that they may be used by my opponent to make a case in the courts," said the candidate. "I may do something after forty days but before that time I would probably find my election protested as the result of my kindness. If I don't do something some men who voted for me this time will probably remember me to my disadvantage when I ask them to vote for me and good Government. There is more trouble in the game of politics for the man who is elected than the man who is licked."

Letter from Lord Minto.

There are not many Chinese who have gone back to the flowery Kingdom with autographic letters from a Canadian Governor General. It is problematical what such letters are worth but Yip Yen, late of Vancouver will have them. Yip Yen for seventeen years has served the King in Canada as translator at Vancouver. He has been a faithful servant and has become recognized as one of the institutions of the Pacific metropolis. In addition to his duties as translator he has carried on a large mercantile business in British Columbia. When Lord and Lady Minto were last in the west they called at his establishment and made some purchases there. Yip Yen has decided to change the Occident for the Orient and is going to take the fortune he has amassed to the home of his fathers. As a preliminary to this he made the long journey from Vancouver to Ottawa and called at Rideau hall. The result of that visit was a letter of introduction from Lord Minto to the British authorities at Hong Kong, a silver card case and pictures of their Excellencies.

Yip Yen has done something toward the development of Canada and has earned the honor his Excellency conferred for when the Canadian Pacific was being constructed, Yip Yen was one of Onderdonk's right hand men and ruled five thousand celestials on Canadian Pacific construction work with great success.

—A.B.H.

Auld Reekie

Edinburgh people say very little about their ancient city, for they have the idea that all the world knows of it. The word "people" is used advisedly, for in Scotland they talk about "Edinburgh people, Glasgow folk, and Paisley bodies." This is supposed to signify the superiority of the inhabitants of Dunedin.

Yet Edinburgh possesses characteristics that single it out as a city apart from others. Rev. John McNeil, the evangelist, once described it as "last windy west endy Edinburgh." The description is true. The cold winds from the Forth of a day in March would make one blush to wear a fur coat in Montreal midwinter. Never was cold in the temperate zone colder, but these Edinburgh people seem to like it, and simply button up their overcoats. Perhaps that is why, metaphorically speaking, they have buttoned themselves up and become west endy.

When an Edinburgh man comes to Canada he despises an overcoat his first winter, and eschews flannels. The second winter he wears flannels, and the third he dons a raincoat. After that he becomes a Canadian.

There is a reason for this. The coldest Edinburgh is more searching than the coldest Montreal. The day has been glorious, the afternoon lovely, but as the gloaming—better say twilight, for Auld Reekie is now too west endy to speak broad Scots—wears on a white mist or hoar creeps stealthily up from the sea and settles down like a raw wet evil blanket that eats its way into the very marrow of one's bones, and the people pass one another with scarce even a chilly nod. No wonder John Knox was a hard man, and Queen Mary felt the coldness.

So much for the "east windy." The "west endy" is one result of it, Edinburgh is said to be, and with much truth, the educational centre of Great Britain. There are certainly more schools and scholars congregated in the Scottish capital than in any city outside of London, but when the medical school is talked of, Edinburgh justly claims she has the largest and most cosmopolitan in the world. On account of this Edinburgh people hold their heads high. They point to their Royal Infirmary, and tell you that when the last addition was made, a decade ago, it became bigger than that of Vienna, and thereby the largest on the globe.

Yet the university in a way is not Edinburgh. These students gathered from the ends of the earth are only objects of commerce. They hold no position in society, that is Edinburgh society—a weekly paper under that title had quite a circulation some years ago. But Edinburgh people are noted for "pride and poverty," and the students are tolerated.

When the law students are considered, matters assume a different aspect. The budding advocate is no churl from the Hielan's. He is the scion of some one or other distinguished line of lawyers. If his father was a W. S. he is all right; if an S. S. C. doubtful, if a C.A., well, it much depends upon his ancestry as far back as Robert Bruce at the latest.

The legal fraternity live towards the north of the city, excluding Stockbridge, which is now vulgar, and fit only for the "common" throng. Princes street, that vision of beauty, divides the north from the south. The tradesmen, the widows who have gone to Edinburgh for the education of their orphan children—Edinburgh might well be termed a city of widows—the humbler fry who are not received in Edinburgh society, live in the south. The legal luminaries become known about seventeen; then they cut themselves adrift from the lads whose fathers make their money in trade. They pass their old schoolfellows by with chins in the air, kept in position by abnormally tall collars. That is a sign of their aristocratic breeding.

Being a city of professional men, the clergy claim some notice. Their position in society rests entirely on their position in the church or the pedigree they can claim. The Rev. Dairy Stockbridge was born in a shepherd's cot, and is cleric of an iron church. Poor man! Fill the church plate with coppers, and cheer him on in his work indulgently. The Rev. Edwyn St. Edwyn was reared in Royal Terrace, and has begun to read prayers in the High Church. What a bright young man! Proffer him a daintily gloved hand, and invite him to dinner on gilt-edged notepaper.

Once a yay in Edinburgh there is a society event. The King's Lord High Commissioner goes to Holyrood Palace, and holds a series of levees. Imagine the glory of attending and having names and descriptions of gowns published in the papers! Ye gods!

J. M.

Election Opinions, Gay and Otherwise

Bogus All Round.

(Hamilton Times.)

It seems that the story about the bogus ballot boxes was bogus.

A Hard Job.

(Toronto Star.)

After all, 'tis preposterous to expect Mr. Foster to offer his seat to Mr. Borden. It might be difficult to deliver the goods.

Dear Little Things.

(Toronto Globe.)

Quebec Conservatives are sulking, and just won't, so there!

The Nerve of These Libs!

(Toronto Globe.)

In Quebec the Conservatives are dumbfounded by the outrageous fact that Liberals are actually in power. It seems too monstrous to be contemplated.

Now, Ed, Be Generous.

(Toronto World.)

A petition is being circulated in Carleton asking Ed. Kidd to make way for Mr. Borden.

A Prediction.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

The Conservative party will not desert Borden; Borden will not desert the Conservative party.

What Beat Him.

(Hamilton Times.)

The Mail's prattle about what it cost to defeat Borden in Halifax is positively silly. Borden was forced by his party to stand in the way of progress in the G.T.P. matter and he was pitched off the track. That is all.

Try Fielding's, Too.

(Ottawa Free Press.)

It is said the Japs are thinking of borrowing Sir Wilfrid's broom. They have got nothing quite so sweeping in Manchuria.

Brilliant Idea.

(Ottawa Journal.)

Sir Wilfrid's majority in Wright is 1,212, and in Quebec East 2,040. If the Liberals were to conclude before next general election that they are going to have a hard fight, they could, of course, run Sir Wilfrid in every constituency in the country.

All But F. D. Monk.

(London Advertiser.)

The Conservative candidates have dropped out in Comox-Atlin, B.C., Dauphin, Man., and Gaspe, Que. This makes the Government's majority 65, with five elections to be held. The country almost made it unanimous.

The Prospective Victims.

(Toronto Telegram.)

The last two Conservative leaders have lost their seats, and this coincidence may create a movement to thrust either George Taylor, M.P., Samuel Barker, M.P., or Col. Sam Hughes, M.P., into the vacant job.

Completely Indifferent.

(Brantford Courier.)

Some esteemed contemporaries are still figuring up the size of the Government majority. That's a subject which has lost all interest for this great family journal.

Very Surprisin'.

(Toronto News.)

Who would have expected Colonel Sam Hughes to be the first to offer a seat to Borden?

Only Sam Can Win.

(Toronto Telegram.)

Col. Sam Hughes' offer to resign looks like a B-L-U-F-F. Victoria and Haliburton being the sort of constituency that the Conservatives would lose if they tried to carry it with Mr. Borden or any other capable outsider.

Wouldn't Be "Wright."

(Toronto Star.)

With rare and commendable restraint the Mail has refrained from remarking that Mr. Aylesworth is at his last Gaspe.

St. John and North Ontario.

(Toronto Star.)

Mr. Borden will remember that Mr. Foster had a number of seats offered to him—with tacks in them.

Morley's Loyalty.

(Toronto Globe.)

No one in Britain would think of questioning Mr. Morley's loyalty. But in Canada he should be more guarded in his remarks.

$100.00 Gold Watch, perhaps for you. See page 20.

LARGE STOCK AND LOW PRICES

TEES' DESKS, 300 ST. JAMES STREET.

The Housing Problem

The problems of Glasgow are the problems of every growing urban community. Its efforts to solve those problems afford object lessons to all cities. Sooner or later every city whose population is increasing rapidly has to face the problem of making provision for the proper housing of its working people. Glasgow tackled the problem years ago with its usual energy, and has continued to apply itself to its solution on an ever-increasing scale. To-day the City Improvement Trust is one of the most important branches of the city government, and the result of its work is manifest in the improved appearances of many portions of the city and in a decreasing death rate.

In British cities conditions exist which render the housing question one of vital importance in conditions fortunately more or less absent in cities on this continent. Most of the cities in the Old World grew up in a haphazard fashion, and the older portions at any rate seem to have been laid out with an eye to complicated inconvenience and without any regard to the requirements of health and comfort. Streets begin anywhere and end nowhere, and in turning a corner you are liable to get lost in a labyrinth of crooked lanes and narrow alleyways. These congested areas are not only an eyesore, but their unsanitary arrangements constitute a menace to the public health. Glasgow has wiped out lots of these districts, laid out broad and well-ordered streets, and lined them with well constructed buildings, principally working classes' homes. But there are still many congested districts—districts where the death rate ranges from 30 to 40 per thousand as compared with a death rate of 9 per 1,000 in some of the suburban districts.

Cities on this continent have certain advantages over British towns. The invigorating atmosphere has apparently inspired a passion for well-regulated and symmetrical conditions calculated to promote the easy and orderly conduct of life and obtain the maximum of speed and efficiency at the least expense of energy. Our cities are for the most part laid out on a definite plan, with broad and symmetrically-arranged streets which contribute to the health and cheerfulness of the people, and by facilitating the movements of traffic, increase the efficiency and economy of the city's business organization. But nevertheless in Montreal, as in other new world cities, there is much room for improvement. Indeed, Montreal, according to the sanitary engineer, has districts as congested as any on the continent. The congestion, however, is rather a matter of close construction of buildings, than of population. In some sections the buildings are jumbled together very thickly, but it is hardly likely that the population is so dense as in some of the East Side districts of New York.

As the city grows it will be impelled by the enlarging requirements of scientific sanitation to devote more attention to the problem of housing its work people. It can do much to minimize the gravity of the problem by effective regulation of private enterprise, and it should take measures to prevent the carrying of the conditions of its congested centre areas to its suburbs. German cities have long had the power of laying out streets, and regulate the construction of houses for miles beyond their proper boundaries, and British cities are acquiring such powers. Montreal, too, should acquire the right to regulate her growth. On the outskirts of the city buildings, often of a very flimsy construction, are springing up in all directions; but the laying out of a street system in harmony with that of the city, the provision of sanitary facilities, of precautionary arrangements against the spread of fire—these and other matters the city should regulate in its own interest are left to the determination of chance.

—Colin Mackay.

THE HEALTHIER OCCUPATION.

[According to "Chic," housework is by far the healthiest exercise that a lady can indulge in.]

If the world seems dark, dear madam, and
you don't feel very well,
If your enervated system needs correction,
If a month or two of dances has at last
begun to tell,
On the freshness of your exquisite complexion;
Oh! seek not on the cricket fields to drive
the ball for four,
Oh! sport not on the tennis court or river!
It's far more healthy exercise to scrub the
kitchen floor,
And extremely beneficial to the liver.

It will seem a little odd at first if Lady Clara
Jones,
On calling, ask, "Is Mrs. Very Ritch in?"
And your grave and stately butler says in
supercilious tones,
"She's shining up the saucepans in the kitchen."
But never mind appearances. In this the
matter ends,
While cleaning up the house is your vocation,
The Lady Clara spends her time in cleaning
out her friends,
And yours is far the healthier occupation.

—"Bystander."

New York.—Officers of the Salvation Army from the south, east and as far west as Chicago last night gave a farewell dinner at Army headquarters here to Commander Booth-Tucker, who has been called from his command in America by General Booth, to assume the office of foreign secretary in England. Eight hundred officers and the families attended.



Elongated Edward—Say, Shorty, can you lend me a quarter to fill a long-felt-want?

Abbreviated Bill—Can't, old man, I'm a little short to-day.

THE "CLARNICO" SWEETMEATS

Jams, Java Figs, Glace Pine Apple, Crystallized Ginger, Turkish Delight, Mitcham Mints, Etc.

Now in store
The "CLARNICO" DAMSON JAM,
The "CLARNICO" APRICOT JAM,
The "CLARNICO" GOOSEBERRY JAM,
The "CLARNICO" GREENGAGE JAM,
The "CLARNICO" STRAWBERRY JAM, and
The "CLARNICO" RASPBERRY JAM.

All in 1-lb. glass jars, and all 20 cents per jar, $2.25 per dozen, straight or assorted dozens.

The "Clarnico" 1-lb. Drums of Java Figs	20 cents each
The "Clarnico" 1-lb. boxes of Glace Pineapple	50 cents each
The "Clarnico" 1-lb. boxes of Crystallized Ginger	50 cents each
The "Clarnico" 1-lb. Drums of Turkish Delight	20 cents each
The "Clarnico" 1-lb. bottle of Mitcham Mints (Peppermints.)	60 cents each

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Fresh from the Springs, Saratoga, N.Y.

SARATOGA VICHY, in pint bottles, $1.60 per dozen pints, $3.00 per case of two dozen pints.

SARATOGA VICHY, in quart bottles, $2.40 per dozen quarts, $8.25 per case of 50 quarts.

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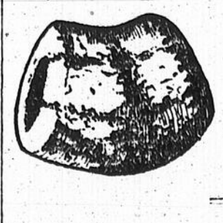
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The "Talisker" Straight Scotch, $1.25 per bottle, $13.50 per case of one dozen bottles.

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A Servant Girl Who Refuses to Become a Millionaire

Romance of a German Maid of All Work, Who Preferred to Stay in Service at $5 a Month Rather Than Accept a Fortune.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—Old Truth goes right on being stranger than fiction. A thing happened in this country recently that is just Israel Zangwill's Merely Mary Ann over again in real life; with a denouement, however, such as even that writer would never have dreamed of.

The plot of Mr. Zangwill's story and play are, of course, familiar. To Mary Ann the slavery of a London lodging-house there comes unexpectedly a legacy of some millions. The girl accepts it and leaves service to be made into a model heiress. Well, to Mary Meyer (same name, you see), who is a servant in a South German household, there also has come a legacy of some millions—but she has refused it, and elected to remain a common domestic servant.

The first act of this romance took place a quarter of a century ago, when a young man of good family named Norbert Meyer contracted a secret marriage with the pretty governess of his younger brothers and sisters. He was 25 years old, and she was 18. He was dependent on his father for his entire income, and she had nothing but the clothes in which she stood at the altar. In these circumstances the young couple, who had married for love alone, had a hard struggle. Norbert's allowance did not suffice for the maintenance of a wife and the cost of an apartment, and soon he was plunged into debt. Things went from bad to worse until within six months of his wedding he was compelled to disclose the secret to his father and to apply to the stern parent for money.

GAVE UP HIS WIFE.

The father, a man absolutely without feeling, took a harsh view of the case. Starting from the assumption that the governess was an unscrupulous adventuress who had plotted his son's social ruin, he declined to settle the debts unless his son abandoned his young wife and promised to have nothing more to do with her. Young Meyer refused these terms at first, but necessity drove him to reopen negotiations with his father. His creditors were on the point of selling up his apartment and the public prosecutor threatened to take action against him for incurring debts with intent to defraud, as the phrase runs in the German statute book. In addition to these dangers, his father announced that he would be disinherited unless he immediately came to terms. In his desperate position young Norbert Meyer surrendered and informed his wife that he must desert her. In accordance with his father's instructions, he offered to pay her the sum of $7,500 if she would consent to a divorce on the ground of mutual incompatability of temperament.

Wounded in her pride and unwilling to force herself on a husband who was ready to abandon her, Mrs. Meyer accepted the bargain after one tearful appeal for loyalty. The sum of $7,500 seemed to the former governess to be a solid fortune and it never occurred to her to get better terms for herself. In due course the divorce proceedings were begun on both sides and legal separation was arranged by mutual arrangement on the ground of mutul incompatability. Mrs. Meyer had given birth to a daughter, who received the name of Mary. She is the heroine of this strange story from the banks of the Rhine.

DESERTED BY HER MOTHER.

Mrs. Meyer felt little or no motherly love for her daughter. On the contrary, she conceived a dislike for the unfortunate baby, simply because it was the child of the husband who had humiliated and deserted her. About a year after the birth of the baby, Mrs. Meyer entrusted it to the care of a peasant woman, to whom she paid the sum of $5 a month for its maintenance. Soon this tax on her slender income became irksome to her, and she disappeared from the neighborhood, leaving her little daughter in the care of the peasant woman, who naturally refused to be burdened with the maintenance of a child which had no claims on her whatever. After waiting a few months for the reappearance of the mother, the peasant woman handed over the little girl to the nearest public orphanage, in which she was reared and educated. The life of the little pauper orphan was not a happy one. She grew up under strict and harsh discipline, wearing an ugly uniform as a token of her dependence on public charity for her maintenance. At the earliest possible age she was obliged to do household work, sewing, washing and other duties. Scarcely had she passed her fourteenth birthday when she was sent out into the world to earn her own living as a domestic servant.

A LIFE OF DRUDGERY.

The next seven years of her life were one long round of continuous drudgery. She was kitchen maid, housemaid, nursery maid and maid-of-all-work in turn in a succession of modest homes. Her earnings never exceeded $5 a month, and were often considerably less. She never had more than two or three hours' recreation on one single day in a fortnight. Her lot was hard and her prospects in life hopeless. Finally, at the age of 21 she obtained a position as domestic servant in the house on the Rhine in which she is still living.

Her master and mistress are a venerable old pair who contrive to contribute to the happiness of those dependent on them. It is not a large house, but it is situated in its own grounds of two acres. Beside Mary Meyer, there are a cook and a gardener who helps about the house. There is an atmosphere of peace and contentment round about the whole establishment. The old couple—we will call them Schmidt, for they object to the publicity which has been indirectly forced upon them through their domestic servant — live harmoniously. They regard their servants as members of the household in quite a patriarchal fashion. Master and mistress share their joys and sorrows and take a personal interest in all the petty affairs of their lives. Mary Meyer, who has now been employed in this exceptional household for seven years, earns a monthly wage of $5. Her work is light, but includes sweeping and scrubbing floors. For the last two years she has been engaged to be married to the young gardener, who is only slightly older than herself. As a domestic servant she could hardly wish for anything better. But it was to be expected that she, like any other mortal, would jump at the chance of being transformed from a dependent wage-earner into a full-blow millionaire.

During the quarter of a century which has elapsed since Mary Meyer was cruelly abandoned by her parents great changes took place in their lives. Her father contracted another marriage, according to the wishes of his parents and became a wealthy man. His marriage was childless and turned out to be unhappy in other ways, and as years went on he became conscious of a desire to ascertain what had become of the daughter born to him before his divorce. He began a search, but it was unsuccessful. When he died a year or two ago he made his daughter Mary his sole heiress, subject to the payment of an annual allowance to his first wife, if she could be found. His second wife had died before him. After his death his lawyers were faced by the task of finding his divorced wife and deserted daughter.

SOUGHT BY MOTHER, TOO.

Meanwhile Mrs. Meyer had also contracted a second marriage with a man who gave her wealth and position. As years went on she too was troubled by her conscience regarding the fate of her daughter, but she feared to start investigations, for she felt that she could never confess to her husband how she had callously neglected her maternal duties. In course of time, however, her husband died, leaving her a comfortable fortune and some solid house and land property. She, too, had been childless in her second marriage, and when she was left alone in the world she felt a longing to be united to her deserted daughter.

While she was engaged in searching for her lost daughter, her first husband's lawyers succeeded in tracing her, and from that time she co-operated with them in hunting for the girl who had become a double heiress. Step by step they traced her course in life, from the cottage of the peasant woman, long dead and almost forgotten, to the orphanage and through successive phases of her career as a domestic drudge to the home on the banks of the Rhine, where she had found happiness.

On a fine summer morning a few weeks ago, the mother and laywers appeared at the Schmidt house and announced to the astonished pair that their servant, Mary Meyer, was the heiress to two fortunes. After the story had been made clear to them, Mary Meyer was summoned and informed that her long lost mother was there in person. The meeting was not marked by any great cordiality. Mary was shy in the presence of the grand lady, and her mother, on her side, was roughly disillusioned. It had been interesting enough to conduct the complicated search for the lost daughter, and the romance of the whole thing had appealed to her strongly, but it was an unpleasant shock to see the daughter wearing the attire of a servant. Her enthusiasm was killed in a moment, and she left the lawyers to explain the situation to the girl.

REFUSED A FORTUNE.

Mary Meyer now learned that her father hal left his entire fortune to her, amounting to over 1,000,000 marks. Her mother was willing to make her heiress to her own large fortune if Mary would come and live with her as her daughter. The prospect did not appear in the least alluring to the simple-minded servant. Alone among her sex she had no desire to be able to buy fine dresses and drive out in a gorgeous carriage with liveried coachman and footman to mark her grandeur. She perceived at once that if she became rich and went to live with her mother, she would certainly be prevented from marrying her sweetheart, the gardener Jonn. Within twenty-four hours she had resolved to reject the wealth and to refuse her mother's offer. She felt happy where she was and she feared to exchange the known, which gave her contentment, for the unknown which appeared to her as a new and unsympathetic world. The lawyers came and impressed upon her the appalling folly of her decision to reject worldly wealth and prosperity. Her master and mistress emphasized the gravity of her choice, which she would almost certainly regret in years to come. If her mother had exhibited real feeling and a real desire to reclaim her daughter, Mary Meyer would probably have been persuaded, but her mother remained aloof and did not attempt to influence her daughter.

So the wonder came about that the domestic servant, Mary Meyer, signed a document rejecting the legacy of her father's wealth and another document testifying that she had no desire to live with her mother or to become her mother's heiress. Mary Meyer, who could be a millionaire, remains a domestic servant with a monthly wage of $5. In a few weeks she will become the bride of John, the gardener, whose earnings amount to $5 a week. She will inhabit a cottage of four small rooms, and will have only the remotest chance of ever living in anything more cheerful than poverty.

WE CONVINCE SCEPTICS

Colds, Catarrh and Catarrhal Headache Relieved in 10 Minutes, and Cured, by Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Here's one of a thousand such testimonials. Rev. A. D. Buckley, of Buffalo, says: "I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of Catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy it gave most delightful relief. I now regard myself entirely cured."

Dr. Agnew's Pills are delightful. 40 doses 10 cents.

Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame St.

SMOKE! CAVENDISH MIXTURE! SOLD ONLY BY H. RAWLINS, 76 Bleury St

THE ARISTOCRATIC PIANO.

When people of the highest position and greatest culture purchase a piano it is usually a Heintzman & Co., made by "Ye Olde Firme" and sold only by C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine Street.—Advt.

TORONTO WON AGAIN.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—The city again scored against the Toronto Street Railway yesterday, when Mr. Justice Anglin set aside the stay of proceedings granted by the Master in Chambers in the $100 a day penalty suits against the company for non-performance of certain parts of the agreement. In all likelihood the company will appeal.

New mainspring in your watch from $1.00; guaranteed one year. R. Hemsley, Watchmaker, 255 St. James Street. —Adv.

SAULT STE. MARIE DIOCESE.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The official brief from Rome announcing the division of the diocese of Peterboro was received by Mgr. Sbaretti, Papal delegate, yesterday. The brief also confirmed the appointment of Rev. Father Scollard, parish priest of North Bay, as bishop of the new diocese thus formed. It will be known as the diocese of Sault Ste. Marie, and the seat of the bishopric will be at the town of that name. Bishop O'Connor will continue in residence at Peterborough in charge of the eastern and southern sections of the diocese. The division was made desirable by the rapid settlement of the Sault Ste. Marie, Nipissing and Nepigon districts, which formed part of Bishop O'Connor's diocese, probably one of the largest, if not the largest in Canada.

See page 20. A chance for a Trip to New York.

MR. BALFOUR'S WISH.

London, November 12.—Prime Minister Balfour, in a letter to a correspondent, referring to the dispassionate and harmonious discussions between German and English scientists at the recent meeting of the British Association, says: "I would that the disinterested community of aim, which thus binds together scientific men throughout the world in one international brotherhood, could extend its healing influence through all classes and interests."

MARTIN FOUND GUILTY, MRS. MARTIN ACQUITTED

Toronto, Nov. 12.—The trial of Alex. Martin and his wife for the murder of their child was concluded yesterday.

Chief Justice Falconbridge, in his charge to the jury, said that as far as the male prisoner was concerned, if the jury believed the evidence, and this was very straightforward, they could bring in nothing less than a verdict of murder. In the case of the woman the verdict might be murder of manslaughter or acquittal. He criticized the counsel for the woman for, on several occasions, imputing motives to the witnesses, and also for counsel's statement that it was unfair to exact two full grown lives for the life of an infant that had hardly entered into existence. That doctrine, said the judge, would not hold either in law or in morals. The evidence, he said, was very convincing, and was entirely uncontradicted.

The jury later brought in a verdict of guilty against Martin, and declared Mrs. Martin not guilty.

PATENT REPORT.

Owen N. Evans, Solicitor of Patents and Expert, Temple Building, reports the following United States patents granted to Canadians: Brush holders for electric generators, Isidor Deutsch; spraying apparatus, William H. Heard; safety device for razors, A. J. H. Lefebvre; shaft holder, William Dickie; safety commercial paper, James Rowan; corner guard or protector for trunks, Wilkie G. Fowler.

NORTH SEA AGREEMENT.

Text of the Amended Agreement Has Been Given Out.

London, November 12.—The text of the agreement between Russia and Great Britain for the formation of an international commission to inquire into the North Sea affair is published as amended.

The commission is to consist of five members, two of them to be officers of high rank in the navies of Great Britain and Russia respectively. France and the United States are to be requested to select each one commissioner, and the fifth to be selected by agreement between the four mentioned. If they do not agree the choice of the fifth is to be intrusted to a reigning monarth. By agreement of both sides, the commission will inquire and report upon all circumstances of the case, and particularly as to where the responsibility lies, and the degree of blame that ataches to those upon whom the responsibility if found to rest.

From Flour to your kitchen and never touches a hand — Purity Bread. James Strachan, Bakers to Royalty

BANKERS ELECTED NEW OFFICERS

Mr. E. S. Clouston Was Again Named Presiding Officer.

Toronto, November 12.—At the meeting of the Canadian Bankers' Association yesterday a committee was appointed to consider the formation of an institute of bankers, the members of which would be the present members of the Bankers' Association.

The following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—Mr. E. S. Clouston, Bank of Montreal.

Vice-presidents—Mr. Duncan Coulson, Bank of Toronto; Mr. Geo. Burn, Bank of Ottawa; Mr. H. Stikeman, Bank of British North America; Mr. M. J. A. Prendergast, Banque D'Hochelaga.

Council—Mr. B. E. Walker, Canadian Bank of Commerce; Mr. Thos. Fyshe, Merchants Bank of Canada; Mr. D. R. Wilkie, Imperial Bank of Canada; Mr. Hhos. McDougall, Quebec Bank; Mr. Jas. Mackinnon, Eastern Townships Bank; Mr. W. E. Stavert, Bank of New Brunswick; Mr. Jas. Elliot, Molsons Bank; Mr. P. A. Lafrance, La Banque Nationale; Mr. G. P. Reid, Standard Bank of Canada; Mr. T. G. Brough, Dominion Bank; Mr. E. L. Pease, Royal Bank of Canada; Mr. G. H. Balfour, Union Bank of Canada; Mr. D. R. Clarke, People's Bank of Halifax; Mr. H. S. Strathy, Traders Bank of Canada.

Doubles the Life of clothes—Fels-Naptha. Washes without the usual wear and tear.

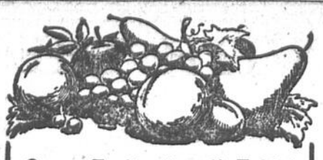
Fels-Naptha Philadelphia



"GOLD WATCH" FREE

To boys or girls or any one giving us a few minutes of their spare time. Send your name and address—no money—and we will send you, postage paid, and trust you with 25 of our assorted fancy jewellery novelties to sell or use at 10c. each. They sell easily, as each customer is entitled to a beautiful extra present from us. When sold, send us the money ($2.50) and we will send Free, all charges paid, this handsome guaranteed gold-la. American movement, $.50.00 size ring, Watch and Chain and if you send your order at once we will give as extra presents a pair of handsome gold laid Cu. Buttons and a fine solid gold shell Ring, plain engraved, or with brilliant stone setting, equal in appearance to rings costing $15 and $20; will wear for years. Order now and earn all four premiums. Address THE MUTUAL CREDIT CO., Dept. 7895 Colborne St., Toronto, Ont.

See page 20. A chance for a Trip to New York.



One "Fruit-a-tives" Tablet contains all the medicinal virtues of several apples, oranges, figs and prunes. In eating fruit, the part that does you good is almost counterbalanced by the indigestible pulp.

Fruit-a-tives or Fruit Liver Tablets

are the curative qualities without the woody fibre. The juices are so combined by the secret process that their action is much more powerful and efficacious. Try "FRUIT-A-TIVES." See how gently they act, and how quickly they cure you of Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Stomach, Headaches and Kidney Troubles.

At your druggist's. 50c. box.

FRUITATIVES, Limited, OTTAWA.

Punde & Boehm

2365 St. Catherine St.

The most up-to-date Hair Store in the city. Ladies and Gentlemen should call on us before giving their orders elsewhere. Our Wigs and Toupees are perfection in fit and finish. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PURE FOOD INSURES GOOD HEALTH MAGIC BAKING POWDER INSURES PURE FOOD.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

The PIANOLA

With the Metrostyle

The finest masterpiece ever composed would not be worth the hearing if barren of individual expression.

The Pianola, as it has been known, gave perfect means for playing with expression, and, in the hands of one skilful in music, was the embodiment of art.

But when the player lacked musical experience, there was a difference. Possessing perhaps great natural ability, but lacking knowledge how to apply it, we could not give the same artistic interpretation.

The value of the Metrostyle, which changes all this, is obvious. The Pianola, fitted with this wonderful improvement, is eloquent alike to the musician and the tyro.

May be purchased on easy monthly payments if desired.

PROGRAMME.
SATURDAY, NOV. 12th, 4 P.M.

1. La Sirene Valse .....Thome Pianola.
2. Stein Song (Prince of Pilsen) ..... Luders Pianola.
3. Waltz, op. 34, No. 1 ....Chopin Metrostyle-Pianola Piano.
   Signed thus: "The line on this roll indicates the tempo according to my interpretation."
   J. J. PADEREWSKI.
4. William Tell Overture...Rossini Orchestrelle.
5. Serenade d'Arlequin.....Thome Metrostyle-Pianola Piano.
   Signed thus: "The line marked on this roll has been indicated by me."—FR. THOME.
6. Serenade .....Diemer Pianola.
7. Polka Mazurka .....Jarvis Pianola.

SOLE AGENCY:

Pratte, Nordheimer & Glendon

2461 St. Catherine Street

Building Lot

One of the most economical lots in the centre of the city. Frontage 119 feet, depth 86 feet. Lane in rear. No waste land. This lot forms one of the best corners in town, and is in a good renting location.

H. L. Putnam,
1st FLOOR, TEMPLE BUILDING.

PICTURE FRAMES

Every day is bargain day. We don't give red, white or blue cash receipts, but our goods are 50 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else in Canada. G. W. WILLSON & CO., 688 Craig Street.

Fine Residence, Crescent Street, For Sale

Close to Sherbrooke street. A specially built and designed house, with all modern appointments, finished basement and extension kitchen. Suitable for a doctor.

H. L. Putnam,
1st FLOOR, TEMPLE BUILDING.

ST. ANTOINE & CRAIG STREETS
50 FEET FRONT FOR SALE

On north side at junction of St. Antoine and Craig Streets; area 3,812 feet; immediate possession. Remainder of block to St. Genevieve Street, comprising a further area of 6,000 feet, is also for sale. Best centrally situated factory site in the city. Plan and particulars at this office.

THE CRADOCK SIMPSON COMPANY,
MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING, 205 ST. JAMES STREET.

Results Are Sure Because Herald Wants Reach the People Who Buy, Sell or Rent

WHERE TO FIND HELP

Situations Wanted—Male.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — ENERGETIC WORKERS everywhere, to distribute circulars, samples and advertising matter. Good pay. No canvassing. Co-operative Advertising Co., New York. 268

WANTED — MATTRESS REMAKING, AT residences, from Nov. 14-19, 1-3 off regular prices. Fraser, "The Mattress Renovator," 425 Bourgeois st. 268

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION as bookkeeper or office clerk; willing to begin work on small salary. Michael A. Heron. 273

WANTED — BOOKS TO WRITE UP, statements and accounts to make out, or other clerical work in the evening. Terms moderate. K 436, Herald. 272

WANTED — BY CHINA BOY, SITUATION as cook. Apply 2321 St. Catherine st. 267

IF YOU WANT THE RIGHT MAN TO DO your house repairs, send postal to 121 Alexander st. High class furniture repairs. Glass put in. Moderate charges. 268

WANTED — SITUATION BY A SOBER young man; work of any kind; handy with tools; speaks French and English; has third class certificate as fireman. Apply Chas. R. Andrews, Agnes Post Office, Que. 267

Boots and Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES — WE MAKE BOOTS and shoes for straight or deformed feet. Specialty of repairing shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, water bottles, and everything made of rubber. A. HODINA, 4 Beaver Hall Hill.

Legal Cards.

MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN, Barristers, etc., Cornwall, Ont. D. B. Maclennan, K.C., C. H. Cline, F. J. Maclennan

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON, BARristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., Cornwall, Ont. Jas. Leitch, K.C., R. A. Pringle, J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., Richmond and Carling sts., London. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred. F. Harper.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Barristers, etc., 1724 Notre Dame st.

J. S. BUCHAN, K.C., ADVOCATE, ETC. Guardian Assurance Building, 160 St. James st., Montreal.

Property for Sale.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE, 371 METCALFE avenue, Westmount, 10 rooms, up-to-date, everything of the best; always open for inspection; good garden. Apply premises, or C. H. Binks, 575 St. Paul st. Telephone Main 416. 282

FOR SALE—HOUSE IN COTE ST. PAUL, and 3 farms in country—2 in Arundel. Will sell or exchange for small house in Montreal or vicinity. Particulars at 818 Cadieux st., forenoon or evenings.

100 LOTS FREE

Applicants sending stamp will receive deed of lot, size 25x100 feet. Suburb, New York. 20th Century Realty Co., 6 Wall Street, New York.

Personals.

PERSONAL — ARE YOU AWARE OF THE fact that right in your own city you have the main office of the Laurentian Publishing Company, which handles all kinds of books on the subscription plan? Drop a card for a catalogue of our special standards for holiday purposes. 406 Coristine Bldg. 269

Situations Wanted—Female.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL WISHES SITuation as good plain cook; no objection to good boarding house; must have 17 dollars month. Apply 166 St. Antoine st., upstairs. 267

For Sale.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

FOR SALE — ONE QUEBEC HEATER, No. 2. Apply 247 Hutchison st.

FOR SALE — A MACHINIST'S TOOL BOX, oak, one drawer, $4.00. 48 City Councillors st. 268

FOR SALE — A FIRST CLASS "WOOD" pedal organ, manufactured at Boston, and containing 8 sets of reeds. Cost originally $460. By way of advertisement we will sell this instrument to any society or church for $110 cash. For further particulars, apply to Layton Bros., 144 Peel st. 268

FOR SALE — KINDLING FOR THE MILlion. Kindling wood, $2.00; cut hard wood, $3.00; mill blocks, $1.75; tamarac blocks, $2.00 per load. Also anthracite coal. J. C. McDiarmid, 3 Canal Basin, corner Guy and William st. Tel. Main 462.

FOR SALE — 1 HORIZONTAL SELF-CONtained boiler, about 30 h.p., all fittings and stack complete. No further use for steam. Apply 16 Inspector st. 268

FOR SALE — ON VERY EASY TERMS, kitchen stoves, hall stoves, and everything for the house, at cheapest prices. The Prince Co., 33 St. Lawrence st.

FOR SALE—SAFES, FIRE AND BURGLAR proof, new and secondhand, at prices that defy competition. Largest stock in city. A. Ahern, Montreal Safe Works, 330 St. James st. Telephone Main 813.

To Let.

TO LET — ONE HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, WITH w.c., yard and shed, $12.00 per month; self-contained. Apply 223 Delisle. 269

Dogs—Wanted, Lost, Etc.

FOUND — A GREYHOUND. IF NOT claimed within three days, will be sold to pay expenses. Apply 417 Magdalen st., Pt. St. Charles. 267

LOST — RED COCKER SPANIEL PUPPY. Answers name "Buttons." Please return 426 Metcalfe avenue, Westmount, and receive reward. 267

Bookbinding

BOOK-BINDING — MERCHANTS SHOULD bear in mind that they will be needing new account books very soon. Order them early, and avoid any possible chance of delay. We will call on you and estimate on what you require. Herald Bindery, 603 Craig st.

Agents Wanted.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

BORDEAUX WINE MERCHANTS AND winegrowers, desirous of entering connections, would accept highly recommended agents having customers. Apply, with references, to T. C. Fehlmann & Co., Talence, Bordeaux. 249

AGENTS MAKE 500 PER CENT. PROFIT selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight. 800 varieties. Catalogue free. Sullivan Co., 1139 Maplewood ave., Chicago, Ill. 272

Cartage and Storage.

Have Your Furniture or Baggage Moved or Stored by
The Merchants' Express Co.
249 ST. JAMES. Phone—2233 Main.

Rooms and Board.

HERALD DIRECTORY.

For ROOMS, BOARD, OR TABLE BOARD. Persons desiring information regarding rates of rooms or boarding, as advertised below, may obtain same on calling at Herald Office, where records are kept for their accommodation.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

ROOMS — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, one large, suitable for married couple or two gentlemen. Our board strictly in advance. Apply 6 Major st. 267

ROOMS—TWO NICE FURNISHED ROOMS to let, on the flat floor, in a family; no children. No. 4356 St. Urbain st. 261

BOARD—MRS. DOCTOR SEARL STRICTly private accommodation for ladies, with professional attendance; ladies treated and attended. 25 St. Monique st. 272

ROOMS — ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN wishing to learn French, would find a nice, comfortable double room, also excellent table board. 150 Bern. 264

ROOMS — TO LET, TWO COMFORTABLY furnished rooms, on bath flat, suitable for gentlemen, hot water heating. Apply 2111 St. Catherine st. 271

ROOMS — TO LET, WELL FURNISHED and comfortable rooms, at 87 Union ave. 267

ROOMS — WITH BOARD, WELL FURnished, all conveniences; also table board, 6 tickets for $4.00, or $5.00 per week. 51 McGill College ave. 244

Undertakers and Embalmers.

J. C. WRAY & BRO., 290 Mountain st., and 123 St. Dominique. Uptown 2125, East 117.

WILLIAM WRAY, 1256 St. Catherine st. Uptown 2507.

ALBERT GRIFFITH, 673 Wellington street. Main 4415.

Educational.

PUPILS WANTED — LADIES, TO LEARN the American Queen method for cutting dresses, sleeves, cokes, in all the new designs. Address Teacher, care Herald. 273

MRS. JESSIE KELLOND, TEACHER OF piano, mandolin, banjo and catarrh. 60a City Councillors street. 288

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE, A SECONDhand No. 8 range; state price, where it can be seen. Apply Box 25, Herald Office.

Wanted to Rent.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

WANTED — HOUSE OR FLAT, IN WESTmount or western part of the city; must contain at least eight rooms; moderate rent. Apply Box K 433, Herald Office. 270

Medical

OCULIST AND AURIST — DR. THAYER, Specialist for Throat and Ear Diseases. A2757 St. Catherine st. Squint or cross eye cured in one minute. 269

Lost.

LOST — GRAY SQUIRREL. STOLE IN Westmount. Finder please leave it at E. H. Wartman's, 340 Victoria ave., Westmount. 267

Gents' Tailoring

E. McCONKEY,

2600 ST. CATHERINE ST., MONTREAL. The Eastern Townships Tailor, is showing a full line of Suitings and Overcoatings. Give him a call.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

WHERE TO FIND WORK

Situations Vacant.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT; NO washing; an excellent place; housemaid kept. 4067 Dorchester st. 267

WANTED — NON-UNION COMPOSITORS for large job office in Manitoba, scale $18.50; steady position; expenses guaranteed; competent workmen only. Apply McIntyre, Walker House, Toronto. 268

WANTED — EVERYWHERE, HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc. No canvassing. Good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago. 249

WANTED — AT ONCE, YOUNG, INTELligent lady clerk for cigar, news depot and candy store in West End of city; good wages for respectable party. Hours: 8 a.m., three nights off at 6.30 p.m., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 p.m.; to work Sunday afternoons from 1 to 6 p.m. Write K 434, Herald Office. 267

WANTED — A BOY FOR MAIL ROOM. Apply Herald Mail Room, Chenneville street. 249

WANTED — GOVERNESS, FOR TWO children, boy nine, girl seven. Teach English, French, music. Must be refined and cultured, with good references. Address, stating full particulars as to qualifications and experience, and salary expected. John V. Bacot, Utica, N.Y., U.S.A.

WANTED — TWO COLLEGE STUDENTS, who would like to make extra money in spare time, to handle the Edwin Booth edition of Shakespeare. A1 proposition for two live men. Laurentian Publishing Company, Montreal. 269

Miscellaneous.

PLEASANT SUNDAY AFTERNOON SOCIety. Mr. Roswell Fisher will lecture in the Fraser Hall, No. 9 University st., on Sunday, the 13th, at 3 p.m. Subject, "Some Social Superstitions." All are invited. 268

YOUR PIANO TUNED, REGULATED AND cleaned, $1.50; by John Cross, Practical Tuner and Repairer, late head tuner for Karn Piano Co. Telephone East 494, or postal to office, 444 Amherst st. 268

Horses and Carriages.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

FOUND — ANY PERSON HAVING LOST a horse since the 30th of October, can get same at 7 Perrault lane. If not claimed in three days will be sold for expenses. 267

Business Chances.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

WANTED — PARTNER. OFFICE MAN, with $1500 to $3000 or $5000. Very profitable contracts. Established business, A1 reputation. Fred. B. Cole, 138a St. James st. 267

FOR SALE OR RENT — TWO PHOTO studios, in the two best towns in the great and growing County of Aroostook, State of Maine. For particulars, address J. Prescot Davis, Presque Isle, Maine. 270

Marriage Licenses
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street and 49 Crescent Street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Issued by Arthur W. Wilks. WILKS & MICHAUD, ACCOUNTANTS, Merchants Bank Building, Tel. M. 4125. Evenings, 648 Plessis st., Tel. E. 2252.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS REGISTERED
PROCURED IN ALL COUNTRIES
E. J. FETHERSTONHAUG & CO
SOLICITORS AND EXPERTS, MONTREAL.

WHERE TO FIND WORK

Situations Vacant.

£2 Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

TELEGRAPH OPERATING, AS TAUGHT by our expert train dispatchers, leads to employment at good salary. Competent men are always in demand. Send for booklet. Dept. "H.," Dominion Business College, Toronto.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, GOOD SHOEmaker; steady job to good man. 92 St. Lawrence st. 267

WANTED — BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIenced man, with good references. Apply 169 Craig st. 267

WANTED — FIRST CLASS MILLINER; also apprentices. Apply Wesmount Millinery Co., 4241 St. Catherine st. 273

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family; must understand plain cooking, no washing or ironing; good wages; references required. Apply 26 Seymour ave. 267

A PERMANENT AND PLEASANT POSItion, at good pay, is a certainty if you will take a course in telegraphy at our school. Our fine new telegraph book, explaining everything, mailed free. Write for it to-day. Dominion School of Telegraphy, 9 Adelaide East, Toronto. 249

WANTED — SMART YOUNG GIRL OR boy, to attend phone and assist with light housework. 87 Union ave. 270

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply, with references, 238 Stanley street. 267

WANTED— TWO SMART MESAGE BOYS. Apply Herald Job Room, 603 Craig st.

WANTED — A JUNIOR HAND FOR AN office; give references. Address K 435, Herald Office. 267

WANTED — A GOOD STRONG BOY, TO learn newspaper press. Apply Foreman Newspaper Press, Herald Office, 603 Craig street. tf

ARE YOU DESIROUS OF BECOMING A telegraph operator. If so, write for our prospectus and terms. The only School of Telegraphy in Canada recommended by railway officials. Many young men, graduates of other institutions teaching telegraphy, having failed to pass the official examination of operators came to see us in order to become competent telegraphers. Address Canadian School of Telegraphy, Queen and Young sts., Toronto, Canada.

WANTED — GENTLEMEN OR LADIES; $800 per year and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. Address M. A. O'Keefe, District Manager, 157 Bay street, Toronto.

WANTED — MEN, BETWEEN 25 AND 60, to take permanent and paying positions at fixed salaries and commissions. One hundred openings ready; honest work required. For particulars, address Luke Bros. Co., Montreal. 280

WANTED—RESPECTABLE AND INTELligent persons to solicit orders for nursery stock; to the right parties I can offer the best inducements; best time in the year to make a start. Apply for terms, at once, to E. D. Smith, Winona, Ont.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL OR MIDDLEaged woman to look after child of two years; small flat. Apply 651 City Hall ave. 268

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT OR young girl, to assist in housework. Apply 4294 St. Catherine st. 268

Business Cards.

J. A. FINLAYSON (SUCCESSOR TO FINlayson & Grant), Customs Broker and Forwarder, Warehouseman, 415 and 417 St. Paul st., Montreal. Heated Storage, Bond or Free. Telephone Main 1303. P.O. Box 424.

Picture Framing.

LET US DO YOUR FRAMING!
Neatness and Cheapness Combined Is Our Motto.
MALONE MOULDING & FRAMING CO.
42 Beaver Hall Hill.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MONTREAL TIME BILL.

Corrected to Oct. 9, 1904.

ST. JOHN, N.B., HALIFAX—Lv. †7.25 p.m. Ar. (x) 8.35 a.m.

TORONTO, HAMILTON, ST. LOUIS, MO., CHICAGO — Lv. †9.30 a.m., *10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., †7.15 p.m

WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. *9.40 a.m. Ar. *6.30 p.m.

S. S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m.

OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger, †8.20 a.m., †5.35 p.m. Ar. †12.40 p.m., †10.45 pm. Lv Windsor st., †8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m., †4.00 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m., †11.45 a.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

QUEBEC—Lv. †8.45 a.m., 2.00 p.m., §3.30, *11.30 p.m. Ar. *8.30 a.m., †2.50 p.m., †6.45 p.m., *6.30 p.m.

BOSTON—Lv. *9.00 a.m., *7.45 p.m. Ar. *8.15 a.m., *8.15 p.m.

