

The Mercury, being the only Daily Evening Newspaper in Quebec, and at all times fully up with the very latest intelligence, offers to the public a most desirable Advertising Channel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mail Steamer for Montreal—J. H. Deschamps.
Music Hall—Grand Concert.
St. Andrew for Glasgow—Allans, Rae & Co.
New Crop—John Teasdale.
English Cheese—do
Hams & Bacon—do
Marmalade—do
Rail's Sale—P. Campagna.
Card—Dr. Rousseau.
Rail's Sale—W. H. Taylor.
Diocesan Church Society—A. J. Woolryke.
The Boston Fillet—A. G. Burns.
Bookeller—A. G. Burns.
Clouds—Behan Brothers.
Literary and Historical Society—Geo. Weir.
New York Ledger—F. Sinclair & Son.
Literary Album—do.
Music Hall—Amateurs 20th Regiment.
Bank of Upper Canada—T. Grant.
Quebec Post Office—J. Sewell.
Boston Pilot—H. W. Bell & Co.
To Let—Donald J. MacLeod.
\$50,000 Worth of Dry Goods—Oleiver & Fry.
Dancing Classes—Miss S. McCaffrey.
Morris College—John Cook.
Grand Frank Railway—C. J. Bridges.
Cigars at the Medical Hall—R. McLeod.
Important Sale of Dry Goods—Laird & Telfer.
Hops! Hops!—Behan Brothers.
Journ's Kid Gloves—Leger & Rinfret.
Flannels! Flannels!—Behan Brothers.
New Flannels—O'Doherty & Co.
AUCTION SALES.
Shoemaker's Stock in Trade—Kearney & Co.
Auction Sales—Owen Murphy.
Assignees Sale—Casey & Co.

MUSIC HALL

THURSDAY

EVENING, NOVEMBER 16th, 1866.

GRAND INSTRUMENTAL & VOCAL

Concert,

Under the Distinguished Patronage

His Excellency the Governor General,

In Aid of the Sufferers

BY THE
LATE GREAT FIRE,
Under the Direction of Mr. F. W. Mills, F.R.C.

ADMISSION, 50 cents; Numbered Seats, 75 cents.
A plan of numbered seats to be seen at Mr. Morgan's, where tickets may also be obtained.
Quebec, Nov. 8, 1866. 257



Quebec Mercury.

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 10.

Mercury Special Despatches.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.

FROM OTTAWA TO-DAY.

TO THE QUEBEC MERCURY:—

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.
To-day's Canada Gazette contains the appointment of Mr. Langan as Postmaster General; also six commissioners in accordance with the act to provide for the issue of Provisional notes.
S. W. Foster and Peter Cowan are appointed jointly Sheriff of the district of Bedford in place of Browne dismissed.
Pierre Lapierre, Esq., of St. Romuald, is appointed a Quebec South Shore Road Trustee.
A Militia Order states that Volunteers in uniform are not allowed to wear any medals or decorations, excepting such as have been conferred by Her Majesty or by the Commander-in-Chief.
An Order in Council providing against the introduction and spreading of diseases affecting certain animals is revoked, relative to horses imported by sea.
Collectors of Customs are instructed to file invoices after the 1st January on ship blocks, sail cloth, &c., authorized to be taken out of bond duty free, by ship builders.
After the 1st January all registration fees must be paid in stamps.
The discount on United States invoices for the week is 31 per cent.

COURT-MARTIAL.

We learn that an important Court Martial will assemble at Montreal next week, under the presidency of Major-General the Honourable James Lindsay. The party accused is Major James Clerly, of the 100th Regiment: the charge has not transpired. All the chief military officers in the Province have been summoned to headquarters for the trial.

CUSTOM HOUSE RECEIPTS.

The amount of duties collected at the Custom House to-day was \$896.86.

THE VERY LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Quebec Mercury.

THIRD REPORT.—7 P.M.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York, Nov. 10.
The steamer City of Paris and Deutchland took out for Europe, to-day, \$223,000.
Cyrus Field, who in the prosecution of his Atlantic Telegraph enterprise, twice came near financial ruin, and finally was obliged to compromise with his creditors, has addressed a letter to every creditor who suffered by the suspension of his house in 1860, requesting a statement of the amount compromised and interest. For all the amounts thus far shown to have been lost by creditors, he has given a check in full. The whole will be about \$200,000.

