Morning Chronicle

COMMERCIAL AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

VOL. XXXVII QUEBEC, THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1883. No. 13,529

AFTERNOON.

CETEWAYO REPORTED STILL ALIVE.

Cholera Increasing in Alexandria.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S FETES ABANDONED.

THE SPANISH DISTURBANCES.

Meeting of the German and Austrian Emperors.

Extraordinary Elopement—A Convict's Confession—Tragic Deeds—Cholera in the Fiji Islands—Cutting the Wires, etc.

A MURDER CASE IN TORONTO.

The "Star" Libel Suit—Body Found—A Somnambulist, etc.

LONDON, Aug. 8—The Agricultural Holdings Bill has passed its second reading in the House of Lords.

Persistent reports are current that Cetewayo is alive. The son of the late Bishop Colenso telegraphs that Cetewayo demands an enquiry into his treatment by the Government. The British agent at Moritsburg discredits the reports.

A bill prohibiting pigeon shooting passed its third reading in the Commons last night.

The Emperor William has arrived at Salsburg. He will be met at Ebensee by the Emperor of Austria and escorted to Ischia Emperor William will probably meet the Czar in the autumn.

A Madrid despatch says the Badajoz rebels will be severely punished; they committed pillage to excess before fleeing.

PARIS, Aug. 8—It is stated Zorilla has returned to Spain. His friends profess to expect scattered outbreaks and hope the people of Madrid will rise when the city is divested of troops.

Soulen, a member of the Municipal Council, and the editor of *Lanterne* fought a duel to-day. Soulen was wounded in the neck, hands and leg.

It is reported M. Brun, Minister of Marine, has tendered his resignation in consequence of ill-health.

BERLIN, Aug. 8—By order of the Emperor the proposed fetes in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of his assumption of permanent regency of Prussia have been abandoned.

VIENNA, Aug. 8—Six persons, including four officials, will be prosecuted for the part they played in the Jewish trial at Nyereghyhaza. Louis Kossuth has written a letter congratulating the counsel who defended the Jews.

CAIRO, Aug. 8—The native officials are blamed concerning patients in the mad-house. There have been 32 deaths of cholera there. The inmates number 220. An English doctor endeavored to remedy it, but the place is as filthy as ever.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 8—Thirteen deaths from cholera occurred here yesterday.

Cholera is increasing here and abating in the interior.

ISCHIA, Aug. 8—The Emperors of Germany and Austria arrived at noon. The former was met by the latter, and cordial greetings were exchanged.

SAIGON, Annam, Aug. 8—Mandarins a Hues refused to recognize Phanac, nominated as successor to the throne by the late King Tudoc, and have proclaimed Viantin king.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 8—A small tin box containing explosives was on Tuesday thrown on the Verrsinsky Prospect from a carriage drawn along the thoroughfare. The box exploded; no arrests.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8—The *Evening Telegram* says as far as can be learned the ordering out of operators on the Chicago and Alton, the Wabash, Lackawana and Chesepeake and Ohio Railroads has not resulted in any material inconvenience or obstruction to regular traffic.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 8—John Rogua eloped six weeks ago with his step-daughter, Annie, aged 18, taking $4,000 of his wife's money. They were traced to Chicago, where the officer found that the step-daughter had deserted Rogua, and eloped with a younger man.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8—The confession of a convict who suicided yesterday at Joliet, that he had committed double murder, is believed to refer to the murder a year ago of Elias MacMahon and two farm hands near Atlanta, Ill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 8—Reports from Australia state that cholera and small-pox prevail in the Fiji Islands.

YATES CENTRE, Texas, Aug. 8—Parties digging a well have struck a large vein of silver.

CARLISLE, Pa., Aug. 8—George Eaelvenger and his brother Andrew fought yesterday over the possession of a piece of land. Andrew got the best of the fight, and on releasing George was shot dead by the latter.

MASON, Ohio, Aug. 8—The so-called naked wild man caught in the woods proves to be a crazy woman unable to speak. She has been killed.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 8—Mrs. Conrad, who shot her husband at Montmorency on Monday night, recently made a will, giving her property to her husband. It is believed she meant to shoot herself, and that while the husband was interfering he was shot. It was feared the tragedy would result in the insanity of Mrs. Conrad.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8—Last night, it is asserted, 20 wires were cut on one route and 114 on another, between Passiac and Elizabethport. These were wires to the South. 20 of the M U wires were cut between Kingsbridge and Knightsboro at Tarrytown. 12 Hudson River wires are down and 18 wires in the Eastern circuits were destroyed between Port Chester and Greenwich, Conn; cross arms were sawed off in the last instance and the wires cut, besides the wires across which they fell. The greatest confusion was created. It is estimated when work began half the wires to Philadelphia and a quarter of those West could not be used; the whole number cut was nearly 200, which were rendered useless. A telegram from Point Washington says a gang of men interfered with the men repairing the lines. The Brotherhood of Telegraphers emphatically deny the cutting is being done by striking linemen.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 8—At the telegraph office last night 200 strikers compelled a new man to quit work and put him to bed at a hotel.

CANADIAN.

MONTREAL, Aug. 8—The libel case of the proprietors of the Boston Clothing Store against the proprietors of the *Star* came before the Police Magistrate this evening for preliminary examination, when some formal evidence was given as to the registry of the paper by the Clerk of the Crown. The advocate of defendant agreed to have his client, Mr. Graham, committed for trial to the Queen's Bench.

The mortality in the city last week was 165.

The body of the late John Brown, who was drowned in the Richelieu river, has been found.

The local stock Market was stagnant this morning. The closing prices yesterday were unchanged.

TORONTO, Aug. 8.—The Hight Court of Ontario of the Independent Order of Oddfellows is at present in session here.

The inquest on the body of Maroney, who was murdered here last night, will not be held till this evening. The murderer Andrews, when told of his crime this morning, seemed unable to believe it and said he knew nothing at all of the matter. He says he is an Englishman, a moulder by trade, and came to Toronto to find work, but up to that time had been unable to do so.

Early this morning a young man living on Spadina Avenue got up in his sleep and walked through the window of his bed-room. He fell on a verandah and was badly cut.

EUROPEAN.

A Decrease in British Trade.

FURTHER OUTBREAKS IN SPAIN.

TRIAL OF THE BELGIAN CANON BERNARD.

A Band of Black Sea Pirates Discovered.

SUCCESS OF THE LUTHER FESTIVAL.

SERIOUS ANTI-JEWISH RIOT IN PESTH.

Aid to Strikers—A Denial—The Death Penalty—A Doctors' Duel, etc.

EAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Aug. 8—During July British imports decreased, compared with July last year, £340,000; the exports decreased £537,000.

An extraordinary number of vessels have been wrecked in the Straits of Kertch, Black Sea, the past few years, and in consequence of many suspicious circumstances, such as the wreck of vessels in calm weather and the fact that some pilots grew rapidly rich, an investigation was made by the English insurance companies, who had paid indemnities amounting to many million roubles. It was learned that a pilot named Francesco was the head of a band of pirates who made a living by disasters on the coast. They were in collusion with the pilots and charged huge sums for assisting vessels the pilots suffered to go ashore. In less than two years fifty stranded vessels had recourse to the assistance of the pirate salvors. It is said some Government officials are compromised.

Adelaide Ristori, the tragedienne, announces her intention of making a farewell tour of America.

The Emperor William during his visit to Ischl expressed a doubt whether on account of his age he would ever visit it again. All accounts agree that he looks very well.

The statement that Cetewayo is alive comes from his brother, who says Cetewayo took refuge in an isolated kraal after the battle, having two wounds in the leg.

FRANCE

PARIS, Aug. 8—The directors of the Suez Canal Company have unanimously approved the letter of M. De Lesseps to Mr. Gladstone, informing him that he need not consider himself bound by the agreement he had signed concerning the second canal.

Vianlan, who has been proclaimed King of Annam, is considered the nominee of the war party.

Zorilla declares he was in no way connected with the Badajoz revolt.

BELGIUM.

TOURNAY, Aug. 8—In the trial of Canon Bernard, charged with abstracting securities representing several million francs from the Episcopal Palace, counsel for the defendant declared his client had a document from the Pope empowering him to take the measures he deemed best to conceal the treasure. He could not have supposed that such an order meant that he was only to conceal it in Tournay. Canon Bernard had been made a scapegoat for Bishop Rousseaux, who wrote him while in New York, virtually ordering him to continue to conceal the funds. Bishop Rousseaux believed he could avoid meeting the claims of Mgr. Dumont, the former bishop, by sending the funds beyond the reach of the judicial power. Had he been successful he would have indemnified Canon Bernard, who merely attempted an evasion of the civil law and had not committed any crime. The case caused a very painful feeling in religious circles.

AUSTRIA.

PESTH, August 8—The riotous demonstration against the family of Scharf, witness in the Jewish trial at Nyirighyhaza, was renewed here. The house in which the family is staying was wrecked. A number of Jewish shops in the vicinity were plundered. The police were powerless and the military had to be summoned. Fighting in the streets continued at a late hour.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, August 8—The Luther festival at Erfurt is a great success. The historical procession traversed the streets this morning and excited much admiration, especially the group in which Luther was represented surrounded by armed Knights. Bodies of singers greeted the procession at different points.

STRASBURG, Aug. 8—General Manteuffel, Governor-General of Alsace-Lorraine, has forbidden the publication of a newspaper at Metz, edited by Deputy Antoine, a member of the protest party.

RUSSIA.

CRACOW, Aug. 8—It is reported that General Gourko, recently appointed Governor-General of Warsaw, at a banquet to the officers of the Warsaw garrison, made a violent Pan-Sclavist speech, concluding as follows:—"I would like you all to be imbued with the ideas that General Skobeloff inculcated."

AUSTRIA.

ISCHL, Aug. 8—The Emperors drove in the country this afternoon and went to the theatre together this evening.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Aug. 8—Fresh outbreaks have occurred in Spain. There was a hastily summoned Cabinet Council to-day, which resolved to suspend constitutional guarantees throughout the country and declare a state of siege whenever necessary.

The Numancia Cavalry Regiment revolted at Santa Domingo early this morning. The ringleaders are a lieutenant and some sergeants. The rebels left in the direction of Logera, the other officers and loyal soldiers pursuing them.

Several groups of workmen near Barcelona raised seditious cries and fled to the mountains.

UNITED STATES.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8—The Iron-workers' Convention has resolved to send $50,000 to the striking iron-workers at Bethlehem, and agreed to send them $10,000 a week if necessary.

DODGE CITY, Kansas, Aug. 8—The report that Texas fever is raging among the cattle in this region is untrue.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., Aug. 8—Joseph Stout was hung to-day for the murder of Taylor Dunbar in November last. He exhibited the utmost firmness and composure.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Aug. 8—A duel was fought near Leesburg at sunrise yesterday, between Drs. McGill, of Leesburg, and West, of Goresville. The trouble grew out of a clash of professional interests. After the first fire, which was harmless, a reconciliation was effected. The Doctors are cousins.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8—At a concert and ball at the Madison Square Garden this evening, by the Brotherhood of Telegraphers, the receipts were $3,500.

PITTSBURG, August 8—Reports from the Pittsburg division of the B. & O. Railway show the order for the railroad operators to strike was generally obeyed yesterday. The railroad officials admit this, but say nearly all the offices were manned.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8—A telegram was sent to all operators on the Pittsburg division of the Panhandle Railway to-day, asking whether they would receive W. U. business. All but two replied in the negative. It is understood the superintendent will to-morrow order them to take whatever is offered under penalty of dismissal.

FLIES AND BUGS.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats," 15c.

Special from St. John, N.B.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Aug. 8—A meeting of the Bench and Bar of the Province was held this morning for the purpose of considering the proposal to entertain Lord Chief Justice Coleridge on the occasion of his expected visit to this Province next month. It was resolved that Lord Coleridge should be entertained at such time and place and in such a manner as should hereafter be decided upon. It was also resolved that the Judges of the Superior Court of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island should be invited as guests and that the members of the Bar of these Provinces should be invited to the entertainment.

In addition to the two Government candidates others are in the field for the two vacancies. J. A. Chesby and Jos. G. Forbes are Independents; James Hutchinson does not declare himself nominated. The nomination takes place on the 16th.

The stockholders of the Caraquet Railway Company met at Bathurst yesterday and adopted by-laws at a subsequent meeting of the directors. The Secretary-Treasurer reported that the call of five per cent had met an unanimous response. K. F. Burns was appointed General Manager of the road, and full power was conferred upon him to make all arrangements for the survey and the speedy construction of the line. It is hoped that the survey will be begun not later than the 1st September.

Special from Ottawa.

OTTAWA, August 8—To-day being the civic holiday the town had a certain holiday appearance, but most of the business places kept open during the morning and many the entire day. The only attraction in the city was the demonstration of the Independent Order of Oddfellows held at Dominion Park in the afternoon. From one o'clock the main roads leading to the Park were thronged with vehicles of every description, carrying visitors and citizens to the grounds. A number of steamers conveyed hundreds every few minutes during the early part of the afternoon from the canal basin to the Park, where at four o'clock there was a very large number witnessing the different games in progress. A number of interesting races and well-contested sports, including a lacrosse match, took place. The grand encampment drill of the uniformed Patriarchs elicited general applause and was universally admired. The drill was very complicated and beautiful and the uniforms of the Patriarchs really gorgeous. The Kingston and Toronto were the only encampments entered for the prize of $200, but the former on seeing the Torontos' style and perfection of drill would not enter and the Toronto encampment carried off the well-deserved, though uncontested prize. The demonstration on the whole may be said to be a complete success and gave general satisfaction to the Brotherhood and the public, large numbers of whom arrived by the morning trains. The meetings of the Order will be continued to-morrow and Friday.

Special from Montreal.

MONTREAL, Aug. 8—The remains of an infant were found on the corner of Roy and Cadieux streets, this morning. The child on examination was found to have been burned from head to foot in a manner that indicated it had been held over the flames. It presented a shocking spectacle. An inquest was not held this afternoon, Coroner Jones stating that the matter was of so serious a character that he would take time to collect all the evidence possible before calling a jury together.

An English immigrant was a victim of two confidence men on the Grand Trunk, near here, to the extent of $190 advanced on a bogus cheque.

A meeting of directors of the South-Eastern Railway has been called here for early next week, when a new President will be elected. Mr. Barlow was expected here this morning, but has gone to New York instead, it is said to sell the road to Vanderbilt.

The Victoria Medical Faculty met to-day and deferred any definite action in their contest with Laval until the result of Dr. Desjardin's mission to Rome is known.

Chief of Police Paradis has received the distressing news, to-day, of the drowning of his two sons, aged 18 and 20 years, with a companion named Chas. Michaud, at Yamaska, on the St. Lawrence, yesterday.

The Masonic libel case enquiry was resumed before the Magistrate to-day, but owing to a law point being raised, which the Court took time to consider, proceedings were adjourned until Monday.

L. Lowenthal, lately failed here, has disappeared; his whereabouts are unknown. Capiases for $3,000 and seizures for $25,000 have been taken against the estate by the creditors.

It is doubtful if the Mayor will sign the new City Passenger by-law, as he holds it was not legally passed by the Council.

Mr. C. Mullen, of this city, has entered suit against the S. E. Railway Company for $1,598.

L. H. Cotu has entered an action for slander against J. B. Lefebvre, a merchant, for $5,000 damages.

J. A. Gallu, a manufacturer here, has sued Robert White, boot and shoe maker, for $5,000 damages, for infringement of a patent right.

An application was made to-day before Mr. Justice Mathieu to quash a *capias* against B. P. Bennet, who has been in prison since the 1st of May; judgment reserved.

Two families were found living in a house on Dubord street, and when entered by a detective and officer of health the men and women, five in number, were beastly drunk. An infant was discovered in bed apparently dying from starvation.

A meeting was held this afternoon in the Corn Exchange, of grocers and those interested in the sale of tobacco, to discuss the possibility of extending the territory already controlled by combination prices. Mr. Turner, of Hamilton, was present representing the trade of the West. Mr. Kinloch occupied the chair; Mr. Tees acted as secretary, and there was a good representation of the houses interested. After a full discussion of the subject the meeting decided to sell tobacco in the Province of Quebec at an advance of three cents per pound over the manufacturers' list prices and duty.

Some eighty or ninety cigar makers are still on strike here for higher wages.

Special from Halifax.

HALIFAX, Aug. 8.—A special meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Nova Scotia was called some time ago for 11 a.m. to-day. Subsequent to that hour a reporter called at the bank for information and was told by Mr. Fyshe, cashier, that the meeting had been called for the purpose of arranging terms of amalgamation with the Union Bank of P. E. Island, but as the preliminaries were not settled the meeting had adjourned till the 11th September. Mr. Fyshe and Mr. White, one of the directors present, said the amalgamation was sure to take place; everything was satisfactory and the cause of delay was that arrangements were being put in form for submission and sanction by the shareholders on the date mentioned. A statement was laid before the meeting anent Shaw Brothers' recent failure and the bank's implication therein; that the bank had already had cash offers for its debts, which would reduce its loss to such a figure that it could be written off at once without infringing upon the reserve fund or interfering with its regular dividends. This statement was received with satisfaction by the shareholders.

General Lord Alexander Russell, Commander of the British troops in Canada, has caused a sensation in military circles by reviving the Sunday custom of the regiments dropped twenty-two years, on the solicitation of the citizens. He has just issued orders that the bands of the two regiments play on the way to and from the Garrison Church on Sundays, and after services the regiments be paraded on the street along the church before proceeding back to barracks. The affair has taken the officers and men by surprise and is the sole subject of conversation in the barracks and mess-room.

