Colonial Institute
Trafalgar Square
London SW ENG
Pages

DAILY WITNESS

Thunder-storms

VOL. XLI., No. 127. MONTREAL, THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1900. PRICE ONE CENT.

JOHANNESBURG OURS

Practically in Possession of British When Last Heard From.

KRUGER A PRISONER

Captured Six Miles From Pretoria says a London Rumor.

BOTHA NO LONGER MILITARY ADVISER TO PRESIDENT KRUGER.—LATEST NEWS.

London, May 31, 6.45 p.m.—The 'Westminster Gazette' says it is rumored tonight in a quarter likely to be well informed, that President Kruger has been captured by the British six miles beyond Pretoria.

Germiston, Transvaal, May 30.—(Wednesday, 3.25 p.m.)—Johannesburg is practically in British possession. The mines are uninjured. Nine engines, a coal train and a great quantity of rolling stock was captured.

The remnants of the Boers' rear guard remained behind and fought in the streets of Germiston; but they were easily cleared by the Grenadiers.

The troops have not re-occupied Johannesburg.

General French is now at Elandslaagte. The Guards hold Elandsfontein and Germiston. The state entry into Johannesburg will take place to-morrow.

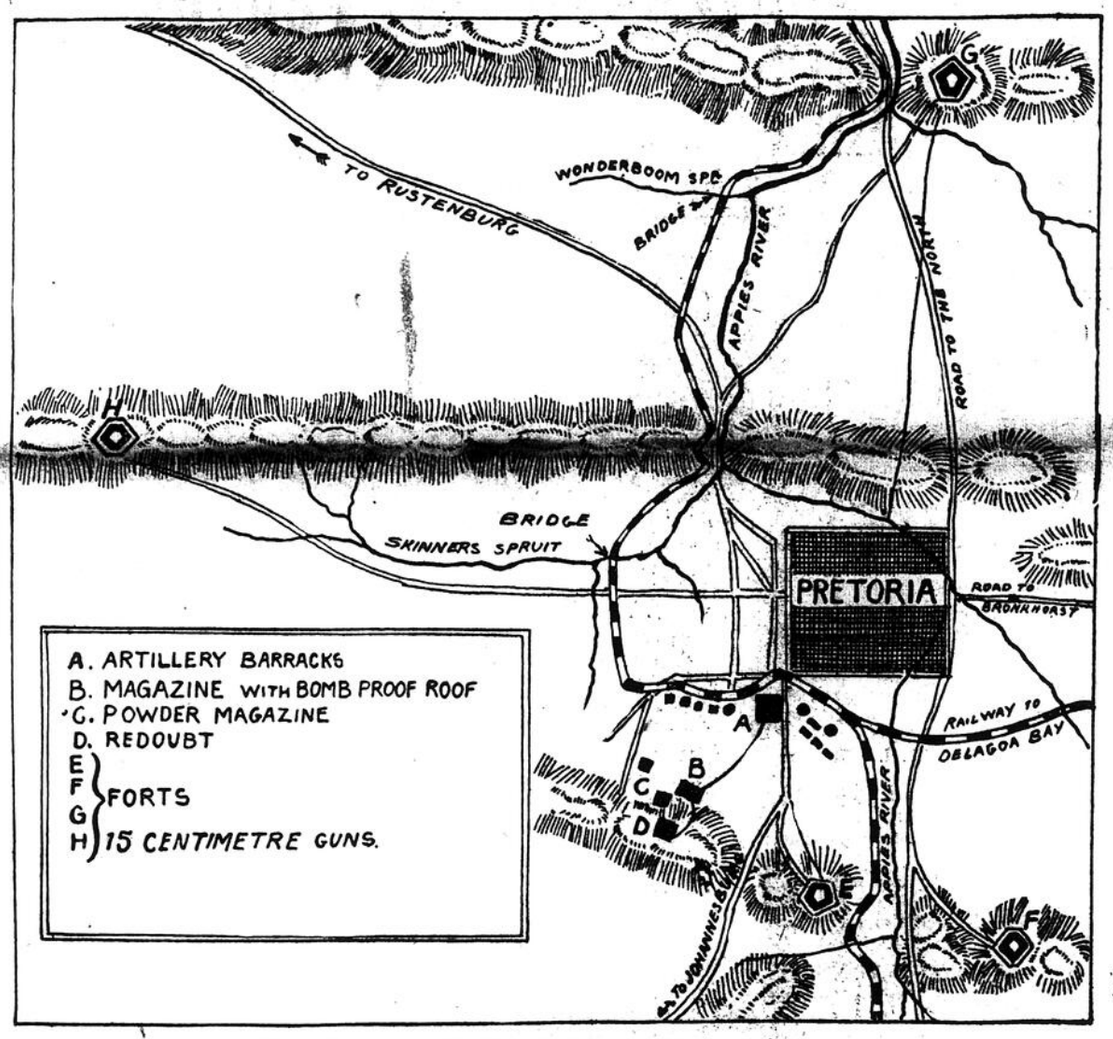
The Boers have gone to Pretoria.

The railway from here to the Vaal river is uninjured.

LONDON PRESS OPTIMISTIC.

While some of the newspapers here regard the surrender of Pretoria as the end of the war, there are others that do not venture such a sanguine opinion contenting themselves by saying it is the beginning of the end. They recall the frequently reiterated intention of the Boers to withdraw into the mountains of Lydenburg, and find confirmation of this intention in the fact that President Kruger has gone to Waterval-boven. From that place the main road runs due north to Lydenburg. They argue that if the president was merely seeking to escape capture he would continue his journey to Lorenzo Marquez instead of halting at Waterval-boven, which is 110 miles west of the eastern frontier of the Transvaal.

It is assumed that President Steyn of the Orange Free State, and State Secretary Reitz, of the Transvaal, are accompanying President Kruger; but there is no certain information concerning their movements.



THE FORTS ON THE HILLS AROUND PRETORIA.

place and that the municipality is ready to surrender when confronted by Lord Roberts's forces.

At nine o'clock last night the final forward movement on the Transvaal capital had apparently not commenced. All Lord Roberts's dispositions of troops appear to apply to Johannesburg, and though the British seem certain to reach Pretoria within a day or so, they will not occupy it without fighting if the opposition of the Boers around Johannesburg is any criterion.

General French's movement appears not so much an immediate advance on Pretoria as part of a plan to surround Johannesburg, from which last night he was only a few miles distant. Lord Roberts himself is at Elandsfontein Junction. His forces will be placed to the south, west and north of Johannesburg subsequent to the surrender of the city. These units will probably be reconcentrated, while General French advances from the advantageous position he already occupies. The main army is converging towards the railway, following closely on his heels.

Supposing that Johannesburg surrenders at noon to-day, Pretoria should be reached by June 2, opposition or no opposition.

General Brabant's loss of forty men is striking evidence that the annexation of the Free State by no means implies its pacification.

So thoroughly is the country here imbued with the belief that Pretoria has fallen that Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, speaking this morning at a meeting of the University of Birmingham, proposed a message to the Queen congratulating her upon the capture of Johannesburg and Pretoria, which was sent to the afternoon papers.

BRITISH AT HEIDELBURG.

Capetown, May 31.—The British have occupied Heidelburg, on the railway connecting Johannesburg with the Transvaal frontier town of Volksrust, on the Natal frontier, near Laing's Nek.

ENVOYS AFRAID TO VISIT CANADA.

Hamilton, Ont., May 31.—Dr. Russell, of the Insane asylum, when in Washington, recently, had a long interview with the Boer envoys, He invited the envoys to visit Canada. 'I'm afraid,' said Mr. Fischer, 'that Canada would be a short cut to St. Helena.' Dr. Russell said that he would guarantee protection, but the envoys were afraid to visit a British colony. The Boers were bitter at Canada for sending soldiers to South Africa.

PRETORIA'S FORTS AND FORTIFICATIONS.

THE FORTIFICATIONS WHICH THE BOERS HAVE PUT UP AROUND THE TRANSVAAL CAPITAL.

Nature, aided by art and science, has made Pretoria a very strongly fortified town. It is not impregnable. Probably no fortress in the world, not even excluding Gibraltar, is that. But the natural location of the town lends itself so admirably to simple protective measures that little, if any, military genius was required to suggest the positions of the defending forts.

Pretoria lies in a deep hollow or depression, which may be likened to a tea-cup with a broadened lip all round it. On three sides the hills that surround the town dip again on the other side to —approximately—the same level as on the townward side, but on the fourth, that is to say in the direction of Johannesburg, the hills flatten away to a plateau, the height of which may readily be estimated by the fact that Pretoria is 4,500 feet above the sea level, and Johanensburg 5,600 feet.

The obvious defences of this tea-cup formation of country are of course forts commanding the various approaches. Of these there are seven. Two were erected and completed between the years 1894 and 1896, and the others are of a somewhat later date.

The building of these forts gave cause to endless friction, jealousy and, in fact, almost led to a kind of local international complication. It came about in this way. The Pretoria Government, having learned a lesson by bitter experience, trusts nobody, and, being afraid of treason and divulgement of secrecy, determined to break up the contracts for the forts into small items, and distribute them among different firms of diverse nationality.

First of all, the Germans, being in the ascendant at the court of Paul Kruger, and being, perhaps, somewhat more free in the distribution of palm-oil, had the lion's share. Captain Schiel, now our prisoner, and a man who has achieved notoriety in other fields than those of battle, was specially sent to Berlin to obtain the expert advice of engineers in the matter of fort building. He returned with elaborate plans and a small army of asistants. The fort at Daspoort, not far from the cement factory, was commenced under his auspices.

For some little time work went on briskly, if not altogether smoothly. The government insisted upon the most stringent secrecy being observed, and even went so far as to stipulate that a batch of workmen engaged on one particular job should be exclusively confined to that part of the fort, and not allowed in any other.

Gradually the preponderating German influence waned, to be succeeded by the Hollander Dutch, and various Amsterdam engineers were sent out by the late Jonkheer Blaerlats van Blokland, the Transvaal minister at The Hague. However, they did not last long, and the efforts of M. Aubert, the French consul-general at Pretoria, succeeded in bringing about a complete change.

Activity again prevailed, and the busy French ouvriers overran the new fortifications, only to be replaced in their turn by Italians, or, to be more correct, by the Franco-Italian Building Society, which did its share in the completion of the Tower-of-Babel structures, until they too in their turn were ousted.

Eventually the forts were finished, and, according to the accounts of those who did not strictly maintain the injunction of secrecy, they are not lacking in formidable protections. Certainly, on the principle of two heads being better than one, the Pretoria forts should be nearly perfection, as they were built out of the combined wisdom of at least half-a-dozen different advisers.

But the regulations, although drastic in letter, were lax in practice. Several entirely unauthorized persons penetrated the mysterious strongholds. One Englishman, it is known, speaking German fluently, passed the sentries by pretending to be a German officer, and after learning the pass-word at a kneipe held the previous evening at Jahn's Transvaal Hotel. Two Englisn engineering officers are said to have worked as navvies with the object of making themselves thoroughly acquainted with the structure of the forts; and it is alleged that full plans of the minutest details are in the possession of our War Office.

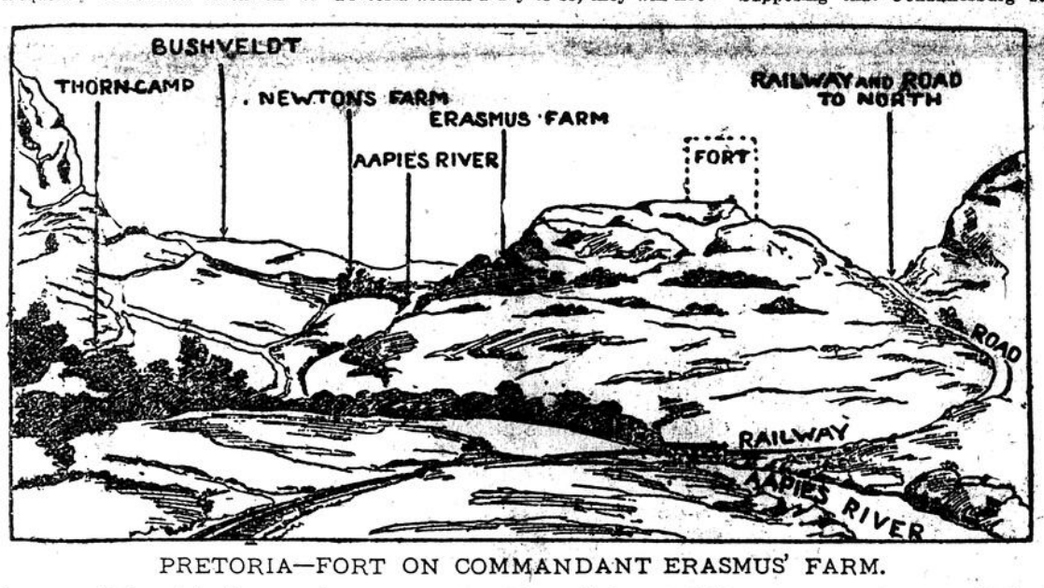
The forts are certainly elaborately furnished with all the requirements of modern warfare. Piles of sandbags are stacked up to the level of the enclosing walls. A powerful searchlight in each fort is capable of sweeping the surrounding country for many miles. Telephones are laid between the forts and the government buildings in Pretoria. There are large stocks of mealies (maize) ready for the eventuality of a siege. There is said to be communication by means of underground passages between the forts and the ammunition stores and magazines. Lastly, it is presumed that the approaches to the fort are mined in various directions.

The Boers must be credited with a certain method in their defences of Pretoria, and what can be done by the best Continental advice, aided by lavish expenditure of Uitlander money, has been done.

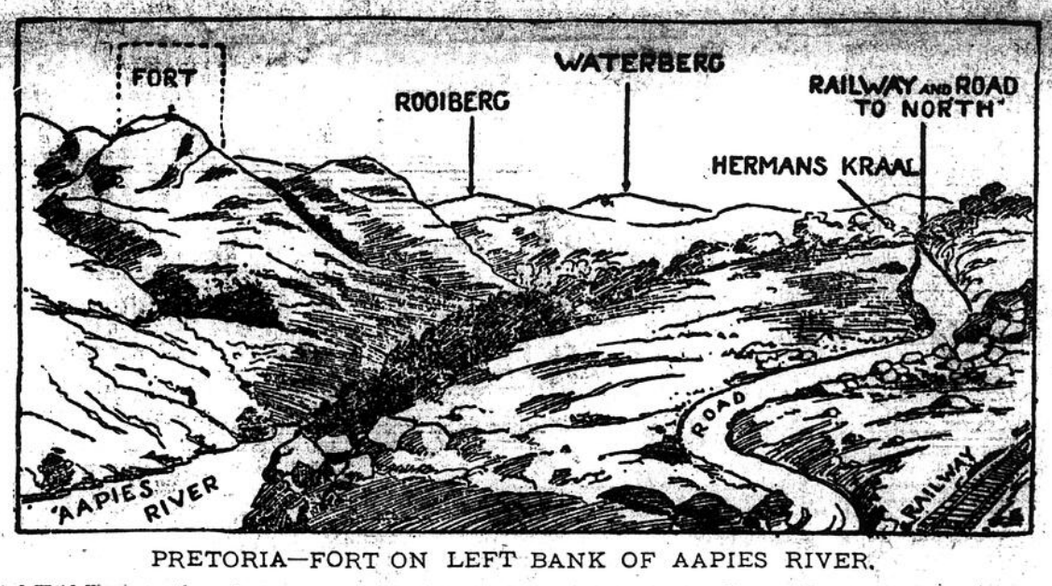
The Wonderboom Fort is about five miles from the centre of Pretoria and is perched snugly on the crest of the low range of hills which protect the town on the north. On Signal Hill, four miles south of the town, and overlooking the railway and the Johannesburg road, is another fort; while a third is slightly to the east thereof, at the summit of a high, boulder-strewn kopje. Out at Daaspoort is yet another fort on the hills above Skinner's Spruit, and away at Hermann's Kraal, Erasmus's Farm and Moselikat's Nek are three more, but these command the northern, or Pietersburg road, and are some distance from the town.

All the forts are alike in their main external features; they are built of masonry with earthworks on the outer faces. They were originally mounted with fifteen centimetre Creusot guns, but it is quite impossible to say what their present armament may be, because it has been extensively reported that the guns have been brought down to the front and are playing upo Mafeking, Kimberley and Ladysmith respectively. This may, or may not be true. Events will show.

It is, however, abundantly certain that Kruger means to make a stubborn last stand at Pretoria. The siege may be lengthy, or by some lucky concatenation of events it may speedily be raised. At any rate, forewarned being forearmed, our generals may be credited with a good deal of promiscuous information about the Pretoria forts.



PRETORIA—FORT ON COMMANDANT ERASMUS' FARM.



PRETORIA—FORT ON LEFT BANK OF AAPIES RIVER.

JOHANNESBURG OURS.

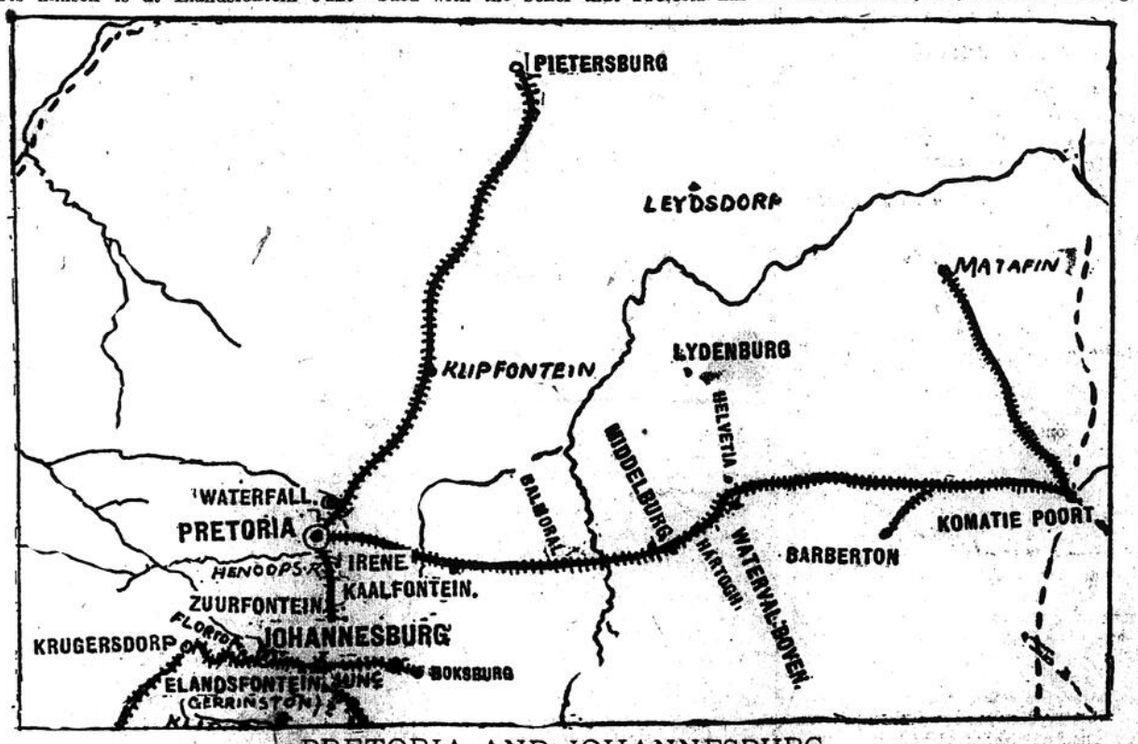
BEEN HANDED OVER.
CAPETOWN RUMOR SAYS IT HAS

London, May 31.—6.45 p.m.—The 'Evening News,' of this city, has received a despatch from Pretoria to the effect that Johannesburg has been handed over to the British.

FINAL FORWARD MOVEMENT

ROBERTS'S MARCH ON PRETORIA NOT YET BEGUN.

London, May 31.—Lord Roberts's latest despatches shed a somewhat different light on the military situation. Before they were received celebrations were organized in the country towns in honor of the fall of Pretoria. In Chester a public holiday was declared, while at Dover, Portsmouth and many other places in the provinces flags were flown and rejoicings were general. Pretoria, however, is not just yet in the hands of the British, though there is no reason to doubt the authenticity of the report that President Kruger has evacuated the



PRETORIA AND JOHANNESBURG.

The above map shows the places of interest around Pretoria and Johannesburg. Waterfall, where 4,182 British non-commissioned officers and men, who were made captive by the Boers, is shown just north of Pretoria. Waterval-boven, 135 miles east of Pretoria and 40 miles south of Lydenburg, the provisional capital, whither President Kruger is reported to have fled from Pretoria, is also shown.

DOMINION CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

Ottawa, May 31.—The customs receipts for the Dominion during the month of May in the last two years are as follows: May, 1899, $2,162,657.18; May, 1900, $2,261,183.44. An increase of $98,526.26.

THUNDERSTORMS.

Toronto, May 31, 11 a.m.—Victoria, 60, 46; Kamloops, 62, 40; Calgary, 58, 34; Qu'Appelle, 66, 36; Winnipeg, 76, 40; Port Arthur, 76, 40; Parry Sound, 64, 54; Toronto, 75, 54; Ottawa, 70, 58; Montreal, 76, 62; Quebec, 78, 58; Halifax, 84, 46. To-day and on Friday, light to moderate variable winds; fair and warm, a few scattered thunderstorms.

1640 and 1642, Notre Dame st., Montreal, May 31, 1900.—Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon

To-day, 29.92; yesterday, 30.10.

Temperature—	Max.	Min.
To-day	76	60
Yesterday	76	50

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

VAUTIER—At 48 Waverly street, 'Annex,' on May 29, 1900, a son to Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Vautier.

MARRIED.

BARTON — BOYD — At the residence of G. N. Weekes, Esq., barrister, London, Ont., brother-in-law of the bride, on May 28, 1900, Charles Frederick Barton, of Montreal, to Ada M., daughter of the late Rev. J. H. Boyd, of Toronto.

EADY—MILLER.—At Montreal, on May 28, by the Rev. J. A. Gordon, Charles Eady to Miss L. Miller. 30

GRIFFITH—WHITTON.—At St. Andrew's manse, Stirling, by the Rev. S. S. Burns, B.A., Jas. A. Griffith and Nellie E. Whitton, both of Frankford 30

RATTRAY — BOWLES — On May 12, 1900, at the Church of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, Leuton, by the Rev. A. H. Watts, Vicar, Wm. George, only son of the late Wm. Ramage Rattray, writer, Edinburgh, and grandson of the late Alexander Waddell, V.S., of Quebec, to Louisa Gertrude, youngest daughter of the late Theophilus Bowles, Lyndhurst, Mansfield. 31

WATSON — GAGE — At Mystic, on May 30, 1900, by the Rev. George Williams, David Watson, Esq., of Bedford, to Grace Winnifred, eldest daughter of the late Allen Gage, of Pierceton. 31

WELLWOOD — EDDINGTON.— At Peterboro, on May 12, 1900, by the Rev. Mr. Potter, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Charlotte Musgrove Eddington, second daughter of James Eddington, Esq., Alnwick Point, to Rheuban Wellwood, of the same place. 30

DIED.

BOOTH—At the Homeopathic Hospital, on May 31, 1900, Willie Patton, youngest son of David Booth.
Funeral private.

BRYSON.—At Winnipeg, Manitoba, on May 22, 1900, of typhoid fever, Frederick, only surviving son of the late Thomas Macfarlane Bryson, of Montreal.
Interred in Mount Royal Cemetery, Montreal, May 29, 1900. 30

CENTER.—On May 16, 1900, at Ardlaw, 7 Carlton Road, Ealing, London, England, William Center, M.B.L.M.S., late Deputy Surgeon-General, Central Provinces.
Friends please accept this the only intimation. 30

HAMILTON—At Paris, Ont., John Hamilton, formerly of Chateauguay County, Quebec, in his 86th year. Born in Glasgow, Scotland. 31

HIGHT—In this city, on the morning of May 30, 1900, Matilda Gay, widow of the late William Hight, in the 77th year of her age.
Funeral on Friday, the 1st instant, at 3.30 p.m., from the residence of her son-in-law, 123½ Bleury street, to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.
Toronto and Kingston papers please copy.

MINNES.—In Kingston, Ont., on May 28, 1900, James Minnes, aged 65 years, father of Dr. R. S. Minnes, of Ottawa. 30

O'CONNOR—In this city, on May 30, 1900, of pneumonia, Dr. Charles O'Connor, a graduate of McGill College.
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, June 3, at 2 p.m., from the residence of his father-in-law, Mr. James Coleman, 103 McTavish st., to the place of interment.

RAE.—At Ormstown, P.Q., on May 21, 1900, William Rae, at the age of 56 years and 7 months, oldest son of the late James Rae, Manitoba papers please copy. 30

ROCHEFORT—On May 29, 1900, Mrs. Elizabeth Rochefort, widow of the late James Rochefort, of Grampian Hills, Cramahe, late of Toronto, died very suddenly at her residence, 17 Maitland street, Toronto.

ROGERS.—At Southsea, Hants, England, on May 8, 1900, Emily, daughter of the late George S. Daintry, of North Rode, Cheshire, England, beloved wife of Col. Rogers, late Military Store Department. 30

WILLIAMSON—At Carp, Ont., on May 28, 1900, at 10.50 a.m. the Rev. Jas. Hodge Williamson, eldest son of the Rev. Wm. Williamson, aged 23 years, 9 months and 22 days. 31

WOOD—At Madoc, Ont., on May 27, 1900, Eliza, wife of A. F. Wood, Esq. 31

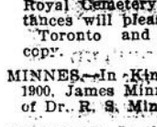
Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 6.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the 'Witness' containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada Montreal excepted.

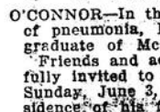
ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEES & CO.
Undertakers.
300 St. James Street.

SPECIALS
....IN....
Diamond Rings.



Our $7.50, $10.00 and $15.00 Diamond Rings are the best value ever offered.



Wedding Rings, 18 Karat Gold,
$3.50 to $12.00.
Orders by mail carefully filled.
Money refunded if not satisfactory.
Watches cleaned and warranted for $1.00.

D. BEATTY,
137 ST. PETER ST., Opp. 'Witness' Office.

OUTBREAK OF PLAGUE.

Cairo, May 30.—A fresh outbreak of the bubonic plague is reported at Alexandria.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., Limited.

Notre Dame street. Montreal's Greatest Store. May 31, 1900.

IMPORTANT WAIST & WRAPPER BARGAINS.

These are bargains that will crowd the SHIRT WAIST and WRAPPER SECTIONS to overflow to-morrow. Not until you personally inspect these offerings will you fully realize their intrinsic values, and the importance of the money-saving prices.

LADIES' WRAPPER SPECIALS.

Fast color, light weight House Wraps, in pretty patterns, percales, for profit-seeking purchasers.

13 Dozen Only.—Ladies' Percale, in a large assortment of fancy stripes and figures, choice assortment of light and dark colors, princess back, full front and wide skirt, finished with belt. Friday's price, 69c.

10 Dozen Ladies' Fine Percale Wrappers, lined to waist, trimmed feather-stitched braid, lined to waist, good colors, regular, $1.50. Friday, 99c.

SHIRT WAIST LEADERS.

These are only a few of the many money-saving offerings that will be made to-morrow.

50 Dozen Ladies' Pretty Shirt Waists, in Fancy Stripes and Figures, pointed yokes, detached collars and cuffs. Regular values, from 50c to 90c. Friday's price, 29c.

Balance of Manufacturers' Stock of Misses' and Ladies' Good Percale Shirt Waists, in pretty check designs, of dark blue, green, and pink, pouch front, self collar and cuffs; detachable collar; regular value, 80c. Friday, 49c.

Sale of Summer Skirts Repeated.

The balance of Manufacturers' Stock has to go even at prices about cut in two. A profusion of DAINTY SUMMER SKIRTS, hard to find elsewhere; all spic and span and clean. The prettiest, breeziest of styles. Just what you want for hot weather.

Ladies' Crash Linen Skirts, well made, good width, nicely finished. Regular value, 75 cents. Friday, 28c.

Ladies' Stylish Crash Linen Skirts, extra well made and tailored, very wide, fan back, and wide hem. Regular value, $1.25. Friday's price, 64c.

Ladies' Stylish White Duck Skirts, wide full back and deep hem. Regular value, $1.35. Friday, 79c.

Ladies' English White Duck Skirts, trimmed colored bands, 4 yards wide, fan back, deep hem, regular value, $2.00. Friday's price, $1.20.

Ladies' Navy Blue Serge Outing Skirts, suitable for seaside wear and boating use. Regular value, $3.25. Friday, only $1.98.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

In Zephyr Weights, at equally as light prices for Summer.

Ladies' Elastic Ribbed Cotton Gauze Vests, no sleeves, low neck. Regular value, 8c. Friday, 5c.

Ladies' Elastic Ribbed Summer Cotton Vests, short sleeves. Regular value, 10c. Friday's price, 6½c.

Ladies' Cream and White Elastic Ribbed Gauze Cotton Vests, low neck, short sleeves, with fancy crochet yoke. Regular value, 15c. Friday, 10c.

LADIES' SILK WAISTS.

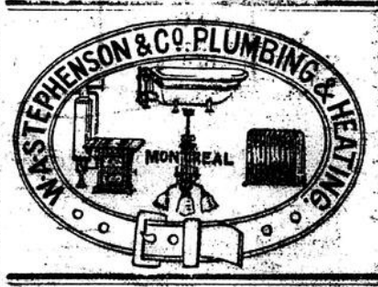
These Elegant and Stylish Summer Silk Waists arrived direct from the factory yesterday and will prove a special attraction for Friday's special bargains.

Ladies' Fancy Silk Waists, in rich stripes, assorted colors, very well finished, with yoke, full front and white linen collars. Worth, $3.25. Friday, $1.95.

Ladies' Stylish Silk Waists, in newest designs, pretty yoke, ful lfront, pleated back and write linen collar. Worth $4.00. Friday, $2.49.

☞ See 'HERALD' Advertisement for Great Furniture Sale.
☞ Try a Meal at The Big Store's Restaurant Friday.

The S. CARSLEY CO., Limited.
1765 to 1783 Notre Dame st. 184 to 194 St. James st., Montreal.



Gas Fixtures!

Our new stock from L. PLAUT & CO New York, are up to date in Design, Finish and Price.

W.A. STEPHENSON & CO.,
SANITARY EXPERTS.
742 Craig Street.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 31.

TRAINING A HOUSEMAID.

A writer in the Cleveland 'Leader' has some wise things to say on the subject.

When a housekeeper can afford to pay twenty dollars per month for a housemaid, her training is guaranteed by the size of her wages, but girls receiving from ten to twelve dollars are seldom experts in this line of business. It then remains for the housewife either to put up with indifferent service or to train the servant in the path that she should walk.

Of course there is always the bugbear ahead that when more valuable on account of experience and training this aid to domestic machinery will strike for higher wages or leave. In the meantime she may not, and the care taken in the training often cements a bond of real friendship between mistress and maid, which is not broken in years. There is always a risk, but if the servant who is trained in the ways of a wise mistress does remain she is a well-spring of joy and amply repays the former for all her trouble.

The teacher must know her pupil's good and bad traits, and exercise tact, firmness, patience, and perseverance. Remember that this pupil is a grown woman, possessing, no doubt, strong opinions of her own, which are not crushed on account of the relative positions. The mistress must lead gently but firmly, forgiving bad work the first time, but not the second, and the fact must be impressed upon the girl that no matter what she thinks is the better way, that of her employer must be followed.

The question naturally arises, how can the mistress teach the proper method of doing work unless she understands it herself? If she does not, then the maid will either train herself or remain in a state of blissful ignorance, for, as one put it not long ago, 'experience comes high unless you do the teaching.' Who but the mistress will tell her the best manner of cleaning paint, windows, upholstered and other furniture? How will she know how to plan her work, when to sweep, etc., how to remove stains from the table linen as soon as it is injured, what to do with a grease spot on the carpet, a scratch on a wooden chair, and the hundred little things that come up, unless some one versed in these household subjects enlightens her?

In the first place, there must be personal cleanliness, which means cotton gowns to be worn during the time of the heaviest work, with a white cambric apron and linen collar. In time for the late meal the girl changes this garb for one of black, navy blue, brown or gray serge, or cashmere, with white linen cuffs and collar, fresh apron, and the almost universally worn cap, though the wearing of the latter must be arranged for from the first, or there may be trouble over it. For midsummer a light cotton shirt waist is allowed with a black skirt and white apron for the evening dress.

