

STEAM BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.

THE GREAT WESTERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

THE GREAT WESTERN, 1700 Tons, 450 Horses power, B. R. MATHEWS, Esq., Commander.

THE GREAT BRITAIN, 3500 Tons, 1000 Horses power, Lieut. JAMES HOSKIN, R. N. Commander.

FROM LIVERPOOL, 1846. FROM NEW YORK, 1846.

FROM LIVERPOOL, 1846. FROM NEW YORK, 1846.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: 300 BOXES Canada Plates.

FOR SALE: A FEW BAGS GUANO.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: 300 BOXES Canada Plates.

ON SALE: 125 KEYS First Quality Eastern Townships.

PAINT, OIL, AND GLASS STORE. No. 30, St. John Street, Quebec.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: OILED and Raw Linseed Oil.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE: 10 BALES BLANKETS.

FOR SALE: 1000 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: SHEET ZINC, TIN PLATES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE: POT Ash, and Sugar Kettles.

LANDING ex "Aethusa," FROM LONDON. 1000 BOXES GLASS.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER: 150 BARRELS OF IRON.

QUEBEC MEDICAL BOARD.

HOTEL-DIEU, 7th April, 1846. THE next QUARTERLY MEETING of this BOARD.

By order of the Board, J. Z. NAULT, Secy.



UNDER LETTERS PATENT.

THE principle and efficient working of the SWEEPING PADDLE WHEEL.

The advantages in so far as the successful experiments already made.

Models of the Wheel may be seen at the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute.

By order of the Board, N. H. BAIRD, Civil Engineer and Patentee.

PEOPLE'S LINE.

DAY BOAT ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN.



THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMER "FRANCOIS SALTUS."

Will run this season as a DAY BOAT, leaving Whitehall on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

A Splendid Packet Boat leaves Whitehall on the arrival of this boat.

EDUCATION. R. BRAY intends to open a School on the 1st May next.

LAND AGENCY. THE undersigned will undertake to forward and settle with diligence.

NEW FURNISHING HARDWARE AND CUTLERY STORE.

LIME FOR SALE. A constant supply is intended to be kept during the season.

CROTON MARINE INLAND NAVIGATION AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

THE Subscriber continues to accept Risks and issue Policies on behalf of this Company.

PROVINCE OF CANADA, IN THE QUEEN'S BENCH. No. 685. In the Case of 1846.

JOHN IVORY CATHCART BENTLAND, of the City of Quebec.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in virtue of a judgment rendered by the Court of Queen's Bench for this District.

WANTED. A STEADY MAN as GROOM and outdoor servant.

A FARMER WANTED who understands farming in all its various branches.

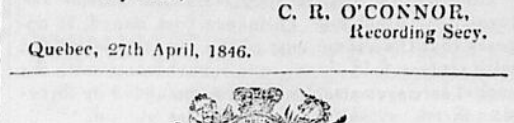
A PERSON capable of taking charge of a Set of Books in some Mercantile Office.

MAP OF THE UNITED STATES. THE latest published, with the lines of RAIL ROAD and CANALS.

QUEBEC MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

MR. CHARLES ROGER will deliver a lecture in the HALL OF ASSEMBLY.

By order, C. R. O'CONNOR, Recording Secy.



CROWN LAND DEPARTMENT.

Montreal, 11th April, 1846.

LIST of Vacant Crown Lands FOR SALE in the Township of Settlement.

1st Range.—Lots 1, 8, 15 (200 acres each), 20 E. part (81) 21 (96).

2nd do. 7, 14 (200 each). 3rd do. 2 (186), 9 (200), 16 (190).

4th do. 6, 15 (200 each). 5th do. 1 (187), 8 (200). 6th do. 1 (200), 11 E. residue (90).

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1st.—The Lots are to be taken at the contents in Acres marked in the Public Documents.

2nd.—No payments of Purchase Money will be received by Instalments.

3rd.—On the payment of the Purchase Money the purchaser will receive a License.

4th.—One weekly insertion till the day of Sale in the Old Quebec Gazette (Neison), Le Canadien and Quebec Mercury.

PINE BLOCKS.

CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, Quebec, 13th April, 1846.

SEALED TENDERS will be received from now until WEDNESDAY, the 13th MAY next.

2,200 feet of SCANTLINGS of 4 x 15 inches, and 2,200 do. of 12 x 9 inches.

NOTICE. ALL persons who have not yet paid up their Subscriptions to the Quebec Relief Fund.

BOARD AND TUITION. W. THOM, respectfully informs the Public that, in consequence of several Pupils leaving School.

TAILORING. MRS. TEED respectfully informs her friends and those Gentlemen who will be so kind as to favour her with their commands.

WANTED at the Ontario Distillery, C. W.—A DISTILLER.—Terms liberal.

NOTICE. THE Subscriber begs to inform her friends and the public that it is her intention to continue the business of her late husband.

ARCHITECTURE. J. MACPHERSON, ARCHITECT and CIVIL ENGINEER, begs most respectfully to intimate to the inhabitants of Quebec.

LAND & GENERAL AGENCY. THE undersigned having made all necessary arrangements with in connection with the Representatives of the late J. H. KERR.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Thursday, 23rd April, 1846.

Sixteen petitions were brought up and laid upon the table.

The Sergeant at Arms reported that he had taken William H. Horton and Thomas D. Warren, two of the Middlesex Election Commissioners into custody.

Mr. Williams presented a petition from the two said Commissioners, expressing their regret at having incurred the censure of the House.

An engrossed bill to afford relief to the "Unitarian Christians" at Toronto, was read the third time, and passed.

Mr. Scott, of the English inhabitants of St. Augustin, County of Two Mountains, for amendments to the Common School Act.

Of inhabitants of Ste. Scholastique and St. Augustin, approving of the survey of a line of Road under the sanction of the Board of Works.

Honble. Mr. Smith, of inhabitants of Shefford, Broome and other Townships, that the territorial division of the District of Missisquoi.

Of Dunham Academy, for an aid to support that Institution.

Of inhabitants of Sutton, against a division of the Clergy Reserves.

Mr. Baldwin, of inhabitants of Brook and others in the Home District, for a Road from Windsor to Sturgeon Bay.

Mr. Woods, of Members of the Church of England in the Parish of Chatham, for an address to Her Majesty on the subject of the Clergy Reserves.

Mr. Meiers, a similar petition from the Mission of Colborne and Grafton; referred.

Mr. Moore, a similar petition from the Townships of Markham and Vaughan.

Mr. Cummings, a similar petition from Parish of Chippawa.

Mr. Gowan, a similar petition from Amherstburg and its vicinity.

Mr. Boulton, a similar petition from the Town of Hamilton.

Mr. J. S. Macdonald, of inhabitants of Breadalbane, against a division of the Clergy Reserves.

Mr. Chabot, of the Corporation of Quebec, for the establishment of a Mayor's Court; referred.

Mr. Webster, of inhabitants of Dumfries, Waterloo, Hibbert and other Townships, for the completion of the Dundas and Waterloo Road.

Mr. Powell, of the Talbot District Agricultural Society, for the establishment of a Professor's Chair on Chemistry in its application to Agriculture.

Mr. Harmanus Smith, of the Ministers and Members of the "New Jerusalem Church" in Waterloo, Wilmet, Bienheim and other Townships.

Mr. Gowan, of inhabitants of Elizabethtown, Kitley and Bastard, for a Post Office at the village of Frankville; referred.

Mr. Hale, of inhabitants of the Upper and Lower Town of Quebec, for an equalization in the representation of the several wards of Quebec; referred.

Mr. Boulton, of Members of the Church of England in Hamilton, for the repeal of the Common School Act.

Mr. Laurin, of Proprietors of Land in St. Joseph de Soulanges, that the land of a certain Road no longer used be reinvested in them.

Mr. Laurin, of inhabitants of St. Jean Des Chailons, that Lotbiniere be maintained as the place of the Registry Office for the County.

Of Lieut. J. B. Laliberte, of the 1st Battalion, Militia of Lotbiniere, complaining of injustice done him by the appointment of an alien to the command of the Company to which he belongs.

Mr. Chabot, of Citizens and Merchants of Quebec, that Hawkers and Pedlars may be prohibited from exercising their calling as such in the City of Quebec; referred.

city Act to Upper Canada, were reported and agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

On motion of Mr. Cayley, the order for the house in committee of supply, was postponed till Tuesday next.

Mr. Atty. Genl. Smith moved that the Quebec Trinity House Bill be now read the second time.

Mr. Chabot moved in amendment, that the bill be read a second time this day six months. Yeas 20, nays 35.

The bill was then read the second time, and referred to a select committee.

The Montreal Trinity House Bill was also read a second time, and referred to a select committee.

Mr. Daly laid before the house, a return to an address of the 14th instant, for correspondence on the subject of the refusal by the Quebec Trinity House to grant a certificate of qualification to Joseph Simpson as a pilot; referred.

The bill for the relief of John Macara was read the second time, and engrossed.

The Cobourg Rail Road Company Bill was read the second time, and committed for Monday next.

The Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery bill was read the second time and referred to a select committee.

The bill to convey a part of a concession line in Barton to Robert James Hamilton was read the second time, and referred.

The order for the house in committee on John W. Dempsey's relief bill was postponed till Monday next.

The bill to indemnify Anthony Leslie for having voted at the late Lanark election, was read the second time, and engrossed.

The bill to incorporate the Trafalgar, Esquesing and Erin Road Company was amended in committee; to be reported to-morrow.

The bill to incorporate a Company to extend the Great Western Rail Road from Hamilton to Toronto, was amended in committee; to be reported to-morrow.

The consideration of the Hastings Registration of Titles Bill was deferred till Monday next.

The bill to vest in Richard E. Vidal a certain government allowance for a road in Saronia, was considered in committee, and ordered to be engrossed.

The second reading of the bill to prevent the opening of government allowances for roads without authority from Municipal Councils, was deferred till Monday next.

The bill to enforce the attendance of witnesses before Magistrates in Lower Canada, in certain cases, was read the second time, amended in committee, and engrossed.

The remaining orders were then postponed till to-morrow, and the house adjourned at 11 past 11 o'clock at night.

Friday, 24th April, 1846.

Thirty-one petitions were brought up and laid upon the table.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to bring to the bar, William H. Horton and Thomas D. Warren, Esquires, two of the Middlesex Election Commissioners in his custody.

They were accordingly brought up, and being asked if they had any thing to say on their behalf beyond what is contained in their petition to this house, they severally answered, they had not. They were then directed to withdraw.

Mr. Aylwin moved to resolve, that the said Commissioners having neglected and delayed to make a return to the Commission under which they acted, and having presumed to adjourn the proceedings under the same, to a period of time subsequent to the commencement of the present session of Parliament, have been guilty of a high contempt and breach of the privileges of the house.

Mr. Gowan moved, in amendment, That the said Commissioners having this day appeared at the bar pursuant to the order of this house, and having answered all such questions as were put to them, and having also by their petition represented, that the cause for not having sooner transmitted the evidence taken before them, was not owing to any contempt or disrespect of the house, but solely to a misconception of their duty, and to an anxious desire to carry out the orders of the house, they be admonished by Mr. Speaker, and discharged. Yeas 22, nays 44.

Mr. Sol. General Sherwood moved, in amendment to the main motion, to strike out all after the word "guilty," and add the following:—" (though "in the opinion of this house unintentionally) of a "breach of its privileges."—Yeas 42, nays 22.

The main motion, as amended, was also agreed to upon the same division.

Mr. Sherwood then again moved, That the said Commissioners be admonished by Mr. Speaker for the breach of the privilege of this house of which they have been guilty, and then be discharged.—Yeas 41, nays 23.

The said Commissioners were again brought to the bar, and addressed by Mr. Speaker as follows: "The offence of which you have been declared by this house to be guilty (though not intentionally) is of a very grave nature. The neglect and delay on your part to make a return of your proceedings, and the adjournment of your sittings contrary to law to a period of time subsequent to the commencement of the present session of Parliament, are in direct opposition to the rules which ought to have been your guide in a matter so vitally affecting the privileges and the very constitution of this house. I have therefore to admonish you by order of the house, which I do; and I intimate to you the further order of the house that you be now discharged.

A bill, intitled, "An Act to transfer to Queen's College at Kingston certain estates, rights and liabilities of the University at Kingston," was received from the Council, and read the first time.

Lower Canada Witnesses Attendance Bill.  
Anthony Leslie's Relief Bill.  
Bill for the relief of John Macara, and of other  
Solicitors, Writers and Advocates before the Sheriff's  
Courts of Scotland.  
L'Islet Wild Fowl Preservation Bill.