VAUDREUIL—Lv. †8.45 a.m., †9.30 a.m., §10 a.m., (f) 1.30 p.m., †4.00 p.m., †4.15 p.m., (g) 5.15 p.m., *10 p.m., *10.10 p.m.. Ar. *7.35 a.m., *8 a.m., †8.40 a.m., †12.15 p.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., †7.15 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

SHERBROOKE — Lv. †8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m., †7.25 p.m. Ar. (x) 8.35 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †7.05 p.m.

JOLIETTE—Lv. †8.45 a.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. †8.50 a.m., †5.45 p.m.

BERTHIER—Lv. †8.45 a.m., (f)2.00 p.m., †8.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., (g)8.50 a.m., *2.45 p.m., †6.45 p.m.

ST. JEROME—Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (f) 1.40 p.m., †5.20 p.m., (a) 6.25 p.m. Ar. †8.30 a.m., §9.50 a.m., †7.00 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

STE AGATHE—Lv 9.00 a.m., 5.20 p.m. Ar. (g) 8.40 a.m., †9.50 am, 6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

LABELLE — (m) 9.00 a.m., *5.20 p.m. Ar. (g)8.40 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †10.50 a.m., (m)6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

*Daily †Week days. §Sunday only. (g) Monday only. ‡Daily except Saturday. (z) Daily except Monday. (a) Daily except Saturday and Sunday. (b) Friday. (t) Saturday only. (m) Thursday only.

INTERCOLONIAL.

LOCAL—Lv. 7.40 a.m., 4.40 p.m., 11.45 p.m. Arr. 10.30 a.m., 10.00 p.m.

MARITIME EXPRESS—Lv. 12.00 noon daily except Saturday. Arr.—6.00 p.m. daily except Monday. Leaves Levis 12.45 p.m. Arr. in Montreal 6 p.m. Mondays only.

OCEAN LIMITED—Lv. 7.30 p.m., daily except Saturday. Arr. 7.45 a.m., daily except Monday.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

For Malone, Utica, Albany and New York, 9.00 a.m. daily ex. Sunday, 7.30 p.m. daily. For Valleyfield and Intermediate points, 10.20 a.m., 2 p.m. and 6.10 p.m. daily except Sunday, 9.45 a.m. Sunday only.

Arrive as follows:

From New York, Albany, Utica and Malone, 9.10 a.m. daily, 10.10 p.m. daily ex. Sunday. From Valleyfield and Intermediate points, 8.25 a.m., 1.25 p.m. daily except Sunday, 4.30 p.m. daily except Sunday, 9.30 p.m. Sunday only.

CENTRAL VERMONT.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK—Lv. 9.00 a.m., 6.40 p.m. Ar. 7.25 a.m., 8.10 p.m., 10.15 p.m.

DELAWARE AND HUDSON.

NEW YORK—8.45 a.m., 11.10 a.m., 7.40 p.m. Ar. 7.15 a.m., 3.15 p.m., 7.35 p.m.

RUTLAND RAILROAD.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK—Lv. 8.50 a.m. and 7.10 p.m. Ar. 7.30 a.m., 9.40 p.m.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

THANKSGIVING DAY

Round trip tickets will be sold between all stations at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going Dates—November 16th and 17th.
Return Limit—November 21st, 1904.

THE MOOSE

OPEN SEASON IN

Quebec ..... Sept 1st.
New Brunswick } Sept. 15th
Nova Scotia. . }

ENGLISH MAIL TRAIN

Until the close of navigation a special express will leave Montreal at 7.45 p.m. on FRIDAYS, for Rimouski and intermediate points, connecting with the Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers at Father Point.

Trains leave Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFFICE:
143 St. James St. and Bonaventure Station.

THE GREAT NORTHERN RY. OF CANADA

Trains leave Corner Moreau and St. Catherine Sts.

For L'Assomption, L'Epiphanie, Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Grand Mere and Quebec, 8.50 a.m.

For Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Grand Mere, New Glasgow, 5.35 p.m.

For Montfort Division, close connections with C.P. trains leaving Montreal 4.30 p.m.

Trains Arrive as follows:

From New Glasgow, Lachute, Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Grand Mere, etc., 9.15 a.m.

From Quebec and intermediate stations, 6.00 p.m.

Saturday afternoon and Sunday passenger trains on the Montfort Division of the Great Northern Railway of Canada have been discontinued, and passengers for 15 Island Lake, Arundel, etc., will leave Montreal:

Week days, 5.30 p.m., from Place Viger, returning 9.50 a.m.

Rutland Railroad

Windsor Street Station.

Trains Leave as Follows:

8.50 A.M.—DAY EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 11.55 a.m., Troy 4.20 p.m., Albany 4.50 p.m., New York 8.45 p.m., Boston 8 p.m., Worcester 7.32 p.m.

7.10 P.M.—NIGHT EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 10.10 p.m., Troy 2.50 a.m., New York 7.17 a.m., Boston 7.00 a.m., Worcester 6.27 a.m.

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor cars on through trains.

Secure accommodations and tickets at 141 St. James Street, and Windsor Station.

T. M. FALLON,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MONTREAL PARK & ISLAND RAILWAY

LACHINE—From Post-Office—20 min. service, 6.40 a.m. to 11.40 p.m. Last car at 12 midnight. From Lachine—20 min. service, 5.50 a.m. to 11.50 p.m. Last car 12.50 a.m.

SAULT AU RECOLLET—From Craig and Chenneville—40 min. service, 6.15 a.m. to 11.30 a.m.; 30 min. service, 11.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. Last car 12 midnight. From Sault au Recollet—45 min. service, 5.30 a.m. to 11.15 p.m.; 30 min. service, 12.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m.

MOUNTAIN—From Mt. Royal Ave.—20 min. service, 6.40 a.m. to 11.40 p.m. From Victoria Avenue, Westmount—20 min. service, 7.0 a.m. to 12.10 a.m.

CARTIERVILLE—From Snowdon's Junction—40 min. service, 6.00 a.m. to 12.00 midnight. From Cartierville—40 min. service, 6.40 a.m. to 11.40 p.m.

MONTREAL BELT LINE—Special Belt Line service as required, via St. Catherine St. Extra cars will be run on all lines as required. For extra cars for Lachine, take Notre Dame cars to connect at Cote St. Paul. For extra cars for Sault au Recollet, take

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

THE PIERCED SCROLL SETTING

No form of ring is more beautiful or pleasing, if the band be rightly shaped and proportioned. Naturally, we believe that a Birks' Scroll Setting is perfect; made so by our own expert workmen, to contain and display to the best advantage the perfect Birks' Diamond.

Selections of rings in these settings sent on approval to responsible parties.

Henry Birks and Sons

Goldsmiths, Silversmiths,

Phillips Square.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

ONE FIRST-CLASS FARE

To all Stations in Canada
Port Arthur and East.
Going November
16 and 17.

THANKSGIVING DAY

Good to return until Nov. 21st, 1904.

TICKET OFFICE:
129 St. James St. (next P.O.)

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THANKSGIVING DAY

November 17, 1904.

Quebec - - -	$4.50	Toronto, - - -	$10.00
Sherbrooke, -	$3.35	Hamilton. - - -	$10.65
Ottawa. - - -	$3.50	London, - - -	$12.95
Detroit, - -	$15.00	Port Huron, - -	$14.85

And all other points in Canada, also Massena Springs, N.Y., and Intermediate Stations, and Return at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going Dates—Nov. 16 and 17.
Return Limit—Nov. 21, 1904.

World's Fair Tickets on Sale Daily.

CITY TICKET OFFICES:
137 ST. JAMES STREET, Telephone Main 460 and 461, or Bonaventure Station.

KING'S BODYGUARD.

The latest word to His Majesty King Edward, which is the English bodyguard of gentlemen-at-arms, is limited in number, is composed of officers who have seen secret service and who are of a certain height and under 50 years of age at the time of appointment. His Majesty personally appoints the officers who form the English guard, and the appointment is looked upon as a great prize. The gentlemen-at-arms receive pay and there are called upon for duty on the occasion of all court ceremonies in London or Windsor, but they are never taken away from England. Their post is a very good one, and they constantly have the honor of entertaining royalty. The captain of the gentlemen-at-arms is a political position and carries with it a salary of $6,000 a year.

Appetite Was Poor.

Dizzy Most of The Time.

Could Not Sleep at Night.

Many people are unaware of having anything wrong with their heart or nerves till some little excitement or overwork makes them feel faint and dizzy, or perhaps simply going up or down stairs causes dizziness and specks to float before the eyes. People troubled in this way should heed the warning, and not fail to take treatment before something more serious occurs.

For all heart and nerve troubles there is nothing to equal

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

We do not claim that they will cure chronic heart disease, but we do claim that they will strengthen the weak heart, and build up the shaky nerve system.

Here is what Mrs. Sidney Hoffman, Hillside, Ont., says:—

"I was troubled greatly with my heart, and was so very nervous that the least little thing startled me.

"My appetite was very poor; I could not sleep at nights, and was dizzy most of the time. I took three boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and I am very pleased to say that they did me a wonderful lot of good."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, or 3 for $1.25. All druggists, or mailed direct.

THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED,
TORONTO, ONT.

WITH THE FARMER.

Live Stock.

Teaching Horses to Back.

The young horse only knows what it is taught, and the time to teach is when it is young. After being mannered to halter the young animal is easily taught to back by the trainer pressing the fingers of one hand between the shoulder and the breastbone and using the other hand at the halter strap simply to keep the colt straight in line, to back in any desired direction. "Don't try to force the colt backward by 'yanking' at the halter or bit, but simply press in this sensitive chest cavity with the fingers, and the colt will naturally go backward, provided there is nothing of any obstruction behind it. When this pressure has been made to the front and the colt has moved backward (if it is only one step) it should be rewarded for this action; then try it again. About the third time this pressure has been made it is a good time to associate the word 'back' with the pressure, and the reader will be surprised to see how soon the colt will comprehend what is wanted and how willingly the young thing complies with our every wish as soon as it understands what is wanted."

Does it Pay to Groom Horses In Winter?

A good many people claim that horses are better for not being groomed in winter. They argue that the horse does just as well and sheds his coat better in the spring. Others, again, claim that the grooming is as necessary as the feed. Between these two extremes lies the truth. It must be admitted that the horse which is not groomed through the winter is more likely to have a good new coat early in the spring. The very fact that so much old hair is on the horse is an additional stimulus to the system to throw it off; in much the same way as an extra dose of physic is an incentive to the bowels to throw it off. But the causes rendering a physic necessary are in themselves injurious, just as the causes of the more complete shedding of the coat in spring are detrimental to the animal's welfare. So the fact that an ungroomed animal loses its old coat more readily does not prove that the presence of the old hair is beneficial; rather the contrary.

Another reason why the ungroomed animal loses its hair first is that the glands of the skin are less healthy and the muscles more flabby. Combing and brushing strengthens the hair roots. This is found to be the case with people as well as horses. But this, though helping to explain why groomed horses hold their coats longer, is not an argument against grooming. As a matter of fact it proves that grooming promotes a more healthy condition of the root hairs and glands of the skin. Moderate grooming being beneficial to the body, lessens the necessity of getting rid of the coat. The lack of it results in unhealthy conditions of the skin and stimulates the system to increased effort in getting rid of old coat. This is in accordance with the well-known laws of physiology and strengthens the claim that moderate grooming is a benefit, though involving the incidental disadvantage of delay in the shedding of hair.

The main point is whether the work will pay. Ordinarily, we believe it will pay to spend some time on all animals that are confined. It is possible to overdo it and spend much more time than is profitable. It is quite possible to waste time by brushing over the dirt instead of brushing it out. Merely smoothing the hair down and combing out the mane does little good except for immediate appearance. The kind of brushing that benefits the horse is the ruffling of the hair followed by a quick outward and upward movement of the brush instead of a mere smoothing one. There is a knack in grooming a horse, which must be acquired by practice, but the essential point to remember is to get the dirt out of hair, instead of covering it up. A properly groomed horse may not look so well after the operation as one groomed the other way, but he will be the better for it, will feel better, do better and will ultimately look better. Give the horses a cleaning, then, whenever you can spare the time if you would get most value for your feed. Finally, do not go at it as if you wanted to nail all the hair out. A horse with a sensitive skin very properly resents this kind of treatment. Brushing and combing is a good thing for a person's hair but to be endurable the operation must be performed with reasonable care. It is the same with the horse. Use the curry-comb sparingly. Brushing is better in the end for the horse's coat and vastly better for his temper.

Fall Care of Calves.

Keep the calves growing at a comfortable. Allow them to be out during pleasant and sunshiny days, but see that they are housed when cold, biting winds blow, also from rain and snow. They should be provided with snug stalls into which the sunlight can enter.

Remember the calf makes the cow of the future, and the cow depends on the kind of treatment which the calf receives, writes A. C. Macpherson in the Country Gentleman; therefore the general management should be such as will give full development to all parts of the system. They will need extra care during the cold season, but the care will be well repaid during the coming season.

Grow the calves from the first. Handle them kindly; after they will soon become accustomed to it, and if kept up until calves, much of the nervousness which we see in the young cow will be done away with.

If the calves are to be kept for dairy cows, see that they have all the qualifications for a place in the dairy herd. Examine the udder at an early age, and see that there is no malformation; occasionally one will be found with three or five teats, always an undesirable number. Sometimes there will be a double teat, which would prove a trouble in feeding. Select the finest animal. So it is best to be choosy and all such, pedigree or no pedigree.

Examine them for lice in the spring; if they do not thrive, as they should under generous food and care, lice may be irritating them and sapping their life. Persian insect power may be dusted freely in their hair. A Dutch remedy is to smear thoroughly, rubbing a ring around the neck also a circle of grease around the nose. A small portion of sulphur may be added to the lard, to each feed, which is given to the calf twice a week until the enemy is routed.

Give the youngsters a cool feed as will make growth, but is not needed in the calves' rations. Their winter food should be clover, hay, oats, bran, bright straw and roots. Hay should be given until cows from which they are turned out to pasture in the spring, as long as they will eat it. It is wonderful strengthening from grass alone. A lick of bran will also be appreciated.

Turn out where they can have access to it at will.

Refrigeration in Argentina.

It is said to be an ill wind that blows no good. So, while the British embargo against cattle from Argentina was most severely felt in South America at the time, it has been the means of gradually building up the packing interests of the republic in a manner that might have been delayed for many years had it not been brought about through the agency of this enactment. When Argentina could not export live cattle to the British market the only alternative was to kill the cattle at home and ship the dressed product, or else go out of the business. The following statistical publications of the province of Buenos Ayres, we learn that during the past year two concerns, with an average capital of $850,000, have gone into the business of meat refrigeration, in addition to three large concerns already established, which employ 3,160 operatives and have an annual capacity of 500,000 cattle and 7,000,000 sheep. The growth of the Argentine business is shown in the following table giving the number of cattle slaughtered in refrigeratin plants during the years from 1897 to 1903, inclusive:

Year.	Sheep.	Cattle.
1897	2,232,526	13,752
1898	2,597,795	17,904
1899	2,569,185	31,690
1900	2,564,678	68,982
1901	2,709,965	133,060
1902	3,501,319	212,202
1903	3,899,990	272,903

Since Argentina can no longer ship live stock to its leading market, it has wisely taken to the next best means of selling its great product. While Argentina is a long way yet from becoming an active menace to the Canadian and American export meat trade, it has in the past been able to make inroads into the export cattle business, and must eventually become a power in the market trade in refrigerated meats.

The Dairy Industry.

Improving Ontario Cheese.

Mr. G. A. Putnam, Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes in Ontario, has received an interesting report from the chief instructor for Eastern Ontario, Mr. C. G. Publow, who has been visiting a number of wholesale cheese houses in Montreal. He states that the September and October cheese outputs received from Ontario by these houses, and intended chiefly for shipment to Britain, are superior to those of any previous year. The quality is more uniform and of a higher grade, and this improvement is held to be due, in a large measure, to the systematic instruction which has been carried on in Ontario during the last two years. The chief instructor for Western Ontario, Mr. S. H. Barr, reports the same satisfactory conditions in his district. Mr. Putnam has also received answers from several instructors to a circular letter, which he sent out some time ago with a view to securing hints and suggestions toward continued improvement. Some of the replies are to the effect that a number of factories should have cooler curing rooms and better drainage; that cheesemakers should reject all tainted and over-ripe milk, and be more observant in several important details of the work. One instructor thinks factory-owners should have no option, but that instruction should be compulsory.

Progress In Dairying.

"In many instances the man behind the cow," careless or ignorant of his own best interests, forms his dairy herd from cows bred away from dairy lines, gives them insufficient food and vainly awaits the prosperity that never comes. He must not expect 6 per cent. milk from the two per cent. animal."

Here is the secret of success tersely told:—The dairyman or farmer who is feeding a good cow in a niggardly way, or who is generously passing good feed to a counterfeit cow of the blue-milk variety, is defeating his own purpose.

The first essential for success in dairying is the herd of cows adapted to the purpose, the next good pasturage or green feed from other sources in season and out of season, if possible from the silo. These, attended with regular and careful attention as regards feed and milking and intelligent methods of disposing of the products of the dairy in the most profitable way, will bring success.

Under such conditions the results of dairying will unquestionably compare favorably with almost any other line of agricultural industry.

The Source of Fat in Milk.

The idea which was so long held by farmers, and which seemed to commend itself to the ordinary intellect, that the percentage of butter fat in milk was appreciably regulated by the food consumed by the cow, has in later years been confuted, and, in fact, disproved by scientific experts. Of course, that the quantity of the yield is liable to be largely influenced by the manner of feeding and general management is not disputed, but it seems to be clearly shown that the proportion of fat — otherwise the quality of the milk — is decided by the inherited or individual properties of the animal, the contention being that a cow will give rich, medium, or poor milk, not according as she is fed, but according as she is bred or constituted. An interesting series of experiments bearing on this subject has been conducted at the New York Experiment Station with the primary object of ascertaining the source of fat in milk, and the following instructive results have been arrived at:

1. A cow fed during ninety-five days on a ration from which the fat had been all nearly extracted continued to secrete milk similar to that produced when fed on the same kind of hay and grain in their normal condition.

2. The yield of milk fat during the ninety-five days was 62.91 lb. The food fat eaten during this time was 11.6 lb., of only of which was digested, consequently at least 52.2 lb. of the milk fat must have had some other source than the food fats.

3. The milk fat could not have come from previously stored body fat. This assertion is supported by three considerations. (1) The cow's body could have contained scarcely more than 60 lb. of fat at the beginning of the experiment; (2) she gained 47 lb. in body weight during this period of time with no increase of body nitrogen, and was judged to be much fatter at the end; (3) the formation of this quantity of milk fat could have caused a marked depletion of condition which, based on the estimate that 3.5 lb. of fat are contained in 100 lb. of milk of average richness, would have required the production of 1,800 lb. of milk, containing 1,664 lb. of water and solid constituents.

4. During fifty-nine consecutive days 388 lb. of milk fat were secreted, and the urine nitrogen was equivalent to 37.9 lb. of protein. According to any accepted method of interpretation not over 17 lb. of fat could have been produced from this amount of metabolised protein.

5. The quantity of milk secreted bore a definite relation neither to the digestible protein eaten nor to the extent of the protein stored in the body. In view of these facts it is suggested that the well-known favorable effect on milk secretion of a narrow nutritive ratio is due in part to a stimulative, and not only to a constructive function of the protein.

6. The composition of the milk bore no definite relation to the amount and kind of food.

7. The changes in the proportion of milk solids were due almost wholly to changes in the percentage of fat.

Selecting a Bull.

Selecting a bull qualified to improve a dairy herd, is one of the most difficult tasks for the average farmer. The fact that cows alone are bought as calves, when in most cases surplus flesh covers defects, and young age can only partly give a fair picture of the grown animal, only complicates the matter.

No experienced dairyman, anxious to improve his herd, will buy his future sire as a calf. He should at least be a yearling, and a two-year-old is still more desirable, because the calves of the latter will show more vigor and vitality, and be larger in most cases. The production of the dam and conformity of dam and sire should be well investigated, not only as to large flow of milk, but also as to quality, and this should especially be done in the selection of a Holstein bull.

My experience as a breeder has convinced me that, in order to get 100 per cent. milk out of a dairy cow, no matter what her breed, the different parts of her body must have a certain percentage of proportion to each other, and to fix this percentage in the offspring, I would select the sire, not only by exterior characteristics, but measure him, and require the same measruement as in the cow, with a few variations, as to head, neck, etc.

The size of the animal, as long as he has passed his first year, is immaterial, as thep roportion of body would be the same as in the grown animal. Of course I should also require the desirable points, perceptible to eye and hands, a straight back, correct standing, mellow skin (but not a paper hide), good secretion, lively but not treacherous eye, gentle disposition, etc. But the right make-up of the body the cow must have, to enable her to produce the largest flow of milk, cannot be measured with the eye, but requires the tape measure, which is, in my firm opinion and experience, the only true guide for the farmer's selecting either a bull or a cow.—E. B.

a bull ro a cow.—E. B.

A Montreal Fruit Inspector says:—In examining the fruit being shipped to the Old Country from Montreal I notice a large number of barrels of Stark and Ben Davis apples and other late winter varieties. I do not think there is as much excuse for shipping Stark or Ben Davis in October as there is for shipping Northern Spy in August; and the practice should be recognized as distinctly detrimental to the fruit trade.

These apples will not be fit for consumption for three months, and yet if shipped now they go direct to the consumers, who will find them scarcely more palatable than a Swede turnip. When the question of shipping immature fruit is being discussed, it should not be forgotten that to ship late winter varieties as early as this is quite as reprehensible as shipping fall varieties in August and September.

HAMILTON'S

FROM 8 A.M. TO 10 A.M.

VERY Special Bargains Offerings

8 to 10 A.M. MONDAY MORNING

As we are sure to crowd the Store with such Special Bargains as the following, we have decided to offer them at from 8 to 10 a.m. only, Monday, being the best time for shopping, specially when you have the opportunity to procure good serviceable Merchandise at your own price.

GOOD HEAVY CANTON FLANNEL for

It is not often you can buy a good HEAVY CREAM CANTON FLANNEL, with twilled back, fine soft finish. Regular 10c value. Between 8 and 10 a.m. Monday, per yard 5c

A Bargain Wanted by every Woman

25 dozen of the NEW PLUSH LINED UNDERWEAR; Vests, long sleeves, high neck, button front, sateen finish, lace trimmed — with Drawers to match. The regular price for these is 60c piece. From 8 to 10 a.m. Monday, you'll buy them at, each 39c

Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns for

LADIES' GOWNS, made of good heavy Striped Flannelette, full width and length, turn down collar, trimmed around sleeves and collar with frill. From 8 to 10 a.m. Monday, one to a customer at 25c

BABY'S OWN SOAP for

Well known by every lady. Needless to give further explanation. And every lady knows too — she can't buy it less than 10c cake elsewhere. From 8 to 10 a.m. Monday, per cake 7c

$3.00 WOOL BLANKETS for

Only 10 pairs to offer, good double bed size, soft, heavy finish, fancy borders, whipped ends. While they last, Monday, from 8 to 10 a.m., per pair.... $1.75

25c GAS GLOBES for

½ GROSS NEW GLASS GAS GLOBES, all fancy designs. Regular 25c value. Monday, from 8 to 10 a.m., each.... 12½c

A VERY SPECIAL CUT PRICE IN GROCERY

FINEST NEW SEASON TOMATOES, crop 1904. From 8 to 10 a.m. Monday, $1.50 dozen tins, or, per tin 10c

GOOD ENAMEL FLOOR OIL CLOTH for

2 YDS. WIDE LANCASTER FLOOR OILCLOTH, enamelled finish, new fall patterns and colorings. Good value at 35c. yard. Special, Monday, 8 to 10 a.m., at, per square yard 17½c

FOR ALL DAY

After 10 a.m. and for the balance of the day, as far as we close the Store, at 6 p.m., you'll find very special Bargains in every section.

Don't pass our Mantle and Suit Department without having a look through our Special Lines of Ladies' and Childrens' Coats and Suits on sale Monday.

QUIET MOMENTS.

Fellowship in Heaven.

Jesus plainly taught in one of his prayers that his disciples shall be with him in heaven. One of the most inspiring thoughts in the entire gospel is that Jesus earnestly desires our companionship. He cannot be satisfied without it. It is one of those yearnings which he saw fit to put into a prayer. Fellowship means more than being near to one another. It means friendship, harmony, interchange of thought and feeling. Mind meets mind, heart touches heart, soul mingles with soul. It is not necessary that two friends should be equal, but it is necessary that they be congenial; for "how can two walk together except they be agreed?" He seeks the society of his disciples for the pleasure their society gives him.

But the Christian shall be with all those whom Jesus has redeemed out of the world—the patriarchs and prophets, the apostles and martyrs, the noble men whom we have never seen, but of whom we have read, and that happy throng of holy men and women whom we have known on the earth. Our fellowship will not be as it is here. Our relations will not be as they are here. In one respect at least those relations will be far better. In this world good men do not always see eye to eye. The best of friends often differ, and debate and dispute. In some cases their controversies are attended with too much acrimony. Paul and Barnabas did not see eye to eye at one time. The contention between them was so sharp that they parted asunder. Yet they were good men. Paul was one of the grandest heroes that ever unfurled the banner of the cross, and Barnabas was "a good man, full of the Holy Ghost and of faith."

John Wesley and Mr. Whitefield did not see eye to eye at all times. Mr. Wesley did not always agree perfectly with his brother Charles. Notwithstanding these ripples on the surface of the fellowship of the saints in this world, it is a great blessing to mingle with those who trust in the same God, follow the same Saviour, enjoy the same hope, fight the same battles, and journey to the same country. But the fellowship of the saints will be far better in heaven. Paul and Barnabas understand each other perfectly in heaven. John Wesley and all his fellow-laborers are of one mind and soul in heaven. Methodists who come up to heaven from the South will not stand aloof from their brethren who have served God in the North. Different denominations will not prevail there, and the accidents of belief and interpretation and taste which cause so much asperity will not disturb our fellowship in the New Jerusalem.

Religious Thought.

One who begins taking part in a meeting in only the smallest ways will develop his abilities until he attains great proficiency.

* * *

The life that does not want hard things, that seeks to evade them or shift them on others, can never be a beautiful or a high one. The loveliest surroundings, the amplest opportunities will never make it anything but ugly and dwarfed. "Endure hardness" is the Bible rule for finding the finest possibilities in life.

* * *

Joy and sorrow are general terms. We cannot really call a man happy or unhappy until we know what kind of a joy or sorrow he is experiencing. A high sorrow is a happier thing than a selfish joy. The soul that always wants joy, that craves nothing else, ends by getting only the poorest forms of it. Indeed, as the wise poet warns us,

"Who seeks it, is digging Joy's grave."

* * *

There is and ought to be exultation in all true living. When there is no joy in life, we are off the track. We need not search for miseries in our lot as the cause, either. Any life that is not dominated by sin, or in rebellion against God, can have real joys in it. The thing to search for and cast out is the lack of joy, of faith, of love in our own spirits. Nobody ever was "a blighted being" except through contributary negligence on his or her own side.

* * *

It is wonderful how easily luxuries, if possessed for a little while, grow into necessities; how easily benefits which at first awakened lively gratitude become mere rights for which no thanks are due. Perhaps there is no deterioration of character more subtle than the selfishness which grows and flourishes under love's own sunshine—receiving gifts and services without thought or acknowledgment simply because they have been so long and so lavishly be-

Blair's Pills

Great English Remedy for Gout & Rheumatism

Safe. Sure. Effective.

All Druggists, 40c and $1.00

LYMAN, SONS & CO. MONTREAL.



ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

20 Steamers, Aggregating 166,304 Tons.

NEW TURBINE STEAMERS.

Victoria (launched), 12,000 tons. Triple screws.

Virginian (building), 12,000 tons. Triple screws.

MONTREAL and QUEBEC to LIVERPOOL

Calling at Moville.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
27 Oct., . Parisian. . .	11 Nov.,	6 a.m., 3 p.m.
3 Nov., . Tunisian . .	18 Nov.,	9 a.m., 9 p.m.
5 Nov. . Pretorian . .	22 Nov.,	6 a.m., 3 p.m.

From Liverpool.	From St. John.	From Halifax.
10 Nov. . Ionian. . . .	26 Nov.,	1 p.m. 28 Nov.

Tunisian and Bavarian are the largest and finest steamers on the Canadian route. Record passage, Tunisian, Moville to Rimouski, 6 days, 2 hours. Bavarian's record run, 6 days, 3 hours, 12 minutes.

The saloons and staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ship throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers any hour of the night. Music rooms and smoking rooms on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $50 and upwards, according to steamer and location of room. Second cabin, $30 and $35.

Steerage—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions cooked and served, and every requisite for the voyage, $15. Round trip, from Liverpool or Moville, $32.50.

GLASGOW SERVICE

From Glasgow.	From Montreal.
Sat., 22 Oct.—Sardinian. . . .	Thurs. 10 Nov.
Sat., 29 Oct.—Sicilian	Thurs. 17 Nov.

Rates—First Cabin, $40 and upwards; return tickets, 10 per cent. reduction. Second Cabin, to Glasgow or Londonderry, $27.50; return tickets, $49.37. Steerage, $15.00, and everything necessary provided.

Steamers on this service have excellent accommodation for all classes of passengers.

The Saloons are forward, Staterooms near the centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire length of the vessel, and two-thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom.

H. & A. ALLAN,
85 Common Street, Montreal.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Ltd

Proposed Sailings Manchester Liners Limited.

CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

From Manchester.	From Montreal.
Oct. 22....Manchester Commerce	Nov. 9
.....Manchester Importer	Nov. 16
Nov. 3....Manchester Trader	Nov. 23

(Trader via Charlottetown.)

Some of the above steamers have first class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

*Fitted with cold storage.

For further particulars, apply to

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agents,
44 St. Francois Xavier St., MONTREAL.

DOMINION LINE STEAMSHIPS

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO LIVERPOOL FROM MONTREAL.

*Dominion.....Oct. 29 †Canada.....Nov. 12

MONTREAL TO AVONMOUTH, (BRISTOL)

*Turcoman.....Nov. 9 *Manxman.....Nov. 19

*Cold storage.
†Cold storage and cool air.
Steamers sail at daylight.

MODERATE RATES.—Ask Agents for particulars of moderate rate service: To Liverpool, $35.00; to London, $37.50 and upwards, according to steamer and berth.

For all particulars as to freight and passage, apply to Local Agent, or to

THE DOMINION LINE,
17 ST. SACRAMENT ST., MONTREAL.

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.

SUMMER SAILINGS, MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool.	From Montreal.
Nov. 1....LAKE MANITOBA	Nov. 12

Steamers sail from Montreal at daybreak, passengers embarking the evening previous.

WINTER SAILINGS.

From Liverpool.	From St. John, N.B.
Nov. 15....LAKE CHAMPLAIN	Dec. 3
Nov. 29....LAKE ERIE	Dec. 17
Dec. 13....LAKE MANITOBA	Dec. 31

RATES OF PASSAGE—To Liverpool, $47.50 and $50 and upward, according to steamer and accommodation. Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates.

Second Cabin, to Liverpool, $30.00; to London, $32.50.

Third Class Rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry and Queenstown, $15. From Liverpool or Londonderry to Quebec, $15. From London, $17. To and from all other points at equally low rates.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO LONDON.

MOUNT TEMPLE ..... Nov. 16

Carrying Third Class Passengers only. Excellent accommodation in closed rooms. Rates to London and other British, Scandinavian and Finnish points, same as via Liverpool service.

Apply to

Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. Atlantic Steamship Lines
Board of Trade Building, St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

BLACK DIAMOND LINE

Next Steamers are Intended to Load as follows:

For Sydney and North Sydney, C.B., and St. John's, Nfld.

S.S. CAPE BRETON- - - on or about Nov. 10th

For Charlottetown, P.E.I., and St. John's, Nfld.

SS. CADOUNA - - - On or about Nov. 14th

Freight Office, opposite Bonsecours Market. Tel. Main 2351.

General Offices—112 St. James Street.

TELEPHONE MAIN 4491.

INTEREST

RATEPAYERS

are respectfully reminded that as interest on all accounts remaining unpaid after 1st November is made imperative by the Charter, cheques arriving, minus interest, cannot be accepted.

W. ROBB,
City Treasurer.

City Treasurer's Office, City Hall, Montreal, 7th November, 1904.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

SHE PATIENTLY BORE DISGRACE

How a Lady Cured Her Dissipated Husband with a Secret Remedy.



For years I endured the disgrace due to my husband's drunkenness, but at last I decided to try your tasteless Samaria Remedy. I got some and gave it to him in his food. He never noticed it at all, and to my joy it quickly banished his craving for liquor. He is completely cured now, and we are again happy and prosperous. After a while I told him what I had done, and he acknowledged that I had saved him, for he could never have quit by himself.

I heartily advise all women afflicted as I was, to try your remedy.

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply.

Address THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 23 Jordan Street, Toronto, Canada.

Also for sale by J. A. Harte, 1780 Notre Dame Street, and J. H. Harte, 2450 St. Catherine Street.



THE

Karn Piano

Is as good as it looks, the interior receiving actually more attention than the exterior.

These beautiful instruments can be purchased at

LAYTON BROS.

Either for CASH OR ON TIME.

Warerooms: 144 PEEL ST,

N.B.—Open Saturday evenings.

HOW TO CULTIVATE BEAUTY

Have You Wrinkles?

Our facial massage will remove them. Beautifies and clears the complexion. Don't go about with a blotched and pimpled face when you can be surely cured.

Superfluous Hair

Moles, Warts, etc., permanently removed by our painless method of Electrolysis. Manicuring, including a hand whitening. Corns and Bunions successfully treated. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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High Grade Corsets

In latest American designs, with the new high bust and lacing front effect. Our large stock enables us to fit the most difficult figure properly.

PARIS KID GLOVE STROE

2335 ST. CATHERINE ST.

High Grade Ladies' Tailoring

At Moderate Prices

Finest of Imported Goods in stock.
A call respectfully solicited.
Own Goods made up.

F. X. STUTZ, PARLOR 23,
1st Floor Birks Building, 14 Phillips Square.
TEL. UP 436.

VIBRASSAGE

is a great improvement on the old system of massage by hand. It has given wonderful results, and our customers are simply delighted. By establishing a perfect circulation of the blood it removes the cause of almost every skin trouble known, and does away with

BLACK HEADS,
BAD COMPLEXIONS,
FLESH WORMS,
PIMPLES,
WRINKLES,

because it builds up the tissues and cleans the pores of the skin.

VIBRASSAGE

is wonderfully soothing to the nerves, it relieves irritability, and brings refreshing sleep to sufferers from Insomnia. Its effects are wonderful for

HEADACHES,
NEURALGIA,
CATARRH,
FACIAL PARALYSIS.

You will be delighted with it. It is extremely refreshing, and the application is delightful. Come in and try it.

50 cents.

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1745 Notre Dame Street.

Phone Main 391 | Cars Pass the Door

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY NOTES

Miss Anna Wilson, Montreal, is visiting friends at Morrisburg.

Mrs. C. Smith has returned to Montreal from Abercorn.

Miss Florence Hall has returned to Montreal, having spent two weeks at Danville visiting relatives.

Mrs. Paton, "Rockmount," Sherbrooke, is in Montreal, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. H. S. Holt.

Mrs. Lewis, of Cowansville, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Thomas Hiam, University Street.

Mrs. Ernest Chandler, is the guest of Professor and Mrs. Chandler, Lorne Avenue.

Mrs. Alexander Blackader, Mountain Street, is entertaining at the tea hour this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Prendergast have closed their summer residence and returned to the city.

Mrs. John A. Macdonald, Belmont Street, will entertain at tea on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 15.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Samure, Summerhill Avenue, have left on a short trip to the West.

Mrs. Melvin Taylor, who has been staying with Prof. and Mrs. Dupuis at Kinfston, has returned to Montreal.

The engagement is announced of Mis sMary Josephine Lynch to Mr. Herbert E. Chowles, both of this city.

The Daughters of the Empire will give an afternoon euchre in Victoria Hall, Westmount, on Friday, Nov. 18.

Miss Harvey, of Montreal, has returned home after spending two weeks with Rev. J. B. and Mrs. Mceod at Melbourne.

Major Edwards, American consul in Montreal, who, with Mrs. Edwards, is at present at Fargo, Dakota, is being royally entertained by his many friends at his old home, where he has not visited for some years.

Mrs. Farquhar Robertson, Ontario Avenue, entertained informally at the tea-hour yesterday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss McNee, of Kingston. Miss Bethune and Mrs. Bovey were in charge of the tea-table.

A musical event which gives every promise of ranking first among the season's engagements will be the pianoforte recital by Mrs. Ada Richardson, L.R.A.M., A.T.C.L., to be held at the Art Gallery, Phillips Square, on Monday evening, Nov. 28. Mrs. Richardson will be assisted by the clever young violinist, Miss Grace Clark Murray. The concert will be under patronage of Judge and Mrs. Archibald, Sir George and Lady Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, Mrs. S. Greenshields, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. E. Harriss, Dr. and Mrs. Harrington, Angus Hooper, Esq., Miss C. Lichtenstein, Dean and Mrs. Moyse, Mrs. Alexander Murray, Miss Oakeley, Principal and Mrs. Peterson, M. and Mme. de Struve, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Symonds, Mrs. Thaxter Shaw, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. De Sola, Miss Stikeman, Miss Skelton.

MR. GOLDMARK TO LECTURE.

Mr. Rubin Goldmark's lecture recitals on Wallruere and Parsifal, which are to be given next week in the Assembly Hall of the Royal Victoria College, will be of unusual interest to music-lovers. His visit is very oportune, as the productions of Wagner have latterly been frequently before the musical public. Mr. Goldmark's vivid interpretations of the great masterpieces, which he illustrates delightfully, mark him as being not only a gifted lecturer, but also a musician of high order. Few artists can, to the same extent as he, both instruct and entertain. Always a favorite with Montreal audiences, Mr. Goldmark will this year be as warmly welcomed as upon former occasions.

WOMEN'S ART ASSOCIATION.

The Made-in-Canada Fair, which is to be held shortly in Brockville for the benefit of the local hospital, is attracting much attention and promises to be a great success. A unique exhibit is to be sent by the handicrafts department of the Women's Art Association of Montreal. This will contain specimens of the home arts and industries of the various races scattered throughout the Dominion. Two women will also be sent with spinning wheel and loom. After the Fair in Brockville is closed they will be permanetly established in "Our Handicrafs Shop," 2456 St. Catherine Street, to fill orders and to illustrate the methods of handspinning and hand-weaving that have been practised by the French-Canadians for many generations.

IN AID OF INFANTS' HOME.

A musical and dramatic entertainment will be given in the Windsor Hall Thursday evening, Dec. 8, by the ladies' committee of the Infants' Home, in aid of that institution. The programme will be under the direction of Mrs. Belle Rose Emslie, and selections from "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" will be given.

CENTRAL BRANCH.

The Central Branch of the Montreal Sunshine Society held their regular monthly meeting on Monday evening, Nov. 7, at the residence of the president, Mrs. R. H. Seabrook, 397 Mance Street. Christmas work was fully discussed. The society wishes to thank all those who donated to their recent rummage sale.

FANCY FAIR.

The Fancy Fair given by the ladies of St. Andrew's and Caledonian Societies in Windsor Hall, Nov. 26, 28, 29 and 30, gives every promise of success, and the Good Mothers and Young Housekeepers will be glad to welcome all to their booth where almost everything in use in the home will be found. Linen, fancy and plain, salads, cold meats, jellies, pickles, home-made cakes, shortcake, oatcake, Scotch buns, etc. The assistans will be gowned in useful home-keeping attire. This booth will be in charge of Mrs. J. McD. Hains, assisted by Mrs. Meldrum, Miss Ross, Miss Stewart, Mrs. James Robertson, Mrs. P. McLagan, Mrs. W. McCormick, Mrs. Geo. Robertson, Mrs. A. Austin, Mrs. F. Hyde, Mrs. Clelland, Mrs. Gass, Mrs. D. F. Gurd, Mrs. McPhee, Mrs. C. Smart, Mrs. H. G. McLaren, Mrs. R. Bickerdike.

SUCCESSFUL CONCERT

A most enjoyable concert was given Thursday evening in the parish hall of St. Stephen's Church, Weredale Park. The stage represented the yacht Weredale, which had just landed at "Westmount Pond," under the command of Captain W. H. Jackson and his clever crew, Lieut. Baylis, Lieut. Woodward, Quartermaster W. L. Scott, Boatswain Allan MacDuff, and cabin boy, Mr. Pickard, who entertained most successful the large audience which filled the hall to its utmost limit. The programme consisted of songs given by the yachtsmen, Mr. MacDuff and Mr. Pickard fairly bringing down the house. The Weredale also entertained some ladies on board, who sang a very pretty chorus. A solo was given by Miss Miller, a recitation by Miss Hilliard, and a bass solo by Mr. Honeyman. At the close of the evening a chorus was sung by the choir of St. Stephen's Church, who presented their leader, Mr. MacDuff, with a handsome silver baton. The success of the evening was entirely due to the efforts of Mr. Pickard, whose clever painting of the scenery and equally clever acting and singing was thoroughly appreciated by every one present.

The Herald's Great Educational Contest Announcement on page 20.

Dance at King's Hall

The King's Hall, St. Catherine Street, which in itself is such a picturesque spot and fitting background for the many charming gowns worn, was a brilliant scene last evening, when Mrs. Thaxter Shaw and Mrs. Thomas Hodgson entertained at a most enjoyable dance given for their daughters, Miss Bessie Shaw and Miss Mabel Hodgson, who are two of the season's debutantes. The hostesses received their guests at the entrance of the ball room. Mrs. Shaw was handsomely gowned in black paillette net over green chiffon. Mrs. Hodgson was in gray crepe de chine, with trimmings of duchess lace; Miss Mabel Hodgson was becomingly gowned in pale blue crepe de chine, and Miss Bessie Shaw wore a dainty costume of apricot chiffon over pale pink, with violets on the corsage. Ratto's orchestra was stationed on the stage where a perfect bower of greenery and foliage plants was most artistically arranged. The pretty little white and gold programmes with the entwined monograms of the hostesses, designed on the cover, called for eighteen dances and several extras, which seemed all too short for the many enthusiastic young people present. The sitting-out rooms, which were most cosily arranged with pretty rugs, easy chairs and charming little quartette tables, seemed very popular with the married people where the fascinations of bridge outdid thec harms of the ball room. Shortly after twelve supper was served in the banquet hall, where the color scheme was effectively carried out in pink, chrysanthemums being the flowers used, after which the guests returned to the ball room until the dawn of morning ended one of the season's most delightful functions. The invited guests included:

Mr. ando Mrs. H. E. Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. James N. aing, Mrs. Cottingham, Mr. and Mrs. Mackie, Mr. and Mrs. H. Yulle, Mr. and Mrs. McLeod Yulle, Mr. and Mrs. C. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. H. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. J. Slissor, Mr. and Mrs. E. Birks, Mr. and Mrs. G. Grier, Mr. and Mrs. K. Thornton, Mr. and Mrs. G. Fairbanks, Mr. and Mrs. A. McMaster, Mr. and Mrs. P. Cowans, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hodgson, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Hodgson, Mr. and Mrs. A. A Hodgson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hodgson, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Howard, Mrs. Gardner, Mrs. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. M. McMaster, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Shorey.

The Misses Murray Smith, Miss Yulle, Miss B. Laing, Miss Durant, Miss I. Slater, Miss K. Howard, Misses Davis, Miss C. Mackay, Miss E. McFarlane, Miss A. Ogilvie, Miss E. Bagg, Miss D. Weir, Miss A. Matthewson, Miss G. Ayer, Miss M. Brawn, Miss M. Root, Miss B. Cains, Miss J. Oliver, Misses Featherstonhaugh, Misses Walker, Miss G. Stewart, Miss F. Williamson, Miss E. McMaster, Misses Shorey, Miss H. Wainright, Miss J. Newman, Misses Ross, Miss Acer, Miss F. Waugh, Miss J. Paton, Misses Baker, Miss M. Day, Misses London, Miss K. Agnew, Miss McMurtry, Miss W. Robb, Miss M. Thompson, Miss M. Forbes, Miss G. Dunlop, Miss A. Wilson, Miss M. Fraser, Miss E. Cobbin, Miss M. McConnel, Miss L. Stevenson, Miss D. Boulter, Misses Wilson, Miss A. Sutherland, Miss B. Wilson, Misses Mudge, Miss Stikeman, Miss Kingman, Miss A. Ewing, Misses Cassils, Miss H. Gibb, Misses Grier, Miss J. McDonald, Miss G. Murray, Mis E. White, Miss B. Peterson, Miss A. Morrice, Misses Boulter, Miss G. Stevenson, Misses Larocque, Misses Hanson, Miss E. Sutherland, Miss O. St. George, Miss L. Stevenson Brown, Misses Foreman, Miss L. Edgar, Misses Hays, Miss McComb, Miss Scarff, Miss Parry, Miss McIntyre, Miss Jean McIntyre.

Mr. F. Murray Smith, Mr. C. Laing, Mr. T. Laing, Mr. B. Howard, Mr. C. Davis, Mr. F. McFarlane, Mr. G. Ogilvie, Mr. F. Ayer, Mr. Cobbin, Mr. C. Root, Mr. G. Cains, Mr. Featherstonhaugh, Mr. H. Walker, Messrs. Stewart, Mr. A. Williamson, Mr. B. McMaster, Messrs. Shorey, Mr. Wainright, Mr. H. Newman, Messrs. Ross, Mr. Fraser, Mr. O. Waugh, Mr. A. Agnew, Messrs. McMurtry, Mr. F. Root, Messrs. Wilson, Mr. G. Forbes, Mr. A. Dunlop, Mr. M. Boulter, Mr. L. Sutherland, Mr. A. Wilson, Mr. Stikeman, Mr. A. Kingman, Messrs. Ewing, Mr. J. Cassils, Mr. G. McDonald, Mr. W. J. White, Mr. Smeaton White, Mr. C. Stevenson, Mr. C. McIntyre, Mr. C. Brown, Mr. A. Foreman, Mr. G. Eadie, Messrs. Sims, Mr. H. Scott, Messrs. Cowan, Mr. Papineau, Mr. Holland, Dr. Lang, Mr. B. Popham, Mr. M. Gardner, Mr. C. Stroud, Messrs Pillow, Mr. S. Lyman, Messrs. Southam, Messrs. Linton, Mr. M. Gibbon, Mr. Rae, Mr. G. Hartt, Mr. K. Rate, N.Y.; Dr. H. White, Messrs. Crombie, Mr. A. Starke, Messrs. Hodgson, Mr. G. Coglin, Mr H. Baylis, Messrs. Dobbin, Messrs. Greenshields, Mr. I. Jamieson, Mr. F. McFarlane, Mr. A. McKergow, Mr. D. Cameron, Mr. H. Grier, Messrs. McCuaig, Mr. W. Redpath, Messrs. Gurd, Messrs. Morgan, Mr. D. Brown, Mr. B. Brown, Mr. H. Buddin, Dr. Nutter, Mr. Nutter, Messrs. Peax, Mr. F. Johnston, Mr. Williams, Mr. C. Harrington, Messrs. Gale, Mr. J. Carsley, Messrs. Smith, Mr. H. Stevenson, Mr. J. Paterson, Mr. L. Cushing, Mr. Pinkman, N.Y.; Mr. J. Barlow, Mr. H. Duff, Dr McKenzie, Messrs. Tait, Mr. W. Corristine, Mr. Paul J. de St. Maurice, Mr. S. Simard, Mr. W. Marler.

