

TRADE & COMMERCE.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

Steamer	Date	From	To
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty
Alaska	May 15	Montreal	Admiralty

TELEGRAPH OFFICES.

Office	Address	Office	Address
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70
Pointe St. Louis	70	Quebec	70

ANTICOSTI.

Fox Bay	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7
Pointe St. Louis	7

MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28
Amherst	28

CAPE BRETON.

Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19
Meat Cove	19

MARINE SIGNALING STATIONS.

Name of Station	Signals Location
L'Islet	Flg. S. Sh. 47
Rivière du Loup	Flg. S. Sh. 111
Rimouski	Flg. S. Sh. 177
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207
Pointe St. Louis	Flg. S. Sh. 207

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

ARRIVED—May 13.
Steamship Carmora, 2447, J. A. Halcrow, master, from the Tyne, April 29, general, R. Reford & Co. agents.
Steamship Inverlath, 841, H. H. Leng, master, from Pictou, N.S., May 3, coal, J. G. Sides, agent.
CLEARED—May 12.
Steamship Ontario, 2017, J. McAuley, master, for Liverpool, general, D. Torrance & Co. agents.
May 14.
Steamship Texas, 1838, W. Couch, master, for Liverpool, D. Torrance & Co. agents.
Steamship Inverlath, 841, H. H. Leng, master, for Pictou, ballast, J. G. Sides, agent.

VESSLS IN PORT.

Carmona, 2447, R. Reford & Co. agents.
Langsaw, 186, R. Reford & Co. agents.
Buenos Ayres, 1718, R. Reford & Co. agents.
Circassian, 2355, H. & A. Allan.
Lake Huron, 2648, C. S. Co.
Dunrobin, 2031, D. Torrance & Co.
Cynthia, 1409, R. Reford & Co.
Avonia, 1279, R. Reford & Co.
Schooner.
Anna Maria, 60, C. A. Boucher.
PORT OF QUEBEC.
ARRIVED—May 14.
Barque Hedvig, Zernichow, London, R. R. Dobell & Co. ballast.
Steamship Oregon, Williams, Liverpool, W. M. McPherson, general.
Steamship Oskholm, Prowse, Liverpool, for Montreal.
Steamship Clondun, Harney, Cuba via Halifax, for Montreal.
CLEARED—May 14.
Steamship Concordia, Rollo, Glasgow, John Ross & Co.
Steamship Scandinavian, Parks, Glasgow, Allan, R. & Co.
Steamship Grecian, Legallais, Glasgow, Allan, R. & Co.
Schooner Marie Erzelie, Bernier, Chetiv, John Ross.
Schooner Marie St. Croix, Fortin, Nantiquish, John Ross.
Schooner Maria Jomcas, Blanc, Coblen, Kendall & Browning.
Schooner Marie St. Anne, Jacques, River St. John, P. Sides.
Steamship Erl King, Denham, Montreal, John Ross & Co.
Steamship Polynesian, Brown, Montreal, Allan, R. & Co.
Steamship Oregon, Williams, Montreal, W. M. McPherson.

ITEMS—May 14.

Captain Brown, of the mail steamship Polynesian, at this time reports, reports experienced light and heavy weather during the first part of the voyage; May 10 had a strong westerly gale and heavy head sea and was delayed six hours by fog below Rimouski; also, passed barque Calcedonia and Shakespear off Fox river, bound up; May 5 passed steamship Ethiopia in lat. 55.11, long. 10.32; bound up; 11th, barque Queen of Nations, in lat. 16, long. 53, bound west; 12th, barque Virginia, off Cape Magdalen, bound up.
Captain Denham, of the steamship Erl King, at this port, from London, reports: Experienced light and heavy weather to 40° west, from thence to Brit Rock strong westerly gales; passed five icebergs in lat. 48 north, 48 west, and a quantity of field ice off Bird Rock; passed the barque Sagona, of Richibucto, off St. Pierre; barque Arimate, off south point Anticosti, in company with a number of ships and barges and four other sailing ships between Cape Breton and Cape Chateau.
A splendid new schooner constructed during the winter for wrecking purposes will be launched next week.
The steam yacht Ripple, owned by Mr.

