

FURTHER NOTABLE GAINS BY THE BRITISH AND FRENCH ARMIES DESPITE BAD WEATHER



Patronized by H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.
FRESH FISH.—This week we offer the following variety, but regret to be unable to give the prices, as invoice was delayed.

Fresh Salmon, Fresh Butter Fish, Fresh Jack Shad, Fresh Fancy Smelts, Fresh White Perch, Fresh Mackerel, Fresh Striped Bass, Fresh Scallops, Fresh Lemon Sole, Fresh Flounders, Fresh Portland Haddock, Bonned Haddies, Fresh Bay Halibut, Fresh Scrod.

See our Display and be Tempted.

A. GRENIER

Phones: 1247 and 1248.

84 and 86 ST. JOHN ST.

NATIONALISTS WON'T INJURE GOVERNMENT IN WAR ACTIVITY

Protest Against Refusal to Publish Sinn Fein Court Martial Proceedings.

WELCOME AN ELECTION.

John Dillon and Joseph Devlin Lead Discussion in British Commons.

London, March 20.—Protesting in the House of Commons tonight against the government's refusal to publish the proceedings of the court martial of the members of the Sinn Fein in Dublin, thus violating former Premier Asquith's pledge, John Dillon, one of the Nationalist leaders, who also referred to the recent statement of Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, regarding a settlement of the Irish question, and a general election, said the Nationalists would not injure the government in the prosecution of the war.

But there were other ways, Mr. Dillon said, of punishing the government, which had let itself loose in Ireland. The Nationalists would welcome a general election and would oppose the bill for a prolongation of the present parliament, in order to force an election. If Mr. Bonar Law raised anti-Irish feeling in London he would find the Irish could fight as well, and many things would come out of the situation that the honorable gentleman and his friends would not like.

Irishmen, continued Mr. Dillon, would ask what were the relations between the Ulster leaders and Baron Kuhlmann, who was in Ulster before the war and what about the despatch sent by Kuhlmann to Berlin, on the receipt of which the Emperor determined to go on with the war. An anti-Irish election in England, Mr. Dillon concluded, would cause a disturbance which would spread throughout the Empire and to America.

Henry Edward Duke, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in defending the government, denied that there was any specific pledge to publish the report of the court martial, and said that in view of the grave situation in Ireland the government had decided that publication of it would be prejudicial to the welfare of the country and might lead to disorder and bloodshed in Ireland.

Joseph Devlin, Nationalist, supporting Mr. Dillon, declared the Chief Secretary for Ireland was being terrorized by the reactionaries of Dublin Castle. If the government precipitated elections, Mr. Devlin added, he wished them joy in the result. The government could not assail Irishmen at home without assailing the gallant men fighting its battles at the front, Mr. Devlin concluded.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

Boston:—Pomeranian, Glasgow.

HON. P. E. BLONDIN HAS RESIGNED TO JOIN THE COLORS

The Postmaster-General Has Offered His Services For Overseas Duty.

CABLED TO BORDEN.

Sir Edward Kemp Will Ask Former Minister to Recruit Battalion.

Ottawa, Mar. 20.—Hon. P. E. Blondin, Postmaster-General, has tendered his resignation. Sir George Foster has cabled the same to Sir Robert Borden.

Mr. Blondin has resigned for the purpose of enlisting in the overseas forces. He has written a letter to the Minister of Militia and Defence in the following terms:

"Ottawa, Ont., March 20th, 1917.
"Dear Sir Edward:—

"I must inform you that I have put my resignation as Postmaster-General in the hands of the acting Premier in order to offer my services in the overseas forces. I am willing to put myself at your orders and consequently I apply for enlistment in the overseas forces of Canada."

Yours truly,

(Signed)

"P. E. BLONDIN."

Sir Edward Kemp proposes to ask Mr. Blondin to recruit a battalion for service at the front as a part of the Canadian expeditionary force.

GERMAN AMERICANS WILL BE LOYAL

SIR SAM HUGHES BELIEVES
MAJORITY WOULD DIE FOR
THE U. S.

Boston, Mar. 20.—General Sir Sam Hughes speaking at a patriotic dinner of the Boston Chamber of Commerce tonight, expressed the belief that ninety nine per cent of the German Americans in this country would support a declaration of war against their fatherland and would die for the cause of human liberty under the colors of the United States.

"It is to the honor of the British fleet," the former Minister of Militia asserted, "that the Star Spangled Banner flies over your land tonight."

After referring to the overthrow of the Russian government, General Hughes said the autocracies of Germany and Austria must be abolished to insure the future peace of the world.

FOURTEEN ADDITIONAL VILLAGES HAVE BEEN ENTERED BY THE BRITISH WHO ARE NOW WITHIN TWELVE MILES AND THE FRENCH CAVALRY WITHIN FOUR AND A HALF MILES FROM ST. QUENTIN—FRENCH HAVE ALSO RE-OCCUPIED CONSIDERABLE TERRITORY BETWEEN THE SOMME AND THE AISNE.

Despite bad weather and almost insuperable conditions of terrain effected by the devastation wrought by the Germans in their retreat, both the British and French armies in France have made further notable gains.

Fourteen additional villages have been entered by the British forces from Arras southward to Ham and they have passed the general line of Canizy, Estree-En-Chaussee, Nurlu, Velu and St. Leger. The forward march beyond Estree-En-Chaussee, places the British troops within 12 miles of St. Quentin.

On their part of the line, however, the French have thrown their cavalry to within four and a half miles of St. Quentin and also have re-occupied considerable territory between the Somme and the Aisne. Paris reports that the losses of the French troops in their pursuit of the Germans have been insignificant.

Berlin in its official communication says that in the retreat of the Germans they have rendered the field selected for the coming engagement with the Entente forces useless from a military standpoint, having rendered everything unserviceable which could have been of advantage for their operations. A high German military authority told The Associated Press that the manoeuvre of the Germans had ended the plans of the Entente for their spring offensive and that from strong new positions the Germans will give battle to the British and French as they come across the devastated battlefield.

From none of the other fronts has there come a report chronicling particularly sanguinary engagements. There has been an increase in the outpost skirmishes in Russia. In Macedonia and north of Monastir the French War Office reports the capture of Teutonic Allied positions, nine machine guns and 1,200 prisoners. The Berlin War Office, however, says all the French attacks here have been without result.

On the Austro-Italian front the usual artillery duels and minor infantry operations are still in progress.

Nothing new has come through concerning the operations against the Turks by the Russians in Asia Minor and Persia and by the British in Mesopotamia.

Berlin reports the sinking in the Mediterranean Monday by a German submarine of a French battleship of the Danton class. This class of vessel displace 18,028 tons and carry 681 officers and men.

BRITISH STATEMENT.

London, March 20.—"Despite the less favorable weather conditions," says the official report from British headquarters in France tonight, "we made considerable progress again today along the greater part of the front of our advance south of Arras, and a further fourteen villages have been cleared of the enemy."

"Our troops have now passed the general line of Canizy, Estree-En-Chaussee, Nurlu, Velu and St. Leger."

"Our machine gun fire drove off an enemy attempt to counter-attack south of Arras. We successfully raided last night north-east of Neuville-St. Vaast and brought back a few prisoners."

"Bombs were dropped yesterday by our airplanes with good results on an important enemy ammunition depot. In the air fights one German machine was brought down in flames; two others were driven down completely out of control. Three of our airplanes are missing, two of which are known to have been brought down by hostile anti-aircraft guns."

FRENCH STATEMENT.

Paris, March 20.—French cavalry has advanced to within about four and a half miles of St. Quentin, one of the larger towns believed to be strongly defended by the Germans. Further progress by the French is reported in the official statement of the War Office issued tonight, and considerable territory has been re-occupied between the Somme and the Aisne.

The French have occupied Tergnier, an important railroad junction on the line between Aimeux and Rheims and have crossed the St. Quentin canal.

French aviators report the destruction by the Germans of the historic ruins of Coucy-Le-Chateau, one of the most striking monuments of the feudal ages in Europe, built early in the 13th century.

The French War Office officially announces that in evacuating Noyon the Germans carried away by force fifty young girls ranging in age from fifteen to twenty-five years. The text of the statement reads:

"From the Somme to the Aisne our troops, while making new progress occupied the reconquered zone."

"North of the Somme our cavalry pushed forward as far as the outskirts of Koupy, about seven kilometres from St. Quentin, where they gave chase to German cavalry patrols."

"North-east of Chauny our infantry occupied Tergnier today and crossed the canal of St. Quentin. Several lively skirmishes with enemy detachments ended to our advantage."

"In the course of this pursuit extending over several days we have suffered quite insignificant losses on the entire front. Everywhere in our advance we have been able to observe proven vandalism and systematic destruction carried out by the enemy, which for the greater part was of no military value."

"This afternoon our aviators reported that the historic ruins of Coucy-Le-Chateau have been destroyed by an explosion."

"Evacuating Noyon, the enemy carried off by force fifty young girls, from fifteen to twenty-five years of age."

"The day was relatively calm on the rest of the front."

Belgian communication: "The artillery duel was less intense than on preceding days because of the bad weather, which hampered all artillery activity."

TO SETTLE THE IRISH QUESTION

MAY CALL CONFERENCE INCLUDING REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DOMINIONS.

London, March 20.—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer informed the House of Commons today that the government is considering the advisability of calling a conference, including representatives of the Dominions, to formulate a settlement of the Irish situation.

FRENCH BATTLESHIP IS REPORTED SUNK

BERLIN MAINTAINS VESSEL OF DANTON CLASS VICTIM OF SUBMARINE.

Berlin, March 20, via Sayville.—A French battleship of the Danton class was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean yesterday, the Admiralty announced today.

The Admiralty statement reads: "A German submarine, commanded by Lieut. Captain Morait, on March 19, in the western Mediterranean, sank a large French battleship of the Danton class, protected by destroyers."

"The battleship was running a zig zag course. Immediately after being hit she listed heavily and capsized 45 minutes later."

There are five battleships of the Danton class, in addition to the name ship, the others being the Mirabeau, the Diderot, the Condorcet, the Vergniaud and the Voltaire. All except the Vergniaud were completed in 1909, she having been finished in 1910. Ships of the class have a length of 481 feet, beam of 84 feet and draft 27.5 feet. Their armament consists of four 12-inch guns, twelve 9.4-inch guns, sixteen 2.9-inch guns, ten 3-pounders and two torpedo tubes, submerged. They average about 19.5 knots in speed. Their displacement is 18,028 tons and the complement consists of 681 officers and men.

The Weather

Toronto, Mar. 20.—Light snow has fallen today in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence valleys. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fair.

Temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	20	20
Prince Rupert	30	36
Victoria	36	42
Vancouver	36	36
Kamloops	30	40
Edmonton	18	32
Prince Albert	20	28
Calgary	10	36
Regina	1	31
Moose Jaw	10	39
Winnipeg	18	36
Port Arthur	10	34
Parry Sound	16	34
London	25	44
Toronto	24	44
Ottawa	6	18
Montreal	6	24
Quebec	2	18
St. John	4	26
Halifax	10	30

*Zero and below.

Forecasts:

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay:—Fair and mild.
Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence:—Fair and milder.
Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf, North Shore and Maritime:—A few light local snowfalls or flurries, party fair, rising temperatures.
Superior:—Fair and mild.
All west:—Fair, not much change in temperature.

APT.

"Why do they call the baby 'Bill'?"
"He was born on the first of the month."

HORLICK'S
Malted Milk for the Home
A nourishing food-drink for All Ages. Anywhere at anytime. Delicious, sustaining. No cooking.

A Brilliant Gathering of the New Spring Fashions



The rich colors, the clever blending of opposite shades, and the absolutely new and novel effects make perhaps the strongest appeal ever felt in this store.

In points of discrimination and unusualness, our display of spring fashions will more than meet your expectations.

Every department is wholeheartedly given up to an unending and imposing display of garments for Spring-time wear.



Frocks for Afternoon Wear

To particularize:

One is of delicate oyster white crepe de chine having collar and cuffs of coral; a double row of coral beads around the edge of the collar and down the front is the finishing touch to an exquisite garment.

Another creation comes in Rose Taffeta.

There is a graceful twice-round girdle of the same material, and large plaques of gold flash in the graceful folds of the sweeping skirt.

The garment is cuffless but has a beautiful pearl-grey collar of generous depth.

SUMMER FURS

Following the trend of last season The street costume is not complete without a fur stole.

It need not be large—simply the size of the animal.

CROSS
BLACK FOX,
POINTED FOX,
WHITE FOX,
BLUE FOX,
GREY FOX.

Holt, Renfrew & Co
Limited

For Overseas Mailing

In order that our customers may have plenty of time to send good wishes for Easter to their relatives and friends in the trenches we have put on display our

EASTER CARDS and POSTALS

considerably earlier than usual, and now announce them as ready for your inspection. We have a really beautiful line this year, ranking in price from one cent up.

at
JOHN E. WALSH'S Reg'd.,
11 ST. JOHN STREET.

FRESH EGGS

Since the mild weather came our pullets are trying to eat one another to see which will lay the most eggs. So our farmer brings in a basket full every morning from our Ste. Foye Farm.

VALIQUET'S
12 Fabrique Street
Phones 6567-6583

CORDONS LONDON DRY GIN
CORDONS OLD TOM GIN
CORDONS SLOE GIN

THE U.S. MUST GET READY FOR ACTION

UNION LEAGUE CLUB POINTS
OUT UNPREPARED STATE
OF COUNTRY.

New York, Mar. 20.—With a warning that the United States is unprepared for war with any first class power, a committee of the Union League Club, headed by Robert Bacon, former Ambassador to France and including in its membership many men of prominence, presented at a special meeting tonight a report calling upon the country to get ready for action. Charles E. Hughes presided.

"If we go to war with Germany," said the report, "our only real protection will be the ships of the French and British navies, and our own navy, which is undermanned."

In opening the meeting and outlining its object Mr. Hughes said: "There is a principle involved in the attacks that have been made and the success of that principle threatens the integrity of our country. I regard these attacks, the method of their conduct, as an onslaught on liberty and on civilization itself. It is time that the American people understood it."

Elihu Root declared Germany is making war upon the United States. "Technically there may not be war," he said, "because it may be that it takes two to produce that, but Germany is making war upon us and we are all waiting to see whether we are to take it lying down. It is either war or it is submission to oppression."

"My diagnosis of the situation is that the President wants to hear from the people. Let us answer him and tell him that the American people do not want him to discuss, to plan or to talk about what is going to be done, but to act."

Theodore Roosevelt insistently urged action. He charged Germany with murder and asserted that the United States was hiding, at present in safety, behind an English fleet.

"War is going on now," he said. "Germany is making war upon us and we are not striking in self-defence. Armed neutrality under these circumstances is war. It is feeble war, but it is war."

"We do not have this port blockaded only because the British fleet keeps the enemy at home. It is un-American; it is unpatriotic. It is a shameful thing for us to be content to owe safety to the fleet of a power when we are all the time insisting that we are neutral between the power that is protecting us and the power that is making war upon us."

"If we go to war, for heavens sake let us make it a real war. We are terribly unprepared, more unprepared than the people have any idea of. We are bound when we fight to strike hard and effectively. We want to prepare at once a great army; I should hope, of a couple of million men so that if the war lasts for a year we will be able to be the decisive and controlling element in it."

"But do not wait for that great army. We can send an expeditionary force abroad now to fight in the trenches or fight in the Balkan peninsula, wherever it is desired. We can get that expeditionary force, if we choose to, within four or five months into the trenches and it will mean everything for the morale of France, of Belgium, of the Allies generally, to have an American force under the American flag training in France and moving forward into the trenches to take its place beside the other armies, which are fighting our battles at this moment."

"Use our fleet in any way possible but prepare our armed strength so that no one shall be able to say that if we do go to war we will make it only a dollar war."

"Use our money, use our credit for ourselves and for our allies but let us show that Americans are willing to pay with their bodies for the world's desire; that we are willing to put our men into the trenches; that we are willing to put our men into the battlefield to show that we have not lost the courage, the steadfast endurance shown by our sires and our grandfathers in the great days."

Resolutions which were adopted declared the club "will earnestly support the President of the United States in making immediate and vigorous use of the powers already vested in him to forestall and repel German attacks," called for universal military service and asked the American people "to face the fact that war with this country exists by the act of Germany and that the whole United weight of American loyalty must be concentrated upon effective governmental action."

**HOME MISSIONS
FINANCIAL STATEMENT**
Toronto, March 20.—The financial statement presented at the annual meeting of the Board of Home Missions and Social Service of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, which opened in the Christian Synagogue today, was the best in years. The board started the year with a deficit of \$197,000. During the year the deficit has been reduced to \$30,000. The receipts for the year were \$311,632. In response to the special appeal \$100,000 was raised.

Ammonia, the great spot remover of the American people, is really a gas dissolved in water. It belongs to the alkali family, and on account of its mineral origin is the foe of all oils and greases, which explains the way it disposes of spots that soap and water cannot affect.

STREET NAMES AGAIN SHIFTED

POLICE AND BY-LAW COM-
MITTEE MAKES SOME MORE
ALTERATIONS.

Under the presidency of Ald. Gauvin, the Civic Police and By-law Committee met at the City Hall last night and decided on some amendments to the by-law dealing with the street names.

In Belvedere Ward, the name: "Avenue du Saint-Sacrement," was struck out and replaced by the old appellation Holland street, on motion of Ald. Mercier. He also moved that the name "Walling" be given to another street in that Ward in honor of ex-Alderman Walling, who was Belvedere's first representative in the Quebec City Council after annexation. Half of the Committee voted in favor of Ald. Mercier's amendment and half against. The chairman cast his vote against, so that the name "Walling" will not appear unless an amendment carries in the City Council.

Only one change was made in Pelissier Ward. The name "Marie Recluse" was replaced by "St. Monique," the present title.

In St. Valier Ward the name Grenier was struck out and substituted by Durocher St. The name that the street is actually known by, Massue street, will be retained as well as Market street in St. Peter's Ward. The only new change in Limoilou Ward was to replace the name on this by Ozanam. This street is in Domaine Lairet.

SIDELIGHTS FROM GERMANY.

Praise From the Enemy is an Insult.

(London Chronicle)

An article appears in the "Deutsche Tageszeitung," attacking the German Press for complacently reproducing, and the German people for complacently reading enemy tributes to German courage, that, too, in the third year of the world-war against the German idea and German existence. In the first place, says the writer, there is something incredibly stupid in this behaviour, and, secondly, there is something in it which ought to bring a blush of shame to a German cheek.

Who can doubt, says the "Tageszeitung," that all enemies and most neutrals regard the Germans as Hun in culture and slaves politically? Ah, but they are not Germans; they have no organs to catch the strong inward melody of German spiritual life. They perceive only snatches, from which they form, with good or evil intent, a caricature to make merry over in their imaginary superiority. If they read in the German Press their verdict on us mentioned with satisfaction, they will continue to feel themselves our superiors.

Of course, continues the "Tageszeitung," it is useful to observe foreign opinion, but it should be done for the purpose of self-knowledge, and with this strict reservation: "This foreign critic is unbidden, is incapable of entirely comprehending us." Never should our attitude be, "Hear, hear, the French praise us," least of all in the daily Press, with its immense influence on public opinions.

Most Frigid Reserve.
"If argues the "Tageszeitung," the enemy is given the right to praise, he is given the right to blame. To the enemy, with his deep uncomprehending, hate and contempt, this honouring of his verdict must appear pitiable. The recent well-meant honouring of an English airman with the wreath of a German was interpreted in England, not as chivalry, but as offensive intrusion. One should at least refrain from showing feelings which the enemy can neither understand nor reciprocate. Our watchword should be—Most Frigid Reserve. These words form the spiritual fence which we must erect round our German soul-life and the heart-felt against the aspersions and inroads of Germany's foes."

And therefore, says the writer, praise must be bestowed on the action of a simple non-commissioned officer at Ypres in November 1914, when a newly-captured English officer presumed to felicitate us with his recognition, and wished to shake hands, showed him his place with a heart-refreshing box on the ear.

Hungarian Journalists.

"As Ujzag," Count Tisza's mouthpiece, is evidently one of those "rough, plain-spoken" organs which are popular among the Hungarians, referring to Mr. Balfour's suggestion for a reconstruction of Europe on the principle of nationality, the journal says:—

"Lord Balfour's style envelops brutal egotism and selfish cynicism in a mantle of generalization and affection of moral pietism. Anyone tearing this mantle aside beholds the truth at once, and realizes that after so many lies, so many subtleties, so many evasions on the part of the Entente statesmen, one hears at last an honest voice. Honest, that is, in the burglar's sense. With unexampled audacity Balfour the classic, before the eyes of the whole world, and in face of what he knows perfectly well, snaps his fingers at truth. This English sincerity and honesty have nevertheless been extolled for centuries as the last word in human civilization."

The Hungarian Gentleman.
More violent still is the chauvinist "Pesti Hirlap," but instead of Lord Balfour, the British Premier is the object of wrath. Much of what the

WEAK CHARACTER EMPEROR NICHOLAS

COULD NOT BE CONVINCED
COUNTRY IN DANGER AND
THRONE TOTTERING.

Petrograd, March 20, via London.—It would be unprofitable to go fully into all the court scandals or the constantly accumulating evidence by which seems to be clearly established the weak character and incredible lack of foresight of Nicholas 2nd and his apparent ignorance of conditions which spelled his inevitable downfall. Most surprising of all was the Emperor's stubborn refusal to be guided by the counsel of members of his own family, and his quiet assumption that all was well with the country at a time when the whole nation was on the brink of active revolution.

Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelovitch made most persistent efforts to apprise Emperor Nicholas that the country was in danger and the throne tottering, but the Emperor showed no more signs of being stirred by this warning than by that of the Dowager Empress and a multitude of other personages who approached him.

Late in November Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelovitch took to the palace a letter which he had written and read it aloud to the Emperor and Empress. It expressed in most blunt fashion the danger the country was in and showed how only by the promptest action the Emperor could save the Empire from complete collapse. The Grand Duke took no pains to conceal the Rasputin scandal, but when the name of the Empress was mentioned the latter snatched the letter from Nicholas Michaelovitch's hands and tore it up.

