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The Quebec Chronicle.

TEMPERATURES.

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DENIAL OF ATTEMPT AT ASSASSINATION

RUMOR OF ASSAULT MADE ON
KING OF SAXONY WHILE
OUT HUNTING.

Dresden, Saxony, Oct. 7.—Official denial was given today to the rumors published in the United States that an attempt had been made to assassinate King Frederick August of Saxony while he was hunting in a forest. At the palace it was said that the rumors were absolutely without foundation.

SEVEN PASSENGER CARS DITCHED IN SASK.

Regina, Sask., October 7.—Seven passenger cars were thrown into the ditch near Broadview this morning when west bound Canadian Pacific train No. 46 from Winnipeg struck a spread rail. There were no fatalities, although a number were slightly injured. The tie-up resulting from the wreck was one of the most serious experienced by the C. P. R. in many years.

Auxiliaries from Regina and Broadview were rushed to the scene of the wreck and are now engaged in clearing the track. Meantime all east and west bound trains are at a standstill. No. 4, from Toronto, was sent around the wreck over the Wolseley-Reston branch.

TRAIN CRASHES INTO DITCH

Emerson, Man., Oct. 7.—Northern Pacific train No. 13, St. Paul to Winnipeg, crashed into a ditch near Letellier today, killing one and seriously injuring several. The wreck was due to the giving way of a switch point, which caused the engine to turn into the side track, while the tender stayed on the main line.

Engineer George Leach attempted to get out of the cab window but was caught by the wreckage of the baggage car which pinned him beneath the engine. He was badly scalded.

The fireman, W. J. Bayne, was instantly killed, being found underneath the tender, which had buried itself in the earth. All the coaches except the observation car left the track.

Several of the passengers received more or less serious injury.

SPECULATION IN BASEBALL TICKETS

New York, Oct. 7.—One phase of the charge that there has been speculation in connection with the world's series baseball tickets was made a matter of inquiry tonight by District Attorney Whitman, from whose office process servers set forth in search of John B. Foster, secretary of the New York Baseball Club. The servers bore a subpoena directing Foster to appear before the grand jury Thursday morning and bring with him certain books and records of the New York club. Foster had left town with the Giants for Philadelphia, however, and was not handed the subpoena.

The county prosecutor's attention was called to a statement attributed to Foster that "members of the staffs of the corporation counsel and the district attorney sold to speculators reserved seats that they had bought for \$3 each." Mr. Whitman said he was determined to learn if any of his employees or those of the corporation counsel used the official stationery of either office in writing for tickets. The offence reported to have been hinted at by Foster constitutes a violation of a corporation ordinance relating to ticket speculation, Mr. Whitman said.

The subpoena to Foster directs him to disclose the names of persons to whom county or city office holders may have sold tickets obtained through using official stationery, and also the names of the purchasers. Mr. Whitman said he would investigate every ticket sold or given to an employee in his office.

WILL BLOW UP GAMBOA DIKE

DESTRUCTION WILL TAKE
PLACE FRIDAY — CULEBRA
CUT FILLING UP.

Panama, Oct. 7.—Charges of dynamite were placed today in over 1,000 holes which had been drilled in the Gamboa dike preparatory to its destruction. Each hole contains from 80 to 100 pounds of dynamite, amounting in the aggregate to the largest blast ever shot off in connection with the canal work.

The inflow of water from the lake through the discharge pipes is causing the Culebra Cut to fill rapidly and it is estimated that there will be only five feet difference between the levels of the lake and the Culebra Cut on the morning of October 10, when the destruction of the dike is to occur.

Fourteen units of the Atlantic dredging fleet, including two ladder dredges have been prepared to go through the Gatun locks on Oct. 9 for the purpose of removing the remainder of the Gamboa dike after the explosion.

Miraflores Lake on the Pacific side is rising rapidly and it is considered probable by the officials that in case of urgency a boat could be passed through the entire canal some time this month.

NEW BRITISH MINISTER REACHES MEXICO

Vera Cruz, Mex., Oct. 7.—Sir Lionel F. G. Garden, the new British minister, arrived at Vera Cruz this morning and left for the capital tonight. He succeeds Francis William Stronge, recalled. The new minister was entertained by Rear-Admiral Fletcher at luncheon on the U. S. S. Louisiana today. Among the other guests was John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative.

COAL MINING CAMP SCENE OF RIOTS

Trinidad, Colo., Oct. 7.—The local company of the National Guard was rushed to Ludlow, a coal mining camp a few miles north of here late today to quell a battle reported to be raging between mine guards and a force of striking coal miners. Posses of officers and armed citizens have been sent to Ludlow from surrounding towns. Reports that a number of men are dead or wounded are without confirmation. All telephone communication with the camp was cut off soon after the fight started.

According to the best information available a party of strikers fired on an automobile carrying detectives, who returned the fire. They went to Hastings and returned with eleven mine guards as reinforcements. As soon as the guards reached Ludlow the battle opened. The strikers formed behind a steel railroad bridge, poured a hot fire in the ranks of the officers. A detective was sent here to summon aid. Later a horseman arrived and reported that the battle still was in progress.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 7.—Ancaster township has another mystery, and the provincial police have been called upon to endeavor to clear it up. It is in connection with the strange disappearance of Mrs. Samuel Miller, and foul play is suspected. Mrs. Miller resided with her young son about four miles from Ancaster village, in a lonely part of the township, her husband having gone away about five years ago for parts unknown. About six weeks ago John Hyslop, of Ancaster, passed her home and saw her talking to a couple of tramps, who had been in that vicinity for some time previous. Since then she has not been seen. It is said that about this time she obtained \$1500 to pay off a mortgage and the suspicion is that she was done to death for the money, and that her body may be concealed in that vicinity. A morbid interest is added to the affair by reason of the fact that the house she occupied was the one in which James Stillwater was found with his throat cut about twenty years ago.

SASKATOON ORANGEMEN SAY THEY MEAN BUSINESS.

Saskatoon, Sask., October 7.—Instructions to the Dominion Secret Service agents notwithstanding, the Orangemen in Saskatoon are prepared to send either money or men to Ireland to assist Sir Edward Carson and his followers to fight Home Rule. This is the attitude of the Saskatoon Orange Lodge towards the endeavors of all who think Sir Edward Carson's stand is a bluff.

C. W. Armstrong, the Worshipful Master of the Duke of Cumberland Lodge, in an interview here today stated that Orangemen in the Dominion owed it to Ireland to do all in their power to resist the Home Rule bill in the present form. He concluded a lengthy statement by stating that many Orangemen would leave their homes in Canada and fight for Ulster should civil war result, and that the only expenses the Ulster forces will be put to on their account will be to supply ammunition.

AEROPLANE KILLS NEW YORK GIRL

LINCOLN BEACHEY LOSES
CONTROL OF MACHINE AND
LANDS AMONG SPECTATORS

Rochester, N.Y., October 7.—Miss Ruth Hildreth, daughter of Mr. W. E. Hildreth of New York city, was killed and her sister, Dorothy Hildreth was perhaps fatally injured this afternoon in Hammondsport, when Lincoln Beachey lost control of a 100-horse power aeroplane and it swept a number of spectators off a platform from which they were watching the exhibition. Ruth Hildreth fell upon an automobile and her skull was fractured. Among those slightly hurt were Lieutenants Richardson and Bellinger, of the United States Navy Aviation Corps, and Beachey.

The accident occurred near the head of Lake Keuka, where Beachey is said to have planned to execute a somersault in the air. A big crowd had gathered for the exhibition and to gain a good view the Misses Hildreth and the navy officers climbed to the top of a small building used as headquarters by naval aviators.

Beachey recognized the party and dipped his machine in salute. They waved. The aeroplane went to the end of the field, turned and came back. When it was over the heads of the Hildreth party the machine was seen to dip. The aeroplane came so close to the party as to sweep all to the ground. The aeroplane careened wildly and plunged to the earth, unseating the aviator and wrecking the machine.

Ruth Hildreth was unconscious when spectators reached her side and blood was gushing from a gaping wound in her head. Her sister also was unconscious, but Lieuts. Bellinger and Richardson were able to rise. Dorothy Hildreth was removed to the residence of a neighbor. She has a broken arm and leg and may have internal injuries. Her condition is said to be critical. Lieuts. Bellinger and Richardson escaped with cuts and bruises that are not serious. Beachey sprained an arm and ankle.

Beachey said that as he reached a point directly over the naval building he momentarily lost control of his machine because his foot slipped from one of the controls. The machine dipped and the trailer caught the party on the roof, throwing them to the ground and causing the machine to take a wild plunge.

Ruth Hildreth was about 20 years old, and her sister is about two years younger. For a number of years they have been visitors at Lake Keuka, where W. E. Hildreth has a summer home.

The Weather

Toronto, October 7.—The weather has continued fine and warm today in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, while in the West it has been for the most part fair and cool. Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Dawson, 30-40; Victoria, 46-53; Vancouver, 42-52; Kamloops, 40-58; Calgary, 24-42; Edmonton, 26-48; Battleford, 26-40; Moose Jaw, 30-37; Regina, 30-34; Winnipeg, 34-50; Port Arthur, 40-58; Parry Sound, 52-78; London, 44-79; Toronto, 53-78; Kingston, 50-74; Ottawa, 48-74; Montreal, 52-72; Quebec, 50-72; St. John, 56-64; Halifax, 56-70.

Forecasts:
Lakes and Georgian Bay: Easterly winds, mostly fair and warm; thunder showers in some localities.
Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence: Fair and warm.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf: Light to moderate winds, fair, not much change in temperature.

Maritime Provinces: Southerly to easterly winds, fair and warm.

Lake Superior: Moderate to fresh winds, fair.

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta: Mostly fair but some local showers, stationary or or higher temperature.

ABATTOIR COMPANY ASKS PRIVILEGES OF CITY COUNCIL

WANTS EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS
AND TAX EXEMPTION FOR
25 YEARS.

An important meeting of the Market Committee was held last evening at the City Hall, when the only question considered was the propositions made by the Quebec Abattoir Company to erect abattoirs within the limits of this city but at the extreme end of Limoilou.

BEGIN NEXT SPRING.

Ald. Madden presided, and among those present were Mayor Drouin and Aldermen Verret, Gauvin, Lantier, Guillet, Trudel, Cote, Dussault, Campbell and Cannon.

The company was represented by its president, Hon. Mr. Roberge, Mr. J. T. R. Laurendeau, vice president, of Montreal; Israel Louis Lafleur, Montreal; Messrs. T. Vien, Lévis; George Parent, Drolet, Alf. Dambouski, I. Savard, Quebec.

Mr. Vien, secretary-treasurer and legal adviser of the company, acted as spokesman and explained the object of their visit, which was to erect abattoirs in Quebec.

The company, which was composed of business men of Montreal, Quebec and Eastern Townships, were ready to commence building this fall and next spring would be ready to start the slaughtering business. Naturally, the company asked for certain privileges.

They first of all wanted an exclusive right to have abattoirs in this city for the next 25 years; then they wanted an exemption of taxes for the same period, and finally wanted a by-law passed to the effect that all slaughtering of cattle, sheep and swine would have to be done at their abattoirs. Mr. Vien explained that the object of having all cattle brought to the abattoir was done in the interest of public safety, as every cattle, sheep or swine would have to be inspected as it came in and also when cut up in quarters. At present there was meat sold to poor people in this city which was unfit for use, and was ruinous to health, and when such meat would be inspected at the abattoir it would be immediately destroyed. All large cities, remarked Mr. Vien, had their abattoirs and there was no reason why Quebec had not one a long time ago.

The present company had, according to its present letters patent, a capital of \$300,000, and at yesterday's meeting had decided to increase their capital to \$500,000. It was impossible just now to say what number of people would be employed at the start, as the company did not intend to go into the canning industry for some time. All they intended to do was to slaughter the cattle and use every part of the animal.

Ald. Verret: What do you intend doing with the skins of cattle brought to the abattoir by a local butcher?

Mr. Vien replied that they would follow the Montreal abattoir company's rules throughout, and he could not just then state what they would do with the skins. However, they intended keeping the skins of their own cattle and selling them.

Mr. Vien produced the plans of the property upon which they have an option from the Montreal-Quebec Land Co. They are situated between the 18th street north and 29th street south. He also filed plans of the three-story building which, with the other buildings, is to cost the sum of \$150,000. As regards the exemption of taxes for 25 years, Mr. Vien had been shown the city to grant a ten-year exemption, and the company was satisfied to accept that term.

Ald. Cannon inquired if the city gave the company the sole privilege for a number of years, if the latter would bind itself not to sell out.

Mr. Vien replied that the company was willing to have a clause to that effect in the contract with the city.

Mayor Drouin added that the slaughtering prices would also have to be included in the contract.

(Continued on Page Twelve)

SEVIGNY WILL MEET LAFORTUNE

MEMBER FOR DORCHESTER
ACCEPTS CHALLENGE OF
LATTER TO RUN IN MONT-
CALM.

St. Chrysostome, Que., Oct. 7.—Another bye-election may result from the present contest in Chateauguay County. This afternoon in the Parish of St. Antoine, D. A. Lafortune, M. P. for Montcalm, in the course of an address, flung down a challenge to Albert Sevigny, M. P. for Dorchester, to resign his seat and contest Montcalm on general party principles. Mr. Sevigny jumped to his feet and accepted the challenge unconditionally, and deposited one hundred dollars as a pledge of his good faith, while Mr. Lafortune pledged a similar sum.

Mr. Lafortune did not offer to enter Dorchester, but invited the member for that constituency to contest his county. After Mr. Sevigny had accepted the terms, a memorandum of agreement was drawn up and read in the presence of the candidates and the audience.

NO MORE TIDINGS OF MISSIONARIES

SPY DISGUISED AS BEGGAR
HAS BEEN SENT INTO TSAO-
YANG TO SEEK NEWS.

Peking, Oct. 7.—There are no further tidings of the Americans and Norwegians captured by the bandits at Tsao-Yang. The governor of Siang-Fu has notified the government at Peking that he recently sent a man into Tsao-Yang disguised as a beggar to get whatever information he could concerning the captives, but the man has not yet returned.

A corrected list of the names of the captives has been forwarded to the American legation here by J. Paul Jameson, vice-consul-general at Hankow. It includes two Fauske children, but excludes the Norwegians, Mr. Berdahl and Miss C. L. Rasmussen, who were not in Tsao-Yang when the town was captured.

WILL NOT CHANGE IRISH POLICY, SAYS BRITISH MINISTER

Rt. Hon. H. L. Samuel Ad-
dresses Canadian Club
Gathering at Ottawa.

ENGLAND DEMOCRATIC.

Visitor Explains Conditions of
Home Rule Bill—The Aims
of Britain.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—The Presence of Right Hon. Herbert L. Samuel, British Postmaster-General, drew a crowded attendance at the Canadian Club luncheon in the Chateau Laurier, several Ministers of the present government being at the chairman's table. Mr. Samuel made a very favorable impression as an able man, perfectly sincere in his views, a student of political history, and an administrator thoroughly alive to the responsibilities of office and anxious to use its opportunities to the best possible advantage. A fluent and incisive speaker, he was listened to throughout with the closest attention, and while he was making his peroration with all the emphasis at his command on the Home Rule question, declaring that the Liberal government would not and could not abandon its policy, the stillness was almost dramatic.

ANGLO-SAXON EXTENSION.

After expressing his sense of the obligation under which he stood for the kindness which he had received as the guest of the Canadian government during his tour with Mr. Pelletier, Mr. Samuel said he had been profoundly impressed to see the making of the west. During the last two hundred years he supposed the most conspicuous feature in the world's history was that the peoples of Europe had assumed control of the two Americas, Australia, New Zealand, the greater part of Africa, and a large part of Asia. That extension had been of great advantage to mankind at large, chiefly because it had opened up fresh

(Continued on Page Eight)

"Well, here it's Wednesday and the week half over," said the Oracle this morning. "Doesn't time fly? It'll soon be Xmas. Hardly seems that late. It's only two months since we were talking about the beautiful summer and now our thoughts are all centered in our new fall overcoats and anticipations of the cost of the new furs we promised the lady of the house for this year. Always something to worry about. It'll be about the same weather as this day last year. Look it up."

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July July

The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1913.

FINISH ALL WORK TOGETHER.

Everyone will approve Mayor Drouin's words when in speaking of the Union Passenger Station he announces his intention of concentrating his energies from now on in a movement to have the Champlain Market converted into a freight and passenger station as soon as possible and then to work for the elevator and tunnel at Lampson's Cove.

To anyone who gives a little thought to the subject it must be apparent that the various works of development in this city are very closely allied in their objects. Associated together and especially dependent upon each other are those public works affecting Quebec as a terminal port, such as the provision of better accommodation for shipping, the building of terminal stations and approaches, the dredging of the channel to the Gulf, the construction of the Quebec Bridge, the building of a dry dock, of freight sheds and elevators and other kindred necessities.

It must be obvious that it will be much better for Quebec if most of these works, which more or less dovetail into each other, are carried on as far as possible at the same rate of progress so that they may be finished nearly at the same time and there be no case where one thing that is completed in time may be rendered ineffective for a while because it is held up through delay in the consummation of something else. For instance, it will be little use having ships coming here for cargoes and finding good shipping accommodation if they cannot get cargo for the reason that there is a delay in bringing it here or because little or no effort is made to get cargo for them.

A visit round the different public works being carried out in the vicinity will probably leave the impression that there is one branch of development which seems to outstrip others in the matter of progress. We refer to the achievement of the Harbor Commission. That delay in other works has been unavoidable in most cases is very probable, but this should only make us the more alert and active to push them forward to make up the lost ground with all expedition, and to seek to have the example of the Harbor Commission emulated in other quarters.

While work on the Quebec Bridge is undoubtedly progressing with rapidity, that on the terminals of the N. T. R. will have to be rushed with unparalleled activity from now on. And, although the contract for the new dry dock has been given some months, there seems to be little sign of a beginning there as yet.

Another matter to which more attention should undoubtedly be given is the dredging of the channel below here. It will be small use to have a forty-foot harbor here if vessels drawing much less than this depth have to wait for tides at places lower down the river. If we are going to develop a first class port as we all hope we will, we must see to it that we do not have to be dependent upon a comparatively second class channel. If we want a big port business we want a channel to admit the keels that will bring it. Marine architects do not hold out any assurance that the size limit has yet been reached in the matter of big ships. Indeed, they have expressly said that this limit would be governed only by the depth of harbor channels. If this is true, and the marine architects should know if anyone does, it seems that the prosperity and prestige of a port will rest as much with the depth of its channel as with its dock machinery for handling and housing cargoes.

To repeat, then, what we have said above, a concerted effort should be made to see that all these important and necessary works should be prosecuted with similar vigor so that the completion of all branches of development should occur almost simultaneously and the benefits arising from the completion of any one branch may not be retarded or nullified to any extent by delay in some other branch.

FISHER AS A PROPHET.

Everyone knows that Mr. Fielding wanted to smash Confederation and at one time wanted the Maritime Provinces to secede from the rest of the Dominion. That, however, is the kind of man that the Liberals choose for their Ministers, men who have been apostles of division and secession, men who have worked to get this country to throw in its lot with the United States.

Mr. Fisher is another of these ex-Ministers whose thoughts run in very much the same groove as those of Mr. Fielding. Speaking at Montreal during the reciprocity campaign of 1911, he said:—

"If this agreement should be blocked by the people of the East, if the Canadian people should be divided and these men should be deprived of opportunities to sell where they can best sell, there may arise a demand on the part of the settlers in the West that if they cannot get to the American market by means of Reciprocity they can get there by annexation."

It will easily be seen, then, that between Messrs. Taft and Fisher there was not much chance for Canada to escape. According to Taft the adoption of reciprocity would make Canada an "adjunct" of the States and, according to Fielding, the rejection of the pact would have incensed the people of the West to clamor for annexation.

Since Mr. Fisher uttered these words more than two years have elapsed and during all that time none of the farmers of the West have given any justification for Mr. Fisher's slurs on their patriotism, and, far from the West's being reduced to desperation over reciprocity, its population has increased by the entry of more than two hundred thousand American settlers, whose coming has been responsible for an addition of several hundred millions to the wealth of Canada.

SHAW AND CHRISTIANITY.

Writing to a London newspaper in attempted rebuttal of clerical criticism, Bernard Shaw, the eccentric playwright, says: "I really cannot see how any man can allege that Christianity has gained an inch since the Crucifixion."

Mr. Shaw cites the homage paid to warriors, the fighting in Tripoli, Morocco and the Balkans, the extension of compulsory military service, the use of the submarine and the aeroplane in warfare as proofs of the supremacy of the Pagan cult of Mars over the

Christian religion. He offers the fact that mixed general workhouses have not been abolished in England as typical evidence of the inadequacy of the efforts of the churches and the church-goers since the time of the Apostles.

