The Montreal Daily Star.

VOL. XIII., NO. 52. MONTREAL, THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1881. PRICE ONE CENT.

Morning Telegrams.

Sparks from the Telegraph.

Small-pox is epidemic at Honolulu.

A silver mine is said to have been discovered at Shubenacadie, N.S.

There will be no procession on St. Patrick's Day at Ottawa this year.

Dic Francisco Calderon has been elected provisional President of Peru.

Another severe wind and snow storm is raging in Illinois, blockading the railroads.

The Creten revolt against extra taxation is spreading throughout the Eastern Provinces.

The sale of the Coale collection of pictures in New York, numbering 60, realized $35,000.

A temperance league has been formed in Quebec by the Roman Catholic Church authorities.

Two important Sirdars, bearing letters from Ayoob Khan to the Indian Government, have arrived at Candahar.

The London *Morning Post* will be shortly issued as a penny paper, and be the official organ of the Conservatives.

At the Liberal caucus at Ottawa on the 2nd, resolutions of sympathy with the family of the late Mr. Letellier were passed.

The Funding bill has passed the House of Representatives as it came from the Senate, and now goes to the President.

Bismarck has submitted to the Federal Council an ordinance for the creation of an Economic Council for the whole of Germany.

The total amount of United States currency outstanding is $362,585,258.25, of which amount $346,681,016 are legal tenders.

Server Pacha, Ali Pacha and Nizam Pacha have been appointed to negotiate with the Ambassadors at Constantinople on the Greek question.

Sitting Bull has returned to Canadian territory with sixty or seventy lodges. Colonel Irvine has been instructed to advise him to surrender to the American authorities.

Susan W. Fletcher, James Fletcher and Chas. Morton have been indicted in London for felony and misdemeanor in defrauding Juliet A. Davies, by means pretended to be spiritual manifestations.

The house of Dudley Hunter, a farmer near Shelbyville, Ky., was destroyed by fire on the 2nd. Three children locked in by Mrs. Dudley, who had gone to "chore" at a neighbor's, were burned to death.

The discussion on the second want of confidence motion in the New Brunswick House closed on the 2nd, and resulted in the Government being sustained by the following vote:—Yeas 24, nays 15.

A Montreal deputation waited on Sir John Macdonald and Sir Leonard Tilley at Ottawa, yesterday, and asked the Government to assume the debt on Lake St. Peter channel. The Ministers promised to bring the matter before their colleagues.

THE WRECK OF THE "BOHEMIAN."

LONDON, March 2.—The official inquiry into the loss of the British steamer "Bohemian," which was totally wrecked at Dunlough Bay, Ireland, on February 6th, on the passage from Boston, closed at Liverpool to-day. The Court expressed dissatisfaction with the condition of the life-boats, some of which had not been in the water for eighteen months. The Court considered that if the Captain's somewhat vague order to "Keep vessel off two points" had not been misunderstood, the loss would not have occurred. The Court found the Captain not justified in keeping up such a high rate of speed in thick weather, so near land.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

LONDON, March 2.—In the Lords to-day, the Protection Bill formally received the Royal sanction.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Sir W. V. Harcourt, in introducing the Arms' Bill last night, contemptuously contrasted Parnell's conduct with that of Dillon, who, he said, had the courage of his opinions. The attack has caused much bitterness among the Irish members. All who spoke on the Arms' Bill in the House to-day condemned Sir W. V. Harcourt's attempts to stigmatize the Irish members as associated in a conspiracy. The debate on the second reading of the Arms' Bill was adjourned until to-morrow. The debate was confined almost entirely to Irish members.

At a meeting of Radicals to-day, Sir Wilfrid Lawson presiding, it was decided to hold meetings in England and Scotland to protest against a continuance of the war in Transvaal, and to send a memorial to Mr. Gladstone reminding him of his Mid-Lothian speeches on the subject.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN WAR.

Chilian Account of Recent Battles—Piérola Urged to Return to Lima.

PANAMA, February 19.—The Chilian official account of the battles of Chorrillos and Miraflores differs little from that already furnished. The losses in killed and wounded are not so grave on either side as at first reported, but the effect of the two engagements, so far as Peru is concerned, could not have been more disastrous. Pierola, with less than 100 men to follow him in his futile wanderings, and those that went north in the train of Montero, the newly appointed commander of the Northern Department, have not been heard of as having changed their disorganized condition or having attempted anything like consolidation or organization. It is stated that the Chilians were about to send a Commission after General Pierola to solicit his return and resumption of Government, in order that they might find some competent authority with which to arrange terms of peace, intimating that in the meantime the residents of Lima must become accustomed to the rule of martial law. The leading people of Lima were agitating the question of establishing a Provisional Government, with Dr. Antonio Arenas, a distinguished lawyer of Lima, as Provisional President. In Lima a decree has been issued rendering of forced circulation the ten sol notes of January 27, 1879, and February 4, 1877, excluded from circulation by a decree of Pierola.

THE IRISH TROUBLES.

Watching Fenians—Numerous Arrests Expected—Land League Meetings—Parnell's Return.

CORK, March 2.—Two Dublin detectives have been here for the past fortnight watching Fenians with the view of making arrests when the Coercion Bill becomes law. A list of the names of Land Leaguers, recently prepared by local authorities, has been returned from Dublin revised. A conference of Constabulary officers was held this morning, and numerous arrests are expected immediately.

DUBLIN, March 2.—At a meeting of the Land League to-day Dillon said county meetings had been definitely fixed for Sunday week, when twenty demonstrations will take place to show the strength of the League.

LONDON, March 2.—It is reported that a number of arrests from the ranks of the Land Leaguers, and especially of offensive agitators in Ireland, will be made at once. Many persons doubt this and affirm that it was not the purpose of the Government to make sudden arrests under the bill, but to hold it *in terrorem* over the heads of the agitators. It is expected that the Viceroy will proclaim in a few days districts throughout which the bill is to be considered immediately operative.

LONDON, March 3.—A despatch from Paris says Parnell visited Henri Rochefort yesterday. He expects to be back in the House of Commons to-day (Thursday), and will reply to the charges of the Home Secretary.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

TORONTO, March 2.—Hon. Mr. Pardee, in moving the House into committee of the whole on his railway resolutions, said, in the last two years the Government had brought down a railway policy, and had then halted in deference to public opinion. There were, however, cases of special hardship and injury, and the companies interested annually brought their united influence to bear on the Legislature. There were three roads named in the resolutions, on which $600,000 had been spent by the municipalities, which would be thrown away if the Government did not come to the rescue. The financial basis of the Erie & Huron was $444,650 and $100,000 had been expended on it by the municipalities. This road the Government proposed to aid to the extent already published, which would represent $2,000 a mile. The next road was the Stratford & Huron, on which $346,000 of municipal money had been expended, which the Government proposed to aid from Harriston to Wiarton to the same amount. The third road was the Georgian Bay and Wellington, which the Government proposed to aid from Mount Forest to Durham, at the rate of $1,500; $144,000 of municipal money had been expended on the road. The Government did not propose to give more than $1,500 to this road, because that grant would be sufficient to enable it to be completed. The amount to be given annually to the three roads was $17,520. Finally the Government asked authority to aid a road from Gravenhurst to Sault Ste. Marie. No particular road was mentioned, but it must be a neutral one. Some years ago the Government got authority to aid to the extent of $8,000 from Gravenhurst to the South East Bay of Lake Nipissing, and as this had not been built, the Government were only transferring the part to a line to the Sault Ste. Marie, and would be getting 300 miles of a colonization road for the same money as it was proposed to give for 164 miles to the Georgian Bay.

Mr. Meredith was in favor of aiding these three roads. With regard to the Gravenhurst road, there was no stipulation that the road should connect with the Canada Pacific Railway. He trusted the resolution would be amended in this direction.

Mr. Deroche condemned the Government for not aiding the Napanee & Tamworth and Kingston & Pembroke Railways.

Mr. Young said it was evident that the available cash surplus was limited to $1,500,000, and when the part to the Sault Line was paid there would be little left to give to railways.

Mr. Long was opposed to the change of government policy in regard to the Sault Ste. Marie Railway, on account of the constitution of the directorate, which would be in the interests of the Grand Trunk.

Mr. Lawder supported the grant last session and would support it now.

Mr. Ross said that the Sault scheme was forced upon us by the action taken at Ottawa in passing a Pacific Railway bill which did not do full justice to Ontario, and it was therefore a necessity in the interests of the Province.

Hon. Mr. Morris said that while he had cordially admitted the importance of the Sault Ste. Marie, he predicted that the day would come when a line to the South East Bay of Lake Nipissing would be a vital necessity to this country, in order to get connection with the Canada Pacific Railway.

After recess, Mr. Creighton condemned the Government's departure from the scheme of assisting the Ontario Junction Railway as a connecting link with the Canada Pacific, and expressed surprise that no stipulations were made that the Sault Ste. Marie line should extend to Callander.

Mr. Gibson (Huron) advocated the claims of the Toronto, Grey & Bruce, and pointed out that the injustice was the greater because the Government had assisted competing lines.

After some further discussion to the same effect, the resolutions were passed in committee of the whole and reported.

Mr. Ross moved that in the opinion of the House the second selection of jurors by the county selectors should be abolished, as being of no practical benefit, and imposing unnecessary expense on municipalities.

Hon. Mr. Mowat said the Government had not had time to consider the question, and asked that the motion be withdrawn.

Mr. Ross demurring to this, Hon. Mr. Mowat moved the adjournment of the debate, which was carried.

The bill respecting the illicit sale of intoxicants was passed through committee.

After advancing one stage some minor Government bills, the House adjourned at 11 p.m.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

General Colley Killed—The Boers as Soldiers—The Armistice Ended.

MOUNT PROSPECT, March 2.—The body of General Colley has arrived at camp. The remains will be buried, in a few hours, with full military honors.

LONDON, March 2.—A correspondent at Prospect Hill says:—"It is useless to attempt to fight the Boers with numerically inferior forces. They are, than for man, more than equal to our own. There are as courageous, infinitely better shots and marvellously skilled, taking advantage of every cover. Their coolness under fire is perfect, and, while fighting individually, all work in concert and in obedience to order. They openly express contempt for our infantry, but fear our cavalry and artillery.

LONDON, March 3.—A despatch from Durban says the armistice with the Basutos has ended without resulting in agreement. They want to deal with the Queen direct and not with the Cape Government, and are asking for exact terms of peace.

Tunnels Under Montreal.

The hill which runs through the city from east to west has always been a severe hindrance to the trade of that part of the city north of Craig street, as it makes it extremely difficult to have a heavy load of merchandise taken from that portion of the city to the quays, and *vice versa*. Another impediment to the same district is the scarcity of roads connecting it with the river front and the present business quarter. Hence the agitation to have a slow grade road, running through the Champ de Mars, from Craig street to Jacques Cartier Square. A scheme is now on foot to do away with both difficulties at the same time by running a tunnel under the city from Craig street, opposite the Drill Shed, to Commissioners street. The scheme, which is thought to be very practicable, is, it is believed, to be brought up at the next meeting of the City Council.

The trouble arising from the same causes in reaching the new railway station to be erected on the site of the Quebec Gate Barracks, from the upper part of the city, necessitates something being done, and Ald. Laurent stated to a STAR reporter the other day that he hopes as soon as the station is completed to have work begun on an underground roadway, connecting the station with Craig street, opposite the Viger gardens. He says that the undertaking would not entail much expense, as the nature of the soil is very favorable to tunneling operations.

Beet Root Sugar Factory.

The Directors of the West Farnham Company have decided to change the capacity from 100 to 200 tons of beet roots per day. The machinery for the enlarged capacity has been purchased in Halle, Germany, by Mr. W. Donahue at a cost of about $60,000, and will be received in the spring. The Company has contracts with farmers in the counties of Rouville and Missisquoi for 1,500 acres of beets, and, since the enlarged capacity has been decided upon, 500 acres more will be required, which the management is confident of being able to obtain without any difficulty. The Company holds a copy of an Order-in-Council of the Quebec Government, passed last spring, to draw the Provincial subsidy of $70,000, payable in ten yearly instalments.

OUR GEOLOGICAL MUSEUM.

Some Former Petitions Against the Removal and the Reasons Then Urged.

Early in the agitation for the removal of the department to Ottawa a petition signed by some of the clerks connected with the Survey, favoring the movement, was sent to the Government. The reasons by them urged are given in the following, coupled with the reply made to this reasoning by others interested in the retention here of the department of work. The petition was signed by only eight of the twenty-two employees. The first reason assigned for the removal was to the following effect: "That the Museum has failed to attract, in Montreal, the amount of interest naturally expected; notwithstanding the fact that much pains has been taken to bring it under the notice of the public generally and travellers particularly. Putting the annual number of visitors at from one to two thousand for several years previous to 1879, and those of an unimportant class, this statement is answered as follows: The annual number of visitors has steadily increased during the past few years. According to the latest published report of the departmental work, during the eight months following May 1st, 1877, 3,147 persons visited the collection and registered their names. The number of persons who consult the director, chemist and paleontologist, whose names do not appear on the register, is also very large. Among these names are those of many distinguished scientists from abroad, and some of the more illustrious ones were cited. "Most of these people did not visit Ottawa," nor is it probable that they would have done so merely to see the collection. Referring to the pains taken to advertise the fact of the Museum being located here, it is a fact that the means employed consist of a brass plate on the door of the Museum, and a couple of large signs painted in a conspicuous part of the building (which is not a conspicuous one, or in a conspicuous locality.) The mercantile community of Montreal as well as visitors of this class avail themselves of the opportunities afforded, and it is this class which find the greatest practical benefit, and this class is much larger in Montreal than it is ever likely to be in Ottawa. The would-be movers then cite the National Museum of Washington as receiving nearly 500,000 visitors per annum. This is combatted by comparative figures, showing the relative proportion of the populations of the two countries and the fact that that museum is not purely a Geological Museum, but a historical museum for the whole country as well, and it cannot be shown, that the visitors are of a superior class to those who attend our own exhibit.

Thirdly, the petition for removal states that the funds for carrying on this work come altogether from Parliament and not from Montreal, and that Montreal does not appreciate all that has been done for it, &c., &c. The cross petitioners answer this by saying that the funds come from the people at large, and it would seem most appropriate that the Survey should be located where its work should benefit the largest number of people, and this fact would certainly point to the commercial metropolis of the Dominion as the proper place for locating the Museum. The Museum owes its origin to a Montrealer and its inception was largely due to the citizens of Montreal, and the fostering care which has developed it to its present valuable position (so that its possession is a matter of envious desire) is almost entirely a Montreal interest. Sir Wm. E. Logan was the originator and most indefatigable supporter of the institution through all its trials.

The fourth reason urged by the original petition is to the effect that, the present Museum building is an old fashioned house, facing the north, in an unfrequented street and having undesirable neighbors; that it might be sold for other purposes, and the proceeds, with the rental of the offices, capitalized, would be sufficient to pay for a good building in Ottawa.

It is urged on the contrary, that the building is in a good state of repair and equal to all needs of the department for years to come at slight cost of maintenance. If sold at the present time, it would not bring $15,000. The offices occupied by the staff were built at a cost of $30,000 by the late Sir Wm. E. Logan, expressly for the accommodation of the departmental work and, leased to the Survey at $1,200 per annum which is of course a merely nominal rental, being but four per cent gross.

This discussion of the reasons for removal, *pro and con*, will be continued, in order that all our readers may see how slight are those urged for it, by a minority of the employees, and we hope to show that the reasons urged by the Government are still less important, if possible, and to give good and sufficient argument against all reasons thus far assigned.

A Remarkable Book.

The memoirs of Dr. P. P. Carpenter, late of this city, edited by his brother, Rev. Russel Lant Carpenter, B.A., of Bridport, England, is a book that all should read. It contains a record of his birth, training, education, ministry at Stand, near Manchester, and at Warrington. His character, researches as a naturalist and work as a sanitary reformer and Christian philanthropist in this city and elsewhere are graphically described. He now rests from his labors and his works do follow him. Our citizens owe him a debt of gratitude. Not to mention many other good things he did for our city he certainly gave us the boon of Dominion Square, for it was mainly through his persistent efforts in exposing the folly and danger to the health of the city, that that old graveyard was not covered with houses and streets. For years he worked hard, gratuitously, to promote the health and moral welfare of the city, and died in harness while so engaged.

We should think that our citizens would like to become acquainted with the antecedents of one who so nobly lived and died in our midst, and whose remains now lie in our beautiful mountain cemetery. The editor has done his work wisely and well, and graphic sketches of the character and work of the deceased are added by Principal Dawson, of McGill College, Bishop Bond and Rev. Samuel Massey. The book is also adorned by illustrative engravings, comprising a fine portrait, the home of his boyhood at Bristol, England, the churches in which he ministered at Stand and Warrington, and of the monument over his honored grave. Rev. Dr. Martineau, of London, when writing of him, says: "His rare goodness and even the eccentricities of his thought and conscience gave an originality and freshness to his life, which entitle it to an exceptional immunity from oblivion." There is so much to be learned from a life so earnest, self-denying and good, that all, especially young men, should "read, mark, learn and inwardly digest" it. The price is reduced nearly one-half, and the book is for sale at Dawson's.

Meeting of Plumbers.

A meeting of master plumbers was held in the Water Committee room, at the City Hall, yesterday afternoon, to discuss the by-law, relating to plumbers, which had been prepared by the committee appointed for the purpose. The principal discussion was as to the advantages to be derived by the authorized plumbers.

Mr. Leadge, Superintendent of the Water Works, said, in reply to a question by Mr. Hughes, that the Corporation might refuse to allow any but authorized plumbers to work at street drains and pipes, but no such provision regarding private houses would be legal. There would be protection to authorized plumbers, in the fact that all work would have to be inspected by the Inspector.

Mr. Hughes thought the plumbers should have the nomination of candidates for the position, from which the Water Committee could select the Inspector.

It was decided to add a clause to that effect.