A telegram from Guysboro states that a deaf, dumb and blind colored girl, named Ada Byard, about 20 years of age, living with her father, about a mile outside Guysboro town, has come to her death under circumstances which leave the impression that she was foully murdered. It appears that on Saturday the girl's father went to town, leaving his wife, who is the stepmother of deceased, with the latter and some younger members of the family. On his return home in the evening he found his wife had also gone to town. The girl Ada was in the house suffering from terrible wounds, apparently inflicted with an axe and which resulted in her death the following day. The evidence adduced at the Coroner's inquest was that a little girl five years of age locked herself in the house with deceased and committed the deed by striking her with an axe, but the opinion prevails that the child is not the guilty person.

Blanchard & Co., dry goods dealers at Kentville and Windsor, N.S., have suspended. They are taking stock and preparing a statement with a view to offering a compromise. The firm have been in business several years and attribute their difficulty to losses by bad debts.

Gen. Lord Alexander and Lady Russell leave for Quebec on the 14th, on a visit to Lord Lorne and the Princess. They will be absent two or three weeks.

It is stated that Lord Coleridge, Lord Chief Justice of England, will probably visit Halifax and the new Law Faculty of Dalhousie College are anxious to have their school inaugurated during his visit here.

The grand promenade concert in the public gardens, under the patronage of Prince George of Wales, is set down for next Monday evening. Preparations are being made that will render it the most magnificent event of the kind ever held here.

Special from Toronto.

TORONTO, Aug. 8—Col. Dennison resumed his seat on the Police Court Bench here to-day, having returned from Europe. He was presented with a complimentary address by the members of the Bar practising in the Court.

A big patent medicine forgery case has come to light here. Some months ago the manufacturers of Ayer's pills found that their stuff was being sold in Canada much cheaper than they were selling at wholesale. A member of the firm was sent out and by going round all the drug stores at last hit upon a counterfeit box. He ordered through a retail house a number of dozen boxes and had the forger arrested this afternoon. He does not attempt to deny the charge. A large quantity of manufactured pills were found in his possession.

Special from River du Loup.

RIVER DU LOUP, August 8—The members of the Ontario Press reached here in the str. "Union" at 7 o'clock p.m., accompanied by the "A" Battery Band, under the direction of Mr. Vezina, and who played a magnificent air on arrival. Our welcome visitors seem much pleased with our views in the St. Lawrence. They left for the Saguenay at 7.30 p.m.

IRISH TROUBLES.

DUBLIN, August 8—Poole has been committed for trial to answer the charge of murdering Kenny. Mrs. Kenny was a witness to-day. She was the person referred to by the Crown Solicitor as a witness from America. She corroborated the evidence of witnesses who swore they saw Poole and Kenny together the night of the murder.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 8—At the trial to-day, a policeman testified that he had seen Dalton watching Westminster Abbey, the Houses of Parliament and Lambeth Palace, and that he was taken to England. Various witnesses testified that Dalton was a passenger on the steamer "Celtic" in February, under the name of Johnson, and had been in America ten years; he was also called O'Connor. When arrested in London he had in his possession memoranda concerning the manufacture of explosives, also a roll of paper similar to some paper around a number of brass taps found on Deasy. Experts testified the explosive articles Deasy and Flannigan had when arrested were similar to those used in the attempt to blow up the *Times* office. They said the articles were not suitable for industrial purposes. The informer Lamie testified he was sworn into the Fenian Brotherhood in 1857 by Sylvester Kingston. He had sworn to assume arms at a moment's notice in defense of the Irish Republic and obey his superiors; he also sworn to never divulge the secrets of the Brotherhood on pain of death. He had attended drills at which sometimes 78 persons were present; had attended drills this year. Counsel for the defence objected to Lamie's evidence as irrelevant. The objection was over-ruled. The Judge ruled there was no case against O'Herlity on the main change and the prisoner was acquitted but will be detained, as he may possibly be charged with a minor count. The Judge decided that all the other cases must go to a jury.

SPORTING NEWS.

AQUATICS.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 8—The *Globe-Democrat* reprints an interview between its representative and the backer of Hanlan at the time of the noted race with Courtney. Hanlan's backer discloses that it had been arranged between Courtney and Hanlan that the latter was to win first, the former second and the third to be given over to whomsover the most money was bet against. Hanlan accordingly won at Lachine, but at Chataqua Hanlan finding his friends betting on him refused to stand by Courtney. The latter seeing he could not win sawed his boats.

MONTREAL, Aug. 8—Courtney has been asked by telegraph this evening if he will row Hanlan at Lachine, in October, for $3,000. An answer is expected to-morrow.

PUGILISTIC.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8—Mace says he will challenge Sullivan after the Slade-Mitchell fight, to a soft glove contest. Slade says he was fairly beaten by Sullivan, but will meet him again. The betting is even on the Slade-Mitchell fight, which comes off near Kansas City on the 11th September. Ryan will probably meet Sullivan in Madison Square in the middle of September. Joe Coburn will be Ryan's "coach."

CHICAGO, Aug. 8—Paddy Ryan says that Sullivan, having knocked out all imported talent, should give American sluggers a show. He proposes a fight to take place in New York within six weeks.

THE TURF.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 8—"Prince Charlie," the great English racer, has been purchased by D. Swigert.

THE *Admiration* OF THE *WORLD.*

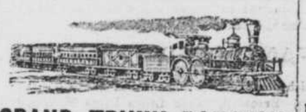
Mrs. S. A. Allen's WORLD'S *Hair Restorer* IS PERFECTION!

Public Benefactress. Mrs. S. A. ALLEN has justly earned this title, and thousands are this day rejoicing over a fine head of hair produced by her unequaled preparation for restoring, invigorating, and beautifying the Hair. Her World's Hair Restorer quickly cleanses the scalp, removing Dandruff, and arrests the fall; the hair, if gray, is changed to its natural color, giving it the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

COMPLIMENTARY. "My hair is now restored to its youthful color; I have not a gray hair left. I am satisfied that the preparation is not a dye, but acts on the secretions. My hair ceases to fall, which is certainly an advantage to me, who was in danger of becoming bald." This is the testimony of all who use Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER.

"One Bottle did it." That is the expression of many who have had their gray hair restored to its natural color, and their bald spot covered with hair, after using one bottle of MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER. It is not a dye.

March 28 '1883 wed&sat-Fm-d&



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

COMMENCING

Monday, June 25th, 1883.

GOING WEST.

11.30 A.M.—Mixed Train to Richmond, Mortreal, Sherbrooke, Island Pond, and all Local Stations.

8.40 P.M.—Night Express for Sherbrooke, Island Pond, Gorham, Lewiston, Portland, Montreal, and points East, West, South-West and North West.

GOING EAST.

Leaving Montreal..... 10.15 P.M.
Arriving at Point Levi..... 6.50 A.M.
Mixed leaves Richmond..... 10.10 A.M.
Arriving at Point Levi..... 2.50 P.M.
Mixed leaves Richmond..... 12.45 P.M.
Arriving at Point Levi..... 6.45 P.M.

JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager

Montreal, June 23, 1883.
June 30, 1883.

Canadian Pacific Railway

EASTERN DIVISION.

THE ONLY FAST LINE.

THE ONLY DIRECT LINE,

ONLY THOROUGHLY FIRST-CLASS LINE

OTTAWA

The Capital of the Dominion,

AND THE GREAT LUMBER COUNTRY ON THE UPPER OTTAW RIVER.

Elegant and Luxurious Parlor Cars on all Day Express Trains, and Pullman Sleeping Cars on Night Trains

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL.

8.30 a.m.—Morning Express with Parlor Car attached for Caledonia Springs, Ottawa, Pembroke, Mattawa, and all interm diate Stations.

5.40 p.m.—Evening Express with Parlor Car attached for Ottawa, Brockville, and all points West. Parlor Car to Ottawa, and Pullman Sleeping Car to Brockville, Toronto, Detroit and Chicago.

6 00 p.m.—Accommodation Train for St Rose, St. Jerome, St. Lin, and all the other fashionable suburban summer resorts East of St. Jerome.

The time given above, leaving Montreal, is from Hochelaga Depot. Ten minutes later from Mile End.

For Tickets, Rates, Seats in Parlor Cars, and all information regarding passenger business apply at the Company's City Ticket Office,

103 St. James Street.

GEO. W. HIBBARD,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

W. C. VAN HORNE
Gen. Manager.

ARCHER BAKER
Gen. Supt

Montreal, June 1, 1882.
July 29 1889 Lm

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

COMMENCING MONDAY, JULY 2ND, 1883, Trains will run as follows:—

	Express	Mixed.
Leave Sherbrooke for Beauce Jct., Levis and Quebec..	8.15 AM	7 00 AM
Arrive Beauce Jct.....	12.45 PM	3.40 PM
Leave Beauce Jct.....	1 00 "	4.00 "
Arrive Levis.....	2.40 "	7.00 "
" Quebec Ferry.....	3 00 "	7.30 "
Leave Quebec for Beauce Jct., Sherbrooke, and New England points.....	.....	.....
Leave Ferry.....	12.15 PM	5.00 AM
" Levis.....	12.50 "	5.30 "
Arrive Beauce Jct.....	2.35 "	8.30 "
Leave Beauce Jct.....	2.50 "	8.45 "
Arrive Sherbrooke.....	7.10 "	4.45 PM
Leave Levis for St. Joseph..	.....	3.30 "
Arrive St. Joseph.....	.....	7.15 "
Leave St. Joseph for Levis..	.....	6.00 "
Arrive Levis.....	.....	10.00 "

Trains run on Montreal time.

Fifteen minutes allowed for Refreshments at Beauce Junction.

Drawing Room Car runs between Quebec, Sherbrooke and Newport, as follows:—Leaves Quebec for Sherbrooke and Newport on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. Leaves Newport and Sherbrooke for Quebec on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week.

The Quebec Central Railway affords the only Rail communication with the celebrated Chaudiere Gold Mines, and connecting at Sherbrooke with the Grand Trunk and Passumpsic Railways, forms the most direct route between Quebec, Boston, and all New England points.

JAS. R. WOODWARD,
General Manager.

General Ticket Offices,
Opposite St. Louis Hotel, Quebec.
June 29, 1883

Quebec & Lake St. John Railway

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

LEAVE QUEBEC (Palais Station).

10.00 a.m. PASSENGER TRAIN for St. Raymond, Monday and Wednesday, arriving at 12, Noon.

1.15 p.m. EXCURSION TRAIN for St. Raymond every Saturday arriving at 3.15 p.m.

5.30 p.m. MAIL TRAIN for St. Raymond, arriving there at 7.45 p.m.

LEAVE ST. RAYMOND.

6.20 a.m. MAIL TRAIN for Quebec, arriving there at 8.50 a.m.

6.40 p.m. PASSENGER TRAIN for Quebec, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, arriving at 8.40 p.m.

Stopping at Little River Ancienne Lorette, St. Ambroise, Valcartier, St. Gabriel, St. Catherines, Lake St. Joseph, Lake Sergent and Bourg Louis.

Trains run by Montreal Time.

Trains connect at St. Ambroise with Stages for Indian Lorette, at Valcartier Station with Stages for Valcartier Village, and at St. Gabriel with the new road for the River aux Pins settlements.

Single Fare return Tickets on Saturdays. Freight received after 4.30 P.M. not forwarded until next day.

LEVE & ALDEN, Ticket Agents.
J. G. SCOTT, Sec. & Manager, Commercial Chambers.
July 23, 1883.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PIER at mouth of Cap Rouge River, and in line with the only other Deep Water Pier there, IS SUBMERGED AT ABOUT HALF TIDE, and that the position is shown by A GREEN BUOY

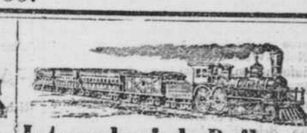
CAP ROUGE PIER AND WHARF CO.,
J. BOWEN, JR., Manager.
June 11, 1883.

W. W. SHARPE & CO

PUBLISHERS AGENTS

No. 25, Park Row, New York

Are authoris to contract for advertising n this paper,



Intercolonial Railway.

1883 Summer Arrangement. 1883

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 25th June, the Trains of the Railway will run daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

Will Leave Point Levis.

	Railway Time.	Quebec Time.
EXPRESS for Halifax and St. John.	8.00 A.M	7.45 A.M.
EXPRESS for Riviere-du-Loup and St. Flavie.....	1.15 P.M.	1.00 P.M.
ACCOMMODATION	7.35 "	7.20 "

Trains Will Arrive at Point Levis.

	Railway Time.	Quebec Time.
EXPRESS from Halifax and St. John..	8.35 P.M	8.20 P.M.
EXPRESS from St. Flavie and Riviere-du-Loup.....	2.10 "	1.55 "
ACCOMMODATION	5.15 A.M.	5.00 A.M.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sunday, while those from Halifax and St. John remain in Campbellton.

The Pullman Car leaving Point Levis on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Monday, Wednesday and Friday to St. John.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N B., 21st June, 1883.
June 25, 1883.

THE

Quebec Steamship Company,

THE S.S. "MIRAMICHI," CAPTAIN A. Baquet, is intended to leave on TUESDAY, 14th August, at TWO o'clock P.M., for Pictou, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Summerside and Charlottetown.

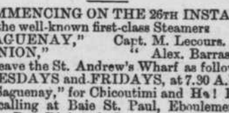
Has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ARTHUR AHERN.

LEVE & ALDEN, Passenger Agents, Secretary, Atkinson's Wharf.
Opposite St. Louis Hotel.
August 1, 1883.

ISLAND OF ORLEANS FERRY



STEAMER "ORLEANS,"

CAPTAIN BOLDUC,

ON AND AFTER THE 1ST AUGUST, will sail as follows, until further notice, weather and circumstances permitting:—

From Island.	From Quebec.
5 30 A.M.	6.30 A.M.
8.00 A.M.	9.15 A.M.
10.00 A.M.	11.30 A.M.
1.30 P.M.	2.30 P.M.
3.30 P.M.	4.45 P.M.
5.45 P.M.	6.45 P.M.
SUNDAYS.	
11.30 A.M.	1.00 P.M.
1.30 P.M.	2.30 P.M.
3.30 P.M.	4.30 P.M.
5.30 P.M.	6.30 P.M.
7.30 P.M.	

Special Trip from Island every Thursday Night at 10 o'clock.

Calling at St. Joseph up and down.

August 1, 1883. my3-p

ROYAL MAIL LINE

1883. —OF— 1883.

Steamers to the Saguenay,

TADOUSAC,
CACOUNA,
RIVIERE DU LOUP and MURRAY BAY.

COMMENCING ON THE 26TH INSTANT the well-known first-class Steamers "SAGUENAY," Capt. M. Lecours. "UNION," " Alex. Barras.

Will leave the St. Andrew's Wharf as follows: TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 7.30 A.M., the "Saguenay," for Chicoutimi and Ha! Ha! Bay, calling at Baie St. Paul, Eboulements, Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup and Tadousac.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 7.30 A.M., the "Union," for Ha! Ha! Bay, calling at Baie St. Paul, Les Eboulements, Ile aux Coudres, Murray Bay, Cap a L'Aigle (when practicable), Riviere du Loup, Tadousac and L'Anse St. Jean.

Connecting at Quebec with the RICHELIEU AND ONTARIO NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Boats, Q. M. O. & O. RAILWAY, and GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY; and at Riviere du Loup with the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY for and from the Maritime Provinces and Atlantic States.

Leaving Riviere du Loup:—For the Saguenay, at 5.00 P.M. same day; and for Quebec, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5.00 P.M., and on Sundays at 7.00 P.M.

TICKETS for sale, and State Rooms secured, at the General Ticket Office, opposite the St. Louis Hotel, and at the Office of the ST. LAWRENCE STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, St. Andrew's Wharf.

A. GABOURY, Secretary.

June 8, 1883

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER "BIENVENUE" HAVing been newly painted and refitted may be Leased for Parties or Pilgrimages, on reasonable terms. Can accommodate 500 to 600 persons.

Apply at the Office of the St. Lawrence Steam Navigation Co., St Andrew's Wharf.

August 6, 1883.

Quebec & Lake St. John Railway Co'y

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF the Shareholders and Bondholders of the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway Company will be held at the Company's Office, Commercial Chambers, Quebec, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of AUGUST instant, at THREE o'clock P.M., for the purpose of entering into an Amended Contract with the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway, Lumbering and Trading Co., and of conveying to that Company the balance of unallotted Stock of this Company, and of considering, and if approved of, ratifying a Contract for the completion of the Railway to Lake St. John entered into between the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway, Lumbering and Trading Co., and Mr. H. J. Beemer.

By order of the Board,

J. G. SCOTT, Secretary.

August 1, 1883, td

ALLAN LINE.

Under contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the conveyance o the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES MAILS.

