

The Montreal Herald

EIGHTY-FIFTH YEAR NO. 61.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1892.

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WHERE'S THE LINE

Our Boundary Limits Discussed.

SIR HECTOR THE SPEAKER.

On Behalf of the Province of Quebec.

HON. MR. MILLS ON THE SUBJECT

Several Deputations Wait on the Government.

THE CANAL TOLL REBATE MATTER.

Shippers Contend That to Grant Such a Request Would be Giving American Bottoms an Advantage Over Canadians.—Flourmen Also Visit the Capital to Confer With the Ministers.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

OTTAWA, March 10.—To-day's session of the Commons, although short, was interesting, not only because of the subject matter under discussion, but because it was really Sir Hector Langevin's debut as an independent member, and because it showed pretty plainly that the ex-minister does not propose to abandon his watchfulness over the interests of his province, even though he has been deposed from office.

The fallen chieftain was in good voice, but there was something sad about his position, which unlookers felt perhaps as much as he did. A year ago he held one of the most responsible positions in the Government; to-day he is only a private member bereft of his mighty influence and of much of the respect which formerly attached to him.

Sir Hector was listened to attentively and elicited replies from both Mr. Dewdney and Sir John Thompson, in which he was promised that his province would be done justice to, but the feature of the afternoon was the speech of Hon. David Mills. It was a splendid array of unanswerable, historical and constitutional facts, such as few living men could master and only one could deliver without notes or preparations.

Steamboat Inspection Amendments.
Hon. Mr. Tupper introduced a bill to amend the steamboat inspection act, intended to cover cases of vessels propelled by electricity, naphtha and other motive power, to prevent the necessity of inspectors meeting every year, to amend the law in reference to life saving appliances on steamboats and to provide for the imposition of a fee for inspection. The bill was read a first time.

Sir Hector's First Speech.
Sir Hector Langevin moved for copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the Northwestern, Northern and Eastern boundaries of Quebec during the last five years. He reviewed the history of the dispute respecting these boundaries, referring to a debate in 1889, when the settlement of the Ontario boundary dispute was made, and recalling his own statement, when a Minister, respecting the negotiations between the Dominion and Quebec Province and his assurance that the interests of Quebec would not be neglected.

About the Boundary Question.
During the recess of 1889 he was entrusted by the Government with the task of receiving delegates from the Province. The difficulty was not about western boundary; that was settled by the constitutional act of 1791. The dispute arose over other boundaries. Sir Hector's speech was largely technical, but he strongly urged the contention of Quebec that the boundary should not follow the fifty-second parallel of latitude, but that instead the line of East Main River and thence the height of land should be adopted as far as possible. He hoped the Government would, during the session, bring down a resolution settling the matter and asked the House to pass an address to the Queen asking for Imperial legislation.

James Bay Badly Located.
Hon. E. Dewdney promised to bring down the correspondence as soon as possible. When the Quebec delegates waited upon the Federal Government, information reached him through the Geological Survey that there was a grave error in the location of the James Bay on the Hudson Bay charts, and he accordingly despatched Mr. William Ogilvie to investigate. He found that the northern line was some 40 or 50 miles out, but that the southerly charts were about correct.

Cannot be Conceded.
Sir John Thompson regretted the absence of his Quebec colleagues who would have liked to speak upon the motion. He could not admit that the height of land was a proper boundary, which in fact had been departed from in the case of the Ontario boundary. The Quebec Legislature had passed a resolution claiming that the boundary should be the fifty-second parallel, but when the delegates came to Ottawa they made a further demand and insisted that East Main River should be chosen. This would involve the cession of territory to the Province of Quebec far beyond what they had a right to. He regretted that the demand could not be conceded, but the interests of Quebec would be protected.

The Case of Ontario.

Hon Mr Mills went at some length into

the history of all boundary disputes since England and France had possession of this continent. He could not admit that Ontario was enlarged by the decision of the Privy Council. On the contrary it was greatly restricted by that judgment. It had never been admitted that a height of land could be a natural boundary. He took opportunity to twist Sir Hector upon his former opposition to the just claims of Ontario. The position of the Liberal party was very different from that of Sir Hector Langevin and his colleagues, who sought to deprive Ontario of the territory which rightly belonged to them. Ontario did not want to see Quebec get anything but justice. The House was not in a position to accept the proposition for a settlement. The interests of Quebec would not suffer by delay, and he could assure Mr. Langevin that Ontario would not take its revenge upon Quebec for the wrong attempted to be done to it. The motion was carried.

Mr. McMullen was told that the auditor general's report would soon be presented, and the House adjourned at 4:45 p.m.

The Chinese Question.
Re-urges presented to-day show that 2637 Chinese entered the Dominion between Jan. 1, 1890 and June 30, 1891, while 1100 return certificates were paid during the same period. It also throws an interesting light upon one phase of Canada's relations to the United States. On Nov. 13, 1890, Lord Knutsford wrote to the Governor-General asking for the opinion of the Canadian Government upon the request of the United States Government for negotiations to, if possible, prevent the emigration of Chinese from Canada to the States. No answer was evidently sent, for a month later Lord Knutsford repeated his request, but it was not until April 15, 1891, that a sub-committee of the Canadian Privy Council reported the matter. They pointed out that it was not possible to apply effective protection along a frontier line of 3500 miles, and that no practical way existed by which effect could be given to the request. Moreover, it was pointed out that no Canadian law existed by virtue of which restraint could be placed upon Chinese residents in Canada, to better the freedom of movement any more than upon any other foreigner.

Dalton McCarthy's Views.
Dalton McCarthy, M.P., was in his seat to-day for the first time. He has not yet decided to reintroduce his separate school and dual language bill this year. In his opinion Tuesday's elections show a very healthy state of opinion in Quebec, and indicate a very high order of intelligence on the part of the electorate. The decision was more gratifying to him, because it had been rendered in spite of appeals to race and religious prejudices, and he hoped the Quebec members would show themselves as liberally minded when he again brought his proposals before them. The Imperial Privy Council will be asked on Saturday next to leave to appeal in the Manitoba school cases from the judgment of the Supreme Court. If it is granted, Mr. McCarthy will go to England next summer, to argue the case on behalf of Manitoba.

Don't Amount to Much.
None of those members of the Commons who are generally regarded as the representatives of the temperance organizations will express an opinion as to the personnel of the prohibition commission. They were not sufficiently acquainted with the gentlemen selected to know whether they would be acceptable to the temperance people but as the Dominion alliance and kindred organizations had already declared that they did not expect much from the commission it was not possible that it could do any harm. The general opinion was that the commission will bring in a report laying special stress upon the immense loss of revenue which would result from prohibition and referring to facts which are already well known. In fact it was believed that the commission will be of no practical benefit and can achieve no results of importance.

The Canal Tolls Rebate.
Half a dozen deputations were in town to-day and interviewed the Government. The most important to Montreal was that of the Canadian Marine Association who came in force, bound to let the Government know their opinion upon the proposal to allow a rebate in canal tolls upon grain transhipped at Ogdensburg destined to Montreal. They met Premier Abbott, Sir John Thompson and Messrs. Bowell and Tupper in the Privy Council Chamber at noon. There were present: Capt. John Gaskin, F. N. Gibbs, J. M. Campbell, Geo. Richardson, John Kinghorn, P. O'Connor, J. Muckert, Kingston; Barlow Cumberland, W. A. Gellies, M. McLaughlin, Toronto; Capt. J. B. Fairgrieve, K. A. McKay and A. T. Freed, Hamilton, and D. G. Thompson, of the Montreal Forwarding Company, Montreal. The delegates protested most strongly against any rebate being allowed on grain transhipped at Ogdensburg on the ground that it would hand over the whole carrying trade of the lakes and especially of the Canadian Northwest to American bottoms. They did not get as much satisfaction as they expected. "I don't know whether it was the recent visit to Washington or what it was," said one of the deputations. Inspection act in reference to the grinding of flour. The association is also seeking incorporation under a Dominion charter. The delegates felt very strongly upon the Newfoundland question and came to Ottawa determined to let the Government know their views, but an intimation reached them that a public expression of opinion just now would be inadvisable, so the projected interview with the Premier was abandoned.

The Canadian Inland Fishermen's Association want hatcheries established on the inland lakes and the abolition of the close seasons.

Petitions for private bills were presented to-day from the Montreal Board of Trade and the Alberta Railway and Coal Company for amendments to their charters, but the Government seems to have changed its mind upon this subject since last year. If they give Americans this rebate then the sooner we all go over to Washington the better. The delegates also urged the advisability

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LATE CABLE NEWS.

Hard Usage of Some Unfortunates.

POOR PEOPLE STARVED

And Ill-Clad Dragged Into a Court of Justice.

DURHAM MINERS WILL STRIKE.

Providing Work for the Unemployed in Europe.

EMPEROR WILLIAM LAID UP SICK

Commercial Treaty Arranged Between France and the United States—The Deacon Scandal in France—The Unfaithfulness of Mrs. Deacon Conclusively Proved Out.

BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, March 10.—A story has reached here, that has caused many expressions of deep indignation by the English papers. To the westward of county Mayo, Ireland, there lies in the Atlantic a small patch of land known as Clare Island. The inhabitants are mostly fishermen, and are miserably poor. A number of them ran into debt, and their creditors took proceedings against them and sent bailiffs to seize the few cattle owned by the debtors to satisfy the claims against them. The islanders resisted the bailiffs, and as a result 80 of them were summoned to answer at Lisnaburg, the nearest town on the mainland in County Mayo, for resisting the officers of the law.

Appeared Almost Starved.
The 80 islanders obeyed the summons and presented themselves before the magistrate. They all appeared to be in a starving condition and their thin garments afforded them little protection from the inclement weather. The magistrate listened to the testimony of the bailiffs and then calmly ordered that the further hearing of the case be held the next day at the Court house in Westport, 13 miles distant.

To reach Westport in time for the hearing it was necessary for the islanders to start that night. They had no money to pay for conveyances and were compelled to walk the entire distance over a road that is none too good in fine weather.

Caught in a Storm.
That night a blinding snowstorm set in. The road runs alongside the ocean, and the poor people stumbling along in the darkness were exposed to the full fury of a stinging gale that swept inland from the sea. Many of the poorly clad islanders, weakened by long abstinance from nourishing food, fell by the road side unable to proceed and would have perished had it not been for the kind hearted villagers along the route who, when they learned of their sufferings, went to their assistance and succoured them with food and shelter. Of the women in the party not a single one had strength enough to drag her weary limbs to Westport.

They Appear in the Court.

The men who reached the town at once proceeded to the court house and presented themselves before the Magistrate there sitting to hear the case. Many of the islanders were almost completely exhausted by their long and toilsome journey and all of them were famished and half frozen.

When the magistrates learned that all the persons summoned were not present, they were incensed at what they were pleased to term disrespect for the law. They held forth at great length upon the strength of the law and how all rich and poor alike were amenable to its provisions.

Fine Words for Starved Men.
Then they spoke of the great goodness of the crown, how it tempered justice with mercy, and after dwelling upon this subject to the painful edification of the shivering wretches before them, they announced that as the defendants had pleaded guilty to the charge against them, the crown would extend its clemency to them. The court then ordered that the men be liberated upon giving bail for their good behavior.

The despatch does not state whether the bailiffs demand was furnished, but the islanders were not known in Westport, as they having no value of their own probabilities are that the bonds were not furnished.

Troubles on the Frontier.
LONDON, March 10.—A Calcutta despatch says there has been further frontier fighting in the Lushai, the Lushai country, against the British. Four Sepoys have been killed and six wounded.

Anarchists Get Clear.

CADIZ, March 10.—All the Anarchists charged with participating in the recent attack upon the town of Xeres, who were tried by the Court-martial, that convened in this city, have been acquitted.

Stopped Their Slave Raids.

LONDON, March 10.—Advices have been received from Africa that the Belgian expedition under Captain Hinks reached the west coast of Lake Tanganyika by following the course of the Congo. The Arab chiefs along the route prepared to attack the expedition, but getting scared disbanded their levies and stopped their slave raids.

BIG STORM IN ENGLAND.

Telegraphic and Railway Communications Greatly Impeded.

BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, March 10.—The past winter will be a memorable one in the annals of English weather. Extraordinary storms have prevailed with unusual frequency and as yet the approach of spring is marked only by the almanacks, not by the weather. It has snowed several times during the past week and last night a heavy storm set in in Lancashire. The ground there is now covered to the depth of 18 inches. The telegraphic lines are broken in many places, railway trains are greatly impeded, in some cases not being able to run at all and the highways are almost impassable.

In North Wales there has been a very heavy snowfall and telegraphic and railway communications are greatly interrupted. The roads are in a dreadful condition. Snow is falling at Windsor to-day.

There was a general renewal of the storm in the northern part of England and in Scotland during the night, and reports have been received of loss of life in North Wales a great number of sheep have perished.

A great quantity of wreckage has stranded at St. Keverne, near Lizard Point, and it is feared a large steamer has foundered during the gale.

Just Like Bel Ami.

PARIS, March 10.—As the result of an inquiry made by Magistrate Lecoucq, who was commissioned by the Grasse tribunal to come to Paris to make an investigation, the concierge of a house of the Rue Penitence deposed that the latter was in the habit of receiving Mr. Deacon there. The concierge described how the lady was dressed, and he recognized a photo of Abelle as that of the man who rented the rooms. Abelle gave an assumed name, paying six months' rent in advance. A solicitor in the Rue Scribe made an affidavit that he had dissuaded Deacon, who discovered the truth at the time of the intrigue in the Rue Penitence house, from taking measures against his wife for divorce.

The Miners Will Strike.

LONDON, March 10.—The Durham miners have decided in favor of quitting work for two weeks or longer, beginning on Saturday next.

The Scotch miners, with the exception of those employed in the Stirling district have decided not to strike, but they will limit their work to five days a week.

LATER.—The Durham miners' decision to strike has caused the Athol and Clevecliff iron masters to prepare to damp down their furnaces. The iron and steel works will also close, throwing out of work 10,000 men.

The Crisis in Greece.

LONDON, March 10.—A despatch from Athens says the new ministry has been unable to obtain a working majority of the Legislative Chamber, and that the dissolution of the House is therefore inevitable. When the House is dissolved it is necessary, according to the constitution, that a period of 50 days shall elapse before the holding of new elections. Perfect quiet prevails everywhere in the country.