Montreal Free Press

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXV.—No. 115.

MONTREAL, TUESDAY, MAY 15, 1883.

PRICE, THREE CENTS.

MONDAY, OF ST. JOHN, P.Q., arrived here today en route to New York, N.B., where she has been sold to Mr. R. Call.

The steamship Oxenholm at 11 a.m., Clondun at 11.20 a.m. and Erl King at 1 p.m., all proceeded to Montreal.

The steamship Polynesian and Oregon will leave for Montreal to-morrow morning.

The steamship Scotland proceeded to sea at 11 a.m.

BELOW QUEBEC—May 14.

SOUTH POINT—A barque inward at 7 this morning.

SOUTH-WEST POINT—Two barges and a steamship inward at sunset; four barges and one schooner inward this morning.

BASSIE RIVER—One schooner inward this morning.

WEST POINT—One schooner inward this morning.

ENGLISH BAY—One schooner northward.

CAPE DESHAIR—One barque bound west at 5 this morning; one brig bound west at 7.45 this morning; one brig bound west at 2.30 this evening.

CAPE ROSIER—Two ships inward.

RIVER DU LOUP—Steamer Champion No. 1, towing one barque inward at 2 this evening; one pilot schooner and one tug inward at 2.30 this evening; one four-masted steamship inward at 5 this morning; one two-masted steamship outward at 7 a.m.

L'ISLET—One two-masted steamship outward this morning; two steamships inward this morning.

FOX RIVER—Steamship Grecian outward at 2.55 this evening; seven ships inward; eight ships outward at 5 this morning; one schooner outward at noon.

MARTIN RIVER—One three-masted steamship outward at 9.30 this morning.

PORT JACQUES-CARTIER, 3 p.m.—One brig, of Jersey, inward at noon, all well on board, bound for Paspébiac.

CAPE CHATEAU—One three-masted steamship at 3 this morning; steamship Ontario outward at 11.40 this morning; eight ships inward today.

MATANE—One three-masted steamship outward at 5.25 a.m.; one three-masted steamship outward at 9.55 a.m.; four ships inward at 12.30 p.m.; two barges inward at 8 a.m.; one two-masted steamship inward at 8.30 a.m.; one three-masted steamship outward at 1.30 p.m.; two ships inward this afternoon.

FATHER POINT—Steamship Barcelona inward at 12.30 p.m.; steamship Lake Champlain outward at 12.30 p.m.; two barges inward this afternoon; steamship Grecian outward at 1 a.m.; steamship Ontario outward at 6 a.m.

HALIFAX, N.S., May 14—Eighteen of the crew of the barque Zambesi, which was sunk by the ice off Cape Breton coast last week, have arrived here from North Sydney, at which port they were landed by the vessel that picked them up.

St. John, N.B., May 14—Barque Two-light, Capt. Thornton, which arrived yesterday, 40 days from London, met with disagreeable weather on the passage. On the 12th of April she experienced a very heavy gale from the northwest, which lasted until the 17th, and in which she was driven back 400 miles. Several icebergs were seen on the eastern edge of the Banks.

LAKE PORTS.

PORT D'ALOUIS, May 14—Up—L. Seaton, Kingston to Toledo, coal; Vanand, Kingston to Cleveland; H. Dudley, Kingston to Port Colborne; Phoebe Catharine, Toronto to St. Catharines; lumber; Ark, Port D'Alouis to Chicago; Albion, Port D'Alouis to Chicago; Charger, Oswego to Toledo, coal; propeller Myles, Montreal to Duluth; barges, Finch, Kingston to Buffalo; Hawk, Kingston to Buffalo.