A house girl in a family of ordinary means combines the duties of a waitress and chambermaid, and her daily tasks for every day of the week should be plainly written out, pasted on a piece of cardboard and hung up in her room, to be read each day. While the cook prepares breakfast, the housemaid sweeps the halls, stairs, and doorsteps, then comes into the dining-room to wait on the breakfast table, the family having the consideration to dispense with her services as soon as possible, giving her the opportunity of throwing back the beds to air, opening the bedroom windows, and removing waste water from the rooms. Breakfast comes next, and after this the house girl clears the table and washes the silver and better china, the remainder going into the kitchen for the cook, who sometimes also attends to the washing and ironing.

The dining-room is then dusted and the crumbs picked up, as it does not need sweeping every day, and the maid goes to the drawing-room to dust that. Then the beds are made and the rooms dusted, and by this time the luncheon table must be set and the family waited upon, keeping a clean apron ready to put on for this service, and also to answer the door bell.

After the servant's luncheon and dish-washing, if there are any lamps in use, they should be attended to and the work upstairs finished.

Every day some extra work can be done in the afternoon in place of leaving the bulk of it for the last of the week.

For example, on Monday give the servants' room its weekly cleaning, and sweep all of the stairs and halls; on Tuesday take the dining-room and also do her own ironing. Caring for the dining-room means to keep the sideboard and closets in perfect order, and windows washed every week.

On Wednesday the parlor receives a thorough overhauling, and on alternate Thursdays the silver should be cleaned, the remaining Thursdays being the girl's day out, from luncheon until ten o'clock. The cook takes the alternate Thursdays, and then the housemaid gets the dinner, which the housewife should make lighter than usual. The girls divide Sundays in the same manner, the house servant getting supper when the cook is out.

On Friday the bedrooms and halls must be attended to, and on Saturday the bathroom receives due attention. On this day the front doorknobs should be polished, the fenders, if there are any, brightened, and all of the beds made up with clean linen. All of the extra tasks are finished up on Saturday, and in this way no one day sees a rush from sunrise until dewy eve, or finds the whole house in disorder at one time, as some well-meaning housekeepers plan to do.

A girl has a right to expect a comfortable bedroom, warm and light, and two beds in it if both domestics occupy one room. Very often the servants' room is a storehouse for old furniture, and, as human beings are governed greatly by externals, it is impossible to improve one's finer feelings and principles if one treats them as animals. Many housekeepers allow the girls to sit in the dining-room in the evening, and see that they have papers and magazines. This is not spoiling them, but makes a girl worth having respect herself and her position, and consequently her mistress.

It is customary to allow girls company one evening in the week, and it is wise not to interfere with the girls sitting up occasionally as late as half-past ten o'clock. When one realizes that the evening is the only time that a girl has free from constant duty, it is hard to curtail that, and claim that servants should go upstairs at nine o'clock.

Teach a girl to open the front door with a pleasant, though not familiar manner. Nothing makes a better impression upon a visitor than a polite and cheerful servant. Do not allow loud talking or heavy walking around the house, slamming of doors, etc. All these noises are merely bad habits, not necessary evils. A waitress should be careful of her hands, keeping the nails in order, etc., all of which is much in evidence when handing dishes to one, but in a servant's former life such amenities were not dreamed of, and they must be taught by a patient, kindly mistress. If not kindly, all the patience in the world will not make a well-trained girl, but with kindliness much may be accomplished with a rough diamond, but, as Mark Twain puts it, do not select one so rough that you cannot find the diamond' when looking for a girl to train. One week will prove if the girl is willing, appreciative, quick to catch on, with a decent memory, for forgetfulness is many a housekeeper's trial, and capable of training; if not, do not attempt the task until a subject worthy of your efforts appears, and then may success crown your attempts.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

END OF THE MONTH BARGAINS

For Friday and Saturday!

The following may be taken as *Examples* of what will be found in all the Departments.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

We have about 150 Garments in our Cloak Department, which have to go at HALF PRICE.

STYLISH CAPES, in Drab, Navy, and Grey, $5.50 for $2.75; $7.00 for $3.50; $10 for $5; $12 for $6; $16 for $8; $20 for $10.

STYLISH JACKETS, Plain and Embroidered; prices range from $7.50 to $26; all offered at HALF PRICE.

LADIES' PARASOLS.

About 100 STYLISH SILK PARASOLS, to be sold as follows: $4.50 for $1.85; $6.50 for $2.50; $7 for $3.50; $12.50 for $6.50.

The Prettiest and Largest Assortment of PARASOLS ARE SHOWN HERE.

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS, in great variety; price, 35c to $1.50.

Another Big Purchase.

Cleared at a BIG DISCOUNT. Over 100 dozen BLOUSES, made in the latest style and perfect fitting. The same are now on our tables on third floor, for End of Month Sale.

BLOUSES. BLOUSES.

$1.25 BLOUSES for 79c.

$1.50 BLOUSES for 89c.

MANUFACTURERS' SAMPLES AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

WE GOT THE CHANCE, AND TOOK IT.

$2,000 worth of Samples of LADIES' COTTON UNDERWEAR; all this season's goods, and all laid out on tables for End of the Month Sale.

Night Dresses, Chemises, Skirts Drawers, Slip Waists.

All at manufacturers' prices, and the largest collection we have ever been able to show.

Ladies' White Cotton Underwear At Manufacturers' Prices.

10 dozen LADIES' WRAPPERS, worth $1.10 for 79c.

300 LADIES' SEPARATE SKIRTS, $2 and $2.25 for $1.67.

60 Broken SHEPHERD CHECKED SKIRTS, $4.50 for $2.95.

BOYS' SAILOR BLOUSES At Half Price.

80c for 40c; $1 for 50c; $1.20 for 60c; $2 for $1.

A Great Snap in SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

40 pieces All Wool Canvass Cloth; colors, White, Cream, Nile, Pink, Sky, Heliotrope, Yellow, the finest quality; worth from 75c to $1.10, choice for 59c per yard.

600 yards All Wool Canvass Cloth, all the summer colors in this lot; worth from 50c to 65c; choice for 37½c per yard.

END OF THE MONTH SILK BARGAINS.

15 colors Fancy Striped Silks, the latest colors; End of the Month Sale price, 35c per yard.

300 Silk Remnants, all colors, lengths and qualities; during the Sale a Special Discount of 25 percent off.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
2343 St. Catherine Street, Corner of Metcalfe Street.
Terms Cash. *Telephone Up 933.*

"The Satisfactory Store."

ALL-OVER EMBROIDERIES
At Half and Less.

All-over embroideries in new and dainty designs—a score of them—just the styles and kinds you want for BLOUSES, SLEEVES, YOKES, CHILDREN'S DRESSES, etc., and you may have them at half and a third of what you would usually pay. Worth $1 to $1.50; for sale now, and while they last, at 50c a yard.

CHILDREN'S PINAFORES at Half.

A very dainty showing of CHILDREN'S NAINSOOK and MUSLIN PINAFORES, trimmed with insertion, embroideries and baby ribbons. Here are some of the cut prices: 10c, 14c, 18c, 20c, 25c, 28c, 33c, 70c, 90c, and lots of others.

This is a splendid opportunity to get true goodness and daintiness at a very low price.

CASHMERE HOSE.

After this lot of LADIES' and CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOSE is all sold we'll have to charge you 50c a pair. While they last we shall continue to sell them at 35c a pair, or three pairs for $1.00.

BLOUSES at Half.

We have picked out a special lot of odd sizes and styles from our 75c and 85c BLOUSES, and placed them by themselves at 39c each. We are satisfied to take a loss so they go quickly.

RIBBONS

The balance of those special RIBBONS should go quickly now. The styles left are plain and watered silk, taffeta, and double-faced satin; ⅓ off all prices.

HAYCOCK & DUDGEON,
2401-5 St. Catherine St. and 166-8 Peel St.

CLOSING DEMONSTRATIONS OF COOKING SCHOOL.

The closing demonstrations of the Y. W. C. A. school of cookery were given on Tuesday evening and Wednesday afternoon. There was a good attendance at both and certificates were awarded by the Principal, Miss Bradley, to those who had attended faithfully during the course. Of these, 26 had taken three months, three had taken six months, one five months, and one four months, in practice cooking; seven, seven months; six, six months, and one eight months, in the course of demonstrations. A written examination on the composition of foods and the principles of cooking was held in the class from McGill Model School.

A CONCERT AT COATICOOK.

A correspondent, 'A. W. H.,' writes that he spent Queen's birthday in Coaticook. That town is not behind the times as far as music is concerned, and last Thursday and Friday evenings two fine performances were given by the Young Ladies' Circle of the Methodist Church. Montreal, he says, should take pattern by a town of four or five thousand inhabitants, and patronize a good thing, especially when it is deserving, such as the Temple of Fame. The concert was called for eight o'clock, but by fully half an hour before the time the hall was crowded, and not another seat could be had. The Rev. Dr. Hunter, who is pastor of the church, opened the performance with a few fitting and patriotic remarks, after which over 65 young ladies and gentlemen entered the stage, each representing some famous or noted person, and the one giving, either by verse or song, the best reason of claim to the 'crown of fame,' were to receive it at the close of the affair. Special mention should be made of Miss Edythe Thomas, who admirably took the part of Patti, and Miss Nelle Shurtleffe that of Jenny Lind, also Miss Lizzie Bonner, who represented Madame Albani. These ladies were all in excellent voice. Miss Winifred Nunns, who has been away studying under one of the best teachers of the day, presided at the piano, and the rendering of her solos and accompaniments were pleasing to every one present. The singing of the National Anthem brought the evening to a close.

DR. HORSEY NOMINATED.

Owen Sound, Ont., May 31.—A convention of Liberals from the north riding of Grey was held in the Town Hall yesterday afternoon to select a candidate for the House of Commons. Mr. Jas. McMullen, M.P., announced that the Hon. Wm. Paterson would not again be a candidate. Dr. Horsey's nomination was made unanimous by a standing vote.

AN ORDINARY MOTION SUFFICIENT.

Judge Davidson yesterday granted the defendant's motion for security for costs, in the case of Stewart vs. Beaudoin. The motion was opposed on the ground that it did not bear the stamps required for a dilatory exception, and was not accompanied with the deposit required by law, but the Court was of opinion that the demand for security may be made by ordinary motion, as in the present case, as well as by dilatory exception, and then the proceeding need not be stamped as a dilatory exception.

The 'Daily Witness' will be mailed to the address of persons removing to the country or seaside for the summer months, at twenty-five cents per month.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

To cure a cold in one day take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box

SPECIAL!

COLORED DIMITIES and PIQUES.

All handsome patterns. To be cleared this week only at

12½c PER YARD.

The above fabrics are special values, and will be sold at the above price FRIDAY and SATURDAY. In fact, we don't expect one single yard left at the end of the week. Be sure to call and see this special offer.

Weldon's Patterns and Journals for June.

OGILVY'S, St. Catherine and Mountain Streets.

DIPLOMAS DISTRIBUTED.

Closing Exercises of the McGill Normal School.

AN INTERESTING ADDRESS BY DR. ROBINS.

The annual convocation of the McGill Normal School yesterday afternoon proved more than usually interesting to the large number of friends of that institution assembled in the hall of the High School. The Hon. Boucher de la Bruère, Superintendent of Public Instruction, presided, and among others occupying seats on the platform were the Rev. Dr. MacVicar, chairman of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners; the Rev. Dr. Shaw, chairman of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction; Mr. E. W. Arthy, secretary-superintendent of the Public Board of Protestant School Commissioners; the Rev. E. I. Rexford, rector of the Montreal High School; the Ven. Archdeacon Evans, Prof. Kneeland, McGill Normal School; Miss L. B. Robins, teacher of classics, McGill Normal School; Miss A. Green, teacher of drawing, McGill Normal School, and Principal Robins. A pleasing incident was the presentation by the graduating class to Principal Robins and the McGill Normal School of two magnificent large size photographs of the late Dr. Reid and Mr. A. T. Fowler.

The valedictory in French was read by Miss Day, and that in English by Miss I. I. Watson. Both were admirable in spirit and expression.

After the conferring of diplomas on the successful students the Ven. Archdeacon Evans, D.C.L., was called on for an address, which he prefaced by a few words of hearty congratulation. He had very much pleasure in offering to those who were going forth to the life work of teaching, on behalf of himself and his confreres to whom was entrusted the duty of giving religious instruction to the teachers-in-training, their very sincere congratulations and best wishes. He desired to remind them how immensely important was the work to which they were giving their lives. While the eyes of the nation and the world were on the great and noble men who were doing such important work on behalf of the Empire in Africa, he would say to them that while they were going to fill positions not perhaps so conspicuous or notable as were those filled by the men at the head of our army, they were yet going to do work equally important for the nation and for the Empire, in training up the young of this great and growing Dominion. The importance of their work could not be over-estimated, and in a very real sense they would have in their hands the future prosperity and success of this province. He would ask them to remember that they would be responsible not only for the intellectual development, but also in a large measure for the moral and religious training of those committed to their care. He thanked God that in this province the government recognized the importance of religious training in the schools; he thanked God that the inspired word of God, the Holy Bible, had an honored place in connection with our institutions of learning, and he begged them to remember that it was their duty as well as their privilege to leave their imprint upon the lives of those they taught of all that was true, and upright, and worthy and good. He trusted that all success and prosperity would be theirs in their work, and felt sure that they would enter upon it with a conscientious and abiding sense of how exalted and important a work it was.

Dr. Robins replied briefly to the valedictories, and went on to make some statements of fact of an encouraging nature which were heard with pleasure by the friends of the Normal School.

Those acquainted with their history since the year of inauguration, 1857, were fully aware, he said that they had suffered from the beginning from chronic poverty. Their ideals had always outstripped their realization. They could always see how to do more work and better work if only their pecuniary resources were increased. When the negotiations were carried on in 1883 which issued in the speaker's leaving a more lucrative position to join himself to the fortunes of the Normal School, it occurred to nobody to tell him that the legislature of the province had just diminished by fifteen hundred dollars the sum which for some years had been annually voted in aid of the work done there, and that the finances of the school were in a very unsatisfactory condition, a considerable amount of bills of preceding years remaining unpaid. However, the case was not hopeless; it was not even discouraging to those who were determined to call for help on the angels of patience, perseverance and frugality. In ten years, thought he, they could disentangle the coil. They had then, as they had always had, a noble Normal School committee. Sir William Dawson was the chairman, and among the members, the Hon. Senator Ferrier, the Hon. Judge Torrance, Prof. George Cornish and Mr. J. R. Dougall, good men and true all of them, one after another released from this as from other high and holy services by death, except that they had still the sympathy and active co-operation of Mr. Dougall, last survivor of a band of grand men. They

DR. S. P. ROBINS.

Principal of the McGill Normal School.

worked wisely, energetically and successfully.

Continuing, Dr. Robins told how ten years of ceaseless effort found them at last with buildings adequate in their internal arrangements to the wants of their much larger classes, with their debts paid and with their teaching staff much strengthened. But with running expenses doubled, there was no increase of annual revenue, and the Protestant Board of School Commissioners had at last to be applied to for aid. An increase in the city school tax enabled it to go to their assistance.

But again they were compelled to take a step in advance. For years the demand for trained teachers for all the Protestant schools of this province had been growing louder and more imperative. He did not wish to intimate that this demand was universal. It was not. There were still localities, even to-day, where the prevalent belief was that any kind of human wreckage was good enough to utilize as teachers, just as in the Schwartzwold, the village idiot will do to act as the village goose-herd. But such localities were few, and except in local politics, uninfluential and enlightened public sentiment, as voiced by school inspectors, school commissioners and teachers' associations and conventions of all kinds, demanded that Quebec should no longer be the only province in the older part of the Dominion that admitted to the teacher's desk and clothed with the teacher's authority any tyro who, having reached a certain age, could pass a certain written examination.

The demand for trained teachers became irresistible, but how were they to be trained in sufficient numbers? For three or four years this aspect of the question was keenly debated. It was found that no other scheme was practicable than to modify the work of the Normal School so as to provide a short course of professional training. At the same time that the schools generally were asking for trained teachers, the city populations were asking for kindergartens.

'The Protestant Board of School Commissioners began to train for itself a staff of kindergartners, but not until the Normal School had declared its inability for lack of means to do the work. The Normal School authorities temporarily solved the difficulty by offering to establish a four months' class for professional training of elementary teachers and with some help from the Protestant Board of School Commissioners to undertake the training of kindergartners. It must not be forgotten, however, that the Normal School at the same time protested that it could only continue to do this work if it should receive eventually additional subsidy. The success that had attended these classes afforded ample justification for their establishment; the short time class began with three members, rose the following year to fifteen or sixteen, and began with thirty-two persons this year. Educationally, the new departures had been very successful, but financially the burden had been crushing. This year the Normal School Committee had before it the alternative of securing more money or relinquishing some of its work. But it did not think itself justified in adopting the latter course without making another appeal for aid.

'Accordingly the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction, moved by the remonstrance of the Normal School Committee, and sympathizing with it, presented again the whole case in detail to the government, asking specifically for aid in four directions: For better administration and supervision; for a strengthening of the staff of the Model Schools with special reference to supervising the practical work of teachers-in-training; for the employment of educational experts to deliver occasional lectures of special practical and theoretical interests, and for such increase to certain salaries as should bring them up to the level of salaries generally paid to teachers in this city.

'For these purposes the government was asked for an additional annual subsidy of four thousand dollars. Unhappily they did not get all they asked for; but they got enough to enable them to accomplish much better work than they had done in the past. Certainly there must be no more talk of abandoning any part of the work so far undertaken. The government had promised to supplement their annual income by the sum of three thousand dollars.

'For this service done to education, Dr. Robins said, he owed no personal, individual gratitude to the government, except that with every good citizen he was grateful to any government, to every government that administered public affairs wisely, efficiently, economically, foresightedly. And with very special emphasis on the economy, he as a citizen, and not as principal of the McGill Normal School, thanked the government now in power for its wise action in maintaining that school.

Whatever a government did, its opponents would misrepresent, criticizing unfairly. But were he a politician of the opposite party, fishing for Protestant votes, he could wish for no better opportunity than would be afforded him if he could say: The government that has professed such an earnest desire in the advancement of education, has closed the doors of the McGill Normal School, an institution that has been for forty-three years the popular university of our elementary education, which has trained two thousand teachers, has issued three thousand diplomas, has grown continually in the appreciation and support of the people, and was never stronger or more useful than when it was destroyed. What reply to such an appeal would Pontiac and Argenteuil give? What would Huntingdon and Chateauguay say? What response would come from Shefford and Brome? Would the elections be quite safe in Bonaventure and Gaspé?

He would repeat that as a citizen of this province, as one who saw that our religious, political, social and commercial prosperity were bound up in education, that education depended on teachers, that teachers ought not only to be teachers born, but teachers trained; as such a citizen with no personal ends to gain, he congratulated the government on having gauged properly the educational crisis.

The Rev. Dr. Shaw followed with a few remarks concerning the high standard of education in the Protestant schools of the province of Quebec. At an educational gathering in New York he had heard the boast made that of the teaching force of the state, fifty-eight percent were trained teachers. He was glad to be able to say that in the province of Quebec training was now a necessary part of the education of all teachers. Dr. Shaw also referred in happy terms to the amicable relations existing between the Protestant and Catholic Committees of the Council of Public Instruction, and said that he was sure the Hon. the Superintendent's presence among them was not from mere obligation but because of interest in their work.

The Hon. the Superintendent made a congratulatory address in French, and the proceedings terminated with the hearty singing of 'God Save the Queen.'

BOARD OF TRADE.

THE COUNCIL DISCUSSES BANK ACT AMENDMENTS AND APPOINTS DELEGATES TO LONDON TRADE CONGRESS.

The last weekly meeting of the Board of Trade Council until September, was held yesterday, all the members but two being present. A complaint was received from the London Corn Trade Association regarding a discrepancy between a bill of lading and actual measurement of grain when put on steamer. The council ordered a reply to be sent stating that this was a rare occurrence and that inspection certificates were reliable documents.

A reply to the council's communication re Cap Rouge bridge, was received from the department at Ottawa, stating that there was no reason to expect any further delay to navigation in the spring by the construction of the bridge.

Copies of the new Bank Act were laid on the table, and some amendments, proposed by a member of the council, were considered. They provided that the directors and officials of banks should declare under oath the accuracy of all reports furnished the government, and that a clause be inserted providing that the permission of the government be obtained by a bank before opening a new branch. The council decided that their adoption was not practicable.

A copy of the pilotage bill was submitted by the Harbor Commissioners with a request that a report thereon be sent to the commissioners so as to be considered at their next meeting. The matter was left in the hands of the navigation and harbor committee.

A letter was read from Mr. Geo. E. Drummond stating his inability to attend the London Congress. Mr. E. L. Bond, who arrived in England yesterday had been cabled to and asked to take Mr. Henry Miles's place and it was unanimously decided to ask Lord Strathcona and Mr. Geo. A. Drummond to accept positions as representatives of the Montreal Board of Trade.

The executive committee was empowered to transact any important business that may need attention until the next meeting. Mr. Isaac Hibbert, of Messrs. Miller, Riley & Co., was admitted to membership.

DEATH OF DR. C. O'CONNOR.

The death took place last night, from pneumonia, at the residence of his father-in-law, Mr. J. J. Coleman, 103 McTavish street, of Dr. Chas. O'Connor, M.D., a well known young physician of this city. Dr. O'Connor graduated from McGill in 1890. He was a member of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, Knights of Columbus and Catholic Order of Foresters. He leaves a wife to mourn his loss.

AN ELOCUTIONARY RECITAL.

An entertainment of exceptional merit was given in Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. building, last evening, under very distinguished patronage and the auspices of the Garrick Club. The proceeds will be devoted to the patriotic fund. In keeping with the occasion, the hall was suitably decorated with the national flag and ensigns, and several selections were of a patriotic character. Miss Fenwick, the well-known elocutionist, was the star of the evening, and her recitations constituted the special features. The selections presented were well chosen, and admirably presented. After giving her first number, 'The flag of England,' the talented young lady was recalled and presented with a magnificent bouquet. Altogether she favored the appreciative audience with about a dozen appearances. Miss Fenwick was ably assisted in the recital by Prof. J. J. Goulet, violinist; Mrs. Ives, piano accompanist, and Miss Langstaff, soprano soloist.

LIGHT WANTED.

A well-known business man remarked to a 'Witness' representative last evening that he considered it the duty of the Ottawa and Quebec governments to request the Grand Trunk Railway authorities to provide a patrol or have the foot path and roadway over the new Victoria Jubilee Bridge properly lit up at night. He declared that the utter absence of lights made the bridge a rendevous for desperate characters. It is said that this class is seen around the bridge almost any hour of the night.

THE TARTE CLUB.

The following have been elected officebearers of the Tarte Club: Hon. president, Ald. Lareau; hon. vice-president, H. St. Pierre; president, M. Barnabe; vice-presidents, Messrs. Veron and Girard; secretary M. Fontaine; corresponding secretary, C. Meilleur; treasurer, Max Groulx.

COLONIAL HOUSE,
MONTREAL.

From FRIDAY, June 1st,

THE **DISCOUNT**

—ON ALL—

TRIMMED HATS & BONNETS

—WILL BE—

20 PERCENT,
With 5 Percent Extra for Cash.

SEASONABLE GOODS
JUST TO HAND.

Some Late Shipments of

LADIES' WHITE MUSLIN WAISTS and COLORED CAMBRIC WAISTS.
LADIES' WHITE STRAW SAILORS, and PLAIN and FANCY PARASOLS.
The above lines are of the very latest production of the FOREIGN and NEW YORK MARKETS.

MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

MEN'S WHITE OR COLORED SHIRTS to measure. Best materials used for all special orders, which receive every attention.
Perfect fit and general satisfaction guaranteed,

MEN'S WHITE DRESS SHIRTS

made of very superior material, reinforced fronts, continuous facings, and all buttonholes hand-worked; price. $1.00 each, less 5 percent cash.
A very handsome line of MEN'S COLORED SHIRTS, IN FRENCH AND ENGLISH CAMBRICS and PERCALES, at from $1 upwards, less 5 percent cash.

OPTICAL DEPT.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CAMERAS, all sizes, from $2.50 up.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.

TRIPOD STANDS, (universal screws), $1.50.
RUBY LAMPS, from 20c up.
RUBY LIGHTS, 5c.
FUNNELS, 20c.; GLASS MEASURES, 25c.; SQUEEZES, 25c.; TROUGHS, 25c.; DEVELOPING TRAYS, 25c.; PRINTING FRAMES, 35c.
DRY PLATES, DARK BOXES, (Special),
EXTRA DRY PLATE HOLDERS, 50c.
STANLEY DRY PLATES and various others.
TONING AND FIXING SOLUTIONS, 25c.
TONING AND FIXING POWDERS, 25c.
DEVELOPING POWDERS, ARTISTS' PAPER, SOLIO PAPER, PLATINO PAPER.
PAGET ENGLISH PAPER, BARNET ENGLISH PAPER.
BLUE PRINT PAPER,
MOUNTS, Assorted Colors and Sizes.

A LARGE PURCHASE OF FANCY DRESS MUSLINS,
ORGANDIES and SWISS.

We have placed on the two front counters a few THOUSAND YARDS of CHOICE DRESS MUSLINS, all beautiful designs and dainty colorings.
The PRICES we are offering these muslins at, are about HALF the REGULAR VALUE, 16c., 18c., 21c., and 30c., a yard.

LAKE SHORE DELIVERY

Beginning Saturday, 2nd June.

For the convenience of customers residing at the Lake shore, all goods purchased during the week, and up to FRIDAY NIGHT, will be forwarded Saturday, by our own delivery waggons.

Mail Orders Receive Special Attention.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., Montreal.

CALL AND SEE,

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED, BUT GLAD YOU CAME.

For nearly five months we have been making large extensions to our works, remodelling our place from top to bottom, installing new Machinery bought last year in Europe and the United States. The result is most gratifying to us, as the work is coming in in larger quantities than we thought possible, and the praise of our many kind patrons is most flattering.
Our works are always open to our customers for inspection. The largest, best, and most modern Dye Works in the Dominion.

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

Lower Lachine Road. Take Wellington Street Cars right out.
OFFICES—2433 Notre Dame Street.
215 McGill Street.
1595 St. Catherine Street, corner St. Christophe.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed 'Tender for Meaford Harbor Works,' will be received at this office until Wednesday, 13th June, 1900, for the construction of close pile work, an extension to the breakwater, removal of old pier and dredging, at Meaford, County of Grey, Ontario, according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of H. A. Gray, Esq., Engineer in charge harbor works, Ontario, Confederation Life Building, Toronto; on application to the Postmaster of Meaford, and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, for seven thousand dollars ($7,000.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract; or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, JOS. R. ROY,
Acting Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 29th, 1900.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. 30

DEATH OF MR. D. M. POLSON.

Mrs. J. Clarke Murray has received news of the death of her brother, Mr. Daniel M. Polson, at Moffat, Scotland, the result of a carriage accident.

Weekly Calendar.

LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Cornwall vs. Monteal

M.A.A.A. GROUNDS, Saturday, 2nd June.

Ball faced at 3 p.m. sharp—Rain or Shine.

ADMISSION, 25c, 35c and 50c. Reserved Seat Tickets for sale at Morton, Phillips & Co., 1755 Notre Dame street; Club Shoe Store, 2244 St. Catherine street, and M.A.A.A. Office.

G. T. PETTIGREW, Hon. Secretary, M.L.C.

THURSDAY, MAY 31.

GOSPEL BOOK ROOM.

8 Phillips Square.

The series of seven Lectures will be continued at the above address by

W. M. HORSEY,

ON THE FEASTS OF JEHOVAH.

Illustrated by a large chart. Subject for THIS EVENING will be

THE LORD'S COMING.

Lecture each night at 8 o'clock, until Friday, June 1st, concluding Lordsday evening, June 3rd, at 7 o'clock.

ALL ARE WELCOME.

Art Association,

PHILLIPS SQUARE

Galleries of Paintings

Open Daily 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

ADMISSION 25c.

HOCHELAGA COUNTY W.C.T.U.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting will be held on THURSDAY, MAY 31st, in the Mountain Street Methodist Church, by invitation of the Western Union.

The Sessions will be held at 10 a.m., 2 p.m. and 8 p.m.

Mrs. Rutherford, Toronto, President of the Dominion Woman's Christian Temperance Union will give the address at the evening meeting.

All W.C.T.U. members and those interested in temperance work are cordially invited to attend.

JANE RADFORD,
Corresponding Secretary.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

Y. M. C. A. HALL,

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 7, at 8.15, in aid of the Chateau de Ramezay.

THE WAR IN THE TRANSVAAL.

Magnificently illustrated with Pictures from the Battlefields.

Reserved Seats, 50c and 25c, on sale at Shaw's Music store.

McGILL UNIVERSITY.

June Matriculation Examinations.

Matriculation Examinations for Arts, Applied Science, Medicine and Law, will be held at McGill University, and at local centres on the 11th June and following days.

Those who wish to be examined should apply to the Secretary of the Board of Matriculation Examiners, McGill College, not later than the 5th June.

W. VAUGHAN, Registrar.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

A CHILD DROWNED IN A QUARRY POND.

Flora Nichols, aged 10, residing with her father, Mr. Geo. J. Nichols, at 958 St. Denis street, fell into the water while fishing for minnows and was drowned, yesterday afternoon. The place where the unfortunate accident occurred is an abandoned stone quarry on St. Louis street, near St. Denis street, which is now used as a dumping ground. Flora's little sister had a narrow escape while attempting a rescue.

About six o'clock last night, Mr. J. A. Plourde, a grocer, residing at 784 Sanguinet street, was assaulted and struck over the head with a bottle in a saloon at the corner of Villeneuve street and Hotel-de-Ville avenue, in the town of St. Louis. He was taken in the ambulance to the Notre Dame Hospital, where his wounds were dressed and he was sent home.

A tramp entered a house yesterday on St. Alphonse street, St. Henri, and so frightened a woman, who was alone at the time, that her screams caused the neighbors to sound a police alarm, which brought out the firemen. The cause of all this trouble made his escape across several back yards.

OTIS AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, May 31.—The transport 'Meade,' with General E. S. Otis, arrived last night twenty-five days from Manilla. The 'Meade' had three cases of smallpox on board. She was placed in quarantine, where she will remain an indefinite time. The 'Meade' also had on board the bodies of 112 soldiers who died in the Philippines. There was one death on the way over.

The presence of smallpox on the vessel makes the time of General Otis's landing very indefinite.

MAY

S F.Q. 6 F.M. 14 — L.Q. 21 N.M. 28

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00, Weekly Witness, $1.00; with reductions to clubs; Northern Messenger, thirty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy, post paid in each case, to U. S., Nfld. and Canada excepting Montreal.

For Great Britain add $1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 52c on Northern Messenger; $3.60 on Daily Witness.

The last edition of the DAILY WITNESS is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum.

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NOTE—The publishers of the WITNESS will not be responsible for any omission to print, or error in legal or other advertisement beyond the amount actually paid for such advertisement.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal,' and all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.

Persons removing out of town for the summer months can have the 'Daily Witness' mailed to their country residence at twenty-five cents per month, post paid.

Saturday Advertising.

ADVERTISERS will find it to their advantage, in securing proper display and classification, to send in their orders early. The 'Witness' Office is open until 6.30 p.m., and insertion will not be guaranteed on orders for Saturday received after that hour on Friday.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY, MAY 31.

THE SPANISH LANCASHIRE.

