

# THE QUEBEC MERCURY.

MORES ET STUDIA ET POPULOS ET PRÆLIA DICAM - *Virg. Cœg. iv. 5.*

VOLUME XVI.]

TUESDAY, JULY 4, 1820.

[NUMBER 27.]

## QUEBEC BANK.

**DIRECTOR** for the present Week,  
**JEAN LANGEVIN, Esquire.**

Days of Discount **MONDAY & THURSDAY.**  
Notes offered for Discount should be enclosed to the Cashier, and given in before the day of discount.  
Hours for public business at the Bank, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

**NOAH FREER, Cashier.**

No. 5, Sault-au-Matelot Street.  
3rd July 1820

## BANK NOTICES.

**DIRECTOR** for the week,  
**ANDREW PATERSON, Esquire.**

Days of Discount **TUESDAY & FRIDAY.**  
Notes offered for Discount should be enclosed to the Cashier, and given in before the day of discount.  
Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock, P. M.  
**D. SUTHERLAND, Cashier.**

No. 3, St. Peter's Street.

**L**e soussigné vient de recevoir les **LIVRES** et **TABLEAUX D'ÉGLISE** suivants, qu'il a choisis lui-même, et qu'il vendra à bon marché pour de l'argent comptant, ou sur des billets promissoires, ou qu'il donnera en échange pour du blé.

Histoire ecclésiastique de Racine, 13 vols. in-4°, relié,  
Cérémonies religieuses, 7 vols. folio, veau doré,  
Conférences d'Angers, 25 vols. in-12, relié,  
Histoire des Ordres monastiques, 8 vols. 4°,  
Vies des Saints, 4 vols. folio,  
Dictionnaire des Cas de Conscience, 3 vols. folio,  
Nouveau Testament, 4 vols. 4°, veau doré,  
Dictionnaire du Droit Canonique, 4 vols. 4°, relié,  
Vies des Pères des déserts, 5 vols. relié, figures,  
La Bible, 4 vols. folio, latin et français,  
Idem 4 vols. folio, français,  
Idem 3 vols. folio,  
Psaumes de David, 4 vols. en maroquin et doublé en soie,  
Bible de Saey, 1 vol. belle reliure,  
Exercices de piété par Crosset, 18 vols.  
Idem par Griffet, 18 vols. in-12,  
Évangile médité, 8 vols. in-12,  
Diurnal romain, 8° g. papier,  
Mémoires sur l'histoire ecclésiastique, 4 vols.  
Année apostolique, 8 vols.  
Cité de Dieu de St. Augustin, 3 vols. relié,  
Esprit de St. François de Salle, 2 vols.  
Journée chrétienne. Ame pénitente,  
Paroissien romain, Semaine sainte,  
Missel romain, Neuvaine de St. François Xavier,  
Heures nouvelles,  
Livre de vie,  
Exercice de piété,  
Office divin,  
Dévotion au Sacré Cœur,  
Formulaire de prières,  
Tableau de la messe,  
Amour de Jésus-Christ,  
Office de l'Eglise,  
Visites au St. Sacrement,  
Œuvres de J. J. Rousseau, 36 vols. 8°, relié,  
Racine, 7 vols. 8°,  
Histoire romaine et traité des Rites, 20 vols.  
Histoire des hommes illustres, 15 vols. doré,  
Œuvres de Montesquieu, 7 vols.  
Œuvres de Démosthène, 6 vols.  
Mémoires du Cardinal de Reiz, 6 vols.  
Lettres de Madame de Sévigné, 12 vols.  
Racine, 5 vols.  
Histoire Romaine de Rollin, 16 vols.  
Voyage d'Anacharsis, 7 vols.  
Histoire universelle. Portraits de Souverains,  
Révolutions d'Angleterre, 4 vols.  
Voyage au Canada, 3 vols.  
Grammaire Italienne de Vénérati,  
Dictionnaire de l'Industrie, 6 vols.  
Dictionnaire de Physique, 3 vols. avec Atlas

Bibliothèque des Théâtres, 78 vols.  
Curiosités de Paris, 3 vols.  
Les quatre Saisons, 16 vols.  
Traité des Equations,  
Bibliothèque des Voyageurs, 49 vols. dans une boîte, relié doré,  
Cuisiniers de Campagne,  
Maison Rustique, 3 vols. 4°, belles figures,  
Traité de Justice de Seigneur,  
Instruction pour les Seigneurs et leurs gens d'affaires,  
Tableau du Commerce de Pêcheries,  
Rollin, 38 vols.  
Cours de la Harpe, 16 vols.  
Dictionnaire de Commerce et de Banque, 2 vols. 4°,  
Histoire des Empereurs, 12 vols.  
Art du Peintre,  
Parfait Maréchal,  
Journal des Audiences du Palais, 7 vols. folio,  
Œuvres de Duplessis, 2 vols. folio,  
Œuvres de Ronsseau, 1 vol. folio,  
Œuvres de Lebrun, 2 vols. folio,  
Droit commun de la France, par Bourjon, 2 vols. folio,  
Lois Civiles de Domat, 1 vol. folio,  
Coutume de Paris, 4 vols. folio,  
Repertoire de Jurisprudence de Guyot, 17 vols.  
Représentation des doubles Liens,  
Traité de la crue des meubres,  
Traité des hypothèques de Ba nage, (ouvrage rare)  
Traité de la communauté, 1 vol. folio,  
Œuvres de Loiseau, folio,  
Arrêts de Lamoignon, 2 vols. 4°,  
Lois de Bâtimens,  
Œuvres de Despièze, 3 vols. folio, (ouvrage rare)  
Corpus Juris Civilis, 4°,  
Droit Consulaire,  
Serpillon, Code Criminel, 2 vols. 4°,  
Vente des Immeubles par Herricourt,  
Traité de sief par Pocquet,  
Journal du Palais, 2 vols. folio,  
Procédure du Châtelet, 2 vols. 4°,  
Traité des Gains nuptiaux,  
Science du Notaire, 2 vols.  
Dictionnaire du Droit de Pratique par Ferrière,  
Parfait Notaire Apostolique,  
Traité de Droit d'Aides, 4°,  
Œuvres de Pothier, 8 vols. 4°,  
Preuve par Témoins par Dantiz, 8°,  
1 Tableau représentant Saint Louis, 6½ pieds sur 4, par Girard Fannart, de l'École Flamande,  
1 Tableau représentant le Christ mort, 6 pieds sur 4 do. 1 Idem do. la Résurrection, 4½ pieds sur 3, do. 1 Idem Marie Magdeleine, par Jacobus Craemer, 5 sur 4, 1 Idem une Sainte, 4 pieds sur 3, par le même auteur, 1 Idem Sainte Jean Baptiste, par Noël, 5 pieds sur 4.

—AUSI—  
Quelques beaux Christs en ivoire, avec des benitiers, de toutes grandeurs.

**J. C. REIFFENSTEIN.**  
23rd Mai, 1820.

**J. L. MAQUAY, JUNR.**  
WINE MERCHANT, FREE MASONS' HALL.

**H**AS always on hand an assortment of the best **WIMES, SPIRITS** and **BEERS**, viz :  
Port, Madeira, Teneriffe, Sherry, Claret, Grave, Souterne, Barsac, Preignac, Hermitage, Champaign, Albatara, Brandies, Hollands, Whiskey, Shrub, Rum, E. I. Arrack, Noyau, London Porter, Ales, Ginger Beer, all which he will be found to sell on the best terms.

Five per cent deducted from the prices of all the above articles for Cash, on delivery.

Counting House under  
the Post-Office.  
25th March, 1820:

**N**OW LANDING at McCALLUM'S Wharf, ex Brig **MARTINIQUE**, just arrived from Grenada, and for sale by the Subscribers at a reasonable rate,  
300 Puns. high proof **GRENADA RUM.**  
B. B. WOOD & Co.  
9th June, 1820. No. 3, Sault-au-Matelot.

**ALFRED HAWKINS,**  
WINE MERCHANT  
Offers for Sale the following choice  
**WINE S.**

Fine Hermitage, Old bottled Port,  
Ducacs Claret, do. Madaira,  
Vin de Grave, Marcella Madeira,  
Sauternes Sherry, Teneriffe.

## SPIRITS.

Real Cognac Brandy, Hollands,  
Jamaica Spirits, E. I. Arrack.

## BEERS.

Burton Ale, }  
Mild Ale, } At the Brewery Prices.  
and Porter, }

And **FINE GINGER BEER.**

A. H. returns his sincere thanks for the support he received in the firm of **MAQUAY & HAWKINS**, and informs his friends, that his business will be conducted under his immediate superintendance, he is therefore confident of giving satisfaction to those who will please to favor him with their orders.  
No. 4, St. Peter Street, Lower-Town. u

## THE EMIGRANT'S GUIDE TO UPPER-CANADA,

Or Sketches of the present state of that Province, collected from a Residence therein during the years 1817, 1818 and 1819, interspersed with reflections.

By **C. STUART, Esq.**

Published in London, 1820.

A few copies of the above useful Work may be had at the Subscribers' Book Store, **FREE-MASONS' HALL.**

**THOS. CARY, Jr. & Co.**

And at the Stores of **SYMES & WOOLRICH,**  
PALACE STREET

22d May, 1820.

## FOR SALE, at different Coves,

24 m. feet fine Bay of Quinte Oak,  
20 m. feet U. Canada and Champlain, do.  
30 m. do. merchantable Red Pine,  
100 m. White do.  
5 m. Standard Staves.

ALSO,  
Refuse Oak, Pine and Deals.

Quebec, 1st May, 1820.

**J. JONES, JR.**

## A VENDRE,

**UNE TERRE**, située sur le chemin de L'Ancien de Québec, d'un Arpent de front, sur environ Cinq arpents de profondeur, bornée par derrière par la Petite Rivière avec une Maison très propre et bien arrangée, avec une Grange et une Etable en très bon ordre, sa position et perspective sont des plus agréables. — Pour les conditions qui seront très avantageuses, s'adresser au Soussigné.  
G. MASSUE,

Québec, 1er. Mai, 1820.

**J**UST RECEIVED, and for Sale at the Subscribers' Store, Lower-Town Market-place:

Sweet Oranges,  
Fresh Figs in Boxes and Fraits,  
Common and Turkey Raisins,  
Shell Almonds,  
Spanish Nuts,  
Best Aberdeen Marmalade,  
Do. do. Honey,  
Superfine Pearl Barley,  
Scotch Groats,  
Market and Bottle Baskets.

Quebec, 12th May, 1820.

**JOHN EMMON,**

## TO BE LET.

**TWO SINGLE BATH HOUSES** in St. Ursule street.—Enquire of  
Wm. SEWELL.

24th June.

**THE** Subscribers have just imported a general assortment of Boy's and Men's Plated and Super-fine HATS, which they offer for Sale at their Store No 16, Mountain Street, by the Dozen or case.

JACKSON &amp; MAURICE.

27th June, 1820.

## NOTICE.

**THE** Subscriber will not be answerable for any debts contracted by the crew of the Ship DIANA. JOHN LONGBOTHAM, Master. Quebec, 2d June, 1820.

## London Boot, Shoe &amp; Glove Warehouse.

**THE** Subscribers beg leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of this City, that they have just received, per Harriet, a complete supply of Fashionable articles in the above line, of the best quality, and which are now ready for inspection.

A handsome strong-built Gig, quite new, with head and a driving-seat attached to the body.

MILLICHAP &amp; Co.

Quebec, 23d June, 1820.

## The Subscribers have for sale,

**ONE** hundred and ten puns, Leeward Island rum,  
165 hog-heads molasses,  
70 do. Muscovado sugar,  
150 barrels do.  
15 do. fine green coffee,  
30 quarter casks Teneriff wine,  
2 pipes Cognac brandy,  
100 cases olive oil,  
10 casks white wine vinegar.

