Montreal Herald

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME L. MONTREAL, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 4, 1858. NUMBER 235.

MONTREAL HERALD
STEAM BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE
No. 209 Notre Dame Street,
(Near St. Francois Xavier St.,)
MONTREAL.

THE Proprietor of this Establishment begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that having ENLARGED h STOCK of PRINTING MATERIALS, STEAM PRESSES &c., he is now prepared to undertake every description of Printing, such as Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, Insurance Policies, Programmes, Catalogues, Posting Bills, Hand Bills, Railway Bills, Steamboat Bills, Circulars, Invitation and Funeral Letters, Druggists and other Labels Military Forms of every description, &c., with despatch, and at the LOWEST CITY PRICES.
☞ Business Cards neatly and promptly executed.
JAMES POTTS
Jan. 26. 22

Business Cards.

T. D. HEATHFIELD,
Forwarding and Commission Merchant,
130 *COMMERCIAL STREET*,
BOSTON.
REFERENCES.—Messrs. E. Train & Co., Messrs. Samuel Henshaw & Sons, Boston; Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Montreal; Messrs. Moffatt Murray & Co., Toronto; Messrs. Allan & Gillespie, Liverpool.
June 2. 147

EDWD. ALEX. PRENTICE.
AGENT, BRITISH AMERICAN LAND CO.,
Stock, Bill and Exchange Broker,
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
NO. 4, EXCHANGE.
Dec. 15. 1y 298

CUVILLIER & CO.,
Auctioneers and Brokers,
For the purchase and Sale of Produce, Stock, Exchange and General Merchandise.

MR. MAURICE CUVILLIER, who has had many years experience as Auctioneer and General Trade of Canada, will give his personal attention to all business entrusted to the above Firm.
Office and Store No. 11 Lemoin Street.
May 1 6m-102

C. F. F. TRESTLER,
PHYSICIAN,
Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist,
210 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
Sept 5. 232

CARLTON R. MOORE & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
CARPE CHAIN,
Cotton Yarn, Cotton Batts, &c.,
No. 206 [old No. 116] N. Third Street, Phila.
☞Our CARPET CHAIN is put up *Full Weight*, without paste board. Orders promptly attended to.
May 14. 1y-113

MUIR, EWAN & CO.
WHOLESALE
CLOTHIERS,
NO. 75 McGILL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Sept. 30 233

JOHN G. BARNSTON,
ADVOCATE,
40 Little St. James Street.
March 19 66

W. J. BORDWINE,
Forwarding & Commission Merchant
FRANKLIN WHARF,
COMMERCIAL STREET, PORTLAND, ME.
Consignments solicited. Orders for W. I. Goods and American Produce executed on Liberal Terms.
REFERENCES:—Gilmour & Coulson, Toronto James Torrance, T. C. Panton, Montreal; Hersey, Fletcher & Co., E. Churchill, and Allen Haines, Pesident M. Bank, Portland, Me.
May 23. 1y 122

M. PERRAULT,
Architect and Land Surveyor,
No. 53 St Francois Xavier Street ontreal
Sept. 19. 223

THOMAS R. BROWNE,
Wine Merchant,
HAS REMOVED from No. 214 St. Paul Street, to those more extensive and commodious premises, No. 17, ST. JEAN BAPTISTE STREET.
May 11. 110

L. G. V. DE LORIMIER
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No. 15 Little St. Antoine Street.
February 10. 34

A. DAVIDSON PARKER
STOCK BROKER,
Commission & General Insurance AGENT.
AGENT TO THE
LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND
OFFICE—Union Buildings, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
January 2. 1

WEIR & DUNN,
PAPER MAKERS,
WHOLESALE STATIONERS,
AND
Account Book Manufacturers,
Carron Grove Mills, Denny, AND Queen Street, Glasgow, SCOTLAND } Great St. James St., MONTREAL.
The most extensive Stock in Canada of Whatman's and others Best English Laid Book Papers, Binding Materials, &c.
15 Great St. James' Street, Montreal. } 271

DUNBAR BROWNE
ADVOCATE,
NO. 132 CRAIG STREET
[Offices of George Browne, Esq., Architect,]
MONTREAL.
January 20. 16

THOMAS MAXWELL,
Shipping, Commission, Insurance, Custom House & Steamboat Agent.
Consignments Solicited,—Remittances prompt.
Canal Basin, and 19 St. Francois Xavier Street.
REFERENCES:
Honbls. J. Ferrier and L. Renaud; William Molson, William Workman, David Torrance, Johnson Thompson, and Joseph Levey, Esqrs. Messrs. Chamberlin & Thompson, Morland & Co., and Joseph McKay & Brother.
Montreal, Feb. 18, 1858. 41

ALL THINGS NEW!
THE MARCH OF IMPROVEMENT STRICTLY OBSERVED
AT C. DION'S
PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS,
NO. 210 NOTRE DAME STREET.
July 9, 1857. 16

AUGUST BELMONT
BANKER.
76 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK.
Issues Letters of Credit available to travellers on all parts of the world.
July 3. 6m 156

W. GRINTON, Jun.,
D NTIST,
12 CRAIG STREET,
LATE Assistant to Dr. TRUEMAN, of Old Bond Street, London, Dentist in Ordinary to Her Majesty's Household, &c.
Consultations FREE.
Teeth extracted Gratis from 9 to 10 A.M.
July 8. 160

COD OIL—
100 Barrels.
HUDSON'S BAY SEAL OIL—
75 Barrels.
PALE SEAL OIL—
50 Barrels.
WINTER BLEACHED WHALE OIL—
25 Hhds.
CINCINNATI LARD OIL—
25 Barrels.
OLIVE, REFINED RAPE, and Genuine SPERM OILS, BURNING FLUID and ALBERTINE OIL.
LYMANS, SAVAGE & CO.,
226 St. Paul Street.
Sept. 24. 227

STORAGE.
GOOD STORAGE and CELLERAGE, in Bond or Free.
HAVILLAND ROUTH & CO.
July 10. 162

Notices.

MOLSONS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend, at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum, has been this day declared on the paid up Stock of this Institution, for the current half year, and will be payable at its BANKING HOUSE, in this City, on and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 20th proximo to 1st October.
By order of the Board,
WILLIAM SACHE,
Cashier.
Molsons Bank
Montreal, Aug. 30, 1858 } db-mwf-207

Notice of Co-Partnership.

WE, the undersigned, have this day formed a CO-PARTNERSHIP as GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, under the name and style of
GETHINGS, SINCLAIR & CO., Montreal.
SINCLAIR, GETHINGS & CO., Glasgow.
JOHN H. GETHINGS.
ALEX. SINCLAIR.
Advances made on Consignments of all kinds of Produce to the house in Glasgow.
GETHINGS, SINCLAIR & CO.
Montreal, 1st May, 1858. 104

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of the late PATRICK O'REILLY, in his lifetime of the city of Montreal, Hotelkeeper and Trader, are hereby notified to send in the same DULY ATTESTED, to the undersigned for liquidation; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby notified to pay the same to the undersigned.
ANN O'REILLY,
Executrix.
January 19. 15

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to "LA COMPAGNIE DE NAVIGATION DE MONTREAL A TROIS RIVIERES," are hereby notified not to pay any debts due to the above Company, but to the Secretary Treasurer; and no debts contracted by any persons for the company, will be recognised unless an order is given by the undersigned.
By order,
J. H. TERROUX.
Office Montreal & Three Rivers, Navigation Company, }
Montreal, 29th March, 1858. 74

NOTICE.

WE, the Undersigned, hereby give Notice that the MONTREAL and THREE RIVERS NAVIGATION COMPANY has been DISSOLVED, at a General Meeting of the Stockholders, held this day, at Berthier, in the Court House, and Augustin St. Louis, Senior, George Etienne Mayrand, and Joseph Levy, Esquires, were, then and there, nominated and authorised to conduct and administer all the affairs of the said late Montreal and Three Rivers Navigation Company.
G. CARON,
President.
J. G. TRANCHEMONTAGNE,
Secretary.
Berthier 12th March, 1858. 63

NOTICE.

ALL persons owing to the Firm of DRESSER & ROBINSON, Clothiers, McGill Street, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned Assignees of the Estate of said Firm.
And all parties having claims against the said Firm will please fyle their accounts as soon as possible with the subscribers.
THEO. GABLER,
Custom House Square.
JAMES DOUGLAS,
215 St. Paul Street.
Montreal, May 22, 1858. 121

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late THOMAS HANDLEY, in his lifetime Pianoforte Manufacturer of this City, are requested to hand in their Claims, duly attested; and all parties indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make payment to the undersigned
W. S. WALKER,
Curator.
35 St. Lawrence Main Street, }
Montreal, Aug. 24, 1858. } 201

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the St. JOHN'S & MONTREAL TRANSPORTATION LINE COMPANY shall not be responsible for any Debts, Claims or Demands hereafter contracted in the name of said Company, without an order signed by the President or by the Secretary-Treasurer of said Company.
By order,
H. E. FORBES,
Sec.-Tres.
St. John's, August 4, 1858. 186

Settish Amicable Life Assurance Company.
HEAD OFFICE.... GLASGOW.
ACCUMULATED FUND......£500,000 STG.
ANNUAL INCOME.......£117,000 STG.

RISKS TAKEN, and all information given by
JAMES MACNAB,
Agent.
May 3, 1858. 103

Messrs. RENAUD, PRIEUR & CO.,
NO. 200 ST. PAUL STREET,

FEEL it a duty to avail themselves of this occasion to return thanks to their numerous customers among the country Merchants, as well in Lower as in Upper Canada, and to their fellow citizens of Montreal, for the unexpected and liberal encouragement with which they have been favored. They have at the same time the pleasure of informing them that they will receive, by the first arrivals in the St. Lawrence, an immense and varied assortment of CHINA, GLASS and EARTHENWARE, &c, &c. They will also find in their Warerooms a vast number of Breakfast, Dinner, Dessert, and Tea Services, of the latest and most elegant patterns, and at the most moderate prices. They will have besides, on hand, a large selection of ornamental articles from France.
March 12. 60

J. GARRATT,
Notre Dame Street, Corner of Place d'Armes,
MONTREAL,
IMPORTER of WATCHES, JEWELLERY, Plated Ware, Cabinet Ware, Papier Mache Goods, Electro-Plated Ware in great variety, Table Cutlery, and a variety of Fancy Goods.
214 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Corner of Place d'Armes.

WATCHES AND JEWELLERY
NEATLY REPAIRED
AT
J. GARRATT'S,
214 NOTRE DAME STREET, CORNER OF PLACE D'ARMES,
MONTREAL.
September 22. 225

C. COONEY & CO.'S
Celebrated Button, Ball & Indigo Blue.
THE Subscribers have just received per "Lady Eglinton" a supply of the above, which they offer to the trade by the package at a very low figure.
LAMPLOUGH & CAMPBELL,
Next the Court House.
September 4. 1m-210

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late J. D. BERNARD & CO., are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons who have claims against the said Estate, are likewise requested to hand them in to the undersigned, at the Office of the said late Firm of J. D. BERNARD & Co., No. 206 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
A. E. MONTMARQUET,
Curator, &c
Montreal, August 27, 1858. 205

EDUCATION.

A YOUNG LADY, at present engaged in giving instruction in the Elementary Branches of Education, has an hour or two of each day at her disposal, which she would like to employ in a similar manner in a Private Family. Address "S. W.," Post Office.
Sept. 1. 207

Notices.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS will receive TENDERS until SATURDAY, the SECOND OCTOBER next, at NOON, for REPAIRING or EXTENDING the JACQUES CARTIER PIER, according to Plans and Specifications to be seen in the Harbour Engineer's Office.
Each Tender, endorsed "Tender for Pier," must contain the names of two responsible persons, willing to become guarantee for the due fulfilment of the Contract.
The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept of any, or the lowest tender, unless the same meet their entire approval.
ALEX. CLERK,
Secretary.
Harbour Commissioners Office, }
Montreal, Sept. 28, 1858. } 130

ST. FRANCIS BANK,
STANSTEAD, C. E.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the FIRST GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the SAINT FRANCIS BANK, will be held at TIMOTHY WINN'S HOTEL, Village of Stanstead Plain, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH Day of OCTOBER next, at NINE o'clock, A.M., to elect a President and five Directors for the ensuing year, agreeable to the provisions of the Act by which this Bank has been incorporated, and for the despatch of such other business as may be deemed necessary.
L. K. BENTON,
Actg. Secy.
Stanstead, Sept. 27, 1858. r 230

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.
NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that HENRY STARNES, Esquire, ceased (having resigned) to be a Member of the Corporation of La Banque du Peuple from YESTERDAY, the 6th instant.
B. H. LEMOINE,
Cashier.
Montreal, September 7, 1858. 1m-213

NOTICE.

PERSONS indebted to the Subscriber will please make immediate payment to Mr. D. VASS, No. 9 William Street, who is duly authorized to receive monies and grant acquittances on my account. Parties to whom the Subscriber is indebted, will please furnish their accounts as above.
JAMES WRIGHT,
Grocer.
Montreal, 17th Sept., 1858. 222

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late ANDREW CONLAN, in his lifetime of Montreal, Emigrant Agent, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned, Executor of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, at No. 246 Notre Dame Street; and parties having claims against said Estate are also notified to produce the same duly authenticated, to said Executor without delay.
P. MULDOON,
Test'y. Executor.
Montreal, Sept. 25, 1858. 229

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CHAMBERLAIN & THOMSON.
THIS ESTATE has been made over to the undersigned as TRUSTEES. All parties indebted to the late Firm of CHAMBERLAIN & THOMSON are hereby required to make immediate payment to either of the undersigned, at the Office of Messrs. S. Greenshields Son & Co., Cuvillier's Buildings, St. Sacrament Street.
JOHN GREENSHIELDS,
ALEX. ROSS,
Trustees
Montreal, Sept. 20, 1853. du 126

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the Style and Firm of BROWN, HIBBARD, BOURN & CO., Indian Rubber Manufacturers of this City, has been, by mutual consent, DISSOLVED on the 14th of JULY instant.
The Business will be continued by the Undersigned on their own Account, who are duly authorized to collect all DEBTS due to the late FIRM, and will settle its Outstanding Liabilities.
HIBBARD & CO.
July 17 168

MONREAL, September 3, 1858.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the Firm of MORISON, CAMERON & EMPEY, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
All Debts due to, or by the late Firm, will be settled by Messrs. Morison & Empey.
JAMES MORISON,
ALLAN CAMERON.
ALEXANDER EMPEY.

WITH reference to the above, the Business formerly carried on by Messrs. Morison, Cameron & Empey, will be CONTINUED by the undersigned Co-Partners, under the Firm of MORISON & EMPEY.
JAMES MORISON,
ALEX. EMPEY.
Sept. 28. 230

"MONTREAL ARCHERY CLUB."

A MEETING of the MEMBERS of this CLUB will take place in the Field next to the Montreal Cricket Club Ground, ST. CATHERINE STREET WEST, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at FOUR o'clock.
Bows and Arrows, imported for the use of the Club, can be procured on the Ground.
W. H. BREHAUT.
August 6. 185

CARD.

MR. F. G. JOHNSON, Q.C., has resumed the practice of his profession in this City. Office:—Masson's Buildings, Little St. James Street.
Sept. 29. c-131

Singing and Pianoforte.