After further discussion, relating principally to the material to be used, the by-law with its amendments was adopted and the meeting adjourned.

Our Charities.

INDUSTRIAL ROOMS.—Number of women employed during week ending February 25th, 94; amount paid them, $101.30.

L'ORPHELINAT DE LA PROVIDENCE, St. Denis Street.—The Superior acknowledges receipt of $25 from Mr. Jean Leclaire, the difference on a sale of property.

REV. ROBERT WILSON acknowledges underclothing and $5 from Mrs. Bigelow; bundle of cast-off clothing from C. E. C.; do from Mrs. Rae; do from Mrs. Dyer; do and $1 from Mrs. A. Holden; blanket from "Member of Erskine Church."

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—Number of out-door patients relieved for week ending 28th February, 432; in-door, average daily, 131. Acknowledgments: Employes H. Shorey & Co., $26.25; "One who regrets his donation is not much larger," $10; also a donation of books, magazines and illustrated papers from a collection received at THE STAR office, per W. R. Salter, Esq.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE.—Statement for week ending 26th February: Permanent inmates, 75; same week last year, 71; temporary, 53; same week last year, 55; night lodgings given in night refuge, 362; same week last year, 467; quarts of soup and extra meals distributed, 2,089; same week last year, 2,304. Acknowledgments: Knox Church, per W. D. McLaren, $25.

IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—Contributions towards the poor relief fund during the winter: Previously acknowledged, $804; A Friend, J. T., $15; H. A. Wilson, $5; J. C. Sinton, $5; Bell, Simpson & Co., $5; M Hannan, $5; George Armstrong, $5; A. Bate, $4; Richard Anderson, $4; J. & W. A. Bates, $2; Tees & Co., $2; Jas. Wallace, $1; J. Millen, $1; A. Kirkpatrick, $1; W. J. Craig, $1—total, $860. Mr. Arnton, President, would intimate to Irish Protestants generally that this list will be closed finally on Friday, 4th inst., and will be glad to receive further donations up to this date, as the annual meeting of the Society will be held on Monday, March 7th.

BOARD OF OUT-DOOR RELIEF.—219 families were relieved during the week ending 26th February, and 101 quarter cords of wood given. Acknowledgments: O. L. Clarke, Cote St. Paul, $15; "Eddie," $2; Hugh McLennan, $30; Tees, Costigan & Wilson, $25. Collected by Mr. Henry Dreifuss: St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co., $15; E. Idler, $10; Thos. May & Co., $10; J. F. Wulff, $5; W. O. Munderloh, $5; M. Schwob, $5; G. Boker, $5; H. Dreifuss, $5; G. Reinhardt & Sons, $5; M. Lesser, $5; G. J. Gebhardt, $5; A. Saunders, $5; Silverman, Boulter & Co., $5; C. Martin, $5; O. Hartland, $5; H. Levin & Co., $5; John Reinlinger, $5; S. H. & J. Moss, $5; L. Gnaedinger, $5; Peter Ralston & Sons, $5; J. L. Moss, $5; C. Seybold, $5; F. Briegel, $2; D. L. Roy, $2; L. Lesser, $2; B. Boas, $2; Stearns & Murray, $2; H. Paradis, $2; C. P. Naegele, $2; B. A. T. de Montigny, $2; L. Abrahams, $2; Isidore Derocher, $2; E. Lichtenheim, $2; S. Davis, $2; L. Riepert, $2; J. Busch, $2; L. Saunders, $2; G. Carslake, $2; R. Heyneman, $2; J. J. Daley, $2; E. Houser, $2; H. Jonas, $2; Pagels & Ferguson, $2; Mrs. Lumpkin, $2; H. Lomas, $2; J. Stott, $2; C. Ludwig, $2; F. Keller, $2; C. A. Briggs, $2; F. Kochn, $1; B. Saufflehen, $1; F. H. Badger, $1; H. Weber, $1; W. Studer, $1; W. Herbert, $1; H. Jacobs, $1; L. Dalmar, $1; S. Myers, $1; M. Neher, $1; E. Rappard, $1; S. Goltman, $1; W. Samuels, $1; B. Jacobs, $1; W. H. van Vliet, of Lacolle, $1; H. Drechsel, $1; C. A. Foerster, $1; H. Dunn, $1; W. Lane, $1; J. Haberle, $1; L. Silverman, $1; W. Haas, $1; T. Fischel, $1; C. Lumkin, $1; A. Sasseville, $1; P. Hemerkoff, $1; F. X. Beauchamp, $1; M. Hublig, $1; L. Lewis, $1; G. J. Neville, $1; T. Donohue, $1; W. Bohl, $1; C. Warnecke, 50c; H. Riepert, 50c; F. Garland, 50c; W. Semmelhaack, 50c; A. Brown, 50c; J. Pabst, 50c; W. de C. Harnett, 50c; A. Jacobs, 50c; Mrs. Rey, 25c; M. Teichman, 25c; C. Homburg, 25c. Total, $230.75.

The Saddle on the Right Horse.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—The explanation given in yesterday's STAR of an unfortunate error which occurred in the report of the judgment in the Higgins-Bowes case, as printed, puts the saddle on the wrong horse. The error in question was purely a typographical error. What I reported the judge as saying was this: "If I *dismiss* the case, I must say Brown and the little girl perjured themselves;" but His Honor had no intention of dismissing the case, and the proposition was merely argumentative. The compositor here substituted the word *discuss* for the word *dismiss*, which made the report, as published, read thus:—"If I *discuss* the case, I must say Brown and the little girl perjured themselves," thus giving to the report a meaning which I certainly never conveyed.

THE REPORTER.

The "Sunbeam" Stove Polish.

Not 724 tons, not 8,864,528 packages, not so many billions and trillions of grains have been shipped in 1880 of *Martin's Sunbeam Stove Polish* to the United States, Great Britain, Australia, the Sandwich Islands and the Fiji cannibals, but nevertheless it is true that the *Sunbeam Stove Polish* is daily becoming a greater favorite in our Canadian homes, owing entirely to its many excellent qualities and not to puffing and blowing of trumpets.

The "*Sunbeam*" *Stove Polish* is put up in tins and every label bears the *facsimile signature* of the *manufacturer, Mr. Chas. Martin*, so as to prevent base impositions, and who has also for this reason his trademark registered at Ottawa in 1876.

Some greedy competitors fear the superiority of his article so much, that they expend large amounts of money to foist their inferior production upon a confiding public, and they would, if they could, prohibit the name "Sunbeam," monopolize the whole solar system, and extinguish the sun in heaven himself to gratify their ravenous propensities.

VEGETINE will cure the worst case of Scrofula.—4

Dentistry.

W. H. DION YOUNG, D.D.S.,
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, 1873.
SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTISTRY,
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
Over 15 years' practice in the Dental Profession.
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CARPET FELT FOR PUTTING UNDER CARPETS—Saves the Carpets, Prevents Moths, makes the Floor Air-Tight, and is pleasant to walk on. Will last for ten years. Five cents per yard, delivered free.
BENNET & CO.,
100s Wholesale Stationers, St. Paul street.

Pianos.

THE GREAT, THE MOST Popular, and the best medium-priced Pianos in the market.
PHASE PIANOS.
If you have not examined them, do not fail to do so, before you purchase a more expensive instrument. As they are superior to a great many Pianos that are sold at a much higher price.
Each instrument is guaranteed for five years.
C. W. LINDSAY,
Agent for G. D. Pease & Co.'s New York Pianos and New England Co.'s Organs,
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1310 St. Catherine Street, Montreal. 41 42

Medicines.

NATURE'S REMEDY. VEGETINE THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
SUPERIOR BLOOD PURIFIER.
TONIC FOR THE STOMACH.
THOROLD, ONT., Jan. 13, 1880.
H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:
I have great pleasure in certifying to the great benefits which myself and family have derived from the use of your excellent medicine, VEGETINE. I consider it a superior blood purifier and tonic for the stomach.
Yours truly,
J. H. SIMPSON,
Master West-Side Public Schools.
VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 49z

IMPORTANT TO PHYSICIANS.
HYDROLEINE,
("HYDRATED OIL.")
For Consumption and all Wasting Diseases.
HYDROLEINE.—This new preparation of Cod Liver Oil is deserving of the attention of the medical profession. Its use is not confined to cases of phthisis alone, but is found serviceable in all wasting diseases, and also in convalescence from protracted illness. Under its use the weight must be greatly increased. It is claimed to be artificially digested by the combination employed, and produces no unpleasant eructations or nausea. Our own experience of its use has been most favorable.—*The Canada Lancet*, Toronto, December 1st, 1880.
Hydroleine is not a patent medicine (secret remedy), the exact formula is printed on the label attached to each bottle. For sale by all Chemists.
HAZEN MORSE, Toronto,
52z Sole agent for the Dominion.

PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC SYRUP
VITALIZES AND ENRICHES THE BLOOD, TONES UP THE SYSTEM, MAKES THE WEAK STRONG, BUILDS UP THE BROKEN DOWN, INVIGORATES THE BRAIN AND
CURES
DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, NEURALGIA, FEVER AND AGUE, PARALYSIS, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, BOILS, DROPSY, HUMORS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, REMITTENT FEVER AND ALL DISEASES ORIGINATING IN A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR ACCOMPANIED BY DEBILITY OR A LOW STATE OF THE SYSTEM.
PERUVIAN SYRUP
SUPPLIES THE BLOOD WITH ITS VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON; INFUSING STRENGTH, VIGOR AND NEW LIFE INTO ALL PARTS OF THE SYSTEM. BEING FREE FROM ALCOHOL, ITS ENERGIZING EFFECTS ARE NOT FOLLOWED BY CORRESPONDING REACTION, BUT ARE PERMANENT.
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PROPRIETORS, 86 HARRISON AVENUE, BOSTON.
Sold by all Druggists. 52z

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Hair Renewer!
IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE
Best Preparation for the Hair
that has been presented to the public, for restoring it to its natural color, and leaving it soft and glossy.
IT STOPS FALLING OF THE HAIR.
IT REMOVES DANDRUFF.
IT COOLS THE SCALP.
IT RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR AND BEAUTY.
Its continued use, by those with Bald heads, will produce a beautiful head of hair. Every one recommends it. For sale by all Druggists. Price, 50c. 27f

THE MILD POWER
CURES
Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics
Proved from ample experience an entire success. Simple, Prompt, Efficient, and Reliable, they are the only medicines adapted to popular use.

	LIST, PRINCIPAL NOS. CURES.	PRICE.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headaches, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill, Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Catarrh, acute or chronic; Influenza,	50
19.	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
20.	General Debility, Phys'l Weakness,	50
27.	Kidney Disease,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa,	1.00
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
32.	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation,	1.00

For sale by druggists, or sent by the Case, or single Vial, free of charge, on receipt of price. Send for Dr. Humphreys' Book on Disease, &c., (144 pages), also Illustrated Catalogue, FREE.
Address, Humphreys' Homeopathic Med. Co., 109 Fulton St., New York.
H. HASWELL & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
MONTREAL. 44eod

RUPTURE.
THE TRIUMPH TRUSS CO., 334 Bowery, N. Y., and 9 South 13th Street, Phila., Pa., cure Rupture in from 30 to 90 days, and will pay $1,000 for a rupture they cannot cure. Send 25c. for Book to DR. C. W. H. BURNHAM, General Superintendent, at either Office, and be cured. 18z

Haberdasher.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
WM. B. CRAIG,
341 and 343 Notre Dame Street.
NEW GOODS! WEEKLY ARRIVALS!
ABOUT TO ARRIVE, per SS. "WALDENSIAN," 11 cases and 1 bale of all the latest styles in Braces, Scarfs, Belts, Handkerchiefs, albums, Tranks, Bags, Shirts, Gaiters, Umbrellas, Sunshades, Hats, Caps, Walking Sticks, Railway Rugs and Straps, Shawls, Gents' Summer Underwear, and a general selection of Novelties.
Merchants and others from the country should call on me.
Commissions executed in England at a small advance on Manufacturers' invoice.
NEW GOODS! WEEKLY ARRIVALS!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 47z

Professional.

DR. JAMES BELL
Late House Surgeon,
MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.
No. 36 BEAVER HALL TERRACE. 26[illegible]

MERCIER, BEAUSOLEIL & MARTINEAU, ADVOCATES,
No. 55 St. James Street, Montreal.
HON. HONORE MERCIER,
Lately Solicitor General and M.P.P. for St. Hyacinthe.
CLEOPHAS BEAUSOLEIL, lately Official Assignee.
PAUL G. MARTINEAU, B.C.L.
N.B.—Mr. Mercier will specially attend criminal cases. 95z

To Let.

TO LET—House, eight apartments. 22 Hermine street. 51 6

TO LET—Upper Tenement, eight rooms, S. & C. $10; no taxes. 56 Montcalm. Address, 191 St. Constant. 51 9

TO LET—Self-contained Tenements, three and five rooms. Apply 248½ St. Constant street. 48 16

TO LET.—Cottages at Lachine; ten minutes from depot, near the river; first-class order. Apply J. R. CAKON, Grocer, Lachine. 50 25

TO LET—47 Colborne, Shop and Dwelling, with grocery fixtures, good locality, rent moderate. 43 Colborne. 48 6

TO LET—25 Bleury street.—One Flat, containing 2,000 feet, now occupied by the Troy Laundry. Apply to William Kennedy. 43 16

TO LET—House, furnished, on Metcalfe street, for the summer months, (facing Dominion Square.) Address, "Metcalfe," P. O. Drawer 2124. 51 12

TO LET—The Store at present occupied by B. J. Coghlin, Esq., 26 St. Sulpice street. 47 6 W. DARLING & CO.

TO LET—Hotel in first-class stand on the corner of McCord, Murray and Wellington streets. The Bar furnished complete. Apply at 347 Wellington street. 49 6

TO LET—A Cottage in Outremont, 8 rooms, good stabling and large garden. Rent $120 per year. Samuel Higginbottom, 116 St. James street. 49 6

TO LET—Union Hall (heretofore Canadian Institute)—Several large rooms and hall in that fine building, Nos. 111 and 115 Notre Dame street. Apply, on the premises, to J. B. Doutre, Advocate. 51 6

TO LET—A first-class three-story Cut-stone-front Dwelling, complete, with every convenience, situated a few minutes walk from the Post-office, belle No. 19 German street. Rent £65, no taxes. Apply Tiffin Bros., 318 St. Paul street. 51 12

TO LET—Store and Dwelling, No. 333 St. Antoine street, near Seigneurs street, metal front, good show window, private entrance to dwelling. Good stand for a Drug Store, lately occupied as such by Dr. J. F. T. Jenkins. Apply to O. McGarvey, 7 St. Joseph street. 39tf

TO LET—Offices in Nos. 17 & 19 St. James street.
No. 50 St. Francois Xavier street.
Apply to WILLIAM DORAN, Accountant and Estate Agent, 214 St. James street. 47tf

TO LET—That handsone Cut-stone Front Dwelling, 174 Mountain street, No. 3 Havelock Terrace, opposite Osborn street; heated throughout by hot water; good Stables. Apply to G. M. Millar, 214 St. James street. 50 3

TO LET—One of those neat cut-stone Cottages in Hillside Place, being No. 245 Upper University street, facing McGill College grounds, with kitchen wing, and all modern improvements, drainage perfect. Apply at 196 Peel street. 47 6

TO LET—Two self-contained Brick Houses, No. 394 Upper St. Dominique street, eight rooms, B. & C., ventilated from roof and chimney, in good order. Rent $12 per month. John Thornton, 634 St. Lawrence street. 48 12

TO LET—Double House, with garden, (next to Chalmers' Church, Main street,) extension kitchen, B., W. C. and Gas Fixtures. Rent low, no taxes. 33 55

TO LET—Stores, offices, shops and dwellings, self-contained and tenement houses, in different parts of the city. Apply to WILLIAM DORAN, Accountant and Estate Agent, 214 St. James street. 48tf

TO LET—In whole or in parts, to such applicants. The Property known as Bonaventure Hall and St. James Hotel, occupied by J. Linton & Co., on Victoria Square, including the six lower stores in said building. Apply to P. Lamothe & Son, 15 Place d'Armes. 40 12

TO LET—Offices and Flats over the Stores Nos. 241 and 243 Notre Dame street. Apply to W. DARLING & CO., St. Sulpice street. 46 25

STORE TO LET—No. 317 St. Paul street, four flats and cellar, newly finished and painted throughout, furnished with double windows. The Railway Station on St. Paul street, renders this a desirable locality. 31 25 THOS. DARLING, 182 St. James street.

HOTEL FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT THE SEA-SIDE.—This magnificent hotel known as the St. Louis Hotel, is offered for sale or to let; it contains a large number of bedrooms, and its splendid grounds and bathing facilities. Possession 1st May next. Apply to J. F. BLAIS, Kamouraska. 43 26

TO LET—That large and commodious new building, Nos. 93 and 95 Cathedral street, immediately next corner of Bonaventure street, adapted for a Hotel or first-class Boarding House. Rent very low. Apply to MRS. MOORE, 38 Osborne street. 48 6

TO LET—No. 310 Colborne Avenue—Large two story double Brick Dwelling to Let, stands in about an acre of ground, planted with shade and fruit trees, adjoins the property of James M. Henderson, Esq., will be rented very low a suitable tenant. Apply to M. S. BAXTER, Dow's Brewery. 46tf

TO LET.
Houses—Nos. 293 and 295 St. Antoine street, Nos. 155 to 161 Chatham street, with stabling, Nos. 120, 121, 122 and 102 Fortune street, Nos. 19 and 23 St. Etienne street.
D. McCORMICK,
43 25 112 St. Francois Xavier street.

HOUSE TO LET.
Medium-size detached House,

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors,
138 St. James street.

