You ... go to Murphy's ... see their ad. on ... the reasons.

Colonial Institute, Trafalgar Square, London S.W. ENG

DAILY WITNESS

UNSETTLED

Vol. LI., No. 158. MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1910. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIGHT PICTURE FILMS WILL BE WITHDRAWN IF PUBLIC DEMAND IT.

Ontario Government Has Prohibited All View of Prize Fights.

Mayor Guerin says Montreal Shows will be more rigorously watched.

As was anticipated in the 'Witness' yesterday the moving picture men do not intend to act contrary to public opinion in regard to the exhibition of the Jeffries-Johnson moving pictures.

This morning the 'Witness' telegraphed to the Motion Picture Patent Company asking what action they intended to take in view of the public sentiment on the subject, and at noon to-day the following statement was issued by George Klein, Wm. Selig and George A. Spoor, representatives of the syndicate:

'No effort will be made to show the pictures in any city where contrary legislation has been taken. It will not be necessary to take out injunctions, for this combine does not intend to buck the law in any city or state. We do not think these pictures are any different from those which have been displayed of the Johnson-Burns and Johnson-Ketchell fights. If we find that popular sentiment is against them we will lay them on the shelf, and not show them at all.'

Mayor Guerin informed the 'Witness' this morning that he was in favor of far stricter censorship of all moving pictures.

'I intend to instruct the city attorney,' he said, 'to ascertain exactly what our powers are in the matter of regulating these things. I am against pictures of any prize fights being shown in Montreal, and as soon as I am able I will take steps to have them stopped.'

'Will you take those steps in time to have the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures kept out of the city?'

'Yes,' replied the mayor, 'I will take the earliest opportunity of expressing my views on the subject, and if we have the power to stop them no further prize fight pictures will be shown in Montreal.

'I consider,' he continued, 'that the 'Witness' has done very good work in bringing this matter so prominently before the public, and it will have the effect of making it possible for us to exercise a stricter censorship over the pictures.'

TIME MONTREAL CAME INTO LINE.

The Rev. Geo. W. Mingie, provincial secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, writes: 'Every man who has the interest of the city at heart and the welfare of our children and our future citizenship, will heartily sympathize with and cordially support the 'Witness' in its campaign against the exhibition of the Johnson-Jeffries fight in our moving picture shows. It is high time that Montreal came into line with other cities in effecting censorship over these places, which are vital to the future [illegible]. It is the possibility of the showing of such pictures as the prize fight that has made the town of Granby debate very seriously the question of allowing them to operate within the town whatever. St. Johns, a short while since, knowing the deleterious effect on the youth of their town at a most susceptible period, prohibited children under 15 years of age from entering unless accompanied by their guardians. The National Board of Censorship of New York a short while since was called upon to destroy over three miles of films, and Sweden is providing halls at the United States's expense where morals will not be sacrified to gain, and it is time that our city should by some means provide that the morals of our children should be safeguarded without delay.

'It is a pity that these places should not only defy the will of our people as expressed in our laws by legal quibbling before the courts, but also seek to debauch the morals of our children by such brutal exhibitions as the fight at Reno, and I am sure the Lord's Day Alliance and every other organization having the welfare of the people at heart will co-operate with you in any way to prevent these disgusting spectacles being paraded before our young people.'

SUGGESTS ANOTHER'

To stop one reform by suggesting another was the effect of Alderman Brodeur's reply to a question whether he would do his best to stop the exhibition of pictures of the fight. 'I thing it is nonsense,' he said, 'I do not think those pictures will do any harm. Why doesn't the 'Witness' try to effect the closing of the kaleidoscope places, where they have cent-in-the-slot machines, and where the most obscene pictures are shown. I wouldn't have any one I care for go into one of those for a good deal. That's the thing that should be stopped.'

ONTARIO'S QUICK LEGISLATION.

Toronto, July 8.—The Hon. J. M. Gibson, Lieutenant-Governor, signed the Order-in-Council to-day prohibiting the display in Ontario of pictures, moving or otherwise, of prize fights. The present regulations which prohibit obscene, objectionable pictures, and those portraying scenes of violence or crime will be amended by adding a clause barring pictures of prize fights.

'New copies of this amended regulations will be printed and circulated at once,' said Col. Mathewson, Provincial Treasurer, this morning. Col. Mathewson is the minister under whom the moving picture shows and theatres are licensed, and in conjunction with his department the provincial police enforce the regulations concerning pictures.

Sir James Whitney, when seen this morning, was most emphatic in his declaration that such exhibitions should be prohibited.

'If the influence of a prize fight is of such a nature that prize fights are prohibited, then why not prohibit pictures of them?' said the Premier. 'Such exhibitions were brutal, and had a baneful effect on the young. Boxing contests are not objectionable, but this sort of thing should not be allowed.

Moving picture men and theotorium proprietors do not take the new regulation very kindly, especially as a number of picture shows are presenting moving pictures of prize fights.

'I don't blame them for their action in regard to the pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson fight,' said Peter Griffin, who controls, through the Griffin Amusement Company, nearly all the moving picture shows and the supply of films in Ontario and Quebec. 'They might cause trouble, and I am the last man in the world to do that. But it looks as if we are pretty nearly legislated out of business the way we are hedged round with restrictions. We are harrassed so much that I wish sometimes I was out of the business.'

ONTARIO TAKES STRONG MEASURES.

Toronto, July 8.—The Ontario Government yesterday passed an order-in-council prohibiting pictures of prize fights in Ontario, and the regulations will be revised.

Copies of the new regulation will be sent to the chiefs of police throughout Ontario, as well as to every moving picture show under license. A violation of the regulation is punishable with a fine of not less than fifty dollars or more than two hundred dollars, with twenty-five dollars additional for every extra day the pictures are shown. The alternative is three months' imprisonment, and loss of license.

Where the local police officer fails to enforce the regulation a provincial officer may step in and do so, and also prosecute the local officer for failure to do his duty.

GOVERNMENT ACTION EXPECTED.

London, July 8.—The movement in favor of Government action looking to the suppression of the pictures of the Reno fight is extending to a considerable section of the House of Commons. Both parties support the movement. Some of the morning papers advocate a general suppression, as tending to prevent glove fights, which, they say, are promoted merely for the sake of the profits from the pictures.

BARRED IN LYNCHBURG.

Lynchburg, Va., July 8.—The Jeffries-Johnson prize fight pictures have been officially barred from exhibition here.

TWO TOWNS ONLY IN KENTUCKY.

Cincinnati, O., July 8.—Reports from all important towns in Kentucky show that in only two, Covington and Frankfort, Ky., will exhibitions of the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures be allowed.

Covington is opposite Cincinnati and Frankfort is the capital of the state.

PROTEST AGAINST MAYOR'S DECISION.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 8.—Prominent men and women-educators, clergymen, club members and representatives of various organizations, voiced a vigorous protest yesterday against permitting moving pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight to be publicly exhibited in Philadelphia at a meeting held at the Civic Club.

Resolutions condemning the proposed exhibition were unanimously adopted and a delegation appointed to lay these before Mayor Reyburn.

The mayor had previously stated that he would not prohibit the display of the pictures.

FEARED RACIAL ANIMOSITY.

Havana, July 8.—The government has prohibited the exhibition of the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures. The incitement of racial animosities was feared.

TAX ON PICTURE SHOWS

City Will Try Again to Collect $500 Impost.

To-morrow the city will make another attempt to collect the $500 tax on moving picture shows. Since the first attempt, which was lost on a technicality, the city's hands have been considerably strengthened by a ruling of Judge Davidson, in the Superior Court, and action has accordingly been commenced in the Recorder's Court against the picture show proprietors who have not yet paid.

The old tax was $50 for picture shows and $100 for theatres, but at the beginning of the year the City Council passed a by-law increasing both taxes to $500; many of the picture shows refused to pay, and action was taken against the lessees, who raised the point that the proprietors of the buildings were responsible for the tax, and won their case. They then appealed to the Superior Court to have the whole by-law declared illegal, but Judge Davidson rejected the plea on all counts.

It is for the purpose of providing efficient fire fighting control that the city has imposed the increased tax, the proceeds of it being intended to defray a portion of the cost of having a fireman behind the scenes at all such places of amusement.

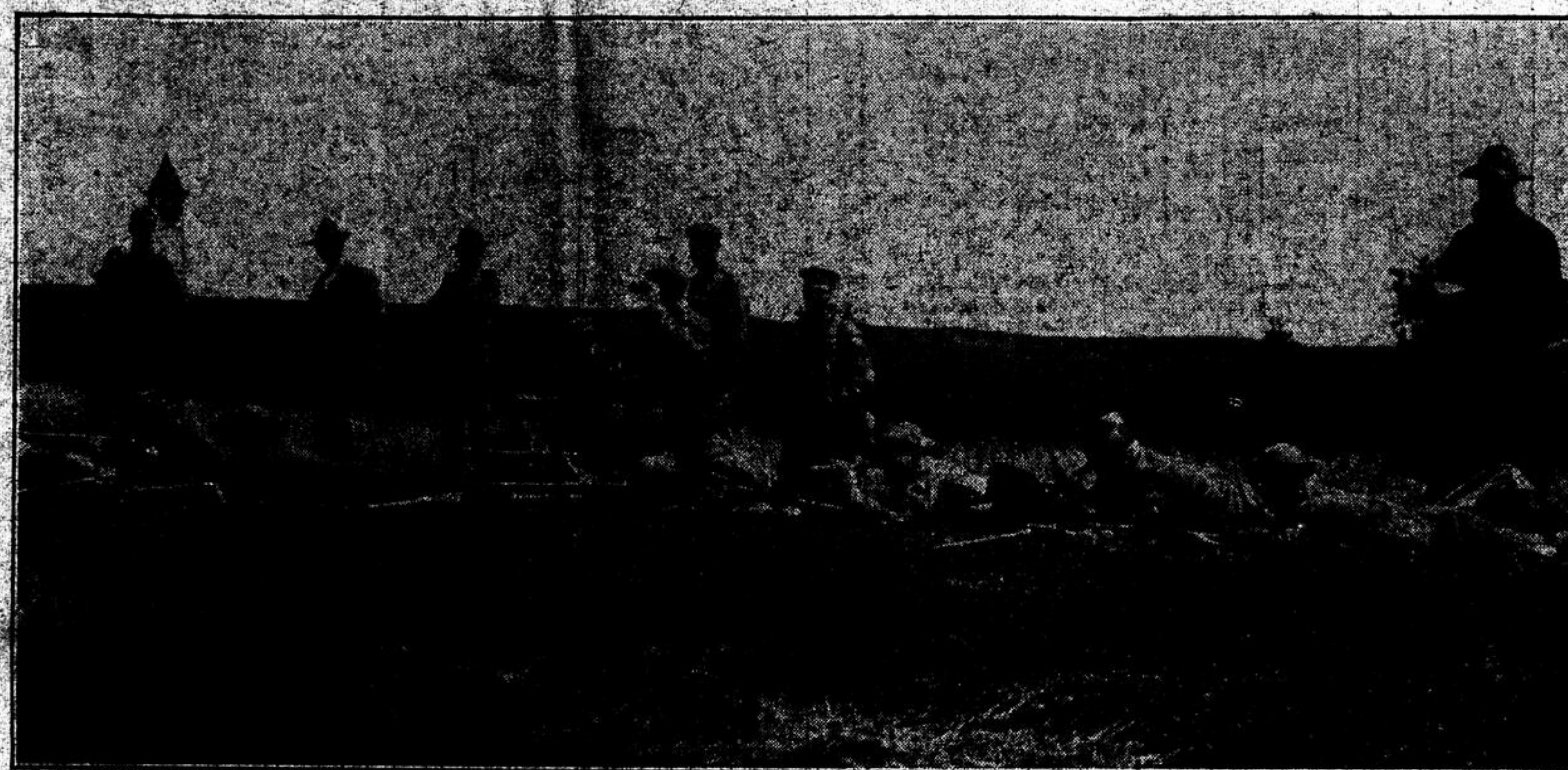
ALONE WHEN RAIDED.

Female Keeper of Vile Resort Fined.

Maud Smith, keeper of a disorderly house on St. Justin street, near Charlotte lane, described by Inspector O'Keefe in the Recorder's Court this morning as one of the vilest in the city, was fined $100 or six months. She was alone in the house when the place was raided.

NEW HAVEN'S GOOD SHOWING.

New York, July 8.—It is expected that the New Haven will show better than 9 percent, for the year with the largest gross earnings in its history.



AT BISLEY.—The Canadian team practising with the Ross rifle at long-distance ranges.

PRESIDENT TO BE HERE

Head of Labor Union Conducting Strike on His Way to Montreal.

BUILDERS' EXCHANGE FIRM.

Union Men Hope to Convert Imported Non-Union Labor.

Mr. William J. Bowen, of Indianapolis, president of the International Union of Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers, is coming to Montreal to survey the strike situation and bring encouragement and a message of good cheer from the International to the men. A telegram was received this morning by Mr. Thomas Izzard, fourth vice-president, from the general secretary of the International, instructing him to stand fast in the strike, and stating that Mr. Bowen was leaving for this city.

Down at the Labor Temple it was reported that the situaton was improving, although Mr. Izzard emphatically denied statements in some of the papers yesterday to the effect that [illegible] at an end.

'[illegible] all over yet, by any means,' he said, 'although we are getting the men out to work at a very satisfactory rate. There will be a strike for some time yet, or until the contractors all come round.'

At noon to-day 105 contractors had signed the agreement drawn up by the union, and approximately 750 men had returned to work. Twenty new signatures were affixed to the agreements this morning. The contractors who have signed have taken on an average of seven men each, but outside of this a number of the single strikers, without homes and families in the city to keep them here, have gone off to take jobs in their cities, the union supplying transportation. Thirty men with positions already secured for them had left for different cities, as far as Chicago, this morning.

To-morrow the first strike pay, $7 a week for single, and $10 for married men will be paid, and a rush of business is expected at the headquarters. One of the interesting features of the situation was explained to a 'Witness' reporter by an officer this morning. All the jobs in the city are picketed; union men are working in all parts of the United States and Canada, and as soon as labor is imported it will be known. Union men won't accept jobs in a strike city, and the men imported must necessarily be non-union workers. The pickets on city jobs will talk around these men and endeavor to bring them into the union, which will grant them strike pay from the start. It is expected that all these non-union men will consent to join with the inducements offered them. Militant tactics will not be adopted.

It is also stated that no effort would be made to fight the importation of American labor on the ground of the Alien Labor law. 'That law isn't acted on in Canada, and the men always lose in an appeal grounded on it,' said Mr. Izzard.

'Our members are going to get labor from wherever they can, all in conformity with the law, of course,' said an officer of the Builders' Exchange. 'But we haven't started any active campaign as yet, and won't until the beginning of next week. Yes, we know the smaller contractors are signing up agreements, but they aren't members, and at most they only affect about 600 men, leaving 900 still out of work.'

The Montreal superintendent for Peter Lyall & Sons said to a 'Witness' reporter this morning that the strike had not been any setback to the company's work. 'We have not stopped working a day on any jobs either in Montreal or in Ottawa; we have all the men we want, and the strike doesn't seem to have affected us,' he said.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, July 8.—Gloucester cricketers to-day defeated Worcester by 94 runs.



THE REV. FATHER VAUGHAN, S.J.,

Whose scathing sermons on the 'Sins of Society' roused London four years ago, will visit Montreal during the Eucharistic Congress in September.

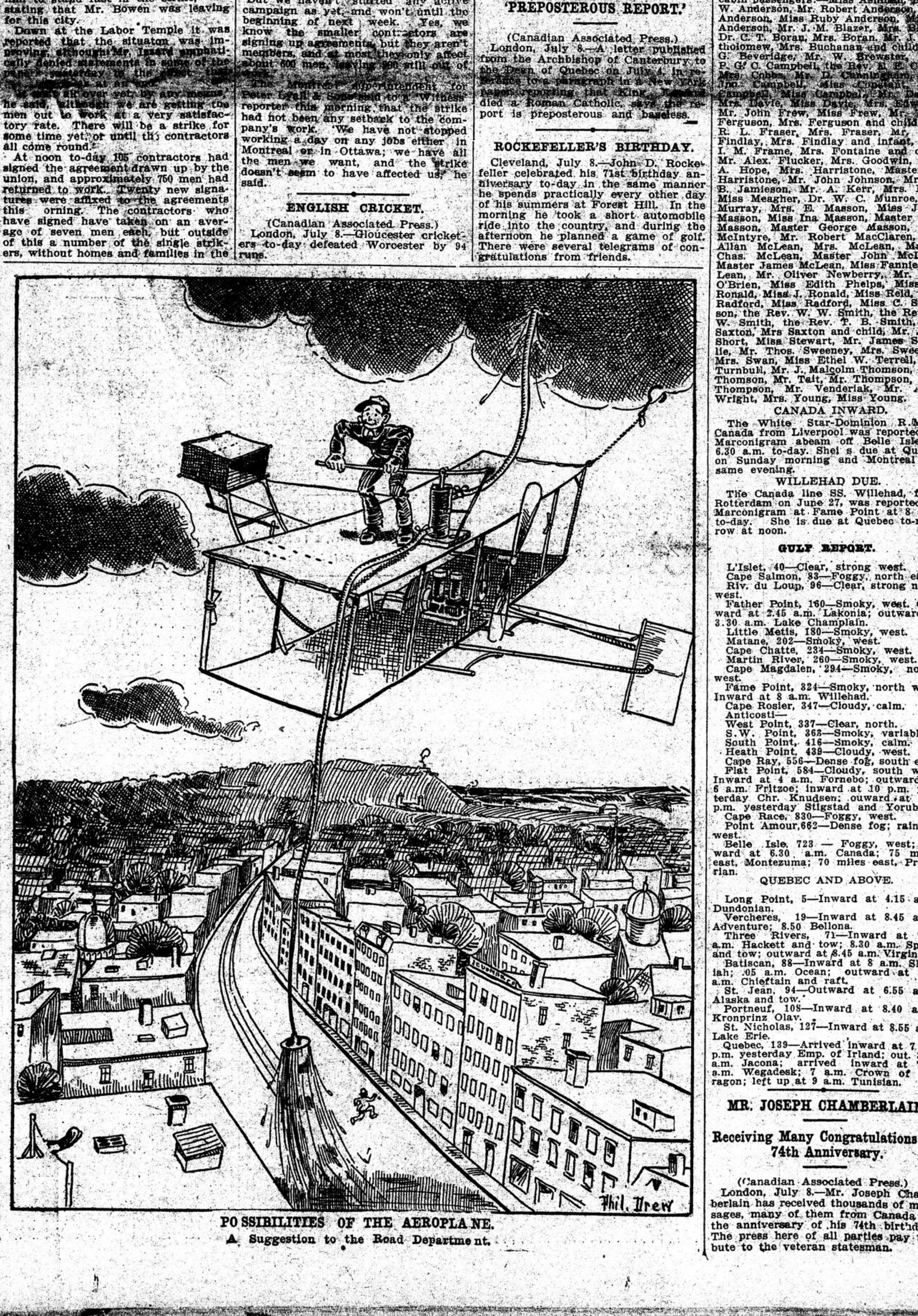
'PREPOSTEROUS REPORT.'

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, July 8.—A letter published from the Archbishop of Canterbury to the Dean of Quebec on July 4, in reference to a paragraph in a New York paper reporting that King Edward died a Roman Catholic, says the report is preposterous and baseless.

ROCKEFELLER'S BIRTHDAY.

Cleveland, July 8.—John D. Rockefeller celebrated his 71st birthday anniversary to-day in the same manner he spends practically every other day of his summers at Forest Hill. In the morning he took a short automobile ride into the country, and during the afternoon he planned a game of golf. There were several telegrams of congratulations from friends.



POSSIBILITIES OF THE AEROPLANE.
A Suggestion to the Road Department.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Inward.

Emp. of Ireland, arr'd Quebec.	July 7
Cervona, arr'd Montreal.	July 7
President Grant, arr'd New York.	July 7
Mauretania, arr'd New York.	July 7
Mendoza, arr'd New York.	July 7
Cashel, arr'd Baltimore.	July 7
Montreal, left London.	July 7
Lake Manitoba, left London.	July 7
Crown of Arragon, arr'd Quebec.	July 7
Trinidad, arr'd Quebec.	July 7
Royal Edward, left Bristol.	July 7

Outward.

Blencher, arr'd Plymouth.	July 7
Prinz Fredrich Wilhelm, arr'd Plymouth.	July 7
Rotterdam, arr'd Rotterdam.	July 7
Adriatic, arr'd Southampton.	July 7
Oceana, arr'd Gibraltar.	July 7
Romanic, arr'd Naples.	July 7
Zeeland, arr'd Liverpool.	July 7
Hurona, arr'd London.	July 7
La Saveie, arr'd Havre.	July 7
Jacona, left Montreal.	July 7
Prinz Oskar, arr'd Quebec.	July 7
Virginia, left Montreal.	July 8
Saturnia, arr'd Glasgow.	July 8

WEEK-END ARRIVALS.

'Tunisian' will arrive from Liverpool at 8 o'clock to-night.

'Lake Erie' will arrive from London and Havre at 7 o'clock to-night.

'SOUTHWARK'S' LIST.

Steamer 'Southwark,' Allan Line, leaves Montreal for Glasgow at daybreak to-morrow, with the following cabin passengers:—Miss Ashman, Dr. G. W. Anderson, Mr. Robert Anderson, Mrs. Anderson, Miss Ruby Anderson, Miss J. Anderson, Mr. J. M. Blazer, Mrs. Blazer, Dr. C. T. Boran, Mrs. Boran, Mr. J. Bartholomew, Mrs. Buchanan and child, Mr. G. Beveridge, Mr. W. Brewster, Prof. P. G. C. Campbell, the Rev. E. E. Cobbs, Mrs. Cobbs, Mr. D. Cunningham, Mrs. Jno. Campbell, Miss Constant, Mrs. Campbell, Miss Campbel, Mr. Dalziel, Mrs. Davie, Miss Davie, Mrs. Edwards, Mr. John Frew, Miss Frew, Mr. T. A. Ferguson, Mrs. Ferguson and child, Mr. R. L. Fraser, Mrs. Fraser, Mr. John Findlay, Mrs. Findlay and infant, Mrs. I. M. Frame, Mrs. Fontaine and child, Mr. Alex. Flucker, Mrs. Goodwin, Miss A. Hope, Mrs. Harristone, Master R. Harristone, Mr. John Johnson, Mr. W. B. Jamieson, Mr. A. Kerr, Mrs. Kerr, Miss Meagher, Dr. W. C. Munroe, Mr. Murray, Mrs. E. Masson, Miss Jessie Masson, Miss Ina Masson, Master Wm. Masson, Master George Masson, Mrs. McIntyre, Mr. Robert MacClaren, Mr. Allan McLean, Mrs. McLean, Master Chas. McLean, Master John McLean, Master James McLean, Miss Fannie McLean, Mr. Oliver Newberry, Mr. Jas. O'Brien, Miss Edith Phelps, Miss M. Ronald, Miss J. Ronald, Miss Reid, Mrs. Radford, Miss Radford, Miss C. Simpson, the Rev. W. W. Smith, the Rev. S. W. Smith, the Rev. T. B. Smith, Mr. Saxton, Mrs Saxton and child, Mr. John Short, Miss Stewart, Mr. James Smellie, Mr. Thos. Sweeney, Mrs. Sweeney, Mrs. Swan, Miss Ethel W. Terrell, Mr. Turnbull, Mr. J. Malcolm Thomson, Mrs. Thomson, Mr. Tait, Mr. Thompson, Mrs. Thompson, Mr. Venderlak, Mr. Alex. Wright, Mrs. Young, Miss Young.

CANADA INWARD.

The White Star-Dominion R.M.S. Canada from Liverpool was reported by Marconigram abeam off Belle Isle at 6.30 a.m. to-day. Shel s due at Quebec on Sunday morning and Montreal the same evening.

WILLEHAD DUE.

The Canada line SS. Willehad, from Rotterdam on June 27, was reported by Marconigram at Fame Point at 8 a.m. to-day. She is due at Quebec to-morrow at noon.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet, 40—Clear, strong west.
Cape Salmon, 83—Foggy, north east.
Riv. du Loup, 96—Clear, strong north west.
Father Point, 160—Smoky, west. Outward at 2.45 a.m. Lakonia; outward at 3.30 a.m. Lake Champlain.
Little Metis, 180—Smoky, west.
Matane, 202—Smoky, west.
Cape Chatte, 234—Smoky, west.
Martin River, 260—Smoky, west.
Cape Magdalen, 294—Smoky, north-west.
Fame Point, 324—Smoky, north west. Inward at 8 a.m. Willehad.
Cape Rosier, 347—Cloudy, calm.
Anticosti—
West Point, 337—Clear, north.
S.W. Point, 363—Smoky, variable.
South Point, 416—Smoky, calm.
Heath Point, 439—Cloudy, west.
Cape Ray, 556—Dense fog, south east.
Flat Point, 584—Cloudy, south west. Inward at 4 a.m. Fornebo; outward at 6 a.m. Fritzoe; inward at 10 p.m. yesterday Chr. Knudsen; ouward at 6.30 p.m. yesterday Stigstad and Yoruba.
Cape Race, 830—Foggy, west.
Point Amour, 662—Dense fog; raining, west.
Belle Isle, 723 — Foggy, west; inward at 6.30 a.m. Canada; 75 miles east, Montezuma; 70 miles east, Pretorian.

QUEBEC AND ABOVE.

Long Point, 5—Inward at 4.15 a.m., Dundonian.
Vercheres, 19—Inward at 8.45 a.m., Adventure; 8.50 Bellona.
Three Rivers, 71—Inward at 7.05 a.m. Hackett and tow; 8.30 a.m. Spray and tow; outward at 8.45 a.m. Virginian.
Batiscan, 88—Inward at 8 a.m. Sheeiah; 05 a.m. Ocean; outward at 8.20 a.m. Chieftain and raft.
St. Jean, 94—Outward at 6.55 a.m., Alaska and tow.
Portneuf, 108—Inward at 8.40 a.m., Kronprinz Olav.
St. Nicholas, 127—Inward at 8.55 a.m. Lake Erie.
Quebec, 139—Arrived inward at 7.05 p.m. yesterday Emp. of Irland; out. 8.30 a.m. Jacona; arrived inward at 7.15 a.m. Wegadesk; 7 a.m. Crown of Arragon; left up at 9 a.m. Tunisian.

MR. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN.

Receiving Many Congratulations on 74th Anniversary.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, July 8.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain has received thousands of messages, many of them from Canada on the anniversary of his 74th birthday. The press here of all parties pay tribute to the veteran statesman.

WILL TRY NORTH WEST PASSAGE

Captain J. E. Bernier Will Attempt to Reach Pacific if Given Free Hand.

CAN DO TRIP IN TWO YEARS

Captain Bernier's Cousin on 'Arctic' as Able Seaman—Vessel's Full Crew.

('Witness' Staff Correspondence.)

Quebec, July 8.—Captain J. E. Bernier, who left yesterday for an exploration cruise of two years, will it is stated on good authority, essay the North-West Passage. The orders he will receive at Father Point will undoubtedly give the intrepid explorer a free hand, in accordance with a speech to that effect made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier last winter. The Captain stated to your representative that he discovered open water near the farthest point reached by him in the north-west, which, he is convinced, is the opening of the North-West Passage. If his orders leave him a free will he intends to explore the region. The entire crew of the 'Arctic' is as follows:

Captain J. E. Bernier, commander; F. J. [illegible] mate; Robert James, second mate; Edward McDonald, third mate; J. E. Koenig, chief engineer; Emile Bolduc, second engineer; Paul Mercier, oiler; Aurelius Legendre, fireman; Albert Nolet, fireman; A. Dezina, fireman; John Leclerc, oiler; Jos. Thibault, purser and steward; J. E. Mathe, steward; Napoleon Normand, carpenter and seaman; Napoleon Chausse, boatswain and lamp trimmer; Arthur English, waiter and prospector; B. Chartrand, waiter and portager; Joseph Lessard, quartermaster; Alfred Bauchard, quartermaster; W. Lebel, quartermaster; George Gosselin, portager; Paul Tremblay, waiter and seaman; Wilfrid C. Coran, waiter and seaman; Louis Bernier, cousin of Capt. Bernier, able seaman; Eugene Montfort, able seaman; William Moran, able seaman; T. Holden, able seaman; W. Doyle, able seaman; Auguste Michel, able seaman; Alfred Tremblay, able seaman; Eugene Nadeau, carpenter; James Best, able seaman; J. T. S. Lavoie, meteorologist and geologist; Thebien Vanasse, historian; J. E. Bolduc, ship's doctor.

EXHIBIT FOR FRANCE

Canada Will Display Wheat at Exposition in Marseilles.

Ottawa, July 8.—The Department of Trade and Commerce has decided to send an exhibit of Canadian wheat to the exhibition of wheat products to be held in Marseilles, France, during the month of September.

The Hon. L. P. Brodeur, accompanied by Madame Brodeur and Lady Laurier, will leave for Banff in the course of a week or the next ten days, and will remain in the mountains until the end of August, returning to Ottawa with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's party early in September.

CONCILIATION SOUGHT.

I. C. R. Telegraphers Ask for Board of Arbitration.

Ottawa, July 8.—The telegraphers of the Intercolonial Railway have applied to the Department of Labor for the appointment of a board of conciliation to settle the differences between the men and the company as to hours of labor, wages, etc. It is expected that the board will be constituted in the course of a short time.

MINISTER'S TRIP.

Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia, left this morning for Canning, N.S., where he will remain for several weeks.

'THE DOCTOR'

First Edition Exhausted; Distribution Begins Again Next Week.

The success of the distribution of Art Treasures has exceeded our utmost expectations. The original supply was large enough to meet what was considered a very heavy demand. But everybody seems to want these pictures so full of 'human interest,' and the pictures advertise themselves, for the value is so wonderful that friends and neighbors when they see them immediately want copies for their own home. The distribution has necessarily been suspended, but a new supply has been telegraphed for, and is being rushed forward by express. This consignment should be here for delivery by next Wednesday. It is not yet too late to begin to cut coupons for this picture, as we will continue the publication of 'the Doctor Coupon' for five days from to-day, but no longer. The coupon for the second great picture, Rosa Bonheur's wonderful 'Horse Fair' will first appear next week, and it is our intention to run it for one week only, as we are anxious to get to the third of this remarkable series. Cut out to-day's coupon on the back page of this issue.

SHAWINIGAN TO ISSUE NEW STOCK --TRADE GROWING

At a special meeting of the shareholders of the Shawinigan Water & Power Company, held at noon to-day, the directors were authorized to issue as required additional common stock to the amount of $3,000,000.

The president, Mr. J. A. Aldred, stated that in asking for this authority, the directors had no intention at this time of issuing such an amount of stock, but considered it wise for the total issue to be authorized so that the directors could take advantage of favorable conditions from time to time, and use the additional capital to the greatest advantage of the concern.

It is probable that during the present year the company would issue additional common stock not to exceed $1,000,000. Satisfactory arrangements have been made to sell debenture stock of the company as required.

Mr. Aldred stated that this arrangement will provide all funds necessary to cover the work in hand for the extension of the power plant at Shawinigan Falls, which extension will ultimately double the company's electrical capacity by adding 75,000 horse power, and cover the expense of acquiring a substantial interest in other companies in which it is affiliated.

The issues of additional stock for this last purpose would involve no burden on the company, as the income from the shares acquired would exceed the charge of the Shawinigan shares.

The announcement was made that an arrangement had been concluded with the Union Bag & Paper Company whereby that company would erect at Three Rivers a pulp mill to be operated by electric power to be furnished by the Shawinigan Company.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Steel Corporation, for the purpose of ratifying the change in name from the Dominion Steel and Coal Company to that of the former, was held in the Bank of Commerce at noon to-day. The new name was unanimously adopted.

The behavior of the stock market was much more commendable, this morning, than it has been for some time. Many believe that this morning's activity on the rising scale marks the commencement of a boom. Steel Corporation, Soo Common and Quebec Railway were the features of the trading.

Steel opened at 57⅛ from which it rose to 58¾ and closed at 58. Soo gained 2¼ points in its ascent from 126 to 128½, the opening and closing figures. Quebec Railway was strong at 40¼. Power and other Standards showed a stronger tendency, and banks and bonds were fairly active.

WILL SOVEREIGN BANK ACCEPT?

Toronto, July 8.—If the Sovereign Bank consents to judgment for $12,113.68 against Parsons Brothers, ex-bankers, of New York, Judge Britton has directed that judgment for that amount be entered in favor of the bank. If the bank is not satisfied with this there will be a reference to the Master-in-Ordinary to determine the amount due.

This action was brought by the bank as assignees of the receivers and of the official referee under whose direction the Imperial Paper Mills of Sturgeon Falls was being liquidated.

The claim was for $15,028 for goods supplied; Parson Brothers admitted an indebtedness of $12,113.68, but claimed a set off of $26,005.59 on account of alleged breach of contract as a result of which certain New Zealand newspapers experienced a paper famine.

Copper Figures June Compared With July 1

New York, July 8—Copper Producers' Association figures as of July 1 compare with June 1 as follows: Stocks, 163,386,017, increase 7,960,044. June production, 127,219,188, increase 3,976,712; domestic delivery, 53,868,196, decrease 5,942,026; export delivery, 65,895,948, increase 20,400,508; total delivery, 119,259,144, increase 14,458,482.

Wall St. Closed Steady

The New York market was strong this afternoon, with a few slight declines towards the close, wich brought prices to the opening level.

Stocks Hold Up Well

There was no further accession of strength in the stock market this afternoon, but prices held up well.

OFFICE ABOLISHED.

The St. Paul has abolished the office of general auditor and land commissioner. Genral Auditor Winne has been appointed comptroller.

STOCK EXCHANGE SEATS.

New York, July 8.—The Stock Exchange seat of E. Townsend Irwin has been posted for transfer to Charles R. Leamy. The consideration is $76,000, the same as at last previous sale.

Unlisted Sales

The following unlisted transactions took place this morning: 20 Illinois com at 30; 500 Wyandoh at 23.

