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The Montreal Herald

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EIGHTY FOURTH YEAR NO 200

MONTREAL, FRIDAY AUGUST 21 1891.

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THE NEWS.

Rain to-day and then cooler.
Sept. 1 is labor day in Quebec, and has been declared a civic holiday.

Archbishop Katz was invested with the pallium at Milwaukee yesterday.

Sir Henry Tyler and Grand Trunk officials visited Brantford yesterday.

The American steamship Montank is a wreck near Cape Race, Newfoundland.

The annual convention of the Peninsular Saengerbund is in session at Hamilton.

Thos. Edgington & Co., iron founders of Glasgow have failed with liabilities of \$50,000.

Gall, Anderson & Co.'s planing mill in Toronto was destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

The Lieut.-Governor of Quebec is to give a grand ball at Spencerwood in September.

St. Bernard's Seminary, in Rochester, was dedicated yesterday and will be opened next year.

The Irish National League of America will meet in Chicago instead of Baltimore next month.

The Right Hon. John Inglis, LL. D., of Glenora, the Lord Justice of Scotland, died yesterday.

The Government steamer Alert has returned to Quebec, from her annual Gulf light-house supply trip.

Hon. Thos. McGreevy has not yet been arrested by the sergeant-at-arms of the House of Commons.

J. C. Ferguson, chief mechanical engineer of the Toronto waterworks, died of heart disease yesterday.

The steamer Furst Bismarck from New York for Hamburg, passed the Lizard yesterday morning.

Three schooners arrived at Halifax yesterday from the Labrador fisheries, and report satisfactory catches.

Charles Clausen, grain inspector for Minnesota, says nothing can prevent a big blockade of grain at Minneapolis.

The Republic Francaise attaches political significance to the warm reception of the French squadron at Portsmouth.

The Photographers' Association of Canada is holding its annual convention in Hamilton, having started work yesterday.

A train on the Kansas City and Junction City Railway was held up by robbers yesterday and a brakeman was shot dead.

Baron Zedlitz Neukrich, the son of a member of the Upper House of the Prussian diet, killed his mistress in Leipzig yesterday and then committed suicide.

Mr. Chaloner, of Quebec, who acted as expert accountant for the Tarte-McGreevy investigation at Ottawa for four days was sent \$10 for his services. He sent it back.

Frank Almy, the murderer, is reported to have been found in a barn at Hanover, N. H., which was afterwards burned. It is not known whether he escaped or was burned.

Herr Von Brandt, German Ambassador at Peking, and representative of other powers at Peking, has remonstrated with the Chinese about recent outrages committed on foreigners.

The Russian Government have announced that the prohibition of rye export will be lifted to assure good to the distressed and that it is needless to restrict the export of other cereals.

The Berlin Tagblatt says England's interest lies on their side. Should France and Russia defeat the Dreikaiserbund the immediate consequence would be the expulsion of England from Egypt.

Mr. Heaton, M.P., writes from London that from an intimation he had received he believes that penny postage throughout the British Empire will soon be established.

At Port Dalhousie, Ont., yesterday afternoon a young man named Fred Sutton while out fishing in the new canal was taken with a fit and fell in the canal and was drowned.

New York had a \$250,000 fire yesterday. It started in the grand stand on the athletic grounds of the Y. M. C. A. on River Ave. and spread to a by manufacturing establishment which was completely destroyed.

Though yesterday was the last day on earth of Edward Blair it was passed unnoticed by any particular incidents. The murderer was very pale but did not exhibit any signs of weakening. He passed a sleepless night and marks of terrible strain were borne on his face.

Additional advices from Martinique state that all the shipping has been lost. The following additional names of vessels lost has been received: The French ships Alphonseville, Handle, Commanche, Souvaine, Umante, Bertheollet, Anna, Perseverant, and the Sapher, and the Italian brig Anzicure.

Andrew Leach, an employee of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway, was instantly killed at Richmond, Halifax, at 11 o'clock last night. He was underneath a car that was being repaired, when the support gave way and the car fell on him. His body was horribly crushed. Leach was 19 years old.

The Tarte-McGreevy committee had a short sitting yesterday. Messrs. O'Hanly and Starrs were recalled and rebuffed Sir Hector's evidence. Mr. Starrs insisted that Sir Hector had induced them to withdraw their tender. The case then closed. A sub-committee will consider the legality of Hon. Thomas McGreevy's resignation at a meeting on Saturday.

AGAIN OUT DOWN

The Government Majority Reduced by a Division in the House Last Night.

IT NOW STANDS SEVENTEEN.

Mr. Cochrane, M.P., Declares That He Is Innocent of the Charge of Selling Situations—A Select Committee Appointed to Investigate—A Vote on the "Baneroff" Matter.

FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The deputy sergeant-at-arms, Col. Smith, informed the House, through a letter to the Speaker, at the beginning of to-day's session, that he had been to Quebec but could not find the Hon. Thos. McGreevy there. He had no doubt but Mr. McGreevy left Quebec several hours before he (Smith) left Ottawa.

Mr. Cameron (Huron) then moved that the charges which he had made against Mr. Cochrane be referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Sturges, Mr. Carson, Tisdale, Mulock, German and Cameron for investigation.

Mr. Cochrane in reply read a statement to the effect that he was innocent. He admitted, however, that Goodrich did pay \$300 to cancel the costs of his (Cochrane) receiver's protest but that the (Cochrane) receiver's protest was of political advantage from this transaction.

Mr. Skinner objected to seeing on the select committee and Sir John Thompson suggested that the names of Mr. White, of Shelburne, be substituted for Mr. Skinner's name. He also suggested that charge No. 3 be eliminated from the impeachment. He questioned the propriety of referring such an indictment to a select committee, but as the Privileges and Elections Committee was now overcharged with work he concurred in the motion.

Mr. Laurier agreed with Sir John that charge No. 3 was vague, but as to the question of a select committee he thought the event might prove the superiority of a small committee over the unwilling Privileges and Elections Committee for an investigation of this kind.

Mr. Cameron promised to make a specific and definite statement in charge No. 3. Meanwhile he did not object to the elimination of this particular charge. He also moved that the select committee be instructed to examine the witnesses on oath and to employ a short hand reporter to take evidence. (Carried.)

Before going into supply Mr. Casey asked Mr. Haggart for more definite information as to the forthcoming census. Mr. Haggart said he found it in the sense of the House that the statistics should not be brought down till the whole census was completed, which would shortly be done.

Mr. Casey held that the House expressed no such opinion, and he asked the Postmaster-General to keep his promise.

Mr. Haggart promised to enquire at the department this evening and would give a definite answer before going into supply to-morrow.

The Government, through Mr. Foster, expressed their great anxiety to go into supply, but they had another ordeal to pass through.

Mr. Amyot said he had called attention of the House to a question of grave importance, not only on account of the amount of public money involved and the grave suspicions of fraud which attached to it, but also on account of the reference to the "Baneroff" and Connolly contract for the building of the Kingston graving dock. The one question agitating the public mind for a time was this: Who is Baneroff? He told again the history of the Government's neglect of the questions raised in Parliament as to the real lessee of the Kingston post office boxes, of which Baneroff was the pretended lessee. Then, in the Public Accounts Committee, the Opposition demanded that the contract be referred to a select committee, and then they called in the Connolly's as witnesses, the identity of him whom the country now unfortunately knows so well, the real character of Mr. Baneroff was then uncovered in spite of the ramparts that have been built about him by the Postoffice Department and the whole Government. Yes, they discovered that Baneroff was a myth, fraud, an invisible agent of darkness and crime. But he went on to prove that the fraud was only possible by the negligence, if not worse, of the Government. He therefore moved that the documents and evidence in this matter showed gross fraud, forgery and culpable neglect in the administration of public works.

Sir John Thompson objected again to the introduction of motions of this kind without giving notice. He defended the "Baneroff" transaction, holding that the Minister of Public Works could not have suspected that fraud was being committed and that Baneroff was a myth.

Mr. Cameron (Huron) supported Mr. Amyot's motion in a strongly argumentative speech, showing that the Connollys were aware of the position of their tender and that the Minister of Public Works knew that one of the conditions in the call for tenders was ignored by "Baneroff." Why did he not reject that tender? Simply because if he had done so the Connollys would not have got the contract.

Mr. Kirkpatrick denied that there was any evidence of the fraud which Sir John Thompson had admitted. Mr. Gibson as a practical contractor criticized a most convincing style the defence made by the Minister of Justice, Geo. Barron, Hamilton, vice-president, R. Krakow, Detroit, recording-secretary. It was decided to hold the next Saengerfest in 1894, the place to be decided on by the board. This afternoon a big parade took place. The procession represented a magnificent appearance, some of the floats being very artistically gotten up and the ladies and gentlemen who accompanied them and who were costumed to represent prominent composers, looking exceedingly well. In the afternoon there were athletic contests. In evening the prizes were distributed and a concert followed.

Photographers in Convention.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

HAMILTON, Aug. 20.—The annual convention of the Photographers' Association of Canada opened in the Y. M. C. A. building yesterday afternoon, a large number of delegates being present from all parts of Canada and also from many places in the United States. President C. S. Cochrane, of Hamilton, was chairman, and E. Poole, of St. Catharines, acted as secretary.

The mayor delivered an address of welcome to the delegates and President Cochrane also delivered his address. At to-day's session an address was delivered by Mr. Eldridge Stanton, of Toronto, in which the speaker gave valuable lesson in the art of posing and grouping. The convention was then treated to a demonstration given by E. A. Gilbert, of Jamestown, N.Y., in the use of the aristotype, a prepared paper used as a substitute for albumen photos of all sizes and kinds are on exhibition and judge will make their awards to-morrow.

The Peninsular Saengerbund.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

HAMILTON, Aug. 20.—The annual convention of the Peninsular Saengerbund was the first event of Saengerfest to-day. The election of officers resulted as follows: J. W. Koch, Detroit, president; Geo. Barron, Hamilton, vice-president; R. Krakow, Detroit, recording-secretary. It was decided to hold the next Saengerfest in 1894, the place to be decided on by the board. This afternoon a big parade took place. The procession represented a magnificent appearance, some of the floats being very artistically gotten up and the ladies and gentlemen who accompanied them and who were costumed to represent prominent composers, looking exceedingly well. In the afternoon there were athletic contests. In evening the prizes were distributed and a concert followed.

From Pure Pearl Barley.
Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is highly nutritious, easily digested, used by leading physicians and not expensive. 25 cents. Try it. Drugists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

BEYOND THE SEAS

A Member of the Prussian Diet Thinks That Russia Can Be Made To Disarm.

A BARON'S DOUBLE CRIME.

The Republic Francaise Attaches Political Significance to the Warm Reception Given to the French Squadron by the English People on Its Arrival at Portsmouth the Other Day.

BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

LEIPZIG, Aug. 20.—The Baron Zedlitz Neukrich, a student at the university, shot and killed his mistress, Lizzie Meissner, at her lodging early this morning, and then committed suicide. The baron's father is a well-known Berlin politician and a member of the Upper House of the Prussian Diet.

A Peaceful Proposition.
BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The Tagblatt publishes a letter from a prominent member of the diet advising that Lorraine be ceded back to France provided that France joins the triple alliance. The writer advances the view that Russia could then be forced to agree to a general disarmament.

Has Political Significance.
BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—The Republic Francaise commenting upon the visit of the French fleet to England and its cordial reception attributes the warmth of the greeting to a desire on the part of Great Britain to show her independence of all political ties on the continent. The events in Portsmouth harbor therefore have an important political significance according to the writer.

The Manipur Executions Continued.
BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 20.—The execution of the Manipur Princes has created a profound sensation throughout India. The vernacular press of India strongly commends the so-called "hurry orders" issued by the Government, which the native press declares, was hastened lest English opinion should undergo a change in favor of the condemned Princes after the publication of their defence.

The manner of the Tongal General's execution, particularly shocked native feeling. It is said that he was too ill to stand up, and that his executioners were obliged to lift him upon a stool before the drop fell.

Remonstrating with the Chinese.
BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The North German Gazette, contains the statement that Herr Von Brandt, the German ambassador at Peking, joined with the representatives of other powers in remonstrating with the Chinese government against the outrages committed by Chinese subjects in foreign lands. It was urged that German trade had suffered on account of the disturbance. When the German Catholic missionaries were damaged by a mob in 1890 the matter was discussed diplomatically at Peking but after a year's delay no result had been reached. Promises of redress being given but no action taken. Meanwhile the Chinese official who was responsible for the outrage had been specially favored by his Government, whose course had tended to strengthen the malcontent element in the province. Germany attaches the greatest value to the welfare of her missions, and Herr Brandt was instructed to impress this fact upon the authorities at Peking.

The Chinese Government has telegraphed the German Government complaining of German ministers joining the protesting powers, on the ground that no German was injured in the recent riots and further that Germany is only slightly interested in missions and that therefore there is no need to identify himself with other powers in missionary questions.

Hampden Park Trotting Meet.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 20.—Hampden Park held the largest attendance to-day at the third day's race, 7000 people being present. The track was in better condition even than yesterday.

In the 221 trot a sensation was created by Jockey James Golden, who was driving the Seer, being dashed against the fence in endeavoring to get out of a pocket, just as they rounded the final turn. The turn was too short and the sulky struck the fence, landing Golden 25 feet from where the sulky hit. He was severely injured. The horse continued to run round but was captured by a stable boy. The Seer was but slightly injured. The favorite (The Seer) being out of the field, Illinois Egert won the race easily.

Following are complete time summaries: 225 class, trotting, unfinished from yesterday, purse \$1000.

Play Boy..... 1 1 1
Capt Lynch..... 2 2 2
Eva Wilkes..... 3 3 3
Katie L..... 4 4 4
Michael O'Hara..... 5 5 5
Time, 2:24, 2:21, 2:21.

Illinois Egert..... 4 4 4
Dynamite B..... 1 2 2
Charles Wilkes..... 3 3 3
Fred Folger..... 5 5 5
Tom Ford..... 6 6 6
Chester Field..... 7 7 7
G.D..... 8 8 8
Time, 2:20, 2:21, 2:21, 2:21, 2:21.

Massachusetts stakes for pacers of the 2:21 class, purse \$200.

Frank Dorch..... 1 1 1
Lady Sheridan..... 2 2 2
Linda..... 3 3 3
Thistle..... 4 4 4
Time, 2:20, 2:21, 2:21, 2:21, 2:21.

217 class, trotting, purse \$1500.

Warrior..... 1
A.B.H..... 2
Unfinished, 2:18.

Invested With the Pallium.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 20.—Most Rev. Archbishop Katz was to-day invested with the pallium. A large number of priests from other cities were in attendance at the ceremony. Cardinal Gibbons was also present.

Place of Meeting Changed.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 20.—The convention of the National Irish League of America will be held in Chicago next month instead of Baltimore. The change was decided upon owing to complaints of members of the league in the North West, they claiming that they could not go so far away from home as Baltimore.

THEY BOTH SWEAR.

Messrs. O'Hanly and Starrs Both Declare That Sir Hector Induced Them to Withdraw.

