

LAWRENCE DIVISION

Mr. Bickerdike will Remain Liberal Candidate

FINALLY MAKES THAT ANNOUNCEMENT AT A MEETING OF THE ST. LOUIS WARD CLUB.

The organizers of the Conservative party having chosen St. Lawrence Division as the scene of the opening meeting of their campaign in the Montreal district, the Liberal electors of the division responded to the attack upon their stronghold at the Monument National on Tuesday by placing their candidate definitely in the field last night. This was the result of a meeting of the St. Louis Ward Liberal Club, held in the cozy club rooms in the building of the Union St. Joseph. A number of the active workers of St. Lawrence ward were present on invitation.



MR. ROBERT BICKERDIKE, M.P.

tion of the club. Mr. Placide Daoust, president of the club, presided, and among those present were Mr. Robert Bickerdike, M.P., the Hon. H. B. Rainville, M.P., the Hon. W. A. Veir, M.P., Aldermen Payette and Lemay, ex-Aldermen Renaud and Lariviere, Messrs Robert Reid, Wm. Earle, James Harper, J. B. A. Lacombe, W. E. Doran, T. J. O'Neill, Wm. O'Brien, Louis Rubenstein, D. Jennings, Lazarus Rubenstein, and many others.

The chairman, after calling the meeting to order, explained the object of the meeting. The members of the club had seen it stated that Mr. Robert Bickerdike had announced his intention to withdraw from the constituency, and the members had at once taken steps to induce him to remain. St. Louis ward had given Mr. Bickerdike a warm reception in the last election, and he was the only candidate who was not asked to leave the ward. It was impossible to secure as strong and generally satisfactory a candidate as Mr. Bickerdike—a candidate as acceptable to the leaders of the party as to his constituents. A few requisition papers had been circulated throughout both wards in the division, and the result had convinced the club that in urging Mr. Bickerdike to remain, the candidate of the party they represented the wishes of the electorate as a whole.

Mr. Daoust concluded by reading in French the following address to Mr. Bickerdike, Mr. James Harper reading the same address in English.

To Mr. Robert Bickerdike, member of parliament for the St. Lawrence-St. Louis Division, Montreal:

Dear Sir,—We, the officers and members of the St. Louis Ward Liberal Club, with others of your friends and electors here assembled, seize the opportunity presented by this your first visit to our Club since the adjournment of the recent lengthy session of parliament to congratulate you upon your complete restoration to health, and to renew our pledges of devotion to the great Liberal party in this splendid division.

We beg to assure you that your constituents have closely watched your course both in parliament and out of it, and those of us who worked shoulder to shoulder with you to win for our beloved chief the glorious victory of 1900, have found in your straightforward and honorable career as their representative and as a champion of the interests of the city of Montreal as a whole, ample justification and reward for what they were privileged to do towards securing your election.

And we are pleased to add that it is not only those who, as active members of the Liberal party, participated in the labors of the electoral campaign, who feel that the hearty thanks of the community are due to you for the manner in which you have discharged your duty as a representative of this division. Even among those who opposed your election in 1900 are many who take pleasure in expressing their admiration of your manly, dignified and honorable course in parliament, particularly as regards the important transportation question.

This great central, metropolitan and cosmopolitan division—the division of all others where the two great races which form the bulk of the population of our country unite and happily mingle—requires a man of special attributes and disposition to adequately represent it, and the electors of this division, and the people of Canada as a whole, recognize that in you we have the right man—a man of broad views and calm, honest mind; a man who places honor above self, principle above expediency. We recognize in you a true Canadian, a man who loves his country, one who possesses a proper natural pride in the grand traditions of the race from which he sprang, but one who also knows and gladly recognizes the good qualities and natural ambitions of his brother Canadians of another race, and speaking another tongue than his own.

Future generations of Canadians will gladly acknowledge you as a loyal, and valued member of the great Canadian

who has done more than any other Canadian that ever lived to bring about a union of hearts in this broad Dominion—the Right Honorable Sir Wilfrid Laurier. You have devoted yourself like your eminent leader has, to the creation and fostering of a patriotic spirit of broad Canadianism, which must prevail universally throughout the Dominion if the great destiny of our beloved country is ever attained.

As patriotic Canadians, no less than as conscientious, earnest members of the great Liberal party, we congratulate ourselves that we have the honor to have such an admirable citizen and eminent member of our party as our divisional standard-bearer, realizing that so long as you continue in that capacity—and we hope that will be for many years to come—there can be no doubt of the position of St. Lawrence-St. Louis division as one of the strongest and most loyal constituencies in the Liberal phalanx.

We beg to assure you that we recognize the special obligations the constituency is under to you, and hold ourselves ready to give you our hearty, united and loyal support whenever the occasion calls for it.

Thanking you for honoring us with your presence to-night, and assuring you of our intense gratification at your complete recovery from your late unfortunate accident, we are your obedient servants and grateful constituents, the members of the St. Louis Ward Liberal Club.

The Hon. W. A. Veir, the Hon. H. B. Rainville, Mr. W. E. Doran, Capt. E. J. Chambers, Aldermen Lemay and Payette, Mr. Louis Rubenstein, Mr. T. J. O'Neill and Mr. Latulippe, president of the Letellier Club, were afterwards called upon to speak.

Mr. Daoust then presented to Mr. Bickerdike the requisitions asking him to continue to be the party candidate.

Mr. Bickerdike, in reply, stated that he had found his parliamentary duties very exacting. It was a serious matter for a man like himself, who had to attend to business, to earn a livelihood for himself and family, to absent himself for seven months at a time, and he sometimes wrote to Sir Wilfrid Laurier stating that in justice to himself he felt that he ought to retire, particularly as he understood that there were young men of fortune, leisure and ambition in the division anxious for the nomination. But Sir Wilfrid had looked at the matter differently and had specially urged him to remain as the party candidate. This request of the Prime Minister, backed by the address and requisitions just presented to him, he could not find the heart to refuse, and he would consent to remain the standard-bearer of the Liberal party, the candidate of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in St. Lawrence Division. Under the circumstances he could not do otherwise than accept the candidature, and it only remained for him to say that if elected he would continue to work for the advancement of the interests of the city of Montreal.

Mr. Bickerdike's acceptance was received with great enthusiasm, and the meeting closed with cheers for the King, Sir Wilfrid and Mr. Bickerdike.

ALD. LAPORTE ENDORSED

BY THE MONTREAL LICENSED VICTUALLERS' ASSOCIATION

At a meeting of the Licensed Victuallers' Association yesterday afternoon the candidature of Alderman Laporte for the mayoralty was endorsed, the following resolution being unanimously adopted:

Moved by Mr. Joseph Lamarche, and supported by Ald. Ekers, Ald. L. A. Lapointe, and Mr. E. L. Ethier:

That the Licensed Victuallers' Association, of Montreal, views with satisfaction the candidature of Alderman Laporte for the mayoralty of the city of Montreal, and this, not so much because Mr. Laporte is a member of this Association, and one of its advisers, but because he is thoroughly qualified to perform the duties incumbent upon the chief magistrate of our city. His education, experience and social standing are a guarantee of his competency and to these qualities must be added the claims which he has acquired to our consideration through his distinguished career, at the City Hall, as an Alderman and as chairman of the Finance Committee, in which capacity the reforms he has accomplished deserve our highest appreciation.

Be it, therefore, resolved, that the members of this Association are invited to give their earnest support to Alderman Laporte in the coming election, if not to secure his choice as mayor by acclamation, at least to obtain for him a sweeping majority.

The new president of the Association, Mr. Amédée Blondin, delivered his inaugural address, in the course of which he said that the time was charged with all the crimes committed in the city. It seemed as if nobody could think that outside of other reasons, a saloon-keeper's greatest interest was to boast of a well-kept establishment, were it only for the renewal of the license. It would be a genuine surprise to the people of Montreal if it were known that not more than one-seventh of the liquor drunk daily in the city was sold by hotel or restaurant keepers. There were also other allegations, but all these attacks only proved the absolute necessity of the trade being more united than it had ever been.

THE PROVINCIAL TREASURER

MR. McCORKILL WILL BE IN TOWN TO-MORROW.

The Hon. J. C. McCorkill, Provincial Treasurer, will be at the government offices, St. Gabriel street, to-morrow.

CROKER HONORED

New York, Nov. 11.—At a meeting of the governors of the Democratic Club to-night, Richard Croker was unanimously elected a life honorary member of the club. The honor is shared only by former President Cleveland.

FROM THE CAPITAL

THE PREMIER WILL VISIT MONTREAL NEXT WEEK—MR. PRÉFONTEAINE'S TOUR—THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The Premier will meet his party friends in Quebec to-day and the rest of this week. Part of next week he will spend in Montreal, and at both places no doubt he will have ample opportunity to ascertain the wishes of his supporters as regards the wisdom of appealing to the country this winter or waiting till after another session of parliament. There have been quite a few Liberal members here the last few days, and there is not the least doubt now but the majority look for another session before dissolution. Beyond question, the cabinet a few months ago was strongly disposed to favor an appeal to the country this fall or winter. And it may come yet. The point apparently is not finally disposed of in council. But the Quebec contingent, and indeed many others with them, are known to have used their utmost influence against the prospect of a campaign this year. Some of them cannot afford to alter the eight months' session. Others urge that there is absolutely no need of it; that it is not good policy. If Sir Wilfrid's health was ever in a grave condition, it is fully recovered again. On the whole, it looks as though this appeal would be sustained by the Premier and his fellow-ministers. But if you asked one of them straight whether there was going to be an election or not you need not look for a yes or no. As like as not, a look of mild astonishment would steal over the minister's face, and he would meet your query with a shrug.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE.
The Hon. Mr. Préfontaine will not get away on his tour of inspection throughout the Maritime Provinces before next week. He will be accompanied by his colleague, the Minister of Finance, and will take time enough to familiarize himself with the questions calling for his attention in all three provinces. The re-arrangement between the Public Works and Marine and Fisheries Departments, which is to add to the importance of the latter portfolio, will not take place till after Mr. Préfontaine's return. The legislation which passed parliament in this connection was of a very general character, and the changes themselves will depend a good deal on whether Mr. Préfontaine is to remain in the Department of Marine and Fisheries or to be moved across to the Department of Public Works.

THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

The main reason why the government has not before this undertaken the construction of the National Museum in Ottawa to safely house the priceless collection of geological and other specimens gathered by the Geological Survey was the difficulty in securing a desirable site. It was first contemplated to locate the edifice in what is known as Major's Hill Park, down toward Nepean Point. That is centrally situated, and belongs to the Crown, but the difficulty was that there did not seem to be room. Land is very dear in the central part of Ottawa, for all the business houses of consequence and the banks are crowded into four small blocks. So the Minister of Public Works has concluded that the wisest investment was to secure a large square of property three-quarters of a mile down Metcalfe street from the Parliament Buildings, and bounded by Macleod, O'Connor, Elgin streets and Argyle avenue. It was part of the Stewart estate, owned originally by the parents of Mr. Macleod Stewart, and contains the family homestead known as Appin Place. True, there are no office buildings in that part of the capital. It lies in the very centre of a select residential district, however, and as many a man, there is no reason why every department of government should be pressed into one block of buildings. At any rate, the Museum will contain few offices, if any, and it will be accessible from the very centre of Ottawa by two different street car routes. Naturally, property owners in that part of the city are pleased at the transaction on account of the betterment it will cause in real estate values thereabout. The price paid for the land is \$73,000, and the balance of a \$150,000 vote with which to set about the construction of the building. This will be begun just as soon as the necessary plans can be prepared and the contracts awarded. Provision will be made in the new building for the National Art Gallery of Canada.

LABOR CONGRESS

MR. JAMES SIMPSON, OF TORONTO, DISCUSSES CANADIAN QUESTIONS.

Boston, Nov. 11.—At the opening of the forenoon sitting of the Labor Congress to-day, Mr. William Mullen, a fraternal delegate from the Textile Operatives' organization of Great Britain, was called upon by President Compers for a brief address. Mr. Mullen spoke of the trade conditions in Great Britain.

Mr. James O'Grady, the other English delegate, was also heard. He said the success of the unionists in England has been due to the fact that they have adapted themselves to the conditions surrounding them. Mr. O'Grady made an earnest plea that the representatives of labor both in America and England join hands in one great universal body of organized labor.

Mr. James Simpson, of Toronto, the fraternal delegate from the Canadian Trades Congress, and a member of the International Typographical Union, asked that the federation take some action approving the action of Canadian trades unions in joining the Canadian Trades Congress. Mr. Simpson urged unity between the working people of the United States and Canada.

Mr. Compers, president of the federation, presented each of the fraternal delegates with an official badge, appropriately inscribed, at the same time responding to the addresses.

At the convention of the American Federation of Labor to-day a plan for an international labor confederation was presented with great enthusiasm. This international alliance was proposed by Mr. James O'Grady, fraternal delegate to the federation from Great Britain, who urged that the laboring element in England and America work in harmony.

Mayor Collins to-night entertained the delegates at a banquet.

THE 'SOO' WORKS

SENATOR DANDURAND PROMISES AN EARLY REPORT ON NEGOTIATIONS.

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—Senator Dandurand speaking to-night, said a statement of the 'Soo' negotiations would likely be made by the middle of next week.

PRIVY COUNCIL

APPEAL GRANTED IN ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND VS. ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF CANADA.

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—The Privy Council to-day granted special leave to appeal in the case of the Attorney-General of Prince Edward Island versus the Attorney-General of the Dominion.

This is a case regarding representation of Prince Edward Island in the Dominion Parliament. The appeal mentioned will likely be heard during the February term.

THE PATENT LAW

THE ASSIMILATION OF BRITISH AND COLONIAL LAW DISCUSSED BY MANCHESTER BOARD.

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—At a meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce the resolution proposed at the Montreal Congress regarding the diverse systems of the patent law and patent law administration in various parts of the Empire was discussed. The chemical section of the Chamber proposed to give renewed consideration not only to the question of assimilating British and colonial law, but also the reforms in British law still urgently needed. The minute was adopted by the Board.

BIBLE SOCIETY

DEPUTATION SENDING HOME GLOWING REPORTS FROM CANADA.

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—The deputation from the British and Foreign Bible Society are sending home glowing reports of the enthusiasm with which they have been received in Canada. That country has promised £10,000 for the Centenary Fund.

WIND GAUGE SIGHT

ONE RECENTLY ADOPTED BY WAR OFFICE STRONGLY CONDEMNED BY EXPERTS.

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—The new wind gauge sight, adopted by the War Office is being strongly condemned by expert judges, who claim that the Peddie wind gauge sight is on a much better principle. German and French authorities, it is believed, are strongly in favor of the Peddie sight.

OUR NEW BANKS

'FINANCIAL TIMES' COMMENTS CANADIAN FINANCIAL ACTIVITY.

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—The 'Financial Times' regarding the incorporation of fresh banks in Canada, says that Canadian banking has been developed along such conservative lines that the formation of new banks is most unusual. That power should have been taken to form eight new banks speaks volumes for the financial activity prevailing in the country.

DR. DAVID EATON

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—Doctor David Eaton, who recently declined a professional chair, is filling temporarily the chair of Dr. Smith in the Glasgow Free Church College.

EXPORTS TO BRITAIN

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—The Board of Trade statistics give imports from Canada for the eight months ending Aug. 1901, as £25,981,000; 1902, £27,768,000; 1903, £33,883,000; exports for the same three years respectively, £21,265,000, £24,833,000, £26,866,000.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS

(Canadian Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 12.—Many Canadians and city merchants are dissatisfied with the new arrangement in the transatlantic mail service, and the claim that the American line steamers will expedite delivery of London mails by two days, is considered absurd.

ELECTED DEAN OF CATHEDRAL

Albany, N.Y., Nov. 12.—At the meeting of the All Saints Cathedral Congregation to-day, the Rev. Henry Russell Talbot, of Boston, Mass., was elected dean of the cathedral, to succeed the Rev. Wilford Robbins.

WILL NOT RESIGN

Rome, Nov. 12.—Premier Giolitti, yielding to the insistence of King Victor Emmanuel, has abandoned his intention of resigning.

BIG CHICAGO STRIKE

EMPLOYEES OF THE CITY RAILWAY COMPANY GO OUT.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—At four o'clock this morning the strike of the union employees of the Chicago City Railway Company began, and, when the residents of the south and south-west sides of the city started for their places of business, they were without their usual transportation facilities. Beginning at midnight the trainmen gradually took their cars to the seven barns of the company scattered throughout the system and left them there. In the shops, barns and power-houses the union workers laid down their tools and quit, declaring that they would remain idle until the company decided to arbitrate the issue that brought on the controversy.

Notwithstanding statements by officials of the company that no attempt would be made to run cars except for postal service, a few passenger cars were started this morning early on various lines. The result was trouble, almost instantly the first instance reported being the intimidation and flight of a non-union crew on the Cottage Grove avenue line. The cars were without passengers. That disturbances might be expected to-day was indicated by the wide distribution of a proclamation by Mayor Carter-Harrison, warning citizens to keep off the streets along lines of the city railway.

With general orders to remain in reserve, details of police were sent to the various car barns. The first car started was a mail car. It was not harmed during its entire trip. In all two hundred and five policemen were detailed to the different car barns.

Following the trip of the mail car, efforts were made by the street car company to move passenger cars with non-union crews. Four trains were started on the Cottage Grove avenue line, bound toward the business district. At 11th street an obstruction upon the rails blocked the trains. A crowd of strikers had assembled, and shouts and jeers greeted the train cars. A shower of stones followed, and car windows were smashed.

One man, a non-union conductor, is said to have been injured in the first clash. A mail car following the first passenger train was also derailed near the scene of the blockade. Besides the police detailed for service at the several barns, as many more were quickly made available to respond to emergency calls.

A car on the Wentworth avenue line proceeded north with little difficulty until Van Buren street was reached. There its passage was blocked by trucks and delivery wagons, which gathered by the score, locked wheels and refused to move. Cars of the Union Traction Company also helped to make the blockade complete. Thousands of pedestrians on their way to work massed in the street added to the confusion and hampered the police in their efforts to clear a way for the stranded car. It soon became apparent that a determined effort was being made by the company to break the strike at the inception. The passenger cars on the Cottage Grove and Wentworth avenue lines came along quickly as soon as mail cars were safely out of sight. No policemen rode in the cars, which were almost invariably empty. Patrons apparently preferred to walk or make long detours to steam and elevated lines rather than risk injury.

The first passenger car on the Wentworth avenue line carried two women. Strikers say that the women were put there by the Street Car Company to test the attitude of the union toward passengers. This was the car which was promptly blocked by the teamsters.

The strike was ordered with only four dissenting votes. The strike is to enforce a demand for a wage increase of 25 percent and recognition of the union. About 3,000 employees are involved, and 220 miles of surface track, part cable and part electric.

Officials of the union, fearing interference with the operation of the United States mail service would result in calling in of troops from Fort Sheridan to protect the cars, instructed motormen on mail cars to report for duty as usual.

Union men who reported at the various barns to take out the mail cars were told by the barn bosses, it is said, that they must take off their union buttons if they intended to work. This a number of the men refused to do.

The railway company refused the services of a union crew for a mail car sent out on 63rd street. The union crew reported for work and were told by the barn boss that they were not needed. The car was manned by a non-union crew, and the strikers said that the company had played one of its strongest cards for federal interference.

BRITISH FOOD FISH

BIG AMERICAN SYNDICATE WILL TRANSPORT THEM TO THE UNITED STATES.

London, Nov. 12.—It is stated that an American syndicate is being formed with a capital of £2,000,000, to transport British food fish to the American market. The scheme includes the purchase of a number of Aberdeen trawlers to convey catches to Glasgow, where they will be packed in refrigerators on line steamers.

THE LYNN CANAL

Canada Would Buy a Strip of Territory to Allow Free Access to the Ocean.

BUT THERE IS A DOUBT WHETHER AMERICANS WOULD SELL.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—If our neighbors could be induced to accept a reasonable compensation in dollars and cents, Canada would probably buy land enough at the head of the Lynn canal to enable our goods to pass in and out of the Yukon without having to cross Uncle Sam's domain. The territory in question is of no particular value to them. There is no gold in it. At least none has so far been discovered, and prospectors have ranged it pretty thoroughly because of its proximity to the coast. The only traffic through these Lynn canal ports is to and from the Canadian gold fields beyond.