Married Twenty-Nine Years.

LONDON, March 10.—Twenty-nine years ago to-day the Prince of Wales married Princess Alexandra, eldest daughter of the King of Denmark. At Windsor Castle, where the Prince is at present sojourning, the bells are ringing and a salute is being fired in honor of the anniversary. No festivities will be held at the castle.

Emperor William Laid Up.

BERLIN, March 10.—Emperor William is confined to his bed. Physicians say he is suffering from a slight cold. Some alarm, however, is felt concerning his condition, for it is known that he has not received the reports on State business, which it is customary for the heads of the different Departments to make to him daily.

Amendment Declared Necessary.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 10.—Samoan advices state that various meetings throughout the Islands have declared the amendment of the Berlin treaty of 1889, is a necessity, and petitions to that end will be addressed to the Governments of the United States, Great Britain and Germany.

Archbishop Ireland Defended.

ROME, March 10.—The Pope has communicated to the Osservatore Romano a note defending the most Rev. John Ireland, D. D., Archbishop of St. Paul, Minn., against the attacks made upon him by his enemies in the United States.

Celebrating the Czar's Birthday.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 10.—Yesterday, the Czar's birthday, besides being observed with festivities, was marked by the launching at Sebastopol of the ironclad George the Victorious, of 8000 tons. Another war ship of 12,000 tons, the largest in the Russian navy, will soon be launched at Nicolaiev.

Wanted Count Tolstoi Arrested.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 10.—Several of the Ministers believe that the letters of Count Tolstoi, published in foreign papers giving accounts of the distress prevailing in Russia, should be stopped and as means to this end they urged the Czar to place the Count under arrest. His Majesty refused.

Passengers and Crew Saved.

LIVERPOOL, March 10.—The coasting steamer Hero went ashore last night at the mouth of the Mersey. The Forbury life boat crew landed her crew and six lady passengers.

Want Gold Only Coined.

MADRID, March 10.—A deputation from the Mercantile Union of Madrid yesterday waited upon Prime Minister Canovas Del Castillo, and submitted a request that the coinage of silver should cease and gold only be coined.

BAD TO QUARREL.

Opinions of Several Members

OF THE CANADIAN HOUSE

On the Present Attitude of Lord Salisbury

IN THE BEHRING SEA DISPUTE.

The United States Preparing Their Cruisers

TO LOOK AFTER THE POACHERS

General Foster Confers With Secretary Tracy, Presumably on the Above Question.—The London Standard on the Jingo Policy of the Americans—Lord Salisbury Not Likely to Give Any Head.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

OTTAWA, March 10.—There was much diversity of opinion here among members of Parliament, regarding the attitude Great Britain has taken in declining to extend the modus vivendi in Behring Sea for another year.

Your correspondent has talked with several representatives on both sides of the House, and finds that while the Conservatives are inclined to support Lord Salisbury in his contention, the Liberals deprecate his refusal to renew the arrangement entered into last season.

Justifies Lord Salisbury.

One of the most prominent supporters of the Government, who objected to his name being used, said that Lord Salisbury was perfectly justified in his refusal to continue the modus vivendi as it was clearly in the interests of the Alaska Company. The agreement entered into that the Alaska Company should be restricted to killing a specified number of seals last year had not been observed, the United States Government having failed to enforce the law limiting their catch. He did not believe, however, that the United States Government would resort to any course of hostility to Canada to resent Lord Salisbury's action.

A Quarrel Would be Fatal.

Dr. McMillan, Liberal, said that if the settlement of the Behring Sea question cannot be arrived at now, the modus vivendi should be continued until the arbitrators are able to report. "It is better," he said, "to give and take than through impatience arouse an unfriendly feeling between Canada and the United States. We want to live on the best possible terms with our neighbors to the south, even if for a year the sealing industry may be suspended. It would be fatal to quarrel with the United States."

Friendly Relations Should Continue.

Mr. Allan, Liberal, contended that while the Behring Sea question is still a subject of arbitration, every possible conciliatory effort should be put forth to insure a continuance of friendly relations with the United States. A wrong step now, he said, might precipitate us into a quarrel with our neighbors, which Canada can ill afford. A rupture now with the United States would be the most lamentable thing that could happen us, and every effort should be put forward to avert it.

Better to Yield a Little.

Mr. McGregor, Liberal, said: "We cannot afford to sacrifice our best interests at this moment when we are using our every endeavor to consolidate our commercial interests. It would be far better to yield a little and extend the modus vivendi for another year while the question is still the subject of arbitration than to arouse a feeling of hostility against Canada by refusing to agree to what seems reasonably fair. The admitted object of the arbitration is to define the proprietary rights of the United States in Behring Sea, and to devise some joint arrangement for the protection of seal life from extinction. It is therefore difficult to see what injury could accrue to Canada from the extension of the modus vivendi by which the protection to seal life is thereby continued."

Action in British Columbia.

In the British Columbia Legislature Finance Minister Turner has given notice of an address to the British Government praying that the modus vivendi be not extended, unless provision be also made to recoup the sealers for any losses they may sustain owing to such extension.

No Action for the Present.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Inquiry at the various executive departments dealing with the question, elicits the information that the president will take no further action in regard to the Behring Sea matter until he shall have received a reply from Lord Salisbury to Mr. Wharton's note of March 8, insisting on a renewal of the modus vivendi of last year, as an essential condition to the settlement of the controversy by arbitration.

Getting Their Cruisers Ready.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The anticipated activity in Behring Sea this summer has caused some stir at Mare Island. The Adams and Ranger are being made ready for duty as speedily as possible. The Albatross, which was preparing another sounding for the proposed Hawaiian cable has been ordered to cease work in that direction. It is sup-

posed the ship is intended for duty in Northern seas. The cruisers Charleston and Baltimore are still at Mare Island ready for service.

American Officials in Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—General J. W. Foster, of the State Department, who is assisting the President in the Behring Sea fisheries negotiations, had a long conference this afternoon with Secretary Tracy and Commodore Ramsay, chief of the Bureau of Navigation. While it is not possible to state positively what occurred at the conference, it is said to be a safe assumption that it related solely to the consideration of the course to be pursued by the navy in enforcing the contention of the Government, that present sealing in Behring Sea should be wholly suspended pending the settlement by arbitration of the controversy between the United States and Great Britain. Although there is no certainty that Great Britain will not co-operate in the work of keeping sealing vessels out of the sea, the well known objection of that Government to the closing of the sealing vessels of Canada justifies, it is said, the alleged assumption on the part of the Government, that of the sea is to be patrolled altogether by our own navy and revenue vessels. It is therefore inferred that the best method of performing this service in the event that Great Britain declines the President's proposition of the 8th inst. for a prompt renewal of the modus vivendi. It is asserted in some quarters that the navy department is now well prepared to enforce such, providing there is no resistance on the part of the British Government. A disposition by that Government to resist any interference with merchant vessels sailing its flag desiring to enter Behring Sea would, however, put an entirely different phase on the question. In the event that this Government adheres to its policy of last year it is probable that the available vessels at its command to Behring Sea will be small, if possible, to control all its approaches and prevent the entrance of all sealing vessels, American as well as others.

Lord Salisbury's Attitude.

BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

LONDON, March 10.—The Standard commenting on the Behring Sea question says: "We cannot help thinking that President Harrison is trading over much on our past amiability. The Wharton message completely misrepresents the attitude and argument of Lord Salisbury, besides begging the whole question in dispute. The suggestion that England would only be too glad if the arbitration was abandoned is too ridiculous to be discussed. Lord Salisbury is bound to protect English rights as far as he is able and it is just to do so, and we must assure our friends in America in all good humor that no amount of browbeating is likely to force him into abandoning that responsibility."

SOUTH PERTH ELECTION.

Mr. James Trow, the Well-Known Liberal Whip Defeated.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

ST. MARY'S, Ont., March 10.—The election to fill the South Perth vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the unseating of James Trow, Liberal, took place to-day and resulted in the return of Mr. William Fridham, the Conservative candidate, who defeated Mr. Trow, by a majority of 26. Mr. Trow's majority a year ago was 177. The returns are as follows:

Poll.	Trow.	Majorities.
1 St Mary's.....	2	7
2 do.....	2	7
3 do.....	30	—
4 do.....	—	26
5 do.....	1	—
6 Dowlas.....	82	—
7 do.....	93	—
8 do.....	93	—
9 do.....	94	—
10 do.....	—	57
11 do.....	—	101
12 do.....	29	—
13 do.....	19	—
14 do.....	—	54
15 do.....	16	—
16 do.....	37	—
17 do.....	27	—
18 do.....	61	—
19 do.....	12	—
20 do.....	—	28
21 do.....	—	13
22 do.....	—	41
23 do.....	—	63
24 do.....	56	—
25 do.....	4	—
26 do.....	—	58
27 do.....	—	77
28 do.....	—	27
29 do.....	1	—
30 do.....	—	—
Total majorities: Trow, 538; Fridham, 538		
Net majority for Fridham, 26.		

The only puffing the Rialto cigars wants is to smoke one. Try it L. O. Grothe & Co. Montreal.

The Weather.

TORONTO, March 9.—The cyclone over Northern Michigan yesterday is now over Eastern New York state, and the depression over the Gulf has moved to Labrador. Fair weather prevails in the lake and eastern districts, with light local snow falls in Ontario. In the Northwest the pressure is decreasing, and fair milder weather setting in. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 25-34; Qu'Appelle, 15-23; Winnipeg, 15-24; Port Arthur, 4 below; Toronto, 26-32; Kingston, 32-38; Montreal, 32-40; Quebec, 30-40; Halifax, 36-50. Cautionary storm signals ordered for maritime ports.

Probabilities.

Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair; cold weather with fresh to strong north to west winds.

Lower St. Lawrence—Fresh to high north to west winds; some snow falls; clearing; lower temperature.

Gulf—Strong winds or moderate gales, becoming westerly; some snow falling; lower temperature.

Maritime—Strong winds or moderate gales, gradually shifting to westerly; cloudy with rain, or in northern portion sleet or rain. Manitoba—Fair and milder; some local snow.

Movements of Ocean Steamships.

March 10. Arrived at. From
Siberian.....New York.....Glasgow
Trave.....Southampton.....New York
Welland.....New York.....Rotterdam
Spaandam.....Rotterdam.....New York
Werra.....Genoa.....New York

YOKOHAMA, March 10.—O.P.R. steamer Erapress India left here this morning.

The Allan steamship Siberian, from Glasgow, arrived at New York on Thursday morning.

The Allan steamship Sarmatian, from Glasgow, arrived at Boston at 3 p.m. on Wednesday.

DEATH.

MURPHY.—In this city, on March 9, James Daniel Murphy, V.S., late of Chicago.

Funeral will leave his father's residence, 400 St. James-street, Friday, March 11 at 2:30 p.m.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

CHANGES IN THE A.A.U. RULES

The Executive Do What They Think Best for the Benefit of the Athletes.

THAT AMALGAMATED RACE.

Chances Against Snowshoeing This Season—Slavin and Mitchell Blowing Off in Ottawa—English Centreboard-Skating Races To-night—Trotters sold for Big Money—Wrestling Matches Arranged.

New York, March 10.—At a meeting of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, held at the Astor House last night, steps were taken whereby the Manhattan Athletic Club will probably have a representation on the Board. The step is embodied in a decision of the board to recommend an amendment to the constitution making the number of members on the board to which each association is entitled three instead of two, as at present. Although there was no quorum at the meeting last night, the matter will be submitted to a mail vote, and there is but little doubt that it will eventually become a law. It is intended for prizes to allow not only medals, wreaths and banners, but, in addition, watches, silverware, toilet service and all sorts of jewelry.

Several amendments to the Athletic general rules were submitted. They were as follows:

In pole-vaulting no competitor shall, during its vault, raise the hand which was upturned when he left the ground to a point higher than the pole, nor shall he raise the hand which was underneath when he left the ground to any point on the pole above the other hand.

To drop from the gymnastic rules the section headed rope climbing and substitute therefore the following:

1. The rope measured from the flow to a tambourine or bell fastened above shall be nearly 20 feet as the height of the bell will allow.
2. The start shall be by pistol-shot and the time taken when the contestant strikes the tambourine or bell.
3. Each contestant shall sit on the floor with his legs extended in front and shall not touch the floor with any other part of his person after the pistol-shot.
4. Each contestant shall be allowed three trials.

To expunge the whole of rule 9 of the general rules of the A. A. U. and to substitute the following:

Rule 9.—Definition of a novice.—The sports over which the A. A. U. has jurisdiction shall be divided into the following classes: Baseball, billiards, bowling, boxing, fencing, football, gymnastics, hurdle-racing, jumping, lacrosse, lawn tennis, pole-leaping, putting, quoits, racquets, rowing, running, sculling, skating, swimming, water polo, and water polo, tug of war, walking and wrestling.

An athlete shall be held to be a novice in each of these twenty-four classes until he shall have won a prize in competition in that class open to the members of two or more clubs. The winning of a prize shall not prevent his future competition as a novice in that class, although his entry may have been made before he lost his status as a novice.

To alter the first part of rule 23, relating to the use of the hammer, to read as follows:

The head and handle may be of any size, shape and material provided the length of the complete implement shall not be more than four feet and its weight no less than 16 pounds.

Addition to the boxing and wrestling rules:

Any athlete who weighs in and then fails to compete without an excuse satisfactory to the Games Committee shall be suspended six months.

Addition to general rules.

No professional contest or any prize or reward whatever shall be allowed at any games, meeting or entertainment held under A. A. U. rules.

On report of the Record Committee the following record was allowed: E. B. Bloss, 40 yards, 4.35; at Boston, Feb. 13, 1892; E. B. Bloss, 20 yards, 2.45; at Roxbury school games, Feb. 22.

J. P. Lee having presented facts showing that in compliance with A. A. U. rules he ran a 220-yard, 2 feet, 6 inch hurdle race at Cambridge, Mass., May 22, 1891, in 24.6 seconds, the A. A. U. allow that as the American amateur record.

