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HOME RULE FOR CUBA.

A Bill That Seems to Confer It.

IT IS NOW CIRCULATING IN HAVANA.

Cuba Will Not Accept Without American Guarantee.

New York, January 28. — A despatch from the Herald's correspondent in Havana, sent via Key West, says:

"I have seen an absolutely authentic draft of the home rule measure which Spain is about to concede to Cuba.

"The act provides for a Legislature wholly elective by an enlarged suffrage, and composed of a Senate and Lower House. Besides having the sole power to vote an especial budget of the island, this chamber has full power to draw up and control the budget of what may be termed the Imperial expenses of the army and navy of Spain, in so far as they are legitimately to be shared by Cuba, subject to the approval of the Spanish Cortes. With the Governor-General of Cuba is vested the power to appoint all officials, with the exception of the directors-general, or collectors of the ports, and members of the secretaries-general of the Governor and civil governors of the provinces, who are to be selected by popular vote. All officials who shall be appointed by the Governor-General must be confirmed by the Assembly. The Cuban Assembly will have full and exclusive power to initiate all money and tariff bills, and no bill of this nature can be presented or considered by the Madrid Government until it has been approved by the Cuban Assembly. Mr. Olney has seen the measure and it has his approval."

The correspondent adds that Cuba will not accept this proposal minus an American guarantee of Spanish fulfilment.

BEAUHARNOIS CASE.

A Further Postponement is Granted.

[Special to the Star.]

Beauharnois, Que., January 28.— The trial of the Beauharnois election petition against Mr. J. H. G. Bergeron, M. P., Conservative, on its merits, was called to-day. The Court opened at ten o'clock. Judges Belanger and Loranger presided. Mr. F. X. Choquet, Q. C., and W. Mercier represented the petitioner, and Mr. Bergeron was represented by J. K. Elliot, Q. C., who objected to the trial going on because the preliminary objection, decided adversely to respondent, was before the Supreme Court.

Mr. Choquet then moved that the commencement of the trial on its merits be postponed to April 1 next. That motion was granted; the Court was then adjourned to March 2.

It is understood that the case may be dropped if the petition against Thomas Gauthier, Liberal, M. P. for L'Assomption, is similarly treated.

MISS FLYNN'S DEATH

Premier Loses Second Daughter Within a Year.

Quebec, January 28.—(Special.) — Hon. E. J. Flynn, Premier of this province, has been cruelly tried in family afflictions of late. About six months ago he lost one of his daughters, aged 14, and yesterday another daughter, aged 16, succumbed to peritonitis. The deceased, Miss Marie Octavie Caroline, had been ill for some time past, but nobody ever thought that her illness would taken a sudden turn for the worse when the Premier left for Montreal last week. As her condition was getting critical yesterday morning, Hon. Mr. Flynn was informed by wire, and arrived last evening a few hours after her death. Her funeral will take place on Saturday morning to the Basilica.

CASE BEGINS AGAIN.

London, January 28.—In the divorce division of the High Court of Justice to-day, before Justice Barnes, the hearing of the petition for divorce brought by Countess Cowley against her husband, Henry Arthur Mornington Wellesley, Earl Cowley, was resumed. Sir Edward Clarke, Q.C., opened for the defence.

COUNT MARIVIEFF IN PARIS.

Paris, January 28.—Count Marivieff, the newly appointed head of the Russian Foreign Office, arrived in Paris this morning. A large crowd of persons assembled at the station to await his coming, and greeted him with cheers, and cries of "Vive Russie," as he made his appearance.

ANOTHER BANK SUICIDE.

Leigh, Neb., January 28.—Last night Frank J. Lesnp, cashier of the Clarkson State Bank at Clarkson, Neb., committed suicide. He had recently sold an interest which he held in the bank, and no reason for his action can be assigned.

SITTING IN MONTREAL.

Ottawa, January 28.—(Special.)—The Exchequer Court will sit in Montreal on February 25, to hear the cases of the Montreal Wool Milling Co. vs. the Queen, and the Queen vs. the Company. The cases arose out of an accident in the canal.

RETURNING FROM BRAZIL.

Ottawa, January 28.—(Special.)—The Secretary of State has received notice that there are eleven more families at Rio, whose necessities require their repatriation to Canada. The Consul-General at Rio desired to know if Canada would be responsible for the cost of transportation. Hon. W. Laurier, on being informed immediately wired in the affirmative.

So far some 71 of the Canadian immigrants have been returned to Canada. In December five distressed Canadians were given free passage back to New York from Santos. Since then 49 adults and 17 children have been sent back, and now that the bill for their transportation to New York has been received the Government are astonished at its moderation. It barely averages $5 per head.

MR. BORDEN'S CASE.

He is Getting Along Well--Leaves for Ottawa Last of Week.

[Special to the Star.]

Dorchester, N. B., January 28. — The inquests into the death of Arthur C. Edgecombe, of Fredericton, and Miss Huelah Patriquin, of Boomfield, N. B., who were killed in the terrible I. C. R. accident near here on Tuesday, are being carried on this morning before Coroner Chapman. There are still in town a dozen more people who received injuries, and who are as yet unable to be removed, but all are doing well.

In conversation this morning with Mr. Harold Borden, who since the accident has been with his father, the Minister of Militia, a Star correspondent learned that the hon. gentleman was speedily recovering. He sustained a severe wrench of the muscles of the back, and a rather severe cut upon the cheek. But having passed a comfortable night, he feels much improved this morning. He will, however, be unable to leave for Ottawa until the last of the week. The report he had left was in error.

"SOO'S" CUT RATE.

Its Alleged Purpose and Fears it Raises.

New York, January 28.—Trunk line people view the coming reduction in freight rates by the "Soo" line, from New York to St. Paul, with some apprehension. It is a cut from 60 to 40 cents a hundred pounds, and it is feared that it may unsettle the tariffs between New York and Chicago. The reduction of the "Soo" line is aimed at the Granger roads or the lines operating between Chicago and St. Paul, which refused to allow the Canadian lines a satisfactory differential. Some of the officials fear that the Granger roads may prevail upon eastern connections to lend them a helping hand in fighting the Canadian companies, and that the breach may, thereby, become widened and lead to general rate cutting. The purpose of the "Soo," it is declared, is to capture the bulk of the seaboard traffic and divert it from the Chicago gateway.

NEW ENGLAND STORM

Snow Coming Down—A Wreck Reported.

Boston, Mass., January 28.—This section of New England is locked in the arms of an old-time snow storm to-day, and a high northeasterly wind which accompanies the disturbance gives it blizzard-like proportions. The snow began to fall early last evening, and the storm increased in violence steadily during the night, until at 8 o'clock this morning, several inches of snow had fallen and the wind was blowing at the rate of thirty miles an hour. The storm extends along Long Island Sound. A steamer, supposed to be the Mohawk, is ashore at Goshen Point, near New London. Relief has been sent to the scene. The snow storm extends into Northern New York.

BELANGER'S TERRIBLE DEATH.

(Special to the Star.)

Quebec, January 28.—Mr. J. Belanger, killed in the last manufactory of O. Chalifour, in this city, yesterday, was the foreman. He met with a terrible accident yesterday afternoon, and it cost him his life. It appears that one of the belts of the machinery slipped of the revolving wheel and rested on the shaft. The foreman, taking a ladder, mounted it to try and replace the belt. What immediately followed nobody can tell, but on hearing a rather peculiar noise one of the employes rushed into the room and was horrified to see the bleeding body of Belanger whirled rapidly around, tangled up between the shaft and belt and striking the ceiling and wall at each revolution. The machinery was stopped immediately and the body taken down. A priest and doctor were immediately sent for, but when they arrived life was extinct. Deceased was a widower with two young children.

THE CZAR WEPT.

London, January 28.—A despatch to the Daily News from Berlin quoting from the St. Petersburg letter to the Leipziger Nachrichten, makes statements which throw additional light upon the troubles of the Czar. This correspondent says that the Czar really suffers, from more than an ordinary boil complicated with nervous affliction due to the incidents accompanying his accession. Court struggles and political intrigues, ostensibly over the financial schemes proposed by M. De Witte, Russian Minister of Finance, really amount to a struggle for ascendancy between the old Russian party and the progressists. So warm was the discussion at a recent Council meeting that the Czar broke down entirely, tears gathering in his eyes, and he buried his face in his hands and cried: "Do what you like. It is all the same to me."

FREIGHTER OVERDUE.

New York, January 28.—Miller, Bull and Knowlton are perplexed at the non-arrival of the British freighter, Fort William, which sailed from Shields on December 26. She was commanded by Captain McCabin, and being a big ship, carried a crew of 30 men.

GOING TO CALIFORNIA

Ottawa, January 28.—Madame Laurier goes to California on Friday. The Premier will not go. One of his brothers, who is ill, will be accompanied by the Premier's wife.

TROOPS FOR AFRICA.

Rome, January 28.—The War Office has ordered six battalions of troops to be got in readiness to start for Massowah.

SPANISH PREMIER ILL.

Madrid, January 28.—Senor Canovas Del Castillo, the Spanish Premier, is slightly indisposed.

"AS A GENERAL RULE"—

The most successful men in life are those with the best information.

"Baron Sergius," Endymion.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Is controlled by men who have devoted their lives, thought and capital to the study of Tea in its multifarious forms, and therefore have a knowledge and experience away above the average. Hence, the unexampled Success of their "Specialty."

SEALED LEAD PACKETS ONLY. Never Sold in Bulk.

BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE 25c, 40c, 50c, 60c.

22d

THE FRUITS OF QUEBEC.

A Great Change for Expansion of Product.

SMALLER VARIETIES WOULD GROW AND FLOURISH.

Fourth Winter Meeting of Pomological Society.

(Special to the Star.)

Howick, Que., January 28.—The fourth annual winter meeting of the Pomological and Fruit Growing Society of the Province of Quebec was opened in this village last evening under very favorable auspices, there being present the Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. J. C. Chapais, president of the society; Mr. Edward Barnard, of the Department of Agriculture, Quebec; Professors Shutt and Craig, of the Experimental Farm, Ottawa; Messrs. R. W. Sheppard and Gilbert Wintle, of Montreal; William Craig and J. M. Fisk, Abbotsford; Dr. Grignon, Ste. Adile; Gilbert Worth, Como; W. W. Dunlop, Outremont; Dr. Wood, St. Johns; W. F. Halcroft, Hudson; Robert Brodie, St. Henri; C. P. Newman, Lachine Locks; N. C. Jack, Chateauguay Basin; L. J. Palmer, of Plattsburgh, N.Y.; K. W. M. Pattison, of Clarenceville, and others.

Mr. J. C. Chapias, the President of the Society, in the course of a short but comprehensive address, reviewed the work of the year, and stated, as one of the results of the organization of the Society, that it had now been found possible in this province to grow certain kinds of fruit, such as raspberries, strawberries, currants and gooseberries, up to as late a period in the season as December. In concluding his remarks, he congratulated the Hon. Sydney Fisher upon his appointment as Minister of Agriculture in the Laurier Cabinet.

The Hon. Mr. Fisher, who was the next speaker, alluded to the abundant capacity of the Province of Quebec for raising fruit of a fine quality. Small fruits, in every shape, as well as apples, could be grown in this Province, and fruit growers would get a rich variety of each in their season, if they would only pay more attention to the principle underlying successful horticulture. Quality was far more to be desired than quantity, and once the reputation as to quality was obtained, the farmer's products would be demanded by every nation. Fruit growing for purposes of export was now attracting the attention of the fruit growers of Canada and it was safe to say that in a very few years Canadian fruit would find its way into all the markets of the world.

Prof. Craig, of the Experimental Farm, Ottawa, alluded to the over-production of fruit during the past season, and stated that fruit growers would have to change their method of horticulture very shortly. They would have to cultivate more winter apples, as the summer apples had been found to be unfit for city purposes.

Nor could they be relied upon to make the best evaporated fruit. It would pay the farmer to top graft some of his present trees with the more vigorous of summer apples, unless he desired to cultivate the more hardy winter varieties. In order to prevent the possibility of the roots of apple trees being damaged by the frost, Prof. Craig recommended the planting of grass or clover in the orchard. Prof. Shutt, also of the Experimental Farm, gave a very interesting and instructive address on fertilizers for the orchard. He dwelt at some length on the fundamental principles underlying economic manuring, showed that fruit growers must first learn the nature of plant food and the sources from which they obtained it, and finally consider the composition of the fertilizers that are available for orchard use. By means of chemistry, orchardists were put into possession of facts which, if intelligently applied, would permit them to prosecute their work with a very fair hope of success.

THE ENQUETE CONCLUDED.

Quebec, January 28.—(Special.)—The preliminary investigation in the American Tobacco Co. case was concluded this morning, in the Police Court, Judge Chauveau will now read over the evidence and then fix a day for argument.

The witnesses yesterday were Joseph Cote and A. Gremier, whose goods were shut off by the combine. Louis Poulin had signed the agreement, as also did Misael Thibaudeau, after first refusing.

SCHOOL BUILDING BURNED.

Delhi, Ont., January 28. — The Delhi public school building was completely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss about $5000; insured for $3000.

MR. PITTAWAY A LOSER.

Ottawa, January 28.—Sparks street was visited by a fire this morning about six o'clock, but fortunately it was extinguished before much damage was done. The fire started in the photo studio of A. G. Pittaway, photographer, in the upper story of building belonging to George Hay. The damage to the building is small, but the loss to Mr. Pittaway will be about $1,000, covered by $210 insurance. Below Pittaway's is the store of Beamont and Johnston, gents' furnishings. The stock is badly damaged by water. The offices of C. A. Douglas, insurance agent, were also flooded with water.

MR GAGE'S PRIZE.

Was Once a Watchman; Now is Sure to be Secretary of Treasury.

Canton, Ohio, January 28.—Lyman J. Gage, of Chicago, will be Secretary of the Treasury under President McKinley. This statement is strengthened by the fact that the president of the First National Bank of Chicago is now on his way to Canton in response to the telegraphed request of the Major to visit him, after long range negotiations had been carried on. President elect McKinley had had a special representative in Chicago to urge the Chicagoan's acceptance, and it is not improbable that he has been successful.

Lyman J. Gage is known in his native city as one whose methods are clean and honorable. He is of English descent and fifty-eight years old. He was born in De Ruyter, N.Y., and is the son of Eli A. and Mary Judson Gage.

At the age of ten he entered the Academy at Rome, N.Y., and studied four years, when it became necessary for him to earn his own living. He was employed in the Rome post office when



LYMAN J. GAGE,

Almost certain to be McKinley's Secretary of the Treasury.

he was fourteen years old. A year later he was made mail agent on the Rome and Watertown Railroad. In 1855 he became clerk in the Oneida Central Bank at a salary of $100 a year.

As the great West was then attracting the bright sons of the East, Mr. Gage went to Chicago when only nineteen years old and found employment in a lumber yard and planing mill as bookkeeper. Through the great financial crash of 1857 the firm suspended and he, with thousands of others, lost his position as bookkeeper and became watchman for his employers. He then secured a position in the Merchants' Saving Loan and Trust Company on a salary of $500 a year. In five months he was paying teller at $1,200 a year, and six months later, assistant cashier at $2,000 a year. After one year he became cashier, and occupied that position until 1868. He then became partner of the First National Bank of Chicago. In 1882 he was elected a director and later president, when his genius in financial affairs was discovered.

With a capital stock of $3,000,000 it had then in deposits $80,000,000, and half that sum in loans.

He was chairman of the Chicago Committee who fought for the holding of the World's Fair in that city. He with three others then signed a pledge guaranteeing $10,000,000 if the fair was held in Chicago. He retained his position until the fair closed.

Mr. Gage is a gentleman of fine presence, distinguished bearing and quiet dignity. He is a member of the Chicago Union League Commercial and Bankers' Clubs.

SLEIGHING IN BALTIMORE

Baltimore, Md., January 28.—Sleighing is always a novelty in Baltimore, and to-day thousands took advantage of the opportunity to enjoy the usual sport. Almost seven inches of snow fell yesterday evening and last night, the most severe storm of the present season. There have been few heavier snow falls in this city than that of yesterday since the blizzard of 1888. Ice has fastened itself on the waters of the rivers and Chesapeake Bay and is giving trouble to the shipping interests. Several vessels are locked in by the ice.

MUD AND OYSTERS.

Ottawa, January 28.—(Special).—Nova Scotian farmers are seeking the repeal of the rules prohibiting the digging of mussel-mud for agricultural purposes, but their request is strongly opposed by the fisheries department. The officials state that mussel-mud beds are really merely oyster beds, and that the removal of the beds means an immense loss in oysters. The mud is usually dug by means of machinery, which irretrievably destroys the beds for oyster purposes.

Only Two Days More.

Friday and Saturday Only are left for those who wish to take advantage of Tooke's Twenty Per Cent. Discount. This is an opportunity no one can afford to miss. It's a direct insult to your pocket book to neglect to call at Tooke's during the next two days. It dosen't cost you a cent to call and see what we have—it may save you dollars.

R. J. TOOKE, 177 ST. JAMES STREET, 2387 ST. CATHERINE STREET, WEST, 1553 ST. CATHERINE STREET, EAST.

23d1

COLMAN'S MUSTARD COLMAN'S STARCH COLMAN'S BLUE

303zeod

250 Kegs East Coast Scotch Herring received into Store yesterday. Full Herrings, with roes and milts. Price only $1 per keg.

Giving Universal Satisfaction is Our 50 CENT ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA.

We are putting it out in 1 lb. parcels, ½ lb. parcels, 5, 10 and 20 lb. caddies.

PURE CEYLON TEAS.

35 cents per pound, 55 cents per pound and 60 cents per pound for the very finest Ceylon.

OUR POPULAR PORT AND POPULAR SHERRY WINES.

$1 per bottle and $10 per dozen are the grades always in active demand.

OUR No. 10 Port, $10 per dozen, with 10 per cent. for spot cash; this month only.

OUR SUPERIOR DINNER SHERRY, $10 per dozen, with 10 per cent. for spot cash; this month only.

1,000 TINS FRENCH PEAS (Petits Pois)

Full weight cans. Finest quality.

Petits Pois, Sur Fins, 30 cents per tin, $2.75 per dozen.
Petits Pois, Tres Fins, 18 cents per tin, $2 per dozen.
Petits Pois, 15 cents per tin, $1.75 per dozen.

FINEST PASTRY AND BREAD FLOURS,

In barrels, half-barrels and 25-pound sacks, FOR READY MONEY.

OGILVIE'S BEST FLOUR. (Patent Hungarian)

		Each.
Ogilvie's Best	in barrels	$5 75
Ogilvie's Best	in half-barrels	3 00
Ogilvie's Best	in 25-lb. sacks	0 85

CROWN JEWEL FLOUR. (Finest Pastry)

Crown Jewel Flour	in barrels	6 00
Crown Jewel Flour	in half-barrels	3 25
Crown Jewel Flour	in 25-lb. sacks	0 90

FAME FLOUR.

		Each
Fame Flour	in barrels	$5 50
Fame Flour	in half barrels	2 75
Fame Flour	in 25-lb. sacks	0 80

WHITE FROST FLOUR.

White Frost Flour	in barrels	5 00
White Frost Flour	in half-barrels	2 50
White Frost Flour	in 25-lb. sacks	0 75

*** These prices are delivered free.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
207, 209 and 211 ST. JAMES STREET.

23d1

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY

V. SARNO of the Jewellery and Art Goods Store, 2334 St. Catherine Street, having decided to leave the city and return to Italy, his native country, wishes to dispose of the business at once. Very good stand, first class trade, good income. For conditions, apply at

V. SARNO'S STORE, 2334 St. Catherine St.
Next the Bank of Montreal West End Branch.

22d1

BILLIARDS.
E. L. EVERITT & CO.,
23 St. Denis st., Montreal.
Manufacturers of Billiard Cloth, Balls, Tips, etc., etc. Our Columbus Electric Cushions are known to be the best in use.
Telephone:—Bell 6057. Merchants 213. 303zeod tf

BOECKH'S
Bamboo Handle Brooms
Made Specially for Ladies and Carters.
LIGHT and STRONG. 7zeo53d

MILITARY DANCE.

To be Given by Officers of the City Corps.

STRONG COMMITTEE ALREADY APPOINTED.

A military dance under the auspices of Lieut.-Col. Houghton, D. O. C., and the president and members of the Montreal Military Institute will be held in the Windsor Hotel on Friday evening, February 26.

The committee appointed to take charge of arrangements is as follows: President, Lieut.-Col. Burland, 6th Fusiliers; committee, 3rd Field Battery, Surg. Maj. C. W. Wilson, Capt. Costigan; 6th Hussars, Capt. C. A. Lockerby; 2nd Reg. C. A., Lieut. Renouf, Lieut. E. Cole; 1st Prince of Wales Reg., Capt. W. L. Bond, Lieut. G. L. Dobbin; 3rd V.R.C., Lieut. R. Starke, Lieut. G. Hiam; 5th Royal Scots, Capt. Geo. W. Cameron, Lieut. G. S. Oliver; 6th Fusiliers, Capt. V. E. Mitchell, Lieut. R. M. Courtney; 65th Batt., Capt. Jos. Pelletier, Lieut. Tarte; 85th Batt., Maj. Des Troismasons; 11th Batt., Lieut. F. Cushing; Montreal Military Institute, Capt. I. S. Ibbotson, Capt. T. H. Browne, Capt. Godard.

Hon. Secretary, Lieut. Ch. J. Armstrong, 5th Royal Scots.

The following ladies have been asked to act as patronesses: Mrs. Frank Bond, Mrs. Frank Caverhill, Mrs. Fred. Massey, Mrs. F. C. Henshaw, Mrs. C. A. Dugas, Mrs. T. P. Butler, Mrs. J. A. L. Strathy, Mrs. J. H. Burland, Mrs. Hector Prevost, Mrs. A. D. Aubry, Mrs. G. R. Hooper.

A limited number of tickets will be sold and can be obtained from any officer of the militia or from the secretary, Mr. C. J. Armstrong, 97 St. James street.

Invitations will be sent to the officers of the Third U. S. Cavalry stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Burlington, Vt., and also to the officers of the 21st Infantry, U.S.A., stationed at Plattsburg. Some of these officers will probably attend in uniform.

The dance will be held in the Ladies' Ordinary, which will be tastefully decorated with military trophies.

One feature of this dance will be the music, as no expense is being spared to procure the very best.

"It Will Work Wonders With ..." A startling 44 ... fully explained ... "Complete ... Every man ... facts, the no ... alone for pa ... secure this ... To simple ... impossible ... we say emphatically this is not ... It is purely medical and ... known a system of treatment of ... who need it. If you are looking for ... improper, don't waste your time and ... is not for you. If you want advice, which ... hood—if you want to succeed in life ... this book now. Write to the Erie Medical Co., ... N. Y., and ask for ... send it sealed in plain envelope entirely free ... time.

TRY WATSON'S COUGH D... Best in the World. ... For the Throat and Che... FOR THE VOICE UNSURPASSED.

THEY LIKE OUR WINTER.

There are some people, and we are glad of it, on this side of Canada who appreciate the attractions of Montreal as a winter resort, notwithstanding our reputation for snow and frost, ice palaces and that sort of thing. Attaches of the St. J., contains at least a dozen of these, and they came up to Montreal yesterday to enjoy a couple of days' sleighing. They are registered at the Windsor as follows: Mr. Allan B. Endicott, Joseph Thompson, Chas. E. Evans, E. Perry, E. L. Lee, L. Cuthbertson, Walter E. Edge, J. Hanson Lippincott, T. J. Dickerson, D. G. White, and Jno. R. Fleming. The party will remain here till to-morrow, and will take in the sights of the city and neighborhood by sleigh drive.

Special Notice ... THE SHERBROOKE EXTENSION. Plans and Particulars

Are now on view at the Sherbrooke of the proposed extension showing suites of two, three and four rooms, bath room and hall in connection with a handsome club dining room. Rents of these suites include taxes, water rates, heating, hot water, janitorial, table and chamber service. All the freedom from worry of an hotel with all the privacy of home. Call and enquire. Applications also invited for one or two vacancies in the present Sherbrooke. In these buildings no frozen pipes, snow shovelling or other too frequent cares of the self contained house or tenement. No danger of being left without a cook.

A Branch Establishment.

Messrs. J. H. Blumenthal and Sons will open a branch establishment on St. Catherine street west, corner Metcalfe. Their intention is to depart from the general and local detail at this house and conduct a business on the lines of Liliputian stores of Best and Co., New York city.

Two is company until they become one.

Cold waves, sudden changes and inclement weather bring on colds, pneumonia and fevers. If your blood has been purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla you will be able to resist such attacks.

DIED.

Mrs. W. G. Malone, nee Miss M. Hashmand, has returned to town after several months' delightful visit to Kingston as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Capt. Malone.

QUEBEC SUICIDE

An Effort to be Made to Identify Through Montreal Hotel-Men.

(Special to the Star.)

Quebec, January 28.—The inquest on the remains of the young man who registered as Chester S. Sands, who committed suicide last evening, at the Chateau Frontenac, has not yet been held. The Coroner, Mr. Belleau, has telegraphed to the Windsor Hotel, of Montreal, to try and find out his identity. The body is now at the Morgue, and will be photographed to-day, the post mortem examination taking place to-morrow.

Chester S. Sands, the unknown young man who committed suicide at the Hotel Frontenac, Quebec, stayed at the Windsor Hotel here from the 18th till the 21st of January. He was a very nice young fellow of about eighteen, who did not chum with anyone in particular and seemed very much interested in the sparring match between Slavin and Hall. This is all, up to the present, that is known about his actions in Montreal. He registered here also as from New Orleans.

PARLIAMENT.

Preparations at Ottawa for Opening

Ottawa, January 28.—(Special.)—"Coming events cast their shadows before them," and the appearance of Lieut.-Col. Henry Smith, Sergeant-at-Arms very busy in his office at the House, indicates that the session is not far off. Active preparations for the opening of Parliament are commencing both in the Commons and in the Senate, and both Houses will be ready for the commencement of the session on March 4. So far the exact date of opening has not been announced, but it is almost certain that the Speech from the Throne will be delivered either on March 4 or March 11. So far very few changes have been made in the personnel of the staff since last session, but a few may be expected before Parliament convenes, especially in the sessional clerk's staff. The assistant clerk, Mr. Rouleau, will be missing in the Commons, and no successor has as yet been appointed. It was rumored that the position of assistant clerk and of French clerk of votes and proceedings would be amalgamated, but it is learned that this will not be done. The rumor that Mr. Kimber, gentleman usher of the Black Rod will also be missed is again in circulation, but lacks confirmation.

MGR CLEARY BETTER

He Will Go South From Brockville To-morrow.

[Special to the Star.]

Brockville, Ont., January 28.— Archbishop Cleary, of Kingston, who has been here for the past ten days recuperating from a severe illness, is very much better, and will leave to-morrow in company with Vicar-General Gauthier, for the South. They will be absent about four months.

GLAD THEY'RE HOME

(Special to the Star.)

St. John, N.B., January 28.—The Lake Ontario, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, brought some families from Brazil on their way to Montreal. There were twelve of them in all, the heads of the families being Louis Courtois and Joseph St. Pierre. A Star correspondent had a talk with these men yesterday. They say it took them two months to get to their destination from Montreal. When they were sent out in all directions. Some went to Santos, some to San Paulo. The climate was unhealthy, they assert. Only those who were placed on the plantations could get work and they were treated as slaves. Those who remained in the large cities were offered three or four milreis a day, but this was far below the amount required to support them and their families. Those who could get away, these men say, were delighted when the opportunity offered. They went on yesterday afternoon's train for the west.

SIXTY CENTS PREVAILING PRICE

Winnipeg, January 28. — (Special.)— Grain dealers here are still fearful of another slump in the price of wheat, and those who have agents at country points have instructed them not to pay over sixty cents for the choicest No. 1 hard on the basis of Brandon freights. This, however, will not have much effect on the farmers, who, fortunately, are in a position to hold their wheat until navigation opens. Sixty cents is the prevailing price to-day.

BODY CREMATED.

London, January 28.—The body of Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of the Pitman system, who died last week, was cremated at Woking to-day.

TRIAL IN LONDON.

New Phases of This Remarkable Case.

(Special to the Star.)

London, Ont., January 28.—The London election trial (Beattie, Con.) took an unexpected turn yesterday afternoon. After fifteen days spent on two groups of charges, and after a huge mass of testimony had been adduced, from one hundred witnesses, the case was closed at noon, and the judges reserved their decision.

Mr. Osler, for the petitioner, then proceeded with a fresh lot of charges, which were regarded by his opponents as a sort of forlorn hope. Thomas Haynes, a laborer, swore that Herbert Boyd, a bookkeeper, had given him $1.25 to mow his lawn, after canvassing him for Major Beattie. Boyd admitted giving the money, but denied having canvassed Haynes.

The judges found the case, though trifling, as clearly proven, and pronounced the grass cutting a mere sham. The clause in the act extenuating trivial offences will be argued on later.

To-day the petitioners are piling up a mass of new testimony, which the defence will have to meet. Three witnesses have sworn that Alderman Carrothers gave them $5 each.

It is now thought Mr. Beattie will be unseated.

OMNIBUS TAXED.

Longueuil Aroused over the Action of the Town Council.

The citizens of Longueuil are much agitated over the action of the Town Council in deciding to levy a tax upon the proprietor of a line of busses, which have started running between the town and Montreal across the ice. The cabmen have been in the habit of charging 15 cents for the drive from shore to shore, but the omnibus proprietor cut rates to 5 cents a single trip or six trips for 25 cents. This naturally raised the ire of the cabmen, who had to pay license fees to the town, and they started an agitation for the imposition of a tax upon the omnibuses, which ended last evening in a very stormy meeting of the Town Council. The chamber was crowded, and much excitement prevailed. The whole matter was discussed at length, but finally the cabmen's friends triumphed, and by a vote of 5 to 2 the Council decided to impose a license of $25 upon each of the omnibuses. The decision does not meet with general approval, many of the Longueuil folk who have business in the city daily, claiming that the omnibus proprietor should be bonused rather than be compelled to pay a license. They intend to have an indignation meeting some day soon to protest against the Council's action.

A NEW CHURCH

To be Erected in Point St. Charles.

Point St. Charles is soon to have another new church. The Baptist congregation, which has grown from a small mission on Centre street a few years ago, and later to a church on Montmorency and Grand Trunk streets, a new building for that purpose being erected by the Olivet Baptist Church, are contemplating the erection of a church on the corner of Wellington and Liverpool streets. The success of the movement is due to the energy and zeal of the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Warnicker. Building operations, it is expected, will be commenced as soon as the frost is out of the ground. The new building will be in close proximity to the Episcopal, Methodist and Presbyterian churches.

STAFF-SERGEANT LAVERS.

Staff-Sergeant George Lavers, of the 6th Fusiliers, who was a member of the Bisley team last year, has been appointed foreman of the new Grand Trunk blacksmith shop at London, Ont. Mr. Lavers has been employed in the blacksmith shop at the Point St. Charles works. The appointment is made at the instance of Mr. F. A. Morse, the superintendent of motive power. Mr. Lavers is a skilled workman, and his many friends in Montreal will regret his departure.

SOMERVILLE LECTURES.

"What, why and how we breathe?" is the great question which Professor Bruere will discuss before the patrons of the Natural History Society this evening, at eight o'clock. To keep the lungs healthy should be a constant object in view of the deadly ravages of consumption.

MR. PENNY'S CONTEST.

The proceedings in the St. Lawrence division election contestation were to have gone on this morning, but, owing to the absence of Mr. J. N. Greenshields, Q.C., in Quebec, the case was, by consent, further adjourned until Saturday morning next at 10 o'clock.

Trade, Finance and Commerce.

MARTS OF THE WORLD

What is Talked About in the Different Trade Centres.

The South American nitrate combination organized about a year ago to control the production of nitrate is at present considering new plans for controlling the trade during the coming season. The present agreement extends until March 31, 1898. The output for the present year, that is, from April 1, 1896, to March 31, 1897, was fixed at 11,300,000 quintals, which was about 1,400,000 quintals less than the output of the previous year. The production will not, however, having been unusually large. Several of the companies included in the combination are owned by English parties, and these have been considering a plan for controlling exports as well as production during the year. The essential feature of the plan is to restrict exports from the coast during the summer, which is the dull season, and by preventing the European market from becoming over-stocked reap satisfactory results from the trade in the busy season.

[illegible] the expulsion of Robert H. [illegible] from the Chicago Board of Trade [illegible] bucket shop committee have been [illegible] ining evidence which will enable [illegible] to effectually close the firm known [illegible] Albert H. Kelly and Co. With the [illegible] sion of Mr. Kelly the firm lost [illegible] prestige and reduced its clerical [illegible] but Mr. Van Riper endeavored [illegible] o do this by a new scheme of advertising known as the "investment [illegible] People in the country send their money to the bucket shop men [illegible] authority to use it as part of a [illegible] ative fund. It is alleged that the last speculation proved disastrous, and that Van Riper is now explaining why he is unable to show a grain to subscribers [illegible] "the investment plan."

Confidence that the U. S. Treasury will not suffer this spring by gold exports has been steadily growing at the department during the last fortnight. It was supposed up to that time that exports could not well be averted to some extent, since they have been the rule during January, February and March for many years. The announcement that $4,000,000 is carried by New York [illegible] in gold bills, taken in connection with other important facts, leads to the belief that gold exports will be no small, if any occur, that they will not disturb confidence or materially reduce the net gold reserve.

The dividend meeting of the Omaha Board, which was to have been held yesterday, was postponed until this afternoon. The amount of the distribution of the common stock is expected to be 1 1-2 or 2 per cent.

Commercial price for bar silver, 65c per ounce. Mexican silver dollars quoted at 50 7-8 to 51 1-2c. Bar silver in London, 29 13-16d per ounce.

W. D. Valentine and W. T. Fendler, the New York stock brokers on trial for swindling, were yesterday afternoon found guilty.

LOCAL STREET GOSSIP

J. S. Bache & Company wire their representative, C. D. Monk, that the Rocking Valley Company succeeded last [illegible] finances that [illegible] Cases for the Supreme [illegible] may be said [illegible] Februa[illegible] mature until the [illegible] een made. The Ottawa, January 28, settle the litu- Supreme Court will re to be successful 16, when the hearing [illegible] y will probably will take precedence, 9 and 10. ready inscribed are t[illegible] bina, Macdonald, Mont Company write Division). Lunenburg [illegible] the most bear- quette, Winnipeg, [illegible] the weakness Prince, P. E. I. [illegible] which we can- The bigamy refe[illegible] nevertheless list of cases, will no [illegible] great con- [illegible]took is as [illegible] the market [illegible] is a good GRAND T[illegible] future is a good

Toronto Railway yesterday earned News reg[illegible] increase of $383.62 over the missal coast year.

[illegible]dale, and talked of dividend on Omaha missals [illegible] is fred this afternoon. The amount day [illegible] per cent.

[illegible]ool reports a decline of a penny [illegible]at. There was, however, a later [illegible]y and the tone was steadier.

[illegible]ere is said to be no foundation for [illegible] rumor that there would be a new [illegible]e of Manhattan bonds.

New York wires that foreigners are [illegible]ading in wheat both ways, but that [illegible]ying predominates.

Rocking Valley 5s are 74 bid, six [illegible]s advan e from yesterday's lowest [illegible]

The Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railroad for the quarter ending December 31, shows a surplus over charges of $90,426.

Puts on wheat 73 1-2, calls 80, good for [illegible] next week, are the figures quoted from Chicago.

A report from Chicago states that 50,000 bushels of cash wheat were sold here yesterday to go by rail to New York the first of next week.

A San Francisco despatch says that Australia is again in the market for wheat.

New York cleared to-day 48,000 bushels of wheat and 18,000 barrels of flour.

C. D. Monk, Chicago representative, says that wheat is thoroughly liquidated and has gone from weak into strong hands.

Baltimore cleared no wheat to-day, but 12,600 barrels of flour.

President Oliphant, of the D. & H., states that the Company has a floating debt, and that $700,000 in dividends was paid in 1896, and not earned, and that the coal industry has suffered severely.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, January 28.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England, issued to-day shows the following changes as compared with the previous account: Total reserve, increased, £824,000; circulations, decreased, 30,000; bullion, increased, 794,614; other securities, decreased, 413,000; other deposits, decreased, 805,000; public deposits, increased, 1,147,000; notes reserved, increased, 825,000. Government securities show no change from the last statement.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability, which, last week, was 52.14 per cent, is now 53.38 per cent.

A MODERN JOB.

BOILS AND DYSPEPSIA

For Two Years Afflicted C. T. R. Operator Geo. Reid, of New Hamburg, Ont.

Couldn't be much worse, could it? and yet Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound cured Mr. Reid, and here's what he has to say about it: "I can testify to the merits of Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound. I was troubled for two years with boils and dyspepsia of the worst kind; tried several medicines, but none gave me much relief until I tried your medicine. My blood was in a dreadful state, but I am happy to say Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound has cured me." Price $1. All druggists.

"Cough Chaser" stops that "tickle" in your throat. 25c.

Sold in Montreal by R. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and Balmoral [illegible]e, 2 stores.

[illegible] with a [illegible]ed it to [illegible] strange m[illegible] idge!" said [illegible] "So this 'Marie' [illegible]'clock train to-m[illegible]

BRITISH MARKETS.

Cable advices this morning to the Board of Trade report the English markets for breadstuffs as follows: London—Wheat off coast, easy. Maize quiet. On passage, wheat rather easier, partially 3d lower. Maize quiet and steady. English country markets partially 6d cheaper. Liverpool—Wheat on spot, quiet. Futures steady at 6s 5 1-2d January; 6s 5 3-4d February; 6s 6 1-2d March, 6s 3-4d May and 6s 1-4d July. Maize on spot steady. Futures steady at 2s 9d January; 2s 3 1-2d February and March; 2s 3 3-4d May and July. Minneapolis first bakers flour 24s. French country markets firm.

LIVERPOOL LATEST PRICES CURRENT. Jan 28, 1897.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Spring Wheat,	5	5 to 5	Pork,	46	6 to 0 0
Red Winter,	0	0 to 0 0	Lard,	21	0 to 0 0
No. 1 Cala,	6	11½ to 7	Bacon,	26	0 to 28 0
No 3 Cala,	0	0 to 0 0	Tallow,	18	0 to 0 0
Corn,	2	9 to 0 0	Cheese, W	56	0 to 0 0
Peas,	4	6 to 0 0	Cheese, C	0	0 to 0 0

For Other Financial and Commercial See Page Seven.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Receipts and Shipments.

Chicago, January 28.—Receipts, 20,000 bushels wheat, 160,000 corn, 212,000 oats, 17,775 bbls flour. Shipments, 47,000 bushels wheat, 51,000 corn, 163,000 oats, 17,539 bbls flour.

New York, January 28.—Receipts, 34,125 bushels corn, 52,800 oats, 8247 bbls and 11,436 sacks flour. Shipments, 48,777 bushels wheat, 91,200 corn, 70,211 oats, 7808 bbls and 16,645 sacks flour.

Duluth, January 28.—Receipts, 41,000 bushels wheat.

Toledo, January 28.—Receipts, 4000 bushels wheat, 16,000 corn. Shipments, 20,000 bushels wheat, 31,000 corn.

Milwaukee, January 28.—Receipts, 17,000 bushels wheat, 30,000 corn. Shipments, 4000 bushels wheat, 1000 corn.

St. Louis, January 28.—Receipts, 10,000 bushels wheat, 104,000 bushels corn. Shipments, 25,000 bushels wheat, 79,000 corn.

Detroit, January 28.—Receipts, 1000 bushels wheat. Shipments, 6000 bushels wheat.

Chicago Hog Market.

Union Stock Yards, January 28.—The estimated receipts of hogs were 25,000. The official report of yesterday was 28,777, of which 2,810 were shipped and 3,000 left over. The quotations to-day were: Light mixed, $3.35 to $3.55; mixed packing, $3.30 to $3.50; heavy shipping, $3.20 to $3.47 1-2; rough grades, $3.10 to $3.25. The receipts of cattle were 10,500. Market steady to firm. Sheep, 12,000. Market steady.

Toronto Produce Market.

Toronto, January 28.—Market quiet; flour very dull, unsatisfactory; straight rollers quoted at $3.80. Bran dull; cuo- ed outside west as $11 to $11.50 and shorts at $13. Wheat, dull, feeling bearish. Red sold west at 78c and white quoted at 79c. No. 1 Manitoba hard, offering at 77c afloat Fort William, and nominal price Toronto freight is 92c. Buckwheat dull, car lots west quoted at 27c. Barley dull; No. 1 quoted at 33c to 34c, No. 2 at 28 to 29c, No. 3 extra at 25c, and No. 3 at 23. Oats quiet, prices heavy; white sold at 18c west and mixed at 17c. Peas quiet, prices steady, sales at 40c north and west. Corn steady, new yellow quoted at 21 1-2c outside. Rye easier, sales on Midland at 34c. Oatmeal quiet, prices unchanged, car lots quoted at $2.95 to $3.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Star Office, January 28, 1897.

Grain—The local market, except for a moderate car lot demand for oats, is almost stagnant. We quote: Oats, No. 2 white, 24 1-4c to 24 3-4c; peas, per 60 lbs., in store, 48c to 48 1-2c; feed barley, nominal; buckwheat, 34c to 35c; rye, 41c to 42c.

Flour—The recent weakness in the wheat markets has caused buyers to hold off, and trading, both in home and export account, is very dull in consequence. As yet, however, millers possess their souls in patience, and are making no effort to stimulate business at the cost of prices, which are quite steady as follows: Spring patents, $3.75 to $3.90, strong bakers, $3.80 to $3.85; winter patents, $3.65 to $3.90, straight rollers, $3.30 to $3.50.

Mill Feed—While the demand for flour is falling off, that for bran is improving slightly, and the tone is firm at $10 for the Manitoba product, bags included. Ontario bran is still offered at $9.25. Shorts are held at the usual advance.

Meal—The market is easier, car lots of rolled oats on track being offered at $3.20 to $3.30 per bbl.

Provisions—There is no longer any difficulty about roads, but the demand continues as slow as ever, and packers' reports are all discouraging. We quote Canada short cut, mess, new pack, $11.50 to $12; Canada short cut, heavy, mess pork, old, per bbl., $10 to $11; bacon, per lb., 9 1-2c to 10 1-2c; hams, per lb., 9c to 10 1-2c; lard, compound, per lb., 5c to 5 1-2c; lard, pure, per lb., 6 1-2c to 7c.

Dressed Hogs—For heavy hogs $4.50 is the inside and for selected light $5.15 the outside. The demand for the latter is fairly brisk.

Cheese—The public cable is firm at the advance and of orders from England it may truthfully be said, "thick and fast, they come at last, and more and more and more," but for the reasons mentioned yesterday spot trading is, and until next season opens, will be tame. For white cheese bids of less than 12c will not for a moment be considered and colored held firm at 11 3-4c. Of the position in New York the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin says: "With a continued fairly active demand from both exporters and the home trade, the market shows increased strength, with tendency toward still further improvement. We do not hear of actual business for export in fancy large white above 11 1-2c, but doubtless if any more could be obtained at that figure. Large colored has only a moderate call from exporters, but a fair home trade demand, and in a small way 11 3-4c has been reached, with, in fact, a sale of a special combination reported cleaned out to-day at 12c. We quote 11 1-2c to 11 3-4c for both colored and white, though perhaps the outside figure is a little extreme for important business as yet. Small size full cream in fair demand from the home trade, and firm at generally 11 3-4c for colored and 11 1-2c to 11 3-4c for white. All under grades of cheese, including skims, are scarce, with few coming except from West, and such grades sell promptly on arrival at relatively full prices."

Butter—Shippers are enquiring, more or less languidly, for choice creamery, but are still so critical as to quality that very little is being done that is on export account. Between the jobbers and grocers a fair business is in progress, but as a rule no very large lots are concerned. Exporters are still doing some business, but their orders come to hand rather slowly and they are culling stock over looking for the best value that can be obtained. Strictly fancy fresh creamery suitable for best jobbing trade is commanding 20c very generally, and the feeling is steady on that basis.

Eggs—Receipts of really fresh eggs are increasing slightly, and prices have declined during the past few days about 1c, 2c to 22c being the range for business to-day. For selected autumn stock in small lots, 15c to 17c is asked. Cold storage and limed eggs are offered at 13c to 14c.

Dressed Poultry—Receipts are still falling off. The demand to-day is running upon fresh killed chickens, which are bringing 6 1-2c to 7c per lb. Turkeys, when choice, are worth 9c per lb. Ducks are offered at 7 1-2c to 8c, and geese at 6 1-2c to 7c.

Beans—Choice hand picked beans are worth 85c per bushel, but for mediums 80c is about the outside.

Baled Hay—The tone is hardly so firm, No. 1 in car lots on track is offered at $10 to $10.25, and No. 2 at $9.75 to $10.

Honey—White clover in comb is worth 8c to 10c in cases, and 11c to 11 1-2c in small cases. New extracted white clover is offered at 7 1-2c to 9c.

Potatoes—Car lots of White Rose and Hebrons are quoted at 35c to 40c per bag.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G. T. R.	C.P.R.	CANAL
Oats, bush	2,500	900	—
Flour, bbls	150	1200	—
Butter, pkgs	79	157	—
Lard, tierces	3	—	—
Ham Bacon, Boxes	9	—	—
Tinned meats, pkgs	3	—	—
Dressed Hogs	133	227	—
Leather, rolls	234	74	—
Raw Hides	248	—	—
Petroleum, bbls	60	—	—
Tobacco, pkgs	42	65	—
Whiskey bbls	52	—	—

MONTREAL EXCHANGE MARKET.

Reported for the "Star," by Messrs Nichols & Marler, Foreign Exchange Brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

January 28th, 1897.	Between Banks. Buyers	Sellers	Counter.
New York Funds	1 32 par to 1-16 prm		⅛ to 3-16 prm
Sterling, 60 days	9	to 9 1-16	9⅛ to 9⅛
Sterling Demand	9⅜	to 9⅜	9⅜ to 9⅜
Sterling, Cables	9⅝	to 9 11-16	9⅝ to 10

Hotel Arrivals up to Noon To-day.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28TH.

WINDSOR HOTEL.

Mr. H. T. Machin, Quebec.
Mr. A. S. Hinds, Portland, Me.
Mr. T. D. Craig, M.P., Port Hope, Ont.
Mr. J. A. Burnham, Toronto.
Mr. Frank L. Barr, Toronto.
Dr. Geo. J. Dewar, Ottawa.
Mr. Thos. W. Bryant, New York.
Mr. H. C. Foss, New York.
Mr. Felix Taussey, New York.
Mr. C. A. Hayes, Boston.
Mr. A. E. Domville, St. Thomas, Ont.
Mr. Jas. Innes, Guelph.
Mr. E. Roy Davis, Toronto.
Mr. W. B. Lannigan, Toronto.
Mr. A. B. Endicott, Atlantic City, N.J.
Mr. J. M. Longhead, Philadelphia.
Mr. G. W. Swan, New York.
Mr. J. S. Mead, Bridgeport, Conn.
Mr. A. C. Rin, Dayton, Ohio.
Mr. R. N. King, Dayton, Ohio.
Mr. Frank E. Clayes, Brockville.
Mr. J. St. Clair Blackett, Rossland, B.C.

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ST. LAWRENCE HALL.

Mr. H. Buchner, Toronto.
Mr. A. R. Clans, New York.
Mr. C. A. Hanover, Chicago.
Mr. G. W. Clerihew, Toronto.
Mr. H. E. Turcotte, Quebec.
Mr. S. Spingh, New York.
Mr. John Shaw, Quebec.
Mr. C. Spencer, Ottawa.
Mr. W. Cauldwelly, Toronto.
Mrs. Tilton, Laconia, N.H.
Mr. P. B. Pierce, New York.
Mr. H. Montplaisir, Cap de la Magdelaine.
Mr. J. B. Grant, Philadelphia.
Mr. F. F. Wurtele and wife, Quebec.
Mr. C. J. Reeves, Woodstock, Ont.
Mr. N. A. Turcotte, Quebec.
Mr. H. Williams, Prescott.
R. R. McLennan, M.P., Alexandria, Ont.
Mr. R. Griffith, Quebec.
Mr. J. Simpson, Lachute, Que.

* * *

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Mr. Angus McLean, Buffalo.
Mr. J. B. Smith and family, Buckingham, Que.
Mr. E. Guillet and wife, Marieville, Que.
Mr. J. W. McLaurin, Lachine.
Mr. Jas. W. Cowan and wife, Ottawa.
Mr. C. Pagnuelo, St. Hyacinthe.
Mr. J. McAllister, Campbellton, N.B.
Mr. D. O. Gibbs, Troy, N.Y.
Mr. C. Smith, Troy.
Mr. W. D. Harris, Ottawa.
Mr. Geo. B. Burney, Toronto.
Mr. N. M. Breeze, Milwaukee.
Mr. J. Saunders, Toronto.
Mr. J. McLaughlin, Winnipeg.
Mr. E. H. Jackson, Winnipeg.
Mr. D. A. Starr, Cornwall.

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BALMORAL HOTEL.

Mr. W. J. Tummonds, Toronto.
Mr. R. W. Caldwell, St. John, N.B.
Mr. A. Keenylaide, London.
Mr. W. H. Williams, Toronto.
Mr. J. P. Hepwell, St. John, N.B.
Mr. R. C. Scott, Toronto.
Mr. J. M. Ross, Hamilton.
Mr. J. Callan, Windsor, Ont.
Mr. J. Ryan, New York.
Mr. L. C. Lafontaine, Champlain, N.Y.
Mr. C. Todd, Brantford, Ont.
Mr. Alex. Bennett, West Newton, Mass.
Mr. W. N. Richards, Vergennes, Vt.
Mr. J. H. Clark, Anaconda, Mont.
Mr. F. D. Irwin, Windsor, Ont.
Mr. H. E. Ward, Toronto.
Mr. Richard Tew, Toronto.
Mr. Geo. Douting, New York.

SELECT KNIGHTS OF CANADA.

Crescent Legion No. 4 was largely attended on Friday evening last, the occasion being the installation of officers for the year just begun. Comrade P. Commander Jos. Broomfield was the installing officer, and he performed his duties in a most acceptable manner, he was assisted by Comrade Bryant, of Invicta Legion, who is a frequent and welcome visitor at Crescent Legion meetings. The following were the officers installed: J. P. Commander, G. A. East; Commander, E. McMahon; Vice-Commander, A. H. Little; Lieut.-Commender, M. M. Yale; Recorder and Collector, R. Lch; Treasurer, E. Haberer; Aide, J. roomfield; Inside Sentinel, J. M. Yt; Outside Sentinel, J. Schneider; Physician, Dr. W. Grant Stewart.

After the installation, the comrades adjourned to the all upstairs, where refreshments were served and a most enjoyable evening spent with speech, song and music.

THE LAWS DELAY.

Caused in the Pose Court by Want of Stenographers.

Business in the Police Magistrates' Court is daily becaing more and more blocked. Case upon cases are being postponed from day to day until months pass from the time the charge was first laid without any material progress being made and all through the lack of stenographers to take the evidence of witnesses summoned. Business men, lawyers, doctors, and it might be said all class are losing valuable time every day through having to be present at the first on what proves generally a fruitless trip. The judges have complained times without number until they have become tired, but all to no end.

This morning, however, matters reached a climax.

