

The Montreal Daily Herald

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE

VOL. LXXVIII—182

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1886.

(SINGLE COPIES THREE CENTS
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New Advertisements

SALT!

NOW RECEIVING
LIVERPOOL FACTORY FILLED, in Bags, Halves and Quarters.
LIVERPOOL COARSE, 11's and 12's.
RICE'S DAIRY, Bags and Quarters.
RICE'S TABLE, in Small Bags.
ROCK SALT, in Lumps.

FOR SALE BY
Verret, Stewart & Co.
271 to 275 Commissioners St.
July 27 146

FOR SALE,

Steam Refined Seal Oil,
Newfoundland Cod Oil,
Gaspe Cod Oil,
Barrels Cod Liver Oil,
Loch Fyne Herrings in kegs
and half kegs.

A few cases of Newfoundland
Smoked Salmon.

JUST RECEIVED,
300 cases Canned Lobsters,
(this season's packing).
New Packed Boneless Codfish,
35, 20, 10 and 5-lb. Boxes.

JOHN BAIRD & CO.,
191 Commissioners Street.
June 26 17

16 YEARS SUCCESS!

FLAVORING SILVERMAN'S EXTRACTS

WHOLESALE DEPOT & FACTORY:
504 & 506 ST. PAUL STREET.
Telephone 1254.
June 15 17

REFRIGERATORS

Of the following well-known Patterns:
"North Star," "Aroto,"
"Palace," "Grocer."
Kimball's Patent Wood Lined,
Sisson's Patent Glass Refrigerator
Prices from \$7 upward.

GEO. W. REED,
SLATE, METAL AND GRAVEL ROOFER,
DEALER IN ROOFING MATERIALS,
753 and 755 Craig Street West.
June 12 141

FISH, OILS, &c.

CHOICE LABRADOR HERRINGS,
GREEN CODFISH, Large and No. 1
STEAM-REFINED SEAL OIL
NEWFOUNDLAND COD OIL
GASPE and HALIFAX COD OIL
NEWFOUNDLAND OOD LIVER OIL

STEWART MUNN & CO.,
22 St. John Street
Telephone 1235.
Jan. 11 17 Oct. 8

SILVERED PLATE MIRRORS.

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURES.

We are now prepared to furnish Mirrors of
any size. Silvering Equal to our Superior to
English or French and guaranteed to stand
unfaded.

Low Prices and Special Discount
to the Trade.
A. RAMSAY & SON,
37 to 41 Beaufort St., and 12 to 22 Inspector St.
MONTREAL.
March 11th, 1886. 61

UNION INJECTOR!

The Best Boiler Feeder
in the World.

MANUFACTURED BY
Robert Mitchell & Co.
Montreal Brass Works,
For. St. Peter and Craig Streets.
April 27

DISSIPATION

IN THE GREAT CITY.
THE TERRIBLE NERVE WEAR OF THE
PERIOD.

Weak, Exhausted, Overworked Women,
Enervation in High Life, and Nervous Ex-
haustion, Mental and Physical. The Out-
Alcoholism, recovered or repaired by the
extract of the harmless MOXIE Nerve Food
Flask, now made into the Finest Beverage on
the American Continent, and for sale every-
where. Price 40 cents per quart bottle.

DOMINION DEPOT: 1750 NOTRE DAME ST.
And 85 Church Street Toronto.
July 26 DW 92

CASTOR OIL (Registered)
A delightful refreshing preparation for the
hair. Should be used daily. Keeps the scalp
healthy. Prevents dandruff. Promotes the
growth of a perfect hair dressing for the
family. 25c per bottle, **MENYER & GRAY,**
Chemist, 141 St. Lawrence Street.

New Advertisements



BONDS!

DEBENTURES!

Certificates of Stock!
BILLS OF EXCHANGE!
DRAFTS.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS,
NOTES, CHEQUES, &c.

Engraved, Lithographed & Printed
IN A SUPERIOR MANNER, BY
THE

GEORGE BISHOP

Engraving and Printing Company,
(Limited).
167 & 169 St. James St.,
MONTREAL.
July 17 96

CORTINA MORA

CIGARS!

REINA VICTORIAS,
REINA MARIA VICTORIAS,
MEDIA REGALIAS.

One case of the above choice Cigars
direct from Havana.

PHILIP HENRY,

134 St. James Street.

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5,100 words filled, for Operations and
Quotations of Stocks, Bonds and Exchange,
with a full list of Stocks and securities.

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Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers!
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MONTREAL.
May 10 17 2

THE MONTREAL HERALD

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- SHELLY, MRS. 147 McCord St.
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TORONTO.

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OTTAWA.

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BUSSELL HOUSE NEWS STAND.
UGLOW, E. Sparks St.
QUEBEC.
HOLWELL'S NEWS DEPOT, Opp. P. O.

THE CABINET

The Personnel of Salisbury's Government.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL
CHANCELLOR OF THE
EXCHEQUER

And Leader of the House of Commons.

**LORD LONDONDERRY VICE-
ROY OF IRELAND.**

What the Nationalists Think of the New Lord Lieutenant.

LORD ABERDEEN TO RECEIVE AN OVA- TION ON HIS DEPARTURE.

THE NEW CABINET.

LONDON, July 29.—The following ap-
pointments are officially announced:—
Chief Secretary for Foreign Affairs—
the Earl of Iddelsham.
Chief Secretary for Ireland—Sir Michael
Hicks-Beach.

Chancellor of the Exchequer—Lord
Randolph Churchill, by virtue of this
appointment, becomes recognized
leader of the Conservatives in the House
of Commons.
Secretary of War—Right Honorable W.
H. Smith.
First Lord of the Admiralty—Lord
George Hamilton.
Lord High Chancellor—Baron Hals-
bury.

Secretary for India—Right Honorable
Frederick Arthur Stanley.
Prime Minister and First Lord of the
Treasury—The Marquis of Salisbury.
Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—the Mar-
quis of Londonderry.

The following appointments have also
undoubtedly been decided upon but have
not yet been officially announced:—
Lord President of the Council—Vis-
count Cranbrook.
President of the Local Government
Board—Right Honorable Henry Chaplin.
President Board of Trade—Right Hon-
orable E. Stanhope.
Postmaster-General—Lord John Man-
roes.

Commissioner of Works—Right Hon-
orable D. Plunkett.
Attorney-General—Sir R. Webster.
Lord Chancellor of Ireland—Lord Ash-
bourne.

The Right Honorable Henry Cecil
Raikes has declined to accept the office of
Home Secretary, which Lord Salisbury
pressed him to accept. He will probably
be nominated by the Conservatives for the
office of Deputy Speaker and Chairman of
Committees in opposition to Mr. Leonard
Henry Courtney (Radical), the Liberal
candidate.

THE NEW LORD LIEUTENANT.

DUBLIN, July 29.—United Ireland says:
The truce with the landlords is shattered,
but the Irish people have not the least in-
tention to estrange the English masses.
It would be impossible to produce a more
eloquent example of the policy of ram-
bling English rule down Irish throats
than is afforded in the Marquis of Salis-
bury's appointment as Irish viceroy of
the Marquis of Londonderry, inheriting as
he does the blood and the name of the
cut-throat and hideous Castlereagh.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, commenting on
the Marquis of Londonderry's appoint-
ment, says that in 1878 he defeated the
Liberal candidate in County Down by
coquetting with the Nationalists and giv-
ing them to understand that he had no
objection to supporting a movement fa-
voring a proposed enquiry into the merits
of the Irish demand for Home Rule, and
that he favored a new land law. The
Gazette looks upon the appointment of
such a man to the Irish Viceroyalty by a
Conservative Premier as an act auspicious
for the Irish people.

The *Freeman's Journal* says: "The ap-
pointment of Lord Londonderry to be
Viceroy of Ireland and of Sir Michael
Hicks-Beach to be Chief Secretary is
ominous of coercion. * * * Irish-
men must be prepared for this." The
loyalist press is delighted with the ap-
pointment of Lord Londonderry.

A COMTEPLATED OVATION.

DUBLIN, July 29.—The city is placard-
ed with appeals to Irishmen to assemble
in thousands to make the greatest demon-
stration possible on the occasion of the
departure of Lord Lieutenant Aberdeen
and his wife from Ireland next week.
The call is signed "By Order of the Citiz-
ens and Trades' Council Committee."

LORD SALISBURY'S TEST.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Justin McCarthy,
in a despatch to the *Herald*, says:—"The
test of Lord Salisbury's statesmanship
will be the clearness with which he per-
ceives the greatness of his advantages and
the firmness with which he seizes the op-

portunity offered to him of effecting a
patriotic and impartial solution of the
perennial problem of Irish discontent."

LONDON, July 29.—The following ad-
ditional Ministerial appointments are an-
nounced:
Home Secretary—Henry Matthews,
Q.C.
Secretary for Scotland—Right Hon.
Arthur Balfour.
Postmaster-General—Right Hon. Henry
Ceel Raikes.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—
Lord John Manners.
Patrons Secretary of the Treasury—
A. Akers Douglas.
Attorney-General for Ireland—Right
Hon. Hugh Holmes, Q.C.
Solicitor-General for Ireland—John
Gregory Gibson, Q.C.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE QUEEN.

LONDON, July 29.—It is rumored that
the Queen has summoned Mr. Gladstone
to Osborne, to-morrow, for the purpose
of holding an interview, previous to the
exchange of the seals of office on Tues-
day.

T. P. O'CONNOR'S VIEWS.

LONDON, July 29.—The latest Minis-
terial report is that Lord Randolph
Churchill has accepted the Tory leader-
ship in the House of Commons and Sir
Michael Hicks-Beach the post of Irish
Chief Secretary. The appointments have
not yet been officially announced, the
formality of submitting them to the
Queen and receiving Her Majesty's ap-
proval having yet to be gone through.
I mention them, therefore, with reserve,
but as coming from quarters entitled to
respect. These two troublesome positions
disposed of, the selection of suitable men
to make a remainder of the seats in the
Cabinet ought not to be a difficult affair,
and we shall see the end in a few days.
Should my information as to Church-
hill and Beach prove to be well founded,
Salisbury will find very soon that he has
begun this cabinet, making with one of
the greatest mistakes in his power to
make; one that the Gladstonites and the
Parnellites will not be slow to take
advantage of. Hartington and Churchill
are not the men to be trusted. Churchill
feeling for Churchill, there is good reason
to believe, is nothing short of positive
loathing. No other term is adequate to
express the situation. It is utterly im-
possible that Churchill should have the
leadership of the House and not contin-
ually give serious offence to the
Marquis. Yet the very ex-
tension of the Tory ministry
depends on Hartington's good will. Apart
from the relations of the two men,
Churchill's temper is bad and his judg-
ment unreliable, and he is the last man
in the party fit to be trusted with the
leadership in the popular chamber, where
tact and self-command are all important.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach cannot fall to
make an unsatisfactory Chief Secretary
for Ireland. By nature and training he
is unsympathetic, frigid, and repulsive.
His views are narrow and prejudiced. He
is one of the born-in-the-blood, bred-in-
the-bone bureaucrats, whose highest con-
ception of public duty is to yield to his
superiors and treat those below him or
opposed to him with studied insouciance.

These are hardly the qualifications for a
minister who, it is reasonable to suppose,
will, in the natural order of events, be
called to constant account in the House
for daily wrongs inflicted by his subordi-
nates on an unoffending people. He will
have fair play and every consideration
however, from the Parnellites. They de-
sire peace, not friction. The selection of
Sir Michael for the office of Chief Secre-
tary for Ireland is, nevertheless, one of
the worst the Tories could have made,
and one of the best from the standpoint
of the Gladstonites and Nationalists.

Gladstone was making ready to leave
town at the end of the week, in Sir
Thomas Brassey's yacht, but changed his
plans promptly on hearing Salisbury
new programme. For the session he will
probably resolve to remain in harness,
with occasional intervals of rest, till the
recess. If Chamberlain is determined to
keep aloof from the Tories, as he grand-
iloquently stated, till Gladstone retires
from the leadership of the Liberal party,
I imagine he will have to wait a longer
time and find he has shouldered a heavier
burden than he anticipated when he rashly
spoke.

Dr. Andrew Clark, who has attended
Mr. Gladstone in all his attacks of ex-
haustion and illness for many years, and
knows him perfectly, states that every
organ in Gladstone's body is as sound as
a rock to-day.

A few more nominees for the office of
Lieutenant of the mentioned to-night, The
Duke of Abercorn is one and the Mar-
quis of Londonderry is another, the third
and most important from the standpoint
of peace is the Marquis of Bath. The
latter is one of the most moderate Tories
in the party. He supported the Irish
land bill against Salisbury, and when in
the Lower House was one of the few
enlightened Tories who promised to vote
for an inquiry into the whole question
of Home Rule. He has a beautiful and
charming wife, a splendid hostess, whose
drawing-rooms are rapidly becoming the
most delightful political centres in Lon-
don.

Altogether, to-day's developments are
calculated to put home rulers in light
spirits.

The New Hebrides Evacuated.

LONDON, July 29.—The French Gov-
ernment has assured England that as
soon as the present emergency is passed,
the French troops will be withdrawn from
the New Hebrides.