MRS. UNSWORTH begs to inform her Friends and the Public, that she will resume her Professional duties on WEDNESDAY, 1st September. Residence, 128 St. Antoine Street.
Schools attended.
September 1. 1m-207

THE Undersigned have received extensive Shipments of well assorted STAPLE DRY GOODS, which they offer for sale low.
HOBBS & MARTIN,
14 Lemoine Street.
Sept. 24. 227

THE Undersigned are appointed Agents for one of the largest Manufacturers of Printed Druggits, and they now offer for Sale 400 Pieces at very low prices.
HOBBS & MARTIN,
14 Lemoine Street.
Sept. 24. 227

Nunn & Clark's Piano-Fortes.

FURTHER supplies of the above celebrated PIANO-FORTES are being received. Intending Purchasers are invited to call and Examine these instruments before selecting others, at
S. T. PEARCE'S,
19 Great St. James Street.
Sept. 28 230

COTTAGE PIANO-FORTES.
FROM ALLISON'S, LONDON,
JUST received at
S. T. PEARCE'S,
19 Great St. James Street.
Sept 28. 230

London Porter in Wood.

TRUMAN, HANBURY & CO.'S Extra Stout, in hhds, barrels and Kilderkins, for Sale by
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO
Sept. 25. da 228

To Civil Engineers & Surveyors.

FOR SALE a very fine THEODOLITE, in perfect condition and nerly new, cheap for Cash. Can be seen at
A. HOFFNUNG'S,
Jewellery and Fancy Store,
170 Notre Dome Street,
Opposite Mr. T. Mussen's.
Sept. 22. 225

NEW FALL GOODS.

THE Subscribers have now in Stock, of this Fall's importation, their usual supply of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, which they offer at a moderate advance on the Sterling Cost.
French Merinos } in great variety of shades.
Cobourg and Orleans Cloths }
Black Stuffs
Winter Robes and Fancy Dress Stuffs
Beaver, Pilot and Broad Cloths
Doeskins, Plain and Fancy
Fancy Cloakings and Railway Wrappers
White and Grey Cottons
Denims and Drills
Prints, French and English
Hosiery, Gloves and Trimmings
Machine Twist and Shoemakers' Linings, &c.
They would invite the attention of parties furnishing to their present assortment of CARPETINGS AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
As their name is well known for these articles, it is unnecessary to enumerate them.
Now in Port, and expected to be landed every day ex "Toronto," a superior Lot of HARE'S FLOOR CLOTHS. They will also receive by other Fall vessels, an additional supply of OIL CLOTHS of different makes; and also Carpets of a richness in quality, and elegance in Style and colouring hitherto unequalled in Canada.
R. CAMPBELL & CO.,
St. Francois Xavier Street.
September 23, 1858. 226

FRESH FRUIT.
CROP 1858.
200 Boxes VALENTIA RAISINS—Now landing ex Steamer NORTH BRITON.
I. BUCHANAN, HARRIS & CO.
Sept. 228

DRY GOODS.

IN addition to their FALL IMPORTATION which is now complete, the Subscribers, as AGENTS for the CHAMBLY WOOLLEN MILLS, are prepared to offer a large variety of
CHAMBLY WOOLLENS,
Comprising:
Fancy Grey, Brown aad Oxford Tweeds
Plain Dressed Cloths—all colors
Silver Grey and Oxford Etoffes, &c, &c
SEYMOUR, WHITNEY & CO.,
231 St. Paul Street.
Sept. 23. 226

To Joiners and Cabinet Makers.
CHRIST'S CHURCH CATHEDRAL,
MONTREAL.

TENDERS for PEWING and STALLS for the above, are required. Drawings and Specifications are to be seen between the hours of NINE and FIVE, at the Office of the Architect, THOS. S. SCOTT, 34 Little St. James Street, Montreal.
Tenders addressed to the Honble. GEORGE MOFFATT, Chairman of the Building Committee, and endorsed "Tender for Pews, &c." are to be sent in on or before MONDAY, the 4th day of October next.
September 9. 214

ROBERT WOOD,
AGENT FOR
Fire, Life, and Marine
INSURANCE,
Representing the ÆTNA, HARTFORD, HOME, and CONN. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES, with Aggregate Funds exceeding
Six Millions of Dollars.
These Companies are well known over the whole continent for fair and reasonable rates of Premiums, and prompt and liberal settlements.
Sept. 25. 1m-228

M'MILLAN & CARSON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHING
AND
OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE
No. 66 McGill Street.

McM. & C. beg to intimate to their Customers that they have just received, direct from London, per SS NOVA-SCOTIAN and ANGLO-SAXON, a very complete Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS, consisting of some of the Best Goods manufactured and very Newest Styles. From the facilities they possess for the purchase of Goods, they are satisfied they can please all who may favour them with a call, both in Price and Style.
GARMENTS of all descriptions made to measure in a manner that cannot be surpassed either as regards fit, style or workmanship, and at very *moderate prices for cash.*
From the success they have had in cutting that most difficult and important item of Gentlemen's Dress, namely, PANTALOONS, they feel warranted in saying to those who desire a good fitting Pant, made from the best fabrics, that they can be supplied at their Establishment.
McM. & C. beg to say to the Country portion of their Customers that they have on hand a large Stock of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
very carefully made up from good material.
Merchants would do well to examine before making their purchases.
Scott's, Clay's, and Chappell's FASHIONS on hand and for sale.
N.B.—ONE PRICE ONLY!
Sept. 20. mwf-223

To Photographic Artists
AND AMATEURS.

THE Subscribers have made arrangements whereby they will constantly keep on hand a large and complete assortment of all CHEMICALS, and other preparations used in Photography.
They have just received from several of the best Markets an extensive Assortment of the following:—
Iodized Collodion, Anthony's,
Negative do do
Pure Nitrate Silver Chrystals,
Acetic Acid, No. 8,
Acetic Acid Glacial Fch.,
Pure Alcohol, 95 per cent.,
Norton's Powder,
Hyposulphite Soda,
Pure Protosulphate Iron,
Salts of Gold,
Chloride of Gold,
Diamond Varnish,
Sodium Paper,
Concentrated Ether,
Salts of Cadmium,
&c., &c., &c.
—ALSO,—
A large and well selected Stock of CASES of every description. Melaino Plates, Preservers, Matts, Plain and Stamped, &c., &c., &c.
The above articles will be offered to the Trade at lower prices than they can be procured elsewhere, and at the same time every article is warranted.
Albuminized Paper,
Orders from the Country will receive prompt and careful attention.
JOHNSTON BEERS & CO.,
Medical Hall,
Opposite the Post Office.
September 20. 223

S. J. LYMAN & CO.'S
CONCENTRATED
Essence of Rennet,
For expeditiously making
SWEET CURDS & WHEY,
In a simple and certain manner,
AND CURDLING MILK
In the manufacture of
Cheese, Cheese-cakes, &c.
It is most wholesome and nutritious for Children and Consumptive persons, and a delightful beverage in summer.
Prepared and sold by
S. J. LYMAN'S & CO.,
CHEMISTS, Place d'Armes.
Sept. 16. 220

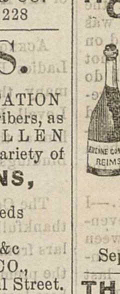
VALUABLE HORSES FOR SALE.

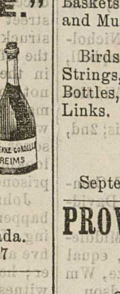
THE Subscribers will Sell FIVE of their HORSES, deliverable on the first of October, at very low prices.
Can be seen any Afternoon at the Stables, Anne Street, Griffintown.
LAMPLOUGH & CAMPBELL,
Next the Court House.
September 15. 219

Useful Hand-Books at Reduced Prices.

BLUNDERS in Behavior Corrected.. 6d
Dictionary of 3,000 Abbreviations.. 6d
How to Detect Adulteration in our Food. 6d
How to Dress with Taste.......... 6d
Five Hundred French Phrases........ 6d
Bridal Etiquette................ 6d
How to Woo and How to Win......... 6d
How to Behave; or Etiquette for Ladies and Gentlemen.............. 6d
Hard Words made Easy............. 6d
Chesterfield's Art of Letter Writing..... 6d
Live and Learn: A Guide to Write and Speak Correctly,—Containing 1,000 Examples of Mistakes of Daily Occurrence............2s 3d
The Magician's Own Book; being a Complete Hand-Book of Parlor Magic, with 500 Illustrations..........4s 6d
Enquire Within; or, 3,700 Facts Worth Knowing...................4s 6d
The Reason Why. A Book of Condensed Scientific Knowledge for the Million.......................4s 6d

BLANK BOOKS.
JUST RECEIVED,—100 dozen of One Quire Cap Blotters, ruled for Dollars and Cents, and Pounds Shillings and Pence, with Stiff Pasteboard Covers, each 1s. 3d., or 12s. the dozen.
500 dozen Copy-Books, containing 8 sheets, 3d. each, or 2s. the dozen.
We have also on hand a large assortment of Cyphering and Composition Books, proportionally Cheap.
D. & J. SADLIER & CO.,
Corner Notre Dame and St. François Xavier Streets.
September 25. 227

CHAMPAGNE.
"CARTE BLANCHE."




Just received direct from the Manufactory of
ETIENNE GONDELLE, ESQ.,
REIMS,
A few Baskets of the above Brand,
a very superior article,
in Quars & Pints.
For Sale by
GETHINGS, SINCLAIR & CO.,
Sole Agents for Canada.
Sept. 24. 227

THE CHEAPEST LIGHT!
THE BEST LIGHT!!
AND A
PERFECTLY SAFE LIGHT!!!
IS procured from the COAL OIL Manufactured by the Columbian Oil Company.—These facts are admitted by those who have tried it.
Vaneleek Hill, July 20th, 1858.
M. W. R. HIBBARD,
Dear Sir,—Having now fairly tested the Columbian Oil for myself, I can fully endorse your statements concerning it and with you, pronounce the Light which it produces far superior to that obtained from any material I have ever used. The saving of Expense, compared with other Oils is immense, and you may confidently recommend both the OIL and LAMPS, for lighting either Dwellings or Stores, as they speak for themselves.
Yours truly,
Signed, JAMES P. WELLS.
Lamps in almost endless variety; Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Coal Oils, Burning Fluid, &c., Wholesale and Retail. Oil Lamps altered to burn the Columbian Oil.
W. R. HIBBARD,
Lamp Depot 161 St. Paul Street,
Corner of St. John Baptiste Street.
Sept. 24. 226

CLARK, WINKS & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED and opened out this day the contents THIRTY-FIVE Cases and Bales of Rich Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, consisting in part, as follows: Bugle Laces, Silks, Parasols, Ribbons, Sewed Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Shirtings, and Grey Cottons, with a large assortment of Small Wares, &c., &c.
—ALSO,—
THREE CASES of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Fancy Tweeds.
BOYER'S BLOCK,
Custom House Square.
May 29, 1858. 126

COMFORTABLE UNDERCLOTHING,
Hoisery, Gloves, Polkas,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, SHIRTINGS, &c.,
GENTS' FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS,
DRESS SHIRTS, REGATTA SHIRTS,
COLLARS, TIES, SCARFS, &c.,
AT
RINGLAND & EWART'S,
272 Notre Dame Street.
TWO SALESMEN wanted, and ONE youth as APPRENTICE.
Sept 22. 225

Beef, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Flour.
ALWAYS on hand for Sale by the Subscribers—
Prime Mess Pork, Eager's inspection
Mess Pork, do
Prime Mess Pork, do
Prime Pork, do
Choice Sugar-Cured Hams
Prime Bacon
Canada Flour—Extra, Fancy, No. 1, 2 and Fine
STARNES & MACAULAY,
No. 10 Common Street.
Sept. 25. 228

FIRST PRIZE
REAPING & MOWING MACHINE
COMBINED.
MANNY'S Patent, with improvements by WALTER A. WOOD, received 18 First Prizes and 3 Medals in 1857, are offered to the Public with confidence, as the most perfect Machine ever invented.
May be seen at the Store of
GEO. HAGAR, Agent,
302 St. Paul Street.
June 16. 114

FOR SALE,
50 TONS BRAN
—ALSO,—
1,100 cords FIRE WOOD, consisting of Best Maple, Birch and Beech
16,000 HOOP POLES
40,000 Flour Barrel HOOPS.
☞Samples to be seen at their Stores, Wellington Bridge
JOHN KIRKPATRICK.
GEORGE McGIBBON.
Montreal, July 6 1858. 158

WHOLESALE SHIRT AND COLLAR MANUFACTORY,
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES at FIFTEEN DOLLARS and upward.
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES.
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.

ATWATER SEWING MACHINES.
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.

BOUDOIN SEWING MACHINES.
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.

WAX THREAD SEWING MACHINES.
21 *Great St. James Street.*
S. B. SCOTT.
Sept. 15. 219

THE BUSINESS hitherto carried on by the Undersigned will be continued here henceforth under the style and firm of HOBBS & MARTIN, and in Manchester, England, of WILLIAM HOBBS, JR., & CO.
WILLIAM HOBBS, JR.
WILLIAM HOBBS, Jr., Montreal.
WILLIAM MARTIN, Manchester.
Sept. 24. 227

R. SHARPLEY,
HAS just received a few very beautiful ORNAMENTS for Centre Tables,
Comprising:
THE VICTORIA REGINA.
WAX FRUIT & FLOWERS.
AND
A Fine Selection of
Birds under Shade.
GLASS AND CHINA VASES, &c.
CRYSTAL BLOCK,
Notre Dame Street.
Sept. 28. 230

JUST RECEIVED,
Per Steamer NORTH BRITON,
A SUPPLY OF
CRICKET BATS AND BALLS,
Ivory, Bagatelle, and Billard Balls.
Artists Materials,
COMPRISING:
Bristol Board (Extra Trick for Photographs), Sodium, Armonium, Albumen and Negetive Photographic Papers, Oil and Water Colors, in tubes and cakes, Prepared Canvas, Tracing Cloth and Paper, Indian Ink [extra fine], Mathematical Instruments, Pencils, Brushes, &c., &c.
GAMES.
Cribbage, Backgammon and Bagatelle Boards, Chessmen [of Staunton's manufacture], Playing Cards, Rulet, &c.
ELECTRO PLATE.
A fine Assortment of Sheffield manufacture, comprising in part:—Tea and Coffee Sets, Urns and Tea Kettles, Epergnes [of all sizes], Cruet and Liquor Frames, Sugar and Cake Baskets, Butter Coolers, Trifle Dishes, Salts and Mustards Branches, Candlesticks, &c., &c.
—ALSO,—
Birds Eyes, Ladies Leather Satchells, Violin Strings, English (all Malacca) Canes, Dram Bottles, Cricketers Setts of Studs, Buttons and Links.
R. SHARPLEY,
Crystal Block,
Notre Dame Street.
September 28. 230

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.
Per NORTH BRITON.
SAVAGE & LYMAN
HAVE received, per Steamer "North Briton," a large assortment of RICH JEWELLERY.
SETS OF GOLD BRACELETS,
BROOCHES,
EARRINGS, AND
CHATELAINES.
GOLD BRACELETS,
BROOCHES,
EARRINGS,
STUDS & SLEEVE BUTTONS,
NECKLACES,
PINS,
LOCKETS, AND
CHAINS.
GOLD GUARD AND ALBERT CHAINS,
KEYS AND SEALS.
ELECTRO-PLATED TEA & COFFEE SETS,
KETTLES AND URNS,
FLAGGONS & CUPS,
JUGS & PITCHERS,
DESSERT KNIVES
AND FORKS,
&c. &c. &c.
With their usual assortment of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, CLOCKS,
AND
SILVER TEA & COFFEE SETS,
CUPS, GOBLETS,
FORKS, SPOONS, LADLES, &c. &c.
CATHEDRAL BLOCK,
Notre Dame Street [Centre.]
Sept. 28. 230