WILL BE INVESTIGATED.

A Committee Appointed by the Privileges and Elections Committee to Look Into the Case of the Resignation of Hon. Thomas McGreevy—Some Doubt as to the Procedure.

FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The evidence in the Tarte-McGreevy scandal closed at this morning's meeting of the Privileges and Elections Committee.

Mr. Girouard was in the chair, and in reply to a question by him, Mr. Edgar said he had gone through the remaining latter books of the Public Works Department, but found nothing of any importance.

By request of the committee both Messrs. Starrs and O'Hanly were present to contradict the statements of Sir Hector made at yesterday's proceedings.

Mr. J. P. O'Hanly was first summoned. He testified that the firm of Starrs & O'Hanly, of which he was a member, tendered for the Esquimaux Graving Dock contract. Accompanying their tender, he said, was a cheque accepted by the Union Bank for \$7,500. This was in 1884, and a few days after accepting the tender, his firm forwarded \$4,450, making the requisite 60 per cent of the amount of contract. The latter cheque was accepted by the Union Bank on Oct. 2, 1884.

At this stage of the examination Mr. Anderson, manager of the Union Bank, was called and questioned about the \$4,450 cheque. He did not remember the transaction and was obliged to proceed to the bank and hunt for the entry. Upon his return he swore the transaction took place on the day and for the amount mentioned by Mr. O'Hanly.

Mr. M. Starrs was then called, and said that the cheque for \$4,450 was given him by his partner O'Hanly Oct. 24, 1884. Witness gave the cheque to Sir Hector Langevin at his office in the Department of Public Works. Sir Hector Langevin, he said, induced him to then withdraw his tender for the contract, and asked him to write a letter to the department asking to withdraw, at the same time to "allege that he made a mistake about the price."

Mr. Mulock—Is this correct that you made any mistake?

Mr. Adams objected to the question, but the chairman ruled it in order, and the witness said he "made no mistake."

Mr. Mulock—You mention in your letter about your price being too low?

Witness—There is nothing correct about that either. My sole reason for withdrawing the tender was on account of the many obstacles Sir Hector threw in my way. Of course we were anxious to get back the \$7,500 in case we should be awarded the contract. As Sir Hector withdrew, Sir Hector endeavored to show me the lowness of our tender, and then said there would undoubtedly be no extras thrown in. Mr. Starrs continuing, substantially said "that he asked Sir Hector what was then to be done, when the Minister told him to write to the department, and 'I swear positively,' said the witness, 'that it was Sir Hector who suggested all the falsehoods in my letter regarding the withdrawal of Starrs & O'Hanly's tender. The statements in the letter about mistakes were made solely by Sir Hector in his office, and we agreed to them because we wanted our \$7,500 check returned.'"

When Sir Hector saw my lay the check for \$4,450 on his table he said: "Then you mean to go through with the contract." A long conversation then ensued between myself and Sir Hector, said the witness, after which I agreed to have the cheque returned.

Mr. Mulock—Did he hand you the checks?

Witness—Yes, and as I went out the door I heard Sir Hector exclaim: Thank God; I am relieved of him?

To Mr. Anderson witness said that he and his partner wrote the letter together in conformity with Sir Hector's wishes. To Sir John Thompson said that Mr. O'Hanly wrote the letter. He did not see Perley, the suspended chief engineer of Sir Hector's office on the day of the conversation and did not know that he made a report referring to the lowness of one tender. Perley never told him what report he made about the tender. Witness had another contract with the Government for a bridge. It was going on at the time. Some three or four years previous to 1884 he did work for the Government on the Rideau Canal. His contract for the bridge amounted to \$25,000.

To Mr. O'Hanly witness said he told the letter was written.

Mr. Henry—And you say the statements in your letter of Oct. 24 are false?

Witness—Yes, I do.

Mr. Henry—Statement about low price false?

Witness—Yes, it is.

Mr. Henry—You knew everything in that letter was a falsehood?

Witness—Yes, I did.

Mr. O'Hanly was again called. He stated that he wrote the letter immediately after Starrs returned from the interview with Sir Hector at the department. He wrote the letter at a lawyer's office, in consequence of what transpired. It was written according to Sir Hector's suggestions.

In reply to questions Mr. O'Hanly said he knew positively well that the tender was not withdrawn because of the lowness in price. Mr. Starrs, he continued to state, brought the letter to Sir Hector after it was written.

This closed the evidence in the famous scandal and the counsel for the parties concerned were requested to have their last remarks ready for the next meeting of the committee, which will be on Tuesday next.

THE MCGREEVEY CASE.
A Committee Appointed to Enquire as to the Proper Steps to be Taken About It.

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OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—At this morning's session of the Privileges and Elections Committee a question of procedure in connection with the resignation of Hon. Thomas McGreevy was brought up by the chairman. Many were of opinion that the vacancy should be gazetted by the returning officer of the electoral district at once and the writs for a new election issued.

Regarding the protest issued against Hon. Thomas McGreevy's return after the last election, Mr. Amyot stated that the request of the chairman that the petitioners in the case were Messrs. Pinhey and Gignac; that they had deposited the necessary \$1000, and that the petition was served on McGreevy whose counsel acknowledged same by letter. He expected the preliminary objections would be heard about 15 days after the present session.

On motion of Sir John Thompson Mr. Todd, clerk of the committee, was requested to send for a copy of the petition and any other papers in the proceedings.

Hon. Mr. Kilpatrick then moved that Sir John Thompson and Messrs. Adams and Mill and the chairman be a committee to examine precedents as to proper proceedings in connection with this entire case and the committee adjourned.

A Murderer's Last Day.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—To-day is Ed Blair, the murderer's last day on earth. This morning Father Logan baptized him in the Roman Catholic faith and left him in better spirits. Shortly afterwards Chaplain Sutton attended with prayer and scripture readings. The remainder of the morning was spent in company with Miss Laura Blair, his sister. Conversations were directed mainly upon home topics and the young lady spent considerable time making bouquets for the condemned men in the annex. Laura Blair, half-brother to the murderer, takes the execution with more ease, saying Ed brought his trouble upon himself. The remains will be shipped at 2 p.m. to-morrow to his old home for interment, and will be accompanied by his sister. At 5 o'clock this evening Laura Blair was admitted to the reception-room of the annex to bid her brother the last farewell. She remained nearly an hour, and Warden Dyer was obliged to send for her. When told that this would be the last opportunity to say good-bye to the most pathetic scene ever witnessed in the institution followed, and the strong hearts of the guards were unanimously softened and were shed by them. She hysterically clasped her brother's neck, kissing him and calling him his name over and over again. Suddenly she fell from his arm and caught guard Stansen around the neck.

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A Murderer's Last Day.
SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

COMPARING THE TWO MEN

The Chances of Austin Gibbons
In His Coming Fight with
Jack McAuliffe.

ALMONTE TROTTING RACES.

Montreal Bicycle Club Meet—To-morrow.
Big Lacrosse Matches—Crescents and
Hawthornes—The Local Prize Fight
Off—The Toronto Lacrosse Club will be
in readiness for Montreal.

Ever since six foot Bob Fitzsimmons won the middleweight championship from Jack Dempsey, the experts, who pretend to estimate on boxing form, have taken much more interest in the fact of a man having an excess of height and reach than ever before. Dempsey's long and unbroken record of successes, which included victories of long duration as well as short, his unusual strength, in striking and his undoubted courage made him such a favorite in his matinee with Fitzsimmons that his friends in the north found it next to impossible to get a bet against him. As late as 1 o'clock on the night of the battle at New Orleans the writer saw hundreds of dollars offered at the rate of 100 to 40, with some money a 100 to 30 on the favorite. Although the news relating to the third round—the practical settler of the contest—told substantially the truth of the battle, there were still no Fitzsimmons backers, the confidence in Dempsey was yet without limit. "Jack has got the worst of it in the early part of more than one fight," said those who knew best, "and he'll come out all right. Don't you remember how the Marine and Fogarty both punched him before he kicked them?" It was the man's great record that made his admirers stand up for him in the darkest moment. They had read that Fitzsimmons had beaten men much heavier than himself, but that made no difference. No long and lank six-footer who could weigh in at 154 pounds was going to whip a sturdy, powerful, thick-set, long-headed ring general like Jack Dempsey.

There was but little reasoning for his defeat. Dempsey had entered the ring as fit as he ever was in his life. He was ably handled; a large majority of the spectators were his friends; he had all his well-known power, and he used it as well as he possibly could under the circumstances. But what were they? The principal ones were those that he had called the height and reach of his opponent. Fitzsimmons, from his six-foot point of vantage, was able to look down or reach eight inches over the American and deal with him as a full-grown man might treat a boy. Dempsey did not like to land the muscular blows for which he is famous, but the New Zealand long arms held him at bay, and the aim either missed its mark because the missile could not fetch or, when it did touch, the power had been expended. Since Jack McAuliffe, in his match with Austin Gibbons, made his discovery about to compare between this couple and the middleweights just spoken of, Gibbons is built very much on the Fitzsimmons plan. He is tall and spare in the lower division, McAuliffe is short and solid. There is almost precisely the same difference in height—four inches—between them. Both are broad-shouldered, but Gibbons tapers from the waist up, like Fitzsimmons, while McAuliffe is solid and stocky clean through, like his good friend Dempsey. McAuliffe is a block of solid flesh, again like the other Jack, while Gibbons's figure is rather thin. Gibbons and Fitzsimmons both have light complexion, the joints about and just below the thighs being small and seemingly weak. It is known, however, that in neither case is there any weakness in the legs. Both men are good runners, especially at middle distances. McAuliffe and Dempsey both have full and well-shaped legs, as fighters' limbs go. The length of McAuliffe's arms is only about proportionate to his height, and his fists are of good size, while Gibbons, like Fitzsimmons, has a great reach, even for his upward length.

It is a coincidence, too, worth mentioning in this comparison that Gibbons and Fitzsimmons both were taken up to within a short time that made them pound on hard material. Gibbons was a boiler-maker and Fitzsimmons a blacksmith. The "shorties" McAuliffe and Dempsey, both worked in cooper shops. It can also be said that Fitzsimmons is a perfectly abominable man in the way of alcohol, and Gibbons has been carefully led in the same path. Everybody who knows McAuliffe and Dempsey is aware that these boys have been for a couple of years noted for their conviviality among friends.

All these things are being thought over, and who can say, when confronted with the facts, that there are not a great many characteristics among the two pairs that resemble each other? In fact, the thinkers who are turning things over in their minds before making a bet on the coming match, or expressing an opinion, have had trouble in finding essential differences as between McAuliffe and Dempsey on one hand and Gibbons and Fitzsimmons on the other. It is stated that McAuliffe, while a fighter in all that the word implies, is a clever boxer than Dempsey, and can bring Gibbons down to his height better than Dempsey could handle Fitzsimmons. But nobody asserts that McAuliffe is a better general tactician in the ring than Dempsey. It is contended that Fitzsimmons is a terrific hitter and clever with his hands, while Gibbons is a windmill fighter, trusting to luck in landing at all. This view is based on the fact that Gibbons has generally appeared to have the worst of the early parts of the fights with the men of inferior standing. Gibbons's friends reply to this by saying the Patterson has hit him with his opponent until he got ready to beat them, and then a determined smash or to has brought about the desired result.

McAuliffe's hitting powers are what his friends depend most upon to defeat Gibbons. Jack is without doubt a fighter of extraordinary character, and can use both hands. "Allowing that McAuliffe does get several more body blows than

Dempsey did," said a Patterson enthusiast, "I won't help him much, for he'll only hurt his hands. Young Gibbons' stomach, ribs and breast are just like boards. McAuliffe can't hurt him there. Jack Kenney, of Harlem, who is acknowledged to be a terrible hitter of the Jack Farrell kind, played for 1 Gibbons' stomach and ribs with one hand after the other and sometimes both at once with small 10 ounce gloves and Austin simply laughed at him the whole time."

No Reply Received Yet.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.
New York, Aug. 20.—The following was received at The Police Gazette office yesterday from Ed. Rothery, of Omaha, the backer of Danny Daly, the Nebraska feather-weight champion, who accepted a challenge to back Dan Daly to fight Dixon for \$2500 a side and the largest purse offered. If not notified by 10 o'clock to put up \$500 deposit with Richard K. Fox, and I will cover it and forward a letter of agreement for a match to fight at 115 pounds, Queensberry rules, for \$2500 a side. O'Rourke knows I mean business and there is no bluffing. But I am confident he can defeat Dixon, and sporting men here will bet heavily on his chance. Ed. Rothery.

After Rothery's offer was received at The Police Gazette office, the assistants were telegraphed to Dixon's backer, but no reply has been received. Rothery is the leading sporting man in the West. He has a first-class reputation and he is wrapped up in the little Nebraska champion. He believes he can not only defeat Dixon, but any feather-weight in the world. If O'Rourke is willing to make a match for his champion there will be no trouble in arranging the preliminaries.

The Fight On.
The fight between Slocum and Fitzpatrick is delayed off. It is probable, however, that the men may meet before long.

LACROSSE.

The Big Contest on the Shamrock Grounds To-morrow Afternoon.

Ever since 1888 the N. A. L. A. championship has been practically dead and now an attempt will be made to revive it. In the fall of that year the Shamrocks were the holder of the pennant, and the formation of the new league in 1889 put a damper on the league for the trophy. In fact it had been so forgotten till the last meeting of the National Lacrosse Association, when the matter was brought up and it was intimated that the Shamrocks would have to defend the title against any of the senior clubs in the association. The only three remaining now are the Shamrocks, Montreal and Capital. The Montrealers have no desire to play for the championship so it seems, but the Capitals are ambitious and are looking for the banner. The match between the Shamrocks and the Capitals takes place to-morrow afternoon on the Shamrock grounds, and promises to be a real hot, intense affair. The Shamrocks have a very strong team, and the Capitals are expected, as the "wearyers" of the green jerseys have been attending diligently to practice and could not be in the form for a hard struggle. The Capitals will be compelled to play the game of their life to win to-morrow. The match will start at 3 o'clock precisely, as there will be a double event on for the benefit of the public. After the championship game, the Montreal Juniors and Ontarians will meet in the District Championship series, and it is needless to say that this will also be a stumping game.

A Junior Game.

The Lilly and St. Lawrence teams will meet to-morrow afternoon in a friendly game on Fletcher's field. The Lilly's team are strong for juniors.

The Match on the M. A. A. Grounds.

The match on the M. A. A. grounds to-morrow afternoon between the Staten Islanders and Montreal team promises to be most interesting, and will certainly be witnessed by a large crowd. The Americans play a strong game of lacrosse. They are the champions of the United States, and Montreal lovers of the game will be interested to know how they play with the Montreal combination.

What Captain Irving Says of Saturday's Match.