New York, Nov. 10.
The following is the despatch already referred to as having been kept from the President by Secretary Stanton.

New Orleans, La., July 28.

To Hon. E. M. Stanton Secy. of War.

A convention has been called with the sanction of Gov. Wells, to meet here on Monday.

The Lieut. Gov. and city authorities think it unwise and propose to break it up by arresting the delegates.

I have given no orders on the subject, but have warned the parties that I could not countenance or permit such action without instructions to that effect from the President.

Please instruct me at once by telegraph. (Signed) A. HARRIS.

Brevet Major General.

The National Intelligencer says if this despatch had been shown to the President, the riot would never have occurred.

Washington, Nov. 10.

Gen. Sherman and Hon. L. D. Campbell, Minister to Mexico, sailed to-day for Vera Cruz.

New York, Nov. 10.

The Post's money article says: Loan market easy at 5 & 6. Stocks dull. Government securities quiet. Railroad shares lower.

Phineas S. Willard was instantly killed this morning, at Todd & Rifford's steam machinery establishment by a piece of machinery falling upon him.

THE DELEGATION TO ENGLAND.

The remaining three Delegates to England will leave on Monday.—Mr. Cartier from Montreal, Mr. Macdonald from Kingston, and Mr. Howland from Toronto, to take Wednesday's Cunard steamer at New York.

DUTIES REFUSED.

Warrants were issued on the 8th inst., to the Bank of Montreal, for the sum of \$205,000 for duties returned at sundry ports, pursuant to the reports of Collectors received at the Seat of Government, as per late Order in Council.

DRUMMOND AND ARTHABASKA.

We are requested to state that J. Talbot, Esquire, Advocate, of Quebec, has been called upon to stand for the representation of this County.

MR. GALT.

This gentleman will not leave for England till the end of the present month.

UNITED STATES ELECTIONS.

New York has elected to Congress John Morrissey, prize-fighter and gambler; and rejected Horace Greeley, philanthropist and philosopher. Two colored men have been elected to seats in the Legislature of Massachusetts. This is certainly a novelty in American politics, of a most important character, and may doubtless be followed by others of a like character in the other States, and there will be a logical advance from the struggle as to giving negroes votes, to a contest as to giving them public office.

Of all the eleven or twelve States which held their annual election on Tuesday last, Delaware appears to be the only one that has gone in favor of the Democratic or Johnson party.

VOLUNTEER APPOINTMENTS AT MONTREAL.

Lieut.-Colonel Macpherson has been appointed Deputy-Assistant Adjutant General, in room of Lieut.-Col. Browne, who has left the country. He is to be succeeded as Brigade-Major, by Major Thomas Bacon, of the Montreal Victoria Rifles. It is rumored that Lieut.-Col. Howard retires from the command of the Victoria Rifles, to be succeeded in the command by Major Hartland S. Macdonnell.

Major-General the Hon. J. Lindsay will return home early in the ensuing year, and succeed Lord F. Paulet as General attached to the Guards. Many Canadians will regret his departure.

DEATH OF MR. SNIDER.

We notice that the death of Mr. Snider, the inventor of the breech-loading rifle which bears his name, and which is now being placed in the hands of all the British troops, is announced in the English papers. Our contemporaries on the other side of the Atlantic are very bitter in their remarks upon the treatment Mr. Snider received at the hands of the Government, alleging, and apparently on good ground, that the War Office greatly accelerated his death. His case was taken up by several of the leading journals, but too late for the unfortunate inventor to benefit by the awakening of public feeling; he was then on his death bed worn out by the cruelties he had suffered, literally dying of starvation. He died twelve hours before his Solicitor could inform him that £15,000 was awarded to him by the Government in August last.

THE BAR.

The following gentlemen were yesterday admitted to the study of the law after passing the usual examination:—Messrs. Chas. H. Label, Crawford M. A. Lindsay, Jean Baptiste Morrisette.

PICCOLIARI.