When the Emperor received in silence the statement that Protopopoff (Minister of the Interior) had been foisted upon him by Rasputin, and listened to the other accusations without denying or showing signs of being the least confused by them, the Grand Duke lost all patience and shouted at His Majesty:—"Do none of these things move you? You make me think of Alexander I."

An appeal to the Emperor signed by seventeen Grand Dukes made no greater impression, and Vladimir Purishkevich, vice-president of the Union of True Russians and a prominent member of the Duma, paid a fruitless visit to the palace on the same mission. All spoke freely to Nicholas of the growing danger to the dynasty and the necessity of his protecting himself against the influence of the Empress. To all these the Emperor replied:—

"What has Alexander to do with politics? I refuse to believe that she is unpopular among the people."

journal writes is too "gutter" for publication in a decent British newspaper. We hear that Mr. Lloyd George is "brutal." He is a demagogue who relies only on the bad instincts of human nature. Lloyd George has corrupted even Lord Balfour. The latter is likewise an accomplished liar. In his declaration all English tradition is disclaimed from top to bottom. . . . in England all men are liars, and do not desire to be anything else. The English gentleman has struck work during the war. He wants to be merely a tradesman, lying calmly and courageously for the sake of lucre.

Hungarian Food Notes.
The "Pesti Naplo" publishes notes on the economic situation, from which we make the following extracts. Speaking of Abony, a provincial town of 10,000 inhabitants, we learn that this place contains at present none but women, old men, and children.

"The price of provisions is higher than in Budapest. Potatoes and apples are sold at so much a piece. An apple is worth 6d., and three potatoes cost 2d. The peasant is fairly well off; it is the professional classes who are feeling the present dearth most acutely. There is the greatest difficulty in supplying petrol, with the prospect ahead of there being none. We are scarcely better off as regards sugar, which we only supply to infants and sick persons for tickets and in rations of about half a pound. There is no afternoon school, because there is no more credit for fuel. The teachers wear clothes that are in rags. There is less soap being bought at our market than formerly."

The "Hrvaski Dnevnik," a Bosnian paper, says: "With anxiety and regret we must confess that we go to market and can find nothing to buy except meat. What ever can be procured is so bad and so dear that we recoil from it with horror. If we have nothing now, what shall we do in March? The most necessary vegetables are lacking. A lemon costs 5d., and the tradesmen tell us that within a few days lemons will cost 10d. each. The papers are announcing as a sensational fact that rice is going to be offered for sale. We cannot understand that we still have rice, and that it is to be sold at 133d. per pound."

FOUND DEAD BY HER SON
London, Ont., March 20.—Mrs. Annie Sterling, of 563 Piccadilly St., this city, was found dead in bed at her home this afternoon by her 12 year old son. Mrs. Sterling is said to have been addicted to the drinking of Columbian spirits, an alcoholic preparation for the bath, and the liquor is supposed to have caused her death. An inquest will be held tomorrow.

WILL QUESTION NEW FRENCH GOVERNMENT

NOTICE OF INTERPELLATION
AS TO UTILIZATION OF THE
RESOURCES.

Paris, March 20.—The new government is to be asked to explain the manner in which it purposes to utilize in the best way the resources of France and those of her Allies. A notice of an interpellation to this effect was given today by Deputy Louis Dubois.

M. Dubois said he would carefully avoid everything pertaining to the military operations proper. He also said that he did not foresee the eventuality of a secret session.

A number of deputies who came to the Chamber of Deputies today spoke favorably of the composition of M. Ribot's cabinet. Virtually all of them affirmed that they were disposed, in the interests of a patriotic union to facilitate governmental action in order to continue to give more impulse to work for national defence and to solve in the best interests of the country economic problems of the present time.

Under these conditions it is probable the new Ministry have a strong majority in the Chamber of Deputies.

The Cabinet met today, and it was decided that all the Under-Secretaries of State in the Briand Cabinet would be retained. Afterwards the Cabinet discussed the terms of the Ministerial declaration which will be read in the Chamber of Deputies tomorrow. Later the Ministers called on President Poincare, who signed a decree constituting the new Cabinet.

**INSURE CONTRABAND
EXCEPT AMMUNITION.**

Washington, Mar. 20.—The government War Risk Insurance Bureau which heretofore has insured only non-contraband, announced today that it would "broaden the scope of its operations," and hereafter insure all forms of contraband for European countries except arms and ammunition.

**GIRL DROWNS TRYING
TO SAVE BROTHER.**

Windsor, Ont., March 20.—Dorothy, the eight year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James McManus, proprietors of a hotel in Sandwich East Township, lost her life this forenoon by drowning in an attempt to save her younger brother who had broken through the ice close to the shore near their home. Mrs. McManus heard the little girl's screams for help and arrived on the scene in time to save the boy as he was going down for the third time, but the girl's body was swept away by the strong current underneath the ice. It was recovered later.

POLES SUSPECT HUNS.

Few Volunteers Have Joined New Polish Armies.

The appeal to the Poles in the newly proclaimed kingdom to enlist in the Polish army and fight under Austro-German banners for the new state has fallen on deaf ears, according to recent information brought from Warsaw by neutral and German visitors.

Units of the new army have been formed and a considerable number of officers and men from the old Austrian Polish Legion and from the Polish troops of the German army have been brought to the occupied districts of Poland to instruct the Polish volunteers, but only a few hundred troops, most of them students in Warsaw University, who volunteered in the first flush of enthusiasm following the proclamation of the Kingdom, are said to come forward.

The two Polish army corps, of which the German advocates of the establishment of the new Poland spoke as the probable contribution from the kingdom to the armies of the central powers, are declared to show no signs of ever coming into existence.

The Polish workmen and peasants show a decided disinclination to take up arms, and the labor shortage in Germany has been made good in no small degree, it is asserted, by an exodus to Germany of Poles who feared being impressed into the new army and who decided to seek safe employment in the German munitions factories or on farms rather than face the risk of being drafted as soldiers.

For are large elements of the Polish population displaying any keen enthusiasm, returning travellers state, for the civil organization of the new kingdom. The fear of the consequences in case Russian rule should be re-established exercises a very lively deterrent influence upon many Poles, even those not suspected of any liking for Russia, it appears, and there is asserted to be a quite widespread determination, even among the leaders, who would probably welcome the permanent establishment of a new kingdom under Austro-German auspices, to wait and see the result of the war before they commit themselves to the new order. Indicated developments may affect Germany's ultimate policy toward Poland in the peace negotiations. In some German quarters the question is being asked, "Why should Germany make sacrifices to establish the kingdom if the Poles are not willing to fight for it?"

One Sugar instead of Three

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The manager, Mr. A. D. Caron, is a young man very well known in Quebec, having acquired his business experience in the important firm of Dominion Fish and Fruit Company.

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THE EMPLOYEES OF THE ROSS RIFLE PETITION OTTAWA

RESOLUTION PASSED BY MEETING AT CITY HALL LAST NIGHT ASKS GOVERNMENT TO ORDER IMMEDIATE RESUMPTION OF WORK.

At a largely attended meeting of employees of the Ross Rifle Factory, held in the Recorder's Court room, City Hall, last evening, a resolution was unanimously adopted asking the Federal Government to issue orders for the immediate resumption of work at the Ross Rifle Factory.

The Resolution.

The resolution which was moved by Mr. Gardner, and seconded by Mr. Charest, is as follows:

"The employees of the Ross Rifle Company regret that the Federal Government have caused the factory to be closed and thus thrown out of employment, without notice, nearly three thousand workers.

"Realizing that this is a serious position for the employees, their dependants and families and for the trade of Quebec, this meeting hereby resolves to ask the Government to issue orders for the immediate resumption of work continuing to manufacture the present rifle until the necessary changes can be made for manufacturing the new model Lee Enfield Rifle.

"This meeting further requests the Mayor to call a general meeting of citizens in support of the above appeal to the Government.

"Copies of this resolution to be forwarded to the Acting Premier of the Dominion Government; the Minister of Militia; to the Honorable Mr. Albert Seigney, Minister of the Interior, and others, if found necessary.

The meeting, which was non-political, was called to order by Mr. Robt. Brodie, who vacated the president's chair on the arrival of Mayor Lavigne, who was detained by a previous engagement.

His Worship addressing the meeting reviewed the messages and telegrams exchanged between himself, Sir Charles Ross, Hon. Albert Seigney, the representative of Quebec District in the Borden government, and Mr. J. G. Scott, president of the Quebec Board of Trade. The Mayor said that he felt confident that the Hon. Mr. Seigney would exert every effort in having the Government re-open the factory.

The Mayor said that in a message from Hon. Mr. Seigney yesterday, the Minister of Inland Revenue, stated that the Government had cancelled the order for serious reasons. The Minister in his message gave assurance that the Government would procure work for the Ross Rifle employees.

During the course of the meeting, Mr. Walsh, president of the Central Labor Union, and ex-Ross Rifle employee, was interrupted in his speech by a woman in the audience, who told him to "shut up."

This remark aroused the big body of men some of whom cried: "Out with the women." Others shouted: "We don't want any suffragettes here." etc.

Order was soon restored and the meeting terminated without any further scene. Mr. Walsh touched sarcastically on the patriotism of the women employees at the Ross Rifle Factory, who, he said, were responsible for the smaller wages the men were now receiving.

In proposing the resolution, Mr. R. Gardner dwelt at considerable length on the seriousness of the closure of the Ross Rifle. He said that when it is considered that the weekly pay roll of this company exceeded \$30,000 the loss to the citizens generally was something that would have to be reckoned with. He touched in a very clear manner on what the present state of affairs meant to the employees who were depending on their salaries from week to week to provide a means of subsistence. The mover of the resolution attributed the reduction in salaries referred to by a previous speaker, to the fact that the cost of raw material used in the manufacture of rifles had greatly increased since the war broke out. In his opinion this was the only alternative for the Ross Rifle Company, to reduce the pay roll. He did not hesitate to state that the Ross Rifle Company had treated its employees well in the past.

Before concluding, Mr. Gardner

SHARP FIGHTING AS THE BRITISH PURSUE GERMANS

Neighborhood of Croisilles Still Held By Machine Gun Companies.

WHOLESALE HAVOC

The German Troops Are Depressed at Extent of Their Retirement.

From a Staff Correspondent of The Associated Press, British Headquarters in France, March 20, via London.—The pursuit of the Germans by the British troops continues, and at places sharp fighting ensued today. This was particularly true of the neighborhood of Croisilles (north-east of St. Leger), which is still strongly held by machine gun companies. The armies have been in such close touch at other places that field fighting tactics have been employed, the men firing from skirmish lines.

Wherever the British penetrate territory formerly held by the Germans they encountered the same conditions of destruction and devastation as in Bapaume and Peronne. Only a few villages have escaped, the Germans in these instances having been compelled to leave before their plans to lay waste could be carried out.

The use of cavalry by the British and French seems to have taken the Germans by surprise, upsetting some of their calculations. In one village supper, which had been laid out, was abandoned, together with much ammunition, and in other places newly opened boxes of high explosives were found with which the Germans had planned to destroy the villages before leaving. That the wholesale destruction was systematized in a manner characteristic of German thoroughness was shown by captured orders on the subject. These directed the blowing up of all houses, wells and cellars except those occupied by rear-guard outposts, the rear-guard being held responsible for making their shelters uninhabitable before falling back. Farming implements were all burned or destroyed. Wherever a building was spared, it was first rendered filthy. The orders also directed the assembling of filth in neighborhood of all wells for the purpose of contaminating the water.

The destruction of fruit trees now apparently covers the entire belt of evacuated territory, even those clinging to the walls having been stripped off. In one abandoned position a large black cat was found nailed to an upright board. A cap was on its head and a cigar was in its mouth.

A British observation party working forward today on horseback had a rather exciting experience. The patrol was attacked with machine gun fire by three German airplanes, which swooped very low but failed to hit any member of the party.

Prisoners recently taken appear entirely bewildered when told of the extent of the German retirement. They said they thought it a great joke when they first heard of the German retirement; they supposed it was solely for the purpose of getting the British deeper and deeper into the mud of the Somme. But when it came to abandoning positions that had been fortified with months of labor there was much depression in the ranks. Most of the German guns which formerly boomed along the Somme seem to have been utterly swallowed up.

There is no longer doubt that the main German forces had already installed themselves on the line before Cambrai and St. Quentin, but today fires could be seen beyond this line, as if the retreat had not yet been carried out to the full limit. In the meantime the picture behind the British lines is one of greatest activity. Movement has given the army wonderful joy.

Amsterdam, Mar. 20, via London.—A Berlin despatch received here quotes Major Morhat, former military critic of the Berliner Tageblatt, as saying in an article written for the Lokal Anzeiger:

"Our leaders have tried to create an entirely new situation and spare the terrible bloodshed which an assault on our enemies' positions must have involved. Our retreat from the old positions from the Ancre and Somme fronts has nullified the projected great Anglo-French spring offensive against our centre on the western front.

"Long strips of territory, having a width of from ten to twelve kilometres and running along the whole of our positions have been turned into dead ground. No village or farm remains standing on this glacial. No road is passable, and no bridge, railway line or embankment remains. Before our new positions runs, like a gigantic ribbon, an empire of death."

urged co-operation among the employees, which he said was necessary to secure results. The resolution was seconded by Mr. Charest.

Mr. Brodie, who called the meeting to order, lauded Sir Charles Ross, who he said, was much grieved at so many men being thrown out of employment.

Attempts to introduce politics into the meeting by inviting certain speakers to address the assembly, were frustrated by Mr. Brodie, who made it distinctly understood that the meeting was non-political.

After reading the resolution Mayor Lavigne congratulated the employees on the resolution. He felt confident that the Government would do its duty.

A suggestion by Mr. Walsh that a delegation composed of the Mayor, the President of the Board of Trade, and others go to Ottawa, was received. No decision was reached regarding the visit to Ottawa.

A hearty vote, of thanks to the Mayor for use of the City Hall was proposed by Mr. Brodie.

IS WELL PLEASED WITH NEW RUSSIA

GOVERNMENT CONSTITUTES FLOWER OF NATION, SAYS FORMER U. S. AMBASSADOR.

Petrograd, March 20, via London, March 21.—"Never since I have been in the service of the country has the government been composed, as at present, of men constituting the flower of the nation—the greatest and most distinguished men in every respect."

This is the estimate of the new Russian government as expressed to The Associated Press by Baron Rosen, the former Russian Ambassador to the United States. One of the greatest benefits accruing, so far as other nations, particularly the Allies, are concerned, in the opinion of Baron Rosen, is the sweeping away of the element of doubt concerning Russia's earnestness in the prosecution of the war.

"It will be realized now, as never before, that Russia is not nominally but actually, fighting for freedom," he said.

Baron Rosen likened the revolutionary movement to the bursting of a dam, "loosing the pent up indignation of the country against the iniquities of the old regime, which broke down completely under the weight of its own folly and incompetence."

"The thing to be done now," he continued, "is to lead the overflow into safe channels. The situation is still full of danger, but is gradually improving. In any case, the effect upon the war can only be extremely favorable, inasmuch as it is sure to inspire the army with new spirit, in the knowledge that they are actually fighting for a free country. The quick success of the movement was due to the fact that the whole country was absolutely unanimous in its condemnation of the interior policy of the old government."

"It had to come. Inflammable material had been gradually accumulating; it only required a spark. The spark was furnished by the criminal madman, the late Minister of the Interior. No one can imagine the weight of oppression which has been lifted from the lives of the Russian people."

Baron Rosen said it was impossible to foresee what character the new government would assume. It remained for the will of the people, expressed through the constituent assembly.

EMPEROR NICHOLAS MEETS HIS MOTHER

FORMER DOWAGER EMPRESS RESENTED INFLUENCE OF ALEXANDRA AND RASPUTIN.

Petrograd, March 20, via London.—The former Dowager Empress, Marie Feodorovna, who was at Kiev, went to meet her son, former Emperor Nicholas, as he was returning after his abdication. She had long resented influence over him wielded by the Empress Alexandra, Gregory Rasputin, the mystic monk, and Mademoiselle Virubova, lady-in-waiting to the Empress and Alexandra's best friend, who had introduced Rasputin to the Empress.

Marie Feodorovna only saw Alexandra when court functions required that she do so. Since early in January she had been at Kiev and had refused to come to the capital. Her meeting with Nicholas was said to have been very affecting. The object of her visit to him was to advise with him as to her future residence. It is reported that she intends to go to Denmark, her native country.

It is expected that Nicholas Romanoff, as the former Emperor is now known, will eventually go to Switzerland or France, his stay in the Crimea being temporary. Most of the members of his suite have acknowledged the new government.

Most of the Grand Dukes in the military service will retain their posts at least, temporarily.

The new Minister of Trade and Industry is in communication with the workmen and promises to develop plans for the workmen's unions, which were formerly prohibited, abolish criminal penalties for strikes, regulate hours and conditions of work and promote workmen's insurance.

Among the reforms in the army which have been indicated by Minister of War Guchkov in a formal order to the troops are: that soldiers shall be addressed as "you," instead of the familiar "thou," that soldiers shall address their superiors as "mister," instead of "excellency," and that the ban on soldiers smoking in the streets, entering public places and street cars and participating in political organizations shall be abolished.

GERMAN GUNBOAT SUNK IN CHINESE HARBOR.

London, March 20.—A German gunboat in the harbor of Tsing-Tau, China, has been blown up and sunk, says a Reuter despatch from Hong Kong.

WILSON HAS NOT YET DETERMINED COURSE OF U.S.

The Cabinet Unanimously Urged an Early Session of Congress.

PRESIDENT IS SILENT.

State of War Exists, Say Officials, But What Will Be Done?

Washington, March 20.—For two hours today President Wilson discussed the international crisis with his cabinet and heard urgent suggestions that the date for the extra session of Congress fixed for April 16 be set forward to consider further steps in defense of American commerce against German submarines. It is understood there was not a dissenting voice against this move.

The President himself did not express his views, and so far as could be learned later had not finally determined upon the course to be pursued. The prevailing belief was that he would announce the call for an earlier meeting of Congress tomorrow.

Among officials virtually the unanimous opinion is that in spite of the technical armed neutrality status of the United States, actually a state of war exists as the result of the ruthless destruction of American merchant ships and the killing of American citizens in defiance of international law and of the most solemn warning one nation can give another. The only question is what shall be done about it, further than the arming of merchantmen to resist submarine attack if they get the chance.

The cabinet members generally are said to have expressed today their willingness to support a program based on an early call for Congress and a formal declaration that a state of war exists between Germany and the United States.

After the cabinet meeting, Secretary Daniels, saying that no new naval orders had been issued hurried to the Navy Department and went into conference with members of the general board. Information for the President, and tentative plans for further naval activities were discussed.

A further step in the plans to protect and promote American commerce was taken after the cabinet meeting when the Federal War Risk Bureau, under the direction of Secretary McAdoo, announced a new policy of insuring American ships under which policies would be written on all vessels except those carrying actual munitions of war. Up to the present no insurance was granted on ships laden with cargoes listed by the belligerents as contraband, and this has barred almost every American product.

Plans for organizing patrol squadrons of privately owned motorboats and yachts along the Atlantic coast were discussed tonight at a conference between Secretary Daniels and Captain George R. Marvell, an assistant for operations, who has just returned from a trip to New York, Boston and other coast points, to enroll available craft. Captain Marvell reported he had arranged contracts with many owners of small speedy boats suitable for mounting guns and chasing submarines or patrolling the coast, to turn their vessels over to the government in an emergency. An number of boat owners also agreed to volunteer as reserve officers.

PETROGRAD PRESS HAS NEW LIBERTY

GIVES ADDITIONAL FACTS REGARDING ASSASSINATION OF GREGORY RASPUTIN.

Petrograd, March 19, via London, March 20.—The Petrograd press, no longer under the strict censorship of the old regime, is taking advantage of its new liberty to publish facts hitherto suppressed in regard to the assassination of Gregory Rasputin, the mystic whose influence in court circles stirred the country. While the whole nation was breathing a sigh of relief at deliverance from Rasputin's malign influence the Imperial family was laying away his remains, with great reverence and pomp at Tsarskoe-Selo.

After the body was found in the Neva it was taken to Tsarskoe-Selo in the Imperial car, in which rode the then Minister of the Interior, M. Protopopoff, and General Voyekoff. The body was taken direct to the Imperial Palace. The funeral ceremony was held in the Imperial Church. A silver coffin, containing the body, was carried to its resting place by the Emperor, M. Protopopoff, General Voyekoff and others, followed by the

Saves Eggs

Royal Baking Powder makes it possible to produce appetizing and wholesome cakes, muffins, corn bread, etc., with fewer eggs than are usually required.

In many recipes the number of eggs may be reduced and excellent results obtained by adding an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, for each egg omitted. The following tested recipe is a practical illustration:

SPONGE CAKE

1 cup sugar
1/2 cup water
2 eggs
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1 cup flour
1 teaspoon salt
1/2 cup cold water
1 teaspoon flavoring

DIRECTIONS: Beat sugar and water until syrup spins a thread and add to the stiffly beaten whites. Beat together three times, the flour, salt and baking powder; beat yolks of eggs until thick; add a little at a time flour mixture and egg yolks alternately to white of egg mixture, stirring after each addition. Add 1/2 cup cold water and flavoring. Mix lightly and bake in moderate oven one hour.

The old method called for six eggs and no baking powder

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free. Address: Royal Baking Powder Co., 6 St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

Made in Canada Absolutely Pure No Alum

Will Federal Government Expropriate Ross Rifle?

Ottawa, March 20.—The Ross Rifle Factory will shortly be purchased by the Federal Government, the plant will soon be in operation again and the employees will resume their work.

This announcement was made this morning by the "Journal-Press," which is considered the official Borden organ in Ottawa.

The Journal-Press states that the reasons which obliged the Imperial and Canadian Governments to cancel the orders for rifles given to the Ross Rifle Factory are very grave, but that the Government has no intention of depriving Quebec of such an important industry.

On the contrary, that the Government intends to immediately expropriate the Ross Rifle Factory and to make of it a National munitions plant. This course was followed in England with munitions factories since the outbreak of the war and the British Government now has under its direction thousands of plants in which millions of men are employed.

MR. SEIGNY WIRES MAYOR.