The following Petitions were received and read,  
viz:—  
Mr. G. Macdonald. Of Persons who had pur-  
chased portions of the Lands of the late Richard  
Duncan of Williamsburg, against the passing of  
Juliet Vanzand's Relief Bill; referred.  
Mr. Merritt. Of Inhabitants of Dorham West,  
North Oxford, Nissouri and Zora, for the con-  
struction of a Harbour at Port Burwell, and a Road  
leading therefrom to intersect with the Canada  
Company Road leading to Goderich, also, for the  
annexation of Bayham to the Brock District in ex-  
change for a portion of Nissouri to be annexed to  
the London District.

Mr. Aylwin. Of the Assistant Harbour Master  
of the Port of Quebec, taking notice of the Quebec  
Trinity House Bill, and praying alterations thereto.  
Mr. Murray. Of Lumbermen and others on the  
River Moira, that owners of Mills be compelled to  
erect Slides of specific size upon the Mill Dams.  
Of Members of the Church of England in Tyen-  
denaga, for an Address to Her Majesty on the sub-  
ject of the Clergy Reserves.

Mr. Seymour. A similar Petition from the Town-  
ship of Camden.  
Mr. McConnell. Of Inhabitants of Granby, that  
the Clergy Reserves be sold, and the proceeds dis-  
posed of to the House may seem meet.  
Mr. Chabot. Of Pilots for and below the Har-  
bour of Quebec, against the passing of the Quebec  
Trinity House Bill in its present shape.  
Of the Corporation of the City of Quebec, that  
the rights of property in the Cul-de-Sac be not vest-  
ed in the Quebec Trinity House.

Mr. Leslie. Of Pilots for the Harbour of Mon-  
treal, for amendments to the proposed Montreal  
Trinity House Bill; referred.  
Mr. Taché. Of the Municipal Council of the  
Parish of St. Roch des Anquets, for aid to complete a  
Pier they have commenced, and to improve the ap-  
proaches thereto.

Mr. Chauveau. Of Inhabitants of St. Gabriel de  
Valcartier, for the macadamization of the Road  
from Valcartier to Quebec, called the Middle Road;  
referred.  
Mr. Scott. Of Inhabitants of St. Benoit, ap-  
proving of the survey of a line of Road under the  
sanction of the Board of Works from St. Eustache  
to Grenville.

On motion of Mr. Moffatt, the Petition of James  
Ferrier, Esquire, Mayor, and other Councillors of  
the Municipal Council of Montreal, was referred to a  
Select Committee.  
Yeas 29. Nays 20.

Mr. Price reported favorably on the Petitions of  
the Christian Universalist Association of Canada  
West, and unfavorably on the Petition from the  
Members of the "New Jerusalem Church."

Mr. Chauveau reported a Bill further to extend  
the Ordinances incorporating the City of Quebec,  
and for other purposes; second reading Thursday  
next.

Mr. Latérière reported a Bill to make special  
provision for the Pilotage of Vessels bound to the  
River Saguenay; second reading Tuesday next.

Mr. Roblin moved that the House do resolve it-  
self into Committee to consider the propriety of re-  
pealing so much of an Act as provides that the Court  
of Assize and Nisi Prius shall be held but once in  
each year in the Districts of Prince Edward, Col-  
borne and Talbot.

Yeas 25. Nays 27.  
On motion of Mr. Chauveau, an address was  
voted to His Excellency, for copies of all corre-  
spondence between the Executive Government of  
this Province, and the Quebec Trinity House and  
the Corporation of the City of Quebec, concerning  
the beaches of the River St. Charles, and of the  
orders and resolutions of the Council on that sub-  
ject.

On motion of Mr. Monro, a Select Committee  
was appointed to enquire into the affairs of the  
Toronto Hospital Endowment.

On motion of Mr. Christie, the Select Committee  
on the Quebec Trinity House Bill, was instructed  
to enquire into the expediency of re-uniting the  
Trinity Houses of Quebec and Montreal.

On motion of Mr. Latérière, the same Com-  
mittee was instructed to enquire whether it would not  
be expedient to establish a Navigation School at  
Quebec, wherein Pilots' Apprentices, and Mariners  
of all classes might be gratuitously taught Mathe-  
matics and the use of Nautical Instruments in the  
English and French Languages, and to provide  
books, maps, and all other necessary means to de-  
monstrate the theory and practice of that science;  
also, whether the Vessel employed by the Quebec  
Trinity House in the service of Light Houses and  
Provision Depots at different places on the St.  
Lawrence, might not while engaged in that service,  
be placed at the disposal of the Professor of that  
School; conjointly with the Captain of the said  
Vessel, for the purpose of demonstrating that  
science in practice and in theory, in order to in-  
struct Pilots' Apprentices and other students and  
Mariners of all classes in the Art of navigation;  
whether the students while gratuitously performing  
duty on board the said Vessel should not be fed and  
provided for, when on such service, at the expense  
of the Province or the Trinity House; also, to en-  
quire into the costs of maintaining such an Insti-  
tution, whether for the salary of the Professor, for  
the Instruction Room, books, maps, instruments,  
and the said Vessel.

Mr. Powell introduced a bill to afford relief to  
the Religious Society denominating themselves "The  
Christian Universalist Association of Canada West";  
second reading Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Williams, the West Halton  
Contested Election Committee obtained leave  
to adjourn till Tuesday next.

The amendments made in Committee, yesterday,  
to the Trafalgar, Esquing and Erin Road Com-  
pany Bill were reported, and agreed to, and the bill  
ordered to be engrossed.

The amendments made in Committee, yesterday,  
to the bill to incorporate a Company to extend the  
Great Western Rail Road from Hamilton to Toron-  
to, were reported and agreed to, and the bill order-  
ed to be engrossed.

The Militia Bill was considered in Committee of  
the whole, and subsequently referred to Messrs.  
Draper, Atty. Genl. Smith, Lafontaine, Taché,  
Seymour, Latérière and Riddell.

POETRY.  
THE WEE FLOWER.

A bonnie wee flower grew green in the wuds,  
Like a twinkling wee star among the cluds;  
And the lullaby leaved, the greener it grew,  
For 'twas lulled by the winds, and fed by the dew.  
Oh, fresh was the air where it reared its head,  
With the radiance and odours its young leaves shed.

When the morning sun rose frae his eastern ha',  
This bonnie wee flower was the earliest of a'  
To open its cups sealed up in the dew,  
And spread out its leaves o' the yellow and blue.

When the winds were still, and the sun rode high,  
And the clear mountain stream ran wimplin' by;  
When the wee birds sang, and the wilderness bee  
Was flitting awa', like a eld over the sea;  
This bonnie wee flower was blooming usen—  
The sweet child of summer—in its rocky green.

And when the night elud grew dark on the plain,  
When the stars were out, and the moon in the wane,  
When the lull and bee had gone to rest,  
And the dew of the night the green earth pressed,  
This bonnie wee flower lay smiling asleep,  
Like a beautiful pearl in the dark green deep.

And when autumn came, and the summer had passed,  
And the wae leaves were strewn on the swirling blast,  
This bonnie wee flower grew naked and bare,  
And its wee leaves shrank in the frozen air;  
Wild dandel and nettle sprang rank from the ground,  
But the rose and white lilies were drooping around;  
And this bonnie blue flower hung doon its wee head,  
And the bright morning sun flung his beams on its head,  
And the pale stars looked forth—but the wee flower was  
dead.

(Anderson.)

Extracts from English Papers  
TO THE 4TH APRIL.

SIR ROBERT PEEL, in the course of his speech in  
the House of Commons, referring to the victories in  
India, read the following extract of a letter from  
Sir Hugh Gough:—  
"It is now with pride and pleasure I enclose you  
a copy of my despatch, detailing one of the most  
splendid and decisive victories upon record—the  
Waterloo of India. I have entered so fully into  
detail and commendation in my despatch to the Gov-  
ernor-General, that it would be impossible for me  
to enlarge upon a subject embracing the warmest  
feelings of my heart. Policy, however, precluded  
me from publicly recording my sentiments on the  
splendid gallantry of our fallen foe, or to record the  
acts of heroism displayed, not only individually, but  
almost collectively by the Sikh Sardars and army;  
and, I declare, were it not for a deep conviction  
that my country's good required the sacrifice, I  
could have wept to have witnessed the fearful  
slaughter of so devoted a body of men. Never, in  
the page of military history, has the hand of an Al-  
lowise Being been so signally manifested; to Him,  
therefore, be the glory; we, as his instruments, feel  
the pride. But I cannot pass over—I cannot too  
strongly record—facts which, whilst they add lustre  
to the native army, afford to me, as its head, in-  
expressible pride and pleasure. For upwards of a  
month, when the two armies were close in front of  
one another, notwithstanding the numerous tempta-  
tions held out to our sepoys by men of their own  
colour and religion—namely, greatly increased pay,  
from seven to twelve rupees a month, and im-  
mediate promotion—I had but three desertions from  
this large force. Nor should I omit to mention, as  
a proof of the high state of discipline of this splen-  
did army, that trade has been carried on unreservedly  
since we crossed the Sutlej, in the several Sikh  
towns around which our divisions had been neces-  
sarily placed for the procurement of water, and the  
same confidence has been shown, as though we were  
in one of our long-established provinces."

The Queen of the French takes great interest in  
breeding silk-worms. Her Majesty has a silk-worm  
establishment at Neuilly. Many of the Queen's  
silk dresses have been spun by her industrious pen-  
sionnaires, the silk-worms.

The duty on oranges amounts to £70,000 per an-  
num, and on currants to £270,000.  
The Lords of the Admiralty have increased the  
wages of both classes of the engineers of the royal  
navy.

There are forty members of the House of Com-  
mons excused from serving on election committees  
on account of being upwards of 60 years of age.

There is at present following the occupation of a  
drover at Smithfield market a person who formerly  
kept a pack of hounds in one of the midland coun-  
ties.

A great number of privates in the Foot Guards  
and Scotch Fusiliers have recently demanded and  
obtained their discharge on the ground of illegal  
enlistment, their attestation having been taken be-  
fore a magistrate in a different county from their  
enlistment. It is said that five hundred have thus  
obtained their liberty.

The London Gazette of Friday evening announces  
the appointment of Major-General Sir George Sco-  
well, K. C. B., to the colonelcy of the 7th Dragoon  
Guards, in succession to General Sir Evan Lloyd,  
K. C. H.; Major-General Sir William Tayll, K. C.  
H., to the colonelcy of the 7th Hussars, in succession  
to Major-General Sir James Kearney, K. C. H.; and  
Major-General Sir William Maynard Gomm,  
K. C. B., to the 13th Regiment of Foot, in suc-  
cession to Major-General Sir Robert Sale, G. C. B.

The Russian detachments have had some skir-  
mishes with the Schetchenes, which latter were  
worsted, and their country, one of the most difficult  
in the Caucasus, is thereby opened to the Russian  
armies. On the right wing of the line of the Cau-  
casus, the warlike tribe of the Abadseks, which  
amounts to about 100,000, has made its submission  
to Russia.

PRESENT TO HER MAJESTY.—Some time after the  
passengers of the unfortunate steamer, "The Great  
Liverpool," had been safely landed, it occurred to  
the late captain M'Leod that it was possible to save  
from the wreck a box which had been specially  
consigned to his care, containing a present to her  
Majesty from a wealthy native merchant of Bombay.  
Captain M'Leod, accompanied by the chief officer,  
Mr. Hamilton, and two of the crew, got on board  
the steamer, and cut through the deck to the place  
where the box was deposited, and with great diffi-  
culty got it on shore, and from thence it was con-  
veyed with the mail boxes to Coronna, and con-  
signed to the care of the consul, who fearing it  
might have been damaged by being so long under  
water, unpacked the box in the presence of the  
captain and officers. Although it was enclosed in  
many cases, the water had penetrated through them  
to the morocco case, which was richly ornamented  
with the royal arms of England. The present con-  
sisted of a large sized and richly wrought gold box,  
an exquisite specimen of Eastern workmanship,  
worthy of Benvenuto Cellini; the box was sup-  
ported by four stands in the form of snakes, and it  
contained several dresses of the most elegant and  
costly fabric, worked by the needle, and of cobweb  
texture, but the salt water had penetrated, and the  
consul's wife had them carefully washed and re-  
packed, and they were transmitted with the mails

to Southampton. It was fortunate that the box  
escaped the clutches of the Spanish brigands, whose  
infamous conduct has been already described.