Vol. XIII. ..... No. 52.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE CIRCULATION OF THE STAR for the week ending Feb. 26th, and the corresponding period of 1880:—

Feb. 1880.		Feb. 1881.	
Monday	23 14,977	Monday	21 16,171
Tuesday	24 14,805	Tuesday	22 16,242
Wed'sday	25 15,011	Wed'sday	23 16,368
Thursday	26 15,002	Thursday	24 16,164
Friday	27 15,028	Friday	25 16,276
Saturday	28 15,472	Sat'rday	26 17,103
Total	90,295	Total	98,324

Average daily circulation for week ending Feb. 26th, 1881:—

16,387.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1881.

CONNECTICUT produces the laziest specimen of humanity ever heard of. He is an elderly citizen, who, being too indolent to knock the ashes out of his pipe after smoking, dropped the pipe, ashes and all, into his pocket. He now mourns the loss of a good suit of clothes, together with a yard or two of his natural covering. One would suppose that a man, too lazy to empty the ashes out of his pipe, would be too lazy to fill it. Perhaps somebody else filled it for him.

THE Military College was the subject of some remarks in Parliament the other day. Mr. Blake wanted to know if two of the cadets had gone to the United States after they had left the college, and the Minister of Militia was unable to say whether they had or not. The fact is that the country assists in the education of the military cadets and then casts them adrift, and the young men go wherever they can do best. For all the country cares it may be educating young men to serve against itself some day, and the military knowledge obtained at Kingston may be, in some cases, turned to Canada's disaster instead of to Canada's glory.

A CORRESPONDENT asks us what we mean by saying that our laws require overhauling. We simply mean that the French law is intricate and the method of procedure is faulty. The code is right enough, but the delay in the form of procedure is taken advantage of by lawyers to prolong cases and wear out litigants in vexatious nothings. Time is lost, cases are made unnecessarily expensive, delays are encouraged, and, as we said before, cases that should only take two months often take two years. We do not aim at the merits of the law, but at the delays, and every lawyer knows that these are unnecessarily long and should be made more simple.

JUST as we always said, the Russians mean business in the East. The "impassable deserts" of Asia are one by one being absorbed. First the Khirghis steppes, then the subjugation of the Khanates of Turkestan, with Bokhara, Kashgar and Geok-Tepe and the gateways to India are one by one falling under Russian sway. Step by step India is being approached, and the day is not far distant when means will be found to traverse the "impassable frontier" region just beyond the boundaries of Cashmere and the Punjab. There will be a desperate struggle before long and England will be called upon to put her best foot forward in the attempt to hold her own.

SHORTHAND is becoming more essential every day. Any man who can write shorthand need not fear about travelling the world. He can make a living wherever the English language is spoken. Shorthand is as good as a trade, as sure a means of livelihood, and as an accomplishment it will yet rank high. The wonder is that more people do not write it. And of those who do write it the marvel is that so few become experts. Out of 10,000 shorthand writers in the U.S. there are said to be only 300 verbatim reporters, and the same may, we opine, be said of the shorthand writers in England and Canada. But it is odd that our schools do not turn out more experts, for shorthand is both an accomplishment and a trade.

A SMELTER in New Jersey has invented a new fuel. It is nearly one-fifth as cheap as coal and a practical test will soon be made of it on the Pennsylvania railroad. The fuel itself is a new application of superheated steam and atomized petroleum. The oil and steam are mixed in an incandescent state, the oxygen combining with carbon of the oil forming the carbonic oxide, from which intense heat is generated. A ton of iron ore was melted in an hour and a half by the new fuel, and experts say that the discovery is of great value. How far the new fuel will affect coal for domestic purposes we do not know, but if it can be used for railroad locomotives the chances are that it can be used for marine engines and household purposes too.

THE retiring Mayor of the city has well earned the thanks of the citizens for his untiring fulfilment of his duties and the general courtesy, ability and integrity which have characterized him as First Magistrate. When Mr. Rivard retires on the fourteenth of this month he will have left an excellent record on the annals of the city. In the new Council will be found some good material, and it is to be hoped that means will be taken to forever spoil the municipal rings and contract jobbers which have seemed about to spread their baneful influences in our civic government. Ere our corporation become the tool and instruments of such cliques as the government of New York and other cities are, a strong effort should be made to annihilate them.

THE bill for the protection of life and property in Ireland, or, as it is more popularly known, the Coercion Bill, has passed the House of Lords, and received the Royal sanction yesterday. The Home Rulers have apparently succeeded in their avowed object in obstructing the measure, namely, to prove that there was no immediate necessity for coercion. The agitation in Ireland has quieted down considerably, and although there are occasional reports of agrarian outrages, the country is decidedly in a much more settled condition than it was when the measure was introduced. Whether this is owing to the absence of the leading members of the Land League in Parliament and elsewhere, and the consequent collapsing of the movement for want of organizers, or whether the provisions of the Coercion Act have had the effect of deterring the Leaguers from further violence, in order to avoid the punishment that their deeds merit, it is difficult to say. One thing, however, is certain: the reports from all parts of the country are much more favorable than they were a few weeks ago. It is said that the Bill will be put into force today, when many arrests are expected to be made. Dublin, which is said to be the *rendezvous* of secret emissaries from America and elsewhere, is to be at once proclaimed, and other parts of the country will be served in a like manner.

City News.

—The Independent Snow-shoe Club will give a concert in Granby on the 19th inst.

—It is stated that an important discovery of Phosphates has been made by a party of miners employed by Mr. Vennor in East Portland.

—A meeting for the purpose of taking steps for the founding of a Protestant Insane Asylum for the Province of Quebec, will be held at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association to-morrow afternoon. Canon Baldwin will preside.

—There has been a tombstone erected over the grave of Odile Desilets, who was murdered at Arthabaskaville last March. On the stone is inscribed "Here Odile Decilets was killed on the 20th March, 1880. Her death was a martyrdom."

—Dame Marie Louise Labelle, wife of Joseph Christin, who, it will be remembered, on Monday made a deposition in the Recorder's Court against her husband for assault, has since instituted an action for separation from him as to bed and board.

—The case of Papineau *vs.* Paquet, has come up for hearing on a writ of *certiorari* before Hon. Justice Papineau in the Superior Court. The action is one against Mr. Paquet, J.P., a magistrate of Sault-aux-Recollet, for arresting a young farmer named Papineau, the plaintiff claiming $1,000 damages. The case is taken *en delibere*.

—Another sudden death has occurred to be added to the long list already recorded. An old man, named George Vettles, went to the rooms of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society to receive his weekly allowance, and, while waiting, he suddenly fell to the floor. A doctor was called, but, notwithstanding the efforts made, the man expired in a few minutes. The Coroner was notified, and the body was taken to his house at "Little Dublin," where the inquest will be held.

Personal.

Archbishop Taché has returned to Winnipeg.

Lord and Lady Campbell leave Ottawa on Friday for Chicago.

Hon. Mr. De Boucherville and R. G. Meikle, M.P.P., Lachute, are registered at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mr. Archibald Forbes is in the midst of a snow-blockade at Milwaukee, consequently his lectures at Winnipeg are indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Henri Freer, formerly Secretary of the French Consul-General at Quebec, and also of the French Consul at Hamburg, Germany, who has lately been named Ambassador and Consul General of France at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, is the guest of Mr. J. B. Lamere, his brother-in-law, in this city.

Police News.

Ellen Walsh, who on Tuesday was brought before the Recorder charged with being disorderly and discharged, was again brought into the Chaboillez Square Station, yesterday, when she became ill and displayed signs of insanity. A doctor was sent for who advised her removal to the Central Station to await a certificate authorizing her transfer to gaol, or an asylum, which was done.

Suburban.

The Methodist Mission at St. Henri has been removed to the Presbyterian school on St. Henri street.

At a special meeting of the St. Cunegonde Council last Monday evening, it was resolved to grant $5,000 as a bonus to the Montreal Manufacturing Company, provided the mills are located in that municipality. A by-law was prepared and submitted to the ratepayers in furtherance of the bonus as soon as possible.

Mr. Vennor Again Heard From—Another Storm Period.

Mr. Vennor writes us as follows:—"There will be rapid moderation on the 4th or 5th to warmth, but the temperature will again fall on Sunday night or Monday, and a week of extremely cold and stormy weather is likely to ensue with some very heavy snow falls. The 17th and 18th days (possibly the 16th) come within another downward curve of the weather line, as do also the 24th and 25th. Montreal has yet to experience the heaviest snow-falls of the winter. Saturday next is likely to be slushy."

St. Ann's T. & A. B Society.

There was a large attendance at the anniversary meeting of the above Society, which was held last evening in St. Ann's Church. Deputations of officers in full regalia from St. Gabriel's, St. Bridget's and St. Patrick's T., A. and B. Societies were present. Rev. Father Fahey opened the proceedings with prayer, after which he referred to the annual communion and the advisability of partaking thereof before signing the pledge, as a means of assisting them to keep the same. The Rev. Father Kiernan, of St. Patrick's, in a telling oration depicted the deplorable effects of intemperance, and enjoined upon the meeting the necessity of united action in order to successfully combat the great evil of intemperance. The officers of the different societies renewed their pledges and a large number of persons present followed their example.

The proceedings closed with the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, the choir performing the musical portion in a creditable manner.

Halifax and its Interests.

At a meeting of the Halifax Chamber of Commerce yesterday it was reported that the sum of $130,000 had been placed in the Estimates to build a grain elevator and provide the required railway wharf accommodation there. Mr. J. T. Wood moved, "That members from Halifax county be requested to urge upon Government the importance of aiding in the construction of a railway across the St. John River, in order to connect the Intercolonial with the railway system of the Eastern States." Mr. Wood said that the quickest possible connection with the United States railway system was wanted and a bridge across the St. John River would give it. It would give through connection with New York in thirty hours, and make Halifax the great port of call for all ocean steamers. Passengers for Europe, instead of embarking at New York or Boston, would come to Halifax, and the great ocean steamers would be compelled to call there for them. It would bring the voyage between Halifax and Queenstown within six days.

The Consolidated Bank.

The stock books are now open for the transfer of shares, the requirements of the act, in respect to making provision for the payment of liabilities having been complied with. There is consequently a change in the Board of Liquidators. Hon. D. A. Macdonald, the representative of the creditors, retiring, Mr. Barbeau, who was elected by the Shareholders on the 1st June last, taking his seat on the Board. Mr. Ogilvie, having also been elected by the Shareholders, continues on the Board. The following is a Statement of the assets and liabilities on the 31st January, 1881, as compared with the 28th February, 1881:—

LIABILITIES.

	Jan. 31, '81.	Feb. 28, '81.
Circulation	$ 92,207 00	$ 90,336 00
Public Deposits	17,579 24	17,101 61
Dom. Government	9,459 88	
Unclaimed Dividends	5,349 54	5,349 54
	$125,755 66	$113,269 15

ASSETS.

Cash	$ 4,408 53	$ 330 89
Due by Banks in Canada	9,464 74	13,925 12
Notes discounted current, and Notes past due	391,869 37	361,160 00
Special Call Loans	105,000 00	120,000 00
Overdrawn accounts	141,267 04	140,071 62
Mortgages on Real Estate	39,932 96	39,949 69
Bank premises and furniture	27,128 12	27,015 65
	$719,062 66	$703,054 17

ANTWERP AND MONTREAL.

New Steamship Line.

The representatives of the White Cross Line in this city, Messrs. Munderloh & Co., German Consuls, have received a cable despatch from Messrs. Steinmann & Ludwig of Antwerp, signifying their intention of furnishing a regular line of steamers between Antwerp and Montreal, commencing with monthly trips. Large quantities of grain were last year exported to Antwerp from this city, but exporters had to charter vessels on their own account, consequently there was no opportunity for our flour, butter, cheese, live stock, apples, &c., to seek a proper outlet. With a regular line of steamers a large trade will undoubtedly be established between Montreal and continental ports and as soon as harbor dues are reduced and business begins to expand, more steamers will be added by the proprietors of the White Cross line, which is one of the most important at present trading to New York. The SS. "Karo" leaves Antwerp for Montreal on the 15th or 20th of April next, and the SS. "Helvetia" about the 25th of May next. The departures from Montreal to Antwerp will be announced in due time. The thanks of the mercantile community are due to Mr. W. C. Munderloh for his past efforts to further the trade of this port, and which at last have been crowned with success.

Noon Telegrams.

CABLE.

ENFORCING THE COERCION ACT.—LONDON, March 3.—Our Dublin correspondent telegraphs as follows: It is understood that a special edition of the Dublin *Gazette* will be issued to-day proclaiming certain districts. I am informed that three warrants have been prepared for the arrest of men in the West of Ireland, and that they will be put in execution to-morrow night or early Friday morning.

ACCIDENT IN THE HUNTING FIELD.—LONDON, March 3.—Yesterday, in the hunting field, near Nossington, in Leicestershire, Alexander Duncan Hay, of the Royal Artillery, second son of Sir Robert Hay, Bart., fell with his horse and was instantly killed. He is a nephew of Butler Duncan, of New York.

FENIANS IN CORK.—CORK, March 3.—It is reported the authorities are in possession of information that some 2,000 Fenians are here, and secret drilling is going on.

GOLD FOR NEW YORK.—LONDON, March 3.—About £30,000 in gold was taken from the open market for shipment to New York yesterday.

OBIT.—LONDON, March 3.—Rev. Dr. Moses Margolionth, editor of the *Hebrew Christian Witness*, is dead.

AMERICAN.

THE RAILWAY INTEREST.—CHICAGO, March 3.—In response to a letter from the *Railway Age* to Hugh Jewett, concerning the allegation that the public look upon him, Gould, Vanderbilt, and Garrett and Roberts as controlling the railway policy of the country, Jewett replies that instead of practically controlling the railway interest, they are obliged, in order to manage successfully the property under their immediate charge to accommodate their own views to the sentiments of those representing much larger aggregate interests, and to subordinate their own judgment and interests to the public. Jewett says he is not opposed to all legislation in railway matters, but he denies the authority of the National Government to legislate upon the subject matter of railway management, or in any way to regulate such management. He does not doubt the right of the state legislature to regulate railway management. The State has no right by legislation to impair the value of the franchise of railways or of property unless there is such public necessity as would justify compensation therefor. Jewett does not apprehend any great danger to the political liberties of the people in the growing railway interest. There ought to be no consolidation, parallel or competing lines of railways. Such consolidation ought to be prohibited.

HEAVY STORM.—CHICAGO, March 3.—Another heavy snow storm throughout the North-West, extending from this city to Dakota, moving eastward, reached here at midnight. A very high wind and driving sleet prevail. Railway traffic will be again suspended.

HORRIBLE SUICIDE.—NEW YORK, March 3.—Gotlieb Foell, butcher, aged 60, suffering from a painful disease, slashed his abdomen with a razor on Tuesday night. His intestines gushed out, and he hacked them to pieces, which he scattered over the floor. This is the most horrible suicide ever reported.

GARFIELD'S CABINET.—NEW YORK, March 3.—The *Herald's* Washington special says at noon the Cabinet seemed settled thus: State, Blaine; Treasury, Windom; Interior, Kirkwood; War, Lincoln; Navy, Morton; Post-office, Hunt; Attorney-General, MacVeagh.

THE FUNDING BILL.—WASHINGTON, March 3.—At Mr. Chittenden's reception last night President Hayes plainly gave it to be understood that he would veto the Funding Bill. General Garfield is reported to have stigmatized it as a "calamitous measure."

STRIKE.—MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., March 3.—The operatives of the Connellsville coke region have struck for an advance in wages. The strike involves 3,000 men.

SS. ARRIVALS.—The SS. "Ontario," from Liverpool, 18th ult., arrived at Portland on Wednesday.... NEW YORK, March 3.—Arrived "Westphalia," from Hamburg.

SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

Appeal on Behalf of the Boers—Tone of the London Press—Who is the Renegade?

LONDON, March 3.—President Huyt, of the Dutch Transvaal Committee, has issued a strong appeal to the people of England. He asks every honest Englishman to support the Committee in their effort to restrain the Government from proceeding with its present unfortunate policy. He asks: "Should a people who have long peacefully besought the English nation for freedom be exterminated because, when driven to desperation, they seek their rights by the only resources left open to them. He says: "Do not cease your protests against injustice. Insist on the recall of your troops and leave to far distant nations the blessings which, as freeman, you yourselves have dearly purchased and hold most dear." Of course the appeal meets with more ridicule than consideration.

The whole tone of the London press, excepting the *Pall Mall Gazette*, *Echo* and *Truth*, is expressed in the words of Mr. Evelyn Ashley, M. P., at a Liberal meeting. Referring to the war in the Transvaal, he suggests, as the nations of the world know the power of Britain, she could offer terms of peace to the brave Boers which would not be taken as indicative of weakness. He remarked that in order to demonstrate the prowess of this country to the ignorant tribes of South Africa, it was absolutely necessary that the Boers should be forced to lay down their swords and bucklers before any negotiations came from the British nation.

Wildly unreasoning, the English papers show themselves incapable of discussing the justice of the Boers' claim. They are rabid in their demand for blood. "In a spirit," as the *Pall Mall Gazette* says, "of shameful barbarity, England, who is so ready to offer mediation when other powers are engaged in cutting each other's throats, refuses, in her journals, to allow the Christian spirit to interfere now with her diabolical desire to slay the Boers. Almost alone among the influential London press, the *Pall Mall Gazette* pleads for the victors: "Precisely the same mistaken spirit which has landed us in political disaster in Ireland has prepared the way for disaster in the Transvaal. The British Government took no pains to discover what the people concerned really desired. They listened to the first story told them and then made up their minds to listen to no other. At this moment we are urged to persevere in an inequitable and impolitic war without giving the Boers an opening for reconciliation. There is no impartial man in England who does not know that what Joubert said to the correspondent of the *Standard* is literally true. If this be anything like the truth, with what conscience can we persist in refusing even a hearing to these men?"