GREAT SALE
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT THE
NEW STORE,
GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.
THE Proprietors of the above Store beg to inform the Public that they intend offering, on the 1st October and following days, upwards of
£10,000 Sterling
OF
NEW FALL GOODS.
AT
Less than Wholesale Prices.
This immense Stock will be found, on inspection, to embrace all the latest Novelties produced in the European Markets, and includes a large
BANKRUPT STOCK
OF
COBURGS, FRENCH MERINOES, &C.,
Which will be Cleared out at a little over
COST PRICE.
The heavy COTTON and WOOLLEN GOODS, suitable for Fall and Winter use, will be found, on inspection, to be the largest and cheapest in the city.
The entire Stock having been purchased under favourable circumstances for
CASH
enables us to offer it at unprecedented
LOW PRICES.
Every Article will be marked in plain figures, from which no reduction can be made.
The Sale will commence each day at Nine o'clock.
Sept. 28. 230

NEW EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, &C.
168 NOTRE DAME STREET.
J. PARKIN has the pleasure to announce the arrival of a choice collection of
New Laces and Embroideries,
to which he invites the attention of the Ladies of Montreal and Visitors to the City.
In the Sewed Muslin Department will be found an unusual amount of Novelty at extremely Moderate Prices, embracing every article in this line, and the Stock generally may be described as being very extensive, beautifully assorted, and in excellent taste throughout. The aim being to maintain the reputation already gained, by keeping no class of goods but such as can be confidently recommended for
STYLE, QUALITY, AND PRICE.
J. PARKIN, Laceman,
168 Notre Dame Street.
ESTABLISHED 1849.
Sept. 29. 231

CALHOUN & ROBBINS,
Successors to D. M. Knight & Co.,
NO. 26 VESEY STREET, (UP STAIRS,)
Between Broadway and Church St., New York.
John C. Calhoun, A. S. Robbins,
O. G. Walbridge, Wm. M. Isaacs,
IMPORTERS and JOBBERS in Foreign an Domestic Fancy Goods, Combs, Button Brushes, Threads, Sewing Silks, Silk and Cotton Braids, Bindings, Tapes, Suspenders, Skirts, Scissors, Fans, Portmoniaies, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Ladies Belts, Trimmings, Skirt Springs, Reeds, Whalebones, &c., &c., at very Low Prices, for Cash only.
26 VESEY STREET, NEW YORK.
Sept. 28. 3m 230

GIBB & CO.
BEG to acquaint the public that they have received per the "NORTH BRITON," a complete assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods,
Comprising all the latest Novelties of the home and Continental Markets. Also, a large assortment of Lambs Wool, Merino, Shetland, Braganza, Fleecy, and other makes of UNDER-CLOTHING. Socks in every make.
—ALSO,—
A full Stock of the best description of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
which they can afford to sell to the public at the lowest prices for Cash.
September 29.

PHOTOGRAPHY.
W. NOTMAN,
ARTIST,
11 BLEURY STREET.
First Prize for Photographs
First Prize for Ambrotypes
PHOTOGRAPHS, untouched or colored, in OIL, WATER COLORS, or CRAYONS,
From Full Length Life Size
to the smallest produced.
AMBROTYPES Colored for Frames or Cases.
MINIATURES of every description for Lockets, Brooches, or Rings.
Daguerreotypes and Paintings Copied in all the various styles, and increased or reduced to any size required.
Stereoscopic Portraits and Groups, in Cases or Paper Slides.
Views Stereoscoped and otherwise to order.
Portraits taken and finished in Oils or Water Color without he aid of the Camera, if required.
Artists and Amateurs supplied with Stock and Apparatus, and the Art taught.
Specimens to be seen at Mr. Notman's Studio, 11 De Bleury Street.
Observe the address; no specimens exhibited outside.
November 266

MR. NOTMAN, Artist, 11 Bleury Street begs to intimate that the portion of his Studio lately destroyed by fire is now re-built and is being fitted with everything past experience can suggest, that will add to the comfort of those visiting the establishment, and that on MONDAY, the 9th current, the business will again be resumed; and he hopes from his own attention and the ability of the various Artists in his employ, to merit a continuance of the very liberal support he has hitherto received.
August 3. 182

CAST & WROUGHT IRON-WORK
ORNAMENTAL AND PLAIN.
ORDERS for every description of CASTINGS and IRON-WORK will be executed at short notice and low prices. Any style of RAILINGS, VERANDAHS, BALCONIES, GATES, &c., will be put as required.
☞Encourage MONTREAL MANUFACTURE, by sending your orders to *Montreal Foundry and City Works,*
WILLIAM RODDEN,
91 to 99 William Street,
Montreal, July 26, 1858. 175

SYSTEM IN TRADE.
SOMETIMES parties thinking of purchasing five or ten pounds worth of Dress Goods, will feel undecided as to which Store they will purchase at, especially if they have only lately arrived in the City. In such cases they frequently take up one of the city papers and glance through the Advertisements. From the over complimentary style of one, and the pitiful soliciting tone of another, they will at once say—"Gentlemen you won't do—there is neither system nor confidence about you." They pass on till they meet with some matter of fact, —broad and independant announcement. The inducement is favorably received, the bell rings, the carriage is ordered to the door in twenty minutes, and within one hour, the whole performance is gone through. Magnificent display of Merchandize; splendid acting of the accomplished Salesman; polite attention of the Storekeeper towards the closing scene, and the honest approbation of the man's conscience who sells, with a few pleasing looks from the Proprietor, the sale is made and the interesting performance is brought to a close.
Is it not remarkable, for instance, the stand which the NEW MART has made in this city. Its success has been mainly owing to system. Their advertisements are clear, demonstrative and business-like, and such as would induce any sensible customer to call. They not only announce but strictly adhere to the "one price system."
In a city with a population of nearly Eighty Thousand, not one person can come forward to say they have in *one instance* deviated from this rule. The manager pledged himself to this system and has kept his word to the letter. They import extensively from the best European Markets, so that those who desire the latest Novelties of the Season at the lowest remunerative profit, will do well to visit the New Mart, St Lawrence Main Street.
The Gentlemen's Department, which they opened lately, has given general satisfaction in this city.
July 17. 168

NEW WOOLLEN CLOTHS.
LAVENDER & SUMMERS,
Merchant & Military Tailors & General Outfitters,
80 McGILL STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE just received per Steamer INDIAN, TWO CASES very superior WOOLLEN CLOTHS, DOESKINS and CASSIMERES, suitable for the present and coming season, to which they respectfully invite the attention of their Patrons and the public generally.
L. & S. take this opportunity of expressing their thanks for the liberal support received by them, and trust by attention and punctuality to merit its continuance.
Army, Navy and Militia Uniforms, Ladies Riding Habits, Fancy Ball Dresses, Fire Company Uniforms, Servant's Liveries, &c., got up in the best manner.
LAVENDER & SUMMERS received the First Prize for Military Clothing at the late Provincial Exhibition.
N.B.—Ready-made Clothing in great variety, with an extensive assortment of articles for Gentlemen's Wear.
Gold and Silver Lace, Military Ornaments, &c., &c.
September 30. 232

NOW RECEIVED
AND
FOR SALE,
EX SHIP "CITY OF QUEBEC," FROM LONDON.
TEAS—Fresh,—Crop 1857 and 1858—1000 chests and half Chests Souchong, Congou, Gunpowder, Hyson, Imperial and Twankay.
Refined Sugar, Sugar Candy, Olive Oils, Castor Oil, Cassia, Cinnamon, Ginger, Valentia Raisins and Almonds, Cheese, Mustard, Candles, Nutmegs, Indigo, Rice, &c.
EDWARD MAITLAND, TYLEE & CO.
Sept. 27. b-229

REMEMBER
G. F. PROWSE & CO.,
GREAT ST. JAMES STREET,
HAVE just Received another supply of their very superior
COOKING STOVES
That Cook so well with so little Fuel. Stoves taken in exchange or at valuation.
Sept. 24. 227

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
MONTREAL COAL DEPOT,
Corner of Colborne and Wellington Streets.
THE Subscriber is now landing, ex ship "India," and offers for Sale, in lots to suit purchasers—
Best Wallsend House Coal,
Imported direct, as being the best known Coal for household use.
He has also on hand, at all times, every description of
ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS COAL and BEST DOUBLE-SCREENED NEWCASTLE NUT or SMITHS' COAL.
W. D. B. JANES
61 Commissioners' Street.
August 28. 204

Bright Sugars, &c,
50 Hhds Choice Bright Muscovado Sugar
150 Hhds Bright Muscovado Sugar
200 Bbls No. 1 Round Herrings
Tons Lignumvitae
Boxes "J. P. Moth's" and "W. Thomas'" No. 1 Chocolate
Hhds Dark Brandy
For Sale by
WILLIS, MACNAB & ALMON,
8 Common Street.
August 4. 183

PICKLED FAT HERRINGS—
Barrels } "Extra" and No. 1 Split
Hf do }
Barrels } Bay St. George No. 1 Round
Hf do }
Barrels Labrador, this season's catch
For Sale by
D. VASS,
224 Com. Agent.

PIANO FOR SALE.

A Very Fine Full-Toned Broadwood Semi-Grand PIANO, 6¾ Octaves in perfect order. TERMS EASY. Apply by letter, prepaid, "Broadwood," *Herald* Office.
June 11.

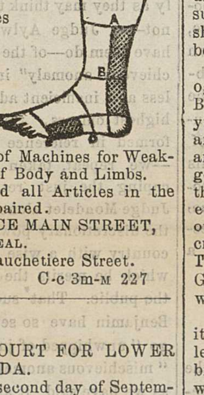
ADAMS & BAXTER,
298 ST. PAUL STREET,
OFFER, at low prices, the remainder of their Spring Importations,—consisting of:—
Linen Drills—Brown and Bleached
Cotton do—Blue, Bleached and Fancy
Ginghams—Linen and Earlston
Muslins—all kinds, plain and printed
Hollands—Brown, Slate and Black
Canvas (Tailors)—Brown and Black
Summer Coatings—various descriptions
Bareges, Delaines, Beiges, Coburgs, Alpaccas, Prints, Bonnet Shapes
Bugled and plain Silk and Cotton Laces and Edgings
Blondes, Ruches, Nets, Flowers, Ribbons, &c., &c.,—together with their usual good assortment of Gloves, Hosiery, and Smallwares.
May 25th, 1858. 123

BABY LINENS AND DRESSES — LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING
BRASS SKIRT HOOPS
BRASS HOOPED SKIRTS
STEEL SKIRT HOOPS
STEEL HOOPED SKIRTS
PLAIN BRASS and
STEEL SPRING HOOPS
COVERED BRASS and
STEEL SPRING HOOPS
All the NEW STYLES of Expansion Self-adjusting SKIRTS
AT THE
GENTLEMENS SHIRT STOR
211 & 213 NOTRE DAME STREET,
JOHN AITKEN & CO,
May 9. 109

MONUMENTS, TOMBS & GRAVE STONES,
IN
ITALIAN & AMERICAN MARBLE,
AFTER Original Designs, and the best plans of New York, Philadelphia and other Cemetries.
WHITE MARBLE GRAVE STONES for $3.
—Also,—
Sculptured and Plain Italian and American Marble Chimney Pieces. Italian Marble Chimney Piece for $25. Sculptured Statuary Marble Chimney Piece $45 and upwards.
From 20 to 30 finished Chimney Pieces of different Marble and Designs will be found for public examination in our Establishment,
CORNER CRAIG & ST. PETER STREETS,
MONTREAL.
JAMES MAVOR. PAUL CEREDO, Sculptor.
September 2. 209

TO TOURISTS.
THE Subscribers have received a large Assortment of
FIELD AND OPERA GLASSES,
in cases. Some very small and powerful.
—Also,—
Ladies' and Gent's LEATHER SATCHELS and TRAVELLING BAGS, fitted complete, in great variety.
Leather Dressing Cases, Portemonnaies, fine Steel Spectacles and Eye Glasses.
STEREOSCOPES and a great variety of views.
SAVAGE & LYMAN,
Cathedral Block,
Notre Dame Street.
August 28 205

SAFETY FROM FIRE.
A Simple glance at the position of the boiler and fire in Gold's Heater will convince any one of its *perfect safety*. The fire is on all sides enclosed within a fourteen inch partition, including the water sheet around it, two inches; flue, four inches; and brick wall, eight inches. The heat is so perfectly consumed by traversing the boiler, that the temperature of the smoke-pipe does not exceed that of the steam (212 deg.), which is a degree of safety, as well as economy, hardly to be equalled. The only external openings to the fire are through the feed-spout and ash-mouth, both of which are of iron, substantially built into the brick work, and with a pitch inclining inwards, thus preventing the liability of coals falling out.
According to recent reports of the Fire-Marshal, two-thirds of the fires in New York city are traceable to the use of hot-air furnaces; and the evil is increasing to such an alarming extent that the Fire Insurance Companies of New York city have been compelled to increase the rates of insurance where they are used, and to offer a premium on safer modes of heating. To this end, the authorized agent of the companies have carefully examined this apparatus, and have pronounced it the most free from danger of fire of any method of heating buildings now in use; and have furthermore decided to make a deduction of Ten per Cent. on all risks where this mode of heating is adopted.
R. MITCHELL & CO.,
Sole Agents for Canada,
Montreal Brass Foundry,
Corner Craig and St. Peter Streets.
Sept. 10. 1m 115

C. WANLESS.
(From England),
Surgical Machinest and Elastic Spring Truss Maker.
SINGLE, DOUBLE & UMBILICAL TRUSSES,
On entire new principles.
Manufacturer of Silk and Cotton Elastic.
Stockings — Accouching Belts
Leggings — Elastic do
Knee Caps — Abdominal do
Socks — Supporting do
Thighs — Riding do
Wrist Binders — Girth Web do
Net Web do
Chest Expanders
Shoulder Braces
Patent Cotton Bandage
Lint Bandage
Silk Suspensaries
Cotton do, 7 qualities
Elastic Webing


A measure taken according to these letters will warrant a correct fit.
Constructor of all kinds of Machines for Weakness and Deformity of Body and Limbs. Trusses Re-Covered, and all Articles in the Trade Repaired.
NO. 73 ST. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET,
MONTREAL.
Residence, 307 Lagauchetiere Street.
Sept. 27, C-c 3m-M 227

PROVINCE OF CANADA, }
District of Montreal. }
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR LOWER CANADA.
Wednesday, the Twenty-second day of September, One Thousand eight hundred and fifty eight.
No. 2287.
PRESENT:
The Hon. Mr. Justice BADGLEY.
WILLIAM A. TOWNSEND, of the city and district of Montreal, Jeweller and Trader,
Plaintiff;
Vs.
WILLIAM L. STEWART, of the said city and district of Montreal, Hotel-keeper and Trader,
Defendant.

IT is ordered, on the motion of Messieurs Monk and Macrae, of Counsel, for the Plaintiff, in as much as it appears by the return of Robert Stuart, one of the bailiffs of this Court, on the writ of summons in this cause issued, written, that the defendant has left his domicile in that part of the Province of Canada, heretofore constituting the Province of Lower Canada, and cannot be found in the district of Montreal; that the said Defendant, by an advertisement to be twice inserted in the English language, in the newspaper of this city called the *Montreal Herald, and Daily Commercial Gazette,* and twice in the French language, in the newspaper of this city called *Le Pays,* be notified to appear before this Court, and there to answer the demand of the Plaintiff, within two months after the last insertion of such advertisement, and upon the neglect of the said Defendant to appear and to answer to such demand within the period aforesaid, the said Plaintiff will be permitted to proceed to trial, and judgment as in a cause by default.
By the Court,
MONK, COFFIN & PAPINEAU, P.C.S.
October 2. 234

FOR SALE—
Pig Iron and Horse Shoe Iron, made at Marmora, C. W.
J. HENRY EVANS.
May 11 110

AN ENTHUSIASTIC EMANCIPATIONISTS' VIEWS OF CANADA.