His Worship Mayor Lavigne received the following message from Hon. A. Seigney, Minister of Inland Revenue, yesterday afternoon:—

Ottawa, March 20, 1917.

H. E. Lavigne, Mayor of Quebec, Quebec:

There is no question of ceasing to manufacture in Quebec the rifles which the Government may need. The contract with the Ross Rifle Company has been cancelled for very serious reasons. It is the intention of the Government to provide work for the employees of the Ross Rifle Factory as soon as possible.

(Signed) ALBERT SEIGNY.

TRAPPING OF TWO HUN SUBMARINES

CAPTAIN OF AMERICAN SHIP TELLS HOW SUBMERSIBLES WERE NETTED.

Newport, R.I., March 20.—The trapping of two German submarines was reported tonight by Captain E. L. Smith, of the American steamer Alaskan, which arrived today from La Pallice, France, for New York, according to the pilot who brought the ship into the harbor. The U-boats, Captain Smith said, were detected lurking beneath the surface of the sea by keen-eyed observers of the aircraft patrol. The airplane signalled for trawlers and circled about directing the placing of nets. In a little while the nets were drawn completely about the unsuspecting submersibles, which were hopelessly enmeshed and brought to the surface. They were lying side by side in the harbor of La Pallice when the Alaskan sailed.

How You Can Make Hairs Quickly Disappear

(Helps to Beauty)

Even a stubborn growth of hair will quickly vanish from the face, neck or arms after a single treatment with delatone. To remove the hairs, make a stiff paste with a little powdered delatone and water, apply to hairy surface and after about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and it will be left free from hair or blemish. To avoid disappointment, be quite certain you get real delatone.

Empress in deep mourning. The affair caused a great scandal at the time and further inflamed the people against the Emperor.

HUNS MAY FIND IT DIFFICULT TO STOP

ALLIED CAVALRY CLOSE AT THEIR HEELS—FIRES IN TOWNS.

Canadian Headquarters in France, March 20.—(By Stewart Lyon, special Correspondent Canadian Press)—Interest is keyed up to a high point by the news that the Germans are at last on the move backward in the region between Arras and Bapaume. The retention of positions there is impossible now that Bapaume has been lost.

There is a report, not officially confirmed, that the enemy is covering his retirement south of Arras and has been in action with the advancing British infantry. The sky on the Canadian front was lit up Sunday by the reflection of large fires in the direction of important towns held by the enemy.

The sparing return of the German heavy artillery to the increased fire of the Canadian heavies is regarded as indicating a possible removal of his big gun positions.

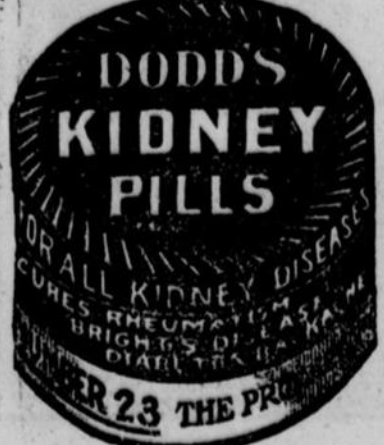
Certain fires observed were not caused by our action, and it is incredible that the enemy should set on fire houses and stores in a region he intends to hold. But once on the move, as is the case now, with the Allies horseman following, he may find it difficult to stop where and when he desires.

IMPROVED THE OPPORTUNITY.

"I'm sorry I asked the girl to clean the typewriter."

"Why?"

"She took fifteen minutes to clean the type and two hours to manœuvre her finger nails afterward."—Louisville Courier-Journal.



The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, MARCH 21, 1917

THE WELFARE OF CANADA.

The welfare of Canada and the co-operation of its peoples in the maturing of it as a nation is surely of more importance than the fostering of side issues that make for vainglory to the parochialist and the advancement of his canvass in behalf of the secondary. The pleadings of that gentleman are tinctured for the most part with opposition to those who do not see as he sees on union matters. Even during a war-period when the commonwealth's very existence is at stake, he too often fails to respect an emergency. Acknowledged statesmanship is with him but a poor kind of a thing, even while it is doing its best to obviate the disintegration of the State at the hands of its outer foe. Disaffection or indifference to what is best for the nation is the said parochialist's favorite weapon, be the statesmanship he makes light of, that of a Prime Minister of the mental and moral calibre of a Lloyd-George or a Robert Borden. The late Conferences of the most prominent of our publicists in Quebec and Ontario to bring about a better feeling between the two distinctive races in Canada is a case in point. During these Conferences there was nothing but the best of good wishes in the atmosphere surrounding them. The parochialist for the moment had to keep his recalcitrancy in check. He did not dare, for decency's sake, to denounce the movement in favor of getting Canadians to look upon one another as co-Nationalists. He could not but be convinced that the influences at work for the welfare of Canada as a whole were righteous ones. But, now, recovering his breath, he is up and at his disintegrating work again, as a breeder of distrust, in his re-tackling of the School Question.

Nor is it other with the man of narrow vision in the movement in favor of a Canadian National War Service. The quickening of our Canadian patriotism, to the point of being up and doing to the saving of our country, dwindles down, or swells out into a suspicion that conscription is laden with tyranny. Whereas it only comes as a call from the State in terms of the necessity of these war-times. Can anyone conceive that the putting into force of the Militia Act is a betrayal of any public interest. The Militia Act is in the Statute Book; and what a fine kettle of fish Canada would always be in if every parochialist among us who is afraid of national service as a tyranny, were to look upon each and every statute as a mere "scrap" of paper, to be treated as the Kaiser treated the document guaranteeing Belgium's neutrality. A National War Service may or may not involve conscription. But, if the necessity for conscription arises, it has to be put into force, pray as we may that it may be obviated by every one consenting to share in a National War Service in any way most suited to his capacity for work. A National War Service is needed as a furthering of the welfare of Canada on its way towards its nationhood; and all the parochialists within Canada's borders cannot avoid sharing in it.

The welfare, of the Empire and the continuing of the co-operation of its peoples, is what is the mind of the amplified War Cabinet at present in close council in London. Lloyd George is the statesman in charge. And Sir Robert Borden, on his return to Canada, will certainly still have in his mind the welfare of Canada, as he ever has had as its Prime Minister.

THE PHILANTHROPY

OF A QUEBECER.

The name of Dr. James Douglas of New York stands as a synonym for philanthropy in this native city of Quebec. Ever so many of our institutions, including the Jeffery Hale's Hospital, the Young Woman's Christian Association, and the Literary and Historical Society, have come in for a share of his charitable donations; and now the word comes to us that he has offered half a million of dollars to Queen's University of Kingston, Ontario. If the authorities of that worthy institution undertake to supplement that amount by an equal sum of money. Queen's University is an institution which has seen worse days and better days in its history; but at the present moment it has no need to be ashamed of the progress it has made since the days of the Rev. Principal Grant, under the present presidency of Dr. Daniel Gordon. It is identified with Quebec's own scholastic enterprises in more ways than one since the time of the Rev. Dr.

Cook, late pastor of St. Andrew's Church and Principal of Morrin College. And, when the war strain for donations has been alleviated, there are certainly not a few of the wealthy citizens of Quebec, who may be induced to aid the authorities of Queen's University to meet half-way the notable offer of Dr. Douglas to implement the advancing success of that institution. It may truly be said that the present time is hardly favorable for raising money except for distinctly patriotic purposes; but these times will pass by with the war, and a promise to help is never out of order. We are pleased to hear that the health of the venerable Chancellor Douglas is improving. And the news cannot but be pleasing to the several institutions of which he has been a benefactor here in Quebec as elsewhere.

THE PRESENT STRAIN

ON HUMANITY.

The great main question for humanity to consider at the present moment, with war and revolution running rampant, is: What is to be expected from the so-called neutral nations? Is there any section of the peoples of the United States still inclined to stand on ceremony for longer and keep palavering over secondary and delayable questions? Is there any civilized nation so callous as to let civilization take its chances with the unbalanced and militant-mad Kaiser? Are the so-called "hyphenates" of the United States, decent respectable citizens as the great majority of them are, going to stand by their adopted country and the home of their American-born families; or are they intent on following the melodramatic counsels of an erratic Hearst journalism? Are there any other of the other incomers to America from Europe, and their grown-up offspring, going to fuss and fume over or subscribe to any movement against a necessary delay that cannot possibly be delayed longer than the war lasts? The world as a whole including the United States, is virtually at war with a German autocratic militant rule that has deprived the German democracy of their privileges as a democracy for ever so long. Are the peoples of these two American Continents going to give more heed to their minor ebullitions against this and that, to the unsettling of the better judgment of their neighbors, and have the great common danger to us all to be unfaced. So far, Canada has been, for the most part, true to its promised trust, both as a fighter and a spender for victory's sake. The United States Republic has again its national safekeeping in its own hands. Is it going to join hands with the entente powers in a contest that can have only one safe ending for all nations? The Kaiser, as one now knows from his exposed pre-war diplomatic subtleties, his wily system of espionage, and traitorous hood-winking of nation by nation, assured himself that he had the situation of international relationships all but entirely in German hands. But the nations one and all have to prove themselves equal to the saving of the situation. Even the German peoples have finally to take

their share in that saving of the situation, whatever may happen to "Submarine Willy" and his barbarous entourage.

"WILLIAM THE GREAT" (?)

If greatness be born of turbulence, then has Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany become into his preliminary reward before reaching the last stage of his punishment, as did Napoleon Bonaparte before him. There is no doubt that Wilhelm has made a super-eminent name for himself in the world, even if he did not get his first war-programme to work out as he would have liked it to be worked out for him. And now he seems not to care a whistle, as a Scotchman would say, what he done in his name, if it only prolong the term of his devil's dance towards utter ruin. The world now knows all about his early pre-war courting days with Russia's royal family, and his double-dealing diplomatic relationships with all the courts in Europe. And now it knows also at this very moment how the music that urges on his dance of diablerie is being staccatoed by the trouble over the Irish Question, the change of gov-

ernment in France, and the instant rush-meeting of the United States Congress. What a time of it this would-be "William the Great" must be having in the seclusion of his Potsdam Palace—of remorse, if that be thinkable, or of devil-may-care now that the ruin of his reign is beyond recall. It is now a case of "Me and the World" sure enough with him; and he cannot but know that the world is pretty much all against him, now, that the misfortune of others is about all that is left to uphold his claim for greatness. His successes are now all tumbling about his ears. Still would he continue his devil's dance. In fact now that he cannot but be convinced that the repulses he is meeting are but a token of his own invincibility being a mere zeppelin wreck, he would stake all his expectations of prolonging his regime as long as his pop-guns of submarines can take any ship by surprise. Can cruelty go further than that? Instead of going down in history as a "William, the Great" it is more likely he will be better known by the sobriquet of "Submarine Willie."

Presents For The Children

THIS WEEK WE MAKE A SPECIAL DISPLAY OF GOODS SUITABLE FOR CHILDREN.

Sterling Silver Goblets
Sterling Silver Knife, Fork and Spoon Sets.

Sterling Silver Rattles.
Sterling Silver Food Pushers.
Sterling Silver Pap Spoons.
Sterling Silver Porridge Bowls.
Sterling Silver Brush and Comb Sets.

Sterling Silver Puff Boxes.
Sterling Silver Bib Holders.

Baby Rings, Bib Pins, Safety Pins, Necklets and Locketts in gold and in silver.

This display will be made in our large show window.

G. SEIFERT & SONS,
JEWELLERS

16 Fabrique Street. Opposite City Hall



Spring of 1917

Wednesday March 21st 1917

The Firm of Myrand & Pouliot will officially begin its Fashion Opening on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21ST

LADIES:

We have the honor to inform you that we shall hold our Fashion Opening for the present season at the date above mentioned.

The latest and the most elegant European, American and Canadian Creations will be artistically displayed. Mantles, Costumes, Blouses, Hats and Materials of the Highest Novelty.

We invite you respectfully to visit our stores this week. We have been fortunate in the selection of our models, the richest and the most beautiful of the season.

Myrand & Pouliot
215 St. Joseph Street.

Electric Coffee Percolators

in different styles and sizes,

—also—

TEA BALL TEAPOTS
And SAMOVARA,
—CHAFFING DISHES,
—TOASTERS,
—DISC STOVES,
(Four styles and sizes)

GRILLS—Square and Round. EGG COOKERS. All to be had at:

The

CHINIC Hardware Company

SPORTING GOODS

For HOCKEY: Sticks, Pads, Pucks, Skates Straps, Etc., Etc.
For CURLING: Stones, Brooms, and all accessories needed for curling.

SLEIGHS, TOBOGGANS,
SNOWSHOES and SKIS.

We carry one of the largest and best lines of athletic goods to be had anywhere for all branches of athletic sports.

S.J. SHAW & CO.

Hardware Merchants,
Phonet 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

Public Notice

Estate of the late Louis Bilodeau, in his lifetime of the City of Quebec, Merchant.

All persons having claims against the above estate are hereby notified to file the same, duly attested within thirty days, at the office of the undersigned notaries, and those indebted to the estate are notified to pay within the same delay, at Louis Bilodeau, Reg'd., Store, No. 45 Sous le Fort street.

GAUVREAU & MONTREUIL,
Notaries,

81 St. Peter Street.
By order of the Executors.
March 7th, 1917. Mh.8x15

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

The old reliable remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

Best Liniment Made

MR. A. E. LAURENCE, EDMONTON, writes: "I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best liniment made."

Minard's Liniment always gives satisfaction. For any ache or pain, it gives instant relief.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited
Yarmouth, N.S.

BOOKS

"GETTING TOGETHER."

By Ian Hay.

"FROM the ST. LAWRENCE to the YSER." By Frederic C. Curry.

"THE BATTLES of the SOMME."

By Philip Gibbs.

(Author of "The Soul of the War.")

"THE WHITE ROAD to VERDUN." By Kathleen Burke.

"A SOLDIER'S SKETCHES UNDER FIRE." By Harold Harvey.

P. J. EVOY,

Bookseller,
Phone 778. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

ESTEY
FLOUR

IS THE BEST

TRY IT

AND BE CONVINCED

FOR SALE BY

J.B. RENAUD & CO.

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AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

Our Great
Clearing Sale
Still Going On
ENTIRE STOCK
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Wholesale Dealers and Manufacturers' Agents.

Brompton Kraft Wrapping Paper. The best wrapping paper on the market, kept in stock by us, and many other leading brands.

We also carry in stock Sovereign brand Roofing and building Paper. Over 50 years of honest dealing enables us to give entire satisfaction. Write, phone or call for prices and particulars.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

HEAD OFFICE AND SIX BRANCHES IN QUEBEC.
TWO BRANCHES IN LEVIS.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES
AT THE HEAD OFFICE AND ST. ROCH'S BRANCH.

DIED.

ASHE—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Montzambert, Port Hope, Ont., on the 20th of March, 1917, in her 85th year, Marcella Percy, widow of the late Commodore Edward Ashe, R.N., formerly of Quebec. Interment at Sherbrooke, P.Q.

Montreal and Sherbrooke papers please copy.

MELVILLE—On March 20th, 1917, Elizabeth Loyola, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Melville. Funeral private.

New York papers please copy.

McCaskill—At Ottawa, on March 18, 1917, Mary Crean, relict of T. H. McCaskill, and mother of the late K. P. McCaskill, of Montreal.

Funeral will take place at 2:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 21st instant, from the C. P. Ry. Station, to St. Patrick's Cemetery.

FRESH CUT FLOWERS

RECEIVED DAILY.

Specialty: Wreaths, Crosses, and Wedding Bouquets. Your order will be promptly attended to.

MDE. LEFEBVRE.

Tel. 472. 54 Palace Hill.

F.24xwd stxly

AUDITORIUM

THIS WEEK:

THE WONDER

ACT.

Regular Prices.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TODAY

"THE BOY-GIRL."

Featuring Violet Mercereau.

Fine Music.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

TODAY

STUART HOLMES, in

"THE SCARLET LETTER."

Admission 10 Cents.

VICTORIA THEATRE

TODAY

BY SPECIAL REQUEST.

GERALDINE FARRER, in

"TEMPTATION"

THE FAVORITE STEAMBOATS

FRONTENAC and CHAMPION.

The Maritime and Industrial Company, of Levis, has commenced the preparation of these two boats for the service which will begin with the opening of navigation, as in the past years.

UNDER THE AUSPICES

of the

LADIES' CITY MISSION.

AN ADDRESS

Will be given in

MORRIN COLLEGE HALL.

On Thursday, the 22nd of March inst.

At 8:00 P.M., by

MISS LUCY C. PHINNEY,

General Secretary of the Women's

Directory, Montreal.

All interested in the moral welfare

of young women are cordially invited.

Mh.20x3

Auction Sale

In the matter of: T. LAFRANCE,

of Quebec.

NOTICE is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1917,

At 11:00 o'clock, a.m.

there will be sold by public auction

at the office of the undersigned, 147

Mountain Hill.

1.—Stock consisting of Haberdash-

ery, etc., inventoried at \$360.00,

which can be examined Wednesday,

March 21st, at place of sale.

Will be sold at so much in the dol-

lar, as per inventory.

Terms: CASH.

ROBERT STEWART, L.I.A.

L. G. DEMERS, Auctioneer.

Mh.19,21x3

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON

KNIFE POLISH

METAL

SILVERSMITHS' SOAP

POLISHES

FURNITURE POLISH

EMERY CLOTH

WELLINGTON MILLS, LONDON, ENG.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

MR. H. J. DUCHESNAY DEAD IN VANCOUVER

MEMBER OF AN OLD QUEBEC
FAMILY RECENTLY RE-
TURNED FROM FRONT.

Official information has been received from Ottawa by the Misses Duchesnay, of the death at the General Hospital, Vancouver, of their brother, Mr. Henri Jinchreau Duchesnay, of the 54th Battalion, C.E.F. The late Mr. Duchesnay was the son of the late Colonel Theodore J. Duchesnay, formerly Officer Commanding the District of Quebec. He had been a resident of Nelson, B.C., for several years, before joining the 54th Battalion, with which he went overseas. He was recently invalided from the service owing to ill-health, and some six weeks ago, whilst on his way home to British Columbia, he spent a few days in Quebec.

Mr. Duchesnay belonged to one of the oldest French-Canadian families, whose name has always been closely identified with the Canadian Militia, and which has also done its share in the present war. One of them, Mr. Antoine Duchesnay, joined the "Princess Pats," and after being with that now famed battalion, through the battles of Langemarck and the other engagements, returned severely wounded. Two sons of the late Mr. Edmond Duchesnay are now in France, and another member of the family, a son of Mr. Philippe Duchesnay, of Montreal, has also joined the Canadian expeditionary force. The many friends of the family will sympathize with them in their bereavement.

THE LAKE EDWARD SANATORIUM MEETS

MUCH GOOD WORK ACCOM-
PLISHED—FINANCIAL HELP
IS URGENTLY REQUIRED.

There was a large attendance of subscribers and others interested in the Lake Edward Sanatorium Annual Meeting which was held in the Morrin College yesterday afternoon. The Hon. Richard Turner presided and briefly addressed the meeting on the work of the Sanatorium during the past year.

The report of the officers were then read and adopted. The financial report was very favorable; this being due to the generous subscriptions received during the year, which enabled the Treasurer to close the year's business with a very small deficit. The hope was expressed that the different subscribers would continue their contributions and that as many more citizens would help financially in this laudable work, as funds are urgently required to carry on business.

A new annex, which is now fully equipped, was built to accommodate thirty patients. This was erected through subscriptions received from private individuals and by donations from the government. The annex together with the main building now contains 60 inmates, all of whom are soldiers.

Votes of thanks were passed to the Medical Superintendent, the Lady Superintendent of the Sanatorium for the splendid services they had rendered, and also to the Ladies Branch for the good work performed during the past year.

WORK OF MONTREAL

WOMEN'S DIRECTORY

Not many Quebecers are familiar with the excellent work being done by the Women's Directory of Montreal—a new activity which concerns itself specially in caring for girls who have gone astray, and need help in order to win back for themselves an honorable place in the community. On Thursday evening next, the 22nd, Miss Phinney, General Secretary of the Women's Directory, Montreal, will give an Address in Morrin College Hall upon this work, and it is hoped that all who are interested in the welfare of our young women will attend.

CANADIAN CLUB DINNER.

The Canadian Club of Quebec has decided upon a temporary departure from its usual routine. Instead of a one o'clock luncheon, there is to be a dinner at the Chateau Frontenac on Thursday evening the 29th instant. The guest of honor will be Mr. Arthur Hawkes, whose recent address to the Women's Canadian Club was much appreciated. Mr. Hawkes has just returned to Toronto from a visit to the western provinces, after an absence of four years. The subject of his address on the 29th will be "The Prairie Provinces. Quebec and National Unity." A thoughtful treatment of a great question may be confidently anticipated. Still another departure from the Club's routine is to be noted. The ladies will be present at the dinner in addition to the members of the Club.

MRS. EDWARD ASHE HAS PASSED AWAY

WELL-KNOWN QUEBEC LADY
DIED YESTERDAY AT PORT
HOPE, ONT.

It is with deep regret the many friends of the late Mrs. Edward Ashe will learn of her death which took place yesterday at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Montzambert, Port Hope, Ont. The deceased lady, who had reached the venerable age of 85 years, was the widow of the late Commodore E. Ashe, R.N., and who for a number of years was in charge of the Quebec Observatory. She was the daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Percy, formerly rector of St. Peter's and Trinity churches, of this city. Previous to last winter, she resided here with her daughter, Mrs. A. L. Scott, of Quebec, when she left for Port Hope, Ont., to reside with Mrs. Montzambert.

The late Mrs. Ashe was the mother of ten children, five sons, of whom two are dead, and five daughters. The two sons who have passed away were the late Admiral E. P. Ashe, M.V.O., R.N., and W. A. Ashe, a former well-known surveyor, who succeeded his father as director of the Quebec Observatory. The surviving members of the family are Mr. Gilbert Ashe, of Victoria, B.C., Mr. H. M. Ashe, of Atlanta, Ga., and Mr. Fred. W. Ashe, of the Union Bank of Canada, London, Eng. Mrs. R. J. Montzambert, Port Hope, Ont.; Mrs. A. J. Hills, and Mrs. Siames, of Toronto; Mrs. A. E. Scott, of this city, and Mrs. J. P. Wells, of Sherbrooke, all of whom will have the deep sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

CHANGES IN CIVIC TRAFFIC BY-LAWS

QUEBEC AUTO CLUB DELE-
GATION WAITS ON POLICE
AND BY-LAW COMMITTEE.