Judge Desnoyers sat on the bench, and there were eight aquetes to be heard with but one stenographer present, and once more the Magistrate was forced to repeat his one worn remark: "Well, gentlemen, I am afraid you will have to fix another date;" but this time there was no protest from not only the bar, but the witnesses, who objected to come to the court every other day for nothing. His Honor listened to the remark in silence. He said he was powerless but it is understood the Court House investigation now going on will take the matter up and see what can be done as one of the commissioners came in a few minutes later, and was informed of the difficulty.

As an example; on Tuesday there were fourteen cases for hearing. The two stenographers were each given one and the rest postponed. This morning one of these was absent, and as the other only writes English and the cases were all French, no progress was made.

EARLIEST ALPHABET.

The Prehistoric Myce: æ ns Said to Have Invented Written Language.

Working in the Island of Crete, where he has made a series of discoveries which have shed new light on the origin of European civilization, Arthur J. Evans, the eminent English archaeologist, has discovered fragments of an inscription which carries back the discovery of writing for centuries beyond the date hitherto assigned. Not merely this, but the home of the invention, commonly awarded to the Phoenicians, is transferred to another race, the mysterious and prehistoric Mycenaeans, whose remains now constitute the most interesting problem of antiquity.

A year ago at the Oxford meeting of the British Association, Evans demonstrated the existence of prehistoric Cretan script, evolved by gradual simplification and convention from an earlier picture writing," a-kin to that of Egypt and Babylon. This script is first found in association with the curious seals and scarabs which the ancients were fond of carving, and which have themselves served to trace the advancement of art and proximately the history of these early people. Succeeding this primitive script came another more conventional and often linear, revealing the progress made in the art.

In his last exploring tour, however, Evans brought to light an inscribed historic relic far surpassing these in interest and importance. It consists of a fragment of what may be described as a tablet or scapstone tablet of offerings to Zeus, bearing a part of what appears to be a dedication of nine letters, with two punctuation marks, answering to the same early Cretan script found in the seals. It was found in the lowest level of Mycenaen stratum, containing numerous native objects, in the great cave of Mt. Dikta, which, according to the Greek legend, was the birthplace of Zeus.

This early script precedes, by centuries, the most ancient records of Phoenician writing, and supplies very close analogies to what may be supposed to have been the pictoria. prototypes of several of the Phoenician characters. It stands on the other hand, in direct relation to the syllabic characters used at a later date by the Greeks in Cyprus. About half the characters used by the Cretans are believed to be representations in the fragment, and, if this be true, the Phoenicians, who borrowed this alphabet, added but little to it, since their own contained but sixteen characters.

In the succeeding improvement through Homeric times, the number was increased, with some changes and the addition of signs for the vowels, so that the alphabet of classical Greece emerges with twenty-two to twenty-four characters, substantially that which is used by the European race to-day. It is now altogether probable that other relics will be found, showing the Cretan script in its entirety, though the great step in the history of the art of writing implied in the evolution of symbols of phonetic value from primitive pictographic (picture writing) has now been conclusively shown to have taken place on European soil and been accomplished by a European and not an Asiatic or Semetic race.

But the interesting question yet remains—who was this people? There is no question that they belong to the brilliant pre-historic race who developed the civilization and art to which the name of Mycenaen or Mykenaen is provisionally given. So far as excavations have yet extended, this race seems to have found its apogee in the city of Mycanae, explored first by Dr. Schliemann, though its remains are widely distributed from Hissarlik, in Asia Minor, the probable site of ancient Troy, through the islands of the Aegean Sea, to Sicily and the coast of Italy. Crete, Cyprus, the Peloponnese—all were settled and at some time ruled by the Mycenaeans, who appear to have been the Vikings of the antique world.

It is probable that with them navigation arose, they were explorers and conquerers, they have left vestiges of their intercourse with the valleys of the Nile and Danube, and probably extended their outposts as far as Southern France and Spain. "It is not improbable that the chief god of the Greeks, Zeus, was one of their earliest rulers, and from them many, if not most, of the charming myths and legends which comprise the beginning of Greek literature must have been handed down. Of later origin than the civilization of Euphrates and the Nile, they appear to have borrowed nothing from these, until their own culture had reached a brilliant and independent maturity.

To trace the origin of this remarkable people, to reconstruct from scattered remains their history, their wanderings and achievements, and to find the causes of their decadence and dispersal, is today the most fascinating field of antiquarian research. Yet, twenty years ago, there was not so much as a surmise that the Mycenaens had even existed—so rapidly does knowledge progress in our day.

A large school of genuine sharks known as the "man-eater" variety, have been disporting themselves about San Francisco for several days. The sharks are of a most ferocious nature, and none of this species has ever before been seen inside the Golden Gate.

RATES

FOR

Prepaid Classified Advertisements.

SITUATIONS WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and 1/2 cent per extra word, each insertion.

FURNISH WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

All other "WANTED" ads, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents per 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

TO LET HOUSES, STORES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

LOST, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

BUSINESS CHANCES ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PERSONALS, page 7, 2 cents per word, minimum 25 cents each insertion.

For the accommodation of residents of Point St. Charles advertising left with R. S. Kellie, 399 Wellington Street will be immediately forwarded without extra charge.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When such advertisements are not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rule is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for classified advertisements of less than five lines.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET — 1215 ST. LAWRENCE ST., at $5.50 per month, 6 rooms, 6 rooms with summer kitchen, good locality. 6 rooms with summer kitchen, good locality, in good repair. Apply to W. E. Cooper, Star office, 156 St. James st. 239 tf

TO LET—13 FORFAR ST., PT. ST. Charles, self-contained house, 8 rooms, bath and w.c. Good cellar, stable, large garden, fruit trees. Rent $14.00 and taxes. Apply to John Stavely, 50 Forfar or to T. Pringle, Room 57, Imperial Bldg., 107 St. James. 20 10

TO LET—NICE SMALL HOUSE IN perfect order, seven rooms, bath, etc. No. 936 St. Dominique street (near Duluth avenue). George Bury, 85 St. James st. Telephone 3112. 22 4

TO LET DESIRABLE HOUSE, MODerate rent, stationary wash tubs, all modern conveniences, 116 Lewis Ave., Westmount. Obtainable March 1st. 23 1

SHOPS, STORES, BUSINESS PREMISES ETC. TO LET.

TO LET — STORE, 3091 ST. CATHERine st., large plate glass front, splendid locality, concreted basement, large yard. Also dwelling upstairs, separate entrance, being No. 2800 St. Catherine st., containing 8 rooms, closet, in each room, newly finished and in first class condition, with modern conveniences. Rent low. Apply to W. E. Cooper Star office, 156 St. James st. 239 tf

TO LET—STORES, THOSE VERY FINE and centrally situated stores, with cellars and sub cellars, No. 87, 89 St. James street, presently occupied by La Compagnie D'Approvisionnements, and adjoining "La Banque du Peuple." Will be let separately, and with or without upper flats if required. George Bury, 85 St. James. 22 4

TO LET—PART OF THAT FINE store, No. 12 Lemoine st., is well heated, Daisy furnace, Auer light heat, front and back entrance, equipped with warehouse and office furniture, including two safes which could be shared by sub-tenant. To any one wanting considerable and convenient space capable of being run on economical basis this is a good opportunity. Apply 12 Lemoine. 15 6mod

TO LET — STORES, CORNER ST. Peter and Lemoine, 511 and 513 St. Paul, 88 McGill, 58 and 60 McGill, corner store, McGill and William, 532 Craig st. Apply G. de Sola, 3 St. Sacrament st. 23 4

FURNISHED FLATS TO LET.

TO LET — FROM 1ST APRIL TO 1ST December, well furnished flat, No. 223 Elm avenue. Rent very low. 23 3

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED — FOR IMMEDIATE POSSESSION small house, centrally located. Rent not to exceed twenty five dollars a month. Address "W 2616," Star office. 23 2

WANTED — FOR THE FIRST OF MAY, small house, with yard and stable. Must be right and central. Address "W 2604," Star office. 23 2

RESIDENTIAL FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—FOR MAY 1ST, SELF-CONTAINed flat or small tenement, 5 or 6 rooms for three grown persons. State rent and locality. Address "W 2594," Star office. 22 2

FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO FLATS, WITH POWER preferred. Apply "W 2689," Star office. 23 1

LOST.

LOST — LEFT IN CAB RETURNING FROM THE Charity Ball, a bag containing slippers. Return to 103 St. Mark st. and be rewarded. 23 1

LOST—GENT'S GOLD STICK PIN, SET WITH pearls. Please return to office Balmoral Hotel and receive reward. 23 1

LOST — WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, ON ST. Catherine west car, or on Dorchester street, a dark green purse, owner's name and address on same. Reward on returning. 23 1

LOST — TUESDAY, AN IRISH SETTER DOG, answering to the name of Brownie, light brown color. Reward will be paid it returned. 946 Amherst. 23 1

LOST, AN ENGLISH TERRIER, PURE WHITE, except black over one eye. Finder rewarded by returning same to 60 Rosemount ave., Westmount. 22 1

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, THROUGH St. Monique and Dorchester streets, to the St. James Cathedral, a gentleman's fur lined glove. Reward at 51 Belmont Park. 23 1

LOST—ON THE 27TH INST., NEAR CORNER OF University and Sherbrooke st., young fox terrier dog answering to the name of Prince. Finder will be rewarded on returning to Mr. Henshaw, Bank of Montreal. 23 2

PATENT SOLICITORS.

INVENTIONS PATENTED AND TRADE MARKS REGISTERED IN ALL COUNTRIES.

OWEN N. EVANS,
Temple Building, Montreal.
Write for particulars. 291 (2)

PATENTS ALL COUNTRIES
FETHERSTONHAUGH & Co

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The first established firm of Patent Barristers and Engineers in the Dominion.
Trade Marks, Designs and Copyrights Registered
Offices in OTTAWA, TORONTO and WASHINGTON. 52eod

MODELS

for new inventions and experimenting machines. Clockwork of every description, Music Boxes, Chimes and Musical Clocks and every other kind of fine mechanical work made to order; also repairs. Valuable but worn out pieces restored and made as good as new.

Send or call
17 DROLET STREET, GERHARDT & CO.,
19 tf (Will wait on you at your address)

An Old Man Made Younger.

A remarkable experiment in transfusion of blood was lately made by Dr. E. M. Cherihew, of New York city. The arm of a man of eighty years was bound together with that of a youth just where the skin had been removed, so that in the healing the flesh of the younger and the older man grew together. Thus the blood of the younger man freely intermingled in the arterial system of the elder. The result was a general freshening of the old man's strength; within two days he recovered the hearing in the right ear, which he had not had for ten years previous. This is explained on the theory that an aural centre which had collapsed from weakness in the life current quickly felt the effect of the stronger pulses coming from the heart of the younger man. It is claimed furthermore that magnetism as well as blood was drawn into the old man's system.

A society is being organized in New Haven, Conn., to consist of those whose ancestors came from Great Britain and were entitled to display coat armor, according to the records of the Heralds' College in London.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT FOR SMALL family, no children, French spoken. Apply 4239 St. Antoine st. 23 3

WANTED — A WORKING HOUSEKEEPER AND cook for a country house. Apply to Mrs. Macaulay, St. Catherine st. 23 3

WANTED—A THOROUGH GENERAL SERVANT or two young girls to assist in housework. Apply Elm avenue, corner Western avenue, after 7 p. m. 22 2

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED FEEDER FOR litho. steam press. Apply to Gilmour & Kearns, 643 Craig st. 22 3

WANTED—GOOD PLAIN COOK (PROTESTANT). Must have good references. Apply before 11 a. m., or after 7.30 p. m., to 1402 St. Catherine st. 22 2

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COLLAR AND CUFF turners. Steady work to good hands. The Standard Shirt Co., Ltd., 1491 Delorimier avenue. 22 4

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, NO washing. References required. Apply 138 Mansfield st. 22 2

WANTED—TRAVELLER SPEAKING FRENCH and English, to carry premium and advertising goods as side line on commission. Address Specialty Co., Box 588, Toronto. 22 4

WANTED—A HOUSE AND TABLEMAID, GOOD references. Apply between 1 o'clock and 3, or 6 and 8 o'clock p.m., 1160 Dorchester street, Edgehill ave. 22 2

WANTED — THE OLD RELIABLE FONTHILL Nurseries now employ all agents from Head Office, Toronto. Some good ground open. Full line trees, bushes, shrubs and seed potatoes. Prices close. Stock the best. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. 3.1 eod tf

WANTED—SHIRT AND COLLAR OPERATORS. Permanent employment. Apply at once, to Montreal Suspender and Umbrella Mfg. Co., 568 St. Paul st. 21 4 4ow

WANTED — FOR MIDDLE OF FEBRUARY, A first class cook, also housemaid. Must have best city references. Apply to porter, Ladies Entrance, Windsor Hotel. 21 3eod

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY OPERATOR TO DO hook and eyeletting, operator to do stitching around tops, operator to stitch facings, and several first class cylinder vampers, all on men's fine shoe work. Steady employment, highest wages paid. Apply Slater Shoe Factory, corner Jurors and St. Alexander sts., city 21 3eod

WANTED—GOOD OPERATORS TO MAKE LINings and do stamping on cylinder machine, on mens fine shoes. Highest wages paid. Apply to the Slater Shoe Factory, corner Jurors and Alexander sts., Montreal 17 3eod

WANTED — CARTERS AND TEAMSTERS HAUL logs from Bonsecours, head of Delorimier avenue, east side. Apply to foreman at quarry. 22 2

WANTED—OPENING FOR A GOOD PRACTICAL tailor in western town. For particulars, apply J. D. Anderson, Merchant tailor, 17 Bleury st. 23 3

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO MIND A BABY References required. Apply 1468 Milton st. 23 2

WANTED — BOY FOR HARDWARE STORE, about 15 or 16 years old. Apply 47a Prince Arthur. 23 1

WANTED—SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS. Apply to James McCready & Co., 10 St. Peter st. 23 1

WANTED — GARDENER AND FLORIST TO take charge of conservatory and garden at St. Anne de Bellevue. If married, wife could find employment as general servant. Five full particulars and state wages expected. Address "T 2637," Star office. 23 2eod

WANTED — FIRE INSURANCE. 1 FRENCH and 1 English special agent wanted for first-class British Fire Office. Apply to A. B. C., Star office. 23 6

WANTED—CANVASSER FOR A FAST SELLING household necessity. Apply 46 Windsor st. 23 tf eod

WANTED—A SMART BOY FOR OFFICE WORK. Apply to P. O. Box 1137. 23 1

WANTED—A MAN TO SELL PROPRIETARY medicines, on commission. Must be reliable in every particular. Must speak French and English. Apply in person only to 424 St. Paul street. 23 1

WANTED—A GIRL TO TAKE CHARGE OF A sick lady and to assist with sewing. Apply with references to 126 Stanley st. 23 1

WANTED—2 BELL BOYS AND 2 GOOD DINING room girls. St. James Hotel. 23 1

WANTED—A GOOD SEWING WOMAN. MUST be experienced in underwear and children's clothes. Apply to 5 City Hall ave. 23 1

WANTED YOUTHS TO LABEL BOTTLES. MUST have experience and references. None others need apply. Apply at 26 Hospital st., between 8 and 9 o'clock a. m. 23 1

WANTED—AGENTS, IF YOU ARE OUT OF EMployment, or the business you are in is slack why don't you try selling our Crayon portraits, you are one of these people that won't be missed when you die if you can't make in $12 00 per week even in this dull season. Call or write us for particulars. Arlens Portrait House, 191 Fortification Lane, Montreal. 22 3

WANTED—A WORKING HOUSEKEEPER WITH good city references. Apply to 49 St. Mark st. 22 2

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERvant. Apply 76 Mackay st. 23 1

WANTED — RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS general servant. Apply 1754 Notre Dame street. 23 1

WANTED — BOY FOR AN OFFICE AND TO make himself generally useful. Must speak English and French. Wages $2 per week. Address "Y 2646," Star office. 23 2

WAN

THREE FIGHTS IN ONTARIO.

Candidates Will be Nominated Thursday

N SOUTH BRANT, EAST SIMCOE AND N. ONTARIO.

All Seats Conservative in General Election.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, January 28.—Nominations for the vacancies in the House of Commons for the three constituencies of South Brant, North Ontario and East Simcoe took place to-day, the election being fixed for the following Thursday.

The candidates in the field for the different seats are as follows:

South Brant, Robert Henry, Conservative, and C. B. Heyd, Government.

North Ontario—Angus McLeod, Conservative, and Duncan Graham, Independent.

East Simcoe—W. H. Bennett, Conservative, and H. H. Cook, Government.

In South Brant and East Simcoe the Conservative candidates are the late members for those constituencies, who were unseated by the Courts, on account of corrupt practice on the part of agents. Both gentlemen are opposed by the candidates whom they defeated at the general elections. Major J. A. McGillivray, who was returned for North Ontario at the general election, but was unseated subsequently, is not in the field again, his first experience of political life having satisfied him. His late opponent, Mr. Graham, who though nominally as Independent, has the endorsation of both Liberals and the Patrons, is again a candidate, however.

There is a good deal of excitement over the contests in the constituencies concerned, but outside the interest taken in them seems to be comparatively slight. It appears to be and is conceded generally, however, that Messrs. Bennett and Henry stand a good chance of re-election. As to North Ontario, there is considerable doubt. Major McGillivray was elected in June last by the barest possible majority. Mr. McLeod, his successor, as the Conservative standard-bearer is a popular man, but a good deal of sympathy is expressed for Mr. Graham, and as he has the united support of the Liberals and the Patrons the chances seem to favor him. A part from this the fact that ballot-box stuffing was carried for Mr. McGillivray, though without his knowledge, will tell in Mr. Graham's favor, as he was literally "counted out."

ELECTION APPEALS.

Cases for the Supreme Court in February.

Ottawa, January 28. — (Special.)—The Supreme Court will meet on February 16, when the hearing of election appeals will take precedence. The appeals already inscribed are those from Assiniboia, Macdonald, Montreal (St. Antoine Division), Lunenburg, Beauharnois, Marquette, Winnipeg, Selkirk, and West Prince, P. E. I.

The bigamy reference, though on the list of cases, will not be proceeded with

GRAND TRUNK ECONOMY.

Toronto, January 28. — (Special.)—News reached here to-day of the dismissal of nine train hands at Allandale, and this combined with the dismissals which were announced yesterday is increasing the uneasiness of the men, who are wondering where it will all stop. In a circular by which the men were informed of the dismissals of the switchmen between here and Belleville, the trainmen were informed that they were held responsible for the safety of their trains and would have to attend to all switches and semaphores along the route.

STOLE A LOCOMOTIVE.

Two Reckless Men Ran Away With It and Come Near Driving It Into an Express.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., January 28.—"Jack" Cunningham and "Tom" Daily, two half drunken and reckless daredevils, attempted a deed which might have cost them their own and imperilled the lives of many others. About nine o'clock at night they strolled into the Kingston yard of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and, seeing an engine at the entrance of the roundhouse, conceived the idea of having a little ride of their own.

The engine and heavy freight puller had just been brought out. Steam was up and she was ready to start down the road. No one was on board and they had a clear field. The men in the yard were startled by hearing the engine whistle and at the same time jump forward, her wheels slipping on the track, for the reckless men had jerked the throttle wide open.

As the yard men ran toward the locomotive the men in the cab pulled the sand lever, and the wheels grinding into it got hold of the rails and the engine darted forward, out of the yard and on the main track northward.

The men who saw the engine disappear in the darkness were for a moment panic stricken, for the New York express, south bound on the same track, was due in a few minutes, and if the two met, both going at full speed, there was sure to be a great loss of life. Only for a moment were they horrified. While some ran to the telegraph office others chased the engine up the track, shouting "Stop her! Stop her!"

The crews reached the cars of three brakemen, who were going home. As the engine bore down upon them they thought she was a runaway and acted quickly. Speeding along the side of the track, they gained what headway they could, and then, as the engine whizzed alongside, they sprang for the steps.

One missed and rolled over and over along the track unhurt, but Davis and Jessup caught the bars and swung themselves to the tank. As they did so, Cunningham and Daily sprang from the cab and disappeared in the darkness. Quickly the brakemen clambored over the tank, and in a few seconds had the engine under control.

When the engine was stopped a light flashed around a curve about a mile away. It was the headlight of the New York express, but the train found a clear track before it, and when it drew up into Kingston station the runaway engine was safe on the turn table, being headed south, for its trip down the road. Nothing has been seen of Cunningham or Daily, and the police are still looking for them.

SEATS ARE SECURED.

St. John, N.B., January 28. — The York election petition (Foster, Con.) is dismissed. This is the result of a judgment which was delivered by Judge Barker at Fredericton on an application made by petitioner's counsel for the enlargement of the time for the trial of their petition beyond the prescribed six months from the date of the filing of the petition. His Honor refused the application, and inasmuch as it is now too late to take the necessary steps to get down to trial within the six months, the petition goes off. Similar applications are being made on behalf of the petitioners in the Carleton and Westmorland cases, and counsel for the respondents claim that these cases are in the same position as the York case.

TORONTO WATER SUPPLY.

Toronto, January 28. — (Special.)—The City Engineer is alarmed at the lowering of the water level in the lake, fearing its effects on the water works. There is no immediate cause for apprehension regarding the domestic supply, but it is difficult to keep up the fire pressure. Engineer Keating and his associate engineers in the department are holding anxious consultations on the subject.

FIVE MEN CUT TO PIECES.

South Norwalk, Conn., January 28.—Five members of a section gang were killed on the Consolidated Road at East Norwalk yesterday afternoon by a west-bound freight in charge of Conductor McIntyre. The killed are: J. J. Powers, foreman, of South Norwalk; John Griffith, Norwalk; John Shea, Norwalk; John Callahan, Danbury; Salvator Spana. The men were standing on the west-bound outside track, which is used for passenger service. They stepped aside to avoid a west-bound passenger train. The smoke and steam from the passenger train enveloped the men and obscured the approaching freight train on the next track and the noise of the passenger trailf drowned the whistle of the freight engine. The men killed were horribly mutilated. They were thrown under the wheels and three on the outside of the tracks.

Powers leaves a wife and a grown son. Griffin leaves a large family. Shea leaves a widow and six children. Callaghan leaves a wife and son in Danbury.

ON MARCH 12.

That is the Date for Sullivan's Hanging.

(Special to the Star.)

Dorchester, N. B., January 28.—Solicitor-General White concluded his address, on behalf of the Queen, in the Ducher murder trial, John E. Sullivan, accused, before adjourning on Tuesday night.

Immediately on the opening of the Court yesterday, Judge Hannington began his charge to the jury. Although touching upon all the important points of the evidence, but briefly, His Honor did not conclude his address until shortly after one o'clock.

The judge's charge was an impartial one; his own opinion seemingly somewhat against the prisoner, although it was unexpressed, and could bear no weight in the minds of the jury. They were told to reach a verdict upon the evidence alone.

As soon as Judge Hannington had concluded, the jury, under charge of three constables, were taken to their room, and the prisoner was remanded. The court then took recess until 2.15 o'clock.

When the jury signified that they had agreed, the Court re-assembled, and when Sullivan was brought in the verdict of guilty was announced.

Sullivan was sentenced to be hanged on March 12.

HAVE SEPARATED.

Princess Chimay and the Gipsy Part.

London, January 28.—A despatch to the Mail from Vienna says that a violent quarrel occurred at Milan between the Princess Chimay, formerly Miss Clara Ward, of Detroit, and Janos Rigo, the Hungarian Gypsy musician, for whom the princess recently deserted her husband. The screams of the Princess and the violent language of Rigo created great excitement and alarm among the guests of the hotel at which the couple were staying, and complaint was made to the landlord. The affair ended by the departure of the Princess, who started unattended by the gypsy for Monte Carlo. Before leaving the Princess paid her own share of the bill due at the hotel, but refused to pay that incurred by Rigo, who is consequently in an awkward position, being in need of money to settle his account.

LOST HIS POSITION.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., January 28.—(Special).—Captain McDonald, of the dredge Prince Edward; has received notice of dismissal from the Public Works Department because of active participation in the general elections.



A WOMAN IN THE CASE.

IN ALSACE.

Salome stood on the bridge which spanned the foaming stream and gazed dreamily at the mountains beyond, and then at the meadows. Salome's cows were slowly coming homeward. In the pasture she could see her sister, Frederika, making the hay. The girl was not lazy, only dreamy. Presently Salome was by her sister's side. Then each one took a bundle of hay and carried it to their father's outhouse, for old Dominic was the forester.

The girls worked on, when Salome's bundle of hay was seized and carried for her. The girl turned surprised, and there was Morand, the young forester. She knew he had come, for her father had expected him. Dominic was to teach him forest ways.

"I thought it was Cousin Joseph," cried Salome, with a smile, and then Frederika laughed. "We were expecting Cousin Joseph; you know he is shut up for weeks in his factory. Joseph cares less for the grand forest and its wild beauty than he does for gardens and their flowers."

"I do not admire his tastes," answered Morand.

Then homeward went the two girls, and the man followed, and as they passed the window of their little house, there was the old mother, and Salome kissed her. Frederika stood a little in the background. She now turned back and sought a new bundle of hay. Then Morand ran after Frederika and took her bundle and carried it for her.

Then the father joined the three young people. Now Frederika, who was the practical sister, went into the house to prepare the evening meal.

"Come along, Morand," said the old forester; "the soup will get cold, and we must milk the cows before we go in."

Morand looked on in despair; he had never milked a cow in his life. "I have much to learn," muttered he, piteously.

"Supper is waiting," said Frederika. As they hastened on, Salome noticed that Morand had stuck in his buttonhole a bunch of flowers. They were cresses.

"So you like crocuses, M. Morand?"

"I thought you did, Mlle. Salome," he said.

So, for a time, Morand lived with the forester. The harvest was gathered, and there was a good stock of potatoes. The winter was coming along and a cold one, but the family were prepared to face it. Salome's mother required the girl's constant attention.

Joseph came down on every Sunday. He was overseer of the factory in the neighboring little town. Everybody respected Joseph. The young man was the support of his family. Perhaps his visits to his cousins were not as pleasant as before. The fact was, though no one knew it, he was in love with Frederika. Then he felt twinges of jealousy. He was uncertain whether Morand liked Salome or Frederika.

"Besides," thought Joseph, "he will soon get his nomination to be forester elsewhere. A few months' patience—I shall speak to my uncle, and Frederika will not say me nay."

Morand watched Frederika from morning till night, engaged in her household cares.

"The time will come," he said softly to himself.

One night the moon shone in through the frosty windows. Salome sat at the foot of the bed, watching her sleeping mother.

"She looks less pale than yesterday," thought Salome. "Perhaps father is right, she will revive in the Spring."

Morand and Frederika were laughing together—sometimes even her father, too—but Salome only sat and watched her mother.

"Take care my child, take care," the mother feebly murmured, as the listless hand dropped, and over the beloved features came a solemn, terrible beauty. Salome uttered a sharp cry and lost consciousness.

When she came to herself she was beside the kitchen, Morand alone sitting near her.

"Thank God, my child, your mother was not alone when she died!" she heard her father say.

Morand at once found the means of sending the sad news to Joseph, and Joseph came at once. It was a bitter cold day when the mother was buried in the village graveyard. It was terrible work making their way through the deep snow. It was Joseph who gave Frederika his hand, and Morand supported Salome.

"Why, why," Salome said to herself a thousand times, "did my poor mother bid me 'take care'?"

Father Dominic seemed to take now no interest in passing events. His wife was dead.

Then an unusual thing happened. Dominic wrote a letter, and Morand went to the village to post it. In a week afterward Morand had a letter, and he read that he had an appointment as forester in another part of the country—or should he prefer it, he might remain as Dominic's assistant.

Morand hesitated. The old forester, who had guessed the contents of the letter, had turned aside.

Salome watched both with evident anxiety. Frederika, busy preparing dinner, was the only one who took no heed.

Morand met Salome's enquiring eyes. "I am appointed forester to a place fairly well paid, but a long way from here."

"A long way from here," repeated the old man. "I begged that favor. I wanted to keep you here; I am not the man I once was; my strength does not come back with spring; I think she must have taken it away with it, all my courage and all my hope."

His daughters tried to comfort him, but he shook his head without replying. Morand precipitately escaped from the room.

When the young man came back, his dinner had been laid for him only. But Frederika had taken care that all should be quite comfortable for him, even more so than usual, and she was in the kitchen alone. Morand seized her hands.

"If I go to that far-off place, will you go with me?"

"Wherever you like," said she simply.

She had hitherto been too busy to think of love. But when Morand took her in his arms a deep joy took possession of poor Frederika.

At this moment the door opened and Salome entered. Frederika hastily drew back, but her hands were still clasped in her lover's, and Salome saw it.

"Sister!" said Morand, with a smile.

Amazement, almost stupor, was written on the poor girl's white face. All she muttered was, "Does father know?"

"Not yet," answered Morand. "I was just going to look for him in the forest."

When later the father came home, Frederika simply said to him: "Morand loves me; he wished me to be his wife."

"God bless you both," said Dominic; and then he asked: "Do you stay or go?"

The father then thought for a moment and added: "Yes. We must expect that you will want a home of your own. That is right. You know pretty well what are the duties of a forester. It is hard for me to part with both of you, but it is better so."

So Morand understood, to his great joy, that he had won, not only his wife, but his independence. Salome and her father went out together. "Thou shalt be wholly my own," he said tenderly. "Thou shalt replace all whom I have lost."

Salome helped her sister to arrange her wedding dress, silently but energetically. She seemed to have quaffed in one draught her bitter cup, to have cut off her right hand and plucked out her right eye. Salome was bent on rooting out of her soul a love which, however innocent at first, was innocent no longer—Salome watched and prayed night and day.

Joseph was at the wedding. When he asked for a holiday it was with so dull a face that his master inquired laughingly whether he was off to a marriage or a funeral.

Joseph's secret was tolerably well guessed, but the bridegroom was not jealous.

The young couple were gone, the forester's cottage had become silent. Once Salome used to sing at her work, now she worked without singing. It was with difficulty that she remembered little details of housekeeping, so easy to Frederika.

"I am still stout enough to take care of myself, and I want no assistant," said her father. "It was Morand I wanted, but the lad knew better how to shift for himself."

It was the brightest day of the very dull week when Joseph paid his usual visit; he never failed to come early and depart late.

He entered, taciturn and cold, arranging on his lap the flowers he had gathered in the forest, great handfuls of which he often took back to his city home. Never once had he exchanged confidences with Salome, yet he felt she understood him. Whether he spoke or not, her presence was a rest to him. She, on her side, began to find the time long between his visits, and each time when Joseph went away she said to him, "You will be sure to come again?"

The clouds were low and the sky gray when Joseph, stick in hand, took the next time his way to the forester's cottage. Streams long frozen came tumbling down the rocks or filtering through the ground, the murmur of waters was heard on every side.

Salome stood at the house door, watching the sudden thaw. Her father was away. She knew Joseph was coming, and she felt, she knew not why, glad for that. Then she saw Joseph. She felt like scolding him for having loitered so long. He met her and he laughed; he had been gathering the first spring flowers, but Salome did not laugh.

"Will you walk with me, Salome," he asked. "We may meet your father," and now chatting, the two went toward the glen.

They reached the stream. Then Joseph stopped, horrified. It was a roaring torrent. Dominic was not there. The water was tearing down the mountain side.

"Let us hurry on," cried Salome. "Close by here there is a cottage, a poor woman and her child live in it. They will be swept away."

"How brave and strong is she," thought Joseph. He was certain now that he heard a cry of distress. Yes, there at the window he saw a woman, a child in her arms, and the house was shaking. It would topple over in an instant, and the torrent had to be crossed if they were to be saved. A moment after Dominic was by Joseph's side. The forester at least was safe. Then Joseph, in a loud, clear voice, bid the woman come down. She did so, and shrieked when she saw the raging torrent.

Salome fell on her knees upon the bank. Her father stood by her, shouting out advice to the brave fellow who was already fighting with the torrent.

"That round stone is not firm! There is a hole in the bed of the stream! Brave lad! That stupid woman! She clings to him! She will hinder his getting ashore!"

But Joseph's feet were firm on shore; he was able to make a sign to Salome that he would go straight home with the woman and child.

"Let us hurry back and see that there is a good fire and wine and wood!" cried Salome.

Meantime, Joseph, carrying the child and helping the woman, had succeeded in getting home first. He had not changed his clothes, but he had made up the fire, placed the woman in Father Dominic's armchair, and wrapped the child in a rug, where it lay warming its little feet in the hearth and smiling up at its preserver.

Salome stood an instant to watch the pretty sight, then took the child in her arms. "Go, Joseph, get yourself dried in father's room. You have done enough for one day. You will be ill yourself."

"Then will you nurse me?" and he took her hand.

"Anything you like, if you will only go and change your clothes."

Some months after Joseph and Salome were walking along the banks of the stream. It was Sunday and the little waves seemed singing a Sunday psalm.

"What a transformation," said Salome, "since the day when you saved that poor woman and her child! How contented she is now! This stream is not more changed than her life, poor soul! thanks to you."

"And our life, too," said Joseph tenderly.

"Yes," answered Salome, pressing her husband's arm; "our storms are past; the stream flows peacefully on. I understood to-day that one may yet be happy."

"I understood it a little before you did, perhaps," said Joseph, smiling.—From the Leisure Hour.

W. Tisdale, living near Pilot Mound, Man., is supposed to have perished while out in the storm of last Thursday.

A Claim AND An Offer

WE CLAIM there is only one preparation in Canada to-day that is guaranteed to cure BRONCHITIS, and that is **DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE.** It is MOTHER'S cure for her child when it is all stuffed up with CROUP and coughing its little lungs out with WHOOPING COUGH. One small dose immediately stops that cough. By loosening the phlegm, puts the little one to sleep and rest. Dr. Chase compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of turpentine and linseed. WE OFFER to refund the price if Dr. Chase's Syrup will not do all that it is claimed to do.

Sold on a guarantee at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard St. Price, 25c.

23 1



A Woman's Ideal

Eudora

The Ideal Dress Fabric.

Has just been realized in Priestley's ideal dress fabric, the new EUDORA, —superior even to his other famous weaves—extra width, extra weight, extra draping and fitting qualities. Soft — rich — firm — durable — dust proof. In black only.

Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD."

Priestley's name stamped on **every five yards.**

13 29 1

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

Hot Muffins, Good Coffee Contentment

No fear of dyspepsia **& Griddle Cakes**

Is a breakfast fit for a king. The eatable part will be "all that is desired" providing the maker has used

The Cook's Friend Baking Powder.

18tf

CONSTIPATION



Positively cured by these Pills.

Nothing gives rise to more dangerous conditions than constipation. Dawson's Celery Pills do not purge the bowels violently; they simply correct what is wrong without pain or inconvenience.

DAWSON'S CELERY PILLS ARE PERFECT VEGETABLE, AND DO NOT GRIPE.

Sold by all druggists. 25c a box

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PILES ITCHING PILES $2.00 SWAYNE'S OINTMENT $2.00

ABSOLUTELY CURES. SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching (stinging; most at night); warps by scratching; allowed to continue tumors form and bleed for. Which often become cancerous. Remember to ex-pare. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops itching, bleeding, absorbs the tumors. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Lymans, Sons & Co., Wholesale Agents, Montreal.

WINTER RESORTS.

A Trip To Jamaica

the Queen of West Indian Islands by the

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offers exceptional advantages to persons seeking a vacation of limited duration for health and rest. The trip from New York to Jamaica and return can be made in 17 days. Send for illustrated booklet.

PIM, FORWOOD & KELLOCK, General Agents, Pier 8 N. R., New York.

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SOUTH.

Arrive Riv. du Loup		
" Trois Pistoles		$2.55
" Rimouski		21.00
" Ste. Flavie		21.00
" Little Metis		21.30
" Campbellton		21.55
" Dalhousie		3.30
" Bathurst		3.30
" New Castle		4.00
" Moncton	13.30	13.30
" St. John	18.30	18.30
" Halifax	23.00	23.00

The trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sundays.

The buffet sleeping car and other cars of parlor train leaving Montreal at 8.00 o'clock run through to Halifax without change.

The trains of the Intercolonial Railway are lighted by steam from the locomotive and those between Montreal and Halifax via Levis are lighted by electricity.

Through tickets may be obtained at all stations and sleeping to all points on the lower St. Lawrence and to the Maritime Provinces.

For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangements, etc., Apply to

G. W. ROBERTSON, Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent, 128 St. James street, Montreal.

D. POTTINGER, Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., 8th Oct., 1903.

Dental Infirmary, 15 CATHCART ST., CORNER OF [illegible] Open to the poor from 8 to 10 a.m. Each morning, except Sundays. 13 8 4aw

NOTICE. 19 10 Stock in Trade. ELBERT NELSON, Curator. Druggist, carrying on business at 1405 Notre Dame, opposite Bleury, and known as the Corner Drug Store, will be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, Jan. 25th, 1907, at 2.30 p.m., in the Auction Room of Messrs. Lyman, Sons & Co., 384 St. Paul street, Dalhousie Square, Montreal. Terms and particulars can be had on application to the undersigned. ELBERT NELSON, Curator. 1405 Notre Dame, opposite Bleury. 13 8 4aw

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Important Change in Time

TRAINS EACH WAY - 3

—BETWEEN—

MONTREAL and QUEBEC



Commencing Monday, Jan. 25th, 1907, Offices: Windsor Hotel, Dalhousie Square, Montreal, and Palais Station, Quebec.

Leave Montreal 9.15 a.m. 2.00 p.m. 10.00 p.m.
Arrive Quebec 2.15 p.m. 10.00 p.m. 6.00 a.m.
Leave Quebec 9.15 a.m. 2.00 p.m. 10.00 p.m.
Arrive Montreal 2.15 p.m. 10.00 p.m. 6.00 a.m.

Connections at Montreal with trains to and from St. Gabriel Branch.

Ticket Offices: Montreal, Telegraph Office, Windsor Hotel, Dalhousie Square, NEXT TO Post Office, St. James St. Quebec, Palais Station.

For further information apply to Agents, or to

D. McNICOLL, General Passenger Agent, Montreal.

Lady Spencelaugh's Secret.

CHAPTER XI.—A MESSAGE BY WIRE.

The 4 p.m. train, on a certain autumn afternoon, had just left Kingsthorpe Station, a little roadside place six miles from Normanford, and Abel Garrod, the clerk in charge, was setting off home to tea, when he was summoned back into his office by the tinkling of the telegraph-bell; having signalled the sending-station that he was in attendance, he proceeded, word for word, to take down the following message: "From Marie, London, to Henri Duplessis, Lilac Lodge, near Kingsthorpe Station—Your address is known to me. I shall reach Kingsthorpe by the afternoon train to-morrow—Wednesday. Meet me there without fail." When the message was completed, Abel proceeded to copy it out in his best hand, with many flourishes of his pen, and strange contortions of his tongue, on to one of the printed forms supplied him for use on such occasions, which he then put into an envelope addressed to Mr. Duplessis; and leaving the station in charge of Tim Finch, an old stiff-jointed porter, who, with himself, made up the whole of the staff at Kingsthorpe, he crossed the line and the patch of gravelly road beyond it, and lounged slowly through his little garden, and so into the house, where he found the table laid out ready for tea, and his wife busily employed cutting bread and butter.

"I'm thinking of walking as far as Lilac Lodge after tea, missis," said Abel; "I've got a message by wire for Mr. Duplessis."

"A message for Mr. Duplessis!" said Jane Garrod slowly and wonderingly, pausing with the knife in one hand and the bread in the other: "and what is the message, Abel, my man?"

Abel, with a little pomposity of tone, repeated it to her, word by word.

"A strange message—a very strange message!" said Jane Garrod musingly. "So this 'Marie' comes by the four o'clock train to-morrow, does she? Well, I shall be there to see her when she arrives.—And look you here, Abel; watch Mr. Duplessis closely when he reads the message, and try to find out from his looks whether he is pleased with it or not.—And now make haste with your tea, and then set off. I would give something to be by when he receives it."

Jane Garrod was a spare and rather sharp-featured woman, about fifty years old—a woman singularly silent and undemonstrative, but observant in her own quiet way; self-contained, brooding over her own thoughts, with one of those impassive faces that give no clue to the feelings at work beneath them. Although she had never had any pretensions to good looks, she held her simple-hearted husband with a chain far stronger than any mere smiles of beauty could have woven round him; but her rule was a mild one, and Abel had the good sense to feel and acknowledge her superiority, and was, I am inclined to think, rather proud than otherwise of the bonds that held him prisoner.

As soon as Abel had finished his hasty tea, he put on his best hat and coat, and taking a stout stick in his hand, set out on his walk to Lilac Lodge. The distance by road was four good miles; but Abel knew all the short-cuts through by-lanes and fields, and round by the corner of Kirkbarrow Plantation, and so brought down the distance to three miles, and accomplished his walk easily under the hour.

It was quite dark by the time he got back home, and he found his wife sitting with unlighted candle awaiting his return, and, contrary to her usual practice, not busy either sewing or knitting. She turned on him, as he entered the room, with a degree of animation foreign to her usual reticence. "Well, what news?" she asked. "How did Mr. Duplessis take the message?"

"He took it in his hand; how else?" answered the matter-of-fact Abel, as he prepared to put away his best coat and resume his old one.

Jane smothered the impatient exclamation that rose to her lips, and merely said: "Sit down and tell me all about it. But first you must have a glass of beer, and your slippers on; and I'll light a candle, and then the room will seem more cheerful."

Abel swelled with a sense of self-importance as he watched his wife moving about the house attending to his minor comforts; and then he sighed to think of what little consequence, either to his wife or to any one else, could be the trivial scraps of news he had to retail. When everything was comfortably arranged, Jane drew her chair up to the side of her husband, and waited in silence for him to begin.

"When I got to the top of Lorrimer's Brow," said Abel, "I could see Mr. Duplessis walking about the garden in front of the lodge, smoking a cigar; and I was right well pleased to find that he wasn't from home. Well, when I got down to the house, I just looked in over the side-gate, and touched my hat to him. "Want me, my good fellow?" says he, in his affable, smiling way—and a pleasanter way than he has with him, it would be hard to find. What can I do for you?" says he, holding his head a little on one side, and showing his white teeth. "I've some over from Kingsthorpe Station, sir," says I, "and I've got a telegraphic dispatch for you." "A telegraphic dispatch for me!" says he, opening his eyes very wide indeed, so that his eyebrows went up nearly to the roots of his hair. "Are you sure, my good man, that you've come to the right person?"—"It's for Mr. Henri Duplessis of Lilac Lodge," answered I; "and I believe that's you, sir." "That's me, without doubt, and nobody but me," he said; "so let us have a look at this mysterious document." That's what he called it, Jane—a mysterious document; so I put my hand into my pocket, and pulled out the dispatch, and handed it to him over the gate. He stuck his cigar between his teeth, and took both hands of the envelope, and tore it open, and turned the paper to the light, for it was growing darkish by this time, and read the message; and I'm sure, Jane, it was written in as plain and neat a hand as anybody need wish to see, so that he could have had no difficulty in making it out.

"I never saw anybody's face change so suddenly as the face of Mr. Duplessis changed when he read that paper. You would have thought that Daddy Death had tweaked him suddenly by the ear. All the color went out of his cheeks, and his features cramped up in a moment, just like my grandfather's when he lay a-dying. The cigar dropped from between his teeth, and he turned on me with a word which you would hardly like to hear—a very strong word, Jane—and his white lips seemed as if they wanted to say something more, but couldn't; and then he flung up his clenched hand above his head, and staggered out of sight, down one of the little alleys. Well, I waited without stirring for a matter of five minutes (thinking he might mebbe want to send a reply), lounging lover the gate, and sniffing the pleasant scent of the flowers; and then I saw Mr. Duplessis standing under the verandah, beckoning me to go in; so I opened the gate, and walked across the lawn, and followed him into the drawing-room. And then he told me to sit down, and asked me whether I would have a glass of sherry; and when I said I had no objection, he poured me out one, and held his case for me to pick a cigar from, and was quite jolly—so jolly and so agreeable, that I could hardly believe it was the same man I had seen only five minutes before looking so terribly white and ill. But he accounted for that naturally enough by saying that any sudden news, good or bad, always brought on an old pain at his heart, from which he had suffered for years. Next, we got talking about the telegraph, and he asked me whether I hadn't some curious messages by it at odd times; but I told him that Kingsthorpe was such a quiet, out-of-the-way place that it did very little business in that line, most of the messages that did come being on the railway company's business. Then he asked me, what security people had against their messages being talked over and made public by the men at the station; to which I answered, that there was rarely more than one person at a country station who understood telegraphy, and that he was always a person of good character, and pledged to secrecy as to the messages he might receive or despatch; and that I supposed something like the same system was in use in large towns. To this he answered by saying he was sure that I for one might be trusted with a thousand secrets, and not whisper a word about any of them; and then he looked at his watch, and I took that as a hint that it was time to go; so I emptied my glass, and bade him good-evening, and was just leaving the room, when he slipped a couple of half-crowns into my hand; and laying his white finger lightly on my shoulder, says he: "There's something for your trouble in coming so far. I'll be at the station to-morrow afternoon, as my sister requests." Then with a laugh: "See you go straight home, and don't stop at the Green Dragon by the way;" and so he bowed me out quite grand-like; and I walked back through the little garden, with its pleasant smell of flowers; and here I am.—But, Jane, that Mr. Duplessis is a real nice gentleman, and no mistake! For my part, I can't make out why you dislike him so. It's not his fault, if he's fallen in love with Miss Frederica—no man in his senses could be long near her without falling in love with her. I'm in love with her. There! what do you say to that?"

"Why, that you are the same simple-hearted old goose that you always were. But as for your Mr. Duplessis, so smooth and smiling, I don't know why I should dislike him, and yet"——

"And yet you do."

"And yet I do. Well, likes and dislikes come by nature, and can't be helped, any more than the color of one's eyebrows, or the shape of one's nose."

CHAPTER XII.—THE STRANGER AT KINGSTHORPE.

At five minutes to four precisely, on the afternoon of the day following that of the arrival of the message by wire, Mr. Duplessis lounged up to the station, and greeting Abel Garrod graciously, inquired how soon the train might be expected to arrive.

"She has just been telegraphed," replied Abel, 'and won't be more than ten minutes late to-day."

"Not more!" said Mr. Duplessis with a smile. "As if ten minutes were not enough! I presume that railway trains are classed in the feminine gender by reason of their unpunctuality, and general remissness in keeping their appointments;" and with that he sauntered down the platform, selecting a cigar from his case as he went, and evidently determined to while away the time as pleasantly as possible.

"A nice-spoken gentleman, surely," muttered Abel to himself, as he bustled off to see that his signals were all right, and the line clear, and everything in readiness for the coming train; but always with a furtive glance at the little attic window of his house, plainly to be seen from the station, out of one corner of which, where the blind was pushed a little on one side, he knew that his wife, with the assistance of a small pocket-telescope, was noting everything that happened on the platform, and patiently awaiting the arrival of the 4 p.m. train.

Mr. Duplessis, seated on the soft turf of an embankment, smoking his cigar, and whisking off the heads of the tall weeds with his cane, was apparently in no hurry for the train to arrive; and had some terrible accident befallen it, which would have delayed its coming for ever, he might, perhaps, have been none the less pleased.

At length, the lagging train rolled slowly into the station, and from it descended one passenger—a woman thickly veiled, having on a voluminous gray mantle, and a black-silk dress, much frayed and travel-stained about the skirts—who, not perceiving at the first glance the person she expected there to meet her, turned on Abel with alarming quickness, saying in a harsh, high-pitched voice: "Monsieur Duplessis, n'est-il pas ici?" throwing up her thick fall at the same moment, and displaying to Abel's shuddering gaze the thin sallow face of a woman no longer either young or handsome, but who, not many years ago, had been both, lighted up by two restless, piercing black eyes, which shone out, with strange, baleful lustre, from beneath the heavy brows, black and straight, which crossed her forehead almost without a break. Before Abel had time to reply that he did not understand French, Mr. Duplessis emerged from behind an angle of the building, with a treble-distilled smile ready put on, and with one white hand sunglove-ed and held out, ready to grasp that of the new-comer. But the woman kept her hands within the shelter of her muff, and drew back a step, and seemed to look him through with her keen black eyes. The set smile still wreathed Mr. Duplessis' lips, but the color faded from his face, and the wrinkles, invisible to society, came out under his eyes, as he said in a voice that had lost some of its usual confidence: "Do we meet as friends or as enemies, Marie?"

Do I hope to win her? Ah, no! I am —"As enemies," replied the woman — "as enemies till death!"

"So be it; but listen to me first," he said with an effort to regain his usual easy confident manner. And then he began to address her earnestly in French; and Abel moved away out of earshot, fearful of exciting suspicion.

The conversation between the two lasted for about a quarter of an hour, and the Garrod, looking from the little attic window, with her eye fixed to the end of the telescope, watched their every movement with a patience that never wearied. At first the woman seemed to listen to Mr. Duplessis with a sort of careless disdain, as though nothing he might say could influence her resolves in the slightest degree; he striving, meanwhile, to urge some important point on her consideration. But by and by, she began to shew some signs of interest in his words, almost, as it were, in spite of herself—an interest which seemed to deepen as he went on; and when with outspread hands he came to a sudden stop, as though appealing to her to confirm what he had just said, she replied with three or four words only, and then held out her hand for him to clasp, as though that were the seal of the compact between them. He took her proffered hand, and made as though he would have kissed it, but she drew it back quickly with a shudder, and thrust it into her muff. His eyebrows went up to a point for one moment, and then he turned and beckoned to Abel Garrod, who was loitering at the other end of the platform.

"This lady is my sister," said Mr. Duplessis gravely to Abel—"a sister whom I have not seen for many years. She is about to stay for a few days in this neighborhood, and I want to know where I can obtain two decent quiet rooms for her while she is here, as she cannot bear the noise and bustle of a hotel. Two rooms—a sitting-room and a bedroom—are what she requires."

Abel puzzled his brains for a minute or two, but could not call to mind anything at all likely to suit the lady.

"Look here, now," said Mr. Duplessis, suddenly taking him by the button; "have you no spare rooms in your own house?"

"We have a spare bedroom," said Abel diffidently.

"And a spare sitting-room, too — eh?"

"A parlor, which we seldom use, except on Sundays. But my wife"——

"Exactly the thing—could not be better," interrupted Mr. Duplessis. "Leave me to settle everything with your wife. Just shouldher that bag, will you?"—Allons, ma Marie;" and he strode off towards the house with Madame his sister leaning on his arm; Abel, with the black leather-bag, bringing up the rear.

In a few voluble words, Mr. Duplessis explained his wishes to the quiet, serious-looking woman who opened the door in answer to his knock. Jane replied that she certainly had two spare rooms, and that she should be happy to let the lady have them for a few days, but that they were only furnished in a very humble style, and perhaps the lady might not like them. But all little difficulties were smoothed over; and Madame was at once installed in the rooms, and Jane instructed to prepare tea for her without delay.

Mr. Duplessis would fain have taken his leave at this juncture till the morrow, but Madame would not hear of such a thing; it was cruel of him, she averred, to quit so soon the sister whom he had not seen for six long years. He must take tea with her, and pass the evening with her, otherwise how would the long triste hours charm themselves away? Mr. Duplessis submitted with tolerable grace, and drank tea with his sister; and after that, they had a long conversation together in French; and then they made Abel hunt up an old pack of cards, and played pearle till the clock struck nine, when Mr. Duplessis jumped up, and declared absolutely that he must go.

When Mr. Duplessis was gone, and his sister safely abed, and Abel snoozing in his easy-chair, Jane Garrod, with her apron thrown over her head, sat brooding beside the dying fire, going carefully over in her own mind all that had been said and done since the arrival of her mysterious lodger.