## ALSO,

26 bales of superfine and fine cloths,  
4 do. 3/2 and 4 point blankets,  
2 do. of fine kerseymere,  
3 cases kerseymere shawls,  
8 do. cambrics,  
2 do. white oz. threads,  
6 do. striped cotton, Turkey stripes & deries,  
8 hog-heads men and women's leather shoes,  
6 do. beaver bonnets.

QUIROUET, CHIMIC &amp; Co.

Quebec, 12th June, 1820.

**NOW** LANDING AND FOR SALE.—The Cargo of the George and Thomas, from Barbadoes and Grenada, consisting of Bright Barbadoes Sugar, in hog-heads, tierces and barrels; strong Grenada Rum; Molasses and Geneva; all of which will be sold low for cash, good bills, or in barter for produce. Apply to  
Wm. PEMBERTON.

Goudie's Wharf, 12th June, 1820.

## Who has received by the late arrivals:—

A complete assortment of Cordage of every description with Deep Sea, Lead and Log Lines, Roping and Sall Twines, Bed Sackings and Cords, Sacking Cloth, Bags, and a small quantity of Oakum.

**ALSO**—Jamaica Rum, Mahogany in Logs, Leaf Tobacco, Candles, Hams, Basket Salt, Irish Linens, and ready made Shirts, Boots and Shoes, Glassware of every description, Feathers, and a few Dry Goods, all of which will be sold on fair terms.

Now landing at Messrs. Gerrard, Findlay & Co's Wharf, ex Fidelity, from Bristol, and for Sale,

**81** Puncheons Grenada Rum,  
50 tons Bar Iron,  
5 do. Swedish Iron,  
40 boxes Candles,  
500 jars Vinegar,  
32 hds. Porter,  
53 kegs Paint,  
80 baskets Cheese,  
240 boxes Window Glass, 7 1/2 x 8 1/2,  
20 half boxes ditto.

## Also in Store,

8 bales fine Cloths and Castimere,  
700 boxes Tin Plates, 1 C and 1 X.

AUGUSTUS GEORGE.

No. 1, St. Peter street, 20th May, 1820.

## JOHN BROWN,

Ship Chandler, Grocer, Wine and Spirit Dealer, &c.

**RESPECTFULLY** informs his friends and the public, that he has opened a STORE in the above line, opposite the King's Wharf, *Cul-de-Sac street*, where he shall be constantly supplied with the best of articles in the above line, on moderate terms.

He is now landing from on board the ship Suffolk, Wm. Kenn, master, from Belfast, a complete assortment of cordage, lines and twines, rendered lard in firkins, smoked hams, soap and candles, gentlemen's boots and shoes, Irish linens, &c.—the whole of which will be sold cheap for cash.

Quebec, 13th June, 1820.

## AT PRIVATE SALE.

**JUST** Landed PAINTED FLOOR CLOTHS, which will be cut to suit purchasers.

Irish Linens,  
Mould candles 6s & 8s in boxes,  
Soap in do.

JOS. CARY,

St. Ann Street, }  
29 May, 1820. }

## PATRICK W. LAWLER,

ORNAMENTAL WRITER,

**HAS** opened an Office as Law Stationer, at No. 96, St. Eustache street, St. John Suburbs, convenient to Colonel Voyer's premises, where Gentlemen can get every description of writing copied with elegance and dispatch.

P. W. LAWLER flatters himself, from his being very conversant in the above line of business, and having engaged a few very superior writers as Assistants, that his exertions and moderate charges will meet the approbation of those who may be pleased to favor him with their patronage.

Quebec, 15th June, 1820.

## CHARLES WILLIAM ROSS.

**RETURNS** his sincere thanks for the encouragement he received while connected with John Macnider & Co. and respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has just received per St. Lawrence from London, George Symes and Coaricks from Liverpool, a choice and well assorted selection of GOODS, consisting of very Rich Figured Black and coloured Canton-Crue Dresses and Shawls, French Cambrics, Rich Black and coloured Silk and Satins, stout black Florentines, black Bombazines, white and coloured crapes, ribbons, gloves, silk shawls, black and coloured silk and Bandanna Handkerchiefs, Silk, Woolen and Cotton Hosiery, Ladies Boots and Shoes, Haberdashery, fine printed Calicoes, Flannels, Sewing Silks and Twist, Ferrets and Galloons, Stationary, Cutlery and Hardware, Playing Cards, Fine Pins and Needles, Combs, Brushes, Twine & Shoe Thread, Windsor Soap, Blacking, Paints and Starch, which are now unpacking and will be sold low for Cash or short Credit.—Orders made up on the shortest notice.

No. 44 St. John Street, 18th May 1820.

## JOSEPH BENNETT,

HAIR CUTTER and WIG MAKER,

**RESPECTFULLY** informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quebec, and the public in general that he has recommenced business in the House No. 20, St. John street, where he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of their patronage.

N. B. Ladies and Gentlemen attended at their residences on the shortest notice.

Quebec, 22d May, 1820.

**JUST** landed, and for Sale by the Subscriber, a few Hhds. of very superior old Port Wine.

Quebec, 3d June, 1820.

## MARINE HOTEL,

No. 8, *Cul-de-Sac*, Lower-Town.

**MR. MOORE** begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has opened the above Hotel; and that no exertions shall be wanting on his part, to render it comfortable, and a desirable resort for masters of vessels and others who may favor him with their support—his object being to render it generally conducive to the public accommodation.

SOUPE every day at Twelve o'clock.

An ORDINARY at One.

Snacks and Dinners at the shortest notice,

18th May, 1820.

**D. M'NEIL**, Upholsterer and Paper Hanger, begs leave to inform his friends and the public that, having finished his engagement with Mr. P. Petry, he has commenced on his own account in the above-mentioned business, and flatters himself that from his experience, added to the strictest attention to the orders he may be favored with, will secure him a share of the public patronage.

Those who wish to supply their own materials may depend upon the utmost attention being paid to the execution of their orders.

NB. Orders left with Mr. Dallow, *Sous-le-fort street*, bottom of the steps, will be attended to punctually.

Quebec, June 13th 1820.

## LOUIS MASSUE &amp; Co.

**HAVE** received from London, Liverpool and Greenock a very extensive supply of Spring Goods, which, with their stock on hand, forms a complete assortment as exhibited in the place, comprising, in particular—

India and British sarisnets, taffeties and satins, bandannas, Canton crape, shawls and scarfs, silk velvets, poppy lins, florentine, ribbons, silk stockings and gloves, silk umbrellas and parasols, Irish linen, cotton, cambric, real French do. diaper, dowlas, bed tick, cloths and cassimere, shalloons, fannels, green printed table covers, scotch tartan, jeans and fustian, black barragon, etamine, bombazet, &c. &c. &c.

## ALSO,

90 doz. Mens' fine and strong shoes,  
30 doz. Boys' do.  
120 doz. Womens' kid, morocco, leather and jean shoes and boots,  
260 doz. Men, women and child drop's cotton and worsted stockings,  
100 doz. Men, women and children's gloves,  
100 pieces India nankeen, Brussels carpeting, Venetian do.  
Busk, bone & ivory table knives and forks,  
Pen and pocket do.  
Chamber grates,  
Fire irons and fenders,  
Best rolled foolscap and letter paper,  
Common do.  
Quills, pencils and wafers,  
Hair brooms,  
Cloth, shoe & scrubbing brushes,  
Quebec, 7th June, 1820.

Wax candles,  
Spermaceti do.  
Lantern tapers,  
Dutch lights, only 1s. per box.  
Spermaceti oil,  
Windsor soap,  
Castile ditto,  
Spirits turpentine, (400 gallons)  
Linsed oil,  
White paint,  
Real copal varnish,  
Shoe thread,  
Black lead,  
Rag-stones,  
Poland starch,  
Nails, assort.  
Playing cards, (150 doz.)  
Wool Cards,  
Sponge, &c.  
Hyson, souchong and twinkley teas,  
Loaf and brown sugar,  
Real white wine vinegar,  
Sallad oil,  
Isinglass, &c. &c. &c.

## PATENT CHAIN &amp; HEMP CABLE AND ANCHOR STORE.

**THE** Chain Cables are accompanied with certificates of proof, and reference to Report of Surveyor for Lloyd's. Specimens of the Chain Iron tied cold into knots, may be seen at my Counting House. An assortment of sizes for vessels from 50 to 500 Tons, will be kept on hand.

Also various vessels:—  
Iron—a complete assortment of square, flat and round;  
Sheet and Hoop Iron and Steel;  
Frying Pans, Eyehole Shovels;  
Raffing chains, dogs, and staples;  
Fine drawn Canada Nails, 3 1/2, 10, 14, 16, 18, 28, 32, 36;  
Horse nails, spikes, and ribbing do.  
Anchor Palms, Plough-shares;  
Quarry hammer and Scale-beam moulds;  
Quebec, 19th May, 1820.

Cordage—warranted clean Petersburgh, from 9 thread ratline, to 12-inch Cables, assorted;  
Slater's Patent Kitchen Stearn Ranges, (unrivalled for cleanliness and economy);  
A few fashionable London made Register Stove Grates;  
Traces, Chains, and Canadian and American warranted Axes.

Wm. BUDDEN.

## ACCOUNT BOOKS,

AND  
BLANK BOOKS

Of every description made and sold by

THOS. CARY, JUN. & Co.  
FREE-MASONS' HALL.

## TO LET.

**AND** possession given on the 1st of May next, a neat two Story Stone House, No. 15, Hope Street, in complete repair, with good Cellar, yard, Stabling, Coach-House, &c.—Enquire of

H. GOWEN,  
No. 11, Mountain street.

**FOR SALE,**

**AT the Stores of JAMES GEORGE, on Goudie's Wharf:**  
 An assortment of Iron, Steel, and Hoop Iron, Iron castings, of various descriptions, Nails, and Spike nails, various sizes, Tin, Sheet Iron, Anvils and Vices, Window and sheet Glass, all sizes, Glazier's Diamonds,  
 A few cases and casks assorted Hardware,  
 Do. Fowling Guns,  
 Lines and Twines, Tobacco Pipes, Crown Blue, English and French Vinegar, by the pipe, hhd. and quarter-cask,  
 Pickles and Sauces, Olive Oil, Mustard of the best quality,  
 Extra superfine West of England Cloths and Cassimeres,  
 Yorkshire Carpeting, wool and felt Hats, and A variety of other articles.  
**ALSO,**  
 2 cases best Hermitage Wine,  
 11 hds. } Cape Madeira do.  
 1 qr.-cask }  
**N.B.** Goods stored, or sold on Commission, as usual.  
 19th May, 1820.

**TO LET,**

**FOR** one or three years, from 1st May last, that commodious and pleasant Cottage, with stable, Hangar, Garden, &c. No. 5, Rampart street, near the Grand Battery. The conveniences of the House, and its local situation, render it a most desirable residence for a small family. The Stoves, &c. being already neatly fixed up, may be had at a fair valuation.—Enquire at Dr. MONTGOMERY'S.  
 9th June, 1820.

**FOR SALE,**

**On Cape Diamond Brewery Wharf:**  
**ONE** Hundred puncheons L. J. Rum,  
 100 pipes } Spanish Red Wine,  
 150 hogsheads }  
 10 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar,  
 10 puncheons Molasses,  
 10 pipes }  
 3 qr. casks } Olive Oil,  
 3 barrels }  
 Claret Wine, in 6 dozen cases,  
 Spirits Turpentine,  
 3 pipes Bronte Madeira,  
 20 sacks Almonds,  
 20 boxes Lemons,  
 10 crates earthenware,  
 250 cwt. dry Cod-fish,  
 100 boxes Soap,  
 50 do. Candles,  
 50 barrels Irish Pork,  
 100 hampers Irish Potatoes,  
 20 tons Coals,  
 5 boxes Shoes and Wearing Apparel.  
**PETER SHEPPARD.**  
 9th June, 1820.