Mr. Shaw evidently adheres to the fallacy that the history of the world is written in its wars. He surveys the destruction of Jerusalem by Titus, the battle of Hastings, the Crusades, the burning of Jeanne d'Arc, the feuds of York and Lancaster, the St. Bartholomew massacre, the Spanish armada, the Napoleonic wars, the Revolution, the hostilities between France and Germany or between China and Japan, the American Civil War, and, apparently, he can see nothing else. He is purblind to discern the quiet and hidden leavening processes of social evolution, having for their chief inspiration the principles of altruism and of self-sacrifice as they are taught by sincere and true practitioners of religion. Ideals and intellectual triumphs are not so spectacular as military campaigns; the sedentary labor of the scholar or the humanitarian is unheralded and it has no sanguinary aftermath by which to be remembered. But it is to be forgotten that in pagan times the insane were beaten, the poor who were sick had no physician, the prisoner was allowed to rot or to starve in his gaol, the weaklings were generally crowded to the wall or directly put to death, none took thought for the schooling of the ignorant, most women were slaves, might made right and all laws were flouted that stood in the light of a tyrant's passionate behest? Whereas, today—with all our imperfections—the spirit of the Golden Rule guides the conduct of millions, there are innumerable institutions that minister to human need, the railway and the telegraph are enlightening auxiliaries of missionaries who lay down their lives in fields of endeavor at home and abroad not for the sake of the stipend but for the good that they can do. Our colleges and schools, our hospitals and asylums, our benevolent organizations and our philanthropic institutions owe their foundation to men who were God-fearing and devout, whose lives exemplified the teachings of the Sermon on the Mount. To balance the number of those who have been in battle with the number of men whom religion has converted from heathen practices is not a true and fair comparison, the effect of religion is to be measured rather by the general diffusion of education, the improvement of manners and morals, the amiable influences of the arts and sciences of civilization, which are steadily and surely leading the world and those that dwell therein out of darkness into light.

Comment of The Press

Last month marked the thirty-fifth anniversary of the birth of the National Policy. This was the issue on which Sir John Macdonald was restored to office on September 17th, 1878, and fidelity to the principle of moderate protection kept him in power until his death in 1891. It was largely by giving hostages to the protectionist sentiment of the country that the Laurier Opposition secured the reins of government in 1896. As long as the Liberal Ministry remained loyal to the well-tryed Canadian fiscal system it retained an easy supremacy. As soon as Sir Wilfrid Laurier entered into a trade agreement with Washington, which surrendered the country's fiscal freedom to the United States he alienated thousands of Liberals and lost the confidence of the electors. It is therefore an absolute fact that, whatever the other issues at stake from time to time, no general election since that of 1874 has been won by either a Government or an Opposition which did not first subscribe to the National Policy. It was that policy which, once it became well established, checked the long flight of Canadians to the United States, built up a great series of interdependent industries throughout the Dominion, attracted immigration and capital and furnished us with the means of constructing transcontinental railways, ship canals and other necessary public works. The Toronto News, in reviewing the situation, says that the most emphatic triumphs of moderate protection have come in the past few years, and the complete vindication of the policy is found in the rapid transfer of American manufacturing industries to this side of the line, a movement which is lately stronger than ever. Even the United States is today approximating its customs schedules to the Canadian level. As for the future it is a safe prophecy that modifications of the tariff up or down at Ottawa will take place independently of foreign governments. It is scarcely likely that any Canadian Ministry in the present generation will invite certain defeat by running counter to national sentiment on the trade issue or by entering into another international arrangement which would give foreign politicians or foreign trusts a dangerous voice in the determination of tariff legislation in this country.—Sydney Post.

It seems more than probable that the endeavor to develop a model community upon the island of Anticosti will be sadly interrupted by the death of the owner of the island, Mr. Henri Menier. The island itself seemed well adapted for such an experiment. It is about sixty miles from the mainland and is about one hundred and forty miles long by thirty-six wide at the centre. Over 2,000,000 of its 2,700,000 acres are covered with valuable forests. Mr. Menier purchased the island from Quebec in 1895, and at once set about developing his plan. He aimed to conserve the wild life of the island, but the inhabitants refused to respect the game laws, and so he proceeded to eject them. This proceeding aroused bitterest feeling against him, but the Government supported him, and he had his way. Immensely wealthy, he expended large sums in the construction of ports, wharves, a railway, and in making provision for lumber manufacture and other industries, while he gave special attention to agriculture and the introduction of suitable breeds of horses and cattle. He also adopted the most advanced methods of conserving the timber resources of the island. He aimed to people the island with law-abiding and thrifty French-Canadian families, and the farms were let upon the profit-sharing principle. He also forbade the introduction of intoxicants upon the island. But he would not sell a foot of land, and he was absolute owner of the island, no one being able to take up residence or even to land upon the island without Mr. Menier's permission. The government was an autocracy, no doubt, of the most benevolent kind, but still an autocracy, and few freedom-loving Canadians would wish its long continuance. Whether the experiment will be long continued or not is uncertain, but with its originator gone it will not be likely to proceed exactly as before.—Christian Herald.

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They help to prevent much of that "tired feeling" when wash-day is over. And they do not injure your better linens.

RECOMMENDED by all good dealers everywhere in Canada.

"Just as good as Eddy's Matches."

BOOK NOW FOR BERMUDA.

Forty hours from frost to flowers.
Golf, tennis, bathing, boating and cycling.
Good accommodation -- Modern comfort --
Moderate rates.

For descriptive booklets, sailing lists, rates, etc., apply to

HONE & RIVET, General Travel Agency
21 BUADE ST., OPPOSITE THE BASILICA, QUEBEC.
TELEPHONE 4104.

HIGH GRADE DIAMONDS

Blue, Blue White, Steel Grey and White.

Fine Specimen Brilliants in two carat weights suitable for Solitaires.

Matched Pairs, one, two and up to five carats, for Earrings.

We specialize in Fine Fancy Gems of quality and value.

Platinum and gold mountings made to order.

G. SEIFERT & SONS

DIAMOND MERCHANTS

16 FABRIQUE STREET

NEW SEASONS GOODS

Cord Velveteens

Dress Stuffs

Ladies Hats

We have now received our full stock of new Fall and Winter Dry Goods. We give below a list of the goods with the prices.

Cord Velveteens for dresses in the latest shades at 85c and 95c.

Dress Stuffs in the newest materials at 68c, 88c, \$1.10, \$1.20, \$1.38.

Trimmed Felt Hats for Ladies; latest shapes and colors at \$1.75, \$2.25, \$2.75, \$3.25, \$3.95.

New Velvet Hats, in black; newest shapes at \$2.75, \$3.25, \$3.95.

Ladies Tweed Hats, new styles, at \$2.25.

White Felt Hats, ready to wear, for ladies, only \$1.25, \$1.48, \$1.68, \$1.75.

New Net Yokes, in a large variety of styles, at 25c, 30c, 38c, 45c, 50c, 58c, 68c, 75c, 90c, \$1.10.

Satin Underskirts in all the popular colors at \$2.38, \$3.00, \$3.75.

Pine Cushions; a large lot just received at 50c, 75c.

New Neckwear; all up-to-date styles, at 25c, 30c, 38c, 48c, 50c, 68c, 88c.

Knitted Wool Skirts; fancy colours for ladies, at \$1.10, \$1.48, \$1.75, \$1.88, \$2.75.

Wool Dressing Gowns; all new this season, at \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.75, \$4.95, \$5.95.

Wool Kimonos; a large stock to select from, at \$1.40, \$1.48, \$1.75, \$1.88, \$2.75, \$3.25.

Store closes at 6 p. m., Saturdays excepted.

Simons & Minguy

20 Fabrique Street,
Telephone 333. QUEBEC

Misses M. & A. Brownrigg

Have opened their popular Millinery Parlors for the Autumn Season, and have on hand a large assortment of beautiful Parisienne designs, as well as a fine line of Velvets, Velour and Jettis of superior quality. A first-class assortment of Children's Millinery is also on view.

A visit from our patrons is highly solicited.

MISSES M. & A. BROWNRIGG

MILLINERS

64 John St.

J. Arthur LaRue, Eugene Trudel,
C.A., L.L.A. L.L.A.

LARUE & TRUDEL

Accountants,
Auditors,
Administrators,
Appraisers, Trustees,
Liquidation of insolvent estates,
Compromise between debtors and creditors.

126 ST. PETER STREET,
"DOMINION BUILDING"

Tel. 4520-4921.

Ag. 4x1y

DUFFERIN TERRACE HOUSE

Opposite Governor's Garden and Chateau Frontenac. Terms moderate. 5 Genevieve Ave., Cape, Quebec.

MRS. WHELAN, Prop.
Phone 4237.

Jy. 19x1y

W. Morton Massey

GENERAL INSURANCE BROKER

211 Mountain Hill

SHOOTING SEASON

New Guns, Rifles, Pistol, Ammunition, Decoy's, Tents, Knives, Animal Traps, Axes, Flasks, Blankets, Sleeping Bags, Camping Outfits, Fishing Tackle, etc., etc.

— To be had at —

THE CHINIC Hardware Company STORES

Sporting Goods

Shot Guns and Rifles
Shot and Ball Cartridges
Hunting Knives and Axes
Canvas Tents Camp Beds
Grey and Red Camp Blankets

S.J. SHAW & CO.

13 St. John St.
Telephone 573

Who Does Your Family Washing?

Why not try our service this coming week?
We will wash your white clothes clean and sweet. We'll wash the colored clothes clean, without fading them. We'll starch all the pieces that need it, and dry them and the other clothing.
We'll iron all the flat pieces; the bed and table linen, towels, etc., and give them a smooth even finish that no hand ironer could equal.

Imperial Laundry
54 ST. VALIER STREET.

E. LLOYD

CABINET MAKERS.
280 Valier Street, Shop No. 5 Blanchet Street.
Furniture of all descriptions made, repaired and recovered, also packed, stored or shipped as desired.
Mattresses made over, polishing and repairing. Carpet laying and linoleum our specialties.
Reasonable prices.

TAKE NOTE

Do not overlook your Fall and Winter Suit and Overcoat. I stock nothing but the best in material and give perfect fit. Drop in and choose for yourself.

S. J. BURKE,

187 St. John St. Quebec.
Feb. 14xmon, wed, frid, ly.

REDUCTION

OF

20 to 40 Per Cent

On Our Entire Stock of

SHOES

J. GILBERT & CIE

294 St. John Street.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge River is submerged, as well as the other deep water Pier that was there up to last winter at the end of the long wharf. The position of the pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge river is as heretofore shown by a flat buoy by day, and a white light by night, and the position of the deep water pier recently taken at the end of the long wharf is in a straight line with the said flat buoy and about 60 feet to the west.

W. A. KINGSLAND, Agent.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runny Nose. 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

Music for Teachers and Pupils

Our stock of music includes a very large number of standard books of Exercises used by music pupils. Particular care is taken to have this section of the Department kept thoroughly complete and up-to-date. Practically all of the works most in favor among music teachers can be obtained here.

PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED.

Retail Division,
157-173 St. Joseph Street, Quebec.

75c a Garment for Mens' Good Underwear

It is very doubtful whether you can buy such Underwear anywhere else in town at this price. We certainly could not sell so low if we did not buy in large quantities direct from the actual makers; but, at 75c, we can show you Men's good Scotch wool Underwear or warm fleece-lined Underwear in both shirts and drawers.

Low Wall Paper Prices

Some people never realize how really inexpensive it is to do Wall Papering if the papers are bought here.

We buy and sell on a very large scale, and can afford to mark our goods very low in price. All things considered there is every reason why you should choose your Wall Papers here from our stock of many thousands of rolls.

Just at present we are offering some special snaps in pretty papers that cost very little.

We have a number of lines which we can show at, per single roll, 5c, 7c, 10c, 15c, 18c, etc.

All have borders to match.

\$1.00 and \$1.25

Cape Gloves, 79c

Tan Cape Walking Gloves, English-make, many of them Dent's, one and two dome styles, the correct gloves for present wear with costumes. \$1.00 and \$1.25 qualities, every pair guaranteed. Special Sale Price, per pair 79c

Note These Prices

Mens' Suits

\$7.50 to \$28.

Fall

Overcoats

\$6.75 to \$25.



Our Clothing Prices Are Makers' Prices

Has it ever been your privilege to buy goods at wholesale or at factory prices? If so, you know the difference between wholesale and retail selling prices, and you will realize the truth of our assertion that we can save you money on your clothing because we are the actual makers.

More than that, we will sell you a single suit or overcoat which carries but one small profit added to the actual cost of making, instead of the three or four profits that clothing generally has to pay, and is figured in the price.

We operate our own clothing workshops on a large scale. Our big staff of tailors produces high-grade clothing, comparing well with custom work. Everybody who wears a PAQUET Suit or Overcoat is more than satisfied with the purchase because we use good materials and good workmanship. It's our "one profit" policy which enables us to sell clothing at such low prices.

Let us show you the style and quality of our clothing.

Special Cloakings at \$1.69 For Fall or Winter Wear

When placing our large Fall order with the woolen Mills we persuaded one large maker to give us an exceptionally low price on a line of cloakings, of which we could make a leader.

The concession made by this maker is the reason why we are able to offer these fashionable goods at so low a price.

The goods are the new style curled cloth, and the equally new blanket mixture. You know that these goods are extraordinarily popular and will be worn by nearly everybody this Fall and Winter. So you can save here on goods that will make up into the smartest looking coats that will be worn. These goods are all 54 inches wide, and are shown in an extensive variety of mixed colors. Special Price, per yd \$1.69

Talking About Blankets

Do you know that we carry blankets in stock at as high a price as \$20.00 a pair? Lovely soft blankets they are too. But, we keep the low-priced ones also. Not everybody wants \$20.00 blankets, and we cater to everyone.

For instance, at \$3.19—we show soft grey wool blankets, size 56 x 76 inches.

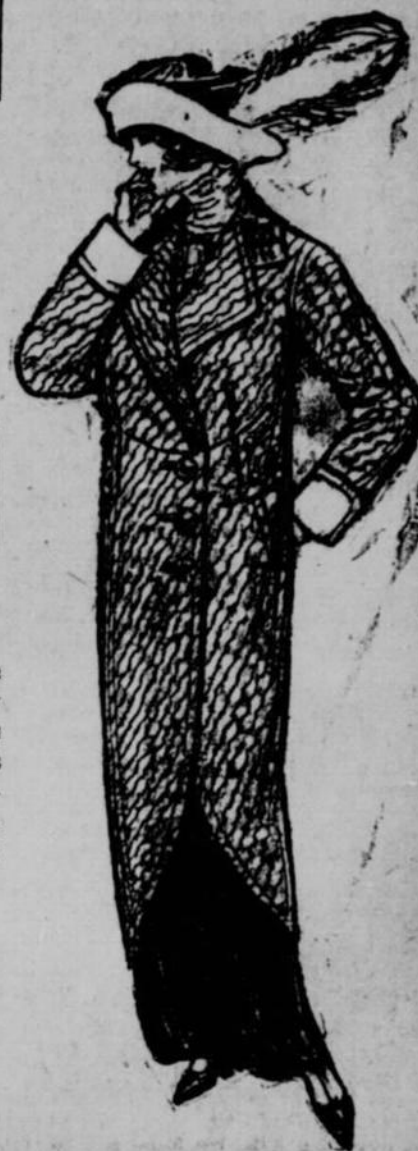
At \$3.49—We have white wool blankets size 60 x 80 inches, with pink or light blue borders. Very nice quality too.

Corsets Special, 98c

A new model Corset of white percale, with long hips and low bust, fitted with six hose supporters and boned with aluminum, that is very light and very strong. Trimmed with lace. Sizes 22 and 23 only. Special, per pair 98c

If your figure is not as erect as it should be you can make it so by wearing the Truform Shoulder Braces, which can be worn with comfort and quickly correct a stoop or rounded shoulders.

Made of white cotton tape with bones in the back. Sizes for women, children and men. Price \$1.50



Boys' Three-Piece Suits Less 20 Per Cent Discount

We clothe more boys than any other store in town. Mothers come here because they have found out that they can save money and get the right kind of clothing for boys who are hard on their things.

Just now we are offering a line of three-piece Boys' Suits made of good material in various colors, including blue and black. Styles, either single or double-breasted. Sizes 28 to 35.

20 P. C. OFF FORMER PRICES.

Everything That is New in Neckwear

One particular charm about our Neckwear Department is its constantly changing variety. The search for new things is never-ending, and the arrival of Novelties is just as continuous.

Just now we are showing many attractive pieces in stylish Medici collars and Marie-Antoinette ruffles, probably the most picturesque styles in Neckwear that have been produced in recent years.

Our Neckwear is shown in black, white, champagne and colors, and in a great variety of prices from 25c to \$2.50 each.

GLIMPSES OF OLD QUEBEC

From the Files of the CHRONICLE, August, 1813 and 1883.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

Appointments.

Our Lieutenant-Governor at this time thirty years ago, appointed Eugene E. Tache, Esq., assistant commissioner of Crown Lands, to be a member of the council of arts and manufactures of this province, and Hyacinthe Charlebois, Esq., syndic of the Montreal Turnpike Roads, instead of the Hon. Louis Beaubien, whose commission is revoked. Mr. Tache, the subject of the above appointment, was very well and favorably known in this city and province, was the son of the Hon. Sir E. P. Tache, one of the Fathers of Confederation. Mr. Tache took quite an interest in military affairs and held a commission in the Chasseurs Canadiens, and after a temporary removal to Ottawa, held for a time position of Lieutenant in the Civil Service Corps.

Artist and Architect.

It is as an artist and architect that Mr. Tache is better known to Quebec citizens. He acted as architect in the erection of the Quebec Parliament Buildings, and the Quebec Drill Hall. He was also the designer of the handsome facades on the new Quebec Court House. He is also the author of "Maps of the Province of Quebec," of which he issued two editions, the first in 1870, and the second in 1880. Mr. Tache died a short time ago in the city, mourned by many and respected by all.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

Relief From Anxiety.

We in Quebec have been relieved from our anxiety regarding the fate of our fleet on Lake Erie, by the arrival of the American official account of the action which has taken place between our fleet and that of the enemy. It is highly honorable to our officers and men, who had, at one time, a prospect of complete success, which appears to have been wrested from them more by accident, than anything else. The result, indeed, has been the total loss of our naval force on Lake Erie; but it has left the enemy in such a shattered condition, as to leave little probability of his effectually co-operating, this season, with his land forces in the contemplated attack on the portion of Upper Canada adjoining Lake Erie. We ought, however, to have had a naval force on that lake, and on every other navigable water serving as a communication between the different portions of Canada, superior to the enemy, beyond the possibility of losing it by such accidents; and when we consider that Great Britain has the means of effecting that object, far superior to those of the enemy, we cannot bring ourselves to believe, that what is so indispensable for the security of these provinces, will long remain unaccomplished.

Correspondence

ADVOCATES WIDENING OF PALACE HILL.

To Editor of the Chronicle.
Dear Sir,—Now that the decision to have the Union Station at the Palais has been made public, could not the Mayor and Council be induced to give their attention to the routes to and from that locality?

If Palace Hill is not widened before expensive buildings are erected, probably it never will be. At present there is no excuse for not widening it, as an arbitration could decide fair price of properties. For the sake of the safety and comfort of the public, please, use your influence to have this work begun without delay.

Yours truly,
"SAFETY."

SOME CORRESPONDENCE ON STONE-CUTTING

To the Editor of the Chronicle:

A few days ago the Union of the Stone Cutters made a complaint to the Fire Committee that the stone used for the construction of the Fire Station No. 3 had been worked out of town. With regard to the subject, it is necessary to give a few explanations in reference to the said work. The stone employed on the construction has been dressed by Mr. Jos. Asselin's men on the ground, excepting a few large blocks for the arch over the doors. Mr. Louis Boivin having addressed himself to Mr. Jos Asselin to provide him with these larger stones. He (Mr. Jos. Asselin) answered that he could not furnish those stones within a month or a month and a half's time.

Being pressed for the execution of his contract Mr. Louis Boivin addressed himself to Messrs. Laforce & Frere, who bound themselves to deliver the stone within fifteen days. Knowing the heavy weight of these stones Mr. Louis Boivin asked Messrs. Laforce & Frere to have them chiseled before removal. Three quarters of the work left for the dressing of the stone has to be completed on the ground of construction. The Union advised its members not to handle those stones, for the reason that the stone had been prepared by men not belonging to the Union, which has been a cause of an unwarranted delay in the cutting of the stone.

A few days afterward Mr. Boivin was approached by two members of the Union asking for work. He then told them how the Union had forbidden its members to work. They replied to Mr. Boivin that they had to work for a living and stated the price

of the salary they required, and Mr. Boivin accepted their offer and set them to work.

Mr. Boivin, who employs quite a number of the Union members, feels it very hard that the Union tries to cause him so much trouble in the execution of his contract.

LOUIS BOIVIN, ENG.

NEW NOSE FROM FINGERS.

Washington Woman, Suffering From Cancerous Disease, Undergoes Grafting Operation.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Miss Nellie Radigan, 25 years old, has a new nose made of two of her fingers. The operation of grafting the fingers has just been completed at the Washington Asylum Hospital. Miss Radigan has been suffering from a cancerous disease which ate away part of her nose.

The physicians amputated two of Miss Radigan's fingers, removed bones and nails and after cutting away the cancerous tissue of the nose, grafted the fingers in its place. The two fingers were pressed down tight on the cavity and over all a plaster cast was spread. This is fastened to her bosom so that the hand will be held in position until the flesh of the two fingers has been completely engrafted. This process will consume weeks, for the flesh of the two fingers must join to make the ridge of the nose, and the under part must join to the face.

The operating surgeons are confident that the operation will be a success. The procedure is said to be a new one in surgical history, although strips of a man's back have been used in making a new hand in a similar fashion.

N. Y. CLEARING HOUSE RE-ELECTS PRESIDENT

New York, Oct. 7.—At the annual meeting of the New York Clearing House Association today Francis L. Hine, president of the First National Bank, was re-elected president, and Stuart G. Nelson, vice-president of the Seaboard National Bank, was re-elected secretary. Albert H. Wiggin, president of the Chase National Bank, was elected chairman of the clearing house committee, succeeding Walter F. Frew.

The annual report for the year ending September 30 showed total transactions aggregating \$103,265,650,681, of which \$5,144,130,384 were balances. This is the largest amount of balances ever reached in the history of the clearing house.