Holwell has more fine views, and Leslie of Nov. 17.

CITY COUNCIL, LAST NIGHT.

The City Council met last night. Present: His Worship the Mayor (in the Chair), and Aldermen Hall, Hearn, Rinfret, and Renaud; and Councillors Pruneau, O'Brien, Longley, St. Michel, Henry, O'Malley, Dussault, Ray, Campbell, Lavoie, Baidne and Hamel.

Councillor St. Michel stated, for the information of the Council, that the new stalls erected on the Jacques Cartier and Berthelot Markets had been leased by auction, realizing the following monthly rents: Jacques Cartier Market, \$22,000; Berthelot Market, \$110,655.

Alderman Renaud submitted a report from the Fire Committee, informing the Council that two fire companies had now been organized—one for St. Roch's and Jacques Cartier Wards, with Mr. Joseph Gregoire as captain, and the other for St. John's and Montcalm Wards, with Mr. P. St. Hillaire as captain, and recommending that certain persons now in the employ of the Corporation be retained in connection with the Fire Department, in view of their acquaintance with the working of the water supply and other necessary subjects.

Councillor Pruneau then moved that the Mayor be authorized to sell Quebec Bank stock, held on account of the city sinking fund to the extent of \$11,000, to pay off the city debt, which became due and redeemable on the 1st November inst.

The Mayor said that in the connection he might remark upon the position in which, by the mistake made in the books respecting the time for the redemption of these debentures, he found himself placed. They became redeemable on the 1st instant, whereas they were entered as only falling due 1st November, 1867, and he had in consequence to provide for \$16,800 debentures; he had to go to the holders and beg of them not to protest the debentures, but to wait till to-day, to enable him to take the necessary steps to save the credit of the Corporation. The holders were good enough to do so. He was afraid the Quebec debentures would not sell so well as others; and he ordered that \$600,000 worth of Ontario stock should be sold and \$10,000 of the others. The former realized 102½ and the latter 98½. Yesterday he had gone to redeem his pledge with the holders and he wanted to transfer the stock of the Quebec Bank for the purpose, but he had been told by Mr. Stevenson that he did not know whether the Mayor had any authority to do so or not. He was naturally astonished at such a remark, and had never met such opposition anywhere else. Of course, the Council were bound to know what took place; and he was answerable to them and the public for the administration of the city finances; but at the same time he was, with the Treasurer, the administrator of the finances; and if in an emergency like the present, the Council were not to meet for two or three weeks, the result was easily known, and in what position the credit of the city would be placed. At length, the Quebec Bank people said they would consider the matter privately, and if they went to another Bank, and asked them whether they would not advance on his own responsibility and signature as Mayor, enough to meet the civic emergency at the moment. It was advanced; and he had to pay that money to-day, pending the passage of this resolution. It was only in that institution (the Quebec Bank) that such courses were taken, and it was not surprising that, although an old institution, its stock stood only at 98½, while that of younger banks brought 102 to 104, and that the former could only pay 7 per cent, when others gave 8.

Referring then to the subject of the fire alarm telegraph, His Worship said that according to the decision of the Council, he had written to Kennard & Co. to come down on the 20th inst., in reference to the matter. A draft of the proposed agreement between those gentlemen and the Corporation had been prepared, which the City Clerk would now read.

Councillor Pruneau's motion was then agreed to.

The City Clerk then read the draft in question.

Alderman Renaud moved that the Mayor be authorized on behalf of the Corporation to sign a contract between them and Kennard & Co., for the erection of a fire alarm telegraph, according to the terms and conditions of the draft just read and approved, and to be notifiably executed. After some conversation as to the limitation of time for the completion of the work, a general agreement was come to in favor of the 1st June next being made the term and the motion was carried.

On motion of Councillor St. Michel, the report of the Market Committee already mentioned was taken up as the first order, when, after two ballots, Mr. Joseph Pruneau was declared elected, Assistant Clerk of St. Paul's Market, and the remainder of the report referring to the collection of market arrears was adopted without discussion.

The by-law empowering the Corporation to hold investigations into the origin of fire occurring within the city limits, was read a third time and passed.