Healthy Tone to Trade

Hamilton reports say retail trade shows a healthy tone with an excellent turnover of goods reported in all lines. Local factories continue busy. Country trade is fair and deliveries of produce large.



WILL CLIPPING THE WI RE BREAK THE BUCKET?

GRANBY BOARD WILL NOT GIVE OUT ANY NEWS

Efforts to secure some official statement from the directors of the Granby Company—and a decline in the price of the shares to twenty dollars would seem to make an official statement imperative—continue fruitless.

Only a few weeks ago the directors offered 13,500 shares of new stock to the stockholders at $85 per share, the proceeds to be used in paying off the floating debt and supplying new working capital. On almost the very day that payment on this new stock was due, the price began to tumble and the subsequent and almost perpendicular decline from $85 to $20 leaves the small stockholders completely in the dark.

The recent statement by the president, Mr. Langeloth, that ore 'available for stoping' at the present time did not exceed six million tons, does not, in itself, indicate a deplorable state of affairs—there are few vein mines which can point to larger reserves—and at any fair price for copper there would seem to be net profits in this tonnage alone more than sufficient to cover the present selling price of the property.

On June 30 last, the company completed its fiscal year, having produced a record amount of copper, twenty-six million pounds, from its now enlarged and improved plant. Just what the company's costs were during the twelve months will not be known until the annual report is submitted at the annual meeting next October. The cost per pound is expected to be not far from eleven cents.

The management of the Granby Company has always been regarded as one of the best and most conservative in the business, but its refusal at the present time to make some adequate statement concerning property conditions is condemned.

At twenty dollars per share, the company's property, including plant, mine and working capital recently provided, have a stock market selling value of less than three million dollars.

U.S. Steel Dividends

New York, July 8.—Directors of the United States Steel will meet on July 26 to declare dividends and review the report for second quarter. Regular dividends on preferred and common stocks are expected. Surplus available for common dividends will run between 3½ and 4 percent, or three times the 1¼ percent required.

Cobalt Sales Quiet

Following were the Montreal Mining Exchange quotations furnished by Fisher & DesRosiers, Stock Brokers, 91 St. Francois Xavier street, to the 'Witness' to-day:—

	Bid.	Asked.
Beaver	23	23½
Black Mines Con.	½	4
British-American	—	3
Chambers-Ferland	17	18
Cobalt Central	8	10
Cobalt Lake	14½	15½
Cobalt Twins	17½	20
Coniagas	440	450
City of Cobalt	20	21
Crown Reserve	275	280
Dr. Reddick-Com.	1	2
Everett Lake	1	1½
Floyd	3	3½
Foster	10	14
Gifford	7¼	8½
Green Meehan	1¾	2
Kerr Lake	505	820
La Rose	405	415
Little Nipissing	14½	14¾
McKin.-Dar.-Sav	90	91
Nancy Helen	3½	5
Nipissing	1040	1080
Nova Scotia	30	35
Ophir	15	30
Otisse	3½	4
Peterson Lake	19¾	20
Rochester	14½	15
Silver Alliance	10	15
Silver Bar	5	6
Silver Leaf	6¾	7
Silver Queen	5	10
Temiskaming	62	62½
Trethewey	116	120
Union Pas. Cobalt	3	3 7/8

MORNING SALES.

Beaver, 500 at 23½.
Bailey, 1000 at 7½.

UNLISTED.

Wyandoh, 1000 at 22.
Hargraves, 2000 at 15.

COLIN M. McCUAIG & CO.,
MEMBERS MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE
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'RICHELIEU' IS PILING UP BIG PROFITS NOW

The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, is this season, breaking all its previous earning records.

The official announcement was made this morning, that since the opening of navigation in April until July 6, last, the Richelieu Corporation shows the unprecedented increase in profits of $53,000, as compared with the same period in 1909.

Since July 1 the daily receipts of the R. and O. are greatly in excess of the same days last year, and present indications point to a surprising gross revenue for the season now in full swing.

The earning of the company for April, May and June, is at the rate of increase over the same months last year of 14½ percent, which in the opinion of a director, is a pretty good evidence of the growth in popularity of the 'Richelieu' with the travelling public, and an indication of what may be expected, financially, as the service of the company is extended and improved from Niagara to the sea.

Toronto Cobalt Sales

Toronto, July 8.—Bailey, 2000 at 7⅝. Beaver, 2800 at 23½, 3000 at 23¼, 50 at 23. Chambers, 50 at 18½. Gt. Northern, 500 at 6. Green Meehan, 5000 at 2. Hudson, 1 at 90. Lit. Nip., 500 at 14⅞, 1000 at 14¾, 1000 at 14⅝, 1500 at 14½. Otisse, 1000 at 4. Peterson, 100 at 19½, 500 at 19¾, 1000 at 19⅞. Rochester, 200 at 15, 50 at 16, 2950 at 14⅝. Silver Leaf, 100 at 7. Temiskaming, 500 at 62, 500 at 62½. Wettlaufer 500 at 71.

MORNING BOARD.

Yesterday p.m. 200 Que. Ry. Bs. 80⅞ should read 500 at 80⅞.
Porto Rico, 40 at 47.
Toronto Ry., 25 at 117¼, 10 at 117½.
Illinois Pr., 10 at 89½, 203 at 89.
Power, 90 at 129, 25 at 129¾, 3 at 129¾, 25 at 129¾.
Telephone, 2 at 143.
Duluth Sup., 20 at 68.
Rio, 25 at 90½.
Soo Com., 75 at 126, 25 at 126¼, 25 at 126¾, 5 at 126½, 50 at 127¼, 25 at 127½, 25 at 127, 40 at 127½, 150 at 128, 25 at 127⅞, 50 at 128½.
Detroit, 155 at 46.
Quebec Ry., 20 at 40¼, 25 at 40, 100 at 40¼.
Winnipeg, 20 at 178¾.
Steel Corp., 25 at 57½, 5 at 57¼, 25 at 57⅝, 90 at 58, 50 at 58¼, 15 at 58, 25 at 58⅛, 345 at 58, 150 at 58¼, 125 at 58⅛, 150 at 58¼, 25 at 58⅜, 50 at 58¼, 100 at 58⅜, 275 at 58½, 150 at 58⅜, 50 at 58⅝, 135 at 58½, 25 at 58⅝, 265 at 58½, 50 at 58⅜, 5 at 58½, 60 at 58⅛, 250 at 58.
Cement pref., 45 at 83, 155 at 82¾, 25 at 83, 235 at 82½, 50 at 82¼.
Woods com., 2 at 126.
Asbestos pref., 25 at 82.
Black Lake, 50 at 26 3-8.
Iron pref., 35 at 101¾.
Cement, 223 at 20, 50 at 19¾.
Converters, 40 at 35.
Textile pref., 10 at 102, 3 at 102¾.
Can. Car pref., 75 at 100.
Asbestos, 25 at 18¾.
Bank of Montreal, 18 at 250.
Bank of Hochelaga 14 at 144,
Royal Bank 5 at 239¾, 1 at 240.
Mer. Bank, 4 at 174½, 1 at 175.
Textile bonds, $25,000 at 99½ B.
Iron bonds, $5000 at 94.
Rubber bonds, $1000 at 100.
Can. Car bonds, $2000 at 104.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Soo—100 at 127 3-4, 25 at 127 1-2, 100 at 127, 25 at 126 3-4, 25 at 126 3-4, 25 at 127.
Asb. Pfd.—1 at 83.
Cement Pfd.—25 at 82 1-2, 25 at 82 1-4, 25 at 82 1-4, 100 at 82 1-4, 5 at 82 1-2, 10 at 82.
Bell Tel.—5 at 143, 5 at 143.
Black Lake—17 at 27.
Banque d'Hochelaga—1 at 144.
Illinois Pfd.—10 at 89, 40 at 89.
Steel Corp.—7 at 58 1-4, 25 at 58, 25 at 58, 10 at 58, 50 at [illegible]4, 25 at 58 1-4, 25 at 58 1-4, 25 at 58 1-4, 100 at 58 1-4, 25 at 58 3-4, 25 at 58 3-8, 25 at 58 1-4, 75 at 58 1-4, 100 at 58 7-8, 50 at 58, 50 at 58, 25 at 58, 50 at 58, 25 at 58, 25 at 57 3-4, 10 at 57 7-8, 10 at 57 1-2, 1 at 58, 1 at 58, 25 at 57 1-2, 25 at 57 3-8, 100 at 5 1-2.
Power—50 at 129 1-2, 50 at 129 3-4.
Street—50 at 236.
Quebec Ry.—25 at 40, 25 at 40 1-8, 25 at 40, 15 at 40.
Winnipeg—10 at 179.
Cement com.—3 at 1[illegible] 3-4, 1-2 at 20, 10 at 20.
Can. com.—5 at 35.
Twin—1 at 107 1-2.
Iron pfd.—10 at 102, 50 at 101 3-4.
Can. Pac. Ry.—3 at [illegible]29 3-4.
Quebec Ry. Bds.—$[illegible],000 at 80 3-4, 500 at 81.
Quebec Ry.—15 at 40.
Steel Corp.—75 at 57 1-2, 25 at 57 3-8, 25 at 57 1-4, 125 at 57 3-8.
Richelieu.—10 at 80.
Quebec Bds.—100 at 82 1-2.
Illinois pfd.—5 at 89.
Detroit—50 at 5.
Toronto Ry.—20 at 117.
Twin—25 at 107.
Detroit—25 44 1-2, 25 at 43 1-4.

STEAMSHIP COMBINE.

According to a despatch from New York the White Star Line, Canadian Northern Line, and the Grand Trunk are about to combine in running a twelve steamer service between one of the American or Canadian ports and Australia and New Zealand. No report of the arrangement has been received in the Montreal office of these companies.

BUCKET SHOPS MADE HELPLESS BY WIRE CUTTING

There is now going forward another excellent movement in the interests of Stock Exchange reform in the United States which promises to be important in good results. This is the cutting of wires running, it is said, to and from bucket shops by the Western Union Telegraph Company.

This wire-cutting campaign started rather suddenly in several cities in New York and Pennsylvania, and is continuing and spreading at a fast rate. The ten cities already subjected to the wire-cutting operations are: Pittsburg and Johnstown, Pa., Syracuse, Ithaca, Rome, Utica, Gloversville, Auburn, Watertown and Cortlandt, N.Y.

Much surprise and wonderment has naturally been expressed by the public in these cities, but all queries addressed to the officers of the telegraph company are made in vain.

It is generally thought, however, that the company was acting on the advice of someone in Washington supposed to be very close to the attitude of the Attorney-General's office, but this could not be confirmed.

Hitherto the Western Union has always taken the stand that as a common carrier it had no right to refuse any business offered it, provided such business was couched in proper language. In fact, the company argued earnestly that any attempt by it to investigate the private affairs of its customers would be inquisitorial and intolerable.

The 'Witness' correspondent in Toronto wires that during the past few days a large number of firms conducting brokerage businesses in Toronto, and having wires in several of the leading American cities, have been obliged to close their doors.

With few exceptions only Toronto firms representing members of the New York Stock Exchange and the Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York have continued to accept trades.

There is a possibility that a little wire snapping would prove beneficial to the investor of limited means in this city, who can find time each day to pay a visit to certain resorts in the down-town districts. An investigation into the mode of business of some of these institutions would make interesting reading.

The Grand Trunk Railway System report for May, and the first five months of the fiscal year, as cabled from London, show the favorable increases over the corresponding periods in 1909:

	1910	1909
May gross,	$2,852,334	$2,481,173
Net	1,027,404	926,973
Five months' gross..	13,043,754	11,235,594
Net	3,321,324	2,930,792

Broker Recommends the Purchase of Steel Common —Stocks in Wall Street

Our local market, in the opinion of Mr. Colin M. McCuaig, will continue to be influenced by Wall Street, and matters at present are so uncertain in New York that it is difficult to do anything more than guess at the immediate future.

While a lower market is possible many local stocks are at bargain prices for the investor and those who can afford to take care of their purchases. 'I would recommend Steel Common,' says Mr. McCuaig, in conclusion.

BANK OF ENGLAND

London, July 8.—The weekly figures of the Bank of England issued July 7 are not quite as encouraging as those for the week ended June 30, as comparisons will show:

	This Week	Last Week.
Circulation	£28,852,000	£28,697,000
Public deposits	21,514,000	24,681,000
Private deposits	45,443,000	50,460,000
Government securities	17,970,000	17,973,000
Other securities.	35,833,000	42,242,000
Reserve	31,080,000	32,149,000
Proportion	46.40	42.77
Bullion	41,796,000	42,708,000

COMPETITION PRICES.

New York, July 8.—Rumors are current that the United States Steel Corporation is considering the advisability of meeting the competition of independents and reducing prices for steel products. This news may be circulated by the 'bear' element.

GOLD FROM LONDON.

New York, July 8.—Gold engaged for import in London totals $1,750,000 so far.

NEW YORK CALL MONEY.

New York, July 8.—Money on call steady at 2% percent.
Prime mercantile paper, 5 to 5½ percent.
Exchanges $354,485,087; balances $19,049,652.

EDMONTON CLEARINGS.

Edmonton, Alta., July 8.—Local bank clearings for the week ended July 7, shows the sum of $1,307,258.

RETAIL TRADE IN CITY QUIET--- LABOR STRIKE

The rain of Thursday was of great benefit to the surrounding country districts, which were beginning to suffer from the dry heated spell of three weeks, and local crop prospects are generally favorable.

During the past ten days there has been a pronounced exodus of summer holiday-makers, and city retailers report a corresponding slackening in trade.

There are threatenings of trouble in the labor market, and the masons and bricklayers have this week gone on strike for a complete recognition of the union and a closed shop, while foundry hands have been prompted by union officials to demand an all round increase in wages of five percent.

In wholesale trade there is nothing specially new. Dry goods travellers are all out, but at the moment are not doing more than fairly, there being an apparent disposition in some quarters to order lightly for the present. Fo- metals and hardware there is a good seasonable demand. Leather is still quiet. Hides are in slow request, with some accumulation of stocks, and prices are again off, dealers not paying more than eleven and a half cents for No. 1 country take-off, and twelve to twelve and a half cents for No. 1 city take-off.

General groceries are moving out fairly, but refiners say the demand for sugars is hardly up to the mark, considering the preserving season is now on. The market for raw sugars is stronger, but factory quotations for refined are unchanged.

There is a good export trade in cheese, shipments for the past fortnight exceeding 155,000 boxes.

Call money, acording to Dun's, is in more active request, with some hardening in the market.

CANADA CEMENT REPORT SHOWS GROWING TRADE

Senator W. C. Edwards, at a special meeting of the directors of the Canada Cement Company, held in the Imperial Bank Building yesterday afternoon, presented a most encouraging report of the company's growth in trade since its inception about a year ago.


Senator Edwards.

This report was sent in Mr. Frank P. Jones, and among other things it pointed out that the sales to date show a heavy increase for each succeeding month.

Another meeting will be held shortly when the accounts for the first six months of the fiscal year will be closed up, and the management will be then in a position to declare the second quarterly dividend at the rate of seven percent.

Reports to hand from the different plants of the big company tell of much activity, and it is expected that the completion of the current year will show the company to have enjoyed a very profitable season.

Wheat Options Less Strong July Wheat Higher —Rains Were Beneficial

Toronto, July 8.—The future wheat options on the outside markets were not so strong to-day, showing that crop conditions for the moment have ceased to cause alarm amongst the speculators. July wheat, however, at both Chicago and Winnipeg, continues to advance, giving evidence of the working of a long against a short interest.

Dealers in Manitoba grain are doing practically no business whatever on the present market, with its uncertain fluctuations, and they give their quotations to-day as purely nominal. While there is very little trade being done in Ontario grain, prospects for good crops in this province are much brighter than in the West.

Several samples of new wheat, oats and barley adorn the exchange at the local Board of Trade, and all of them are fine healthy specimens. Reports from outside points, this morning, speak very favorably of the results of last night's steady rain which seemed to be general throughout Ontario.

Local quotations are as follows:—Ontario wheat—No. 2 winter, 97c to 98c outside; Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, $1.10; No. 2 northern, $1.07½; No. 3 northern, $1.05 at lake ports for immediate shipment.

Manitoba flour quotations at Toronto are as follows:—First patents, $5.80; second patents, $5.30; strong bakers, $5.10; 90 percent, Glasgow freights, 25s. Ontario flour winter wheat patents for export, $3.50 to $3.60 in buyers' bags outside.

AMONG THE MEMBERS-ON-CHANGE

Among the grain dealers and millers on 'Change there is much diversity of opinion as to the dimensions of the coming crop. Many, however, continue to hold that it will much exceed the hundred millions.

The Chicago weather despatch says:—Lower temperature north west, no rains, only few scattered showers. A few showers Eastern Nebraska, otherwise clear in corn belt. Forecast:—Generally clear weather, with slight changes in temperature; possibly some scattered thunderstorms.'

Following is the course of prices in Winnipeg this morning:

	Wheat. July.	Wheat. Oct.	Oats. July.	Oats. Oct.
Close	104⅜	99½	34¾	36¼
Open	105¼	100	34¾	36¼
High	106	100½	35¼	36⅞
Low	105¼	99¾	34¾	36¼
Noon	105⅝	99⅞	35⅛	36½

Mr. R. I. Cline Kett, of Barbardoes, B.W.I., was introduced on 'Change this morning by Mr. Wm. Paterson.

Record Breaking Figures of British Financing

New capital applications in London and United Kingdom for the quarter ended June 30th, will amount to £88,500,000, as against £99,355,000 for the preceding quarter, making £187,855,000 for the half year, an unprecedented figure. For the first half of 1909 the total was £121,000,000, and in 1908, £109,000,000. These record-breaking figures are due to large American borrowings, amounting to £36,000,000, and rubber company flotations.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Company, Bell Telephone Building, Montreal, report the following Chicago quotations to-day as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	103	103½	102⅜	103
Sept.	101¼	...	...	101⅜
Corn—				
July	58	58¾	58	58½
Sept.	60⅞	61⅝	60⅝	61 B
Oats—				
July	....	40⅞	40	40⅜
Sept.	39¼	39¾	38¾	39¼
Pork—				
July	....	2410	2400	2410
Sept.	2210	2217	2177	2192
Lard—				
July	1182	1197	1180	1180B
Sept.	1197	1200	1190	1192
Short Ribs—				
July	....	1245	1240	1140B
Sept.	1189	1205	1187	1192

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by C. D. Monk, Hospital St., Local Manager of J. S. Bache & Co., New York, by direct wire.
Opening and closing prices.
July 8th 1910.

Stocks	Op'g.	Clos.	Stocks	Op'g.	Clos
Amal. Cop.	60½	59	Miss. Pac.	57¾	59
Amer. Loco.	40¾	39	Min.St.P.& Ste. M.	126½	128½
do. pfd	....	....	do. pfd.	....	....
Am. Sugar	....	121½	Mex. Cent.	....	....
do. pfd.	....	....	N.Y.C.&H	113¾	112¾
Am. Smelt.	69½	68¾	Nrio R.R.	25	24½
Am. Car'y	50¾	49½	do. 1 pfd	....	42¼
Am. St'l'y	53	53	do. II. pfd.	....	32
do. pfd.	....	....	N.Y.O.&W.	43¾	42¼
Am. Wool.	26¾	27	No. Pacific	119	118½
Anaconda	37½	38	Nor.&W.	98	98
Atchison.	97	96½	Pac. Mail	24¾	29¾
do. pfd.	100	100¼	Penn.R.R.	128½	129¼
Balt.& Ohio	107¾	107½	Press. Steel	32	32
do. pfd.	89	89	do. pfd.	....	....
Br Klyn R.T.	75½	75	Peo. Gas	105¼	105¾
Can. Leather	33	32½	Phil.&Read	144¾	143¾
Can. Pac.	188½	188½	do. I pfd.	....	....
Chic. Gt. W.	24	24	do. II pfd.	....	....
Ches & O.	73¾	72½	Rock Island	31¾	31¾
Chic. & Alt.	....	....	Ry. St'l Spg	....	32
Chic.&N.W	143	143	Rep. I.&S.	....	....
C.M.&St.P.	121	118½	do. pfd.	....	....
Col. South.	55	54¾	South. Ry.	23	23
Con. Gas	133½	132¾	do. pfd.	44¼	54¾
Col. Fuel.	33	32¾	South. Pac.	113¾	112¾
Corn Prod.	13¾	13¾	Sloss-Sheffi	....	65
do. pf.	....	....	Tenn. C.&I.	....	....
Det. U. Ry	....	....	Tex. Pacific	27¾	27¾
Del. L.&W	....	....	Toledo Rys.	....	....
Del.& Hud.	....	....	and Light	6¼	7⅛
Den.& R.G	30½	30	Twin City	107	107
do. pfd.	70¼	79½	U.S. Steel	70⅝	69½
Dul.S.S.&At.	....	....	do. pfd	114¾	114⅛
do. pfd.	....	....	U.S. Rubber	37	37½
Gt. Nor. Ry.	126	121¼	do. pfd.	....	109
Gen. Elec.	141½	142	Union Pac.	160	158¾
Hav. Elec.	....	....	do. pfd.	90	90
Iowa Cent.	16⅞	16⅞	Wabash	17¼	17¼
Ill. Central	129¾	130	do. pfd.	36½	34½
Inter Pump	....	....	W.U. Tel.	....	61¼
Kan. & Tex.	32½	33	Wis. C. com.	....	....
do. pfd.	....	64	do. pfd.	....	....
L. & Nash.	142¼	141			

MR. PLUMMER IN LONDON ON STEEL MATTERS--STOCK

A cable from London states that Mr. J. H. Plummer, president of the Dominion Steel Corporation, has arrived in that city.

It is taken for granted that the president's visit to the British Isles metroplis is for the purpose of interesting British capitalists and financiers in Steel stock, ultimately to deposit a large block of these securities for listing on the London Stock Exchange.

U.S. Crop Conditions as Issued Late To-day

Washington, July 8.—The government report of crop comparisons issued this afternoon are as follows:—

June 8, 1910, condition winter wheat, 80; area, 29,044,000; crop, 406,616,000. Condition spring wheat, 92.3; area, 19,742,000; crop, 320,610,000; total, 727,226,000. Condition of oats, 91; area, 34,884,000; crop, 1,126,290,000.

On July 8, 1909, condition winter wheat, 82.4; crop, 402,900,000. Condition spring wheat, 92.7; crop, 298,339,000; total wheat, 701,239,000. Condition corn, 89.3; area, 109,006,000; crop, 3,212,298,000. Condition oats, 88.3; srea, 32,422,000; crop, 1,040,630,000.

Crops Helped by Rain —Good Trade Movement

In Winnipeg fairly good rains during the week have much helped the crop situation. The movement of general goods is heavy. The sorting trade is good, and is likely to continue so throughout the season.

Reports from most parts of the country say the damage to crops has been overestimated, and that an excellent total yield is altogether likely. Fall and winter orders are good.

In most cases collections are satisfactory. The development of the country going on, says Bradstreet's, is resulting in a heavy demand for money.

Meat Exports Dead

J. Ogden Armour savs: 'The meat export business from the United States to Europe is dead. South America is furnishing the meat that Europe consumes, and this country cannot compete to advantage with South America. I do not believe that the United States will see $10 hogs again.'

Crops and Grains

Chicago, July 8. —'Price Current' says: Harvesting winter wheat in general and results more than likely will meet expectations recently predicted. Grain extra good quality, heads well filled and fully matured; outlook spring wheat still discouraging; temporary relief by light showers and lower temperature over small area. Corn making rapid growth; color good, and fields clean. Oats heading short, but prospects for good crop, filling well.

Failure List Small

The failure list shows eight district insolvencies, with liabilities of $50,000.

FARMERS' MARKET PRICES. July 8.

There were a goodly number of farmers' produce-laden vehicles in the vicinity of the Bonsecours Market this morning, while the market gardeners were out in full force with enormous quantities of green stuff for sale at pretty low figures. The basket brigade, who come to the city by boat and rail, nearly filled both of the market halls. The buyers were present in unusually large numbers, and an active trade was carried on throughout the forenoon. There were only a few loads of oats on the market and 85c. to 90c. per bag was asked for them; buckwheat, $1.25 per bag; old potatoes, 40c. to 60c the 80 lb. bag; new potatoes, $1.50 per bag for those that were larger than hens' eggs; half of that for the smaller ones; new carrots, beets, turnips and onions were sold at about ten cents the bunch; Montreal cucumbers were plentiful at 30c. to 40c a dozen; American cabbages, $2 per crate; Montreal cabbages, 75c. to 90c. per dozen; cauliflowers, $1.00 to $2.50 per dozen; radishes, 8c. to 10c. per dozen bunches; lettuce, 8c to 25c. per dozen bunches; rhubarb, 10c. to 25c. per dozen bunches; green beans, $1.25 per basket; green peas, $1 per basket; dead turkeys, 18c. to 20c per lb.; chickens, 18c. to 20c per lb.; live fowls, $1.75 to $2.00 per pair; spring chickens, 60c to 75c per pair; young ducks, $1.25 to $1.75 per pair; tub butter, 20c to 23c. per lb.; print butter, 23c to 25c. per lb.; eggs, 22c. to 26c per dozen; cream, 25c per quart; apples, $4 to $8 per barrel; Valenia oranges, $6 per large case, lemons, $3.50 per box; California peaches, $1.50 per box; plums, 40c to 50c. per small basket; tomatoes, 35c. to 40c. per basket; cherries, $1.25 per basket; strawberries, 10c. to 14c per box; gooseberries, 40c. per gallon; blueberries, $1.10 per box containing two gallons; red currants, 75c. to 90c. per pail; bananas, $1.50 to $1.75 per bunch: hay, $10 to $12 per 100 bundles of 15 lbs.; straw, $4 to $5 per 100 bundles of 12 lbs..

$35,000
Town of
Glace Bay, N.S.
5% Debentures
$3,000 maturing each year, from 1908 to 1938.
A list of maturities available will be forwarded on request.
Denominations $1,000.
Price, 100 and interest.
Royal Securities Corporation, Limited
164 St. James Street, Montreal
Toronto Quebec Halifax

ASBESTOS COY. FINE FIGURES FOR LAST YEAR

Mr. E. B. Greenshields, as president of the Amalgamated Asbestos Company has issued a very good report to the shareholders covering the year which ended May 31 last.

It shows profits of $517,969, after operating expenses have been met. From this is taken $375,000 for bond interest, leaving $142,969 available on the preferred stock. Only the initial quarterly dividend on the preferred stock has been paid, April 1, thus leaving a surplus of $110,157.30 on the year's operations.

The amount available for preferred dividends, if such were required to be paid in full during the first year, would be $11,719 in excess of the amount required. The full year's dividend on preferred stock amounts to $131,250, against an available sum of $142,969 for the year just closed.

The general balance sheet shows that the company has cash of $5,944 and accounts receivable, $63,598. Asbestos on hand, valued at contract sale prices, totals $621,013. Accounts payable and pay rolls total $121,428, and bills payable, $377,662, making current liabilities $499,090.

He states that out of the $110,157 surplus will be paid $21,875 two months interest on preferred stock, and $21,300 for directors' fees, depreciation, etc., leaving $66,982.30 to be carried forward. The company has contracts on hand amounting to $3,037,000.

Mr. Greenshields declares that the cost of all the improvements on the different properties will amount to about $250,000 when finished.

Winnipeg, June 8.—A careful canvass by leading grain men and others, peculiarly interested in the present condition of crops throughout the western provinces, shows that as a result of the investigation which has covered the whole country, that the new crop will total at least 100,000,000 bushels of wheat.

Reports further show that the crop is more or less patchy in certain districts, while others are rejoicing in the finest outlook in many years. There are 8,000,000 acres of wheat under crop, and while the straw is short, it must be remembered that some of the heaviest crops have been taken off such stock.

Business is Steady

In London and in the surrounding district trade holds steady and of excellent volume. Country trade holds up very well and collections are reported fair to good. Boot and shoe factories are busy and cigar factories have plenty of orders on hand. Collections are reported fair to good.

Small Change Out West

Vancouver reports say the general situation has shown little change during the past week. All lines of trade report considerable activity and the movement of goods to interior points is heavy. Collections are generally satisfactory. Provincial industries are busy and there is a consequent heavy movement of supplies to the camps.

The Ray-Gila Merger

New York, July 8.—Approximately 560,000 shares, or 93 percent of the entire 600,000 shares of Gila Copper Co. stock outstanding, have been deposited to date for conversion into stock of Ray Consolidated Copper Co.

Ottawa Reports Good

Ottawa reports say general trade holds a good steady tone. The movement of goods is fairly heavy and prospects for later trade are good. General sorting orders are fairly large and collections are fair to good.

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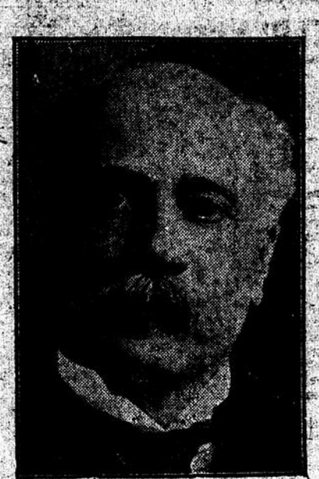
THE NEW PARK AND BOULEVARD COMMISSION FOR MONTREAL



MR. J. C. WALSH.



SIR W. VAN HORNE.



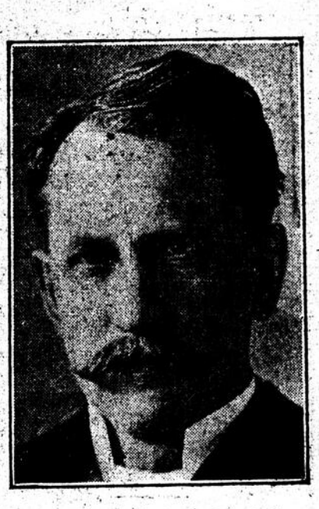
CONTROLLER LACHAPELLE.



MR. W. D. LIGHTHALL.



MAYOR MICHAUD.



MR. J. A. DAVID.

A system of parks and boulevards for the city and island of Montreal is to be drawn up by a special commission appointed by the Provincial Government at Quebec. The commissioners who have been appointed are:—Messrs. J. L. Perron, M.P.P., (chairman); Sir William Van Horne, Controller E. P. Lachapelle, W. D. Lighthall, K.C.; Mayor Alexander Michaud, of Maisonneuve; J. A. David, and J. C. Walsh.
At the same time a commission was appointed for the revision of the municipal code, comprised of Messrs. the Hon. Justices Mathieu and McCorkill, and L. B. Gauthier, K.C., ex-M.P.P. for L'Assomption, with Arthur Trahan and A. E. Harvey as secretaries.

DRAMA OF JEALOUSY

Montrealer Shot His Wife and Her Supposed Paramour.

SEQUEL TO ELOPEMENT.

Man Who Was Shot Was a Former Owner of a Moving Picture Show.

Jealousy is supposed to be the cause of a tragedy reported from Trenton, N.J., where Aristide Cournoyer, a French-Canadian, who arrived there last night, shot his wife and a man named Charles Horn on the allegation that they were living together.

All three are stated to be residents of Montreal, and connected with the moving picture business. Inquiries in the city this morning elicited the fact that a Charles Horn was until recently the proprietor of 'Nickeland,' a moving picture house on St. Catherine street east, and that during last winter Mr. Cournoyer was employed by him.

According to statements made by Cournoyer after the tragedy, his wife eloped with Horn last December, and he has been searching for them ever since, but relatives and friends of both families declare this to be incorrect. Horn has been living with his wife in Beaudry street, and has been seen regularly about Montreal, and at his home. He was here on Wednesday, when it was understood that he was going to Three Rivers to arrange about the purchase of a moving picture business there.

Mrs. Adolphe Cornoyer, sister-in-law of Aristide Cournoyer, stated to a 'Witness' reporter that she did not believe the report as she heard from them on June 7, when they were living together at New Hampton. They were together at her house last May, and were apparently happy. Cournoyer, it is stated, carried out his revenge with a fine eye to its possibilities as a moving picture. Finding the couple together at Trenton, he said that he would forgive them, and invited them to come to a room he had rented to talk over old times. This they did, and directly they entered he closed the door, saying: 'Marie, although you have broken my heart, I am willing to forgive you if you leave that man and return to your home for the sake of our boys.'

The woman refused, asserting that her love for him had died. Horn smiled at this answer, and Cournoyer without saying another word pointed a revolver at her and fired. Bleeding, and on the point of collapse, Mrs. Cournoyer then rushed at her husband, crying, 'Kill me; don't kill Charley.' Thrusting her aside, Cournoyer commenced firing at the trembling man, four of his bullets taking effect.

'I shot her because they broke up my pretty home,' Cournoyer afterwards declared. 'It was an act of justice and mercy. I am satisfied.'

LIVING A LIFE OF SHAME.

Trenton, July 8. — The police here were puzzled to-day by the report that they received through a Montreal 'Witness' representative, who informed them that Horn had been seen in Montreal last Wednesday. According to Cournoyer, the dying man eloped with his wife last December, and has been with her ever since, the woman becoming an inmate of houses of illrepute to support him.

Horn was seen in Trenton on Tuesday, but the police have been unable to ascertain how long he has been in the city. Cournoyer announced today that he was glad he shot the two. He said that his wife since leaving their pretty Canadian home had been living a life of shame, and that Horn was the cause of her downfall. 'He broke up my home, and stole my wife, leaving my two boys motherless,' declared the prisoner, who is held on a charge of attempting murder.

He says his heart was broken when he became aware through a note his wife left for him in her unfaithfulness, but he resolved to follow his run-away wife and her paramour. He is not certain that Horn has been with the woman constantly since the elopement, but declares that he did not know anything of the report that he was in Montreal last Wednesday.

Cournoyer, whose home is in St. Joseph de Sorel, near Montreal, left there after he learned of the desertion. He had been employed as a cotton worker in Montreal, and after he began the search for his wife he secured a job in a mill at East Hampton, Mass. He thought he could locate the pair in the New England States, but learned through a friend that they had gone to New York. He played the part of a sleuth, and was able to trace the elopers to this city. Cournoyer arrived here yesterday, and immediately hired an apartment in the centre of the city. He had only been searching a few minutes for Horn and his wife when he saw them go into a house. He followed them, and decided that the place was a house of ill-repute. He purchased a revolver near by, and entered this house.