A Singular Scene.

DUBLIN, July 29.—An auction of
farming effects at Longford, to-day, was
rendered fruitless by the action of the
farmers who attended. They refused to
bid unless the auctioneer joined the Irish
National League. He refused, and the
venue had to be declared off.

Turkey Arriving.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29.—Turkey is
making large additions to her armament.
Krupp has received a large order from
the Government. A Turkish officer has gone
to his works at Essen to oversee the
manufacture of guns. It is proposed to
purchase 100,000 American rifles.

A Socialist Host.

PARIS, July 29.—M. De Fuisseaux, the
chief of the Belgian socialists, who is in
exile at Lille, applied to the Northern

Railway Company to provide special
trains to convey 10,000 workmen to a
socialist demonstration at Brussels. The
company refused to furnish the train.

The Cholera.

LONDON, July 29.—The Italian cholera
returns for to-day are: Bologna, 18 new
cases, 10 deaths; Mantua, 13 new cases,
6 deaths; Ferrara, 10 new cases, 4 deaths,
and 23 new cases and 15 deaths elsewhere.
The Austro-Hungarian reports are:
Trieste, 10 new cases 1 death; Fiume, 3
new cases and 3 deaths.

The Cholera and its Effects.

VIENNA, July 29.—Three new cases of
cholera and two deaths are reported at Gos-
pich. At Fiume a distressing state of af-
airs exists. Exorbitant prices are
charged for provisions, and there is gen-
eral stagnation in trade. The suffering
of the poor is intense and the dread of
cholera increasing.

The Kaiser's Nineteenth Birthday.

BERLIN, July 29.—The army is arrang-
ing a celebration in honor of the forth-
coming nineteenth birthday of the Emperor,
which is intended to be fully worthy of
the occasion. It is proposed to then form
a union of officers of the entire army
corps and found a philanthropic military
institution in honor of the Emperor.

The Chess Tournament.

LONDON, July 29.—In the chess game
between Blackburne and Burn to-
day, the result was a draw. The gentle-
men were awarded the first and second
prizes respectively. Tanbenhaus and
Gunsberg also played draw games in
attempting to settle their tie, and
divided the third and fourth prizes be-
tween them.

Holers Punished.

BRUSSELS, July 29.—At Mons to-day
the rioters who have been on trial for
destroying the Baux Glass Works last
March were sentenced. Two were con-
demned to penal servitude for life, two
to fifteen years, three to twelve years,
and one to five years. One of the others was
sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, two
to five years, and seven to three months'
imprisonment. The other four prisoners
were acquitted.

Chinese Pirates.

LONDON, July 29.—Chinese pirates at-
tacked and took possession of the Dutch
steamer "Hok" while bound for
Penang, from Achea. The pirates killed
the captain, first mate and chief engineer.
The captain's wife and the remainder of
the crew were made prisoners by the pi-
rates, who demanded \$15,000 ransom for
them. The Dutch authorities will endeavor
to secure the rescue of the captives and
the arrest and punishment of the pirates.

Belief Proclaimed.

BRUSSELS, July 29.—The action of the
Government in proclaiming Belfast under
the provisions of the arms clause of the
peace preservation act is strongly de-
nounced. The authorities complained to
Sir Robert Hamilton, Irish Under-
Secretary, that they had never been con-
sulted in the matter. Sir Robert replied
that the Government had acted at the sug-
gestion of the Belfast Justices and police
officials. The Mayor of Belfast protested
to the Secretary and Government would
display more courtesy to the Belfast
municipal authorities.

Goodwood Racing Stakes.

LONDON, July 29.—The race at Good-
wood to-day for the racing stakes of 50
sovereigns each, with 200 added for three
years' old, was won by Duke of Hamilton's
bay filly, Miss Jummy, who walked over
the course, having no competitors. The
race for the Goodwood Cup, value of 300
sovereigns, added to a subscription of 20
sovereigns each, for three years' old and
upwards, also resulted in a walk over for
P. Peck's chestnut colt, The Bard, there
being no other starters. The race for the
Ross Memorial stakes was won by T.
Jennings, Jr.'s bay filly, Mamma, R. H.
Combs's black or brown colt Maxim, 2nd,
H. Waring's chestnut colt Diavolo, 3rd.

Telegraphic Sparks.

OYSTER BAY, L.I., July 29.—Three
large man-eating sharks were speared in
the bay here yesterday and brought
ashore. Large numbers have been seen
in Long Island Sound.

GLASGOW, July 29.—The new Spanish
torpedo cruiser *Destructor* was launched
to-day. It is claimed that she is able to
overtake and destroy the fastest torpedo
boat heretofore afloat.

PARIS, July 29.—An Austrian diplomat
wrote to *Le Matin*: "The peace and
equilibrium of Europe are threatened by
the rupture of the triple alliance."

THE WEATHER.

METEOLOGICAL OFFICE,
TORONTO, Oct. 7, 1886, 1 a.m.
Probabilities.

Lakes—Moderate winds; fine and a little
cooler.
Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Mod-
erate to fresh westerly winds; clearing
weather; not much change in tempera-
ture.
Gulf—Fresh south and west winds;
partly cloudy, with showers or thunder
storms.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh south and
west winds; partly cloudy, with showers
or thunder storms; not much change in
temperature.

A Bad Breakdown.

It is a common thing now-a-days to hear
one complain of feeling all broken down
with a faint, weary, restless languor, with
strength and appetite nearly gone, and no
well defined cause. This is general debility,
which Burdock Blood Bitters
promptly relieves, and most invariably
cures.

Epps' Cocoa.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORT-
ING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the
natural laws which govern the operations
of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful
application of the fine properties of
well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has pro-
duced this breakfast table with a delicately
flavored beverage which may save us many
of our doctor's bills. It is by the judicious
use of such articles of diet that a constitu-
tion may be gradually built up until strong
enough to resist every tendency to disease.
Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating
around us ready to attack wherever there
is a weak point. We may escape many a
fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well nour-
ished with pure blood and a properly nour-
ished frame." *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold only in packets, labelled—**JAMES
EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemist, Lon-
don, England.** 6 m d & w 209

THE FIOR DE ZELIA CIGAR, at 13 cents
each, is the best value in the city. To be
had only at S. Hyman's 130 St. James
Street.

CANADIAN DESPATCHES.

THE QUEBEC WATER WORKS.

Mr. Alfred Perry Testing the System.
(SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.)
QUEBEC, July 29.

Mr. Alfred Perry, with the fire brigade,
is occupied, to-day, in testing the water
and fire appliances of this city. The
pressure to-day at the Central Fire Station
indicated 87 lbs. It projected a 14
inch stream 155 feet. An improved
nozzle and branch used by Mr. Perry pro-
duced a stream 32 feet further than was
done by those of similar size used by the
Quebec department.

These experiments are attracting con-
siderable attention, as they are being done
at the instance of the insurance companies
that a more equitable rate of insurance
may be adopted.

THE INVESTITURE.

Archbishop Duhamel Invested with the
Pallium—An Impositing Ceremony—
The Basilica Crowded.
OTTAWA, July 29.—The services in con-
nection with the investiture of Arch-
bishop Duhamel with the Pallium lasted
from nine until after 12 o'clock this
morning. The Basilica was crowded to
the doors. After the mass and the ser-
mons in French and English the Cardinal
read a prayer, and bearing the mitre and
the crozier was escorted to the altar by
Mgr. O'Brien. Archbishop Duhamel had
temporarily retired then entered
attired in the pontifical vestments with
the mitre upon his head and the crozier
in his right hand. He was escorted by
Fathers Sloan and Campeau and ushered
to the front of the altar where the
Cardinal waited with the pallium in his
hand; both knelt in prayer for a few
minutes and the Cardinal rising to his
feet made the sign of the cross and placed
the Pallium over the head of the Arch-
bishop. His Grace afterwards received
the congratulations of his friends in the
reception room. In the afternoon he
entertained the Cardinal and the visiting
Archbishops, Bishops and clergy at
dinner at the Good Shepherd's convent.
The party subsequently visited the several
Catholic communities, and later nearly
all the visitors left the city, those yet
remaining being the Cardinal, Archbishop
Fabre and Mgr. O'Brien, who leave for
Montreal at 4.45 to-morrow morning.

Ten by the C. P. R.

OTTAWA, July 29.—A telegram from
British Columbia to-day announced that
the first shipment of tea for Canada and
the United States was about to start for
the east. The tea had been loaded on the
cars and was about to start eastward.

The Hog Cholera.

OTTAWA, July 29.—Respecting the hog
cholera which has appeared in some places
in Ontario, the authorities of the Depart-
ment of Agriculture to-day stated that
there was no cause for alarm and that the
disease would no doubt be exterminated
almost immediately.

Relief for Newfoundland.

TORONTO, Ont., July 29.—The butchers
of the city are already preparing to send
a supply of provisions to the starving
people in Newfoundland, should it be
necessary to do so. Already large quan-
tities of corned beef have been stored for
that purpose, and it is expected that
100,000 pounds will be forthcoming.
A vessel owner has also offered to place
one of his vessels at Mayor Howland's
disposal to convey provisions to New-
foundland.

A Monster.

LONDON, July 29.—Lealie Johnson, a
resident of this city for thirty-three years,
and at one time in a prominent position,
was arrested to-day charged with having
kidnapped and assaulted a little girl named
Edith McKenzie. His treatment made
the girl ill, and a medical examination
disclosed the cause. Johnston had
threatened to kill the girl if she exposed
him, and it was hard to get the facts from
her. Many other little girls have, it is
said, been treated in a similar manner by
Johnston, who tempted them with candy.

An Alleged Smuggler Seized.

OTTAWA, July 29.—The seizure of the
American vessel, N. J. Miller, Captain
Dickson, at Hopewell Cape, is reported.
The Captain is alleged to have smuggled
a quantity of wallpaper from Boston to
Canada. The customs officials searched
the vessel but failed to find any of the
smuggled goods. An officer was placed
in charge, however, and the matter is now
being considered by the

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

DIVIDENDS—SEMI-ANNUAL. Books Close—Re-open. Can. Pac. 14 1/2 Aug. 21 July. 15 Aug.

THE HERALD OFFICE, Thursday evening, July 23, 1886. The Montreal Stock Market.

The stock market to-day was again strong and active, and prices higher than those obtained yesterday were realized. The transactions in bank stocks were of small volume, however, while those in miscellaneous stocks showed an improvement over yesterday.

Ontario sold up from 117 1/2 to 120. Merchants opened with lists at 125 and sold up 1/2, the closing sales being made at 125 1/2. Commerce changed hands at 120 1/2. In the miscellaneous stocks considerable strength was shown in all stocks except Montreal.

The following were the fluctuations in prices and the sales made in New York Thursday, 29th July, as specially reported for THE HERALD by Macdonald Brothers, stock brokers, St. Francis Xavier street:—

Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change. Includes West Union, Lake Shore, Erie, etc.

MORNING BOARD. Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change. Includes 11 Montreal, 10 Ontario, etc.

AFTERNOON BOARD. Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change. Includes 120 Montreal, 12 Ontario, etc.

The following are the closing quotations of the stock market as specially reported for THE HERALD by D. Lorn MacDougall & Co., Stock Brokers, 11 Hospital street.

Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change. Includes Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto, etc.

At present to put prices any higher. Provisions, in sympathy with corn, closed with the greater part of the advance lost, but we believe in provisions on a weak basis.

CHICAGO, July 29, 1886. The following telegram was received from Ogilvie's Winnipeg office, this morning:— "Splendid rain throughout Manitoba last night; weather cool; crop prospects much improved; wheat filling nicely; harvest will be general by the end of next week."

BRITISH IRON AND METAL MARKET. (BY CABLE.) GLASGOW, July 29.—Scotch warrants at 32 1/2. MIDDLESBROUGH, July 29.—No. 3 foundry, G.M.B., at 29s. 1/2d.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE. Canadian Pacific Railway Co.—July 29. Norris & Carruthers 3 cars wheat; H. Moore 1 do; A.W. Ogilvie 2 do; L. McKay 2 do; etc.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MONTREAL HERALD. United States. CHICAGO, July 29. LOOSE MEATS—B.C. 40 to 45; S. 45 to 50; L.C. 50 to 55; etc.

GRAIN OPTION MARKETS. The following were the latest quotations received to-day:—Wheat, New York, 2 1/2 p.m. close.—Wheat, 85c August, 87c September, 87c October, 88c nominal November, 90c asked December, 91c nominal January, 96c May, 91c August, 52c bid September, 53c bid October, 54c bid.

PROVISIONS. A moderate business in small lots was done to-day. Prices are firm. We quote:— India mess beef, per ton, \$20.00 to \$22.00; Mess beef, bbls., 12.00 to 14.00; etc.

WHEAT—Business in spot stock was of moderate proportions. The market is steady at quotations. We quote:— Canada spring, No. 2, 82c to 84c; Canada winter, No. 2, 83c to 84c; Canada white winter, No. 2, 83c to 84c.

COARSE GRAINS—Corn, the supply of which are dependent for the most part on the Western States, continues strong, being influenced by the Chicago markets. Peas are in good demand with buyers at 72c. Oats are also meeting with good inquiry at about 1c per lb. Other grains are nominal.

