

CIRCUIT COURT.

JUDGES:—At Quebec, William Power, Esq.; at Montreal, Hypolite Guy, Esq., J. S. McCord, Esq., and J. C. Bruncau, Esq.; at Kamouraska, Jos. A. Taschereau, Esq.; at Aylmer, W. K. McCord, Esq.; at Chicoutimi, David Roy, Esq.; at Percé, J. F. Deblois, Esq.; at New Carlisle, John G. Thompson, Esq. (9.)

DISTRICT.	WHERE HELD.	WHEN HELD.	BY WHAT AUTHORITY HELD.	OFFICERS OF COURT.		
<b>QUEBEC:</b>						
Circuits of	Quebec	Quebec	20 to 25 of every month, except July and August.	16 Vict., cap. 194, sec. 3	Clerk, Burroughs & Fiset. Albert Bender. J. J. Taschereau.	
	St. Thomas	St. Thomas	13 to 22 of Feb., June and Oct.	} 12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" William Hume.	
	Beauce	St. Marie	1 to 10 of March, July, and Nov.			
	Leeds	Leeds	Feb. 16 to 25, June 19 to 28, and October 20 to 29.	} 12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77, and proclamation of June 17 1853.	" Ovide Bossé.	
	Lotbinière	Lotbinière	13 to 22 of March, July, and Nov.			
	Portneuf	Cap Santé	7 to 16 of Jan., May, and Sept.			
	Saguenay	Eboulements	1 to 10 of March, July, and Oct.	} 12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77, and proclamation of June 17 1853.	" Ovide Bossé.	
	Chicoutimi	Chicoutimi	Jan. 3 and five next juri. days, & first six juri. days of Feb., May, June, Sept., and Nov.			
		Tadoussac	Tadoussac	June 19 to 28, and Oct. 12 to 21.	16 Vict. cap. 194, sec. 12.	
	<b>MONTREAL:</b>					
Circuits of	Montreal	Montreal	10 to 15 of every month, except January, July, and August.	16 Vict. cap. 194, sec. 3.	" Monk, Coffin & Papineau.	
	Berthier	Berthier	21 to 25 of Jan., May, and Sept.	} 12 V. c. 38, s. 77, 19 V. c. 55, & proclama. of Jan. 24, 1857.	" F. X. Bender.	
	Joliette	Industrie	26 to 30 of Jan., May, and Sept.			
	Assomption	L'Assomption	1 to 5 of March, July, and Nov.	} 12 V. c. 38, s. 77, 19 V. c. 55, & proclama. of March 18, 1857.	" L. G. De Lorimier.	
	Montcalm	St. Julieanne	6 to 10 of March, July, and Nov.			
	Terrebonne	Terrebonne	12 to 21 of March, July, and Nov.	} 12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" B. L. Lepage.	
	Two Mount	St. Benoit	7 to 11 of Jan., May, and Sept.			
	Argenteuil	Lachute	12 to 16 of Jan., May, and Sept.	} 12 V. c. 38, s. 77, 19 V. c. 55, & proclama. of Sept. 11, 1857.	" J. O. Bastien.	
	Vaudreuil	Vaudreuil	1 to 5 of March, July, and Nov.			
	Soulanges	Coteau Land.	6 to 10 of March, July, and Nov.			
	Beauharnois	St. Martine	12 to 16 of March, July, and Nov.	} 12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" Louis Beaudry.	
	Huntingdon	Huntingdon	17 to 21 of March, July, and Nov.			
	St. John's	St. John's	10 to 19 of Feb., June, and Oct.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" Louis Beaudry.	
	Missisquoi	Nelsonville	21 to 30 of Feb., June, and Oct.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" F. H. Marchand.	
	St. Hyacinthe	St. Hyacinthe	10 to 19 of Feb., June, and Oct.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" Peter Cowan.	
Richelieu	St. Ours	21 to 30 of Feb., June, and Oct.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" L. O. Letourneur.		
<b>THREE RIVERS:</b>						
Circuits of	Three Rivers	Three Rivers	Last six juridical days of March, May, June, Sept., Nov., & Dec.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" Edward Barnard.	
	Yamaska	La Baie	7 to 12 of Jan., July, and Oct.	16 Vict. cap. 194, sec. 12.	" P. E. Vezina.	
	Arthabaska	St. Christophe	15 to 20 of Jan., July, and Oct.	16 Vict. cap. 194, sec. 12.	" Jos. G. Dumoulin.	
<b>ST. FRANCIS:</b>						
Circuits of	Sherbrooke	Sherbrooke	Last five juridical days of Feb., April, June, Sept., Nov., & Dec.	18 Vict. cap. 166, sec. 3.	" Short & Morris.	
	Stanstead	Stanstead	} First four juridical days of Jan., May, September and November.	} 18 Vict. cap. 166, sec. 4.	" C. A. Richardson.	
		Plain				
	Eastern	Eaton	5th and 6th jurid. days of Jan., May, and Sept.	18 Vict. cap. 166, sec. 5.	" Albert W. Pope.	
	Wolfe	Dudswell	7th and 8th jurid. days of Jan., May, and Sept.	18 Vict. cap. 166, sec. 6.	" Thomas Davis.	
	Richmond	Richmond	12th & 13th jurid. days of Jan., May, Sept., & Nov.	18 Vict. cap. 166, sec. 7.	" F. C. Clevee.	
<b>KAMOURASKA:</b>						
Circuits of	Kamouraska	St. Louis	1 to 10 of Feb., June, and Oct.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" Chalou & Dery.	
	Rimouski	St. Germain	19 to 28 of Jan., May, and Sept.	12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77.	" James Smith.	
	Isle Verte	St. Jean Bapt.	1 to 10 of March, July, and Dec.	16 Vict. cap. 194, sec. 12.	" John Head.	
<b>OTTAWA:</b>						
Circuits of	Ottawa	Aylmer	20 to 25 of Jan., May, and Sept.	} 12 V. c. 38, s. 77, 19 V. c. 55, and proclamation of Oct. 17, 1856.	" Aimé Lafontaine.	
	Lochaber	Thurso	15 to 20 of Feb., 1 to 6 of May, 15 to 20 of October.			
	Pontiac	Porta. du Fort	2 to 7 of March, 20 to 25 of June, 3 to 8 of November.			19 Vict. cap. 55, and proclamation of March 9, 1857.
<b>GASPE:</b>						
Circuits of	Percé	Percé	1 to 10 of March and November.	} 7 Vict. cap. 17, sec. 11.	" Peter Winter.	
	Basin	Basin	Feb. 12 to 21, and Oct. 15 to 24.			
	Grand River	Grand River	19 to 28 of March and November.	} 12 Vict. cap. 38, sec. 77, & proclamation of June 17, 1853.	" John Eden.	
	Magd. Island	Amherst	1 to 10 of July.			
	New Carlisle	New Carlisle	15 to 24 of May and December.	} 7 Vict. cap. 17, sec. 11.	" Henry Dalton.	
	Carleton	Carleton	15 to 24 of January and July.			
Ristigouche	Ristigouche	27 Ja. to 5 Fe., & 27 July to 5 Au.				
Fox River	Fox River	1 to 10 August.	16 Vict. cap. 194, sec. 12.	" J. B. F. Painchaud. John Wilkie. Edward Mann. John Fraser. John de St. Croix.		

GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE.

Quebec	Quebec	} 8 Jan., and 4 April, July, and October	} 13 & 14 Vict. cap. 35, sec. 2.	} Clerk, Green & Doucet. Delisle & Brehaut.
Montreal	Montreal			
Three Rivers	Three Rivers	} 8 Jan., April, July, and Oct.	} 16 Vict. cap. 201, sec. 2.	" Short & Morris.
St. Francis	Sherbrooke			
Kamouraska	Kamouraska	7 January and 15 July	16 Vict. cap. 201, sec. 1.	" Chalou & Dery. Aimé Lafontaine.
Ottawa	Aylmer	5 April, and October.	16 Vict. cap. 201, sec. 1.	
Gaspé	Percé	} On the three days following the Circuit Court	} 7 Vict. cap. 17, sec. 29.	" Winter & Wilkie.
	Gaspé Basin			
	New Carlisle Carleton			

**NEW JUDICIAL DISTRICTS,**  
TO BE ESTABLISHED UNDER THE 20TH VICT., CAP. 44.\*

NAME OF DISTRICT.	PLACES COMPRISED.	CHEFS LIEUX.
Ottawa .....	Counties of Ottawa and Pontiac.....	Village of Aylmer.
Montreal .....	Counties of Hochelaga, Jacques Cartier, Laval, Vaudreuil, Soulanges, Laprairie, Chambly and Verchères; and the City of Montreal.....	City of Montreal.
Toronto.....	Counties of Argenteuil, Two Mountains and Terrebonne.....	Village of St. Scholastique.
Joliette.....	Counties of L'Assomption, Montcalm and Joliette.....	Village of Industry.
Richelieu.....	Counties of Richelieu, Yamaska and Berthier.....	Borough of Sorel.
Three Rivers.....	Counties of Maskinongé, St. Maurice (including the City of Three Rivers), Champlain and Nicolet.....	City of Three Rivers.
Quebec.....	Counties of Portneuf, Quebec, Montmorency, Lévi, Lotbinière and the City of Quebec.....	City of Quebec.
Saguenay.....	Counties of Charlevoix, Saguenay and Chicoutimi.....	Parish of St. Etienne de la Malbaie or Murray Bay.
Gaspé.....	Counties of Gaspé and Bonaventure.....	New Carlisle, in the County of Bonaventure. Percé, in the County of Gaspé.
Rimouski.....	County of Rimouski.....	Parish of St. Germain de Rimouski.
Kamouraska.....	Counties of Kamouraska and Temiscouata.....	Parish of St. Louis de Kamouraska.
Montmagny.....	Counties of L'Islet, Montmagny and Bellechasse.....	Village of Montmagny.
Beauce.....	Counties of Beauce and Dorchester.....	Parish of St. Joseph de la Beauce.
Arthabaska.....	Counties of Mégantic, Arthabaska and Drummond.....	Parish of St. Christophe d'Arthabaska.
St. Francis.....	Counties of Richmond (including the Town of Sherbrooke), Wolfe, Compton and Stanstead.....	Town of Sherbrooke.
Bedford.....	Counties of Shelburne, Missisquoi and Brome.....	Nelsonville, in the Township of Dunham.
St. Hyacinthe.....	Counties of St. Hyacinthe, Bagot and Rouville.....	City of St. Hyacinthe.
Iberville.....	Counties of St. Johns, Napierville and Iberville.....	Town of St. John.
Beauharnois.....	Counties of Huntingdon, Beauharnois and Chateauguay.....	Village of Beauharnois.

**LAW COURTS OF UPPER CANADA.**

**COURT OF ERROR AND APPEAL.**

This Court is composed of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, and the Hon. James Macaulay, late chief Justice of the Court of Common pleas, and has jurisdiction in Appeal from the Courts of Chancery, Queen's Bench and Common Pleas. It sits three times a year, viz., on the second Thursday after each Term, except Trinity Term.

Clerk—The Registrar of the Court of Chancery, Toronto.

**COURT OF CHANCERY.**

Hon. W. H. Blake, chancellor; hon. J. C. P. Esten and Hon. J. G. Spragge, vice-chancellors; A. N. Buell, master; Alexander Grant, registrar and reporter.

Terms for examination of Witnesses commence on the second Tuesday in February and May, last Tuesday in August, and second Tuesday in November, and end on the Saturday of the following weeks.

Terms for hearing Causes commence on the second Tuesday in March, June, September and December, and end on the Saturday of the following week.

A weekly sitting on every Monday is held throughout the year (except during the regular vacations), for the purposes of hearing motions for Decrees and motions for or to dissolve special Injunctions, and appeals from the reports of the Master or any Deputy Master.

One of the Judges sits in Chambers every day (except during the regular vacations), for the purposes of hearing sundry applications.

**COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.**

Hon. Sir J. B. Robinson, Bart., chief justice; Hon. Archibald McLean and Hon. R. E. Burns, puisne judges; C. C. Small, clerk of the crown and pleas; J. Lukin Robinson, reporter; Robert Pearson, clerk of the process; W. B. Heward, clerk in Banc. and chambers; W. B. Heward, clerk in practice court.

This Court sits in Banc. during the four Terms, in Osgoode Hall.

**COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.**

Hon. W. H. Draper, C. B., chief justice; Hon. W. B. Richards and Hon. J. H. Hagarty, puisne judges; L. Heyden, clerk of the Crown and pleas; E. C. Jones, reporter.

The Court of Common Pleas, established by the 12 Vic. cap. 63, consists of three Judges, who sit in Term in the same manner as the Judges of the Queen's Bench.

**LAW TERMS.**

**QUEEN'S BENCH AND COMMON PLEAS.**

Hilary Term begins on the first Monday in February.

Easter Term begins on the third Monday in May.

Trinity Term begins on the Monday next after the 21st of August.

Michaelmas Term begins on the third Monday in November.

And each term ends on the Saturday of the ensuing week.

From the 1st July to the 21st August is vacation in all the Courts.

Circuits are held twice a year in each County, viz.:

The Spring Circuit between Hilary and Easter terms.

The Autumn Circuit between Trinity and Michaelmas Terms.

In the County of York, however, there are three Circuits every year, viz.:

The Winter, commencing on the Thursday in January next after the Municipal Elections.

The Spring, on the second Monday in April, and

The Autumn, on the second Monday in October.

There are six Circuits, viz.:

The Eastern, held at Brockville, Perth, Ottawa, L'Orignal and Cornwall.

The Midland, held at Picton, Belleville, Cobourg, Peterborough, Whitby and Kingston.

The Home, held at Owen Sound, Hamilton, Niagara, Merrittsville, Milton and Barrie.

The Oxford, held at Guelph, Berlin, Stratford, Cayuga, Woodstock, Brantford and Simcoe.

The Western, held at Goderich, London, St. Thomas, Chatham, Sandwich and Sarnia.

The Toronto or Home Sitzings, at Toronto.

**COURT OF PROBATE.**

The Governor General, judge, (ex officio); Secker Brough, Toronto, official principal; C. FitzGibbon, Toronto, registrar.

\* This act will, for civil purposes, go into force on the issue of a proclamation fixing a day therefor, when sufficient accommodation has been furnished for holding the Superior Court and Circuit Court at the *chef lieu* in every one of the above Districts; but it will not come into full operation until a day appointed by proclamation, so soon as there is a proper court house and gaol for all purposes of the administration of Justice in each of the above Districts.