A by-law to impose a special annual rate upon life and Marine insurance companies or agencies, was read a first time.

Councillor Langlois moved that the Treasurer be instructed to prepare and submit to the Council at its next meeting a statement of the indebtedness (arrears) of each of the city wards under the last special taxes.—Carried.

Alderman Rinfret moved that the Fire Committee be instructed to report at the next meeting, also, on the number and condition of fire engines possessed by the Corporation, upon the suggestion of Councillor Campbell. "That is view of the numerous fires that have lately occurred in this city, the Fire Inspector be instructed to have the fire engines kept at all times ready for use, and a supply of water ready in a vehicle or vehicles in each section of the city, during the time when the water is turned off from such section, so that the same may be promptly called with the engine to any fire occurring during that time.—Carried.

Alderman Hearn moved, in accordance with the recommendation of the Finance Committee, that it be resolved that the Corporation be most anxious to obtain the widening of St. Ours and St. Joseph's streets—the first to 100 feet, and the second to 60 feet, and undertake to solicit authority of the Legislature for the power now easy to issue debentures at the earliest possible moment to pay the cost of such improvement, provided the owners of the ground required dispose of it to the Corporation upon reasonable terms.—Carried.

Alderman Hearn again moved, and it was resolved that the Mayor be requested to order the payment to Constable Jalbert of the amount due him for services in connection with the Quebec and Louis Ferry.

He also gave notice that he would move at the next meeting that the Corporation be continued in the employ of the Corporation in connection with the City Water Works and drainage, &c., with the same salary (\$1200) as he had hitherto received, to be paid from the 5th ult.

The Council then adjourned until Friday next.

BY TELEGRAPH THIS DAY.

Reported for the Daily Mercury.

FIRST REPORT.—10 A.M.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

BY THE CABLE.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 9, Noon.

Brokers' Circular reports cotton sales for the week 76,000 bales. Middling Uplands declined today 1d, closing at 14½d.

LONDON, Nov. 9, Noon.

Consols for money opened 95½. The following were the closing prices: American securities—U.S. 5-20's 92; Illinois Central 77; U.S. 5-20's 93.

LONDON, Nov. 9, Evening.

There is no political news of moment this evening.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8.

Market for Cotton is unchanged; Middling Uplands quoted 14½, the day's transactions have totaled up 10,600 bales. Lard declining. Corn quoted 35s. for mixed western.

LONDON, Nov. 9, Evening.

Consols for money closed 95½; Erie 52; U.S. 5-20's 93; Illinois Central 77.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Washington, Nov. 9.

Odd Fellow's Hall was well filled this evening with Fenians, to express their sympathy in response to the call of the National Executive Committee of Irish citizens, to express the sentiments of the Irish at the Capital in regard to the trials of Fenians in Canada.

Resolutions were adopted denouncing the action of the Canadian authorities, and calling on the U.S. Government to interfere in behalf of the prisoners.

Several able speakers addressed the meeting. Considerable enthusiasm was displayed by the audience, and the denunciations of British tyranny and the exposition of the wrongs of Ireland elicited energetic applause.

Information was received that the Canadian authorities will comply with the request of the U.S. Government to be prompt in furnishing with records of the trials of U.S. citizens arrested as Fenian invaders.

SECOND REPORT.—1 P.M.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York, Nov. 10.

Panama correspondence says:—

Intelligence has been received from Peru to the effect that Gen. Castella had been arrested for complicity in Balta's conspiracy to depose Prado. The election for President was progressing at the polls.

In the peace negotiations now being carried on between Spain and Peru, the latter State rejects all Spanish claims for church property, and if Spain refuses the proposition Peru will prosecute the war with renewed vigor.

Blivia, on the 26th Sept., demanded an explanation from Brazil of the latter's conduct in aiding the Spanish fleet at Rio after its defeat at Callas. The demand was couched in the most threatening language.

New York, Nov. 10.

James Lewis, one of the prisoners in the Fugate, who with his son was charged with the murder of Reverend Mr. Richmond and who put his throat on the 30th ult., died yesterday from his injuries.

A Washington telegram says a mass meeting was held in Washington yesterday, at which General Heath and others delivered speeches. Resolutions were adopted protesting against the sentences of Lynch and McManis, and thanking the President and Secy. Seward for their interference in behalf of the prisoners.