In speaking of the game at Montreal last Saturday, in which the Toronto team were beaten so unmercifully, Capt. Irving said that the young blood which had been infused into the Toronto first twelve had been a decided failure. They had discovered this, however, in time to avert an irreparable catastrophe, meaning that the home team would be sufficiently strengthened before the next match with Montreal. The Toronto team in blue to again establish their superiority with the stick. In answer to a question as to what changes were anticipated, he said that Sewell, Woodland, Dixon, Joe Irving, Schofield, the two Carmichaels, the two Garvins, Martin, Bob Cheyne and Gale would in all probability constitute the team. With this twelve playing in good form they could yet beat the Montrealers three games and tie them by the end of the season. Montreal is all but certain of winning one of these three games and the dual series championship, and a game between that club and the Cornwalls for the championship of Canada is already mooted. The memorable exhibition played by the Toronto last Saturday will not affect the attendance for the remainder of the season, as the Montrealers realized that they were opposing what might be called a paper team. There is a possibility of the two teams meeting on the season even ground, and in case such an event should occur Cornwall would have to play here and in Montreal also, if an arrangement between the teams can be decided upon. The Montreal team is stronger this year than ever before, and the Toronto captain, who has seen Cornwall play this year, is of the opinion that they would have little difficulty in laying waste the representatives from the factory town. In order for the Toronto to reinstate themselves with the public it behooves them to defeat Montreal when the two teams next meet—Globe.

Lacrosse at the Falls.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 20.—Matters in lacrosse circles seem to have taken a sudden change at Niagara Falls since the championship has been awarded to the Niagara. Everybody is talking lacrosse and apparently great interest

now manifested in the national game in our town. No doubt in the interest of the game at large it is a good thing for the championship to travel around. While the Athletics of St. Catharines held the distinction for a long time, naturally all interest was centered there. Now, Niagara Falls is coming in for their share of its patronage. The Niagara have already received a challenge from Toronto, also one from St. Catharines for the senior championship, and a date will be given shortly. Monday next the Niagara cross sticks with the West Toronto, champions of the York district, in an exhibition game here. The Niagara have commended practice and no doubt will give a good account of themselves in their first championship match.

Refuses to Send Notification.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—Dr. McKay, the referee in the Young Capital-Pembroke match for the district championship, has refused to send the official notification to the secretary of the N. A. L. A. that the Young Capitals won; and the Pembroke have refused to transfer the challenge of the Ottawa Juniors to the new champions. McKay, the secretary of the N. A. L. A., knows all the facts of the case, and will see that the Young Capitals get their rights. The Ottawa Juniors, from whom the Pembroke won the medal June 29, still hold the medal, as they have not been asked for it by the secretary of the N. A. L. A., who holds their \$50 bonds.

FOOTBALL.

The Canadians Courteously Received on the Other Side.

The Association Football team which left New York on Aug. 6, arrived at Glasgow on Sunday afternoon, Aug. 10. They were met by Mr. J. J. Bentley, their English agent, and prominent members of the Scotch Football Association. The authorities of the Queen's Park Football Club have generously placed Hampden Park, together with the pavilion, at the disposal of the visitors, who will practice there during their stay in Glasgow. Their first match will be played Saturday with 3rd L. R. V. An extra match has been arranged for Monday, the team then crossing to Belfast. From advice which have been received some of the English football players are considering the advisability of sending over a team next spring, in which case they will play the best clubs in Canada and the States, and a good list of fixtures could be arranged.

SWIMMING.

The Races of the Montreal Swimming Club To-morrow Afternoon.

The second day of the annual races of the Montreal Swimming Club to-morrow promises to be far ahead of last Saturday, as the competitions will be keen and interesting. The program is as follows:

1. Egg hunt; diving for eggs, one dive only, junior, under 15 years; first prize silver egg stand, second prize, 25 cents.
2. Egg hunt; diving for eggs, one dive only, senior, first prize, silver shaving glass; second prize, dressing case.
3. Race, 75 yards, boys under 12 years only; first prize, silver watch; second prize, nickel clock.
4. Race, green, 100 yards, junior; first prize, brass thermometer; second prize, first prize, one medal; open to all amateurs; first prize, one medal; second prize, gold framed boudoir clock.

Among the entries for the one mile championship there are: McEffe, of the Manhattan Athletic Club, New York; Geo. F. Hishop, of Toronto, present holder of the championship of Canada, and C. Benedict, of Montreal. A great deal of interest is being manifested in this event and a good race may be looked for.

TROTTING.

The Fall Meeting at Blue Bonnets Track Next Month.

The fall meeting of the Blue Bonnets Association will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, September 15, 16 and 17. The program has already been arranged and the management intend to make this the best of all meetings.

First day, Tuesday—3:30 class, purse \$200; 2:30 class, purse \$200; 1:30 class, purse \$200. Second day, Wednesday—Named race, purse \$100; 2:30 class, purse \$200; 2:30 class, purse \$200. Third day, Thursday—2:45 class, purse \$200; 2:30 class, purse \$200; 2:30 class, purse \$200.

Conditions—Entrance fee five per cent. (non-winners and non-starters) and five per cent. additional to winners. Positively no conditional entries. National Trotting Association rules to govern. All races to be mile heats, best 3 in 5 in harness. Five to enter, three to start. Winner in each race to be awarded only one premium.

Purses divided 50, 25, and 10 per cent. Entries close Tuesday, Sept. 8, at 11 p.m., and should be sent to J. B. Baran, secretary, 1802 St. Catherine-street, Montreal.

The next circuit meeting at Quebec will be held on Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1.

Almonte Trotting Meet.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

ALMONTE, Ont., Aug. 20.—The second day of the Almonte driving park association races took place here to-day. The weather conditions were fine and warm. There was a large crowd on the grandstand. A special excursion rates from all points on the C. P. R. brought many. The management are to be congratulated on their success.

The first event was for 2-year-olds for purse of \$500, for which there were 16 entries, nine of which started. Summary:

Amelia, Almonte	1 1 1
Brasserie, Toronto	4 3 4
Maud Belle, Smithville	4 3 4
Arrows, Carleton Place	4 3 4
Nellie D., Carleton Place	4 3 4
Roger Wilkes, Ottawa	8 7 7
Reactor, Almonte	8 7 7
Warwood, Hull	8 7 7
Lady Beat, Almonte	8 7 7
Time, 1:24, 1:24, 1:24	7 7 7

In the three-minute class for a purse of \$500 there were 11 entries and 5 started. It was the most exciting race of the day taking seven heats to decide summary:

Yellow Girl, Pictou	2 2 4 3 1 1
Little Johnnie, Carleton Place	1 1 3 5 3 3 3
Mathew W., Kempsville	3 5 2 2 5 4
Arora, Carleton Place	3 5 2 2 5 4
Time, 2:34, 2:37, 2:38, 2:37, 2:39, 2:41	

By request, Mr. M. Patterson gave an exhibition mile heat with Hermit, Time, half mile 1:10; mile, 2:25.

The Woodstock Summer Meeting.

WOODSTOCK, Aug. 20.—The summer meeting of the Woodstock Driving Park Association will be held on Tuesday and Wednesday, August 25 and 26, on which days the A. O. F. demonstration will also be held. The following is the program: First day, 3 min. class, purse \$125; 2:30 class, purse \$175; 4 mile heat;

race, running, purse \$100. Second day—Local race, for horses owned in county that have never beaten three minutes, \$5 entrance, association adding \$25; 2:35 class, purse \$150; free for all, purse \$175; steeplechase, local, 5 per cent. entrance, purse \$50.

The Assessment on Axtell.

HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 20.—The County Board has valued the great station Axtell at \$600, and a committee from the Farmers' Alliance will visit Indianapolis to ask the State Board of Tax Commissioners to raise the figure. Many members of the Alliance want the horse taxed at \$105,000, the amount paid for him, asserting that farm land is assessed for its full value. The Alliance leaders say they can prove that the station is earning an enormous dividend yearly, and that last year alone the profits were nearly \$50,000. It is said that Mr. James, one of the owners of the horse, has made a threat to move Axtell away from Vigo county in case a high assessment is made.

ATHLETICS.

Amateur Athletics Protested.

New York, Aug. 20.—A spirited meeting of the Long Island Amateur Athletic League was held at the house of the Park Athletic Club, Brooklyn, last night. The session was called to consider the entries to the championship games next Saturday John H. Mellor of the Prospect Harriers protested P. Eriel and J. J. Rock of the Brooklyn Athletic Club, who left the Prospects to join the Brooklyn Prospects, and not granted their releases. The Prospect Harriers, John A. Spellman, R. H. Collins, and William Brogan of the Varuna Boat Club. The men have competed for several months without interference, which entered them, and without a word of protest from the Prospects. It was unanimously decided to allow the men to compete and all protests were quashed. It is stated that the matter will be brought before the Amateur Athletic Union if the men were allowed to start.

Runner Roddy Home.

New York, Aug. 20.—J. S. Roddy, the Princeton student who went to Europe with the Manhattan Athletic Club team, and was left in England suffering from a bad strain, arrived on the Red Star steamer Westernland last evening. He has entirely recovered the use of his limb, and will take a little practice today, to see if he will stand training for the metropolitan championship.

BASEBALL.

A Most Disgraceful Scene on a Ball Field in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 20.—As a member of the society for the promotion of riot powers did his duty this afternoon, and he was responsible for one of the most exciting scenes that ever disgraced a ball field. Cleveland claimed that he gave the Reds their first two runs. Still they have no reasonable grounds for complaint, for he gave them the opportunity to score five.

The trouble occurred in the eighth inning. Cleveland's sole run had been scored on two errors by Smith. There was one out, and McKean and Davis were on second and first respectively, when Tebeau hit a little fly to Latham. He neatly trapped it, and threw to McKean. McKean touched McKean and then ran down the base. McKean, by one of his own original interpretations, declared only Davis out. Then there was a fearful protest. Browning was told to hold the ball at first, but Childs ran out and grabbed it from him, and threw it far out into the field.

Both runners scored, but Powers ordered them back. Virtue's easy fly was muffed by Holliday, and Davis scored the tying run. McKean drove in two more, and Shearson pushed one into right. As McKean turned third to score on the drive Latham got in front of him. The Clevelanders hit him between the ribs. Then Latham brushed across his path once more. McKean, usually cool, grew angry, and he gave Latham two kicks in the legs. Quick as a flash Latham's right went out and by a quick swoop McKean landed on the jaw. Up into the air McKean went under the jaw. McKean's head came down on his back like a log. The crowd roared with hissing Powers, and a hundred jumped into the field. Zimmer came down on McKean's head for a fight and he took McKean's head. Latham wanted no more trouble and backed away. McKean, who had scored, grabbed a bat, and joined McKean. He went in to renew the battle. The Clevelanders rallied to the task almost as man, while George Smith was the only red leg who stepped to annihilate him. During the row Shearson skipped home, while Powers remained as impassive as an old woman in the background. The police drove back the crowd, and ten minutes later peace reigned.

The Fate of the Western Association.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 20.—The fate of the Western Association has at last been settled. Advice this morning from Duluth and Lincoln went to the effect that neither club could go on. This leaves four live clubs out of the original 8. They are Omaha, Sioux City, Kansas City and Denver. They will accordingly finish the season with four clubs. They with Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and Omaha at Sioux City Saturday. The present percents will be retained and the season lengthened 15 days.

Another Baseball Deal.

New York, Aug. 20.—John T. Brush, the Indianapolis-Cincinnati baseball magnate, is at the Hoffman House. Mr. Brush is here partly on business and partly on pleasure. Business, however, is the chief reason for his visit to the metropolis. It will be remembered that Mr. Brush recently had a protracted interview in St. Louis with Chris Von der Ahe, the subject being the settlement of the misunderstanding between the National League and American Association. A. G. Spalding then went to Boston to talk with President Prince of the Boston Association team. It was not long after these conferences that the Association team in Cincinnati decided that Milwaukee would be a much more agreeable place in which to play ball and bag baggage. But there is another move that is much nearer the hearts of the National League people, and that is the move of the Association team from Boston. There are two ways of accomplishing that very desirable object. One is to buy out the team and the other is to arrange some deal. It is apparent that Prince's terms are rather altitudinous, and at present the National League magnates are considering a deal for the

solution of the problem. This is where John T. Brush comes into prominence. He is here with a definite proposition for the abandonment of Boston by the American Association. This proposition involves a sacrifice on the part of the League. Von der Ahe's proposal is that the League permit the return to the Association fold of Pittsburgh, in which location the Association team in Boston will be transferred to the Snaky City. But where is the League to find a town to fill the gap? Just at that point John Brush gets in his work. Indianapolis will jump into the breach and resume its place in the League circuit. In a nutshell that is the proposition that Brush has laid before A. G. Spalding and no League magnates, and it is now being industriously considered. Whether it will be adopted is another question.

No Umpire in That Game.

DENVER, Aug. 20.—L. C. Krantchoff, President of the Western Baseball Association and John W. Spears, President of the Kansas City Club, came here last night. They have been prowling around the Yellowstone region and met with an adventure. To reach some magnificent scenery it was necessary to undertake a 75-mile stage, coach ride. Mr. Krantchoff says the stage was held up by masked men, and that they were relieved of \$75.

Hawthorne vs. Crescent.

The above teams will meet to-morrow on the Crescent grounds. The game will be called at 3:30. As the above teams are practising daily a very close game is expected. It is to be hoped a large crowd will be there, as they are guaranteed a good game.

Yesterday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia: 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 R. H. E.
Philadelphia 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 3 0
New York 5 0 6 0 0 1 0 1 3 18 14 2
Batteries—Eaton and Bennett; Carruthers and Daily. Umpire—Hurst.
At Brooklyn: 0 2 1 0 0 4 2 1 15 2
Brooklyn 0 2 1 0 0 4 2 1 15 2
Batteries—Nichols and Bennett; Carruthers and Daily. Umpire—McQuade.
At Cincinnati: 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 9 4
Cincinnati 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 9 4
Batteries—Rhines and Harrington; Baidwin and Miller.
At Chicago: 1 0 6 0 1 3 3 14 11
Chicago 1 0 6 0 1 3 3 14 11
Cleveland 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 4 4
Game called on account of darkness.
Batteries—Vickrey and Schriver; Gruber and Zimmer. Umpire—Lyon.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Boston: 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 2 3
Boston 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 2 3
Athletics 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 2 3
Batteries—Haddock and Murphy; Chamberlain and Milligan. Umpire Ferguson.
At Baltimore: 0 2 0 1 0 0 3 11 1
Baltimore 0 2 0 1 0 0 3 11 1
Washington 0 2 0 1 0 0 3 11 1
Batteries—Foreman and McGuire; Backley and Townsend. Umpire—Kerins.
At Louisville: 0 4 0 1 0 0 0 0 R. H. E.
Louisville 0 4 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 3 0
Milwaukee 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1
Batteries—Dwyer and Vaughan; Milkin and Cahill. Umpire—Mahoney.
At St. Louis: 0 0 0 0 2 0 5 2 15 14 2
St. Louis 0 0 0 0 2 0 5 2 15 14 2
Columbus 1 0 0 0 2 0 5 2 15 14 2
Batteries—Easton, Darling and Knell; Twichell and Donahue. Umpire—Davis.

THE WHEEL.

Murphy Makes Three New Records.

SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 20.—W. P. Murphy, of the New York Athletic Club, made three new records on the Springfield bicycle track last night. He rode a pneumatic and lowered all the American records for a mile. His times were as follows: Quarter mile, 35 secs, which equaled the record previously made by him; half mile, 1:09 3/4; three-quarters, 1:45; mile, 2:33 2/5, beating the American record 2 4/5 secs. Murphy had four pacemakers: A. Zimmerman, C. M. Murphy, W. H. Haradon and A. B. Rich. The officials were: Referee, H. Gause, of Peoria, Ill.; timers, Ethan C. Robinson, of St. Whipple, A. O. McGarratt, judges, J. A. Bryan, C. T. Sheen, Howard P. Merrill; starter, D. J. Canary. Two hundred persons witnessed the event.

The Ride of the Montreal Bicycle Club.

The bicycle boys will have a big time for the ensuing week as will be seen by the following program:
Saturday, 22—2:30 p.m., Lachine.
Monday, 24—6 a.m., Verdun.
Tuesday, 25—7:30 p.m., Athletic Club House.
Thursday, 27—Cherry street lantern parade. All wheelmen are invited to attend with decorated wheels.
The entries for the races on Saturday are coming in very fast, including the foot races which will also take place on that day.
There was a good muster at the city ride last night.

CRICKET.

The Longwoods of Boston Will Play in Toronto Next Week.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.
TORONTO, Aug. 20.—The Longwood Cricket team will arrive here from Boston on Sunday night and play two matches next week, occupying four days. The first match is with the Wanderers and the other with the Garrison eleven. There is great interest in sporting circles over the matches, but it is hardly expected that the local teams can cope successfully with the cricketers from Boston.

THE GUN.

Tournament at Ottawa.

FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The St. Hubert Gun Club tournament to-day resulted in the home men carrying off most prizes, though the St. Louis men also showed well. The team match was as follows:

ST. HUBERT.	MISSISSIPPI.
P. Trudeau	18 S. Glover
W. J. Johnston	16 R. Glover
A. W. Threlkeld	15 W. Slater
R. G. Dixon	13 J. C. Puff
J. Locke	18 Thomas Glover
	99

ST. HUBERT.

W. P. Lett, Jr. 12 A. Parisien 13
Alex. Stewart 15 J. Paquette 17
Dr. Martin 15 O. Chamone 18
J. Stewart 14 W. L. Camorad 16
Total 76 Total 68

MISSISSIPPI.

Continued on Page Five

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IVAN THE SERV

By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.

CHAPTER IX—Continued.

of cheer to Albee, and then turned to leave the cot; but Ruric followed him.

"One moment, sir," said Ruric, after the physician had mounted his horse; "will you not tell me exactly what you think of Albee?"

The moon was up, and by its light the physician closely scrutinized the young man's features, but he asked no questions.

"I will tell you, sir," he at length replied. "The old man may get up from this shock, but his life cannot be much longer continued. Old age has done much toward wearing him out, and this blow has made a crushing blow in his system from which he cannot recover. He may live some months, but not many. But take good care of him, and I will see him again before long."

Thus speaking, the physician turned his horse away, and Ruric re-entered the cot.

CHAPTER X.

Feodor Ruric had been in his Circassian home a month; and during that time he had contrived to make himself very happy. Albee had so far recovered from his sickness that he could ride with comfort, and Ruric had helped into his saddle; but the mobility of his strength which had returned to him brought with it a degree of reason which opened his eyes to his failing powers.

"Ah, Ruric," he said one day, after the young man had helped him into his saddle, "I did not used to be thus. I did not think I should ever have to be lifted to my horse's back. I must be growing very weak."

"You have been weak," said Ruric, in a flattering tone. "But perhaps you are growing stronger. You sit in your saddle firmly, and your horse knows your will."

"Ah," the old man uttered, with an expressive shake of the head. "I sit in my saddle because it is my nature. My limbs have become fashioned to it; and when that shall fail me, the earth will have seen the last of poor old Albee. No, no, Ruric, you cannot flatter me into the belief that I am ever going to be strong again. I cannot live much longer; but I must live to see Ivan. I hope he will come soon."

It was a pure and serene in which the young count had breathed for the past month. And during that month he had been almost constantly in the society of Myrrha; and if he had thought her beautiful when he first saw her, he thought her ten times more so now, that he had become acquainted with the intrinsic purity of her mind. He had lived in the light of her smiles, but he had not yet spoken to her of the deepest thoughts that moved his soul.

It was near the middle of the afternoon, and Ruric had just returned from an excursion with Albee. The air was so sweet and the thousands of opening blossoms were so fragrant, that the cot seemed like a prison. Albee had taken his accustomed seat by the window, and he asked Myrrha if she would not like to go out.

"You and Ruric must go out and smell this delightful air," he said; "for the young man has little chance for enjoyment when he rides with me, seeing that all his attention has to be bestowed upon my poor, weak self."

"And this is surely an enjoyment," quickly returned the count, in a frank, heart-felt tone. "When I cannot find enjoyment in making comfort for an old man, then let my pleasures pass from me, for I should deserve them no more."

This was spoken so sincerely that it brought tears to the old man's eyes, and Myrrha showed plainly by her looks how well she appreciated it.

But the young people waited not for more urging on Albee's part; and as soon as they saw that he was comfortable, they set forth. They took their way up the river and for a long distance they kept close upon the bank. For some time not a word had been spoken, but at length Ruric broke the spell.

"Myrrha," he said in a low, tremulous voice, "do you know I have begun to like my new home?"

"Yes," she replied, "for you have told me so before."

"So I have. I have told you how I loved the wild scenery, and how I loved your father, but I have more to tell you; I have to tell you of a deeper love than them all."

The young count hesitated, for he felt how Myrrha's hand was trembling. He gazed upon her, but her eyes were bent to the ground; yet he could see how the blood had mounted to her sweet face and how the golden tresses upon her pure head were waving with a fitful breeze were playing with them.

"I need not be afraid to speak," he continued, "for I know you will pardon me, even if you do not meet me with approval. But I do not believe you will reject the offer my soul would make. I have long watched the light of your mild eyes, and I have read their silent language as best suited to my own feelings. Myrrha, I love you best of all I know on earth. Have you not guessed my secret ere this?"

"I had surely hoped you loved me," returned the maiden, with her eyes bent to the ground, but with less of tremulousness in her manner.

"Then you must love me," cried the count, in a joyful tone, "for we never seek or hope for the love of that which is stranger to our affections. Am I not right?"

For a few moments Myrrha was silent; but at length she gazed up into her companion's face, and, while a flood of strange light danced in her moistened eyes, she murmured: "I know not why I should attempt to deceive you on myself, nor do I know the forms of the society in which you have been brought up. I only know my heart's love, and that I have no power to conceal it."

"And that love is mine—mine—mine—all mine. Say that it is, Myrrha."

Again the maiden was silent, and again her eyes bent to the ground; and when she once more looked up, there was more of earnestness in her features than had before been there.

"I do not know," she said with a return of tremulousness, "what may be the meaning of the love you bear me. You cannot fear that my friendship would ever be withdrawn."

"Ah, Myrrha, there can be but one meaning to such love as mine. It must either live in full fruition or die in utter despair. The object of such love is to be near—near—ever with me—a life-companion of my own soul—a light that shall ever shine in my path—a voice that shall ever whisper comfort in my ear, and a presence that shall ever inspire me with holy, happy thoughts. You can be all that to me. Become my wife—my own wife—and heaven itself will smile upon our union. I will speak with your father."

"There is no need of that," said Myrrha, with a look of joy that was not to be mistaken. "I know my father's wish."

"Ah, what is it?"

"Simply to see me happy."

"And would you not be happy to become my wife?"

"Yes."

The word was spoken plainly, frankly, and yet so very low that it seemed but the breath of the passing zephyr. But Ruric heard it, and he bowed his head upon his sweet companion's shoulder and thanked God for the joy of that moment.

Ever long the lovers turned their steps home-

ward, and their hearts were as light and joyous as the breath of the flowers that grew in their path. When they reached the cot, they found Albee still sitting by the window, and as soon as he had an opportunity, Ruric told him what had passed between Myrrha and himself.

"Bless you! bless you!" ejaculated the old man, when he had heard the tale of love. "I have hoped that this would be so, for I knew I knew what you had been here only a few days—that Myrrha loved you; and I think her heart would have broken if you could not have loved her. But it is well now. O Ruric, she is a noble girl. She will make you most happy."

"I know it, I know it," returned the youth. And then he bowed his head as though he would think of something that was not present.

"Albee," he at length resumed, with a perceptible tremor in his features, "I have yet one thing to ask. I am not in haste, but yet my cup lacks its perfect fill. Myrrha is not yet fully mine."

"I understand—I understand," said the old man. And while he spoke, there came a cloud over his brow—not a cloud of pain or of doubt, but of anxious hesitation. "I know what you mean but the end is not yet. Wait a while ere you make Myrrha your wife."

"But why should I wait?" asked the youth. "Because I wish it," was the old man's reply. "You know I would not make the request without good reason."

"How long must it be?"

"Perhaps not long. But be it long as it may, you will still have the company of Myrrha to make you happy. I will tell you when the time comes. Trust me, Ruric, trust me, and in the end you shall not be disappointed. Myrrha shall be yours—fear not."

The entrance of the physician at this moment put an end to the conversation, and Ruric went to seek Myrrha to come and receive any instructions the doctor might wish to give. In the evening the count related to the maiden what Albee had said.

"Yes," she returned. "I know that he has some peculiar reason for wishing our nuptials put off, but we have nothing to fear. He spoke with me only a few moments since, and I know that the earnest wish of his heart is to see us happy."

Ruric had hoped to find out from Myrrha what the old man's reason might be, but she knew no more than he did; so he tried to content himself with things as they were.

CHAPTER XI.

THE MARAUDERS.

Time passed on to early summer. Old Albee still rode out almost every day for exercise, but he dared not go alone, for he grew weaker and weaker. And Myrrha—she was the very sun of the count's existence. He loved her more and more as each dawn of day developed new charms in her mind. Several times he had so repeatedly requested Albee that Myrrha might be secured to him by the rite of marriage, but each time the old man bid him wait.

"And wherefore shall I wait?" the count had asked in almost a frenzy of anxiety. "Nothing can separate us—nothing can divide our hearts. Why, then, shall we be thus doomed to be kept asunder?"

"Because," the old man replied, "the time has not yet come. I am not responsible; so let the matter rest. I cannot be much longer that the probation shall last. Be quiet, my dear friend, be quiet, and all shall yet end well. You need not fear for any clouds, if you but trust me."

But Albee was not a prophet. There was a storm gathering upon the borders of the Stanyul of which he did not dream; and the quiet retreat, as it lay there in its mountainous quietude, slept all unconscious of the doom that hung over it.

It was late in the day that Albee and Ruric had turned the heads of their horses toward home. The air was so clear and beautiful that they had ridden farther than usual; and when they turned they were upon the summit of a hill that overlooked the deep valley of Stanyul; while upon the opposite hand they could see the uneven country for many miles in extent, sweeping away with its crags and ravines and its brooks and verdure. While Ruric gazed upon the wild scene, he thought he saw something glisten suddenly upon the edge of a little wood that lay at the foot of one of the distant hills. At first he thought it might be some little streamlet that he had not before detected, but he soon found that such could not be the case, for the glittering points were multiplied, and ere long he was sure that he had mounted men.

"Why do you stop?" asked Albee, who was becoming impatient.

"I saw something in yonder woods that arrested my attention," returned the youth; "but I am ready now."

"And what do you think you saw?" asked the old man, as they both moved as though they would start down the hill.

"Oh, I saw something glittering in the sunbeams and felt a curiosity to know what it was; but it proved only to be some horsemen."

"Horsemen?" uttered Albee, reining his horse suddenly in. "Glittering in the sunbeams?" he added with increasing emotion. "By the prophet Elijah, this needs looking to. Come back, come back, Ruric, and show me."

Wonderingly did the count turn his horse back, and when he reached the top of the hill he could distinguish the horsemen very plainly.

"They are armed, I think," he said, pointing his finger toward the wood.

The old Circassian shaded his eyes with his withered hand, and gazed off to where the horsemen were to be seen. There were as many as a dozen of them in full sight, and it was evident that there was a number more in the wood, for the glittering of more arms could be seen there. Albee's eyes were yet clouded with distrust, and he gazed long and steadily upon the distant men. His aged form trembled as he continued to gaze, and when he at length turned toward his young companion, his thin hands were doubled up and his eyes sparkled with a keen fire.

"What is it?" asked Ruric, full of wonder but knowing not what to apprehend.

"I think there is one of the uzdens of the Hatakai, with a troop of his followers," said Albee, again turning his eyes upon the wood. "The Hatakai!" repeated Ruric, interrogatively.

"Yes," answered Albee. "They are a tribe that live off here beyond Laha, and they are a savage, bold people, and I fear they mean evil to our hamlet. I think from the glittering of their armor that I am correct."

"Mean evil to us?" said Ruric. "Do you mean that they are our enemies?"

"Ah, you have not yet learned all of Circassian manners," replied the old man, with a melancholy shake of the head. "Know, then, that many of our tribes live chiefly by plunder, and we are as likely to be plundered as any one."

"And surely they will find but little booty in our village. I think I have the most money, and they cannot find that without my help."

"Alas, Ruric, you know little of them," groaned the old man, shaking his head more and more.

To be Continued.

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FRIDAY MORNING AUGUST 21

THE BUTCHERS' TAX.