HISTORY OF THE LOVING CUP.

The history of the loving cup is related by the late Lord Lyons, British Ambassador at Paris. "King Henry of Navarre, who was Henry IV. of France, while out hunting became separated from his companions, and, feeling thirsty, called at a wayside inn for a cup of wine. The serving maid, handing it to him as he sat on horseback, neglected to present the handle. Some wine was spilled, which soiled the King's white gauntlets. While riding home he bethought him that a cup with two handles would prevent a recurrence of this, so one was made at the royal potteries and sent to the inn. On his next visit, when the King called for wine, the maid, having been instructed by her mistress to be very careful of the King's cup, presented it to him, holding it herself by its two handles. At once the happy idea struck the King of a cup with three handles, which was promptly acted upon, his majesty quaintly remarking, 'Surely out of three handles I shall be able to get one.'" This was the origin of the loving cup.

The Herald's Great Educational Contest Announcement on page 20.

Metropolitan Soap Co., Ld., Toronto, Can.

MRS. DOOLEY'S LAUNDRY SOAP

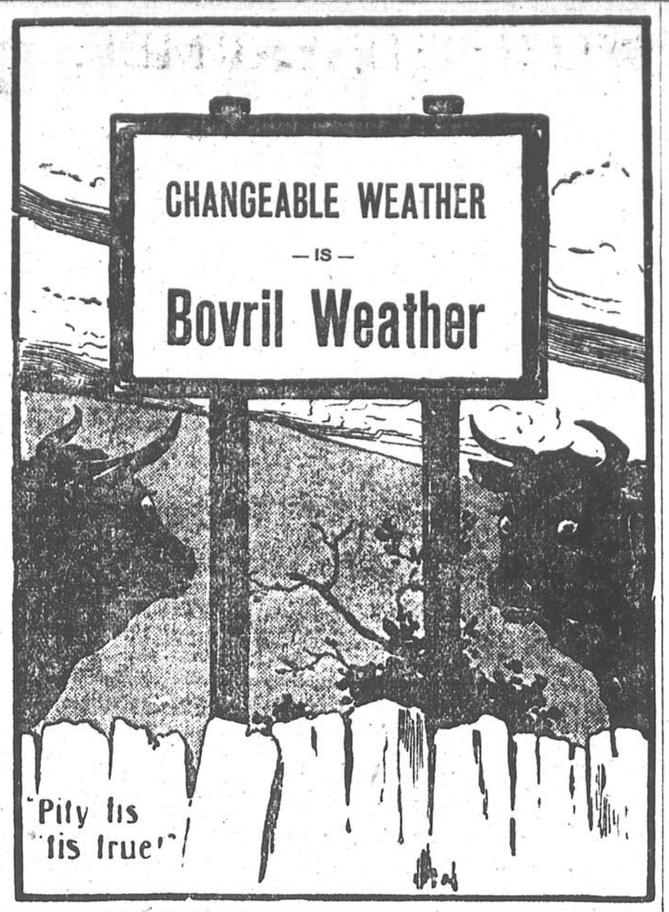
It's a full weight laundry bar—containing the right proportion of borax, which softens and cleanses—capable of doing the most washing with the least effort—and selling six bars for 25c. In addition it

WILL FURNISH A HOME FOR NOTHING

Ask your grocer or write us for complete catalogue illustrating hundreds of premiums sent free for Mrs. Dooley's coupons. Address

Metropolitan Soap Co., Ltd.

Toronto, Canada.



Retiring Sale Discounts

Apply to all Departments—Carpets, Curtains, Rugs, Linoleums, Drapes, and Upholstery Goods, Mats and Mattings, Ready-made Carpets and Odd Pieces Furniture

THOMAS LIGGET,

Empire Building, 2474-2476 St. Catherine St.

PEARL PENDANTS

We have just finished some new and very handsome designs in Pearl Brooch Pendants. To see them is to want them.

LARGE FOUR LEAF CLOVER	$14.40
LARGE HEART	22.50
LARGE 6 POINTED STAR	13.50

GEO. G. ROBINSON & CO., JEWELLERS

2397 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

Watches and Clocks properly repaired.

G. Gagnon & Co.

Cold Weather is Near at Hand

We are ready to meet it, and to meet all your wants, in fine and seasonable goods at low prices. If you think of getting your self ready, just call at our store this evening, or any day next week, and you will save money in Carpets, Oilcloths, Blankets, Comforters, Portieres, Curtains, Window Shades, Dress Goods, Linings, Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Ready-to-Wear Skirts, Costumes, Jackets, Cottons, Flannels, Flannelettes, and also all kinds of Men's Furnishings.

GENTS' UNDERWEAR!

All Wool or Fleeced Lined Underwear. Worth 75c each. Offered at 50c

Very Good All Wool Gray Shirts and Drawers. Worth 85c each. Offered at 62½c

Extra Good All Wool Heavy Gray Wool Shirts and Drawers. Worth 95c each. Offered at 75c

Superior Gray Fine Wool Shirts and Drawers. Worth $1.40 each. Offered at..... $1.00

Extra Heavy Gray Best Wool Shirts and Drawers, all sizes up to 46 in. chest. Worth $1.50 each. Offered at $1.25

MEN'S LINED GLOVES AND MITTENS!

Men's Wool Lined Working Gloves. Worth 50c. For 35c

Men's Heavy Buck Working Gloves. Worth 75c. For 50c

Men's Wool Lined Kid Mittens. Worth 90c. For 50c

Men's Wool Lined Heavy Working Mittens. Worth 75c. For 50c

Men's Wool Lined Fine Kid Gloves. Worth 90c. For 50c

Men's Wool Lined Fine Kid Gloves. Worth $1.00. For 75c

A Lot of Men's Sample Kid or Buck Gloves and Mittens, all the best goods. Marked down 25 to 35 per cent. cheaper than regular price. Some are marked 75c. $1.00. $1.25. $1.50

Buy our MEN'S HEAVY WORKING SHIRTS. Regular 75c quality. offered at 50c

Ask for our Sweaters, Cardigans, Braces, Socks, Ties, and all kinds of Underwear for Men and Boys.

We are giving numerous Fine Presents in Silverware. Ask for our Coupons, and collect them, if you want to have a Beautiful Present for Christmas. We give these Coupons with all purchases.

D. GAGNON & CO.

165 St. Lawrence Main, cor. Dorchester

Indigestion

isn't always the stomach's fault. Constipation clogs the bowels—lazy liver won't work—kidneys get upset. No wonder food is not digested properly.

ABBEY'S SALT stirs up the liver and kidneys—cures constipation—makes the bowels move regularly. It tones up the stomach, aids digestion and gives you an appetite. Absolutely free of alcohol.

At all Druggists—in 25c. and 60c. bottles.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

COLONIAL HOUSE,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Ladies' Fine Furs



Black Thibet, 3 yards long	$12.75
Black Thibet, 2 yards long	8.75
Black Thibet, 1½ yds. long	5.75
White Thibet, 2 yards long	8.75
Bear Material, 3 yards long	37.50
Bear Material, 2 yards long	24.00
Bear Material (Cape), 3 yards long	7.50
Bear Material, 2 yards long	5.25
Baltic Seal and Mink Tie	$15.75
Near Seal and Sable Squirrel	17.25
Mink No. 2	65.75
Gray Squirrel	15.75

MUFFS

To match all the above Furs, in the Round and Victoria Shapes.





ALASKA SABLE	$25.50
SKUNK, COON	17.25
GREENLAND SEAL	11.25
ELECTRIC SEAL NO. 2	9.50
SQUIRREL	12.50
COLUMBIA SABLE	14.00

—ALSO—

Ladies' Fur Muffs

In the ROUND SHAPE and the VICTORIA SHAPE, to match all the above Furs.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.

McGill Jerseys

10 DOZEN McGILL JERSEYS, Fine Imported Wool, fast colors, elastic neck, well made. While they last, at, each $1.50

1 LOT UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, all sizes, Fine English Wool, full fashioned. Regular $2.25, at, each $1.50

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

Henry Morgan & Co.

MONTREAL.

CASH 10 RECEIPT TRADERS ADV. CO

The Stamps are Just as Good as Ever

CASH 10 RECEIPT TRADERS ADV. CO

We advise our patrons to not believe the stories being told to discourage the continuance of collecting. On the other hand to encourage you we are giving on

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

2 FOR 1 — DOUBLE GREEN STAMPS — 2 FOR 1

We have prepared for these Three Great Days a list of Bargains which should interest you and you are certain to profit by attending this sale.

CASH 10 RECEIPT TRADERS ADV. CO

E. LAMY

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1558 St. Lawrence Street

Builders, Plumbers, Painters, Contractors and Mill Supplies.

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

BUILDERS ART HARDWARE

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MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

PREMO CAMERAS 1904, R. F. SMITH. Full line of models for 1904 just to hand Send for special bargain list No 14 1760 Notre Dame street

FOR NEWS OF SPORTS READ THIS PAGE.

SPORTING COMMENT

Tom Burrows, who has wrestled and boxed in nearly every part of the world, says that Eugene Tremblay is the best man at his weight he has ever seen, and also that the local wrestler is exceptionally clean in his methods. Some wrestlers, Bothner for instance, are rough and tumble wrestlers, who scrag their opponents whenever opportunity offers. Tremblay is not one of those, though if he were inclined to be nasty, he could, with his immense strength, make things very unpleasant for his antagonists. Burrows thinks that if Tremblay could get down to 135 lbs. and still be strong, he could throw Bothner.

* * *

Alf. Allen, of Ottawa, is another pug who has retired from and returned to the ring half a dozen times. Allan is built somewhat like Hal Walters, and is one of the hardiest specimens of manhood to be found in Canada. He can stand any amount of punishment and can give some. If Billy Weller can whip him, he will perform a feat that many have tried to accomplish with but indifferent success.

* * *

Rev. Elijah Dowie allows the youth of Zion to play football, but will not tolerate rough or foul play. What he says goes, and so far there have been no casualties reported from Zion gridirons. The boys play a game that is similar in some respects to English Rugby.

* * *

There is a growing feeling in the States in favor of a more open game. Of late years, unusually big men have been impressed into the college football squads with the result that the games have become close. The matches have been resolved into contests of physical strength which, while they are not dull, are not exciting nor spectacular, as were the battles of other days. Harvard caught the fever and dug up half a dozen heavyweights this season and lost to Pennsylvania as a consequence. So Boston critics have declared and they are urging the Crimson to rely on speed and skill more than strength.

* * *

The proposal to purchase a Dominion championship trophy should meet with the approval of old players. Lacrosse and hockey have their trophies, and there is no doubt but that the Minto and Stanley cups add interest to the games. It is therefore reasonable to suppose that a similar cup would tend to augment interest in football.

* * *

The Quebec Union has accepted Mr. I. S. Wotherspoon's offer of a cup and at its next semi-annual meeting will draw up rules to govern the trophy. Ottawa College will have the honor of being the first winners of this cup.

* * *

If the scheme to form a new amateur athletic union goes through, some interesting revelations may be looked for. A new broom sweeps clean, and a new union will, in all probability, throw the harpoon into many athletes who now pose as amateurs.

* * *

It seems queer that some fellows are willing to accept money to play games and yet are unwilling to be publicly known as professionals. The sportsmen who are courageous enough to lift the veil will deserve credit, though they are more likely to be condemned than praised by the rank and file in Canada's athletic world.

* * *

If anyone thinks that Queen's will not play Ottawa College because of cold feet, he is laboring under a delusion. The Kingston players are game from the cleats up and it may be taken that Capt. Bob Patterson and his players have substantial reasons for their course.

* * *

Hamilton and Ottawa College should play off while Peterboro, Argonauts and Torontos are fighting for the honor of meeting the Tigers in the Ontario Union finals. Otherwise they'll be playing football on skees or snowshoes.

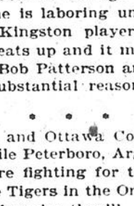
DO YOUR CORNS ACHE?

Of course they do. But you can cure them in one day with Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. For nearly fifty years Putnam's has been the safe and painless corn cure. None so good as Putnam's.

The scores made by the big American Colleges this season are as follows:

	For.	Against.
Yale	196	20
Harvard	91	11
Princeton	181	22
Pennsylvania	179	4
Cornell	220	48
Columbia	108	62
West Point	63	22
Annapolis	133	27
Lafayette	211	27
Carlisle	272	22
Amherst	124	6
Dartmouth	116	4
Williams	23	80
Lehigh	42	166
Brown	135	59
Michigan	471	10
Chicago	379	11
Northwestern	300	32
Minnesota	594	12
Illinois	164	12
Wisconsin	257	28
Iowa	149	62

SWEET CAPORAL



CIGARETTES

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

LOU DILLON BROKE A WORLD'S RECORD

Trotted a Mile Unpaced in 2.01 Flat, Under Inclement Weather Conditions.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 12.—Lou Dillon smashed the world's unpaced record for trotting here yesterday by completing the mile in two minutes and one second flat. The former unpaced record, 2.01¼, was held jointly by Lou Dillon and Major Delmar.

The daughter of Sidney Dillon was driven by Millard Sanders, her trainer, and was accompanied by a runner at the side. The day was cold and disagreeable.

After scoring twice the word was given. The little mare stepped the first quarter in 30 seconds flat. When straightened out down the back stretch Sanders called on her for a faster effort, and the half-mile post was passed in 59¾ seconds. The runner challenged the mare in the turn for home, and she passed the three-quarter post in 1.30. When well lengthened out for the flight to the wire, Lou Dillon slightly faltered, but passed the judges' stand in 2.01.

LIVERPOOL CUP WINNER.

London, Nov. 12.—At the Liverpool autumn meeting yesterday Wild Lad won the Liverpool autumn cup of 1,200 sovereigns, 100 sovereigns being in plate (a handicap for three-year-olds and upwards, a mile and three furlongs). The odds were 1 to 2 against Wild Lad, who was ridden by W. Saxby. Flower Sellers was second and Vril was third. There were 22 starters.

ENGLISH JOCKEYS' AVERAGES.

Jockey.	Mts.	W.	L.	Percentage of winners.
D. Maher*	431	111	320	25.75
W. Lane	568	124	444	21.83
O. Madden	714	147	567	20.58
B. Dillon**	326	65	261	19.93
H. Randall	269	50	219	18.58
E. Wheatley**	464	77	387	16.58
T. Heppell	193	32	161	16.58
A. Sharples**	430	68	362	15.81
G. McCall	236	37	199	15.67
W. Halsey	542	82	460	15.12
M. Cannon	324	47	277	14.50
H. Jones	281	37	244	13.16
B. Lynham	228	30	198	13.15
J. L. Jarvis**	308	38	270	12.33
J. H. Martin*	322	38	284	11.80
W. Saxby**	375	42	333	11.20
W. Griggs**	583	57	526	9.77
C. Trigg	573	54	519	9.42

*American. **Apprentices.
Qualification—Thirty winners.

Are you going to try? See page 20.

NEW ATHLETIC AND SOCIAL CLUB FOR BOYS FORMED

Its Object is to Encourage Manliness in Muscle, Mind and Morals.

On Thursday evening, Nov. 10, a number of boys met at the Y.M.C.A. and organized a club called the Strathcona Social Club, named in honor of Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona. The club is going to meet once a week. The object of the club is the cultivation of manliness in muscle, mind and morals. The club is very much interested in athletics, and in the coming spring the boys intend to organize a harrier team and baseball team. Most of the members are members of St. James the Apostle choir. Master Homer A. Fenton was put down as president and Hugh Collie as vice-president. Homer Fenton has been a member of St. James the Apostle Hockey Club for the last three years, and last year he was elected general secretary. He is a regular active member of the Y.M.C.A. and an individual member of the O.A.B. of Detroit, Mich. As soon as the boys get together enough money they intend to buy books for a library and fit up their club rooms. Contributions and donations from the citizens of Montreal would be gratefully received and acknowledged. Donations may be sent to the president, Homer A. Fenton, 25 McGill College Avenue.

Homer Fenton has made out an excellent constitution to be adopted by the club.

$350.00 Shaw Piano. First prize in a great educational contest. See page 20.

SPORTING NOTES

The annual meeting of the Park Tobogganing Club will be held this evening at the Windsor.

The semi-annual meeting of the S.A.A.A. will be held Monday evening, in the Young I. L. and B. Association Hall, to receive the reports of directors and secretary-treasurer.

A pigeon shooting contest will be held at Bout de l'Ile Thanksgiving Day, commencing at 11 a.m. For information, apply to J. B. Bureau, Bout de l'Ile, or Chas. Demey, 687 Notre Dame Street, Maisonneuve.

The annual meeting of the Metropolitan Golf Club will be held next Friday evening.

A meeting of the Inter-Church Junior Hockey League will be held next Friday evening, 8 p.m., Nov. 18, in the Y.M.C.A. All church clubs desiring to become members of the league will require to be represented at this meeting by two delegates.

A well contested game of football was played on Saturday afternoon at the grounds of the Collegiate Institute, Perth, between the Smith's Falls High School and the Collegiate team. The local kickers won out by a score of three to one. Mr. Charles Robinson was umpire.

The prospects for a successful curling season in Perth this coming winter are bright, and the Perth-upon-Tay Curling Club will again enter the Lanark County Curling League, which has proved a great success during the past two seasons. New officers, as follows, have been appointed by the local club: Honorary president, His Honor Judge Senkler; president, W. J. McKerracher; vice-president, Dr. J. F. Kennedy; secretary-treasurer, W. P. McKiven; managing committee, Messrs. W. H. Grant, A. T. Wilson and J. G. Mitchell; canvassing committee, Messrs. W. J. McKerracher, J. A. Kerr and H. Silvertone.

Memphis, Tenn., November 10.—Lou Dillon, the recently dethroned queen of the trotting world, has been driven by Willard Sanders, a mile in 2.01 1-4, thereby equalling the record recently established by Major Delmar for the distance, without the aid of a pacemaker or wind shield in front.

The closing dance of the season will be given in the St. Lambert boathouse this evening, and the committee has spared noexpense or trouble to make it the success of the season. Blasi's orchestra has been engaged for the occasion. The last train leaves St. Lambert at 11.30 p.m.

On authority of the new board of directors of the Brooklyn Chess Club, reelected recently, Secretary Samuel H. Cragg, of that organization, recently forwarded a reply to the challenge of the City of London Chess Club for the ninth match of the series of international cable chess matches between America and Great Britain, accepting the same. No dates are named, this being a detail about which there is no pressing hurry and which will probably be decided upon in the early spring.

"A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." See page 20.

Yale's and Princeton's Styles of Play Compared by an Expert

The Former Will Depend on Their Weight and Tigers on Their Speed.

New York, Nov. 11.—Will the intercollegiate football championship be decided Saturday down in Princeton, when the elevens of Old Eli and Princeton clash?

If Yale wins, the wearers of the blue must also defeat Harvard, for unless Yale wins both games Pennsylvania will lay claim to the coveted honor. If Princeton defeats Yale, then the Tigers will be counted the champions of 1904.

The Princeton team does not play two of the "big four" while Harvard and Yale play two, yet if Princeton is successful in the Yale game the Tigers will be the champions, under the odd way of deciding the issue.

The game Saturday will be like the Harvard-Pennsylvania contest, a battle between a heavy and a light team. Yale is heavy, while Princeton, not so light as Pennsylvania, is light nevertheless when compared with Yale. Will the fastness of Princeton win over the weight of the Yale team?

A comparison of the Yale and Princeton elevens brings out some fine points for both, although their styles of play will of necessity be of direct contrast.

YALE WILL USE LINE PLAYS.

With weight to back it up, it is anticipated tht the Yale team will use their old familiar battering ram style, of close formation plays and hammer their opponents incessantly for short but sure gains, through the line from tackle to tackle.

The Princeton style will be exactly opposite. With a light team, lightning-like end runs will follow each other in quick succession, varied occasionally by sending the halfback on a "cross-buck" just outside of tackle.

PROBLEM OF KEEPING GREENS IN CONDITION

Different Methods Used to Prevent Them Being Ruined in the Winter.

This is the season of the year when golf clubs and green committees are planning the proper preservations of their putting greens in the winters months. Much experience has been gained in tn effect of the various theories on the upkeep of the soil, but it is now generally admitted that the top dressing of greens with manure which was prevalent a few seasons ago does more harm than good. Those who have made careful study of the subject say that an application of sea sand containing some proportion of bone dust is the best preservative; also that it improves a green to keep it in play to a moderate extent in the winter months. This is a reversal of the rule of a few years ago, when it was thought that the only thing to do was to cover the greens with straw and clean refuse, leaving them idle during the cold weather.

"It was found," said an experienced golfer, in talking of the subject recently, "that grass so protected will not wear well and that when spring comes the ground is filled with worms. Good, clean sea sand should be sprinkled over the greens until snow falls. This should be done only at intervals, that the sand may be partially dissipated before the next application. This seems to toughen the grass and fill the crevices for spring playing. Playing on the grass does no harm; in fact, it works in the sand and mats the roots of the grass, thereby protecting them."

The Executive Committee of the United States Golf Association has been requested to confer with the Committee on Rules of the Royal and Ancient Club of St. Andrews with regard to the amendments to the rules of golf recently adopted by the foreign body. According to the writers abroad, the new rule, No. 14, dealing with casual water, is a great improvement on the old. It is more specific in its details and consequently likely to prove more smooth in its practical working. Cases have frequently occurred where a player's ball has just stopped outside a wide puddle. It was impossible for the golfer to do anything but play the ball as it lay, though in making his stroke he had perhaps to immerse the left foot up to the ankle. He thus paid the penalty of a lost shot through the accident of a temporary shower of rain.

Now the player may lift the ball lying on the edge of a pool of casual water so as to secure a dry stance, dropping the ball a couple of club lengths behind the pool without penalty. That seems a sensible alteration and so is the added provision that a ball which has been dropped and rolls back into the water, may be redropped without a penalty.

SOME CHAPS SHOULD NOT PLAY FOOTBALL

They Run Chances of Being Disabled and of Losing Money-making Abilities.

Rube Waddell is foolish to play football, says the Buffalo Enquirer. Waddell is a professional baseball pitcher. He depends on this profession for a livelihood. He earns a big salary with his pitching arm. Without that arm he would in all probability be earning small wages. At football Mr. Waddell is liable to get a leg or an arm broken at any time, or he is liable to get knocked down and get his spine injured. If such a calamity should befall Waddell what would Connie Mack and the Philadelphia Americans do for their star pitcher next season, and how could the fans get along without their Rube. Yankee Rogers, the big wrestler, is another chap who is taking foolish chances by playing football. He is a professional wrestler, who has great prospects on the mat. He is now matched with Frank Gotch for the championship, and several other important contests may follow. Now, if Yankee should get disabled in a game, accidentally or otherwise, what would become of his matches. He would be thrown out of thousands of dollars, and as a result his family would suffer as well as himself.

$350.00 Shaw Piano. First prize in a great educational contest. See page 20.

MAT AND RING.

TREMBLAY AND WEIL.

Charlie Weil, the lightweight champion of the New England States is training hard for his coming match at Montreal with Eugene Tremblay, the Canadian champion, best two out of three falls, catch-as-catch style. Weil is training With Cavil Schmidt, the Russian giant. He defeated lately in a tournament, three men in one night, Mike Williams, Jake Miller, and Young Muldoon, throwing the three men in thirty minutes. He will make the battle of his life with Tremblay.

"A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." See page 20.

WALSH AND WELLER.

Jack Walsh says he called on Pat Rooney to cover Weller's $200 to bind a fight and that no money was posted for Weller. Walsh added that he handed the money over to Joe Connors, 6 Phillip Square, where it is lying any time Weller wants it.

TRY STILLWELL'S POPULAR 15c MEAL

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

... CRAIG AND ALEXANDER ST...

FIXTURES FOR ENGLISH MATCHES NEXT SUMMER

It is Expected That an Australian Cricket Team Will Visit the Old Country.

The M.C.C. committee will probably recommend to the Board of Control the following dates for the test matches next season, and under auspices approved by the board:—May 29, June 15, July 3, July 24, and August 14. The match on June 15 will be at Lord's.

Yorkshire next season will play home and home matches with all the present first-class counties, but not with Northamptonshire, and their other engagements will be with the M.C.C., Cambridge University, and two with the Australians, at Bradford and Sheffield respectively.

Notts will meet the same first-class counties as last season, and will also oppose the M.C.C. at Lord's, while they hope to be able to arrange two matches with the Australians at Trent Bridge, instead of one, as on the occasion of the last visit of the Colonials. Notts are also applying to have one of the five test matches allotted to Trent Bridge.

Should Northamptonshire secure the requisite number of matches to qualify for participation in the championship competition, Warwickshire will arrange fixtures with that county.

Warwickshire will meet the Australians and Cambridge University. It is also hoped to get one of the test matches for the Edgbaston ground.

ABEL'S TESTIMONIAL.

The testimonial fund arranged by the Surrey executive in recognition of Robert Abel's great services to Surrey cricket of late years, has been attended with well deserved success. The outcome of this special effort will be the addition of a sum of £461 to the "Guv'nor's" banking account.

Your watch cleaned from $1.00; guaranteed for one year. R. Hemsley, Watchmaker, 255 St. James Street.—Adv.

HOCKEY

RUMORS OF AMALGAMATION.

It is again rumored that the C.A.H.L. and F.A.H.L. will amalgamate before the hockey season commences. A movement isu nder way again to effect an amalgamation as the leagues recognize that this step is necessary to avoid a ruinous winter.

The Arena management has not closed with any clubs as it hopes that in the interests of itself and of the game, an amalgamation will be effected. The F.A.H.L. has an option on the Victoria rink, but final negotiations will be postponed until it is seen whether or not a union can be arranged.

BRANTFORD TALKING HOCKEY.

Brantford, Nov. 12.—The sentiment in this city is apparently in favor of senior hockey this Winter, in view of the fact that Brantford will have a strong team and a new rink, capable of accommodating 3,000 spectators at matches. The local club will organize on Friday night, when a representative will be chosen to go to Galt, on Nov. 16 for the purpose of meeting delegates from Woodstock, Berlin, Galt and Stratford. These four points, with Brantford, may form a senior O.H.A. district.

There is a big field to choose from here, Robbins, a last year player, will likely be in goal, with Roy Brown, formerly of Paris, in front of him. A cover-point will be picked from Rousell, Preston, and the two Kellys. Bill Taylor, the swiftest forward in the game, will play rover. The three forwards will be chosen from "Texas" Gilliland, Skelly, Marlatt, Duff Adams, Kaufman, Edgar, and Clifton, formerly of Stratford.

All of these players have been in the city for some time, and will remain here throughout the season. The new rink, costing $15,000, is now in the course of erection, and will be completed by Christmas.

LACHUTE HOCKEY CLUB.

Lachute, Nov. 12.—The annual meeting of the Lachute Hockey Club was held on Tuesday evening, and was attended by about one hundred enthusiastic supporters.

The team won the championship of the Lower Ottawa Hockey Association last year, and their friends fully expect to see them head the list again this season.

The following officers were elected: Hon. president, E. H. Wilson; hon. vice-president, Geo. Hay; president, A. D. Kennedy; vice-president, Dr. A. W. Stackhouse; secretary, F. A. Brennan; treasurer, W. H. Garretsee; committee, H. W. Neil, W. S. McBride, Charles Kind. Mr. A. D. Kennedy was elected delegate to the league meeting in Ottawa.

GRAND TRUNK'S PLANS.

The Grand Trunk Boating Club held a general meeting in St. Lawrence rink last night to discuss the hockey situation. No decision was reached, and another meeting will be held in the course of a few days to consider the matter again. The club is uncertain as to whether it will be admitted to the C.A.H.L., but in case it isn't, it will join one of the other senior hockey leagues, F.A.H.L., or O.H.A.

A Carefully Prepared Pill.—Much time and attention were expended in the experimenting with the ingredients that enter into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills before they were brought to the state in which they were first offered to the public. Whatever other pills may be, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of much expert study, and all persons suffering from dyspepsia or disordered liver and kidneys may confidently accept them as being what they are represented to be.

Neither J. E. Raphael (Surrey) nor A. D. Stoop (Middlesex) will play for their respective counties before Christmas. The inability of the two brilliant Oxonians to play will greatly weaken their counties, and deprive the earlier county games of two attractive players.

SLIGHT CHANGES MADE IN I.C.R.F.U. RULES

Scrimmage Rule Amended—J. D. McCallum, of McGill, Elected President.

Kingston, Nov. 12.—At the annual meeting last night of the Intercollegiate Rugby Football Union an amendment was made to the rules whereby if a team makes ten yards in any of the three scrimmages and then loses ground it should be allowed to retain possession of the ball in view of the first gain, was adopted. Several additions were made to the rules concerning referees and umpires in view of draws. Queen's proposed that the umpire should declare whether a team has made or lost the necessary distance in these successive draws. This was rejected as it was felt that the umpire had enough to do.

The eligiblity rule was changed, and hereafter certificates of players must be required by both the college registrar and also by an academic head of a faculty.

The proposal to adopt the snap back system will be considered at the next meeting as 'Varsity did not give sufficient notice of this amendment.

The officers elected were:—

Hon. president—Prof. McLeod, McGill.

President—J. D. McCallum, McGill.

Vice-president—R. K. Patterson.

Secretary-treasurer—A. T. Davidson, 'Varsity.

Committee—P. D. Mitchell, Trinity; Cadet A. T. Powell, R.M.C.; J. B. McArthur, McMaster, and W. J. Bonsfield, Bishop's.

WESTMOUNT VS. M'GILL.

Westmount goes to McGill campus this afternoon and defend their championship title against the Collegians. The kick-off is at 2 o'clock. Westmount will select their team from the following players:—G. H. Heald (capt.), H. G. Woodburn, G. Shortrede, W. Martin, J. Martin, R. Crabbe, R. Hollis, A. Graham, J. Nairn, W. Deans, James Macfarlane, G. R. Harding and E. Way.

Mr. W. McCombie has kindly consented to act as goal judge, and Mr. Pattinson as linesman. The referee will be Mr. Frank Calder, M.A.A.A.

TO-DAY'S FOOTBALL.

The principal fixtures for to-day are as follows:—

Montreal vs. McGill at M. A. A. A. grounds.

Montreal Jrs. at Quebec.

Westmount vs. McGill (Association) at McGill campus.

Argonauts vs. Toronto (O.R.F.U.).

'Varsity vs. Queen's (Intercollegiate) at Kingston.

Special Notice.

WINTER AT THE SEAT OF WAR.

The suffering the Russians and Japs must endure this coming winter cannot even be imagined. A winter in Canada is severe, but in Manchuria conditions are different. Here all one has to do is to go home for comfort, and those who keep a bottle or two of Marchant's famous Scotch Whiskey forget that outside the temperature is so many degrees below zero.—Adv.

ECKERSALL'S FINE KICKING.

The Chicago News says: "Twenty-six goals from the field out of thirty trials is the record which Walter Eckersall set in yesterday's practice. All of them were made from past the 35-yard mark from nearly every angle, and some were even boosted from behind the 50-yard line.

"Fitted out with his newly devised square toe, flat-footed shoes—his own invention for accurate and long-distance drop kicking—the little Maroon quarter spent an hour in practicing sending the oval over the goal posts from the field. For a long time he worked by himself on form, and then with Center Burt Gale passing them to him he commenced his record-breaking work. He was successful in five-sixths of his attempts, and the four he missed were not far wide of their mark.

In order to give his speedy little quarter as much practice as possible, Stagg lined up his squad in the usual formations for drop kicking, and sent his regulars to block the kicks. Not a one was stopped, and 'Eckie' did not appear bothered in the least by the dashes of the big fellows toward him.

In Every Country and Every Class

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are Carrying on their Great Campaign Against All Stomach Troubles.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets have reached out into nearly every country and into every class of society. Indigestion and Dyspepsia are everywhere, and where they are there is found Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, rescuing people from discomfort and suffering. You can read of the great work they are doing almost every day. People who find life once more worth living are telling about it.

Mr. W. Lacey, formerly captain of the Salvation Army in Hamilton, but now a resident of British Columbia, says:

"I was troubled for eight years with Dyspepsia. I have had it so bad I could not work. I tried different medicines but could not get a permanent cure. I used one box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, and now I can eat anything. I am cured, and I want other sufferers to know Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure them."

$100.00 Gold Watch, perhaps for you. See page 20.

THE AUTHOR OF "BOOLA" WRITES A NEW YALE SONG

It is Modelled After the Fijiian National Hymn, and Sounds Like It.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 11.—"Pop" Hirsch, author of "Boola" has written the music for a new Yale song called "The War Cry," the words by J. C. Ewing, '89. We do not know what the music is like, but the words of the chorus are calculated to drive the opposition to the woods or dislocate the jaws of the singers. The chorus is described as the Fijian war cry. The song goes as follows:

The War Cry.

When you see the team a-coming,
Cheer for good old Yale.
When the contest is a-humming,
Cheer for Yale.
Now a long and mighty shout,
We must win without a doubt,
Just hand them out a battlecry for Yale.

Chorus.

Kahmahti! Korah! Korah! Kah!
Tenati! Tongati! Facka! Ti! Rah!
Korah! Korah!
Nana 1 mai for Yale!
Kahmahti! Korah! Korah! Kah!
Tenati! Tongati! Facka! Ti! Rah!
Korah! Korah!
Nana 1 mai for Yale!

Three-Button Sack, Winter 1904.

We can gratify every taste in Semi-ready three-button sack suits for winter 1904.

Many Scotch tweed suitings, manufactured exclusively for us by Brown Brothers, Galashields—Irish tweed from Athlone Woollen Mills Co., are exceedingly beautiful weaves.

Brown and grey mixtures with underlying plaids and overchecks of ruby red or reddish brown, with splashes of grass green here and there, are particularly worthy of attention.

Each suit carefully hand-tailored on a resistible base of shrunken canvas and genuine haircloth, moulded into form by the needle and hot pressing iron—absolute permanence of shape assured.

Prices $15 to $30.

419

Semi-ready Tailoring

MONTREAL

231 St. James Street, 1551 St. Catherine Street.

JOHN THOMAS CONCERT CO.

OF BOSTON

ASSOCIATION HALL, DOMINION SQUARE.

Tuesday, November 15

At 8-15 p.m.

ARTISTS

JOHN THOMAS, Elocutionist and Humorist.

ANNIE WEBSTER THOMAS, Violinist.

ADELAIDE LOUISE WOOD, Pianist.

ADMISSION 25c.

Reserved seat plan now open.

ENGLISH FOOTBALL NEWS.

Mail advices from India state that the 1st Cheshire Regiment has won the Bombay Rovers' Football Tournament for the third time in succession, the 1st Seaforth Highlanders being runners-up. The Cheshires are due in England this month, after some twenty years' foreign service, and intend to make a bid for the British Army Cup. They are to meet the 1st North Staffords, who won Lord Harris' cup in Poona, and whose sister battalion has this season carried off the Durand trophy at Simla.

J. Horsfall (Tonbridge and Cains), who played for Cambridge against Oxford in the Rugby match last year, is, owing to having broken his collar bone in the opening match of the University season, unlikely to be seen in the arena for some weeks, if, in fact, he is able to appear in the 'Varsity match.

The Rev. A. A. Matthews, vicar of St. Paul's Church, Newport, is an old Welsh international half-back. Nash, the trainer of the Cardiff football team, is the Glamorgan county bowler. Ben Davies, the Llanelly and Welsh international half-back, is a brother of Lieutenant W. T. Davies, the crack shot and twice winner of the gold medal at Bisley.

Confusion arising from similarity of names sometimes arises concerning the identity of E .W. (Watkins) Baker, who played last year for the Western Counties vs. South, and E. M. Baker, the old Oxford captain and English international. The latter played for Moseley against Leicester last Saturday, after being absent from the game for four seasons.

Of the eight Bristol club forwards, three have been selected to play for Gloucestershire; and three for Somerset. Three of the backs are also in the Gloucestershire team, and another will probably assist Somerset. Two others, Wood and Evans, are also candidates for county honors, the former having been selected for the Devon trial game, while the latter took part with credit in the Somerset trial on Saturday.

Washington, D. C.—President Roosevelt made the announcement that John Hay would continue as United States secretary of state during the four years beginning March 4 next.

The Position of

MARCHAND

In Ladies Ready-made Clothing is unique, and suffers no competition, thanks to the perfect machinery of our workshops, and the acknowledged skill of our designers, tailors and cutters. We make nothing but Ladies' Ready-made Clothing, and we manufacture the greater part of our goods. Our large turnover allows us to purchase our cloth direct from the mills, thus saving a considerable sum on the price of manufacture.

All these advantages allow us to manufacture and sell directly to the consumer at manufacturers' prices, which is 35 to 50 per cent. cheaper than the retail price. It is to your interest to visit one of our four stores before making a purchase.

Stylish Skirts at $1.96

Ladies' Beautiful Heavy Skirts in frieze or cheviot, new style, trimmed with silk applique and stitching; colors, navy blue, steel gray or black. Regular value, $3.50. Special, $1.96.

You Will Need a Warm, Comfortable Winter Suit

$5.90 Tailor-made Costumes, in steel gray and black frieze, double-breasted, velvet collar, turned-up cuffs, skirt stitched. Well finished. Lined throughout. Worth $13.00, for $5.90.

Jackets, $5.25

In Black Frieze, with shoulder capes, braided and trimmed with perforated applique. Single or double-breasted, three - quarter length. Sleeves trimmed with fancy buttons, turned-up cuffs. Worth $9.00 for $5.25.

Ask to see our New Jackets, worth $10.00, for $6.75.

Winter Corset Coat

This Jacket is in great demand this season. Made of covert Cloth, in light or dark drab, velvet piping, and the new sleeve with turned-up cuff. Retail price, $16.00. Manufacturer's price, $12.50.

Great Choice at $10.00

Jacket made of very fine Beaver. Colors: Drab, navy blue, royal blue, steel gray and black, with capes on shoulders, trimmed with fancy buttons and stitching, silk piping, fancy sleeves, trimmed with buttons and stitching. Worth $17.00. Real bargain at $10.00.

New Imported Jacket

Jackets made of Beaver. Extra quality, with capes on the shoulders, trimmed with applique braid and fancy buttons and imitation of button hole. Same trimming on the cuffs and collar. Retail price, $18.00. Special, $12.50.

THE 4

MARCHAND

STORES,

2334 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
1453 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
129 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.
1871 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Stylish Hats

IMPORTED DIRECT

From England, United States, France and Italy. Fine Qualities. From 50 to 500 Cents each.

A. ARCH. WELSH,

2252 ST. Catherine Street

Opposite Victoria.

A BRIGHT IDEA

Is to send your Lace Curtains or Draperies here to be cleaned or dyed. The work is done perfectly by experts, who are careful not to injure the fabrics.

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STYLISH MEN

find our store a satisfactory place to look for hats. Business styles in everything that is up-to-date.

SILK HATS,

for formal occasions. The quality and style of all our hats is unapproachable.

ROYAL STORES

2400 and 2246 ST. CATHERINE.
227 MAIN and 225 McGILL.
7 PLACE D'ARMES HILL.
2637 NOTRE DAME.

Leaders in Novelties and Neckwear.

Genuine Boom in Stock Market; Billion Dollar Rise in Wall Street

It's Just Like Old Times in the Stock Exchange These Days.

"Like old times" was the cry on the Montreal Exchange when the gong sounded at 3 o'clock yesterday.

It was one of the most active days the local market has seen in many months and bullish enthusiasm was everywhere in evidence.

It is now a big, broad market, under the leadership of the professionals.

They are rapidly instilling the public with the old speculative fever.

There were plenty of public orders in the market this week and coming in conjunction with some unusually heavy arbitrage transactions the list of sales expanded beyond ordinary proportions.

The seeds of this movement were sown in Wall Street when the market began to anticipate a sure Republican victory.

When the victory came, the bulls inspired their friends with a talk of a boom that would rival the great movement following McKinley's election in 1900.

The market has been on tip-toe ever since and there has so far only been one reaction of consequence.

The local list has received a great deal of attention one way or another with marked advances yesterday in Nova Scotia and Dominion Steel, Dominion Coal, Canadian Pacific, Montreal Cotton and others.

Sentiment towards the Steel shares has been improving right along and they have so far justified the earlier predictions that they would make a strong bid for the market leadership. There has been a good deal of arbitrage trading between here and Boston with some stock being bought by people who undoubtedly intend to hold it for a long pull.

The cottons, as stated yesterday, are gaining more friends owing to the growing belief that the Government will afford more protection to the industry at the next revision of the tariff.

BUCKET SHOPS HIT.

The so-called "bucket" shops" have been badly hit this week and as the crowd has been playing the market for a rise they have had to fork out money right and left.

One Montreal man took $6,000 out of a few deals, while there have been other heavy winners.

Yesterday the Federal Company of Boston, gave up the fight. It had Montreal connections. The company was one of the largest concerns not connected with any stock exchange, doing business in the east. Its capital was $200,000 and it had five offices in Boston.

C. P. R. LAND SALES.

The sales of land by the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Canadian Northwest Land Co. for the past year or so have been fairly heavy. During October the Railway Company disposed of 28,982 acres for which a total sum of $104,843 was realized. This gives an average of about $4.50 per acre. For the ten months of this year ending October 31st, the land company disposed of 38,250 acres, for which they received $256,000, an average of about $6.50 per acre. For the ten months of this year ending October 31st, the land company disposed of 38,250 acres, for which they received $256,000, an average of about $6.50 per acre. The quantity of land sold by these companies during October was not as great as has been the case in some other years, but the average prices realized are the highest on record, a fact which is indicative of the prosperous conditions that have led to improved values on farm land as well as on city property in the West.

BUTTER EXPORTS.

The exports of butter to Europe from the port of Montreal so far this season show a considerable increase over the quantity shipped up to the same time last year. The number of packages shipped up to November 5th was 466,125, as compared with 327,448 for the same period last year. There has been a marked decrease in the export of cheese. Up to November 5th this year, 2,288,505 boxes were shipped, against 2,498,341 for 1903, which is a decrease of 200,836 boxes, or nearly 10 per cent. for the season.

TOLEDO EARNINGS.

The Toledo Railways and Light Co., railway earnings only, week ending Nov. 7th, 1903, $21,061.06; 1904, 21,404.95; gain, $343.89.

TRADE IN MONTREAL.

Dun's Bulletin of Saturday Nov. 12th says of Montreal trade: Dry goods and clothing payments at Montreal on the 4th, were apparently better than the average, several leading dry goods houses reporting the proportion of customers' paper met as approaching 90 per cent. In the grocery trade and other lines general collections are reported very fair. City retail trade is rather quiet for the season, and fall sorting business in dry goods is just moderate, but groceries show a freer movement. In this latter line the feature is the great strength displayed in the sugar market, a further advance of ten cents a cental having been announced by local refiners, bringing the factory price for standard granulated up to $4.85. Lambskins have been advanced ten and five cents since the first of the month. Hides are in good demand at steady prices. Boot and shoe manufacturers are not very liberal buyers of leather just now, as most of them will begin stock taking towards the end of the month. Metals and hardware show a fair reasonable movement, without any special activity apparent. Copper, tin, lead, spelter, etc., all show an upward movement. The money market has developed no special features of late, the call rate remaining at 4 1-2 to 5 per cent.

For the week, five district failures are listed.

A BILLION DOLLAR RECOVERY IN PRICES.

Eighty-four of the most active stocks on the New York Stock Exchange have, since the first of the year, recovered $1,194,883,375 in market value. Steel preferred shows the greatest appreciation, $119,354,045 on its $360,314,100 outsanding stock; Steel common follows with a gain of $99,257,898; while Pennsylvania has appreciated to the extent of $80,269,888.

The appreciation of 84 stocks is shown in the following table:

Stock:	Amt. Out.	Low. 1904.	Recent. high.	Appreciation
Amalgamated	153,887,900	48⅛	74¼	47,897,608
Amer Ag Chemical	17,215,600	13	21⅛	1,398,767
American Ag Chemical pfd	18,153,000	72	81½	1,724,535
Am Car & Foundry	30,000,000	14¾	27⅝	3,862,500
Am Car & Foundry pfd	30,000,000	67	85½	5,287,500
Am Cotton Oil	20,237,100	24½	33	1,770,746
Am Cotton Oil pfd	10,498,600	88¾	95	637,412
Amer. Ice pfd	1,922,200	24¼	42	2,537,894
American Linseed	16,750,000	7	15	1,340,000
Amer. Locomotive	25,000,000	16⅛	30⅝	3,562,500
Amer. Loco. pfd	24,100,000	75½	100½	6,025,000
American Smelting	50,000,000	46	74½	14,250,000
Amer. Smelting pfd	50,000,000	88¾	115	13,125,000
American Sugar	45,000,000	122¼	146½	10,912,500
American Sugar pfd	45,000,000	123	139½	7,425,000
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	131,543,100	121	145½	32,223,109
American Woollen	25,501,000	10	21	3,245,110
Amer. Woollen pfd	20,000,000	69	84½	3,100,000
Atchison	102,000,000	64	88¼	24,735,000
Atchison preferred	114,199,500	87⅝	102⅜	16,844,426
Baltimore & Ohio	124,262,000	72⅞	95⅝	28,272,605
B. R. T.	45,000,000	38	69⅜	14,118,750
Canadian Pacific	84,500,000	109½	135¾	22,181,250
Chesapeake & Ohio	62,793,700	28¼	47	11,768,818
C. M. & St. Paul	58,183,900	137⅛	175¼	22,182,611
C. M. & St. Paul pfd	48,374,400	173	191	8,707,392
Chicago Gt Western	29,924,600	12⅞	25¼	3,703,169
Chicago Northwest	48,335,400	161⅛	197	17,340,349
C., C., C. & St. L.	28,000,000	68½	86⅞	5,145,000
Colorado Fuel	23,932,000	25½	44¾	4,606,910
Colorado Southern	30,995,000	13½	23½	3,099,500
Consolidated Gas	80,000,000	185	220	28,000,000
Corn Products	45,215,500	9¼	18½	3,956,356
Corn Products pfd	27,380,700	65	77¼	3,354,135
Delaware & Hudson	41,020,000	149	186¾	15,485,050
D., L. & W.	26,200,000	250½	329	20,567,000
Erie	112,378,900	21½	41⅛	22,054,359
General Electric	48,244,000	151	178¼	13,146,599
Illinois Central	95,040,000	125¾	145¾	19,008,000
Louisville & Nash	60,000,000	101	137½	21,900,000
Manhattan	55,200,000	139¾	164	13,386,000
Metropolitan	52,000,000	104¾	130⅜	13,325,000
Mexican Central	47,953,100	5	19¾	7,073,082
M. St P & S Ste M.	14,000,000	55	95	5,600,000
M. St P & S Ste M pfd	7,000,000	116	150	2,380,000
M., K. & T.	63,360,300	14⅝	32⅝	4,194,054
M. K. & T. pfd	13,000,000	32¼	59⅝	3,558,750
Missouri Pacific	77,450,300	87	105⅝	14,425,118
New York Central	132,250,000	112⅞	136½	31,244,062
New Haven	80,000,000	185¾	199	10,600,000
N. Y. O. & West	58,113,900	19¾	47⅞	16,562,461
Norfolk & Western	66,000,000	53½	73¾	13,365,000
Pacific Coast	6,809,600	51	80½	2,008,832
Pacific Mail	20,000,000	24	40⅝	3,325,000
Pennsylvania	301,483,150	111½	138⅛	80,269,888
People's Gas	32,968,700	92¾	110⅝	5,893,155
P. C. C. & St. Louis	24,780,300	55	77	5,451,666
Pressed Steel Car	12,500,000	24¼	44½	2,484,375
Pressed Steel Car pfd	17,500,000	67	84¾	2,171,875
Reading	69,900,000	38¾	77¾	27,261,000
Rep Iron & Steel	27,191,000	6	14¼	2,107,362
Rock Island	88,885,900	19½	34⅞	13,988,429
Rock Island pfd	48,690,200	57¾	75½	8,642,510
Southern Pacific	197,832,100	41½	64¼	45,006,832
Southern Railway	119,900,000	18¼	36½	21,881,750
Southern Railway pfd	60,000,000	77½	95¾	10,950,099
Tenn. Coal & Iron	22,553,606	31⅝	62¾	7,017,308
Texas Pacific	28,760,000	20	36⅝	6,443,850
Twin City	16,511,000	87½	107	3,219,645
Union Pacific	108,772,900	71	113	45,684,618
Union Pacific pfd	99,567,100	86½	95¾	9,269,956
U. S. Leather	62,860,800	6½	14¾	4,872,409
U. S. Leather pfd	62,269,800	75¾	92¾	10,663,703
U. S. Rubber	23,666,000	10½	30¼	2,367,430
U. S. Rubber pfd	33,625,500	41	85¼	10,410,033
U. S. Steel	196,495,200	8⅜	30½	99,257,898
U. S. Steel pfd	360,314,100	51¼	84¾	119,354,045
Wabash	38,000,000	15	22⅜	2,935,000
Western Union	97,370,000	85	93	7,789,600
Westinghouse	20,[illegible],200	153	171	3,766,356
Wisconsin Central	16,147,900	16	24¼	1,332,201
Total				$1,194,883,375

RECORD DAYS.