Many are asking who is the Irish renegade in the Boer campaign. A gentleman writes to an afternoon paper that it is probably Mr. Aylward, author of an interesting work on the Transvaal, but who is by no means a renegade. The writer says:—"Mr. Aylward was engaged in the service of the Transvaal Government before the annexation, thereby losing his status as a British subject, which he has never taken steps to regain. No doubt he has been in close sympathy with the Boers since. That his manners might give the impression described I can very readily understand, though it is only just to say that not a few British officers who came in contact with him in Pietermaritzburg while the Zulu war was in progress formed a favorable estimate of his character. If he has any part in the direction of the military movements of the Boers their admirable tactics can be readily explained, for he is a man with a veritable genius for irregular warfare. The *Standard's* correspondent who had done such remarkably good work is Lieutenant Cameron, the African explorer.

COMMERCIAL.

The Coaticook and Arthabaska Beet Root Sugar Companies have amalgamated. The farmers of Arthabaska will send their roots to Coaticook.

A gentleman who has traversed Southern Iowa and North-west Missouri reports the winter wheat there in magnificent condition.

The gold mining property at Mount Uniacke, owned by Davidson Bros., of Halifax, has been disposed of to an American Company for $50,000.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Sladacona Bank, held in Quebec, Mr. Bell's offer of $55,000 for the balance of the assets held by the Bank was unanimously accepted. Fifteen hundred dollars were voted to the three liquidators for their services.

THE BLOOD owes its red color to minute globules which float in that fluid, and contain, in a healthy person, a large amount of iron, which gives vitality to the blood. The Peruvian Syrup supplies the blood with this vital element, and gives strength and vigor to the whole system.

New Advertisements To-Day.

FIRE!

AT NORDHEIMER'S HALE.

BUSINESS IS RESUMED AT

A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S,

211 ST. JAMES STREET,

Great Sale of Music and Music Books,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

COMMENCING

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28th. 481

COKE!

SUITABLE FOR RANGES, STOVES, FURNACES, BOILERS, &c., &c.

PRICE REDUCED TO SUMMER RATES:

$3.50 per Chaldron. $1.75 per half Do.

DELIVERED FREE WITHIN CITY LIMITS.

47eod THE MONTREAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

M. NEHER begs to inform his customers and the general public, that he has removed to his new commodious premises, 305 ST. ANTOINE STREET, corner Richmond Square, opposite his old stand.

Families requiring a superior class of goods will find at this store a large and select assortment of the best and purest groceries, wines and liquors, at the lowest possible cash prices.

None but fresh goods kept in stock.

An early call is respectfully solicited.

Please note the address,

305 ST. ANTOINE STREET,

Corner of Richmond Square. 52 6

351 NOTRE DAME STREET.

WALL PAPER FOR 1881.

WALL PAPER FOR 1881.

The Subscribers have received a large portion of their new Stock of WALL PAPERS for 1881, comprising the best of all the new Patterns produced by the most eminent Houses in the States, and consisting of Dados' Friezes, wide and narrow Borders, Embossed and Plain Gold Papers, Ceiling Decorations and Centre Pieces, and all the new shades in plain tinted papers. The above have been selected with the greatest care. The Borders to match the different Papers will be found to be the finest ever imported. Our prices are moderate. An inspection of our Stock is respectfully solicited.

N. B.—Paperhanging a specialty.

GEO. C. DEZOUCHE & SONS,

47 8 351 Notre Dame street.

CARD.

I beg to notify my friends and the public in general that I have this day succeeded Mr. P. McKenna, late of 1347 ST. CATHERINE STREET, as Florist, and respectfully solicit a share of their patronage, which I hope to merit a constant supply of FLOWERS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, both Foreign and Domestic, and from a thorough knowledge of and practical experience in the above lines, feel assured of giving satisfaction.

Soliciting a share of your patronage,

I remain, respectfully yours,

50 3 M. GORMAN.

THE NEW YORK HOUSE IN MOURNING.—Our sorrow is complete, for our last elected Mayor is a bitter pill to take. The old Reds will come up again to drive American travellers from our door. The New York House will suffer, and many, many more. Transient, $1, $1.25, and $1.50 per day, according to rooms. Lagauchetiere street. 52 2

351 NOTRE DAME STREET.

HOUSE PAINTING, SIGN WRITING AND PAPER-HANGING

executed in the very best and newest style. Houses thoroughly Repaired and put in the perfect order.

48 7 GEO. C. DEZOUCHE & SONS.

HORSES FOR SALE—Magnificent team of Bay Carriage Horses, 15.3 hands. One Bay Carriage Horse, 15.2 hands. One pair Bay Hambletonian Mares, 15 hands; can trot together in three minutes. One Brown Mare, good roadster, 15 hands. One Gray Horse, 15 hands. All the above are just from breeders' hands. Can be seen for a few days at Gervais' Dominion Board and Sale Stables, nearly opposite *Witness* office, Bonaventure street. 52 3

TO LET—Call and Examine at once:—

Offices—19 St. James street, at present occupied by Mr. Kirby and Mr. Dansereau.

Store—17 St. James street, suitable for Insurance.

Basement—15 St. James street, splendid stand for Restaurant or Eating House, back entrance from Fortification Lane, fire-proof safes for each office. To rent from 1st May.

For particulars, apply to

W. DORAN,

52 6 214 St. James street.

HOCHELAGA.—PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET—9-roomed Cottage with outbuildings, and large garden; rent $13 and taxes. Apply to Wm. Kennedy, 27 Bleury street, or Mrs. Webber, 13 Phillips square. 52 6

FOR SALE—Two Summer Cottages, with splendid towers, at Cote St. Antoine. Price $1,200 each. A. Harland, Box 2084, P.O. 52 4

FOR SALE—136, 138, 140 and 142 Forfar street—Splendid chance to secure a homestead. Also, a lot 30x100 ft., well fenced and drained. Particulars 249 Commissioners st. or 40 St. Columban st., Point St. Charles. 52 6

HOUSES TO EXCHANGE—On Dorchester east or Victoria, for West end. Address "Good," STAR Office. 52 2

TUTOR WANTED Immediately, to coach a student in mathematics. Apply to "Student," 177 Drummond street. 52 2

WANTED TO EXCHANGE for City Tenement Property, a good Farm and Stock, near City, or cheap for cash. Address, H 204, STAR Office, or apply 249 Commissioners street. 50 6

WANTED TO RENT.—A Farm, about one hundred acres or more, with good house and stables. Address P 115, STAR Office. 50 2

WANTED TO RENT—A furnished House, tenement or part of a house in vicinity of Peel street. Address, with full particulars G. DAY, P. O. Box 2150. 51 3

BOOKS, SECOND-HAND BOOKS BOUGHT for the Western Market; the highest price paid. 43 Bleury street, a few doors north of Jurors street. 45 29*

BOARD.—EXCELLENT BOARD; FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, 18 Victoria street. Terms reasonable. 50 6

STOREMAN WANTED, FOR WHOLESALE house, must be well recommended. Apply 338 St. Paul street. 52 1

WANTED, WE DESIRE TO ESTABLISH A general agency in Montreal or vicinity, to control the sale of a staple article of daily consumption. Any energetic man with small capital may secure a permanent paying business. For particulars address Greenwich Manufacturing Co., 182 Fulton St., N. Y. 52 2

WANTED, A WOMAN TO WET SNURE A child two weeks old, at her own home. Apply to Mrs. McElravy, 72 St. George street. 52 2

WANTED, A SMART YOUNG MAN TO BE generally useful for grocery business, one who understands care of horses preferred. Apply A. Mulligan, No 468 Lagauchetiere street. 52 1

WANTED, A GOOD WATCHMAKER. Apply to A. J. Watier, 27 St. Lawrence Main street. 52 3

WANTED AN APPRENTICE (FRENCH), to a Barber. 145 St. Paul street. 52 2

WANTED, FOR A SMALL FAMILY, A General Servant, to wash and iron, &c. Apply at 211 McGill street. 52 1

WANTED 12 OR 15 PUPILS TO FORM A a class in shorthand, taught in five lessons of one hour each, without books, guaranteed to read and write with facility, $5 each, in class. Apply immediately, "Teacher," 604 Craig street. 48

WANTED, A ROOM OR FLIGHT, WITH steam power, central location. Address, "Power Room," 18 St. Chesstant street. 51 6

New Advertisements To-Day.

684 FINE TWEED SUITS

MADE AND FINISHED EQUAL TO CUSTOM WORK,

COMPLETE SUIT,

$5.50.

390 Extra Fine Tweed Suits,

$7.00.

This line of Suits we guarantee cannot be matched in Montreal for $10.00.

An inspection costs nothing and verifies the fact.

A LARGE INVOICE OF

SPRING TWEEDS!

JUST OPENED,

BOYS' CLOTHING A SPECIALTY.

THE BOYS' DEPARTMENT FULLY STOCKED IN EVERY LINE.

THE

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

CLOTHING STORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

41 and 43 St. Joseph Street. 48 8

CANNED GOODS FOR SALE.

LOBSTERS, different brands.
SALMON, different brands.
GREEN PEAS, American.
PEACHES, 2 and 3lb. tins.
PINE APPLES, 2lb. tins.
BOSTON BAKED BEANS.
COVE OYSTERS, 1 and 2lb tins.

L. CHAPUT, FILS & CO.,

48* 308, 311 and 313 COMMISSIONERS STREET.

SOUTH EASTERN RAILWAY

SUBURBAN SERVICE,

MAY 1st, 1881.

On or about May 1st, this Company will run a Suburban Train to and from Montreal.

Leaving Montreal about 4.30 p.m. and arriving in Montreal about 8.15 p.m.

For full particulars, apply at their office, 202 ST JAMES STREET.

BRADLEY BARLOW,

General Manager.

H. P. ALDEN,

Sup't. Traffic. 49 10

BIRDS! BIRDS!

MR. PAUL LUHN,

Having just arrived from Germany with the finest collection of SINGING BIRDS ever brought into Canada, comprising GERMAN and BELGIAN

CANARIES! BULLFINCHES! GOLDFINCHES!
LINNETS! LARKS! THRUSHES!
RED CARDINALS!

WEAVERS AND BRAZIL CARDINALS!

Is now offering the same for sale at

354 Notre Dame Street. 354

☞ Call early and secure a choice. 23

DR. SCOTT'S

ELECTRIC HAIR BRUSH

IS WARRANTED TO

Cure Nervous Headache in 5 minutes!!
Cure Bilious Headache in 5 minutes!!
Positively remove Scurf and Dandruff!!
Prevent Falling Hair and Baldness!!
Cure all Diseases of the Scalp!!
Promptly Arrests Premature Grayness!!
Makes the Hair Grow Long and Glossy!!
Immediately Soothes the Weary Brain!!

For Sale by all Druggists. Price $2.

Address THE PALL MALL ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION, CANADA BRANCH, P. O. Box 2050, Montreal, for circular giving full information. 19 eod

ASK FOR CHADWICK'S SPOOL COTTON—TRY IT.
ASK FOR CHADWICK'S SPOOL COTTON—TRY IT.
ASK FOR CHADWICK'S SPOOL COTTON—TRY IT.
ASK FOR CHADWICK'S SPOOL COTTON—TRY IT. 255 eod

OFFICE STATIONERY

OF ALL KINDS

NEATLY PRINTED

AT

MODERATE PRICES.

J. THEO. ROBINSON,

54 St. Francois Xavier Street.

$6,000 WILL BUY a large first-class House on Victoria street, in thorough order; also, several others at $2,500; $2,750 in West End and very good central localities. Apply to GEO. D. ROSS, Real Estate Agent, 218 Notre Dame street. 50r

TO LANDLORDS.—Landlords, you will get good tenants by placing in my hands, at an early date, the properties you have to let. Already I have several applications from tenants. WM. DORAN, Accountant and Estate Agent, 214 St. James street. 26tf

Auction Sales.

By Shaw & Gowdey.

LARGE QUANTITY OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, handsome Parlor Sets, Hair-Cloth, Raw Silk and Rep, Marble-top and other Bedroom Sets, Dining-room Furniture, Mattresses, Crockery, Pictures and other goods. Sale at our store, 235 St. James street, FRIDAY NEXT, MARCH 4th, at TEN O'CLOCK.

SHAW & GOWDEY,

48 Auctioneers.

NEXT LARGE WEEKLY SALE HORSES, at Maguire's Horse Market, College st., FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 4th INSTANT, AT 2 O'CLOCK "All Horses at last Sale sold well."

SHAW & GOWDEY,

51 Auctioneers.

514-516 BONAVENTURE STREET,

I of about 32x198, solid brick, stone foundation, two tenements, both well rented, by auction, at our Salerooms, 235 St. James street, TUESDAY morning, 8th March. Property must be sold.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock,

SHAW & GOWDEY,

48 Auctioneers.

SPRING AUCTION SALES HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

We would advise those who propose selling their furniture to give us an early call. Some of the most important sales have been secured.

Sales of REAL ESTATE, TRADE SALES, FARM STOCK and sales at our Rooms, Valuations and Appraisals. Cash advances.

SHAW & GOWDEY,

Real Estate and General Auctioneers, 235 St. James street. 50 6

By Thomas J. Potter.

94 CATHEDRAL STREET.

A nice solid Brick House by Auction, at my rooms, on FRIDAY, 4th March, at 10 o'clock.

50 2 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

BONAVENTURE STREET, HOTEL AND VACANT LOTS.

The valuable property opposite the G. T. R. Depot, being No. 213 Bonaventure street, and known as the "MANSFIELD HOUSE." Solid Brick with stone foundation, corner of Lane, with lot 31 x 70, also, the valuable vacant lot adjoining, 63 ft. front on Bonaventure street, 70 ft. deep, and a lot in rear, 25 x 65, will be positively sold at my salesroom on

FRIDAY, MARCH 4TH.

No encumbrance; no reserve.

Capitalists are reminded that this fine property is enhanced in value both by the splendid improvements recently made in Bonaventure street, and by the continuation of WINDSOR STREET, which will make it a most valuable corner. The vacant lot is well adapted for a factory. No reserve whatever.

Sale at TEN o'clock.

THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

The above Sale is postponed on account of the Elections. 44

94 CATHEDRAL STREET—2½-STORY BRICK HOUSE,

Between St. St. Antoine street and Dominion square.

29 BURNSIDE PLACE, near VICTORIA STREET.

Both very convenient to business, always rent well.

BUILDING LOT, 31x80, nice size, corner BLEURY and MILTON STREETS.

287 VISITATION STREET—Solid cut-stone front House, 2½-stories, with tin roof, modern improvements, a most desirable dwelling. Sheriff's Title.

Sale at my room on FRIDAY, 4th MARCH, at TEN o'clock.

Particular attention is called to these very desirable properties.

47 THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

406 DORCHESTER STREET.

Splendidly built, spacious and comfortable Solid Brick House; also, the fine Garden Lot adjoining corner of Cumming street, to be sold by auction, on FRIDAY, 4th MARCH, at my Room. The house has stone foundation, modern conveniences, marble mantels, fine dry cellar, extension Kitchen, and is in perfect order. The lot is a valuable corner for building, is at present used as a garden and playground for children.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock.

50 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

34 LATOUR STREET NEAR VICTORIA SQUARE—By order of Mr. John Cusack, the above very well-built solid brick house will be positively sold at my room on MONDAY, 7th MARCH. Terms cash. A rare chance to buy a house at a bargain or make a small investment. The house always rents quick and well. Sale at TEN o'clock.

51 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

THREE GOOD LOTS—Hochelaga.—Nos. 286, 287, 288 on Plan New City Gas Company's Property. Each 23 x 105. Likely to increase in value very much owing to the general improvements going on in the vicinity. Sale at my room

MONDAY, 7TH MARCH,

at half-past Ten o'clock.

51 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

SALE AT LACHINE.—FOR ACCOUNT OF THE ESTATE LATE A. J. HUGHES, ESQ.—Household Furniture and Effects, complete "Prowse" Range, &c., all very good, in nice order, and only a short time in use. Full particulars in Saturday's papers. Sale TUESDAY MORNING, 8th MARCH, at TEN o'clock, at the residence, near G.T.R. and Steamboat Depot, Upper Lachine. No reserve.

51 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

FARM AT ST. ANDREWS, Thirty miles from Montreal, 6 miles from Cornwall Station, on the Grand Trunk Railway, 1 mile from town, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, well fenced, watered and drained. Dwelling House, Barn, Stables, &c., &c., all in good repair, and in the immediate vicinity of the house. The farm is opposite the Catholic Church, and is convenient to schools. Sale THURSDAY, 10th MARCH, at ELEVEN o'clock, at subscriber's room, 104 St. James street, Montreal.

For particulars apply to the Emigration Agent, Montreal; James Leitch, Esq., of the firm of Carman & Leitch, Cornwall; or on the premises, to Miss Blackstock.

51 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer, Montreal.

New Advertisements To-Day.

CARLING'S AMBER ALE!!

The Agent is now prepared to supply

CARLING'S AMBER ALE,

to Private Families, at $1 per dozen quarts; 70c per dozen pints;

ALSO,

SAND PORTER,

PALE BITTER ALE AND PORTER.

Orders strictly attended to.

Cellar under No. 16 St. Sacrament,

Entrance on St. Eloi lane.

CHARLES R. WILLIS, AGENT,

292* P. O. Box 1828.

A GOOD NAME!

We are getting for the excellence of the work turned out and our very moderate prices.

D. E. N. G. L. I. S. H & C. O. L. L. I. S. H.

JOB PRINTERS!

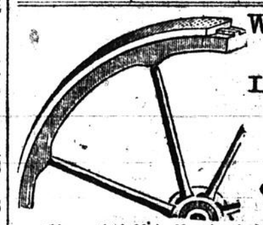
240 ST. JAMES STREET. 22*

$20,000.

THE ABOVE AMOUNT would be invested in a Manufacturing or Commercial business by an experienced Office Manager. Highest reference given and required

Apply F., P. O. BOX 947. 47 6

WHEEL TIRE, PATENTED 1880,



—BY—

L. BREDANNAZ & CO.,

CARRIAGE MAKERS,

35½ St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

Great Reduction in the Prices of Carriage Wheels.