The following letter, from the *Boston Liberator*, will repay perusal:—

Quebec, L. C., Aug. 20, 1858.

DEAR GARRISON:

Thank God! I am on a soil which cannot be polluted by the kidnapper, and where the footsteps of a slave cannot be heard. The crack of Republican and Christian [?] whips, lashing up men, women and children to unpaid toil, and to subjection to the lusts of brutal masters, the clanking of Democratic and Presbyterian fetters and chains, the weeping of mothers torn from their children, the agony of husbands and fathers, as they witness their wives and daughters sold to prostitution, the sale sanctioned and protected by the *American* church and clergy, are not heard nor seen where I now am. There are colossal crimes perpetrated on the soil over which Victoria holds dominion, in all parts of the world; but thank God! it is no crime punishable with death any where on her broad domain, for a man to assume that he is a *man* and not *beast*; whereas, on every foot of land over which the Democratic, universal-suffrage government of the United States holds jurisdiction, a man is outlawed, hunted, and shot down like a wild beast, merely because he claims that he is a man, and not a chattel. This is simply true; a fact known and read of all men; so put down on the national statute-book; so decreed by the supreme national Judiciary, and so decided by the executed by the national Executive; that a man who shall assert, theoretically and practically, that he is a man and not a beast, may be outlawed, hunted and shot. Christ, as is he received by the American church and clergy,—God, as he is worshipped by the American people, as a nation,—are the slave-hunters, the kidnappers, who thus outlaw. hunt and shoot men, women and children for claiming that they are human beings, and not beasts. For do not the church and clergy, the politicians and people, in their ecclesiastical and political councils and gatherings, and in social and domestic relations, quote the authority of what they call Christ and God to justify their breeding, buying, selling, holding and hunting slaves? They do, in New York, Vermont, Massachusetts, and all over the [illegible] but they cease to plead the au[illegible] of Christ, and of God—even or [illegible] such —to justify themselves in these atroc[illegible] when they cross that intangible, imaginary line [illegible] separates the rule of James Buchanan and his kidnapping Democracy from the dominion of Victoria.

By the way, these international boundaries are queer things. They are *moral* as well as national boundaries. What is a truth on one side of the line is a lie on the other; justice on one spot is injustice a few inches further north. What is adultery, incest, theft, robbery and murder on the north side of the Ohio river, on the soil of Ohio, in Kentucky, the opposite side of the river, is all pure, just, right and honest; and what would consign a man to a dungeon or a gallows in Pennsylvania, twelve inches off, over the line, in Virginia, would elevate a man to the honors of a priest or a president, a doctor of divinity or a doctor of laws. Such is the morality of all governments. Three days ago, I crossed the line which separates Vermont from Canada. To hunt a man with bloodhounds, to kidnap him, or shoot him for claiming to be a man and not a beast, a freeman and not a slave, is counted right, and a sacred duty, in Vermont, by the power that wields jurisdiction over that State; but in Canada, not two inches distant from Vermont, kidnappers and slave-hunters are regarded and treated as the meanest, the vilest, most degraded and guilty of God's creation. Piety in Carolina is piracy in Canada. God, as understood and worshipped in Boston and New York, is the devil in Montreal and Quebec. The God of American kidnappers is the devil of Canadian freemen.

'Kidnapping or no kidnapping on the soil of Massachusetts,'—this is the question you and your fellow-laborers are about to settle. God speed the right! Shall the kidnapper, though armed with the authority of Congress, and backed by an army of Southern slave-breeders and slave hunters, be allowed to prowl, unmolested, over the land of Hancock and Warren, the soil of Lexington and Bunker Hill? You and your compeers say 'No.' May that stern, revolutionary 'No' be speedily written on the heart of the people, and placed on the statute-book, as the unchangeable decree of of the Old Bay State. 'Are you for kidnapping or against it?' Bring every man, woman and child, every priest and politician, every saint and every sinner, every Christian, every Spiritualist and every sensualist in Massachusetts to this test. Mark the man or the woman who will not help array the State against Federal Kidnapping. Their religion is 'sounding brass,' their Christ is a monster, and 'hath a devil,' and their God is a fiend. As I view the slave-breeding, slave-trading and slave-hunting religion. Christ and God of the 'Model Republic.' (?) from Cape Diamond, the Heights of Abraham, and the Falls of Montmorency, how inhuman and loathsome they seem! God bless thee, Canada! land of liberty, of hope, of manhood and womanhood to the American slave! May the footprints of the kidnapper never desecrate thy free soil!

Dear Friend: I parted from you at the mountain House on the Catskill Mountains. You went on your way to New York, Boston and Vermont to plead the cause of the slave; I came on my way, with my English friend, to Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Glen's Fall, Lake George, (or Horicon, the Indian name of the Lake, meaning Clear Water—which I like much better,) Ticonderoga, Lake Champlain, Montreal, down the St. Lawrence, 190 miles, to this place.

We spent a night at the Fort William Henry Hotel,—built on the spot where stood Fort William Henry,—at the head of Horicon. Every foot of land around and in that fort was stained with human blood, shed in the war between the French and Indians on one side, and the English on the other. between 1755 and 1759, when Montcalm and Wolfe met and murdered each other on the Heights of Abraham, near Quebec, and also in the war of the Revolution. Horicon is thirty-six miles long, and averaging about three in breadth—running north, as does like Champlain. Horicon lies parallel with Champlain, some three miles from it, and is over two hundred feet deep in some places. We crossed the Lake from south to north, thirty-six miles, in the steamer Minnehaha—'Laughing Water,' indeed! I am familiar with the Highlands of Scotland, with the mountains and valleys of the Tyrol, and with the mountains and lakes of Switzerland, but I never saw a more beautiful lake than Horicon. Encircled by bold, stern mountains, some of which are more than two thousand feet high, dotted with numberless wooded islands entirely surrounded by beautiful bays and promontories running out into the lake, its waters transparent as air to the depth of forty feet, nothing can surpass this lake in the beauty and grandeur of its surroundings, and in the purity and clearness of its waters, and the variety and beauty of its bays. I have long been familiar with Horican and its surroundings, and with its historic and classic associations. It is the lake and land of enchantment. I never see it or think of it but I marvel that the citizens of Boston, New York and Philadelphia do not leave the heat, the dust and noise of those cities, and come here in the summer, with their families, to bathe in these pure and healing waters, to float on their smooth surface, and commune with their own souls amid this unrivalled combination of the beautiful and sublime. I will revisit this place when my soul shall have left the body, and rejoice in its beauty and majesty.

We visited the melancholy ruins of Ticonderoga Fort, which remain as they were left by Burgoyne, in 1777, but a few weeks before he yielded himself up to the Green Mountain Boys and their compeers. As we viewed those ruins, and looked up at Mt. Defiance, whence Burgoeyne assailed the fort and dispossessed it of the rebellious colonists, my prayer was, that every fort might speedily be a ruin like this over whose desolation s[illegible] lizards shall crawl, and owls and [illegible] hoot and dance. The execrations of humanity and the curse of God are upon war, and all the preparations for war.

The city of Montreal is life-like and proud in its bauty and strength, resting gracefully on the left bank of the St. Lawrence, one of the deepest, broadest and most majestic rivers on earth. I wonder not that English, French and Canadians are proud of their queenly city, and the noble river on whose banks she so gracefully reclines. No traveller who visits and sees Montreal can fail to admire it. We came down Lake Champlain to its outlet, and at Rouse's Point took the rail, some forty miles, to the beautiful city. Having seen all we wished of Montreal and its environs, we came down the St. Lawrence in a steamer to Quebec.

As we approached that city, and saw it as it rested on the bold, high bluff of Cape Diamond, and saw it beneath the light of a cloudless sun, I thought it the most beautifully located city I ever saw. Our first visit was the citadel on Cape Diamond. We spent some time in viewing that fortress, the strongest in the world, and the best arranged except Gibraltar. It is on the very brow of the Cape, and looks sheer down nearly a perpendicular descent of three hundred feet. Some twelve hundred soldiers, with their wives and children, are here to keep it—the women and children, burrowed, like rabbits, under ground. Quebec is divided into upper and lower towns; the upper is a walled town, the walls being all perfect. It is inconceivaele the money and industry expended yearly to keep and man this citadel. What use? It is fast being superseded by the Grand Trunk Railway from Portland to Montreal, and by a railway connecting this city with the northern parts of Vermont and New Hampshire. It is a singular fact, that Montreal, without a soldier or a gun to defend it, has never been attacked and made a scene of blood, while Quebec, the second military stronghold of the world, has been repeatedly attacked, and every square foot of earth in and around it has been drenched with blood; thus demonstrating that life, liberty and property are safe in proportion to the absence of military defence. War does not pay; hanging does not pay. War and hanging, guns, swords and gibbets, can never inspire men with respect for human life. We can never inspire men with respect for truth by telling lies, with respect for temperance by getting drunk, with respect for

liberty by holding slaves, nor with respect for life by killing men.

Next we visited the Heights of Abraham, passed over the battle-ground of Wolfe and Montcalm, saw the monument to Wolfe erected where he fell, and one erected to Wolfe and Montcalm united,—French and English harmonizing, and eulogizing each the hero of the other. We saw the place where Wolfe mounted the Heights with his men, and took Montcalm and Quebec by surprise. No great feat, after all. The Heights where he climbed are nothing to speak of, easy of ascent, and not very high—some two miles above the city. But the battle ended the dominion of France in North America.

Eight miles east of the city, down the St. Lawrence, the river Montmorency empties into the St Lawrence. Near where it empties, but a few rosds off, it glide down a nearly perpendicular pricipice of over two hundred feet. It is a beautiful fall. We have just returned from visiting it. From Beauport, a village lying between the city and falls, is the most perfect and striking view of Quebec and its surroundings, Cape Diamond, the citadel, Cape Levy, (opposite Cape Diamond,) the river, broad, majestic, and winding around the high bluff gracefully and majestically, the upper and lower city, the Island of Orleans, ten miles below the city, and the wide-spread country around, make up a picture of unrivalled beauty and interest. I wish you and every American could see this city.

Yankees and Americans have foully slandered Canada, so far as its natural advantages and its thrift and energy are concerned. The old French population are slow to adopt improvements in any department of life; but the world moves here, steadily and surely, and the growth is not fictitious, but real and substantial. The slave-hunters have tried long to break up this asylum of the American slave. They can never do it. If Canada is ever free (and she will be) from British rule, it must be on the condition that she will never give up to Republican kidnappers the slaves that found their liberty and their manhood on her soil.

But I must pass on my way to the White Mountains.

HENRY C. WRIGHT.

☞ To the subscribers of the Daily Herald.—We would thank Subscribers who do not receive th[illegible] paper punctually, to inform us of the omissi[illegible]ld also caution the public against p[illegible]chasing papers from our carriers s they are not allowed to sell papers.

☞ Every description of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING executed by JAMES POTTS, at the *Herald* Buildings, Notre Dame Street.

ANIMOS NOVITATE TENEBO. OVID.

THE MONTREAL HERALD

MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 4, 1858.

☞SEE FIRST PAGE.

THE LAST OF THE BROWN-DORION MINISTRY AGAIN IN PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Drummond has been elected for Lotbiniere by a majority of more than five hundred votes, and he completes the circle of the late Brown-Dorion ministry, who, deprived of their seats by an infamous trick condemned by every right-minded man on both sides of the Atlantic, have been reinstated by the popular voice. Beginning with the success of Mr. Brown, all these electoral events must be looked upon as triumphs, no doubt as galling as they were unexpected by the tricksters in high and low places, who believed themselves capable of outmanœuvring the just anger of an entire population. The Premier of the late Cabinet succeeded in obtaining a fair, though not a very large, majority against odds, which his most sanguine friends could not but regard as highly unfavorable to him. While every well-informed man knew that to speak of Mr. Brown as certain of defeat was nothing better than a deliberate falsehood, or an example of the most stupid ignorance, no one could have been astonished if a combination of all the Government House flunkies; all the family compact cousins and brothers-in-law; all the railway speculators, who want further assistance out of the treasury of the Ontario, Simco and Huron or other roads; and lastly, all the Government Clerks, Surveyers, Printers, Contractors and Artificers, had given a majority to the ministerial candidate. If Mr. Brown had run as a Minister of the Crown at Toronto, he would have beaten his opponent by a thousand votes. As it was, with all the interests against him to have succeeded in that city could not but be regarded as a striking proof of his popularity. If we pass thence to Montreal, we find Mr. Brown's chief colleague elected by a majority so great as to leave his opponent under the necessity of retiring after the first day's polling. Then we have Dr. Connor succeeding in obtaining re-election, against one of the most respectable and well known lawyers in Upper Canada, by a majority of nearly three hundred, where, as it was frequently thrown in his teeth, he had before but a majority of one. Mr. Mowat obtained a triumphant majority of five hundred; Mr. J. S. Macdonald was returned by all but acclamation; so was Mr Thibaudeau; so also was Mr. Lemieux; and if Mr. Drummond was beaten in his old constituency, it is universally acknowledged to have been upon grounds altogether independent of, and existing previous to the political cause immediately in agitation. His large majority of over five hundred votes in Lotbiniere has amply done justice in the case between the parties before the people. Thus the Ministry and the Governor General have taken nothing by their shuffle but the disgrace attending it—a disgrace which is not confined to this side of the Atlantic but which must have been testified in rather a marked manner to Mr. Cartier and his colleagues, when, on stepping ashore at Liverpool, they read the *Times* containing the article we reproduced yesterday, and which, according to our calculation, must have appeared nearly simultaneously with the arrival of those gentlemen in England. There was just one thing which would have served to justify the Governor General and his present ministers—that was success, which is held to varnish all political crimes; but which, in this instance, would have done more, as it would have shown that the Governor General was acting substantially in consonance with the views of the people, though not in that regular constitutional manner, which became the representative of Her Majesty, having her noble example for his guide. That success, however, has been altogether wanting, and there remains the crime; exaggerated, acco[illegible]g to the French Statesman's saying, to the larger dimensions of a blunder.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

We understand that Mr. Ramsay, one of the pretenders for the Richelieu District, has retired, leaving the field to the other ministerialist, Mr. Guevremont, and to Mr. Ouimet. The latter gentleman has the suffrages of the most influential people throughout the Division; but the other may, perhaps, succeed with the lower class of voters. He very frankly makes his ignorance a quality to entitle him to support, having declared at one of the Church doors, last Sunday, that the educated people have governed the country long enough, and that it was now time that the uneducated should have their turn. We need not say that Mr. Guevremont is the ministerial candidate.

Monterville Divison.—The nomination of Candidates for this Division took place at Longueil on Saturday, when the show of hands—some three thousand electors being present—was declared to be slightly in favor of Mr. Fraser. The other candidates are Mr Kierzkowskie and Mr. Girard.

An Alleged Defect in the Law.—On readers may, probably, remember that, some months ago, an extensive robbery of valuable goods was effected from the store of Messrs. Benjamin Brothers, in this city. A man and woman, Henry Mendle and Emily Phila—Germans, and strangers in Montreal,—had been n the store, were suspected, followed, arrested, and the stolen property found in their possession—a considerable portion of it, if we rightly remember, on the person of the female. These parties, thus, we may say, arrested *flagrante delicto*, with full evidence of their guilt, were committed to jail to await their trial. The case came up for trial in the Criminal Court on Wednesday last. The following is our report of what occurred on the occasion, published in our issve of Friday morning:—

The Queen vs. Henry Mendle and Emily Phila.—An indictment for theft from the store of the Messrs. Benjamin, merchants.—The parties were called, and having made default, their recognizances were forfeited. Thereupon Mr. Justice Aylwin enquired whether this was the same case in which he had peremptorily declined to take bail, and remanded the prisoners to gaol?