WHEAT—The amount of wheat and flour now in transit to Europe, with the visible supply of wheat in the United States and Canada, is equivalent to 53,718,406 bushels, against 60,106,325 bushels one year ago, and of corn, 13,689,859 bushels, against 9,547,657 bushels.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. Return of Traffic Week Ending July 24, 1886. Passenger train earnings, \$128,417; Freight train earnings, \$212,570; Total, \$340,987.

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Post Office Time Table. MONTREAL, July 1, 1886. DELIVERY, MAILS, CLOSING.

Ontario & West. Post. A.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00.

Quebec & East. Prov. Post. A.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00.

Atlantic & Pacific. A.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00.

Local Mails. A.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00. P.M. 8.00.

Registered letters must be posted earlier. Registered letters must be posted earlier.

Every Farmer should subscribe to THE WEEKLY HERALD.

Job Printing. THE WEEKLY HERALD may claim to be the best of its kind.

Book-Binding. THE WEEKLY HERALD may claim to be the best of its kind.

THE BEST DOLLAR'S WORTH. THE WEEKLY HERALD may claim to be the best of its kind.

LETTERS CARRIED DELIVERED. THE WEEKLY HERALD may claim to be the best of its kind.

MONTREAL HERALD OFFICE. VICTORIA SQUARE. MONTREAL.

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Montreal Daily Herald, per annum, \$6 00
do do half year, - 3 00
do do three months, 1 50
Montreal Daily Herald, single copies, 3 cts
Montreal Weekly Herald, per annum, \$1 00
do do half year, - 50c
do do three months, 25c
Special Rates for Clubs on application

NOTICE
All correspondence for THE HERALD
except business letters should be addressed
to the Editor, Mr. JOHN LIVINGSTON. Business
correspondence is to be addressed to THE
HERALD COMPANY, (limited), offices in Victoria
Block, corner of Victoria Square and St.
James Street West, Montreal. EOW. PETER
MURPHY, President; Mr. ALBERT MURRAY
Secretary-Treasurer.

The Montreal Herald.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 30.

CORRUPTION AND FANATICISM IN CHAMBLEY.

It has been repeatedly charged by the
Liberals that the Government were pre-
paring to overwhelm the independent
vote in Chambley by means of money,—
by bribery and corruption on an unparal-
leled scale—and that this is Mr. Chap-
leau's confidence in carrying the constitu-
ency. Well, it appears that before a ballot
has been cast the suspected game has com-
menced. Yesterday a Government official,
the postmaster of Longueuil, was arrested
for bribing an elector to vote for the
Government candidate. The Star, a sup-
porter of Mr. Chapleau and Mr. Jodoin,
said last evening:—

"A. Racine, Post Master of Longueuil, was
arrested, this afternoon, at the instance of
P. G. Phaneuf, bailiff, upon a charge of
bribery and corruption. Mr. Phaneuf, in
his information laid before Mr. J. B. R.
Dufresne, Justice of the Peace, states that
"Mr. Racine gave ten dollars to a voter in
Chambley named M. Delage, 414, Lavigne,
to vote for Jodoin. Delage immediately
took the money and reported the matter to
Hon. Mr. Mercier, who at once had proceed-
ings instituted, Racine, on presenting the
"money to Delage, is alleged to have said,
"Here are ten dollars to vote for Jodoin.
"PLEASE ALONG ALL THE FIFTEENS YOU CAN.
"THESE IS PLENTY OF MONEY."

This is a good beginning on the part
of those who have been denouncing their op-
ponents as being corrupt! There must
be "plenty of money" when bribes are
paid two days before polling, and the
crowd are invited to come forward and
take up the ten dollar bills! It is surely
a great moral spectacle, one worthy of
our country and the country's Govern-
ment! But it is only what was expected.
It reveals very clearly the desperation of
the cause whose agents, stocked with the
means of engaging in wholesale corrup-
tion, cannot even wait until polling day
to commence the infamous proceedings
which they have planned. We need only
add that Mr. Antoine Racine was ap-
pointed postmaster of Longueuil by Mr.
Chapleau some five or six months ago.
He is to all intents and purposes an agent
of Mr. Jodoin in this election.

But this is only a portion of the scheme
for throttling the constituency. Mr.
Chapleau and the Government's friends
have kept back until the last moment
what they believe to be one of their
strongest cards. While they have been
impugning the English electors to come to
their aid, and have been attempting to
wheel the Liberals especially into voting
with them, they are engaged in circu-
lating amongst the French electors of
Chambley the most incendiary matter.
Here is a sample from the Travailleur:—

"This Mr. Prefontaine is the man that
"strove for the election of Mayor of Montreal
"Beaugrand, the Freemason, a man who, to
"PLEASE THE ENGLISH, did not hesitate to
"persecute the poor and to tear from the poor
"mother's arms innocent children whom
"he shut up in a pestilential hospital far from
"their parents and the tender care of their
"mother."

And this paper is a Chapleau and
Jodoin organ! The smallox war waged
by the Monde is to be kept up, but Eng-
lish speaking electors who sympathized
with Mr. Beaugrand, and helped to
elect him, are to be stigmatized on the
one hand, and, on the other, are requested
to vote the Chapleau-Jodoin ticket to-
day! This is not all, for the Monde
came out at the last moment—yesterday—
with a ferocious attack on Mr. Prefontaine
because he stood by Mr. Beaugrand
in suppressing smallpox in Montreal. Its
article (which we copy in full in another
column) is quite as vile, quite as unwar-
ranted and defamatory, as anything pro-
duced by the Monde during the epidemic,
and our readers do not need to be re-
minded of the outrageous role which the
Monde played during that sad period.

Let it be well understood that these are
the arguments which are expected to pre-
vail in behalf of the Government candi-
date to-day—bribery, open, bare-face
bribery; corruption in its worst and most
vulgar forms; demands to punish men
who sympathize with "the English,"
and persecution of those who aided in sup-
pressing smallpox in Montreal. These
are the weapons with which the Govern-
ment of Canada are fighting the Liberals
in Chambley. Let all who sympathize
with such a cause and such arguments
support Chapleau and Jodoin to-day,
while those who cannot overlook such
baseness will do well to see that their
votes are registered in condemnation of
offences that are unpardonable.

GABRIEL DUMONT was reported in the
United States newspapers as saying that
"Sir John Macdonald was the greatest
man in the world." He was instantly
pardoned. Gabriel has already made
money enough to buy himself almost
anything he needs in the way of creature
comforts. He is going back to the Sas-
katchewan soon a wiser if not a sadder
man. No more rebellion for Gabriel.

THE GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK.

In regard to the Order in Council of
July 7, providing that the amount of
deposits to be received in any one fiscal
year from any one depositor in the Gov-
ernment Savings Bank shall not exceed
the sum of one thousand dollars, a con-
temporaneous rejoices over the fact that
"this does not in any way affect the limit
of deposits, which remains at \$3,000, as
"heretofore, but it is intended to prevent
"the Savings Bank from being made a
"medium for the transaction of business
"which properly belongs to chartered
"banks." This change by the Govern-
ment is due to the agitation started in
THE HERALD during last winter.

The following is the showing of deposits
in these Government Savings Banks
since Confederation,—and it should be
explained that most of the \$17,000,000
odd, comes from the three Lower Pro-
vinces:—

Table with columns: Year, No. of depositors, Total amount, Average amount per depositor. Rows for 1868-1888.

Commenting on this table, a Maritime
contemporary remarks that "when it is
"remembered that farmers, mechanics,
"teachers and unmarried ladies comprise
"about nine-tenths of the depositors in
"this class of banks, the progress is most
"gratifying, and the best evidence that
"could be afforded of the material pro-
"perity of the people as a whole." But
if a rich farmer, who is also a note shaver
—and there are plenty of them in the
Maritime Provinces—uses the Govern-
ment Savings Bank, instead of a com-
mercial bank, to keep ten thousand
or so, in the names of the different mem-
bers of his family, to be drawn against
whenever he has discounted a note, we do
not see that the fact is any evidence of
the "material prosperity of the people."
If doctors and lawyers and merchants use
the bank as a bank of deposit, depositing
and drawing at frequent intervals, we do
not understand that such a proceeding indi-
cates "progress most gratifying." If
a bank fails here or there through
mismanagement, and the people, alarmed,
refuse longer to trust any private bank
and prefer to bank with the Government,
there does not appear to be much in the
circumstance for the country to be proud
of. Indeed, the fact that \$15,000,000 of
the money of people in the Maritime Pro-
vinces is withdrawn from the business en-
terprises of that section of the Dominion
indicates either want of faith in the com-
mercial future of their localities or that
the Government are outbidding the banks
for the deposits of the public. Perhaps
both reasons are true. There must be
some special reason for a jump of thirteen
and a quarter millions in seven years, and
the increase would seem to be during the
period of cheap money, when the com-
mercial banks could not afford to allow
as high rates of interest as the
Government have been paying. The
duller times, the more unsatisfactory
the state of trade, the more apt the public
will be to draw out of enterprises with
which any risk is connected and deposit
with the Government, provided the latter
offer what is a comparatively high rate of
interest, as has been the case in recent
years. The Government's rate is high
considering what the banks are paying
and compared with what obtained prior
to the last few years. Then the extension
of the Government Savings Bank system
in the Maritime Provinces has had much
to do with increased deposits in these
banks, as the institution is carried
almost to every man's door. Indeed, it
is known that people in a village have
been canvassed to support the Govern-
ment candidate at an election, on the
strength of a Minister's promise to have
a branch of the Government Savings
Bank established in the place.

It is to be hoped the Government will
not have trouble with these savings bank
deposits in the future. At present they
seem to be taking the people's monies in
a reckless way, as if there was never any
accounting to be had. What the taxpayers
at large are paying for this great flow of
money that is not needed, beyond what
the Government would have to pay for a
loan, may not be ascertained to a shaving,
but expert accountants have alleged that
it amounts to at least one or two per cent.
of the items of cost included.

MAY PRECIPITATE A SMASH UP.
The following cable message has been
published:—
LONDON, July 27.—An evening paper says
Imperial Federation. Some colonial officials
at present in London think well of the
scheme, but the majority of the Canadians
and Australians who are not officials think it
would precipitate a general break-up of the
Empire. This is also the view of Lord Hart-
ington and most of his followers.

"The Canadians and Australians who
are not officials" have level heads, and
they constitute about nine hundred and
ninety-nine of every thousand of the
population of those colonies.

We have yet to learn what Imperial
Federation means, and although it would
seem that Sir Charles Tupper thinks we
must have it, and he is High Commis-
sioner for Canada, neither he nor anyone
else has condescended to tell us what it is.
A Federation that will send our sons to
the Sudan, to the wilds of Russia
or South Africa, to give up their lives for
a cause in which Canadians can have no
serious interest; a Federation that will
deprive us of the right to arrange our own
tariffs without consulting Manchester, or
New South Wales, or Cape Good Hope;

NOT SWAGGER, BUT REASON.

The Boston Advertiser says: "There is
"a good deal of swagger and bluff in the
"tone of the Canadian press on the fish-
"ery question just now," which it alleges,
"arises from a want of confidence in our
"own "extreme pretensions," and the pro-
"bulbability of the Imperial Government sus-
"taining us in them. We had not observed
"this alleged swagger in the Canadian press,
"though we pleaded guilty to a want of con-
"fidence in the present Government in the
"matter of care for Canadian interests,
"particularly in the case of the fisheries.
"What the Advertiser has probably mistaken
"for "swagger and bluff" is the plainly
"but politely expressed determination on
"the part of the Canadian press to insist
"that our rights in the fisheries question
"shall not be given away by the Govern-
"ment, nor sacrificed by their bungling.
"When the leading journals of Canada are
"in accord upon any subject, which, how-
"ever, is infrequent, their power is practi-
"cally absolute in political matters in this
"country. We are aware that this is not
"so in the United States, and the Boston
"Advertiser may therefore find a difficulty
"in realizing that condition of affairs.
"The press of Canada is not yet unani-
"mous in realizing that condition of affairs.
"Daily growing into perfect accord and
"being the meeting of Parliament will
"probably speak as one voice. Perhaps
"the firmness which has already been ex-
"hibited on the Heald question is that
"which excites the sensibilities of the Boston
"newspapers. Nothing, however, in the spirit of swagger
"or bluff has, we feel sure, been intended
"by any journal of Canada. The exclusive
"rights of Canada extend to three miles
"from any bay, shore, &c., measured from
"headland to headland, and within those
"limits Canada claims jurisdiction just as
"the United States do within Chesapeake,
"Delaware and other bays, the waters of
"which would be open to Canadian fisher-
"men were the three miles from the sinu-
"osities of the coast accepted by the Ameri-
"cans as the true interpretation. Canada
"does not propose that terms shall be ex-
"plained in one way to suit the United
"States and in another when Canadian in-
"terests are affected. That is all, and there
"is nothing resembling "swagger or bluff"
"in the contention. Any Canadian Govern-
"ment that backs down on the question
"will also back out of office, but so soon as
"the Canadian press have arrived at unani-
"mity on the whole question, which, as
"we say, they are rapidly doing, the danger
"of the Canadian Government backing
"down will have passed. That, as one of
"our most eminent statesmen says," is all
"there is to it."