But would the republic sell? Apparently not. The 'Witness' correspondent put the question to a member of the cabinet, and his reply was an emphatic shake of the head. From what he could gather of the disposition of American public men, they would not consent to the transaction. The all-Canadian railway line to the Klondike must therefore extend from Port Simpson.

When the award of the Alaska Boundary Commission has been ratified by the two governments concerned there will still be a portion of the line to be delimited—something between 100 and 150 miles—and the opinion of one who has given the matter some study is that it will require a separate treaty to secure the recognition of the boundary along this stretch. The commissioners did not think they had data enough to lay down the exact location of the boundary in this locality. Canada would a good deal rather have seen the whole matter cleared up at once. Still, it may not necessarily involve the expense of an arbitration to complete the line. A joint commission of surveyors may be able to agree among themselves, and that would end the thing.

NEW RAILWAY PLAN

LINE PROJECTED FROM ST. LOUIS TO NEW ORLEANS.

New York, Nov. 11.—The outline of Mr. George J. Gould's plan for building a new tidewater line from St. Louis to New Orleans was made public to-day in an application to the Interstate Commerce Commission for a \$12,242,000 St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern lines, Gulf division, first mortgage, four percent, thirty-year bonds, which represent that portion of the authorized \$20,000,000 that have been sold. Mr. Gould recently estimated the total cost of these improvements at between forty and fifty million dollars.

The purpose for which the bonds will be used, as stated in detail in the application to let, include the purchase of the St. Louis Valley Railway, the White River Railway Company, the Memphis, Helena & Louisiana Railway Company and other lines. The application also recites that terminal, ferry and other properties are to be purchased at St. Louis, East St. Louis and Thebes, that various extensions are to be made, lines to be double-tracked and other improvements consummated. Although only \$12,242,000 of these bonds have been actually issued and sold, \$20,000,000 have been underwritten.

VALUABLE ENGRAVINGS

THREE THOUSAND CHODOWIEKI ARTIST'S PROOFS FOUND IN ILLINOIS.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—A magnificent collection of three thousand of the original artist's proof engravings of Daniel Chodowiecki, the most noted German engraver of the eighteenth century, has been received at Leipzig from the United States. For over thirty years the collection has been on a farm in Belleville, Ill., in the possession of Mr. George Bunsen, the great grandson of the artist.

CHINA AND RUSSIA

THE FORMER IS PREPARED TO TAKE THE FIELD IN MANCHURIA.

London, Nov. 12.—According to despatches from Tientsin and Shanghai, Viceroy Yuan Shih Kai and General Ma have informed the throne that forty-five thousand men are ready to take the field against the Russians in Manchuria, and that they are prepared to march on Sunday next.

FAIR AND MILD

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Nov. 13, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures:—Victoria, 44-56; Calgary, 24-32; Gr. Apple, 30-41; Pelly Sound, 42-54; Toronto, 32-41; Ottawa, 42-51; Montreal, 45-40; Quebec, 46-40; Halifax, 50-45.

Fair and mild to-day; showers towards morning and on Friday; fresh to strong south-west to south winds. A fresh, heavy gale has prevailed over the lake region, attended by a moderate rainfall. In Quebec a few showers have occurred, and in the Maritime Provinces heavy rains. In Manitoba and the Territories the weather is cold.

1623 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Nov. 12, 1903.—Readings by the Optical Engineer's Supply Company's Standard Barometer at noon:—
Yesterday, 30.05; to-day, 29.95.
Temperature:—
To-day, 45-55; to-day, 45-55.
Wednesday, 45-55; to-day, 45-55.

THE ONTARIO SCANDAL

Crossin has Callaghan Locked up on a Charge of Theft

LATEST PHASE OF THE GAMEY-CROSSIN-STRATTON AFFAIR.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—Mr. Callaghan, the affiant in the declaration made yesterday which implicated Mr. Stratton, the Ontario Provincial Secretary, in the Gamey-Crossin muddle, has lived in Toronto for nearly twenty years, following the occupation of a piano agent. He formerly resided in Peterborough, where he was acquainted with Mr. Stratton. His connection with the case was established chiefly through the agency of James A. MacDonald, Mr. Gamey's solicitor. The member for Manitoulin has been in the city for two days.

The Hon. J. R. Stratton, when seen in the connection, denied having had such dealings with Callaghan and said that Callaghan did call at his office, he and Mr. Stratton discussed no matter as to those which are referred to in Callaghan's statements. He had pictures that Callaghan was not call with any good intention, and took a precaution of having his chief clerk, Mr. Meyers, in the room during his conversation with Callaghan. Mr. Stratton declared: "Every word uttered in Callaghan's declaration in reference to me is untrue. I will make no other statement further than this for the present. Mr. Johnston will no doubt make his own statement in the matter." Mr. Johnston also denies the truth of Callaghan's declaration.

CALLAGHAN ARRESTED.
Toronto, Nov. 11.—Ed. Crossin has sworn out warrants for the arrest of William H. Callaghan, charging the latter with stealing \$180, the price of a piano Callaghan sold for him. The warrant was put in force at midnight, Mr. Callaghan being found at Toronto Junction, and he was at once taken to Toronto and locked up in No. 7 police station, charged with theft.

UNITED STATES AND CUBA

REPUBLICANS WILL NOT SERIOUSLY OPPOSE RECIPROCITY TREATY.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 11.—Mr. Cannon, the Speaker, was assured to-day by one of the prominent leaders of the Opposition to Cuban reciprocity in the last Congress that there would be little or no opposition among Republicans to the bill carrying into effect the Cuban reciprocity treaty. He told the Speaker that the attempt to form an opposition had failed, and that the Republicans would not join the Democrats in voting the Morris differential amendment on the bill. The Speaker was assured that the sentiment among Republicans was to stand by the Speaker; that it would be impolitic to have a division of the party at the beginning of the session.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRADE CALLED TO DISCUSS THE QUESTION.

The members of the Board of Trade will meet next Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock to discuss the question of preferential trade within the Empire.

This was decided upon at the regular meeting of the council yesterday afternoon, at the request of several members who desired that a special meeting should be called for that purpose.

The board of examiners for the inspection of pot and pearl ashes sent the following communication to the Council:

"In the matter of the vacant inspectorship of pot and pearl ashes, I beg to inform you that while Mr. Major has at the request of this board, and with the consent of the Department of Trade and Commerce, agreed to perform the duties of an inspector for a short period, there is no prospect, under the present onerous conditions of the act, of a gentleman with the necessary technical knowledge being found willing to take his place; yet it is absolutely necessary to the continuance of the trade in pot and pearl ashes that there should be inspection of the article by a competent inspector."

The examiners believe that the only satisfactory solution of the difficulty is for the government to take charge of the office and to appoint an inspector at a fixed salary, the government recouping itself from the inspection fees. Nothing short of such an arrangement will safeguard the interest of the producers and insure the continuance of the trade in this article. It is further urged that the inspection of pot and pearl ashes for export be made compulsory.

The board of examiners therefore asks the council to represent the situation to the department, and to urge the appointment of a salaried inspector for the inspection of pot and pearl ashes, at the earliest possible date, and that, as soon thereafter as it can be arranged, the inspection be made compulsory upon all pot and pearl ashes exported.

It was decided to communicate the letter with the council's endorsement to the Department of Trade and Commerce. Letters and resolutions extended to the Congress delegates have been received from Plymouth, Huddersfield, Swansea and Cardiff.

The Marine Department of the Imperial Board of Trade wrote approving the amendment of the Montreal port warden regulations adopted on July 15 last, which provided that the port warden may at his discretion, permit vessels that have specially constructed high hatch coamings, the capacity of which is not less than three percent of the contents of the hold or bin, to use said hatch coamings as grain feeders; but such permission shall not be given before May 1, nor after Oct. 1.

Before the meeting adjourned the following gentlemen were admitted to membership: Messrs. H. H. Snowden, Mr. G. Richardson and Mr. Barclay McPherson.

COLONIAL HOUSE, Phillips Square.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY.

5 PERCENT DISCOUNT FOR CASH IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER DISCOUNTS OR REDUCTIONS.

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

Centre Tables containing Assorted Odd Lines of Choice Materials, in LIGHT and HEAVY WEIGHTS.

At 25 p.c., 33 1-3 p.c. and 50 p.c. Discounts.

MEN'S HAT DEPARTMENT.

Our entire stock of ENGLISH SILK HATS, made from Christy & Co., and Thos. Townsend & Co.'s Fall Shapes, less 20 Percent.

15 doz. SOFT HATS, TWEEDS, ROUGH FELTS, STITCHED FELTS, AND BLACK FUR FELTS, at \$1.50. 10 doz. BOYS' AND MEN'S WINTER CAPS, Tie Tops and Pulled Down Band for 50 cents each.

5 doz. ENGLISH UMBRELLAS, Gloria Silk Cover, guaranteed frames, Pretty Handles, Steel Rods, Cased; regular \$4.00, less 20 Percent.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.

1 Line of COLORED FRENCH CAMBRIC SHIRTS, Soft Bosom, Cuffs, Pretty Patterns, less 20 Percent.

1 Lot of NEAT SUSPENDERS, Light and Durable, 50c less 20 Percent.

1 Lot of FLOWING END TIES, Best English make, Fall Patterns, Light and Dark; regular 75c and 90c, for 50c.

15 doz. BEST MOCHA AND RUSSIA KID GLOVES, Warm Lining, neat article, Best's make; prices \$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.90, for \$1.25.

25 doz. COLLARS, 4-PLY, Good Styles, Pure Linen, sizes 14 to 16 1/2; regular 20c, for 10c.

10 doz. DERBY 4-IN-HAND TIES, made by Lloyd, Attree & Smith, London, England, good quality of Silk, Rich Patterns, Fall Colors; regular 50c, 60c and 75c, for 25c.

5 doz. BOYS' SWEATERS, Colors Navy, Red and White, Good shape; regular 75c and 90c, less 20 Percent.

50 Pairs GOLD-PLATED CUFF LINKS, Rich Patterns, very sound and durable; Saturday, 50c.

CURTAIN DEPARTMENT.

20 PERCENT DISCOUNT OFF ALL NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS.

FRILLED MUSLIN CURTAINS.

BOBBINET SASH CURTAINS.

COLORED MUSLIN CURTAINS.

MADE-UP CUSHIONS.

TAPESTRY TABLE COVERS.

ALL REMNANTS OF FURNITURE COVERINGS AND CURTAIN MATERIALS in lengths of from about 1 to 3 yards.

WALL PAPER & DECORATIONS

WALL PAPER for Dining-Rooms, Halls and Libraries; regular 50c to \$1.00 Single Roll, less 50 Percent.

WALL PAPERS for Parlors, Dining-Rooms, Halls and Libraries; regular 30c to 75c Single Roll, less 50 Percent.

WALL PAPERS for Bedrooms, Sitting-Rooms, Boudoirs and Dress; regular 25c to 75c Single Roll, less 50 Percent.

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

PAINTING in all its branches, WALL HANGINGS in PAPER, SILK, TAPESTRY, BURLAP, and other Fabrics.

RELIEF WORK, TINTING, FRESCOING AND COLORING.

Orders promptly executed. Estimates given.

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

PARLOR TABLES.

Mahogany Inlaid, good designs, assorted sizes, less 25 Percent.

MUSIC CABINETS.

In Oak, Imitation and Solid Mahogany, less 20 Percent.

DRESSING TABLES.

Odd Pieces of Broken Sets, in Birch, Oak, Bird's-Eye Maple and Mahogany, less 20 Percent.

LIBRARY TABLES.

Round and Oblong, in Antique Oak and Flemish Oak, less 33 1-3 Percent.

HALL STANDS.

In Weathered Oak and Golden Mahogany, good designs, less 20 Percent.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

COLORED CLOTH COLLARS FOR COSTUMES, less 20 Percent.

BLACK SILK COLLARS, less 10 Percent.

COLORED PERSIAN BANDS, less 20 Percent.

COLORED DROP ORNAMENTS, less 20 Percent.

BLACK AND WHITE DROP ORNAMENTS, less 10 Percent.

WHITE CHIFFON APPLIQUE, less 10 Percent.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

ALL TRIMMED MILLINERY, Less 20 Percent.

CHILDREN'S SAILOR HATS, Latest New York Styles, less 20 Percent.

SERGE AND LEATHER TAM-O'-SHANTERS, in colors of Navy, Fawn, Cardinal and Brown, suitable for Boys or Girls, HALF-PRICE.

CHILDREN'S WHITE SILK HEADWEAR, Hats and Bonnets, less 20 Percent.

CHILDREN'S WINTER DRESSES, less 33 1-3 Percent.

CORSETS! CORSETS!

20 doz. IMPORTED CORSETS, original price, \$3.50 a pair; to clear at 50c; sizes, 18, 19, 24, 26 and 35.

LADIES' WAISTS.

FALL WAISTS, in Plain Flannel, Cardinal, Navy and Black; were \$3.50, for \$2.80.

In Spotted Flannel, Red and White, Black and White; were \$2.50, for \$2.20.

In Albatross, Light Blue, Royal and Black; were \$3.50, for \$2.80.

In Cashmere, Cardinal, Navy and Black; were \$3.00, for \$2.40.

In Mohr, Navy and Black; were \$4.25, for \$3.40.

PRINT DEPARTMENT.

FINEST QUALITY SCOTCH GINGHAMS, 20c, 45c and 50c per yard, less 33 1-3 Percent.

CRETONNES, 25c, 35c, 45c and 50c per yard, less 33 1-3 Percent.

LADIES' SHOE DEPARTMENT.

120 Pairs LADIES' LACE AND BUTTON BOOTS, regular prices, \$3.00 to \$3.95, for \$2.50; irregular sizes only.

50 Pairs LADIES' VICI KID LACED BOOTS, Hand Turn Soles, French Heels; regular \$3.50, for \$3.00; all sizes.

60 pairs LADIES' ENAMEL CALF LACED BOOTS, Goodyear welt; regular, \$4.50, for \$3.50.

40 pairs LADIES' KID OPERA SLIP-PEERS, leather heels; regular, \$1.75, for \$1.25; irregular sizes.

50 pairs MISSES' VICI KID LACED AND BUTTON BOOTS, light soles; regular \$2.25 and \$2.50, less 50 percent. Irregular sizes only.

30 pairs MISSES' BOX CALF LACED AND BUTTON BOOTS; regular, \$2.25 and \$2.50, less 50 percent. Irregular sizes only.

MEN'S SHOE DEPARTMENT.

MEN'S BOX CALF LACED BOOTS, Goodyear welted; regular \$3.50 and \$4.00, for \$3.00. All sizes.

MEN'S VELOUR AND RUSSIA CALF AND VICI KID LACED BOOTS, Goodyear welted; regular, \$3.50 and \$4.00, for \$3.00. Irregular sizes only.

MEN'S TAN WILLOW AND VELOUR CALF LACED BOOTS; irregular sizes only. Regular price, \$5.00, for \$3.00. Will dye same a permanent Black for 25 cents extra.

A few pairs MEN'S FRENCH PATENT CALF LACED BOOTS; regular, \$3.50, for \$2.50.

SPECIAL—A line of Men's Very Finest grade GLORIA PATENT CALF LACED AND BUTTON BOOTS; regular, \$7.00, for \$5.00. Irregular sizes only.

QUILTS and LINENS.

DOWN QUILTS, less 20 percent.

WHITE QUILTS, less 20 percent.

COLORED COUNTERPANES, less 20 percent.

FLANNELS, less 20 percent.

FLANNELLETTES, less 20 percent.

REMNANTS FLANNEL and FLANNELLETTES, less 20 percent.

TABLECLOTHS and NAPKINS, less 20 percent.

DOYLIES, TEA and TRAY CLOTHS, less 20 percent.

HUCK and BATH TOWELS, less 20 percent.

REMNANTS LINENS, less 20 percent.

WHITE COTTONS, less 20 percent.

RIBBONS, Etc.

SPECIAL.

DUCHESSE SATIN RIBBON, All Silk, 4 1/2 inch, 25c per yard. Usual price, 35c, in following shades: White, Ivory, Sky, New Brown, Rose, Pink, Black, Nile, Navy, Brown, Mails, Turquoise, Cardinal, Sapphire, Reseda, Geneva.

Soft finished SATIN RIBBON for fancy work, 3/4, 2 1/4, 1 1/2 and 1 inch, less 20 percent.

WHITE NECK RUFFS, less 50 percent.

BLACK NECK RUFFS, less 33 1-3 percent.

An assortment of Emb. HANDKERCHIEFS, from 20c to 60c, less 20 percent.

WASH NECKWEAR, less 50 percent.

Colored Emb. TURNOVER COLLARS, less 50 percent.

Small Emb. SQUARES, for trimming lace, 15c.

Special lot of LADIES' HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, 1-4 and 1-2 inch; prices, 12c, 15c and 20c each, for \$1.35, \$1.65 and \$2.25 dozen.

LACE COFFEE JACKETS, less 20 percent.

Small assortment of GUIPURE LACES, Butter and Paris, less 20 percent.

LACE BLOUSES, White and Butter, less 50 percent.

SMALLWARES and NOTIONS.

Special lines of Mercerized, Cushion Sets, comprising 3 yards cord and 3 tassels; price for Saturday, 50c.

Special Table comprising the following articles: Feather Dusters, Sleeve Protectors, Needlecases, Belts, Buckles, Sash Pins, Ladies' Belts, Pearl Neckwear, Hatpins, Back and Side Combs, Pompadour Combs, Saturday, 15c.

KLEINERT'S DRESS SHIELDS, in sizes 2, 3, 4; regular, 25c pair. Saturday, 15c, or \$1.50 dozen.

BEST ITALIAN HORN HAIRPINS, 1 dozen in box; Saturday, 25c.

20 percent off the following articles for Saturday: Belts and Buckles of all kinds; Blouse Sets of all kinds; Beaded Chains of all kinds, and Turkey and Ostrich Feather Dusters.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

BLACK FANCY MOHAIR, 44 inch, 35c.

BLACK FANCY MOHAIR, 44 inch, 50c.

BLACK FANCY MOHAIR, 44 inch, 75c.

BLACK FANCY MOHAIR, 44 inch, \$1.00.

BLACK VOILE DE PARIS, 44 inch, \$1.00.

BLACK NEBIENNE, 42 inch, 75c.

BLACK FRENCH TWILL, 42 inch, 60c.

BLACK FANCY JACQUARD, 42 in., \$1.75 and \$2.00, all less 20 percent.

BLACK FANCY DRESS PATTERNS, 7 yards; prices ranging from \$12.25 to \$17.50.

REMNANTS BLACK DRESS GOODS, from 1 yard to 4 1/2 yards, less 20 percent.

BLACK STRIPE BONTON HOME-SPUN.

BLACK CHECK BONTON HOME-SPUN.

BLACK STRIPE ZEBELINE CHEVROT.

BLACK FANCY ZEBELINE.

BLACK FANCY BONTON.

Prices ranging from 75c to \$2.00, less 33 1-3 percent.

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT.

NOTEPAPEL.

NEWTON MILL LINEN WOVE, square shape, 1 lb. packet; regular, 25c; special 20c.

ENVELOPES.

NEWTON MILL LINEN WOVE, to match; regular 75c, for 25c; Special, 20c.

White, Azure and Blue Shades.

LADIES' GLOVES.

A SNAP FOR SMALL HANDS. Trefoil and Alexander KID GLOVES, colored and black fancy emb. backs, 3 buttons, 3 clasps and 7 lace hooks, \$1.50, for 50c.

LADIES' UNDRRESSED KID GLOVES in Modes, Greys and Tans, emb. backs, 2 clasps, \$1.15, for 75c.

1 lot WOOLEN and CASHMERE GLOVES, less 50 percent.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

PLAID SILKS, with Chenney Effects, something quite new, less 33 1-3 Percent.