It is said in diplomatic circles that our relations with England are improving. The British Government has unofficially shown such a friendly spirit that it is believed the indemnity claims without an ultimatum from this side.

It is more than probable that such are now our relations with the Juárez administration that the United States troops will soon enter Mexico.

The World has the following despatch by the Cable:—London, Nov. 9.—Telegrams from Frankfort, dated last evening, advise a better in 5.20's; quotations with sales for cash, 73½.

To the Editor of the Daily Mercury.

Sir,—Allow me through the columns of your highly respected paper to draw your attention to a most pitiful case, which I witnessed as I was on my way home yesterday evening from my daily toil of office life.

At the new Grande Allée drilled there was a poor family, consisting of five persons, the mother and her four children, without a single boot or stocking to cover their little feet, all huddled together on the side of the public highway, with their pained efforts, sufferers of the late fire in St. Roch's, shivering with cold and crying bitterly.

And for what assigned reason were they thus? In consequence, as I was reliably told, of their father having taken a little too much ardent spirits.

And may I ask every kind-hearted man of our respected community of the city of Quebec, if the "State of the parent" be brought down on the heads of his children? I say no, and so will every generous and heart-felt man that reads this; and shame and contempt be on the name of the man who would thus turn out a homeless family to perish on a bleak November day.

But all honor to the good Samaritan, Mr. Coumors, of St. Louis suburbs, who succeeded, I believe, in getting them a roof under which they might shelter themselves from the cold. Mr. Coumors is not a member of the Fire Relief Committee, and still he does so not which is well worthy to be remembered.

Hoping that those gentlemen who style themselves Fire Relief Committee men may look after those poor people a little more strictly, I have the honor, Mr. Editor, to be your very obedient servant,

Quebec, Nov. 10, 1866. J. C. Y.

BRECH-LOADERS.

The Secretary of State for War has invited proposals for breech loading rifles, to replace the present service rifles. The various conditions of the new arm are minutely specified. Rewards of £1000, £500, £250 and £100 are offered for the best cartridge. If the rifle to which the first prize is awarded is adopted into the service, it will bear the inventor's name. There will be a trial of the arms accepted for competition, and £300 will be paid to each accepted competitor.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

The business of the English Synod of the United Presbyterian Church was commenced in the Congregational Church, Manchester, on the 10th Oct., the moderator (Rev. Dr. McKerron) presiding.

The Rev. Dr. McKerron, of London, introduced a deputation from the English Presbyterian Church, consisting of the Rev. J. Patterson, Liverpool, and J. M. Ross, Manchester. He said that the union between the two churches was much desired; the interests of both demanded it.—The Rev. J. M. Ross said it afforded him great pleasure to be one of the English deputation, and that the two churches were not far distant when the two churches would be united, not in England alone, but under the form of a British Presbyterian Church. (Applause.) The Rev. J. Patterson also spoke in favor of a union of the two churches. The Rev. J. Towers, of Birkenhead, moved, and the Rev. Dr. Cairns, of Birkenhead, seconded a motion warmly thanking the deputation for the kind sentiments they had expressed, and expressing a hope that the two churches would shortly be united.—The motion was passed. The moderator feared the accomplishment of a British church, and thought it far more likely that there might be an incorporation of the two churches on the one side of the Tweed. He recommended the feeling of the people should be interested in the matter.

In the evening a public meeting was held in the Congregational Church, for the exposition of the principles of the United Presbyterian Church. The Rev. William McKerron, D.D., moderator presided.

The Rev. William Graham, of Liverpool, also delivered an address on "Tendencies to Union." He said there were special tendencies in this direction at the present time. In their denunciation they had been feeling this common impulse towards union with certain others; and while they would avoid certain others, they were trying to find some solid pathway of unity. He referred to the various questions in dispute, and recommended the cultivation of a wide view of religious truth, remarking that by pursuing this course they would feel an overwhelming tendency towards union. (Applause.)

The Rev. David King, LL.D., of London, delivered the next address, which was an able discourse on "The Present State of the Union."