DIVISION COURTS

COUNTIES.	NO.	NO. OF DIVISIONS, NAME OF CLERK				
		I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
Brant, .....	6*	Henry Racey, Brantford.	John A. Penton, Paris.	S. Stanton, St. George.	W. M. Whitehead, Burford.	James Malcolm, Scotland.
Carleton, .....	6	George R. Burke, Ottawa.	J. A. Bryson, Richmond.	John Fenton, Huntley.	W. D. Pigott, Fitzroy Harbr.	W. Cowan, N. Gower.
Elgin, .....	5	Simon Newcomb, Vienna.	William Campbell, Aylmer.	James Farley, St. Thomas.	William Harris, Iona.	
Essex, .....	6	Joseph Mercer, Sandwich.	Alanson Botsford, Amherstburgh.	J. King, Kingsville.	Gordon Buchanan, Colchester.	J. Wigfield, Mersea.
Frontenac, Lennox & Addington, .....	12*	E. A. Burrowes, Kingston.	Edward Wright, Bath.	Edwin Mallory, Fredericksbg.	G. S. Clapp, Napance.	W. Whelan, Centerville.
Grey, .....	5	William Smith, Owen Sound.	W. Jackson, Durham.	J. Williams, Meaford.	T. J. Rolke, Collingwood.	J. W. Armstrong, Artemisia.
Haldimand, .....	6	W. Thompson, Caledonia.	Duncan Campbell, Cayuga.	J. Armour, Dunville.	William Jones, Rainham Centre.	Isaac Bowman, Canboro.
Halton, .....	6	John Holgate, Milton.	Robert Balmer, Oakville.	R. Young, Stewartown.	L. McDonald, Acton.	Elijah W. Secord, Campbellsville.
Hastings, .....	9	Archibald Ponton, Belleville.	P. C. Ketcheson, Sydney.	H. Holden, Shannonville.	Robert McCammon, Tweed.	William Judd, Sterling.
Huron and Bruce, .....	7	P. A. McDougall, Goderich.	L. Meyers, Harperbay.	R. Barker, Penetangore.	George Carter, McGillivray.	Thomas Trivitt, Devon.
Kent, .....	7	T. Glendinning, Chatham.	G. Duck, Morpeth.	D. Wallace, Dawn Mills.	G. Young, Harwich.	James Little, Erin.
Lambton, .....	4	T. Forsyth, Sarnia.	J. F. Elliott, Warwick.	G. M. Webster, Dresden.	T. Carolan, Wallaceburgh.	T. R. K. Scott, Errol.
Lanark and Renfrew, .....	8	Charles H. Sache, Perth.	W. Robertson, Lanark.	J. C. Poole, Carleton Place.	Robert Harper, Smith's Falls.	W. Taylor, Pakenham.
Leeds and Grenville, .....	12*	John B. Jones, Brockville.	V. Knapp, Prescott.	Joseph McKelvey, Gananoque.	R. Leslie, Kemptville.	M. Kelley, Merrickville.
Lincoln, .....	3*	W. R. Winterbottom, Niagara.	T. Burns, St. Catherines.	A. Morse, Smithville.		
Middlesex, .....	6	John Cook, London.	John Irvine, Lobo.	John Chalmers, June, Westmin.	W. F. Bullen, Delaware.	O. Hatelie, Wardsville.
Norfolk, .....	7	A. B. Rapelje, Simcoe.	Oliver Blake, Waterford.	D. Wesley Freeman, Windham Centre.	Thomas Jenkins, Rolph.	William Hewitt, Victoria.
Northumberland, and Durham, .....	9	William Cowle, Bowmanville.	S. Wilnot, Newcastle.	J. T. Day, Port Hope.	J. M. Brodie, Milbrook.	Thomas Eyre, Cobourg.
Ontario, .....	6	Levi Fairbanks, Whitby.	J. Wilson, Pickering.	Richard Lund, Port Perry.	John L. Gould, Uxbridge.	J. Metcalf, Cannington.
Oxford, .....	6	G. W. Whitehead, Woodstock.	S. Cowan, Dereham.	D. Matheson, Embro.	James Barr, Norwich.	David Canfield, Ingersoll.
Perth, .....	5	Raby Williams, Stratford.	T. Mathieson, Mitchell.	Dr. Coleman, St. Mary's.	W. Cossey, Shakespeere.	Samuel Whaley, West Corner.
Peterboro and Victoria .....	7	J. Hall, jun., Peterboro.	James Foley, Norwood.	George Reid, Keene.	T. Mutchett, Metcalf.	W. J. Logie, Lindsay.
Prescott and Russell, .....	5	S. M. Cushman, L'Orignal.	C. Waters, Vankleekhill.	William Jamieson, East Hawkesbury.	A. Hagar, Plantagenet.	John S. Cameron, Cumberland.
Prince Edward, .....	8	John P. Downes, Picton.	Thomas Cook, Milford.	S. Solmes, North Port.	R. C. H. Cotter, Ameliashburgh.	W. Young, Wellington.
Simcoe, .....	8	Thomas Lloyd, Barrie.	John F. Davies, Bradford.	F. S. Stephens, Tecumseth.	Andrew Jardine, Nottawasaga.	John Craig, Flos.
Stormont, Dundas and Glengary, .....	10	J. McCrae, Williamsburgh.	J. McPherson, Lochiel.	W. M. Park, Cornwall.	J. Bockus, Osnabruck.	John W. Louchs, Williamsburg.
Waterloo, .....	7	William Davidson, Berlin.	Otto Klotz, Preston.	Henry McCrum, Galt.	George Coleclough, Ayr.	J. Allehin, New Hamburg.
Welland, .....	5	A. L. Cummings, Merrittsville.	L. S. Yokom, Marchville.	James Stanton, Port Erie.	Edward Burton, Chippawa.	Jacob Keefe, Thorold.
Wellington, .....	9	Alfred A. Baker, Guelph.	William Leslie, Puslinch.	William McCarthy, Rockwood.	J. Cadenhead, Fergus.	William Tyler, Erin.
Wentworth, .....	5	W. R. McDonald, Hamilton.	A. F. Begue, Dundas.	John Hatt, Waterdown.	William W. Barlow, Rockton.	J. S. Bradley, Stony Creek.
York and Peel, .....	11	A. McL. Howard, Toronto.	C. Keller, Unionville.	J. Greive, Richmondhill.	J. C. Hogaboom, Sharon.	Thomas Coomer, Sutton.

\* Under the 13th and 14th Victoria, cap. 53, not less than three nor more than twelve Division Courts are to be held in each

HEIR AND DEVISEE COMMISSION.

Under 8 Vict. cap. 8.

The Commissioners are the Judges of the Superior Courts and such other persons as may be appointed by Commission under the Great Seal. The Commissioners' duties consist in determining claims to lands in Upper Canada, for which no Patent has issued from the Crown, in favor of the proper claimants, whether as Heirs, Devisees, or Assignees. They sit at Toronto from the first Monday in January and July in each year until the Saturday of the ensuing week.

W. B. Heward, Clerk of Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS IN LOWER CANADA.

Under 12 Vic. cap. 77, for taking affidavits to be used in Courts of Upper Canada.

T. Doucet, N. P. ....	Montreal.
James Court. ....	"
J. J. C. Abbott, Advocate. ....	"
John H. Isaacson, N. P. ....	"
Alexander Morris, Advocate. ....	"
W. B. Lamb, do. ....	"
F. W. Torrance, do. ....	"
Hon. H. Black, do. ....	Quebec.
C. B. Casgrain, do. ....	"
Fred. C. Vannovous, do. ....	"

OF UPPER CANADA.

AND PLACE OF HOLDING COURT.

VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	XI.	XII.
William McGruer, Tuscarora. Ira Morgan, Metcalf.						
F. Graham, Rochester. Edward Upham, Loughborough.	Peter McKim, Waterloo.	P. Selden, Tamworth.	Edwin Mallory, Fredericksburg.	Samuel Stewart, Spike's Corner.	Henry Pultz, Wilton.	Peter McKim, Waterloo.
Edward R. Kent, Williamsville. William McKay, Nelson. Charles Gream, Madoc. John Cook, Wawanosh. R. Mitchell, Wallaceburg. James Wyld, Widder. G. Ross, Renfrew. John Warren, Beverly.	James J. Ryan, Moir. D. H. Ritchie, Bayfield. Thomas Ridley, Clearville. Wm. McPherson, Moore. George Brown, Douglas. H. McCrea, Frankville.	S. M. Washburn, Cannifton. James Jamieson, Walkerton.  A. Irving, Pembroke. James B. Stevens, Newborough.	J. Simmons, Trenton. John Eastwood, Southampton.  W. W. King, Farmersville.	Samuel Rance, Clinton.  Thos. Robertson, Stencerville.	Benj. Frailek, Ainsleyville.  William Lyman, N. Augusta.	Alfred A. Munro, Mallorytown.
J. Keefer, Strathroy. Andrew McLenna, Port Rowan. James G. Rogers, Grafton. Charles Robinson, Beaverton. Charles Hawkins, Tilsonburgh.	Thos. Chamberlin, Houghton Cent. G. S. Burrell, Colborne.	John Douglas, Percy.	E. H. Smith, Brighton.			
John R. Lytle, Oakwood. J. Keys, Russell. Harvey Spafford, Cherry Valley. Adam Paterson, Orillia. John S. Ross, Iroquois. M. P. Empey, Hawkesville.	J. Ferguson, Woodville. — Beaton, W. Hawkesbury. J. M. Cadman, Consecon. John Little, Mulmur. W. J. Ridley, Mountain. James Merrilees, Canestogo.	E. W. Wright, Marysburgh. George McManus, Mono Mills. J. A. Cockburn, Finch.	Peter Stuart, Lancaster.	J. McQuaig, Winchester.		
John Cadenhead, Elora.	George Allan, Allansville.	Cor. O'Callaghan, Arthur.	Alex. McCosh, Reading.			
A. Armstrong, Lloydtown.	A. Agar, Burwick.	John Paul, Weston.	A. Simpson, Streetsville.	T. McKenna, Brampton.	H. Pettigrew, Sandhill.	

County or Union of Counties.

COUNTY COURTS.

These Courts are presided over by resident judges in each County, being barristers of at least five years' standing. They have original jurisdiction in civil matters to the extent of £50 currency in cases of open account, and £100 currency in cases of Notes or Bills, &c., and in cases of Tort to personal chattels to £30, with trial by jury. Appeals are allowed to the Courts of Queen's Bench or Common Pleas. They also possess equity jurisdiction under 16 Vic. cap. 119; Registration of Bills of Sale and Chattel Mortgages under 12 Vic. cap. 74, and 13 & 14 Vic. cap. 62; also, the Registration of limited partnerships under 12 Vic. cap. 75. There are four terms of one week each, commencing first Wednesday in March, first Monday in June, fourth Monday in October, and first Monday in December. Sittings same as Quarter Sessions. Vacation from 1st July to 21st August.

DIVISION COURTS.

These Courts are held in different places in each County, by the County Judge, for the summary disposal of cases not exceeding £25 currency in amount so far as regards matters of debt or contract; and £10, so far as relates to injuries to personal chattels and Torts. A jury is permitted in certain cases. Attachments against personal property of debtors absconding from the province, leaving property liable to execution, or removing their goods from one county to another, or from the province, with intent to defraud, or keeping concealed to avoid service of process with intent to defraud, may be issued by the clerk of the Division, or by the judge, or by any justice of the peace. Courts are held once in two months in each division, or oftener, at the discretion of the judge. The divisions are established by the Courts of Quarter Session.

COUNTY COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

UPPER CANADA.

COUNTIES.	County Town.	Judge of County Court and Chairman of Quarter Sessions.	Sheriff.	Clerk of Peace.	Clerk of County Court and Deputy Clerk of the Crown.	Judge Surrogate.
Brant	Brantford,...	S. J. Jones,.....	John Smith,.....	J. Cameron,.....	Duncan Cameron,...	S. J. Jones.
Carleton	Ottawa,.....	Chr. Armstrong,...	Simon Fraser,.....	F. C. Powell,.....	H. J. Friel,.....	Chr. Armstrong.
Elgin	St. Thomas,...	D. J. Hughes,.....	Colin Munro,.....	James Farley,.....	Peter Murlagh,.....	D. J. Hughes.
Essex	Sandwich,...	Alexander Cheweth,...	John McEwan,.....	Charles Baby,.....	Horatio Nelson,.....	John A. Wilkinson.
Frontenac, Lennox and Addington,	Kingston,...	K. Mackenzie,.....	Thomas A. Corbett,...	J. Wandby,.....	Peter O'Reilly,.....	George A. Cummings.
Grey	Owen Sound,...	F. T. Wilkes,.....	George Snider,.....	Wm. Armstrong,.....	R. V. Griffith,.....	Fredrick T. Wilkes.
Haldimand,	Cayuga,.....	John G. Stevenson,...	Richard Martin,.....	Thos. H. Alkman,...	W. L. P. Eager,.....	John G. Stevenson.
Halton	Milton,.....	Joseph Davis,.....	Levi Wilson,.....	G. T. Bastedo,.....	A. G. Northrup,.....	Joseph Davis.
Hastings	Belleville,...	William Smart,.....	J. W. D. Moodie,.....	J. O'Hare,.....	Hugh Johnston,.....	John B. Crowe.
Huron and Bruce,	Goderich,...	Robert Cooper,.....	John McDonald,...	Daniel Lizars,.....	Thomas A. Ireland,...	Robert Cooper.
Kent	Chatham,.....	William B. Wells,...	John Mercer,.....	G. Duck, jr.,.....	J. R. Gemmill,.....	William B. Wells.
Lambton	Sarnia,.....	Charles Robinson,...	James Flintoff,.....	P. T. Poussett,...	John McKay,.....	Charles Robinson.
Lanark and Renfrew,	Perth,.....	J. G. Malloch,.....	James Thompson,...	W. R. F. Berford,...	William H. Campbell,...	D. MacMartin.
Leeds and Grenville,	Brockville,...	G. Malloch,.....	Adiel Sherwood,...	James Jessup,.....	J. Clench,.....	George Malloch.
Lincoln	Niagara,...	Edw. C. Campbell,...	William Kingsmill,...	Jas. A. Woodruff,...	D. McGregor Askin,...	W. Claus.
Middlesex	London,.....	Hon. J. E. Small,...	James Hamilton,...	J. B. Askin,.....	H. Allen,.....	H. Allen.
Norfolk	Simcoe,.....	William Salmon,...	H. V. A. Rapelje,...	W. M. Wilson,.....	R. D. Chatterton,...	G. M. Boswell.
Northumberland and Durham,	Cobourg,...	Z. Burnham,.....	James B. Fortune,...	T. Ward,.....	J. V. Ham,.....	Z. Burnham.
Ontario	Whitby,.....	D. S. McQueen,.....	James Carrall,.....	Wm. Lapenotiere,...	James Kintrea,.....	William Lapenotiere.
Oxford	Woodstock,...	R. Burritt,.....	Robert Morderwell,...	John J. E. Linton,...	Alexander McGregor,...	R. Burritt.
Peterboro and Victoria,	Peterboro,...	George B. Hall,.....	James Hall,.....	George O'D'Oliver,...	Thomas Fortye,.....	George B. Hall.
Prescott and Russell,	L'Orignal,...	Peter Freel,.....	C. P. Treadwell,...	Donald McDonald,...	John Twigg,.....	W. K. McKenzie.
Prince Edward,	Pictou,.....	D. L. Fairhall,.....	James McDonald,...	Philip Low,.....	J. W. Marston,.....	Simon Washburn.
Simcoe	Barrie,.....	J. R. Gowen,.....	B. W. Smith,.....	William B. McVety,...	Jonathan Lane,.....	J. R. Gowan.
Stormont, Dundas and Glengary,	Corrwall,...	George S. Jarvis,...	Daniel E. McIntyre,...	J. Pringle,.....	Robertson McDonell,...	George McDonell.
Waterloo	Berlin,.....	William Miller,.....	George Davidson,...	L. D. Raymond,...	James Colquhoun,...	William Miller.
Welland	Merrittsville,...	H. W. Price,.....	Robert Hobson,...	Thomas Saunders,...	N. T. Fitch,.....	H. W. Price.
Wellington	Guelph,.....	Arch. Macdonald,...	George J. Grange,...	P. B. Spolan,.....	James Hough,.....	Archibald Macdonald.
Wentworth	Hamilton,...	A. Logie,.....	E. C. Thomas,.....	George Garnett,...	Andrew Stuart,...	Oliver Springer.
York and Peel,	Toronto,.....	S. B. Harrison,.....	F. W. Jarvis,.....		Walter McKenzie,...	S. B. Harrison.