"Wall street loans made by the banks for their own account formed but 20 per cent of the total amount of loans," reads the report. "and nearly one billion dollars of the twelve hundred million dollars loaned during the year was loaned outside of Wall street. Of this billion nearly \$342,000,000 was loaned to points in the southern and western states."



FIRE COMMITTEE.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.

CITY HALL.

TENDERS FOR HAY, OATS, ETC.

Quebec, 3d October, 1913.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders and endorsed "Tenders for Hay (bale or pressed), Straw, Oats, Bran, Gaudriole," and addressed to the undersigned, shall be received at this office from this day till the 16th day of October instant, 1913, at 4 o'clock p. m., to supply Hay (Timothy Hay, 15 pounds per bundle), Oats, Straw, Bran, Gaudriole, for the fiscal year from the 1st day of November next, 1913, until the 31st of October, 1914, for the Fire Department.

The City does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders. The contractor shall pay to the notary the cost of the deed and furnish a certified copy to the City.

Each tender shall contain a receipt from the City Treasurer to the amount of a hundred dollars.

For further information apply to the Chief of the Fire Brigade, No. 1 Fire Station, Fabrique street.

AUG. MOULIN,
Secretary Fire Committee.



“ LADIES ”
Wool Zephyr Shirt Waists.
Wool Taffeta Shirt Waists.
Knitted Spencers.
Camel Hair Sweaters.
Angora Sweaters.
Children's Sweaters.
Children's Knitted Suits.
“ MEN'S ”
Wool Zephyr Day Shirts.
Wool Cambric Day Shirts.
Wool Taffeta Day Shirts.
Summer Weight Underwear.
Coat Sweaters.
Collar Bands.
Regulation Puttees.

John Darlington, Registered

Opposite Post Office

If the public were aware of the great advantage of Toric Lenses over the ordinary kind, Torics would be the only kind in demand. The focus of these glasses is absolute, while in the ordinary flat glasses it exists in a limited space only. These are recommended by oculists as the only lens to prescribe.

P. C. LACASSE
Optician and Optometrist
40 FABRIQUE STREET



NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

Dr. "Jaeger's" Wool Slippers, Kid Evening Slippers in Black Suede, Patent Leather, Kid, and in all colors. Satin Slippers and Pumps. Colors: White, Pink, Blue, Gold, Black and Mauve.

Ladies' Cloth Top Patent and Kid Boots with low heels, for growing girls.

Everything in Footwear. First-class Custom Work. Repairs Neatly Done.

Wm. Jacques & Sons

42 1/2 Fabrique St.



PICARD MACHINE SHOP CO.

TELEPHONE, 1917

5 LALIBERTE STREET

ENGINEERS - MACHINISTS

Stationary Engines and Marine Machinery, Electrical, Hydraulic and Steam Elevators.

REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS



City of Quebec,
District of Quebec.

BY-LAW NO. 449.

TO ANNEX THE TOWN OF MONTREAL TO THE CITY OF QUEBEC.

(Drawn up in the French Language.)
At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (1913), the following by-law was read for the first time.

It is ordained and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, and the said Council ordains and enacts as follows, to wit:

1. After the approval of the present by-law by the majority of the municipal electors of the town of Montreal who are proprietors, and who shall have recorded their votes on this by-law in the manner prescribed by law, and especially in accordance with section 71 of the Act 51-52 Victoria, chapter 78, it is enacted that the territory now comprised in the limits of the Town of Montreal, shall, through the operation of the law, and in virtue of the present by-law, be annexed to the City of Quebec and shall form part thereof to all intents and purposes. The said Town of Montreal shall then be one of the wards of the city of Quebec, and shall be known and designated as "Bellevue Ward."

The said annexation shall be effected on the following conditions, to wit:

2. The said ward shall be represented in the Council of the City of Quebec by two aldermen, in conformity to the Statute 1, George V, chapter 59, section 27, sub-section 3a.

3. The first election of the two aldermen after the annexation shall take place under section 72 of the Act 51-52 Victoria, chapter 78, and shall be effected in the manner prescribed by law, by the municipal electors of the territory so annexed who possess the qualifications required by the charter of the said City for voting at the elections of such Aldermen respectively, according to a list previously prepared by the secretary-treasurer of the annexed municipality who shall transmit the same, to the City Clerk after having subdivided the polling districts in accordance with article 5376 of the Revised Statutes.

4. When the said Aldermen shall have been so elected and shall be legally entitled to sit in the City Council, the secretary-treasurer of the Town of Montreal shall hand over to the treasurer of the city all the minute books, registers, assessment or valuation rolls, archives, papers and all documents whatsoever belonging to the Corporation of the Town of Montreal, as well as all sums of money which may then be in his possession in his said capacity of secretary-treasurer, and from and after such delivery, all sums of money due and to become due to the former corporation of the Town of Montreal shall be payable to the City Treasurer only.

5. After the election of said Aldermen, the assets and liabilities of the Town of Montreal shall be consolidated with the assets and liabilities of the City of Quebec, and that City shall be vested with the rights and be liable for the obligations legally contracted by the Town of Montreal.

6. From the date of the annexation to the 30th of April, 1914, no other taxes shall be levied upon the inhabitants of the new ward than those imposed by the Council of the Town of Montreal for the fiscal year 1913-14.

7. During the ten (10) years following the 1st May, 1914, the immovables of the new Bellevue Ward on which one or more buildings are erected, shall not be valued, either as to their real value or yearly or leasing value, for an amount higher than that at which they are now entered on the valuation roll of the Town of Montreal. Lots of land on which one or more buildings are erected within three (3) years from now, shall during the remainder of the ten years, be entered on the valuation roll at their real value.

8. During the ten years following the 1st May, 1914, the lands not divided into building lots and used solely for farming purposes, shall continue to be valued at the same rate as that for which they appear on the valuation roll of the Town of Montreal, notwithstanding any improvements thereon, either as regards farming purposes or in connection with the houses and other buildings actually on them or those which may replace them for the same purposes, during the said ten years.

9. The buildings and lands which are to have the privilege of a certain valuation for a certain number of years on the conditions set forth in articles 7 and 8 hereinabove, shall, during the said years, be assessed at 1/2 and 1/4 of 1% (one-half of one per cent.) for assessment on immovables, and 1/4 of 1% (one-fourth of one per cent.) for water rates on water and drainage, based upon the value mentioned in the valuation roll. This last mentioned tax on buildings surrounded by large tracts of land shall be imposed according to the mode actually practised in the city of Quebec, and as regards the waterworks and drainage are not yet introduced, the water rate shall be one-eighth of one per cent. upon their value.

10. The waterworks now existing in the town of Montreal shall, become the property of the City of Quebec, remain as separate as they are now; they shall be fed from the present sources and shall be maintained in good and effective condition, and, except in case of fire, shall be thus

used so long as the City will judge it convenient in the interest of the efficiency of the general service.

11. During the five years following the annexation, the City of Quebec shall spend an amount of at least two hundred and fifty thousand dollars on works of a permanent nature required in the ward, at the rate of at least one hundred thousand dollars for the first year; seventy-five thousand dollars for the second year; forty thousand dollars for the third year; twenty thousand dollars for the fourth year, and fifteen thousand dollars for the fifth year.

12. The Corporation of the City of Quebec shall introduce and maintain the water of the waterworks and shall construct and maintain sewers for drainage as well as cesspools, and put hydrants in the streets and avenues of the new ward when it shall deem the same expedient.

13. The St. Foye Road and the St. Louis Road within the limits of the new ward the Bellevue street, the Lewis Avenue in Montcalm Park, shall be paved or macadamized as needs be, provided, the waterworks and drainage systems shall have been introduced therein in a permanent manner. The other streets shall be opened, paved or macadamized as need for the same arises.

14. All the streets and avenues of the new ward shall be as well lighted as those of the other wards of the City.

15. During the first year following the annexation, a fire alarm system shall be organized like the system of the City of Quebec, and at least as perfect.

16. During the year following the annexation, the City of Quebec Corporation shall improve the fire and police services of the new ward.

17. The City of Quebec shall ask the Provincial Government to not grant any licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors within the limits of the new ward.

18. Proprietors or occupants of farming lands shall, during the ten years following the annexation, pay no taxes or licenses whatever for the live stock or moveable effects used for farming such lands, except for water rates.

19. Proprietors and occupants of farming lands shall have the right to pile and keep manure at a distance of at least one hundred (100) feet from the public roads and from all dwellings, subject however, to the general laws of hygiene of the province.

20. Carters, hackmen, bakers, milkmen, and other persons residing in the Town of Montreal who may have obtained licenses from the City of Quebec previous to the annexation, for playing their business, trades or occupations in the said City for the current fiscal year, may obtain from the city the repayment of the amounts they have paid over and above that paid for such licenses by persons residing in the City of Quebec.

21. The City of Quebec shall regulate the construction of buildings in such a manner as to respect the by-laws of the Town of Montreal on construction in their general dispositions, and shall not allow the construction or operation of factories, forges, shops, stores or any business or industrial establishment whatever on the St. Louis and St. Foye Roads, west of Maple Avenue, nor on Maple Avenue, nor on Bellevue Road nor on Avenue des Braves, nor in the Lewis Avenue in Montcalm Park.

22. The City of Quebec shall favor and regulate the planting of trees and generally maintain and add to the typical character of a residential quarter which the new ward desires to possess.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that, in conformity to law, the above by-law will be read a second time, for adoption, on Friday, the third of October next, (1913).

By order,
H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk.

CITY OF QUEBEC,

CITY HALL.

City Clerk's Office.

Quebec, October 6th, 1913.

Tenders for Rubber Tires to the Fire Engine "Shand & Mason," and also for the Widening of the Rims of the Wheels.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that sealed tenders endorsed: "Tenders for Rubber Tires," and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to the 16th day of October instant, at four o'clock, in the afternoon, for the widening of the rims of the wheels of the "Shand & Mason" Fire Engine, and the placing thereon rubber tires.

The said tires shall have to be guaranteed for two years and inspected and accepted by the Chief of the Fire Brigade before being accepted. Said fire engine can be seen by applying at No. 5 Fire Station.

All necessary information can be had from the Chief of the Fire Brigade.

The City does not bind itself to accept the lowest nor any of the tenders, and the contractor shall pay the cost of drawing up the contract and of a notarial copy for official use.

By order,
(Signed) AUG. MALOUIN,
Secretary Fire Committee

PUBLIC NOTICE

Estate John U. Gregory.

For Sale or to Let.
The house and residence of Mr. J. U. Gregory, No. 43 St. Genevieve Avenue, Upper Town (Cape). Immediate possession.

Apply to
JOS. ALLAIRE, Notary,
No. 61 St. Peter Street.

GUNMEN GATHER FUND FOR DEFENSE OF LIEUT. BECKER

SUBSCRIPTION LISTS FOUND ON FOUR NEW YORKERS ARRESTED IN PHILADELPHIA.

New York, Oct. 7.—When the police of Philadelphia rounded up as gunmen four New Yorkers and a number of their Philadelphia "pals" yesterday, there was found in the possession of each of the prisoners subscription lists indicating that an organized movement was on foot by members of the underworld of New York, Philadelphia and other Eastern cities to raise a fund for the local defence of former Police Lieut. Charles Becker, under sentence of death in Sing Sing.

It was also found that subscriptions from denizens of the underworld were being solicited to raise money with which to buy a tombstone to be placed at the head of Big Jack Zelig, former gangster, and victim a year ago of a bullet fired by "Red Phil" Davidson, just before Zelig was to testify in the Becker case.

In the pocket of each of the prisoners was found two subscription lists. One of them bore the following heading:

"Charles Becker defence fund. The undersigned hereby subscribe the amount opposite their names for the defence of Charles Becker. All subscriptions will be personally acknowledged by his wife, Mrs. Helen Becker."

The other subscription bore this heading: "Memorial fund for a tombstone of our late friend, Jack Zelig, to be erected Nov. 5."

When the police tried to get the arrested men to tell more they replied there was nothing criminal attaching to possession of the subscription papers, and that it was none of the business of the Philadelphia police or of any one else how much money had been collected or to whom it had been sent.

Detectives Lynch and Isaacs, who brought four of the men before Magistrate Carey, have information going to show that for two weeks New York gunmen, with their Philadelphia comrades, had collected considerable sums which had been forwarded to this city. They came from the pockets of Philadelphia gangsters and from men and women of the "submerged tenth."

The four New Yorkers arrested gave the names of Sam Gordon, Sam Berger, Jose Harris and Sam Rothner. The charges against them are assault and battery and carrying concealed weapons.

The New York undesirable, according to the Philadelphia police, have for some time had its headquarters in a boarding house in the Washington Square district of New York. Here, it is said, the plan to raise money for the defence of Becker was formulated.

The police declined last night to make public the street number of the house, but said that the presence in one dwelling of so many suspicious characters had aroused protests from neighbors, which led to information being given to the New York police which, in turn, resulted in the vigilance that had been exercised by the Philadelphia police.

It is believed that from this house members of the gangs associated with the actual slayers of the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, who are under death sentence in Sing Sing, scattered to several Eastern cities for the purpose of raising money for the defence of Becker and to commemorate the memory of Zelig.

Among the subscribers to the two funds in Philadelphia are said to have been several saloonkeepers in the Tenderloin District, as well as those who help support these saloons.

USED TOOTH BRUSHES ON SHOES

French Sailors Lose Them When Practice Is Discovered.

Paris, Oct. 7.—The Minister of Marine decided last spring to furnish toothbrushes to sailors in the navy. This allowance has now been stopped, as it was discovered that the sailors used the brushes to whiten their caps and canvas shoes.

They apparently found their allowance of wine and tobacco sufficient to cleanse their molars.

STUDIES PELLAGRA.

Colon, Oct. 7.—A study of the disease of pellagra in the West Indies is to be made by the British expert Dr. Louis Westenia Sambon, of the London School of Tropical Medicine, who left here for Trinidad today, accompanied by Capt. Joseph F. Siler, United States Army Medical Corps and A. H. Jennings, chief of the Bureau of Entomology at Washington.

During his sojourn on the Isthmus Dr. Sambon kept in close touch with Col. William C. Gorgas and found that fully 50 cases of pellagra had occurred on the Isthmus within the past three years, mostly among natives of Barbados and Jamaica.

SERVIAN BANKER MISSING WITH \$100,000 IN SAVINGS

Pueblo Police Say He Has Absconded With Money Deposited by Steel Workers.

Pueblo, Col., Oct. 7.—Sava Radakovich has absconded with \$100,000, the life savings of hundreds of employees of the steel mills, according to the local police.

Radakovich has not been at his store and unlicensed bank since last Monday, but the Servians, Austrians and Russians who trusted him with



POLITICAL PARAGRAPHS

The Liberal leaders never were willing to accept the judgment of the people. Hence the present effort to foist the ex-Minister of Agriculture upon a constituency that doesn't want him.

The Minister of Finance has arranged a new loan in England on terms more advantageous than have been obtained by any other of the great British Dominions. This speaks well for Canada and the Administration.

Details of the new parcel post system are nearing completion and the system will be in operation by the end of the year. The Post Office Department under Hon. L. P. Pelletier has shown commendable industry in the working out of this complicated question in so short a time.

When Hon. Sydney Fisher is appealing for votes in Chateaugay he will be able to tell the electors how he left the agricultural industry of Canada in a state of stagnation, from which it has since been raised by the prompt and energetic measures adopted by his successor.

Hon. Sydney Fisher told the nomination meeting in Chateaugay that he wanted a clean election. Surely he didn't imagine for a moment that the Liberals of Chateaugay contemplated any other kind. Still, Mr. Fisher used to have charge of the Liberal campaigns in that part of Quebec.

Hon. George Foster has successfully terminated the negotiations for an improved steamship service and for reduced cable rates between Canada and the West Indies. In less than a month the new service will be in operation and Canadian producers will be in a position to take advantage of a market whose value has long been recognized by the United States.

Hon. Sydney Fisher during the last campaign promised that if the Laurier Government was returned to power it would introduce the closure. What will he say about it now? His friends fought the closure though they themselves had drafted a much more drastic one. What will they say about it in Chateaugay?

FRANCE BUYING OATS: WAR SCARE IN BERLIN.

47,000 Tons of Grains Imported from Germany, Presumably for Republic's Army.

Berlin, October 7.—A war scare was started in Berlin last night by a statement in the usually well-informed newspaper, the Lokalanzeiger, that France is hoarding her war stores.

In the last two months, according to the story, France has secretly bought in Germany 8,000 tons of oats as food for French army horses, against only 100 tons of German oats purchased by France in the first six months of the current year. Four thousand tons were bought in July and 4,000 tons in August.

It is also asserted by the paper that 36,000 tons of wheat in July and 3,000 tons in August, found its way from Germany into France, to be eaten, of course, by the French army.

"Suspicion arose some time ago," adds the newspaper, "that France's unexampled demand for wheat and oats could only be for war stores. If one compares France's recent importations from Germany with her importations in the same period last year, there can be no possible doubt that these are a provision in case of war."

CECIL RHODES'S FRIENDS ARE HIGHLY INDIGNANT.

Gordon Lesueur's Life of the Uncrowned King of Africa Disappoints Them.

London, Oct. 7.—Gordon Lesueur, private secretary to Cecil Rhodes, has published a life of the great imperialist who added vast territories to the British Empire in South Africa. The book has caused considerable indignation and angry protests from friends of Rhodes because of Lesueur's faint denial of the report that Rhodes was a drunkard.

Several statements are being made declaring that "there was nothing abnormal in Rhodes's drinking habits," while others assert that he was an abstemious man.

The charge of overindulgence in liquors is not new, but it has been denied repeatedly. Champagne drinking at all times of the day was a habit with the great South African diamond king of the Rhodes-Barnato set. The latter committed suicide while on his way home to England by jumping overboard while, it is alleged, under the influence of drink.

Lesueur wrote a life of Rhodes soon after the death of the great South African pioneer ten years ago, but the revelations contained therein alarmed the Government and, pressure being brought to bear upon the author, publication was postponed.

HUNGER STRIKE HAS PROVED FATAL

MALE MILITANT DIES WITHOUT BENEFIT OF CAT AND MOUSE ACT.

London, Oct. 7.—The provisions of the "Cat and Mouse Act," permitting prisoners to be released temporarily when suffering from the effects of "hunger strikes," appear to apply only to the militant suffragettes, for a male prisoner who adopted their mode of obtaining freedom has been allowed to die in Bedford jail. The prisoner, Albert Davis, when sentenced to a term of imprisonment for theft announced to the magistrate his intention of starting a "hunger strike." No attempt was made to feed him forcibly and he died today. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of "death from natural causes."

A fugitive militant suffragette, Miss Lilian Lenton, who has been connected with a number of outrages and has been arrested several times, was again taken into custody in London this evening on her return from France to which country she had fled.

\$1 EACH FOR 800 DOGS.

Pennsylvania S. P. C. A. Purchases 'Em To Foil the Vivisectionists.

Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—Vivisection of 800 dogs by doctors of the University of Pennsylvania Medical School was prevented by the Women's Pennsylvania Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals by purchasing the beasts. This was the method employed by the society to combat the vivisectionists before they hit upon the scheme of prosecution, which on Friday resulted in the indictment of six of the faculty on charges of cruelty to animals.

Miss Henrietta Ogden, one of the leaders in the society's warfare against the medical men, made the above statement today.

One dollar a dog is the price Miss Ogden and her sister, Miss Bertha Ogden, acting for the society, paid to save the canines from the surgeons' blades. Fifty cents a dog is the price the keeper of the animal house paid for the beasts which tramps and boys led to him for vivisection.

John R. K. Scott, attorney for the society, discussing the cruelty prosecutions, said: "After they are through operating upon the dogs they put them in a box, as our evidence will show, and shoot them down to the animal house. Sometimes there are several dogs piled together and they have permitted them to lie on hard cement floors suffering. Some of them starve, and when they subject them to that treatment, the dogs are made to stand on an inclined plane and cannot lie down comfortably, but must stand until they fall from hunger and exhaustion. There are hundreds of incidents that can be cited in which dogs have been tortured at the university."

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SOAP ON HAIR CAUSES DANDRUFF, SCALP GETS DRY, HAIR FALLS OUT

GIRLS! GET A 25 CENT BOTTLE AND TRY A "DANDERINE HAIR CLEANSER."

After washing your hair with soap always apply a little Danderine to the scalp to invigorate the hair and prevent dryness. Better still, use soap as sparingly as possible, and instead have a "Danderine Hair Cleanser." Just moisten a cloth with Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one strand at a time. This will remove dust, dirt and excessive oil. In a few moments you will be amazed, your hair will not only be clean, but it will be wavy, fluffy and abundant.

and possess an incomparable softness and lustre.

Besides cleansing and beautifying the hair, one application of Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; stimulates the scalp, stopping itching and falling hair. Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

Men! Ladies! You can surely have lots of charming hair. Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter and try it.

The Quebec Bank

95th Year in Business

A SPIRIT OF SERVICE

A willingness to accommodate—an ambition to be fair and impartial—and a desire to be of assistance to depositors—these are the characteristics of The Quebec Bank.

There is here a spirit of service that gains new friends and holds old ones—and remember, that The Quebec Bank has been established for ninety-five years.

DIRECTORS.

John T. Ross, President; Vesey Boswell, Vice President; Gaspard LeMoine, W. A. Marsh, Thos. McDougall, G. G. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Aldred, R. MacD. Paterson, Peter Laing.

FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC CITY.

110 St. Peter Street, 2 Fabrique Street, 217 St. John Street, 781 St. Valer Street, 187 St. Joseph Street.
Safety Deposit Boxes at Head Office, 110 St. Peter St., and 2 Fabrique St., Upper Town.

Ask for prices at the

QUEBEC SCRAP METAL CO.