Just before Captain M'Leod committed suicide,  
he gave into the charge of the consul a handker-  
chief containing gold, with which he had been en-  
trusted, to deliver to a merchant in London, with  
a special recommendation that it should be forward-  
ed to its destination.

The escape of one child was miraculous, and has  
not yet been mentioned in the accounts published  
of the disaster. The first boat, it has been stated,  
was upset in the raging surf, when three persons  
lost their lives, and a second child was supposed to  
have been drowned, but when the boat righted the  
infant was found floating in it, and was taken  
on board the vessel as it was going to pieces;  
restoratives were applied, and the child was saved.  
The chief officer, Mr. Hamilton, was not on duty  
at the time when the steamer struck, and is now in  
town.

ROYAL HORSE ARTILLERY.—By the official re-  
turns of the Board of Ordnance just issued, it ap-  
pears that the annual cost of the six troops armed  
with sixteen field pieces, one rocket troop, with the  
rocket carriages attached, and commanded by forty-  
six officers, amounts to £36,000 per annum.

A FORTUNATE SOLDIER.—Private M'Phadden, of  
the 65th Regiment, has just had bequeathed to him  
by an uncle, deceased in India, the magnificent sum  
of £10,000.

FANCY FAIR UNDER THE THAMES.—The fancy  
fair in the Thames-tunnel has proved highly attrac-  
tive this week, having lasted since Monday, and  
has been attended, on the average, by 9000 persons  
daily. The amount received at the usual charges of  
one penny only, was £185 up to Friday evening.

The Earl of Caledon, on account of his late mar-  
riage, has retired from the Coldstream Guards, which  
he joined in 1833.

SQUARING THE CIRCLE.—A party is said to have  
died, leaving the sum of £100,000 in trust, to the  
then Lord Chancellor, for the benefit of the indi-  
vidual who should clearly demonstrate the square of  
the circle; the interest, until the condition of the  
will is complied with, to be paid to one of the col-  
leges at Cambridge, it is believed St. John's College.  
A correspondent wishes to know which of the col-  
leges receives the interest, and the name of the  
party who left the money, and about the time the  
party died.

A NARROW ESCAPE.—(From the Evening Packet)  
—Extract from a letter of one of our correspond-  
ents:—"One circumstance may be named which will  
interest your readers, in reference to the escape  
of Captain Biddulph, an active and enterprising  
officer of the 45th, who had been taken a prisoner.  
His sword was demanded, and refused—taken from  
him and again demanded, after this indication of his  
inability to offer any resistance. Again he refused  
to yield it and a gallows was ordered to be raised to  
intimidate him. The Sikhs changed their minds  
and determined to blow him from one of the guns'  
to which he was accordingly chained, and prepara-  
tions made. The action just then interfered and  
called off the whole body of the Sikh troops, who  
left Captain Biddulph chained to the gun. One  
of the Sikhs offered to conduct him to the General's  
camp, if he would give him 1000 rupees, and not  
take arms again, to which he acceded, and was re-  
leased, and conducted to Sir H. Hardinge, who at  
once paid the amount."

THE INDIAN PRESS.—The conduct of a portion of  
the Indian press cannot be too strongly condemned,  
in reference to the recent actions on the Sutlej, as  
well as in connection with the fearful disaster that  
befell our arms in Afghanistan some time since.  
There can be no doubt that the statements made in  
these papers—many of which have an enormous  
circulation among the natives—have been indirectly  
the cause of several of the reverses sustained by our  
troops, and, it may be, also the cause of the Sikh  
invasion. An anti-English spirit pervades the whole  
tone of the journals in question and it might be  
doubted whether they are written by natives of this  
country, so violent are their attacks upon every act  
of our policy, so eager are they to point out to  
friend and foe the weak points of our territory. It  
is stated that these journals are the property of na-  
tive merchants and native princes, and that they are  
concocted by renegades or Americans, assisted in  
their wretched task by the egotism or the anger of  
British-Indian officers in actual service. If so the  
anomaly is explained and the treachery of the writ-  
ers accounted for. The last thing that should be  
done in a free country is to fetter the expression of  
public opinion; but when the mischief caused by  
these anti-national publications is taken into account,  
there is hardly a man in the community who will  
not look on a check upon them as the least of two  
evils offered for adoption. It is time for the India  
Company, therefore, to bestir itself in the matter,  
and to let indigo tags and bales of cotton lie side by  
side for a while with sacks of sugar and chest of spices,  
and turn their attention seriously to the modification  
if not the extirpation of that canker in the very  
heart of their sovereignty in Asia. The Marquis  
Wellesley made such stringent regulations as prevent  
ed much ill from resulting through these organs of  
intelligence. The India Company have not, there-  
fore, to establish a precedent in the case; and conse-  
quently they need not, in suppressing this moral and  
political nuisance, incur any public odium in the  
matter. At any rate, it were well that something  
was done in regard to it, and done speedily. The  
risk is enormous, and the injury that may result  
from inaction is incalculable.—Obsteer.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN LISTON, THE COMEDIAN.—  
The admirers of histrionic excellence will learn  
with regret that this matchless disciple of Momus  
has "shuffled off this mortal coil," at the age of 69,  
having been born in the year 1776, in the parish of  
St. Ann's, Soho. His death took place on Sunday  
last, at his house, George-terrace, Knightsbridge.  
His name is associated with the brightest recollec-  
tions of the British drama, when Kemble, Young,  
Cook, Emery, Johnstone, C. Kemble, Fawcett, Mrs.  
Siddons, Miss O'Neill, Mrs. Dickens, Miss Stephens,  
Mrs. Gibbs, and a host of others, shed lustre on the  
boards of Covent-Garden Theatre.

THE POLISH INSURRECTION.—The Paris National  
publishes a variety of extracts from the German  
journals relative to the insurrection, all of which  
would lead to the belief that the insurrection, al-  
though for the present suppressed, was far from  
being definitely subdued, and that serious events  
were upon the eve of taking place. The subscrip-  
tion in Paris for the Poles was progressing rapidly.  
It is stated that an intention exists of sending one  
of the regiments of Guards to India.

We learn that no less than 500 of the men wound-  
ed in the battles of the 18th, 21st and 22nd of De-  
cember, had sufficiently recovered by the 19th of  
January to be able to join their regiments.  
[Times.]

THE CHILTERN HUNDREDS.—The following note  
from an old edition of Blackstone (vol. I. page 176.)  
may be interesting to some of our readers:—"The  
office or trust of a member of parliament cannot be  
resigned, and every member is compellable to dis-  
charge the duties of it, unless he can show a cause,  
as the house in its direction will think a sufficient  
excuse for his non-attendance upon a call of the  
house. The only way, therefore, of vacating a seat, is  
by accepting a situation, in consequence of which

the law declares his seat vacant. So where mem-  
bers wish to vacate their seats and retire from Par-  
liament it is now usual for the crown to grant them  
the office of the stewardship of Chiltern Hundreds.  
Mr. Haisell observes, that "the practice of accept-  
ing this nominal office, which began, he believes,  
only about the year 1750, has been now so long ac-  
quiesced in, from its convenience to all parties, that  
it would be ridiculous to state any doubt about the  
legality of its proceedings; otherwise, (he believes)  
it would be very difficult, from the form of these  
appointments, to show that it is an office of pro-  
fit under the crown." But Mr. Haisell, himself,  
raises a doubt which I do not think he removes; for  
surely no usage since 1750, or no usage, whatever,  
can countervail the clear and express words of an  
act of parliament.—(Manchester Courier.)

CANADA.

We regret to record the death of a passenger by  
the Caledonia, a gentleman named Miller, of the  
firm of Bull & Co., at Belleville. He died sudden-  
ly on board the Burlington while on her trip to St.  
Johns. The deceased had suffered greatly from sea  
sickness during his passage across the Atlantic, and  
was otherwise indisposed. He refused to take any  
medicine, although frequently recommended to do so.  
The passengers on board of the Burlington were  
alarmed by a noise in his berth about three o'clock  
in the morning, and on a person entering, he was  
found dead upon the floor. An inquest was held  
upon the body on Thursday, and a verdict in accord-  
ance with the circumstances of his death returned.  
(Montreal Times.)

We understand that the first number of a new  
weekly Commercial paper, published under the aus-  
pices and direction of the Montreal Free Trade As-  
sociation, and to be called the "Canadian Econo-  
mist," will make its appearance on Saturday next.  
(Ibid.)

Bytown has had the honor of opening the cricket  
campaign for 1846. A match was played there on  
Tuesday, between the Carleton Club and the 60th  
Rifles, in which the latter were the winners.  
(Ibid.)

QUEBEC.

WEDNESDAY, 29th APRIL, 1846.

LATEST DATES.

From London..... April 4 From New York..... April 27  
From Liverpool..... April 4 From Halifax..... April 18  
From Paris..... April 1 From Singapore..... April 24

New York and Boston papers of the 25th furnish  
intelligence from Washington of the 23rd. The  
committee of conference on the amended Oregon  
notice had reported. The objectionable amendments  
made by the Representatives have been struck out,  
and the notice as finally agreed upon by both  
Houses, to be followed, it is said, by the certain  
approval of the President, is as follows:—

"A Joint Resolution concerning the Oregon territory  
—Whereas, by the convention concluded the twentieth  
day of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, between  
the United States of America and the King of the United  
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the period  
of ten years, and afterwards indefinitely extended and  
continued in force by another convention of the same  
parties, concluded the ninth day of August, in the year  
of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-  
seven, it was agreed that any country that may be claim-  
ed by either party on the northwest coast of America  
westward of the Stony or Rocky mountains, now com-  
monly called the Oregon territory, should, together with  
its harbors, bays, and creeks, and the navigation of all  
rivers within the same, be "fee and open" to the ves-  
sels, citizens, and subjects of the two powers, but with-  
out prejudice to any claim which either of the parties  
might have to any part of said country; and with this  
further provision, in the second article of the said con-  
vention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and  
twenty-seven, that either party might abrogate and an-  
null said convention, or give due notice of twelve months  
to the other contracting party."

And whereas it has now become desirable that the  
respective claims of the United States and Great Britain  
should be definitely settled, and that said territory may  
no longer than need remain subject to the evil conse-  
quences of the divided allegiance of its American  
and British population, and of the confusion and col-  
lision of national jurisdictions, dangerous to the cher-  
ished peace and good understanding of the two coun-  
tries—

With a view, therefore, that steps be taken for the  
abrogation of the said convention of the sixth of Au-  
gust, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, in the mode  
prescribed in its second article, and that the attention  
of the governments of both countries may be the more  
earnestly and immediately directed to the adoption of  
all proper measures for a speedy and amicable adjust-  
ment of the difficulties and disputes in respect to said  
territory—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives  
of the United States, in Congress assembled. That the  
President of the United States be, and he is hereby au-  
thorized, at his discretion, to give the British government  
the notice required by its said second article for the  
abrogation of the said convention of the sixth of August,  
eighteen hundred and twenty-seven."

W. L. KENZIE, it seems, has published another  
volume, entitled "The Life and Times of MAR-  
TIN VAN BUREN; the correspondence of his friends,  
family and pupils; together with brief notices,  
sketches and anecdotes, illustrative of the public  
career of JAMES K. POLK, &c., &c."

"MONTREAL, Tuesday, April 28th, 1846.  
There is little of importance here. The Assem-  
bly last night got through with a number of small  
Bills and rejected two, the Usury Bill for notes of  
hand above £10, and the removal of the Niagara  
District Courts, &c.  
"To-day comes on in committee of supply the  
proposed Civil List instead of the Schedules in the  
Union Act. The Militia Bill will probably not be  
reported to-day. There has been much display of  
loyalty, in words, of late. May it produce a Militia  
Act which would secure the safety of the Province  
from the presence of a foreign enemy, in conjunc-  
tion with the regular forces of the Crown!"

"The enclosed orders of the day for the Assem-  
bly will show how orders have continued to fall in  
arrears, and the poor prospect we have of a proroga-  
tion."  
[There are on the list 12 Notices of Motions and  
58 Orders of the Day.]  
"The New York evening papers of the 25th inst.,  
contain the notice of the cessation of the Oregon  
Treaty finally agreed upon by the Senate and House  
of Representatives of the United States. It is  
rather of a pacific character. The Bill for extending  
United States jurisdiction in the Oregon territory,  
&c., will meet with decided objections in the Sen-  
ate. The Sub-Treasury Bill, which requires all  
duties to be paid in hard cash, will be modified, and  
the Drawback Bill, both of which will affect Cana-  
da, will probably meet with some difficulty.  
"There is nothing new from the Mexican fron-  
tier.  
"The weather here continues fine. The severe  
frost of Friday and Saturday night have checked  
vegetation, which is not further advanced than at  
Quebec. The fields, except in spots richly manured  
or favorably exposed to the sun, are quite brown.