\* Mr. McKay is the County Court Clerk; Mr. C. H. Sache holding the office of Deputy Clerk of the Crown.  
 † Mr. Wilson is the County Court Clerk; Mr. A. B. Rapelje holding the office of Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

COMPANIES Incorporated under the 13th and 14th Vic. Cap. 28, "An Act to provide for the formation of Incorporated Joint Stock Companies for Manufacturing, Mining, Mechanical or Chemical purposes," and 16 Vic. Cap. 172, "An Act to amend the Act for the formation of Incorporated Joint Stock Companies for manufacturing and other purposes."

Name of Company.	Object of Company.	Chief Place of Business.	Date of Notice in <i>Canada Gazette</i> .
The Aylmer Mutual Steam Mill Company.....	Erecting and working a steam grist and saw mill..	Aylmer.....	April 2, 1851.
The Ramsay Woollen Cloth Manufacturing Company..	Erecting and carrying into operation a woollen cloth manufactory.....	Ramsayville..	April 12, 1851.
The Chaudière Mining Company .....	Exploring and working ores, minerals and mines containing gold and other precious metals and minerals.....	Rigaud, Vandreuil.....	June 5, 1851.
The London Manufacturing Company .....	Carding, preparing, dressing, dyeing, colouring, stamping and cleaning wool, silk and cotton, and cotton and woollen goods and other materials, and picking, preparing, dressing, fulling, dyeing, colouring, stamping and making and manufacturing the same into cotton and woollen goods, fabrics, cloths, satinettes, or into fabrics, cloths, satinettes or goods consisting partly of wool, and partly of cotton or other materials.....	London.....	June 7, 1851.
The Elora Newspaper, Job Printing and Book Binding Company .....	Establishment, printing and publishing of a reform newspaper—the performance and execution of job printing, and all other things usually belonging to the business of a newspaper and printing office—and for the binding of books, Preparing cotton, wool, silk and other materials, and making, using and manufacturing the same into cotton, woollen and silken goods, fabrics and cloths, or goods consisting of partly of wool and cotton or silk, or other materials, and also for the carrying on the general business of a saw and grist mill or mills.....	Elora.....	Feb. 20, 1852.
The Metcalfe Farmers' Joint Stock Company.....	Printing and publishing of a newspaper, the performance and execution of job printing, and all other things usually belonging to the business of a newspaper and printing office,.)	Napier.....	April 3, 1852.
The Oshawa Newspaper and Job Printing Company....	Erecting a steam cabinet and chair factory.....	Oshawa.....	June 5, 1852.
The Waterloo Joint Stock Building Company.....	Manufacturing woollen cloths and worsted yarn,.)	Waterloo....	June 19, 1852.
The Ancaster Woollen and Worsted Yarn Company...	Carrying on the milling and woollen factory.....	Ancaster....	July 3, 1852.
The Farmers' and Mechanics' Milling and manufacturing Company of Smithville...	Manufacture and sale of fabrics and articles of which caoutchouc or india rubber forms a component part.....	Smithville...	Oct. 9, 1852.
The Montreal Manufacturing Company .....	Gold mining operations in all their branches and departments, digging for, streaming, washing, searching for and collecting gold and all precious metal or materials of a mineral character, and washing sands, earths and other substances for the procuring of such precious metals, stones and materials, and searching for and exploring, mining and smelting any other mineral or metal throughout Lower Canada, on the south side of the river St. Lawrence...	Montreal....	Jan. 17, 1853.
The St. Lawrence Mining Company .....	Manufacture of boards, deals and other sawed lumber, and also the manufacture of all articles of wood.....	Quebec.....	Oct. 21, 1853.
The Lennoxville Steam Company .....	Dressing and cutting stone and marble by machinery .....	Lennoxville..	Oct. 28, 1853.
The Hamilton Stone Dressing Company.....	Printing, publishing and vending to subscribers and others, a newspaper or newspapers, magazine or magazines, pamphlet or pamphlets and books, and to do and carry on the general business of a printing and book manufacturing establishment.....	Hamilton ...	Jan. 21, 1854.
The Welland Printing and Book Company.....	Carrying on the business of a manufactory for railroad cars, carriages and rolling stock for railroads, and trading in the same.....	Fonthill.....	Feb. 4, 1854.
The Montreal Car Factory Company .....	Manufactures of powder and acids.....	Montreal....	Feb. 4, 1854.
The Canada Powder Company*.....		Hamilton ...	Feb. 25, 1854.

\* Since incorporated by special Act.

Name of Company.	Object of Company.	Chief Place of Business.	Date of Notice in Canada Gazette.
The Adelaide Steam Mill Company .....	Grinding wheat and other grains into flour, meal and all preparations of grain, and all other purposes incidental thereto.....	Township of Adelaide ..	} Fe. 25, 1854.
The Kingsey Slate Works*...	Mining and working slate quarries.....	T. of Kingsey	March 4, 1855.
The Zone Mills Joint Stock Manufacturing Company..	Manufacturing lumber, flour, &c .....	Zone Mills...	April 22, 1854.
The Woodstock Steam Mill Joint Stock Company.....	Manufacturing flour and other milling .....	Woodstock ..	June 3, 1854.
The Oshawa Manufacturing Company.....	Manufacturing all kinds of machinery castings, agricultural and other implements.....	Oshawa .....	June 3, 1854.
The Hamilton Brick Manufacturing Company.....	Making bricks, tiles, and other clay manufactures by machinery and otherwise.....	Hamilton ...	June 3, 1854.
The Canada Stone Dressing Company .....	Cutting, dressing and preparing stone or marble for building or other purposes, and laying up or using the same in building, and generally for selling or disposing thereof or dealing therein .....	Hamilton ...	June 3, 1854.
The Hamilton Master Carpenters and Joiners Joint Stock Company .....	Manufacturing all kinds of wood for building purposes, and generally for buying and selling the same and lumber or dealing therein.....	Hamilton ...	July 15, 1854.
The Whitby Foundry and Manufacturing Company...	Manufacturing all kinds of machinery, castings, Agricultural and other implements .....	Whitby.....	July 22, 1854.
The Manufacturing Company of the Village of L'Avenir.	Manufacturing all kinds of machinery, castings, agricultural and other implements.....	L'Avenir.....	Aug. 4, 1854.
The London Bath Company..	Erecting bath houses and baths.....	London .....	Aug. 26, 1854.
The Leeds and Grenville Printing and Publishing Company .....	Printing and publishing and vending to subscribers and others a newspaper or newspapers, magazine or magazines, pamphlet or pamphlets, book or books, and of carrying on the general business of printing and publishing and book manufacturing establishment.....	Brockville ...	Aug. 26, 1854.
The Milton Woollen and Cotton Manufacturing Company .....	Carrying on the business of manufacturing woollen and cotton goods.....	Milton .....	Oct. 14, 1854.
The Shipton Slate Company*.	Carrying on the manufacture and sale of roofing slates and all other articles which may be manufactured of slate generally.....	Shipton .....	Oct. 27, 1854.
The London Hotel Company.	Erection of a public hotel .....	London .....	Jan. 20, 1855.
The Montreal Railroad Car Company .....	Manufacture and sale of railroad cars.....	Montreal....	March 2, 1855.
The Kingston Iron and Axle Manufacturing Company..	The manufacture of iron, and articles made wholly in part of iron.....	Kingston....	April 14, 1855.
The Humberstone Steam Mill Company .....	The acquisition of property on which to erect a steam saw mill and steam grist and flouring mill, and store houses for grain, the erection of such mills and store houses and other necessary buildings, the purchasing of saw logs, timber and wood and of wheat and other grains, the manufacture of such saw logs, timber and wood into boards and other kinds of sawed lumber, and of such wheat and grains into flour, meal or otherwise, the sale of such manufactured articles to any purchaser or purchasers whatever, and for carrying on a general lumber and milling and flouring business.	Petersburgh.	May 5, 1855.
The Montreal Rubber Company .....	Manufacturing caoutchouc or india rubber Articles, and generally for selling or disposing thereof or dealing therein.....	Montreal....	May 10, 1855.
The Kilbride Lumber, Sash and Wood Planing and Manufacturing Company..	Planing and manufacturing lumber, sash & wood..	Kilbride ....	June 30, 1855.
The Whitby Steam Mill Company .....	Buying, selling, and grinding all kinds of grain, and manufacturing and selling the products thereof .....	Whitby .....	Aug. 4, 1855.
The Freelton Flour Manufacturing Company .....	Erecting, constructing and building a flouring mill, and for manufacturing flour, meal, shorts and bran therein.....	West Flamborough, lot 7	} Dec. 8, 1855.
The St. Catharines Saline Bath Company.....	Erecting and acquiring a public hotel and bath houses, and opening and using the salt and mineral springs thereat.....	St. Catharines	Aug. 22, 1856.
The Oxford Woollen Manufacturing Company.....	Manufacturing woollen cloth, flannel, yarn and other fabrics from wool, or from wool and cotton.....	Beachville ..	Aug. 15, 1857.

\* Since incorporated by special Act.

**GAS AND WATER COMPANIES,**

Incorporated under the 16th Vict., Cap. 173, "An Act to provide for the formation of Incorporated Joint Stock Companies for supplying Cities, Towns and Villages with Gas and Water."

Name of Company.	Place to be Supplied.	With what.	Date of Notice in <i>Canada Gazette</i> .
The St. Catharine and Welland Canal Gas Company..	St. Catharines.....	Gas.....	July 16, 1853.
The London Gas Company..	London.....	".....	July 25, 1853.
The St. Catharines Water Works Company.....	St. Catharines and vicinity.....	Water.....	Aug. 13, 1853.
The Dundas Gas Company..	Dundas.....	Gas.....	Sept. 10, 1853.
The Welland Canal, Thorold and St. Catharines Gas Company.....	Thorold and a portion of Welland Canal.....	".....	Sept. 10, 1853.
The Three Rivers Gas Company.....	Three Rivers.....	".....	Oct. 8, 1853.
The Belleville Gas Company.	Belleville.....	".....	Feb. 11, 1854.
The Brantford Gas Company.	Brantford.....	".....	April 8, 1854.
The Bytown Consumers Gas Company.....	Bytown.....	".....	May 6, 1854.
The Cobourg Gas Company..	Cobourg.....	".....	June 3, 1854.
The London and Westminster Water Works Company....	London.....	Water.....	May 20, 1855.
The Port Hope Gas Company.	Port Hope.....	Gas.....	March 7, 1857.
The Peterborough Gas Company.....	Peterborough.....	".....	Aug. 1, 1857.

**ACTS PASSED BY THE CANADIAN LEGISLATURE IN 1857.**

**PUBLIC ACTS.**

**UPPER CANADA.**

- CAP.
1. An Act to repeal the Act of 1856, intituled, "An Act " to extend the provisions of the Insolvent " Debtors' Act of Upper Canada, and for the " relief of a certain class of persons therein " mentioned."
  2. For the amendment of the practice and procedure in suits instituted on behalf of the Crown in matters relating to the revenue.
  3. To amend the Statutes respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property in Upper Canada, and to consolidate the same.
  4. To facilitate the despatch of business before Grand Juries.
  5. To amend the Laws in Upper Canada, respecting Appeals, and to alter the Constitution of the Court of Error and Appeal.
  6. To amend the Municipal and Assessment Acts of Upper Canada, in so far as they relate to the commutation of Statute Labor.
  7. To amend the Laws regulating Ferries, so as to encourage the employment of Steamboats as Ferry boats in Upper Canada.
  8. To discontinue the Lunatic Asylum Tax in Upper Canada, and to substitute certain other moneys as part of the Upper Canada Building Fund.

**CANADA.**

9. For the establishment of a Weekly Postal Communication by Steamers, between Canada and the United Kingdom.
10. To authorize the payment of the proportionate share of Canada, of the cost of certain Lighthouses in or near the Gulf of St. Lawrence.
11. To dispense with Government Directors in the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, and to facilitate the completion of the Company's work from Rivière-du-Loup to Sarnia.
12. For the better prevention of Accidents on Railways.
13. To amend the Act to regulate the Inspection of Beef and Pork.
14. To amend the Act to provide for the formation of Incorporated Joint Stock Companies for Manufacturing, Mining, Mechanical, or Chemical purposes, so as to render Foreign Stockholders eligible as Trustees.

**CAP.**

15. To encourage Mining Companies by empowering them to construct gravel or macadamized roads or tramways to connect with railways, highways and navigable waters.
16. To continue for a limited time the several Acts and Ordinances therein mentioned, as follows:

**ACTS AND ORDINANCES CONTINUED.**

- Fisheries in Gaspé, 4 and 5 Vict., cap. 36.
- Rivers and Rivulets in U. C., 7 Vict., cap. 36, as amended by 10 and 11 Vict., cap. 20, and 14 and 15 Vict., cap. 123.
- Riots near Public Works, prevention of, 8 Vict., cap. 6, as amended by 14 and 15 Vict., cap. 76.
- Registration of Titles in L. C., 8 Vict., cap. 27.
- Insolvent Debtors, U. C., 8 Vict., cap. 48, except sec. 44.
- Commissioners on Public Business empowered to take evidence on oath, 9 Vict., cap. 38.
- Trinity House, Montreal, (powers for preservation of Public Health,) 10 and 11 Vict., cap. 1.
- Inspection of Butter, 11 Vict., cap. 7.
- Penitentiary, Provincial, Management of, 14 and 15 Vict., cap. 2.
- Real Property illegally detained in L. C. (Squatters Act), 14 and 15 Vict., cap. 92, as amended by 16 Vict., cap. 205.
- Fisheries on Labrador, and North Shore of St. Lawrence, 16 Vict., cap. 92.
- Common of Laprairie, L. C., 2 Geo. 4, cap. 8.
- Common of La Baie du Febvre, L. C., 2 Geo. 4, cap. 10, and 4 Geo. 4, cap. 26.
- Secret Incumbrances on Lands, L. C. 9 Geo. 4, cap. 20.
- Fraudulent Debtors, L. C., 9 Geo. 4, cap. 27.
- Debtor, proceedings against effects of, L. C., 9 Geo. 4, cap. 28.
- Common of Fief Grosbois, L. C., 9 Geo. 4, cap. 32.
- Salmon Fisheries in certain parts of L. C., 9 Geo. 4, cap. 51.
- Wolves, to encourage destruction of, L. C., 1 Will 4, cap. 6.
- Bills of Exchange, damages on protested, L. C., 3 Will. 4, cap. 14.