This new tire holds itself on the wheel by means of a groove in which all the spokes are fastened, It becomes impossible for the wheel to bend itself, it is compelled to remain straight till completely worn out.

By our new system we don't use any bolts, and besides the superior quality of our wheels, we offer a reduction varying for 20 to 30 per cent. on the prices sold by other firms, and this, as well as on the old fashion wheels with bolts, as on those far better for which we are patented, and obtained a diploma at the last Dominion Exhibition.

Several public experiments have been made in presence of competent persons who have agreed on the great merit of our invention and the strength of our wheels.

The Shedden Co., the Q., M., O. & O. R. R., Sharpe's Express Co., D. Morrice & Co., Ogilvie & Co., and other large companies and firms have given us their orders for the wheels of their vehicles.

Our new tires can be adapted on any old wheels.

We repeat that our reduced prices will be the same for the old style of wheels with bolts, as for our new improved ones.

We warrant the durability of our work.

Dry wood of the best quality always on hand, steel and Iron for Tires of all sizes supplied to the trade.

Price list and further particulars

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

SMITH—In this city, on the 1st March, Mrs. J. Smith, of a son.

VARIN—At No. 18 Versailles street, on the 1st March, the wife of Ernest Varin, of a daughter.

WALLACE—On the 1st March, at 131 St. George street, the wife of John Wallace, of a son.

SAUNDERSON—At Longueuil, on the 3rd March, the wife of C. H. Saunderson, of a son. 52 2

MARRIAGES.

CADIEUX, BOURRET—In this city, at St. James Church, on the 1st March, by the Rev. M. J. Tompkin, assisted by the Rev. Jul. Derome, cure, and Rev. Abbe Vache, P.S.S., Mr. Hubert Charles Cadieux, of the firm of Cadieux & Derome, Stephanie, to Miss Bourret, daughter of the late Hon. Joseph Bourret, Recorder of this city.

DENNE, BOSTWICK—At St. Paul's Church, Toronto, on Tuesday, March 1st, by the Rev. T. C. DeBarres, rector, assisted by the Rev. Septimus Jones, M.A., Sydney Dennes, Esq., of Montreal, formerly of Sittingbourne, Kent, England, to Carrie Louise, third daughter of George Bostwick, Esq., of Toronto.

ANDERSON, MACDONNELL—At Windsor, Ont., Feb. 19, Adam W. Anderson, to Cornelia Bradhead Macdonnell.

DEATHS.

ARCHAMBAULT—On Wednesday, the 2nd of March, Marie Alba, infant daughter of Anthime R. Archambault, aged 5 weeks.

KETTLES—In this city, on the 2nd of March, George Kettles.

Friends and acquaintance are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 11 Little Dublin, on Friday, the 4th instant, at 2 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery.

BISSONNETTE—On the 2nd March, Emile Bissonnette, at the age of 5 years and 4 months.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 152 Vitre street, on Friday, the 4th instant, at 2:30 p.m., to the R. C. Cemetery.

ALLAN—On Wednesday, March 2nd, Christian, daughter of Robert Allan, aged 10 months.

The funeral will take place from her father's residence, 41 Cotte street, on Friday afternoon, the 4th instant, at 2 o'clock. Friends will please accept this intimation.

ROBERTSON—At Gourock, Scotland, on the 2nd March, in his 81st year, Mr. Alexander Robertson, father of Messrs. Andrew and John A. Robertson, of this city. 51 3

MOFFATT—In this city, on the 1st March, Thomas, eldest son of Henry Moffatt, aged 28 years.

KIRBY—At Greece's Point, Que., on February 25th, Eva Maria, the only child of W. P. Kirby, aged 1 year and 8 months.

LENNON—In this city, on the 28th February, Michael Lennon, aged 65 years, native of County Armagh, Ireland.

Quebec and Kingston papers please copy.

SAURIOL—In this city, on the 28th February, Magloire Sauriol, aged 46 years.

GIBBONS—In this city, on the 1st March, Mary Edith, the only beloved daughter of Benjamin Gibbons, aged 2 years, 11 months and 13 days.

CUSHING—In this city, on the morning of the 1st March, Lemuel Cushing, LL.D., B.C.L., advocate, aged 39 years.

JENKINS—At St. John, N.B., Feb. 24, Mrs. J. D. Jenkins, 41 yrs.

PORTER—At St. Martin's, N.B., Feb. 25, Mrs. John Porter, 62 yrs.

McINTOSH—At Nanfrage, P.E.I., Feb. 20, Angus McIntosh, 83 yrs.

INGS—At Charlottetown, P.E.I., Feb. 18, Annie E. Ings.

LOCKE—At Charlottetown, P.E.I., Feb. 19, Mrs. Susan Locke, 72 yrs.

McDONALD—At Pisquid, P.E.I., Feb. 19, Ronald McDonald, 51 yrs.

HOPKINS—At Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 24, Mrs. John Hopkins, 89 yrs.

LAVELL—At Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 25, Mrs. Margaret Lavell, 56 yrs, a native of Ireland.

McMASTER—At Collingwood, Ont., Feb. 24, John McMaster, manager Canadian Bank of Commerce, 60 yrs.

BROOKS—At Scotia, Ont., Feb. 24, Peter Brooks, 63 yrs.

McINTOSH—At Nanfrage, P.E.I., Feb. 22, Mrs. Mary Ann McIntosh, 87 yrs.

The Weather.

1 p.m.—Thermometer at Hearn & Harrison's during the last 24 hours :—

6 p.m.	8 a.m.	1 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Mean.
24°	24°	40°	40°	18°	00°

Barometer—6 p.m.—30.05 8 a.m.—30.00 1 p.m.—29.85

10 a.m.—Probabilities next 24 hours: Increasing easterly to north-easterly winds, fair to cloudy weather, followed by snow in the upper portion.

Special Notice.

FIRE AT NORDHEIMERS HALL.—In consequence of this sad catastrophe a great clearance sale is now taking place at A. S. Nordheimer's, 211 St. James street. A splendid opportunity occurs to purchase sheet music, music books and pianos by first makers, at considerably reduced prices. The sale since the fire has been so great that it will probably last but a few days.

The Discovery of the Age.

Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis and Asthma positively cured, hundreds given up as incurable have been and are still being cured by Dr. M. Souvielle's Spirometer, an instrument which conveys medicinal properties direct to the seat of those diseases, and is used in the leading hospitals in Europe, full instructions for treatment sent by letter, and the instruments expressed to any address. Physicians and sufferers are invited to try the instrument at the Doctor's office, Montreal, without charge. Send for particulars to Dr. M. Souvielle, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French army, 13 Phillips Square, Montreal. All letters must contain stamp for reply. eod

New advertisements this P.M.

PERSONAL.—MIZPAH, PLEASE CALL AT STAR office. 51

PERSONAL—EDWARDT. S——Y. LETTER at post-office for you from Chicago. Send your address to 32 Champlain street. 51 3

PERSONAL, INFORMATION WANTED, OF Mrs. Mary McKinley, (maiden name Campbell) who left Campbeltown, Scotland, about 1848, and is believed to have settled in Canada. Address Agnes McKinley, Gloucester, Hamden Co., New Jersey. 46

PERSONAL.—I. A. W. I. O.—HAS INFORMATION of great importance for you. Write. 203 W. 13 wishes to see you. Mizpah. 46 12

PERSONAL.—"D." PLEASE ANSWER MY letter. Address same as before.—"E." 48

TO LET—Shop 1450 St. Catherine street; rear extension stable, Baker's and Confectioner's ovens, counters, fixtures, &c., suitable for any business; immediate possession. Shop and Dwelling adjoining the above, occupied as butcher's shop for last six years, also suitable for any business.

DAY & DAY,
52 6 192 Notre Dame street.

TO LET, BEDROOM KITCHEN, NEATLY furnished. 497 Sherbrooke street. 52 1

ROOMS, WELL-FURNISHED, TO LET, with two windows. 133 Mansfield street. 52 6

SEWING WANTED BY THE DAY. 73 Bleury street. 52 1

WANTED, BARBER, TO A FIRST-CLASS man good wages and steady employment. Apply at Grand Central Hotel, corner of Cathedral and St. Bonaventure streets, at once. 52 2

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT. 66 Coursol street. 52 2

WANTED A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 61 Osborne street. 52 2

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, TIDY YOUNG girl as general servant. 11 Victoria street. 52 1

WANTED YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, small family. Apply to 66 Plymouth Grove. 52 1

WANTED, A BOY TO MIND A HORSE, and make himself useful. Apply at 6 Corn Exchange, City. 52 1

WANTED AT ONCE, TO WORK IN A brush factory in Ontario, a steady man who understands hailing, washing and combing. Apply at No. 6 Corn Exchange, City. J. E. Bickerdike. 52 1

WANTED, A YOUNG GIRL FOR A STORE, one having a knowledge of business preferred. Apply at Mrs. H. Davis, 213 St. James street. 52 3

WANTED, FOUR FIRST-CLASS Journeymen Tailors, at J. J. Milloy's, 69 St. Joseph street. 52 2

WANTED BY A WHOLESALE FIRM, junior clerk, with 1 or 2 years' experience in fancy goods, state salary expected, &c. Address "Ambition," STAR office. 52 2

WANTED CANVASSERS, TO SELL ARTicle, sell at sight, lot of money to be made. Apply Room 4, No. 5 St. Sacrament street. 52 1

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A NURSE, must be well recommended, Protestant. Apply 18 Cadieux street, between 12 and 3 o'clock. 52 1

WANTED A GOOD SMART BOY, ABOUT 16 years of age. Apply immediately 14 Chaboillez Square. 52 2

WANTED, FOR A WHOLESALE GENTS' Furnishing Store, a smart intelligent youth. Apply, by letter, to Box 1668 P.O. 52 3

WANTED.
TWO SALESMEN and ONE SALESWOMAN,
APPLY TO
H. F. POIRIER,
52 1+ 1311 St. Catherine street.

WANTED.
A SMART ACTIVE MAN,
Well accustomed to Horses, to drive a Grocery Sleigh. One speaking French preferred. Apply
GEORGE JORDAN,
52 1 Corner Guy and St. Catherine.

A TVALOISVILLE—A first-class Boarding House will be open by the first of May next, near the Station and river. Single and double rooms, with a sitting room attached to them.
52 6 A. AUMAIR, Valoisville.

New Advertisements this P.M.

A NOVELTY!

Just received, a complete stock of the new FOULARD DRESS LININGS for lining the sleeves and skirts of dresses.

NEW DRESS.

Ready for inspection this morning several cases of new French Dress Goods; also, a shipment of English Dress Goods.

BLACK CASHMERES.

This spring we are making a specialty of Black Cashmeres by selling them at very low rates.

BLACK SATINS.

No store like S. Carsley's for Black Satins; also, for Colored Satins.

Carsley's Satins are cheap and no mistake is what is said by Dry Goods men.

CARSLEY'S SILKS.

Who does not know that S. Carsley sells the cheapest Silks in Canada; also, that he keeps the largest stock and best make of Silks?

S. CARSLEY'S PRINTS.

The store for the choicest styles in English Prints is S. Carsley's.

CARSLEY'S DRESSES.

The store for New Spring Goods is S. Carsley's.

THE NEWS.

This week we propose to offer to the public several large lots of goods at slaughter prices.

FIRST SLAUGHTER LOT.

One table of Buttons, of different sorts, suitable for Trimming Cotton, Silk or Stuff Dresses, also for Men's or Boys' Clothing. All to be sold by the card, each containing from three to six doz. Your choice of the entire lot at only TEN CENTS PER CARD. Original price of some of these Buttons was 20c per doz.

SECOND SLAUGHTER LOT.

Large lots of Kid Gloves at from 17c to 50c. Large lots of best quality Sash Ribbons, full nine inches wide, only 75c per yard; original price, $1.50 per yard.

S. CARSLEY.

MONTREAL. 52

THE ELECTION.

The anxiety about who should be Mayor for the coming year has subsided. Still there are a number no doubt dissatisfied with the result, but the majority are satisfied. Let the satisfied and the dissatisfied join hands and come to S. Carsley's for their Spring Tweeds, where satisfaction is guaranteed to all.

FOR SPRING!

Go to S. Carsley for superior quality real Scotch Tweeds, in all the latest designs.

DARK SCOTCH TWEEDS,
MEDIUM SCOTCH TWEEDS,
LIGHT SCOTCH TWEEDS,
FANCY SCOTCH TWEEDS.

Real Scotch Tweeds to suit all tastes.
Scotch Tweeds for Spring Suits.
Scotch Tweeds for Spring Overcoats.

For Pants!

Go to S. Carsley's for the latest styles in Fancy Trousering.

For Boys!

Splendid quality All-wool Tweeds for Boys' School Suits, only 55c and 60c yard.

For Boys!

Go to S. Carsley for superior quality Navy Blue Serges for Boys' Suits.

Dark Grey Melton!

Superior quality Dark Grey Melton for Spring Overcoats.

Choice Canadian Tweeds!

Just received, a splendid assortment of choice Canadian Tweeds, in all the latest styles, suitable for Boys' and Gents' wear.

Tweed Rubber Coats!

Ask for S. Carsley's Waterproof Tweed Coats at $5.20.

—S. CARSLEY,—

MONTREAL. 52

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

NEW AND FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS!

DRESS GOODS!

We have just marked off several cases of Dress Goods, among them two very fine lines of Colored Cords—"Our Specialty" and "The St. Alban's Cord."

See our centre window for shades. The value in these two lines seems to excel our last fall's importation, so that we have been obliged to mark down our 25c goods to 20c and our 30c line to 23c, to make them equal.

MANCUNIUM!

Le Follet says:—Ye "Mancunium" Black is a remarkable deepe and riche shade. Ye material has a close, fine lle set, and verrie silkie pile; it is verrie softe to ye touche, and drapes richlie and gracefullie, and has also ye great advantage of being far lighter and softer in weare than ye other makes.

A full assortment of these celebrated Velveteens, in Black and all colors, just received.

FRILLINGS!

See our corner window for Frillings.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
403 and 405 Notre Dame Street,
CORNER ST. PETER.

Five Per Cent. Discount for cash on all purchases over One Dollar. 52

ICE CREAMS, PUDDINGS, CAKES,

AND ALL KINDS OF PASTRY ARE DELICIOUS WHEN FLAVORED WITH

HENRI JONAS'
STRONG ESSENCES!

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR JONAS' FLAVORING EXTRACTS. 38

A FAVORABLE OPPORTUNITY having presented itself for those desirous of going to the North-west to take up lands and establish homes there, those who would like to hear particulars with a view to joining a movement for colonizing a desirable district, will please address Drawer 2126, Post-office, Montreal. None but steady respectable persons are wanted in this enterprise, which has many very important advantages in its favor. Those who want to go West should communicate immediately, as the company will be filled at once. Persons who have been made acquainted with the details say it is a splendid opportunity. eod

Last Edition.

Telegrams.

CABLE.

NEW FRENCH LOAN.—PARIS, March 3.—It is officially announced that the French Government will issue about March 21st a loan of 1,030,000,000 francs, or about $206,000,000 new redeemable three per cent. rentes. The prices of the new issue will be 82½ francs.

AMERICAN.

THE TELEGRAPH CONSOLIDATION.—NEW YORK, March 3.—Judge Blatchford decided that he cannot continue restricting orders against the Telegraph Consolidation. In the case of the suits of the Direct and French Cable Companies, he says the injunction sought for can operate to the proper extent in the plaintiff's favor as well after consolidation as before. It is reported that Judge Sedgwick has ruled that the Western Union can issue its certificates of indebtedness for 48½ per cent. The officials claim that this practically accomplishes all that is required to complete consolidation.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.—NEW YORK, March 3.—The stock market opened irregular, but generally a little higher. Afterwards there was a sharp rally on the announcement from Washington that Secretary Sherman had given orders to buy $5,000,000 of 5's or 6's of '81, called or uncalled, on Wednesday next. The improvement in some of the leading securities on this news was over 2 per cent.

ADJUSTING REPUDIATED BONDS.—ST. PAUL, March 3.—The Senate has concurred in the House amendments to the bill for the adjustment of the repudiated Railway bonds of Minnesota. The Governor will sign it to-day. Through this adjustment the Venerable Selah Chamberlain, of Cleveland, who canvassed this claim for years, will receive over $150,000.

JUDGE LYNCH AT WORK.—BALTIMORE, March 3.—Frank F. Wright, a young lawyer, recently went with a servant to attend law business in Colorado. It is just learned that he and the servant have been hanged by a vigilance committee, charged with stealing mules, they having purchased the stolen mules not knowing them to be stolen.

VETOED.—WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Funding Bill has been vetoed by President Hayes.

SS. ARRIVALS.—PORTLAND, Me., March 3.—Arrived yesterday steamships "Quebec" and "Ontario," from Liverpool.

CANADIAN.

SUDDEN DEATH.—FREDERICTON, N.B., March 3.—John S. Covert, Esq., M.P.P., for Sunbury County and a leading member of the Opposition, died at the Queen's Hotel here at 10 a.m. to-day of heart disease. Mr. Covert was in his usual health yesterday and in the afternoon spoke lengthily in the debate. The deceased gentleman was 52 years old and has represented Sunbury in the Local House for thirteen years. His sudden death is a great shock. The House adjourned immediately on receipt of the sad news.

FROM OTTAWA.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

REVENUE RETURNS—OTTAWA, March 3.—It is announced that the revenue returns for February will be substantially in advance of those of the same month last year. The returns received to date, it is said, warrant this announcement.

THE BEARBROOK MURDERER.—The reported arrest of Heney, the Bearbrook murderer, in Texas, turns out to be unfounded. It is now feared that he has made good his escape.

THE ONTARIO AND QUEBEC RAILWAY BILL was before the Railway Committee of the Commons to-day, and another fight over it took place. It is sure to be reported, however.