It is to be borne in mind that Jane had a tolerable conversational knowledge of French, having, when young, lived as lady's-maid in Paris for a couple of years; but she was particularly careful that neither Mr. Duplessis nor his sister should suspect her of such an acquirement; and when, once or twice, while she was waiting on them at the tea-table, they preferred some request to her in that language, forgetting for the moment her supposed ignorance of it, she had merely stared stolidly from one to the other, till they repeated their request in English. They thus considered, and naturally so, that they were perfectly safe in talking over their secret concerns in her presence.

"If I could only have heard what they said to one another on the platform, when they first met," said Jane Garrod to herself, "I should have something to go upon; but as it is I have only bits and scraps of their talk after they got here to judge by, for they had evidently settled their plans before coming to the house. These bits

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVES.

Reception to Provincial Treasurer.

FINANCIAL POSITION EXPLAINED BY MR. ATWATER.

The Government's Railway Policy Defended.

The shadow of a great sorrow hung like a pall over the meeting of the English Conservative Clubs called last evening to meet the Provincial Premier and his colleagues of the Executive Council. The news which had been received during the day of the critical condition of Miss Flynn and the consequent departure of the Premier for Quebec, too late to witness the last moments of his beloved daughter, had the effect of lessening the attendance at the rally, the majority of Conservatives believing that the meeting would be postponed. But the organizers of the gathering decided that it was wiser to proceed as arranged, and so the meeting went on.

Held under the auspices of the Junior Conservative and Sir John A. Macdonald Clubs, it was only right that there should be two chairmen, and accordingly Messrs. M. J. F. Quinn, Q. C., M. P., and F. S. Maclennan presided. Those present included Ald. Cannaughton, Ald. Kinsella, A. D. Fraser, B. Tansey, J. A. Boyd, W. Hanson, Campbell Lane, O'Hara Baynes, Charles Raynes, J. H. Jacobs, Lieut.-Col. Henshaw, David Sinclair, S. W. Ewing, James Crankshaw, M. Chas. Foley, O. Tansey, L. G. Cresse, John Robertson, Farquhar C. Robertson, Hon. J. R. Rolland, T. M. Burns, J. H. Walker, Dr. Harris, Stanley Bagg, J. E. Descelles, E. L. Rosenthal, E. A. Morgan, J. Barnes, [illegible], P. B. Mignault, President of the Cartier Club; John Hope, F. Topp, C. H. Stephens, Robt. Gorman, A. Drummond, S. Carmichael, John Martin, W. de Le Young, Lieut.-Col. Crawford, C. Smeaton, R. Knox, L. T. McGovern, L. J. O'Connor, Thomas Moore, C. Weir, Fred Workman, M. Laughman, Chas. Chappell, P. [illegible], H. [illegible], St. Luke's, and assurances have been obtained from them that they will remain in the hospital long enough to give the remedy a fair test. The claim is not made that the serum will cure quickly. Constant treatment for at least two or three months is required to produce any definite results, and it should be continued for a year to effect a complete cure.

Professor Maragliano is modest in his claims for his remedy. He does not expect to effect a cure except in the early stages of the disease. Years ago has advanced far enough to destroy for the tissues, or at all events

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...ION. MR. ATWATER.

Wh[illegible] any [illegible] *Financial Position of the Pro* have [illegible] *vince Set Forth.* tion.

The Provincial Treasurer received an ovation when he rose to speak. His remarks contained no straining after great oratorical effects, but was merely a clear, lucid business-like statement of the province's position and the policy of the Government of which he is a member. He began by expressing his sincere regret at the circumstances which prevented Hon. Mr. Flynn from being present that evening. It was only at 2 o'clock that afternoon that the Premier had informed him (Mr. Atwater), that he would be unable to carry out his engagements, and that he was very sorry to have to forego the pleasure of meeting the English-speaking Conservatives of Montreal. The Provincial Secretary had also intended to be present, but was snowed up in the Townships. That was the first opportunity the speaker had had to meet them in public meeting since they had confided their mandate to him and he could hardly express his sense of gratitude at the confidence imposed in him. Mr. Atwater limned his experiences of official life, and re-called the circumstances which attended his entry into the Government. When Hon. Mr. Taillon resigned and accepted a position in the Senate Cabinet, the

[illegible] of the Conservative party was held to see who would be his successor. When the Lieut.-Governor's choice fell upon Hon. Mr. Flynn, everybody felt that the selection was a good one. During his administration of the Crown Lands Department he had raised it considerably in public opinion, and during his long public career had enjoyed the most stainless reputation. But his capacity for leadership was not known. He formed his Cabinet largely out of the elements of the Taillon administration with one exception. He took in an English Protestant, and showed his desire to be just to the minority.

It soon became apparent to the members of the Executive Council that Mr. Flynn was a man with born abilities as a leader, was endowed with firmness, decision, tact and energy. There was no doubt about his policy. He had laid it down from the first and his Council was with him to a man. Still this was only tentative. It required the crucible of a session of a Legislature to prove what was in him as a leader. The Opposition had claimed that they were a moribund Legislature, that the Government had no right to summon the present session, yet they had confidence in their policy and the results were now before the people. If they had [illegible]tions, they would [illegible]ion of weakness [illegible] consent to. The political prophets had said their majority would be small; on the first division their majority was 19; before they got through it was 33.

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THE PAST SESSION.

The Work Reviewed by the Provincial Treasurer.

The Treasurer then reviewed the work of the recent session. The first measure introduced was the act repealing the tax upon real estate transfers. That was so popular a measure that it met with no opposition. The next measure was that providing for the conversion of the public debt, for which he personally took the responsibility, and to it no financier could object. The debt of the province was now about $30,000,000, bearing interest at the rate of from 4 to 5 percent., which was far too high compared with what could be obtained in the money markets of the world. They proposed to convert that into a consolidated debt with a uniform interest of, say, 3 per cent. In this way they would effect a saving of from $200,000 to $300,000 per annum. When the city of Quebec could effect such a conversion on an advantageous basis of 3 1-2 per cent., he thought the Province of Quebec could do it on better terms. The Province of British Columbia had done this at a beneficial rate; why should not the Province of Quebec also? The saving which would be effected would enable the Government to ameliorate the condition of the people, reduce the burden of taxation and aid education. Mr. Atwater pointed out that the Government at the recent session had made a special grant to education. Their political opponents had taunted them with neglecting education, but they spoke too quickly. When the Government had the opportunity they faced the Legislature and put aside $40,000 to assist in the education of the young people of the province. The sum was only the beginning of a fund, which he hoped to be able to double within a short time.

Their aim was to give the young people good schooling free school books and take off the responsibilities which were now binding the people of the province in this respect. Every resource of the province that could be spared would be devoted to this object. Then the Government had brought in a measure to simplify the procedure before the courts and reduce the costs of legal proceedings. That law was passed and would be proclaimed in a very few months, thus affording great relief to the business community in their resort to the courts.

* * *

RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.

The Government Fulfilling Obligations of Its Predecessors.

Taking up the question of the railway subsidies, the treasurer pointed out the advantages of the plan proposed by the Government, pointing out that upon taking office they were face to face with the obligations of their predecessors in this respect. The lands which had been granted to the companies had never been located and nobody knew where they were. The original act provided that companies could convert their lands [illegible] acres, [illegible] following is the rate of 70 cents per [illegible] hour, to be paid at once and [illegible] when the lands were sold. [illegible] inches, [illegible] the companies took advantage, this and converted their grants [illegible] money. They received the first 35 cents, but not the balance. For the last two years the companies had been pressing the Government for a settlement and when the Government took up the subject they found that it would require an expenditure of at least a million dollars to locate the lands and so they adopted an honest legitimate policy and settled with the companies upon a basis of 50 cents on the dollar. This [illegible]sible proposition had been endorsed by the Legislature.

Mr. Atwater told his hearers that he had always tried to do his duty by the city of Montreal and pointed out how the Legislature had rejected the proposed new burdens which it was sought to place upon the people of this city. He would always see that justice was done to Montreal and that it got its fair share of the favors of the Government. He defended the succession taxes as a just imposition, one which was imposed everywhere else in the world and one which was thoroughly legitimate. Turning to the financial situation he pointed out that when the Conservative Government took office in 1882 they found that their predecessors had increased the public debt by $9,275,000 in four years, while in the twenty years from 1857 to 1887 under the Conservative rule the debt had only grown $19,000,000 so that the Liberals in four years had increased the debt half as much as the Conservatives did in twenty. As a consequence of this increase the public burdens were augmented by $400,000, which had to be met for interest charges. The Province of Quebec was a business institution; its affairs had to be conducted on business principles; they had no inexhaustible treasury into which to dip. The only way to meet their liabilities was to increase taxation and this the Government did. The greater part of the provincial debt had been caused by railway subsidies. In 1892, the year Mercier fell, the province's liabilities in this respect were $7,6,1,789. In 1896 this had been reduced to $812,3,8 (applause), so that they had wiped out nearly $5,000,000 in this line alone.

In addition to these liabilities was the railway guarantee fund. From 1887 to 1892 the province received $2,508,000 on this account, yet when the present Government took office, not a single dollar of this fund remained in the treasury. To-day the province did not owe in this respect more than $700,000. He pointed to the surplus last year of $286,000, repeated the claim that the Government had kept its promises to repeal the extra taxes, and concluded by an eloquent tribute to the resources of the province.

Lieut.-Col. Henshaw moved, seconded by Mr. B. Tansey, and it was resolved:

"That the members of the Junior Conservative and Sir John A. Macdonald Clubs have learned with profound regret the news of the sad summons that has called the Prime Minister, the Hon. E. J. Flynn, home, and which has prevented him being present with us to night, and that we pray that it may please Providence to spare him this affliction, and to sustain him in the personal ordeal through which he is now passing."

Mr. O'Hara Baynes having moved a vote of thanks to the treasurer, it was resolved, upon motion of Mr. James Crankshaw and Mr. M. C. Foley:

"That the members of the Junior Conservative Club and of the Sir John A. Macdonald Club, take this, the first opportunity they have had to exhibit to the Prime Minister of Quebec, the Hon. E. J. Flynn, the assurance of their confidence in him personally, and in the wise and patriotic policy of his Government, and that we pledge ourselves to use our utmost efforts to secure the triumph of that policy and the return of the present Conservative Government to power at the approaching general elections."

The meeting concluded with the usual cheers.

* * *

CONSERVATIVE CLUBS.

The Club Loranger was formally inaugurated last night in the hall of the Union St. Joseph, when addresses were delivered by Messrs. L. Loranger, F. J. Bisaillon, W. Poitras and others. The Club Tache of Ste. Cunegonde, another Conservative organization, also met last evening, and held a most successful gathering.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Who the Officers for the Coming Year Are.

SKETCHES OF PROMINENT BUSINESS CAREERS.

Men Who Will Sit in the Council Chamber.

MR. JOHN M'KERGOW

The New President of the Board of Trade.

Mr. John McKergow was born in London, England, in the year 1847, and came to Montreal at an early age. He soon became identified with the butter and produce business, and became a partner in the firm of A. A. Ayer & Co., when that Company was first started thirty years ago. The business of this firm grew rapidly from a small beginning till to-day it is the largest of its kind in America. Mr. McKergow, as well as Mr. Ayer, has been indefatigable in his efforts to extend the dairy export trade of Canada, and now that cold storage transportation is about to be provided between this country and Great Britain, his endeavors will be crowned with still greater success. Besides his connection with the produce trade, Mr. McKergow is largely interested in the Laprairie Brick Works, the Laurie Engine Company and other manufacturing enterprises. He was the first president of the Butter and Cheese Association of the Province, was a member of the Council of the Board of Trade for two years, and was second vice-president for two other years.

* * *

MR. JAMES CRATHERN,

First Vice-President.

Mr. James Crathern, who was elected 1st Vice-President by acclamation, is a Montrealer par excellence, having been born in this city, lived here all his life and conducted his extensive business exclusively in Montreal. Mr. Crathern is the head of the firm of Crathern and Caverhill, iron and steel merchants, which firm was established in 1834 and now does a business exceeding, in good years, $1,000,000. In addition to his more immediate business interests in connection with the firm of Crathern and Caverhill, Mr. Crathern has been for many years a director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; a director from its inception of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co., and was also a director for several years of the Merchants Cotton Co. Mr. Crathern has been a consistent supporter of the National Policy, being interested in many of the manufacturing interests of the city. Mr. Crathern's popularity was well illustrated last year when 734 members of the Board of Trade registered their votes in favor of his election as a member of the Council, while this year still greater honors are his.

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MR. CHARLES F. SMITH.

Second Vice-President.

Mr. Charles F. Smith is the sole proprietor of the firm of James McCready & Co., wholesale boot and shoe manufacturers. He was born in England in 18[illegible], and received his education there as well as his early business training. He came to Canada in 1861, settling in Montreal in 1866, and after eleven years in the boot and shoe trade joined the firm of James McCready & Co. In a few years he became a partner and eventually sole proprietor of the large business. His success has been remarkable owing to his energy and fine business qualities. His house has an extended trade throughout the extent of the Dominion and ever increasing. Mr. Smith is much respected in commercial circles for his uprightness and integrity. He has been a member of the Board of Trade since the amalgamation of that body with the Corn Exchange in 1887, and has always evinced a deep interest in its affairs.

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MR. HENRY MILES,

Treasurer.

Mr. Henry Miles was born in Lennoxville, Que., in 1855 and was educated at Bishop's College. He came to Montreal when a boy and at once entered upon a commercial career by entering the establishment of Lyman, Clare & Co., wholesale druggists. By attention to business he went from one position to the other until he became the general manager of the establishment in 1884. About four years later he became a partner in the firm where his wide experience in the drug trade and great ability as a business man have placed the house of which he is a member in the fore-front. He is a lover of athletics and is a member of the M.A.A.A. He is devoted to music, especially that of a sacred character, and is a member of the Philharmonic Society and choir master of Trinity Church. In business circles he is greatly esteemed. He became a member of the Board of Trade in 1887.

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MR. W. B. MATHEWSON.

Mr. W. B. Mathewson, of the firm of J. A. Mathewson & Co., importers of tea, is a native of this city. The firm was established in 1854, and was the first to introduce Japan teas into this country. One of Mr. Mathewson's pet hobbies—and the expression is used in its good sense—has been for years the establishing of a harbor of refuge at Little Metis, Que. Mr. Mathewson has agitated in this direction for years, and his scrap book containing newspaper extracts and other clippings bearing on the matter is quite voluminous. He has interested personally the members of the Board of Trade in this matter of a harbor of refuge, and may be expected to continue the work with redoubled vigor in his present position on the council.

* * *

MR. A. W. STEVENSON.

Mr. A. W. Stevenson is one of the best known accountants in the Dominion. He is a native of Montreal, and has been doing business in this city as accountant and assignee for the past twenty-two years. He has also been connected with many public interests and enterprises. Mr. Stevenson has been somewhat of an athlete, and was the first president of the M.A.A.A. He is the present treasurer of the Mining Association of the Province of Quebec and vice-president of the Association of Architects of Montreal. Mr. Stevenson has been on several occasions requested to permit himself to be a candidate for the council of the Montreal Board of Trade, but has refused on account of his many business interests, which pretty fully occupy his time. Mr. Stevenson himself says his reason was that he cared more for himself than his fellow citizens. Mr. Stevenson goes on the Board the present year for the purpose of representing insolvent legislation and matters relating thereto before the Dominion Government.

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MR. H. STIKEMAN

Mr. Harry Stikeman, general manager of the Bank of British North America in this city, is a native of England. He was educated at Uppingham, and joined the service of the bank, with which he has ever since been connected in ous branches of the Bank in Ontario. Mr. Stikeman came to this country, and was stationed in turn at the various branches of the Bank of Ontario. He then went to New York, where he remained some years, returning again to Canada to take temporary charge of the Quebec office. From here Mr. Stikeman returned to England as accountant of the London office. In 1883 he was appointed second agent at New York, and in 1889, on the death of Mr. McTavish, was placed in charge of the agency there. In 1892 Mr. Stikeman came to Montreal, having been appointed assistant-general manager. In 1895 he was made general-manager, which position he now occupies.

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MR. D. WATSON.

Mr. David Watson, of the firm of Kerry, Watson & Co., wholesale druggists, was born in Arbroath, Forfarshire, Scotland, in 1842. He has been engaged in the drug business from his early youth, having been apprenticed to a member of the Pharmaceutical Association of [illegible] Britain in his native town, etc. Watson and served only three years of his apprenticeship when his family removed to Canada. Shortly after his arrival here Mr. Watson re-entered the drug business, and in 1860 entered the firm of Carter, Kerry & Co., and on the death some years after of Mr. Carter, the firm changed its name to Kerry, Watson & Co., Mr. Watson being admitted into partnership. Mr. Watson is a member of the Pharmaceutical Association of the Province or Quebec, and is the president of the College of Pharmacy in this city. Mr. Watson is also president of the Dominion Commercial Travellers' Association, of which society he has been a member for eighteen years. He has been for many years a member of the Board of Trade.

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MR. E. L. BOND.

Mr. Edward Langley Bond is one of the most popular insurance agents in the city. He is a son of the Lord Bishop of Montreal, and was born and educated in this city. He began his business life in 1868 as a stock broker and from choice took up insurance in which he has been successful. He represents some of the best known companies in the world, and has his agencies from Newfoundland to Vancouver. The greatest reliance is placed in his sound judgment in commercial circles. He has also been a strong factor and most energetic in municipal reforms for the general good of the city. He served in the active militia from 1866 to 1868, in the Prince of Wales Rifles, retiring as major, and was on active service during the Fenian troubles in 1866 and 1870. He has been a member of the Board of Trade for many years and takes a deep interest in all that concerns the progress of that body and the city.

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MR. J. W. PYKE.

Mr. Jas. W. Pyke, senior member of the firm of Jas. W. Pyke & Co., iron and steel merchants, is one of the most successful business men of Montreal. Mr. Pyke is a native of this city and has been engaged in his present business from an early age, succeeding to the trade established by the late Alfred Brown and subsequently carried on by the late George Reaves. In addition to representing many other well-known foreign firms, Mr. Pyke's company are agents for the famous house of Fried Krupp, at Essen, Germany. Mr. Pyke is one of the executors to the estate of the late Mr. George Reaves.

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MR. CHARLES M'LEAN.

Mr. Charles McLean is a native of Paisley, Scotland, but moved to this city in 1838 and has been prominently associated with the growth of the maritime interests of the metropolis ever since. Mr. McLean has now associated with him in his business Mr. Murray Kennedy, of Liverpool, Eng., and it is as the firm of McLean and Kennedy, steamship agents and forwarders, that the business is now best known. Previous to 1898, however, or for twenty years, Mr. McLean conducted the entire business alone. The firm acts as general forwarders and freight agents and does a very large business, having many correspondents in this country and Europe.

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MR. A. J. BRICE.

Mr. A. J. Brice has long been connected with the wholesale butter and cheese trade and has been most successful in his business. He was born in England over fifty years ago and educated at a college in Bath. He came to Canada in 1870 and settled in Montreal, there he began his commercial career as a shipper of produce and has, by his energy and industry, built up a large and extensive trade and is in the front rank of exporters. He has been a member of the Corn Exchange and Board of Trade for many years and possesses the confidence of the trade community for honesty in all his dealings. He has held several offices on the Board of Trade Council and takes the deepest interest in all that concerns the development of the city and Canada.

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MR. D. G. THOMSON.

Mr. D. G. Thomson, who was elected to the Council upon the nomination of Mr. Edgar Judge, is manager of the Montreal Transportation Company and one of the best known figures on 'Change. He has been an active Member of the Corn Exchange and Board of Trade for many years, and a few years back was president of the former body.

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MR. C. CHAPUT.

Mr. Charles Chaput, who was re-elected to the Council, is the head of the firm of L. Chaput, Fils & Cie. He was born in Montreal on November 14, 1841, and entered his father's employ as a boy, being admitted as a partner in 1859. Mr. Chaput has been identified with many enterprises for the development of Montreal. He is a director of the Banque d' Hochelaga, vice-president of the Turnpike trust, a member of the Chambre de Commerce and a most active member of the Board of Trade.

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MR. R. MACKAY.

Mr. Robert Mackay is one of Montreal's best known business men. The son of the late Hon. Robert Mackay, M.L.C., he was born in Montreal, and has from an early age been identified with the wholesale dry goods house of Mackay Bros. For many years he has been connected with everything tending to advance Montreal's interests and has been a member of the Board of Trade since its inception. In June last he was the Liberal candidate in St. Antoine Division for the Federal House, but was defeated by Dr. Roddick. Since the advent to power of the Liberal Government he has been appointed chairman of the Harbor Commission.

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MR. F. W. EVANS.

Mr. F. W. Evans is a comparatively young man, being yet on the sunny side of the half century mark. He is a member of the extensive fire and accident insurance firm of Wood and Evans, and has made his mark as one of the most successful business men of the city. Mr. Evans is the present mayor of Montreal's flourishing suburb Westmount and has just been re-elected for a second term.

CITY PROPERTY.

Finance Committee Decides to Advertise for Sale Two Blocks of Vacant Land.

The Finance Committee met yesterday afternoon and resolved to advertise the corporation properties on McGill street and at the corner of Gosford and Craig streets.

Ald. Stevenson, chairman of the Fire Committee, asked for $10,000 to purchase 15,000 feet of hose, which was urgently required. It was decided to grant the Fire Committee $5000 for the purpose.

The Police Committee asked for $4500 for the reorganization of the Detective Department. This amount included $1000 for increase of the chief's salary, $100 for the sergeant detective, $150 for the secretary, $150 for the Bertillon photographing system, $2000 for a secret service fund, and $500 for furniture, etc.

On the suggestion of Ald. Rainville, the chairman, it was decided to vote $1000 for the chief's salary, $1000 to the secret service, $250 for increases in salaries, and $250 for furniture and repairs.

On motion of Ald. McBride the City Treasurer was instructed to pay to the sheriff $1250 of the $2400 due for the gaol guard.

The report of the Road Committee for $10,000 to re-open the corporation quarries was passed.

THE PRESBYTERY

Rev. Mr. Drummond's Removal Agreed to.

At a special meeting of the Presbytery of Montreal, held yesterday, it was finally agreed to translate the Rev. W. R. Drummond, of Russelltown, to Knox Church, St. Thomas, in accordance with the request of the congregation which was represented at the meeting by Rev. John Currie, of the London Presbytery. The pulpit of Russelltown will be declared vacant on the second Sunday in February.

On motion of Dr. Scrimger, Professor John Campbell was appointed moderator of the session of Melville Church, Westmount.

THE HIGHLAND CADETS.

To-morrow will be military night at the Monument National, and officers and members of the various city corps will attend to witness the stirring scenes of the Indian mutiny of 1857, as depicted in the drama of Jessie Brown, or the Relief of Lucknow. Songs, dances and tableaux will also be given, and the national airs of Auld Scotland will be played by a carefully selected orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. Herbert Spencer.

ORGAN RECITAL.

Mr. Hilton will give his fourth recital of this season, in the Dominion Square Methodist Church, at 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, and will be assisted by Mrs. C. J. Harvey, contralto, a recent arrival from St. John, Newfoundland, and Miss Craig, organist. The programme of these recitals are of a high order, and it is hoped a large audience will be present.

SCIENCE STUDENTS' DRIVE.

The annual drive of the students in the Faculty of Applied Science at McGill University will take place to Lachine this evening. Sleighs will leave the College gates at 5.45 o'clock, and immediately on the arrival of the party at Lachine dinner will be served at Harvey's Hotel. The evening will be spent in song and dance, and athletic events.

TO LOSE HIS HAND.

Yesterday a boy named Joseph Picard, employed in Smardon's shoe factory, on Craig street, had his hand crushed in a shoe machine. He was taken to the Notre Dame Hospital. His hand is badly injured, and it will be necessary to amputate two of the boy's fingers.

SACRED SONG RECITAL.

There will be a recital of sacred music in St. Luke's Church, on Friday evening, a choice programme of vocal and instrumental music has been prepared. A collection will be taken up on behalf of the music fund of the choir.

Reminiscences of Tennyson.

In a recent issue of the Temple Magazine, Dean Farrar gives interesting reminiscences of the late Lord Tennyson, and thus tells how it happened that he suggested "St. Telemachus" to the Laureate: "Lord Tennyson, one day when I was walking with him, asked me to suggest to him the subject of a poem. I suggested the story of St. Telemachus, leaping down into the amphitheatre and by his self-devoted martyrdom putting an end for ever to the hideous butcheries of the gladiatorial games—a scene which I have since described in my 'Gathering Clouds.' To my surprise, he had never heard the story and was much struck with it. He asked me to send him, when I returned, all the authorities on the subject. That was easily done, for it rests on the single authority of the Greek ecclesiastical historian Theodoret. I sent him the passage in the original Greek and he clothed it in the magnificent poem."

A Shelby County (Ind.) man who left his home on Christmas eve eleven years ago, because he was out of work and without money to buy presents for his children, returned last Christmas eve with a fortune made at mining in British Columbia.

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

WHERE FIRES OCCURRED.

The Class of Buildings Damaged Last Year.

LOSSES AMOUNTED TO OVER $700,000

Exceeding the Insurances by $9,000.

The annual report of the Messrs. Perry and Poirier, Fire Commissioners, for the year 1896, was issued yesterday afternoon. It is addressed to the Mayor and the members of the City Council, and after stating that 458 fires were investigated and 487 witnesses examined, goes on to say: "A rule that we considered it our duty to pass during the year in relation to the publicity to be given our procedures, has created discontent in certain quarters. We decided to hold our investigations with closed doors, referring at the same time the members of the press to the Clerk of the Peace for the district of Montreal, when they should wish to consult the depositions taken by us after they have been regularly filed. Still, representatives of insurance companies in any fire are welcome to be present and to suggest any question to the witness in relation to it while our investigations are going on."

The following table designates the class of property destroyed, or partly so, the amount insured and the losses incurred in each case:

Property	Insurances	Losses
1 Asbestos Store	$ 15,000	5,000
1 Asphalt Works		13,000
1 Auctioneer's Store	1,000	
1 Bakery		200
1 Barber's Shop	400	250
5 Blacksmiths and Coach Makers Shops	3,200	2,640
6 Boarding Houses	9,150	982
5 Boot and Shoe Stores	6,300	4,340
2 Brass and Copper Manufactures	84,900	10,794
3 Bridge and Iron Manufactories	12,500	3,500
4 Butchers Stalls and Refrigerators	2,000	245
1 Button holes Manufacture	1,200	900
1 Carriages and Waggons	625	275
8 Cigar Stores	3,088	1,365
2 City and Passenger Ry. offices		
5 Clothiers	20,000	10,950
1 Cloth House	1,000	331
1 Cotton Mill	27,000	1,500
2 Cotton Waste Manufactures	13,600	40
1 Doors and Sashes Factory	10,000	8,087
1 Dry Goods Stores	90,100	40,167
196 Dwellings	231,650	194,445
2 Electroware and Bicycle Supplies Stores	4,100	421
1 Fancy Goods Store	1,000	50
3 Fire and Police Stations		15
4 Foundries	21,500	2,000
1 Frame and Picture Store		15
1 Fruit and Candy Stores	10,500	325
3 Furniture Stores	10,500	5,224
General offices	88,300	67,644
1 General Store	19,500	7,000
2 Glassware and Crockery Stores	161,500	80,300
1 Grain Elevator		421
27 Groceries	42,210	17,491
1 Hardware Store	32,000	35,000
3 Hat and Fur Stores	43,550	13,000
1 Hospital	13,200	1,000
11 Hotels and Restaurants	17,650	22,570
1 Jute Company Store	100,000	17,300
2 Land Planing and Smoking Establishments	121,200	1,055
2 Laundries	46,250	43,000
1 Manufacturers' Agent Store	27,350	27,350
1 Milliner's Store	1,450	1,000
1 Nail Kegs Manufacture	2,500	600
2 Nurseries	1,200	1,000
1 Photographer's Studio	1,000	700
1 Printing Shops and Stationeries	8,000	2,000
5 Provision Stores	96,380	13,416
2 Railway Bridges		
1 Refectory	9,000	253
2 Rolling Mills	490,000	5
2 School Houses		
54 Sheds, Stables and Haylofts	62,235	16,631
1 Silk Factory	15,000	13,000
1 Snuff Tobacco Manufacture	2,100	1,400
1 Soap Manufacture	3,000	2,500
1 Steamer	15,000	5,000
1 Tinsmith's Shop	200	60
4 Varnish and Paint Manufactures	80,000	23,273
2 Warehouses and Wine Stores	99,000	17,317
1 Watchmaker's Shop	2,200	200
3 Wood Boxes Manufactures and Saw Mills	500	20
	$2,135,587	$703,844
Loss above Insurances		$ 9,150
Gross Losses		$712,994

FIREMEN MEET

Elect Officers for the Benevolent Society.

Chief Benoit, president of the Firemen's Benevolent Association, presided at the annual meeting held at the Central Fire Station last evening. When the meeting had been called to order the secretary read the annual report in which the recent St. Peter street catastrophe was referred to in the following terms:

"It is with feelings of the deepest sorrow and regret that we have to record the death of three of our members, viz., Foreman Laporte, Harry King and Sylain Carpentier, who lost their lives at the fire in the premises No. 31 St. Peter street, on Friday, October 16, 1896. While we mourn and regret the loss the Brigade has sustained in the death of those three comrades, we have to thank the Divine Providence and console ourselves with the fact that no more of our men met with fatal injuries, as there were in the building at the time some ten to fifteen, who most miraculously escaped with but few slight injuries, with the exception of one, who is still suffering and unable to be about, but the doctors have hopes that he will fully recover. The Brigade turned out and interred our comrades, as did also the Mayor and City Council, the heads of the different Departments, also deputations from different cities and towns, some coming from as far as Ottawa, to show that respect due to men who lost their lives while in the execution of their duty. We would, therefore, take this opportunity of thanking those organizations for their attendance on that melancholy occasion."

The number of cases relieved during the year were twenty, and the amount of sick benefit paid $1135, and the funeral benefit of $50 each to the above three widows, $150, making a total of $185.

The treasurer followed with his report, which showed the following statistics:

Balance from last year	$1,679 51
Dues and entry fees	375 00
Donations	1,320 50
Interest from Savings Bank	18 96
	$3,393 97
EXPENDITURES.	
Sick benefit	$ 435 00
General expenses	663 95
Funeral expenses	150 00
Transfer to Widows' Fund	100 00
Deposit in Savings Bank	2,550 52
Cash on hand	50
	$3,893 97

A deposit of $381.79 remains in the bank for the Widows' and Orphans' Fund and $50 for the permanent fund. Both reports were adopted.

The following were elected representatives of the different stations: No. 1, Capt. Briere; No. 2, Capt. Doolan; No. 3, Capt. Gibson; No. 4, Capt. Prevost; No. 5, Capt. Mann; No. 6, Capt. Peltier; No. 7, Capt. Guthrie; No. 8, Capt. Richard; No. 9, Capt. Mangan; No. 10, Capt. Sparling; No. 11, Capt. Viau; No. 12, Capt. Mitchell; No. 13, Capt. Bishop; No. 14, Capt. Renaud; No. 15, Capt. Deegan; No. 16, Capt. Naud; No. 17, Capt. Roch.

The officers elected were: President, Chief Benoit; First Vice-President, Assistant Chief Jackson; Second Vice-President, Assistant Chief Dubois; Secretary, Assistant Chief Beckingham; Assistant Secretary, Capt. P. Richard; Treasurer, Supply Officer Beaulieu.

Cemetery Committee—Assistant Chief Jackson, Capts. Mann, Gibson, Doolan, Briere and Renaud.

Examining Committee—Capts. Richard and Mitchell.

Dr. Rene de Cotret was appointed medical examiner.

Auditors—Capts. Gibson and Richard.

The President appointed Messrs. Taylor and M. Presseau scrutineers.

100TH REGIMENT

Petitions for the Restoration of the Regiment to Canada Extensively Signed.

Major Edward Harrison, Honorary Secretary to the central committee struck in connection with the plan for the repatriation of the 100th Regiment has forwarded to the members of the committees a return of the petitions received in re the memorial for the repatriation etc., of H. M. 100th Prince of Wales Royal Canadian Regiment." No less than 230 petitions have been received including some from every city and town of importance in Canada, as well as from several places in Europe. Among the distinguished names on the petition are those of the Marquis of Dufferin and Marquis of Lorne, former Governors-General of Canada. The petitions signed in Canada bear the names of officers of the militia staff, and all of the active Militia corps, judges of all the courts, senators and members of Parliament, members of municipal councils, former officers and men of the 100th, and the chiefs of the Six Nations, Lorette and Caradoc Indian Reserves.

The committee consists of the following:

British Columbia—Lt.-Col. Hon. E. G. Prior, A. D. C.

Manitoba—Lt.-Col. Hon. C. A. Boulton, Senator, Retired List, formerly of H. M. 100th Regiment P. W. Royal Canadians, 1858.

Ontario—Lt.-Col. John Macpherson Supt. Militia Stores, Ottawa; Lt.-Col. R. Tyrwhitt, 36th Batt., Brampton; Major Jas. Sutherland, 22nd Batt., Woodstock; Lt.-Col. Otter, V. Graveley, District Paymaster and Supt. of Stores, Toronto; Captain Brown Wallis, Reserve Militia, late H. M. 100th Regt. P. W. Royal Canadians, 1858, Ottawa; Major E. Harrison, Hon. Secretary, 49th Batt., Belleville; Major J. M. Delamere, Q. O. Rifles, Toronto; Major J. L. Shannon, 14th Batt., Kingston; Major A. L. Jarvis, G. G. B. G., Ottawa; Captain C. F. Winter, G. G. F. G., Ottawa.

Quebec—Lt.-Col. John Fletcher, C. M. G., late Dep. Adj. General, formerly H. M. 100th Regt. P. W. Royal Can., 1858, Montreal; Lt.-Col. W. H. Forest, District Paymaster and Supt. of Stores, Quebec; Lt.-Col. G. Mattice, Supt. of Stores, etc., Montreal; Captain Chambers, 6th Fusiliers, Montreal.

Nova Scotia—Major J. Plimsol Edwards, retired list, Londonderry, N. S.

Local Committees—Captain E. J. Chambers, 6th Fusiliers, Montreal; Major Alfred Markham, 8th Hussars, New Brunswick, Major G. L. Dugherty, District Paymaster, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; Lt.-Col. Gartshore, 1st Hussars, London, Ont.; His Honor Lieut.-Governor Hon. Mr. Patterson, Manitoba; His Honor Lieut.-Governor J. J. Fraser, New Brunswick; Lt.-Col. Percy B. Lake, (late 100th Regt.) Grenfell, Assiniboia, N. W. T.; Chief Josiah Hill, Six Nation Indians (Iroquois); His Worship the Mayor of Toronto (R. J. Fleming, Esq.); His Worship the Mayor of Quebec; His Worship the Mayor of Sorel; His Worship the Mayor of Montreal; His Worship the Mayor of Belleville (J. Walmsley, Esq.); His Worship the Mayor of Kingston, His Worship the Mayor of Brockville, His Worship the Mayor of Prescott; His Worship the Mayor of Hamilton, His Worship the Mayor of London, His Worship the Mayor of Cornwall, His Worship the Mayor of Victoria, His Worship the Mayor of Winnipeg, His Worship the Mayor of Charlottetown; etc., etc.

Montreal "Star"
SYSTEM OF
Life Insurance
Five hundred dollars will be paid by the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, 40, 42 and 44 Moorgate street, London, England, to the person whom the Editor of the Montreal Daily Star decides to be the nearest relative of any one who is killed in a railway accident in the Dominion of Canada, or the United States whilst being a passenger, provided a copy of the Montreal Daily Star (as indicated hereafter) is found upon the deceased at the time of the catastrophe, or if it is proved that he or she is a subscriber through a news agent, or through the publishers. This sum will not be paid in the event of an accident to railway trainmen while on duty, nor of a suicide. In cases where the accident seems to the Editor to be due to carelessness on the part of the insured no payment will be made. No claim will be paid in the case of the death of a child under ten years of age. The Editor reserves to himself the right to pay the money in accordance with the provisions of any will left by the dece

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Claim Prof. Maragliano Makes for His Discovery.

RESULT ONLY IN EARLY STAGES.

Its Use of Advantage, However, in Advanced Stage.

New York, January 28.—The unusual interest taken by physicians and the public in the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis, or consumption as it is commonly called, will be increased by the news that serum has been discovered which, it is declared, will prove an absolute cure for the disease in its early stages and will greatly benefit patients and arrest the progress of the disease in its advanced forms. The serum is the discovery of Professor Maragliano, of Genoa, Italy. A small quantity was brought to this country, and the physicians of St. Luke's Hospital began experiments with it a week ago.

The serum is obtained from the blood of horses which have been inoculated with the tuberculosis germ in small quantities and continued under this treatment for several months. Its effect is to produce in the blood of the horse some quality of resistance to the disease, which when introduced into the human system strengthens the resisting power. The serum theory is therefore exactly opposite to the theory of vaccination, which introduces the germs of the disease itself into the system, and by producing the disease in a mild form renders the body impervious to its further attacks.

EXPERIMENTS IN ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL.

Only a small quantity of the serum has reached this country, about two hundred cubic centimetres in all. Part of this quantity was imported for St. Luke's Hospital, but the greater part was presented to the hospital by G. W. Supperman, Professor Maragliano's agent. The serum as at present manufactured is expensive, each centimetre being worth about $20.

On account of the small quantity of the serum available, only two patients have been selected for the experiment at St. Luke's, and assurances have been obtained from them that they will remain in the hospital long enough to give the remedy a fair test. The claim is not made for the serum that it acts quickly. Constant treatment for at least two or three months is required to produce any definite results, and it should be continued for a year to effect a complete cure.

Professor Maragliano is modest in his claims for his remedy. He does not expect to effect a cure except in the early stages of the disease. When it has advanced far enough to produce lesions of the tissues, or cavities, he does not believe that a cure can be effected. He thinks, however, that the progress of the disease can be arrested.

The reason for this is that the serum is fatal to only one germ, the tubercle bacillus, which alone is present in the early stages of phthisis, but in the more advanced stages several other bacilli which are classed under the general name of pyogenic, or pus producing germs, are present, on which the anti-tubercular serum has no effect. The removal of the tubercle bacilli, however, is distinctly beneficial, and leaves the patient with more energy to resist the ravages of those that are left, it is urged.

IS ADMINISTERED HYPODERMICALLY.

The serum is administered hypodermically in doses of one cubic centimetre daily. In St. Luke's the injection is made in the tissues of the back. This is the part of the body recommended by Professor Maragliano because of the thickness of the tissues there and their freedom from small blood vessels, which might be pierced by the hypodermic syringe.

While it was too early yet to observe any decided benefit, the experiments have gone far enough to demonstrate that no ill effects follow the application of the remedy, the physicians say. There is no feverish reaction and no local irritation or inflammation as occurs in the administration of some other remedies of a similar nature.

The hospital authorities do not consider that the two patients under treatment will afford a satisfactory test, as many patients have improved under the old treatment with creosote and many even under the improved conditions of food and hygiene accompanying hospital treatment, without the aid of drugs or medicines. If the patients under treatment show any marked improvement, however, a large quantity of th eserum will be imported and experiments will be made on a scale sufficiently extensive to enable definite deductions to be made as to its efficacy.

During the treatment with Maragliano's serum all other specific treatments are suspended, but every effort is made to build up the strength and improve the bodily condition of the patients by the administration of codliver oil, glycero-phosphates and nourishing food.

OPINION OF A PHYSICIAN.

One of the staff in St. Luke's Hospital in describing the effects of the remedy said to me yesterday:

"The best recommendation we can give it is that it does for the patient in this climate what the climate of the Adirondacks, Arizona, or New Mexico does for him. It increases his power of resistance to the disease, and enables him to throw it off. Consumption is a disease which differs from nearly all others in this respect. The bacilli of phthisis are everywhere. I venture to say that if the sputum of most healthy persons were examined some of the bacilli would be found in it, but this does not signify by any means that the person from whom it is taken is condemned. It is only when the power of resistance leaves us that we succumb to the disease and the bacilli multiply. I have no doubt that I breathe thousands of them every day in the hospital, but I have the power of throwing them off, and they do not multiply. When the conditions are right in the human body for this propagation, and the system is weakened, then a case of consumption develops. That is the value of Maragliano's serum. It restores the power of resistance, which has been lost by the patient, and enables him to fight the disease."

Experiments in the same line are also being made in this country by Dr. Paquin, of St. Louis, who has not, however, proved any of the serum yet. Its manufacture is a slow process, the animals from which it is obtained being kept under treatment for three or four months.

TERRIBLE'S TRIAL.

England's New Cruiser Described In All Her Details.

(From the London Times.)

The Terrible, cruiser, Captain W. H. Hawkes, which was built and engined by Messrs. J. & G. Thompson, of Clydebank, Glasgow, arrived at Spithead on Saturday night at the conclusion of her steam trials, and her gun trials are to be carried out forthwith. At the 18,000 horse power trial on Thursday and Friday the vessel drew 26 feet 1 inch forward and 28 feet 10 inches aft. The steam in the boilers was 223.5 pounds to the square inch, and the vacuum 25.8 inches starboard and 26.5 inches port. With 102.4 revolutions starboard and 103 port the mean indicated horse power was 18,493 for the thirty hours, and the coal consumption was 1.71 pounds per indicated horse power per hour. The speed of the ship, as taken during three runs on the measured distance between Rame Head and Dodman Point, was 20.964 knots.

Following is the official report of the principal four hours' trial on Saturday. Draught of water forward, 25 feet 9 inches; aft, 28 feet 3 inches; steam in boilers, 229.6 pounds, vacuum, 26 inches starboard, 29.9 inches port; revolutions per minute, 112 starboard, 111.98 port; indicated horse power—starboard, 12,515; port, 13,057—total, 25,572; speed of vessel, 22.41 knots.

At the conclusion of the full power run, and when the ship had reached Rame Head, the eastern limit of the distance, the Terrible started for Spithead, in order to carry out her four hours' 22,000 horse power trial. Drawing the same amount of water as before, with 225 pounds of steam in the boilers and a vacuum of 26.1 inches starboard and 25.84 inches port, the engines made 108.89 revolutions starboard, and 108.86 port, the indicated horse power being 10,962 starboard and 11,320 port—total, 22,282.

In the 5000 horse power trial of the Terrible with sixteen boilers lighted, the coal consumption was 2.27 pounds per indicated horse power per hour, but in the Powerful it dropped to 2.07 pounds. Then the latter ship went on her thirty hours' 18,000 horse power trial with all her forty-eight boilers in use, and, with a mean of 18,433 horse power, the consumption was 1.83 pounds, whereas in the corresponding trial of the Terrible with 18,948 horse power, it dropped to 1.71 pounds.

In speed both ships have surpassed expectations, and here, again, the same order of progression that has been referred to is to be observed, for while on her first trip the Terrible gave a speed of 13.43 knots with 64.5 revolutions, the Powerful subsequently averaged 14.84 knots with 78.3 revolutions. As the 18,000 horse power trial both ships gave identically the same mean of speed—20.96 knots—over the measured distance, but while the Powerful worked at 18,677 horse power at this period of her trial the Terrible attained the same end with 18,500 horse power. Then at the full power trial on November 27, the Powerful, with 25,886 horse power, gave a speed of 21.8 knots, whereas the Terrible on Saturday, with 25,572 horse power, realized a mean of 22.31 knots. Perhaps, however, the most reliable test of all was made in the Terrible on Thursday last, when a record was taken of the speed on a flight run from St. Catherine's to the Lizard, when it was found, with little more than 18,000 horse power, she maintained a speed of 21.01 knots.

BOURKE COCKRAN WILL PLEAD.

New York, January 28.—The Irish-Americans of this city are working as they never worked before to make the mass meeting for the purpose of advocating the release of the Irish political prisoners a memorable success. Four thousand tickets have been distributed among the Irish societies. The chief address of the evening will be made by John Redmond, M. P., who will set forth the circumstances of the trials of the unfortunates, Irish and Irish-Americans, now confined in English prisons, and the reasons why they should be set free. Bourke Cockran will follow and will make an eloquent plea for the termination of the horrors of a convict system which has made all these men physical wrecks and many of them hopeless lunatics. Governors of States, Congressmen and other prominent Americans have been invited to speak.

PETERBORO ELECTIONS.

Peterboro, Ont., January 28. (Special)—Mr. William Anderson, one of the members of the Counobee division in the County Council, was elected warden yesterday.

Judge Weller yesterday unseated Mr. James McCliggott, reeve-elect of Douro, on the ground of insufficient property qualification. A new election was ordered.

St. Thomas, Ont., January 28.—A. J. Leitch, of Dutton, was elected Warden of Elgin county yesterday after nearly a hundred ballots had been taken.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK FELT.

Machias, Me., January 28.—An earthquake shock was felt here Tuesday. There was a heavy rumbling sound that lasted half a minute. Stoves and windows were shaken and people indoors were startled by the shock. It was also felt in adjoining towns. The direction was from the south toward the north.



Before Retiring....

take Ayer's Pills, and you will sleep better and wake in better condition for the day's work. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal as a pleasant and effectual remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles. They are sugar-coated, and so perfectly prepared, that they cure without the annoyances experienced in the use of so many of the pills on the market. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Cathartic Pills. When other pills won't help you, Ayer's is

THE PILL THAT WILL.

AKIYAMA CONVERTED.

Secretary of Japan's Legation Now a Christian.

FINDS A BIBLE IN A HOTEL ROOM AND READS IT.

Convinced of Its Truth and Professes Conversion.

New York, January 28.—As the result of studying a Bible that he found in his room at the Sturtevant House, on Broadway, Mr. Akiyama, a high caste Japanese, became a convert to the Christian religion.

Mr. Akiyama is the second secretary of the Japanese Legation at St. Petersburg. He recently obtained an extended leave of absence, which he devoted to travel. On January 14 he arrived in New York, and obtained quarters for himself and his retinue at the Sturtevant. While there he picked up a Bible, and soon was deeply engrossed in its contents. Mr. Akiyama has received an excellent education, and speaks several languages with the greatest fluency.

Something about the good book charmed him, and he never tired of reading it. The more he read, the more was he convinced of the truths it contained. Not caring to confide his opinions to his countrymen, he sent for Frank Bang, one of the proprietors of the house, and told him that he was greatly troubled in spirit. Mr. Bang interrogated him, and was soon convinced that Mr. Akiyama wanted to embrace the Christian religion.

Mr. Bang sent for a personal friend, the Rev. John Lewis Clark, of the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth street. Mr. Clark readily responded, and was at once introduced to Mr. Akiyama. For three days the clergyman spent much time with the Japanese and gave him a vast amount of information about the Bible and the Christian religion.

Mr. Akiyama expressed a desire to be baptized, but the Rev. Mr. Clark admonished him to take ample time, as it was a serious matter he was considering. The Japanese was set in his mind, and said he must receive the rite of baptism before his return to Japan, for which place he was to start on Friday last. The Rev. Mr. Clark at last acquiesced, and it was decided that Mr. Akiyama should attend the session of the Woman's Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, at No. 25 East Twenty-second street. This he did.

While there he was baptized by Mr. Clark. The ladies of the Missionary Board presented him with a handsome copy of the Bible.

Mr. Akiyama left New York for San Francisco, where he will take a Pacific Mail steamship for Yokohama.

NEW ALIEN LAW.

Americans Making It Hard to Get Into States.

Washington, January 28.—The House has agreed to the conference report on the Immigration Bill, which embodies substantially a new measure, being different in some respects from either the Senate or the House Bill. The principal objection to the other bill and this one was the clause requiring immigrants to read and write "in the language of their native or resident country." This, it was pointed out, would prevent several classes of people in Europe and in Central America and Mexico from gaining admission to the United States, because they do not speak either of the languages to which the clause limits them. It was asserted that the language was intended to prevent the coming in of the great body of Russian Jews.

The text of the new bill agreed to by the House states that its purpose is to add to the classes of aliens excluded from admission to the United States.

All persons physically capable and over 16 years of age, who cannot read or write the English language, or the language of their native or resident country; but a person not so able to read and write, who is over fifty years of age, and is the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over 21 years of age, and capable of supporting such parent or grandparent, may accompany such immigrant, or such a parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the family of a child or grandchild over 21 years of age, similarly qualified and capable.

Section 2. For the purpose of testing the ability of the immigrant to read and write, as required by the foregoing section, the inspecting officers shall be furnished with copies of the Constitution of the United States, printed on numbered uniform paste-board slips, each containing not less than 20 nor more than 25 words of said Constitution, printed in the various languages of the immigrants in double small pica type. The slips shall be kept in boxes made for that purpose, and so constructed as to conceal the slips from view, each box to contain slips of but one language, and the immigrant may designate the language in which he prefers the test shall be made. Each immigrant shall be required to draw one of said slips from the box and read and afterwards write out in full view of the immigration officers the words printed thereon. Each slip shall be returned to the box immediately after the test is finished and the contents of the box shall be shaken up before any drawing is made. No immigrant failing to read and write out the slip thus drawn by him shall be admitted, but he shall be returned to the country from which he came, at the expense of the steamship or railroad company which brought him, as now provided by law.

Section 3. That the provisions of the act of March 3, 1893, to facilitate the enforcement of the immigration and contract labor laws shall apply to the persons mentioned in Section 1 of this act.

Section 4. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any male alien who has not in good faith made his declaration before the proper court of his intention to become a citizen of the United States, or to come regularly or habitually into the United States by land or water for the purpose of engaging in any mechanical trade or manual labor for wages or salary, returning from time to time to a foreign country.

Section 5. That it shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, company or corporation knowingly to employ any alien coming into the United States in violation of the next preceding section of this act; provided the provisions of this act shall not apply to the employment of sailors, deck-hands or other employes of vessels or railroad train hands, such as conductors, engineers, brakemen, firemen or baggagemen, whose duties require them to pass over the frontier to reach the terminal of their runs, or to boatmen or guides on the lakes and rivers on the northern border of the United States.

Violation of the provisions of sections 4 and 5 of this act by any native or citizen shall be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding $500, or by imprisonment for the term of not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court, provided that all persons convicted of a violation of section 4 of this act shall be deported to the country whence they came.

Section 7. That notwithstanding the provision of this or any other existing law the Secretary of the Treasury may permit aliens to enter this country for the purpose of teaching new arts or industries under such rules and regulations as he may provide.

Section 8. That this act shall not apply to persons arriving in the United States from any port or place in the Island of Cuba, during the continuance of the present disorders there, who have heretofore been inhabitants of that island.

Section 9. That any alien, who shall, in violation of this act or any other existing law, secure entry into the United States without examination, or through mistake, misrepresentation, collusion, deception or fraud, may be taken into custody by the properly authorized immigration officers within thirty days after the facts become known to them; and such alien, upon a special enquiry at the most convenient place, conducted according to section 5 of the Immigration Act of March 3rd, 1893, shall be dealt with as provided by law for alien immigration upon their first arrival.

Section 10. That this act shall take effect July 1st, 1897.

THEY WANT TARIFF.

The National Convention Calls Attention to the Necessity for Reciprocity.

Philadelphia, Pa., January 28.—The second annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers met in Horticultural Hall. President Search read his annual report, in which he reviewed the work of the year past and made suggestions for the future. Attention is called to the necessity of an early completion of the Nicaragua Canal, the restoration of the merchant marine and the tariff. Continuing, he says:—We should treat the tariff question solely as a business question, urge moderation in any revision of the customs laws, seek to obtain for American industries conditions that will place them on a basis of equality with foreign competitors, and use our influence to secure the substitution of specific duties for ad valorem duties in order to remove opportunity for fraudulent undervaluation."