Mrs. Cournoyer was on the verge of collapse when she saw her husband, but it is said that Horn put on a nonchalant air, and seemed pleased.

Cournoyer told his wife a pathetic story of events leading up to the shooting.

According to Cournoyer his wife and Horn had known each other before her marriage. Last year Horn began to pay the woman attention, while the husband was working hard in an endeavor to earn money sufficient properly to support the woman and her boys. He did not have the least idea of her infidelity, as since their marriage he had placed every confidence in his wife.

Cournoyer says Horn and the woman, who is 32 years old, left Montreal together last December, having evidently made thorough plans for an elopement. He told his wife that her two boys wanted her, and declared that he would forgive her everything if she would return. The woman said she was satisfied to remain where she was, asserting that she no longer had any love for her husband or children. Then Cournoyer objected to discussing such matters in the house of ill-repute, and coaxed his wife and Horn to come to his apartment, and talk matters over. Cournoyer did not appear like an infuriated husband, but like a man whose heart was breaking. Horn objected to accepting the invitation, fearing a death trap, but the woman consented, and the trio walked to the room where the shooting occurred.

According to Cournoyer Horn admitted that he had eloped with the woman, and expressed sorrow that she had been forced to live in a house of ill-fame.

Then his wife told him that he had better go away, as she intended to remain with Horn the remainder of her life. She offered to give Cournoyer enough money to support himself and his children for a long time.

'Well, if you won't come home I'll end your miserable existence, and send your lover with you into eternity,' shouted the enraged husband, who now asserts that he had at first the intention to only frighten the two with the revolver. He claims that his wife's persistency to remain with her paramour made him desire bloodshed.

One bullet entered the woman's back, driving with it into the body two inches of corset steel. Believing that this wound was fatal he turned the weapon on Horn and fired four times. One bullet entered the jaw, two lodged in his left arm, and the fourth penetrated his chest. Although bleeding profusely, and sorely wounded, the woman tried to protect Horn. 'Kill me; don't kill Charley,' she cried as she struggled with the desperate man. She was thrown aside. Cournoyer rushed from the house, and tried to make his escape, but was soon captured.

The wounded woman, believing that Horn was not seriously hurt, tried to bring him down a flight of stairs with the idea of having him removed somewhere where she could nurse him back to health. She became exhausted and fainted.

The assailant had to be watched closely all night in his cell, as he was frantic, and it was feared that he would endeavor to commit suicide.

Cournoyer's sons, aged 7 and 9 years, are now living with his mother in Canada. His two sisters are teachers in the Dominion.

Horn, who is married, is a moving picture show owner, who lives at 315 Beaudry street, Montreal. Some time before she left her home the woman was employed by Horn.

INTERVIEW WITH BROTHER.

Adolphe Cournoyer, brother of the man, held for attempted murder, was seen this morning at his home 325 Montcalm street. He stated that his brother had lived in the United States, working in the mills nearly all his life. Thirteen years ago he married the woman whom, it is said he yesterday shot. There were two children born, boys, and they are now with their grandmother at St. Joseph de Sorel.

Two years ago the family came to Montreal and for a time lived with the brother. It was at this time that Mrs. Cournoyer first met Horn. She became cashier in the 'Nickle,' a moving picture show at the corner of St. Catherine and Montcalm streets, of which Horn was at that time proprietor.

Cournoyer himself was unable to find work, and he and the family left for East Hampton, Mass. In the spring they returned. The sons were placed with their grandmother, and it is believed that Mrs. Cournoyer and Horn became more intimate. Then husband and wife went to Fall River. Cournoyer said to his sister-in-law at this time that if he found Horn and his wife together he would buy a revolver and shoot them both. A month ago Mrs. Cournoyer wrote from Fall River, complaining that she was very lonesome and would not care if she died.

Horn was seen leaving Montreal on Wednesday night of this week, and it is believed here that he joined Mrs. Cournoyer then and eloped. It is believed that Mrs. Horn, who lived at 315b Beaudry street, has left for Trenton. Others in the house heard noises in her apartment last night, which led them to believe that she had received a telegram, telling her of the terrible tragedy.

ESCAPED FROM ASYLUM.

The Verdun police and the authorities of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane are looking for an elderly man, supposed to have escaped from the institution. This afternoon he stopped a citizen on the Lower Lachine Road and said he had worn out six pairs of boots in two days looking for his wife. He proposed to swim across to the island to find her. The citizen dissuaded him, and telephoned the asylum authorities, and the police, but was unable to detain the man till they arrived.

PIANOS TO RENT

Pianos rented from $2.00 per month upwards. Six months' rent allowed if purchased. One-price system and easy terms of payment. Sole agency for Steinway and Pianola-Pianos. Daily demonstrations at NORDHEIMER'S, Limited, 589 St. Catherine street west. 'Phone Uptown 2664.

CANADIANS IN SECOND PLACE

The Mother Country Team Won the Kolapore Cup Competition.

AT BISLEY MEET TO-DAY.

Canada's Representatives Led at the End of the First Two Ranges.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

Bisley, July 8.—The Kolapore Cup match was fired to-day. The competition is open to teams of eight, and is fired at 300, 500 and 600 yards (aggregate). The number of shots at each range of seven for each competitor. The first prize is the challenge cup donated by the Rajah of Kolapore in 1871. A special commemorative silver bowl is also given by the National Rifle Association to the captain, adjutant and each member of the winning team. The 'Colonial' prize of £80, donated by the National Rifle Association, is also awarded in connection with this competition.

This prize is awarded to the team, exclusive of the Mother Country team, which makes the highest aggregate scores in the competition. The cup was won by Canada last year.

At the 300 yard range the Canadians scored as follows: Captain Crowe, Guelph, 34; Captain Forrest, Vancouver, 33; Sergeant Freeborn, Hamilton, 35; Captain McHarg, Vancouver, 34; Sergeant Morris, Bowmanville, 34; Sergeant Mitchell, Hamilton, 31; Sergeant Russell, Ottawa, 33; Sergeant Steck, Truro, 33. Total, 1269.

The aggregate scores of the other teams at this range were: Australia, 258; Mother Country, 264; Guernsey, 253; India, 249; Malay Straits, 259; Singapore, 243; South Africa, 252.

The Canadian scores at the 500 yard range were: Crowe, 35; Forrest, 34; Freeborn, 34; McHarg, 35; Morris, 34; Mitchell, 32; Russell, 35; Steck, 34. Total, 273.

The aggregate scores of the other teams were: Australia, 271; Mother Country, 270; Guernsey, 265; India, 260; Malay Straits, 256; Singapore, 264; South Africa, 265.

The Canadian scores at the 600-yard range were:—Crowe, 31; Forrest, 32; Freeborn, 33; McHarg, 33; Morris, 33; Mitchell, 30; Russell, 32; Steck, 32. Total, 256.

The aggregate scores of other teams were:—Australia, 242; Mother Country, 264; Guernsey, 252; India, 236; Malay Straits, 218; Singapore, 235; South Africa, 239.

EXPIRED AT BREAKFAST

Inmate of Salvation Army Hotel Was About to Sail for England.

A man named Joseph Shaw, 64 years of age, fell dea dfrom his seat at the Salvation Army Metropole, 222 St. Alexander street, at 7.30 this morning.

Shaw was a native of Lennoxville, Que., and was going to his daughter in England. He took up his lodgings at the Salvation Army building for the night.

Captain Heberden, of the Salvation Army, states that Shaw was restless and nervous during the night, and slept very little, and at 7.30, when he was sitting eating his breakfast, he suddenly fell to the floor unconscious.

The officials at the institution did all they could to restore life before the arrival of the ambulance, but with no effect. The body was then conveyed to the morgue, where, upon the testimony of Capt. Heberden, no inquest was considered necessary. The body is being kept at the morgue awaiting communication with friends.

CIVIC OFFICIAL SUSPENDED.

Mayor Guerin Orders This To-day Pending Result of a Trial.

Dr. Lesperance, of the Pure Food Department staff, was this morning suspended by Mayor Guerin. Some months ago Dr. Lesperance laid a charge against a young woman named Bridget Rowan. On this she was committed to jail for fifteen months, but the facts were brought to the attention of the Attorney-General, and he ordered her release. A serious charge was then laid against Dr. Lesperance, which is now proceeding in the Police Court. This morning His Worship decided to suspend the official pending the result of the trial.

CITY ITEMS.

Joseph Roy stole a case of Scotch whiskey from the Inland Line, Ltd., shed on the Lachine canal. He got three months.

Alfred Roy stole a piece of tweed from a certain store. Roy has done this before several times, but will not do it again for six months.

Firemen rushed to 63 St. Alexander street at midnight, but found the occupants securely enjoying their rest. A false alarm had been given.

Conductor Perrault, 942, of the Montreal Street Railway, was knocked from his car in a rush at the corner of Atwater avenue and Richelieu street this morning, and is in the hospital in a critical condition.

GRAND TRUNK OFFERS INCREASE TO TRAIN AND YARD EMPLOYEES

Mr. Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Railway, this afternoon made the announcement that the company had proposed an increase in the rates of pay of employees in the train and yard service equivalent to that recommended by the majority report brought in by the chairman, Mr. Atkinson, and Mr. O'Donoghue, being an approximate increase of 18 percent.

Although this average increase will be fully 18 percent, it runs all the way up from 15, 20, 25, 30 and even up to 48 percent.

The offer, which has been addressed to Mr. S. N. Berry, Mr. Jas. Murdock and the committee representing the employees, for their consideration and answer, is the outcome of the company's wish to be quite fair with the men, and do the best they can for their interests.

'We have had a meeting with the men,' said Mr. Hays this afternoon, 'and we have agreed to give them the report of the majority. In the letter we have written to them to-day I have said that if they do not consider the terms satisfactory we are willing that the whole question shall be submitted to a Board of Arbitration, composed of experienced railway men, with the obligation on the company's part to abide by such arbitration, conditional only upon the employees agreeing to do the same.'

The point at issue is the standardization of rules and rates of pay.

The G. T. R. is asked to pay the same rates to their employees as have recently been granted to their employees by the Baltimore & Ohio, the Erie, the New York Central and other trunk lines.

In the letter, a copy of which appears below, it is clearly pointed out that standardization of rates of pay can only be equitable under standardization of earnings. The much smaller density of traffic of the G. T. system, in comparison with those of the other lines mentioned, is clearly explained, as the contention held that, with gross earnings less by one-half per mile than the other systems, the Grand Trunk Railway's ability to pay is naturally limited accordingly.

The letter refers at length to facts necessar to be taken into consideration by the employees as well as by the company, and also refers to the desire which has, it is claimed, always animated the company to share with its employees the improving conditions of the property. Evidence of this are pointed out in detail, as well as to the large contributions made by the company towards various funds. In the letter are also given the various reasons why, in the opinion of the G.T.R., the C.P.R. has been able to pay a higher scale o wages than other roads. In this connection, it is stated that the management will agree to pay the same standard of wages as the Canadian Pacific as soon as the Grand Trunk, through its connection with the G. T. P., is in a position to participate in the higher rates obtaining on traffic in the Northwest, by reason of the completion o the joint road, which should be accomplished within two years.

It is hoped by the company that their relations with their men are such that they will accept the proposition made.

The following is the full text of the letter addressed by the president to the representatives of the men:

July 8th, 1910.

To Mr. S. N. Berry, vice-president, O. R. C.; Mr. Jas. Murdock, vice-president, B. of R. T., and to the committee representing the employees in train and yard service on the Grand Trunk Railway system:

Gentlemen,—Referring to the application made through your committee for revised rules and rates of pay, the discussion of same before the committee of conciliation and adjustment, and the majority and minority reports made by them, to neither of which has there as yet been any agreement reached between the railway and your committee

The point at issue is the standardization of rules and rates of pay, and we are asked to pay the same rates as have recently been granted their employees by the Baltimore & Ohio, the Erie, the New York Central and other trunk lines. Standardization of rates of pay can be equitable only under standardization of earnings. The Grand Trunk system occupies a territory where the density of traffic is very much less than that in the territory occupied by the roads with which it is desired to have standardization of wages. The annual gross earnings per mile of the roads named are each more than double those of the Grand Trunk Railway. Our ability to pay, therefore, is limited accordingly. It would be as reasonable to ask an individual with an income of three thousand dollars per annum to standardize his expenditure with those of an individual with an income of six thousand dollars per annum. Nor do I understand it to be the intention of your committee that all railways in Canada, regardless of miles operated or earnings per mile, are going to be asked to standardize their rates of pay with those of the Grand Trunk, even though located in the same territory as the Grand Trunk Railway.

Comparing again the Grand Trunk with the trunk lines named: while our gross earnings per mile are less, the climatic conditions result in greater expense for operation—the one item of fuel alone costing the Grand Trunk Railway, by reason of transportation and customs duties, an average of 25 percent more per ton than the lines south of the international boundary—while compared with the New York Central, our cost per ton is 69 cents greater, or 39 cents, and nearly one hundred percent greater than the Baltimore & Ohio.

The Grand Trunk has, however, always endeavored to share with its employees the improving conditions of the property, both physically and financially. It has added to the safety, convenience and comfort of the employees, as well as the public, by the addition of the double tracks, increased and improved terminal facilities, taking out of sags, reductions of grades and other expenditures, in all of which the employee is a direct participant, but for which he is apt to give the company but little credit. These advantages all constitute more favorable conditions of service upon this road than apply with equal force to every other railway.

In addition to the above, the company has done much for its employees in the way of contributions toward the Provident & Insurance Society, and Superannuation Fund, having within the last twelve years contributed thereto the sum of $706,406, having contributed toward the construction, maintenance and operation of sixteen buildings run by the Y. M. C. A. a sum of $218,709 for the comfort and advantage of our employees, and taking effect January 1st, 1908, the Grand Trunk established a pension fund, on which there are now 439 retired employees of the company, and toward which the company is contributing $122,000 per annum.

'There has rarely been a meeting between the employees of the Grand Trunk and this management which has not resulted in an increase of pay to our employees, not always to the full extent desired by them, nor always what the management would like to give, but determined, so far as possible, by the financial situation and the ability of the company to respond to the demands made.

'The foregoing facts are all deemed worthy of your careful and thoughtful consideration before determining as to your final action on what I am about to propose,—

'We propose an increase in rates of pay the equivalent of that recommended by the majority report brought in by Chairman Atkinson and your representative, Mr. O'Donoghue, being an increase approximating 18 percent. There has, heretofore, always been a differential between the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk in the matter of rates of pay, and it is well-known by the public in Canada why the Canadian Pacific has been able to pay a higher scale of wages than other roads. It has received much larger money bonuses from the Canadian Government than other railways; it has received larger grants of land, which have increased enormously in value, especially of recent years, since the entrance into the North-west of other railway companies; it has exemption from taxes; its rates are not subject to the jurisdiction of the Railway Commission on portions of its line until it has earned 10 percent on its capital stock, and by reason of the larger part of its railway system being located in the Canadian North-West, where a higher basis of freight and passenger rates obtain, its gross earnings have been in excess of those of other railways. It has been stated by those competent to judge that if the Canadian Pacific were dependent alone on its earnings cast of the Great Lakes, it would be unable to pay the rate the Grand Trunk have heretofore paid. The management will pay the same standard of wages as the Canadian Pacific as soon as the Grand Trunk, through its relation with the Grand Trunk Pacific, is in a position to participate in the higher rates obtaining on traffic in the North-West by reason of the completion of that road and the obtaining of through rail connections between the Grand Trunk and the Grand Trunk Pacific, which should be accomplished within two years.

'The foregoing constitutes the extent to which the management is prepared to go in meeting the desires of its employees in train and yard service. It is earnestly hoped that the relations with our employees are such that they will accept in good faith the proposition made, and that the officers of those orders with which they are affiliated will advise them to this effect.

'If, however, this proposition is unsatisfactory and the management is considered unfair, since your organizations have always stood for the principles of arbitration, we then are willing to submit the whole question at issue to a board of arbitrators, composed of experienced railway men, with the obligation on our part to abide by the result of such arbitration, conditional only upon the employees in question agreeing to do the same.

'Yours truly,
'(Signed),
'CHAS. M. HAYS,
'President.'

WIFE BEATING CHARGE

G. O. Lacroix was arrested yesterday afternoon on complaint of his wife. The man went to his home intoxicated, it is said, and began to beat his wife and his two pretty little girls.

Just across the street from his home, at 1927 St. Lawrence Boulevard, is No. 20 police station. As Lacroix was being taken in, the constables say, he struck his wife again on the ear. The marks of the blow could be seen this morning.

He was allowed out last night on $20 bail.

This morning Mr. Recorder Dupuis ordered him to provide two bonds of $400 each. He was unable to do so, and was sent to the cells. The case comes up on Monday.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. E. Goff Penny was in Quebec this week.

Mr. R. T. Heneker was in Sherbrooke this week.

Sir Lomer Gouin has returned from a fishing trip on the Moisie River.

Mrs. E. P. Winslow and family have opened their summer residence at Little Metis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Harvey have gone to Lake Memphremagog for two or three weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Fairie are guests of Mrs. Fairie's mother, Mrs. A. C. Clark, Beaconsfield.

Miss Ruby Ramsay has been visiting in Toronto, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Gordon Osler.

Miss Everett is visiting in Kingston, the guest of the Rev. T. W. and Mrs. Savary, St. James Rectory.

Mrs. Colin K. Russel and her little son are with her mother, Mrs. J. T. Molson, at Little Metis for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence V. Christie are guests of Mrs. Christie's parents, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs Mowatt, at Cap a l'Aigle.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Glassford, who have been spending several weeks in the Old Country, are sailing for home.

Canon Dann, of St. Paul's Cathedral, London, Ont., and Mrs. Dann, will spend part of the summer in Ireland.

Mrs. and Miss Southee, Outremont, have returned from Sherbrooke, where they were the guests of Captain and Mrs. Elliott.

The Bishop of Ontario and Mrs. Lennox Mills were in Montreal to meet their son, Mr. Arthur Mills, on his return from England.

Count Jacques de Lesseps and his sister, Countess de la Begassiere, and brother, Mr. Bertrand de Lesseps, have gone to Toronto, and will later return to Montreal.

Mrs. Francis Love announces the engagement of her eldest daughter, Margaret, to Mr. Arthur E. Laliberte. The marriage will take place very quietly in St. Michael's Church on July 19th.

Miss Jennie Johnson was given a handkerchief shower at Mrs. Coleman's residence in St. Lambert yesterday afternoon prior to her marriage. The young ladies of St. Barnabas 'Guild' presented her with a brass kettle and stand.

The marriage of Miss Phyllis Hendrie, daughter of Mrs. Hendrie, of 'The Holmstead,' Hamilton, to Mr. Allan A. Case, of Toronto, will take place very quietly at Mrs. Hendrie's residence, on August 31st. Miss Hendrie has been a visitor in Montreal on several occasions.

At St. George's Church this morning, at 8 o'clock, the marriage of Miss Beatrice Magdalene Tandy, daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Tandy, and of Mrs. Tandy, of Kingston, formerly of Montreal, to Captain C. Russell Brown, of the Royal Engineers, was solemnized by the Rev. W. S. Major. The wedding was very quiet, only immediate relatives being present. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Carl Tandy, and was otherwise unattended. She wore her travelling suit of blue rajah and black hat. Captain and Mrs. Russell Brown sail shortly for England.

The marriage of Miss Orra Elizabeth Nutt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nutt, Sherbrooke, to Mr. Gordon Wilson, of Renfrew, Ont., took place on Tuesday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, the Rev. G. Ellery Read officiating. The bride wore her travelling suit of silver grey shantung silk, with elaborately braided coat and black mohair hat trimmed with plumes and tiny pink roses. Miss Bernice Picard, the bride's cousin, was maid of honor, and Mr. H. R. Nutt was best man. After the wedding luncheon Mr. and Mrs. Wilson left for Montreal, on their way to their home in Renfrew. The groom's gift to the bride was a piano; to the bridesmaid a signet ring, and to the best man cuff links and pin.

The following Canadian visitors registered their names at the Canadian High Commissioner's office, 17 Victoria street, London, during the week ending June 28: Mrs. E. Goff Penny, Montreal; Miss F. M. Shaw, Quebec; Douglas H. Ross, Winnipeg; James A Russell, Ottawa; John Macmillan, London; Thomas and Mrs. Reid, Toronto; Miss M. T. and Miss Irene Haskell, Montreal; Miss Ruth S. Barr, Ontario; R., Mrs. and Oscar Bowman, Vancouver; John and Mrs. Reid, New Westminster, B.C.; L. C., Mrs. and Miss M. Peake, Toronto; John and Mrs. McCaskill, Toronto; J. H. and Mrs. Chapman, Montreal; Miss Hilda and Miss Jean Webster, Montreal; Thomas R. Harrison, Toronto; N. A. McLarty, Toronto; Dr. P. H. Bryce, Ottawa; James Dunne, Ottawa; N. M. Clougher, Toronto; Miss and Miss Maude Mudge, Montreal; John and Mrs. Robertson, Montreal; Edward and Mrs. Linden, London; John and Mrs. Dick, Toronto; W. O. and Mrs. Day, London; Capt. Baker; C. A. and Mrs. Gagnon, Montreal; Edward Barns, Toronto; F. and W. John, Toronto; T. D. J. Ringwood, Halifax; Lt.-Col. M. B. Edwards, St. John, N.B.; Major J. E. Hutcheson, Ottawa; Capt. W. Hart McHarg, Vancouver; Capt. W. H. Forest, Vancouver; Capt. C. R. Crowe, Guelph; Lt. W. Drysdale, Montreal; Lt. G. J. Rowe, Bourneville; F. H. Morris, Bourneville; G. W. Russell, Ottawa; D. McInnes, Edmonton; W. J. Clifford, Toronto; H. Whitehorn, Toronto; W. Latimer, Toronto; F. Bibby, Dundas; F. A. Steck; T. Mitchell, Hamilton; J. A. Steele, Guelph; James Freeborne, Hamilton; D. McKie, Guelph; H. Greet, Toronto; E. A. Astwood, Winnipeg; G. W. Sharp, Montreal; Major J. Duff Stuart, Vancouver; Major King, Bourneville—Canadian Camp, Bisley; Mrs. M. B. and Miss Edwards, St. John, N.B.; Dr. W. O. Keith, Vancouver; Miss E. T. Keith, Toronto; Miss M. A. Bray, Montreal; J. P. and Mrs. Dumaresq, Montreal; Miss Mary and Miss Ethel Palmer, Prince Edward Island; E., Mrs. and E. F. Newcombe, Ottawa; D. R. and Mrs. Ker, Victoria; Miss Stephenson, St. John, N.B.; H. H. Lyman, Mr. Walter E. and Mrs. Lyman, Montreal.

Y. W. C. A. CAMP

The cottage at Knowlton, which has been fitted up by a committee of the Young Women's Christian Association, is now open. Several members of the committee went out for the opening, and to see that all was in order. The girls who had already engaged rooms were delighted with the arrangements. The cottage will accommodate fifteen. The address of the secretary, Miss Tenney, to whom application can be made, is Box 51, Knowlton.

THE HERVEY BENEFITED.

The president and committee of the Hervey Institute thank all who helped to make a success of the benefit day given to the above institution at Dominion Park on June 21st, especially to the following: The Dominion Park Company, the conveners and their assistants, and to those who so generously donated in kind. The proceeds for the institution amounted to $1,200.

KENNY AND LYON.

Toronto, July 8.—At the end of the third round open championship, Mr. George Lyon is all even with Dan Kenny, the Buffalo professional. Lyon started one behind, which he made up on this morning's round, going in 76 to Kenny's 77. It was great golf all the way. The details of the scores were:

Kenny—										
Out	4	4	4	4	5	5	3	5	4	—38
In	4	5	4	5	4	6	b	4	2	—39
Total										—77
Lyon—										
Out	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	5	4	—38
In	6	4	3	5	4	5	b	4	2	—38
Total										—76

Kenny's first four holes were very steady for fours. At the fifth his drive was indifferent. He hooked his second, and pitching strong he required a five at fifth. He again hooked to the edge of rough, failed for the green in two and took five. At the eighth he found the Humber, the same as yesterday, and took a five. At the 15th hole he found the pot bunker to the right of green and missed a five. He holed the last hole from the edge of the green in 2. Lyon was steady all through, the only serious miss being a short approach at the tenth. He earned his score, for he made it in spite of a lack of luck. He had a chance to lower his figure no less than five times on 3 to 5 yard outs, but did not have the luck to run one in except at the last hole, where, marvellous to relate, he more than equalled Kenny's star finish by making the hole from just short of the green in a two. The game looks to be between these two sure, and will be settled on this afternoon's round. The other scores as they come in with the aggregate to the last of the third round are:

W. J. Freeman	85	175	260
Mr. G. Hutton	87	173	260
Kenny	77	149	226
Lyon	76	10	226

FATAL SHOCK

Shawinigan Power Co. Employee Falls From Pole and is Killed.

Louis Desbiens, 43 years of age, who was employed by the Shawinigan Light, Heat & Power Company, received an electric shock while working on an electric pole at St. Laurent yesterday, by which he was instantly killed.

When picked up deceased was burned about the legs and arms, and it was thought he was only unconscious, but on the arrival of the physician, who accompanied the General Hospital ambulance, the man was pronounced to have been killed instantly.

Desbiens lived with his family at 63 Sanguinet street. The body was brought into the city and placed in the morgue. At the inquest, which was held on the body to-day, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

A number of his workmates gave evidence as to the position in which deceased was when he received the shock, and said he was engaged in perforating a cross arm on a pole on which four other cross arms were already fixed.

The corner, in addressing the jury, said the question was did the fact that deceased wore no rubber boots account in any way for his death? If so was the foreman in charge criminally responsible for not having compelled Desbiens to have on these rubbers before ascending to the pole to which so many live wires were attached?

WANTED, BY A LADY, WITH NO family, either a flat with furnace, or three or four rooms, for light housekeeping; in good locality and good repair; Protestant preferred. Address to F.N., 'Witness' Office.

Weekly Calendar.

A Good Holiday for $1 to $13. Summer Conference on Missions

KNOWLTON, QUE., JULY 12-19.

PROGRAMME.

MORNING: Bible and Mission Study, Institutes and Addresses.
AFTERNOON: RECREATION, ON LAND AND WATER.
EVENING: Life-Work Talks and Platform Addresses.

COST. Above cost includes board, registration and railway fare, for whole Conference Term. Accommodation still for 20 Delegates. Apply at once to H. T. OWENS, 103 Hutchison street. Car leaves Windsor Station, MONDAY, July 11th, at 4.30 p.m.

WILL YOU JOIN US IN THE **UNION PIONIC**

GIVEN BY The West End, Mountain and St. Henri Methodist Sunday Schools,

To MAPLE GROVE, SATURDAY, JULY 9th, 1910

Trains leave Windsor Station, 9.15 a.m. and 1.35 p.m., returning from the grounds, 7.20 p.m. Half an hour ride. All day in the Country.

DON'T MISS IT. Tickets, Adults, 60c; Children, 30c.

DOMINION PARK.

See JIM MORAN
Alias KID ALLEN.

LETTER CARRIERS' ANNUAL FESTIVAL.

Wednesday, Thursday,
Friday, Saturday,

Admission 10 Cents.

Art Association.

GALLERIES OF PAINTINGS, SCULPTURE, &c.

Open 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

ADMISSION 25c.

MEETINGS FOR MEN.

SATURDAY NIGHT, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

MEETING FOR YOUNG MEN.

Speaker, Mr. J. H. McCOMB.
Attractive and Helpful.

SUNDAY, JULY 10th.

3 p.m.—The Brotherhood Class. Leader, Mr. J. F. SINCLAIR.

3.45 p.m.—The Rev. J. A. MORISON, Ph.D., D.D., of Chicago. Attractive Music.

8.30 p.m—SONG SERVICE, on steps of building.

A Welcome to all Men. . . Strangers Specially Invited.

Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion Square.

MEN'S OWN

Calvary Congregational Church,

GUY STREET,

SUNDAY, JULY 10th, 3 P.M.

Speaker—Rev. JAS. MACKAY.
Soloist, Miss ALICE JOYCE.

ALL MEN WELCOME.

Select Moonlight Excursion AND CONCERT

Organized by "La Musique de Montreal."

VICTORIA RIFLES BAND

On board of "Three Rivers,"

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 11th.

Leaves Victoria Pier 8.15 Tickets 50.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS.

To be Closed at this Office during the Week Ending July 9, 1910.

July.
7 6.00 p.m. Royal George, Can. Northern.
8 9.00 a.m. St. Louis, American.
* 8 6.15 p.m. " Supplementary.
** 8 6.00 p.m. Virginian, Allan.
** 9 12.30 p.m. Laurentic, Dominion.

*Letters may be posted up to 6.15 p.m.; other matter should be posted before 5 p.m.

**Parcels forwarded by these steamers; latest time of mailing is 5.00 p.m. on Friday and 12.00 noon on Saturday.

Letters for the above mails may be posted at Station B up to within 15 minutes, and at Station C up to within 30 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

Letters for Registration should be posted half an hour before closing of mail.

OPEN NEW LOCK DAM.

Minister of Public Works Declares Event Important.

St. John, N.B., July 8.—Mr. William Pugsley, Minister of Public Works, arrived in the city yesterday on the Ocean Limited over the I.C.R. from Montreal, and in the afternoon attended the conference in the City Hall regarding the west side transfer.

Mr. Pugsley will leave St. John this evening for Ottawa, and from there he will proceed to Winnipeg to be present at the opening of St. Andrew's lock dam on the Red River, between the city of Winnipeg and Lake Winnipeg. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Hon. George Graham will also take part in the opening ceremonies.

Mr. Pugsley explained that this event was a most important one to the people of the West. It opens up a navigable route from Winnipeg to the Lakes, and, after other work has been completed, connections will be made with the Saskatchewan River and boats will ultimately be able to run from Winnipeg to Edmonton.

'What about the C.P.R. trying to obtain running rights over the I.C.R. from St. John to Halifax?' Mr. Pugsley was asked.

'There has been no agreement made whatever, and all reports to that effect are unfounded,' he answered. 'The matter is just where it was several months ago.'

BRUTAL ACT ALLEGED.

Sailor Charged With Mutilating Ear of Companion.

Detroit, July 8.—The Detroit police last night arrested and are holding for the Buffalo police a sailor who says he is Benjamin Rice, of Buffalo. The local officers say a warrant has been issued for Rice in connection with an assault upon Edward Frazer, a non-union sailor, who was found on the Buffalo docks, June 27, minus an ear, which had been slashed off.

On Frazer's body was found a placard bearing the inscription: 'Don't be a strikebreaker.' The ear was later mailed in a bottle of alcohol to H. A. Coulby, of Cleveland, with a warning of mutilation unless the demands of the striking lake seamen were granted.

BELLEVILLE CHEESE BOARD.

Belleville, July 7.—At the meeting of the Cheese Board, held here to-day, there were offered 2,190 white and 150 colored. Sales: 995 at 10 3-4, and 180 at 10 1-16. Balance refused 10 1-16.

PRESIDENT IS ILL.

Santiago, Chili, July 8.—President Montt, who has been suffering from angina pectoris, will go to Europe to recuperate, and leaves Elis Fernandez, Vice-President, at the head of the government.

The Daily Witness

OFFICES:
CORNER CRAIG AND ST. PETER STREETS.

TELEPHONES:
ADVERTISING AND SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, MAIN 4090.
EDITORIAL, MAIN 4091.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

'Daily Witness'	12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness'	12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide'	12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger'	12 mos.	.40

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland and the British Isles; also for Bahamas, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British North Borneo, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern Nigeria, Sarawak, Seyschelles, Sierra Leone, Southern Nigeria, Transvaal, Trinidad, Tobag, Turk's Island and Zanzibar.

Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands: 'Weekly Witness,' 25 cents extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 10 cents per copy. No extra postage on the 'Daily Witness' to the United States and its dependencies.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list as follows: 'Daily Witness,' $1.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 50c extra.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $2.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exclude from its columns all financial and other advertisements which they consider deceitful or intended to take advantage of or injure the reader, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know much about mining advertising, which offers probably the most speculative, and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no none should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

Readers of the 'Witness' leaving the city for a shorter or longer period, can have the 'Daily Witness' each day of publication, by mail, at twenty-five cents per month, Great Britain and the United States included.

○N.M. 6 ●F.Q.14	JULY				●F.M.22 ○L.Q.29	
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FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1910.

The 'offending official' who disgraced Canada by insulting Mr. Taylor, of the Woodstock 'Sentinel-Review,' has, we are told, apologized and owned up that he insulted the wrong man that time. We are not told that he has had to apologize to the woman whom he was so disgracefully worrying, and we are left to suppose that if the man insulted had been some nobody this specimen of Canadian officialism would not have been required to apologize at all. Indeed, it is not the Barrys of the United States, or the 'offending officials' of Canada, whose names are so carefully guarded, who are so much to blame as the Russian duties they are set to perform. The system of inquisition at the boundary line which gave way in Western Europe half a century ago, seems to be coming into active force here.

The roads in Notre Dame de Grace, just annexed to the city, are disgraceful. So said Mr. Trenholme, once mayor of that suburb, to the City Controllers. The city surveyor was ordered to remedy matters. Poor city surveyor! As though the condition of his old domain was not distracting in the variety of its deficiencies owing to past misrule, and all looking to be mended at once, he has suddenly a score or two of miles of unmade or worse than unmade roadway flung upon his hands, and is ordered to remedy matters. One of the things to be remedied is the removal of the toll-gates which, it seems, are going gravely on taking toll, though their owners have no longer any duty to the roads. Could folly and effrontery go further?

