

The Canadian Gleaner

1619

HUNTINGDON, Q., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1894.

A DOLLAR A YEAR
No Credit

Chateaugay Advertiser

SEIGNIORIAL RENT.

All Seigniorial Rents remaining unpaid on the First November next, shall be handed to the lawyers of company for collection without any further notice.

Montreal Investment Trust,
Per A. C. LYMAN, Agent.
Beauharnois, 24th Oct., 1894. 20

NEW GOODS NEW GOODS

New Dress Material to suit every taste with Trimmings to match.

New Jet Trimmings,
New Beaded Trimmings,
New Military Braids,
New Serpentine Braids,
New Osborne Trimmings
Silks, Satins, Velvets, and Plush,
in all desirable shades.

CLOAKINGS

A large range of New Cloakings in all the Newest designs.
FALL COATINGS, SUITINGS, AND TROUSERINGS
Celebrated "Tyke Serge."

YARNS.

Fingering Yarns in all best qualities Berlin, Saxony, Shetland, in every shade.

UNDERWEAR

In all desirable weights and textures.
Ladies Cashmere Underwear,
Ladies Natural Wool Underwear,
Hygienic Vests.

GREAT BARGAINS IN BLANKETS

Call and see our line of Blankets we are selling at \$1.25, \$1.75.

SPECIAL VALUES IN LINENS.

A large stock of BOOTS & SHOES always on hand, Ladies Featherweight Rubbers.
N.B.—Highest Market Price paid for all kinds Grain at Ormstown and St. Louis.

THOS. BAIRD.

FALL OPENING, 1894.

Newest Colouring and Designs in Mantle Cloths and Trimmings just arrived, comprising Seattles, Beavers, Napp Cloth, Meltons Etc., for Fall and WINTER WEAR.
Ladies, bear in mind there is nothing more becoming than a perfect fitting tailor-made Mantle, which can be had in the very latest Paris Fashion.
To order, Sealette Cloaks, Jackets, Ulsters, Dolmans, Shoulder Capes, Wraps, Russian Circulars, Etc. Call early and order at the new Mantle House.

JOHN LIGGET.

Merchant Tailor,
Ormstown, Que.

N.B. Mantles and Cloaks cut and fitted on three hours' notice, if necessary. Also, a very choice range of Scotch Tweeds, Friezes, and the celebrated Tyke Serge for Men's Suits and Overcoats.

FALL OPENING OF GOODS APPROPRIATE TO THE SEASON AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

Ladies Camel's Hair Costume Cloth (Broche) double width, 40c.
Ladies' Vigoureux Costume Cloth, double width, 45c.
Ladies' Broadcloth Suiting, 1 1/2 yd. wide, 90c.
Ladies' Serge Dress Goods, all shades, double width, from 18c.
Ladies' Homespun Suiting.
Latest in Goods for Ladies' Jackets and Capes at reduced prices.
All shades of plain and corded Velvet for Ladies Suiting and Trimming.
Good assortment of Jersey Gloves, lined and unlined, from 12c up.
Remember our all-wool Grey Flannel 14c, also Ban Beg Tweed and Ladies' Dress Goods at 12 1/2c

MEN'S DEPARTMENT COMPLETE

Tweed, Military Cloth, Beaver and Freize. A first-class Tailor attached to department.
Good choice in Oilcloth and Woolen Carpets.
Complete Line of Groceries.
Sugar 3 1/2c. Coal Oil 11c. Salt 5 1/2c.

Boursier & Co.
STE MARTINE

FOR SALE, in village of Ormstown, a new brick house, bought at the sale of the Lockerby estate last summer, and now completed and finished, containing nine rooms. Basement has a cemented floor, hot air heater, cistern, metal roof, and good well in yard, with metal pump and pipes. Ground includes two village lots with small orchard and shade trees. Will be sold for less than house could be built for.
R. N. WALSH.
Ormstown, May 1894.

MILLINERY
The undersigned has on hand a first-class and selected stock of Millinery, in fact the largest stock ever held in Ormstown, bought at exceedingly low prices, enabling him to dispose of the same at prices which will defy competition. He has secured the service of a first-class Milliner and is bound to give satisfaction.
He would also tender his thanks to his many customers in the past in this line kindly soliciting a small share of their patronage during this season again. This is the place to get suited; over 150 different styles.
MATTHEW KEE.
Sept. 19, 1894. 21

SALE NOTES.

The sale notes granted at the Auction Sale of Mr Wm. Grant, North Georgetown, fall due on the 30th inst., and are in the hands of the undersigned. Prompt payment is expected.
D. R. HAY, Howick, 18
Howick, 17th October, 1894.

Grand Trunk Railway.

TICKETS for all points North, South, East and West sold at the lowest rates. For particulars call or write to
ANDREW PHILPS,
Ticket Agent,
Grand Trunk Railway.

HUNTINGDON.

The council is preparing to macadamize that part of York street which lies between Bouchette and Dalhousie streets. The object of this being to accommodate traffic between the two stations, would it not be better to open a new street in line with the station-yards, thus saving the roundabout? Direct communication between the two stations is certain to come, and it may be as well secured now and before spending money in macadamizing a bit of road on which there are only a few houses.

—Samuel Montgomery reports he took in from 1 1/2 acres 191 bushels of corn in the ear, has picked stalks of second-growth clover 3 1/2 feet long, and has Wolfe river apples that average 12 inches in circumference. One that he left at the Gleaner office weighs 1 lb 5 1/2 oz. and measures 1 1/2 inches. The Laird settlement is not to be sneezed at.

—When we went to press last week there were vague reports of several cases of diphtheria. Investigation showed there were only two families affected—Rev Wm. Craig's and W. S. MacLaren's. The two cases in Mr Craig's family were slight, and both patients are now recovered. Mr MacLaren's only daughter, Ethel, suffered from a virulent form of the disease, and during the last three days of her illness, when she hung between life and death, the interest manifested by the villagers was as painful in its intensity as their sympathy is now deep and sincere with the parents in the sad ending. There is now only one case in the village, which is in the family of Dr Wells. The board of health is alive to its duties, and carries out the regulations to the letter. Yesterday Doctors Cameron and Marshall visited the schools, and examined not only the premises but the scholars, there having been reports of nasal diphtheria. They found no indications of that dangerous form of the disease among the scholars and the premises to be in a good sanitary condition.

—Yesterday Dr Harper began his inspection of the schools, which he will finish tomorrow. In the evening he gave a lecture on "the Rob Roy country" in Moir hall. The attendance was small. Following partly the lines of Scott's novel, he traced the career and haunts of Scotland's Robin Hood, his remarks being illustrated by limelight views, which were good, and conveyed an excellent idea of the scenery of the Clyde and of the southern Highlands. A vote of thanks conveyed the sense of pleasure experienced by the audience.

—The St L. & A. RR. have discontinued running a through train to Montreal, and passengers for the city have to change at Coteau and—wait. This is a poor way to build up the business of the line.

—There has been no frost as yet to hurt the grass and dairy factories report fair receipts of milk.

—There is still a prospect of L. E. N. Pratte transferring his piano factory from Montreal to Huntingdon. If he does, he will bring his workmen with him, who will be employed in making piano cases. It is rumored on the street that the collections of the Cornwall company are turning out badly and the dividend is going to be small.

PLOWING MATCH.
The 1st Plowing Match of the united associations of the townships of Elgin and Godmanchester, will take place on the farm of J. B. Cooper, Elgin, but rented by Wm. Stewart, ON WEDNESDAY, 31st OCTOBER.
For rules, regulations, prize-list, &c., see hand-bills.
D. H. BROWN, } Secretaries.
W. H. WALKER, }

ESTATE OF LATE JAMES LATHAM
Notice is hereby given, that all parties having claims against the estate of the late James Latham of Hemmingford, in the county of Huntingdon, are required to file them with the undersigned within 30 days, and all parties indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to settle the same at once.
ALBERT LITTLE, Executor.
Hemmingford, Que., Oct. 6, 1894. 19

TO RENT OR SELL, the well-known Renicks' farm, on the ridge road, within 2 miles of the village of Huntingdon, containing 100 acres, all in a good state of cultivation, with exception of sugar-bush. House and out-buildings in good order. Apply in person on the premises or by letter to ARTHUR W. RENICKS, box 218, Huntingdon.

Municipality of the }
TOWNSHIP OF GODMANCHESTER }
NOTICE is hereby given that the General Collection Roll for said municipality is now prepared and deposited.
All persons liable for the payment of taxes or sums therein mentioned are required to pay the same at the office of the undersigned within the 20 days next following the date of this notice.
Please be prompt and avoid the expense of a special notice.
Huntingdon, Oct. 11th, 1894.
W. S. MACLAREN,
Secretary-Treasurer. 20

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.
Having more Bees than I have accommodation for I would be willing to dispose of a limited number at low prices. Also a quantity of Honey for sale, together with a number of Wheelbarrows. Will exchange for cash or farm produce.
JOHN GALIPEAU.
Huntingdon, Oct. 24th, 1894.

THE MONTREAL HERALD.
The Daily Herald is now the leading newspaper of Canada's greatest city. It publishes morning and evening editions, which will be sent to any address by mail for \$3 per year, \$1 per four months, or 30c per month, cash in advance. Persons wanting a daily paper should give it a trial; they will be delighted with it.
The Weekly Herald is a 12-page paper. It gives the news fully; discusses public questions fearlessly; contains an agricultural department, children's corner, woman's page, continued stories, cartoons, illustrations of current events, short stories. It has a large and growing circulation.
Drop a postal card for a sample copy of The Daily or The Weekly Herald.
MONTREAL HERALD CO.,
603 Craig Street, Montreal.