The report of the Committee on Reciprocity gave it as its opinion that the first work of the incoming administration should be the framing of a new tariff law from which sufficient revenue shall be derived to support the Government, and that the duties imposed by the law should be just high enough to protect the wages of the workingmen against the cheaper labor of foreign countries. The report also declared strongly in favor of the re-enactment of the reciprocity clause, and demanded such exchange with all the nations of the world.

DANGEROUS BUSINESS RIVALRY.

Halifax, N.S., January 28.— There is great rivalry at this port between two leading firms in seeking agencies for steamers that come in for supplies. This rivalry almost led to fatal results. A tug in which was the representative of one firm ran down a row boat in which were J. R. Bennett and three rowers, while both were attempting to board an incoming steamer. The boat was cut in two, and it was only with great difficulty that Mr. Bennett was rescued from drowning.

THE DORCHESTER WRECK.

Dorchester, N.B., January 28.—(Special.)—Hundreds of strangers have visited Dorchester and witnessed the wrecked cars of the C. P. R. Express train, which met destruction at Palmer's Pond on Tuesday. The clearance work has been carried on steadily, and it is said the cars after all the valuable fittings have been removed will be burned.

All the wounded are doing well, and several will leave town to-day.

CATTLE PERISHED IN TEXAS.

Denison, Tex., January 28.—Prominent stockmen of the Indian Territory and the Pan Handle report that the recent blizzard has resulted in the death of thousands of cattle on the range. For the first time in a number of years large water courses are frozen over.

A DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

(From the European Edition of the New York Herald.)



VIOLET CLOTH DRESS.

The dress presented by the illustration is made by Mme. Weille. It is of violet cloth, the skirt made with an apron bordered with round plaits. The corsage is a velvet blouse embroidered in relief with arabesques worked in silk of two shades of violet. At the top is a yoke of ecru batiste embroidered with gold designs in relief. The neck trimming is of velvet embroidered with turquoises. The sleeves are very pretty, being trimmed all down with rows of stitched plaits.

Fraser Bros.' Sales.

Household Furniture and Effects.

Regular Auction at our large salesroom, No. 453 and 455 St. James st., ON FRIDAY, 29th JAN., AT 10 A.M., of Household Furniture, Pianos, Carpets, Dry Goods, Furs, Jewellery, Mirrors, Bedding, Stoves, Ranges, etc.

Cash advances made. Safe storage for Furniture, etc. Private sales every day.

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'Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

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WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE, The Great English Remedy.



Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly and permanently cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Infirmity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame st., Branch Store 1904 Notre Dame street, near to Balmoral Hotel, Montreal. (2)

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1687 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL,

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McGIBBON, HOGLE & MITCHELL, ADVOCATES, Canada Life Building, MONTREAL. R. D. McGIBBON, Q.C. ARTHUR F. HOGLE VICTOR E. MITCHELL. 195 tf

Rae & Donnelly's Sales.

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS

Important SALE

Of Valuable Household Furniture, AXMINSTER, BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS

Beautiful Oriental Rugs,

Oilcloth and Linoleum Door Mats, House Linens, Crockery, Cutlery, etc., etc.,

at our rooms, 241 AND 243 ST. JAMES STREET,

On Friday Afternoon, January 29,

—Comprising—

2 Upright Grand Pianos, good make, almost new; Handsome B. W. Parlor Suite, covered in Silk Brocatelle; Rush and Rug Parlor Suite, 2 Heavy Brass Bedsteads, Black Walnut and Oak Bedroom Sets, Fine B. P. Mantel Mirrors, 2 Beautifully carved Oak Sideboards, Nice Assortment of Fancy Centre Tables, Gold Upholstered Chairs, Solid Iron Bedsteads, Brass Mounted; Oak and Walnut Dining Chairs, Oak and Walnut Extension Dining Tables, Ornaments, China, Dinner and Tea Sets, Cutlery, E. P. Ware, etc., etc; 100 made up Carpets, in various size Squares, elegant patterns, with woven borders, in Axminster, Brussel, Velvet, Moquet and Tapestry, also a few Rich Oriental Rugs, beautiful in design.

SALE AT 2 O'CLOCK.

RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

22 2

Walter M. Kearns' Sales.

Folle En Cherre Sale.

BOOK DEBTS.

In the matter of JOHN E. T. DIXON, OF MONTREAL, CATERER, Insolvent.

The subscriber will sell by public auction at his Saleroom, 1628 Notre Dame st., on Saturday Morning, 30th Jan., at 11 O'Clock, at the Folle En Cherre, cost and charges of the previous purchaser, viz:

JAMES BARR, of the City of Montreal, The Book Debts in the above matter, amounting as per list to about $1000.

Terms cash. Deposit required on adjudication.

WALTER M. KEARNS, Auctioneer. 22 3 SAMUEL C. FATT, Curator.

EDUCATIONAL.

J. E. WEBSTER, Vocalist and Composer, From London, England, late of New York City. Professor of voice production and the art of singing. Pupils coached in Oratorio and other Solo work for the Concert Platform. Voices tried, by appointment, free of charge.—9 ARGYLE AVENUE. 21 6

SANTAL MIDY

These tiny Capsules —superior to Copaiba, Cubebs, —cure the same diseases as these drugs in forty-eight hours without inconvenience.

Each Capsule bears the name Wholesale of Lymans, Sons & Co., Montreal. MIDY

ASTHMA CURE, GRIMAULT'S INDIAN CIGARETTES

Recommended by Medical Authorities in Europe, Asia and America for the immediate relief of Asthma and Bronchial trouble, Lyringitis and irritation of the air passages.

Grimault's Cigarettes ease the feeling of tightness across the chest, and gives a general feeling of repose and comfort, so that you need not neglect your business or sit up all night gasping for breath for fear of suffocation.

Directions for use enclosed with each box Wholesale of Lymans, Sons & Co., Montreal.

Marcotte Bros.' Sales.

By Marcotte Bros.

Great Auction Sale of Elegant Household Furniture, on Friday Afternoon, 29 January, at store 1693 and 1695 Notre Dame street.

Fine Upright Piano, Fine Organ, Splendid Safe, Splendid Mirror, Lace Curtains, Chenille Portieres, Turkish Rug, Silk Brocatel, Plush and Hair-Cloth Parlor Sets, Centre Table, Wire Back Easy Chair, Wicker Chairs, Splendid Oak and Walnut Sideboards, Dining Table, Dining Set, Chairs, Silverware, Fancy Lamp, Book Cases, Writing Desk, 2 Splendid Bedroom Sets, in Oak, Walnut and Hardwood, Spring Beds, Mattresses, etc., etc., Cook and Hall Stoves, and lot of other goods too numerous to mention.

Sale without reserve at 2 o'clock p. m. Free storage to 1st May if desired.

MARCOTTE BROS., 22 2 Auctioneers.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In re JOSEPH PICHE, Tailor, 111 St. Frs. Xavier street, Montreal.

The undersigned will sell by public auction at their rooms, 60 St. James st., on

SATURDAY, 30th Inst., at Eleven O'Clock a.m.,

All the assets of the above estate, namely:

Stock of Tweeds and Cloths	$446 99
Store Fixtures	45 00
Book Debts	70 00
	$561 99

For information apply to JOS. PELLETIER, Curator, 240 St. James street.

MARCOTTE BROS., 22 3 Auctioneers.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY!

Jewellery Stock for Sale by Tender

IN THE MATTER OF W. S. WALKER & CO., 2200 St. Catherine Street

INSOLVENT.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, on

SATURDAY, 30th January, 1897,

for the purchase of the assets of the estate as below, in one lot, at a dollar rate, as per inventory.

STOCK, Consisting of Fine Diamond and Precious Stones, mounted and unmounted; Fine Gold Jewellery of English, American and Canadian manufacture, American and Swiss Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Sterling Silverware, Electro-plate Ware, Walking Canes, Umbrellas, Opera Glass, Silver Fancy Goods, Leather Goods, etc., etc., $23,600

OFFICE AND STORE FIXTURES AND FURNITURE — Consisting of Show Cases, Safes, etc., etc. 2100

$25,600

The business is one of the old best known in Canada, and presents a deserving a desirable opportunity for any one seeking a desirable location.

An accepted cheque for $500 to accompany each tender.

Lease of premises can be arranged for.

Inventory can be seen and offer to examine stock at office of Curator.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. W. STEVENSON, Curator.

Bank of Toronto Chambers, Montreal, Jan. 16, 1897. 13 8 4aw

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Tenders for Druggists' Stock in Trade.

In the matter of CHARLES ALBERT NELSON, of Montreal, Province of Quebec, Druggist, carrying on business as such under the firm name of LAVIOLETTE & NELSON.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned, at 1608 Notre Dame street, until MONDAY, the 29th day of February, 1897, at Noon, for the Stock in trade, Shop, Plant, etc., of the above Insolvent, consisting of:

Merchandise, as per inventory	$7,945.57
Shop, Plant, Furniture, etc., etc., do	3,850.36
Book Debts, as per list	1,432.66

Inventory can be seen and Stock, etc., viewed at the above address. Tenders to be at a rate on the dollar. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

This is one of the oldest Drug business stands in Montreal, having a valuable Clientele and large Cash trade, and with proper attention is an assured success.

21 5cd W. H. STANLEY, Curator

Adams' Tutti Frutti aids digestion. Save coupons inside of wrappers.

RAILROADS.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Trains leave Bonaventure Station.

(Note * signifies runs daily. All other trains run daily except Sundays.)

9.10 a.m. *4.45 p.m.—For Valleyfield, Ottawa, and all points on the C. A. & O. A. & P. S. R'ys. (Runs to Valleyfield on week days only.)

*9.15 a.m. *8.00 p.m. 10.25 p.m.—For Toronto, Hamilton, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago, etc.

1.30 p.m. (Mixed)—For Brockville.

1.45 p.m.—For Vaudreuil (Saturdays only).

5.15 p.m.—For Cornwall.

7.00 a.m.—For Hemmingford, Huntingdon and Massena Springs.

4.30 p.m.—For Hemmingford, Huntingdon and Fort Covington.

8.00 a.m. (Mixed)—For Island Pond.

8.00 a.m. For Sherbrooke, Island Pond, Portland, Old Orchard, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

*11 p.m.—For Sherbrooke and Portland daily, and Quebec daily except Sunday.

12.00 noon—For St. Johns daily except Saturday and Sunday.

1.25 p.m.—For St. Johns (on Saturdays only).

4.00 p.m. For Sherbrooke, Island Pond, Point Levi and points on the D. C. Ry.

4.45 p.m.—For St. Johns, Rouses Point, also St. Cesaire and Waterloo via St. Lambert and M. P. & B. Ry.

8.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m.—For Sorel via St. Lambert.

5.30 p.m.—For St. Hyacinthe.

9.00 a.m., 7.10 p.m., *8.25 p.m.—For Boston and New York via C. V. R.

9.10 a.m., *7.00 p.m.—For New York via D. & H.

For Suburban service consult suburban folder.

CITY TICKET OFFICES, 143 St. James Street, And Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, the 12th October, 1896, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:—

Leave Montreal by Grand Trunk Railway from Bonaventure Station		8.02
Leave Montreal by Canadian Pacific Railway from Windsor Street Station, except Saturdays		10.05
Leave Levis	21.00	
Arrive Riv. du Loup	23.55	
" Rimouski	02.55	
" Ste. Flavie	04.10	
" Little Metis	05.30	
" Campbellton	08.55	
" Dalhousie	11.35	
" Bathurst	13.30	
" New Castle	14.30	15.05
" Moncton	16.30	18.20
" St. John	19.30	21.30
" Halifax	23.59	02.30

The trains to Halifax and St. John run through to that destination on Sundays.

The buffet sleeping car and other cars of express train leaving Montreal at 8.00 o'clock run through to Halifax without change.

The trains of the Intercolonial Railway are lighted by steam from the locomotive and those between Montreal and Halifax via Levis are lighted by electricity.

Through tickets may be obtained via rail and steamer to all points on the lower St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces.

For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangement, etc., Apply to

G. W. ROBINSON, Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent, 128 St. James street, Montreal.

D. POTTINGER, General Superintendent. Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., 8th Oct., 1896. 282

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Important Change in Time

TRAINS EACH WAY - 3 —BETWEEN— MONTREAL and QUEBEC

Commencing Monday, Jan. 25th, 1897, trains will leave Montreal, Dalhousie Square, for Three Rivers and Quebec:

9.00 a.m. (Week Days) arrive Quebec 2.15 p.m.
3.30 p.m. (Daily) " " 10.00 p.m.
11.00 p.m. (Week Days) " " 6.30 a.m.
5.15 p.m. train will run to St. Gabriel Branch only.

City Ticket and Telegraph Office, 129 St. James St. NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

OLD FAVORITES

Edinburgh After Flodden

"Edinburgh after Flodden," which we publish by request, is one of the most stirring of Aytoun's Scottish ballads.

We publish only the first half of it, which is the part usually published in collections of poetry; the whole ballad is too lengthy to give in its entirety. In the historical note to the poem Aytoun says:

"The loss to Edinburgh on this occasion (the battle of Flodden, fought Sept. 9th, 1513) was peculiarly great. All the magistrates and able-bodied citizens had followed their king to Flodden whence few of them returned. It is impossible to describe the consternation which pervaded the whole of Scotland when the intelligence of the defeat became known. In Edinburgh it was excessive. Mr. Arnot, in the history of that city, says: 'The news of their overthrow in the field of Flodden reached Edinburgh on the day after the battle, and overwhelmed the inhabitants with grief and confusion. The streets were crowded with women seeking intelligence about their friends, clamoring and weeping. Those who officiated in absence of the magistrates proved themselves worthy of the trust. They issued a proclamation, ordering all the inhabitants to assemble in military array for defence of the city, on the tolling of the bell; and commanding that all women, and especially strangers, do repair to their work, and not be seen upon the street clamorous and crying; and that women of the better sort do repair to the church and offer up prayers, at the stated hours, for our Sovereign Lord and his army, and the townsmen who are with the army.'"

"The references to the city banner contained in the poem may require a word of explanation. It is a standard still held in great honor and reverence by the burghers of Edinburgh, having been presented to them by James III in return for their loyal service in 1482. This banner, along with that of the Earl Marischal, still conspicuous in the library of the Faculty of Advocates, was honorably brought back from Flodden, and certainly never could have been displayed in a more memorable field."

I.

News of battle!—news of battle!
Hark! 'tis ringing down the street;
And the archways and the pavement
Bear the clang of hurrying feet.
News of battle! who hath brought it?
News of triumph? Who should bring
Tidings from our noble army,
Greetings from our gallant King?
All last night we watched the beacons
Blazing on the hills afar,
Each one bearing, as it kindled,
Message of the opened war.
All night long the northern streamers
Shot across the trembling sky;
Fearful lights that never beckon
Save when kings or heroes die.

II.

News of battle! Who has brought it?
All are thronging to the gate.
"Warder—warder! open quickly!
Man—is this a time to wait?"
And the heavy gates are opened:
Then a murmur long and loud,
And a cry of fear and wonder
Bursts from out the bending crowd.

For they see in battered harness
Only one hard-stricken man;
And his weary steed is wounded,
And his cheek is pale and wan:
Spearless hangs a bloody banner,
In his weak and drooping hand.
God! can that be Randolph Murray,
Captain of the city band?

III.

Round him crush the people, crying,
"Tell us all—oh, tell us true!
Where are they, who went to battle,
Randolph Murray, sworn to you?
Where are they, our brothers—children?
How have they met the English foe?
Why art thou alone, unfollowed?
Is it weal or is it woe?"
Like a corpse the grisly warrior
Leaning on his battle-steel;
But no word he speaks in answer—
Only with his armed heel
Chides his weary steed, and onward
Up the city streets he rides:
Fathers, sisters, mothers, children,
Shrieking, praying by his side.
"By the God that made thee, Randolph!
Tell us what mischance hath come."
Then he lifts his riven banner,
And the asker's voice is dumb.

IV.

The elders of the city
Have met within their hall—
The men whom good King James had charged
To watch the tower and wall.
"Your hands are weak with age," he said,
"Your hearts are stout and true;
So bide ye in the Maiden Town,
While others fight for you.
My trumpet from the Border-side
Shall send a blast so clear,
That all who wait within the gate
That stirring sound may hear.
Or, if it be the will of Heaven,
That back I never come,
And if, instead of Scottish shouts
Ye hear the English drum,—
Then let the morning bells ring out,
Then gird you to the fray,
Then man the walls like burghers stout,
And fight while fight you may.
'Twere better than in fiery flame
The roofs should thunder down,
Than the foot of foreign foe
Should trample in the town!"

V.

Then in came Randolph Murray,—
His step was slow and weak,
And, as he doffed his dinted helm,
The tears ran down his cheek;
They fell upon his corselet
And on his mailed hand,
As he gazed around him wistfully
Leaning sorely on his brand.

And none who then beheld him
But straight his wrath grew fear,
For a bolder and a sterner man
Had never couched a spear.
They knew no sad a messenger
Some ghastly news they must bring;
And all of them were fathers,
And their sons were with the King.

VI.

And up then rose the Provost—
A brave old man was he,
Of ancient name, and knightly fame,
And chivalrous degree.
He ruled our city like a lord,
Was foremost in the hall,
And ever for the townsman's rights
Stood up 'gainst prince and peer.
And he had seen the Scottish host
March from the Borough-muir,
With music-storm and clamorous shout,
And all the din that thunders out
When youth's of victory sure.
But yet his dearest thought had he,—
For, with a father's pride,
He saw his last remaining son
Go forth by Randolph's side.
With casque on head and spur on heel,
All keen to do and dare;
And proudly did that gallant boy
Bestride his banner bear.
Oh! woful now was the old man's look,
And he spake right heavily:—
"Now, Randolph, tell thy tidings,
However sharp they be!
Woe is written on thy visage,
Death is looking from thy face:
Speak! though it be of overthrow—
It cannot be disgrace!"

VII.

Right bitter was the agony
That wrung that soldier proud;
Thrice did he strive to answer,
And thrice he groaned aloud.
Then he gave the riven banner
To the old man's shaking hand,
Saying—"That is all I bring ye
From the bravest of the land!
Ay! ye may look upon it—
It was guarded well and long,
By your brothers and your children,
By the valiant and the strong.
One by one they fell around it,
As the archers laid them low,
Grimly dying, still unconquered,
With their faces to the foe.
Ay! ye may well look upon it—
There is more than honor there.
Else be sure, I had not brought it
From the field of dark despair.
Never yet was royal banner
Steeped in such a costly dye;
It hath lain upon a bosom
Where no other shroud shall lie.
Sirs! I charge you, keep it holy;
Keep it as a sacred thing,

And when you see upon it
Was the life-b'ood of your King!"

VIII.

Woe, and woe, and lamentation!
What a piteous cry was there!
Widows, maidens, mothers, children,
Shrieking, sobbing in despair!
Through the streets the crowd rushes,
Spreading terror, sweeping on—
"Jesu Christ! our King has fallen—
O Great God, King James is gone!

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors.
163 and 165 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year, $1.50 for six months, and 90c. for three months.

☞We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds th... combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal. ☜

Agents for French Advertising are Messrs. Mayence, Favre & Cie., Rue de la Grange, Batelliere 14, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION

—OF THE—

Daily and Weekly Star

FOR WEEK ENDING

JANUARY 23, 1897.

Monday	44,842
Tuesday	44,648
Wednesday	44,869
Thursday	44,725
Friday	45,046
Saturday	50,234
	274,364

Present Average:

DAILY, for Week ending Jan. 23.. **45,727**

WEEKLY STAR Last Week... **86,784**

Average Circulation of the STAR Last Week. **132,511**

From the above figures are excluded several thousand short subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1897.

A BUSINESS VIEW OF RECIPROCITY.

It is comforting to know that there are minds—and minds with the influence that straight thinking and open fairness bring—in the United States which regard reciprocity with Canada as a business proposition to be discussed on a business basis. To most of their politicians it is mainly a question of party politics. The Boston Herald, however, belongs to the class, and severely rebukes Mr. Dingley for the patent unfairness of his attitude toward Canada, displayed in a recent interview on the alleged Charlton proposals. In this interview, Mr Dingley objected to a list of manufactured goods that Mr. Charlton was reported to have suggested as a fit limit to one side of a reciprocity treaty, on the ground that the Americans had little British competition in these specified lines, and to have further declared that reciprocity would only be practicable on a basis of real Canadian discrimination against Great Britain.

To the first of these objections the Boston Herald replies with an apt application of the argument to American conditions that reveals the absurdity of Mr. Dingley's position as with a flash of light. He had argued that it would be of no value to the Americans to have Canada put upon the free list any goods which Canadians could not get from any other country so easily or so cheaply as from England; hence, for the United States to put woollen and worsted fabrics on the free list would not be an important or valuable concession to England. "Now," says the Herald, "a moment's thought will be sufficient to show any good Republican would admit this is a fallacy at once, and thus the Herald aptly catches Mr. Dingley in a cleft-stick of his own making. As it says: 'If with the duties kept on woollen and worsted goods, the English would find a larger market for their products in the United States, so, with the Canadian duty taken from the American goods upon which it is now imposed, present shippers of these would find their market greatly increased by this thing in expense to the Canadian consumers.'

As to the second point the Herald is even more effective. This is the demand that Canada discriminate against Britain, else the Americans will not trade with her, no matter how much they may lose by the abstention. The Herald thinks this is a most unfair demand upon Canada, likening it to a refusal to grant special favors to Mexico unless the Mexicans agreed to put internal revenue taxes upon certain of their own commodities, and thus give to American goods sold in the Mexican market special advantages which the goods of native manufacture did not possess. "It would be little less than disloyalty for a Canadian Premier to propose to establish certain tariffs that were to apply simply to English goods as a means of providing a market for American merchandise," says the Herald. "We have not insisted upon any such preferential treatment in our intercourse with other Governments, and there is no reason why such an exceptional and politically impossible policy should be advocated in the case of Canada."

This is a fair recognition of the Canadian position. We cannot and will not discriminate against Great Britain, though we are willing to trade on fair and profitable terms with the United States. We are most emphatically not at "the parting of the ways," but are well on the way toward a closer British unity, and it is our strong hope that the last treaty has been made which tends to divide the units of the British whole. The Herald recognizes the fact that the British Empire is a unit; and lays down as parallel instances the special taxing of English goods by Canada and the special taxing of Mexican goods by Mexico. That a profitable reciprocity treaty can be framed on fair lines between Canada and the United States, the Herald believes—at least, so far as the United States is concerned. It shows how American trade with us increased under the Elgin treaty, and has the right good honesty to say that that treaty was repealed by the Americans, "not for the reason of any dissatisfaction with it, because it was enormously beneficial to us (the Americans), but out of a feeling of resentment at the alleged action of certain Canadians in sympathizing with the southern confederacy. We thought it desirable to punish them," it goes on "for their want of friendship, but we did so at a very severe cost to ourselves—a penalty which we have gone on paying for the last thirty years."

Discussion of the question in this spirit on each side might easily lead to the writing of a treaty that would be widely beneficial to the peoples of both nations. The Canadians are practically a unit in favor of a reciprocity arrangement that will leave their political independence intact and free from threat; they are likewise determined that they will not sell that political independence for the most glittering trade advantages that Congress can offer.

MAKE THE MOST OF THE SNOW.

The coming of the snow has been a blessing to "the unemployed." So curiously is the existing social order made that we rejoice when something falls on the sidewalks so that we can sweep it away again. Apparently it is not clean sidewalks that we want, but the job of cleaning them; and now we are in a way to get a good deal of it. It is rather a pity, though, that we make so little of our opportunities. There is a good deal more exercise—and work for the workless—to be got out of the snow in Montreal than we habitually secure. This is because we only clean away a part of it. To take it all away would provide much more employment for the unemployed; would give us a maximum of snow shovelling with a minimum of snow, and would, incidentally, furnish us with the unspeakable luxury of clean sidewalks.

Until a few days ago we had an opportunity of realizing what a boon absolutely snow-free sidewalks would be to the community. Walking was a swinging pleasure. The keen air of winter invited to exercise, and the firm walk beneath gave the sure footing, without which walking is a blended torture and acrobatic performance. Now we prance along over icy surfaces, grateful for sprinklings of ashes here and there, or plough through loose snow. While all the time the unemployed are praying for more snow that they may have some more to sweep away.

Why not let them work at what we have until bare sidewalks greet the sure heel of the happy pedestrian on every street?

The Liberals are not so sure during this by-election campaign as they were through many another, that it is highly desirable to keep the Parliamentary Opposition numerically formidable.

Uncle Sam is bent and determined that Canadians shall not play in his back-yard, and yet he wants to help build canals across our front garden-plot.

George Foster keeps his seat for the present; but when the House opens and that new tariff comes down, nothing on earth can make him keep it.

MOCK MARRIAGE

The "Bride" and Complainant is Now Missing.

There was quite a diversion in the usual routine of the Police Court yesterday afternoon, when the case of Michael McKinnon and Peter Timmons, who are accused of participating in a mock marriage, was called. The "bride," who on Friday last so wrathfully denounced the pair who she claimed had made her the innocent victim of so cruel a joke, had disappeared. Secretary Marshall, of the S. P. W. C., who worked up the case, informed the court he had searched for her everywhere but without success and in his opinion she had been bought off. In view of this new turn Judge Desnoyers ordered that Timmons, who had been out on bail, be taken to gaol and confined there until the matter can be investigated.

Both the prisoners are well-known in Point St. Charles, and there was a large crowd of residents present yesterday afternoon expecting to hear the trial. Timmons, it is said, is a married man holding a good position in the Street Railway.

MR. BELL-SMITH'S LECTURE.

In the report of Mr. Bell-Smith's description of his visit to Windsor Castle which appeared in these columns, the artist was represented as having said that the pictures relating to the death of Sir John Thompson were painted by order of the Dominion Government. Mr. Bell-Smith desires that this statement be corrected. It was also unfortunately stated that Lord Pelham Clinton declined to aid him in his work; this, too, Mr. Bell-Smith says is a misinterpretation of his words which were that His Lordship expressed his decided opinion that Her Majesty would not give a personal sitting for her picture, but which at the request of H. R. H. the Princess Louise, she subsequently agreed to give.

LORD LISTER COMING.

A cablegram from Dr. Roddick, who is in England, in connection with the meeting in this city, next summer, of the British Medical Association, announces that Lord Lister will be among the distinguished visitors at that convention. Dr. Roddick's cablegram was received by Dr. Adami, one of the secretaries of the Montreal branch of the association. Lord Lister, it will be remembered, was created a peer in the last list of New Year's honors, being the first medical men to be thus honored.

THE KAISER'S BIRTHDAY

William II, Emperor of Germany was yesterday 28 years old. In honor of his anniversary flags were flying at the German Consulate as well as on most of the other foreign consulates.

THE CORN EXCHANGE

Annual Meeting and Election of Officers.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE ADVOCATED.

Mr. Edgar Judge Will Serve a Second Term.

The deepening of the Welland canal preferential trade, reciprocity with the United States in coasting privileges and the increase of Canadian tonnage on the upper lakes, were the subjects taken up at the annual meeting of the Corn Exchange Association yesterday afternoon.

The members present were: Messrs. James Allan, John Baird, R. Bickerdike, S. Cookson, E. F. Craig, John Crowe, James Currie, J. A. Cuttle, C. B. Esdaile, N. J. Fraser, A. E. Gagnon, W. Gear, R. Harvie, Henry Hodgson, A. Mason, A. G. McBean, Alex. McFee, Charles McLean, James McShane, W. W. Ogilvie, Walter Ogilvie, A. W. Raphael,



MR. EDGAR JUDGE,
President of the Corn Exchange.

J. E. Rendell, David Robertson, James Thom, A. G. Thomson, John Torrance, John Tough and R. E. Wight. Mr. Edgar Judge, president of the Association, presided. Before proceeding with the regular business of the session Mr. Judge took occasion to thank the members for the honor they had conferred upon him by electing him to the presidency of the Association for a second term. For years the organization had taken an active interest in all questions affecting the business of Montreal, and it had been an important element in the building up of the export trade of the city.

The President announced that Messrs. C. B. Esdaile, N. J. Fraser, Joseph Quintal and Frank Ross Shaw had been appointed scrutineers for the election of officers. The annual report of the Association, extracts from which have already been published, was submitted, the secretary reading the headings of the several sections.

Mr. A. G. McBean was of the opinion that it should be an instruction to the incoming committee of management to make representations to the railway companies on overcharges on grain, in order that the difficulty now attending the grain business, especially from Manitoba to the sections of this country where there were no terminal elevators, might be obviated. If there was a railway elevator at Outremont, where the grain could be weighed, the difficulty complained of would be settled at once. He suggested that the railway companies be requested to instruct their agents at terminal points where grain was delivered to superintend the weighing of it, and that freight be paid on the actual quantity found by the receiver and the railway agent.

Mr. John Torrance in speaking of the extension of the St. Lawrence river grain trade said that the first thing was to get the Government to deepen the Welland Canal to 17 feet. The large vessels employed in the grain trade on the Upper Lakes could come to Kingston. He did not think that we should permit American vessels to carry our grain until they gave us a quid pro quo.

Mr. A. G. McBean desired to know if Canadians were prepared to allow a large deflection of the grain trade via Buffalo rather than permit American vessels to transport it from one Canadian port to another at certain seasons of the year. He considered that, rather than have the grain go to Buffalo, it would be far preferable to allow American vessels to transport it from Fort William to Canadian ports, such as Midland, Owen Sound, Prescott and Montreal.

Mr. Adam Thomson was of the opinion that a better market was the cause of the wheat going to New York via Buffalo.

Mr. W. W. Ogilvie was doubtful if the grain trade could be diverted from Buffalo.

Mr. A. G. McBean moved the adoption of this section of the report, which contained the report of the committee appointed to consider the matter and which had not been adopted by the Committee of Management. This report, in order to recover the trade, suggested (1), reciprocity with the United States in coasting privileges, if it could be obtained, or failing that (2), to increase Canadian tonnage on the Upper Lakes.

Mr. Alex. McFee seconded the motion and it was carried.

Mr. Judge then spoke upon preferential trade between England and the Colonies. He was of the opinion that this was far and away the most important question of the day. Ten years ago such a thing was not to be thought of, but now the subject had been taken up by some of the greatest English statesmen and this argued well for its ultimate adoption.

Mr. John Torrance considered it would be a grand good thing, but doubted very much if the English people would submit to taxation on food products for the sake of preferential trade.

Mr. Robert Meighen considered that England, by putting a duty on foreign products in favor of colonial products would not be taxing the consumer. Why not let us make a direct offer to England by reducing our tariff ten per cent. in her favor. In Canada we held two-thirds of the wheat-producing belt of the North American continent. All we wanted was immigrants. If we had them we would be able to produce all that England needed, and we should be independent of those to the south of us.

On the motion of Mr. Alex. McFee, the resolution adopted by the Board of Trade favoring preferential trade was agreed to.

A vote of thanks was then given the President, the Committee of Management and Mr. George Hedrill, the secretary, for their services during the year.

The scrutineers then reported the result of the elections as follows:

President—Mr. Edgar Judge, by acclamation.

Treasurer—Mr. W. A. Hastings, 65 votes.

Committee of Management — Messrs. Alex. McFee, 96 votes; R. Peddle, 91; A. G. Thomson, 90; E. F. Craig, 80; D. Robertson, 78; J. L. Smith, 58; A. G. McBean, 46.

Board of Review—Messrs. Thomas A. Crane, chairman, by acclamation; G. M. Kingborn, 80 votes; J. B. McLea, 74; E. F. Craig, 63; Alexander Mitchell, 57, and Aug. Girard, 55.

THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Edgar Judge, one of Montreal's most widely known business men, is a native of Bedfordshire, England. Coming to Canada in 1857 he first took up his residence in Toronto, where he engaged in journalistic work for a couple of years, being joint proprietor of the Echo, a Church of England publication. In 1859 he removed to Montreal and entered the employ of Jas. Oliver & Co., grain and flour merchants. Mr. Judge, however, soon determined to go into business for himself and since then his career has been one of continued success. In addition to his grain and flour business Mr. Judge deals extensively in feed stuffs of all kinds. Mr. Judge was for many years a member of the Committee of Management of the Corn Exchange and took an active part in the amalgamation of that body with the Board of Trade and has served on the council of the latter, filling the office of Treasurer for three years. He is also associated with several societies in the city.

VENEZUELA CASE

The Names of the Arbitrators Announced.

New York, January 28.—A Washington special to the World says:

"Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and David J. Brewer, associate justice, have been nominated as commissioners to serve on the arbitral tribunal appointed to determine the boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana, the nomination of Chief Justice Fuller subject to the approval of Venezuela as is provided by an amendment to the original agreement. President Crespo and his Cabinet have signified their acceptance of Mr. Fuller.

"While the formal assent of King Oscar to serve as the fifth arbitrator has not been given, it is understood that an intimation has been received that he will accept.

"All indications point to the nomination by the British High Court of Sir Charles Russell and Sir Franklin Lockwood as the two members to be chosen by that body to complete the tribunal. The actual signing of the treaty will occur within a few days. The next steamer for La Cuayara will sail February 2 and will take the treaty to Caracas."

A DEATH TRAP

Cubans Sprung It on Spaniards.

Key West, Florida, January 28.—A Cuban arrived on the steamship Olivette last night, said that the Spanish Guerilla leader, Colonel Rotger, was terribly beaten Friday near Rosarios, in the Southern part of Havana Province. False information that fifty insurgents were near there, wounded and ill, induced him to march there at once with 200 men. Francisco Base, one of Maceo's men, planned the ruse and he lay in wait with 250 men, one mile from Melena. Here the road was under a high rocky hill. Base hid his men at the top. As Rotger's men marched into this death-trap they were saluted with a deadly fire of musketry. As the panic-stricken Spaniards attempted to escape, boulders rolled down among them, preventing any regular order of battle. Colonel Rotger was wounded. Cubans say over 150 dead bodies were counted, including the wounded Guerillas, who were killed. Only ten Cubans were killed.

IN THE SOUDAN

Preparations of Khalifa for Attack

London, January 28.—A special to the Daily News from Cairo says that the Khalifa is removing all women, children and valuables from Omdurman on the Nile, opposite Khartoum, to Elobeid, the chief city of Kordofan, fearing the immediate advance of the Anglo-Egyptian forces. Abu Hamed has deserted the main portion of the Berber garrison and gone to strengthen the fortifications at Omdurman, which is being strengthened in every way possible.

QUEBEC FAILURES.

Quebec, January 28.—(Special.)—Messrs. Forgues & Wiseman, merchants, of this city, have assigned with liabilities placed at $17,343, and assets $11,600. Mr. V. E. Paradis has been appointed provisional guardian, and the meeting of creditors is fixed for 4th of February next.

Messrs. Gignac & Son, of this city, who made an abandonment of their property recently, have settled with their creditors at forty cents cash and ten cents in twelve months guaranteed.

NEW COPPER COINS

Ottawa, Ont., January 28.—(Special.)—The Finance Department have received from the Royal Mint a new issue of $10,000 of copper coins, ordered some time since. The coins will be put in circulation, as required through the medium of the banks, and will be sent out at once.

STORM AT COOKSHIRE

Cookshire, Que., Jan. 28.—(Special.)—On Monday the thermometer registered 26 below in the morning, and the wind blew a perfect hurricane. Business and traffic were at a standstill, and school work was practically suspended in the Academy. The wind blew hard far into the night.

LIFE-BOATS STOVE.

London, January 28.—The White Star steamer Germanic from New York January 20 for Liverpool, passed Browhead at 5.55 o'clock this morning. She reported having experienced violent gales throughout her passage. Two of her life boats were stove.

GRAND DUKE VERY ILL

London, January 28.—Grand Duke Michael, of Russia, is suffering from a serious attack of inflammation of the lungs, according to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph. His eldest son has been hastily summoned from the Caucasus region.

AFFILIATION WITH M'GILL.

Vancouver, B. C., January 28.—(Special)—A charter of incorporation has been granted by the Provincial Government in connection with the affiliation of the Vancouver High School with McGill University.

JOHNSON DEFEATED.

Duluth, Minn., January 28.—In a half mile skating match here last night David Morrison, of Superior, Wis., defeated John S. Johnson, of Minneapolis, by fully 25 feet, Morrison's time being 1.22½.

M'GILL ANNUAL OFFICIAL REPORT

Meeting of Governors Held Yesterday.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE OF STUDENTS.

Normal School and Board Diplomas —Physical Training.

The annual reports from the various departments of McGill University were submitted at a meeting of the McGill corporation yesterday afternoon. Principal Peterson occupied the chair.

The first report read was that of the Board of Governors, submitted by the acting-secretary, J. W. Brakenridge. The main features of this report have already been published in the Star. The report of the Dean of the Faculty of Arts, Dr. Alex. Johnson, which was next read, showed that the number of students in attendance during the present year is as follows: Undergraduates, 256; partial students, 153; graduates taking a post-graduate course, 22. The annual report of the Library Committee showed a total number of volumes of 44,200 now in the library of the university. Annual reports were also submitted from the Museum Committee by Dr. Harrington, botanic gardens by Prof. Penhallow, observatory by Prof. McLeod, Faculty of Applied Science by Prof. Bovey, Committee of Management of the Macdonald Physics Building by Prof. Cox.

Dr. Robins, principal of McGill Normal School, then submitted the committee's report to the corporation. The report showed that since September 1 last there had been enrolled in the Model School as pupils 191 boys and 275 girls. The report stated that by a recent resolution the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction had provided that, with a few exceptions specially reversed for the action of the committee, diplomas of Protestant teachers should henceforth be issued only after a course of training of, at least, four months' duration, received in the Normal School. This would in all probability result in an increased attendance during the last four months of the annual session. With the consent of the Normal School Committee and the approval of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction, the principal of the Normal and Model Schools were about to deliver a course of lectures in Bishops College, Lennoxville, supplemented by arrangements for practical teaching, which would enable graduates of Bishops College to obtain academy diplomas on terms equivalent to those on which graduates of McGill obtained them.

The report of the medical examiner and instructor of physical culture, Dr. R. Tait McKenzie, stated that 113 men were in regular attendance at the gymnasium classes. The physical examination of all students intending to compete in athletic sports, it was stated, was vigorously insisted upon and no one permitted to compete without such examination. There had been examined, 78 men, of whom 23 were prevented taking part in any violent forms of athletics, while 65 others were given special advice and treatment. The number of Donalda students attending the gymnasium was 11.

Reports were then presented from the affiliated colleges in Arts—Morrin College, Quebec; St. Francis College, Richmond, and the Wesleyan College, Stanstead—and a resolution passed that the matriculation examinations in these affiliated colleges should, in future, be identical with those of McGill.

The nomination was announced of Mr. James Lester Willis Gill, a graduate of last year in mechanical engineering in the Faculty of Applied Science, for the science scholarship placed at the disposal of the University by Her Majesty's Commissioners for the exhibition of 1851.

HAD A CLOSE CALL.

General Weyler Fired Upon—Companions Wounded.

Havana, January 28.—It is stated that when Gen. Weyler was marching down Candela hill, near Guines, six shots were fired on him by some party hidden in the bushes near by, wounding a lieutenant at his side and a private.

TUBERCULOSIS IN ONTARIO.

Toronto, January 28.—(Special.)—Dr. Bryce, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, is daily in receipt of letters, in regard to tuberculosis in cattle. In two towns in the Province, active steps have been taken to combat the ravages of the disease. One communication which Dr. Bryce has received is from a veterinarian in western Ontario, who states that he has traced tuberculosis directly through four generations of cattle, and also from the cattle to man. He urges that a general inspection of herds be made, and that compensation be made to owners whose cattle have been destroyed by reason of tuberculosis.

THE CZAR'S HEALTH.

London, January 28.—Some of the German and Austrian newspapers persist in the statement that Emperor Nicholas II of Russia is seriously ill, but the details of his alleged illness as given by the various journals vary greatly. Count Vorontzoff-Daschkoff, Minister of the Imperial Household has authorized a St. Petersburg correspondent to reiterate the denials, previously made, of the rumors concerning the condition of the Czar, and declares that His Majesty's health is excellent, and that his routine, private and official life has not undergone the slightest alteration.

AFRAID OF PLAGUE

Milan, January 28.—After complete disinfection and several changes of clothing, an Englishman from Bombay, who arrived from Brindisi in a second-class railway carriage, and was refused a permit to cross the frontier, owing to the prevalent fear of a possible outbreak of the Bubonic plague, has finally been liberated. The railway carriage in which this traveller from India journeyed through a portion of Italy, was repeatedly shunted on several sidings, and it, too, has undergone the disinfecting process.

A NEW GOLD SCHEME

Belleville, Ont., January 28.—Mr. H. Corby, M. P., and other local gentlemen of influence, are preparing to float a large gold mining company in England.

PYNY-PECTORAL

Positively Cures
COUGHS and COLDS

In a surprisingly short time. It's a scientific certainty, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

W. C. McCOMBER & SON,
Bouchette, Que.,

report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Garceau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

MR. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist,
328 Yonge St., Toronto, writes:
"As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Sole Proprietors
MONTREAL

23 1

Suchard.

EXHIBIT OF
SWISS CHOCOLATE
and COCOA
—AT—
D. STEWART & CO.'S STORE,
Corner Mackay and St. Catherine Sts.

Call and have a cup of delicious
SUCHARD'S COCOA.
Also ask for a sample of
CHOCOLAT SUCHARD.
The best in the world.

LEEMING, MILES & CO.,
Agents for Canada,
53 St. Sulpice St., Montreal
22*3

Gold and Silver
MINES AND MINING STOCKS,
LEGITIMATE PROPERTIES AT LEGITIMATE PRICES.
Western correspondents, Messrs C. F. CLOUGH & CO. Spokane, Wash., and Rossland, B. C.
A. W. MORRIS,
79 St. Francois Xavier Street.
TEL. 1492. 23*eop

Letters to The Editor.

A Nurses' Home.

To the Editor of the Star:

Sir,—With the completion of renovations to the Montreal General Hospital, the Committee of Management believed that no special appeal to its generous supporters would be required before the close of the century,—that this belief was far from universal has been suggestively shown in the very successful result of the recent Hospital Fair, owing to which, for the first time in its history, its several departments will be sufficiently equipped with medical and surgical instruments. To the casual observer, "rest and be thankful" might be deemed an appropriate comment, and so had the committee thought, but the very perfectness of provision for the sick and suffering, and the medical and administrative staffs as well, has brought into ungrateful prominence the inadequacy of arrangements for the comfort and health of those without whom much of the skill and experience of the most eminent physician is impaired if not nearly neutralized—my readers will realize that to the nurses only could this apply—they being indeed the "alter ego" of the medical man.

To many of the friends and governors of the hospital, the nurses' day and night rooms are known,—situated in the highest story of the building, cramped and crowded too as they are, it must be painfully apparent that no time should be lost in providing for the erection of a new Nurses' Home. Fortunately upon Cadieux street there is, belonging to the hospital, a convenient site which is available for the purpose without detrimentally circumscribing the nurses' recreation ground. Messrs. Taylor and Gordon, who had charge of the recent renovations, have prepared plans which will afford accommodation for seventy-five nurses, embracing twenty-five single and twenty-five double bed rooms, a large and smaller sitting room, two rooms for sick purposes, bath rooms, etc., the building to be connected by covered way with the Greenshield's Surgical Pavillion, the building to be of brick, simple and void of unessential ornament, in character with the other parts of the hospital; its total cost to be within $23,000.

It is sanguinely hoped that this proposed Nurses' Home will commend itself to citizens as being much needed, and an appropriate contribution to Her Majesty's "Diamond Jubilee Year."

It has been suggested that it be styled "The Montreal General Hospital Jubilee Nursing Home."

F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS.

* * *

Waste of Water.

To the Editor of the Star:

Sir,—For some months I have observed in a yard beside a house on Young street a most shameful waste of water. A tap is open and left running full force the whole time. A few weeks ago I reported the case to the Water Superintendent, but the only effect of this was that the large gate which was formerly left wide open is now kept shut, but when it has been accidentally open as it was this morning, I have seen the water still running to waste. This tap was in full sight of every passer-by for months, and still more peculiar, the place is within a stone's throw of a police station! How is it then that none of the finest have reported it, or that none of the waterworks employes should not have seen it? The person allowing such a shameful waste of water should be promptly fined.

AQUA.

Montreal, January 26th, 1897.

THE CARIBOO GOLD.

Vancouver, B. C., January 28.—(Special.)—The C. P. R. shipped from Ashcroft last year gold from Cariboo amounting to $297,901, the result chiefly of hydraulicing and further explorations of old placer workings. Promising quartz discoveries are now being made in Cariboo, and these and the development of hydraulics are expected to increase Cariboo's gold output of 1896 to a total of at least five times as much in value in 1897.

The heavy ice in the Ohio River has caused a total suspension of navigation at Louisville, Ky. All the upper and lower boats have been tied up in the canal. Reports from the west state the weather is moderating.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS. MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE FRANCAIS W. R. PHILLIPS, Lessee and Manager.
Enormous Success This Week of the Funny Farce
THE CIRCUS GIRL
And FIVE METROPOLITAN VAUDEVILLE ACTS.
NEXT WEEK—SPECIAL.—Only appearance in Montreal of the World's most famous Whistler
MRS. ALICE J. SHAW,
Accompanied by her Twin Daughters.
Also the Great Romantic Drama
"CAPTAIN: SWIFT!"
To be sure of an opportunity of witnessing this great hit engage seats at once. The demand is unprecedented.
Matinees Daily. Prices—10c, 20, 25c.
23*3

Victoria Skating Club.
THE HOCKEY CRISIS.
Montreal vs. Ottawa
SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th, 8.30 P.M.
SALE OF RESERVED SEATS NOW OPEN TO ALL.
F. PERCY SMITH, Sec. Treas., 128 St. James street.
23*1

COCHRANE'S AUDITORIUM.
Prince Arthur Skating Rink. OPEN from 9 a.m. until 10 p.m.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE EVERY EVENING.
Mornings and Afternoons, 10 cents; Evenings, 15 cents.
Lessons in Skating given free every morning.
21*3eod

CRYSTAL RINK.
BAND Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Nights. Saturday Afternoon.
SKATING LESSONS.
23*3

The 76th Anniversary
—OF THE—
MONTREAL AUXILIARY
—OF THE—
British and Foreign Bible Society
Will be held in
EMMANUEL CHURCH
—ON—
Thursday, January 28th, at 8 p.m.
Sir J. William Dawson, F.R.S., C.M.G., in the chair.
The Rev. T. S. McWilliams, M.A., will speak upon the work of the Society in Asia, and the Rev. E. J. Slobo, Secretary of the Quebec Auxiliary, will give an account of work among the French population of this Province.
22*2

Monument National
Friday and Saturday Evenings, January 29th and 30th, 8.15 p.m.
Saturday Matinee January 30th 2.15 p.m.
ENTERTAINMENT IN AID OF THE
Highland Cadets' Clothing Fund
Under the patronage of their Excellencies. The Governor General and the Countess of Aberdeen.
JESSIE BROWN, or The RELIEF of LUCKNOW
Romantic Military Drama in 3 Acts.
Military Tableaux, Scotch Songs and Dances under the management of Henry E. Codd and W. A. Tremayne.
Evening prices $1.00, 75, 50, 25c.
Matinee prices 50c, 25c.
19*5 dwe

HOLLY SNOW SHOE CLUB.
SECOND BONNET HOP, at Drummond Hall, Drummond Street,
FRIDAY EVENING, 29th JAN.
TICKETS, 75 cts. per couple.
Dancing 8.15. Pianist, Mr. J. Smith.
Trams to Mr. Alex. Tates, St. Laurent, Saturday, leave Club Rooms at 2.30 sharp.
A. H. DALRYMPLE,
23 1 Hon. Secretary.

Grand Fancy Bazaar
Under the Auspices of Lady Friends
—OF—
CLAN GORDON, NO. 71, O. S. C.
Gough Hall, 2204 St. Catherine,
Friday Ev'g and Sat. Afternoon and Ev'g, JANUARY 29th and 30th, 1897.
19*3 3aw

THE MOUNTAIN PARK RINK.
Fancy Dress Carnival
On FRIDAY, JANUARY 29th,
Admission 10c.
Cor. of Duluth & St. Lawrence sts.
23*1

CALVARY CHURCH, MONDAY EV'G, Feb. 1st.
A RECITAL OF SACRED MUSIC
For Opening a New Organ.
Horace W. Rayner, Mus. Bac., A.R.C.O., and famous soloists will assist the Choir. See Saturday's paper for details.
22*3

THIRTY-FOURTH ORGAN RECITAL
By Mr. E. A. Hilton, Dominion Sq. Methodist Church
Saturday, Jan. 30TH, 1897, at 4 p.m.,
Assisted by Mrs. C. J. Harvey, Contralto, Miss Craig, Organist.
Admission free. Collection. 22 3

INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA
Forerunners of Rheumatism, are unknown when the
Caledonian Waters
are regularly drank. Sold by best hotels, clubs and grocers everywhere.
21tf

HOW PERFUMERY IS MADE.

Although June, with its wealth of roses will not return until another summer, the many and wonderfully beautiful varieties of monthlies give the careful housewife an opportunity to replenish her rose jars and obtain a supply of perfume through all the lovely summer and autumn months, and it must be remembered that mignonette, nasturtiums and other sweet scented flowers are every whit as important in lending their aid to preserve the sweet scent of summer as the garden queen herself. Perfume is made thus: Gather the flowers with as little stem as possible, place them in a jar three parts full of almond or olive oil. After allowing them to remain in the oil for twenty-four hours press them through a cheese-cloth bag; this process should be repeated with fresh flowers until the oil is thoroughly scented. It is then to be mixed with the same quantity of rectified spirits and shaken every day for a fortnight. It is then ready for use.

For a rose jar fill about a quarter full of rose leaves and other scented flowers, sprinkle thickly with common salt, and whole spices of all sorts; then fill to the half, and add more spices and salt, and so on until the jar is filled. The dried flowers of old-fashioned English lavender are to be bought at the druggist's, and these and powdered orris root and benzoin should be freely used.

One can scarcely conceive of a more dainty wedding gift, when one desires to make it personal, and the work of the giver's own hands, than a set of a dozen sachets made from one's own garden flowers for the bottom of bureau drawers, or as a parting gift for a friend going abroad, the same made to fit bottom of trunk and tray. Only think how delightful to be preparing such an inexpensive present all through the lovely summer days for a friend to be married in the autumn or winter, and what a load off one's mind as the wedding day approaches. The sachets should be covered with the pretty India silks now made in such lovely floral designs and of delicate tints, and the perfume sprinkled plentifully through sheets of wadding, the silk to be lined with it, and then tufted with floss silk of contrasting shades and finished with daily lace or cat stitched around the edges with silk. These may be made costly or inexpensive, as suits the purse of the giver, and for every day use cotton sateen answers nicely as covering. For the filling add to every pound of rose leaves quarter of a pound of lavender flowers, and four ounces of gum benzoin powdered; mix thoroughly. The benzoin has an aromatic, "woody" perfume, and will be found a delightful addition.

From Longfellow's Journal.