Discontent in Catalonia is again rife on account of the unwillingness of the people to pay the new taxes necessitated by the late war with the United States. Discontent in Catalonia, however, is nothing new, for that principality has always, it may be said, maintained an attitude towards the Spanish kingdom somewhat similar to that of Ireland towards England. Racial differences and geographical position have had much influence no doubt in perpetuating this aloofness and lack of sympathy between the Catalans and the Spaniards proper. Although now divided into four provinces, the territory of Catalonia lying between France, Spain and the Mediterranean, still retains its ancient demarkation on racial lines, for the Catalans have preserved the physical and mental characteristics of their northern descent with wonderful purity. As a horde of barbarians the Alans drove the Romans out of the country, and were later on joined by the Goths; hence the name Gothalonia, softened by Castillian pronunciation to Cataluna, and Anglified into Catalonia. The language, customs, costumes and even the coins and measures of the Catalans are different both from those of the Spaniards and the French. Not less remarkable is the contrast they display to these their nearest neighbors as an industrial people. So much more enterprising and industrious are they that the name 'Lancashire of Spain' has been given to their country. They are the best sailors of the Mediterranean. When Sir George Rooke captured Gibraltar a number of Catalan seamen who served in his fleet were allowed to settle on the sandy bay under the Rock on its eastern side, where their descendants, only a few families now, dwell to this day, following the calling of fishermen. The place is known as Catalan Bay, and no more loyal, kindly, law-abiding people exist anywhere under the British crown. The Catalonians of Spain, however, have frequently risen in insurrection, thereby winning a reputation for turbulence; but bad government has been as much the cause of this as the natural impatience of a high-spirited people with unjust exactions. Of recent years the workingmen, principally in Barcelona, have imbibed the principles of German radical socialism, and on several occasions the more revolutionary among them have, as may be remembered, resorted to bomb-throwing and other devices of the nihilists. The present trouble has arisen from the unwillingness of the people to pay taxes which are never expended in Catalonia. Some of their organs demand self-government, financial independence from the other provinces of the kingdom, or complete independence as a republic, while others advocate annexation to France. The loss of the Spanish colonies has sadly depressed Catalonian industries, a situation aggravated by increased taxation, so that discontent is not surprising among the most industrious people in Spain, who feel in addition that they are bearing an excessive share of the national burdens.

THE WAR SITUATION.

At one o'clock to-day it was still uncertain whether a British force had actually occupied Pretoria yesterday, and no announcement had been received of the public entry into Johannesburg of Lord Roberts and his forces. There can be no reasonable doubt, however, that the reports from Pretoria of the flight of President Kruger, the evacuation of the forts of the capital by the Boer forces and the preparations made by the civil authorities of the town for surrendering without resistance to Lord Roberts as soon as his advance force reached the town are true. The Earl of Rosslyn, who telegraphed the report from Pretoria, was a war correspondent of the London 'Daily Mail,' and was captured near Thaba N'Chu last month by the Boers and sent to Pretoria. His despatch bears the impress of truth in every line. It was written at half-past eleven yesterday morning and tells of the departure of President Kruger, probably at a very early hour the same morning, from Pretoria by train for Watervalboven, a station on the Delagoa Bay Railway, a hundred and thirty miles east from the Transvaal capital, and about forty-five miles due south of Lydenburg, the new capital, which, by the way, is the right capital, according to the grondwet, or constitution, of the Transvaal.

Before his departure the President ordered the evacuation of the very strong forts, on the surrounding hills. At the time the telegram was sent, namely, 11.30 a.m., from Pretoria, the mayor and civil authorities of the town were under the impression that the British advance forces were within two hours' march of the town, and they had made preparations to hand over the place to Lord Roberts. At nine o'clock on the same day Lord Roberts sent a despatch from Germiston, the railway suburb out of Johannesburg, where his headquarters were established, recounting the resistance met by General Hamilton on the hills west and north of Johannesburg by General Hamilton's cavalry and General Smith-Dorrien's infantry, and of Gen. French's position north-east of General Hamilton's position on the same day. He also tells of his consenting to a request of the Boer commandant of Johannesburg font to postpone the formal occupation of Johannesburg until this morning owing partly to the necessity of clearing the town and the surrounding hills of the scattered burghers. But he says nothing of any advance upon Pretoria or of the withdrawal from the capital of the President and the Boer forces. However, Pretoria is only about thirty miles by road from Johannesburg and forty-seven by railway, and it is quite possible that General French's force was, at twelve o'clock on Wednesday, within two hours' march of Pretoria and it would not take many hours for General Roberts to despatch an advance force by the railway, which the Transvaalers do not seem to have injured anywhere in their own country, to Pretoria, which is somewhat less than a two hours' ride. It is possible, though hardly probable, that Pretoria was occupied by the British yesterday afternoon, though the obstinacy of the rear-guard action fought by the Boers north of Johannesburg may, if continued, delay the advance of the British, expected by the authorities of Pretoria.

Mr. Hay, the United States consul, assisted by a British resident, has, with commendable foresight, provided for the safety of the large number of British prisoners who were confined apart from the officers at Waterfal, a beautiful little village some miles north of Pretoria, on the line of railway to Pietersburg. The British officers appear to have been left behind at Pretoria by President Kruger and his army in their flight to Watervalboven, and twenty of their number were, on the insistence of Mr. Hay, paroled to go north to Waterfal to use their influence in keeping order among the 4,182 non-commissioned officers and men imprisoned there. It is possible for the Boers to send these prisoners north on the railway to Pietersburg and attempt to hold them longer, but probabilities point to their release immediately upon or shortly after the arrival of the British troops in force in Pretoria. They will strengthen Lord Roberts's forces by about half a division. But the war is probably now practically over, if the Boer forces have actually abandoned without fighting, the strong forts around Pretoria. The local commandos may fight a rear-guard action in front of Pretoria before dispersing and going to their homes, but that can only delay the occupation of the Transvaal capital by a few days at most if the forts are not defended. Among the mountains round Lydenburg, which is twenty miles north of the Delagoa Bay Railway, and eighty-five miles from the frontier of Portuguese territory, and among the vast Salt Pan Mountains, Zoutspansberg further north, President Kruger would be able to keep up a guerrilla warfare for a short time and might cross the Portuguese frontier when finally pushed, but he is far more likely to make terms or depart for Holland via Delagoa Bay leaving General Schalkburgher, the Vice-President, or General Botha to surrender the state.

The capture and occupation of Johannesburg without the destruction of the town or the mines is satisfactory in the extreme, but it is not a matter for general rejoicing in England, or even in London, not to speak of throughout the empire. It was not in the interests of the capitalists or for the gold of Johannesburg that the British went to war, though their enemies seem to think it was. It is to be hoped that the capture and occupation of Pretoria will be, or has been, effected without any great amount of bloodshed such as was feared in view of the number and strength of the forts which surround the capital, and a description of which appears elsewhere in an interesting and well illustrated article in this paper.

The military situation elsewhere throughout South Africa is not important, and is hardly interesting in view of the events at Johannesburg and Pretoria. General Buller's forces are hemming in the Boer forces at Laing's Nek and it is now certain that they will not be able to trek north, at least with their guns and stores. Generals Hunter and Baden-Powell are advancing swiftly through the western Transvaal, and will disarm the people as they pass through. General Rundle is fighting his way from Senekal to Bethlehem. General Brabant is advancing north, apparently from Ficksburg, upon Harrismith. He reports the capture of a patrol of forty of his men by the Boers. The struggle in the Free State is likely to be abandoned when the news of the flight of President Kruger and the occupation of Johannesburg and Pretoria is spread abroad through the state. The London correspondent of the New York 'Post' has cabled an interesting interview with British authorities on the future government of the Transvaal and Free State, which we reproduce elsewhere.

AN ESTEEMED CITIZEN DEAD.

Mr. Alex. Foreman, sr., an old and much respected resident of the east end, passed away peacefully on Tuesday last. The deceased gentleman was born in Belfast, Ireland, and came to this country in 1853, bringing with him his credentials from the Ulster Presbyterian Church. An energetic, hard-working man, he succeeded in acquiring a little property, and reared a large family of sons and daughters, all of whom are respected members of society. He worshipped under the Rev. Gavin Lang, in the Panet Street Church, and has been a staunch and consistent working member of Taylor Presbyterian Church since its first commencement, always in harness, and was, at the time of his death, one of the trustees. His family have the sincere sympathy of all classes and creeds in the east end, in this their day of trouble. The remains will leave 37 Craig street, for Taylor Church on Friday afternoon at 2.15, where the Rev. W. D. Reid will conduct the funeral service, and then proceed to Mount Royal Cemetery.

FLAT WAREHOUSES.

Western Farmers Given Permission to Erect Them.

SENATOR DANDURAND'S BILL FOR SUPPRESSING THE LOTTERY EVIL PASSES THE HOUSE.

Ottawa, May 31.—One of the government bills which has met with harsh criticism this session and has had slow progress through the Lower Chamber, is that to meet the views of the farmers of the west to secure for them permission to erect flat warehouses along lines of railways where they are not satisfied with the rates and treatment given them by the elevator companies. It is criticised by the western members because they say it does not go far enough. The government in return says that it is based upon the report of the commission which examined into the complaint against the elevator companies last fall and winter and which took evidence in every part of Manitoba and the Territories.

When the order for the third reading was called yesterday afternoon in the House of Commons, the Minister of Inland Revenue who has been piloting it through the House, moved in amendment to clause 40 that any person wishing to erect a warehouse shall be oblized to pay for the land on which it stands and for any spur that may be needed to reach it. After a long discussion a division was called on this amendment, resulting in its adoption by 93 to 10. The western members all voted against the amendment as follows:—Richardson, Rutherford, Douglas, Olivier, Roche, Davin, Puttee, with Messrs. Guillet, Pettet and Stubbs.

The Prime Minister afterwards suggested a substitute for this amendment of the Minister of Inland Revenue, which was adopted, and which provides that applicants for flat warehouses shall be liable to pay annual rental for the privilege at the rate of six percent on the value of the land occupied, such value to be fixed by the commissioner; and to also pay for the construction of the necessary sidings, either the actual cost or an annual rental at six percent.

Then Mr. Richardson moved a clause giving the commissioner power to give permission to any person to erect elevators or flat warehouses free of charge on the main lines or sidings of railways. This was defeated and the bill finally disposed of at eleven o'clock.

THE LOTTERY EVIL.

When the order for the third reading of the bill to amend the Criminal Code was reached, Mr. Fraser (Guysboro) moved the adoption of the clause of which he had given notice, exempting the operations of bona fide art unions from the provisions of the law against lotteries whose drawings should occur not oftener than once in two months.

Mr. T. D. Craig expressed himself as opposed to this proposal and Sir Adolphe Caron endorsed the insertion of the new clause as nothing more than justice to the societies which were conducted with an object of assisting in the bone fide assistance and promotion of art.

The Prime Minister came out flatly against the altering of the bill as it now stands. The lottery evil, he said, had grown to such an extent that legislation was indispensable. Protests had come from Montreal chiefly that lotteries were being carried on in the worst form possible under the guise of promoting art. There might be art associations or unions in Canada of the character which have been in existence in England for more than a century, but there was no doubt that there were societies in Montreal, ostensibly for the encouragement of art, but really lotteries. The Senate had proceeded on the principle, drastic though it might be, that all art lotteries were gambling lotteries. The House should not change the bill.

Dr. Russell (Halifax) thought that what was wanted in Montreal was a better administration of the law as it stood on the statute books to-day.

Mr. Fraser's motion was then declared lost.

After some further debate the bill passed its third reading and will go back to the Senate for concurrence in the amendments made by the House of Commons.

MONTREAL & PROVINCE RAILWAY.

The standing orders committee reported in favor of suspending the rules so as to permit of the introduction of a bill authorizing the Central Vermont Railway to purchase and operate the Montreal & Province Line Railway, the Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly Railway Company and the Montreal & Vermont Junction Railway Company.

Mr. Casgrain objected to the rules being suspended.

Dr. Landerkin explained that the bill was one of great importance and urgency to the Grand Trunk.

The bill was given its first reading.

SUNDAY CLOSING OF CANADIAN EXHIBIT.

Mr. John Charlton asked whether the report was well founded that the Canadian exhibit at Paris was to be closed on the Lord's Day. He hoped the news was true.

The Prime Minister responded that he would not be able to give a definite answer in the absence of the Minister of Agriculture, but he understood it was true.

IN COMMITTEE.

Ottawa, May 31.—Bills for the incorporation of the St. Lawrence Terminal and Steamship Company and respecting the Merchants' Bank of Halifax to change its name to the Royal Bank of Canada, were reported by the Committee on Banking and Commerce of the House of Commons this morning.

RUSHING ESTIMATES THROUGH

The House of Commons on its adjournment this morning joined in the outburst of enthusiasm over the fall of Pretoria, in singing 'God Save the Queen.' In Committee of Supply between one and two o'clock, the estimates for the Department of Agriculture were put through, with the exception of one item.

On the item of $150,000 for the census, replying to a question by Dr. Montague, the Minister of Agriculture said that he had not decided the date upon which the census would be taken; but it would probably be on April 5, 1901. Dr. Montague said the question was important, as in the Edmonton 'Bulletin,' published by Mr. Oliver, M.P., the statement was made that the elections would not be held this fall, but that the census would be taken in January, and a session called immediately after, for the passage of the redistribution bill.

The Premier—'That would be a very good arrangement.'

Mr. Fisher—'Yes, and if our friends opposite will assist us to put through the redistribution bill we might make the arrangement. Dr. Montague observed that that was all right, only the Conservatives were sure of winning the elections, and they would attend to the census and the redistribution bill themselves.

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED AT THE ANNUAL MEETING.

The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the Western General Hospital was held in the board room of the institution on Wednesday, May 30, at 4 p.m.

In the absence of Mr. James Coristine, the president, who has lately sailed for Europe, Ald. Chas. F. Smith was voted to the chair, and Mr. Gustaf Gylling acted as secretary.

After the reading of the notice calling the meeting, and the minutes of the last annual meeting, the following gentlemen having qualified were duly elected life governors, viz., C. E. Gudewill, H. A. Hodgson, Arthur Hodgson, E. Sandreuter, W. S. Robertson, Alex. Scott, W. H. Trenholme, Robert H. Craig, Wm. Kissock, and G. A. Thompson. The treasurer, Mr. E. P. Heaton, read the treasurer's statement for last year, from which it appeared the total receipts had been $7,075.56, and the expenditures $6,332.14. The treasurer stated that in the receipts was the sum of a thousand dollars received from governors' fees, which not being available for current expenses, had been transferred to endowment fund account. This left $6,075.56 as the revenue, as against $6,332.14 expenditure. Moreover, there had accumulated liabilities of past years of over six thousand dollars, of which about seventeen hundred dollars applied to last year.

It therefore appeared that the hospital expenditure was $8,000 yearly, with a revenue of about $6,500.

The statement of assets and liabilities was regarded as satisfactory.

The treasurer expressed the hope that the incoming committee would devise means to wipe off the floating debt and place the revenue and expenditure nearer an equilibrium.

The medical report was then read, and will be printed and circulated in due course.

The following gentlemen were elected members of the committee of management: Ald. Chas. F. Smith, president; Hon. J. K. Ward, first vice-president; H. A. Hodgson, second vice-president; E. P. Heaton, treasurer, Dr. J. B. McConnell, secretary; James Coristine, Farquhar Robertson, James Wilson, C. S. Peverley, J. C. King, Wm. Tatley, Alex. Scott, I. H. Stearns, C. E. Gudewill, G. A. Thompson, W. H. Trenholme, W. S. Robertson, James Cochrane, George C. Nicholson and F. B. McNamee.

Ald. Smith, the newly elected president, in expressing his appreciation of the honor conferred upon him, stated that it was only after mature consideration he had decided to yield to the request of the governors that he should become their presiding officer. Personal motives would lead him to shrink from the responsibility of the office, but he felt that work of the kind performed by the hospitals of the city appealed to the right-thinking citizens and that believing it to be the duty of good citizens to assist good works he cheerfully accepted the position.

Mr. Smith proceeded to refer to the reports of the treasurer and medical representatives, which had just been read, and expressed his great amazement at the extent of the work performed by the Western Hospital with so trifling an expenditure. It was evidently doing good and necessary work, and he would assure the governors that he was ready to devote his time and energy to the furtherance of the hospital's interest.

Remarks were made by Mr. I. H. Stearns, Dr. F. W. Campbell, Mr. H. R. Ives, Mr. F. B. McNamee, Mr. J. Cochrane and others.

The meeting was attended by a large number of governors and was not only unanimous in its decisions, but most enthusiastic in regard to future work.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

'There are Others,'

Why, yes, indeed, they are almost legion, all imitating as closely as they know how, but they are miles BEHIND the genuine

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AND THIS IS THE SECRET OF ITS GREAT SALE.

Sealed Lead Packets only. *Never Sold in Bulk Form.*

25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per pound.

WORLD'S CHAMPION BEATEN

A FORMER MONTREALER WHO IS COMING RAPIDLY TO THE FRONT.

Paris, May 29.—It has fallen to Frank J. Marshall to check the victorious career of Emanuel Lasker, chess champion of the world, in the pending international masters' tournament. After defeating in straight succession such men as Schlecter, Didier, Mieses, Burns and Maroczy, the famous German last night found his match in the youthful champion of the Brooklyn Chess Club. As previously cabled Lasker was in sore

FRANK J. MARSHALL.

straits at the time of adjournment in consequence of the persistent pressure directed against his position by his clever adversary. His defeat, therefore, was not unexpected, though there were many who did not believe that the champion's wonderful resources would fail him in his emergency. At the same time, while he has hosts of admirers and friends here, the great majority of the onlookers desired the younger player's success.

In the evening, when brought to bay, Lasker strove with indomitable courage to recover his lost ground, but Marshall was equal to the occasion, and, with rare coolness and judgment, brought the game finally to a successful issue. The feat is all the more remarkable in view of the fact that Lasker never was in better trim than now. Every one had begun to think that the fate of the first prize hung upon the meetings between Lasker and Pillsbury and Janowski, but Marshall's triumph has put another phase upon the situation.

MADE A CORPORAL.

ONE OF THE M'GILL UNIVERSITY BOYS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

Alexander Stearns McCormick is the only son of Mr. D. McCormick, Q.C., of Montreal. He was born in Montreal in

CORPORAL A. P. McCORMACK.

1876, and received his early education at Lincoln College, Sorel, Eliock and Abingdon schools. After an illness which for a time prevented him entering college, he came to McGill, where he was a member of Arts, 1901. He is a member of the Montreal A. A. A., the C. W. A., and Mystic Lodge, A. O. U. W. In 1895 he joined the cyclist corps of the 3rd Battalion 'Victoria Rifles of Canada.' In the autumn of 1895 he joined No. 4 Company. He was made a lance corporal in February, 1897; a corporal in March, 1897; a sergeant in February, 1898, and in May, 1899, received the commission of second lieutenant in No. 5 Company. This commission he resigned to go out as a private to the Transvaal. Mr. McCormick has been very popular with his class-mates, and has been prominently connected with all the college institutions. During the session of 1898-99 he represented arts on the business board of the 'Outlook,' and during the present session he was appointed assistant business manager. He was also arts representative on the business board of the 'Annual,' and filled these positions with marked ability and energy. Before leaving for the front he was presented by his fellow students in Arts with a 'wrist watch' as a token of their esteem.—'McGill Outlook,' March 19.

Since Mr. McCormick's arrival in Africa on April 11 he has been made a corporal.

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

The medical superintendent of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane at Verdun reports that during the week ending May 29 there were four admissions to the hospital, four patients were discharged on trial, and three died.

The visiting governors for the week commencing June 3 are Messrs. C. S. J. Phillips, William Currie, J. Scherman and A. D. Nelson.

CRAIG STREET PAVING.

A DEPUTATION TO WAIT UPON THE ROAD COMMITTEE TO-DAY.

A deputation of citizens is to wait upon the Road Committee this afternoon to urge the completion of the paving of Craig street, at least as far westward as Victoria square. The laying of the asphalt last year on the section of the street immediately east of Bleury and St. Peter streets but served to emphasize the shocking condition of the important thoroughfare westward. This spring probably enough vehicles were broken by jolting over the ridges and holes to pay for the paving. After much persuasion, the Road Committee this year was induced to pass an appropriation for the paving of the short section of Craig street from Bleury and St. Peter to St. Alexander, Mr. St. George, the city surveyor, advising that it would be better not to continue the paving further westward as it would be cut up by the construction of the new sewer connecting the St. James street intercepting sewer with the Craig street tunnel at St. Alexander street.

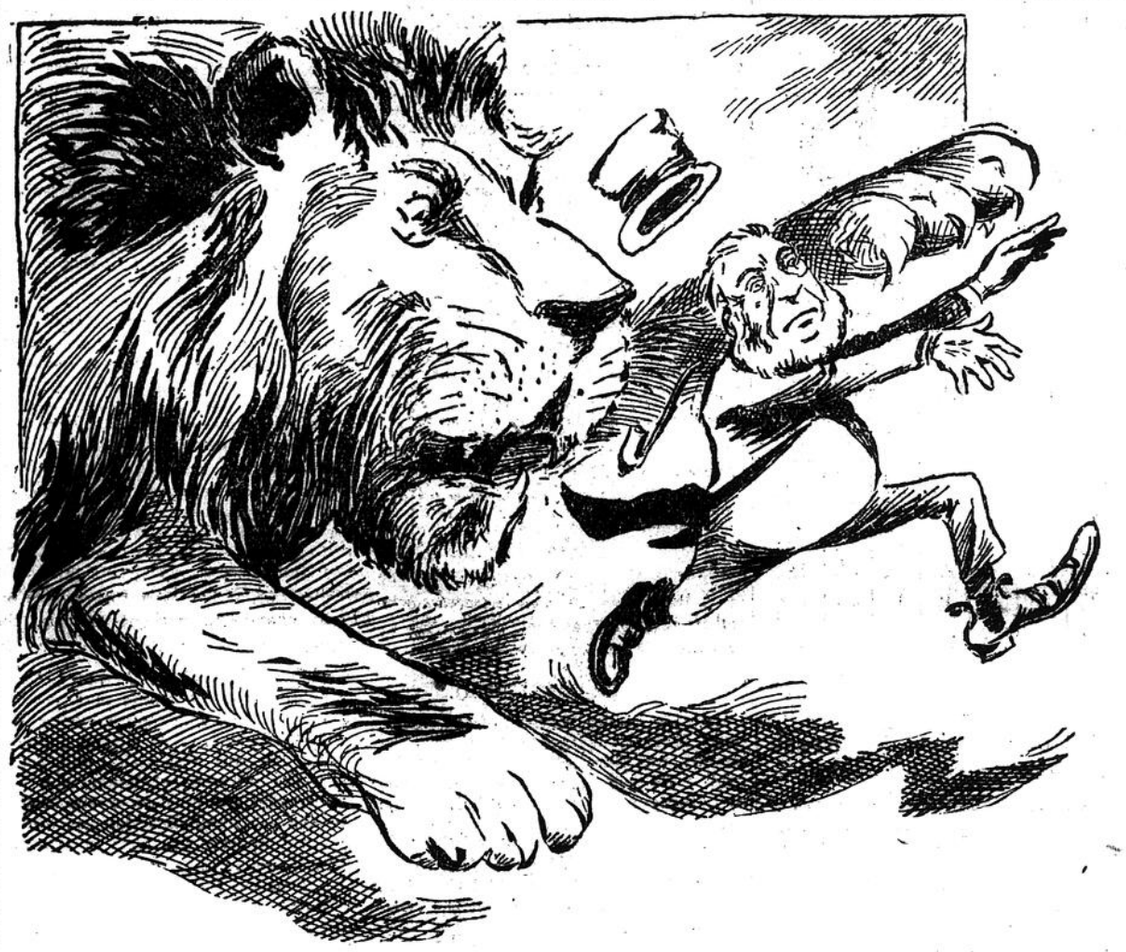
THE LIBRARIANS' CONVENTION.

The assembling of librarians and the library exhibits, which will take place next week on the invitation of the principal and governors of McGill University, call to mind the wonderful advancement in bookmaking since the days of Gutenberg, whose anniversary was recently celebrated. Some of the early works of his immediate predecessor, Plantin, of Antwerp, will be on view at the McGill Library during the convention, as well as the triumphs of modern binding, work done by Cedric Chivers, of Bath, England. With the great multiplication of books the question of accommodation becomes a serious one, and it is a wonder to a layman how a librarian can ever find a required volume in the miles of shelves and monumental stacks. The system of classification in general use is apparently exceedingly arbitrary, and to the uninitiated it would appear that the alphabet had gone on strike. This was the inspiration of a very bright remark made by Mr. Mott when showing some visitors through the McGill stack. Coming to a shelf marked ZY, he said: 'This is our department of historical literature indexed under ZY. But why it is so-called would take a YZ (wise-head) to understand.'

In connection with the coming convention there will be an extensive exhibit of library appliances, shelving, labor saving devices, and many astonishing mechanical contrivances, for the invention of which the present age has become famous. With these and books, and bindings, and speeches and papers on a variety of subjects, as appears from the programme, which was summarized in the 'Witness,' the meetings of the association will be full of interest to every one.

HUSBAND'S CONSENT WAS NECESSARY.

Judge Charland rendered judgment, this morning, in the case of Ls. Bourdon vs. Mrs. A. E. Leveillée. The plaintiff claimed commission upon a property sold by him for defendant, but the Court dismissed the action on the ground that defendant's husband had not given his consent to the transaction.



THE WAR SITUATION.

A GREAT SUCCESS.

HOW THE EMPLOYEES OF THE C P. R. SUBSCRIBED OVER $12,000 TO THE PATRIOTIC FUND— A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

When the patriotic feeling all over the Dominion was at its height, and great corporations were subscribing large sums of money for the benefit of our Canadian soldiers who had gone to the front, it occurred to Mr. Robert Miller, station agent of the C. P. R. at the Windsor street station, that as the company, in its executive and corporate capacity, had given the handsome subscription of fifteen thousand dollars, it would surely be in order for the employees of the vast system, numbering some twenty-five thousand men, to add their mite at the moment when every breast swelled with patriotic feeling. Mr. Miller had been a volunteer soldier himself, and took a keen interest in the welfare of the force which volunteered for the front. On the spur of the moment Mr. Miller drew up a circular addressed to the great army of employees, pointing out that while all could not go to the front, many, he doubted not, felt like showing their loyalty by aiding the general fund which had been organized for the purpose of providing necessaries for the families and dependents of those who had volunteered. Mr. Miller ventured to suggest that each employee might subscribe one-half of one day's pay. Before issuing the circular Mr. Miller gathered about him a committee representing the system in its various sections. The circular was sent on its way. No pressure whatever was exercised. Every subscription given was offered with a free grace. It was found that the men all over the system were willing to subscribe, but necessarily some time was taken up, as the distances were so great and the men were very much scattered. The action of the employees was favorably commented on by the English press, while even Continental newspapers pointed to the fund as testifying to a wonderful patriotic and loyal feeling on the part of the people of Canada.

The fund is now closed, and amounts to the handsome sum of $12,033.64. This has been made up as follows:

Lines east of Fort William	$6,329.55
Lines west of Fort William	5,204.09
Shops and stores (mechanical dept.)	2,686.29
Trackmen and extra labor	2,131.09
Officials and clerks	1,717.94
Stations and freight sheds	1,410.34
Drivers and firemen	1,390.71
Conductors and trainmen	1,374.83
Bridges and buildings	681.42
Telegraph	344.58
Sleeping and dining cars, hotels, river and lake steamer	295.94
Total	$12,033.64

These figures represent practically the full one hundred percent on a half day's basis at this season of the year. From the president to the water boy on an extra gang subscribed.

The various officials—that is to say, foremen, section foremen and the like—saw to it that each employee received a circular, but beyond that nothing was done to push the project. That the return was so large, and the action of the men so spontaneous, is remarkable, considering that, owing to separation by long distance, there was necessarily lacking that contagion of contact which, in such matters, is reckoned of prime importance. Mr. Miller had able associates, who joined with him heart and soul in furthering the project, but the happy inspiration was his own, and he deserves credit for it, the more especially as the result is such a substantial addition to the general fund.

A charming little touch of human nature came out in connection with the progress of the fund. In a lonely little place called Streetsville Junction, Ont., there was a little girl aged eight years, named Annie Hyland, whose father had received a circular, and who had responded with a subscription. The matter was talked over in the house, no doubt, in Annie's hearing. The latter had saved up fifty cents to buy a doll, but when she thought of the soldier boys fighting away out there in Africa, she felt that she must forego her own pleasure for the sake of doing good, and so she wrote the following letter to the managers of the fund:

Streetsville Junction, Ont.

To the Patriotic Fund:

I have fifty cents saved up for Santa Claus to bring me a doll, but my pa is sending a subscription to the fund for the widows and orphans. I won't mind my doll now, but I will send my fifty cents to buy a doll for some soldiers' little girl fighting in South Africa.

ANNIE HYLAND,
Aged 8 years.

Now, when the committee met and read this note, they first of all cleared their throats and then they registered a mighty vow that Annie Hyland should have the best doll in Canada. In due course a doll was bought—such a beauty—almost human in size and aspect—and the following letter was sent to Annie herself:

Windsor Street Station,
Montreal, May 30, 1900.

Dear Little Annie,—

Your letter and subscription to the C. P.R. employees' patriotic fund were duly received. There has been a delay in replying, as we waited for a meeting of the whole committee, so that they could see what a little patriotic girl had done to help our absent soldiers. The members of the committee feel sure that they would have received a great scolding from Santa Claus had they not shown in some way how pleased they were to receive your letter and subscription. So they, with a few others, made a private subscription and got this doll to replace the one you were so willing to sacrifice for the sake of some little girl who must be anxious for her dear papa, now in such great danger in far away South Africa. Please accept it with our best wishes.

Yours, sincerely,
ROBERT MILLER,
For the Committee.

To Annie Hyland, Streetsville Junction, Ont.

FIRE AT FORT DE FRANCE.

Fort De France, Island of Martinique, May 31.—A fierce fire which broke out here at nine o'clock last evening resulted in the destruction oft he custom house and a number of houses in the immediate vicinity of the building, where it originated. The flames were got under control at two o'clock this morning, with the aid of troops and by the employment of dynamite.

SHIPPING NEWS.

The Allan line SS. Hibernian, from Boston, for Glasgow, arrived out on Wednesday afternoon.

The Allan line SS. Norwegian, from New York, for Glasgow, arrived out on Wednesday afternoon.

The Manchester line SS. Manchester City, sailed from Manchester for Montreal, on Wednesday, May 30.

The Head line SS. Innishowen Head, arrived up yesterday afternoon from Belfast, and is berthed at Hochelaga.

The Lord line SS. Lord Lansdowne, from Montreal on May 14, arrived at Cardiff on May 31.

The Allan line SS. Norwegian, from New York for Glasgow, arrived out on Wednesday afternoon.

The Allan line SS. Hibernian, from Boston for Glasgow, arrived out on Wednesday afternoon.

The Donaldson line SS. Amarynthia sailed sailed from Montreal for Glasgow on May 31, with 358 head of cattle and 18 horses.

The Donaldson line SS. Concordia, from Montreal on May 19, for Glasgow, passed Malin Head on May 31.

The SS. Cheruska, of the Hamburg-American line, which sailed from Montreal on May 18, arrived at Hamburg this morning.

The SS. Innishowen Head, of Head line, arrived in port yesterday and moored at the Head line berth, Hochelaga. Captain Suffern states that the vessel had a fair voyage across, very little contrary weather being met with. The Innishowen Head left Belfast on May 16, with a large cargo.

The SS. Lake Megantic, of the Elder-Dempster line, from Liverpool, passed Fame Point inward at 8 o'clock this morning, and is expected to arrive in port on Friday evening.

SEGUIN RUNS ASHORE.

Mackinaw City, Mich., May 30.—In a dense fog, the steel steamer Seguin, bound down, light, ran ashore half a mile west of McGulpin's Point to-day. The Seguin is a Canadian craft, valued at $80,000.

THE SS. PAULINE IN PORT.

The SS. Pauline, of the Dobell line, arrived last evening. Captain Lachance stated that the vessel left Sydney, C.B., on Thursday. The Pauline brought inward a cargo of coal, which she unloaded at Three Rivers, coming light to Montreal. She will carry outward a large cargo of flour and iron, sailing to-morrow for Sydney and intermediate ports.

THE SS. BONAVISTA ARRIVES.

The SS. Bonavista, of the Black Diamond line, arrived in port last evening from Sydney, C.B., with a heavy cargo of coal, which was discharged at Sorel. She leaves early to-morrow morning with passengers and a large cargo for Sydney, C.B., and St. John's, Newfoundland.

THE SS. MONTAUK IN PORT.

The SS. Montauk, of the Elder-Dempster line, arrived in port early yesterday morning. Captain Martyr reports that the vessel left Barry, Bristol Channel, on May 16, and that during the whole voyage across the Atlantic exceptionally fine weather was met with until off the banks of Newfoundland, when heavy seas, accompanied with strong wind and fogs slightly interfered with the vessel. The Montauk came across in ballast, and is now loading a large cargo, and will sail at daybreak to-morrow morning for Avonmouth.

THE NEW SS. MONTREAL.