THE Sale notes given at auction sale, estate Boyd & Co. in April last, mature on 30th inst. Prompt payment is expected.
Huntingdon, Oct. 24, 1894.
W. S. MACLAREN, Curator.

SALE NOTES.
The sale notes granted at the sale of Mrs HENRY PLATT, Powerscourt, fall due on the 25th October, and are in my hands for collection. Prompt payment expected. 19
Mrs HENRY PLATT, Powerscourt.

CANADA.
Province of Quebec,
District of Beauharnois }
A Term of the Court of Queen's Bench for the District of Beauharnois, will be held in the Court House at Beauharnois, on the Fifteenth day of November next, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon.

In consequence, I give public notice to all who intend to proceed against any prisoner in the Common Jail of said District, and to others, that they must be present then and there. And I give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, and Peace officers, in and for the said District, that they must be present there, with their records, rolls, indictments, and other documents, in order to do those things which belong to each of them in their respective capacities.
Sheriff's Office, Beauharnois, Oct. 19th, 1894.
PHILEMON LABERGE, Sheriff.

Province of Quebec, }
District of Beauharnois } No 639
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF HUNTINGDON
FRIDAY, the nineteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.
IN VACATION.
James Will of Fort Covington, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, trader. Plaintiff
vs.
Alexander Lunan of the township of Elgin, in the District of Beauharnois, and Dame Ida Vesta Wallis, heretofore of the Village of Huntingdon, in said District, wife separate as to property, of Joseph Lunan, heretofore of the same place, agent; said Dame Ida Vesta Wallis, being now in parts unknown—and said Joseph Lunan for the purpose of authorizing his said wife, Defendants
The said Defendants, Dame Ida Vesta Wallis and Joseph Lunan are hereby ordered to appear within two months.
WM. HASSAN,
Clerk of said Court. 20

Province of Quebec, }
District of Beauharnois }
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.
No 1341
WEDNESDAY, the seventeenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.
IN VACATION.
William Lindsay of the Parish of St Malachie d'Ormstown, in the District of Beauharnois, farmer. Plaintiff
vs.
George Walker of Burke, in the County of Franklin, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, farmer. Defendant
The defendant is ordered to appear within two months.
M. BRANCHAUD, P.S.C.
McCORMICK & CLAXTON,
Attys. for Plff. 20

FED MILL.
The undersigned begs to announce that he has started a Feed Mill at Rockburn. All kinds of Grain ground for Feed.
Moullie for sale. Wm. GIBSON, 19
Rockburn, Oct. 17, 1894.

MRS LOUIS SIMPSON of Valleyfield wants a good plain cook. Waitress also kept and highest wages paid.

NEW MACHINE SHOP.
We, the undersigned, having rented the Hames Factory, lately occupied by Joseph Adams, east of the lower bridge, beg leave to intimate to farmers and the public generally that we have opened a Machine Shop, where we are prepared to do all kinds of work in that line, such as Mill Work, Shafting, Engines and Boilers repaired, Cheese Factory Trimmings, and all sorts of fitting a specialty. Also a stock of general Repairs for Implements always on hand. Also all kinds of plain and fancy Wood-work. All orders left in our charge will be attended to with neatness and despatch at reasonable prices.
HENRY, GALIPEAU & Co.
Huntingdon, Oct. 24th, 1894.

TO BE SOLD BY ANDW. PHILPS, AUCTIONEER
On MONDAY, Oct. 29, at 1 p.m., at residence of Mrs Wm. G. MORRISON, Huntingdon: all her Household Furniture, including an organ and parlor set. 6 mos. credit.

On TUESDAY, Oct. 30th, at the residence of JOSEPH BOOTH, 1 mile west of the village of Huntingdon: 2 working horses, 1 brood mare, 2 yearling colts, 10 milch cows, 2 two-year old heifers, 12-year old bull, 2 yearling heifers, 1 yearling bull, 7 calves, 15 tons hay, a quantity of straw. Sale without reserve. Terms—9 months' credit. Sale at 1 o'clock p.m.
On SATURDAY, Nov. 3, at 1 o'clock, at residence of Geo. M. KELLY, Boyd Settlement: cattle, pigs, hay, oats, straw, &c. 10 months' credit.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Is hereby given that the next Division of Profits among the policyholders of the CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO. takes place on 31st Dec., 1894. Surplus over \$2,000,000.
All persons joining now will obtain one full year's profits.
Enquiry and application should be made at once to the undersigned who will cheerfully afford all information. The best returns for the least money are obtained from the oldest, largest and most popular Canadian Company
THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.
Total Assets.....\$14,313,643
" Surplus.....2,184,874
" Assurance in force.....62,000,000
Annual income.....2,500,000
C. MARSHALL, Agent,
HUNTINGDON, QUE.

**Municipality of }
VILLAGE OF HUNTINGDON }**
NOTICE is hereby given that the General Collection Roll for said municipality is now prepared and deposited.
All persons liable for the payment of taxes or sums therein mentioned are required to pay the same at my office within the 20 days next following the date of this notice.
Please be prompt and avoid the cost of a special notice.
Huntingdon, October 11th, 1894.
W. S. MACLAREN,
Secretary-Treasurer. 20

McDONALD & ROBB,
VALLEYFIELD, QUE.
Our Mills are now running full time.
High Grade Flour,
Strong Bakers',
Hungarian Patent,
Family Flour,
Rolled Oats,
Bran,
Shorts,
Pea Meal,
Barley Meal,
Wheat Chop
28
Write us for samples and prices.
Our Flour for sale by all Grocers.

HAVE YOUR

WATCHES

CLOCKS

JEWELRY

And

SPECTACLES

Repaired by

W. B. SAUNDERS

Opposite Post-Office.

TARIFF REFORM.
Duty on hay reduced 50 per cent. Dedericks Patent Steel Case and Wood Frame Reversible
Also the Columbian Year Upright Hay Presses
All of which received the highest awards at the World's Fair.
BALE TIES.
Our Cook Stoves are the leading Cook Stoves in Canada.
Repairs for Threshing Machines and general repairs always on hand.
BOYD & CO.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS.
Having purchased the balance of the Organs and Pianos belonging to the Insolvent Estate of G. W. Cornwall & Co., I am prepared to offer the same at greatly reduced prices. Anyone in want of a cheap instrument will do well to see or communicate with me before purchasing elsewhere.
Will be pleased to forward catalogue and quote Special Prices on application.
Also agent for the Doherty Organ, Heintzman & Evans Pianos, which will be sold at lowest possible prices. Address
P. BRADY, Helena P.Q.

MORRISON BROS.
Is the BEST PLACE in Huntingdon for
Readymade Clothing

This year our stock is better assorted than ever.

Men's Ulsters, Frieze and Tweed, \$6 to \$13.
Men's Overcoats in Tweed, Beaver, Melton, Serge, and Nap, from \$3.75 to \$12.
Youth's Overcoats \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50 \$5 and \$6.
Boy's Overcoats \$3, \$3.50, \$4 and \$5.
Children's Overcoats \$2.50 \$3, \$3.50 and \$4.
Men's, Youths', and Boys' Suits in great variety.
Large stock of
Ladies Jackets

Direct from the most fashionable German makers from \$2.95 to \$15.

New Dress Goods and Cloakings
in all the latest colorings.

Full line MEN'S UNDERWEAR in Merino, Natural Wool and heavy Scotch Wool.

We have special lines in Cotton Goods which we are selling below Wholesale Price.

White and Colored Flannels, Shawls, Gloves, and Hosiery.

Our stock of Groceries is complete.
All kinds of marketable produce taken in exchange.
MORRISON BROS.

CARDING AND SPINNING.
There has been added to the Dewittville mills, a manufacturing set of cards and spinning machinery, including late improvements. Price for carding and spinning, 13 cents per lb; doubling and twisting for horse blankets, carpet or knitting yarn 5 cents extra. The custom roll cards will continue to run as usual. Wool, prepared wool for mattresses and quilts, and knitting yarn for sale.
L. C. McARTHUR, 20
Dewittville, 18th May, 1894.

TO SELL OR RENT, the well-known lots between Huntingdon and Dewittville, bounded by the Chateaugay, known as the Dickson farm. There are two lots, one containing about 80 acres and the other over 155. Will be sold or rented separately or together. A rare chance to buy one of the best stock farms in Godmanchester. Apply to JOHN A. McFARLANE, Elgin. Address letters, box 101, Huntingdon post-office.

READ what parties who are using the
LANCASTER FEED CUTTERS

Say of them:

I have used one of the No 11 Lancaster Cutters for some time and find it a most PERFECT WORKING MACHINE in every way. It cuts faster and with less power than any other Cutter I have seen working. I have cut one ton of ensilage in fifteen minutes with only two knives and slow feed. The safety attachments work perfectly; a stone got into my machine and only a slight nick was made in one knife while the other knives were not damaged in the least.
DAVID A. GRANT,
Fashion's Glen, Ont.

By permission we refer intending purchasers to Mr Grant who will be pleased to answer inquiries.

LANCASTER MACHINE WORKS,
LANCASTER, ONT.

FOR SALE TWO GOOD FARMS.
The old Lunan homestead, on Trout river, two miles west of the village of Huntingdon, containing one hundred acres of excellent land. This is one of the best farms on the river.
Also the Rice farm, in Victoria Settlement, 1 1/2 miles north of the village of Huntingdon, containing over one hundred acres of good land. As the farms must be sold, no reasonable offer will be refused. A small part of purchase price only required down, balance to be paid at any time during ten years with interest at six per cent. Parties wanting to buy a good and cheap farm will find it to their advantage to look over the above farms and get my price and terms before buying.
For any other information, &c., write or call on JAMES WILL, Fort Covington, N.Y.