1883 Summer Arrangements. 1883

THIS COMPANY'S LINES ARE COMposed of the following Double-engined, Clyde-built Iron Steamships. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength speed and comfort, are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest, *and have made the fastest time on record.*

Vessels	Tonnage.	Commanders.
NUMIDIAN	6100	[Building.]
PARISIAN	5400	Capt James Wylie.
SARDINIAN	4650	Capt J F Dutton.
POLYNESIAN	4100	Capt R Brown.
SARMATIAN	3600	Capt J Graham.
CIRCASSIAN	4000	Lt Smith, R N R.
PERUVIAN	3400	Capt J Ritchie.
NOVA SCOTIAN	3300	Capt Richardson
HIBERNIAN	3440	Capt Hugh Wylie.
CASPIAN	3200	Lt Thomson, RNR.
AU

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Valuable Property for Sale !—Meredith & Couture.
Notice to Stenographers—R J Bradley.
Notice—L J Olsen.
Hansa Steamship Company—Wm M Macpherson.
Sutherland's Rheumatine.
Hop Bitters—Hop Bitters Mfg Co.
Diamond Dyes.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
Wells' "Rough on Corns."
Ales, Porter & Lager—W Watson.
Just Received at the Medical Hall—Roderick McLeod.
Kid Gloves, &c—Simons & Foulds.
Flies ! Flies !! Flies ! ! !—Andrews Bros.

QUEBEC, THURSDAY, AUG. 9, 1883.

A VACANCY IN THE COMMONS.

The Election Court in Nova Scotia has just given a verdict in regard to the Lunenburg election. The member elect, Mr. KEEFLER, a merchant and a Liberal, has been unseated, and his election is declared null and void. His opponent was Mr. C. E. KAULBACH, and the vote stood 1,169 against 1,032. The contest was very keen and exciting, but as the county is Liberal in the main, it is not unlikely that Mr. KEEFLER will be re-elected. Mr. KAULBACH is a popular man, and has a strong personal following, but his friends scarcely hope to do better than they did in June, 1882.

THE STRIKE AMONG THE TELEGRAPHERS.

The striking telegraph operators have played their trump card, and they have lost. They relied strongly on the effect which it was thought they could produce by ordering the railroad operators to cease work on a given day. Much was based on the success of that movement. The order was issued, but it has proved a dismal failure. The operators on the Grand Trunk and the Intercolonial have stood to their posts. The St. Louis and San Francisco Company have 46 good men filling other positions on the line who can be depended on in case of a strike. On the Iron Mountain line very few will leave their desks. Only eleven men have "knocked off" work on the C. & H. road. The Alton railroad men remain at their posts. The Assistant-Superintendent of the Wabash telegraph line says that of 990 operators on the 3,600 miles of that road four at Decatur and four at Chicago, have obeyed the order of the Brotherhood. Their places have been filled, and everything is working smoothly. Of the 175 operators engaged on the two Mountains Railroad between Cincinnati and Texakana, a certain number will strike, but not many. From other points we have the same sort of intelligence. The fact is the strike "al along the line," has collapsed and things are returning to their normal state again. One sure sign of the failure of the strikers may be perceived in the way in which they are conducting themselves. They have begun to cut the wires in several places, and intimidation of workmen has also been attempted. As the New York *Sun* poiuts out, the purpose of the original strike was to compel the telegraph companies to pay the operators better wages, and also to force them to recognize the officers of the Brotherhood as authorized to speak for the operators. The *Sun* is an independent newspaper, and supports neither side, but argues from a commonsense point of view. "After twenty days," says our contemporary, "this end is not attained. The necessity of the companies does not prove sufficient to oblige them to yield to the demands of the strikers. They are able to get along without them: and accordingly the strikers go outside to apply pressure to the railroads with a view of compelling them to compel the telegraph companies to surrender. In the same way, if they had the power, they might go still further and deprive the butchers of meat and the bakers of flour, all for the purpose of coercing the telegraph companies." The strikers are rapidly losing ground, as they have long ago lost the sympathy of the public. Even the labour societies, which had so much sympathy at first, have ceased to pass votes of condolence. As for grants of money, but one sympathizing organization has felt moved to vote the beggarly sum of one thousand dollars, and we have not heard that even that amount has been handed over. Meanwhile, Mr. "Chief" CAMPBELL calls loudly for funds, but the funds are not forthcoming, and the strikers are going back to work,—the most sensible thing they could do under the circumstances. He has played his boasted "trump card" and it has failed entirely to effect any change. On this latter phase of the question the New York *Sun* says :—

"This proceeding is wrong and unjustifiable, and it must alineate still further those sympathies which the public at large were originally so strongly disposed to feel for the dissatisfied operators. If the Western Union and the Baltimore and Ohio could not find telegraphers on any terms but those of the strikers, then the purpose of the strike might be legitimately accomplished, and all right-thinking people would be glad of it. But when they go abroad and attempt to arrest the whole work of the community in their effort to crush the obstinacy of their antagonists, they transcend the limits of good policy and good morals."

We have, ourselves, always held that the Canadian operators were very foolish to join the Brotherhood and take part in the strike, which, in their own case, was simply suicidal. They work for Canadian companies and have nothing whatever to do with the quarrels of the Western Union people, and their employes. They should have managed their own affairs and kept control of them in their own hands. The Toronto *Telegram* lately said some pertinent things about the strike, which are worth reproducing in our columns. Says our Western contemporary :—

"The operators are confident of being able to hold out for an indefinite period—although the statement of their financial position made to the Trades and Labour Council does not bear out this view—and the Great North-Western Company is still holding the fort. The hopes of the operators are based on the expectation that the Western Union will be obliged to succumb to their demands, and that the Canadian link will have to go with the chain. But the fact is that the Great North Western, so far as its management is concerned, is entirely independent of the Western Union, and the surrender of the one would not necessarily involve the surrender of the other. Orders have been issued that all the expert operators now engaged in the service are to be given permanent engagements, and the places of the strikers filled for good. It is plain from this that the company has no expectation of being coerced into taking the striking operators back. The attitude of the company appears to be this : that while it will not submit to the terms of the strikers, nor even enter into negotiations with the Telegraphers' Brotherhood for the adjustment of difficulties, it will receive applications from individual operators and employ such of them as it may require. There appears to be no doubt upon this point, however, that the leaders in the strike will not be taken back on any terms—a fact which may have something to do with the vigorous efforts of the leaders to keep up the enthusiasm of the strikers and prevent any desertions from the ranks. The strike, to be effective, should have paralyzed all efforts of the company during the first three days. The fact that it was able to rally immediately after the strike, and that it has kept its wires in operation ever since, adding to its strength day by day, is the best proof that the strike is a failure, and that the company can continue to transact its business without the assistance of the operators who left its employment. A large proportion of the strikers are destined to be left out of situations in any event. The company will only give places to those whose services it may require, and as it is steadily adding to its staff, the number of those on strike who can expect to be taken back is proportionately diminishing. It is all very well for those in another country who are receiving pay for directing the operations of the strikers to call upon the men to stand firm, but standing firm means not only the loss of wages but the loss of situations. The question has now become one which each operator must study for himself and answer in the way which will best subserve his own interests. Success by combined effort has proved a failure. Success by individual effort is possible to at least some of those who went out if they are prepared to ask for situations on their own merits. Every operator now being taken on by the company means one chance less for the operators on strike."

AN IMPORTANT RAILWAY ENTERPRISE.

The Montreal *Gazette* of Tuesday says :—"The Montreal & Champlain Junction Railway, designed to serve the people of the Chateauguay valley, is now nearing its completion. Yesterday the first construction train ran into Huntingdon Village, seventy miles from Brousseau's Station, and about eleven miles from Dundee, on the international boundary line, the terminus of the road. This railway, starting at Brousseau's, where connection is made with the Grand Trunk Railway, runs through the counties of Laprairie, Napierville, Chateauguay and Huntingdon, connecting with the most important towns and villages in this section of country, and at Dundee a junction will be formed with the United States & Canada Railway, carrying the system some few miles further to Fort Covington in New York State, where an important railway system draining the country south of Lake Ontario is tapped. It will thus be seen that this enterprise is of considerable interest to Montreal, not only because of the large local traffic which it obtains, but because it promises to constitute Montreal the port of export and import for the trade of an important section of New York State. The road is now graded throughout, and track-laying will be vigorously continued from Dundee to Huntingdon with a view to finally completing the work in September. The Chateauguay Valley is known as one of the best agricultural districts of Canada, it is well settled with an industrious people, has always considerable manufacturing industry, and possesses fair facilities for the successful establishment of other like enterprises. The district, however, up to this time, has been cut off from communication with Montreal during five months in the year, and its progress has been retarded by the want of railway connections. These have, indeed, been often projected in the past and at times supported by local bonuses, but it remained for Mr. Hickson to give the people a railway in fact, and to open to Montreal the important section country by the construction in the face of many obstacles of a road which cannot fail to prove beneficial alike to the district which it serves and to this city, the natural market for the people of the Chateauguay valley."

NOTES AND NEWS

Suicide at Sea !

A CLERGYMAN CUTS HIS THROAT ON BOARD THE S.S. "MANITOBAN" AND THEN JUMPS OVERBOARD.

A fearful tragedy was enacted on board the s.s. "Manitoban" on her late voyage to this port. Amongst the cabin passengers from Glasgow to Quebec was Rev. Mr. Sweet, a Presbyterian clergyman, whose most remarkable conduct can only be accounted for on the theory of temporary insanity. Unfortunately, his predisposition to this terrible disease was not disclosed to anybody on board the vessel in time to call for measures, which would most assuredly have been taken, looking to his protection from his own hands. His

TERRIBLE MANIA FOR SELF-DESTRUCTION

was only evidenced when the vessel was passing through the Straits of Belle Isle. On the occasion in question, the unfortunate man was observed to rush on deck with

HIS THROAT CUT,

and before anything could be done to prevent him, he had thrown himself overboard into the raging sea.

The alarm was at once given, and the ship was put about with all possible despatch. The "Manitoban" was running, however, at the time, at a rate of fourteen knots an hour, and it was therefore nearly half an hour before the body of Mr. Sweet could be recovered ; strange tosay,

IT FLOATED ON THE WATER,

and when brought on board there was still life in the body.

The unfortunate man seemed to have suffered little or nothing by his half hour's float upon the surface of the sea, but

THE GASH IN THE THROAT

was a fearful one and had to be stitched by the medical officer on board in four or five different places. So determined a case of suicide was it, that it was found necessary to tie down the sufferer's hands with bandages, and impossible to elicit a single word from him with reference to his fearful action.

When the "Manitoban" arrived in part, it was suggested that the unfortunate man be at ance sent to the Marine Hospital. Dr. Rowand, Port Physician, seeing the fearfully weak condition of the patient, very wisely recommended that he be left undisturbed on board of the vessel, in charge of the medical officer of the ship. The doctor was convinced that Mr. Sweet would never live to be removed in a vehicle to the Marine Hospital, and so far he was quite correct, as the unhappy man expired some six hours later. It is understood that the body was interred in Mount Hermon Cemetery without an inquest. The watch and other personal effects of the deceased will be immediately returned to his relatives in Scotland by Messrs. Allans, Rae & Co. Mr. Sweet was a man of medium height, slimly built and about forty years of age. No one here, or on board of the vessel, appears to know anything of his circumstances.

Annual Meeting of the Ontario Press Association.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The 25th annual meeting of the Ontario Press Association was held at the Windsor Hotel, Montreal, on Tuesday morning. The meeting was called to order by the President, Mr. George Tye, Mr. C. B. Bar, of Lindsay, in the absence of Mr. W. R. Climie, acting as secretary.

The annual report of the President, which was distributed in printed form to the members, was taken as read. It dwelt in a very exhaustive manner on the progress of Canadian journalism during the last quarter of a century, the annual excursions of the Association, alluding more especially to the trip to the North-West last year, a country which offers the most splendid field on this continent for journalistic enterprise, which will not be found wanting, judging by the commencement already made by the pioneers of the North-West Press. One paragraph in the report is well worthy of publication and is as follows : "At present journalism in Canada is a great deal too much under the control of party allegiance, and voluntarily surrenders too often its independence when it should be the mentor, the adviser, and the fearless critic of its own party leaders. Not till that day arrives will the system of government by party become purged of its attendant evils, and the political millennium be inaugurated. The idea of a perfectly pure government may seem to be rather utopian and excite the risibility of old political stagers, but the day will surely come, for no journal or combination can, in the long run, prosper unless the public place faith in its utterances, and with a Press so independent, through extensive circulation, that it could afford to decline official favors or subsidies, a new era would be inaugurated and the Press become equal, if not the master of the Government, but certainly not its subsidized tool. The influence of public opinion will then control the Government completely and not, as now, very partially and at times only of temporary political excitement, but on every question sufficiently important to awaken public attention. In the meantime the imperative duty of every conductor of a journal is to pursue the even tenor of his way and await developments, each striving to make his sheet the model paper, whether it be a local weekly or a city daily."

The law of libel was then touched upon, the report concluding with expressions of regret at the death of Hon. Mr. Elder.

The Secretary's report was then read, and, on motion, was unanimously adopted. After some business of a routine character, the election of officers was then proceeded with, which resulted as follows :—President, Mr C B Robinson, Toronto ; 1st Vice-President, Mr G R Puttullo, Woodstock ; 2nd Vice-President, Mr J A Davidson, Guelph ; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr W R Climie, re-elected ; Assistant Secretary, Mr J B Tranes. Executive Committee, Messrs E J R Spence, C D Bar, H Hough, H Smallpiece, James Somerville, M P, and George Tye. There being no other business to transact, the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

Dr. Dawson in the North-West.

Dr. J. W. Dawson, Principal of McGill University, Montreal, and the eminent geologist so well known throughout Canada and the United States, arrived in Winnipeg on July 30th, via Port Arthur. Dr. Dawson is the retiring President of the American Association of Science, which meets in Minneapolis on the 15th of August. He is going to attend the convention and deliver his address, which has already been published. The C. P. R. has kindly extended to him the liberty of their road, and he will spend the next two or three weeks travelling over the Province and North-West Territories collecting scientific information. He will examine the principal coal deposits, and will look into the mineral resources. Dr. Dawson is going to England this fall to attend the meeting of the British Scientific Association, and he is anxious to be thoroughly conversant with the geology of the North-West in order that he may be able to speak intelligently thereon should any question arise. It is not his intention to make any written report of his investigations. Dr. Dawson is the author of "Acadian Geology," a work highly prized, and still a standard authority on the mineral resources of the Maritime Provinces. He is the father of Dr. George Dawson, of the Geological Survey, and of Dr. Dawson, of this city. He leaves for the West in a few days.—*Winnipeg Sun.*

An Attractive Volume.

The Toronto *Mail* says :—"The public will be interested to hear that Messrs. Dawson Bros., of Montreal, have in press a volume to be published either by or under the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General. The volume will contain several speeches, and also papers and poems concerning Canada. Lord Lorne has given a great deal of attention to Canadian literature and history, and the new volume will be looked for with a great deal of interest by the public. No doubt it will be published in a very attractive form."

Personals.

The Prince of Wales has accepted, with thanks, a painting of the Longfellow house at Cambridge, painted by Ernest Longfellow, and presented to His Royal Highness by Ellis Lever.

Mme. Theo will visit America in the spring

THE LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET.

SPEECH OF THE PREMIER.

LONDON, Aug. 8—The Lord Mayor's banquet to the Ministers took place this evening.

Mr. Gladstone was greeted with prolonged cheering. He said the Government had gone to Egypt in an unselfish spirit and desired simply to accelerate reform there. It was felt that too much haste might spoil the work. When the views of the Government in this respect were accomplished the British would disappear from the country. Nothing would be more grateful to every one of the Ministers than an early and successful accomplishment of the grand movement towards reform in Egypt. Regarding the Tamatave affair, he said, the Government had received fuller advices confirming the hope that no difficulty existed which could not be solved by the generous and honorable dispositions which should always exist especially between France and England. He now felt even sanguinely confident that nothing would arise which would disturb their long accord. He was thankful to be able to record a great change in the condition of Ireland. The authority of the law had been reasserted there and peace and security prevailed ; the darkness of assassination had been effectually suppressed and the confidence which had united the unhappy perpetrators and enabled them to execute their deadly purpose had been in a large degree destroyed. Deep gratitude was due to the Almighty and secondarily to Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant, and Mr. Trevelyan, the Chief Secretary. He believed the end of the session would show a fair amount of work had been achieved. The Government hoped much in the future from the new system of grand committees.

Special From Cacouna.

CACOUNA, Aug. 8.—A servant girl in the employ of Hon. Thos. McGreevy was accidentally drowned here, this afternoon, while bathing. The body was found shortly afterwards. An inquest will take place to-morrow.

The Cost of English Yachting.

(*St. James's Budget.*)

Yachting is generally known to be a tolerably expensive form of sport ; but few persons really appreciate the immense amount of capital that is spent in the amusement. The yachts in commission this season number 2,319, and their aggregate tonnage is 111,424 tons. To put it at the lowest figure, the capital expended in building and equipping this holiday fleet amounts to close on three millions sterling. Indeed, this estimate is probably in one sense a good deal below the mark. It must be remembered that there is a vast difference in cost between the cruiser and the racer. Take the ten-ton class of yachts for example. A fairly good ten-tonner for cruising purposes can be bought for something like $1,500. To have a first-class ten-ton racer designed and built is an enterprise that will cost from $4.000 to $5,000. And then if a crack boat turns out—as the best designed and best built boats sometimes will—a few minutes slower over a forty-mile course than her rivals, she sinks at once to cruiser class and cruiser place. A racing boat, too, costs much more to man and to keep than a cruiser. The racing skipper and the racing crew are picked men and can command high wages. Yacht-racing, in fact, within the last few years has created a special class of sailors as well as a special class of shipbuilders and it provides both with highly lucrative employment.

They Wanted Snipe's Feather.