Dr. Coyle, of the City Health Department, says that careful observation with abundant opportunity has revealed to him the fact that the excessive infant mortality of Montreal is largely due to the unfitness of the mothers to be mothers. He has noticed that those whose previous occupation has been that of seamstresses have shown a maximum infant mortality, and those who have been house servants a minimum. He regards the latter as a wholesome occupation that produces strong womanhood and a fitness for motherhood. But this is not probably the whole story. Those whose occupation has been in houses have also learned some little sense in caring for children. One does not need to be a doctor to have seen children too young to be weaned, sucking bananas and even lumps of pork, and their mothers taking great pride in the achievement. When, to any physical unfitness, is added folly like this, we realize that what is first wanted is some little common information, and this it should be the task of the Health Department to take steps to disseminate. This is the first bit of technical training needed by the women of Montreal. Dr. Coyle is not inclined to blame the infant mortality so much upon the milk as on the heat. Yet children multiply and thrive in all hot climates. The heat, we suspect, is deadly, not on account of its harmfulness to humanity so much, as because of its healthfulness to germs, which it is the part of intelligence to guard against.

On the occasion of a former prize fight the school teachers of Montreal became aware of a most pugnacious and ungovernable spirit on the part of the boys. The evil spirit even reached the girls. Fortunately the schools were not in session on the occasion which has just upset the sanity of the world and raised in man the nature of the brute beasts from which some say he is descended. We have already seen enough, however, here in Montreal of the total upsetting of reason in unbalanced nature to reveal the malign effect of such exhibitions. In those days there were no moving pictures to render the performance vivid to intellects too immature to be impressed by it otherwise. What the result of such displays would be on the rising generation we can easily imagine. We presume that the resentment felt at this poisonous work is pretty much the same everywhere, however different the attitude of authorities towards it. While Pittsburg is holding nightly prayer meetings in connection with efforts to secure the prevention of these shows, the Mayor of Toronto and at least one of the controllers express their approval of them and sympathy with them. Some of our own aldermen are no better. Mr. Brodeur knows about something still worse which he apparently has not attempted to stop. Fortunately for Toronto, there is a power over it. The government of the province has forbidden such exhibitions within its borders.

ALL IN THE AIR.

A highly interesting controversy has been in progress in the New York press of late concerning the significance of the experiments made by Mr. Glenn H. Curtiss for the 'World' in dropping Quaker bombs upon an outlined battleship. The comments dwell upon the difficulties the flying marksman must meet, the 'Sun' saying that 'A platoon of either marines or blue-jackets armed with the United States 'rifle would be able to destroy a whole 'flock of aeroplanes at 300 yards, Mr. 'Glenn H. Curtiss's loftiest flight; or, 'for that matter, at a thousand yards. 'Our men hit bull's-eyes at the latter 'distance and have little difficulty in 'doing it'; while the 'Tribune' desires to know what the men on the battleship will be doing when assailed from above. To this the 'World' makes the good reply that there is not in the United States Navy a man trained to shoot at a flying target in midair, or a piece of ordnance capable of doing it. Military experts know how marksmanship suffers when men in battle fire up and down a steep hill. The targets at which bluejackets shoot are at a known level distance; the dodging aeroplane changes both its distance and direction every moment. The force needed to go a thousand yards up is enormously more than to go a thousand yards on the level. Until vertical-aiming ordnance is perfected Hiram Maxim's remark is to be remembered that a thousand rifle bullets may pass through an aeroplane's wings without disabling it. The New York 'Times' urges that no aeroplane can be poised in air to take careful aim, and no formidable bomb can be made to detonate by contact. To which the 'World' replies by allowing that the aeroplane will, of course, continue the waste of ammunition which is the rule of war; while bigger planes will be made to carry more powerful and different bombs.

A beginning has only been made, and it is quite possible that aeroplane offence may develop more rapidly than aeroplane defence: 'A million bullets, 'according to Mr. Maxim, may strike 'a thousand aeroplanes and bring down 'only so many as have pilot or motor 'disabled. The aeroplanes may not ply 'in full day or high sunlight. There 'are dark nights; fogs at times lie low 'on the water, leaving the upper air 'clear, permitting an aeroplane to 'swoop unseen almost to "brickbat 'range" of its mark.' At any rate naval and military experts fear the probabilities of the airship in war, and Admiral Sigsbee says: 'It is only 'a question of developing more perfect 'instruments for hurling shells from 'the sky with greater accuracy. Then 'it will be possible for the aerial 'destroyer to do its damage from an 'altitude of a mile in the air.' We have seen Mr. Brookins, an amateur with little practice, urge his undeveloped aeroplane to heights of 3,000 and 4,000 feet. Another amateur, Mr. Harmon, made on Saturday a flight record of more than two hours, giving a ninety-mile radius of action. What, asks the 'World,' would have been the sensations in Sampson's fleet at Santiago if, besides the torpedo-boats to watch, there had been a thousand aeroplanes over the hills, capable of flying ninety miles or more, waiting for darkness or a favoring mist to sally forth? The Boston 'Herald' is of opinion from the Curtiss experiments that by the time the new United States 30,000 ton battleships are in commission it is not at all unlikely that an aeroplane will have been perfected that will be able to put them out of business. The 'Witness' has long held the view that the nations of the world must take the airship into account, and not rely on battleships.

THE RISE IN PRICES.

In the period 1890 to March, 1910, wholesale and retail commodity prices have made big jumps. From figures compiled by the United States Bureau of Labor, it appears that wholesale prices to-day are 5-8 percent higher than they were last year; nine percent higher than in 1908; 3.3 percent higher than in 1907; and higher than in other years as follows:—1906, 9.2 percent; 1905, 15.4 percent; 1904, 18.4 percent; 1903, 17.8 percent; 1902, 18.6 percent; 1901, 23.3 percent; 1900, 21.1 percent; 1899, 31.6 percent; 1898, 43.3 percent; 1897, 49.2 percent; 1896, 48 percent; 1895, 42.9 percent; 1894, 39.2 percent; 1893, 26.7 percent; 1892, 26.1 percent; 1891, 19.8 percent; and in 1890, 15.8 percent. These figures have been very carefully measured from the prices during the years considered of 257 commodities, and may be taken as fairly correct. They show, for one thing, that in the United States at least, living this year is about half as dear again as in 1896, the year the Liberal Government came into power. There are no equally exact figures to show what the change has been in other countries. It is admitted that in free trade Great Britain the proportionate change has been much less, but we can hardly feel sure that the same can be said of Canada, whose conditions are nearer like those of her neighbor. Such facts detract somewhat in the eyes of the man with narrow income from the glorious anniversary of June 23, 1896, from which commences in Canada the era of prodigious prosperity, of expansion, of loudly-swelling population, of development commercial and industrial, and all the other 'hurrahs,' 'in 'the midst of which,' as the 'Canada' remarks, 'we live at this moment.' Using for Canada the United States figures, whosesale prices were higher in March of this year than at any time in the preceding twenty years, being 49.2 percent higher than the average yearly price of 1897, and 33.8 percent higher than the average price for the ten years 1890 to 1899. That is to say, a man with thirty dollars a week income to-day is about as well off as a man was with twenty dollars during the ten years mentioned above, and the man with fifteen dollars now is about on the same economic plane as the man with ten then. Some extraordinary variations were made in the wholesale prices of some articles last year—thus, choice steers, from February to November, advanced 24 percent; raw cotton, from January to December, 59 percent; hogs, from January to December, 36.9 percent; hops, from January to November, 204 percent; creamery butter, 36.9 percent from May to December; dairy butter, 52.9 percent from March to December; flour, 44.2 percent from January to June; lard, 37.3 percent from February to December; bacon, 46 percent from February to December; milk, 88.9 percent from June to December; coke, 81 percent from June to October; rubber, 71.9 percent from February to October.

Some of these figures are popularly held by our neighbors to be purely artificial and criminal, and are no doubt in a measure so, but whatever their cause they are regarded by the victims of them with melancholy amazement. No attempt has been made by the Bureau of Labor to investigate the causes of the rise and fall of prices, the aim having been to give only the prices as they actually prevailed in the market. The Bureau holds the causes to have been too complex, the relative influence of each to have been too uncertain, in some cases involving too many economic questions, to permit of its discussion in the report. First among these is, of course, the disproportionate supply and accumulation of the supply of gold, whose abundance diminishes the value of money, and therefore enhances prices, but there are other, although minor, influences, to account for the variation and rise in the cost of living. These include variations in harvests which not only contract or expand the supply, and consequently tend to increase or decrease the price of a commodity, but also decrease or increase, to a greater or less degree, the purchasing power of such communities as are dependent in whole or in part upon such commodity. Other influences include changes in demand due to changes in fashions, seasons, and so forth; legislation changing internal-revenue taxes, import duties, or bounties; inspection as to purity or adulteration; use of articles as substitutes—as, for instance, an advance in the price of beef will cause an increased consumption of pork and mutton, and, it may be added, a probable increase in the price of both pork and mutton; improvements in methods of production which will tend to give either a better article for the same price or an equal article for a lower price; cheapening of transportation or handling; speculative manipulation of the supply or of the raw material; commercial panic or depression; expanding or contracting credit; over-production; unusual demand owing to steady employment of consumers; short supply owing to disputes between labor and capital in industries of limited producing capacity, as in the anthracite coal industry in 1902; organization or combination of mills or producers, thus enabling, on the one hand, a greater or less control of prices, or, on the other hand, economies in production or in transportation charges through the ability to supply the article from the point of production or manufacture nearest the purchaser. All these minor influences are interesting, as we have said, and in normal times they, or some of them, might have assumed importance, but the two great controlling movements tending in opposite directions are, on the one hand, cheapening of the cost of production of the commodities which through discovery and invention is constantly going on, to the blessing and benefit of mankind, and on the other hand the cheapening of gold by which all values are counted, through a larger accumulation of that metal than the world finds use for, by reason of which commodities, as valued in cheapening money, count for more and more.

BROCKVILLE CHEESE BOARD.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Brockville Cheese Board yesterday 4,325 boxes were registered, 2,410 colored, balance white; all sold at 10 5-8.

UNSETTLED.

Toronto, Ont., July 8.—Victoria, 74, 52; Edmonton, 70, 50; Battleford, 74, 50; Prince Albert, 72, 48; Calgary, 68, 46; Qu'Appelle, 70, 48; Winnipeg, 84, 60; Port Arthur, 72, 64; Cochrane, 88, 56; Parry Sound, 86, 60; Toronto, 82, 60; Ottawa, 68, 64; Montreal, 78, 62; Quebec, 78, 58; St. John, 66, 54; Halifax, 78, 62.

Westerly winds, fair and warm. Saturday, more unsettled weather with local showers and thunderstorms.

LADY AVIATOR FATALLY HURT

Baroness de Laroche's Aeroplane Fell Like a Log.

UNNERVED BY APPLAUSE.

Second Fatal Accident Which Has Occurred at the Rheims Meet.

Bethany Plain, Rheims, July 8.—Baroness de Laroche, the first French woman aeroplanist, was fatally injured here this afternoon by falling from a height of fifty metres.

The Baroness de Laroche had flown around the field once at a height of 80 metres, when suddenly in front of the applauding tribunes, she appeared to become frightened and confused at the approach of two other aeroplanes. She started to descend, but while still fifty metres from the ground lost control of the machine. The aeroplane turned over and fell like a log.

The Baroness's legs and arms were broken. Her mangled body was removed from the wreckage and conveyed to the hospital, where she is dying. At the hospital it was found that her skull was fractured. This is the second fatal accident at this meeting, Wachter having been killed last Friday.

The performance of Baroness de Laroche on a Voison machine have been much talked of in Paris. The accident which resulted in her fatal injuries was not her first mishap. On January 4th last she was seriously injured at the Chalons aviation field. In circling the course with her biplane she made a wide turn and crashed into a tree, being unable to elevate her machine quickly enough to dodge it. She fell from a height of twenty feet, and was taken to the military hospital unconscious. Her right shoulder was dislocated and internal injuries were feared, but she recovered.

In February the French Aero Club gave Baroness de Laroche an air pilot's license for her feat in flying four times around the aviation course at Heliopolis, a distance of 12 miles. The Baroness was one of the pioneers of aviation. She had also driven motor boats in races and automobiles at exhibitions, and as soon as flying became practicable she learned how to manage the biplane.

There are seven other women aviators in France.

While momentarily conscious, Baroness de Laroche explained that the rush of air from a motor passing over her head had frightened her. She cut the ignition and lost control of her machine.

COMMISSION'S ITINERARY

For Inspection Tour in Interests of Technical Education.

Ottawa, July 8.—The members of the National Commission on Technical Education at a meeting held this morning, completed the task of outlining its intinerary for Eastern Canada, and decided on the length of time which would be devoted to the West and to the United States cities. The search for information which it is hoped to apply with useful results to Canadian industrial life will commence at Halifax on Saturday, July 17, the commission leaving Montreal for Halifax on the morning of the previous day. Four days will be spent at the Nova Scotian capital, and until August 24 every day will be occupied in visiting industrial centres in the Maritime Provinces. The points to be visited will include Sydney, August 1, 2 and 3; Charlottetown, August 8 and 9; Amherst, August 14; Moncton, August 16; St. John, August 18 and 19; Fredericton, August 23, and Woodstock, August 24. The Commission will then jump to Toronto in order to be there for the Industrial Exhibition September 1 to 9, subsequent to which the tour of Quebec and Ontario will be undertaken. The places to be visited will include Quebec City, September 15; Three Rivers, September 16; Sherbrooke, September 29; Montreal and Valleyfield, September 21 to 29; Ottawa and Hull, October 3; Lachute, October 4; Cornwall, October 6; Brockville, October 7; Kingston, October 11; Peterborough, October 14; Toronto, October 17 to 20; Hamilton, October 26; St. Catharines, October 27; Niagara Falls, October 28; Brantford and Paris, November 1; Galt, November 2; Berlin and Waterloo, November 3 and 4; Guelph, November 5 and 7; Stratford, November 8; Woodstock, November 9; London and Ingersoll, November 10 and 11; St. Thomas and Aylmer, November 14; Chatham, November 15; Windsor and Walkerville, November 16. The Commission will then go west. It is expected that the tour of Canada will be completed early in January, 1911. The next four weeks will be spent in visiting United States cities, including San Francisco, Chicago, Milwaukee, Pittsburg and other industrial centres. About the third week in August, 1911, the Commission will sail for Great Britain and the Continent.

OLD DEBTS SETTLED.

New Yorker Has Paid for Work Performed During 1888.

St. Catharines, Ont., July 8.—A firm or individual wishing to carry the Golden Rule into business could scarcely do better than to follow the example of Mr. F. Tench, of New York, survivor of the old shipping firm of W. E. Tench & Son. The following little storiette tells the tale:

A day or two ago Capt. William Ross, of Port Robinson, on the Welland Canal, a few miles from here, received in his mail a letter from New York, from Mr. F. Tench, enclosing a cheque for $298.39. The accompanying letter stated that the cheque was in payment for work done for the firm of W. E. Tench & Son in the year 1888.

Capt. Ross could scarcely believe his eyes. He had forgotten all about the long since outlawed debt for work he had done for the Tench firm at Chippewa, Ont., over a score of years ago. His claim against the firm amounted to $145.36, but Mr. F. Tench, who at this late day is paying up the indebtedness of the old firm which in 1888 became financially embarrassed, and was unable to meet its obligations, had added the interest to date.

Others in this vicinity, it is understood, have received cheques just like Capt. Ross.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

Our readers will greatly oblige us and at the same time confer a real favor on their friends who do not take the 'Witness,' if they will tell them of the 'Witness' Art Masterpiece Campaign, and show them how they may get these splendid pictures.

EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION

Interesting Addresses Delivered at Assembly in Boston.

CAPACITY IN ART STUDY.

National Progress and Functions of Agricultural Colleges Commended.

(Special Correspondence.)

Boston, Mass., July 7.—In this communication I would like to give your readers some idea of two or three telling speeches made yesterday and today to the great convention.

The first was one delivered in Tremont Temple, by President Lowell, of Harvard, on the question whether capacity acquired in one study can be transferred to another.

His address was a resume of proceedings taken by the authorities of Harvard in the faculties of Law and Medicine to discover whether the pursuance of one course or another in the College of Liberal Arts was of the greater advantages the student in the technical school after graduation in Arts.

The carefully tabulated results of investigations for eight years were given; and the finding was that it makes no difference what course had been followed in the college before entering the technical school, and that those who graduated cum laude in Arts whatever be the course selected, as a rule graduated cum laude in the technical school.

The final result of the tests made seems to be that it is absolutely safe to allow students to make their own selection of courses in Arts, according to their tastes and natural likings; that no one course fits a student better than another for the work of the technical school, and that capacity and hard work determine one's success in either college or technical school.

The importance of these findings can hardly be overestimated, and it is well that such a university as Harvard has taken the initiative in attempting to settle this problem.

The votaries of science, classics, mathematics, etc., have for more than a century been loud in their claim that their respective course and theirs only could fit a man properly to take up technical work; and as a consequence, colleges favoring the one course or the other, have put men through the mill of classics, mathematics, etc., whatever their attitude and mental make-up may have been, in the fond belief that their work and theirs alone could qualify a man to enter upon a technical course with any hope of success.

AGRICULTURAL OPPORTUNITY.

Dean Russell, of the College of Agriculture of Wisconsin University, gave a somewhat remarkable and telling address on the duty of the university to the farming communities of our land; and in this address he answered many of the criticisms of the conduct of our universities and colleges.

He showed that the products of the soil in all the older parts of the United States have decreased from a third to a half in annual yield, but that it was within the power of our colleges, by their courses, investigations, extension lectures and demonstrations, and the dissemination of literature to arouse the farming population to the possibilities within their reach and add billions to the annual value of the productions of the soil to their country.

Here again the lantern and the slide are employed; and in the State of Wisconsin, the university has seen and seized her opportunity and is succeeding in disarming suspicion and opposition on the part of the farmers who are coming to profit enormously from the work of the university.

The work being done is somewhat similar to that inaugurated by Macdonald College; but it goes far beyond Macdonald in that it is carrying its work to hundreds of centres throughout the state in addition to that done within college walls and upon college farms.

When the college and the university meet the needs of the people in spite of tradition and a fossilized policy, the people will support the college and university with money for her needs and men for her halls; and it is a source of satisfactoon that McGill and her colleges are moving slowly but surely in line with what is coming to be recognized as the proper work for her to do in the land.

It will be known to most of your readers, by the time of writing, that Boston has refused to allow her youth to be corrupted by exhibitions of moving pictures of the late brutal fight at Reno.

After a long and stormy session the convention has just elected Mrs. Ella Young, of Chicago, her chief chair, the first time that such an honor has been conferred upon a woman by the National Education Association, but, if I judge aright the signs of the times by no means the last time.

These are stirring times in the 'Hut.' Revolt seems to be in the air on almost every hand, and what the end thereof may be no one is yet able to say. The elementary school men and women are in revolt against the overloading of curricula; the medical men and psychologists are in revolt against the neglect of the 'special child,' abnormal as being below the average or above the average; the normal school men are in open rebellion against the university and college on the one hand and the high school on the other for usurping their prerogatives and crushing the normal school. High school men and superintendents are in revolt against the colleges for attempting to dominate the courses of study of the former and insisting on the retention of subjects considered useless by many in lieu of what are now so glibly called 'The new subjects.' This revolt found expression in the almost unanimous passage of the resolution:

Whereas, a wide range of high school subjects is now demanded in view of the varied needs of society, and the diversified interests of the different students; and

Whereas, manual training, commercial branches, music, home-making science, and art, agriculture, etc., when well taught and thoroughly learned are justly entitled to recognition in college entrance credits; and

Whereas, colleges in certain parts of the United States continue to require two foreign languages of every applicant, regardless of his own interests; and

Whereas, this requirement in addition to such work in English, mathematics, history and science as is essential to the high school course of every student, precludes the possibility of giving adequate attention to these subjects; therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of this department that the interests of high school students would be advanced by the reduction of the requirement in foreign languages to one such language, and by the recognition as electives of all subjects well taught in the high schools; and be it further

Resolved, That it is the sense of this department that until such modifications are made by the colleges, the high schools are greatly hampered in their attempts to serve the best interests of the boys and girls in the public schools.

This resolution was passed with only one opposing vote, and followed stirring arraignments of the colleges by two of the speakers of the morning.

Principal McAndrew quoted from the report of President Lowell, of Harvard:

'The secondary schools have distinctly lost ground,' and he then arraigned the colleges in these strong words: 'There is no spectacle in American life to-day more pitiful than the contrast between what the college advertises to do and what it performs. On one hand it gives out well-written schemes of an almost universal education; on the other it has helpless professors unable and unwilling to enforce serious attention from their students, but serving as an excuse for congregating thousands of young men absorbed in puerile and trivial interests. The college fails utterly in training these lads to intellectual ability. The average third year boy in high school is more able to think, discuss and express an idea than the average college student two years older.' Has this indictment in it even a shred of truth? If so, it is time the universities and colleges of the United States awoke from their sleep and set about mending their ways. That the indictment met with hearty approval from the masses present is shown by the resolution above given, passed with but one dissenting vote. Turning for a moment back to the question of the revolt of the normal school against the college, your correspondent was glad to be able to tell these people that such a thing is impossible under our present arrangements in the Province of Quebec; so to he was able to show that we in the Province of Quebec by the munificence of Sir W. C. Macdonald have solved the question of training teachers for rural schools in ordinary normal schools, which several speakers held to be practically impossible. The special child is demanding a great deal of attention from convention speakers, but I notice that opinion differs very widely. The saner men seem to think that he should be provided for in the regular schools, in some way, while others as stoutly hold that he should be segregated from his fellows and specially taught.

As your correspondent sees it, the latter theory is correct in so far as the idiotic and hopelessly incorrigible are concerned, but when it is merely the backward boy or the superior, a way should be found to meet his needs in the regular school. The Convention is getting down to hard work, and although there is much sight-seeing and there are many social functions, many will carry away with them thoughts that will be as seed sowed in good ground. This afternoon we were treated to a most generous and hearty reception by Harvard College, when many great educators received the thousands of delegates who gathered on the quadrangle within the marble walls of the medical buildings.

BEST WISHES FOR 'ARCTIC.'

Minister of Marine and Fisheries Sends Message.

Ottawa, July 8.—On the occasion of the departure yesterday of the steamer 'Arctic' on a two-years' cruise of northern waters, Mr. L. P. Brodeur, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, sent the following telegram to Captain Bernier, the commander of the vessel:

'Captain J. E. Bernir, C. G. S. 'Arctic,' Quebec.

'Regret that owing to pressure of public business, I found it impossible to go to Quebec last evening, as I had intended to personally wish yourself, your officers and crew God speed. I had then hoped that it would be convenient to withhold departure of boat until Saturday, when I would have been able to be present. Finding that it is expedient that this should be done, I take this opportunity of expressing the hope that the voyage you are commencing to-day will in every respect be a successful one. Yourself, your officers and crew all have my very best wishes.

(Signed) L. P. BRODEUR.'

WORLD WIDE.

The following are the contents of this week's issue of 'World Wide':—

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Briand, the Autocrat of France—André Tridon, in the 'Independent,' New York.
Political Compromise—The 'Spectator,' London.
The Conference—The 'Nation,' London.
A Choice of Alternatives—'Westminster Gazette.'
The Bishop of Cremona's Letter to the World Missionary Conference—The 'Guardian,' London.
The World Missionary Conference—On the Conflict of Christianity with Native Religions—Manchester 'Guardian.'
A Conference of Christian Advance in All Lands—The 'Times,' London.
A New Spirit in Islam's Pulpit Under the new Regime—From a Sermon Preached at St. Sophia, Constantinople, by Eshref Edib Bey—Translated for the 'Hibbert Journal,' London.
George Kennan on Russia's Legislators —Record of Shamf Reforms—George Kennan, in the 'Century,' New York.
Russia and the Orient—The 'Evening Post,' New York.
The Boundaries of Language—German Lorraine 'Germanized'—The 'Sun,' New York.
An Australian View of the Growth of the Spirit of Social Service—Dr. Gilbert White, Bishop of Carpentaria, in the 'East and the West.'

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

Japanese Art at Shepherd's Bush—E. S., in the 'Westminster Gazette.'
Meissen Ware—The 'Sun,' New York.

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

A Japanese Lullaby—E. F. Saxton, in the 'Independent,' New York.
Christianity and Imagination—The 'Spectator,' London.
England in 1782; with a Midnight Theological Discussion—E. V. Lucas, in the 'Fortnightly Review,' London.
A Georgian Legacy—The 'Academy,' London.

HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

The Heavens in July—Henry Norris Russell, Ph.D., in the 'Scientific American,' New York.
To Get Well at Home—F. G. Moorhead, in the 'Technical World Magazine,' New York.
The Open Door of Aviation in the United States—The 'Scientific American,' New York.

PASSING EVENTS.

THINGS NEW AND OLD.

So many men, so many minds. Every man in his own way—Terence.

'World Wide' is a weekly reprint of articles and cartoons from leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

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TALK OF LACROSSE

Nationals and Capitals Could Not Agree on Choice of Officials.

PRESIDENT SOLMON DECIDED.

And Neutral Western Men Were Appointed to Handle the Game.

Capitals and Nationals could not agree as to officials for the game on the Maisonneuve grounds to-morrow afternoon. Caps thought western men could handle it better, and seemed to think two Ottawa officials would be the right and proper persons to give a fair show all round. Nationals couldn't see it that way, and sent in a list of eastern men, including Tom Carlind, Desse Brown, Dr. Cameron, Paddy Brennan, Ald. O'Connell, Joe Lally, Johnny Brennan and Jim Kavanagh.

These, Capitals would not consider, and exercising his prerogative as President of the N. L. U., President Solmon, of Toronto, appointed as official, Jack Kearns, of Oshawa, and Lawson Whitehead, of Toronto.

While the issue of the game seems to be certain, considering the records of Nationals and Capitals for the season, it has to be remembered that Capitals are somewhat noted for bucking up away from home, and it is safe guessing that the game won't be a sure thing from the start.

Ottawa, Ont., July 7.—Capitals seem to be having hard luck this season. Eastwood has developed blood-poisoning from a blow received in the first game with Toronto and will be out of the game for some time. Powers and Butterworth are also on the sick list, but the former's knee is almost well and he was out to practice last night when a big turn-out of players was seen. Powers will play against Nationals on Saturday. Gaul will be shifted to inside home. Caps are confident of giving the fast French-Canadians a hard run for it.

Eddie St. Pere has been agreed on to handle the Shamrock-Tecumseh game in Toronto to-morrow, and Billy McIntyre will be judge of play. While there seems to be little doubt that Tecumsehs will win, Shamrocks will put on as strong a team as they have had this year, and will endeavor to put up their best game of the year.

Montreals will be tested to-morrow in preparation for their cup games, then they will line up against Winnipeg. This will show how the trip has affected them. Hogan will not play, being held in reserve for the New Westminster games.

Toronto, July 7.—It was announced to-night that the officials for the Toronto-Cornwall game, in Cornwall, on Saturday, will be Bowery Robertson, of Ottawa, and Tom Carlind, of Montreal. Tecumseh's defeat in Cornwall has made Murphy's blue shirts realize that they will have their work cut out to win, and a victory is absolutely necessary to remain in the running for the championship.

CORNWALL IN FINE FETTLE.

Cornwall, Ont., July 8.—The Cornwall team is in fine fettle for the hardest home game of the year here to-morrow with Jimmy Murphy's, thoroughly chastened, but dangerous Toronto team. The locals are not at all over-confident, but will do their best to win out. The line up will be as follows: Mark Cummings, Don Cameron, F. Somerville, F. Degan, Fred. Cummings, Charles Degan, John White, Frank Cummins, V. Hessell, D. Phalen, Guy Smith and E. Nicholson. The spare men are M. Bourgon and Corbett Denneny. Alex. Robertson, of Ottawa, will be referee, and if he will accept the position, Tom Carlind, of Montreal, will be judge of play. Of the five juniors playing four are off the Rovers, intermediate champions of 1909, and the other is from the Internationals, who also furnish the two spare men.

ASSAULT IN GAME

Lacrosse Captain Fined for Striking Player.

Toronto, July 7.—Frank Vernon, field captain of the Elms Lacrosse Club, was fined $25 and costs with an alternative of thirty days in jail by Magistrate Kingsford in the Police Court this morning for assaulting William Brookbank, of the Parkdales, and breaking his jaw in a game between the two clubs last Saturday. Twenty-five dollars is the amount of Brookbank's doctor's bill. Vernon admitted striking Brookbank, but said he did so because the latter had struck an opposing player on the shin, causing him to fall. 'The national game must be kept clean,' said the magistrate in passing sentence on Vernon.

TO-MORROW'S FOOTBALL.

To-morrow's fixtures of the Montreal Football Association are.—Sons of Scotland vs. Royal Rovers, Rosemount vs. Fairmount, and R. R. Y. M. C. A. vs. Valleyfield.

Locos play C. P. R. in the first round for the Friedman Cup to-morrow afternoon, and their team will be selected from the following:—Burns, Beake, Simpson, East, T. Stewart, J. Lee, Paterson, Shelton, Tyler, McFarlane, Taylor, F. Cunningham, Laurie and Martin. Locos have a strong team and are very confident.

The Rose and Thistle team will practice to-morrow afternoon in preparation for next week's game with Grand Trunk Apprentices. The team has lost its goalkeeper, who has left the city, and are looking for several players to fill gaps in their ranks. Mr. T. H. Christie, of 66 City Councillors street, the secretary, is anxious to meet some good men.

Sons of Scotland, who turned up late for the game here with Valleyfield, have been ordered to replay the fixture on the latter's grounds.

The R. R. Y. M. C. A. are protesting that the Sons of Scotland played ineligible men in their last game. The protest will be discussed at the next league meeting.

Talk of playing a series of international matches still goes on and the league have endorsed he idea and appointed a committee to arrange the games. It is suggested that three teams, representing England, Ireland and Scotland, be entered in a series and the league will present medals to the winners.

ON YOUR WAY, DEAL.

First Baseman of Toronto, Montreal, etc., Goes to Syracuse.

First baseman Jack Deal, late of Montreal and Toronto, and later of Buffalo, has been sold to the Syracuse Club of the New York State League.

Just what Deal lacked is a little hard to tell. He fielded well on the whole and hit as hard as many. Yet, so good a judge of players as Manager Joe Kelley, of the Leafs, sized him up as too slow for Eastern League Company. When Kelley released Deal to Montreal there came in for some unfavorable criticism. Then the Leafs' manager wagered that the man would not finish the season in the Eastern League. And Kelley wins.

BOBBY KEEFE WORKS WELL

Allows Bisons But Four Hits and Royals Win Second Game.

JONES IS HIT HARD.

Yeager, Jimmy Jones, Kritchell and Curtis are Hitting Hard.

Buffalo, July 8.—Bumpus Jones was ineffective in the first game played yesterday. Not only was he hit often and with considerable vigor, but he was wild. In pinches he issued passes, and once he made a wild pitch to the plate allowing two Bisons to score. The Royals hit hard, Yeager, Jimmy Jones, Curtis and Kritchell, leading in this respect, yet but one run scored.

The second game was different, Bobby Keefe again proving too much for the home team.

Against the Royal veteran was pitted Dank, secured from Cincinnati, and the youngster fought the veteran all the way, though Keefe had a little the better of the argument, allowing but four hits.

It seemed as if Buffalo would score in the ninth innings, for with McCabe on third base Sabrine hit a screacher to Yeager, but he grabbed and held it, throwing the runner out at the plate.

It was in the fifth Montreal got their solitary run. Yeager got a pass. Was sacrificed to second by Jimmy Jones. Then, after Demmitt had fouled out, Nattress made a clean hit to centre field and Yeager just got home.

The score:—

First game—

	R.	H.	E.
Montreal . . . 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	12	0
Buffalo. . . . 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 x	4	12	0

Batteries—Jones and Kritchell; Speer and Williams.

SECOND GAME.

BUFFALO.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Starr, s.s.	2	0	0	2	3	0
White, l.f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Henline, c.f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Corcoran, 3b.	4	0	1	3	1	0
McCabe, r.f	4	0	3	3	0	0
Smith, 2b	3	0	0	4	0	0
Sabrine, 1b	4	0	0	3	0	0
Woods, c	2	0	0	6	1	0
Dank, p	2	0	0	2	0	0
xCarmichael.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	29	0	4	*26	5	0

xBatted for Woods in ninth.
*Cockill out on bunt strikes.

MONTREAL.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Jube, r.f.	5	0	1	1	0	0
Yeager, 3b.	4	1	0	2	2	0
J. Jones, c.f.	2	0	1	0	0	0
Demmitt, l.f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Nattress, s.s.	3	0	1	0	6	0
Cockill, 2b.	4	0	1	5	1	0
Curtis, 1b.	4	0	2	6	3	1
Kritchell, c.	3	0	0	7	1	0
Keefe, p.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Totals.	31	1	6	24	13	1

Score by innings:—
Montreal. . . . . . . 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Buffalo. . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Summary:—Bases on balls, off Dank, 6; off Keefe, 3; struck out, by Dank, 5; by Keefe, 6; two-base hits, J. Jones, McCabe; sacrifice hits, Dank, J. Jones, Smith; bases on errors, by Buffalo, 1; stolen bases, White, 2; Nattress, Sabrine; left on bases, Buffalo, 8; Montreal, 9; hit by pitcher, Keefe, 1; wild pitches, Dank, 2; Keefe, 1. Umpires, Byron and Halligan. Time of game, 2.20. Attendance, 1,384.

TORONTO BATTING HARD.

Rochester, July 7.—The champions received an unexpected trouncing from Toronto to-day. Corey shut out the locals, while the Maple Leafs batted Lafitte and Beecher for seventeen hits and ten runs. Catcher Tonnemen reappeared with the Toronto team for the first time since the injury he sustained in the first week of the season.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto . . . 0 1 0 1 0 0 2 5 1	10	17	1
Rochester. . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	2

Batteries—Corey, McAllister and Tonnemen; Lafitte, Beecher and Starnagle. Umpires, Murray and Finneran.

TWELVE HITS, NO RUNS.

Baltimore, July 7.—Baltimore made twelve hits to-day, but could not score a run against Newark.

	R.	H.	E.
Newark . . . 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	2
Baltimore . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	12	1

Batteries—Holmes and Hearne; Russell and Egan. Umpires, Hurst and Boyle.

KISSINGER IN FORM.