Sick Mariners, Medical Treatment of, L. C., 6 Will. 4, cap. 35, as amended by 8 Vict., cap. 12, and by 16 Vict., cap. 166.

Insane persons in the Home District, U. C., 11 Geo. 4, cap. 20, and the extension of the said Act. by 3 Will. 4, cap. 45., U. C.

Wolves, to encourage destruction of, U. C., 6 Will. 4, cap. 29.

Bankrupts, relief of, (in certain cases only,) 7 Vict., cap. 10—9 Vict., cap. 30—12 Vict., cap. 18—13 and 14 Vict., cap. 20.

Fees to persons employed by Justices of the Peace, L. C., 6 Will. 4, cap. 19.

Hastings, Registration of Titles in, (period allowed for, extended,) 9 Vict., cap. 12—10 and 11 Vict., cap. 38—12 Vict., cap. 97.

## CAP.

17. For granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money required for defraying certain expenses of the Civil Government for the year 1857, and for certain other expenses connected with the public service, and also for raising a Loan on the credit of the Consolidated Fund.
18. To require accounts rendered to the Provincial Government to be so rendered in dollars and cents.
19. For the Imposing and Collection of Tolls on the Public Works.
20. To amend the Municipal Loan Fund Act.
21. The Fishery Act.
22. Further to secure the Independence of Parliament.
23. To improve the mode of obtaining Evidence in cases of controverted Elections.
24. For improving the organization and increasing the efficiency of the Civil Service of Canada.
25. To amend the Post Office Laws.
26. To encourage the gradual Civilization of the Indian Tribes in Canada, and to amend the Laws respecting Indians.
27. For diminishing expense and delay in the administration of Criminal Justice in certain cases.
28. For establishing Prisons for Young Offenders—for the better government of Public Asylums, Hospitals and Prisons, and for the better construction of Common Gaols.
29. For the more speedy trial and punishment of Juvenile offenders.
30. To amend the Criminal Law, as regards the uttering of certain spurious Foreign coin.
31. To prevent the cruel and improper treatment of Cattle and other Animals.
32. To make better provision for the encouragement of Agriculture, and also to provide for the promotion of Mechanical Science.
33. To extend Patents for Inventions granted for one section of the Province to both sections thereof, on certain conditions.
34. Better to provide for the security of the lives of Passengers on board of Steam Vessels.
35. To amend the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act.
36. To authorize investigations in cases of accident by Fire, and to repeal the Act authorizing such investigations in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal.
37. Further to amend the Acts relative to Land Surveyors.

## LOWER CANADA.

38. To amend the act relating to the Commissioners' Courts for the summary trial of Small Causes in Lower Canada.
39. To amend the act relating to the time fixed for the hunting of Muskrats.
40. To amend the several acts to remedy abuses prejudicial to Agriculture.
41. The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Amendment Act of 1857.

## CAP.

42. To explain and amend the Municipal Loan Fund Acts.
43. To provide for the codification of the Laws of Lower Canada relative to civil matters and procedure.
44. To amend the Judicature Acts of Lower Canada.
45. For settling the law concerning lands held in free and common socage in Lower Canada.
46. To amend the Lower Canada Tavern License Act of 1851.
47. To amend the Sleigh Ordinances of Lower Canada.
48. To amend the act authorizing the formation of Joint Stock Companies for the construction of Roads in Lower Canada, with a view to encourage the construction of good and useful roads throughout Lower Canada.
49. To amend and consolidate the Laws relating to the organization of Agricultural Societies in Lower Canada.
50. To amend the Acts relating to Agricultural Societies in Lower Canada.
51. To consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the hunting of wild animals and other game in Lower Canada.
52. To legalize the articles of Notarial Students who have neglected to have them enregistered within the delay prescribed by law.
53. Further to amend the Acts relative to the Royal Institution and the University of McGill College.
54. Further to amend the "Act to encourage the establishment of Building Societies in Lower Canada."
55. To declare the meaning of the Auction Duties' Act of 1841, with respect to sales in rural districts.

## UPPER CANADA.

56. For further increasing the efficiency and simplifying the proceedings of the Court of Chancery.
57. To amend the Common Law Procedure Act 1856, and to facilitate the remedies on Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.
58. To alter and amend the law in relation to the Upper Canada County Courts.
59. For the appointment of County Attorneys in Upper Canada.
60. To provide for the better Administration of Justice in unorganized tracts of country.
61. To extend the right of appeal in Criminal Cases in Upper Canada.
62. To prevent delay in the Administration of Justice in cases of misdemeanor in Upper Canada.
63. To amend the laws for the admission of Attornies.
64. Further to provide for the accommodation of the Courts of Superior Jurisdiction in Upper Canada.
65. To amend the act to abolish the rights of Primogeniture, and to afford relief to parties succeeding to the real estate of persons dying intestate, in certain cases in Upper Canada.
66. To amend the laws relating to the Solemnization of Matrimony in Upper Canada.
67. To amend the Municipal Laws of Upper Canada relating to the Incorporation of Villages.
68. To enable Counties united for municipal purposes to carry on improvements independently of each other.
69. To provide for the disposal of Road Allowances in the rural municipalities of Upper Canada.
70. To amend the law relative to the Inspectors of houses of public entertainment.
71. To explain and amend the Clergy Reserves Appropriation Amendment Act of 1856, as regards the mode of ascertaining the number of rate-payers in the several Municipalities in Upper Canada.
72. To make valid the deeds given by sheriffs to the assignees of purchasers of land sold for taxes.

- CAP.  
73. To provide for ascertaining unknown boundaries in all cases in which the concession lines were not run in the original survey.  
74. Further to amend and extend the Act to establish Mutual Insurance Companies in Upper Canada.

**LOCAL ACTS.**

**UPPER CANADA.**

75. For the protection of persons owning lands on the shore of Lake Ontario in the Counties of York, Peel and Halton.  
76. To attach the new Townships of Galway, Cavendish and Anstruther to the County of Peterborough.  
77. To explain the Act to separate the County of Bruce from the County of Huron.  
78. To authorize the Provisional Municipal Council of the County of Bruce, to take stock in certain railways.  
79. To legalize and make valid certain by-laws of the late Home District Council, passed in reference to certain roads in the County of Ontario.  
80. To amend the Act conveying to the City of Toronto certain Water Lots, with power to the said City for the construction of an Esplanade, &c.  
81. To authorize the City of Toronto to erect Water Works.  
82. To enable the City Council of the City of London, to sell and convey the Potter's Field.  
83. To authorize the City of Hamilton to negotiate a Loan of £50,000.  
84. To amend the "Act for construction of Water Works in the City of Hamilton."  
85. To consolidate the debt of the City of Ottawa.  
86. To incorporate the Board of Trade of the City of Ottawa.  
87. To empower the Town Council of Goderich to apply an unexpended balance.  
88. To confirm a Conveyance made by the Municipal Council of the Town of Goderich of a portion of the Market Square.  
89. To incorporate the Town of Bowmanville.  
90. To authorize the Town of St. Catherines to negotiate a loan of £45,248.  
91. For the construction of Water Works in the Town of St. Catherines.  
92. To incorporate the Town of Milton.  
93. To incorporate the Town of Oakville.  
94. To incorporate the Town of Sandwich.  
95. To incorporate the Town of Lindsay.  
96. To incorporate the Town of Collingwood.  
97. To incorporate the Town of Windsor.  
98. To incorporate the Village of Bradford.  
99. To amend the "Act to incorporate the Village of Kemptville."  
100. To incorporate the Village of Clinton.  
101. To incorporate the Village of Iroquois.  
102. To incorporate the Village of Newmarket.  
103. To incorporate the Village of Waterloo.  
104. To incorporate the Village of Fort Erie.  
105. To incorporate the Village of New Hamburg.  
106. To incorporate the Village of Fergus.  
107. To incorporate the Village of Elora.  
108. To incorporate the Village of Mitchell.  
109. To legalize acts and proceedings of Municipal Council of Township of Brautford.  
110. To enable the Council for the Township of Stanley, to construct a Harbor.  
111. To authorize Municipalities of Townships of East Zorra, West Zorra, and East Nissouri, to dispose of Road Allowances.  
112. To authorize Municipality of Township of McGilivray to dispose of Road Allowances.  
113. To divide Township of Whitby into two Municipalities.

- CAP.  
114. To divide Township of Fredericksburg into two Municipalities.  
115. To authorize Draining of Lake Wawanosh.  
116. For the Establishment of a Concession Line in Township of Clarke.

**LOWER CANADA.**

117. To authorize formation of four Agricultural Societies in County of Gaspé.  
118. To provide for transfer of Books and Documents from the Registry Office of Chateauguay to that of Huntingdon.  
119. To authorize the running of the boundary line between the Seigniorship of Beauharnois and the Township of Godmanchester, and the Parish of St. Anicet.  
120. To erect parts of Russelltown and Jamestown, in the County of Chateauguay, and parts of Henningford and Hinchinbrooke, in the County of Huntingdon, into a Municipality, and to attach the same to the County of Huntingdon.  
121. To amend the "Act to consolidate the Laws relative to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec, and for other purposes."  
122. To remove doubts as to the extent of the powers of the Inspectors and Superintendents of the Police of the Cities of Quebec and Montreal.  
123. To authorize the Corporation of the City of Quebec to establish a Police force.  
124. Further to provide for defraying the expense of the River Police at Quebec.  
125. To divide the Quebec Turnpike Roads into two separate Trusts.  
126. To amend the Act to provide for the management of the Harbor of Montreal.  
127. To correct an Error in an Act relative to the Harbor and Harbor Commissioners of Montreal.  
128. To amend an Act relating to the Trinity House of Montreal.  
129. To incorporate the City of Three Rivers.  
130. To afford relief to sufferers by fire at Three Rivers.  
131. To incorporate the City of St. Hyacinthe.  
132. To erect St. Lambert into a Municipality.  
133. To divide Township of Halifax into two Townships.  
134. To alter the limits of Township of Halifax, and Parish of St. Norbert d'Arthabaska.  
135. To legalize certain proceedings of Municipality of St. Norbert d'Arthabaska.  
136. To divide Township of Somerset into two Townships.  
137. To erect St. Aubert into a separate Municipality.  
138. To legalize proceedings of the County Council of Kamouraska and the Local Council of St. Paschal.  
139. For partition of certain lands in Bolton and Magog.

**PRIVATE ACTS.**

140. To amend Act incorporating Bar of Lower Canada.  
141. To increase Capital Stock of the Port Dalhousie and Thorold Railway Company.  
142. To define powers, &c., of Champlain and St. Lawrence, and Montreal and New York Railroad Companies.  
143. To amend Charter of Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railroad Union Company.  
144. To amend and extend the Charter of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company.  
145. To revive and amend "An Act to incorporate the PortWhitby and Lake Huron Railway Company."  
146. To explain "Act to amend the Act incorporating the Hamilton and Toronto Railway Company."  
147. To alter and amend the Act relating to the Galt and Guelph Railway, and to incorporate the Preston and Berlin Railway Company.  
148. To amend the Acts relating to the Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly Railroad Company.

CAP.

149. To incorporate St. Maurice Railway and Navigation Company.
150. To incorporate Iberville, Brome, Shefford and Missisquoi Road Company.
151. To incorporate Fort Erie Railway Company.
152. To incorporate London and Lake Huron Railway Company.
153. To incorporate Strathroy and Port Frank Railway Company.
154. To incorporate Eastwood and Berlin Railway Company.
155. To incorporate Brantford and South Western Railway Company.
156. To incorporate Toronto and Owen Sound Central Railway Company.
157. To incorporate St. Clair, Chatham and Rondeau Ship Canal Company.
158. To incorporate Fort Erie Ship Canal Company.
159. To incorporate Ontario Bank.
160. To amend Act incorporating the Bank of Toronto.
161. To amend Charter of the Colonial Bank of Canada.
162. To incorporate the International Bank of Canada.
163. To amend the Act incorporating the Niagara District Bank.
164. To incorporate the Bank of Brantford.
165. For amending the Act for incorporating the Canadian Loan and Investment Company.
166. To incorporate the Western Canada Loan Company.
167. To amend the Act incorporating the Western Assurance Company.
168. To incorporate the North Western Steam Navigation Company of Canada.
169. To incorporate the Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Company.
170. To incorporate certain persons under the name of the "Richelieu Company."
171. To incorporate certain persons under the name of the "DeSalaberry Navigation Company of Montreal."
172. To incorporate the Toronto Island Bridge Company.
173. To extend powers of the St. Clair and Rondeau Plank Road Company.
174. To incorporate "The St. Lawrence Warehouse, Dock and Wharfrage Company."
175. To amend Acts incorporating the Montreal Telegraph Company.
176. To incorporate the Sherbrooke Manufacturing Company.
177. To incorporate the Toronto Pressed Brick Company.
178. To incorporate the Montreal Steam Elevating and Warehousing Company.
179. To amend Charter of the Marmora Foundry Company.
180. To authorize G. S. Wilkes to construct a Dam.
181. To incorporate the Toronto Horticultural Society.
182. To incorporate certain persons under the name of the Joliette Mining Company.
183. To amend Act incorporating the Literary Institute of Sherbrooke.
184. To incorporate Belleville Seminary.
185. To incorporate a Grammar School at Frelighsburg.
186. To incorporate the Church of England Male Orphan Asylum of Quebec.
187. To incorporate the Sisters of Our Lady of Loretto, in the Diocese of Toronto.
188. To amend the Act incorporating the Montreal St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.
189. To amend Act relating to Savings' Banks as it concerns the "Caisse d'Economie Notre Dame de Québec."
190. To enable Trustees of Glebe Lot 29 in the 2d Concession of Edwardsburgh, to sell and convey the East half of said Lot.

CAP.