Small Pattern FIGURED SILKS for Shirt Waists, less 33 1-3 Percent.

DARK GROUND SILKS, in Stripes and Figures, less 33 1-3 Percent.

LOUISINE MOIRE, less 33 1-3 Percent.

VENETIAN SILKS, with all over Lace Effect, less 50 Percent.

Also COLORED SILKS, in Stripes and Figures, less 50 Percent.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SIMPLE AUTOMATIC, PATTERNER after the Wilcox and Gibbs; price \$50.00, for \$30.

THE NEW LEADER HAND, Iron Base, \$14.00, for \$12.60.

THE NEW LEADER, Wood Base, and Cover, \$17.00, for \$15.30.

THE NEW LEADER, 3 Drawers, Dark Oak, \$22.00, for \$19.80.

THE NEW LEADER, DROP HEAD, \$28.00, for \$23.40.

TOY DEPARTMENT.

A Table of DOLL at HALF PRICE.

A Table of GENERAL TOYS, less 25 p.c.

CONFECTIONERY.

CLEAR BOILED MIXTURES, all Fruit Flavors, 15c lb.

MAPLE KISSES, 15c lb.

ENGLISH EVERTON TOFFEE, 25c lb.

BUTTER CUPS, 25c lb.

PEPPERMINT HUMBUGS, 20c lb.

PEPPERMINT CREAMS, 20c lb.

ASSORTED CHOC., 30c lb.

ASSORTED FRUIT PASTE, 40c lb.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT.

We have just received the Latest Electrical Novelties, consisting of the following:—ELECTRIC HEATING PADS to take the place of Hot Water Bottles.

The most serviceable FLASH LIGHT yet invented for all purposes where light is required instantly.

WATCH STANDS with ever ready Electric Lamps.

ELECTRIC CANDLES, SCARF PINS, CIGAR LIGHTERS, FLAT IRONS, CURLING TONG HEATERS, HOUSE LAMPS, ETC., ETC.

ELECTRIC BRACKETS in all the Latest Finishes, 50c up.

ELECTROLIERS, from \$3.00.

HALL FIXTURES with Ball Shade, complete, \$2.00.

STUDENTS ELECTRICAL PORTABLES, complete with Cord and Attachment Plug, \$3.00.

Repairs promptly executed by Competent Electricians.

All kinds of Alterations, such as Gas Fixtures, Coal Oil Lamps, Candelabras, etc., transformed into electric.

Special attention given to House Wiring, Bells, etc., etc.

ELECTRICAL DECORATIONS FOR Balls, Receptions, etc., executed on the shortest notice.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Boys' Suits and

Winter Overcoats.

BOYS' NORFOLK DARK TWEED SUITS, winter weight; regular price \$5.50 and \$7.50. For Saturday \$3.25.

BOYS' 3-PIECE SUITS, Dark Check and Fancy Mixed; regular \$5

Weekly Calendar.

WINDSOR HALL.
ALL NEXT WEEK, Every Evening at 8.15.
MATINEES Tues., Thurs. & Sat. at 3.
LIVING CANADA.
 Absolutely New Series of Animated Pictures, including the Season's Sensation, 'Wonders of the Deep,' 'The Unseen World,' 'Rise and Fall of Napoleon,' etc., etc.
 Popular Prices: Admission, 25c; Reserved Seats, 50c.
 Seats on Sale at Shaw's Music Store. Prices for Children at Matinees, 10c.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12.

SPECIAL SERVICES
CALVIN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

5005 Notre Dame Street.
November 9-13, 1903.
 At 5 p.m. each day.

THURSDAY—REV. JAS. FLECK, M.A.
FRIDAY—REV. W. D. REID, B.D.
 All are cordially welcome.
 Come, and bring your friends with you.
J. LYALL GEORGE, Minister.

Art Association,
PHILIPPS SQUARE.

ART ASSOCIATION CLASSES.

PAINTING CLASS.
 A PAINTING CLASS (from the Drapeau Model) will be held on Wednesday, 4 p.m. to 6 p.m., from 1 to 4 o'clock, commencing November 14th.
 The Advanced Art Classes are held every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Mornings from 9 to 12.30. The class-rooms are open daily for study.
 For particulars apply to the Secretary.

TO-NIGHT At 8.15

Under the patronage of Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess Minto.

Madame PATTI

Sole of seats at Pratte, Nordheimer & Glendon's, 2461 St. Catherine St. W. Phone UP 9471.
 Prices—\$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$4 and \$5. Boxes, (6), \$50.

Sir Algernon Coote, Bart.

Vice-President of the B. & F. Bible Society

Will address a meeting in Synod Hall, University Street.

THURSDAY, NOV. 12TH, 8 P.M.
 All persons interested in THE BIBLE and its Mission to the World are invited.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

A SUNSHINE SALE
and CONUNDRUM TEA

will be given by the BOYS' SUNSHINE CLUB of Westmount, in VICTORIA HALL, Westmount Park.

SATURDAY, Nov. 14th, 3 to 10 p.m.
 Admission 10c.

Voting contest for the most popular Westmount Teacher, Councillor and Member of the Westmount A.A.A.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16.

M.A.A.A.

SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING.

The Semi-Annual Meeting of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association will be held in the Club House, 123 Mansfield St., on

MONDAY, 16th Nov., at 8.15 p.m.
 Business—To receive the Treasurer's half-yearly cash statement and to transact general business.
 Large attendance requested.
R. HERBERT BROWN, Sec. Treas.

NONDESCRIPTS AT VERDUN.

The Non-descript Players, of Lechêne, visited the Protestant Hospital for the Insane last evening, and treated the inmates to an excellent rendition of the two-act comedy 'Eloquence' and the farce 'Nan, the Good-for-nothing.' Both pieces were greeted with unstinted applause, which they well deserved. The performers were Mrs. Henry E. Codd, Mrs. C. Herbert Colson, Miss Henry, Mr. C. Herbert Colson, Mr. Henry E. Codd, Mr. Arthur W. Hooper, Mr. S. H. Ward, Jr., Mr. C. F. Noble and Mr. Verey.

CANADA DOES NOT SUIT THEM.

About forty men of different nationalities—English, Swedish, Polish and Russian—who came out from the Old Country within the last two years, to till the virgin soil of Manitoba and Alberta, are now staying at Stillwell's Hotel, waiting for the C. P. R. steamer 'Lake Manitoba,' to sail to-morrow morning. Some of them are rejoicing in such cognomens as Miralovich, Krasinski, Jarouski and Talkowsky. They are dissatisfied with conditions in the North-West.

'We are going back to Buckinghamshire,' said one young, strapping Englishman, 'where we don't have to do two days' work in one, where we don't have to pay fifteen cents for whiskey, and where the farmers don't hate to pay you what is coming to you. No, sir, no more Canada for me. Old England is good enough for me.'

BLIZZARD IN MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 12.—Despatches from northern Michigan tell of a blizzard and six inches of snow at Calumet and through the copper country and the same conditions at Cadillac.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00, with reduction to clubs. Northern Messenger, thirty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy. Post paid in each case to Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, United States and its colonies, Transvaal, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia, Sarawak, Bahamas Islands, Zanzibar, Hongkong, Cyprus, New Zealand.

For postal union countries, excepting those mentioned above, add for postage, \$3.50 for Daily Witness, \$1.00 for Weekly Witness, 50c for Northern Messenger.

World Wide, one dollar, including postage for Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, United States and foreign countries, excepting Montreal and suburbs.
 The last edition of the Daily Witness is delivered in the city every evening of publication at 4¢ per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Douglas & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

Saturday Advertising.

ADVERTISERS will find it to their advantage, in securing proper display and classification, to send in their orders early. The 'Witness' Office is open until 6.30 p.m., and insertion will not be guaranteed on orders for Saturday received after that hour on Friday.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1903.

Interviewed at Washington, Senator Turner has given an explanation why he and his fellow-commissioners representing the United States left an undecided gap in the Alaska boundary. He says they were forced to leave this matter open or accept a survey made some time ago which they did not believe was fair to their claims. Rather than submit to this presumed loss of territory, they preferred to remit the matter to settlement at some future time. He added that the section left open does not amount to anything anyway. It is covered with snow and ice the year round, and as far as the commissioners knew possesses no mineral deposits whatever, and is therefore never likely to cause any friction between Britain and the United States. If the section is, as stated by Mr. Turner, an everlasting field of ice and snow, without known value, the United States has any amount of such glacial territory in Alaska, and could not suffer much loss one way or the other by accepting the straight line between two mountain peaks, suggested on the British side. A different reason why the section was left open was given at the time the gap was first discovered in the report of the commission, to the effect that the United States commissioners feared that an arm of the sea or a navigable river might be found to penetrate the section and give Canada an opening to the seaboard. They decided, therefore, not to delimit the boundary in order that, should a waterway be discovered hereafter, they would be in a position to claim a boundary line around its head. These explanations 'cannot well both be true.'

What a grim commentary on Serbian royalty and the character of the Serbian Government is contained in the report from Belgrade that King Peter cannot find a life insurance company in the world that will accept him as a risk on any terms. Evidently hard-headed business men look upon his tenure of existence on a throne, slippery with the blood of his predecessors, as too dubious for consideration. It may be a grand thing to be a king, but to be one after the manner of Damocles is neither comfortable nor conducive to kindly dignity. The refusal of the British charge d'affaires at Belgrade to accept King Peter's congratulations on the birthday of King Edward cannot but remind that monarch and the men who put him on the throne, and keep him there as their tenant at will, that he is as much outside the circle of respectable European Roy-

alty as he is unacceptable to the insurance companies. It is said that he will ask the Government of Russia to intercede for him in London to induce a change in the British attitude, but it is not to be expected that King Edward or the British people would consent, even at the request of Russia, to accept the principle that a change of dynasty by wholesale assassination should be recognized as a legitimate even in Balkan politics. Furthermore, viewed from a lower plane, the situation in Serbia is so uncertain that it is not judicious for Great Britain to be placed even remotely in the attitude of approving conditions that may be suddenly reversed at any moment.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S CANDIDATURE.

President Roosevelt having frankly admitted that he desires and expects to get the Republican nomination for the Presidency next year, and having brushed aside whatever aspirations Senator Hanna may have cherished for himself by naively commissioning that manipulator of political forces with the charge of his own campaign, it is interesting to note the attitude he has taken on some of the leading questions now agitating the public mind. His foreign policy has been vigorous and aggressive, and no doubt altogether satisfactory to the nation as a whole. It was he who made the discreditable appointments to the Alaska boundary commission, but he has the excuse that he knew the naughtiness of the heart of the Senate, and that no decent appointment would pass that body. It is he who has become a party after the fact—at least ostensibly after the fact—to the dismemberment of a sister republic which would not give the United States its way, and to the practical despoiling of that republic of its most valuable possessions. A New York journal asks: 'Would Theodore Roosevelt have dared to act towards Great Britain or Germany as he has done towards Colombia?' As to that we do not know, but in any case the paper's answer holds good, that it is because 'Colombia is too feeble to fight' that the courage to despoil her has been found. Were she able to fight or to find allies to give her the strength she lacks, the whole world would hold her justified in declaring war against the United States for 'what she has done at Panama.'

But it is safe to say that Mr. Roosevelt need be under no apprehension of losing votes on the score of these proceedings, which, therefore, required no moral courage on his part. There are features, however, in the President's record which in view of his aspirations to a second term reveal many and lendable qualities. Just previous to the recent state elections, Senator Corman, of Maryland, who rested his leadership of his party in that state on the race issue, made an attack on Mr. Roosevelt for his sympathy with the negroes. To this the President took occasion to reply that, if he could be absolutely assured of his election by turning his back on the principles of human liberty as enunciated by Abraham Lincoln, he would be incapable of doing it, and unfit for president if he could be capable of doing it. This fearless declaration in the face of a prejudice not confined to the Democratic party or to the South will confirm the popular estimate of Mr. Roosevelt's character for straightforwardness, and do no injury to his prospects for the nomination. On another matter he was not less clear in stating his position. To the capitalists on the one hand and the labor unions on the other, he declared that he does not expect to be elected by trust promoters seeking special privileges, by the ultra labor union men who would allow none but their own men to work, nor by those who would close the door of hope against the colored man. While this may be regarded as a challenge to a defiance of the money power, the labor unions and the lilywhites, north and south, it places the President in line with the thought of all sane thinking citizens. If the three classes whose support he says outright that he does not want could command enough voters to deprive him of the nomination, patriotic men might well despair of the Republican party and fear for the future of the Republic. Practically he has taken his stand on the fundamental principles of the constitution against the three great integrating elements in the body politic. The fact that the President has found it necessary to face the issues these have raised shows how radical and dangerous are the problems the people have to solve in the grandly difficult task of preserving and upholding republican institutions against the destructive efforts of enemies of freedom within the state.

THE POT DERIDES THE KETTLE.

The elder D'Israeli was celebrated as the author of the 'Curiosities of Literature,' but he also published works described as the 'Quarrels of Authors,' the 'Calamities of Authors,' the 'Literary Character,' and the 'Amenities of Literature,' also a work entitled 'Literary Recreations.' The very titles of these books are a promise of good things, and

the promise is abundantly justified, but, necessarily, it is all very ancient history, and there is in our day so much of the 'literary curious' that one cannot help wishing for a reincarnation of the D'Israeli industry and peculiar ability. With what delight, for instance, D'Israeli or his rightful successor would have recorded the letter sent out on Monday to prominent Wall street men by Thomas W. Lawson attacking Andrew Carnegie. Both of these men have written much, and to that extent are authors, while Andrew Carnegie is also a superbly literary, if founding libraries can make any man so. But, as many literary men have had, both Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Lawson have interests outside the fascinating one of literature. Was not Rogers, the poet, also a banker; Addison, the essayist, a statesman, so far as being an under-secretary of state could make him one, and Matthew Arnold, the poet and essayist, a school inspector and a candidate for a clerkship in the British House of Commons? Similarly, Thomas W. Lawson is a picturesque Boston speculator, the ally of the so-called 'Standard Oil Crowd.' He floated the Amalgamated Copper Company, the collapse of which securities brought great distress two years ago to small investors throughout the United States. Mr. Lawson also developed the 'Boston pink' and built the 'Independence,' to sail for the 'America's' cup, afterwards consigning the boat to the scrap heap because the New York Yacht Club would not let him sail her in his own name. Besides all this, everybody knows that Mr. Lawson is before the public from time to time in all sorts of novel ways, but his latest, as they say in the Emerald Isle, 'banged Banagher.' Mr. Carnegie, himself, is a man of ubiquitous energies and interests, who in his time is playing many parts, and who has had pretty much every description of communication addressed to him, but even he would probably consider Mr. Lawson's letter, addressed to prominent Wall Street men on Monday, as worth preserving, and a 'correr.' Mr. Lawson, evidently with a sarcasm that he considers deep and deadly, opens his attack upon Mr. Carnegie with an ultimatum, which purports to have come from Mr. Carnegie himself, as follows:

'When in the course of human events it becomes necessary for a hardworking iron-monger to supply reading matter to the two greatest countries on earth, it is the duty of all investors, speculators and get-rich-quick warriors to give to the said iron-monger the requisite wherewithal. Therefore, the philanthropist of Homestead, do you and yourewith demand of said investors, speculators and get-rich-quick hustlers a sum which shall amount in the aggregate to 300,000,000 Yankee dollars, and may the Lord have mercy on the souls and pocketbooks of the Americans people if too much time is consumed by the messenger boy who is to return with their answer to yours truly, philanthropically.'

Now, considering all that Mr. Lawson is supposed to have done in the way of 'assisting' a market, and so forth, the above is delightful reading for the public, and even 'Andrew' probably perused it with a smile. But Mr. Lawson had not finished. The above was but as a hors d'oeuvre, to tickle the palate and encourage the appetite. This is the filling meal that follows, the soup, the fish, the entree, the joint, and the ecceteras:

The howl that has been resounding through Wall Street the past few days for the philanthropist's ultimatum, comes forth with \$10,000,000 to stay the decline in Steel stocks, and thereby balm the lacerated hearts and minds of the thousands upon thousands of widows and orphans who have been coaxed into investing their all in his creation of the Homestead, to come Mr. Carnegie's 9-13 intelligence, \$10,000,000 to be paid out for the froth upon the foam resting upon the lake of water which covers his ledge of underlying mortgage, when \$10,000,000 would buy—oh, so many, so many works of imagination, observation and unification as would compel miles upon miles of press notices! absurd!

And Wall Street can rest easy that this big-hearted 'Yankee Scot' will do no such foolish thing. Wall Street could much better employ its time in pointing out to the widows and the orphans who are being passed through the purification and liquefaction state so necessary to Wall Street's welfare, the rock-ribbed soundness of the bonds held by the Homestead philanthropist that they may be getting into line for their purchase when, after the present holocaust is over, Mr. Carnegie kindly and bigheartedly places them upon the bargain counter.

Anyway, Wall Street owes it to itself to do all in its power to disabuse the minds of Steel stockholders that there is any chance of their sliding any part of their indiscretions on to the broad and generous shoulders of the philanthropist of Homestead, and Wall Street certainly owes it to the free-living public to do all that lies within its power to allay any feeling of mistrust that may have come into being because of Wall Street's trifling with Mr. Carnegie's Steel lake—mistrust that he will even for a moment halt in his noble effort to hammer into the skulls of the people of America and Scotland:

'Better far than rising price; Better, too, than dividend; Are the libraries you're a-getting With your lucre which I spend.'

THOMAS W. LAWSON.

Considering that the steel securities on the market have been slipping and sliding backward for months, not only on account of the water in the company, but, also, recently, on account of the connection of some of the steel magnates with the 'rotten' Shipbuilding Company, it is not wonderful that Mr. Lawson's letter should have caused a satirical howl among the lesser and greater speculators, and that even the financially uninterested readers should have derived some amusement from the same. But even if one were to grant the premises that Mr.

Andrew Carnegie is to be regarded as a smugged kettle for investing his millions in the rock bottom securities of watered enterprises, then surely it is a very black pot that has taken to call him names.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Judges Decide Upon the Comparative Merits of the Exhibits.

THE SHOW FORMALLY OPENED BY MR. MONK LAST NIGHT.

The grand chrysanthemum show in Windsor Hall was formally opened last night by Mr. F. D. Monk, M.P. Mr. R. Wilson-Smith acted as chairman, and was introduced by Mr. George Trussell, president of the club. In introducing Mr. Monk, the chairman briefly touched on the splendid work of Canadian horticulturists as exemplified in the specimens of flowers on exhibition, and hoped that his audience would, in a like degree, help to develop the resources of the Dominion, and lead her to the destiny awaiting her.

Mr. Monk said that he did not know very much about chrysanthemums, but he was delighted to open such a fine exhibition of floral prizes. We raise such fine chrysanthemums in Canada, the speaker went on, why cannot we develop national virtues in equal profusion?

The Rev. Dr. Barclay made some very happy remarks about flowers, and how our lives are sweetened and bettered by constant acquaintance with them.

The band of the Prince of Wales Fusiliers rendered some good music throughout the evening.

The exhibition will close to-night, and to-morrow an auction of the flowers will be held.

Among the many pleasing exhibits is a choice selection of cut blooms sent by Messrs. Nathan Smith & Son, of Adrian, Mich.

The prize-list was as follows:—
 Section 1, group of chrysanthemums and foliage plants, arranged for effect—1, F. C. Smith, gardener to Sir William Van Horne; 2, A. Pinetous; 3, R. W. Whiting, gardener to Mr. H. A. Allan, Pointe Claire; 4, A. Pinetous; 5, R. W. Whiting, gardener to Mr. H. A. Allan, Pointe Claire; 6, J. Pidduck, Mount Royal Park.

Section 2, group of chrysanthemums, only arranged for effect—1, T. P. West, gardener to Mr. H. A. Allan, Pointe Claire; 2, A. Pinetous; 3, R. W. Whiting, gardener to Mr. H. A. Allan, Pointe Claire; 4, J. Pidduck, Mount Royal Park.

Section 3, six specimens chrysanthemum plants—1, W. G. Pascoe; 2, Hall & Robinson; 3, C. A. Smith, gardener to Mr. T. A. Davies, Lachine.