Plattsburgh, N.Y., October 24.—
The case of the United States against Allen S. Matthews, assemblyman of Fort Covington, has occupied the attention of Hon S. L. Wheeler, United States commissioner, for the past three days. The charge against Matthews is that of smuggling wool from Canada. A large amount of testimony was introduced, which tended to show that large quantities of wool had been smuggled by defendant and his father in 1890, '91, '92 and '93. This was discovered thru the United States customs officers at Montreal. The principal witnesses were Archie and Alex. McMillan, who purchased the wool, sold it to Matthews and helped to deliver it. Alex. McMillan was the informer. After the United States had concluded its case, the defence asked for an adjournment to November 27, which was granted. It looks now as if Matthews would not be held, as the testimony of certain witnesses was not given in a manner to elicit the fullest confidence.

It is understood that the legislature will meet some day in the week beginning November 19, at Quebec. As various departmental reports are nearly all ready for distribution the session should not last more than five or six weeks.

THE GLEANER is not sent after the subscription expires. Those who would secure every number should renew promptly at least a week before the expiring of their time.



Canadian Gleaner

HUNTINGDON, Q., Oct. 25, 1894.

THE death of the Czar is daily looked for. His condition is such that he is unable to proceed to Corfu and the marriage of his eldest son has been hastened, in order that he may qualify for the succession. There is a feeling throughout Europe that the death of the Czar will lead to trouble, for he is credited with having prevented war several times by his personal influence.

WORD comes from London that Mr Foster has floated a new loan for 12½ million dollars, at 3 per cent. The bonds were offered at 95 and are now near par. The terms obtained go to show Mr Hall was right in opposing the placing of the Quebec loan in Paris.

THERE is a doubtful report from the east, that the Japanese army crossed the river Yalu and attacked their opponents entrenched on the eastern bank. After severe fighting, the Japs recrossed the river. The report has not been confirmed and is not generally credited. A decisive engagement may be looked for soon, as both armies will have to go into winter quarters next month. Where the fighting is going on, is far north, and the winters are very severe. The Chinese fleet is reported to have refitted and to be again ready for action. There is no prospect of an early peace, and it looks as if the war would be fought out to the bitter end. The Japanese parliament has voted all the supplies and powers asked for to carry on the war.

THE Dominion government has taken a criminal action against Emanuel St. Louis for \$144,000, the amount he is alleged to have fraudulently drawn to supply labor to build the Curran bridge. The premier is doubtless in earnest, and the country wishes him all success in bringing to justice one of the many who think it no crime to overcharge the government.

In connection with the Lachine canal management, the government is dispensing with some of its supernumeraries. One of them, Francois Corbell, on receiving notice of his dismissal, told a Herald reporter: "If Mr. Ouimet permits the abolition of my office he will ruin the Conservative party's prospects in Quebec." We are, of course, bound to believe the Conservative party to be hastening to decay, but that it has already reached such a condition of weakness that discharging a wharfinger is to put it out of office, we have our doubts. Mr. Corbell to the contrary, discharging parasites on the country will rather help the government.

AT THE convention of teachers, held in Montreal last week, the president, Mr. Parmelee, complained that more attention was being paid to higher education than to elementary, and that the means of education provided in the Protestant settlements were inadequate as to extent and imperfect in kind. A school inspector afterwards hazarded the assertion that 80 per cent. of the teachers are untrained. That the standard of education in the average common school is not what could be wished is too true. That the system of separate schools, by dividing support, leads to this is apparent, for a settlement that could keep up one good school can only keep in existence two poor ones. Allowing for this, our common schools would do better work were they confined to fewer subjects and fewer text books. To teach boys and girls to read, write, and count is attainable, but it is not done. We speak with knowledge when we say it is the exception to find those who have attended the average country school able to write a letter in correct Eng-

lish and in a plain legible hand. That such is the case is due largely to the time and attention of the scholars being taken up with subjects that are not equally essential. Boys are laboring with proportion who cannot add correctly, and girls deep in grammar who do not know the meaning of words. Our schools would effect more if they attempted less, and for this the committee of the council of instruction, which prescribes the course of study, is responsible, not the teachers. The boy or girl who can read with ease and understanding, who can write so as to convey their meaning clearly and concisely, and add, subtract and divide with accuracy, is fit to hold their own in life's battle, and have obtained possession of the keys that unlock the treasures of the world's knowledge. A thorough grounding in the three R's is all our elementary schools should be allowed to attempt.

Our teachers are an estimable and capable body of young women, who render services out of all proportion to their remuneration, and they would do more effective work had they fewer studies and fewer text books.

MR BLAKE began a series of meetings in the chief American cities on behalf of the parliamentary fund of the Home Rulers by addressing a small audience in a large hall in New York on the evening of the 17th. His speech did not contain anything striking and was of interest to Canadians solely as showing the progress he has made in learning how to vilify the Imperial government. Ireland's decrease in population and Ireland's poverty he ascribed to British rule. "Terribly misgoverned, over taxed Ireland could not," he said, "be expected to make progress." To tell the truth, that Ireland's decrease in population was beneficent, would not do. Ireland was unable to sustain the numbers of 1841, and it is surely better to have Irishmen in Liverpool, Glasgow, or Canada in comfort than starving in Dublin and Cork. In the same way, it did not suit Mr Blake's purpose to tell that Ireland pays much less taxes than Scotland yet has a larger number of members in parliament. The easy way of shifting all Ireland's woes on to the shoulders of England suits Mr Blake as it suits the men he associates with, who make their living by keeping alive a feeling of discontent that would otherwise die out. Mr Blake's thus pandering to the base prejudices of his hearers did not mollify the hostile disposition of part of them towards him personally. Regarded as the figurehead of the constitutional movement, several hundred Irishmen had crowded into the hall to vent their disapproval of him and the section of Home Rulers he represents. While he was speaking there was an explosion in one of the boxes. It was a gigantic firecracker, designed to throw the audience into a panic by supposing it to be a dynamite bomb. It sputtered out, however, without frightening anybody. "Hurrah for Parnell," shouted one man, "How much are ye paid by John Morley?" asked another of Blake the grim. Then when he had occasion to mention the names of Gladstone, Morley, Dillon, McCarthy, or Healy there were hisses and yells of "To hell with Blake! Hurrah for Parnell!" When the meeting ended there was a row at the door, which the police nipped before it developed into a riot, and Blake was guarded by constables to his hotel.

The wing of the Home Rule party, with whom Mr Blake has associated himself with in Ireland, affects a semblance of fealty to the British crown, and therefore a loyal man may mistakenly but in good faith work with them. It is entirely different with the Home Rulers in the United States. They are haters of Britain to a man and would do whatever lies in their power to injure or destroy her. At least nine-tenths of them have subscribed in the past to the funds of Fenian and like associations and if a portion of them now favor the constitutional movement it is because past experience has convinced them the physical means they can command are impotent against England's power. Mr Blake knows

this thoroughly, yet he goes to these haters of the Empire, these men whose speech is envenomed against his country and his Queen, for what?—to beg their dollars to assist in his scheme for the disruption of the United Kingdom. Whatever may have been thought of Mr Blake's course in the past, whatever excuses urged for a chivalric and enthusiastic temperament misled by the representations of the agitators in Ireland, must now be swept aside. The Canadian who crosses the frontier to beg money from citizens of a foreign power, who are enemies of the Empire, is not a loyal man and is unworthy of the land that gave him birth. We can conceive of nothing more unpatriotic, nothing more despicable, than for Mr Blake to seek to accomplish a constitutional revolution in Great Britain with means supplied by citizens of the United States.

LAST month Lord Plunkett, Archbishop of Dublin, consecrated an Episcopal clergyman, who has long labored in Madrid, as a bishop. This evoked the condemnation of the head of the Catholic hierarchy, followed by the protest of the Papal nuncio. The point of these solemn protestations is, that the Spanish government is held responsible for not preventing the consecration, and there is an active movement going on in political circles to punish the premier by driving him from office. The power of clerical influence is going to be tested in Spain, and the world will see whether an act of the simplest toleration is going to upset the ministry of the day.

THE dullness in cheese is the result of the rebound from speculative feeling that kept prices so high in July and August. Dealers got bit and there is no longer any buying to hold. Cheese is now bought only for actual wants and at the price warranted by Liverpool quotations. There is no prospect of a rise, for there has been a large make in Britain this season. Butter is still too dear here to permit of its being shipped at a profit, with the result of accumulating stocks in Montreal and in the creameries. It is doubtful if there is more creamery butter in the province than local wants will absorb before spring, but it is different with dairy, common qualities of which it is daily becoming harder to sell at any price. There have been large receipts of Manitoba butter at Toronto, where it has been sold as low as 10 cents.

MANITOBA farmers believe they are being defrauded by their wheat being used by dealers for mixing with inferior grades and then sold as Manitoba No. 1. It is alleged that this is common, with the result of a lower price in Manitoba than would otherwise be the case. Cases are quoted of cargoes being sold as No 1 hard, which contained 10 per cent of scoured wheat bought in Dakota. There is a movement to end this fraud, which hurts both the farmer in Manitoba and the buyer across the Atlantic. It seems there is a large quantity of inferior grain at Chicago and other American ports, which unscrupulous dealers want to work off.

HARPER'S MONTHLY for November. The question often asked, Which is the best magazine? has become more perplexing to answer than ever, owing to the extraordinary increase in the number of monthly illustrated periodicals. While recognizing the merits of these, each having some peculiar quality of its own that commends itself to the reader, we are bound to say that, on the whole, the oldest magazine on the continent is still without its equal. Taking it all round Harper's Monthly is the best. It avoids grooves and catering to a certain class, and maintains its reputation for general interest and readability. Its editing is specially careful, and each number presents a judicious mixture of grave and gay, of interesting and instructive reading. The number before us is an excellent specimen of this. There are articles of travel and of history, descriptive articles of home scenes, and enough of fiction to satisfy the most insatiable lover of stories. To those thinking of taking a magazine for the coming year we commend Harper's.