Messrs. Swan & Hunter, Limited, Wallsend-on-Tyne, as announced in the 'Witness' on April 30, launched a twin screw steamer, built to the order of Messrs. Elder-Dempster & Company, for their Atlantic service. The vessel has been named 'Montreal,' and is of the following dimensions: 470 feet by 56 feet, by 42 feet 9 inches to the shelter deck. She will carry when loaded about 10,000 tons deadweight, and has capacity in holds and other cargo spaces for about 18,000 tons measurement. The 'Montreal' will soon make her maiden trip to the port of Montreal, and is built to Lloyd's highest three-deck class. The between-decks are unusually high, and are fitted with large ports and other means of ventilation for about 750 head of cattle. The engines are of the triple-expansion type the cylinders being 22 inches, 37 inches and 61 inches in diameter, by 48 inch stroke.

THE SS. LAKE CHAMPLAIN SAILS TO-MORROW.

Upon invitation of Mr. D. W. Campbell, general manager of the Elder-Dempster line, a very large number of prominent citizens were entertained to lunch on board the fine new SS. Lake Champlain. The guests were received on board by Messrs. Campbell and Ringland, representatives of the Elder-Dempster line in this city, and the popular chief steward of the Lake Champlain, Mr. Thomas Welsh. The lunch was first-class in every respect, and Mr. Welsh received many congratulations for the way in which everything during the afternoon was carried out. Among the many present were Messrs. A. Kingman, D. Robertson, J. Hodgson, J. Crathern, J. B. Learmont, Jas. McShane, J. Corbett, A. Kelson, W. Niven, A. Piers, J. Constantine, W. R. Evans, James Ryan, W. Ross, Geo. Craig, J. A. Cantlie, Hon. A. W. Atwater, Q.C., G. B. Nesbitt, W. Morris, Jos. Bissonette, and many others. The Lake Champlain leaves port at daybreak to-morrow morning with the following saloon passengers:—Dr. Adami, Mr. Geo. Blais, Mrs. Geo. Blais, Mrs. Fayette Brown, Miss Dorothy Brown, Miss Elizabeth Brown and maid, Dr. H. T. Barnes, Miss A. T. Clark, Mr. W. B. Chapman, Mr. A. Carrick, Miss Maud Davidson, Mrs. Thos. Davidson, Miss Davidson, Miss M. Johnstone Douglas, Mrs. Filteau, Mr. Fagan, Mrs. Fagan, Sir Augustus W. L. Hemming, K.C.M.G., Lady Hemming, Mr. E. Horsfall, Mr. A. Hardisty, Mr. C. V. Hooper, Mr. Bendix Holdhal, Mrs. Howlin, Mrs. R. Kirk, Mrs. Lester, Miss Martin, Prof. Mavor, Mr. J. H. A. Meyer, Mr. G. W. Morang, Mr. A. W. Morris, Miss A. McAndrews, Mr. C. F. Poppel, Mrs. C. F. Poppel, Mr. Poulin, Mrs. Prince, Mr. Albin Rawlings, Mrs. Albin Rawlings, Miss Ritchie, Miss C. S. Ross, Mr. S. C. Rugland, Mrs. A. O. Rutherford, Miss Augusta Slipp, Mr. Harold Thorson, Mr. Henry Thorson, Mr. E. M. Vine, Mrs. E. M. Vine, Mr. Wilson, Miss Wilson, Dr. C. G. L. Wolf.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet—Cloudy, west wind.

River du Loup—Dense fog, calm.

Father Point—Clear, west wind; inward yesterday at 10.30 p.m., Campana; to-day at 3 a.m., Brazilian; 5.30 a.m., Therese-Heyman.

Cape Chatte—Clear, south-east wind; outward at 7 a.m., Lord Stanley; inward at 9 a.m., Lak Megantic.

Martin River—Clear, east wind.

Cape Magdalen—Clear, strong west wind; inwar dat 8.30 a.m., Bjorvin.

Fame Point—Clear, south-east wind; inward, 7 a.m., German steamer Tritonia.

Anticosti—Clear, variable wind.

St. Paul's Island—Clear, south-east wind; inward to-day ten barques.

Cape Ray—Clear, strong north wind.

Low Point—Clear, strong north wind; outward yesterday at 7 p.m., Cunaza.

Cape Race—Foggy, north-east wind; outward at 8 a.m., Cacouna.

L'Islet—Campana inward at 10.40 a.m.

Fame Point—Kinsala inward 10.30 a.m.; fresh south-east wind.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

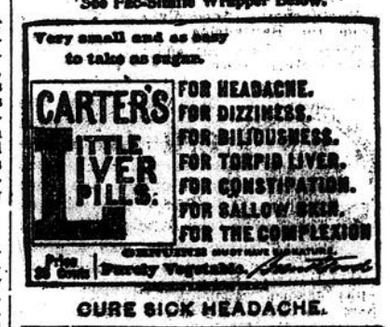
Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.



CURE SICK HEADACHE.

PATRIOTIC STATIONERY

In attractive boxes of five quires, paper and envelopes to match, in boxes of 100 each.

MILITARY—

5 quires Paper for 25c
100 Envelopes to match for 25c

KHAKI—No. 2 quality.

5 quires Paper for 25c
100 Envelopes to match for 25c

No. 1 quality (Linen finish).

5 quires Paper for 75c
100 Envelopes to match for 90c

THE BEST ENGLISH MAKE.

Send for Samples.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.,
STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MAKERS AND PRINTERS,
1755 & 1757 NOTRE DAME ST., Montreal.

Whole Wheat Flour

For Brown Bread,

BRODIE & HARVIE,
10 Bleury Street.

The original makers of this article.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.
MONEY TO LEND.
CUSHING & BARRON,
NOTARIES & COMMISSIONERS
180 St. James street.

Apples Make Cider, and Pears Makes Soap, but McLaren Makes the

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER.

PUREST! SAFEST! BEST!

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

All Good Grocers.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.
MONEY TO LEND
—AT—
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
ACCOUNTANT AND COMMISSIONER,
207 St. James street, and
9 Selkirk Avenue, Guy street.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Face Humours

Pimples, blackheads, simple rashes, red, rough hands, falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, a sure preventive of inflammation and clogging of the Pores.

Sold everywhere. Foreign depots: F. NEWBERY, London; L. MIDY, Paris; R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

LATE WAR NEWS.

Large Number of Boers Neatly Cornered.

JOY IN ONTARIO OVER TIDINGS FROM THE FRONT.

London, May 30, 4.26 p.m.—A special despatch from Germiston, a suburb of Johannesburg, occupied by Lord Roberts, says several hundred Boers sought refuge in a mine, where the British Grenadiers cornered them and barred all escape.

BOER OFFICIAL REPORTS.

BOTHA SUCCEEDED BY LUCAS MEYER AS MILITARY ADVISER TO KRUGER.

Pretoria, May 30.—President Kruger looks wearied out, but is remarkably cool and dignified under the immense strain and the tragic circumstances.

The Volksraad passed a resolution yesterday asserting that all burghers who refused to serve in the army would probably have their property confiscated.

General Lucas Meyer has been appointed military adviser to President Kruger, as Commandant-General Botha is too busy at the various fronts.

Klerksdorp is being fortified, and commandos are concentrating in the western districts where General Delarey is commander-in-chief.

REJOICING IN ONTARIO.

WHOLE CITIES WENT MAD WITH JOY.

Toronto, May 30.—The people of Toronto were made acquainted with the fact that Pretoria had surrendered shortly after eleven o'clock last night by the blowing of the huge whistles of the Street Railway Company. The bells of St. James's next joined in and played 'God Save the Queen.' Then pandemonium reigned and from every whistle and horn in the city the news was given out and tens of thousands of people rushed to the down-town streets. One of the most distiguished Anglican clergymen came in a night gown and overcoat and the costumes were of the strangest. The whole city was crazy with joy.

Fireworks everywhere, flags everywhere, cheering crowds on every corner and 'God Save the Queen' by tens of thousands of throats. Premier Ross was one of the celebrators, going up and down Yonge street in a cab waving a couple of Union Jacks. The Mayor at one o'clock this morning proclaimed a public holiday.

Ottawa, Ont., May 31.—There was general rejoicing in the city last night over the news of the surrender of Pretoria. Jubilation reached the House of Commons. At midnight the fire alarm bell rang for over five minutes and wakened up the whole city. At first it was feared there was a great fire, but soon the news circulated and then the excitement was intense.

Ottawa, May 31.—Mayor Payment has declared a half-holiday to-morrow afternoon for the celebration of the surrender of Pretoria. The school children had a half-holiday to-day and the greatest enthusiasm everywhere prevails.

Owen Sound, Ont., May 31.—The wildest kind of patriotic enthusiasm took possession of this town at midnight when the news of the surrender of Pretoria reached here. At once the town bells and locomotive whistles were set going and these called thousands of citizens from their beds. The business streets were taken possession of and giant crackers and other explosives were freely used. A gigantic bonfire was started on the market square and the flags run up. There was little sleep in the town last night.

Cornwall, Ont., May 31.—The people of Cornwall went mad with joy this morning over the news from Pretoria. The chimes of Trinity Church rang out a joyous peal, and were followed by the bells of the various other churches and the town hall. The Union Jack was quickly run up on every flagstaff and in a few minutes flags broke out simultaneously from almost every business place and dwelling in town. His Worship Mayor Campbell visited the High School, separate and public schools and obtained a holiday for the pupils. The boys formed up in double columns, and with numerous flags, tin pans, etc., paraded about town. Official confirmation of the good news will be the signal for a grand pyrotechnic display. The enthusiasm of the people is unbounded.

SATISFACTION IN MONTREAL

THE HARBOR FRONT DECORATED —BOARD OF TRADE CELEBRATION.

There was general satisfaction expressed among business men to-day at the highly satisfactory war news received. At one o'clock Mr. E. F. Craig, the president of the Corn Exchange, called to order the members on 'Change and made a short patriotic speech, after which the 'National Anthem' was sung, and rousing cheers given for the success of the British arms.

The vessels at the harbor front, notably the new Elder, Dempster Liner 'Lake Champlain,' were gaily decorated, and a salute was fired at noon.

The newspaper offices and many of the large business houses had flags flying, and many of the smaller stores began to display flags and bunting in the afternoon.

The Royal Scots will parade this evening from the armory in honor of the entrance of Lord Roberts into Johannesburg.

TWO CANADIANS PROMOTED.

(Toronto 'Evening Telegram' Cable.)

London, May 30.—In the 'Gazette' today Her Majesty the Queen officially approves of Lord Roberts's recommendation of the promotion of Pte. Murray Hendrie, of Hamilton, Ont, and now serving with the Royal Canadian Regiment of Infantry in South Africa, to the position of second lieutenant in the Second Dragoon Guards by augmentation. Lieut. J. E. Pelletier, formerly of the 65th Battalion, but now lieutenant in the Quebec Company of the Canadian regiment, is promoted to the Sixth Dragoons, vice Dent, deceased.

TRANSLATION OF DEBATES.

HOUSE OF COMMONS COMMITTEE DECIDES TO DROP PRESENT STAFF OF TRANSLATORS.

Ottawa, May 31.—The culmination of the row this session over the translation of the House of Commons debates was reached in the Debates Committee this morning when it was decided to drop the present staff altogether and instead to call at once for tenders in the leading cities for the efficient translation of the debates. The action of the committee will most certainly give rise to a lively scene in the House when its report comes up. A sub-committee was also appointed to enquire into the case of one of the translators recently appointed after a competitive examination against whose work complaints have been preferred.

MR. HALLEY AND THE CANAL SUPERINTENDENTSHIP.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—In your last night's issue you have an article on the superintendentship of the Lachine canal in which you assume to dispose of my name in a summary manner by stating that my talents are unknown, and except that I am a member of some Liberal club, a ward politician and an Irish Catholic, I have no other claim for the position. I have no objection to your article in reference to myself, except wanting to know what you mean by a ward politician. If you mean that all my life I have been an active Liberal and a chairman in some committee in the Liberal interests for the last eighteen years, you are right; if you mean that I have spoken on many platforms, including the one at the Liberal convention at Ottawa, you are right; if you mean that I ever so far benefited to the extent of one farthing by my connection with the Liberal party, then you are wrong. When you give an opinion on my talents, which you state are unknown to you, you are wrong in speaking of what you know not. When you give an opinion about the requirements of a superintendent without having any practical knowledge yourself of mechanics, you are again wrong. I am perfectly satisfied with the number of interested merchants with whom I am acquainted and who desire my appointment, and lastly, Mr. Editor, I would be happy to meet you at any meeting of gentlemen and display my poor qualifications for your consideration. You are wrong in stating that Mr. William O'Brien has had no experience of such work. I understand and believe that he has spent many years on public works. As you have said all you could in favor of Mr. Dennis O'Brien I can add nothing further to your recommendation.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, you ought to be careful in dealing with men and not, in order to gain your point, injure those you do not know.

EDWARD HALLEY.

St. Lawrence street, Montreal, May 31, 1900

Mr. W. O'Brien says that he is a practical engineer, and has had experience in canals, having been employed on the Lachine canal by Mr. Beemer, during the construction of the canal. He has also done work on the canals at Ste. Anne's, Cornwall, Coteau, and Grenville. He was also on the Welland canal, and has had experience for nearly a lifetime. He has been in the saloon business; but sold out a month ago, and is not further interested in it.

LANDLORD NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Judge Gil rendered judgment this morning in the case of Miss Louise Donaldson vs. A. E. Lavigne. The plaintiff claimed $1,000 damages on account of injuries received by being struck by a piece of ice which fell from a St. Lawrence street building belonging to defendant. The court dismissed the action, on the ground that no defects had been proved in the construction of the building, and that the accident did not occur in front of the portion of the building occupied by defendant.

JUDGMENT MODIFIED.

The Court of Review this morning modified the judgment of the Superior Court in the case of Donovan vs. the Dominion Cotton Mills. The court below had allowed plaintiff $150 as salary compensation on account of dismissal, and the Court of Review reduced that amount to $100.

ST. HENRI COUNCIL.

A BY-LAW TO APPOINT A BOILER INSPECTOR.

At the last meeting of the council, Mayor Guay presiding, the by-law providing for the inspction of steam boilers was adopted. The by-law is essentially the same as the by-law of the city on the same subject, except that it provided for the appointment of an inspector for St. Henri.

The secretary was directed to reply to letters as follows: To the Dominion Ice Company, granting their application for the use of steam roller for their basin at Maisonneuve; to the St. Henry Land Company, accepting the offer to pay the assessment on the company's land on the basis of the valuation of $185,000 for 1899.

A letter from G. W. Stephens was read asking that macadam be laid on St. Ambroise street, and accepting the change in the level of the street.. The Mayor and secretary were authorized to sign an agreement with Mr. Stephens by which the latter shall bind himself to make no claims for any damage to his property on account of the change of level.

The tender of Mr. Leopold Leger for one hundred toises of stone for macadam at $8 per toise, was accepted.

A letter from the St. Henry Land Company, asking that the construction of the drains be commenced on the following new streets, namely: Lime, Palm, Butternut and St. Antoine streets, was referred to a general committee of the council.

A number of accounts were ordered to be paid, and the council adpourned.

TESSIER COMMITTED.

Germain Tessier, ex-clerk of the Bonsecours Market, charged with theft as a servant, was this morning committed for trial. He will make his option tomorrow, being allowed out on bail in the meantime. In delivering judgment on the factum presented by Mr. Rodolphe Lemieux to Judge Choquet, His Honor said that as the charge laid before him was one of theft it came under the criminal code and could be tried by a judge of the sessions. If the by-laws of the city had been transgressed that was another matter that might be taken to the Recorder's Court. It appeared from the evidence that the city did not get and could not claim the moneys paid to Mr. Tessier as bonuses, on the authority of any regulation quoted so far. But the stalls belonged to the city and the bonuses paid for the transfer of stalls constituted a revenue from city property, whoever it might belong to. One alderman, when approached on the subject of bonuses, had asserted that it was the rule to pay them. His Honor considered that the evidence warranted a trial and so ordered.

COUNTY W. C. T. U.

The Hochelaga County W. C. T. U. met this morning in Mountain Street Methodist Church, Mrs. R. W. McLachlan, vice-president, occupying the chair. The officers were unanimously re-elected, namely :—President, Miss Dougall; vice-president, Mrs. McLachlan; corresponding-secretary, Mrs. Radford; recording-secretary, Miss Barlow; treasurer, Mrs. Jaques. Reports were read from the following local unions :—

Fairmount Union, represented by Mrs. David Scott; Central Union, by Miss Cochrane ; Central Y Union, by Miss Monk ; Eastern Union, by Mrs. Piché ; French Union, by Mrs. Picard ; Point St. Charles Union, by Mrs. Campbell; St. Lambert Union, by Mrs. Buchanan ; Victoria Union, by Mrs. Allan, Western, by Mrs. Cunningham; Westmount, by Mrs. Jaques, and Lawrence, by Miss Reed.

A telegram of greeting was sent to the Richmond and Drummond County Unions, now in session at Trenholme, Que., where a special fight is in progress against the liquor dealers.

NEW MAP OF SOUTH AFRICA.

The large colored map which has been exhibited in a window of the 'Witness' office since the commencement of the war, was brought up to date to-day by the re-coloring of the newly constituted Orange River Colony, formerly the Orange Free State, with the British color, red. This is probably the first of the new maps of South Africa, and was noticed by a large number of people.

CITY ITEMS.

Judgment has been rendered by the Superior Court quashing the capias in the case of Chas. Lussier vs. Pierre Vincent.

Jno. Dwyer was this morning sentenced by Judge Desnoyers to three years in the penitentiary for the theft of seven dollars from A. Robert, of Longueuil, on May 11.

Joseph Marcil, found guilty of stealing liquor from a cask on the wharf, was found guilty before Judge Desnoyers and sentenced to $5 or one month in jail.

At a meeting of the Club Morin to be held to-morrow evening, the Hon. Senator Bernier will deliver a lecture on the school question.

An action for $5,000 damages has been entered by C. Laplante against the Dominion Bridge Company, for having had his hand crushed while working in defendant's service at Parry Sound.

Blanche Gauthier was found guilty before Judge Desnoyers yesterday of selling liquor without a license, and fined $50 and costs, or three months' imprisonment.

The following new cases have been inscribed in the Court of Appeal: — Alliance Nationale and Union Franco-Canadienne, Corporation of the county of Napierville and Poissant.

Edmond Coté, charged with stealing seven pairs of shoes from J. Guertin's shoe store, Papineau square, pleaded guilty to receiving stolen goods and was condemned to two months imprisonment.

Mr. L. P. Brodeur, M.P., has been re-elected delegate of the Montreal section of the Bar to the general council, and Messrs. Hutchinson, Mignault and Gervais have been re-elected examiners.

Two alarms were sent in about 2.45 this afternoon for a fire on the fifth flat of Mr. Foley's new building at the corner of Metcalfe and St. Catherine streets. The fire was confined to one room, and was soon under control.

A petition has been presented by Joseph Malo, asking the issue of a writ of injunction to prevent the Montreal Pasteurized Milk Company from operating a certain cream separator in rear of No. 426 Dorchester street, on the ground that it constitutes a nuisance.

The Holly Cycle Club held their first ladies' ride on Monday last to Thornhill. There were 34 present, including ladies and gentlemen. After spending an enjoyable hour with music, recitations, etc, they returned home about ten o'clock well pleased with their first ladies' ride of the season.

Philip Desey appeared in the Recorder's Court yesterday morning, charged by Inspectors Hall and Walker with trapping birds. He was convicted, and fined $3 and costs. All the S. P. C. A. officers are now on the watch for offenders in this line. A large number of cages have been confiscated and birds liberated.

Francois Lapierre and Arthur Leclerc, for being drunk in charge of a vehicle, were fined $5 or one month by the Recorder yesterday. A woman named Bridget Lee was with them, and, being under the influence of liquor, she was also arrested and fined $5 or one month. The men paid their fines, but the woman will have to serve her term in prison.

The body of an unknown man was taken from the river near Dobell's wharf, yesterday afternoon. It is that of a dark-complexioned person of about forty years of age, weighing some hundred and eighty pounds, well dressed in a black serge suit, black necktie, white shirt and new boots. The remains may be those of the man who committed suicide by jumping off the Victoria Bridge one Sunday last fall, a few days before the water froze. An inquest was held this morning, the jury finding a verdict of 'accidental death.'

At the meeting of the Chambre de Commerce yesterday a communication was received from the London Chamber of Commerce asking if some plan could not be devised for reducing the high insurance rates now in force on the St. Lawrence. Several charts were ordered to be forwarded to an inquirer from Bruges regarding the harbors of Gaspé and Paspebiac. It was also decided to write to the department at Ottawa asking when it was the intention of the government to go on with the east end harbor works.

FRENCH MINISTER OF WAR.

FIRST ACT LEVELLED AT THE DREYFUSARDS.

Paris, May 31, 3.20 p.m.—The first measure of the new Minister of War, General André, on taking over the War Office is an order for the prosecution of the Dreyfusard paper, the 'Aurore,' for an article printed yesterday by Urbain Gohier, violently attacking the headquarters staff, in connection with the Captain Fritsch affair. 'These officers and detectives,' says M. Gohier, 'in case of war would sell to the enemy our forts, armies and provinces, as they sold them before in time of peace. They engage in jobbery in army contracts, sell crosses of honor and all sorts of documents. When they do not possess authentic documents they manufacture forgeries, for the military trade is the school of treason as it is of lying, stealing and murder.' M. Gohier is the author of the book 'The Army Against the Nation,' which created such an outcry on account of its denunciation of the army, and for which he was prosecuted. General André has requested the Minister of Justice, M. Monis, to take proceedings and this was the step announced at to-day's cabinet council.

GENERAL ANDRE,
New French Minister of War.

A CLAIM SET ASIDE.

The Court of Review this morning confirmed the judgment of the Superior Court dismissing the action in a case of Malo vs. the Montreal Park and Island Railway Co. The plaintiff, who is an ice dealer, claimed damages on account of a collision at Outremont, between his ice waggon and one of the company's cars. Both courts held that the accident was due to the fault and negligence of plaintiff's own driver.

COLLINGWOOD AIR LINE.

Ottawa, May 31.—The bill to incorporate the Canada National Transportation Company passed the Railway Committee this morning without amendment after a fierce struggle. The proposed railway is to extend from Toronto to Collingwood.

LOCAL STOCKS.

WITNESS OFFICE, May 31, 1900.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

C.P.R.—175 at 95½.
Twin City—50 at 64.
Toronto Railway—5 at 99¼.
M.S.R.—62 at 258, 45 at 258.
Payne—500 at 108, 200 at 109.
Virtue—10,000 at 97½, 500 at 98½, 500 at 98.
Electric xd—50 at 205.
Dom. Cotton—10 at 98½, 50 at 99.
Cotton Bonds—2,000 at 99½.
City Corp. 4 percent bonds due 1925 at 7 —6,100 at 105½.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers 1734 Notre Dame st.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Stocks.	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100	Stocks	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100
Can. Pacific ..	96	95¾	Com. Cable...	171	165½
Duluth Com..	6	4½	Richelieu	110	106⅝
Do. Pfd..	16	14			
STREET RAILWAYS.					
Montreal St ..	258¾	257½	Toronto St.	100⅝	99¾
" New	250	245			
Mon'l St. Rts..	....	....	TwinCity Tr	64	63½
Halifax Elec...	95	91½	" pfd	....	....
Ottawa Elec..	....	....	St. John Ry	175	120
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Mntl. Teleg ..	171	163	Bell Tel ...	181	176⅜
Mont'l Gas ..	183¾	182	Hlfx H & L.	....	....
Royal Elec.*..	206	205	Dom. Coal .	50	42½
do. new stock.	....	....	" pfd.	....	115
Windsor Htl..	....	....	Peo. H. & L.	....	....
COTTONS.					
Montl. Cot.	150	141	Dominion*.	100	98
Can. Col. Cot's ..	95	86	Merchants .	140	....
Montmorency Cot. Co.*		112			
MINES.					
War Eagle..	$1.50	$1.47	Payne Min..	108	106
Repub. Con*..	1.00	95	Mont. Lond.	30	24
Virtue Mg Co	1.00	.98	North Star..	125	110
BANKS					
Montreal....*	....	....	E Townships	....	....
Ontario.....	....	....	Quebec...*	....	....
Molsons.....*	190	175	Union....*	120	....
Toronto.....*	....	....	Commerce.	....	....
Jcq. Cartier..*	....	....	Dominion.	....	....
Merchants...*	....	....	National...*	....	....
Mrch. of Hlfx	....	....	Hochelaga.*	153	....
Nova Scotia.	220	200	Brit. N. Am.	....	....
Imperial....	....	....			
BONDS.					
Dom. Cotton..	....	....	Com. Cable	....	100
Hlfx. Ht. & Lt.	70	....	" " Rgd	....	....
Hlfx. Tram..	....	....	Col. Cotton.	100	....
Land Grant..	....	....	Bell Tel Rgt	....	....
N.W. Land pfd	....	....	Dom. Coal.	....	....
" " com	....	....	R. & O. N. Co.	....	....
Halifax Ry..	....	....	L. & Mor. Co.	....	....
W. L'n Trust.	....	....	D'm'dG'l's Co.	....	....
Figtn Coke & Cl		22	In'l Coal Co	50	50
			" pfd	79¾	50
*x.d.			Cable Coup	....	....

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

(Furnished by J. R. Meaker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m.		
Atchison	26¼	26⅞
Atchison pfrd	71⅝	72⅞
Can. Pacific	....	....
Can. Southern	....	....
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	128¼	129¾
Clev. C.C. & St. Louis	....	....
Baltimore and Ohio pfrd	76¾	77
Com. Cable	....	....
B. O.	....	....
B.O. pr	80½	80⅝
Del. & Hud	....	....
Del. Lack & West	....	....
Erie	....	....
Ill. Central	....	....
Louis & Nash	81	81⅛
Lake Shore	....	....
Manhattan Consolidated	90½	91¼
Missouri Pacific	55⅛	55⅞
North America	....	....
Nor. Pacific	60⅞	61⅛
Northern Pacific pfd	76	76½
Southern Pacific	34⅝	35⅛
New Jersey Central	....	....
Nor. West	....	....
N.Y. Central	131⅞	132⅛
Omaha, Common	....	....
Pacific Mail	28	28⅝
Reading, Philadelphia	55⅝	56¼
Richmond, Terminal	....	....
United States Leather	69½	70½
Rock Island, Chicago, and Pacific	107⅛	107⅜
St. Paul, Chico & Minn.	116⅞	117⅛
St. Paul, Minn & Man.	....	....
Texas Pacific	16¾	....
Third Avenue	113¾	....
Union Pacific	54⅝	55⅜
Federal Steel	35	36¾
" pfd.	....	....
American Steel & Wire	35⅛	37
Wabash Com	....	....
Wabash pfd	....	....
Western Union Tel	....	....
Sugar	118¼	118⅞
Lead	....	....
Gas Chicago	....	....
Gen. Electric	133	133¾
B. R. T.	71⅝	72¼
Tol., Ann Arbor & Nor. Mich.	....	....
Rubber M.R	....	....
Rubber pfd	....	....
Met. Traction	156	157½
Tenn. Coal and I.	74	75¼
Southern Railway	....	....
Southern Railway, pr	....	....
Consolidated Gas	....	....
Louisville, K.Y.	....	....
N.Y. Gas.	....	....
Chicago Ill., & E.	....	....

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

London, May 31, 4 p.m.—Consols for money, 102⅞; do., for the account, 103 1-16; Atchison, 27⅛; C.P.R., 97¼; St. Paul, 119⅞; Illinois Central, 115½; Louisville, 68; Union Pacific, pfd., 76; N.Y.C., 135; Erie, 12½ ; Penna., 66⅝; Reading, 8¾; Erie first pfd., 37⅝; N.P. pfd., 78; G.T., 7⅝ ; Anaconda, 8¾; Rand Mines, 42; bar silver quiet, 27 9-16d per ounce; money, 1½ percent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2⅝ to 2 11-16 percent; do., three months' bills, 2 11-16 to 2¾ percent.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

London, May 31.—The market for American securities opened steady and moved steadily upward to the close with business limited to professional trading. The strength was due to favorable advices from South Africa. At the close the tone was steady. Consols for money closed ⅞ higher than yesterday.

MINING EXCHANGE

MORNING BOARD.

Reported by A. W. Morris, Mining Broker, Canada Life Building, Montreal.

Stocks.	Sellers.	Buyers.
Payne....	$1.10	$1.05
War Eagle	1.55	1.45
Republic x-d.	1.00	93
Virtue	98½	97
Montreal and London	25	24½
Big Three	4	3½
Brandon and Golden Crown	21	12½
California	10½	7½
Can. Gold Fields	7½	5½
Cariboo Hydraulic	cmfw	...:4
Evening Star	10	5
Fern	4	3
Gold Hills Dev.	5	2
Iron Colt	12½	—
Knob Hill	56	50
Monte Cristo	4½	3½
Montreal Gold Fields..	5	3½
Noble Five	10	2
Novelty	3	2½
Old Ironsides	85	50
Virginia	6	2
Rambler Cariboo	25½	18
Bullion	38	8
Decca	5½	5
Morrison	2½	2
Golden Star	16¾	15½
Slocan Sovereign	28	20
Rathmullen	3½	1
Winnipeg	14½	14
Dardanelles	5	3
Deer Trail Con.	6¾	6½
North Star, x-d.	1.20	1.09
Dupont Mining Co.	25	20

MORNING SALES.

Novelty—500 at 3.
Big Three—1,000 at 3¾, 5,000 at 3½, 500 at 3¾.
Morrison—2,000 at 2.
Deer Trail Con.—5,000 at 6½, 500 at 6⅝.
Virtue—500 at 99, 500 at 98½.
Knob Hill—500 at 55.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Big Three—1,000 at 4, 500 at 3¾, 1,000 at 4.
King—5,000 at 7.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

Chicago, May 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 15,000; generally dull and weak ; shade lower. Good to prime steers, $4.95 to $5.60; poor to medium, $4.35 to $4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.75 to $5.10; cows, $3 to $4.40; heifers, $3.15 to $5; canners, $2.30 to $2.95; bulls, $2.90 to $4.30; calves, $5 to $7; Texas fed steers, $4 to $5.10; Texas bulls, $3.00 to $3.75. Hogs—Receipts to-day, 35,000; to-morrow, 23,000; left over, 3,194; opened a shade lower; closed strong, decline regained; top, $5.17½; mixed and butchers, $5.00 to $5.15; good to choice heavy, $5.10 to $5.17½; rough heavy, $4.90 to $5.05; light, $4.85 to $5.15; bulk of sales, $5.05 to $5.12.

CHEESE SALES.

Woodstock, Ont., May 30.—Fifteen factories offered 2,169 boxes of cheese, all white and 1,446 colored. Sales, 30 at 9 3-16; 330 at 9 3-16c; 580 at 9¼c. Balance sold off board at from 9⅛c to 9⅜c.

Ormstown, Que., May 30.—Offerings today were 400 white and 10 colored; all sold at 9⅜c. Sixty-six boxes of butter realized 18⅝c; one factory refused 18¾c.

Picton, Ont., May 30.—At cheese board to-day 17 factories boarded 980 boxes, 900 colored and 80 white; highest bid, 9¼c; all sold.

Stirling, Ont., May 30—At the Stirling cheese board to-day 750 boxes were boarded. Part sold at 9⅜c to 9 7-16c.

Napanee, Ont., May 30.—At the cheese board here to-day there were 670 white and 640 colored boarded; 1,200 sold at 9c.

Peterboro, Ont., May 30—At the cheese boar dto-day about 3,000 were offered, all colored. All sold quickly at 9⅜c to 9½c.

PRICE OF SUGAR ADVANCED.

New York, May 31.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced one-tenth of a cent per pound to-day. Raw sugars advanced 1-32 of a cent per pound.

Montreal refiners advanced the price of all grades of sugar 10 percent this morning. The reason given is the settlement of the sugar war in the United states.

CHESS.

TAIL-ENDERS REPLY.

Paris, May 30.—To-day the drawn games Burn v. Marco, and Mieses v. Mortimer, were replayed, the first mentioned having the attack. Mieses beat Mortimer, and the other pair adjourned in an even position.

STANDING OF THE MASTERS.

The score to date follows:

	Won.	Lost.
Janowski	5	0
Pillsbury	4½	½
Lasker	5	1
Mieses	5	1
Marshall	4	1
Maroczy	4	1
Marco	4	1
Showalter	3½	1½
Burn	4	1
Schlechter	2	3
Tschigorin	2	3
Mason	2	4
Brody	1	4
Sterling	1	5
Rosen	1	5
Mortimer	0	6
Didier	0	6

PERSONAL.