Down—Floretta, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Homer, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Halsted, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Samana, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Hartford, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Nassau, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Hattie, Chicago to Kingston, corn; Typo, Chicago to Kingston, corn; J. Benson, Toledo to Kingston, lumber; propeller Dominion, St. Catharines to Montreal, wheat.

MONTREAL, May 14.

—The Dominion Line new steamer "Oregon" is expected to arrive in port on Wednesday.

—The Thomson Line SS. "Barcelona," from the Mediterranean, passed Father Point inwards at 12.30 p.m.

—The Allan SS. "Nova Scotia," from Glasgow via Liverpool and Queenstown, arrived at Boston at 4 p.m. on Monday, bringing 32 intermediate and 717 steerage passengers.

—The combination amongst the insurance companies to keep up the rates at Quebec threatens to be destroyed, as the corporation has just succeeded in insuring a number of its buildings at 50 cents per hundred dollars.

—The Red Star Line SS. "Waesland" sailed from New York for Antwerp on Saturday, May 12, with 112 saloon passengers, among them are Dr. H. H. Haas, Dr. Wm. Gray, Mrs. Dr. Shafter, Dr. H. Everett, Dr. S. C. Long, Mrs. and Miss Gilmore.

—At a meeting of the creditors of the bankrupt firm of Lord & Munn, held in Mr. S. C. Fatt's office this afternoon, it was unanimously resolved to accept the offer of \$11,000 cash made by the new firm of Lord, Munn & Co. for the old concern's estate. Deducting two or three thousand dollars for expenses in winding up, the actual assets are at the most \$9,000, to meet the claims of \$170,000, not much more than five cents on the dollar.

—Messrs. Richardson & Co.'s monthly circular dated Swansea, May 1, gives the statistics of copper there at 13,331 tons ore, 5,311 tons regulus, 7,778 tons copper and 12,000 tons of fine copper. The private sales during the month comprise 431 tons of Bolivian regulus at 12s 3d; 378 tons of Bolivian ore at 12s; 520 tons Rio Tinto pre-fabricated 12s 2d, delivered in Liverpool. Chile charters advised for the first half of the past month amount to 900 tons, all bars and ingots, 800 for England and 100 for France. We quote: Copper, ores and regulus, 12s 10d to 12s 6d per unit; tough cable and ingot, 26s to 27s; Chile bars (G. O. B.) 26s to 26s 10s. Silver, bar, 4s 2 1/2d per oz standard.

FINANCIAL.

The official statement of the chartered banks doing business in Canada to the 30th April, 1883, has come to hand today. The Government deserve every acknowledgment from the public and especially those interested in bank securities, for the despatch and promptness displayed in giving the return so early in the month. Compared with the previous month, the principal items exhibit some very marked changes. We observe that circulation has come in to the extent of about \$435,000. The returns for the past three months show the circulation to have been—

February. March. April.

\$34,044,909 \$34,517,813 \$33,082,655

Deposits under the several heads, as compared with March, show a decrease of \$778,000, and on the month of February of about \$810,000, evidence, to some extent, that trade obligations have been attended to. The totals for the past three months were—

February. March. April.

\$108,551,474 \$108,818,853 \$105,040,776

In the last item, loans and discounts, there is an increase of about \$109,000 on last month and about \$1,600,000 as compared with February. The amounts for the past three months were as follows—

February. March. April.

\$174,980,875 \$176,480,574 \$176,589,884

We regard the return, on the whole, as a very healthy and satisfactory one. Subjoined we publish a condensed table of the principal items and the detailed statement we trust to be able to publish in a few days—

LIABILITIES.