Jersey City, July 7.—Kissinger outpitched Barberich to-day, and the Skeeters beat Providence.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence. . 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	4	1
Jersey City. . 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 x	3	7	0

Batteries—Barberich and Fitzgerald; Kissinger and Crist. Umpires, Stafford and Kelly.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Newark	45	27	.625
Toronto	38	31	.551
Rochester	36	30	.545
Baltimore	35	33	.515
Providence	32	32	.500
Buffalo	30	37	.448
Jersey City	29	38	.433
Montreal	23	40	.365

TO-DAY'S GAMES.

Montreal at Buffalo.
Toronto at Rochester.
Newark at Baltimore.
Providence at Jersey City.

FOULING OFF BALLS GIVE GAME TO BOSTON TEAM.

Boston, July 7.—An agreement to call the contest at 6.25 cost New York the second game with Boston to-day, after getting a lead of three runs, and allowed Boston to win both games of the double header, the first by 5 to 4, and the second 5 to 2, in seven innings.

With only a few minutes to play, New York opened the eighth inning of the second game by batting Ferguson out of the box and scoring 6 runs off Mattern, and obtaining a lead of three runs. Beck, for Boston, went to bat in the last half of the eighth, and by his cleverness purposely fouled several balls until the umpire called time. The score then reverted to the end of the seventh, giving Boston the game. Scores:

	R.H.E.		
New York . . 2 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0	4	7	3
Boston . . . 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 x	5	4	2

Batteries—Drucke, Crandall and Myers; Curtis, Evans, Frock and Graham.

Second game—

New York . . . 1 0 1 0 0 0 0	2	7	0
Boston 0 2 3 0 0 0 0	5	10	0

Called by agreement to allow teams to catch train.

Batteries — Raymond, Aymes and Schlei; Ferguson and Raridon.

Philadelphia, July 7. —Broolyn won both games of to-day's double header from Philadelphia. The second contest was won on Dauber's home run with two on bases. Scores:

	R.H.E.		
Brooklyn . . 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1	2	6	0
Philadelp'a. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	2

Batteries—Rucker and Bergen; Moren and Dooin.

Second game—

	R.H.E.		
Brooklyn— 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 3	7	10	3
Philadelphia— 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	4	11	2

Batteries—Barger and Erwin; Foxen, and McQuillan and Jacklitsch.

Chicago, July 7.—Burns held Chicago to two hits, and Cincinnati won to-day's game 1 to 0. The winning run was scored on a single by Burns. Score:

	R.H.E.		
Chicago . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	1
Cincinnati . 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	4	0

Batteries— Cole and Archer; Burns and McLean.



MICKY CORCORAN

Who, since leaving the Royals, has been batting at a terrible clip. In the last six games he has hit safely fifteen times, twice for home runs. His average is now .310, which makes him a factor for premier honors.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	42	24	.636
New York	40	26	.606
Pittsburg	34	30	.531
Cincinnati	36	32	.529
Philadelphia	32	35	.478
Brooklyn	29	37	.439
St. Louis	30	39	.435
Boston	26	46	.361

THREE HITS FOR LEADERS.

BOSTON ROUTES NEW YORK.

Washington, July 7. — Gray held Philadelphia to-day to three scattered singles, and Washington won easily, 4 to 1. Oldring and Elberfield were put out of the game for disputing decisions. Score:

	R.H.E.		
Washington 1 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 x	4	6	3
Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	3	3

Batteries—Gray and Street; Coombs, and Donohue and Thomas.

New York, July 7.—Boston routed New York to-day and won as they pleased, 13 to 4. The visitors got 19 hits off Vaughn and Frill, with Stahl, Gardner, Lewis and Wagner doing especially telling work with the stick. Score:

	R.H.E.		
Boston . . 1 0 2 2 0 5 1 2 0	13	19	4
New York 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0 0	4	10	6

Batteries—Karger and Madden and Carrigan; Frill, Vaughn and Walsh and Sweeney.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	45	23	.662
New York	39	27	.591
Detroit	41	32	.562
Boston	37	30	.552
Cleveland	29	32	.475
Chicago	30	36	.455
Washington	26	43	.377
St. Louis	21	45	.318

HOLLY IS SATISFIED.

JOINS ROYALS TO-DAY.

MAY CAPTAIN TEAM.

Holly, recently secured from Rochester, will join the Royal team to-day. After the deal has been successfully negotiated the player refused to come to Montreal. It seemed the local management would lose the purchase price which had been given for the shortstop, but later Manager Barrow and the Royal players have been busy, and Holly will play against Buffalo to-day.

Manager Barrow states that the man has been promised the salary he has been receiving from Rochester for two years. He will receive all bonuses agreed upon, and in addition $100 if he plays to-day.

Yeager, too, has done his best to get the player for Montreal, offering to surrender the captaincy to him.

After considering all their offers, Holly said to the Rochester newspaper men: 'I have decided to go to Montreal. Everything is fixed up here, and you can tell the fans that I'm leaving Rochester with no hard feeling. I'm leaving with regret, though. I've put in many months here and I like the town.'

Holly, who lives in Chicago, broke into baseball in the Chicago City Ball League. In 1902 he went to St. Paul, Minn., and was there a season. Peoria, Ill., had him in 1903, and for two years following he was with New Orleans. In 1906 he worked north again and opened the season with the Johnstown club, of the Tri-State League. He played with St. Louis in 1907, and came to Rochester by purchase in the winter of 1908.

It is not known exactly where Manager Barrow will play Holly. Nattress has been doing so well at shortstop that it is hardly likely he will be benched, though this was seriously considered earlier in the season. The weak spot at present is at second base, and the new man will quite likely be placed there. This will put Cockill back on first, and leave Curtis free to catch or play the outfield. He is hitting so well that he will likely be kept in the game as often as possible.

NEWS FROM ALL OVER

Rain caused the postponement of the lawn bowling match between M. A. A. A. and Westmount, and the M.A.A.A. handicaps last night.

Montreal junior team will withdraw from the Junior Lacrosse League, being unable to get a team together.

Tubermans' protest against Fairmount, alleging that the latter played a professional has been dismissed by the Junior Lacrosse League.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Missidor III. won the Prix du Mandinet for three-year-olds, $1,000, distance 9 1-2 furlongs, which was run at Maisons Lafitte, Paris. His Gibelin won the Prix Presto II. for two-year-olds, $1,000, distance five furlongs.

At Empire City Race Track, N.Y., Royal Meteor, carrying top weight, 122 pounds, won the Neptune stakes, value $2,000.

'Solid Comfort' won the Niagara stakes, with $1,500 added at Fort Erie yesterday.

Niagara Racing Association announces that the Dominion Handicap, $10,000, the richest stake on the Canadian turf, will be run at Fort Erie on July 30.

Five thousand negroes and a large crowd of white people welcomed Jack Johnson home to Chicago yesterday.

In the bowling tournament in Guelph, the fine trophy donated by Mr. H. C. Schofield, to the Guelph Lawn Bowling Association, was won by the London Thistles.

Hilliard Laing, of Toronto, and Fighting Dick Nelson boxed ten rounds to a draw at Buffalo last night.

A. E. Wood, ten-mile British amateur champion of 1909, has decided to embrace professionalism.

G. Duncan's score of 73 in the opening round of the open golf championship, is a record for St. Andrew's.

Eustice Miles has again won the M. C. C. gold racquet (tennis), at Lords, beating Capt. R. K. Price by 3 sets to 0.

L. Meredith (world's 100 kilometres cycle amateur champion), rode 100 miles unpaced, on an out and home road course, in 4 hours 52 mins. 51 4-5 secs., the first time a rider has beaten 5 hours.

LYON EQUALS GOLF RECORD

Veteran's Wonderful Play in Second Round of Open Championship.

KENNY, OF BUFFALO, LEADS.

Montreal Man Fourth, But Hopelessly Behind—Martin Falls Down Badly.

Lambton Golf Links, Toronto, July 8.—The first day's play for the open championship of Canada, at the sixteenth annual tourney of the Royal Canadian Golf Association, was marked by phenomenal playing in the afternoon of George S. Lyon, ex-champion of Canada, and runner up this year for the amateur championship. Lyon equalled the record of 71 for the course. He made the record just a week before. The figure is three better than the far score.

Dan Kenney, professional of the Buffalo County Club, headed the players with a 149, a decidedly good score. Lyon's 71, with a 79 in the morning gave him a 150 for the 36 holes, and second place. The next man was J. Munro, of Warren, Penn., with 155. C. Murray, of Royal Montreal, was fourth, with 160, which practically puts the easterner out of the running.

Fritz Martin, amateur champion, fell off badly. He was in eighteenth place in the morning, and in the afternoon did not hand in a card, showing that there had been no improvement in his play.

Kenny played a remarkably steady game. He had a 74 in the morning and a 75 in the afternoon. He had nothing worse than a five for any hole. He had the gallery in the afternoon, while behind him came Lyon, playing wonderful golf with only his partners and the caddies to see it.

Mr. Lyon's performance is a mighty achievement, when it is considered that the veteran is now fifty-two years old. His driving was sure, his approaches were perfect, and his putting was precise. Every stroke was a marvel of accuracy. He avoided the difficulties with which the Lambton course is beset in a manner that was wonderful. Had he played the same game on the previous day he would have been for the seventh time champion of Canada.

Mr. Lyon—(Morning)—
Out .. ..5 3 4 5 6 6 3 5 4—41
In.. .. ..5 4 3 4 4 5 5 5 3—38—79
(Afternoon)—
Out .. ..5 4 3 4 4 3 3 4 4—34
In.. .. ..5 3 4 5 4 5 5 3 3—37—71

Grand Total.. 150

Charlie Murray had a good round in the morning, bringing in a 78. Had he repeated this in the afternoon his chances would be much better. But an 82 in the afternoon made a difference of eleven between him and Kenny. His cards read:

C. Murray—(Morning)—
Out .. ..4 4 5 4 4 5 3 4 4—37
In.. .. ..5 5 3 4 5 5 6 4 4—41—78
(Afternoon)—
Out .. ..5 4 4 4 5 4 2 6 5—39
In.. .. ..6 5 3 4 6 5 5 5 4—43—72

Grand total.. 160

Karl Keffer, who was assistant to George Cummings at the Toronto Golf Club, and won the event on the home links, is now a real pro., and puts Albany, N.Y., after his name. He took 165 for the course, which lets him out of the running.

The course, as is usual, has been slightly lengthened. About a hundred and fifty yards has been added, and the total length now is 6,500 yards. Kenny's score by holes was:

Kenny (Morning)—
Out .. ..4 3 4 4 5 4 4 3 4—35
In .. ..5 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 4—39—74
(Afternoon)—
Out .. ..4 3 5 3 5 5 3 5 3—36
In. .. ..5 5 3 4 4 5 5 4 4—39—75

Grand total.. 149

The result of the first two rounds of the open championship in detail follows:

	First round.	Second.	Total.
Dan Kenny, Buffalo	74	75	149
G. S. Lyon, Lambton	79	71	150
J. Munro, Warren, Pa	75	80	155
C. Murray, Royal Montreal	78	82	160
P. Barrett, Lambton	81	79	160
W. J. Locke, Rosedale	79	84	163
A. Murray, Outremont	85	79	164
Karl Keffer, Albany, N.Y.	82	83	165
Geo. Cumming, Toronto	86	80	166
Dick Holden, Lambton	85	81	166
C. B. Grier, Royal Montreal	89	81	170
E. R. L. Henry-Anderson, Beaconsfield	86	84	170
W. J. Bell, Galt	86	84	170
W. Barrett, Brantlagh	91	83	174
G. A. Hutton, Beaconsfield	85	88	173
J. Black. Beaconsfield	87	86	173
A. Woodward, Raneford	82	88	170
A. S. Russell, High Park	88	86	174
J. C. Blair, Ottawa	86	88	174
J. Conway, Halifax	92	87	179
W. Freeman, Toronto	87	88	175
A. Rickwood, Quebec	91	86	177
F. Freeman, Hamilton	88	90	178
F. Locke, Mississauga	88	90	178
Mr. W. F. Robertson, Hamilton	90	89	179
R. P. Nevin, Pittsburg	94	86	180

RIFLE SHOOTING.

Vics. Regimental Matches Will be Held on Saturday.

The Victoria Rifles will hold their 36th annual rifle matches on Saturday, at the Pointe aux Trembles ranges.

They have arranged the following programme:—Tyro Match, 15 prizes, $30. Association Match, 15 ordinary and 10 Tyro Prizes, $43. Challenge Match, 15 ordinary and 10 Tyro Prizes, $43. Extra Series—Open, 12 prizes, $24. Open Match, 22 ordinary and 5 Tyro Prizes, $55. Open Match, 4 Team Prizes, $25. Entry fee for entire series both Ordinary and Tyro, $1.50. Tyro Team prize, the G. H. Matthews Cup, for teams of three from each company. Ordinary team prizes, the Queen's Challenge Cup, the Sims Challenge Shield, for teams of four from each company. Aggregate prizes, D. R. A. Silver and Bronze Medals, Regimental Championship and P. Q. R. A. Badges, and for Tyros free entry to the P. Q. R. A. prize meeting presented by Lt.-Col. Fisher, Major Burland, and Capt. Gascoigne.

WHO WILL ACCEPT?

The Argos Ball Club which recently defeated the Ivers' Giants, is now seeking to arrange exhibition games with any of the strong amateur nines of the city, such as the Brooklyn Park A.A.A., Fairmount Y.M.C.A., Points or Irish-Canadians. Address all communications to the secretary, L. L. Johnson, P.O. Box, 2331, City.

WHERE TO SPEND SATURDAY

Excursions:—
Grace Church S. School—Otterburn Park—G.T.Ry., 9.10 a.m., 1.30 p.m. Fare 65c.
St. Matthew's S. School—Highgate Springs—G.T.Ry., 8.40 a.m., 1.30 p.m. Fare 75c.
8.00 a.m.—G.T.Ry. train to Lachine. Steamer to Ottawa. Fare $2.50.
8.00 a.m.—G.T.Ry. train to Lachine. Steamer to Oka, Hudson or Carillon; home by rapids. Fare $1.00.
8.15 a.m.—G.T.Ry. depot. Take I.C.Ry. train to Beloeil, return by steamer at 8.00 p.m. Fare $1.50.
12.30 (noon)—R. & O. Steamer to Toronto.
1.30 p.m.—S.S. 'Beauharnois' leaves Nazareth Street for Beauharnois, returning at 8.00 p.m., connect with trolley cars at Lachine at 9.00 p.m. Fare 50c.
1.30 p.m.—C.P.Ry. train to Hudson, returning by steamer. Fare $1.00.
1.30 p.m.—C.P.Ry. or G.T.Ry. train to St. Anne de Bellevue, returning by steamer. Fare 80c.
5.00 p.m.—G.T.Ry. to Lachine, returning by steamer. Fare 50c.
Annual Regatta at St. Lambert.
Letter Carriers' Picnic at Dominion Park.
Lacrosse—Capitals vs. Nationals at Maisonneuve.
Cricket—Lachine vs. Victoria at Ranelagh Club.
Golf — Beatty Cup qualifying round handicap at Ranelagh Club.
Lawn Tennis — Westmount at Mt. Royal.
Football—Valleyfield vs. R.R.Y.M.C.A. at Point St. Charles.
St. Patricks vs. R.R.Y.M.C.A.
G.T.Ry. vs. Dragoons (St. Johns) at Alexandra Park.
Baseball—B. Park vs. Alexandra.
St. Rose vs. M.A.A.A.
Fairmount at Points.
Melrose at All Stars.
Standards at Irish Can.
C.P.R. vs. A.C.B.
Jenkin Bros. vs. M. R. Mills.
Dom. Tex. Co. vs. W. & C. Co.
McCready vs. Ames-Holden.

ADDED TO LAURELS

Cameron, Boston Marathon Hero, Wins 10 Mile Race at Amherst.

Amherst, N.S., July 7.—Fred. S. Cameron, the winner of the Boston Marathon, added another wreath to his many crowns of laurels by winning the Canadian ten-mile championship race on Rambler's Grounds, at Amherst, this evening. The race was held under the auspices of the M. P. A. A. A., a number of the leading officers of that body were present. The track was officially measured in the afternoon. Four entries had been received for the race, James George, of Beaverdale, Ont.; Edward Cotter, Y. M. C. A., Toronto; Edward White, of Brockville; and Fred. Cameron, of Amherst; George and Cotter failed to put in an appearance and hence Cameron and White toed the scratch alone. The race proved to be uneventful. Cameron had two big races on for Old Home Week sports in Amherst next week and did not force the pace for nearly the whole ten miles. The runners jogged side by side or with one of two runners having a lead two yards or so, on his competitor. White is a strong runner and although Cameron made several sprints he was quickly overhauled by the man from Ontario.

The final lap was decidedly sensational, both runners sprinted, but Cameron breasted the tape about a yard in advance of his plucky opponent. Both runners finished fresh, White extending his hand to congratulate Cameron on his victory before they left the track. The time was slow, being 58 mins. 50 2-5 secs.

Cook and Robinson, of Brookline, Mass.; Howe, Everett, Demer, of Dorchester, Mass., are expected in Amherst to-morrow, and will take part in a ten-mile race on Tuesday next, and in a fifteen miles race on Saturday.

'OUR STYLE THE BEST'

So Says Winnipegger Commenting on Victory at Henley.

Winnipeg, July 7.—George F. Galt, wholesale merchant, founder of the Winnipeg Rowing Club, and in his day one of the best oarsmen in America, was among the first to hear the news of Winnipeg victory at Henley. His enthusiasm knew no bounds.

He said in comment: 'Our style of rowing is far superior to the English, but the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge turn out so many exceptionally good oarsmen each year and have such a perfect system of coaching and selecting the best that it is almost impossible for any crew to beat them. They win, however, in spite of their style not because of it. Time and again they have been very nearly defeated by men who were physically very inferior, and also not nearly so experienced, and our previous Winnipeg crews, although not half trained, very nearly won, but it never seems to occur to their experts that possibly the other fellow may know something. They are a grand lot of sportsmen, but if they wish to recover their prestige as oarsmen, they had better copy the rig of the Winnipeg boat.

'Either we have got a wonderfully effective style of rowing, or else this climate produces far superior men to any other. Just look at the record of our Winnipeg crews. At the Great National Regattas of the United States many large clubs have been trying for forty years to win one of the senior rowing events, and some of them have yet to do it. Winnipeg, on the other hand, has sent crews six or eight times to the National in the last twenty-five years, and never has one of these crews been outrowed. They have won repeatedly and when they did not win it was owing to some accident or carelessness in steering. It is a wonderful record, and a grand advertisement for the climate of this country.'

Arrangements are already under way for a great home-coming reception. Premier Roblin and the Mayor of the city have cabled their congratulations.

RECEPTION AT TORONTO.

Toronto, July 7.—Preparations are already under way in local rowing circles to give the victorious Winnipeg crew a royal reception when they arrive in Toronto on their return west. P. J. Mulqueen, president of the Toronto Rowing Club, and leading officers of the Argonauts, are arranging to get all the clubs connected with water sports to get here for the occasion. 'Winnipeg oarsmen are the children of the Argos,' declared Henry O'Brien, K.C., founder and first stroke of the Argos, on learning of the Winnipegger's victory. 'Many of them are from our club. I feel highly pleased over the news, and so will give them a warm reception.'

HIGHER THAN PAULHAN

Hubert Latham in Aeroplane Soars to 4540 Feet.

Bethany Plain, Rheims, July 7.—In the preliminary contests for height, Hubert Latham reached an altitude of 1,384 metres, 4,540 feet, beating Paulhan's record of 1,296 metres (4,250 feet).

During the speed contest, Leon Morane, the French aviator, covered 20 kilomtres (12.42 miles), in 13 mins. and 42 secs.

Hubert Latham and M. Labouchere, in the distance contest, circled the field round after round together.

During one of the flights, Weimann, an American aviator, fell. He was uninjured, but his machine was wrecked. M. Petrouski, of Russia, also met with an accident, being precipitated to the ground by the rush of air from the motor of M. Kinef, of Belgium, who passed within fifteen feet of the Russian's machine.

PASSENGER AIRSHIP.

'Zeppelin VI.' Will Sail From Baden-Baden This Summer.

Frankfort, July 7.—The directorate of the Passenger Airship Company has decided that the Zeppelin VI., now at Friedrichhafen, be transferred to Baden-Baden, to carry out the programme for passenger trips during the summer. A substitute for the destroyed 'Deutschland' will be constructed as quickly as possible.

WIND TOO STRONG FOR FLIGHTS.

Atlantic City, N.J., July 7.— Attempts to make flights in the Atlantic City Aero Club competition were officially declared off at 4 p.m. to-day, after the southerly blow of this morning had freshened into a half gale. Both Curtiss and Hamilton said that they would be unable to land.

RAIN STOPPED MATCH.

London, July 7.—Rain stopped the Zingari-Blackheath cricket match after Blackheath had scored 129 runs for six wickets. Zingari did not bat.

CRICKET.

LEAGUE GAMES—'A' DIVISION.

Victoria vs. Lachine.
Verdun vs. Montreal.
Valleyfield vs. Westmount.

'B' DIVISION

Osborne vs. Verdun.
Lachine II. vs. Montreal II.
Westmount II. vs. York Society.

McGill first eleven play Three Rivers at Three Rivers, leaving here this evening. Their secon deleven meet the C. P.R. Angus C.C. on th McGill cricket grounds to-morrow afternoon in a friendly game.

TEAMS FOR TO-MORROW'S GAMES.

Th following are requested to meet at the corner of McGill and St. James streets, Eastern Townships Bank building, at 1.30 p.m. to-morrow, to represent Lachine in the Lachine I. vs. Victoria match at St. Lambert: — R. S. Hart (captain), E. H. Thompson, G. A. Watson, H. Burgess, T. Wilson, C. Wilson, C. N. Racker, C. N. Gaskin, E. Cox, C. Moore, S. Payte. Reserve—E. Fox. Umpire, W. Mill.

Lachine will be represented by the following players in the Lachine II. vs. Montreal II. match, which takes place there to-morrow afternoon, commencing at 3 p.m. sharp: J. Johnson ((captain), F. Smith, W. Dennis, G. Horsfall, F. Pearson, A. Budd, E. Mundy, P. Chambers, G. Hassell, A. J. Gilbertson, J. Lloyd. Reserve—A. E. Demaine. Umpire, H. Franklin.

The standing of the league is:

'A' DIVISION.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
McGill	5	4	0	1	9
Lachine	6	4	1	1	9
Westmount	7	4	2	1	9
Valleyfield	5	2	3	0	4
Victoria	6	2	4	0	4
Verdun	6	1	4	1	3
Montreal	5	1	4	0	2

'B' DIVISION.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
Lachine II	5	4	1	0	9
York Society	5	3	1	1	7
McGill II.	5	2	1	2	6
Osborne	4	2	1	1	5
Verdun	6	2	3	1	5
Montreal II.	4	1	3	0	2
Westmount II.	4	0	4	0	0

The following will represent the M. A.A.A. team in their league match against Verdun on the Verdun Asylum grounds to-morrow. Game to start at 2.30 p.m.:—J. M. Jones, Dare, L. Leopold, J. Boyes, G. C. Smith, T. B. Motherwell, W. W. King, O. Wallace (captain), E. A. Mahon, jr., W. Dalton and W. Marshall.

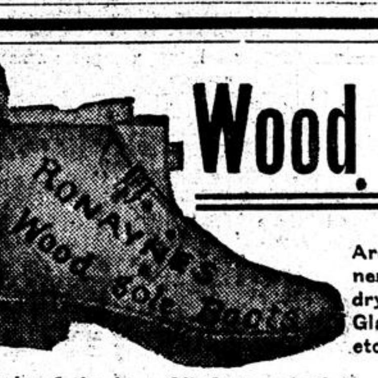
The team to represent Yorkshire Society in their league match with Westmount at Westmount Park to-morrow will be selected from the following: — J. Varley, J. Bristowe, R. Moseley, F. Hallas, H. P. Marsden, E. L. Collinge, R. Appleby, W. Baker, H. Dent, D. Eccles, H. Simpson, E. Appleby.

SHREDDED WHEAT

A meat diet is too heating

Shredded Wheat is the natural summer food. Cooling, yet full of rich nourishment. All the strength-giving elements of the whole wheat. A biscuit covered with fresh fruit is enjoyable. Serve with cream and sugar.

Sold by all grocers, 13c. a carton, two for 25c. 2225



Wood Sole Boots

Are the very best for Dyers, Tanners, Butchers, Farmers, Laundrymen, Garagemen, Workers in Glass Factories, Paint Mills, etc., etc.

Made of the best Oil Grain Leather. Waterproof Soles protected by Iron Rails. Are light and comfortable. PRICE.. .. .. .. $2.75

RONAYNE BROS. 485 Notre Dame St. West Chaboillez Square.

ARE YOUR WINDOWS CLEAN?

At this time of year clean windows are to be desired. When you are moving or house-cleaning this spring, why not make an experiment? One that is sure to be successful! Ordinarily you, or your servant, cleans the windows at a great waste of time and energy. Save that time and energy—have your windows cleaned better and quicker and at reasonable rates, by experts.

'PHONE—CALL—OR WRITE NOW.

The New York Window Cleaning Co.

40 JURORS STREET MAIN 1203

Your Vacant House

LEAVING YOUR HOUSE empty this summer, almost invites a burglar to call. Let us take all this worry off your shoulders—the premium on our burglary insurance policy is very small. We pay claims promptly, and include any damage the burglar does. Lowest rates of any company.

The Dominion Guarantee Co. Limited

CHAS. W. HAGAR, General Manager

302 St James Street, corner St. Michael Lane.

The Burglars Chance.

We close at 12.30 To-morrow, BUT—

We expect to do a whole day's business beforehand. Every hour must be made to do the work of two. We want brisk business right from 8 o'clock, and we are going to have it, if price is any inducement.

Flannelette Blankets
FOR STILL LESS

On Saturday morning we are going to take fifty pairs of 10-4 flannelette blankets, which we have reduced from $1.15 to .89 for the summer sale, and offer them for this half day only at per pair, .59

The summer sale price is .89, and they go back to that price Monday morning.

We shall offer another fifty pair in 11-4 size. These are $1.50 quality reduced for the summer sale to $1.15, and still further reduced for Saturday morning to 89

The price of these blankets goes back on Monday morning also to the proper summer sale price, which is $1.15.

We are doing this purely to emphasize again our determination to be busy from the very first minute we open up the store.



She Who Plunges

—into the out-door life of Canadian Summer, should really have a "MURPHY" out-fit.

A "MURPHY" out-fit means an outfit from a store devoted exclusively to women's interests. Naturally it should be the best.

AS FOR VISITORS

There is our real Irish lace department, the most important of its kind in all America.

Another Entirely New Blouse Proposition

We went out determined to buy a line of summer blouses at a price that would make it worth while for at least half a thousand women to visit our blouse department before 10 o'clock to-morrow. We succeeded. The blouses are extremely dainty, the lawn of which they are made is perfect, the embroidery work is not over-done, but there is an air of more than ordinary refinement about it.

The way these blouses are made, their design, the square and V shaped collarless yokes, the trimmings of imitation Irish lace, the clusters of tucks on the back, front, sleeves and cuffs, the lace insertion and lace edging, everything, in fact, about these blouses speaks of daintiness that is not of the ordinary class.

The embroidery and lawn are particularly good. Every blouse is essentially a lady's blouse—a blouse you would make no mistake in paying $2.75 or $3.00 for—you can have one at 8 o'clock Saturday morning for $1.19

Short sleeves only.

NECKWEAR

Black lace stock collars for middle aged ladies—rich Guipure lace reduced from .25 to. 19

White and cream net and lace stock collars, with jabot attached, reduced from .25 to. 19

White Guipure lace round collars, three different patterns; special also at, each. 19

Neat Guipure lace stock collars, with jabot attached, Saturday morning, each. 19

Embroidery stock collars, finished with double and single row of ruching, also pleated lawn stock collars reduced from .25 and .35 to. 19

Ladies' Muslin Dresses
.99 each instead of $2.75

There are not more than a few dozens, but the selling price is below cost, and by cost we mean what we ourselves paid for them.

The original selling price was $2.75. You can see the strength of our desire to have you here at 8 o'clock when we mark them at - - - - - .99

These dresses are printed muslin, mostly green and white; well made in one piece Princess effect with panel down the front; neat trimming of val. lace. Every dress will wash perfectly.

Silk Remnants, .27
Instead of .50, .65, 75, .85, $1, $1.25 and $1.50

Lengths ranging from 1 to 10 yards.

Fancy Silks	Eclipse Silk
Duchesse Mousseline	Striped Shantung
Foulards	Silk Merve
Pailettes	Checked Taffeta
Fancy Japanese	Pongees
Messalines	Chiffon Taffeta
Moirette	Lining Taffeta
Shantungs	

About 200 remnants in all—values .50, .65, .75, .85, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50, at 8 o'clock Saturday morning, per yard. 27

MILLINERY

A small collection of American tailored Linen hats selling Saturday morning at each $3.00

Instead of $7.50 and $8.00

Untrimmed shapes in Leghorn, Milan and Rustic straw; small, medium and extreme styles, Saturday morning. Half price.

NOTE.

We have a new collection—two dozen or so of those Mexican straws trimmed by our own milliners with a dainty draping of muslin or lawn, special at $1.00 each.

Embroidered White Washing Belts

Dainty, fresh stock in newest patterns have just come to hand and at summer sale prices, too—this is exactly what we have done:—

Marked .35 belts at, each .25
.50 belts at, each .35
.75 belts at, each .50
and .85, $1.00 and $1.25 belts at, each. 75

UPTOWN
6-0-1-0
Our Phone Number

Not Yet Too Late
To Buy Shoes at $1.79.

On Saturday morning we shall expect to have a considerable collection of shoes, odds and ends, it is true, but all shapely, stylish shoes. Some are tans, some patent leathers, some vici kid. All ladies' regular sizes are represented, not in each individual style, but in the collection as a whole.

$2.50 and $2.75 are modestly estimated as the values; the selling price, as on Friday, is. . . .$1.79

Half Linen Suitings
Reduced for the First Time

And, mind you, they should not be reduced at all for the reason that we are, by no means, over-stocked in them and we have no desire to clear them out, but we do want you here at 8 o'clock Saturday morning.

These half linen suitings are splendid quality, and they will wash and wear and wash again and wear and wear. They are mostly all good shades. Saturday morning the price will be. 12½

Patent Belt Special
For Saturday Morning Only

2 gross (a parcel just to hand and bought to sell at .48 as a leader)—real leather black patent belts, 1½ inches wide, with two rows of narrow red piping near the edges: trimmed with strong black harness buckle, Saturday morning each - - - - - - .29

Ladies' Summer Gloves

250 pairs of extra fine lisle, wrist length gloves with 2 domes, black and white: sizes 6 to 8 complete—and fine, that's the point—are selling at per pair - - .39

A Splendid Special Purchase of Silk Embroidered Lisle Hose
On Sale Saturday Morning at .24 Pair.

An importer overstocked—cash wanted—An old story, but new hosiery—silk embroidered lisle in all regular sizes for women—really fine lisle threads they are, too, and very nicely embroidered; some all in the same color; some with the embroidery work in two tones contrasted with the shade of the stocking—and fully twenty shades to choose from, and all of them this season's very best ones.

All sizes and all perfect, and perfectly fresh, being just opened up for Saturday morning. Price per pair 24

FOR CHILDREN—We have another 300 pairs plain and ribbed—both cotton and lisle, to sell at, per pair 07



The John Murphy Company Limited

STORE CLOSES —Saturday at 12.30 p.m. —Other days at 5.30 p.m. Friday July 8, 1910.



Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

Your stomach may not suggest what it needs when full of distress, but common sense suggests **Abbey's Salt.**

25c and 60c.
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TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT

TELL YOUR FRIENDS

Our readers will greatly oblige us, and at the same time confer a real favor on their friends who do not take the 'Witness,' if they will tell them of the 'Witness' Art Masterpiece Campaign, and show them how they may get these splendid pictures.

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MONEY TO LEND.
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SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE.
(Affiliated to McGill University).
83 Simpson St., Montreal.
For the Higher Education of Young Women, with Preparatory Department for Girls under 13 years of age.
President—Rev. James Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President—Ven. J. G. Norton, D.D., Archdeacon of Montreal.
Principal—Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.
The Institute will reopen TUESDAY, 13th September, at NOON.
Entrance examinations for new scholars will be held at the school on Saturday, 10th September, at 10 o'clock a.m.
For prospectus, etc., apply to the Principal, or to A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary, North British Mercantile Building, 30 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

SABREVOIS COLLEGE.
Church of England Residential French School, for Boys and Girls.
FOUNDED IN 1847.
Head Master, the Rev. R. E. PAGE (London, England).
Takes Pupils from the Elementary Classes to the Standard of University Matriculation.
Terms moderate.
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A Valuable Opportunity to learn French is offered to English students.

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Two months of solid, systematic study of the English Bible during July and August. Classes open any time for enrollment. No Tuition Fees.
Subjects: 'Bible Doctrines,' 'The Use the Bible in Personal Work,' 'Studies of the Books of the Bible,' 'Studies in the Prophetic Word,' 'The Evangelistic Message of the Bible.'
Christian Workers' Conference, Aug. 19th to 28th. For full particulars, address,
GEORGE G. MANY,
Executive Secretary,
Montrose, Pa.

DEATH OF MR. S. SHACKELL.

Mr. Samuel Shackell, who held important executive positions in the Grand Trunk Railway until a few years ago, when he entered the real estate business, died at Lachine on Wednesday. He had been in ill health for some time. Mr. Shackell was born in London, England, in 1832, and came to Canada when a young man, in connection with the Great Western Railway. He married Miss Mary Eliza Bagg, daughter of the late Mr. Abner Bagg, of this city, who survives him, as well as one daughter, Miss Ida, and three sons, Messrs. William A. and Fred, of Montreal, and Willis S., of Ottawa.

FATHER VAUGHAN COMING

Many Brilliant Speakers to Take Part in Eucharistic Congress.