Referring to the statement current in the press that Wednesday's business was the heaviest in the history of Wall Street, the Stock Exchange, with the Wall Street Stock Exchange, with the exception of May 9, 1901, it is pointed out that six days within the fortnight ending May 9, 1901, surpassed the figures of Wednesday. The figures for these days showed the following totals:

	Sales.
April 29, 1901	2,619,736
April 30, 1901	3,281,226
May 1, 1901	2,823,498
May 2, 1901	2,854,689
May 3, 1901	2,945,277
May 9, 1901	3,081,765
Nov. 9, 1904	2,324,800

COAL SHIPMENTS.

Coal shipments over Pennsylvania lines east of Pittsburg and Erie week end Nov. 5, 814,469 tons; year to date, 33,755,933 tons, against 35,538,565 tons last year.

GOLD OUTPUT.

London.—The output of gold for the month of October as reported officially from the Rand was 325,625 ounces, which compares with 274,544 ounces in October last year and 312,286 ounces last September. It is noteworthy that the actual figures are 7,00 ounces less than the preliminary estimate put out on Nov. 4.

STEEL RAILS.

The Steel Rail Association is expected to meet the first week in December. Despite reports from Pittsburg the impression is growing that the $28 schedule will be maintained.

A Steel authority says: "The rail schedule for the first quarter of 1905 will be at $28 per ton."

DETROIT UNITED.

Cincinnati—Interests in Detroit, United claim to have received offifficial information to the effect that beginning with 1905, the dividend rate will be increased to 4 1-2 per cent. per annum. It is also said that the company will soon retire its floating debt, which amounts to about $800,000.

FLOUR PRICES.

The Ogilvie Flour Mills Company quotes the following prices:

Royal Household	$5.80
Glenora patent	5.50
Bran, per ton	19.00
Shorts, per ton	21.00

IS A SOLDIER FROM BIRTH.

The Cossack never passes beyond the control of the military authorities. From infancy he practices horsemanship, and his games are mimicry of war. Folksongs reciting the exploits of recent or far-distant heroes are the woof of his education. At the age of 19 the Cossack youth begins to receive theoretical instruction about the duties of a soldier and to be drilled in gymnastic and infantry exercises in his native village. In the autumn of the second year he is required to appear at an encampment. After six weeks' work there, he receives his assignment possibly to a post thousands of miles away. Before him now lie four or five years of uninterrupted service with the colours and 12 or 13 in the reserves, during which he must spend a month or six weeks every year in camp. Finally, he can be called out in case of need as long as he lives.—"Century."

FEED THE EDITOR.

Best Way to Get Good "Copy."

Not everyone knows what food to turn to in case of sickness or decline in health.

A man in Elgin, Ill., says: "My attention was first called to Grape Nuts some time ago when Brother, who is an editor in Chicago, broke down from overwork and nervous prostration set in and then paralysis.

"The expert specialist (the physician in charge) gave special instructions as to the food and put him on Grape-Nuts and cream.

"He began to recuperate quickly and there was a very marked showing of the strength and value of the food. He soon got well and has been at his work ever since, and never shows any further signs of breaking down although he works harder than he did before, but he is well and properly fed and his brain and nerves kept nourished with the right kind of food—that is Grape-Nuts and cream." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

We deliver bread to any address. James Strachan Bakers to Royalty.

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BANK OF MONTREAL

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Five Per Cent. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this City, and at its Branches, on and after Thurs... the First day of December next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution on Monday, the Fifth day of December next.

The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.

J. PERCY TAYLOR,

Stock Broker,

MEMBER MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

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TEL. MAIN 1854.

Tel. Main 4548.

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Nothing renews weak women like Ferrozone. It brings back lost nerve force, supplies new vital energy, increases the blood supply.

No restorative so potent and prompt as Ferrozone has ever been discovered. You feel its uplifting effect at once. Your spirits rise, you gain in power and cheerfulness, feelings of weakness and despondency disappear.

No woman can remain sick or miserable if she uses Ferrozone. It goes direct to the seat of the trouble, puts a stop to functional irregularities, and so establishes buoyant, robust health. Being free from alcohol and dangerous drugs, Ferozone can be used by young and old with absolute safety. Prepared in tablet form, fifty to the box; price 50c., or six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U.S.A., and Kingston, Ontario.

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$397,849.70 City of Winnipeg 4 p.c. Coupon Bonds

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Maturing from 1911 to 1924

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$24,928.22. PLANK SIDEWALKS, etc., 4s., due.....JUNE 1, 1911
49,590.39. MACADAM PAVEMENTS, etc., 4s., due....JUNE 1, 1914
152,770.05. SEWER, 4s., due.....JUNE 1, 1919
170,561.04. ASPHALT PAVEMENTS. 4s., due .....JUNE 1, 1924

At 100 and Interest Paying Fully 4 per cent.

ALSO

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Due November 1st, 1913, At 98⅛ and Interest Paying 3¼ per cent.

Interest Payable May 1st and November 1st by Check to Holder.

Deliveries to Suit Purchasers.



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ELEGANT "GOLD" WATCH



Don't pay from $25 to $50 for a solid gold ladies' or gents' watch. We are offering valuable "Gold" Watches away free to introduce Dr. Armour's famous remedy. This handsome "Gold" Watch has a celebrated American movement, is carefully adjusted, reliable gauge balance, finish regulator, handsome dial, 6 hour, minute and second indicators, fully jeweled and guaranteed beautifully engraved and finished. If you want this handsome and reliable watch send your name and address and we will send you ten boxes of Dr. Armour's Vegetable Pills famous for their tonic and blood purifying qualities, for the cure of Constipation, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, poor unhealthy blood, all female complaints and to every user. We trust you and will send 10 boxes by mail, postpaid; when sold send us the money ($2.50) and we will send you the guaranteed gold-filled, American movement watch and chain and charm. Remember, you get the elegant "Gold" Watch for selling only ten boxes and the elegant chain and charm as extra presents. This is a grand opportunity. Address at once The Dr. Armour Medicine Co., Dept. 191, Toronto, Ont.

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In the matter of JOSEPH VERNIER, Grocer, No. 256 Hibernia Street, Montreal, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, at the place of business of said Insolvent, per inventory, TUESDAY, the 15th of NOVEMBER next, 1904, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the assets ceded in this matter, as follows:

Stock of Groceries and Liquors	$ 460.79
Rolling Stock, Horse and Vehicles	180.75
License to Sell Liquors	105.00
Book Debts, per list	1,103.91
Unexpired Rent and Taxes to 1st of May, 1905	120.50
	$1,380.95

The whole will be sold for cash, plus 1 per cent. government duty. A deposit of 20 per cent. will be required on adjudication. Store will be open for inspection the 14th of November, 1904. The inventory and list of book debts on view at my office.

F. X. BILODEAU, Curator.

15 St. James St., Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers.

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Capital Paid Up.....$3,000,000
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1 Pond Iron Planer, 24 in. x 26 in. x 6 ft., vertical feed	$400.00
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1 Bertram 34 in. Drilling Machine, back geared, automatic feed	300.00
1 MacGregor, Gourlay & Co. Engine Lathe, 16 in. swing, 8 ft. bed, hollow spindle, compound rest, power cross feed, etc., only a few months in use	375.00
1 Power Hack Saw	25.00
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WRITE

G. J. ADAMS & CO.,

205 ST. JAMES ST.

Main 805.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under The Companies Act, 1902, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of October, 1904, incorporating David Yuile, manufacturer, Charles Blair Gordon, manufacturer, William Yuile King, cashier, James Roy Gordon, commission merchant, and Robert Andrew Dunton, Notary, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz.: (a) To purchase, acquire and carry on the business formerly carried on by the Standard Shirt Company, Limited, and as recently acquired by the said David Yuile et al from said company as a going concern; (b) To carry on the business of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in shirts, collars, haberdashers' supplies, men's, women's and children's clothing of every description; (c) To erect on any lands owned by the company such dwelling houses for the use of the company's employes as may be deemed expedient; (d) To purchase or otherwise acquire from any individual or corporation any business with objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, together with the buildings, machinery, stock-in-trade and assets generally in such business, and to purchase, acquire and hold the stock or shares of stock in any other corporation carrying on business with objects similar to those of this company; (e) To apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire any patent of invention, grants or licenses to use any invention, trade marks, copyrights, or similar privileges relating to or which may be deemed of use for any of the purposes of the company, and to sell or otherwise dispose of the same as may be deemed most expedient; (f) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise which may be incidental to the business of the company, or which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of the company. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Standard Shirt Manufacturing Company" (Limited), with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 3rd day of November, 1904.

R. W. SCOTT, Secretary of State.

It will be the "Talk of the Town." See page 20.

The Herald is published by The Herald Publishing Company, 603 Craig Street, Montreal. James S. Brierley, Managing Director.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT. MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

Specials for MONDAY, Nov. 14.

1,600 Choice Novels, 12-Mos. Very attractive for Presents. Regular 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c.

Monday, 22c each.

700 Boxes very swell English and Swiss NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES, worth 25c box, for 18c

60 Solid Back Hair Brushes, just opened. Fine bristles. Splendid value 50c

18 Boxes Tooth Brushes, just opened. Beautiful goods 10c & 15c

100 packages Fairbanks' Gold Dust. Regular, 5c and 10c, at .....3½c & 7½c

100 Boxes of the game PIT. Regular 45c. Monday 32c

Store all alive with great changes and arrivals for Holidays.

The G. A. HOLLAND & SON CO.,

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LIMITED.

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We harp upon the fact because it is the most important of all facts in connection with merchandizing—quality **—quality at right prices!** That is where the irresistible appeal of this store comes in. That's why "once a customer, always a customer," has become a traditional motto in all our depts.! Satisfied customers are always the best advertisement! Our customers are always satisfied becaus we invariably see to it that quality in the fullest sense of the word, combines with right price-values in all the various lines of goods which we handle.

New Velvets!

New Black Silk Mantle Velvets, 41 inches wide, $4.75 and $5.00 yard.

New Black Panne Velvet, $4.00 yard.

New Velvet Costume Cords, black and all colors, 75c and $1.00 yard.

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2,000 yards Plain and Fancy Tamaline Silk, all the new shades, 50c yard.

New Dress Goods!

New Brown Broadcloth, New Brown Voile de Paris, New Brown Eolienne, new Brown Basket Cloth, new Brown Cheviot, new Brown Mohair, new Brown Homespun, new Brown Serges.

New Blouse Flannels and Flannelettes!

A full range of Novelties to select from!

New Neckwear and Veilings!

New Fancy Silk Stock Collars, Lace Stocks, Lace Sets, Leather Sets, also Turnover Collars, in Lace and Embroidery.

New MADE-UP VEILS IN CHIFFON AND CREPE DE CHINE, also Fancy Net Veiling. Dress Sets in latest Parisian designs.

NEW OSTRICH FEATHER BOAS from $3.50 to $60.00.

NEW BELTS in Silk Leather, etc. A Beautiful Assortment of Novelties.

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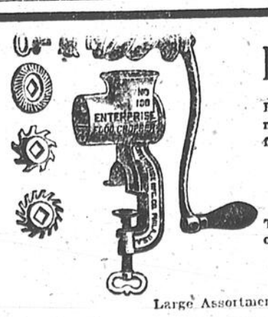
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IF THEY TIRE EASILY

No matter how strong you are physically or mentally, all your energies count for little if your eyes give out. If you experience any eye-strain, consult

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But "Classic" Food Chopper will chop raw meat, cooked meat, vegetables of all kinds, fruits, crackers and other foods.

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Them all rapidly, easily, coarse or fine, without mashing, squeezing, tearing or grinding.

Price.....$1.25

Large Assortment of KITCHEN and HOTEL UTENSILS.

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BELL TEL. MAIN 1914

Baldwin's Mills, Que.—Mrs. Emily Lyon died here recently. She was born at Stanstead, March 14, 1826, and spent the first sixteen years of her life there. After her marriage with M. George Lyon of Caswellboro, they moved to Baldwin's Mills on to a large farm at the head of and bordering on Lake Lester. At that time they were surrounded by a complete wilderness, their only mode of travel being either on foot or horseback. Mr. and Mrs. Lyon succeeded in improving their farm to such an extent that it is now considered one of the finest in the Townships. Their family consisted of three sons and one daughter.

Our $275 Cabinet Grand Piano, payable by easy instalments, is positively the best piano value in Canada. Lawton Bros., 124 Peel st. —adv.

NEWS OF LABOR WORLD

In Quebec peace is re-established in the shoe manufactory of Tourigny & Marois. The workingmen belonging to the International movement, who went down from Montreal to replace the National workers, have left the city. After this the nationalists returned to work again.

* * *

A despatch from Saco Maine, says:—A reduction of time and a cut down of the working force are the conditions under which the men in the employ of the Soca & Pette Company went to work on Wednesday morning. This reduction and lay off is laid to slackness of work. The working time is reduced to five eight-hour days a week, or forty hours a week for the shop hands and thirty-five hours a week for the foundry employes, and to-day about 200 of the men on the company's pay roll were laid off. The change affects all departments of the shop.

* * *

The French Minister of Commerce has just published in the "Journal Official" an interesting report on the application of the laws relating to hygiene in industrial establishments.

"It is above all in questions of hygiene that we can realize progress made. Doubtless we have still many efforts to make in order to obtain more complete security in industrial works, but it is in this direction that the movement for the protection of workers has made the greatest advance. This is easily explained. The causes of insecurity are generally easy to perceive and can in the most of cases be remedied by the modification of a machine, etc. In such a case the owners are interested and do not dream of disputing the necessity of the change, which, as a rule, they carry out promptly.

"Hygenic amelioration, on the contrary, often results from incidents of daily occurrence, which call for a deep and permanent change of habits. And if you add to this the fact that the causes of unsanitary conditions are not in general apparent, that they produce their effects slowly, and are not betrayed by sudden incidents, as are the causes of insecurity, it is easily understood that the reforms made in the name of hygiene are at once delicate and difficult to obtain.

"But these very difficulties should only incite to greater effort. In industry, this is the point of view from which to act, and the case is similar in commercial establishments and in offices. In introducing order, air and light into establishments of all kinds, the new arrangement will not only render habitation more wholesome and attractive, but also will be a sort of school in which workingmen will learn sanitary precautions and hygienic habits, which they will then apply to their own homes.

* * *

The labor troubles at Fall River Mass., are not yet ended. At a meeting of the Manufacturers' Association on Wednesday, it was decided to reopen the closed factories on Monday, Nov. 14. The leaders of the workingmen declare that very few will return to work, and that the factories will be unable to run for lack of hands. The strikers have undergone great vicissitudes in endeavoring to continue their uncompromising attitude toward the manufacturers, and it is supposed that they will resist the new attempt on the part of the capitalists with their former fortitude.

* * *

In England, where corporation ownership and operation of railways holds undisputed sway, the wages of employes have been steadily declining since 1900. The reduction, affecting 897,000 workers, amounted to $22,000,000 in 1903, as compared with 1900.

* * *

There is almost no point of similarity in the history of the Socialist party in the United States and the record of other third-party movements. That party has not reached its present proportions in nearly so short a time as sufficed for each of the others to attain a degree of strength which made them truly a menace for at least the time being to the leading old parties. It has failed as yet to elect a governor or a single Congressman or even a considerable number of members of state legislatures, though it has chosen a few mayors and members of city governments in various parts of the country. Nevertheless, it will have survived after the present campaign five national elections. The Socialist party alone has had a slow and gradual progress from insignificant beginnings. Whatever one may think of its propaganda or its future course, the impartial student of political movements can not avoid the conviction that it has reached its present proportions by normal and steady growth.

* * *

The strike of employes of the International Paper Company which has been in force at the Berlin, Me., mills for over a week, threatens to become more or less general among the mills of the company. The officers of the company have been notified by the authorities of the Pulp and Paper Mill Workers union that unless the difficulty at the Berlin mills is settled at once all employes of the company, members of the union will be ordered out. The mills at Rumford Falls, and Livermore are also interested in the strike.

* * *

The question as to whether foremen in the employ of railroads, with power to hire and discharge men, can make employes work steadily at whatever they may be engaged, relying upon the promise of the foreman to watch out for trains with absolute immunity from liability for their masters has again arisen.

In such a case which is coming up before an American Appellate Court, the attorney's brief runs: "The master having failed to provide for the giving of warning, it does not seem just to hold that, when his personal representative provides a method for so doing and assumes to perform the duty himself, the master can then claim that the provision for warning made by the foreman was the performance by the master; but that the foreman's failure to perform the duty was the neglect of a fellow servant. If the foreman was the master's agent for the purpose of the command and the assurance by which the plaintiff's services in a perilous situation were secured to the master, he was also the master's agent for the purpose of the servant's protection."

N. S. Valiquette

WEST STORE 2446 St. Catherine Cor. Drummond

EAST STORE 1547-53 St. Catherine

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The Best of its Kind

In addition to the extensive improvements to our **Furniture and Carpet Departments**, we have found it neccessary to enlarge our **Polishing, Upholstering and Repair Shops.** The latter is one of the most essential departments in a properly conducted Furnishing House. The wisdom of this assertion will be seen when it is stated, that **Eight** out of every **Ten** homes will find some article of furniture that should be repaired. It may be a cabinet, a centre table or a handsome parlor chair that has been badly scratched. The dining-table may be marked by hot dishes, or the joints of our favorite Morris chair or rocker are loose, and consequently the chair is very shaky. The webbing supporting the springs in the dining-chairs is broken, the strain being placed entirely upon the leather seat.

How About the Mattresses on the Beds

They may need remaking, or, perhaps, new ticking. Do you never think of having the Polished Furnitur in the parlor, dining room and bed room revived. Make it look new again. Don't smear it over with oil or quack furniture polish, and then let the dust play havoc with it. What you would not put on the polished surface of your piano, do not apply to your furniture. Any of these furniture ailments cost but a trifle to set right at the beginning. Do not delay attending to them, they may get beyond all repair. If we can be of any assistanse in this matter, we shall be pleased to call and quote prices.

Rent our Green Tables and Chairs for Euchres

THE INVALID

Needs a Nourishing and Healthful Drink

Imported Claret

ENDORSED BY ALL PHYSICIANS

GRAVEL FRERES, Cor. McGill College Avenue. and St. Catherine

HERALD SERIALS ARE GOOD SERIALS.

The Mystery of a Hansom Cab

BY FERGUS HUME.

CHAPTER XXX.—(Continued.)

The fact is Calton did not intend Kilsip to know that Whyte really had papers until he heard what Fitzgerald had to tell him.

"And another thing," said Calton, resuming his walk, "if your theory is correct, which I don't think it is, what became of Whyte's coat? Has Moreland got it?"

"No, he has not," answered the detective, decisively.

"You seem very positive about it," said the lawyer, after a moment's pause. "Did you ask Moreland about it?"

A reproachful look came into Kilsip's white face. "Not quite so green," he said, forcing a smile. "I thought you'd a better opinion of me than that, Mr. Calton. Ask him? No."

"Then how did you find out?"

"The fact is Moreland is employed as a barman in the Kangaroo Hotel."

"A barman!" echoed Calton. "And he came out here as a gentleman of independent fortune. Why, hang it, man, that in itself is sufficient to prove that he had no motive to murder Whyte. Moreland pretty well lived on Whyte, so what could have induced him to kill his golden goose and become a barman? Pshaw! The idea is absurd."

"Well, you may be right about the matter," said Kilsip, rather angrily; "and if Gorby makes mistakes I don't pretend to be infallible. But, at all events, when I saw Moreland in the bar he wore a silver ring on the forefinger of his right hand."

"Silver isn't a diamond."

"No; but it shows that was the finger he was accustomed to wear his ring on. When I saw that I determined to search his room. I managed to do so while he was out and found——"

"A mare's nest."

Kilsip nodded.

"And so your castle of cards falls to the ground," said Calton, jestingly. "Your idea is absur. Moreland is no more committed the murder than I did. Why, he was too drunk on that night to do anything."

"Humph! So he says."

"Well, men don't calumniate themselves for nothing."

"It was a lesser danger to avert a greater one," replied Kilsip coolly. "I am sure that Moreland was not drunk on that night. He only said so to escape awkward questions as to his movements. Depend upon it he knows more than he lets out."

"Well, and how do you intend to set about the matter?"

"I shall start looking for the coat first."

"Ah! you think he has hidden it?"

"I am sure of it. My theory is this: When Moreland got out of the cab at Powlett Street——"

"But he didn't," interrupted Calton, angrily.

"Let us suppose, for the sake of argument, that he did," said Kilsip, quietly. "I say when he left the cab he walked up Powlett Street, turned to the left down George Street, and walked back to town through the Fitzroy Gardens; then, knowing that the coat was noticeable, he threw it away, or rather hid it, and walked out of the Gardens through the town——"

"In evening dress—more noticeable than the coat."

"He wasn't in evening dress," said Kilsip, quietly.

"No, neither was he," observed Calton, eagerly, recalling the evidence at the trial. "Another blow to your theory. The murderer was in evening dress—the cabman said so."

"Yes; because he had seen Mr. Fitzgerald in evening dress a few minutes before, and thought that he was the same man who got into the cab with Whyte."

"Well, what of that?"

"If you remember, the second man had his coat buttoned up. Moreland wore dark trousers—at least, I suppose so—and, with the coat buttoned up, it was easy for the cabman to make the mistake, believing, as he did, that it was Mr. Fitzgerald."

"That sounds better," said Calton, thoughtfully. "And what are you going to do?"

"Look for the coat in the Fitzroy Gardens."

"Pshaw! A wild-goose chase."

"Possibly," said Kilsip, as he rose to go.

"And when shall I see you again?" said Calton.

"Oh, to-night," said Kilsip, paushing at the door. "I had nearly forgotten, Mother Guttersnipe wants to see you."

"Why? What's up?"

"She's dying, and wants to tell you some secret."

"Rosanna Moore," by Jove!" said Calton. "She'll tell me something about her. I'll get to the bottom of this yet. All right, I'll be here at eight o'clock."

"Very well, sir," and the detective glided out.

"I wonder if that old woman knows anything?" said Calton to himself, as he resumed his seat. "She may have overheard some conversation between Whyte and his mistress, and intends to divulge it. Well, I'm afraid when Fitzgerald does confess, I shall know all about it beforehand."

CHAPTER XXXI.

Punctual to his appointment, Kilsip called at Calton's office at eight o'clock in order to guide him through the squalid labyrinths of the slums. He found the barrister waiting impatiently for him. The fact is, Calton had got it into his head that Rosanna Moore was at the bottom of the whole mystery, and every new piece of evidence he discovered went to confirm this belief. When Rosanna Moore was dying, she might have confessed something to Mother Guttersnipe which would hint at the name of the murderer, and he had a strong suspicion that the old hag had received hush-money in order to keep quiet. Several times before Calton had been on the point of going to her and trying to get the secret out of her—that is, if she knew it; but now Fate appeared to be playing into his hands, and a voluntary confession was much more likely to be true than one dragged piecemeal from unwilling lips.

By the time Kilsip made his appearance Calton was in a high state of excitement.

"I suppose we'd better go at once," he said to Kilsip, as he lit a cigar. "That old hag may go off at any moment."

"She might," assented Kilsip, doubtfully; "but I wouldn't be a bit surprised if she pulled through. Some of these old women have nine lives like a cat."

"Not improbable," retorted Calton, as they passed into the brilliantly-lighted street; "her nature seemed to me to be essentially feline. But tell me," he went on, "what the matter with her—old age?"

"Partly; drink also, I think" answered Kilsip. "Besides, her surroundings are not very healthy, and her dissipated habits have pretty well settled her."

"It isn't anything catching, I hope?" cried the barrister, with a shudder, as they passed into the crowd of Bourke Street.

"Don't know, sir, not being a doctor," answered the detective, stolidly.

"Oh!" ejaculated Calton, in dismay.

"It will be all right, sir," said Kilsip, reassuringly. "I've been there dozens of times, and I'm all right."

"I dareray," retorted the barrister, "but I may go there one and catch it, whatever it is."

"Take my word, sir, it's nothing worse than old age and drink."

"Has she a doctor?"

"Won't let one come near her; prescribes for herself."

"Gin, I suppose? Humph! Much more unpleasant than the usual run of medicines."

In a short time they found themselves in Little Bourke Street, and after traversing a few dark and narrow lanes—by this time they were more or less familiar to Calton—they found themselves before Mother Guttersnipe's den.

They climbed the rickety stairs, which groaned and creaked beneath their weight, and found Mother Guttersnipe lying on the bed in the corner. The elfish, black-haired child was playing cards with a slatternly-looking girl at a deal table by the faint light of a tallow candle.

(To be Continued.)

Moncton, N. B.—A fatal accident is reported from St. Andrew, Westmoriland county. A young man named Archie Dorron, age 27, while working on a pile of logs on Wednesday met his death by a fall. Dorron in falling off the logs struck the back of his head on a scow and received injuries which resulted in his death.

HIGHLAND CADET BATTALION.

The engagements for the Highland Cadet Battalion for next week are: Wednesday, battalion drill, no uniform; the bugle band is requested to attend meeting after this drill to reorganize on a larger scale; namely, twenty buglers and trumpeters and six drummers. Present members wishing to remain or new members wishing to join must be present. Saturday, Special gymnastic class for entertainment and recruits.

GRAND CONCERT, ALL SAINTS' CHURCH.

This Grand Concert, held last night in the King's Hall, St. Catherine St., in the interest of All Saints' Rectorate, was a great success, indeed, as was expected, under its distinguished patronage and the object for which it was held. The finest and grandest piano that was ever used in Canada was used for the first time last night by Prof. Emilliano Renaud. The piano was imported by Messrs. Willis & Co. for concert work and is a Knabe Concert Grand Beethoven model. Many were the admirers who last night listened to its magnificent tone. Messrs. Willis & Co. spare no money or pains in the interest of music in this city and last night's concert was a conspicuous illustration. The instrument may be seen at any time for the next few days at the warerooms of Willis & Co., 2470 St. Catherine street.—adv.

At the third attempt Chesterfield Town have secured the services of William Evans, outside left, of Clay Cross Zingarl. He is twenty-one years of age, five feet nine inches high, and eleven stone in weight. Evans is a noted local "pod," and has done inside "evens." He has been angled after by several First eLague clubs, but preferred Chesterfield.

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Send us your name and address and agree to sell 25 packages at only 5c. a package. A Prize Ticket goes with every package. Every lady needs and will buy Bluing. We will send 25 packages by mail postpaid. When sold send us the money, $1.25, and we will send you this **handsome Watch** at once. Don't delay. If you sell the goods and return the money quickly we will send a handsome Chain and Charm with your Watch. Address **The Marvel Bluing Co.,** Dept. 203, **Toronto Ont**

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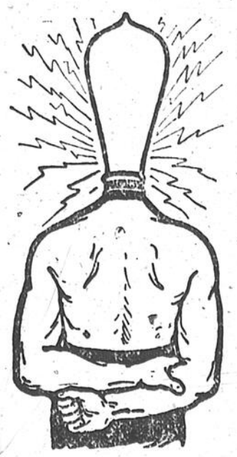
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is in no greater need of electricity for its life than is the human body.

Without Electricity the nerves will not perform their natural function.

With Electricity the stomach soon loses its efficacy. Then soon follow loss of appetite, constipation, dizziness, headaches, loss of energy, inability to do one's work, pains in the loins and back, nervousness, sleeplessness, and these ailments lead on to rheumatism and other permanent and serious diseases.

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FREE.

No need of hospital cures nor expensive treatments. Dr. MacDonald's Electric Belt will feed electricity to the system gently, gradually, and will bring those results which you seek. Very shortly power will be yours—power that is the strength of nerve and power of will—power on which depends the fulfilment of every part of man's mission.

In order to enable any sufferer from Rheumatism or any other Disease of the Muscular or Nervous System to be benefited by my treatment, I will, during the next 90 days, send one of my Best No. 8 High Power Electric Belts

ABSOLUTELY FREE.

If, as I am sure, it cures you permanently, I know you will be grateful enough and pay me the small price asked. On the other hand, if it fails to benefit you, all you have to do is to return me the Belt at my expense.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE—FREE! FREE! FREE!

My book on the diseases of men and women, and their treatment by electricity, is worth its weight in gold. It is profusely illustrated, and teaches all about the human body, its construction, functions, and the ills it is subject to. This book, although it cost me quite a little fortune to publish, will be sent free, and securely sealed, to anyone sending me his name and address. Write to-day. This is your opportunity.

DR. J. A. MACDONALD,

8 BLEURY STREET, MONTREAL, Que.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?

Then get a box of

HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS.

Cures a cold in 24 hours.

HOW ABOUT THAT COUGH?

HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURES

Will cure it. Now is the time.

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WHY DOES A BABY CRY?

Because it is either hungry or in pain. Properly nourished it will usually grow up right and be comfortable—that's the principal thing for a baby. If its food lacks strength and nourishment add Scott's Emulsion at feeding time. A few drops will show surprising results. If a baby is plump it is reasonably safe. Scott's Emulsion makes babies plump.

We'll send you a sample free.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, Toronto, Ont.

Down Around Zero.

(Toronto Telegram.)

The interior of a Toronto street car is representative of the refrigerated atmosphere which the Ottawa Opposition will have to breathe for the next five years.

SECOND SECTION. PAGES 13 to 22.

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

SECOND SECTION PAGES 13 to 22.

ESTABLISHED 1808.—NO. 267. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. MONTREAL, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT

THE "SYSTEM" THAT ELECTED ALD. AMES WHEN LAURIER SWEPT THE COUNTRY

No Such Use of Card-Index System Ever Seen In Canada

LISTS, LISTS AND MORE LISTS

Even the Applause Was Scientifically Noted, and Put to Good Use—Not an Effort Wasted in Useless Channels.

The election campaign conducted by Ald. Ames in St. Antoine Division in the contest of 1904 is likely to effect something of a revolution in Canadian compaign methods. It demonstrated the enormous effect that can be secured by thorough and systematic organization in the hands of one who has foresight enough to commence that task many months ahead of the date of battle.

There was a tendency before the election to ridicule Ald. Ames' preparations as a "card-index campaign." It was one, very largely, but the card-index vindicated itself. The fact is that it was used only as a means for diverting the personal persuasiveness in which Ald. Ames' cause was supposed to be somewhat wanting in those channels where it would do the maximum amount of good. The whole campaign was a model of economy in its broadest sense, of the securing of the largest possible results from the means at hand. And it was all done honestly, openly and above board, by means of System with a capital S. If Ald. Ames ever loses all his money he can make an excellent livelihood going around and showing politicians how to adapt System to their individual needs.

It began, in Ald. Ames' case, two years before the election. Then it was that the coming member of parliament for St. Antoine's took the first of his three great canvasses of the Division. It was an information canvass purely, and no attempt was made to solicit votes. No political questions were asked except the single one relating to the general party inclinations of the voter. But—it secured a card with a condensed description of the personal appearance of every voter in the Division, with his business as well as his private address and it provided a means of checking the subsequent canvasses that made their completeness a matter of certainty. The second canvass followed at the time of the election "scare" last January and was marked with the same thoroughness. Every canvasser was bound to see his man, for he had to bring a description of him, and if that description did not tally with the previous one there was an investigation. The records of these descriptions were held by trusty district captains, volunteer workers and not paid men.

The Monument Lists.

It was now possible to draw up a descriptive list of the entire electorate of the Division. The electoral list was taken,—and it is, as every one knows, numbered in a fresh series for each polling-district—and was given one solid consecutive numbering throughout, running up to 8529. The number thus attached to each voter became his designation, and votes could be discussed, tabulated, telephoned about, without using the name at all. Upon this great numbered list, of which each committee room possessed a copy, was inscribed also the supposed political creed of the voter, his business address, his house address if he had moved, his language (whether French or English) and other information,—in short all the information secured about him except his personal description. The accuracy of this list, when revised by the third and final canvass, at which yet a third description of the voter was brought in and tallied with the two preceding was almost unassailable, and in face of such a thorough means of proving or disproving identity as the description cards placed in the hands of the poll-captains, successful personation was utterly impossible unless by a "double." An extraordinary feature was the completeness of the information secured about the absentees on the list.

The Elimination of the Dead Wood From Lists

One of the chief results of the first canvass was the elimination from the voters' lists of an enormous quantity of "dead wood." The law was applied as it read, and a long number of aliens who had never taken the formality of naturalizing themselves but had voted for many years were to their intense astonishmnet left off the list. The result of this pruning of aliens, absentees and "deads" and of the systematic efforts to get at the remaining vote on election day was that the percentage of votes to enrolled voters was unprecedentedly high. After the first canvass all non-registered voters who were not known to be Liberals were personally urged to register, a task that was accomplished with excellent results.

The Colored Envelopes.

The information acquired being now tabulated against the name and number of each voter, Mr. Ames' committee proceeded to make further systematic use of it. They devised a system of colored envelopes, of which 10,000 duly addressed to the entire Division, were kept always ready and replaced as soon as they were used. This part of the work was in the hands of the "Bureau of Distribution" at 286 Guy street, which was presided over by a lady with an office experience of years and a highly developed bump of system. The envelopes were of four classes, white with white lining, English-speaking voters resident in the district; white with blue lining, English-speaking absentees; light blue, French-speaking residents; dark blue, French-speaking absentees. Besides the address the elector's number appeared on the corner of the envelope. In this way any desired piece of information could be sent to any class of voters in any district of the Division at half an hour's notice. Personal intimation of every one of Ald. Ames' meetings and of the Borden meeting at Windsor Hall, was thus sent round to every elector whom it could interest, and to no others. The maximum of effectiveness was secured for the minimum of distribution.

At an early stage in the game it became apparent to Ald. Ames' workers that the changeable vote lay mainly in the "swamp" district. The percentage declining to declare in favor of either candidate was immensely higher there than elsewhere, and a great proportion of the uncertain vote was French. Mr. Ames therefore paid earnest attention to his French meetings. He himself did not know in the least what arguments would best touch the heart of the elusive French voter. So he secured good French speakers for each of his meetings and awaited developments. From the successful speeches he extracted a dozen crisp passages, those passage that had elicited the most general enthusiasm among their hearers, and published them in a little leaflet, which he sent to all his French-speaking constituents. It made one of the finest campaign documents imaginable, giving in fact the pith of half-a-dozen meetings in five minutes' reading.



THE STRATHCONA MEMORIAL.
Complete Statue as It is Being Erected on Dominion Square.

The Business District List a Vast Affair

Now came another enormous piece of assortment. The city was divided into sixty business districts, and every voter with a business address was put in a list according to the place of his occupation. There were thus got together the names of all the St. Antoine voters in every factory, office block and store in Montreal, with a result in the way of personal influence that can hardly be over-estimated; for every such group of voters contained at least one good Conservative who was prevailed upon to make it his duty to get out the largest possible Conservative vote from his shop or office.

This tabulation by place of business was put to a good use on the day of election, when every polling-captain knew exactly what men voting at his poll were to be found in any given section of the city, and wasted no cab journeys sending twice for two men working in the same block.

With the business address had been compiled the telephone address, and from early in the morning there sat at the nearest friendly telephone to each poll-station a man whose sole duty it was to ring up the voters whose names and 'phone numbers were on his poll-list—to ring them up until dewy eve if need be, unless he were notified by the poll-captain that they had performed the sacred duties of citizenship.

The business list was also used for the sending out by mail, for delivery on the morning of election day, of a card which reached every voter with a business address, including many who could not be got at by phone. This card informed the voter that it was election day, that he voted at such and such a place (street number and names of nearest cross streets being given in every case), and that further information, carriage, etc., could be secured by telephoning such a number, that of the appropriate committee room. There was no wasting of this ammunition at the voter's house, where he would find it when he came back from his day's labors, after the polls were closed. It stared him in the face when he opened his morning mail, just as he set down to think out his programme for the day.

Distributing Literature.

The campaign literature was put forth with equal economy. Much of it was actually specially devised for certain small classes of recipients, to whom alone it was sent. Thus everyone connected with the importing business received a copy of Watson Griffin's attack on the dumping-clause, and similar special subjects were dealt with for special audiences. The meetings could hardly be classified in a similar way, but realizing that there would be some of the same people at every two meetings of the series, Mr. Ames made his speeches somewhat particular and confined them to one or two subjects of his charge against the Government, never repeating himself in the same neighborhood. Being provided with a file of exhaustive notes of each address this was not difficult.

Committee Rooms for Business, Not Loafing

In the matter of committee-rooms Mr. Ames endeavored to establish a new style. He had only eight rooms, but each was in absolute control of all the information it could possibly require. There was nothing social about them, and indeed they were made small on purpose that they might not degenerate into loafing-places. They were business offices pure and simple, for the distribution of information.

The full list of doubtful voters was subjected to extraordinarily close scrutiny. It was passed through the hands of twenty-five of the best-acquainted men of the Division, each of whom took from it all those whom he thought he could influence. The accuracy of the final prognostications of Mr. Ames' workers was equally astounding. Most of the committee districts realized within three or four votes of what they had promised. The "swamp" district was to a great extent uncertain right up to the end, and no positive predictions were made about it. No one has suggested that Ald. Ames' election was not clean. He certainly took every possible step to make it so; and the most effective contributor of that result was the fact that no one doubted his truthfulness when he said that if it were proven that his vote included one dishonest ballot he would resign. There was thus no uncertainty as to puchasable voters, a fact which contributed largely to the accuracy of the estimate.

It was a campaign that could not have been won without a card-index; but even Liberals must pay some tribute to the organizing talent of the man who devised, operated, and triumphed by the System.

RADIUM SPRING IN 2,000 YEAR CLOCK

Ingenious Invention of Hon. R. Strutt Prevents Very Frequent Winding

IT WILL ONLY COST $1,000

Not so Sure That Something Else Won't Stop it Before the Time's up, but Scientist Approves Idea.

London, Nov. 12.—The Hon. Richard Strutt, son of Lord Rayleigh, has made a radium clock, which will go for two thousand years without winding up.

In this clock a small piece of gold leaf is electrified by means of a very small quantity of radium salt. It bends away from the metal substance, and keeps on moving under this influence until it touches the side of the vessel. At the moment of contact it loses its electrical charge, upon which it springs back and is electrified again. The repetition of this process over and over again is the whole secret, and Sir William Ramsay considers it might be expected to go on, barring accidents, for a couple of thousand years.

Asked if such an instrument could be made a reliable timekeeper by which a business man could keep his appointments, Sir William answered: "Yes, so far as the principle is concerned. You have the energy, and unless the thing stuck at some time or other, it would go on and on, and could be regulated to move the hands on a clock face to a mechanical nicety."

Sir William did not think such a clock would be a very expensive luxury. It ought to be possible to make one for about £200 ($1,000).

FIGHT WITH A BIRD.

A Fisherman's Wild and Vicious Encounter With a Great Northern Diver.

An old Aberdeenshire fisherman who fishes daily in Cruden Bay has had an exciting fight with a great northern diver, a somewhat rare bird which can dive a great depth for any fish it may fancy, says the London Express.

The man was plying his rod about a mile from the shore, when suddenly he felt a series of unusually powerful tugs at his line.

He began pulling in the catch, and had hauled it nearly aboard, despite a resistance which nearly lashed the water into a fury, when the diver suddenly darted from the sea into his face with a force that almost hurled him overboard.

Before he could recover himself, the bird swooped down again, and then whirled round him. In one of its mad dashes it split open the back of his hand; in another, it struck him above the eye with its beak, inflicting a wound two inches long and laying the bone bare.

Using one of the boat stretchers as a weapon, the fisherman was able, with a lucky blow, to break the wing of his infuriated assailant and then kill it. He rowed ashore, and his wounds were stitched by a doctor.

The diver was found to measure three feet across the wings and w the bird was cut open a small hooked whiting was discovered. The bird had no doubt seen the fish wriggling on the line, and, diving twenty feet, h swallowed it and been also hooked.

PRESIDENT LOUBET'S FIRST LOVE HIS MOTHER

She is a Humble Market Woman in a French Village, Where Loubet Goes to See Her.

Paris, Nov. 12.—An affecting incident was the recent visit of President Loubet to his mother at Montelimar. The mother of the French President is a humble market woman in the little village, and despite her son's endeavors refused to leave the place where she was born and has lived for three-quarters of a century. Her son awaited her in the market place as she drove up in her little cart loaded with vegetables. Assisting his mother to alight, President Loubet gave her his arm and escorted her to her accustomed seat. Then placing over her a large umbrella to shield her from the threatened weather, he sat by her side, and mother and son enjoyed a long talk together.

We can learn more of President Loubet's true character from this little incident than from volumes of biography that might be written. No man worthy the name of man ever forgets his mother. She is the first love, and to her he remains true throughout the year. Married or single, old or young, he is still her child. M. Loubet is one of the most popular men who ever occupied the Presidential chair. The people feel that he is one of them; that he can enter with sympathy into their life; that he is a man after their own kind. The incident which we have just related will bind M. Loubet more closely than ever to his loyal people.

NEGRO IS 120 YEARS OLD.

Age of Very Old Colored Man is Vouched for by Records in Virginia.

Columbia, Tenn., Nov. 12.—In this city resides the oldest person in the United States.

He is Richard Porter, colored, and he was born in Virginia, 1778, as attested by records in that State. He was sold to William Porter, of this place, in 1804.

The first court house ever built in the county was erected in 1808, and Richard helped to lay the cornerstone and erect the building. The cornerstone of a new nine thousand dollar Court House was laid last week, and Richard with trembling hands, cemented the stone going through some of the same exercises he did ninety-six years ago.

A sister of Porter recently died at the age of one hundred. His mother lived to be ninety-six.

He is able to move remarkably well, considering his age, but his sight and hearing are defective.

NOT ALLOWED BY THE CHURCH.

It used to be the custom in some of the Scottish parish churches for the minister to bow to the laird before he began his discourse.

On one occasion in a certain church the laird was not present, but his wife, accompanied by her daughters and a bevy of fair ladies, was in occupation of the laird's pew. The minister omitted the usual salaam when he noticed the laird's absence.

When they met, however, the laird's eldest daughter, who was famous for her good looks, and afterwards became known as the beautiful Countess of Mar, rallied the minister for not bowing to the ladies.

The minister's reply was admirable. "Your ladyship forgets," he said "that the worship of angels is not permitted by the Scottish Church."

"A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush." See page 20.

MEMORIAL TO LORD STRATHCONA AND CANADIAN SOUTH AFRICAN VETERANS



THE STRATHCONA MEMORIAL.
Crown, Showing a Trooper of the Strathcona Horse.

Equestrian Monument In the Dominion Square

TO BE UNVEILED JULY 1905

A Sum of $30,000 Was Collected by Montreal Gentlemen — The Foundation is Now Being Laid.

Work has begun on the memorial in Dominion Square, Montreal to Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal for the part he took in organizing and equipping the Canadian Contingents who fought side by side with the British troops in South Africa, and to the Canadian Veterans of that war. Only the foundation will be laid before winter sets in but with the arrival of Spring the work will be pushed forward towards completion, and the formal unveiling of the monument will probably take place towards the end of July next year.

The promoters of the scheme were Sir William Van Horne, Mr. R. B. Angus, and Mr. James Ross who have acted as trustees of the funds, Mr. G. T. Clouston, who became treasurer and Mr. P. S. Davidson who took upon himself the duties of secretary. These gentlemen asociated themselves with the movement as a committee some years ago and so spontaneous was the response to their appeal that soon they had in funds the large sum of $30,000.

The question of what form the memorial should take was their first consideration and it was unanimously agreed that it should be a monument to be erected in a public square. Dominion square was chosen as the most suitable site. Application was made to the City Council for permission, and this was at once granted.

The committee did not do this work hastily. They called upon the architects Messrs. Edward and W. S. Maxwell for advice. Conversation and the exchange of plans representing the several views expresed. Eventually it was decided to erect such a monument as the above illustrations represent. The great care taken was merited for the monument will be more or less of a national character and will be an adornment to the city of Montreal. As will be seen the pedestal and body of the memorial will be surmounted by a war horse equipped with the accoutrements of war, and ridden by a trooper of the Strathcona Horse. On the front of the body of the monument will apear a scene descriptive of the Battle of Paardeberg where the Canadian volunteers so distinguished themselves. There will also be a representation of Lord Strathcona. All the sculpture work has been entrusted to Mr. G. W. Hill. The whole will cost $30,000.

The unveiling of the monument next July will be the ocasion of a great military and public demonstration.

Thomas Yates, Sole American Survivor of Light Brigade

Toledo, Ohio, Nov. 12.—Believing himself to be the sole survivor on this side of the Atlantic Ocean of the famous "Charge of the Light Brigade," immortalized by Tennyson, Thomas Yates, a respected resident of this city, will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary this year by taking a day off, which he rarely does, despite his eighty-one years.