Capital authorized, \$89,646,666

Capital paid up, \$61,231,561

Notes in circulation, \$38,038,658

Dom. Gov. dep. on demand, \$34,000,369

Deposits to secure, \$4,890,000

Deposits on foreign, \$1,040,482

Prov. Gov't dep. on demand, \$58,6418

Other dep. on demand, \$1,067,519

Other dep. on demand, \$45,130,180

Other dep. on demand, \$2,533,608

Loans by other banks, \$1,364,738

Due to Banks in Canada, \$94,047

Due to Banks in foreign countries, \$174,093

Due to other Banks, \$2,396,491

Other liabilities, \$298,510

Total liabilities, \$146,207,807

Assets, \$146,207,807

Domestic Notes, \$10,133,748

Notes and Cheques of other banks, \$6,749,610

Due from banks in Canada, \$2,773,681

Due from Banks in U. S., \$11,175,542

Gov. deb. or stock, \$1,703,677

Securities of other than Canadian, \$900,722

Loans to Dominion Gov't, \$1,804,613

Loans to Provincial Gov't, \$710,603

Loans on bond, \$900,704

Loans to Munic. Corp., \$13,304,684

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,205,662

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,194,071

Loans to other Corporations, \$12,952,106

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,172,601

Loans to other Corporations, \$902,980

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,661,143

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,678,782

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,242,116

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,726,453

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,301,225

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,787,198

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,400,415

Loans to other Corporations, \$723,360

Loans to other Corporations, \$1,414,867

Loans to other Corporations, \$2,065,094

Loans to other Corporations, \$2,283,007

Loans to other Corporations, \$2,283,007

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Loans to other Corporations, \$2,283,007

STOCKS.

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank of Montreal, \$200

Bank

minum rates. The mines are doing little or nothing in the way of production, and the probabilities are that shipments will be unusually light. The ore companies realize that they made a mistake last year in pushing the mines to such an extent as to accumulate so large a surplus of ore for which there was but little demand, and which necessitated their selling at prices yielding no profits. All of the Lake Superior companies are making a radical change in their policy of conducting work this year, and have made large reductions in their forces. Many of the mines have not been worked at all during the winter, and it is stated that a number of the large mines have decreased the production one-half since February. As a result, the quantity of ore on hand is unusually small, with but few orders coming in.

THE HORSE MARKET.

MONTREAL, May 14.—The horse trade of this city continues to suffer from a lack of offerings, except of poor animals, which are not wanted. Business at College street market has been slow from the cause just stated, but inquiries have been brisk enough for good horses. Mr. Maguire expects three car loads of fine driving and working horses from the West in a day or two, which will be offered in this market. At the Horse Exchange, Point St. Charles, trade has been light. Mr. J. H. Kimball reports the following sales:—One bay draft horse, sold to Mr. Cochrane, of Compton, Que., at \$262.50; one bay horse at \$135; one do. at \$150; one brown mare at \$100; one fine pair of carriage horses to Mr. Pope, of Ottawa, at \$600; one sorrel gelding at \$95; one brown carriage horse at \$375; and one imported thoroughbred Clydesdale mare to Mr. John Clarke, of Ottawa, at \$1,550. The lot of thoroughbreds, which were specially imported by the owners of the Exchange, have been generally admired, several of them in a substantial way, four having already been sold at satisfactory prices. A pair of first class carriage horses, driven and hunters, was received from the West this morning and will be sold by special auction sale at the Exchange on Thursday next. Another car is expected in a day or two. Dr. McEachern, V.S., intends shortly to undertake a journey to the West for the purpose of starting a ranch, and he will take with him some fine horses.

THE CATTLE MARKETS.

MONTREAL, May 14.—At Messrs. Acer & Kennedy's yards, Point St. Charles, there was a large supply of shipping cattle this morning, which were offered in greater numbers than the demand could absorb. Prices consequently were weaker and slower. A fair business was done, however, at from 54c to 61c per lb. live weight, as to quality. Hogs were also more plentiful, and ruled lower at 74c to 76c per lb. live weight. At Viger Market the 200 butchers' cattle offered found a slower sale at earlier prices. Choice butchers' cattle brought 56c to 61c per lb. live weight, but were exceptional. Fair to good cattle were in moderate demand at 50c to 55c, commoner animals sold at 44c, and inferior at 4c. Calves were in fair supply and dull at from 52c to 59c each, as to quality. Sheep were scarce and in request at from 50c to 61c per lb. Lamb sold from \$2.50 to \$5 each.