The board recommended to A. A. U. members that the following alteration be made in section III, article 10 of the constitution: Expunge the sentence reading: No prize shall be given by any club or organization or received by any athlete except properly inscribed medals, cups, badges, banners, diplomas or wreaths, and substitute therefore the sentence:

No prize shall be given by any individual, club committee, association or other organization, or accepted by any athlete, except suitably inscribed medals, cups, banners, badges, medals, diplomas, or other ornaments or articles of jewelry, silverware, toilet or table service.

A resolution was passed providing that hereafter no association of the A. A. U. be allowed to recognize any league or association of clubs within its jurisdiction of territory.

After discussion of the proposal to create new associations for Long Island, Western and Northern divisions, it was resolved that, in view of advice from prominent clubs situated in the proposed new districts objecting to such an arrangement, the board does not think it advisable to recommend any amendment forming new associations, but recommend that clause E, article 4, of the constitution be amended to read:

In the event of four-fifths of the clubs not less than 20 in number situated in any locality not less than five miles square making application to be admitted as a separate association to membership in the A. A. U. they shall be entitled to admission.

An addition to the general rules: No association of A. A. U. will be allowed to register clubs or schedule games, tournaments or exhibitions given by clubs not eligible to membership in the A. A. U.

The following committee was appointed to confer with the National Cross-Country Association: J. E. Sullivan, H. McMillan, C. H. Luskomb. This probably means a settlement of the row between the A. A. U. and the National Cross-Country Association, which began last November when the A. A. U. decided not to recognize the N. C. C. A.

May Pay Handsomely for Striking Referee S. D. See.

New York, March 10.—On Feb. 27, the Triton Athletic Club held a boxing tournament at their club house in West Forty-fifth street. S. D. See, of the Acorn Athletic Club was referee. In a three-round bout between Billy Ross of the Hanover Athletic Club and Billy McNichol of the Tritons, the judges were unable to pick the winner. See ordered another round and at its expiration properly gave the fight to Ross. The supporters of McNichol pressed forward threatening to whip See. Jack McNichol, a brother of the defeated man, and a sponsored member of the Tritons, managed to get near See and struck him a hard blow in the face, loosening his teeth and cutting his nose.

At the Tombs Court yesterday, Justice McMahon held McNichol in \$500 bail for

the Special Sessions. An up-town saloon keeper turned him over to the police.

TROTTERING.

Big Prices Paid for Yearlings at Franklin, Pa., March 10.—Miller & Sibley have sold to Mr. J. Malcolm Forbes, of Boston, a two-year-old and a yearling filly by St. Bel for \$10,000 and \$5000, respectively. The two-year-old is out of a Nutwood mare and the dam of the yearling is by Sultan.

Miller & Sibley have also sold to A. Smith McCann, of Lexington, Ky., the Electioneer stallion May King, 2:23; price, \$12,000.

Large Purses at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, March 10.—The Buffalo Park Association intends to make this year's grand circuit meeting greater than ever. In the past few years the purses have aggregated about \$35,000, but for the meeting that will take place Aug. 2, 3, 4 and 5 of this year, the association will hang up at least \$40,000. Three stakes will form the features of the meeting, and they were decided on yesterday. They will include a \$5000 stake for 2:27 class trotters, a \$5000 stake for 2:23 class trotters, and a \$3000 for 2:27 class pacers. In previous years the entrance fee to the Buffalo stakes have been 20 per cent of the purse, but in these stakes, which will be guaranteed, only 5 per cent will be charged entries, except those winning a part of the purse, from which an additional 5 per cent will be deducted from the purse when paid. The stakes will be open to all subscribers. Subscriptions will be due April 15, when 2 per cent is payable, also 2 per cent June 15 and 1 per cent July 15, when horses are to be named. Horses must be eligible April 15, but subscriptions can be transferred until horses are named in July. The regular class events of previous years will be given, besides such specials as may be deemed the most attractive. Should the guaranteed stakes fill as well as is anticipated several more will in all probability be opened.

BASEBALL.

Death of Fred O'Neill, Well Known in Montreal.

Fred O'Neill, the once famous catcher, died at his home in London last Monday night of consumption, at the age of 26 years. He was one of the cleverest backstops in the country at one time. His professional career dates back to 1884, when he played with the old Copper and Primroses of Hamilton, in 1885. He played in London and with the Cass club of Detroit. From the latter club and through Manager Bob Leach he was secured by Denver, where he played in '87, catching for that team 109 consecutive games and helping materially to win the Western championship. He led the league in catching and was tenth in batting. He afterwards played with the Mets, Detroit and Manistee.

The First Game.

OCALA, Fla., March 10.—This Brooklyn team played its first game of the season here to-day against the Tampa professional nine, winning by 11 runs to 3. Con Daily caught and Foutz and Hart did the pitching for Brooklyn. The Brooklyn already show evidence of good results from their practice. Foutz and Hart pitched well and Daily caught to perfection. Hart did the best hitting. Ocala is becoming a centre for Northern patrons of the game. Billy Harris couldn't resist the attraction, and moved over yesterday with Mrs. Harris from Enterprise. Hub Collins arrived to-day, as did also Dave Orr and wife.

The New League.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 10.—The Eastern League will be composed of Buffalo, Rochester, Elmira, Binghamton, Syracuse, Albany, Troy and Philadelphia. Managers Barnham of Providence and Shannon of New Haven, whose clubs were frozen out in favor of Elmira and Binghamton, were much disgusted and left for home on an early train. The schedule and assignment of players will occupy the attention of a later meeting.

To Play With Cambridge & Agins.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 10.—It was announced to-day that both Trafford and Hovey would play with the Varsity nine this year in their old positions at first base and short stop. Up to to-day it was not known definitely whether these men would play or not. They will strengthen the team greatly. The Harvard nine will take a trip south during the Easter vacation, and will play the Manhattan Athletic Club at New York April 7.

Gone to Begin Practice.

BALTIMORE, March 10.—Manager Barnes and George W. Wagner, of the Washington Baseball Club, and Wood Shoch, Foreman, Hoy, Radford, McGuire and Milligan, of the team, left this city this afternoon on the steamer DeCatur. Miller for Savannah where they will begin their spring practice immediately upon their arrival. Mr. Barnes stated that the other men would join the party in Savannah. No message of any kind was received from Danny Richardson.

BILLIARDS.

Prospects of the Two Great Billiard Amateurs Meeting.

New York, March 10.—There is some talk of a match between Martin Mulien, the Cincinnati amateur, and Wilson G. Foss of this city at balk-line billiards. Mulien is the man who was matched to play Frank Ives for \$2500 a side at billiards some time ago, but who was deprived of the opportunity of showing his mettle by the unexpected collapse of the preliminary arrangements. Foss was ruled out of the Racket Club tourney on a claim that he is a professional, which he and his friends strenuously denied. The two played four games last week in the Columbia Rooms and each won two. Foss ran 64 at balk line in the last of the series, and Mulien executed a run of 50. They were close and exciting encounters. Foss is regarded as the best money player in amateur ranks. He is crazy to get a match on with Champion Orville Oddie, but the latter has declared that under the Racket Club ruling he cannot fairly be asked to meet Foss, whom he believes to be a professional.

CHESS.

The British Chess Association Tournament in London.

LONDON, March 10.—The second round in the tournament of the British Chess Association produced some fine play.

Lasker, the German crack, was pitted against Bird, who, having the move, selected one of his pet openings, 1. P-K B 4, although he suffered defeat yesterday at the same opening. The old man succeeded in obtaining a slight advantage in the middle game, whereupon a desperate struggle began. Despite Lasker's stubborn resistance the junior player had to submit to defeat after 103 moves. The first victory of the day fell to Mason, who defended a four-knight's game against Gossip, after only 23 moves. Mason now heads the list. Loman defending a Q-P opening against Jasnosogski, won by steady play in 34 moves.

Loock beat Rumball in a Ruy Lopez. Lee also played a Ruy Lopez against Van Vliet, but ought to have lost, as he had far the inferior position. The Dutchman, however, committed a grave error—the consequences of which he subsequently skilful play. Van Vliet resigned on his seventeenth move. Mortimer and Fenton, in a dreary French defence, agreed to a draw in a perfectly even position after 22 moves.

SKATING.

The Races of the Victoria Club This Evening.

The races of the Victoria Club take place in the rink this evening. The ice is yet in good condition, and a good attendance is expected. The events, already stated, are as follows:

No. 1—Snowshoe race, 6 times around.
No. 2—Boys' race, (under 14) 12 " "
No. 3—Flat race, 12 " "
No. 4—Obstacle race, 3 " "
No. 5—One leg race, 3 " "
No. 6—Barrel race, 3 " "
No. 7—Hurdle race, 4 " "
No. 8—Burial race, 2 " "

AQUATICS.

The New English Centre Board.

There seems to be a reasonable prospect that the new centre board race designed by Watson, and now building in Henderson's yard on the Clyde at Glasgow, will be a contestant for the America Cup. The name of the owner is suppressed for the present, though it may turn out to be the son of Harry, who has for a year or two cherished a pet project of bringing a yacht to America to race.

Everything will depend, of course, upon the record the new centre board makes against the crack British cutters the coming season. The designer of this new yacht designed the Thistle, and gained through her failure the knowledge that it is impossible to beat an American centre board in the present state of the new centre board is the present best of racing owners, and will be the dark horse of 1892.

The phenomenal success of Dora, a 10-rater centreboard in Clyde last summer, has confirmed Mr. Watson, race designer, in the opinion that in all classes of yachts, at least above five-raters, a centreboard is a great advantage, and this new 40-rater centreboard is the outcome of that conviction.

But Dora, as the first of the Clyde centreboards, was more or less experimental, and the new 40-rater presents even in her present outline a considerable variation on Dora. With some more beam than any keel cutter of 40-rating, this new cutter, of course, is fuller and has a rounder bilge, and her bow and stern are in consequence modelled with rounder lines. But her floor shows more rise than Dora, and she is altogether a sweeter boat.

THE WHEEL.

Champion Willie Windle Joins the Cherry Diamonds.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Willie Windle, the champion amateur bicycle rider, has been connected with no athletic organization since the disbandment of the Berkeley Athletic Club. While a member of the cracks clubs of the country have been desirous of securing this speedy wheelman, he has decided to represent the Manhattan Athletic Club on the path this season. The Manhattan will have a very speedy team this year. They will comprise Willie Windle, Peter J. Berlo, Harry Arnold, and George Banker. There has been some talk about the Manistee sending Windle to England, but it is authoritative stated that none of their riders will go abroad this year. It is understood that Windle will shortly go into training, and compete in all the big meets this year.

Ottawa Bicycle Club Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Ottawa Bicycle Club was held to-night. The treasurer's report showed a balance of \$80 on hand. The following officers were elected:

Hon. President, Sherin Sweetland.
President, F. A. Beatty.
Vice-President, D. E. Johnson.
Executive, Geo. W. Odgers.
First-Lieutenant, W. B. Parr.
Second-Lieutenant, A. Routhall.
Standard-bearer, Geo. Gallup.
Treasurer, C. H. Thornburn.
Standard-bearer, W. P. Hinton.
Manager, Dr. J. W. Hinton.
Executive, Geo. W. Odgers, Dr. Johnson, S. McLaughlin, J. N. Brownlee, T. A. Seaton, Geo. Gallup, C. H. Thornburn, George Mason and Miles Bisset.

To Appoint Official Referees.

NEW YORK, March 10.—One of the first questions that will come before the new Racing Board of the League of American Wheelmen will be the advisability of appointing an official referee in all the State divisions to serve at the various race meets. The idea has been suggested through the inability of tournament managers to secure competent men to officiate. The idea has come up before the Pennsylvania division, and has been favorably received. The New York state division also has the idea under consideration.

RING.

Peter Maher Gives an Excuse for His Defeat by Fitzsimmons.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Peter Maher was seen this morning in the northern part of the city, where, it is said, he has purchased a house and intends to make it his permanent residence. The Irish champion was neatly dressed, seemed to be in good spirits and showed but little effects of his late fight in New Orleans. In speaking about the battle, however, there was considerable bitterness in his speech.

"Why," said he, "they wouldn't let me put on the gloves until I stepped in the ring and faced Fitzsimmons. It was a put-up scheme from the start, and I was made a dupe."

"I'll meet Fitzsimmons again at any time for a purse. I have no feeling against him. He is a nice, gentlemanly fellow, but I want to get at him again. The fight was fair enough, as far as it went, but I was outclassed, and had not the slightest idea of Fitzsimmons' way of fighting. As soon as we began the mill I saw that he was very shifty,

and that I had a very hard man to deal with. You see, when I was in training it was pure fighting, no gloves, no sparing. My lack of accurate sparring tactics placed me at once at great disadvantage. Fitzsimmons soon perceived that and rushed at me with a terrific onslaught of sparring blows. I was dazed."

"Besides all this, I was not in proper health and condition to fight when I did. My training was poor, to use a mild expression. I honestly believe that with first-class training and good physical condition I could whip Fitzsimmons, and easily at that."

Referring to the intense despondency which has been attributed to him, Maher said that he naturally felt blue over the result. "But I'll tell you, me lad, it's not so despondent it is over the fight I am, as it is over the mean way I have been duped. There will be a day of reckoning yet."

News From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—The Olympic Club has forwarded the preliminary articles of agreement to Sullivan and Mitchell for the \$25,000 fight to take place this fall. But, to make assurance doubly sure, the club will send on Capt. Williams, the club's matchmaker, this week to see the two men and, if possible, complete negotiations. It is probable, therefore, that all the terms will be arranged within a week.

Fitzsimmons, who is here, is very anxious to meet Ted Pritchard, but thinks it would be well to postpone the affair until next Mardi Gras. The Sullivan-Mitchell fight coming in the fall, it would be unwise, he says, to have another fight so close upon its heels. The objection to a fight in ten weeks is that it would fall during the hot season and when so many persons are out of town.

Fitzsimmons and Carroll give a sparring exhibition here on Thursday, and leave for New York on Saturday. Fitzsimmons wants to give a performance in New York for Maher's benefit. At present Fitz is suffering from rheumatism and a sprained thumb.

Buffalo Also Offers a Purse.

BUFFALO, March 10.—A syndicate of sports here offers a purse of \$25,000 for a fight between Sullivan and Mitchell.

Lannon Will Fight Corbett.