THE ORGAN QUESTION.

The Synod resumed its sittings on Wednesday, and continued the consideration, commenced on the previous evening.

The next subject for consideration being instrumental music in churches, the clerk read the following resolutions by the Presbytery of London on the subject, as directed to be transmitted to this meeting:—

The Presbytery having heard and under its consideration the subject of instrumental music in churches, agreed to express its conviction—1st. That the use of such music as auxiliary to singing is not anti-scriptural; 2nd. That the introduction of such music has no necessary connection with dangerous innovations, as appears from the experience of evangelical churches in England; 3rd. That the prohibition of it creates very considerable obstruction to the extension of Evangelical Presbyterianism in England, through being considered an extreme stretch of authority, as well as from conflicting with the habits and expressions of religious opinion; 4th. That this is not a case for coerced conformity, and should be made an open question for individual churches, to be settled in accordance with constitutional regulations; 5th. That to introduce musical instruments into churches without the sanction of the courts is a serious violation of order of full of danger to the Presbyterian cause in England, which by such disregard of synodical warrant would cease to be Presbyterian; and 6th. That the safest course for maintaining at once scriptural liberty and scriptural authority in relation to this subject is for the supreme court to leave the settlement of it to the same presbyteries, and to submit to the same presentations, we do not know. But hitherto general handshaking, which sound so appealing to the English mind when they read of the American custom, has not been acclimated in democratic Melbourne. Now, however, Sir John Sutton has introduced it and apparently quite unwillingly. Thinking it the right thing, he shook hands with the first comers, and once having begun he could not leave off, but there had to stand for two whole hours, performing one continuous handshaking, till the entire stream of visitors had defiled before him.

The Rev. Dr. Edmunds, in opening the question, enlarged upon the statements contained in the resolutions, and said that with regard to their negotiations for union with the Free Church, it was right that at this time they should discuss the subject, in order that their opinions might be fully known. For their own sakes they must pause before they entered into union on the ground of uniformity on this point. It was not a question for or against organs, but of liberty of sessions and congregations to settle this matter for themselves. (Hear, hear, and applause.)

The Rev. Dr. King said the resolutions had been moved as an amendment to a proposition to overture the General Synod on the subject, and he introduced the alternative of simply passing declaratory propositions.

The business of this Synod was resumed on Thursday morning, under the presidency of the Moderator (Rev. Dr. McKerron).

The Synod received a deputation from the United Kingdom Alliance, consisting of the Rev. W. Cairns, Messrs. J. B. McKerron, E. Pearson, J. H. Raper, and T. H. Barker.—A motion was adopted acknowledging the kind reception which the members of the Synod had received in Manchester.

The Synod then resumed the discussion of the organ question. The Rev. W. M. Taylor said that while he could not hold that instrumental music was essential to their success, he considered that liberty in such non-essential things was essential. The system at present in use estranged the sympathies of the rising generation, and they transferred their allegiance to other denominations that were less intolerant. If ministers wished their congregations to be more than mere colonies of Scotchmen, it was necessary they should have the liberty asked for secured.

After some discussion, the amendment proposed by Mr. Wallace was seconded by Mr. T. Poken.—The votes were then taken upon 35 declared for the motion in favor of giving liberty to each session and congregation to act as they pleased, and 14 for the amendment.—In the course of the sitting the Clerk announced that the union committee, which was strong in Edinburgh, had come to an agreement with the civic magistrate and the doctrine question.—After the transaction of several matters of routine, the business of the Synod was concluded.

LABRADOR.

We are requested to state that the sermon by the Rev. Mr. Hotwood in the Chapel of the Holy Trinity to-morrow morning, will not be preached, the necessity for it having been removed.

THE CHOLERA.

We understand that several cases of cholera occurred in Stratford C.W., last week, two of them proving fatal—and that there was also one fatal case at Brantford. The latter, a man named Davis, took the disease in Stratford, and returning to Brantford, died there.

MR. BAINE'S R.A.—An excellent like

ness of this lamented officer, is published by Archambault & McKendall, photographers.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, Nov. 8.

The Fenian trial was resumed to-day, Justice Wilson presiding.