Perhaps nothing could better illustrate the apathetic state of public feeling than the way in which the butchers' resistance to an unjust and iniquitous tax is regarded by their fellow citizens. A moment's reflection is enough to convince any one that a tax that oppresses a particular trade, except perhaps such a one where police supervision is desirable, is unjust, and that a special impost levied on tradesmen who are supplying the necessities of life to the general public is not only unjust but absurd, and contrary to public policy. Were it proposed to levy some new tax of \$200 per annum on the dry goods trade, for instance, what an outcry would be made; what a clamor would arise, what appeals to the courts, to the parliament, to the public, would be the result. But with other trades looking coldly on, and probably the strongest firms among themselves favoring the measure as an excellent way of choking off a number of weaker competitors, they would be forced to submit to the injustice and either pay or go. This is much the case with the butchers now. They are fighting against a wrong but no one seems to have sufficient public spirit to lend them a hand. Even in pure selfishness storekeepers and tradesmen in other lines should reflect that if the Corporation is allowed to blackmail one particular trade to-day, what is to hinder it starting on another to-morrow. Now it is the turn of the butchers, to-morrow the screw may be put on the barbers, or the painters, or the fancy goods dealers, and they would not have half as good an argument against such measure as the butchers. The decision of the courts is that the corporation has power to levy unlimited taxes on any special class, or even individual, and the public has no recourse. It is this freedom our fathers fought for. Having crushed despotism and wrested from kings the power to levy arbitrary taxes, shall we hand it over to the chance rulers imposed upon us by a municipal vote? Our fathers, strangled the full-grown lion, shall we quail before an incubus of our own creating? Is there no general principle involved in this tax that it is the duty and interest of every citizen to preserve? We think there is. We think every citizen should have full liberty to embark in any business not noxious to the public weal without let or hindrance. We think that to single out any particular business to bear more than its just and equal share of taxation is dishonest, unjust, and an arbitrary use of power. This is not a matter which should be left to the butchers alone to fight out; it is the interest of every citizen. It is said that the butchers having lost their case in every court should at least give way to the voice of the law, and settle up what is called their past indebtedness, and then throw themselves at the mercy of the Council and beg for some alleviation of the future penalties attached to carrying on their trade. Perhaps the butchers cannot help themselves, but is this an honest way of looking at it? We fancy not. Such a style of argument legitimately carried out would have paralyzed the arms of patriots in every age of the world's history. Such an argument might have been used in justification of American slavery, or feudalism and aristocratic privileges in France, or any other species of despotism. A thing inherently wrong cannot be made right by any process of law, and such we believe to be any attempt to impose an undue share of taxation on any class or individual. Let each one pay according to the realized property he owns, but if it is thought advisable to fine a citizen for attempting to improve his circumstances in life, let such fine, call it business tax if you will, be levied according to the assessment of the property he occupies for the purpose of his trade or profession. But above all let it be levied on all alike, for all have equal access to the opportunities afforded by the city. The theory that such tax is paid for permission to establish a business in one certain line and to keep on any other tradesman who has not paid that tax is untenable. Certain trades may be pronounced obnoxious to the public weal and may be regulated by license or otherwise, but for the open trades certain taxes should be paid, according to assessment as the contribution from that particular premises to the

civic purse. Beyond that the city has nothing to do and whether the occupier of the premises makes his livelihood by manufacturing or dealing, whether he chooses to appeal for public support with a stock of groceries or meat or fancy goods or dry goods or hardware, or even an assorted stock comprising specimens of each, it is no portion of any civic official's duty to enquire. These little side rushes into either protection or persecution of particular trades are long steps towards despotism and dangerous to the freedom we all profess to admire.

At the present stage of the dispute the butchers appear to be at great disadvantage and perhaps the best way out of it is to accept the Mayor's advice and offer some compromise. Then let them put their case before the public, and obtain the support of their fellow tradesmen to sweep clear away this foolish and obnoxious tax. "Each for all and all for each" is the only true basis of enduring liberty, and this is the doctrine they must teach, if they wish to avoid further oppression. It is an old axiom that a body corporate has neither a soul to be saved nor a body to be kicked, and even in a free country such bodies pass edicts without raising a ripple in the current of public opinion, that if perpetuated by a despot might precipitate a revolution. Such an arbitrary measure of power was the infliction of the \$200 tax on the unfortunate butchers.

THE GAZETTE. Apart from statecraft, it is surely time for the German army to be led on bread. The extensive cultivation of wheat for human food indicates a low state of agriculture and a poor style of living among the peasantry. As Britain advanced in civilization, rice became virtually obsolete as a crop for human food, though it is still grown to some extent for sheep and for the straw. This cheap "poor style of living" is one of the blessings which protection helps to bring to the German people. It is in marked contrast to the cheap, good "style of living" which the English people enjoy under free trade and consequent light taxation. As Germany advances in civilization and gradually discards her protection system, the condition of her people will improve and a better style of living will come into vogue. She is just now being taught by a very severe and practical experience the folly of taxing the people's food.

WHY MAKE FISH OF ONE AND FLESH OF ANOTHER?

The Gazette very properly admits that Mr. Lister was fully justified in the charges he preferred against the Secretary of State's Department, so far as the heads of the printing bureau and stationery department are concerned, and says he "has done a public service in ferreting out and exposing these transactions." Very good; but while The Gazette is so prompt to pounce down upon subordinates like Burgess, Arnoldi, Perley, Senecal, Bronskill, and others, it has not a word of condemnation for the heads of the departments, whose deleterious example of accepting gifts from public contractors has simply been followed by the subordinates. It is far from breathed, much less spoken, a word of disapproval of the conduct of Ministers of the Crown barking enquiry into matters likely to affect Ministers themselves; though Sir John Thompson, by accepting Sir Richard Cartwright's motion on Wednesday night, very emphatically condemned the tactics employed by Chapeau, Haggart, Foster, Dewdney and Costigan, to burke enquiry into certain transactions in the Secretary of State's department. By the way, if those Ministers possessed any self-respect they would resign after having received such a slap in the face from the Minister of Justice. It is all right for The Gazette to condemn subordinates who have been convicted of wrong-doing, but it should not stop there; it should extend its condemnation to the heads of departments whose deleterious example, rather than the innate badness of the subordinates themselves, is mainly responsible for the development of practices which have led to the departments at Ottawa being designated as dens of thieves.

OUR CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES at Ottawa must have had "a rough road to travel" of late years. In such a hot bed of corruption a really honest man had no chance. If he did not follow the example of his superiors, his very presence would have been a reproach to them and some excuse would soon have been made for his removal. Following their example, however, seems only to have staved off the evil day for a short time, and now found out and discredited they are summarily packed out of their offices. The number of these tarnished reputations who will be seeking other positions is a menace to the country, and it is a mercy of Providence that to such as these, who can cross the line in irreproachable garments and with fat purses in their pockets, Uncle Sam readily opens his arms.

THE CATTLE TRADE.

When the time comes—as it inevitably will come—that Canadian cattle growers are deprived of their preferential standing in the British markets, what a howl of indignation they will raise. This preference is worth nearly two million dollars a year to them, and yet such is the apathy which has fallen over the public spirit of the country that we nowhere hear a protest against the endangering of this valuable privilege. That the trade to be fostered in Canada by allowing American cattle to be brought in alive will ever amount to anything, was pretty well exploded by the "dead meat" swindle, but there is no doubt some private parties will have what may be thought by their gulls a valuable property to sell. Shall the chief export of the country be endangered that private parties may get rich?

That is the question for cattle growers to answer, as the first, and most direct loss will fall upon them. The people of Canada do not seem to see that this is a trap directly set by the high protectionist party in England, in order to find an excuse for the restriction and final stoppage of the live stock trade, which has always been a "bête noire" to them. If by any chance the slightest case of cattle disease should hereafter be reported, and they will soon see that part of the scheme, then they have just the lever they want to work upon the English people. This cattle export privilege is almost the only benefit Canada obtains for the continuation of the British connection, and yet the very people who profess to be frothing over with loyalty are the ones to endanger it. There is much food for reflection here.

HAMILTON HERALD: People who speak of Montreal being slow because it is French are requested to observe that a woman has just been run over in that city and killed by an undertaker's team. If this does not indicate haste and stir, it would be hard to say what does. Indeed! Who says Montreal is slow? When the citizens of the commercial metropolis get up a demonstration or a reception and put their best foot forward, there is nothing slow about them. If the Hamilton editor thinks differently let him come down and try to run Montrealers; he will suddenly find out his mistake.

THE TIDE OF CORRUPTION is still rising and of the whole ministry in the House of Commons Sir John Thompson seems the only one whose skirts are clear. Whether in his judicial capacity there is a lack of opportunities, or whether the limbs of the law with whom he is chiefly brought into connection are such past grand masters in the art that they can hide their tracks better, cannot be safely said. For the credit of our common country it is to be hoped that it is neither of these reasons but the incorruptible honesty of the man himself. Anyway, it is something very suggestive after the reasons given by certain politicians for not selecting Sir John as Premier. The stone which the Tory builders rejected seems to have become the head of the corner.

THE VOICE OF THE PRESS.

Has Blaine Struck a Snag? Philadelphia Times.
It appears that our reciprocity treaty with the Spanish West Indies can't be put in force, as England, in convention with Spain, holds the right to enter goods there on any terms granted to the United States. Here is another case where the third party is going to be a bother to this country.

Alarmed About the National Defence—New Orleans Picayune.

The defenceless condition of our coasts and our helplessness to defend the national homestead against the attack of even second-rate powers have attracted much more attention of late years than the people of the country seemed disposed to attach to the subject some time back. The possibility of war resulting with a foreign power, because of certain complications which have arisen during the past year or so, has opened the eyes of even the most incredulous and has thoroughly alarmed the masses of the people. There has consequently been a demand for better provisions for defense of our seaboard in the way of a more powerful fleet of warships, as well as the erection of the necessary forts and shore batteries mounting the heaviest of modern guns.

From the Australian Standpoint.
Australian Boomerang.

It is quite certain that if Great Britain does not come to meet the Colonies, the Australian Colonies, at all events, will never go to meet England. When the Commonwealth of Australia embarks on its banner, "Free trade in Australia," Protection against the world, there is no reason, and there will be no desire, to give British manufacturers the slightest advantage over their German or American competitors, unless we receive a substantial benefit in return. The "Crim on thread" is all very well as a figure of speech, but—business is business.

The Crops and Taxes.
London Advertiser.

The high tax papers are getting ready to claim for their policy the improvement in trade that may come from the good crops and the increase in price which results from the great shortage in the old world. The fact is that the policy of high taxation does nothing for the crops except reduce the buying power of the consumers. The farmer has to sell at the price governed in the world's markets, but when he takes his pay in necessities of life he has to pay to the Government the cost of the improvement in the land. The farmer has to pay in necessities of life he has to pay to the Government the cost of the improvement in the land. The farmer has to pay in necessities of life he has to pay to the Government the cost of the improvement in the land.

The Liberal Candidate in Argentine.
Lachute Watchman, Tor.

It is hardly necessary to say that our relations with that gentleman (Mr. de Laroche) have been of the most intimate nature. Personally we shall not have one unkind word to say of him, and trust that even in the heat of the fight nothing will be said disparagingly of his ability, reliability and general good qualities, one of which is that having the ability and brain requisite to give blows, he can receive them back without whining and crying. "You don't pay fair."

Why His Wife is Fidgety
I have the best cook in the town. Who bread is delicious and sweet. Her coffee is fragrant and brown. Her pastry a perfect delight. She's my own darling wife but a fidgety thing. Your wife is worn out and needs Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the only medicine guaranteed to cure debilitated women. How many overworked American ladies we see with lack-lustre eyes and haggard faces, growing old before their time from those exhausting ailments that men know nothing of. They can be permanently cured by this remedy as numberless grateful women will attest. Price refunded if it fails to give satisfaction in every case. \$3 guarantee printed on bottle wrapper.

PERSONAL AND PERTINENT.

Mrs. James K. Polk was quietly buried by the side of her husband in the lawn of Polk Place residence on Sunday last. By the terms of the ex-President's will, the Polk home passes into the custody of the State of Tennessee, to be held in trust to be occupied from time to time by his kinsman bearing the name of Polk, who shall be designated by the Legislature as most worthy. The following clause in the ex-President's will is interesting: "Should I survive her (Mrs. Polk), unless influenced by circumstances which I do not now foresee, it is my intention to emancipate all my slaves, and I have full confidence that, if at her death she shall deem it proper, she will emancipate them."

Mr. Ingalls is neither selfish nor envious, but the mere mention of Mr. Blaine as President gives him the cold shivers and tarnishes the polish of his boots.

Wendell Phillips' memory is to be honored by the erection of a public hall, bearing his name. Of course it will be a Boston institution. Mrs. Phillips is said to have given her consent to the scheme, but she would not hear of a statue to her husband being put up. She knows what Boston statues look like.

It is no new fad for London swells to contract for their button hole bouquets. It is a long established all the year round custom, and the cost is not more than \$2 per week for two bouquets a day. In the same way many gentlemen contract for their clothes, receiving a certain number of suits each year and returning the worn ones as the new goods come in.

President Harrison means to drop his lines in Echo Lake, in the Mount McGregor region, and pull out a nice hamper of fish to send to Mr. Blaine. The echo of Blaine's thanks will come back to him later on.

The Empress Eugenie gives sad signs of failing powers and waning health, and it is but a dim shadow of the glorious Montijo who was once France's ideal of womanly beauty and whom the painter Winterhalter pronounced perfect in every charm of her sex.

Conservative citizens of Long Island are getting tired of being knocked out by Mayor Pat Gleason, whose idea of municipal government seems to be to floor all opposition, and are thinking of engaging John L. Sullivan as an opposition candidate. This would be a good move, if there was any assurance that the two slugs would not pool their issues and flatten out everybody else.

Sir Charles Dilke has built himself a cosy villa at Doherty Eddy, on the Thames, and is near enough to London to have all its advantages as a resort without being liable to come across its unpleasantness.

The Archbishop of Canterbury is a warm personal friend of Mr. Spurgeon and a constant visitor at his bedside. In the fraternity of genuine humanity there is no room for sectarian fences.

Suppe, the composer, has just celebrated his silver wedding. He is 71 years old, but when music is mentioned he throws off 50 years and becomes as joyous as a school boy.

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Pills after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, add vigour, give tone and vigor to the system.

VIGOR-SQUARE

Province of Quebec, City of Montreal.

IN RE The City of Montreal

Petitioners in Expropriation for the extension of Vigor square eastwardly as far as Campane street and westwardly as far as the southwest line of the said square, in the St. Louis and St. James wards.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioners have, according to law, determined who are the parties interested in, and to be specially assessed to defray the cost of the said improvement, less however the cost of that property designated on the Expropriation plans as the "Cattle Market" and have made a map thereon, by which it appears that the parties interested in and to be specially assessed for the purpose of the said improvement are as follows, viz:

The proprietors of all the lots of land situate within the following boundaries:—Starting from a point situate at the corner of Ontario and St. Dominique streets and going along a line following St. Dominique street to Craig street, the lots having a frontage on the southwest side of said St. Dominique street included, but to be assessed to a depth not exceeding one hundred and fifty feet;—

Thence along a line following Craig street to St. Gabriel street;—Thence along a line following St. Gabriel street to the southwest side of said St. Gabriel street included, but to be assessed to a depth not exceeding one hundred and fifty feet;—

Thence along a line following Parthenais street to Ontario street, the lots having a frontage on the northeast side of said Parthenais street included, but to be assessed to a depth not exceeding one hundred and fifty feet;—

Thence along a line following Ontario street to Craig street, the lots having a frontage on the northwest side of said Ontario street included, but to be assessed to a depth not exceeding one hundred and fifty feet;—

And the said undersigned Commissioners hereby give further public notice that they will proceed to value the properties required for the above improvement on Friday, the 24th day of September next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, in the Commissioners' Room, City Hall, and that they will then and there receive and hear the objections, if any, and all parties interested, with their witnesses, title deeds, etc., etc.

J. L. LEPROHON, M. PERRAULT, S. ST. ONGE, Commissioners.

Commissioners' Room, City Hall, Montreal, 21st August 1891.

To be inserted in The Herald and Gazette on the 21st and 22nd August instant.

Rooms and Board.

FURNISHED ROOM would suit one or two gentlemen, no other roomers, no children, English people. Terms very moderate. 700 LaSalle street.

FIRST-CLASS Table Board for a limited number of persons only, can be had at 62 LaSalle street.

GENTLEMEN in search of well furnished rooms in a central and first class neighborhood can be accommodated by calling at 62 LaSalle street.