Section 4, three specimens chrysanthemum plants—1, W. G. Pascoe; 2, Hall & Robinson; 3, C. A. Smith.

Section 5, one specimen chrysanthemum plant—1, Hall & Robinson; 2, C. A. Smith.

Section 6, twelve chrysanthemum plants in 6-inch pots—1, Hall & Robinson; 2, C. A. Smith.

Section 7, six chrysanthemum plants in 6-inch pots—1, Hall & Robinson; 2, C. A. Smith.

Section 8, one specimen chrysanthemum plant—1, Hall & Robinson; 2, C. A. Smith.

Section 9, six palms—1, F. C. Smith.

Section 10, three palms—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, W. H. Horobin.

Section 11, one specimen palm—1, F. C. Smith.

Section 12, six palms—1, F. C. Smith; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, F. C. Smith.

Section 13, three palms—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, W. H. Horobin.

Section 14, one specimen palm—1, F. C. Smith.

Section 15, six palms—1, F. C. Smith; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, F. C. Smith.

Section 16, three palms—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, W. H. Horobin.

Section 17, one specimen palm—1, F. C. Smith.

Section 18, six palms—1, F. C. Smith; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, F. C. Smith.

Section 19, three palms—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, W. H. Horobin.

Section 20, one specimen palm—1, F. C. Smith.

Section 21, six palms—1, F. C. Smith; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, F. C. Smith.

Section 22, three palms—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, W. H. Horobin.

Section 23, one orchid—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, F. C. Smith; 3, R. W. Whiting, Mr. H. S. Mussen.

Section 24, one Epiphyllum—1, J. Walsh.

Section 25, six Primulas—1, C. A. Smith; 2, W. Alcock; 3, W. J. Wilshire.

Section 26, six Solanums—1, J. Pidduck; 2, W. Alcock.

Section 27, two specimen pots of Callas—1, McKenna & Son, florists; 2, Hall & Robinson.

Section 28, one Asparagus -prengertii—1, W. Alcock.

Section 29, one Begonia Glorie de Lorraine—1, T. McHugh, Forest and Stream Club; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, Hall & Robinson.

Section 30, six Zonal Geraniums—1, R. W. Whiting.

Section 31, three Zonal Geraniums—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, Hall & Robinson; 3, W. G. Pascoe.

Section 32, three flowering Begonias—1, C. A. Smith; 2, Hall & Robinson; 3, F. C. Smith.

CUT BLOOMS.
 Section 33, twenty-four blooms—1, W. J. Wilshire, gardener to Mr. R. B. Angus; 2, C. A. Smith, gardener to Mr. T. A. Davies, Lachine.

Section 34, 12 blooms—1, T. McHugh, Forest and Stream Club; 2, C. A. Smith; 3, W. G. Pascoe, gardener to Mr. R. B. Angus; 4, W. G. Pascoe; 5, T. McHugh; 6, W. G. Pascoe; 7, C. A. Smith; 8, W. J. Wilshire and T. McHugh; 9, T. J. Gorman, florist, Outremont.

Section 35, 3 blooms, pink—1, T. J. Gorman; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, W. G. Pascoe.

Section 36, 3 blooms, yellow—1, T. McHugh; 2, W. J. Wilshire; 3, W. G. Pascoe.

Section 37, 8 blooms, red and crimson—1, W. J. Wilshire; 2, T. McHugh; 3, C. A. Smith.

Section 38, 12 blooms, white—1, T. J. Gorman; 2, Hall & Robinson.

Section 39, 12 blooms, pink—2, Hall & Robinson.

Section 40, 12 blooms, yellow—1, T. J. Gorman; 2, Hall & Robinson.

Section 41, 12 blooms, yellow—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 42, 12 blooms, red—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 43, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 44, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 45, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 46, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 47, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 48, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 49, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 50, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 51, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 52, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 53, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 54, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 55, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

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Section 64, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 65, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 66, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 67, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 68, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 69, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 70, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 71, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 72, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 73, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Section 74, 12 blooms, white—1, H. Dale Estate; 2, T. J. Gorman.

Advertisements.

CONSUMPTION WAS FEARED.

[Two Beautiful Women Restored to Health by Pe-ru-na.]



MISS AMELIA WEYMER

A Beautiful Girl's Experience.

MISS AMELIA WEYMER, Appleton, writes:

"Early last summer I contracted a cold which seemed to hang on to me and could not be shaken off. From the head it went to the throat, and then affected my lungs. My mother felt very anxious and as we had used Peruna in the family before, she advised me to try it. I was somehow very opposed but was persuaded to try Peruna. Using it one day convinced me that it was no ordinary medicine, within a week I was much better and in two weeks I was well, and I felt much stronger and in much better health generally. I was perfectly satisfied with the results from the use of Peruna."

The Cause of Consumption is often a Common Cold.

Nine cases of consumption out of ten occur in this way:

A person catches a cold. The cold is not properly cured, and they quickly catch another one. This cold is usually treated with no treatment, or some treatment that is ineffectual, and the cold continues.

Then they catch another cold and begin to cough. Then they take cough syrups, but they do no good.

By and by they get tired of taking medicine, and give up in despair.

Their cold continues, and their cough grows worse. Then they apply to a doctor, only to discover that they are in the first stages of consumption.

At any time during the progress of the catarrh, from the first onset of the cold to its final settlement in the lungs, Peruna can be relied upon to check the progress of the catarrh. Sometimes after a diagnosis of consumption has been made by competent physicians Peruna has permanently cured. We have testimonials from many people who have been given up to die of consumption, who claim to have been cured by Peruna. We do not recommend Peruna as a consumption cure, but we do claim that it will prevent consumption if taken before the disease is thoroughly established. It is only the cases of incipient consumption that we feel confident that Peruna will cure.

Don't Neglect That Cold.

Get a Bottle of Pe-ru-na.

Take It According to Directions.

You Will be Surprised How Quickly Pe-ru-na Will Cure It.



MISS MINNIE PALMER

Miss Minnie Palmer, 75 Austin Ave., Atlanta, Ga., writes:

"Last winter I caught a severe cold which developed into catarrh of the head and throat. I tried sprays and other remedies, but nothing gave relief. Then I tried Peruna and after the use of four bottles I am entirely without a trace of catarrh, have a splendid appetite and am in fine health."

Congressman George Henry White, of Tarboro, North Carolina, writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman, in regard to the merits of the great catarrh cure, Peruna:

"I am more than satisfied with Peruna and find it to be an excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh. I have used it in my family, and they all join me in recommending it as an excellent remedy."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

TO HELP THE NEEDY

Prominent Citizens Discussed Yesterday This Important Problem

STRONG COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO COLLECT THE NECESSARY FUNDS.

A public meeting under the auspices of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge was held yesterday afternoon to consider the question of outdoor relief for the coming winter. Mr. J. C. Holden presided, the others present being Messrs. Charles Alexander, John Patterson, W. J. Stethem, Lieut.-Col. J. H. Burland, James Moore, Charles Byrd, Joseph Richards, George Hague, C. M. Holt, the Hon. J. K. Ward, the Rev. Rural Dean Sanders, the Rev. Canon Renaud, the Rev. Canon Dixon, the Rev. J. L. George, the Rev. E. McManus, the Rev. James Patterson, the Rev. Thomas Harris, the Rev. T. W. Halpenny.

Mr. J. C. Holden, in his opening remarks, paid a feeling tribute to the memory of Messrs. A. F. Gault and Samuel Finley and to the overwhelming loss the institution had suffered by their death.

The deserving nature of the work done by this charitable board and the large amount of hardship and suffering it alleviates in the trying winter season, was shown by the report of last winter's work by Mr. John Patterson, the honorary secretary. Families relieved, 2,045; quarters of provisions given out, 2,005; quarter tons of coal distributed, 923; quarter cords of wood, 315. In addition, there were 45,259 meals given, and 19,030 free night lodgings.

Mr. Patterson explained that there were not 2,045 different families relieved, but aid was given to families that many times; some needed once or twice, while others, sad to say, required it many times.

Mr. Charles Alexander, seconded by Mr. James Moore, then moved the following resolution: That the following gentlemen constitute the outdoor board of relief during the severity of our winter weather to work under the auspices and management of the governors of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, and to make the usual appeal for the necessary funds to carry on the work: Messrs. J. C. Holden, Lieut.-Col. J. H. Burland, Charles Byrd, John Patterson, James Moore, Joseph Richards, George Hague, McDuff Lamb, the Hon. J. K. Ward, Charles Alexander, C. M. Holt, S. A. Finley, James Roger and the president of the German Benevolent Society.

In moving the above resolution, Mr. Charles Alexander said: "It is with gratitude and pleasure that we move this resolution, as it links the good work with that of the same in which we have taken part in many years past. It is likewise gratifying to know that our benevolent fellow citizens have always behaved generously toward our former boards with respect to the necessary outlay incurred for the purchase of fuel and provisions. We venture to say, from the experience gained from the commencement of the work, that, on the whole, the confidence of our generous donors in former boards has not been misplaced." Mr. Alexander referred to the fact that only four members of the original board were still in service, namely, the Hon. J. K. Ward, Mr. James Moore, Mr. Joseph Richards and himself.

THE TRIAL OF KERT

BOURET'S LENGTHY EXAMINATION CLOSED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

The trial of Max Kert for the murder of George Greenley is apparently still far from the end. At the opening of the Court of King's Bench yesterday afternoon, Bourret was asked if he could identify Mr. W. K. Kert, who, the defence may show, was in Mr. Jacob's office at the same time as the witness, and to whom the witness is supposed to have spoken. Bourret could not remember ever having seen him.

Witness was next asked as to the position in which Greenley stood when he saw him before he was shot. The reply was that he could see only Greenley's back and a little of the left side of his face. In his evidence in enquest he had stated that he could see only his back. In explanation of this discrepancy, he said he must have made a mistake in the court below. He might have mistaken Greenley for Kert in his mind in this question.

Returning to the incident of the shooting, Bourret stated that there were no people outside the hut when he got there. In the court below he swore that there were two or three persons there, and they seemed to be excited. Witness was asked to say which story was correct. He decided that there was no one outside, but there were some inside the hut. Asked why he said they were excited, he said that must have been a slip of the tongue. He added that there was no one visible outside the hut but Kert, Greenley and himself.

Mr. Greenshields produced an affidavit sworn to before a notary, and containing statements alleged to be made to a reporter as to the shooting. Witness acknowledged having made such a statement, but he did not know before whom it was sworn, and did not think he would have told the reporter, who was a stranger, all about the case. The reporter, witness said, went to Bout de l'île and interviewed him, representing himself as a detective, and asking him to come to the city to the inquest. Witness proceeded to deny some of the statements made in the affidavit. Asked if he had, in Mr. Jacob's office, stated that he had lost his dearest friend, that he had known Greenley for fifteen years, witness replied that he had not made that statement. Bourret admitted that he was a witness in a case tried at Ottawa seven years ago. He denied that the judge had ordered him out of court. He was not sure that he had told Detective McLaughlin on Mr. Mainville about the shooting. Witness was in full view of Kert and the latter could have seen him when Kert came out of the hut to shoot Greenley. He did not know whether he did

FRENCH CODES A-Z

CODE TELEGRAPHIQUE FRANÇAIS. Price, \$21.30 ea.
OMNIBUS CODE TELEGRAPHIQUE DE POCHÉ. Price \$2.25 ea.
Descriptive circulars on application.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.,
STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MAKERS
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FLOUR

FOR BREAD AND FOR PASTRY.
Whole Wheat Flour and Graham Flour for Breads.
BREAKFAST CEREALS of all kinds.
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MARRIAGE LICENSES

Issued by
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
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CHEMISTS
and Cook's Friend Baking powder pure.
DOCTORS
pronounce it wholesome.
COOKS
know it does the work at the right time.
HOUSEWIVES
say that cake and bread raised from Cook's Friend Baking Powder are fine, dainty and delicious.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
MONEY TO LEND.
CUSHING & BARRON,
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Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building,
112 St. James Street

Auction Sales.

Fraser Brothers.

CHOICE FERNS, PALMS AND
OTHER FINE PLANTS,
Suitable for Decoration.

A very large and beautiful collection will be sold by

AUCTION

-IN THE-

Windsor Hall, Peel St.,

To-Morrow (Friday) Morning 13th Nov.

Day after the "Mum" Show.

Sale at 10.30.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

see him or knew he witnessed the shooting of Kert.

Mr. Cooke, in re-examination, asked about the interview between witness and Detective McLaughlin. Witness thought the shooting was talked over at his house. Asked as to the time when the reporter and Mr. Mainville saw him at Bout de l'île, he stated that it was midnight. He could not read or write except to sign his own name. The affidavit was in French, which he did not understand, and it was not read over in English before he signed it. Witness was also questioned again as to the shooting incident, but no new light was thrown on the circumstances. Witness reaffirmed the statement that Kert had told him he was the only man who could do him any harm. He, however, did not know why Kert said this. He had never told Kert that he had seen him shoot Greenley. This finished Bourret's examination.

Mr. Greenshields asked the court to order Bourret to remain about the court, as he might be wanted during the trial. Bourret said he would stay voluntarily. Mr. Charles Lewis, electrician, brother-in-law of Bourret, was next called. He remembered going to Mr. Jacob's house on McGill College avenue with Bourret on the Tuesday night after the shooting. He went to show Bourret the street. He stayed on the sidewalk. Bourret was in the house only about five minutes. When he came out he had a \$5 bill in his hand. He did not know what it was for. He identified the piece of paper bearing Mr. Jacob's house address.

Dr. G. R. Picard, of Charlemagne, was next called. On Aug. 29 he was called, about six o'clock, to attend to a man at l'île Bourdon, who had been shot. He was called by a man named Bleau, and took only about five minutes to get to the scene of the shooting. With the aid of a photograph he indicated the position of Greenley's body. He saw a straw pillow under the victim's head, and some blood on it. There were several people there when he arrived. Kert was not there. One man there spoke English, and said he was a friend of the victim, and had known him about three weeks. On examination, witness found a wound in the left side of the head a little above and in rear of the ear. He also found another hole on the other side of the head. He dressed the wounds and sent the man to the hospital. The man was in a semi-conscious condition. He could not state whether the victim knew what was said to him or not. When he told the man to lie quiet he did so; but witness could not swear it was directly in obedience to his orders. The doctor did not tell the wounded man directly that he was going to die. He told his friend,

Advertisements.

A Delicacy for the Breakfast Table.
DEERFOOT FARM LITTLE SAUSAGES
and DEERFOOT FARM SLICED BACON

Both in one pound packages and both fresh in by express.

"ORABBIES," LEITH, SCOTLAND,
RICH GREEN GINGER CORDIAL.
A shipment landing to-day ex SS. "Tritonia."

Kent Cobnuts! Kent Cobnuts!

-CROP 1902-

Landing to-day ex O. P. R. SS. "Montreal."

THE "YACHT CLUB" SALAD DRESSING

Large and Small Bottles. 50 dozen fresh stock just received.
"Yacht Club" Salad Dressing, small bottles, 30 cents each, \$3.25 per dozen
"Yacht Club" Salad Dressing, large bottles, 50 cents each, \$5.00 per dozen

100 PRIME ENGLISH STILTON CHEESE

(The Original Melton Mowbray)

Now in store ex Allan Line SS. "Ionian."

Oranges! Oranges! Oranges!

The Finest California Late Valencia Oranges;
The Finest Florida (Golden Eagle) Oranges;
The Finest Jamaica Oranges.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., The Nordheimer Building,
Italian Warehouse, 207, 209 & 211 St. James st.,
Established 1856. MONTREAL.

LADIES, why send your work to places where you are not absolutely sure of its receiving the very best treatment? Our

VALET DEPT.

Will Clean, Alter, Press and Repair your Suits, Skirts, Coats, Gloves, Shirt Waists, &c., to your entire satisfaction.

THE TOILET LAUNDRY CO., Limited,
290 Guy Street, Phones, Up 2601-2602.

CHICAGO'S CHOICEST BEEF

From SWIFT & COMPANY.

At LAMB'S MARKET.

The difficulty sometimes of getting quality to suit my trade, forces me to import from Chicago.

My Motto is HAVE THE BEST. Customers who wish for some of this superior Beef, kindly order early as the supply is limited.

LAMB'S MARKET, 24 University St.

WM. DANGERFIELD,

(ESTABLISHED 1837)

CANADA FIRST PRIZE Fashionable Boot and Shoe Manufacturer. Always on hand a large and well assorted stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Fine Hand-Made Boots and Shoes. Fine Hand-Made Custom Work a specialty.
Bell Tel. Main 1562. 1671 NOTRE DAME.

MOONEY'S \$3.00 GOODYEAR WELTED BOOTS

In Box Calf and Vici Kid. For Men, for Women.

DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS THIS WEEK.

MOONEY'S, Cor. Alexander and St. Catherine Sts.

The Great West End Departmental Store.

O. LEMIRE & CO., 1163 St. James St., Corner Fulford Street.

Cash Only (Where all Cars Transfer) Price One Only.

FRIDAY'S GREAT SPECIAL SALE.

Read carefully the following list of Bargains we have for our FRIDAY sale, and ask to see our SILKS, JACKETS, SHIRTS, DRESS GOODS, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, of which we give you prices below.

JACKETS.

1 Big Lot of Ladies' Jackets, (short) real value \$5.00 up to \$14.00. Come and buy one on FRIDAY at O. Lemire & Co., For Only \$1.98

DRESS GOODS.

35 Pieces of New Imported Tweed for Costumes, all different patterns 54 inches wide, value \$2.50 for FRIDAY Sale at O. Lemire & Co., \$1.50

SILKS

1 Case of Foulard Silk, Navy Blue and White and Black and White, suitable for Blouses and Linings. Real value of this is 35c. Our price for our FRIDAY SALE at O. Lemire & Co., ONLY 15c

SKIRTS.

1 Lot of Ladies' Skirts, Navy Blue and Black, all-wool serge, very nicely made, value \$2.75. For our FRIDAY Sale at O. Lemire & Co., \$1.25

Shirts and Pants.

18 Dozen of New (Elastic Ribbed) Shirts and Drawers, real value \$1.25. For our FRIDAY SALE at O. Lemire & Co., 75c

O. LEMIRE & CO.

and thought the wounded man could hear. Objection was raised by the defence to the doctor giving an opinion, from the words he was supposed to have heard the dying man say, as to whether the victim knew he was dying or not. As an argument on this case was to follow, and it was nearly time to adjourn, court rose, to continue the hearing at ten o'clock this morning.

STORM SWEEP PACIFIC

COAST TOWNS FEEL THE FURY OF THE GALE.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 11.—The Pacific Coast from British Columbia, to Southern California, was storm-swept to-day. Idaho, Nevada, and Western Colorado also received its full effect. A high wind is blowing in California, the gale is accompanied by torrential rains. So far, however, no marine disasters have been reported.

At Helena and Butte, and over the ranges of Central and Eastern Montana, the storm has turned into a blinding blizzard, with eight inches of snow at Helena and six inches at Butte.

TO REDUCE WAGES

NOTICE POSTED IN FALL RIVER COTTON MILLS.

Fall River, Mass., Nov. 11.—Notices were posted in the cotton mills of this city this afternoon, announcing a general reduction of ten percent in wages, to take effect on Nov. 23. About 30,000 hands are affected. The cut-down is attributed to the unsettled state of the cotton goods trade, resulting from the phenomenally high price of raw material. Although it will be some time before the unions can vote on the issue, it is thought that no general strike will be ordered here at this time, for the reason that many of the manufacturers are short of cotton, and have large stocks of goods on hand.

AT OTHER POINTS.
Taunton, Mass., Nov. 10.—Following the action of Fall River manufacturers, the management of the Corb Manufacturing Company posted notices in its cotton mill this afternoon, announcing

CANADIAN GIRLS

THE CRITICISM OF AN ENGLISH WOMAN.

London, Nov. 11.—An Englishwoman writes to the 'Leader' caustically as to the taste and appearance of Canadian women.