Rain is much wanted. The dust is intolerable.  
People are covered with it, and the hair powdered  
as much as with snow in the heavy drifts of win-  
ter."

The Montreal Courier states that the Royal Ar-  
tillery quartered there, have mounted a new pattern  
schako, which, though not the most elegant thing  
in the world, is yet a decided improvement on the  
"Albert" bucket—or rather, inverted flower-pot.

We have learned by a passenger in the *Sydenham*  
this morning, that a fire broke out yesterday after-  
noon about two o'clock, at Griffintown, Montreal, by  
which four wooden buildings were destroyed.

FOREIGN DUTIES.

We have been favoured by H. JESSOPP, Esquire,  
with the following list of articles of foreign pro-  
duction or manufacture, proposed to be exempted from  
duty upon their importation into the British Colo-  
nies from the United Kingdom:—

CUSTOM HOUSE, LONDON,  
30th March, 1846.

"EXTRACT."

"SIR,—I have it in command to transmit to you,  
a copy of a Resolution which has been agreed to by  
the House of Commons on the 17th March 1846,  
exempting the Articles therein specified from the  
payment of Duty, upon their Importation into the  
United Kingdom; and I am at the same time to  
acquaint you, that the several articles therein set  
forth, being of Foreign Production or Manufacture,  
(and which are not already included in the Table of  
Exemptions annexed to the 11th Section of the Act  
8 & 9 Vict. cap. 93.) may, upon their Importation  
into the British Possessions in North America, the  
West Indies, or the Mauritius from the United King-  
dom, be delivered free of the Duties imposed by the  
Act 8 & 9 Vict. cap. 93, on the Parties giving secu-  
rity for payment of the Duties, in the event of the  
Resolutions not being confirmed by Parliament.  
"Collector of Customs, Quebec."

5. Resolved, That the Duties of Customs chargeable  
upon the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize hereafter  
mentioned, imported into the United Kingdom, shall  
cease and determine, viz:—

- Animals, living, viz:—Asses, Goats, Kids, Oxen &  
Gulls, Cows, Calves, Horses, Mares, Geldings, Cobs,  
Ponies, Mules, Sheep, Lambs, Swine & Hogs, Pigs,  
(Suckling)
- Bacon, Beef, fresh or slightly salted, Beef salted, not  
being comminuted, Bottles of earth & stone, empty.
- Cases of Books, Statues, or Figures, Carvings, Cherry  
Wood, being Furniture Wood, Gunberies, Cotton Man-  
ufactures, not being Articles wholly or in part made up,  
not otherwise charged with duty.
- Enamel.
- Gelatine, Glue.
- Hay, Hides, or pieces thereof tawed, curried, varnished,  
jupanned, enamelled, Muscovy or Russia Hides, or  
pieces thereof, tanned, coloured, shaved, or otherwise  
dressed, and Hides, or pieces thereof, in any way dress-  
ed, not otherwise enumerated.
- Ink for Printers, Inkle wrought.
- Lamp Glass, Linen, viz:—Plain Linens and Diapers,  
whether checkered or striped with Dye yarn or not, and  
Manufactures of Linen, or of Linen mixed with Cotton,  
or with Wool, not particularly enumerated, or otherwise  
charged with Duty, not being Articles wholly or in part  
made up.
- Magna Græcia ware, Manuscript, Maps & Charts, or  
parts thereof, plain or coloured, Mattresses, Meats salted  
or fresh, not otherwise described, Medals of any sort.
- Palmetto, Thatch manufactures, Parchment, Partridge  
Wood, being Furniture Wood, Pens, Plantaines, Potatoes,  
Pork, fresh, Do, salted, not hams, Purple Wood,  
being Furniture Wood.
- Silk, thrown, dyed, viz:—Silk Stings or Tm, or  
Orange or Grape Silk.
- Telescopes, Thread, not otherwise enumerated or de-  
scribed.
- Woolens, viz:—Manufactures of Wool, not being Coat  
Wool, or of Wool mixed with Cotton, not particularly  
enumerated or described; not otherwise charged with  
duty; not being Articles wholly or in part made up.
- Vegetables, all, not otherwise enumerated or describ-  
ed, Vellum.

Copies of the above on a slip of paper may be had  
to-morrow, at the office of this paper.

At the Annual General Meeting of the proprietors  
of the Quebec Exchange, held on Tuesday last, in  
the Exchange Reading Room, the following gentle-  
men were elected a Managing Committee for the  
ensuing year:—

W. H. Anderson, Wm. Stevenson,  
Robert Shaw, J. J. Lowndes, Treasurer,  
John Grainger, Chs. Poston, Secretary,  
Jas. Bell Forsyth,

Pursuant to the notice which appeared in Mon-  
day's Gazette, a public meeting of the citizens of  
Quebec was held yesterday in front of the House of  
Assembly, for the purpose, as stated in the notice,  
of taking into consideration the conduct of the  
members of the Relief Committee, &c. The meet-  
ing was numerously attended. J. CHABOT, Esq.,  
M. P. P., presided, and Messrs. RHEAUME and  
CHILDS acted as Secretaries. The result of the  
meeting was the adoption of a petition to the Relief  
Committee, complaining of the delay in the distri-  
bution of the funds and praying that a plan should  
be immediately adopted for more speedily effecting  
that object. The petition likewise protests against  
and "solemnly disapproves" of the following resolu-  
tion, adopted by the Committee on the 22nd inst:—

"That instruction be given to the Committee of  
"Distribution to retain all subsequent relief from  
"Proprietors, excepting on the loss of their more-  
"ables, until they give to the Committee sufficient  
"guarantee that an equal amount to that which  
"they have a right to receive has been or shall be  
"by them spent in building with bricks or stone,  
"and covered with incombustible materials."

Extracts from the Proceedings of the General Com-  
mittee for the Relief of Sufferers by the late Fire.

WEDNESDAY, 27th APRIL, 1846.

The Treasurer read the following statement of  
the finances:—

Statement of Receipts and Payments from the 20th  
to 27th April, 1846.

Amount received per statement, 20th  
April, 1846, £162,182 18 8

From Leeds, (England)  
being the balance of  
Subscriptions, Stg., £30 10 8

162,200 19 6  
68,774 11 6

Amount paid as per last statement, £93,446 8 0

Balance in hands of the Treasurer, £93,446 8 0

Amount deposited bearing

balance of the Leeds' subscription for the sufferers by the late fires. Mr. S. Scott, from the Special Committee appointed to consider the claims of certain proprietors pointed to St. Roch's, submitted the following REPORT.

The Special Committee, to whom was referred the Petition of certain Proprietors of Saint Roch's Suburbs, praying for relief, in consideration of having, on the faith of the Resolution of the General Committee, of the 17th June last, No. 3, gratuitously ceded to the Corporation of this City, certain portions of ground, for the purposes of widening Craig Street and Saint Joseph Street, in the said Suburb: the said Resolution being in the words following:—

"That it is desirable to obtain the consent of the proprietors of the streets to be widened, this Committee will come to the assistance of the Corporation, by promising to allow to the proprietors who may be the most reasonable, assistance, proportionate to their sacrifices for the common interest."

Have the honor to report—

That after a conference with the petitioners in explanation of their claims, and also with the Distribution Committee in relation thereto, your Committee are of opinion:—

1st. That by the Resolution, No. 3, of 17th June last, a distinct, unconditional promise and pledge was given to allow to such of the proprietors therein referred to as should be "the most reasonable, assistance, proportionate to the sacrifices" by them made.

2nd. That on the faith of such promise and pledge, the petitioners have gratuitously ceded to the Corporation certain portions of their ground and lots, to effect the desired improvement—important as a means of preventing the recurrence of a calamity similar to those which we now deplore.

3rd. That although the properties in the streets so widened may probably, in future years, as well by such widening of the streets, as by the erection of a better class of buildings, be enhanced in value, your Committee are of opinion that the present relative value thereof is such, that the proprietors could not reasonably be expected to forego their claims under the resolution of this Committee, under which they are made, and on which they are based.

4th. Your Committee therefore recommend, that on the production by the petitioners to the Committee of Distribution of their Deeds of Gift in favor of the Corporation, the petitioners be severally allowed, from the sources hereinafter mentioned, and so far as the same will suffice, as an "assistance proportionate to their sacrifices for the common interest," in ceding the ground in question, viz:—To proprietors in Saint Joseph Street, at the rate of the Shilling and Sixpence per foot, and to proprietors in Craig Street, at the rate of Two Shillings and Sixpence per foot.

5th. That as the proprietors of lots on the North side of St. Joseph Street, who have not contributed to widen the same, derive a much greater advantage from such improvement, inasmuch as their lots remain of their original depth, upon an improved thoroughfare. And that such proprietors in the said street, and on both sides of Craig Street, who, refusing to give, have been liberally paid for the ground by them furnished for such improvement, have in like manner thereby benefited in an equal degree. And, that all the proprietors on both sides of the main street of St. John Suburbs, which has been widened, solely by purchase, are also, under existing circumstances, placed in a far more favourable position than the petitioners, who have given up their ground gratuitously for the widening of Craig and St. Joseph Streets, all such proprietors above referred to, ought severally to contribute towards the improvements in question, the same being for the benefit and common safety of all.

Your Committee therefore recommend, that from the premiums proposed to be awarded to such several classes of proprietors above referred to, out of the £15,000 reserved for such purpose, there be made a *pro rata* deduction, with which to form a fund sufficient to indemnify the petitioners at the rates herein now recommended—always on the recent conditions attached, or both attached to that fund.

Lastly—If after the deductions suggested in the preceding clause of this report, there remain a deficit on the amount recommended to be awarded as an aid to the petitioners, your Committee know of no other fund out of which they could advise the payment thereof, consistently with the resolutions already passed by the General Committee.

All which is respectfully submitted.

STEWART SCOTT,  
Chairman.

Quebec, 25th April, 1846.

On motion of Mr. Scott, seconded by Mr. D. Ross, it was—

Resolved—That the said Report be now received.

Mr. Jessopp moved, in amendment, seconded by Mr. Legaré—

"That the Report just received be taken into consideration on Thursday next, at 4, p. m."

The motion in amendment having been put from the chair was carried.

On motion of Mr. Jessopp, seconded by Mr. Bonner, it was—

Resolved—That the Corporation be requested to give to this Committee a statement shewing the names, residences and amounts granted to each individual who may have ceded any ground for the purpose of widening the streets."

Mr. Holt from the Committee appointed at the last meeting to ascertain and report upon the case of sufferers by the late fires who were insured at the Canada Assurance Company, reported as follows:—

"That from the best information they have been able to obtain, from the Secretary of the said Company and other individuals, they consider that the fair and equitable value of the Stock of that Institution is twelve shillings and sixpence in the pound."

On motion of Mr. Holt, seconded by Mr. S. Scott, it was—

Resolved—That the said Report be now received and adopted."

On motion of Mr. U. J. Tessier, seconded by Mr. Holt, it was—

Resolved—That reference being had to the above report of the special committee, it be an instruction to the sub-committee of distribution to estimate the insurances of sufferers insured in the Canada Assurance Company at the rate of 12s. 6d. in the pound, as well for the first as for the second dividend."

Mr. P. Gingras, jr., in conformity with the notice given by him at the last meeting, moved, seconded by Mr. U. J. Tessier, and it was—

Resolved—That it be an instruction to the sub-committee of distribution to pay to proprietors and tenants alternately."

[To the Editor of the Quebec Gazette.]

Sir,—A correspondent in your paper of the 22nd inst., complains grievously of *pledges broken* by the Relief Committee. It ought to be borne in mind that the Relief Committee has adopted many and conflicting *pledges* under the varying influences of fluctuating majorities. Not to speak of the *pledges* given to the Corporation, or that to proprietors who

should cede their ground for the widening of the streets, I do not see how the pledge "to restore property" contained in the resolutions of the 15th September, can be reconciled with that which is said to have been implied in the appeal of the 6th June; or again, how tenants and proprietors can be placed upon an *equal footing*, if no compensation be made to these latter on account of their peculiar distress in being subjected to the operation of laws which the public safety has rendered necessary.

As to the *leisure task* of distributing the remaining moities—It has been a favourite scheme with some persons to ascertain the distress of each individual among the sufferers, and then to take a comparative or *conjunct view*, as it is termed.