Mr. Geo. Hadrill, secretary of the Board of Trade, leaves on the 'Numidian,' for London, where he goes to represent the board in the London Commercial Congress. He will be accompanied by his wife and child. After the congress closes Mr. Hadrill will spend some time on the Continent.

The Lord Bishop of Algoma will address a meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary, in St. Stephen's Church, Lachine, this evening, at eight o'clock. The Bishop and Mrs. Thorneloe will sail for England on Saturday morning.

Mr. George Iles, author of 'Flame, Electricity, and the Camera,' and other books, is in the city, and will be here until the close of the coming convention of librarians. Mr. Iles's 'Flame, Electricity and the Camera' has had a most favorable reception from the general public.

DIED.

BOMPAS—At Spencer, Mass., on May 20, 1900, Adelaide Sarah Bompas, daughter of the late Geo. Joseph Bompas, M.D., of Sherbrooke, Que.

Financial.

A. W. MORRIS

STOCKS.

Member Montreal Mining Exchange
MONTREAL and NEW YORK.

Montreal Office, Canada Life Building
New York Office, 63 Wall St.

W. H. WEIR & SON

STOCKBROKERS,

113 St. Francois Xavier St.

W. H. WEIR. P. H. WEIR.

Members Montreal Stock Exchange.

MEMBERS OF MONTREAL MINING EXCHANGE.

J. B. PICKEN & CO.

BANKERS and BROKERS,
124 St. James st.

MINING STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE, HANDSOME COLLIE PUP, female, from fine stock, 5 months' old. Apply 590 St. Paul street. 31

FOX TERRIER PUP WANTED. Color, liver and white preferred. Address FOX TERRIER. 'Witness' Office.

PRESS FEEDER—WANTED, A BOY, With two or three years' experience on small press. MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO., Printers, 1755 Notre Dame street.

LOCAL STOCKS.

THE MARKET BECOMES MORE ACTIVE AND VALUES IMPROVE.

WITNESS OFFICE, May 31, 1900.

Canadian Pacific, Montreal Street and Royal Electric were the active stocks this morning, and all show a good improvement in values. Pacific is affected by the improved tone in London, where the favorable war news is causing some buoyancy, while the other stocks are being well supported locally. Toronto Street, Gas and Dominion Cotton were dealt in very sparingly, but all show signs of renewed strength. Mines continue to be neglected with no material change in values.

Can. Pac.—75 at 95, 100 at 95¼, 125 at 95⅛, 175 at 95½, 20 at 96, 5 at 96, 50 at 95½.

Twin City—175 at 64.

Royal Electric—250 at 205, 110 at 206, 100 at 205¾, 75 at 206, 175 at 206½, 50 at 206.

Toronto Ry.—125 at 99¼, 25 at 99½.

M.S.R.—50 at 255½, 350 at 255¾, 50 at 256, 75 at 257½.

Montreal Gas—100 at 183.

Republic—100 at 98.

Virtue—100 at 97.

New M.S.R.—20 at 245.

Dom. Cotton—25 at 96.

Col. Cot, Bonds—500 at 99½.

Can. Col. Cotton—25 at 85.

NEW YORK.

New York, May 31.—The stock market was affected at the opening by a jump in sugar and by the buoyancy of the London market, and the war news. Three thousand eight hundred shares of sugar sold simultaneously at 118¾ to 120 compared with 117¼ at Tuesday's close. Other transactions showed particular strength in the railway list. The stock market opened strong.

Reported for the 'Witness' by G. R. Marler, Banker and Broker, 1721 Notre Dame st.

	Buyers.	Sellers	Counter.
New York Funds....	1-10	1-16 dis.	1-16 to ⅛ prem
Sterling, 60 days....	8⅞	15-16	9 to 9⅛
Sterling demand....	9 7-16	9-16	9⅝ to 9¾
Sterling Cable.....	9⅝	11-16	9¾
Paris Cheques.....	5.16¼		

WEEKLY STATEMENT BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, May 31.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, decreased	£679,000
Circulation, increased	322,000
Bullion, decreased	356,707
Other securities, decreased	1,024,000
Other deposits, decreased	368,000
Public deposits, decreased	1,039,000
Notes reserve, decreased	606,000

Government securities, unchanged. The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability is 44.37 percent. Last week it was 44.22 percent. Rate of discount unchanged.

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGES COMBINE.

Toronto, May 30.—Negotiations for the amalgamation of the Toronto and Standard Mining Exchanges which have been in progress for some time, have been brought to a satisfactory completion and it is now stated by brokers that amalgamation will take place at the end of the week. It is felt that there is not enough mining business in Toronto to warrant the continuance of the two exchanges.

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGE.

Toronto, May 31.—Sales:—
Mountain Lion—1,000 at 87.
Vananda—1,000 at 3½.
Winnipeg—500 at 14½.
Fairview—500 at 7.
Evening Star—2,500 at 9.

STANDARD MINING SALES.

Toronto, Ont., May 31.—Sales:
Cariboo McK.—500 at 94½.
Golden Star—500 at 16; 1,500 at 16¼.
Hammond Reef—5,000 at 10¼.
Republic—1,000 at 93¾.
White Bear—4,000 at 2⅜.
Van Anda—1,500 at 3½.

COMMERCIAL

Montreal Wholesale Markets.

GRAIN.

Manitoba wheat has again advanced, and is now quoted at 69c afloat Fort William. On spot trade is confined to oats and peas, both of which rule easy. Holders continue to ask 31c for oats afloat, but buyers are holding off. A transaction in peas for June delivery at 67c is reported.; 66½c is quoted for immediate delivery. Other grains are nominally unchanged.

Liverpool quotations are again lower on corn, which is now quoted at 3s 11d. Other grains are unchanged.

Receipts of grain in Montreal to-day were as follows:

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.
Wheat	——	4,000
Corn	——	1,500
Peas	——	900
Oats	10,700	3,500
Barley	800	4,176

FLOUR AND FEED.

The demand for feed continues light, and prices are easy, but flour is steady with a good enquiry from both home and foreign markets.

Quotations are as follows: Manitoba patents, $3.90 to $4; strong bakers, $3.50 to $3.60; winter wheat patents, $3.50 to $3.90; straight rollers, $3.20 to $3.25, and $1.52 to $1.57 in bags; Manitoba bran, $15.50 in bags; Ontario bran, $15.50 to $16 in bulk; shorts, $16.50 to $17; moullie, $18 to $22. Receipts to-day were 2,064 brls flour.

PROVISIONS.

The market for live hogs is higher in the West, and dressed hogs are nrm here at $8 to $8.25.

Cured meats and lard are in good demand at steady values.

Quotations are as follows: Compound lard, 7c to 7½c; pure lard, 5½c to 9c; kettle rendered, 9½c to 10c; hams, 11c to 12½c; bacon, 11½c to 12c; Wiltshire bacon, 12½c to 13c; Canada short cut mess pork, $17 to $18.

Liverpool quotations are generally easier. Pork is quoted at 67s 6d; lard, 34s 9d; bacon, 41s 6d to 37s, and tallow at 26s.

Receipts to-day were 1,412 brls beef, and 696 pkgs hams and bacon.

EGGS.

Receipts are not so large this week, and no material break in values is now anticipated. Best eggs are quoted at 11½c to 12c; seconds, 10½c to 11c, and culls, 9c to 10c.

Receipts to-day were 1,374 cases.

BUTTER.

The market continues strong, and 19c is reported to have been paid for some pet creameries yesterday, though 18½ is understood to have been the ruling price for grass butter, and 18c for fodder butter. On spot finest creamery is worth from 18¾c to 18½c in large lots. The receipts during the past two days have shown a large increase, and this may affect values somewhat.

Receipts to-day were 2,730 pkgs.

CHEESE.

The market is rather firm for the present and 9⅝c to 9¾c is said to have been paid for some fine western stock for immediate shipment, but the market for futures is still inclined to be weak. Easterns are being held at 9⅜c to 9½c to-day.

Receipts to-day were 7,868 boxes.

The Liverpool cable has again declined, and now stands at 51s for both.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ashes, limited demand and prices easy at $4.55 for firsts, $4.20 for seconds and $5.25 for pearls. Beans were unchanged at $1.70 for extras, and $1.60 for prime quality. Honey dull and unchanged at 9c to 10c for white extracted and 7c to 8c for dark. Hay, good demand at $9.50 for No. 1; $8 to $8.50 for No. 2; and $7 to $7.50 for clover. Maple products quiet; best syrup at 7c to 7½c in wood, and 70c to 75c for small tins; sugar, 9c to 9½c per lb. Potatoes, steady at 30c

LIVE STOCK MARKET—May 31.

There were about 525 head of butchers' cattle, 250 calves and 500 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the East End abattoir today, The butchers were out in full force and seemed to be in the best of humor owing to there being plentiful supplies of beef, with fair prospects of lower prices, now that the Boer war is about over and the favorable weather will insure plenty of cattle food in the country. Trade was brisk with more or less decline in the price of cattle, sheep and lambs, but calves brought better prices, while fat hogs remain at about former rates. Prime beeves sold at from 4⅝c to 5c per lb.; pretty good stock at from 3¾c to 4½c do.; and the common stock at from 2½c to 3½c per lb. Milkmen's strippers were much more plentiful than usual, and sold at from 3c to 4¼c per lb. The best calves were bought up before reaching this market. Prices here ranged from $2 to $7 each. Shippers paid 4c per lb. for good large sheep and the butchers paid from 3½c to 4c per lb. for the others. Lambs sold at from $2.50 to $4.25 each. Good straight lots of fat hogs sold at from $5 to $8 each.

MONTREAL CONFERENCE.

Opening of the Annual Session at Gananoque.

A NUMBER OF MINISTERS, INCLUDING THE REV. DR. HUNTER, TO BE SUPERANNUATED.

(From the Special Correspondent of the 'Witness.')

Gananoque, May 30.—The first Ministerial session of the Montreal Conference opened here to-day. A large number of clergymen were present.

After the Rev. Hugh Cairns, president of conference, had announced Hymn No. 678, which was sung with fervor, the secretary of confrence read two portions of scripture, and the Rev. Dr. Griffith, ex-president of conference, and the Rev. T. J. Mansell, of Montreal, led in prayer.

The secretary then called the roll, to which a large number of pastors responded.

The following transfers are to be made:—The Rev. W. N. Chantler is transferred from Montreal to Toronto Conference.

The Rev. J. M. Hager, M.A., is transferred from Montreal to Hamilton Conference.

The Revs. W. H. Emsley, H. G. Cairns, T. W. Bailey and Thomas Powell to Manitoba Conference.

The Rev. Harry Walker, B.D., is transferred into Montreal Conference from Toronto, and the Rev. G. W. Kerby, from Hamilton.

The following ministers have asked, and are recommended for, superannuation:—The Revs. Samuel Shibley, John Armstrong, W. J. Hunter, D.D., and Samuel Teeson.

Prof. W. M. Patton, B.D., Ph.D., (Heidelburg), resigns from the conference to take up work in the United States. Credentials of standing are to be granted him.

In reply to a request from a certain member of confrence for credential of standing during the year, it was resolved that he be informed that the conference does not so grant credentials.

Messrs. W. L. Rowan, Geo. A. Mcintosh, B.A., B.D., Basil W. Thompson, Richard Eagleson, B.D., R. B. McAmmond, Thomas J. Vickery, Thomas Wesley Bailey, J. W. Davidson, B.A., B.D., and W. A. Hamilton, are recommended to be received into full connexion with the conference.

The names of two young men were dropped because of irregular withdrawal from their work.

The following young men are advanced as follows:—

To the fourth year—Ellwood Lawson, E. W. S. Coates, Isaac Norman, and Wm. H. Wood.

To the third year—R. H. Whiteside, A. S. Clelland.

At the closing of the afternoon session a member of conference announced the receipt of a cablegram that General Roberts had entered Johannesburg. Involuntarily the conference rose en masse and sang the National Anthem.

ARE YOU GOING TO THE SEASIDE OR COUNTRY?

The Publishers of the "Witness" have again opened the **SUMMER RESORT INFORMATION BUREAU, at the "WITNESS" PRINTING HOUSE, corner of Craig and St. Peter streets**, where those contemplating going to a Summer Resort may, at their leisure, look over interesting Booklets, Pamphlets and Cards, descriptive of the leading Summer Resorts of Canada, and the United States. Also time tables of Railways and Steamboats reaching these resorts, together with descriptions of the interesting points along the various routes. This is the oldest newspaper Summer Resort Bureau in Canada. A cordial invitation is extended to all "Witness" readers to consult the Bureau, which is open during regular office hours.

Summer Resorts.

HOTEL BIEN-VENU,
NOTRE DAME DU PORTAGE.
This place, well known to tourists, will be opened the 20th June. All home comforts. Good bathing, and patronized by the best people. Terms moderate. MRS. A. MICHAUD, Proprietor. 21

Grondin's Hotel,
NOTRE DAME DU PORTAGE.
This well-known and popular Hotel is now open. For particulars, please apply to GEO. GRONDIN, Notre Dame du Portage. References, if wanted. 30

THE RIVERSIDE. THE ROCKLEDGE
Open June 1. Open July 2.
A unique corner of the earth. Send for booklets.
STACEY & ADELL, Popham Beach, Me.

OTTAWA HOUSE
OUSHINGS ISLAND, MAINE.
Opens June 25th.
For terms, etc., address
B. C. GIBSON, Proprietor.

THE ELMER,
Select Family Resort, within 1½ hour of N. Y. Golf, Tennis, Boating, &c.
CORNWALL-ON-HUDSON.

Boule Rock House
LITTLE METIS.
This new hotel will be open for guests, June 15th; situated near the beach with splendid view up and down river. Modern improvements, first class accommodation, hot and cold water baths in house. Tennis courts, boating, bathing: best trout lake in vicinity, free to guests. For particulars, apply to
WM. ASTLE,
Proprietor and Manager.

BEAURIVAGE HOUSE, Grand Metis.
This New Hotel, situated at Grand Metis, will be open for guests on the 1st June, next. First class accommodation; close to post-office, and only three miles from railway station. Fine view of the St. Lawrence, and first class bathing. Terms moderate. Guests met at station. Apply for information to J. W. GAUVREAU & CO., Proprietors. 29

OLD ORCHARD, MAINE.
THE NEW IRVING.
This favorably known House has been remodelled and refurnished making it more than ever an ideal family resort.
Facilities for Boating, Bathing and Fishing unexcelled. Gas lighting, all modern conveniences; perfect sanitation.
Send for circular.
MRS. L. A. GOOGINS, Proprietress.

Leggatt's Point Hotel,
LITTLE METIS, QUE.
Beautifully situated between beach and public road; excellent bathing facilities; fine wheeling; splendid view of river and merchant service. First class board.
Opens June 15th. For terms, apply to,
D. McGUGAN, Grand Metis. 27

EVER REST COTTAGE.
Tributary to the Adirondacks. House open June 20; pure air and water; good board; pleasant drives. Correspondence solicited. Address, MRS. H. G. LYMAN, Whippleville, N.Y.

Summer Resorts.

BEACONSFIELD, LAKE ST. LOUIS.—TO Let, Furnished Cottages, containing 8 and 9 rooms; water connections in each house. Plans at our Office. MACINTOSH & HYDE, 157 St. James street. 30

SUMMER BOARD AT HIGHLANDS, Lower Lachine Road, near C.P.R.; good board; plenty of shade, near water. Apply at 69 Drummond street. 30

LAKEFIELD COTTAGE, NOW READY for boarders. MARGARET ROGERS, Lakefield, Que. 30

THE LAURENTIDES HOTEL IS NOW open; it has been completely renovated, and tourists will find every accommodation at moderate prices. Address ARTHUR TREMBLAY, Quai des Eboulements, Que.

ADIRONDACKS,
PINE GROVE COTTAGE.
A delightful home for summer months. Send for illustrated booklet. C. H. MORHOUS, Prop., Jay, Essex County, N.Y.

MOUNT ROYAL HOUSE,
PEAK'S ISLAND, ME.,
Will be open about the middle of June for boarders. Everything will be done to make guests comfortable and at home.
Situation is one of the best on the Island. Good safe bathing, mountain and sea air combined. Address MRS. D. McDONALD, 147 Metcalfe street.

MOUNTAIN VIEW HOUSE,
FOSTER, Que. This well known house on the shores of Brome Lake will be open for guests on June 20th. Boats free. Good bathing and fishing. For terms, address A. KILBURN, Proprietor. 19

MANSION HOUSE, Cacouna.
Nicely situated on the banks of the beautiful St. Lawrence; very comfortable rooms; first-class table; salt water baths, hot and cold, in the house. Terms very moderate. For particulars please apply to
A. LUCAS, Proprietor.

Lake Memphremagog.
Lakeview House, Georgeville, Que., first-class private summer boarding house; Terms moderate. Apply to A. W. BULLOCK, Georgeville, Que. 28

HOTEL DOUGLAS,
SUMMER RESORT ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN. For Descriptive Booklet call at 'Witness' Bureau, or write to JOHN L. MOCK, Prop., Douglas, Essex Co., N.Y. 15

Oceanic House, PEAK'S ISLAND, Me.
One of the finest locations in Casco Bay, three miles from Portland. Bathing, boating and fishing. Pure spring water. Correspondence solicited. 28

REST,
HEALTH,
RECREATION,
ABENAKIS SPRINGS, Que.
This popular resort opens from June 1st to October 1st. The ideal spot for a family to spend the season. Country air, woods, fields, river, and the famous health-giving ABENAKIS MINERAL WATERS.
Special rates for June and the season.
Send for descriptive booklet, rates, etc.
ABENAKIS MINERAL SPRINGS WATER
—CERTAIN CURE FOR—
Rheumatism, Indigestion, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Salt Rheum, General Debility, etc.
MINERAL WATER BATHS.
For full particulars address
RUFUS G. KIMPTON, Manager,
ABENAKIS SPRINGS HOTEL CO.,
Abenakis Springs, Que.

DECORATION DAY.

COMRADE DEARBORN'S ADDRESS.

At yesterday's Decoration Day ceremonies the orator of the day, Comrade Dearborn, of Newport, Vt., made a most impressive address, in which he alluded, after referring to the civil war and its lasting results, to the feelings which existed on the part of the United States towards Great Britain. 'We of America' he said, 'look with respect and pride at this time to the country which holds our ancestors' ashes as well as yours, and though sometimes politicians may seek to strain the friendship which exists, and talk too large, yet may these two nations unite to bear truth and right, justice and Christianity, to every land, and underneath their flags will sail the commerce of the world.'

DEATH OF AN OLD NOTARY.

Mr. Denis Lamarche, notary, of St. Jacques de l'Achigan, died on Tuesday last, at the age of 74 years, after practicing his profession for nearly fifty years. Deceased was the father of Messrs. Victor Lamarche, notary, and Arthur Lamarche, advocate, of this city, of the Rev. Abbés Romeo and Charles Lamarche. The funeral will take place at St. Jacques de l'Achigan, to-morrow morning.

Property.

FOR SALE, $24,000 PROPERTY, Nos. 105, 107, 109 St. Lawrence street, corner Lagauchetiere, two stores, rented $2,400 a year since 1878. J. A. CHARLAND, 1618 Notre Dame street.

FOR SALE, GOOD MILL SEAT FOR Roller Mill, also Saw Mill property, good situation for blacksmith shop. Write for terms. GEO. A. HICKS, Griffiths, Ont. 30

22½ CENTS A FOOT WILL PURCHASE a lot in Westmount; must be sold at once. Address WESTMOUNT, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED,
Self-contained Residences in Westmount from $8,000 to $10,000,
Westmount about $5,000,
West End or Westmount, $15,000 to $20,000,
Central or West End City, $4,000 to $7,00
For enquiries on hand. Values must be right.
H. FAWCETT HARTLAND,
207 St. James Street.
Tel. Main 2275.

MR. TIFFIN TO LECTURE.

A pictorial review of the war in the Transvaal is to be given at the Y.M.C.A. Hall, in aid of the Chateau de Ramezay, on Thursday, June 7, which should excite interest at this time and materially benefit the funds of the society. Mr. H. J. Tiffin has imported at great expense the finest stereopticon slides obtainable in London, made from pictures taken direct on the battlefields. This collection he intends showing next Thursday. The seats are now on sale at Shaw's music store.

Classified Advertisements.

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant. Situation Wanted. Pupils Wanted. Rooms To Let. Articles Found. Secondhand Articles Wanted or For Sale.	20 WORDS	FOR 10 CENTS. ½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.
Property For Sale or To Let. Other Articles For Sale.	25 WORDS	FOR 25 CENTS 1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.
Personals Agents Wanted.	25 WORDS	FOR 50 CENTS

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.
Postage Stamps will be Accepted.
The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.
No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

WANT ADS.

—FOR THE—
WITNESS
May be left at
THE WM. DRYSDALE COMPANY,
UP-TOWN STORE,
2365 St. Catherine street,
Between Peel and Mansfield Sts.
OR WITH
R. TURNER, Grocer,
Point St. Charles, 60 Wellington Street, West of Subway.

Bargains.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, Baby Carriage, nearly new. To be seen any evening. No. 17 Tupper street.

BARGAINS — INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S Sun Bonnets and Sun Hats; Bonnets, 10c to $1.25; Hats, 25c to $1.50. Latest English styles. CLARK'S, Room One, 210 St. James street. 29

BARGAINS — MEN'S SUMMER UNDERwear. Balbriggan, Natural Wool and Fancy Cashmere, all weights; lowest prices, quality considered. Also, Sweaters Bicycle Hose; Cotton and Cashmere Socks, etc. CLARK'S, Room One, 210 St. James street.

FOR SALE, A NEW HAMMOND TYPEwriter (on which about 20 letters have been written) in first-class order, universal key-board, ribbon, three shuttles and antique oak case; sold in the States for $100.00; Canadian price, $125.00. Can be bought for $60 cash from A. MURRMAN, 49 Church street. 25

FOR SALE, CASH OR CREDIT, HOUSEhold Furniture, Parlor Sets, Bedroom Suites, Dining Sets, Carpets, Oilcloth, Curtains, Stoves, etc. PRINCE CO., 33 St. Lawrence street. 8

KINDLING, FOR THE MILLION, Kindling $2; Cut Maple, $3.50; Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Mill Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone Up 2553.

To Let.

TO LET, NEW TENEMENTS AND FLATS of 6 and 8 rooms, well lighted, corner St. George and St. Viateur avenue, Montreal Annex; low rent. A. G. ROSS, Canada Life Building. 30

TO LET, OR FOR SALE, AT BOUCHERville, three pretty cottages, well situated and furnished; rent low. JOSEPH PAQUETTE, 59 Lacroix street. 28

SHOP TO LET, 2114 St. Catherine street; very central; would suit any small business. JOHN BURRELL, Real Estate Agent, Temple Building. 25

TO LET, 9 EDWARD STREET, 12 rooms, in nice order; immediate possession; $25. JOHN BURRELL, Real Estate Agent, Temple Building. 25

SHOPS OR OFFICES TO LET, Altered to suit tenants, in building, cor. St. Peter st. and Fortification lane; most desirable retail location. Apply for key and particulars at the 'Witness' Office. 2

BUILDING TO LET, SUITABLE for Shops, offices or light manufacturing, corner of St. Peter and Fortification lane, will be reconstructed to suit tenants; most desirable situation. Apply for full particulars to 'Witness' Office. 2

WESTMOUNT—TO LET, 258 METCALFE ave., new and modern House, extension kitchen, commanding view of Western ave.; rent moderate. C. C. HOLLAND, 2411 St. Catherine street. Telephone Up 745, or 1284. 28

TO LET, FLAT IN 'THE SHERBROOKE,' six large rooms, every convenience, heated; immediate possession; enquire at 'The Sherbrooke,' Tel. Main 3137, or address T.X., 10, 'Witness' Office. 25

HOUSE TO LET, 211 ST. ANTOINE Street, near Mountain street; hot water heating; all newly painted; all in first-class condition; immediate possession. Apply JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS, St. Catherine street. city. 21

STORE TO LET IN ST. PETER STREET wing of 'Witness' building; splendid thoroughfare for retail business; bright and attractive front. Apply at 'Witness' Office, corner of Craig and St. Peter streets. 30

TO LET, UPPER FLAT, Stone Front, five rooms, b. and w.c. 49a St. Hypolite, just above Sherbrooke. Apply 544 Cadieux street. 27

OLD BUILDING, CORNER ST. PETER and Fortification, To Let to one or several tenants; splendid thoroughfare. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

Miscellaneous.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHased; advances made thereon, and on other securities. Debts and claims of all kinds collected on commission. Apply to Room 1, 128A, St. James street, or P.O. Box 447. 28

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, ENGLISH BOY, LIVING With his parents, for a wholesale dry goods office. Address B., 186, 'Witness' Office. 21

TEACHERS WANTED, SHAWVILLE Academy.—Principal, with 1st grade diploma and B.A.; also Elementary Teacher, holding advanced E. diploma; must be well recommended, and give satisfactory evidence of good health. Teachers with experience preferred. Apply at once, stating lowest salary acceptable for ten months' actual teaching. No teacher need apply with other than the diploma above named. Address H. LANG, Secretary-Treasurer, Shawville, May 29, 1900.

WANTED, APPRENTICE TO THE Jewellery trade; good references. D. BEATTY, 137 St. Peter street.

WANTED, A WIDOW OR MIDDLE-Aged person, Protestant, as housekeeper, to a widower, with three children; aged 2, 4, 6 years; A1 references required. Address TRUSTWORTHY, 14, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL Servant; no washing or ironing; family small. Apply 76 St. Matthew street.

WANTED, A RELIABLE PERSON TO take charge of children, and do some upstairs work; Protestant preferred. 176 Mansfield street.

A NEAT HOUSEMAID WANTED; HIGH wages. Apply to Mrs. W. N. EVANS, 217 Milton street. 30

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 19 St. Luke street, near Guy. 30

WANTED, HOUSEMAID FOR FAMILY of two; modern country residence, near Montreal; references required. Apply 318 Greene avenue, Westmount. 30

WANTED, A SMART MESSENGER BOY; must have good references and know the city well. Apply at once, DRYSDALE'S, 2365 St. Catherine street. 30

WANTED, FOR JUNE 11th, Good General Servant for family of two; must have city references. 10 University street.

WANTED, CHAMBER MAIDS FOR ST. Lawrence Hall. Apply to the Housekeeper.

WANTED, A FIRST CLASS Gardener, married or single. Apply at No. 54 St. Francoix Xavier street.

WANTED, FIRST CLASS SALESLADIES, having good references. Apply to MR. DESJARDINS, Manager, at E. Lepage & Co., corner Ste. Catherine and St. Lawrence streets.

WANTED, SMART OFFICE BOY; ONE writing shorthand preferred. Address, P.O. Box 2400. 29

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT; Family of two. Apply 158 Drummond stret.

WANTED, OPERATORS ON SHIRTS, Shirt Waists, Skirts, Overalls and Pants; steady work; good pay; also girls to learn. Apply to Mr. DAVIS, at The Standard Shirt Co., Limited. 23

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE PERson, washing and ironing by the day. Apply 68 St. George street. 30

MAN OF EDUCATION AND ABILITY, competent bookkeeper, wants situation; willing to do any work. Address R.K., 20, 'Witness' Office. 29

WANTED, WORK BY THE DAY, Cleaning empty houses. Address M. C., 'Witness' Office. 28

WANTED, WORK OF ANY KIND BY the day by respectable woman. Apply 649½ St. James street.

A CHEMIST AND ANALYST (experienced) desires an engagement as principal or assistant. Address CHEMIST, 'Witness' Office. 25

GARDENING BY PRACTICAL MAN, all branches, by the hour, day, week or job. Fine sodding a specialty. F.S.T., 'Witness' Office. 25

Rooms and Board.

ROOM, WITH PARTIAL BOARD, Wanted at Lachine. Address P.P., 'Witness' Office. 29

ROOM, FINE ROOM, WITH FIRST Class board; electric light, on bathroom flat, $3.50 per week. 102 Fulford street, near St. James street. Cars pass the door. 27

ROOMS TO LET, Large, well furnished double room in front of house; also single room adjoining; hot and cold water. At 34 Shuter street.

Personal.

PERSONAL—MRS. RUSSELL, LADIES' Dressmaker, has removed to 27 Buckingham avenue.

ADVERTISERS ARE REMINDED THAT it is contrary to the provisions of the postal law to deliver letters addressed to initials only; an advertiser desiring to conceal his or her identity may economically do so by having replies directed to a box at this office; ten cents added to the price of the advertisement covers expenses in connection therewith, including the forwarding of letters.

Houses for Sale.

FOR SALE, NO. 78 ST. MATTHEW Street, a modern house, with extension kitchen. Early possession. Terms: All cash, or easy payments as preferred. Apply to H. W. WALKER, 78 St. Matthew street. 30

Lost, Strayed and Found.

LOST, ON THE 22ND, BLACK COCKER Spaniel Pup. Reward of five dollars on returning to 122 Crescent street. 30

Wanted.

GINSENG WANTED — LIVE PLANTS only; next fall; $1.50 per hundred for small; $3.00 per green pound for large ones. Write for particulars. W. E. SAUNDERS, London, Ont. 31

TERRIER PUP WANTED, Male, Skye or Scotch preferred. Address with full particlures and price, to TERRIER PUP, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, LADIES' and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Furs, Carpets, Household Furniture of all descriptions; Pictures, Paintings, Musical Instruments, Firearms, Bicycles; best prices paid. Address, M. FRANK, 493 Craig street. Post-Office Box, 423, formerly of 539 Craig street.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOOD'S PILLS

Rouse the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. HOOD & Co., Lowell, Mass.

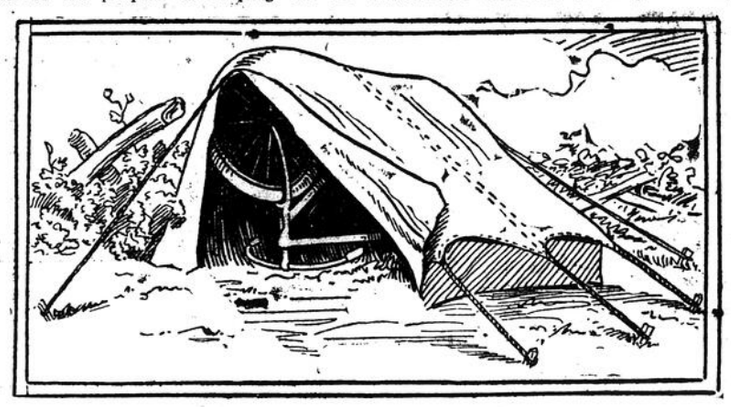
The Boys' Page.

A Handy Bicycle Tent.

The boy who delights in taking long trips on his wheel into the country will find this a very useful contrivance in the event of a sudden thunderstorm where shelter is not to be found readily, or in case he should wish to camp out in preference to putting up at a farm house or a 'wayside inn.'

The tent, which will cover both rider and bicycle, may, after a little practice, be erected in less than three minutes, the bicycle acting as uprights and ridge-pole. When not in use, it can be rolled up and strapped back of the saddle or upon the handlebars, making a package a foot long and of a thickness varying with the cloth used.

It may be constructed of any material which will shed water when stretched out. Of course, the thinner and lighter the material the better, so long as it serves the purpose of keeping out the



THE TENT WHEN IN USE.

rain. Gossamer cloth is desirable in many respects. It is thin, and can be rolled into a very compact parcel. It does not absorb the moisture and so can be rolled up without any danger of mildewing after having been exposed to dampness. It may be purchased from twenty-five cents a yard upwards.

Cheap white cotton can be made waterproof by dipping it in boiled linseed oil, and spreading it out in the open air to dry. It should be thoroughly dried, else there is danger of its taking fire by spontaneous combustion. At least a week will be required to make it fit to use. The prepared cotton is cheaper than the gossamer cloth and does just as well; but it is heavier, and does not admit of being rolled up into small a compass. For a tent in the back yard, the oiled cotton serves every purpose. It can be made any color desired by mixing the coloring matter with the oil. Ten or twelve yards of material thirty inches wide, eleven small rings, and a short trout line are the only essentials for making the tent.