191. To amend Act incorporating the Minister and Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Montreal.
192. To authorize Trustees for the Congregation of St. Andrew's Church in Guelph to sell certain lands.
193. To authorize Trustees of the Presbyterian Society of Hamilton to sell and convey certain Church property.
194. To authorize the Ministers of "The Church of the Order of the Countess of Huntingdon's Connexion," in Lower Canada, to solemnize matrimony, &c.
195. To confirm certain Sales and Assurances made by the Executors and Trustees of the Will of James Macaulay.
196. To enable James Carlton Grant and others to confirm the Sale of certain Lands of the late Reuben Pitkin Grant.
197. To appoint Trustees to the estate of the late Charles Bowman.
198. To naturalize Edwin Marcus Chaffee.
199. To vest in James Barnum a Road Allowance in Haldimand.
200. To vest a certain Allowance for Road in Whitby, in Jonathan Foote and William Thorne.
201. To vest in John Macara a portion of an Allowance for Road in the Township of London.
202. To vest in John Mutrie a Road Allowance in the Township of Nichol.
203. To vest in Wollaston F. Pym a Road Allowance in the Township of Haldimand.
204. To vest a Road Allowance in Township of Brantford in Frederick T. Wilkes.
205. For closing up certain Road Allowances in the Township of Thorold.
206. To vest a certain Allowance for Road in the Township of Oxford, in John Christie.
207. To vest a certain Allowance for Road in the Township of Winchester, in the County of Dundas, in John Pliny Crysler and George Hummel, the elder.
208. To vest a certain Road Allowance in the Township of Whitby, in John W. Gamble.
209. To vest certain Road Allowances in the Township of Whitby, in Thomas N. Gibbs.
210. To vest in John Shaw a certain allowance for road in the Township of Wilberforce.
211. To vest in Charles Coxwell Small, certain Road Allowances in the Township of Pickering.
212. To vest in Josiah D. Wellington, a certain allowance for road in the Township of Brighton.
213. To vest a certain Road Allowance in the Township of Brantford, in George S. Wilkes.
214. To authorize the Ministers of "The Methodist Episcopal Church in Canada," to solemnize matrimony, &c.
215. To amend the Act to provide for the division of the Common of Maskinongé.
216. To amend the Act relative to the Common of St. François du Lac.
217. To incorporate the Canadian Literary Institute of Woodstock.
218. To amend the Act of Upper Canada, enabling the Presbyterian Congregation of York to purchase ground for a Church and Burying-ground.
219. For the management of the Finlay Asylum at Quebec.
220. To enable the Trustees of the First Free Will Baptist Church in Hatley, to receive a legacy, bequeathed to the said Church.
221. To enable the Incumbent and Churchwardens of the Mission of the Church of England at Georgina to dispose of certain lands belonging to the said Mission.
222. To enable the Trustees of a certain School Lot in the Town of Prescott to sell the said Lot.

- CAP.  
 223. To enable the Trustees of the Toronto General Hospital, to raise a further loan of money.  
 224. To vest certain real estate of the late Thomas Benson in the hands of Trustees.  
 225. To enable the surviving Executor of the late John McIntosh, Esquire, to lease certain real property in Toronto.

- CAP.  
 226. To extend to the Province of Canada Letters Patent granted to Henry Bessemer for certain improvements in the manufacture of Malleable Bar Iron and Steel.  
 RESERVED BILL.  
 227. To incorporate the International Bridge Company.

COMMISSIONERS IN UPPER CANADA.

*Under 19 Vic., Cap. 88, for taking Affidavits to be used in Courts of Lower Canada.*

George Futvoye, (Barrister of Lower Canada,) Crown Law Office, Old Hospital,.. Toronto.  
 Robert A. Harrison, Crown Law Office, Old Hospital,..... Toronto.  
 Edward Lewis Montizambert, (Barrister of Lower Canada)..... Toronto.

INCORPORATED CITIES, TOWNS, AND VILLAGES IN CANADA.  
 LOWER CANADA.

Name of Place.	In what County.	Under what Authority so incorporated.	Date of Incorporation.
<b>CITIES:—</b>			
Montreal.....	Montreal.....	3 & 4 Vict. cap. 36.....	June 25, 1840.
Quebec.....	Quebec.....	3 & 4 Vict. cap. 35.....	June 25, 1840.
St. Hyacinthe....	St. Hyacinthe....	20 Vict. cap. 131.....	June 10, 1857.
Three Rivers.....	St. Maurice.....	20 Vict. cap. 129.....	June 10, 1857.
<b>TOWNS:—</b>			
Sherbrooke.....	Richmond.....	10 & 11 Vict. c. 7, and Proclamation of June 28, 1852.	June 28, 1852.
St. Johns.....	St. Johns.....	19 & 20 Vict. c. 101 s. 16, & Proclam. of Sept. 15, 1856.	Sept. 15, 1856.
William Henry...	Richelieu.....	10 & 11 Vict. c. 7, and Proclamation of May 10, 1848..	May 10, 1848.
<b>VILLAGES:—</b>			
Aylmer.....	Ottawa.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of July 20, 1847...	July 20, 1847.
Beauharnois.....	Beauharnois.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of July 23, 1846...	July 23, 1846.
Berthier.....	Berthier.....	12 Vic. cap. 123, and Proclamation of April 14, 1852..	Apr. 14, 1852.
Boucherville.....	Chambly.....	18 Vic. cap. 100, and Proclamation of June 9, 1856...	Jan. 1, 1857.
Buckingham.....	Ottawa.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Feb. 13, 1855..	Feb. 13, 1855.
Chambly Basin ..	Chambly.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of April 19, 1855..	Apr. 19, 1855.
Chambly Canton.	Chambly.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Oct. 26, 1848..	Oct. 26, 1848.
Christieville....	Iberville.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of Dec. 23, 1846...	Dec. 23, 1846.
Cote St. Louis...	Hochelaga.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of Oct. 14, 1846...	Oct. 14, 1846.
Coteau Landing..	Soulanges.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Nov. 9, 1853...	Nov. 9, 1853.
Fraserville.....	Temiscouata....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of June 26, 1850..	June 26, 1850.
Huntingdon.....	Huntingdon.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Oct. 9, 1848...	Oct. 9, 1848.
Kamouraska.....	Kamouraska.....	18 Vic. cap. 100, and Proclamation of Sept. 23, 1857...	Jan. 1, 1858.
L'Assomption...	L'Assomption...	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of April 8, 1846...	April 8, 1846.
Lachine.....	Jacques Cartier..	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Aug. 24, 1848..	Aug. 24, 1848.
Laprairie.....	Laprairie.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of March 30, 1846...	Mar. 30, 1846.
Longueuil.....	Chambly.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of June 14, 1848..	June 14, 1848.
Montmagny.....	Montmagny.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of Oct. 13, 1846...	Oct. 13, 1846.
Phillipsburgh...	Missisquoi.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of Jan. 12, 1846...	Jan. 12, 1846.
Plessisville.....	Megantic.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of April 27, 1855..	Apr. 27, 1855.
Pointe Claire (St. Joachim de)...	{ Jacques Cartier..	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Sept. 2, 1854...	Sept. 2, 1854.
Princeville.....	Arthabaska.....	18 Vic. cap. 100, and Proclamation of Oct. 31, 1856...	Jan. 1, 1857.
St. Césaire.....	Rouville.....	18 Vic. c. 100, Procla. of Feb. 6, 1857, & 20 Vic. c. 41.	June 10, 1857.
St. Eustache.....	Two Mountains...	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Aug. 10, 1848..	Aug. 10, 1848.
St. Jérôme.....	Terrebonne.....	18 Vic. c. 100, Procla. of Feb. 29, 1856, & 19 Vic. c. 20.	July 1, 1856.
St. Lin.....	L'Assomption...	18 Vic. cap. 100, and Proclamation of April 15, 1856..	Jan. 1, 1857.
St. Ours.....	Richelieu.....	8 Vic. cap. 40, and Proclamation of Feb. 6, 1847...	Feb. 6, 1847.
Ste. Rose.....	Laval.....	18 Vic. cap. 100, and Proclamation of March 13, 1857..	Jan. 1, 1858.
Ste. Scholastique.	Two Mountains...	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of May 18, 1855...	May 18, 1855.
Ste. Thérèse de Blainville .....	{ Terrebonne.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of June 1, 1849...	June 1, 1849.
St. Michel de Vaudreuil.....	{ Vaudreuil.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of April 12, 1850..	Apr. 12, 1850.
Stanstead Plains.	Stanstead.....	18 Vic. cap. 100, and Proclamation of July 17, 1856...	Jan. 1, 1857.
Soulanges.....	Soulanges.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Oct. 1, 1852...	Oct. 1, 1852.
Terrebonne.....	Terrebonne.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of Dec. 22, 1853...	Dec. 22, 1853.
Varenes.....	Verchères.....	10 & 11 Vic. c. 7, and Proclamation of June 8, 1848...	June 8, 1848.

## UPPER CANADA.

Name of Place.	In what County.	Under what Authority so incorporated.	Date of Incorporation.
<b>CITIES :—</b>			
Hamilton	Wentworth	9 Vic. cap. 73.	June 9, 1846.
Kingston	Frontenac	9 Vic. cap. 75.	May 18, 1846.
London	Middlesex	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 21, 1854.	Jan. 1, 1855.
Ottawa	Carleton	18 Vic. cap. 23.	Jan. 1, 1855.
Toronto	York	4 William IV cap. 23.	Mar. 6, 1834.
<b>TOWNS :—</b>			
Amherstburg	Essex	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Barrie	Simcoe	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Belleville	Hastings	13 & 14 Vic. cap. 64.	Aug. 10, 1850.
Bowmanville	Durham	20 Vic. cap. 89.	Jan. 1, 1856.
Brantford	Brant	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Brockville	Leeds	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Chatham	Kent	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Clifton	Welland	19 Vic. cap. 63.	June 19, 1856.
Cobourg	Northumberland	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Collingwood	Simcoe	20 Vic. cap. 96.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Cornwall	Stormont	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Dundas	Halton	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Galt	Waterloo	19 Vic. cap. 17.	Jan. 1, 1857.
Goderich	Huron	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Guelph	Wellington	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Lindsay	Victoria	20 Vic. cap. 95.	June 10, 1857.
L'Orignal	Prescott	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Milton	Halton	20 Vic. cap. 92.	May 27, 1857.
Niagara	Lincoln	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Oakville	Halton	20 Vic. cap. 93.	May 27, 1857.
Owen Sound	Grey	19 Vic. cap. 18.	Jan. 1, 1857.
Paris	Brant	18 Vic. cap. 148.	Jan. 1, 1856.
Perth	Lanark	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Peterborough	Peterborough	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Picton	Prince Edward	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Port Hope	Durham	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Prescott	Grenville	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Queenston	Lincoln	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
Sandwich	Essex	20 Vic. cap. 94.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Sarnia	Lambton	19 Vic. cap. 68.	Jan. 1, 1857.
Simcoe	Norfolk	13 & 14 Vic. c. 64, and Proclamation of Sept. 27, 1850.	Sept. 27, 1850.
St. Catharines	Lincoln	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
Whitby	Ontario	18 Vic. cap. 28.	Dec. 18, 1854.
Windsor	Essex	20 Vic. cap. 97.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Woodstock	Oxford	19 & 20 Vic. cap. 98.	Jan. 1, 1857.
<b>VILLAGES :—</b>			
Bradford	Simcoe	20 Vic. cap. 98.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Brampton	Peel	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 17, 1852.	Jan. 1, 1853.
Caledonia	Haldimand	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of May 27, 1852.	Jan. 1, 1853.
Chippawa	Welland	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 29, 1849.	Sept. 29, 1849.
Clinton	Huron	20 Vic. cap. 100.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Elora	Wellington	20 Vic. cap. 107.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Fergus	Wellington	20 Vic. cap. 106.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Fort Erie	Welland	20 Vic. cap. 104.	June 10, 1857.
Ingersoll	Oxford	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 12, 1851.	Jan. 1, 1852.
Iroquois	Dundas	20 Vic. cap. 101.	May 27, 1857.
Kemptville	Grenville	19 & 20 Vic. cap. 99.	Jan. 1, 1857.
Mitchell	Perth	20 Vic. cap. 108.	June 10, 1857.
Napanee	Lennox	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 29, 1854.	Jan. 1, 1855.
Newcastle	Durham	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 20, 1856.	Jan. 1, 1857.
New Hamburg	Waterloo	20 Vic. cap. 105.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Newmarket	York	20 Vic. cap. 102.	Jan. 1, 1858.
Oshawa	Ontario	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of April 11, 1854.	Jan. 1, 1855.
Preston	Waterloo	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 15, 1851.	Jan. 1, 1852.
Richmond	Carleton	12 Vic. cap. 81.	May 30, 1849.
St. Mary's	Perth	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 21, 1854.	Jan. 1, 1855.
St. Thomas	Elgin	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 12, 1851.	Jan. 1, 1852.
Thorold	Welland	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 29, 1849.	Sept. 29, 1849.
Trenton	{ Hastings and Nor- } thumberland. . . }	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 25, 1852.	Jan. 1, 1853.
Vienna	Elgin	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of Sept. 9, 1852.	Jan. 1, 1853.
Waterloo	Waterloo	20 Vic. cap. 103.	May 27, 1857.
Yorkville	York	12 Vic. cap. 81, and Proclamation of April 23, 1852.	Jan. 1, 1853.

**ABSTRACT OF CERTAIN ACTS AFFECTING THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.**

Aliens, Naturalization of..... 1003	Holidays..... 1005	Proof of Colonial Acts of State..... 1009
Arms..... 1003	Immigrants..... 1005	Railways, Prevention of Accidents on..... 1010
Civil Service..... 1003	Legislative Council, Elective, 1005	Municipal Loan Fund..... 1007
Currency and Legal Tender..... 1004	Municipal Loan Fund..... 1007	Patents for Inventions..... 1008
Extradition of Offenders..... 1004	Patents for Inventions..... 1008	Steamboats, Inspection of... 1010

**NATURALIZATION OF ALIENS.**

Under the provisions of the 12 Vict. cap. 197, sect. 4, as amended by the 18 Vict. cap. 6, foreigners can become naturalized after a residence of *five years* in Canada, by taking an oath as to such residence and the oath of allegiance, before any Justice of the Peace of the place of his residence, and afterwards obtaining a certificate of residence from such Justice of the Peace, and causing it to be presented and recorded in any one of the Courts mentioned in the 6th section of the 12 Vict. cap. 197, upon which a certificate of naturalization will be granted by such Court.

**ARMS.**

By the 159th section of the Imperial Act 16 & 17 Vict., cap. 107, the introduction into the British Possessions in America, of gunpowder, ammunition, arms, or utensils of war, is absolutely prohibited, except from the United Kingdom or any British Possession.