PLOWING MATCHES.

FERTILE CREEK.

THE match of the Fertile Creek plowing association was held on the farm of John Lang, on the 16th October. There were ten entries; viz. five in the married men's class with wooden plows, four in the Senior and one in the Junior. The land was very hard and stiff and the weather most inclement, but the plowmen all finished their respective lots inside the allotted time and in a very creditable manner. Lunch was served in the field, and, after the plowing was done, a sumptuous dinner, for which the directors would take this opportunity of thanking Mr. and Mrs. Lang.

The judges were Messrs James Bryson, John Logan and George Petrie, who awarded the prizes as follows:

MARRIED MEN'S CLASS.
1 prize. Richard Hamilton
2 " Robert Anderson
3 " Francois Perrault
4 " John Howe.

SENIOR CLASS.
1 prize Alfred Greig
2 " Mathew Orr
3 " Patrick McGeachie
4 " William Anderson

JUNIOR CLASS.
1 prize. William Ogilvie.

Also a whip to Mathew Orr for the best finish in the field, the gift of R. R. Wilson.

CHATEAUGAY.

The Chateaugay Valley association match took place on Oct. 19th, on the farm of Archd. McCormick, with the following result:

GENTLEMAN'S CLASS.
1 D. Baxter.....pair of boots, gift of John Ligget, and \$1.

JUNIOR CLASS.
1 J. Bryson.....\$2 and service of Macinnes
2 D. Drysdale..... 2 and 2 sets of horseshoes, gift of Wm. Sleep.
3 J. Greig..... 2
4 Walter Rogers..... 1 50
5 Henry Nussey..... 1
6 Wm. Finlayson, set of horseshoes, from J. McIntyre.
7 J. Roy, pair of cuff buttons, from Wm. Gale.
8 J. Thompson, a whip from Mr Leduc, St Louis.

Best finish in junior class, J. Roy, set of horseshoes from D. Carroll.

SENIOR CLASS.
1 Wm. Roy.....\$3 and fur collar, gift of Wm. Long.
2 Alfred Greig..... 3
3 John McIntosh..... 2
4 John Cullen..... 1 50
Best finish, Wm. Roy, halter from P. Coutts.

FIRST SPECIAL.
1 John McCartney.....\$4 and half service Chas. Sheridan.
2 Robert Mills.....\$3
3 Wm. Brethour..... 2
4 James Reid..... 1 50

SECOND SPECIAL.
1 John Logan, pair of backbands from the association.
2 S. McGerrigle, halters from A. Gibson.

Best in field—John Logan, pair of pants from Wm. Bryson.
Best outs and ins—D. Baxter, \$1 from Robert Ness, senr.

Judges—Special class, Malcolm McNaughton; senior, James Bryson; junior, James Chambers. All three to judge the district class.

There were 22 entries, 11 juniors, 4 seniors, 4 special, 2 district, and 1 gentleman. The land worked well, though a little hard, and all did well. Votes of thanks were tendered to the judges for their services, to William Greig, M.L.A., and others for their liberal donations, and specially to Mr and Mrs McCormick for the manner in which they entertained all present, spectators as well as plowmen.

HOWICK.

The weather continues mild and showery, and sufficient rain has fallen to bring the ground into good condition for fall plowing. Many farmers having already finished. The plowing matches that have taken place have been well attended, but chief interest is centred in the match to be held on Moe's farm near Ormstown which is open to the province.

For some time it has been surmised that liquor was being sold by unlicensed persons here, and many young men as well as old were frequenting these places. It was not surprising, therefore, when it became known that Mr Trepannier, occupying the old Bachant premises, was fined \$120 Monday for selling the stuff. The information is supposed to have been laid in the interest of the licensed hotels, who, of course, are jealous of their unlicensed rivals. R. Robertson has been officially advised of the reserved decision in his favor of the Quebec Government upon the prizes to be awarded by them at the Sherbrooke exhibition, for the best performing herd of cows. The Government had awarded the first prize to Mr Robertson, whose herd of 11, had during three months, given each a daily yield of 1.28 pounds of butter.

ORMSTOWN.

Dr Harper examined the model school on Tuesday, and found it working well under Mr Gilmore's care. In the evening he lectured on education with much ability, enlivening his remarks with many puns and anecdotes which made the subject interesting for the children. The scholars received congratulations on the high standing of their school. The scholars presented a fine program, made up of music, recitations, &c., which made the evening pass agreeably. There was an admission of 10 cents to add to the school library.

HEMMINGFORD.

A good deal of plowing has been done in this part of the country since my last report to the Gleaner was made. The soil generally is in admirable condition for the work and the weather last week was mostly favorable for outdoor work. We had some showers and a good deal of high wind during the first part of last week, but since Thursday last the weather has been charming—more like that of late September than mid-October.

The ladies of the Anglican church here invited their friends and the public generally to a Thanksgiving supper on Thursday last. Though the affair was somewhat of an impromptu character and the notice given rather short, the attendance was quite large. The supper was an excellent one and reflected great credit on the culinary skill of the good ladies who prepared it. A short programme of musical selections, vocal and instrumental, and readings and recitations, was gone through with after the supper was over, and seemed to give pleasure and satisfaction to the audience. In the genial and graceful address of welcome and introduction, which the Rev Mr Jenkins made at the opening of the musical and literary part of the entertainment, he stated that the cost of the parsonage recently built by the Anglican congregations of this place and of Hallerton, was \$1600, all but \$250 of which has been paid or provided for. The good people of those congregations certainly deserve credit for the enterprise and liberality which they have shown in providing a home for their pastor. The net proceeds of the entertainment (about \$42) is to be applied to the reduction of the debt due on parsonage.

A "scratch" match between two teams of our local marksmen, captained respectively by W. McNaughton and H. A. Johnson, came off on the range near this village on Thursday last. The teams were composed of ten men each—ranges 400 and 500 yards, 7 rounds at the former and 5 at the latter. Mr McNaughton's team won by 25 points. The scoring was not phenomenal. It would have been better, no doubt, than it was, but for the fact that among the number on both teams were several who had not had much practice in rifle shooting, and that an unfavorable wind prevailed most of the time while the shooting was going on. The crack shots on both teams made fairly good shooting at both ranges. W. McNaughton (captain) making the highest score, Corpl. D. McNaughton (Bisley man) 2nd, and Lieut. J. F. Skiver 3rd. The losing team entertained their successful competitors to a supper. The supper was provided by Mr W. Wark and, needless to say, was a bountiful and appetizing one.

Quite a "spurt" in the lamb trade took place here last week. A Boston buyer commissioned some of our local dealers to pick up a lot for him. Between 400 and 500 were secured at prices averaging \$2.25 to the farmers. The Boston dealer declined to take any of less weight than 70lb. The lambs bought were, upon the whole, a pretty good lot. It is hoped that the purchaser will be so encouraged by the result of his venture as to come back for more. There is still a considerable number remaining unsold in this part of the country.

The weather was somewhat threatening here yesterday (Sunday), affecting unfavorably the attendance at the morning services in the village churches. The Rev David Findlay of Montreal preached (for a second time) in the Presbyterian church. The pulpit of that church is to be supplied next Sabbath by the Rev Mr MacLennan of Levis, Q.

NEWFOUNDOUT.

Monday evening Widow Thomas Leehy was preparing to milk a cow in the stable of her son-in-law, Mr Primeau, and while in the act of reaching into the manger for some straw, the cow, which was tied with a chain, hooked her severely. The horn, which was sharp, struck her under the jaw and pierced into the mouth, until it struck the inside of the cheek, but did not come through. The cheek afterwards became black on the outside. She bled profusely until late in the evening, when Dr Rose arrived.

The contract for the dredging of the St Louis river, to increase and furnish the town of Beauharnois with increased waterpower has been awarded to the Meddall Dredging Co. of Trenton, Ont.—LeProgres.

ROCKBURN.

The Presbytery of Montreal met here on Thursday morning. A number of ministers were present, and among them were the Rev Messrs Brown and Davis, of the Congregational and Methodist churches respectively. The Rev A. Rowat of Athelstan acted as moderator, and the Rev J. Nichols of Montreal was appointed as clerk pro tem. The meeting was a special one and was called for the induction of the Rev James H. Beatt, late of Cumberland, Ont. After some preliminary business divine service was conducted by the Rev D. Drummond of Russelltown, who preached from the text Matt. v. 14: 'Let your light so shine,' etc. At the close of the sermon, the Rev A. Rowat narrated the steps which had led to the calling of Mr Beatt, and the present meeting. He then put the usual questions to the pastor-elect, and receiving satisfying answers to these, he formally inducted him into the pastoral charge of the church and congregation and the members of the Presbytery gave Mr Beatt the right hand of fellowship.

The Rev D. W. Morison of Orms-town then addressed the new minister in suitable terms. He congratulated him upon the fact that the call had been unanimous. This would help him in his work.

The Rev J. Nichols was then called upon to address the congregation in relation to its duties. He congratulated the people upon having put off the 'widow's weeds' and of again putting on the marriage robes. Then he called their attention to the fact that they would play an important part in making the minister a success or a failure. 'There shall be like people like priest.' First, they must have confidence in him. Doubt is the first step to failure. He may not always be as wise as the serpent, but he is entitled to all the confidence due to a cultured Christian gentleman, and a wise master builder in the temple of God. Then, they must give a dutiful attendance upon his ministry. They had promised to do this, and they had no more right to absent themselves from the pew than he had to absent himself from the pulpit. Again, they must beware of carping criticism. Some people seemed to have been born to find fault, and it was regrettable that they were doing their best to make their calling and election sure. But consoriosisness would never cure even real defects. Punctual payment of stipend was urged as very desirable where there was a large family and but a small salary.