To make this portable house turn the bicycle upside down, allowing it to rest on the saddle and handlebars, and measure the distance from the floor to the highest point of either of the wheels. Double the height of the wheel, add to the result twenty-nine inches, and cut two pieces of the material each the above length. Untie these side by side, overlapping half an inch. Turn up a hem half an inch at each end. You have now a piece of cloth six feet wide and more or less nine feet long, according to the height of the wheel. As the tent is to have a wall for protection on each side measuring eighteen inches from one hem and double the cloth upon itself, making a flap an inch in width upon the outer surface of the fabric. Three rings may now be fastened to this flap, one at each extreme end and one in the centre, to which cords can be attached eight feet in length. To the opposite hem, rings and loops, four in number, may be securely attached, eighteen inches apart. Midway between this edge and the flap is the ridge of the tent, which should be reinforced on the inside by an extra piece of cloth two inches in width and four feet long. On each end of this strip fasten two rings, one on each corner. These will therefore be two inches apart. As the covering is now placed in position over the wheel the rings of the reinforcing strip should straddle the rubber tires at their greatest distance from the ground. It will be noticed at this juncture that a portion of the roof of the tent between the wheels is without support. To overcome this fault attach strong cords to the two rings on each end of the reinforcement strip, and join them into one cord six inches from the rings into one cord for each end. The top of the tent may be made rigid by these two guy lines to be secured to stakes in the ground, in the same manner as those on the side. Trout line will be most serviceable.

These flaps or doors of the front and back can be cut and fitted with ease while the tent is standing. Leave a slit directly in front of the wheel so that the flaps may be thrown backwards upon the roof, out of the way, upon entering or leaving. When closed they may be fastened securely by strings or tape attached to the two edges.

THE ORIGIN OF THE WIG.

The first wig mentioned in history was made out of a goat's skin and worn by the daughter of Saul, king of Israel. The first artistic wigs were made in the south of Italy for the Gapiniens, who lived in Apulia, and were known for the luxuries of their toilet. These people were, they say, the first who painted their faces; this they did with the juice of strawberries.

The Persians wore wigs. Xenophon relates that little Cyrus, when he visited Astyages, his grandfather, whose eyes were framed in blue paint and who wore an enormous wig, threw himself on his knees and cried: 'Oh, mother, what a beautiful grandfather I have!' Aglais, a maid of honor, was so struck by the appearance of the old gentleman that she remained with Astyages as a slave.

The Phoenician women, who were proud of their hair, having been ordered by their priests to offer it up on the altars dedicated to Venus after the death of Adonis, obeyed, but with murmuring. Soon they were consoled by a Greek merchant who told them that he would give them the means of hiding their bald pates under luxuriant curls. In his chariot he had hundreds of wigs of all colors.

Wigs were in vogue in Rome toward the end of the republic, and so well made that, says Ovid, 'no man could know if his wife had any hair at all before she had given him an opportunity of seizing her by the tresses.'

Teutonic peasants were the providers of blonde hair for rich Roman princesses, who loved the contrast of its flaxen hue with their black eyes. They even had morning wigs, small and tightly curled, of any color, and they kept the beautiful fair ones to receive their admirers at night. Messalina had a hundred and fifty wigs to disguise herself.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CADBURY'S
COCOA,
ABSOLUTELY PURE, THEREFORE BEST
NO CHEMICALS USED.
Wholesale Agents for Canada,
Frank Magor & Co., 16 St. John St., Montreal.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five-cent bottle of Dr. Wills's English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve constipation and headache. We also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Wills's English Pills are used.

J. A. HARTE, Druggist, 1780 Notre Dame street.
JOHN LEWIS, Druggist, 2208 St. Catherine street.
B. E. McGALE, Druggist, 2123 Notre Dame street.
A. D. MANN, Druggist, cor. St. Antoine and Mountain streets.
A. D. MANN, Druggist, cor. Hibernia and Coleraine streets.
DOWLER'S Pharmacy, cor. Phillips Square and St. Catherine street.
E. H. LAWSON, Druggist, Victoria Avenue, Westmount.
A. DAVIDSON, Druggist, St. Catherine st., Westmount.
W. S. STONE, Druggist, St. Catherine street, Westmount.

C. E. LLOYD,
SANITARY PLUMBER,
Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter. Tin and Sheet Iron Worker.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
136 Dorchester Street.

DO NOT TAKE OTHERS.
"BEAVER BRAND"
MACKINTOSH
Is the Best and Cheapest.
If your storekeeper don't have it, get it direct from us.
THE BEAVER RUBBER CLOTHING CO.,
1690 Notre Dame Street.

Stationery, &c.

TIMMIS, NOBLE & CO.,
Wholesale Stationers,
Blank Book Manufacturers.
Printers and Lithographers.
759 CRAIG STREET.

Bakers and Confectioners.

NOT HOW CHEAP, BUT HOW GOOD?
OUR MOTTO
Is it yours? When you order the food for your household.
All our Goods are Good.
BREAD, CAKES, CANDIES, BISCUITS
Friticumina Infants' Food.
JAMES M. AIRD.

R. S. AULD,
PLAIN AND FANCY BREADS,
CHOICE CANDIES AND CONFECTIONERY,
WHOLE WHEAT HEALTH BREAD,
BAKED BEANS, BOSTON BROWN BREAD.
Only Whole Wheat Flour used in our Health Bread.
Telephone Mt. 13, corner St. Antoine St. and Atwater avenue.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCROFULA
is indicated by little kernels in the neck. Sometimes they swell, become painful, soften, and end in a scar. Watch carefully, and just as soon as the kernels appear give
Scott's Emulsion
The swellings will grow less and less until they disappear entirely. Continue the Emulsion until the child has good solid flesh and a healthy color.
50c. and $1.00, all druggists,
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

Flower Seed,
NOT THE CHEAPEST,
But the Best to grow and flower.
Plants of all kinds.
S. S. BAIN,
Nurseryman, Seedsman and Florist,
66 BEAVER HALL HILL.
And 2357 ST. CATHERINE ST.
MONTREAL.

THE LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, Limited
Mills at Keewatin and Portage La Prairie, Manitoba.
CAPACITY, 8,500 BARRELS DAILY.
Eastern Office, 27 Board of Trade Building.

FITS STOPPED FREE
Permanently cured by Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Positive cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms, and St. Vitus' Dance. No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle sent through Canadian Agency FREE to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Limited, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia. Agent:
J. A. HARTE, Druggist.
1780 Notre Dame street.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

HURRAH FOR THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!
FISHING PARTIES, EXCURSION PARTIES and PICNIC PARTIES
can get their Supplies at the cheapest possible prices from
WALTER PAUL,
whose stock of Canned Meats, Fruits, etc., is the largest and best assorted in the city. A large stock of PICNIC BASKETS of all kinds on hand.
Cor. Metcalfe and St. Catherine Streets.

Professional.

O'Hara Baynes,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Has Removed to
Western Loan & Trust Co., Building,
11 St. Sacrament street,
Telephone Main: 1717

PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS,
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.,
Canada Life Building, Montreal,
Also Toronto, Ottawa and Washington.

Quinn, Morrison & Lynch
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS.
Temple Building, 185 St James St.
M. J. P. QUINN, Q.C., M.P.
H. J. MORRISON, B.C.L.
W. H. LYNCH, B.C.L.
} MONTREAL.

SETH P. LEET, Q.C.,
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE BUILDING,
204 St. James St. Tel. Main 616.

SMITH, MARKEY & MONTGOMERY,
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.
TEMPLE BUILDING,
185 ST. JAMES STREET.
ROBT. C. SMITH, Q.C. FRED. H. MARKEY
GEO. H. A. MONTGOMERY.

BUCHAN, ELLIOTT, & KENNEDY
ADVOCATES, &c.,
Canada Life Building, 189 St. James St.
J. S. BUCHAN, Q.C., H. J. ELLIOTT, J. K. KENNEDY
Tel. Main 663.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS.
OWEN N. EVANS,
TEMPLE BUILDING, MONTREAL

DOMINION LINE
MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer.	From Montreal.	From Quebec
*ROMAN	May 30, daylight, direct.	
VANCOUVER	June 2 9 a.m.	June 2, 6 p.m.
DOMINION	June 16, 9 a.m.	June 16, 6 p.m.
CAMBROMAN	June 23, 9 a.m.	June 23, 6 p.m.

*This steamer does not carry passengers.
Rates: First Cabin, $60 and upward single; $114 return, according to berth. Second Cabin, $37.50 single; $71.25 return.
Steerage to Liverpool, Derry, London, Queenstown, Belfast and Glasgow, $23.50.
Steerage outfits furnished free.
Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks.
BOSTON SERVICE.
SS. NEW ENGLAND, from Boston June 20th, 4 p.m
For further information, apply to any agent of the Company, or to
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
17 St. Sacrament st. General Agents.
Montreal.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, (Limited).
RIVER AND GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.
Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.
THE WELL and favorably known SS. 'CAMPANA,' 1,700 tons, lighted by electricity, and with all modern comforts, leaves Montreal on Mondays at 2 p.m., June 4th and 18th; July 2nd, 16th and 30th; August 13th and 27th; September 10th and 24th, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Quebec, Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.
The finest trip of the season for health and comfort.
ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.
For freight, passage and Staterooms, apply to
J. G. BROCK & CO., Agents,
211 Commissioners street, city.

Summer Travel.

VACATION TRIPS
ON THE ST. LAWRENCE,
Strs. CAMPANA, BONAVISTA and COBAN to lower ports.
Strs. CUBA, MELBOURNE, OCEAN, PERSIA and ALEXANDRIA to Upper St. Lawrence and Great Lakes,
Tickets and further particulars from
W. H. HENRY,
116 St. Peter St., Mechanics' Inst. Bldg.
Tel. Main 2646. General Steamship Agency.

TORONTO,
$10--AND RETURN--$10
Single $6 (including Meals and Berth),
Tuesday and Friday
At 7 p.m.,
Per Favorite Steamers
"OCEAN" and "PERSIA."
Lighted throughout with Electric Light.
CUISINE FIRST CLASS.
Apply to
Battersby's Tourist Agency,
178 St. James street.
W. Henry, St. Peter street.
G. E. Jaques & Co., 217 Common street.

R & O Richelieu & Ontario Nav. Co. Toronto & Charlotte Line.
Commences running Thursday, May 31st
Steamers leave Montreal for 1,000 Islands, Pointe Charlotte and Toronto, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 1 p.m. Steamer from Montreal connects at Prescott with steamer TORONTO.
Low Rates Going West.
Steamer TORONTO Finest on Fresh Water.

HAMILTON LINE.
Steamer leaves Monday and Thursday, at 7 p.m., for Toronto and Hamilton, and intermediate ports.
SAGUENAY LINE.
Steamer leaves Quebec Tuesday and Saturday, 8 a.m.
Steamer LAPRAIRIE
Leaves week days from Montreal at 12.30 p.m., instead of 1 p.m. Leaves Laprairie at 2 p.m., instead of 2.30 p.m.
For further information and tickets, apply to H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, Ticket Agent, 128 St. James street, opposite Post-Office, or Freight to R. McEWAN, G.F.A., Victoria Pier. Tel. Main 1732 and 2473.

The Ottawa River Navigation Co.
DAILY MAIL LINE STEAMERS
Sundays excepted.
SOVEREIGN & EMPRESS
BETWEEN
Montreal and Ottawa
Now running regularly for the season.
Passengers from Montreal take 8 a.m. train to Lachine to connect with steamer 'SOVEREIGN.'
Take 5 p.m. train for SHOOTING THE RAPIDS.
Excursions to CARILLON Daily, $1.00.
Head Office, 185 Common St.
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ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.'S
BEAVER LINE.
ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Weekly Sailings between Montreal and Liverpool.
Calling at Moville both ways.

From Liverpool	Steamer.	From Montreal.
Tues., May 1	Lake Ontario	Fri., May 18
Tues., May 8	Lusitania	Fri., May 25
Tues., May 15	Lake Champlain (New 9,000 tons).	Fri., June 1
Tues., May 22	Lake Megantic	Fri., June 8
Tues., May 29	Lake Superior	Fri., June 15
Tues., June 5	Lake Ontario	Fri., June 22
Tues., June 12	Lusitania	Fri., June 29
Tues., June 19	Lake Champlain (New 9,000 tons).	Fri., July 6

RATES OF PASSAGE.
First Cabin, from $52.50 to $85 single. $101 to $161.50 return, according to steamer, location of staterooms and number of occupants.
Second Cabin, to Liverpool, London or Londonderry: Single Fare $35.00, Return Fare $66.50
Lake Ontario and Lake Superior.
Lake Champlain, Lake Megantic and Lusitania $37.50, $71.25
Two persons occupying a four-berthed room will be charged extra.
Third Class or Steerage, to Liverpool, London or Londonderry, etc., $22 and $23, according to steamer.
MONTREAL to AVONMOUTH.
(BRISTOL)
SS. MEMNON May 3
*SS. DEGAMA May 10
*SS. ETOLIA May 17
*SS. YOLA May 24
*These steamers have very comfortable accommodation for a limited number of first cabin passengers. Rate, $50 single, $90 return.
MONTREAL TO LONDON.
SS. Oceano May 10.
SS. Montpelia May 12.
ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
6 St. Sacrament st.
MONTREAL.
Chicago Agency—
JNO. E. EARLE & CO., 12 Sherman St.
Toronto Agency—80 Yonge St.

Black Diamond Line.
Steamers of this line leave MONTREAL regularly throughout season for
CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.,
N. SYDNEY, C.B.,
and ST. JOHN'S, N. F.
NEXT SAILINGS.
SS. BONAVISTA Thursday, May 31
SS. BONAVISTA Monday, June 18
For particulars regarding freight or passage apply to
KINGMAN & CO.,
Telephone Main 56. 14 Place Royale.

REFORD AGENCIES.
DONALDSON LINE.

SS. Alolides	4,500 tons	SS. Keemun	4,500 tons
SS. Almora	7,500 "	SS. Lakonia	7,500 "
SS. Amarynthia	7,500 "	(cold storage).	
SS. Marina (cold storage)			8,500 "
SS. Concordia	3,500 "	SS. Orbilia	6,000 "
SS. Hestia	5,800 "	SS. Salacia	7,000 "
SS. Indrani	5,800 "	SS. Tritonia	6,000 "
SS. Kastalia (cold storage)	4,300 "	SS. Marina (cold storage).	8,500 "
New Steamer building			7,500 "

From Montreal.
SS. AMARYNTHIA May 31
SS. TRITONIA June 6
SS. ALCIDES June 13
SS. KASTALIA (cold storage) June 21
SS. LAKONIA (cold storage) June 28
THOMSON LINE.
Weekly London Service.
From PORTLAND.
*SS. TYNEDALE June 1
*SS. BRECKFIELD June 8
*SS. FRESHFIELD June 22
*Steame June 29
From Montreal.
SS. KILDONA June 8
SS. IONA (cold storage) June 15
*SS. ALLENDALE June 22
SS. HURONA (cold storage) June 29
LEITH SERVICE.
*SS. JACONA June 15
ABERDEEN SERVICE.
*SS. ESCALONA May 31
*Chartered.
AGENTS—Cairns, Young & Noble, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. Low, Son & Co., 7 Fenchurch Avenue, London, E.C.; Thomson & Co., Leith; W. Thomson & Sons, Dundee, Scotland.
COLD STORAGE fitted in special steamers of both lines.
LORD LINE.
To Cardiff.
SS. LORD IVEAGH June 10
SS. LORD CHARLEMONT June 20
Agents—Guthrie, Heywood & Co., Cardiff, Thomas Dixon & Sons, Belfast.
Through Bills of Lading granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in Canada or Western States.
For further particulars apply to Henderson Bros., Chicago, Ill.; J. D. Riddell, Stratford, Ont., Schofield & Co. (Limited), St. John, N.B., or
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited,
23 and 25 St. Sacrament Street. MONTREAL

MANCHESTER LINERS,
LIMITED.
The only direct and regular steamship line between
CANADA and MANCHESTER.
It is proposed to despatch the steamers of this line on or about the undermentioned dates:
SUMMER SERVICE.
From Montreal.
MANCHESTER CORPORATION May 25
MANCHESTER IMPORTER May 29
*MANCHESTER TRADER June 5
*MANCHESTER CITY June 15
* Fitted with cold storage.
The steamers of this line call at Quebec.
Accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
FURNESS LINE

	From Antwerp.	From Montreal.
SYLVIANA	April 28	May 30
EARLSWOOD	May 25	June 17
DALTON HALL	June 2	June 27

And regularly thereafter.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

	From Hamburg.	From Montreal.
WESTPHALIA	April 29	May 23
TEUTONIA	May 10	June 2
FRISIA	May 23	June 20

And regularly thereafter.
Through Bills of Lading issued from all Canadian Pacific railway and Grand Trunk railway stations.
For rates of Freight and particulars, apply to any Railway Agents, or to
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agents,
44 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

OLD NEWSPAPERS,
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 15-lb. packages at $1 per 100 lbs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Fast Train Service Overland—Commencing June 11th "IMPERIAL LIMITED" will leave Windsor St. Station 9.30 a.m. daily for Ottawa, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Pacific Coast and Kootenay points. Time, Montreal to Vancouver, 100 hours.
Improved Service to St. Agathe, Labelle, &c., commencing June 11th. Particulars later.
Opening of New Route between
QUEBEC, ST. JOHN, N.B., & HALIFAX, VIA MEGANTIC.
In effect June 4th. Through First-class and Sleeping Car service.
SEASIDE AND NEW ENGLAND
Season 1900. Improved Service.
Between Montreal, Portland and Old Orchard and Montreal, Boston, Springfield, Worcester, Nashua, etc.
CITY TICKET and TELEGRAPH OFFICE
129 ST. JAMES ST. (next Post Office).

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, 17th inst., 1900, trains will leave and arrive at Bonaventure Depot, Montreal, as follows.
The Maritime Express will leave daily, except on Saturday, at 11.30 a.m., for Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., and other points in the Maritime Provinces.
The Maritime Express from points as above, will arrive daily, except on Monday, at 5.30 p.m.
The Local Express will leave daily, except on Sunday, at 7.40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1.15 p.m., and at Riviere du Loup at 6.00 p.m.
The Local Express will leave Riviere du Loup daily, except on Sunday, at 12.00 noon, and Levis at 4.25 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 10.10 p.m.
Accommodation for Levis leave daily except on Sunday, at 11.15 p.m., due to arrive at Levis at 7.20 a.m., and connecting with accommodation for Campbellton, N.B.
Accommodation leave Levis at 11.40 a.m., daily, except on Sunday, due to arrive in Montreal at 10.00 p.m.
Vestibule trains, with luxurious sleeping and dining cars and first-class coaches on the Maritime Express.
Through sleeping cars between Montreal and Halifax.
Buffet Cars on Local Express.
THE LAND OF BIG GAME.
The Intercolonial Railway is the direct route to the great game regions of Eastern Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. In this area are the finest hunting grounds for moose, deer, caribou, and other big game, as well, as unlimited opportunities for shooting wild geese, duck, brant, and other fowl common to this part of the continent.
D. POTTINGER, General Manager.
Moncton, N.B., Jan. 12th, 1900.
H. A. PRICE, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.
JAMES HARDWELL, Assistant General Freight Agent, Room 113, Board of Trade Building.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, 143 St. James street.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Improved Train Service
BETWEEN
MONTREAL and OTTAWA

Leave Montreal	†7.30 a.m.	Arrive Ottawa	†11.20 a.m.
" "	†9.40 a.m.	" "	†12.10 p.m.
" "	†4.05 p.m.	" "	†6.35 p.m.
" "	*5.50 p.m.	" "	*9.15 p.m.
" Ottawa	6.10 a.m.	" Montreal	9.50 a.m.
" "	*8.45 a.m.	" "	*11.15 a.m.
" "	†4.20 p.m.	" "	6.50 p.m.
" "	6.35 p.m.	" "	9.15 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
FAST EXPRESS TRAINS.
Toronto and West.

	Daily.	Daily.	Ex. Sun.
Lve. Montreal	9.00 a.m.	8.00 p.m.	10.25 p.m.
Arr. Toronto	5.20 p.m.	6.50 a.m.	7.15 a.m.
Arr. Hamilton	6.55 p.m.	8.15 a.m.	8.30 a.m.
Arr. Niagara Falls	8.40 p.m.	10.10 a.m.	10.10 a.m.
Arr. Buffalo	10.00 p.m.	12.03 noon	12.00 noon
Arr. London	9.50 p.m.	11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m.
Arr. Detroit	6.45 a.m.	1.10 p.m.	1.10 p.m.
Arr. Chicago	2.30 p.m.	8.15 p.m.	8.45 p.m.

City Ticket Offices, 137 St. James st. and Bonaventure Station.

Atlantic City, N. J.
Hotel Luray,
ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey.
Open Pavilion directly over board walk; delightfully cool. Porches on a level with and connected to the board walk. Sea and fresh private baths. Golf privileges.
JOSIAH WHITE & SON.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.
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DRAIN PIPES,
FIRE BRICKS AND CLAY,
BUILDERS' and CONTRACTORS' SUPPLIES
F. HYDE & CO.,
Phone. 2812 31 Wellington st

DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENTS,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.
134 McGill Street.

Builders and Carpenters.
J. A. FRASER,
Jobbing Carpenter.
Double Windows Taken Down and Blinds put up at Reasonable Prices.
In Rear of 182 Bleury street,
Bell Telephone Up. 1178.

CENTS FOR SALE.
Apply at 'Witness' Office.

AN ECHO.

(By Cora K. Wheeler, in 'Presbyterian Banner.')

(Continued.)

It was nearly one o'clock when I fastened the last lock, and I was so tired that disrobing seemed a burden. I sat quite still on the floor for a moment when a low tap aroused me. I opened the door to find George before me.

'I saw your light, Mrs. Maxwell, and just stopped to ask if Edith was all right,' he said, in a half apologetic tone. He had evidently just remembered that he had made no enquiry upon his return.

'Very comfortable; she is asleep,' I answered, quietly; 'and as our voices may disturb her I will say good-night.'

He bowed and passed on, and I heard Miss Austin's laugh in the hall below, and it had a little exultant thrill, as she declared to Susie that she was too sleepy for a chaperone. I wondered that George had remembered to enquire and felt quite easy as to any possible pain in store for him. I knew the sting would be to his vanity and pride rather than to the heart.

After my packing and late hours I did not waken at the usual time, and it was fully eight o'clock before I became conscious. I was not surprised to find that Edith had already left the room. I made all haste in dressing, and in a quarter of an hour was in the dining-room. All the family except Hugh were at the table, and I heard with not a little surprise that Edith and George had gone for a walk some half hour before.

'There they come now,' exclaimed Susie, whose seat faced the window. 'I don't believe I shall ever be so desperately in love that I shall walk before breakfast, Mrs. Maxwell.'

'No, Susie would not lose a meal for any lover,' her father answered, quickly. Before his daughter could retort the young people were in the room. Edith came round at once to greet me; she was quite calm and collected, more like her natural self than she had been for days, and I knew that explanations had brought more relief than pain.

George looked flushed and annoyed, but soon bent all his energies to rally Miss Austin's spirits as that young lady had been in what the children call a fit of the 'sulks' ever since my entrance.

No one seemed to surmise that all was not as before. Mrs. Gregory even said to me, as we passed through the hall, that she thought our young couple's behavior as exemplary as that of the lovers in John Halifax's day.

I was relieved that Hugh had been called away, and that we must leave our good-bys for him. Mr. Gregory and George rode with us to the depot, so that our conversation was, of course, general. I thought Mr. Gregory looked surprised when George made the preparations for the yachting trip an excuse for their return, as soon as we were in the train, but he was too well bred not to acquiesce at once.

Edith's cheeks were very bright and her movements quick and nervous as she arranged her belongings. She did not once glance towards the window, but I stood and watched the whirl of dust that followed the departing carriage, and as the dust cleared I saw a light rig swing into view. I knew Hugh's horse at the first glance, and I had hardly time to warn Edith before he had thrown the lines to a porter, and his foot was on the car-step.

My warning had been quickly given, however, and Ediths' manner was all I could have desired.

'I knew you would understand a doctor's time is not his own, but you might have known I should be here in time, unless Prince failed me. I may be gone by Christmas, you know. (This last reference to a visit planned weeks before.) But you are not to forget me if I don't come back for ten years. I'm not one of the people who change my friends.'

How natural and friendly it all was! We were to him a part of the family. I was thankful that the cry of 'All aboard!' cut our farewell short, but he stood on the platform as we passed, and lifted his hat with that quiet deference that made the mere act a compliment. We neither of us mentioned his name again that day.

A long, hot, dusty day it was. Edith hardly lifted her white face from the pillow, and more than once my heart misgave me at its deadly pallor. The change to the Fall River boat was delightful, and when at last we retired to our own stateroom we were alone for the first time that day.

I asked no questions, but as I glanced once or twice at Edith's face, I thought an explanation would make all easier, and as she plaited the last braid I said, gently:

'Is it all over between you and George, dear?'

She came at once and sank down on the little footstool by my side.

'I told him it was all a mistake, mamma. It was easier than I had dared hope. He said I was greatly changed, and he had thought all summer that I expected some quite impossible things of him. He was hurt and angry, but that was all. I think it was a relief to him, too, but he asked that no one might know, until he told them, at his uncle's, and I was glad of that, for it made it easier to go. He is very proud, mamma, and said he had no desire to appear as a slighted man before them all.'

'I should like them to know as soon as possible, Edith. I think it is their due after their kindness to us.'

'I know, mamma, but—but—George said some things that were not true; some things that were quite unjust, and I would rather leave it as he wished—all to him.'

A flush had crept up to the fair temple, and there was a drawn, pained look around the mouth.

'Were they unjust things about Hugh, Edith?'

'Yes. He said I had been judging him all summer by Hugh's standard, and had always agreed with Hugh on every subject, and had no respect for his (George's) opinions' at all. Tell me truly, mamma, have I shown any unladylike preference?'

'Your relations with Hugh have been above all criticism,' I answered indignantly. 'If you have quoted his views or opinions it has certainly been unconsciously, and because those views and opinions were more in accord with your own ideas of right and wrong. I should never let it annoy me.' I continued, kissing her, 'and now we will just try to bury it all and live our old life together.' But though I said it, not a shade of comfort for the child's hurt crept into my heart with the thought that if George's jealous pride had been aroused Hugh's feelings might be other than the mere cousinly liking I had feared.

'It troubled me, mamma. Oh, I would rather die than have Hugh suspect! He will quite despise me, mamma, when he knows. He holds a promise as one of the most sacred things.'

I smiled to myself as I thought of the new logic that might creep into Hugh's views when he learned the truth. One's opinions are not adamant or unchangeable at three-and-twenty.

We said our good-nights, and Edith went to sleep comforted, though for many days her face retained its paleness and look of care.

The days grew into weeks, the weeks into months, and no word reached us from the Gregory family that contained the slightest hint that our relations were on a new footing. Susie was our only correspondent, and as Edith felt that she could not in honor to her promise to George say anything first, the letters became mere little chatty epistles on both sides.

I was indignant; there was something about it all I could not understand. Edith filled her time with new duties until I feared overwork, but I dared not remonstrate. My heart ached for her, but my hands were tied.

(To be Continued.)

BIBLE THOUGHTS.

THURSDAY, MAY 31.

THE FAT OF THE OFFERINGS.

The word fat first occurs in connection with Abel's sacrifice, showing that it was an offering for sin, for the fat of the sin-offering was the only part to be offered by fire. The body of the animal was to be burned away from the altar. Had its body touched the altar it would have become holy. God has made no provision for making flesh holy It is a condemned thing. The fat probably represents the soul of our Lord Jesus as the blood represents His human life. 'His soul was exceedingly sorrowful even unto death,' and His body the only sinless one that ever existed since Adam's fall. Thus He was the Holy One of God in whom the Father delighted. His offering was a holy one which made holy His cross and all that touch that cross by faith. The fat was not to remain till morning. All must be consumed. Our Lord's body was not permitted to hang upon the cross after sun-down, but was laid in a new tomb, wherein never man laid. In His life and in His death He was separate from sinners. His death for us separates us to God, so that henceforth we are to live to Him who for our sakes died and rose again.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADACHE

Pain back of your eyes? Heavy pressure in your head? And are you sometimes faint and dizzy? Is your tongue coated? Bad taste in your mouth? And does your food distress you? Are you nervous and irritable? Do you often have the blues? And are you troubled about sleeping?

Then your liver is all wrong.

But there is a cure. 'Tis the old reliable

Ayer's Pills

They act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, nausea, and dyspepsia. Take a laxative dose each night. For 60 years years they have been the Standard Family Pills.

Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

"I have taken Ayer's Pills regularly for six months. They have cured me of a severe headache, and I can now walk from two to four miles without getting tired or out of breath, something I have not been able to do for many years."
S. E. WALWORK,
July 13, 1899. Salem, Mass.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply without cost. Address,
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE WHEELS OF LIFE

Made to Run Smoothly and Pleasantly by Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

There is no other Cure for Dyspepsia Indigestion and all other Stomach Troubles—Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Never Fail.

Wheels! Wheels! All the world on wheels! Every one, men, women and children, are talking 'wheel talk.' These paragraphs are a short talk on wheels also—but on the most important kind—the Wheels of Life.

The wheels of life must run smoothly, if we are to live as it was intended we should. There must be no breaks, no snapping of chains, no worn bolts, no weak spots. If there are, we pay the penalty in pain.

The wheels of life cannot run smoothly if you have Dyspepsia. It's like trying to ride a bicycle with a punctured tire, or broken bearings. If your tire has been punctured, you mend it. In many cases, if you have Dyspepsia or Indigestion, you don't heed it. As time goes on, it grows worse and worse, until at last it wrecks your health completely. Then you spend hundreds of dollars in trying to cure it, when you might, if you had taken it in time, have cured it quickly and easily, for a dollar or two.

The only way you can cure Dyspepsia satisfactorily and permanently, no matter what stage it may be in, is by using Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cure all Stomach Diseases. This is a simple statement of an incontrovertible fact. It cannot be disproved. But it can be easily and quickly proved by the use of the Tablets. If you have Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Heartburn, or any other stomach trouble, buy a box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, and use them according to directions. They'll cure you.

COWAN'S

Hygienic Cocoa,

QUEEN'S DESSERT CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE CREAM BARS,
CHOCOLATE GINGER,
CHOCOLATE WAFERS.

Absolutely Pure Goods.

OUR REPLATING

Needs no misrepresentation. Such good work is worth a good price, but we ask no more for it than a fair and honest profit.

Tea Spoons, $1.75 per dozen.
Dessert Spoons and Forks, $2.50 per doz.
Table Spoons and Forks, $3.50 per doz.
All Rogers' Plate. Other goods in proportion. Orders promptly executed.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & CO.,
1794 Notre Dame st., Montreal.

CURES THAT TIRED FEELING

which the Business Man has while anxiously waiting replies by Mail or Telegraph.

... USE ...

The Long Distance TELEPHONE.

It is instantaneous, and you don't have to wait for an answer.

Ulley's Brush Works,
76 VICTORIA SQUARE—78.

House-cleaning Brushes of every description sold at Factory Prices.
Carpet Sweepers Repaired.
Tel. Main 2740.

ONLY 25c A BOTTLE.

The QUEEN'S HAIR HELPER is a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and beauty, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures baldness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any 50c or $1 preparation. For sale by all Druggists, or at
A. D. MANN'S,
Corner Mountain and St. Antoine streets.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Constipation USE Hunyadi János NATURAL APERIENT WATER. AND BE Sure YOU GET THE GENUINE

The Great South African War March
"UP GUARDS AND AT 'EM"
(Wellington's Words at the Battle of Waterloo.)

This March is a positive "rouser." Involuntarily your feet move in accord with the music, while it is alike good for bands as well as school marching purposes.

It is the new "Battle Cry March" of England, and is now likely to take this country by storm. Beautifully illustrated with the flags of Great Britain and the United States of America.

Regular price, 50c. Sent post paid anywhere for 25c.

ADDRESS THE INTERNATIONAL MUSIC CO.,
53 WEST 28th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

FROM THE ATLANTIC TO THE PACIFIC
EVERYWHERE

Dr. Ed. Morin's "Cardinal Pills"
ARE PRAISED AND HIGHLY EULOGIZED.

A few Testimonies Taken at Random among the Many we Have at Hand.

From St. Pierre les Becquets.

I herein certify to have been cured of a pain in the back, which the physician considered incurable, by the unique use of Dr. Ed. Morin's 'CARDINAL PILLS.'
MRS. OCT. CHANDONNET.
To Dr. Ed. Morin.

Your 'CARDINAL PILLS' are incomparable; I will never be able to say enough in favor of them! They have cured me of a great general weakness, anaemia, scrofula, loss of appetite, bad digestion, etc., etc.
MRS. JOS. PICHE, of Quebec.