Now, I cannot even conceive the possibility of performing such a task in less than three or four years.—The applicants are in number some thousands: many of them are at present in different and distant parts of the Province:—the distress to be ascertained is that growing out of the fires; its reality and extent must therefore in every case be tested by searching investigation.—Nor is the difficulty simply one of time: Where are to be found the men at once of sufficient leisure and sufficient ability to engage in this task? If found, are not such men notoriously fond of indulging their own whims and fancies, and might they not resign office just when their services were most needed? If clerks are to be employed, what a serious deduction must be made from the fund in payment of their salaries? And then what inquisitorial powers must be vested in the Board of Examiners, alike degrading to those who should exercise and to those who should submit to them.

I have always regretted that the Committee did not adopt the plan suggested, of applying for information and guidance to the authorities at Edinburgh and Pittsburgh, charged with the relief of the sufferers by the fires in those cities.—The Germans and Americans are practical men, and the results of their experience might have stood us in good stead. But the paucity of such original documents as "Paper A" had more charms in the eyes of the Committee, than any such matter-of-fact proceeding. *Principles were enunciated as the "bases of distribution"*—The principle of *distress*—The principle of *distress and loss combined*, &c.—Hence the mystification which has arisen, each person conceiving himself at liberty to interpret after his own fashion, what nobody could understand.

The chief difficulty, however, has sprung from a cause for which we ought to be devoutly thankful. Through the good providence of God, we are called upon to relieve distress at a season of such unwonted prosperity to the labouring classes that they are able almost to dictate terms to their employers—Need I say more?

Your obedient servant,  
A MEMBER OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE.  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846.

COMMERCIAL.

New York Markets, April 25.

Wool—The market is without change as to price, but dull. Pops 3 5/8, and Peris 4 1/2.

Grain—There is but little doing in any description. Sales Corn at 67 a 68c for Jersey. Rye 70 cts. Oats 43 a 44 cts.

Provisions—The market is quiet. Prime 9 3/4, and Mess 10 7/8. There is nothing of any consequence doing in Beef.

Flour is crowded down still lower. Sales to-day of Genesee at 5 1/2; and there is some taken for shipment. New Orleans and all other Southern descriptions of common brands at 5 a 5 1/2; Jersey Meal 3 25, bag meal 1-3 1/4; Rye 3 25.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CLEARED  
April 25th.

Schr Calm, Landry, Resigouche, Dean & Co.  
— St. Croix, Bernier, St. Johns, Newell, W Ramsay  
— Sent, Caron, Archard, R Penisson.

ENTERED FOR LOADING.  
Name. Tonnage. For By Whom. Where.  
April 25th.

Harry Lorrequer, 955, Liverpool, E & J E Oliver, Rey-  
nard's Wharf.  
Sophia Moffatt, 550, London, Gillespie & Co, Wellin-  
gton do.  
Rosalina, 812, Belfast, Muckle & Kelly, India do.  
Lady, 43, Richibucto, Dean & Co, Langlois' Wharf.

MARITIME EXTRACTS.

The ship Canada, Crawford, 28th March from Glasgow, with a general cargo for Quebec and Montreal, was passed off Kamouraska on Monday afternoon, by the steamer Alliance; the wind then light from the north.

The steamship St. George left for Bic yesterday, to tow up the ship Caylon, which was on her way up when the Alliance passed that place.

The bark Java, and the ship Sir Robert Peel, the former at St. André, and the latter at Kamouraska, were expected to float with the tide of yesterday morning.

The steamer Alliance returned to port yesterday morning, with the ship Sir Richard Jackson, having taken her in tow a few miles above the Manicouagan Shoals, where she was stranded last fall.

The steamship St. George arrived in port on Monday night with the bark Maria in tow, from Isle-aux-Canards, where she was driven last fall.

The bark Crusader, east ashore at Kamouraska last fall, arrived here yesterday under sail.

We understand that a small Schooner owned by Mr. Martin Ray, was totally wrecked off Grosse Ile on Friday last, during a strong easterly wind—all hands saved.

The steamer Canada arrived here last night from Montreal with a deeply laden canal barge in tow.

LAUNCHES.—Yesterday morning three splendid full-rigged new vessels were safely launched at St. Roch's, viz:—

At Mr. Nesbitt's yard, the ship Punjab, of about 800 tons measurement, for Messrs. G. H. Parke & Co, of this city.

At Mr. T. C. Lee's yard, the ship Lord Duffin, of about 700 tons.

At Mr. T. H. Oliver's yard, the ship Harry Lorrequer, of about 1000 tons.

They all glided into their native element in first-rate style, within five minutes of each other. The shipyards were crowded with an unusual number of spectators.

This morning, at Mr. Tibbets' ship-yard, Pointe Levi, a beautiful ship of about 1000 tons.

A beautiful brig of about 200 tons measurement, built at Mr. Dubord's ship-yard at Pointe-aux-Trembles, for Messrs. Pemberton Brothers, arrived here yesterday afternoon under sail.

Savannah, April 18th—Cleared—Br. ship Calcutta, Whitney, for Quebec.

DIED.

On the 21st of December last, in the action with the Sikhs at Ferozeshaw, in the East Indies, Lieut. James Harvey, of H. M. 59th Regiment, A. D. C., to Major-General Sir John Littler, and Nephew to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick.

On the 27th ultimo, at the private residence of her son, the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor of London, aged 35 years, Catherine, widow of the late J. Johnson, Esq.

On the 27th ultimo, at Davyhill, near Manchester, aged 77 years, Mr. Charles Ewart. He was a native of Kilmarnock, in Ayrshire, and served twenty-four years in the Scots Greys. At the memorable battle of Waterloo, he was fortunate enough to take an Eagle of one of the most distinguished divisions of the French infantry (the Invincibles), which he captured in a charge made by himself, in performing which gallant exploit he had to maintain three desperate single combats, in all of which he displayed equal intrepidity as a soldier and skill as a swordsman, by parrying every attack and successively disarming each of his assailants, one of whom was a Polish Lancer. For his distinguished gallantry, on this occasion, he was promoted to a commission in the Royal Veteran Battalion.

QUEBEC SAVINGS' BANK, April 28, 1846.

Amount Deposited this day..... £185 6 0  
Ditto withdrawn..... 527 17 10

Decrease of the funds by the operations } £342 11 10  
of this day.....

TREASURER'S OFFICE,  
CITY HALL, 25TH APRIL, 1846.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all Persons indebted for arrears of Assessment for 1845, 1844 and 1845, are requested to pay the same at the Office of the City Treasurer, without further delay, in default of which legal proceedings will be adopted for recovery of the same.

F. AUSTIN,  
City Treasurer.

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Semi Annual Dividend of three and a half per cent, has been this day declared, upon the amount of the Capital Stock, and the same will be payable at the Bank on or after the 1st of JUNE next.

The Transfer Book will be closed on the 15th of MAY. The Annual General Meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Bank, on MONDAY, the 1ST of JUNE next, at ELEVEN o'clock, when a statement of the affairs of the Institution will be submitted, and when the Election of Directors for the ensuing twelve months will take place.

By order of the Board,  
NOAH FREER, Cashier.  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846.

FOUND.

A YOUNG POINTER DOG.—The owner can recover the Dog, by paying the expence of advertising. Enquire at this Office.  
Quebec, 29th April, 1846.

FLOUR, BISCUIT, &c.

THE Subscribers having leased Mr. Hunt's Store, opposite Mr. John Campbell, Ship Chandler, St. Peter Street, in addition to their usual assortment of Biscuit, will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Superior, Fine and Middling FLOUR, as well as OATMEAL, Pot and Pearl BARLEY, &c. &c.

ALPERT & GLASS,  
29th April, 1846.

NOTICE.

WILLIAM SHEPPARD now transacts Business on his own account, and he continues to sign as heretofore WM. SHEPPARD & CO.  
Quebec, 28th April, 1846.

PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having formed a partnership with Mr. ANT. POIR, informs the public that, commencing from the 1st May next, his business will be carried on under the name and firm of FRANÇOIS PARANT & Co.

FRS. PARANT,  
Quebec, 22nd April, 1846.

TO LET.

THE Dwelling House and appurtenances No. 42, St. Ann Street, U. T., opposite the English Cathedral, as now occupied by Mr. Saurin.

Apply to  
T. R. SMITH,  
1, St. Lewis St. Place d'Armes, U. T.  
29th April, 1846.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Province of Canada, }  
District of Quebec, }  
City of Quebec, the 27th day of April, 1846.

In the matter of Robert Atkins, Bankrupt.

IT is ordered on motion on behalf of the said Bankrupt, that a public sitting for the allowance of a certificate to the said Bankrupt, be held at the Court House, in the said City of Quebec, on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of MAY next, at ELEVEN in the forenoon. (Signed) W. POWER,  
Circuit Judge and Commr. of Bankrupts.

THE LATEST  
ENGLISH AND IRISH NEWSPAPERS,—  
Also—The LONDON LANCET and MEDICAL TIMES, for Sale by  
THOS. CARY & CO.  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
LONDON HAT WAREHOUSE,  
Quebec.  
W. S. HENDERSON & CO.,

HAVING for a few years past attained such a complete pre-eminence in the Hat line that they deem advertising so far as the Citizens of Quebec are concerned unnecessary; but for the sake of parties at a distance and strangers who will soon be visiting this City they would say—

That their fall importations of very BEST BLACK and DRAB LONDON BEAVER & PARIS SAFFIN HATS added to about 500 dozen of their own manufacture, enables them now to offer retail and to trade a STOCK of GOODS in the above line which for quantity and variety has not hitherto been equalled in this province even by themselves.

While they have lately imported large quantities of HATS in an unfinished state and have spared no pains in keeping their Factory filled with the most experienced workmen from Europe and America, they have still continued to keep up their usual Stock of BEST ENGLISH and FRENCH MADE HATS, so that every taste may be gratified, yet from the great expence in freight, exchange, packing Cases and inland carriage in Europe on middling and common Goods of a bulky description, they are enabled to sell their OWN MANUFACTURE at least 20 per Cent under the price at which Goods of a similar quality could be sold if imported, while at the same time not having been exposed to the action of a salt water atmosphere the colour is more brilliant and durable.

As a Hat is an article in which even the seller may be deceived, should any of our old regular and well known customers happen at any time to get a Hat which after wearing they declare not value for what it cost, on its being shown a fair reduction will be made upon the price which may have been charged for it.

Naval, Military and Fancy CLOTH CAPS made to order.

All Goods returnable after sale if not approved of.

Quebec, 27th March, 1846. o w u

CANADA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY

NOTICE is hereby given under the authority of the Provincial statute 4th and 5th Vict. Cap. 57, incorporating the CANADA FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, that the Stockholders of the said Company are required to pay in at the Company's Office, in the City of Quebec Eleven Instalments of Twenty Five Shillings per Share each, one on the 7th day of the ensuing months viz:— July, August, September, October, November, December January, February, March, April and May each.

By order of the Directors of the said Corporation,  
DANIEL McCALLUM,  
Secretary.

Canada Fire Office,  
Quebec 4th June, 1845. }  
17

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.  
THE fine new Ship OMEGA, Capt. Buchanan, 996 Tons, Old Measurement, and 1277 Tons New Measurement, will accept a Charter to any safe port in Great Britain or Ireland.  
Apply to  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846. GEORGE BLACK.

FOR CHARTER.  
TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, BELFAST OR THE CLYDE.  
A NEW Copper-fastened Ship of about 680 tons O. M., to be launched from the Ship yard of Mr. Nesbitt, about the 25th instant, will accept a Charter to any of the above Ports.  
Apply to  
Quebec, 6th April, 1846. MUCKLE & KELLY,  
India Wharf.

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.  
A NEW Copper-fastened Ship of 420 Tons measurement—will be launched within 20 days.  
Apply to  
April 6th, 1846. ATKINSON, USBORNE & CO.

FOR CHARTER TO LIVERPOOL OR BELFAST.  
THE new and Copper-fastened Ship about 680 tons register, to be launched first open water, will accept a Charter to either of the above Ports. Apply to  
Quebec, 1st April, 1846. G. H. PARKE & CO.,  
India Wharf.