Mr. Yates was a member of the Thirteenth Light Dragoons, which rode in the charge. Only nine other men of this squadron beside himself survived the slaughter, which reduced the ranks of the famous six hundred to a third. He came out with two sabre wounds in his left arm. Later, while doing picket duty, he lost his right forefinger, and for that reason was given his discharge from the brigade upon its recall to Great Britain when it was stationed in barracks in Ireland.

He had intended to go to Australia with his family, but his discharge came so late that he was left behind and after spending several years in Scotland he emigrated to Canada twenty-nine years ago from Nashville, Tenn., where he made his home several years.

Mr. Yates is hale and hearty, and in all his long life has never required the services of a physician. He and his wife, who is still living, will celebrate their golden wedding in four years.

"KILTIES" DRUM MAJOR AND A SPRIG OF HEATHER

Roderick Bain McKenzie, of Belleville, on the Hilltops Overlooking Balmoral Castle.

Glasgow, Nov. 12.—A sprig of heather nestled in the tunic of Roderick Bain McKenzie, the seven-foot-two drum major of the famous "Kilties" Band from Canada. "I plucked the wee bit flower from the mountains that overlook Balmoral," said the giant, speaking with a Scottish-Canadian accent. More of it I have sent to the old folks in Canada. Mighty proud they'll be of it, too. 'Heather!' they'll say, 'real heather frae the old country, picked by the boy Roderick himself on the King's own hilltops!' And more than likely they'll say it in the Gaelic, which they speak fine.

"When I was a bit of a baim away yonder in the new country," proceeded the drum-major, "the old mother would o' nights stand me by her knee—I was too tall to sit on it—and ding some fearsome strange language in my ears. It was Gaelic. And I was made to speak and write the tongue before English.

"When I grew older the scent of heather would sometimes seem to come with the Gaelic, but"—and Roderick Bain McKenzie extended his enormous chest with pride—"I never thought a bit of the real thing would rest right there." And his great hand patted affectionately the modest, dappled blossom. I can't just tell you the sensations that rushed through me like currents of electricity as I stood on those mountains. But I was disappointed in one thing"—and a cloud settled on Roderick's big, expressive face. "D'ye know, the people of Ballater couldn't understand my Gaelic?

GEORGE III. MARRIED PRETTY QUAKERESS

Descendants of Royal Romance are Still to be Met With in South Africa.

It is not impossible that Princess Christian may meet remote kinsfolk before she leaves South Africa. It is on record that the Rexes, by whom the Princess's brother, the late Duke of Edinburgh, was entertained while in Cape Town, were the descendants of Hannah Lightfoot, whom, the secret history of George III. teaches that King married. Certain authorities rather pooh-hooshed the story, but "Notes and Queries" has pretty clearly established the fact that such a marriage did take place. Biographical encyclopedias make light of the story, or garble it; but in her will, Hannah Lightfoot, signing her self Hannah Regina, recommended "my two sons and daughter to the kind protection of their Royal father, my husband, His Majesty George III." She is said to have married a man named Axford, but it was a son of the King, the story runs, who went to the Cape, and as "Rex" established himself in the new world. And it is a descendant of that man, her kindred by blood, whom, perchance, the Princess may meet upon her journey.

A good many years ago a history of the Courts of George III. and George IV. was published under the name of Lady Anne Hamilton, Queen Caroline's friend.

It created a great sensation at the time, and the Lady Anne, while admitting that the facts were furnished by herself, pleaded that the book had been written without her permission or knowledge.

In that it was stated that George III. married Hannah Lightfoot, the beautiful Quakeress, daughter of a linendraper, at Curzon-street Chapel, Mayfair, in the year 1759.

The Royal Marriage Act, passed thirteen years later, and enacting that no Prince or Princess of the Royal blood might marry with any person of less degree, was framed to nullify that marriage.

According to Lady Anne Hamilton the King's brother, Edward, who was one of the witnesses of his marriage with Princess Charlotte, was present also at the marriage to the Quakeress, and the real state of the case was explained to the former by the Duke of Abercorn—"St. James's Gazette."

The Herald's Great Educational Contest Announcement on page 20.

APPARATUS WHICH WILL REDUCE FIREMEN'S RISK

Fire Fighters May Remain Without Fear of Asphyxia in Places Otherwise Impossible to Breathe in.

Paris, Nov. 12.—An experiment has recently been made in Paris with an ingenious apparatus, invented by M. Guglielminetti and M. Draeger, by means of which it is possible to remain without fear of asphyxia in places where it would otherwise be impossible to breathe. The apparatus is automatic; that is, it has no connection with the air outside.

It is composed of a tube containing a provision of oxygen sufficient to last a man for breathing purposes for more than an hour, and a helmet of aluminum, fitting the head exactly by means of a pneumatic pad. The oxygen is supplied automatically to the man's mouth and the air exhaled is received in a compressible bag.

It passes through a regenerator with granulated caustic potash, which absorbs all the carbonic acid. A fireman, provided with his apparatus, went down into a cellar in which piles of damp straw had been lighted, and although there was suffocating smoke from this, he remained in it for nearly three-quarters of an hour without being at all inconvenienced by it.

It will be the "Talk of the Town." See page 20.

Are you going to try? See page 20.

PEERLESS LADIES.

They Wear Unique Decorations and Hold Singular Titles.

There is only one living "Lady Knight of the Garter," says London Answers. That lady is our own gracious Queen Alexandra. She was created such on the accession of King Edward VII by the monarch himself. The title is not necessarily one devolving upon the Queen of England, unless she reigns by right of birth, as Queen Victoria did.

Only one queen holds the full diploma of a recognized institution as a "trained nurse," she having spent the period required by such institution in actual nursing and in receiving instruction in the art, within the walls of a large hospital, and having passed all the ordinary examinations demanded for such a diploma. This Queen is Amelie, of Portugal, who is almost worshipped by the poor Portuguese of Lisbon for the excellent service she has often rendered them during times of epidemic and sickness by her knowledge of nursing and her care for sufferers.

There are over 150 gallant recipients of the famous Albert Medal, which was founded in March, 1866, and is intended to reward for all kinds of special bravery shown in saving life at sea. But, among all the folks who have won this unique decoration for unusual gallantry, there is only one woman. This is Miss H. Rosbotham, who in 1882, was presented by our late Queen with the Albert Medal for as brave an action as any done by the many sailors and civilians who had already gained the distinction.

Only one woman, not being royal, has ever been presented by the Corporation with the "Freedom of the City of London." This is the Baroness Burdett-Coutts, who received the honor as a slight acknowledgement of what the metropolis owed her for her manifold and enormous exertions, and unstinted gifts of time and money, toward furthering all good causes tending to benefit the poor and sick.

Similarly, though there are hundreds upon hundreds of "freemen," hereditary and honorary, of the various provincial towns and cities of England and Wales, there exists only one case known where a woman has received the "Freedom of the City," from any of these municipalities in later days. The fortunate lady is Mrs. Rylands, of Manchester, upon whom the honor was conferred amid the acclamation of thousands of Mancurians, in return for the vast and valuable gife bestowed on the cotton town by the late Mr. John Rylands and this lady is wife—as witness Owen's College the Rylands Library and many simi grand institutions in Manchester.

THE DOG AS LINGUIST.

Ever since the dog became the servant of man he has had to be a linguist. If the annals of dogs and men were searched, it would be found that the former had in their day been proficient in the understanding of tongues dead for centuries, as they will be in the future of the languages of nations yet unborn. 'Argo' doubtless obeyed the orders given by Penelope in the most lady-like Ionic of the day; the dog of Alcibiades was no less proficient when addressed in "up-to-date" Attic by the club porter in Athens; and we may be very certain that all the dogs on the canvasses of Cuyp and Teniers were equally familiar with the dog language of double Dutch.

Wealth Galore on Montreal's Streets

"We'll o'er the water, and o'er the sea."

* * *

He wore a despondent look, and a suit of tweeds that had seen better days, and as his eyes gazed longingly out over the St. Lawrence waters in the direction that leads to the broad ocean highway, it was easy to tell that things had not gone too well with him.

The cold wind of the November evening played marrow-freezing music through his well-worn overcoat, as he crowded himself into the lee of a pile of lumber on the water front, waiting with all the patience at his command until it was time for him to board the steamer that was to carry him back, ere the taste of the famous Medicine Hat weather could come along and bite him worse.

His experience in the new land had been none of the most encouraging, and before there was time to get further down hill, he had gathered his few things together, and, like the prodigal son of old, had determined to return to the land of his fathers. He was going home with the cattle!

Many were the directions in which he had tried his hand at fortune building. Some of these had promise; the majority had none. But one had about it a suggestion of newness that cannot fail to impress many as having at least possibilities of money-making.

* * *

Readers of the newspapers cannot fail to be struck by the numerous advertisements of the loss of money and articles of value on the streets. Day after day there seems to be such a scattering abroad of sums of money, of watches and jewellery, as to make the newcomer fondly imagine he has surely struck a land that not only flows with milk and honey, but that in addition rains down wealth as the dew falls from heaven, and that all a sharp-eyed, energetic man has to do is to go out in the daylight and get rich quickly.

Our Wealth-Strewn Streets.

To each the gold-giving hills and valle of Klondike one has long, weary miles to cover, much toil and starvation to face, unknown dangers to encounter, with possible failure, mayhap death, at the end.

To gather the "first fruits" of the great grain bearing Northwest, calls for capital, years of hard, almost continuous labor, and demands at least some elementary knowledge of farming work.

But right here, on Montreal streets, there is, one might fondly imagine, a store of wealth ... ad promiscuously about by the nat ..., for anyone who cares to take the ...ouble to look and gather. A moderate fortune seems at command as one glances at the list.

"Lost, near Bonaventure Station, a purse containing $11.

"Lost, on St. Catherine street, near Windsor, purse containing a large sum of money.

"Lost, on St. Lawrence, near Craig, gold watch and chain.

"Left in St. Henri car, west-bound, pocketbook with $78."

To the man with no other employment on hand than to figure out a hundred times a day how long he can contrive to steer clear of the charitable societies on a present cash balance on hand of 95 cents, a perusal of such a list of carelessly-handled items opens out a cheerful vista of chances. If there be losers there must be finders.

Why should not he be a finder?

Hundreds of dollars, dropped around every week of the year for anyone to pick up, has an allurement evin for the man who has "a job of work" at command. Such a one could well attend to the ordinary duties of the day, were they of a nature that called for outdoor movement, while in addition, by a strict attention to the main chance while passing along, there be fat remunerative pickings in the gutterways and on Montreal's otherwise unattractive sidewalks. How much more likely, then, is there to come reward to him who takes up the lost property department as a profession? To the aforementioned individual of the 95 cents it sweats magnetism, and seems to give promise of being more remunerative than an investment in real estate.

There Must be Finders.

To a man of careful calculating habits it looks as easy as falling of a fence!

Study the adverts. of a week, or a fortnight, if necessary; note where the people who are rich, rash and careless are wont to indulge most freely in the wealth-sowing process. Haunt that locality as long as the police on the beat will allow without ...oking you up as a suspicious characte , and surely by all the laws of a well-regulated chance, the effort will produce at least "pay dirt."

The goods are there—bank bills in wads, watches, chains, lockets, gold in other shapes and designs, furs, boots, clothing, every kind of thing that is worth reaching out for.

Somebody's got to find them—and the policeman cannot be looking all the time.

Then theres' the live stock! Surely there is room for a few men in this branch alone!

"Lost, brown horse; good reward

"Lost, horse and buggy; $20 to finder.

"Lost, young fox terrier; $5 reward.

What price this kind of business? No demand for double magnifying glasses in this department! The man who can't see a lost horse, or is not prepared to take some risks over a valuable looking dog that don't seem to know its way about, can make no money at the finding business. He ought to go into the ice trade. But to a live man, wearing a couple of observant eyes in his head, his board and lodging seems safe.

Figuring up the losses and findings of a month, as given forth by public announcement, the field is by no means a limited one. And the crop looks to be as lucrative as dollar wheat.

The animals are there, anxious to be taken in change by a humane looking, tender-hearted person.

But of course there be some born to ill-luck, as the sparks drop down after a momentary upward flight. Not to everyone is it given to clutch fortune with such ease.

The man who has just gone back with the cattle is evidently one of that sort. All he had for his trouble was the idea and some more corns.

* * *

And as the brave liner hauled out in the fresh-running stream of the broad St. Lawrence, it could be observed, in the dull light of the November morning, that both eyes of this unsuccessful genius were turned away to the eastward; towards his homeland, where—

"The lazy mist hangs from the brow of the hill."

J. R. S.

HARRISS' "PAN" EVENT NEXT WEEK

Ottawa Performance Means Much to McGill Conservat.

MONTREAL'S NEW MUSIC HALL

A New English Musical Comedy at His Majesty's — Rejane in New York — Gossip of the Amusement World.

There occurs next Saturday In Ottawa an artistic event of altogether unusual import. Upon the success of Mr. C. A. E. Harriss' new choric idyll, "Pan" depends in some considerable measure the prestige that will attach in the wide musical world to the McGill Conservatorium of Music, of which he is the supreme head. Not upon the Ottawa performance, it is true; for that is more in the nature of a delicate compliment to Canada and to the retiring head of the Government of this Dominion. The real verdict must be passed upon this work in New York or in London, and it is fair to surmise that Sir Alexander Mackenz.e will not permit that verdict to be too long in coming. The Ottawa performance will, however, be sufficient to snow Canadian connoisseurs what the more general verdict is likely to be.

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It seems that the idyll will eventually be repeated in Montreal with somewhat the same conditions as at Ottawa. This is a satisfactory assurance, for there is certainly no reason other than the social for giving the work in the Russell Theatre. But the value to the Conservatorium of whatever social next week's concert may bring is perhaps somewhat overlooked. From the standpoint merely of the advancement of musical art in this city and Canada generally, I imagine that the trip to the Capital of Mr. Reyner's choir and an expensive orchestra will be by no means wasted. Concerning the work itself it is impossible even to prophesy, for it is an entirely new vein for the composer. Sufficient has been published in these columns concerning it to show that in scope and magnitude of project it is important enough to compel interest.

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I extract from the London Daily News the following concerning a well known Canadian pianist:—"Miss Anna Fyshe, who made such a good impression with her playing of Chopin's F minor concerto at a recent B. Hollander orchestral concert, gave a concert last night in St. James' Hall. To an orchestral accompaniment that lacked sprightliness and rhythmical precision, she played Mozart's pretty A major concerto with becoming grace, ingenuousness and charm. Miss Fyshe also gave a powerful, emotional, but somewhat too rhapsodical rendering of Brahms' G minor Rhapsody, an exquisite rendering of Chopin's Berceuse, and a dashing performance of the same composer's A flat valse. In Beethoven's G major concerto, with orchestra, the young artist strengthened the good impression her previous interpretation of the Chopin concerto had created. Miss Fyshe announces a solo recital at an early date."

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Boston has of late been witnessing a very spectacular and sumptuous presentation entitled "The Shepherd King" based on the information given us in the Holy Scriptures concerning the life of David. It seems to have been an unqualified success, and I note that the chief actor, Mr. Wright Lorimer, has decided to confine himself exclusively to Biblical productions in the future, in which he will portray some of the better known characters. Among these will be those of Daniel and Joseph. The stories in which these characters figure will lend themselves readily to magnificent stage production of the order of "The Shepherd King."

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I am not in the least sure that there is anything to be gained either artistically, morally, religiously or any other way by this enthusiasm for Biblical productions. There is a well known financial reason for them, in the enormous profits which both induction and experience teach us can be drawn by him, who can contrive to break down the religious prejudice of certain classes against the dramatic art. That prejudice has been broken down on sundry occasions in the past, and never with any benefit to the art nor probably to the dis-prejudiced; always, however, with uge profit to the producer. "The Sign of the Cross" is the standard example. Artistically bad in itself, it was the pioneer of a whole series of imitations unspeakably worse, until the melo-dramatic stage reeked for two years and more with a so-called "religious" atmosphere that was an insult to religion. It was not to be expected that the new theatre-goers, attracted by the mere fact that these plays treated of religious themes, unaccustomed to the witnessing of real drama, unprovided with the standards of comparison of that most difficult art, should succeed in discerning the falsity and shallowness of such work. They did not succeed. They continued for years in the belief that "The Sign of the Cross" and its followers were a great moral influence, until at length sickened by they knew not what, finding that their dramatic pabulum was turning to ashes in the mouth, they returned to the old path of avoidance of the theatre, without ever having seen what the true art of the theatre had to offer them.

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There are two reasons why a man may put on the stage a Biblical, sacred or religious play; and they are not compatible with one another. One is the fact that the Bible offers the most marvellous collection of purely dramatic narratives in the world's literature. This is the purely artistic reason. It has within late years given the world Paul Heyse's "Mary of Magdala," presented a season ago by Mrs. Fiske, and Oscar Wilde's, incomparable "Salome," perhaps the greatest Biblical play ever written. It has given the French stage some of its greatest operas—"Samson et Dalila," "Herodiade," and others. In proportion as these works are artistically true, as they show life whole and clearly, so are they moral; but the reason for the use of Biblical material is a purely artistic one. The other reason is the desire to play upon the dramatic naivete of the non-theatre goer, to inveigle him into witnessing a drama by other means than the beauty of the drama itself. They are not compatible, because the use of Biblical and religious motives as simply so much plastic material for artistic treatment, however reverent, is the one sure way to alienate nine-tenths of those who abstain from the theatre on religious grounds. To catch their suffrages the dramatist must adopt as his own the tenets of their particular faith, and treat as absolute truth that which, from the impartial standpoint of the artist studying life, he should only regard as so many human phenomena. "The Sign of the Cross" succeeded largely because it utilized a miracle as a dramatic occurrence.

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Monday was a busy but not a highly productive night in New York, in spite of being the eve of election day. Mme. Rejane made her first appearance, having just arrived from Havana, and as she will visit us shortly, the reception accorded her is of interest. Truth compels the statement that while an artistic success, her first appearance found New Yorkers sadly slow to extend it moral endorsation. "L'Amoureuse" appears to be a study of social conditions somewhat resembling those aimed at by Mr. George Meredith, with his temporary-marriage scheme. Anyhow the Post's critic described it as "pestilent trash," and accused Mme. Rejane of perpietrating "a convincing bit of unhesitating realism." A Mellhalc Halevy one-act comedy, "Lolotte" seems to have cleared the air. "In this she played with delightful dexterity, humor and lightness, the audience responding with alacrity, evidently rejoicing in the brighter and healthier atmosphere." Mme. Rejane's powers are described as being now in the fulness of maturity. Needless to say, her premiere was a great social function.

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Our friend Mr. David Higgins struck Manhattan with "His Last Dollar," and achieved a great melodramatic success. Andrew Mack started up a new Irish melodrama called "The Way to Kenmare," which is much like all Irish melodramas, and is by E. E. Rose, dramatizer of the Zenda stories. May Irwin, whose return to drama has already been signalized in these columns in the faint hope of preparing the Montreal public for the ordeal of saying farewell again, got to New oYrk with "Mrs. Black is Back." Her success, if somewhat personal, was none the less enormous. There was a waggon-load of bouquets. George M. Cohan, who has labored under the vaudevillainous sobriquet of "The Four Cohan's" for so long that his real merit was in danger of obscurity, emerged from the shadow of the other three (who nevertheless are still with him) and shone as a star in "Little Johnny Jones" In snap and cleverness both piece and cast seem to be 'way above the average.

The only other interesting New York fixture is Mme. Gadski's song recital on Thursday—too late to notice.

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An ovent of great importance took place in New Haven, but little is likely to be heard of it until the production then inaugurated reaches a larger centre. Miss Margaret Anglin made her debut as a star in "The Eternal Feminine." The play, which is an idyllic comedy, whose scenes are in the mythical Island of Halcyone, in the Aegean; time 400 B. C., was adapted into English by Austin Page, from the German of Robert Misch. All the incidental music was written by Professor Horatio W. Parker, head of the department of music in Yale. It is Dr. Parker's first contribution to dramatic music. Of the play the New Haven Register says: "The Eternal Feminine" offers Miss Anglin an excellent opportunity in which to display her talent for serious work. The play is a whimsical satire of unquestioned merit." The chief actor in Miss Anglin's support is Mr. Robert Drouet, the best leading man who ever graced the stock companies of Montreal's west end playhouse.

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I note that the announced programme of Eugen D'Albert's tour of America includes a date for Montreal on March 28, the last but one of the bookings for the tour. He opens on this continent at Washington on January 13, with DeKoven's orchestra, and a remarkable event of the tour will be the D'Albert Ysaye concert in New York, January 24, at which both will play solos and both will conduct the orchestra. If the D'Albert booking is carried through here we shall have heard two of the greatest living pianists in the one season. Hofmann plays in December.

Murray Knight

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HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Charl Frohman and George Edwardes will present "The Girl From Kays," the big farcical comedy with music, at His Majesty's Theatre all next week. In addition to the regular Saturday matinee, there will be a special holiday matinee on Thanksgiving Day.

"The Girl From Kay's" has had exceedingly long runs in London and New York, and is described as one of the brightest and best of the transplanted English products seen of late in this country. Owen Hall, who seems to be a prolific writer of librettos, is the author of the book. The story harps on the jealousy of a young bride who catches her husband in the arms of a young girl who has come to deliver the hat she is to wear on her honeymoon trip at the seaside. Mr. Hall's lines are described as being very bright, with a good deal of dialogue that is at times piquant and saucy. All the scenes hang legitimately on the story. The musical numbers are all melodiously tuneful. "Customers From Kays," "Sufficiency," "Matilda and the Builder," and "Tips," are among the musical hits.

Hoggenheimer, the principal character in the action, is typical of the well known man in all large cities, and beneath the veneer of caricature he is easily and readily recognized.

The gowns are said to be very handsome, and were designed by Mrs. Osborn.

The cast and chorus aggregate about eighty in number with Jake Bernard and Clara Palmer as the principal players. Others are William Rochester, Catherine Call, Benjamin Howard, Caroline Gordon, Ray Atwell, Lily Lorrell, W. F. Constantine, Josephine Sheppard and others. The scenic effects are of the Frohman order of sumptuousness and are as extensive as they are sumptuous, two railroad cars being required for the transportation en tour.

The management are particularly desirous of making it known that the curtain will rise at eight o'clock promptly in order that they may be enabled to give the production in its entirety within the prescribed time.

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ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

The title of Walter Perkins' farcical comedy "Who Goes There," which is to be seen at the Academy of Music next week, was given to it on account of its military flavor. It was written by H. A. DuSouchet, author of "My Friend From India," and "The Man From Mexico," from a suggestion he received while the State Militia was in camp prior to embarkment for the Cuban-American war. It was a humorous fact that at that time so many girls' sweethearts were afraid of the fatal outcome of hostilities that as many as a dozen marriages took place in a day at the camps. There are three love affairs of this sort in "Who Goes There," involving three young lietenants. The girls steal away from their New York homes to meet and marry their heroes in a country boarding house on the edge of the camp. Two of them are followed by guardian and father, who enlist the services of a county justice in their efforts to stop the girls. A drug clerk from a neighboring village with his inamorata are to be married in the same house, whose keeper, a sea captain's widow, is their friend. Two of the lieutenants are unable to absent themselves except for short periods from the camp, and they press their fellow officer "Toppy" Newman, the third of the military bridegrooms into their service. His adventues in saving the girls form the main thread of a plot said to be immensely funny. Of course there is a general mix-up of identities, such as Du Souchet generally accomplishes with telling effect in his farces.

The role of "Toppy" Newman, as played by Walter Perkins affords the little comedian, it is said, the greatest chance he has had since his memorable success in "My Friend From India." "Toppy" is shy and ill at ease with women, and he is enjoined to do everything possible to hold the brides until the marriage ceremonies can be performed.

Local interest will centre in this attraction from the fact that Minnie Allen, a well known Montreal girl, is Mr. Perkins' leading support. Miss Allen, like most Canadian actresses who have attained fame on the stage, has lots of charm and beauty.

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FRANCAIS MUSIC HALL.

At the Francais Music Hall next week will be presented one of the best and most phenomenally successful productions ever given at what is known as popular prices. Produced at the Columbia Music Hall, in Boston, U.S.A., the home or producing house of the circuit of which it is a member, it so appealed as to attract crowded audiences. The title is "Whoop-de-Doo," and it is one of the best ever given by that celebrated New York firm Weber-Fields. All the original costumes, scenery and other appurtenances are retained. A splendidly equipped chorus of thirty show girls, the cleverest of midget ballots of twelve and a big bunch of comedians and singers are employed in the presentation.

Gracelyn Whithouse, the prima donna, so closely resembles Lillian Russell that she is frequently mistaken for that lady. Kitty Bingham, captivating as an actress and very clever as a singer is also with the company. The little Misses Tupper and Shea will create a favorable place in the regards of the auditors by their clever work. There are five comedians including Frank Manning, Joe Fields, brother of the renowned Lew, Tom Ward, Paul Chute and Toby Lyons, most celebrated of them all. He has a new song which will outhast his celebrated "Goo-Goo" song. It is entitled "Old Mr. Santa Claus" and to the accompaniment of twelve pretty pajama girls he sings it with an aplomb which never fails to carry the house into repeated encores.

Amongst the olio artists are Mlle. Ninon, the celebrated French chanteuse; LeClair and Bowen, greatest comedy acrobats; Kitty Bingham, comedienne; Fred Zobodie, great European hand gymnast; Three Musical Bennetts, and Keno, Welch and Melrose, the whirlwind acrobats. Matinees will be given daily.

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BIO-TABLEAUX AT WINDSOR HALL.

With the object of giving the children and various Cadet Corps in the city an oportunity to see the series of Bioscope animated pictures which have been specially taken of the Mount St. Louis College Cadets in connection with the semi-annual competition for the Wilson-Smith Cup, the London Bioscope Company have arranged to give matinee performances daily at the Windsor Hall commencing on Wednesday next, 15th instant, in addition to the usual evening performances. It is the intention of the St. Louis Cadets to attend a matinee performance in a body and their Band will play to the pictures of the musical drill as they are reproduced upon the screen. On Friday, 18th instant, a grand military night has been arranged.

In addition to the various local and Canadian scenes there will be a number of unique and sensational productions, including, "Man the Life-Boat" "A Balloon Tragedy in Mid-Air," "Driven from Home," Off for the Holidays" the great Drury Lane Pantomine "Sleeping Beauty" in its original colours, the most remarkable railroad picture ever taken, A ride "On Top" of the Imperial Limited through the rockies (the train being in view the whole time) and many comic episodes.

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FUTURE BILLS.

A new big musical attraction to be offered in the near future to the amusement lovers and patrons of His Majesty's is "Cupid & Co.", a musical farce in two acts, the book being by E. Tracy Sweet and E. Temple and the music by A. Baldwin Sloane.

In its entirety the company numbers eighty people, and the principals include such well-known names as Junie McCree, Laura Butler, Herbert Carr, Kelina Deglow, Gertrude Fort, Neil McCay, Thelma Fair, Hughey Dougherty, Florence Young, Walter F. Dyer, Lole Tabor and Edouard Durand.

The Academy of Music bill for the week after next is one of Hurtig and Seamon's big companies presenting a musical comedy entitled "Me, Him and I." The organization employs about 50 players including the eccentric comedians Messrs. Bifeld, Watson and Wrothe and the charming prima donna Miss Marion Stanley.

The second of the music-hall circuit shows at the Francais will be eminently up-to-date. It is "The Japskis" a skit upon the war in the Orient.

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THE THEATRICAL GAMBLE.

An oft repeated statement is that the theatrical business is nothing but a great big gamble, and it is undoubtedly true. There is no business in the world in which the risks are greater, and in this regard it beats the stock market.

A manager may get up an elaborate production. He looks it over just before the curtain goes up on it, and mentally calculates that it is worth $20,000. Two hours later it may not be worth a cent to anybody. To dispose of it would be impossible.

The astute manager will tell you that the longer he remains in the business, the less he knows about it. He is absolutely sure of nothing. He is at the mercy of the whims of the public and he must watch it, and try to discover the signs of the times. The man who can take the manuscript of an untried play and predict with absolute certainty its success or failure, does not exist.

Charles Frohman and Geo. Edwardes were both similarly at sea regarding the future of "The Girl From Kays" in America, when they decided a year ago to interrupt its successful London run and transplant the costly production to New York. It was simply casting the die to win moderately or lose heavily.

The New Yorkers took to the big show at once and all through the entire season that ended early last June. It is an open secret that the managers divided between them a profit of $90,000.00 on the New York run alone. What they will clear up on the present tour of the piece will easily surpass their New York gain.

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A LITTLE FRENCH ANECDOTE.

"Do you ever talk French nowadays?" asked a friend of Jeanette Bageard, knowing that the Soubrette of the "Prince of Pilsen" company is a Parisian born.

"The last time I talked French it cost me one-sixty," said Miss Bageard. "I was travelling on a local train in New England where, you know, there are a great many French-Canadians in the factory towns. I had no way of burying myself on the train and I overheard a little boy in the seat in front of me talking French with his mother. I joined in the conversation, and finally asked the youngster to sit with me. The conductor had not passed through the car until the boy had changed seats and while we were having a chat he went up and down the aisle once or twice before taking tickets.

"Then the fact was developed that while the mother had a ticket, the child's had been lost or had not been bought and neither had any money. The mother spoke no English.

"The conductor waited a minute and then said, 'I'll trouble you for your little boy's fare.'

"'He isn't my little boy,' I said 'I don't know anything about him.'

"'A fine chance you have to get away with that,' said the conductor. 'And you don't know anything about his lingo either, I suppose.' You must think I'm deaf, dumb and blind. I saw you and the kid sitting in the same seat and I heard you jabbering together. Now, if you don't pay his fare you'll both have to get off at the next station.'

"It was a good case of circumstantial evidence and I paid. No more French for me and no more strange little boys, either."

• • •

HENRY W. SAVAGE TO PRODUCE "THE RING."

No announcement affecting the musical and operatic world has in many years created so much interest as that just made by Henry W. Savage to the effect that next year he intends to produce in English Wagner's "Tristan and Isolde" and "The Ring of the Nibelung" in the same fashion in which he has this year produced "Parsifal." This intended production is an undertaking of even greater difficulty than "Parsifal" for it means the staging of five operas, "The Ring," comprising "Rhinegold," "The Valkyrie," "Siegfried," and "Dusk of the Gods." All of these present peculiar problems to the producer. In "Rhine-gold," which is in four scenes, the curtain never descends, and, moreover, the first scene, representing the bed of the Rhine, demands much ingenuity if illusion is to be had. In "The Valkyrie" there is the "Magic Fire Scene;" in "Siegfried" the great transformation. In the last act when Siegfried climbs the mountain of fire, and in "Dusk of the Gods" (Goetterdaemmerung) is the final catastrophe when Walhalla burns, the House of the Gibichungs falls in ruins and the Rhine rises and swallows all.

One of the first steps will be to place the work of translation into competent hands. It will be so divided that there will be no delay. The translations will be made with the object of having them not only musical but literary. The new translation of "Parsifal" will be used as a model.

Mr. Savage will send a representative to Europe in the near future to secure models of scenery and to order costumes. At the same time he will employ American inventive genius to devise new means of solving the difficult scenic problems. The "Parsifal" company will be used as a nucleus for the larger organization necessary for the new undertaking. Several singers of international reputation are being considered and the work of engaging them will not long be delayed.

• • •

THE PUFF-BOX.

Ada Rehan, who rarely talks for publication denies, that her present tour is in the nature of a farewell, er, indeed, that she has any immediate intention of retiring from the stage. Miss Rehan is still a young woman—she was born in 1860—and her love of the theatre is such that a life of leisure would not appeal to her. The actress avers, however, that after this year she will play routes which do not involve much travelling, and only in the largest cities. Consequently, her present season is in the nature of a good-bye to the smaller places. It is for this reason that Miss Rehan has clung to a repertoire of those comedies with which sentiment and her own ability have most connected her. "The Taming of the Shrew," "The School for Scandal," and "The Country Girl."

• • •

Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon concluded their tour in "Taps" last week at the Broad Street Theatre, Philadelphia. The closing resulted from the maturity of certain plans which Manager Shubert had been fostering for the presentation of these sterling players with an all star cast in a standard comedy. Two works—one by Belasco and De Mille and the other by Clyde Fitch—are under consideration, and that which is determined upon will be put in rehearsal before the middle of November.

• • •

"A China Doll," a musical comedy by Alfred E. Aarons, which has been booked for the Academy for a near date, is liable to be rushed to New York, though not probably before the Montreal engagement. It is to succeed "Bird Center" at Hamlin, Mitchell & Fields' Majestic Theatre. "Bird Center", the "dramatization" of the McCutcheon cartoons in the Chicago Tribune, comes to an untimely end tonight. The new production is an important one and includes among others W. H. McDonald of the famous Bostonians, Albert Hart, GeorgeC. Boniface, jr., Arthur Cunningham, Miss Helen Royton, Corinne Nella Follis. Miss Royton is a young American prima donna, who first won prominence through her performance in "The Geisha" under the management of the late Augustin Daly.

• • •

After an illness which caused her to end her engagement in "The West Point Cadet," Miss Della Fox returned to vaudeville in New York on Monday, and was well received in several new songs.

• • •

The programme for the Hofmann recital, Dec. 5, has been issued. It is not definitive, but is likely to be adhered to, and it could hardly be more interesting. For his great achievement of exhibiting the virility of Chopin, Hofmann has selected five of the greatest and best balanced of that composer's works—the E. flat major Nocturne, the E. minor Valse, the Berceuse, the F. sharp minor Mazurka, and the gorgeous E. minor, Schergo. The pianist's greatest tour de force, the Don Juan Fantasie of Liszt is included, with a sketch by the pianist and other modern numbers. There is no Bach, Mendelssohn and Scarlatti taking his place. The Beethoven number is the Waldstein Sonata.

• • •

The great Franco-Belgian violinist, Eugen Ysaye, lands in New York on Monday, and will be the guest on Tuesday of a number of leading musicians of Manhattan at a reception at the Cafe Martin. He does not play in New York for some time, however, and will commence his tour in the centre States after a week's rest. He comes to Montreal on January 31.

• • •

It is stated that Mr. Shaw is making arrangements to bring to this city the well known baritone Campanari, and a t a later date Mme. Kirkby Lunn, an English contralto who has lately attained a very high reputation in English opera, and is now the chief soloist of the Savage "Parsifal" company. A third concert said to be under contemplation is not yet particularized.

See page 20. A chance for a Trip to New York.

WALKS OF POSTMEN.

The Imperial Service medal has been awarded to C. Jeppa, a pensioned postman, living at Hitchin, who for thirty-two years has delivered letters on the Hitchin to Stillington round. During his services as a postman between these two places he has covered upward of 131,540 miles. William Harnett, of Peasemarsh, Gillingham, who has also received the same decoration, has retired on a pension after twenty-six years' service as rural postman. During his time of service it is estimated that he walked 130,208 miles.

$100.00 Gold Watch, perhaps for you. See page 20.

BIRDS THAT HERD SHEEP.

The yakamik, a species of crane, is said to be one of the most intelligent birds known. The bird is used by the natives of Venezuela, South America, in the place of shepherd dogs for guarding and herding their flocks of sheep. It is said that, however far the yakamik may wander with the flocks, it never fails to find its way home at night, driving before it all the creatures entrusted to its care.



"THE GIRL FROM KAY'S," AND A LOT OF THE OTHER GIRLS.



WALTER E. PERKINS,
The "Man From Mexico" Comedian in "Who Goes There."



MISS MINNIE ALLEN,
A Montreal Girl, Who Has Leading Role in "Who Goes There."

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Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

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PROFESSOR'S PHENOMENAL POWER WORKS MIRACLES OF HEALING

THE BLIND MADE TO SEE---THE LAME TO WALK

And Hopeless Invalids Restored to Health When Given Up to Die by Doctors.

NO DISEASE HE MAY NOT CURE

Stops Pain, Heals Sores. Removes Cancers and Tumors, and Performs Marvels that Upset Modern Medical Practice and Defy Explanation.

WOMAN'S STARTLING STATEMENT

SAYS SHE WAS RAISED FROM TH E DEAD BY THIS MAN'S MYSTERIOUS MIGHT.

REMARKABLE OFFER OF FREE SERVICE

To the Sick and Afflicted—Cures Them in Their Own Home as Easily as Though They Called in Person—Physicians Invited to Send Him Cases Pronounced Incurable.

Rochester, N.Y., Nov. 9—Special Correspondence.)—The almost miraculous cures of hopeless invalids made by Prof. Thomas F. Adkin, of this city, have been of such a startling character that they have aroused widespread wonder, admiration and curiosity. Time and again he has taken cases pronounced hopelessly incurable by the medical profession and restored the patients to life and health in a most phenomenal manner.

There is considerable mystery attached to his method of accomplishing these marvels, as it is known that he does not use the drastic drugs and medicines that doctors depend upon. He claims to have discovered that a certain law of nature has peculiar properties heretofore unsuspected, and that by the application of this law there is no disease he may not cure. And it is a matter of proof that with the mysterious power this discovery gives him he has made the blind see and the lame walk. He has revived the flickering spark of life in bodies on the very verge of the grave, and restored to health men and women given up to die by doctors and specialists. He seems to have absolute control over human life and the diseases that attack it. Notwithstanding what might be considered a most favorable opportunity, he does not extort money from those whom he treats.

"Carnegie chooses to give libraries; I prefer to give life and health. I am not a millionaire, but I am well able to afford to give my services free to the sick and afflicted. My discovery is my own, to do with as I please, and I could charge every patient a thousand dollars if I wanted to. But I don't. And I know of no law to compel me to take money for restoring a man to health. I do not care what the disease is. I am just as ready to cure consumption, cancer, paralysis, Bright's disease or any one of the so-called incurable diseases as I am to cure rheumatism, stomach trouble, catarrh, blood disorders or any other ill that flesh is heir to. I am just as ready and willing to give my services free to a poor man as I am to a rich man. When it comes to a question of life or death, sickness or health, the amount of money a man has makes no difference to me.

"A prince or a pauper. I treat them just the same. To me, as to the law, all persons are equal. I see and admit of no difference between patients as far as I am concerned. If I choose to help all who are ill without pay there is nothing to prevent my doing so. And I may as well tell you right here that I mean to keep on curing any one who asks me of any disease they may have just as long as I am willing and able. What other men do, what they fail to do or what they charge makes no difference to me. I feel that it is my duty to carry out my own plans in my own way, however much it costs me. I cannot bear to think of men and women and little children continuing to suffer and die when I have the power to save them and restore them to life and health so easily and quickly. And there is no disease I may not cure.

"You think that a broad statement? Well, maybe it is; but no broader than the truth. I know the wonderful power I have because I have tested it in thousands of cases. You know consumption is supposed to be incurable. Well, not long ago I had a young lady as a patient, Miss H. L. Kelly, of Seal Cove, Maine. The doctors told her that she had consumption and could not live, that her case was incurable. And to them it was. The poor girl was in despair, thinking her days were numbered. But I cured her in spite of all the doctors said; made her lungs heal and grow strong, and put the flesh back on her wasted body. Ordinary medical treatment seldom, if ever, cures cancer. The surgeons may cut it away again and again, but it comes back every time and brings death with it. But I cure it, and I do not have to resort to the butchery of the knife, either; I do not have to cut flesh and scrape bones. My treatment is easy, gentle and gives no pain, but the disease disappears. One of my patients—Mrs. M. W. Nolen, of Covington, Ga.—was having her life eaten away by a cancer. She saw nothing but a terrible death before her when I took her case; but I cured her, entirely and permanently. Paralysis is another supposedly incurable disease. A. M. R. A. Wallen, of Piney, Mo., had been paralyzed for over four years and nothing the doctors could do gave him any relief. That did not discourage me. I took the case in face of their verdict, and to-day the man is walking around as well as you or I. So it was with Mrs. L. A. Phillips, of Trawick, Tex. She had been bedridden for five years, in twelve different hospitals and under the treatment of various doctors, who all failed to cure her of the complication of diseases from which she was suffering, including kidney trouble, catarrh of the bladder, gravel, female weakness, ulcers, chronic indigestion and extreme nervousness. The medicine that doctors gave her did her no good, but my treatment did. I cured her, and she says 'I raised her from the dead.' These are only random cases from the many hundreds I have cured, and I mention them merely to show you that it is a mistake to say that any disease is incurable. They may have been incurable before I made my discovery, but they are so no longer."

"But how do you make these marvellous cures? What is this power that you possess?" asked the reporter.

"It would take too long to tell you, but here is a copy of a book I have written describing my discovery and my method of treatment. I do not sell it. I had it printed for distribution among my friends and patients and those who might be interested in this study of a new science. To them I am glad to give it upon request. If reading the book does not satisfy you and you want to know more of how I cure any disease tell some one who is sick to write to me. I will go oven further—tell any one who is attacked by any disease, no matter what it is, to write to me telling me the name of their trouble or their principal symptoms, age and sex, addressing Prof. Thomas F. Adkin, Office 1224K, Rochester, N.Y., and I will prove my power to do all that I claim, and I will give the proof without charging a cent for my services."

"Do you mean that any one can accept this offer?"

"I mean it for any one who is ill, from any cause, and who feels that the doctors do not understand the case, or who does not want to pay doctors' and druggists' bills."

"But how about those at a distance—can you cure them, too?"

"Just as easily and just as surely as though they came to my office. Whether they live one or a thousand miles away, it's all the same. A letter to me does just as much good as a personal visit."

"And they do not have to inclose any money?"

"Not a single cent. Simply write to me and ask to be cured."

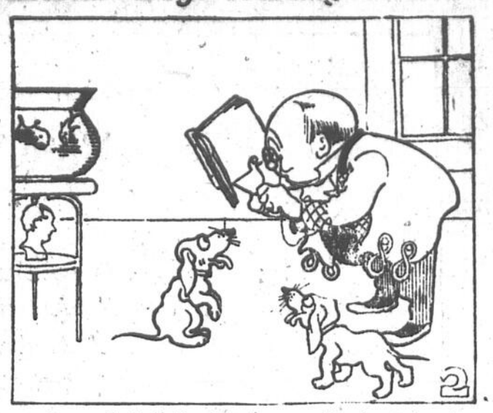
"But it seems strange."

"Strange or not, I mean just what I say, as any one can find out by writing to me."

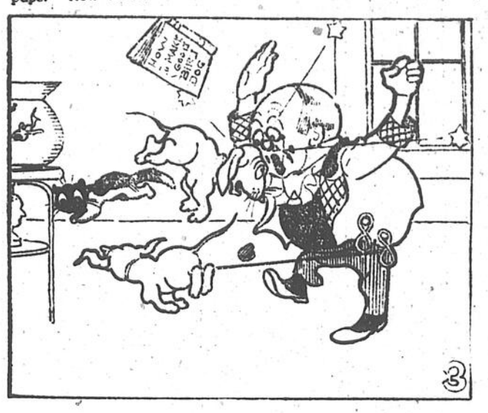
Book-Taught Bilkins Learns Dog Training.



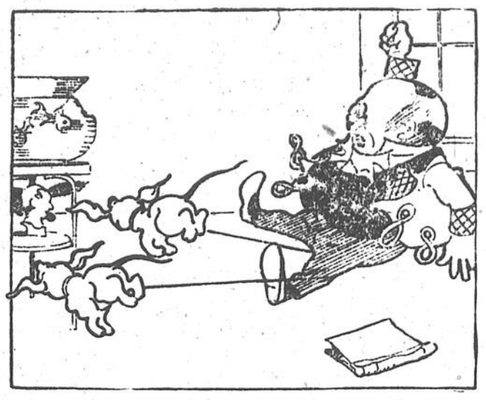
Say, Boss, I'll take one of those dog books and a pair of pups. How much?



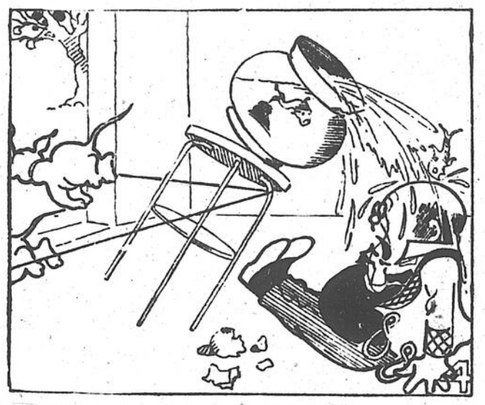
Lesson First—Hold a tempting morsel a few inches from his nose and say "Heed."



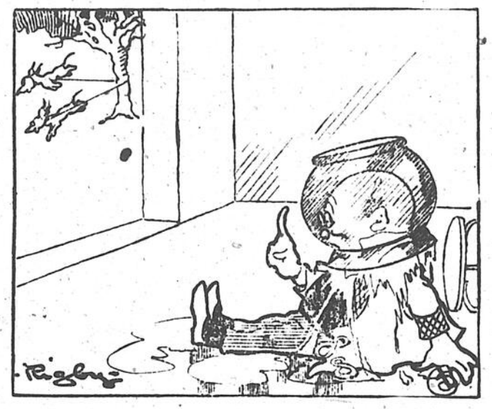
Great guns! I was too near the meat.



Ah! They have spied the cat.



What unruly brutes.



Yes, I am cheated. I will take them back. They are only common "cat dogs," not bird dogs.

Uncertainty.



To-day thou art a hero, grand!
To-morrow thou art "Pat."
What wisdom in this hasty land
In knowing when to quit.

Tyrant Man.



Mrs. Newed—Oh, dear, I'm a little at odds here with my husband! He's commencing to realize that he must help me do something or other.
Her Mother—What is the nature of the help he wants?
Mrs. Newed—Oh, everything! Why, only yesterday he wanted me to climb all the way up stairs just to thread a needle for him so he could mend his clothes.

He Needn't Wait.



"Fed the stock, Joel?"
"All but the big sow, dad; but your breakfas' is most ready."

Five a Week.



Mrs. Washington—How many in help do you keep?
Mrs. De Style—Oh, about four or five a week.

A Question of Boots.



"If I were in your boots, me boy, I'd ask the girl's father."
"Do you mean to insinuate that my boots would be in it with his?"

Was Too Far Away.



She—How did you like the new operatic tenor, Orsini? They say he can sing to high C.
He—I couldn't hear him; I sat higher than C.

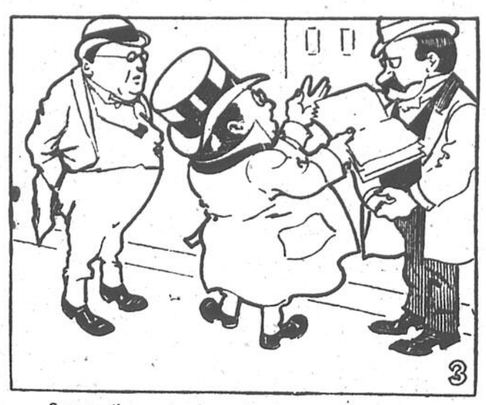
Book-Taught Bilkins Studies Politics.