THE HAY AND STRAW MARKETS.

MONTREAL, May 14.—The quality of hay offered to-day averaged poor, and only exceptional loads brought over \$11. The supply was light and demand indifferent. We quote \$9 to \$11 per hundred bundles. Straw was in slow demand and ruled easy at \$3 to \$5 per hundred bundles as to quality.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE MONTREAL HERALD.

CANADIAN.

GRAIN.—Wheat, No. 1, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 2, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 3, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 4, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 5, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 6, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 7, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 8, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 9, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 10, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 11, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 12, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 13, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 14, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 15, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 16, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 17, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 18, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 19, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 20, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 21, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 22, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 23, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 24, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 25, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 26, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 27, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 28, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 29, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 30, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 31, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 32, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 33, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 34, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 35, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 36, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 37, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 38, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 39, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 40, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 41, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 42, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 43, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 44, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 45, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 46, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 47, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 48, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 49, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 50, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 51, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 52, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 53, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 54, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 55, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 56, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 57, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 58, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 59, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 60, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 61, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 62, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 63, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 64, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 65, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 66, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 67, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 68, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 69, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 70, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 71, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 72, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 73, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 74, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 75, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 76, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 77, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 78, \$1.00 to \$1.02; 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No. 117, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 118, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 119, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 120, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 121, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 122, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 123, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 124, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 125, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 126, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 127, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 128, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 129, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 130, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 131, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 132, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 133, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 134, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 135, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 136, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 137, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 138, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 139, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 140, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 141, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 142, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 143, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 144, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 145, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 146, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 147, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 148, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 149, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 150, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 151, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 152, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 153, \$1.00 to \$1.02; No. 154, \$1.00 to \$1.02; 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CIVIC AFFAIRS.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

The regular monthly meeting of the City Council was held yesterday afternoon, when the following were present: Ald. Grenier, Laurent, Hood, Donovan, J. C. Wilson, Robert, Mooney, Thos. Wilson, Hagar, Jeannotte, Fairbairn, Prevost, Farrell, Brown, Tansey, Beauchamp, Dubuc, Rainville, Stevenson, Holland, Beausoleil, Mount, Roy, Stroud and McShane.

PETITIONS.

A petition from P. G. Martineau, advocate, claiming the sum of \$107, as compensation for the illegal seizure of a calf belonging to Mr. Henri, a butcher, of Montreal, was referred to the Health Committee.

A petition of owners of private butchers' stalls to reduce to \$100 the cost of licence for opening a private butcher's stall, was referred to the Market Committee.

A petition of Charles Normandin for the appointment of a Meat Inspector for Longueuil, was referred to the Market Committee.

A petition from Mr. Louis Lesage, Superintendent of Water Works, asking for an increase of salary, was referred to the Finance Committee.

A petition of Dame Margaret Cox, protesting against any increase in the rent of her shop or stand at the Ste. Ann's market, was referred to the Market Committee.

A petition from Noel Roy, bailiff of the Superior Court, to be appointed Corporation bailiff, was referred to the Finance Committee.

THE CITY'S AREA.

A statement was read from the City Surveyor, showing the area of the city of Montreal by wards, exclusive of Mount Royal Park and the harbour reclamation walls and wharves, which was as follows:

Wards. Acres.

St. Antoine Ward.....1,062.1

St. Ann's.....782.1

St. Mary's.....381.1

St. James.....381.1

St. Lawrence.....304.1

St. Louis.....294.1

East.....57.1

West.....54.1

Centre.....3,494.1

Total Acres.....3,494.1

SOAP MANUFACTURERS.