OPENING A RELIGIOUS WAR.
The Toronto Mail has commenced the
publication of a series of letters on Que-
bec and the French Canadians and their
character, including a strong attack on the
Roman Catholic Church. Outside of
"political exigencies," as Mr. Thomas
"White would say, there is nothing in the
"condition of the country calling for these
"productions. We notice they are dated
"from the Eastern Townships and are
"signed "An English Liberal," but there
"is no internal evidence that shows the
"letters were ever sent the Eastern Town-
"shipers or that the signature is not a
"fraud, intended to relieve the Conserva-
"tive party of the responsibility of their
"authorship. The motive of the compila-
"tion and publication of these letters at the
"present time is transparent. No one can
"read the letter which we reproduce to-
"day, that the people of Quebec may learn
"what is going on, without seeing in it a
"deliberate attempt to promote religio-
"us strife and to array provinces
"against provinces, religion against
"religion, English against French. It
"is hoped by the Mail management that
"the contents of these letters will be at-
"tacked by the French and Roman Catho-
"lic press and that a controversy may be
"aroused which will tend to the strength-
"ening of the Government party in Ontario
"with the English speaking and Protestant
"elements in that province, even if the
"French wing of the Conservative party in
"Quebec has to be sacrificed. This is the
"only motive for the presence, at this
"time, of such matter in the principal
"organ of the Conservative
"party in Canada, and it will be
"generally admitted that the publication
"of such matter jumps with the Mail's
"threats regarding a reconquest of Que-
"bec. What is strange, however, is the
"fact that while statements and criticisms
"calculated to give serious offence to the
"French and Catholic population of Que-
"bec are appearing in the chief Govern-
"ment organ, the Government supporters
"in the Province are declaring that the
"great majority of the R. C. clergy in
"Quebec are in sympathy with the Govern-
"ment! It would seem, from such a state
"of things, that the name of the
"clergy is to be used in Quebec by Govern-
"ment parties to further their own
"political purposes, while in Ontario the
"Protestant sentiment is to be invoked
"against Quebec, and the religion and
"nationality of the great majority of the
"people are derided and assailed. If this
"is not double dealing of the most danger-
"ous and destructive character it would
"be difficult to describe the meaning of
"such acts.

That there may be no concealment of the
attempts of the Government party in
Ontario to create trouble in the province
we reproduce the Mail's letter in full, so
that all may read for themselves. We do
not believe there are many, whether
Protestant or Catholic, in Quebec Pro-
vince who will say that any good to Que-
bec can grow out of such correspondence,
and the fact that it appears in a purely
political journal, a party hack, one
that is prepared to sink everything
for its party friends, is sufficient indica-
tion of the opening of a deliberate
and wanton crusade for political purposes
against one of the great churches to which
the people of the Dominion yield allegi-
ance. It would be a great pity if such
tactics could be successful.

It must not be supposed that the institu-
tion of this crusade is merely the work
of a journalist anxious to make his paper
interesting. The Mail stands in a position
very different from any other journal on
the Conservative side. It is par excellence
the Government organ, the special mouth-
piece of its party. It speaks
with authority for the party and the
Government. Elaborate letters, including
deliberate and finished attacks on a reli-
gious system, do not stray into the Mail
sanctum by accident or yet in the ordi-
nary way of business. These contributions
have been prepared to order. They are
intended to serve a special purpose, we
believe a bad and unprincipled purpose.
They go before the public with the en-
dorsement of the party and the Govern-
ment. They will be accepted by many
as the opening guns of a religious war. It
is for the people to say whether there is
anything in the condition of the country,
anything in the attitude of the church
thus assailed, to warrant the crusade on
which the Mail, and consequently the
Government party, are now entering.

THE NORTH-WEST CENTRAL RAILWAY.
The North-West Central Railway is not
out of its difficulties yet. The Act
enabling the Government to charter a
new company provided that certain claims
against the old one should be recognized,
but it did not specifically describe these,
and the new company decline to accept a
charter without the limit of their liability
being expressed in it. Another year,
therefore, will probably be lost. This
arises entirely from the obstinacy of the
Government in declining to accept the
suggestion of Mr. Blake and Mr. Mitchell
in the Railway Committee. They were
so intent in upholding Beatty that week
after week was lost on frivolous pretences,
and at last the bill had to be hastily
drawn and rushed through Parliament.

THE MEXICAN EMBROGGLIO.

It is a pity that a certain Cincinnati
journal came to an abrupt termination of
its existence immediately after ordering
the instant conquering of Canada, because
Mexico would have been a great field for
its talents. In Canada's case the cause of
trouble was only a few fish, whereas
Mexico has been tampering with the
rights of an editor. With such a theme
as that the Cincinnati gentleman, we feel
sure, would have done himself justice.
An American editor named Cutting
living at El Paso in the free United
States, in a very cutting article labelled a
Mexican editor named Medina, living in
a town opposite the other's, one being
in the United States and the other
in Mexico. Cutting having incautiously
visited the other editor's El Paso was
caught by him and put in jail. Mexico
began by being very warlike on the sub-
ject, and the crowds of all kinds that live
—the Lord knows how and the Lord
knows why—on its borders, were highly
glated at the prospect of a row; but it
appears that Cutting, whom a Boston
paper describes as being a worthless fel-

low, is likely to be given up. The Mexi-
can idea was that the South would help
them against the U. S. Government, and
that for some unimagined reason Eng-
land would send a squadron to do the
same. The Mexican statesman who con-
ceived this idea has probably arisen from
a sleep into which he fell just "fore do
wab." The New York Herald dismisses
the subject in language which is, unfor-
tunately, not so common as it might be,
but which is far more effective than the
other kind, by saying:—
And as for England blockading all our Gulf
ports—well, hardly. England wants a good
reason for what she does, and she would have
no reason for doing that.
Mexico may be sure that all the United
States and all the world, if there is to be any
trouble between us, she will have to make it
herself.

THE CONSERVATIVE CABINET.
The reader will find the names of the
noblemen and gentlemen composing the
new Conservative ministry on our tele-
graphic page. The selection does not
appear to be as good as one could be
made. The appointment of Lord Lon-
donerry as Viceroy of Ireland is evi-
dently most distasteful to a large majority
of the people of that island. A Lord
Lieutenant who, besides being accountable
for his own sins and shortcomings, will
have to bear part of the odium attached
to the name of an execrated ancestor is
not in a very enviable position.
A man having the blood of the hated
Castlereagh in his veins must indeed be
a paragon of perfection to become popular
as an Irish ruler. Making such a fossil
and such a very slow coach as Sir Michael
Hicks-Beach, Chief Secretary for Ireland
in an important crisis like the present
does not seem to be wise or prudent.
So rash and impulsive a man and so bitter
a partiisan as Lord Randolph Churchill is
not likely to make a good leader in the
House of Commons at a time
when it is absolutely necessary to pla-
cate and conciliate men who
have been all their lives the uncon-
promising and even the bitter opponents
of Conservatives and Conservatism. One
would think the most moderate, discreet
man in the whole Tory party would have
been chosen to lead a majority composed
of such heterogeneous material as that
upon which Lord Salisbury must depend
for his tenure of office.

It is somewhat singular that Lord Salis-
bury and his co-laborers in Cabinet-
making have not been able to select the
right man or any man to fill the position
of Secretary of State for the Colonies.
There is not the remotest hint in the tele-
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minister is to be. It is to be sincerely
hoped that the place will not be given to
a worn out politician of the past who has
nothing but a name to recommend him.

WHAT IS WANTED.
The Globe says:—
"Another of these mysterious journeys of
"Sir Charles Tupper, who, in about three
"weeks, sails for this country! Each of his
"former visits has been followed by a new grant
"to the C.P.R. What does the Company want
"now?"
For our part, being in the city of the
C.P.R. headquarters, we have not heard
that they want anything more for their
railway from the Government. They
would, perhaps, like a little fair play from
the Globe, though we are not sure that they
care one way or another about that. The
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go on as it has gone in the past, for it
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Oh no, no, pardon! What the Reform
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how it was that the Indian Department
at Ottawa so neglected its business and
the Interior Department so mismanaged
its affairs that a rebellion in the North-
West was the consequence.

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IN ANY STYLE,
BEFORE LEAVING FOR HOME,
AT
NOTMAN & SONS,
21 BLEUVEY STREET.
July 23.
DIED.
DAVIDSON.—At 63 McGill College avenue,
on the 28th instant, Capt. Alexander David-
son.
Funeral from his late residence on Saturday,
at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are
respectfully invited to attend.
New Advertisements
WANTED.
C. D. McKelvie to meet his mother at the
Albion Hotel as soon as possible, or send her
word of his whereabouts immediately.
SITUATION WANTED.
By a business man who thoroughly under-
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By care of the Editor of THE HERALD, P. 157.

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By care of the Editor of THE HERALD, P. 157.

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Valleyfield Regatta!
JOE LAING and
GEORGE HOSMER
—ROW A—
Three-Mile Race (with turn)
—FOR A—
PURSE OF \$1500!
SATURDAY, JULY 31st.
Race at 3.30 sharp.
Special Train will leave for Valleyfield at
10.40 a.m. returning after race. Other
trains to suit.
L. LAROUCHE, Secretary.

NOW AT THE
ALBION HOTEL.
DR. KERGAN'S
British-American Surgeons,
REFRESHED BY THE
Chief of the Staff and His
Assistants.
Sufferers from any Chronic,
Nervous, Blood, Skin, or Peculiar
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Parlors, between the hours of
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Call or write for Illustrated
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INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY
OF CANADA.
NOTICE.
A special general meeting of the Share-
holders of the International Railway Com-
pany of Canada, will be held at the office of
the Company at Sherbrooke, on TUESDAY
the Twenty-first day of August next, at
TWELVE O'CLOCK noon, for the purpose
of authorizing the acquisition of the Inter-
national Railway of Maine and the consolida-
tion thereof with the said Company's line, the
sale of the non-operating railway to the
Atlantic and North-West Railway Company;
and the transfer of the contract entered into
by the International Railway Company of
Canada with the Government of the Domi-
nion for the construction of a line of railway
to know as the Short Line Railway; and to
make such order and give such authority to
the Board of Directors in respect of the said
several matters as the shareholders shall
deem expedient.
(By order,) J. DAVIDSON,
Sec.-Treasurer
21A # 152

NOTICE!
TENDERS WANTED.
Large Jewelry Stock.
TENDERS will be received by the under-
signed till
Tuesday, 31st August Next,
from parties wishing to purchase—in whole
or in part—that large stock of jewelry belong-
ing to the estate of the late WM. DEARDEEN,
Montreal.
The stock is so well known throughout
Canada, it is unnecessary for us to particu-
larize in any way.
A copy of the inventory of the stock, as
taken by the appraisers appointed by the
Court of Probate, can be seen at the offices of
the following papers, about the first week of
August:—The Globe, Toronto; The Witness,
Montreal; The Sun, Winnipeg; and The
Morning Chronicle, Halifax. Any further
information required can be had by address-
ing the undersigned.
We do not bind ourselves to accept the
highest or any tender.
W. A. MCINTOSH,
Administratrix.
ANNE DEARDEEN,
of the Estate of Wm. Dearden.
P. O. Box 110,
New Glasgow, Nova Scotia.
July 25. 1m wfn 150

FOR SALE,
KENTUCKY SADDLE HORSE
BAY, BLACK POINTS, PERFECTLY SOUND
GOOD IN DOUBLE HARNESS, FIFTEEN HAND
HIGH. THE PROPERTY OF MRS. H. SAND-
FIELD MACDONALD, 60 CORNWALL. OR VIEW
AT MRS. SANDFIELD'S STABLES, CATHARINE STREET.
FURTHER PARTICULARS, APPLY TO J.W.
MOULDS, 101 ST. FRANCIS XAVIER STREET.
June 25. 1m
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES
The Beaver Line S.S. LAKE SUPERIOR
will sail for Montreal on Friday, July 29,
at 10.40 a.m. Consignees will please
pass their entries without delay.
Canada Shipping Co.
H. E. MURRAY,
General Mgr.
July 29. 1m
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES
The Tempreley Line S.S. OCEAN KING
Denham, master, from London, is entered
at Customs. Consignees will please
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ROBERT REFOED & CO.,
Agents.
July 29. 1m
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THE TORONTO MAIL ON THE WAR PATH.

Its Special Correspondence on the Roman Catholic Church in Quebec.

The Mail on the Church—Its Powers, Privileges and Its Spiritual Adviser—Vast Wealth in Church Buildings etc.—The Priest in Politics, etc.

No. 11. EASTERN TOWNSHIPS, July 26.—To know what the Church of Rome is in the United States of Ontario, assists the outsider very slightly to realize what it is in Quebec.

To see a priest in canonicals heading a procession having for its object the abating of a plague of grasshoppers would be impossible in Ontario; it is not an infrequent sight in Quebec. While smallpox scourged Montreal there were hundreds of excellent fathers who repelled the physician with his vaccine points and who placed their reliance for the preservation of their children from the plague on the plagues of St. Roch nailed over their doors. Instances might be multiplied, but these two are sufficiently representative to indicate the difference between the Church of Rome as developed in Quebec and in those countries where it has only the allegiance of the minority.