FROM TORONTO.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

THE ORANGE APPEAL.—TORONTO, March 3.—A cablegram was recently received by Mr. H. Merrick, M. P. P., Grand Master of the Orange Lodge of British North America, from Mr. William Johnston, well known in connection with the Orange Order in Ireland, dated from Dublin, as follows: "The Orange Emergency Committee solicit aid from the Canadian brethren to resist the Land League tyranny and relieve the persecuted loyalists." The Orange authorities here are disposed to comply with the request and circulars will shortly be issued by Mr. Merrick to lodges throughout Canada asking for contributions.

CONTRACT ABOLISHED.—The Bill abolishing the contract between the County of York and the Kingston Road Tramway Company was read a third time in the House on Tuesday. The Company is obliged to withdraw their steam motor and if they run with horses they must pay tolls like other people. The Court of Chancery will determine the compensation within certain limits to be paid by the county to the Company. The line runs east from the city several miles.

City News.

—The members of the Philharmonic Society meet for rehearsal this evening.

—Mr. Justice Johnson is ill and unable to attend Court. Mr. Justice Rainville has taken his place at *Enquete*.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Church are holding a bazaar in the basement of their church to-day and this evening.

—The second of the series of vocal and instrumental concerts in aid of the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Hochelaga, will take place at the Town Hall, Hochelaga, this evening.

—Mr. Dugas, P.M., went to the St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary this afternoon to take the evidence of the two convicts named Piche against Peter Smith in the case of a robbery. The Piches were concerned in the same robbery, but Smith has until recently succeeded in eluding the police.

—The funeral of the late Lemuel Cushing took place from his late residence at No. 143 Metcalfe street to the Emmanuel Church this afternoon. The last rites were performed by the Rev. Dr. Stevenson, after which the remains were taken to the Mount Royal Cemetery. The funeral was very largely attended and there were a number of the members of the Montreal Snowshoe Club present.

—An inquest was held on the body of George Kettles, aged 67, of No. 11 Little Dublin lane, who died suddenly at St. George's Home yesterday, where he had gone to receive a supply of wood. At the inquest it was shown that deceased was sober and in good health previous to his death, and Dr. Edwards, who was called in at the time, testified that he was satisfied that death was caused by syncope. A verdict in accordance was returned.

—At the annual meeting of the Montreal County Orange Lodge, the following were elected officers for the current year; L. P. W. C. M., Bro. David Grant; W. C. M., Bro. John Hamilton, W. M. 401; W. C. D. M., Bro. George Kennedy, W. M. 1,474; Chap., Bro. J. R. Morrison, 1,373; Secretary, Bro. W. H. Barnett, 401; Treasurer, Bro J. W. Morriss, 401; D. of C. Bro. Wm. Roberts, 413; lecturer, Bro. John A. Miller, L. P. W. M. Boyne L. O. L. No. 401.

Appointments this Evening.

St. Andrew's Church—Concert and bazaar.

Wesley Church — Lecture by Rev. Mr. Barnes.

Dominion Square Methodist Church—Sacred concert.

The Governor at the Masquerade.

It is rumored that the Governor-General is to be at the masquerade at the Victoria skating rink on Saturday evening.

The Queen's Bench.

In the appeal side of this Court, during the past year, 116 cases were decided. In 87 of these the judgement of the Court *a quo* was confirmed and in 29 cases reversed.

Railway Receipts.

The receipts for traffic on the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending on the 26th February, amounted to $210,782, or an increase of $10,042 over the receipts of the corresponding week last year.

Personal.

E. Caron, M.P.P., Riviere du Loup; Capt. McKenzie, Sorel; J. T. Roy, proprietor *Voix du Peuple*, St. Johns; Revs. A. Boivin, J. D. Michaud, Charles and E. Blais, St. Eugene, are registered at the Canada Hotel.

Tuque Blue Tramp.

The members of the Montreal Snowshoe Club turned out last evening in large numbers for the weekly tramp over the mountain. The snow was in good order, the tramping capital, and the weather pleasant. At Prendergast's, a number of visitors were present and a most enjoyable evening spent. Forty-five members sat down to a frugal supper.

Important Phosphate Discovery.

The *Gazette* says: A very important discovery of phosphate of lime has just been made in East Portland by a party of miners employed by Mr. Vennor. Experienced hands state that this equals anything yet found in the country. The singular part of this discovery lies in the fact of its being struck when the snow covered the ground deeply. Mr. Vennor is now tracing out the phosphate rock as a private enterprise and at his own expense.

The Railway War.

The people of the "Hub" appear more inclined to take advantage of the cheap rates offered by the Delaware and Hudson R. R. between that city and Montreal then our citizens. There has not been over much travel from Montreal while a much larger number of Boston people arrive daily in this city. Forty-three passengers from Boston or vicinity arrived at the Bonaventure depot last night and are now at the Canada Hotel. They went to the office of the D. and H. R. R. this morning where they were refunded each $7.

A Twenty-five Mile Skating Match for the Championship of Canada.

Next week will take place on the Prince of Wales Skating Rink a 25 mile skating match for the championship of Canada. At a similar race held in Ottawa this winter the best time the distance was covered in was one hour and fifty-five minutes. As this time has been beaten several times this winter in "go-as-you-please" races of 20 miles, it is expected that much better time will be made than that above mentioned. Several Montreal skaters who were to have been present at the Ottawa races were detained in Montreal.

Buying Up Opposition.

A report was current on the street to-day that the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company had purchased the steamer "Cultivateur," the opposition boat between Montreal, Three Rivers and intermediate ports. The consideration, it is said, was $11,400 in Richelieu stock, or about 50 cents on the dollar, the original cost of the vessel being $48,000. It appears that a meeting of the proprietors of the "Cultivateur" was held Monday, when an adverse statement was presented. Richelieu stock was firmer today.

Recorder's Court.

Of sixteen cases before the Recorder to-day twelve were for drunkenness, or that offence combined with some other caused by drink. Mary Day got drunk yesterday and entered St. Patrick's Church and insisted on sitting in one of the best pews. She was transferred to the Jurors street police station, and from there to the Recorder's Court this morning, where after making the most solemn promises of reform to His Honor, she was discharged. The "ghostly Dane" appeared to-day before the Recorder in the person of Auguste Smith, six years out from Denmark, who had all the necessary paleness and theatrical air about him, but had been arrested on the unpoetical charge of being drunk and disorderly in Hermine street.

The Late Mr. Bouthillier.

The funeral of this lamented gentleman took place this morning from his late residence on Union avenue, to the Parish Church of Notre Dame, and from thence to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. The pall-bearers were the Hon. Mr. Chauveau, Sheriff of Montreal, Hon. Mr. Baby, Dr. Leprohon, Mr. P. Lamothe, Lieut.-Col. De Salaberry, and the Hon. Judge Badgley. The church, which was crowded with a most respectable congregation, was draped in mourning. In the service the Rev. Cure Rousselot officiated as priest, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Gardeau as deacon and the Rev. J. Duckett as sub-deacon. The choir was under the charge of the Rev. Father Desrocher, and the funeral arrangements under that of Messrs. Dumaine & Halpin. In the funeral *cortege* were noticed a great many of our most influential business and professional men

A New Idea.

Notwithstanding all the schemes that have been put forward for a drill shed, there is still another, and the idea comes from Lt.-Col. D'Orsonnens. In order that the Champ de Mars may be kept intact, it is proposed to build the shed the entire length of the parade ground, on the Craig Street side. If this scheme were carried out the incline on Craig street could be built up for about thirty feet, and as it would only be necessary to make the shed forty feet wide, ten feet off the parade is all that would be required. At either end of the shed would be a small tower, in which the Brigade offices for No. 5 and 6 Military Districts could be kept. The main building in the centre would be for the accommodation of the infantry and artillery, and between this building and the towers would be stationed a number of guns. Over the main building would be a large hall in which to hold military meetings and for general business in connection with the volunteer force.

Police News.

In the Court of Special Sessions to-day, Louis Fontaine was sentenced to two years' penitentiary for his share in the burglary committed on Messrs. Theriault & Pelletier, Hochelaga.

Louis Fournier, a young laborer living on Guy street, was arrested late last evening by Detective Cullen on the charge of stealing sugar from Redpath's refinery. The prisoner was employed about the refinery, and it is alleged that he was in the habit of carrying home sugar after his day's work in his tin dinner pail. He will be tried next Wednesday.

Ferdinand Daignault, a carpenter, Grand Trunk street, tried to sell eleven brooms at a second-hand store the day before yesterday and was given in custody of sub-Constable Lavoie on suspicion of having stolen them. It was afterwards found that they belonged to Messrs. Turcot & Marchand, 200 St. Paul street. Daignault is to be tried next Tuesday.

Victoria Skating Club.

It will be seen on reference to the advertisement that some changes have taken place in the arrangements for Saturday evening's masquerade. It has been found impossible to open the Stanley street door; but there will be two entrances on Drummond street, and special efforts will be made to secure ready admission for the large number of guests that are expected to be present. No masks are to be allowed except on special application to the directors, whose permission will be very sparingly granted. The fountain is to be enlarged and beautified. Some beautiful effects with colored lights are in course of preparation. The number of skaters promises to be even larger than on the last occasion, while many of the handsome dresses worn at the late private fancy dress balls will make the first appearance on the ice. Altogether the affair promises, in its brilliancy, to be a fitting ending of the carnivals that have marked this most successful winter at the Rink.

Evidence by Stenography Set Aside.

A ruling by Mr. Justice Rainville to-day in the case of Desjardins *vs.* The City Passenger Railway, had the effect of throwing out a deposition taken by stenography. The plaintiff had given his tacit consent that the evidence should be taken by short-hand but afterwards refused to continue. Mr.-Piche, who raised the objection on behalf of the Plaintiff, said the law requires that both parties should consent in writing. For the defence it was contended that the plaintiff, by cross-examining the witness, had given his consent within the meaning of the law. His Honor remarked that the Court of Appeals had decided that if the objecting party had cross-examined a witness it was equivalent to a consent in writing, but that decision had been given in a case in which the deposition had been closed; as the deposition in the present case was still unfinished, the Court must maintain the objection. The effect of this ruling is that a deposition taken in stenography may be thrown out at *enquete* at any stage before it is closed unless there is a written consent that it should be taken in stenography.

Montreal Blood.

An item appeared in THE STAR the other day referring to the Quebec snow-shoe races, in which Mr. N. Fletcher, of Montreal, won the mile, half mile and 100 yards races. In that item the reporter stated that Mr. Fletcher was unfairly treated, even ladies having tried to trip him. We have been at some pains to enquire into the matter, and now have a letter from Mr. Fletcher, which, we are glad to say, completely contradicts our reporter's statement about the ladies, inasmuch as only one lady tried to trip him by throwing her muff at his feet. We could scarcely believe such a statement about the Quebec ladies, who are famous all over the continent for their hospitality and refinement. We append Mr. Fletcher's letter:—

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—With reference to the item, which appeared in THE STAR on Wednesday, the 23rd ult., I beg to state that it is correct in every particular, except the 2,000 yards, which, of course, must have been given in error for 200 yards. I *was* jostled from the track by some of the competitors, and one lady attempted to trip me by throwing her muff at my feet. I do not impute any blame to the Levis Club, as they treated me in a very gentlemanly manner.

N. FLETCHER.

CURRIE & CO'S. FAILURE.

Its Local Effect.

The effect of this failure will be more severely felt in Canada, and especially in Montreal, than was at first reported. It is now said that fully one-half, or from $225,000 to $250,000, of the liabilities will fall on local and other houses in the Dominion. It is stated that the firm make large purchases just on the eve of their suspension, the aggregate amount of which is very considerable. There are also mentioned some cases of extreme hardship in which these purchases will have the effect of seriously injuring men of only moderate means. There are also loud complaints against the firm's mode of transacting business for a long time past. It is asserted by those who ought to know that they have been buying and selling recklessly, and that goods have been systematically sold at prices which involved a heavy loss, in order to prop up their failing credit, and of course injuring the firms in the city that were doing a legitimate trade. In addition to their iron trade, the firm carried on the Dominion paper mills at Kingsey Falls. This is said to be the only part of their business that has paid a profit, the amount realized for last year, it is said, being nearly $40,000. However this may be, and the profit is probably exaggerated, the general body of the creditors will not benefit anything by the mills as an asset, as they are mortgaged for all they are worth to capitalists in Glasgow, Scotland. A meeting of creditors will be held in a few days, when the affairs and transactions of the firm will be ventilated and thoroughly discussed. In the meantime it is only fair to an old-established house, whose credit has never been tarnished before, to suspend judgment until full statements and explanations are submitted for consideration.

The Printing Contract Scandal.

Meeting of the City Hall Committee.

At a meeting of the City Hall Committee this afternoon—present, Aldermen Robert in the chair, Dubuc, Holland, T. Wilson, Grenier and Gilman—Mr. Robb, the City Auditor, read the following reply to the charges against himself in Mr. Perrault's protest:—

City Auditor's Reply to Mr. Perrault's Charges.

1st Charge.—That item No. 52 in Auditor's report makes "Press-work".....$287.50

While the same item, calculated by Mr. Desbarats, shows only.. 54.38

Answer.—In the Specifications submitted for completion, item No. 52 reads as follows: "Presswork per 100 Impressions."

This phrase being a technicality of the Printing business, I had to ascertain what quantity it implied before I could proceed. In order to this I addressed a note to each of the tenderers asking for a definition. I supposed the same answer would be returned by each, but communicated with all to avoid the appearance of partiality.

Messrs. White and Senécal replied that it meant one hundred impressions of an eight-page form. Mr. Lovell, that it meant the equivalent of a hundred impressions of 20 pages, what is known in the trade as a "token," and that he had so assumed it. Mr. Perrault, that it meant a complete copy of any pamphlet or book of whatever size.

My object was not to give them the right to put such an interpretation as might suit themselves, but to ascertain what was its understood meaning in the trade; what any of them would have had the right to exact in the event of being awarded the contract. Finding, however, a difference of interpretation, I made further inquiry as to which was the most generally accepted.

For this purpose I visited several of the other printing establishments of the city, and soon became convinced that the words "Impressions" and "Tokens" were in equal use, and that their quantities were as above stated, while the interpretation of Mr. Perrault was universally repudiated.

It will be seen from this that I would have been justified in accepting Mr. Lovell's interpretation, and extending his tender on that basis, especially as his price was so much higher than Messrs. White and Senécal's (90c. to 10c. and 15c. respectively) as to afford strong proof of his assertion that it was "Tokens" he had in his mind while filling up his tender. As, however, two out of the four considered the eight-page form as the most generally accepted view, and it was necessary to place all on the same basis, I adopted it, giving Mr. Lovell the benefit of an explanation in my report to the Committee.

The difference, then, between the $287.50 as calculated by me and the $54.38 as made out by Mr. Desbarats, is that he has acted on Mr. Perrault's interpretation, while I have adopted the eight-page form.

2nd Charge.—That Auditor estimates

D. Demy paper 20 reams..... $140

While Mr. Desbarats shows that only 8½ reams..... 61

Answer.—In this case I obtained an estimate from Mr. Lovell, which showed that about 12 reams would be required for the Annual Reports alone. Mr. Senécal has furnished a statement which claimed about double that quantity for all the work, and Mr. Desbarats had certified 13½ reams for the Reports alone paid to Mr. Perrault in 1880.

In the face of these facts I considered 20 reams a very reasonable estimate to cover the reports, factums, special reports, &c., &c., and I think the Committee will agree with me.

How Mr. Desbarats assumes that 8½ reams will do what he certified 13½ reams for a portion (the greater portion, it is true) of, I leave that gentleman to explain.

3rd Charge.—That Auditor makes "Folding and Stitching per 100" come to..... $160

While Mr. Desbarats makes same item only..... 87

Answer.—The same explanation is applicable here, Mr. Desbarats assuming 100 copies, while I adhere to the eight-page form, —herewith I submit a certificate, signed by all the leading printers of the city, certifying to the correctness thereof:

We, the undersigned, Printers of the City of Montreal, hereby certify that we should consider the phrase "p. 100 impressions" in a specification for printing work as meaning one hundred impressions of an eight-page form (Demy 8vo).

The word "token," which is also a technicality of the trade and in equally general use, means two hundred and fifty impressions of an eight-page form (Demy 8vo).

The words "Folding and Stitching per 100" are understood in the same sense, viz: per 100 eight-page sheets (Demy 8vo).

D. BENTLEY & Co.
J. THEO. ROBINSON,
BERTHIAUME & SABOURIN.
J. M. PLINGUET.
BEAUCHEMIN & VALOIS.
LA CIE D'IMPRESSIONS CANADIENNE, F. Thibault, Gérant.
J. STEWART, Herald.
RICH. WHITE, Man. Director Gazette Printing Co.
BURLAND LITHOGRAPHIC CO., F. B. Daken, Secretary.
JOHN P. WHELAN, Post Printing and Publishing Co.
JOHN BEATTY, Manager, Mechanical Department, Witness office.
JOHN LOVELL & SON.
EUS. SENECAL.
MORTON, PHILLIPS & BULMER.
BECKET BROS.

4th Charge.—According to Auditor, Presswork of Charter would be..... $1171 00

While Mr. Desbarats shews it would only come to..... 25 00

Answer.—This is too ridiculous to call for serious refutation. It is based on the same assumption as No. 1, and claims that Mr. Perrault intended to do the presswork of 2,000 copies of the Charter for twenty-five dollars,—or in other words one and one quarter cents (1¼c.) per volume for a book of over 500 pages—and yet Mr. Perrault accuses me of partiality, against him because I declined to act on such statements as this.

Mr. Perrault sums up by claiming that these discrepancies represent a total difference of $5235.32 (five thousand two hundred and fifty-five dollars 32c.) to be deducted from my statement.

With reference to the first and fourth of these—both of which are presswork—I have shown that it is claimed on an hypothesis which is utterly untenable, and, therefore, cannot be admitted

With reference to the second, viz: estimated quantity of paper, I have shown that the quantity actually certified by Mr. Desbarats and paid for to Mr. Perrault last year was 14 reams for the Annual Reports alone, which shews that I have only provided a margin of 6 reams to cover any increase in these and such other work as may be required in that shape. This reduces the affair to a matter of 6 reams at the very outside, which, at Mr. Perrault's price of $7 per ream, would make only $42, or $252 in the six years.