(*From the Ithaca Democrat.*)

Two well-known sportsmen of this plac were recently casting flies for trout on a stream some twenty miles from this village, when a singular thing took place. They had tried several varieties of files without success, notwithstanding the fact that quantities of fine fish were plainly to be seen swimming about near the surface. Every attempt to induce them to rise to the fly was unavailing. Suddenly, our informant states, as he gave his line a smart fling, a bird, commonly known as a "teeter snipe," flitted across the stream just in time to have the hook strike his body and detach a small feather. No sooner had the hook, with the snipe feather attached, reached the water, than it was seized by a fine trout. This fish, with five others, was quickly landed, when the snipe's feather became detached and was lost. Then the sport was at an end, for the fish would not rise to any other sort of fly.

"MOTHER SNAW'S WORM SYRUP."

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation 25

The office of Black Rod was worth over £7,000 a year when it was held by Sir Augustus Clifford ; but at his death there was a root and branch reform, and a salary of £2,000 was substituted for the fees and allowances. The post carries with it a house at Westminster adjoining that occupied by the Speaker. The duties are not heavy during the session, and for five months in the year there is nothing to do. The Queen can dispose of the place exactly as she pleases. This was settled a few years ago after a lengthened inquiry into precedent.

Kid Gloves of the best make, every pair warranted.
Chamois (Washing) Jersey Gloves
Black and Tan Swede Jersey Gloves.
Jersey Silk Gloves.
Jersey Thread Gloves.
Morley's Celebrated Hosiery.
Spun Silk Hose, in Black, Sky & Grenat.
Frillings in India Muslin, Lace and Crape Lisse, Black, White and Cream.
Ladies' Silk Ties, Collarettes and Collars.
Ladies' Silk Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Morocco Bags, best quality.

SIMONS & FOULDS,
FABRIQUE STREET.
August 6, 1883.

One Experience from Many.

I have been sick and miserable so long and had caused my husband so much trouble and expense, no one seemed to know what ailed me, that I was completely disheartened and discouraged. In this frame of mind I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural, but when I told them what had helped me, they said "Hurrah for Hop Bitters ! long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and us happy."—The Mother.

Glover, Fry & Co.,
ESTABLISHED 1842.

STRANGERS VISITING QUEBEC ARE invited to inspect our Choice and well Selected Stock of

FANCY DRY GOODS !

Rich Black Silks, Ottomans and Satins, Plain and Brocaded, Black Lyons Dress Velvets, Embroidered and Paisley Cashmere Robes, Dress Goods in great variety, Paisley Dolmans, Ulsters, Polisses and other Wraps.

Silk Thread and Cotton Hosiery, all the New Shades.

Alexandre's best Paris Kid Gloves, Tan Mousquetaire and Gauntlet Gloves, Real Duchesse, Honiton and other Laces, Honiton and Maltese Collars, Sets and Berthe's, Black and Cream Spanish Lace, Pelerines, &c.

China Crape, Silk and Satin Neck Ties, Fans, &c.

New Goods by Every Mail Steamer !

Dresses made in first-class style, and at very Short Notice, also Mantles, Ulsters, &c.

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT !

A LARGE STOCK WILL BE FOUND of the Latest Novelties in Hosiery, Underclothing, Gloves, Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, &c.

Water-Proof and Other Overcoats !

A first-rate Tailor and Cutter on the Premises to make to measure at Short Notice, with a Choice Stock of Coatings and Trowserings to select from.

GLOVER, FRY & Co.
July 31, 1883.

TOURISTS

ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED TO inspect the largest and best selected Stock of Marine, Field and Opera Glasses, Compasses, Eye-Glasses, Spectacles, Purses, Wallets, Card and Cigar Cases, Pencils, Fans, and Fancy Goods.

—ALSO—

Diamond, Gold, Sterling Silver, Onyx, and Whitby Jet Jewellery.

☞ Gold, Silver and Nickle Stemwinding Watches.

Clocks running One Year with one winding.

—AT—

G. SEIFERT'S
EUROPEAN BAZAAR,
12, Fabrique Street, 12.
Jul 7 1883

Received by S.S. Sarmatian."

REGULATION LAWN TENNIS BATS and Balls.

Badminton, Croquet and Cricket Setts.

—ALSO—

VIENNA BRASS GOODS, in great variety and Style.

—AT—

G. SEIFERT'S
EUROPEAN BAZAAR,
12, FABRIQUE STREET.
July 16, 1883.

S. J. SHAW & Co.,

St. John Street, Upper Town, and Sous-le-Fort Street, Lower Town,

SPECIAL TO SPORTSMEN

We have just opened our first shipment this season of London

FISHING TACKLE

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SOMETHING EXTRA IN

FLY RODS,

—AND—

Salmon and Trout Flies.

Please Call and Examine at the St. John Street Store.

Prices "ALL RIGHT.'

New Summer Hats !

Just received per "Peruvian":

Gentlemen's Drab Felts,

SEASIDE HATS,

ALL THE NEW COLORS !

Straws, Helmets of Pith, Fibre, and Linen at Lowest Prices.

G. R. RENFREW & CO.,
35, BUADE STREET.
July 4, 1883.

Notice to Tourists !

IN THE OLD STAND OF

FYFE & LEITCH

WILL BE FOUND A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF

Laces, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Fichus, Shawls, &c.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

ALL AT LOW PRICES

☞ INSPECTION INVITED

July 13, 1883. nl2-Lm

ANDREWS BROS.

Succ. Late THOS. ANDREWS,

No. 1, ST. JOHN STREET.

Flies ! Flies ! Flies !

☞ Call and Examine our Splendid Assortment of Trout Flies, which we have just received.

Our Salmon Flies are made by Forrest & Son, of Kelso.

We have also the Largest Assortment of Salmon and Trout Rods, from the best makers.

Our Assortment of Baits and Phantom Minnows, Spoons, Gaffs, Landing Nets, Marana Gut, Hooks, Casting Lines, etc.,

CAN'T BE BEATEN !

☞ We have, without exception, the most complete stock of Fishing Tackle etc., to be had in the City.

And a General Assortment of House-Furnishing and Cabinet Hardware.

—AT—

ANDREWS BROS.

Succ. late Thos. Andrews,

No. 1, St. John Street.
Jul 12, 1883.

Cheap Straw Hats !

I AM CLOSING OUT THE balance of my STRAW HATS at and Below Cost Price.

COME AND GET ONE !

JAMES C. PATERSON,
27, BUADE STREET.
July 24, 1883.

DAVIDSON & HORAN,

IMPORTERS,

172 John St. and 5 Ferry St., Levis

WE ARE NOW OFFERING CHEAP Lines of the following Goods, to which we invite attention :—

Ladies' Trimmed Straw Hats, from $1.50 to $4.00.
Ladies', Girls and Boy's Straw Hats, from 5 cents to $1.50
Ladies' Corsets, a full assortment, from 50 cents to $2.75.
Ladies' Silk, Lace, and Fancy Scarfs, from 10 cents to $2.00.
Ladies' White and Colored Skirts, from 35 cents to $5.50.
Ladies' and Girl's Parasols, from 50 cents to $7.50.
Ladies' Alpaca, Regina and Silk Umbrellas, from 30 cent to $5.50.
India Muslin and Lisse Frillings, from 3 cents to 75 cents.
Sash Ribbons, a choice assortment, from 35 cents to $1.75.
Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, from 5 cents to $1.00

July 21, 1883.

Tailor to His Excellency the Governor-General.

D. MORGAN,
Place d'Armes, Facing Dufferin Terrace
REMOVED.

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED AT THE above address a large assortment of Fancy Coatings, Suitings and Trowserings which I will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

ALSO, Gentlemen's Furnising Goods, Umbrellas, Rubber Coats, Read-Made Clothing, etc., etc.

☞ Remember the place, PLACE D'ARMES, facing Dufferin Terrace.

July 14, 1883. feb12'81 Lm

Gent's Furnishings !

LARGE ASSORTMENT.

White and Colored Shirts, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Silk H'dkfs, &c., &c.

DENT'S DRIVING GLOVES !

DENT'S KID GLOVES, IN ALL COLORS,

—AT—

J. DARLINGTON & SON,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
uly 17, 1883. apl2-Lm

W. WATSON

HAS THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT of

MALT LIQUORS

in the Province, and invites the attention of the Trade to the various qualities of

MOLSON'S,
REINHARDT'S,
FLETCHER'S,
McCARTHY'S,

and other well-known BREWERS' make of

Ales, Porter & Lager

all now in fine condition for prompt delivery.

None genuine unless labelled

WATSON PACKING CO'Y,

Home and Export Bottlers of

ALES, PORTER, LAGER, &C.,

2 Bath and 30 St. Charles Streets,
QUEBEC.

☞ Shipping and Family Orders a Speciality.

August 2, 1883,

C. BRANDAUER & Co.'s

CELEBRATED

CIRCULAR POINTED PENS

The points of these PENS are so rounded off as to make fluttering and catching in the paper impossible, and at the same time they will make fine or heavy strokes at the will of the writer, a result hither to deemed impossible to obtain. The peculiar feel in writing is very much the same as is noticed only in Gold Pens of the more expensive description.

—FOR SALE BY—

W. STANLEY,
82, St. Peter Street.
June 11, 1883. nov28- m

FOR SALE.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

ESTABLISHED IN 1861.

THAT MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, No. 28, FABRIQUE STREET, owned and occupied by Mr. R. Morgan, Music Dealer, who is retiring from business. This property is well known and in perfect order. It runs from street to street,—having an entrance on Garneau Street. Eight Thousand Dollars of the purchase money can remain on it at 6%.

For particulars, apply to
MEREDITH & COUTURE,
Notaries,
St. Peter Street.
August 9, 1883. F

NOTICE TO STENOGRAPHERS

IN CONFORMITY WITH THE Statute 46 Vict., Chap. 26, a Committee of the Council of the Quebec Bar will meet in the ADVOCATES' LIBRARY, Quebec, on

Monday, the 20th August inst.,

At TEN o'clock A.M.,

for the purpose of examining applicants for the position of Official Stenographers.

Upon the report of the Committee, the Council will appoint five Stenographers, three French and two English, who shall be Officers of the Court, and shall receive a remuneration of 20 cents per hundred words, payable from a fund provided by means of fees to be collected from the party producing the evidence.

Remington Type-Writers will be furnished by the Bar.

For further information address
R. J. BRADLEY,
Secretary
Quebec Bar.
August 9, 1883. td

HANSA STEAMSHIP COMPANY

—FROM—

HAMBURG, ANTWERP AND HAVRE !

THE S.S. "BAUMWALL" WILL SAIL from Hamburg for Montreal on the 1st September, calling at Antwerp and Havre, and probably at Halifax.

Intending importers should at once communicate with their correspondents in Europe.

For freight and other information apply to
F. LARISZ, Hamburg,
WM. DARLEY BENTLEY,
317, St. Paul St., Montreal.
Or, to
WM. M. MACPHERSON,
75, Dalhousie Street,
Quebec.
August 9, 1883. F

NOTICE.

THE OWNERS OF NORW. Bark "TINTEN" will not pay any debts whatever contracted by the Crew, while in this Port.

L. J. OLSEN,
Master.
August 9, 1883. C

Wanted to Rent,

BETWEEN ST. JOHN'S GATE and Mount Pleasant an Unfurnished Flat of several rooms, in one of which must be Water. Rooms suitable for house-keeping for a quiet married couple without children. Rent must be low, house clean and respectable.

For further particulars address prepaid to
A. B.,
"CHRONICLE" Office.
August 8, 1883. tf

ST. LEON SPRINGS !

WE RECEIVE WEEKLY A FULL supply of MINERAL WATER from the celebrated ST. LEON SPRINGS.

This water is recommended by all Doctors and consumers as a most efficient remedy for Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Constipation and Liver Complaint.

This water drank when slightly warmed acts directly on the bowels. It is warranted to keep good for any period of time, and in all climates.

The analysis of this celebrated water made by Professor Chs. F. Chandler, of the Mining School, Columbia College, New York, shows the highest degree of excellence this water possesses as a refreshing beverage and a mild laxative The actual chemical analysis can be seen at our stores.

For sale by Messrs. R. McLeod, LaRoche & Co., Druggists, Upper Town, and F. E. Gauvreau & Bro., Dr. Ed. Morin & Co., Druggists, St. John Suburbs.

GINGRAS & LANGLOIS,
SOLE AGENTS,
54, Palace Street, Quebec.
August 8, 1883. F

Stained Glass Windows

AT A VERY TRIFLING COST !

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed Sole Agent in this district for the

Patent "Glacier" Window Decoration

is prepared to take orders for the embellishment of Churches, Chapels, Private Dwellings, Public Halls, &c., &c.

Unlike many things invented for the purpose of window decoration, this cannot be rubbed off the window, defaced by cleaning or injured by frost.

Top Lights in Stair Landings, Door Panels and Side Lights, Conservatories, Lavatories, Libraries, etc., are beautifully embellished by the "GLACIER" DECORATION.

Hotel-Keepers will find it most useful in improving windows having back views.

Samples may be seen, all information obtained, and orders taken at DAWSON & CO'S, 72, St. Peter Street, as well as at the Agent's.

WM. M. McDONALD,
ST. JOHN STREET.
August 8, 1883. Am

British America

ASSURANCE CO'Y,

FIRE & MARINE.

T. H. MAHONY,

SOLE AGENT,

QUEBEC AND DISTRICT.

August 7, 1883. F

LaROCHE & Co
AGENTS.

LONDON, ENG.,
63, Hatton Garden, E.C.

MONTREAL,
135, St. James Street.

B. LAURANCE'S SPECTACLES.

Messrs. LaROCHE & CO., Chemists, Opposite Post Office, Quebec

have determined to keep a complete assortment of the above celebrated Lenses. LAURANCE'S SPECTACLES, so well known and appreciated in the United Kingdom, will be offered by them to spectacle wearers at the same prices they are sold at in England.

Ground on scientific principles from either the clearest and purest PEBBLE, or from optical glass especially MANUFACTURED FOR THE PURPOSE, they are without exception best adapted to restore the ravages of age, and to retain perfect vision ; for these reasons they are especially recommended by the most eminent of the faculty.

For the proper introduction of this important branch of their business Messrs. LaROCHE & CO. have made arrangements to procure the services of

MR. B. LAURANCE, WHO WILL ADAPT LENSES

without extra charge, and his invaluable services will be placed at the disposal of Messrs. LaROCHE & CO'S customers

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.

Each Eye will undergo a Special Examination, and the Spectacles will be fitted with the particular Lens best suited to the condition of each eye,

and as no better opportunity will ever be offered for persons with impaired sight to be properly suited, Messrs. LaROCHE & CO. trust this oppo tunity will be duly appreciated. Read the following from many hundreds of testimonials received from some of the most prominent men in Canada :—

Lieut.-General Sir Patrick McDougall, K.C.B.G.
Chief Justice James McDonald, N.S., late Minister of Justice.
Loran E. Baker, M.L.C., N.S.
Chief Justice Sir William Young.
Rev. Dr. Hill, Rector of St. Paul's, Halifax.
The Hon. W. J. Almon, M.D., Senator, N.S.
The Hon. A. W. Smith, Judge Supreme Court, N.S.
J. Scott Hutton, Principal Deaf and Dumb Asylum, N.S.
Dr. Arthur Moren, Physician to Deaf and Dumb Asylum, N.S.
Wm. Dunbar, Ex-Mayor of Halifax
Edward Jennings, M.D., Vice-President of the Medical Association of Canada.
Wm. Tobin, F.R.C.S., Halifax.
W. B. Slayter, M.D., Halifax, President Medical Council, N.S.
H. C. Herbert, M.D., F.R.C.S., Surgeon-Major, A.M.D., Chief of H.M. Medical Staff in Canada.
John L. Humphrey, M.P.P.
Hon. Bliss Botsford, J. C. C., Moncton.
T. Williams, Treasurer, I.C.R.
A. N. Borque, M.D., Moncton.
R. J. Baxter, M.D., Moncton.
Hon. A. G. Blair, Premier of New Brunswick,
Dr. Rand, Chief Superintendent of Education, N.B.
Senator Archibald, N.S.
Lieut.-Governor of P.E.I., Hon. T. Heath Haviland.
The Hon. Judge Weldon, Supreme Court, N.B.
Hon. Lt.-Col. Gillespie, President Executive Council, N.B.
The Hon. Judge Wetmore, Supreme Court, N.B.
John Livingston, Esquire, Editor Montreal "Herald."
Peter Lynch, Esq., Q.C.
J. Woodford, M.D., St. John, N.B.
M. T. Bruce, M.D., Woodstock, N.B
J. R. McLean, M.D., Oculist, Halifax, N.S.

From Lieut.-Gov. T. Heath Haviland.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
1st June, 1883.

Dear Sir,—The Eye-Glasses and Spectacles purchased from you in December last have given me comfort and satisfaction, and I never experience any strain upon my eyes after using them. I remain, Dear Sir,

Your obed't Servt.,
T. HEATH HAVILAND,
Lieut.-Gov.

MR. B. LAURANCE.

From Hon. A. G. Blair, Premier.

Fredericton, N.B., May 8, 1883.

B. LAURANCE, Esq.—*Dear Sir,*—I have very great pleasure in certifying to the comfort and assistance I have experienced in the use of the Eye-Glasses of yours at the store of Mr. Geo. H. Davis, Fredericton.

AND. G. BLAIR.

From J. R. McLean M.D., Oculist.

Having numerous opportunities during the past few months of testing Mr. Laurance's Glasses, and also his knowledge of the art of fitting them to the eye, I would say, in my opinion, he is the best Optician in the Dominion. J. R. McLEAN.

Halifax, Dec. 20, 1883.

From Senator Archibald.

North Sydney, C.B., 12th June, 1883.