BOSTON, March 10.—Jim Corbett, who graduated from a clerkship in the Bank of Nevada at San Francisco into the professional pugilistic arena, after a series of amateur performances on the Pacific coast, where he met and vanquished some good men, is about to figure again in the ring. When Sullivan's sweeping challenge to all the world, including Corbett, was published, Corbett promptly accepted the offer and posted his forfeit as evidence of his willingness to fight Sullivan for a big purse and \$10,000 a side. Joe Lannon of this city, who has had a good deal to say about his last meeting with Corbett, has been met with equal promptness.

Corbett has sent him an offer to fight him at any time or place and for any amount, and has also offered to meet him for three or six rounds and bet him \$1,000 that he will best him in that time.

The latter offer Lannon has accepted. The bout will take place next Wednesday night at Music Hall.

Lannon has already begun to get into shape, and has reduced his weight 17 pounds.

Corbett, who is one of the cleverest and quickest big men in the world, is a specimen of manhood, and the bout promises to be one of the greatest interest.

It will be Corbett's first appearance in a professional sparring match in this city, where his previous visits as a member of a theatrical company have made him well known as a clever boxer and genial gentleman.

Open to Fight.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The following was received at The Police Gazette office yesterday from Portland, Ore.: I am open to fight any bantam-weight in the world, Police Gazette rules to govern, for a purse and a side stake up to \$1,000. By publishing this you will greatly oblige. Yours respectfully, FRED BOGAN, Champion Bantam Weight of the Pacific Coast.

Mitchell and Slavin in Ottawa.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

OTTAWA, March 10.—Charlie Mitchell, of London, and Frank P. Slavin, the Australian, gave a four round sparring exhibition, at the Opera House here to-night. It was appreciated by the 500 spectators present, and both pugilists received liberal applause, as they retired from the stage. Slavin's appearance greatly surprised Ottawa's sports. They expected to see a great big beefy fellow like John L. Sullivan, but, instead, they saw a solid broad shouldered well built athlete. There is not a particle of superfluous flesh on his body, although he has an extra long reach that made very little use of it while sparring with Mitchell. His short arm work, however, was particularly noticeable. Mitchell looked as slick as a whistle. He is just a shade on the beefy side but never the less is a better built man than the Australian. He lacks a few inches in height and that's all. The set-to was a very good one, it had not the appearance of a hypodrome and the leads and counters made by the pugilists were strong and quick. To the Herald correspondent, Mitchell said he thought his match with Sullivan for twenty five thousand dollars a side would be arranged within twenty four hours. That is, of course," he continued, "if the big Bostonian means business I have given him every thing his own way. He can name the purse, the battle ground and referee if he likes and I will agree to fight him. There is only one thing for Sullivan to do now, concluded the Englishman, let him sign articles that will suit him best and then send them to me I will guarantee to return them with my name inscribed alongside of his."

Slavin and Mitchell returned to Toronto this evening. They were only four hours in the city, and during that short stay were greeted by hundreds of admirers. They will appear in Montreal on Wednesday next.

Sullivan's Money is Up.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Jim Wakely this afternoon deposited \$2500 with George Dickinson, of The World, for John L. Sullivan to fight any man in the world except Peter Jackson. Sullivan will not fight for less than \$10,000 a side. The club offering the largest purse will be selected as the place for the fight. The California Athletic Club is left out, however, in Sullivan's list of clubs before he

would wish to fight. Jim Corbett promises to cover the deposit next Tuesday, but in case any other heavy weight covers the money before that time Corbett won't be in it.

Smith and Hall to Meet.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

OTTAWA, March 10.—Edward Smith received word from Wichita, Kansas, yesterday that Paddy Shea's backers had dropped the idea of putting up a purse of \$1000 for him and Smith to battle for. John J. Quinn, Smith's backer in Pittsburgh, has arranged a four-round set-to with Jim Hall, the Australian. It will take place in Philadelphia on May 1. Quinn has issued challenges to Joe Lannon, Fitzsimmons and Carroll of Brooklyn, for a fight before the Olympic club of New Orleans, but none of the pugilists will meet the Denver champion.

Thompson in Montreal.

Billy Thompson of New York, manager for Slavin and Mitchell is at the Windsor. The two pugilists appear here on Wednesday next. Thompson leaves for New York to-day to try and arrange a go for Slavin with Corbett.

WRESTLING.

A Match Between Ring and the Champion of Nebraska.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Articles of agreement were signed at The Police Gazette yesterday for a wrestling match between P. J. Ring, champion collar and elbow wrestler of America, and John Brady of Omaha, the champion of Nebraska. The agreement stipulates that the men shall wrestle collar and elbow, catch-as-catch-can and Greco Roman style for \$500 a side. The match is to take place at Mount Vernon, New York, between March 20 and 26. A forfeit of \$250 a side was posted with Richard K. Fox, who was chosen final stockholder and has to appoint the referee. The final deposit of \$250 a side is to be posted at The Police Gazette office on March 19, at 10 a.m. John Mannix finds the stakes for Ring and James McCabe, of Harlem, is backing Brady.

The Frenchman Anxious to Wrestle.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—August Robinet, the champion wrestler of France, and Thomas King called at The Police Gazette office yesterday, and left the following:

Ernest Boeber and Wm. Muldoon claim to be the champion wrestlers of the world at Greco-Roman wrestling. August Robinet can be backed from \$100 to \$1000 to wrestle either Muldoon or Boeber or both, Greco-Roman style, Police Gazette rules. There must be no hip-podrome and the winner of the contest must be considered the champion. Ernest Boeber being the champion, and holder of the Richard K. Fox championship trophy, is preferred. Should Boeber and Muldoon refuse to wrestle Robinet will claim the championship and stand ready to wrestle any man in the world for that title. THOMAS KING.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Guests Had Drawn the Color Line and Objected.

BUFFALO, March 10.—There was a scene of unusual excitement at the Hotel Genesee yesterday all on account of the appearance of George Dixon, champion feather-weight pugilist of the world. The colored boy and his manager, Tom O'Rourke, came to the city on Sunday night. They at once went to the Genesee, registered, and had dinner. After breakfast, however, yesterday morning they were told that Dixon would not be allowed in the dining room thereafter, and the head waiter had orders not to allow the colored pugilist to eat in the public dining room as a guest had objected.

Manager O'Rourke had an excited conference with the manager of the hotel, the outcome of which was that the ban upon Dixon was removed. But Dixon and O'Rourke were very indignant over the affair.

Dixon was asked as to his plans for another fight. He replied that O'Rourke was negotiating for a match with Fred Johnston, of England. The Olympic Club, of New Orleans, offers a purse of \$5000, but Dixon said that he would not fight there, as the color line is drawn too strongly. He preferred the California Club. If Johnston objects to come to America, Dixon is ready to go to England. If the match with Johnston should fall through, Dixon will meet Van Heest at 117 pounds, the men to weigh in at the ring side.

Big Main on the Tapis.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Police Gazette correspondent at San Antonio, Texas, writes to Richard K. Fox that a main of cocks has been arranged at that place between Arkansas and Texas for \$100 each battle and \$1,000 the odd fight. Each side is to show 21 birds and fight according to Police Gazette rules. The match is to be decided on March 20, 21 and 22 at 713 West Somers-street, San Antonio. The contracting parties are J. T. Sledge of Arkansas (breeder of the famous Arkansas Travellers), and John Wilkins of San Antonio, also a breeder of considerable reputation.

They Are Still at It.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Police correspondent at Chattanooga sends the following from that city: Ed Simpson, the champion feather weight of the middle states, and George Hammond of Baltimore, Md., have signed articles of agreement to fight according to Police Gazette rules, for a purse of \$200. Hammond is to stop Simpson in 10 rounds. The battle is to be decided near this city on March 18. Hammond weighs 140 pounds and has gone to Bay St. Louis to train. Simpson weighs 115 and will train near this city. Frank McHugh, of Cincinnati, has been engaged to train him.

SNOWSHOEING.

The Steeplechase May Have to be Put Off the Season.

The weather on Wednesday was too mild and unfavorable for snowshoeing, consequently the amalgamated steeplechase over the mountain had to be postponed till Saturday, as already stated in these columns, but the prospects are darker than ever and the probabilities are that snowshoeing is finished for the season. The scheme for the amalgamated race was started a little too late in the season and next year the Montreals will no doubt have

the event run off before there is a chance of a thaw breaking up the roads and course. The project is a splendid one and this competition will certainly be made an annual fixture. There is little chance of a change in the weather, which would permit the race taking place to-morrow.

HOCKEY.

One More Ridiculous Excuse Offered by the Ottawa.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

OTTAWA, March 10.—A movement is on foot here to tender the Ottawa hockey team a complimentary dinner in recognition of the splendid record they made this year. Discussion of the match with the Montreals has not abated any. Another excuse offered as a result of

SILLY MRS. HETHERINGTON

ATTENDS A DINNER WHILE HER HUSBAND IS IN JAIL.

Her Vain and Shallow Conduct—Even Americans in Yokohama Says She Flirted Recklessly.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Dr. Northfleet, surgeon of the *McMurray*, who knew the Hetheringtons well, explains the singular conduct of the Lieutenant's wife by the assertion that the woman was vain, fond of admiration, and had no common sense. He said:

"On the voyage from San Francisco to China she carried much gossip by her flirtations, and when she reached Yokohama she at once set tongues wagging by her indiscreet conduct. She was easily the prettiest woman in the foreign colony at Yokohama, but those who knew her best said she had no heart and flirted merely for amusement, and the sequel proved that they were correct.

"From the first day of her stay in the Grand Hotel she seemed to lay herself out to fascinate Yokohama. She would glance about the different tables at dinner time, smiling at the men and smiling with a self-consciousness that amused most of the men whom she made her target. At dinner and balls she would flirt desperately, and her light shrill laughter could be heard in the piazza and conservatories at almost all hours. While her husband was aboard the *McMurray* she took lunch and dinner with Gower Robinson and went riding with him in his drag.

"Hetherington finally had his eyes opened on New Year's eve at a ball, when he discovered his wife and Robinson in a lover-like attitude in a secluded corner. Robinson left town, but he was injudicious enough to write to Mrs. Hetherington some very tender letters, and these she carelessly let fall into her husband's possession. The latter related his double discovery to his Captain and brother officers on the *McMurray* and they persuaded him that his honor had been violated, and that the slight put upon him by Robinson could only be wiped out by blood.

"The woman's silliness was plainly exemplified by her conduct after the tragedy. She not only expressed no concern for the occurrence, but actually desired to attend a dinner party given on Saturday evening, the day after the shooting and the day on which Robinson died. On the evening of this day Mrs. Hetherington went to the wife of Admiral Belknap and said:

"Mrs. Belknap, what shall I do about this dinner? You know the Judge (she always called her husband by this title) and I have been invited to the Russian Consulate, and, of course, he can't go because he's in prison, but I don't see how I can get out of going myself. Don't you think I'd better go?"

"Most certainly not," exclaimed Mrs. Belknap, horrified at such a proposal. "It would be perfectly indecent."

"I don't see why," replied Mrs. Hetherington, tossing her head.

"Then I will explain to you," said Mrs. Belknap. "Can't you understand that while you and your husband are resting under the cloud of this terrible tragedy it is better that you should keep yourself in the utmost privacy?"

"Why should I? He killed Robinson, I didn't."

"At which Mrs. Belknap says she could not stand such nonsense any longer, but then there made the foolish woman sit down and write a note of regret. Mrs. Belknap departed for the dinner, thinking everything was all right. Imagine, her horror when half through dinner, to see the sickle, golden-haired beauty, Mrs. Hetherington come tripping in, clad in white tulle and diamonds, smiling and greeting every one with a pretty speech."

She even remarked to one guest: "You know the Judge has shot George?"

"The guests were shocked, and it was as if a wet blanket had fallen over the banquet board. The lady remained there till late and departed as happy as if nothing had happened to mar her self-satisfied tranquillity.

"Mrs. Northfleet says Robinson's friends declare he returned to Yokohama with Hetherington's permission, given him by telegram. Robinson from Kobe wrote many letters to Hetherington, and received a reply by wire consenting to his return. Mr. Fors, who was a bosom friend of Robinson, was in Kobe searching for this despatch when the inquest adjourned in order to get his testimony.

"The feeling in Yokohama is bitter against the woman, for even the Americans say she was so reckless in flirtation that no man should have been killed for her sake. The only criticism on Hetherington is that she should have shot Robinson down like a dog."

A Philosopher's Opinion.

Voltaire said to a beautiful young lady with whom he was dining, "Your rivals are the perfection of art; you are the perfection of nature." This could not have been said if the young lady was suffering from disease, and pain had left its signs on the features. Women who want to keep beautiful, and be the "perfection of nature," should use "Favorite Prescription" to assist nature when needed, to correct irregularities, aid circulation and digestion, and thereby clear up the skin, rendering it soft and beautiful. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine for woman's peculiar ills, sold through druggists, and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or money refunded.

Epps's Cocoa—Grateful and Comforting.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."

—Civil Service Gazette, Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by grocers labelled: "James Epps & Co. Homoeopathic Chemists, London Eng."

POST-OFFICE TIME TABLE

MARCH 1892.

6 45	3 00	Antonyvale	Q	7 30	12 30
7 00	4 25	Albany	N	Y	8 30
7 10	5 35	Alexandria	Q	12 30	9 15
7 20	6 45	Arnprior	Q	9 00	4 45
7 30	7 50	Arthursburgville	Q	7 30	12 30
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The Montreal Herald.

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 Ordinary advertisements, 10 cents per line. Advertisement appearing under the heading "special notice" 25 per cent. advance above rates.
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FRIDAY MORNING MARCH 11

THE COMING HERALD.

The numerous friends of The Herald will be gratified to learn that arrangements, now in progress, will doubtless be soon completed for the establishment and publication of the paper on old Liberal lines, by a company of gentlemen well able to give effect to their determination that The Herald shall in the very near future occupy a leading place in the city and country as a newspaper and political journal.

THE PARTIES CONTRASTED.