The City Clerk read a statement showing the names of soap manufacturers in the city of Montreal, and their places of business, numbering in all fifteen, as follows:

William Strachan & Co., Jacques Cartier street; A. W. Hood & Son, Amherst street; J. H. G. & Co., St. Ann's street; J. F. Baker, Beaudry street; Albert Fox, Beaudry street; Thos. Fox, Visitation street; E. J. Stuart, Visitation street; W. F. Beausoleil, Fullum street; J. O. Villeneuve, Papineau street; J. Hood & Co., Ontario street; J. B. B. & Co., Catherine street; J. H. G. & Co., St. Urban street; J. G. Heale, St. Urban street; Daniel Phelan, William street; Alfred Savage & Son, McCord street; and F. Brodeur, Amherst street.

On motion of Ald. Mooney, Chairman of the Board of Health, it was resolved that the City Clerk be authorized to notify the parties mentioned in said list, in accordance with the by-law, to remove in six months their manufactories outside the city limits.

A petition was read from a number of residents and real estate owners of St. Patrick street strongly protesting against the petition from the Lachine and Hochelaga Railway Company, asking that they be allowed to construct a railway branch from the G.T.R. to the Canada Sugar Refinery works, on the ground that it would greatly lessen the value of their property, and that in the event of their protest not being entertained they should hold the Council responsible for any loss or damage to their property resulting from any such action. The petition was referred to the Road Committee.

REPORTS.

The Finance Committee reported non-concurrence in the report of the Road Committee for a loan of \$200,000, and \$400,000 of \$200 each. The Finance Committee's report was adopted.

A report of the Road Committee for a sewer on Berri street was referred to the Finance Committee.

A report of the Road Committee to have Grose street, in St. Lawrence Ward, recorded as city property, was also referred to the Finance Committee.

Another report from the Road Committee, to have C-essent street, between Dorchester street and St. Catherine street, recorded as city property, was also referred to the Finance Committee.

The Road Committee reported, recommending the acceptance of that portion of Iberville street from Logan street to Mignonne street, in St. Mary's Ward. The report was referred to the Finance Committee.

Another report from the Road Committee to have Suzanne street, between Notre Dame and St. Catherine streets, recorded as city property was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Fire Committee reported, asking for an appropriation of \$4,100, to purchase a Hayes' extension truck ladder for the use of the Fire Brigade. The report was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Health Committee reported, recommending that Drs. Hingston, Norbert, and Forland, and Messrs. F. N. Boxer and J. A. U. Beaudry should be added to the Health Committee. The report was left over till next meeting.

The Finance Committee reported recommending that the request of proprietors on Craig street for exemption from assessment should be granted. The report was also left over till next meeting.

Ald. Laurent then moved, seconded by Ald. Hood, "That the Commission on the 9th of April last, with reference to the widening of Inspector street from St. James street east to College street, be now reconsidered and annulled." Carried.

A report containing a slight correction on the old report and in favour of the widening of Inspector street was then read and adopted.

PERMANENT ROADWAYS.

The Finance Committee reported concurring in the report of the Road Committee, asking for an appropriation of \$75,000 from the paving loan for placing permanent stone paving and flagstone sidewalks on Notre Dame, Centre, and Notre Dame, east, from McGill street to Mountain street, stone paving and flagstone sidewalks on St. Lawrence street, from Craig to Ontario streets, on Chabouillez Square from Inspector to Cathedral streets, and flagstone sidewalks where required on Notre Dame street west, from McGill to Inspector streets. The Finance Committee reported concurrence in this report, conditionally, however, that, as regards the flagstone sidewalks to be made by means of a special assessment to be levied according to law.

His Worship Mayor Beaudry expressed himself as strongly opposed to the adoption of the report, as many of the streets which it was proposed to pave at a large expense were sooner or later to be widened and why should the city go to such expense before these streets were properly widened and the drains, gas and water pipes got into proper condition. Until this was done he would strongly ob-

ject to the city spending \$175,000 on work that might be saved shortly after was finished, and he hoped this objection would be sufficiently strong to prevent the report from passing.

Ald. Laurent held that the objections made by the Mayor were without foundation. The Road Department had notified the Gas Company and the Water Department to get the pipes in proper order before the paving was commenced.