**CIVIL SERVICE.**

(20 Vict., cap. 24)

Under the above Act no appointment can be made to any office or situation in any of the following Departments, except with the approval of the Governor, viz : The Executive Council Office ; Provincial Secretary's Office ; Inspector General's Department, including the Customs and all other Offices connected therewith ; Receiver General's Department ; Postmaster General's Department, and all offices connected therewith to which fixed annual salaries are attached ; Crown Lands Department ; Public Works Department ; Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

The persons composing the staff of each of the above Departments, shall be divided into two classes, namely, "Officers and Clerks." By the term "Officers" shall be held to mean the following persons, viz. :

Clerk of Executive Council,	Collectors, Surveyors, Chief Clerks, and Appraisers in the Customs, Auditor of Public Accounts,	Inspectors of Postal Divisions, Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands,
Confidential Clerk in Executive Council office,	Bookkeeper to Auditor, Deputy Receiver General,	Deputy Surveyor General, Accountant in Crown Land Dept.,
Assistant Provincial Secretary for Lower Canada,	Bookkeeper in Receiver General's Department,	Surveyors and Draughtsmen in do., Superintendent of Land Sales Branch,
Assistant Provincial Secretary for Upper Canada,	Deputy Postmaster General, Secretary in Postmaster General's Department,	Superintendent of Woods and Forest Branch,
Deputy Provincial Registrar, Assistant Registrar,	Accountant in do., Cashier in do.,	Secretary of Public Works Dept., Chief Engineer of do.,
Deputy Inspector General, Chief Clerk in Inspector General's Department,	Superintendent of Money Order Branch,	Architect of do., Asst. Engineer and Draftsman of do.
Bookkeeper of do., Commissioner of Customs, Inspector of Western Ports, Inspector of Eastern Ports,	City Postmasters and Assistant Postmasters,	Bookkeeper of do. Secretary of Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

The Clerks shall be divided into four classes, namely : First-class Clerks, second-class Clerks, third-class Clerks, and fourth-class or probationary Clerks.

In each of the above Departments, there shall be one officer who shall be the Deputy of the Head of the Department, and who shall have the oversight of the other officers, clerks, and messengers or servants, and the general control of the business of the Department, and whose directions shall be obeyed in like manner as the directions of the Head of the Department would be ; and the authority of such Deputy shall be deemed to be that of the Head of the Department, without prejudice however to the control of the latter in all matters whatever.

The following officers shall be, by virtue of their office, the Deputy Heads of Departments :

1. Executive Council : The Clerk.
2. In the Provincial Secretary's Office : Lower Canada Branch—The Assistant Provincial Secretary for Lower Canada ; Upper Canada Branch—The Assistant Provincial Secretary for Upper Canada.
3. In the Inspector General's Department : The Deputy Inspector General.
4. In the Receiver General's Department : The Deputy Receiver General.
5. In the Postmaster General's Department : The Deputy Postmaster General.
6. In the Crown Lands Department : The Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands.
7. In the Department of Public Works : The Secretary.
8. In the Bureau of Agriculture : The Secretary.

Fourth class clerks shall receive from the date of their appointment, £125 per annum, subject to promotion to 3d class after two year's services.

Third class clerks commence at £150 per annum, with an annual increase of £10 till £200 per annum be attained, subject to promotion to 2d class after six years' service.

Second class clerks commence at £225, with an annual increase of £10 till £275 be attained, subject to promotion to 1st class after six years' service.

First class clerks commence at a salary of £300 per annum, with an annual increase of £10, till £350 be attained.

No person will be admitted into the public service as a clerk until he has obtained a certificate of qualification, after examination as to fitness from a Board of Examiners, which Board shall consist of the officers filling for the time being the following offices, viz.:

Clerk of the Executive Council, Assistant Provincial Secretary East, Assistant Provincial Secretary West Deputy Inspector General,	Commissioner of Customs, Auditor of Public Accounts, Deputy Receiver General, Deputy Postmaster General,	Assistant Com'r of Crown Lands, Secretary of Public Works Dept., Secretary Bureau of Agriculture, Deputy Provincial Registrar;
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five of whom shall be a *quorum*, and may exercise all the functions of the Board.

#### CURRENCY AND LEGAL TENDER.

The Act 16 Vict., cap. 158, repeals all former Acts regulating the Provincial Currency, and enacts that the denominations of money shall be pounds, dollars, shillings, pences, cents and mills, but that the public accounts of the Province shall be kept in such denominations as Her Majesty shall from time to time direct. Provision is thereby made for the striking and issuing from the Royal Mint of silver coins with such names as shall be assigned to them by Her Majesty in her royal proclamation declaring them lawful money of the Province of Canada; but until the issue of such proclamation, the silver coins of the United Kingdom shall pass current in Canada, and no other silver coins shall be legal tender or current money in the Province.

The amount of silver and copper as a legal tender is limited,—the former to the amount of ten dollars, and the latter to one shilling or twenty cents.

The gold coins of the United States of America are also declared a legal tender, at the following rates, viz.:

Eagle coined before July 1st, 1834, and weighing 11 dwts. 6 grs., at \$10.66 $\frac{2}{3}$  or £2 13s. 4d.; half eagle of like date, and proportionate weight, one half the above sum, i. e. \$5.33 $\frac{1}{3}$  or £1 6s. 8d.; eagle coined after July 1, 1834, and before January 1, 1852, or afterwards, under the same standard of fineness, and weighing 10 dwts. 18 grs., at \$10 or £2 10s.; and the multiples or halves of the said eagle for proportionate sums.

Any or all of any other gold coins of the United States of America, or of any other foreign nation or state, may by proclamation be declared current and a legal tender in Canada, at rates to be thereby assigned to them.

No such proclamation has issued since the passing of the above Act.

By a subsequent Act, 20 Vict., cap. 18, all accounts with the Government and of its various Departments are required to be kept, from the commencement of the year 1858, in dollars and cents.

All the Banking Institutions of Canada have, since the passing of this Act, publicly announced their intention of keeping their accounts in those denominations from the above date.

#### EXTRADITION OF OFFENDERS TO OR BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

By the 10th article of the treaty between Her Majesty and the United States of America, commonly called the "Ashburton Treaty," signed at Washington August 9, 1842, and ratified October 30, 1842, it is agreed that Her Majesty and the United States shall, upon requisition made by either of them or their ministers, officers or authorities respectively, deliver up to justice all persons who, being charged with the crime of murder, or assault with intent to commit murder, or piracy, or arson, or robbery,\* or forgery, or the utterance of forged paper, committed within the jurisdiction of either of the high contracting parties, shall seek an asylum or shall be found within the territories of the other; provided that this shall only be done upon such evidence of criminality as, according to the laws of the place where the fugitive or person so charged shall be found, would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial, if the crime or offence had been there committed; and that the respective judges and other magistrates of the two Governments shall have power, jurisdiction and authority, upon complaint made under oath, to issue a warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive or person so charged, so that he may be brought before such judges or other magistrates respectively, to the end that the evidence of criminality may be heard and considered; and if, on such hearing, the evidence shall be deemed sufficient to sustain the charge, it shall be the duty of the examining judge or magistrate to certify the same to the proper executive authority, that a warrant may issue for the surrender of such fugitive; and that the expense of such apprehension and delivery shall be borne and defrayed by the person making the requisition and receiving the fugitive."

To facilitate the working of the above treaty, an Act was passed by the Congress of the United States on the 12th August, 1848, (cap. 167 of 1st sess. 30th Congress,) and a similar one by the Legislature of Canada on 31st May, 1849, (12 Vict., cap. 19,) by which Acts it is provided that the justices and judges of the United States and State courts, and commissioners authorized by the United States courts, (and in Canada, the judges of the superior courts and the justices of the peace,) may issue warrants for the apprehension of any person charged with having committed, within the limits of the foreign Government, any of the crimes enumerated and provided for by that treaty. If, on hearing, the evidence be deemed sufficient to sustain the charge, the same shall be certified with a copy of the testimony to the *Secretary of State*, (in Canada, to the *Governor*;) that a warrant may issue upon requisition from the proper authority for the surrender of such offender.

2d. Copies of the depositions upon which original warrant may have been granted in the foreign country may be received in evidence.

3d. The Secretary of State (in Canada, the Governor) may, under his hand and seal, order such offenders to be delivered to such person or persons as may be authorized by the foreign Government to receive them.

4th. Persons committed with a view to extradition, and not delivered up and conveyed out of the country where detained within two months of the commitment, may be discharged out of custody by any judge of the United States or State courts, (in Canada, by any of the judges of the Superior court,) unless sufficient cause for further detention be shown.

\* i. e. stealing from the person with violence.

**HOLIDAYS.**

The Interpretation Act (12 Vict., cap. 10) enacts that the word "holiday," when used in any Provincial statute, shall include :

Sundays, New Year's Day, The Epiphany (January 6), The Annunciation (March 25), Good Friday, moveable,	The Ascension Day, moveable, Corpus Christi, do., St. Peter and St. Paul's Day (June 29), All Saints Day (November 1), Christmas Day (December 25),
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and any day appointed by proclamation for a GENERAL FAST or THANKSGIVING.

Notwithstanding the above, it is enacted by the 14 and 15 Vict., cap 94, sect. 2, that for the purposes of that Act, i. e. the protesting of bills of exchange and promissory notes, the following days shall be deemed to be non-judicial days, viz :—

Sundays, Christmas Day, Ash Wednesday, Good Friday,	Easter Monday, Fasting or Thanksgiving Day, Queen's Birth Day ;
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and that all other days shall be judicial days.

Ash Wednesday, Easter Monday, and the Queen's Birth Day are declared holidays by the charters of several of the banks of Canada. The Queen's Birth Day has also been declared a public holiday by proclamation of Sir Edmund W. Head of the 8th May, 1857.

All the above holidays are generally observed at the various public offices of the Canadian Government.

**IMMIGRANTS.**

(Tax imposed by 16 Vict., cap. 86.)

Emigrants from any port of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any other port of Europe, by vessels to Quebec or Montreal, are liable to the following tax, payable by the master or person in command of the vessel, viz :—

Every adult.....	5s. 0d.
Every passenger between 1 and 14 years of age.....	3s. 9d.

Provided they have embarked from any such port with the sanction of the Government of the country to which such port belongs ; and 7s. 6d. for every passenger who shall have embarked without such sanction. (Sect. 2.)

Passengers are not allowed to leave the vessel until a correct list of them has been delivered to the Collector of Customs, and the amount of the above tax paid. (Sect. 4.)

**ELECTIVE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.**

The Constitution of the Legislative Council of Canada previously to the passing of the 19th and 20th Vict., cap. 140, consisting of Members nominated by the Crown only, was thereby so altered that that body was declared to be thereafter composed of the then existing nominees of the Crown for life, and of 48 Members to be elected each for 8 years in the proportion and at the time and in the manner therein provided. Every Candidate for the above office must be a British subject, resident in Canada, of the full age of 30 years and owner of real property of the value of £2000, which must be situate within the limits of the Electoral Division for which he is a Candidate, unless his permanent residence be situate therein.

The Province is by the above Act divided into 48 Electoral Divisions, 24 in Lower Canada and 24 in Upper Canada, under and with the following names and limits, viz :—

**UPPER CANADA.**

Western .....	The Counties of Essex and Kent.
St. Clair .....	The County of Lambton and the West Riding of Middlesex.
Malahide .....	The East and West Ridings of Elgin, the East Riding of Middlesex and the City of London.
Tecumseth .....	The Counties of Huron and Perth.
Saugeen .....	The Counties of Bruce and Grey and the North Riding of Simcoe.
Brock .....	The North and South Ridings of Wellington and the North Riding of Waterloo.
Gore .....	The South Riding of Waterloo and the North Riding of Oxford.
Thames .....	The South Riding of Oxford and the County of Norfolk.
Erie .....	The East and West Ridings of Brant and the County of Haldimand.
Niagara .....	The Counties of Lincoln and Welland and the Town of Niagara.
Burlington .....	The North and South Ridings of Wentworth and the City of Hamilton.
Home .....	The Counties of Halton and Peel.
Midland .....	The North Riding of York and the South Riding of Simcoe.
York .....	The City of Toronto and the Township of York.
King's .....	The East and West Ridings of York (except the Township of York) and the South Riding of Ontario.
Queen's .....	The North Riding of Ontario, the County of Victoria and the West Riding of Durham.
Newcastle .....	The East Riding of Durham and the East and West Ridings of Northumberland.
Trent .....	The County of Peterborough, the North Riding of Hastings and the County of Lennox.
Quinté .....	The South Riding of Hastings, and the County of Prince Edward.
Cataraqui .....	The Counties of Addington and Frontenac, and the City of Kingston.
Bathurst .....	The South Riding of Leeds and the North and South Ridings of Lanark.
Rideau .....	The Counties of Renfrew and Carleton and the City of Ottawa.
St. Lawrence .....	The Town of Brockville and Township of Elizabethtown, the South Riding of Grenville, the North Riding of Leeds and Grenville, and the County of Dundas.
Eastern .....	The Counties of Stormont, Prescott, Russell, Glengarry and the Town and Township of Cornwall.

## LOWER CANADA.

Names of Electoral Divisions	Limits of Electoral Divisions.
Gulf.....	The Counties of Gaspé, Bonaventure and Rimouski.
Grandville .....	The Counties of Temiscouata and Kamouraska, the Parishes of St. Roch des Aulnets and St. Jean Port Joli, and the prolongation thereof in a straight line to the Province Line in the County of L'Islet.
De la Durantaye,	The remainder of the County of L'Islet, the Counties of Montmagny and Bellechasse and the Parishes of St. Joseph, St. Henri and Notre Dame de la Victoire, in the County of Levis.
Lauzon .....	The remainder of the County of Levis, the Counties of Dorchester and Beauce.
Kennebec .....	The Counties of Lotbinière, Megantic and Arthabaska.
De la Vallière ..	The Counties of Nicolet and Yamaska, the Townships of Wendover, Grantham, and that part of Upton which lies in the County of Drummond.
Wellington.....	The remainder of the County of Drummond, the County of Richmond, the Town of Sherbrooke, the Counties of Wolfe, Compton and Stanstead.
Saurel .....	The Counties of Richelieu and Bagot, the Parishes of St. Denis, La Présentation, St. Barnabé and St. Jude, in the County of St. Hyacinthe.
Bedford .....	The Counties of Missisquoi, Brome and Shefford.
Rougemont.....	The remainder of the County of St. Hyacinthe, the Counties of Rouville and Iberville.
Montarville.....	The Counties of Verchères, Chambly and Laprairie.
De Lorimier.....	The Counties of St. Johns and Napierville; St. Jean Chrysostome and Russeltown in the County of Chateauguay; Hemmingford in the County of Huntingdon.
The Laurentides,	The Counties of Chicoutimi, Charlevoix, Saguenay and Montmorenci, the Seigniorship of Beaufort, the Parish of Charlesbourg, the Townships of Stoneham and Tewkesbury, in the County of Quebec.
La Salle.....	The remainder of the County of Quebec, the County of Portneuf, and all that part of the <i>Banlieue</i> of Quebec which lies within the Parish of Notre Dame de Québec.
Stadacona.....	The remainder of the City and <i>Banlieue</i> of Quebec.
Shawinigan .....	The Counties of Champlain and St. Maurice, the Town of Three Rivers, the Parishes of River du Loup, St. Léon, St. Paulin, and the Township of Hunterstown and its augmentation, in the County of Maskinongé.
De Lanaudière..	The remainder of the County of Maskinongé, the Counties of Berthier and Joliette, with the exception of the Parish of St. Paul, the Township of Kildare and its augmentation, and the Township of Cathcart.
Repentigny.....	The Parish of St. Paul, the Township of Kildare and its augmentation, and the Township of Cathcart, in the County of Joliette, the Counties of L'Assomption and Montcalm.
Mille Isles.....	The Counties of Terrebonne and Two Mountains.
Inkermann.....	The Counties of Argenteuil, Ottawa and Pontiac.
Alma .....	The Parishes of Long Point, Pointe aux Trembles, River des Prairies, Sault aux Récollets in the County of Hochelaga, and that part of the Parish of Montreal which lies to the East of the prolongation of St. Denis street; the County of Laval, that part of the City of Montreal which lies to the East of Bonsecours and St. Denis streets, and their prolongation.
Victoria .....	The remainder of the City of Montreal exclusive of the Parish.
Rigaud .....	The remainder of the Parish of Montreal, and the Counties of Jacques Cartier, Vandreuil and Soulanges.
DeSalaberry ...	The remainder of the County of Chateauguay, the remainder of the County of Huntingdon, and the County of Beauharnois.