**FOR SALE,**

**The CARGO of the AUGUSTA ANN,**  
**NOW** landing on Cape Diamond Wharf, viz:  
 62 puncheons Trinidad Rum,  
 52 hog-heads } do. Sugar,  
 60 barrels }  
 Will be sold low, if applied for before stored.  
**HEATH & MOIR.**  
 2nd June, 1820.

**FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,**

**THE** Undermentioned Articles, viz:—a few elegant ornamented Marble Grave Stones, Tomb Tables, Marble Slabs for Hearths, Jambes, &c. which will be sold reasonable for Cash or approved credit.  
**JOHN PHILLIPS.**  
 Quebec, 1st. February, 1820.

**TO LET.**

**THAT** very commodious new house, No. 3, pleasantly situated in front of the Esplanade, lately occupied by the Deputy Quarter-Master General, with excellent stabling for five horses, coach house, office houses, a good yard, &c. &c.  
 Quebec, 6th Decr. 1819  
**JOHN BOYD.**

**NOTICE.**—The Subscriber being duly appointed Curator in the absence of FREDERICK LIMPP, requests all those who are indebted to the said F. Limpp, to make payment, and all those who have claims against him, to present them, at Wurtele & Frasier's Office.  
**JONATHAN WURTELE.**  
 Quebec, 31st Jan. 1820.

**FOR LEITH.**

**THE** good Ship ALEXANDER, of 280 tons, will commence loading for the above Port in four or five days, and will take goods at a reasonable rate of freight. For terms, apply to C. Beveridge, on board, or to  
**GERRARD, FINLAY & Co.,**  
 Quebec, June 16th, 1820.

**FOR CHARTER.**

**THE** fast sailing Brig SUPERIOR, JAMES BURNIE, Master, burthen 174 tons register, a very suitable vessel for, and will carry about 8000 bushels of wheat, only twelve months from the stocks, will accept a Charter to any Port in the United Kingdom.  
 Apply to Captain Birnie on board, or to  
**HEATH & MOIR.**  
 Landing from the SUPERIOR, and for Sale.  
 1200 feet of cut window Lutels Granite,  
 2000 do Paving Stones, and  
 100 tons Scotch Coals of a superior quality.  
 16th June, 1820.

**WANTED,** Immediately a Youth who writes a very good hand, Specimens addressed to A. Z. at the Printing Office, will be attended to.  
 Quebec, 16th June, 1820.

**FOR SALE,**

**A** Cabinet and square PIANO FORTES, manufactured by BROADWOOD.  
**S. CODMAN.**  
 Palace-street, 9th June.

**FOR SALE,**

**250** Puncheons Demerara Rum,  
 10 Pipes of Cogniac }  
 40 do. French } Brandies,  
 20 do. white Geneva,  
 15 do. of Teneriffe Wine,  
 25 do. of Spanish do.  
 5 do. of L. P. Madeira,  
 150 Casks best white wine Vinegar,  
 200 Minots of best Liverpool Salt, afloat,  
 250 Boxes of Window Glass, being an assortment of all sizes in general use,  
 25 Casks of Glasware,  
 200 Boxes of Tin, 1 C,  
 15 Cases of hats, put up for country use,  
 30 Boxes Candles,  
 20 Casks of Holson's best Brown Stout,  
 30 Bags of Barcelona Nuts, and French Wine, nuts,  
 2000 New wheat and flour Bags,  
 12 Bags Pepper.  
 Also—A few bales of Woollen Goods.  
**HENRY ATKINSON.**  
 Goudie's Wharf, June 2, 1820.

**IL** se débarque actuellement du FIDELITY, de Bristol, au quai de Messrs. GERRARD, FINLAY, & Co. et à vendre.

81 Tonnes de rum de la Grenade,  
 50 Quintaux de fer en barres,  
 5 do. do. Suédois,  
 40 Caisses de chandelles,  
 500 Cruches de vinaigre,  
 32 Barriques de Porter,  
 53 Barrils de Peinture,  
 80 Paniers de Fromage,  
 240 Caisses de vitres, 7 1/2 & 8 1/2  
 20 Demi-caisses de Ditto.

**AUSSI,** au Magasin,  
 8 Ballots de draps fins et Kerseymeres,  
 700 Caisses de fer blanc, 1 C & 1 X  
**AUGUSTUS GEORGE.**  
 Rue St. Pierre, 20e Mai, 1820.

**NEW PAINT & GLASS STORE,**  
 No. 17, St. John Street.

**ROBERT GAIN,** Painter, &c. respectfully informs the Public that he has taken part of the House belonging to Mr. POZER, the corner of St. Stanislas Street and St. John Street: where the Public may be supplied with readymixed Paints, of any colour; Window Glass; Oils, &c. &c. at reasonable prices.  
 R. G. assures the Public that every article shall be of the best quality, for ready money or approved credit.  
 N. B. The House Painting, Glazing and Decorating carried on as usual, at No. 5, St. Stanislas Street.  
 Quebec, May 8th, 1820.

**CITY HOTEL, St. John Street.**

**G**EOERGE SCOTT respectfully informs the gentlemen of Quebec, and its vicinity, that on the 1st of May next he intends to open, as the CITY HOTEL, that large and convenient house so long and respectfully kept by the late Mr. STURM as "the Union."

He assures the public that to sustain the respectability of the establishment will be his constant study, and gentlemen or families, who may favor him by boarding at, or visiting the Hotel, shall receive every attention which can conduce to their comfort or convenience.—His Wines, Liquors, Ales, &c. &c. shall be constantly found to be of the choicest qualities, and his table and larder be supplied with every variety the market affords.

G. S. Also begs leave to return his grateful thanks to those gentlemen who have honored him with orders in his line of business, as a Tailor, since he came to Quebec.—To intimate to them, and the public, that he intends to continue it in St. John street, and respectfully solicits a continuation of their favors.—The Foreman whom he has engaged to carry on the business, has acquired such a knowledge of it, in all its parts, in some of the first houses in London, that there is no doubt of his giving the most complete satisfaction. As G. S. intends to deal in that line *only for cash*, he will take care that the prices shall be low, in proportion to that advantage. An unremitting attention will be paid to the times and taste of the gentlemen who may favor him with employment.

G. S. also respectfully intimates to those gentlemen who are indebted to him, that their accounts can never be paid at a time when money would be more acceptable, than at the present moment.  
 Quebec, 24th April, 1820.

**NOTICE.**

**THE** Quebec Baths are now open for the reception of Ladies and Gentlemen. Every attention will be paid for the comfort of those that may favor them with their patronage. Fresh water may be depended upon.

N.B. Good accommodations for a few Gentlemen Boarders.  
**DANIEL WOOD.**  
 Quebec, 15th May, 1820.

**FOR SALE,**

**TWO** Lots of Ground, each forty three feet in front by seventy-two feet in depth, outside of Saint Lewis Gate, on the road side, joining, on one side, to a lot of land belonging to Mr. Stewart; and, on the other, to the property of Mrs. Hullet. A part of the purchase money to remain on the said lots, being a *constitution de rente*, to be paid to the heirs of the late Honorable Justice Dunn. Those inclined to purchase will please apply for further information to Lieut. Colonel Vassal.  
 Quebec, 29th March 1820.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**

**THE** Partnership existing between FRANÇOIS QUIROUET, MARTIN CHINIC and OLIVIER QUIROUET, under the firm of *Quirouet Chinic & Co.* is this day dissolved by mutual consent, concerning what regards their business as Auctioneers and Brokers, alone, in this Province; but the said partnership continues to exist in regard to all matters of sale by commission, which may be in future entrusted to them from without this Province.

All persons indebted to the aforesaid firm, are requested to pay the amount of their accounts immediately, and all those to whom the said firm may be indebted will present their demands to MARTIN CHINIC and OLIVIER QUIROUET, who are duly authorized to liquidate the same.

Quebec, 1st April, 1820. **FRs. QUIROUET, MARTIN CHINIC, OLIVIER QUIROUET.**

**THE** Subscribers proposing to carry on the business of AUCTIONEERS & BROKERS, as well as Commission Merchants, under the firm of *Chinic & Quirouet*, offer their services to their friends and the public in general, and hope by their attention to obtain the favours which were given to the former partnership of Quirouet, Chinic & Co.

Quebec, 1st April, 1820. **MARTIN CHINIC, OLIVIER QUIROUET**

**THE** Subscriber takes this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to the Merchants and to the public in general, for the very liberal encouragements with which they have favoured him as Auctioneer and Broker. He takes the liberty of recommending Chinic & Quirouet, being assured that their correctness in all the affairs transacted by them will be irreprouchable.  
 Quebec, 1st April, 1820, **FRs. QUIROUET.**

**For Sale by PATERSONS & WEIR.**

**FRESH** fine and superfine Flour,  
 a few cases superior Port and Claret Wine,  
 17 hds. dry Codfish,  
 Quebec, 15th June, 1820.

## BIOGRAPHY OF THE CONSPIRATORS. [From a London Paper.]

### THISTLEWOOD.

During the French Revolution, Thistlewood, who was a Lieutenant in the Lincolnshire Militia, married Miss Worsley, (as before mentioned.) She had a fortune of £30,000. When he was united to her, she believed the money would be at her own disposal when she came of age; but he found that it was settled upon her in such a manner, that the interest was only for her use during life, and the principal reverted to her relations at her decease. So that after Thistlewood had been married 16 months, his wife dying in child-birth, he was left almost without a shilling of his wife's property. After his wife's death, he came to London, and formed an acquaintance with a number of young military officers, and was speedily introduced into all the alluring vices and dissipation of the metropolis, and gave loose to his passion for intrigue and gaming. On one night he was flung by the notorious black leg, \_\_\_\_\_, and some of his companions, at one of the 'hells, in the neighbourhood of St. James's, of upwards of £2000. His money being nearly all gone, in a fit of despair, he (without obtaining a passport) took passage on board a packet to France.

Thistlewood's evil genius followed him still, for the moment he set his foot on the French shores, he was, for having no passport, sent by the police to a dungeon, where he remained a considerable time before he obtained his liberation. The cause of Thistlewood's long confinement, was his conduct when in Gaul. He had always expressed himself a hater of oppression and injustice. An Englishman, named Heely, was arrested without a passport, and conveyed to the same prison where Thistlewood was confined. Upon Thistlewood and Heely receiving orders from Paris for their liberation, Heely used some insulting language to the officer who brought him to prison. The officer struck him with a cane, and Thistlewood knocked the officer down with his clenched fist. In consequence of this outrage, they were thrown again into close confinement, and lay there for several weeks before they were able to obtain their final liberation. Thistlewood then having obtained a passport, went to Paris. He had sufficient knowledge of the French language to be able to converse. He entered the French service, and was present during the perpetration of numberless atrocities by the French troops. Although he was a man of but inferior talents, yet he had considerable knowledge of military tactics; he was also an excellent swordsman, and was always fearless of death. He entered a regiment of French Grenadiers, and was at the battle of Zurich. After a variety of adventures in France, and on different parts of the Continent, he returned to England, and became possessed of a considerable estate, by the death of a relation; which he subsequently sold to a gentleman at Durham, for £10,000. He felt inclined to settle himself, and courted Miss Wilkinson of Horncastle. The gentleman to whom he sold his estate, instead of paying him the money, gave him an annuity bond, agreeing to pay him £850 per annum for a number of lives. In 18 months the gentleman became a bankrupt, and Thistlewood's finances were at a low ebb. We forget to mention, that Thistlewood, when robbed of his money by \_\_\_\_\_, commenced legal proceedings to recover the amount; but owing to some informality in the pleadings, he did not recover, and soon after \_\_\_\_\_ and the others who had pigeoned him, fled the kingdom. Thistlewood's father and brother, both of whom are respectable farmers in the neighbourhood of Horncastle, assisted him to take a farm; he continued to occupy it, till he found he was losing annually a considerable sum, farming produce being very low; he then parted with it, and came with his present wife and son to London, and formed an acquaintance with the Spenceans. The Spenceans were his constant companions, and he took young Evans to France, and paid all expenses for nearly twelve months. His connection with Dr. Watson, and the "Stocking plot," are too recent and generally known, to require detail. He was 46 years of age at the time of his execution.