B. LAURANCE, Esq., Halifax,—I have been wearing your Glasses for the last few months, and have experienced great satisfaction from the use of them, and I can strongly recommend you to my friends as an Optician to be relied on, and shall be glad to see you in Cape Breton for the purpose of establishing an agency for the sale of your Lenses.

Yours truly,
T. D. ARCHIBALD.

From the Editor of the Montreal "Herald."

My Dear Sir,—"I have been wearing for several weeks Spectacles purchased from you, and I have great pleasure in informing you that they have given me better satisfaction than any glasses I had previously used. They are equally as good for reading as for outdoor use. I appreciate the tinted pebbles, and would cordially recommend your goods to all who need aids to sight." Yours truly,
JOHN LIVINGSTON.

From Hon. Judge Wetmore, Supreme Bench, N.B

My Dear Sir,—From the flattering notice of your Eye-Glasses and Spectacles, I was induced to purchase a pair of each, and am happy to say they have proved quite equal to your recommendation and have given entire satisfaction.

Yours faithfully, A. R. WETMORE.

Fredericton, 4th May, 1883.
Mr. B. LAURANCE.

From Hon. Lieut.-Col. Gillespie, President of the Executive Council, N.B.

Dear Sir,—Having purchased Eye-Glasses and Spectacles from you that suit my sight admirably and make it equal to what it was a few years ago, I confidently recommend them to any person whose sight demands improvement. I remain, dear sir,

Your obedient servant,
W. T. GILLESPIE.

Fredericton, May 4th, 1883.
To MR. B. LAURANCE.

From His Honor Judge Weldon, Supreme Bench, N.B.

I have obtained from Mr. Laurance a pair of Eye-Glasses, and Spectacles, which are superior to any I have had for the last 30 years—having used glasses for that period. J. W. WELDON.

St. John, N.B., March 14th, 1883.

From Dr. Rand, Chief Superintendent of Education, N.B.

Dear Sir,—The Glasses supplied to me by Mr. Laurance are very satisfactory. For nearly ten years past I have suffered with pain in my eyes. The Glasses have already almost entirely relieved the pain.

May 6th, 1883. THEODORE H. RAND.

*From Chief Justice James McDonald (

WHILE ON A VISIT TO FRANCE

recently, Dr. M. Souvielle, founder of the Montreal International Throat and Lung Institute, and ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, was interviewed by many eminent professors of the leading faculties of Europe concerning his new Spirometrical treatment for chronic diseases of the air passages, such as are known by the names of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Throat and Lung troubles, and we are glad to say that such diseases are no longer feared, even Consumption until its very last stage. The Dr. has associated with him European specialists, who are in charge of the Montreal branch of the Montreal International Throat and Lung Institute. Parties unable to visit his offices can be successfully treated by letter addressed Dr. M. Souvielle, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army, 13, Phillips Square, Montreal, or 173, Church Street, Toronto, offices for Canada. Full particulars free on receipt of stamp. Physicians and Sufferers can try it free at the offices.

The Surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute will be at the Russell House for several days from August 10th.

August 7, 1883. aug4-Lm

SUTHERLAND'S

TRADE MARK

RHEUMATINE

THE GREAT CURE FOR

RHEUMATISM

And all complaints of a Rheumatic nature,

RHEUMATINE is not a sovereign remedy for "all the ills that flesh is heir to," but for NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, and complaints of Rheumatic nature;

IT IS A SURE CURE

From MRS. M. WEBSTER, mother of the late Registrar of Wellington Co., and wife of the former Registrar of Guelph.

350, Woolwich St., Guelph, Feb. 28, 1882.

MY DEAR MR. SUTHERLAND: I have had so many people applying to me for particulars of your famous medicine, "Rheumatine," that I thought I would write and ask you particulars about it. My son Robert, in Ceylon, hearing of the wonderful relief it has given my daughter Ada, wrote asking if you had an agency in the East, or in England.

Would you kindly write to me at your leisure, and tell me all about it, so that I may communicate with my son, and give information to people inquiring, for the fact of *my daughter's severe illness*, and COMPLETE CURE, has gone far and wide. We followed the directions on the bottles *to the letter*. By the time she had finished the second bottle, all pains had left her, she slept well, and had a good appetite, and found her strength coming back, but she took the third so as to complete the cure. She has not suffered at all since from rheumatism, although we have had a changeable, trying winter. I am glad we will now be able to get it in our own city, as Mr. Petric told me he had sent for some.

I remain yours, very truly,
M. WEBSTER.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The Rheumatine Manufacturing Co.,

NIAGARA FALLS, ONT.

August 9, 1883. apl19-Lm-d&w

EAGAR'S
Wine of Rennet,

For Making Sweet Curd, Junket Cheese Cake, &c., &c.

ONE TEASPOONFUL OF THE WINE mixed with each half Pint of warm (not hot) milk, and set aside in a dish or mould, will form a curd or junket, which can be eaten with Cream or Wine Sauce as a Dessert or for Tea and will be found to be a delicious addition to any meal. It can be made in five minutes and costs but a few cents.

This preparation combines the digestive principle of the stomach with the active principle of the Rennet of the sucking calf, and it is therefore an excellent remedy for Dyspepsia and Indigestion, as well as a Delicious Dessert.

The coagulation of milk being the first step of the process of digestion; the junket of milk made by this WINE OF RENNET (which is peptonized milk), will prove a valuable food for infants who have been deprived of the breast, and who have a difficulty in digesting cow's milk.

As a preventive and in the treatment of INFANTILE SUMMER COMPLAINTS it has proved to be of great value, both here and in the United States; and as milk contains all the constituents necessary for the healthy formation of bone, brain and muscle, it will when peptonized by EAGAR'S WINE OF RENNET, prove far superior to many of the infant foods which are so largely sold.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists.

R. McLEOD and DR. ED. MORIN & CO.

July 23, 1883. jn1-Fm

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston *Globe*.]

Messrs. Editors:—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements, and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

November 23, 1882. Lmd&w

University of Bishop's College,
LENNOXVILLE.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, Tuesday, Sept. 18th.

Two Bursaries open for competition.

Lectures begin Sept. 20th.

For Calendar or Information, apply to

Rev. Principal LOBLEY,
Cacouna, P.Q.

Or,

E. CHAPMAN, Esq., M.A.,
Lennoxville.

August 6, 1883. t17sep

Bishop's College School, Lennoxville.

THE WORK OF THE NEXT TERM will begin on Tuesday, Sept 18th.

For Prospectus or information, apply to

Rev. Principal LOBLEY,
Rector,
Cacouna, P.Q.

Or,

E. CHAPMAN, Esq., M.A.,
Lennoxville.

August 6, 1883. t17sep

URSULINES OF QUEBEC

THE CLASSES OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the 3rd of September.

August 6, 1883. F

THE ONTARIO PRESS EXCURSION.

DEPARTURE OF THE JOURNALISTS FOR THE SAGUENAY.

Presentation of an Address of Welcome.

here was a good representation of the press-men of Quebec and their ladies on the Richelieu Company's wharf yesterday morning, awaiting the arrival of the Ontario Press excursionists from Montreal, by steamer.

Amongst others who were present to receive and welcome the journalists from the sister Province, we noticed His Worship the Mayor of Quebec, Hon. F. Langelier.

On board the boat, Mr. Levasseur, President of the Associated Press of Quebec, presented and read in both languages the following address of welcome to the Ontario Press Association on behalf of the Associated Press of the Province of Quebec:—

"*Mr. President and Gentlemen,*—

"An old custom under similar circumstances imposes on me the pleasing duty of presenting you an address. Although it often happens that this amounts merely to a matter of form, you are begged to believe that in this case it is the most effective manner which we have found to express to you our unbounded satisfaction on your arrival in our midst. You may depend on this, that every one of us will personally endeavour to prove how sincere is the collective expression of the good wishes which I pray you to accept in the name of the Associated Press of the Province of Quebec.

"The inhabitants of the majestic shores of the rivers St. Lawrence and Saguenay will in a few hours tender you an hospitality which their hearts would like to make more substantial and worthier of their guests. Murray Bay and Chicoutimi will open the programme, Fraserville will follow, and Quebec will close the series of our testimonies of sympathy. It will be a festival of wishes of welcome and happiness. You are invited, Mr. President and gentlemen, to believe in every one of them, for once more everything here is real.

"The country which you are going to visit, and whose characteristics you are prepared to dot down in your notebooks, totally differs, physically and economically from that where you have your homes and which is indebted to your activity for its prosperity. Instead of immeasurable and fertile prairies, here you will find mountains, hills and valleys. Behind the immense chain of the Laurentides on the north, and some fragments of the Alleghanys on the south, vast and fertile plains exist under a milder climate. There lie the sanguine hopes of our Province of Quebec. When the great West will have fulfilled the last of its brilliant promises, then it is probable that the eyes of the multitude will turn to this future granary. There will be a return to the cradle of the colony, to the nest of our love.

"The time is probably not far distant when a great railway, being a sequence to the Canadian Pacific Railway, will cross through the empire of the Saguenay, going by the northern shores of the St. Lawrence and shortening by three days the transportation of travellers and traffic across the Atlantic.

"I would like to say a little more on the matter, but the limits of an address and the many details concerning the organization of the trip prevent me from imposing any longer upon your patience.

"Again and again, I tender you my best thanks, in the name of the Associated Press of the Province of Quebec, for having decided to pay a visit to our province. My best thanks are also due to the ladies of your party, who have consented to brave the fatigues of the trip, and grace the excursion by their presence; as usual, they will not be the least attraction of the excursion."

The President of the Ontario Press Association made a suitable reply, and in a very few minutes, the Quebec excursionists having joined their Ontario *confreres* on board the fine steamer "Union" of the St. Lawrence Steam Navigation Company, the latter was loosed from the moorings, which held her to the Montreal steamer, and the "A" Battery band, which accompanied the excursionists, struck up a lively air as the steamers swung around into the St. Lawrence and headed down the stream.

The day was beautifully fine and the sail down the stream was much enjoyed. We learn by special despatch from Murray Bay that the press excursionists arrived there at half-past two, after a splendid trip. They were received with a salute of cannon and a large crowd. All hurried to Duberger's Music Hall, where the attendance was so very large that an adjournment took place to the grove of trees outside, to hear Judge Routhier's eloquent address. They left at four o'clock for River du Loup, having first driven to Cap-a-l'Aigle and received another address from Col. Reeves at Mount Murray.

A very slight halt was made at River du Loup wharf, and the "Union" crossed right over to Tadousac last night. The reception at Chicoutimi occurs to-day and that at River du Loup and Cacouna to-morrow.

SHIPPING.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS

Date.	*Steamship.*	*Arrived at*	*From.*
Aug 8	—Ethiopia	Moville	New York
"	—Gen Werder	Southampton	"
"	—Greece	New York	London
"	—Canada	"	Havre
"	—State of Florida	"	Glasgow

Probabilities for the Next 24 Hours for the St. Lawrence, etc., etc.

TORONTO, August 9, 1 a.m.—All Canada—Light to moderate variable winds and fine warm weather.

The Allan ss "Waldensian," Captain Dalziel, from Glasgow, arrived at Boston, at 3 p m on Tuesday.

DONALDSON SS LINE.—The ss "Cynthia," Capt. Taylor, left Montreal, at 5.45 a m, and arrived at 4 p m yesterday, changed pilots and proceeded for Glasgow.

The ss "Dorset," from Bristol, passed inward, at Father Point, at 4.20 p m yesterday, with 50 passengers and a general cargo.

The ss "Thetford" arrived from Montreal at 11.30 a m yesterday, changed pilots and proceeded for sea.

The ss "Thornhill" arrived from Montreal at 1.30 p m yesterday, changed pilots and proceeded for sea.

The ss "Lake Nepigon" arrived from Montreal at 6 p m yesterday, changed pilots, and proceeded for sea.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—The steamer "Miramichi," inwards, left Gaspe, at 7 a m yesterday.

Barks "Kate Mellick," Captain Chisholm, from Pictou, N.S., July 28, and "Progress," Captain Tellefsen, from Kingston, May 12, via Anatto Bay, arrived in port yesterday morning, in tow of tug "Champion No. 2." The agent reports the following inward bound vessels from Father Point up to White Island:—Barks "Charlotte and Anna," "Canada," "Balmoral," "Connemara," "Monarch," for the Saguenay for orders; "Bjorviken," for Montreal; "Condor," "Lanarkshire," one light brig; three light black barks; one light painted port bark. The barks "Kate Mellick and "Progress" proceeded for Montreal, at 6 p m yesterday, in tow of same steamer.

Bark "Canada," Captain Spillane, from Cork, June 22nd, arrived in port, yesterday evening, in tow of steamer "Contest."

Bark "Georgetown," arrived from Montreal, yesterday afternoon, in tow of steamer "Mersey," and anchored in the stream.

Bark "Golden State" came out of Dock yesterday morning, after having received a thorough overhaul and a new suit of yellow metal. She proceeded at once to her owner's wharf, at Cap Rouge, to load for South America.

Bark "Ironsides" (of Quebec), came out of Roche's Dock, yesterday, after receiving a thorough repair, and being re-metalled. She loads at once for Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

By telegraph to D. & J. Maguire.—Boston, Mass., August 8—Arrived, bark "Alice" (of Quebec), Captain Boulanger, from Barbadoes, W. I., sugar laden.

Steamer "Ranger" arrived yesterday afternoon, from River des Prairies, with a raft of square timber in tow for Mr. Conroy, Cap Rouge.

Steamer "Canada" arrived yesterday evening, from Riviere des Prairies, with a raft of saw logs in tow, for Messrs. G. B. Hall & Co., Montmorency Falls.

Steamer "Gatineau" arrived yesterday afternoon, from Riviere des Prairies, with a raft of saw logs in tow, for Messrs. G. B. Hall & Co., Montmorency Falls.

Steamer "Mersey" arrived yesterday afternoon, from Montreal, with bark "Georgetown" in tow.

Steamer "Boston" left yesterday evening with barges in tow for Montreal.

The steam-tug "Lake" arrived at 3 a.m. today from Green Island, with the bark "Condor" in tow. After coaling the "Lake" left for Montreal, with the above vessel in tow.

The American Frigate "Vandalia"

St. Pierre-Miquelon, Aug. 6, 1883.—The American corvette "Vandalia," Capt. Wallace, arrived here on Friday. Her visit was the occasion of a *soiree dansante* on Saturday evening, which proved a great success, pleasing alike to hosts and guests. A committee of six gentlemen, with the American Consul as president, was appointed to carry out the programme. The spacious apartments of the Hotel Joinville were filled with the elite of the society of the colony, including the Governor and staff, the Mayor and other notabilities. Capt. Wallace and officers expressed their satisfaction at the cordial reception tendered them by the citizens. Excellent music was furnished by the band of the local force, kindly offered by the commanding officer, Captain Nicolas. The "Vandalia" sailed this morning for Fortune Bay, and will subsequently proceed to Quebec and Montreal.

Total Loss of a British Vessel—Rescue of Two Fishermen.

St. Johns, August 6.—A despatch from Cape Broyle this morning announces the total loss of the British barkentine "Octavia" at Ferryland Head on Saturday night. The "Octavia" left St. Johns on Friday noon, bound for Sydney, Cape Breton. The crew were saved. The mail steamer "Curlew" arrived from the west and south coasts this morning. She brought two American fishermen, taken out of a dory, near Trepassey, yesterday morning in almost a dying condition. They were for six days and nights without any water or food. It appears that during a dense fog they strayed from their vessel, the "Challenge," Captain Silas Hodgson, of Gloucester. They have been handed over to the care of the United States Consul at this port. Their names are Charles Taylor and Edward Lander. There is a boom in codfish at St Pierre. A sale has just been made of 40,000 quintals, deliverable in Spanish ports, at forty-four francs per quintal. Bordeaux and Granville offer thirty-two francs, minus bounty; and green cod is being readily bought from the fishermen at twenty-three francs.

Bremen, Aug 5—Sailed, bark "Fornjot," Capt. Moe, for Montreal.

Libau, to Aug 6—Sailed, bark "Nord Amerika" (Nor), Torjensen, Montreal.

Philadelphia, Aug 6—Cleared, strs "Carlisle" (Br), Tate, Montreal; "Glendevon" (Br), Gordon, do.

Montevideo, Aug 6—Ship "Stockbridge" (Br), Congden, from Port Glasgow March 30 for San Francisco, has put into this port with foremast sprung.

DERELICT.—A large vessel, bottom up, metalled, was passed July 4, in lat 9 15, long 121 W, by bark "Newark" (Br), at San Francisco July 29 from Newcastle, E. The metal on her looked bright, but that was owing to the action of the water.

Chicago, Aug 8—Portions of a wreck were cast ashore near Grand Haven, Mich. It is surmised the schr "Nellie and Annie" is lost. She had a crew of five.

Halifax, NS, Aug 8—Steamer "Hibernian," from Liverpool arrived at St John's, NF, this afternoon, and will be due here on Friday.

Dover, Aug 8—Two Norwegian barks collided to-day. One sank, carrying down thirteen of the crew.

Mayaguez, July 17—Sailed, schr "Alta" (Br), Veagle, Quebec.

Ponce, PR, July 11—Arrived, schr "Parole" (Br), Smith, Barbadoes (and sailed 18th for Montreal.

London, August 6—Ship "Eskdale" (Br), Currie, for San Francisco, which put back to Liverpool after collision, is leaking, and her bows are damaged.

Bark "Cathella" (Br), from Savanna-la-Mar for Montreal, which put into Bermuda in distress, completed repairs and reloaded cargo, and remained in port August 3, to sail in 4 or 5 days.