She says no English girl who lets her lover go to Canada to make a home for her need fear that he will fall a victim to the charms of the Canadian girl. At Ottawa, Toronto and Montreal the typical face is hard-featured and sallow, frequently muddy-complexioned, no doubt the result of over-heated rooms, pastry and candy. One seldom sees the pink and white skin of the English girl in Canada.

Canadian girls have long, thick hair, dressed in Gibson-girl fashion. The girls are well set up and neat, but have no idea of softening their hard features by a less hard style of dress. The London shop girl would look perfect and elegant compared with the Toronto, Ottawa or Montreal girl, who, when over thirty, does not realize that to wear her hair dragged up behind and tight in front, only serves to intensify her plainness.

Royal blue and pure white are the two colors which least accord with Canadian girls' complexions.

FINANCIAL
LOCAL STOCKSMONTREAL MARKET BETTER THAN
WALL STREET.

Railway stocks were rather heavily sold in New York this morning, which affected the local market. The local market was better than Wall Street. The local market was better than Wall Street. The local market was better than Wall Street.

MORNING SALES.
Can. Pac.—25 at 117½, 100 at 117, 100 at 117½.
Montreal Power—90 at 74½, 10 at 74½, 100 at 74½, 75 at 74½, 25 at 74½, 50 at 74½.
Twin City—50 at 87, 2 at 88½.
City—50 at 73½, 25 at 73.
Coal—50 at 73½, 15 at 74.
Bank of Commerce—1 at 158.
Toronto Railway—100 at 22, 25 at 21½, 50 at 21½, 25 at 21½, 10 at 21½.
M.S.R.—25 at 190, 20 at 190.
Detroit—100 at 63½, 2 at 65, 25 at 64.
Nova Scotia—1 at 74½.
Bank of Montreal—25 at 255, 7 at 256.
Toronto Street Railway—10 at 96½.
Iron bonds—13,000 at 56.

COMMERCIAL

Montreal Wholesale Prices

Manitoba wheat is down to the export level, being quoted at 70c for No. 1 northern, 70c for No. 2 and 72c for No. 3. This is a decline of about four cents in ten days, while the Liverpool market has only declined a cent or two. Considerable engagements of Canadian wheat are accordingly being made for export, through New York, of course, as navigation will be closed here before the wheat arrives. The supply of hogs is larger than the demand, and prices of fresh-killed abattoir carcasses have declined ¼c per pound. There is a stronger feeling in cheese, and in some cases bids of 10c have been refused for finest colored, though white may be had for 10½c. The Liverpool quotation for white cheese has declined 1½c while colored remains firm. The prices are 5½c for white and 6½c for colored. Butter is firm, as much as 20c being paid by local dealers for fancy Towson brand; rye, 50c east, 55c west; buckwheat, 55c east, 60c west; No. 2, 35c; No. 3, 30c; No. 4, 25c; No. 5, 20c; No. 6, 15c; No. 7, 10c; No. 8, 5c; No. 9, 0c; No. 10, 0c; No. 11, 0c; No. 12, 0c; No. 13, 0c; No. 14, 0c; No. 15, 0c; No. 16, 0c; No. 17, 0c; No. 18, 0c; No. 19, 0c; No. 20, 0c; No. 21, 0c; No. 22, 0c; No. 23, 0c; No. 24, 0c; No. 25, 0c; No. 26, 0c; No. 27, 0c; No. 28, 0c; No. 29, 0c; No. 30, 0c; No. 31, 0c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c; No. 51, 0c; No. 52, 0c; No. 53, 0c; No. 54, 0c; No. 55, 0c; No. 56, 0c; No. 57, 0c; No. 58, 0c; No. 59, 0c; No. 60, 0c; No. 61, 0c; No. 62, 0c; No. 63, 0c; No. 64, 0c; No. 65, 0c; No. 66, 0c; No. 67, 0c; No. 68, 0c; No. 69, 0c; No. 70, 0c; No. 71, 0c; No. 72, 0c; No. 73, 0c; 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FOR HIGHWAY ROBBERY

PETER BOYLE FELL INTO THE
TOILS AGAIN ON TUESDAY
EVENING.

A very important arrest was made on Tuesday by Wilfrid Pelletier, a fireman attached to No. 4 Station. At about 5:45 p.m. Mr. Edward Walsh was walking along Notre Dame street on his way home when he was set upon by two men, knocked down and robbed of four dollars. Mr. Pelletier saw the whole thing and succeeded in holding one of the men while the other escaped. He was taken to No. 6 police station, where Lieutenant Murphy recognized him as Peter Boyle who a few years ago got a three-years' sentence in St. Vincent de Paul for safe-cracking. He was let out on ticket of leave and just a few days ago when Boyle was searched at the station two \$2 bills were found in his hand, which Mr. Walsh identified as the money stolen from his pocket.

Yesterday Boyle did not exactly deny the charge of robbery when brought before Judge Lafontaine. He said he knew nothing about the affair, but strenuously denied knocking Walsh down.

HIS ARM WAS CUT

BUT STRANGER FROM ST. ALBANS
COULD NOT EXPLAIN IT.

John Rowell, twenty-five years of age, was taken to the Notre Dame Hospital yesterday with a deep cut in his left arm. Rowell was boarding at 54 St. Lawrence street and about ten o'clock yesterday morning came down from his room with a bad cut on his arm. He would not give any explanation of how the cut had been inflicted. The Notre Dame Hospital ambulance was summoned and he was removed to that institution. When he arrived at the hospital he was unconscious and from his appearance the doctors thought at first that he had taken poison. In the afternoon his condition was much improved. Rowell is a married man and came from St. Albans, Vt., with his wife about three weeks ago. Later in the day he was arraigned in the Police Court for attempting to commit suicide and was remanded for a week.

HELD FOR ASSAULT.

Fether Crouche, a Pole, of apparently fifty years of age, has been loafing around the ladies' waiting-room of the Windsor station. He was repeatedly warned by the station attendants to get out, but he always came back. On Tuesday evening Mr. Smart, railway detective, got after Crouche, and attempted to eject him by main force, when the latter struck the detective several times. Crouche was finally taken to the police station, and yesterday, through an interpreter, before Judge Lafontaine, he pleaded not guilty. He was remanded for trial on Friday.

RESPONSIBILITY OF PUBLIC CAR-
RIERS.

An important judgment concerning the responsibility of public carriers was rendered by Judge Champagne, in the Circuit Court, on Tuesday. In December last the Hon. Mr. Frechette, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and his private secretary, Mr. Clement, were on their way to Hot Springs, Virginia, where they were going to meet Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Upon arriving in Washington Mr. Clement noticed that his pocket-book had been removed from his front pocket to his hip pocket, and later on, upon counting his money, he discovered that the sum of about sixty-five dollars was missing. The Pullman Company, in one of whose cars he had been travelling, was notified, but no trace of the money could be found. Mr. Clement then took out the present action, claiming from the company the amount of his loss.

Advertisements.

**Boils were so painful
could not sleep
at night.**

**APPEARED ON NECK, LEGS
AND ARMS.**

**Burdock
Blood Bitters
CURED THEM.**

It is well-known to all that bad blood is the direct cause of all skin diseases and it is necessary for the blood to be cleansed before the eruptions will disappear. For this purpose there is nothing so equal as Burdock Blood Bitters as the thousands of testimonials we have on hand will testify.

Mr. Willard Thompson, McNeill's Mills, P.E.I., writes us as follows: "I wish to state to you what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. Some time ago my blood got out of order and many boils appeared on my neck, legs and arms. They were so painful that I could not sleep at night, after having tried many different remedies without any success, I finally decided, on the advice of a friend, to use Burdock Blood Bitters. Before I had quite used two bottles the boils had completely disappeared, and I wish to emphasize the fact that I think Burdock Blood Bitters the best blood purifier on the market today."

Tuesday, the judge declaring that there was no negligence on the part of the company, and that therefore it could not be held responsible. Mr. Victor E. Mitchell and Mr. E. Fabre Surveyor, of the firm of McGibbon & Co., represented the Pullman Company.

SS. FAIRMOUNT AGROUND.

Port Colborne, Ont., Nov. 11.—The SS. 'Fairmount' is hard aground between Port Colborne piers, drawing sixteen feet two inches, and the water this morning in the meter still registers only thirteen feet two inches. The steamer's anchors and chains have been lighted on Hogan and McDonnell's derrick, and the harbor tugs are now all working trying to pull the steamer to the elevator.

ST. ANNE SCHOOL CONTROVERSY.

The new election ordered by Judge Champagne for Nov. 10, in the case of Watt vs. Dowker, in which the latter's election last July as trustee of the Discontent School Board of St. Anne de Bellevue, was declared to be illegal, resulted in Mr. Watt's return unopposed.

RESULT OF A STREET ROW.

Albert Cressier, 42 years of age, had a row yesterday at the corner of LaGauchetiere and St. Timothee street, with the result that he is now in the General Hospital with his face badly cut and bruised and his eye so badly injured that he may lose his sight.

COURT OF APPEAL TERM.

The list for the November term of the Court of Appeal, which will open on Nov. 16, and last until Nov. 27 inclusive, is now ready. There are 36 cases inscribed, five of which are from the country districts and the rest belong to the city. Country cases will be heard on Nov. 17 and 18.

ACTION AGAINST THE STREET
RAILWAY COMPANY.

An action for five thousand dollars damages has been entered in the Superior Court against the Montreal Street Railway Company by Abraham Gold, through his attorney, Mr. C. G. Ogden. The plaintiff claims the claim as tutor to his minor child Hyman, whose foot was cut off by one of the company's cars.

ANOTHER CLAIM FROM CHAMBLY

Another action has just been entered in the Superior Court in connection with the Chamby scaffolding accident. The plaintiff this time is Seraphine Pascale, who claims from the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Company the sum of two thousand dollars for the injuries which he received.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

The civil service examinations were commenced in the Monument National yesterday morning, and will be continued again to-day. There are forty candidates under examination.

BULLET WENT WIDE

A FORTUNATE THING FOR LUIGI
MAZITELLI THAT IT DID.

Luigi Mazitelli, twenty-four years old, was arrested on Tuesday, charged with an attempt to shoot J. Cordasco, of 197 St. Antoine street. It appears that Mazitelli lives in the same house, and at breakfast time, he came in and asked for something to eat. He then became abusive and threatened to kill everybody in the house, at the same time firing a shot from a revolver. The bullet luckily struck the door, then hit the ceiling and fell to the floor without doing any other damage. Mazitelli then fled, but was afterwards arrested by Constables Wilson and de Koninck. The prisoner pleaded not guilty before Judge Lafontaine yesterday, and was remanded for enquete to-morrow afternoon.

FRAPPIER BROUGHT

HE GAVE DETECTIVES A LONG
CHASE BUT AT LAST DETEC-
TIVE CROWE GOT HIM.

Francois Frappier, who while charged with defrauding the C. P. R., jumped his bail bond here about a month ago, and who was arrested in Brooklyn, N.Y., on Friday, was brought back to Montreal by Detective Crowe, after a long and exciting chase. When brought before Judge Lafontaine yesterday Frappier seemed to be in good spirits and entered an unwavering plea of not guilty. He said he was going to get bail, but the Court refused. He was remanded for enquete on Wednesday next.

FOR ASSAULTING A CONSTABLE.

Charles Daniel, who several days ago, was arrested by Constable Seward for creating a disturbance on LaGauchetiere street, and who seriously assaulted the constable before he could get him to the station, was fined ten dollars or the alternative of six weeks in jail by Mr. Recorder Weir yesterday.

INTRODUCED ON 'CHANGE.

The following gentlemen were introduced on 'Change of the Board of Trade yesterday Mr. Wm. Denton, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, by Mr. Clarence I. de Solaz; Mr. R. E. Burnett, of Boston, by Mr. J. R. Binning.

THE REV. MR. PYKE'S LECTURE.

Professor Abbott Smith presided at the lecture given by the Rev. J. B. Pyke on 'The Norman Conquest and its relation to the English Reformation and the present,' at the Diocesan College on Tuesday evening. It was stated by the lecturer that no single year of British history was of such importance as that of the Conquest, 1066; that the invasion of the Normans was, in fact, the first crusade, as it was sanctioned and assisted by the Pope of Rome; that through it the Roman forms and ceremonies became established, in England, thus necessitating the

Reformation; that England to this day was struggling to free itself from the social, ecclesiastical, and moral abuses, the germs of which were introduced as a result of the Conquest. A vote of thanks to the lecturer was moved by the Rev. G. Osborne Troop and seconded by Mr. Parker on behalf of the students. The books of reference recommended by the lecturer were Freeman's 'Norman Conquest,' Bulwer-Lytton's 'Harold,' Charles Kingsley's 'Hereward the Wake,' Dr. Craik's 'Chronicles of Aescendune,' and Macfarlane's 'Camp of Refuge.'

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY.

At the regular meeting of the Women's Missionary Auxiliary of the East End Methodist Church it was shown that there had been a large increase in membership and funds since the previous meeting. The co-operation of members of sister churches was very encouraging. Papers on different mission fields were read and musical selections were contributed by Miss Terrill and Messrs. Tarlton and Bray. A brief address by the pastor concluded the exercises. Mrs. S. P. Robins, the president, presided.

DISCHARGED PRISONERS' NEEDS.

The Prisoners' Aid Association of Montreal is in need of cast-off clothing (especially boots and warm underwear) for the use of those who leave the prison during the winter months, and who are often insufficiently clad. Parcels sent to the vice-president, Mr. James Elliott, 26 Kent street, will be thankfully acknowledged.

TAKEN FOR A DEER

THIS FOOL WHO KILLED A MAN
MAY GET TEN YEARS IN
STATE PRISON.

Marquette, Mich., Nov. 11.—The first hunting fatality of the season in this section occurred yesterday afternoon, eight miles from this city. The victim was David Pickett, a carpenter, who was mistaken for a deer by Frederick Murray, one of the most prominent young men of Marquette, and was shot and almost instantly killed. The bullet cut the jugular vein. Precautions by hunters are made mandatory by the new law passed by the legislature, and a penalty of imprisonment for not exceeding ten years or a fine of not over a thousand dollars is provided.

TRENT VALLEY CANAL

WORK ON SECTION TWO WILL BE
FINISHED THIS YEAR.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Mr. Collingwood Schreiber, Deputy Minister of Railways and Canals, has returned from an inspection of the various canals, and says the new hydraulic lift lock at Peterborough will be ready for operation next week. The work on section two of the Simcoe-Balsam Lake division of the Trent canal will be finished this season, and on section three early next year. He is very much pleased with the substantial nature of the work on the Port Colborne breakwater. The two big piers there will be through early next season.

'HORRIFYING DETAILS.'

MR. WILLIAM O'BRIEN SAYS
SUCH WOULD BE THE RESULT
IF HE EXPLAINED HIS
RESIGNATION.

London, Nov. 11.—Replying to the Cork branch of the United Irish League, which requested him to withdraw his resignation as a member of parliament for Cork city, William O'Brien has refused to do so. He says he wishes to leave his enemies free scope to carry on their opposition to his policy, and adds that he could not explain his reasons without publishing 'horrible details.' The president of the Cork branch of the United Irish League, in reply, says he regrets Mr. O'Brien's refusal, and adds that the national cause is 'tottering to ruin in the south.'

Advertisements.

HALF STARVED,

Although They Are Well Fed.

Such an anomalous state of affairs naturally excites curiosity. It is quite possible to be amply fed but not well nourished. For instance, thin people have a voracious appetite, yet are seldom satisfied, and if the truth were known they live an existence of semi-starvation.

It is not the quantity of food eaten that makes firm flesh and bodily strength; it's what we actually digest and assimilate, so that the happy medium between the very thin and the unduly stout is good health.

Thin people can't become fat unless the stomach and digestive organs are made to do their work properly. In all the range of medicine probably no remedy accomplishes such marked results as Ferrozene, which is noted for its promptness in restoring disordered digestion and diseased stomachs.

Food is at once transformed into the kind of nutriment that is appropriated by the blood of hard, firm flesh. You will have a sweet stomach and enjoy your meals. Everything will be digested and assimilated and contribute to the welfare of the body.

Ferrozene is a wonderful re-builder. It contains more actual nourishment and strengthening elements than you can get in any other way. It develops a perfect nervous organization, a healthy stomach, a strong heart and a normal amount of flesh and blood. Disease is uprooted, and one's physical condition is kept up to the proper defensive standard.

Nature's best remedy for thin, weak, pale people is Ferrozene, which is both a tonic and a food that creates vigor, complexion, spirit—in a word, HEALTH. Price 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, at druggists, or by mail from The Ferrozene Company, Kingston, Ont.

Ferrozene Assures Health.

INTERCOLONIAL
RAILWAY
THE MOOSE

Open Season Commences in
QUEBEC..... Sept. 1st
NEW BRUNSWICK..... Sept. 16th
NOVA SCOTIA.....

THE MARITIME EXPRESS,

Which leaves Montreal daily except Saturday, for Lewis (Quebec), Moncton, St. John, Halifax, and the Sydney, is one of the finest, solid vestibule trains being run on the Continent, and is so spoken of by the many who travel by it.

QUEBEC SERVICE.

Trains leave Montreal at 7.40 a.m., 12 noon, and 11.45 p.m. To this train is attached a sleeping car for Lewis, which passengers can occupy at 9 p.m., and remain in same until 8 a.m.

Trains leave Lewis (Quebec) at 12.10 p.m. and 4.20 p.m. On Monday an Express train leaves Lewis at 10.25 a.m., arriving at Montreal at 4.45 p.m., replacing the 12.10 p.m. train which is cancelled on that day.

THE ENGLISH MAIL TRAIN

Leaves Montreal at 7.45 p.m. every Saturday for Rimouski, stopping at St. Hyacinthe, Ste. Rose, Drummondville, Lewis (Quebec), Montmagny, Val-de-St. Anne, St. Paschal, Riviere du Loup, Cacouna, Trois Pistoles and Bic. A sleeping car is attached to this train.

All trains depart from Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,

143 St. James Street, and
Bonaventure Station.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
SYSTEM

'INTERNATIONAL LIMITED'

Daily at 9 a.m. ar. Toronto 4.40 p.m. Mon-
treal 5.40 p.m. Niagara Falls, Ont., 6.45
p.m. Buffalo 8.00 p.m. London 7.43 p.m.
Detroit 10.20 p.m. Chicago 7.20 a.m.

Magnat Cafe Service on above Train.

REDUCED FARES

WESTERN & PACIFIC POINTS.

Until Nov. 30, 1903, Colonist fares from
MONTREAL to:

Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver, \$48.90

Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver, \$48.90

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ALLAN LINE.
LIVERPOOL VIA NOVILLE.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool, From Montreal,
Sept. 24 TUNISIAN..... Oct. 10, 8 a.m.
Oct. 8 PARISIEN..... Oct. 17, 8 a.m.
Oct. 22 PRETORIAN..... Oct. 24, 8 a.m.
Oct. 15 PRATARIAN..... Oct. 31, 8 a.m.
Oct. 29 TONIAN..... Nov. 7, 8 a.m.

Tunisian and Parisien are the largest and fastest steamers on the Canadian route, 10,576 tons. Twin screws. Tunisian's record 6 days, 5 hours, 27 minutes.

Midship saloons, spasious promenades decks, electric lights throughout.

FIRST CLASS, Parisien, Tunisian, Ionian, \$75. Parisien \$70. Other steamers \$65 upwards.

SECOND CLASS, Liverpool, or Londonderry, Parisien, Tunisian, Ionian, \$45 and \$45.50. Other steamers, \$37.50 and \$40. Return tickets at reduced rates.

GLASGOW SERVICE.
From Montreal, From New York,
Corinthian..... Oct. 8 Mongolian..... Oct. 8
Sidiellian..... Oct. 22 Laurentian..... Oct. 22

First Cabin \$30. Second Cabin \$25.
Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.

GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.

BLACK DIAMOND

Steamship Line.

Operated by Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Limited,
Lessee of Dominion Coal Co., Limited.

SEASON 1903.

Sailings about every 8 or 9 days.

Regular freight or passenger service throughout the season between MONTREAL and

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

SYDNEY and NORTH SYDNEY, C.B.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld.