### WILLIAM DAVIDSON.

He was born in the year 1786, at Kingston, in Jamaica. His father was Mr. Attorney General Davidson, a man of considerable legal knowledge and talent, William was his second son. He was sent to Europe when very young, to receive an education suitable to the rank of his father. His mother was a native of the West Indies, a woman of colour. William was sent to Edinburgh to be educated. Having learned the first rudiments of education, he was sent to the academy of Dr. \_\_\_\_\_, where he studied mathematics. Having left school, he went to his father's agent, near Liverpool, and after some time he was apprenticed to an attorney, at whose office he remained near three years, when he became tired of confinement. He had for some time felt a great inclination to go to sea, and the captain of a vessel, to whom he disclosed his wishes, took him out as his clerk. Without taking leave of the gentleman to whom he was articled, he entered on board; but soon after the vessel had left the port, he was compelled by the captain to perform duty. On the voyage, a King's ship impressed Davidson and many of the crew. He arrived in England about six months afterwards, and wrote to his father's friend a supplicatory letter, who sent for him, and at his own desire, apprenticed him to a cabinet-maker, in Liverpool. Davidson was a personable young man, and was on the point of marriage to the daughter of a tradesman at Liverpool; but her friends prevented the match. Davidson being disappointed, determined to visit his relatives in Jamaica, and took a passage on board of a West India man, but was again impressed into the King's service. He took the first opportunity of running away on the ship's arrival in port, and got work at his trade as a journeyman. About twelve months after, his mother allowed him two guineas per week, which was paid him through her agent. Davidson was employed by Mr. Bollock, a cabinet-maker, at Litchfield, and was able to get three or four guineas a week. He was a man of considerable taste in his profession, and was chiefly employed in fitting up the houses of Noblemen and Gentlemen in the neighbourhood. By some accident he met a young lady of the name of Salt, at Litchfield, only 16 years of age, and who inspired a strong regard for him, and allowed him to visit her. She had at her own disposal, when of age, £2000. She communicated to her mother her passion for Davidson, who objected to it; but finding nothing could be done from her attachment, she allowed him to visit her daughter. He frequently paid visits unknown to the old gentleman; the latter, however, obtained information of these interviews, and went for him, and as he entered the garden one evening, he fired a pistol at his head; the ball of which passed through his hat, and he was taken before a magistrate, charged with attempting to commit a robbery. But upon his stating the fact, that he was courting the daughter with the privacy of Mrs. Salt, he was set at liberty, and Mr. S. committed him to prison for shooting at him.

While Mr. Salt was in prison, he sent for Davidson, and promised him his daughter, if he would not prosecute him. Davidson

did not appear against him, and he was set at liberty. Mr. Salt afterwards, to evade the pledge he had given, told Davidson that he would not object, if he would wait till she was of age. Davidson communicated to Miss Salt the wish of her father, who replied, "You know my sentiments now. I cannot say, if I remain single till I am of age, what they may be then;" and expressed herself angry that he should agree to her father's proposal. He had previously written to his mother, and informed her of his intended union, and she had remitted £1200 to a banking-house in London, and placed it at his disposal.

Miss Salt was sent by her father to see a relative in a distant part of the country, and before she had been many months there, she married another suitor.

Davidson, upon hearing this, took some poison, but had not swallowed it long, before he communicated to a friend the rash act, when the other procured a powerful antidote, which destroyed the effect in a great degree, though he was unwell for a considerable time after. When he recovered he left the place, and with the money his mother had sent him, he entered into an extensive business near Birmingham; but being, from the disappointment in his marriage, unsettled in his mind, he did not attend to his business, and in a short time the whole of his money was expended.

Previous to his acquaintance with Miss Salt, he was employed by Lord Harrowby to sit up his house, and had frequent conversations with the Noble Lord upon the plan of decorating the interior of the mansion.

After his failure in business he came to London, and was employed as a journeyman by Mr. Cox, a cabinet-maker, in the Haymarket; and subsequently, by a Mr. Whitfield, in the same line. About four years ago he entered into business for himself at Walworth, and then married a Mrs. Lane, a widow, with four small children. He was then a violent Arminian, and attended regularly at Walworth chapel, and appeared to be doing well. At length trade fell off, and he removed to London.

He had known Harrison (one of the transported conspirators) for several years previous to that time, and by him he was introduced to Thistlewood; and by the latter, to Edwards, the spy. Edwards frequently called upon him at his lodgings during the getting up of the Cato-street plot, and was for several weeks before, his and Thistlewood's constant companion. He breakfasted with Davidson on the morning before the Cato-street plot was discovered. On Sunday night, when Davidson parted, for the last time, with his wife, he expressed himself very strongly against Lord Sidmouth's conduct, in refusing his children to be allowed to take leave of him before his execution. After he had kissed her, he said, "If I should betray a weakness when I come to the scaffold, I hope the world will not attribute it to cowardice, but to my intense feelings for you and my dear children. Farewell! Pray that God will take mercy on me, and receive my soul." This unfortunate woman is now left with six children; four by her former husband, and two by Davidson, both under four years of age.

### Letter of Davidson to his Wife.

The following letter was written by Davidson to his wife, enclosing the notice served upon him by the solicitor for the prosecution, that the indictment for high treason had been found by the Grand Jury.

"MY DEAR SARAH—According to the promise your entreaties caused me to make to you concerning matters of counsel, &c. I have sent you here the order I received last night—an order for application to either of the several Justices therein mentioned, whereby an order will be granted to the applicant for the free admission of Counsel, Solicitors, &c. But I would rather, for my part, use such an order for you and my dear children, in preference to counsel, &c. and would now retain my integrity of not having any, only as it is the first time you ever asked the favor of being dictator; and, as in such considerations, I did grant you that request, I will not now fall from such a promise, to one whose sole interest and young family entirely depend on the result of this trial. Therefore, you can be advised how you are to act. For my own part I am careless about it, as I am determined to maintain my integrity as a man against all the swarms of false witnesses; and I hope you will never be persuaded, or suffer the public to be led away with a belief, that I am fallen from that spirit maintained from my youth up, and had so long been in possession of the ancient name of Davidson, (Aberdeen's boast,) and is now become fabulous. Death's countenance is familiar to me. I have had him in view 15 times, and surely he cannot now be terrible. Keep up that noble spirit for the sake of your children, and depend, that even in death, it will be maintained by your ever affectionate husband,

"W. DAVIDSON."

"Mrs. Sarah Davidson, 12, Elliott-row, Lord's Old Cricket Ground, St. Mary-laboune, New road."

### TIDD.

Richard Tidd was born at Grantham, in Lincolnshire. His age at the time of his execution, was 45. He was apprenticed to Mr. Cante, of Grantham, but quitted his situation at 16 years of age. He then went to Nottingham, where he lived two years and a half; from thence he came to London, where he resided several years. He went to Scotland in 1803, and stopped there for five years. This night was made in consequence of his having voted for Sir Francis Basset, at the Middlesex election, when the honorable Baronet was opposed by Mr. Mathwaring. Tidd then swore that he was a Freeholder; the fact being otherwise, he fled to avoid prosecution for perjury. A reward of £100 was offered for his apprehension. On his return from the North, he went to live at Rochester, and for nine years worked at his trade of shoemaker in that town. He was engaged in the conspiracy for which Col. Despard suffered; but a temporary absence from town preserved him from sharing the same fate. His last stay in town commenced on the 10th of March, 1818. From that time he attended at Mr. Hunt's meetings, public and private, and was at all the subsequent Radical Meetings. He was introduced to Edwards by Brunt, at his own residence, Hole-in-the-wall passage, Baldwin's gardens. Edwards' assumed violence suited his disposition, and he eagerly closed with every proposition, however desperate.

On Monday night, after the execution, a woman went into Fleet-market, and other crowded places, assumed the name and character of Mrs. Tidd, pretended to faint, and by this means extorted large contributions from the humane passengers. She was at length detected, and some of her ill-gotten gains taken from her. Mrs. Tidd is a very decent woman. Tidd has left a brother and one daughter to deplore his fate.

Tidd, during the war, enlisted into a great many of the regiments under the Crown, and received the different bounties. It is astonishing how he escaped detection; he was always in disguise when he enlisted, and as soon as he obtained the bounty he deserted. When he had spent the money, he enlisted into another regiment.

### BRUNT.

John Thomas Brunt was born in Union-street, Oxford-street, London. His father was a tailor. He apprenticed his only son, John Thomas, at the age of 14 years, to Mr. Brookes, a ladies' shoemaker, in Union-street. He served Mr. Brookes till he was 18 years of age, when his father dying, his mother purchased the remainder of his time, and his indentures were given up to her, and he supported his mother for some years by his labour. At the age of 21 years he articulated himself to learn the boot-closing, and in a short time became an excellent workman. A prize-hoist in the shop of a tradesman in the Strand was made by him. When he was 23 years of age, he married a respectable young woman named Welch. On the 1st of May, 1806, she brought him a boy, who is now living with his mother. He was 14 years of age on the day his unfortunate father suffered the sentence of the law. Brunt was 28 years of age.

The following lines were written by him in the Tower, upon the Secretary of State sending a letter in answer to one written by the Major, stating that the alleged traitors were not to be allowed knives or forks, and only to be permitted to walk on the leads each hour each day.

"The Home Department's SECRETARIES—  
His orders how they make you stare—  
An hour a day allow'd to walk;  
But mind you neither wink nor talk;  
For these are gifts of human reason,  
And you are adepts in non reason.  
No bigger rogues on earth there be on,  
For so says Edwards, the Boston!  
Let them eat, and drink, and sleep,  
But knives and forks pray from them keep;  
As the 'll commit assassination—  
The rogues would overturn the nation!"

At the bottom of the above lines were written, the following Couplet:

"For modes of faith let graceless zealots fight,  
He can't be wrong, whose life is in the right."  
Life's but a jest and all things show it;  
I thought so once, but now I know it!"

"J. T. BRUNT, Tower of London."

The following verses were written by Brunt, in Newgate, on Sunday evening, after taking leave of his wife. They were enclosed in an envelope, which was addressed to her. It contained also a shilling, the last money he possessed; and he requested his wife to keep the shilling for his sake as long as she lived:

"Though in a cell I am close confin'd,  
No fears alarm the noble mind;  
Though death itself appears in view,  
Dawns not the soul's sincerely true.  
Let \_\_\_\_\_ and his base colleagues,  
Cajole and plot their dark intrigues;  
Still each Briton's last words shall be—  
Oh! I give me death or liberty!"

"J. T. BRUNT, April 30, 1820."

The following are copies of three letters sent by Ings.

To his Wife.