Portland, Me., Aug. 6—Steamer "Brooklyn" (Br), left the dry dock to-day. She will load at Grand Trunk wharf for Liverpool and will sail in about two weeks.

SIGNAL AND TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

Daily Weather and Shipping Report.

Signal Stations.

SOUTH SHORE—RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.

River du Loup—3 p.m.—Clear; fresh westerly wind; str WGDP inward at 11 a m; one 3-masted steamer inward at same time; str Beaver with brigt Borviken in tow, passed W at twelve; str Lake with one bark in tow inward at 1 p m.

Father Point—3.00 p.m.—Clear and calm; str Dorset inward at 4.20 p m with 40 passengers; str Scotland outward at 5.15 p m.

Little Metis—3.00 p.m.—Clear and fine; light SW wind; one 3-masted steamer inward at 2.40 p m; two ships outward to-day.

Matane—3.00 p.m.—Overcast and fine; moderate W wind; str Dorset inward at noon; two schrs inward this p m.

Cape Chatte—3.00 p.m.—Clear and fine; light SW wind; str Dorset inward at 9 a m; str Excellent inward at 3 p m.

Martin River—3.00 p.m.—Clear; light W wind; one 3-masted ss inward at 1 a m; str Excellent inward at noon; str Rhodora inward at 2 p m.

Cape Magdalen—3 p.m.—Clear; strong NW wind; therm 59; two 2-masted steamers inward this a m; one str outward at 9; str Miramichi inward at 3 p m.

Fame Point—3.00 p.m.—Clear; light NW wind; str Polino, of Quebec, outward at 4.35 p m yesterday; one 3-masted str outward at 7 a m; one 2-masted and one 3-masted steamer inward this a m; str Newfield outward at 11.40 a m; str Miramichi inward at noon.

Fox River—3.00 p.m.—Fair; moderate NW wind; str Miramichi inward at 10.40 a m.

Cape Rosier—3.00 p.m.—Cloudy; moderate N breeze; therm 58; one 2 masted str outward this p m; str Miramichi inward at 9 a m.

Gaspe Coast.

Point Maquerau—3 p.m.—Cloudy and rainy; light SE breeze; one bark outward, bound west at 2 p m.

Cape Despair—3 p.m.—Cloudy with thunder and rain: light SE wind; one two-masted str bound south yesterday at 4 p m.

Island of Anticosti.

WEST POINT—3.00 p.m.—Clear; light W wind; therm 65; two 3 masted schooners inward this a m; schr Jeune Perdrie, of Strawberry Cove.

SOUTH-WEST POINT—3 p.m.—Clear; SW breeze; therm 63; one schr outward this a m to wrecks of Marietta and Lartington.

SOUTH POINT—3.00 p.m.—Clear; light W wind; one 3-masted str southward at 2 p m.

BERSIE RIVER—3.00 p.m.—Clear; light NW wind; no shipping.

FOX BAY—3.00 p.m.—Clear; light east wind and calm; one packet arrived at 5 a m and left again.

NORTH SHORE—RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.

Manicouagan, via Bersimis—3.50 p.m.—Str Otter inwards at Manicouagan; she left last night at 9.30 p.m., with a schooner in tow for Ste Anne.

Magdalen Islands.

BIRD ROCK—3.00 p.m—Moderate SW wind; fair weather; therm 66. Outward, eight barks and one ship.

Cape Breton.

MEAT COVE—Near Cape St. Lawrence, landing place of Magdalen Islands' cable—3.00 p.m.—Moderate west wind; fair, warm weather.

LOW POINT—3.00 p. m.—Light south wind; fair, warm weather. Outward, steamers North Britain, Filey, and Relief. Passed south, str Spark.

PORT OF QUEBEC—ARRIVED.

Aug 8—Kate Mellick, Chisholm, Pictou, NS, July 28, for Montreal.

Progress, Tellefsen, Kingston, Ja, May 17, via Anatto Bay, for Montreal.

Canada, Spillane, Cork, June 22

Condor, Mockler, Greenock, July 2, off Ailsa Craig, for Montreal.

ENTERED FOR LOADING.

Aug 8—Eleanor, 655, West Hartlepool, J Burstall & co, Hall's booms.

Magnificent, 1282, Liverpool, R R Dobell & co, Hearn's wharf.

Minerva, 416, Sunderland, John Sharples, Sons & co, Blais' booms.

CLEARED.

Aug 8—Bark Jehu, Campbell, Greenock, Smith, Wade & co.

—— Jane, England, Glasson Dock, do

TIDE TABLE.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC—CIVIL TIME—1883.

Aug.	Morning.	Evening.
Monday	6 8 40	8 56
Tuesday	7 9 13	9 29
Wednesday	8 9 40	10 1
Thursday	9 10 18	10 36
Friday	10 10 36	11 16
Saturday	11 11 40	— 5
Sunday	12 — 34	1 7

N.B.—The stream of tide runs up forty-five minutes after high water.

MOON'S PHASES

First Quarter, Friday, 10th August...8.09 a.m.

COMMERCIAL.

The following is the amount of duties collected at the Quebec Custom House, on the 8th Aug. at the Port of Quebec—$2460 87.

Montreal Stock Market—Aug. 8.

FIRST BOARD.

Bank of Montreal, 197½ to 197.
Ontario Bank, 114½ to 114¼; sales, 100 shares at 114¾.
Banque du Peuple, 79½ asked.
Molson's Bank, 126 to 124.
Bank of Toronto, 185 to 184.
Merchant's Bank, 121½ to 121; sales, 10 shares at 121½; 23 shares at 121.
Union Bank, 90 asked.
Bank of Commerce, 132⅞ to 132½; sales, 3 shares at 132½; 15 shares at 132¾.
Federal Bank, 159½ to 158½.
Montreal Telegraph Company, 122⅝ to 122½.
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 79½ to 78¾.
City Passenger Railway, 134 to 129.
Montreal Gas Company, 174½ to 174.
Dundas Cotton Company, 70 to 60.
St. Paul, M. and M. Railway, 110½ to 109½.
North-West Land Co., 56s to 54s 6d; sales, 100 shares at 55s.
Canada Pacific Railway, 55½ to 55; sales, 202 shares at 55½.

SECOND BOARD.

Bank of Montreal, 197 to 196¾; sales, 25 shares at 197.
Ontario Bank, 114¾ to 114½.
Banque du Peuple, 79½ asked.
Molson's Bank, 125½ to 121.
Bank of Toronto, 184 to 183½; sales, 25 shares at 184; 5 shares at 184.
Merchant's Bank, 121 to 120½; sales, 15 shares at 121; 1 share at 121¼; 125 shares at 120½; 11 shares at 120½.
Bank of Commerce, 133¼ to 132; sales, 60 shares at 132¼.
Federal Bank, 159 to 158; sales, 100 shares at 158½.
Montreal Telegraph Company, 122½ to 121¾.
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 79 to 78½.
City Passenger Railway Company, 134 to 129.
Montreal Gas Company, 174½ to 173½.
Dundas Cotton Company, 70 to 60.
St. Paul, M. and M. Railway, 110½ to 109.
North-West Land Co., 56s to 53s.
Canada Pacific Railway, 55¼ to 55.

MONTREAL, Aug 8—Flour—receipts 800 brls; sales reported, 200 brls. Market quiet but firm at generally unchanged rates. Quotations—Superior extra at 5,40 to 5,25; extra, 5,00 to 5,05; spring extra, 4,90 to 5,00; superfine, 4,10 to 4,30; strong bakers, 5,25 to 6,25; fine, 3,80 to 3,90; middles, 3,70 to 3,80; Pollards, 3,40 to 3,50; Ontario bags, 2,10 to 2,55; city bags, 2,90 to 3,00 for strong bakers. Grain—Wheat nominal; red winter at 1,16 to 1,18; white do, 1,14 to 1,15; spring, 1,14 to 1,15. Corn, 60c to 61c. Peas, 98c to 1,00. Oats, 36c. Barley, 55c to 60c. Rye, 65c to 67c. Oatmeal, 5,25 to 5,50. Cornmeal, 3,50 to 3,75. Provisions—Butter—Creamery, 18c to 20c; Townships, 16c to 18c; Western, 14c to 15c. Pork at 19,00 to 20,00. Lard, 12½c. Bacon, 13c. Hams, 14c. Cheese 9¾c.

LIVERPOOL, August 8, 11.30 a.m.—Cotton easier. Uplands 5 1-16d. Orleans 5 13-16d.

NEW YORK, August 8—Cotton quiet, at 10 3-16c. Flour steady; receipts 10,000 brls; sales 12,000 brls. Rye flour firm and unchanged. Wheat feverish; receipts 89,000 bus; sales 124,000 bus, No 2 red sellers September at 1,17½ to 1,18; 880,000 bus ditto sellers October at 1,20 to 1,20½; 360,000 ditto sellers November at 1,22 to 1,22½. Rye firm at 68c to 70c. Corn higher; receipts 1,400,000 bus; sales 1,420,000 bus, at 55c to 64c. Barley nominal. Oats opened better, afterwards declined; receipts 210,000 bus; sales 22,000 bus, at 38c to 41c for western mixed, and 39c to 51c for white western. Pork firm, at 15,50. Lard better, at 8,72½.

IMPORTS.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY—August 8—2 cases to Leger & Rinfret. 1 saw sharpener to E B Rich. 1 box to S J Shaw & co. 5 cases, 20 crates leather scrap to O Rochette.

PER NORTH SHORE RAILWAY—August 8—844 sacks flour to J B Renaud & co. 1 box hdware to St Lawrence Lumber Co. 1 case, 3 brls to C Peverley. 198 sacks flour to Kirouac & Son, 140 brls flour to W & R Brodie.

EXPORTS.

Aug 8—Per bark Jehu, Campbell, for Greenock—143 pcs oak, 388 do white pine, 26 do birch, 6 do ash, 1063 pine deals, 1873 do ends, 6153 spruce deals, 1000 WOWI staves, by Smith, Wade & co.

Per bark Jane, England, for Glasson Dock—12 pcs oak, 50 do elm, 20 do ash, 50 do red pine, 590 do white pine, 3034 do deals, 1307 do ends, 8 cords lathwood, by Smith, Wade & co.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents. No exception will be made to this rule

DEATH.

On the 8th instant, William A., youngest son of Michael Shields, aged 10 months.

The funeral will leave his father's residence, 8 Des Prairies street, St. Roch, this day (Thursday), at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

LADY BEAUTIFIERS.—Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks, and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France or beautifiers of the world, while in poor health and nothing will give you such rich blood, good health, strength and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof.

About the Play-Houses.

I saw Mrs. Langtry for about ten minutes once when she was not on the stage.

I made up my mind then that she would be a successful woman almost anywhere in a world made up in large part of men and masculine persons.

There were present several of these latter creatures, and they basked and gamboled in her sunshine with a new sense of their smartness and their strength.

She never contradicted them. She never questioned their statements. Every one of them felt in less than five minutes that she confided in him especially; that there was a secret bond of sympathy; that she had seized his better nature; that for once in his life he had met a woman who understood him.

If there is anything in this world that the masculine person yearns for, it is in this schedule.

When she was asked to express an opinion on some trivial matter—I don't remember whether it was Fanny Davenport's acting or the weather at Long Branch—she looked timidly round with her clear gray eyes upon each of the masculine persons, and said:—

"May I?"

Here we had the ivy and the oak reduced to practice.

Every man in that group grew an inch or two in stature and in girth without knowing it. A new magnanimity stirred in him and he cried, "Certainly! certainly!"

He felt that he would overlook all her weaknesses, all her immaturity of opinion, all her want of knowledge, as became a man. A sort of eloquent gray appeal went out from her eyes continually. It was like the bead on our youthful dreams when women were all confiding angels and wanted strong, manly natures to tell them what was the matter with them and what they ought to do and say.

I have met that "May I" woman a good many times since, and she always walked over the stones at places of life with sylph-like comfort, for all the masculine persons put their necks down for her to step upon.

She is the surerb phantom of the social circle, the mistress of the mob, the empress of the masculine persons everywhere, and nowhere is she such a mistress of the situation as in the theatre.

You must understand that, so far as the theatre goes, acting is an attempt to compromise the selfish antagonisms of women who exhibit and of men who have the exhibition places. The constant trouble arises from women having set ideas, convictions, principles and a whole catalogue of other troublesome peculiarities. They know too much, think too much, want too much.

They toss their heads defiantly. They wish it distinctly understood that they can't be taught anything, and they go about the country wrapped up in their strength of character only to find, after an arduous career, than every man's hand and tongue are turned against them.

To these noble mistakes the theatre, in its own choice slang, applies the language of the stable and calls them "kickers."

And to this troubled arena the "May I?" woman comes like a sweet breath of ether, and all is quiet.

She disarms temptation by an angelic subservience.

She defeats opposition, for there is never anything to oppose.

She is a continual and an invisible caress.

But it is like the caress of the pickpocket—it coaxes not only your pardon, but your purse.

My observation of masculine persons leads me to believe that they go about seeking whom they may devour—from a very early period in their masculinity—and when they meet a palpitating Charlotte Russe of this kind they encounter a new order of softness that disarms them. They have to eat it with a spoon.

Your ordinary masculine person doesn't want to be conjured. He wants to be cajoled. And in every act of pretty women who tyrannize with their black eyes and coerce with their saucy conduct there is one grey-eyed "May I" creature who quietly locks up all the men's hearts; and then, in their own sweet and docile way, tortures and pawns and burns them afterwards, without so much as a protesting squeak.

It is only a few years ago that the "May I?" following in the wake of beauty, became a professional.

Not to go any further back than Adelaide Neilson—some one discovered that Amiability was marketable no less than talent.

Nature, in one of her extraordinary moods, presented that marvellous creature with two magic wands in the shape of eyesbrows.

Had nature been as discreet as she was ingenious she would have made them amulets as well as wands.

Neilson beamed on the public like a June moon, and the world began to serenade itself.

Intelligence talked disparagingly of her talents at times, but the race only felt the influence of her eyebrows and sang on.

She crept into all hearts through the eyes and nestled among the secretest sensibilities in spite of good sense and all the other wardens of the soul.

After that lustrous lesson in art there came a succession of "May I's."

Don't ask me to name them all. I have none in my mind now who clung to an observer with the delicacy of a tear and the sweet softness of an odor. But she put $200 a week in the bank and always said to the receiving teller with a winning pathos "May I?"

And the receiving teller, feeling a thrill of masculine sympathy, always responded with an assuring "Certainly."

I have another in my mind—a woman who is comfng here in the fall to sing.

She is a Norse woman, grown stalwart and majestic, but she has never forgotten the "May I?"

She always asked permission with her eyes (and they were grey eyes, too, with the boreal gleam in them that reminds one of starlight thrown back from her) of an American audience before charming them. "Of course," she used to say with her matchless virginal manner, "I will not do it if you don't want me too. I don't want to offend you. May I?"

Then the Americans fell into the habit of running after her wildly to give her permission to set them crazy.

I should like to get Dr. Mary Walker to go and give Mrs. Langtry some lessons in woman's mission. I should like to see the operation. I fancy that most excellent female doctrinaire would ruffle her feathers and raise her bristles and her whalebone and carry her umbrella like a lance. And she would tell Mrs. Langtry that it was necessary to have an agressive individuality, a strong, defiant will and a determined purpose in order to succeed; that life is a battle and art a scrimmage and death a challenge.

Then the Lily would look down and sigh and think of her bank account and her next season, and acknowledge that it was all too true, and Dr. Walker would go away convinced, and Mrs. Langtry would put on a new robe and take a ride.

Such superb women are created to keep alive the masculine ideal of woman.

It would utterly die out if men could not go at intervals and refresh their memories with the angelic, impalpable character, set like a lambent flame on a most palpable physique.

I admire the "May I" woman. She not only wears an expression that, as Emerson says, appears to be looking for something better than she has ever found, but her conduct always assures us that she has found something better than she ever looked for.

NYM CRINKLE.

Leaves from the Past.

THURLOW WEED'S RECOLLECTIONS OF RANDOLPH AND GREELY.

"Thurlow Weed's Autobiography," which has so long been expected, has at last been issued from the press of Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin & Co. The book is full of interesting anecdotes and new information. Mr. Weed made his first visit to Washington in 1825, when John Quincey Adams was President.

On this occasion of his first visit to Washington Mr. Weed was particularly anxious to see John Randolph, and he had that pleasure. "He came into the House of Representatives in the midst of a debate, walking to his seat without removing his hat and standing up with a riding whip under his arm while drawing off his gloves. He seemed to have his attention awakened by the closing remark of General Vance, of Ohio, to which he instantly replied in a twenty minutes' speech, more violent and bitter than anything I ever heard. Mr. Randolph was tall, attenuated and cadaverous. I learned subsequently that what seemed merely accidental and unpremeditated was only one of his stage tricks, and that he not unfrequently came to his seat with a knowledge of what was passing and to act a part. The costume, manners, and caprice of Mr. Randolph in Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, from which port he departed for Russia, excited very general surprise. His prejudices grew more and more intense as he proceeded North. Nothing pleased him outside of Virginia. Those who saw his contemptuous manner and heard his satirical remarks readily recognize the man who once said in Congress, replying to a speech made by General Root, of this State, on the duties on wool, 'that he hated sheep, and would go a mile out of his way to kick on'e.'"