Despite its claim to unchangeableness the Church of Rome is no stronger than human nature, and its clergy and people are (often insensibly) affected by their surroundings. No priest would rule his flock in the United States as his brother ecclesiastic does in Quebec, and no congregation in Ontario would submit to the exactions that are unmercifully exacted in Quebec. Wherever exposed to the reflected light of Protestantism, the Church of Rome, in its practices and teachings, is modified. Those Ontario people, who judge of the political situation in Quebec from what they know of the Church of Rome at their own doors, act unjustly. No botanist describes a plant from a specimen obtained in countries unfavorable to its growth; he goes to its native habitat, where climate and soil develop it to its fullest proportion. In the same way I would suggest to those who dogmatically assume to know all about the Church of Rome, that when they have studied it in a country like Quebec where it is fully developed, they ought not to pass judgment on the political situation.

HERE AND THERE. In Ontario the Church of Rome is merely a Church among Churches doing a spiritual work among its adherents. In Quebec it is the paramount and omnipresent power in all the concerns of life. Its priests are seen everywhere. In the haunts of the merchant and speculator, on the promenades of the fashionable world, on steamboats and train, and in the lobby of the Legislature, the wearers of the black robe are conspicuous. They are encountered at every turn, and meet with such unvarying deference that they would be more than human if arrogance and impatience of opposition did not sometimes become grafted in the minds of some of them. In the older portions of the province the traveller never loses sight of the spires of the dominant Church, and, in the midst of poverty-stricken farms, with their occupants living in cheaply-constructed wooden houses, he is, at every other stage in his journey, surrounded by being confronted with large, imposing edifices, which he learns are either convents or colleges. Nowhere else in the world are the material evidences of the widespread grasp of the Church of Rome so apparent. Italy and Spain may be instanced in refutation of this assertion, but there the evidences, however abundant, are not so decayed. In Quebec its buildings are new or well kept, and rightly convey the impression of vigorous and expanding life and growth.

Its wealth can only be guessed at, for no data can be obtained for its computation. It owns a third of the area of Quebec and it is the largest property-holder in Montreal. The estates of the principal of its religious orders, as the Grey Nuns and the Ursulines, yield princely revenues. Its possessions of real estate form the least portion of its wealth. Of the grain raised by its people, it receives every twenty-sixth bushel, and it imposes and collects, by authority of the courts, special taxes to build and keep in repair churches and parsonages, and the income from the rendering of offices by its priests is, considering the poverty of those who pay it, fabulous.

A WEALTHY INSTITUTION. For a habitant to bequeath \$100 for the saying of masses for his soul is common. The pews are rented, and the habitant should be obliged to take one, although he should pay a heavy tax to build the church, contributed his due of tithes and paid the priest for every service rendered in his family, has, to use the expression of one of them to the writer, to stand in the aisles "like a brute beast," not daring to take a seat. The revenues of St. James rectory, Toronto, are reckoned large, yet there are not a few parishes in Quebec which would consider the small. Of late years a mania for church-building has existed, and old churches, perfectly sufficient for the needs of the parish, have been discarded and replaced by magnificent structures. Parishes in which the richest habitant is not as well off as the average Ontario farmer, have churches that cost from \$50,000 to three times that amount, together with a large and elegantly furnished presbytery, a nursery, and possibly a college, the united value of the buildings exceeding that of all the dwelling houses in the parish.

I remember on entering a certain concession road, struck by the sight of small crosses stuck in the ground at intervals on almost every farm. I exhausted every conjecture to solve their existence in vain, and finally stopped to ask an acquaintance. He stated that the parish had been visited by a delegation of priests to make a collection to discharge debts incurred by the bishop of the diocese, and to go to the habitant who consented to contribute the yield of a bushel or more of peas they gave authority to plant a cross in the midst of the ridges and promised a blessing on the yield of the rest of his farm that would more than compensate him for what he gave. Everywhere the cry of the Church is, "Give, give," with the result that it has grown richer than its benefactor.

THE PRIESTHOOD. The spectacle presented throughout the greater portion of the province is that of a free, stately and untrammelled, and in the shadow of whose branches nothing thrives from its appropriating so much of the strength of the soil. Where there ought to be bridges on the river there are ferns; the roads are execrable; the farms a patchwork of spindly crops struggling with weeds; the houses and barns small and out of repair; the ecclesiastical buildings are sumptuous without and within. In poor districts churches are found that would pass muster in Paris, and with interiors that would be sought out by travellers were they in Italy instead of Canada. That, with such undisputed sway and such great wealth, compared with the resources of the province, the priesthood of Quebec should be a body of respectable men, against whom the gross charges preferred against those of South America

would not lie, goes far to their credit. With rare exceptions their private lives are decorous and exemplary.

Nevertheless, it would be as difficult to find priests in Quebec like Father Felicio, or "Evangeline," as it would be to discover habitants who resemble those of that pleasing fable. The priesthood of Quebec is recruited mainly from the rural population, and, as a rule, the wearer of the tonsor is no better in habits or sentiment than those to whom he ministers. Apart from the technical training he has received at the seminary, he is not an educated man, and is sometimes open to the charge of too great love of good living, of laziness or of avarice. The narrow groove within which his ambition is confined and his thoughts rotate cannot escape the observer. He derives his authority over his flock solely from his sacerdotal character, and an adequate view of the depth of reverence, the superstitious awe, with which the habitant regards him, cannot be conveyed in words. Knowing the gossip of the parish to its pettiest details, intimately acquainted with every resident within its bounds, and, when so moved, interesting his influence in their most private concerns, nothing escapes the priest, and from his pulpit of a Sunday morning he will deal out reproof as homely as it is personal. There have been a few instances of parishioners seeking compensation in the courts for the reproaches cast upon them from the pulpit. In not a single case has their success been such as to encourage others to defy the power of Monsieur le Curé. Not that there are others, for submission to the priesthood is unquestioningly and as a matter of course.

THE ATTITUDE OF THE PEOPLE. There is no more striking spectacle in Quebec than the unhesitating and complete surrender which men of education, talent and shrewdness make of their reason in everything pertaining to their Church. The intellect they bring to bear upon every other subject they suspend when their Church is concerned, and they bow at the shrine of St. Anne de Beaupre and believe in her miracles, and they visit the chapel of Our Lady of Lourdes, at Montreal, and pay fifty cents for a phial of water from the famed well, with the same composure as the most ignorant habitant, ignoring the fact that in resolving in their own minds to get aside the use of the reason God has endowed them with, they are using it to slat their eyes in the domain of truth. But it is not with the educated class I am dealing at present. Returning to the habitant, his attitude towards his Church is that of the obedience and credulity of childhood. It is exceedingly difficult to get a habitant to admit of his priest or his Church that their teaching in some respects may be erroneous. If he does, he simply says that he trusts in his priest, and that he trusts in the good God who holds him and not the habitant responsible. To suggest to him that it is impossible to so transfer responsibility to a fellow-creature is answered by a shrug of the shoulders.

This renunciation of private judgment in everything pertaining to their Church is the source of all the political difficulties in Quebec. Claiming control over the entire domain of religion and morals, the sway of the Church is absolute, for there are few questions in politics which cannot be construed into having some bearing upon it. The priests affect none of the airs of neutrality they assume in Ontario. The politics of every parish priest are definitely known, and, as a rule, they are ready to freely speak on the subject.

THE PRIEST'S POLITICS. It is well here to disabuse the minds of many of the idea that all are Bleu. The overwhelming majority are, but there is a sprinkling of Rouges, who, at election times, are no less active than those of the other stripe. The freedom and familiarity with which the priests in Quebec speak from the pulpit, so utterly unlike the formal and abstract sermon of the average Protestant minister, enables them to touch upon the current topics of the day, which they all do, more or less. The decisions of the Supreme Court in the Charlevoix and Levis election cases have had their influence in guiding their course at elections, and their refraining from overt interference between candidates has not abated their influence in the slightest degree. The difference between the priest and the Protestant minister is continually overlooked. There are ministers of the Protestant faith in Ontario as offensively partisan as any priest in Quebec, but they have no more influence in promoting the interests of their party than if they were laymen. Indeed, they have less, for the Protestant rebels against anything like clerical interference and are so shocked at the spectacle of his clergyman taking a hand in election matters that it inclines him to take the other side. The Protestant clergyman is simply a man among men, whose opinions command no more respect than their intrinsic soundness deserve. The priest (so his people believe) stands upon an entirely different plane. He is more than man. At his ordination he is invested with a power that constitutes him Christ's representative to them. What he says has a weight it would not have if uttered by a layman, and any command he issues has a spiritual significance.

CLERICAL INFLUENCE. Supposing so inconceivable a case as that of a habitant going contrary to his priest's will, sufficient power could be brought upon his wife and children through the confessional to ensure his speedy surrender. Were that absent, the very force of public opinion in the parish would compel the recalcitrant to obey. In mixed communities independent-minded Catholics may and do exist, but in the exclusively French-Canadian parishes it is simply impossible. This has been proven over and over again in those rare instances of habitants embracing Protestantism. If before a month elapses, they perceive the alternative before them, it is that of recantation or going to the United States. The man who rests under the priest's displeasure is more shunned than if he had the small-pox exposed to more obloquy than if he had stolen the first cow of a widow. To close by law the priest's mouth at election times and prevent his canvassing from house to house, does not destroy his influence; it merely obliges him to exert it in other and more unobtrusive ways. The election of any candidate whom the priests of a county agree in regarding as a politician of bad principles is impossible, and this is so completely recognized that Rouges and Bleus in their deference to the clergy and in their protestations of object submission to the Church. There was a time when that Dorion known as *Pasport terrible*, and the newspaper *Le Pays*, advocated the doctrine that the exertions of the priesthood should be confined to spiritual matters, but they have no representatives now, and the Rouges and Bleus have long since purged itself of that and similar views, and now endeavor to outbid the Bleu in order to win the support of the hierarchy.

This explains why, of late years, there has been so little heard of clerical influence in elections. From the priest's standpoint the rival candidates have been men of "good principles," and their flocks have been left to vote as they pleased.

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, 280 BROADWAY, STEWART BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY. Oct. 29

KEPPLER & SANCTON, BANKERS AND BROKERS, BUY AND SELL FOR CASH, OR ON MARGIN, ALL SECURITIES DEALT IN AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

No. 68 Broadway, New York. RUDOLPH KEPPLER, Members of N. Y. W. B. SANCTON, Stock Exchange. Oct. 29

R. H. HALSTED, H. E. McLANE, HALSTED & McLANE, BANKERS AND BROKERS, OFFICE: 31 Broad Street, New York Oct. 29

James Thomson, "THE CABINET MAKER,"

House Furnishing and General Decoration, 227 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. Oct. 29

Cochrane Cassils & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF Boots and Shoes. Wholesale, CORNER OF Craig and St. Francois Xavier Streets, MONTREAL. Oct. 21

DR. MAJOR,

Specialist to the Department for Diseases of the Nose and Throat, Montreal General Hospital, 1, 398 St. Catherine Street, Nov. 19 297

JAMES BAXTER & CO.,

180 St. Francois Xavier St. Buy Notes, Diamonds, Real Estate, and all articles of value and pay prompt Cash. No Commission or Brokerage business done. "NO MONEY LOANED." July 29

MACDOUGALL BROS.,

89 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, Buy and Sell all Securities quoted on New York Stock Exchange, through their Agents, Messrs. Halsted & McLane. Terms—Ten per cent margin on the par value. Commission for buying 1/2 of one per cent, and same for selling. December 29

D. LOREN MAODOUGALL & CO.,

Stock Brokers, Members Stock Exchange, 11 HOSPITAL STREET, Stocks and Bonds bought or sold for cash, or on margin. May 30 19 129

ANDREW A. WILSON,

STOCK BROKER, Member Montreal Stock Exchange, No. 1 India Chambers, 13 Hospital Street, MONTREAL. P. O. Box 1877. December 29

JOHN G. GRANT,

STOCK BROKER, 15 HOSPITAL STREET, Members of the Montreal Stock Exchange. January 17 15

P. LAMOTHE & SON,

Re Estate, Insurance and Investment Agents, Office—5 Place d'Armes HILL, MOFFAT & CALDWELL, Bankers, Stock and Real Estate Brokers, 44 MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG, Man. Real estate bought and sold. Mortgages negotiated. Collections made. Correspondence invited. Address Drawer 1289, P.O., Winnipeg, August 16 197

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KAY'S COMPOUND OF LIME, with Chlorodyne.

KAY'S COMPOUND, a demulcent expectorant, for Coughs and Colds.

KAY'S COMPOUND, for Coughs and Colds, is equally serviceable for Horses and Cattle.

KAY'S TIC PILLS, a specific in Neuralgia, Face-ache, &c.

COAGULINE.—Cement for Broken Articles. Sold everywhere.

Sole Makers, KAY BROS., Stockport, England. W. dim 44

HAGGARDS' YELLOW OIL

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and effectual destroyer of worms in Children.