This brought the meeting to a close. After the benediction, the Rev Mr Morison and Mr Gibson, one of the elders, conducted Mr Beatt to the door of the church, where he was introduced to the members and friends as they left.

In the evening a large number from the surrounding district and a full turnout of the congregation attended the social in Oliver hall, to tender a reception to the new pastor and bid him welcome to Rockburn. Needless to say, the ladies fulfilled their part of the programme in providing a bountiful supply of good things. Tea was served from 6.30 to 8 o'clock, when the chairman, Rev A. Rowat, called the meeting to order and in a few remarks welcomed the Rev Mr Beatt as a co-laborer in this district. After which speeches were delivered by Rev J. Nichols, of Montreal, and Rev Mr Brown of Franklin Centre, who said he was sorry that Rev Messrs Davis and Beattie were unable to be present, but was most happy, in the name of the Congregationalists, Methodists and Episcopalians, to extend a cordial welcome to Mr Beatt. Rev Mr Beatt, in a few well chosen remarks, thanked the rev. gentleman and the people of this place for the many kind tokens of regard he and Mrs Beatt had received since their arrival. He hoped the people would work with him and pray for him, that the cause of Christ might be advanced in this place. Net proceeds \$34.

VALLEYFIELD.

The Plante estate has sold the part of the Nicolson grove owned by them to the St Jean Baptist society. It is said the society intend spending considerable money in fixing up the grounds, placing seats, and making paths and flower gardens. The society have not for two years celebrated their annual fete in June, but next year it is proposed to have a monster demonstration, and to invite a number of sister societies from the neighboring towns in Canada as well as in New York and Vermont states to assist.

Last Thursday the shareholders of the Montreal Cotton Coy, to the number of about fifty, visited the works here. After making a thorough inspection of the improvements to the mills, they expressed themselves much pleased. The success of the mill has been unique, for it has been earning substantial dividends while other factories were struggling to keep ends even. The visitors were entertained to lunch at the Queen's where mine host St Onge served them in his usual sumptuous style. Representatives of the council and board of trade dined with the visitors.

A game of football was played here Saturday between the Valleyfields and Druids of Montreal. Valleyfield won three goals to two. Neither teams had on all their old players, but the juniors played a wonderfully strong game.

Mr Lowe, who spent last winter exploring Labrador, passed part of this week in Valleyfield, visiting his parents, who reside here.

Work on the Cottoncoy's new brick cottages is progressing rapidly, under the direction of Mr Adams, who expects to have them covered in before the cold weather reaches us.

A local contemporary draws a picture of the relative positions of the lacrosse and football teams of the Valleyfield Amateur Athletic Association. The comparison is not very favorable to the lacrosse team, while it is high complimentary to the football team. Lovers of lacrosse feel hurt at the attempted slur on their friends and point out, with a good amount of reason, that it is within the memory of many people when the football lads of Valleyfield were no more in it than were the lacrosse men this year. In this respect it might not be out of place to add that football teams in Valleyfield never won any fame or stayed together for a whole season until they were taken under the wing of the V.A.A.A., which is supported largely by lacrosse admirers, and any attempt to cast dirt on lacrosse by lauding football is, to say the least, unkind. There has been a time in the history of lacrosse in Valleyfield when the team won as many matches and held as many trophies as the football team of this season.

Monday a silver-tailed fox made his appearance in Mrs McDonald's yard, and was preparing to help himself to the fowls when discovered. In less time than it takes to tell, there were a score of amateur hunters chasing Mr Reynard, who, up to present writing, has managed to elude his would-be captors.

Wild duck are said to be more plentiful this year than for some seasons past. Saturday two of our local sportsmen went up the bay and bagged enough wild duck to supply themselves and a number of their friends with canvas-back dinners. It is needless to say that their friends hope they will go again.

AMONG THE LOOMS.

MONTREAL HERALD: The little town of Valleyfield had a gala day Thursday, when the directors of the Montreal Cotton Co, accompanied by some shareholders and friends, paid an informal visit to their magnificent mills in that place. The sun rose with a smile and the day was one continual round of pleasure. At exactly 9 o'clock in the morning a special G.T.R. car left Bonaventure depot with 40 people bound for Valleyfield.

Among those present were: A. F. Gault, R. L. Grant, Hon. J. K. Ward, Charles Garth, J. Grenier, E. K. Greene, S. H. Ewing, (directors), Henri Barbeau manager of City and District bank; A. C. Clark, J. Y. Gilman, Dr. Lovejoy, Jno. MacFarlane, F. Nicholls, G. H. Matthew, James Wilson, Jr., A. S. Ewing, S. Finley, J. H. R. Molson, G. F. C. Smith, E. Lichtenheim, vice-president of the Ville Marie bank, Charles Hosmer, Ed. Hanson, Wm. Hanson, A. L. De Martigny, manager of the Jacques Cartier bank; J. O. Villeneuve, George Greene, Wm. Reid, J. Horsfall, J. Shearer, J. Contin, C. R. Whitehead, P. P. Martin, S. O. Shores, C. E. Gault, P. R. Gault, A. H. Plimley, J. Wilson and C. H. Blackader.

At Valleyfield the party was joined by S. De Martigny, Manager of the Jacques Cartier bank of the town; Louis Simpson, manager of the Montreal Cotton Co. and D. F. Smith, secretary of the same company. The occasion was the celebration of the recent improvement and enlargement of the mills and a desire on the part of the president, A. F. Gault, to show his directors what existed in their enterprise at Valleyfield. They certainly found out. Mr. Simpson, the manager, at once took the visitors to the mills, and showed carefully every detail of the cotton industry from the raw plant away through sixty processes to the colored fabrics worn in gowns in the fashionable homes of the land. He showed that \$300,000 had been spent on new buildings in order to combine spinning, weaving, converting, dyeing, and exporting under one roof—a venture never before perfectly established on this continent. At twelve o'clock the directors and all the party gathered at the factory door and watched the 1,500 employees file out.

Hon. J. K. Ward, who has the honor of being second president of the Cotton Co., and also of being the oldest business man present, showed one of the first pieces of cotton ever made in the factory, and in Canada. It was handled and compared with the colored cottons of today.

An informal meeting of the directors was held, while the others visited the factory club where billiards and other games were provided. The club is part of the cotton factory, and at one end is a long building used as a skating rink in winter.

At two o'clock a fine dinner was served at the hotel of Jos. St. Onge, and all sat down to a hearty repast. The dinner and service did Mr St Onge credit, as well as the cotton co. After dinner R. F. Gault proposed a toast to the honored president, A. F. Gault, his brother.

A. F. Gault said, in response, that the cotton company had seen dark days, but by energy and application they had come out on top of the heap. Their buildings, at present, he thought, were unsurpassed in the world, and more especially on this continent. He indicated how marvelous a fact it was that cot-

ton, after passing through all its wonderful phases in the mill, was in some qualities, sold as low as 4 cents a yard. In his opinion no money had been spent wrongly, and the company was fully abreast of the times. He claimed not the whole credit for bringing the company through its dark days, for there were others in the directorate who had done equally as much and more. He was greeted with applause.

G. F. C. Smith of the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance company, proposed the health of the directors. To this Mr. Garth responded first. Then Hon. J. K. Ward, one of the directors of the company, and whose foresight and business tact aided the company in its early days, spoke of the company's wonderful results from such a small inception. He recalled the late Sir Hugh Allan, with whom he had driven in wagons over the ground now covered by the mills. He remembered when they had little money and little credit, and how the little band of directors saved the concern. The mill, he said, was the first in Canada to make bleached goods, but the change had come before. He hoped that under Mr. Simpson's management the company would in the near future, not only pay a dividend, but a great big bonus.

J. Grenier spoke, and was followed by manager Simpson in a clever business address, mentioning specially that the president had aided him much by building a new school, which would attract intelligent workmen to Valleyfield.

A. F. Gault proposed the health of the mayor of Valleyfield as well as of the mayor of the parish. Mayors Sullivan, of the town, and Beaudet, of the parish, responded.

Mr. Gilmour proposed the toast of the selling agents. To this Mr. Blackader responded suitably, mentioning that Mr. Stephenson was away in England, and that he spoke on behalf of the firm of Stevenson, Blackader and Co.

D. F. Smith, secretary of the cotton company, then spoke.

S. Ewing proposed the health of mayor Villeneuve, to which his worship responded in his own clever way.

The president of the chamber of commerce was next toasted, this institution has recently opened a branch at Valleyfield. Mr. Marchand responded on behalf of Mr St Onge, and stated that some people were under the impression that the morals of a factory town were not good, but in Valleyfield, he was happy to say that the factory people were as moral and as well behaved as people in any other centres of population, that not only was this his testimony but he could say so on the authority of Bishop Emard and of the Cure, Father Sautoire. Mr. Marchand further stated that for this good state of affairs they had chiefly to thank Mr Simpson.

Jno MacFarlane, manager of the Canada Paper company, made a short speech on the trade of Canada and after singing the National Anthem the party rushed to catch the Montreal train. On the train small souvenirs of the trip were distributed by Mr Blackader. The trip to the city was enlivened by speeches, songs, recitations, etc., in which G F C Smith was a popular figure. This is the first jaunt of the kind since 1883.

CANADA.

TORONTO, Oct. 23.—The Conservative members of the Ontario Legislature met to-day in the Empire office to elect a successor to Chief Justice Meredith, as leader. Over a score of members were present and decided on Mr Marter, who is a total abstainer and pronounced prohibitionist. His resolution calling for the stoppage of all retail licences in the province led to the taking of the Ontario plebiscite, the government resorting to that expedient to avoid a vote on the direct issue. He is a fair speaker, is active and energetic, and in the 54th year of his age.