In an article on Longfellow's wit and humor, Dr. J. E. Rankin makes the following characteristic quotations from the poet's journal: April 20—"When an author is entering the dreary confines of old age, and the critics begin to cry, 'Go up, thou baldhead!' it is not strange that he should want to let the bears loose upon them." May 7—"After the holidays, the old mill begins to grind again; and, as one of the millers, my hair white with meal, pour in the grist, and open and shut the gate, and cry to sing amid the din and clatter." May 27—"As I was standing at my front door, this morning, a lady in black came up and asked: 'Is this the house where Longfellow was born?' 'No; he was not born here.' 'Did he die here?' 'Not yet.' 'Are you Longfellow?' 'I am.' 'I thought you died two years ago.'"

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The Last Week
—OF—
Our Dissolution Sale.
Saturday next, the 30th inst., will be the Last Day on which the present Heavy Discounts will be Allowed.
Discounts Extend to 50 p. c. and over off our Large Stock of Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Plate, Cutlery, etc.
R. Sharpley & Sons,
JEWELLERS,
225 ST. JAMES STREET.
22*3

Complexion, Skin,
Scalp Diseases, and All
GENITO-URINARY TROUBLES.
Acne, Eczema, Psoriasis, Pimples, Dandruff, Blood Poison, Bladder and Kidney Diseases, Superfluous Hair, Moles, Warts, Birthmarks, destroyed permanently, by Electrolysis, at the
DERMATOLOGICAL INSTITUTE,
Under the direction of DR. H. J. BRODEUR, 265 St. Denis Street. Specialist, of Paris.
11 a.m. to 4 p.m., 6.30 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Bell Tel. 7376. 261 tf

UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE
Dancing and Deportment.
Prof. Norman's Select School.
New classes for beginners now open, Tuesday and Thursday. Ladies' and gentlemen's COSTUMES TO HIRE for balls, masquerades, etc. Annual Masquerade Ball Friday, 29th, at 8 p.m. Tickets $1.25. Tel. 2634.
6* 127 STANLEY STREET.

QUEEN'S HALL.
ASSEMBLY THIS WEEK, FRIDAY, 29th.
Hall to rent at reduced rates for Parties, Balls, etc., also Elm Hall, Westmount.
A. ROY MACDONALD,
Tel. 4177. 23*tf

CONSERVATORY OF DANCING,
Deportment and Physical Culture, 2269 St. Catherine St.
New Class for Beginners now forming. Regular Classes every day and evening. Private Lessons to suit. Assembly Saturday, 8 p.m. Orchestra. Photographs of Masquerade Ball and Committee for sale. Telephone 6058.
22*tf GEO. F. BEAMAN.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Sparrow & Jacobs, Lessees and Managers.
The Famous Original
BOSTONIANS
To-night—"In Mexico"
Friday Night—"Prince Ananias"
Saturday Matinee—"Bohemian Girl."
Saturday Night—"Robin Hood."
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50. Telephone 5062.
Feb. 3 and 4—Return of the Great "CHEVALIER."
19*1

QUEEN'S MONTREAL'S COMEDY THEATRE.
ALL THIS WEEK "TRILBY"
Great Cast and Sibyl Johnston, the Original Trilby.
Next Matinee—Saturday. Matinee Prices—15c, 25c and 35c. Evening Prices—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Next Week—Colossal "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."
20*tf

Montreal Stock Exchange to India.

... A Splendid Subscription ... List from the Brokers.

Good Hearted Fellows All.

The Star has received from Hon. Senator Forget, the genial President of the Stock Exchange, a huge envelope containing 34 cheques, contributed by the members of the Stock Exchange for the relief of the sufferers by famine and plague in India. Senator Forget always knows a good cause when he sees it. Whether in conserving the interests of a three million dollar company or in giving a helping hand to the starving and helpless, he does the right thing in the right way. Mr. Forget has but to set the example. The followers are sure because his friends believe in Him. The world over stock-brokers are known to be jolly good fellows. The Montreal brokers have done themselves credit. They have shown an example which, if followed by all who are able, would stop the famine in a twinkling. The envelope contained five hundred and thirty-five dollars. Here are the men who did it:

L J Forget	$ 50 00	Jas Hutchison	10 00
MacDougall Bros	25 00	Oswald Bros	10 00
C Meredith	25 00	G W Hamilton & Son	10 00
H C Scott	25 00	C E Gault	10 00
J R Meeker	25 00	W J Turpin & Co	10 00
And A Wilson	25 00	Fred C Henshaw	10 00
Nichols & Marler	25 00	J W Simpson	5 00
R Hoat & Co	50 00	F W Barlow	10 00
J Try-Davies	10 00	A C Clark	10 00
Burnett & Co	25 00	Fred Nash	5 00
J G Grant	10 00	J E Wilson	5 00
Howard & Co	25 00	W Mackenzie	10 00
Godfrey Weir	10 00	H Gordon Strathy	10 00
J Low	10 00	G C Dunlop	10 00
W H Weir	10 00	Broker	25 00
A E Riddell	10 00	H A B	10 00
R Lindsay	10 00	J A L S	5 00
Total for Stock Exchange			$535 00

MCKINLEY CABINET.

The Latest Complete Slate to be Published.

Canton, Ohio, January 28.—Here is the Cabinet slate so far as it has been made up, according to the best information to be obtained here:

Secretary of State—John Sherman, Ohio.

Secretary of the Treasury—Lyman J. Gage, Illinois.

Secretary of the Navy—John D. Long, Massachusetts.

Secretary of War—Gen. Russell T. Alger, Michigan.

Attorney-General — Gen. Nathan Goff, West Virginia.

Secretary of the Interior—Judge Joseph E. McKenna, California.

Secretary of Agriculture — Congressman James W. Wilson, Iowa.

Postmaster General — To be determined.

The first six names may be accepted as reasonably certain, the first two names having already been authoritatively stated.

JUBILEE AMNESTY

Mr. Balfour Non-Commital in That Connection.

London, January 28.—Mr. A. J. Balfour, the First Lord of the Treasury, and Government Leader in the House of Commons, to-day, replying to Mr. John G. S. Macneill, who asked whether, in view of the Queen's diamond jubilee, the Government would advise Her Majesty to grant amnesty to political prisoners said:

"The questioner is aware that I have never admitted there is any distinction between treason-felony and other long sentence prisoners."

REPORTERS MISSING.

New Orleans, La., January 28.—The steam yacht Argo and steamship Albert Dumois collided in the river this morning, at 12:30 o'clock, near quarantine, sinking the Argo. Two reporters of the Picayune are missing.



MR. E. T. D. CHAMBERS, MASONIC PROVINCIAL GRAND MASTER.

(Continued from Page 9.)

CUBAN STORIES.

Terrible Story About Girls Being Murdered.

Key West, Florida, January 28.—The bodies of fourteen girls have been found in a small cave within half a mile of the Spanish encampments at Guanabacoa.

A boy saw some dogs gnawing bones. Driving the dogs off he saw they were human bones, and noticing from which directions they had been dragged, he came to this opening, and venturing in, saw decomposed bodies. A few Cubans ventured out at night and verified the story. The bodies could not be identified further than that they were female bodies and young. The girls had been cruelly murdered and some had been hacked to pieces.

One of the few remaining convents was entered by soldiers Saturday night, and but for the interposition of an officer the inmates would have been assaulted. The soldiers escaped with a reprimand, the officer saying:

"Why don't you take the Cubans, and not make trouble by molesting the church?"

Guanabacoa looks like a cemetery. All the houses are closed, all the windows are barred and few persons are seen on the streets after 5 p.m.

RACE POSTPONED.

New York, January 28.—The ten mile speed skating championship of the United States, which was to have taken place at Silver Lake, Staten Island, to-day, has been postponed until next Saturday owing to the heavy snow.

NOW A TOWN BURNED.

Columbus, Ohio, January 28.—Almost the entire business portion of the town of Centreburg, Ohio, this morning, was destroyed by fire. Loss $75,000; insurance small.

TO FIND THE POLE.

Christiania, January 28.—Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, delivered a lecture in this city last evening, in the course of which he said that the best course to take to get to the North Pole was the open sea towards the north, northeast, afterwards drifting with the ice current, which would be certain to lead to Greenland.

CHAMPION SKATERS

Two Celebrated Norwegians Arriv in Montreal.

The two celebrated Norwegian skaters, Naff and Lordshall, who have entered for the world's championships, arrived here from Halifax to-day. They are staying at the Turkish Baths Hotel, and as they do not speak English it is rather difficult to make them tell the story of their trip. Fortunately, Neillson, the skater, who is a countryman of theirs, has taken them under his wing. They are two nice-looking young men, of medium height. They are both amateurs, and, respectively, long and short distance champions of Europe. Naff is 20 years old, and Lordshall is 23.

They came across in the same boat with Mr. J. B. McLachlan of Montreal and he says that they were never once seasick and are in good condition. So, although it was too early for them to start training, when they left Christiana, Norway, they have not the least doubt of their ability to get into condition and give the other skaters a hard run.

One Dollar will buy rice food for one month for one of the starving men and women in India.

Five Dollars will sustain one of them until the new harvest.

Who would grudge five dollars to save a life.

Every man who starves leaves others to starve.

THE LEVY CASE

Argument on a Motion for a Writ of Habeas Corpus.

At noon to-day Mr. H. C. St. Pierre, Q.C. made a formal application to Mr. Justice Wurtele for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Levy, the Pittsburg man, accused of perjury, and who has been committed for extradition. He afterwards argued the application at considerable length, contending that the evidence before Judge Dugas proved the man's innocence and that he was not guilty of the crime with which he was charged and for which he was to be handed over.

The Extradition Act clearly provided that a man could not be tried after extradition except for the crime for which he had been extradicted, and in this case there was a serious danger of a miscarriage of justice. Mr. D. H. Girouard, on behalf of the Crown, opposed the application which was taken en delibere.

OFF THE TRACK.

A Notre Dame Street Car Established a Half Hour's Blockade.

About 11.30 o'clock this morning a Notre Dame street car jumped the track, near the intersection of St. Francois Xavier street, and blockaded traffic on that line for more than half an hour. The car left the rails right in front of the office of the Hon. L. J. Forget, President of the Street Railway Company and made a bee-line for the President's office. Perhaps the car had some grievance that it desired to lay before the chief. At any rate it took considerable time and effort to persuade it back onto the track again and relieve the congestion which the blockade had occasioned.

WORKMAN'S CASE FOR DAMAGES.

The trial of the action for $10,000 damages taken by a workman named Edward Murray against his former employers, William Johnson, Dickson & Co., was begun yesterday before Mr. Justice Mathieu. The plaintiff, who is represented by Messrs. Ryan and Jacobs, lost his right arm while assisting in running a white lead rolling machine. After several witnesses had been heard the case was adjourned till Monday.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A petition has been granted for the winding-up of the Dominion Type Founding Company and Mr. P. A. Crosby has been appointed provisional liquidator. The petitioner was Mr. W. G. Murray.

MR. BEAUGRAND RECOVERING.

Mr. Beaugrand continues to improve in health. He was able to sit up this morning and perform some journalistic work. His physicians now look for his speedy recovery.

For other Births, Marriages and Deaths, see page 11.

DEATHS.

BROWN—On the 28th inst., of pneumonia, Catherine Connolly, widow of the late Michael Brown, Esq., master carter, aged 66 years and 1 month. Funeral will leave her late residence, 64 Jacques Cartier street, on Sunday, the 31st inst., at 2.30 p.m., to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. (New York and Ottawa papers please copy.) 23 3

THE WEATHER.

Wednesday, 11 p.m.—Probabilities:

Lower Lakes—Fresh to strong westerly to north-westerly winds; light falls of snow in some localities but for the most part generally fair and cold.

Georgian Bay—Fresh to strong westerly to north-westerly winds; light snow in some localities; cold.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—A fall of snow, light in most places; not much change in temperature.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Becoming unsettled, with a fall of snow.

Maritime—Strong breezes or gales, overcast and snowy.

Manitoba—Fair and colder.

Thursday, 11 a.m.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: A fall of snow; stationary or lower temperature.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the last twenty-four hours: Calgary, 14 below, 34 below; Qu'Appelle, 6 below, 16 below; Winnipeg, 6, 6 below; Parry Sound, 24, 16; Toronto, 15, 12; Ottawa, 20, 14; Montreal, 18, 12; Quebec, 12, 8; Halifax, 28, 12.

Readings by Harrison & Co.'s standard instruments, January 28.

	Ther.	Bar.
Midnight,	14	29.75
6 a.m.,	12	29.56
Noon,	18	29.48

OCEAN STEAMERS.

ARRIVED.

Name	At	From	Date
Memnon	Avonmouth	Portland	27th
Lake Ontario	St. John	Liverpool	27th
Persia	Plymouth	New York	27th
Armsterdam	Rotterdam	New York	27th
Adria	Halifax	Dantzic	27th
Persia	Plymouth	New York	27th
New York	Southampton	New York	27th
German	Browhead	New York	28th

SAILED.

From	For	Date
Keemun	Glasgow	St. John 27th
Glenhead	St. John	London 27th
Damara	St. John	London 28th
Majestic	Liverpool	New York 28th
Anchoria	New York	Liverpool 28th

The ... Famine Fund.

Second List of Contributors to be Published To-morrow...

The second subscription list of contributors to the Famine Fund will appear in the Star to-morrow, Friday, the 29th. The list will be a credit to Canada. His Worship the Mayor is kindly acting as Honorary Treasurer, and will transmit to His Excellency the Governor-General as receiver thereof, the entire proceeds of the Fund contributed by readers of the Star.

The ... Churches and Schools Doing Their Duty.

BRANTFORD, ONT., HELPS.

Brantford, Ont., Jan. 28, 1897.

The Mohawk Institute is sending to the Montreal Star a subscription taken up by the Principal and boys of the College.

* * *

LENNOXVILLE BOYS TO THE FRONT.

Lennoxville, January 28.—The boys of Bishop's College send twenty-five dollars to help swell the Star fund for the famine stricken people in India.

* * *

(Telegram.)

FRELIGHSBURGH HEARD FROM.

Frelighsburg, January 29.—Rev. J. Burrows Davidson is sending a subscription to the Star for the Famine Fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

WATFORD SABBATH SCHOOL.

Watford, Ont., January 28.—The scholars of Watford Sunday School send fifteen dollars, as a help to the Star Relief Fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

LAKE MEGANTIC MISSION.

Agnes, Que, January 27, 1897.

Rev. J. N. Hunter has collected $11.50 in his mission for help to the Star India Famine Fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

KINGSBURY, QUE., CHURCH.

Kingsbury, Que., January 28, 1897.

Rev. D. Pugh, missionary, has sent to Star thirty-two dollars twenty-five cents to help famine fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

WILLIAMSBURG, ONT., ANGLICAN CHURCH.

Williamsburg Parish, January 26, '97.

Rev. M. G. Poole sends the "Star" eleven dollars and fifty cents, a token of sympathy to the Indian Fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

DELTA METHODIST CHURCH.

Delta, Jan. 28, 1897.

Rev. Geo. C. Poyser has collected from his congregation forty-two dollars and fifteen cents to swell the Star's Indian famine fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

PRICEVILLE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Priceville, Ont., Jan. 28, '97.

Rev. Donald McLeod, pastor, has sent in eight dollars, as a small token from his congregation to help the Star fund.

* * *

(Telegram.)

LONGUEUIL EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

St. Marks Rectory, Longueuil, January 28, 1897.

Rev. J. Grant Baylis has sent in fifty eight dollars and 81c contributions from his congregation, in aid of the Star Famine Fund for India.

* * *

HIS EXCELLENCY'S APPEAL TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS.

His Excellency the Governor-General has sent the following letter to the Lieutenant-Governor of each of the provinces:

Government House, Ottawa,
January 27, 1897.

My Dear Lieutenant-Governor,—

Canadian Relief Fund for India.

Your Honor's prompt and hearty response to my telegram was much appreciated.

I now beg to enclose a telegram which I received yesterday evening from the Chief Justice of Bengal, chairman of the Relief Fund at Calcutta. In replying to this message, I have stated that a movement in the desired direction has already been started throughout the Dominion, and that I am hopeful of the results. I have also telegraphed to the Viceroy of India.

I shall feel greatly obliged if Your Honor will kindly inform me as to any steps that may be taken in your Province with reference to this most urgent and grand work of charity.

I am well aware that in some respects the time is not favorable for financial benevolence, and that claims are numerous; but I feel confident that the people of ——— will not be backward in doing what can be done. Especially I hope that it will be recognized that while large donations have their peculiar value, no contribution, if it be only 50 cents or even 25 cents, is too small to be offered.

And in one sense a sum contributed by, for instance, twenty different persons is of more value than if the same sum were given in one direction, because indicating a wider area of sympathy.

Your Honor will very likely have considered and consulted with your Ministers as to the steps which should be taken, and therefore I need not, perhaps, offer any suggestion beyond remarking that probably a circular letter might with advantage be sent by you to mayors of cities, to chairmen of county councils, etc., bringing the urgency of the appeal before them, and inviting their co-operation.

Of course the effective aid of the churches, which may be confidently looked for, will be of the utmost importance, and it may also be thought advisable that meetings should be convened at all the chief centres, where accurate information could be given as to the causes and extent of the grievous disaster which has overtaken our fellow subjects in India, and which, we cannot forget, may have had indirectly the result of, in a sense, ministering to the prosperity of Canada.

I have only to add that all the principal banks of Canada, to whom I made a special application for their co-operation and assistance, have responded in a most hearty and public-spirited manner. I remain, etc.,

Yours very faithfully,
(Signed) ABERDEEN.

His Excellency received a telegram yesterday evening from Sir Casimir Gzowski stating that the Ontario Government had decided to contribute six thousand dollars.

SEAL LIFE.

Prof. Jordan's Official Report Upon it.

Washington, D. C., January 28.—Prof. David Starr Jordan, the Commissioner appointed to investigate the condition of the fur seals, recommends in his report to the Secretary of the Treasury that the open season for the killing of females be abolished to keep the Pribyloff Island herd intact.

"The sole possible basis of adjustment," says Professor Jordan, "must be the protection of the fur seals through mutual concession, international courtesy and self respect.

As long as pelagic sealing exists the restrictions governing it are of slight importance, and the relations between the owners of the Pribiloff Islands and the nations whose ships have the right to destroy its herds must be in some degree restrained."

The estimate made by Prof. Jordan, of the number of seals of all classes killed last summer is 440,000, about 27,000 pups died of starvation and pelagic sealing caused the death of 29,308.

"Pelagic sealing in Behring Sea in August," Prof. Jordan said, "is in the highest degree destructive to herd. If considered as an industry it is a suicidal one, as it can be profitably continued only under conditions, which must bring it to a speedy end."

OCEAN CABLES

British Government Considering Important Project.

London, January 28.—The Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, replying in the House of Commons to-day to a question of Sir George Baden-Powell, Conservative, said that the Government was still considering the question of continuing the Halifax-Bermuda cable to the West Indies.

London, January 28.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir George Baden Powell begged the Government to inform the House the date on which the report of the Pacific Cable Commission would be presented. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, said that no date for presenting the report to Parliament had as yet been fixed, as the report would first be made the subject of confidential discussion by the colonial ministries.

IRISH AFFAIRS

Dublin, January 28.—A manifesto largely signed by the Catholic clergy has been issued, in denunciation of the recent course of the factions of the Irish party, and declaring that the Irish National party has now reached its lowest stage of efficiency.

LAURIER'S PROMISED L...W.

Ottawa, January 29.—A deputation from the trades and labor m... of the city waited on Mr. Laurier to-day and asked that an alien labor law be passed.

The Premier said that if the matter could not be settled amicably between Canada and the United States he would do so.



THE VICE-REGAL PARTY AT THE CHARITY BALL LAST NIGHT.

Finance and Commerce.

See also Page Two.

Royal Electric was the one stock on the local list this morning which had any degree of activity. This one, however, made up for the rest of the laggards and between the opening and the close scored a net gain of 2 3-4 points and a gain of full twenty points within the last ten days. The stock opened at 140, a half-point advance on yesterday's closing price. The next sale was at 141, and from this point the advance was uninterrupted until the close at noon, when the price was 142 3-4. During the morning session 500 shares changed hands at these figures and one share sold at 145.

Handsome profits have been made in this stock within the past two weeks, and even higher prices are talked of. Some time ago this security was listed on the London Stock Exchange and a foreign demand is anticipated. It is argued that at the present rate of dividend, eight per cent, and at the present prices, the stock should be looked upon with favor by the English investor. The balance of the list received only a small amount of attention and Cable was entirely neglected.

Morning Sales—25 Toronto Bank at 239; 31 Commerce at 127, 25 Duluth preferred at 8 1-2; 25 Dominion Cotton at 87; 50 Electric at 140 50 at 141, 25 at 142 7-8, 25 at 142 1-2, 50 at 142 3-4, 1 at 145, 75 at 142 1-2, 75 at 142 3-4, 25 at 142 1-4, 50 at 142 1-2, 50 at 142 3-4; 25 Toronto Railway at 69 3-4, 25 at 70, 25 at 69 3-4, 25 at 69 1-2; 25 C. P. R. at 55 1-4; 25 Postal Tel. Co. at 98 1-2; 6 Telephone at 156 1-2, 25 Street Railway at 223 5-8, 25 at 223 3-4, 18 Halifax Street Railway at 86, 25 at 86 3-4.

Afternoon Sales.—50 Commerce at 127; 5 Electric at 141, 25 at 141 1-2, 25 at 141, 50 at 140 1-2, 25 at 140, 25 at 139 1-2; 20 Hochelaga at 134; 700 Postal at 98 1-2; 25 Gas at 189, 25 at 189 1-4, 250 at 189 1-2, 5 at 189.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament street.

	Jan 28 Ask	Jan 28 Bid.	Jan. 27. Ask.	Jan. 27. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Ry	55½	54½	55	54
Do Co Land Bonds				
Duluth S.S. & Atlantic	4¼	3¾	4¼	3¾
Do do pfd.	10	7½	12	7
Commercial Cable	168¾	167½	169¾	168
Postal Tel Co	98¾	98½	98¾	98
Montreal Telegraph	170	169¾	170	169¾
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	92	88	92	88
Montreal St. Ry. Co	224½	223¼	224½	223
Do do				
Montreal Gas Co.	189¾	189¼	189	188¾
Do do Bonds	104	102	—	—
Bell Telephone Co	160	156	160	156
Do do Bonds				
Royal Electric	140	139½	140	139
Toronto Railway	69¾	69	70	69½
Halifax St. Ry.	90	85½	86	86¾
Do Bonds			100	99½
Bank of Montreal	231	225	231	225
Ontario Bank	85	83½	85	83½
Bank of Brit. North Am.				
People's Bank				
Molsons Bank	190	183	190	183
Bank of Toronto	231	229	231	227½
Jacques Cartier Bank	100	86		
Merchants Bank	172	169¾	172	169
Do do Halifax rd	170	164	170	164
E. Townships Bank				
Quebec Bank				
La Banque Nationale	87½		87½	
Union Bank	110	102½	110	102½
Can. Bank of Commerce	126	126½	130	125
La Banque Ville Marie	100	70	100	
Hochelaga Bank	134	133½	134½	133½
Intercolonial Coal				
Do do pref				
North-West Land Co. pref				
Canada Central Bonds				
Champlain & St. L. Bonds				
Montreal Cotton	128½	125	128½	125
Can. Col. Cot. Mill Co				
do do Bonds				
Merchants Manfg Co				
Dom. Cotton Mills Co	90	85	90	86
Loan & Mortgage Co		130		130
Diamond Glass Co.				
West. Loan & Trust Co				

BEARISH CONDITIONS

But there are Bull Prospects in Wheat Market.

Chicago, January 28.—The action of early wheat prices was about what was expected after the steadiness shown by Liverpool, following our weakness of yesterday. Trade was fairly active but at no time during the session was yesterday's business or excitement approached. The market was a narrow one and the average operator experienced little trouble in keeping well up in the procession. After the sharp break of the Chicago market during the past few days, a rally is likely to follow. A healthier tone too is sure to pervade the market.

There is some bull news on the market, the leading factor being the sale of 150,000 bushels No. 3 spring which goes to the seaboard all rail next week. But whether this lot is to be exported at once or held for orders, the public could not learn. The seaboard early reported no acceptances from the other side. It was reported that of the half dozen cargoes off the English coast, two had been taken by France. San Francisco wired late that France had bought wheat there and that Australia was again in the market and bidding current quotations.

Minneapolis wired that 21,000 barrels of flour had been sold there, and that the greatly improved demand had necessitated the taking of flour out of store to meet the wants. There was some buying here on continental account but the English markets did not come in for any futures. Montreal was also out, and the latter city was well represented here yesterday and the day before with selling orders, no doubt long wheat, in which there was a profit. New York wired late that 150,000 bushels Manitoba wheat had been sold for export (May and June shipment). The crowd in the pit was fresh, and had some of those who were bulls yesterday were dumping their wheat to-day, and when the market started downward it was not long in getting from the high price, 77c, down to 76 3-8. One large firm in the Chicago market said to-day that they had cabled all their correspondents in England and France asking for bids on wheat, but up to a late hour they had not received so much as a nibble.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the Star by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local manager for J. S. Bache & Co. New York, over direct private wire.

	Jan. 28. Op'g.	Jan. 28. Close.	Jan 27. Op'g.	Jan 27. Close.
Amer Cot Oil Co				
Amer Tob	74½	74	74½	74½
Do do pref				
Do Sugar Rfg Co.	117½	116¾	117½	117
Do do do Pref			103¾	103¾
Atchison, Top. & St. Fe.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14½
Chicago R. & Q.	74¼	73¾	74¼	74
Baltimore & Ohio		35¼		
Bay State Gas Co.		11¾	11¾	11¾
Canadian Pacific				
New York Cen. & Hud.	93¼	93¼	93¾	93
Cleveland C. C. & St. L.		27¾		
Chicago Gas	77½	77½	78¼	78
Ches & Ohio	17¼	17¼		
Canada Southern			49¾	49¾
Am. Spirit Co.		13¾	14	14
Denver & R. Grande pref.				
Delaware & Hudson	106¼	105¾	107¼	106¾
Del., Lac. & Western	154	153	154	153¾
Duluth				
Do. Pref				
N. Y., Lake Erie & West.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Do. Pref				
General Electric	34¾	34½	35¼	34¾
Consolidated Gas.		149¾	149¾	149¾
Hocking Valley	8¾	10¾	9¾	8¾
Jersey Central	99	99¾	99	99
Laclede Gas				24¾
L. & Nashville	50¾	50¾	51¼	50¾
Lake Erie & West				
Do. do. pref				
Lake Shore		152¾		
Mich. Central	90	90		
Mo. Elevated	91	90¾	91¾	91¼
Missouri Pacific	22	21	22¾	22¼
North American				
National Lead		25	25	25¼
Do. do. Pref				
United States Cord. Co.				
Do. do. Pref				
N. T. & New England				
Northern Pacific	13¾	14	13¾	13¾
Do. do. Pref	35¼	35	35¼	33¼
Chicago & N. Western	104¼	104¼	104¾	104¼
St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	50¾	50	50¾	50¾
N. Y. Ontario & West.				
Pacific Mail		24¾	25¼	25¼
Phil. & Reading	26¼	26¼	26¼	26
Rich & W. Point T.				
Chic. Rock Isld & Pac.	68	67¾	68¾	68
N. Y., Sus. & Western			8¼	8¼
Do. Pref				
N. Y., Chic. & St. Louis				
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	76¼	76	76¾	76¼
Tol., A. A. & N. Mich.				
Texas & Pac. Trust Rec.				
Tenn. Coal & Iron	29¾	29¼	29¾	29¾
Union Pacific	7¼	7	7¼	7¼
West. Union Tel	84	83½	84¼	84¼
Wabash				
Do. Pref.	16	15¾	16¾	15¾
Wheeling & Lake Erie	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
Do. do. Pref			10	10
Leather	9	9		
Do. pref			62	62

London Stock Market.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., N. Y., report the London Market at 4 p. m. to-day as follows:

Jan. 28, 1897. Stocks.	London Prices.	New York Equivalent.
Atchison.	14¾	14¾
Canadian Pacific.	55¾	54¾
Erie.	15¾	15
Kan. & Texas.	14¾	15¾
Louisville & N.	50¾	51¾
Lake Shore.		
Northern Pac. Pr.	35	34¾
Ill. Central.	99½	98¾
Ont. & Western.	13¾	14¾
Reading.	13¾	26
St. Paul.	78¾	76¾
Union Pacific.	7¾	7
Wabash Pr.	16¾	16

COTTON.

New York, January 28. — Cotton Futures, steady; February 7.02; March 7.10; April 7.15; May 7.23.

IN WALL STREET.

Almost Stagnant Awaiting Developments.

(Special to the Star.)

New York, January 28.—The stock market was almost stagnant to-day. London houses, for the first time in about two weeks, were moderate buyers of stocks and bonds to-day, but sold nothing. The purchases were not noticeable in St. Paul and Atchison adjustments. The purchases of Atchison adjustments so far this month have amounted to about [illegible] The downward movement in Elevated was apparently based on recent developments in surface road competition. Hocking Valley's securities were stronger, on the reported formation of a syndicate, to carry the securities that have been pressing on the market during the past week. The general belief to-day was that financial trouble has been averted. Northern Pacific (preferred) advanced early in the day on purchases through two houses believed to be closely connected with Great Northern interests. Expected declaration of the dividend of 4¾ per cent. on Omaha Common was made today, but had no effect on the market. This is the first dividend ever paid on this stock.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Jan. 28th, 1897.

	Month	Opening	High	Lowest	Closing
Chicago Wheat	May	73¾	76	73¾	75¾
	July	73¾	75¾-⅝	73⅝	74⅝
Corn	May	25¾	26	25¾-¾	25¾-¾
	July	25	25	25	25
Oats	May	17⅝-⅝	17⅝-¾	17½	17⅝-⅝
	July	18⅛	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜
Pork	Jan.				
	May	7 90	7 90	7 75	7 77
Lard	Jan.				
	May	3 97	4 00	3 95-7	3 95-7
Short Ribs	Jan.				
	May	4 02	4 02	3 97	3 97-400
New York Wheat	May	83¼	83¼	81⅝	81⅝
	July	80¾	80¾	78⅝	78⅝
Corn	May	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼
	July	30⅛	31¼	30⅛	30⅝
Milwaukee Wheat	Jan	73	74	73	73
	May	77	77	75	75
Toledo Wheat	May	80¾	83¾	80	80
	July	76¼	76¾	75	75
Duluth Wheat	May	76¾	76¾	73	75

A REVOLTING CASE.

The case of the man Archambault, who was arrested last week on the charge of seducing a fourteen-year-old cripple, was opened before Judge Desnoyers this morning. The little girl and the midwife, who was present at the birth of the child, were the only witnesses examined, and from the evidence of the former the charge may be altered to a more serious one.

THE BRAZILIAN EMIGRANTS.

His Worship the Mayor stated this morning that most of the Canadian emigrants who returned yesterday from Brazil have been provided with work. The remainder have been provided with temporary homes in various charitable institutions.

THE VICE-REGAL PARTY.

Their Excellencies, Lord and Lady Aberdeen, who arrived in Montreal yesterday to attend last night's Charity Ball, spent a very quiet day to-day in their private car at the Bonaventure depot. Their Excellencies leave for Ottawa at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Boundary Creek.

INTEREST IN A

Mining Claim For Sale

For particulars apply to

M. QUENEAU, BROKER, SPECIAL AGENT
202 New York Life Building, Montreal.

"THE COXEY."

Montreal Red Mountain Gold Fields Co.

Capital $1,000,000. Treasury Shares 300,000.

We are selling Treasury Shares at 10 cts. per share (par value $1—full paid and non assessable) until 30,000 shares are sold, second 50,000 shares will be 15 cts per share, third 50,000 shares will be 20 cts per share. The Coxey is a large claim of over 40 acres, adjoining the "Le Roi," and is a favorite property and the stock is selling fast.

War Eagle consolidated price is now $1.25 per share.

Anyone wishing to purchase stock in either of the above Co's. apply to

GORDON STRATHY & CO.,
Stock Brokers,
9 St. Sacrament Street.

World's Skaters Practising.

THE COLONY AT RACE TRACK GROWING EVERY DAY.

Saturday's Argyle Snowshoe Race.

MONTREAL FANCY SKATER WINS IN NEW YORK.

Canadian Hockey Players in Chicago---Canadians Win in the International Bonspiel at Portage Wisconsin---Ice Races at Port Perry and at Ottawa ---Miscellaneous Sports.

The colony of speed skaters who are here for the world's championship is growing larger daily. The men's training quarters are at the M.A.A.A. Club house in Westmount, and twice a day, or sometimes three times, the flyers are out on the big track practising. All the speeders are well built men, and it is an interesting sight to see them at work on the track. Every man in line, with easy stride they speed over the ice, and as every skater has a different colored dress on the line makes a pretty appearance.

Yesterday the colony was joined by William Letts and John Neilson, and in the afternoon both were out on the ice. Neilson is doing well and looks a lively skater. And he has won a number of Canadian championships during the last two seasons. The Canadians are inclined to back Neilson as a winner in the professional events.

Joe Donohue, however, is doing splendid work, in fact he is even skating better than when he captured all events when an amateur a few years ago.

Another speedy skater who will come right among the top notches is Harley Davidson. He is a small sized man, but is well built, lean limbed and without an ounce of superfluous flesh. He travels around the track nicely and no doubt Neilson and Donohue will find him a hard nut to crack.

Letts has only been out once and it is too early to judge him yet, but he appears a good skater and one who could do good work. Outsiders visitors told me yesterday that John S. Johnson will be here for the races. If Johnson does come down then there will be some exciting events in the professional races. It will be remembered that two seasons ago Johnson and Donohue competed here, both were amateurs then, in the Canadian championships, and Johnson succeeded in defeating Joe in all but the five mile race. Previous to that Donohue had been around the world and had captured everything in sight, so that when he was defeated here Johnson was regarded as a world beater.

Both men met again in the States after leaving here, but Johnson got the better of the Newbourg boy. Donohue has improved since he was here and is anxious to meet Johnson and settle the question of supremacy. In the meantime while the fact that some European "pros" will also be here must not be lost sight of; that at present it is impossible to say who the Europeans will be, but they will doubtless make an important factor in the races. The Europeans, both amateur and professional, are expected to arrive to-day in Montreal.

In the amateur ranks Jack McCulloch, of Winnipeg, is in splendid condition and ought to make things lively for everybody. Jack is a splendid specimen of manhood and attracts everybody's attention when out on the ice. He is well modelled and makes a fine figure. McCulloch is skating faster than when he was here last and as he is a strong steady skater, may be looked upon as one of the possibilities. He is about the best of the Canadian lot, unless, of course, some dark horse comes to the fore and it is to be hoped that he will be able to take the men from "across the pond" into camp. Palmer, an Englishman, and Seyler, of Munich, will be his principle opponents.

Both of these men are fast skaters, and the struggle will no doubt be an interesting one. While Jack McCulloch is spoken of as the best of the Canadians, it must be remembered, however, that "there are others." John Davidson, Harley's brother, is quite good enough to keep alongside of the best of the amateurs, and may be able to defeat any of them. It is almost impossible to judge these men from their work on the track, as very little competition work is indulged in, and even when it is the men always seem to have something up their sleeve. Then Merritt, the New Brunswick boy, must not be forgotten. He has a nice stride and keeps up with the other men on the track in good shape. Not must the Montreal men be passed over. Moore is doing good work, and really ought to make a good bid for a position. He is, I think, the best of the Montreal entries, but of course one cannot tell just at present how things will go. The other Montreal boys who are at work are Hotcombe and the Irwin brothers.

MICHAELSON, OF MONTREAL, MAY WIN THE FIGURE SKATING CHAMPIONSHIP.

New York, January 28.—The figure skating championships of the National Amateur Skating Association of the United States commenced last night at the Ice Rink, 66th street. Nine of the ten skaters entered appeared when the competition started at nine o'clock in a roped enclosure about 100 feet by 45. The out of town entries were: I. Michaelson, of Montreal; T. M. Vinson, of Boston, and John Doughty, of Paterson. Among the local entries was George G. Phillips, the ex-champion figure skater. Phillips' eligibility for the competition is open to doubt, as he is managing director of the rink, and it is alleged held a position as manager in another rink last season, but there was no protest lodged so far. Herbert Evans, of Boston, the present champion, did not appear to defend his title. Twenty figures were down for decision with an additional optional figure of specialties, embracing original movements. The scoring was done on the basis of the highest mark given being graded according to the number of competitors. Two men of equal merit are marked with the same number, and the one coming next below takes the number resulting from subtracting the number of competitors above him from the number entered. A total failure is marked zero.

Before one-third of the figures were skated it was seen that the result would, barring accidents, lie between the Montrealer, Michaelson, and Philip C. Keane, of the New York Athletic Club. Michaelson finished second to M. Rubenstein in the Canadian championship last year, and is favorite for this year's championship, which takes place next week. Keane competed last year for the first time. The list of the competitors showed very poor form, and may already be put down amongst the "also started."

UNITED STATES CHAMPIONSHIPS SETTLED.

New York, January 28.—The amateur speed skating championships of the United States were continued yesterday at Silver Lake, Staten Island. The ice was in good condition, and a big throng of skaters with the races. The quarter and five mile championships were decided. The final heats of the former were won by E. Reynolds, of Chicago, who defeated E. A. Thomas, of Newburg, by two feet after a close race. A. Y. Morgan, of New York, was third, by four yards. The five-mile race brought out eight starters. Thomas won by two yards from Cooney. A desperate race between Phillips and McClave ended in favor of the latter, who beat Phillips by a couple of inches and finished third 5 yards behind Cooney. This afternoon the ten-mile championship will be decided. Summary:

Quarter mile, championship of the United States—Won by E. Reynolds, Chicago; E. A. Thomas, Newburg N.Y.; 2, A. Y. Morgan, New York. 3. Time, 37 2-5 secs.

Five miles, championship of the United States—Won by E. A. Thomas, Newburg; Cooney, Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, 2; C. McClave, New York, 3. Time, 18 22-5.

One mile, scratch—Won by E. A. Thomas, Newburg; John Larch, Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, 2. Chas. McClave, Portchester, N. Y., 3. Time, 3.06

Two miles, handicap—Won by E. A. Thomas, Newburg, scratch; Chas. McClave, 80 yards, 2. Elmer Kent, Cornwall-on-the-Hudson (100 yards), 3. Time, 6.14.

COTE ST. PAUL CARNIVAL AND RACES.

A grand fancy dress carnival will take place at the Cote St. Paul Skating rink on Saturday evening.

Two races will also be held on Saturday evening, one for boys under 15, the other for boys under 12. The races are fixed to take place between half-past seven and eight o'clock.

A CARNIVAL AT LACHINE.

The first of this season's fancy dress carnivals on the Dominion Recreation Club's rink at Lachine was held recently, and in every respect was a most decided success. The weather, on which much depends on an open air rink, was favorable, the ice good, and a very large number of members and their friends turned out. Following will be found a list of the skaters and their costumes:

LADIES.

Miss Erimson, rainbow; L. Westlake, flower girl; Gertie Smith, flower girl; Edith Smith, queen of queens; Beatrice Horsfall, Egyptian peasant; Nellie Horsfall, buttercups; Edna Horsfall, pink of perfection; Florence Bennett, flower girl; Florence Jonson, Scotch lassie; Edith Anderson, Red Riding Hood; Mrs. Harry Shirt, Egyptian lady; Nora Shirt, black and white; Edith Hobbs, housemaid; Lily York, card girl. Maggie Enwright, baby; Minnie Enwright, Lee Yan Chung's wife; Mrs. Goucher, domino; Maggie McKenzie, somebody's darling; Annie Moore, evening star; Mrs. L. Andersen, dandy; Mrs. John T. Rathwell, queen of the morning; Mrs. A. B. Stalker, queen of the night; May Bedford, queen of Paradise; Carie Wigfield, pink of perfection; Kathleen Sennett, maid of Erin; Ada Gammon, hospital nurse; Ethel Gammon, fancy dress; Minerva Wigfield, witch; Mrs. William Bell, housemaid; Ida M. Ailo, Bobbie's darling; Kate Campbell, sailor girl; Mrs. J. Carr, crossing sweeper; Mrs. J. Knibbs, fancy dress; Mrs. W. Taylor, red cross nurse; Hattie Kulty, gypsy queen; E. Taylor, fairy queen; Mary McKenzie, Scotch plaid; Kitty Riley, vengeance; Nellie Riley, evening primrose; Ethel Allo, gypsy queen; Kate Campbell, H.M.S. Pinafore; Miss Nagle, summer girl; N. Johnson, sweet sixteen; A. Campbell, only sweet sixteen.

GENTLEMEN.

Bob Massie, King of hearts; H. M. Stocks, clown; E. Prew, nigger servant; Wm. Harris, not-in-it; Joseph Richard, jockey; D. Lamont, Uncle Tom; J. Carr, rags; Herbert McMillan, page; Arthur McMillan, Mother Hubbard; A. Williams, cow boy; Chas. Arbon, Susan Jane Louis Wigfield, gentleman of the time Henry H. Isidore Richard, girl; David Knight, cyclist; J. Horsfall, Prof. Do Everybody; W. Pompelli, jockey; E. P. McGee, snowshoer; J. Hislop, colored millionaire; Jos. Knight, boatman; H. Horsfall, cricketer; Ian Corcoran, nigger tramp; G. Parker, Russian Prince; O. Carruthers, huntsman; John Wilson, soldier; Jonnie Bell, mamma's baby; O. Reilly, mother's darling; F. E. Bennett, snowshoer; Angelo Difarzio, topsy; Harold Boyd, fifty years ago; Victor Ledford, clown; Wm. Bennett, Mexican; Jimmie A. Carey, hoodoo; Wm. Bell, Scotchman; E. A. Davis, negro cricketer; E. Davis, negro; Willie Clyndman, nigger boy; Alfred Gammon, sailor boy; Patrick Enwright, kitty in the garden; E. Bennett, jockey; Edward Fahy, baker; L. Bertrand, June jay; G. Yorke, boss waterman; J. Anderson, sweet 16; Fred. Johnson, scarlet runner; Jimmie Cook, Yorke, just tell them that you saw me; Peter J. Smith, Montreal Daily Star; Harry E. Stevens, Buffalo Bill; R. O'Neil, Turk; Chas. Moore, jr., Prince's costume; this Moore, Paddy Flint; J. Knibbs, nigger dude; Ernest Wigfield, snowflake; Oswald S. Jones, not in it; Clifford Jones, snowshoer; F. Johnson, ball player; W. Taylor, nigger dude; J. Hislop, nigger minstrel; G. H. Taylor, snowshoer; Willis Johnson, would-be sailor; Geo. Thompson, count; Jno Towers, Buffalo Bill; Andrew McKenzie, Prince Bill; William Bedford, lost child; A. Richard, girl; Nap. Laforce, teen-girl; I. Corcoran, night owl; P. Corcoran, one of eight; R. Johnson, 34th century.

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HOCKEY.

BUFFERS VS. DUFFERS.

Tonight is the night of all nights when hokey enthusiasts should turn out in force and give a hearty welcome to the celebrated Buffer and Duffer contingent of the M.A.A.A. when for sweet charity's sake they will play the Victoria Rink. Senator McKay was seen last night and reports his team as all being in the best of trim. Capt. Gardner denies the report that he has been resting in La hine, and states he has just re-arrived from Ottawa where he things quite with the men in Lachine. The points of the teams to present arranged as follows:—Buffers—Hough, Waldron, Carr, Gosselin, Stewart, Jaffray and Senator McKay (Capt.) Duffer Stars—Gardner, Brown, Robertson, Hammer, Drummond, McLeod and Jim Gardner (capt.) Referee, Ed. Sheppard and I. Rubenstein. With an aggregation like the above a rattling game is promised and the man will carry the scratches. The outside arrangements are also all completed. Coroner McMahon will begin to hold the inquests immediately on the conclusion of the match and is looking for a busy time. An undertaker, with a full corps of assistants will be on hand to look after the dudes. Special cars have been made with the royal Victoria ambulance corps to look after the wounded. Chief Hughes has promised a sufficient quad of police to protect the players from the audience and no riots are to be allowed to take place. Chief Benoit and his fire brigade will be also on hand in case the game gets too warm. Sergeant Major Ferguson of Egypt will play The Dead March in Saul and several other pleasant tunes to make things lively. It is to be hoped that the Governor-General, who is at present in the city, will grace the rink with his presence, for it's all for sweet charity and the game starts at 8.30 Victoria Rink. The match of the season.

M.A.A.A. VS. OTTAWA.

What should be one of the most exciting matches of the season will be played on Saturday next, when Ottawa will meet Montreal on the Victoria rink Much depends on the result of this game.

At present Ottawa and Victoria are leading in the series, each with two wins and no losses. Montreal is third with three wins and one lose, and Shamrock and Quebec have each lost three and won none. The good game put up by the M.A.A.A. boys on Saturday last in Quebec, when they won by four games to two, has given the team great confidence, and they expect to jump into second place on Saturday night.

The Ottawa men think they have struck a winning gait this year, and with Chittick, Pulford and Weldy Young for a defence, and Westwick, Smith and the two juniors on the forward line, they are a combination that will be hard to beat.

DRUG MEN ON ICE.

A well contested game took place between the Retail Druggists and Kerry, Watson & Co., when the time was up it was found that the wholesale team had won the match. Score: 2 to 1.

The following were the teams:

K. W. & Co.		Retailers.
Fludiar	Goal	Goulden
Biasall	Point	Bates
Mctarity	Cover Point	Quirk
Leithhead [Capt.]	Centre	Frankum
Porter	Forward	[Capt.] Woolley
Spearman	"	Dowler
McIntosh	"	Roach

Mr. Ross acted as referee.

THE CANADIAN-CHICAGO TEAM WIN A MATCH.

(Special to the Star.)

Chicago, Ills., January 29.—With the cold wind blowing about forty miles an hour, and a blinding snow-storm, fourteen hardy men played at hockey on Saturday at the corner of Prairie avenue and Thirty-ninth street. It was the first hockey match of the season, and has been looked forward to with longing by those who consider this the first of the winter sports. The Canadians who are now residing in Chicago, are pushing forward the favorite Canadian sport.

The crowd that gathered to witness the match, was the largest that ever witnessed a hockey match here.

The match was played in an open rink, and the ice was in splendid condition.

The Prairie Avenue Club started on the ice first; the men are heavier than the Chicago Club, and all expert footballers except George Chaffee, late of Montreal, who has taken up his residence here for the winter, played a powerful game.

The Chicago Hockey Club are composed of all Canadian men, two well-known Montreal boys amongst them, Wonham and Fenwick, are well-known hockey players, and played a grand game for the club. Chaffee will in the future appear on this team.

Great credit is due to Capt. Wonham, as it was he who started hockey in this city, and the clubs are about to form a league.

The game was started a little after four o'clock. The Prairie Avenue started off with a rush, and the puck was sent from one end of the rink to the other, and after fifteen minutes hard playing Wily scored the first game.

The puck was again started, the Chicago team was making things rustle for the opponents, and they came near scoring, when Cudahy passed to Chaffee who skated down and scored the second game for Prairie Avenue in seven minutes.

Now the score stood 2 to 0 in favor of the Prairie Avenue, and the Canadian team began to realize matters, the puck was faced for the third game, and Wonham secured it and passed to McHrine, who scored 1st game for Chicago Club in five minutes. The fourth game started and Wonham by a fine piece of team play with Edwards, again scored in three minutes. Now the play was getting very fast, and by fine play on the part of Fenwick he again scored, and the whistle blew for the first half, the score standing three to two in favor of Chicago Club.

After half time the team lined up, and by this time the ice was fairly covered with snow, and the crowd was getting very cold standing around in the open air. The Prairie Avenue Hockey Club started in and rough play was getting quite freely on both sides, the game was on in play when an accident happened to Fenwick and play was stopped for a few minutes. After play had resumed Wonham again scored from a pass from Weeds and game was started and time was nearly up when Edwards scored from a pass from McBrine. The whistle just blew when the 8th game was started. The score stood 5 to 2 in favor of the Chicago Club. Mr. Black of Toronto, refereed the match, and the umpires were Chase and Wrenn, of this city. The players lined up as follows:

Chicago.		Prairie Avenue.
Rook	Goal	Smith
Donnelly	Point	Cudahy
Fenwick	Cover Point	Chaffee
Wonham (Capt.)	Forwards	(Capt.) Hoagland
Edwards	do.	Wiley
Weed	do.	Morgan
McBrine	do.	Wright

Eddie O'Brien, who played last year for Chicago team, was greatly missed, and also Dr. Hubert Parkyn who has given up hockey this season.

BROCKVILLE TRADE HOCKEY LEAGUE.

(Special to the Star.)

Brockville, January 28.—The movement set on foot to organiza a trade hockey league was successfully carried out last evening. The league was organized under the name of the Brockville Trade Hockey League with the following officers: Hon. president, Geo. P. Graham; hon. vice-president, W. J. Fleming; president, W. J. Manahan; vice-president, John McCaw; secretary, A. Lowdall; treasurer, W. Nicolson; executive committee, L. Fournier, chairman, Fred. Rowe, Geo. Robertson, G. Willis, G. Howison.

ORANGEVILLE LADIES TO PLAY THE GAME.

Orangeville, Ont., January 28.—The young ladies of Orangeville have organized a hockey club with the following officers: Hon. president, Mrs. John McLaren; president, Miss T. T. Paul; first vice-president, Mrs. Ketchum-Clark; second vice-president, Mrs. J. E. Dodds; captains, Miss Nellie Williamson, Mc. Kay; secretary-treasurer, Miss Edith Green; committee, Moser, Irvine, Mann, Kidd and Hughson.

VICTORIA AND MONTREAL INTERMEDIATES.

These two teams meet on Friday night for the final game in the first round in this class, and this game will decide whether Shamrock or Victoria will go into the second round or stay out in the cold.

HOCKEY NOTES.

The Silver Star Hockey Club defeated the Westmounts by a score of 3 to 2 after a hard struggle.

A practice match was played in the Crystal Rink between the Royal Electric and Gault Bros. hockey teams, resulting in a score of 3 to 1 in favor of the Royal Electric team.

St George's Hockey Club played their first match last night at the White Star Rink against the employees of H. H. Wolfe & Co. and defeated them by a score of 3 to 2 after an exciting game. In the first half the score stood two to nothing in favor of the wholesale house. The second half, the St. Georges started in with a rush and had the best of the play; they succeeded in scoring three games. St. Georges' forwards played well, Willis, Lamb and Brown doing good work, and Plant in goals stopped shot after shot. For H. H. Wolfe & Co. Barlow and Irwin played most of the game. The teams were:

St. Georges—C. Plant, R. Willis, F. Hughes, Larph, captain; E. Crossley, W. Brown, D. Campbell.

H. H. Wolfe & Co.—Wakley, Danford, Irwin, Barlow, captain, Ticky, Nash, McClagan.

Referee—H. Kirklin. Umpires—A. McBerney and C. Lifts Tough.

The second match in the Manufacturers' League was played on the East End rink before a large audience. Both teams put up a splendid game. At half time the score stood one to nothing, but at the end of the second half, when time was called, the score stood 1 to 1. It was agreed upon by both teams to play until the first game was scored. Robinson doing the trick for Tooke Bros. At Brockville last night the St. Lawrence team of Brockville defeated the Ottawa Capitals by 4 goals to 1.

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SNOWSHOEING.

MONTREAL CLUB'S STEEPLECHASE.