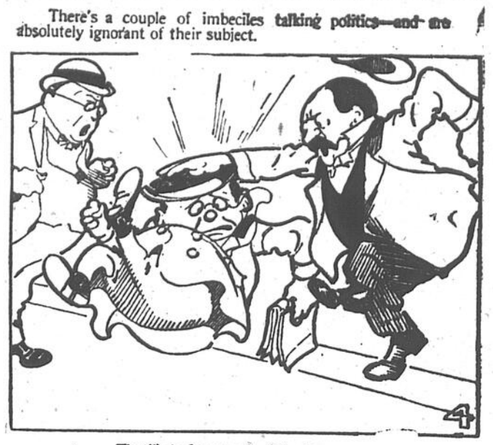
Now I can intelligently discuss all political questions.



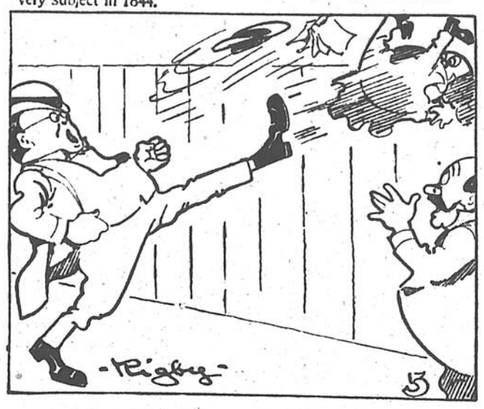
There's a couple of imbeciles talking politics—and are absolutely ignorant of their subject.



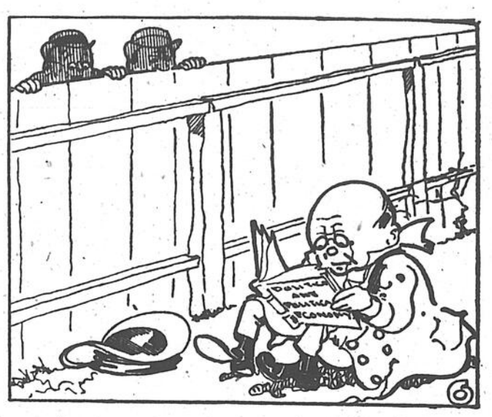
Say, gentlemen, to show what ignorant, imbecile blockheads you are, let me read you what Henry Clay said on that very subject in 1844.



That'll do fer yours! (Bing!)



And I won't stand it either. (Biff!)



I guess I'll have to give a few more physical training books a trial before I discuss politics.

An Autumn Chant.



The leaves are turning yellow,
The porch's charm has died
And Gladys and her fellow
Now lollygag inside.

No City Airs for Him.



"The doctor says the reason you have dyspepsy, Si, is because you don't eat properly."
"Aw, shucks! I ain't goin' fer put on any of them city airs, like eatin' with forks and sich fer nobody."

From a Feminine Point of View.



Mr. Washington—But you said that was a hat was hideous.
Mrs. Washington—True, but that was before it became the fashion. When you fail to appreciate what is fashionable we merely show that we are not educated up to the high modern standard. It devolves upon me as a woman of culture to consider it beautiful now.

Expensive Pins.



Mrs. Newed—You never give me any pin money!
Mr. Newed—Well, blame it all, you always want diamond pins.

A Tribute.



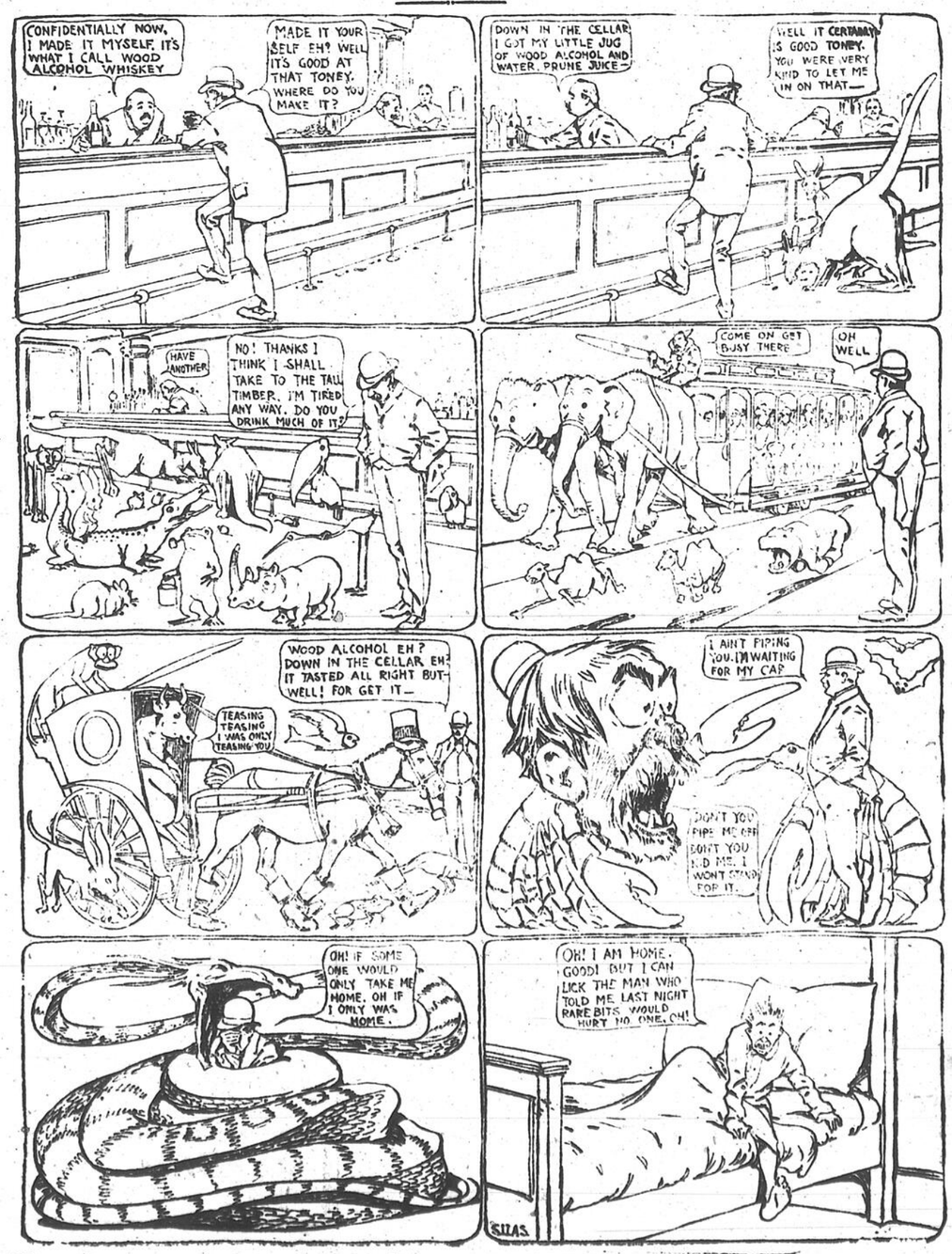
First Cat—I deeply regret to hear that our esteemed friend Mr. Tabby has passed away.
Second Cat—Ah, just Mr. Tabby was one of the most exemplary free lunch boosters.

Was Quite Willing.

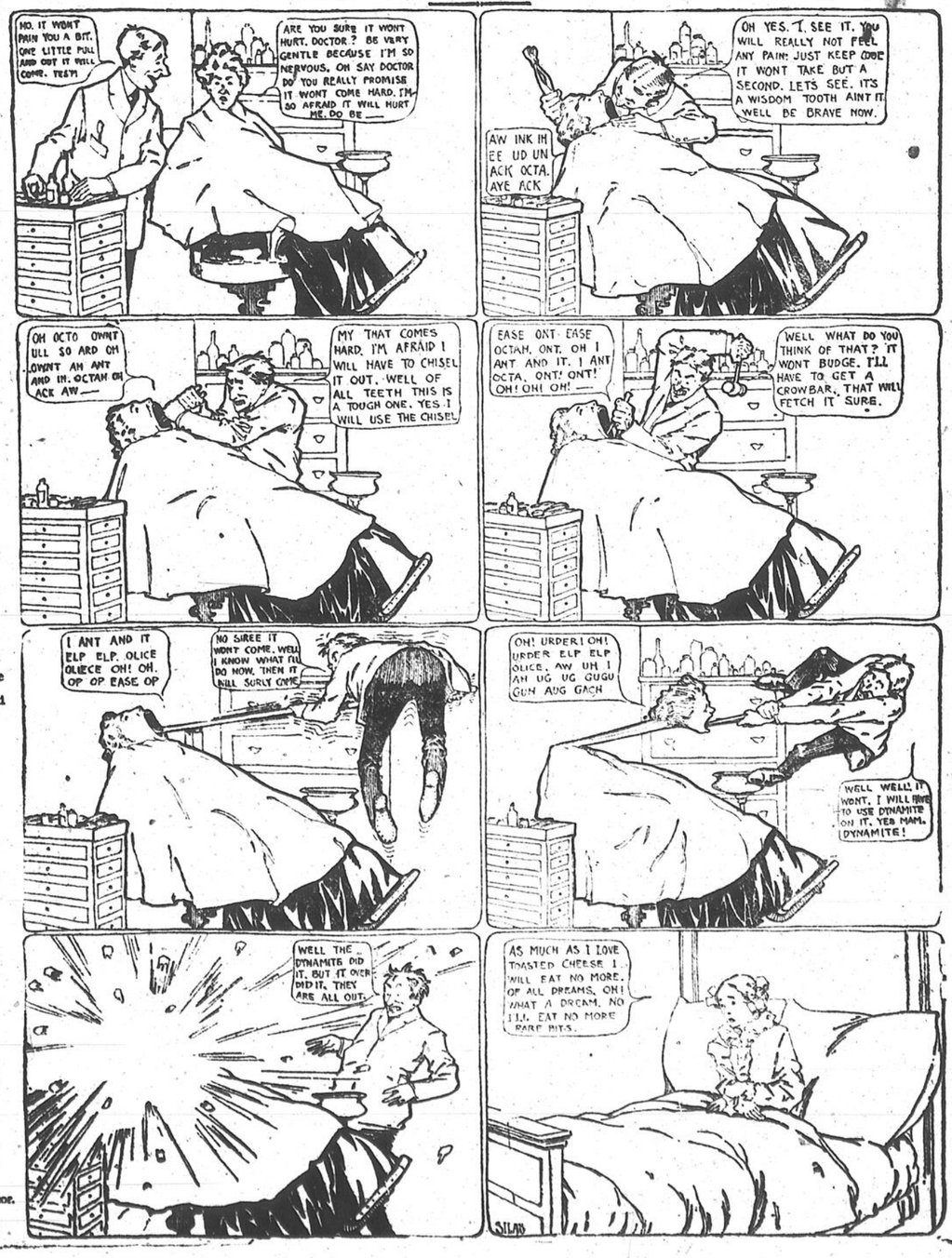


"I want you to understand, however," said the father, "that I consent to your marriage only under protest."
"Oh, that's all right," the young man replied, "if you will let none of the demands I may make on you afterward go to protest."

Dream of the Rarebit Fiend.



Dream of the Rarebit Fiend.



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Some one who has tried our tea and does not like it.
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ANIMALS GRIEVE FOR DEAD KEEPER

Two Pet Deer Found Dead Are Supposed to Have Committed Suicide

Danville, Pa., Nov. 12.—Many of the animals at the Billmeyer game preserve at Washingtonville have refused to take food from the hands of the new keeper. Persons who have visited the great game park since the death of Samuel Henderson have noted the strange action of the deer and squirrels in particular. For the first two days after the death of the old keeper they positively refused to eat, and all through the night strange noises were made by the animals. Two deer that were pets of the former keeper are believed to have committed suicide.

About two weeks ago Mr. Henderson was found dead, having been drowned in a small pond from which the animals frequently drank. On the following day the animals began showing their grief over the death of their keeper. They refused to come in for their feed for a time, and it was necessary to carry it out and place it where it could be discovered by the deer. The same condition existed concerning the squirrels, and they remained in the trees the greater part of the day. On the day of the funeral some of the squirrels were seen hurrying across the roads to the woods, about one-half mile away. Up to the present time many of the little fellows have not returned.

Gunners have profited by the action of the animals in leaving the preserve, and hunting is reported better than it has been for many years.

Among the half-hundred or more deer that are kept on the preserve, were two that were especially fond of Keeper Henderson, and they had become great pets. They would eat out of his hands, and while he was out walking on the preserve they generally were found at his side. At his death these two deer were missed. A day or two ago, while working in the brush in the remote part of the preserve, the new keeper found one of the pets dead, and from appearances it had starved to death. On the following morning the other pet was discovered dead, it having ended its life where Keeper Henderson was found dead. The head of the animal was covered by the water.

The body showed that the animal had taken little food of late, and was in a weakened condition when it reached the pool.

Now He Has a Good Strong Back

WHAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS DID FOR H. M. SPEARS.

Thought He Would Have to Stop Work but the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy Made Him Strong and Active.

Antigonish, N.S., November 11.—(Special.)—Mr. H. M. Spears, a well known farmer living near here is shouting the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills. "When I came to Nova Scotia about four years ago," says Mr. Spears, "I was so troubled with Backache I began to think I could not attend to business. However, I got a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and was able to attend to work.

"I had not taken enough to root the Kidney disease out entirely however, and the following winter I was troubled with pains in my back and limbs. Then I got more of Dodd's Kidney Pills and after using three boxes all my pains and lameness left me.

"I can't say too much in favor of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They put me in a way to attend to business after two doctors had failed. I was a cheesemaker for years but now I am a farmer with a good strong back.

Lame back is the first symptom of Kidney Disease. Cure it with Dodd's Kidney Pills and you will never have Bright's Disease.

Ottawa.—The Ottawa Street Railway Co. has agreed to fix a price on its system in accordance with the request of Mayor Ellis. It is anticipated the price will be sufficiently high.

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Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received.

REMINISCENCES OF SIR HENRY HAWKINS

Notable Book That Has Just Been Published in England

PATHOS AND HUMOR OF BENCH

His Greatest Delight the Obtaining of the Acquittal of Somebody Whose Guilt Nobody Could Doubt.

The making of Hawkins, J., was not quite of the usual character. He was, that is to say, not the usual machine-made output of circumstances. As the person most interested, he was minded to take a hand in the manufacture. And the hand he took, and the circumstances that he had to manipulate, and the process of evolution generally, illustrated and enlivened by a happy combination of humorous conte, and caustic comment, constitutes not only the reason to be the present volumes, but the reason why their readers will be everybody.

Sir Henry—one is fain to write him as one thinks of him, by his fonder and more familiar style—took his own measure pretty early. Otherwise circumstances might have made him a professor of dead tongues, or an actor, who would have done something more than delight a Knebworth audience, as the younger Knowall. More probably, perhaps, circumstances would have made waste of him as a country attorney, and the successor of a useful relative, whose practice, however, he was to exploit no more than he could find it in him to exploit his purse.

IN MODEST CHAMBERS.

But, upon a fifth floor in Elm Tree-court, a modest set of chambers was waiting its occupant, and there a special pleader, who had begun business on an allowance of £100 a year, for five years, "sink or swim," was eventually justified to the extent of ten and six, the fee marked on his first case. The guinea was longer to come by—so long, that the world had almost got another stager; but it came, and experience came of it. It adorned a brief for the defence, at the Hertford sessions, before the penultimate Marquis of Salisbury. The defence was hopeless; the prisoner had pleaded guilty. The conscientious beginner returned that brief. The admiring attorney gave him another—for the prosecution, this time. There, also, and for the same reason, the defence was hopeless, so the neophyte scored a triumph. Meantime, the leader of the sessions, who ought to have been, the neophyte thought, far above a guinea, had accepted the other brief, and just thrown his client on the clemency of the court. The junior rightly considered he could have done that just as well, and never turned a hopeless case away again.

Experience of all sorts must have been pretty rapidly acquired in those days. The Old Bailey was a "den of infamy." The method of procedure there was calculated to mature a bar betimes. They sat right through till five. Then the judge went to a sumptuous repast provided by the lord mayor and aldermen. When they had done, the sheriff entertained the minor lights. The chaplain of Newgate dined at both tables. Then a prisoner would be put up, tried, convicted and transported for seven years for annexing a handkerchief, all in three minutes fifteen seconds. And he would be lucky. For an offence that, nowadays, would be considered adequately met by a detention of twenty-four hours, there was, then, the ever-ready rope.

HUMOROUS RELIEF.

Outside, this monotony was, however sometimes provided with humorous relief. Once, for instance, a prisoner kept the court waiting in an unaccountable way. It turned out that he was not there, having, in fact, been left behind in the county jail. Another time, it was a case of murder, Sir Henry for the defence, and only the plea of insanity to urge. His impassioned address, the pathetic references to the prisoner's two children present in court, in little black frocks, and weeping bitterly, brought about a favorable result, notwithstanding. What did it matter that as Sir Henry afterwards learned, these prospective orphans had been observed rehearsing the operation with a cat and a string, and singing of the way poor daddy was to go? He had got the verdict, and, as he confessed later, his greatest delight was "the obtaining the acquittal of somebody whose guilt nobody could doubt."

Sir Henry's connection with the turf is of long standing. As a future member of the Jockey Club, he was, perhaps, bound to own a racehorse, and he did. That three-cornered quadruped, though was not calculated to lead his owner into any very reckless backing. In point of fact, Sir Henry was glad to part with his stud at a very modest price; and though, in the light of its subsequent performance, he recorded his opinion of the buyer in the remark that he "never saw him afterwards—not even in the dock," he was not to be tempted to recognize a stable.

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

Politics later on, when Hawkins, Q. C., had leisure, and oportunity, to experiment that way, may have tempted him more. But Barnstaple, "dirt cheap at five pounds a head," was hardly good enough; and when the Tichborne case came along, the man who, out of all these varied experiences, had developed the most dissolvent cross-examiner that, till then, had been brought to bear in a court of law, was outside division bells, and concerned only with his more proper business.

He had been retained for the claimant, and if he had not got that retainer withdrawn, one rather wonders what might not have happened. As it was, in the action of ejectment, before Bovill, C.J., Sir John Coleridge led for the Tichborne trustes, on the strength of his having become solicitor-general, and Sir Henry had only to obey orders. If he could have tackled the claimant then and there, he would have extinguished the case, so palapably ignorant was "Sir Roger" of his own life and history. In the perjury trial, before Cockburn, C. J., he, after "a labor fearful to look back upon" extinguished Mr. Orton for a term of years.

That, of course was the finish of the making of Hawkins, J.

It will be the "Talk of the Town." See page 20.

BROKE THE NEWS GENTLY.

The son of a South of England squire had been travelling for two or three years, and on his return was met at the landing-stage by the butler. Thinking it strange that the butler should meet him, he asked if there was bad news.

"Yes, sir," replied the butler, "very bad news. The old magpie is dead."

"Surely, John that is not such bad news. But what did he die of?"

"Too much horseflesh, sir."

"Too much horseflesh, John? Wherever did it get it from?"

"The carriage horses, sir."

"What, are they dead, too?"

"Yes, sir. Died from over-exertion drawing water the night of the fire."

"What fire."

"The mansion, sir."

"You don't mean to say the mansion is burnt, John?"

"Yes, sir. It was burnt the night of the funeral."

"Whose funeral?"

"Your poor mother's, sir."

"What? Mother dead, too?"

"Yes, sir. She never held up her head after your poor father died."

"Great heaven! Father gone as well? I never heard a word of any of these misfortunes. What was the cause of the squire's death?"

"Well, sir, it was this way. He received a telegram telling him the ship had gone down that had the whole of his fortune on board, and the shock killed him."

"John, I am entirely ruined, then."

"That you are, sir. And the old magpie is dead."

ROMAN URNS.

Discoveries of a most interesting character were made in the East End recently, says the London Chronicle, during excavation operations in connection with the demolition of a row of old houses—discoveries which have every promise of being rich in interest to antiquarians.

Mansell street, Aldgate, where the discovery was made, contains some of the oldest houses in London, and a number of these have just been pulled down. While working in the foundations about ten feet below the surface workmen came across two huge, queer-shaped earthen vessels. They resembled watermelons, and were about five times as large. Sealed earthenware lids were on both of the vessels.

Recognizing something of the importance of the find, the workmen summoned the "clerk of the works." He in turn informed the Guildhall authorities, and responsible persons were dispatched to the spot.

Unfortunately, in the efforts to remove the vessels from the place where they were discovered, one broke in halves. In the interior there was a vessel of similar shape, and also sealed. This was also broken, and in the interior was seen a heap of calcined human bones.

As far as can be at present ascertained, the vessels are old Roman cremation urns, probably over 1200 years old.

THE FULL AGRAFFE.

The full agraffe used on all Heintzman & Co., pianos is one of the greatest musical inventions of the century. It is the secret of their wonderful power of standing in tune. Sold only by C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine Street.—Advt.

It will be the "Talk of the Town." See page 20.

WORLD'S FAIR ATTENDANCE.

The total attendance at the St. Louis Fair from April 30 to October 30 was 15,993,295, which seems to be a prodigious number; but the attendance at the Chicago Fair from May 1 to October 30 was 27,539,521. At both Expositions the attendance in the early months was very disappointing, and the heavy attendance has been in the fall months. But St. Louis has not done so well as did Chicago. In September the attendance at the Columbian Exposition was 5,808,942, against 3,651,875 for St. Louis. The St. Louis Fair is generally deemed to be one of the most attractive and satisfying of world expositions in the long list, and, of course, the largest. The weather this fall in St. Louis is very pleasant, and the only explanation yet given of the comparatively small attendance is the conjecture that perhaps people are tired of expositions and that they have been overdone. Every twenty years or so perhaps a great exposition might attract the largest possible numbers, but not every nine or ten years. In twenty years a new generation appears on the scene, and even those who have seen an exposition are in a mood to see another after a lapse of two decades.

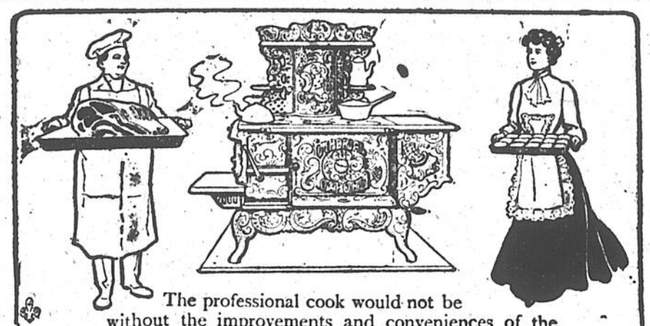
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Fit-Reform Clothes are TRUE BLUE. They are honest, all the way through. They stand every test of fine tailoring. They prove their honest quality by wear and service.
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His skill would only be wasted in a poor stove. The amateur cook cannot expect anything like satisfactory results without these improvements.
No matter what skill is employed in your kitchen you cannot do good cooking without the conveniences of the Imperial Oxford Range. The diffusive flue construction means an evenly heated oven; the thermometer tells you the exact heat of your oven; the draw-out oven rack makes basting simple; the draw-out grate makes repairs easy. The Imperial Oxford Range does perfect cooking with the least labor.
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THE FAIRBANKS COMPANY.
We have for sale, in the shops of the Northrop Loom Works, at Valleyfield, Que., the following list of second hand machine tools and new stock, and it is our desire to close same out quickly.

LATHES.

Lot No.
24-26-27—Three Draper Tool Workers Lathes, 16 x 16, 5-step cone with taper, hollow spindle, change gears, countershafts, wrenches, steady rest and face plates, with rise and fall rests and chuck.
30-32—Two Draper 18 in. Chucking Lathes, friction head, back geared, 1¼ in. hole in turret, working 1½ in. stock, with cut off rests.
34—Draper Engine Lathe, 20 x 6, with plain rest.
44—Draper Engine Lathe, 16 x 10, plain rest, hollow spindle.
46-47—Two Draper Tool Works Co.'s Lathes, 20 x 14, with plain rest.
56—London Machine Tool Co. 24 x 16 Gap Lathe, compound rest, swings in the Gap 40 inches.
73—Turret Forcing Lathe.

DRILL PRESSES.

14—Barnes Three Spindle Drill, with automatic stops.
15-16—Two 13 in. Dwight Slate Sensitive Drills, with round and square tables, automatic stop and sliding head.
17-18-20-22 — Four Blaisdell Drill Presses, B.G., P.F., 20 inches, with sliding head.

EMERY WHEEL STANDS.

39—Besley No. 4 Disc Grinder, 18 in.
76—Norton Emery Wheel Grinder, 16 x 3 wheels, 1¼ in. arbor.
38-57-132-122—Emery Wheel Stands.

MILLING MACHINES.

11—Becker Brainard No. 4½ Plain Milling Machine, belt feed, working surface 24 x 7, with universal dividing head.
12—Lincoln Milling Machine, Pratt & Whitney.

FORGES.

1—Buffalo Stationary Forge, No. 3, size of pan 17 x 4, with hood and stack.
5—Bradley Forge, size of pan 11 x 17.
6—Buffalo Forge, size of pan 22 x 35, with hood, stack and draft.

SHAPERS.

23—Pratt & Whitney 14 inch Shaper.

KEYSEATING MACHINE.

37—Baker Bros. No. 0 Keyseating Machine.

TAPPING MACHINES.

43—Browne & Sharpe Horizontal Tapping Machine, with Westcott No. 1 chuck.

CUTTING OFF MACHINES.

53—One H. & R. No. 3 Cutting Off Machine, capacity 3 inches.

BENCH WIRE CUTTER.

42—One only, Bench Wire Cutter.

HAND STRAIGHTENING PRESS.

45—One only, Hand Straightening Press.

AIR COMPRESSORS.

107—One Northy Air Compressor.

SCALES.

82—Fairbanks' 2,000 lb. Platform Scale
118—Single Beam Scale.
119—Double Beam Counter Scale, 240 lbs.
81—Fairbanks' 3,500 lb. Platform Scale

RUMBLERS.

77-91½—Two Rumblers, 44 x 30.

SODA KETTLE.

19—One Soda Kettle, 22 inches wide by 19 inches high.

GLUE POTS.

93—One Glue Pot, with three kettles.

MISCELLANEOUS.

One Blacksmith's Surface Table, 39 x 13.
One Boston Cupola and Forge Blower.
Three Steel Barrows and two Wood Frame-Steel Bed Barrows.
Number of Gas Heater.
Six Platform Trucks.
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Eleven Wood Bits.
Belting, Wood Pulleys, Steel Pulleys, Shafting, Bench Legs, Chain Block, Stocks, Dies, Reamers, Milling Cutters, Drills, Screws, Nuts, Bolts and a large quantity of Small Tools, Pattern Chucks, etc.

VISES.

131—One Flather Floor Vise.
Two 4½ inch Swivel Bottom Vise.
One 4½ inch Swivel Bottom Vise.
One 3½ inch Stationary Bottom Vise.
One 5½ " " " "
Three 5 " " " "
Three 5½ " " " "
Three 5½ " " " "
Three 4½ " " " "
Three 3½ " " " "
Five 4¾ " " " "

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A Trance Medium Facilitated the Discovery of Murderers

A Woman of Thirty-five and Her Young Son Are Sentenced to Prison Through the Instrumentality of Spiritualistic Direction.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 12.—Nebraska Spiritualists assert that it is due to the revelations of a trance medium that two murderers are now within the walls of the state penitentiary. The prisoners are Charles Hutchinson, aged nineteen, and his mother, aged thirty-five. The boy is sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment and the woman to ten years for the murder of Eli Feasel, an old man and their employer.

Eli Feasel lived on a farm about eight miles from Superior and Mrs Hutchinson was his housekeeper. Charles did the bulk of the farm work. Harley Feasel, a nephew of the old man, was a frequent visitor at the farm house, drawn there, it is said, by the attractions of Mrs. Hutchinson, with whom he soon became in love.

The elder Feasel also had eyes for the charms of his housekeeper and objected to the attentions paid the woman by his nephew. Nevertheless, it is asserted that the two were engaged to be married, and rumor said that they had declared that they did not care whether the old man gave his consent or not. In the meantime the old man was annoying Mrs. Hutchinson with his love making. This angered her son Charles, who at one time is said to have threatened his employer with dire vengeance if his mother was not let alone. The rivalry between uncle and nephew thus caused constant friction in the Feasel home.

Eli Feasel and Charles went to Superior October 1, 1903, with a load of corn. Feasel was seen that afternoon buying a flask of liquor, but was never seen again. A few days afterwards neighbors missed the old man and inquired of the Hutchinsons as to his whereabouts. They said that he had gone to visit his mother and brother, who lived near Humboldt.

SELLING HOGS AND CORN.

Comment was roused after this by young Hutchinson selling hogs and corn from the barn. Soon several neighbors received letters from Thomas Feasel, the brother at Humboldt, inquiring concerning Eli and saying that his Humboldt relatives had heard nothing from him for a long time. An investigation followed and Harley Feasel, Mrs. Hutchinson and Charles Hutchinson were arrested on suspicion. But no evidence could be found against them, and at the preliminary hearing all were discharged. The Hutchinsons left the Feasel farm, the mother obtaining work as a housekeeper on a farm near Nelson, and the son getting work near Guide Rock.

One of the neighbors of the missing man consulted a trance medium about the affair, and was told that the body of Eli Feasel would be found buried in an outhouse on the Feasel farm. This caused considerable discussion and a party decided to investigate. No body was found in the building, but a hole was there that looked as if it might have contained a body, and in it was a rusty wrench with spots on it, which chemists declared were blood. The medium was again consulted and this time said that the body had been taken from the hole and buried in a field. Vague directions were given as to the locality of the field, and amateur detectives dug up most of the Feasel farm without result.

Seven months afterward a human hand and a coat containing in a pocket an empty whiskey flask was ploughed up on the Stanley farm near Guide Rock. The Stanley farm adjoins the farm on which young Hutchinson was working. Only the day before the discovery was made young Hutchinson had quit work, saying that he was ill and would have to go to town. He appeared that night at a livery stable in Red Cloud and obtained a buggy and team, which he did not return until six o'clock the next morning. The horses were almost exhausted.

HUTCHINSON ARRESTED.

Hutchinson was arrested a few days later for the second time, as were also Harley Feasel and Mrs. Hutchinson Testimony showed that a body was buried in the place where the hand and the coat were found. It was evident that the ground had been recently dug up, and a man's and a woman's footprints were visible around the spot. There were tracks of two horses and a buggy. One of the horses had a "trailed" shoe. So had one of the horses taken that night from Red Cloud. Young Hutchinson was unable to tell of his movements the night he took the team from Red Cloud, May 8, 1904, or the night of October 1, 1903, after he left Superior. Slowly the links of evidence were forged, all circumstantial, but damaging.

Harley Feasel was able to prove an alibi and was discharged, but Charles Hutchinson and his mother were found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment. Both insist on their innocence and deny all knowledge as to Eli Feasel's disappearance.

It is supposed that the old man, who was often ugly when drunk, became especially so after imbibing the contents of the flask bought in Superior. He may have made advances toward Mrs. Hutchinson, and her son may have killed Feasel in defence of his mother. The supposition is that mother and son together buried the body in the outhouse. When the rumor of the spiritualist's revelation came to their ears they moved the body to the field near Guide Rock, and the boy obtained employment near that he might guard against the discovery of the secret. When he saw that the body must be discovered he obtained the team and buggy from Red Cloud, and, assisted by his mother, moved the evidence of their crime. In their haste the coat and the hand were left behind. This is the case on which mother and son were condemned.

The trance medimum was consulted for the third time and declared that the body had been moved from the field and thrown into a river. All the streams in the vicinity were dragged, but nothing was found.

NO ARGUMENT NEEDED.

Every Sufferer from Catarrh Knows That Salves, Lotions, Washes, Sprays and Douches do Not Cure.

Powders, lotions, salves, sprays and inhalers cannot really cure catarrh, because this disease is a blood disease, and local applications if they accomplish anything at all, simply give transient relief.

The catarrhal poison is in the blood and the mucus membrane of the nose, throat and trachea tries to relieve the system by secreting large quantities of mucus, the discharge sometimes closing up the nostrils, dropping into the throat, causing deafness by closing the Eustachian tubes, and after a time causing catarrh of the stomach or serious throat and lung troubles.

A remedy to really cure catarrh must be an internal remedy which will cleanse the blood from catarrhal poison and remove the fever and congestion from the mucus membrane.

The best and most modern remedies for this purpose are antiseptics scientifically known as Red Gum, Blood Root and Hydrastin, and while each of these have been successfully used separately, yet it has been difficult to get them all combined in one palatable, convenient and efficient form.

The manufacturers of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, have succeeded admirably in accomplishing this result. They are large, pleasant tasting lozenges, to be dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching every part of the mucous membrane of the throat and finally the stomach.

Unlike many catarrh remedies, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain no cocaine, opiate or any injurious drug whatever and are equally beneficial for little children and adults.

Mr. C. R. Rembrandt, of Rochester, N.Y., says: "I know of few people who have suffered as much as I from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach. I used sprays, inhalers, and powders for months at a time with only slight relief, and had no hope of cure. I had not the means to make a change of climate, which seemed my only chance of cure.

"Last spring I read an account of some remarkable cures made by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and promptly bought a fifty cent box from my druggist, and obtained such positive benefit from that one package that I continued to use them daily until I now consider myself entirely free from the disgusting annoyance of catarrh; my head is clear, my digestion all I could ask, and my hearing, which had begun to fail as a result of the catarrh, has greatly improved, until I feel I can hear as well as ever. They are a household necessity in my family."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents for complete treatment and for convenience, safety and prompt results they are undoubtedly the best known catarrh cure.

Lord Charles Beresford Pride of the British Navy

"An officer whose readiness of resource and whose ability as a leader are only equalled by his daring."—Lord Wolseley on Lord Charles Beresford.

Lord Charles Beresford, stands, with the common consent of the British Navy, as the true type of the British sailor. His breezy personality, his cheery courage, his indomitableness in a campaign, have made him a favourite ashore as at sea. If he had had no other magnetic virtues, his downright earnestness would have made him a national figure in an age when the gospel of efficiency, howsoever little it may be practised, is preached day and night and everywhere.

Nobody who saw Lord Charles Beresford do down one day to the House of Commons and ask for seventy ships that would cost twenty million pounds is likely to forget it. Not even the House of Commons had spoilt his fighting scion of a fighting house he was not afraid of its comfortable contentment. The strongest force in the world needed strengthening, and Lord Charles Beresford asked for seventy ships. He had preached efficiency to My Lords at Whitehall, and he gave up his post at the Admiralty to preach efficiency to the House of Commons.

THE FIGHTING BERESFORDS.

The Secretary to the Admiralty laughed in his face. The House of Commons laughed too. But within thirteen weeks the Secretary of the Admiralty had his Naval Defence Bill in his hand, and within thirteen weeks more the Naval Defence Bill—involving an expenditure of $21,500,000—was passed by the House of Commons. Lord Charles Beresford had not had his choice of fifty seats in Parliament for nothing.

He has the proud satisfaction to-day of a command in a Navy which owes much of its formidable power to him, and he will use its power, should necessity come, with valour becoming his house. Fighting tingles in the blood of the Beresfords. They have been, for generations, among the governing families of Ireland. Long before any Beresford now living was born, a Viceroy crossed St. George's Channel and found a Beresford "filling a position greater than the Lord Lieutenant, and virtually King of Ireland." There was a Beresford with Sir Thomas Moore at Corunna, he who, an admiral in the disguise of a peasant, protected the British at Nice in the French Revolution, and himself captured two French ships; and there was a Beresford, too, who crossed the Egyptian desert for British arms in 1801 and helped to take the Cape from the Dutch in 1806. Irishmen can hardly walk about in Dublin without thinking of this brave house, for it was a member of it who gave Dublin Sackville-street and opened up its greatest thoroughfares. Even in peace the Beresfords have found the least peaceful posts of all; when the Church of Ireland was disestablished, there was a Beresford at its head.

Lord Charles has the spirit of his race. His fame—and he is, perhaps, the most famous of all our seamen—has grown naturally out of his life. He has done more than any other man now living to popularise the Navy. Outside the Navy he has been its best friend, as inside it he is one of its best tacticians.

WHEN WE WENT TO SLEEP.

He has a profound faith in the fleet, and those who know him well speak with confidence of the ships under his own command. Lord Charles is among the greatest masters of tactics in battle, and has his own conceptions of tactics, which, it is said, are characteristically novel. He believes in the British Navy as the best Navy on the seas.

If that is so, the credit of it is due largely to Lord Charles himself. It was not always so. That was a striking thing which Lord Charles Beresford told a Frenchman when our soldiers were still pouring into South Africa in tens of thousands:

"In 1888-9," he said, "if you had had the man, and if the circumstances had been favourable, you Frenchmen could have defeated England without any alliance. I say this to you—I, a British Admiral . . .England thought war no longer possible, and we all went to sleep."

The old order changeth, yielding place to new, and out of the fleet of 1889 has come the fleet which, in Lord Charels Beresford's words, is "capable of beating the combined fleets of Russia, Germany, and France." Not that he is impatient, having the power of a giant, to use it as a giant; Lord Charles's motto is that "strength is peace." This broad-shouldered, strong built man, with a stern-set face which hurls defiance at regulations, is first of all a man of peace, if peace can be kept with honour. The cost of the Navy, he is fond of saying, is England's insurance emoney.

He is one of our master minds, a man of brain and action. He was sent to sea, a delicate boy, he tells his friends, to see if the strong air would put strength into him. It did. He is a child of the sea. The oceans of the world are very dear to him; you can almost hear the waves in his words. He has not lived upon the sea since he was thirteen without catching something of its soul. He is wide and big and free, without the restraints of petty rules and little visions which grow in cooped-up cities and within narrow walls.

A BRAVE LITTLE GUNBOAT.

He is, in a word, the natural man, doing the natural thing. The regulations of the Navy were under a severe strain when the commander of the Condor took his gunboat into range at Alexandria, but the Temeraire was aground, and Lord Charles Beresford, forgot the regulations. He could no more remember them than Nelson could see with his blind eye. So the Condor, with no more than three guns—with no armour-deck and with her sides not even bullet-proof—ran out to silence Fort Marabout, the second fort in Alexandria. It was one of the things which make men wonder if they dream. "You must be mad, sir!" said one of his officers when Lord Charles gave orders to engage the fort, from which one shot might knock his gunboat into splinters.

Mad it was, no doubt; but it was the madness which triumphs. "Of course," Lord Beresford has often said in telling the story, "if one of them had happened to hit us there would have been an end of the story. But they didn't and a miss is as good as a mile." For two hours the Condor went on firing, and at the end there was not one effective gun in the fort. We have heard of Admiral Seymour's signal until it has become famous; but the "Well done, Condor!" which went up before the whole fleet was the recognition of an act of gallantry as truly as great as any that has been achieved in war.

Nor was the silencing of Fort Marabout the only contribution Lord Charles Beresford paid to the building-up of the new Egypt. When the fighting was over, and Arabi Pasha sent his Arabs to storm the Khedive's palace and kill every person there, the counter-move fell to the commander of the Condor, who went ashore, enabled the Khedive to escape, and set up a system of police of which one authority said that "no such work has ever been done with such complete absence of violence."

A STORY.

The mere naming of Lord Charles Beresford's achievements would fill more space than can be given to them here. The rescue of Sir Charles Wilson on their return from Khartum, was described as a remarkable feat of arms," and it was achieved after [illegible] for twenty-four hours under the fire from the enemy's fort. Lord Charles had command of the Naval Brigade with Sir Herbert Stewart in his last march across the desert, and was the only [illegible] charge of the machine-guns at Abu [illegible] Commander of the Channel Fleet is prouder of nothing [illegible] of the three medals he has for [illegible] lives.

If he is not full of years—he is fifty-[illegible] is full of honours. The French Government would have given him the Legion of Honour if the Admiralty had not refused him permission to take it. He has claims to distinction, too, of which the public little dream—it is said that he saved, the opera for London when Sir Augustus Harris would have abandoned it.

But he stands among our great men as a seaman, as a man whom we may trust, as an inspirer and a leader of the fleet which, in these last few days, has lain restlessly upon a troubled sea.

A NEW IDEA

Tonic Treatment for Indigestion—New Strength for the Stomach from New, Rich, Red Blood.

The Tonic Treatment—that is the latest and only scientific cure for indigestion. All the leading doctors of Europe and America are using it with sensational success. No more purgatives, no more pepsin, no more patent foods, no more long diet lists saying: "Thou shalt not eat this or that." No more of all this—nothing, in fact, but plenty of new, pure, rich red blood to tone the liver and give the stomach strength for its work. That is the Tonic Treatment for Indigestion.

The tonic treatment is based on the new idea that drugs which digest the food for the stomach really weaken its powers through disuse. The digestive organs can never do their work properly until they are strong enough to do it for themselves. The only thing that can give the stomach and the liver new strength is good blood—and the only thing that can actually make new blood is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They have long been known as the greatest blood-building tonic in the world, and all the highest medical authorities agree that the one scientific cure for indigestion is the Tonic Treatment. The marvellous success of the treatment has been proved in every corner of the Dominion. One of the latest witnesses is Mr. Joseph Rochette, St. Jerome, Que., who says: "I simply hated the thought of food. Of course I had to force myself to eat, but afterwards I always suffered with dull, heavy pains in the stomach. I seemed to be billious as well and this caused severe headaches, which further aggravated my unfortunate position. I grew pale, fell away in weight and the trouble seemed to be undermining my whole constitution. I tried several remedies, but without success; a doctor whom I consulted advised absolute rest, but this was out of the question as I had to work for my living. Fortunately for me, one of my friends advised me to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to do so. After taking the pills for several weeks there was a decided improvement in my condition. Not only was my digestion better, but my general health improved in every way. New blood seemed to be coursing through my veins bringing new health and strength every day. I took eight boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills altogether, and those who see me now would never know I had seen an unwell day in my life. I owe my splendid health to these pills, and strongly advise every dyspeptic or weak person to lose no time in taking them."

Mr. Rochette's statement is a strong tribute to the Tonic Treatment. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured him because they actually made new rich blood for him. These pills go right down to the root of the trouble in the blood and cure that. The new blood they make carries health and strength to every part of the body. That is the new Tonic Treatment, and the highest medical authorities now recommend this treatment for all the common ailments such as anaemia, headaches, backaches, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, nervousness, dyspepsia and general weakness. These are all caused by bad blood and therefore are all cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50 by writing to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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are fresh and sweet, and nothing but the best served. That is why they are so popular. Try a 5c, 10c or 15c Lunch Open day and night. 51 UNIVERSITY STREET.

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enjoy a bedtime cup of beef tea made from Armour's Extract of Beef. It's grateful to the stomach, is quickly digested, soothes the nerves, stimulates circulation, and brings sound, refreshing sleep.

Armour's Extract of Beef

is liquid roast beef. It has the strength—the rich flavor—of prime roast beef, without the indigestible fibre. Just ¼ teaspoonful to a cup of hot water makes delicious beef tea. It's economical

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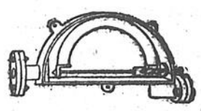
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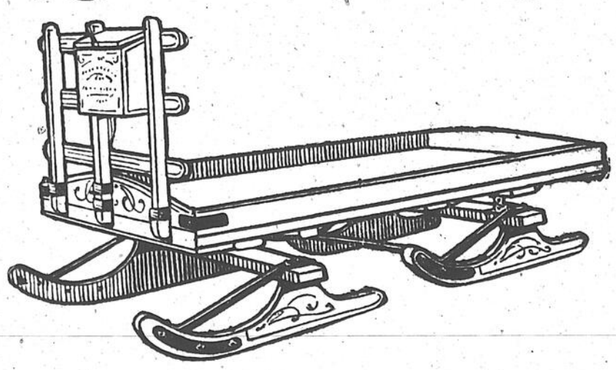
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The Place to Buy is Here.

This business hasn't developed and grown to the great home furnishing concern that it is by chance—years ago we "headed the list" as home furnishers, and we've maintained supremacy because we've deserved to—maintained it because you've been quick to appreciate our sincerity in trying to make this the best place in the city—yes, in the country—for you to have your home needs supplied—maintained because we've not rested a minute in putting into practice the most liberal methods we knew that meant your good will and a good service—and to-day—on the threshold of what we believe will prove the biggest season in our store's life—let us introduce you to a magnificent lot of home things with money saving a factor in every item—Cash or Credit.

Metropolitan House Furnishing Co., *Complete House Furnishers,*

1678 and 1680 Notre Dame Street.

NOBLE CANADIAN MOTHERS

owe their vigorous health to

Psychine

(Pronounced Si-keen)

These mothers of ripened experience and knowledge give Psychine (Si-keen) the praise of which it has proven worthy in combating disease.



Mrs. D. McKinnon, Ingonish, C.B.

Mrs. Blais, 168 Artillery St., Quebec

writes: "Psychine does all that is claimed for it. I know of no better tonic or blood purifier. Through disease and overwork I became greatly run down; had no appetite; was weak and nervous; life was something to be endured rather than enjoyed. Growing steadily worse with other treatments, I tried Psychine, and with the most pleasing results."

Psychine is woman's truest friend. With Psychine your blood will be made pure and rich; new vigor will be instilled into your nerves; you will increase in weight and strength; health and vitality will displace weakness and disease.

Tends her garden at eighty-nine

Mrs. Blaisdell, Arnprior, Ont., writes as follows:

"It's a long time since I used Psychine and Oxemulsion. I had felt miserable for a long time. Had no appetite, couldn't obtain any sleep, and was unable to work or enjoy life. Psychine has proven a blessing. I work every day in my garden, and I am very grateful for what Psychine did for me."

Mrs. Thos. Blais (widow), 168 Artillery street, Quebec City, says: "I certainly can recommend Psychine for catarrh, colds, lung troubles, or decline. Some years ago I had la grippe, and it left me in a precarious condition. Psychine did me a world of good. I remain, with gratitude, yours very truly, Mde. Thos. Blais."

Psychine is pronounced Si-keen

For sale by all druggists. For further advice and information write Dr. Slocum, Limited, 179 King street west, Toronto, Can. Through an enlarged laboratory, new labor-saving facilities, and recent ability to purchase raw products in Canada, Psychine, sold for years at $1.50 per bottle, is

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I Feel Like a Young Man Again,



Writes Capt. James Moore, of the Steamer Eva Stewart, Parrsboro, N.S.:

Dear Sir,—I am perfectly satisfied with the Belt, and feel like a young man again. I would not take a thousand dollars for it, if I was sure I could not get another. I have quite a number of friends who would like to have the Belt, but they think it is like the $2 variety. If they would try your Belt they would soon find out the difference. I think I can make some sales for you this winter, I hope to call on you personally. Yours respectfully, CAPT. JAS. MOORE, of the schooner Eva Stewart, Parrsboro', N.S.

I claim I can cure weak people; that I can pump new life into worn-out bodies; that I can cure your pains and aches, limber up your joints and make you feel as frisky and vigorous as you ever were in your life. That's claiming a great deal, but I've got a good rery claim; that they are now big, husky say and write that I've made good every claim; that they are now big, husky and frisky specimens of vigorous manhood, and they haven't an ache or a pain in their bodies since using my

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

This Belt, with special Electric Attachment, will restore your vigor. It will check all loss of vital power and affects every organ of the body. It cures Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Lumbago, Sciatica, any case of Kidney Disease that has not gone as far as Bright's Disease, Stomach Trouble, Constipation.