A brilliant and lengthy list of speakers, both in French and English, has been secured for the coming Eucharistic Congress, and among them will be the cardinal legate, His Eminence Mgr. Vannutelli; Mgr. Heylen, Bishop of Namur, who is the president of the permanent committee of the Eucharistic congresses; Mgr. Touchet, Bishop of Orleans, one of the first orators of France, and also the prelate to whom Canada and the United States owe the honor of the twenty-first Eucharistic Congress being held here, His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi. Among the speakers at the English sessions will be: Father Bernard Vaughan, S.J., who will speak on modern society; Mgr. John J. O'Brien, of Boston, who will speak on the moral upbuilding of a parish by frequent communion; Father Letellier, of the fathers of the Holy Sacrament, who will speak on the Sacerdotal Eucharistic League, which is composed of 5,000 members; Father Lewis Drummond, Jesuit, of New York, editor of 'America,' who will speak on the Eucharist and devotion to the Sacred Heart; the Rev. R. Meagle, rector of Molden, Mass., who will discuss the cultivation of vocations; Mgr. McDonald, Bishop of Victoria, who will speak on the faith in the Eucharist and modern unbelief; Mother Loyola, of York, England, known for her works and writings; Mlle. Sadlier, of Ottawa, a talented writer; Father Finn, of Chicago; Father Campbell, S.J., already known by his Lenten sermons at the Church of the Jesu in Montreal, who will speak on the Eucharist and the first missionaries to Canada; the Rev. L. A. Lambert, of Scottsville, N.J., who will discuss popular objections to the Real Presence; Father Doyle, S.J., who will speak on the Eucharist in conversions, and Mgr. Clancy, Bishop of Sligo, Ireland, who will speak on the Eucharist and the primitive church in Ireland.

Among the speakers at the French sessions will be Father Lepicier, professor of dogma at the Propaganda, Rome, who will speak on the relation of the Holy Virgin to the Eucharist; Abbe A. Carotte, professor of dogma at the Apollinaire, Rome, and of the congregation of the sacraments, the only Canadian professor in one of the Roman universities, will speak of the Eucharist considered as the centre of the dogma and life of the Church; Many, of the Grand Seminary of Montreal, will give an exegetic study on the Last Supper; Abbe Gosselin, rector of Laval University at Quebec, will give a study of the Eucharistic history of French Canada; Mgr. Bacil, of Three Rivers, will speak on the Eucharistic education of children; Abbe Lamerand, of Cambrai, France; M. Francois Veuillot, of the Paris 'Univers;' Father Guillot, Redemptorist; Abbe Jobin, of L'Assomption, and Abbe Papineau, of Ste. Therese.

In the special section for priests at the Church of the Holy Sacrament, Mount Royal avenue, among the speakers will be M. Lecoq, superior of St. Sulpice, on the recruiting for vocations; Father Gonthier, Jesuit, and several others on the decree of frequent communion; Abbe Perrier, on post-scholastic work in relation to Eucharistic practice.

At the special section for men at the Monument National on Saturday afternoon, September 10, there will be present His Eminence Mgr. Vannutelli; Mgr. Mathieu, of Quebec; Judge Gonthier; Father Piche, of Montreal, and many others.

On the afternoon of Saturday, September 10, the students of Laval University propose to seek the Papal Legate at the Archbishop's Palace, whence they will conduct him to the university in a procession. His eminence, after having opened the young people's session, will repair to the men's session at the Monument National, where a number of distinguished speakers will be heard.

At the women's session at Laval among the speakers will be Father Hage, provincial of the Dominicans, Abbes Dupuis and Lamarche, Abbe Henri Gauthier, of St. Sulpice; Abbe Thether, of Pencheville, Paris, France; Mme. Faustin, delegate of the Frenchwoman's Patriotic League; Mme. Beique, president of the National Federation of French-Canadians, and many others.

GEN. WEYLER TACTICS

Are Being Charged Against Nicaragua Government Forces.

Washington, D.C., July 8.—A repetition of the Weyler reconcentrado system in Cuba that caused widespread criticism just before the opening of the war with Spain, has been inaugurated in Nicaragua by the Government authorities, according to advices to the State Department. Probably 5,000 people in the vicinity of the city of Granada are ordered to concentrate at Granada under an order issued by Sebastian Salines, the political chief and commandant of the forces of the department of Granada, Nicaragua. This order, as translated, was published in 'El Commerciole,' a Managua newspaper, and transmitted to the State Department.

C. N. R. QUEBEC SHOPS.

Company Gives Promise to Erect Works in Near Future.

Quebec, Jul. 8.—Messrs. Wm. MacKenzie and D. B. Hanna, of the Canadian Northern Railway, accompanied by Mr. W. A. Kingsland, auditor of the Canadian Northern Quebec Railway, waited on Mayor Drouin, in connection with the suit entered against the railway company by the city of Quebec, to recover the sum of $200,000, the amount of a bonus voted by the city on condition that the workshops of the company be located in the city. The former shops were burned down several years ago, but never rebuilt.

The delegation explained that the intention of the company was to build the shops here, that was fixed. But owing to the existing trouble between the Canadian Northern and the Lake St. John Railway bondholders, the work could not be proceeded with just now, as the latter company owned the land on which it was proposed to erect the shops.

A SUMMER DRESS FOR 10 CENTS

Anyone who has a Summer Dress of White Duck, Lawn, Muslin, Pique, Linen, or any of the summer suitings can change it into one of any of the many delicate shades worn this summer by simply buying a 10 cent package of DY-O-LA, any color desired—using the Dye very weak, say about an eighth of a package to about five gallons of water. It's as simple as washing. Try it! and don't forget to drop a post card to The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, for a sample card and booklet, telling all about DY-O-LA, the Splendid Home Dye that colors cloth of Any Kind Perfectly with the Same Dye. The kind that anyone can use without the slightest experience.

Of Interest to Women.

The 'Witness' Fashion Hint.



PHOTO BY JOEL FEDER.

EMBROIDERED TEA-COAT.

The charming tea-coat shown here is of sheer net pin-tucked and draped over an under slip of pink China silk which gleams in a rosy tone through the net. The embroidery is done by hand on the net, and is a conventional pattern of wild roses and forget-me-nots worked in natural pastel blue and pink. The sash and sleeve trimmings are of pastel pink satin ribbon, and German Val. lace on the sleeves and collar adds a dainty finish to the coat.

A SERIOUS ASPECT.

The fate of the Conciliation Bill, now before the English Parliament, which aims to give an instalment of enfranchisement to women, is the subject of much anxious discussion on both sides. One of many 'letters to the "Times"' is from an English author, who dwells on the serious aspect of the sort of civil war that the struggle has developed into. 'If this measure,' he writes, 'which in itself appears to be acceptable to some members, at all events, of each political party, is to go the way of the measures hitherto introduced, what will be the situation? The resumption of a war that will ever become more bitter and more baneful. That would be no reason at all for admitting women to full political status, if the facts and figures of this movement did not show a steady growth over a long period of time; if such a war were a piece of wanton rebellion, instead of being the symptom of a deep wound in the minds of thousands of women; a symptom of a deep sense of injustice, spreading, in spite of vigorous opposition and wide indifference, day by day, and year by year, in this country. One may object, as I do, to a militant suffragism, whose methods are at variance with the true significance and the true value of the emancipation of women. But facts must be faced. What will be the effect on the national life of keeping this wound indefinitely open? The inevitable effect will be blood poisoning. If there is one thing vital to the health of a nation it is the fineness and the soundness of the relations between men and women. This fight by women for their full emancipation will not, indeed cannot, stop. The whole trend of social and political life, not only in this country, but in every civilised country, is against such a supposition. When once an idea, rooted in equity, gets the hold that this idea now has, its fulfilment at last is certain. If that fulfilment is much longer postponed, the feeling between the sexes in this country will be irremediably coarsened and defiled, and through this defilement a lasting harm will be done, in the most insidious way imaginable, to all our ideals of conduct. I am a firm believer in the justice of women's demand for full enfranchisement, and in the wisdom that would lie in granting it; but admitting, if you will, all the practical arguments against and all the practical arguments for woman suffrage, and balancing the scales, there will yet remain outstanding this by far the most serious aspect, practically speaking, of the whole question; there will yet remain this menace to the national welfare.'

NEW LINEN FITTINGS.

Making fittings for one's own room is a task which most girls enjoy, and in summer time when there are hours to be spent over needlework many girls make it a practice to prepare new fittings for their beds and toilet tables.

There are just now a great variety of simple bedspreads which girls can make with very little difficulty and which will be satisfactory for regular use because of their good wearing qualities. Among these are the light spreads made of dimity; not the sort that is used for frocks, but a somewhat heavier variety. These are hemstitched or finished with a hem above which is placed a row of insertion either of lace or of fine sheer embroidery, or if a girl likes to do needlework particularly well, a very pretty way of finishing the spreads is to use several rows of brierstitch in coarse linen thread.

Those who are ambitious to make more elaborate spreads may have them of linen with a row of insertion at the hem or an edging of lace and an embroidered monogram framed in the narrow lace. Still more elegant bedspreads are made with squares of lace set in at regular intervals around the border. Another design for a very beautiful bedspread is of sheer handkerchief linen, embroidered with delicate vines and flowers and edged with a ruffle.

With these spreads there are bureau scarfs or covers for the dressing table made of the same material, and trimmed in the same fashion. It is a fancy of some girls to have one flower represented in the decoration of their rooms, and when this is done the embroidery on the bedspread and on the dressing table cover are also in this design. For the country house it is always necessary to have a warm covering folded on the foot of the bed or otherwise at hand and this may be in all white or a touch of color otherwise absent from the room may be very prettily introduced here.

The centre of these quilts or comfortables is made of brocade or flowered silk, and instead of the large flower patterns which have been popular delicate small designs are now being used. One girl who had taken the wild rose for the design of her room had this as the motif for the embroidery on her white spread and bureau cover, which was all in white linen thread. The brocade quilt for her bed had also the wild rose design in a very dainty pattern and quite small, but there was a touch of pink in the design which set off very prettily the pure whiteness of the rest of the room.

LEARNING TO SWIM.

Girls who intend taking advantage of their holiday at the seaside to learn to swim will find some useful hints in the advice given by Miss Kellerman, the Australian expert swimmer. Miss Kellerman says that it is not profitable to try to teach yourself to swim. The best way to learn is to go out with an instructor or some friend who is an expert.

The novice, accompanied by her instructor, wades out until the water is about six inches above her hips, then lies straight out in the water, her chin being supported by the fingertips of the left hand of the instructor, and the lesson begins. After a while the assisting fingers can be gently withdrawn and the pupil will discover she can 'keep up' and make a few feet of headway all by herself. When she realizes this she will have taken a long step in the direction of that essential to the budding swimmer—self-confidence.

Women can master any of the swimming strokes, but the breast stroke is the easiest learned, the least tiring, and the most useful of them all. That once mastered, the other strokes may follow, but more as 'frills' than anything else. But one should learn to float, swim on the back, and dive.

The breast stroke being the foundation of swimming, one should be careful to get that right in the beginning. In an article on swimming Miss Kellerman described the stroke as follows:—

In the first position of this stroke the swimmer lies flat on her breast in the water with all parts of the body submerged with the exception of the head and a little of the shoulders. The legs and arms are outstretched in line with the body, the hands having the palms downward, the toes pointing down also. Next, the hands are parted and, after describing a semi-circle at arms' length, are brought back to the chin; simultaneously the knees are drawn under the body, the legs spread apart somewhat. The hands are now pushed straight forward and at the same instant a strong kick backward is made with the legs, which are still kept apart; the soles of the feet, however, being kept squarely against the water. Last, the legs are brought together sharply, scissors-fashion, and they, the arms and the body will be in the same position as at the beginning of the stroke. In this stroke, properly used, propulsion of the body is almost entirely brought about by the leg action, and the function of the arms is to balance and assist in keeping the body afloat. It is a mistake to attempt to drive the body by arm action, for it tires the swimmer very quickly. Most novices err in this respect and suffer in speed and stamina in consequence. Again, the hands and the feet should be kept below the water all the time. If the stroke is correctly made there is nothing more than a few ripples visible instead of the fuss and foam made by the average unskillful performer. The beginner should avoid hurry in learning this stroke; in fact, she should endeavor to swim with the least effort possible—barely keep afloat if need be, to learn the proper use of the limbs, position and breathing.

Under usual conditions on land, we inhale and exhale through the nose. In the water, however, Miss Kellerman says, one should take in the breath through the mouth and expel it through the nose, the former being done quickly and the latter slowly. At a certain point in every swimming stroke the face is above the surface of the water, and this is the time to inhale. The air should be expelled at the recurrent period of the stroke. A little experience teaches more about the correct way to breathe than any amount of theory and written instruction will do.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY PATTERN.

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.



LADIES' SEMI-PRINCESS DRESS.
Paris Pattern No. 3097.

For evening wear in any of the lightweight materials, or for afternoon wear developed in any of the pretty cloths, this is an excellent model. It is very simple, though stylish, and can easily be made by the home dressmaker. This model has a body lining and may be made with high or low neck and long or elbow sleeves. The pattern is in six sizes—32 to 42 inches bust measure. For 36 bust the dress, made of one material, needs 10 3-4 yards 24 inches wide, 9 1-2 yards 27 inches wide, 7 1-8 yards 36 inches wide, 6 1-4 yards 42 inches wide, of 4 3-4 yards 54 inches wide. Width of lower edge in medium size, about 4 1-4 yards.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

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Size .....

Name .....

Address in full:

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N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address, 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.

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Seal Brand Coffee
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Canadian
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FOR JULY

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The Pictorial Publishing Co.
142 St. Peter Street Montreal
On Sale at all Leading News Dealers.

MILLINERY DAMAGED,

Hundreds of dollars worth of hats, feathers and plumes were damaged by smoke and water while firemen were extinguishing a small outbreak in Ray's millinery parlors, 555 St. Catherine street west, last night.

PREACHER FROM WINNIPEG.

The Rev. J. T. Gordon, of Winnipeg, will preach in Crescent Street Presbyterian Church on the next two Sundays, and every Sunday in August. He is a very effective speaker, and is a great draw to young men.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c; marriage notices for 50c; death notices for 25c, prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50c per line extra, prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of birth, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

COOPER — On July 5, 1910, at 4143 Dorchester street West, Montreal, to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Cooper, a son.

ROGERS — On June 24, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. George E. Rogers, 263 York avenue, Winnipeg, a daughter.

MARRIED.

D'ALBENAS — POYSER — At the residence of the bride's parents, 51 Souvenir avenue, Montreal, on Thursday, June 30, 1910, by the Rev. G. C. Poyser, of Iroquois, Ont., uncle of the bride, Eva May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry O. Poyser, to Prosper L. d'Albenas, of Bordeaux, Que.
English papers please copy.

McPHERSON — LAWLER—At No. 41 Maisonneuve street, on July 6th, 1910, by the Rev. G. F. Kinnear, B.A., John McPherson, of Montreal, to Maggie Lawler, of London, England.

SANDERS — D'ARVILLE—At 'Illakee,' the home of W. A. Clarke, Esq., Berlin, Ont., uncle of the bride, on July 5, 1910, by the Rev. J. Wallace Stewart, Electa D'Arville, second daughter of R. J. D'Arville, Esq., to the Rev. Edwin G. Sanders, B.A., of Lemberg, Sask.

DIED.

BEAUDOIN — On July 7, 1910, Alexandre Beaudoin, at the age of 49 years and 5 months.
Funeral from his late residence, 250 Centre street, Point St. Charles, on Saturday, at 7.45 a.m., to St. Charles Church, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

BREITHAUPT — On July 5, 1910, at Berlin, Ont., Mrs. Catharine Breithaupt, relict of the late Louis Breithaupt, Esq., in her 76th year.

DALE — On July 2, 1910, at St. Mary's, Ont., Wm. Dale, sr., late of the township of Blanshard, and a native of Yorkshire, England, in the 92nd year of his age.

GOODWILL — On July 7, 1910, at Waterloo, Quebec, Elizabeth, wife of William Goodwill, in her 82nd year.

GWYNNE — At her late residence, 196 Dufferin street, Toronto, on July 6, 1910, Eliza Anne Gwynne, daughter of the late Wm. Charles Gwynne, M.D.

SAVAGE — On July 6, 1910, at Guelph, Ont., the Rev. Wm. Savage, Methodist minister, aged 92 years and two months.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends, together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

TEES & CO., Funeral Directors
912 ST. CATHERINE W.
Phone Up 1653. (Note change of Address)

WHAT ABOUT
GARDEN TOOLS?
You need these now. Get them at
D. DRYSDALE'S,
Phone M 169. 159 CRAIG ST. WEST.

OBITUARY.

MR. ELISHA FRANCIS RIGGS.

New London, Conn., July 8.—The death of Elisha Francis Riggs, of Washington, D.C., at his summer residence in the Pequot section last night removes a banker of international reputation. His father was the founder of the firm of Riggs & Co., Washington, later changed to the Riggs National Bank, and Mr. Riggs succeeded his father as the head of the institution. Mr. Riggs was prominent in financial and charitable work in Washington. The cause of his death was angina pectoris.

DR. WM. R. ROLFE.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., July 8.—Dr. William R. Rolfe, of Cambridge, Shakespearean scholar and author, died last night at the home of his son, Charles J. Rolfe, in Tilsbury. Death was due to old age. For many years Dr. Rolfe was a prolific contributor to literature, as an editor and author. He was regarded as the foremost Shakespearean scholar in this country. He was born in 1827 in Newburyport.

PROF. H. B. TELEGMAN.

Gravenhurst, Ont., July 8.—Prof. H. B. Telegman, who has been conducting and organizing performances of the opera 'Pinafore' throughout the country, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at Anderson's summer resort, Koshoe Lake. He held a concert here about a week ago, and had intended to give a repetition of it tonight. Heart failure appears to have been the cause of death.

BIG LEGAL FEE JUST.

Lawyer in Chas. T. Yarkes Estate Case to Receive $250,000.

Chicago, July 8.—Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars is the fee demanded and may be paid to Mr. Clarence A. Knight for legal services rendered in straightening out the estate of Charles T. Yerkes, the late traction magnate. Granville W. Browning, the master-in-chancery, who was appointed as referee by Judge Cumming, of the Probate Court yesterday, declared that the fee was just and not exorbitant. He not only gave it as his opinion that Knight was entitled to the full quarter million, but that he well deserved it for honest and loyal work in recouping the dissipating properties following the street car man's death in 1905. Trustees and beneficiaries have been fighting through the courts for the various possessions left by Yerkes, both in England and the United States.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Layton Bros. have on hand a large assortment of player-pianos. Sole agents for renowned Behring Player-Pianos. On daily demonstration at 550 St. Catherine St. West (cor. Stanley St.).

Sunday Train Service for the Laurentians.—The Canadian Pacific train leaving Place Viger at 8.30 a.m. Sundays only, will stop at St. Jerome, Shawbridge and stations west as far as Nomining. Train leaving Place Viger at 9.30 a.m. for Ste. Agathe stops only at Shawbridge and stations north.

Passengers for points on the Canadian Northern should take the 1.25 p.m. train on Saturdays from Windsor St. Station, as the 1.45 p.m. train from Place Viger does not stop at Montfort Junction.

THEY ARE COMING

The people, the thinking, careful men, the boys and the mothers of boys, are all trading at Allan's for their Men's and Boys' Clothing. Summer Suits, in serges, flannels, worsteds, etc., also washable suits and summer vests. For Underwear, Summer Shirts, Hosiery, Neckwear, Straw and Panama Hats, Felt Hats and Outing Hats, Caps, Nightshirts, Pyjama Suits, etc. They have tried other places, been tempted by apparent great bargain announcements, but when they had realized what they had got for their money, they have come back to Allan's, stronger and more confident in our sterling values at all times than ever. And that is what we aim for. Not a passing trade, but a steady, growing custom trade, well satisfied with our service and our merchandise.

We want you to give us a fair trial, prove our values by careful examination, and remember if at any time you get anything at any of Allan's stores that is not what it should be for the money you paid for it, BRING IT BACK, and get satisfaction or your money back.

Have you got one of our new 'CUM BACK' Toys? Roll them on the floor or down the hill and they'll come back to you. Only 10c each, or free with every dollar purchase for the asking, at

Allan's
3 STORES:
Down Town: Cor. Craig and Bleury
Uptown: 521 St. Catherine St. W. a few doors west of Peel.
Central: 229 St. Catherine St. W. 3 doors west of Bleury.

P.S.—Remember, that during July and August, our stores close at 7 p.m. every evening, except Saturdays, 11 p.m.

BOYS wanted to sell the 'Canadian Pictorial,' Canada's leading illustrated magazine. Splendid premiums or generous cash commission. Hundreds of boys busy and delighted. Room for hundreds more. Why shouldn't you profit? A postcard will secure full particulars premium list and a package to start on. If you live outside Montreal and suburbs. If inside the city, phone us or drop in and see what we have to offer you. Address Boys' Sales Dept., John Dougall & Son, Agents for the 'Canadian Pictorial,' 'Witness' Bldg., Montreal.

TENDERS
For Timber and Railway Ties

TENDERS sealed and endorsed 'Tender for Timber and Railway Ties,' addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 12 o'clock NOON on WEDNESDAY, the 27th July,

For Timber and Railway Ties
FOR 1910-1911

Copies of Specification and Tender Form may be obtained upon application to F. W. COWIE, Esq., Chief Engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

DAVID SEATH,
Secretary-Treasurer

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed 'Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings,' will be received until 4.00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 16, 1910, for the supply of Coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten percent (10 percent) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Asst. Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 6 1910.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him, or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patents), and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Province of Quebec,
District of Montreal.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

No. 1439.

Fred. Wray, of the City and District of Montreal, Undertaker, doing business under the name of Joseph C. Wray & Brothers, Plaintiff.

Frederick Tapster, formerly of the City and District of Montreal, now absent, Defendant.

The New York Life Insurance Company, to wit: a body politic and corporate, duly incorporated, having its principal office and place of business in the said City and District of Montreal Mis-en-cause, Defendant.

The Defendant, Frederick Tapster, ordered to appear within one month.

Montreal, July 6th, 1910.

J. B. A. TISON
Deputy Prothonotary.

ELLIOTT & DAVID
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

RUSHING HOUSECLEANING

This warm weather makes you want to get it over. Send your curtains here and have them cleaned or dyed, and the biggest part of the job will be off your hands. We know how to do it right.

R. PARKER & CO.,
Dyers and Cleaners, Montreal, Que.
620 St. Catherine St. West, cor. Mountain St.
202 Notre Dame St. West and
340 St. Catherine St. East.
Phones. Bell (Up) 3041 and 3323. Main 1597

HOME SWEET HOME.

For your Home in the City.
For your House in the Country.
For Picnic Parties or Fishing Excursions, be sure to get your supplies from

Walter Paul's Stores

For there you will get the BEST Groceries, Provisions, Fruits and Vegetables, as also the Largest Assortment in the city of the Finer and Fancier Groceries.
Prices Moderate: Prompt Delivery.
461 ST. CATHERINE WEST.
80 UNIVERSITY STREET.

JACKSON & CO.
CARPENTERS, BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS.
Valuations made. Jobbing promptly attended to.
129B to 335 HIBERNIA ROAD

ASH'S FOREST FRIEND

For Black Flies and Mosquitoes. Anyone going to the country should have a bottle. Price 25c and 50c.

BLOOD PURIFIER.—HARTE'S BLOOD PURIFIER. It is better than any Sarsaparilla. Price 50c.

KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER.—For the Relief and Cure of Epileptic Fits and other Nervous Disorders. Price $1.00 and $2.00 per bottle.

J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
150 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST.
Telephone MAIN 1190.

"POTTER THE PAINTER"
ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ALL WORK IN OUR LINE.
W. E. POTTER & CO.,
46 BENOIT ST.
Telephone M. 1930.

HUMORISTS COMING HERE.

The annnual convention of the Press Humorists' Association will be held here during the first week in August, and Mr. Cy Warman, of the Grand Trunk Railway, left last night for New York to confer with the association. This is the first time the American Press Humorists have held their convention in Canada, although it will be their twelfth annual meeting.

They will meet in Chicago and arrive in Montreal on August 1, coming here on a special car supplied by the Grand Trunk. It is expected that some twenty-five of the best known humorous writers of the United States press will take part in the convention, accompanied by their wives and families. They will be given a civic welcome, and will also be the guests of the big railways during their stay in Montreal.

MACDONALD COLLEGE.

What a Candidate Requires to Enter Class.

As the time approaches for the reopening of the School of Agriculture at Macdonald College, it is a matter of importance to the farming community to understand that, in addition to farm experience and to having entered upon his eighteenth year, a candidate only requires, for the first and second year courses, to read and write the English language acceptably, to be proficient in the use of arithmetic and to be acquainted with history and geography, especially of Canada. In other words, a good common school education is all that is necessary to admit a farmer's son to take these courses, which will enable him to derive greater profit and satisfaction out of his lifework on the farm. It is only for the four-year course, leading to the degree of bachelor of science in agriculture of McGill University that the A.A. certificate is required. Besides this, sons of farmers of the Province of Quebec are admitted to the first two years tuition free.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The estate of Francis W. Newman has sold to George Wray houses Nos. 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247 and 249 Sherbrooke street west, near Sanguinet street, for $25,000.

N. Ouellette has sold to P. Desforges lots Nos. 15-433-434 in St. Jean Baptiste ward, with buildings, for $3,600.

Edmond Duchesneau et al, merchants, have sold to Leon Dubois, physician, lot No. 18-151, in Hochelaga ward, Maisonneuve, with houses on Ontario street, for $6,000.

Charles J. Brown has sold to Dame Edward A. Hilton the buildings bearing civic number 105 Grey Nun avenue, Notre Dame de Grace, for $6,800.

MILITIA MAY BE SUMMONED

To Preserve Order in Strike of Miners at Springhill, N.S.

MOB STONED COMPANY'S PLANT

Police Fired Shots in Air and the Rioters Were Finally Dispersed.

Halifax, N.S., July 8.—If the occurrences of Wednesday night are again repeated at Springhill, the Government will be requisitioned to send the militia to the mining town to maintain order. The strike of the coal miners has been on for a year; the company has over 400 men at work in the mines, the output now being some 500 tons daily, compared with a normal output of 1,100 tons. Wednesday night a crowd of 500 strikers and strike sympathizers gathered at a point adjoining the company's property, making hostile demonstrations and throwing stones. The company's police warned the crowd away and a shower of stones was hurled at the houses, smashing windows and exciting the imported workmen. Shots were fired in the air by the company's police, and finally the crowd dispersed. The mayos is said to have announced tha. he can do no more to maintain order than is being done. A demand for the protection of troops from Halifax is likely to be made at any moment, if not through the mayor, then by the County Court judge. The injunction of the court prohibiting picketing seems to be a dead letter.

A JUVENILE COURT

Controllers are Considering its Establishment.

The question of establishing a Juvenile Court for the city is being seriously considered at present, but the controllers are not as yet ready to send a report dealing with the matter to Council. They feel that the subject is one in which not only the city but the Federal and Provincial Governments are interested. The expense incurred in securing a suitable site in erecting a building, paying for its upkeep and for the judge's stipends, would be great. A large part of this, it is believed, should be met by the two governments, so the controllers intend communicating with them to see what their attitude is.

In his report on the subject, Mr. Ethier, city attorney, spoke of the Immigration Agency, on Richmond street, as a suitable site for the institution when it is erected.

AGAINST UNITED STATES.

Recent Russo-Japanese Agreement Arouses Interest.

Berlin, July 8.—The liveliest interest is felt in official circles regarding the Russo-Japanese agreement, the text of which has been forwarded to the German Government. The maintenance of the status quo which the agreement is ostensibly intended to secure, is considered most desirable. The most delicate point in the agreement refers, according to the semi-official 'Frankfurter Zeitung,' to the understanding to act mutually on the defensive against the intervention by third powers in Manchuria, which still belongs to China. The agreement therefore cannot be directed against China. It is pointed out that America obtained a concession for the Aguin-Chinchow railway from China, and the question is now raised here whether the agreement is intended to oppose America's unwelcome intrusion in the Russo-Japanese sphere of influence. If so, the agreement is taken to mean the closing of the open door.

IN NEED OF MONEY.

Controllers Handicapped by Lack of Funds.

It seems the Board of Control, just like some citizens about this holiday time, is handicapped by a scarcity of funds. Because of this shortage the Controllers are unable to comply with some requests made by Council.

For instance, several aldermen have asked that more lights be installed in Lafontaine Park, and that additional benches be placed in all the parks and squares. This the Controllers are unable to have done unless they can get an appropriation for, from some source, and so much is needed for more important works that this seems unlikely.

So short are the funds that it appears the staff of street car inspectors is to be reduced from four to two. Thes. men have only been appointed by the week, so dismissal will be no hardship to them, but the necessity of this step being taken indicates the awkward position in which the Board finds itsel.

WELCOMED NEW PASTOR.

Huntley Street Methodists Held a Social Last Evening.

The congregation of Huntley Street Methodist Church, despite the rain, turned out in large numbers last evening to welcome officially their new pastor, the Rev. W. G. Bradford.

Mr. R. L. Richardson occupied the chair. Mr. S. Halfyard spoke on behalf of the church officials. Mrs. Meadows for the ladies of the church, and the Rev. H. A. Young, pastor of Mount Royal Church as a neighboring minister, all extending a very hearty welcome.

Mr. Bradford made an appropriate reply, in which he expressed his intention to do everything in his power to build up the cause, already showing such promise in the north end of the city. Ice-cream and cake were served at the close of an enjoyable programme.

Mr. Bradford has been at Huntley Street for two weeks, and has spent the time looking up the members of his congregation and others who ought to be. He is an indefatigable visitor and is everywhere meeting with a cordial reception.

REVISES TARIFF.

Lisbon, July 8.—The government is preparing a general revision of the tariff. It will double the duties against countries which have no commercial treaties with Portugal, and will increase from them ten to thirty per cent against others.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

DEFIANT DEPUTY

Spanish Socialist Delivers Revolutionary Address on Recent Riots.

Madrid, July 8.—Pablo Iglesias, the first Socialist deputy to speak in the Cortes, created a sensation by a violent revolutionary speech about the Barcelona riots. He proclaimed the innocence of Ferrer; avowed that the Barcelona Socialists who were affiliated with the international organization had precipitated disorders to stop the war in Melilla. He declared that if Senor Maura, the former Conservative Premier, returned to power he would be assassinated.

LANGUAGE JEALOUSY.

French-Canadian Refused to Sign Application for Building Permit in English.

The fight over the equal use of the French and English language in the City Hall, which was started by Ald. Tetreau, is still being carried on. A new aspect was given it this morning, when Mr. A. Jean, who wanted a permit to connect his house on St. Timothy street with the sewer, refused to sign the blank handed to him because it was printed in English. There were no French blanks handy, so Mr. Jean went away without securing what he sought.

But Mr. Jean is an elector in Mr. Brodeur's ward, and he at once complained to Mr. Brodeur. This alderman was just as prompt in coming to the City Hall and laying the case before the controllers. They called for the permits, found them to be printed in English, and at once gave orders that some French copies should be struck.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

General Sir Ian Hamilton has been appointed a member of the Imperial defence committee.

Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, of Chicago, defeated Mr. Z. X. Snyder, principal of the Colorado State Normal School, for president of the National Education Association, now in session at Boston.

The first case of leprosy among Hindus in British Columbia has been discovered. The case of a man was diagnosed at Kamloops. He has been taken to Darcy Island, and later will be deported.

The Dominion Mint has sent to the railways a whole truck of new gold and silver coins to be distributed in different parts of the continent. The coins were in $1,000, $2,000 and up to $5,000 packages.

Mr. John L. Griffiths, the United States consul-general at London, yesterday unveiled a tablet to the memory of Benjamin Franklin in Ecton Church, Northamptonshire. In Ecton was the ancestral home of the Franklin family and the birthplace of Benjamin Franklin's father. The old homestead is replaced by a house built in 1757. The church dates from the thirteenth century.

Governor Hoadley, of Missouri, has offered a reward of $300 for the arrest and conviction of every person who engaged in the lynching of two negroes at Charleston last Sunday. He said there was no excuse for the lynching, as he has not commuted a sentence of any person convicted of a capital crime. In an interview, the Governor warned negroes they must not provoke race riots on account of the Johnson-Jeffries fight.

The geographic branch of the Department of the Interior has just completed two huge maps of Canada, which will be used for exhibition purposes. They are 15 feet by 9 feet 6 inches. One is a mineral map, showing the lolation of all minerals of economic value throughout the Dominion, and the working mines, differentiation being obtained by means of various colors.

The Blue Ride Inn, at Bluemont, Va., the largest hotel at this summer resort, was totally destroyed by fire early yesterday. Several scores of guests and servants, who were sleeping when the fire was discovered, escaped without injury, although a number of persons had to jump from windows to get out of the burning building. The loss is estimated at $40,000.

A meeting of representatives of the Relief Societies in the collieries and officials of the Dominion Coal Company took place at Glace Bay, at which the societies were formally organized under the name of the 'Dominion Coal Company's Employees Relief Society.' Mr. M. J. Butler, general manager, presided at the meeting, which was held at the company's general office. Officers were appointed for the year and other business transacted.

GORDON BENNETT CUP RACE.

'Istalena' Won, but 'Winsome' Entered Protest, Claiming Foul.

Newport, R.I., July 7.—The sloop 'Istalena,' owned by Mr. George M. Pyncheon, won the annual race for the James Gordon-Bennett Cup, held today under the auspices of the New York Yacht Club. There was no schooner race this year and only three sloops competed.

Cornelius Vanderbilt's sloop 'Aurora' was second, with the 'Winsome,' owned by H. F. Lippitt, third. After the race, 'Winsome' entered a protest, claiming a foul by the 'Istalena' at the start.

GREAT CAISSON LAUNCHED.

Mr. J. T. Davis, of M. P. & J. T. Davis, the firm building the sub-structure of the new Quebec bridge was informed from Quebec yesterday by wire of the launching of a great caisson, which will be sunk for the main pier on the north side of the river. This immense structure, which was built at Point Pizeau, weighs about eighteen hundred tons, and is said to be the largest caisson ever sunk on the continent. The dimensions are 180 up and down stream, with a width of 55 feet.

GIRL HIGH JUMPER.

The world's high jump record for women is claimed for Miss Rachel Hardwick, of Quincy, Mass, who in competition cleared 4 feet 6 inches. This exceeds by an inch and a half the record established by Miss Theodora Wheeler, of Fairfield, Conn., a student at Vassar College.