A delegation from the Quebec Automobile Club waited on the Civic Road Committee at a meeting last night and suggested a number of amendments to the City traffic by-laws.

Chief of Police Trudel who was present explained that in order to make the changes in traffic laws proposed it would be necessary to greatly enlarge the police force. The committee decided to study the requests of the Auto Club before coming to a decision.

Mr. Jules Gauvin's tender for the supply of policemen's summer uniforms was accepted. The price is \$17.72 per uniform. Mr. J. B. LaLiberte was awarded the contract for helmets, price \$6.25 per helmet. Mr. O. N. Shink's tender for boots of \$7.45 was accepted.

KHAKI-OVERSEAS CLUB.

200 Returned Soldiers Were Entertained Last Night.

The large recreation room of the Quebec Khaki-Overseas Club was the scene of a very happy gathering when about 200 returned wandering soldiers were entertained. The playlet "Mechanical Jane" was given in addition to the regular programme and caused much laughter. The programme follows:

- 1—Address of welcome and opening Chorus: We'll never let the old flag fall.....Wm. Sharples
- 2—Song.....Miss Wiggins
- 3—Song.....Wm. Sharples
- 4—Song.....Mrs. Ginna
- 5—Playlet "Mechanical Jane".....
- 6—Violin and Piano.....
- 7—Refreshments.....
- 8—Instrumental Number.....
- 9—Song.....Col. Sgt. Maj. Turner
- 10—Song.....Pte. Barnes
- 11—Song.....Sgt. Smith
- 12—Song.....Pte. Galletty
- 13—Song.....Pte. Curtis
- 14—Song.....Sgt. Greenham
- 15—God Save the King.....

A hearty vote of thanks to the ladies was proposed in a neat speech by one of the returned men and three hearty cheers given. Mrs. Wm. Sharples played the accompaniments in her usual able manner.

WHOLE WHEAT AND MALTED BARLEY ARE MADE INTO

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

BY A SKILFUL BLENDING PROCESS

THERE'S HEALTH IN GRAPE-NUTS

"THE WORLD OF THE TELEPHONE"

SUBJECT OF INTERESTING
AND INSTRUCTIVE LEC-
TURE BY MR. LOUIS BEL-
COURT.

An interesting and instructive Lecture entitled, "The World of the Telephone," illustrated by lantern slides was delivered last night in the Columbus Hall by Mr. L. Belcourt, District Superintendent for the Bell Telephone Company. The large audience listened attentively to the lecturer, and was much impressed with the history of the telephone. Mr. J. K. Leonard introduced the lecturer and at the close of the discourse a vote of thanks to Mr. Belcourt was moved by Mr. Duggan, President of the Charlevoix and Saguenay Telephone Company and enthusiastically carried.

Mr. Belcourt began his address by recalling how the conception of the telephone originated in Alexander Graham Bell's mind following experiments with an ear from a dead man the lecturer illustrated the progress of the science from the first crude instrument—an animal membrane stretched over a drumhead with a piece of metal glued to its centre—down to the present day. It was at Brantford, Ont., that the telephone idea was born in 1874 and in August 1876 the first long distance telephone message was sent from Brantford to Paris.

Early switchboards were operated by boys, but the boyish temperament soon showed itself to be unsuited to the work and girls replaced them proving themselves to be just what was needed to make the telephone a success. The old days of tall poles carrying hundreds of wires that darkened the streets were graphically recalled, and it was shown how an improvement after improvement came along after the telephone companies were obliged to discard thousands of dollars worth of perfectly good apparatus to make way for later types. Views were shown illustrating the improvements made by the adoption of underground cable and the block system of wiring in residential districts and interesting descriptions given of how the growth of cities is scientifically calculated for ten and fifteen years ahead so that future telephone needs may be promptly met.

The lecturer illustrated by splendid views the enormous damage the telephone system sometimes suffers from sleet storms. One such storm in March 1913 cost the Bell Company no less than \$125,000. Interesting illustrations were given also of the variation in the telephone traffic at different hours of the day, 10.30 in the morning apparently being the hour at which the "peak load" is reached.

It is evident that the Bell company appreciates the importance of making ample provision for the comfort and general welfare of its operators. The lecturer showed splendid views of the large airy operating room, as well as comfortable rest and retiring rooms where when off duty the girls may pass the time pleasantly in reading, sewing or in social intercourse. The lunch room and the operators' school were also shown. In the former the company supplies tea, coffee, milk and sugar and a matron is in charge from whom other staple eatables can be had at actual cost. In the school the operator is thoroughly trained for the duties she is to undertake, and is paid while she is learning. Co-operation is a feature of operating and at busy hours the girls ease each other's burdens by taking care of extra calls.

Some striking figures were thrown upon the screen to illustrate the great telephone development here as compared with European countries, where the use of the service is restricted to certain hours of the day. The records show that there are more than twice as many telephones per hundred of population in Ontario as in Sweden, the best telephoned of European countries, and in Sweden too only 75 out of 2064 central offices give a 24 hour service such as we in Canada enjoy.

"Where will the development of speech transmission end?" the speaker asked. In answer he quoted Mr. J. J. Carty the foremost of telephone engineers who pointed to the recent achievement of trans-continental telephony and of wireless telephone communication from France and Hawaii to New York in support of his opinion that "no man can say what the end will be."

"We know," Mr. Carty has said in a recent address, "that wherever light will travel these waves will travel and at the same rate; and if it should be that there are other parts of the universe that are inhabited by mortals or immortals we have ascertained that we have a conductor, at any rate, that is joining us with the place where they are."

"And so," the speaker concluded, "we know what the telephone does but as to the Why and the How, there is as yet no answer? The wisest of human sages cannot explain it and yet it can be used by a little child."

A new orchestra with lady leader at the Empire. Did you hear it yet?

Arrivals at St. Roch Hotel:—J. A. Delisle, Pont Rouge; O. Gregoire, Beauce; Bert. Bernier, L. E. Desjardins, Montreal; L. C. Hardy, St. Basile; M. L. Sturgis, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. Frenette, Portneuf; M. Richer, J. L. Pelletier, H. Prevost, J. H. Montour, O. Dache, G. E. Rolland, E. St. Amand, Montreal.

"Tosca" Model

This features the beautiful wave top that gracefully lengthens the front line of the foot.



"LA TOSCA" in cream chiffon buck tops and softest black kid vamps is altogether delicious. It has the long, slender, clinging contours that Dame Fashion says are de rigueur for spring. "Tosca" comes in several other combinations of buck and kid.

Walk-Over Boot Shop,
10 St. John Street.

Easter Smoked Meats

—HAM. —PICNICS.
—BACON. —ROLLS.
—COTTAGE ROLLS —GARLIC BOLOGNA.

BEST QUALITY AT LOWEST MARKET PRICE

J. B. Renaud & Co., Reg'd.

150 ST. PAUL STREET, QUEBEC.

Mh.21,24,28,31A 4,7x6

New Goods for Spring & Summer 1917 at Very Interesting Prices

BLACK MELTON CLOTH, for Spring Suits, at.....85c and \$1.00.
SHANTUNG SILK, 33 inches wide; a good quality. Price.....49c
HEAVY BLACK SERGE, for Suits; width 54 inches.
Price.....\$1.50
NEW "PROMENADE" VOILE, in plain colors, Old Rose, Purple, Black, Orange and Pink. Price.....45c
LAKEWOOD VOILES; assorted colors. Prices.....35c to 60c
WHITE JERSEY GAITERS, for Babies. Special price.....40c
LLAMA STOCKINGS, for Babies; sizes 4, 4½ and 5; at.....19c
BLACK RIBBED UNION CASHMERE STOCKINGS, for Boys; sizes 9, 9½ and 10; value of 50c, for.....25c and value of 35c, for.....19c
200 yards of SUITING TWEEDS. Special price.....78c
PENMAN'S SEAMLESS BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS; sizes 8½ to 10. Price.....50c
PENMAN'S SEAMLESS MERCERIZED Lisle Thread STOCKINGS; sizes 8½ to 10. Price—three pairs for.....\$1.00
5 dozen Pairs of BLACK SILK STOCKINGS; size 9 only; value of \$1.00, for.....50c
NEW STOCKS OF WHITE and COLORED NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, for Men, at.....\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75
Get one pair of our new line of Silk Stockings, "Hose of Luxite," in Black, White, Grey and Navy. Price, per pair.....95c

New Goods Displayed

SPRING SUITS FOR WOMEN.
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS.
BLOUSES, NEW STYLES,
NEW WASH GOODS,
SERGE AND TWEED SUITINGS.
FANCY NECKWEAR.
BUTTERICK STYLE BOOKS and PATTERNS for APRIL,
Now on Sale at Pattern Counter.

Faguy, Lepinay & Freres
254-264 St. John Street
QUEBEC

SEATTLE, 6;

CANADIENS, 1.

In The World of Sport

D. & A. PROTEST

WAS THROWN OUT

SEATTLE TURNS TABLES ON CANADIENS, TRIMMING FRENCHMEN BY SCORE OF 6-1

Second Game of World's Hockey Series Goes to Western Champions—Easterners Were Out-skated and Checked to a Standstill—Foyston Starred—Vezina Saved Canadiens From a Worse Defeat—Smith Saved Whitewash.

Seattle, Wash., Mar. 20.—Showing a reversal of form that was a revelation to the thousands of hockey fans who yelled themselves hoarse at the brilliant exploits of their favorites, the Seattle Mets turned on the Canadiens of Montreal and not only outplayed them at their own style of six-man hockey, but outscored them 6 to 1 in the second game here tonight, and thereby evened up the series for possession of the Stanley Cup. The coast champions put up a wonderful exhibition of Canada's national winter pastime, outclassing their speedy opponents at nearly every turn, and after their downfall in the opening game Saturday night their return to form has made the series a much more open one. After Saturday night's contest, when the Flying Frenchmen excelled the locals by their brilliant work, it was the consensus of opinion that the easterners would win with little trouble, but after tonight's sterling performance by the westerners the fans are pinning their hopes on the Seattle players.

Starting off at a whirlwind gate, the Mets, tallied two goals in the opening period, and by fast checking and tricky puck-carrying increased their lead to nothing in the second session. The Frenchmen seemed demoralized, and though they worked hard in the third session they were again outplayed and the Mets increased their early advantage by scoring two more, while the Canadiens saved a whitewash when Tommy Smith scored just before time was up.

Vezina played great hockey in the nets for the visitors and his work is mainly responsible for the fact that the margin against the easterners is not worse. Combination, speed, and great back-checking simply had the Canadiens phased and nearly everyone of Seattle's goals were scored from two men rushes. Foyston and Morris figuring in them, while Wilson and Walker also contributed. Foyston was the star of the evening, Morris sharing honors with him.

THE PLAY.

Seattle started out the first period with great speed and only Vezina's brilliant goalkeeping kept the Mets from showering in goals. Mummery and Corbeau were literally tied up around their own net. Lalonde and Pitre were kept shooting from far out, but Holmes who showed none of the nervousness which was apparent the first time he faced the Frenchmen, stopped their efforts with ease. Walker's back-checking was very much in evidence, the lanky wingman breaking up attempts of the visitors to combine for a goal and after nine minutes play, Morris rushed through alone and beat out Vezina when right in on top of him.

Seattle, 1; Canadiens, 0. Tommy Smith replaced Lalonde for a spell but was outskated by Morris and the Seattle team continued to show the same dazzling speed. Vezina saved sensationally from Foyston but succumbed a minute later when Walker gave Wilson a perfect pass, which Cully slipped into the net.

Seattle, 2; Canadiens, 0. Pitre very nearly counted for Canadiens shortly after the puck was faced but Holmes batted it to safety. Mummery made a nice save when he robbed Foyston at close quarters but the big fellow could not get very far in his rushes as Walker was continually harassing the Canadian attack. Corbeau fell when he had a nice opening and Carpenter took the rubber up for a try at Vezina, just before the period ended. Seattle, 2; Canadiens, 0.

Second Period. Canadiens tried hard to score when the second twenty started but Holmes saved from Laviolette. Rickey got off to a fast rush but was dumped by Mummery in front of the net. Lalonde failed to show any speed and his efforts to break through were harmless. Morris completely shadowed the Canadian veteran. Vezina's great goal-keeping again kept Seattle from scoring often but he could not save all the time and Morris skated through and bagged Seattle's third goal after five minutes play. Seattle, 3; Canadiens, 0. Play grew a bit rougher and Corbeau and Mummery used their bodies

Ed. Faille Says:

"Tinkering is to automobile-dom what booze is to the medical profession—hospitals thrive on both of them."

JULIEN Overland
SERVICES
Phone 7036

D. & A. PROTEST WAS THROWN OUT

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY TEAM OFFICIALLY DECLARED THE CHAMPIONS.

The D. & A. failed to prove their contention that Patry, of the Canadian Northern Railway team was not a regular member of the local staff of the Railway—but only an express employee—and the Can. Nor. officials had ample proof that the player had been with them two years and besides working for the express department, he was an employee of the railway, and paid by the Canadian Northern Railway system. The league decided in favor of the Railwaymen, and as they also won the game on the ice, the Canadian Northern team were declared champions of the Commercial League for 1917. The banquet will be held at the Falls, on Thursday week.

EDDIE GERARD TO QUIT HOCKEY

IF WAR IS STILL ON, HE WILL KEEP OUT OF GAME TO AVOID CRITICISM.

Ottawa, March 20.—It is a long call to the 1918 hockey season, but Eddie Gerard, captain and left wing of the Ottawa "Senators" makes the announcement that he will not be in the game next year if the war is still in progress. Eddie does not intend to retire, but he says he will not lend himself to further criticism by playing professional hockey so long as the war is on. If the war is over by the season 1918, the crack forward will be back stronger than ever.

There has been considerable criticism of the incident of last Friday, when recruiters approached the line of ticket purchasers for the Ottawa-Canadien match, on Sparks street, with a view to landing men. We are not well enough versed in recruiting to offer an opinion, but one of the most successful recruiting officers in this district states it was poor business accusing the hockey line last week, and did considerable harm to recruiting. Lieut. Col. Dick Greer of the Sportsman's Battalion, of Toronto, started here a year ago the most successful recruiting was accomplished by meeting a prospective candidate on equal terms and appealing to his finer instinct of duty and patriotism. But under no circumstances bawl him out on the street.

Hockey is being conducted in every city in Canada to its limit without the criticism it is receiving in Ottawa. The same goes for soccer, rugby and horse racing in England.

RICKEY SWITCHES

St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 20.—Branch Rickey, business manager of the St. Louis Americans, announced this afternoon that he had signed a three year contract as president and business manager of the St. Louis Nationals. It is understood his salary will be \$15,000 a year.

President Ball, of the St. Louis Americans, was in conference this afternoon with his attorneys. He had previously announced that he would hold Rickey to his contract with the Americans.

RESULT OF MEDAL SHOTS PLAY AT QUEBEC CLUB

Capt. Key led with Score of 41, Having Been "Spotted" Ten Shots.

Capt. (Dr.) J. A. Key led the scorers in the handicap medal shots competition at the Quebec Curling Club yesterday. The winner was "spotted" ten, but even without this handicap he would have tied H. Gordon Perry, a "scratch" entry, whose total was 31. The leading scores follow: Capt. J. A. Key 31x10-41 H. G. Perry Scratch-31 F. S. Royer 21x10-31 P. C. Denis 22x8-30 W. J. Delany 21x8-29 M. Dinan 26x3-29 A. H. Visser 22x6-28 W. Lambton 27Scr-27 F. N. Amy 21x6-27 R. C. Cream 17x10-27 H. Lewis 30x6-28 M. J. Tierney 16x10-28 P. A. Dale 28x2-25

of the Sakais have left their forest homes to live in huts on the ground level on the outskirts of the Malay towns. But under British rule the remnants of the tribe seems fairly likely to survive and to keep its arboreal habits for years to come.

STILL A SECRET.

Mrs. Jenkins was endeavoring to console her young married daughter, who was weeping over her husband's shortcomings. "What could I do, my dear—I married you to Septimus because he vowed he had the secret of making you happy."

Sporting Notes

If this wintry weather keeps up, the N.H.A. had better get together and start the season over again. And maybe Ottawa might win the championship this time.

Come to think of it, Ottawa usually wins the hockey championship during the summer months.

Arr. Ross told Manager Emmet McDonald of the Sons of Ireland after the Vickers-Sons match, that the Quebec boys would not be called upon to defend the Cup any more this season. Reports from Ottawa seem to indicate that the Aberdeens have hopes of taking a try at the trophy this week. But the Ottawas have another "hope" coming to them.

Because George Kennedy expressed the opinion that the Seattle team would probably beat Canadiens at the six-men style, some wise ones begin to smile and suggest that the Canadien leader was "pulling" his team and getting ready an alibi. But Kennedy was only showing his hockey knowledge after witnessing the first game. Anyone knows that the six-men game is the real "speed test". Players on both teams cannot do any loafing and Kennedy with only seven men to call upon and a raw recruit. Couture, knew that against the speedy Seattle outfit, the Canadiens would have a desperate struggle when the abbreviated style was in vogue. A striking incident which shows the difference of teams when playing six or seven-man hockey is illustrated in the fact that the St. Patricks team of Toronto, which finished low in the league standing at seven-men hockey, defeated the Riversides of Toronto in a City championship series, taking both games—because the teams were playing the six-men game. A slow team has a chance when there are seven a side, but in the six-men game the "snails" have to take a back seat.

In a letter here, Emmet McDonald, manager of the Sons of Ireland states that Pittsburgh has a very fast team and on an ice surface which is twice the size of the Quebec Arena, the Sons were at sea, though they were beaten fairly. Emmet says 4,200 people were skating at the Gardens the afternoon before the game. Evidently the Pittsburghers enjoy the winter sport to the limit.

The only draw-back to the rink—though its size is rather detrimental to good hockey—is the lighting system. Fuller allowed two easy long shots to get by in the first game through failure to judge them. In fact the goal tend did not see them until the net sagged behind him.

Frankie Fleming has consented to meet Harry Condon and the bout will be fought in Montreal tonight. Wonder what's the matter with Condon?

They say the only real champion is Willie Hoppe the Billiard wizard. Hoppe never has any alibis ready before the game. If the room is too cool or too hot, he figures his opponent will experience the same handicap and if the cushions are hard he just adapts himself to circumstances. The rule-makers tried to make the game harder for him by introducing the "three cushion" method, but Hoppe just went out and beat everybody at this game too, though he objected to it because of the element of luck. He contends the balk line is the only "real billiards." His high run is 662.

Eddie Watters is a good hockey player but Manager Baird of the C. N. team showed him a few wrinkles on the bowling alleys last night.

The Canadian Northern team won on the ice against the D. & A. and last night the league threw out the D. & A. protest, therefore the Rail-roads won the "Committee-room" argument as well.

Popular Pastime, No. 737.—Trying to enjoy a "rolls and coffee" breakfast when the fellow opposite is polishing off a sirloin.

"SAMMY" TAKES SUIT AGAINST "LIVVY." Montreal, March 20.—The post season court series of the National Hockey Association is to get under way within the next day or so. Eddie Livingstone, manager of the Toronto Hockey Club, having failed to retract or prove the accusations against the Wanderer Club within the time limit given him to do so by President Sam Lichtenhein, the latter has instructed his attorney to take immediate action, criminal action if possible, against the Queen City hockey magnate. The papers sent by President Lichtenhein are supposed to have reached his legal advisers, Dewar, Harding, Maw and Hodgson, of Toronto, yesterday morning, but it is expected that it will be a day or so before they will be able to go fully into the case.

Meanwhile nothing further has been heard from Manager Livingstone. However, it is stated that the Toronto manager, through his representatives, MacDonald and Boland, of Toronto, has obtained an order at Osgoode Hall for the issuance of a writ against the Ottawa Hockey Club, said writ to be concurrent for service in Montreal and Quebec. The time specified for appearance is fifteen days.

CONDON EXPECTS TO STOP FLEMING

RUGGED BOY TO MEET MONTREALER IN METROPOLIS TONIGHT.

Montreal, March 20.—Willing to wager that he will stop Frankie Fleming inside the scheduled ten rounds at Sohmer Park, Wednesday night, Harry Condon arrived in Montreal this morning brimming with enthusiasm. The rugged little fellow is matched to meet Benny Leonard, the crack Gotham lightweight, on April 12, and considers the Fleming match only a light work-out for his meeting with Leonard.

Condon says he will make 135 pounds ring-side for Fleming, and still be strong. He pointed to the fact that he made 132 pounds for Packey Hommey, and defeated that fighter quite handily over the 20-round route. "Fleming cannot hurt me with his left-hand taps," declared Condon. "I'll wear him down in five or six rounds, and he'll be so tired that a couple of solid punches will end it."

No decision has yet been made about a referee, but indications are that Billy Armstrong will get the appointment. He is the only total man to which Fleming will agree, and if arrangements can be made, he will probably be the third man in the ring. Otherwise it will be necessary to get a Gotham man to act.

D'ARCY WILL BE BUSY MAN

FLOODED WITH OFFERS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Cleveland, March 19.—Though barred in New York, Les Darcy, Australian boxer, won't be forced to take his fists away out of the United States in order to sell them.

With the announcement that Governor Whitman of New York had stated that Darcy could not box in that State because he was a "slacker" and consequently an undesirable citizen, promoters from all sections of the country rushed telegrams to the Antipodean asking for his services. Among the number was Matt Hinkel. Mat sent a telegram asking Darcy if he would come here to box George Chip. He made no direct financial offer.

A message from Toledo bore the information that Promoter Ed McDaniels had offered a \$50,000 purse for a Darcy-Jack Dillon bout in Toledo. McDaniels insists he has sufficient backing to stage the match and has the assurance that Sam Marburger, Dillon's manager, will interpose no objections to having the battle staged in Toledo.

INVENTED THE FOG HORN.