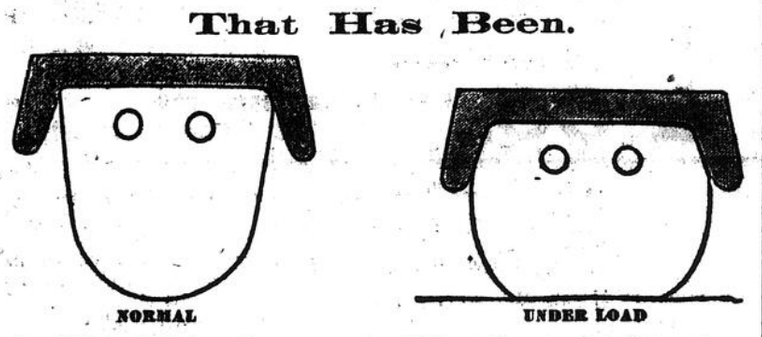
Mrs. F. H., of MONTREAL, Que.

Cured of whites and other diseases common to all women at the different ages of Life, by Dr. Ed. Morin's 'CARDINAL PILLS.'

From Ottawa, Ont.

Mrs. Z. G. perfectly cured of nervous prostration by Dr. Ed. Morin's 'CARDINAL PILLS.'

THE GREATEST RUBBER TIRE
That Has Been.



After experimenting a great number of years, we have at last succeeded in getting the proper article. The tire in question is of the Langmuir Patent, and is manufactured for us by the Canadian Rubber Company of this City, which Company has spent thousands of dollars in the perfecting of these tires. The points we claim for these tires are as follows:—

1. They do not open at the joint and consequently do not require compression, all on account of the V shaped space between tire and flange.
2. They do not creep, as in other makes.
3. They do not cut out at the base.
4. They do not split or scalp.
5. They ride better and last longer than any other tire.
6. They wear smoother and do away with compression.

We have already placed so far this Spring, over 300 sets, and have heard nothing but praise from our customers who have used them on their Vehicles.

Do not place your order until you have seen these tires and have had our prices, which are no higher than what you pay for inferior priced tires. All information cheerfully given, and prices quoted.

B. LEDOUX & CO.,
Carriage Builders to England's Royal Family,
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97-99-101 St. Anne Street, Quebec.

Phone Main 1546. P.O. Box 1113.
GEORGE TUCK & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
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COTTON WASTE, OILS, OAKUM, &c.
Asbestos Pipe and Boiler Coverings and General Engineer Supplies.
No. 7 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

AN IRRITATED TRAVELLER.

An Irishman, after waiting some time during a terrific snowstorm at a country railway station for a train to take him to Dublin, was informed by the station-master that that the line had become snowed up, and that he, therefore could not proceed by rail to Dublin.

'How do ye know that the line is snowed up?' asked the irritated Irishman.

'By telegraph,' answered the station-master.

'Bedad it's always the same in this counthrie. Ye tak care yer telegrafts don't get snowed up. Sure an' can't ye stick the railways on stilts as well?'

Viel's Vegetable Syrup—This remedy acts sovereignly in dyspepsia, and with people working in offices or of sedentary life who suffer from constipation, liver or kidney diseases. Sold everywhere. 3

Ada (pensively)—'I hope you will invite me to the wedding when you get married.'

Jack (boldly)—'I'll invite you before I ask any one else, and if you don't accept there won't be any wedding.'

A Gold Mine for weak girls and pallid enervated and lifeless women, Dr. Ed. Morin's Cardinal Pills are a rich treasure. Try them before all others. 3

Once when General Butler was in Congress, he rose in his place and gently insinuated that the member who was occupying the floor was transgressing the limit of debate.

'Why, General,' said the member, in reproachful tones, 'you divided your time with me.'

'I know I did,' rejoined the grim old warrior, 'but I did not divide eternity with you.'—'New England 'Home Magazine.'

Morin's Wine Creso-Phates acts like magic on pneumonia and inflammation of the lungs and pleurisy. 3

WHERE THE TROUBLE WAS.

'You didn't run fast enough,' said a bystander to a belated Irishman, who had been left behind by a railway train that glided away as he came puffing to the station.

'Yes' said he, 'I did run fast enough, but I did not start soon enough.'

Children Cry for CASTORIA.
Children Cry for CASTORIA.
Children Cry for CASTORIA.

A PERTINENT QUESTION.

Mamma—I don't see where you get your red hair; you don't get it from your papa, and you certainly don't get it from me.'

Little Dorothy—'Well, mamma, can't I start something?'

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. J. RICE, PHOTOGRAPH STUDIO,
2261 St. Catherine St. Telephone Up 2472.
Unique and Elegant Styles in Photographs. All sizes.
Amateur trade solicited. Out-door views, Interiors, Enlargements, etc., etc.

NOTHING SUITS BETTER
FOR A WEDDING PRESENT
Than a Nice-framed Picture
We have always on hand a good collection, and at prices to suit everyone.
G. W. WILLSON & SON,
688 Craig Street, Next door to 'Witness' Office.

A SESSION OF THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH (Crown Side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on FRIDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

In consequence, I give PUBLIC NOTICE to all who intend to proceed against any prisoners now in the Common Jail of the said District, and all others, that they must be present then and there; and I also give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Peace Officers, in and for the said District, that they must be present, then and there, with their Records, Rolls, Indictments and other Documents, in order to do those things which belong to them in their respective capacities.

J. R. THIBAUDEAU,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Montreal, 14th May, 1900.

E. LEPAGE & CO.

AGAIN! A MAMMOTH SALE OF SPECIAL BARGAINS!

A number of unusual lots that economical shoppers will not ignore. Reap the benefits of Friday's low prices.

SPECIAL!
Very nice side Pompadour Combs, in tortoise shell and black, three different sizes. Regular prices, 20c and 25c.
Special, a pair, **10c.**

SPECIAL!
Extra Good Cloth Brushes, large size. Regular price, 19c.
Special, **5c.**

SPECIAL!
White Lawn Handkerchiefs, with hemstitched colored border. Regular price, 10c.
Special, **3c.**

SPECIAL!
Exquisite Belt and Collar Pins, in gilt and silver, beautifully ornamented with white and colored stones. Regular price, 12½c.
Special, **4c.**

SPECIAL!
Cologne Water, Johann Maria Farina, large bottles. Regular price, 25c.
Special, **12½c**

SPECIAL!
5,000 Sheet Music, all four and six pages, worth 10c to 20c.
Very Special, **1c.**

SPECIAL

JACKETS — A grand bargain for every woman if we have your size in the style that meets your fancy. Ladies' Imported Jackets, made of very best all-wool Covert Cloth, trimmed with applique, braid, and pearl buttons, all new shades, fawn, navy, new blue, grey, light drab and black. These jackets are lined with plain, checked and striped taffeta silk. The regular prices are $10.50, $11.75, $13 and $17. Very special Friday, ... **$4.95**

MORE SENSATIONAL RIBBON-SELLING—'Seems to me that Lepage are doing about all the ribbon selling this season,' remarked one customer last week. That's the way it appeared to the thousands who have attended this ribbon sale. One lot Luminous Silk and Satin Ribbon in the latest and most correct shades. Very special for this sale **5c**

Feather-edge fancy striped all silk Ribbon, 18 yards in piece. Value, 90c. Very special for this sale, a piece **20c**

EXTRAORDINARY SALE of SUMMER SUITS Really remarkable reductions. Ladies' Pique and Duck Suits, in blue and white stripes, navy with white dots, plain white and plain new blue, trimmed with braid and applique, all tailor-made suits. Prices marked, $8 to $16. Very special **$3.75**

FRENCH FLOWERS Extraordinary values.—2,500 bunches French Flowers for trimming summer hats. Regular prices, 75c and $1. Very special **15c**

CORDED PIQUE This season's product in all the novel stripes and broken checks, charming shades of pink and white, sky blue and white, heliotrope and white, navy and white, black and white. Regular price, 25c. Very special..... **15c**

SPECIAL

FANCY SILKS—Always something different, always something new in our popular Silk Department. Friday it is astonishing value in new Silk Fabrics, new ones to take the place of those that melted away last week under the absurdly low prices we asked. But to-morrow's bargain is just as great, much greater in our judgment. Come prepared to be mightily pleased with what we shall have to offer. Fancy striped Cordonnet China Silk for Summer Blouses in blue and white, new pink and white, violet and white, green and white, navy and white, mauve and white; real value, 85c. Very special, **33c**

MILLINERY REDUCTIONS Radical reductions in imported millinery, exceptional saving opportunities for Friday. Ladies' ready to wear Straw Sailor and Walking Hats, in white, black and colors. American latest styles, worth from $3.00 to $6.00. Very special, **75c**

NIGHT GOWNS—Ladies' very fine Cambric Nightgowns. Square yoke, trimmed with embroidery and insertion, cuffs finished with embroidery; regular price, $1.25; very special **92c**

RUCHING Silk Chiffon Ruching, white, black, pink, pale blue, heliotrope, cream and all other shades; regular price, 16c. Very special, **7½c**

HEADWEAR—Children's Tam O'Shanters and Headwear, made of very fine muslin and lawn, trimmed with embroidery and insertion; real value, $1.25. Very special **50c**

MUSLIN—Organdie Muslin in the prettiest colorings, and very rich designs; regular price, 25c. Very special, **12½c**

LACE—Oriental and Guipure Lace, in cream, butter and white, 4, 5, 7 inches wide; for this sale only at **10c**

UNDERVESTS—Ladies' Cotton Undervests, low neck, trimmed with ribbon, in pink, blue, white and cream; regular price, 22c. Very special, **10c**

TOWELLING—Grass Linen Towelling, 18 inches wide; regular price, 10c. Very special, **3½c**

CAMBRICS—1,000 yards 32 inch Cream Lining Cambric; worth 8c. Very special, **4c**

STOCKINGS—Ladies' Black Thread Stockings, all sizes, regular price, 18c. Very special, **10c**

FANS—Japanese Fans, a beautiful choice. Very special, **1c**

E. LEPAGE & CO., Cor. St. Lawrence and St. Catherine streets.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS.

HEAVY FIGHTING REPORTED BETWEEN IMPERIAL TROOPS AND BOXERS.

London, May 31.—The 'Daily Mail' has received the following from Tien-tsin dated May 30 :—'Heavy fighting has taken place between the Imperial troops and the Boxers at Lai-Shin-Hi-Sien, but the result is not known here. Railway traffic at Pekin has been resumed. The foreign settlement here is sufficiently protected by the American troops, who have been landed. Consequently, the excitement has abated.'

A special despatch from Shanghai says: 'Yesterday the Chinese Government issued an edict prohibiting the Boxers' organization under penalty of death. The edict, which was signed by the Emperor, was couched in equivocal terms and promulgated really more as an excuse than in condemnation of the movement.'

American, British, Japanese, German, Italian, Russian and French troops, to the number of 100 each, have been ordered to guard their respective legations at Pekin, but the viceroy here will not allow them to proceed hence to Pekin on the railway without the authority of the Tsung-Li-Yamen.

One hundred and eight Americans with a machine gun and a field gun, landed here last night amid great enthusiasm on the part of the residents. The foreign men-of-war have arrived here today, five Russian warships and two Russian gunboats; one French warship, two British warships and one Italian warship. They are all landing men.

Three thousand Chinese troops from Lu Tai are expected here to-day on their way to Fang Tai. There is a disposition here to believe that the 'Boxers' will disparse before the foreign troops are ready to act. Tien-tsin is in no danger.

From all parts of the surrounding country news is constantly arriving of fresh atrocities committed by the Boxers. Three Christian families were massacred at Shan-Lai-Ying, sixty miles from Pekin, on Friday, May 25. Only two escaping.

A representative of the Associated Press visited Fang-Tai this morning and found the place occupied by a battalion of troops. The whole railway station, workshops and locomotive sheds were gutted and much rolling stock was destroyed, including the Imperial palace car. Large godowns (Chinese warehouses) full of valuable merchandise, were burned, after having been looted by the rioters. The damage done is estimated at half a million taels.

The rescue party of Frenchmen and Germans returned from Chang-sin-tien this afternoon. They confirm the report that the besieged Belgians are now safe at Pekin. They found several thousand Boxers about the ruins of Lu-Kow-Chiao and Chang-sin-tien stations. The bridges have been damaged and the rolling stock destroyed. At both places the damage done is considerably greater than at Fang-Tai. The members of the rescue party saw several bodies of Chinese tearing up the sleepers, and in one case a mandarin was looking on. They further report that the missionaries and others escaped from Pao-Ting-Fue in boats.

The Imperial railway directory is endeavoring to fasten the blame for the damage at Fang-Tai on the foreign employees, principally the British, who, they say, should not have left their posts. The foreigners, however, did not leave until they saw Lu-Kow-Chiao station, five miles away, in flames, and an attack had actually been made on an engine from Fang-Tai, which was running on the Lu-Han line in an attempt to rescue the Belgians.

Sir Halliday Macartney, counsellor and English secretary to the Chinese legation in London, says he regards the rebellion as grave, although he is hopeful that it may be suppressed. The danger, he says, lies in the fact that among these Chinese there are large numbers of inflammable persons.'

The Boxers is a new organization. Sir Halliday never heard of it during his twenty years' residence in China. Its members, he says, hate all white men.

In American mission circles in London it is said that the interests chiefly concerned in the disturbed districts of China are American. It is pointed out that several important American mission stations are at Pao-Ting-Fu, where the missionaries are reported to be cut off. A despatch received here to-day says: 'The Boxers have attacked and burned a mission station forty miles south-west of Pekin, and have murdered the missionary in charge.'

ORANGE GRAND LODGE.

DELEGATES FROM ALL PARTS OF CANADA IN ATTENDANCE.

London, Ont., May 31.—Delegates from all portions of Canada are in attendance at the annual session of the Grand Orange Lodge of North America. The Hon. N. Clarke Wallace in his annual address reverting to the war in South Africa said he felt free to say that costly as it had been in blood and treasure the price was not too high a one to pay for the exemplification of the brotherhood of Britons which it had afforded. Referring to the prompt manner in which the colonies had sprung to the assistance of the Motherland in the present struggle, he said that of all nations since time began Great Britain had been the only one to strengthen her power by transplanting her people. Rome, Spain and other nations had failed as colonizers. Britain had been successful because she had given her colonies the same freedom, privileges and power of self-government that the parent state possessed.

BLACK KNIGHTS OF IRELAND

ANNUAL CONVENTION CONCLUDED YESTERDAY — THE MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION.

London, Ont., May 31.—The Royal Black Knights of Ireland of British North America concluded their annual convention yesterday. The morning proceedings were taken up by consideration of the international affairs of the order, reports from committees and the election of officers, which resulted as follows :

Grand master, Sir Col. J. H. Scott, Kincardine ; past grand masters, Sir E. T. Scott, the Hon. D. G. M. Ireland (Montreal), Sir John McCaughey (Cobourg), Sir W. J. Parkhill (Midland), Sir Robert Weir (Peterboro'), Sir William Lee (Toronto), Sir A. J. Armstrong (St. John, N.B.) ; deputy grand master, Sir John C. Gaes (Shubenaiadie, N.S.) ; associate deputy grand master, Sir Marshall Thompson (Windsor) ; grand chaplain, the Rev. Sir William Walsh (Brampton) ; deputy grand chaplains, the Rev. Sir Alex. Sanson (Toronto), the Rev. Sir John McLaren (Ottawa), the Rev. Sir Charles Doudiet (Montreal); grand registrar, Sir J. S. Williams (Toronto) ; deputy grand registrar, Sir William Nicholson (Hamilton) ; grand treasurer, Sir William H. Wilson (Toronto) ; deputy grand treasurer, Sir John McMillan (Toronto) ; grand lecturer, Sir James Fulton (Toronto) ; deputy grand lecturers, Sir K. McArthur, William Conolly (Winnipeg), Sir John Cox (Montreal), Sir Captain C. C. Church (Chester, N.S.), Sir R. K. Bracem (Charlottetown, P. E. I.), Sir Henry Marshall (St. John's, Nfld.); grand censor, Sir William Chenery (Toronto) ; deputy grand censor, Sir J. A. Hutton (Hamilton) ; grand marshall, Sir James Kelly (St. John, N.B.).

Speaking of the Manitoba school question, Mr. Scott, the supreme grand master, said : 'If a bona fide and accepted adjustment has been reached, I am sure all classes will regard it as a service well rendered to the whole country, but when our brethren on the spot tell us that the so-called settlement was a delusion and is developing by degrees the restoration in a measure of a separate school system ; when Roman Catholic members of both sides of parliament are now and again challenging that settlement ; when we remember the constant vigilance and activity of our friends the enemy, that is, the Roman Catholic hierarchy, which have now culminated in the appointment and presence in our Dominion of an apostolic delegate as the direct representative of the Pope ; when we observe the progress of that dignitary's visitations and the enthusiasm which he is arousing among his clergy and people in Ontario, and which will doubtless continue through Manitoba ; when we witness the recent fate and ignominious defeat of the Greenway Government, which has so long held the confidence of the Protestant majority of Manitoba, may there not be ground to fear that there is something wrong with this settlement, and that it has not been as satisfactory as the settlers have desired us to believe ?'

FILIPINOS ACTIVE.

THEY RUSH A GARRISON TOWN.

Manilla, May 30.—Major March's van of the 33rd Regiment has arrived at Aparri from Benguet, after the hardest of mountain travelling. The men were exhausted and ragged, having followed persistently on the supposed trail of Aguinaldo. They had several encounters with the rebels, but found no signs of Aguinaldo.

On Tuesday night the insurgents rushed San Miguel, province of Bulacan, Luzon, garrisoned by three companies of the 35th volunteer infantry. They swept through the surprised town, shooting right and left, killing five Americans and wounding seven. Captain Charles B. Roberts and two privates are missing. No Filipino dead were discovered. While a band under escort of troops of the 46th Infantry was moving from Ilang to Silang, it was attacked by Ladrones, three of the party being killed.

DISASTROUS FOREST FIRES.

Toronto, May 30.—According to reports received by the Crown Lands Department from Mr. Margach, lumber agent at Rat Portage, the forest fires in the Rainy River district are the worst on record, and unless a heavy fall of rain comes speedily the loss will be immense. An extra force of forest rangers has been sent into the burning district, but their efforts are ineffective in view of the extent of the fire. Mr. Dyment, the Barrie lumberman, who is in the city, says that the forest fires in the north are the worst he ever knew. His son, with gangs of men, was in the Thessalon district for some time, and returned because the fire seemed under control, but he received a telegram yesterday entreating him to return. The logs lying on the banks of the streams were burning. Men are working day and night to keep off the fires, which they attempt to do by clearing land and by digging trenches, but without success. Nothing will avail now but rain, and the rivers are actually drying up for want of it.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Great West End Departmental Store.

O. LEMIRE & CO.,

1163 St. James St., Corner Fulford.

Our Special Offers FOR FRIDAY!

NEW LADIES' STRAW HATS—all the latest Novelties. Special for Friday's Sale—SAILOR—**14c,** value 25c.

DRESS GOODS.
Black Dress Goods, from **20c** yard up.
Colored Dress Goods, from **15c** yard up.

SILKS.
New Striped Silk for Blouses, **33c.** Value 60c.
New Checked Silk for Blouses, **59c.** Value 85c.
New Striped Silk for Blouses, **62c.** Value $1.00.

MUSLINS.
Great choice of New White and Colored Muslins. All reduced for Friday's Special Sale.

CURTAINS.
Large Net Curtains. Special for Friday's Sale **49c** a pair. Value 75c.

CARPETS.
Great choice of New Carpets, Tapestry, from **30c** yard.
Also Great choice of Wool Carpets and Rugs.

GREAT CHOICE OF LADIES' BLOUSES

Ladies' Linen and Duck Skirts (White and Colors). For Friday 29c, 39c up to $3.37.

CROCKERY.

$3,000 worth of Crockery damaged by smoke will be sold at **50c** in the dollar, and we give besides 25 percent discount during this Special Sale.

The Great West End Departmental Store.

O. LEMIRE & CO.

1163 St. James st., Corner Fulford, where all cars transfer.
CASH ONLY. ONE PRICE ONLY.

CHOLERA IN INDIA.

DEATHS HAVE INCREASED FORTY PERCENT DURING THE PAST THREE DAYS.

London, May 31.—The 'Daily Express' has the following from Bombay, dated yesterday :

'An unprecedentedly severe epidemic of cholera has broken out in the northern districts of Bombay presidency, especially in the famine camps. The deaths have increased 40 percent in three days. In the Kaira district there have been 1,330 deaths in seven days. The government has made a special grant of £1,000 to cremate the dead immediately.

'In Palapurstate on the first day there was one death, on the second there were eighty-four, and on the third upwards of 400. It is thought the infection was due to the fact that the first death was near the only available water supply. The germs were thus carried all over the camp. In the city of Bombay there have been sixty-seven deaths in the last seven days.'

FREE AMMUNITION AUTHORIZED.

Ottawa, May 31.—In order to stimulate and increase the interest in rifle shooting, the Honorable the Minister of Militia has been pleased to authorize the free issue of .303 Lee-Enfield ammunition to the different provincial rifle associations for their annual matches for this year.

FIRE AT ST. MARTIN'S, N.B.

SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF PROPERTY DESTROYED.

St. John, N.B., May 31.—The village of St. Martin's, thirty miles from here, was almost entirely wiped out by fire yesterday. Sparks from an engine on the Central Railway started the fire, which destroyed sixty-five buildings. The damage is estimated at $65,000 and the insurance $10,000.

Fire in the woods between St. John and St. George, Charlotte county, is also doing much damage. The shore line railway station and the hotel at Spruce Lake were burned this afternoon, along with several barns.

St. John to-night is enveloped in dense smoke and the sun went down in a sea of blood.

Chatham, Ont., May 31.—Fire did over $3,000 damage here last night. The blaze originated in the warehouse of Tennat & Burk, grain and hay merchants, and spread to the adjoining building, occupied by J. R. Johnson, tailor, directly opposite to the T. H. Taylor Company's flour mills. The warehouse contained over a hundred tons of baled hay and the loss will be a thousand dollars, with eight hundred dollars insurance, in the London Assurance Corporation. J. R. Johnson loses $350, with $100 insurance in the Royal. The Taylor Company own the buildings and their loss of $1,400 is covered by $800 insurance in the Western.

HE CAUSED EXCITEMENT.

Berlin, May 30.—Considerable excitement was caused here this morning by the arrest of a man on Unter den Linden, as the Emperor was proceeding to the Potsdam station. The man's strange actions led to his arrest, and an examination of the prisoner showed him to be insane.

POLICE OFFICERS DISCHARGED.

The Police Committee at its meeting yesterday decided upon the final discharge of Drill Instructor Gauthier, and Constable Alarie. The charge against the former was being absent from duty without leave, and the charge against the latter was entering a restaurant while on duty.

A resolution was passed to the effect that all constables fit for promotion must be examined by the sub-committee as to their intelligence and knowledge of duties, and that only those who were competent should be passed.

Alderman McBride brought up the question of the inadeuate protection of public squares, and in future special policemen are to be detailed for this duty.

It was decided to enforce the by-law requiring hackmen to remain on their backs while awaiting employment.

IMPORTANT APPOINTMENT.

Mr. J. Henry Miller, inspector for the Province of Quebec of the Travellers' Life Insurance Company, has been appointed manager for the Provident Savings Life of New York, and will assume the duties of his new position on June 15. Mr. Miller received this responsible appointment from among a large number of applicants. He has been connected with the Travellers for the past six years, and is favorably known in the insurance world, having received thorough training in the business from early youth.

Mr. Miller is a young man, courageous and ambitious, and has already given promise of the qualities which go to make up the succesful insurance man. Mr. Miller purposes thoroughly organizing the business throughout this province, and sets himself a severe standard of effort and attainment.

CITY MARKETS.

The Market Committee sat yesterday and took up the question of the contract deposit of Mr. Thibault, contractor for the East End abattoir cattle market, which has been withheld pending the completion of the work as per contract.

It was decided to refer the matter to the city attorneys, asking whether the city was empowered to proceed with the work by using the deposit to defray the cost.

An objection having been raised by the Finance Committee to the form of the resolution passed regarding the clerk of Bonsecours market, it was resolved on motion of Ald. Gagnon to request the council to appoint a superintendent of markets, the same to draw the salary of the former clerk until January, 1901.

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CLUB.

The stewards of the SS. 'Vancouver' are to be congratulated on the successful concert which they gave last night at the Catholic Sailors' Club, the Montreal Orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. E. Moisan, assisting. The programme was most enjoyable, and was thoroughly appreciated by the large audience present. Mr. M. Hicks, presided, and among those who took part were the Misses Tootsie Durand, Merrow, Weston and Stewards Powell, Williams, Oliver, Barron, Ward, Hendry, Sinnet, Longley, Feulds and Woods. Miss Orton was an able accompanist.

(Continued from page 12.)

the town, is excessive; the rate for the first half of 1891 being forty-four per thousand per annum, reckoned on the white population only. Of late years, however, owing to the town being a little better kept, the rate of mortality has been lower.

The population of the town is, under ordinary circumstances, about 12,000. A considerable proportion of the population is of British origin. Up to within a few years ago the government buildings were of a most humble character in keeping with the town, but with the advent of the Uitlander element into the Transvaal came an enormous increase of revenue to the government, through their heavy taxes, and thus, with the money to hand, large buildings for governmental purposes were erected with a lavish hand. Most of the public offices are contained in government buildings, a handsome pile that cost about £200,000 to construct. The central tower is surmounted by a statue of Liberty, which gave rise to a strong protest from a section of the community, who, undecided whether the objectionable figure represented the Queen or the Virgin Mary, demanded its immediate removal in either case. Meeting halls are contained in the building for the use of both the Upper and Lower Houses of the Volksraad. This building faces on Church square, which is the most central and important square in the town, Church street being the main thoroughfare. The other public buildings of note include the post-office, the Dapper Dutch (Baptist) Church, where the President preaches occasionally, the Dutch Reformed Church, St. Alban's Anglican Cathedral, the new market buildings, the hospital, the museum, the Roman Catholic Church, public library, etc. Church street has been almost entirely rebuilt since the discovery of the gold fields and contains several handsome stores. The residence of the President, a long low cottage with a wide stoop, is situated at the western extremity of the street.

Pretoria was held by a British force for several weeks during the war of 1881, that nobly withstood the attacks of the Boer army besieging the town. Since 1896 the Transvaal Government have spent vast sums in erecting forts around the city, an expenditure which, it would appear, has been made in vain.

Unlike Johannesburg, Pretoria has an ample supply of good water, the new water works opened in 1891 having a capacity of 2,000,000 gallons per diem. This, together with the fact that several thousand pounds have been spent within the last few years on roads and drainage, has tended to decrease the rather heavy death rate of the population.

For a town of its size, Pretoria is well supplied with hotels and clubs, and has both a public park and zoological garden laid out. Willow trees first put in as fire posts, have taken root and flourished and now shade and adorn the town. It is connected by rail with the Cape Orange River Colony and Natal systems of railway, and is the terminus of the Netherlands Railway to Lorenzo Marquez. Its fortifications are dealt with in another article.

THE TRANSVAAL.

Some Points of its History.

ITS FEATURES AND CAPABILITIES.

Early in the present century the tribe now known as the Matabele, entered into the confederation of warriors organized Dingisrayo, chief of the Ababetwa, and commanded at the time by his successor, Chaka, a fierce Zulu fighter. For failing to obey orders, Mosilikatse, chief of the Matabele, was, with all his men, condemned to death. This was in 1817. Rather than submit to the punishment the whole band fled into what is now Bechuanaland and the Transvaal, where they commenced to exterminate the inhabitants. The Boers came in contact with the Matabele at Kroonstad, in the Orange Free State, finally driving them north of the Vaal, which they crossed themselves in 1836. After several detached parties of Boers had been massacred by the natives, the latter, in January, 1837, were signally defeated by a force of a hundred and seven Boers and a hundred and five natives, headed by Potgieter, Maritz and Peter Davids.

It was a long time before the Boers adopted a system of government and it was not until 1852 that their independence was recognized by Great Britain. The country then was divided into the three republics of Potchefstroom, Lydenburg and Utrecht, which were not united under one government until 1860. On April 12, 1877, the Transvaal was annexed to Great Britain. Becoming discontented under British rule the Boers demanded of Great Britain their political freedom and on this being denied them commenced a war against the British in December, 1880. Starting with the annihilation of a portion of a British regiment at Bronker's Spruit, the war was a series of reverses for the British arms, culminating with the disaster at Majuba Hill, where nearly half the British force engaged, which ran short of ammunition, were killed or wounded. In each action the British were largely outnumbered by the Boers.

Majuba Hill virtually closed the war, peace was soon concluded, and the South African Republic again formally recognized.

GOLD DISCOVERY.

The presence of rich gold reefs in the country was a few years later proved beyond a doubt. Foreigners poured in, large cities were built, and the revenue increased in an almost fabulous manner.

THE UITLANDERS.

The foreign element, heavily taxed, began at length to agitate for some control over their own concerns and to share in the administration of affairs, but this was steadily resisted by the Boer citizens. The Boer Government, instead, legislated directly against the foreign, or 'Uitlander,' element, denying them even the rights of simple justice. The Uitlanders, at the direction of the Johannesburg Reform Committee, armed themselves towards the end of 1894, and with the beginning of 1895 occurred the celebrated Jameson raid. Dr. Jameson and his men were badly defeated at Krugersdorp, the Uitlander citizens soon afterwards being ordered by the Reform Committee to lay down their arms, on the advice of Lord Rosmead. After this the position of the Uitlanders went from bad to worse. Denied their rights as ordinary citizens, subject to ill-treatment and extortion at the hands of officials, having to provide almost the entire revenue of the country, they appealed to Great Britain to redress their grievances. As the Boer Government absolutely declined to do anything of the sort except under impossible conditions, the present war ensued.

AREA.

The area of the Transvaal, or South African Republic, is estimated at 113,642 square miles, with a population before the war of 870,000, of which 225,000 were white, 73 percent of these being of foreign origin.

RAILWAYS.

It has a railway mileage of about 700 miles, all worked by the Netherlands Railway Company, who have owned, with the government, the exclusive right to construct and work railways within the Transvaal.

PHYSICAL FEATURES.

The natural features of the country are uninteresting. There are rugged mountain ranges to break the monotony, but no lakes or rivers to relieve the landscape.

MINERALS.

The vast mineral wealth of the Transvaal is only just beginning to reveal itself. Nearly all important metals have been found, but up to the present only gold and coal have been worked.

FARMS.

The farms are large and the land fertile, but the farmer has to suffer losses from hail, frost, etc. The future of the gold-mining is now, though, sufficiently certain to ensure a good and growing market for all produce.

OTTAWA FIRE.

PORT ELIZABETH CONTRIBUTES.

Ottawa, May 30.—Lord Minto to-day received the following cable from Sir Alfred Milner, which he sent to the fire relief committee:—

'Mayor of Port Elizabeth has sent me £700 for fire fund. Agents of Standard Bank of South Africa are cabling it to you.'

On Saturday last, May 26, a matinee was held at the Empire Music Hall, Cardiff, Wales, the entire proceeds of which, without any deduction for expenses, were devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the Hull-Ottawa fire. The Mayor of Cardiff and several of the leading citizens were present at the entertainment.

SHOT THE THIEF.

Trenton, Ont., May 31.—George A. Ireland, who owns a bicycle and repair shop, has been missing numerous articles from his shop and he and his assistant, a young man named Brooks, lay in wait all Tuesday night. About six in the morning a young man named Joseph Wynne entered the store and attempted to pick up some articles. Brooks fired at him from a thirty-two calibre revolver, hitting him on the leg, and as Wynne was leaving the shop Brooks fired again, the ball entering Wynne's back near the kidneys. Wynne was taken to the Belleville hospital and his recovery is doubtful. Brooks is under arrest.

Nervous and Debilitated.

Almost a Victim of Nervous Prostration—was Restored to Health and Strength by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Mrs. D. W. Cronsberry, 168 Richmond street west, Toronto, Ont., states: 'My daughter, who sews in a white goods manufactory, got completely run down by the steady confinement and close attention required at her work. Her nerves were so exhausted, and she was so weak and debilitated, that she had to give up work entirely, and was almost a victim of nervous prostration.

'Hearing of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, she began to use it, and was benefited from the very first. It proved an excellent remedy in restoring her to health and strength. After having used four boxes she is now at work again, healthy and happy, and attributes her recovery to the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.'