Directly 150 Rue de Rivoli, PARIS, FRANCE. For more than 50 years, Physicians have recommended Freeman's Syrup for all diseases of the Chest: Coughs, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, &c. It is the most active, the most agreeable and the cheapest of all pectoral medicines. Lyman, Sons & Co., Agents, Montreal.

SIROP DE BRIANT.

Directly 150 Rue de Rivoli, PARIS, FRANCE. For more than 50 years, Physicians have recommended Briant's Syrup for all diseases of the Chest: Coughs, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, &c. It is the most active, the most agreeable and the cheapest of all pectoral medicines. Lyman, Sons & Co., Agents, Montreal.

EPILEPSY

According to the present state of Medical Science GLENELEAP'S DRAGBEEBES (Sugar Coated Pills), are acknowledged to be the surest and most active remedy against this terrible disease.—J. MOISNIER, Physician, Soaux, Seine, France.

I CURE FITS!

When any one is troubled with fits, or any other kind of convulsions, I have a sure and certain cure. I have used this medicine for many years, and it has cured many of my friends and patients. It is a simple and easy remedy, and it is sold everywhere. Price 25 cents per bottle. Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluctuating of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

MAN'S ORGANISM

Is the most complex work of the Creator and when this complicated structure, so exquisitely wrought, is disturbed by disease, the most efficient aid should be sought from the most skilled physician for the human body is too precious to be neglected. It becomes the question, then "What physician shall be employed?" Dr. OSCAR JOHANNESSEN, of the University of Berlin, Germany, has made a life-long study of ailments of the Nervous and Genito-Urinary System.

HIS REMEDIES CURE

Any Debility or Derangement of the Nervous System, including Spermatorrhoea, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Stricture, Impotence, etc., &c.

BECAUSE you may have been cheated and fooled by QUACKS, who claim to cure this class of disorders, do not hesitate to give Dr. JOHANNESSEN'S method a fair trial before your case becomes chronic and incurable.

FREE.

A valuable treatise, explanatory of Dr. JOHANNESSEN'S system, will be sent by mail post paid and securely sealed from observation, to any sufferer addressing his sole authorized agent for the United States and Canada.

HENRY VOGELER, 49 South Street, New York.

Complicated symptoms treated from Dr. JOHANNESSEN'S Special Prescription, under advice of a duly qualified consulting physician.

All correspondence held as strictly confidential, and advice by mail free of charge.

MEN ONLY.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y. March 9

JOSEPH GILBERT'S STEEL PENS

COLD MEDAL PARIS 1875

STUART & CO.,

Stock Brokers, 15 HOSPITAL STREET, Members of the Montreal Stock Exchange. January 17 15

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Miscellaneous.

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This agreeable yet potent preparation is especially adapted for the relief and cure of that class of disorders attendant upon a low or reduced state of the system, and usually accompanied by Pallor, Weakness and Palpitation of the Heart. Prompt results will follow its use in cases of Sudden Exhaustion arising from Loss of Blood, Acute or Chronic Dyspepsia or Indigestion. For Improves the Appetite, Loss of Appetite, Debility, and in all cases where a STIMULANT is required, the ELIXIR will be found INVALUABLE.

Price 25c per Bottle. 1/2 Doz. Bottles for \$3

Sole by all Dealers in Medicines.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited) SOLE AGENTS, MONTREAL, P.Q.

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Cross and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

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THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FARINACEOUS FOOD.

LANCET.—"Carefully prepared and highly nutritious."

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HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 8 NEW OXFORD STREET (at the 533 OXFORD STREET), LONDON and are sold at the ld. of, 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 38s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 883 Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

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FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label. This Caution is necessary, owing to various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the Market.

An invaluable and palatable tonic in all cases of weak digestion and debility. "Is a necessity and a boon for which Nations should be grateful."—See Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c. To be had of all Storekeepers, Grocers, and Chemists. Sole Agents for Canada and the United States (wholesale only) various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the Market. O. David & Co., 9, Finchurch Avenue, London, England.

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VALUABLE LANDS

FOR SALE IN MANITOBA.

1250 Acres of Splendid Prairie Lands, situated on Portage Creek, in the Thirteenth Township in the Sixth Range West of the principal Meridian, about Five Miles North of Portage La Prairie City.

The following quarter sections of Land viz.—

The Northeast Quarter of Section 15, Northeast Quarter of Section 16, Southeast Quarter of Section 17, Northwest Quarter of Section 17, Southwest Quarter of Section 15, Northeast Quarter of Section 8.

The above Lands are situated on Portage Creek, and are not surpassed in fertility by any Lands in the North-West. They are dry and in a well settled neighborhood, with good roads, schools etc., and within 5 miles of two Railway Stations.

Terms of Payment Reasonable. Apply at

THE HERALD OFFICE Montreal, Dec. 5 1885

TO PRINTERS.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A Second-hand Gordon Job Cylinder Press Can be run either with Treadle or Steam. Has in Fountain complete. Will print a sheet 18x24 inches. With slight expense can be put in good running order, and would be a useful press in a country office. Apply to HERALD OFFICE.

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RAILWAYS.

Send six cents for postage and receive free, a costly box of either soap, more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. Terms mailed free. Tru & Co., Augusta, Maine. 19

CENTRAL VERMONT RAILROAD

Trains Leave Montreal:

7.35 A.M.—Express, arriving Farnham 9.23 a.m., Granby 10.03 a.m., Waterloo 10.40 a.m., Magog, 11.30 a.m., Sherbrooke 12.15 p.m., Troy 1.00 p.m. This train makes close connection at Magog with steamer Mountain Maid for Georgetown, Vt., and all points on Lake Memphrington.

8.30 A.M.—White Mountain Express, with Pullman Buffet Parlor Car, to Fabyan, arriving 4.33 a.m., Summit Mount Washington 5.30 p.m., Portland 8.00 p.m., Old Orchard Beach 8.30 p.m.

8.30 A.M.—Fast Train, arriving 65 Albany 10.50 a.m.; Burlington 12.10 p.m.; Montpelier 2.50 p.m.; White River Junction, 2.55 p.m.; Boston, via Lowell, 7.30 p.m., via New York, via Springfield, 10.00 p.m.

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars to Boston.

5.00 P.M.—New York and Boston Express, arriving St. Albans 7.35 p.m., Supper, Burlington 9.05 a.m., Montpelier 11.30 a.m., Troy 1.00 p.m., Albany 3.00 a.m., New York 5.00 a.m., Worcester 5.40 a.m., Boston 6.30 a.m., via Springfield, 10.00 p.m.

Wagner Sleeping Cars Montreal to New York and Pullman Sleeping Cars St. Albans to Boston.

Through Cars on this train arriving Waterloo 8.15 p.m., Magog 9.12 p.m. and Sherbrooke 9.55 p.m.

8.30 P.M.—Night Express, for St. Albans, White River Junction, Manchester, Nashua, arriving Boston via Lowell 8.30 a.m., via Fitchburg, 8.30 a.m., New York, via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield, and New Haven 11.45 a.m.

This train makes close connection at Nashua and Winchendon for Worcester; Providence and all points on New York and New England.

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield.

For Tickets, time tables and other information, apply to Montreal and Grand Trunk Offices, or at the Company's office, 21 St. James Street.

A. C. STONEHARVE, Canadian Passenger Agent, G. W. HOBART, E. W. CUMMINGS, Genl. Manager, Gen. Pass. Agent, Montreal, July 5th, 1886.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

WINTER ARRANGEMENT. Commencing 16th Nov., 1886

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS RUN DAILY (Sundays excepted):

Levis..... 5.00 A.M. Riviere du Loup..... 12.05 P.M. Trois Pistoles..... 1.15 P.M. Rimouski..... 3.00 P.M. Little Metis..... 4.11 P.M. Capreol..... 7.50 P.M. St. John..... 10.30 P.M. St. John..... 12.15 A.M. Montreal..... 12.05 P.M.

The Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 11.15 P.M. connect at Chamard Junction with these trains.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destinations on Sundays. The Pullman Car leaving Montreal on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday to St. John.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

THROUGH TICKETS may be obtained via rail and steamer at all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces.

For tickets and a information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangements, &c., apply to

G. W. ROBINSON, Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent, 186 ST. JAMES STREET, Opposite St. Lawrence Hall Montreal.

D. FOTTINGER, Chief Superintendent, RAILWAY OFFICE, Montreal, N.E., Nov. 11th, 1885.

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As approved by the Academy of Medicine of Paris, are especially recommended by the Medical Celebrities of the World for Scrofula, Tumors, King's evil, etc., the early stages of Consumption, Constitutional Weakness, Poverty of Blood, and for stimulating and regulating its periodic course. None genuine unless signed "Blangard, 49 rue Bonaparte, Paris."

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Miscellaneous.

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8.30 A.M.—Fast Train, arriving 65 Albany 10.50 a.m.; Burlington 12.10 p.m.; Montpelier 2

THE CHAMBLAY ELECTION.

Opening the Bribery Campaign in Good Style.

Meetings in the County Yesterday.

Probabilities of To-day's Voting.

The following paragraph appeared in last evening's Star: "CHARGED WITH BRIBERY.—Pierre Racine, Postmaster of Longueuil, was arrested this afternoon at the instance of P. G. Phaneuf, a barrister, upon a charge of bribery and corruption. Mr. Phaneuf in his information laid before Mr. J. M. Dufresne, Justice of the Peace, states that Mr. Racine gave ten dollars to a voter in Chamblay named Moise Delage, delat Lavigne, to vote for Jodoin. Delage immediately took the money and reported the matter to Hon. Mr. Mercier, who at once had proceedings instituted. Racine on presenting the money to Delage is alleged to have said, 'Here are ten dollars to vote for Jodoin. Bring along all the friends you can. There is plenty of money.'

The person charged is not Pierre Racine but Antoine Racine. He was appointed Post Master some five or six months ago, by Mr. Benoit and Mr. Chapleau, the former postmaster having been dismissed, it was said, because he did not act in municipal matters to suit the Government party. It appears that when this too zealous postmaster and agent of Mr. Benoit handed the ten dollar bill to Delage he exhibited a roll of similar notes several inches thick. The ten dollar bill is of the Jacques Cartier bank. This is the bank in which Mr. Chapleau transacts his business, but there is no necessary connection between the two facts. Racine was arrested yesterday and gave bail to appear before Judge Dugas this morning at 10 o'clock. It is alleged that the bribery was done very publicly, some five or six persons being present, but the facts will all come out to-day. The arrest may have the effect of reducing somewhat the extent of the corruption which is said to have been arranged for to-day's election.

In the County of Chamblay there are 2,128 names on the old voters' list and it is claimed that the new list will swell the vote by 250; but the election takes place on the old list. At the last Dominion election between Messrs. Benoit and Berthiaume, there were 1,105 votes cast, of which Mr. Benoit obtained 822, and his opponent 283. At the Provincial election between Mr. Prefontaine and Dr. Martel, the latter received 780 votes, and Mr. Prefontaine 671. There are 820 English voters on the list, of which it is hardly likely that more than 200 will go to the polls. The parishes of which the electoral district consists are St. Basile, St. Bruno, Longueuil, Chamblay Basin and Chamblay Canton, in which Liberal majorities are claimed, and St. Hubert, St. Lambert and Boucherville, which are conceded to the Conservatives. In the latter, however, the Conservative majority, if any there be, is likely to be materially reduced, owing to the fact that Hon. Mr. Boucherville is understood to have refused to support Mr. Jodoin, because of his endorsement of the Government's North-West policy.

For several days past the "orators" of both political parties have been endeavoring to impress upon numerously attended meetings in the several parishes the claims of the two candidates. Messrs. Chapleau, Jodoin, Charland, Tasse and Martel appeared at St. Hubert on Wednesday with the usual declarations and denunciations. The same evening Messrs. Weir, Mercier, Duhamel, Kirwin and Barry addressed an enthusiastic gathering at Chamblay Canton, under the presidency of Mayor Willet. Yesterday afternoon representatives of the two parties proceeded to the different voting places in the county in anticipation of the polling to-day, and devoted the evening to "enthusiasm" the electors and making arrangements for to-day's fight.

THE ABBE TANGUAY'S GENEALOGICAL HISTORY.

A Record of the French Families From the First Settlement of Canada—An English History to Follow. In 1870 the Abbe Tanguay published the first volume of his work—the Genealogical Dictionary of all French-Canadian families on this continent whose ancestors could be traced back to the pioneers from Old France. The second volume has now been published, and there remains four volumes to come, which the Abbe expects to complete in less than two years from the present time. The labor of preparing this work must have been immense. The parochial and other archives bearing on the subject are legion, and about half a million records have been searched to acquire the information that is given. To prevent mistakes, where mistakes might prove to be fruitful of inconvenience and perhaps injustice, the greatest accuracy and care was needed. The Genealogical Dictionary is to serve several purposes. It will be a valuable aid to historians, for it gives information not obtainable from the provincial archives, it will afford proofs in cases concerning ownership of estates; it will enable those interested to judge of the degree of relationship between various families, and the members of it, and if the book should be legalized, as is intended, it will have the same authority in Court as the records and registers; whose information it will materially supplement.

It is Abbe Tanguay's intention, when the work is completed, to deal with the English families of Canada in the same way, since their settlement in the country, and we may congratulate the country in having a gentleman who, at the age of 67, cheerfully attacks a work before which the majority of men would turn aside.