The result of the recent Quebec elections, as compared with the by-elections in Ontario, demonstrate very clearly the old contention that the Liberal party is on a higher plane of political morality than the Conservative. We do not mean to say that personally there are not as honest and patriotic men in the Conservative ranks, but that Liberal principles and Liberal methods recognize that the commandment, "Thou shalt not steal," applies with equal force to public as to private transactions, and what is said of thieving applies equally to lying. That individuals, even in eminent positions appear to have forgotten the eternal principles of honor and honesty does not for a moment argue that they are neglected by the vast majority of the party, any more than the wickedness we read of in connection with King David might be said to have shown that the Jewish people had repudiated the decalogue. The late elections are a case in point. Even the most enthusiastic Conservative will not for one moment contend that the sweeping majority by which his party carried the province was the result of a wholesale abandonment of Liberal principles and conversion to the tenets of Toryism. In nearly every constituency where the charge took place it is ascribed to the fact that Liberals, openly as Liberals and not pretending to have any faith in conservative methods or the slightest confidence in the political honesty of the present conservative leaders, have voted the conservative ticket, with the avowed object of marking their disapprobation of the conduct of Liberal leaders which in their eyes had disgraced the party. This is conceded by all observers of recent events and admitted as freely by this conservative and independent press as it is by the Liberal organs. If we want to see the very opposite of the feeling of political honor that induced firm believers in liberalism to break away, at least temporarily, from their party and give their support to men whom they hold in supreme distrust rather than appear to condone wrong doing, we have only to turn our eyes to the Ontario constituencies that have been afforded an opportunity to express their opinions in the bye-elections. The corruption and evil-doing of the Conservative party had been exposed as fully as could be expected before a tribunal composed largely of political friends determined to block all inquiry that appeared to have a tendency to incriminate the ministers themselves. In spite of all efforts some of the smaller fry of boodles had been caught in the net and for very shame's sake some small punishment had been meted out. It was felt on all sides that only a very small lift of the covering so carefully spread over the festering heap of political corruption had been made, but enough had been seen to make the name of Canada a byword and reproach among foreign nations, and even Tammany felt justified in pointing the finger at us. What was the behaviour of the Ontario Conservative party? Did they show any sign of desire for a purification of Government or attempt to lend a hand to the party which had attempted this stupendous task? They were wallowing in the same filth as their leaders and possibly had sufficient private honesty in their composition to recognize their own iniquity and prevent them "from casting the first stone." Whatever the reason the result was evident in the returns. Led away by the same methods that have been the favorite weapons of the Conservative party for many a year the majorities, in nearly every case, were increased, and the Ottawa Cabinet must have felt that in the eyes of the public all their plundering was looked upon as a perfectly legitimate outcome of the position. There is a very wide contrast between the acts of the two peoples. In Quebec the people determined on punishing the guilty even at the expense of handing over their country to the guidance of a body whose leaders were distrusted and discredited. They preferred country to party; but the

Ontario men sacrificed their country to their devotion to party. Perhaps our compatriots of Quebec may have been a little too hasty in so far placing themselves in the power of the Conservatives, but they are an impulsive race and their love of honesty was greater than their prudence. It might perhaps have been wiser to have determined to keep the power in their own hands and punish their wrong doers themselves, but the decision is now made and there is no disputing the meaning of it. In the days of adversity, while cherishing the straightforward honesty that impelled them to show their abhorrence of corruption, they will probably learn that it is not wise to trust too far to their enemies.

THE STATE OF IOWA is another illustration of the impossibility of ruling a population of free men on the prohibition system. The repeated reverses sustained by prohibitionists both in Canada and the United States should begin to teach temperance politicians that they would effect more real reform by greater moderation. Nothing will ever be effected by taking advantage of some political combination to force down the throats of the people laws which they are not yet prepared to recognize or obey.

A CORRESPONDENT WRITES to ask us if the street cars are still running on the St. Lawrence route. He says that on three occasions he has waited for a few minutes near St. John Baptist market and then walked leisurely down the hill towards Craig, and in all that long distance has never been overtaken by a car. Well the cars are still crawling along that route and the fault for not seeing them lies with our correspondent. It is the leisurely walk that does the mischief. Probably he means by this pace about two and a half miles per hour. Now if he would quicken his pace to three miles he would speedily overtake the car in front of him and if he slackened off to two, he would give the one behind him a chance. Try this receipt friend.

AN ACT TO PREVENT BONUSING.

The bill proposed in the Ontario Legislature to take away from municipalities the power to grant bonuses is a very important contribution to the efforts now being made in favor of political purity. There can be no doubt of the dishonesty of all exemptions from taxation. It is bad enough that governing powers should be able to saddle posterity with debts that may impede their future prosperity, but while piling up liabilities with one hand it is doubly atrocious to take away from them the power of raising funds for repayment by granting bonuses or exemptions from contributions to the municipal funds. It is quite within the knowledge of many of our citizens how such measures have been passed in our own neighborhood by illegal and corrupt influences. Unfortunately citizens are to be found who, through ignorance or venality, may be willing to let their own children for the sake of some trifling present benefit, and this is the feeling that has brought about the framing of the measure by its promoters in the Ontario Legislature. It is possible that the majority of that body may not be advanced enough to favor its adoption, but the very introduction of such legislation is a step in advance, and a protest against the general corruption that will legalize any act of spoliation—for a consideration. It may be that parties who in different municipalities introduce or favor these acts of theft upon the body politic, are not always themselves dishonest. Many a one is influenced to vote for such deeds of spoliation by reasons that to his imperfect knowledge of the principles of political economy seem perfectly straightforward and legitimate. The very fact, however, that well meaning but imperfectly educated men may be thus made the dupes of sharper or more designing colleagues shows the necessity of protecting them from the consequences of their own acts. We commend the effort now being made in the Ontario Legislature and trust that the example may prove contagious and spread to the Provincial Legislature of Quebec.

CHIEF JUSTICE ARMOUR evidently does not care to be humbugged. If he is ordered to take some nauseous medicine he prefers to take it straight instead of disguising it in some more palatable medium. This is the position he takes with regard to free trade and direct taxation. He would like the people at large to know exactly what they have to pay their rulers for looking after them. Indirect taxation he looks upon as a sort of sugar coating the pill as by its means their pockets are picked while they fondly delude themselves with the thought that they are being governed as a very economical manner.

IN THE INTEREST OF the whole country we are glad of the opportunity to call the special attention of our readers to a letter signed "An Old Importer." It appears to us that, to recover from the manifest extreme depression of business, some marked change in Federal Government policy is called for. The Cabinet, even in the opinion of many Conservatives, requires new blood, and the recommendation of our contributor strikes us as a wise one. While our legal rulers are posted in laws may we not have a Minister well versed in foreign trade through whom the Privy Council and Cabinet could be approached with the views of all classes of the community on matters of paramount commercial interest? maritime and international? There is food for thought in the idea.

High class jewellery, the largest and choicest stock in the city, at J. B. Williams's, 1741 Notre Dame-street.

PERSONAL AND PERTINENT.

Mrs. M. D. Young, a daughter-in-law of the Mormon Prophet, Brigham Young, is now visiting the Eastern States. She is an editorial writer on a Salt Lake City paper and a strong and caustic opponent of Mormonism.

Lord Randolph Churchill was born Feb. 13, 1849, and just escaped being a family valentine. Though only 43 he has made considerable noise in the world, and the prospects are that as he has now exhausted Africa he will settle down and cut his wisdom teeth.

Amelia Rives Chanler is reported to be painting a portrait of herself. Many other ladies are painting themselves, but not in Amelia's style.

Major and Mrs. Tuttle have lived in the same house at Stratham, N. H., for 70 years. They are each 93 years old, and came to the homestead on their marriage.

General George M. Jones, of Dubuque, Iowa, who, at 90 years of age, has applied for and been admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of that State, is an example to other young lawyers, and should induce them to come to the front where the practice is best and the fee are the fattest. Besides this, the Supreme Court never fails to tame down and teach dignity to giddy young fellows like General Jones.

It cost young Suchetti, who recently married into the exclusive and blue-blooded old Italian house of Barberini, the neat little sum of \$50,000 to be made into a duke, prince, marquis and count. With lots of customers of this sort the Italian Government might be able to let up in its taxes upon its plebeian subjects.

The Grand Duke Paul, of Russia, is such a tall fellow that he has to carry his own bed around with him when he travels. He has found it very inconvenient to sleep with a few feet of his feet hanging over the foot-board of an ordinary bedstead.

It is as well to understand that there are two Rockefeller's, John D. and William, and that it is John D. who has won such a grand name for generosity. Of course, William will be heard from when his brother John D. has got through.

Can it be expected that the Emperor William will take the trouble to come to the Chicago show when there is danger of his being familiarly addressed as "Berlin Billy?"

Rev. Joseph Cook startles his hearers by expressing the belief that not enough "topless heaven and bottomless hell" is preached in the churches nowadays. Boston people have been heard to say that what they suffer from is too much "topless Joseph and bottomless Cook," and they ought to know.

Shakespeare has no more steady reader and apt quoter than Prince Bismarck, but the old man does not allow his admiration for the "divine William" to interfere with the duty to keep his weather eye open for that other William.

It is understood that Mr. Cleveland will spend the summer at Watch Hill, R. I., a delightful rock-bound coast resort, where there are more quiet pleasures, beautiful sea views and cosy enjoyments, than can be found anywhere else on the Sound. It was at Watch Hill that Secretary Manning found the most restful benefit during his first serious illness.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia, and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

Will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. Carter's Little Liver Pills. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. See advertisement. Small pill. Small dose. Small price.

At any cigar store ask for Hero cigars only 5c. They are first class. J. Rat-tray & Co., Montreal.

Situation Wanted.

WANTED—By an experienced young man a position as cashier or book-keeper in a wholesale or manufacturing business. Willing to take full financial control. Apply "Cashier," Herald Office.

Business Chance.

WANTED—A good, smart, reliable party with capital of say from \$8000 to \$30000 who would be willing to invest the same in a well-established Air, Lager and Pilsener agency business in Montreal. Full particulars furnished on application. Address: Box Herald Office.

Geo. G. Robinson and Co

JEWELERS.

WATCHMAKERS, Etc.,
216 ST. JAMES STREET.

Diamond, Pearl, and Gold Jewelry.

Solid Silver.

Fancy Pieces in Cases,
Mounted China, and
Electro Plated WareWatch and Clock Repairs a
Specialty.

Watches regulated without charge.

A WORD ABOUT
Boys' - Clothing

The cold winter has almost removed its icy mantle. The boys' overcoats have been laid aside to do duty another season, and



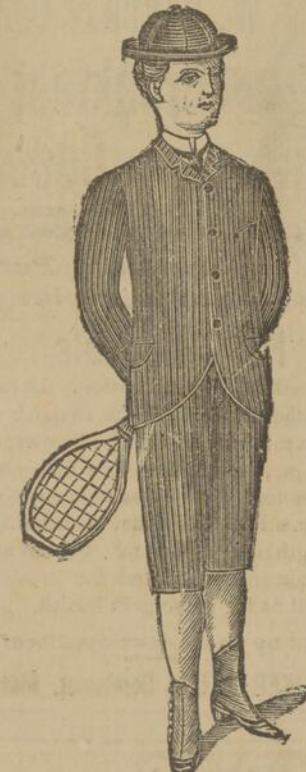
A NEW SUIT

is required. We have Boys' Suits in almost endless variety and solicit inspection. Already we have placed a large number, and although dry goods stores' competition is keen, we have the Boys' Clothing prices, etc., from indications will exceed the efforts of previous years. One word before purchasing your



Boys' Clothing

come and see what we are doing. We will take pleasure in showing you through our stock, will quote close figures and give good value for your money.



PANTALOONS.

Just a moment turn your attention to this notice. The streets will soon be dry and a new pair of pants will become a necessity.

If we cannot pant you for less money than any other first-class house in Canada, then we will pant after making an effort to please both eyes and pocket. 5000 pairs to select from at the reliable

C. C. CLASS

Clothing House,

1850 Notre - Dame - Street

CORNER M'GILL.

Henry and N. E. Hamilton's
—ADVERTISEMENT—

NEW -- SPRING -- IMPORTATIONS

MANTLES:

Now showing all the latest
 Novelties in CAPES, JACKETS and
 DOLMANS.

CURTAINS:

Now showing a large and well-selected stock of LACE CURTAINS IN IRISH, POINT, NOTTINGHAM NET, CHENILLE, PORTIERES, CRETONNES, ART, MUSLINS, TWO-TONED DAMASKS, Curtain Poles with every requisite in fittings for same just imported.

DRESS GOODS:

Now showing Magnificent
 Dress Patterns; also by the yard just imported.

MILLINERY:

We have been fortunate in securing a good Milliner who will be assisted by an efficient staff of workers. Our show of Parisian Hats and Bonnets will take place in a few days, due notice of which will be given.

BOYS AND YOUTHS' SUITS:

Will be ready in a few days.
 A large and well-assorted stock
 of TWEED SUITS, reliable makes
 and quality, at moderate prices.

BOOTS AND SHOES:

Ready on the 15th March.
 An entire NEW STOCK of all the
 LATEST STYLES obtainable; the
 BEST CLASS of goods that has ever
 been seen in this city, at strictly
 moderate prices.

Mail Orders receive PROMPT
 and CAREFUL Attention.

Henry and N. E. Hamilton,

Victoria Square,

MONTREAL.

TYPE WRITING MACHINE

Anyone having a Type Writing Machine in good order can hear of a purchaser by addressing "A. M. G." Herald Office.

SOMETHING NEW!

THE
FLAT OPENING
BLANK
BOOK

(Kinnard patent.)
 The Strongest Blank Book in the World,
 Lies open on the desk as flat as a sheet of
 paper. Call in and examine it
 It is just what you want

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.

Stationers, Blank Book Makers
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Islay Whiskey

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 New York, Palmer's Theatre Success, the Great Sensational Drama.
 —MASTER and MAN—
 Produced with America's Favorite Artist MR. DOMINIC MURRAY
 And a powerful playing cast; marvelous and elaborate scenic effects, introducing the wonderful picture scene; the illuminated Chapel, the realistic Farm Scene. New music, new songs, new dances. Bright and pleasing Specialties.
 Prices of admission—10, 20 and 30c; reserved seats 10c extra. Plan at the theatre from 9 a.m. till 1 p.m.
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Friday Evening of March 11th

At 8 o'clock.