The Montreal Snowshoe Club held their annual club handicap steeplechase last night, and about thirty members joined in the tramp over the mountain, among them being such old veterans as J. A. Taylor, N. G. Grace, John Smyth, T. L. Paton, H. W. Wadsworth, J. W. Fulton, W. C. Finley, Harry Young and a number of others. A pleasant evening was spent with songs and snowshoers' dances. The steeplechase resulted as follows:

		Handicap
1st.	Geo. Fulton	30 seconds
2nd.	J. R. Brodie	1 minute
3rd.	F. H. Gouldon	2 minutes
4th	J. H. Thomlinson, W. T. L. Sadler	Scratch
5th		2 minute

There were some 35 trampers in all, and after the races all adjourned to the Club House, where the prizes were distributed by President Fulton and ex-Presidents T. L. Paton and N. G. Grace.

SATURDAY'S ARGYLE STEEPLECHASE.

Large numbers of people ought to go out to Lachine on Saturday. The Argyle cross-country race which for years has been a feature will be even more so this winter as it is going to be the only day race, of any importance to the snowshoers. And it is going to be of more importance than usual. The men who are entered and who have promised to enter, make it look as if it was going to be the best contested race of the kind ever run in Montreal. Gowan, of Quebec, who is so well known here is bound to be to the front, and "Dick" Grant has signified his intention to come all the way from the States and to show the boys here what Yankee training can do.

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ATHLETICS.

CONNEFF'S SPLEEN.

New York, January 23.—If the present day were B. C. a goodly number of years, and Tommy Conneff, its crestfallen American cross-country runner, a Roman sprinter, it is quite probable that heroic measures would be taken to restore him to former physical endurance. Tummy might regain his recently lost laurels in contests abroad, should he consent to turn Roman long enough to take the risk of undergoing the treatment.

There is a surgical operation which was commonly performed on the athletes of the ancient empire, and with some success. Latter-day strong men have also profited by it. Up-to-date professional opinion, however, is greatly at variance as to its virtues in modern civilization.

The operation is now only practised in cases of extreme necessity. It is looked upon as daring and even reckless surgery by many of the eminent authorities. Some distinguished surgeons argue that deterioration of man's physical strength since the days of Herculean predominance has made him unequal to it. Others are of the opinion that the operation as performed by the Romans is a lost art, and still others ridicule both the latter views and believe in its practice now as well as in ancient times.

The operation consists of the bodily removal of the spleen, a spongy, oval-shaped organ lying in the left side of the abdomen, of which the exact mission in the human mechanism is not agreed upon or clearly defined by anatomists. Theodore Bilroth, the late famous surgical operator, of Vienna, believed life could not suffer materially by its loss, and was not averse to practising the operations under certain conditions.

Up to a recent period the spleen has been considered as an accessory to the organs of digestion, while later authorities assume that it takes part in the elaboration of the blood to an extent that may or may not be necessary to life.

Recent experiments on animals by Prof. Goltz, the eminent scientist of the Strasburg University, have not produced the desired knowledge. The Professor hopes to be able to demonstrate beyond all scientific doubt a positive function for the spleen.

Dogs of the mastiff breed, calves and sheep were employed in these experiments.

Though without much practical value, the research is highly interesting, and especially in its connection with athletes. The principal effect shown by the spleenless animals was an inordinate craving for food. There seemed to be no satisfying the appetites. One of the calves which Prof. Goltz allowed to eat much more than the usual consumption of such an animal died as the result. But not even this calf was permitted to eat all it desired. The scientist also observed a change in the characters of the beasts. They seemed to be more easy and placid in their manner and movements. Prof. Goltz poked his cane at the canines. The tantalization failed to excite their ire as such an act would provoke normal dogs.

Dr. Whitman V. White, of 1965 Madison avenue, a physician of long experience, advances an interesting opinion on the subject. "The spleen," said Dr. White, "is just enough importance as a factor in the preparation and circulation of the blood, in my opinion, to slowly weaken its substance and action."

"Do you believe it a fact, then that the ancient Romans practiced the treatment of the organ's complete excision on their athletes?" questioned the writer.

"I see no reason why I should doubt the mention medical history makes of its use in those early times. I believe, however, that the circumstances of its application were very different.

"The ancient Roman athletes were slaves. They were considered about as thoughbred race horses to-day. We are informed that all Romans were inclined to physical culture, but it is certain that none of the freeborn exhibited their athletic accomplishments in public. Their slaves were trained for that purpose, and they entered them in contests, and traited them generally as we do our blood equines.

"It is, therefore, my conclusion that the operation now known to surgery as splenectomy was practiced then, as the disreputable 'nerving' operation is performed on race horses to-day.

"The Roman athlete owners certainly had the right to use their blooded property as they liked. If one of those entered to contest for an important prize purse was taken ill and it was known that nothing else but the removal of his spleen would restore him, the owner needed only to order he act performed, even though he knew his athlete's system would be totally wrecked in due season after serving in the required match.

"Accordingly it is my belief that the operation should be looked upon with just as much contempt by modern surgeons as the criminal—I term it such — practice of 'nerving' race horses.

"Both acts are equal or parallel crimes against nature, which destroy life for a passing triumph."

Yet the operation is still practised?"

"Oh, yes; I know of three cases performed during the last three years. The first was a man named Stewart, who as treated at the Polyclinic Hospital. He died from the shock of the operation before any other re ults could be seen. The second was a young man named Short, operated on by Dr. McCosh at the Presbyterian Hospital about two years ago. He survived the knife, and afterwards came very near to breaking Conneff's cross-country running record.

"The third case I have in mind was reported about a year ago. The subject was an English athlete, who came to this country. Shortly after his arrival he was taken with splenic trouble, and was operated on by one of the attending surgeons at the Charity Hospital. He survived the operation. I have never heard what became of him."

Since Conneff has fallen heir to the same splenic symptoms there has been some tommy in athletic circles as to whether Tommy might not benefit by the operation. There seems to be a wide difference of opinion among the sports.

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BASEBALL.

THE CANADIAN BASEBALL LEAGUE

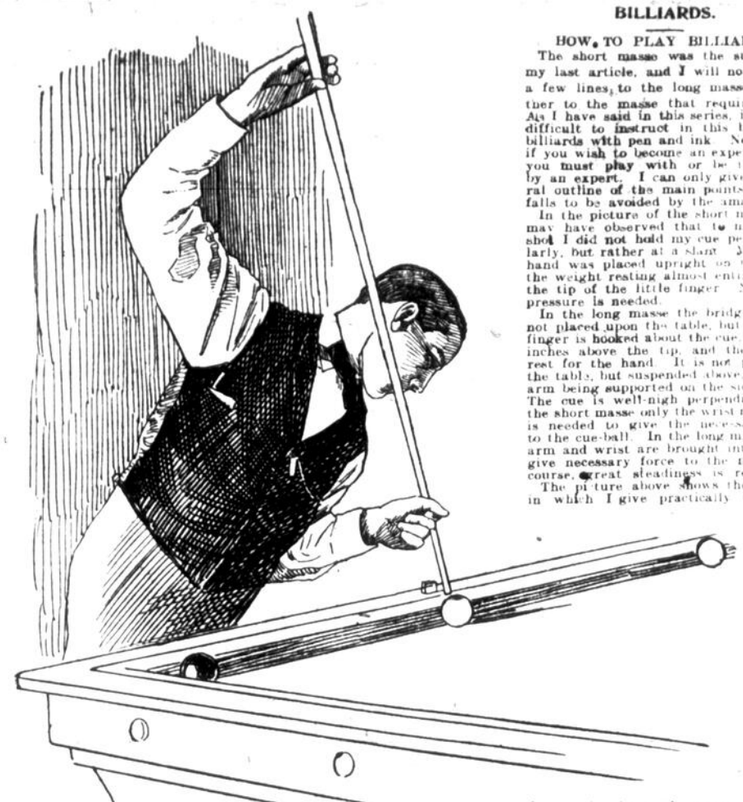
St. Thomas, Ont., January 28.—The representatives of the Canadian baseball clubs met at the Grand Central Hotel yesterday afternoon for the purpose of arranging for the organization of a new circuit and to decide upon the important question of protection under the national agreement, salary limit, etc. Hamilton is represented by W. Stroud and H. E. Moore and St. Thomas by J. Rivard, D. Hauley and T. E. Scott. Delegates are also expected from Brantford and London. The secretary, Cal. Davis, of Hamilton, has not arrived. He wired from Waterford that he was stuck in a snow drift near that hamlet.

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FOOTBALL.

M'GILL'S SMOKING CONCERT.

To-morrow evening a smoking concert will be held in the Victoria Rifles Armory by the McGill Rugby Association. There should be a large attendance as a good programme has been arranged and an enjoyable time in store for everyone.



HOW TO PLAY BILLIARDS—THE LONG MASSE, AS WRITTEN FOR THE N.Y. WORLD BY FRANK C. IVES, CHAMPION BILLIARD PLAYER.

TURF.

A MATINEE AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, January 28. — The Ottawa Trotting Club put on another matinee yesterday afternoon, which eclipsed all the previous ice racing of the season. There were 2,000 people on the track, and some of the best horses here for the February meeting were out in the free-for-all class. The track record was cut down to 2.34, but in none of the heats did the fast ones seem to go their limits. The summaries follow:

Named race, purse $100.

Morgan's John, W.	7	1	2	1 1
E. Richardson's Saginaw, (Mich., Perino	1	2	1	2 2
J. Peacock's Duke of Arkland	2	3	4	3 4
W. Cunningham's Rob Roy	3	6	7	6 3

Other starters, Blackheath, Ala, Little Jack, Tony Pastor, Merlin, and George. Best time 2.43.

Free for all purse, $100.

J. Burke's Thorndale	1	1	1
Dr. Preston's Nellie Sharper	2	2	5
E. O'Neil's Little Cliff	3	3	3
G. McPherson's Alice G.	5	4	2
R. Rooney's Jimmy Mac	4	5	4

Time—2.34, 2.34½, 2.34.

PORT PERRY'S ICE RACES.

Port Perry, Ont., January 28. — The first day's ice races of the 29th annual meeting of the Port Perry Trotting Association were held on Lake Scugog yesterday. The day was all that could be desired, the ice in splendid shape and the sport good. The attendance was large. Following is the summary:

2.36 trot, Henderson, H. S. Cott, Caledonia 1 1 1. Munshaw, H. Woodruff, Whitby, 3 2 2. Little Hector, J. Aldous, Fenelon Falls, 2 4 3. Also started Lulu B., O. Mowat, Birdie C, Sandy B. Time, 2.25½, 2.28, 2.26.

Green Race, Jessie Staunton, J. Angle, Raglan 1 2 1 1
Scugog Maid, J. McMillan, Port Perry 2 1 3 2
Prince Wilkes, G. McMillan, Port Perry 3 3 2 3
Johnny Mac, J. McMullen, Port Perry 4 4 4 4
Duke, Green, Fenelon Falls 5 5 5 5
Time, 2.30; 2.49; 2.45; 2.43 1-2.

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CURLING.

CANADIANS WON AT PORTAGE, WIS., BONSPIEL.

Portage, Wis., January 28.—The international bonspiel came to an end yesterday. The winners of first prizes in the principal events are as follows:

Pfister Trophy—Won by McDiarmid, of Winnipeg, Man.

St. Paul Jobbers' Union Trophy—Won by Robertson, of Aberdeen. In this event McDiarmid secured fourth.

Duluth Jobbers' Union Trophy—Won by McConochie, of Cambrica; McLeod, of Duluth, second.

The Walker International Trophy, four gold medals, goes to McDiarmid, of the Granite Club, Winnipeg, Man. He beat Cameron, of Rat Portage, eleven to one in the final game.

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WHEEL.

M. B. C. EUCHRE COMPETITION.

The members of the Montreal Bicycle Club passed another pleasant evening at their weekly euchre competition, with the result that Mr. H. G. Weeks won the silver spoon, and the tin one going to the Club "mascot," Mr. W. S. Mitchell.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

New York, January 28. — Robert Fitzsimmons will this week begin active training for his bout with J. J. Corbett on March 17. Up to date the champion has done nothing heavier than the playing of an occasional game of pool at the Bartholdi, but from now until he starts for the battle ground he will take a daily run from his hotel up and around Central Park and back, followed by a sponge bath and rub down. On February 17 he will be notified by "Dan" Stuart of the location of the battle-ground, and will go at once to the spot and complete his training. While the knuckles which he injured on Sharkey's head are nearly well, yet Fitzsimmons is very careful of them, and will not use them in bag punching till the last few weeks. Fitzsimmons never looked more rugged than he does at the present time. He has little to say about the outcome of the bout, but to all suggestions that Corbett's great cleverness and strength will prevail, the champion simply shows his white and solid-looking teeth in a significant smile.

Although Corbett will no doubt be the favorite, there are a great many good judges in this vicinity who pick Fitzsimmons to win. A strong admirer of Corbett announced his belief that the former champion was much more clever than Fitzsimmons, and would win on that account, whereupon a supporter of "Lanky Bob" queried:—"Will you kindly tell me when, where and how Corbett has proven that he is more scientific and clever than Fitzsimmons?"

The Corbett man thought it was proven by Corbett's style in the ring.

"Style in the ring cuts no figure," said the adherent of Fitzsimmons. "Corbett, except in the case of 146 pound Charlie Mitchell, has whipped his opponents by cautious, long-distance sparring. the Californian relying on his superior physical condition to tire out his antagonist. This was especially true of his contest with Sullivan. No one denies that shows good head work and cleverness on the part of Corbett. Fitzsimmons has gone into the ring with clever boxers like Hall, Choynski, Creedon and Maher, and by the most scientific work has laid them low in from one to five rounds. Now I claim that a boxer who disposes of very clever men in such short order is entitled to more credit than the boxer who takes from 21 to 27 rounds in which to dispose of men of the same calibre. And again, I think it will be next to denie that the men whom Fitzsimmons has vanquished would not be apt to be settled in a few rounds by a man who knows nothing except how to hit. Fitzsimmons is not only a terrific hitter with both hands, but also a strategist, and will be discovered on St. Patrick's Day."

The Corbett man was not convinced, but he seemed to have received some information on which to reflect.

The Greater New York A. C., formerly the South Side A. C., through its counsel applied to Judge Gaynor in the Supreme Court for an order to compel Mayor Wurster, of Brooklyn, to show cause why he should not re-issue a license to the club. The hearing was adjourned. The club has arranged a bout for February 1 between Steve O'Donnell and Jim Hall, and for this reason wants a license. Mayor Wurster revoked the license he originally issued to the club on the representation that the O'Donnell-Maher bout was a violation of the Horton law.

* * *

GOSSIP.

A special from West Chester, Pa., says: A pack of rabid dogs, which snapped at everything within reach and threatened death to the man who entered the pens, was the sight that confronted the members of the Stafford Hunt, Chester county, when they visited the kennels on Monday. There were 25 hounds in the kennels, and nearly all were victims of hydrophobia. The hounds were the property of the members of the Hunt, nearly all of whom are prominent society men of Philadelphia and other places, and every day during the season, enjoy a chase over the hills and valleys of that section of this county. The members armed themselves with shotguns, and, standing outside of the kennels, commenced firing upon the animals within. The fusilade was kept up until every one of the animals was dead. The majority of them were English hounds of the finest breed, and the financial loss is heavy.

The third round of the checker tournament of the Triangle Club was played on Tuesday night. The leading scores now are:

1st class—McCallum, 15; Valin, 13 1-2.
2nd class—Hadden, 12 1-2; Nettleton, 12.
3rd class—Magor, 16.

The fourth round will be played on Thursday, the 28th inst.

The New York Yacht Club, at a special meeting last evening, turned down, by an unanimous vote, the suggestion that the club should take steps to form a yacht racing union. The committee, which was appointed in December to consider with other clubs a union of Atlantic Coast, Gulf, Lake and Pacific yacht clubs, reported adversely on the idea and the report was adopted.

In the chess match between Cercle St. Denis and Heather Chess Clubs, Mr. Breeze won his adjourned game against Mr. Fuller, making the score: St. Denis 3 1-2, Heather, 4 1-2.

BILLIARDS.

HOW TO PLAY BILLIARDS.

The short masse was the subject of my last article, and I will now devote a few lines to the long masse, or rather to the masse that requires force. As I have said in this series, it is most difficult to instruct in this branch of billiards with pen and ink. Necessarily if you wish to become an expert player you must play with or be instructed by an expert. I can only give a general outline of the main points and pitfalls to be avoided by the amateur.

In the picture of the short masse you may have observed that to make the shot I did not hold my cue perpendicularly, but rather at a slant. My bridge hand was placed upright on the table, the weight resting almost entirely upon the tip of the little finger. Not much pressure is needed.

In the long masse the bridge hand is not placed upon the table, but the forefinger is hooked about the cue. Say, nine inches above the tip, and there is no rest for the hand. It is not placed on the table, but suspended above, the forearm being supported on the side or hip. The cue is well-nigh perpendicular. In the short masse only the wrist movement is needed to give the necessary twist to the cue-ball. In the long masse forearm and wrist are brought into play to give necessary force to the masse. Of course, great steadiness is required.

The picture above shows the position in which I give practically unlimited force and twist to the masse. A sharp stroke on the top surface of the ball and the "English" imparted is terrific. In the short shot pictured above the cue ball is to go to the first object ball, returning immediately on contact to the second object-ball. It is not so difficult as it seems, being one of the "sky-rocket" shots that set spectators wild without much reason. You see, the balls are close to the cushion, and when the masse is made with great force the cue-ball goes along the cushion like a streak. It is aimed to go straight to the first object-ball, but even if it strikes the cushion it is not diverted. It just hugs the cushion and keeps on its destination.

After the cue-ball strikes the object-ball it loses its impelling force and the reverse "English" gets in its work. The cue-ball travels back quickly to the second object-ball. Even though it may strike the cushion it hugs it until the second object-ball is reached. Meantime, the first object-ball is returning along the cushion for position. It is the cushion that makes this shot a possibility. If an expert were to place the balls in the same position in the centre of the table he might try all day to make the masse without success.

STEAMSHIPS.



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Steamers.	From Portland.	From Halifax
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Cabin Passage $32.50 and $60; Second Cabin $24; Steerage, Liverpool, Glasgow, Londos or Londonderry, $24.50. Paris, $30

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SCOTSMAN	" 18th, "	" 20th, "

Rates of passage, Portland or Halifax, to Londonderry: First Cabin, $50 50 to $70; Second Cabin, $34 00 and $36 25. Steerage to Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, $24.50 and $25.50

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Last Night's Charity Ball.

A Brilliant Company Attended the Function.

EARL AND COUNTESS OF ABERDEEN PRESENT.

Description of the Ladies' Gowns —List of the Guests.

The much talked of, much looked forward to, charity ball has come and passed, and never was there a more successful or more delightful public dance given in Montreal. From start to finish everything went smoothly, and the members of the committees are to be sincerely congratulated.

The kind offer of the use of the Armory and the generosity of the public has made the impossible possible. The Maternity Hospital will reap very material benefits from the proceeds, and the guests at the ball were also considered in every way. No expense was spared, no time nor trouble.

The Armory was transformed. Entering the hall one was struck by the cosy, brilliant interior. Warm crimson felt, carpeted the floors and staircases; over every window was hung a crimson curtain and the gay and decorative flag was seen in cheerful profusion. The whole building was at the disposal of the guests, who roamed at will in every part.

The dressing rooms were on the ground floor and the six company rooms were used—well used—for sitting out purposes.

Lining the principal stair way were rifles with fixed bayonets, and this was the only touch of the "military" in the decoration. In the foyer and refreshment room heavy rugs had been hung which completely covered the bare walls. The entrance to the hall room was draped with crimson hunting held in place by a trophy of flags of all nations. The stage took the place of the gallery and made a charming breaking place.

This also was hung with curtains and rugs; easy chairs were conveniently arranged, whilst the occupants were almost hidden by the tall palms and ferns. Directly opposite the stage was the dais, where the hostess received, and which was occupied later on by the Vice-Regal party. The curtains and background were of crimson velvet with gold bullion, and these fell from a huge golden coronet, which was surmounted again by the coat of arms. The Victoria Rifles orchestra occupied a stand in one corner of the room and here more flags and palms were effective.

The lighting of the hall deserves special mention. A whole new arrangement of incandescent light was put in for the occasion and the rosy upon row of small soft lights were a great improvement to the old arc system.

Supper was served in the basement. The billiard room and bowling alley made delightful temporary dining halls. Pillars and walls were draped with red and blue and quantities of evergreen. The supper was very good, no crowding was perceptible, the menu was everything it ought to have been, and the attendance all that could be desired. Upstairs in the veteran's room supper was laid for Their Excellencies and the members of the committee. The table decorations were white lace centres, silver vases of jonquils and yellow shaded candles in silver candelabra.

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THE ARRIVAL OF THE GUESTS.

The guests began to arrive before nine o'clock, and for half an hour a steadily increasing stream of people passed up the stairs until the hall was crowded to a degree. However, as soon as dancing was commenced, half past nine, the room became comfortably empty. Several extras were gone through before the playing of the National Anthem announced the arrival of Their Excellencies, who were received by Mrs. W. R. Miller, second directress, Mrs. Wigmore, third directress, and Dr. Craik. Their Excellencies were accompanied by Captain Warburton, A.D.C.; Lieut. Neve, Royal Berkshire Regiment, Halifax; Acting A.D.C.; Lieut.-Colonel Strathy, A. D. C.; Lieut.-Colonel Prevost, A. D. C.; Mrs. Strathy and Mrs. Prevost.

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THE QUADRILLE OF HONOR.

The quadrille of honor was then danced by the Vice-Regal party and the members of the committee. His Excellency dancing with Mrs. Miller, and Her Excellency with Colonel Whitehead.

The following is the programme of dances:

PROGRAMME.

1.	Lancers	Little Christopher
2.	Valse	Bohe Adoree
3.	Two-Step	El Capitan
4.	Valse	Hiroshima
5.	Lancers	Chimrimus
6.	Valse	La Serenata
7.	Polka	Coral Cocoa
8.	Valse	Les Patineurs
9.	Two-Step	King Cotton
10.	Valse	North Star
11.	Militaire	What Cheer
Supper	1. Valse	Artigon
	2. Polka	Subscription
	3. Valse	Espana
12.	Valse	Espanita
13.	Two-Step	Directorate
14.	Valse	Lustige Kinder
15.	Lancers	Variety Girl
16.	Militaire	Whistling Coon
17.	Valse	Wang

The orchestra was that of the Victoria Rifles, and its music was excellent.

At midnight supper was announced, and the procession formed by His Excellency with Mrs. Miller; Her Excellency with Dr Craik, Lieut.-Col. Strathy and Mrs. Prevost; Colonel Whitehead and Mrs. Strathy, Principal Peterson and Mrs. Wigmore, M. Kleczkowski, French Consul-General, and Mrs. May, the Rev. J. Edgar Hill and Mrs. Fayette Brown, and Mr. Angus Hooper and Mrs. C. G. Hope.

* * *

THE LADIES' GOWNS.

Many very handsome gowns were worn. The following were amongst the most noticeable:

Her Excellency wore a beautiful gown of rose pink satin, made with a court train. The corsage had exquisite white Irish point lace and bands of silver embroidery. She wore a pearl necklace with diamond pendant, diamond and pearl ornaments, diamond tiara and pink roses in her hair, and she carried two bouquets, one of white roses and hyacinths, and the huge bunch of pink roses presented by the ladies of the committee.

Mrs. W. R. Miller wore pale green satin with a bodice of green sequined satin, garniture of English point; diamond ornaments, bouquet of pink roses.

Mrs. Wigmore, black moire antique, corsage of jewelled gold embroidery, turquoise blue velvet and old Maltese lace, bouquet of violets.

Mrs. Strathy wore white brocade and white lace, bouquet of pink carnations.

Mrs. Prevost, white satin patterned with pink roses, white lace, bouquet of pink roses.

Mrs. R. MacDonnell, gray satin and white chiffon, amethyst ornaments, bouquet of pink carnations.

Mrs. Frank May, black brocaded moire, with handsome jet and steel ornaments, knots of parrot velvet, bouquet of pink roses and violets.

Mrs. George Drummond, green and gold and white brocaded satin, Brussels lace, diamond ornaments, bouquet of pink roses.

Mrs. Shaughnessy, blue satin gown, bodice of blue chiffon trimmed with violets, ornaments diamonds, bouquet of violets.

Mrs. Fayette Brown, pale rose pink satin gown, wide Brussels point lace, bouquet of American beauty roses.

Mrs. George Hooper, pale yellow satin, heliotrope satin and tulle, sequined trimming, ornaments diamonds, bouquet of violets.

Mrs. C. G. Hope, amber colored satin, belt and knots of violet velvet, diamond amethyst necklace, diamond ornaments, violets.

Mme. Forget, black satin and jet, diamond ornaments.

Miss Forget, white satin and white tulle.

Mrs. Gillespie, black brocade, white lace, ornaments diamonds.

Miss Gillespie, green satin, bodice of white lace, green satin and pink velvet.

Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, black satin and jet, white Honiton lace.

Miss Wolferstan Thomas, pale green silk flowered with blue, white chiffon.

Miss Amy Kingston, white satin, belt and knots of violet velvet, violets.

Miss Evelyn Campbell, striped white silk, white chiffon and pink velvet.

Miss Eugenie Duhamel, white satin, white tulle, yellow belt and ribbons, violets.

Mrs. Baumgarten, beautiful gown of emerald green muroni velvet with black chiffon and white lace, ornaments diamonds.

Miss Watt, rose pink satin skirt, bodice of pink and white silk, pink roses and white Irish point; ornaments, pearls.

Miss Frankie Watt, cream satin, cream and pink chine paste buttons.

Mrs. R. Reford, blue satin, white lace, jewelled passementerie.

Mrs. Walter Barwick, Toronto, white satin with bands of silver sequin, very fine white Irish lace, corsage, bouquet of violets.

Mr. McKinnon, black velvet with sleeves and bertha of white chiffon; ornaments, diamonds.

Mrs. George Washington Stephens, black satin, with steel embroidery, black chiffon, ornaments, diamonds, crimson roses.

Mrs. Stanway, yellow brocaded satin, yellow velvet and white lace, ornaments, diamonds.

Miss Herchmer, pale green brocade, green chiffon and white lace.

Mrs. Hunt, heliotrope velours, sleeves and folds of heliotrope mousseline de soie, ornaments, diamonds.

Miss Paton, Sherbrooke, pink brocade, pink and white chiffon.

Miss Mary Yates, white satin and chiffon, bouquet of pink roses.

Miss Rosenbaum, New York; black satin with buttercups.

Mrs. E. A. Whitehead, yellow brocade.

Miss Eva Scotte, white satin, pink roses.

Miss Girdwood, black satin and crimson velvet, gold embroidery.

Miss Mary Whitlaw, green satin and white chiffon, gold sequins.

Mrs. Lansing Lewis, white brocade.

Miss Bate, Ottawa, white satin, yellow flowers and rich gold ornaments.

Mrs. Norman Forbes, yellow velours, yellow and white chiffon.

Miss Elsie Scott, pale green and pink brocade, green velvet and white chiffon.

Miss Ethel Bond, old gold brocade, violet colored chiffon.

Mrs. J. C. Almon, white brocade.

Mrs. Brooke Claxton, ivory white satin.

Miss Beatrice Taylor, white silk and white chiffon.

Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, ivory white silk flowered with pink roses, bodice of mirror velvet, pink chiffon and ecru lace, ornaments diamonds.

Miss Muriel Greenshields, white satin and white chiffon.

Mrs. A. J. Ferguson, heavy white brocade, shoulder knots of violets and pink roses, ornaments amethyst and diamond.

Mrs. H. L. Rutherford, white brocaded satin, white Brussels lace.

Miss Amy Judah, white brocade and white chiffon.

Miss Miriam Judah, yellow silk.

Miss Sadie Judah, white satin, white chiffon.

Miss Ethel Arnton, green satin, gold sequin embroidery, yellow sash, ornaments diamonds.

Miss Cook, black satin, black chiffon, colored roses.

Miss Routh, pale yellow silk and yellow tulle.

Miss Evelyn Marler, pale pink mousseline de soie over pink silk, belt of green velvet.

Miss Bell Oswald, pale green silk and white lace.

Miss Armande Shorey, yellow satin and yellow chiffon.

Mrs. Thomas Tait, green satin, flounces of white chiffon, caught with crimson poppies.

Mrs. Harold Hampson, white satin, over dress of white tulle, pink chine ribbons.

Miss Redpath, green brocade and white chiffon.

Miss Redpath, pink silk and pink chiffon.

Miss Naomi Molson, white satin and white chiffon.

Miss Rachel Dawes, white satin, crimson flowers.

Miss MacCallum, Denmark pink gown, bodice of flowered chiffon.

Miss Victoria MacCallum, blue silk slip, white muslin over-dress.

Mrs. Hooper, pink brocade and pink chiffon.

Miss Ella Nelson, white satin, white point d'esprit and sans gene velvet.

Miss Amy Cassils, blue silk, white chiffon and pink roses.

Miss Grace Robertson, black brocade, bodice of pink velvet, white lace.

Mrs. Robert Mackay, heliotrope satin and black lace; ornaments, diamonds.

Miss Mackay, white satin, and white sequinned tulle.

Miss Estelle O'Brien, black satin, black chiffon and crimson roses; ornaments, diamonds.

Miss Branchaud, wine colored satin and tulle, jet trimming.

Miss Helen Parker, black satin and chiffon.

Mrs. Riddell White, brocade white duchesse point.

Miss Marjory Riddell, white satin and white chiffon and pink, blue satin corsage, trimming of black and gold embroidery.

Miss Drynan, Toronto; blue satin, bodice of pink satin and gold sequins.

Mrs. Louis Sutherland, sapphire blue velvet, white point lace; ornaments, diamonds.

Mme. Armand LaRocque, white brocade, with white lace and chiffon; ornaments, diamonds.

Miss E. Macpherson, black satin gown, gold sequins.

Mrs. R. Hughes, a lovely gown of cream silk, bodice of cream silk net, embroidered in pink rosebuds and green leaves.

Mrs. J. Peck, black satin and black chiffon; ornaments, diamonds.

Miss Eileen White, Quebec; white satin and chiffon.

Mrs. Seape, white satin and white lace, white roses.

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THOSE WHO ATTENDED.

There was no official list. Amongst those present were: Their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen; Captain Wilberforce, A.D.C.; Lieut. Neve, A.D.C.; Lt.-Col Strathy and Mrs. Strathy; Lt.-Col Prevost and Mrs. Prevost; Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Miller, Mrs. Wigmore, Mrs. MacLennan, Mr and Mrs. Frank May, the Hon. Geo. Drummond and Mrs. Drummond, Miss Helen Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Fayette Brown, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. Gillespie, Miss Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. Shaughnessy, Mr. and Mme. Forget, Mlle. Forget, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. George Washington Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, Miss Thomas, Mr. Thomas, Dr. and Mrs. Yates, Mr. R. D. MacNaut, Mr. and Mrs. George Hooper, Mr. and Mrs. Baumgarten, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, Miss Muriel Greenshields, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tait, Lt.-Colonel Whitehead, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Whitehead, Miss Scotte, Mr. and Mrs. R. Reford, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mackay, Miss Mackay, Messrs. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Rutherford, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. George Mercer, Miss Evelyn Marler, Mr. and Mrs. Riddell, Miss Riddell, Miss Evelyn Campbell, Miss Elizabeth Johnson, Miss Bell Oswald, Mr. and Mrs. Hooper, Miss Austin, Mrs. Fela Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. G. Brooke Claxton, Miss Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. James Peck, the Misses MacCallum, the Misses Judah, the Misses Clay, Miss Pangman, Messrs. Pangman, Mr. and Miss Mathias, Mr. Percy Gault, Miss Edith Gault, Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Shorey, Miss Shorey, Mr. John Taylor, Miss Beatrice Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Spragge, Miss Naomi Molson, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hampson, Miss Gertrude Hampson, the Misses Waud, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Ross, Miss Evelyn Durnford, Mr. and Mrs. Stanway, Miss Herchmer, Mr. Macpherson, Miss Macpherson, Miss A. Cook, Miss Estelle O'Brien, Miss Alexander, England; Mr. H. Drummond, Mr. A. Drummond, Miss Girdwood, Mr. and Mrs. Colin McArthur, Mr. and Mrs. Lansing Lewis, Miss Pate, Ottawa; Mrs. W. Barwicke, Toronto; Miss Amy Cassils, Miss Mary McIntyre, Mr. Hodgson, Mr. MacTier, Miss Arnston, Mr. J. Dunlop, Miss Dunlop, Mr. and Mrs. J. Muir, the Rev. J. Edgar Hill, the Misses Hill, Mr. Hill, Miss Routh, Prof. Carter, Miss K. Mitchell, the Misses Watt, Miss Eugenie Duhamel, Miss Hubert, Miss Scotte, Mrs. Devlin, of Omaha; Miss Amy Kingston, Miss Lilian Gault, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Ricolo, Miss Scott, Mr. H. C. Scott, Miss Stevenson, New York; Mr. Harold Eadie, Mr. Browning, Dr. Wolfenden, Mr. J. Cassils, Miss Evelyn Campbell, Miss Lily Young, Mr. Hutchison, Mr. C. C. Smith, Mr. Grant McIntosh, Miss MacIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. Prebles Macintosh, Mr. Keator, Mr. Stuart Wotherspoon, Mr. and Mrs. Herrick Duggan, Mrs. P. S. Stevenson, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Holt, Miss Paton, Sherbrooke; Dr. and Mrs. C. J. Cameron, Miss Jamieson, the Misses Jamieson, Mr. Blackader, Miss Bellhouse, Mr. Springle, Lt. Armstrong, Major McLean, Capt. Leslie, Mr. W. Forbes, Col. Starke, Lt. Stewart, Capt. Armstrong, Baron Von Hugel, Dr. F. Shepherd, Mr. W. Learmont, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Caverhill, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, Mr. W. Clouston, Mr. Weir, Miss Weir, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon, Mr. W. Monk, Miss Monk, Mr. and Mrs. Cantlie, Mrs. Rowand, Mr. Meyraud, Mr. Edgar Mackay, Miss May Reynolds, Mr. L. Galarneau, Mr. S. Brown, Miss Brown, Mr. Alex Barclay, Mr. Norman Barclay, Mr. Keats, Mr. Donner, Mr. James Ross, Jr., the Misses Hart, Dr. and Mrs. Lapthorne Smith, Mr. Travers Allan, Mr. Fred Meredith, Mr. R. MacCallum, Mr. J. Patterson, Miss Robertson, Mr. W. Robertson, Dr. and Mrs. Saxe, Mr. Piers Davidson, Dr. and Mrs. R. W. McDougall, Mr. Gordon McDougall, Mr. R. McDougall, Mr. Gordon Lewis, Mr. Jack Savage, the Misses Redpath, Dr. Blackader, Mr. Alex Johnson, Miss Johnson, Mr. W. Frew Robertson, Miss Rosenbaum, New York; Mr. C. D. Sise, Jr., Miss Sise, and Capt. Try Davies.

Vast multitudes of British subjects in India exceeding the entire population of Canada, are starving and suffering untold miseries.

The piteous cry is for help!

One dollar will buy rice food for a man for a month.

Britain's historic enemy, Russia, is sending relief.

Where will Canada stand in the work of succor?

LOST DIAMONDS.

Story of a Bracelet Dropped in a Carter's Sleigh.

Detective Kellert last evening received from Toronto a diamond bracelet worth about $150 which has done a little travelling since Saturday last under rather peculiar circumstances.

It seems that on that date two lady guests at the St. Lawrence Hall went out for a sleigh ride during the afternoon. When one returned at five o'clock she noticed that a valuable bracelet she had been wearing had disappeared and supposing she had dropped it in the sleigh notified Mr. Humpreys, who superintends that work. The carter was quickly located and he admitted having found the article but maintained he had returned it to the owner. In this he was found to be mistaken however, he having given it to his first fare who had accepted the ornament without remark.

On tracing the first lady it was learned that she had left by the evening train for Toronto. At first she ignored Detective Kellert, who has been retained to recover the bracelet, but on being threatened with arrest finally sent it back last evening.

LATE MISS BLACKWOOD.

The death is announced to-day of Miss Margaret Isabella Blackwood, of 112 Union avenue. She was a daughter of the late Thomas Blackwood, who was a prominent merchant of Montreal, and at one time a partner of the founder of McGill University. A short time ago Miss Blackwood donated to the university a valuable collection of books. She was a warm friend of the Protestant Orphan Asylum, and for many years she was a member of the congregation of the Church of St. James the Apostle. Her funeral will take place from that church on Saturday afternoon, at 2.30 p.m.

LATE A. E. HUGHES.

Mr. Albert E. Hughes, a well-known druggist of New York, and brother to Lieut.-Col. Hughes, Superintendent of Police, here, died this morning in New York. Colonel Hughes leaves to-night to make arrangements to have the body transferred to Montreal and the funeral will take place here on Saturday morning.

THE MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Over 3000 Deaths Out of 4000 Cases.

APPALLING FIGURES OF DISEASE'S FATALITY.

Famine Funds in Quebec and Hamilton.

Bombay, January 28.—According to the official report, just issued, there have been 4396 cases of the plague in Bombay and 3275 deaths from that disease.

At Karachi 691 cases and 644 deaths from the plague have been recorded.

At Poona there have been 65 cases and 60 deaths, and a few cases have occurred at Surat, Baroda, Ahliadabad, Kathiawar and Cutch.

Quebec, January 28.—The Quebec Bank and the Union Bank, both of this city, have subscribed $500 each to the Indian Famine Fund.

Hamilton, January 28.—(Special).—The directors of the Bank of Hamilton have added $400 to the fund now being raised in this city for the purpose of assisting the famine stricken people of India. Other subscriptions have raised the total offerings to $1005. Among the donations to the fund is $1000 from the Canada Life Assurance Co., Hamilton.

ANOTHER SAW-OFF

The Members for Joliette and Montcalm are Secure.

(Special to the Star.)

Ottawa, January 28.—It is officially stated here that a saw-off has been arranged by which the Joliette election petition (Bazinet, Lib.) is dropped, in exchange for that in Montcalm (Dugas, Con.) being dropped.

BRIEF NOTES BY WIRE.

In consequence of the lawlessness that has existed among the Chinese in Chinatown, San Francisco, for several years culminating in the murder of "Little Pete," a leader, Chief Crowley has decided to abolish the customs of their country, which they have been permitted to indulge in unmolested.

* * *

A terrific nitro-glycerine explosion occurred at Cygnet, Ohio, yesterday, by which W. J. Morrison, Lima, Ohio; Field Supt. for the Ohio & Indiana Torpedo Co., and Edward Hennison, Rising Sun, Ohio, an oil shooter, were killed.

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The funeral of the late Gaspard Dauth, M.D., of Coteau du Lac, whose death was recorded in the Star, took place Monday from the deceased's residence to Coteau du Lac Church, and was attended by a great number of relatives and friends.

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Captain John Campbell, master of the British barque British American, now loading lumber in Mobile, Ala., was frozen to death Tuesday night, about two miles from the city. He had been drinking and died from exposure.

* * *

A large dwelling house occupied by Mr. Rousseau, N.P., situated almost due north of the Sacred Heart, St. Sauveur and a short distance from it, was destroyed by fire.

* * *

The betrothal is announced of the Hereditary Prince of Saxe-Coburg, the eldest son of the Duke of Edinburg, to Princess Feodore of Saxe-Meiningen.

* * *

The worst snow storm of the year is raging in Connecticut; two feet have fallen. Many sections are snow bound.

* * *

A National Horticultural Convention is to be held at Washington, March 5.

RELIEF FOR CHICAGO'S POOR.

Chicago, January 28.—There has in this city been a decrease of from 15 to 50 per cent. in the number of arrests since the relief work for poor people began. Both the police and Mayor Swift believe that by the prompt relief offered to the thousands of destitute families, the city has been saved from bread riots. The contributions to the funds up to date amount to over $50,000 in cash, and include hundreds of tons of coal and provisions.

AMERICAN CROP SITUATION.

Cincinnati, O., January 28.—The Price Current summarizes the crop conditions for the past week as follows: The growing wheat crop condition is maintained.

STANLEY STREET CHURCH.

The annual meeting of the Stanley street Presbyterian Church congregation took place last evening. The reports from the various organizations were presented and read, and were very satisfactory on the whole. The total revenue of the congregation for the past year was about $1000. The attendance is steadily increasing and good work being done. The following officers were elected to the Board of Management: President, J. A. Ogilvy; vice-president, James Ross; financial secretary, A. G. Fowler; treasurer, John Ogilvy; secretary, Richard Smith. Mr. George Wilson, leader of the Zephyr choir, was appointed organist and choir master. The annual social of the congregation is to be held on Friday, February 12, and is to be made specially attractive.

SNATCHED A ROBE.

Between six and seven o'clock last evening, as Special Officers Richard and McLaughlan were passing along Notre Dame street they noticed a man drive furiously around the corner of St. Lambert Hill with two cabs in pursuit. They managed to stop one of the sleighs and learned that the first party had snatched a buffalo robe from a horse when he passed the Viger Square cab stand. At Place D'Armes the man gave up the fight and submitted to arrest.

This morning when arraigned in the Police Court the prisoner gave the name of Edward Ryan, of No. 197 St. Patrick street. His trial was fixed for Wednesday next.

THOSE GERMAN NOVELTIES.

Mr. Joseph Cochentaler, the tobacconist, of No. 167 St. James street, in whose place a number of German novelties were seized by the High Constable a few days ago, claims that he was entirely ignorant of any intentional wrong doing. He said to-day: "I have been thirty years in business in this city, and it is the first time anything of the kind ever occurred. If they were indecent, why did the customs authorities pass them? It is foolish to claim they are, for they are simply ornaments for the purpose of testing one's temperature. However, I think the case will be dropped, any way."

DEATHS REPORTED

At the "Star" Office To-day

New York, January 28.—Mrs. Susan Amelia Mooran Steers, known as a lecturer and writer, died last evening at her home in this city of paralysis. She was born in Cork, Ireland, 81 years ago. In 1832 she married Abraham Steers, and eight years later came to America and settled in Canada. She leaves three daughters and three sons, the eldest of whom is Edward P. Steers, president of the Twelfth Ward Bank of this city.

Minna Chapman, of this city, aged 35 years, died on Monday of heart failure. She was the wife of John Ray Chapman, and was well known in society.

* * *

Belleville, Ont., January 28.—(Special.)—Robert J. Caldwell, of this city, traveller for Evans, Sons & Co., of Montreal, died very suddenly at Meaford last evening. Deceased was born in Scotland about 45 years ago, and came to Canada when quite young. He had represented on the road Lyman, Sons & Co., Haswell & Co., and Evans, Sons & Co. He leaves a wife and daughter. Two sisters of deceased, Mrs. Fred. Sharpley and Miss Caldwell, live in Montreal, and one brother in Florida.

Mrs. Lucy Briesse died here last evening, aged 89 years. She was born in Leeds county, near Delta, and was the mother of fourteen children four of whom survive her.

* * *

New York, January 28.—(Special.)—Dr. Solomon Deutsch, of this city, 81 years old, died yesterday of heart failure; was a well-known scholar; formerly a Rabbi.

Mrs. Martha Reed, Brooklyn, 73, died yesterday, heart failure, widow of Col. W. R. Reed.

Francis F. Gregory, Brooklyn, 52, died Tuesday suddenly; superintendent Atlantic Yacht Club, and Grand Army man.

John Guy Gilpatrick, this city, 26, died yesterday, poison, stock-broker.

Quebec, January 28.—(Special.)—Mrs. Oscar Prevost, widow of the late Lieut.-Col. Prevost, formerly Superintendent of the Quebec Cartridge factory, and sister of Mrs. E. E. Taché, wife of the Deputy Minister of Crown Lands, died suddenly last evening, when entering her residence. Death is supposed to have been caused from apoplexy. Deceased was formerly Miss Duchesnay and first cousins to Lieut.-Col. Duchesnay, D.O.C., this district.

* * *

Toronto, Ont., January 28.—(Special).—Mrs. Alice St. Hall, relict of the late Dr. John Hall, and mother of the present Dr. John Hall, of this city, is dead. She was 88 years of age and an old resident of Toronto.

* * *

Washington, January 28.—Lieutenant Charles H. Lyman, on duty at the Naval Observatory, died of pneumonia this morning. He was navigator of the warship Kearsarge, when she was lost on Rocador reef.

* * *

Chicago, January 28.—Charles Kern, ex-City Treasurer of Chicago, died at his residence here after a long illness. He was one of the best known Germans in Chicago.

* * *

Toronto, January 28.—(Special.)—W. H. Glass, one of the most prominent and respected residents of Richmond Hill, died yesterday at the home of relatives in this city.

* * *

Chichester, Que., January 28.—(Special.)—Died at Chichester, January 27, Catherine Payne, wife of the late Francis Dennie; consumption.

* * *

St. Petersburg, January 28.—Dr. Zedekauer, the private physician of the Czar, is dead.

* * *

Hamilton, January 28.—(Special.)—Mr. Peter Wilson, one of the pioneers of Bethel, is dead. He was 77 years old.

* * *

San Francisco, January 28.—Mrs. J. L. Flood, wife of the well known millionaire, died last night of pneumonia.

INTER-VARSITY DEBATE.

The annual intercollegiate debate between McGill and Toronto Universities takes place in the Windsor Hotel here to-morrow night. The subject will be: "Resolved that the legal prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage is right in principle and efficient in practice." McGill takes the affirmative, her representatives being Messrs. Bertal Heeney, Arts, '98, and Armitage Ewing, Law, '97. "Varsity," supporting the negative, will be represented by Messrs. George C. Sellery and W. H. Greenwood, both Arts, '97.

SENTENCES.

In the Court of Special Sessions this morning Judge Dugas sentenced George Summers, a waiter of St. Justin street, to six months in gaol for breaking a window in Brosseau's tobacco store, St. Lawrence street, on the night of the 10th inst., and stealing a number of pipes. Louis Cholette received three years in the penitentiary for stealing two coats from Courville's saloon, No. 4 Jacques Cartier square, and George Belanger, who was arrested with him, three months.

NEW YORK'S SNOW.

New York, January 28.—Fully ten inches of snow fell in this city and vicinity from 8 o'clock last night to 9 o'clock this morning, and as a result traffic was greatly delayed. The snow storm is the heaviest known hereabouts for several years. The storm is moving northeast and is increasing in force.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Mr. John McKergow, President of the Board of Trade, Mr. James Crathern, First Vice-President, and Mr. Charles F. Smith, Second Vice-President, were sworn in this morning by His Worship the Mayor in the presence of Mr. David, City Clerk, and Mr. Bladrill, Secretary of the Board of Trade.

LICENSES TO-MORROW.

At half past two o'clock to-morrow afternoon the License Commissioners will grant the licenses for the year 1897. The names of those whose applications have been complied with will be read in the Police Court.

LAW STUDENTS DINE.

The students of the Law Faculty of McGill University hold their annual dinner at the Windsor Hotel this evening. The usual jolly time may be expected.

G. T. R. NOTES.

Joy reigns within the hearts of the Grand Trunk shop men. It has been reported in shop circles that the number of working hours per week will soon be increased from forty-five to fifty hours. Nearly all departments of the shops are busy turning out engines, cars, etc. An order for twenty new moguls for freight tariffic has, it is said, been given, the work on which only awaits material from England.

The men of the wheel shop have presented Mr. Wanklyn, the retiring works manager, with a gold headed cane, as a token of their esteem.

Several of the other departments will also make presentations to Mr. Wanklyn upon his departure at the end of this week. His resignation is regretted by the large army of workingmen.

MASONIC ELECTIONS

Mr. E. T. Chambers Provincial Grand Master by Acclamation.

The election of Grand Lodge officers took place last night, when Rt. W. Bro. Chambers, of Quebec, was chosen to fill the highest office in the gift of the Grand Lodge, by acclamation. For the next office there was a keen contest in which R. W. Bro. Tooke was selected for the office of Deputy Grand Master.

After this the lodge adjourned to afford the different districts an opportunity to select their district officers which resulted as follows:

District of Quebec and Three Rivers—D. D. G. M., R. W. Bro. James Ellis, R. W. Bro. the Rev. E. J. Ething, District Grand Chaplain.

District of Montreal—R. W. Bro. Geo. O. Stanton, D. D. G. M.; Rt. W. Bro. Rev. Thomas Everett, District Grand Chaplain.

District of Bedford—R. W. Bro. A. D. Inglis, D. D. G. M.; Rt. W. the Rev. Canon C. G. Rollit, Grand Chaplain, was re-elected District Chaplain.

District of St. Francis, R. W. Bro. James Dolphin, D. D. G. M.; Rt. W. Pro. the Rev. Bro. W. T. Forsyth, District Grand Chaplain.

District of Ottawa—Rt. W. L. A. Howard, D. D. G. M.; R. W. Bro. the Rev. Rural Dean W. Sanders, District Grand Chaplain.

After the lodge had been again called to order the office of G. S. W. was filled by the election of R. W. Bro. Stephens, of Sherbrooke.

* * *

Canon Rollit's address as Grand Chaplain was a good one. He referred at the outset to the high honor which had been done him in electing him chaplain. Continuing, he said:

"Man is a peculiar being, occupying a peculiar position with regard to the rest of creation, and enjoying, too, or rather endowed with, peculiar powers and feelings.

"Created a little lower than the angels, but still made in the image of God, he was intended, above all things, to display the almighty power, and himself to be crowned with honor and glory. "A slight effort of the imagination carries us back to that place of perfect happiness where, in the midst of all the beauty of the new creation, there stands with upturned face and attentive ears, that being to whom was given the loving permission to use for his good the rest of creation."

Then followed the terrible sin of our first parents. Man had really rebelled against love, and in the course of time we found that characteristic driving men always further apart.

In time men had fallen completely off from their Creator, and a period of darkness and ignorance ensued. Then the spirit of enquiry had been aroused, and men had begun to find solutions of their own for the great mysteries of nature.

Many religions had sprung up but men had failed to grasp the great truth that the gods, who loved them, would expect love in return.

Gradually the unity of God had been revealed and the principle of mutual love recognized. Man's likeness to God had been understood and that was the great truth that fixed itself in the minds of thoughtful men. That too was the great foundation principle upon which had been built up that noble organization to which they had the honor to belong. Free Masonry was "a beautiful code of morality, veiled in allegory and illustrated by symbols." It was a rock upon which might be placed, never to be moved, the foundation stones of society. It was, in a word, the upholder of faith. It started from the days when God was recognized as supreme. It saw in Him, the great architect of the universe. "Love the brotherhood; fear God; honor the king," was an admonition which summed up the whole duty of man. In conclusion, God would teach them to build, without noise or tumult, with material gathered from far and from near a temple, exceeding in its glory and the lasting tones of its beauty, even that of Solomon. Yes, exceeding it, as far as the brightness of our glorious sun exceeded the feeble flickering candlelight from which the darkness scarcely fled away.

* * *

This morning the elections were continued, resulting as follows:

District of Sheppard and Brome—R. W. Bro. the Rev. R. Peters, D. D. G. M., R. W. Bro. the Rev. Bro. W. P. Chambers, District Grand Chaplain.

Grand Z. W., R. W. Bro. J. Bruce Payne, of Granby.

Grand Treasurer, Most W. Bro. I. H. Stearns.

Grand Secretary, Most W. Bro. J. H. Isaacson.

Grand Registrar, R. W. Bro. W. A. Dougherty.

Grand Tyler, John Lawrence.

The installation was made by the Most Worshipful the Grand Master Bro. Lt.-Col. Fred Massey.

* * *

THE NEW GRAND MASTER.