Mr. Monk, Q.C., answered that it was, and that he regretted extremely the existing anomably in the law, which enabled parties accused, after being refused bail by the Judges of this Court, to apply to Judges of inferior jurisdiction in the form of an appeal from the higher tribunal. In this case the evils of this anomaly were singularly illustrated—the fact was that he, Mr. Justice Aylwin, upon the clearest principles of the law, refused to bail these parties; thereupon application was made to Mr. Justice Mondelet, who at once refused admitting the parties to bail, for two reasons—1st. Because they had already been refused admission to bail by a superior Judge; and 2nd. because the evidence was so conclusive and the law so plain. Immediately after such refusal application was made to another Judge of an inferior tribunal, who, notwithstanding the most strenuous opposition, on his, Mr. Monk's, part, admitted the parties to bail in a very small amount, with rather questionable security. Mr. Monk added that it was discouraging to know that after so much expense and trouble had been employed to bring offenders to justice, they were allowed to escape with impunity and under sanction of judicial authority.

His Honor Mr. Justice Aylwin then remarked that the attention of the Legislature should be called to such mischievous anomaly. He considered it a course highly improper, under the circumstances that the parties in this instance should have been liberated upon bail, in the face of such clear and conclusive evidence against them.

We have considered it right to republish the above report, inasmuch as we find, on enquiry, that the circumstances attending the admission to bail, and the consequent liberation from the custody of the law, of the accused parties, were altogether different from those given in it.

So far from Judge Aylwin having peremptorily declined to take bail, and having remanded the prisoners to jail, we find, by the record, that, on the 1st July last, the male prisoner, Henry Mendle, was admitted to bail—in the sum of $600, his securities being Patrick Keily and Peter Cooper—by Judge Aylwin himself. On the 15th of the same month the female prisoner was, we find in the same record, also admitted to bail—in the same sum and with the same securities—by Judge Badgley—who, be it remarked, as a Judge of the Superior Court, has concurrent jurisdiction in such cases as the one under consideration with the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench. It is, therefore, an error to represent Judge Badgley, in this matter, as a Judge of inferior jurisdiction reversing the decision of a higher tribunal on appeal. There was no *appeal*, and no conflicting rights of superior and inferior tribunals involved in the matter. The power of liberating parties accused of crime, upon finding security for their appearance to answer the charges against them at a certain time appointed—the power of accepting or refusing bail—is, necessarily, a discretionary power, granted by the legislature to certain parties—Judges of the Court and Justices of the Peace—having in so far as that power is concerned, equal and concurrent jurisdiction, and whose decisions are not binding upon each-other and, consequently, cannot be *appealed* from one to another. The refusal of one, or of fifty of these parties, so empowered, to accept bail, throws no *legal* impediment in the way of its acceptance by another, similarily empowered—who does not, however, revise the decisions on appeal of those who had previously refused, but simply exercises his own individual discretion in the premises. The supposed mischievous anomaly of appeals, then, from higher to inferior tribunals, in this matter of refusing or accepting bail, has no existence in law, and therefore need not occupy the attention either of the Legislature or of the public. If, however, Judge Aylwin considers it a mischievous anomaly that the discretionary power of taking or refusing bail is extended by the Legislature as at present, and desires to see it restricted within the narrow limits of his own court, we must, with every respect for his Honor's opinion, enter our protest against any such, in our view, entirely uncalled-for change in the law. What is the object and principle of the law of bail? It is for the protection of all parties accused, but not convicted of crime, and we need not tell Judge Aylwin—although the information may be useful to some of our readers—that to refuse or delay to bail any person bailable, is an offence against the liberty of the subject, in any magistrate, by the common law as well as by statute; the object of the imprisonment of parties, previous to their conviction, being simply to ensure their appearance to take their trials and abide the verdict of their country. It is, therefore, only just and proper that every reasonable facility should be afforded, and that the power of accepting or refusing bail—in a great measure a discretionary and arbitrary power—should, on no account, be limited to the Judges of any one Court—however high its jurisdiction. No doubt, wherever a discretionary power exists, the party holding it may legitimately be held responsible to public opinion for the manner in which he exercises it; and thus, in the present instance, judging, we allow in a great measure from the result and in the absence of the reasons alleged in support of the applications, we must confess our surprize that, under the circumstances, Judge Aylwin should have liberated the prisoner Mendle, on what appears to have been such very insufficient security for his appearance at the time of trial. The same remark must, of course, apply to the subsequent release of Phila, by Judge Badgley,—excepting so far as the amount of bail and the securities were concerned, for in these matters Judge Badgley, doubtless, was guided by the previous decision of Judge Aylwin. In both cases, however, the result has proved that the bail taken was insufficient: the guilty have escaped; justice has been left unvindicated; and the public in general—and the merchants of this city in particular—have a right to complain, as loudly as they may think the circumstances call for, not—as Judge Aylwin and Mr. Monk would have them do—of the existence of any "mischievous anomaly" in the law, but of its careless and inefficient administration by two of its highest officers. So far as the public is informed in reference to this case of criminals—we repeat, taken "flagrante delicto,"—escaping the just retribution of their crime, Judge Mondelet alone appears to have exercised the discretionary power intrusted to him by his country with a wise and salutary caution, for which he merits the confidence and respect of the public. That such crimes, as the Messrs. Benjamin have so severely suffered by, should go "unwhipped of justice," is undoubtedly a "mischievous anomaly" in "this Canada," but, as we have said, it arises from no defect in the law, but from insufficiency and carelessness in its administration.

Singular Hallucination.—Notwithstanding that the *London Times*—in its article on Canadian affairs published by us on Saturday—contrasts the "fairness and impartiality with which the Queen has treated each successive Government, from whatever political party it may have been formed," with Sir Edmund Head's recent treatment of the Brown-Dorion cabinet; notwithstanding that the *Thunderer*—taking a leaf from *Bottoms'* book, and "roaring you as gently as any sucking dove,"—"laments that he (Sir Edmund Head) should have thought it his duty to *deviate from the course which would undoubtedly have been pursued by his Imperial Mistress under similar circumstances;*" notwithstanding that, speaking of the "shuffle," the *Times* says, "there can be no doubt that such a transaction was *directly contrary to the spirit of the Act*, was an indirect means of depriving constitnencies of their right to be consulted *on the accession of their members to office;*" notwithstanding that the moralist of Printinghouse Square says of the *Gazette's* ministerial patrons, "it (the Macdonald-Cartier cabinet) will have ample reason to regret that it did not follow *that which*, in the affairs of State as in other matters, *uniformly turns out to be the best policy;*" notwithstanding this, surely sufficiently explicit, condemnation of the *unfairness* and *partiality* of the Governor-General, and the *dishonesty* of the Macdonald-Cartier Ministry, our St. James' Street contemporary, in commenting upon the article in question on Saturday morning, says its writer "takes substantially the same grounds as the Montreal *Gazette* has taken"!

The Late Homicide at Russelltown.—It is with sincere pleasure we correct an error in our last issue, in connection with this shocking affair. We find that we had been misinformed, in attributing the dreadful act, of which Mr. Walker of Russelltown was the victim, to Mr. Cantwell, Advocate, formerly of this city. That gentleman is, we learn, now resident at Malone, in the State of New York, where he practices his profession, having been admitted to the Bar of that State, and is universally esteemed and respected. The unhappy young man, William Cantwell, Junior, by whose act his brother-in-law lost his life, is, we learn, a cousin of Mr. Cantwell of Malone. Mr. Coroner Jones, we understand, left town on Friday for Russelltown, to hold an inquest on the body of the deceased.

Mrs. E. K. Blunt's Readings.—We had, a few days ago, the pleasure of announcing the arrival in Montreal of this accomplished ladv—the widow of a gallant officer of the U. S. Navy, and daughter of the patriotic bard of Maryland, McKee, the author of the far-famed "Star-spangled Banner." We would now invite the attention of our readers to the announcement of her Reading, which in consequence of the pre-occupation of the Mechanics' Hall—she gives, this evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Great St. James' Street.

We have already mentioned the very favorable terms in which Mrs. Blunt has been introduced to us by the United States press. The following, from a leading Boston paper, will give the reader some idea of her manner and style of elocution—our contemporary says:—

Mrs. Blunt's Readings last evening were attended by a large audience, considering the bad state of the streets, the Young Men's Institute lecture room being nearly filled. In readings of a character to bring into play the delineation of the stronger passions, Mrs. Blunt succeeds remarkably, as her rendition of portions of "Manfred," and her recitation of the "Yarrow," showed. She possesses a very sweet, clear and finely modulated voice, without great compass, but yet with sufficient flexibility to express the various emotions. She is much less theatrical than most readers, and therein, to us, lies her great charm. When you hear her, you feel that a quiet, modest and gentle woman is before you, and quietly and modestly giving expression to the great thoughts of the great writers you admire, and there is no glare of the foot-lights as in listening to the great Fanny Kemble. We hope she will favour our citizens again upon a pleasanter evening.

THE HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The lateness of the season induced fears that the show of fruits, flowers and vegetables, would not be successful. In addition to this, several, who have been large contributors, were unable, from various causes, to assist in the Exhibition. Notwithstanding, the number of entries was larger, and the display superior to any former Exhibition, and the impression was general, that had all come forward, the Exhibition would have challengd comparison with any in America. The immense tent afforded ample accommodation both for competitors and visitors. The large platform in the center was occupied with the beautiful collections of Green-house plants, from James Ferrier, Jr., Esq., the active and energetic President of the Horticultural Society, and from Mrs. Holland. These alone were worth a visit, comprising as they did Exotics of rare beauty and variety. In one group we noticed the sugar cane, coffee, and tea plants in fine perfection. In another, the beautiful cissus, varieties of the graceful palm, acacias—the India Rubber tree—Australian plants—and new varieties of Feuschia. The transportation of these to the grounds must have involved some care and labour. Among the Greenhouse plants were several aquaria, which were a new and interesting feature in the Exhibition. An aquarium consists of a glass box filled with water, having on the bottom a stratum of sand with gravel rock work. The conditions necessary for success is, that there should be aquatic plants growing under water, which furnish the fish and animals the necessary supply of oxygen, while the excess of carbon from the animals nourishes the plants, so that a balance is maintained, the water remains clear and requires no renewal. The aquaria were filled with different kinds of fish, animals, and insects. At one end of the centre platform was a very pretty plan of a Floral parterre, made with greate taste by Mr. Inglis. Leading from the centre of this by a pair of rock steps, was a moss house, designed by Mr. Middleton. Passing now to the fruit tables, was a fruit basket, worthy of an offering to Pomona himself, contributed by Mrs. Middleton. Next, a collection of 20 varieties of apples, from W. Lunn, Esq. Mr. J. Johnston exhibited a fine collection, as did also Mr. Nicholson, among which, the St. Lawrence and Gloria Mundi were conspicuous. A fine collection, from trees of 4 years growth, were shown by T. Fallon, Esq., of Lachine, which would deservedly have received a prize had they been named. Rev. Mr. Trudelle exhibited a fine specimen of the Alexander apple. The apples were remarkably fine, and showed how well adapted the Island of Montreal is, for the successful cultivation of choice varieties of this fruit.

Few plums were presented. Those of Messrs. Thayer and Davidson, received prizes.

We noticed fine Nectarines from Mr. Nicholson, and two very large and fine peaches were shown by Hugh Allan, Esq. The show of grapes was excellent, numbering nearly fifty plates. The best varieties were the Black Hamburgh from Mr. Middleton, Gardener to William Lunn, Esq. The best collection, as well as the heaviest bunch of white grapes, were presented by P. McCallum, gardener to J. U. Smith, Esq. Several specimens of open culture were shown by Mr. Stetham, McGill street; Mr. Farris, Sorel; and Mr. Middleton. The latter receiving the 1st prize.

Pears.—The severity of our climate renders the cultivation of this fruit very difficult, and it becomes of great importance to know what kinds are best suited to this latitude. The Bon Chretien seems the favorite, still several other sorts appeared of fine flavor.

In melons there did not appear to be great competition. D. Torrance, Esq., sent some fine water melons of large size which received the first prize; and Major Campbell's fine Minorca melons were considered best.

The vegetable department was well worthy of inspection. There was not so large a number of contributions, but such as they were appeared of better quality than usual. Mr. Cooper, the old and tried friend of the society who, from its first commencement, has proved himself to be the most successful cultivator of vegetables, exhibited onions, of large size. His cauliflowers were the largest and finest we have ever seen, several measured 18 inches in diameter. We think he might challenge the world to produce finer.

Mr. Wilkinson, of St. Johns, presented a basket of sweet potatoes, which we regret were not accompanied with a description of the mode of growth, as we should like to ascertain whether this fine esculent can be successfully cultivated here.

Major Campbell, of St. Hillaire, exhibited the Dioscorea Butata, or Chinese potato. We believe the cultivation of this plant, as a substitute for the common potato, has proved a failure. The length of time requisite to perfect it, the small yield, and its inferior flavor are great objections to its general use.

Specimens of the Chinese Sugar Cane, with the syrup made from it, were offered by a French Canadian.

Flowers.—Mr. Farris, of Sorel, who gained the silver cup last year, was a large contributor of Dahlias, and received several prizes. The Dahlias were not equal to last year, yet both those of Mr. Spriggings, of the Cemetery, and Mr. Davidson, were fine. Verbenas, Salspiglossis, Pansees, &c., were not largely exhibited. The only exhibitor of Red Roses was Mr. Middleton, gardener to Wm. Lunn, Esq., who would certainly confer a favor upon the community by giving the names and mode of cultivation of such roses as will furnish blooms through the season. Bouquets were good but there is room for great improvement, and we hope another season to see a good show of bouquets and designs.

The tent was simply, yet beautifully, decorated. The masts were ornamented with evergreens, and wreaths of flowers pendent from the top of the tent, with baskets of flowers suspended by invisible wire, gave a pretty effect.—The whole display was very satisfactory, and our horticultural friends deserve great credit for their efforts amid so many obstacles in conducting the Exhibition, efforts which added much to the attractions of the grounds.

The Judges were the Rev. Mr. Villineuve, the Rev. Dr. Wheeler, President of the Champlain Valley Horticultural Society, Craig Baynes, and James Thompson, Esquires, who very carefully discharged their duties to the satisfaction of all concerned.

PRIZE LIST
OF THE
HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT OF THE LOWER CANADA PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION,
HELD IN MONTREAL, SEPT. 29 and 30, and Oct. 1.

CLASS V.
Bouquets, Wreaths, &c.

Section 1—Vase Bouquets, 1st prize, Wm Faris, of Sorel; 2nd, J Middleton, gardener to Wm Lunn, Esq; 3rd, P M'Callum, gardener to J U Smith, Esq.
Sec. 2—Fan Bouquets, 1st prize, Wm Faris; 2nd, W B Davidson, Tanneries West.
Sec. 3—Hand Bouquets, 1st prize, Wm Faris; 2nd, P McCallum.
Sec. 4—Floral Design, 2nd prize, J Inglis, gardener to Mrs P Holland.
Sec. 5—Wreath, 1st prize, W Faris; 2nd J Middleton.
Sec. 6—Garland, 1st prize, W Faris; 2nd, F Campbell, gardener to A M Delisle, Esq; 3rd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 7—Green House Plants, 1st prize, J Nairns, gardener to the Hon. James Ferrrier; 2nd, J Inglis; 3rd, J Middleton.
Sec. 8—Stove Plants, 1st prize, J Nairns.