Mr. Weed speaks of his first acquaintance with Horace Greely: "The political success in the election of 1837 encouraged the hope that the Whig party might carry the Presidential election of 1840. We therefore determined upon inaugurating a vigorous campaign. With that view a cheap weekly paper for extended circulation was opened. In casting about for an editor it occurred to me that there was some person connected with the *New Yorker*, a literary journal published in that city, possessing the qualities needed for our enterprise. In reading the *New Yorker* attentively as I have done, I felt sure that its editor was a strong tariff man and probably an equally strong Whig. The chairman of our State Committee, Mr. Lewis Benedict, accompanied me to New York. I repaired to the office at Ann street where the paper was published and inquired for its editor. A young man with light hair and blonde complexion with coat off, and sleeves rolled up, working at the 'case,' 'stick' in hand, replied that he was the editor, and this youth was Horace Greely. We sat down in the composing-room. When I informed him of the object of my visit he of course was surprised, but evidently gratified. Nor was his surprise and gratification dismayed to learn that I was drawn to him without any other inclination or reason than such as I had derived from the contents of the *New Yorker*." The outcome of the interview was the *Jeffersonian* and later the *Log Cabin*.

Mrs. Summerbreeze's new girl was told to watch the turnover a few minutes; when the lady returned, the turnover was burned to a crisp, and the girl remarked, "Sure, I've watched it, mum; but it hasn't turned over yet."—*The Judge.*

Nearly all of the fish eaten in America as sardines come from Maine. They are small herring. Sometimes only a bushel or two are taken at a time, and at others so many as to endanger the net. The degree of dexterity with which they are cleaned is astonishing, especially as it is done by very young children. After this they are placed on large gridirons, and suspended over a hot fire to broil. The boxes are prepared with attractive French labels indicating olive oil, but this is false, as the oil is cottonseed. The packing is another operation at which little people are expert. A fish is seized in each hand and laid lengthwise in the box, first a head at the outer end and then a tail. After the boxes are full a small quantity of oil is poured in, and then they are passed to men who solder them tightly. They are next thrown into an immense cauldron, where they are boiled two hours, thus completing the cooking process, and dissolving the bones of the fish. One of the establishments in Lubec prepares about 4,000 boxes daily, and there are nineteen such places in Eastport, besides many others at seaport towns. The actual cost per box, including all expenses, is said to be five cents.

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa

VIOLETS.

I saw a little neighbour by
A plot of posies bending,
And asked her, as I passed her nigh,
"What flowers are you tending?"

She raised her bright eyes, shining still,
And eager little figure:
"They're violets now, I guess they will
Be pansies when they're bigger?"

Sweet childhood, waiting to discern
With ardent, hopeful glances,
The fragile, drooping violets turn
To brilliant, glowing pansies.

Then knowest not the flowers that bloom
In life's steep pathway o'er us,
All brightest wear a violet gloom,
And feeble droop before us.

Ah, no! These blossoms frail and slight,
With faint ethereal sweetness,
Will never gather tints more bright,
More richness or completeness.

Our eyes must meet but violets here,
Whose tender timorous glances
Just hint of hues more deep and clear,
And make us think of pansies.

One country—one—shall show alone
Our fair, our pure Ideal:
Shall show complete our aims begun,
Our aspirations—real.

One time—one clime—shall perfect make
Our longings and our fancies,
And all our violets shall break
In brightly blooming pansies!

Myra Pollard.

A PIONEER GONE.

Death and Burial of Catharine Caroline Adelaide Bailly de Messein.

A DIRECT DESCENDANT OF THE FRENCH NOBLESSE OF THE 17TH CENTURY.

(Detroit *Free Press.*)

At the church of SS. Peter and Paul yesterday the funeral of Catharine Caroline Adelaide Bailly de Messein, relict of the late Thomas Chase, took place. Her death occurred July 30 at the residence of her daughter and only child, Mrs. Dr. C. E. Casgrain, in Windsor, Ont. The deceased lady was in her 78th year, and more than fifty years of her life were spent in Detroit. For the very interesting narration of her career, which follows, *The Free Press* is indebted to Mr. R. R. Elliott, who knew the venerable lady well.

Rarely has the church been called upon to chant the *requiem*, and to offer the holy sacrifice for the eternal welfare of the soul of more distinguished dead, than upon this occasion.

Mrs. Chase was of the aristocracy of Lower Canada, where direct descent from the French noblesse of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries still constitutes a distinctive class of refined and cultivated society.

Her death, so closely following that of the late C. C. Trowbridge, severs another link in the historic chain which connects the present with a period in this city's eventful history traversing back more than half a century.

As the bride of Thomas Chase, then a prominent merchant, she came with the attractions of her youth and beauty, softened and toned by her convent education, and polished in the French salons of Quebec to make her home in the City of Detroit while Michigan was yet a Territory. At that early day Detroit was already noted for the refinement and culture of its social circles, in which the young wife soon attained a celebrity corresponding to her worth.

Among the prominent families native here she found a congenial element, an affinity in the religion, language and life in which she had been reared, and with which was soon formed an acquaintance that ultimately ripened into a close social relationship lasting through life. When the Roman Dr. Frederic Rese became first Bishop of Detroit, among his assistants were Rev. Francis Vincent Badin, of France, Martin Kundig, of Germany, and Bernard O'Cavanagh, of Ireland. Under the auspices of such men, each in his way celebrated for piety, learning and eloquence, the Catholic Church here began its first progressive movement in religion, education and benevolence. In founding institutions of learning and charity the church was nobly assisted by the city, but by no one individual more than by Mrs. Chase. She was one of the many warm personal friends of Father Kundig, the apostle of charity in Detroit and founder of the first orphan asylum here. She shared in his labors and aided him with money in his heroic efforts to provide a refuge for the orphans cast upon the world by the cholera which had been particularly severe in Detroit. Only those who are familiar with the history of these events can form an idea of the many difficulties encountered and overcome by Father Kundig in his beneficent efforts. Prelate and priests alike, and nearly all the laity of that time have passed from this life, but their works which formed the foundation of the structure of the present day have not been forgotten.

Thomas Chase was a prominent man in the political circles of the time, though never an office-seeker. He was on terms of intimate friendship with Governor Mason, and his Democratic successors and supporters.

The Legislature held annual sessions in the Capitol, now the High School; the terms of the Supreme Court were held here, and each winter brought from all the settled portions of the young State the most talented of her citizens. The "National," which occupied the site of the Russell House, was the hotel where the pioneer statesmen and jurists congregated. This was the home of Thomas Chase. A few old citizens and perhaps fewer ladies survive, who were familiar with this historic resort at the time referred to. Upon festive occasions when the spacious parlors were opened, warmed by broad hearths in which a pile of hickory logs blazed and sparkled, the scene was peculiar to the place. Here were gathered at such times the manhood and beauty of the State. Not unfrequently might be seen the blue uniform of the American, side by side with the bright scarlet of the British officer. Right nobly and queen-like did Mrs. Chase grace these gatherings, admired and courted among the many beautiful women moving in the society of that day.

Summer does not always linger in the season of life, and it was so with that of Mrs. Chase. A malady, unaccountable in its origin, over-took her husband. He became untitled for business and was subsequently a bed-ridden invalid. Reverses, too, were experienced. It was then that the wife became the affectionate nurse in that long and unto-ruain illness. Years of assiduous care saved him, and with his recovery followed his conversion to the wife's own faith and crowned her happiness in the double result. So in mature years this happy couple lived and reared an accomplished daughter, whose happy and fruitful marriage added to the happiness of their own declining years. Death came at last, and Thomas Chase passed from this life. His widow survived him many years, living quietly now with her daughter and grandchildren, and again with the few surviving friends of her youth. In her old age she was as lovely of character as when, bright and beautiful, she charmed her many friends. Her piety was without ostentation, and her charitable deeds were circumscribed only by her means. Peacefully and gently she passed away, and with her ended the life of a lovely Christian woman, one of the brightest and most interesting of the pioneer women of Detroit. Those of her own faith will join in the prayer, "Requiescat in pace."

The New Brazilian Line.

A GERMAN FIRM TO TAKE UP THE SERVICE—RETURN OF THE BRAZILIAN CONSUL.

Mr. W. Darley Bentley, Agent General of the Brazilian Empire for Canada, returned from Europe by the ss. "Oregon." Mr. Bentley was at his office as usual to-day. In conversation Mr. Bentley stated that his efforts towards organizing a new steamship line between Montreal, Continental Europe and Brazil had been eminently successful. When he arrived in Europe he was, to say the least, surprised at the turn affairs had taken after the statements directly to the contrary which had been made by the Secretary of the Societe Postale. He found, he said, that the company had sold out their steamers completely to the Union Chargeurs Re Unis, although he had been given to understand that it was merely an amalgamation of the two companies. After settling with the defunct concern he immediately set to work to organize a new company or get a firm to take up the service thus dropped. He interviewed a number of shipping firms on the matter and finally closed arrangements with a wealthy firm of shipowners of Hamburg named the Dampfschiff Rhederei Hansa. Mr. Bentley here showed the letter accepting the service on the part of the company, in which the secretary stated that the firm had decided to take hold of the line and push it through, although the venture might be disappointing and unsuccessful at the commencement. The company has five disposable steamships to put in the service, the "Grasbrook," the "Baumwall," the "Vorsetzen," the "Wandrahn," and the "Kihrwuder." The last three vessels are too large for the service, drawing too much water to enter the harbor of Pernambuco. In consequence the first two steamers alone will first be put on the line to keep the trade going until three new steamships, orders for which have been already given, shall have been built, which will not be before the Spring, and the line will consequently be irregular until the first of May. The "Grasbrook" was built last year, has a depth of 21 feet, and is 3,000 tons register all told. She has already left for this port with a general cargo and a full cargo has been offered for the return trip to Europe as it is improbable that the Brazil service will be resumed until the arrival of the "Baumwall" in the middle of next month. This steamship was built in 1881, is of 19½ feet draught and a register of 2,200 tons. If necessary the large steamers will be pressed into the service. The route so far laid down is for one round line as follows:—Hamburg, Antwerp, Havre, Quebec, Montreal, Halifax, Barbadoes, West Indies and the South American ports. Of these Hamburg and Barbadoes are ports not touched at by the steamers of the Societe Postale. The Canadian agents of the old line will be retained with the exception of the Quebec agent, who has been replaced by Mr. Macpherson. Messrs. Grisar and Marsily are the Hamburg agents, Hartog & Co., Harne and P. Hartog, No. 10 Boulevard Maleshielies, the Paris agents. Mr. Bentley stated that the prospects for freight for the line are very bright, his agent from the lower province reporting prospects for a large fishery trade with Brazil, and his Hamburg agent stating that freight is expected to be abundant there. He also stated that he was organizing another line which promises to be of great importance to Canada, and out of the million and a half sterling capital, a million and a quarter was already subscribed. The Government bonuses of the old line have been secured for the new one.

News of the City and District.

QUIET.—No arrests yesterday and no fire alarms.

BAND AT THE ISLAND OF ORLEANS.—The band of St. Joseph, Levis, will play at the Island, this evening, at 8 o'clock.

RECORDER'S COURT, YESTERDAY.—Several carters and dog-owners were fined for not having licenses.

NEW YORK LIFE.—We have received an interesting parcel of literature devoted to the interests of the New York Life Insurance Co.

ST. SAUVEUR.—The municipal Council of this parish have decided to purchase 500 feet of rubber hose from the Montreal Rubber Factory.

THE STEAMER "SAGUENAY," Capt. Lecours, will leave the St. Andrew's wharf, to-morrow morning, at 7.30, for Chicoutimi and Ha! Ha! Bay, calling at way ports.—See advt.

THE HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.—By the aid of the electric light, work now proceeds on the Harbor improvements by night as well as by day.

FOUND DEAD.—Elzear Binet, aged 28 years, a resident of St. Sauveur, was found dead yesterday morning, sitting in a chair, on the gallery of his residence.

POLICE COURT, YESTERDAY.—(*Before D. Murray, Esq., J. P.*)—A seaman of the "Souvenir" was convicted of refusal of duty, and sentenced to four weeks imprisonment.

VISITORS.—A strong detachment of Gipsies arrived here yesterday and encamped on the country roads. These wandering nomads are accompanied by the usual number of horses, teams and tinware.

PILGRIMAGE YESTERDAY.—A large number of people from Levis and St. Petronille, Island of Orleans, went on a pilgrimage to St. Anne yesterday. An unusually large number of the faithful are visiting the good saint's shrine this season.

THANKS.—The Committee of the Women's Christian Association desire to acknowledge, with many thanks, the receipt of a large parcel of sugar from a friend; also, several bundles of clothing. The ladies often meet with cases of distress requiring immediate relief, and will be glad to receive any further contributions sent to the rooms.

ROAD-MAKING.—Bridge street has now been thoroughly repaired and so has Cote d'Abraham, while Valier street has been completely macadamized from St. Sauveur to the foot of Cote d'Abraham. Workmen are now engaged in repairing St. Louis street, from the St. Louis Hotel to the Terrace. It is safe to say that very few now living can remember anything like so much road-making in town in the same space of time as is undertaken by the present Corporation.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.—In our advertising columns, this morning, our readers will perceive that Mr. R. Morgan, the well-known music dealer of Fabrique street, is offering his splendid property for sale, preparatory to retiring from business, which he has so successfully established and carried on for the last 22 years. The shop is without doubt the finest in the city, and any one desirous of continuing a well-established concern could, no doubt, make arrangements to succeed in Mr. Morgan's business, for we understand that he is willing to facilitate and encourage the efforts of some honest man.

"FRANK LESLIE'S SUNDAY MAGAZINE."—The September number could scarcely be excelled in the variety and excellence of the contents, it is overflowing with good things. Rev. C. E. Cheney, Bishop of the Diocese of Chicago, contributes No. VIII. of "Religious Denominations in the United States—What is the Reformed Episcopal Church?" The editor has a charming article, "The Ministry of Tears;" "The American Pilgrim in Palestine" and "Among the Natives of the North" are continued, and the other articles are by popular writers. The serial, short stories, sketches, essays, etc., afford delightful and edifying reading. There are poems; a sermon by Rev. Dr. Talmage, "Gnats and Camels," Editorial and Personal Comments, Record of Important Events, and a Miscellany that abounds with interest, entertainment and instruction. The number is profusely and beautifully embellished. Price 25 cents per number; $3 a year, postpaid. Address, Mrs. Frank Leslie, Publisher, 53, 55 and 57 Park Place, New York.

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!

Are you disturbed at nights and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

February 29, 1883. Lm-d&w

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing Sold by J. J. Veldon, 122, St. Joseph Street, and E. Giroux & Bro., 37 and 39, St. Peter Street.

March 25 1883. Fm-d&w

Hon. Bradley Barlow's Insolvency.

HOW THE SOUTH EASTERN IS SITUATED—GENERAL REGRET EXPRESSED.

The announcement of the suspension of the Hon. Bradley Barlow, which was received in the city yesterday afternoon, has caused widespread regret amongst his large circle of acquaintances and in railway and commercial circles generally. Mr. Barlow, as President of the South Eastern Railway, was eminently successful in gaining the esteem of every one he has come in contact with, and his strict probity and unflinching straightforward dealing has gained for him a reputation seldom possessed in these days of intrigue and double dealing by railway magnates. There is very little known in the city regarding the exact position of the affairs of the honorable gentleman, but the hope is universal that matters may be so arranged that the large interests of Mr. Barlow may not be sacrificed. It is, of course, well known that during the last few weeks active negotiations have been on foot for the purchase of the South Eastern Railway, two rival syndicates having offered for the road, the one represented by Mr. A. B. Chaffee, and presumably in the interest of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the other represented by Mr. Ashley Hibbard, believed to represent the Central Vermont, and it is believed by those intimately acquainted with the affairs of Mr. Barlow that this assignment has been made in order to save himself from being swallowed up by the Canadian Pacific at a figure much below what he is asking for the road. Some time ago advances to the extent of $1,250,000, in the shape of endorsements, were made by the syndicate people, and under the agreement by which this advance was made the Pacific Company had the power of purchasing the controlling interest by the payment of a further sum, bringing up the amount to $2,500,000. This is now the actual state of things, and, of course, the South Eastern is virtually owned by the syndicate people, inasmuch as no move can be made without its sanction and approval. The South Eastern is valued by Mr. Barlow at five million of dollars, and it is understood that an offer has been received for it of $4,000,000 including stations and sidings, but exclusive of the rolling stock which is to be taken at a valuation, and it is understood that matters will soon be arranged by this offer being accepted.

Mr. A. B. Chaffee, Secretary Treasurer of the South Eastern, informed a representative of the *Star* to-day that he knew nothing about the failure beyond what he had seen in the papers. As regarded the road, of course it would be affected as Mr. Barlow was its President and naturally his place would have to be filled by some one else, but he was not in a position to say what step would be taken.

From another source it is learned that the liabilities of Mr. Barlow as connected with the company are in the neighborhood of two million dollars.—Montreal *Star* of Tuesday.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

In Despondency, etc.

Dr. W. S. Powell, Defiance, O., says:—"I have used it with satisfactory results in dyspeptic ailments associated with great mental depression or despondency."

Thumb Portraits.

If the "ball" or cushion-like surface of the top joint of the thumb be examined it can be seen that in the centre—as, indeed, in the fingers also—is a kind of spiral formed of fine grooves in the skin. The spiral is, however, rarely if ever quite perfect. There are irregularities or places where lines run into each other here and there. Examining both thumbs, it will be seen that they do not exactly match, but the figure on each thumb is the same through life. If the thumbs of any two persons be compared it will further be found that no two are alike. There may be, and generally is, a "family resemblance" between members of the same family, as in other features; there are also national characteristics, but the individuals differ. All this is better seen by taking "proof impressions" of the thumb. This is easily done by pressing it on a slab covered with a film of printers' ink, and then pressing it on a piece of white paper, or a little aniline dye, India ink—almost anything may be used.