WILSON'S SHIPPING OFFICE FOR MERCHANT SEAMEN,  
No. 8, Saint Peter St. Quebec.  
MR. WILSON begs to inform the Owners, Masters of Vessels, and Gentlemen interested in Shipping, that he and Mr. THOS. BIRCH have made an arrangement for carrying on the Shipping business.—They are thankful for past favors and solicit a continuance of support. Careful attention will be paid to the shipping interest.  
Quebec, 20th April, 1846. G m—f

OARS.  
THE Subscriber offers for Sale 1,000 Pair of White Ash Oars, from 12 to 21 feet long. ALSO, an excellent assortment of Ship Chandlery, at moderate prices.  
D. MAGUIRE,  
No. 51, St. Peter Street.  
Quebec, 17th April, 1846.

BRITISH MANUFACTURES,  
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.  
ARTHUR & CO., having received Invoices of the greater part of their Spring and Summer purchases would inform their Friends and the Public that their importations this Season greatly exceed that of any former year both in quantity and variety. As soon as possible after the arrival of the first Spring Ships their Stock will be exhibited.  
EARLY INSPECTION INVITED.  
St. John's Gate,  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846. 3

75,000 BRICKS, of an excellent quality, made in Montreal, and expected to arrive this week per Barge, for Sale by  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846. DANIEL MCGIE, 5

200 BARRELS New York City Mess PORK, for Sale low by  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846. DANIEL MCGIE, o m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.  
THE Dwelling House and appurtenances 4, D'AUTEUIL STREET, Esplanade.  
—ALSO—  
A LOT of GROUND, 45 feet by 60, on CHAMPLAIN STREET, on the south side and next to the Caledonia Tavern.  
C. SMITH,  
1, St. Lewis Street,  
Place d'Armes, Upper Town.  
Quebec, 6th April, 1846. u

TO LET,  
Furnished or unfurnished, for a term of three years from the 1st May next.  
THE handsome and commodious MANOR HOUSE, at Spring-Brook, Seignior of L'Islet-du-Portage, with Garden, Coach-House, Stables and Cottage—beautifully situated on the South Shore of the St. Lawrence, near Kamouraska—the House is well furnished, and is a very desirable residence for a genteel family, or for a HOTEL or BOARDING-HOUSE, being near the landing place of the Steam Boats from Quebec—there is a convenient Salt-water-bath, and also a Mineral Spring, within a short distance of the House.—For further particulars apply to D. R. STEUART, at Quebec, or to ALEX. FRASER, Notary, at Spring-Brook, near Kamouraska.  
Feb. 27, 1846. u 2 w

SALE BY AUCTION.  
Sale of Household Furniture—Plated Ware, Carriages, &c. &c. &c.  
Will be sold on THURSDAY next, the 30th inst. at the residence of Dr. MORRIN, No. 4, St. George street, Grand Battery, without reserve:—

The whole of his Household Furniture—consisting of a very large Mahogany Dining Table, Mahogany Loo, Card, Sofa, Work and other Tables, and Mahogany 4 post and other Bedsteads, Bed and Bedding, Three Mahogany Hair Sofas with Chairs to Match, Sideboard, Wardrobe, several Chests of Drawers, a variety of Brussels and other Carpets, Hearth Rugs to Match, Chimney, Pier, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Window Curtains, a superior double dinner Set, Landscape Pattern China, Dessert, Breakfast, Tea and Coffee Sets, Rich Cut Glass-ware, Eight-day Clock, Brass Fenders and Irons, Cooking, Double and Single Stoves and Pipes, a large quantity of Kitchen Utensils, a quantity of Plated-ware, amongst which are Branch and other Candlesticks, Bed and Table Linen—with almost every article required for House-keeping.

—ALSO—  
Several Summer Carriages in good order.  
Sale at ONE o'clock.  
Precisely, and not one minute after.  
Conditions—Cash.  
B. COLE, A. & B.  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846.

On TUESDAY next, the 5th May, will be sold, by Auction, at the Stores of the Subscribers:—

25 HDS. Bastard Sugar,  
20 Barrels do.  
5 Tierces Crushed do.  
5 Hds. Refined Sugar,  
10 Puncheons Molasses,  
20 do. Santa Cruz Rum,  
3 do. very fine old Jamaica,  
12 Hds. Martell's Brandy,  
20 Puncheons Whiskey 50 per cent O. P.  
20 Qr. Casks Superior Vinegar,  
10 Hds. Pale Sherry,  
20 Barrels Rosted Coffee,  
100 Packages Tobacco, Plug, Cavendish and Honey Dew,  
200 do. Teas, Twankay, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Pouchong and Congou,  
200 Boxes Candles, Wax Wicks and Imperial,  
100 Doz. Corn Brooms,  
252 Kegs Patios,  
75 Boxes I Tin,  
10 Casks Spices assorted,  
50 do. Wrought Nails assorted 3 to 50 lb.  
—Also, if received in time—  
1500 Boxes Window Glass and a large assortment of Tin Plates and Canada Patens.  
Sale at TWO o'clock precisely.  
GILLESPIE, GREENSHIELDS & CO.  
Quebec, 29th April, 1846.

SALES BY AUCTION.  
NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.  
Will be sold by Auction, at the Subscribers' Stores, on THURSDAY next, the 30th instant, at TWO o'clock, P. M.:—  
THE contents of 10 Cases of Seasonable DRY GOODS.  
E. LACROIX, A. & B.  
Quebec, 29th April, 1846.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE  
On THURSDAY next, 30th April, will be sold, at the former residence of Miss ASPINAL, No. 1, St. Angelo Street, in St. John Street, the whole of her Household Furniture, consisting of—  
100, Card and Dining Tables, Side-Board, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Chest Drawers, Chimneypieces, Hair Sofas and Chairs, Wash hand stand, Bedsteads, Baudets, Beds and Bedding, Carpets and Rugs, Stoves, Pipes, and Fire Irons, Looking Glasses, Lamps, Chimney Ornaments, Eight-day Clock, Arm Chairs, Fenders, Plate and Plated Ware, Crockery, Glass and Earthenware, Kitchen Utensils, &c. &c.  
Condition—CASH.  
Sale at HALF PAST ONE o'clock precisely.  
NAPOLEON BALZARETTI, A. & B.  
Quebec, 27th April, 1846.

On THURSDAY next, the 30th instant, at the Stores of Messrs. LE MESURIER, TILSTONE & CO., will be sold:—

100 PACKAGES Twankay  
75 do. Young Hyson } Teas,  
50 do. Congou }  
60 Cattes Souchong }  
20 Cases Refined Sugar,  
5 Hds. } Bright Muscovado Sugar,  
7 Bbls. }  
25 Puncheons Molasses,  
25 Tierces fresh Hops,  
40 Buzs Laguira Coffee,  
200 Boxes Raisins,  
50 do. Ground Pepper,  
15 do. Sperm Candles,  
50 do. Composite do.,  
10 do. Candles,  
10 Qr. Casks Olive Oil,  
200 Boxes "Stockdale's" best Soap,  
100 Bales Wine Corks,  
25 Boxes Mustard,  
20 Cases Paste Blacking.  
—AND—  
100 Casks Nails 3 1/2 @ 28 lbs.  
25 do. Spikes assorted,  
500 Kegs White Lead,  
150 do. Coloured Paints,  
23 Crates Wine Bottles, (Pints),  
25 Cols Superior Cordage,  
With other articles.  
Sale at TWO o'clock  
DUPONT & CO.  
Quebec, 24th April, 1846.

Extensive sale of New Teas, Molasses, Tobacco, Coffee, Rice, Wine, Fruit, &c.  
Will be sold, on FRIDAY next, the 1st May, at TWO o'clock, P. M., at WALTER C. HENDERSON'S Store, No. 54, Peter Street, adjoining the premises of A. J. Maxham, Esq.:—

500 PACKAGES NEW TEAS, of recent arrivals at New York and shipped thence direct from Vessel, viz:—Twankay, fine and extra fine, Country and Canton Y. Hyson, Gunpowder, Souchong in chests and half chests of a superior quality, Orange Pekoe, &c. &c.  
500 Packages Tobacco, various brands, consisting of Plug, Cavendish 16s, 18s and 28s, Ladies' Twist, Nail-rod, and Honey Dew,  
20 M. Cigars, domestic and imported,  
10 Hds. very fine Virginia Leaf Tobacco,  
40 Hds. heavy Porto Rico Molasses,  
10 Qr.-Casks Sweet Malaga Wine,  
50 Cases St. Julien Claret,  
10 Bags Fibberts,  
5 do. Walnuts,  
50 Hoxes } Raisins,  
50 Hif. do. }  
50 Kegs fresh Smyrna Raisins,  
15 Cases Canton Preserved Ginger,  
10 Cases Orange Water,  
54 Tierces fresh Carolina Rice,  
70 Barrels fresh Roasted Rio Coffee,  
10 Packets Mocha do. do.  
20 Boxes Chocolate,  
100 do. No. 1. Digby Herrings,  
50 Boxes Pipes,  
100 doz. Corn Brooms,  
100 doz. Palm Leaf Hats, amongst which will be found some very superior,  
10 doz. Yacht Club do. do.,  
50 boxes Family Soap,  
5 doz. Family Grid Stones,  
15 bbls. Spirits Turpentine,  
5 bbls. Castor Oil.  
PETER SHEPPARD, A. & B.  
W. C. H. feeling satisfied of the very superior quality of the above goods would respectfully call the attention of the trade to this sale.—Samples will be ready the day previous to the sale.  
Quebec, 24th April, 1846.

GLENBURNIE COVE.  
WILL BE SOLD, by auction, at the QUEBEC EXCHANGE, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of MAY next, at ELEVEN o'clock:—

1st.—The unexpired Lease of a Lumber Cove with the 15 Acres, Houses, and other improvements thereon erected on a Glenburnie, situated at Point Levi, being for the term of ELEVEN and a half years, from and after the 8th May next. The frontage of said Cove is very large, being 2269 feet more or less, and is well adapted for an extensive Lumber business.—It might with advantage be divided into two boom properties.

2nd.—The unexpired Lease of a Beach Lot to the West and adjoining the above, being for the term of six years from the 15th of July next, with a Wharf thereon erected, the frontage of which is 11 perches or 19s feet French more or less.

—AFTER WHICH WILL BE SOLD—

3rd.—Two Beach lots to the West and adjoining the above lot (No. 2) which together form a frontage of about 15 perches or 270 French feet, more or less. These lots would be very desirable for the erection of Wharves for a Coal Depot and other purposes connected with the trade of this Port; as in front deep water, sufficient for the largest class ships will be found within a very short distance of low water line—also an excellent site for a Deal Wharf.

4th.—A Beach lot to the East and adjoining lot (No. 1) consisting of about 3 arpents in front of 540 French feet more or less, and bounded in the rear by the Cape. This lot could with a very limited outlay be converted into a valuable and extensive Lumber Wharf or Yard. It has great depth of ground in rear suitable for the erection of Houses, it is also well adapted for a ship building establishment.

5th.—The comfortable cottage situated at the summit of the hill overlooking the Cove, and offering a delightful summer residence, together with about an arpent and three quarters more or less of land, subject to a ground rent of \$215 10s per annum.

6th.—The Booms, chains and anchors lately in use at Glenburnie Cove.

For the accommodation of the Public it will be at the option of the purchaser of the lease of Glenburnie Cove to take the Booms, Chains and Anchors at a valuation, which valuation can be known on application to the undersigned.

It is intended to place a reserve of any sort or kind on Glenburnie Cove.

The whole of the above properties will be shown and the respective boundaries pointed out by Mr. PIERRE LAMBERT, who resides at the Cove.

For further particulars apply to  
CHARLES HENRY ROSS, or  
DUPONT & CO.  
Quebec, 4th March, 1846.

The Montreal Gazette, Bytown Gazette and Kingston Chronicle, will each give the foregoing advertisement one insertion weekly, until 1st May next, and send their accounts to DUPONT & Co. u w—u

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. NEIL McLEAN, in his life time of the Township of Leeds, Yeoman, are requested to make immediate payment to the Executor, otherwise, their accounts will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

EBENEZER BAIRD, Testamentary Executor.

Quebec, 15th January, 1846.

THE undersigned, having leased the Cove formerly occupied by the late Leonard Windsor, will be prepared at the opening of navigation to receive and make liberal advances on lumber put into his Cove.

JAMES MCKENZIE, Point Levi, Feby. 25rd, 1846.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of the late DENIS FRANCOIS BLANCHET, Esq., Physician, are requested to present their accounts, duly attested, and those who are indebted to him, to pay, with the least possible delay, to

A. B. SIBOIS, N. P., Couillard Street, No. 2, Quebec, 1st December, 1845.

TO PENSIONERS, OLD SOLDIERS, AND SEAMEN, CLAIMING PENSIONS, PRIZE MONEY, &c. &c.