Patrick O'Neill, an old man of 80, was first placed in the dock, and the indictment was read on the ground that the offence was committed in the county of Weiland, and therefore cannot be tried in county of York.

After a few words from the opposite counsel and Judge Wilson, the prisoner was removed till to-morrow.

Patrick McGrath was then placed in the dock.

Mr. McNabb opened the case for the Crown.

Denis Sullivan a soldier of the Royal Canadian Rifles, first witness, proved, that prisoner was with the Fenians at Port Erie and was seized by Fenian officers to stand guard over him when he was taken prisoner by the Fenians.

THE ROYAL WARRANT
Steel Pen Maker to the Queen

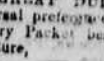


JOSEPH GILLOTT,



Victoria Works, Birmingham,

RESPECTFULLY directs the attention of
the Commercial Public, and of all who
USE STEEL PENS, to the INCOMPARABLE
EXCELLENCE of his Productions, for
QUALITY of MATERIAL, EASY ACTION
and GREAT DURABILITY, will insure
universal preference.
Every Packet bears the Fac-simile of his
signature,



They can be obtained Retail of every
Merchant in the World; Wholesale at the Works,
Braham Street, Birmingham; and at the
Largest Establishments, 81, John Street, New
York, and 37, Gracechurch Street, London, E.
Quebec, Oct. 8, 1868. 52-law-232

Fishing Tackle.

THE most extensive assortment of FISH-
ING TACKLE in Canada, daily receiving
steamers, consisting of Salmon and Trout
Rods, do. Flies, Fishing Baskets, Reels,
Bait-boxes, and Artificial Baits of all descrip-
tions, constantly on hand at

BELANOR & GARREY,
Nos. 9 & 91, Fairbairn Street,
(Sign of Big Hammer.)
Quebec, May 14, 1868. 108

PAINTS.

Paints of every Description.

NATURAL COLORS and OIL COLORS,
PAIS GREEN and UMBER,
DYEING, &c., &c., &c.
Wholesale and Retail.

BELANOR & GARREY.
Quebec, May 14, 1868. 108

ENGLISH GUNS.

Just Received per S. S. "Peruvian"
SINGLE and DOUBLE, at very low prices

BELANGER & GAREFFY. 109
Dubec, May 14, 1866.

CARRIAGE LAMPS.

GOOD assortment of CARRIAGE LAMPS
and CARRIAGE SPRINGS, of all sorts
and all prices.

BELANGER & GAREFFY.
Dubec, May 15, 1866. 97

HAIR CLOTHS,
all widths for Furniture, from the cele-
brated House of "Laycock," of London.

—ALSO—
dried Hair for Mattresses cheap.

BELANGER & GAREFFY.
Dubec, May 15, 1866. 109

*** Stoves! Stoves!**

I received a large assortment of the
best Cooking, Baking, Parlour and Bed-room
stoves, the Improved Double Stoves, Kitchen
and Large Hotel Stoves, at
BELANGER & GAREFFY.
Dubec, May 15, 1866. 109

- COAL OIL.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL, of the best
quality.

BELANGER & GAREFFY.
Dubec, May 15, 1866. 109

Stamps and Chandeliers
CHURCHES, for sale on easy terms.

BELANGER & GAREFFY.
Dubec, May 15, 1866. 109

Le and Harness Leather.

WHOLE LOT of ENGLISH OAK TAN-
NED SOLE and HARNESS LEATHER,
cheap.

BELANGER & GAREFFY.
Dubec, July 20, 1865. 103

W. LEA AND PERRINS
ROCHESTER SAUCE,
 SOLD BY
 ALL
 THE
 "Grocers"
 LIQUORS
 and
 of dish.



Extract of a letter
 from a Medical Gentle-
 man at Vienna, to
 his Brother at Wor-
 cester, May, 1801.
 "I tell Lea & Per-
 rins that their Sauce
 is highly esteemed in
 India, and is in my
 opinion, the most
 palatable as well as
 the most wholesome
 Sauce that is made."

CAUTION.
W. LEA & PERRINS

tion the public against spurious imitations of their celebrated

CESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

We have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with spurious imitations, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in re instances the names of L. & F.

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