Flowers.

Sec. 9—Annuals, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, F Campbell; 3rd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 10—Biennials, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, F Campbell.
Sec. 1—Coxcombs, 1st prize, W B Davidson; 2nd, J Middleton.
Sec. 12—Stocks, 1st prize, J Nicholson; 2nd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 13—Salpiglossis, 1st prize, J Nicholson and J Middleton, equal; 2nd, F Campbell.
Sec. 14—Hollyhocks, 1st prize, J Middleton
Sec. 15.—Petunias, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd J Nicholson, Gardener to the Seminary; 3rd, R Spriggins, Mount Royal Cemetery
Sec. 16.—Pansies, best dozen, 1st prize, W B Davidson; 2nd, J Nicholson; 3rd, F Campbell
Sec. 17—Pansies, collection, 1st prize, W B Davidson; 2nd, J Nicholson
Sec. 18—Asters, best thirty, 1st prize, J Nicholson; 2nd, F Campbell; 3rd; R Spriggins
Sec. 19—Aster, globe flowered, 1st prize, W B Davidson
Sec. 20—Asters, collection, 1st prize, J Nicholson; 2nd, R Spriggins and F Campbell, equal
Sec 21. Phlox, Perennial, 1st prize, J Middleton; 3ud, W Faris
Sec. 22—Phlox Annual, 1st prize, W Faris; 2nd, F Campbell and J Middleton, equal
Sec. 23—Balsams, none
Sec. 24—Verbenas, variety, 1st prize, F Campbell; 2nd, J Middleton; 3rd, W B Davidson
Sec. 25—Verbenas, dozen, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd F Campbell, R Spriggins, equal
Sec. 26—Dahlais, best eighteen, 1st prize, Wm Faris; 2nd, R Spriggins; W R Davidson
Sec. 27—Dahlias, best twelve, 1st prize, W B Davidson; 2nd W Faris; 3rd, R Spriggins
Sec. 28—Dahlais, best six, 1st prize, W Farris; 2nd, S Tpriggins and W B Davidson
Sec. 19—Perpetual Roses, 1st prize, J Middleton

Fruits.

Sec. 30—Peaches, 1st prize, F Campbell and J Lynch, Gardener to H Allan, Esq, equal.
Sec. 31—Nectarines, 1st prize, J Nicholson.
Sec. 32—Plums, 1st prize, J Nicholson; 2nd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 33—Plums, seedling, 1st prize, J Thayer, Esq.
Sec. 34—Apples, best twenty, 1st prize, J Middleton and J Nicholson, equal; 2nd, J Johnston, Gardener, to J Logan, Esq; 3rd, R Fallon, of Lachine.
Sec. 35—Apples, best twelve, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, Simon Lacombe, Cote des Neiges; diploma, J Thayer.
Sec. 36—Apples, seedling, 1st prize, J Thayer.
Sec. 37—Pears, 1st prize, J Nicholson: 2nd, J Middleton; 3rd, J Lynch.
Sec. 38—Grapes, open culture, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, J Nicholson; W Faris, gratuity; W Stethem, diploma,
Sec. 39—Grapes, cold vinery, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, F Campbell
Sec. 40—Grapes, hot-house, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, P McCallum
Sec. 41—Grapes, two heaviest black, 1st prize J Middleton; 2nd, J Inglis
Sec. 42—Grapes, two heaviest white, 1st prize, P McCallum, lb 6-10; 2nd, J Middleton, lb 4-12
Sec. 43—Grapes, collection, 1st prize, P McCallum
Sec. 44—Fruit Basket, 1st prize, J Middleton
Sec. 45—Melons, 1st prize, Major Campbell, of St. Hilaire; 2nd, J Nicholson; 3rd, W B Davidson
Sec. 46—Water Melons, 1st prize, D Torrance, Esq; 2nd, J Thayer

Vegetables.

Sec. 47—Squashes, 1st prize, W B Davidson, 2nd, W Faris; 3rd, J Thayer.
Sec. 48.—Pumpkins, 1st prize, J Nicholson; 2nd, W B Davidson; J Cooper, diploma.
Sec. 49—Vegetable Marrow, 1st prize, W B Davidson; 2nd, J Nicholson.
Sec. 50—Cabbage, 1st prize, J Cooper; 2nd, J M'Lellan; 3rd, J Clarke.
Sec. 51—Scotch Kale, 1st prize, J Middleton; 2nd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 52—Cauliflower, 1st prize, J Cooper; 2nd, J Clarke.
Sec. 53—Red Cabbage, 1st prize, J Cooper; 2nd, J Clarke.
Sec. 54—Celery, White, 1st prize, J Nicholson; 2nd, P M'Callum; 3rd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 56—Savoy Cabbage, 1st prize, J Johnston; 2nd, J Cooper; J Middleton, gratuity.
Sec. 57—Beets, 1st prize, F Campbell; 2nd, W Faris; 3rd, J Johnston.
Sec. 58—Turnips, 1st prize, J Johnston; 2nd; J Nicholson; 3rd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 59—Tomatoes, 1st prize, P M'Callum; 2nd, Fr Campbell; 3rd, J Nicholson.
Sec. 60—Carrots, long red, 1st prize, Major Campbell; 2nd, J Johnston.
Sec. 61—Carrots, early horn, 1st prize, J Cooper; 2nd, W B Davidson.
Sec. 62—Parsnips, 1st prize, J Cooper; 2nd, Major Campbell.
Sec. 63—Onions, collection, 1st prize, J Nicholson and J Middleton, equal; 2nd, W B Davidson; 3rd, J Thayer.
Sec. 64—Onions, best 12 red, 1st prize, J Cooper; 2nd, Simon Lacombe and J Johnston.
Sec 65—Egg Plants, 1st prize, J Nicholson.
Sec 66—Salsify, 1st prize, Major Campbeli; J Nicholson, gratuity.
Sec 67—Aquarium 1st Prize to S J Lyman, Esq; 2nd do W Hilton, Esq.

MINISTERIAL FOLLIES.

The *Leader* and *Colonist*, with a petty malice which is far beneath them, endeavour to stir the gall of the ex-Premier by calling his Government the "McGee Cabinet" or the "Foley Administration," and even his newspaper "Mr. McGee's secular organ." Now, as a joke on one or even several occasions, this would do very well; but constantly repeated day af er day the most cleverly-pointed joke will lose its force. Imagine the *Times* calling the Derby administration the Gibson or Roebuck cabinet because those radicals aided in ousting Palmerston, or the Pakington government out of sheer spite to the Premier, and repeating the stupid satire day after day, and how long would it hold it sold supremacy among the English press?

Having by this means done much to build up Mr. McGee's enviable popularity, they begin to rake up all sorts of charges against that gentleman, the old story told at his election is again put forth. Mere common sense might teach the *Leader* and its pupil in this matter, the *Colonist*, that what nad no effect at Montreal when McGee was a stranger, will do very little now when his talents are fully appreciated and that the very best way of making a popular idol of him is to dgo on as they have commenced. They have done this in Mr. Brown's case, by their constant abuse, and so it will be with McGee.

The *Colonist* next twisted a very clever and interesting lecture which had no bearing of party politics at all into a Grit demonstration. We can safely affirm that so far from there being any foundation for that absurd criticism, it was untrue in every single particular. These journals should learn that abuse, misrepresentation and falsehood are the worst means of demolishing a politcal opponent.—*Toronto Grumbler.*

AND CRIMES.

A contemporary bids us "look at Lincoln, Brant, and Haldimand." And so say we. Look at them as illustrations of the shamelessness with which, under the fostering care of Sir Edmund Head's pet Ministers, rowdyism is fast becoming a Canadian institution. Look at them as samples of the manner in which Sir Edmund Head's party—is endeavouring to stifle the expression of public opinion. Look at them as proofs of the fact that the Ministerialists have nothing to rely upon but a ruffianism that is at once perilous and disgraceful. Lincoln, Brant, and Haldimand, will not be forgotten, depend upon it. They will be a text for some time to come. And they will be rendered all the more noticeable by the tone in which the yeomanry of those fine countries will yet make themselves heard. It was a mistake to imagine that they will quietly submit to be bullied into silence by ruffians whom the present Government hires to do its work.—*Toronto Globe.*

THE NEXT (U. C.) PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

Last night the Council took up the subject of making an appropriation for the erection of the necessary buildings in which to hold the Provincial Exhibitions. The matter was brought up by petition which had been numerously signed, presented by Mr. J. Blackburn and its prayer supported by W. Barker, Esq. After a spirited discussion in which but one spirit was breathed regarding the ultimate object at issue, the sum of £3,000 was voted as an appropriatton, and the Mayor, Ald. Holmes and Mr. Barker were appointed as a deputation to wait upon the Provincial Association in order that the necessary arrangements may be made. The sum of £3,000 should be a sufficient contribution for London to make, as the neighbouring counties will be anxious to contribute their quota towards so useful an object, and one which confers so much benefit upon the agricultural community. In any case, a few pounds more or less need not stand in the way, as the Ordnance grounds are lying idle, the government will doubtless grant a suitable quantity, say twenty acres, upon which the building may be erected. That at Toronto has been much more costly than a second one of the same kind need be, and the sum of £5,500 will erect a structure which will be at once suitable for the purpose and creditable to the enterprise of London and the district.—*London Free Press.*

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

CRIMINAL TERM.

Presiding—Chief Justice LAFONTAINE and Justice AYLWIN.

(*Reported for the Montreal Herald.*)

SATURDAY, October 2.

The Court opened at ten o'clock this morning.

MANSLAUGHTER.

A Jury was sworn in the case of a man named Louis Cassavant, indicted for the manslaughter of Denis Sullivan.

Mr. Monk stated the case for the Crown.

Mr. Cassidy represented the defence.

The first witness examined was Richard Sandilland, Government police. On the 26th of August last he was standing at the corner of King and Common Streets, and saw the prisoner, who was a carman, drive his vehicle with such violence that it struck the deceased, Denis Sullivan, on the left side, and knocked him down. Witness then pursued the carter, and after some difficulty, brought him to the station of the Government police. The deceased, at the instigation of the witness, was then lifted off the ground, and carried away in a state of insensibility. The carter was sitting on the left hand side of his truck; he was driving in the direction of the canal, and must have seen the deceased.

By Mr. Cassidy—I was about twenty paces from Sullivan when he was struck; I saw the shaft as well as the wheel strike him. The deceased was standing in the middle of the street when he was knocked down. He was struck on the left shoulder by the shaft, and on the left breast by the wheel. His face was not in the direction the carter was coming. I do not know how long the deceased may have remained in his standing position. The deceased was not standing on the foot-path. The prisoner was the only carter there. Had he been looking in the direction of his horse's head, the prisoner must have seen the deceased.

John Kershaw examined by Mr. Monk.—I happened to be on Common Street on the evening of the 26th of August last; it was between five and six o'clock at the time. I saw the prisoner; he was driving very fast; I saw the last witness run after a carter and arrest him; I heard that a man was killed; I saw the deceased lying on his back, and he seemed to be dead; the deceased was not struck a minute until I saw him; when I saw the deceased, his head was lying in the direction of the canal; after the prisoner's truck struck the deceased, he drove off as fast as he could.

By Mr. Cassidy—I cannot tell how far it was from deceased that the prisoner was arrested.

John Blanchard, examined by Mr. Monk—At the time of the accident the deceased and another were in charge of some cattle; it was a market day; Sullivan, the deceased, wished to drive his cattle up King Street; the carter was sitting on the right hand side of the truck when the deceased was struck; the back of the prisoner was turned to the deceased, and had the attention of the carter been turned to his horse, he must have observed the man before he was struck; there being cattle in the street at the time, the attention of the prisoner might have been turned in that direction; the deceased was about ten feet from the foot-path, but the cattle which he was driving being in the way of the carter, the latter would have to make a kind of turn to pass by him.

By Mr. Cassidy—I could not say that I saw the deceased struck by the shaft; but I saw him struck by the wheel. The deceased, when he met his death, was driving two cows and fifteen sheep. He was a strictly temperate man. The horse of the carter was going at a speed over an ordinary trot. The distance from the place where the man was knocked down to the place where the horse was stopped was about one hundred feet. The policeman had little difficulty in stopping the horse.

Duncan Macdonald, examined by Mr. Monk. On the 26th of August last I witnessed an accident in Common Street. I saw the carter coming along at a quick trot. The carter was sitting on the left side of the truck; the deceased was also on the same side of the road. The deceased was first struck by the shaft of the truck, and knocked down by the wheel. The deceased, when struck, was moving along with his cattle. Had the attention of the prisoner been given to his horse he must have seen the deceased. I went to the deceased after he fell. He was insensible; but I do not know if he were dead. I believe he died the next morning.

By Mr Cassidy—I am certain that the carter was sitting on the left side of his truck.

Dr. Hingston examined by Mr. Monk—In August last I was called upon to visit the deceased; it was between five and six o'clock in the evening of the 26th. He was insensible. There was a small quantity of blood on the scalp, but no injury on the skull. I visited the deceased a second time between six and seven o'clock. I did not feel called upon to treat him medically; he remained insensible till he died. I attended the *post mortem.*

Mr. Monk—What did you then see?

Dr. Hingston—May it please the Court; I had a conversation with the Crown Officer yesterday, and I was informed that medical men were not to be remunerated for their loss of time in giving evidence; therefore, medical knowledge being private property, I would wish, under these circumstances, to withhold it.

Judge Aylwin—You will give your evidence, Dr., in this case, as you are only an ordinary witness.

Dr. Hingston—There was a small quantity of blood found in the right side of the skull; the skull was not fractured. The kidneys were somewhat injured. The deceased met his death from compression of the brain. The external wounds on the scalp were, I think, the cause of death; they caused, no doubt, compression of the brain. They deceased must have been a healthy man.

By Mr. Cassidy—The wounds on the body were over the right and left kidneys; but death was caused by compression of the brain, which in turn, might have been caused by falling on the street. I cannot state whether or not the man was struck by the shaft of the cart; the wounds were not exactly such as a shaft would make.

Dr. Jones examined by Mr. Monk—You have heard the evidence, and what, in your opinion, was the cause of death?

Dr. Jones—My medical knowledge is my source of livelihood, and without remuneration I beg leave to refuse my opinion.

Mr. Monk—This question ought now to be settled, and I submit that Dr. Jones is bound, like any other witness, to give his opinion when called upon.

Dr. Jones—You would then punish a man for acquiring his profession.

Judge Aylwin—This matter is one of very great importance. It is a question whether the Act passed last session will bear the construction that other witnesses are to be remunerated, while medical witnesses receive nothing; or it is a question, whether even in view of this act, the court has not power to order the Sheriff to give such compensation as the medical man may himself demand. It is a question whether the Court ought to order medical men to appear to give evidence unless there is a certificate from the crown officer as to the materiality of the testimony. Grand Jurors are paid, petty jurors are paid when brought from the country, and it would seem somewhat strange that medical men who, like lawyers, acquire their profession laboriously and expensively, should receive nothing for their opinion. The time of a medical man may be valuable; his practice may be very extensive, and it must appear to be simply unjust that he should be compelled to place both at the service of a court, and all for nothing. However, there is this much in the matter that when a medical man is called upon by the coroner to open a body he cannot be compelled to comply with the command, unless he be promised a compensation.

Mr. Monk,—That would be a question of contract.

Judge Aylwin.—No; it is a question whether doctors by the recent act are not entitled to compensation; this question, however, may soon be set at rest, for the court, though it may now withold its opinion will take a speedy opportunity of inquiring what are the real merits of the act, and its real interpretation.