Miss Hardwick's jump was made at the games of the Woodward Institute for Girls.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS.

Our readers will greatly oblige us and at the same time confer a real favor on their friends who do not take the 'Witness,' if they will tell them of the 'Witness' Art Masterpiece Campaign, and show them how they may get these splendid pictures.

SHIPPING NEWS

'LONGSHOREMEN'S COMPLAINTS

LAID BEFORE BOARD OF CONCILIATION YESTERDAY.

The permanent Board of Conciliation, consisting of Mr. J. H. Lauer, secretary-treasurer of the Builders' Exchange, as representing the shipping interests; Mr. G. R. Brunet, of the Typographical Union, as representing the 'Longshoremen, and Mr. Farquhar Robertson, expresident of the Board of Trade, as chairman, held a meeting yesterday, when Mr. G. Poliquin, business agent of the union, submitted a statement of complaints.

These were: (1) On page 2 of the agreement entered into, it is stated that the companies must stop the running of their pipes in grain working while the men go down in the hold to work. This condition has never been complied with. (2) Clause 2, paragraph E, states that the companies must supply the men with respirators of the best pattern when they are asked for. This has already been refused. (3) Paragraph B of Clause 2 states that companies must give good meals to the men who are working at night. This was also not complied with (4) 35 cents per hour should have been paid for coal shovelling, but only 30 cents has been paid. Last year the men so employed had received 32½ cents per hour with a bonus, and, as the agreement stated that they were to receive the same rate of pay as during last year, they should have received 35 cents per hour at least. Complaint was also made that Poliquin was not permitted to go on board the vessels of the C.P.R. line whenever he felt inclined to do so, and it was asked that he should be allowed to pass to, and off of, such ships whenever he so desired.

After considering the complaints the Board found that proper care must be utilized, to see that the discharging pipes shall be directed away from the men when they are working. That there had been no refusal to supply respirators, and that few men had asked for them. That the use of meal tickets, valid at any of the river front restaurants, should be continued in place of a cash value being given. That the demand for a separate schedule for the coal shovellers was not in accord with the terms of the award of the Board of Conciliation, which had drawn up a special tariff for the several classes of merchandise and had, after careful consideration, placed all other articles which were not included in this special tariff, under a special schedule of 30 cents and 35 cents per hour for day and night work, respectively.

The Board found that Poliquin's claim to be allowed to board all vessels at any time of the day or night as a matter of right, could not be allowed, except in the case of some complaint which it might be necessary for him to investigate. If the companies chose to grant him the privilege as an act of courtesy this would be quite another matter. This finding was signed by every member of the Board.

RECORD LAKE GRAIN CARGO.

Winnipeg, July 8.—A new record in grain cargoes was established to-day, when the 'Midland Prince' sailed from Fort William with 523,251 bushels of oats, shipped by the Canadian Elevator Company, on behalf of the Quaker Oats Company. This is absolutely a record cargo in bushels on the lakes. Some idea of the immensity of the project of carrying all this grain in one boat may be gathered from the fact that this cargo represents an average crop of 13,081 acres, or twenty square miles, of territory. The 'Midland Prince' is one of the largest of lake freighters.

HALF A HUNDRED STOWAWAYS.

Victoria, B.C., July 8.—Cable advices have been received from the authorities at Hong Kong by Customs officials that reliable information has been received that 48 Chinese stowaways are on board the Weir liner 'Oceano' from Hong Kong, and strict search will be made when the vessel arrives here from Yokohama next Sunday. On her last trip the 'Oceano' brought some Chinese stowaways, five half-starved Celestials being found almost buried in the coal bunkers by customs men at Tacoma, while prodding with iron bars, searching for opium. The chief officer was arrested on a charge laid by the immigration officials of being instrumental in the effort to land the Chinese, but the charge was dismissed.

STEAMER 'L. C. HANNA' FLOATED.

Sarnia, Ont., July 8.—The steamer 'L. C. Hanna' was released from Kettle Point after jettisoning about 4,000 tons of ore overboard. Captain C. H. Sinclair says her bottom is in bad shape. The wrecker 'Favorite' placed two air compressors and one pump abroad to keep the vessel free from water and she proceeded down to Lake Erie last evening under her own steam. The 'Hanna' will be unloaded and placed in the dry dock.

AVAILABLE FOR CHARTER.

The R. & O. boat 'Three Rivers' has been entirely rebuilt from her hull (which is of steel), with a view to making her convenient for excursion business. Her old superstructure has been entirely removed down to the main deck, and a new and modern type of cabin has been erected in its place. She will be available for charter for afternoon and evening excursions during July and August.

STEAMER 'GLENELLAH' ASHORE.

Brighton, Ont., July 8.—The steamer 'Glenellah,' Captain MacKay, owned by the Inland Lines, of Hamilton, bound from Montreal to Fort William, over the Bay route, loaded with cement, is aground off Salt Point Light, Presque Isle Harbor. The Calvin wrecking tug 'Parthia,' is at work lightening the cargo into the schooner 'Mazie.' No damage has been done to the steamer's hull, as she went aground on soft bottom.

'EMPRESS' BROKE RECORD.

The record of the season made by the 'Empress of Ireland' on her previous voyage to Quebec, was broken yesterday by the same vessel by landing her mails at Rimouski early yesterday morning, in time for them to reach Montreal Post Office at 9.15 last night. This is a little over six days from Liverpool to Montreal for a letter, and no difficulty was experienced in catching the regular western trains last night, thus ensuring the delivery of letters in Toronto and western Ontario this morning and Chicago and Winnipeg on Saturday.

The 'Empress' did not leave Liverpool until 6 o'clock last Friday, and letters will be delivered to-day, well ahead of those which left Liverpool last Saturday by the fast mail ship for New York.

The run of the 'Empress of Ireland' was not out of the ordinary until she passed through the Straits of Belle Isle, but from there on, favored with fine weather, she made splendid progress up the gulf and lower river. She left Rimouski after landing her mails on the tender 'Lady Evelyn' at 10.35 a.m. yesterday, and at 6 o'clock was at her wharf at Quebec breakwater. Her passengers were sent on by train and reached here early this morning.

ON THE 'LAURENTIC.'

The list of first-class passengers per triple screw White Star Line R.M.S. 'Laurentic,' which sails at daybreak tomorrow, for Liverpool, is:—Mrs. Waldo Adams, Mr. R. M. Aitken, Mrs. Aitken, Mr. H. S. Albright, Dr. S. N. Alti, Mrs. Alti, Miss Anderson, Mr. Chas. Andrews, Mrs. Andrews, Mr. Anthony, Mr. G. B. Atkins, Mr. Richard Bard, Miss Elizabeth Bard, Miss Beryl Bard, Mr. James Begg, Mrs. Begg, Mrs. T. D. Bell, Miss Bell, Miss L. Bell, Mr. F. D. Benjamin, Mrs. Kate E. Bennett, the Hon. T. Berthiaume, Mr. Edw. Berthiaume, Miss C. B. Birley, Mr. J. J. Blakeslee, Mrs. J. B. Bradt, Mr. Braithwaite, Dr. Sarah H. Brayton, Mr. C. Bridges, Mrs. Geo. A. Brooke, Mr. F. E. Brown, Dr. H. A. Bruce, Mr. Wm. Bryce, Mrs. Bryce, Mr. J. Bullock, Dr. Chas. Burland, Mrs. Burland, Mrs. Ella Burns, Mr. James Byrne and valet, Mrs. Byrne and maid, Mrs. Chas. Campbell, Mr. G. W. Chapman, Mrs. Chapman, Mr. M. F. Christensen, Mr. T. Harding Churton, Mr. Matthew W. Clemens, Mrs. Clemens, Mrs. Katherine B. Cook, Mrs. Georgina Coursol, Mr. W. K. Cowan, Mrs. L. Cretois, Mr. C. C. Davis, Mrs. Davis, Mr. Henry L. Dawes, Mrs. Dawes, Mr. H. C. Deane, Mrs. Deane, Mr. T. O. De Lang, Mrs. De Lang, Mr. F. H. Dennis, Mrs. Dennis, Mr. Robert Dods, Mrs. Dods, Mr. Warner Doran, Mr. Duggan, Mrs. A. M. Ellis, Mr. S. W. Farmer, Alderman A. Faulkner, Mrs. Faulkner, Mr. Harding Finlayson, Mrs. Flummerfelt, Mr. Gracine Forrester, Mr. Geo. C. Foulds, Dr. C. H. Fowlerton, Mrs. E. F. Francis, Mr. Archibald Fraser, Mrs. Fraser, Mr. W. Garner, Miss Garner, Dr. Thos. Gibson, Mrs. Gibson, Mr. Clarence Glover, Mrs. Glover, Mr. J. A. Gregg, Mrs. Gregg, Mr. Otis Guernsey, Mr. N. T. Guernsey, Mrs. Guernsey, Master N. T. Guernsey, Mr. Cecil Hartley, Mr. Chas. B. Hays, Mr. Donald A. Hays, Mr. Wm. C. Hodgson, Mrs. Hodgson, Miss Marguerita Hodgson, Miss Geraldine Hodgson, Master Maurice Hodgson, Master Jack Hodgson, Miss Jennie Holland, Mr. H. Howell, Lieut.-Col. Thos. Howell, Mr. F. C. Hubbell, Mrs. Hubbell, Mr. F. W. Hubbell Mr. Jas. W. Hubbell, the Rev. John Hunter, Mr. Mark H. Irish, Mr. H. L. Kelly Mr. C. T. Killen, Mrs. Killen, the Hon C. W. Knapp, Mr. H. P. Knapp, Mrs. Knapp, the Hon. Dr. Y. Lanctot, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Lane, Mr. Paul Lange, Miss E. E. Langley, Miss M. C. Langton, Miss F. M. Langton, Mlle. Ledieu, Miss Lovell, the Rev. E. W. MacKay, Mr. Macauley, Mrs. D'Arcy MacMahon, Mr. William MacMillan, Mr. J. C. Maddison, Mrs. E. S. Manny, Miss Bertha Manny, Miss Germaine Manny, Mr. Wales C. Maitindale, Miss Miall, Mr. and Mrs. Wm Mickleborough, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Mines, Mrs. Grace Moffat, Colonel Moss, Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Mott, Mr. and Mrs. James P. Munroe, Miss Katherine S. Munroe, Miss Elizabeth W. Munroe, Mr. Robertson Macaulay, Dr. Herbert R. Macaulay, Mr. Norman Macaulay, Miss Kate McDonald, Mrs. J. J. McGill, Miss McGill, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan McIntyre, Miss Helen McIntyre, Miss Kathleen McIntyre, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Nelson, jr., Mrs. J. F. Newman, Miss Minette D. Newman, Mr. Wm. Northwood, M.P., Mr. Hector Panneton, Mr. Charles Part, Mr. N. Paulet Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Perley, Mr. Bruce Porter, Mr. Andrew W. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Ramstad, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Ratcliffe, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Reynolds, Miss M. Eliz. Reynolds, Mr. Fred. Russell, Mrs. A. Sargent, Mrs. Saunders, Mr. and Mrs. Scheibe, Mr. Wm. Scott, Mr. F. C. Scott, Mr. A. L. Sevigny, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Slater, Mrs. E. A. Small, Mr. L. W. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Somerville Mr. C. S. Stanton and Mrs. Stanton, Mr. L. B. Stoddart Dr. Storey, Mr. R. W. Stratford, Mr. Thomas Templeton, Miss J. G. Templeton, Mr. George W. Tessier, and Mrs. Tessier, Master Ulric Tessier, Mr. A. H. Thomas, Mr. J. P. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott Thurber, Dr. Julia Tolman, Mr. R. J. Tooke, Mr. G. R. Tooke, Mr. J. H. Tryhom, Mrs. Van Allen, Miss Van Allen, Mr. Wm. Van Camp, the Hon. W. and Mrs. Vickers, Mrs. Nellie Voorhees, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wedderburn Wilson, Miss Marguerite Wedderburn Wilson, Miss Barbara W. Wilson and two maids, Dr. E. L. Wybert, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur F. Young, Miss Sadie S. Young, Mr. W. F. Young, jr., Mr. Young.

Sinking Spells Every Few Days

"At the time I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy I was having sinking spells every few days. My hands and feet would get cold; I could scarcely breathe, and could feel myself gradually sinking away until I would be unconscious. Those about me could not tell there was life in me. After these spells I would be very weak and nervous, sleepless and without appetite; had neuralgia in my head and heart. After taking the remedy a short time all this disappeared and in a few weeks all the heart trouble was gone."
MRS. LIZZIE PAINTER
803½ 3d Ave. Evansville, Ind.

For twenty years we have been constantly receiving just such letters as these. There is scarcely a locality in the United States where there is not some one who can testify to the merits of this remarkably successful Heart Remedy.

Price $1.00 at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto.

'PUT UP A GAME ON THEM.'

No Men Laying Pavements Receive Four Dollars a Day.

Mr. Barlow, city surveyor, denies absolutely the statements made before the Board of Control yesterday afternoon, to the effect that men who lay pavement for the city in the west division receive $4 a day, while those who do the same work in the East get but $3.50. Mr. Barlow states that there is not a man in the city doing this style of work who receives $4 daily. Moreover, he affirms the men in any section do not receive a uniform scale; some get $3.50, some only $3, and some $3.25, it depends upon the work the man is capable of doing.

Controller Ainey, speaking of the charges, says it must have been a mistake. 'Some men from the East were moved to the West,' he remarked, 'and the men there put up a game on them, saying they were receiving $4 daily. That caused the trouble.'

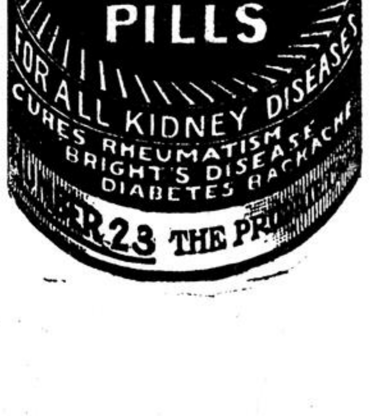
DR. MORISON AT Y. M. C. A.

The Rev. J. A. Morison, Ph.D., D.D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Chicago, will be the speaker at the men's meeting in the Central Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion square, on Sunday.

Dr. Morison has been pastor of the oldest religious organization of Chicago for six years, and during that time has raised for it an endowment fund of $50,000. For four years he has been chairman of the Clerical Board of the Presbyterian Hospital of Chicago, and is preacher to the University of Chicago.

Dr. Morison is a McGill graduate, and three years ago the degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by the Presbyterian College of Montreal. He is an eloquent speaker, and considered to be one of the most promising of the younger preachers of America. He will speak at the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday, at 3.45 p.m., and an invitation is extended to all men to attend.

Dr. Morison, of Chicago, will occupy the pulpit of the American Presbyterian Church on the 10th and 17th inst.



LORD LOVELAND DISCOVERS AMERICA

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By C. N. and A. M. WILLIAMSON

SUMMARY OF THE PRECEDING CHAPTER.

The adventures of the young Marquis of Loveland, spoiled darling of his mother and pet of society, begin at the family seat, Loveland Castle in the North of Scotland, where, on his mother's advice, to recuperate the fallen family fortunes he decides to take the important step of entering the American matrimonial market in search of an heiress. After the decision is made the important thing is to get introductions to the 'right people,' and Lord Loveland is quite convinced that Jim Harborough, the wealthy American, who married his cousin Betty, will be only too glad to supply the need. Harborough, who has plans of his own on reforming Lord Loveland, agrees in apparent good faith and further persuades Loveland to travel on the 'Mauretania' instead of on the vessel in which his passage had been engaged, urging its superior 'chances.' He goes on board, taking the cabin engaged for a friend of Harborough's, who was unable to leave at the last minute. Nor does he remain long unknown in spite of his coming unannounced, for Major Cadwallader Hunter, a notorious gossip, soon spots him, and attempts to scrape an acquaintance, although he is coldly received. Loveland's own observations fasten his attention on two girls out of the beauties on board, and one of these takes his chair by mistake. His vanity believes it is her way of starting a conversation, but she soon undeceives him and while he finds she is a niece of a Mrs. Loveland, whence the mistake in the chair, she asks no question as to his identity.

CHAPTER VI.

CATSPAWING.

When the chair of Mrs. Loveland had been indicated, as it soon was by a tactless deck-steward, the girl was obstinate in her determination to seek it. Val went with her, carrying the rug and the book; but as there was no vacant place on either side of the new chair, he was obliged presently to go back to his own. And it was on his way back that Major Cadwalladar Hunter's chance came.

'Lord Loveland, I see you don't remember me,' he began, attaching himself to the younger man, with an air of 'should auld acquaintance be forgot' in the bend of his back, and speaking in a low tone, that his words might not be heard by any curious ears. Then he hurried on, lest Loveland should deny him with undesirable frankness: 'Quite natural you shouldn't remember' (which indeed it was, as they had never come within miles of each other) 'but I feel I've some right to remind you of my existence, because we're connected in a way. I am Major Cadalladar Hunter——'

'Never heard the name in my life,' said Loveland, rudely. He thought that his uninvited companion looked like a bore, and he had never yet suffered a bore gladly. A flash of reflection told him that he possessed no envelope in Jim's or Betty's handwriting addressed to Major Cadwallader Hunter. The fellow would hardly be so mildly ingratiating if he were a millionaire with daughters to guard, and Val resented a trumped-up claim of connection.

Cadwallader Hunter could swallow a snub with a smile, but never would he forgive the snubber.

He smiled now; but if Lord Loveland had not been Lord Loveland——

'I'm a distant relative of Jimmy Harborough's,' he explained, 'and I generally run over to London for a few weeks in the season. Jim seems to be as popular on your side the water as on his own.'

Loveland did not trouble himself to reply. If Jim had thought this alleged relative an interesting or profitable person for him to know, the name of Major Cadwallader Hunter would probably have been on one of the introduction envelopes.

Undismayed by the chilling silence, Cadwallader Hunter still walked by Lord Loveland's side and prattled. His next sentence hinted that he possessed in some degree the quality of clairvoyance.

'I suppose Jim's given you lots of letters,' he continued, 'but it's not likely there's one to me. I'm a mere bachelor, and therefore must take a back place. Jim would naturally send you to married people with big houses of their own, where they can entertain you. Still, in my own small way, I can be useful to strangers, and should be glad to be useful to you, because in my eyes you don't seem quite a stranger. I am, by the way, a great admirer of your cousin, charming Lady Betty, and if you'll allow me to say so, there's a strong family resemblance between you.'

(Major Cadawallader Hunter had been out of America during Betty's visit, but had seen her photograph.) 'If this is your first time on our side, you don't know the ropes yet, and you must let me tell you anything you care to hear; about people, about places, about hotels; about the sights, should you want to see them. I can begin, for instance, by telling you who is Who on this ship. There are several of our millionaires.'

Loveland's handsome young face lost its frozen stare. He had taken a dislike to Cadwallader Hunter, but it was not so serious a dislike that he could not bury it. He wanted to know several things which this man might be able to tell, but most of all he wanted to know about the niece of Mrs. Loveland. As he confessed to her, he had passed over the coincidence of names with indifference, when idly noting it on the passenger-list, thinking that the existence of a Mrs. B. Loveland could not concern the Marquis of that ilk. Now, however, if this know-all, officious sort of person could prove that the lady sprang from the same stock, be she no matter how remote a cutting, it would be pleasant news.

Cadwallader Hunter, who was a student of faces, saw the change on Lord Loveland's features and was relieved, though relief brought no liking. He had begun to be anxious as to the result of the conversation, because a failure to thaw on Loveland's part would have been awkward after certain boasts lately made. Now he saw that he had, as usual, taken the right tack, and that his efforts were destined to succeed.

'I know almost everybody on board,' went on the American. 'That is, everybody who counts.'

'Who is that man walking with the tall girl in gray?' Val deigned to inquire, as his first choice among the beauties of the ship came in sight. 'Is he someone of importance?'

(To be continued.)

DYSPEPSIA

The only way to cure a bad case of Dyspepsia is to take one or two Pap-Sag Tablets in a little warm water, after each meal. Not to observe this simple and easy rule is to remain depressed with all kinds of stomach disorders, such as Heartburn, Fetid Breath, Gastritis, Flatulence and Indigestion.

For sale by all Druggists. Sent also by Mail on Receipt of Price. 50c per Box, $2.50 for six Boxes.

Address: PAP-SAG COMPANY, Montreal

CHILDREN'S CORNER

THE SPELLING EXAMINATION.

(By Ferdinand A. Wyman, jr.)

The day of the spelling examination had come at last, and Johnny went to school in a very nervous frame of mind.

He had worked hard and faithfully, and had studied his little blue spelling-book until it seemed that he knew it all.

There was to be a prize for the child passing the best examination. It was a beautifully bound book of stories. Johnny did so want that book and now at last the day had come.

Each scholar was given a strip of paper ruled off into 25 lines. The teacher was to read the word and give three minutes to write it in. There were to be 25 words.

Johnny tried his pen, and, because it did not write easily, he raised his hand and asked for a new one. It was given him, and, with his little forehead drawn into a scowl he wrote the heading and then waited for the teacher to give out the first word. He looked around, and he was so excited that nothing seemed natural. The clock looked as though it was laughing at him, and the big insurance calendar seemd twice as large as before.

'Running.' The teacher pronounced the word slowly and distinctly. Johnny knew how to spell that all right, and he quickly wrote it down. It seemed an age before the teacher gave the next word.

Johnny got used to waiting; and, when the twenty-fifth, the last word, was about to be given, he knew that he had all of them right so far. If only he could get the last one!

'Business,' said the teacher. Poor Johnny was heart-broken! It was the one word in the whole book that he could not remember. Did the 'I' come before the 's' or was it 'b-u-s-i-n-e-e-s-s'? For the life of him he couldn't tell. So he sat there looking blankly at the calendar, slowing reading the advertisement. Suddenly a flush came to his cheeks, and, with a quick glance at the teacher, he wrote down the word correctly.

The next day on which the prize was to be given Johnny went to school with a sorry little heart under his jacket. Even the thought of the prize could not make him feel happy.

After the morning exercises, the teacher stood up to give the prize. 'The spelling of the class has pleased me greatly,' she said. 'It was a hard examination, and I did not expect to have any one have them all right; but one boy did have them all right, and another had all right but one. I am going to give the prize to Johny Fairbanks, as he had every one right. Tommy Jones had all except one.' Then she started to pass the book to Johnny. Johnny was very white and seemed to be trying to say something. Finally he burst out: 'Give it to Tommy. I cheated, Miss Howley. I couldn't think how to spell that last word, and I was looking at the calendar there, and the word was on it, and I didn't say anything about it, but wrote it down just as fast as I could.'

Poor Johnny. If he hadn't looked at the calendar, he might have had the prize; for without that last word he had as many as Tommy. But the teacher had given the book to Tommy as he had asked.

That evening at the supper table Johnny told all about it to his father and mother. His father said, 'I had rather see you man enough to own up than to see you win a thousand spelling prizes.' So Johnny went to bed happy.

Two days later his joy was made complete by a handsome book of stories. On the first page his father had written, 'For the boy whose honesty father is proud of.'—'Christian Reader.'

JOE.

Joe, with his bright tin bucket
  Can to the garden run,
And pick it full of big tomatoes—
  Ripe ones, every one.

Mother is in such a hurry
  All the busy day,
She is glad of such a helper—
  Quick to leave his play.

Never see him wait a minute
  When he hears her call,
No, indeed! He comes a-running
  Leaving top and ball.

Little hands so very willing,
  Feet so swift to go,
Save his mother's many footsteps.
  Helpful little Joe!

WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURE?

July 8.

If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness.

I acknowledge my transgressions: and my sin is ever before me. Against thee, thee only, have I sinned, and done this evil in thy sight.

And he arose, and came to his father. But when he was yet a great way off, his father saw him, and had compassion, and ran, and fell on his neck, and kissed him.—I have blotted out as a thick cloud, thy transgressions, and, as a cloud, thy sins: return unto me; for I have redeemed thee.—Your sins are forgiven you for his name's sake.—God for Christ's sake hath forgiven you.—That he might be just, and the justifier of him which believeth in Jesus.

Then will I sprinkle clean water upon you, and ye shall be clean.—They shall walk with me in white: for they are worthy.

This is he that came by water and blood, even Jesus Christ: not by water only, but by water and blood.

I. John i., 9. Ps. li., 3, 4. Luke xv., 20. Is. xliv., 22. I. John ii., 12. Eph. iv., 32. Rom. iii., 26. Ezek. xxxvi., 25. Rev. iii., 4. I. John v., 6.

FRENCH AT McGILL.

Seventy-five Students Enrolled in the Summer Course.

The holiday course in French, extending over a period of three weeks, opened this week at McGill. There are two classes, the elementary and advanced. The former consists chiefly of conversation, reading and phonetics, while the latter is of a more literary nature.

The lecturers are Dr. Walter, Messrs. Chodat, Villard, Lasalle, Lagace and Marc Sauvalle. Madame Démole and Mlle. Amaron act as conversationalists and chaperones.

Besides these morning classes, several afternoons will be devoted to sightseeing. Guides, capable of explaining in French interesting features, will accompany the parties.

Prof. Bieler and other speakers of note will give illustrated lectures, and other entertaining programmes in the evening. The ladies are in residence at the Royal Victoria College, and the men at the Presbyterian College, but all take their meals at the Royal Victoria College.

The building is having a real French bath, for showers of French conversation, more or less fluent, fill the air in dining-room, corridors, and it may be, ere long, from the bedrooms in one's dreams. It is insisted upon that no English be spoken.

There are seventy-five students enrolled, the greater number coming from the United States, many of whom are westerners. There are some from Ontario, but Montrealers are conspicuous by their absence, as only a half dozen are registered.

This apathy towards a rare treat at our own door seems to be quite human. But it is a pity. There are no specialists in French employed in the Montreal public schools, so each class teacher is a teacher of French. The greater number of the Montreal teachers have a fair knowledge of French, but many of them lack just what this course would give them, the art of conversing with ease and fluency, a great adjunct, especially in the natural method, which is the system followed.

Already many of the visitors have expressed themselves as delighted, not only with the course, but also with the city of Montreal.

SUNDAY IN VERDUN.

Councillor Henry Hadley and Sabbath Desecration.

Councillor Henry Hadley, of Verdun, writes disclaiming views attributed to him in a report of the Verdun Council meeting. He says:

'I did not express any opinion on the subject of Sunday closing of shops, as during the thirty-five years I have sat in the council I have always opposed every form of Sabbath desecration, and my views were well known. Councillor Starke was not at the meeting.'

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Desirable Week-End Trips

Good going Saturday and Sunday, returning until Monday following to various points.

Sunday Train Service to the Laurentians

Trains from Place Viger at 8.30 a.m. for Nominingue, and 9.30 a.m. for St. Agathe, Sundays only, for passengers, Shawbridge and north.

Train leaving Place Viger at 8.30 a.m., Sundays only, will stop at St. Jerome.

Passengers for points on the Canadian Northern on Saturdays should take the 1.25 p.m. train from Windsor Street Station. Train leaving Place Viger at 1.45 p.m., Saturdays only, does not stop at Montfort Junction.

Homeseekers' EXCURSIONS

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.	July 12, 26 August 9, 23 Sept. 6, 20, '10

Tickets good for 60 Days.

TOURIST CARS

Leave Montreal daily, Sundays included, at 10.30 p.m., for Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver and Seattle, and daily, Sundays included, at 10.10 a.m., for Winnipeg and intermediate stations. Price of berth, Winnipeg, $4.00; Calgary, $6.50; Vancouver, $9.00; and Seattle, $9.00.

Cheap Excursions to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland, and San Francisco.

Particulars on application.

Montreal - Portland - Old Orchard - Kennebunkport.

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The Scenic Route to the Maine Coast. Sleeping Cars leave Montreal at 7.45 p.m. daily. Parlor Cars leave Montreal daily except Sunday, at 9.00 a.m.

Upper Lake Service

Every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday steamship will leave Owen Sound for Sault Ste. Marie and Fort William, after arrival of steamship express leaving Toronto 1.00 p.m.

St. Andrews-by-the-Sea.

Sleeping Car daily.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.

218 St. James Street.

Telephones: Main 3732-3733, or Place Viger and Windsor Street Stations.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

CHEAP WEEK END TRIPS FROM MONTREAL

Brockville	$2.90	Cornwall	$2.15
Ottawa	3.45	Quebec	5.60
Sherbrooke	3.30	St. Johns	1.00
St. Hyacinthe	1.30	Valleyfield	1.15

For other points and full information see Week-End Excursion Pamphlets, to be had at G.T.R. Offices.

MONTREAL - PORTLAND - OLD ORCHARD-KENNEBUNKPORT, Me. FAVORITE ROUTE TO THE SEASIDE.

Sleeping Cars leave Montreal at 8.15 p.m. daily, Parlor Cars leave Montreal at 8 a.m. daily. Sleeping Car leaving Montreal Saturday nights will run to Kennebunk only. On Sundays Sleeping Car will start from Kennebunk at 7.00 p.m.

FAMOUS ALGONQUIN PARK, PARRY SOUND, HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO.

Leave Montreal at 8.30 a.m. week days, arriving at Algonquin Park 5.28 p.m. and Depot Harbor at 9.20 p.m. Close connection at Scotia Junction for North Bay. Through Parlor Buffet Car on the above trains between Montreal, Algonquin Park and Depot Harbor.

CITY TICKET OFFICES,

130 St. James Street. Phones Main 6905, 6906, 6907, or Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

BONAVENTURE UNION STATION.

SUMMER SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT JUNE 19th.

MARITIME EXPRESS.

8.15 a.m. DAILY	For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis, Quebec, Riv. Ouelle, Murray Bay, Riv. du Loup, Little Metis, Campbellton.
8.15 a.m. Except Saturday	For the above-named Stations; also Moncton, St. John and Halifax.
4 p.m. Except Sunday	Express for St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, St. Leonard, Nicolet and intermediate stations.

OCEAN LIMITED.

7.30 p.m. Except Saturday	For St. Hyacinthe, Levis, Quebec, Murray Bay, Riv. du Loup, Bic, Little Metis, Matapedia, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Halifax and Sydney. Through connections for Prince Edward, and Newfoundland.
11.45 p.m. Sat. Only	For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis and Quebec.

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H. A. PRICE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. GEO. STRUBBE, City Ticket Agt.



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Dominion	July 2	July 30	Aug. 27
Laurentic	July 9	Aug. 6	Sept. 3
Canada	July 16	Aug. 13	Sept. 10
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Laurentic and Megantic largest and most modern steamers sailing from the St. Lawrence. Superb accommodation for First, Second and Third Class passengers.

Canada and Dominion, One Class Cabin (called 2nd Class). Rates very moderate. Third Class are also carried.

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Manchester Exchange	July 9
Manchester Importer	July 16
Manchester Engineer	July 23
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SS. LAKONIA .... July 7 (Cold Storage.)
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Passage Rates—Cabin (called Second), $45.00 and upwards; Third-Class, Eastbound, $27.75; Prepaid, Westbound, $28.75.

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SS. CERVONA .... July 16 (Cold Storage and Cool Air.)

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PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that under the First Part of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as 'The Companies' Act,' letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 28th day of June, 1910, incorporating Robert Cooper Smith and Frederick Henry Markey, King's Counsel; William Gilbert Pugsley and George Gordon Hyde, Advocates, and Ronald Cameron Grant, Accountant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz.: (a) To manufacture and sell cordage, rope, binder twine, and any and all articles composed in whole or in part of flax, hemp, cotton, wool and other materials; (b) To buy, cultivate, grow, and sell all material for such manufacture, and to acquire, by purchase, manufacture or cultivation, all materials, supplies, machinery, and other articles convenient or necessary for use in connection with and in carrying on the business and manufacture and sale as aforesaid; (c) To acquire, buy, hold, sell, lease, improve, cultivate and otherwise deal in and dispose of real estate, manufactories, letters patent of invention, as may be necessary or convenient in carrying on said business; (d) To sell, or dispose of the whole or any portion of the company's business, letters patent of invention, and to receive and hold in exchange therefor stock, cash, or other consideration in other incorporated companies, notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of 'International Flax, Fibre and Twine Company, Limited,' with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of June, 1910.

THOMAS MULVEY, Under-Secretary of State.

Smith, Markey, Skinner, Pugsley & Hyde, Solicitors for Company.



ALLAN LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL.

Tunisian	July 15	Aug. 12	Sept. 9
Victorian	July 22	Aug. 19	Sept. 16
Corsican	July 29	Aug. 26	Sept. 23
Virginian	Aug. 5	Sept. 2	Sept. 29

The Turbine SS. Victorian has made the fastest passage on record between Liverpool and Montreal—6 days 15 hours 6 minutes.

Saloon, $77.50 and up; Turbiners, $87.50 and up.

Second Cabin, $47.50, $50.00 and upwards; London, $2.50 additional.

Third Class, Liverpool, Glasgow, London, Belfast or Londonderry, $28.75 and $30.00, according to steamer.

TO GLASGOW.

Pretorian	July 16	Ionian	July 30
Hesperian	" 23	Grampian	Aug. 6

Hesperian: Saloon, $67.50 and up; second class, $47.50 and up.

Other steamers, One-Class Cabin, called Second Cabin, $45.00, and upwards. Third-Class, $28.75.

TO HAVRE AND LONDON.

Lake Erie	July 16	Sicilian	July 30
Pomeranian	" 23	Sardinian	Aug. 6

One-Class. — Second Cabin, Rate—London, $42.50; Havre, $45.00, $52.50, and up; Paris, $3.65 additional. Third-Class—London, $27.75; Havre, $32.00; Paris, $34.50.

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The vicinity affords beautiful scenery, fine sea bathing and unexcelled fishing. Guests have the privilege of salmon and trout fishing in connection with the house. Salmon and Trout Fishing par excellence.

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This new and up to date Hotel is open for the reception of guests. Good fishing, boating and bathing. Plenty of shade, wide verandahs; first class chef; toilet and bath in house. Fine Dance Hall. Good train service: C.P.R., Knowlton or Foster. For terms, apply

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BROOKSIDE FARM; TWO MILES from station; good board; abundant shade; large verandah; pure water; terms, $5.00 per week. Apply to MRS. G. M. BEACH, Cowansville, Que.