PRIZES—A MEDAL FOR EACH EVENT

No 1 Snowshoe race..... 6 times around
 No 2 Boys' race (under 14) 6 " "
 No 3 Flat race..... 12 " "
 No 4 Obstacle race..... 3 " "
 No 5 One-mile race..... 2 " "
 No 6 Barrel race..... 2 " "
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 No 8 Backward race..... 4 " "

No 2 and 6, Club races; all the rest open to amateurs in good standing. Entries to be made at the rink. Fee, 25 cents each. There must not be less than three entries for each race.
 The Band of Victoria Rifles will be in attendance.

Admission 25c. Gall-rice Free.
 Subscribers must present tickets at the door
 W. ALEX. CALDWELL,
 Secretary-Treasurer.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Montreal Warehousing Company will be held at the office of the President, L. J. Seargeant, Esq., (G. T. R. Office), on Monday, the 14th day of March, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of transacting the business of the Annual General Meeting.

[By order] GEO. H. HANNA,
 Manager and Secretary,
 Montreal, March 2, 1892.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal; Superior Court, Montreal. No 10—In the matter of the City of Montreal, petitioner in expropriation for the widening of Inspector street, and Alexis Bruzard, of Montreal, advocate indennitaire.

Public notice is hereby given, that the petitioner hath deposited in the office of the prothonotary of the said court the amount of the indemnity awarded by the commissioners for the property hereinafter described, acquired by said petitioner, by forced expropriation namely: 1 The southeast portion of lot cadastral No 836, of St Antoine ward, in the City of Montreal; 2 The southwest portion of lot cadastral No 837, of the said ward; 3 The southwest portion of lot cadastral No 838, of the said ward; 4 The lot cadastral No 835a, of the said ward; 5 The southeast portion of lot cadastral No 840 of the said ward. And upon the petition of the said indennitaire it is ordered that a notice to be inserted twice a week, during two consecutive weeks, in two daily newspapers published in Montreal, one in the English and the other in the French language, and once in The Quebec Official Gazette, the creditors be notified and required to signify their opposition and file the same in the office of the prothonotary of the said Superior Court, at Montreal, within 15 days from the date of the insertion of said notice in the said Official Gazette, on default whereof, proceedings will be had, without respect to any rights they may have.
 (By order), J. DESROSIERS,
 Deputy Prothonotary,
 Attorneys for the Indennitaires,
 Prothonotary's Office,
 Montreal, March 10, 1892.

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Office 31 Brad Street N.Y.

HER SPIRIT RETURNS.

EMMA FITZGERALD HAUNTS THE SCENE OF HER DEATH.

Spiritualists Try to Fathom the Mysterious Appearances at the Chester House Where the Woman Was Butchered.

Philadelphia Times.

One of the strangest manifestations known to occult science occurred in Chester last evening in the house in which Emma Fitzgerald lived with her sister and brother-in-law, and where she died by violence, either self-inflicted or at the hands of others. The mystery attending her tragic death was most effectively cleared up last night, so far as occult science can do it.

The Rumford family, who do not believe in ghosts or any kind of spiritual manifestations, and who about one year ago rented the house in which Emma Fitzgerald met her fate, declare that for several months past at different times various members of the family have had their attention called most unwillingly to strange manifestations and occurrences which, though not frightening them, have caused a great deal of perplexity as to their origin or purpose.

A Peeping Spectre.

First Joe Rumford, the 15-year old son of Deawere Rumford, says he saw most distinctly the forehead, eyes and a part of the nose of the departed Emma as if peeping over a chicken coop in the yard just before dusk in the evening. This strange occurrence was commented on and laughed at by the family, which consists of three generations, all living under the one roof. A short time after, as Mrs. Delaware Rumford was passing through the room in which the girl was murdered, she was seized by the arm, but could see none, and a voice, apparently in dire distress, asked her where her white dress was. Soon after this the spirit of the late Emma Fitzgerald appeared at irregular intervals to every member of the family except the baby. No particular attention was paid to these strange and peculiar manifestations of an apparently disembodied spirit until about two weeks ago, when Miss Mattie Rumford, the 19-year-old niece of Mrs. Rumford, on going to the room occupied by the murdered girl, was startled to see a young woman dressed in ball costume, with a wealth of blonde hair flowing over her shoulders, rummaging in her bureau drawers.

A Ghost Goes Up in Smoke.

She was about to speak to the strange intruder, when the blonde turned and seeing Miss Mattie gave a heart-piercing shriek and suddenly seemed to become enveloped in a peculiar cloud of white smoke. Miss Mattie was so overcome that she fainted and fell down the stairs, and when picked up by her sister, was bleeding profusely at her mouth and nose. After this strange occurrence the family assembled and discussed the strange manifestations from every possible standpoint, but no definite mode of future procedure was decided upon.

Soon after the story was made public Mr. and Mrs. J. Jeanes, who keep a photograph gallery and stationery store next door, at 702 Edgemont-avenue, and who are well known Spiritualists, suggested that a competent clairvoyant be brought to the house and that a seance be held in the room in which the girl was murdered.

A Seance Arranged.

After considerable persuasion on the part of the Jeanes family it was finally agreed to adopt that course and Mrs. Phillips, wife of Dr. H. S. Phillips, who together have a suite of rooms on the first floor of the Hotel Plunkett at 510 North Eighth-street, and who claim to practice the healing art under the title of magnetic physicians, were engaged to come down and give a seance with the intention if possible of finding out why the spirit of Emma Fitzgerald continued to reappear in her old home to trouble the present occupants of the dwelling. Last evening was selected as the time to try the gruesome experiment, and what happened at the seance if not calculated to fully convince the most skeptical, was full and varied enough in its features to satisfy the most exacting. Mrs. Phillips has a considerable reputation as a platform speaker, besides being considered by the fraternity of Spiritualists as a clairvoyant medium of full power and ability. On the advice of their next-door neighbor, Mr. Jeanes, a small cabinet had been made and put up in the second-story front room, which, however, Mrs. Phillips declined to use, saying she was opposed to all kinds of quackery.

Music for the Spirits.

Shortly after 8 o'clock 15 persons, including the baby, assembled in the room facing the cabinet. Among the party were three patriarchal-looking old men, who have each passed the three score and ten mark. At the suggestion of the clairvoyant Delaware Rumford produced a violin and his son seated himself at the organ. Several well-known melodies were played. All enjoyed the music, but there were no manifestations until the alluring strains of a waltz floated over the room, when suddenly M. S. Phillips fell into what she terms a trance and exclaimed: "That's it, that's it; it is the last waltz I ever danced!" Her husband, Dr. H. S. Phillips, kindly explained that Mrs. Phillips was now practically no longer herself spiritually and that her body was now actuated and dominated entirely by a spirit of some one not possessed of a living physical body.

The Tragedy Re-enacted.

"Oh, where is my white dress?" cried Mrs. Phillips, as she got up and walked across the room. As she tried to open the door the knob came off, when she exclaimed: "Not been fixed yet; it was always this way." Proceeding she entered the bed room formerly occupied by the Fitzgerald girl and began rummaging around, all the time asking if any one knew where her white dress was. "Oh, I want my dress; I must have my white dress," and she began to cry in a most realistic manner. Soon she wended her way to the identical room where the tragedy occurred, and a series of performances there occurred that beggars description. The whole scene of the frightful tragedy was rehearsed as if by the living Emma, and if put on or assumed, was certainly artistically done and calculated to fully deceive anyone not entirely bereft of sense or feeling.

After a time she became more calm and finally returned to the second story front room. After a long period of silence

she suddenly exclaimed: "He put it there; he hid it?" "What?" was asked by Mr. Jeanes. "Why, the dress." "Whose dress?" "Her dress, her ball dress, the one she wore at the ball that evening." "Where did he hide it?" "Down by the river, between the board walk and the water, in soft mud, and it is there now."

Her Spirit Troubled.

Prompted by Dr. Phillips, Mrs. Rumford asked why she came back to trouble the living? Her answer was, "I did not do it, I was not a bad girl. I did not murder myself and I am troubled because a cruel world has cast a most unjust blight on my character. I did not kill myself." When asked by a gentleman present if she had ever appeared to her sister, she replied, "I saw her last week and I will see her again soon, but I no longer care to look at her. She suffers worse than I suffer and her tortures are those of the damned. She drinks heavily, but it brings her no relief, and when I try to speak to her she shrieks and covers her face with her hands and runs away. I have forgiven my sister, but I no longer love her. No, not since the night of the ball, when she told me that she would dance with Harry of her than I, and she took Harry away from me."

Denouncing Her Murderer.

"Did Harry cut your throat?" was asked. "No, Harry did not do it." "Did you do it?" "No, I should not have come back to earth except to tell the world that it has done me an unjust and cruel injury to ever think so."

After a lapse of considerable time during which silence reigned, the medium, in the voice of the departed Emma, suddenly pointed her finger to the aperture of the cabinet and said: "She did it! She did it! It was she who did it! Poor Harry was asleep on the lounge at the time, and she did it." All strained their eyes toward the cabinet, but to the eyes of ordinary mortals only the dark aperture was visible. After this terrible speech, in which an unseen spirit was denounced as her murderer, the supposed spirit of Emma Fitzgerald left the corporal body of Mrs. Phillips, and with a convulsive shudder, she regained consciousness and the seance was at an end.

A New Canadian Publication.

To all old friends to those who dwell Secure in yonder clime.

These are the opening lines which greet the reader in the most recent addition to Canadian literature, Illustrated Quebec, a dainty little volume owing its origin to the enterprise of Mr. John McConiff. This is the fourth of a series of books giving the concise history of the principal cities of Canada, and is issued as a companion volume to Montreal, Toronto and Halifax. Illustrated Quebec is embellished by some 84 plates, made from the process known as photogravure, from actual photographs of the places described, and paintings by the well-known artist of the century, Hy Sandham, R. C. A. The descriptive matter of Illustrated Quebec is from the pens of well known writers, and is written in a clear and interesting manner. There is a magnificent description of the quaint old city when arranged in its winter garb in the opening chapter, which is particularly welcome, since the aspect of Quebec in winter, though very picturesque has been seldom noticed. The engravings are of an unusually high order, the book is printed on heavy finished paper, and neatly bound. Altogether Illustrated Quebec is a unique publication, and well worthy of an prominent place in the series of gem souvenirs.

The Passenger Rate War.

CHICAGO, March 10.—It is impossible to see the end of the passenger rate trouble between here and Buffalo. The development to-day was a communication from Vice-Chairman Donald of the Central Traffic Association authorizing all the interested lines to meet the action of the Chicago and Erie in making a second-class of \$9.50 between the two points. Neither the Michigan Central nor the Lake Shore have thus far availed itself of this privilege and will wait a reasonable time before doing so, to give the Board of Railroads an opportunity to bring about an adjustment of the difficulties. The Grand Trunk and Wabash have dropped to the \$9.50 basis, and if the other roads reduce at all it will probably be to the same basis. The Erie reiterates its assertion that it will meet all cuts, and the Nickel Plate insists on protecting the different rate it has received, there is a prospect of a lively war with an almost certain break in first class rates.

Russian Troops Moving.

BERLIN, March 10.—The Thornea Zeitung, published at Thora, West Prussia, says an extensive movement is in progress among the Russian troops on the frontier. Every place of importance is filling with soldiers, chiefly Cossacks. The garrison at Lipno, a Cossack, Meszawa and Wloclawek have received great accessions to their strength.

The Silver Question.

LONDON, March 10.—Hon. Charles Foster, United States Secretary of the Treasury, sailed over the steamer Spree to-day for New York. Before he left Southampton, Mr. Foster said, in regard to the silver question, that whatever there was in the nature of a conference on that subject it will be conducted by Mr. Lincoln, the United States minister.

Pronounced as Dishonorable.

CHICAGO, March 10.—The Board of Directors of the Board of Trade to-day issued an order forbidding dealings either directly or indirectly in puts and calls, declaring such business dishonorable and subject to the penalty prescribed by the board for dishonorable conduct.

The President of Guatemala.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—A Guatemala despatch says the election of Barrios as President of Guatemala is officially published, Congress having decided in his favor against Lafreia, whose friends swear vengeance.

Lord Rosebery as Chairman.

LONDON, March 10.—The progressive Liberals of the new London County Council have decided to elect Lord Rosebery as chairman.

Everyone who smokes a Hero cigar only costing 5c, pronounces it good enough said. Try one. Cigar stores keep them. J. Rattray & Co., Montreal.

MR. MORGAN'S BILL.

He Asks Senate to Put in Force an Old Regulation.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Senator Morgan says he will use the same arguments in behalf of the bill he introduced in the Senate to-day, on the subject of the free entry at the United States ports of goods for shipment to Canada, etc., that President Cleveland used in a message he sent to Congress in the first session of the 50th Congress. This message recommended certain retaliatory legislation touching intercourse with Canada, and was called for by the result of the rejection by the Senate of a treaty negotiated for a settlement of the differences existing between the United States and Great Britain concerning the rights and privileges of American fishermen in the coasts and waters of British North America. It is as follows:

A bill to enforce the provision of section 2346 of article 24 of the Treaty of Washington of May 8, 1871, with the Government of Great Britain. The bill provides that all parts of laws are hereby declared to be in operation which exempt from the payment of duties any articles of commerce, which are not on the free list when the same are entered in the customs houses of the United States for transit or transportation through the United States from Canada or any British province on the continent of North America or from the same to any foreign port, provided that this declaration does not apply to article 20 of the treaty with Great Britain concluded May 8, 1871, or to that part of any act of Congress which gives legal operation and effect to said article. Mr. Morgan asked that this bill be referred to the committee on foreign relations and it was so ordered.

CENTRE, WEST, ST. ANN'S, ST. LAWRENCE, ST. LOUIS and ST. JEAN BAPTISTE WARDS.

In the Matter of the Annual Expropriation.

In the Centre, West, St. Ann's, St. Lawrence, St. Louis and St. Jean Baptiste Wards in this City.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 15th day of March instant, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon as counsel can be heard, the undersigned commissioners shall apply on behalf of the City of Montreal to the Superior Court for the District of Montreal, sitting in chamber at the Court House in said city, in order to obtain an extension of delay to permit them to complete their proceedings in the present instance.

N. H. BOURGOTTIN, WM. WESTMANN, ST. ONGE, Commissioners. City Hall, Montreal, 9th March, 1892. (To be inserted in The Herald and Gazette on the 10th and 11th March instant.)

ST. JAMES, ST. MARY, and HOCHELAGA WARDS.