CONSTABLES ASKED TO FOOT THE BILL. Messrs. St. Pierre, Globensky & Busiere, acting on behalf of Messrs. Hughes and Kelly, liquor dealers, entered an action in the Superior Court yesterday morning against Constables Lefort and Brossaud, for damages to the amount of \$200, on behalf of their clients. In the plea it is alleged that in August, 1885, an

Indian named Monique, from Caughnawaga, came to Montreal and got intoxicated. On returning to his reserve he was arrested and subsequently tried before Justice of the Peace Brossaud, and finally convicted. Acting upon information given, it is alleged, Constable Lefort had Messrs. Kelly and Hughes arrested and convicted on the charge of selling liquor to Indians against the Indian law; the consequences were that both Kelly and Hughes were sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 and costs. Shortly afterwards they appeared from that judgment, and Hon. Mr. Taschereau reversed the judgment, alleging that both Lefort and Brossaud had overstepped their powers and had no right to fine Messrs. Kelly and Hughes guilty. Hence the present action, which is taken as compensation for disbursements made.

NEW FIRE ALARM BOXES.

Mr. Gauthier, the Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Department, and his assistants, placed the following new alarm boxes in position yesterday afternoon in the new St. Jean Baptiste Ward:— 131. Eastern Abattoirs. 211. Roy and Hypocrite. 217. Napoleon and Cadieux. 213. St. Lawrence and St. Jean Baptiste. 214. St. Denis and St. Jean Baptiste. 215. Rachel and Sanguinet. 216. No. 14 Fire Station, St. Dominique street. 217. St. Lawrence and Marie-Anne. 218. Sanguinet and Marie-Anne. 219. Cadieux and Mount Royal Avenue. 221. Maple and Roy. 223. Gorgeville Farm [Logan's Farm.]. These boxes are somewhat different to the ones in use in the city and are arranged in such a manner that when an alarm is sounded, no person can give a second alarm unless a certain time has elapsed. The hook may be pulled hundreds of times, and only one alarm will have been struck. As soon as an alarm is given a little gong, which is placed inside of the box, sounds the number of the box loud enough to allow the party to hear the alarm; so if the box should be out of order the gong would not strike.

AMUSEMENTS.

The ever-popular "Mikado," of which one never tires, will be produced at the Academy of Music on August 9th, and throughout the week. Its music and merit need no commendation to those who have enjoyed this best of Gilbert and Sullivan's clever and tuneful operas, and those who have neglected to take the opportunity of hearing it well sung and acted should not allow the occasion to again slip by. The company booked for August 9th is, we learn from the press criticisms, and as the names of the principal artists attest, quite equal to any we have had. Mr. Herbert, the best of Ko-Ko's, and whose performance of this part made so decided a hit here last winter, is with the company, and it is worth a visit to the Academy to enjoy the broad humor he infuses into the part. The other principals are new faces to Montreal, although their names are familiar to the play-goers of the leading American cities, and they are certain to cause singing their way to high honors. The sweet music with which the score of Nanki-Poo abounds has never been heard in Montreal, so great advantage as it will be next month, Mr. Jay Taylor, who plays the part, having a fine tenor voice and good histrionic ability. The fact that our theatres have been closed for some weeks at the strong attraction with which the new season will be inaugurated, ought to attract crowded houses at the Academy.

The Mikado.

The company which opens at the above favorite theatre, Monday, August 9th, is said to be one of the best minstrel companies on the road. The name of Harry Chapman as manager alone should be a sufficient guarantee that the show will be of exceptional excellence. Every piece advertised on the bills will be new and sparkling, and if the press comments of the cities already visited by this combination is any criterion, a grand treat must be certainly in store for our theatre-goers.

ANOTHER VETERAN GONE.

Death of Captain Alex. Davidson.—A sketch of his life and the stirring events in which he was an actor. It is with regret that we have to announce this morning the death from paralysis of Captain Alexander Davidson, Inspector of the British American Insurance Company, and father of Mr. C. P. Davidson, Q.C., which occurred yesterday morning, after a brief illness of only a few hours. The following brief sketch of the deceased gentleman's life is clipped from last evening's Star:—The deceased was of a family long and prominently connected with the early history of the new county of Huntingdon. His father, the late Col. Davidson, came from Dundee in 1820, and was perhaps the earliest pioneer in the now flourishing parish to which the then Governor-General gave the name of Dundee in honor of the Colonel's Scottish home. In the beginning of the troubles of 1837, Colonel Davidson, who had succeeded Colonel Kingston in the command of the Militia of the district, was ordered to raise a regiment of 500 men. This duty, with the assistance of his three sons, he accomplished with great energy, the deceased taking command of a company, John, the adjutant, and the late James Davidson, the paymaster. The deceased took part in the march of a large force to the valley of the Chateauguay under the late General Campbell, led by an infantry detailed to charge upon an entrenchment at Bakers Hill, an affair in which several were killed and wounded and was present when these local forces strengthened by Glengarry battalions effected a junction with a force of regulars under Sir John Colborne at St. Benoit. Upon the disbandment of the forces Captain Davidson was detailed to the command of a detachment embodied for permanent service at Huntingdon and there remained on duty about five years, ultimately retiring with the rank of Major. Subsequently and after a number of vicissitudes of fortune Captain Davidson became connected with the British American Assurance Company, and was regarded as an authority on technical questions of insurance law. Captain Davidson was a man of unswerving integrity, widely respected, and by none of his many friends will his death be more deeply regretted than by those still surviving members of his old force, with whom and him there existed an affection which deepened as time strengthened the romance which grew about the vicissitudes of those old and stirring times.

He Acted Wisely.

"I am so weak I can hardly move. All run down with a Chronic Summer Complaint," said one gentleman to another on our street the other day. "Now, take my advice," replied his friend, "go to your Druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Sarsaparil. I have never known it to fail in curing any kind of Summer Complaints."

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

The Programme for To-morrow's Regatta at St. Anne's.

The Entries for the Lachine Regatta.

The Lacrosse Matches in the City To-morrow.

Lacrosse.

THE JUNIORS VS. VALLEYFIELD. To-morrow afternoon, on the Montreal grounds, the Juniors compete for the District Championship of Southern Quebec. These are the same teams that made a draw match on Dominion Day, and to-morrow's contest should be an interesting one and well worth witnessing.

ST. ANTOINE VS. JUNIORS.

Immediately after the championship match, the second twelve of the Juniors will play the Cote St. Antoine team, and another good game should result. As these are the only lacrosse matches in the city to-morrow, the double events are deserving of a good game.

Aquatic.

THE LACHINE REGATTA.

The entries for the Lachine regatta, to be held on August 7th under the auspices of the Canadian Amateur Oarsmen's Association, close to-day, and thus far a large number of first-class entries have been made. The programme this year will include six races, each for the amateur championship of its class in Canada. The most important will be—

THE SENIOR FOUR-OARED RACE.

For the Canadian challenge cup, valued at \$600, and four gold medals. There are at present four crews entered, namely, the Argonauts, of Toronto, ex-champions of America; the Toronto, who won the junior championship of America at Albany last week, and will row at Lachine as seniors; the Ottawas and the Lachines. The three visiting crews are of the highest class, and the Lachine crew will have its work out to hold its own. Another race which will prove fully as interesting will be—

THE JUNIOR FOUR-OARED RACE.

For this no less than seven crews are entered, representing nearly every first-class rowing club in Canada. They are the Argonauts, of Toronto, the Don Amateurs, of Toronto, the Ottawas, the Lachines, the Baysides, of Toronto, the Hamilton Leaders and the Albany Rowing Club, of Albany, N. Y. The last mentioned crew is looked upon as especially formidable, as it rowed a very fast race with the Toronto at Albany last week.

THE SENIOR SINGLE SCULL RACE.

Has six or seven entries, including J. J. Donohue, of Hamilton, and two entries from the Metropolitan Club, of New York.

THE JUNIOR SINGLE SCULL RACE.

will also afford an interesting contest, there being five entries from the western rowing clubs, all said to be promising men.

IN ADDITION

to these races, which will show the best amateur rowing there is in Canada, there will be the double scull race for the Hop Challenge cup, the entries for which are not yet all in; and the single scull rig-rigged race, for which there are a couple of strong entries from the Grand Trunk Rowing Club, Point St. Charles.

THE HOMER-LAING RACE.

At Valleyfield to-morrow will be decided the question of the aquatic supremacy of the City of Montreal. At 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon, Joe Laing, of Montreal, and George Homer, of the Hub, meet in a three mile scullers' race for a purse of \$1,500. The race is sure to be a game one from start to finish, as neither man can afford to suffer defeat. There will be no hippodrome business, and a special train will undoubtedly run. A special train leaves for Valleyfield at 10.10 a.m., and as great interest is taken in the race, hundreds of Montrealers are sure to witness the contest. Both men are reported as being in splendid condition and the race is sure to be well worth witnessing. Pools will be sold at the American House, Notre Dame street, at 8 o'clock this evening. At present the odds are slightly in favor of Laing.

The English yacht Galatea, over the arrival of which some uneasiness was felt, has been reported at New York.

The annual race of the Quebec Yacht Club for the commodore's and vice-commodore's cup will take place to-morrow.

The St. Anne's Regatta.

The annual regatta of the St. Anne's Boating Club, which takes place at St. Anne's to-morrow, promises to be one of the most enjoyable aquatic events of the season. We give below the programme of the various events. In the evening the pleasure of the day will be closed with a grand bonnet hop, given under the auspices of the club.

PROGRAMME OF RACES.

1st. Yacht race—Distance, twice around the St. Anne's course; yachts to be sailed by 10 a.m. start at 11 a.m. 1st prize, sweepstake; 2nd prize, yacht to save entrance money. 2nd. Open sailing boat race—Once around course; start 11.15 a.m. 1st prize, cup presented by E. L. Bond, Esq.; 2nd, boat to save entrance. 3rd. Open course sailing races—Distance, once around course; start 11.30 a.m. 1st prize, mantle clock, presented by J. S. Brown, Esq.; 2nd prize, boat to save entrance. 4th. Deeked canoe sailing race—Distance, once around course; 1st prize, gold pencil, presented by L. E. Dowker, Esq.; 2nd boat saves entrance. 5th. Boys single scull, one mile with turn, start at 2.30—1st prize, cup, presented by Geo. Barry, Esq.; 2nd prize, silver scull. 6th. Tandem canoe race, boys not over 10 years, distance half mile with turn, start 2.45 a.m.—1st prize, two gold sculls, presented by C. E. Solater, Esq.; 2nd prize, two silver canoe scull pins. 7. Men's double scull, one mile with turn.—1st prize, 2 sets gold scull pins, presented by guests of Clarendon Hotel; 2nd prize, presented by H. M. Perrault, Esq.

Canoe race, (lady and gentleman).

1st prize for lady, gold canoe brooch, presented by guests of Clarendon Hotel. 2nd prize for lady, silver bracelet; 1st prize for gentleman, gold scull pin, presented by J. W. Grier, Esq.; 2nd prize, silver match box.

Boys (not over 15 years) double scull.

one mile with turn, start 3.50 p.m.—1st prize, two cups, presented by James Bailey, Esq.; 2nd prize, two fishing rods. 10th. Tandem canoe race, half mile

with turn—1st prize, two coral scull pins, presented by R. C. Simpson, Esq.; 2nd prize, presented by Walter Kavanagh, Esq.

11th. Men's single scull race, one mile, with turn; start 4.30 p.m.—1st prize, ruby scull pin, presented by C. F. Smith, Esq.; 2nd prize, gold pencil, presented by V. Routh, Esq.

At the conclusion of the races the prizes will be presented at the Club House, and in the evening a bonnet hop will be held.

All races will be governed by the rules of the St. Anne Boat Club.

The sailing races are open events. The other races are only open to members of boating clubs on Lake St. Louis.

The officers of the club are: E. L. Bond, Esq., President; L. P. Dowker, Esq., Vice-President; J. W. Grier, Esq., Honorary Secretary; W. R. Knowles, Secretary and C. P. Solater, Committee.

The following are the starters of Montreal: M. C. Perrault, J. M. Cerrault, J. S. Brown, George Barry, J. Bailey, R. C. Simpson, and W. A. Stephenson.

The judges are the presidents of the Point Claire, Lacene and Valois Boating Clubs and the President and Committee of the St. Anne Boat Club.

CITY NEWS.

AN INTERESTING QUESTION.—What shall we drink this hot weather? "William, put a little Richelieu water in mine."

HYMAN'S CELEBRATED CUT PIG (medium strength), and Hyman's extra mild cut pig (especially mild) to be had only at S. Hyman's, 180 St. James street.

SEVERAL FINE SECOND HAND PIANOS for sale or rent. Apply to the New York Piano Co., 228 St. James street. Agents for leading American pianos. b190

THE BEST YEAST—By its mild, cool, sweet and pleasant smoking qualities, the "Perique Mixture" maintains its position among the best tobaccos of the day. Prepared and sold only by Hirsch (opposite Post Office).