The examination of Dr. Jones, was then proceed with, and he gave it as his opinion that the deceased came to his death by compression of the brain.

Mr. Cassidy, having addressed the Jury for the defence.

His Honour, Justice Aylwin, began to sum up, and recapitulate to the Jury the facts adduced in the evidence.

The Jury, after an hours' deliberation brought in a verdict of "Not Guilty."

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Montreal Herald.

Sir,—In the list of prizes I notice there is no premium given for oil paintings, and further it is stated there was none exhibited. This, to my certain knowledge, is an error, as there were specimens both of portraition and landscape in oil sent for competition. Perhaps your can throw some light on the subject, and oblige

FAIR PLAY.

Montreal, October 1.

Theatre Royal.—This evening the "Martinetti Troupe," about twenty members, will commence a short engagement under Mr. Buckland's Management. This Troupe, renowned throughout the States has never failed to draw crowded houses nightly. The programme to-night is particularly attractive, consisting of "Robert Macaire"—Evolutions on the "Tight Rope," a variety of Dances, and terminating with a "Pantomime," which has, we hear, been get up at great expense, being replete with tricks and transformations, entitled "The Green Monster.

Quoiting.—The return match between Montreal and Chateauguay came off on Friday last, on the grounds of the Montreal Cricket Club. The games were well contested, and the play throughout very superior. The following is the result on the different rinks:—

	Montreal.		Chateauguay.
No. 1	31	....	8
2	31	....	21
3	28	....	31
	90		60

Majority in favour of Montreal—30 shots.

We are requested to correct an error in the published list of prizes of the exhibition. Class 7, Section A, Messrs. Stebenne & Bissonnet, having been awarded $8, instead of $3 on their Morticing and Boring Hub Machine, a very superior low priced article, and in these respects like their Spoke and Handle Machine, and also Felloe Planing Machine. all of which produced 1st prizes, and elicited the special notice of the Judges and others, as being three extremely perfect articles and all required by Carriage-Makers as labour saving Machines, while the prices places them within the reach of almost any party in that line.

In the exhibition prize list, published a day or two since, the first prize for a vase of shell Flowers, should have been Mrs. Moui instead of Mrs. Walton, as erroneously stated.

Hardy's Band.—We learn that the band which played on the grounds at the exhibitfon was that of Mr. Hardy.

Acknowledgement.—The Secretary of the Ladies' Benevolent Society, acknowledges, with many thanks, a donation of $10, from John Lovell, Esq., being half the amount awarded him at the Provincial Exhibition, for superior Bindings.

The Committee of the Mechanics' Institute thankfully acknowledge the receipt of five dollars from George Brush, Esq., being a portion of the premium awarded him at the Exhibition held here last week.

This morning at Eleven o'clock Messrs. John Leeming & Co., will offer at the warehouse of Messrs. Ryan, Bros. & Co., one of the largest and bestassorted stock of groceries in the city.

The Wines, especially deserve attention, they are of the oldest and choicest Vintage, and as the Sale is peremptory, this will be one of the most favorable opportunities offered of laying in a supply of Wines of the best quality, with the additional guarantee of being depended as genuine *imported* as represented.

Full particulars given in the lengthy advertisement in our columns.

Furs.—We refer purchasers of furs to an advertisement of Mr. Brahadi's, which appears in another column. After the beautiful display which Mr. Brahadi made at the Exhibition on Thursday and Friday, it is needless to say that his announcement does not exaggerate the beauties or extent of his stock. The collection of valuable goods sent from this gentleman's establishment, was, in fact, one of the most marked features of the Industrial Department of the exhibition, and afforded an indication of what might have been done, if all our fellow-citizens had judged it worth while to make an exertion in that direction. Mr. Brahadi's warohouse will well repay a visit, even as a matter of curiosity.

Trade and Commerce.

HERALD OFFICE,
October 2nd, 1858.

The fall business has fairly commenced, and there has been a perceptible improvement in every branch of trade during the week.

There have been a great many strangers in town but mostly bent on pleasure. The amount of business done will fall far short of a corresponding period in almost any previous year.

Stocks through the country are generally represented as light, so this month should be a busy one with importers.

There is a good fleet in harbour, but little produce shipping, as prices are higher here than in Britain.

There has not been much business done by Auction during the week, but there are several trade sales advertised for next week, which should draw buyers from all parts.

Sugars are still dull. Prices, however, have varied but little for prime Grocers, while inferior and refining grades] have declined. Sales of over 60 hhds fair to bright Cuba have been repeated at $8.50@8.75; while for prime Porto Rico $9,25@9.50 has been obtained in small lots.

At the Refinery prices are as follows:—

Loaves, [none for several days]	13¼c.
Dry Crushed, No. 2	12¾c.
Ground and Extra	12¾@13c.
Crushed A	12c.
Yellow Refined	9½c.
Sugar House Syrup	50c.

Molasses dull. Good ordinary has been sold at 30c. per gallon.

Teas.—This market is still quiet and prices unaltered.

Coffee.—The demand is not brisk, still prices are well maintained. Rio has been sold at 13½c @14c.; Maracaibo, 13½c@14½c.; Jamaica, 14c @15c.; Laguyra, 14½c@15c., and Java at 18c. per lb.

Spices.—During the week Pepper has been sold at 14½c@15c, and Pimento at 11½c@12½c.

Liquors.—Brandy is nominal at our last quotations. Gin has been sold to some extent at 7s@7s. 3d. per gallon, and one lot less, but PNT.

Oils.—Several parcels of Cod have been placed during the week at 2s. 3d.@2s. 4½d. for Gaspe, and Pale Seal at 60c@64c. per gallon; of the latter there is a good deal offering. For fine samples the asking price is 70c. Linseed has been sold at 90c. for Boiled and 85c. for Raw.

Fish of good quality are not over plenty, but the demand yet is limited. Sales of Table Cod have been made at 18s,@18s. 6d., in quantity, while small lots of Merchantable have brought 20s.

Salt is still dull for Stoved, which has been bought under Liverpool.

Soap.—Sales to a very limited extent have been made at 5c. for favorite brands of Liverpool.

Soda.—Bi Carbonate has been sold at very full prices, and so has crystals, there being little in first hands.

For Produce, Stocks, &c., see Brokers Circular.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Arranged by a Committee of Brokers expressly for the "Montreal Herald"—John G. Dinning, Secretary.

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1858.

PRODUCE.

	$	$
ASHES—Pot......⅌ cwt.	6 70	@ 6 75
Pearl	7 00	@ 7 10
FLOUR—Canada Fine...⅌ bbl. 196 lbs.	4 20	@ 4 40
Superfine No. 2	4 50	@ 4 80
Superfine No. 1 United States	5 30	@ 5 50
Superfine No. 1 Canadian	5 30	@ 5 50
Fancy	5 60	@ 5 65
Extra Super	6 00	@ 6 25
Double Extra	6 50	@ 6 75
Rye Flour	3 05	@ 0 00
INDIAN MEAL......⅌ 196 lbs.	None.	
OATMEAL......⅌ 200 lbs.	4 75	@ 5 00
WHEAT—⅌ 60 lb.		
Wheat (U. C. and U. S. White)	None.	
U. C. Spring	None.	
Red Winter	None.	
Milwaukie Club	None.	
Chicago Spring	None.	
BARLEY......⅌ minot	0 93	@0 95
OATS......⅌ minot	0 42½	@0 44
PEAS—White......⅌ minot	1 00	@1 05
INDIAN CORN......⅌ 56 lbs.	None.	
PROVISIONS—Beef, Mess......⅌ bbl.	00 00	@ 00 00
Prime Mess	00 00	@ 00 00
Prime	00 00	@ 00 00
Cargo	0 00	@ 0 00
PORK—Mess......⅌ bbl.	17 75	@ 18 00
Prime Mess	15 50	@ 16 00
Prime	15 50	@ 00 00
Prime, in bond, foreign inspected	None.	
Cargo	None.	
BUTTER—Inspected No. 1......⅌ lb.	None.	
Inspected No. 2	None.	
Unispected	0 12½	@ 0 15

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

	Up to Oct 2, 1858.	Up to Oct 3, 1857.	Up to Oct 4, 1856.	Up to Oct 6, 1855.
Ashes......bbls.	21882	21645	17391	16334
Flour......"	495987	418272	397123	278330
Wheat......bush.	1344340	1067956	980102	403039
Indian Corn...bus.	29658	264697	399433	536711
Pork......bbls.	11699	11629	26935	29312
Barley......bush.	15177	11003	15634	10385
Peas......"	71751	6546	48481	14931
Butter......kegs.	9462	5773	6843	6950
Lard......"	2371	1500	8101	4234
Beef......bbls.	605	18	381	182
Oatmeal......"	1400	555	5831	618
Oats......bush	106109	5257	38037	32013
Copper Ore..t'ns.	......	245	235½	1141

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE BY SEA.

	Up to Oct 2, 1858.	Up to Oct 3, 1857.	Up to Oct 4, 1856.	Up to Oct 6, 1855.
Ashes......bbls.	19165	20661	12795	10215
Flour......"	164247	152652	146030	31898
Wheat......bus.	660939	488567	535685	......
Indian Corn..bus.	14967	28631	144295	24629
Pork......bbls.	203	313	1459	625
Barley......bus.	300	4	57	......
Peas......"	146087	115965	154386	4692
Butter......kegs.	5321	2346	3405	253
Lard......"	173	43	1622	25
Beef......bbls.	37	78	632	584
Oatmeal......"	1308	141	4503	168
Oats......bus.	32160	30	672	......
Copper Ore..t'ns.	......	250	236½	1089

FREIGHTS.

To London, Flour, per barrel......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To Liverpool, do do ......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To Clyde, do do ......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To London, Pot Ashes, per ton......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To Liverpool, do do ......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To Clyde, do do ......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To London, Grain, per quarter......Stg.	4 0	@ 4 6
To Liverpool, do do ......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0
To Clyde, do do ......Stg.	0 0	@ 0 0

EXCHANGE.

Bank, 60 days on London......	10 per cent. prem.	
Private, 60 days on London......	8¾ @ 9	do
Bank, on demand, New York......	½	do
Private on demand N. York......	nominal.	

STOCKS.

DESCRIPTION.	Shares.	Paid Up.	Dividend Last Six Months.	Buyers.	Sellers.
	$				
Bank of Montreal	200 00	whole.	4 per cent.	115½	115½
Bank of Montreal, New Stock	200 00	50 per cent.	4 per cent.	115	115
Commercial Bank of Canada	100 00	do	4 per cent.	111¾	111¾
City Bank	80 00	do	3½ per cent.	107	107¼
City Bank, New Stock	80 00	40 per cent.	3½ per cent.	107	107½
Bank of Upper Canada	50 00	whole.	4 per cent.	88	88
People's Bank	50 00	do	4 per cent.	104	104½
Molsons Bank	50 00	40 per cent.	4 per cent.	108	108
Montreal Mining Company's Consols	20 00	$15 10	None.	$1 30	$1 30
Quebec and Lake Superior Mining Company	8 00	4 10	......	None.	None.
Lake Huron Silver and Copper Mining Co.	5 00	0 75	......	None.	None.
Canada Mining Company	5 00	0 90	......	None.	None.
Huron Copper Bay Mining Company	4 00	0 25	......	0.15	0.15
Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad Co.	200 00	whole.	None.	12½	15
Grand Trunk Railroad Company	100 00	whole.	6 per cent. per annum.	34	36
Great Western of Canada	100 00	whole.	5½ per cent. per annum.	80	None.
Montreal Telegraph Company	40 00	whole.	4 per cent., 6 mos.	115½	116½
Montreal City Gas Company	40 00	whole.	3 per cent., 6 mos	93	93
Government Debentures, 20 years	....	....	6 per cent. per annum.	None.	None.
Con. M. L. F. Debentures	....	....	6 per cent. per annum.	92½	93
Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad Bonds.	....	....	7 per cent. per annum.	65 e.	70
Montreal Exchange	400 00	whole.	7 per cent. per annum.	Non	75
Montreal Harbor Bonds	....	....	8 per cent per annum.	104¼	104½
Do. Water Works Bonds	....	....	6 per cent. per annum.	93	None.

Review of the Montreal Produce and Stock Market.

[Prepared by the Board of Brokers for the Montreal Herald.]

BOARD ROOM, EXCHANGE,
Montreal, Oct. 2, 1858.

Flour.—With very small stock, and moderate receipts, prices advanced during the early part of the week, and sales of Superfine were made at $5,30 to $5,50; Fancy has been in moderate demand at $5,60 to $5,70. Extra neglected at $6, to $6,25. To-day the Market is firm but dull at the above quotations.

Wheat.—Nothing doing, none offering.

Corn.—None offering.

Barley.—Has betn in demand and several sales have been made at 90 to 97 cts. f. o. b., per 48lbs. There is not so mhch inclination to buy at our advanced rates to-day.

Rye—None.

Peas.—Several sales of shipping parcels at $1.05, at which they are to-day procurable

Provisions.—Pork continues steadly at previous quotations, in retail demaud only.

Ashes.—Have advanced, both sorts in active demand at quotations.

Freights.—No engagements.

STOCKS.

Bank of Montreal.—Business has been done at 115½ there being to-day sellers at that price.

Do. New Stock.—All that offers is readily taken at 115.

Bank of British North America.—None in market.

Commercial Bank of Canada.—Advanced to 111¾.

City Bank.—Holders ask 107¼. Buyers offer 107.

Bank of Upper Canada—Steady; with sales to some evtent at 88.

People's Bank.—Readily taken at 104.

Montreal Mining Company's Consols.—There is some inquiry for this Stock, but without leading to transactions,—buyers refusing to name a rate.

Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad.—Bonds 7 per cent. Second Mortgage, taken at 65; there being buyers but no sellers of Stock at 12½.

Grand Trunk Railroad.—Nothing doing.

Great Western of Canada.—Buyers at 80.

Montreal Telegraph Company Stock.—Price nominal: sellers at 116½; buyers at 115½.

Montreal City Gas Company.—Small sales at 93.

Government Debentures.—None in market.

Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund Debentures.—Sales during the week at 92; holders, however, generally asking 93.

In other Stocks.—Nothing to report.

Exchange.—As quoted, very little doing.

ARRIVED.

September 26.—Berbice, Liverpool, August 21, A. Shaw. General cargo.
" 27.—Albion, do, do 14, Edmonstone Allan & co, do.
" 28.—Minna, Charlottetown, P E I, Sept 8, D Vass, fish and oil.
" 28.—Pacifique, Straits of Canso, do 3, do, fish.
" 28.—Martha Sophia, Halifax, do 11, to order, general cargo.
" 29.—Orso, Glasgow, Aug 8, Haviland Routh & co, do.
" 29.—R H Harman, Liverpool, do 10, T Kershaw, bridge iron,
" City of Quebec, London, do 19, Edmonstone, Allan & co, general cargo.
" 30.—America, Liverpool, do 12, Havilland Routh & co, do.
" 30.—Home, Glasgow, do 19, Edmonstone, Allan & co, do.
" 30.—Harlequin, do, do 14, do, do.

SAILED.