ROOMS OK BOARD—All parties seeking desirable furnished rooms, by the day, month or season, housekeeping and unfurnished rooms. Call for free particulars. Wanted at 8 p.m. St. Helene street. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

WANTED—Three rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with use of kitchen, for married couple, with three small children. Wanted at 8 p.m. St. Helene street and address: Rooms, Box 21, Herald office.

WANTED—Agents for the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada, Largest in the Dominion. Over 100,000 plants, Hardy varieties suitable for Quebec, New Brunswick, Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Our importations of Hardy Fruits and Shrubs have been made direct from Northern Russia and pay and a complete outfit for competition. Address: ROBE & WELLS, 120 Temple Building, Montreal, J. W. Wells, Manager. Name this paper when writing.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Photo Studio in central locality. Price \$400 cash, or rent \$16 a month. Address immediately, Russell 106 St. James street.

WANTED—Partner, (silent) good money making business chance, \$300 cash required. Address, "Partner," Herald Office.

WANTED—Partner (active or silent) for office business with \$300 cash, immediate. Full particulars from James Russell, 106 St. James street.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—Lady office cashier, \$3 to \$12 per week. Must be thoroughly competent and able to keep books—apply this morning 5 Place d'Armes square.

\$600 WANTED an active partner, one well established city cash business. Call at once 5 Place d'Armes square.

WANTED—First-class baker, tailors, tailors, smiths, carpenter, scale makers, boot-maker, plumber, cabinet makers, millwright, photographer, brass finisher and men with trades of every kind. Apply, 5 Place d'Armes square.

PLACES wanted by well recommended assistant bookkeepers, collectors, watchmen, barkeepers, drivers, coachmen, for their references and for help of all kinds send to 5 Place d'Armes.

ADVERTISING fees charged and fees to receive services to make a personal call on business houses in the interest of ladies and gentlemen seeking commercial, professional or mechanical situations, from \$5 to \$25, good for three months. With a return of 50 p.c. if successful. One month's trial given. Lists of places published at 5 Place d'Armes daily. No cost to investigate.

LADIES, ATTENTION—A great many reliable and competent cooks, table and chambermaids, laundresses, etc., available corresponding with our house from the principal summer resorts or country villages to secure places in this fall. Our ladies' department is managed by Montreal ladies, elegantly appointed, with private consultation and waiting rooms. 5 Place d'Armes square.

SALESLADIES, Tailoresses, Cashiers Chambermaids, if you want a good place call at 174 St. Catherine street.

WANTED—A bright intelligent boy for the office of The Herald. Apply in person with references.

WANTED—Good drug clerk, photographer, salesman for general clothing establishment, assistant bookkeeper, good cook, miller, baker, carpenter, cabinet-maker, boot maker, scale makers, tea and coffee salesman and others, at Business Exchange, 210 St. Catherine street.

Situations Wanted.

Advertisements not of a business character, 20 words free, one time, if inserted in no other paper. Each additional word cost each insertion. If of a business character, each word will be charged for at one cent a word each insertion.

MARRIED MAN, used to cleaning out offices and attending furnaces, is a student of sewing situation as caretaker in an office building. Can furnish best of references. Address, Faithful, Box 160, Herald office.

WANTED—By young women, sewing in private families, experienced in fur sewing. Apply 1480 Mignone street.

WANTED—by a young man of experience, situation as assistant in an office, can write shorthand and operate a calligraph, first class references. Address C. H., 52 Gloucester street, Ottawa.

WANTED—By a young lady, position as stenographer, 2 years experience, good references; address, "J. J." Box 255, Brockville.

WANTED—By a lady, washing or scrubbing—apply 25 Daunt avenue.

Legal Notices

NOTICE from Virginia Barrette that on the 8th day of September 1891, she will petition the Provincial Treasurer so authorized to transfer her license to transfer her restaurant license to the said petitioner.

NOTICE from Louis Hattendorf that he will petition the Provincial Treasurer to authorize William Hewson to transfer his restaurant license to the said petitioner.

Montreal, 20th August, 1891.

CATHEDRAL-STREET

IN THE Matter of Expropriation

FOR THE Widening of Cathedral street, between St. Antoine and Osborne streets in the St. Antoine ward of this city.

Notice to All Whom It May Concern.

The undersigned Commissioners appointed to value the pieces of land comprised in the above matter of expropriation, hereby give public notice that they will proceed to value the properties required for the above improvement on Tuesday, the twenty-fifth day of August instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the Commissioners' Room, City Hall, and that they will then and there receive and hear the objections, if any, and all parties interested, with their witnesses, title deeds, etc., etc.

W. M. MASTERMAN, T. PREFONTAINE, W. WILSON, Commissioners' Room, City Hall, Montreal, 20th August, 1891.

To be inserted in The Herald and Gazette on the 21st and 22nd August instant.

M. NOLAN DE LISLE, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Room No. 28 Fraser Building, No. 45 St. Sacrement Street

GIBB & COMPANY

Are Receiving Novelties in Tailoring and Haberdashery ALSO Pattern Suits from Pools

A SESSION OF THE Court of Queen's Bench (CROWN SIDE.)

Holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the District of Montreal, will be held in the Court House, in the City of Montreal, on Tuesday, the First Day of September Next At ten o'clock in the forenoon.

In consequence I give public notice to all who intend to proceed against any prisoner now in the Common Jail of the said District, and all others, that they must be present then and there, with the Records, Rolls, Indictments and other Documents, in order to do those things which belong to them in their respective capacities.

J. ARTHUR FRANCHIER, Deputy Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Montreal, 14th August, 1891.

Armour's Pork Beef Canned and Smoked Meats, Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor

Held in Stock, Free and in Bond, by JAMES ALLEN

Sole Agent Armour & Co., Chicago. WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED Office and Warehouse: Custom House Sq., Montreal

LOUIS ROEDERER GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE Rich Dry Wine

REUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

Alex. Andrea Kraay & Co. CLARETS and SAUTERNES, Finest Imported.

GUINNESS'S STOUT. Bull Dog Brand.

HASS'S ALE. Foster's Bottling.

SCOTCH WHISKY Cockburn's Very Old Highland.

Stewart's Glenlivet.

Glen Lion Highland Whisky.

Bouillier G. Briand & Co. FINE OLD BRANDIES.

J. & R. McLEA, Sole Agents for the Dominion.

STATIONERY FOR—Seaside or Country.

A large lot of PAPER with ENVELOPES to match, nicely put up in boxes, offered at cost and under.

10c, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1 per Box, of one to five quires each with envelopes.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO. Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers.

1755 & 1757 Notre Dame-st. MONTREAL

BREWERS, ETC.

MONTERRATO ITALIAN CLARET AND ALGERIAN CLARET

FOR SALE BY FREDERICK KINGSTON WINE MERCHANT

25 HOSPITAL - STREET. WILLIAM DOW & CO.

Brewers & Malsters CHABOLLEZ SQUARE.

India Pale, Pale, XXX, and XX ALES. Crown, Extra Double and Single STOUT, in Wood and Bottle.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED Bell Telephone 339 Federal 1575

The public are cautioned against dealers who re-use our labels on bottles filled with other ales.

The following City Bottlers are alone authorized to use our trade mark labels, viz: W. BISHOP, No. 53 Dorchester-street. T. FERGUSON, No. 163 St. Elizabeth-st. T. J. HOWARD, No. 481 Dorchester-st. T. KINSLEA, No. 241 St. Antoine-st. J. VIRTUE & SON, No. 14 Aime-st.

Dawes & Co. BREWERS, LACHINE, P.Q. MONTREAL OFFICE: 521 St. James-street West, in Wood and Bottle FAMILIES SUPPLIED JOHN H. R. MOLSON & BROS Ale and Porter Brewers, 1006 Notre Dame Street Montreal Have always on hand the various kinds of: ALE AND PORTER IN WOOD AND BOTTLE Families regularly supplied.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL 1135 to 1139 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor.

The best known Hotel in the Dominion

SPARROW & JACOBS' THEATRE - ROYAL

Every afternoon and evening. Week commencing Monday, Aug. 17. An enormous success. The great realistic Melodrama, The Midnight Alarm.

Interpreted by a powerful company. Produced with beautiful scenery. The great East River wharf scene. A typical New Jersey farm scene. The living statue clock. The great drawing. The flight of the Lightning Express. The midnight alarm. The flight of a genuine fire engine drawn by two horses.

Price of admission—10, 20 and 30 cents. Reserved seats 10 cents extra. Plan at the Th. seats from 9 a.m. till 10 p.m.

Coming—Birds of a Feather.

Same as Last Year.

1891—\$15,000—1891

11th ANNUAL ST. LEGER SWEEP!

LATEST SPORTING NEWS.

Continued From Page 2.

andem championship may be soon at work, their paddling being as regular as clockwork and strong as a well, indicating that there is a determination to win. For this race (the tandem championship) Messrs. Duggan and Shearwood, the winners of the championship last year, are the favorites, with the Roush Brothers a strong second, but it is expected that Messrs. Morris and Irwin from St. Lambert, will make a big bid for the first place. This race will certainly be the most interesting of the day.

Not only are the "Tandem crew" putting in some good work, but there is a large number of the members training for the other events on the program, from the small boy in his punt boat to the paddlers of the "war canoe."

Over \$400 has been spent in purchasing prizes, and the winners may be sure of carrying away something worth keeping.

A band has been engaged to play during the afternoon, which will tend to enliven the proceedings, if indeed, they will need any enlivening.

The Hanna Hall has been especially prepared for the Bonnet Hop in the evening, and the Lachinette hope that a large number of people will find it convenient to remain over for the dancing.

The members of the committee have all worked hard and all that is required to guarantee a most successful regatta is favorable weather, more however for the spectators than for the competitors, who will be enthusiastic in any case, as all the races will be closely contested.

Particular care has been exercised in choosing the officers of the day, all the members being experienced men at regattas, as the following list will show:

Judge—A. W. Morris, A. J. Davies, Judge Davidson, J. Donaldson, J. W. Grier, J. G. Monk, E. Arnold, R. F. Meredith.

Starter—S. P. Howard.

Timekeepers—R. Ross, O. H. Gwill.

Clerks of the course—S. Jackson, T. Stewart, J. H. Stewart.

The train service is a particularly convenient one, trains leaving Bonaventure Station at 12 noon, 2, 3.30, 5, 5.05, 6.30, 6.45, and 7.30 p.m., and returning to Lachine wharf at 5.25, 6.50, 8.10 and 11.50 p.m., and Upper Lachine Station at 10.34 p.m.

THE TURF.

Will Run Longstreet Anywhere or Against

New York, Aug. 20.—Ed. Corrigan of Chicago is on the lookout for sensational attractions for his Hawthorne track, and yesterday telegraphed Michael F. Dwyer, asking him whether he would enter Longstreet in a sweepstakes of \$1000 each with 1000 at two miles with Firenze and Riley.

Mr. Dwyer's answer was characteristic. He said that he would go anywhere to run Longstreet against anybody's horse and for any amount of money. Longstreet, Riley and Firenze at two miles would be worth going to Chicago to see.

Kingston Gave to Chicago.

New York, Aug. 20.—Mr. M. F. Dwyer's brown horse Kingston left for Chicago at 6 o'clock last night to take part in the great Garfield Stakes, at one mile and a furlong, with \$10,000 added. Kingston was in charge of Trainer Hardy Campbell, who took the 4-year-old colt Houston along to keep the printer company. Mr. Dwyer's son, Charley, went in the car. Joseph Vendig, who will represent Mr. Dwyer, will leave for Chicago to-morrow, and Jockey Hamilton will probably go in the same train.

A Jockey's Skull Fractured.

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 20.—Robert Brazier, a jockey at the race track here, was thrown from his horse to-day during a race and received a fracture of the skull. He was taken to the hospital, where it was stated that his injuries would probably result fatally. Brazier is only 14 years-old and came from Salina, Kan.

Winners at Jerome Park.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

Jerome Park, Aug. 20.—First race, 1-400 yards handicap—Charley Post, 97, Lamley, 1; Woodcutter, 93, T. Flynn, 2; Mary Stone, 97, A. Corinon, 3. Time 1.23.

Second race, 1 mile for 2-year-olds—Absconder, 88, A. Covington, 1; Take Back, 108, Littlefield, 2; Bialto, 88, J. Lamley, 3. Time 1.18.

Third race, 1 mile, Delaware handicap—A walkover for Reckon.

Fourth race, 1 mile handicap—Anna B, 110, Littlefield, 1; Hamilton, 117, Barnes, 2; Ramlette, 95, A. Covington, 3. Time 1.19.

Fifth race, 1 1/16 miles, handicap—Kingmaker, 98, W. Midgely, 1; Banquet, 118, Littlefield, 2; Pagan, 108, Lamley, 3. Time 1.52.

Sixth race, 3/4 mile, selling—Beck, 90, J. Lamley, 1; Pearl Set, 103, Doggett, 2; Littlebird, 110, M. Bergen, 3. Time 1.30.

Seventh race, 4 furlongs, for maiden two-year-olds—Kirsch, 118, Lamley, 1; Glamor, 115, Doggett, 2; Marmont, 115, Taylor, 3. Time 50.1 seconds.

Winners at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, Aug. 20.—First race, 6 furlongs, 3-year-olds and upwards—Prince Royal, 122 (Toral), 1; Belle of Orange, 105 (Stevenson), 2; Versatile, 110 (Shaner), 3. In this race the favorite, Prince Royal, was barred in the betting. Time 1.13.

Second race, 1 1/2 miles; Spencer handicap—Pessara, 122 (Toral), 1; Bolero, 116 (Sims), 2; Santa Ann, 104 (Narvick), 3. Time 2.10.

Third race, 3 miles; Grand Union Hotel handicap—Charade, 120 (Sims), 1; Actor, 110 (Toral), 2; Leonawell, 115 (Anderson), 3. Time 1.16.

Fourth race, 1 3/16 miles; sweepstakes—Santiago, 101 (Lewin), 1; Abi, 109 (Sims), 2; Reddellow, 114 (Shaner), 3. Time 2.09.

Fifth race, 3/4 mile; selling—Gertie D, 111 (R. Williams), 1; Erie, 117 (Sims), 2; Salvini, 110 (Jockey not known), 3. Time 1.30.

General Sporting Gossip.

Here is a bit of news that will interest men who are backing Gibbons in the belief that Jack McAniff cannot get to weight and be strong. Last night after a hearty supper the lightweight champion tipped the beam at 139 1/2 pounds. He feels better and stronger than for three years and he will surprise Austin Gibbons.

It is not likely that either Tenny or Longstreet will be seen at the post again this year, if they ever are. Longstreet is so sore that he cannot be given work, and Mr. Dwyer has let up on the great horse altogether. Tenny is in a bad way. Messrs. Dwyer and Pulsifer hope that they will be able to get their

horses up to running in sprint races next year, but have little hope of ever sending them over a distance of ground.

Jack Dempsey's friends are again pushing him to the front as an opponent for the winner of the Mitchell and Gallagher fight. If Gallagher wins Dempsey will have no trouble in getting a match, as the Denver man has been looking for Dempsey for several years.