THE undersigned will undertake to forward to the proper departments all claims for pensions, prize money, or any demand the above mentioned persons may have against Her Majesty's Government—his terms are no success no pay, if he succeeds he will then charge a percentage upon the sum collected to be agreed upon before forwarding the memorial.

JOHN YOUNG, Chevreuil Street, St. Lewis Suburbs, Quebec, January, 1846.

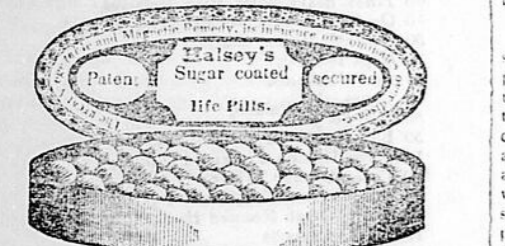
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned is duly authorised to settle all claims due to or to the Estate of the late Mr. WILLIAM HAMILTON, in his life time of Quebec, Bellman and Auctioneer, and of the late Mrs. ISABELLE BREMMER, his wife. Therefore the Creditors are requested to file their demands, (attested) without delay, at his residence, St. John Street, Upper Town.

ANDREW WILSON, Quebec, 18th February, 1846.

J. HETHRINGTON, GROCER, ST. JOHN STREET, OFFERS FOR SALE: 500 M 25 Barrels Wet CODFISH, 20 do. APPLES, viz: Greenings, Sweetish and Grisees, ALSO, constantly on hand, FLOUR, BRAN, OATS, OATMEAL. Quebec, 8th December, 1845.

JUST RECEIVED EX "SYRIA," AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER, A GENERAL assortment of SHIP CHANDLERY, comprising every article required in that branch of business.

1000 Yards superior Brussels Carpeting, 50 Elegant Hearth Rugs (beautiful patterns.) J. GORTLEY, 51st Oct. 1845.



THE SUGAR-COATED PILLS. A New Sarsaparilla Preparation. To cure Diseases, purify the Blood!! To avoid them, keep it pure!!! The Predisposition which exposes the human frame to the infection and virulence of every class of disorders, proceeds directly or indirectly, from a morbid state of the system caused by IMPURE BLOOD.

HALEY'S SUGAR-COATED MAGIC LIFE PILLS. The originator of the only true and genuine Sugar-coated Pills, most respectfully informs the enlightened public, that this new and elegant preparation can be obtained only from advertised agents and at the proprietor's establishment, No. 223 Broadway, N. York—Price 25 cents a single box, 5 boxes for one dollar.

IN BILIOUS complaints, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and all other disorders of the stomach, they produce the most happy results. For Sore Throat, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Erysipelas, Eruptions of the Skin, Scrofulous complaints and many other like diseases, these extraordinary PILLS have been received from individuals who after having taken them for a few weeks, according to the directions which accompany the box were cured of the most afflicting cases of scrofulous affections. They give GOOD BLOOD FOR BAD, and renew the fluids and vital functions. Bottles of the boasted Sarsaparilla, contain less of the true virtues of the valuable plant, and are less effective, than a single box of these extraordinary Pills. In Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Sore Throat, Headache, Giddiness &c., they are recommended with entire confidence; the relief in these cases is quick and permanent. For Fever and Ague, Fevers, Ataxia, Piles, Loss of Appetite, Dropsy, Jaundice, Worms, Looseness, General Debility, and many of the various other diseases to which the human system is liable, they have proved an infallible remedy. Their action on the bowels is of the mildest character, even over doses never cause griping or unpleasantness, yet they are searching and efficient. It is impossible by words, to give an adequate idea of the great and good effects these pills produce, and their superiority over every other remedy of a similar class; a trial only will explain the wide difference. The unhappy invalid or having tested but a single box of them, will with joy for the unexplained change wrought in his health, bear testimony to their uncommon virtues.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.

For the Removal and Permanent Cure Of all Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood, or habit of the System, viz: Scrofula, or King's Evil, R. venenata, Obsolete Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worms or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Throat and Joints, Suburban Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Scrofula, or Lumbago, and Diseses arising from an Injudicious use of Mercury. Acidities, Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life.

The operation of this preparation is three-fold. It acts as a tonic, strengthening the digestive power and restoring the appetite, as an aperient, peculiarly suited and gentle in its laxative effect, and as an antiseptic, purifying the fluids of the body, and neutralizing in the blood the active principle of disease. The many well attested cures of scrofula, the most inveterate character, wrought by Sands's Sarsaparilla, have given it a wide and deserved celebrity. But it is not alone in Scrofula nor in the class of diseases to which it belongs, that this preparation has been found beneficial. It is a specific in many diseases of the skin, and may be administered with favorable results in all; it also exercises a controlling influence in bilious complaints; and when the system has been debilitated either by the use of powerful mineral medicines or other causes, it will be found an excellent restorative.

Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS.—Having used your Sarsaparilla in my family, and witnessed its beneficial effects on one of my children, I feel it to be a duty I owe the community to make the case public. About two years ago my little son was attacked with Scrofula or King's Evil, which broke in eight or nine places round the neck and jaw, and which finally affected his eyes, rendering him entirely blind. During the first year of his illness, time he was taken, he was attended by several physicians, but continued to get worse until I despaired of his ever getting well. Having seen your Sarsaparilla advertised with certificates of its cures, I concluded I would give it a trial, and accordingly sent to Cincinnati and procured a few bottles, and now, after having used in all nine bottles, I have the gratification of saying he is well. The sores are all entirely healed, and his sight is nearly as good as ever was; and I have no hesitation in saying that he was entirely cured by the use of your Sarsaparilla.

CHARLES'S SARSAPARILLA.—I speak experimentally when I say that this medicine is far more effectual in the cure of chronic or acute rheumatism than any other preparation I have ever tested. Having endured extreme suffering at times within the last five years from repeated attacks of inflammatory or acute Rheumatism, I have recently used Sands's Sarsaparilla with the happiest success; my health is now better than it has been for many months past, my appetite is good, and my strength is rapidly returning. I attribute this healthful change entirely to the use of this potent medicine. Feeling a deep sympathy for all those who are afflicted with this most distressing and painful complaint, I cannot refrain from earnestly recommending to such the use of this valuable specific. Having the most entire confidence in the medicine and skill of Dr. Sands, I was induced thereby to try the effects of your Sarsaparilla, and I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of many others commending it to its valuable properties, unknown to and unsolicited by the Messrs. Sands.

CHARLES DYER, Jr., Druggist and Apothecary, 40 & 42 Westminster-st. Providence, R. I. Feb. 15. 845.

THE following certificate exemplifies, in a most remarkable manner, the great medical value of the Sarsaparilla in a severe case of Scrofulous affection: New-York, July 4th, 1845. Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands.—Gentlemen: It is impossible for me to describe the value and benefit your Sarsaparilla has been to me. I have been afflicted with violent ulcers, more or less, for the last seven years, especially in the summer season. At first they appeared in small bunches on various parts of my body, and increased in size, attended with acute pain, until they at last would break and discharge large quantities of matter, forming ulcers, which soon ate small holes down to the very bone. My sufferings were intense. I consulted the most eminent physicians in the city with but very little benefit. During the winter I would get some better, but when spring came they returned as bad as ever, and I felt convinced in my own mind that it would be impossible for me to live another summer after suffering as much as I do at the present. I had last heard of your Sarsaparilla. For about four months previous to my taking your Sarsaparilla, I could not sleep, but a little while at a time, either day or night, and at times it seemed as though I should die with pain and for the want of sleep. I dreaded the return of night, being obliged to sit up most of the time, and frequently on retiring to rest, I thought my children would find me dead in the morning. After I commenced using the Sarsaparilla, and before I had quite taken the third bottle, I awoke one night, and feeling no pain, I thought I was dying, and resolved in my mind to rise up to see if I had any strength. Finding no difficulty in doing so, and after sitting up a short time, I found that I felt much better and I continued to improve until there is now not a pain about me, while before it seemed as if my joints would part with pain. My appetite and strength increased and I was soon able to attend to my usual duties, and now all my ulcers are all healed, and my general health and strength is fully restored, all of which I ascribe to the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your obliged friend, SARAH ELLISON, 70 Norfolk Street.

STILL MORE STRIKING RESULTS from the powerful and controlling influence of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA over the most dreadful disease to which the human frame is subject.

ROXBURY, Mass. May 15th, 1845. Messrs. SMITH & FOWLE: Gentlemen—It is with great pleasure I send you this certificate of the wonderful cure made upon my child by the use of Sands's Sarsaparilla. She had been troubled more or less with hereditary Scrofula from her infancy, which at length settled in her jaws which it ragged with such violence (her mouth and lips being extremely sore and very much swollen) that she could not take any nourishment, except from a spoon; she soon became very much emaciated, and so weak as to be unable to raise herself without assistance. The jaw bones began to decay, and four pieces, with fourteen or fifteen teeth fell out, from the effects of this baneful, and, as I feared, incurable disease. At this time her condition was dreadful to behold, and the pain was so intense that she was unable to sleep, except a few minutes at a time. She had taken other preparations of Sarsaparilla, and other medicine recommended for Scrofula, but without any good effect, and I had almost despaired of seeing my child cured, or even relieved of this loathsome and most detestable disease, when by your recommendation (for which I shall always feel grateful) I was induced to try Sands's Sarsaparilla. I procured one bottle, and after she had taken about half of the contents, I saw a decided change for the better, I continued the use of the Sarsaparilla with renewed hope, her health improved rapidly, the foul ulcers in her mouth began to heal—she rested comfortably through the night; and now, gentlemen, after she has taken five bottles, my daughter is entirely cured—yes, I can truly say that she is better than she ever was in her life, and I attribute her cure WHOLLY to the use of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. ASA F. ONION.

The following letter from one of the most eminent Physicians in the city of Baltimore, is presented with a view of showing the opinions of Physicians generally in relation to this valuable medicine, many others of a similar tenor have been received from several of the most distinguished physicians throughout our country. BALTIMORE Feb 4th, 1845. A. B. & D. SANDS.—Gentlemen—I have used your Extract of Sarsaparilla since its introduction into this city. It gives me pleasure to state I have found it to answer my most sanguine expectations. I believe it to be the best preparation of this valuable article now in use. With much respect, yours JOHN WHITEBRIDGE, M. D., 46 Gay st.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained gratis. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 79, Fulton-st., N. Y. Agent in Quebec, JOHN MUSSON; in Montreal, JOHN HOLLAND & Co.; in Kingston, J. M. BERRY; sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price, \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5. The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla, and take no other. Quebec, 29th Aug. 1845.

BISSET'S FOUNDRY. THE undersigned begs to inform his Friends, and the Public, that he has commenced business as Iron and Brass Founder in his premises St. Vallier Street, lately purchased from Mr. James Clearburn, where he will do all kinds of Blacksmith Work, and Iron fitting connected with the Foundry, and is now ready to execute all orders with which he may be favoured. GEO. BISSET, St. Vallier Street, Quebec, 25th February, 1846.