The Chinese take advantage of this to identify their most important criminals, at least in some parts of the empire. We photograph their faces; they take impressions from their thumbs. These are stored away, and if the delinquent should ever again fall into the hands of the police, another impression at once affords the means of comparison. The Chinese say that, considering the alteration made in the countenance by hair and beard, and the power many men have of distorting and altering their actual features, etc., their method affords even more certain and easy means of identification than our plan of taking the criminal's portrait. Perhaps we might with advantage take a leaf out of their book.

WELLS' ROUGH ON CORNS.

Ask for wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns warts, bunions

A long-haired word-jingler composed a poem to his wife's broomstick. She gave him an encore with a rolling-pin

☞ Feathers, ribbons, velvet can all be colored to match that new hat by using the Diamond Dyes. Druggists sell any color for 10cts.

Anna Dickinson will return to the stage next season. Her manager says that he will keep her in the West, "where she is appreciated, and where she will make money."

No matter what may be the name, or how long standing the trouble, Dr. Benson's Skin Cure will always cure skin diseases. Grateful hundreds of cured patients attest this fact, $1 at druggists.

A Japanese writes home to Tokio from this city that Americans cannot distinguish him from a Chinaman, and that in consequence he suffers many indignities.

"I buy Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills and introduce them wherever I go. Personal knowledge and experience of their effects on others prompts this act." Rev. J. P. Fugett, Rector St. Lukes Ch., Myersburg, Pa. 50 cents at druggists.

A sad-eyed versifier entered the sanctum of a Western editor, unrolled a manuscript several feet long and began to read, "How can I leave thee?" He left so suddenly that the metre became bow-legged.

"Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a most valuable medicine for ladies of all ages who may be afflicted with any form of disease peculiar to the sex. Her Remedies are not only put up in liquid forms but in Pills and Lozenges in which forms they are securely sent through the mails.

A Podunk poet is so proud because one of his productions was recited at a variety performance that he wears a high hat pulled down over his right ear, and won't speak to the drum-major of the village brass band.

SCROFULA OR KING'S EVIL, SALT RHEUM, AND ALL SKIN DISEASES.—These diseases can be cured, even when hereditary, by the judicious use of EAGAR'S PHOSPHOLEINE. It is almost a specific for Salt Rheum and all Eruptions and Skin Diseases, which arise from defective nutrition and impure state of the blood.

August 7, 1883. jly23-34w

A thief was arrested in Louisville on the day before the opening of the Exposition. He offered $1,000 for a parole until after the show, as he had confidently expected to pick a large number of rich pockets, and disliked to have his plans frustrated.

Jacob H. Bloomer, of Virgil, N. Y., writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured a badly swelled neck and sore throat on my son in forty-eight hours; one application also removed the pain from a very sore toe; my wife's toe was also much inflamed—so much so that she could not walk about the house; she applied the Oil, and in twenty-four hours was entirely cured."

August 4, 1883. Jm-d&w

Although the failure of McGeoch, the Chicago lard dealer, involved nearly six million dollars in liabilities, the business was wound up without the advice of counsel, without reaching the law's proverbial delay, not only very quickly, but also very cheaply, and all within a month.

It is often asked "Why does my doctor recommend Cadbury's Cocoa Essence?" The reason is that being absolutely genuine, and concentrated by the removal of the superfluous fat, it contains four times the amount of nitrogenous or flesh-forming constituents of the average of other Cocoas which are mixed with sugar and starch. Beware of imitations, which are often pushed by shop-keepers for the extra profit jn26Lmd&w

It was a Philadelphia girl who first revealed that squeezing the hand enlarges the knuckles and spoils the beauty of that member. Perhaps this explains why the girls invariably kiss each other instead of clasping palms. They do it to preserve the beauty of their hands.—*The Dairy.*

"Ten years ago the name of Lydia E. Pinkham was scarcely known outside of her native State. To-day it is a household word all over the Continent and many who read the secular and religious journals have become familiar with the face that shines on them with a modest confidence, in which we read the truth that "Nothing ill can dwell in such a temple."

"Never say 'Mrs. So-and-So's young ones,'" said a Philadelphia lady to her young hopeful; "rats have young ones, people have 'children.'" "That may be all right about Mrs. So-and-So," answered the boy. "I don't know her, but Mrs. Smith has young ones, for I heard her call one of them a 'little rat.'"—*Philadelphia News.*

A. D. Noyes, Newark, Michigan, writes:—"I have enquired at the drug stores for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, but have failed to find it. We brought a bottle with us from Quebec, but it is nearly gone, and we do not want to be without it, as my wife is troubled with a pain in the shoulder, and nothing else gives relief. Can you send us some?"

August 4, 1883. Jm-d&w

The new house to be built by J. C. Flood on California street, San Francisco, will be the finest private residence in this country. It is to cost about $5,000,000 without the furniture, which will cost perhaps $2,000,000 more. Every room is to be frescoed by artists brought from Italy for that purpose. It is intimated that many of the pictures that John W. Mackay is now buying in Europe are intended for Flood's picture gallery in his new house.

The most successful physicians of the present day prescribe little or no medicine. It is demonstrated that nature can be best assisted by the use of wholesome, nutritious and digestable food, and as such "JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF" has attained its unprecedented popularity. The British Government Analyst has pronounced it a perfect food. The Queen's physician prescribes it, and scientists everywhere have titled it "a boon to the age," while hundreds of thousands can attribute their increased mental and physical energy to its vital merits. Ask your Doctor for his opinion.

mar5-Fm

A paper on Cape Cod will be the opening article of the September *Century*. Those whose knowledge of the Cape is limited to its whimsical appearance on the map, suggesting a barren of tripof storm-swept sand, will learn from the numerous engravings and the interesting text that Cape Cod is a land of green fields, groves, game, birds, and romance, as well as of dunes and fish. The writer (whose signature, "F. Mitchell," conceals a writer of New England stories) dwells with special interest on the honest peculiarities of the inhabitants.

"Will New York be the Final World Metropolis?" is a question W. C. Conant will ask in the September *Century* and answer in the affirmative with a curious array of facts and arguments. He predicts that before another century passes New York's population "will surpass that of London, and that it will be the unrivaled center of finance and commerce, of luxury and fashion, of art and literature—the heart and brain, in a word, of the civilized world."

Holloway's Pills.—This cooling Medicine has the happiest effect when the blood is overheated and a tendency to inflammatory action is set up in the system; one Pill taken shortly before dinner does away with the indigestion, fulness, and flatulency—indications of a weak stomach, or disordered liver. A few Pills taken at bedtime act as alteratives and aperients; they not only relieve the bowels, but regulate every organ connected with them, overcome all acrid humours, and encourage a free supply of all the secretions essential to our well-being. Holloway's Pills thoroughly cleanse and perfectly regulate the circulation, and beget a feeling of comfort in hot climates and high temperature, which is most desirable for preservation of health.

August 4, 1883. Lmbo-d&w

Vital Questions!!

Ask the most eminent physician

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly "Some form of Hops!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women"—

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu."

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malarial fever, ague, &c.," and they will tell you:

Mandrake! or Dandelion!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a

[Concluded next week.]

July 20, 1883. nov16-Lm-co-d&w

HORSES SAVED.

The lives of thousands of horses have been saved during the past year, and the credit is due to "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." This preparation is being extensively used, and exacts from all the highest praise. Nothing of the kind has ever before been half as successful or given such universal satisfaction; it cannot be equalled. We can confidently recommend it, and would advise all who own horses to keep a supply of it on hand—it may be the means of saving your horse's life.

Remember the name and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., Proprietor for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

August 4, 1883 Jm-d&w

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c. I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

October 11, 1882. m,w&fri Lm-d&w

Why allow a cough to lacerate your throat and lungs? Why incur the imminent danger of consumption when in an incredibly short space of time, and for an insignificant sum, you may cure yourself? THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL does the business thoroughly. A single bottle often suffices to relieve the difficulty. This peerless remedy overcomes with equal certainty, swelling of the neck, inflammation of the muscles and stiffness of the joints, lameness and crick in the back, tumors, piles, dysentery and a variety of other painful and harrassing disorders. It may be taken inwardly with as much safety as it is applied outwardly. Colic, whether of man or beast, is cured by it in fifteen or twenty minutes. Sores, excoriations and abrasions of the skin, are healed by it with gratifying rapidity All medicine dealers sell

Prepared only by NORTHROP & LYMAN Toronto, Ont.

October 17, 1882 eb3-Jm-d&w

NOT THE SLIGHTEST AFFINITY exists between the numberless cough mixtures with which the market is flooded and that successful preparation—Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. It stands alone, distinct, is like itself, and nothing else. It embodies the best results of advanced pharmaceutical science. It accomplishes positive, decisive results, effectually relieving coughs (when the lungs are not tuberculous or hopelessly affected), colds, laryngitis and diseases of a scrofulous origin. While it does not *cure* Consumption, it is the most reliable means of defence against that dreadful scourge. The invigorating properties of the hypophosphites reimburse the system debilitated by the constant wear and tear of a cough, while the patoxyams rapidly diminish in violence, in consequence of the soothing emollient action of the cod liver oil upon the inflamed lung membrane The phosphorous, lime and soda, in combination with it, are all natural components in the construction of the bodily edifice, which, in a state of decay, lacks a sufficiency of those elements. These the hypophosphite supply, increasing the nutritive properties of the blood, and building up and rehabilitating the tottering human structure with a degree of promptitude as astonishing as it is gratifying to the invalid. A perceptible gain in flesh as well as in strength is one of the consequences of using this standard preparation, which both time and experience have demonstrated to be fully worthy of the confidence reposed in it. Prepared by NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, and sold by all druggists.

October 18 1882 Jmd&w

The Great Female Remedy.

JOB MOSES' PILLS.

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous disorders to which the Female constitution is subject. It invigorates the debilitated and delicate; and by regulating and strengthening the system, ortifies the youthful constitution for the duties of life, and when taken in middle or old age, proves a real blessing, and on the approach of Child-birth these Pills should be used for two or three weeks previous to confinement; the benefits be derived are incalculable; they fortify the constitution, lessen the suffering during labor, prevent weakness of the organs, and enable the mother to perform her duties with comfort to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue in slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calome', antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR

$1.00 and 6 cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

February 3, 1883 Jm-d&w

Various Causes—

Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light or red hair to a rich brown or deep black, as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action. It removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicies are not destroyed or the glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brashy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its results, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is colorless; contains neither oil nor dye; and will not soil or color white cambric; yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous, imparting an agreeable perfume.

For sale by all druggists.

August 11, 1882. Lmcod&amw

Health is Wealth

DR. E C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. JOHN C. WEST & Co., sole proprietors, Toronto, Ont. Sold in Quebec by J. J. VELDON, 122, St. Joseph Street, and E. GIROUX & BRO 37 & 39, St. Peter Street.

August 9 1882 Lm-d&w

CARD.

Gibbons, McNab & Mulkem,

BARRISTERS, &C.,

LONDON, - Ontario.

August 4, 1883. Bm&Fmao

GRAND SUMMER EXCURSIONS

— TO —

Carleton, Baie des Chaleurs!

EVERY FRIDAY DURING THE Season. Tickets good from Friday until Tuesday, giving the Tourists three days to enjoy themselves at one of the most delightful spots in the Province of Quebec, and making a FIVE DAYS TRIP over one of the most picturesque parts of the Dominion.

☞ Board at Carleton Cheap.

For further information apply to

J. R. MICHAUD,
8, Sous-le-Fort Street.

July 26, 1883. Am

O'HARE'S PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

LARGE COMFORTABLE ROOMS CAN be had, in the most desirable locality, with good Board.

Tourists would do well by applying at

39, ST. GENEVIEVE STREET,
CAPE.

July 17, 1883. Bm

LORNE HOUSE, Lake St. Charles.

THIS BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED Summer Resort, on Lake St. Charles, is now open for the reception of Visitors, Pic-Nic Parties and Fishermen, and the proprietor is prepared to make all comfortable.

The scenery is unsurpassed, Boats and Skiffs always on hand, and a very pleasant sail to Lorette Aqueduct can be had on short notice.

Patronised by His Excellency Lord Lorne, and the leading families of Quebec.

☞ A well furnished table, with delicacies of the season, one of the features of this famed resort.

JOHN G. GORE,
roprietor.

July 16, 1883. Am

LAROCHELLE HOTEL, RIVIERE DU LOUP, (En Bas).

THIS EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS JUST been purchased by Mr. O. Talbot, who has made all the repairs and improvements necessary to render it every respect a first-class establishment, and now fit to compare with the best Hotels of the large cities. The Manager of the Hotel is Mr. EDMOND TALBOT, so well and favorably known as proprietor of the St. Louis Hotel, Kamouraska, for his affability and politeness.

July 14, 188 Am p

HA! HA! BAY, SAGUENAY

THE McLEAN HOUSE

IS OPEN FOR THE SEASON. Visitors and Tourists will find excellent accommodation and amusement, splendid fishing, yachts, boats, canoes, &c.

Terms, $1.25 per day.

PETER McLEAN,
Proprietor.

July 6, 1883. Fw p

SEA BATHING.

Central House and Cottages, MURRAY BAY.

THIS WELL-KNOWN HOTEL, ACCOMmodating over Three Hundred people, is now open to visitors. The House and Cottages have been thoroughly repaired.

Being admirably situated, this Hotel commands an unsurpassed view of the St. Lawrence; a splendid Music Hall, ornamented with a first-class Chickering, is opened daily, and extra Dances every Saturday.

Two fine Water Jets in front of the House, Lawn Tennis and Croquet Grounds.

☞ Bowling Alley and Telegraph Office.

Also, in connection with the House, Boats, Carriages, always on hand.

POST OFFICE CLOSE BY.

G. DUBERGER,
Proprietor.

June 9, 1883. Cm

1883 SEA-BATHING 1883

SAGUENAY.

The Tadousac Hotel

SITUATED AT THE MOUTH OF THE far-famed Saguenay River, will be opened on TUESDAY, 19TH JUNE, for the reception of Families, Tourists, Rod and Gun, and Yachtsmen, &c., &c.

The Amusements combine Ten Pins, Billiards, Croquet, Lawn Tennis, Foot-Ball, Quoits, &c.

The Bathing facilities are superior to any on the St. Lawrence, being within 200 yards of the Hotel, and possessing the prettiest and Safest Beach below Quebec.

Yachts, Chaloups, and Row-Boats always to be had, on application to the Manager.

Terms as moderate as any other Watering Place in the Dominion.

Special Rates for Families and others remaining for the Season.

All communications addressed to the Manager will have strict attention.

JAMES FENNELL,
TADOUSAC HOTEL,
Tadousac,
Quebec.

June 1, 1883. taug15

First Prize for the World!

FLOWER HONEY,

CROP 1883.

Flower Honey,

(The Finest in the World,)

in 1lb., 2lb. and 5lb. Jars.

Heather Honey,

in 1lb., 2lb. and 5lb. Jars.

—FOR SALE BY—

A. WATTERS

22, Fabrique Street,

QUEBEC.

July 14, 1883.

PENS, Pens, Pens, Pens.

Just received an Assortment of

GILLOTT'S, MITCHELL'S and HEATH'S PENS, and of other Celebrated Makers.

SILVER-COATED J PENS, remarkable for their Smoothness and evenness of Point.

GILT J PENS from Heath, Woodward & Perry.

BARREL J PENS, designated by an admiring Editor as "a well behaved and right-minded Pen, which it is a real enjoyment to use."

OSTRICH QUILL PENS, medium and fine points, a Splendid Pen for Bankers' use—remarkably durable.

GILLOT'S STEEL CROW QUILL AND 303 PEN, for Civil Engineers and Draughtsmen.

Quill Nibs, Music Pens, Red Ink Pens.

JOSIAH MASON'S DOUBLE PATENT QUILL PENS.

—ALSO—

A further supply of the Dufferin, Stadacona, and Office Pen. Also MCNIVEN & CAMERON'S Pickwick, Waverley and Hindoo.

Legal and Notarial Pens, and a variety of School Pens.

Cork, Voltaic and Rubber Pen Handles. By the use of these the tired feeling in the fingers resulting from long continued writing is obviated.

For sale by

DAWSON & CO.,
St. Peter Street.

June 22, 1883.

Grand Trunk Railway OF CANADA.

THE SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS

For a complete service of trains between the East and the West, *via* its Great Western division and Suspension Bridge, and also *via* Toronto and main line and the St. Lawrence route.

FAST TRAINS

have been placed upon the route between

CHICAGO AND NEW YORK

connecting at Suspension Bridge with the New York Central and Erie Railway Companies for New York, and at Toronto with the New Service of Trains for

Montreal, White Mountains, Boston and the New England States.

These trains are equipped with the

Latest Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Cars

which are furnished in a manner that will compare with any through line on the Continent.

The trains between Chicago and New York leave the Chicago and Grand Trunk depot, running by way of the Great Western division and crossing

"THE RENOWNED SUSPENSION BRIDGE"

Within full view of the celebrated Niagara Falls.

route requires no comment, as it has n for years the favorite senger line between the West and the East. Additional trains have been put on for New England points by way of Toronto and Montreal,

MAKING THE TIME VERY MUCH SHORTER

than heretofore, and giving passengers an opportunity of passing through Canada.

Arrangements in regard to Customs for pass