For all particulars as to passenger fares, freight rates, bills of lading, etc., apply to

A. KINGMAN, General Freight & Pass. agent.

Telephone Main 3551. Montreal.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Market Steamer 'DUCHESS OF YORK'

to CARILLON and Intermediate Ports,
leaves WEDNESDAYS and SATUR-

DAYS at 6 a.m.

Str. 'PRINCESS' for Hawkesbury

Papineauville etc., Ottawa, TUESDAYS

and FRIDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

Passengers and freight at lowest rates.

Apply HEAD OFFICE, 165 Com-

mon Street.

Telephone MAIN 1028.

CANADIAN LAKE and OCEAN

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NEW FAST FREIGHT SERVICE

BETWEEN
Montreal and Port Arthur & Fort William, Ont.

CONNECTING WITH
Canadian Northern and Canadian Pacific Railways

To all points in Manitoba and the Great West.

The new Steel Screw Steamers "J. H. PUMMER," "A. E. AMES" and "E. M. PELLATT" are intended to sail weekly at

above, calling at TORONTO, HAMILTON and CLEVELAND, if sufficient inducement offers.

These steamers are fitted with all modern appliances for handling all classes of freight, and having a speed of 14 miles per hour, will make the passage to Port Arthur in about one week, so that shippers can have their freight delivered in Winnipeg within ten days of shipment here.

For freight and other particulars, apply to

THOS. MARLING, Agent,
466 Board of Trade Building.

CHEAP

RATES TO

QUEBEC.

STATEROOMS FREE.

Steam heat and Electric light throughout.

To Quebec, \$3.50; return, \$6.35. Satur-

day to Monday Excursions, \$3.50.

QUEBEC LINE steamers leave daily, except Sun-

day, at 7 a.m.

SAGUENAY LINE steamers leave Quebec Satur-

day at 8 a.m., Nov. 14th, on last trip.

MONTREAL-TORONTO-HAMILTON LINE

steamers leave on Friday at 7 p.m., Nov. 13th, on last trip. To Toronto, \$6.50. To Hamilton \$7, including meals and berth.

</

THE CHILDREN OF ASSA

A Romance of Ancient Egypt.
by Georg Ebers.

CHAPTER XLVI.

Uarda accompanied her grandfather and Praxilla to their tent on the far side of the Nile, but she was to return next morning to the Egyptian camp to take leave of all her friends, and to provide for her father's interment. Nor did she delay attending to the last wishes of old Hekt, and Bent-Anat easily persuaded her father, when he learnt how greatly he had been indebted to her, to have her embalmed like a lady of rank.

Before Uarda left the Egyptian camp, Pentaur came to entreat her to afford her dying preserver Nebsecht the last happiness of seeing her once more; Uarda assented with a blush, and the poet, who had watched all night by his friend, went forward to prepare him for her visit.

Nebsecht's burns and a severe wound on his head caused him great suffering; his cheeks glowed with fever, and the physicians told Pentaur that he probably could not live more than a few hours.

The poet laid his cool hand on his friend's brow, and spoke to him encouragingly; but Nebsecht smiled at his words with the peculiar expression of a man who knows that his end is near, and said in a low voice and with a visible effort:

"A few breaths more and here, and here, will be peace." He laid his hand on his head and on his heart.

"We all attain to peace," said Pentaur. "But perhaps only to labor more earnestly and unweariedly in the land beyond the grave. If the gods reward any thing it is the honest struggle, the earnest seeking after truth; if any spirit can be made one with the great soul of the world it will be yours, and if any eye may see the godhead through the veil which here shrouds the mystery of his existence you will have earned the privilege."

"I have pushed and pulled," sighed Nebsecht, "with all my might, and now when I thought I had caught a glimpse of the truth the heavy hat of death comes down upon me and shuts my eyes. What good will it do me to see with the eye of the divinity or to share in his omniscience? It is not seeing, it is seeking that is delightful—so delightful that I would willingly set my life there against another life here for the sake of it."

He was silent, for his strength failed, and Pentaur begged him to keep quiet, and to occupy his mind in recalling all the hours of joy which life had given him.

"They have been few," said the leech. "When my mother kissed me and gave me dates, when I could work and observe in peace, when you opened my eyes to the beautiful world of poetry—that was good!"

"And you have soothed the sufferings of many men," added Pentaur, "and never caused pain to any one."

Nebsecht shook his head.

"I drove the old parasites," he muttered, "to madness and death."

He was silent for a long time, then he looked up eagerly and said: "But not intentionally and not in vain! In Syria, at Megiddo I could work undisturbed; now I know what the organ is that thinks. The heart! What is the heart? A ram's heart or man's heart, they serve the same end; they turn the wheel of animal life, they both beat quicker in terror or in joy, for we feel fear or pleasure just as animals do. But thought, the divine power that flits to the infinite, and enables us to form and prove our opinions, has its seat here—in the brain, behind the brow."

He paused exhausted and overcame with pain. Pentaur thought he was wandering in his fever, and offered him a cooling drink while two physicians walked round his bed singing litanies; then,

as Nebsecht raised himself in bed with renewed energy, the poet said to him: "The fairest memory of your life must surely be that of the sweet child whose face, as you once confessed to me, first opened your soul to the sense of beauty, and whom with your own hands you snatched from death at the cost of your own life. You know Uarda has found her own relatives and is happy, and she is very grateful to her preserver, and would like to see him once more before she goes far away with her grandfather."

The sick man hesitated before he answered softly:

"Let her come—but I will look at her from a distance."

Pentaur went out and soon returned with Uarda, who remained standing with glowing cheeks and tears in her eyes at the door of the tent. The leech looked at her a long time with an imploring and tender expression, then he said:

"Accept my thanks—and be happy."

The girl would have gone up to him to take his hand, but he waved her off with his right hand enveloped in wrappings.

"Come no nearer," he said, "but stay a moment longer. You have tears in your eyes; are they for me or only for my pain?"

"For you, good noble man! my friend and my preserver!" said Uarda. "For you dear, poor Nebsecht!"

The leech closed his eyes as she spoke these words with earnest feeling, but he looked up once more as she ceased speaking, and gazed at her with tender admiration; then he said softly:

"It is enough—now I can die."

Uarda left the tent, Pentaur remained with him listening to his hoarse and difficult breathing; suddenly Nebsecht raised himself, and said: "Farewell, my friend—my journey is beginning, who knows whither?"

"Only not into vacancy, not to end in nothingness!" cried Pentaur warmly.

The leech shook his head. "I have been something," he said, "and being something I cannot become nothing. Nature is a good economist, and utilizes the smallest trifle; she will use me too according to her need. She brings everything to its end and purpose in obedience to some rule and measure, and will so deal with me after I am dead; there is no waste. Each thing results in being that which it is its function to become; our wish or will is not asked—my head! when the pain is in my head I cannot think—if only I could prove—could prove—"

The last words were less and less audible, his breath was choked, and in a few seconds Pentaur with deep regret closed his eyes.

Pentaur, as he quitted the tent where the dead man lay, met the high-priest Amen, who had gone to seek him by his friend's bedside, and they returned together to gaze on the dead. Amen, with much emotion, put up a few earnest prayers for the salvation of his soul, and then requested Pentaur to follow him without delay to his tent. On the way he prepared the poet, with the polite delicacy which was peculiar to him, for a meeting which might be more painful than joyful to him, and must in any case bring him many hours of anxiety and agitation.

The judges in Thebes, who had been compelled to sentence the lady Setemeh, as the mother of a traitor, to banishment to the mines had, without any demand on her part, granted leave to the noble and most respectable matron to go under an escort of guards to meet the king on his return into Egypt, in order to petition for mercy for herself, but not, as it was expressly added—for Paaker; and she had set out, but with the secret resolution to obtain the king's grace not for herself but for her son.

Amen had already left Thebes for the north when this sentence was pronounced, or he would have reversed it by declaring the true origin of Paaker, for after he had given up his participation in the Regent's conspiracy, he no longer had any motive for keeping old Hekt's secret.

(To be Continued.)

BIBLE WORDS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 12.

PERFECT TRUST, PERFECT PEACE.

There can be no peace apart from trusting. If there is not perfect peace in mind and heart, there is not perfect trust. (Isa. xvi., 3, 4.) Trust in the Lord with all thy heart. (Prov. iii., 5.) Peace is a state of completeness, of perfect rest to which nothing can be added. God promises that the peace of His people shall be as a deep flowing river, steadily moving on, untroubled by outward circumstances. A peace which passeth all understanding, guarding heart and thoughts in Christ Jesus. (Isa. xlviii., 18; Phil. iv., 7.) It is Christ's own peace. (Jno. xiv., 27; xvi., 33.) Made righteous by faith we have peace with God. (Rom. v., 1.) Grace, mercy and peace form a triad of blessing which should be possessed by every child of God. God is the God of peace. Jesus is King of peace. (Heb. xiii., 20; vii., 2.) Believers are sons of peace. It is their inheritance. They are to live in peace and follow peace with all men. May the God of peace fill you with joy and peace through believing. (Rom. xv., 13.) How calm and restful Christians should be at all times. Like their blessed Master who was undisturbed by the winds and waves of the stormy lake which filled his disciples with fear. (Matt. viii., 23-27.)

THE TRUE DISCIPLE.

(By Washington Gladden, D.D.)

O Master, let me walk with Thee in lowly paths of service free; Tell me Thy secret; help me bear The strain of toil, the fret of care.

Help me the slow heart to move By some clear winning word of love; Teach me the wayward feet to stay, And guide them in the homeward way.

Teach me Thy patience; still with Thee In closer, dearer company, In work that keeps faith sweet and strong.

In trust that triumphs over wrong.

In hope that sends a shining ray Far down the future's broadening way; In peace that only Thou canst give, With thee, O Master, let me live,

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when epidemics of any kind prevail; when changeable weather makes "catching cold" easy.

At the least sign of fatigue, chilliness, or faintness, take a cup of hot BOVRIL. It will give instantaneous vigour and lasting energy.



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"I say! Those articles in 'World Wide' on Mr. Chamberlain's campaign are awfully good!"

"And I am glad to see that on political questions 'World Wide' quotes fairly from the leading organs on both sides of the fence."

'World Wide' is for sale by dealers and newsboys at three cents a copy. It will be sent to any postal address anywhere till Jan. 1, 1906, on receipt of one dollar.

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The QUEEN'S HAIR RESTORER is a preparation that

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arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures bald-

ness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates

the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and

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Children from 6 to 11 years only will appear

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READABLE PARAGRAPHS

A SMOOTH FLATTERER.
Proud Mother—"My daughter has often been complimented on her French."

Professor—"I don't doubt it, madam; it is no ordinary French she speaks."

"Why do you watch the thermometer on the wall so closely?" queried the invalid.

"Because," replied the untrained nurse, "the doctor said if the temperature got any higher I was to give you another dose of yuinine."

"Paw," said little Tommy Figg, on being scolded, "I heard Mr. Watts say that great men's sons never did any good. I ain't a great man's son, am I?"

Up to a late hour Mr. Figg's mind had not found a sufficiently diplomatic answer.

The presence of mind of an impecunious lover was illustrated recently at a bazaar, where there was a stall for the sale of watch-charms. "Oh, George," said the lady, "buy me a charm." "Sarah," answered he, "you have too many already."

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

HARD ON THE LECTURER.

A gentleman, in delivering one of a series of addresses, excused himself one evening for being unable to speak on several points, the mice, he said, having destroyed part of his notes. Later, while visiting in the neighborhood, he asked one man:

"Were you at any of my lectures, Mr. Rooney?"

Rooney—"Dad an Oi was, yer haner; all at thim."

Lecturer—"Which one did you like best?"

Rooney—"The wan the mice was at, yer haner!"

One of the novelists, referring to his hero says:

His countenance fell.

His voice broke.

His heart sank.

His hair rose.

His eyes blazed.

His words burned.

His blood froze.

It appears, however, that he was able to pull himself together and marry the girl in the last chapter.

Frankie, a boy of six years, was very fond of listening to poetry, and Longfellow's "Wreck of the Hesperus" had touched his imagination. One day his baby sister dragged a dish from the table. It slipped from her hands to the floor and broke. At the crash her mother, without speaking, looked at her severely, and the child, a sensitive little thing, burst into loud crying. Frankie looked up quizzically.

"She's a little breaker, isn't she, mamma? And the little breakers roar!"

"Whatever's the matter with the little fellow, my lad?" said a lady to the elder of two boys. "He's crying because I'm eating my cake and won't give him any."

"Well, didn't he have a cake also?" "Yes, ma'am, and he cried while I was eating that, too."

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CASTORIA.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. Dale Harris, Ottawa, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. D. McPherson.

Mrs. W. J. Buchanan and Mr. Trevor Buchanan were in Sherbrooke this week.

Miss Mary Baker, who had been the guest of Miss Blair, Ottawa, has returned home.

Miss Jennie Kernan, of New York city, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Thos. Gilday, 7 Seymour avenue.

Miss Amy Mathewson, 1018 Sherbrooke street, entertained at the tea hour yesterday for Miss Millican, Toronto.

Mrs. F. A. Carman (formerly Miss E. M. Graham, of Toronto) will receive on the third and fourth Fridays at 239 Hutchison street.

Miss Moodie, of Westmount, has returned from her visit to Great Britain, and is the guest at present of Mrs. Glegg, 400 Cote St. Antoine road, Westmount.

Dr. A. L. C. Gilday has returned to the city after finishing a three years' course in the hospitals in New York city and is now stopping with his parents at 7 Seymour avenue.

The engagement is announced of Miss Eva Edgar, daughter of the late Dr. J. Edgar, to the Rev. G. Sherlock Faircloth, B.A., D.D., assistant pastor of Sherbourne Street Methodist Church, Toronto.

The engagement is announced of General Thomas L. James, president of the Lincoln National Bank, who was postmaster-general under President Garfield, to Miss Edith Colburne, of Stratford-on-Avon, England.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Graham and family and Mr. H. W. Graham, who have been visiting at Lacerte, have returned to their home in Butte, Montana. They were accompanied as far as Montreal by Mr. and Mrs. David Stalker, who will remain in the city for a few days.

A New York despatch says:—Among the passengers who arrived at New York, on the "Oceanic" from Liverpool, and Queenstown were Lady Herbert, widow of the late British Ambassador at Washington, and aunt of the Duchess of Roxburgh, Sir Andrew Armstrong, Sir Tatton Sykes.

Lady Herbert will go to Washington for a short time, and then return to England to settle her husband's affairs. After that, she will make her home in New York.

The marriage of Miss Helen Tudor Pemberton, only daughter of the late Mr. George Tudor Pemberton, of Quebec, to Mr. Percy C. Stevenson, manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Sydney, C.B., took place on Tuesday afternoon at St. Alban's Cathedral, Toronto, the Rev. F. G. Plummer and the Rev. Canon McNab officiating. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Leigh Pemberton. She wore a robe of white crepe de chine, Brussels lace veil, and carried a sheaf of chrysanthemums. Miss Louise Virtue was bridesmaid, and Mr. R. B. Henderson best man.

There was a dinner given last evening at the Lafontaine Club by the Hon. Louis Beaudin in honor of the leader of the Conservative party, Mr. St. L. Borden. The other guests present were the Hon. L. O. Taillon, Hon. A. B. Angers, Hon. Alphonse Desjardins, Hon. J. H. Forget, Hon. J. I. Tarte, Mr. J. G. Bergeron, Hon. L. P. Pelletier, Hon. P. E. Leblanc, Hon. Thos. Chas. Casgrain, Mr. Charles P. Beaudin, Mr. De G. Beaudin, Mr. Hugh Graham, Mr. Geo. B. Burdall, Alderman H. Laporte, Mr. Rodolphe Forget, Mr. G. Lamotte, Mr. L. G. V. Beaudin, Mr. F. J. Bisson, Mr. E. N. Henev, Mr. J. Beaudin, Mr. Milton McDonald, and Mr. Tancredi Bienvenu.

A wedding of great interest to Halifax society was celebrated yesterday afternoon at St. Luke's Cathedral, when Miss Douglas, eldest daughter of Vice-Admiral Sir Archibald L. Douglas, K.O.B., was united in marriage to Major Henry Sloman, Chief Staff Officer in Bermuda. Admission to the church was by ticket, and about five hundred invitations were issued. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Canon Crawford, the Rev. J. B. C. Murphy, and the Rev. Mr. Hagan. The bridal party were met at the church by the choir, who sang a processional hymn. The bride was escorted by her father. After her came the bridesmaids, Miss Isabel Douglas, whose marriage to Flag-Lieut. Hayhurst takes place next week; Miss Lilias Douglas, Miss Haines, Miss Chamberlain and Miss Aileen Douglas. The groom was accompanied by Lieut.-Col. W. D. Conner, R.E. The bride was beautifully gowned in white satin, with long train, and garniture of chiffon. Her veil of Honiton lace was fastened with a jeweled star. Instead of flowers she carried a prayer-book in white and gold binding. The bridesmaids wore white silk dresses, with flounced skirts and lace trimmings, scarlet sashes and white hats touched with scarlet. The groom and his best man were in uniform, as were also the officers present in the church. Lady Douglas wore a black lace dress over a black and white dress. The band of the flag ship furnished music during the reception at Admiralty House. Major and Mrs. Sloman sail in a week or so for Bermuda.

Advertisements.

THE CANCER GERMS MUST BE DESTROYED.

The Only Rational Method of Treating Cancers and Tumors.

Persons suffering from cancer will find that there is very little use cutting away the cancer, as it grows back again, the cancer germs are still in the blood, and the disease will soon come back again. The only rational method of treatment is to destroy and thoroughly eradicate the cancer germs. We will gladly give you the address of many who have been cured by our new method of Constitutional treatment, which is a purely vegetable compound, easy to take, harmless to the system. It destroys and eliminates the cancer germs and poisons, and cures when other forms of treatment have been unsuccessful. Send two stamps to STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont., for their new book on Cancers and Tumors, and full particulars of treatment.

The marriage of Miss Ethel Maud McLean, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles McLean, to Dr. James A. Baird, of Hemmingford, took place this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, 40 Fort St., the Rev. Dr. J. Edgar Hill officiating. The house decorations were arranged with palms and white chrysanthemums. The bride was gowned in white silk crepe de chine over taffeta, with yoke of applique over chiffon and fagoting on collar, cuffs and bodice, the skirt having shirred yoke and applied panel of fagoting, and horseshoe of orange blossoms on the train. She wore veil and orange blossoms, and carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Gertrude McLean, as bridesmaid, and by her two little nieces, Marjorie Pullan and Marguerita McLean, as flower girls. The bridesmaid wore a pretty dress of white Liberty silk, with accordion plaited flounce and trimmings of lace, the bodice made with elbow sleeves and high crush girdle. She wore a black velvet picture hat and carried deep red roses. The flower girls were in lace trimmed frocks of white organdie, and carried baskets of deep red roses. Mr. George Baird, of St. Paul, Minn., was best man. The bride's sister, Mrs. Pullan, who wore black chiffon with touches of pink, presided at the piano. After the ceremony a reception for a large number of guests was held, the bride's mother receiving in a gown of mauve silk, with bouquet of white roses. Dr. and Mrs. Baird leave for a trip to New York and Washington, the bride travelling in a grey cloth suit, the coat finished with narrow bands of grey and white trimming and worn over white taffeta blouse inserted with Maltese lace, and with mink toque with lace crown and grey feathers tipped with blue. Among the numerous gifts to the bride was a piano from her father, and a pearl and diamond pendant from the groom, a brooch gift to the bridesmaid was a pearl brooch and to the best man a stick pin. Dr. and Mrs. Baird will reside at Hemmingford.

ROBSON-LAWRENCE.