My Belt is just as good for women as for men. It cures all those special ailments for which women are always drugging and which drugs never cure.

I will be glad to give you a free test if you will call. Consultation free. Or I will send you my FREE BOOK, with full information, sealed free. My Belts not sold by agents.

Call To-day. Free Book.

DR. M. F. McLAUGHLIN, 214 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal, Que. Not sold in drug stores.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Wednesday and Saturday till 9 p.m.

Weekly Budget of News Notes From the Lands Over the Sea.

ENGLAND.

Out-of-works in Coventry are finding occupation in gathering acorns, used as food for swine.

Dr. Ellicott, who has reached a very advanced age, has decided to resign the bishopric of Gloucester.

Lloyd's Bank at Wolverhampton has a license to sell beer. It is said to be the only bank possessing such a privilege.

Two specimens of the King Bird of Paradise are now at the Zoo, this being the first time the bird has been seen there.

Legislative assistance is being sought to protect the coast around Michael, Isle of Man, from the increasing ravages of the seas.

The Halifax unemployed turned up at the Mayoress' "At Home," and had a conversation with the Mayor. They dispersed quietly.

The Preston (Lancashire) Corporation have decided to seek borrowing powers for £220,000 to improve the estuary of the Ribble.

The Manchester Ship Canal traffic for this year shows an approximate increase of 450,000 over the first nine months of last year.

A man who committed suicide at Saddleworth by throwing himself over a quarry nearly killed a quarryman who was at work below.

A bunch of seven magistrates at Walsall announced that they were "equally divided" in opinion on a case, and no decision would be given.

The choir of St. Luke's Church, Harrogate, has gone on strike and the organist has resigned because the vicar declared that the music was not to his liking.

Manchester Education Committee are seeking powers to borrow a further sum of £25,000 in connection with the erection and equipment of the school of technology.

Stockport Education Committee propose to spend nearly £60,000 in providing day schools, and also have under consideration a scheme for the extension of the Technical School at a cost of £10,500.

After losing all his shops save one, owing to incendiary fires, Thomas Perry, a Hammersmith hairdresser, committed suicide by gas poisoning, and at the inquest a verdict of temporary insanity was returned.

Mr. R. A. Gorell, who completed his 100th year in August last, has died at Yoxhall Old Hall, near Norwich. He had enjoyed remarkable health and strength until a few months ago, and his mental faculties were unimpaired.

Twenty-one years ago, having received the corporation marriage portion, and not having married, I return the £15 and interest, with many thanks," ran a letter enclosing £24 10s received by the Henley charity trustees last week.

At the instance of the family of the late Admiral Sir A. Hoskyns, Admiral Tyron's Union Jack, which was flying on the ill-fated Victoria when she went down in the Mediterranean, has been placed in the parish church at North Perrott, Somerset.

"Can it be that we are approaching the time when the labor agitator will be reduced to the ranks of the unemployed, or have to get a living otherwise than by the sweat of his jaw?" asked the secretary at the Free Labor Congress at the Memorial Hall this week.

Because he thought it an extraordinary thing that anybody should try to close restaurants while all the publichouses were open, the chairman of the Blackburn magistrates refused an application for summonses under the Lord's Day Observance Act against a number of refreshment-house keepers for opening on Sunday.

SCOTLAND.

Tin has been discovered on Carn Chuinneag, Ross-shire.

The United Free Presbytery of Glasgow is the largest Presbytery in the world.

There are at present 8300 houses standing empty in Glasgow. It is calculated these would accommodate 40,000 people.

On a Perthshire farm a gatherer has lifted a potato which had a half-sovereign stuck inside it. That's the sort of potato to encourage.

A nursery in the South of Scotland is rejoicing over an apple tree about four and a half feet high, with no fewer than a score of trusses of bloom.

Another draft of the 2d Battalion Scottish Rifles, at present stationed at Maryhill, are under orders for India. The detachment leaves on 17th December.

It is proposed to raise a fund from all the girls in Argyleshire to present the new cruiser Argyll with a silver shield to be shot for annually in big gun practice.

A new industrial school for girls has been opened at Gilmerton, near Edinburgh at a cost of £10,000. The schools are in connection with Dr. Guthrie's Industrial Schools.

The Rev. Dr. Campbell, of St. Mary's, Dundee, has intimated his desire to relinquish the active duties of his charge owing to ill-health. The stipend is one of the best in Scotland.

The Gymnasium portion of the new baths and gymnasium, gifted to Dunfermline at a cost of £35,000 by Mr. Carnegie, was opened by Dr. Ross, chairman of the Carnegie Trust.

Mr. Gardner, the representative of Scotland on the Council of Amalgamated Society of Engineers, is 49 years of age, and he has been nominated for re-election by 49 branches.

Thos. Mellville, of St. Andrews, and his brother, Geo. Mellville, of Cupar, who has just celebrated their 94th birthdays, are the oldest twins in Great Britain.

Hugh Hutchinson Cardiner, clothier, Glasgow, Edinburgh, and London is in the Bankruptcy Court. His gross liabilities were stated at £329,380, of which £96,091 are unsecured, and assets at £34,614.

Mr. Cameron Corbett, M.P., president of the West of Scotland Steel Trade Conciliation Board has been presented with a beautifully illuminated address by the members of the board in appreciation of his services.

Messrs. Thornycroft, of London, and Messrs. Napier and Miller, of Glasgow, have each contracted with Scott's Engineering Co. to supply the machinery for 10 boats which the firm are building for the London County Council.

Donald M'Kay pleaded guilty at North London to being drunk and disorderly. Mr. Fordham—Scotch, I suppose? M'Kay—No, it was gin and water. (Laughter.) Mr. Fordham—A degenerate drink for a man with such an honoured name.

It is estimated that from first to last the litigations between the United Free, and the Free Churches including the judicial expenses of the Free Church, have cost the United Free Church the sum of between £20,000 and £30,000.

Mr. Arthur St. Clair Anstruther-Thomson, youngest son of the late Colonel Anstruther-Thomson, of Charleton, the famous fox-hunter, who only died on the 8th inst., expired at sea of typhoid fever, eight days after his father, in his 32d year.

The oldest inhabitant of Largs has passed away in the person of Mrs. Wm. Barclay, who was in the 99th year of her age. Mrs. Barcley, who was fairly active till the beginning of her last illness a few months ago, was a highly intelligent and bright old lady.

Intimation has been recived of the death at Durban, South Africa, of Mr. A. C. Aitken, late sanitary inspector under the Renfrew County Council and Barrhead Town Council. Mr. Aitken, who left Barrhead to fill an appointment in Durban about 18 months ago, died from plague.

Princess Te Ranji Pal was one of the chief artistes at the sixteenth annual Scottish concert of the Gaelic Society of London. This lady is by name a Maori, but by descent is half Scotch, and sang such thoroughly Caledonian lyrics as "Doon the Burn, Davie Lad" and "Jock o' Hazledean."

The Rev. Dr. John Watson ("Ian MacLaren") has announced to the congregation of Sefton Park Presbyterian Church, Liverpool, his intention to retire, after 25 years' service as their minister. He declared that the burden of work with advancing years had grown too heavy for him.

The death is reported from Stronmaghan, Glenary, of the last of the race of a very old Argyleshire family in the person of Miss Kirsty Turner, at the advanced age of 97 years. Miss Turner's ancestors were for many centuries the lairds of Drimlee, Glenshire. Up to her grandfather's day they called themselves M'Inturner.

The Rev. John B. M'Intyre, the popular minister of Clark Memorial U.F. Church, Largs, has just intimated his retiral from the pastorate of the church, to which he was ordained in 1864. The Rev. Mr. M'Intyre, who is a son of the manse, was born at Kilcross, Ireland, in 1838. He was educated at Belfast Academy, and afterwards attended the Universities of Glasgow and Aberdeen, where he had a distinguished career.

When the invalid's chair takes the place of the office chair

how a man does fret and worry. Yet how few men take the proper care of themselves. They overwork mind and body—push their energies to the utmost—until nature rebels and compels a rest.

A brain that has become overworked—a tired, exhausted body—needs

Vin St Michel

It's a builder of strength and vigor. A maker of pure, rich blood. An appetizer and digestant. A developer of sturdy health.

How much easier it is to take **Vin St. Michel** and KEEP WELL—than to try to win back health after sickness?

Vin St. Michel is France's gift to Canada. It is a famous old Tonic Wine, rich in iron and phosphorous, and remarkable for its power to keep the whole system in perfect condition.

I certify having been completely cured by the **Vin St. Michel.** I was excessively weak and without energy. When working, I would feel very weary and generally exhausted. I gave up taking all other remedies and used only **Vin St. Michel.** It was not long, a few days only, till I felt considerably better and to-day I can affirm that I am perfectly well, it is exclusively due to the three bottles of **Vin St. Michel** I have taken.

(*Signed*) ZACHARIE BREAULT,
St. Winceslas, Nicolet Co., P.Q.



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BRITISH EMPIRE WEEK BY WEEK

WHAT RUSSIAN AUTHORS EARNED.

It is the custom for Russian writers of established reputation to sell their entire copyrights to the publishers more frequently than English authors do. Shortly before his death Turgenieff disposed of the copyright of all his works to a publisher for £9,000. The different sums for which the productions of some of the best known Russian authors of the old school have been sold are given as follows by the Informant. Those of Gogol were disposed of for £6,600; Pushkin's and Goutcharoff's each realized about £5,500, while Kryloff's fables brought about £1,400, and the entire copyrights of many well-known writers have been sold for much smaller sums than that.

POPULATION OF BRITISH EMPIRE OVER 400 MILLIONS.

The British Empire to-day numbers 400,543,713 citizens. The recent completion of the Cape census enables the total to be made up. Over 11,876,745 square miles British citizens are dotted to the number of about thirty-six per square mile.

The following table gives the figures in detail:—

Group.	Area. sq. miles.	Population.	Natives of U.K. All.
Unit. K..	121,392	41,609,091	
In Europe	3,703	472,502	31,854
In Asia..	1,849,259	309,604,864	117,669
In Africa	2,689,297	45,146,972	222,118
America	4,036,871	7,525,815	395,113
Aus'lasia	3,176,223	5,184,469	885,296
Total B. Empire	11,876,745	400,543,713	13,261,141

THE LONDON MEMORIAL TO THE LATE MR. GLADSTONE.

Great interest is manifested by travellers along the Strand, London, in a large wheel-like structure some twenty feet in diameter standing immediately in front of St. Clement Dane's Church at the junction with Aldwych. The wood paving in the immediate vicinity is marked by a number of white circles of varying sizes.

The stand marks the site of the Gladstone Memorial, which will, therefore, be erected on one of the finest spots in the metropolis, as the Strand here is at its widest, and the memorial will be clearly discernible from two important thoroughfares.

WHY NOTABLE BRITISH M.P. IS RETIRING FROM HOUSE.

Among the documents from which the future historian will draw his generalizations about our day perhaps the letter which Mr. Henry Hobhouse has written to his constituents may find a place. He explains why he is giving up Parliamentary work for county politics, and he says:

The position of a member of Parliament who has not attained office tends more and more in these days to become that of a mere party follower, deprived of all power of initiating legislation, and (if he happens to sit on the Government side) having but little opportunity even for effective criticism. Every important question is now made a vote of confidence, and independence even on minor questions is scouted as disloyalty to the party.

The Daily Mail thinks that if Mr. Hobhouse had attempted the independent attitude in Parliament a hundred years ago, he would not have got off with being "scouted." He would probably have had to go out on Wimbledon Common before breakfast and take his chance with the pistols.

NEW ZEALAND WANTS STATE BANKS AND FACTORIES.

Mr. Seddon has not hitherto been troubled with a regularly-organized Labor Party in the New Zealand Parliament, but that will be the case no longer. By the last Australian mail there are reports of a conference of the Trades and Labor Councils of the Colony, at which a strong Political Labor League was launched. Its programme includes a State bank, State flour mills, State clothing and boot factories, preference of employment for trade unionists, and the nationalization of the mineral industry.

The secretaries of the trades unions of New South Wales have banded themselves into the "Trade and Industrial Unions Secretaries Association." Among the objects of the new body are the promotion of a better understanding between the secretaries of the unions, the provision of facilities for an interchange of opinion, and the ventilation of matters of common concern. Arbitration Court procedure and the advising of unions are to be kept specially in view.

MR. T. P. O'CONNOR AND THE NEXT PARLIAMENT.

As Mr. T. P. O'Connor had been announced to make an important statement as to the Irish vote in Great Britain in the next general election, a great Irish meeting to hear him assembled at the Town Hall, Accrington last week. The hon. member said the sympathies of the Irish were with every effort to increase the political power of labor in England. Ireland had shown labor the way in every country in the world. There would probably be a large Liberal majority in the next Parliament. If that Liberal majority should desire to abandon, or to indefinitely postpone, the concession of the Irish demand, then it might become the duty of the Irish to make war on such a Liberal Ministry, as they had made war on Liberal Ministries in the past. He wanted the Irish to be the allies of the British Labor party, but he could not admit the prudence of putting the Irish cause at their mercy.

INTERESTING REVIEW OF THE IRISH SITUATION.

The Irish question is brought into prominence again by the modified Home Rule scheme adopted by the Irish Reform Association.

Mr. Henry W. Lucy, is an authority who gives an interesting expression of personal opinion on the new proposals. The scheme provides for the constitution of two new bodies, as follows:

An Irish Financial Council.—This body may consist of twelve elected members and twelve members nominated by the Crown. It would submit the Irish estimates to Parliament annually, and control the Irish spending departments to the extent of £6,000,000 annually.

A body composed of Irish representative peers, Irish M.P.s and past and present members of the Federal Council. It would have authority to promote bills for purely Irish purposes and to conduct such other business as Parliament might delegate to it.

"The association will use its best endeavors to have the whole subject investigated by a Royal Commission.

Is the report of Lord Dunraven's new association a kite sent up to see which way the wind is blowing, asks Mr. Lucy.

It does not follow that it was done at the suggestion or with the connivance of the Chief Secretary or Mr. Balfour; neither, as far as any one knows, was the inauguration and campaign of the Land Conference, which, nevertheless, resulted in the passing of the most momentous measure of Mr. Balfour's Ministry.

But wise statesmen are ever grateful for the opportunity of studying the drift of public opinion as affecting possible legislation. It will not be forgotten that in December, 1885, preceding by two months the introduction of the Home Rule Bill, a kite was sent up from Leeds which startled the country by prevision of the coming event.

As to opinion on the subject entertained within the charmed circle of the Ministry, I happen to have curious and significant testimony.

Two months ago, writing to me with reference to an article published on the possibility of the last session of the Balfourian Parliament being devoted to a measure dealing with the redistribution of seats, a Minister said:

"I am very much in sympathy with the views you express upon the absolute necessity of putting an end to the Parliamentary deadlock. But I do not think Irish over-representation is likely to be dealt with without some form of devolution, which we must not call Home Rule, and which ought not to be Home Rule in the form already submitted to Parliament."

Eight days later appeared the first report of the Irish Reform Association.

Afflicted with Erysipelas For Ten Years.

Cured by Four Bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. N. Peister, of Brighton, Ont., was Cured Two Years Ago and Has Had No Return Of It Since.

Read what she says:—"It is now about two years since I was cured of a terrible attack of Erysipelas, with which I had been afflicted for about ten years. I had tried almost everything, including medicine from several doctors, but could get no relief. I had given my case up as hopeless, but I procured five bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters, and it completely cured me. In fact, the cure has been permanent. It is now two years since I took Burdock Blood Bitters, and I have not had the slightest sign of the disease returning. I fully believe, that your wonderful remedy has taken it so completely out of my system that I shall never be bothered again with it. I have the greatest of faith in Burdock Blood Bitters."

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.:

Dear Sirs,—A few days ago I was taken with a severe pain and contraction of the cords of my leg, and had to be taken home in a rig. I could not sleep for pain, and was unable to put my foot to the floor. A friend told me of your MINARD'S LINIMENT, and one hour from the first application I was able to walk, and the pain entirely disappeared.

You can use my name as freely as you like, as I consider it the best remedy I have ever used.

CHRISTOPHER GERRY.

Ingersoll, Ont.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

CALEDONIAN

Insurance Company of Edinburgh.

The Oldest Scottish Fire Office

Funds Over - $11,000,000

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LANSING LEWIS, Manager

City Agents—E. T. Taylor & Sons and A. M. Nairn. Special Agent French Department—Pierre Gauthier.

$350.00 Shaw Piano. First prize in a great educational contest. See page 20.

BOOKS AND AUTHORS

"SUCCESS AMONG NATIONS."
BY PROF. EMIL REICH.

Which were the successful nations? What were the causes of their success? What nations will be successful in the future? These are the three important questions which M. Emil Reich sets himself to answer in his "Success Among Nations." M. Emil Reich is, by birth, a Hungarian and now holds a professorship at the University of London. He is best known as a writer through his connection with the Cambridge history series, and as author of the "Foundations of Modern Europe." He has travelled and lived in many lands, and is known as a keen observer, and a student of national institutions. At the outset, it may be said that his views and deductions while likely to provoke discussion, are singularly free from national prejudice, and frequently run counter to accepted economic and sociological opinions. His views are advanced seriously and with confidence. The method which has guided him, he points out, in coming to conclusions consists in a study both of numerous books and historic "sources," and of about a dozen highly differentiated modern nations, each in its own country. Nothing short of lengthy struggles for existence in a modern country will give one the opportunities by the close analysis of which one may arrive at the real soul of a foreign nation. At the outset he dismisses the hypothesis that there is any peculiar virtue inherent in a particular shade of complexion or variety of blood, and seeks for a readier explanation on physical conditions. He subdivides success, as applied to nations, to either material or intellectual. The types of the intellectual nations selected are the ancient Greeks and Italy during the Renaissance. But they declined just as surely as Carthage or Egypt. Where nature has been over-profuse in her benefits, human initiative has been retarded, if not wholly blighted. On the other hand "a nation whose every thought and action is absorbed in the winning of its daily sustenance cannot be expected to strike out any new paths of thought, or to conceive any original or exalted artistic ideals." There is surely a happy mean between these two extremes, but according to M. Reich no nation has yet discovered it. And will not, for complete success is unattainable by any nation, but each nation may and does enjoy its distinctive success, according to physical environments, and other natural causes. "No nation," he points out, "has succeeded in becoming a general model of civilization, and no nation can hope so to become in the future." Certainly not England, which is at the present time the greatest world power, "for English civilization is somewhat one-sided. It has least of all civilizations contributed to all-round perfection. It is the civilization of the Specialist." With regard to France he takes a more roseate view, summing up with the assertion that "France has the greatest chances of future success." M. Reich's remarks on the United States are refreshingly frank. Although he knows that "Americans are filled with such an implicit and absolute confidence in their Union and in their future success that any remark other than laudatory is unacceptable to the majority of them," honesty compels him to say that the "path of America is strewn with stumbling blocks, which it will require her utmost ingenuity to circumvent or surmount." Nevertheless it is to the United States that he looks for the greatest economic and material success, but intellectual success in the highest sense is less likely there, because the highest intellectual progress is based on intense personality, and the absolute democracy which pervades all spheres of American life is hostile to the rise of intense personalities other than political. The American woman, he believes, miss their mark, and do not on the whole succeed so well in the various domains of art, science and letters as do their European sisters, and do not consequently exert an influence at all proportionate to their fierce efforts. Of the American man, M. Reich says he is incomplete in that he lacks a well-balanced, emotional life. "He is sensation-ridden to an extreme. His individuality is not well developed." Yet he believes America to have solved ideals, moral and social, which European nations have in vain endeavored to attain.

This is but the barest outline of the tenor of the volume, which contains besides much interesting reading. The writer traces the progress of the ancient peoples, the Babiyonians, Egyptians, Chinese and Carthaginians, and finds that human progress has emanated from six great centres, Jerusalem, Athens, Rome, Florence Paris, and London. M. Emil Reich has made an able contribution to a complex subject. (Toronto: Morang & Company.)

MR. CRAWFORD'S NEW NOVEL
"WHOSOEVER SHALL OFFEND."

Once a year, without fail, Francis Marion Crawford comes along with a new novel, and one well worth reading. "Whosoever Shall Offend" is his latest work, and in it his art as a story teller is as manifest as ever. Mr. Crawford has the ability to interest his readers from the outset. In this new work Mr. Crawford's limitations as well as his capabilities are apparent. He tells a story without any attempt to solve the ethical or spiritual problems which may arise along the way. As usual he goes to Italy for a setting. The scene is laid in modern Rome and Sicily, and the theme is an attempt to make a degenerate out of the heir of a large estate coveted by his step-father, the next heir, who plys the boy with effeminizing pleasures, after an attempt on his life had been unsuccessful. The result is a sharp-set story with much light and shadow. Corbario the step-father, is the blackest of villains. Aurora, the heroine ,is as fascinating a girl as even Ouida ever described. Figures like Marcello, Ecole and Regina, the beautiful peasant girl, who in the all too brief hour of her wonderful love wins the reader's complete affection, are not so sharply defined, and are peculiar to Italy and Mr. Crawford. The story is well told, is full of incident, yet never violating the rules of human nature, and contains several quaint studies of Italian peasant life, written in the real Crawford atmosphere. (Toronto: Copp, Clark Company.)

THE ANCIENT CONFLICT
'TWIXT LOVE AND ART.

The scene of Mr. Charles Marriott's new novel is laid in Cornwall, not far from Land's End. "Genevra" has been well received in England, two editions being exhausted in one month. The plot is simple in the extreme, if, indeed, it may be called a plot at all, but there are some strongly drawn characters. One of these is Genevra, the daughter of a farmer named Josiln, but descended from a noble Norman family, the De Jocelins, which settled in Cornwall at the time of the Norman Conquest. At the time when the story opens he had been dead for some years, and she was living with her brother in the old manor house, which had come upon ruinous times. She was then nine and twenty and possessing the ability to write poetry sufficiently good to attract the attention of Edgar Noy, a distinguished London editor. When the story opens she is revising the proofs of her first volume. Her brother is financially embarrassed. The man who held the mortgage on the property is a young solicitor, who wants to marry Genevra. This is the basis of the story which is undobubtedly nothing new. It is the old conflict between love and art. But originality in plot has become a rare thing in present day novels. Mr. Marriott has, however, developed the story along interesting lines and has redeemed it by some fine studies of life as well as vivid descriptions of nature. More than that, he writes clean and vigorous English, as refreshing as the sea breezes, which sweep in over Cornwall. The entrance of a young painter on the scene, between whom and the heroine there is inspired a mutual regard, finally developing into love, and her promising to marry the solicitor in a moment when her nature and that of the painter have clashed, indicate the tenor of the story. (London: Methuen & Company.)

BY FRANK H. SPEARMAN.
A RAILROAD STORY

There are a few authors who have discovered that the railway affords a good literary field. One of these is Frank H. Spearman, whose latest story, "The Daughter of a Magnate," is a skilful mixture of love and railway experience. The "daughter" goes as a member of her father's party on a tour of inspection to the Rockies, where a new railroad property has recently been acquired. There she meets an exceptionally clever construction engineer who immediately breaks all conventional precedents by falling in love with her. After due course he wins but the path of love in winning a magnate's daughter may be made exceedingly unpleasant by the magnate himself, and that was Glover's trying experience. It is a readable story with plenty of excitement. Locomotives, Pullmans, conductors, engineers, floods, telegraph stations, mountain scenes and railway camps fly past your vision with bewildering speed. The reader is given a fast trip to Readville. (Toronto: Langton & Hall.)

COLLECTION OF CARTOONS
BY MR. ALONZO RYAN

Decidedly unique is the collection of cartoons issued in book form recently under the caption, "Free Lance Political Caricature in Canada." The author, or rather maker, is Alonzo Ryan, a young newspaper artist who is yearly increasing his community of admirers. Mr. Ryan has had, and still enjoys the unique experience of making cartoons for both English and French papers, differing in their political views, at the same time. To cater to such a diverse audience successfully is no small achievement, laying as it does a heavy toll on the faculty of conception. To put up a strong argument, one must know the other side's weak points without necessarily having to know his own. Mr. Ryan evidently knows both, and has used his knowledge to good advantage. A marked characteristic of his cartoons is that they are both caustic and kindly. The arrows of his wit are sharp but not barbed. In the collection many are independent. The cartoons extend over a comparatively short period, since 1896, in fact, but much has happened in Canadian political life since then. All the outstanding political incidents since then, Sir Charles Tupper's downfall, Sir Wilfrid Laurier's rise, Mr. Tarte's actions, the Monk-Tarte episode, Mr. Blair's withdrawal, etc., are given pictorial expression. These have been treated in an original manner, and touched with a delicate humor. (Montreal: A. T. Chapman.)

LITERARY NOTES OF INTEREST.

Mrs. Katherine Cecil Thurston, who has achieved such marked success with "John Chilcote, M.P.," will soon have completed another novel. It will appear first serially in a London magazine.

Dr. S. E. Dawson, King's Printer, has prepared a volume on "The St. Lawrence Basin and its Borderland," which will soon be published by F. A. Stokes & Company, New York.

Probably the most important book in the Fleming H. Revell Company's fall list is Norman Duncan's novel, "Dr. Luke of the Labrador." American critics have found no words of commendation too strong for the work which Mr. Duncan has done in his shorter tales of Newfoundland and Labrador life, and the first long story has been awaited with impatience.

By desire of the King, Mr. Rider Haggard has written an introduction to a book shortly to be published. The author of it is Mr. W. A. Dutt, and its subject is indicated in the title, "The King's Homeland." It is a description of Sandringham, King Edward's charming Norfolk home, and of the country round about.

A book of Indian stories is presently to be published by a native named Sarath Kumar Ghosh. In it he will describe the trials which an Indian juggler is condemned by the king to undergo as punishment for his presumption in loving the princess, each incident being founded on a traditional feat of Inwian magic. Mr. Ghosh's publisher promises that he "will assuredly be acclaimed as the Indian Kipling."

Walter Pater is to be admitted to the "English Men of Letters" series, the monograph being written by Mr. Arthur C. Benson, who lately contributed a book on Rossetti to the series, and showed therein that he was worthy of the tradition established by Mr. Morley. It will be interesting to see what Mr. Benson makes of his hero's personal history. From the fact that Mr. Wright has undertaken to produce a life of Pater in two volumes, it is to be inferred that biographical material is available, but it has always seemed as if this recluse could only be written about from the point of view of the student of his works.

The "Red eLtter Library" is a new series of books of poetry which Messrs. Blackie are about to issue. The first will be the "In Memoriam" of Tennyson, with an introduction by Mrs. Alice Meynell. Selections from Coleridge, George Herbert, Byron and Milton will appear shortly afterwards with introductions by Mrs. Meynell, the Archbishop of Armagh, Mr. Arthur Symons, and Professor Walter Raleigh.

"Red Hunters and the Animal People," is the title of Dr. Charles A. Eastman's book of animal stories which the Harpers are just publishing. Dr. Eastman's father was a full-blooded Sioux named Many Lightnings, a remarkable man, and his mother a beautiful half-blood woman, the daughter of a well known army officer. She died soon after the birth of her son, and Ohiyesa, or The Winner, as the child was called in his native tongue, was reared by his grandmother and an uncle in the wilds of Manitoba. Then he learned from babyhood the ancient woodcraft, religion, and folk-lore of his people.

DOUBTS OF FRIAR ALFUS.
A LEGEND.
—By Emile Souvestre.

Before Luther had come to preach the Reformation, monasteries were to be seen upon all the hillsides of Germany, large edifices of peaceful aspect, with slender belfries rising above the trees, and around which circling pigeons held their sunny flight. Abuses sometimes may have crept in; but there also lived men who were insensible to the joys of this life, saints avaricious of their time on earth, whose spirits were occupied solely with their eternal heritage. At Olmutz in particular was one who had become famous in the country for his piety and his learning; a man of simple spirit, like all who have great knowledge; for knowledge is like the sea. the farther one goes the larger grows the horizon and the more one feels one's own littleness.

Friar Alfus, however, also had his hours of doubt; but after having seamed his brow and whitened his locks in the search for useless demonstrations, he had called to his aid the faith of the little children. But evil blasts sometimes agitated his soul; at times the temptations of the intellect returned. Then Friar Alfus became sad; great clouds veiled for him the inner source of light; his heart was chilled and he could no longer pray.

Wandering in the fields, he seated himself upon a mossy rock, stood silent amid the spray of cataracts, walked amid the murmurs of the forest; but vainly he interrogated nature; to all his questions the mountains, the floods and the leaves had but one answer: GOD!

Friar Alfus had issued victorious from many a crisis, and now again he had strengthened himself in his faith, for temptation is the gymnasties of the conscience, and when it does not break, it fortifies it. But for some time a more poignant inquietude had possessed him. He had often remarked that everything that is beautiful loses its charm by long usage; the most marvelous landscape fatigues the eye, the sweetest voice, the ear; the sincerest, love the heart, and he had asked himself how even in heaven could be found joy eternal. What would become of the mobility of the soul in the midst of splendors without limit? Must not unvaried enjoyment lead to weariness? Eternity! What word was this for a creature who knows no law but that change! What man would wish for all eternity the greatest joy that he has known?

Thus thought Friar Alfus, and each day his uncertainty became greater. One morning, before the brothers had risen, he left the monastery and went down into the valley. The fields, still wet with the dew, were smiling beneath the first rays of the dawn, like a woman through her tears. Alfus slowly followed the shady paths of the hillside. The birds, just awakened, flitted through the hawthorne, shaking flowers of dew upon his bald head, and butterflies, still half asleep, carelessly described their eccentric curves in the sunlight, drying their wings. Alfus stopped to look at the landscape that was spread out before him. He recalled how beautiful it had appeared to him the first time he had seen it, and with what intoxication of content he had thought to end his days there. For him, poor child of the town, accustomed to the sombre alleys and the dismal walls of citadels, these flowers, these trees, this air, gave a delirious thrill. That delightful year had been the year of his novitiate. How many long excursions into the neighboring vales! What charming discoverits! Rivulets singing among the gladioli, glades which were the haunt of the nightingale, crimson eglantines, wild wood strawberries—oh! what pleasure to find them for the first time! What joy to walk through unknown paths, veiled by pendant foliage, at almost every step to come upon springs, whose waters you have not yet tasted, upon virgin moss that your foot has not yet pressed!

But alas! even these pleasures endure but little; soon you have explored all the routes of the forest; you have listened to all of its warblers, you have plucked some of each species, of flowers, and then, adieu to the beauties of the country! Habit, which falls like a veil between you and creation, renders you blind and deaf.

Alas! Friar Alfus had arrived at that point. Like men who have abused the stimulus of strong drink until they no longer feel its power, he viewed with indifference the spectacle that formerly had so ravished his sight. What celestial beauties, then could eternally engross that soul which the works of God upon earth could charm but for an instant?

While questioning himself thus, Alfus went deeper and deeper into the valley. His head was bowed upon his breast; his arms hung loosely; he walked on and on, seeing nothing, crossing brooks, woods and hills. The belfry of the monastery had already disappeared; Olmutz, with its churches and its fortifications had sunk into the hazy distance; the mountains themselves seemed like blue clouds upon the horizon. Suddenly the monk stopped. He was at the entrance to a great forest, which stretched as far as the eye could reach, an ocean of verdure. A thousand vague, but charming, accents murmured about him, and an odoriferous breeze sighed through the foliage.

After having plunged his gaze into the soft obscurity of the wood, Alfus entered, hesitatingly, as if he were afraid of doing something which was forbidden. But as he proceeded the forest grew grander. He found trees that were loaded with flowers, exhaling an unknown fragrance. This fragrance had nothing intoxicating about it, like those of the earth; one might have deemed it a kind of moral emanation, perfuming the soul ;it was at the same time both strengthening and delightful, like the spectacle of a worthy action or the approach of a good man, revered and loved.

Soon Alfus heard a harmonious music, which filled the forest; he still advanced, and he perceived at a distance an opening that was all dazzling with marvelous light. What struck him with especial astonishment was that the perfume, the harmony and the light seemed to be but one thing; they were all communicated to him through a single perception, as if he had ceased to have distinct senses and only his soul remained to him.

Meanwhile, he had reached the opening, and had seated himself, the better to enjoy these marvels, and suddenly a voice was heard, such a voice that neither the sound of ours dipping in a lake, nor the breeze laughing among the willows, nor the breath of a sleeping infant could give least idea of its sweetness. In truth, whatever enchanting murmurs have water, earth and sky, whatever seduction there is, human tongue, and human melody seemed to be blended together in this voice. It was not a chant, and yet one would have said that there were floods of music; it was not speech, and yet the voice talked! Knowledge, poetry, wisdom, all were in it. Like a breath divine, it transported the soul and caused it to soar into an occult region. Hearing it, one knew all and felt all, and as the world of thought which it embraced in its entirety is infinite in its mysteries, the voice, always unique, was always varied. One could have heard it for centuries without finding it any the less now.

The longer Alfus listened to it the greater grew the joy within him. It seemed to him that at each instant he discovered ineffable mysteries; it was like the horizon of the Alps when the mists are lifted, unveiling one after another the lakes, the valleys and the glaciers.

But finally the light which brightened the forest was obscure, a long murmur sounded beneath the trees and the voice was silent.

Alfus remained for some time motionless, as if he had issued from an enchanted sleep. At first he gazed stupidly around him; then he tried to rise to continue on his way. But his feet were benumbed; his limbs had lost their agility. He returned by the path by which he ha dcome, and soon found himself out of the woods.

Then he sought the road to the monastery. Thinking he recognized it, he hastened his steps, for night was approaching, but the farther he advanced the greater was his surprise. Since he left the convent everything about the country seemed to have changed. Where he had seen young saplings growing, giant oaks now reared their heads. He looked for the little wooden bridge, carpeted with wild briar, over the stream which he was accustomed to cross. It was no longer there. In its place was a solid stone arch. As he passed near a pool, where some women were drying their linen on the alder bushes, they paused to gaze at him, and said among themselves:

"Look at that old man, dressed like the monks at Olmutz; yet we have never seen him before."

"These women are crazy," said Alfus to himself, and he passed by them.

However, he commenced to be uneasy, when the belfry of the convent appeared through the foliage. He hurried his pace, climbed the little path, turned the corner of the meadow and advanced toward the portal. Astonishment! The gate was no longer at its accustomed place.

Alfus lifted his eyes and stood motionless with amaze. The monastery of Olmutz had changed its aspect; the precinct was larger, the buildings were more numerous; a plane tree that he had planted a few days before near the chapel now entirely covered the sacred asylum with its broad foliage! The monk, beside himself, turned toward the new entrance and rang softly. It was no longer the same silver bell, whose sound he so well knew. A young gatekeeper came to open for him.

"What has happened?" asked Alfus. "Is not Antoine still porter of the convent?"

"I know not Antoine," said the young brother.

Alfus, affrighted, pressed his forehead with his hands.

"Have I become crazy?" said he. "Is not this the monastery of Olmutz, from which I set out this morning?"

The young monk looked at him.

"For five years I have been porter here. I do not know you."

Alfus gazed about him wildly; several monks were passing through the cloister; he called to them, but none responded to the names he uttered; he ran to them to look into their faces; he knew none of them.

"Is this some great miracle of God?" cried he. "In heaven's name, my brothers, look at me. Is there none of you who has ever seen me. Is there no one here who knews Brother Alfus?"

All gazed at him in astonishment.

"Alfus!" finally said the oldest of them; yes, there was once a monk at Olmutz of that name; I have heard it said by those older than myself. He was a learned man, fond of revery and solitude. One day he went forth into the valley; he was lost to view in the distance just with in the wood. They awaited his return, but in vain; it was never known what became of Brother Alfus; but since that time a whole century has passed."

Alfus at these words uttered a great cry, for he now understood all. He fell upon his knees on the earth and clasped his hands with fervor.

"O, my God!" he said, "you have wished to prove to me how insensate I was to compare the joys of the earth with those of heaven. A century has passed for me like a single day while hearing your voice. I understand now what paradise is, and its eternal joys. Blessed be Thou, O, my God! and pardon Thou thy unworthy servant!"

Having spoken thus, Brother Alfus stretched out his arms, embraced the earth and died.

Is Your Liver To Blame?

HERE ARE THE SYMPTOMS WHICH TELL OF A CONGESTED LIVER, AND INDICATE THE NEED OF

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

The tongue is coated, the appetite is impaired, digestion is deranged, the bowels are constipated, and there are feelings of fullness and soreness about the liver.

You may have headache and dizziness, pains in the limbs, feverishness, yellowness of the eye, and skin, depression of spirits, and irritability of temper.

So great is the influence of the liver on the other organs of the body, that once it is deranged, the whole system seems to be upset.

There are no means by which you can so quickly and certainly obtain relief from torpid, sluggish liver action as by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

One pill at bedtime, and the result is a thorough cleansing of the filtering and excretory systems, and new vigor and regularity for liver, kidneys and bowels.

No family medicine has been more extensively used in Canada than Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and none has such a reputation for reliability and certainty of action.

Enliven the action of the liver by this well-known treatment, and you ensure good digestion and regular action of the bowels—the foundation of good health. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. The portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous recipe book author, are on every box.

Dilation of the Stomach

The gravity of enlargement of the stomach cannot be overestimated. One of the principal causes that produce this distressed condition is inordinate eating and drinking. Weakness of the muscles that propel the food to the intestines is also a factor in allowing the food to accumulate in the stomach, and thus stretching it to enormous size. Constipation and inactivity of the liver is also a prominent cause.

In this condition you usually find a coated tongue, thirst, loss of appetite, emaciation, oppression at the pit of the stomach, belching of fetid gas and vomiting of sour liquid, varying in amount. Weakness, paleness and want of energy are usually present.

Now, to overcome this distressing and dangerous enlargement of the stomach and all its symptoms, take Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills today. They will give tone to the weak propelling muscles of the stomach and intestines. They produce a natural movement of the contents of the bowels and avoid the formation of gas, which if retained produces symptoms of self-poisoning. Food long retained in the stomach and matter in the bowels show all the signs of putrefaction, when examined after the stomach pump is used, viz: sour odor, bacteria, yeast, saccharine and organic acid, which are deleterious to the entire system.

Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills cure constipation as if by magic. They regulate the functions of the liver, cleanse the poisons from the blood, remove the bilious elements from the circulation and strengthen the nerves. If your eyes are clouded without an appreciable cause, if you have specks and floating objects before your vision, use Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills and get the poisonous elements out of your blood. Remember, they always cure sick headache, constipation and biliousness in one night. 25 cents, all dealers.

All genuine signed W. F. Smith.

SMITHS BUCHU LITHIA PILLS
A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER ILLS.
AT ALL DEALERS—25 CENTS.
A CURE AT THE PEOPLES PRICE.

MISS A. McDONALD

Montreal Young Lady Finds the Key to Enjoyment in Life After Years of Distress.

Sound Digestion Opens the Door to a New Bright Outlook and Makes Life Wor h Living—St. James Wafers Restored Her Stomach to a Healthy State, and From That Centre Life and Strength Radiated.

Once upon a time, so runs the old story, the members of the body rebelled against the stomach. "Why should we be always engaged in attending to the wants of the stomach," said the members of the body, "when he does nothing but take his rest and enjoy himself?" So they refused their assistance to the stomach. In consequence the whole body quickly became weakened. The hands, feet, mouth and eyes when too late repented their folly, and realized that the stomach merits every attention.

Now, here is a modern instance, showing how the stomach responds when it gets the help it needs. Miss A. McDonald, 351 St. Andre street, Montreal, writes on the 2nd of June, 1904:

"For about two years my stomach was in a bad state. I was billous, constipated, had belching of wind and my rest was broken at night. I was much worse after a severe cold I had last winter.

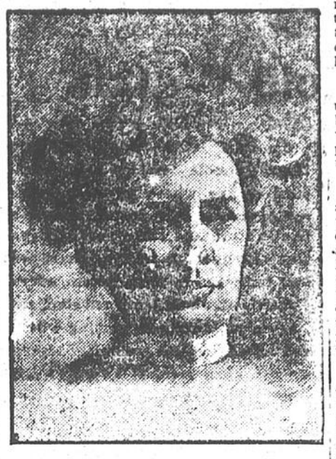
"Besides the stomach trouble, I had pain in the small of the back, was pale and weak and had no appetite.

"Hearing of the benefit got from St. James Wafers by people who suffered as I did, I started taking them about three months ago.

"I felt relieved after I had taken the first box of St. James Wafers. I have taken eight boxes and shall soon stop taking them, for I feel that I am cured.

"As a cure for stomach trouble and as a strength-builder they are unequalled. St. James Wafers have enabled me to look on the bright side of things, and I can eat without fear.

"I don't have to stay in bed as I used to do very often before St. James Wafers made such a happy change."
—A. McDonald.



To-day begin taking St. James Wafers.

If you suffer at all from stomach trouble you want to know what is the best possible remedy. It must be a remedy that will relieve by going to the very root of the evil and removing the cause. It must be a remedy that does not contain any dangerous or harmful substances.

The cause of the trouble is the failure of the stomach to do its work. The blood is the life, and the stomach's work is to make blood. Health is impossible unless the stomach is doing this work.

St. James Wafers—the ideal stomach and nerve remedy — are indisputably the best, pleasantest and most efficacious means of strengthening the stomach to perform its vital functions. Miss McDonald's experience is only one of many wonderfully happy results which have followed the regular use of St. James Wafers. These cures are permanent, because the stomach has received such help that it can do its work naturally.

There is no alcohol in St. James Wafers, and no danger in taking them. They are in the form of small round tablets, easy to take, convenient to carry. All dealers sell them at 50c a box, or six boxes for $2.50; or you can send cash remittances and they will be forwarded direct by the sole Canadian agents, LYMAN SONS & CO., wholesale druggists, 380 St. Paul street, Montreal.

Always Eat the Best—JAMES STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty.

Sectional Bookcases



In quartered oak, piano finish, with plain base or drawer base for magazines.

Office Specialty M'f'g. Co.,
1744 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
East of Bell Telephone Building.

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Experience in such cases makes smaller cases easy as A B C. All kinds welcome as we are well equipped with special associates, assistants and facilities. CHARGES MODERATE.
WRITE FOR SHEDULE OF CHARGES AND HOW TO PROCEED.
We particularly invite inventors to make use of our PATENT LIBRARY and of our SPECIAL SEARCH FILES containing thousands of patents properly classified.
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Who want a particular article and want it particularly good for a particular purpose always ask for—

CAMPANA'S ITALIAN BALM

FOR THE SKIN.

Price 25c, by mail 35c.

Montreal Agent,
J. O. QUENNEVILLE, DRUGGIST.
Three Stores:
1406 St. Catherine, 691 St. Catherine,
397 St. Antoine St. Montreal.
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Office Supplies...

No house in Montreal is better equipped with Office Supplies of all kinds, Stationery, etc.
Printing, Bookbinding, Ruling, Embossing, Relief's, etc., quickly and cheaply executed.

JOSEPH FORTIER,
254 ST. JAMES STREET.

LAURIE ENGINE COMPANY,
MONTREAL, CANADA

THE STILLMAN-CARMICHAEL IMPROVED AUTOMATIC DAMPER REGULATOR

Patented in U. S. January 6, 1903.
Canada, July 21, 1903.
Manufactured by Laurie Engine Company.

POSITIVELY AUTOMATIC
UNIVERSAL IN APPLICATION

Works by Water Pressure in Either Direction. No Weights Required.

ARCHITECTS and ENGINEERS
PLEASE SPECIFY THIS REGULATOR.

MILL SUPPLY DEPARTMENT
321 ST. JAMES STREET



FREE FREE
Beautiful Large Doll. 3 Sets of Toy Furniture.



GIRLS do you want to receive a handsome big Doll and lovely set of Dining-room, Kitchen and Bed-room Toy Furniture. We are giving hundreds of these lovely presents away for doing a little pleasant work for us after school. This fine big doll is nearly

15 INCHES TALL

Has lovely long curly hair, handsome bisque head, pearly teeth, beautiful blue eyes very stylishly dressed, fancy dress, underwear, pink hat, shoes, stockings, etc., dressed complete from head to shoes, an elegant, lovely Doll. We give free the beautiful Dolls and the Bed-room, Kitchen, and Dining-room Sets of Toy Furniture for selling only 25 packages of our famous Marvel Washing Blue at only 10c. a package. You can sell it in a few hours as every lady needs bluing, and at such a low price almost every lady will buy. A prize ticket is given free with every package. Send your name and address at once and we will send you postage paid, and trust you with 25 packages to sell for us. When sold send us the money, $2.25, and we will carefully pack and promptly forward to your address the handsome, big, beautiful dressed Doll, and the Bed-room, Dining-room, and Kitchen Toy Sets of Furniture we have described. We also send another lovely extra present of a handsome gold-finished jewelled Ring, and if you are quick in replying we will send you an extra present of a handsome "Gold" Watch without selling any more goods. Address THE MARVEL BLUING CO., Dept. 187, TORONTO

MOONEY'S
$3.00 BOOTS
For MEN. For WOMEN.
WE GIVE GREEN CASH RECEIPTS.
MOONEY, 'The Shoeist,'
Cor. Alexander and St. Catharine Sts. Phone Up 12

OVERCOATS FOR NOVEMBER

This is the month when you should be warmly clad, i.e., "CAMPBELL CLAD."

We have a large range of Coats on hand, made up of the very best material, in prices ranging from $12.00, $13.50, $15.00, $16.50, $18.00 up to $20.00.

Campbell's Cor. St. James & Victoria Sq.

PURE MILK

Why spend money for Milk that is 50 per cent. something else, when for the same money you can get pure, wholesome, clean, sanitary Milk, guaranteed "All Milk," from us, delivered in dust-proof bottles? One trial order will convince you.

THE GUARANTEED PURE MILK COMPANY
Tel. Uptown 669. 2685 St. Catherine Street.

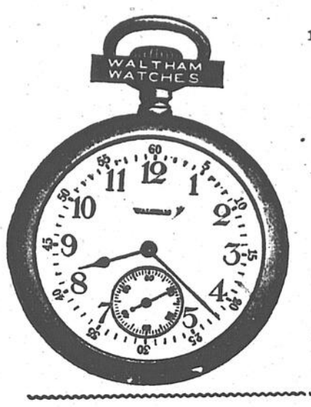
$1,250 IN VALUABLE PRIZES FREE

Montreal Herald's Great Proverb Contest Will be an Educational Treat for Both Young and Old.

AN ATTRACTIVE LIST OF PRIZES FREE TO READERS.

THIRD PRIZE.

Waltham Gold Watch.



17 fine ruby jewels, raised gold settings, double roller escapement, steel escape wheel, exposed pallets, compensating balance adjusted to temperature and three positions, patent Breguet hairspring hardened and tempered in form, patent micrometric regulator, tempered steel safety barrel, exposed winding wheels, red gold centre wheel. Heavyweight, open face, 14 karat, 16 size, jointed plain polish case.

$100

Read the conditions of the contest carefully, follow the instructions and you will have no difficulty in getting full credit for your answers.

Enter the contest now. If not at present a reader of the Montreal Herald subscribe for the paper without delay, so as to be prepared for the contest from the start.

CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST

Beginning Nov. 19th, and continuing for a period of fifty days, there will be published in THE MONTREAL HERALD a series of well known English Proverbs. Needless to say, there is no element of trickery in the contest, while the award of prizes will be scrupulously guarded. **The Proverbs selected are those in common use, and the educational test will lie largely in the accuracy with which the authentic texts are QUOTED, TRANSCRIBED and TRANSMITTED, including SPELLING, HANDWRITING, and even to the neatness and general care displayed in filling, fyling and mailing the coupons.** The prizes will go to persons sending largest number of accurate answers. In case of a tie, the qualifications named above will be considered by the judges, who will be three prominent citizens of Montreal.

All answers must be upon Herald Coupons, which will be printed with each Proverb picture. Only one answer is allowed upon a coupon. **Answers must not be sent until the close of the contest, after the last picture is published. All solutions of The Herald's Proverbs must be in the hands of the Proverb Editor not later than two weeks after the appearance of the final Proverb picture.** The coupons will be numbered. The sets of answers must be neatly arranged in numerical order by the contestants. At the close of the contest they should be mailed to the Proverb Editor, The Herald, Montreal. Contestants may send in as many sets of answers as they please, but each set must be in a different envelope. Send both pictures and coupons only. Everybody is eligible to participate in this contest, excepting Herald employees.

The conditions of this contest must be followed carefully in each case. Back numbers of The Herald are always on hand.

THINGS TO REMEMBER.

Contest Begins Nov. 19th.

Continues for 50 Days....

You can have as many trials as you please, but each answer must be on separate Herald coupons.

Do not send in answers separately. Keep all till last Proverb appears. You are allowed two weeks after that date to send them in.

Extra copies of The Herald can always be had from your dealer. Back numbers at The Herald Office.

If not now a reader, notify your dealer at once to deliver you The Herald.

Secure every copy. If you want extra trials, order extra papers from your dealers at once.

50 Proverbs
50 Days
50 Prizes

FOURTH PRIZE.

Business College Course

One Complete Course in Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Correspondence, Commercial Law, English, French, Shorthand and Telegraphy.

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, Caza & Lord principals **$75**

FIFTH PRIZE.

Trip to New York

Transportation to New York over the Delaware and Hudson Railroad, with board paid for one week at first-class Hotel **$50**

FIRST PRIZE.

New Style Upright Grand Shaw Piano, $350



On Exhibition at the Warerooms of J. W. Shaw & Co.'s Piano and Music House, 2274 St. Catherine Street.

DESCRIPTION—7 1-3 Octaves; Improved Large Size Scale with Heavy Composite Metallic Plate, Overstrung Bass, Three Strings in Unison; Double Veneered Case in Handsomely Marked Walnut or Mahogany Woods, with Carved Panels, Trusses and Pillasters; Full Length Swinging Music Desk with Automatic Rolling Fall Board; Elastic Repeating Action, made by one of the finest action makers in America; Sectional Wrest Plank, made of Cross Grained Rock Maple; Select Ivory and Ebony Keys; Three Pedals, Piano Forte and Sustenuto. Height, 4 ft. 8 in.; width, 5 ft. 3 in.; depth, 2 ft. 3 in.

SAMPLE PROVERB:



SIXTH PRIZE.

FINE ORCHESTRA VIOLIN.



A No. 50 Fine Orchestra Violin, after virtuoso, two-piece back, fine wood, beautiful design and splendidly finished. Magnificently toned instrument.

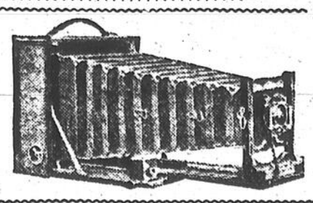
EDMUND HARDY, 1686 Notre Dame St. Montreal..... **$50**

SEVENTH PRIZE.

Photograph Camera

Solid construction, rigidity, practicability and ease of manipulation, combined with superior adjustments and handsome finish have made this camera eminently popular.

THE D. H. HOGG CO., Craig Street, Montreal.. **$50**



TWENTY-THIRD PRIZE.

Pair Ladies' Snowshoes



WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

$2.50

TWENTY-FOURTH PRIZE.

Football

WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

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TWENTY-FIFTH PRIZE.

Hercules Chest Expander

WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

$1.50

TWENTY-SIXTH PRIZE.

Two Hockey Sticks

WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

$1.00

TWENTY-SEVENTH PRIZE.

Air Rifle

WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

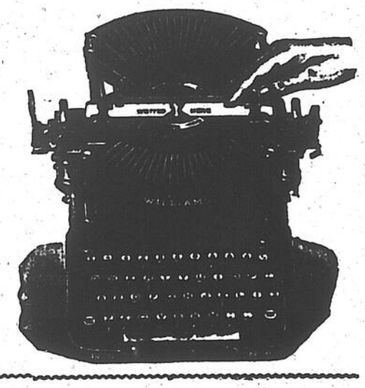
$1.00

$1,250 === List of Prizes === $1,250

1. PIANO—J. W. Shaw & Co.	$350.00
2. WILLIAMS TYPEWRITER—Wm. York	125.00
3. WALTHAM GOLD WATCH—Robbins, Appleton & Co.	100.00
4. COLLEGE COURSE—International Business College	75.00
5. TRIP TO NEW YORK—Delaware and Hudson, and one week's hotel bill	50.00
6. VIOLIN—Edmund Hardy	50.00
7. CAMERA—The D. H. Hogg Co.	50.00
8. SEWING MACHINE—Williams Mfg. Co.	50.00
9. SEWING MACHINE—Williams Mfg Co.	50.00
10. INSURANCE POLICY (5 years, Acoident and Guarantee Co.	50.00
11. GRAMOPHONE—Berliner Gramophone Co.	45.00
12. PHONOGRAPH—Dominion Music and Phonograph Co.	45.00
13. RANGE—Standard Foundry Co.	40.00
14. FOUNTAIN PEN—L. E. Waterman Co.	25.00
15. SIX CORONATION FOLDING CHAIRS—W. P. Stanton & Co.	25.00
16 SUIT OF CLOTHES TO ORDER—Max Ussher	25.00
17. DIAMOND GAS LAMP—Gloria Gas Light Co.	15.00
18 WALL TRUNK—McLeod, Hamilton & Co.	10.00
19. DOZEN PHOTOS—Arless & Co.	8.00
20. MUSIC TO ORDER—Dominion Music and Phonograph Co.	5.00
21. BOXING GLOVES—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	3.50
22. HOME EXERCISER—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	3.00
23. LADY'S SNOWSHOES—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	2.50
24. FOOTBALL—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	2.50
25. HERCULES CHEST EXPANDER—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	1.50
26. TWO HOCKEY STICKS—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	1.00
27. AIR RIFLE—Wightman Sporting Goods Co.	1.00
28 to 50—Conan Doyle's "A Study in Scarlet"	11.00

SECOND PRIZE.

Williams Typewriter



A superior machine, of the highest grade; visible writing, even, plain type, direct inking, great speed, unlimited manifolding capacity; simple, strong and easily adjusted to tabular work.

WM. YORK, 44 ELEURY ST., MONTREAL.

$125.00

TENTH PRIZE.

Accident Insurance Policy

For $1,000.00, good for five years in the ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE CO., OF CANADA..... **$50**

ELEVENTH PRIZE.

Berliner Gramophone



This Gramophone is of handsome piano finish, two-spring motor, 10 in. turn table, 21 in. horn, nickel plated finish, automatic sound box, 200 needles and 3 ten-inch records.

BERLINER GRAMOPHONE CO., 2315 St. Catherine St.

$45

TWELFTH PRIZE.

Edison Phonograph

This instrument is made of iron, steel and brass, with nickel and polished mandrel. The prize includes Phonograph, one large brass horn, one folding horn, stand, and six records.

DOMINION MUSIC AND PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, St. Catherine street **$45**

FOURTEENTH PRIZE.

Waterman Ideal Fountain Pen



Solid gold mounted, chased filigree design. A genuine spoon-feed Waterman Ideal Fountain Pen, containing a No. 4 14k. Gold Nib in a hard Rubber Holder, with Solid Gold mounting of chased filigree design. This is the very latest style of solid gold mounting. The Pen is on exhibition in Mr. Charles F. Dawson's window, at 226 St. James street. It was presented by

L. E. WATERMAN CO., 107 St. James Street, City **$25**

EIGHTEENTH PRIZE.

Wall Trunk

Covered canvas, waterproof, brass trimmings, canvas lined two trays, two leather straps around.

McLEOD, HAWTHORNE CO., Montreal.

$10

NINETEENTH PRIZE.

One Dozen Photos.

The latest mounted and finished Photographs, opera style.

G. C. ARLESS & CO., 261 St. James.

$8

TWENTIETH PRIZE.

Music to Order

Five dollars worth of the latest and most popular musical hits, to be selected by the winner.

DOMINION MUSIC & PHONOGRAPH CO.

$5

TWENTY-FIRST PRIZE.

Boxing Gloves



WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

$3.50

TWENTY-SECOND PRIZE.

Home Exerciser

WIGHTMAN SPORTING GOODS CO.

$3

TWENTY-EIGHTH TO FIFTIETH PRIZES.

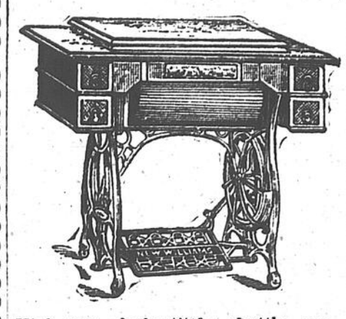
Consolation Prizes

Twenty-two handsomely bound copies of Dr. Conan Doyle's famous novel "A Study in Scarlet." One to each

$11.00

EIGHTH AND NINTH PRIZES.

Williams Sewing Machines



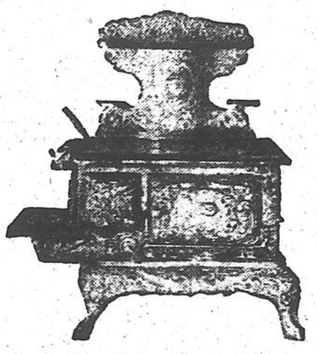
High-arm, lock-stitch shuttle machine. Light running, four motion feed, self-setting needle, automatic bobbin winder, stand entirely new, and cabinet work modern.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., St. Lawrence Main Street, Montreal.

$50 **$50**

THIRTEENTH PRIZE.

Standard Cooking Range



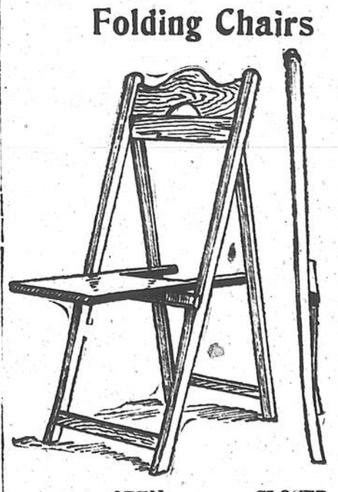
This Cooking Range is recognized as one of the best on the market, and has all the most modern ideas in its construction.

STANDARD FOUNDRY CO., 55 St. Sulpice Street, Montreal.

$40

FIFTEENTH PRIZE.

Six Coronation Folding Chairs



OPEN. CLOSED.

These Chairs are made in the finest woods, and are strong, convenient and always ready.

W. P. STANTON & CO., 25 St. Francois Gavier Street.

$25

SIXTEENTH PRIZE.

Suit of Clothes To Order

The winner guaranteed satisfaction, and to be made of Scotch tweed.

MAX USSHER, 2298 St. Catherine.

$25

SEVENTEENTH PRIZE.

Diamond Gas Lamp

A Lamp suitable for any home. Burns coal oil, and is claimed to give better service than gas or electricity. Is simple, and saves money.

GLORIA GAS LIGHT CO., 2127 St. Catherine St.

$15

OPENS 19th NOVEMBER. See Other Side of This Page LASTS 50 DAYS.

THE SATURDAY HERALD
WOMAN'S SUPPLEMENT.

ESTABLISHED 1808. MONTREAL, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904. ONE CENT

BY A WOMAN

Weekly Talks to Herald Readers

The charges brought against Chief Legault in regard to permitting vice by blackmail have made us realize how dependent we are upon police officials to suppress sin in our city. Most women, as a rule, have a feeling that all these questions of raids, disorderly houses and the like are very far away from them. They realize that somebody is very sinful and that the law is supposed to suppress sin, and feel content in that assurance.

All these things have to do with courts and policemen and the people who are included under that heading, "the submerged tenth." It is not brought very near to us, and although we regret that such things are, we have no means of preventing them, nor have we, as yet, devised any very practical method by which the trouble is lessened.

Probably it is more for this reason than any other that we are indignant that the man, and the men under him, who have charge of a city, and who are supposed to be cognizant of those parts of the city in which houses of ill-repute are to be found, who are supposed to suppress them, fail of their duty, not through carelessness, thoughtlessness or negligence, but by a worse crime still by which they reach a lower plane than the keepers of these houses themselves. The keepers of these houses are usually ignorant, their minds warped by a wrongly focused past, the lower things of life being stronger than the higher. Sin is common to them. They live in its atmosphere, and it loses all significance to them by daily companionship. They are warped both physically and mentally. We can but pity, hardly condemn them.

But when we appoint men to see that the evil which is killing these people be kept from the other part of the population by suppressing it, and the punishment of the wrongdoer—when we appoint men to this duty, who know life and know it from a sufficiently broad standpoint to realize the horror of moral laxity, and they in the face of this knowledge, for personal gain, allow it and encourage it, there is no excuse that one can make for them. They have violated the people's confidence, they have been party to civic corruption in its worst form, they deserve punishment.

Perhaps it is because we are naturally sympathetic, naturally become depressed at suffering and sin that seem beyond our healing that we turn from the dark sides, the dark conditions of life, and shrink even from the description of it. The pity of it is that it is not lessened by our attitude but, rather, grows greater. Outside of our lives it may be, but always round about us is this struggle between terrible sin and God's commandments. It is being fought here in Montreal. It is being fought in every city in the world. It seems little we can do, but, at least, we can demand that the men who are deputed to look after our laws shall be honorable men, and antagonistic to the existence of crime.

The seventeenth of this month is Thanksgiving Day. The year has rolled around and once again we have come to the season in which we are supposed to join in thankfulness for the summer time and the harvest, the sunshine and the rain.

The olden time Thanksgiving, with its big family gatherings, its great turkeys and its pumpkin pies, in too many sections is becoming but a tradition. The children go far away from home, to the city, to a town too far away for them to reach home for Thanksgiving, and the dinner is a very small, formal affair, instead of like the historic ones.

Still the fact remains that it is Thanksgiving Day. It is not necessary for us to take a slip of paper and after putting down our blessings in order, piously repeat them and say, "For all these things we thank thee, Oh! Lord." We might do this every day in the year and still be no more truly thankful than if we did not do it.

We have, however, so many things for which we can be thankful. All the glories of the world, the sun and stars, the love of children, the benediction of parents, the comradeship of friends, all these, or some of them, are ours. Sometimes I think that the incense of a glad heart is the best kind of a thanksgiving song.

We are to have a new "lookout" if the money that is voted for this purpose does not slip away in that mysterious way such public sums have. It will be a relief to climb the mountain at some future day and find a symmetrical and uniform building in place of the present ungainly one.

The other day I was up on the mountain looking for its much talked-of "crater," but quite failed to find anything that looked like one. Have you ever found it? You know the tradition is that some time Montreal will be quite completely destroyed by a bursting forth of this crater, for the mountain is of volcanic origin, so I hope you are prepared for any such possible calamity. I could hardly believe the dear old mountain would ever treat his friends in such a shameful way, but scientists tell us Nature is a relentless builder-up and tearer-down, so, even the old mountain may, at some far distant time, revive its extinct crater and play tag with death and destiny.

There are many of us who are regretting that we shall see no more black and white work of Charles Gibson's. In a recent Gibson number of one of the periodicals we are told that Gibson intends to devote his time in the future to color work. While thinking that this may be a wise step from an artistic point of view, we shall miss Gibson's strong-lined black and whites.

He has been unusually successful in that line and a great favorite with the public who have become so well acquainted with the Gibson girl. He has, however, so many followers in his line schemes that many of these disciples will probably try to achieve the same fame by copying their master.

It is said that American women are not interested in politics. This cannot be said of Canadian women. The night of the last election day the interest taken in the returns was very keen, and at the bulletin boards about a quarter of the crowd was composed of women. A woman who got into one of the very roughest places in the crowd before one of the bulletin boards remained there, carried backward and forward, quite patient and content till toward eleven o'clock.

Perhaps the hardest spot in which I ever have seen a woman was amongst the crowd at the rear of the Windsor Hall during Laurier's meeting there some time ago. So terrible was the crush that even men cried for relief, and yet, right in the midst of the worst of it was a well-dressed woman carried backward and forward with the rush, but as unconcerned as if she had been in the gallery, and so cool and collected was she that even her hat did not get awry.

If a woman keeps her wits about her it is all right. But how many of us can help pushing and crying for air if we get in a crowd? There is something so stifling, so oppressive, in the jam and struggle that one often loses one's self-possession in trying to reach safety.

To make class distinctions in the extension of daily courtesies is a sure indication of ill-breeding. The person sure in his own standard, place and position has nothing to fear in extending the same thoughtfulness to the poor man or woman as he would to more fortunate ones. It is the coward, socially and morally, who intentionally "cuts" anyone, save as a rebuke or expression of scorn for ill-doing. The true gentleman and gentlewoman have but one standard of courtesy, which they always wear, changing it for no occasion. Subservience to rank, awe of wealth, fear of great persons, always bespeak the vulgar mind, and when man or woman shows in word or tone any discrimination of persons, because of class, he immediately ranks himself in that unenviable class termed "snobs."

In a certain church to which I was occasionally accustomed to go, some years ago, there used to come to the preacher's pew on a Sunday a quiet little woman who would take her place in the end of the pew. The preacher's son, a big athletic college man, was often the only other occupant, and these two shared the same hymnbook and the young man treated the young woman as courteously as if she were his sister. Yet that young woman was a servant in the clergyman's household.

Speaking the other day of a certain assembly of women who met for personal improvement the question came up as to whether the association was broad enough to include servant girls.

"They might get in, but they would not care to go more than once," was the answer.

Upon enquiry I found that the recognized way of following the plan of "ostracism" was a process of "freezing them out."

And why?

Because they were not of "our class."

Some women are despicable. Let women be what they will—foolish, generous, thoughtless, and have a hundred other human failings, one can love them, sympathize with them, pity them, if need be. But, if they are possessed of that narrow pharisaical disposition which makes them gather their skirts about them and, lifting their eyes heavenward, pray, "I thank Thee, that I am not like unto these," they are despicable.

The world treats a man who is a "snob' in such a rough and wholesome way that sometimes it turns out a fair specimen of a chastened man, but the world refrains from curt, rough treatment of the woman who is also a "snob." "Good" society receives her if she has money, poor people and tradesmen cringe before her, refined people force themselves to endurance, which proves that "good" society is, in some respects, like the state of Denmark in the time of Hamlet.

Let a woman of this nature come into a street car. A man gets up from his seat and the woman sits down with much rustle and commotion. She is too concerned in the impression she is making to thank him. She drops her handkerchief. The woman next her restores it. She takes it mechanically. She orders the conductor to let her off at some corner. The conductor is only a machine paid by the street railway, so she does not thank him for his kindness in helping her off.

The pity of it! The harm to that woman who is acting so foolishly and rudely is incalculable. Her mind is warped, her influence is harmful, her life is worse than useless. But "good" society is full of her kind.

The Academy has been running a play this past week based on Winston Churchill's book, "The Crisis." Winston Churchill is well-known to us as a clever author, and certainly "The Crisis" makes a pretty play, as it is a pretty story.

"The Crisis," however, as a book does not nearly approach his first book, "Richard Carvel," and since "The Crossing" came out, a book even more disappointing, it is not strange that we begin to class Winston Churchill with Mary Johnston. "Richard Carvel" showed such careful workmanship, promised such possibilities that "The Crisis" was a failure beside it, and deterioration instead of advancement seemed to have set in. So far Mr. Churchill has not retrieved his reputation, and appears to have allowed himself to follow in the line of that great army of writers who write books to sell upon the strength of the reputation of a popular one.

"Let us be thankful."

The troubled soul shone through the eyes of the listener in the pew, as the words echoed through the church. The light falling dimly through the stained glass windows fell upon bowed heads, but not in peace upon all the hearts.

The preacher continued.

"For all these things by which Thou hast led us nearer to Thee, we are truly thankful. For the strength to work, the power to endure, the courage to struggle, we do truly praise Thee, for all that we do is through Thee. Therefore, perfect our life, for Thy praise alone. Amen."

The troubled soul still shone from troubled eyes. The choir began to sing gently

"Nearer, my God, to Thee" . . .

The hands clenched themselves tightly.

The past year slipped in review before the troubled soul. The anguish of a farewell, the sorrow of loneliness, the pain of a little grave, all arose to start the rebellion in the heart again, the line-drawn forehead grew deeper in its lines.

The preacher was speaking:

"This is Thanksgiving. Perhaps one which may bring no joy to many hearts, perhaps a grave, a sin, mar it, yet may we be thankful that God has led us nearer to the men and women of the world who sin and suffer, that we are not isolated in a selfish life."

The troubled soul bowed its head.—to thank God we are not isolated in sorrow."

In the next pew was a woman with a patient face and wearing a widow's bonnet. Beside her a man, deformed in figure; further away a man in sombre mourning garb, with a wee bairn in black beside him; a girl, with the stamp of consumption on her face—the troubled soul looked in pity.

So they all had suffered—they all had suffered!

The words of the preacher continued, but the troubled soul did not hear them. The lines of both forehead and soul smoothed themselves out and a heart at peace with itself bent, with the others, as the preacher said clearly: "Let us praise God, and be thankful!"

CHRISTIE CAREW.



STYLISH FOR ALL AROUND WEAR.

There are some extremely smart long coats that are just the thing for between seasons, and, indeed, can be worn for almost any occasion. Such is the model in the new olive shade of sicilienne. The waist portion is laid in stitched-down box pleats, that taper toward the waist, where the full skirts, pleated to match, are applied invisibly beneath a loose and shaped belt. The sleeve follows the Paquin outline, with two broad box pleats crossing and running up to the neck band. Both collar and cuffs are in a lighter velvet, decorated with row after row of the oscillating stitch of the sewing machine, and the belt is trimmed in similar fashion.

The Home.

A BLUE AND WHITE RAG PARTY

Here is a novel way of entertaining a few guests: A hostess who had a quantity of blue and white rags which she had collected for a rag rug invited a few ladies to help cut them. She decided to hold her rag party in the good old-fashioned kitchen style. The kitchen was very large, with four windows, which she draped with fresh muslin curtains, and the dresser was treated in like manner.

Rocking-chairs were substituted for the straight-backed ones; rugs were spread on the floor; the clothes-horse was draped with a patchwork quilt, doing service as a screen before the fire, and bundles of corn and herbs hung by the chimney side.

The invitations were worded thus:

Ye are asked to ye Old Country Rag-cutting at ye——, at six of ye clock.

Bring ye aprons and scissors, and come prepared to stay to supper, served at eight of ye clock.

Ye husband is asked to supper.

Each lady was provided with a basket of rags, and to the one cuting the largest quantity was awarded a suitable prize.

The cutting lasted until seven o'clock, when the work was put away. The hostess then asked her guests if they would help her get the supper ready for the men folk. The ping-pong table was brought in, and two of the ladies arranged it as attractively as possible while the others helped the hostess prepare the supper. Candles in the old-fashioned candlesticks were lighted and placed on the table; others were put on the shelf of the dresser.

The supper consisted of

Cold Ham Rolls
Boston Baked Beans Brown Bread
Cold Pressed Chicken Relish
Old-fashioned Cottage Cheese
Baked Apples.
Crullers Gingerbread
Coffee.
Fruit Nuts

Various games were indulged in during the evening, and the guests at their departure voted the party the success of the season.

OAT MEAL WATER.

Mix three gills of water with two ounces and a half of oatmeal. Boil for half an hour and strain off the liquid. Double this quantity may be prepared without fear of its turning sour if, after it is boiled, strained and cooled, bay-rum is added to make it almost of the consistency of cream. After being applied to the skin it should be wiped off with soft flannel before it becomes dry.

CAMPHORATED OIL.

Have ready a clean glass bottle containing half a pint of sweet-oil. Place flat pieces of wood in a tin pail, set the bottle upon them, and pour enough cool water into the pail to reach to the neck of the bottle, and place the pail on the back of the range. Break about an ounce and a half or gum camphor into small pieces and drop them into the oil. Allow the botle to remain in the water until the latter is hot enough to dissolve the camphor. When the bottle is taken from the pail shake the contents thoroughly, cork and set away for use.

FOR REMOVING STAINS.

Benzine, Gasoline, or Chloroform: Note, first of all, in purchasing benzine or gasoline that you are buying the best grade, and remember especially that both these agents are highly explosive and must not be used at night or in a room with artificial heat or light. Many a soiled, delicate silk dress or waist, light volle or etamine, as well as black goods that have become gray and rusty after a season, may be freshened up to look like new at home, by the knowing how to do it. There is no fear of hurting the most delicate material, as gasoline will rather improve than injure the finest fabric or color. It is necessary to have a large wash-boiler or a big crock for a dress and at least a gallon of gasoline and a soft, small brush. Lay the gown to be cleaned in the boiler and pour enough gasoline over it to wet it thoroughly, leaving it to soak for a few hours; then brush lightly every part, especially the neck, sleeves, cuffs and front portion; be careful not to squeeze or muss the garment; shake it out until nearly dry; then lay it on a clean ironing-board and go over it again with a piece of soft flannel, rubbing thoroughly the soiled places; now hang it in the air and sunshine. After the airing, if there are still any spots, wet your rubbing cloth with a little warm water and touch the spots; then rub gently with a dry cloth.

A great many spots may be removed at once if washed carefully in clear, soft water and pure white soap and ammonia, but old dirt spots need the application of some other agent.

Dry-Cleaning: White cornmeal or flour is used to dry-clean white or any light shade of woolen goods, also for white crochet and knitted articles. Place the article to be cleansed in a large vessel and cover with white cornmeal or flour; add ten cents' worth of powdered borax; use the same movement as in washing with water; shake well and brush in the open air. Repeat the process if necessary.

AN UNHAPPY LOVE STORY.

Lady Arabella Stuart, whose claims to the throne of England were perpetually being urged by intriguing persons, contracted a marriage privately and incurred King James I.'s anger. She was promptly separated from her young husband, William Seymour, a grandson of Lord Hertford, and confined by the king's orders. "She was very well educated and learned," says a contemporary, "in the French, the Italian, played on instruments, danced and writ very fair." Queen Elizabeth said of her, she "is a girl of much talent and speaks Latin, Italian and French very well." Yet all that did not save her from the royal anger. The story of her escape from durance at Highgate dressed like a man, "with a pair of great French-fashioned hose drawn over her petticoats, a man's doublet, perruque with long locks over her hair, a black hat, black cloak, russet boots with red tops, and a rapier by her side, and mounted on a good gelding astride in an unwonted fashion which brought blood enough into her pale face," is as romantic as any one would wish. The husband escaped at the same time, also disguised, from the Tower, and the pair sought to meet on board a French bark, engaged for the purpose, at Lee; but by some mistake the unhappy couple never succeeded in doing so, and were never again united.

Lady Arabella was overtaken on board the ship and brought back to the Tower, where she remained prisoner, while Seymour safely reached the Continent. For six years, part of the time distraught by grief and anguish, the unhappy woman languished in captivity and finally died, a victim to her unfortunate love affair.

Correspondence.

(All communications should be addressed to Christie Carew, The Herald, Montreal.)

A correspondent has kindly furnished me with the recipe for lobster a la Newburg, a request for which came to me from another correspondent a week or so ago. It is as follows:

LOBSTER A LA NEWBURG.

Pick all the meat out from two fair-sized, freshly-boiled lobsters, then cut into one inch lengths equal pieces. Place it in a saucepan with one ounce of the best creamery butter; season with one pinch of salt and half a saltspoon of cayenne pepper; add two truffles cut into small dice-shaped pieces; cook for five minutes, then add a glass of good sherry. Reduce it to one-half by cooking other three minutes. Beat up the yolks of three eggs with half a pint of sweet cream and add this to the lobster. Gently shuffle for two minutes more until it thickens well. Pour into a hot tureen and remember it must be served hot. This is sufficient for six persons.

Atlantantala.—Do you know the story of Atalanta? Atalanta, who was exceeding fleet, contended with Hippomenes in the course, on condition that if Hippomenes won, he should marry her, or forfeit his life if he lost. The match was very unequal, for Atalanta had conquered numbers to their destruction. Hippomenes, therefore, had recourse to stratagem. He procured three golden apples, and purposely carried them with him; they started; Atalanta soon outstripped him; then Hippomenes bowled one of his apples before her across the course, in order not only to make her stoop, but to draw her out of the path. She, prompted by female curiosity, and the beauty of the golden fruit, starts from the course to take up the apple. Hippomenes in the meantime, holds on his way, and steps before her; but she, by her natural swiftness, soon fetches up her lost ground, and leaves him again behind. Hippomenes, however, by rightly timing his second and third throw, at length won the race, not by his swiftness, but his cunning.

Your experience and question, and the name, recalled this story to me. Perhaps your story will turn out in the same way and Hippomenes may even yet win the race and marry you.

Seriously I think he is right in asking you to settle the matter one way or the other. I think he "rings true," and you should, at least, treat him from a true standpoint. I cannot understand your point of view, nor whether you care for him, but he certainly deserves a fair treatment from you.

Acadian Girl—If you love the young man and know his disposition, characteristics and habits well enough to justify your marrying him, the length of time you have known him is not too short. Be very sure that you love him, however. o not make a mistake in what may affect the happiness of the rest of your life. A tie or handkerchiefs, or scarf-pin, would be a suitable present. A long engagement would be one extending over five or six years. You are frank, kind and thoughtful.

EXTRA OFFER
TO
PRESENT HERALD READERS

OUTSIDE THE CITY OF MONTREAL AND SUBURBS

Two Chances for One Trial

The HERALD offers the Prizes below for a **Special Half-Way Contest** in connection with the Educational Proverb Contest.

This contest will be open to those of our present subscribers who will send us the name of one new subscriber for a two months trial of the HERALD together with 25 cents for same.

They will be awarded in the same way as the main contest, only the judging will be on the **FIRST TWENTY-FIVE** proverbs published.

This contest will in no way interfere with your chances in the main contest. It is an extra offer to those of our readers who will do a little work for us.

Send in the name of your new subscriber on the coupon below in order that we may keep record of your name as being entitled to compete in the Half-way Contest.

The Prizes are as follows:

1st Prize	Gun, valued at	$15.00
2nd "	valued at	8.00
3rd "	Meat and Vegetable Mincer, valued at	2.50
4th to 10th Prize	Seven Prizes of Four Volumes of Popular Literature, Handsomely Bound	14.00
11th to 15th Prizes	Five Prizes of Three Volumes of Popular Literature, Handsomely Bound	7.50
16th to 20th Prizes	Five Prizes of Two Volumes of Popular Literature, Handsomely Bound	5.00
20th to 25th Prizes	Five Prizes of One Volume of Popular Literature, Handsomely Bound	2.50

Back Copies of The Herald can always be had during the Contest.

HERALD PUBLISHING CO.
603 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.

Enclosed find 25 cents for which send THE HERALD during the Proverb Contest to

Name_____

Address_____

This is to entitle the undersigned to compete for the "Half-way" Prizes in the Herald's Great Proverb Contest. My name and address

Name_____

Address_____

Talk It Over

with us, if you have any SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, Warts, and Birth Marks, Skin, Scalp, Hair or Complexion trouble. If you can't come for a personal interview, write us fully. Strictly confidential. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Dominion Dermatological Institute,
120 PEEL STREET.

Fashionable Dress Goods==An Immense

CLEARING SALE COMMENCES ON MONDAY!

The right sale at the right time! A Sale of Dress Goods in the hey-day of their popularity assures the cleanness of the stocks at the season's close. Every item in the undernoted lists is a fabric in popular demand—a fabric of this season's importation. Greatest benefits accrue to the early visitor; the quantities are greater, the range is broader, the chance of securing the very fabric you want is certain. No sale of fashionable Dress Goods to vie with this event at "The Store That Sets The Pace." Black Fabrics, Colored Fabrics. Peruse this list of instructive comparisons:

30 pieces Black Alpaca, or lustre. Regular price, 25c yard. Sale price **25c**

15 pieces Black Panama Cloth. Regular, 50c a yard. Sale price **29c**

5 pieces Black Hopsacking, a popular weave, yard..... **49c**

20 pieces Silk Eolienne, for evening dresses. Colors are: Cream, black, green, light and medium gray and navy. $1.00 value. Sale price, yard **69c**

Black Silk Grenadines, in new effects. Regular $2.00 yard. Clearing at **$1.35**

Fine Black Cashmere, all wool, henrietta finish. Value, 75c yd. Sale price **53c**

54 inches wide Black Homespun, all wool. Worth $1.10 yard. Sale price **89c**

Fine Wool Voile de Paris, in a range of light and dark colors; rich material for evening and reception dresses. Sale price, yard **69c**

54 inches wide Mixed Tweed Suitings, all fashionable shades. Value up to $1.00 yard. Sale price **59c**

Odd lines, 54 in. wide, Tweed. About 10 pieces. Regular price, $1.00 yard. Sale price **39c**

Cream Satin Striped Delaine, for Blouses or Children's Dresses. Value, 45c a yard. Our sale price **25c**

10 pieces Gray Mixed Tweeds, for separated skirts. One of this season's most popular fabrics. Value, 75c yard. Clearance price **59c**

In the Shoe Dept. Monday



Ladies' $2.50 Boots, $1.95

120 pairs Ladies' Choice Dongola Kid Lace Boots, finished with patent tips, made with the genuine Goodyear Welt Soles, military heels. Handsome and serviceable $2.50 boots. Monday's special cial price **$1.95**

Children's Fancy Warm Felt House Slippers, red fleece lining, felt and cork soles. Sizes, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13. Monday 8 a.m. special **25c**

Ladies' Blouses==Whatever's Fine



Whatever's Good In Style, In Value, Is Here

A neat Striped Flannelette Blouse, in a new mode, made with several large pleats front and back, trimmed with small brass buttons, others with fancy braid down fronts; plain sleeves, with cuffs, neat tab collar. Colors of pale blue, green, red and navy. Sizes, 32 to 42. ..... **95c**

A splendid lot of Blouses, made of lustre, canvas, also flannel; all of them this season's styles; some with deep tucks front and back, others with inverted pleats; trimmed with fancy silk braid, full bishop sleeves, neat tab collar. Colors of cream, navy, pale blue, pink, gray, champagne, also black. Sizes 32 to 42. Regular $2.00 and $2.25 blouses. Monday for **$1.85**

$3.25 Carpet Sweepers, $2.25

Cyco Ball-Bearing Carpet Sweeper, nickle plated bar, best quality made. Worth $3.25. While they last have one at..... **$2.25**

THIRD FLOOR.

5c Cakes Castile Soap, 2c

Small cakes of Colored Castile Soap, the usual 5 cent size. On sale Monday for **2c**

THIRD FLOOR.

Coal Oil Heaters for $2.75



Aluminum base and top; guaranteed no smell or smoke. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Easy to handle. Special at. **$2.75**

Gas Heaters. Best burners made **$1.25**

THIRD FLOOR.

Music Dept. Abreast of the Times

Selections from the opera "Prince of Pilsen," being performed at His Majesty's Theatre this week, on sale in our Music department, third floor. Complete vocal score.

All other Music of recent issue, both vocal and instrumental, on sale at the lowest prices, too.

59c Wrist Bags for 39c

3 dozen Leather Wrist Bags, walrus finish, nickel frame, two strap handles. Regular 59c. On Monday for **39c**

Grocery Dept. Specials

2 bars Bond's Cleaning Soap.	5c
3 bars Hand Sapolio for.....	27c
5 bars Fels Naptha Soap for	25c
3 pkgs. New Currants, 1 lb. each (cleaned)	25c
Clean, Bright Sultana Raisins	12½c
7 bars Strathcona Soap.....	25c
7 pkgs. Soap Powder	25c
Laundry Starch, lb.	6c
Mixed Peel (Lemon and Orange), lb.	12½c
Finest Creamery Butter lb...	22c

Sale of Azalea Plants

Due to Bloom at Christmas-Time

One of next Friday's attractions, and a new venture for this store, will be a sale of 200 hardy Azaleas, all the way from Belgium. These particular species are calculated to thrive, if properly cared for, in the climate of Canada.

Plants of perfect shape, potted by competent gardeners and due to bloom at Christmas time. They'll certainly prove a harmonizing and brightening, note in any holiday decorative scheme. Blossoms are close counterparts of the rose, both in respect to shape and the exquisiteness of the colorings, We'll have three varieties to choose from: white, pink and cardinal. Prices will be announced in next Wednesday's advertisement.

Azaleas, so our advices read, are scarce, so you'll appreciate our urgent counsel to choose early.

W. H. Scroggie Limited

St. Catherine and University Streets.

Now It's a Sale of MEN'S ULSTERS

Keyed up to do our best always. Our best invariably proves to be the best available—the best within choosing distance of Montreal's public. The best values in Men's newest style Ulsters engaging your attention now are:

50 Ulsters, Value $9.00, for $7.50
25 Ulsters, Value $8.00, for $6.25

These Ulsters are made of all wool Irish Frieze, in Oxford gray, made with deep storm collar, two slash breast pockets, and two at the sides, all wool tweed lining. Ulsters, the ideal style Coat for the most stormy and severe weather. Regular $8.00 and $9.00 values for **$6.25** and **$7.50.**

Curtain Muslins—Every Item a Special Value

White Sash Curtain Muslins, in fancy figures, width 30 in. Extra value, per yard **10c**

White Sash Curtain Muslins, 30 in. wide, with wide lace and insertion frill. Extra value, per yard **12½c**

White Sash Curtain Bubbinet, with extra fine lace and insertion, per yard **30c**

ART MUSLINS—Extra quality fine Art Muslins, in small, medium and large designs; formerly marked 16c, 18c, 19c and 20c. Choice for, per yard **12½c**

Damask Table Covers

The showing of Damask Table Covers here would be hard to beat, either in diversity of designs or lowness of prices asked.

6-4 Damask Table Covers, each **90c**

8-4 Damask Table Covers, each **$1.75**

10-4 Damask Table Covers, each **$2.35**

12-4 Damask Table Covers, each **$2.95**

4-4 Table Covers, in Damask, Chenille, Velvet, etc., at extra special prices, from, each **60c**

Cretonnes and Denims—Monday's Splendid Specials

30 inch Oatmeal Cretonnes, extra quality cloth, in an assortment of the newest designs and color combinations, worth 18c yard; here for **15c**

36 and 45 inch Reversible Cretonnes, with handsome borders, special designs, best colorings, suitable for window curtains, drapes, etc. Marked 25c, 30c and 35c yard. Choice for **19c**

36 inch high class Art Denims, in Oriental designs and colorings; marked 25c yard. Choice on Monday, per yard **16c**

Leading Styles of Ladies' Coats

Most Numerous in this Store's Stocks



The largest business in Ladies' Coats has centred here—the reward of showing the greatest range, the finest assortment, and being on the business-winning side in every comparison.

Enough Coats yet in this store's selections to satisfactorily meet every existing and arising demand.

Ladies' Coats, in black Beaver, fitted back, full sleeves, lined throughout..... **$3.98**

Black and blue Beaver Cloth Coat, fitted back, double breasted, bishop sleeves, finished with braid trimming..... **$5.50**



Box Beaver Cloth Coats, tight back, double breasted, fly front, with new sleeve..... **$7.50**

Ladies' Coats made of navy blue Zibeline Cloth, fitted back, bishop sleeves, velvet stole collar and satin strapping..... **$10.00**

Gray Vicuna Cloth Coats, semi-fitting, slot seams, bishop sleeves, deep shoulder cape, velvet collar, brass buttons..... **$12.50**

Three-quarter length Coat, made of gray Frieze, fitted back, fly front, shoulder cape, bishop sleeves, black cloth strapping..... **$14.00**

Ladies' fine black Beaver Cloth Coats, tight fitting back, double breasted, military cape effect, frill sleeve with fancy cuff..... **$17.50**

8 to 10 a.m. Shopping==A Profitable HABIT TO CULTIVAVE

Constant increases in the audiences that visit the store between 8 and 10 a.m. daily on money saving bent. Constant increases, in fact, in our audiences throughout the day. Few, however, will decide to return to the afternoon shopping habit, once the advantage and pleasure of early-morning shopping have been experienced. Suppose you give 8 a.m. shopping a trial Monday.

Flannelette Night Gowns for 64c

MONDAY—8 A.M TO 10 A.M.

Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns, turn down collar, front with hemstitched tucks, trimmed around collar, down front and around sleeves with frills and lace edging. Colors of pink and sky. Special price between 8 and 10 a.m. Monday..... **64c**

$1.65 Lustre Blouses for $1.19

MONDAY—8 to 10 A.M.

A very fine Figured Lustre Blouse, in the newest mode, made with large pleats front and back, trimmed with three large fancy buttons down front, full sleeves, with deep cuffs, neat tab collar, lined: in black only. Sizes, 32 to 40. Regular, $1.65. Monday, 8 to 10 a.m. **$1.19**

65c Nottingham Lace Curtains, 45c

FROM 8 TILL 10 A.M. MONDAY.

Only 50 pairs in this lot, in two patterns, floral designs; sizes, 34 in. x 2½ yards. Marked in stock, 65c pair. From 8 to 10 a. m. Monday only, per pair..... **45c**

25c Papeteries for 15c

MONDAY—8 TO 10 A.M.

About 200 Pretty Boxes of Rough Vellum Note Paper, containing 20 sheets of paper and 20 envelopes. Regular value, 25c box. Special Monday, 8 to 10 a.m... **15c**

89c Cosy Covers, 29c

MONDAY—8 TO 10 A.M.

White Irish Linen Cosey Covers, with open drawn work, and spoke stitch all around, some with hemstitched frill, and some without frill, either stamped in conventional floral designs, or plain; also Blue Linen Cosey Covers, embroidered in white perri lusta. Some marked from 45c up to 89c. On sale Monday, 8 to 10 a.m. only, each **29c**

No 'Phone or Mail Orders filled.

Plain color Alpaca or Lustre; cream, navy, brown, gray, red, etc. 30c and 35c value. Clearance price, yard **25c**

Rich Satin Panne Cloths, only a few colors left. Regular price, $2.85 yard. To be cleared at, yard **75c**

10 pieces of fine silk Crepe de Chine, in all the leading shades, such as light blue, reseda green, gray, champagne, navy, also cream and black. A most fashionable fabric for evening wear. Value, $2.00 a yard. Clearing sale price **$1.49**

New Colored Melton for children's dresses. Value, 25c and 30c yard. Clearing price **18c**

54 inches wide Colored Habit Cloth, for winter costumes. Colors are green, brown, blue and gray. Clearance price **49c**

About 50 pieces fine imported Scotch Tweeds, in a wide range of new colorings. Some are worth up to $1.50 yard. Clearing price **98c**

The popular All Wool Plain Cloths to be obtained here at extremely low prices:

1 line 42 inches wide, in a good range of colors, including brown and navy. Sale price, per yard **49c**

Another line, 48 inches wide, All colors, at, yard **72c**

Still another line, 54 in. wide, all colors, at, yard..... **$1.00**

Another line in 54 in. wide, all colors, at, yard **$1.35**

All these prices in Plain Cloths are special during this Clearance Sale.

Girls' $4.25 to $6.00 Coats For $3.19



MONDAY—8 A.M. TO 10 A.M.

There are several styles, but one weight, and that adapted for winter wear.

Long and Short Coats, some box back style, with belt, bishop sleeves, military cape; fabrics are camel's hair, ladies' cloth, zibeline cloth and serge. Colors: Navy, black, brown, green, gray and fawn. Sizes: 3 to 8 years. Worth from $4.25 to $6.00. Monday, 8 to 10 a.m., each..... **$3.19**

The Books and Their Surroundings

Gift Books — such an assortment. Covering every phase of literature, waiting upon the mood of every reader. All arranged now on specially erected shelves, inviting visits of inspection, encouraging immediate purchasing.

The spirit of Christmas is already hovering over the Book department (second floor.) The plan of decoration is complete. Arches of incandescent lights overhead; a tier of similar lights ranged on each side, crowned with quaint Japanese shades; a huge bell suspended from the ceiling midway between the arches; garlands of evergreen and tinsel, furnish a sight beautiful to behold.

Juvenile Books, as previously intimated, have been sent up to the third floor—a neighbor to the Toys.

Newest Arrivals—A Line of Cloth Bound Books

The selection includes Fiction, Children's Books, etc., etc., by well known and favorite authors. Usual price of these books, 25c. Our special price, 15c.

Ladies' Flannelette Wear

We've got to sell heaps of Flannelette wear in a day to make values such as the undernoted a continuous feature.

Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns, in colors of sky and pink, yoke with hemstitched tucks, trimmed around neck, down front and around sleeves with embroidery **89c**

Striped Flannelette Drawers, frills and elastic..... **25c**

Flannelette Underskirts, in colors of white, pink and sky, flounce with tucks. Price **55c**

Flannelette Corset Covers, in colors of white, pink and sky, yoke with fine tucks, trimmed around neck and arms with embroidery **49c**

Flannelette Chemises, in colors of white, pink and sky, trimmed around neck and arms with frills and lace edging..... **49c**

Spend Enough to Get a Good Underskirt

The undernoted styles so worthy that we'll buy them back if they fail to realize expectations.

Ladies' Black Sateen Underskirts, made with accordeon pleated frill, finished with small frill and strapping of same **75c**

Ladies' Black Sateen Underskirts, made with accordeon pleated and two small frills, several rows of pin tucks, finished with strapping of same. Others with deep frill and several rows of pin tucks, finished with small frill at bottom **89c**

Single Blankets are Selling Rapidly—All Sizes

The special line of Single White Wool Blankets is rapidly changing owners. They are in single, double and extra double bed sizes; pink and blue borders, double whipped ends, and are only, each, from **$1.50** to..... **$2.40**

Glass Table Ware==A Sale



Glass Water Tumblers, new patterns, each.. **5c**

Glass Butter Dishes, new patterns, each.. **52**

Table Glass Sets, 4 pieces in each—sugar bowl butter dish, spoon holder and cream jug. Worth 50c a set. While they last, set **25c**

Oil Bottles, special, at, each **15c**

Draperies and Furniture Coverings

Special line 50 inch Tapestry, suitable for curtains, draperies or coverings; colors are nile green and white, also yellow and white; Worth 90c yard, for..... **75c**

4 pieces 50 inch Tapestry, in grounds of red, green and blue; new designs. Worth 90c yard, for..... **70c**

50 inch heavy Tapestries, in dark colors, for furniture coverings. Worth $1.65 yard, for..... **$1.25**

50 inch Damask, in eight different ground colors, worked out in handsome scroll designs. Extra special, per yard **45c**

W. H. Scroggie Limited

St. Catherine and Victoria Streets.