The man who invented and installed the first steam fog horn died blind and in poverty despite his varied attainments and achievements in widely different fields. He was John Foulis, a Scotchman, who came to St. John, N.B., in the early years of the last century. An interesting description of this versatile Scot is given in a paper recently read before the St. John Historical Society by William Murdoch, C.E., Murdoch says of Foulis:

"He was a nephew of the brothers Robert and Andrew Foulis of Glasgow, printers and publishers, whose productions were the admiration of all their contemporaries, and whose edition of Horace, published in 1744, was hung up sheet by sheet, in Glasgow, and a reward offered for the discovery of a single error."

"This scion of an intelligent breed was a graduate of Glasgow University. After various experiences when a young man, even to serving as surgeon on a whaling ship, he finally settled in St. John and became a land surveyor, artist, analytical chemist, and a civil and mechanical engineer. His survey of the River St. John is still in vogue in the Crown Land Office of this Province. His chemical knowledge ranged from analyzed ores to making his own whiskey when overtaken by adversity."

"While operating as a mechanical engineer and owning a foundry he engineered the first steam ferryboat to cross St. John Harbor, besides the first steam craft to ply the St. John River. Later on, when Mr. Foulis was the engineer of the Light and Signal Service of the Government of New Brunswick, his principal charge being Partridge Island (at the harbor's entrance), whereon was an automobile fog bell, he proposed a steam whistle, steam whistles being then new to the world."

"Later on his suggestion was acted upon. There was no patent law then and, though in his old age, blind and poor, he was given no compensation, and the inventor of the fog horn died in poverty."



SUITS THAT TELL A STORY OF GOOD TASTE

They've just arrived.---In fact they are the first arrivals of the new Spring garments.

Models of Snappy Style for Every Type of Figure.

IN THE MEN'S STORE

Holt Renfrew & Co Limited

English Cashmere Socks

We have been very fortunate in procuring a complete assortment of English Cashmere Socks, in white, tan, grey, or black, due to our having bought early we can offer them at the special price of, per pair, ... 50c

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GRANDE ALLEE RINK

TONIGHT :: HOCKEY
YOUNG SONS O FIRELAND vs. YOUNG CRESCENTS.
ST. ROMUALD vs. GARNETS
YOUNG ROSS RIFLE vs. CAN. INDEPENDENTE
THURSDAY :: BAND AND SKATING.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

— at —

JOS. COTE'S

Sale of smokers' requisites, slightly damaged by water and smoke at a reduction, at our Branch, No. 179 St. Joseph street, opposite St. Roch's church.

Opening on Saturday morning at 8:00 o'clock.

Do not forget that this Sale is serious. Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco in packages and plugs leaf tobacco and Pipes are in the lot. As the quantity of each kind is limited, hasten to provide yourself.

Ask For Prices

Before placing your orders, phone 3777, and ask us for prices on GREY, MANILLA, FIBRE and KRAFT WRAPPING PAPERS, PAPER BAGS, CUTTERS, TWINES, Etc.

Building Papers, 1, 2 and 3 Ply

Sovereign Crown Brand, guaranteed for 5, 10 and 15 years. 3 and 3 ply Ready Roofing, Tarred and Tarred Sheathing Felt, Dry Sheathing and Carpet Felt, Coal Tar, Pitch and Oakum.

YOUR REQUIREMENTS ARE SOLICITED AND WILL HAVE OUR MOST CAREFUL AND PROMPT ATTENTION :: :: ::

How About Your Sidewalk?

If you are thinking of replacing it by a permanent one, ask us for particulars, which will not cost you anything.

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NO housewife could be more critical than we in her selection of baking materials. Highest grade flour, pure shortening, sweet whole milk and June creamery butter—these are the things that account for the purity and wholesomeness of

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JERRY CREAM Sodas In different sized packages.



Help the NAVY Win the War—

It needs more men. Get overseas at once by joining the overseas division of

The Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve and serve in the victorious fleet. Experience not necessary. Canadians on joining are sent to England at once for training.

PAY \$1.10 a day and upwards—Free Kit— Separation allowance as in C.E.F. Candidates must be sons of natural born British subjects—Ages 18 to 38.

Experienced men from 18 to 45 may enlist for service in the Canadian Naval Patrols to guard Canadian Coasts.

For particulars apply to: MR. D. U. LEEPERANCE, President, Naval Recruiting Committee, Harbour Commissioners' Bldg., Quebec or to the Naval Recruiting Secretary, Ottawa. A-2-17

Correspondence

THE CHURCH UNION VOTE, SOME NEW FACTS.

To the Editor of The Chronicle:—

Sir,
A few facts are already known. It is known that the Assembly, in 1905, and in 1912, and in 1915, gave the assured understandings that no steps would be taken towards Organic Union unless there should be to use its own words—"practically unanimous action".

It is known that in 1911, out of a membership of 298,916, 113,000 voted for Organic Union and 50,753 against it;—and that the Assembly halted the Movement "owing to the extent of the Minority".

It is known that in 1915, out of a membership of 338,322, only 113,600 voted for Organic Union and 73,725 against it.

It is known that the Assembly of 1916, disregarding its own Constitutional limits—and its own previous declarations—and the increased opposition—and the sorrow of war—resolved, if possible, to force the Churches under one central control by the power of the civil law.

But it is not generally known that our Church, after overlapping in Home Missions had been practically eliminated, had more than five hundred Home Missions—English, French, and Foreign—supported wholly or in part by Missionary Funds, and that these Missions, many of them non-Presbyterian, furnish much of the so-called "majority".

Take first the great Central Section—in Ontario and Quebec, containing well on to two thirds of our Church, and contributing about two thirds of all her Missionary Funds.

In this section, out of 205,864 communicants, only 63,193 voted for Organic Union, 51,817 against it. Even of this small majority, many were not originally Presbyterian.

Take one example. The older central city of Montreal has eight large congregations, with an average of nearly eight hundred members each. These all voted against a Church Merger and the eight of them gave a combined vote against it of more than two to one.

In the same city and suburbs are eight Missions, largely non-Presbyterian, knowing little of the question and ready to vote as directed. Three of them, English, gave communicant votes, 59 "yea", 1 "nay";—two, French 107 "yea", 7 "nay";—Pte. aux Trembles schools, French, chiefly children 72 "yea", 7 "nay";—one Ruthenian Mission, 15 "yea";—one Chinese Mission 31 "yea";—total 234 "yea", 12 "nay".

Each of these missions is reckoned by the Union Committee as a congregation, and they thus offset the vote of the eight congregations, Erskine, Crescent, St. Paul's, and others larger still, that support them. This is one local illustration. Others might be given from other parts of this Central Section.

On the other hand, the self supporting churches in the centres, give a majority against disbanding our Church. The three largest centres, Montreal, Toronto, and Hamilton, with their seventy-five self-supporting congregations, among them the largest and strongest in the Church, give a combined majority against it.

Not only these three, but three score centres, yes, three times three score,—with yet an added score;—two hundred in all,—give a similar result. Read them carefully.

Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Peterboro, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Brantford, Galt and Guelph.

Almonte, Arnprior, Alliston, Alvinston, Avonmore, Allenford, Avonton, Acton, Ailsa Craig, Atwood, Argyle, Auburn, Aylmer, and Ayr.

Brockville, Belleville, Bamsville, Bowmanville, Beaverton, Bolton, Brampton, Burlington, Barrie, Bradford, Binbrook, Bridgeburg, Bayfield, Brucefield, Blenheim, Brussels, Bluevale, Belmont, and Blyth.

Cobourg, Cookstown, Clifford, Clinton, Carleton Place, Cardinal Campbellford, Colborne, Collingwood, Churchill, Columbus, Chestey, Chatham, Cornwall, Cromarty, Cranbrook, Creemore.

Delaware, Drayton, Dorchester, Drummond Hill, Durham, Dutton, Dunnville, Dunwich, Dundas,—Egmondville, Exeter, Essex, Embro, Elora, Erin, Eglinton,—Fordwich, Fergus, Forest and Finch.

Goderich, Georgetown, Gravenhurst, Guthrie, Grimsby, Glencoe, Hastings, Harrison, Hanover, Havelock, Holstein, Huntingdon, Huntsville, Hillsdale, Honsall, Hespeler,—Jarvis, Ingersoll,—Kempville, Kemble, Kirkfield, Kitchener, Kincardine, Kintyre, Kinlough.

Listowel, Lindsay, Lunenburg, Lucknow, Latona, Lancaster, Lachine, Lachute,—Maxville, Markham, Meaford, Melbourne, Morewood, Mt. Forest, Midland, Mitchell, Milton, Milverton,—Norwood, Norwich, North Bay.

Oakville, Orangeville, Ormstown, Orillia, Oshawa, Oxford, Owen Sound,—Pembroke, Prescott, Palmerston, Pinkerton, Priceville, Park Hill, Port Colborne, Port Dover, Port Elgin, Port Hope, Paisley, Paris, Petrolia, Parry Sound,—Queensville, Quebec,—Renfrew, Richmond, Ridgetown, Ripley, and Rothsay.

Sarnia, Seaforth, Simcoe, Sonya, Shelburne, Sherbrooke, Scarborough, Stratford, Streetsville, Stirling, Smiths Falls, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Marys, St. Catharines, St. Thomas, Southampton, Sudbury, Sutton, Strathroy,—Teeswater, Thamesville, Tiverton, Thornbury, Theford, Tottenham, Town Line, Uxbridge, Turin, Warkworth, Walkerton, Waterloo, Watford, Walton, Woking, Wroxeter, Whitechurch, Whitby, Woodstock, Woodville, Weston, Welland,

U.S. RECOGNITION OF NEW RUSSIA

WASHINGTON FEELS GOOD ORDER PREVAILING CALLS FOR MORAL SUPPORT.

Washington, March 20.—Early recognition by the United States of the new government set up by revolution in Russia was forecast here today in the belief that, with good order now prevailing, the plans being made for a permanent constitutional government call for the moral support of this country. All reports to the State Department indicate that the army and navy are supporting the provisional government.

Ambassador Francis at Petrograd, summarized the situation today in the following cablegram:

"The last week has seen the most astonishing revolution. Two hundred million people who have lived under absolute monarchy for 1,000 years and who are now engaged in the greatest war in history, have forced their Emperor to abdicate for himself and his son and induced the brother to whom he transferred Imperial authority to accept on condition that constitutional assembly of people so wish and who will exercise power under authority of government framed by that assembly.

"No opposition to provisional government which is council of ministers appointed by committee of twelve named by Duma. Absolute quiet here and throughout all Russia. Rodzianko and Muliukoff assure me whole army and navy in support. Everything learned from unofficial sources confirms.

"Plan of provisional government is to call constituent assembly or convention whose members be elected by whole people and who be empowered to organize good government. Whether republic or constitutional monarchy undecided, but conclusions of assembly will be accepted by the people and enforced by the army and navy."

The United States always looks with favor upon a movement for the

extension of republicanism, and has Wiarton, Wingham, Windsor and Wick.

The self-supporting congregations in these two hundred centres, practically all the villages, towns and cities in this Great Central Section of our Church, give—not each of them a majority—but a combined total majority against disbanding the Presbyterian Church.

These people do not propose to be driven from their Church and their convictions of right, either by the illegal use of Church Courts, or by the votes of strangers to whom they have extended a helping hand.

The vote in the other two Sections East and West, Maritime Provinces, and West of the Lakes, is equally interesting but must wait another letter.

E. SCOTT.

Montreal, 12 March, 1917.



TIRED NERVES

What is so thoroughly exhausting as a day's shopping! And what of the girls behind the counter! Standing for long hours day after day, with nerves continually at high tension, waiting on impatient men and exacting women—what could be more wearing on the delicate, nervous system?

Is it to be wondered at that overstrained nerves give out, that there are many headaches, much sleeplessness, and tired, draggy feelings in the mornings. "Only tired," you may say, and yet this pretty nearly sums up the symptoms of an exhausted nervous system. This is the warning that vitality is waning, and that you must get the process of restoration established. Rest and recreation may not be within your reach, but Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is, and it will do wonders in helping you back to new health and vigor. People everywhere are finding this out. In home and office, store and factory this great Food Cure is being tested out, and proving over and over again its efficacy as a means of restoring and reconstructing the wasted and depleted nerve cells. Ask your friends about it. Better still, put it to the test in your own case, and you will then understand why so many people are talking about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Insist on getting what you ask for.

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Crockery, Glassware, Silverware, Cut Glass, Etc.

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Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Also like a charm in **DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.**

Effectually cures short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and cures those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, GROUP and AGUE.

The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne has on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.



CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

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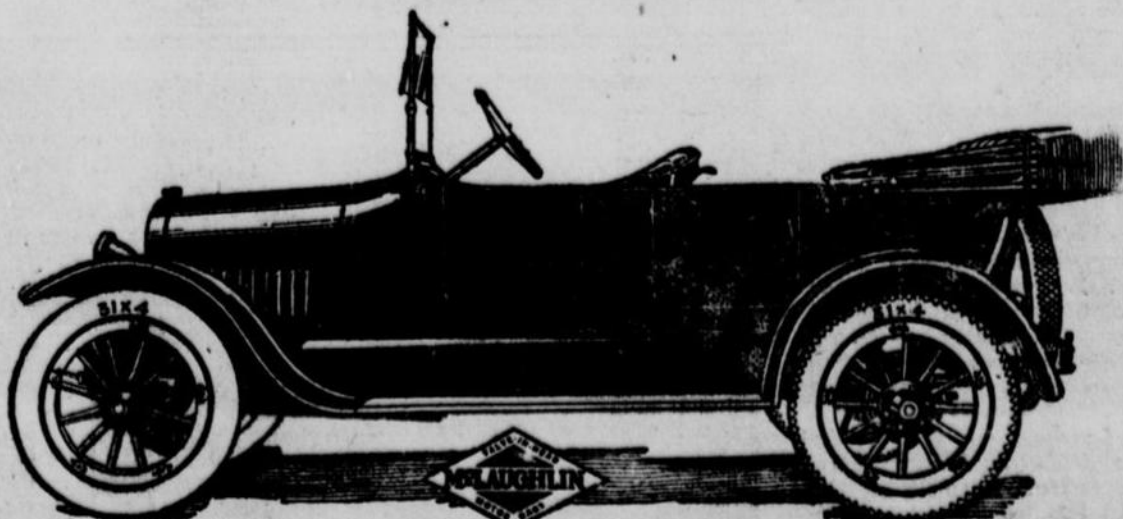
Its appearance, as to the lines, is perfect. Finish is unequalled, being made with the highest grade of material possible to obtain.

The Motor used for this Supremacy "FOUR" is "BUICK" Valve-in heads, which means a "world of power" more than any user than use with.

It's just as comfortable as a high price car, plenty room for five or more persons, with very efficient long springs, assuring COMFORT at all times.

If you have in mind to buy a real SERVICEABLE LOW PRICE CAR, ask your friends which is the best value for its price, and they will answer frankly "Buy a McLaughlin" and you will have an unequally value.

Model D-Four-35, 1917



Come to our Show-rooms. We have a large stock of D-4-35 on hand, and we will be pleased to demonstrate this model all over.

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THE EGGLESS CAKE

HIGH COST OF LIVING REDUCED BY SEVERAL MILLIONS.

The prestige of the hen is being curtailed in a new and interesting way.

She lays a billion eggs or so for the human race each year, and, under world war conditions, the price of eggs per dozen to consumers had approached a dollar in some parts of the United States, and has reached the prohibitive price of two dollars or more in the belligerent countries.

Therefore when the high cost of living looms large in the public eye, unusual importance is attached to the announcement of the best known baking powder company in the world that it has evolved a ready and practical way for the housewife to save, in the aggregate, many millions of dollars in household expenses through the use of more Royal Baking Powder and less eggs.

Months of experimenting have elicited a large number of recipes for the making of home baking products with fewer eggs, and these recipes are being distributed gratis. It is claimed that they prove conclusively that the baking powder saves eggs—in some cases about half the cost of the cake is saved. In recipes calling for the use of eggs, the number can be reduced and excellent results—healthful, appetizing cakes, muffins, corn bread, etc.—obtained by using a small additional quantity, about a teaspoonful, of Royal Baking powder in place of each egg omitted.

The same, or top-notch achievement in this connection is an eggless, butterless cake that is produced by all who have tasted it to be delicious and wholesome. Its appealing quality, it is claimed, will be surprising to the housewife who tries it according to the recipe given.

The idea of using more Royal baking powder and less eggs in baking is not entirely new, but the elaborate planning and perfecting of the idea into accomplished reality is a very recent help, meeting the necessities of the housewife of moderate means in time of soaring food prices.

In the British Isles the news has been received with enthusiasm. The baking powder company, while not accused of being an out-and-out philanthropist in the matter, is pointed out as having provided the means of effecting an enormous saving in household affairs in a way that benefits everybody and harms nobody—except it be the pride of the auto-rat. The company only completed its experiments recently, and already the announcements are being spread broadcast in the newspapers, which it will be remembered, many years ago made the name of Royal Baking Powder a household word all over the world.



CITY OF QUEBEC.

DISTRICT OF QUEBEC. To wit:

CITY OF QUEBEC.

City Hall.

BY-LAW NO. 30.

By-Law Concerning the Census of the Population of the City of Quebec.

(Known up in the French Language)

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, in the said City of Quebec, on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, (1917), in conformity with the law, and in virtue of a bylaw passed by this Council, pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, and that meeting were present the absolute majority of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bois, Bouchard, Bourret, Collier, Dinan, Dussault (St. Louis), Dussault (Belvedere), Fiset, Galibois, Gauvin, Lantier, Madden, Martin, Mercier, Paquet (Jacques Cartier), Paquet (St. Sauveur), Pettigrew, Plamondon, Verret.

It is ordained and enacted by the Council of this Council, and this Council ordains and enacts as follows:

A census of the population of the City of Quebec shall be made by the Assessors, at the same time as the assessment roll is made for the year 1917-18.

Whoever shall refuse to answer the questions that shall be put by any Assessor, with the object of obtaining information to take said census or that, wilfully, false declarations are given, such persons shall incur, for every such offence, a fine not exceeding forty dollars, which shall be collected according to law in the Recorder's Court of the City of Quebec.

H. E. LAVIGNEUR, Mayor.
Attested (L.S.)
J. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk.

W & G.
Morton Massey
GENERAL INSURANCE BROKERS
111 Mountain Hill

MEETING OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Friday, March 16, 1917.

Present: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bois, Bouchard, Bourret, Collier, Dinan, Dussault (Belvedere), Fiset, Galibois, Gauvin, Glode, Lantier, Lockwell, Madden, Martin, Mercier, Paquet (St. Sauveur), Paquet (Jacques Cartier), Pettigrew, Theriault, Verret. (22).

The minutes of the last meeting are read and confirmed.

Read a letter from Mr. Giguere, on behalf of the Quebec Retail Merchants' Association, protesting against the sweeping proposition made in the by-law No. 33, to change the names of the streets.

Read a letter from Mr. F. W. Ross, protesting against the proposition to change the name of Holland Avenue in the by-law No. 33, concerning names of streets.

Read a petition, numerous signed from tax payers and residents of the parish of St. Sauveur, protesting against the proposition to change the name of Durochers Street, in said by-law No. 33. Ordered that the said documents lay on the table to be considered together with the said by-law.

Read a letter from Mr. J. P. Cantin, Notary, on behalf of the Dominion Park Co. Ltd., offering to the City the free use of their land containing about 100 acres near the Transcontinental workshops to be utilized for the cultivation of vegetables, fruits, etc. Referred to the City Clerk.

The City Clerk lays before the Council a notarial deed of signification from the heirs of the late J. de la Croix J. Comte, senior, concerning Quebec City debentures belonging to this estate. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Presented the following reports of Committees:

Finance: 2534th. (Recommending to pay 3 months' salary of the late Chief Philippe Hamel (\$500.) to his widow.) Moved by Ald. Verret, seconded by Ald. Lockwell, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 2nd order of the day.

2535th. (Recommending to pay 3 months' wages of the late Captain Lamontagne, and firemen Chs. L'Heureux and Jean St. Hilaire to their widows.) Moved by Ald. Verret, seconded by Ald. Lockwell, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 3rd order of the day.

2536th. (To grant a lease of 2 lots of land situated on the new market Jacques-Cartier St., to Messrs. Glode & Co., and to L. Gingras & Sons.) Moved by Ald. Verret, seconded by Ald. Bouchard, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 4th order of the day.

2537th. (To grant an additional credit of \$7,000. to Road Committee, for urgent repairs to municipal buildings.) Moved by Ald. Verret, seconded by Ald. Bouchard, and resolved: That the said report be taken up as the 5th order of the day.

2538th. (To grant additional credit of \$5,000. to Waterworks department, for material and wages. Moved by Ald. Verret, seconded by Ald. Madden, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 6th order of the day.

Police and By-Law Committee: 160th. (Permission to install a gasoline tank on Crown Street.) Moved by Ald. Gauvin, seconded by Ald. Bedard, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 7th order of the day.

161st. (Permission to install a gasoline tank on St. Valier Street, Legare Co.) Moved by Ald. Gauvin, seconded by Ald. Collier, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 8th order of the day.

Markets: 726th. (To continue leases of revenues of public markets.) Moved by Ald. Bois, seconded by Ald. Galibois, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 9th order of the day.

First Report of Special Committee, to study system of accountants. Moved by Ald. Bouchard, seconded by Ald. Collier, and resolved: That the said report be taken into consideration as the 10th order of the day.

Reports of officers of the Council: Presented the 2nd report of the City Clerk in relation with enquiry into the high cost of life. Ordered that the said report lay on the table.

Read a report from Hon. L. A. Taschereau, giving his opinion upon the question of what is the absolute majority of the Council.

The Order of the Day being called.

Ald. Verret, supported by Ald. Collier, asks the permission of the Council, before proceeding to the orders of the day, to make the following proposition:

"The Municipal Council of the City of Quebec deeply grieved at the news of the death of H.R.H. the Duchess of Connaught inscribes in the minutes of tonight's sitting the following order of the day.

"It is with profound sorrow that the citizens of Quebec have learned of the death of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught, wife of the illustrious Governor-General, the Duke of Connaught, who both have left memorable souvenirs of their sojourn in Canada.