But this is not all, Mr. Perrault forgets that the same quantity was charged in each case and that a corresponding diminution would have to be made on all the others, so that the only legitimate cause of complaint he could make against the insertion of an excessive quantity would be to the extent of the difference between their prices and his, and, as Mr. Perrault's price for this item was $7 and the others from $5 to $5.50, the entire difference could not exceed $12 a year.

With reference to the third, viz:—"Folding and Stitching," I have shewn that it is claimed on a basis equally at variance with the usual custom and acceptation of the trade, but that there exists evidences of his having so meant it, and, that if there was personal interpretation of any of the tenderers were admitted, this would have to be allowed, and the difference it would make would be substantially what he represents, viz: $373 a year.

5th Charge.—Submitting Mr. Perrault's tender to Mr. Lovell to look over all its prices.

Answer.—A great writer says that "a lie which is half a lie is ever the worst to meet"—the above statement belongs to this class.

It is not true that any of the tenderers had access to any tender except their own, and that only for the purpose of giving required explanations, until after my report was completed, signed, copied in the official Record Book, and ready for submission to the Committee, and when, practically, no result could follow any exposure of the Specifications.

At this point Mr. Senécal, hearing that Mr. Lovell's tender was declared to be the lowest, called and asked whether I had not included in my additions the item of binding of the Charter on the six years' aggregate instead of making a separate item of it for only one year, as had been done with the composition, press work and paper of it.

I at once recognized the oversight, and saw that Mr. Senécal was entitled to be credited with the difference between his price and Mr. Lovell's on that item, but as my report had been completed I conveyed the information to the Committee in a postscript, and fully explained its effects.

Mr. Lovell, on his part, having heard of the charge, called soon after and asked if I had any objections to allow him to inspect the two Specifications, for his own satisfaction on the point, and, seeing no good reason to refuse it, I allowed him to do so.

This, and this alone, is the ground of the above charge. But while it is true that none of the tenderers saw the tenders of the others in my presence or with my consent, or even asked for so unwarrantable a privilege, it is worthy of notice that Mr. Perrault, in his Protest, criticises the prices, explanations, alterations (so-called) in the tenders of Messrs. Senécal, White and Lovell, specifically alluding to a great many items by number and page, and pointing out the result of these as compared with his own.

It would be interesting to find out by what process of intuition Mr. Perrault became so familiar with them.

Finally.—Mr.

THE LOST BABY:

OR

MABEL'S LOVE.

CHAPTER III.—*Continued.*

So far as they had time or power to notice, the person to whom the frightful accident happened was a young man, well dressed, of gentlemanly appearance, and a stranger to both. How he had lost his footing it was vain at the moment to conjecture, but there he was sliding with sickening certainty down the bare, shingly slope, his weight dislodging the deep bed of stones which covered it, and sending a shower of them over the brink into the abyss below, where it seemed that in a moment or two he must inevitably follow. They saw him make an instinctive and desperate effort to regain his equilibrium, and digbis feet down among the loose stones to stay his progress, then breaking through the spell of horror which had seized them, Mabel exclaimed in a loud, piercing tone, "Oh, Ralph, help him! save him!" just as Ralph, uttering a frantic ejaculation, leapt to his feet with the instinctive impulse of doing what he could to avert the youth's destruction.

Just as Mabel's cry rang out like an echo to that which the falling man had uttered, the latter had by his efforts managed to stay his course. He was sunk nearly to the knees among the bed of stones, and had also planted his hands amongst them to obtain a firmer grasp, but it was evident he could not remain long in that position. He heard Mabel's cry and the words she uttered, and turned his face towards them in mute appeal. By this time Ralph was bounding toward the crag, Mabel following, her feet winged with terror and apprehension. In a minute or two they reached the place, and looking over the brink of the slope saw the youth in his perilous position within a few yards of them, yet so far as to be out of reach. Some people would have been stupid enough to ask him how it happened, with other questions, relevant enough but wofully mistimed; or worse still, might have added to the terror of the hapless one by descanting on the danger he was in, and likelihood of his destruction. Neither Ralph nor Mabel thought of wasting any time or inflicting agony in this thoughtless way. The horrible character of the stranger's situation was seen at a glance; there was no need for expressing it. Assistance was what was required, and that very promptly, or the need for it would be passed by the youth's fall over the precipice.

It took Mabel and Ralph but a moment to realize the nature and imminence of the danger, and observe what chance they had of averting it. Alas, that chance seemed small and attended with great risk to themselves. The stranger was able to maintain his position only by remaining perfectly still. If he made the least motion in an effort to extricate himself the stones began to slide from under him, and once the bed was fairly dislodged he would inevitably be carried away to certain death. The youth and two boulders were all conscious of this and though the conviction found no expression in words it did in their looks upon each other. As Mabel lay upon the brink of the slope, her beautiful face full of terror and pitiful anxiety, the face of the youth but three yards below was turned up to it, and they gazed at each other with an expression more communicative than words could have given. Even at that terrible moment Mabel noticed how handsome, noble and manly was the countenance that met her eye. It was very pale, but calm and self possessed; it expressed a realization of the magnitude of the danger without being panic-stricken or full of despair.

"Oh, Ralph," she moaned, "what is to be done?"

"Lady, I fear nothing can be done," said the stranger, in a low but distinct and unfaltering tone. "I am beyond the gentleman's reach and remain where I am only by keeping perfectly still. Even this won't avail me long, for I feel the stones are slowly yielding, and I expect to go every moment."

"Oh, God, is there no help to be found? Father of infinite mercy, save him, save him!" exclaimed the girl, in a voice of unparalleled earnestness, and with an upward look of imploring entreaty which seemed resistless.

"Bless you for that prayer, dear lady; but even Heaven can save me only by a miracle; and who am I to be the subject of special Divine interposition!" was the calm, grateful response. Then, after a moment's pause, he added, "If a rope could be thrown around me I might be drawn off this bed of shingle on to firmer ground."

There is no place within a mile and a half of this where a rope can be had," answered Ralph, speaking for the first time.

"Then I am doomed," said the youth, in a tone of settled conviction.

A moan of deepest anguish broke from Mabel's lips.

Though Ralph had been silent his mind had not been inactive. The spreading branches of an elm hung over the slope just above the spot where the youth was. The two lowest were out of his reach but Ralph, calculating with his eyes their thickness and length, saw that if either of them could be bent down it might be brought within grasping distance. The moment this thought struck him he leapt up the tree with the agility of a squirrel, and laid himself on the first branch, with the intention of swinging along it and bringing it down by his own weight. It was a terrible risk for him to run, for he was a man of fourteen stone, and the branch might not bear such a strain. If it broke his own life would be sacrificed. But Ralph was too generous and unselfish to hesitate.

"Stop, sir, for God's sake stop!" cried the youth, with a noble display of the same high qualities. "The branch is too slender to bear you." Mabel had the same fear, but she would not utter a word to dissuade Ralph from making the only possible attempt to save the stranger, and heedless of the latter's remonstrances, the Herculean fellow swung himself over the slope, holding on to the branch by his hands. At first the tough limb was but little affected by the strain; but as Ralph went out toward its extremity, it creaked and yielded in a way that made the blood stand at Mabel's heart, and brought another vehement injunction from the stranger for him to forbear.

"Fear not—it's elm. It won't break," called out Ralph, cheerily. "Be ready, catch it when it comes low enough."

Edward Marston—for he was the stranger who had got into such peril—could not, even in such a crisis, refrain from admiring the fearless generosity of this youthful giant, and made himself ready to second his efforts to the utmost by seizing the end of the branch the moment such a feat became practicable. But what was their dismay to find that when bent to the utmost it fell short of where Edward stood. At the nearest point it was a yard away, and even at this short distance the youth had not power to grasp it, for were he to make any moderately violent motion he and the stones would slide away altogether.

A heavy groan came from Ralph's deep chest, indicating his bitter vexation. Mabel, too uttered a wail of disappointment; but Edward still remained calm, though he knew that his doom was sealed. He had made an instinctive effort to reach the branch, and this was enough to set the stones in motion.

Mabel uttered a wild cry when she saw him begin to glide. Edward looked towards her with a wan smile. "Farewell," he murmured. "God's will be done."

In another instant he would have been over the precipice, but at this supreme moment of crisis Ralph swung himself to the very end of the branch.. This brought his feet upon the slope, and holding to the branch with one hand he was in time to grasp Edward's arm with the other and stay his descent.

Ralph's grasp was as firm as that of his own vice, and so long as he kept in it there was no fear that Edward would fall; but though a very strong fellow he was now in a position where his strength could not be put forth to draw Edward up. The latter had slid so far that Ralph's arms were too far extended to give him "purchase." He could hold where he was for a time, and so could Edward, but neither of them could do anything to change their position.

After all, the terrible character of the position did not seem to have improved. Mabel deemed that now both of them were lost, and wrung her hands in despair.

"Oh, Ralph—oh, my dear, dear Ralph, you too, will perish," she shrieked.

"Not so," cried Edward. "He can still return by the branch. Let me go, sir. You have done your utmost. Let me go and save yourself."

We verily believe that the brave, self-devoted nature of Ralph Esson's generosity would have kept him from preserving his own life at such a cost. To let the youth go, even to secure his own safety, would have seemed to him like murder, or at least like the mean act of a coward, and Ralph's nature abhorred cowardice above all things.

(To be continued.)

LATEST MAIL NEWS.

Scotland.

The rental of Argyll's 175,000 acres is $250,000 yearly.

A swindler at Kilmarnock has been reaping an harvest by means of bogus cheques.

A magnificent display of the aurora borealis was witnessed at Ayr a few days ago.

The Caledonian Canal is now clear of ice, and through navigation has been resumed.

So far the fishing season has been an unfortunate one for the Caithness fishermen.

The salmon fishing has commenced in Scotland, but the reports are not promising as yet.

A new trade has just sprung up in Scotland. They are raising Shetland ponies for exportation to America.

From all accounts sheep stock have survived the heavy snowfalls in Argyllshire better than was first expected.

Mr. Barlow's estimate of the total cost of rebuilding the Tay Bridge, at a height of 77 ft., amounts to £700,000.

H.M.S. gunboat "Firm" got aground in the Firth of Forth a few days ago, but was floated off without serious damage.

The Haugh lands at Dollar, Clackmannanshire, have been lately almost entirely flooded on account of a "spate" in the Devon.

A more hopeful feeling has for some time existed in the linen trade in Fifeshire, but the orders hitherto placed have not come up to expectations.

The gross revenue of the Glasgow Post-Office is about £230,000, and the total sum of money passing through the hands of the officers is £1,209,832.

The necessary arrangements for the erection of the new railway bridge over the Forth at Stirling by the North British Railway Company are now complete.

There has been a very considerable improvement in the despatch of vessels from Clyde to the African coast during the year 1880, when the tonnage was over 14,000.

Mr. Wm. MacLeish, City Clerk, has left Perth for London to consult with Mr. Wm. Robertson, the Parliamentary Solicitor for the city, regarding the Tay Bridge.

The present "Spring" tides have been unusually high in the Firth of Forth. The tide guage at Granton registered 30 and 29 feet respectively at high water recently.

The Scotch herring fisheries were a great success last year, surpassing all previous seasons and amounting to 1,500,000 barrels, worth about $7,000,000 for the cured product.

A collection of oil paintings was put up for sale in Glasgow the other day. The collection includes nearly 800 pictures, which had been gathered by Mr. Bell at a cost of £200,000.

As a white fishing crew were proceeding to sea from Berwick a short time since they observed that each other's ears and noses were frostbitten. They at once applied the usual remedies, and lost no time in making for home.

The Rev. Henry White, the popular and energetic Chaplain of the Savoy, desires to obtain funds for the erection of a suitable monument to Gawen Douglas, the famous Bishop of Dunkeld, who is buried beneath the chancel of his chapel.

Shipbuilding on the Clyde was unusually active last year. Two hundred and forty-one vessels of all kinds were launched, of a total of fully 239,000 tons, an excess of 71,000 tons over 1879. Their marketable value represents an outlay of about $30,000,000.

A Kincardineshire man was expressing to his minister the high opinion he had of his personal values, and wound up his eulogy by saying, "An' I always and specially liket your sterling independence, sir; I hae aye said, sir, that ye neither fear God nor man!"

There is no hope of saving the remnant of the Solway viaduct, injured during the late floods. Forty spans have already fallen, and many pillars are broken in the part still standing. The central fragment of the viadnct is so ricketty that it was expected to fall any moment.

Carding would seem to most persons a most unpleasant discipline, for it consists of passing an agricultural instrument bristling with sharp nails along the back of the victim, but when it was explained to a Scotch member, he almost cried because his estates were not situated in Ireland.

The north-east corner of Scotland appears very prolific in the production of heroes for Dr. Smiles to write his charming biographies on. We have had Edward, the Banff naturalist; Dick, the Thurso baker and geologist; and now we have John Duncan, the Alford weaver and botanist.

Duncan, the famous botanist, has presented to the Aberdeen University a herbarium containing 1,131 specimens of British flora, which he had gathered and preserved during the last fifty years of his life. These he gave, for he would not, to use his own words, "barter them for heaps of gold."

Speaking of the paintings at the Glasgow Fine Art Institute, the *Herald* says:—"It seems as if Scottish art had fallen away from the splendid effort of Wilkie, Duncan, Lauder, Harvey, Faed, and had little other purpose but the reproduction of landscape without story, without even artistic suggestion."

An ice "shove" took place in the Clyde recently. Many of the blocks were some yards square, and from six to twelve inches in thickness. The grand sight was witnessed by a large number of people who had assembled on the banks of the Glasgow bridge, some of whom had been watching all day to enjoy the wild spectacle.

The Ulster Steam Packet Company, who have a large fleet of steamers sailing to the Continent during the summer, are making arrangements for having direct steam communication weekly from Stornoway, Barra, and other fishing ports in the Long Island, during the ensuing herring fishing season, to Hamburg, Stettin and St. Petersburg.

A deputation of Scotch members waited upon the Premier lately to urge the appointment of a Minister to represent Scotch affairs in the House of Commons. Mr. Gladstone stated that the present was not a favorable time for making such a proposal, as all the expectations of the Government with regard to public business had been frustrated.

The following conversation, which was overheard in the streets of an adjacent village, indicates the rapid progress of education in the neighborhood of Galashiels, as well as the keen interest taken by the rising generation in meteorology: First little girl—"But div ye ken what blaws the wund i'" Second little girl—"Aye, I ken fine; it's the Yankees."

Bankruptcy, says a correspondent, is unknown amongst Orkney farmers, I am told, and the amount of money deposited by them and the "peerie lairds" in the different banks at Kirkwall, Stromness, and St. Margaret's Hope seems almost incredible—nearly a million sterling! During four months knocking about pretty well all through the islands I never once saw a barefooted man, woman, or child, nor was I once accosted by a beggar.

A young Airdrie-Lanarkshire girl of fifteen, who has been allowed full indulgence in her taste for good novels, made a precocious estimate of the comparative depth of insight into the character of Dickens and George Eliot, while the family were discussing the all-prevailing theme: "When you read Dickens," she said, "you say, 'How like somebody you don't know very well;' but when you read George Eliot you say, 'How like me.'"

A series of extraordinary outrages is reported from Edinburgh. At an early hour the other evening Mr. Robert Veitch, a commercial traveller, was pounced upon by two men in the Queens-ferry road, and being near his home he raised an alarm, and brought the members of his family to his assistance. The men fired revolvers, and Mr. Veitch was wounded in the head, his sister was shot in the neck and right leg, and his father had some of his clothes shot through. A little later a Mr. Dick was attacked and robbed by two men, supposed to be the assailants of the Veitch family, and afterwards a vanman was maltreated and plundered.

Davitt's Ticket-of-Leave.

The following is a copy of Michael Davitt's ticket-of-leave, signed by the Right Hon. R. A. Cross, the Home Secretary, and Sir E. F. DuCane, Chairman of the Directors of Convict Prisons:

(Royal Arms.)

Order of License to a Convict made under the Statutes 16 *and* 17 *Vict., C.* 99, *S.* 9, *and* 27 *and* 28 *Vict., C.* 47, *S.* 4.

WHITEHALL, 19th day of December, 1877.

Her Majesty is graciously pleased to grant to Michael Davitt, who was convicted of treason felony at the Central Criminal Court, holden in the city of London, on the 20th day of July, 1870, and was then and there sentenced to be kept in penal servitude for the term of 15 years, and is now confined in Dartmoor Prison, her royal license to be at large from the day of his liberation under this order, during the remaining portion of his said term of penal servitude, unless the said Michael Davitt shall, before the expiration of the said term, be convicted of some indictable offence within the United Kingdom, in which case such license will be immediately forfeited by law, or unless it shall please Her Majesty sooner to revoke or alter such license. This license is given subject to the conditions endorsed upon the same, upon the breach of any of which it shall be liable to be revoked, whether such breach is followed by a conviction or not. And Her Majesty orders that the said Michael Davitt be set at liberty within thirty days from the date of this order.

This license will be forfeited if the holder does not observe the following conditions:

The holder shall preserve this license, and produce it when called upon to do so by a magistrate or police officer. He shall abstain from any violation of the law. He shall not habitually associate with notoriously bad characters, such as reputed thieves and prostitutes. He shall not lead an idle and dissolute life without visible means of obtaining an honest livelihood. If his license is forfeited or revoked, in consequence of a conviction for any offence, he will be liable to undergo a term of penal servitude equal to the portion of his term of fifteen years which remain unexpired when his license was granted.—*London Telegraph.*

Trade and Commerce.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

STAR OFFICE, March. 3.