As a blood builder and nerve restorative, Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is of inestimable value. It makes the blood red, the nerves strong, and the whole system healthy and vigorous. 50c a box—at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

ON THE BASEBALL FIELD.

Montreal Scores a Victory Over the Eastern League Leaders.

LACROSSE — AQUATICS — YACHTING.

Rochester, May 30.—Seven thousand people saw Montreal defeat Rochester in an eleven-inning game this afternoon. An error by Bonner allowed Montreal to tie in the ninth inning, and one by O'Hagan gave the visitors their winning runs in the eleventh. Score:—

Montreal.

	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Schiebeck, s.s.	5	1	1	4	4	0
Odwell, c.f.	5	3	3	4	0	0
Bannon, l.f.	5	1	0	2	0	1
Lezotte, r.f.	5	2	3	1	0	0
Johnson, 2b	5	1	0	1	2	0
Henry, 3b	5	0	3	2	2	1
Dooley, 1b	5	0	2	12	3	0
Moran, c	5	0	0	5	4	0
Souders, p	4	2	1	2	2	0
Totals	44	10	13	33	17	2

Rochester.

	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Lush, c.f.	5	0	0	3	1	0
Smith, 2b	6	1	5	1	2	1
Campau, l.f.	6	0	3	5	1	0
O'Hagan, 1b	6	2	2	10	0	1
Householder, r.f.	6	2	2	1	0	0
Bonner, s.s.	6	1	2	5	6	1
Greminger, 3b	6	1	3	0	2	0
Smink, c	4	1	2	8	0	0
Walker, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
McPartland, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	50	8	20	33	14	3

By innings—
Montreal ..... 0 1 4 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 2—10
Rochester ..... 0 0 0 3 2 0 0 3 0 0 0— 8

Summary.

Two-base hits, Campau, 3; Householder, Bonner. Three-base hits, Greminger, Smink, Souders, Odwell. Home run, Householder. Total bases, Rochester, 32; Montreal, 20. Sacrifice hits, Schiebeck, Odwell, Lezotte, Johnson. Stolen bases, Lush, O'Hagan, Odwell (2), Dooley. Double play, Lush to Bonner. First base on errors, Montreal, 2. Bases on balls, by Walker, 2; by McPartlin, 1; by Souders, 2. Hit by pitched ball, by Souders, 1. Struck out, by Walker, 2; by McPartlin, 3; by Souders, 3. Left on bases, Rochester, 11; Montreal, 7. Passed balls, Moran. Umpire, Griffin. Time, three hours. Attendance, 7,000.

AT SPRINGFIELD.

	R.	H.	E.
Springfield ..... 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0 x	4	5	4
Hartford 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	7	3

Batteries—Foreman and Phelps; Hill, Miller and Urquhart. Umpire, Egan.

AT HARTFORD.

Hartford ..... 1 0 0 0 2 3 2 0 x	8	10	2
Springfield 0 1 0 0 0 2 1 0 0	4	13	3

Batteries—Becker and Steelman; Pappalau and Phelps. Umpire, Egan.

AT WORCESTER.

Worcester ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 0 x	6	9	5
Providence 0 0 0 2 3 0 0 0 0	5	13	3

Batteries—Magee, Kittredge; Evans, Leahy. Umpire, O'Loughlin.

AT PROVIDENCE.

Providence 0 1 0 0 2 1 0 0 0	4	11	4
Worcester 0 0 1 0 0 3 1 0 0	5	7	1

Batteries—Horton and Kittredge; Friend and Leahy. Umpire, O'Loughlin.

AT SYRACUSE.

Syracuse, N.Y., May 30.—Toronto defeated Syracuse early this morning. Pfanmiller was hit hard and Foreman was a puzzle. Score:—

	R.	H.	E.
Syracuse 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	2	7	4
Toronto 4 0 0 2 0 4 0 1 2	13	16	1

Batteries—Pfanmiller, Lattimer and Murphy; Foreman and Roach. Umpire, Mr. Hunt. Attendance, 600.

Syracuse, N.Y., May 30.—The home team won easily from Toronto in the afternoon, finding Suthoff when hits meant runs, running bases recklessly, and having all the luck. Score:—

	R.	H.	E.
Syracuse ..... 0 4 0 1 0 0 6 0 x	11	9	3
Toronto 1 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 1	5	11	4

Batteries—Wiltse and Lattimer; Suthoff and Bemis. Umpire, Hunt.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per-cent.
Rochester	19	10	.655
Montreal	16	11	.593
Providence	15	12	.556
Springfield	13	11	.542
Syracuse	12	13	.480
Worcester	12	14	.462
Toronto	10	17	.370
Hartford	10	19	.345

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
At New York—Morning game—			
Pittsburg 0 0 0 1 0 3 3 0 0	7	11	5
New York 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 3 0	6	8	2
Afternoon game—			
New York ..... 1 0 0 2 0 6 0 0 x	9	6	5
Pittsburg 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	5	5
At Philadelphia—Morning game—			
Chicago 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	2	8	4
Philadelphia ..... 1 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 x	5	13	3
Afternoon game—			
Chicago 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0	3	11	5
Philadelphia ..... 5 1 0 7 0 0 0 0 x	13	16	1
At Brooklyn—Morning game—			
St. Louis 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 2 0	5	9	1
Brooklyn 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	2
Afternoon game—			
St. Louis 6 2 0 0 0 1 2 0 0	11	10	0
Brooklyn 0 1 2 1 1 0 0 0 1	6	8	2
At Boston—Morning game—			
Boston ..... 0 0 0 1 4 0 2 1 x	8	17	1
Cincinnati 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 0	4	8	2
Afternoon game—			
Boston ..... 2 0 4 0 0 0 1 0 x	7	9	1
Cincinnati 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	3	9	0

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per-cent.
Philadelphia	19	10	.655
Brooklyn	18	14	.563
St. Louis	18	14	.563
Pittsburg	19	16	.543
Chicago	17	16	.515
Cincinnati	12	19	.387
New York	11	19	.367
Boston	10	18	.357

LACROSSE.

WILL PRACTICE TO-NIGHT.

A general meeting of the Point St. Charles Lacrosse Club will be held in the P.A.A.A. rooms to-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock. All the members are expected to be present, as very important business will be transacted. There will be a practice of the club on the Queen's Park grounds this evening, at which a large turnout is expected.

ATHLETICS.

A CROSS-COUNTRY RUN.

Ottawa, May 20.—The O.A.A.C. directors to-night decided to hold a cross-country run in the fall with the start and finish at the exhibition grounds. The race will be held during fair week and will be one of the attractions on one of the big days.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Genuine Heintzman & Co. Pianos

Are sought for and purchased by the leading families of Montreal, as they are in every centre of population throughout Canada. The reason is one of merit. Superlative merit in tone and durability. The new Heintzman Pianos contain valuable improvements which are found in no other pianos. Prices from $350. Terms as low as $8 monthly.

Lindsay-Nordheimer Co., Warerooms, 2366 St. Catherine St.

A committee composed of President Colson, P. D. Ross, H. S. Southam, Clarence Martin and W. R. Cumings, was appointed to deal with arrangements.

WHEELING.

A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Waltham, Mass., May 31.—The big race meet of the Massachusetts division of the League of American Wheelmen at the Waltham Bicycle track yesterday was marred by one of the most shocking fatalities recorded in the history of cycling, one rider being killed and others hurt. The accident occurred in the second mile of the four cornered international motor paced race, the contestants being Everett R. Ryan, of Waltham; Albert, champion, of Paris; Archie McEachern, Toronto, and W. P. Stinson, of Cambridge.

In the first lap of the second mile, on the turn into the back stretch, the four pacing machines were stretched across the track. Champion swerved into the grass, and in avoiding him, Harry E. Miles, 25 years old, of Lynn, and Wm. F. Stafford, 24 years old, of Cambridge, who were riding the Stinson motor pacing tandem, were forced up the track and over the bank. Both men were thrown, Miles striking head first upon an electric light pole, receiving a fractured skull. The top of the head was crushed in, and as he was being removed to the training quarters, his brains ran out upon the stretcher. He died within a very few minutes after the accident.

Stafford was thrown bodily through the picket fence, his skull fractured, his nose broken, nd his false teeth were forced down his throat. He was removed to the Waltham Hospital, where his death is expected at any moment.

The big motor tandem which they were riding, was thrown over the fence upon the crowd, which had been watching the race. It fell upon a dozen men and women. The fatality in this race cast a gloom over the sport for the balance of the afternoon. It was the principal number on the day's programme and was being run off in fine style and in exceptionally quick time when the accident occurred. The race was won by Archie McEachern, with Ryan second, and Champion third. Time, 35.40 3-5.

The final heat, five mile amateur match race, motor paced, was a walkover for E. H. Smith, of Waltham.

One mile tandem handicap, amateur, was won by Richards and Malanson, Waltham; time, 2.00 4-5.

The five mile tandem pursuit race between the Roslindale Cycle Club and the Jamaica Plain Cycle Club was won by the former.

Five mile motor tandem handicap, professional, won by Cook and Sherar; Callahan and Champion, second. Time, 7.38 4-5.

Jimmy Michael rode a five mile motor paced exhibition in 8.58 1-5.

The attendance was very large, over 20,000 tickets being taken at the gate.

YACHTING.

AT THE R. ST. L. Y. CLUBHOUSE.

The Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club will hold the first of a series of several races for a cup next Saturday afternoon. Points are given over the series, and racing flags are to be given for first, second and third place in each race. The following entries have so far been received: 'Habitant,' 'Turtle,' 'Doris,' 'Eileen' and 'Kittiwake.' In the event of easterly winds, the club steamer will tow upper lake yachts to the starting line. Three of the Seawanhaka cup defenders will be launched.

The club steamer 'St. Lawrence' will be free to members and their friends during the afternoon and will follow the yachts over the course.

CHILDREN FOR ADOPTION.

Mrs. E. Birt, of the Distributing Home, Knowlton, writes as follows:—

The little ones, whose names are appended, were among our fifty-seventh party of children which arrived here a few days ago. The older ones are already provided for, and we are now seeking homes for the younger boys and girls. Before leaving England all of them passed a strict medical examination. We are assured, also, of their good behavior and feel satisfied they will in time, with care, not only prove helpful, but, in a measure, bring gladness and comfort to many homes. We have photos, which can be seen. Applications should be accompanied by minister's recommendation and railway fare.

Boys—Alfred, aged 2, fair, blue eyes, good size, bright; Henry, aged 6, motherless, blue eyes, chatty; Bertie, aged 7, orphan, bright, brown eyes; Joseph, aged 9, fair, brown eyes, motherless.

Girls—Edith, aged 6, blue eyes, fair; Annie, aged 8, fair, blue eyes; Mary P., aged 8, good size for age, blue eyes; Ina, aged 8, blue eyes (Scotch); Jeanie, aged 9, (Scotch), rosy cheeks, kindly and helpful; Mary Jane W., aged 10, dark, brown eyes; Florrie and Maggie (twins), aged 8, bright and attractive, very anxious to be near each other; Amelia, aged 6, fair, very pleasant tempered.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The National Cycle & Automobile Co Limited TORONTO

Just Half the Wear

In E & D four-point bearings the load cannot give itself any leverage, as the bearings only carry the load in a direct line from axle to hub.

The pressure on the E & D four-point bearings is divided in each bearing between two points, while in ordinary bearings it all comes on one point. In the E & D four-point bearings, as compared with the best bearing of any other type, the pressure is just half. Just half the pressure, just half the wear.

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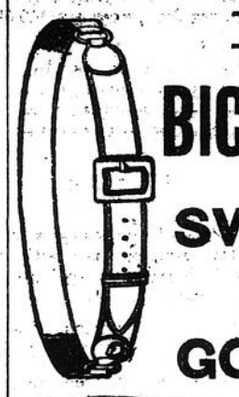

MEN'S

BICYCLE SUITS, SWEATERS, CAPS, GOLF HOSE and BELTS.

If Wheelmen want to enjoy cycling they should get properly outfitted with a Bicycle Suit, Sweater, Golf Hose, Belt and Cap. You are invited to call in and see our stock of the above, which you will find well assorted, at reasonable prices.

MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS in Khaki Col ored Duck, at $3.50 Suit.
MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS at $4.50.
MEN'S TWEED BICYCLE SUITS, Brown Checks, $5.00 per suit.
MEN'S FANCY TWEED CHECKS and PLAIN GREY HOMESPUNS, at $6.00 and $6.50 Suit.
ODD KNICKERS for Golf or Cycling, at $1.25 a pair up to $2.50 pair.
SPECIAL SUITS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.
MEN'S SWEATERS in Plain White, Tan or Khaki Color, Navy Blue, Crimson and Assorted Dark Colored Stripes and Checks; prices from 75c up to $3.00 each.
MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, from 25c each upwards.
FINE WIDE LEATHER BELTS at 50c and 75c.
EXTRA FINE LEATHER BELTS, latest American Novelties:
SLATE, RUSSET, TAN and BLACK L EATHER, Covered Buckles, Nickel Buckles and Rings at sides.
BOYS' ELASTIC BELTS at 10c and 15c each.
MEN'S and BOYS' KNICKER or GOLF HOSE, Fancy Tops, at 50c, 75c, $1.00 up to $2.50 pair.
MEN'S CYCLING CAPS in Navy Serges, Tweeds, in all different colors to match Suits, light ventilated seams and plain makes, checks and stripes, 15c, 25c and 50c each.

If you want good, reliable goods and good value for your money,

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IRON FOLDING BED

This Bed has **BRASS TRIMMINGS**, and consequently when folded, is an **ORNAMENT** to the bedroom. Being **ALL IRON** it affords no protection to vermin.

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H. R. IVES & CO.,
MONTREAL.

END APPROACHING.

Lord Roberts Enters Johannesburg To-day.

KRUGER A FUGITIVE.

Task of Receiving the British Delegated to the Burgomaster.

HUNTER RE-ENTERS THE TRANSVAAL.

London, May 31.—3 a.m..—Yesterday at noon the British were only about two hours' march from Pretoria, and the Boer military forces had abandoned the city. The intelligence comes from the Reuter agent at the Transvaal capital and from the Earl of Rosslyn, in a press despatch. The two messages left about the same time.

At two o'clock this morning the War Office had received no news from Lord Roberts which the officials would make public; but it is assumed that the press advices are correct. Most of the London morning papers, through the courtesy of the 'Daily Mail,' print Lord Rosslyn's despatch,and comment upon it, treating the war as ended. Some of the more cautious critics think that guerilla warfare is likely to be carried on for some time, in various parts of the conquered territory.

Although the Boer forces are dissolving Lord Roberts apparently has not yet taken any considerable quantities of artillery, arms or stores. Large bodies of Boers must still be somewhere in the field.

BRITISH PRISONERS RELEASED.

The British authorities at Buluwayo think the Boers will retire into southern Rhodesia.

By the release of the British prisoners at Waterval a full brigade will be added to the army of Lord Roberts, as there were one hundred and seventy-seven officers and 4,182 privates among them.

Events elsewhere in the field of war seem to dwindle in comparison. General Hunter re-entered the Transvaal at Maribogopan on Tuesday. The advance was made off the railway. Water is scarce and all the farms are deserted. Yesterday General Hunter reached Geysdorp with ten days' supplies.

Maribogopan is half-way between Vryburg and Mafeking. Geysdorp is from twelve to fifteen miles east. General Hunter meets with no resistance.

General Baden-Powell is invading farther north, without opposition. Commandant Snyman having gone towards Pretoria.

London, May 31.—The 'Times' says this morning:—'The war is practically over. By this time the British flag is flying in Pretoria. Mr. Kruger has fled and is ere this half-way to Delagoa Bay. Mr. Hay, son of the United States secretary of state, who holds the office of American consul at Pretoria, and, who, in that capacity, took charge of our interests, thoughtfully insisted on a special step for safeguarding the large number of British prisoners.'

4 a.m.—The Lorenzo Marquez correspondents think the border trouble between the Transvaal and Portugal may come to a head at any moment. Komati Bridge is strongly defended. Yesterday the Portuguese authorities were preparing to resist a possible engagement. A mule battery was sent to the frontier.

The Lorenzo Marquez correspondent of the 'Times' says:—'It would not be surprising if a large portion of the rebel Dutch sought temporary refuge upon Portuguese territory. Although the authorities here are reticent, they are not blind to such a possibility.'

It is reported that a special train from Pretoria with fugitives was derailed on the Transvaal side of Komati Poort, a number of passengers being killed or injured.'

KRUGER HAS FLOWN.

LEFT PRETORIA IN HASTE, AND IS NOW AT WATERVALBOVEN.

Pretoria, Wednesday, May 30.—British officers are now at Johannesburg dictating terms of surrender.

The British advance guard is half-way between Johannesburg and Pretoria. It is reported that there is a force also at Hatherly.

All the forces have been dismissed from the forts around Pretoria.

President Kruger is now at Watervalboven.

Waterval-boven is 130 miles due east of Pretoria, on the Delagoa Bay Railway. It should not be confused with Waterfall, ten miles north of Pretoria, where the British prisoners are. Waterval-boven is a small place in a mountainous country. The seat of the Boer government—or what there is left of it—will probably be Lydenburg, to the north.

QUIET AT PRETORIA.

CROWDS ON CHURCH SQUARE AWAIT THE ARRIVAL OF THE BRITISH.

London, May 31, 2 a.m.—The 'Daily Mail' publishes the following despatch from the Earl of Rosslyn, who was a prisoner at Pretoria, and who, as a civilian, appears to have been released:

'Pretoria, Wednesday, May 30, 11.40 a.m.—Pretoria will be occupied in about two hours, without resistance.

'The President has gone to Watervalboven.

'The burgomaster, De Souza, is authorized to receive the British. He, with an influential committee of citizens, including Chief Justice Gregorowski, has been appointed to preserve life and property during the interregnum.

'Everything is quiet, but crowds are waiting expectantly in Church square for the arrival of the British.

'Fearing a possible disturbance and bloodshed among the prisoners of war at Waterfall, the United States consul, Mr. Hay, and Mr. Leigh Wood insisted upon twenty officers being liberated on parole to go to the men. Their action cannot be too highly praised.

'I was permitted to accompany the officers. Everything was quiet.'

A MAD RUSH.

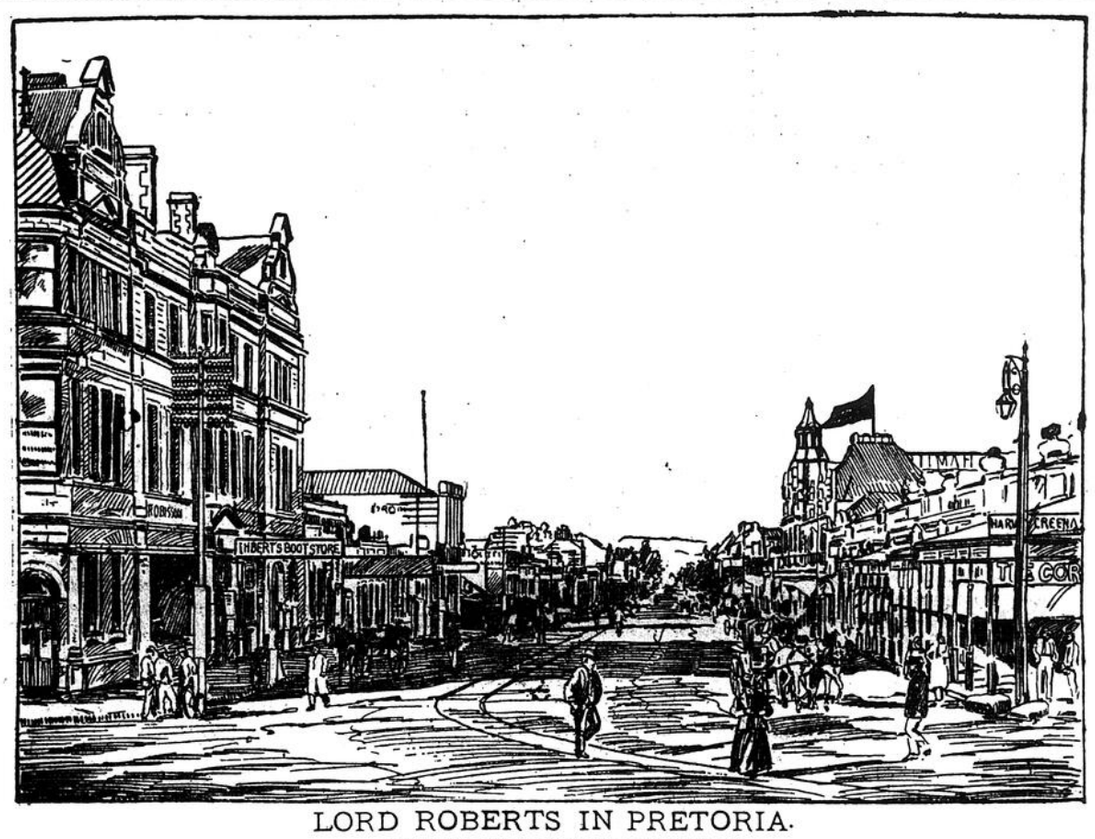
RESIDENTS OF PRETORIA ANXIOUS TO REACH THE COAST.

London, May 31.—A despatch from Lorenzo Marquez dated Wednesday says: 'Commandant Kraus has surrendered Johannesburg to Lord Roberts. By to-night's train from Pretoria arrived a few Greeks, who say they were told to leave Pretoria on Tuesday. They affirm that the train in which they left was shelled by the British, and that half of the train was cut off, the remainder steaming away. This incident probably occurred at Elandsfontein Junction.

'Passengers from Pretoria assert that the town is utterly demoralized. There is a mad rush for the coast. Five trainloads of fugitives are expected here to-night.

'Goods traffic between here and the Transvaal was only closed to-day, the reason apparently being the military movements in progress. A Boer commando has arrived at Komati Poort. All the Portuguese troops have been ordered to be in readiness to proceed to the frontier, and the Portuguese fleet along the coast has received orders to concentrate here.'

London, May 30.—Two Australians, who escaped from Pretoria on April 28, have arrived at Mafeking, having spent a month on the veldt, with but little food and no blankets. They slept by day and marched at night. They complain bitterly of the treatment at Pretoria.



LORD ROBERTS IN PRETORIA.

CHURCH STREET EAST, PRETORIA

THE BRITISH IN PRETORIA.

Volksraad (Parliament) Buildings and Reformed Church in the Capital of the Transvaal.

THE NEWS IN LONDON.

CITY LOOKED ON QUIETLY WHILE THE MINES WERE THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION.

London, May 31.—1 a.m.—A striking contrast was offered between the scenes in Pall Mall and other thoroughfares last night and those of Mafeking. The fate of Johannesburg and the richest gold district in the world was hanging in the balance, but there were no throngs of anxious spectators in front of the War Office, and there was no unwonted stir or excitement in Piccadilly or on the Strand. The Uitlanders, whose grievances and rights were the direct cause of England's most arduous and costly war since Napoleon's time, were apparently outside the range of popular sympathies, whereas a fortnight ago London was shouting itself hoarse over a few hundred colonial troops saved from starvation at Mafeking. Hour after hour passed, and there was no word respecting the triumphal march of Lord Roberts into Johannesburg, which had been timed for noonday, nor any message in regard to General French's expected swoop in the direction of Pretoria. The evening editions of the newspapers had contained nothing from Lord Roberts's advanced line, and but little news from any quarter of the theatre of war except the details of the proclamation of the annexation of the Orange River Colony at Bloemfontein and the honors paid to the flag by General Kelly-Kenny's troops.

The War Office gave out a bulletin from General Buller reciting the march of two of his divisions into the Transvaal and the occupation of Utrecht, while General Clery's batteries were bombarding the Boer position at Laing's Nek and meeting with feeble, half-hearted resistance. General Buller seemed to be beating time and playing at war in an unreal, artificial way, while Lord Roberts was marching into Johannesburg and planning a final spring upon Pretoria. London was not deeply interested in what was going on in South Africa, nor anxious about the safety of Johannesburg and the immense treasure powdered through the gold reefs of the Witwatersrand. It cared more about winning the Derby by the Prince of Wales's horse than about Lord Roberts's race to Johannesburg or General French's capture of Pretoria.

EFFECT ON STOCKS.

FAVORABLE WAR NEWS AFFECTED BUSINESS CONSIDERABLY.

London, May 30.—The news of the occupation of Johannesburg made Africans buoyant in the markets here to-day and other securities were cheerful. Business, however, was restricted by the Derby. Americans were firm, but in them, also, business was small on account of the holiday in New York.

Berlin, May 30.—On the Bourse to-day, through a change in the tendency of the market, owing to the favorable war news, Internationals were firm. Americans and Canadian Pacific were in good demand on the recovery. Bank shares were harder and mines advanced sharply on bear covering.

Paris, May 30.—On the Bourse to-day business opened with a general improvement, being encouraged by the war news and easier money. European centres reported that to-morrow's bank returns would show a material increase in cash. Subsequently, the market became quiet. Parquet stocks were weaker and Kaffirs were firm. Spanish fours were well offered. Brazilians continued in good demand. There was a good inquiry for Rio Tintos at considerably higher prices. On bear covering, later, the advance was lost.

ENTRY POSTPONED.

LORD ROBERTS DID NOT OCCUPY JOHANNESBURG YESTERDAY.

London, May 31.—The War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts, under date of Germiston, May 30:—

'In answer to a flag of truce I sent to Johannesburg this morning the commandant came to see me. He begged me to defer entering the town for twenty-four hours, as there were so many armed burghers still inside. I agreed to this, as I am most anxious to avert the possibility of anything like disturbance inside the town, and as bodies of the enemy are still holding the hills in the immediate neighborhood, from which they will have to be cleared off beforehand.

'Rundle reports that he attacked a large body of Boers near Senekal on May 28. He said his casualties were not heavy.

'Brabant reports that on May 28, two of his patrols, consisting of two officers and forty men, were cut off by the enemy, and taken prisoners.'

ADVANCE OPPOSED.

ENEMY BLOCKED HAMILTON'S NORTHWARD MARCH.

London, May 31.—11.02 a.m.—The War Office has received from Lord Roberts a despatch, dated Germiston, May 30, nine p.m., saying:

'The brunt of the fighting yesterday fell upon General Ian Hamilton's column. I have sent him, as already mentioned, to work around to the west of Johannesburg in support of General French's cavalry, which was directed to go north near the road leading to Pretoria. I have not heard from General French yet, but General Hamilton, in a report which has just reached me, states that at about one o'clock in the afternoon he found his way blocked by the enemy strongly posted on some kopjes and ridges three miles south of the Rand. They had two heavy guns and several field guns and pompoms. General Hamilton forthwith attacked.

'The right was led by the Gordons, who, after capturing one extremity of the ridge, wheeled around and worked along it until after dark, clearing it of the enemy, who fought most obstinately. The 104th led on the other flank, and would not be denied, but the chief share in the action, as in the casualties, fell to the Gordons, whose gallant advance excites the admiration of all.

'General Hamilton is now at Florida, due west of Johannesburg, and General French is a few miles further to the north-east. The Gordons, the [illegible] the mounted infantry and the [illegible] division are holding the heights [illegible] the town. The eleventh division, with batteries H and G, and the heavy artillery, are south [illegible] nesburg. General Hamilton speaks in high terms of praise of the manner in which Bruce Hamilton and [illegible] Spens, of the Shropshire Light Infantry, handled their men under General Smith-Dorien's direction.'

Not since October had there been so little news bulletined, nor any such degree of public listlessness as [illegible]. The Haymarket was an animated spectacle at eleven o'clock when Her Majesty's Theatre was emptied after the first performance of Beerbohm Tree's adaptation of 'Rip Van Winkle,' which had astonished American admirers of Joseph Jefferson not a little and pleased the English audience.

If the millionnaires were anxious about their gold mines they did not reveal their emotions by hanging on the palings in front of the War Office and waiting for news from Johannesburg. Pall Mall was stagnant and the War Office closed its doors soon after eleven o'clock without giving out a line of information about Johannesburg or Pretoria. One rumor at midnight ordered Lord Roberts with a sudden determination to march on to Pretoria with a view occupying Johannesburg and another that Boer sources forecasted the burning of the entire British army to destruction by the wily President Kruger. Whether there was a tragedy in progress in the Rand or a roaring farce arranged by President Kruger and Lord Salisbury, London knew not and apparently cared very little.

6 a.m.—It is generally assumed that the sensational intelligence of the surrender of Pretoria is accurate, although at the time of cabling no news of Lord Roberts's movements had been issued by the War Office or even apparently received there. President Kruger has not staggered humanity unless by his decision not to defend his capital, and it now remains to be seen whether the Boers will protract their resistance any longer. It is not stated that Steyn has left Pretoria but in all probability he is with Kruger at Watervalboven, which is on the railway to Delagoa Bay. It is about a hundred and fifty miles from Pretoria and is almost directly south of Lydenburg, where the Boers have lately said they will make their last stand. On all sides the opinion is freely expressed that the war is at an end. Lord Roberts is naturally praised for his splendid strategy and marvellous energy and it is pointed out that the British troops have again shown their ability to respond to the power of great leadership.

Johannesburg was, says a London 'Daily Mail' telegram from Lorenzo Marquez, surrendered to Lord Roberts by Commandant Krause.

THANKS YEOMANRY.

London, May 30.—The War Office has communicated to the organizers of the Imperial Yeomanry the government's gratitude for the services of 'this force of well-equipped fighting men, to whose admirable service in the field Lord Roberts has borne such high testimony.'

The War Office adds that the time has arrived when the committee of the Imperial Yeomanry can safely be released from 'its arduous duties, so patriotically assumed at a time of national emergency.' and Lord Lansdowne expresses on behalf of the government its sense of the great debt that the state owes to the Yeomanry.

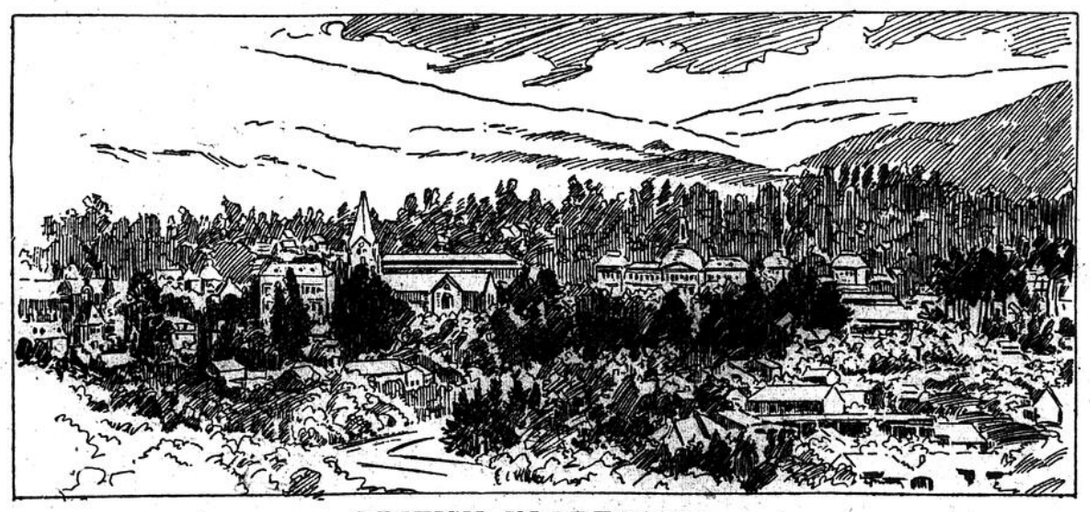
PRETORIA.

SKETCH OF THE TRANSVAAL CAPITAL.

Pretoria, the capital city of the South African Republic, a position which it has held since 1863, was laid out in 1855, and was named after Commandant Pretorius, the first President of the republic. It is distant thirty-two miles from Johannesburg by road, but the railway route, by reason of its curves, lengthens the journey to forty-six miles. From Capetown it is 1,040 miles; from Port Elizabeth, 740; from East London, 692; and from Durban, 511.

Seeing the opportunities for a better situation the site for Pretoria might have been selected with more care. Placed in a hollow, in wet weather a part of the city may be said to be in a swamp. The heat during the summer months is very considerable and the heavy rainfall occasions a great deal of mist. The winter climate, however, is perfect, fresh, bright and invigorating, but the total disregard of the commonest sanitary precautions has been the cause of much sickness in the past. The number of deaths, considering the open nature of

(Continued on page 11.)



BRITISH IN PRETORIA.

BIRD'S EYE VIEW OF THE TRANSVAAL CAPITAL FROM DAAS-POORT Hill.

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