14 St. Roch Street

for your raw furs, hides and skins and all kinds of scrap material.

Telephone 2777

FRESH FRUIT AT CUT PRICES.

Canadian Peaches, per basket... ..40c and 70c	Fresh Oysters, per 100... ..\$1.25
Canadian Eggs, per basket... ..40c and 70c	Fresh Oysters, per pint... ..35c
Canadian Plums, per basket... ..40c and 70c	6 pkgs Jellies, for... ..25c
Canadian Tomatoes, per basket... ..40c and 60c	6 cans Fresh Peas, for... ..49c
Canadian Plums, per gal... ..30c	3 cans Tomatoes, for... ..35c
Cranberries, per gal... ..48c	3 cans Old Dutch, for... ..25c
Grapes—Blue, Green and Red	3 cans Polly Prim, for... ..20c
	Scotch White Horse, for... ..94c
	Scotch Old Mull, for... ..94c
	Scotch Dewar's, for... ..94c
	Scotch Coronet, for... ..94c

CHAS. MARTEL

TEL. 1515. CORNER AUGUSTIN AND ARTILLERY STS.

A STORE

for you in

QUEBEC

THE

St. George's Store Reg'd.

Ladies, you will find at the St. George's Store, everything necessary to dress well.

Costumes, Mantels, Dresses and Matinees. A considerable selection on hand and in all sizes.

For Your Children.—Cloaks for Young Girls, Boys' Overcoats, Young Girls' Dresses, Boys' Suits.

Special for this week:—15 Fall Cloaks, striped and plain, for... ..\$6.95

20 Cloaks, in assorted colored tweeds, worth \$18.50, for... ..\$12.95

Balance of our Veretian Cloth Costumes, worth \$14.50, for... ..\$9.99

25 trimmed Dresses, in black serge, for... ..\$4.95

Extra Special.—50 Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, in poplin, assorted colors and sizes, for this week only... ..\$6.38

100 dozen of Black Cashmere Stockings, "all-wool," worth 40c, for, per pair... ..29c

15 dozen of Woollen Sweaters, finished in camel's hair, worth \$3.50, for... ..\$1.98

25 dozen Woollen Vests, "union," for ladies, worth 40c, for... ..29c

ALLEN & LAUGHLIN, Limited

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum has been declared on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the period from the commencement of business, July 1st, 1913, to September 30th, 1913, to shareholders of record on the books of the Company as at September 30th, 1913.

By order,

P. D. GOWEN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

apl28xmon,wed,fr,ix1y

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE
NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC
UNDOUBTED SECURITY
TO
DEPOSITORS
on account of its
EXCEPTIONAL CHARTER
Head Office: St. John Street, Upper Town.
Branches Open Evenings, Mondays and Saturdays.

DIED.

HOLLOWAY—On the 6th October, 1913, at his residence, 8 De Bonoeuf street, Francis Holloway.

Funeral will leave his late residence at 2 p. m. Wednesday to the Cathedral, thence to Mount Hermon Cemetery.

MACPHERSON—At Quebec, on the 7th October, Maria Stuart (Mina) Wetherston, beloved wife of Wm. Molson Macpherson.

Please omit flowers.
The funeral will leave 73 St. Ursule street, on Thursday, the 9th instant, at 12.15 p. m. for the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity.
Interment at Toronto.

MORENCY—At the age of 53 years and 4 months, G. A. Morency, assistant accountant in the Department of Agriculture and Roads and officer in the 87th Regiment.

Funeral will take place at 9 o'clock Friday morning from his residence, 447 King street to Jacques Cartier Church.
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Y. W. C. A.

Classes... First Aid to the Injured.
French... Physical Training.
Millinery, Dressmaking, Etc.

Enrol at once. Classes limited as to number.
Office: 127 St. Anne Street.
Phone: 5599.

Auditorium Theatre

MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.
Last Performance Tonight.

The Quaker Girl

—with—
VICTOR MORLEY and original New York Company, including 86 Stunning Quaker Girls. Augmented Orchestra.
Prices... 25c to \$1.50
Matinee... 25c to \$1.00

AUDITORIUM

Saturday, Oct. 11th—Mat and Evng
PINI-CORSI AND COMPANY,
In the Comic Grand Opera
"IL MAESTRO DI CAPELLA"
with full orchestra.
Followed by Varied Program.

Seats—Matinee... 50c to \$1.50
Evening... 50c to \$2.00
Now on sale at Box-office.

Oct. 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 15

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Levis County Railway will be held at the Levis Town Hall on Wednesday, October 15th, at 10 a. m.

E. A. MACNUTT,
Secretary-Treasurer.

oct8,9,11,13,14x5

SALE OF

FANCY WORK, CAKE & CANDY

—by the—

St. Mary's Ladies Guild

In aid of St. Mary's Church, Montmorency Falls, in

Y. M. C. A. HALL

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8th,

From 11 a. m. to 7 p. m.

One-act Play at 4 and 5 p. m.

Vive O'Clock Tea will be Served.

let4xst.tu.wdx3

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

ALLEN LAUGHLIN LTD. FOUR MINISTERS ELECT DIRECTORS FOR CONFERENCE

AFFAIRS OF COMPANY IN EXCELLENT CONDITION—FUTURE OUTLOOK IS MOST BRIGHT.

Immediately after the meeting of the shareholders, the newly elected directors of Allen-Laughlin, Limited, held their first meeting, and the following officers were elected:

Hon. President: Sir Augustus Fitz-George, K.C., V.O., C.B.
President: J. T. Poulin.
First Vice-President: F. P. Laughlin.

Second Vice-President: W. H. Tapp
Secretary-Treasurer: P. D. Gowen.
President Advisory Board: R. W. Poston.

Different reports which were read show the company to be in an excellent condition and the prospects for the future most bright.

CHATEAU RICHER MAN FINED FOR ASSAULT.

Josephat Marceau, of Chateau Richer, was arraigned in the Court of Sessions yesterday afternoon, charged with striking a fellow-parishioner named St. Hilaire. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$2 and costs which amounted in all to \$14.50.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Judgment will be rendered this morning in the case of Dr. J. O. H. Ricard and the Corporation of the Township of Grand'Mere, and of Duchesneau and the Canadian Northern Quebec Railway Company; also possibly, in a few other cases, including that of the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company and George Valliere.

ORGAN RECITAL.

Friday evening next, October 10th, at 8 o'clock, Mr. H. Gordon Perry will give his first organ recital of the season, on the new organ in Chalmers Church. Mr. Perry has prepared a special program from the works of Weber, Parker, Tschaiowsky, Faulkes, Lemare, Widor, Lemmens, etc.

Mrs. H. A. Foster, soprano soloist in Erskine Presbyterian Church, Montreal, and Mr. R. A. Stappell, baritone soloist in the Church of the Messiah, Toronto, will assist.

A collection will be taken up for choir purposes.

BUCHANAN-ANDERSON.

A quiet wedding took place on October 1st at the home of the bride's mother, Chaudiere Basin, P.Q., when Miss Elizabeth Frances Anderson, only daughter of the late Mr. John Anderson was married to Mr. George Stuart Buchanan, of Levis. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. J. Wright, of St. Andrew's Church, Levis.

A sumptuous wedding breakfast was served, after which the happy couple left by I. C. R. en route to New York and Boston. The bride was the recipient of a large number of beautiful presents.

MIKE QUINN MAKES ANOTHER GOOD PICK.

Mr. M. Quinn, the indefatigable manager of the Quebec Hockey Club, has already made a reputation for himself in picking out good hockey players and keeping the Stanley Cup in Quebec. He seems to have the knack of picking out other good things as well as hockey players. A few days ago he went into the store of Mr. T. H. O'Neill, 248 St. John street, and purchased some Pixie Plants at 5 cents each, for his little son, Master F. McGill Quinn. He was given a free guess with each plant purchased, and picked out No. 1,158, which proved to be the winning number in the guessing contest, and for which his little son will receive \$500 in cash. Mr. O'Neill has another Pixie Plant Guessing Contest going on at present. He also announces a Special Baby Doll Guessing Contest, which will commence on October 15th, and particulars of which will be given later. See advt. on last page.

SERVICE FOR MEN—MEN FOR SERVICE.

The churchmen of Quebec have arranged for a visit from Mr. J. A. Birmingham, the general secretary of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, for Sunday and Monday, October 12th and 13th. The Brotherhood of St. Andrew is a laymen's organization in the Church of England, emphasizing the place of man in the Church. Mr. Birmingham will address several of the congregations of the city on Sunday along the lines of personal service for men, and on Monday night, in the Cathedral Church Hall will explain to those interested, the working methods of the organization he represents. It will be remembered from his previous visit to the city that he is an excellent speaker, and intensely practical. Notices of the hours of service, etc. will be given in Saturday's issue. It is expected that a large number of men will avail themselves of this opportunity of hearing Mr. Birmingham.

However much folk are wrapped up in each other during their love-making days there's nothing like marriage for unwrapping them.—E. T. Fowler.

SIR LOMER GOUIN AND HIS COLLEAGUES WILL GO TO TORONTO.

Sir Lomer Guoin announced tonight that the Province of Quebec will be represented at the interprovincial conference which will be held this month in Toronto by Hon. Messrs. Taschereau, Minister of Public Works; P. S. G. McKenzie, Provincial Treasurer; J. E. Caron, Minister of Agriculture and Roads, and by himself, Premier and Attorney general.

The Prime Minister was not inclined to touch on any of the questions which will be discussed by the representatives of the various provinces, but he strongly intimated that the question of the federal subsidies to the provinces would probably be one of the most important subjects considered.

EIGHTH MAY ENTER THE COMPETITION

LOCAL CORPS MAY MARCH AGAINST MONTREAL'S BEST—MEETING TOMORROW.

As will be seen by the advertisement in another column of this paper, the 8th Royal Rifles is to hold a meeting on Thursday night, in connection with sending a team to Montreal next month, to take part in the Star marching competition.

All details have not yet been arranged for the competition, but it is understood that the units will consist of 1 captain, 2 lieutenants, 1 color-sergeant, 4 sergeants, and 96 men.

The company will be equipped as if for active service, and with rifle, haversack and various other accoutrements; it is estimated that each man will carry a weight of 75 pounds, so that when the distance of the march is considered (12 miles) it will be readily conceded that it constitutes an endurance test in every sense of the word.

It is to be hoped that the 8th Royal Rifles will turn out in full strength on Thursday evening, when the prospects of sending a team will be fully discussed, and volunteers asked for.

Should the 8th decide to enter a team, it is to be hoped that the men will sacrifice their evenings in order to put in as much training as possible, as the competition will be a very severe one.

FINED FOR TRESPASSING.

A local angler was fined in the Court of Sessions yesterday on the charge of trespassing on the preserves of the Camp Fish and Game Club, situated above Montmorency Falls. The fine imposed was \$5 and costs.

THE NEW WATER MAIN.

The last of the 40-inch pipes for the new water main, from Loretteville to this city, having arrived from England, it is expected that work of laying them down will be completed in about six weeks time. The city will then be supplied with sufficient water for all purposes. The cost of the new main is about \$800,000.

THE CANADIAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Selects Heintzmann & Co. Pianos.

The board of directors of the Canadian Academy of Music showed considerable taste and good judgment in selecting six Heintzmann & Co. pianos (four square and two upright pianos). The McGill Conservatory has also purchased eighteen magnificent Heintzmann & Co. pianos. Numerous samples of these famous pianos are now installed in our Exposition hall.

LAVIGUEUR & HUTCHISON,
81-83-85 St. John street.

ACCUSED OF SENDING THREATENING LETTERS.

A former lumber merchant was yesterday morning committed for trial before the Court of King's Bench by Mr. Justice Charles Langelier, on the charge of sending a letter containing threats to Mr. J. B. E. Letellier, a member of the Quebec Harbor Commission.

Judge Langelier rendered his decision at the termination of the preliminary investigation, which has been going on for some time, and he fixed the bail on which the prisoner would have his freedom at \$1,000 personal security and two bondsmen of \$500 each. This freedom is only good until Friday which was fixed as the opening of the fall term of the Criminal Court, but there being no term this fall, the bond will have to be renewed on Friday until the spring term next April.

The accused after being committed yesterday was given an opportunity to get the required amount and the bondsmen, and it was after ten o'clock last evening that the necessary bonds were placed before Judge Langelier at his home.

LEGISLATURE TO OPEN FORMALLY NOVEMBER 11TH

DATE WAS FIXED YESTERDAY—SEVERAL NEW FACES IN THE HOUSE.

The next session of the Provincial Legislature will be formally opened on Tuesday, the 11th of November next.

The date was fixed at a meeting of the Provincial Cabinet held yesterday afternoon and presided over by Sir Lomer Guoin.

PREMIER RETICENT.

Yesterday afternoon the Premier refused to discuss any of the projected Government measures, saying that he would first share his confidence with the House. As to the duties of the next session, Sir Lomer Guoin expressed the opinion that business would be despatched in time to bring about prorogation for New Year, the same as last year.

Some New Members.

Among the figures which will be seen when the Legislature meets are Mr. Lucien Cannon, M.L.A., for Dorchester, who succeeds Dr. Morisset, appointed Clerk of the Executive Council; Mr. P. A. Bissonnet, M.L.A., for Stanstead, who was elected to replace his father, the latter having been named Collector of Revenue for Sherbrooke; Mr. Phaneuf, M.L.A., for Bagot, succeeding Mr. Daigault, now holding the position of Inspector of Prisons; Mr. Trahan, M.L.A., for Nicolet, who replaces the Hon. C. R. Devlin, who having been elected in the last elections for Temiscamingue as well and elects to represent the latter county.

A figure which will be greatly missed is that of Mr. Walker, M.L.A., for Huntingdon, who passed away since the last session.

CHARITY FOOTBALL MATCH SATURDAY

STRONG LOCAL TEAM WILL TRY CONCLUSIONS WITH EMPRESS OF IRELAND.

What is likely to prove one of the best football matches seen here for some time will take place on Saturday at the Exhibition Grounds, when a team representing the pick of the Quebec League will clash with the Empress of Ireland men.

The sailors have a very strong eleven this year, but the local aggregation has been carefully chosen and looks as good as any side seen here in recent years, both in attack and defence.

Mayor Drouin will kick off and the proceeds of the game will be devoted to charity.

The team representing the Quebec League will be as follows: Goal, Mout, Quebec City; backs, Kear, R. C. G. A. (captain) and Boyd, R. C. G. A.; halves, Newton, Q. C.; Rose, R. C. G. A.; Farrant, Q. C.; forwards, West and Price, Montmorency, McKenna, R. C. R., McGrath, R. C. G. A., Phillips, Montmorency.

MRS. W. M. MACPHERSON DIED LAST EVENING

Mrs. Wm. Molson Macpherson, the wife of Lieut. Col. Wm. Molson Macpherson, died last evening at her residence, 73 Ste. Ursule street.

Mrs. Macpherson had been ill for only a short time and the news of her death will come as a great shock to many of the large circle of her friends and will cause widespread sorrow and regret.

The deceased lady was a daughter of the late D. L. Wetherston, of Quebec, and a niece of the late Hon. G. O'Kill Stuart, judge in admiralty, Quebec, and Mrs. Stuart, and a grandniece of the late Hon. J. Black, judge in admiralty, Quebec.

The wife of a prominent Canadian—prominent throughout a large part of Canada as well as in England—Mrs. Macpherson, herself a lady of much personality and charm, was able in many ways to make Canada better known and appreciated.

She was a lover of plants and flowers and the garden adjoining her late residence is one of the most beautiful in the province.

She was a warm friend and supporter of all charitable works and will be sorely missed in that respect. Her kind and ready hospitality added much to the social life of the Ancient Capital, and will not soon be replaced.

The Chronicle wishes to add its respectful sympathy to the bereaved family.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

New York, October 7—President Lincoln, Hamburg; Rhein, Bremen; Niagara, Havre.
Queenstown: Franconia, Boston.
Liverpool: Mauretania, New York.
Plymouth: Ausonia, Montreal.
Copenhagen: United States, New York.
Bremen: Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York.

After a woman has spent endless time and trouble in turning a man into a husband, some other woman comes along and in one minute makes him forget that he is anything but a man.

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Kid Gloves nicely cleaned. All perspiration stains removed. Kid Gloves retinted or dyed black.
White Furs cleaned. Ostrich Feathers cleaned, curled and dyed in fancy shades.
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Mourning orders promptly attended to. Order of \$5.00, express paid one way.
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We will receive weekly the best varieties of Oysters, such as Malbecque, Buctouche, Caraque, les Caps, Baie du Vin, Cape Cod, etc. Give your orders immediately by telephoning 5178, 5179, or by mail to Quebec Fruit Exchange, Quebec City. We guarantee condition, quality and prices.

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254-264 St. John Street

A Preliminary Sale of Winter Goods at Prices that invite you to buy.

WOOLEN BLANKETS—100 pairs white woolen blankets, size 60x80; are worth more than the price we are asking; for\$2.95

WHITE FLANELLETTE—2000 yards of good white flannellette, 31 inches wide, a special quality for lingerie; regular value 16c; for 0.13c

UNDERWEAR—Fleeced Cotton Undershirts and Drawers, white and grey, for ladies; all sizes; special values at 0.29c and 0.39c
Wool Fleeced Underwear, grey 0.55c

GREY COTTONS—Fine unbleached cotton, by half-pieces; widths 32 and 34 ins.; qualities for lingerie; values 9c for 8c and 12c for 10c

WAISTS AND DRESSES (Samples)—We are offering a sample lot of blouses and dresses; all of a new style. at 35 per cent reduction

BUTTERICK STYLE BOOKS AND PATTERNS ARE ON SALE HERE.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere
254-264 St. John Street

Giants Are Outplayed By Athletics In First Battle

INITIAL VICTORY TAKEN BY THE PHILADELPHIA TEAM

American League Champions Better All Round—Score Was 6 to 4—Collins Was The Hero, Assisted By Bender and Baker Who Again Got Home Run—Indian Pitcher Outclassed Marquard and Crandall

New York, Oct. 7.—Outfitting and outfitting the New York Giants in the opening game of the world's series the Philadelphia Athletics defeated the National League representatives at the Polo grounds this afternoon by a score of 6 runs to 4. So complete was the supremacy of the American League champions in the initial contest that the victory appeared to be but a continuation of the series of 1911, when the Athletics won the title of that year from the Giants by four games out of six. As if to lighten the illusion there were several feature plays that might have been reproduced, so closely did they resemble those of 24 months ago.

TOOK IN \$75,000.

The game was witnessed by a gathering of spectators that taxed the capacity of the New York club stadium and swelled the coffers of those financially interested to the extent of more than \$75,000. The exact number of fans who paid admission to the stands was 36,291, and the day's receipts amounted to \$75,255. These figures as furnished by the National Commission occasioned surprise, for the attendance fell short by more than 2,000 of that of the first game of 1911 although so far as could be seen there appeared to be just as many persons present as was the case two years ago.

Forty Thousand Present.

Certainly the scenes both inside and outside the baseball arena equalled those of any preceding world's series, so far as the gathering was concerned. Including those who witnessed the game in official capacity the attendance crossed the 40,000 mark and fully half that number failed to gain access to the park. So great were the throngs that surrounded the Polo grounds that it was necessary to call out the police reserves and discontinue the elevated service to the grounds gates in order that the thousands might not be augmented and sweep beyond the control of the police.

Well-Earned Victory.

Much as the local contingent of fandom was chagrined at the defeat of the Giants there were none who could gainsay the right of the Athletics to the fruits of victory in the opening clash of the 1913 championship series. The Mack men went about their task in a business-like manner and before two hours had passed demonstrated that for the day at least theirs was the better team. They outbatted the Giants, driving both Marquard and Crandall from the mound with fusillades of long hits which quickly accounted for runs. In fielding, too, the standard bearers of the American League outshone the representatives of the older association.

Each team gathered eleven hits from the delivery of the rival twirlers but the Athletics' drives were more timely and of greater length. The Giants gathered twelve bases from their eleven hits, while the Athletics' total was twenty. The breaks that occurred in the fielding tested the mettle of the Philadelphia club to a greater extent than the New York players for with few exceptions the Athletics' chances were harder than those that were offered the Giants' infield and outfield.

What Paved the Way.

It was centerfielder Shafer's misjudging of Schang's drive to deep center that really paved the way for the Athletics' victory. It was one of the few hard chances offered the Giants' fielders during the game, and when Shafer failed to gauge the flight of the ball the Athletics seized the opening and took the lead, never to be headed. The Giants started a rally in the fifth inning which netted three runs, but the Mack men came back with another in the eighth and clinched the victory.

It has been said that every world's series develops a hero and the Athletics lost no time in seeking the laurels in this direction. Eddie Collins played a remarkable game at second base, making four putouts and six assists without the semblance of an error. He also figured with Barry and McInnis in the lone double play of the game which stopped short a Giant rally in the seventh inning and caused McGraw to jump up and down with rage and disappointment.

Collins, however, had no monopoly

and scattering them on the crowds below. The Athletics appeared to have almost as many supporters present as the Giants and their appearance and every succeeding brilliant play elicited as much applause as did those of the home team. The same conditions prevailed all through the game. The cowbells and horns of former years were not in evidence and the taunts of rabid fans were few and far between. The game was witnessed and appreciated in a sane manner and winner and loser alike reaped the just regard of their efforts.

Story of the game, play by play:

First Inning.