PIPES.—Every variety of pipes, block silver mounted, with amber or volomite stems, Lalavist ditto, and every other desirable shape to be had at A. Gerth's Queen's Block, 1323 St. Catherine street. u181

SEVERAL LOVELY WEBER PIANOS were received at the New York Piano Co.'s store, St. James street, yesterday. It is a real pleasure to listen to the tones of these Weber instruments. b180

AWFULLY HOT!—This hot weather nothing is more delicious than a plate of ice cream. It can be obtained at Alexander's, 219 St. James street, in all flavors, and they send home any quantity when ordered.

MANITOBA & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY Company's following memo has been received:—Track laid from July 19th to 23rd, 1886, from station 7,240 to station 7,405; total feet, 16,500; total track laid, 1886, 10,866 miles.

POSTPONED.—The open air concerts which were to have been held last evening by the bands of the 65th and Victoria Rifles, in the Viger Gardens and on Dominion Square respectively, had to be postponed owing to the bad weather which prevailed.

JOURNALISTIC EXCURSIONISTS.—The members of the Associated Press of the Province of Quebec, whose headquarters are in the Ascot Capital, will arrive in Montreal to-morrow morning on their annual tour. The tour this year will be through the Eastern Townships.

A SLIGHT FIRE.—A bucket of rubber cement caught fire in the Canadian Rubber Factory yesterday morning, and an alarm was sounded calling out the Eastern division of the brigade. The services of the firemen were not required as the employees extinguished the fire before their arrival.

CARTERS IN TROUBLE.—Before His Honor the Recorder, yesterday, five men fined \$2 or eight days each for driving without a license. One was fined a similar amount for driving without a number. Another, for exorbitant charging, had to pay a fine of \$2.50 or eight days, while two others were fined \$5 or fifteen days each for fast driving.

THE CUSTOMS AND IRON PRICES.—Mr. James P. Wolf, the special agent of the Customs, has returned from the iron districts of Pennsylvania, where he has been obtaining some iron prices for the Customs Department. The special agent states that the prospects of the iron trade there are encouraging, many of the furnaces which are shut down proposing opening at an early date.—Star.

A GOOD RESOLUTION.—The Chairman of the Board of Health is highly gratified at the very able manner in which several important cases against parties for permitting nuisances on their premises have been prosecuted by the Assistant City Attorney, Mr. Edner. The department is resolved to take prompt action in the handling of similar matters liable to competition, and which are shut down proposing opening at an early date.—Star.

REMAINED FOR TRIAL.—Napoleon St. Julien, Alphonse Pilon and Adolphe Cheyrier, who were arrested a few days ago by High Constable Bissonette, Deputy High Constable Champagne and Sergeant Charbonneau on charge of intimidating their fellow workmen on the Ontario & Quebec Railway at LaSalle, were yesterday released by the Police, pending trial at the next term of the Court of Queen's Bench on the charge of intimidation.

THE AGRICULTURE CANADIEN.—The second number of L'Agriculteur Canadien, the latest addition to the agricultural journals of Canada, is to hand, replete with news and articles of interest to farmers and others interested in agriculture. Outside of the particular purpose for which the new journal was instituted, it is a first-class family paper. The paper deserves a large circulation, not only in Quebec, but every province of the Dominion, and the editor and proprietor, Mr. H. Chaput, is to be congratulated on the success which has attended his venture in journalism.

THE FIRE AT BACK RIVER.—The fire mentioned in yesterday morning's HERALD as occurring at Back River proved to be the large building long known to Montrealers as the Pen and Ink House. The building, which was for years occupied by Mr. Wright, N. P., has been for some time vacant. The house was recently purchased by Mr. W. Wiseman, and had been fitted up for a hotel. As no water could be obtained the building was completely destroyed. The loss will be about \$4,000, fully covered by insurance.

THE DITTRICH FIRE ESCAPE.

The Dittlich Fire Escape will give a public exhibition to-day at 4 o'clock, of their improved automatic fire escape, from THE HERALD building. They claim that it is the safest and best fire escape in the world. It has the endorsement of the City Building Inspector, who, after examining it privately has no hesitation in proclaiming it the best and surest fire escape ever shown in Montreal. It will be interesting to manufacturers, hotel-keepers, and private citizens to witness the exhibition this afternoon.

THE VISITING FREIGHT AGENTS.—The members of the Freight Agents' Association who have been in conclave in Montreal during the past two days, concluded their business yesterday morning. The rest of the day was spent in visiting the various places of interest in and about Montreal. In the evening the management of the Windsor Hotel gave another hop, which was attended by all the visitors, and a pleasant evening was spent. The whole party delighted with their trip to Montreal.

THE HIDE INSPECTION CASE.—Judgment was rendered by His Honor the Recorder, in the now celebrated Hide Inspection case yesterday morning. The Recorder stated that it had been proven that the filth under the floor in the building was dangerous to health. The place was considered as a nuisance, but the filth of it was against the regulations of the Board of Health, and consequently he was compelled to impose a fine of \$5 and costs on the defendants. He suggested that a cement floor, slanting toward a gully, be placed immediately in the store, and thus further complaints would be avoided.

COURT OF SESSIONS.—The sitting of the Court of Special Sessions was held yesterday morning. There were only two cases for trial, that of the man Dolphus Brunet, accused of robbing a man named S. Jean at St. Cunegonde. The accused pleaded not guilty, but the evidence was too strong against him and he was convicted. He was remanded until Saturday for sentence. Alfred Berard was sentenced to three months imprisonment for having stolen a watch and chain, valued at \$30, from the person of Mathew Davidson on the 13th inst., as already reported.

DOWNS VS. QUARM.—Mr. Justice Torrance, in the Superior Court yesterday morning, stated that he was ready to deliver judgment in the above case; but before doing so he advised the parties interested to come to an amicable settlement if possible. Mr. Downie then said he was ready to withdraw his action if the defendant would return the security in his hands. Mr. Archibald, counsel for Mr. Quarm, then offered \$100 to be paid in the course of the day, in order that his client might be released from jail. This having been agreed to, the counsel left with the understanding that the action was withdrawn, each party paying his own costs.

THE GROCER'S PRO-NO.—A largely attended meeting of the Grocers' Association was held at the Hope Coffee House last evening for the purpose of completing arrangements for their annual picnic which will be held this year at St. Hyacinthe. The chair was occupied by Mr. Graham, and during the evening a first-class programme of sports and games was arranged. The prizes which are numerous are handsome and valuable. Among the events on the programme is a 100 yards race open to the members of the local press for which three valuable prizes will be offered. This will be a chance for the flyers of the newspaper guild to prove their speed.

THE CALEDONIAN SOCIETY.

Hold a Special Meeting Last Evening.—Arrangements for the Annual Games Completed. A largely attended special meeting of the Caledonian Society was held last evening in St. Andrew's Home, Dorchester street. The chair was occupied by Col. A. A. Stevenson, who explained that the purpose for which the meeting had been called was to complete arrangements for the holding of the Society's annual sports and games on the military grounds, St. Helen's Island, on Saturday, 14th August. It was decided to send invitations to the various Caledonian societies in Canada and the United States to send delegates to take part in the games, which this year will be conducted under the auspices of the North American United Caledonian Association, which will hold its convention in this city the day previous to the games. After the various committees had been appointed to arrange for the successful holding of the picnic and games, the meeting adjourned.

This year this society will introduce a novel competition to inaugurate the sports of the day. Through the generosity of the Caledonian Insurance Company, of Edinburgh, Scotland, represented by Messrs. Taylor Bros. here, the Society has had placed at its disposal an amount to be awarded in three prizes for competition in the Society's games. As most appropriate, considering the source of this contribution, and in view of the importance of life saving apparatus at fires, and the speediest mode of handling them on such occasions, the Society has decided on applying the amount in prize to an exhibition of efforts in rescuing life from a building supposed to be on fire, and under the regulations following, viz.—A ladder to be placed against one of the tallest buildings of Victoria Square. Competitors to ascend ladder to top, rescue from the building (supposed to be on fire) the representation of a human form and deposit it on a platform at the foot of ladder.

The competitor accomplishing this feat in the shortest time will be awarded 1st prize, \$40.00; 2nd, \$20.00; 3rd, \$10.00. Competition to commence at 10 o'clock sharp, on the morning of the day of the Society's Games, [14th August]. Entrance fee 50 cents; open to members of the Fire Brigade and of Caledonian Clubs and Societies affiliated with the N.A.U.C.A. At the close of this competition the Society and its Guests (regulars from Caledonian Societies in United States and Canada), accompanied by the Band, Pipes and Drummers of the 5th Royal Scots, and part of its Battalion, intending Competitors at the games and Pipe Music, will proceed to St. Helen's Island, where the other portion of the programme of games will be gone through.

Belshazzar's Warning.

"Tried in the balance and found wanting," is the general verdict rendered against most of the so-called cures for lung troubles. Such a decision has never been given against Dr. B. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." On the contrary, it is conceded by thousands who have tried it to be the only remedy for consumption (scrofula of the lungs) and scrofulous diseases generally. It will not cure when better than most, but if it fails when other fails. It is also specific for such scrofulous affections as fever-sore, white swellings, hip-joint disease, and great leg ulcers, and for blood taints generally, from whatever cause arising. By Druggists. d c w 178

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

BY THE RIVER AND CANAL.

The steamship Acton leaves port to-day. Steamship Dominion is expected to leave to-day. The steamship Sarnia left for Liverpool yesterday.

The Custom House receipts for yesterday amounted to \$30,620.50.

A number of barges from Sorel, loaded with grain, arrived yesterday. Steamship Concordia, of the Donaldson Line, leaves port to-day for Glasgow. Steamship Ocean King, of the Temperley Line, will arrive in port this morning.

The depth of water yesterday in the ship channel at Lake St. Peter was 27 feet 5 inches. The ship Asia left the canal yesterday for Hochelaga wharf, where she will take 1,250,000 feet of lumber.

Steamship Eastern Star, with a cargo of coal, arrived in port from Cow Bay, consigned to H. Dobell & Co.

The steamship Benaceur, with a cargo of coal, is expected to arrive this morning. She is consigned to C. McLean.

Steamship Capulet, with a cargo of coal consigned to Kingman, Brown & Co., is expected to-day from Sydney.

The steamship Lake Nepigon, of the Beaver Line, sails to-day for Liverpool with 247 head of cattle and 481 sheep. Steamship Ashlene is expected in port to-day. She is consigned to J. G. Sidney and will load with lumber for England.

Ship Pathier, with a cargo of sugar from Iloilo, is expected in port to-day. She is consigned to Anderson, Mackenzie & Co.

The bark Our Annie arrived in port yesterday with a cargo of salt from Turkey's Island, consigned to Carberry, Routh & Co.

Bark Amicus left the Island wharf yesterday, where she will load 400,000 feet of lumber at the Hochelaga wharf for Buenos Ayres.

The steamship Invermay, consigned to the Intercolonial Coal Company, is expected to arrive in port to-morrow with a cargo of coal from Sydney.

Yesterday a lad of 14, named Alderic Louison, fell into the river near Longueuil, and after much difficulty was rescued by a young man named Stone who happened to be passing at the time.

The steamship Labrador, from Havre, arrived at New York harbor yesterday on fire. There was a quantity of Canadian goods on board. No particulars have been yet given as to how the fire originated.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

ARRIVED.—July 28.

Bark Our Annie, 364, Emond, Turkey's Island, Carberry, Routh & Co. Steamship Eastern Star, 775, Rose, Cow Bay, coal, Hy. Dobell & Co. Barge May, Woods, lumber. Barge Watcot, Murphy & Co., lumber. Barge Betsy, Dobell, lumber. Barge Union St. Joseph, St. Armand, lumber.

Barge W. Owens, Bouvier, grain. Barge Alma, Danveur, cordwood. Barge arrangements de Peuple, Caron, cordwood. Barge Emp de France, Lavigne, cordwood. Barge Rock, Auclair, cordwood. Barge St. Joseph, K.B.F., cordwood. Barge Biemarck, M.M.F. Co., grain. Barge Lancaster, M.T. Co., grain. Barge George, Miller, Blanchard, lumber.

Barge St. Joseph, Champagne, sand. Barge Fleuret de Marie, Hyemman, sand. Barge Beaupere, Delaire, grain.

CLEARED JULY 28.

Steamship Bratberg, 912, Neilson, Sydney, Kingman, Brown & Co. Steamship Phonician, 1552, McKillop, London, general, H. & A. Allan. Steamship Sarnia, 2421, Gibson, Liverpool, general, D. Torrance & Co. Steamship Benan, 812, Neilson, Liverpool, lumber, G. S. McLean. Steamship Concordia, 1616, McLean, Glasgow, general, R. Reford & Co. Steamship Lake Nepigon, 1438, Tranmer, Liverpool, general, H. E. Murray & Co. Bark Veritas, 1000, McCully, Buenos Ayres, lumber, Kingman, Brown & Co. Steamship Dominion, 2031, Wall, Bristol, general, D. Torrance & Co.

ARRIVED BY LACHINE CANAL.—July 29.

Barge Colborne, from Kingston to Montreal, 20,711 bush corn, order. Barge Phoscor, 7 bxs eggs 5 tubs butter, order. Barge Phoscor, 7 bxs eggs 5 tubs butter, order