In the Matter of the Annual Expropriation.

In the St. James, St. Mary and Hochelaga Wards in this City.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 15th day of March instant, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon as counsel can be heard, the undersigned commissioners shall apply on behalf of the City of Montreal to the Superior Court for the District of Montreal, sitting in chamber at the Court House in said city, in order to obtain an extension of delay to permit them to complete their proceedings in the present instance.

D. MCORMICK, M. MARTIN, L. OUMET, Commissioners. City Hall, Montreal, 9th March, 1892. (To be published in The Herald and Gazette on the 10th and 11th March instant.)

ST. ANTOINE WARD.

In the Matter of the Annual Expropriation.

In the St. Antoine Ward in this City.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 15th day of March instant, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon as counsel can be heard, the undersigned commissioners shall apply on behalf of the City of Montreal to the Superior Court for the District of Montreal, sitting in chamber at the Court House in said city, in order to obtain an extension of delay to permit them to complete their proceedings in the present instance.

J. J. BEAUCHAMP, H. KENNEDY, O. J. DEVLIN, Commissioners. City Hall, Montreal, 9th March, 1892. (To be inserted in The Herald and Gazette on the 10th and 11th March instant.)

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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kitchener, Conway, Ar.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

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VERY VICIOUS UPPERCUTS.

HARD TELLING BLOWS AT INFLATED NEWS STORIES.

Many Rounds Indulged in Before the Day's Doings were Properly Fitted for The Herald Readers.

The Board of Out-Door Relief acknowledged \$10 from E. L. H.

The City Hall, Water, and Finance committees are called for to-day.

The annual report of the Harbor Commissioners will be ready in a few days.

Special attention given to fine watch repairing at J. B. Williamson's, 1741 Notre Dame-street.

Sergeant Cambridge has once more reported for duty. He had been ill for a long time with la grippe.

It is expected that "The Carrette" company, already referred to in these columns, will be completely organized in a week or two.

Cleaning, dyeing and repairing a specialty at M. J. Adler's, 47 Beaver Hall Hill. Parcels called for and delivered. Bell telephone 4861.

Before the Recorder yesterday Madame Lanson, of 1556 St. Catherine-street, was fined \$150 and costs with the option of three months' imprisonment.

Oxala and Mederie Lapierre, were charged before the Police Magistrate yesterday with highway robbery, by Mr. N. Laverdure. There being no evidence against either of the accused both were discharged.

An alarm was turned in from box 13 at 10:35 last night for a fire in a wardrobe in the house of Charles Raleigh, 171 College-street. It was quickly put out by a stream from No. 4 chemical with slight damage.

In the Natural History Hall last night a small audience assembled to listen to a lecture known as the Somerville course. Sir William Dawson was the speaker and the subject chosen was "Fossil Sunshine."

Jeff Blackley was the proper name of the man arrested by Detective Trempe at St. Therese, recently for the theft of tools from Foisy Bros. piano factory. The accused was a polisher, who formerly belonged to Toronto.

The Notre Dame Hospital ambulance was called to the St. Gabriel bridge at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning for Charles Couture, a carpenter of Montreal South, who while working in the vicinity had seriously cut his foot with an axe.

A man named Aldrie St. Onge, was accused in the police court yesterday of the larceny of a quantity of sand from Mr. Gagnon, but the trouble was amicably arranged between the parties interested before the case came before the Police Magistrate.

Two small boys were arrested yesterday on the charge of committing a theft from the grocery store of Mr. Labrecque, Centre-street, Point St. Charles. The youngsters were remanded to give the police opportunity to effect the arrest of some others who are suspected of being implicated in the theft.

Hon. Mr. Hall Uawell.

The Hon. J. S. Hall, provincial treasurer, was unwell yesterday and was confined to his residence. Should he sufficiently recover he will leave for Quebec on Monday next.

\$8000 Interest Already Paid.

The accounts for the Pine-avenue improvements cannot be sent out by the city as yet, owing to the commissioners not having signed the assessment report. In the meantime \$8000 in interest is being paid on the amount borrowed, which was over \$200,000.

Col. Stevenson Pleased With It.

The Wilson fire escape was again successfully tested yesterday afternoon when several people came down from the top windows of the Imperial Building. Among those who witnessed the trial was Col. Stevenson who expressed himself as very much pleased with the little machine.

Thus is the Price of Meat Raised.

His Honor the Recorder disposed of several cases yesterday of butchers accused of keeping private stalls without license, yesterday, as follows: John Pearson, 680 St. Lawrence-street, two cases, \$40 and costs for each case; Joseph Henry Roy, \$40 and costs; Canada Meat Packing Co., 85 Logan-street, \$10 and costs.

Important Business for the Council.

The city council will meet on Monday. The joint report of the Finance and Road committees favorable to the opening of Sanguinet-street between Albina and Sherbrooke-streets; the re-adjustment of the water rates and the proposed by-law for the early closing of saloons will be taken up in the evening. A special committee will probably be appointed to deal with the electric railways.

Now You Get Your Wheels Out.

The City Surveyor seems to have pleased himself, without regard to the inconvenience of the public, in the matter of not allowing wheeled vehicles on the streets. The Street Railway, however, ignoring his edict, put omnibuses on the streets yesterday, which seems to have shown him that he could no longer carry things with such a high hand and the edict was removed.

The Lake Ontario Carrying Troops.

A contract for carrying some of the British troops to their stations in the Mediterranean has been secured by the Beaver Line of steamships. The Lake Ontario has been chartered and is now on the way out with the troops. She will call at Gibraltar, Malta and Alexandria, and will finish the trip in time to take her place on the Montreal route in the spring.

Quarrymen Do Their Share.

Yesterday afternoon a procession of about 200 quarrymen was observed coming down Beaver Hall Hill; they afterwards paraded the principal streets of the city. It appears that the men had given each a load of stones towards the completion of the Saint Peter's Cathedral. After the delivery of the stones they paraded the city, as above mentioned, accompanied by a brass band.

Fell From the Crumbling Walls.

Victoria-square was the scene of a somewhat serious accident yesterday afternoon. While some of the workmen were engaged tearing down the walls of the burned building at the northeast corner of the square, one of their num-

ber, named Z. Valliquette, fell from the wall to the street and was badly hurt. The ambulance of the Montreal General Hospital was summoned. It was found on arrival at the institution that the unfortunate man had sustained a compound fracture of the thigh.

Sad Case of Insanity.

Mr. S. V. Vincent, proprietor of a sewing machine and piano sales room at 2000 St. Catherine-street, was on the recommendation of a medical commission sent to Longue Pointe Asylum yesterday. The unfortunate man who was very violent, was taken to the police headquarters Wednesday evening and there caused quite a scene. His doctor stated that the insanity was caused by grippé. It took the form of a religious mania. He wanted to kill his baby to prevent its growing up and mixing in the temptations of this life.

Who is to be the New President?

There is much conjecture among the telegraph people as to who will succeed Mr. Erasmus Wiman as president of the Great North Western Telegraph Company. All agree that the position will be filled by a Canadian and some say by Sir Joseph Hickson. It is thought that Montreal will be the headquarters of the company instead of Toronto where they now are. Nothing more can be learned from the Board of Management regarding the number of the transfer to the Grand Trunk, of the property or the general policy of the company.

On St. Patrick's Eve.

The students of St. Mary's College have in preparation an excellent dramatic and musical program for presentation on St. Patrick's eve, March 16, in the Academic Hall, Bleury-street. The first part of the program will consist of "The Conversion of Ireland," a play specially dramatized for the occasion from scenes in the life of St. Patrick, by the Rev. Lewis Drummond, S. J. This will be followed by musical selections by the college quartette. The performance will conclude with the old time laughable farce of Box and Cox.

Four Years to Learn a Trade.

Judge Dugas presided in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday morning, but there was only one case for trial. It was that of a young man named Henri Marois, who pleaded guilty to the charge of illegally appropriating a horse and vehicle, the property of Francois Paradis. The relations of the accused stated that he had a most evil disposition and that as they could get no good out of him they wished him sentenced for a long time, not only as a punishment, but in order that he would be able to learn a trade if he so wished. Under these circumstances the judge sentenced Marois to four years' imprisonment in the penitentiary of St. Vincent de Paul.

Fruit Boats for Montreal Port.

Soon after the opening of Navigation it is expected that a number of fruit boats will arrive in this port. Already there are four secured which are all due in the early part of May. These are: the steamship "Anlona" from Bordeaux and Charente, and the steamships "Fremona," "Escalona" and "Dracona" from the Mediterranean ports. The steamship "Gerona" is due from Newcastle on first open water with a general cargo. The Donatien, Ross and Thompson lines will run here next year as usual. The Thompson line are having two new steamers built which will be ready next autumn. The ship "Theodore H. Rand" Captain Morris, has sailed from Holo with a cargo of sugar for Montreal.

Judges on Carters' Licenses.

Mich Laforce, a carter, who was arrested some days since on the charge of stealing the sum of \$80 and a railroad ticket from Pierre Lanson, of Rochester, N.Y., while drunk in the accused's sleigh, was discharged from custody yesterday, as the complainant failed to appear on the day fixed for trial. In discharging Laforce, Judge Dugas again spoke strongly against granting carters' licenses to all who applied for them, no matter if they had formerly been in prison or not. He said that no doubt some of the thecity officials would take exception to his remarks, but he could not help that, for a reform must certainly be made in this matter for the safety of the citizens and those strangers who visit Montreal.

The Intervenor Wins the Case.

Mr. Justice Doherty rendered judgment yesterday in the case of Dame D. Sebastian vs. J. B. Durocher and Dame E. B. Durocher, intervenant. The cause of dispute is a note signed by defendant and endorsed by intervenant, now in the hands of plaintiff. The intervenant alleges that she is still the proprietor of the note, as, after she endorsed it, it was deposited with Isaac Durocher for safe keeping, from whom the plaintiff holds it, and she never received consideration for it. The tribunal, holding that documentary evidence was required by law in such a case, refused to adjudicate upon the verbal evidence of these allegations which was offered, but the Court of review reversed this judgment and sent the record back to Mr. Justice Doherty, who, in accordance with their decision, ordered plaintiff to hand the note back to the intervenant, Miss E. B. Durocher.

Plucky Rescue by a Fireman.

Charlie McAllister, of No. 2 salvage wagon, did a plucky deed at a slight fire on Mignonne-street yesterday afternoon, by which he saved a woman from serious injury if not death. At 2:15 o'clock the eastern section of the brigade, were called out by an alarm from box 75. The blaze was found to be in the basement of the dwelling 1167 Mignonne-street, the residence of Dr. A. Leblanc. It appears that at the time of the outbreak one of the doctor's lady patients was in the house. The doctor and his family immediately made their way to the street by the front door; not so the lady patient referred to. She, it would seem, lost her head when she found the house on fire, and instead of running to the street she fled to the upper flat of the house. The smoke became very dense, and thinking she would be suffocated she got out through one of the upper windows and was clinging to a narrow sloping ledge of the window beneath when No. 2 Salvage arrived. While the other firemen were raising a ladder McAllister who is a born "smoke eater," saw that this woman was on the verge of falling to the street. He immediately rushed into the house and a moment later was out of an adjoining window to that to which the woman clung. He caught her just as she let go the window and thus prevented her falling. He endeavored to force her through the window but she began to scream and struggle. It was no time for etiquette so the salvage man

caught the lady in his arms and forced her through the window, carrying her still struggling, in safety to the street although both were about half suffocated. The fire itself was of trifling consequence, as it was extinguished by a couple of habcock charges before serious damage was done.

Gala Day and Banquet Arranged.

At the St. Lawrence Hall yesterday, a meeting was held of the committee that was appointed on Wednesday, to consider the question of a great Conservative demonstration, to celebrate their victory in the recent elections. Amongst the gentlemen present were: Messrs. Ald. Rolland, De Lisle, R. White, J. B. Biron, and the following newly elected members, Decary, Jacques Cartier, Cooke, Drummond, Beaubien, Nicolet, P. Kennedy, Montreal No. 6, and Martineau, Montreal No. 1. Ald. Rolland was elected chairman of the meeting. Some discussion took place as to the advisability of having both a banquet and public demonstration. After arguments pro and con had been heard it was decided to have a banquet as early as possible, and on the day after to have a public demonstration. The following committees were then appointed:

Banquet—F. Benoit, Lt-Col Henshaw, Mr. McDonald, N. DeLisle, E. St. Louis, Fred Villeneuve, Richard White, chairman.

Demonstration—J. A. Caron; F. X. Boileau, John Power, L. Cousineau, V. Roy, W. Pagnuelo, E. Lavigne, M. Brossard, Geo. Bowie, Lt-Col Atkinson, J. Espin, L. Mathieu, Mr. Lachance, Col Massey, Ald. Rolland, chairman.

An Interesting Dozen.

Before His Honor the Recorder yesterday there were only 12 prisoners for trial in consequence both he and his entire staff were in the best of good humor with themselves and rest of mankind. The culprits all got the benefit of this general geniality, as light sentences were imposed in almost every instance. Notwithstanding this, however, a third of the dozen had not the whereabout in ready coin to satisfy the dignity of outraged justice, consequently these four are this morning enjoying the hospitality of the Hotel de la Ville. Edmund Mathuriau had sufficient capital on the preceding day, however, to go on a "bender" with a fair charmer named Beatrice Chambers. The pair, very much under the influence, were found loitering at a late hour on Craig-street and were gathered in by the ever alert guardians of the city's peace. Edmund was fined \$3 for the drunk and the option of two days jail. He decided to go to jail as his pockets were empty. His companion in misery, however, was let off with a reprimand, she promising to loiter by the way no more in future, and to forever forswear the seductive wiles of the rosy god. Michael Reilly went down for eight days for being drunk on St. Catherine-street, and Margaret Smith, a vagrant of 60, took three months with a grateful "God bless you your honor." Isaac Smith decided to get his hand into work by cracking government stones for the fifty-second part of a year, no doubt, to show how real sorry he was for being found drunk on Prince-street. The brief entertainment closed with the appearance of a police star named Glidie Burke, who had gone to take off a coat of mail of Notre Dame. "It is a very bad place to be drunk in," commented Francois, as his honor murmured "Glidie Burke you will go to prison for two months, and then if you cannot pay \$5 you will stay there for two months more. Then all hands went to lunch.