Eddie Murphy, playing in his first world's series, faced Marquard when Umpire Klem called "play ball." The left-handed pitcher, following Mathewson's usual custom of grooving the first ball, let go a pitch that Murphy caught on the end of his bat and sent out to Murray for an easy catch. Oldring started the Athletics' "rooters" shouting when he slashed a single to rightfield. Marquard believing that Oldring would try to steal second kept him close to the bag and finally by a lightning throw caught the Philadelphia man napping, Merkle making the out. Oldring protested against Umpire Egan's decision, but it availed him nothing. On the next ball pitched Collins shot a clean base hit to centre, but he was left at first when Baker flied out to Burns.

When New York came to bat there was much cheering, but the shouts of the Giants supporters did not last long. Shafer, the first to face the Chippeawa Indian, sent up a fly to Murphy in rightfield, and Doyle flied to Strunk. Fletcher sent a grounder past second. On the first ball pitched Fletcher tried to steal but Schang's beautiful throw to Collins beat him and the side was out.

Second Inning.

The American League champions went out in order in the second innings. McInnis, some of whose Massachusetts friends cheered him as he came to bat, went out, Herzog to Merkle. Strunk, usually a weak hitter against left-handed pitching, struck out, and Barry was the third out on a grounder, Fletcher to Merkle.

New York got one man on bases in its half of the second, but he did not get beyond first base. Burns struck out after Bender had pitched him three bad balls. McInnis assisted took care of Herzog's grounder. Murray shot a single along the leftfield foul line and might have gotten a two bagger had not Oldring by good sprinting and a fast throw kept him from stretching his hit. The Indian pitcher seemed to put on more speed when New York's red-skin catcher came to the bat. Meyers however, got to his brother Indian, but the ball shot up in the air, and into Oldring's hands.

Third Inning.

Connie Mack's young catcher opened the Athletics third by flying out to Burns. Bender sent a lazy grounder to Fletcher and the Chief was out at first. Murphy sent a single to centre but was forced by Oldring, Fletcher making the out unassisted.

The Giants broke the ice in the third inning when Bender was touched up for two hits. Merkle brought cheers from the stands by sending a slow bouncer to shortstop Barry, who could not get up to it quick enough to handle it cleanly and make the out. It was a scratch single for Merkle. Marquard sacrificed him to second. He was held on the middle bag while Shafer was caught out by Strunk, but he sprinted home a minute later when Doyle shot a smoking single to rightfield. The New York "rooters" shouted wildly for Fletcher to bring Doyle home, but he was not equal to the occasion. He tried hard but sent up a long fly to Murphy.

Fourth Inning.

New York's having the "edge" on Philadelphia put the crowd in good humor. The Athletics simply gritted their teeth and went after Marquard. They shelled the outer works of the Giants and when the smoke cleared away three runs were across the plate. Collins opened up on the left-hander with a terrific drive over Shafer's head. The ball rolled to the centerfield stands and Collins drew up at third amid the plaudits of the Athletic "rooters." Baker drove a hard one at Doyle which the latter could not handle in time to get him at first and Collins raced home with the first run for Philadelphia. McInnis sacrificed, Marquard to Merkle, and Baker took second. Strunk sent a little grounder to Marquard who headed off Baker at third, Herzog taking the throw. Then Barry, the lightest hitter of the Athletics infield, ripped a two base hit down the left field foul line which placed Strunk on third. Both of them scored on Schang's tremendous three base drive to deep centerfield. It appeared as if Shafer had misjudged the ball. He started in then stopped and the ball struck the fingers of his left hand and rolled on toward the centerfield stand. The Philadelphia players threw up sweat-soaked bats in the air and otherwise showed their pleasure in drawing two runs ahead of their rivals. Bender ended the inning, going out Marquard to Merkle.

New York opened its fourth inning auspiciously, Burns slamming a double down the left field line, but he was run down when Bender stopped Herzog's grounder. Bender threw to Baker, who tossed the ball to Collins and the latter shot it back to Baker who touched Burns out near second base. Herzog, in the meantime, had sprinted to second base where he was left as Murray struck out and Meyers sent a high fly to Oldring.

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Fifth Inning. The fifth inning brought more fame to "home run" Baker. Both Murphy and Oldring were thrown out at first by Marquard who got their easy grounders. Collins worked Marquard for the first base on balls in the game and promptly stole second. With two out and Collins on second, exactly the same situation as obtained in Philadelphia two years ago when Baker hit Marquard for a home run, presented itself. The crowd was quiet as the wonderful long distance hitter stepped to the plate. He let two balls go by him and then opened his shoulders as the next one came down. There was a crack of the bat and the ball sailed high and far, dropping in the right field stand for the circuit. Collins waited for Baker to reach the plate and slapped the Athletic batsman on the back as the Philadelphia partisans yelled themselves almost hoarse. McInnis sent a pop fly to Fletcher.

It looked all over for New York, but Bender's one bad inning came in the fifth. Merkle singled to center. McCormick, batting for Marquard, made good by driving a base hit to

centerfield, Merkle taking second. Schafer went out, Collins to McInnis, both runners moving up on the play. Doyle here shot a grounder at Barry, who made a poor throw to first and the runner was safe as Merkle crossed the plate with the Giants' second run. A moment later McCormick, who had gone down to third to the play on Doyle, came home when Fletcher singled to rightfield. Doyle moved up to third on Fletcher's hit and scored New York's fourth run of the game, while Baker was throwing out Fletcher at second on Burns' grounder, Collins making the out. Herzog sent a high fly to Collins.

Sixth Inning.

Pitcher Crandall relieved Marquard in the sixth inning and easily disposed of the Philadelphia players. Struck flied to Shafer and Barry did likewise. Schang went out on a fly to Burns. Crandall was cheered as he walked to the bench. New York also went out in one, two, three order in its half of the sixth. Murray was out, Collins to McInnis, and Meyers was thrown out by Bender. Merkle struck out. Schang dropped the third strike and in lunging forward to pick up the ball plunged into Merkle, who had not gained his equilibrium after swinging on the ball and the two collided. Merkle ran to first and claimed interference and that Schang did not touch him with the ball. The Philadelphia players walked off the field but Umpire Klem ordered them back. There was an immediate protest and after Umpire Klem consulted with Umpire Egan the strike out was allowed and the side was out.

Seventh Inning.

Crandall again had the Athletics tied up in the seventh inning. Bender struck out. Murphy was an easy out, Doyle to Merkle, and Oldring sent a fly to Shafer.

Things looked rosy for New York in the seventh, but their fine chance to score was killed by a lightning double play in which Barry and Collins were the master workmen. Crandall was out, Barry to McInnis. Shafer drove a single to centerfield and flashed to third base when Doyle hit to rightfield for a single. Collins called Barry over to second base and consulted a moment. They were evidently expecting the New Yorkers to try some fine base running. Whatever New York's intentions were in that regard they were spoiled when Fletcher hit an ugly fast ball to Barry. He got it cleanly, tossed it to Collins, who made a rifle shot throw to McInnis and the inning was over. This sterling defence of the Philadelphia infield provoked applause from the "rooters" of the Giants, even though it killed New York's opportunity to tie the score.

Eighth Inning.

The eighth inning saw the end of Crandall. Collins beat out an infield hit to first, Doyle failing to cover first. Baker then came up and hit a sharp single to left field, Collins taking third. McInnis smashed a two base hit into left field, Collins coming home with the sixth and last run of the game and Baker going to third. With one run in, two on bases and no one out, Tesreau relieved Crandall. Tesreau immediately put his spitball into action and Strunk struck out on three pitched balls. Baker, McInnis and Barry then tried the hit and run. Tesreau appeared to be wise to the play and pitched the ball high. Both runners were caught between the bases and the New Yorkers, of course, tried for the man nearest base, Baker. They got him as he slid to the home base, the play being Meyers to Doyle to Merkle. Barry flied to Doyle.

Bender was now pitching good ball and although New York got a man on base in the eighth he could not advance. Burns went out, Baker to McInnis; Herzog was thrown out at first by Collins and Murray hit a bouncer over Baker's head, giving him first. Meyers sent a long fly to Strunk.

In Philadelphia's final turn at bat Schang was thrown out at first by Herzog and Tesreau took care of Bender's slow grounder, throwing him out at first. Eddie Murphy drew a base on balls and the inning closed when he tried to steal second and was out, Meyers to Doyle.

The crowd started to move out when New York came to the bat. Merkle grounded out, Barry to McInnis, McLean, pinch hitting for Tesreau, sent a pop fly to Barry and the game was over when Shafer struck out.

The score:
Philadelphia..... ab. r. h. po. a. e.
E. Murphy, rf..... 4 0 1 2 0 0
Oldring, lf..... 4 0 1 2 0 0
Collins, 2b..... 3 3 4 6 0
Baker, 3b..... 4 1 3 1 3 0
McInnis, 1b..... 3 0 1 10 0 0
Strunk, cf..... 4 1 0 3 0 0
Barry, ss..... 4 1 1 1 3 1
Schang, c..... 4 0 1 4 1 0
Bender, p..... 4 0 0 2 0 0

Totals..... 34 6 11 27 15 1
New York..... ab. r. h. po. a. e.
Shafer, cf..... 5 0 1 3 0 0
Doyle, 2b..... 4 1 2 2 2 0
Fletcher, ss..... 4 0 2 2 2 0
Burns, lf..... 4 0 1 3 0 0
Herzog, 3b..... 4 0 1 2 0 0
Murray, rf..... 4 0 2 1 0 0
Meyers, c..... 4 0 0 4 2 0
Merkle, 1b..... 4 2 2 11 0 0
Marquard, p..... 0 0 0 0 0 0
McCormick,..... 1 1 1 0 0 0
Crandall, p..... 1 0 0 0 0 0
Tesreau, p..... 0 0 0 1 0 0
McLean,..... 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals..... 36 4 11 27 15 0
Batted for Marquard in 5th.
Batted for Tesreau in 9th.
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Philadelphia..... 000 320 010-6
New York..... 001 030 000-4

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The patterns, too, are most suited for youthful faces and figures.

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Wholesale Department: 188 St. Paul Street, QUEBEC.

nov. (ixmon, wed, sat, t, ly, r.)

LOUISVILLE MEET WILL BEGIN TODAY

ENDURANCE STAKES OF \$15,000 DRAWS TOGETHER BEST LONG DISTANCE RUNNERS

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 7.—With the \$15,000 endurance stake as the feature, the ten day meeting of the Churchill Downs Racing Association will begin tomorrow afternoon at Churchill Downs course. The field that will go to the post for the rich stake in the four mile race will comprise the pick of long distance runners in this country. There probably will be only five starters, including Mrs. L. A. Livingston's 3-year-old filly Pandora, whose performance on the Canadian circuit this summer have led many to pick this filly to duplicate the feat of Mrs. Livingston's Sotemia, when the latter broke the world's record for four miles in 7:10 4-5 last year. Sam Jackson, winner of the Saratoga Cup, has been carefully prepared for this long contest by the veteran trainer Con Leighton, and is declared to be fit for the race of his life. Another notable starter will be Prince Eugene, who was purchased at Saratoga for a large sum by Jeff Livingston of Cincinnati. Prince Eugene will carry the colors of Harry Payne Whitney, the New York millionaire. The colt was given his final workout this morning and covered two miles in 3:27, only 1 2-5 seconds under the world's record.

The track is in excellent condition but horsemen do not expect the record will be broken in tomorrow's endurance race. Following is a list of starters, riders and weights: Sam Jackson, Loftus, 119. Pandora, Cross, 105. Prince Eugene, Kederis, 103. Flora Fine, Griner, 119. Beautiful, Peak, 119. (x) Donerail, 108. (x) Pinhooker, 119. (x) Doubtful starters.

Rich men may boast that they do not know how much they are worth, but few men know how little they are worth.

Proverbs

"Pull gently at a weak rope."

If your razor pulls, get it honed, also buy a bottle of Seeley's After-Shave to have real comfort in a shave. 25 and 50 cts. at your druggists.

QUEBEC LADIES WOM

GOLF MATCH.

The ladies of the Quebec Golf Club in their recent match in Montreal, with the ladies of the Beaconsfield club, won as follows:

Beaconsfield. Quebec.
Miss Robertson..... 0 1
Miss Foy..... 0 1
Mrs. Robertson..... 0 1
Miss F. Meredith..... 0 1
Mrs. Glasco..... 0 1
Miss Turner..... 1 0
Mrs. Heath..... 0 0
Mrs. Meredith..... 0 1
Mrs. Johnson..... 0 1
Miss W. Williams..... 0 1
Mrs. Boulton..... 0 1
Miss Patterson..... 0 1
Miss G. Williams..... 1 0
Miss Robertson..... 1 0
Mrs. Goodday..... 0 0
Miss Shaw..... 0 0
Mrs. C. Foy..... 1 1

CLEVELAND DEFEATS

PITTSBURG NATIONALS

Cleveland, October 7.—Cleveland again defeated the Pittsburgh Nationals today 2 to 1 in an eleven inning pitcher's battle. Gregg, Cleveland's star southpaw, opposed Robinson, the Pittsburgh's best left-hander, and the honors were about even. Gregg's first base on balls helped Pittsburgh to their only run and Robinson's base on balls allowed Cleveland to score the deciding run.

Only about 2,500 were present, but they were well repaid. Hans Wagner, who failed to get a hit yesterday, got two singles today while Lajoie, his rival for seniority, got but one. Wagner handled six fielding chances perfectly. Tomorrow's game will be played at Pittsburgh.

The score: R. H. E.
Cleveland..... 000 001 000 01-2 6 0
Pittsburgh..... 000 100 000 00-1 7 2
Gregg, O'Neill, Carisch; Robinson and George Gibson.

Latest Sporting News

CLOSE RACING AT KENTUCKY

ETAWAH WINS FUTURITY FEATURE FOR 3-YEAR-OLD TROTTERS—REDLAC, JR., A WINNER.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 7.—The Kentucky Futurity for 3-year-old trotters, the \$14,000 feature of today's Grand Circuit racing, was won by Etawah, owned by Frank G. Jones, of Memphis, and driven by Ed. F. Geers. The son of Al Stanley and Alicia Arion finished second in the opening heat which Don Chenault won easily, and sixth in the second heat which Peter Johnson, driven by Cox, won. The third heat resulted in a nose finish between Peter Johnson and Etawah, the latter winning and taking the next two heats in easy fashion the last by six lengths. The gold cup offered by the Phoenix Hotel was presented to Geers by George W. Bain and the veteran driver and Mr. Jones were given an ovation. The time in the first heat, 2:05 3/4, is the fastest time ever made in the Kentucky Futurity and the second fastest heat ever trotted by a three-year-old.

The 213 class trot went to six heats, Redlac, Jr. winning. Country Tramp won the fifth heat but was unable to do better than fourth in the next. Earnest Axtell won the opening heat. Bismy took the second. After Hal B. Jr. had won two heats of the 205 pace, the race went over to tomorrow's program. An accident in the race resulted in an injury to Thomas W. Murphy, driver of Strathstorn, when the horse fell at the quarter. Murphy was stunned and bruised but not seriously hurt.

Summary:
213 Class Trot, 3 in 5; Purse \$1,000.
Redlac, Jr., blk h, by Redlac, Cox 8 7 1 1 4
Bismy, b m; Proctor 5 1 2 2 2
Country Tramp, ch g, Ho-rine 2 3 3 3 1 4
Earnest Axtell, b h, Kim-lin 1 2 4 7 3 3
Louise b m, Geers 3 4 5 5 0
Mason Matthews, br h, Murphy 4 5 6 4 0
Victor Star, b g, Kane 6 6 7 0 0
Moko Dillard, b g, Patterson 7 dis
Time: 2:11 1-2, 2:09 1-4, 2:09, 2:11 1-2, 2:11 3-4, 2:11 1-2.

The Kentucky Futurity for 3-year-old Trotters, 3 in 5; Value \$14,000:

Etawah, b c, by Al Stanley, Geers 2 6 1 1 1
Peter Johnson, b c, Cox 4 1 2 2 2
Bonington, ch c, Dickerson 3 2 5 3 3
Barbara Overton, b f, Jamieson 8 4 3 4 dr
Sweet Alice, b f, Andrews 5 5 4 0
George Rex, blk c, Murphy 6 3 6 0
Peter The Gay, b g, R. Macy 7 8 7 0
Don Chenault, ch c, Stinson 1 7 dis
Time: 2:05 3-4, 2:08 3-4, 2:08 3-4, 2:10, 2:12.

2:05 Class Pacing, 3 in 5; Purse \$1,000 (unfinished).

Hal B. Jr., br h, by Hal B., McEwen 1 1
Branham Baughman, br h, Cox 2 2
Zombrower, ch m, Snow 3 4
Jones Gentry, b g, Murray 4 3
Strathstorn, b h, Murphy dis
Time: 2:02 1-2, 2:05 1-2.

PARI-MUTUEL CASE.

Secretary of Ontario Jockey Club was Found Not Guilty of Conducting Lottery.

Toronto, October 7.—The indictment charging W. P. Fraser, secretary of the Ontario Jockey Club, with conducting a lottery in the operation of pari-mutuels at the Woodbine, was withdrawn from the jury in the Sessions at the City Hall, this afternoon, and a verdict of not guilty was entered without any defence being heard.

Giving his judgment, His Honor Judge Morgan said that the evidence given did not bring the case within the section at all. "There is nothing to be disposed of here by lottery," said he, "there is nothing to be disposed of by chance, or by any process by which the winners of the funds created in which the winner is determined by chance. A person who uses these machines sees the horse on which he desires to register his bet. He has to form his own conclusion, from his own sources of information, private judgment, or taste, as to whether or not in his judgment, that horse is going to win. He makes a bet on that horse, and that machine records the bet. A ticket is given to the man showing the bet made, the horse and the number of the horse. If that horse wins, the man gets his mutual proportion of the bets made; if he happens to be the only bettor, he gets the whole pool, or pot."

His Honor reserved the request of granting a reserved case.

LADY GOLFERS IN U.S. TOURNAMENT

SEVENTY-FIVE HAVE ENTERED—ENGLISH AND OTHER CHAMPIONS INCLUDED.

New York, Oct. 7.—Seventy-five women golfers, including European and Canadian players, are entered for the nineteenth annual national women's championship tournament of the United States Golf Association, which will begin next Monday at the Wilmington Country Club of Wilmington, Del. The field this year will be a remarkable one, inasmuch as it will bring together Miss Muriel Dodd, of Moreton, England, the British and Canadian champion; Miss Gladys Ravenscroft, last year's British champion; Miss Mabel Harrison, of Ireland, who holds the Irish golfing honor; Miss Margaret Curtis, of Essex, Mass., American champion; Miss Marion Hollins, of West Brook, N.Y., the metropolitan champion, and Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Philadelphia, the eastern title holder.

On the first day there will be an 18-hole medal round in which 32 will qualify for the championship which will be decided at 18-hole match during the remainder of the week, 18 holes to be played each day. Following is a partial list of entrants and pairings and the order of playing for the opening day:

Mrs. William Chilvers, Dunwoodie, N.Y., and Miss Violet Pooley, Victoria, B.C.; Miss Bertha A. Stratton, Cranford, N.J., and Miss Margaret Scott, Hamilton, Ont.; Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Merion Cricket Club, Philadelphia, and Miss Catherine Davis, Philadelphia Cricket Club; Miss Gladys Rosenthal, Ravisloe, Ills., and Miss Mabel Harrison, Island Golf Club, Ireland; Miss Helen Hood, Philadelphia Cricket Club, and Miss Muriel Dodd, Moreton, England; Mrs. W. C. Janey, Merion Cricket Club, Philadelphia, and Miss Chrysler, Niagara, Ont.; Miss J. S. Spencer, Moreton, Eng., and Miss Isabella Bridge, Merion Cricket Club, Philadelphia; Miss Gladys Ravenscroft, Bromborough, England, and Miss Prudence Jamieson, Spring Lake, N.J.; Mrs. H. R. Stockton, Plainfield, N.J., and Miss Alice Balfour, Hamilton, Ont.; Miss Fanny C. Osgood, Brookline, Mass., and Miss Dorothy Wood, Hamilton, Ont.; Miss Florence A. Harvey, Hamilton, Ont., and Mrs. W. S. Hillis, Wilmington, Del.; Miss Frances D. Scott, Hamilton, Ont., and Mrs. H. F. Whitney, Nassau, N.Y.

EARTH GROWS SLOW.

If anyone has ever worried over the claims that have been made that our days will become longer, they should cease their worrying right now, unless they have drunk of the mountain of eternal youth, because the greatest of astronomers and mathematicians have agreed that while it is true the days will become longer, the rate of their increase will be about 460,000 years for the first additional second.

It has been pointed out that a weight on a string revolved around the finger will increase its revolution as the string winds up. In the same way, claims have been made, will the earth increase its velocity on its axis as material is added to it.

There seems to be no question but that slight additions to the earth result as it constantly arrests and holds meteoric bodies. Only rarely do large meteorites fall, but tiny particles are constantly added to it. Of course, this would take thousands and thousands of years to make the slightest difference in the revolutions of the earth, and would be largely offset by a slight shrinkage as the earth cools.

Astronomical observations extending over a period of more than 2000 years have failed to show any sensible changes in the day, but the influences of the tides must become evident after a lapse of a great many years. One authority has declared that the day may lengthen until it is at least 50 times as long as it is now; and that would be the period of the revolution of the moon around the earth. However, from all reckoning, such a day of 1320 hours will not come for millions and millions of years.

VALUE OF WORLD'S DIAMONDS

Diamonds of the weight of 28 1/2 tons, which would fill a space of 10 1/2 cubic yards and have a value of nearly \$1,000,000,000, have been taken from the earth from the earliest time to the present day, according to the estimate just made by M. De Launay, the well-known metallurgist.

These figures, however, only concern the stones whose cutting, which reduces their weight volume by half, but multiplies their value by five. A box 3 feet high, 6 feet wide and 8 long would thus hold the total world's output of these gems in their finished condition, and would have a market value of \$4,700,000,000, according to present prices.