The order in which the Electoral Divisions were to be entitled to return Members to the Legislative Council was to be determined by lot, as soon as possible after the commencement of the said Act, in the manner provided in the Schedule E to the said Act, and was to be forthwith made known by proclamation. For the purpose of such determination by lot, the Electoral Divisions were united in groups of four each, and periodical elections of Legislative Councillors to represent the several Electoral Divisions were to take place in the order to be determined by lot, and made known by proclamation. The twelve Electoral Divisions named in the List of the "First Drawing" being those first entitled to return Members to the said Council; those named in the List of the "Second Drawing" being those next entitled to return Members to the said Council, and so on. By the said Schedule E, it is provided as follows, viz:

1. The Speaker of the Legislative Council, shall cause to be placed before the Governor in Council, twelve boxes marked respectively 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.
2. The names of the forty-eight Electoral Divisions shall be plainly written separately, upon a like number of pieces of paper of the same shape and size.
3. The Clerk of the Legislative Council shall place these papers in the boxes, one by one, having first shewn them and then folded them so as to conceal the writing.
4. He shall place in each box the names of the Electoral Divisions which form the group in Schedule F, corresponding in number to such box.
5. Having shaken the boxes, he shall four several times withdraw one piece of paper from each box in succession, unfold each piece of paper in turn as it is withdrawn, exhibit it, and declare aloud and write down on a list the name written thereon.
6. Four lists of names of Electoral Divisions shall in this way be made by the Clerk of the Legislative Council, on four separate pieces of paper previously headed respectively "First Drawing," "Second Drawing," "Third Drawing," and Fourth Drawing," in each of which list there will be twelve names.
7. These lists shall be then and there authenticated by the signatures of the Executive Councillors present and the counter-signature of the Clerk of the Legislative Council, and shall remain on record in the office of the Executive Council.

8. The result of the drawing shall be embodied in a Minute of Council, and communicated without delay to the Governor.

The formalities prescribed in and by the said Schedule E to the said Act annexed, having been on the fifteenth of July, 1856, duly observed, and the result of the drawing, embodied in a Minute of Council, having been duly communicated to Sir Edmund W. Head, Bart., Governor General, as in and by the said Act required, a proclamation was issued by him on the 16th July, 1856, declaring the order in which the Electoral Divisions in and by the said Act established should be entitled to return Members to the Legislative Council, as determined by lot in the manner provided in the said Schedule E, which was as follows :

First Drawing.	Second Drawing.	Third Drawing.	Fourth Drawing.
Lauzon.	Gulf.	Grandville.	De la Durantaye.
The Laurentides.	La Salle.	Stadacona.	Shawinigan.
Wellington.	Sauvel.	De la Vallière.	Kennebec.
Mille Isles.	Repentigny.	Inkerman.	De Lanaudière.
Rougemont.	Montarville.	Bedford.	De Lorimier.
De Salaberry.	Alma.	Rigaud.	Victoria.
Western.	Tecumseth.	St. Clair.	Malahide.
Saugeen.	Gore.	Brock.	Thames.
Burlington.	Erie.	Niagara.	Home.
Queen's.	York.	King's.	Midland.
Trent.	Cataraqui.	Newcastle.	Quinté.
Rideau.	St. Lawrence.	Bathurst.	Eastern.

The election for the Councillors to represent the Districts mentioned in the first drawing took place between the 1st September and 1st November following, as prescribed by the 8th section of the above Act.

The elective for the other Districts will take place as follows, viz. : those shewn by the second drawing in 1858, by the third drawing in 1860, and by the fourth drawing in 1862.

**MUNICIPAL LOAN FUNDS.**

By the 16th Vict., cap. 22, as amended by the 18th Vict., cap. 13, the sum of £1,500,000 sterling is set apart for each section of the Province to form a *Municipal Loan Fund* to be called respectively, the *Upper Canada Municipal Loan Fund* and the *Lower Canada Municipal Loan Fund*.

The Upper Canada Municipal Loan Fund has been appropriated as follows :—

Municipalities.	Amount taken.	Municipalities.	Amount taken.
Port Hope, Town.....	£215,000 0 0	Woodhouse, Township.....	£20,000 0 0
Hope, Township.....	15,000 0 0	Norwich, Township.....	50,000 0 0
Niagara, Town.....	70,000 0 0	Cornwall, Town.....	3,000 0 0
Cobourg, Town.....	125,000 0 0	Belleville, Town.....	5,000 0 0
Chippawa, Village.....	6,500 0 0	Northumberland & Durham, Counties	102,000 0 0
Grey, County.....	4,000 0 0	Ops, Township.....	20,000 0 0
Bertie, Township.....	10,000 0 0	Elgin, County.....	20,000 0 0
Brantford, Township.....	125,000 0 0	London, Town.....	93,850 0 0
Brantford, Town.....	12,500 0 0	Windham, Township.....	25,000 0 0
Wainfleet, Township.....	5,000 0 0	Simcoe, Town.....	25,000 0 0
Canborough, Township.....	2,000 0 0	Lanark and Renfrew, Counties.....	200,000 0 0
Huron and Bruce, Counties.....	127,000 0 0	Brockville, Town.....	100,000 0 0
Perth, County.....	22,000 0 0	Elizabethtown, Township.....	12,166 13 4
Moulton and Sherbrooke, Township..	5,000 0 0	Stratford, Village.....	25,000 0 0
Paris, Village.....	10,000 0 0	Goderich, Town.....	25,000 0 0
Oxford, County.....	5,000 0 0	Hastings, County.....	29,400 0 0
Ottawa, City.....	50,000 0 0	Wolford, Township.....	25,000 0 0
Prescott, Town.....	25,000 0 0	Essex, County.....	8,000 0 0
Lincoln and Welland, Counties.....	12,000 0 0	Barrie, Town.....	3,000 0 0
Lambton, County.....	4,000 0 0	Chatham, Town.....	25,000 0 0
Middleton, Township.....	1,250 0 0	Dundas, Town.....	13,000 0 0
St. Catharines, Town.....	47,500 0 0	Guelph, Town.....	20,000 0 0
Woodstock, Town.....	25,000 0 0		
Stanley, Township.....	2,500 0 0		
			£1,775,666 13 4

On the credit of the Lower Canada Municipal Loan Fund, loans for the following sums have been effected :

County of Stanstead.....	£1,700 0 0	Parish of St. Romuald de Farnham..	7,500 0 0
County of Sherford.....	7,500 0 0	Village of Laprairie.....	1,000 0 0
County of Terrebonne.....	23,500 0 0	Parish of St. Jean d'Orléans.....	2,000 0 0
County of Ottawa, Division No. 2....	32,900 0 0	Ste. Marie de Monnoir.....	1,000 0 0
County of Megantic, Division No. 1..	1,400 0 0	Township of Shefford.....	14,375 0 0
City of Montreal.....	200,000 0 0	“ Bolton.....	3,250 0 0
Township of Acton.....	6,000 0 0	“ Granby.....	7,500 0 0
Town of St. Hyacinthe.....	4,000 0 0	“ Tring.....	5,000 0 0
Town of Sherbrooke.....	20,000 0 0	Village of Canton of Chambly.....	3,000 0 0
Village of Varennes.....	500 0 0	Parish of St. Romuald d'Etchemin...	5,000 0 0
Village of Huntingdon.....	1,750 0 0	City of Three Rivers.....	15,000 0 0
Township of Roxton.....	7,500 0 0		
Township of Lingwick.....	£2,500 0 0		
Village of St. Johns.....	5,000 0 0		
			£378,875 0 0

The objects for which money may be raised on the credit of the Lower Canada Municipal Loan Fund, are limited by the second section of the 16th Vict., cap. 22, as amended by the 18th Vict., cap. 13, sect. 4, and the 20th Vict., cap. 42, as follows:—

By the 16th Vict., cap. 22, sect. 2, the Corporation of any County, City, Town, Township, or Village, is authorized to effect a loan—

To defray the expense of building or improving any *gaol* or *court house* for the use of the municipality;

For acquiring, making, constructing, or completing, or assisting in the making, construction, or completion of any *railroad*, *canal*, or *harbour*, or for the improvement of any *navigable river* within or without the municipality, but the acquisition, making, or construction whereof will benefit the inhabitants of the municipality.

By the same authority, the Corporation of any City or County, may effect a similar loan—

To defray the cost of making or improving any *bridge*, *macadamized*, *gravel*, or *planked road* within or without the municipality, but the making or improving whereof will benefit the inhabitants of such municipality.

By the By-laws to be made by any Municipality as above authorized, it may be provided that the assistance of the Municipality shall be granted towards—

Making, constructing, or completing any such *railroad*, *bridge*, *macadamized*, *gravel*, or *planked road*, *canal* or *harbour*, or towards the improvement of any navigable river, either by *subscribing* on behalf of the municipality for stock in any company incorporated for making, constructing, or completing the same, or by *loaning money* to such company, or to any board of commissioners incorporated for any of the above purposes.

By the 18 Vict., cap. 13, sect. 4, any incorporated City, Town, or Village, may effect a similar loan—

To defray, or aid in defraying, the expense of erecting, prosecuting, and maintaining any *gas* or *water works* within or for the use of such municipality, or its *drainage*, *salubrity*, or *more perfect sanitary condition*, or for constructing or aiding in the construction of any *plank* or *macadamized road*, for the benefit of such municipality.

By the 20 Vict., cap. 42, the objects of such loans are further extended.

I. The provisions of the Acts 16 Vict., cap. 22, and 18 Vict., cap. 13, shall be interpreted as applying and having always applied to all *local municipalities in Lower Canada*, in the same manner and to the same extent as to *township municipalities in Upper Canada*.

II. The corporation of any municipality whatever in Lower Canada, in addition to the powers already conferred upon them by the above Acts, may, by conforming to the provisions thereof, in so far as they are consistent with this Act, raise upon the credit of the share of the said fund set apart for Lower Canada, any sum of money which they may deem necessary for the *opening*, *establishment*, *construction*, *repair*, or *improvement*, either within or without the limits of the municipality, of any *road*, *street*, or *bridge*, the construction and maintenance of which would be advantageous to such municipality.

A loan raised by a municipality legally qualified to effect it as above for any one of the objects mentioned, must be effected by a by-law, in which the object to which the sum or the several objects to which different parts of such sum to be borrowed, is or are to be appropriated, must be clearly defined, and in which it must be recited that such loan is to be raised under the provisions of the above Acts, and the exact term for which such loan is to be effected must be expressed, but such term shall in no case be more than thirty nor less than five years.

Every such by-law or every material provision thereof shall be published for the information of the rate-payers, for at least one month before the final passing thereof, in some newspaper published weekly or oftener within the territorial jurisdiction of the municipality, or, if there be no such newspaper published within such jurisdiction, then in some newspaper published in the place nearest to such jurisdiction, and also by posting the same up in at least four public places in the municipality, (and if it be a by-law of a county council, then in each municipality in such county,) with a notice, signed by the clerk of the municipality in the council of which the by-law originated, signifying that it is a true copy of a by-law which will be taken into consideration by the council of the municipality after the expiration of one month from the first publication thereof in such newspapers, (the date of which first publication shall be mentioned in such notice,) and that on some day and at some hour and place, (or if the meeting be for a county by-law, places,) named in the notice, and which shall have been previously fixed by the said council, such day not being less than three weeks, nor more than four weeks, after such first publication. A general meeting of the qualified municipal electors of the municipality, (or of the several municipalities within the county,) will be held for the purpose of considering such by-law, and approving or disapproving the same.

If such by-law be approved by the electors at such general meeting, and be afterwards passed by the municipal council, then such by-law, and all the provisions thereof, shall be subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, and shall have no force until such approval shall have been given. Every such by-law when submitted to the Governor in Council for his approval shall contain a recital that it has been approved by a majority of the duly qualified electors (or of the municipalities) of (or in) the municipality, at a meeting (or meetings) called and held in conformity to the requirements of the above Acts, and such recital shall be conclusive proof of the facts therein stated.

Before any such by-law shall be approved by the Governor in Council, the treasurer of the municipality shall furnish a statement certified under oath, showing the amount of taxable property therein, according to the then last assessment roll or rolls, and a true account of all the debts and liabilities of the municipality and of its expenditure for every purpose for the then last year.

No municipality shall pass a by-law for effecting any loan as above for an amount exceeding twenty per cent on the aggregate valuation of the property affected by such by-law in the municipality, according to the then last assessment roll thereof.

#### PATENTS OF INVENTION.

By the 12th Vict., cap. 24, as amended by the 14th and 15th Vict., cap. 79, patents of invention for the Province of Canada, to extend to a period of 14 years, can be obtained by any British subject being at the same time a resident of the Province, for any invention or discovery made by him of any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement on any art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, the same not being known or used in the Province by others before his discovery or invention thereof, and not, at the time of the application for a patent, in public use or on sale in the Province with his consent or allowance, as the inventor or discoverer thereof.

Application for such patent should be made by petition to the Governor of Canada, accompanied by a solemn declaration made before a justice of the peace that the applicant verily believes himself to be the true inventor of the discovery or invention for which he so solicits a patent.