The City of Quebec, so often honored by visits from members of the noble Royal Family, and which has received from a great number of them and especially from Her Royal Highness the Duke and Duchess of Connaught signal testimonies of their kindness deems it a duty to express to H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, our former Governor-

General, its sincere condolence and deepest sympathy in the cruel bereavement which has stricken his family.

The people of Canada will keep a lasting souvenir of the distinguished Princess, who has seconded with so much dignity the administration of her illustrious husband by giving to our social life a great character of distinction and by filling with tact and delicacy worthy of praise, the high duties imposed upon him in the difficult times through which we are passing.

The resolution was unanimously adopted on standing vote.

The Order of the Day being again called.

H. W. the Mayor suggests that precedence be given to the reports of the different Committees now before the Council, and it is ordered: That all the said reports do take precedence before the second reading of the by-law No. 33, concerning names of streets.

With the permission of the Council, Ald. Verret moves, and it is ordered: That, in the minutes of the Council, held on the 23rd of February 1917, the following entry be made in the paragraph in which it is stated that the Mayor lays before the Council letters of Mr. Philippe Paradis, Fire Commissioner, Quebec, in which he declares that he will proceed to an enquiry in the several disastrous fires which have recently occurred in Quebec, the said entry to be as follows: In the fires which consumed the building of Messrs. Simard & Carmichael and others, in St. Joseph Street, it is in the house belonging to the estate of Mrs. Arsen Turgeon, now Maurice Turgeon, usufructuary legatee, No. 95 St. Joseph Street, Jacques-Cartier ward, bearing cadastral number 3191, Jacques-Cartier Street, that Capt. Lamontagne and fireman L'Heureux and St. Hilaire lost their lives and were buried under the ruins.

1st. Order of the Day.—Read the 2534th. report of the Finance Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That this Council hereby authorizes the payment to Mrs. widow Philippe Hamel, of the sum of \$500., equivalent to three months' salary of her late husband, Philippe Hamel, Chief of the Fire Brigade, said amount to be charged to the credits voted for contingent expenditures.

2nd. Order of the Day.—Read the 2535th. report of the Finance Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That this Council hereby authorizes the payment of the following sums to the widows of the late Edmond Lamontagne, Charles L'Heureux and Jean St. Hilaire, all three members of the Fire Brigade who lost their lives in the fire which took place of the night of the 18th. February last: respectively as follows: Mrs. Edmond Lamontagne\$213.00 Mrs. Charles L'Heureux 163.00 Mrs. Jean St. Hilaire 175.50 Said amounts to be charged to the credits voted for contingent expenditures.

3rd. Order of the Day.—Read the 2536th. report of the Finance Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That this Council hereby authorizes H. W. the Mayor to sign a deed of lease with Messrs. Jos. Glode & Co., of a space of land on the new market, Dorchester Street, measuring 800 feet fronting the River St. Charles, beginning at Drouin bridge and running south to the depth of the land, for the sum of \$800. a year—and also another lease with Messrs. L. Gingras & Sons for a piece of land in the same wharf, measuring 150 feet front by the depth of the land, for the sum of \$600. a year—said leases to be made subject to the conditions which shall be imposed by the Mayor and the City Engineer for the use of the said land, etc.

4th. Order of the Day.—Read the 2537th. report of the Finance Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That this Council hereby authorizes that the sum of \$7,000. be placed to the credit of the item "Municipal Buildings," for urgent works, said amount to be charged to the loan authorized by the statute 7 George the Fifth, for permanent works.

5th. Order of the Day.—Read the 2538th. report of the Finance Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That this Council hereby authorizes that the sum of \$5,000. be taken from the anticipated surplus of receipts for the year 1916-17, and placed to the credit of the Waterworks Department, for salaries.

6th. Order of the Day.—Read the 160th. report of the Police and By-Law Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That this Council hereby grants to Mr. E. R. Pichette, dealing in automobile accessories, permission to install a gasoline tank with pump in front of his store, No. 29 1-2, Crown Street, said permission to be for one year subject to the payment of the sum of \$10. renewable each year at the same price, until notice to the contrary shall be signified by the City Engineer—all works of installation to be executed under the guidance and approval of the City Engineer—and H. W. the Mayor is authorized to sign with Mr. E. R. Pichette a contract in virtue of which the said City of Quebec shall be kept indemnified of all damages resulting from the said installation, or which might be caused to the said tank and pump from accident, of

otherwise:

7th. Order of the Day.—Read the 726th. report of the Markets Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That, considering the present condition of affairs resulting from the European war, this Council accepts the recommendation of the Markets Committee not to sell at public auction the revenues of the Montcalm, St. Pierre, Jacques-Cartier, Champlain and Finlay markets, but yielding to the request of the present lessees, that their leases be continued to them for 1917-18 of the revenues of the above named markets under the present existing condition. This Council hereby grants to the said hereinafter named lessees of the said revenues of the said Montcalm, St. Pierre, Jacques-Cartier, Champlain and Finlay markets a continuation of their leases of the revenues of the said markets at the same prices, conditions and stipulations contained in their respective deeds of lease for the year 1916-17, as follows, to wit:

Montcalm Market: Felix Savard\$ 250.
St. Peter's Market: Napoleon Moreau 800.
Jacques-Cartier: Napoleon Guimond 1500.
Champlain and Finlay Markets United: Augustus Connolly 1315.

8th. Order of the Day.—First report of the Special Committee entrusted with the mission to study the existing system of City accountants and book keeping, which being put to the vote, it is moved by Ald. Bouchard, seconded by Ald. Dus-

result (Belvedere), and resolved: That Ald. Madden and Martin be appointed members of the Special Committee entrusted with the mission of the studying of the existing system of City accountants and book keeping, to replace Aldermen Verret and Lockwell, who refused to act as members of the said Committee.

Reports of officers of the Council being called. H. W. the Mayor lays before the Council the letter of Hon. L. A. Taschereau, one of the City Legal Advisers, answering to the question put to him by the Council, as follows, to wit: "Given the actual composition of the Council, what is the absolute majority thereof," giving as his opinion that the absolute majority of the Council composed of 25 Aldermen is 13 of their number.

Presented the 2nd report of the City Clerk on the proceedings taken to enquire into the causes of the present high cost of living.

10th. Order of the Day.—The second reading, for adoption, of by-law No. 33, to change the names of certain streets, for which second reading and adoption the presence of the absolute majority of the Council is required, being called. It is moved by Ald. Fiset, seconded by Ald. Martin: That the said by-law No. 33 be not read now for its second reading and adoption, but that it be referred back to be reconsidered and that the said reconsideration be proceeded with the least possible delay.

And the said motion being put to the vote is adopted on the following division of 15 for and 6 against, as follows, to wit:

WAR LOAN

DOMINION OF CANADA

Issue of \$150,000,000 5% Bonds Maturing 1st March, 1937

Payable at par at Ottawa, Halifax, St John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Victoria, and at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, New York City.

INTEREST PAYABLE HALF-YEARLY, 1st MARCH, 1st SEPTEMBER.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

ISSUE PRICE 96.

A FULL HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST WILL BE PAID ON 1st SEPTEMBER, 1917.

THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN WILL BE USED FOR WAR PURPOSES ONLY.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers herewith, on behalf of the Government, the above-named Bonds for Subscription at 96, payable as follows:—

10 per cent on application;	
30 " 16th April, 1917;	
30 " 15th May, 1917;	
26 " 15th June, 1917.	

The total allotment of bonds of this issue will be limited to one hundred and fifty million dollars, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for the surrender of bonds as the equivalent of cash under the terms of the War Loan prospectus of 22nd November, 1915.

The instalments may be paid in full on the 16th day of April, 1917, or on any instalment due date thereafter, under discount at the rate of four per cent per annum. All payments are to be made to a chartered bank for the credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation.

Subscriptions, accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent of the amount subscribed, must be forwarded through the medium of a chartered bank. Any branch in Canada of any chartered bank will receive subscriptions and issue provisional receipts.

This loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest will be a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Forms of application may be obtained from any branch in Canada of any chartered bank and at the office of any Assistant Receiver General in Canada.

Subscriptions must be for even hundreds of dollars.

In case of partial allotments the surplus deposit will be applied towards payment of the amount due on the April instalment.

Script certificates, non-negotiable or payable to bearer in accordance with the choice of the applicant for registered or bearer bonds, will be issued, after allotment, in exchange for the provisional receipts.

When the scrip certificates have been paid in full and payment endorsed thereon by the bank receiving the money, they may be exchanged for bonds, when prepared, with coupons attached, payable to bearer or registered as to principal, or for fully registered bonds, when prepared, without coupons, in accordance with the application.

SUBSCRIPTION LISTS WILL CLOSE ON OR BEFORE THE 23rd OF MARCH, 1917.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA, March 12th, 1917.

install a gasoline tank with pump in front of his store, No. 29 1-2, Crown Street, said permission to be for one year subject to the payment of the sum of \$10. renewable each year at the same price, until notice to the contrary shall be signified by the City Engineer—all works of installation to be executed under the guidance and approval of the City Engineer—and H. W. the Mayor is authorized to sign with Mr. E. R. Pichette a contract in virtue of which the said City of Quebec shall be kept indemnified of all damages resulting from the said installation, or which might be caused to the said tank and pump from accident, of

otherwise:

7th. Order of the Day.—Read the 726th. report of the Markets Committee, which being put to the vote, is adopted, and it is resolved: That, considering the present condition of affairs resulting from the European war, this Council accepts the recommendation of the Markets Committee not to sell at public auction the revenues of the Montcalm, St. Pierre, Jacques-Cartier, Champlain and Finlay markets, but yielding to the request of the present lessees, that their leases be continued to them for 1917-18 of the revenues of the above named markets under the present existing condition. This Council hereby grants to the said hereinafter named lessees of the said revenues of the said Montcalm, St. Pierre, Jacques-Cartier, Champlain and Finlay markets a continuation of their leases of the revenues of the said markets at the same prices, conditions and stipulations contained in their respective deeds of lease for the year 1916-17, as follows, to wit:

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And the said motion being put to the vote is adopted on the following division of 15 for and 6 against, as follows, to wit:

Delivery of scrip certificates and of bonds will be made through the chartered banks.

The issue will be exempt from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The bonds with coupons will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1,000. Fully registered bonds without coupons will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000 or any authorized multiple of \$5,000.

The bonds will be paid at maturity at par at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary or Victoria, or at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, New York City.

The interest on the fully registered bonds will be paid by cheque, which will be remitted by post. Interest on bonds with coupons will be paid on surrender of coupons. Both cheques and coupons, at the option of the holder, will be payable free of exchange at any branch in Canada of any chartered bank, or at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, New York City.

Subject to the payment of twenty-five cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons will have the right to convert into bonds of the denomination of \$1,000 with coupons, and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds of authorized denominations without coupons at any time on application to the Minister of Finance.

The books of the loan will be kept at the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the issue on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges.

Recognized bond and stock brokers having offices and carrying on business in Canada will be allowed a commission of three-eighths of one per cent on allotments made in respect of applications bearing their stamp, provided, however, that no commission will be allowed in respect of the amount of any allotment paid for by the surrender of bonds issued under the War Loan prospectus of 22nd November, 1915, or in respect of the amount of any allotment paid for by surrender of five per cent debenture stock maturing 1st October, 1919. No commission will be allowed in respect of applications on forms which have not been printed by the King's Printer.

Motions Being Called

It is moved by Ald. Pettigrew, seconded by Ald. Martin, and resolved: That when this Council shall adjourn, it stands adjourned for two weeks until Friday, the 30th of March instant.

It is moved by Ald. Bedard, seconded by Ald. Gauvin, and resolved: That the report of the City Clerk on the subject of the enquiry into the high cost of living be referred to the Finance Committee, for study, with the request that report thereupon shall be made to the Council as soon as possible.

And the Council then adjourns.

Adjourned.

WATSON WINS BRITISH BY-ELECTION.

London, Mar. 20.—In a by-election held today at Stockholm-On-Tees, made necessary through the recent death of Jonathan Samuel, Liberal member of parliament, the Liberal coalition candidate, Bertram Watson, won the seat. He received 7,641 votes as against only 596 for the "peace by negotiation" candidate, Edward Backhouse.



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Only three hours from New York City, via NEW JERSEY CENTRAL, or PENNA. R.R.
Consult local ticket agents for further information

THE DELAWARE & HUDSON
Shortest, Quickest and Best Line
MONTREAL TO NEW YORK AND BEYOND

RESORTS—ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.

Hotel Dennis, ATLANTIC CITY.

There is a direct and immediate benefit in the air of the sea and a charming environment. Hotel Dennis provides a thoroughness of comfort and entertainment that enriches that benefit and charm to the utmost.

Unexcelled in its ocean front location.
Conducted on the American Plan.
Capacity 600.
Walter J. Buzby

HOTEL STRAND, ATLANTIC CITY.

"One of the most talked of and best thought of hotels in the world's greatest seashore resort."

Built of steel, brick and stone and located "On the Ocean Front" in the very center of everything. 300 rooms, 200 with private bath each having hot and cold, fresh and sea water. Orchards of choice. Private grounds on premises.

You will find us sincerely interested in making you most comfortable.

OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT

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MACHINIST.
Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to

Telephone 2946
Residence 3628
116 5th Street, Limoilou.

WALLACE COLLEGE.
16 RICHIEU ST. QUEBEC.
Sixteenth Year.

Instruction given in Bookkeeping, shorthand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, typing, Music and Modern Languages. No vacations.

Day and Evening Classes.
W. M. WALLACE,
Principal.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—44388.

Wilf. Lacroix

Architect and Estimator.
Graduate "Polytechnical School."
Member P.Q.A.A.

—Inspection —Plans
—Quantities —Specifications

435 ST. JOHN STREET,
Phone 1583.
Ag. 3622, 3623, 3624

**CORPORATION OF QUEBEC
CITY BOARD OF HEALTH.**

Tenders for Automobile-Ambulance and Automobile-Chassis.

CITY HALL.

Quebec, March 14th, 1917.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders, endorsed "Tender for one Automobile-Ambulance and one Automobile-Chassis" and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to TUESDAY, the 27th of March at 4 p.m. for:

- One completely equipped automobile-ambulance, as specified by specifications deposited in our Office.
- One Automobile-chassis as specified by specifications deposited in our Office.

Tenders must be made on the printed blank forms, and endorsed in the printed envelopes, which will be furnished to intending contractors, on application for the same at the Board of Health, and the Health Committee will not entertain any tender that is not made on the said blank forms and enclosed in the said envelopes.

Tenders must be endorsed on the outside of the envelopes, with a certificate from the City Treasurer of the necessary deposit as security for the contract.

Each tender shall be subscribed to, by two responsible parties willing to secure the execution of the contract.

Each tenderer shall deposit in the hands of the City Treasurer the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200.00), said amount to be forfeited by any one refusing to sign the contract.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or even any of the tenders.

The contractor to pay for drawing up the contract, and supply the Assistant Medical Health Officer with a certified copy thereof.

Certified

JOS. GOSSUIN, M.D.,
Asst. Medical Health Officer

CANADA.
Province of Quebec.
District of Chicoutimi.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.
No. 5305.

MRS. NAYFA ABDALLA JACOB,
of Bagotville, wife common as to property of **DAVID HADDAD,**
Merchant, of the same place, duly authorized a *estor* in justice,

vs.

The said **DAVID HADDAD,**
Defendant.

An action for separation as to property has been instituted in this case, on the 16th day of January, 1917.
Chicoutimi, Feb. 22nd, 1917.

L. P. GIRARD,
Atty. for Plaintiff.

F.82xm

INJECTION BPOU
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

Shipping News

**BUILD STEEL SHIPS
IN HALIFAX YARDS**

ORGANIZERS OF IMPORTANT
NEW ENTERPRISE HAVE
LAID PLANS CAREFULLY.

Montreal, March 20.—Mr. Joseph M. Tobin, of Halifax who first went over the leading shipbuilding plants of Great Britain and then organized a company with a capital of \$2,000,000 to build steel ships on the Dartmouth side of Halifax harbor, was at the Ritz last week accompanied by his solicitor, Mr. J. B. Kenny, Mr. Tobin, who is enthusiastic over the future of Canadianbuilt ships, and who believes that Halifax harbor is one of the best locations on the whole Atlantic seaboard for this enterprise, stated that they had been up to Ottawa, where the ministers had met them fully half way in the way of concessions, and appeared to be quite alive to the importance of the shipbuilding industry. The general impression is that when Sir Robert Borden returns, the Government policy will be announced. Mr. Tobin said that besides his own company, he was convinced that at least two other companies would be in the field, and that one especially will be a large enterprise.

Mr. Tobin did not begin the promotion of steel shipbuilding in Nova Scotia without knowing something about the genesis of the business. Nova Scotians were accomplished wooden shipbuilders, and he is confident that they will within five years manifest the same energy and enterprise as they did thirty years ago, when the wooden ships from Nova Scotia sailed on every sea. Mr. E. S. Saunders, of the Halifax Board of Trade, has spent much time on the question of steel shipbuilding, and all the commercial and financial interests of the province look with favor upon these enterprises.

Ships Under Construction.

At present the Nova Scotia Coal & Steel Company are building four steel ships at New Glasgow, which is a good beginning. Mr. Tobin explained that the Dartmouth company had secured one of the best fronts on the harbor of Halifax, comprising from sixty-five to seventy-five acres, with a depth of thirty-five feet at the end of the slips. The company will begin with four slips, each to hold two ships of from five to ten thousand tons, or a yearly output of 35,000 tons. Everything but the engines would be secured in Nova Scotia. The company will commence with a force of nearly two thousand men, but when the plant is in full swing the figure will be nearer three thousand. The four ships will have a maximum length of 650 feet and as the enterprise expands the number may be increased to seven. Heads of departments at first must be secured in the United States or the British Isles, but by a system of apprenticeship, which the company hopes to inaugurate, skilled mechanics will be trained. Arrangements are already well under way for the sale of the output for the first five years. A good market for steel freighters will be had in Great Britain for several years, owing to the losses of the submarine campaign.

Russia Will Want Vessels.

Mr. Tobin stated that the United States builders favor the system of keeping a number of steamers in stock; like any other merchandise, instead of building as the orders come in. The Cunard Line alone has placed orders in the United States for ships to the value of forty million dollars, and he is confident that a considerable portion of this business can be switched to Halifax and other Canadian plants. He also learned while in England that Russia had made a strong bid for English shipbuilders to take plants to Russia, but he thought that few had accepted the offer. There can be no doubt that Russia will be in the Canadian market at an early date for the construction of steel merchant ships. Mr. Tobin says that in August of 1914 the world's shipping tonnage amounted to 50,000,000 tons, the British holdings being over 21,000,000 tons and Germany coming next with a little better than 5,000,000 tons. By the first of February of this year, about 2,200 ships, aggregating 4,250,000 tons, have been destroyed, British losses amounting to about 2,734,166 tons. It is estimated that by mid-January the total losses will have reached 7,000,000 tons, showing what a business is in store for the wisely-placed shipbuilding plants on this continent.

Few realize said Mr. Tobin, what the United States and Japan had been doing in the shipbuilding line since the outbreak of the war. Last year the United States completed 600,000 tons, and today has a round million tons under construction, while the output from the Japanese yards increased from 80,000 tons before the war to 246,000 tons for last year.

Mr. Kenny is the son of the late Mr. Thos. E. Kenny, ex-M.P. for Halifax, and well known in this city for many years as president of the Royal Bank of Canada.

**STEAMER BRAY HEAD
SUNK BY SUBMARINE.**

St. John, N.B., March 20.—A cable today to the local agency from the owners of the Head Liner Bray Head reported the ship sunk by a German submarine last Wednesday while on a voyage from St. John to

**WHITE HORSE
SCOTCH**

MACKIE & CO.
Know they cannot make all the whisky, so they just make the best of it—and call it White Horse

Belfast. She left here on March 1 with a large general cargo.

The SS. Bray Head in the freight carrying trade between European and St. Lawrence ports was well known among local shipping men.

**REPORTS HIS VESSEL
SUNK BY SUBMARINE.**

London, March 20.—The captain of the Norwegian sailing vessel Collingwood, 1,042 tons gross, reports that his vessel was sunk on March 12 by a submarine, whose commander gave him ten minutes to abandon his ship.

Two hours before that time, he said, the submarine sank the French sailing vessel Jules Gomme, 2395 tons gross.

**TO KEEP DANISH
SHIPS ON THE SEAS.**

London, March, 20.—An organization of Danish ship owners has been formed with the object of keeping Danish shipping on the seas in spite of the submarine war, a Reuter despatch from Copenhagen reports. The new company is pledged to keep its ships in service, under the conditions laid down in international law, whatever action Germany may take. The ships will be used exclusively for the carriage of foodstuffs and other necessities between Denmark and ports of the United States and Great Britain. The company will have available capital to purchase the new tonnage on a large scale.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC
(Standard Time, 75th Meridian.)

March	A.M.	P.M.
Wednesday . . .	7.01	7.20
Thursday . . .	7.32	7.54
Friday . . .	8.07	8.39
Saturday . . .	8.49	9.24
Sunday . . .	9.40	10.21

Moon Phases.
New Moon, March 22nd, at 11.05 p.m.

DROUGHT IN ARGENTINA

Drought and the ravages of locusts says Commercial Agent Frank H. von Motz, Buenos Aires have so reduced pasture and the available supplies of fodder in Argentina that the attention of planters and stock raisers has been focused on the feeding stuff question and the advantages of silos discussed with vigor. "I am told that many silos of reinforced concrete are being erected by local contractors. The machinery for preparing ensilage and for filling the silos will have to be imported and several American factories already have made arrangements for the sale of this class of machinery."

**CASCARETS SELL
TWENTY MILLION
BOXES PER YEAR**

**BEST, SAFEST CATHARTIC FOR
LIVER AND BOWELS, AND
PEOPLE KNOW IT.**

They're fine! Don't stay Bilious, sick, Headachy or Constipated. Feel Fine.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Enjoy life! Keep clean inside with Cascarets. Take one or two at night and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand. Your head will be clear, your tongue clean, breath right, stomach sweet and your liver and thirty feet of bowels active. Get a box at any drug store and straighten up. Stop the headaches, bilious spells, bad colds and bad days — Brighten up, Cheer up, Clean up! Mothers should give a whole Cascaret to children when cross, bilious, feverish or if tongue is coated — they are harmless — never gripe or sicken.