Of this quantity, according to M. De Launay, 10,000,000 carats of the value of \$85,000,000 have been contributed by India, the source of all diamonds from ancient times up to the eighteenth century and 12,000,000 carats of the value of \$100,000,000 by Brazil between 1723 and 1910. These fields are now, however, practically exhausted, and gems representing 142,000,000 carats of the value of \$700,000,000 would come from South Africa, which is now almost the sole source of the world's supply.

Apart from South Africa, M. De Launay says the only other diamond

WIVES WORRY CELEBRITIES

Paris, Oct. 6.—One of the Académiciens has figured out that most celebrities suffered from nagging wives, indeed nearly all of them. Eve is accused of having tyrannized Adam. Then followed Job, Socrates, Leonidas, Machiavelli, Mathew Aurogallus, Luther's assistant at translating the Bible, La Fontaine, Linne and many more.

The great geographer, Peterman, divorced his wife after they had celebrated their silver wedding, in order to marry one he had advertised for. The scientist happened to be a crank on order, and as the new wife persisted "but his library in order," he hanged himself after three months of married life.

fields which count at all are those of New South Wales, the annual output of which, according to the last figures, is 2205 carats.

THINGS WRONGLY NAMED.

Burgundy pitch is not pitch, nor is it Burgundy. The best is a resinous substance prepared from frankincense and brought from Hamburg; but by far the greater quantity is a mixture of palm oil and resin.

Cuttle bone is not bone, but a structure of pure chalk, once embodied loosely in all the substances of certain species of cuttlefish. It is inclosed in a membranous sac, with the body of the fish, and drops out when the sac is opened.

Galvanized iron is not galvanized, it is simply coated with zinc; and this is done by dipping it in a zinc bath containing muriatic acid.

German silver is not silver, but a metallic alloy, which was not even invented by a German. It has been used in China for ages.

Japan lacquer contains no lac, and is made from a kind of nut tree.

Meerschaum is a composition of silver, magnesia and water. The name implies sea foam.

Mosaic gold has no connection with Moses or the metallic gold. It is an alloy of copper and zinc, used in the ancient museum or tessellated work.

Mother of pearl is the inner of several sorts of shells, but not the real mother of pearl, rather being the matrix of pearl.

Pen, means a feather (Latin penna). A steel pen then is a misnomer.

MAKE POLES OF GLASS.

Near Frankfurt, in Germany, there is a manufacturing plant which turns out glass poles for telephone and telegraph lines. These poles are made of glass, and are stronger and more durable than those of wood. They are also lighter and more easily handled.

It may be that in time all such telegraph and telephone poles throughout the world will be made of glass because there are so many advantages in them. In the first place, they will last practically for all time, except in cases of unusual accident, where they may be broken, as in railroad wrecks. They will last even longer than iron or steel, as weather has practically no effect upon them, nor can insects get into them, and destroy them.

And in these days when wood is becoming more and more valuable it will be quite a saving of the precious wood to make such things of glass. Experiments are also under way for the manufacture of railroad ties of glass, in which wire netting is imbedded in the glass.

Paving blocks are made of glass and have proved to be a most valuable material for street surfaces, being fitted together in such a manner as to be water tight, no water running down between the blocks. There are, in Lyons, France, a number of streets paved with glass, and they have a better resistance to stones, and also are not such great conductors of heat as stone. These glass paving blocks are now said to be actually cheaper than the granite blocks.—Technical World.

LET ME YOUR CHARACTER

Be guided and control your life by my new system. Astonishes everyone. Advice on all affairs of life. Send Birthdate in own writing with 10 CENTS, in stamps (no silver). Address: "ASTOR STUDIOS," (Dept. C. 201) No. 7 Earl's Court Gardens, London, England. Postage to England Two Cents.

Spt.29x2w

WERE YOU BORN UNDER A LUCKY STAR?

YOUR LUCK CARD shows this. Make Use of those Things which are Yours BY RIGHT OF BIRTH. Your "LUCK CARD" gives these things, and tells you your correct Talismanic Metal, Gem, Charm, Colour, etc. so that by making use of these you may be in harmony with Nature and become a POWERFUL HUMAN MAGNET. Individualize yourself to-day. You can do so by sending for your "LUCK CARD." State Birthdate and enclose 10 cents in stamps (no silver). "ASTOR STUDIOS," (Dept. C. 201), 7 Earl's Court Gardens, London, Eng. (Postage to Eng. 2 cts.)

Spt.29x2w

Better than Butter for the Kiddies.

For nourishing school lunches.

Ingersoll Cream Cheese



FASHION-CRAFT MEN'S CLOTHES

of which Canada is proud

cost no more than other kinds.

Suits priced \$18.00 to \$25.00

SHOPS OF

Fashion-Craft

L. ACHILLE ROY,
178 St. John Street, } Québec.
158 St. Joseph Street, }



FIRE COMMITTEE.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

CITY HALL.

TENDERS FOR FIREMEN'S WINTER UNIFORMS.

Quebec, 3d October, 1913.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will receive sealed tenders until Wednesday, the 16th day of October next, 1913, at four o'clock p. m., for the supply of one hundred and forty winter coats (more or less), in dark grey cloth, of eighteen ounces to the yard, and one hundred and forty pairs of winter pants (more or less), in dark grey cloth of sixteen ounces to the yard.

The buttons for coats shall be supplied to the contractor, who shall place them according to instructions from the Chief of the Fire Brigade.

The Fire Committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

The Committee reserves the right of exacting securities.

The contractor shall pay the notary the cost of drafting a contract and shall provide the Fire Committee with a copy of same.

All the uniforms shall have to be delivered for the 15th of December, 1913, and if the contractor has not fulfilled that condition, there shall be retained five dollars a day for each day of delay after said date until the last uniform shall have been delivered.

Tenders are requested to send only one sample of cloth for their tender.

For further information apply at the office of the Chief of the Fire Brigade.

(Signed) AUG. MALOIN,
Secretary Fire Committee.

CITY OF QUEBEC

October 1st, 1913.

Public Notice Re Snow Guards.

The attention of the public is called to clauses 4 and 5 of By-law No. 23 concerning the lighting of certain portions of the city, which read as follows:

4. When the apparatus for the said lighting shall be placed in certain places where they may be exposed to damage through the fall of ice or snow coming from the roofs of buildings, the proprietor of said building shall place on the edge of the roof of said building a snow fender or an appropriate and convenient protection bar to prevent the fall on the said lighting apparatus of any snow or ice or objects of a similar nature to damage the said lighting apparatus.

5. If the owner of a building in this city omits or neglects to place on the edge of the roof of his building a snow fender sufficient to prevent the fall on the said electric lighting apparatus of snow or ice or other objects liable to damage the said lighting apparatus, such proprietor shall be liable to a fine not exceeding forty dollars, and in default of payment of the said fine and costs, to an imprisonment for a space of time not exceeding two months.

I have the honor to request proprietors opposite whose property ornamental poles have been erected to kindly have the snow guard above referred to erected immediately.

W. D. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS.

GOVERNING Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the tract of Three and a Half Million Acres, Located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in the Province of British Columbia.

LICENSES.

A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction. A rental of \$5.00 per square mile, per annum, is charged on all timber berths excepting those situated west of Yale in the Province of British Columbia on which the rental is at the rate of 5 cents per acre. In addition to rental, dues are charged on the timber cut at the rates set out in section 30 of the regulations.

TIMBER PERMITS AND DUES.

Permits may be granted in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to owners of portable saw mills, to cut over a definitely described tract of land not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 50c. per thousand feet, B.M., and of a fee at the rate of \$100.00 per square mile for each permit.

TIMBER FOR HOMESTEADERS.

Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber of his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in Section 30 of the Regulations.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made to any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead or of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchase homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Public Building, St. Gabriel de Brandon, P.Q.," will be received at this office until 4.00 p.m., on Tuesday, October 28, 1913, for the construction of a Public Building at St. Gabriel de Brandon, P.Q.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of Messrs. Finley & Gagnon, Architects, New Birks Building, Montreal, P.Q.; Mr. R. L. Deschamps, Esq., Post Office Building, Montreal, P.Q.; at the Post Office, St. Gabriel de Brandon, P.Q., and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. (10 p.c.), of the bid tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works.

Ottawa, October 3, 1913.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

—47940 Oct.6x3



Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

HAIFA OCEAN TERMINALS RAILWAY.

HAIFA, N. S.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for docks, First unit, Contract No. 3," HAIFA OCEAN TERMINALS, will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October, 1913, for the construction of about 6,500 lineal feet of quay wall, foundations for buildings, sewers, dredging of harbour to a depth of 45 feet at low water and filling reclaimed areas.

Plans and specifications and form of tender may be seen and full information obtained at the office of the General Manager, Moncton, N. B., at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office of the Superintending Engineer, Haifa, N. S. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.

By order,

L. K. JONES,
Assistant Deputy Minister and Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, September 2nd, 1913.

sept15tooct10

Making One Dollar Do the Work of Two

YOUR dollars vary in value according as they vary in purchasing power.

The man or woman who studies advertising is able frequently, to make one dollar do the usual work of two.

The experienced reader of advertisements will always make a dollar command a premium, that is, make it buy more than the dollar of a non-reader of advertisements.

How much "above par" are the dollars in your pocket worth?

It will depend on how closely you study the buying opportunities out-lined in the store ads.

The Chronicle
Quebec's Best Paper

SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST. For Particulars, apply to
DOMINION STEAM AND ICE CO., LTD.
DOMINION STEAM AND ICE CO., LTD.
DOMINION STEAM AND ICE CO., LTD.

Spt.29x2w

LAURENTIDE HOUSE

LAKE EDWARD

The finest hunting territory in Canada.

Easy of access.
Best of portages.
Competent Guides.

Full Equipment may be had at the Hotel.

Camp and Cottages to rent by month or for season.

APPLY

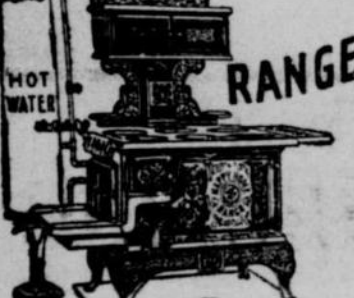
R. ROWLEY, PROPRIETOR.
LAKE EDWARD, P.Q.

Flour, Grains, Hay, Provisions, Etc.

William Carrier & Fils
Registered
Wholesale Dealers,
QUEBEC

jan.2xtu,th,sat,ty,

MOORE'S 'HAPPY HOME' RANGE



THOUSANDS IN USE
Reliable - Perfect - Economical

CHAS VEZINA, REG'D.

PLUMBER AND ELECTRICIAN.

How about the plumbing and electric fixings of your residence? Let us overhaul them for you. We do everything in modern plumbing and electrical apparatus, and make a specialty of apparatus for hot air, hot water, and steam heating.

A full line of Hall and Kitchen Stoves.

A new assortment of the celebrated Tungsten Lamps.

119 to 123 BRIDGE STREET.

Shop: 124 King St., St. Roch.
Tel. 2224.

"QUEBEC EYE, EAR & THROAT HOSPITAL."

56 D'ARTIGNY STREET. INCORPORATED.
Founded and under the direction of Dr. Coote, professor of eye and ear diseases at Laval University. Specially organized for the treatment of eye, ear, nose and throat diseases.

QUALITY COUNTS DON'T OVERLOOK THIS FACT

YOU may teach a PARROT to say "JUST AS GOOD" but he won't know what he's talking about.

Don't listen to the fake dealer that tells you that, this and that is just as good as TIMMONS'. DON'T "GUESS," "WONDER" or "IMAGINE," but ask for TIMMONS' and see that you get our Ginger Ale, Soda Water, Ginger Beer, etc., and you are certain to get purity and quality. WE SPECIALIZE IN AERATED WATERS.

Our Dry Ginger Ale as high-class beverage challenges the world, and our Chaire Fontaine Water is the "World's Best."

Our Motto is PURITY and OUR WATCHWORD THE BEST.

M. TIMMONS & SON,
Quebec, P. Q.

THE WEST INDIES' TRADE AGREEMENT

HON. GEO. FOSTER SUCCEEDS IN OVERCOMING DIFFICULTIES IN WAY OF BETTER STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

The coping stone has been placed upon the work of Hon. George E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in bringing the West Indies and Canada more closely together in trade relations.

Arrangements have been completed with the Royal Mail Steamship Company for a fast steamship service between the British West Indies and Halifax and St. John, commencing with November 1. Negotiations have been terminated with the cable companies by which the rate between Canada and the British West Indies will be cut in two.

When the agreement was made with the West Indian Islands for a preferential interchange it was understood that arrangements were to be made for cheaper cable communication with Canada and for more adequate steamship service. Without these the agreement was of little value. Both these have now been arranged by Hon. Mr. Foster and Canadian exporters will be able to take full advantage of the new tariff rates.

Difficulties Overcome.
Hon. Mr. Foster has had considerable difficulty in securing adequate steamship connection, but his work in securing the Royal Mail Steamship Company will be hailed with satisfaction.

The Royal Mail Steamship Company, one of the oldest and most modern shipping companies in the world, has been engaged in the West Indian and South American trade for many years and is experienced in the conditions and necessities of that trade. It has connections with ports in other of the West Indian Islands and with the East and West Coasts of South America, so that it will be possible to make through rates of freight for Canadian goods to other ports than those in the Islands included in the agreement.

Best Possible Service.

Premier Borden himself took a personal interest in the work and the history of the negotiations leading up to the granting of the contract to the Royal Mail Steamship Company shows that the government was determined to get the best possible service.

Immediately after the signing of the agreement the Department of Trade and Commerce called for tenders. Notwithstanding widespread publicity there was practically but one offer, that of Pickford and Black, Halifax. The tender was not satisfactory and the time was extended until December 15, 1912. This time three offers were received, but none of these was entirely satisfactory and negotiations were entered into by the department with the different parties with a view to getting amendments or betterments of the offer made.

Three Proposals.

These negotiations resulted in three propositions: One by Pickford and Black, one from the Canada West Indies syndicate, and a third from the Royal Mail Steamship Company. The latter two, however, were conditional, the former upon certain amounts being received from the West Indian Islands in addition to the subsidy called for from Canada, and the latter was an experimental service to continue for one year and then determinable upon the option of the company.

The subsidies involved were: Pickford and Black, \$315,000; Canada West Indies Syndicate, \$300,000; Royal Mail Steamship Company, \$300,000.

Contract Made.

The contract was finally concluded

SANOL

CURES

Rheumatic pains and ailments of uric acid origin.

Price \$1.50.

Leading Druggists.

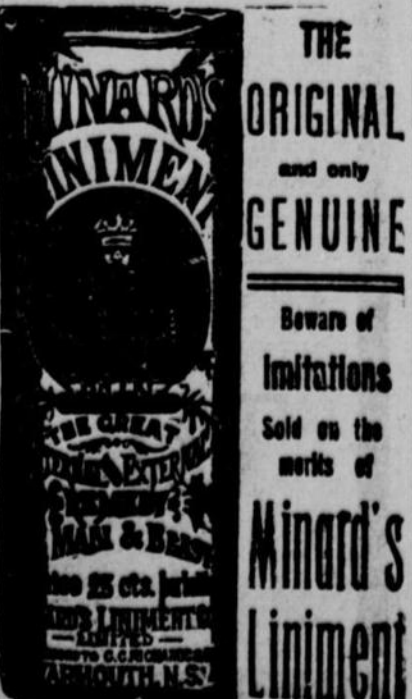
G. C. Turcot, 117 St. John St.

A. Martineau, 734 St. Valier St.

Correspondence invited with the

SANOL MFG. CO., Ltd.,

Winnipeg, Man.



THE ORIGINAL and only GENUINE

Beware of Imitations Sold on the merits of Minard's Liniment

JAILED 48 YEARS, DIES MARTYR FOR CRIME OF FATHER

AFTER PASSING OF CHARLES GILBERT MINISTER MAKES KNOWN PARENT'S CONFESSION OF MURDER.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 7.—After 48 years in the state prison, Charles Gilbert, of New Britain, died in that institution last Tuesday protesting that he was innocent, that his father was guilty of the murder of Henry Cadwell, recruiting officer and civil war bounty agent, in 1864.

Charles had never made this assertion about his father until that time several years ago. Since then he persisted steadily in it.

He was not believed, but startling confirmation came today from the clergyman who attended the elder Gilbert on his deathbed. This clergyman said Gilbert had made a dying confession. Though it was placed before the State Board of Pardons, the clergyman added, the younger Gilbert was not released, because the necessary unanimous vote of the board was not obtained.

Warden Ward A. Garner tonight explained why Gilbert's body was not claimed by his daughters or relatives, but was permitted to go to the dissecting rooms at the Yale Medical School. Gilbert had asked that his brain be examined after his death by scientists, in the belief that the investigation would corroborate his claim of innocence by revealing that such a brain as his could not have conceived or executed the Cadwell murder.

Brain Lake a Photograph.

"If I had committed that murder," he argued with the warden, "the action would be stamped on my brain."

Thos. Gilbert, a cousin of the dead convict, living on Shuttle Meadow Mountain, in Southington, told a correspondent tonight that he believed his cousin was innocent and that the deathbed confession was true.

"Charles knew considerable of the teachings of Lombroso," said Thomas, "and he one told me that he thought exonerated even after death was better than being buried and leaving this world with the name of murderer."

The Rev. George A. Lester, of No. 19 Williams street, this city, formerly pastor of Chesterfield Baptist Church, told the correspondent tonight that John Gilbert, the convict's father, confessed to another son the day before he died that he was the murderer. This son informed the Rev. Mr. Lester, who thereupon interceded with members of the Board of Pardons and with members of the Legislature.

Wanted More Proof.

"But I understood that some members of the board stood out against the petition for pardon because they wanted witnesses of the confession," said the clergyman tonight. "I feel sure that another brother, who later committed suicide, was implicated with the father in the murder."

Charles Gilbert escaped from prison 25 years ago. He was kept concealed in Colchester, disguised in women's clothes, for two months. Then he ventured to New York State and was arrested. He was sent back to prison from Utica.

Thos. Gilbert says he believes two daughters of Charles live in Springfield, Mass. They were infants at the time of the crime and did not know who their father was until told by their mother when she was dying. After that the two daughters and Gilbert's two sisters, who live in New Haven, visited him frequently in the prison.

For Five Years.

The arrangement is for a five years' service running from St. John and Halifax to the various colonies included in the trade agreement. Four vessels are to be devoted to the service and these are in every respect modern and well equipped for both freight and passengers, capable of carrying 5,000 tons and maintaining an average of between 11 and 12 knots at sea. An arrangement has been made by means of which perishable cargo will be taken from St. John to Halifax without increasing the cost, the rate between the two cities to be absorbed by the company.

Cheaper Cable Rates.

Negotiations have been carried on for some time also by Hon. Mr. Foster in regard to cheaper cable rates, with the cable companies through the British Government which is equally interested. The present rates are cut in half and to enable this to be done a contribution of \$40,000 is to be made by the British Government and a similar amount by Canada.

The commercial business of Canada is in good hands. New avenues of trade are being sought by the Borden Government which unlike the Laurier attempts will not be prejudicial to Canadian interests. The judgment of the Canadian people in defeating reciprocity is being daily justified.

WILL NOT CHANGE IRISH POLICY, SAYS BRITISH MINISTER

(Continued from Page One)

sources of supply. They in Canada were carrying out a vast world progress in the west. Canadians above all were engaged in producing the food of the peoples, and were helping to give an answer to that prayer which went up from the lips of tens of millions of peoples every day, "Give us this day our daily bread."

No higher task could devolve on any nation.

Downing Street.

He had not intended to touch upon one topic in his speeches in the Dominion—that now that the Dominions had come to manhood they enjoyed unfettered control of their own destinies; it seemed to him so obvious as not to be worth mentioning. But a remark which he had made in the west had attracted a great deal of attention, from which he found to his astonishment that there still lingered in some parts of Canada the notion that the old spirit of Downing street, of fussy and unnecessary interference in the domestic affairs of the Dominion, still prevailed. He believed that there were some people in the Old Country who thought Canadians lived in log huts, hunted for a living, were surrounded by Indians and perpetual snow.

"Now that our constitution," said Mr. Samuel, "is almost wholly democratized and our politics almost equalized, so we recognize heartily that Canada is not an appendage of the Empire, but as much an integral part as the Mother Country, and if we cherish the idea that Canada is inspired by loyalty we do not expect that it should be loyal to England, but that England and Canada should both be loyal to the Empire and the monarchy which is the symbol of the Empire as a whole."

Few Frontiers, Many Nations.

Mr. Samuel suggested that it was good for the world to have few frontiers, but many nations; where there were frontiers there might be quarrels. A frontier was in itself a bad thing. It was fortunate that more than half the earth's surface was controlled by four states—the British Empire, Russia, United States and France—for that conducted to the peace of the world, since within the boundaries there was no room for quarrels, and outside them the shock of conflict would be so great that their very size made for peace. But it was good to have many nations, and there might be many nations within one frontier, adding to the variety and interest of the world. The existence of individual, autonomous communities, the sentiment of national pride, was in itself a stimulus to effort.

The Canadian was a patriot who wanted to see Canada great and prosperous and a model to other nations, and he put forth efforts to that end; so it was with the German or the Russian. And so therefore, while the British Empire was wise in maintaining about one-quarter of the population of the world, it was wise also in not seeking to suppress nationalities.

Reconcile Unity With Freedom.