"My dear Celia—I hardly know how to begin or what to say, for the laws of tyrants have parted us for ever. My dear, this is the last time you will ever hear from me. I hope you will perform your duty without delay, which is for the benefit of yourself and children, which I have explained to you before. My dear, of the anxiety and regard I have for you and the children, I know not how to explain myself; but I must die according to law, and leave you in a land full of corruption, where justice and liberty has taken their flight from, to other distant shores. My dear, I have heard men remark that they would not marry a widow, not without her husband was hanged. Now, my dear, I hope you will bear in mind that the cause of my being consigned to the scaffold was a pure cause.

"I thought I should have rendered my starving fellow men, women and children, a service; and my wish is, when you make another choice, that this question you will put before you tie the fatal knot. My dear, it is of no use for me to make remarks respecting my children. I am convinced you will do your duty as far as lies in your power. My dear, your leaving me but a few hours before I wrote these few lines, I have nothing more to say. Farewell, farewell, my dear wife and children, for ever. Give my love to your mother and Elizabeth. I conclude a constant love to you and your children, and all friends. I die the same, but an enemy to all tyrants.

"JAMES INGS."

"P. S. My dear wife, give my love to my father and mother, brothers and sisters, and Aunt Mary, and beg of them to think nothing about my unfortunate fate, for I am going out of a very troublesome world, and I hope you will let it pass like a summer cloud over the earth.

"Newgate, 4 o'clock P. M. Sunday, April 30, 1820."

To his daughters.

"To my dear Daughters—My dear little girls, receive my kind love and affection, once more, for ever, and adhere to these my sincere wishes, and recollect though in a short time you will hear nothing more of your father. Let me entreat you to be loving, kind, and obedient to your mother, and strive all in your power to comfort her, and assist her while you exist in this transitory world, and let your conduct throughout life be that of virtue, honesty and industry, and endeavor to avoid all temptation, and at the same time put your trust in God. I hope unity, peace and concord will remain amongst you all. Farewell—farewell, my dear children, your affectionate father

"JAMES INGS."

To his Son.

"My little dear boy, Wm. Stone Ings. I hope you will live to read those few lines when the remains of your father is mouldered to dust. My dear boy, I hope you

will bear in mind the unfortunate fate of your father, and not place any confidence in any person, or persons whatever; for the deception, the corruption and the ingenuity in man, I am at a loss to comprehend—it is beyond all calculation. My dear boy, I hope you will make a bright man in society; and it appears to me the road you ought to pursue, to be honest, sober, industrious, and upright in all your dealings; and do unto all men as you would wish they should do unto you. My dear boy, put your trust in one God, and be cautious of every sly, designing, flattering tongue. My dear boy, be a good, kind and obedient child to your poor mother, and comfort her, and be a loving brother to your sisters. My dear boy, sincerely hope and trust you will regard these, my last instructions.—Your loving and unfortunate father.

JAMES INGS.

"Newgate Sunday night, eight o'clock, April 30, 1820.

LONDON, May 19.

Mr. Hunt was removed from the King's Bench prison to Rochester gaol, under an escort of cavalry.

The *Gazette de France* of Sunday last asserts, that the discoveries made by *Graviss* are of great importance; but that so many persons of rank are implicated by them, as will probably render it a matter of expediency to prevent them from transpiring to the world. M. BIDAULT, responsible editor of the *Constitutionnel*, had been sentenced by default, on the 11th ult., to five years' imprisonment, and to pay a fine of 12,000 francs, for an article inserted in his journal last February, tending to civil war. Against this sentence M. BIDAULT appealed on Saturday to the Assize-court of Paris; but, after a long speech from his counsel, the jury having found him guilty, the court condemned him to two years' imprisonment, a fine of 10,000 francs, with the costs of suit, and the expense of publishing the sentence. The Chamber of Deputies did not sit on Saturday or Sunday; and the proceedings of the Peers on the former of those days were chiefly confined to the preliminary arrangements for discussing the law on the customs. The Spanish news in these papers is of little consequence. The report that French troops were marching towards the Spanish frontier is daily contradicted from the neighbourhood of the Pyrenees, whatever movements have occurred in those parts being fully accounted for by the periodical change of quarters.

#### LAW REPORT.

COURT OF CHANCERY, THURSDAY, May 18.

THE EARL OF LIVERPOOL AND COUNT MUNSTER V. HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, THOS. COUTTS, ESQ., AND OTHERS.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved for an injunction to restrain the defendants, Messrs. Coutts and Co., from delivering up to her Majesty, or to any person by her order, two instruments purporting to be executed by the late Duke of Brunswick, acknowledging to be indebted to her Majesty in the sum of 15,000*l.*, which he had received from her as a loan; one of the instruments was in German, and the other in English. Her Majesty, after the death of her brother, the Duke of Brunswick, remitted the two instruments to the Right Honorable George Canning, and he lodged them in the banking-house of Messrs. Coutts and Co. Application was made on the behalf of her Majesty to the noble plaintiffs as the executors of the Duke of Brunswick for the payment of the 15,000*l.*, and they refused, doubting that the instruments had been executed by the late Duke of Brunswick. A suit was instituted in that Court, on the part of her Majesty, to enforce the payment of the amount of the instruments; application was made, by the solicitor of the noble plaintiffs, to the solicitor of her Majesty, for information as to how the loan to the Duke of Brunswick had been made, and out of what transaction it had arisen, and that information he would not say was refused, but it was however kept back. It would be in his Lordship's recollection that suit had been dismissed, and the plaintiffs had filed a cross bill. Her Majesty had not thought proper to put in her answer; but the other defendants, Coutts and Co. had admitted that they had received the instruments from Mr. Canning, as the property of her Majesty, and as such they considered themselves not bound to deliver them up to any person but such as were authorized to receive them, having that authority from her Majesty. He held an affidavit in his hand which set forth that her Majesty was in possession of another instrument, purporting to be executed by the late Duke of Brunswick, for the payment of 15,000*l.*; and that she had applied to several persons on the Continent to advance her money on it, but without success. Under these circumstances he had no doubt but his lordship would grant the injunction as prayed for.

Mr. Horne stated that he appeared as Counsel for the

Defendants, Coutts & Co. and they were ready to submit to any order that the Court might think proper to make.

Mr. Brougham said, he and his learned friend, M. Denmon, were Counsel for Her Majesty, and it was not their intention, as the legal advisers of that Royal Personage, to offer any opposition to the Order of Injunction being granted; so far from it, they gave their full consent, and were anxious that the most minute investigation should take place. It would not have been necessary for him to have said a single word more on the subject, if His Majesty's Attorney General had not complained that Her Majesty had not put in her answer to the cross bill. He would tell him that that answer would be put in, if Her Majesty's legal advisers thought it necessary; and the reason it was not done before, was the absence of Her Majesty from this country; but that cause would be now removed by the immediate return of Her Majesty.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL—All I have to say is, that the Cross bill was filed in 1818.

Mr. BROUGHAM—If it had been filed eight years instead of two, the cause of the answers not being put in would remain the same; for they could not remove the sea, the Alps, and the Apennines, which were between the Royal Personage and her legal advisers.

The LORD CHANCELLOR—Take the Order of Injunction.—Motion granted.

#### VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE COVE and FARM a few miles below Quebec, well known by the name of Patrick's Hole, with Houses, Stores, and other Buildings thereon erected; so conveniently situated for carrying on the Lumber Trade, Building Ships, &c. independent of its value as a place where ships are generally obliged to stop, previous to their final departure; which, with the assistance of a Steam, or Horse-Ferry Boat, would render it a place of immediate resort, and very eligible site for a Town. It is also a place, where lumber that passes the Town, can always be bought at much lower rates, than at any of the other coves.

Undoubted Title Deeds, with every information respecting the same, will be given to purchasers on application to

JAMES GEORGE.

N. B. These premises whereon there are erected twenty buildings of various descriptions will be let and immediate possession given.

Goudie's Wharf, 50th Sept. 1819.

#### HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

SATURDAY, 13th February, 1819.

ORDERED, That the Rule established by this House on the third day of February, one thousand eight hundred and ten, concerning the notices for Petition for private Bills, be printed once monthly in the public news papers of this Province, during three years.

Attest WM. LINDSAY,  
Clerk. Assy.

#### HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

SATURDAY, 3d February, 1810.

RESOLVED, That after the close of the present Session, before any Petition is presented to this House for leave to bring in a private Bill, whether for the erection of a Bridge or Bridges, for the regulation of a Common, for the making of any Turnpike Road, or for granting to any individual, or individuals, any exclusive right or privilege whatsoever, or for the alteration or renewing of any Act of the Provincial Parliament for the like purposes; notice of such application shall be given in the Quebec Gazette, and in one of the news papers of the district, if any is published therein, and also by a notice affixed on the Church Doors of the Parishes that such application may affect; or in the most public place, where there is no Church during two months, at least, before such Petition is presented.

Attest WM. LINDSAY,  
Clerk. Assy.

The Printers of the Newspapers in this Province are requested to insert the above Resolutions in the manner directed by the first. Their accounts will be paid at the end of the year at the Clerk's Office, House of Assembly.

#### HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, 22d March, 1819.

RESOLVED, that after the present Session, before any petition praying leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge is presented to this House, the person or persons purposing to petition for such Bill, shall, upon giving the Notice prescribed by the Rule of the 3d day of February, 1810, also at same time and in the same manner, give a Notice stating the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mention-

ing whether they propose to erect a Draw-Bridge or not, and the dimensions of such Draw-Bridge.

ORDERED, That the said Rule be printed and published at the same time and in the same manner as the Rule of the 3d February, 1810.

Attest WM. LINDSAY, Jr. Clerk. Assy.

CHAMBRE D'ASSEMBLEE,

Samedi, 19e. Février, 1819.

ORDONNE' Que la Règle établie le trois Février Mil huit cent dix, concernant les notices pour les requêtes pour des Bills privés, soit imprimée une fois par mois dans les papiers publics de cette Province, pendant trois années.

Atteste.

Attesté, WM. LINDSAY,  
Greff. Assée.

#### CHAMBRE D'ASSEMBLEE,

Samedi, 9e. Février, 1810.

RESOLU, Qu'après la fin de la présente session, avant qu'il soit présenté à cette Chambre aucune Pétition pour obtenir permission d'introduire un Bill privé pour ériger un Pont ou des Ponts, pour régler quelque Commune, pour ouvrir quelque Chemin de Barrière, ou pour accorder à quelque individu ou à des individus quelque droit ou privilège exclusif quelconque, ou pour altérer ou renouveler quelque Acte du Parlement Provincial pour de semblables objets, il sera donné notice de telle application qu'on se proposera de faire, dans la Gazette de Québec, et dans un des papiers publics du District, s'il y en a, et par une affiche posée à la porte des Eglises des Paroisses qui pourront être intéressées à telle application, ou à l'édredroit le plus public, s'il n'y a point d'Eglise, pendant deux mois, au moins, avant que telle pétition soit présentée.

Attesté, WM. LINDSAY,  
Greff. Assée.

Les Imprimeurs de Papiers-nouvelles en cette Province sont priés d'insérer les Résolution ci-dessus, en la manière ordonnée par la première. Leur comptes seront payés à la fin de l'année, en par eux s'adressant au Bureau du Greffier de la Chambre d'Assemblée.

#### CHAMBRE D'ASSEMBLEE,

LUNDI, le 22 Mars, 1819

RESOLU, Qu'après la présente Session, avant qu'il soit présenté à cette Chambre aucune Pétition pour obtenir permission d'introduire un Bill privé pour ériger un Pont de Peage, la Personne ou les Personnes qui se proposeront de pétitionner pour tel Bill en donnant la Notice ordonnée par la Règle du 3e. Février 1810, donnera aussi en même tems et de la même manière un Avis notifiant les taux quelles se proposeront de demander, l'étendue du privilège, l'élevation des Arches, l'espace entre les Butées ou Piliers, pour le passage des Cageux, Cages et Bâtimens, et mentionnant si elles se proposent de bâtir un Pont Levisou non et les dimensions de tel Pont Levis.