STAGE AND FOYER.

"Master and Man"—A Soap Bubble. Coming Attractions.

The performances of "Master and Man" at the Theatre Royal this week are so good many people prefer them to those given when the play was last seen in Montreal. The Theatre was crowded yesterday.

There are only four more opportunities of enjoying the fun in "A Soap Bubble," which is being played at the Lyceum.

The Suggestion Good.

DRAMATIC EDITOR HERALD.—I noticed Mr. Paul Pry's suggestion in last week's Herald. I think it would be a very wise move to have such a contest, and I hope soon to be able to vote for my favorite theatre.

A THEATRE GOER.

[The contest will commence to-morrow and will be explained by Mr. Paul Pry.]

Their Final Concert.

The Commercial Travellers Association enjoyed their final concert for the season at the Athletic Club House last night. A capital program was provided, and when the entertainment was over, a few hours dance, was indulged in.

Sam Devere Will Sing.

Next week will be a gala one at the Royal, as Sam Devere's own company are the attractions. This company consists of many of the best variety artists than can be procured. Among them are the Royal troupe of Japanese from the Eden Musee New York, seven in number in daring feats of juggling etc., Ryan and Ritchfield, Irish vocalists and dancers Little Chip the boy wonder, who is quite a favorite in this city, the Dashing duo the Nelson Sisters in their wing and back dancing, Rowe and Renta, funny grotesque artist artists, Harding and Ab Sid the clown and Chinaman, Moutague and West musical artists, McAvoy and Rogers, society stars, and at every performance Sam Devere, in his inimitable comic songs, witty sayings etc.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

R. O. Mackay, of Hamilton, is at the Balmoral.

Hon. Mrs. McGreary, of Quebec, is a guest at the Windsor.

J. D. Ward, of New Haven, Conn., is a guest at the Balmoral.

Hon. L. H. Davis, of Prince Edward Island, is at the Windsor.

It is expected that Hon. Mr. Chapleau will arrive home from the south on Wednesday next.

Among the late arrivals at the Balmoral are: A. C. Anjos, North Bay; John M. Woodstock, E. L. Smith, Lennoxville; F. C. De Zouche, Byrson, P. Q.; Edward Smith, Ottawa, and A. Goodly, Toronto.

The following guests registered at the Rindend Hotel yesterday: B. Helmick, Chicago; George Desroches, Joliet; Fred Barslow, Chippewa Falls; Paquette, Worcester; Theo. Daoust, Boston; H. L. Brown, Portland; B. Beauchamps, St. Hermas.

Among the late arrivals at the Windsor are: H. L. Bronson, Courtland, N. Y.; A. E. Young, Chicago; Wm. R. Kees, Toronto; A. Gravel, New York; W. H. Robinson and Geo. E. Watson, Boston; W. H. Hobson, Philadelphia; Rankin, H. A. Francis and D. E. Thompson of Toronto.

Among late arrivals at the Richelieu Hotel are: J. W. Compton, Brockville; J. N. Dugay, La Bale du Fevre; G. Macdonald, Toronto; F. Thomas, E. P. Smith, Calgary; W. R. Fraser, Quebec; A. Bouthillier, St. Albans, Vt.; R. Wagner, Reading, Pa.; John Rolston, Belleville; C. H. Hall, K. Halifax.

A Pig Top is a first-class cigar we made of good tobacco. Try it. L. O. Grothe & Co., Montreal.

IN THE RED PARLOR.

Yesterday's Meeting of the Protestant School Commissioners.

The Protestant Board of School Commissioners met yesterday morning, all the members being present. A proposal was made to allow reporters of the city press to be present at the meetings of the Board. It was resolved that the Commissioners hereby declare their readiness to admit them, so far as their personal views and feelings are concerned. They believe that thus many great misapprehensions would be removed. At the same time it should be remembered that most serious injury must result to teachers in their professional standing, from publicity being given to discussions which necessarily arise in securing the best of discipline which are continually occurring, privacy is absolutely required. The question, however, is decided by Article 221 of the Code of Public Instruction, which prohibits the meetings of School Commissioners being public, and admits to them none but those who attend in business.

Miss Charlton was appointed to the staff of the Lorne school and the superintendent was instructed to report upon the opening of a kindergarten in that district.

It was decided to advertise for a master for the commercial work of the High School.

The following committees were struck: (a), to accept tenders for printing and supply of stationery; (b), to prepare and conduct the annual written examinations; (c) on courses of study.

It was decided to recommend the A.A. examiners to publish the names of successful candidates alphabetically without ranking, and the University to accept the English pronunciation of Latin without prejudice until some uniform pronunciation for the Dominion of Canada might be adopted.

The questions of home lessons and free books were also discussed, but no conclusion arrived at. The finding of the Board on these questions will be given later.

After which the commissioners adjourned to the new High School building.

SERIOUS CHARGES.

Prisoners Found Guilty, and Another Being Tried for Attempted Murder.

The Court of Queen's Bench resumed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. His Honor Judge Baby presided, the crown being represented by Messrs M. J. F. Quinn, C. C., and J. L. Archambault, Q.C.

On the opening of the Court Thomas Watson, appeared, and pleaded guilty to the charge of common assault on a policeman. He was fined \$5, after which Maxime Rochelleau, was placed in the dock to stand his trial for gross undecency. The accused is one of the individuals who had been found in the St. Dominique-street den, the scene of shocking crimes against morality that was raided by the police some seven weeks ago. The prisoner who was an ill-favored looking Canadian pleaded not guilty, but some of his young accomplices in crime gave most damaging evidence against him. From the nature of the charge, the evidence was wholly unfit for publication. Notwithstanding this the hearing of the case occupied the whole morning session, and was only given to the jury shortly after 1 o'clock. After an absence of ten minutes the jury re-entered court with a verdict of "Guilty of gross indecency," as charged in the indictment. The prisoner being remanded for sentence the court arose for recess until 2 o'clock.

The Afternoon Session.

When the court resumed proceedings at 2 o'clock Antoine Prudhomme was placed on trial for attempted murder. Readers of The Herald will remember the particulars of this case. The accused was employed as a driver by the reverend gentlemen of the Grand Seminary, while his uncle was employed in a similar capacity at the Seminary of Notre Dame. It appears that the accused, who is a young man, wished to leave the employ of the seminary for the purpose of starting a saloon. To do this he desired to obtain monetary aid from his uncle. This had been repeatedly refused, but about 5 o'clock in the morning of January 23, the accused was at the seminary adjoining Notre Dame church. His uncle came down to open the gates when the nephew once more pressed his demand for money, with which to open the saloon. He was again refused, when, it is alleged, he drew a revolver and fired point blank at Mr. Prudhomme, senior. He then made off to his home in the morning, arrested in the house where he resides. The elder Prudhomme had not been hit by the shot, but the accused when arrested denied even the attempt. After the preliminary examination before the police magistrate, however, he was fully committed for trial on the charge of attempted murder. During the afternoon three witnesses were examined, but as it was deemed to be reasonable to reach a verdict yesterday the court adjourned at 4:20 o'clock to resume this morning at 10 o'clock, the jury being locked up for the night.

Sun Spots and the Aurora Borealis.

Professor John K. Ross, in Harper's Young People.

Observers of the sun's face have for centuries noticed at times dark spots on it. Now we know from the accumulated observations that the extent and number of these spots vary. Sometimes we can see very few, or even none at all, and sometimes we can see a great many, some of which are visible to the naked eye when protected by colored or smoked glass. Such a spotted region is now (Feb. 18) passing out of sight on the southwestern limb of the sun; but a second group of spots is finely visible on the northern hemisphere, stretching in a long line from the eastern edge of the centre of the sun. But what has the sun to do with the aurora? Simply this: It has been shown that when we have the greatest number of sun spots, then we have the most frequent and most gorgeous displays of the aurora. When there is a great storm on the sun-producing spots, then we feel at once on our little earth a disturbance of electrical conditions. The display of the aurora to reach a verdict is regarded as an accompaniment of the solar disturbances which have produced the tremendous spotted regions mentioned.

The average time from when the spotted area on the sun is greatest to the next maximum, is a little over eleven years. The last spot maximum occurred in 1883-4, a year or two behind the display of the aurora to reach a verdict is regarded as an accompaniment of the solar disturbances which have produced the tremendous spotted regions mentioned.

One may therefore fairly conclude that during this year we shall be favored with numerous and brilliant aurora.

Went Down in Forty Feet.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 10.—The steamer Geo. Stocker, sprung a leak yesterday and sank in 40 feet of water, one mile below Ashbyburg on the Green River. No lives were lost. Loss on vessel and cargo \$26,000.

BLIZZARD OUT WEST.

Terrible Suffering and Destruction of Property is the Result.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

CHICAGO, March 10.—A frightful post-winter blizzard from Lake Michigan to Montana, the worst in years and unexampled this season, raged last night. Fifty degrees fall in temperature, a whirling cyclone of snow and sleet, and reports from all sides of destruction to property and life, are the features of the extraordinary visitation. Individual cases are given of people freezing to death. All trains are delayed, says a despatch from Dubuque, the wind is blowing at a 45 mile rate, with the mercury at zero and rapidly descending. At Waterloo, Iowa, many cars along the Illinois Central Railroad are reported blown from the track. The roof of the Ketchum Wagon Works in Marshalltown, was washed away by the gale. From nearly every place heard from some details of damage, aggregating many thousands of dollars, from the wreckage of fencing, mill towers, factory smokestacks, plate glass windows, trees, chimneys, signs, and out-buildings. From oppressive warmth Tuesday night, the change in Chicago last evening was remarkable, the ice and gale making havoc with street traffic, and greatly embarrassing electric communication.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 10.—Several school children who started for school yesterday morning, and two teamsters who drove into the country are missing, and it is feared they are victims of the blizzard.

DULUTH, Minn., March 10.—At West Duluth yesterday, the smoke-stack of Mirill & King's sawmill, blew down killing F. Gullen, and injuring two others. It is feared there will be much suffering, if not loss of life before the storm is over.

CHICAGO, March 10.—A building in course of erection in Chicago, was blown down, and two workmen were fatally injured.

ST. PAUL, March 10.—After raging with terrific fury for 30 hours, the blizzard passed on to the north-east, leaving in its wake intense cold, the mercury early this morning reaching 10 below.

As the fuller details of the storm are received, it grows in magnitude and intensity, and fears are expressed that there may be greater loss of life. On account of the cold and the drift-covered country roads the full details of the loss of life will be slow in coming in, but that there have serious results of the storm is undoubtedly true.

Damage to property from the severity of the gale is reported very great at Fargo, Coakstown and other places.

All Going Into the Trust Business.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Post says—It was definitely learned to-day that binding agreements have been entered into between nearly all the anthracite carrying and producing companies for the purpose of maintaining rates and restricting production. This is the same agreement that has been already signed by the Ontario & Western, and Delaware and Hudson Companies within a few days, and all the other interests have joined in it at previous dates. It cannot be learned what arrangements have been made to form a board of control, the agreement being a confidential one, but it is thought that the power to fix rates and production will be given to such a board, which will have arbitrary control. The relations of the companies to the Pennsylvania road are not yet known.

The Trust May Be Broken Up.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, March 10.—An evening paper says: A special meeting of the stockholders of the Standard Oil Trust, has been called for March 21. The meeting is called to vote upon a resolution passed to-day by the Board of Directors to terminate the trust. Proxies are asked for by J. D. Rockefeller, H. M. Taylor and J. D. Archbold. According to the terms of the trust a vote of the stockholders is necessary to dissolve it. It is supposed that this step has been taken on account of the recent decision of the Ohio Supreme Court declaring the trust illegal.

Prominent American Dead.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 10.—John F. Winslow, one of the leading citizens of this place, died this morning at 5 o'clock. He was one of the leading iron makers of the State, and with Erastus Corning introduced the manufacture of Bessemer steel into this country; and at their works made the first steel rails in the country. Mr. Winslow's most important public work, however, was the building of the Monitor. He was president of the Poughkeepsie Bridge Company and since his residence in this city has been largely engaged in works of benevolence.

The United States not a Purchaser.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Department of State has been informed that Minister Reid has concluded a commercial reciprocity treaty with France, but is not yet advised as to the exact terms. It was stated at the Department of State to-day, that there is no truth whatever in the report that the United States has offered to purchase the Congo Free State.

Not Quite Solid For Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 10.—The Republican State Convention to-day strongly endorsed Harrison for renomination and invited the delegates to the National Convention to give him their unwavering support. There was some opposition.

Security President Arrested.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

WORCESTER, March 10.—Wm. H. Morse, president and treasurer of the Security Association of this city, bankers and brokers, was arrested this afternoon on the charge of obtaining money under false pretences. He was bailed out in \$1,500.

Keenan Brought to Book.

NEW YORK, March 10.—John Keenan, the ex-politician who fled to Canada on account of his connection with the boodle cases, is now on trial in a suit brought by George P. Uppington to recover \$43,000, which he alleges he loaned to Keenan when he was at the height of his political fame.

Went Down in Forty Feet.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 10.—The steamer Geo. Stocker, sprung a leak yesterday and sank in 40 feet of water, one mile below Ashbyburg on the Green River. No lives were lost. Loss on vessel and cargo \$26,000.

WHERE IS THE LINE?

Continued from Page Eight.

and urgency of at once deepening the St. Lawrence canal to an uniform depth with the Welland.

Flour Men at Ottawa.

The Dominion Millers' Association also had a deputation here to-day. It was composed of Messrs. A. H. Baird, president, Paris; M. F. McLaughlin, Toronto; G. B. Saunby and C. B. Hunt, London; John Brown, Chas. Watts, London; J. S. Morris and A. Kingman, Montreal; and W. Scott, Ottawa. They were introduced by Mr. Stevenson, M. P., to Mr. Miall, Commissioner of the inland Revenue, Mr. Costigan being absent.

More Newfoundland Questions.

Mr. White, of Shelburne, will ask the Government on Monday whether Newfoundland has ever made a formal complaint that Canadian fishing vessels were supplying bait to French fishermen, also whether the Canadian Government promised to aid in the enforcement of the penalties provided by the Newfoundland Bait Act against Canadian fishermen, also whether the Canadian Government promised to divide with Newfoundland the proceeds of