"This problem," proceeded Mr. Samuel, "of reconciling unity with freedom is now being felt very acutely in the United Kingdom, where we are dealing with the problem of Ireland. I do not propose to discuss the general question of Home Rule"—and here Mr. Samuel explained to avoid giving any offence, or the appearance of stirring up the spirit of controversy—"but I know there is a sentiment widespread in Canada that certain parts of the Home Rule bill relating to the customs and the post office may not be in harmony with the idea of the unity of the United Kingdom—the federal idea, as you understand it better in Canada."

Customs Conditions.

"I think that is due to a misunderstanding of the conditions, especially with regard to the customs. I had the honor of being entrusted by Mr. Asquith with the passing of the clauses in the bill through the Imperial parliament. What is the extent of the power over the customs granted in the bill? The Irish parliament is to have the power of making an addition of not more than ten per cent (with the exception of beer and spirits) on the existing duties on imports into Ireland. That is to say, if any article is on the tariff of the Imperial government, the Irish parliament may increase the duty for the benefit of the Irish revenue; but it cannot add new articles to the tariff, such as corn or meat."

"These taxes will be collected by the Imperial tax gatherers, as in fact the taxes are. Then the Irish parliament must not impose taxes for the protection of Irish industries; if a tax is put on a Scotch whiskey, the same tax must be placed on Irish whiskey. That is to secure that the action of the Irish parliament shall be for revenue purposes only. Again, the Irish parliament cannot reduce the duties below those in the rest of the British Isles. For example, there is a duty on tea imported into the British Isles of 5 pence per pound. The Irish parliament can raise the duty to 5½ pence, that is a 10 per cent increase, and no more, and that will go to the Irish revenue."

"That power has been given to the Irish parliament because there is no other means of allowing it to add to the Irish revenue. It cannot touch income tax, or the death duties, and Ireland is a country of small natural resources. There is no such thing as a customs barrier. The Irish parliament has no complete control of the customs such as you have in Canada."

Post Office Question.

"With regard to the post office, the Irish parliament has control only

over the inland service; Ireland being an island, this is easily managed. A similar condition may be seen in the great German federation in the customs systems of Saxony and Bavaria. "With regard to Ulster, the first thing to know about the Ulster problem is that it is not an Ulster problem (laughter). It is a problem relating to one-half of Ulster. Ulster sends thirty-five members to the House of Commons, who above all reflect the views of the people on Home Rule. Of those thirty-five, eighteen are in favor of Home Rule. At the present time there is a majority of one from Ulster for Home Rule. That division is a geographical division. The problem is in effect a problem of north-east Ulster, where there is a large and prosperous population violently opposed to Home Rule, which returns seventeen members to the Imperial Parliament."

"I think everyone would agree that there would be no problem of this kind if it had been that all Ireland had been Protestant. It is the religious difficulty essentially which now makes the political difficulty. The Irish parliament is debared from passing any legislation which would in any way touch the religious rights of anyone in Ireland; and it is forbidden by law from giving any favor or imposing any disability on the ground of religion. Yet they in northeast Ulster tell us that the result of a general election in the United Kingdom will make no difference. The Unionist leaders in England hold a different view. But Sir Edward Carson and his colleagues say that even though English people approve of Home Rule in a general election, under no circumstances will they submit. We would be most agreeable to arrive at any settlement by consent. Mr. Asquith has said so again and again and Mr. Redmond has signified his agreement; but they in northeast Ulster will only agree to a settlement which would mean the abandonment of the government policy."

"Unhappily the prospect now of a settlement by consent, which we desire, does not seem auspicious. For fifty years and more the Irish people have unwaveringly declared for Home Rule. There is a majority for it in Great Britain; at Westminster, counting only the members from England, Scotland and Wales, there is a majority of sixty votes in favor of Home Rule."

"We believe," concluded Mr. Samuel in ringing tones, "that our general policy, apart from details, commands the approval of the Dominions in the Empire, and the government of the United Kingdom can not and will not abandon its proposal for establishing self-government in Ireland."

"Finally, I may say that I shall carry from Canada recollections of the most pleasurable character of an instructive, enjoyable tour. I hope and believe that other members of the Imperial cabinet will come and see with their own eyes and learn with their own ears about the problems and the spirit of Canada; and I am sure that they will find this Dominion still going ahead, not only in material prosperity, but—and this is perhaps most important—in the moral force and intellectual progress of her people."

GIANTS FIRST BASEMAN MAY NOT PLAY TODAY.

Philadelphia, October 7.—There is serious doubt in the Giants camp tonight as to whether Fred Merkle, the Giants first baseman, will be able to play the initial bag in tomorrow's game. Merkle sprained his ankle today and aggravated the injury by playing out the remainder of the game. He had considerable difficulty in getting to the club house after the game and when he removed his shoe it was found that the ankle was badly swollen.

Coming over on the train to this city the ankle was packed in ice and bags and placed upon a cushioned rest.

When the team arrived at the hotel a local physician was called in to examine Merkle's ankle which was badly swollen and is colored by this time. He recommended that the player rest for several days before attempting to re-enter the game. This suggestion has put another problem up to Manager McGraw and it was not known at an early hour this (Wednesday) morning who the manager of the Giants would select to play first base in case Merkle is not available.

The strained tendon in Snodgrass' leg has apparently put him out of the series and McGraw may have to use one of his substitute pitchers or infield recruits. Wiltse, Crandall, Grant or Wilson are the quartette from which Merkle's substitute will be selected.

ASK PROTECTION AGAINST HOLD-UPS.

St. Catharines, Ont., October 7.—The fourth hold-up in Thorold occurred last night, when a resident of the place was covered with a gun and forced to hand over \$50. The town council today sent an appeal to the Provincial and Dominion authorities for special protection with a recommendation for a mounted patrol for the canal route, while the canal is building, in view of the forthcoming arrival of several thousand foreigners to be employed on the work. No clues have been obtained to the perpetrators of the crimes that have already taken place.

NEGRO IS KILLED IN RACIAL FIGHT.

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 7.—Fifty negroes and as many white persons almost caused a riot in the village of Romeo, near here, this afternoon, when the negroes attacked the wooden jail and liberated Lula Gibson, a negroess who had been arrested for drunkenness. In the fight one negro was killed and the little jail was demolished.

James Winfield, after calling out all the negro citizens, led an assault against the jail and had succeeded in liberating the woman when Village Trustee James Hansen opened fire. Winfield was killed. The disturbers dispersed. In the meantime calls had been sent here for help to suppress a race riot.

A temporary jail was found and with the woman prisoner in it was kept under a special guard.



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LIKE A CAVE MAN, ARTIST LIVES TWO MONTHS IN WILDS

Starting Naked on Aug. 14th,
Joseph Knowles Returns to
Civilization Fully Clad.

SKINS HIS RAIMENT
AND BOW HIS WEAPON

Has Lost 30 Pounds, But Is
Well—Nearly Driven Mad
by the Lonesomeness.

Boston, Oct. 5.—Joseph Knowles, the Boston artist, after a two-months' fight for existence in the forests of Maine, is now back to civilization. Reporters met him on his way home.

Knowles' actual exit from the woods was made at a point fourteen miles south of Megantic, Que., on the Canadian Pacific Railroad tracks.

Clad in rudely dressed skins of black bear and deer, and carrying in a pack on his back a fire machine and other tools he had fashioned to aid him in living in a primitive way, Knowles looked like a cave man. Thus ended a test of hardihood and endurance, of skill in conquering a hostile environment.

On Aug. 4 Knowles plunged into the forests near Spencer Lake, in Somerset County, Me. He was naked. He had no weapons, no tools or implements of any kind, no food. He promised to come out of the woods on Oct. 4, fully clad and in good health and physical condition. He has kept his promise in every detail.

Fearful Game Wardens.

Knowles is in good physical condition, despite the fact that his final week in the forest entailed a test of endurance that was completely unforseen and equally unnecessary. In his dread that the game wardens of Somerset County might seek him out in his forest lair and bring his struggles to naught by arresting him for a breach of the game laws, he left his domain near Spencer Lake and struck out across the untracked wilderness, seventy miles, for the boundary mountains of Canada, overlooking Lake Megantic. He traversed seventy miles of the wildest and most inhospitable country.

He has lost thirty pounds of weight in the two months, dropping from 204 pounds to 174. His appearance clearly tells of the hardships he has undergone. From head to heel he is scratched and bruised by the briars and underbrush in which he has lived for sixty days. He is tanned almost black.

Over his neck and arms was a black bear skin, cleverly fastened with thongs of deerskin. His trousers were of deerskin, made Indian fashion, with the hair inside. His feet were encased in moccasins of buckskin, sewed with sinew. He wore no hat, no sleeves, no underwear.

Made Bow and Knife.

On his back was a knapsack of woven bark. It was filled with trophies from the forest. Slung over his arm were his bows and arrows. Sheathed in buckskin a crude knife of horn hung from his belt.

Little Miss Frenie Gerard of Lake Megantic, a fourteen-year-old child of the woods, was the first person to greet him. She had wandered far out of the town, and then she stopped suddenly and gazed ahead. Walking toward her with long, swinging strides, came a creature of fur, a different animal than she had ever seen before. She did not run, for somehow, she afterward explained, she thought it was a strange man, in spite of the fact that in the distance the figure appeared like a great bear.

When he reached Megantic Knowles got a big reception. He went to a hotel. The first thing he did was to remove his bearskin covering. Then he saw the bed.

"A bed—a real bed! Let's see how it feels!" he said, and threw himself full length upon the mattress.

"How are you feeling?" asked a reporter.

"Never felt finer in my life. Say, is there a cigarette around here?" he said quickly, and in a moment Knowles, stretched out and comfortable, stripped to the waist, was literally devouring his first smoke for many weeks.

"I ate a spruce partridge yesterday," he said, "nothing much since."

"Are you not hungry?"

"Not a bit." However, Dr. Gregory, who happened to come into the room a moment later with the mayor and the Maine and Canadian game wardens, prescribed a glass of milk, which Knowles drank with great relish.

Had Plenty to Eat.

"My food largely consisted of fish, deer meat, bear meat, spruce partridges and berries," said Knowles. "As late as last week I found blueberries in the burnt lands. I am feeling in fine condition. I do not believe every man can do what I have done, but I feel confident that a man with good health, a knowledge of the woods and resourcefulness can accomplish the same thing. I believe any one of the game wardens could do it. I have satisfied a curiosity."

The hardest thing of all was the awful lonesomeness, because of which I came near coming out twice. The isolation almost drove me crazy. Several times I have heard voices afar off, and that made it only the harder. "The eating question is nothing, neither is the dress. I have not suf-

fered any to speak of from the cold. It was that awful lonesomeness.

"For the last ten days I have done little. Up to that time I constantly aspired to accomplish something, but my ambition left me. During the last ten days I believe I have gained ten pounds because of this."

"On my trip up to Canada I simply used the moss on the north side of the trees to guide me. I started on this march to Canada the day after I waved the torch on the shore of King and Bartlett Lake. When I got out I was not sure whether it was Saturday or Sunday. It was a pretty rough country, but my trip today was largely down hill all the way."

"I came through the deepest forest because I did not dare to strike the roads, for fear of being seen before time. Then from up in the mountains I heard a wonderful thing. I heard the whistle of a train. I pressed toward it and finally came to the railroad tracks. Some one told me later it was a little after 4 o'clock."

When questioned about salt, he said he missed it very much for the first few weeks, but after that he never thought about it. When asked what he would have to eat he ordered fried salt pork and potatoes.

FRENCH DEPOPULATION.

Taxing Bachelors Is No Longer a Matter For Jest.

Bachelors usually laugh at the proposal to make them pay an extra tax, and the fact is that some think the joke is becoming very stale. They may yet find that it is no joke at all. In France it is among the reforms to be officially submitted to the Chamber of Deputies and will be a matter for early legislation.

In this country the idea of a tax on bachelors has never been seriously considered, but, like France, we may yet come to it.

The decrease in the French birth rate is partially responsible for this and other like reforms. France is not so anxious to increase the size of the standing army now as she is to increase the number of babies born each year.

It is related that one of the ladies of court, when Napoleon was in the zenith of his power, approached the Emperor with the question as to whom he regarded as the greatest woman in France. The Emperor paused a moment and then replied, pointedly and politely: "The woman who gives birth to the most sons to serve France." This was true in the time of Napoleon, and it is true today, but the advice of the Emperor no longer seems to be heeded. France seems destined to sink into the shadow of secondary greatness. If the steady decrease in the birth rate continues France will no longer be regarded as one of the great foreign powers of the first class.

Recent statistics show so unfavorable a comparison between the birth and mortality reports that race suicide seems to be an actual menace. It is now proposed to combat this peril by a systematic campaign. It is urged that all bachelors be taxed and that all mothers be pensioned not as an act of charity, but indiscriminately, to encourage motherhood. The bounty on children as thus proposed seems justifiable, and if so the bachelor tax is also.

It seems unreasonable to suppose that any nation has to pay its women to become mothers. No woman has fulfilled her real mission in life until she has married and is the proud mistress of a household in which the laughter of children can be heard.

It is woman's real mission in life to become a wife and mother. The future of the generation rests with her. She should realize her important and live accordingly. To think that women have to be paid to become mothers is almost unnatural, yet such is the case in France, and it is a problem so serious and so important that the entire nation has become aroused.

It is not the present generation that France fears for, but for the generations of the future. This is why such radical reforms have been decided upon.

THE AMUSEMENT OF MENTAL PATIENTS

So much has been written of the sombre side of this life that even now the public is inclined to believe that it is almost entirely a period of gloom, unrelieved by any news of cheerfulness, and characterized by a necessary abandonment of hope by all those who enter into it. More than this, so strong at times is this feeling, that many patients are withheld from skilled care and attention until the possibility of cure has almost or entirely passed away. Whilst no one who is cognizant of the actual state of affairs in a mental hospital will deny that there is much sadness and vexation of spirit to be found in such institutions, nevertheless it is well known that there is quite a different picture, and one of a much brighter hue.

It is amazing how many of those who write about mental hospitals seem unaware of the varied amusements which help to make the time pass more easily, and which serve at the same time as the most useful adjuncts in restoring certain of the patients to mental health. To name some of these, there are dancing, concerts, garden-parties, cricket matches, cinematograph entertainments, dramatic performances, fancy-dress balls, and, in addition, whist bridge, chess, draughts, billiards; of course there are other means of alleviating the necessary restriction of liberty, but in the meantime let these suffice to show that the patients do not spend their time despondently, ruminating on their hard fates or madly assaulting those in their proximity.—The Hospital.

People will tell you that they never do what they are ashamed of when they really mean is that they are never ashamed of what they do, which is quite a different matter.—From The Tatler.

FRENCH OFFICER FEARS MURDER

ARMY AVIATOR SUSPECTS
PLOT FOLLOWING SEVERAL
ACCIDENTS.

Paris, Oct. 6.—Lieutenant Ubertier of the French flying corps has informed the authorities of what he believes to be a plot to murder him by damaging his aeroplane.

A few weeks ago, he says, he was flying 3000 feet above the Loire when his monoplane caught fire, the petrol tank having apparently been tampered with. A few days later he was testing his control before going up when a wire broke in the middle, showing signs of having been deliberately weakened. Again when he was at a height of 2000 feet, his engine suddenly failed and he narrowly escaped death. Finally, after his machine had been repaired and left in a field overnight, the sentries in charge of it were attacked by several men whose object was apparently to get at the monoplane.

The aviator's mother and wife both received telegrams signed "A friend" immediately after his accidents, but before it was known that he had escaped injury, informing them that he had been killed.

N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE APPOINTS COMMITTEE

New York, Oct. 7.—That the New York Cotton Exchange is considering some action with reference to the grades and contract methods which figured so prominently in recently proposed legislation at Washington, was made apparent today through the publication of resolutions passed by the board of managers on October 2.

The resolutions provide for a committee of seven by the President to consider the changing existing type of standards, the question of making such changes in the contract as the committee might deem advisable, and to inquire into the condition of trading in this market and report back to the board at a special meeting to be held not later than November 2. The committee was also empowered to call witnesses.

The appointment of such a committee was announced today.

Smooth, Hairless Skin Follows this Treatment

(Toilet Tips)

Among the home-beauty helps, none perhaps is more important than that which will free the skin from obnoxious hairy growths. A simple method to rid the skin of unsightly hairs is to make a paste by mixing powdered delatone with water and applying for about 2 minutes, then rubbing off. With it comes every bit of hair and when the skin is washed, it will be firm and free from blemish. Results are more satisfactory if the delatone is bought in an original package.

WIT OF THE WEEK.

Truth is stranger than fiction and generally more embarrassing.

Learning from experience is not so bad—if experience is really pretty.

People say that admiration keeps a woman young, but really it is keeping young that makes a woman admired.

CROXONE SAVES ELDERLY PEOPLE FROM KIDNEY AND BLADDER MISERIES

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While people along in years are naturally more subject to weak kidneys, they can easily avoid the tortures of backache and rheumatism, and be saved the annoyance of getting up at night with disagreeable bladder disorders.

Croxone relieves these conditions by promptly reaching the cause and making the kidneys filter the blood and sift out the poisonous acids and waste matter that cause these troubles.

It soaks right in and cleans out the stopped up, inactive kidneys, dissolves and drives out the uric acid and other poisonous impurities that lodge in the

joints and muscles and cause rheumatism. It neutralizes the urine so it no longer irritates the bladder, overcomes unnecessary breaking of sleep and helps the kidneys and bladder regain health and strength.

It matters not how long you have suffered, how old you are, or what else you have used. It is practically impossible to take Croxone without results. It starts to work the minute you take it—the first time you use it. An original package of Croxone costs but a trifle, and all druggists are authorized to return the purchase price if it fails in a single case.

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DIVIDEND No. 93.

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The transfer books, will be closed from the 17th to the 31st October, 1913, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.
Toronto, 17th September, 1913.

Oct.1to31

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*Lusitania, Nov. 8, 10 a.m.
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*S.S. CAIRNTORR From Montreal
about Oct. 10
New Castle Service

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J.P.E. GAGNON

L.I.A.
Successor of
V. E. PARADIS

Public Accountant
AUDITOR AND CURATOR

Accounts Investigated and Collected.
Financial Arrangements and
Compromises,
Liquidation of Insolvent Estates.

All work entrusted to me will be
economically and promptly attended
to.

RICHIEUX COMPANY BUILDING,
44 Dalhousie Street.

McDOUGALL & COWANS
Stock Brokers

61 ST. PETER STREET
H. S. THOMSON
MANAGER

BARRY & McMANAMY
Stock, Grain and Cotton Brokers

20 St. James Street

Exclusive wire connections with Jen's, Gwynne & Co. N. Y.
Stock and Cotton Exchanges.

Travellers "Give Up" Orders solicited.

G. H. DOBLE, CANADIAN INVESTMENTS
Offers City of Lachine 5 per cent Debentures, due 1st July,
1953, at 91.95, yielding 5 1/2 per cent.

Correspondents in
MONTREAL TORONTO OTTAWA
NEW YORK POSTON
DOMINION BUILDING, QUEBEC. Telephone 5920

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COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.
McDonald & Lescapier, stock brokers,
private wire to New York and
Montreal, Hochelaga Bank Building,
Telephone 1227.

(Canadian Press Service.)

New York, Oct. 7.—Stocks rose
slightly in the early trading today
with the best showing of strength by
Reading, Canadian Pacific, Can and
Amalgamated Copper. In the second
hour the market fell back again, and
business virtually ceased. Prices were
on a dead level until shortly before
the close when there was another
small upturn. Final changes among
the leading stocks were unimportant.
Tobacco issues were exceptionally weak.

The significant feature of the day
was cessation of the liquidation in
iron and steel stocks which had been
driving them down for several days.
It was the opinion of some traders
that selling of these stocks, particularly
United States Steel, had been over-
done and covering of shorts was the
main factor in the morning advance.
Profits on the short side as a result
of the recent slump were extensive
enough to induce retirement of short
contracts, and bear traders found little
difficulty in covering. Aside from the
demand from this source, bidding for
stocks was small and after the covering
movement ceased the market was
allowed to take care of itself.

In the afternoon trading was
on the smallest scale of many weeks.
Between 1 and 2 o'clock only 7000 shares
changed hands. Traders took more
interest in baseball than in the stock
market and when the championship
game began crowds around the news-
tickers which reported the game were
larger than those about most of the
trading posts on the floor of the Ex-
change.

The firmer tone of American stocks
in London influenced the opening
here. London reversed its position in
this market, purchasing 15,000 shares,
approximately the number it disposed
of here yesterday.

Hardening money rates tended to
restrict speculation. Time money
rates were advanced for the short
periods. Call loans were renewed at
4 per cent, nearly 1 per cent above
yesterday's renewal rate although call
money did not rise above 4 per cent,
whereas 5 per cent was quoted for
late loans yesterday.

Bonds were steady. Total sales,
par value, \$1,274,000.
United States bonds were unchang-
ed on call.

OILS, ETC.
Savannah, Ga., Oct. 7.—Turpentine
firm, 39 1/2 a 40c sales, 640; receipts,
1050; shipments, 345; stocks, 26,993.
Rosin, slightly lower, but fairly
steady; sales, 2227; receipts, 3100;
shipments, 2000; stocks, 160,399.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
Accumulated Funds \$65,000,000.00
Revenue for the Year 7,750,000.00
Assets in Canada 18,000,000.00

The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 1902 to 1910
amounted to \$5,857,920.00, being at the rate of \$15 per \$1,000 per annum on
all with profit policies.

W. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agent.
111 Mountain Hill, Quebec.

april25xly.

IMPORTANT

Fresh from the press, thousands of
copies of "October" Investment offer-
ings are being sent to all points in the
Dominion, giving to the investor, large
or small, his choice of the most "at-
tractive Investments."