ORDONNE', Que ladite Règle soit imprimée et publiée en même tems et de la même manière que la Règle du Trois Février 1810. Attesté WM. LINDSAY,  
Greff. Assée.

#### AN ELEGANT CHARIOT FOR SALE,

IN the highest order, and finely finished, which opens in a Landau. Apply at this Office.  
June 22nd.

#### TO LET,

A CENTRICAL Counting House, and Parlour, in the Lower-Town.—Inquire at this Office.—Rent moderate.  
June 23, 1820.

FOR SALE, by HEATH & MOIR—Now landing from the JOHN & ROBERT, Captain James Swinton, from St. Johns, Newfoundland:—63 puns, strong and well flavored Grenada Rum, 50 barrels bright Antigua Sugar, 3 cases Cologne Water.

Also—lying in Wolfe's Cove,—A raft of Upper-Canada Oak Timber and Staves.  
21st June, 1820.

#### A Gentleman's Servant Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN, from Fifteen to Twenty years of age, who understands French & English, and who can produce satisfactory recommendations from a former place. A Canadian would be preferred. Apply to JOHN ESSON.

Lower-Town, Quebec,  
June 23, 1820.

ALBANY, JUNE 23,

Great Fire at Troy!!!

It is our painful task to record this day one of the most awful and afflicting events, that ever occurred in this part of our country. Nearly one third, and by far the wealthiest portion, of the beautiful city of Troy is in ruins! On Tuesday last between 4 and 5 o'clock P. M. a fire commenced in the stable of Col. Davis, which notwithstanding the most strenuous exertions to check it, continued to rage with unabating fury till 11 o'clock at night, sweeping before it elegance, wealth and learning, behind it desolation and ruin. All that part of the city, extending on River or Main Street, from the Post Office to the store of Dr. Corning, opposite Titus' Hotel, and from the same point, on one side of First street as far south as Col. Davis', near Congress street, forming a triangular space and comprehending about sixty dwelling houses, stores and shops, has been entirely destroyed, with the exception of the Troy Bank and one dwelling house on First street. Perhaps there is not a spot of the same extent in this state, that embraced so much wealth and valuable property, as this one which was in a few hours completely devastated. Many of the stores were seven stories high, and completely filled with flour, grain, and other valuable commodities.—In one of these stores there were 2,500 barrels of flour, very little of which was saved. The flames spread with such rapidity that many of the goods were consumed upon the wharves before they could be removed. A gentleman who was one of the principal sufferers, and well acquainted with the property destroyed estimates the whole loss at about 500,000 Dollars.—others set it as high as 800,000 Dolls.

A smoke was discovered from this city rising in the direction of Troy, distant six miles, soon after the fire commenced; but the view is so much obstructed by the intervening hills, and woods, that it was not known till sunset that Troy was in a blaze. As soon as the fact was ascertained, two of our engine companies, and many of our citizens flew to the relief of their suffering neighbours. The citizens of Lansingburgh and Waterford were also very prompt and active in lending every assistance in their power.

The sufferers by this awful calamity bear their loss with a firmness, fortitude, and spirit, in some measure peculiar to the active and enterprising citizens of Troy, some of whom have grown up with the city from its commencement, and have contributed in no small degree to its prosperity. While the stranger could scarcely refrain from tears, as he paused amidst the ruins of wealth, taste, and elegance, he saw the countenances of those, who had lost their thirty, forty, or fifty thousand dollars unchanged, composed, and fixed with the resolution of retrieving, by their future activity, industry and enterprise, what they had lost by an unavoidable calamity.—Such a people cannot fail of eliciting the warmest sympathies of their neighbours, and we hope the city will soon rise like a Phoenix from its ashes.

THE QUEBEC MERCURY.

QUEBEC, JULY 4, 1820.

Our latest London date continues at the 19th May. It will be seen by our columns that Hunt has received his sentence, he having been sent to Ilchester gaol. It does not, however, appear what the sentence was; though imprisonment appears to be, at least, a part of it, if not the whole; but for what time we are yet to learn. We shall now see what his friends will do for him. A subscription had been opened for him some time past, for defraying his expenses; but we never heard that it made any great progress. He does not appear to have any supporters among the wealthy part of the nation. Sir Francis Burdett, indeed, at the dinner, after his election, recommended Hunt for assistance; but we have not heard of any result. Of Sir Francis's sentence we yet hear nothing: his application for a new trial has, however, been over-ruled, a decision having been pressed on the Judges by Sir Francis's counsel, Mr. Denham. The Radicals, high and low, seem to be pretty effectually put down. The affair of Edwards may give them some spirits: without that they would be at a very low ebb indeed. The Juries, every where, have been so decidedly against them, that they must conclude that the sense of the nation is, by no means with them. Had they reasoned right, they must have foreseen that the needy part of the nation, their supporters, would by no means be a match for the government, supported as it will always be, in such cases, by the monied interest with which it is interwoven; and backed, as it is, by the army.

If there be, on the one hand, much poverty, there is,

on the other, much wealth; and the wealthy will never submit to be passively plundered by a mob of lawless Radicals: therefore, they will always cling to the government, where they find, whilst they afford, protection. Licentiousness can never prevail for any length of time in a nation, where there is so much property as in Great Britain. Property can never be secure, if much mobbing be countenanced; therefore, with all the theoretical freedom of the British Constitution, much power will always be placed in the hands of government, when thought requisite for the protection of property. Hence, there can be little danger of the subversion of government by a mob, at this day, in Great Britain.

A period when pains appear to be taking for establishing a Humane Society, for the recovering of suspended animation, from drowning or other accidents, seems to be the most auspicious for calling the attention of those whom it may concern, to the propriety of using precautions for the prevention of both the suspension and extinction of animation. Two lives, within our recollection, have been lost by openings in the cistern, behind the Court-house. After each accident, the openings were covered; and, after the last one, a pump was fixed in the middle of the cistern, which, at any rate, could be of no use in winter; and, by boys and others, is rendered unfit for use at all times. The consequence is that, for the purpose of drawing water, one plank, if not two, is raised and taken away, leaving, at all times, a very dangerous gap, round which children are often seen playing. When another life is lost, some attention will doubtless be paid to it. If an opening there must be, which, indeed, appears to be necessary, the remedy is a parapet, about three feet high, round the gap, as is the case over a cistern on the esplanade. Perhaps a bucket, raised by a lever and rope or chain, as is done from wells in the country, might not be a bad substitute for a pump.

In the Report given in our last, of the case of *Stus vs. Scholefield*, it is asserted that "some unusual sarcasms were introduced" in the discussion between the Bench and the Bar. We are authorized to contradict that assertion; and to add that the business was conducted with great good temper on all sides.

Accidents by lightning.—On Friday evening we were visited with a pretty severe thunder gust, attended with vivid flashes of lightning. From one smart report of thunder, following almost immediately after a flash of lightning, we were apprehensive of some injury at no great distance. Accordingly, on the next day, we learned, to our grief, that a barn, belonging to Mr. Pierre Morin, at St. Henry, in the county of Dorchester, on the south side of the river, had taken fire, and was consumed in a very short period. The gable end of his dwelling-house also received some damage. Happily no life or limb suffered.

TO FEE-FAU-FUM.

When wonders are swallowed, like custard and jelly,  
Why strain at a girl sew'd in a nag's belly?  
With all monstrous things this globe's known to teem,  
Fantastic and wild as a lunatic's dream,  
Who strains if an ass appear candidate,  
And, all science lacking, dare for mules legislate;  
Though, of law or finance, not a word should he know,  
A mushroom legislator why may not he grow?  
And, on the floor rais'd, make a killing display,  
For who doubts that asses are able to bray?  
Who has not heard that a horse sat in state,  
Rais'd by Caligula to the consulate?  
Why may not the tribe then, renown'd for their ears,  
Relieve nobler animals from public cares?  
And, if not self-dispatch'd, like a late parliament,  
To get a civil list find themselves competent?  
If so, why come forth a queer sceptical churl,  
If a horse be made pregnant with a young girl?  
A. Z.

N. B. The story of the horse and the girl is made free with, because it is a mere fable, its truth having been contradicted since its first publication. As to the other allusions in the above lines, they relate solely to individuals who assume without pretensions.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

We this morning were favored with particulars of the meeting of the Merchants at the Exchange Coffee-house, respecting the LUMBER TRADE, with observations: but from the late hour at which they were sent, added to their length, it was impossible to get them ready in time for this paper. They will appear on Friday. The writer will excuse us, if we request of him, in all future communications, to avoid abbreviations of words, as unsuitable to the press, and extremely troublesome to the corrector.

BIRTH,

On Monday, the 3rd instant, at Mount Aubigny, Mr. JOHN MOORHEAD, of a Son.

GENERAL ELECTION.

Members elected.

KENT—D. R. Viger and F. A. Quesnel, Esqrs.  
EPPINGHAM—Jacob Oldham and Frs. Tassé, Esqrs.  
THREE-RIVERS—C. R. Ogden and Joseph Badaeur, Esqrs.  
MONTREAL EAST WARD—H. Heney and Thos. Thain, Esqrs.  
UPPER-TOWN OF QUEBEC—Vallières de St. Réal and Andrew Stuart, Esqrs, without opposition.  
WARWICK—Jacques Délicny and —Mousseau, Esqrs.  
State of the Poll at the close, 2d day  
Déligny, 595; Mousseau, 592; Champagne, 252.  
HAMPSHIRE—Messrs. Huot and Langevin were at the head of the Poll on Saturday last, at Deschambault. Mr. Allsopp was the opposing candidate.  
COUNTY OF MONTREAL—3d day—Perrault, 242; Valois, 222; Chapman, 70; Pasteur, 46.  
State of the Poll, County of Dorchester, this day, at 11 o'clock:  
Mr. Davidson.....120  
Mr. Lagueux.....120  
Mr. Blumhart.....9

MARRIED,

On Tuesday last, 27th June, in the Parish of St. Thomas, by the Bishop Panet, LOUIS PANET, Esquire, Notary of this City, to Miss LOUISA, youngest daughter of the late Doctor FREDK. W. OLIVA, formerly of this City.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

July 1. Brig Santon, Gaitskill, 46 days from Newry, to order, wine and provisions, 75 settlers.  
—Brig David, Christie, 55 days from Newcastle, to M. Lamburner, ballast.  
—Brig Henry, Atkinson, 50 days from Newcastle, to P. Burnett, ballast.  
—Brig Aurora, Collins, 65 days from Whitehaven, to Froste and Porter, sugar and Coals.  
—Brig Britannia, Watson, 45 days from Newry, to W. Pemberton, wine &c. 127 settlers.  
—Brig Jean, Annis, 16 days from St. John's, Newfoundland, to order, wine and Glass, 11 settlers—Passenger Mr. McDouall.  
—Brig Ariadne, Blackaller, 45 days from Madeira, to Stewart & Lemoine, wine.  
—Ship Brunswick, Blake, 42 days from London, to order, ballast—Passengers, Mr. Noad and family, Miss Lockart and 2 in steerage.

POST OFFICE,

Quebec, 4th July, 1820.  
Mails for Halifax, and the several Post Towns in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, will be made up and closed at this Office, to-morrow, Wednesday, the 5th instant, at 11, A. M. H. COWAN—P. M.

QUEBEC BRANCH ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY.