Classified Advertisements THE GREAT CIRCULATING MARKET PLACE OF OPPORTUNITIES

LOST.

LOST—In the Quebec Skating Rink, a black fox neck piece, one skin. The party who took it out of the rink is known to the owner. Kindly return to caretaker of rink and avoid trouble. No questions asked.
mar.20x3.

WANTED.

MECHANICS WANTED — 1st class men, tool makers, fitters, boring mill hands, lathe hands. Apply Mr. Parkins, Room 304, Chateau Frontenac Hotel, 10 and 12 a.m. or 2 and 4 p.m.
mar.21x3.

WANTED—Board for family with three young children. Apply F. C. "Chronicle".
mar.21x3.

WANTED—A first class Lathe hand for general work, permanent employment. Apply at once Dominion Textile, Montmorency Falls.
mar.21x3.

WANTED—An experienced children's nurse with good references. Apply to Mrs. Gray, 59 Bourlamaque Avenue, or telephone 5320.
mar.20x3.

ACCOUNTANT — A bookkeeper and accountant of experience wants a position. Apply by letter A. L. care of Chronicle.
mar.19x1w.

TO LET.

Louise Apartments, Drill Hall Square, suite to rent, containing 7 rooms, heated. Apply to 45 Dorchester Street. Telephone 7000.
march 16x15.

ROOMS TO LET—Without meals. Moderate prices. All modern accommodation. Near Chateau Frontenac and Dufferin Terrace. Apply at 20 Mt. Carmel.
mar.20x3.

SHOP TO LET—No. 6 Fabrique St. Apply to 50 St. Famille St., or LaRoche & Co.
mar.19x1w.

TO LET—From the 1st Map next; one house, eleven rooms tenement, one of eight rooms, two six rooms flats, heated by the proprietor. Also one four rooms basement, coal furnished. Besides those rooms, all those tenements are furnished with bath rooms. Apply 31-1-2 St. Narvaire Street.
mar.19x6.

TO LET—Well furnished tenement, 6 rooms and bath room at 61 Dalbault, also two others at 174 Des Stigmates, 6 rooms and 176 Des Stigmates, 4 rooms. Apply after 6, at 61 St. Real St.
mar.17x6.

TO LET—House No. 32 St. Ann street, upper town, occupied for several years by Drs. Ahern and Fortier, 13 rooms, bath, hot water furnace, electric light, etc. Possession on first of May next. W. R. LaRue, Notary, 25 St. Anne street.

TO LET—Lower flat No. 108 Fraser street, 50 feet from Maple Avenue, 6 rooms and bath, floors and woodwork in British Columbia fir, furnace, electricity, gas, grate. L. F. Burroughs, 147 Maple Avenue.
mar.7x1m.

TO RENT—Offices in The Dominion Express Company Building (St. Peter street), heated, lighted and janitor's service. 46 Dalhousie street.
feb.26x1m.

TO LET—A splendid cottage at 5 Bougainville Avenue, containing 10 rooms with all modern ameliorations. Apply to N. Simard, Telephone 2252 or 2031.
feb.1x1t.

TENEMENTS TO LET—On Carlier Avenue Nos. 122-126, 5 rooms, Nos. 124 and 128, 10 rooms, with all modern conveniences, also 250 Richelieu St., with 9 rooms, and all modern conveniences. Apply to 59 Dorchester. Tel. 1874.
feb.23x1m.

TO LET—From 1st May, furnished house No. 27 Mount Carmel street, with a garage on the premises. Apply to Geo. V. Tessier, 75 St. Peter street. Telephone 3818, or 60 St. Ursule street. Telephone 289.
jan.20x1t.

FURNISHED ROOMS — Large comfortable and well heated rooms. Continuous hot water to bath rooms. Good service. Tel. 4253. W. S. Richardson, 138 St. Anne St., Quebec.
33x21x15tf.

SHOP TO LET—No. 14 Couillard St. first house off John street, presently occupied by Mr. A. Lavigne, music dealer. Telephone 760. Apply to J. M. Johnston, 29 Genevieve Ave.
jan.10x1t.

TO LET—Self-contained house, 557 St. John St. Apply at 556 St. Valier St. Telephone 2044 or at 1 College Court. Telephone 14.
jan.25x1t.

TO LET—From 1st May, house No. 82 St. Louis street, occupied by Dr. Fremont, the house is provided with all the latest improvements and also with a garage. Apply to Rivard, Chauveau & Marchand or to Geo. V. Tessier, 75 St. Peter street. Telephone 3818.
jan.25x1t.

ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE
21 ST. URSULE ST. QUEBEC.

1 Fine central situation, and charming views overlooking historical gardens of the Ursuline Convent, and Lauriente Hills. Home-like rooms, with all modern conveniences. Good table board. Separate meals if desired.

Mrs. T. L. DOUGLAS,
Proprietress.

Telephones 55. Proprietress.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Ladies with wide personal, club or business acquaintance. No canvassing. Work Confidential and remunerative. Requires but a few minutes spare time. Call for Mr. Larivee, Chateau Frontenac, between 5 and 8 p.m.
mar.14x12.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

POSITIONS VACANT—We receive daily inquiries for Stenographers, Accountants, Managers and other clerical and office help. Leave your name, address and phone number at 110 Richelieu street.
mar.15x1w.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Gentlemen with wide personal, club or business acquaintance. No canvassing. Work Confidential and remunerative. Requires but a few minutes spare time. Call for Mr. Larivee, Chateau Frontenac, between 5 and 8 p.m.
mar.14x12.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—House No. 14 Ramparts, three stories, extension kitchen, three bath rooms, gas and electric light. Hours 2 to 5. Apply to Daniel McGie, 45 Ramparts St., or 63 Peter St.
mar.31x1w.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—House No. 108 Grande Allee, Hardwood floors throughout. Possession 1st May proximo. May be seen daily between two and four p.m. For terms apply to Rivard, Chauveau & Marchand, Advocates, 75 Peter street, National Bank Bldg., Quebec.
mar.9x1t.

No. 66 St. Louis Street.
Desirable medium sized house in good order, all modern conveniences, early possession if desired.
For particulars and permits to view, apply to Meredith & Meredith, Notaries Public. Phone 562. 46 Dalhousie street.
mar.10x1t.

FOR SALE.

7 PASSENGER PACKARD FOR SALE—Model 30, 1 overhauled, painted and varnished. Will sell for \$900. 3 spare tires. Address 34 St. Ursule.
mar.15x1w.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

FOR SALE—A boarding house in central location, one of best stands in city, founded 35 years ago as private boarding house with a good class of patrons. Apply to Eugene Guimont, Frontenac House, 38 St. Louis street, Quebec.
mar.12x15.

FLATS TO RENT.

TO LET—At No. 156 Lockwell Ave., for 1st of May, a eight room flat heated, gas, lighting fixtures furnished. Visitors are requested to call first at No. 152 Lockwell Ave. Phone 4099 or 4470.
feb.24x1t.

PERSONAL.

MARRY IF LONELY—Hundreds rich wish marriage; confidential; years experience; descriptions free. "The Successful Club," Box 556, Oakland, Calif.
mar.10x1m.

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Best Matrimonial paper published. Mailed FREE. THE CORRESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio.
mar.9x1m.

FINE PROPERTIES FOR SALE

In the Residential Part of the City.

No. 39 St. Genevieve Avenue, The Cape—18 rooms, hot water, furnace, and all modern conveniences.

No. 52 St. Louis Street—Residence of the late H. C. Bosse; 13 rooms, electric light, etc.

For terms and permit to view, apply to:
W. R. LARUE,
Notary, 26 St. Ann Street
Mh.9x1t.

The place to Stop when in Quebec

St. Roch's Hotel
E. H. BELLAND,
Manager

**MANY ROOMS
WITH BATH**

Telephones 6520-6521

ANCHOR-DONALDSON LINE

PASSENGER SERVICE.
Glasgow to Portland, Me., also
Glasgow to St. John, N.B.
Portland to Glasgow.
Halifax to Glasgow.
For information as to rates and
sailings:
Apply Local Agents, or
The Robt. Reford Co., Limited,
General Agents,
103 St. Peter St. Quebec.

CUNARD LINE

CANADIAN SERVICE
LONDON TO HALIFAX,
(Via Plymouth.)
HALIFAX TO LONDON.
Calling Falmouth to land passengers.
For particulars of sailings and rates,
apply to:
Local Agents, or to,
The Robt. Reford Co., Limited,
General Agents,
103 St. Peter street, Quebec.

FRENCH LINE

COMPAGNIE GÉNÉRALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Parcel Service
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
Direct Route to the Continent.
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
For all Particulars, Inquire:
Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie st.
F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st.

Dr. C.-C. Warren

Surgeon-Dentist.
LINDSAY BUILDING.
No. 203 ST. JOHN STREET.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

with which is amalgamated

THE QUEBEC BANK

Capital Paid Up... \$12,000,000
Reserve Funds... 14,000,000
Total Assets... 27,000,000

Sir Herbert S. Holt, President; E.L. Pease, Vice-President and Managing Director; C. E. Neill, General Manager.

A general banking business transacted.
Savings Department at all branches.

Six Branches in Quebec City: 110 St. Peter street, 2 Fabrique street, 187 St. Joseph street, 217 St. John street, 781 St. Valier street, and Limolou.

Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at Lower Town and Fabrique street Branches.

F.14xlaw.wdxy

Queen Quality
SHOES

New Spring Styles
Just Received

Call and see them. No
trouble to show goods

WM. JACQUES & SONS,
Tel. 427 Fabrique St.

A Good Opportunity

We are offering for a few
days only 12 dozen

English Wool Taffeta Shirts

for

Spring and Summer Wear

Sizes 14 to 18

\$3.95 for \$2.50

See our Du Fort Street Window Display

John Darlington Reg'd.

Opposite Post Office

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Accumulated Funds... \$27,000,000
Revenue for the Year... 7,878,000
Assets in Canada... 17,000,000

Over \$10,000 paid daily in Claims, Endowments, etc.
The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 1908 to 1910, amounted to \$5,857,890.00, being at the rate of \$15 per \$1,000 per annum on all with profit policies.

W. & G. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agent
111 Mountain Hill, Quebec.

CUNARD

Regular Passenger and Cargo Services
NEW YORK-LIVERPOOL
NEW YORK-FALMOUTH-LONDON
NEW YORK-BRISTOL
CUNARD DRAFTS. Convenient-Reliable.
Payable in Great Britain & Ireland Good Rates.
For further information apply
21 STATE STREET, NEW YORK
F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis Street.
The Robt. Reford Co., Limited
103 St. Peter St., Quebec.

R.M.S.P. SAILINGS TO THE WEST INDIES

Fortnightly Sailings
by
Twin Screw Mail Steamers
from
ST. JOHN, N. B. and HALIFAX, N. S.
Special Facilities for Tourists
"For booklets, rates, sailings
dates and other information:
Apply to—
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
P.O. Box 100, St. John, N.B., or to the Local Ticket Agents."

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Magnificent new entrance on
St. James Street.
200 Rooms (many with baths
attached).
European rate from \$1.00 per
day.
American Plan from \$2.50
per day.
A. J. HIGGINS, LTD.

FINANCIAL - COMMERCIAL**Closing Letters**
By the Can. Press

(Canadian Press.)

New York, March 20.—The many additional advances registered today were accompanied by another very large volume of business in which signs of a reawakening of public interest were not wholly lacking. The fact that one stock—United States Steel—contributed over 20 per cent of the total operations, which aggregated 1,335,000 shares, detracted in a measure from the impressiveness of the rise.

More than half of the overturn occurred before midday, the market thereafter settling down to a moderate pace, with intermittent realizing. Traders showed increasing caution later on the possibility of unlooked for developments from Washington. The higher trend was inaugurated at the outset, most of the speculative favorites showing initial gains of 1 to 2 points. Rails, which still remained under the conflicting influences created by the Supreme Court decision affirming the Adamson Law were less active and strong, though recording gains of 1 to 2 points.

Among the more striking features of the session were Bethlehem Steel's at gross gains of 9 1-2 to 10 1-4 points, the new stock touching 139 1-4 and the old 146. United States Steel rose to its best price thus far this year, making an extreme gain of 2 1-2 to 117, at which quotation it closed on free absorption of large lots.

Other strong industrials were Sloss-Sheffield Steel, Crucible Steel, Lackawanna Steel, Gulf States Steel, Republic Iron and Colorado Fuel at extreme gains of 2 to 6 points, with 2 to 4 for equipments, an average of 3 for oils and 2 to 4 for sugars, leathers, Industrial Alcohol and International Agricultural Chemical preferred. Metals were less prominent than usual, that group being featured by International Nickel at a gain of 4 3-8 points to 46 5-8.

Shippings augmented recent advances, Marine Pfd. rising 5 7-8 to 93 5-8, with 2 to 4 for Marine Common, Atlantic Gulf and West Indies and United Fruit.

All classes of bonds were strong, with marked gains in St. Louis and San Francisco issues. Total sales, par value, \$2,840,000.

NEW YORK MARKET.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis)

Am Beet Sug.	93	94 1/2	93	93 1/2
Am Can Co.	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	48
Am Car Fdy.	63 1/2	64 1/2	63 1/2	64 1/2
Am Woolen.	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Am Loco.	74	74 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2
Am S & R.	107 1/2	108 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
Am Sug Ref.	112 1/2	113 1/2	112 1/2	113 1/2
Ana Mining.	85 1/2	86 1/2	85 1/2	86 1/2
A T & S Fe.	104	104 1/2	104	104 1/2
Baldwin Loco.	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	57 1/2
Balt & Ohio.	78 1/2	79 1/2	78 1/2	79 1/2
C P R.	153 1/2	154 1/2	153 1/2	154 1/2
Cent Leather.	95 1/2	96 1/2	95 1/2	96 1/2
Ches & Ohio.	61	61 1/2	60 1/2	61 1/2
C M & St P.	85 1/2	86 1/2	85 1/2	86 1/2
Chile Cop Co.	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/2
Colo F & I.	49 1/2	50 1/2	49 1/2	50 1/2
Con Gas.	120	120 1/2	120	120 1/2
Crucible Stl.	70 1/2	71 1/2	69 1/2	70 1/2
Distillers.	22 1/2	23 1/2	22 1/2	23 1/2
Erie.	28 1/2	29 1/2	28 1/2	29 1/2
Do 1st pfd.	42	42 1/2	42	42 1/2
Gen Electric.	168 1/2	169 1/2	168 1/2	169 1/2
Gt Nor pfd.	114 1/2	115 1/2	114 1/2	115 1/2
G N Ore cfs.	36	36 1/2	36	36 1/2
Ills Central.	104 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2
Ins Cop.	63 1/2	64 1/2	63 1/2	64 1/2
In Con Corp.	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Do pfd.	65	65 1/2	65	65 1/2
In M Marine.	29	29 1/2	29	29 1/2
Do pfd.	89	90 1/2	89	90 1/2
Kan City Sou.	23 1/2	24 1/2	23 1/2	24 1/2
Kenn Cop Co.	46 1/2	47 1/2	46 1/2	47 1/2
Lehigh Val.	70 1/2	71 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Lou & Nash.	126	126 1/2	126	126 1/2
Maxwell.	56 1/2	57 1/2	56 1/2	57 1/2
Mex Petrol.	95	96 1/2	94 1/2	95 1/2
Miami Cop.	41 1/2	42 1/2	41 1/2	42 1/2
Natl Lead.	57 1/2	58 1/2	57 1/2	58 1/2
Nevada Cons.	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/2
N Y Central.	98	98 1/2	97 1/2	98 1/2
N Y NH & H.	46 1/2	47 1/2	46 1/2	47 1/2
Nor & West.	121 1/2	122 1/2	121 1/2	122 1/2
North Pac.	105	105 1/2	105	105 1/2
Penna.	54 1/2	55 1/2	54 1/2	55 1/2
Pittsburg Coal.	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	48 1/2
Press Stl Car.	80	80 1/2	80	80 1/2
Ry Stl Spring.	52 1/2	53 1/2	52 1/2	53 1/2
Ray Con Cop.	29 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2
Reading.	98	99 1/2	97 1/2	98 1/2
Rep I & S.	84 1/2	85 1/2	84 1/2	85 1/2
South Pac.	20 1/2	21 1/2	20 1/2	21 1/2
South Ry.	20 1/2	21 1/2	20 1/2	21 1/2
Do pfd.	59 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	60 1/2
Studebaker.	105	106	105	106
Third Ave.	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	41 1/2
Union Pac.	139 1/2	140 1/2	139 1/2	140 1/2
US I Alcohol.	127 1/2	128 1/2	127 1/2	128 1/2
U S Rubber.	62	62 1/2	62	62 1/2
U S Steel.	115 1/2	116 1/2	115 1/2	116 1/2
Do pfd.	118	118 1/2	118	118 1/2
Utah Cop.	115 1/2	116 1/2	115 1/2	116 1/2
Westinghouse.	52 1/2	53 1/2	52 1/2	53 1/2

FIRE COMMITTEE.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

WHEELRIGHT WANTED.
Quebec, 13th, February, 1917
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Fire Department requires immediately a first-class wheelright. It is useless to apply without having first-class recommendations.
Apply at the office of the Chief of the Fire Brigade, City Hall.
AUG. MALOUIN,
Sec. Fire Committee.

Closing Letters
By Local Brokers

(By McDougall & Cowans)

Montreal, March 20.—Trading today was more active and although the active securities showed only fractional gains, there was a noticeable broadening of the market with good advances and demand for the inactive securities. This is generally noticeable previous to a more general public participation in the market. Laurentide advanced to 184, Lyall in which there has been no transactions for some time, was bid up to 75, Maple Leaf was stronger due to the meeting which is taking place today in Toronto and the increased dividend which is talked of in the street. Besides the strength in Laurentide there was some demand for the other paper stocks. Brompton closed at 54 1-4 bid. Offerings of our stocks are light and if buying of any quantity comes in, there should be a rapid advance.

(By Breen & Gourdeau)

Chicago, March 20.—Wheat—Despite an improvement in milling and export demand for cash wheat in all markets, realizing sales up to midday exceeded the demand and prices averaged lower than last night's close. There was thought to have been some export business worked but, up to noon, no figures were published. Political complications at home were the principal deterrent to a bull market, the trade failing to realize that the entrance of this country into a state of war would mean increased competition for the moderate supplies which foreigners are hoping to secure here. Bearish conditions are only incidental. The underlying factor of great strength is the dependence of the importing world upon North America.

Corn—Made new high levels and held the advance well, considering the volume of profit-taking sales on the bulge. The British Government was credited being a buyer of futures and Iowa industries are said to be buying Corn in Omaha. Under prevailing conditions the breaks probably will be moderate and of short duration.

Oats—Were steadier than other grains, there being an improved cash demand and some talk of export business.

New York—The strong tone that characterized yesterday's stock market session was continued today. Buying orders in fair volume caused a generally higher level at the opening. Prices were further advanced during the first hour on a heavy movement that set in shortly after disposition of the over-night accumulated business. Thereafter, generally speaking, quotations fluctuated within limits that offered excellent trading opportunities, with due consideration to the action of the market generally. Shortly past midday realizing sales not alone checked the upturn, but tended to promote a more or less cautious attitude. This was temporarily, however, a renewal of the buying similar to that which featured the early dealings developed during the final hour, causing the large majority of prices to close at about the high sales of the day. Although much of today's buying was a continuation of the short covering attributed very largely to the recent advance in stock market prices, fresh commitments by public interests were in larger volume today than for some time past. While the market's undertone is excellent, we rather favor a trading position until developments portend a clearer outlook, especially in international affairs.

Sales, stocks, 1,354,000; Bonds, \$2,674,000.

(By L. G. Beaubien & Co.)

New York, March 20.—The stock market today continued its upward swing with small reactions. Marine Pfd. was up 6 points but reacted two points. Steels were the features. Steel sold at 117, 2 1-2 points up and closed at the top. Reading and Union acted well and were well bought. The activity continued through to the close. Colo. Fuel was a strong spot at the close, up 4 1-2 points. The market closed very strong.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis)

New York, March, 20.—The strength and activity which developed in the market yesterday has continued today, it has appeared evident for some time that on the first favorable opportunity the market would advance, at the close last night we had a peace scare on Germany's proposal to end the war, and early this year we had a war scare on the dismissal of the German ambassador.

This doubtless seems to have a more than temporary and passing adverse influence on it. The uncertainty however of our international relations held everything in check and to this was recently added the sudden revival of the railroad labor controversy. This latter

has been settled by practically granting all they asked but it certainly has put the government in the possession of grave responsibility for the solvency of the roads. The international situation has reached the point where it seems impossible that war can be averted. With these two major uncertainties disposed of, the market turned its attention to the wonderful industrial conditions prevailing which would seem to warrant the purchase of stocks. Such a position under the circumstances is certainly logical.
Total Sales \$1,354,900.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE

(By Breen & Gourdeau)

Canada Steamships: 12 1/2 to 39.
Civic: 31 at 8 1/4.
Detroit United: 5 at 118.
Montreal Telegraph: 4 at 135.
Shawinigan: 40 at 125.
Toronto Railway: 25 at 80 1/2, 10 at 89.

Brompton: 50 at 53 1/2, 50 at 53 1/2, 40 at 54, 10 at 54 1/2, 25 at 54 1/2.
Cement: 125 at 64 1/2, 25 at 64 1/2, 50 at 64 1/2, 15 at 64 1/2, 5 at 64 1/2.
Converters: 15 at 41 1/2.
Dominion Bridge: 75 at 135.
Dominion Steel: 190 at 68.
Lyall: 50 at 71, 50 at 72.
MacDonald: 55 at 15 1/2.
Maple Leaf: 25 at 112 1/2, 25 at 112 1/2.
Riordon: 25 at 116.
Scotia: 10 at 102.
Steel of Canada: 25 at 68 1/4.
Royal Bank: 3 at 213.
Canada Steamships pfd: 35 at 84.
Canada Cement Bonds: \$5,000 at 97 1/2.