September 25.—Caroline, St John's (Nfld), Starnes & Macaulay, agents. 733 brls flour 154 brls butter, 20 m hoops.
" 25.—Marie Elmire, Halifax, Starnes & Macaulay, agents. 925 brls flour, 86 brls butter.
" 25.—Charles Adams, St John's (Nfld), J & J Mitchell, agents. 1000 brls flour 200 brls oatmeal 100 brls peas, 213 brls butter.
" 25.—Olive, St John's (Nfld), J & J Mitchell, agents. 1000 brls flour 58 brls peas 128 brls butter 4 m staves.
" 27.—Marie Alva, Magdalen Isles, A Painchaud, agent. 100 brls flour 6 brls pork 2 brls pot barley 3 brls peas.
30.—Jean Baptiste, St John's [Nfld] A H McCalman, agent. 1366 brls flour 115 brls butter 2 m pun staves.
" 30.—St Lawrence, Quebec, ballast.
October 1.—S S North Briton, Liverpool, Edmonstone, Allan & co, agents. 417 brls pot ashes 67 brls pearl ashes 23 brls apples 33 brls butter 2 brls flour 16660 bus wheat 1064 pipe staves 3000 pun do.
" 1.—Marie Flora, Canso, 655 brls flour.
" 1.—Micmac, Quebec. 1700 pipe staves 6100 pun staves.

The sale of groceries, &c., at the store of Messrs. D. Masson & Co., on Saturday, by A. E. Marchand & Co., was well attended, and a large quantity of goods were sold, and good prices realized.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

The supply of capital is very abundant for short loans, but long paper is not as much in favor, although prime signatures of any length sell freely at the note broker's within a range of onr former quotations.

Foreign Exchange has hardly opened for Saurday's boat. The supply of second class bills is small, and we shall look for farther shipments of specie. The following are the latest quotations. Bills at 60 days on London 109 a 110 for commercial; 109⅞ @110⅛ for bankers; do at stght 110⅞ @ 110⅞; Paris at 60 days 5,15 @ 5,11¼, do at short sighst 5,10@ 5,08¾; Antwerp 5,15 @ 5,12½; Amsterdam 41¼ @41⅜.

ALBANY LUMBER MARKET.

For the week ending Wednesday September 30. The stock of lumber in the yards is large and the assortment is good. The receipts for the week have been light, and will probably so continue for the remainder of the season. Sales have been fair, though not active, at prices as heretofore quoted. From the fact that but little more clear pine is expected to come in this season, dealers are firm in their prices and the tendence of the market is towards an advance.

PORT OF MONTREAL

CLEARED—Oct. 2.

Schr Marie, Flora Berneir, Canso, J & J Mitchell flour.
Brig Maith, Sophia, Boudret Miramichi, Gilmour & Co, flour and pork.
S S North Briton, Jones, Liverpool, Edmonstone Allan & Co, general cargo.

RECEIPTS OF AMERICAN PRODUCE.

Per Steamer SALABERRY, Ogdensburgh, E H Norton Portland 500 brls flour; Gibb & Bros, Quebec, 100 brls tallow.

EXPORTS.

Per Schr "MARIE FLORA," Canso; J & J Mitchell 655 brls flour.
Per Martha Sophia, Miramichi, Hugh R Fletcher 899 brls superfine flour 15 brls pork 4 brls apples 30 kegs butter.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.—Oct. 1.

Ship Caroline, Williams, 12th Aug, Liverpool, Henry, bridge iron and salt.
.... Plantagenet, Askey, 22nd do, order, ballast.
.... Theodore, Hughes, 21st do, Liverpool, do do
Bark Argentinus, Kelly, 25th do, Londondeory pig iron
.... Edward, Boustead, 21st do, Liverpool, for Montreal, general cargo
— Anne Baker, King, 24th do, do, order, iron bridge work
.... Abigail, Harris, 19th do, Plymouth, do, ballast
.... Lady Campbell, Power, 13th do, Cork, do, do
.... Wolfville, Listen, 4th do, Adrossan, Galt & Crawford, coals
Brigt May Flower, Duquette, 10 days, Sydney, M H Warren & Co, coals
Schr Canopus, Corriveau, 8 days, Gaspe, T Fraser, fish and oil.

CLEARED—Oct 1.

Ship Westfold, Bjouness, London, H Atkinson.
.... Calista Haws, Haws, London, H Atkinson
.... Consul, Bevan, Bristol, Henry Fry
.... Nestorian, Cowans, Liverpool, Gibb & Ross
.... St Lawrence, Auld, Greenock, H Burstall
Schr Clara, Bolduc, Miramichi, H J Noad & co.

A Friend in Need, is the Balsam of Wild Cherry to all who are afflicted with bronchial troubles or Asthma. Its singular power over these diseases has rendered Dr. Wistar famous wherever pulmonary complaints are known.

DE-c-235.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ Strangers visiting the city during the Provincial Exhibition will find a choice and complete assortment of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, and SMALL WARES, recently selected in the European Markets, by one of the firm, at McDunnough, Muir & Co., Dry Goods Merchants, 185 Notre Dame Street, near the French Church; and they may rely upon receiving good value for their money, as their terms are Cash, and no Second Price. b-231

☞ Warren's is the Spot for Cutlery, Edge Tools and Hardware. Prices to meet the times, and the keenest competition. Remember the spot, 277 Notre Dame Street, opposite Recollet Church. 2m-207

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another part of this paper for N. H. Down's Elixir, that great medicine for coughs and colds. Be sure and get that signed with *Pen* N. H Down's. Price 50 cents per bottle. All honorable Druggists have for Sale. 1m-202

Business Notices.

How to Preserve Beauty.—Nothing is more becoming to a man or woman than a beautiful luxuriant head of hair, and a woman's beauty is certainly incomplete without a fair complexion, and he or she who neglects these great and important adornments of nature must expect to suffer the mortification of premature baldness, and a wrinkled face and a sallow skin. Nothing is necessary to preserve these essential attractions but the use of Prof. Wood's Restorative.—*Louisville Times.*

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.—We have had occasion to use this famous preparation of Prof. Wood's, and after thoroughly testing its qualities, we find that where the hair is thin it will thicken it, if gray it will restore it to its original colour; likewise, it gives a glossy appearance, as well as keeps the hair from falling off. This invaluable ingredient is for sale at "Chinaman's Tea Store," south-east corner Frederick and Baltimore Streets, by Mr. J. C. Given.—*Baltimore Clipper.*

Sold by all good Druggists. 1m-DC 215

Holloway's pills.—In dyspepsia, gastritis, and all inflammatory and constrictive disorders of the stomach, growing out of indigestion, there is something chemically wrong in the fluids which should dissolve and assimilate the food. These searching Pills, acting upon the gastric juice and upon the bile as chemical agents, restore to the one its solvent properties, and to the other its modifying and tempering qualities. Such seems to be the philosophy of their operation. As regards their almost magical effect in dpspepsia, and all complaints affecting the digestive apparatus and the liver, there can be but one opinion among candid obtervers. r-DC 265

BOGLE'S HAIR DYE.

To Connoisseurs.—Let those whose hair is still luxuriant, but tinted white, immediately use Bogle's Electric Hair Dye, which will at once turn the most silvery-headed into either black or brown, as the party requires, and without the slightest injury to the hair. For sale by Druggists generally. rDC 235

BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID.

SILKY AND GLOSSY HAIR.

From the New York Mirror.

☞ Of all preparations, oily or spirituous, for the hair, give us *Bogle's Hyperion Fluid.* It is properly named Hyperion, for as that shining old Titan, who, ladies and gentlemen, was nobody but the Sun, threw, at his rising, his radiant locks over the summits of the earth, so Bogle's magical fluid produces a crop of silky and glossy hair upon the most abdurate human head. For dandruff, and all similar affections of the head, it is a sovereign remedy. With all this, it is an agreeable perfume, and otherwise a most useful article for the purpose of the toilet. Buy it and try it.

For sale by all druggists. r 235

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA.

Boston, July 3, 1851.

Gentlemen,—Agreeably to your suggestion, it gives me pleasure to state, that some five weeks ago, I purchased two bottles of your *Oxygenated Bitters*, and commenced using the same according to directions, and experienced the happiest effects.

I had been troubled with dyspepsia about three years. During the warm season, and at times, was obliged to give up all attention to business; and although I had the advice of many good physicians. I was confined for six weeks to the house, and continued to grow worse, until I took your medicine; I am now almost cured of every disagreeable symptom, and able to do business as usual.

The whole credit of my restoration to health is due to the *Oxygenated Bitters.*

Your obedient servant,
ABNER SMITH.
Central Square, East Boston.

Seth W. Fowle & Co., 138 Washington Street, Boston, Proprietors. Sold by their agent everywhere. r-mwf-DC-235

R. & G. A. WRIGHT'S FRANGIPANNI.
THE ETERNAL PERFUME.

Frangipanni Extract,	Frangipanni Pomade,
Do Soap	Do Saches

This delightful and Fashionable Perfumery is from the Laboratory of Messrs. R. & G. A. Wright, Philadelphia, Manufacturers of the celebrated Gold Medal Perfumery.

For sale by
JOHNSTON BEERS & CO.
J. GARDNER,
And all the Druggists
June 27. 151

THE "MONTREAL FOX HOUNDS" will meet at the Mile End, on Tuesday, the 5th October, at 11 o'clock, A.M.; and at the Grand Trunk Railway Boat for Laprairie, on Saturday, the 9th Oct., at 9 o'clock, A.M.

Oct. 4. 235

By Telegraph.

Reported for the Montreal Herald.

BY MONTREAL LINE.

Office, St. Sacrament Street.

New York, October 2nd.

A Steamer of the Vanderbilt Line was to have sailed to-day; but the Agent thereof having declined to favor us with a list of her passengers, we are unable to state that she did sail, or whether there were any passengers or specie booked for her.

Savannah, October 1st.

There were 12 interments in this city to-day, of which 7 were yellow fever cases.

St. Louis, October 2nd.

The Salt Lake Mail reached St. Joseph on the 25th ult. 21 days out.

The Mormons were quiet and orderly at the time of departure, and a violent snow storm was encountered by the train west of Laramie. The Indians on the Route were quiet.

NEW YORK MARKETS—October 2.

Flour receipts large; State and Western 5@15c lower, and very unsettled; sales Western 8000 bbls; Superfine State $4,95@5,00; Extra State $5,25@5,50; Round Hoop $5,50@5,70; common to good extra Western $5,25@5,50; Southern very dull; sales trifling; $5,30@5,70 common to good; $5,75@$8 fancy and extra. Canadian flour sales superfine $5@5,10; Extra $5,50@6,40.

Wheat very dull and nominally 1@2c lower; sales trifling.

Corn heavy; sales 15,000 bush; mixed Western 69@73½c; Yellow 96c.

Oats drooping; sales Southern and Jersey 35@43c; Northern and Western 45@57c.

Pork unchanged; sales 250 bbls; Mess $16,90@$17; Prime $14,75@14,90.

Lard dull; sales 150 packages 10¾@11¼.

Stocks generally lower and dull. Government Stocks pretty firm.

Money easy and in fair demand at 3 on call and 4@5c for short best paper.

Sterling Exchange 110@110½.

Nothing on Groceries.

MARRIED,

At St. Johns Church, on the 2nd instant, by the Revd. J. S. Sykes, Mr. T. J. Munro, to Clarissa, youngest daughter of the late Benjamin Fretter, Esq, Chelsea, England.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Private Boxes..$4 00	Dress Circle....00 75
Family Circle..00 37½	Pit..........00 25

CHANGE OF TIME.

Doors open at half-past 7; Performance commences at 8 o'clock.

For a few nights only. The wonderful MARTINETTE and BLONDIN TROUPE.

This Evening, Monday, Oct. 4,

The Entertainments will commence with the Comic Pantomime of

ROBERT MACAIRE,

After which, Evolutions on the Tight Rope, To be followed by the

TYROLEAN ECHOES,

By Mlles. CAPEL, DESIREE, and Mons. IGNACIO.

The whole to conclude wit the Grand Pantomime, with astonnding Tricks, of the

GREEN MONSTER.

October 4. 235

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

EXHIBITORS in the INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT are requested to REMOVE their Articles THIS DAY, (Saturday,) October 2nd.

SUCCESSFUL COMPETITORS will RECEIVE the AMOUNT of their PRIZES, on application at the Secretary's Office, in the Industrial Building, THIS DAY, or at the Mechanics' Institute, any day next week.

All ACCOUNTS against this Department must be sent, without delay, to

A. A. STEVENSON,
Sec. Industrial Department.

October 2. u 234

THE ST. PATRICK'S BAZAAR

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR, under the direction of the Ladies of Charity of the St. Patrick's Congregation, will be held on MONDAY, the 4th OCTOBER, and Continued on the Following Days, in the

MECHANICS' HALL,

Great St. James Street.

☞ The Proceeds will be applied to the support of the ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, and the Clothing of destitute Children, attending School, during the approaching winter.

Octotber 2. 234

1858
PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.
FIRST PRIZE
CHEESE,
IS FOR SALE AT
P. T. MASSON & SON'S,
82 McGill Street.

Montreal, 2nd Oct., 1858. 1m-235

Advances on Produce.

THE undersigned continues to give liberal CASH ADVANCES on shipments of Produce consigned to his friends in London, Liverpool, and Glasgow.

Also on shipments to New York.

DAVID ALLAN POE.
Commission Merchant.
14 St. Sacrament Street.

Oct. 4. 235

RYAN BROTHERS & CO.

OFFER FOR SALE, on advantageous terms—

COGNAC BRANDY—in hhds, quarters and cases
HOLLANDS GIN—in hhds, quarters and cases
SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY—in hhds and quarters
JAMAICA RUM—in puncheons
PORT WIND—in pipes, hhds and quarters
SHERRY WINE—in butts, do, and octaves
MARSALA, COLLI AND BORDEAUX RED AND WHITE WINES—in hhds and quarters
GUINNESS' DUBLIN PORTER } in bottle
BYASS' LONDON ALE }
EAST INDIA AND SCOTCH ALE }
BORDEAUX VINEGAR—in hhds, tierces and quarters

—ALSO, IN BOTTLE,—

CHAMPAGNE—Clicquot, Moet, Creme de Bouzy and Golden Grape
BURGUNDY—Clos Vouglot, Romanie, Volnay
CLARET—Labrauche, St. Julien, Leoville
HOCK AND MOSELLE—Mersault, Haut Sauterne, &c

—ALSO,—

London Crushed Sugar, Teas, Currants, Rice, Nutmegs, Cheese, Pimento, Pickles, Sauces, Mushroom Ketchup, Olive Oil, Belgian Sperm Candles, Button Blue, Eau de Cologne, Walnuts, Sardines, Castor Oil, London Mustard, Paris White, Pale Seal Oil, Stoved Salt, Round and Split Herrings.

St. Peter Street,
Oct. 4, 1858. r 235

. & T. DOUGLAS.

215 ST. PAUL STREET,

HAVE ON HAND,

BLACK, Blue and Brown Whitneys
Petershams, brown, black and blue
Meltons, Beavers and Sealskins
Brown and black reversable Velvets
Doeskins, Satinets, and Cassimeres
Blankets, Flannels, Serges
Regattas, Blue Prints, Jean Stripes
Denims, Drills, Cotton Flannel
Cobourgs, Orleans, Ginghams, Tartons
Polkas, Hosiery, Flowers, Laces
Gloves, &c., &c.

—ALSO,—

300 pcs American Printed Linings
Bags, Wick, Yarn, Batts,
Wadding, Cording, &c., &c.

J. & T. DOUGLAS.

Oct. 4. r-235

GUNPOWDER. WINDOW GLASS
PIG IRON.

ENGLISH BLASTING F and FF GUNPOWDER
BELGIAN WINDOW GLASS—large assortment
GARTSHERRIE NO. 1 PIG IRON—100 tons

For Sale, at low prices, by
RYAN BROTHERS & CO.,
St. Peter Street.

October 4. r 235

LOCKFINE HERRINGS AND SCOTCH LING.

JUST LANDING, Ex "Harlequin," from Glasgow, and for Sale by

ALEX. McGIBBON,
Notre Dame Street.

Oct. 4. 235