D. E. BOULTON, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND BANKRUPTCY, NOTARY PUBLIC, and MASTER EX IN CHANCERY, Cobourg, Canada West.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

- ARCHER, N., Painter and Glazier, and Paper Hanger, D'Aiguillon Street, No. 1, Quebec.
APARTMENTS for taking DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES by F. WYSE, 2nd Floor, No. 26, Mountain Street.
A. SMEATON, TAILOR, No. 33, St. John St.—Newest styles of Fashions—neat workman hip—punctuality to orders.
ACCOUNT BOOKS AND STATIONERY, J. WHEATLEY, No. 26, Foot of Mountain Street, Lower Town.
CAIRNS, Merchant Tailor, No. 2, St. Louis St., Place d'Armes, opposite Payne's Hotel.
CHARLES CORNELL, SADDLER, HARNESS and TRUNK MAKER, No. 20, St. John Street.
CAZEAU'S French and English Day and Private Tuition and Boarding.
C. T. BROWN'S established cheap clothing Store to suit every man's pocket, corner Shop of Fort and Basile Streets, Upper Town, Quebec. Gentlemen's, boys, and Servants' Livery Clothes made to measure.
C. McDONALD, Painter and Glazier, No. 13, St. Lewis Street.
DR. JOHN WATT, DENTIST and Oculist, near Payne's Hotel, Place d'Armes.
EDWIN HULL, Clock & Watchmaker, No. 19 St. Peter Street, opposite the Union Hotel Lower Town.
D. CAMERON, MERCHANT TAILOR, St. Peter Street, Lower Town.
E. FRANCIS SAURIN, COACH-BUILDER, No. 20, St. John Street Coach Factory, opposite Benjamin and Brothers' Dry Goods Store.—Storage for Winter and Summer Vehicles, &c. &c.
EUGENE TRUDEAU, Overseer of the Sweepings of Chimneys; residence, No. 10, St. Flavien Street, Palace Ward, Upper Town.
EAGLE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY'S AGENCY OFFICE, removed to Hunt's Wharf.
GEORGE TAYLOR, PATENT SLIP, POINT LEVY.
GEORGE COCHRAN, Cabinet-Maker, will dispose of his stock of old and new Furniture, by private sale, at No. 65, St. John Street, opposite John Shaw & Co's, Hardware Store, Naps and Prints varnished and framed on the shortest notice.
H. H. PORTER & CO., Coal Wharf, No. 41, Champlain Street.
HAMBY F. CAIRNS, ADVOCATE, No. 3, Saint Lewis Street.
J. T. LILLIOTT, BAKER, Corner of St. Francis Street, Grand Battery.
J. H. HARDIE & CO., Paint, Oil and Glass Store, No. 30, St. John Street.
JOHN WALTON, BRICKLAYER and BUILDER—21, Cul-de-Sac.
J. RENNIE, ENGRAVER IN GENERAL, St. John Street, Upper Town.—Cards of every description Engraved and Printed with neatness and dispatch.
J. S. HOSSACK, Notary Public.—Office, No. 39, St. Peter Street, nearly opposite to the Quebec Bank.
JOHN TEED, Merchant Tailor, No. 15, Mountain Street, Lower Town, Quebec.
J. B. CORRIVEAU, Hat Manufacturer, No. 4 Mountain Street, Lower Town.
JAMES HOSSACK, Wholesale and Retail Confectioner, &c., No. 5, Notre Dame Street, opposite Lower Town Market Place. Orders punctually attended to.
JOHN SHAW & CO. Importers and Dealers in Hardware, Paint, Oil, &c., St. John Street, Upper Town, and corner of Sous-le-Fort and Cul-de-Sac Streets, Lower Town.
J. & J. DAYMENT, Boot and Shoemakers, No. 21, St. Stanislas Street, premises occupied by J. Porter, Bell-hanger.
KELLER & GORTLEY, Office and Store St James' Street, Atkinson's Wharf.
MRS. LANE'S BOARDING HOUSE, No. 41, St. Ursule Street, Upper-Town, Quebec.
MR. JOHN PHILLIPS, Architect and Builder, has removed from St. Joseph Street, to No. 5, Des Grisons Street, Cape.

Property for Sale and To Let.

FOR SALE, TWO Splendid Three Story STONE HOUSES, situated in the Upper-Town, corner of d'Aiguillon and Ste. Angèle Streets. Undisputed Titles will be given, and the conditions will be very liberal. Apply to Mr. JOSEPH TARDIF, Keeper of the Court House in this City. Quebec, 15th April, 1846.

FOR SALE, THE FARM at La Canardière, called STADACONA, containing about Sixty Acres under high cultivation. There is a splendid Mansion thereon, with extensive and commodious Out Houses, Root House, Ice House, &c. ALSO, Farmer's House, Barns, &c. The Beach is well adapted for a Lumber Cove. Apply to the Hon. WM. WALKER, or to J. GREAVES CLAPHAM, N. P. India Wharf, 1st April, 1846. 2 m

TO BE LET, THAT elegant and spacious HOUSE, on the Cape, occupied by Wm. PATTON, Esq. Apply to E. G. CANNON, N. P. 18th March, 1846.

TO LET, THAT commodious and delightfully situated HOUSE, on the Hill above Point Levy, formerly the residence of the late L. Windsor, Esq. There are two Gardens attached to the premises, with Coach houses, Stables, Well of good Water and every other convenience. Application to W. M. BIGNELL, Esq. Notary. Quebec, 18th February, 1846.

OFFICES AND SHOP TO LET, TWO LET, that splendid Three Story HOUSE, situated in St. Peter and South-an-Matlot Streets, with four Offices and Fire proof Vaults. —ALSO— A SHOP, with a fire proof Vault. Apply to the proprietor, ED. PRENDERGAST, Quebec, 9th March, 1846.

TO LET, A TWO Story Stone HOUSE, with a spacious Garden, Coach-house, Stables, &c., situated in St. Lewis Suburbs adjoining Mr. Tremain. Apply to W. A. LEGGO, 6, Dauphine-street. Quebec, 9th February, 1846.

TO LET, THE SHOP, House, large Yard, Store, and Stabling, occupied for the last nine years by Charles Boston, as a Grocery establishment, at the north end of St. Peter's Street, Lower Town. Apply to the proprietor, H. GOWEN, 2nd February, 1846. St. Denis St. Cape.

TO LET, POSSESSION ON THE FIRST MAY NEXT, THAT Commodious DWELLING HOUSE, on the Cape, corner of Des Cartiers and St. Genevieve Streets, overlooking the Government Gardens, belonging to the Hon. D. DALY, now occupied by J. G. HEATH, Esquire. Apply to Mr. BRADLEY, Advocate, 60, St. Lewis Street. Quebec, 14th January, 1846.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THAT large and comfortable HOUSE at St. Lewis' Heights, the former residence of the late James H. KRAN, Esq. Possession given on 1st May next. Inquire on the premises, or of the undersigned. 7th January, 1846. A. W. COCHRAN, 19, St. Anne Street.

TO LET, FROM 1st MAY NEXT, THE HOUSE on Cote St. Genevieve, at present occupied by the Revd. Mr. CHADVERTON. The house is very agreeably situated and commands an extensive view of the River and surrounding Country. Apply to THOMAS C. LEE, Dalhousie Street. Quebec, 50th January, 1846.

A STONE HOUSE at La Canardière, with Stables, Out-houses, Garden and Field attached, with immediate possession. Apply to M. STEVENSON, St. Peter St. Quebec, 29th December, 1845.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, A VALUABLE BEACH FOR CARRYING ON THE TIMBER TRADE, situated at the confluence of the Rivers St. Charles and St. Lawrence, on the Canardière shore, opposite St. Paul's market. The beach is extensive, clean and level; by 25 to 30 acres in width might be had:—A considerable stream runs on one side on which large schooners could navigate and which would afford many conveniences for a lumber establishment. The price moderate—terms of payment easy and a secure title.—Apply to ED. GLACKEMEYER, N. P. No. 42, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Quebec, 4th Oct. 1845.

FOR SALE, A VALUABLE PROPERTY in Saint John Suburbs, consisting of the following lots which may be had together or separately viz:— 1.—Three contiguous lots, of forty feet in front by sixty feet in depth each, on the North side of the main Street, and immediately adjoining the celebrated Mineral Spring. 2.—Three contiguous lots, of forty feet in front by sixty feet in depth each, on the South side of d'Aiguillon Street, immediately in rear of and abutting on those above described. 3.—Two contiguous lots, of thirty feet in front by sixty feet in depth each, on the South side of d'Aiguillon Street, and adjoining those last described on the side nearest Town. 4.—One lot of forty feet in front by sixty feet in depth, on the South side of d'Aiguillon Street, and adjoining the lots last above described on the side furthest from Town. These nine lots, containing together an area of twenty one thousand feet, French measure, would afford an eligible site for a public building of any kind. —ALSO— A lot situate at the corner of d'Arigny and Artillery Streets, and fronting on Berthelot Market between Saint Lewis and Saint John Suburbs, containing a quarry of excellent stone, and measuring 72 feet on d'Arigny Street by 104 feet on Artillery Street, or 748 feet, French measure, in superficies. —ALSO— A lot situate at the corner of Saint Vallier and Church Streets, St. Roch Suburbs, measuring 50 feet on the former Street by 60 feet on the latter, with a stone chimney and foundations of a house in good repair and an inexhaustible supply of water in the cellar. —ALSO— A lot on Grande Allée Street, not far from St. Lewis Gate, measuring two thousand four hundred and seventy-four feet in superficies (exclusive of a right of passage in common) with a stone house thereon, three stories high and twenty-four feet wide by thirty-two feet deep, stable, coach-house and other buildings. Unexceptionable titles and easy terms of payment will be given. Apply to the proprietor, E. L. MONTIZAMBERT, Advocate, No. 24, Ste. Anne Street, Quebec, 12th December, 1845.

Property for Sale and To Let.

Part of a House to Let. A House and Stable, if required. The House is situated in one of the principal streets in the Upper Town. For further particulars apply at the Office of this Paper. Quebec, April 17th, 1846.

EXTENSIVE BREWERY TO LET. THE Subscriber being desirous of relinquishing business, is disposed to treat with any competent party for the LEASE of his BREWERY for a Term of Years. It is in complete and active working order, being furnished with every thing requisite for carrying on an extensive business, including Malt Kilns, Mash Tins, Mills, Tuns, Vats, Pumps, Copper Boilers, Malt Tins, Hop Back, &c. &c., including the best VAULTS in the City. The situation, as is well known, cannot be surpassed, being contiguous to Dalhousie Square, and in one of the greatest thoroughfares in the City or Suburbs. Possession can be given in the month of August next, or earlier if required, and as there will be a large stock of Malt on hand the Lessee will be enabled to commence and continue a business already established without any loss of time. Or the above can be converted into a DISTILLERY, with some trifling alterations. DANIEL GORRIE, St. Mary Street, Montreal, April 9, 1846.

FOR SALE, THE habitant rights and privileges on an extensive BEACH LOT admirably adapted for a Lumber Cove. It is situated at La Canardière, on the East by the property of the Honble. Wm. Walker, and on the West by that of Alexis Godbout. For further particulars apply to JAMES MCKENZIE, Quebec, 6, Genevieve Street, 6th April, 1846.

TO LET, THE HOUSE No. 11, St. Louis Street, formerly kept as the Globe Hotel. It is well adapted for a private dwelling, and has Stabling and a Coach-house attached to it. Possession given on the 1st of May. For particulars apply to the House. Quebec 30th March, 1846.

TO LET—A COTTAGE with a Garden, &c., on the South Side of the Beauport Road, at about half a mile from Dorchester Bridge. Apply to F. X. GARNEAU, 20th March, 1846.

FOR SALE, THE HOUSE and LOT in Saint Ursule Street, Upper Town, the property of Mr. S. MACAULAY, bounded on one side by the heirs Goldworthy, and on the other by Mr. Jettard, being 28 feet front by 110 feet depth. Undoubted Titles will be given. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. W. H. ANDERSON, Quebec, 14th March, 1846.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, Quebec, 7th February, 1846. TO SELL OR TO LET THE OLD CITY HALL, St. Lewis Street. Immediate possession given. Apply to the undersigned. By order, F. X. GARNEAU, City Clerk. Quebec, 10th February, 1846.

TO BE LET, FROM 1st MAY NEXT, THREE OFFICES on Arthur Street, opposite the Exchange. C. & W. WURTELE, 86, St. Paul Street. Quebec, 11th February, 1846.

JUST RECEIVED EX "SYRIA," AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, 500 BOLTS best GOUROCK CANVAS. C. GORTLEY & CO. St. James Street, 21st Oct. 1845.

PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. THIS Company, which established its Agency in Canada in 1804, continues to insure against fire. Office, Gillespie's Wharf, open from 10, A. M. to 4, P. M. GILLESPIE, GREENSHIELDS & Co. Quebec, 7th July, 1845.

GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. CAPITAL, \$1,000,000 Sterling. THE undersigned are authorised to accept FIRE and LIFE RISKS, on favourable terms, and to settle claims for losses, without referring them to England. RYAN, CHAPMAN & CO., Montreal. RYAN BROTHERS, No. 57, St. Peter Street, Quebec.

MONTREAL FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY CAPITAL, -- \$200,000. THE above Company insure Property against risk by Fire at MODERATE RATES of Premium—at their Office in the Parliament Building—prompt settlement of all losses. Quebec, 25th Sept. 1845.

LONDON ENCYCLOPEDIA. FOR SALE at the Book-store connected with this Office, a copy of the above valuable publication, complete in 22 vols., with COLOURED ENGRAVINGS, MAPS, &c. The work is in excellent condition, and is offered at a very low price, for cash. Quebec, 23rd January, 1846.

THE QUEBEC GAZETTE IS PUBLISHED Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, BY WM. NEILSON, Printer, Bookseller and Stationer No. 19, Mountain Street. PRICE—TWENTY SHILLINGS PER ANNUM.

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