ALL persons desirous to promote the establishment of this laudable Institution are earnestly solicited to attend a meeting, to be held in the Grand Jury Room, at the Court House, on Monday next, the 10th inst. at 3 o'clock, to decide on the necessary arrangements required to place the objects of this institution into immediate operation.  
3d July, 1820. b

MONTRES, JOAILLERIES, ET QUINCAILLERIE.—Le sousigné vient de recevoir et offre en vente à la douzaine ou au ballot, un assortiment très étendu de Quincaillerie, ouvrages dorés et argentés, Coutellerie, Crayons, Aiguilles, Chaines et Cachets de montres, &c. &c.—AUSSEI—un bel assortiment de jouilleries, Montres d'or et d'argent de grand prix, faites à Londres, &c. &c. J. ROBB.  
No. 26, Rue St. Stanislas, Haute-ville, à côté de chez Mess. Balzarette & Roi, encanteurs.  
Québec, 3 Juillet 1820. a

THE Subscriber has for sale at his Stores on the Queen's Wharf, the following WINES, of a superior quality, viz:—  
London Particular Madeira, Teneriff, Marsela, Sherry, Malaga, St. Lucar and Claret, in pipes, bogs-heads and quarter casks. ALSO,  
Strong Leeward Island Rum, Gunpowder in whole barrels and cannisters, Kip Leather, Tin, Gypsum pulverized, likewise calcined for the use of Masons.  
N. B. Wheat Stored, Cribbled and Ground on the premises. J. W. WOOLSEY.  
Quebec, July 1, 1820. a

## SALES BY AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 5th inst. at ONE o'clock, at the Subscribers' Auction Room:

**FIFTY CASES ENGLISH CYDER**, of superior quality, and in excellent order, each 2½ dozen.

25 casks assorted Glassware,  
A very handsome Mahogany Liquor Case,  
20 pieces carpeting,  
4 pipes old Cognac Brandy, now landing from the Speculation, from Greenock,  
5 hhd. Loaf Sugar,  
60 kegs White Paint,  
40 boxes mould and dipt Candles.

And, immediately afterwards, a complete assortment of **DRY GOODS**.

**LIKEWISE,**

A few cases strong Calf Women's and Youths' Shoes, also, 2 Gold Repeaters, 1 Musical Snuff Box, and 2 Musical Seals.  
**MELVIN & BELANGER,**  
3d July, 1820. A. & B.

Will be Sold, at the Subscriber's Auction Room, To-morrow, WEDNESDAY, the 5th inst. at ONE o'clock:—

**A Parcel of New HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**, consisting of mahogany 4 post and other bedsteads, chairs, chests drawers, dressing tables, dumb waiters, basin stands, easy chairs, night conveniences, clocks, carpets, looking glasses, &c. liquors, sugar, hams, cheese, 20 hampers Irish potatoes, &c.—an assortment of jewellery, cutlery, &c.

Also—A handsome bay horse, fit for saddle or harness.  
**JOS. CARY,**  
4th July, 1820. A. & B.

Will be Sold, on Thursday the 6th instant, at the Subscribers' Auction:

**A VERY** extensive and complete assortment of Dry Goods, consisting of Woollens, Calicoes, Hosiery, Laces, East India Goods, Ladies' Bonnets, Ribbons, and a variety of other articles.  
Sale to begin at one o'clock.

**CHINIC & VEZINA,**  
A. & B.

Quebec, 4th July, 1820.

On THURSDAY next, the 6th instant, at ONE o'clock, in front and rear of the Subscribers' Auction Room:

**56** puncheons strong and high flavored Jamaica Spirits, just landed from the Brig TRITON, direct from the Island.  
Also,  
91 barrels bright and strong grain Muscovado Sugar, of an uncommon fine quality.

Those who purchase to the amount of one hundred Pounds and upwards will be entitled to two months credit; and those who purchase for £200 will have three months credit, on furnishing, in either case, approved endorsed Notes.

**MELVIN & BELANGER,**  
A. & B.

4th July, 1820.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

**CHOICE WINES** for Sale by Auction, on WILLIAM BURNS, Esqr.'s Wharf, No. 2, St. Peter Street, on SATURDAY next, the 8th instant:

2 pipes and 1 hhd. very old Madeira,  
20 dozens bottled do.  
8 hhd. excellent Sherry,  
10 cases superior Claret, invoiced 50s. per doz.  
16 dozens fine old crusted Port,  
2 cases Pink and Sparkling Champaign.

ALSO—6 pipes and 4 hhd. Cider, just arrived.  
Sale to begin at ONE o'clock, by  
**MELVIN & BELANGER,**  
3d July, 1820. A. & B.

To LET, by Auction, on Saturday, July the 8th:

**FOR** three years from 1st May last, that pleasant Cottage occupied by Mr. CRAVEN, on the old La Cote road, with the land in the highest state of Cultivation, it can be viewed previous to the Sale.  
**JOS. CARY,**  
Quebec, 30th June, 1820. A. & B. c

ADOLPHUS BOURNE,  
ENGRAVER,

**IN** all its various branches: Coat of Arms, Crests, Bills of Exchange, Bill-Heads, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, and other plain Engraving. Specimens of Engraving may be seen at HUND & SEEROLD'S Piano-Forte makers, St. John Street, where orders may be left.  
Quebec, July 1, 1820. u

## Government Contract.

**WANTED**, a Supply of FRESH BEEF, of a good quality, for his Majesty's Troops in this Garrison—

First, for Five Months, from the 25th instant, to the 24th December next; and,

Secondly, for the succeeding Six Months, from the 25th December, 1820, to the 24th June, 1821.

The quantities of Fresh Beef required for the above periods, will depend on the number of men in Garrison, and the quantity of salt meat it may be deemed necessary to issue from time to time.

Persons disposed to furnish the above Supplies, will make separate Tenders for each period, and deliver them at this Office, on or before Noon, on Monday the 17th instant. Sufficient security will be required for the due performance of such contract as may be entered into; and no offer will be attended to, unless the names of two Securities are annexed.

Any further particulars may be obtained on application to Assistant Commissary General COFFIN, at his Office in the Upper-Town Market-place.

Commissary General's Office,  
Quebec, July 3, 1820. } u

## Contrat du Gouvernement.

**ON** a besoin d'une quantité de bœuf frais, d'une bonne qualité, pour les troupes de Sa Majesté dans cette garnison ci.

1o. Pour cinq mois, du 25 du courant jusqu'au 24 de Décembre prochain; et

2o. Pour les six mois suivants, du 25 de Décembre, 1820 jusqu'au 24 de Juin, 1821.

Les quantités de bœuf frais requises pour les périodes ci-dessus, dépendront du nombre d'hommes en garnison, et de la quantité de viande salée qu'il sera trouvé nécessaire de sortir de temps en temps.

Ceux qui voudront fournir le bœuf ci-dessus, feront des offres séparées pour chaque période et les déposeront dans ce bureau Lundi le 17me du courant, à midi, ou plutôt. On s'attendra à des garans suffisants pour l'accomplissement de tel contrat qu'on passera; et on ne prendra garde à aucune offre sans qu'on y annexe les noms de deux garans,

De plus amples informations seront obtenues en s'adressant à l'Assistant Commissaire Général COFFIN, à son bureau, sur le marché de la haute-ville.

Bureau du Commissaire Général,  
Québec, 3 Juillet, 1820. }

## Government Contract.

Required for the use of the **ENGINEER DEPARTMENT**, in this Garrison:

**TWENTY TOISES** of QUOIN STONE,  
**TWO HUNDRED PIPES** of LIME—

The Lime to be delivered at Cape Diamond, and the Stone, on the Beach at St. Roch, as soon after the opening of the Tenders as possible.

Scaled Proposals will be received at this Office, from persons willing to furnish the above articles, until FRIDAY, the 7th instant, at Twelve o'clock at Noon.

Commissary General's Office,  
Quebec, 3rd July, 1820. }

## CONTRAT DU GOUVERNEMENT.

**ON** A BESOIN pour le Département du Génie, en cette Garnison, de

Viugt Toises de Pierre de Coin, et  
Deux cents Pipes de Chaux.

La Chaux doit être livrée au Cap Diamant, et la Pierre sur la grève à St. Roch, le plutôt possible après l'ouverture des offres.

Des propositions scellées seront reçues à ce Bureau de la part de ceux qui désireroient fournir les dits articles, jusqu'au Vendredi, 7 du courant à midi.

Bureau du Commissaire-général,  
Quebec, 3e. Juillet, 1820. }

**WATCHES, JEWELRY & HARDWARE.** The

Subscriber has just landed and offers for Sale, by the dozen or package, a very general assortment of Hardware, GILT GOODS, PLATED CANDLESTICKS, Bottle Stands, Wine Corks and Labels, TOAST TRAYS, Fish Knives, Forks, Table and Desert Spoons, &c. &c. Also, an elegant assortment of very superior London made Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Watch Materials, Snuff Boxes, Needles, Black Ornaments, &c. Also, 2 Casks Ivory handled Table and Desert Knives and Forks, in sets. Razors, Pen-Knives, Black Led Pencils, &c. &c. &c.

No. 26, Stanislas-Street, Upper-Town, } J. ROBB  
adjoining Balzarette & Roi Auctioneers. }  
Quebec, 3d July, 1820; u

State of the THERMOMETER, for the past week, at 8 o'clock. A. M. 68, 67, 70, 71, 70, 73, 82.

Assize of BREAD for this week

White loaf . . . . 6½  
Brown do. . . . 8½

**RECEIVING & FOR SALE**, at the Stores of **JAMES GEORGE**,

**AN** assortment of the best tarred Rope and

Hawsers,

A few bales common Blue Cloths and Flushings,

Single and double F Gunpowder,

Spanish Nuts and French Walnuts,

Fresh Pickles and Sauces—

White and brown Russia Sheetting,

Hemp Canvass, Paints of various colours, &c. &c.

Goudie's Wharf, 3rd July, 1820. c

**TO BE SOLD—a Bargain.**

**THAT** genteel new House, two stories high, delightfully situated on the Bank of Côteau St. Genevieve, near St. John Gate—containing well-proportioned Drawing and Dining Rooms, Bed Chambers, Dressing Rooms, &c. with an Amplitude of Domestic accommodations, Cellaring, Coach-house, Stabling, two good Wells, a lot of Ground for a small Garden, &c.—For particulars apply to

**G. MASSUE.**

Quebec, 1st. July, 1820. f

## FOR LIVERPOOL.

**THE** very fine first-class Brig, **AURORA**,

Captain Collis, burthen per Register, 160 tons, has part of her Cargo engaged, and will be dispatched without delay. For terms of Freight, apply to

**FROSTE & PORTER,**  
here or in Montreal. c

Quebec, July 1, 1820.

**FOR SALE**, by the Subscriber, a quantity of refuse white Pine timber, and 3 inch Deck Deals.

No. 5 St. Nicholas street,  
July 3, 1820. b

**Wm. GILLEY.**

## JAMES FITZGERALD

**BEGS** leave to inform the Nobility and Gentry of the Vicinity and City of Quebec, that he has lately arrived from Ireland; and from his long experience in Agriculture, and his abilities and performances in the business, and his good characters and signatures, will hire as a Steward, Farmer, and Clerk, with any Gentleman that may think well of placing a confidence in him, which he hopes to render himself worthy of attention.

Quebec, 20th June, 1820.

**ALL** persons are forbid crediting the crew of the Brig ANTELOPE, as the Subscriber will not consider himself answerable for their debts.