Mr. Hamlin has decided to build at Buffalo Park a covered half-mile track. He will use for this purpose a portion of the cattle sheds erected for the fair two years ago. The track will be lighted by a double row of windows, and it will be as cheerful in winter as in summer.

Thomas Friend, a well-known cricketer of England, was bowling in a match at Kent, Eng., the other day, when he attempted to stop a smart return from the batsman. The ball struck him in the ear, and he died in a few minutes.

The profits on the Cleveland trotting meeting were about \$15,000. The Buffalo meeting did equally as well in a financial way as the one at Cleveland.

Marty Bergen is seriously thinking of establishing a small stud near his summer residence at Orange, N. J. Marty thinks breeding is profitable, and may venture it on a small scale next year. Secretary Crickmore thinks Marty's idea is a good one, and "Krick" is seldom wrong.

C. W. Williams offers to hang up a purse of \$10,000 and pay their expenses if Palo Alto, Stamboul and Nelson will trot against Allerton at Independence next October. Williams has declined an offer of \$5000 to go to California with Allerton to meet Stamboul and Palo Alto.

A 10-mile horse v. bicycle race took place at the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, on August 19. J. Bellows rode two horses over 30 hurdles against Jack Keen, ex-English champion bicyclist, on a 48-inch ordinary. The horses won by 50 yards in 35 minutes, 46 2/5 seconds.

At Knoxville, Iowa, on Saturday, a 3-year-old trotter, reduced her record from 2:22 1/2 to 2:19 in the fourth heat. This is the fastest fourth heat ever trotted in a race by a 3-year-old.

Lady Blanche Murphy's Home Sold.

Boston, Aug. 20.—The last chapter in the romance of Lady Blanche Murphy and her husband, who died less than a year ago in the Carney Hospital, was completed at Bartlett, N.H., yesterday.

It was the sale of their home, in which Lady Blanche did much of her writing, and in which Mr. Murphy pursued the study of music. The property is close to North Conway, between the Most and Kearsarge Mountains. It was purchased by Mr. Pittman of the East Branch Hotel in Bartlett, and will probably be used as the site for a new hotel.

Caused His Wife's Dismissal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Acting Secretary Nettleton signed an order to-day dispensing with the services of Mrs. Catherine McGuire as assistant keeper of the light station at Marquette, Mich. A singular feature of this case is that the woman's dismissal is based on complaints made by her husband, who is keeper of the station. He charges her with inattention to duty. In reporting on the case, the inspector of the district suggests that the appointment of a man as assistant keeper would be best for the interests of the service.

Two of the Holy Coats.

TREVES, Aug. 20.—A fragment of the holy coat exhibited at Argenteuil, near Paris, on Sunday last, was brought to this city by a deputation for comparison with the holy coat which is to be exhibited here. A microscopic examination revealed the fact that the Argenteuil coat is made of camel's hair, while the Treves garment is made of linen. The members of the Argenteuil deputation remain to join in the adoration of the Treves garment.

American Capital in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The record of new companies formed in the United States and England during the first six months of 1891 for operation in Mexico is remarkable in view of the widespread financial distrust which has characterized that period. The Bureau of American Republics learns that the total capital subscribed abroad for investment in Mexico is \$41,925,000, and of this sum \$31,410,000 is in American companies.

Railway Men Pleasuring.

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 20.—The travelling passenger agents of America and Canada were in session on lookout mountain to-day. This morning the party were taken to the inn on the mountain, where an elegant banquet awaited them. After the dinner the regular session was held. Only routine business was transacted.

IN MARSH'S TIN BOX.

Experts Find Securities Among the Bank President's Private Papers.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 20.—The Government experts, in examining the assets of the suspended Keystone National Bank found to-day a tin box in the vault which was supposed to have been the personal property of G. W. Marsh, the fugitive president.

In the box, in addition to a number of papers and documents, the experts found a Clearing House due bill issued by the Spring Garden National Bank, also suspended, for \$20,000, and a draft of the Spring Garden Bank on the Chase National Bank of New York for \$25,000. Both the due bill and draft are dated Feb. 16, 1888. They have never been cashed. The due bill is similar to those received by John Barsdale from the Keystone Bank and upon which his assignee has sued that institution.

While it is highly probable that the due bill and draft were loaned to President Marsh by Francis W. Kennedy, the imprisoned president of the Spring Garden Bank, to swell the assets of the former when the Bank Examiner was expected to look over the books, Receiver Yardley is of the opinion that the Spring Garden Bank can be compelled to acknowledge the indebtedness represented.

The experts refused to disclose what other papers or documents were found in the box, or say whether or not they were important. Regarding the \$50,000 represented by the due bill and draft, they said that so far but little trace of them had been discovered in the books of the bank.

Just Fancy.

Here is a cigar, the Hero, only costs 5 cents, and I like it as well as most 10 cent cigars. Ask for it at cigar stores.

J. RATTAY & Co., Montreal.

LAWMAKERS WITH PASSES.

Senator Chandler's Complaints Against a Railway Causes Revelation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The Interstate Commerce Commission is in possession of facts which would, if published, stir up New England from centre to circumference. Some time ago Senator Chandler preferred charges against the Boston and Maine Railroad.

He made a written statement to the commission in which he claimed that the railroad company was violating the act of Congress relating to the issuing of passes, and asking for an investigation. The commission forwarded Senator Chandler's letter to the company together with a request for the names of all those who held annual passes on the Boston and Maine Railroad. A reply soon came back, but it was unsatisfactory, and a complete list was demanded. This was forwarded to the commission, and it is now in their possession.

Secretary Moseley absolutely refused to give out the list unless ordered to do so by the commission, but it is positively known that on the list are the names of United States senators, representatives, State legislators, and even district attorneys, who are intrusted with the duty of prosecuting all such violations.

Burdock Blood Bitters for the blood.

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IN THE VAN OF A NEW MOVEMENT!

THE HIGHLANDS.

Our Great FREE Excursion on SATURDAY NEXT, the 22nd instant,

From Windsor Station at 1.45 p.m. Returning at 5 The HIGHLANDS will hereafter be known as

LA SALLE.

Its Situation and Beauty.

Our newest Suburb, only 12 minutes from Windsor Station, at a commutation fare of 4 cents. This new Suburb is situated on the banks of the St. Lawrence, adjoining just west of the Canadian Pacific bridge at Lachine. The land is nearly 100 feet above the level of the river, commanding a most enchanting view of the Rapids, Lake St. Louis, the quaint old Indian Village of Caughnawaga. Churches, schools, colleges and convents all surround this fine property. Streets are all made, sidewalks laid down and a new and elegant station already built on the property.

LA SALLE.

The reason we now name this place La Salle is because the Chevalier de La Salle, the great discoverer of the Upper Lakes and the Mississippi, chose this spot as his homestead. Had the great discoverer been a poet his sensitive nature to the beauties of the world could not have chosen a more enchanting spot. We are known to choose the most inviting places possible for our Suburban subdivisions, but this is the cream of all Suburbs.

PRICES—We defy competition in the sale of properties of this kind. Our prices are 4, 5 and 6c per foot or \$75 to \$325 for 50 foot lots, thus knocking our competitors silly. Far less advantageous properties, no possible drainage, swamps to gladden the eyes—are what they offer at 12 to 20c per foot.

We cordially invite you to come SATURDAY NEXT. We will have a dozen first class men to show you the property and you will be amazed at the cheapness of the lots, the beauty of the site, the sweetness and purity of the air you breathe, and we are sure you will not return without buying.

Our terms are—\$10 cash per lot, \$5 monthly or a discount of \$25 per lot for cash

REMEMBER; FREE TICKETS AT OUR OFFICE OR AT THE TRAIN

PARENT BROS.. 46 ST. JAMES STREET.

HAVE GAINED STRENGTH!

"I could have reported a month or two sooner, but I wanted to see if the cure was permanent, and I can safely say that I have it. I weigh fifteen pounds more than I did when I commenced. I have gained strength and that general observation has disappeared. I will always remember you as my benefactor."

The original of above is on file in our office. It is No. 56 in a collection of over 2,000 similar letters from patients. We have a

POSITIVE CURE

for LOST or FAILING VITALITY; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. How to enlarge and Strengthen WEAK UNDEVELOPED ORGANS and PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely UNFAILING HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address:

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

DR. JAMES' NERVE BEANS

NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that relieve and cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Loss of Vigor, Failing Manhood, etc. The weakness of the body or mind caused by overwork, or the errors and excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases. When all other treatments have failed even to relieve, they do not, like other preparations, advertise for Lost Manhood, etc. Interfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength and energy in a quick and harmless way. Price \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Sold by LAVIOLETTE & NELSON, 1608 Notre Dame Street, and B. E. McGALE, Write for pamphlet, 2123 Notre Dame Street.

High License for Boston Theatres.

Boston, Aug. 20.—The aldermen to-day gave a hearing to the various theatrical managers of this city upon the proposition to impose a high license fee upon places of amusement, the figure suggested being \$1000 a year. There was a difference of sentiment, but the general feeling was that the license would be willingly paid, provided the city pays the theatre

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25 Common-street N
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This image shows a blank, aged, light brown page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a textured, slightly mottled appearance with some minor discoloration and faint, illegible markings, possibly from a previous page or bleed-through. The page is set against a dark background.

GATHERED BY REPORTERS

NEWS SCOOPED IN AND PUT IN READ-
ABLE FORM.They Object to Improvements—Montrealers
Are Interested—Missing Mice Tues-
day Night—Police News.

The annual printers' picnic takes place to-day at Otterburn Park to-morrow.

The Parisian has been sighted off Father Point and will arrive in this port to-morrow night.

The Continental Guards, who arrive to-night, will be invited to attend the Caledonian picnic.

Mayor McShane has invited the victorious police tug-of-war team to lunch with him at the City Club.

Superintendent McConnell has been looking for a leak in the lower reservoir. It has existed for several days.

The annexationists of St. Cuneogone are to hold a meeting to-night at the corner of Vinet and Albert-streets.

For a fine selection of Scotch tweeds and English worsteds go to M. J. Adiers, 47 Beaver Hall Hill. Good stock guaranteed.

Diamonds in rings, pins, earrings, scarlet pins, bracelets of the finest quality at J. B. Williamson's, 1741 Notre Dame-street.

Eight dollars and costs or one month was the sentence imposed yesterday by Judge Desnoyers on one Beauchamp for assaulting Joseph Gervais.

Mary Gandon, a 16-year-old girl, is behind the bars at the Central Police Station. She is charged with stealing several articles from her mistress.

Patrick Murray pleaded guilty yesterday in the Police Court to having committed an aggravated assault on Mr. Grant. He was fined \$10 or one month.

E. Wadleton was accused in the Police Court yesterday of stealing 50 pounds of coal from the yard of the International Coal Company. He was fined \$5 or one month's imprisonment.

Albina Marchand was arrested on a warrant last night for keeping a house of ill-fame on St. Agathe-street. Two inmates, Matilda Arbour and Cordelia Prevost, were also arrested.

The notorious Bob Keeley is again in the toils. At Three Rivers yesterday he was warned three times by Detective Grose to leave town, but disregarded the warning and was seized behind the bars.

A little 7-year-old boy named Benjamin Boudon, was drowned in the quarry at Coteau St. Louis yesterday. Coroner Jones held an inquest last night and the jury returned a verdict of "accidentally drowned."

There were two alarms almost simultaneously yesterday shortly before noon. The first was for a blaze in a shed in the rear of 127 Cadieux-street, and the second was for a fire in a cupboard at 111 Shuter.

Early yesterday there were two alarms for fire in Lapierre & Paquet's sawmill, 573 Notre Dame-street. The first was in some shavings and the second was in the drying room, an hour later. The damage was slight.

Seventy Highland cadets, accompanied by the Fifth Royal Scots' Band, marched through the principal streets last night on their way to the Windsor depot. There they took the train for Brockville, accompanied by many of their friends.

A lady named Mrs. Hardy was standing with a little child looking into a jewelry store window on St. James-street yesterday afternoon when a business connected with the Board of Culleries; Ald. Cunningham is at the seaside, and Ald. Cunningham and P. Dubuc are both out of town.

They Couldn't Understand Her.

Annie Nilsson, a Norwegian immigrant who arrived in the city on Monday last and who was arrested on Wednesday night for being drunk, was let off yesterday morning by the recorder as she produced satisfactory proof of her identity. Her second arrest was for the additional crime of having stolen a watch from the house where she was acting as waitress, an eating house on Craig-street. Annie had strong protestations of innocence, but was so utterly incoherent in her statements to the police that they were fairly puzzled to know what to make of her and therefore had to let her go for the time being until they could obtain further information about the watch she is said to have stolen.

They Object to the Improvements.

The city clerk has received a protest from the inhabitants in Longueuil, La Prairie and other towns on the south side of the river. The protest is against the continuance of the harbor improvements and threatens to hold the city responsible for any damages which may be, or have been, caused to these towns, by the damming of refuse from the dredging at Boucherville Islands and other places where this work is going on. They demand also that what has already been dumped be taken up and removed elsewhere and they object altogether to the plan of harbor improvement which is being carried on at present as they maintain that it is calculated to injure their property all along the south shore.

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Missing Mice Tuesday Night.

Yesterday a man named Watson walked into police headquarters to inform the detectives that his son John is missing. The young man is 22-years old, married and lived at 132 Barriestreet. His complexion is dark and his hair brown. He is tall, measuring 5 feet 11 inches in his stockings. On Tuesday evening he was seen down at the Allan Line wharf. There he was talking to a friend and bade him good-bye, saying that he was going to take the Notre Dame-street car to the Longueuil ferry; as he was going to cross over. This was about 8.30. Since then no trace of him can be found. Detective Barrett has examined the employees of the ferry company but none remember having seen such a man on the night in question. Watson had only been in the country about six months, during which time he was peddling in company with his father. He was happy and comfortable and was strictly temperate in his habits. His friends know of no reason for his disappearance.

Montraleers Are Interested.

The Massey-Harris Company (limited) had been incorporated. It has a capital of \$5,000,000, divided into 50,000 shares of \$100. Its place of business will be in Toronto, and the objects of the company are the manufacturing, buying, selling, trading and dealing in harvesting machinery and agricultural implements, of tools of any description, wagons, car-

riages and vehicles of all sorts, household furniture, stoves, hardware goods, etc., as well as the manufacturing of crops, cordage, twine, oakum, etc.

Shot Near the Heart.

On the arrival of the Vermont Central train at the Bonaventure depot last night the ambulance was summoned. The doctors found a young man not yet out of his teens. He had been shot and the bullet had entered his left side and lodged near his heart and it is expected that he will die. The young man, whose name was Andrew Moore, was well dressed and is evidently respectable.

From the Corrupt Correspondent.

Tom Peter Mitchell sent a member of The Herald staff to interview the Quebec leader upon the situation, but as soon as he counted the emissary of the defunct third party he indignantly swung his cane around and bade the journalist be gone, as he did not want to have anything to do with newspaper men.

This is an item from the Toronto Tory organ's report of the Zouave medal distribution. It was sent by the corrupt reporter whose duty it appears to be to misrepresent anything which does not savor of Toryism. It is unnecessary to say that the item is not true.