War Loans, due 1925: \$200 at 97.
Dominion Glass pfd: 10 at 82.
Howard Smith: 10 at 68.

GRAIN MARKET.

(By Breen & Gourdeau)
Close. High. Low
Wheat:
May... 189 1/2 189 1/2 188 1/2
July... 187 1/2 187 1/2 186 1/2
Sept... 184 1/2 184 1/2 184 1/2
Corn:
May... 111 1/2 111 1/2 111 1/2
July... 110 1/2 110 1/2 109 1/2
Sept... 108 1/2 108 1/2 107 1/2
Oats:
May... 59 1/2 59 1/2 58 1/2
July... 57 1/2 57 1/2 56 1/2

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Mar. 20.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: March, 18.90c; May, 18.61c; July, 18.50c; October, 18.09c; December, 18.19c. Spot closed steady. Middling uplands, 19.05c. Sales, 1,100 bales.

Liverpool — Cotton, spot quiet. Prices strong. American middling, fair, 13.02d; good middling, 12.94d; middling, 12.49d; low middling, 12.31d; good ordinary, 11.95d; ordinary, 11.63d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export, and included 5,000 American. Receipts were 5,000 bales, including 2,500 American. Futures closed quiet.

THE TORONTO**PRODUCE MARKET**

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 white \$1.55 to \$1.57 outside, according to location.
Wheat—Manitoba, No. 1 north, \$2.06; No. 2 north \$2.03 1-4; No. 3 north \$1.97 1-4.
Oats—Canada western, No. 2 74; No. 3 Canada western 71c at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario No. 2 [white 65 to 67 outside; No. 3 white 64 to 66 outside.
Corn — No. 3 yellow \$1.24 subject embargo.
Peas—No. 2 \$2.60.
Barley—\$1.21 to \$1.23 outside for malting.
Buckwheat—\$1.30 nominal shipping points.
Flour—Manitoba, listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, \$9.70; second patents, \$9.20; strong bakers, \$8.80.
Flour—Ontario—Winter flour, 90 per cent, patents \$7.65 Toronto.

OILS.

London, March, 20.—Calcutta linseed, March-April, 108s.
Lined oil, 51s. 6d.
Sperm oil, 52s.
Petroleum, American refined, 1s. 2d; spirits, 1s. 3d.
Turpentine, spirits, 52s. 3d.
Rosin, American strained, 32s. 6d; type "G" 33s.

Savannah, March 20.—Turpentine firm, 42; sales, 150; receipts, 39; shipments, 3,011; stocks, 9,098.
Rosin, firm; sales, 430; receipts, 493; shipment, 653; stocks, 80,523.

BRUNEAU & DUPUIS

(Members Montreal Stock Exchange)

STOCK BROKERS

Phone 1596. 11-13-15 Sault-au-Matelot Street

Direct Private Wire with:

POST & FLAGG, 39 Wall Street, New York.

A. A. GINGRAS - - - - - Manager.

Subscriptions for the New Dominion of Canada War Loan Received

McDOUGALL & COWANS

Members Montreal Stock Exchange

116 MOUNTAIN HILL

Tel. 1402-1403. QUEBEC

L. LaRue, Eugene Trudel

C.A., L.L.A. C.A., L.L.A.

LaRue & Trudel

Chartered Accountants

LaRue, Trudel & Picher

Liquidators of Insolvent Estates.

Administrators, Appraisers,

Trustees.

Compromises between Debtors and Creditors.

120 ST. PETER STREET.

Dominion Building, Quebec.

Phones 480, 481.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

List for the year 1917 of Voters of the City of Quebec qualified to vote at the election of a Member of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, in the Electoral Divisions of the City of Quebec, under the Quebec Election Act and Amendments.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.

City Hall.

Quebec, 14th, March, 1917.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the lists for 1917 prepared according to the valuation roll now in force in the City of Quebec, of the electors of the several wards and of the several districts of the City of Quebec qualified to vote, according to law, or in virtue of their title or quality, at the election of the member or members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, are now ready, and that a duplicate thereof shall be lodged at the office of the undersigned on the 15th day of March instant, 1917, at the disposal and for the information of all persons interested.

And I ALSO GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE that the said lists



FOR REPAIRS
or
Alterations to Your
Steam Plant
—
EVERYTHING
REQUIRED
Prompt Service. Highest Quality. Lowest Market Prices
Mechanics Supply Coy. Ltd. Que.

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

What do these words mean to you? They mean greater safety in the Home—Surely something that interests you keenly!

Perhaps you have noticed these words and the notation "No fire left when blown out" on our new "Silent Parlor" match boxes. The Splints or sticks of all matches contained in these boxes have been impregnated or soaked in a chemical solution which renders them dead wood once they have been lighted and blown out and the danger of FIRE from glowing matches is hereby reduced to the greatest minimum.

Safety First And Always Use
Eddy's Silent 500s

Fish Delicacies

Menier's Lobster (Anticosti), large tins... 73c
Small tins... 38c
Menier Salmon (Anticosti) large tins... 35c
Anchovy Paste, C. & Blackwell, in glass... 25c
Yarmouth Bloaters, C. & Blackwell, in glass... 25c
Lobster Paste, C. & Blackwell, in glass... 25c
Sardine Paste, C. & Blackwell, in glass... 25c
Shrimp Paste, C. & Blackwell, in glass... 25c
Also Anchovies, Caviar, Sardines of all kinds, Thonny Fish, Hors d'Oeuvres, Clams, Oysters, Cod, Haddock, Herrings, Cod Roes, etc.
Make your Choice now at very Reasonable Prices.

GEORGES PATRY

"The House of Quality."

Phones: 6400-6401.

22 FABRIQUE ST., QUEBEC.

GLASS ALLIES MARBLES

Gold Band and Twister
Glass Allies—all sizes.
COLORED MARBLES
Seventy-five for... 5c
—TOPS! : TOPS!
Ball-bearing Tops.
Sent-High Tops.
Wooden Tops.
Tin Tops.
Musical Tops.
Humming Tops.
Magnetic Tops.
SKIPPING ROPES.
Shipping Ropes, at... 5c and 10c.

T. H. O'NEILL,
948 ST. JOHN STREET.

After The Fire

It will be an advantage to "immediately" consult the undersigned about the damage sustained to your Household Effects, Stock, Etc., Etc.

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE.

D. S. RICKABY

Valuator, Cabinet-maker,
Upholsterer, Undertaker.
ST. JOHN STREET, QUEBEC.
Phone 381.

DR. JOS. LABREQUE

Surgeon-Dentist
Lavoie and Hutchison Building,
25 St. Stanislas Street.
PHONE: 6906
Office Hours: 9 a.m. to 12 p.m.,
2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 9 p.m.
Sundays

Doctor A. Marois

Phone 1214. 51 ST. LOUIS ST.
Noble New Surgeon
GENERAL SURGERY.
Specialty: Cerebral Deformities of
the Limbs and the Spine,
Congenital or Acquired.
Dislocations.
Hours of Consultation:
11:30 to 12:30 and 7:30 to 9:30 p.m.
Mh.217

At the Theatres

"THE SCARLET LETTER" AT THE OLYMPIA TODAY.

Hawthorne's Pathetic Novel—Cast
and Settings Have Never Been
Equalled in Excellence.

"The Scarlet Letter" is the most
pathetic story of human love and
passion ever told. For sixty years
Hawthorne's famous work, in book
form, and on stage, has driven home
into thousands of hearts, its terrible
tale of justice gone wrong.

In this magnificent film version,
with Stuart Holmes as Dimmesdale,
"The Scarlet Letter" has been lifted
from the realm of a mere drama: it
has been exalted to the plane of a
passion play. Throughout it runs
the tense motif of the novel magni-
fied a hundred-fold by picturization.

This is undoubtedly one of the
most magnificent photoplays ever
offered to the Quebec public, and
the management of the Olympia are
to be congratulated for having
brought such a great film to Quebec.
"The Scarlet Letter" will be offered
today and tomorrow, and all Quebec
theatre goers should make it a point
to see it.

AT THE EMPIRE THEATRE TODAY



AT THE VICTORIA THEATRE
Today and Tomorrow Only
Geraldine Farrar.

In
"Temptation" by Special Request
also a Very Good Comedy.
—Friday and Saturday—
The popular photoplay favorites.



HOUSE PETER and
MYRTLE STEEDMAN in
"THE HAPPINESS
OF THREE WOMEN"
A Fascinating Society Drama by
Albert Payson Terhune also a very
good Christie Comedy. A program
to fit everybody.

"The Boy-Girl", with dainty
Violet Mercereau, is the Em-
pire's offering today.

LENGTH OF LIFE AMONG ANIMALS.

The maximum length of life of
some of the best known animals is
as follows: The horse lives to a
maximum of 35 years and the don-
key a like period; the dog does not
exceed 25 years, the rabbit from 8
to 10, the goose 30, the duck, the hen
and the turkey, a dozen years. Among
the animals having the best estab-
lished reputation for longevity are:
The crow, which lives 100 years;
the parrot and the elephant, which
attain an age of 150 years. Carp, on
the other hand, appear to have un-
surpassed their reputation, which was
based on ill understood facts from
Chantilly and Fontainebleau. They
rarely become centenarians. The
tortoise appears to be the animal
that lives the longest.—Vulgariza-
tion Scientifique.

A Simple Way To Remove Dandruff.

There is one sure way that has
never failed to remove dandruff at
once, and that is to dissolve it, then
you destroy it entirely. To do this,
just get about four ounces of plain,
common liquid arvon from any drug
store (this is all you will need), apply
it at night when retiring; use enough
to moisten the scalp and rub it in
gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your
dandruff will be gone, and three or
four more applications will completely
dissolve and entirely destroy every
single sign and trace of it, no matter
how much dandruff you may have.

You will find all itching and dig-
ging of the scalp will stop instantly,
and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous,
glossy, silky and soft and look and
feel a hundred times better.

COMMITTEE ON RETURNED SOLDIERS

SESSIONS OF SPECIAL PAR- LIAMENTARY BODY OPEN- ED YESTERDAY IN TO- RONTO.

Toronto, Mar. 20.—The sessions of
the special parliamentary committee
on returned soldiers opened today in
the City Hall. The following mem-
bers were present: Sir Herbert Ames
(chairman); Mr. F. F. Pardee, Sena-
tor Beaubien, Brigadier-General Hon.
James Mason, W. S. Middlebro, Hon.
Charles Murphy, D. C. Ross, Donald
Sutherland, F. B. McCurdy and Hon.
Charles Marcl.

Major-General W. A. Logie, who
was the first witness, stated that 93,
490 men had been enlisted in the dis-
trict, of these 56,920 had been sent
overseas, 11,813 were now ready to
go overseas, 16,637 had been discharg-
ed for various causes and 1,620 had
been lost track of at Valcartier. He
stated that in his opinion the change
by which control of the returned sol-
diers goes into the hands of the
A.M.C. was satisfactory. He advocat-
ed a central bureau in Toronto
where all departments would be un-
der one roof. He had asked Ottawa
that the medical men commanding
the military hospital should be em-
powered to inflict punishment when
necessary.

Hon. W. D. McPherson, chairman
of the Soldiers' Aid Commission, stat-
ed that 6,115 men had returned to
date in the province and of these 1,
467 had been located in jobs in civil
life. W. MacPherson submitted a
statement showing that of the return-
ed men, 5,400 had been at the front,
632 discharged before seeing active
service and 83 were discharged from
the Imperial forces. There were 1,503
out patients and the number discharg-
ed from convalescent homes was 4,
612.

Mr. W. K. George, of the Military
Hospitals Commission, stated that in
his opinion, Whitty and Guelph were
eminently suitable for returned sol-
diers.

Major R. S. Wilson, commanding
officer of the Military Hospitals Com-
mission, said that there was trouble
with some of the returned men for
insubordination and drunkenness. In
the latter case he complained that
the Toronto police authorities did not
give proper assistance to prevent this.

Legal Intelligence

JUDGMENTS—WRITS ISSUED.

In Practice Court:

The Practice Court was presided
over by Hon. Justice Cannon. The
first division of the Enquetes and
Merits by Hon. Justice Dorian, and
the second division by Hon. Justice
McCorkill.

In Circuit Court.

The Circuit Court is under the pre-
sidency of Hon. Chief Justice Le-
mieux.

By the Prothonotary:

P. T. Legare, Limited, vs. J. A.
Potvin. Judgment against defendant
for \$419.05, interest and costs.

By Hon. Justice Dorian:

Bertrand vs. Bertrand et al. Action
for \$35,000.00, in partition and
licitation. Action maintained with
costs against the mass, and it is or-
dered that the immovable described
in the plaintiff's declaration be sold
by licitation and the price of the sale
be distributed between the parties in
the proportion of one-fourth to each
of them.

In the action of Alexandre Du-
chaine vs. Jules Lamarre et al a pos-
sessory action of \$500, claiming dam-
ages for that amount, the plaintiff has
inscribed his case before the Court of
King's Bench, Appeal Side, from the
judgment of the Superior Court ren-
dered on the 8th instant, dismissing
the action with costs. A bond was
given yesterday morning for an
amount of \$1,500 by Mr. Thomas Du-
chaine, Burgess, of the City of Quebec
before the Prothonotary of the Su-
perior Court.

Writs Issued.

Writs of summonses issued from
the Prothonotary's office:
Eugene Julien & Cie, Limitee, vs.
Narcisse Landry, of Green River, and
Louis Lafresnaye, of Riviere du Loup,
\$118.15, promissory note.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Two prisoners appeared at the Re-
corder's Court yesterday morning,
charged with drunkenness, one of
whom was fined \$2.00 and costs. The
other delinquent who was fined \$10,
was also charged with having created
a disturbance in his house, swearing
and using bad language generally,
thereby insulting his wife and the
other people in the house. He plead-
ed not guilty to the charge, and the
hearing was adjourned until Friday.

ARRIVALS AT THE CHATEAU.

Late arrivals at Chateau: L. G. Cre-
vier, J. A. Van Tilburg, Romeo Brou-
seau, R. Payer, A. J. Puttee, Mont-
real; S. R. Johnston, Toronto; B. N.
Pallinger, Scotstown; J. A. Buchanan,
Pittsburg; L. H. Higgins, Moncton,
N.B.; C. Conduet, Belfast; Hon. N.
Perodeau, J. R. Bisailan, L. Beaudry,
W. Rottier, F. Cooper, R. Yates, of
Montreal; G. A. Hall, of Toronto;
J. W. Parkins, Peterborough; K. de
Peale, of Moncton; N. J. A. R. Tib-
bits, of Ottawa; J. Hayes, Nottaway;
H. A. West, Boston; A. Smylie, of
Toronto.

PERSONAL

Mr. L. G. Crevier, of Montreal, is
a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. R. Brousseau, of Montreal, is
registered at the Chateau.

Mr. B. N. Pallinger, of Scotstown,
P.Q., is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. L. Beaudry, of Montreal, is
staying at the Chateau.

Mr. G. A. Hall, of Toronto, is re-
gistered at the Chateau.

Mr. A. R. Tibbits, of Ottawa, is a
guest at the Chateau.

Miss Clara Lawrence, of Montreal,
is in town visiting her parents.

Mr. L. H. Higgins, of Moncton, is
in town and is staying at the Cha-
teau.

Miss Wright, and Miss Terry
Wright, of Quebec, who have been
visiting friends in Montreal, for a
few days, returned this morning.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs.
James H. Blair, will be sorry to learn
that Mr. Blair's brother, Pte. Hugh
M. Blair, of the 73 Highlanders, C.E.
F., has been reported killed in action,
on March 11th.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Copeman
announce the engagement of their
eldest daughter, Stella May, to Mr.
Telephore Eugene Lanthier, of Cal-
umet. The marriage to take place on
Monday, April 9th, in St. Matthew's
church.

Lieuts. Rene Landry, Louis Mont-
serratt, of the R.C.A., Lieuts. Ross
and Fellows, of the C.F.A., and Lts.
Michaud, Martineau, Shink and Jos.
Montminy, of the 6th Regiment, have
left for Halifax, where they will take
a two months military course.

The many friends of Mr. E. G.
Meredith, Grande Allee, who recently
underwent an operation at the Royal
Victoria Hospital, Montreal, will be
pleased to learn that he has suffi-
ciently recovered to leave the hospital.
He is expected home this week. Mrs.
Meredith, who has also been in Mont-
real, will return with him.

PATRIOTIC FUND

TOTAL GRADUALLY MOUNT- ING TOWARDS \$400,000 MARK.

With the new subscriptions received
yesterday the total in the Canadian
Patriotic and Red Cross Funds reach-
ed the sum of \$373,666.26.

St. Sauveur and St. Malo Wards.

Arthur Drolet, \$50; Ferdinand Au-
det, N.P., \$25; Mme. Vve. C. J. Pion,
\$25; Bertrand & Guillois, \$25; So-
ciete des Artisans (Suc. 145), \$20; El-
zeur Savard, \$10; J. A. Jacques, \$10;
P. J. Degraives, \$10; J. W. Cantin,
\$10; Alliance Nationale (Cercle St.
Sauveur), \$10; J. Arthur Bedard, \$10;
O. N. Shink, \$10; J. Plamondon &
Fils, \$10; Ferdinand Portugais, \$5;
Fidele Blouin, \$5; Nap. Bertrand, \$5;
Joseph Galarneau, \$5; Arthur Ver-
mette, \$5; Godias Lajuness, \$5;
Joachim Bedard, \$5; Eugene Dubois,
\$5; Mme. Vve. Andre Bedard, \$5;
J. H. Patry, \$5; J. I. LaRoche, \$5;
Roy & Villeneuve, \$5; Mlle. Isabelle
Plamondon, \$5; Ferdinand Bedard,
\$10; E. C. Cote, \$10; Dr. Jos. Gos-
sellin, \$5; Dr. Art. Leclerc, \$5; P. C.
Lachance, \$10; L. A. Robitaille, \$5;
P. D. Bell, \$5; G. Donaldson, \$5; J. P.
Cantin, \$5; J. V. Plamondon, \$5; Leo
L. Legare, \$25; Francois Langlais, \$5;
Uld. Cantin, \$17; Wilfrid Cantin, \$17;
Albert Cantin, \$16; Adolphe Huot,
\$5; P. E. Kirouac, \$5; Eugene Blais,
\$30; Nap. Amplement, \$5; Ad. De-
mers, \$5; P. Verret, \$5; L. C. Giguere,
\$5; Ferdinand Guilmette, \$5; Alphonse
Bonette, \$7.50; Ferdinand Thomassin,
\$5.72; Onesime Parent, \$6.38; Napo-
leon St. Hilaire, \$5.98; David Al-
phonse Barrette, \$4.40; A. Tessier,
\$5.28; Nap. Bourassa, \$5.38; Ls. Gos-
sellin, \$5.72; Jos. Kack, \$5.72; A. Pa-
quet, \$5.72; N. Thomassin, \$5.28; Eu-
gene Savard, \$5.50; O. Lanouette,
\$14.50; J. W. Wyse, \$9.50; David Kerr,
\$6.50; P. Robitaille, \$5.00; Jerome
Pepin, \$10.00; Flavien Lortie, \$10.00;
Alf. Pichette, \$5; Frs. Gagnon, \$5;
Philias Patry, \$15.85; Georges Rich-
ard, \$10; Art. Paquet, \$15.15; Joseph
Gagnon, \$5; Stanislas Gagnon, \$5;
Anonymous, \$5; Eudore Demeule, \$5;
N. Dorval, \$10.25; John Martin, \$10.00;
Telephore Verret, \$3; Jean Drolet,
\$5; Arel & Carrier, \$5; Adjuitor Syl-
vain, \$5; Joseph Clark, \$5; Alfred
Ruthman, \$5; Narcisse Drolet, \$10;
Charles N. Paradis, \$25; Napoleon
Durand, \$5; Jos. Barbeau, \$5; V.
Talbot, \$5; Andre Latulippe, \$5; Vil-
mond Parent, \$5; Charles Roussel,
\$5; J. A. Asselin & Frere, \$5; Honore
Gignac, \$5; subscriptions under \$5—
\$1,157.97.

Palace Ward.

O. L. Langlois, \$25; Anonymous, \$1
Montcalm Ward.
Thos. C. Aylwin, advocate, \$250;
Mrs. Bryon Hall, \$5.

Direct.

Major T. S. Hethrington, \$500;
Mrs. Winn, \$10.
Total—\$373,666.26.

St. Sauveur and St. Malo Wards.

Amounts already published without
names: F. Canac Marquis, \$100; Fra-
ternite Nationale des Tanneurs et Cor-
royeurs, \$25; Z. Paquet, \$100; Al-
phonse Dombrowski, \$50. Total, \$275.
Eastern Canada Steel & Iron Works
Co. and employees, \$2,000; Quebec
Engineering and employees, \$2,000.
Total for St. Sauveur and St. Malo
Wards to date, \$4,275.

Correction.

In a recent list it was stated: "Que-
bec & Lewis Ferry Company (\$1,000
in all \$500 to Lewis and \$500 to Que-
bec) extended as \$600."

This should have read:
"Lewis Ferry Limited, (\$1,000 in all
\$500 to Lewis and \$500 to Quebec),
\$600."

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March 21st

and following days

You are cordially invited
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COSTUMES, FROCKS,
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MILLINERY.

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IN SPITE OF HARD TIMES AND OF THE BIG
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—VERY GOOD AXMINSTER RUGS—
3 yards by 4 yards—\$55.00, for... \$35.00
3 yards by 3½ yards—45.00 for... 30.00
5 yards by 3 yards—40.00, for... 25.00
5,000 yards of BRUSSELS CARPETS, at \$1.75 per yard,
for, a yard... \$1.25

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF RUGS IN
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TURERS PRICES

LINEN and COTTON SHEETINGS.
LINEN and COTTON PILLOWING.
LINEN TABLE CLOTHS and NAPKINS.
TOWELS and TOWELLING.

¶ The above goods are all marked at the old Prices.
The Best assortment of CURTAINS, by the pair, and by the
yard, also FURNITURE COVERINGS, Etc., Etc.

— SPECIAL—CARPET SWEEPERS —
300 Carpet Sweepers, very good quality; worth \$3.00,
sold at... \$1.75

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