LAURENTIDE PARK HOUSES NOW open for boarders; wide, sandy beach, cool, large rooms, verandahs, safe bathing, good boating and fishing; park consists of 100 acres wooded land. Five minutes' drive from station. Address, Miss HICKS, St. Gabriel de Brandon, Que.

ACCOMMODATION FOR A FEW Boarders; pleasant location, farm house. Terms, $5 per week. Particulars, DAWSON K. GILBERT, Dunham, Que.

GOWAN BANK HALL, ON THE Shore of the beautiful Lake Memphremagog, is open for summer visitors; rates moderate. Address, DOUGLAS McGOWAN, Georgeville, P.Q.

TEACHERS WANTED.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED Teacher, holding Model diploma, granted by McGill Normal. Teacher must be Protestant. Apply, stating salary, etc., to HOWARD MULLIGAN, Sec.-Treas., Fort Coulonge, Que.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED Teacher, holding Adv. Elementary Diploma, for the Point Fortune Protestant School, for ten months' term; duty to begin first of September. Apply, stating salary wanted, to GEO. A. BARCLAY, Sec.-Treasurer.

WANTED, TWO PROTESTANT Teachers, for Nos. 2 and 3 Schools, Mille Isles, holding an Elem. Diploma; term, 8 months; salary, $25.00 per month; duties commence 1st Sept. For further particulars, apply, JOHN BOYD, Sec.-Treasurer, Hazel Land, Que.

WANTED, FOR RIVER DESERT School, a Protestant teacher (female), holding first class diploma. Salary, $325 for ten months. Duties to begin Sept. 1, 1910. Apply to W. SMITH, Sec'y.-Treas., River Desert, Que.

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WANTED TO PURCHASE ALL CAST-off Clothing, Furniture, Silverware, Plated Ware, Old Gold, Pawn Tickets. Above everybody else's prices paid by MAX FRANK, 15 East Craig street. Tel. East 3067.

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HOUSE FOR SALE — BEAUTIFUL property at St. Faustin Station, Lac Carre (Square Lake); very fine view near the lake; will be sold at good terms. Address, JOSEPH GAREAU, St. Faustin Village, P.Q.

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Daily Excursion to Oka, Hudson or Carillon, by Steamer EMPRESS, home by the Rapids, $1.00, arriving at Montreal at 6.30 p.m.

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Telephone Main 1029.

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Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.

SS. "CASCAPEDIA," 1,900 tons, recently fitted out on the Clyde specially for this service, with all modern comforts, leaves Montreal, on Mondays, at 4 p.m., 18th July, 1st, 15th and 29th August, and from Quebec the following day at noon, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Gaspé, Mal Bay, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

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(Via Far-famed River Saguenay)

calling at Charlottetown and Halifax. SS. "TRINIDAD," 2,600 tons, sails from Quebec, 22nd July, 5th and 19th Aug., and 2nd September, at 5 p.m.

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Summer excursions, $20 and upwards, by the twin screw "BERMUDIAN," 5,600 tons. Sailings from New York, at 10 a.m., 16th and 27th July, and every 10 days thereafter. Temperature, cooled by sea breezes, seldom rises above 80 degrees.

The finest trips of the season for Health and Comfort.

For full information apply to any Ticket Agent, or to

J. G. BROCK & CO., Agents,

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WANTED, A GIRL, 15 TO 20, PROtestant, to take charge of a child, 3 years, and assist generally in housework; near Calgary. Good pay and easy work. Box E.X., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, FOR 4 OR 5 WEEKS, A young girl to assist with housework, where another girl is kept; no washing; family of two; wages, $3.00 per week. Apply to 133 Bishop street.

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WANTED, a few Smart Girls, between 16 and 19 years of age; experience not necessary. Must live at home. Apply, Employment Office, The John Murphy Co., Limited.

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HOUSE PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER Hanging, Whitewashing and Tinting, neatly done; walls repaired in plastering; no objection to country work. Apply to T. FINN, Painter, 25 Plateau.

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PAINTING, TINTING, GRAINING, Office Lettering, Paper-Hanging, Plastering, Carpentering. Small Jobs promptly attended to. Workmanship guaranteed. Phone PAINTER, St. Louis 1999.

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For $41.50, I can land respectable colored female domestics in Montreal. Apply, C. D. ROBINSON, P.O. Box 433, St. John, N.B.

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HOIST FOR SALE, CHEAP—One Double belted floor type freight hoist, with cage and wheels, in good condition; platform 5 x 5 feet; fully 1500 lbs. capacity. Counter shaft, pulley and splendid H.P. motor; 110 D.C. included, if desired. Apply to 142 St. Peter street.

SHAFTING AND PULLEYS in GREAT variety, for sale, cheap. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

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FOR SALE, CHEAP. Some New Canadian Standard Oliver Typewriters, of Number 2, 3 and 4 Models, fully guaranteed, worth $97.50, to be sold at $35 while they last, to make room for new models. Splendid opportunity. Call, or write, at once.

Canadian Oliver Typewriter Co., St. Martin Street.

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2 10 h.p. 115 volts D.C.

1 8 h.p. 110 volts. D.C.

All in A1 condition, and can be seen any time. Will sell cheap.—Apply,

'WITNESS' OFFICE

PRESSES, Etc. FOR SALE.

WHITLOCK DRUM CYLINDER PRESS; size of bed, 48 inches x 32 inches; table distribution, 2 form rollers; 4 vibrators; rear nipper delivery, 4 bed tracks, driving pulley, 14 inch diameter, with 2¾ inch face, speed up to 1200 an hour. This is an easy running press, and in good condition. Floor space occupied, 8 ft. x 12 ft. Just the thing for printing wrappers, blank forms, posters, or a small newspaper for country place.

UNIVERSAL PLATEN PRESS.

This press has been thoroughly overhauled, and will print from a gent's card to a sheet 12 x 18.

Also, some type frames, almost new, for sale, cheap.

These presses, etc., are a snap for anyone requiring them. Apply 'Witness' Office.

FLATS TO LET.

COMFORTABLE MIDDLE FLAT, 7 rooms, bath and furnace; 16 Brandon avenue. Also, two stall stable and closed shed; cement floor, water and drains. Telephone 3800 Westmount.

BUSINESS FLATS TO LET — FLAT containing about 1900 square feet, well lighted, lavatories, heated, automatic sprinklers, gas and electric lights; close to McGill street; suitable for offices or manufacturer's agent. Apply, 334 Craig street West.

TO LET.

SHOP TO LET ON ST. PETER ST., next door to 'Witness. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

150 DUROCHER — FIRST CLASS Double and single rooms; two bathrooms, shower bath.

VETERAN LAND GRANTS.

VETERAN LAND GRANTS WANTED. —Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated. Highest spot cash price paid. MULHOLLAND & CO., McKinnon Building, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET a 'Witness' at his newsdealers will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone, Main 4090, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building, Montreal.

WANT ADS. For The 'WITNESS'

MAY BE LEFT WITH

A. T. Chapman, Bookseller, 513 St. Catherine St. West, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington street, West of Subway.

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20 Words for 10c.

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25 Words for 25c.

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NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps Will Be Accepted.

The above rates are Cash with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate line space.

Ideal Water Trips on Elegant Up-to-Date Passenger Steamers

R & O

MONTREAL - TORONTO LINE (via Thousand Islands and Rochester, N.Y.)—Steamers leave at 12.30 noon daily, except Sundays.

MONTREAL - TORONTO - HAMILTON LINE (via Thousand Islands and Bay of Quinte) Steamer Belleville leaves every Friday at 7 p.m. Special low rates on this steamer.

MONTREAL - QUEBEC LINE—Steamers leave daily at 7 p.m.

QUEBEC - SAGUENAY LINE—Steamers leave Quebec at 8 a.m., Tues., Wed., Fri., Sat., from July 8th daily.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 126-128 ST. JAMES STREET, opp. Post Office.

Cottage at Outremont.

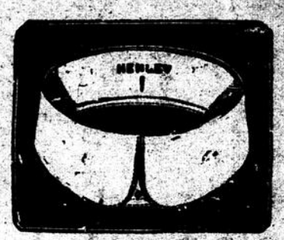
I want to buy a cottage with ground 50 feet frontage. Terms: Cash. Apply JULES GLOBENSKY, 74 St. James Street.

Property (3 flats)

I would buy house (3 flats), giving good revenue. Apply JULES GLOBENSKY, 74 St. James Street.

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Nothing on Earth

Tooke's Henley

2 1-8 in. deep.

12½c each

Nothing on earth can prevent a sensational season's business here. We've never sold so many shirts before. Perhaps it's because the shirts are too good for Montreal men to ignore. Perhaps it's because more men are finding them out. Prices—85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.

R. J. TOOKE, Limited, St. James and St. Catherine Sts.

PRINCE WAS CONFIRMED

Impressive Ceremony in Windsor Castle Chapel for Prince of Wales.

(London 'Standard.')

Windsor, June 24.—The little private chapel at Windsor Castle was to-day the scene of a most brilliant, yet intensely solemn, ceremony, when the young Duke of Cornwall, newly created Prince of Wales, received the rite of confirmation at the hands of the Archbishop of Canterbury, in the presence of the King and Queen, the Queen-Mother, and other members of the Royal family, and upwards of sixty privileged invited guests. Their Majesties the King and Queen, the Prince of Wales, Prince Albert of Wales, and other members of the Royal family arrived by train at 1.20, and were received at the station, on behalf of the burgesses, by the Mayor, Mr. Fred Dyson. Their Majesties drove to the Castle, whither they were preceded by the Queen Mother and her sister, the Empress Dowager of Russia. The two royal ladies went down into the mortuary chapel below the Albert Memorial Chapel, where the remains of King Edward VII. rest. Some beautiful flowers from the royal gardens were laid in the tomb before the Queen Mother's arrival, and Her Majesty also placed a wreath on the coffin.

The King and Queen, the Prince of Wales, the Queen-Mother, and other royal guests, including the Prince and Princess Christian, lunched in the state dining-room and the bidden guests in the Waterloo Chamber. Immediately following luncheon came the ceremony of the day in the ornate private chapel, which adjoins the Waterloo Chamber. The royal pew, which their Majesties usually occupy, was filled by the choir of St. George's Chapel, who were to render the musical portions of the service, instead of their being placed in the organ loft as usual. Here Sir Walter Parratt, master of the King's music, presided at the organ.

The King and Queen and other royalties entered the chapel precisely at 3.30, their Majesties escorting the youthful candidate for confirmation. The Prince of Wales occupied a seat immediately in front of the altar, at which stood the Archbishop of Canterbury, and with him the Dean of Windsor (Dr. Elliot, registrar of the Order of the Garter, of which the Prince of Wales is now a member), the Rev. Canon Dalton (domestic chaplain), and the Rev. H. Dixon-Wright (naval chaplain at Dartmouth), who prepared the royal candidate. On the right of the Prince sat his parents and his sister and brother, Princess Mary and Prince Albert. In the chairs behind them were the Princess Louise Duchess of Argyll, Princess Henry of Battenberg, the Duchess of Albany, Princess Alexander of Teck, Prince Christian, Princess Andrew of Greece, Princess Louis of Battenberg, Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, Prince Francis of Teck, Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein and Princes Alexander and Leopold of Battenberg. On the left were the Queen-Mother, and her sister, the Empress Marie, the Princess Royal (Duchess of Fife), Princess Christian, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Prince Arthur and Princess Patricia of Connaught, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, the Duke of Fife, Princesses Alexandra and Maud of Fife, Princess Marie Louise of Schleswig-Holstein, and Prince Alexander of Greece.

In attendance on the King were: Lord Althrop (Lord Chamberlain), the Earl of Granard, Lord Annesley, and Lord Herschell; on the Queen, the Duchess of Devonshire and the Earl and Countess of Shaftesbury; and upon Queen Alexandra, Earl Howe and the Hon. Charlotte Knollys. In addition to the above, about sixty guests were bidden by the King, these including Mr. Asquith, Lord Knollys, Sir William Carrington, Sir Arthur Bigger, Sir Francis Laking, Mr. Winston Churchill, Lady Eva Dugdale, Lord Lorebum, Sir Dighton Probyn, Sir F. Ponsonby, the Rev. Canon Sheppard (Sub-Dean of the Chapels Royal), Prince Cherachidje (in attendance on the Empress Marie), and others.

The sun shone through the beautiful stained-glass windows of the chapel upon the brilliant scene. The Archbishop of Canterbury, in solemn tones, commence the confirmation service after the opening hymn, 'Fight the good fight.' The Prince, a boyish figure, in his tightly-buttoned naval uniform, in a low but firm voice, made the declaration.

The following is the vital passage from the solemn rite as administered to-day to the young Prince:—

'Then shall the Archbishop say to him that is to be confirmed:

'Do you here, in the presence of God, and of this congregation, renew the solemn promise and vow that was made in your name at your baptism, ratifying and confirming the same in your own person, and acknowledging your self bound to believe, and to do, all those things, which your godfathers and godmothers then undertook for you?

'And he that is to be confirmed shall audibly answer—

'I do.'

The Archbishop delivered a brief and very impressive address to the Prince, in which he set before him the lofty ideals of chivalry as set forth by the Order of the Knights of the Garter, and after the Archbishop's exhortation the following hymn, specially composed for the occasion by the Rev. Dixon Wright, and set to the tune of Sir Arthur Sullivan's Queen Victoria's Jubilee hymn, was sung by the choir:

To Thee, O God, our hearts we raise
In humble supplication
For him who seeks in boyhood's days
A lifelong consecration.
To Thee he comes with vows renewed,
The right from wrong discerning,
Oh send him forth with power endued,
With zeal and courage burning.
O Saviour Christ, to Thee we pray,
With heavenly manna feed him;
Thyself the Life, the Truth, the Way,
through all life's changes lead him;
When fails the heart in warfare long;
when faith and love are dying,
Oh make him in his weakness strong
while on Thy might relying.
O, Holy Spirit, Fount of Life, through
manhood's years protect him;
His help in need, his shield in strife,
with sevenfold gifts direct him.
Inspired with love and holy fear and
pledged to high endeavor,
Oh grant him grace to persevere and
seal him Thine forever.

The service concluded with the hymn, 'O Jesus, I have promised' and the Benediction, pronounced by the Primate.

TO WITHDRAW GUNBOAT

Former President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, Admits Control of 'Venus.'

Washington, July 8.—From the State Department the report was given out yesterday of rumors reaching it that former President Zelaya had offered to have the 'Venus' withdrawn from Nicaraguan waters on certain conditions.

This would be the first admission from Zelaya, if the rumors proved true, that he had any control over the armed vessel which has been plying on the eastern coast of Nicaragua, although previous reports to the department connected his name with the purchase and outfitting of the 'Venus' and other boats for service in the interests of the Madriz forces in Nicaraguan waters.

The conditions which the rumor said Zelaya imposed were that protection be given to his personal estate in Nicaragua, which is reported to be very large, and that he be recompensed $50,000, the first payment on the Emery claims, owned by Americans, and adjusted in agreement between the United States and Nicaragua just before the uprising in the central American country.

The 'Venus,' with several effective mounted guns, has been cruising along the eastern coast of Nicaragua, reducing several towns to the subjection of Madriz, and otherwise assisting the cause of the Madriz Government, which was formerly ruled by Zelaya. The ship sailed from New Orleans, but it has been a matter of dispute as to where she mounted her guns.

MR. ROOSEVELT WILL ASSIST

In Support of Senator Beveridge, Insurgent for Re-election.

HE WILL DELIVER ADDRESS.

Senator is Practically Opposing Tariff Law Policy of the President.

Oyster Bay, N.Y., July 8.—Albert J. Beveridge, United States senator from Indianapolis, and one of the most prominent and consistent of the Progressive Republicans, came down from Sagamore Hill yesterday with a promise from Mr. Roosevelt to deliver a campaign speech in his fight for re-election to the Senate. Mr. Beveridge departed content and smiling, but he left it for Mr. Roosevelt to make announcement of the proposed campaign speech in the senator's behalf. And this is what Mr. Roosevelt said:

'Mr. Foulke and Mr. Swift came to Sagamore Hill last night and spent the night here. They came to request me to go to Indiana and speak in behalf of Senator Beveridge. I promised them that I would.'

He added that he agreed to make only one speech for the senator, and, so far as is known, he will make only one. The time and place for this speech has not been fixed.

Those who have followed the political conferences at Oyster Bay since Mr. Roosevelt's return share the belief that he has cautiously been feeling his way in his attitude towards the administration and the insurgents, but to-day's incidents are considered the most important yet developed. Senator Beverige is making his fight for re-election as an insurgent. He is opposed by John W. Kern, who ran with Bryan in the last campaign.

In his fight the senator is placing himself square against the President, Mr. Taft, in so far as the tariff law figures. The law which the President has defended as the best tariff measure ever, is denounced without equivocation by the senator, and the same Republican state convention which endorsed Beveridge for another term, virtually repudiated the law. In the Senate Beveridge fought the bill to the last, and then voted against it.

It is pointed out, however, that with this exception the President and the senator from Indiana have been pulling together so far as administration policies are concerned. There has been no break between them. The President entrusted to the senator the conduct of two administration measures at the last session of Congress—the Statehood Bill and the Alaska Government Bill. And although the senator worked faithfully with the insurgent band in the Senate, and had a hand in the alteration of President Taft's Railroad Bill, he supported the administration regularly in the last session, when the votes were taken.

BAYS WERE EXEMPTED

U.S. Claim in Fisheries Dispute at the Hague—Canadian Cables.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

The Hague, July 8.—Continuing his plea on behalf of the United States before the Fisheries' Tribunal, Mr. Warren yesterday declared that prior to 1905, when the dispute arose regarding the laws of Newfoundland, Great Britain never claimed that the treaty of 1818 excluded United States fishermen from all bays, but those bays under British jurisdiction were excluded. This was in accordance with the United States interpretation of the treaty. Mr. Warren pointed out that the treaty of American independence in 1780 accorded unreservedly to United States fishermen the right to fish along the coasts of British possessions. He argued that in the correspondence preceding the negotiations, which led to the treaty of 1818, Great Britain maintained that the United States had not the right to fish 'within British limits.' This was tantamount to exclusive British jurisdiction, and explained the meaning of the clause in the treaty in which the United States renounced for ever the right to fish within three nautical miles of the coasts, bays, harbors and inlets of British possessions not included in the treaty.

At the time of the conclusion of the treaty, however, it was the generally recognized rule that the jurisdiction of a country extended as far as a cannon shot out to sea, or three miles. Therefore, it was only sought by the treaty to exclude American fishermen from territorial waters properly so-called, not from the great bays, which, being more than six miles broad at the mouths, could not be considered territorial waters.

ADVICE TO STRIKERS

Fifty Thousand Garment Workers Told to Avoid Disturbances.

New York, July 8.—Fifty thousand garment and cloak makers, of whom 8,000 are women, walked out yesterday at the call of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, which demands an eight-hour day, an increase in wages and a guarantee that contractors shall stand behind sub-contractors for wage payments. The fight thus far is purely local, but officers of the union said last night that if the employers attempted to sub-let their work in other cities, notably Chicago, Philadelphia and Cleveland, the union would call a strike there also.

The 1,100 factories here employ 100,000 hands, of whom approximately half are organized. The strikers hope to draw many of the non-union workers out by a sympathetic appeal.

'We have plenty of money, between $50,000 and $100,000,' said Vice-president Boliak, of the union, 'and the members in other cities will help us. We have received a great many offers of settlement already, and these will be considered by the settlement committee to-day.'

A circular issued by the union read in part:

'Pick no arguments and enter into no discussion either with your employers or with other employees. Give no opportunity for interested parties to make disturbances, which may lead to a breach of the law and to arrests. Show the world you know both your duties and your rights, and are law-abiding citizens.'

TEAM LED AT EVERY RANGE

Canadians' Strong Showing in Winning Mackinnon Cup at Bisley.

SCOTLAND WAS SECOND.

Color-Sgt. Freeborn, Hamilton, Made High Score of 146 at Three Ranges.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

Bisley, England, July 8.—Canada won the Bisley Cup yesterday, and won it easily, the Canadian team not only having forty-one the best of Scotland, the team next up, but also leading the seven other teams in the match in every one of the three ranges. At the 800 yard range the Canadians had five the best of Scotland, next in order; at the 900 they had seven the best of Australia, next up, and at the 1,000 yard range their nearest competitor was England, 14 points behind. This was consistent work, and proved conclusively that the win was no fluke. The team did not equal the record made by last year's Canadian team which also won the Mackinnon, putting on the record score of 1,569, but it has the satisfaction of knowing that yesterday's winning score has never been bettered except by last year's team. This was the ninth time the Mackinnon Cup has been shot for under the conditions of yesterday's match. England has won it four times, Scotland twice and Canada three times.

Not only did Canada win, but members of the team came to the front with two fine exhibitions of marksmanship. At the 800 yard range Sergt. Morris put on a possible, the only one scored during the match by the 96 men engaged. The chief honors, however, went to Col.-Sergt. Freeborn, of Hamilton, who had the top score of the match, a great 146, made up of a 49, a 48 and a 49.

Of the team half, or six men, shot on last year's team. Of the total of 1,567 the veterans contributed 790, and the new men 777. Each member of the team receives a commemorative silver bowl, given by the National Rifle Association.

The scores of the teams were:

	800 yds.	900 yds.	1,000 yds.	Ttl.
Canada	562	528	477	1,567
Scotland	557	511	458	1,526
Ireland	524	520	448	1,492
England	526	496	463	1,485
Australia	520	521	432	1,473
Guernsey	510	493	449	1,452
Malay S. Guides	522	491	435	1,448
India	529	519	399	1,447

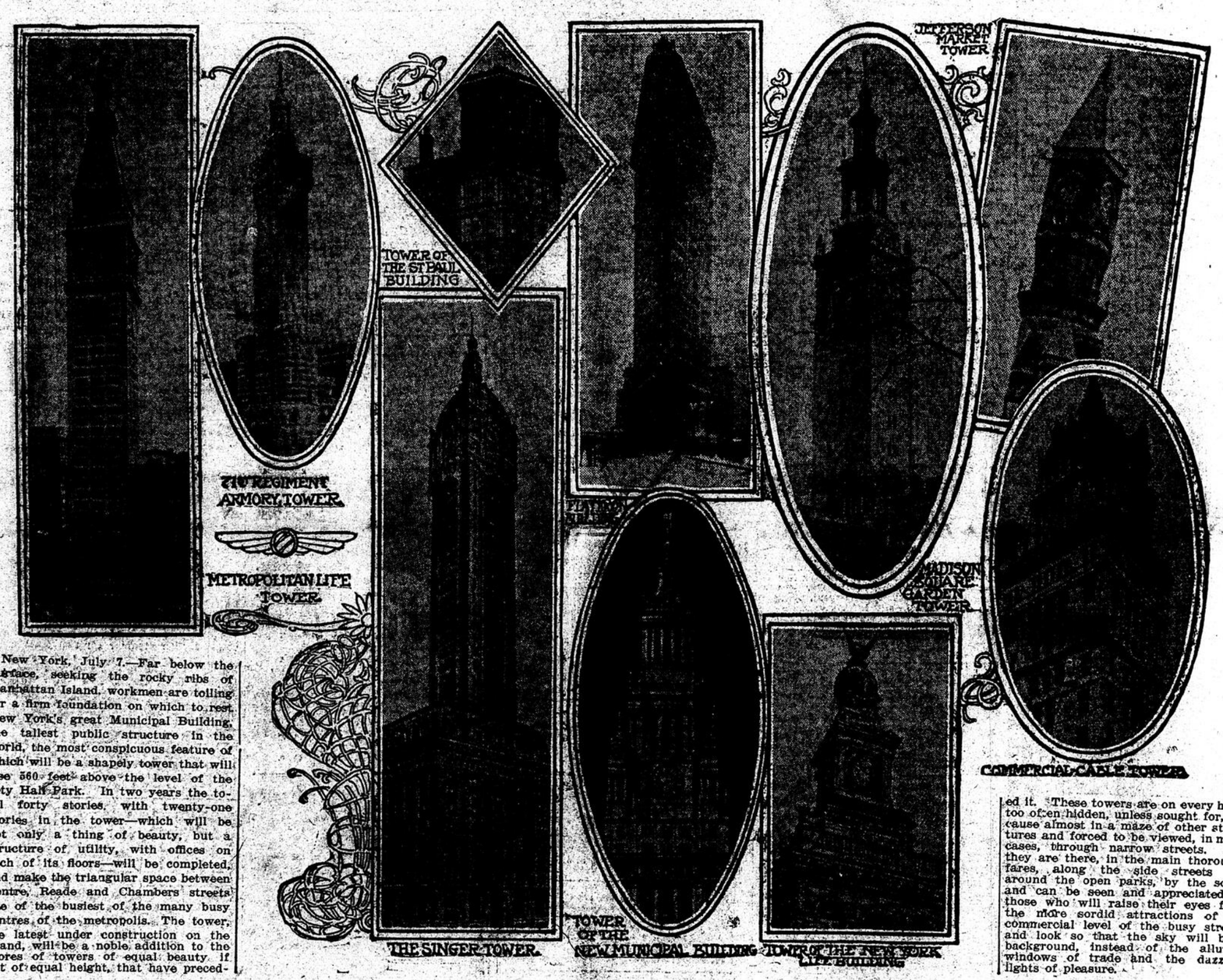
The Canadians scored as follows:

	800 yds.	900 yds.	1,000 yds.	Ttl
Col.-Sgt. Freeborn, Hamilton	49	48	49	146
Captain Crowe, Guelph	49	46	44	139
Sgt. Steck, Truro, N.S.	49	44	45	138
Pte. McKie, Guelph	46	46	41	133
Captain McHarg, Vancouver	49	45	39	133
Sergeant Mitchell, Hamilton	48	38	45	131
Sergeant Russel, Ottawa	43	44	44	131
Sgt. Morris, Bowmanville	50	42	39	131
Cap. Forrest, Vancouver	43	48	36	127
Sgt. McInnes, Edmonton	46	42	36	124
Pte. Clifford, Toronto	42	45	33	120
Pte. Steele, Guelph	48	40	26	114

ROSS RIFLE.

London, July 8.—Major Varley, of the English team, and Private Gray were the only competitors, except the Canadians, who used the Ross rifle in the Mackinnon match.

SOME OF THE TOWERS OF NEW YORK.



New York, July 7.—Far below the surface, seeking the rocky ribs of Manhattan Island, workmen are toiling for a firm foundation on which to rest New York's great Municipal Building, the tallest public structure in the world, the most conspicuous feature of which will be a shapely tower that will rise 560 feet above the level of the City Hall Park. In two years the total forty stories, with twenty-one stories in the tower—which will be not only a thing of beauty, but a structure of utility, with offices on each of its floors—will be completed, and make the triangular space between Centre, Reade and Chambers streets one of the busiest of the many busy centres of the metropolis. The tower, the latest under construction on the island, will be a noble addition to the scores of towers of equal beauty if not of equal height, that have preceded it. These towers are on every hand, too often hidden, unless sought for, because almost in a maze of other structures and forced to be viewed, in many cases, through narrow streets. But they are there, in the main thoroughfares, along the side streets and around the open parks, by the score, and can be seen and appreciated by those who will raise their eyes from the more sordid attractions of the commercial level of the busy streets, and look so that the sky will be a background, instead of the alluring windows of trade and the dazzling lights of pleasure.

RESISTED ARREST.

So Constable Used Butt End of His Revolver.

With his head swathed in bandages, Elizear Dion appeared before Judge Lanctot yesterday to answer a charge of breaking into the tailoring establishment of A. Lamoureux, St. Christophe street.

He had received his injuries through resisting arrest, Constable Lacoste stating that he had been forced to use the butt end of his revolver in self-defence.

Dion pleaded guilty and was remanded for sentence.

NO RACING IN PARK.

Again horsemen have asked the Board of Control for permission to speed their horses on Lafontaine Park during certain hours, and again the Board has refused. The park, they said, is for all the people, and is unsuitable for racing.

IMMIGRANTS ROBBED.

Serious Charge Against Lawyers of United States.

New York, July 8.—That extortionate fees were demanded of would-be citizens by so-called lawyers, and even by organizations supposedly formed to assist aliens in becoming citizens of the United States, was the purport of testimony given yesterday before the Congressional Committee, headed by Representative Wm. S. Bennett, appointed to investigate the conditions surrounding the issuance of naturalization in this city by the federal and state courts.

One of the witnesses called was L. Belkowitz, secretary of the Naturalization Aid League.

'There is extortion practised upon the aliens,' he declared, 'by lawyers, or those who call themselves lawyers. And I know of cases where organizations have extorted money from would-be citizens.'

SUCCEEDS GOLDWIN SMITH.

In Appointment to Toronto University Board.

Toronto, July 8.—Mr. Reuben Leonard, of St. Catharines, has been appointed a governor of the University of Toronto, in place of the late Prof. Goldwin Smith. The six governors whose term of office expired recently have all been re-appointed. They are Sir Edmund Walker, chairman; Messrs. G. R. R. Cockburn, C. D. Massey, Principal D. R. MacDonald, St. Andrew's College; W. T. White and F. C. Whitney.

COMING TO CANADA.

London, July 8.—The Right Rev. Arthur F. Ingram, Bishop of London, will sail for Canada in August to inspect the missions there.

FRANCE IS ALARMED.

Continuous Wet Weather Threatens To Result in Floods.

Paris, July 8.—Continuous cold and wet weather is beginning to cause serious alarm. There has been daily rain for six weeks and the precipitation since the first of January has already exceeded the average rainfall. A recurrence of floods is threatened. Many streams are full and some are out of their banks.

The grape crop is suffering heavily, and mildew has made its appearance in the champagne district. The hay crop is almost destroyed. Meteorologists attribute the rainfall to continuous hot weaterly winds from America which absorb moisture in crossing the Gulf Stream that is precipitated as soon as it comes in contact with the cold land of the Continent.

LORD BRASSEY COMING.

London, July 7.—Lord Brassey sails on Saturday for Canada. He goes in his own yacht, the 'Sunbeam.'

FOR MISSIONS IN CANADA.

London, July 8.—The third annual review of the Central Board of Missions has fifty pages devoted to affairs in the Canadian dioceses.

MR. BALFOUR'S TARIFF VIEWS.

London, July 7.—Mr. Balfour, who is suffering from a cold, wrote to the Women's Tariff Reform Association to-day regretting his inability to address them on tariff reform, especially the Imperial side, which, he says, is becoming daily more urgent. He adds that it is of the utmost importance that the overseas states in framing their policy of commercial treaties should be assured that the ideas and convictions of the Unionist party will remain unalterably fixed.

SHOWS BIG INCREASE.

Business Over the Canadian Lines from Chicago is Improving.

According to the statement of Mr. A. C. Shaw, general passenger agent of the C. P. R. passenger service at Chicago, who was in the city yesterday on business, says business over the Canadian lines from Chicago is showing a remarkable increase. Mr. Shaw said that the Canadian route to Great Britain was showing an especial increase in popularity, a large number from the middle and western States preferring the St. Lawrence route to that via New York, while a great many others were taking tickets going one way and returning the other. In addition to this, Mr. Shaw said that the recent hot weather had caused a marked increase in the number of people taking trips through the northern parts of Canada. He looked for an unusually good season on the Canadian roads with visitors from the United States.

MANITOBA TEACHERS SAIL.

The 'Virginia' sailed at daybreak this morning, carrying amongst her other passengers, the 160 school teachers from Manitoba, who are visiting England to study scholastic methods.

The official British address of the party will be care of London Teachers' Association, 9 Fleet street, London, E.C. The following is a summary of the trip:—

July 8—Sail from Montreal, calling at Quebec.

July 15—Arrive at Liverpool; railway to London.

First two weeks—London and environs.

Third week—Tour of Continent.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Mr. D. Daignault, restaurant keeper, made an assignment of his estate for the benefit of his creditors at the request of Mr. M. O. Leroux, who was appointed guardian provicionally. The liabilities are $3,105.

Mr. J. D. Boyer, restaurant keeper, also assigned at the request of F. X. St. Charles & Co., who were appointed provicional guardians. The liabilities are placed at $700. A meeting of the creditors will be held in both cases on July 12th.

2,400 MILES OF WIRE.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Telegraph Department will this summer string 2,400 miles of copper wires in the west. It will mean a copper wire from Montreal to Vancouver. It is also the intention to equip the entire Lake Superior section with telephones.

JULY 12th CONCERT.

Next Tuesday evening an entertainment will be given in the lecture hall of the East End Methodist Church, by Orient Council, R.T. of T., and friends, in the interests of the temperance cause. All interested in the work are cordially invited.

GOSPEL TENT MEETINGS.

This evening and Sunday evening evangelistic meetings will be held in the tent on the grounds of St. James' Methodist Church, St. Catherine street. The attendance and interest are increasing weekly and results are very encouraging.

AT RIVIERE DU LOUP.

Riviere du Loup, July 7.—The closing exercises of the public school here, of which Miss Matthiew, of Lachute, is teacher, took place on an ideal afternoon, and the presence of the trustees, parents and friends was a clear indication of interest.

During the year eight to ten French-Canadians attended the school, which speaks well for Miss Matthiew, who speakes both languages fluently. The minister of the Presbyterian Church was asked to take the chair, and during the afternoon he addressed the French friends in their mother tongue. He congratulated the parents for sending their children to an English school, declaring that the individual with both languages was indeed the man of the hour. The pleasant proceedings, which all seemed to have enjoyed, were brought to a close by the singing of the National Anthem.

COUPON.

'WITNESS' ART TREASURE DISTRIBUTION.

Six coupons cut from the 'Witness' will, with the nominal sum of TEN CENTS to pay for handling, entitle the holder to a copy of Sir Luke Fildes' famous picture,

'THE DOCTOR.'

As so many of our subscribers are eager to get this splendid picture, but did not start in time to save their coupons, we have arranged to accept this week's coupons also for "The Doctor," thus deferring announcement of the next Masterpiece till later.

If to be sent by mail add five cents.

Address "Coupon Dept.," "Witness" Office, Montreal.

Friday, July 8.

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