During the week, now at an end, the trade movement has been barely up to its former standard, which is due to the unsettled state of the weather, and the breaking up of the country roads. The prospects of an early opening of navigation are still good and an unusually active summer season may be looked forward to with certainty.

DRY GOODS.—The broken weather of the past few days has interfered more or less with our city retail trade, which, up to about this date, has been actively employed. Stocks generally in the hands of retailers are lower for winter goods than they have been for some years at this season. Our wholesale friends continue to be well engaged in the execution of back orders, and generally speaking, all those with whom we have come in contact appear to be well satisfied with the spring trade done so far. Remittances have dropped off somewhat, which is, no doubt, caused by traders accumulating their funds for the purpose of meeting notes falling due on the 4th inst. During the week the extensive city firm of A. Prevost & Co. were open to receive tenders for $30,000 worth of dry goods, as they intend to pay particular attention to another branch of their business. We understand they received satisfactory responses from both Montreal and Toronto houses. Prices of all kinds of goods are firm, and cottons are on the upward turn.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Advices received by cable within the last few days, offering goods and accepting previous orders would seem to indicate that the market in some lines is easier. Bi-carbonate is now worth £9 5s and £9 10s, as against £9 15s a short time since. Quinine and opium are both in light stock here, and firm. The rise in the former article appears to be due wholly to speculation, as the stock of bark is one third greater than at this period last year. The strike in the Lancashire districts, though not yet over, will probably end soon. The Newcastle men, who took advantage of the trouble to enhance the cost of goods, are showing a disposition to come to terms. We quote:—Aloes, Cape, 16c to 17c; alum, $1.85 to 2; Borax, 15c to 17c; castor oil, 10c to 11c; caustic soda, $2.50 to 2.75; soda ash, $1.75 to 2; cream tartar, 32c to 35c; epsom salts, $1.25 to 1.40; extract logwood, 9c to 9½c bulk; indigo Madras, 85c to $1; madder, 12½c to 13½c; opium, $8.25 to 8.50; oxalic acid, 13c to 15c; potash iodide, $3.50 to 3.60; quinine, $3.60 to 3.70; bleaching powder, $1.50 to 1.75.

FRUIT.—No change whatever. Currants are held firm at 6½c to 7½c. Valencias, 8½c to 9c; Layers, $2.30 to $2.40; London Layers, $2.85 to $2.95; Loose muscatel, box, $2.40 to $2.50; Sultanas, 10½c; Seedless, 9½c to 10½; Prunes, 6c to 6½c; Malaga Figs, 6c to 7c; H S Almonds, 6c to 7c; S S Tarragons, 13c to 15c; Walnuts, French, ½c to 10c; Filberts, 8½c to 9c.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.—No change. Syrups—Bright, 70c to 72c; Medium, 65c to 68c; Fair, 58c to 62c. Molasses—Barbadoes, 54c to 57c; Trinidad, 46c to 50c; Sugar House, 35c to 37c.

CHEMICALS are rather easier.

SPICES.—Bear no evidence of life, and holders continue firm even in face of this. Pepper. Black is strong at 13c to 16c. White at 20c to 23c. White Pepper, 16½c to 17½c; Cassia, per lb., 15c to 18c; Mace, 90c to $1; Cloves, 40c to 50c; Jamaica Ginger bl, 22c to 28c; Jamaica Ginger, unbl, 17c to 21c; African, 10c to 11c; Pimento 16c to 17c; Pepper, 13c to 14c; Mustard, 4 lb. jars, 19c to 20c; Mustard, 1 lb. jars, 24c to 25c; Nutmegs, unlimed, 85c to 95c; limed, 90c to $1.

COFFEES.—More active. Green Mocha, per lb, 30c to 38c; Java, 23c to 28c; Maracaibo, 21c to 23c; Cape, 19c to 20c; Jamaica, 18c to 20c; Rio, 18c to 20c; Singapore and Ceylon, 22c to 27c; Chicory, 12c to 12½c.

GROCERIES.—The week has been rather quiet in this branch of trade, and outside of what orders are coming in from travellers, no special sales are reported.

TEAS.—Show no change whatever and prices remain in buyers favor. Japan, common, 22½c to 25c; good common to medium, 27c to 30c; fair to good, 34c to 40c; fine to choice, 41c to 53c; Nagasaki, 25c to 35c; Young Hyson, firsts, 48c to 55c; seconds, 38c to 45c; thirds, 30c to 35c; fourths, 27½c to 29c; gunpowder, low grades, 38c to 40c; good to fine, 50c to 60c; finest, 65c to 70c; Imperial, medium to good, 33c to 38c; fine to finest, 45c to 65c; Twankey, common to good, 29c to 32c; Oolong, common, 35c to 37c; good to choice, 40c to 65c; Congou, common, 26c to 32c; medium to good, 33c to 40c; fine to finest, 41c to 60c; Souchong, common, 28c to 30c; medium to good, 33c to 45c; fine to choice, 50c to 70c.

SUGARS.—Prices are steady at the reduction. Granulated, 9½c to 10c; crystallized, 9½c to 9¾c; grocers' A, 9¼c to 9½c; bright yellow, 8¾c to 9c; medium, 8c to 8¼c; fair, 7½c to 7¾c; dark, 7½c to 7¾c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Most of the factories are still full of orders, and there is nothing new to report beyond the fact that several manufacturers are running short of raw material and have had to enter the market for leather. We quote:—Men's Thick Boots Wax, $2.25 to 2.75; do Split do, $1.60 to 2.25; do Kip Boots, $2.75 to 3.25; do Calf Boots, pegged, $3.00 to 3.75; do Kip Brogans, $1.35 to 1.40; do Split do, $0.90 to 1.10; do Buff Congress, $1.50 to 2.00; do Buff Oxford Ties, $1.50 to 1.75; do Split do, $1.00 to 1.35; Prunella Congress, $1.20 to 1.50; Women's Pebbled and Buff Bals, $1.00 to 1.40; do Split do, 90c to $1.10; do Prunella do, 50c to $1.50; do Inferior do, 45c to 50c; do Cong do, 50c to $1.25; do Buskins do, 60c to 80c; Misses' Pebbled and Buff Bals, 90c to $1.10; do Split do, 75c to 90c.

LEATHER.—Dealers report that they are experiencing only a moderate demand for the season of the year. We quote without change: Hemlock Spanish Sole, No. 1, 25c to 26c; do, No. 2, 23c to 24c; Buffalo Sole, No. 1, 22c to 23c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; Hemlock Slaughter, 26c to 29c; Waxed Upper, light and medium, 39c. to 42c; Waxed Upper, heavy, 36c, to 40c; Grained Upper, 33c to 42c; Splits large, 27c, to 32c; do, small, 24c to 27c; Calfskins, 55c to 75c; Sheepskin Linings, 40c to 50c; Harness, 37c to 34c; Rough Leather, 30c to 31c; Buff, 15c to 17c; Pebbled, 14c to 16.

IRON AND HARDWARE.—The market has rarely been so unsettled as it is at present, and it is deemed impossible to give a correct range of values. It is not expected that the failure of the Messrs. Currie will seriously affect the standing of any firms in this city, as most of the debts were contracted abroad. Pig iron moves very slowly here, and at low prices, stocks being heavy. Some large business was reported in pig lead and iron pipes, owing to the alteration in the tariff, but the demand for these has now subsided. Late advices report a decided improvement in British and Continental iron markets, which is due largely to activity in railroad building. In many cases furnaces and works are sold for from three to six months ahead.

HOPS.—The nominal range of prices is from 18c to 25c, but we have no sales on which to base an opinion, and with very few buyers in the market all of whom are interested in keeping their operations to themselves, it is impossible to give "a regular and a fair report," as suggested by a correspondent, or in fact any at all just now. We believe, however, that a limited demand exists at the range quoted above.

RAW FURS.—Market quiet. Winter Musk Rat, 12c; do, Fall, 6c; kitts, 3c; Red Fox, $1 to 1.25; Cross Fox, $2 to 3; Silver Fox, $25 to 30; Lynx, $1 to 1.50; Marten, 75c to $1; Otter, $8 to 10; Mink, prime dark, $1 to 1.25; Beaver, $2.50; Bear, large prime, $6 to 8; do, small, $4 to 5; do, cubs, $2 to 4; Fisher, $5 to 6; Skunk, black, 25c to 50c; Raccoon, 40c to 60.

HIDES.—There is a fair demand for green butchers hides at $9 to $8 and $7 per 100 lbs. for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Sheepskins are steady at $1.05 to $1.10. Calfskins, 10c. per lb.

PETROLEUM.—There is a fair demand and prices are moving at quotations. We quote 24½c to 24¾c per Imperial gallon for car lots; 25c to 25½c per broken lots, and 26c to 27c for single barrels.

FISH.—A demand for the present use is experienced by the wholesale dealers, which, of course, exceeds what has been experienced for some time past. Prices are as follows: Labrador Herring has advanced to $5.25 to 5.50; Dry Cod is quoted at $4.25 to 4.50; Salmon, 1, 2 and 3, $16.50, $17.50 and $16.50. Other kinds are unchanged.

WOOL.—The market continues quiet and no large quantities are reported to have changed hands. We quote:—Cape, 18½c to 19c; Canada pulled, A super, 34c to 35c, B super, 32c to 33c, and unassorted, 30c.

Advertising itself wherever it goes by its wondrous and gratifying effects which it produces, that sterling medicinal preparation, THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, is winning "golden opinions" in all parts of the United States. Testimonials constantly pour in demonstrating its superlative efficacy, in a manner as pleasing to its proprietors as it must be convincing to those who read it in the public prints, those evidences of its popularity and genuine worth. Never was there a remedy which received ampler and more satisfactory endorsements; never was there one which better deserved it. IT IS A TRIED REMEDY. Experience has demonstrated that it *not only relieves, but eradicates* the most obstinate coughs, sore throat of a malignant type, catarrh of long standing, rheumatism, neuralgia, stiffness and lameness of the back, muscles and joints, piles and kidney troubles, external hurts and sores and other bodily troubles, as well as many of the disorders peculiar to horses and cattle. That it cures *in every instance*, is not pretended, but that, if systematically used, and the malady susceptible of being remedied, *it will remedy it*, is a fact amply established. Sold by all dealers. Price 25 cents.

Prepared only by NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Two Hundred and Forty-four Miles of Stove Polish.

Messrs. Morse Bros., of Canton, Mass., are now making large shipments of "The Rising Sun" Stove Polish to London, England. Their labor-saving machinery enables them to overcome the difference in cost of labor, and compete successfully with European manufacturers. Their goods have now been sold in the United States for sixteen years, and in the Maritime Provinces for ten years. The sale of "The Rising Sun" Stove Polish in the United States, Canada, Great Britain and Sandwich Islands in 1880 reached the enormous quantity of 724 tons, 3,864,528 packages. As the cakes are four inches long, the product of 1880, placed in a line, would extend two hundred and forty-four miles. Each package of the genuine bears their long established trade-mark—a picture of the rising sun—registered in the United States, England and Canada. The trade and consumers are especially cautioned against dangerous imitations in the market of their long-established trade mark, a picture of the rising sun, by which unprincipled manufacturers are seeking to reap the advantage of the great reputation and superior quality of the genuine article. Their Montreal agents are Messrs. Lyman, Sons & Co., wholesale druggists.

Insurance.

ROYAL INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
FUNDS INVESTED, nearly	23,000,000
INVESTED IN CANADA FOR PROTECTION OF CANADIAN POLICY HOLDERS, NEARLY	600,000

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

Fire insurances accepted on the most favorable terms

Life business transacted in all its branches.

M. H. GAULT,
W. TATLEY,
Agents.

234x

Legal Notices.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 1006.

Montreal, the Eighth Day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-one.

BE IT KNOWN, that the City of Montreal, a body politic and corporate, duly incorporated, and having their chief place of business in Montreal, by their petition filed this day under number 1006, and granted by the Honorable Beaubien Carom, one of the Judges of this Court, pray for the sale of an immovable situated in this district, and described in the said petition as follows, to wit: A certain lot or emplacement, situated in the St. Antoine Ward of lot aforesaid containing 45,000 feet, English measure, more or less, and described as follows: "A certain lot or emplacement, situated in the St. Antoine Ward of lot "City of Montreal, being composed of lots Q. R. S. T. U. "V. W. X. of the sub-division of lot No. 1813 on the "official plan and book of reference for the said St. Antoine Ward, prepared for registration purposes, containing about forty-five thousand feet, English measure, more or less, but without warranty as to special measurement, and bounded as follows, viz., in front by a lane in common, in rear by a portion of lot No. 1802, on one side towards the north-west by a portion of lot No. 1815, and on the other side towards the south-east by a lane leading westward from University street, without any buildings thereon erected."

Petitioners alleging that there is actually due to them, as and for taxes and assessments accrued upon said property, in and for the years 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879 and 1880, the sum of eight hundred and thirty-nine dollars and seventy-five cents currency; and the costs and further sum of one hundred and thirty-five dollars and twenty-five cents for interest at the rate of six per centum per annum upon said yearly assessments respectively, from the first of November of the year in which the same accrued, to the seventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, under and by virtue of the Provincial Act 42 and 43 Vic., Chap. 53; said different sums united forming the total sum of nine hundred and seventy-five dollars, for the payment of which the said Petitioners have a legal privilege upon the property above described.

The Petitioners further alleging that the last proprietor known of the said immoveable was one Mrs. Robert Mitchell, of this city, and that the actual proprietor is uncertain and unknown.

NOTICE IS THEREFORE GIVEN to the actual proprietor of the said immoveable to present himself and appear before this Court within two months from the date of the fourth publication of these presents, to be inserted once a week during four consecutive weeks, in a newspaper printed in the French language, and in a newspaper printed in the English language, in the City of Mon real, to answer to the demand of the said Petitioners; failing which the said immoveable shall be sold by decree, according to law and with the usual formalities in such case, to the end that out of the net proceeds of the sale the said Petitioners be paid the sum of nine hundred and seventy-five dollars, with interest thereon from the said seventh day of February, 1881, together with costs.

HUBERT, HONEY & GENDRON, P.S.C.

[To be inserted on the 17th and 24th February instant, and on the 3rd and 10th March next.] 39

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.—No. 587, SUPERIOR COURT. Dame Margaret Madenan, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Maxime Laferte, of the same place, trader, and duly authorized *en justice* for the the purposes of this action, Plaintiff, vs. the said Maxime Laferte, Defendant.

An action for separation of property has been instituted in this cause. Montreal, 24th February, 1881. DUNLOP & LYMAN, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 50 27

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.—SUPERIOR COURT.—Marie Felix, Plaintiff, vs. Antoine Rasenau, Defendant.—An action *en opposition de biens* has been taken in this cause. J. L. N. GUINDON, Attorney for the Plaintiff. Montreal, 24th February, 1881. 50 26

Medicines, &c

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The Great Blood Purifier.

CHANGES AS SEEN AND FELT, AS THEY DAILY OCCUR, AFTER USING A FEW DOSES.

1. Good spirits, disappearance of weakness, languor, melancholy, increase and hardiness of flesh and muscles, etc.

2. Strength increases, appetite improves, relish for food, no more sour eructations of waterbrash, good digestion, calm and undisturbed sleep, awaken fresh and vigorous.

3. Disappearance of spots, blotches, pimples; the skin looks clear and healthy; the urine changed from its turbid and cloudy appearance to a clear cherry or amber color; water passes freely from the bladder through the urethra without pain or scalding; little or no sediment; no pain or weakness.

4. Marked diminution of quantity and frequency of involuntary weakening discharges (if afflicted in that way), with certainty of permanent cure. Increased strength exhibited in the secreting glands, and functional harmony restored to the several organs.

5. Yellow tinge on the white of the eyes, and the swarthy, saffron appearance of the skin changed to a clear, lively and healthy color.

6. Those suffering from weak or ulcerated lungs or tubercles will realize great benefit in expectorating freely the tough phlegm or mucus from the lungs, air cells, bronchi or windpipe, throat or head; diminishing the frequency of cough; general increase of strength throughout the system; stoppage of night sweats and pains and feelings of weakness around the ankles, legs, shoulders, etc., cessation of cold and chills, sense of suffocation, hard breathing and paroxysm of cough on lying down or arising in the morning. All these distressing symptoms gradually and surely disappear.

7. As day after day the SARSAPARILLIAN is taken new signs of returning health will appear; as the blood improves in purity and strength, disease will diminish, and all foreign and impure deposits, nodes, tumors, cancers, hard lumps, etc., will be resolved away, and the sound made sound and healthy; ulcers, fever sores, chronic skin diseases gradually disappear.

8. In cases where the system has been salivated, and Mercury, Quicksilver, Corrosive Sublimate have accumulated and become deposited in the bones, joints, etc., causing caries of the bones, rickets, spinal curvatures, contortions, white swellings, varicose veins, etc., the SARSAPARILLIAN will resolve away these deposits and exterminate the virus of the disease from the system.

9. If those who are taking these medicines for the cure of Chronic Scrofulous diseases, however slow may be the cure, "feel better," and find their general health improving, their flesh and weight increasing or even keeping its own, it is a sure sign that the cure is progressing. In these diseases the patient either gets better or worse—the virus of the disease is not inactive; if not arrested and driven from the blood, it will spread and continue to undermine the constitution. As soon as the SARSAPARILLIAN makes the patient "feel better," every hour you will grow better and increase in health, strength and flesh.

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In chronic cases of Leucorrhœa and Uterine diseases.

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ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

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DYSENTERY; DIARRHŒA, CHOLERA MORBUS, FEVER AND AGUE,

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Looseness, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus or Painful Discharges from the Bowels are stopped in 15 or 20 minutes by taking Radway's Ready Relief. No connection or inflammation, no weakness or inactitude, will the use of the R. R. Relief.

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that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM 1 TO 20 MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant ease.

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The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Thirty to sixty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Sprains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all internal Pains.

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A Vegetable Substitute for Calomel.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, mineral or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness of weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinkings or Flutterings in the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of Radway's Pills will free the system from all of the above-named disorders.

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