Sherbrooke, Oct. 23.—The French exodus to the United States is largely on the increase. Every train going through or leaving this city is loaded up with them. They come mostly from the counties bordering on the St. Lawrence. Many of them cannot utter one single word of English and still they expect to do better than in their own country. The majority of them are factory hands who had to leave Uncle Sam's domains when the McKinley crash came. They are returning to the States to resume their old work. A letter received here from Manchester, N H, gives a good idea of the French-Canadian emigration to the United States. It states that within the last week over 300 tenement houses in that city which had been tenantless since the financial depression, have all been leased.

Before the committee investigating into the state of the police of Montreal Judge Dugas made this striking statement: The drinking of liquor is the cause of ninety per cent. of the crimes committed by grown-up persons who are not born thieves or professional thieves. This is only a repetition of what I have said often and often before, and as this committee has to satisfy the public in trying to diminish the number of crimes committed, I think that who-soever would find a way or a means of diminishing drunkenness would do better than any enquiry or suggestion as to the working of the detective or police system.

In the Northwest the entire cost of education is borne by the government, which gives point to a statement made by Mr McCarthy in a speech in South Bruce. In Calgary, he said, the public school, with 159 pupils, cost \$18.65 per head, while

the separate school, with 94 pupils, cost \$29.53 per head yearly. The cost of maintaining the separate school in St Peter's, with seven pupils, was \$58 per head, and in St Andrew's with nine pupils, \$56. The people up there thought that the money so wasted on separate schools should go towards road-making and similar improvements.

Plans have been prepared for a dairy building which is to be erected adjacent to Rideau Hall, Ottawa. Lady Aberdeen is desirous of possessing a model dairy so that her children and servants may be instructed in the latest methods of butter-making, etc. The building will only be a small one but it will be fitted up with all the latest appliances. It will be ready for occupation by the time the viceregal party has returned from the Pacific coast.

Toronto, October 22.—The whole of the Grand Trunk system in Ontario, in so far as the conductors are concerned, is excited over orders that took effect this morning. They completely change the running system of the men. It is believed that the changes are the outcome of the trial now pending at Montreal. Hereafter, conductors are not to have fixed routes, but are liable at any time to be sent east or west, preventing their making acquaintances or passing passengers for a bribe that goes into their own pockets.

Victoria, B.C., October 22.—A party of eighty Norwegian immigrants from Crookstown, Minn., have arrived here. It is said they are the advance guard of 300 more who are to come. The party will leave during the week for Bellaçoola, several hundred miles north on the coast, where a good tract of land has been reserved for them. This influx is the result of an agreement between the Norwegians and the government. The terms are not less than thirty families shall form a settlement, each family to be possessed of at least \$300 in cash. Each family is to receive one hundred and sixty acres of land rent free, and at the end of five years, provided that during that time improvements to the value of \$5 an acre have been made, a free grant of the land will be given. The government is constructing wagon roads in the that locality.

At Ste. Barbe there have always been those who cream the milk before delivering it at the factory. The old cure of the parish, Father Gagnon, being one day induced to preach against the creamers, had no more peace till he left Ste Barbe. This mania for skimming has lately caused a good deal of trouble. In one day \$144 was paid in fines. What a scandal! It is no wonder the waves of Lake St Francis threaten to overflow the parish.—Le Progres.

The by-election in Compton county to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of the Hon John McIntosh to the Richmond shrievalty, resulted in the election of Chas McClary, the Conservative candidate, over J. B. R. St. Laurent, Liberal, by 688 majority.

Mr S. C. Stevenson, manager of the Montreal Exposition company, was seen by a Gazette reporter on the subject of an exhibition for Montreal in 1895. "You can say," said Mr Stevenson, "that it is our intention to hold a grand exhibition in Montreal next year. It will eclipse all former exhibitions held here or anywhere else in the province. Already we have had many enquiries."

Monsignor Satolli, the papal ablegate, passed through the city from Quebec en route for New York over the Delaware and Hudson, Friday morning. The same train and the same car bore General Booth of the Salvation Army, who was escorted to the train by a large number of the members of the Montreal contingent. It was peculiar to observe Mgr Satolli talking in Latin to the small party of priests and church dignitaries who saw him away, and a little further up the platform General Booth discoursing in Anglo-Saxon to his attendant soldiers.—Montreal Gazette.

Riviere du Loup, Que., October 22.—The blacksmith shop and round-house of the Intercolonial railway at this place were destroyed by fire on Saturday. In the round-house were eleven locomotives, of which only three could be saved. The other eight were destroyed. The fire caught in some old waste in the blacksmith shop, and in half an hour the flames had spread so that nothing could be done to save the property. The loss will exceed \$200,000.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., October 19.—The United States commissioner has decided that the five Chinamen from Montreal captured here while crossing the river in the night, recently, from Prescott, must go back to China.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Adjutant-general Ruggles, in his annual report to the secretary of war, says that the Indian soldier is not a success. Lack of knowledge of the English language restlessness and discontent under new conditions of life and habits, marriage and demoralization when stationed near Indian reservations, are among the causes which have interfered to prevent the Indian from becoming a valuable American soldier.

THE COUNTRY NEEDS A POLICY AS NEAR FREE TRADE AS POSSIBLE.

* Mr DALTON McCARTHY addressed a large audience at Walkerton last Friday. For some time, he said, there had been little cordiality between the so-called leaders of the party and himself, but eventually his misdemeanor amounted to felony, and he became an outcast. While he did not claim any great amount of consistency, pure and simple, and had a poor opinion of a man who always did the same thing the same way every time, just because he began that way, yet he did not claim to have been consistent in his course respecting the National Policy. Sir John Macdonald, the projector of that policy, had never intended the policy to exist unchanged for all time, but distinctly stated that it was his purpose in time to make the industries created under it self-supporting. This was all he desired to do. The country was undoubtedly in a state of commercial depression. There had been a depression existing in Canada between 1874-8, but it could not be laid to the door of the administration of Alexander Mackenzie. If this country was anything, it was an agricultural country. It was unquestionably the business of the government to encourage and develop the natural resources of the country—agriculture, fishing, and lumbering—and not to retard and hamper these interests. The proposition they had now to consider was: Had the time come for them, in the interests of themselves, their children, and their country, to change the policy to which they had adhered so long?

Did the Canadian farmer owe anything to the N.P. for the success he had achieved with his cheese in the British market?—Certainly not. They were covered with leeches—placed there to foster and support the numerous industries established under the N.P., but they did not know it. They were told to look at their exports and savings bank deposits. He found on questioning the farmers, fishermen, and lumbermen, that, curiously enough, by a strange coincidence, none of them attributed the increasing exports in their respective industries to the N.P. He was astonished to find that there had been spent on railways in Canada no less a sum than \$455,000,000, or about twelve times the revenue of Canada, and where was this money obtained? Mr Foster would say, "Oh, from the N.P.," but he ventured to differ, and say that every dollar of that amount had been borrowed from English or Scotch bankers. He observed that Mr Foster was again in London seeking to raise a loan, and now the national debt was almost the greatest in the world. Could they stand it? He thought not. His opinion was that the quicker they returned to a condition as near free trade as possible the better.

Not satisfied with the great debt under which the country was staggering, the government had decided to extort from them another \$750,000 for a subsidy to a fast line of steamers, just so that people from Chicago and the west could eat sandwiches twice in Canada en route to Montreal to take the fast line. (Laughter.) And they were told that people in Great Britain would always come to Canada by the fast line, whereas the fact was that they would come as formerly, by whatever line had a vessel sailing when they were ready to come.

Boston, Oct. 23.—Following the example of their American brethren, over 100 French-Canadians assembled at Hotel Clarendon yesterday afternoon, and organized as the French-Canadian Democratic Club. The purposes of the club are to induce French-Canadians, of whom it is claimed there are over 25,000 in Boston and vicinity, to become naturalized and to advance the cause of Democracy.

Fort Worth, Texas, October 19.—The west bound Texas & Pacific thru express train for California, leaving here at 9.05 o'clock this morning, was robbed about noon today near Gordon, 70 miles west of here. The robbers secured about \$20,000 from the Pacific Express company, and but for their inability to open the safe of the Texas & Pacific Coal company, containing \$20,000 in gold, would have made a better haul. Four men did the work. They came upon a section gang about noon, covered them with rifles and forced them to spread the rails and flag the on-coming train. The engineer and fire-man were then lined up with the section gang and guarded while two men entered the express car and covered the messenger before he was aware of their presence.

The New York Times estimates that the price of the ordinary horse of commerce in that city has been reduced from \$160 to \$120 by reason of the substitution of the trolley for the car horse in the street railways. The price of the family driving animal has also fallen in consequence of the rage for the bicycle.

ADVERTISEMENT for the Gleaner must be handed in not later than Wednesday afternoon. No use leaving them on Thursday.

BIRTHS.
At Godmanchester, on the 13th October, the wife of Jos. Laframboise, of a daughter.

At Dewittville, on 19th Oct., the wife of Andrew Costell, of a daughter.

At Godmanchester, on the 20th Oct., the wife of Hamilton Ferns, of a son.

At Ormstown, on October 20th, the wife of T. J. Moore, of a son.

MARRIED.
At the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev C. H. Teeter, on the 5th of October, Mr Charles McLean of Rosebank, to Susie W., eldest daughter of Thomas Gilmour, of Warrington, Stanley Co., Manitoba, formerly of the Gore, Hinchinbrook.