M. W. Bro. E. T. D. Chambers, the new Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Quebec, is a son of Mr. E. T. Chambers of Montreal. He was born in England in 1852 and educated in that country. He was for ten years a member of the City Council of Quebec, voluntarily retiring three years ago, and is editor in chief of the Quebec Morning Chronicle. He was initiated into Free Masonry in St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 6, Quebec, in March, 1878, was secretary of his lodge the following year, and after regularly passing through the offices of junior and senior warden was Worshipful Master of the same lodge in 1883 and again in 1884. He has been District Deputy Grand Master for the District of Quebec and Three Rivers, and in Grand Lodge has held the offices of Grand Senior Warden, and in January, 1896, while absent from the meeting of Grand Lodge, was elected to the office of Deputy Grand Master. For eleven years past, Bro. Chambers has been chairman of the Grand Lodge Committee of Foreign Correspondence, and in that capacity has prepared the annual reviews of the proceedings of sister grand bodies, which are yearly published with the Grand Lodge Report of Proceedings, and concerning which so many kind and flattering things have been said by brother reviewers for other grand lodges in various parts of the world. Brother Chambers was exalted to the Royal Arch in 1880, and after passing through various other offices was elected Grand First Principal Z of the Royal Arch Masons in the Province of Quebec, by Grand Chapter sitting in the city of Montreal on January 30, 1884. He was re-elected to the same office in 1895, and for some years prior to holding it, as well as since his withdrawal therefrom, has been chairman of the Grand Chapter Committee on Foreign Relations and Correspondence. He is a Knight Templar, and has presided over the Preceptory in Quebec and occupied the position of Grand Constable in the Great Priory of Canada. He is also an eighteen degree Mason of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, and a Past Presiding Officer of the Quebec Grand Lodge of Perfection and Chapter of Rose Croix. A brother of the new Grand Master, R. W. Bro. Rev. W. Percy Chambers, B.A., Rector of Knowlton, is a Past Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Quebec.

The Two Successes of the Season.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

And MRS. JESSIE BARTLETT-DAVIS of the Bostonians



As ALLAN-A-DALE in ROBIN HOOD.

"I would like to recommend to every singer, or any one going before the public, the use of the most delightful "Vin Mariani" I am never without it; it is always on my dressing table."

JESSIE BARTLETT-DAVIS.

Dose:—Wine glassful three times a day. 23-oly

STERLING INVESTMENTS IN

British Columbia Gold Mines.

500 Le Roi (This mine has paid $275,000 in dividends.)	$7 25
1,000 Slocan Star (This mine has paid $[illegible] in dividends in 14 months.)	3 25
War Eagle Con (Will pay over 9 per cent. on this price.)	1 25
Jumbo (Regarded as the next dividend payer.)	65
Iron Mask	
Montreal Red Mountain Gold Fields Co	12
Novelty	12

70 Kootenay and Columbia. (This Company owns the Columbia and Kootenay, Copper Jack and Tip Top. Is now shipping ore and being vigorously and systematically developed by able and wealthy men, and will pay dividend this summer.)

*Quotation at office.

All the standard Stocks on sale at lowest current price.

Full information respecting each mine, with ma

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

GREAT END OF THE MONTH SALE!

To-morrow, Saturday, Monday.

3---THE BIG---3

Big Bargains! Big Crowds! Big Sales!

If big bargains will do it, we mean to make our end of the Month Sale for January, 1897, the biggest on record as regards selling in the series of these semi-annual sales. On account of our desire to have stock as possible in all departments before our annual inventory, this has been a month of bargain giving PAR EXCELLENCE. To make the close the climax, further and larger reductions will be given during our Monthly Clearing Sale of three days, To-morrow, Saturday and Monday. In short, we expect BIG CROWDS and BIG SALES because we will offer BIG BARGAINS—in the biggest sense of the word—in all sections of our store.

EXAMPLE BARGAINS.

FANCY GOODS DEPT.

1st Lot—500 yds Gimp, worth from 10c to 25c. Sale price, 1c.
2nd Lot—600 Dress and Mantle Ornaments. While they last, 1c each.
3rd Lot—400 Dress and Belt Buckles. While they last, 1c each.
4th Lot—75 doz Mending Wool on cards. Sale price, 5c bdl.
5th Lot—300 yds Dark Colored Ribbons, No. 16, at 1c per yard.
6th Lot—Chemisettes, cooked and fancy trimming, to clear at ½ price.
Also numerous other useful articles, to clear at 1c each.
Also 200 pcs Black and Colored Velvetings, worth from 35c to 50c yard. Sale price, 10c per yard.
9th Lot—6 Ladies' Chemisettes with turn-over collars. Ruffle down the front, worth from 40c to 50c. To clear at 19c each.
8th Lot—½ yd Lace Collars to clear at manufacturers prices, and 20 per cent. discount.
9th Lot—½ yd Lace Fichus, to clear at manufacturers prices, and 20 per cent. discount.
10th Lot—Assort Embroideries bought at manufacturers prices. To clear at 20 per cent. discount.
11th Lot—96 yards of Embroideries marked at cost price, and 20 per cent. discount.
12th Lot—Yards Silk Crepons, black and colored, for evening wear, worth 75c. To clear at 29c per yard.
13th Lot—25 pieces of Dresden Chiffons, worth To clear at 15c per yd.
14th Lot—Good Useful Scraps of Chamois, marked 5c and 8c each. Sale price, 2½c each.
15th Lot—Balls of Art Crocheting Silk. Sale Price, 5c each.
16th Lot—1,000 Drapery Nets in stock, 45 inches wide, will be sold at 33 1-3 per cent. discount. About 12 different designs in stock.

SOAPS.

17th Lot—Vegetable Castile, 100 Grammes Cake, Extra Cake. Murphy's Bouquet, worth Cake. Sale price, 4c. Monroe Cake, medium size, Sale price, 2c. Monroe's Heliotrope, a fine complexion soap, 7 3-4c. Monroe's Oatmeal Cake. Sale price, 5 1-4c. 200 Cakes of Marie Ann Castile Soap, worth 7c each. While they last, 2 1-2c.
18th Lot—One Bottle Stone and Dresden Dress Lasting, to clear at 2c per centre.
19th Lot—One Nail Brushes, worth Sale price, Another Sale price, 4 1-2c each. Hair Brushes, worth Sale price, Hair Brushes, worth 15c each. Sale price, 7 1-2c each. Hair Brushes, worth 25c each. Sale price, 21c each. Hair Brushes, white silk bristle, worth 45c. Sale price, 27c each. Hair Brushes, black pure silk bristle, worth 45c each. Sale price, 4 1-2c each. Tooth Brushes, black pure silk bristle, worth Sale price, 4 1-2c each.
20th Lot—500 Curling Tongs, worth 5c each. Sale 1 1-2c each.
21st Lot—200 Fine Paper Puff Boxes, worth 15c. Sale price, 9c each.
22nd Lot—100 Satin Puff Boxes, worth 15c. Sale price, 9c each.
23rd Lot—2 Beautiful Atomizers, worth 35c each. Sale price, 21c each.
24th Lot—Atomizers, plated tops, worth 50c each. Sale price, 30c each.
25th Lot—Powder Puffs, worth 10c each. Sale price, 6c each. Another extra fine quality, worth 25c each. Sale price, 7c each.
26th Lot—Up-to-Date Three Jeaf of Cucumbers, worth 25c each. Sale price, 19c each.
27th Lot—All our Colored Feather Boas, 33 1-3 per cent. discount. Black Ostrich Feather Boas, at 20 per cent. off.
28th Lot—All Silk and Mohair Gimps at 20 per cent. off.
29th Lot—All our Dress Ornaments at 20 per cent. off.
30th Lot—100 Yds of Beautiful Shades of Ribbons, Satin and Silk, worth from 8c to 20c per yd. Sale price, 5c.

DRESS GOODS DEPT.

A Few of the Bargains.

300 yds. 54 inch Costume Tweeds, good value at 75c. Sale price, only 75c per yard.
200 yds. Fancy Dress Tweeds, this lot is all-wool, light colors, worth 75c. Sale price only 25c per yard.
500 yds. Fancy Plaids, all the best shades and patterns, regular value from 75c to $1. Our sale price of this lot 45c per yard.
16 pieces Plaid Dress Goods, consisting silk and wool fancies, fine camels hair, and silk and wool fancies, regular value from $1.50 to $2.50. Our monthly sale price of this lot only 59c per yard.
Black and White Dress Goods, fine quality, cheap at 75c. Our monthly sale price only 39c per yard.
20 patterns Fancy Plaids, all colors in this lot, and our monthly sale price only 19c per yard.
20 pieces Finest Imported Dress Goods, regular price of this lot $1.50, $2.00 and $2.75. Your choice during our monthly sale for only $1.00 per yard.

BLACK DRESS GOODS DEPT

This Is One Of Our Most Important Departments.

Add the following bargains are special to notice:
25 Patterns Assort Black Dress Goods, the newest assortment in the city, all the new weaves, at one-half the value of the stock during our Sale at 39c per yard the cut.
200 yards 54 inch All Wool Cheviot Serge. It is full double width, and cheap at 50c. During end of the Month Sale at 25 per cent. discount.
50 yards 54 inch Black Cloth, all wool, cheap at $1.00. Special discount of 20 per cent. during Sale, or 80c for as good as $1.50.
50 Remnants Black Dress Goods, all qualities, right all to be sold during our Monthly Sale at 33 1-3 per cent. discount.
For Last Day of the Month Sale—Black Dress Goods, special bargains in Black Dress Goods, for Last Day of the Month Sale.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

12 Handsome Tuscanian Ideal Patterns, in Rich Satin Duchesse, Black Ground, Colored Stripes, worth $5. Half Evening Novelties Sale $6 Blouse Length for $3.
600 yards Fancy Silks for fancy work, worth from 5c to $1.00. Choice during sale at 5c per yard.
20 Pattern Fancy Silk Waistings in Taffetine Satin Stripes, all colors, worth 75c. Sale price 39c per yard. During our Monthly Sale 33 1-3 per cent. discount. Sale for 50c.
500 Yards Black Brocade Silk, Pure Silk, cheap at 50c per yard. 20 per cent. off during Sale. Sale Prices from 40c to 50c.
Great Sale of Black Dress Silk. A few samples.
Black Cord Grain Silks from 40c to 50c per yard.
Black Satin Sicis from 75c to $1.00 per yard.
Black Brocade Silks from 45c to 50c per yard.
Black Lustre Soie Royale, 85c.
300 Remnants Fancy Silks, in all lengths colors and small to all required from 5c to 50c per yard.

MANCHESTER DEPT.

20 Patterns Unremnantable Shirting Flannels, worth 50c, for only 29c per yard.
500 Yards Gray Flannel, Plain and Twills, in all shades, from 10c yard. All Wool Scarlet Flannel from 25c. All Flannels reduced for this Sale.
300 pieces Fancy Dress Goods, all colors. Note the prices: 40c for 25c, 60c for 39c, 80c for 50c, 90c for 60c, $1 for 75c.

Remember This Month's Linen Sale.

Bleached Double Damask Table Linen, 54 inch, for 85c, $1.10 for 75c, $1.25 for 89c. Your choice, 75c.
60 dozen Bleached Damask Table Napkins, worth from $1.50 to $2.50 per dozen for $1, $1.50 for $1.25, $2 for $1.50, $2.50 for $1.75, $3 for $2, $3.50 for $2.50, $4 for $3, $5 for $3.50, $6 for $4, $7 for $5, $8 for $5.50, $9 for $6, $10 for $7, $12 for $8, $15 for $10, $18 for $12, $20 for $14, $24 for $16, $30 for $20, $36 for $24.
Great Sale of Fine Eider Down Quilts, in Silk, Satin or Fine Sateen Coverings, all unfadable. Choice of the stock at 20 per cent. discount.

MANTLE DEPT.

Long Cloth Mantle Wraps with Quilted Silk Lining and Fur Collar and Trimming, very comfortable for evening wear, worth from $27 to $30. To clear at $19.
Handsome Plush Capes, Trimmed Jet and Fur, at 33 1-3 per cent. discount.
Handsome Beaver Cloth Jackets, lined Silk and Braided, in Black and Fawn, reduced from $33 to $15. Latest style.
Mantle Jackets, assorted sizes, in Beaver Cloth, Coat Brown, Navy and Black, latest novelties, worth $25 and $30. Your choice, $15.
Maids' Clothes marked from $5.75 to $4.00. Your choice, $3.95.

Furs to Clear at 20 p. c. Discount.

Special Lines of Fur Capes, in Nutria and Astrachan, reduced from $4.75 to $3.95.
Handsome Mink Cape, worth $100, for $80.
Handsome Alaska Sable Cape, worth $67.50, for $45.
Handsome Persian Lamb Cape, worth $85 for $55.
Handsome Greenland Seal, worth $50, for $35.
Tweeds and Clothings all reduced from 10 to 33 1-3 per cent.
Special Discounts on Breast and Mantle Making.

COSTUME DEPT.

$2.75—Our All Wool Separate Skirts at $2.75 merit inspection. These Skirts are lined throughout, 5 yards wide and cheap at $3.75.
$3.25—We have about 10 Skirts left in Herough Tweed, lined throughout, canvas at bottom, full sweep, brown Shades only, well worth $5.50.
$3.95—Moreen Under Skirts, lined throughout, deep flounce with 2 frills, fibre cords at edges, usual price $5.

BLOUSE DEPT.

80c—Children's School Jerseys, usual price $1.00.
$1.10—Children's School Jerseys, usual price $2.00.
$2.25—Ladies' Golf Jerseys, Silk and Wool, usual price $4.00.
$4.95—Silk Blouses, light shades, usual price $6.50.

WHITEWEAR DEPT.

75c—Flannelette Knickers, full size, usual price 1.00.
75c—Flannelette Gowns, English make, usual price $1.
60c—White Cotton Skirts, 9 inch Frills, Broche, usual price 80c.
15c—White Cotton Drawers, Lace Trimmed, usual price 25c.
10c—White Cotton Chemises, Lace Trimmed, usual price 25c.
For Last of the Month Sale, we have purchased about 50 dozen White Cotton Goods, assorted qualities, at 50 per cent. discount off Manufacturers prices, including the latest novelties and styles. The Prices being as follows: Regular 15c for 10c, 20c for 15c, 25c for 19c, 30c for 23c, 40c for 29c, 50c for 35c, $ 60 for $.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

$1.49—We have 20 Tweed Suits, left over All Wool Tweed Suits, left over, Boys from 3 to 9 years. Worth $3.00.
$4.49—Boys' Blue Serge Suits, with Heavy All Wool Tweed Lining, usual price $6.50.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

At a Dead Loss.

MEN'S SWEATERS. For Hockey, Skating, etc. In Navy Blue or White, prices $1.25 to $2.75. Special Sale price, 98c
FANCY CARDIGAN VESTS. $1.50 Navy Blue Cardigan Vests, just the thing for Driving, Cycling, etc. Price $1.39. Cheap at $2. Sale price, $1.39
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS Hemstitched, 5c, 6c and 8c ones for 19c
Gaiters and Riding Leggings to clear less 25 per cent off
Dressing Gowns, Bath Robes, Pyjamas less 20 p.c. off.

Another Big SHIRT Sale.

FLANNELETTE NIGHT SHIRTS, made of good strong English Flannelette (no trouble to wash), cut full and large, nice fancy colors, regular value of this Shirt $1.25. Sale Price, 68c

TWO SPECIALS

That arrest a lot of attention are our two lines of **UNLAUNDRIED WHITE SHIRTS**. Material cut stamped, cut full and large in body and a custom made garment.
A Shirt worth 75c for 45c.
A Shirt worth $1.00 for 68c

DRESSED WHITE SHIRTS, SPECIAL PRICES FOR THE SALE

A Shirt worth $1.00 for 68c, worth $1.25 for 90c, worth $1.50 for $1.15.
WHITE BOSOM SHIRTS, open front, worth $1.25. Special Sale Price 6 for 4.75
Flannelettes, all kinds, to clear less 10 p. c. to 25 p. c. off.
COLORED CAMBRIC SHIRTS, worth $1.25 for 75c, $1.50 for $1.00 each.
TIES. Derby Ties, all colors, 25c ones for 10c each
Bow Ties, all colors, 25c ones for 12½c each
Bow Ties, all colors, 25c to 40c for 15c each.

JEWELLERY DEPT.

Brilliant Ear Rings, Solid Gold Settings, $1.00 pair for 69c
Real Gold Rings for Ladies and Children, set with Real Stones, $1.25 ones for 69c each.
Leather Watch Guards, worth 25c for 15c each. Stick Pins, 5c for 2c each.
A BIG LINE OF MANUFACTURERS SAMPLES
consisting of Fine Rolled Gold Cuff Buttons and Links also Gold Scarf Pins, Sterling Silver and Pearl Cuff Buttons, Studs, etc., all to clear at less than FACTORY PRICE.

PERFUME DEPT.

150 Good Large Bottles of **Bay Rum**, 25c, for 12½c each.
VASKINE, 2 oz Bottles, 10c, for 5c ea.; **Camphor Ice**, 25c, for 9c box
VASELINE, Camphorated or Carbolated, 25c, for 9c
60 bottles containing ½ oz. of fine Perfume, in the following odors: White Rose, West End, Jockey Club, etc., 25c worth, for 10c bottle
BULK PERFUME, all the best makes at **Whole sale.**

GLOVE DEPT.

180 pairs of Children's White Wool Gloves, also a lot of Heavy Fleece Lined Cashmere Gloves, Dark Colors, assorted sizes. Regular 19c per pair, 25c, 30 and 35 Sale price 19c per pair
Children's Black Cashmere Gloves, 25c ones for 15c per pair; 30c, 35c and 40c ones for 25c per pair
Men's Lined Gloves, to clear less 10 p. c., 20 p. c. and 33 1-3 p. c. off.

Assortment Large Prices Low. Styles the Latest.

HOSIERY DEPT.

All Winter lines to clear at Big Reductions For Instance.

400 Ladies' Wool Bottoman Combination Suits to clear during the Sale at the following great reductions:
$1.75 for **$1.00**; $2.00 for **$1.25**; $2.25 for **$1.50**, $2.75 for **$1.75**; $3.00 for **$2.00**; $3.50 for **$2.25**; $4.00 for **$2.50**
215 Ladies' Wool Bottoman Vests, Long and Short Sleeves, at the following unprecedented reductions:
$1.25 and $1.35 for 75c, and $1.75 for 85c.
100 Children's Natural Wool Combinations, High Neck, Long Sleeves, trimmed, crochet fronts, at 50c, for 35c.
50 dozen pairs Men's Wool Half Hose. Bought at our own price. Regular value 30c, here 17c pair.

BASEMENT BARGAINS.

These Goods Are Not Old Stock, But All Fresh and Clean.

20 Crates Dinner Sets arrived late for Fall Trade. 97 pieces, decorated on Pure White Semi-Porcelain body, and worth $14.85 each. In this Sale only $8.98 set.
Bread and Butter Plates, worth $1.20 dozen, at half price.
Breakfast Plates worth $1.45 dozen, at 70c.
200 dozen Print Cups and Saucers, worth $1.50 to $1.75 dozen, at
100 Glass Butter Dishes, with Covers, worth 25c, at 10c
200 China Cream Jugs, worth 25c, for 10c.
200 Oatmeal Sets, 3 pieces, Jug, Bowl and Plate, worth 35c for 16c set.
75 Pudding Sets, with Fireproof Baking Dish and Plate, worth $1 per set of 3 pieces, at 49c.
200 Preserve Sets, 1 large and 12 small Dishes, worth 45c, for 29c
China Crocks, Lettered, Butter, Sugar, Oatmeal and Fruit, something very handsome; $1.25, $1.50, $1.90 and $2.90, at just half price.
Robert Burns Ware. We still have quite an assortment of this popular Scotch Ware, with quotations from the famous Robert Burns. To close we are giving 25 per cent. discount.
White and Red Enamelled Tea Pots, cheap at $1.00, for 37c.
Umbrella Stand, worth $1.57, for 50c.
Bath Globes, worth 50c, for 29c each.
Palm Leaf Table Mats, worth 60c set of 9, at 38c.
Handles for Mrs. Potts Sad Irons, at 10c each.
Mixing Bowls, 10 quarts heavy tins, worth 45c, at 10c.
Enamelled Pie Plates, worth 12c, at 5c each.
Muffin Pans, best shapes, six in sheet, worth 20c, at 8c.
Dipper, with long handles, worth 12c, at 5c.
Meat Cutters, extra large sizes, worth $3.35, at $1.58.
4000 tins Enamelled Paints, regular price 25c, at 5c.
A lot of Silk Lamp Shades, a full assortment of colors, they were marked extremely low at $1.25, $1.90, $2.45, $2.90, $2.95. We will now give you 25 per cent. off these prices.
All Crystal Lamps with globe at the unheard of price, $1.29.
Brass Bird Cages at greatly reduced prices.
Indurated Fibre Ware in tubs, pails, dish and milk pans, at away below the regular prices.
Brooms, Whisks, Small Hardware and Kitchen Nick-nacks, such as Hammers, Wrenches, Screwdrivers, Flat Irons, Stamped Tinware, Enamelled ware, Clothes Lines, Moulds, Steamers, Boilers and Wire Goods will be sold at 20 per cent. discount.
500 Children's Snow Shovels, plain or painted, Not Dyed, the 15c kind for 9c each.
200 of the 25c kind for 12c each.

On the Main Floor.

If you anticipate making a present within a reasonable length of time it will pay you to visit our Silverware and Fancy Goods Departments. You will find beautiful goods at the prices usually asked for trashy cheap stuff. Discounts in this department from 25 to 50 per cent.

Country Orders Filled With Care.

John Murphy & Co.,

2343 St. Catherine Street. Corner of Metcalfe Street. Terms Cash. Telephone, 3833. 23y1

BIBLE SOCIETY'S MEETING.

Report of the Work Done During the Past Year.

THE PROGRESS OF BRANCH SOCIETIES.

Wide Circulation of the Scriptures Throughout the World.

Among the great agencies which have as their aim the uplifting of the nations of the earth, none occupies a superior place to that of the British and Foreign Bible Society. Its purpose is to give God's word, in their own tongue, to all the nations of men. The purpose of its work is marvellous and at present it sends forth every year millions of copies of the Scriptures in over three hundred languages and dialects.

The Montreal Branch of this society will hold its annual meeting this evening in Emmanuel Church. The speeches to be delivered by the Revds T. S. McWilliams and E. Stobo will tell of the work of this society in the Province of Quebec and in the distant East.

The Society's report for 1896, the 76th annual report, is very encouraging. Last year's list of office bearers and agents is submitted without alteration, but from the general committee four valued names have been removed by death, those of Canon Henderson, the Rev. W. G. Smyth, the Rev. John McGillevray and the Rev. A. M. Philips. The anniversary meeting of January 21st, 1896, will be remembered as one of the most successful ever held in Montreal.

The circulation of the Society's periodicals, especially of Gleanings for the Young, has increased, and it is hoped it may increase still further. The actual number of Bibles sold is smaller than in some former years but this fact is far from proving that the Society's influence is decreasing. Its success has, on the contrary, stimulated other people to sell Bibles at low prices, so that the Scriptures have been more widely diffused than ever.

The Bible for Uganda, by Mr. G. L. Pilkington, after twenty years of the arrival of the first missionaries in Central Africa, has been completed. The Treasurer's report shows the total receipts (including the balance from last year) to be $15,415.88, and disbursements $15,165.49. The copies of the Scriptures issued during the year number 18,228. The gratuitous distributions has been 3,594.

The Rev. H. Gomery's report of the branch societies says that the year 1896 is one to be remembered by all the officers of missionary societies on our continent, owing to the great difficulty in meeting their financial pledges through the falling off in contributions, while the demand for still greater endeavors to supply the needs of the nations who know not God are more and more apparent.

Compared with these, the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society has great cause for thankfulness in the fact that its members and friends have so well maintained their liberal support, notwithstanding the increasing local demands of the various organizations. There is an unbroken attendance at the meetings. The collectors merit the warmest thanks for their earnest and laborious work, while the local officers evidence their interest by their careful appointment of fit collectors.

WORK OF COLPORTAGE.

The work of the distribution of the Scriptures through colporteurs has been steadily carried on. Six colporteurs have been employed by the society, two English and four French who speak English. Four colporteurs have been enabled to continue work the whole year, and the other two about seven months each. They have travelled in the following districts, or parts thereof, assigned them: Missisquoi, Nicolet, Prescott, Huntingdon, Drummond, Bagot, Arthabaska, Beauharnois, Richmond, South Leeds, Brockville and Argenteuil.

Through the liberality of the parent society they were enabled this year to have another Bible woman laboring among the French population.

The report is signed "J. W. Dawson, president; C. A. Carus-Wilson, corresponding secretary."

TWILIGHT RECITAL

The next of these popular recitals will take place on Saturday afternoon at 4.30 in St. James Methodist Church. This will be the most enjoyable programme that has thus far been given in this church, as the organist is to be Mr. E. H. Stevens, who was specially chosen in London as the representative English solo organist for the international exposition in Tasmania. Mr. Stevens is one of the most brilliant players ever heard in Montreal. The vocal part of the programme will be entrusted to Miss Louise Daly, Miss Ida Magee and Messrs. Roland Paul and J. Marshall Williams, with Mrs. Kellond and Mr. W. J. Birks as accompanists.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

A Deputation Waits Upon The Mayor This Morning.

A large deputation of the Workingmen's Club, headed by Mr. Rodias Ouimet, the president, waited upon His Worship Mayor Wilson-Smith this morning to urge upon the city the necessity of providing work for the unemployed.

Mr. Ouimet, in introducing the deputation, explained that there was considerable suffering among the unemployed, particularly in the east end. Times are getting hard, and it is almost impossible to get work. Mr. Ouimet added that the deputation waited upon the Mayor with confidence, as he had already shown his desire and capacity to protect the poor and laboring classes. Mr. Ouimet thought that the city should insist upon the company proceeding with the construction of the C. P. R. East End station to provide work for the unemployed.

Another member of the deputation urged that an effort should be made to have more of the Corporation work done in the winter. At present it was nearly all done in the summer when work is plentiful, and as a result Italians and other foreigners get most of the Corporation work.

The Mayor enquiring how many men were out of employment, Mr. Ouimet said he felt sure that there must be fully ten thousand men out of work. He added that in five minutes he could show the Mayor twenty or thirty families without a cent in their houses to buy anything to eat.

His Worship said that he was exceedingly sorry to see as much destitution existed. In every city in the world there is more or less destitution in winter, cities like Chicago even having had to throw the churches open to shelter the poor.

Montreal was particularly well situated in this respect owing to the many splendid charitable institutions existing here. In Montreal, the city's leading business men devoted much of their valuable time to alleviating the distress of the poor. It would be a mistake, he thought, for the city to constitute itself a charitable institution. As he understood it what the men wanted was work and not charity. He was glad to say that the finance committee had recommended that $50,000 be spent on opening the corporation quarries, and he would have a resolution presented to Council providing for the prosecution of the work on the new C.P.R. Station.

The men thanked the Mayor for his courteous reception of them before retiring.

Special Notices.

The Knabe upright pianos are admitted to-day to possess all that fullness, richness and evenness of tone which distinguish their grands. Sole agents, Willis & Co., 1824 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

TWILIGHT RECITAL,

St. James Methodist Church,

SATURDAY, JAN. 30th at 4.30 p. m.

BY MR F H STEVENS,

Representative English Organist at the Tasmanian International Exposition.

Vocalists—Miss Louise Daly, Miss Ida Magee, Messrs. Roland Paul and J. Marshall Williams. Accompanists Mrs. Kellond and Mr. W. J. Birks. Admission 25c. 23 1

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of "The Redmond Greenhouse Co." (Ltd.) will be held at the head office of the Company, No. 480 St. Paul st., Montreal, on the **4TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1897,** for the organization of the Company, the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business that may be required to be done at said meeting.

Montreal, January 25, 1897

W. E. GREENLEESE,
20 4 SECRETARY

GENERAL MEETING.

The Annual General Meeting of the WILLIAM SCLATER & CO., LTD.,

Will be held at the office of the Company, No. 42 Pounding Street, in the city of Montreal, on

TUESDAY, the Second day of February, 1897,

at the hour of three of the clock in the afternoon.

23 2 GEO. TUCK, Sec.-Treas.

Bakery To Let.

FIRST CLASS OVENS, ETC.

Reasonable Rent to a Good Tenant.

Apply to

W. JONES,
23 3 1722 Notre Dame st.

PABST MILWAUKEE

PABST Malt Extract

Is invaluable for invalids, nursing mothers, persons whose appetite is failing, etc.

It is now bottled at the Montreal Branch of the Pabst Brewing Co., and can be supplied without delay to the trade.

Should your dealer not be able to fill your orders, telephone direct to the PABST BREWING Co., 66 McGill street.

Telephone 1575.

Milwaukee Beer is famous PABST Has made it so.
29 u1

LARGE CLEARING SALE

OF

Excellent Secondhand Furniture, Carpets, Gasaliers, Pictures, Mirrors, Gas Stove, Curtains, Mattresses, Spring Beds and Other Household Effects for the Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Bedroom, Hall and Kitchen.

Sale at our Rooms,

Nos. 1821 and 1823 NOTRE DAME STREET.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, AFTERNOON, At 2.30 O'Clock.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.
23 1

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In re T. GAGNON, Notre Dame st., Montreal.

Sale by auction at No. 69 ST. JAMES ST., Montreal, on

Wednesday, 3rd February, 1897, at 11 O'clock

of the assets as under:

Stock of Dry Goods	$9938.12
Fixtures	765.35
	$10,703.47

Store will be open on February 2nd.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

KENT & TURCOTTE,
72 5 4aw 97 St. James st., Montreal.

TO LET==STORE

NO. 750 Craig Street,

Lately occupied by Holler & Hecker, with concrete basement, both having shop fixtures complete, hot water heating, immediate possession.

ALSO FROM 1ST MAY

4th Flat of same premises, well lighted, 41 x 67, heated and use of hoist.

1ST CLASS 3 Story Brick Dwelling, 915 Dorchester st., with Daisy furnace.

1ST CLASS 3 Story Cut Stone Dwelling, 111 Metcalfe st., with Daisy furnace.

Tenements 56 (Upper) and 56½ (Lower), Prince Arthur st., corner of St. Dominique st., and 413 and 415 of St. Dominique st., adjoining

W. F. LIGHTHALL, N. P.,
23 2eod **303 N. Y. Life Building.**

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS OF 10 to 25 per cent previous to STOCK TAKING.

JOHN WATSON,

Importer of Silver Ware, Jewellery, Clocks, Watches, Art China, &c.,

2174 St. Catherine Street.

Art Association Building.

Open until 9 every evening. 3eod

BAILIFF'S SALE. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.—No. 3013. Circuit Court. Delle E. Perkins, Plaintiff, versus, Dame M. Parry, Defendant. On the sixth day of February, 1897, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 1305 Ontario st., in the city of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture. Conditions: cash. JOSEPH BREUX, B. S. C. Montreal, January 28th, 1897. 23 1



World's . . . Championships SKATING RACES

(Amateur and Professional)

Under the auspices of the Amateur Skating Association of Canada.



M. A. A. A. RINK { FRIDAY, 5TH FEBRUARY. SATURDAY, 6TH FEBRUARY.

Entries Close Monday, 1st February. '93

ADMISSION 50c, RESERVED SEATS 75c.—Now on sale at Morton, Phillips & Co., 1755 Notre Dame St. MacMillan's Pharmacy, Phillips Square, Windsor Hotel, Rubenstein Bros., 537 Craig St. and M. A. A. A. Office.

23 1 3aw **LOUIS RUBENSTEIN, Hon. Sec.-Treas.**

Colonial House

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

GREAT ANNUAL Discount Sale

A Few Extra Good Bargains for End of This Week.

BIG BARGAINS IN BOOKS.

Cloth editions of the Poets, regular price $1.00, to clear at 25c.

Table of Books to clear at 25c, comprising books by Pansy, E. P. Roe, Marian Harland, Jane Porter, etc., etc.

Ebony Rulers, 65c, to clear at 25c.

Boxes of Paper and envelopes, 20 per cent.

Boxes of Paper, special lines, 75 per cent.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

For the Last Three Days of this week---Thursday, Friday and Saturday---we have further reduced many odd lines to clear,

33 1/3 and 50 Per Cent.

These include Ulsters, Tweed and Serge Suits, Shirt Waists, Blouses, Sailor Collars, etc.

An extra 5 per cent for cash.

Goods not sent on approbation.

DRESS MUSLINS,

3000 yards pretty Dress Muslins, in Pink, Blue, Green, Cream and White, 30c less 33 1-3 per cent.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

A small case New Spring Goods. Fancy Armures, 85c and 95c less 20 per cent.

Fancy Mohairs, 50c less 20 per cent.

CARPETS, Etc

About 90 made up Carpets in Wilton, Brussels and Tapestry to clear at 25 per cent.

Splendid value in Crossley's Best Tapestry Carpets at 10, 15 and 20 per cent.

Odd pieces Wilton and Brussels Carpet 15 and 20 per cent.

Short lengths Stair Carpet, 25 per cent.

Gold Metal Carpet Sweeper, 10 per cent.

CARPET WORKROOMS

Carpets made and stored until wanted for Spring delivery.

A Brilliant Ending To a Money-saving Month.

We don't think the Montreal public have ever before been offered such interesting values as our January Sweep Sale has offered. There are just two more business days in this month. We intend to make them days of actual money-saving at this store. Two days of interest to every Montreal woman. Sweep Sale prices were low—we've made them lower. We print these few lines just to show what real money-saving chances we are offering.

DRESS GOODS

Rigorous clearing of the markets at quick, big losses has at last stemmed the current for manufacturers, and to-day they are in a position to decline orders at such prices as have prevailed. You will pay more for dress goods because of late you have paid too little. But not at once, if you are forehanded. Not while present stocks last here. Goods suitable for winter and spring wear, were gathered by us even under the lowest market rates. That is how we have made our 25c, 50c and 85c Dress Goods tables so interesting. For Friday and Saturday we make them even more interesting. Also all lines of Fancy Colored, All Wool Dress Goods at a discount of 20 per cent. Black Dress Goods 10 per cent. off; some lines less 20 per cent. All the lots are in liberal supply, and the movement is without parallel in Dress Goods selling.

SILKS AND SATINS

Never before has twenty-nine cents been able to buy so much beauty and richness. Beautiful Dresden Printed Satin, worth 90c a yard, for 29c. Another lot of those Japanese Striped Blouse Silks, 21 inches wide, for 29c a yard.

FRENCH CAMBRICS

New and pretty designs in French Cambrics. A fresh lot just received. The finest wash goods made. They were bought to sell at 25c a yard. Half price buys them now—12 1-2c a yard.

UNDERWEAR

This is a good chance to get winter warmth at a money saving. All sizes and weights, in Men's and Boys' Underwear, Ladies' and Children's Vests, Drawers and Combinations are placed on sale Friday and Saturday at a discount of twenty per cent.

STAMPED LINENS

This is a line that should interest all housekeepers. A large assortment of Cosies, Tray Cloths, Sideboard Covers, Table Covers and Centres. Friday and Saturday you will find them here at half price.

EMBROIDERIES

Sometimes it pays a merchant to lose money on some lines. This is an instance. We have laid out a table of Embroideries, which we will sell Friday and Saturday at half price. Lines which sold at 10c, 12c, 15c, etc., are now selling at 5c, 6c, 7 1-2c, etc.

WINTER HOSIERY

Regular prices on these goods were already low. A clearing out will do the stock good, though, so we offer a discount of 30 per cent. off all lines of Hosiery for Friday and Saturday. The stock includes all qualities and sizes of Boys', Ladies' and Girls' Hose.

HAYCOCK & DUDGEON,

2401-3 St. Catherine Street. 23y1

SATURDAY

Will be

Children's Day

In the

Toy Department.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL. 23y1

☞ All notices of "Births," "Marriages" and "Deaths" must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

BLACKBURN—At Gilbert Plains, Man., on January 10, the wife of Robert J. Blackburn, of a son.*

CAMPBELL—At North Shore, Gabarus, N.S., January 7, to Mr. and Mrs. Murdoch Campbell, a son.*

FORBISTER—At St. Mark's, Man., Jan. 8, the wife of James Forbister, of a son.*

FLETCHER—At South Vale, Upper Stewiacke, N.S., January 16, to the wife of William Fletcher, a daughter.*

GOUTHRO—At North Sydney, N.S., Jan. 12, the wife of Francis Gouthro, of a son.*

LOOMER—At Canning, N.S., January 7, to Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Loomer, a son.*

MANLEY—In Windham, Conn., January 4, a son, Clarence Leon, to Mr. and Mrs. George S. Manley.*

McLEOD—At Bridgeport, C.B., January 6, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. McLeod, a son.*

McDONALD—At Shubenacadie, N.S., Jan. 14, to Mr. and Mrs. William McDonald, a daughter.*

MACKIMMIE—At Lachute, Que., January 6, a daughter, to Mrs. J. P. MacKimmie.*

NELSON—At North Salem, Hants, January 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Otis Nelson, a daughter.*

OLIVER—At Danville, Que., January 13, a son to Mrs. H. L. Oliver.*

SOMES—In Salem, Mass., January 20, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Somes.*

VAN DELINDER—In Petrolea, Ont., January 3, the wife of T. Van Delinder, of a son.*

WALLACE—At North Salem, Hants, Jan. 4, to Mr. and Mrs. Burton Wallace, a daughter.*

WORDEN—At Bromdon, N.S., January 7, to Mr. and Mrs. John Worden, a daughter.*

MARRIAGES

BECKWITH-GRAF—At Auburn, N.Y., December 23, Edward B. Beckwith, to Minnie Graf.*

BELL-McLARREN — At Halifax, N.S., January 20, Annie Coffin, daughter of D. D. McLarren, to Henry Hugh Bell.*

BUSSELL—DOLMAGE — At Trafalgar, on January 13, James Russell, to Sarah Jane Dolmage.*

CLARKE-BELYEA — At Belyea, N.B., Jan. 14, Harry Clarke and Charlotte Belyea.*

GRAHAM-HAMILTON — At St. John, N.B., Dec. 30, Stanley P. Graham and Cordelia A. Hamilton.*

HOPPER-GULLOCK — At Oshawa, Ont., January 6, David Hopper and Eva, daughter of the late John J. Gullock.*

HAMLEY-BICKELL — At Bowmanville, Ont., January 3, Richard Henry Hamley and Joanna M. Bickell.*

HARRISON-STRANG — At South Victoria, Canada Co., N.S., Robert M. Harrison, to Susie L. Strang.*

MAHOOD-SCOTT — At St. John, N.B., Dec. 16, Jas. Mahood and Ida Scott.*

PYKE-ANTHONY — In Halifax, on Jan. 14, Samuel Pyke and Theodosia Anthony.*

PEARSON-TITUS — At Tidnish, N.S., on Dec. 31, Isaac D. Pearson, to Dora I. Titus.*

ROSSITER-KING — At Toronto, on Jan. 7, Peter E. Rossiter and Miss Lizzie King.*

WATSON-STEWART — At Watson Settlement, N.S., Jan. 9, Bertman Watson to Lalia Stewart.*

DEATHS.

ARMSTRONG—At 253 Magdalen street, Point St. Charles, on January 25, Mrs. Christina Armstrong, aged 48 years.

AIRAY—January 29, at London, Ont., John Airay, aged 72 years.*

BLACKWOOD—On the morning of the 25th Margaret Isabelle Blackwood, daughter of the late Thomas Blackwood. Funeral on Saturday at 2.30 from her late residence, 19 Union avenue. (Scotch papers please copy.)

BUCK—At East Farnham, Que., January 15, Lyman Buck.*

BELANGER—At Granby, Que., January 7, Delvina, daughter of Amable Belanger, aged 9 months.*

BELL—At Cape Traverse, P.E.I., January 4, Thomas Bell, aged 75 years.*

BELLINGS—At Sutton, Que., January 7, Kezia Sigsworth Stone, wife of the late Charles Bellings, in her 86th year.*

CLARKE—In Kingston, Ont., January 22, Margaret J. Agnew, wife of William J. Clarke, aged 57 years.*

CAMERON—At London, Ont., January 20, Mrs. William Cameron, sr., relict of the late William Cameron, sr., aged 72 years.*

COWIN—At Lisgar, Ont., January 13, Rebecca, daughter of the late Joseph Cowin, aged 75 years.*

DUFUR—At Glen Sutton, Que., January 16, Elfleet Dufur, about 46 years of age.*

EDMUNDS—At Glen Sutton, Que., January 9, Eva, daughter of M. G. Edmunds, aged 4 years.*

FITZPATRICK—In this city, January 26, at the age of 26 years and 4 months, Alma Dragon, beloved wife of J. Fitzpatrick, and eldest daughter of the late George Dragon, formerly merchant of Sorel. Funeral with mass for repose, at residence, 4088 Québec avenue, Westmount, on Friday, 29th inst., at 2 p.m., to the R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend. 22 2

FEE—At Dewittville, Que., January 24th, Thomas Fee, aged 83 years.*

FRASER—At Dunoon Centre, Que., 16th of January, Juliana, second daughter of John W. Fraser, aged 14 years.*

GALLAWAY—At Gilbert Plains, Man., on January 11, Francis Gallaway, aged 43 years.*

GORDON—At Havelock, Que., January 16, Charles Gordon, aged 73 years.*

HUTCHISON — Accidentally killed, at Harvey's Bay, on Thursday, January 21, 1897, Charles Hall Hutchison, aged 28 years, son of Charles Hutchison, commercial traveller, of Ottawa, and twin brother of W. Cameron Hutchison, of this city.

HUGHES—At Battersea, Ont., January 22, Albert Hughes, aged 27 years, 9 months.*

HOWE—In Toledo, Ohio, January 21, Miss Annie Howe.*

HADLEY—At Guysboro, N.S., January 5, John G. Hadley, aged 42 years.*

JAMIESON—At Guysboro, N.S., January 9, Hannah Elizabeth, wife of the late John Jamieson, aged 75 years.*

KEENAN—In Cartwright, Ont., 4th con., January 8, George Keenan, aged 73 years and 7 months.*

LLOYD—At 29 Balmoral street, this city, January 27, 1897, Thomas Lloyd, aged 49. Funeral Friday at 2 p.m. (Dublin, Ireland, papers please copy.)

LOVELESS—In London, Ont., on January 21, Helen, infant daughter of Thomas and Ellen Loveless, aged 3 weeks.*

LOCKWOOD—LOWERISON — At Westmoreland, N.S., December 30, Annetta M., daughter of the late Martin Lowerison, to E. M. Lockwood.*

LAWLOR—In Hamilton, Ont., January 22, Patrick Lawlor, aged 6 years.*

MURRAY—In this city, on the 27th inst., John Donald Leslie, aged 3 years and 7 months, dearly beloved son of John Murray, of H. M. Customs. Funeral private. 22 2

McKEOWN—At 153 Drolet street, on 26th January, 1897, Joseph Emmet, youngest son of Patrick McKeown, aged 2 years and 7 months. Funeral from above address on Thursday at 2.30 p.m. sharp, to R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances accept this intimation. 22 2

MILLER—At 617 St. Catherine street, on 26th January, 1897, Sarah Murphy McDonald, widow of Alexander McDonald, and wife of the late William Miller. Funeral private. Cliffalo and Chicago papers please copy.*

RENOIS—At 927 St. Christophe street, on the 27th inst., Julie Galbreau, wife of L. Renois, of the Montreal Post Office, aged 55 years. Funeral on Friday, 29th, at 7 a.m. sharp. 2

REDDEN—At Kentville, N.S., January 14, Annie Gleason, daughter of Kate and Harry Redden, aged 3 years, 1 month.*

ROGERS—At Hamilton, Ont., Miss Eliza Rogers, of Mount Albion.*

STEPHENS—At 422 Shaw street, on the 28th inst., John Stephens, aged 41 years, native of County Cavan, Ireland, father of Nicholas and Henry Stephens. Funeral will take place at 2:30 Saturday afternoon, to St. Luke's Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. (Irish papers please copy.) 22 3

SCULLION—In this city, on the 27th January, after a long and painful illness, William, son of the late Edward Scullion, aged 46 years. Funeral from his father-in-law's residence, 251 William street, Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. (Newark and New Jersey papers please copy.)

STANHOPE—At Glen Sutton, January 9, Gilbert Stanhope, aged 68 years.*

SANGER—In Essex, Ont., January 20, Susan V., wife of Rev. G. J. Sanger, aged 59 years, 11 months and 10 days.*

TAYLOR—At Pine Bluff, Arkansas, January 18, Mary, wife of John Taylor.*

TIZARD—At Oakville, Ont., January 17, George L. Tizard, Q.C., in the 81st year of his age.*

WORKMAN — At Woodstock, Ont., January 14, George Workman, aged 56 years and 10 months.*

For additional Births, Marriages and Deaths, see page 7.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. January 28th.

"The Store that is Increasing Faster than any Store in Montreal To-day."

THOUSANDS WILL COME TO-MORROW,

Being The Last Friday of Our

GREAT JANUARY SALE

The multitude of Ladies that last Friday thronged our stores from early morning until six o'clock in the evening is sufficient evidence how really bona fide inducements will attract tremendous crowds.

FRIDAY'S SPECIAL OFFERINGS

Being the last Friday of our great January Cheap Sale, also the second last day of our business year we have brought hundreds of special lots of new seasonable goods forward and marked them at ridiculously Low Prices, as we are determined they must all be sold to-morrow. The company has for to-morrow ordered the entire staff on for serving only, so that every one will be served promptly.

PRICES FOR SOAPS.

	Regular Value	Our Prices
American Belle Toilet Soap	$0.10	$0.05
Virgin Castile, 100 grammes cake	.05	.01½
Morse's Olive Oil, medium weight bars	.04	.02½
Morse's Heliotrope Soap	.10	.07½
Morse's Fine Oatmeal Soap	.05	.05
2000 cakes of Real Marble Soap	.05	.02½

Only 200 More—Ladies' Wrappers

The success attending our Ladies' 50 cent wrappers is marvellous. The public would hardly credit the tremendous quantities we sell of this one line only.

To-morrow We Offer Again



200 Ladies' Wrappers.

Made of the fashionable Argyle Wrapperette material, in choice medium and dark shades; also a nice range of Half Mourning effects, in all sizes, lined Waists and Yokes, with large Sleeves. Regular price, $1.50. Our price

Friday Only 75c each.

Also 100 Ladies' Wrappers.

Made of Twilled Empress Cloth in all sizes with lined waists and yokes. Regular Price $1.15. Our price,

Friday 79c each

Ladies' Gaiters

50 dozen Ladies' Fine Cloth Gaiters, buttoning with strong leather understrap, well bound, regular price 35c a pair. Friday's price, 19c a pair.

Boys' Overcoats

A fortunate purchase enables us to offer 100 Boys' Winter Overcoats with Cape, lined with Sateen, regular value $2.25 each, to-morrow your choice 89c each.

These coats will fit boys up to four years old.

Men's Overalls

75 pairs of Men's Overalls, made of Blue Denim, with bib straps, also back, front and rule pockets, regular value 55c, to-morrow only 35c each.

Ladies' Dress Skirts

We sell Ladies' Dress Skirts cheaper than any other store in Montreal. Here is a proof of our assertion.

150 Ladies' Black Dress Skirts, gored and lined throughout, velvet bound,



Regular Value $3.00,

FRIDAY,

Only 99c Each

SPICE BOXES



100 Spice Boxes containing 6 compartments and one Nutmeg Grater, prettily decorated, same as cut. Regular value, 35c,

FRIDAY 22c ea

Lanterns



150 Tubular Lanterns, same as cut, strong and well made, easy to light and extinguish; an article every one requires at this season of the year. Sold everywhere at 50c. To-morrow, 25c.

Meat Choppers



This is the cut of our genuine Enterprise Model Chopping Machine, which ensures satisfaction wherever it is used; regular value, $2. Friday, $1.49. An invaluable article in every household at this time of the year.

Hot Water Kettles.



100 Hot Water Kettles, same as cut. Regular value, 19c,

FRIDAY 9 1-2c ea.

A Good Fit in Books

Books to fit the taste, as bargains to fit the pocket are what we are offering during our Great Sale.

Here are some fitting examples:

AT 5c — A great line of Books in Paper and Cloth; regularly retailing 10c to $1.00.

AT 12½c — A few leaders in Cloth and Paper; regular 20c to $1.25.

AT 22c — A great line of best Fiction and Books for Library, many at half price.

Sheeting Bargains

GOOD FOR FRIDAY ONLY.

	Regular price	Our price
75 inch Plain Gray Sheeting	18c	13c
72 inch Twill Gray Sheeting	21c	13½c
72 inch Plain Bleached Sheeting	23c	16c
72 inch Twill Bleached Sheeting	25c	18c
40 inch Bleached Pillow Cotton	12c	9c
20 bales useful Gray Cotton	3½c	2½c
10 bales Medium Bleached Cotton	5c	4c
100 pieces Gray Flannel	15c	9c

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

1500 LINEN TRAY CLOTHS

Over 1500 Pure Linen Tray Cloths, good sizes, white damask centres, with pretty colored borders, in pink, blue, red, canary, etc., worth 15c, are well fringed all around. To-morrow only 8c each.

200 Pieces White Cambric

200 pieces Fine White Cambric, fully 36 inches wide, made expressly for Ladies' Underwear, etc., and grand value at 12c yard. To-morrow, 8c yd.

FRIDAY'S MANTLE SPECIALS

To-morrow we expect to have the biggest day this month. Every Lady's Jacket and Cape is marked at such ridiculously low figures that Ladies can't help buying them. Read the prices.

Ladies' Blanket Coats, they are soiled and will be cleared Friday at $1.25.

Misses' Fur-Lined Capes, in Black Figured Cloth, Kaluga, lined and edged with fur. Friday's price, $1.25.

Ladies' Box Beaver Cloth Jackets, with large Mink Collar. Regular price, $43.00. Friday's price, $12.50.

Ladies' Stylish Golf Capes, with self-reversible plaid lining. Regular price, $4.25. Friday's price, $2.24.

Ladies' Long Velvet Capes, Feather Trimmed, with heavy quilted silk lining. Regular, $35.00. Friday's price $9.50.

All our Dolmans in Cloth, Silk and Velvet, will be cleared out Friday at 90c each.

Ladies' Winter Tisters, in Tweed, Serge and Beaver Cloth, some of them sold as high as $15.00. They are out of date and will be sold Friday at $2.39.

Ladies' Beaver Cloth Jackets, lined and unlined, with collar and revers of Beaver. Original price from $12.00 to $15.00; Friday they will go at one price, $2.50.

Ladies' Chinchilla Cloth Tregaskiss Capes, handsome plaid linings. Original price, $13.75. Friday's special price, $6.65.

Colored Dress Goods

Ladies' should take advantage of the extraordinary values we offer in Colored Dress Goods. To-morrow being the last Friday Bargain Day during our Great January Sale, we will celebrate it by offering two special lines.

55 pieces New Winter Dress Goods, double width, in pretty effects and dark shades, Black Stripes and Colored Dots on Brown, Green and Blue Grounds, very suitable for Ladies' Wrappers, Blouses, Matinees, etc. Regular value, 18c. Sale price, only 12 1-2c.

35 Pieces New Winter Dress Goods in Scotch Tweed effects, in shades of brown, grey, blue, grey, etc., with heather mixed dots in bright colors, specially adapted for traveling or street costumes. Regular value 28c yard, January Sale price only 25c yard.

GROCERY DEP'T.

PRICES GOOD FOR FRIDAY ONLY.

"Canned Vegetables, Newest Goods and packed by the most reliable packers in Canada, France and the United States.

Tomatoes, Corn, Peas and Beans, assorted, 75c dozen.