The petitioner must also deliver a written description or specification in duplicate of his invention or improvement, and of the manner or process of compounding the same, in such full, clear, and exact terms as to distinguish the same from all other things before known, and to enable any person skilled in the art or science of which it is a branch, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make, compound, and use the same; and in the case of any machine, he shall fully explain the principle and the several modes in which he has contemplated the application of that principle or character, by which it may be distinguished from other inventions; and shall accompany the whole with drawings and written references made in duplicate, where the nature of the case admits of drawing, or with specimens of the ingredients, or of the composition of matter, sufficient in quantity for the purpose of experiment; which description or specification shall be signed by himself, and attested by two witnesses.

The following forms are in conformity to the above statutes:—

PETITION.

To His Excellency (A. B.), GOVERNOR IN CHIEF OF THE PROVINCE OF CANADA, &c., &c., &c.

The petition of (name of inventor, of place of residence), in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, in the Province of Canada, (trade or profession.)

HUMBLY SHEWETH:

That your petitioner is a British subject, being a native of (here insert birthplace), (if not British by birth, but a naturalized subject, here insert, and duly naturalized under the provisions of the Act 12 Vict., cap. 197, or other Act, as case may be), on (date), at (name of place), and is a resident of the Province of Canada.

That he hath invented (name of invention), not known or used in this Province by others before his invention thereof, and not at the time of this application in public use or for sale therein with his consent or allowance. A specification and description thereof (and drawings illustrative thereof, if the invention admits of drawings) in duplicate, have been deposited with the Minister of Agriculture, as required by law.

Wherefore your petitioner humbly prays, that your Excellency will be pleased to direct Her Majesty's letters patent for the said invention to be granted for the term allowed by law; and your petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

(Signature of inventor.)

(Place and date.)

SOLEMN DECLARATION.

PROVINCE OF CANADA, } I (name of inventor), of (place of residence and trade or profession), hereby solemnly  
DISTRICT OR COUNTY } declare and say, that I verily believe myself to be the true inventor of the (name of  
OF (NAME), } invention), for which by my petition to His Excellency the Governor of Canada, dated  
To wit: } (insert date of petition), I solicit a patent.

(Signature of inventor.)

Declared and signed before me this (day and month), 185 , at (name of place.)

(Signature of a Justice of the Peace.)

J. P. for District or County of \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION.

In duplicate. { Be it known unto all men that the following is a full and exact description of (name of invention) invented by me the undersigned (here insert full description of invention, &c.)

What I claim as my invention is (insert a brief description of the invention.)

(Signature of inventor.)

(Place and date.)

Signed in the presence of

A. B., }  
C. D., } Witnesses.

When drawings accompany the specification, they should bear the name of the invention on the top thereof be in duplicate, and marked "certified to be the drawings referred to in the description and specification hereunto annexed," and be signed, like the specification, by the inventor, in presence of two witnesses.

All correspondence and deposit of papers, &c., respecting patents of invention are to be made with the Minister of Agriculture.

PROOF OF COLONIAL ACTS OF STATE, JUDGMENTS, &c.

Extracts from Imperial Act 14 and 15 Vict., cap. 99,—“An Act to amend the Law of Evidence.”

Sect. VII. All proclamations, treaties, and other acts of state of any foreign state or of any British colony, and all judgments, decrees, orders and other judicial proceedings of any court of justice in any foreign state or in any British colony, and all affidavits, pleadings and other legal documents filed or deposited in any such court, may be proved in any court of justice, or before any person having by law or by consent of parties authority to hear, receive and examine evidence, either by examined copies or by copies authenticated as hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if the document sought to be proved be a proclamation, treaty or other act of state, the authenticated copy, to be admissible, must purport to be sealed with the seal of the foreign state or British colony to which the original document belongs; and if the document sought to be proved be a judgment, decree, order, or other judicial proceeding of any foreign or colonial court, or an affidavit, pleading, or other legal document filed or deposited in any such court, the authenticated copy, to be admissible in evidence, must purport either to be sealed with the seal of the foreign or colonial court to which the original document belongs, or, in the event of such court having no seal, to be signed by the judge, or, if there be more than one judge, by any one of the judges of the said court; and such judge shall attach to his signature a statement in

writing on the said copy, that the court whereof he his judge has no seal; but if any of the aforesaid authenticated copies shall purport to be sealed or signed as hereinbefore respectively directed, the same shall respectively be admitted in evidence in every case in which the original document could have been received in evidence, without any proof of the seal, where a seal is necessary, or of the signature, or of the truth of the statement attached thereto, where such signature and statement are necessary, or of the judicial character of the person appearing to have made such signature and statement.

Sect. XI. Every document which, by any law now in force or hereafter to be in force, is or shall be admissible in evidence of any particular in any court of justice in England or Wales or Ireland, without proof of the seal or stamp or signature authenticating the same, or of the judicial or official character of the person appearing to have signed the same, shall be admitted in evidence to the same extent and for the same purposes in any court of justice of any of the British colonies, or before any person having, in any such colonies, by law or by consent of parties, authority to hear, receive and examine evidence, without proof of the seal or stamp or signature authenticating the same, or of the judicial or official character of the person appearing to have signed the same.

Sect. XII. Every register of a vessel kept under any of the Acts relating to the registry of British vessels, may be proved in any court of justice, or before any person having, by law or by consent of parties, authority to hear, receive and examine evidence, either by the production of the original or by an examined copy thereof, or by a copy thereof purporting to be certified under the hand of the person having the charge of the original, and which person is hereby required to furnish such certified copy to any person applying at a reasonable time for the same, upon payment of the sum of one shilling; and every such register or such copy of register, and also every certificate of registry, granted under any of the Acts relating to the registry of British vessels, and purporting to be signed as required by law, shall be received in evidence in any court of justice, or before any person having, by law or by consent of parties, authority to hear, receive, and examine evidence, as prima facie proof of all the matters contained or recited in such register, when the register or such copy thereof as aforesaid is produced, and of all the matters contained or recited in or endorsed on such certificate of registry, when the said certificate is produced.

Sect. XIX. The words "*British colony*," as used in this Act, shall apply to the *British territories* under the Government of the *East India Company*, and to the Islands of *Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark and Man*, and to all other possessions of the *British Crown*, wheresoever and whatsoever.

#### PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS ON RAILWAYS.

The 20 Vict., cap. 12, authorises the Governor in Council to appoint Inspectors of Railways, not more than three in number, who may enter upon and examine railways, stations and their appurtenances. Every railway company shall afford to such Inspectors every requisite information, and shall submit to them all plans, &c., of the construction of such railway or any portion thereof. No railway is to be opened for use by the public until a calendar month after notice in writing of the intention of opening it being given to the Board of Railway Commissioners, under a penalty of £50 for every day such railway shall so remain open. The Railway Commissioners, upon the report of an Inspector and approval thereof by the Governor in Council, may order the postponement of the opening of a railway; and any company acting in contravention to such order will incur a penalty of £50 for every day they shall so act. The Governor may order permanent bridges to be substituted for moveable bridges; and any bridges, tunnels, locomotives or cars condemned, on the report of an Inspector, by the Board of Railway Commissioners, with the approval of the Governor in Council, must be made sufficient by the company. The Inspectors are authorized to forbid the running of trains on railways deemed dangerous, until put in proper order; but the Railway Commissioners, with the approval of the Governor in Council, may modify such order of the Inspectors. Every railway company must use the best apparatus for communication between conductors and engine drivers, and for stopping or disconnecting cars, fixing seats therein, &c. In cases of serious accidents to or upon any railway, the company shall give notice thereof to the Board of Railway Commissioners, in default of which they shall forfeit £50 for every day of such omission; and every Railway Company shall semi-annually make a return to the above Board of all accidents and casualties (whether to life or property) that occurred on their railway during the previous half year, and a true copy of their existing by-laws.

Horses and cattle are by the above Act forbidden to be at large upon any highway within half a mile of its intersection with a railway.

Every railway shall pay an annual rate not to exceed £2 10s per mile, as fixed by the Governor in Council, to form "The Railway Inspection Fund."

#### INSPECTION OF STEAMBOATS, AND SECURITY OF LIVES OF PASSENGERS THEREON.

14 and 15 Vict., cap. 126.

The Governor in Council is authorized by this Act to appoint Inspectors of Steamboats for various parts of the Province; and all owners of such vessels are thereby required to have their machinery inspected at least once in every six months, under a penalty of £100 for negligence in that respect; also to have in a conspicuous and easily accessible place in every such steam vessel a steam gauge, properly constructed, open to the view of all passengers, and shewing at all times the true pressure of the steam in the boiler thereof, under a penalty of £50 for every failure to do so.

It is thereby also made the duty of the owner and master of every such steamboat not exceeding two hundred tons, to provide and carry with such boat, upon each and every voyage, two long boats or yawls, each of which shall be competent to carry at least twenty persons, and, where the tonnage of such steamboat exceeds two hundred tons, not less than three long-boats or yawls of the same or larger dimensions, under a penalty of £50 for every failure so to do; and further, every such owner or master is required to provide, as a part of the necessary furniture, a suction hose and fire engine and hose, suitable to be worked on such vessel in case of fire, and carry the same on each and every voyage, in good order; and on failure thereof, each owner or master shall forfeit £50 for every such offence.

Any damage sustained in consequence of the non-observance of any of the provisions contained in the above Act, shall in all courts of justice be deemed, in the absence of proof to the contrary, to have been caused by wilful default of the master or other person having charge of such steamboat; and the owner thereof in all civil proceedings, and such master or other person in all proceedings, whether civil or criminal, shall be subject to the legal consequences of such default.

16 Vict., cap. 167.

This Act further provides that at least one of the boats provided for and carried with every such steamboat under the 14 and 15 Vict., cap. 126, shall be a LIFE-BOAT made of metal, fire-proof, and in all respects a good, substantial, safe sea-boat, capable of sustaining, inside and outside, fifty persons, with life-lines attached to the gunwale at suitable distances, and that all of such boats shall be well furnished with oars and other necessary apparatus, and shall be good substantial and safe boats, and in good condition at all times for service.

That it shall also be the duty of the owner and master of every such steamboat, to provide and carry with it upon each and every voyage, a good life preserver, made of suitable material, or a float well adapted to the purpose, for each and every passenger, which life preservers and boats shall always be kept in convenient and accessible places in such steamboats, and in readiness for the use of the passengers; and also at least twenty-five fire-buckets and five axes.

That every such steamboat carrying passengers on the main or lower deck, shall be provided with sufficient means convenient to such passengers for their escape to the upper deck, in case of fire or other accident endangering life.

That the Governor in Council may by Order in Council prescribe and regulate the number of passengers that may be carried by any steamboat; such order to be published at least twice, at an interval of at least six days between each publication, in the *Canada Gazette*.

(No such order has yet been published.)

20 Vict., cap. 34.

This Act subjects steam vessels to a closer inspection than that required by the previous Acts.

Every Inspector may examine any steamer at the place for which he is appointed; and if he considers such vessel unsafe or unfit to carry passengers, he shall report thereon, to the Governor in Council, who may by Order in Council direct that such vessel shall not be used or run until permitted so to do by the Inspector who shall have made such report, or by Order of the Governor in Council; and any such vessel run or used in contravention of any such Order in Council, shall be liable to forfeiture and to seizure by the collector of customs at any port, and to sale, in the same way as goods liable to forfeiture for non-payment of duties.

Inspectors may ask all pertinent questions of persons on board any steamer; and any person refusing to answer, or answering falsely, shall be liable to a penalty of £10.

Every Inspector is to see that the safety valves are sufficient, and may if he think fit lock up and take them from control of the crew. Steam gauges are to be constructed and placed as Inspectors shall see fit, but open to the view of all persons on board. The master or owner of every such steam vessel is bound, under a penalty of £50, to report to one of the Inspectors any injury to vessel or machinery, within 48 hours of its occurrence.

To create "The Steamboat Inspection Fund" there shall be paid to a collector of customs at some port yearly, on every steam vessel a rate, to be fixed by the Governor in Council, not exceeding 6d. for every ton of measurement, and the following fees for every inspection:

For every propeller, freight or tug steamer, and every ferry steamer not exceeding 100 tons..	£1	5	0
For every ferry or passenger steamer over 100 tons .....	2	10	0

Collectors of Customs may demand the exhibition of receipts and certificates appertaining to any steam vessel, and may detain such steam vessel until such are produced, and until penalties incurred are paid.

By other provisions of this Act contained in the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th sections, which will come into force on the 1st April 1858, Inspectors of Steamboats are required to examine and see that suitable and safe provisions are made throughout such vessels to guard against loss or danger from fire; and to grant no certificate, if the provisions for preventing fires are not complied with, or if any combustible material liable to take fire from heated iron, or any other heat generated on board of such vessels in and about the boilers, pipes or machinery, shall be placed at less than 18 inches from such substance likely to cause ignition, unless a column of air or water intervenes between such heated surface and any wood or other combustible material so exposed, sufficient at all times and under all circumstances to prevent ignition; and when wood is so exposed to ignition, it shall be shielded by some incombustible material, so as to let the air circulate freely between such material and the wood.

Every steam vessel carrying passengers shall not have less than 3 double-acting forcing pumps, with chamber at least 4 inches in diameter, 2 to be worked by hand, and one by steam, if steam can be employed, otherwise all 3 by hand, one near the stern, one near the stem, and one amidships, each having hose of at least two thirds the length of the vessel, kept at all times in perfect order and ready for immediate use. Each pump shall also be supplied with water by a pipe passing through the side of the vessel, so low as to be at all times in the water when the vessel is afloat. But in vessels not exceeding 200 tons measurement, engine-room included, two of such pumps, one of which may be the steam-pump, may be dispensed with; and in vessels of over 200 tons and not exceeding 500 tons measurement, engine-room included, one of such hand-pumps may be dispensed with, but the hose must be long enough to reach every part of the vessel.

Inspectors may, whenever they deem it necessary, at least once in every year, subject the boilers of steam vessels inspected to a test by hydrostatic pressure, the limit of which shall in no case exceed 150 pounds to the square inch, and shall satisfy themselves, by examination and experimental trials, that such boilers are well made of good and suitable material; and the owner of the vessel shall provide the necessary pump and apparatus for such test, to be worked by the crew of the vessel; and no such Inspector shall make or deliver to the owner or master of any steam vessel a certificate without such boilers having been subjected to such test by hydrostatic pressure.

In subjecting boilers to such hydrostatic test, the Inspectors shall assume 100 pounds to the square inch as the maximum pressure allowable as a working power for a new boiler 42 inches in diameter, made of the best refined iron, and at least one quarter of an inch thick; and shall rate the working power of all boilers according to this standard; and in all cases the test applied shall exceed the working power allowed in the ratio of 150 to 100 lbs., using the water in such tests at a temperature not exceeding 60° Fahrenheit; but any such Inspector may, for reasons to be stated specifically in his certificate, fix the working pressure of such boiler at less than two thirds of said test pressure; and no boiler hereafter made shall be rated in its working pressure above the aforesaid standard.