Ald. Rainville—Have you notified the new Gas Company? [Laughter.]

Ald. Laurent continuing said that as regarded the objections raised by the Mayor that the streets it was proposed to pave had to be widened, the only street that would be widened was St. Lawrence Main street and this had been projected for a long time.

Ald. Mooney favoured the immediate adoption of the Road Committee's report, saying he would wear out the old paving before it would wear out the new paving.

Ald. J. C. Wilson asked if the Chairman of the Road Committee had taken into consideration that the C. P. R. proposed to lay a double track on some of the streets that it was proposed to pave.

Ald. Laurent said that he had, and the C. P. R. authorities would be notified of the proposed paving, but he might say that a double track could not be laid on St. Lawrence Main or St. Mary streets.

Ald. Stevenson also opposed the adoption of the report at this meeting, and thought it should be left over until the new City Passenger Railway system was decided on. He, therefore, objected to the passing of the report, and raised the point of order that as no member objected to the report would have to be left over till next meeting.

His Worship the Mayor ruled in favour of Ald. Stevenson, and said that as one member objected to the adoption of the report, it must be left over till the next meeting.

Ald. Laurent objected to this, and said he would appeal from His Worship's decision, but afterwards withdrew his objection, and the further consideration of the report was left over till the next meeting.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Ald. Rainville gave notice that he would at a subsequent meeting "That application be made to the Legislature for authority to indemnify members of the Council for attendance at meetings of the Council and Committees, and that section 21 of 37th Vict., Chap. 51, be amended accordingly."

Ald. Holland asked why the committee on annexation had omitted Cote St. Antoine from the list of municipalities to be notified of the formation of this committee.

Ald. Beausoleil, Chairman of the Annexation Committee, replied that it had been their intention to notify all the adjoining municipalities, and if Cote St. Antoine was omitted it was not intentional.

Ald. Jeanne asked the Chairman of the Board of Health if it was true that the Health Committee employed paid informers to do their business.

Ald. Mooney replied that as far as he was aware there were no informers employed by the Health Department.

Ald. Mooney asked the Chairman of the Road Committee if it would not be possible to have the streets watered without watering the crossings, and thus creating great inconvenience to passengers.

Ald. J. C. Wilson said that the suggestion would be attended to.

Ald. McShane again brought up the question of the stench in Dalhousie street, stating that he visited the place a few days ago, at the request of the proprietors in the vicinity, in company with Dr. LaRoque.

Ald. Beausoleil said that the stench was very strong. He hoped the Doctor had reported the facts to the Chairman and members of the Health Committee, and that they would once and for all take action, if not, a heavy suit would be taken out against the city by those whose properties were being damaged.

Ald. Mooney said that the matter would receive the attention of the Health Committee.

Ald. Tansey asked the Chairman of the Road Committee if a report had been prepared upon the feasibility of draining that portion of St. Charles street, of the Wellington street railway crossing, by way of Wellington street into the present Grand Trunk street main sewer.

Ald. Laurent stated that the plan and reports had been prepared, and would be submitted at the next meeting of the Road Committee.

A NEW BY-LAW.

Ald. Hood then moved the first reading of a new by-law, to provide for the appointment of an Assistant Inspector of Buildings, which was read by the City Clerk, and was as follows:—The said Council may appoint an Assistant Inspector of Buildings, whose duty it shall be to assist the Inspector of Buildings in the discharge of the duties pertaining to his office, and who shall be vested with all the power conferred upon the said Inspector during absence or illness.

On motion of Ald. Hood, the by-law was read a second and third time and adopted, and His Worship the Mayor authorized to sign it.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

On motion of Ald. Beausoleil, the first order of the day was taken up; to consider the expediency of memorializing the Quebec Government for certain amendments to the acts respecting education, and amongst others, to render the School Commissioners elective directly by the ratepayers; the principle of separate schools for Catholics and Protestants to be strictly adhered to.