At Fort Covington, on 24th Oct., by the Rev J. A. Gardner, at the residence of the bride's father, T. A. Chisholm, merchant, to Flora, daughter of D. M. Cameron.

At Valleyfield, on 24th October, by the Rev Mr Duclos, Arthur Bates, superintendent of the Stormont cotton mills, Cornwall, to May, eldest daughter of John Swanston of Valleyfield.

DIED.
On Oct. 18, at Valleyfield, Patrick Finnegan, aged 58 years.

At Huntingdon, on October 23rd, Ethel Louise, aged 8 years, only daughter of W. S. MacLaren.

On the 23rd of September, after a lingering illness, Christina, second daughter of the late Dunca Campbell of St Louis de Gonzague, county Beauharnois.

NEWS BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Paris, Oct. 23.—The exact termination of the nineteenth and the commencement of the twentieth century is a question which has been exciting considerable discussion here of late. Even such scientific men as Camille Flammarion and Dr Bertillon had, not long ago, a sharp correspondence on the subject. One party maintains that the nineteenth century will end with its hundredth year, that is at the end of 1899. The opposing party holds that the twentieth century cannot possibly begin until January 1, 1901, just as the second decade of figures in numeration begins with 11, while 10 closes the first. The doubtful element is, therefore, the year 1900, which, according to one party, belongs to the nineteenth century, and according to the other, to the twentieth. As a result of the controversy, it is now proposed in Paris that the government shall fix the end of the century by official decision.

Latest advices show that cholera in Europe is on the decrease, and it is hoped that the advent of cold weather will end the epidemic entirely. Cases are being reported in Holland, Belgium and France, but these are mostly of a sporadic nature and nowhere assume an epidemic form.

London, October 22.—The Grand Trunk report for the half year has just been issued to the stockholders. It says that the past six months have been most disastrous owing to the trade depression, the silver difficulty, the coal strikes, the Pullman strikes and the low prices of produce.

London, October 24.—The excitement caused throughout Spain by the consecration of Senor Cabrera as Protestant Bishop of Madrid is in no way subsiding, and the intervention of the papal nuncio in the matter has given rise to a political question in connection with it. The latter, in his letter approving the protest of Cardinal Moncillo, archbishop of Toledo, affirmed not only that the consecration was sacrilegious, but that it was also illegal. His action is considered by the Liberal press as an interference by a foreign diplomatist in the internal affairs of the country, and some journals even suggest that the government should hand him his passports. Meanwhile further protests are coming in from all the Spanish bishops, each complaining of the consecration, not only as an outrage on the traditional rights of the Spanish church, but also as a violation of article xii of the constitution. The Liberals, on the other hand, claim that there has been no violation of the constitution, as it tolerates all forms of worship in private, and the consecration was privately celebrated with closed doors in a building erected by Lord Plunket, Protestant archbishop of Dublin, at his own expense. The Catholics however, insist that there is a great difference between the toleration of any form of worship in private and the public assumption of the title of bishop, especially when conferred by an archbishop of a foreign country. The whole matter will be brought up in the Courts and is expected to be the cause of lively debate.

London, October 24.—The Globe this morning prints a despatch from Yokohama, saying that fighting took place near Port Arthur on October 23. It is believed that the Japanese troops engaged were those composing the second army of about 20,000 men which recently left Hiroshima. Details of the battle are lacking.

London, October 24.—A Shanghai despatch to the Times says the Chinese

officials report that a fight took place near Wi Ju on Monday between the Chinese and Japanese, resulting in the retirement of the Japanese southward. Each side is said to have lost 3000 men.

Rome, October 24.—The conference at the Vatican relative to the proposed union of the Eastern church with the Holy See opened today. The Pope presided. The sitting was devoted to fixing the order in which the matters to be considered should come before the conference.

Toronto, October 24.—While in the act of rifling the general store of Thomas Barnes, Carleton, a village on the northwest outskirts of the city, at an early hour this morning James H. Crowther was fatally shot. To the officers he admitted his crime, and his story led to the arrest of two other young men, John Crowther, his brother, and William Marshall. For some time back burglaries have been frequent in the villages adjoining the city.

The talk about encouraging the use of pure, wholesome native wines in Canada in order to do away with drunkenness is all cant of the worst kind. The result of the government analysis of native wines bought of dealers in Montreal is that not one sample of unadulterated native wine was found in the whole city. In order apparently to increase the amount of alcohol in native wines, sugar was added, and some samples were found fortified with alcohol. Some of the samples are declared to be 'unwholesome,' which has obvious reference to some other bad qualities than the principle of intoxication. Of seven samples of wine analyzed in Montreal only five were found certainly pure, five were found doubtful, and of these five alcohol had been added in most cases, and sugar probably in two or three, while the remaining seven were adulterated. Native wines are, it appears from Montreal's record of government analyses, of all wines those which are most likely to be impure and most unwholesome. The argument in favor of the use of native wines falls to the ground; native wines are found to be worse than others, bad as they all are.—Witness.

D. H. LOYNACHAN C. W. SCRIVER

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Telephone 1866.

References: People's Bank, Lockerby Bros., J. G. McKenzie & Co.

Fine DAIRY BUTTER A Specialty

We invite consignments and will be pleased to correspond with any and all with a view to future business. 20

QUOTATIONS CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

WORKS OF GENIUS.

Paper spindles for yarn spinning are now used as a substitute for those of steel.

Steel barrels, made from sheets ranging in thickness from one-sixteenth to a quarter of an inch, are coming into use.

A car shaped like a bathtub, in which the passenger either sit or recline as if in a bed, is in use in Berlin. It has three wheels and is propelled by a nantha motor.

A baby carriage designed especially for the use of those who live in flats, looks just like any other baby carriage when it is in use, but it can be folded together so that one person can handily carry it up and down stairs.

It is said that window panes of porous glass are being made in Paris. The minute holes in the glass are too fine to permit of a draught and yet large enough to cause a pleasant and healthy ventilation in a room.

A spoonless mustard pot is a recent invention. By pressing a piston rod in an air-tight receptacle the requisite amount of mustard is forced through a suitable spout. The air being excluded, the mustard is always fresh.

THE NATURALIST.

In the East Indies there are spiders so large that they feed on small birds.

Neither chemists nor naturalist have yet been able to solve the question why a lobster turns red when boiled.

By exposing the chrysalis of Vanessa atalanta to a low temperature, it showed great increase in the area of the scarlet bands on the wings, and a great increase in the area of the white and bluish markings.

The silk of the great spider of Madagascar is fine, strong and elastic. It is used by the natives to fasten flowers to sunshades. A single female spider has been known to spin two miles of it in twenty-seven days.

Mr. Michaels has recently studied the relations between many mites (Gamasida) and certain ants in whose nests they are boarders. A strange case is that of a species of Bdella, which lives habitually in a spider's web in harmonious relations with the otherwise ferocious host.

Here are the names and ages of four notable New York men: Roswell F. Flower, 59 years; David B. Hill, 51; Edward Murphy, 56; and Grover Cleveland, 57.

Mrs. Philip Sheridan is said to be almost the only widow of a great war chief who has absolutely declined purses, funds, and any such testimonials after his death.

Depew cabled Rosebery after the Premier's victory with Ladis at Derby: "New York, June 7.—Lord Rosebery, London: Congratulations. Heaven alone is left. CHAUVINET M. DEBREV."

FALL 1894

We are in the Race
This time to win
If the Choicest Goods
In DRESS GOODS
If the closest prices
In LADIES' JACKETS AND MANTLES
If the largest stock
In BOOTS & SHOES, AND RUBBERS
If the best values
In GROCERIES, CROCKERY, AND HARDWARE

Will secure your Trade
WE ARE BOUND TO GET IT.

All kinds of Produce taken in Trade.

CALL AND SEE US.

JOHN HUNTER.

Furniture and Stoves

Having just received a Carload of

FURNITURE

FROM THE WEST which we have bought for SPOT CASH, consisting of

BED SETS, SIDEBOARDS, BEDSTEADS, EXTENSION AND CENTRE TABLES

We are now in a position to offer the best value we have ever given.

A BANKRUPT STOCK OF

Parlor Stoves

For wood or coal, to be disposed of at WHOLESALE PRICES.

Also a nice line of

Cook Stoves

Which are sure to take considering the prices

A full line of

Window Poles and Parlor Sets.

Remember we are selling at lower prices than we have ever sold before. Call and we shall be happy to quote prices.

A. G. HENDERSON.

Huntingdon, Sept. 5th, 1894.

W. M. MIDDLETON, Warehouseman,

18 St Maurice St., Montreal.

Storage free or in bond. Country consignments solicited, and held or sold on the order of the consignor, on the most moderate commission. Over 20 years' experience in the business.

NATIONAL Business College

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THE leading and most progressive Commercial School in Canada. Book-keeping, Banking, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Correspondence, Commercial Law, Shorthand, Typewriting, etc., thoroughly taught by experienced specialists. For illustrated prospectus Address E. J. O'SULLIVAN, C.E. Principal, National Business College, 5 Place d'Armes Square, Montreal.

Province of Quebec }
District of Beauharnois. }

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CHATEAUGUAY.

No 4228 IN VACATION.

JOSEPH DEMERS, laborer, of the parish of St Malachie d'Ormstown, said county and district, Plaintiff

vs.

ALEXANDRE ROBIDOUX, heretofore of the parish of St Jean Chrysostome and now absent of this province, Defendant

The defendant is ordered to appear within two months.

Ste Martine, 27th September, 1894.

CHS. M. LEBRUN, C.C.C.