**JAMES KERR, Master.**

16th June, 1820. c

**NOW** landing ex **DIANA**, from Dublin—

350 hampers best Irish Potatoes,  
200 sacks Malt, of superior quality,

150 do. Oats, do.  
350 boxes Candles, of all sizes,  
500 do. Brown Soap,

30 barrels dry Hams, contg about 120lbs. each,  
60 firkins lard,

2 puns. old Antigua Rum, of superior flavor,  
1 box Watch Glasses,  
7 hhd. Virginia Leaf Tobacco,

7 do. Basket Salt,  
20 do. Glassware, of every description,

51 barrels Pork,  
5 pipes Madeira Wine,  
4 hhd. White Wine,

1 case Stationery, 1 cask Hardware,  
4 do. Beaver Hats.

A quantity of the best Mahogany Furniture, consisting of Chairs, Bedsteads, Basin-stands, Drawers, Clocks, &c. &c. &c.

**10,000 Bricks.**

ALSO

Ex **HALLEAX PACKET**, from Londonderry,

50 barrels } Pork,  
100 half-barrels }  
200 boxes Soap, and

35,000 Bricks,

For sale very low for cash, good bills, or produce.  
Apply to **Wm. PEMBERTON,**  
Goudie's Wharf. u

Quebec, 23d June, 1820.

## JOHN ROBERT LAMBLY

**B**EGB leave to inform his friends, masters of vessels, and the public, that he has commenced SAIL MAKING, in its various branches; and trusts his attention will merit a share of their patronage.

N. B. Sail Laid at the Landing Place, opposite the Lower-Town market-place.

June 12th, 1820.

**T**HE Master, Crew and Passengers of the Brig MARY, of Waterford, who were unfortunately cast away near Cape Gaspé, on the 24th ultimo, return their grateful thanks to Captain ARMSTRONG, of the Industry, of Newcastle, for his humanity in sending his boat and five men the following morning to know if he could render them any assistance.

Quebec, June 10th, 1820.

The Subscriber has received by the late arrivals a choice and complete assortment of Groceries and Liquors, which he offers for Sale at low prices:

**H**YSON, Souching and Twankay Teas, Jamaica Coffee, Chocolate, double and single refined Loaf Sugar, East India and Jamaica Ditto, double Glosier, kings arms, Pine-apple and Cheshire Cheese, London Mould Candles with wax'd wicks, 4s, 5s, long and short 6s, yellow Soap, Windsor and Castile Ditto, English Hams, Butter and Lard, fine and Superfine Flour, Carolina Rice, Oatmeal fine and Pearl Barley, split Pease, best double distilled white wine Venegar, in barrels and Jars, London Porter and Ale, Muscatell Raisins, Turkey Figs, currants, French Plumbs, Almonds in shell, Bitter Ditto, Walnuts, Barcelona and Hickory Nuts, Oranges and Lemons, finest eating Oil in Flasks and french bottles, Mace, Nutmegs, cloves, Cinnamon, root and ground Ginger, best Durham Mustard, black, white and Cayenne Pepper, Sago, Arrow-root, French Capers, Pickles and Sauces, Essence of Spruce, Isinglass, Playing Cards, Crackers, fine basket Salt, course Ditto, Barley Sugar, Sugar Candy, Spanish Juice, Lock-Eyne Berrings in kegs, a choice assortment of fine cut Glassware, Jamaica Spirits, Leeward Island Rum, real Holland Geneva, Cogniac Brandy, Shrub, Peppermint, Martinique Liqueurs.

Superior Port,  
O. L. P. Madelra,  
L. P. Teneriffe,  
L. M. & cargo, do,  
Lisbon Sherry,  
Charet and Spanish,

WINEs in wood  
and bottles.

## WILLIAM TORRANCE.

No. 2, Notre Dame Street,  
Lower Town, 6th June, 1820.

**W**ILLIAM KERR, Tailor, Habit, Pelisse, and Breeches Maker, next to the Neptune Inn, sault-au-Matelot street, having lately arrived from Britain, most respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of Quebec and its vicinity, that he has commenced Business in the above Sphere, and from the experience he has had in the several fashionable towns, and cities of Great Britain, he presumes Gentlemen's fashionable Apparel will be found to be executed in a style not inferior to the most respectable Houses in London and Edinburgh, this he is the more bold to say from his having been lately in the habit of conducting an extensive and fashionable Sphere of Business in one of the chief trading cities there.—Those who may favour him with orders will be served by the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. The most prevailing Fashions will be regularly received from correspondents in London.

Quebec, 2d June, 1820.

## NOTICE.

**T**HE Copartnership heretofore existing between Simon Elstob and Edward Brown is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to the said firm are, by special agreement, to be paid to the said Simon Elstob, who thereby becomes solely accountable for such debts as may be owing from the said late firm.

SIMON ELSTOB,  
EDWARD BROWN.

Quebec, 23d May, 1820.

**S**ELSTOB returns his sincere thanks to his friends for past favors, and begs leave to inform them he has removed from St. Peter-street to Notre Dame-street, adjoining Messrs. Wartelet & Fraser's Auction Room, where he carries on the Painting and Glazing in the following branches alone:—

House, sign, and ornamental painting, gilding, &c.  
Carrriages, coats of arms and crests painted in the neatest manner,  
Masonic aprons painted for the different orders,  
Picture frames gilded,  
Maps and prints varnished,  
Oil cloth prepared for carrriages and hats,  
Canvas prepared for oil painting on the shortest notice.

Quebec, June 6, 1820.

**J**UST received and for sale by the subscriber, a few boxes of real Havannah Segars.

D. SMITH,

23, Mountain street.

13th June, 1820.

## FOR SALE,

**B**Y the Subscriber, now landing at Mr. McDonald's Stores, (Goudie's Wharf) from on board the Henry, from Dublin, himself Master:

Mould Candles, 6's and 8's,

Irish Linen,

Duck Trowsers,

Glassware and patent ship lights,

Hams,

Rendered Lard, in firkins, very superior,

And about 5 a 6 Tons cordage.

Which will be sold on liberal terms.

THO. NEWPORT.

Quebec, May 19, 1820.

**T**HE Subscribers' respectfully inform their Friends and the public in general, that they have received per the John from London, Alexander from Liverpool, and Rebecca from Greenock, a general and extensive assortment of articles in the

## Cabinet and Upholstery

line, which they offer for sale, on moderate terms, at their Furniture Warehouse, No. 4, St. Ann street, opposite the English Church.

ROBT. & ALEX. HADDAN.

Quebec, May 30th 1820.

## A CARD.

**M**R. GEORGE WILSON begs leave to announce to her friends the arrival of her sisters Misses ASPINALL, from England, where they have received the best instructions in every branch of Female Education. Flattered by the satisfaction they have given to various families of distinction, and of the highest respectability, during five years' experience, they purpose opening a SCHOOL for young Ladies, at No. 4, Carrière Street, the 17th of July. By paying strict attention to the mind and manners of their pupils, and by carefully directing their studies, they hope to obtain a share of public patronage, which it will be their assiduous wish to merit. Miss S. Aspinall has, during the last seven years, constantly been under the tuition of Monsieur Vestris, principal Dancer and Ballet Master at the Opera House, London, and has made an arrangement with him to be annually furnished, for the advantage of her pupils, with the newest & most fashionable Dances. N. B. The success Miss S. A. has met with by her method of teaching the Quadrilles and Waltzes with facility and elegance, induces her to hope she will be patronized by those Ladies who may be desirous of receiving lessons in the above prevailing dances. Miss S. A. gives instruction to Gentlemen also when they form part of a set with Ladies who may favor her with their commands.

Quebec, 25th May, 1820.

**A** FEW CARGOES OF LUMBER, for Sale by the Subscribers, consisting of Oak, Elm, and yellow Pine Timber and Staves: the quality of the Oak timber excellent.—Also 1100 Cull-Drals.

HEATH & MOIR.

4th May, 1820.

## Les Sous-signés ont à vendre.

110 Tonnes rum des Isles sous le vent,

165 Boucaults de melasses,

70 do cassonade,

150 Quart de ditto,

15 Quart de beau café vert,

30 ditto vin de ténériffe,

2 Pipesau-de-vie cognac,

100 Cal ses huile d'olive,

10 Quart vinaigre de vin blanc,

AUSSI,

26 balots de drap superin et fin,

4 balots couvertes de 3½ et 4 points,

2 do Kerseymires fins,

3 Caisses de shalles de kerseymires,

8 do batiste,

2 do fil blanc,

6 Caisses de coton rayé,

8 Boucaults souliers de cuir pour hommes et femmes,

6 do chapeaux de castor pour femmes,

QUIROUET, CALNIC, & Co.

Quebec, 12e Juin, 1820.

**B**. COLLYER informs his Friends that he has opened School at the House of Charles Smith, Esq. in St. Paul Street, where young Ladies and Gentlemen will be taught English and French, Writing Arithmetic and Geography. The terms of tuition are reasonable.

N. B. B. C. has on hand and offers for Sale, a valuable collection of French and English Books, on Religion and general Literature.

30th May, 1820.

**B**. COLLYER informe ses amis qu'il a ouvert une Ecole dans la Maison de Charles Smith, Ecuyer, Rue St. Paul, où les jeunes Messieurs et Demoiselles seront enseignés Anglois et François, l'écriture, l'arithmétique et Géographie. Les termes d'enseignement sont raisonnables.

N. B. B. C. offre à vendre une collection de Livres François et Anglois de prix, qui traitent de la religion et de la littérature générale.

30e Avril, 1820.

**J**UST arrived per Canada, from London, and Quebec Packet, from Cork, and for Sale by the subscriber:

600 kegs white paint,

300 do. black, green, and spanish brown,

200 jars of boiled linseed oil,

16 bales of picked white goose feathers.

The whole will be sold on moderate terms, for cash or approved credit.

J. L. MAQUAY, Jun.

19th May, 1820.

## FOR SALE, or TO LET.

**T**HAT hand-some new Brick House, No. 36, St. Lewis Street, fitted up in an elegant and convenient manner, with two Kitchens, Stable, Well, small Garden, &c. so as to accommodate a genteel Family.—Apply on the Premises.

Oct. 11, 1819.

## FOR SALE,

**F**IRST and second quality White Oak Timber,

Cull do. do.

Merchantable Red Pine Timber and Spars,

Do. White do.

White and Red Pine Deals,

Spruce do.

Staves and Lathwood.

Apply to H. ATKINSON.

Goudie's Wharf, May 1, 1820.

**T**HE SUBSCRIBER has for sale at his Cellars, and Distillery, a constant assortment of WINES, BRANDY, GIN, &c. &c.

PEPPERMINT, SHRUB, LIQUORS of all sorts, which he will sell on very moderate terms, in any quantity not less than three Gallons, or a Dozen.

Medical men may be supplied with ALCOHOL, rectified to any strength required.

For the accommodation of his customers, he furnishes CASKS of all dimensions, and to save them the expense of cartage; their casks will be taken to them, and sent for when emptied.

## AND ON HAND,

PORK warranted of a superior quality, packed up in barrels and half barrels; and one thousand minots best boiling PEAS, deliverable on the opening of the navigation.

## ALSO,

**T**WO SCHOONERS staunchly built, one of them is well fit for sea; the terms of payment will be made easy.

R. QUIROUET.

St. Paul Street, 13th April, 1820.

**T**HE Subscriber has received by the late arrival in addition to his former Stock of Groceries, the following articles:—

1 butt fine Currants,

30 boxes fresh Muscatel Raisins,

1 box macaroni,

1 do. Vermicelli,

10 hampers double Gloster Cheese,

1 bale Isinglass, (1st quality).

Also, on hand,

A small assortment of handsome cut Glassware, consisting of Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Custard Cups, Jelly Glasses and Finger Basons.

WILLIAM SIMS, u

Quebec, 5th Novr. 1819. Upper-Town Market Place

Printed and published for THOMAS GARY, No. 8, St. Ann street, at the NEW PRINTING OFFICE, Free Mason's' Hall.