It is still within the power of the
Investor to procure some of the high-
est class Bonds and Stocks at lowest
prices, but evidences of an early re-
turn of normal conditions are very
marked, which will bring about a
change as to the investment return
now procurable.

Full particulars, with legal opinion,
etc., can be had on application to

C. W. WALCOT,
Tel. 377. 98 St. Peter Street.

Bell Phone 3033. P. O. Box 387.

BOSSE & BANKS

Steel Beams, Columns, Plates,
Gas and Water Pipes, Con-
tractors' Municipal and
Builders' Supplies, Ma-
chinery and Other
Specialties.

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING,
39 St. Paul St., Quebec.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

\$10,000

DOMINION FLOUR MILLS, Limited
Consolidated 1st Mortgage 6% Bonds

AT PAR

With 50% of Common Stock.

CAPITALIZATION.

Common Stock Outstanding \$1,000,000
Cons. 1st Mortgage 6% Bonds, Outstanding \$ 600,000

The Company was organized in 1911, and owns mills at Mont-
real, Brantford, Hamilton, and St. George, Ont.

Daily capacity: 3,000 Barrels.

NEUVILLE BELLEAU & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS,
Telephone 946. 93 ST. PETER STREET.

Arthur Bruneau, A. I. Dupuis,
Quebec.

Member
Montreal Stock Exchange,
4 Hospital St., Montreal.

BRUNEAU & DUPUIS

Stock and Bond Brokers,
TELEPHONE 1596.

11-13-15 SAULT AU MATELOT,
QUEBEC.

Direct wire with Chas. Head & Co.,
New York.

Orders promptly executed on all
Exchanges.

A. A. GINGRAS,
Manager.

M. L. DOHAN

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN AND
COTTON.

Dominion Building
Private Wires to
NEW YORK
CHICAGO
PITTSBURG
TORONTO
MONTREAL

stocks bought or sold for cash or
on small margin. Small commission
charged on trades.

All cash deposits guaranteed.

PHONE 4748
may22xly.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.
Quotations furnished by Messrs.
Neuville Belleau & Co., 93 St. Peter
street, Quebec.

Buyers. Sellers.

Bell Telephone 147 148
Brit Col Packers 143 147
Can Pac Ry 233 233 1/2
Can Car Fdy 65 69
Can Cement 33 34 1/2
Do pfd 41 42
Can Converters 73 74
Can Cotton pfd 47 —
Can Loco 159 —
Crown Reserve 156 73
Detroit United 72 73
Dom Iron pfd 45 45 1/2
Dom Steel Corp 82 83
Dom Textile 82 —
Goodwins Ltd 33 —
Do pfd 82 84
Hillcrest Collieries 38 40
Do pfd 85 87
Lake of Woods 134 140
Laurentide Co 169 170
MacDonald Co 18 18 1/2
Mackay Co 81 82
Do pfd 67 70
St Paul 132 134
Mont Cotton 54 54 1/2
Do pfd 100 103
Mont Power 212 213 1/2
Mont Tram 190 195
Nova Scotia Steel 78 80 1/2
Ogilvie Flour 120 121
Pennams Ltd 80 85
Quebec Ry 13 13
Do bonds 109 110 1/2
Rich & Ont 134 137 1/2
Sherwin Williams 141 142 1/2
Toronto Railway 141 142 1/2
Twin City Elec 105 106
Winnipeg Elec 202 204 1/2
Ames 13 14 1/2
Ames pfd 71 72 1/2
Dom Bridge 120 123
Sawyers pfd 88 —

Banks.

B N Am 151 —
Commerce 205 206
Hochelaga 153 155
Merchants 190 190
Molson 190 200
Montreal 230 233
Nationale 133 —
Nova Scotia 255 256
Quebec 122 125
Royal 221 —

Saler.

Bell Phone, 55 at 147 1/4.
Bell Phone bonds, 1000 at 98.
Cement bonds, 1000 at 97 1/4; 5000 at
97 1/4; 4000 at 98.
Crown Reserve, 400 at 157.
Hochelaga Bank, 10 at 154.
Dom Steel, 250 at 45; 25 at 45 1/4.
MacDonald, 10 at 18.
Ames, 25 at 13 1/2; 25 at 13.
Ames pfd, 25 at 71 1/4.
Brazilian, 60 at 89 1/4.
Mackay, 25 at 81 1/4.
Mont Power bonds, 1000 at 98.
Mont Cotton, 6 at 103.
Quebec Ry bonds, 1000 at 49.
Laurentide, 10 at 169 1/4; 25 at 169 1/4.
Commerce Bank, 16 at 206.
Toronto Ry, 1 at 142; 10 at 141 1/4.
Detroit, 50 at 72 1/4.
R & Ont, 1 at 110 1/4.
Coal pfd, 10 at 103 1/4.

QUEBEC STOCK EXCHANGE.
The following are the quotations on
the Quebec Stock Exchange:
(From Barry & McManamy.)

Banks.

Montreal 231 230
Quebec 125 123
Union 140 —
National 133 —
Hochelaga 155 153
Molson 200 195 1/2
Commerce 206 205 1/2
Royal 221 —

Miscellaneous.

Can Pac Ry 233 233 1/2
Rich & Ont 110 110
Mont Power 213 213 1/2
Quebec Power 12 12 1/2
Quebec Steamship Co. 75 —
Nat Telephone 24 —
Do pfd 22 —
Dom Tex 84 83 1/2
Toledo Ry 24 —

Bonds.

Dom Tex Series C 100 99
Montmorency Cot Co 101 —
Can Electric 100 —
Quebec Jacq 80 —

MONEY IN WHEAT
\$10.00 Buys Puts or Calls on 10,000
bushels of wheat. No Further Risk.
A movement of 5c from price gives
you chance to take \$500.00; 4c \$400.00;
3c \$300.00 etc. Write for particulars.
THE CENTRAL STOCK & GRAIN
CO., Park Bldg., Cleveland, O.
oct8,11x2

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EXCURSION TO MONTREAL
\$3.80 RETURN

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11th.
Special train at 1:50 p. m., from
Palais Station. Return limit October
14th, 1913.

PARLOR CARS.
HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

To Winnipeg, Edmonton and inter-
mediate stations. Going dates Octo-
ber 14th, 21st and 28th.

REDUCED RATES
TO PACIFIC COAST
Until October 10th.

Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Port-
land, San Francisco, etc.

Particulars on application to 30 St.
John St., corner Palais Hill.

G. J. P. MOORE,
General Railway and Steamship
Agency. All lines represented.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Round trip tickets on sale to Win-
nipeg, Edmonton and intermediate
stations. Every Tuesday up to Octo-
ber 28th. Return limit two months.

ONE-WAY SECOND-CLASS COL-
ONIST FARES TO

Alberta, British Columbia, Idaho,
Oregon, Utah, Washington, San Fran-
cisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal.;
Mexico City, Mex., and intermediate
stations. On sale from Sept. 25th to
October 10th, inclusive, 1913.

Particulars on application to:
10 Ste. Anne Street. Phone 567.
20 Dalhousie Street. Phone 73.

GEO. H. STOTT,
C. P. & T. A.,
Quebec, Que.

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY

CHANGE OF TIME
Commencing September 28th, 1913.

Through New York
Sleeping Car
Every Day

DINING CAR SERVICE.

Trains Leave Levis:

8:00 A.M.—For Portland, Sherbrooke
and all local stations,
daily except Sunday.

3:30 P.M.—For New York and Bos-
ton and all main line sta-
tions daily. For Chau-
diere Valley and Megan-
tic divisions daily except
Sunday. Through New
York Pullman daily con-
necting at Sherbrooke
with Pullman for Boston.

Ferry from Quebec 30 minutes in
advance of train departure.

For further information and Pull-
man reservations apply F. S. Stock-
ing, C. and D. P. Agent, 32 St. Louis
St., Agent for Thos. Cook & Son, and
all Ocean Steamers.

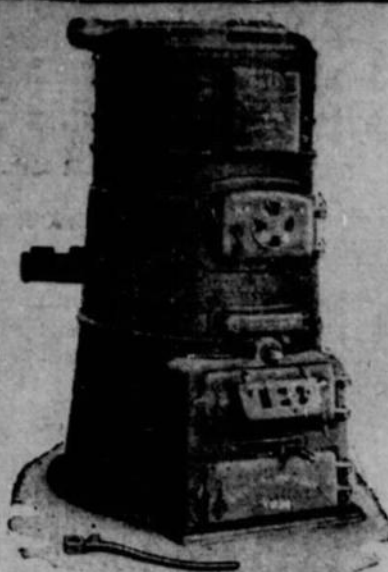
**INTERCOLONIAL
RAILWAY**

HUNTERS' EXCURSIONS

Special round trip fares to certain
destinations in the Provinces of Que-
bec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.
Dates of issue: October 10th to
25th, inclusive.

Return limit: November 15th, 1913.
Further information and sleeping
car reservations on application to City
Offices, Nos. 7 du Fort and 22 Dal-
housie Sts. Telephone 530 and 99.
Also No. 31 Buede St. Telephone
No. 4104.

S. J. NESTOR,



It's the
'DAISY'
that is
Universally
Acknowledged
as being the
BEST BOILER
in the market.
— Agents —
**Mechanic's Supply Co.
Limited**

DELIVERS LECTURE AT MORRIN COLLEGE

MRS. E. SELLERS STRONG
TELLS OF "IMPERIAL IDEA
OF ROMAN ART."

A very select and cultured audience gathered at the Morrin College Hall last evening to hear the lecture which was delivered by Mrs. Eugenie Sellers Strong, assistant director of the British School in Rome.

The entertainment was under the patronage of the Quebec Society of the Archaeological Institute of America and the subject treated by the distinguished lady lecturer was "The Imperial Idea of Roman Art."

Among those comprising the audience were Sir Lomer and Lady Gouin, Sir George and Lady Garneau and many other distinguished citizens who were delighted with the discourse as well as the rare views which were shown, and warmly complimented Mrs. Strong at the conclusion. The speaker showed a deep knowledge of archaeology and the masterly manner in which she dealt with the subject was a treat, which Quebecers are seldom afforded.

From first to last her auditors followed her with rapt attention and at the conclusion the very Rev. Dean Williams, who presided over the meeting, moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer, which was heartily carried amid warm applause.

SUCCESSFUL HUNTING

IN PORTNEUF

Messrs. Charistos Koomas, T. Adamakis, Louis Berdos, Alec. Aube, G. Pergantis, W. G. Ralis, all from Quebec, and Come Arcand, of Portneuf, have just returned from a successful hunting trip in the country north of Portneuf and Deschambault. Several head of deer were brought back by the lucky hunters as well as a large number of partridges.

The party returned to town thoroughly pleased with their outing and the enjoyable weather in the woods. The entire party had dined together last evening to celebrate the event.

MAYOR OF NOME

APPEALS FOR FUNDS

Nome, Alaska, Oct. 7.—Mayor George A. Jones has issued the following appeal through the Associated Press:

"A tidal storm has destroyed one-half of Nome. The damage is estimated at one million dollars. Five hundred persons are homeless, most of them destitute. Winter is approaching and public assistance is necessary. Funds should be sent to the city treasurer of Nome."

Mrs. Grosvenor and party arrived here from Murray Bay yesterday, after spending the summer there. They leave today for New York.

WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION

ONTARIO LADIES HOLD THEIR
THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL
CONVENTION.

Stratford, Ont., October 7.—Opening with an inspiring consecration service led by Miss Agnes Sproule, of Fort William, the thirty-sixth annual provincial Women's Christian Temperance Union convention began at Central Methodist Church with about 200 delegates present and Mrs. E. A. Stevens, of Toronto, presiding. The past president, Mrs. McKee, of North Bay, gave a brief address on "Fellowship." Notice of motion was given of amendments whereby Local temperance leagues of fifty members will be entitled to representation at the provincial convention and those of twenty membership at county conventions.

Several department superintendents reported, the most important report being that of Mrs. Hyslop, provincial organizer. She had visited eighty towns in twenty counties, and secured 320 active and 21 honorary members, securing \$328.76 in collections. Unions were organized at Fenelon Falls, Galt, Waterloo, Vankleek Hill, Fairmount, Ottawa, Welburn, and Steelton.

Mrs. McGillivray of Ottawa, reported on flower missions, 7,463 bouquets having been distributed in eighty unions.

Mrs. Jameson, of Ottawa, reported 142 parlor meetings with an average attendance of 47.

Mrs. Thomas Harrison, of London, conducted the devotional half-hour before the convention adjourned at noon.

The afternoon session of the W. C. T. U. A. was given over to receiving further department reports and listening to greetings from the local churches, to which Mrs. Thornley, of London, responded.

In reporting of scientific temperance, Mrs. Maxwell, of Windsor, praised the school nurse movement.

The finance of the union was shown to be in a healthy condition. The provincial secretary, Mrs. Britton, of Gananoque, reported receipts of \$3,290.13, expenditures of \$1,815.56, leaving a balance of \$1,474.57.

The membership was reported by Mrs. Detlor, of North Bay, to be 7,497, with another 4,998 junior members in the local temperance leagues.

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Carrington, Providence, R. I., arrived here by automobile last evening.

Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Chief Administrator of Canada during the absence of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, is in town.

Rev. W. Sydney Weary, Rector of St. John's the Divine, Byng Inlet, Ont., is in the city on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Weary, 32 St. Gabriel street.

Dr. and Mrs. Ashley Lindsay are staying at 159 Grande Allee. They intend leaving for China next week and will be glad to receive visits from their friends Thursday afternoon and evening this week.

RUSSIAN IMMIGRANT

KILLED YESTERDAY.

Toronto, October 7.—One day after he had been engaged by Morris Wallberg, 50 Maria street, to work on a building which was being razed at 90 Sherbourne street, Jake Silver, a Russian Jew, of whom little is known, was killed today by the collapse of a fence around the building.

A fellow workman, Morris Hobas, was also injured, sustaining a fractured jaw and bruises. Silver had been in Canada only a few days.

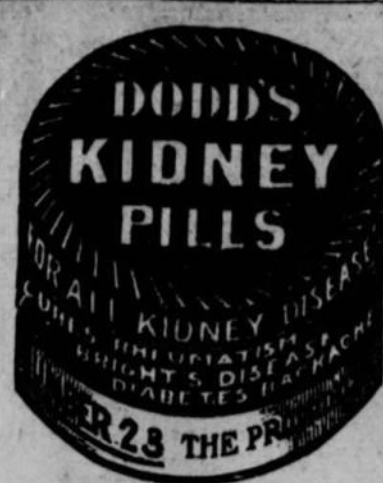
DAM AT THE SOO.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—The International Joint Commission which is meeting in Ottawa this afternoon disposed of the Michigan and Lake Superior Power Company for permission to build a dam at Sault Ste. Marie, and granted the application of the Algoma Steel Corporation for a preliminary hearing for a request to build a similar dam from the Canadian side. Tomorrow the Commission will tackle the problems connected with the maintenance of the level of the Lake of the Woods. Dams at Kenora have raised its level so that its shores have been flooded, causing protest.

The Michigan and Lake Superior Company applied to the United States government for a lease which would enable them to develop power as far as the international boundary.

The government has been considering the leasing of this water to them but has submitted it to the International Joint Commission, which has jurisdiction over such things. Similarly the Dominion Government, which has under consideration the leasing of like privileges on the Canadian side to the Algoma Steel Corporation, will have the case passed on. The two companies propose to build a dam from each side of the international boundary which will meet in the centre to form one project. The whole will result in a considerable diversion of water and further hearings will probably be held in Sault Ste. Marie to enable any local objections to the scheme to be heard.

Mr. Clarence M. Brown, of New York, is representing the Michigan and Lake Superior Power Company, and Mr. Thomas Gibson, of Toronto, general counsel of the Algoma Steel Corporation, is championing its interests, while Mr. C. S. McInnes, of Toronto, is Dominion counsel.



ABATTOIR COMPANY ASKS PRIVILEGES OF CITY COUNCIL

(Continued from Page One)

Mr. Vien replied that their intention was to have the same prices as the Montreal Abattoir Company.

Ald. Cote was not favorable to granting any exclusive rights which would prevent competition, but Mr. Vien replied that if the Quebec Abattoir Company started business without that privilege and did a good trade, such firms as Swift and Armour would come here and run them out of business.

Mayor Drouin remarked that everybody knew that no abattoir company would establish a business in Quebec without exclusive rights, and he considered the propositions made by the present company the most advantageous ever made by similar companies. However, the committee could not give the company a reply at that meeting, as he had written to several cities to find out upon what conditions abattoirs were erected there and they would have another meeting next week.

Mr. Vien wanted the committee to recommend to Council to adopt the principle of the establishment of abattoirs, exemption of taxes, exclusive rights for a number of years, and this would be sufficient good now for the company to work on.

Aldermen Madden, Cote, Gauvin and Verret considered that another week would not cause much delay. The delegates then withdrew, highly pleased with the result of the interview.

The committee then discussed the matter among themselves, but no decision was arrived at. They all admit the necessity of an abattoir in Quebec, and no better spot could be chosen than that selected by the company, as two railways, the C. N. R. and Q. & L. St. J., pass through their property. The exemption of taxes will no doubt be granted for ten years and the exclusive right limited to fifteen years; at least several of the aldermen were of that opinion.

RECORDER'S COURT.

The Recorder had five prisoners accused of drunkenness before him yesterday. Two paid \$5 and costs each, and three were discharged. A contractor paid \$100 and costs for obstructing St. James street.

"THE QUAKER GIRL."

Another Packed House Testifies Its Approval of Clever Performance.

That "The Quaker Girl" is a decided hit with the Quebec theatre-going public was more than proved again last evening, when that most entertaining musical comedy was again witnessed by a full house. Miss Bernice McCabe again starred last evening, as did Victor Mosley and the other leading characters. The choruses were also very well received and the encores were numerous. Yesterday afternoon, one of the chorus girls, Audrey Demers, developed an attack of appendicitis and was taken to Jeffery Hale's Hospital, where she was successfully operated on and was reported to be doing well last evening.

A TEN CENT BOX OF "CASCARETS"

KEEPS YOUR LIVER AND BOWELS ACTIVE AND YOU FEEL BULLY FOR MONTHS.

Get a 10-cent box.

Put aside—just once—the Salts, Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters which merely force a passageway through the bowels, but do not thoroughly cleanse, freshen and purify these drainage organs, and have no effect whatever upon the liver and stomach.

Keep your "insides" pure and fresh with Cascarets, which thoroughly cleanse the stomach, remove the undigested, sour food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken, and cost only 10 cents a box from your druggist. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Bilelessness, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipated Bowels. Cascarets belong in every household. Children just love to take them.

F. SIMARD & CIE

142 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec

ARE SHOWING PRESENTLY THE NEWEST AND THE MOST BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS IN WOMEN'S COATS AND SUITS.

Ladies' Suits, made of high-grade Whipcords, the newest tailor-made style, coat made of plain whipcord, skirt made with checked material in brown and blue; trimmed with buttons... \$23.50

Ladies' Tailor-made Bedford Cord Suits, exclusive designs, trimmed with ruching braids, in plum, navy and black. Priced at... \$21.50

Women's Fall and Winter Coats, made of navy and blue de Saxe Ratine velvet; collar and pipings, in all sizes. Priced at... \$19.25

Women's Tailored Scotch Tweed Coats, draped and round front. Priced at... \$17.50

The newest Models in Dresses and Waists. Beautiful street Serge Dresses, trimmed with moire silk, collar and belt; brown, navy, Saxe blue and black; in all sizes. Priced at... \$10.75

Girls' School Serge Dresses. French all-wool Black Serge Dresses, collar and sleeves trimmed, pleated skirts, 8 to 12 years... \$5.50

Misses Colored Serge Dresses, trimmed in different styles; sizes 8 to 14 years. Priced from... \$4.15 up to \$6.75

Women's Waists (charming models). Women's Charmeuse Silk Waists, dressy and high-grade models, the new long sleeve, in brown, navy and silver grey; all sizes. Priced at... \$5.75

Women's Messaline Silk Waists, low collar and long sleeves; white, trimmed with black; black, trimmed with white, and navy trimmed with white. At... \$7.50

Women's Ice Wool Spencers. Women's Knitted Spencers, in white, fawn, grey and black; all sizes. Priced at... 95c and \$1.50

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Boys' Diagonal Mixed Tweed Fall Overcoats, best make, with wide sailor collar, best make, and good straps; 9 to 16 years. At... \$6.75

Boys' Mixed Tweed Russian Suits, trimming, 3 to 8 years. At... \$4.15

F. SIMARD & CIE

142 St. Joseph Street, Quebec

Telephone 2892

Square Cedar from Old DORCHESTER BRIDGE

for Sale at
50 PER CENT REDUCTION

J. H. GIGNAC, Limited
142 Church Street,
QUEBEC

Phone 5502

Phone 5503

Oct 22xtu,th,styly

Carpets, Linoleums, Oilcloths.

Though there has been a big raise in the prices of Carpets and Oilcloth, we have had the good fortune of buying them before, so we are in a position to sell them still at the old prices.

Having made double buying, we have the largest selection that has ever been offered in this city.

Curtains, Curtains, Curtains.

Our department of Curtains—Pairs vary in prices from 60c a pair to \$30.00.

Curtains by the yard in Etamine, Muslin, Madras, Grenadines, Applique, Mercerized Marquisesettes, Voiles, Scrims, etc., etc. Plush, Velours and all sorts of Curtain materials.

P. J. COTE,
31 St. John Street
OPPOSITE PALACE HILL.

Now is The Time

Why don't you have your White Serge Suits dyed some other color for the Fall?

The best people in Quebec have their Suits dyed and cleaned at

GLOVER'S LAUNDRY,
92 Colomb Street. Phone 4382.

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