Atlanta, Ga., October 24.—Hon Edward Blake, the Irish member of parliament, addressed a large and representative audience in this city last night. Governor Northen and Mayor Goodwin occupied seats on the platform, in addition to many prominent citizens. Blake's speech lasted two hours. After speaking of the varied and wonderful resources of the South, he declared that the people of this section had rather surrender every bit of their material wealth than yield the blessed right of self-government. For eighty years oppression and coercion had ground the Irish people to the earth and compelled them to support an alien church. He declared that a direct expression of the people's will regarding Irish affairs will be declared at the next election. In the meantime, the speaker avowed, the Irish party was not idle, but was paving the way for an overwhelming victory. The speech created a profound impression.

Ottawa, October 24.—Mr Michael O'Leary, of the firm of O'Leary Bros, contractors, is in the city on business, in connection with the firm's work on section III of the Soulanges Canal. Mr O'Leary reported rapid progress with their work, the firm having at present 150 men and 35 teams employed. The engineer's report speaks highly of the work so far performed. Everything is now arranged for the prosecution of the work as rapidly as possible during the winter season. Mr O'Leary states that their portion of the contract will not, however, be completed for a year or so.

Joseph Duhamel, well-known to many in this district as lawyer for the Canada Atlantic, died at Montreal on Tuesday.



This is it.

This is the new shortening or cooking fat which is so fast taking the place of lard. It is an entirely new food product composed of clarified cotton seed oil and refined beef suet. You can see that

Cottolene

Is clean, delicate, wholesome, appetizing, and economical—as far superior to lard as the electric light is to the tallow dip. It asks only a fair trial, and a fair trial will convince you of its value. Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers

Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,

Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

Montreal, October 23.—Manitoba strong bakers' Flour \$3.20@3.30

Straight Roller Flour \$2.80@2.90

Oatmeal 70 barrel, \$3.90@3.95.

Wheat, No 1 hard Manitoba 63c

Peas 66lb, 65@66c.

Oats 34lb, 34@35c.

Barley, malting, 50@53c.

Barley, 50lb feed 46@47c.

Bran 2000lb, \$15.50@16.00;

Shorts \$17.00@18.00, and Moultrie, \$22@300.

Butter is dull at 20%@20% for creamery, finest dairy 17@18c.

Cheese shows no improvement at 10%@10%.

Eggs 7 dozen, 13@14c. For new laid 15 to 17c.

Onions, \$1.50@2 7 barrel.

At Bonsecours market Oats 75@80c 7 bag. Peas 70@75c 7 bushel.

Buckwheat 40@45c, and Beans \$1.50 @1.75. Potatoes 45@55c 7 bag.

Dressed Hogs \$7 7 100.

Montreal, October 22.—There were about 450 head of butchers' cattle, 100 calves and 600 sheep and lambs offered at the East End abattoir today; there was also a considerable number of cattle which had been sent out to grass last week but their owners thought it best to refrain from placing them on an overcrowded market today. There was not a large attendance of butchers and trade was unusually dull with the probability of a considerable number of cattle remaining unsold. Really good beefs were not plentiful, and some of the best were held at 3 3/4c 7 lb, but 3 3/4c 7 lb was about the highest figure paid up to eleven o'clock. Pretty good cattle sold at from 2@3 3/4c 7 lb, common dry cows and rough half-fatted steers about 2 1/2c do., and old lean cows at about 2c 7 lb. Mr Meunier paid \$11.50 for the best calf on the market and the prices of the others ranged from \$3@10 each. Shippers are paying from 3 3/4c @3 3/4c 7 lb for good large sheep; good lambs bring from 3 3/4c@3 3/4c do., and common lambs from 2 3/4c@3c 7 lb. Fat hogs are still plentiful and prices are low. A lot of hogs just come off the cars were sold yesterday (Sunday) at 5c 7 lb. The highest price paid for fed hogs today was \$4.90 7 100lb, but it is probable that a good many could be bought for less than \$4.75 7 100lb.

FLOUR, MOULIE, &c.

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he is thoroughly renewing

THE ANNSFIELD FLOUR MILLS

BEAUHARNOIS

By equipping them with a full "Roller Process" of the most approved style which he expects to have ready about November 1 1894, when he will be pleased to receive Wheat for grinding, as well as Buckwheat for Flour, and grain for grinding into Moultrie.

WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

MOULIE, &c.,

Kept constantly on hand.

J. B. ROBERT

Annsfield Roller Mills, Beauharnois.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Will be kept for improvement of stock by the undersigned, an aged purebred Berkshire boar. Also a purebred Poland China boar (pedigreed) six months old. Service for each \$1

Also for sale three purebred Poland China boars between five and six months old, and several young pigs, 4 weeks old, of same breed.

All of the above mentioned animals are fine specimens of their kind. J. T. GRIZZARD & Sons

Kelso, Sept. 24, 94

A GOOD CHANCE.

Purebred Bronze Turkeys and Barred Plymouth Rocks for sale.

Turkeys \$4 a pair

Barred Plymouth Rocks \$2 a pair.

Very large fowls. For particulars apply to

CHAS. LANKTREE, Kelso Post-Office, Que.

J. C. KIDNEY, practical Harness-maker and

Carriage Trimmer. All kinds of heavy and light Harness; also Carriage and Cutter trappings. All work guaranteed. SHOP

IN KELLY'S BLOCK, near Lower bridge, Huntingdon, Que.

AUCTIONEER'S NOTICE.

I beg to remind my friends and customers that I am still in the field at the Auctioneer business and I wish to thank them for past favors and desire a continuance of the same.

Parties intending having sales will find it to their advantage to call or write me for terms, for they are the lowest. Parties entrusting me with their sales will receive prompt returns, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. KENSINGTON, 66 Licensed Auctioneer

MCCALLUM & DINNEEN,

The Leading Undertakers,

Keep a first-class establishment, Chateauguay street, Huntingdon, where they receive orders for anything in that line. A large and varied stock of Caskets, Coffins and Robes at all prices

We have a first-class Hearse, one suitable for country roads, winter or summer.

REASONABLE PRICES.

DENTISTRY

44 BEAVER HALL 44.

Gold Crown and Bridge work, the latest. Either S.S. White, Jastor, Johnson & Sons' Artificial Teeth, inserted at 12, 15, and 20 dollars. Upper or lower set. No extra charge for Black Rubber. Office in Huntingdon open Saturdays.

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44 Beaver Hall, Montreal.

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Corner of Victoria Square and Craig street, is one of the largest and best equipped commercial educational institutions in America. The building it occupies was purchased during the past year for the College at a cost of \$58,000.

The permanent teaching staff consists of six gentlemen and two ladies, specially selected for their proficiency. The College teaches a thorough commercial course. The type-writing and short-hand course is taught in both languages, by the same system, and includes grammar, letter-writing, business forms, etc. The Practical Department for teaching details of office work, is unequalled in the Dominion.

Inspection and correspondence solicited. Prospectus, containing a description of the courses of study, fees, terms, etc., will be mailed free.

Address: MONTREAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 42 Victoria Square, Montreal.

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

of the County of Beauharnois, authorized by law to issue policies both on the mutual and single payment system, as insurers may prefer.

President: William H. Walker, Esq.

Vice-President: John White Esq.

Directors: Farquhar McLennan, Jas. Symons, John Younie, and S. E. Ames, Esquires.

The directors would draw attention of insurers to the following facts:

During the past year the assets of the company have increased \$2896.

No assessment has been made during the past ten years.

For the past 7 years, the cost of insurance on the mutual plan, upon stone and brick buildings, has been 160 cents per \$100 per annum, equal to \$5 per \$1000 for 3 years; and on wooden buildings, covered with shingles, has been 22.9 cents per \$100 per annum, equal to \$6.86 for \$1000 for 3 years. Can any other company beat this record?

In the stock companies, the rate charged for 3 years, is \$13.50 per \$1000, being more than double the above.

Parties desiring to insure, are requested to apply to the General Agent, Mr Philips.

CHAS. DEWICK, Secy., Huntingdon.

DR. CLOUSTON, Physician and Surgeon,

Huntingdon. Office days: Tuesdays and Fridays till 1 p.m.

A. E. MITCHELL, B.C.L., Advocate, Huntingdon, Que. Office: R. E. Kelly's block. Prompt collections and returns guaranteed.

R. L. MURCHISON, B.C.L., LL.B., (Gold Medalist McGill University, '87) Barrister, &c., New York Life Building, No 11 Place d'Armes Square, Montreal. Telephone 2708.

MCCORMICK & CLAXTON, Advocates, Commissioners for Ontario, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, British Columbia, and the Territories. Building, No 107 St James-st., Montreal. D. McCormick, C.C., A.G.B. Claxton, B.C.L.

Will attend all the Courts in the District of Beauharnois, and will be at the Central Hotel, Huntingdon, on the last Friday of every month, barring unforeseen circumstances. Telephone No 2497. Claims for collection and correspondence can be addressed to CHAS. DEWICK, County Building, Huntingdon.

MACLAREN, LEET, SMITH & SMITH, Advocates, &c., Temple Building, 185 St James-street, Montreal. Claims may be left with Wm. S. MacLaren, Huntingdon.

J. ALEX. CAMERON, B.A., B.C.L., Notary, Huntingdon. Office in McNaughton's building, opposite Post-office.

NOTARIAL—The undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he will be in attendance, in the office of R. Hyndman, Secy., Treasurer of the Municipal Council of the County of Huntingdon, in the County Building, in the village of Huntingdon, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, non-judicial days excepted. I. I. CREVIER, N.P.

J. C. BRUCE, General Insurance Agent, Huntingdon, P.Q.

Fire, Life, and Accident Insurance.

EMBALMING AND UNDERTAKING.

Always on hand a large stock of cloth and wood caskets and coffins, of all sizes, styles, and prices. Coffin plates, burial robes, and other trappings in stock. Prices reasonable. A handsome hearse kept. Personal attention given to funerals. F. H. HENDERSON, Manager.

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