Bakers Cocoa in Tomato Sauce, 15c per tin. Baked Beans in Tomato Sauce, 20c per tin. French Peas, Petit Pois No. 1, 10c per tin. Mushrooms, Au Naturel, 15c per tin. Baked Pork and Beans, 3lb. Tins, 10c per tin, $1.15 dozen.

Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, 25c bottle, for 18½c bottle.

Belger's English Jams, Assorted, 25c jars for 17c. 15 and 18c jar.

Marshall's Kippered Herrings, 20c tins for 14c tin.

Marshall's Herrings in Tomato Sauce, 20c tins for 14c tin.

Ladies' Hosiery.



An opportunity to buy Ladies' Hosiery at little prices on Friday. A special offer 300 doz. Ladies' All Wool Hose, full sizes, regular price 19c. To-morrow 13 1-2c.

450 doz. Ladies' Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, spliced ankles, double toes, regular value 40c. To-morrow 28c.

A $1.00 GLOVE



For 59c Pair

That's exactly what it is.

Our Kid Glove buyer has been fortunate in securing at a Big Discount off manufacturers' prices about 100 doz. of Ladies'

French Suede Gloves

made by one of the first manufacturers in Grenoble, France, from prime selected skins, hand sewn, self colored, silk stitching on back, with 4 patent fasteners, in tans, grays and black, elegant shades and perfect fitting. These Gloves were made to sell at $1.00 to $1.10.

But having purchased the entire lot, we have determined to give our customers the advantage of our good fortune, and sell them Friday

at 59c per pair

It is in the interests of every lady to buy several pairs at this low price Friday.

HUNDREDS OF MORE BARGAINS

OFFERED TO-MORROW

THROUGHOUT THE STORE.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED,

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame st, 192 to 194 St James st., MONTREAL.

James A. Ogilvy & Sons,

Advertisement.

LINENS!

A well stocked linen chest is as desirable to-day as it was 50 years ago. If you are in need of anything in linens to replenish yours, you will find it at

OGILVY'S

Linen Department.

PURE LINENS.

Only a small quantity left of our Cream Table Linen:

45 inch, wide at 15c, 18c, 20c, 30c.
54 inch, wide at 32½, 36c, 45c.
69 inch, wide at 38c, 42c, 50c.

Bleached Linen Damask, 45 inch, at 21c, 25c, 35c; worth double.

Pure Linen Turkish Bath Towels, the best value we have ever offered—for the money—at 25c, 30c, 33c each; worth 40c, 45c, 50c.

Fine Line of All Linen Glass and Dish Towels, size 18 x 36, 90c per doz; usual price, $1.35.

Knife Cloths, 80c and $1.55 per doz.

SILVER TOWELS.

$2.90. Reduced to $2.00.

Our special manufacture of Huck Towels. All pure linen, polished yarns, $1.50 per dozen.
$1.75 per dozen.

Special 22 x 45 Heavy Huckaback Towels, $2.00 per doz.

HANDSOME SATIN AND CAMEO MARSEILLES QUILTS.

$2.90, reduced to sale price, $2.05.
$3.00, reduced to sale price, $2.25.
$3.25, reduced to sale price, $2.50.
$3.50, reduced to sale price, $2.75.
$4.00, reduced to sale price, $3.00.
$4.50, reduced to sale price, $3.25.
$5.00, reduced to sale price, $3.50.
$6.50, reduced to sale price, $3.75.
$5.75, reduced to sale price, $4.00.
$6.25, reduced to sale price, $4.50.
$7.50, reduced to sale price, $5.00.
$8.00, reduced to sale price, $5.50.
$9.00, reduced to sale price, $6.00.

Special line of 5-8 x 5-8 Table Napkins, Heavy all pure Linen Damasks.
$1.75 dozen.
$2.00 dozen.
$2.25 dozen.

Seconds.—Table Napkins, 3-4 x 3-4 size prices $2.00, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $3.50, $3.80 per doz. Worth usually from $2.75 to $4.00 doz.

BATH MATS.

Just received another supply of Bath Mats, including all our old favorities.

Hemstitched and Embroidered Pillow Shams, $1.60, $1.80, $2.00, $2.25.

Swiss Tambourned Pillow Shams, $1.40, $1.60, $1.70, $1.75, $2.00, $2.40.

SIDEBOARD SCARFS.

Hemstitched and Fringed, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c.

TEA CLOTHS.

1 yd. x 1 1-4 yd. White Damask Linen 5 o'clock Tea Cloths, $1.25. Reduced to 41c.

Hemstitched and Fringed 5 o'clock Tea Cloths, 90c, 95c, $1.10.

Hemstitched and Frilled Linen Pillow Cases from $2.40 per pair.

10 Per Cent. off for Cash.

MAIL ORDERS A SPECIALTY.

JAMES A. OGILVY & SONS, St Catherine and Mountain Streets.

THE GREAT

AU BON MARCHE

ALPHONSE VALIQUETTE.

End of our January Cheap Sale

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY LIST.

TO-MORROW, BEING FRIDAY, and almost the last day of the month of January, draws to our mind the fact that although January is near an end, it has not been as busy a month as we expected. The weather has been greatly against our expected results, however we must be satisfied as we have now the long looked for snow and plenty of cold weather. Just the weather for our heavy goods, and we have plenty of them. Our stock is large and must be made smaller, and if January prices hold out during the month of February, you may expect great bargains at the old Reliable Stand of Alphonse Valiquette. The only house in Montreal where you can get more than value for your money, and where you are sure to call again.

Some of our Specialties for Friday.

250 yards Fancy Brocaded Dress Goods, worth 40c, for 25c.

500 yards 42 inch Colored Serge, worth ½, for 25c.

2000 yards Colored Whip Cords, worth 65c, for 45c.

250 yards Black Cashmere, worth 65c, for 44c.

1500 yards Beautiful Prints, cheap at 15c, for 6c.

2000 yards Check Muslin, worth 8c, for 5c.

3000 yards White Table Linen, worth 35c, for 21c.

2500 yards Better Table Linen, worth 40c, for 23c.

500 yards 72 inch Gray Cotton Sheeting, worth 15c, for 12½c.

700 yards 72 inch White Cotton Sheeting, worth 22c, for 15 1-2c.

1000 yards 36 inch Gray Cotton, worth 7c, for 5c.

1500 yards 36 inch Gray Cotton, worth 9c, for 7c.

1000 yards 40 inch Gray Cotton, worth 12c, for 8c.

750 yards Good White Cotton, worth 8c, for 6c.

1500 yards Fair Gray Flannel, worth 10c, for 6c.

300 yards Colored Opera Flannel, worth 30c, for 19c.

500 yards Salmon Colored Flannel, worth 30c, for 19c.

900 yards Brown Canton Flannel, worth 10c, for 6c.

300 yards Real Welsh Flannel, worth 50c, for 39c.

1000 yards Fancy Flannelettes, worth 10c, for 5c.

615 yards Good Serviceable Tweeds, worth 40c, for 30c.

320 yards Better Canadian Tweeds, worth 45c, for 35c.

350 yards Good Brilliantine, Frieze Coating, worth $1.75, for $1.25.

3500 yards Ladies' Fancy Cloaking, in all colors and qualities such as Beaver, Cheviot, Boucles, Serges, Velezes, Tweeds, etc., all at cost price Friday.

1000 yards Sealette, from $1.75 up to $12.50. If you want Sealette, come and see us.

350 Ladies' 3-4 Jackets, all kinds, at cost on Friday. These are all the latest styles.

75 Offs and ends in Mantles, Capes, Jackets, etc., all somewhat ancient, at far less than 1-2 cost.

2000 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar, for Friday 4c lb.

2000 lbs. Best Light Brown Sugar, for Friday 3c lb.

1000 lbs. Best Black or Japan Tea, worth 40c, for 19c.

1000 lbs. Good Black or Japan Tea, worth 20c, for 15c.

600 lbs. Good Breakfast Coffee, worth 25c, for 20c.

300 lbs. Best Breakfast Coffee, worth 45c, for 26c.

100 lbs. Best Gunpowder Tea, worth 50c, for 25c.

N.B.—To any customer buying 3 lbs. of our 25c Tea we will give to them gratis 2 lbs. of our Best Granulated Sugar.

300 lbs. Best Rolled Oats, Friday 7 lbs. for 20c.

We have Corn, Tomatoes, Peas, all at 5c per tin.

3 Bags Windsor Table Salt for 10c on Friday.

100 Bars Best Laundry Soap, 10c each or 3 for 25c.

1500 Bars Quaker Soap, the best Soap in the market today, for 9c Bar, but Friday 8 for 25c.

500 Bottles Genuine Imported Vichy Mineral Water, large bottles, worth 30c, Friday 18c.

All of our Tinware and Enamelled Ware, and all our Crockery Ware, Toilet Sets, etc., all at cost on Friday at the Great and Only

AU BON MARCHE,

ALPHONSE VALIQUETTE.

1883 & 1885 Notre Dame Street,

Opposite Balmoral Hotel Block.

PATRICK McGOVERN, Manager.

This List holds good for Saturday, if you cannot come on Friday

23tf

The Canadian Gold Fields Syndicate, Ltd.,

INCORPORATED UNDER THE IMPERIAL ACT 1862.

An Exploration and Mining Syndicate.

Operating under bond the High Grade Sunset Group of gold copper properties at Rossland. Owns the Jennie A rich silver property in Slocan, capitalization ten million shares, par value ten cents each, sold only at par, absolutely non-assessable, no personal liability, entire capital stock placed in Treasury. Head Office, Rossland.

HOWARD C. WALTERS, President and Managing Director.
JAMES CLARK, Superintendent War Eagle Mine, First Vice-President and Advisory Director.
J. C. DREWRY, Secretary-Treasurer.
BANKERS: Bank of Montreal and Bank of British North America.
SOLICITORS: Clute and Nelson, Rossland.

It is only intended to sell two million shares of the stock at present, that being sufficient to pay for the properties now under bond, equip them with machinery and provide ample working capital. The remaining eight million shares in the Treasury will not participate in the profits until sold. At any time, the syndicate to acquire other first class properties. Purchasers of syndicate shares at par (Ten cents) participate in the profits of every transaction of the Company.

The Sunset is now being actively developed by the Canadian Gold Fields Syndicate, Limited. A shaft is down 45 feet in pay ore. Five assays made from fair samples clear across the shaft, give the following results in gold: No. 1, $44; No. 2, $42; No. 3, $50.40; No. 4, $48; No. 5, $56. No shaft in the Camp gives superior results.

Plans for complete steam hoist, air compressor, and four-drill plant, are under way, and as soon as equipped extraction and shipment of pay ore in quantity will begin.

Subscriptions are now invited for the fully paid non-assessable shares of the CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS SYNDICATE, Limited, at TEN CENTS per share. Prospectus on application.

Send orders and remittances through any bank, broker, or direct to the

CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS SYNDICATE, Limited, ROSSLAND, B.C.

Agents and Correspondents Wanted Everywhere. 6tys

The Only Departmental Store in the City Selling Exclusively for Cash.

HAMILTON'S FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY.

JANUARY 29th, 1897.

Last Great Sale Before Stocktaking

It's a case of MUST! That's the right way to put it. It's a case of MUST SELL. But one day to Stocktaking, and many a thousand dollars worth of goods that we won't take inventory of, no matter what the loss. It's to be a day of General Cleaning Up of all stocks and every department manager has orders. We can't guarantee how long some of the lots will last, and we can't guarantee to fill Mail Orders; but we can guarantee the Lowest Prices that you ever saw here or elsewhere.

A Dept—Oilcloths. In Basement

Goods that we intend clearing every yard of to-morrow. Values such as you've never heard of before.

9 pieces of English Floor Oilcloth, full 72 inch or two yards wide, good quality and nice patterns. Friday, square yard. **16c**

Extra Heavy Scotch Linoleum, two yards wide, well seasoned and weather dried, regular 50c goods, to-morrow, square yard. **37c**

B Dept—House Furnishings.

Main Floor



Our last clearing sale in House Furnishing Goods before Stock Taking.

Here are bargains that you will not ignore if you want big value for your money.

Bargains such as you will find only at Hamilton's.

200 GOOD CARPET BROOMS, good strong handles. Friday . . . **5½c**

162 Bread Boxes like cut, Japanned in different colors and Gold Striped. Friday **22c**



111 sets of Imt. Horn Handle Carvers, knife and fork like cut. Regular 25c. Friday . . **12½c**



288 Genuine Steel Blade, Carv. 1 Wood Handle Bread Knives, 20c. Friday . . **8c**

1 dozen Hamilton's Pure White Rubber Roller Wringers. Sold elsewhere $3.00. Friday . . . **$1.89**



70 only sets of Mrs. Potts' Nickel Sad Irons, in sets of three, stand and handle, worth $1.00. To-morrow, Friday, in the morning only . . **59c**

100 dozen of Dinner and Dessert size Plated Knives like cut. Regularly sold $1.75. Our price To-morrow, per half dozen . . . **55c**

OTHER SPECIAL BARGAINS.

Good Washboards, Zinc Covered, Regular 15c; Friday, 8c.

Large Size Wash Tubs, well hooped iron, Regular 75c, Friday 38c.

Stove, Shoe and Scrubbing Brushes, worth up to 15c. Your choice Friday at 5c.

Extra Heavy Steel Frying Pans, 15c. Friday 9c.



As a special inducement to early shoppers, to-morrow, Friday morning, between the hours of 8 and 11, we will give FREE to purchasers a Wire Strainer, with Black Japaned Handle, like cut, worth 10c.

J Dept—Furs First Floor.

Especially suitable for Opera Cloaks, and Children's Garments.

20 pieces of Imt. Ermine Fur Trimming in 1, 1 1-2 and 2 inch widths, worth 40c, 60c, and 75c; your choice Friday at any width . . . at yard. **12½c**

L Dept—GLOVES. First Floor.



Odds and Ends of our Kid Glove stock about 20 dozen in all, pearl button welts to match, 4 button, embroidered backs, all in Tan shades worth up to $1.00. Your choice at . . . pair **49c**

15 dozen of Ladies' White and Black strictly all wool Ringwood Gloves—cannot be bought elsewhere less than 25c; our Friday price, pair. **10c**

N Dept—Neckwear. 1st Floor



3 dozen of the new Lace Trimmed, Silk Crepe Marie Antoinette Fichu, like cut, regular $1.25 value. Friday each . . . **69c**

1000 yards of Gauffred Chiffon, regular 9c. To clear to-morrow, yard. **1½c**

R Dept—Leather Goods. 1st Floor



300 Ladies' Combination Card Case and Purse in Plain Seal and embossed leather; original value, 35c. Friday . . . **19c**

O Dept—Handkerchiefs.

First Floor.



Why we always lead in values!

150 Dozen of Ladies' Fine Lawn Hemstitched Handkerchiefs worth 60c dozen. You can buy them here Friday at

2c each

Q Dept—Soaps. 1st Floor.



Prices that will astonish soap buyers.

500 Boxes of Hearles' White Clover Honey Toilet Soap, in boxes containing 3 cakes and weighing 1 lb., regularly sold 25c box. Friday's price, box. **10½c**

1000 Bars of Pure Marble Castile Soap, the large Bar that retails at 5c. Our Price To-morrow . . . **2c bar**

C Dept—Groceries.



This is our celebrated pound package of India Ceylon at **25c** equal to any 30c sold to-day. Don't take our word for it but try a package. Thousands of others have, and are now buying their Tea from us.

Hamilton's Breakfast Coffee, fresh ground, equal to what others sell at 40c, our price 25c lb.

25 cases of Sunlight Soap, 11-2c cake, 8 for 13c.

10 Bags of A1 Rice such as the grocers sell at 5c. Friday . . . **3c lb**

20 Cases of Concentrated Lye, the kind you pay 5c for. Friday . . . **2½c** tin.

H Dept—Shoes. Peel st Arcade

We commence to enter stock on Saturday, these must be cleared out before then.

200 pairs of best quality Indian Lorette Moccasins:

Children's sizes	7 to 10,	55c Friday 39c
Misses' sizes	11 to 2,	70c Friday 49c
Boys' sizes	3 to 5,	90c Friday 69c
Men's sizes	7 to 10,	$1.25 Friday 98c

Come early as in some lines the quantities are small.

W Dept—Smallwares. 2nd Floor

Hair Pins, plain and crimped, 3c,	Friday 1c
Hair Pins, invisible,	3c, Friday 1c
Aluminum Thimbles,	5c, Friday 1c
Tailors' Thimbles,	5c, Friday 1c
Curling Irons,	5c, Friday 2c
Dressing Combs,	10c, Friday 2c
Dress Shields,	15c, Friday 2c
Side Combs,	25c, Friday 5c
6 yds. Feather Stitching,	10c, Friday 4c
Spring Tape Measures,	10c, Friday 4c
Back Combs,	15c, Friday 7c
Nail Brushes, Ivory,	15c, Friday 7c
Hair Brushes,	20c, Friday 10c

PATENT MEDICINES.

Not the extravagant prices you used to pay, but the least that we, buying in large quantities, can afford to sell for. Almost every family has need of some of these medicines at this season of the year, and our interest in the business is to save you all the money we can. Compare our values:—

	Retail Price.	Our Price Friday
Carter's Little Liver Pills	25c	12½c
Pitcher's Castoria	50c	25c
Baume Rhumal	25c	15c
Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum	25c	16½c
Scott's Emulsion	$1.00	62½c
Hood's Sarsaparilla	1.00	69c
Paine's Celery Compound	1.00	67½c

X Dept—LININGS. Second Floor

Another 100 pieces of best glove finish Cambric for to-morrow's sale at yard . . . **4c**

Lots of Odds and Ends in linings we don't want to take in stock will be given away to-morrow.

Y Dept—Colored Dress Goods.

20 pieces more of our 10c Gray Tweed for Ladies' costumes, cannot be duplicated elsewhere less than 25c or 30c.

15 pieces assorted in Navy, Garnet and Brown, fine all wool, double fold, shot effect dress goods, regular 50c and 60c values. Your choice Friday at . . . **35c yd**

Z Dept—Black Dress Goods

We are prepared for the crowds that will be at this counter to-morrow.

20 pieces of Good All Wool, 44 inch wide, heavy French Foule, original values 55c and 65c; take what you want to-morrow at . . . **22½c yd**

AK Dept—Silks and Velvets

We won't inventory these silks. The remainder our handsome Black Broche Satin Duchesse, the 98c, $1.00 and $1.25 qualities, Friday all at . . . **65c yd**

There are lots of lines to clear here to-morrow at practically your own price.

A H Dept—Linens. 2nd Floor

Our Lonsdale Cambric at 8 3-4c compares with what other stores sell at 12c. Take what you want to-morrow at the above price.

See the elegant wide White Cotton we will offer to-morrow at 4c yard.

A G Dept—Flannels and Prints.

SPECIAL.

Big line of Swansdown Flannelette, the kind sold by others, regular 15c and as a cut 12 1-2c. Here to-morrow 10c yard.

Big line of Wide Prints, good quality. To-morrow at 4c yard.

Accidents will happen.

One of our hot water coils burst and damaged about 20 pairs of White Wool Blankets—some are very dirty, others only slightly marked—

PLATT AND HIS TOGA.

Republicans Celebrate His Election to the Senate.

MANY DINERS AT HIS GREAT DINNER.

They Hail as Chief the Man Who Was Once Discarded.

New York, January 28.—A World's special from Albany, N. Y., says: One thousand prominent representatives of the dominant political party of the State of New York sat down to a $5000 dinner to honor that party's chief and to celebrate his election to the United States Senate.

The event as not uncommon. The interest centres in the man, the political manager, his history as it interwines with the recent political history of the country, his plans, his platform, his pledges. This banquet hall is an illustrated page of American politics. Its lights are brilliant; its shadows dark.

Thomas C. Platt's career furnishes a striking illustration of the power of perseverance. It was a long rise for him from the position of village merchant in Oswego N. Y., to the United States Senate, to which Mr. Platt was elected in January, 1881. It was a long and ludicrous fall two months later back to private life and political obscurity. No one thought he would rise again. It was he, and not Roscoe Conkling, who first conceived the plan of resigning the Senatorship and appealing to the State Legislature for a vindication after President Garfield had affronted both Senators by nominating their worst enemy —William H. Robertson, for the post of Collector for the port of New York.

Mr. Platt had scarcely warmed his seat in the Senate when the new President, at the instigation of Secretary Blaine, threw down the gauntlet and defied all the New York stalwart Republicans." Platt's act of resigning pleased Conkling's love of dramatic effect. As the senior Senator and admitted leader of the Republican party in New York he resigned first and Platt, the junior Senator, followed.

The title of "Me Too" was thus fastened unjustly upon Mr. Platt, and, as ridicule is the most powerful weapon against a politician, it was for a long time crushing to him.

Conkling and Platt went to Albany to get their vindication from the Legislature. They hoped for immediate reelection. Conkling remained there a few hours only. In his lordly and patronizing way he made known his desires, but Mr. Platt made a personal campaign among the members, appealing individually to him in explaining how Garfield had broken the most solemn pledges ever given in New York politics. Mr. Platt passionately pleaded that New York Senators tamely consented to the President's breach of faith they would be faithless alike to friendship and to party and would be unworthy of the confidence of their own supporters.

Conkling's scorn, disdain and Platt's earnest pleading were alike futile. Both Senators had underestimated the tremendous power of patronage which a new President commands, as well as the irresistible pressure of personal ambition of others who aspired to the seats in the Senate. Both Conkling and Platt contemptuously resigned. Both Senators staked all on the issue and lost all. Warner Miller and Elbridge G. Lapham were elected to the vacant chairs in the Senate.

Conkling's political sun set forever on the night of his defeat. Platt had more than the discomfiture of defeat. He was laughed at as nothing but a "Me Too"—a man who threw away a six year term in the United States Senate at the dictation of another from mere childlike spite. Platt bore the gibes with stoical reticence.

Platt's foes in the Republican party have failed to beat him for many reasons, one of the most important of which is, that most of them are influential gentlemen of leisure, who take long summer vacations in Europe. Mr. Platt was never known to take a vacation in politics or to go to Europe.

Thus when the influential gentlemen of the Union League Club saw no hope of electing the Republican ticket in 1893, but were anxious to make a State campaign of the tariff issue, Mr. Platt cut out all reference to the tariff in the State platform in the hope of capturing the Mugwump vote against Maynard. Then he personally endorsed notes for $25,000 and borrowed the money to open the campaign headquarters and begin the fight.

The fruits of that victory are still his. He has been for years the uncrowned king of New York Republicans. He refused at Saratoga last August the richest prize in their gift, the governorship, because he preferred the senatorship.

There is no longer a "Big Four" in New York State, but only a "Big One." Mr. Platt will take his seat in the United States Senate on March 4, after sixteen years of banishment from that mystic chamber, and the history of Republican politics in the nation in the next four years will be written by William McKinley in conjunction with the three solitary political bosses of three Imperial States, Platt of New York, Quay, of Pennsylvania and Foraker, of Ohio, who will stand closer than brothers, and who understand each other in everything.

Watch them! McKinley already dreads this triumvirate. It could have defeated his nomination for President if the compact between them had been made in time.

SERIOUS ALLEGATION.

Ottawa, Jan. 28.—Charles Golgoleen and Peter Clement, two Poles, have been arrested on the charge of displacing the switch whereby the accident on the Ontario, Arnprior & Parry Sound Railway occurred on Thursday last in which three men were killed.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big old fashioned sugar coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

to take with Hood's

21

The arrests were made by Detective Hatton, and the men were placed in the Renfrew gaol to-day. They will come up on Monday for their preliminary trial at Renfrew. The men were working in a lumber shanty a few miles from the siding where the accident occurred. Both were teamsters and had occasion to pass the siding very frequently. It is said that on the day of the accident they were driving their teams along the railway track, contrary to the law against trespassing on railway property, and the weight of their loads dragged over the switch, caused the switch to be displaced.

SENATE'S ACTION.

Arbitration to be Properly Treated —The Cuban Matter.

(Special to the Star.)

New York, January 28.—Word has come to the financial community from high sources in Washington that the arbitration treaty will be ratified by the Senate, and that there will be no interference in the Cuban struggle without very good cause.

It may be that there will be feints at obstruction in the discussions of the treaty and more loud talking over the sufferings of the struggling revolutionists on the southern island. But that these checks will be of serious consequence there is now no good ground for fearing.

The Senators must get a chance to blow off before those of their constituents who eat fire. As the way a well known Washingtonian put it in a letter to a Wall street banker the other day: "Besides, they want to show how much they hate Cleveland; not how much they dislike England and cleave to Cuba, and they are simply looking for a chance to get out gracefully."

Since the first flurry over the attitude of Congress on these matters passed off the Senators have been fairly bombarded with letters from their constituents urging immediate ratification of the treaty and extreme deliberation in dealing with Cuban affairs. It is in response to these messages that the assurances referred to have been sent here, and that part of the business community that have been apprised of them are very much reassured in consequence.

If they were as confident that the tariff tinkering would be speedily put an end to they would be disposed to put their shoulders to the wheel to bring about the long looked for era of prosperity.

SUNDAY CARS IN TORONTO.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, January 28. The Council held a special meeting yesterday for the purpose of considering the recommendations of the legislative Committee for legislation to be applied for at the next session of the Ontario Legislature. Among the recommendations agreed to were the following: To validate and confirm the agreement to be entered into between the city and the Toronto Railway Co. as to the island service to authorize the corporation to use the revenue derived from the Toronto Railway Co. whether by percentages or otherwise, in constructing a bridge or bridges to the island and roadways upon the island, and to issue debentures therefor, to validate and confirm the agreement to be entered into between the city and the Toronto Railway Co. in reference to the running of cars on the Lord's Day, if the same is approved by the citizens. A provision added to this last recommendation to the effect that the confirmation of the said agreement is not to make the running of cars on the Lord's Day legal if the same is a violation of the Lord's Day act.

ARRIVED AT ST. JOHN.

St. John, N.B., January 28.—Following is the list of saloon passengers per Beaver Line steamship Lake Ontario, which arrived at St. John, N.B., at 4 p.m. yesterday:—Mr. A. Ewart, Mr. Ernest H. Townsend, Mrs. Doble, Mr. R. Weinberg, Mr. A. Weinberg, also 12 intermediate and 90 steerage passengers.

The Beaver Line mail steamship Lake Ontario, Capt. Campbell, arrived yesterday from Liverpool with mails, merchandise and passengers. The cabin passengers are: Messrs. Lardal and Manes, R. T. Smith, Miss G. Tuthall, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. E. Hannay, Messrs. Restorick, R. J. Soder, J. P. McNaughton, Geo. Day and Thos. Bennett, St. John; R. Weinberg, New York; A. Ewart and Charles Kenney, St. John; Ernest H. Townsend, Toronto, and Mrs. Doble, Montreal. The Ontario also brought about 100 steerage passengers. Among them are twenty-one French-Canadians who went to Brazil and became stranded there. They are being sent home by the Canadian Government.

SHOT HIMSELF AT QUEBEC.

Quebec, January 28. Last Friday a young man apparently between 18 and 20 years of age, arrived here and registered at the Chateau Frontenac as Chester S. Sands, of New Orleans. Last evening shortly before 8 o'clock the head clerk went to his room, and through the keyhole saw him sitting in a chair, but could get no answer. A boy was sent in through the transom, and the door opened, when it was found that the young man was stone dead. On the floor in a pool of blood, lay a small calibre revolver and a pair of scissors, and a bullet hole in the left temple showed plainly the cause of death. There were 15 cents in his pocket, some cigarettes and a pawn ticket. His clothing was plain, but good, the linen goods coming from Tooke, of Montreal. He signed himself C. S. Sands, with a large note of interrogation after the name. He seems to have been perfectly familiar with the South, and spoke somewhat broken English and good French before coming to Quebec the deceased was at the Windsor, Montreal.

STRIKE IS ON AGAIN.

Halifax, N.S., January 28. The announcement that the strike at the Springhill Mines had ended now appears to have been premature. When the agreement drawn up by the committee representing the Provincial Workmen's Association was presented to Mr. Cowans the manager, he refused to sign it. This was owing to a clause referring to the matter of Henry Rae, a miner whom Mr. Cowans did not wish to put to work immediately. Mr. Cowans said he would re-engage him on February 15, but not before. The miners refused to accept this proposition and the strike is still on. Unless a settlement is speedily reached, great privation will result as the men can get no coal without money and are resorting to the woods for fuel.

MORE SWINDLES.

Chatham, Ont., January 28.—(Special.) The man Knox, with the varied assortment of aliases, arrested at Doucet's Landing a few days ago by the Canadian Secret Service on numerous charges of swindling, in representing himself as an agent of Eaton, Toronto, is wanted here. A. E. Ham, dry goods merchant, charges that Knox swindled him last summer.

MINE IN SLOCAN.

Vancouver, B.C., January 28. — Word has been received from the Tacoma smelter, that the net returns on a shipment of forty tons of ore from the Two Friends mine, in Slocan, give $130 per ton. Another shipment of 20 tons is now en route while the contract has just been let for work at the mine, which will largely increase its output.

Brief Notes of the News.

The Ottawa branch of the Canadian Federation of Labor has declared for an alien labor law, and reciprocity in its provisions with the United States.

The Washington's Birthday Celebration Committee of Chicago has sent an invitation to Premier Laurier, urging his acceptance of an invitation to speak at the banquet to be held in that city on February 22 next. The Premier, however, has declined, owing to great pressure of public business consequent upon the early opening of Parliament.

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Mr. Hugh Sutherland, a farmer, who has lived in West Zorra, Ont., for about sixty years, left Woodstock on Monday evening to walk to his sister's on the Governor's Road, about four miles of the town. It was intensely cold, and he was found the next morning about one hundred yards from his sister's house so badly frozen, that he died shortly afterwards.

* * *

Invitations will be issued next week for the formal opening of the Ontario Legislature, Sergeant-at-Arms Glackmeyer is busy making preparations for the event. The Speech from the Throne will be made by the administrator, Sir Casimir Gzowski, and as Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick's term of office expires in April, he has for the last time formally opened the Legislature.

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A gas explosion occurred in a mine owned by Shields Laird and the Hurst Coal Company at Smock Station, Pa., at the Redstone branch of the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charlestown Road. Two men were blown into atoms and seven perhaps fatally injured and two less seriously. One of the miners drilled into a pocket of gas, and, as naked lights were used, an explosion followed.

* * *

The London Times publishes a despatch from its correspondent in Rome, saying that it is learned upon the most credible authority that the Italian Government has decided to abandon the entire territory of Erythrea, except, perhaps, Massowah, but it is considered probable, the correspondent adds, that even Massowah will not long continue to be held by the Italians.

* * *

Three hundred and fifty hands employed in the Phoenix Silk Manufactory at Paterson, N.J., refused to go to work yesterday. The Golden Rod mill employes were the first to strike. The employers conceded their demand by increasing their wages 20 per cent. This led to the other strike.

* * *

Postmaster-General Wilson, of Washington, has made public the statement of postal receipts for the quarter ending December 31, 1896, as compared with the receipts for the corresponding period of 1895, which shows a decrease of about $30,000 and is taken to be an indication of general business depression.

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Joseph Belanger, employed in Mr. Chaloux's sawmill at Quebec, met his death while placing a strap on a pulley wheel. He was caught by the revolving shaft and whirled around it like a flash. The engine was promptly stopped, but he was found to be already dead.

* * *

The upsetting of a coal oil can in Laurin's Hotel, Gatineau Point, opposite Ottawa, last evening, caused the destruction of the hotel, two dwelling houses and three general stores, in one of which the post office and telegraph and telephone offices were situated. The loss will foot up about $40,000.

* * *

It is understood that when the report on the arbitration treaty is made to the American Senate, a motion will be made to discuss it in open session. Some members of the committee believe that this motion will carry, and that it will be a good thing for the country to have this public debate.

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A conference of Grand Trunk officials was held in Toronto yesterday. Those present were Superintendent Fitzhugh and Divisional Superintendent McGuigan, of Toronto; Cotter, of Montreal; Jones, of London, and Tiffin, of Allandale.

* * *

At the suit of J. R. Lithgow and R. T. Borden, trustees for the bondholders of the McDougall Distilling Company vs. the Eastern Trust Company, as liquidators, the Sheriff of Halifax sold the distillery at auction, to Mr. Lithgow for the bondholders for the sum of $1000.

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Rev. John Vonbost, the Methodist preacher, of Oswego, N.Y., who pleaded guilty to an indictment for felony, was sentenced yesterday to Onondaga County penitentiary for eighteen months by Justice Wright.

* * *

At Shelburne, Ont., yesterday, James Ballard, James Corbett, William Reid and David Ballard were committed for trial for incendiarism. The case of Lon Smith also resulted in the same way.

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Winnipeg, January 28.—(Special.)—J. Shaw, aged 46, a prominent contractor of this city, died yesterday of cancer. He came here from Quebec Province fifteen years ago.

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The Emperor in honor of his birthday has conferred the decoration of the Order of the Black Eagle upon Dr. Von Lucanus, Chief of His Majesty's Civil Cabinet, and Dr. Miquel, Prussian Minister of Finance.

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It is stated from Rome, that Father E. P. Allen, president of Mount St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg, Md., will be appointed Bishop of Wilmington, Del.

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Herr Frentzel, a merchant, and Herr Krupp, the gunmaker of Essen, have been appointed life members of the Upper House of the Prussian Landtag.

CHICAGO'S SEVERE COLD.

Chicago, January 28.— The cold wave that began Saturday night has abated little in its severity. Up to 9 o'clock yesterday the temperature in Chicago had remained for seventy-nine hours below the zero mark. This breaks all previous records. The Weather Bureau announces the severe cold will continue the rest of the week.

GOLD AT ACTINOLITE.

Actinolite, Ont., January 28.—An assay has been made of ore taken from the property of Mr. Joseph James, of this place, and it shows the gold value to be $21.07 per ton.

THE TORY ELECTED.

London, January 28.—The election to fill the seat in the House of Commons for Salisbury, recently made vacant by the acceptance of the stewardship of the Chiltern hundreds by Edward Henry Hulse, Conservative, was held yesterday and resulted in the return of Mr. Alhusen, the Conservative candidate, who received 1425, to1278 cast for Mr. Fuller, his Liberal opponent. At the last general election Mr. Hulse was returned by a majority of 24 over Sir W. R. Brown, Home Ruler.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

Prospects of a Big Attendance at the Toronto Meeting.

Toronto, January 28. — The arrangements for the meeting in Canada this year of the British Association for the Advancement of Science are now approaching completion. The association has not met on this side of the ocean since 1884, when it met in Montreal under the presidency of Lord Rayleigh. This year it will meet in Toronto under the presidency of Sir John Evans, treasurer of the Royal Society, and a distinguished archaeologist. The meeting will begin on August 18 and last for about a week. There will be daily sessions of most sections and in all details the usual programme followed when the association assembles in some English town. The Canadian Parliament, the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, and the city of Toronto have voted grants sufficient to defray the expenses of the meeting. The buildings of the University of Toronto are to be used, and a civic committee has been at work for some months making preparation for the event. The Canadian railways are granting special rates to the members of the association who wish to journey about the country after the meeting and several excursions under the auspices of the local committee have been planned. The attendance promises to be large.

Among those who have announced that, if circumstances permit, they intend to be present are: Lord Lister, the retiring president of the Association; Lord Kelvin, Sir Henry Roscoe, LL. D.; Prof. A. G. Vernon Harcourt, Prof. G. Carey Foster, F.R.S.; Prof. Burdon-Sanderson, LL.D., F.R.S.; Prof. W. T. R. Weldon, F.R.S.; Prof. Milne, F.R.S.; Major L. Darwin, F.R.G.S.; J. Scott Keltie, F. R. G. S.; Prof. Lloyd Morgan, Prof. George Darwin, F.R.S., Prof. T. G. Bonney, F. R. S.; Prof. Boyd Dawkins, F.R.S., F. R. A. S.G.S.; Francis Galton, D.C.L.; Prof. Henry Sedgwick.

The Council of the Association has already chosen presidents for several of the sections, and the names announced so far are: Geology, Dr. G. M. Dawson, of Ottawa; chemistry, Prof. William Ramsay; Zoology, Prof. Louis C. Miall; anthropology, Dr. Wm. Turner; physiology, Prof. Michael Foster; botany, Prof. Marshall Ward.

In fixing upon Detroit as its meeting place, in 1897, and by placing the opening a week in advance of the date for the British Association in Toronto, it seems to be the intention of many members of the American Association for the Advancement of Science to come here, and other scientific bodies in the United States will also send delegates, so that it is thought probable that more than a thousand scientific men will be present here next August. But not only will the attendance include the British and Americans, for the local committee are using a portion of the funds voted to invite nearly fifty of the most famous of continental men of science from France, Germany, etc.

WIMAN'S NEW PLAN

Would Connect Roads Entering New York and Jersey City With Ships at Staten Island.

Washington, January 28.—The House Committee on Commerce and several representatives of the Interstate Commerce Commission listened to a speech by Erastus Wiman, of New York, in support of a proposed amendment to the Interstate Commerce law, which provides that any common carrier desiring to form a through route for interstate traffic over its own line or any part thereof may do so by notifying the other common carriers concerned of the proposed rate and divisions of fares and proposed routes.

In cases of disagreement the Interstate Commerce Commission may prescribe rates and routes, or it may do so at the request of any person interested in the interstate traffic under the amendment.

Mr. Wiman proposes to build a terminal railroad, for the purpose of connecting the railroads entering New York and Jersey City with ships at Staten Island. The cost of lighterage in New York harbor, he represented, is diverting commerce from that harbor to Montreal, St. John, Boston, Norfolk and Galveston. On the 200,000,000 bushels of grain which reached New York last year the lighterage charges amounted to $18 per thousand bushels. The commerce of New York in grain was falling off annually, and the Brooklyn store houses were empty. The operation of the proposed amendment would not only benefit hundreds of smaller railroads in the country, but would make Staten Island a commercial rival of Brooklyn.

PALMER ARRESTED.

The Mamaroneck Murderer Caught in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., January 28.—Arthur Palmer, who shot dead his mother, sister and brother at Mamaroneck, N. Y., was arrested by Captain O'Malley and Detective Gocking, of the St. Louis force at the Planter's Hotel, yesterday afternoon. Palmer is a handsome, well-dressed man, about 45 years old, and has been at the hotel for a week registered as Paul Jones. The arrest was made on a long distance telephone message from Sheriff Johnson, of Westchester County, N.Y. The sheriff telephoned that Palmer had been traced to St. Louis, and could probably be found at one of the hotels. During his stay at the Hotel Palmer kept closely to his room. When on the ground floor he would find a secluded corner in the library away from the crowd. Police Captain O'Malley and Detective Gocking located Palmer at the Planter's. Manager Cunningham pointed him out sitting in a corner of the library. When told that he was a prisoner, Palmer collapsed, and had to be helped to the patrol waggon. He was in such apparent helplessness that the officers did not press him with questions.

CINCINNATI FIRE.

A Malt-House Burned; Loss Quarter Million.

Cincinnati, Ohio, January 28.—At 2 this morning a fire alarm, followed immediately by a ten-blow-call, summoning the entire available force of the fire department to the big five-story malt-house of Herman, Goepher and Company. This building, with its heavy stock and material, was wholly destroyed. The loss on the building and stock is estimated at $850,000. Overman and Schroder's cordage warerooms in the same building, were destroyed with contents, and their loss is included in the above estimate. All the burned property was on the north side of Commerce street. A powder house, two doors north of the fire, gave some alarm, and kept the police busy clearing the streets until the danger was practically over. Goepher and Company are fully insured.

Old Country Opinion.

BURNING QUESTIONS.

(Daily Telegraph.)

"Many of the burning questions which threatened trouble at this time last year have been satisfactorily and honorably disposed of. The Venezuelan difficulty, which loomed so large and so menacingly in January, 1896, has not only been virtually settled, but has afforded us an opportunity of arranging with the United States the basis of an arrangement by which the minor differences which so often lead to strain and tension shall be referred to arbitration. Such an achievement in itself should strengthen immensely the power and prestige of the Ministry. There will, no doubt, be considerable discussion, from several points of view, on the situation in South Africa, but the investigations of the Parliamentary Committee as to the events which preceded and produced the unfortunate Jameson raid will dispel many of the wild rumors and unfounded imputations which have been assiduously circulated. So long as President Kruger and his colleagues refuse the execution of those reforms necessary to redress the admitted grievances of the Uitlanders there will be no period to the unrest that prevails in South Africa; but, even with regard to this perennial source of uneasiness, the situation has improved immensely since last year, because it is recognized abroad that England will allow no interference with her position as paramount power south of the Zambezi. There is, of course, that unfailing fount of mischief, the Eastern question, but here, again, we can congratulate ourselves on the admitted fact that the situation, though by no means satisfactory, has at least seemingly improved."

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THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

(Daily Telegraph.)

"Nothing indeed has been a more striking or gratifying phenomenon of English political life during the last ten or fifteen years than the growing impatience of the masses of the people with the Little Englander theory of national policy. If some of them still remain insensible to the greatness of their country and the dignity of its Imperial mission, it is only because they have been slower than the rest to emancipate themselves from the influence of that school of Radicalism whose one endeavor is by every sort of bribe and promise to keep the working man's attention concentrated upon a narrow circle of sectional interests. The last election showed, however, that the large majority of them are capable of broader views, that they have risen to the conception of themselves as the inheritors of a world-wide Empire, which they intend to preserve and bequeath, and that whatever their relations with this or the other party in matters of industrial politics at home, they will make short work of any political group or faction by whom that splendid patrimony is neglected or endangered."

* * *

RHODES' MARCH.

(London Daily News.)

"The evidence of Mr. Rhodes's reception goes to suggest that the shock of the Jameson Raid has not been so far-reaching as some hoped and others feared, and yet more expected. It is difficult, as we said the other day, to estimate at a distance the precise significance of popular ovations, and it will be well to wait and see what comes of the counter-demonstration now being organized against Mr. Rhodes. Meanwhile some things are already indisputable. Mr. Rhodes received popular ovations in some even of the most Dutch districts of the Colony. At Capetown the motion to "receive" him was carried in the Town Council by eleven to two. The Mayor was in the chair at the banquet, and according to Mr. Fuller, three-fourths of the whole electorate of Capetown signed the address of welcome to Mr. Rhodes. These are certainly remarkable facts, and, so far as they go, seem to show that public opinion in Cape Colony is tending to revert to its old condition."

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RHODES' ACTIONS.

(Daily Times.)

The conduct of Mr. Cecil Rhodes in courting the popular applause of Cape Colony at the present moment is not calculated to impress his fellow-countrymen in his favor. He is coming to England to give explanations of his part in transactions which have been reprobated by the moral sense of the nation, and which have led to the conviction and punishment of some of those directly concerned in them. Mr. Rhodes will perhaps be able to justify to the satisfaction of the Select Committee such share as he may have taken in the incidents preceding the Jameson raid, but he is at present the object of grave accusations, which are not unsupported by evidence. It seems in bad taste, to use no harsher expression, for a man in this position, however eminent his public services, to allow himself to be made the recipient of a popular ovation, or to speak with contempt and bitterness of the impending enquiry into his acts.

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JAMESON'S RAID.

(Daily Chronicle.)

"To-day no English journal of influence or repute, Conservative, Unionist or Liberal, approves the raid, or the methods of its organizers, or Mr. Rhodes's more recent effort to cover up the consequences of haste and illegality. For our part, we would forgive Mr. Rhodes much if he could be brought to a sense of what civilized government, order, right dealing, the vast responsibilities of a world-wide Empire, mean. But at present we see no signs of such a healing process. Mr. Rhodes is unrepentant and untaught. He is speaking and behaving not as an ex-Minister of the Empire, but as a half-loyal, or shall we say quarter-loyal, subject, with a pronunciamiento in his eye. That is all very well for Cuba or South America, but it does not do here. And the sooner Mr. Rhodes understands this the better for the fragments of his reputation."

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A STAGE SHAM TRUTH.

(Truth.)

"Those who are wise will attach simply no importance whatever to the Rhodes demonstration in Cape Colony. Provided your purse is long enough —and Mr. Rhodes' is —you can hire a mob to cheer there as easily as in the home market, and probably more easily; for I take it that South Africa at the present time is exceptionally full of the tag-rag and bob-tail of civilization. I have talked on this point during the last week with many who know Cape Colony intimately, and all take it as a matter of course that this imposing popular outburst is a stage-managed sham.

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IRELAND'S TAXATION.

(Daily News.)

"We must not forget that the over-taxation of Ireland was a grievance long before Home Rule came within the range of practical politics. Forty years ago, in 1857, Sir Joseph McKenna anticipated in a pamphlet much of the evidence given before the Commission. But, indeed, the main facts are not seriously disputed. In the debates on the Home Rule bill both Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Goschen admitted that the proper share of Ireland in Imperial taxation was from an eighteenth to a twentieth. Yet Ireland now pays a thirteenth of the whole."

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INDIAN GOVERNMENT.

(Daily Chronicle.)

"Let it not be forgotten that the Indian Government have failed in the first function of a civilized Government—namely, to guard the lives of the people whom they rule. With their famine insurance fraud, and their costly but often inefficacious relief works, the Government of India have not done all that was possible to save the people from famine. The occurrence of famine is not an unexpected calamity in India; why has there not been in existence long ere this a properly organized system of grain storage — at once more effectual in the face of famine, and more in consonance with the habits and traditions of the people?"

ARCHBISHOPS.

Dr. Temple the Ninety-Eighth in the See of Canterbury.

One summer morning, nearly twelve hundred years ago, Gregory, a Christian priest, was passing the slave market at Rome, when his attention was drawn to a group of beautiful children, with blue eyes and golden hair. He inquired of the dealer what nation they belonged to and was told that they were from the province of Deira, in the land of the Angles, or English. "Non Angli sed Angeli"—not Angles but Angels—said the priest to himself as he turned away. "I must do something to save them from the wrath of God." Gregory was never able to carry out his wish personally, but when he was elected Pope he sent a mission to England headed by his friend Augustine. Hence it was that one sunny afternoon a little band of forty monks landed on the shores of Kent, and formed into a procession, followed by Augustine and headed by one of their number, bearing a board upon which was painted the crucifixion. They proceeded, singing a Latin Litany, to where the King of Kent, Ethelbert, awaited them. The monarch was converted before long—his wife being already a Christian—and gave a site in Canterbury to Augustine for a church. Some antiquaries think a church had already been built on this particular site during the Roman period, and that the building was in existence at the time of the landing of Augustine. Be that as it may, it was there, where now stands the great cathedral, that the first Archbishop of Canterbury established his throne.

Since his time ninety-seven men, excluding him who was formally enthroned yesterday, have held the high office of Archbishop. Amongst these many stand out by reason of their zeal for the church, their saintliness, or statesmanship.

One of the most prominent of archbishops in the Old English period was Dunstan, who was afterwards canonised. The great work that he achieved was the enforcing of celibacy upon the priesthood. Grievous scandals had arisen, and even the religious clergy—that is, the monks—were in many cases married. This, Dunstan rooted out, and also enforced the rule upon the secular clergy. The historians of those days were invariably biased, and the stories of Dunstan's enormities may be dismissed as mainly fictitious.

At the time of the Norman Conquest Stigand was Archbishop. He was a man who had constantly resisted the efforts of Rome to gain absolute control over the English Church, and it was on the condition that William should bring that Church more directly under the sway of the sovereign pontiff that the Pope blessed the expedition which eventually conquered this country. It is remarkable that throughout English history there has ever been a stubborn resistance against the claims of Rome. Stigand was removed by the Conqueror from office, and Lafranc, a subservient Normand, ruled in his stead.

The next Archbishop who stands out from the page of history is Thomas a Becket. Originally a Court favorite, Henry II. appointed him to the See of Canterbury, hoping that he would aid the King in breaking up the power of the Church, which had by this time become an "imperium in imperio." Its great strength lay in the fact that ecclesiastics could only be tried by the ecclesiastical courts. The King sought to render all the clergy amenable to the common laws. No sooner had Becket become consecrated, however, than he was a changed man, and threw himself heart and soul into the cause of the Church. In vain were the "Constitutions of Clarendon" passed. Becket, together with the other Bishops, formed a confederacy to maintain their privileges. Matters went from bad to worse until at last the King, in a moment of passion exclaimed, "Is there no one to deliver me out of my trouble?" Four knights, thinking the King desired the death of Becket, secretely went to Canterbury, and entered the cathedral about five in the afternoon. The Archbishop, who had been resting in the cloister, hearing the clang of arms, went into the church, and was at once killed. The spot where the murder took place is still called the "Martyrdom," and a stone is shown which is said to have been dyed by the Archbishop's blood.

King John was practically compelled to accept Stephen Langton as Archbishop. It was Lang on who rested from the King the Magna Charta. This charta stated, first, that the "English Church" should be free—not the "Church in England"—the distinction is important—and went on to lay down as an absolute law "that no Englishman shall be put in prison without a trial by his peers." This is the foundation of English liberty, and Englishmen owe it to Stephen, Archbishop of Canterbury. The struggle that the English Church should be free culminated in the Reformation, which, like so many great events, sprang out of a little cause—namely, the desire of Henry VIII. to make a fresh departure in his matrimonial career. Thomas Cranmer suggested a means by which the King could divorce his wife, Catherine. Henry was so pleased that in 1533 he appointed Cranmer Archbishop of Canterbury. No great change was made in ritual or doctrine during Henry's reign, but when the little King Edward VI. came to the throne Cranmer set to work to "reform" the Church. When Mary succeeded her brother, and the Roman obedience was reestablished, the Archbishop was tried at Oxford, where he was burned. Opinions as to his character differ widely, and range from considering him "the greatest scoundrel that ever breathed" to a "true saint and martyr."

A different type of man was the Archbishop who next claims attention, Archbishop Laud. "He was thoroughly imbued with the belief in the Catholic character of the English Church, and spared no pains to raise it to his ideals. He was, however, no lover of the Papacy, and he refused the offer which was, according to high authorities, made by the Pope viz., to accept the English prayer-book, and to confer on Laud a Cardinal's hat, conditionally on Anglicans again recognizing Rome as the source of all ecclesiastical authority. One monument to Laud exists in every parish church in England—the position of the altar. It had become the custom to place the Communion table in the body of the church; indeed, the rubric directs that position now. The Archbishop ordered that the table should be placed altar-wise against the east wall, and that it should be surrounded by rails.

The civil war broke out in 1642, and Laud, who was in the hands of the Parliament, was in 1644 brought to trial. This lasted from March to November, with the result that the Archbishop was executed in the January of the following year.

Perhaps the strongest archbishop of our own times was Dr. Tait, the immediate predecessor of Dr. Benson. Archbishop Tait waged strong war against the High Church party, and was the cause of the passing of the Public Worship Regulation Act, under which the Ritual prosecutions were carried out. On his deathbed, however, he practically undid all this work by arranging for the exchange of the livings between the vicars of St. Alban's, Holborn, and St. Peter's, London Docks. Through this exchange by far the most important prosecution, that of Mr. Machonochie, fell to the ground. The prosecuting party in this case, the Church Association, spent upwards of thirty thousand pounds for nothing.—English Exchange.

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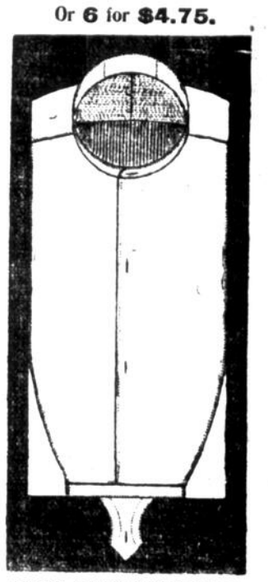
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