The wedding took place at Buck's Bridge, N.Y., on Wednesday morning last, of the Rev. D. Egbert Robson, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Miss E. Belle Lawrence, only daughter of Mrs. Charlotte Lawrence, of Buck's Bridge, N.Y. The Rev. W. H. Summers, of Madrid, N.Y., assisted by the Rev. Joseph Cornell, of Oxford Mills, Que., performed the marriage ceremony in the presence of a large gathering of friends. The bridegroom was accompanied by the Rev. W. B. Booth, of Lancaster, Ont. The bride, who carried a bouquet of white roses, was becomingly attired in a gown of cream white albatross combined with white silk and applique, and was attended by Miss Lula Myers, of Hanawa Falls, N.Y., who wore pink albatross combined with white silk ribbon. After the ceremony breakfast was served and the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Robson left on the 10.04 train for a trip to Canadian points. The bride's going away costume was of blue Venetian cloth.

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER SUCH IS THE VERDICT OF THE JURY AGAINST LUCAS KYRUK, AT WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 11.—The jury in the Lucas Kyruk murder case returned at three o'clock this afternoon with a verdict of manslaughter, with a recommendation to mercy.

Kyruk and Wojcikowski were neighbors, and lived agreeably until last spring, when some trouble arose over damage caused by a fire started by Kyruk. Wojcikowski entered an action against Kyruk for damages, and this caused more hard feeling. On Sunday, July 5, Kyruk, after going to confession at church, went over to the house of a neighbor, Dymas, where the Galkas were accustomed to meet on Sunday to hear news. There he met Wojcikowski, and the two men had a quarrel. Kyruk left for home, and Wojcikowski followed soon after. The two men met when near Wojcikowski's house, and continued the quarrel, which ended in a fight. Wojcikowski's wife and daughter heard a row, and the eldest girl running in the direction indicated, found her father lying on the ground with his face covered with blood, almost dead. She heard a noise in the bushes nearby as of someone running away. Neighbors were speedily called, and the wounded man was carried to his house in a sheet. He was dead when they reached the house. Kyruk was last seen at the house of another neighbor, Yachne, from whom he borrowed a dollar and went away. He was arrested in Altona the next day.

THE NIAGARA RIOTS

THIRTEEN ITALIANS HEAVILY FINED FOR PARTICIPATING.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Nov. 11.—The trial of fifteen Italians arrested during the strike riots last week, takes place before Mr. Cruikshank, magistrate, and Mr. Alex. Gray, justice of the peace, to-day. Vincenzo Girossta, charged with stabbing Joseph Hamilton, was committed for trial. Nine men were fined \$10 for rioting and four \$15 each as leaders of the rioters. One was discharged. The costs in each case are very heavy, making the penalties severe. All the men are foreigners, and in most cases unaware of the gravity of the offence committed. One was fined twenty-five dollars additional for carrying arms.

THE EMPEROR'S APPROVAL

SUCH IS NOT WANTED BY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AT BERLIN.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—The commission headed by Prof. Otto Kampf has selected a landscape by the impressionist, Walter Leistikow, for exhibition in the National Gallery. The Minister of Education, however, has refused to submit the decision of the commission to the Emperor for final approval.

THE NEW PRINCIPAL.

Mr. Wellington Dixon Formally Appointed Principal of the High School

ALD. EBERS DISSENTS FROM HIS FELLOW-COMMISSIONERS.

It was expected that there would be some discussion to-day at the regular meeting of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners in regard to the question of the appointment of the new principal of the High School, an appointment which had been recommended by the Committee of School Management, (which is another name for the Board) but which required formal ratification at the open meeting of the Board sitting as the directing authority of the public schools.

It was rather curious, therefore, that when Mr. Bimmore, in reading the report of the Committee of School Management, came to the matter of the principalship, there was not a single word said by any Commissioner, except Alderman Ebers, who very promptly asked that his dissent, which he had indicated at the meeting of the committee, should be entered on the minutes.

As a fact, there was no record of such dissent, but Ald. Ebers insisted that it be entered, which was promised. Dean Evans (the chairman) seemed about to say something, but the appointment of Mr. Dixon, together with a number of other trifling matters, were bulked together and carried.

INCREASE OF SALARIES.

Certain increases of salaries had been recommended by a committee of which Ald. Ebers was a member. The latter objected to the increases which a majority of the committee recommended, on the ground that they went beyond the scale which had been adopted in the premises. This Board was complaining of its lack of funds, and at such a moment, when it desired the support of the public, it seemed strange that they should be increasing salaries. Besides, there were many teachers who were making no outcry, and yet whose cases deserved as much consideration as those who had preferred claims.

To bring the salaries up to scale might be all right; but to exceed that was unwise, in his opinion, under the present circumstances.

Dr. Barclay said he would never be bound by any scale. He would be bound by justice. A scale might have its value as a general guide, but he would probe the individual case, and he would vote for what was right.

There was one case in which a lady principal got \$400 per annum, a sum which was increased by \$50.

Just think of such a salary for a lady principal. Are we not ashamed to mention it?" asked Dr. Barclay, indignantly.

The recommendations passed. Among those affected are: Miss S. Maxwell, principal of Hochelaga School, who is increased from \$500 to \$550; Miss M. A. Stewart, principal of Britannia School, increased from \$440 to \$500; Miss J. S. Reed, from \$480 to \$500; Mr. Cook, field reserved for further consideration; Messrs. Curry, Gamell and Hall, held over until the staff of the High School shall be reorganized under the new principal; Mr. A. Rowell, from \$800 to \$950; Miss I. H. Hart, from \$420 to \$440; Miss J. Young, from \$160 to \$180.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously:

That we hereby record our deep sympathy with our esteemed chairman, the Very Rev. Dean Evans, in his sad bereavement. In the death of Mrs. Evans there is a loss to our city of a lady of eminent Christian culture, devoted to deeds of charity, and marked by kindly interest in all with whom she associated. In being bereft of such a partner we feel that our colleague has suffered a most painful loss, in which we assure him of our deepest sympathy.

That on the occasion of the retirement of the Rev. Elson L. Rexford, B.A., from the position of principal of our High Schools we hereby record our great esteem for himself personally, and our cordial appreciation of the distinguished educational service he has rendered in this important position. We recognize the great advantage he has had in his work from his experience first as connected for some time with our staff in this city, next in the very responsible office which he held with so much success as English secretary of the Department of Public Instruction of the Province of Quebec, and then, since 1891, as rector of the High School, and besides, since 1886, as principal of the High School for Girls.

"We have ever admired most sincerely the elevated moral and Christian tone of his administration, the magnetism of his personal influence both with his large staff of teachers, and with the thousands of scholars whose life he has touched and inspired, and at the same time the educational thoroughness which has given so high a position to these schools, and to him a reputation widely recognized throughout the Dominion, as one of our most successful Canadian educationists."

We beg to assure the Rev. Principal Rexford of our best wishes for his continued educational success in the most sacred work in which he is about to enter as principal of the Diocesan Theological College of this city.

The city editor of the Montreal "Star" wrote to the board complaining that while the announcement of the appointment of the new principal appeared in the "Witness," the "Star" appeared to have been excluded. The "Star" thought it should receive better treatment, seeing that it had always endeavored to be friendly to the board.

There was a ripple of amusement when the letter was read. Mr. Arthy stated that he had replied pointing out that while it was understood that the fact of the recommendation of the committee of management might be publicly announced, there was the understanding that enquiry should be made in regard to the same by the papers themselves. The "Witness" representative was the only one who had called and who had obtained the information. There was no thought at all in the mind of the board to discriminate in favor of any paper.

The Montreal "Herald" wrote asking leave of the board to organize a prize competition among the boys of Aberdeen School, of which the chief feature was that the "Herald" desired the boys to act as selling agents upon a basis which would give the most successful boys prizes in the shape of lacrosse outfits and the like.

The board thought this was certainly enterprising, but it very promptly refused to give the permission sought for. Dr. Barclay said they could not afford to discriminate in this matter.

"If we favored the 'Herald' in this matter," said Dr. Shaw, "we would have eager offers from the 'Star' and 'Witness.'"

The authorities of the Baron de Hirsch Institute wrote to say that the Jewish community was quite in sympathy with the efforts of the board to increase the revenue for school purposes, and would be glad to co-operate with them in any way in which their services might be desired.

There were present: Very Rev. Dean Evans (in the chair), Rev. Dr. Shaw, Rev. Dr. Barclay, Aldermen Ebers, Robertson and Stearns.

WHIP WIFE BEATERS

MINISTER OF JUSTICE TO BE PITIONED TO MAKE THIS LAW.

The monthly meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Women and Children was held this morning.

Mr. Charles Alexander presiding, the secretary reported that Mr. Alexander and himself had waited on the Police Committee with reference to allowing the police to enter houses when they knew that within there was a grievous assault being committed, and also asking that the patrol wagons be covered. The Police Committee had received them with every attention and expressed the wish that the law could be so made as to allow constables to make arrests in aggravated cases without a warrant.

The secretary then submitted the following suggestion which will be sent to the Minister of Justice:

"Whereas, grave assaults of husbands upon wives have increased in number, and it is expedient to punish the same more severely, therefore His Majesty, by and with the consent of the Senate and House of Commons, enacts as follows:—

"1. Any person having been once convicted of an assault upon his wife who is subsequently convicted of a like offence, in addition to other punishment provided by law, may, in the discretion of the justice before whom he is convicted, be sentenced to be whipped.

"2. Any constable having reason to believe that any woman is being assaulted or ill-treated in any house may, without warrant, enter such house and upon complaint by an eye-witness, or upon being satisfied that an assault has been committed upon any woman or child, may arrest the person so charged."

The secretary reported that during the month of October forty cases had been investigated and dealt with, involving the welfare of thirty-one families and seventy-six children, of whom one woman and three children were placed in homes according to their religion.

BRITISH AND BONDITES

ELECTIONS FOR CAPETOWN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Capetown, Nov. 12.—Elections yesterday for members of the Legislative Council based on race, were held. The elections were the first trial of strength since the war in South Africa between the Progressives, or British, and the Bondites, or Dutch. The results will not be known until to-morrow, but the indications are that the Bondites will be victorious.

THE EMPEROR'S HEALTH.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—Regarding the condition of the Emperor William, the following bulletin was issued this morning at the new palace, Potsdam:

"His Majesty gave up his usual walk yesterday on account of the sharp wind prevailing. The healing of the wound takes the regular course, and the Emperor's general condition remains good."

(Signed) VON LEUTHOLD, "SCHEIDT, ILBERG."

A NEW DIRECTOR.

Mr. George Caverhill, of Caverhill, Leamington, Co., hardware merchants, of Montreal, has joined the board of directors of the Royal-Victoria Life Insurance Company, his election having taken place at the meeting of the board, held on Nov. 9. Mr. Caverhill is a director of the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company, and of the Montreal Loan & Mortgage Company.

OFFICERS NAMED.

Westmount Hockey Club Held Annual Meeting Last Evening.

THE PROSPECTS FOR COMING SEASON ARE EXCEPTIONALLY PROMISING FOR THE CLUB.

The Westmount Hockey Club members and players are enthusiastic for the coming season. In no uncertain manner did the boys of this young club demonstrate their enthusiasm for the game and their ambition for the final success of their colors on the ice at the annual meeting held last evening in Victoria Hall, Westmount.

It was a happy meeting, where each face was lighted up with a hope of triumph and a name, if not fame, for the teams representing the W.A.A.A. Encouraging speeches, promises of support as well as a large addition to the membership roll, were the principal features of the gathering. Indeed, so promising are the prospects of the Westmount Hockey Club for the coming season, that it was deemed advisable last evening to elect a captain for the first team so as to allow of that gentleman becoming acquainted immediately with prospective players, and to prepare and arrange matters with the club for the opening of the season. In fact, any suggestion that had for its motive the welfare of the club, was accepted.

When the Westmount boys take hold of a sport, or game, they generally carry it through with honor and success.

In opening the proceedings last evening, the chairman, Dr. Henry, pictured a glorious future for the hockey club, and all throughout his remarks the keynote was unity and success. He congratulated the club on its healthy state, both financially and numerically, and exhorted the boys to stand strong and united for the success of the old colors.

Discussion as to the best means of still further advancing the interests of the hockey club took up considerable time of the meeting, during which the Arena Company were more or less condemned for the high charges imposed upon the Westmount Hockey Club practices.

It was finally decided to interview the Arena management, and try to arrange better terms for the coming winter.

The reports presented were highly satisfactory, and were unanimously adopted.

The election of officers for the coming year was another interesting feature of the meeting, and resulted as follows:

Hon. President—J. Patrick.

Vice-President—W. Stenhouse.

Treasurer—R. A. Willis.

Secretary—C. McKay.

Executive Committee—Dr. Henry, F. Patrick and O. Waugh.

Captain of the first team—F. Patrick.

The election of Mr. Ross as president is a most popular one with the boys, and in his speech last evening to the members, thanking them for the honor, he spoke in flattering terms of the prowess of the Westmount Hockey Club, and advised the members to do all in their power to encourage clean and manly hockey.

FISH AND GAME PROTECTION

The forty-fourth annual meeting of the Province of Quebec Association for the Protection of Fish and Game was held in the Windsor Hotel last evening. Mr. F. L. Wanklyn, the president, was in the chair, and those present included His Worship Mayor Cochrane, M.P.P., Lieut.-Col. C. R. Clumour, Stanbridge; Ald. I. H. Stearns, Dr. J. T. Flinn, Messrs. Duncan Robertson, Geo. Boulter, C. H. Finch, J. B. Sparrow, H. G. Elliott, W. P. Scott, C. A. Valen, D. Hatton, W. Percival and many others.

The chairman opened the meeting with a few words, referring to the good work the association had accomplished during the past year in obtaining the revision of the game laws and giving support towards their enforcement.

The reports of the secretary and treasurer, which were both of a very satisfactory nature, were read and accepted.

The secretary, Mr. W. J. Claghorn, in his report, referred to the interview which a deputation representing the Quebec City Association, held in Quebec with the Government relative to amendments to the fish and game laws. He was glad to say that nearly all the changes advocated were incorporated in the law and assented to on April 25 last. Our game laws had never been in as good shape as they are at present. Among other good bills passed last year were the bill prohibiting the spring shooting of wild duck; the bill extending the close season for the sale of partridge to Oct. 1, 1905; and at the same time prohibiting the purchasing of partridges before Oct. 1, 1905. The penalty for infringement of the partridge law was also increased, and a bounty offered for killing wolves.

The report then touched on the scarcity of birds this season, and the necessity for better protection. The system of paying men from \$25 to \$50 a year for guarding that portion of the province in which they reside was not a good one as there were so many reasons to prevent them from acting. It could not be expected that they would take pains to have the law enforced for so small a salary.

During the year over forty odd prosecutions had been taken out by the association and in nearly every case a conviction had been obtained.

During the year a meeting of the North American Fish and Game Protection Association was held in the city of Ottawa at which the Province of Quebec was well represented. The fourth annual dinner, which was held at the St. Lawrence Hall in November, was a very successful affair.

In conclusion, the report spoke of the generous consideration and courtesy accorded by the Grand Trunk Railway system and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in the matter of the transportation of the warden of the Association.

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Advertisements.

BRUSHES

Hold an important place in our establishment—we use the improved Rotary Brush run by machinery—It stimulates the growth of the hair—helps the circulation—and makes you feel good—doesn't cost you any more.

PALMER'S

1745 Notre Dame Street.

Phone Main 391

Cars pass the Door.

A Box at the Arena To-night

might swell your head; not so with a box of SMALL'S MAPLE CHOCOLATE CRISPS. They are wholesome—that's all.

CANADA MAPLE EXCHANGE.

Small's

The following are the officers—President—F. L. Wanklyn. Vice-president—Colin Campbell. Treasurer—Thos. C. Brainerd. Hon. Counsel—J. W. Macdougall. Secretary—Wm. J. Claghorn. Committee—The Hon. Lomer Gouin, Geo. Boulter, L. A. Boyer, E. T. D. Chambers, Quebec; T. M. Craig, Sherbrooke; His Worship Mayor Cochrane, A. O. Destalier, H. Drummond, M. F. A. Emmanas, J. T. Flinn, M.D., D. Hatton, H. R. Ives, W. L. Maltby, Chas. Meredith, Peter Macneave, W. H. Parker, J. B. Payne, Granby; D. Robertson; T. Roy, Jr., St. Johns, Que.; A. N. Shewan, J. B. Sparrow, L. H. Stearns, C. E. Usher, C. W. Wilson, —, —, —, G. Elliott.

The president announced that it had been decided to hold the annual dinner on Dec. 10, at the St. Lawrence Hall. Twelve new members were elected at the meeting.

HOLLY SNOWSHOERS

THE EXECUTIVE HELD A SPECIAL MEETING TO ARRANGE FOR THE SEASON.

The Holly Snowshoe Club officers and members are out for an enjoyable winter and nothing is being left undone that will tend to ensure an enjoyable and profitable season. The committee with the president, Mr. Hardisty, in the chair, held a special meeting last evening in the club rooms, Stanley Hall, when the preliminary programme for the season's amusements was discussed.

The club will hold its annual theatre night on Monday, Nov. 23 next, at the Academy of Music, when the members will endeavor to make the occasion a memorable one. The other fixtures will be finalable one. The other fixtures will be finalable one. The other fixtures will be finalable one.

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FREE FOODERS AT BIRMINGHAM.

Lord Hugh Cecil and Mr. Winston Churchill Open Fire on the Enemy's Camp.

MR. CHURCHILL'S SPEECH WAS GREETED WITH A STORM OF CHEERS AND MRS. CORNWALLIS-WEST LOOKED RADIANT.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 11.—The storm signals which have been flying at Birmingham for the past few days were pulled down before the Cecil-Churchill meeting. The crowd outside chafed the police and roared Chamberlain's cries. Once or twice small bands made a rush, but were easily quelled by the police. Two lower windows were smashed by missiles. At the close of Churchill's speech a long storm of cheers greeted the speaker. Mrs. Cornwallis-West looked the picture of happiness and patted her son affectionately on the shoulder.

Mr. Churchill claimed that the trade of England was not in a bad condition. He believed Mr. Chamberlain was doing what he thought was best for the Empire, but what about the motives of some supporting him? What about the manufacturers and the company promoters, who poured cheques with strict secrecy into Viner's office. The assiduous threads of the Empire, he said, were pliant as steel. He denied that colonial support would fall away unless Canadian loyalty was purchased at two shillings a quarter. To increase the happiness of the people it required social rather than fiscal reform, temperance rather than tariffs, the school master rather than the tax gatherer and the customs house officer. (Deafening applause.)

Lord Hugh Cecil said let them not think that the Empire was merely a great cake in the possession of a greedy though affectionate family, something to be cut up into slices, and divided. If the corn trade was diverted from the United States to Canada the exports to the United States would be given up. There would be an increase in the exports of manufactured goods to Canada. The Canadian manufacturer would not like trade coming in spoiling his home market. If the German imports were an evil to England, why would not the British imports be an evil to Canada. Was it fair to impose on Canada their imports, coax her into taking larger quantities of their imports, while saying at the same time that they did not want to have foreign imports because they were harmful. If he had the tongue of a great orator he would draw a picture of Canadian artisans working in the manufacturing of the eastern parts of Canada driven out of employment by the incoming flood of English manufactured goods. The colonies, he held, would have grown closer without the preference. (Cries of Thanks to Joe!)

Mr. Chamberlain, continued the speaker, had done much, but it was due to appealing to imperial sentiment and motives of gain.

PROF. ASHLEY ON CANADA

FORMER TORONTO UNIVERSITY MAN SPEAKS BEFORE LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 11.—Professor Ashley, of Birmingham University, formerly of Toronto, speaking at the banquet of the

ON CANADIAN PLAN

MR. SEDDON, OF NEW ZEALAND, TO BRING IN A PREFERENTIAL TARIFF BILL.

Wellington, N.Z., Nov. 12.—Mr. Seddon, the Prime Minister, has announced that he will submit to the Colonial Legislature a preferential tariff bill based on the lines of the Canadian tariff.

THE FAVORITE SON

PANAMA WILL HONOR DR. AMADOR AS A HERO OF THE REPUBLIC.

Panama, Nov. 11.—Manuel Spínola has been appointed to succeed Frederico Boyd as a member of the junta of the Republic of Panama.

The municipal council of Panama has unanimously approved a proposition by which Dr. Amador will be considered Panama's 'Favorite Son,' and has ordered his picture, as a hero of the republic, to be hung in a prominent place in the hall where the sessions of the council are held. The expense will be borne by the municipality.