Members Must Be More Prompt.

The question of the annual excursion of the members of the Corn Exchange was again discussed yesterday, by a number of those who were on "change," and it was decided that all the members present should secure as early as possible the names of those members of the Board of Trade who propose attending the excursion. The list is filling very slowly this year, and in order to complete the arrangements, the committee are anxious to know at once how many may be expected to join in, and it is for this reason that the request is now made for names.

Electrical Exhibition.

The Victoria Kink is commencing to assume an appearance of business. Four carpenters are busy laying a nice floor, which is nearly completed. Other five wire experts, are busy laying the wires under the flooring, ready to convey the electric current to the wires, instruments and other mechanical contrivances. As one enters a placard says: "Electrical Exhibition, manager's office upstairs." Members of the American Electrical Examination have arrived in town and are busy gathering up the back numbers of progress, so that a large delegation may be expected. Mr. Bovey is also very busy in directing the whole work in a general way, assuring us of such an exhibition of the practical application of electricity as has never been witnessed in this city.

No Meeting Till Next Week.

The meeting of the Fire Committee, which was called for yesterday afternoon, has been postponed until this afternoon owing to the chairman, Ald. Stevenson, not being able to return in time for it. He telegraphed from Burlington, Vt., yesterday morning to Mr. L.A. D'Amour, secretary of the Fire Department, as follows:

"Postpone meeting until to-morrow, cannot get home to-day in time."

The meeting will now probably not take place till next week, as four of the members will be out of town and it will be impossible to obtain a quorum. Ald. Robert left last night for Quebec, on business connected with the Board of Culleries; Ald. Cunningham is at the seaside, and Ald. Cunningham and P. Dubuc are both out of town.

Must Keep Out of the Limits.

The following butchers are to be prosecuted by the meat inspectors, for keeping open shops within the 600 yards limit: C. M. Lavigne, corner Mignone and St. Constant; W. Cyr, 282 Cadieux; H. Moss, corner Pantalone and Mount Royal, and Omer Labelle, 216 Centre street.

Looking at Albany's Bridge.

Chief Benoit, who has been on a visit to some of the principal cities in the States along Ald. Stevenson, will return to the city to-morrow. After leaving the chairman of the Fire Committee in New York on Wednesday he went on to Albany to examine into the working of the Fire Department there.

Limits at Last Decided Upon.

The commissioners for the Viger square expropriations and extensions have decided, after due deliberation, to adopt, as the final limits, those at first proposed, which are: All the lots comprised between both sides of St. Dominique, Notre-Dame, Parthenais, and Ontario-streets, and the lots on Notre-Dame-street now being expropriated for its widening will consequently be exempted.

To Enquire in Alice Lander's Death.

From information supplied him by Detective Grose, Attorney General Robidoux has ordered an investigation into the cause of the death of Alice Lander. It will be remembered that she died at St. George's Hospital in this city on June 23. This morning Mr. E. N. St. Jean, Q. C., Crown Prosecutor, will open the investigation. Drs. Kinloch and Cameron will give evidence.

Mr. Frigby's Body Found.

An inquest was held yesterday morning on the body of a man that was found in the river opposite the Bonsecour Market. At the inquest the body was not identified, but as the shirt he wore was marked McIntosh, it was supposed that this was his name. It afterwards transpired that the body was that of Mr. Frigby, who was drowned at Caughnawaga on Sunday. The verdict was "accidentally drowned."

The Steamship Bengar Accident.

It is reported that Pilot Lachance is blamed for the accident to the steamship Bengar. The facts of the case are, as yet, practically unknown, so that an opinion regarding the cause would not amount to much; it is, however, only fair to say that Mr. Lachance is one of the cleverest men that ever piloted a boat up the St. Lawrence, and when an investigation is made he will surely be found blameless.

VALUABLE PARCELS GONE

CANADIAN EXPRESS COMPANY AGAIN
THE VICTIMS.Robbery Was Discovers at Richmond—
At Present the Thieves Are Unknown
but Clues Have Been Found.

Once more the Canadian Express Company is called upon to trace out and punish the perpetrators of a daring robbery which has been committed somewhere between Portland and Montreal.

On Tuesday night messenger McLaughlin left Portland and during his journey as far as Richmond he collected ten packages of money and valuables. It was his duty to place these parcels in a canvas bag; this is then tied and sealed and when Richmond is reached it is handed to the town agent. As far as yet known this program was carried out, certainly the bag was handed in to the Richmond office. Here it stayed until the arrival of the Montreal-Quebec train, when it was taken to the messenger W. J. Taylor, whose duty it was to distribute the contents at their respective destinations along the line east of Richmond.

After the bag was received by Taylor he had some hours to wait; his intention was to open the bag, take out the way bills, check the packages and place them for distribution. Not thinking to see whether or not the seal was genuine he broke it and opening the bag pulled out the money and valuables. He was insured. Dr. Bouchard confirmed the removal of the packages one after the other he discovered that all 10 of them were filled with brown paper.

Reeling back with astonishment he thought of the awful crime which had been committed and which he had discovered, thinking at the same time of the unpleasant situation in which he found himself. He was replaced and the wires soon brought a message to Montreal that the company had been robbed. Assistant Superintendent Sparling at once left for Richmond, and after spending the day in investigating, concluded to return and report to the superintendent. This report was anything but favorable, yet in it there were words of hope, as a clue was discovered which will likely lead to the arrest of the guilty parties. Yesterday Messrs. Broye and Sparling again left for Richmond, and all day was spent in enquiries, but nothing of special importance was learned.

It is, however, thought that the robbery took place in Richmond and that the bag which Taylor received was the one which was delivered by McLaughlin.

As to the extent of the loss it is absolutely impossible to get any idea until the way bills are received at the various agents along the line are communicated. With these bags at times contain very large sums of money, often running into many thousands, so that it is very probable that should the thieves succeed in keeping out of the clutches of the law they will be richer by a large amount and the express company will be mulcted to the extent of the robbers gain.

Taylor is a trusted employee of the company and his friends are nevertheless sorry that his name should be mixed up in such a serious affair. Detectives have been engaged and before the night falls it is likely that some interesting developments will take place.

CANADA'S FIRST LORD ARRIVES.

He is interviewed and agrees with Mr. Van Horne Reade's views.

Lord and Lady Mount Stephen arrived yesterday morning at the Bonaventure Depot, having travelled from New York by the Delaware and Hudson train. They were accompanied by their niece, Miss Weehan, Lord Elphinstone and Mr. Russell Stephenson, and were received by Mayor McShane and a large number of the leading citizens of Montreal. In congratulating Lord Mount Stephen on the high honors conferred upon him by the Queen, the mayor said the city was proud of this distinction, which was an honor to Montreal as well as to his Lordship. The party proceeded without delay to Lord Mount Stephen's residence on Richmond-street and later in the day the family party and face of the late president of our great Canadian railway was to be seen on St. James-street where he was exchanging kindly greetings with such of his old Montreal friends as he chanced to meet. They were seen at his office, later in the day, and asked about the rumors of the amalgamation between the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railways he said that there was no truth whatever in them and in fact, that a thing would be impossible both legally and in every other way. These rumors appear to have been confined to this side of the Atlantic, as his Lordship said he had never heard of them in London and had they existed there they would have been sure to know something of them.

Speaking of the election of Mr. Duncanson to the Grand Trunk Board of Directors, he said that it meant anything at all it certainly indicated that the two companies were not the cognate each others existence, but he thought also that it was an indication of a more friendly feeling between the two railways.

Lord Mount Stephen says that he does not intend to make any prolonged stay in town; he has only called here to transact a little private business, after which it is his intention to go down the Gulf for a few days, and on his return he will take a trip over to the Pacific coast. He is interested in the Canadian stock as great as ever, and he says the stock of the company is now becoming an investment security. During the last financial panic in London the U. P. R. was the only stock which was not in the least affected when many other securities suffered considerable depression. A number of prominent English people are beginning to take an interest in the Northwest, and many of them purpose paying that region a visit during the autumn.

China Wants No Naval Demonstration.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Official information has been received here to the effect that the combined action of the representatives of the powers in China is succeeding in bringing the Chinese Government to look upon matters in their proper light.

The local authorities are becoming more conciliatory and it begins to look as if it will not be necessary to make the proposed naval demonstration in which the warships of all the powers represented in Chinese waters were to take part.

AT THE RECORDER'S MATINEE.

Prisoners Who Were Yesterday Before the
Bar of Justice.

Seven of the 25 cases on the recorder's sheet yesterday were those of the men employed by the Gas Company in tearing up the sidewalk for the Lyceum Theatre lamps. Their names are John Slown, James Cassidy, Dennis O'Connor, Chas. Downey, John Smith, Lawrence Buckley and John Toney. They were all remanded until this morning.

A hackman, Alfred Cousineau, was fined \$1 and costs for concealing his badge.

A well known vagrant bore the Scotch name of Elizabeth Gordon. She was sent down to Hochelaga for six months and will have to stay three months after the expiration of that sentence unless she pays \$5.

Marcel Prevost was fined \$1 for selling vegetables without a license. Israel Lafleur was punished similarly for being drunk and disorderly in Viger Garment.

The cause of Sergeant Fennell's mishap, Michael Welsh, was remanded until Wednesday.

There is a vast army of beggars in Montreal and many of the recruits are men who are perfectly able to support themselves if they only had the inclination. Occasionally examples are made of these. Louis Paquette was for this reason sent to jail for three months in addition to a fine of \$10, with the alternative of doing hard labor on 25th and 30th.

A young man named Honore Jacques, was sent from the Notre Dame Hospital. He had been an inmate of that institution and the doctors testified that he was insane. Dr. Bouchard confirmed the removal of the patient to Loague Pointe was ordered.

END OF THE FIGHT NOT YET.

Another Resolution Regarding the Annex-
ation of St. Cuneogone.

The Annexation Committee of St. Cuneogone held their adjourned meeting yesterday morning for the purpose of receiving the legal opinion for which they had been waiting, and after this had been discussed the following resolution was adopted:

That whereas the matter of annexation of St. Cuneogone to Montreal is now legally in possession of the law, and the same is therefore to be interfered with, therefore all persons interested are earnestly advised to vote no vote whatever on 25th and 30th inst., as said vote would be in all respects contrary to the interests of the city of Montreal.

Now remains to be seen what further steps will be taken by the anti-annexation party in the matter. Meetings and counter meetings have been held for some time past, and the end of the fight seems to be as far off as ever.

SUMMER SAUNTERERS.

D. O'Brien, M.D., of Ottawa, is at the Hall, H. Green, of Toronto, is staying at the Balmoral.

D. McEwen, of Cornwall, is stopping at the Hall.

W. R. Birchall, of St. Catharines, is at the Windsor.

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FIGURES IN ABUNDANCE.

CONTINUATION OF THE EXAMINATION
OF BANK MANAGERS.Mr. Barwick tells the Senate Railway Com-
mittee Where that \$10,000 Came From.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—At the opening of the Baile des Chateaux investigation this morning Mr. Barwick announced that Mr. Chrysostom Langelier would appear before the committee on Thursday and the chairman said that Mr. Langelier might be asked to be here on Tuesday next. This was agreed on.

Mr. Barwick continuing his statement of yesterday said that \$10,000 paid to Hon. Mr. Mercier came indirectly from the \$288,000 voted by the Federal Government.

Mr. P. B. Dumoulin, manager of the Banque du Peuple at Quebec, was the first witness. He said that on May 10 Mr. Pacaud drew \$7000 from the account in his bank, which account was secured by one of the \$20,000 checks signed by Chrysostom Langelier.

Mr. Louis Dumoulin, Secretary-Treasurer of La Caisse D'Economie, was then called, and produced copies of the entries of deposit of the \$7000 check of the Banque du Peuple, of which Mr. Dumoulin is just been speaking. That check was deposited with another check of \$7000 to the credit of L. P. Siros, and this document which he produced was a certified extract of the cash book and ledger account of Mr. Pacaud and showed a deposit of \$8000 on May 10 last. Producing the deposit slip he showed that the deposit for \$8000 was made up of a check of \$1000 and the check of \$7000 just referred to.

Mr. Dumoulin was here recalled and identified the deposit slip of \$7000 on May 18 (Monday) being for the same check which was marked on May 16. Witness said it appeared to be the same Pacaud's check.

At this juncture Mr. Marcoux was again brought back and identified a check for \$8000 drawn by L. P. Siros on May 26, last. Continuing he said that this check was drawn by Siros to pay to Mary Jane Fry, it being understood that Siros was Mary Fry's financial agent. He said that Mary Jane Fry was the proprietor of the house bought by Mr. Pacaud on Dufferin Terrace.

Mr. Barwick then said that in this \$8000 was \$7000 which came from the \$100,000 letter of credit, which came from the \$100,000 of Dominion subsidy. He claimed that he had traced \$45,000 of that subsidy to Mr. Pacaud and his friends and that was all he was able now to prove. He therefore asked that these witnesses be discharged. Messrs. Marcoux and Dumoulin were then discharged.

Mr. John J. Macdonald was the next witness. He testified that he was a contractor of River du Loup. He was asked to go over the Baile des Chateaux Road by Mr. Hector Cameron, banker, of London, England. Mr. Armstrong said he was asked to take hold of the road by Mr. Mercier. Witness went over 60 miles of the road in October last and made an offer to the Quebec Government. He was accompanied by Messrs. Malcolm and McCarthy, of Toronto, as practical men to examine the road.

With Mr. Hector Armstrong and Mr. Hector Cameron he went to New York to meet Mr. Macdonald to a mutual understanding as to the offer Mr. Mercier had made to Mr. Hector Armstrong. This was at the Albemarle Hotel, New York. Mr. Mercier offered Mr. Armstrong \$10,000 a mile for the 40 miles to the hill or \$400,000, and Mr. Armstrong was to take the bonds and subsidies from the Dominion Government. The \$400,000 was to be paid in subsidies from the Quebec Government.

Mr. Armstrong, the English banker, was to furnish bonds for \$50,000 a mile for 10 miles and the Quebec Government was to guarantee the bonds. Mr. Armstrong was to deposit \$840,000 in cash with the Government to guarantee the interest on the bonds. Shortly after the witness met Mr. Pacaud in Quebec and he wanted to arrange that the witness was to get nothing till the 100 miles was completed. Pacaud went to the Government and ascertained that this was satisfactory. Witness then went to Mr. C. N. Armstrong in Montreal and got all the information he had about the road. He again went over the road and ascertaining the cost of the work and inquiring as to the claims outstanding against the road, and obtained further information from Mr. Pacaud as to the debts on the road.

He first offered Mr. Riopel \$150,000 to pay these debts and declined that he would become further responsible. He then offered and witness increased the offer to \$175,000. Riopel, he thought, accepted the offer and witness immediately wired Mr. Hector Cameron to come to Quebec and draw the legal agreement. This was about the first week of February. Mr. Cameron came to Quebec and then Mr. Riopel backed out, stating that he wanted a share in the contract.

In answer to Mr. Brown the witness said that Mr.