Dr. Belisario Porras has been appointed confidential agent of the Republic of Panama to the Central American republics.

A DAMPER ON CELEBRATION.

Colon, Nov. 11.—This was the anniversary of the declaration of independence of Colombia, made by Simon Bolivar in 1811, and elaborate preparations to celebrate the event had been on foot for weeks, but the celebration was doubtless dampened by the occurrences at Panama.

Senors Mendoza and Fabrega, respectively ministers of justice and public instruction, have written to Mgr. Javier, bishop of Panama, requesting a continuance of the cordial relations which have

London Chamber of Commerce to-night, expressed the belief that if things went on as at present Canada was bound to sever her connection with the Motherland, and become either independent, or in reality or in name part of the United States. (Cries of 'Oh, oh,' and 'Hear, hear'.)

The tendency to separation Professor Ashley continued, had for a time been checked by the enthusiasm over the Boer war, and the preferential tariff had somewhat increased the previously diminishing commercial intercourse between the Dominion and Great Britain. If the opportunity for unity was missed, old forces towards the geographical separation from Great Britain and the continuity to the United States would resume and complete the work. The Canadians would then be sure to renew the old agitation for commercial union with the United States, and with new backing, the agitation would be certain to be successful. The drift in Australia towards independence was, in his opinion, no less clear.

Sir Henry Holland said he had lately visited Canada, and he had, not on any occasion observed the slightest desire for separation; on the contrary, he had found everywhere the most pronounced loyalty.

MR. VINCE'S VIEW.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 12.—At a meeting of the Birmingham Debating Society, Mr. Vince, Mr. Chamberlain's secretary, said Canadians were members of an Empire potentially far vaster, greater, and wealthier than the federation of the United States of America, but, from membership of that Empire they derived no commercial advantage whatever. They knew that the United States would be ready to-morrow, if they were disloyal to the British flag, to admit them to the advantages of the American commercial system. Could it be wondered at that Canada, calling for preferential trade, in impatience, did not wait for us to set the example, but had shown us how to do it. What was wanted from Canada was such preference to our manufacturers as would be sufficient to counterbalance the advantage which manufacturers in the United States had in their proximity to Canada. What Canada wanted was an absolutely secure market for her wheat. A two-shilling preference was sufficient to secure the English markets for years to come for Canadian wheat.

TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION. The Colonial Office strongly advises intending emigrants to Canada or to South Africa to obtain trustworthy information respecting the colony to which they proposed to emigrate by communicating with the official representatives of the colonies.

SIR WILLIAM HOULDSWORTH'S VIEW.

At a meeting of the Central Committee of the Manchester Conservative Association, Sir William Houldsworth, M.P., said that they always had been told that the colonies, being protectionist, would want to add tariffs instead of giving preference, but the address of Lord Strathcona and the agents-general of the colonies presented to Mr. Alfred Lyttelton was one of the straws indicating which way the wind was blowing.

existed between church and state, and soliciting the bishop's co-operation in educational matters. Bishop Xavier replied, promising his co-operation.

Samuel Boyd, brother of Frederico Boyd, of the Junta, who is now on his way to the United States, has been appointed postmaster-general of Panama. The appointment has been well received, as Senator Boyd has been one of the principal promoters of the independence of Panama.

AGAINST MORMONISM

OBJECTION TAKEN TO SMOOT'S PRESENCE IN THE SENATE.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 11.—Several hundred petitions from nearly every state in the union protesting against Reed Smoot retaining his seat as junior senator from Utah were filed in the Senate to-day. Religious organizations of all kinds and educational institutions are among the organizations which have filed protests. Some of these petitions charge that Senator Smoot has practiced polygamy, while others set forth his objections on the charge that he is a member of an organization which countenance plural marriages. It is not likely the charges will be considered before the last week of the special session.

THE OFFENCE OF BRIBERY

THE REV. DR. CHOWN GIVES SOME FURTHER EXPLANATION OF HIS STATEMENT.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—Dr. Chown was interviewed to-day and gave the correct version of what he said in his sermon last Sunday and which was taken exception to by the W. C. T. U. He said he was not a member of the country a great deal, he observed, 'and people seem to tell me everything, but I do not swallow all I hear. In this case my information was absolutely satisfactory. It was down east; I had not been more definite than that. I said five of the ladies who had voted voted for the temperance candidate.'

'Would they not have voted in any case?' 'Well, they don't care about voting, but when they were asked to, they did vote.'

There were seven men hanging around waiting to be bought. The liquor men bought five and the best men of the town raised some money and bought the other two, and the election. I was simply trying to show the necessity for an aroused conscience even on the part of good people as to the offence of bribery.'

GAS EXPLOSION.

Acetylene Gas Plant in a Ridgetown Hotel Blow up

TWO MEN DEAD AND MANY OTHERS INJURED.

Ridgetown, Ont., Nov. 11.—The whole town was thrown into great excitement this evening by an explosion of an acetylene gas machine in the cellar of the Lozar House. When citizens in the vicinity of the hotel reached it they found the whole of the front of the house blown out. Within a few seconds brave and willing men had broken into the mass of bricks and twisted timbers, eager to rescue the unfortunate inmates. Within a few minutes all who were known to be in the building were carried out.

Two men lost their lives and many others were injured.

The list of dead and injured is as follows:

G. W. Atkinson, agent for the London 'Advertiser,' crushed, dead in a few minutes.

A. B. Weir, agent for an enlarging photograph firm, died at 9.30.

Wm. Barclay, auctioneer, scalp torn from over the ear to the top of the head and badly bruised about body; may die.

John McKenzie, farmer, back of head scratched, arm and right side badly injured; will likely recover.

T. P. Watson, face and leg cut, and body bruised; in critical condition.

A. Vognan, porter, head cut, not serious.

H. W. Purcell, proprietor of the Lozar House, hands and head cut; not seriously.

Miss M. Addeman, body cut, suffering from nervous prostration; will recover.

Miss Addeman was walking past the hotel at the moment of the explosion, and her injuries resulted from flying glass, while all the others injured were in the sitting room in the hotel.

The injured were carried into neighboring stores, and made as comfortable as possible, until arrangements could be made to transfer them to the train, or to the homes of friends.

The explosion occurred at 5.10 p.m., and sleeping to people in the immediate vicinity, occasioned no alarm until the fire bell began to ring. It was thought by some to be a clap of thunder and by others the charge of a loaded gun. The alarm had scarcely ceased ringing when the firemen, followed by hundreds of citizens, were on the scene. An appalling and ghastly sight met their gaze. In addition to the gruesome sight of unconscious men being carried out, the whole front part of the house was blown out, and the entrance badly wrecked. Most of the windows in the stores across the street, a distance of several rods, in each direction, many having plate glass being practically ground to powder. The damage on the other side of the street was not so serious although many windows were broken, some even on the third story of the Porter Block. On the west side of the hotel is a wide archway, while on the east side a passage of a couple of feet wide acted as an air cushion to which fact is due the little damage done to Gillin's grocery on the west, and to Beattie's hardware on the east.

The disaster, like all of its kind, had many peculiarities. The machine stood in front of the cellar directly under the office, and while entirely wrecking the front part of the house, it left the rear uninjured. Mrs. Purcell and her staff of five girls, who were in the kitchen, escaped without a scratch. A horse tied in front of Northway's, fifty yards away, was struck by flying glass and had one foot nearly severed. A peculiar occurrence is that this is the second explosion in Ridgetown through which Mr. T. P. Watson has gone. Unfortunately, he did not escape to-day as well as in the one which wrecked his mill and caused several deaths, a few years ago. Although the results of to-day's accident were appalling they were not nearly so bad as might have been, for the explosion could not have taken place at a more opportune time. There was a downpour of rain at the time, and the streets were practically deserted. Had it been an hour later the streets would have been full of home-going workmen, and many more would have been in the house. All the help were with Mrs. Purcell in the kitchen, preparing for tea, and thus providentially escaped. There were several in the bar at the time, but, strange as it may seem, all escaped with nothing worse than a shaking up of body and nerves.

The cause of the explosion is unknown. The loss of property will be heavy. The hotel itself had been thoroughly renovated throughout, and was as well kept a house as could be found in western Ontario. The lower part of the building is a total wreck, and the upper stories are liable to collapse at any moment. The loss to neighboring property owners will be mostly due to broken glass, although Gillin suffers considerably. Loss by the displacement of his windows. Although the apparatus of the firemen was not brought into action the men were on hand in a minute, and ably assisted.

ANOTHER FATALITY.

Listowel, Ont., Nov. 11.—Mr. W. Chmie, editor of the 'Listowel Banner,' has just received particulars of the sudden death of his nephew, Austin, in Selma, Alabama, by the explosion of an acetylene gas machine which he was about to repair. The generator was in a store basement and the moment the young man entered the cellar with a lighted candle the explosion followed. He was found lying at the top of the trap door stairs, indicating that death was instantaneous.

Advertisements



The Very Source of Fur.

This little picture represents a source, a market of the great fur stores,

To understand it properly one must comprehend the idea of the artist and that of the advertiser. The great wild beast represents the great fur market. The name is placed there to show that our establishment is the greatest on the continent. The "source" indicates that we go right to the very source of fur, and that a purchaser, on coming to us, buys directly from the very source of winter elegance.

We have already stated that nothing is hidden from us in the great fur markets. We visit them personally every year. The almighty dollar has long since enabled us to get down to bed rock, and has enabled us to profit by the considerable discounts which hard cash always commands.

This is one of the cases where it may be said that even if arrangements are made with the gods, cash down will still have the advantage.

All our skins are directly imported; all our silks, our satins, our cloth, in short, all that goes to make up a rich overcoat, a rich mantle, or a pretty little fur for the youngster, are directly imported.

The success of any great business is a matter of calculation; it is a question of discount which enables the merchant to sell to advantage.

Being well acquainted with the needs of our population, owing to our experience of a quarter of a century, we know exactly what pleases them in furs.

Our well-trained staff have instructions to keep us informed of what they are asked for, and we have always pleasure in meeting our customers' wishes.

It is absolutely contrary to our methods to force on customers articles which they do not care for. That is why we have such an immense variety, in beauty and elegance, in our patterns.

Our low prices are well known. Our charges are so moderate as to have a continental reputation.

Many American buyers come to us. Local people come to us more than ever. The customer of yesterday recommends to-morrow's. It is a case of satisfaction all round.

Our motto: An Article Worth 25 p.c. to 40 p.c. more for the same price as elsewhere will never cease to be realized in the offerings at our counters.

We repeat, go elsewhere, compare, judge the article and the price, then come to see us. In this way you will buy judiciously and advantageously.

Charles Desjardins & Co.,

1533-1541 St. Catherine street, - - - MONTREAL.

CLEAN COAL. RIGHT WEIGHT. PROMPT DELIVERY.

CITIZENS COAL COMPANY.

246 ST. JAMES STREET

PHONE MAIN 241.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN

THE CZAR DECLARES HE WILL NOT DECLARE WAR AGAINST JAPAN.

London, Nov. 12.—The correspondent of the 'Standard' at Berlin says he has learned upon good authority that the Czar of Russia told the Emperor William during their recent interview at Wiesbaden that he would not declare war against Japan under any consideration.

GOES TO ST. PETERSBURG.

Tientsin, Nov. 11.—Admiral Alex. von Benckendorff, the Russian Viceroy of the Far East, leaves Port Arthur for St. Petersburg on Nov. 12.

General Wogack, of the Russian army, is daily expected here. The report that the Russian seat of government in the Far East is to be removed from Port Arthur to Vladivostok is unfounded.

AGAINST THE MULLAH

ITALY WILL CO-OPERATE WITH BRITAIN IN SOMALILAND.

Rome, Nov. 11.—In view of the probable complications in Somaliland, the cruiser 'Cristoforo Colombo' left Venice to-day, having on board Captain Bisio, who will assume command of the Italian squadron there. Italy will co-operate with Great Britain against the Mullah.

OGILVIE BROS.

Sanitary and Heating Engineers
240 BLEURY STREET,
TELEPHONE 57-2091, East 161.

THE 'DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath, Douglass and Frederick Eugene Douglass, both of Montreal.
All business communications should be addressed John Douglass & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness'.'

Advertisements

This is what Ayer's Hair Vigor does: Restores color to gray hair, makes the hair grow, stops falling, cures dandruff.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

OGILVY DAILY STORE NEWS.

Dry Goods News

Concerning style and prices that should strike every woman as right, compared with style and prices shown elsewhere. Our goods are always up-to-date in every respect, and the prices suit all.

OGILVYS'.

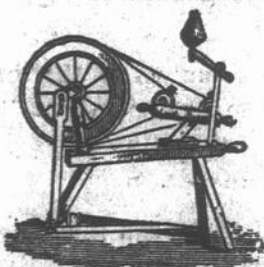
MAIL ORDERS.

Out-of-town customers will receive the best attention, if they order from Jas. A. Ogilvy & Sons. Your orders are filled and sent by mail or express as if you selected them personally.

Samples of all the newest materials for Blouses, Dresses, Skirts, Wrappers, etc.; also Lace Trimmings and Ribbons will be sent you on request for same.

P. O. BOX 2378.

THE DOMINION



LINEN WAREHOUSE.

LINENS.

(Ground Floor.)

Notwithstanding the high standard of goods we keep, we have lines at very low prices.

16-inch Crash, all linen, colored border, excellent value, 10c. for 8c. a yard.

Bleached Sheetings, plain and twilled, 72 inches wide, strong, free from dressing, usual 20c., for 16½c. a yard.

Ready-made Pillow Cases, 40, 42 and 44 inches wide, 12½c. each.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

We are showing many Special Lines in this Department. Below we mention but a few to show you what qualities we are giving at low prices.

Men's Flannelette Night Shirts, with large negligee collar, pearl buttons, large roomy bodies, not skimpy goods, size 14½ to 17, splendid assortment of patterns, regular price \$1.00, Ogilvy's Price 75c.

We are showing a splendid range of Men's Neckwear, in exclusive patterns, all silk goods, in fancy weaves, entirely new.

Reversible Derby, 50c. and 75c.

Flowing Ends, 50c., 75c. and \$1.00.

Puff Ties, 50c. and 75c.

SILKS.

'Gaiety' Silk, in shades of Pale Blue, Sky Blue, Fawn, Brown, Grey, Pink, Old Rose, Red, Nile Green, White, Cream and Black, 20 inches wide, 50c. a yard.

Japanese Silks, direct from Japan. This is our well-known Silk, in plain colors, a grand assortment of all the newest shades.

20 inches wide, 25c. a yard.

27 inches wide, 50c. a yard.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Always something interesting in the Trimming Department. We have trimmings that will suit any goods you may wish to trim. Some of the very prettiest designs and colorings manufactured this season are to be found in our assortment.

OGILVYS'.

MONTREAL AGENTS FOR SCHONHERR ORIGINAL PURE LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR AND PIM BROS., DUBLIN, CELEBRATED DRESS POPLINS.

THE LARGEST EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE IN CANADA.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

Carpet, Phone Uptown 1301.
Office, Uptown 901.
Store, " 902.

St. Catherine and Mountain Streets.

P. O. BOX, 2378.

You Want One.

You want a New Flannel Blouse, of course you do, and you are wondering where is the best place to go to for one. Come and see our stock of lovely designs in stripes and floral effects, with and without borders. Special line at 39c a yard.

Heavy Navy Blue Flannels.

A regular snap in Navy Blue Twilled Flannel Shirting, regular value 25c and 30c per yard. Present price 19c a yard.

New Blouse Flannelettes.

All the shades in Blouse Flannelettes, and in the prettiest and choicest designs, from 10c a yard up. See our display in the Basement.

9 Cents Per Yard.

Heavy Striped Flannelette Skirting in Blue and Cardinal with pretty borders, good wearing material and very tasteful, former price 20c. Now marked at 9c a yard. Plain and Striped Moreen Skirting, former price 45c. While they last 15c a yd.

Ladies' Jackets, \$2.95.

Here is a good opportunity to buy a high-class garment at a very low price.

Made in Fawn, Brown and Blue Beaver Cloth, a great many styles to choose from, most of them lined throughout with Satin or Mercerized Lining, sizes 32 to 42, easily worth \$8.75 to \$13.50. Special \$2.95.

Children's Coats Reduced.

12 only. Children's Coats, made in Fawn, Blue and Red Beaver Cloth, nicely trimmed with velvet collar and cuffs and strappings of self, box back, new sleeve, sizes from 6 to 14 years. Prices were \$9.75 to \$12.75. Now \$7.50 to \$9.75.

Ready-to-wear Hats.

We are offering our stock of Ladies' and Misses' Ready-to-wear at a discount of 20% off marked prices.

Ladies' Underskirts.

If you are thinking of your warm Underskirt—and what lady is not—just look at the reductions that await you in the Skirt Section.

Fine Silk Moirette Skirts, in Soft Greys, Cerise and Mauve, some made with an accordion pleated flounce and others with flare flounce finished with rows of cording and finely pleated frill; draw tape at waist. Regular \$5.50 to \$7.50. We mark them at \$4.89.

A few odd lines of Silk Moirette and Wool Moreen Underskirts, several different styles, colors are Grey, Salmon Pink, Turquoise Blue, Cerise, Mauve and Dark Blue, some have flare flounce corded, and others are trimmed with velvet. The prices of these ranged from \$2.85 to \$5.50. Now marked to sell at \$2.59.



Ladies' Neckwear.

Whatever your requirements in the Neckwear Line may be, you will be sure to have them filled at Ogilvys, as it is becoming a well known fact that we are carrying the Largest Assortment and most Exclusive Styles ever brought together in one place.

Fancy Embroidered Turnovers, 25c.

Linen Turnovers Embroidered, 25c.

Silk Stocks, 25c.

Our stock is too extensive to think of mentioning the different lines. You must see it to appreciate it.

Fancy Crepe de Chine Ties, a special feature this season.

OGILVYS'.

DRESS GOODS.

When in doubt as what to wear, come to Ogilvys' and choose from our large assortment of Colored and Black Dress Goods.

500 yards only Homespun, 56 inches wide, in shades of Oxford Grey, Light Grey Green, Brown, regular value 95c., to clear 45c. a yard.

All-wool Hopsacking, in Fawn, Reseda Green, Brown and Grey, Special 65c. a yd.

French Knappe, in Green, Red, Navy, Maroon, 46 inches wide, 85c. a yard.

RIBBONS.

A Special Line of Duchesse Satin Ribbon, 4 inches wide, in all light shades, 15c a yard.

Fancy Silk Ribbon, in all shades, 5-in. wide, regular 30c., Special 19c. a yard.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

See our Norfolk Suits, made in Bannockburn and Scotch Tweeds, all wool and winter weight, sizes 27 to 33, for boys from 9 to 15, \$7.00, for \$3.98.

Boys' 3-piece Suits, latest cut and styles, all wool, winter weight, sizes 28 to 33, \$7.50, for \$4.69.

Children's Flannelette Wear.

Children's Flannelette Gowns, in Pink, Pale Blue and White, nicely trimmed with frills, featherstitch braid or embroidery, sizes from 3 to 17 years, prices from 75c. to 95c., for 69c.

Another line from \$1.00 to \$1.25, for 89c.

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS.

Every person uses Handkerchiefs. Your stock cannot be too large. We have an assortment that will please you in every respect.

Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, with initials, Special 12½c. each.

Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 15c. each.

Handkerchiefs for Kimonos and Cushions, colored border, with Flower design, selling at 15c. each.

English Cashmere Hose.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, 25c. a pr.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, 35c. a pr., or 3 pairs for \$1.00.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, 40c., 50c., 75c. a pair.

Ladies' Black Ribbed Cashmere Hose, 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c., 60c.

Boys' Black Worsted Knicker Hose, 35c. a pair.

CORSETS at 89c a Pair.

P.D. Corsets, regularly sold at \$3.50, in black only, Special 89c. a pair.

Only a few pairs and only a few sizes left of this line, if you get the size you need, you make a saving of over 50 percent of what you would pay in the regular way for this line.

OGILVYS'.