Ald. Beausoleil then moved, seconded by Ald. Holland, the following resolution:—That the existing system of appointing School Commissioners for the City of Montreal is not satisfactory;

That there is no good reason for submitting the City of Montreal to a different regime to that of the rest of the Province as regards the school question;

That the citizens of Montreal, being bound to pay the tax incurred in the construction and maintenance of schools, it is only proper that they should have the right to select the persons who will be entrusted with the expenditure of the moneys raised for the purpose;

That the elective system of School Commissioners is the only one in accordance with justice and with the inalienable right of the citizens to control the expenditure of these public moneys;

That in every change which may be made, the principle of separate schools should be maintained, and the Council, Catholic and Protestant contributors shall enjoy the absolute control of their respective scholastic systems;

That a memorial be addressed to the Government and to the Parliament of the Province of Quebec requesting it to modify the education laws, in conformity with the present resolution;

That a special Roman Catholic Committee and a special Protestant Committee be appointed, for the purpose of elaborating a system and preparing the memorial above alluded to;

That the Roman Catholic Committee be composed of Ald. Jeannotte, Dubuc, Beauchamp, Donovan, Rainville, and the mover, and the Protestant Committee of Ald. J. C. Wilson, Mooney, Hagar, Stevenson, and the seconder of the motion.

Ald. Beausoleil, in supporting his motion, explained that he wished the Committees to be named by the Council, one representing the Roman Catholic and the other the Protestant population of Mon-

treil, said Committees to take the necessary steps to secure the required changes. Ald. Mooney expressed himself as opposed to the Commission on the committees being appointed to report on the best means to be taken.

Ald. Donovan spoke strongly in favour of the Commission being elective, as far as the Roman Catholics were concerned, and of course the Protestants could do as they saw fit.

Ald. Donovan spoke at some length of the past extravagance of the School Commissioners and expressed himself as in favour of their being elective.

Ald. J. C. Wilson, it being six o'clock, here rose and moved, seconded by Ald. Donovan, that the Council do now adjourn and that the school question be the first business brought up for consideration at the next meeting of Council.

The motion, on being put to the meeting, was carried by a vote of seven for, five against, and the Council accordingly adjourned.

THE C. P. R. COMMITTEE.

The special committee appointed by the City Council to confer with the City Passenger Railway, in order to secure a better street car service, met yesterday morning in the Mayor's Room at the City Hall.

Ald. Stevenson occupied the chair, and all the members of the committee were present, including Ald. Grenier, Brown, Beausoleil, Roy, Robert, Laurent and Mr. Robillard, Superintendent of the City Passenger Railway Company.

Mr. Senecal, the President of the Company, having been invited to the meeting, he arrived at ten o'clock, and after the following changes and amendments in the now existing by-law:—

The Council to state, in a definite manner in Section No. 2, in what streets new or double tracks are wanted, and the Company being at liberty to lay the tracks in any street, once they are decided upon, whether the Council desires it or not.

Section No. 6 to be so altered as to extend the delay in carrying out the improvements to half of this and the next year.

Section No. 10, respecting the care of the road six inches outside of the track, to be struck out, the Corporation taking charge of that part of the street, but the company remaining liable for all damages to the citizens.

Section No. 15, to free the company from all losses until the year 1888.

Section No. 16 to be struck out.

Section No. 17, to fix the service at six minutes, the time being from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. to run their cars offener, and also after 10 p.m. charging double fare in the last month of the year.

Section No. 20, to require a ten minutes service only, for sleighs now marked as the six minutes district, other districts to be altered by the Council.

Section No. 27 to be struck out.

Section No. 30 to read: "During construction of tracks, and during the time when the tracks are being laid, the Corporation shall be at liberty to run their cars offener, and also after 10 p.m. charging double fare in the last month of the year."

Section No. 31, to extend the privileges of the Company to 25 years from September, 1888, and the Company to be given the preference over all others in case tenders are asked by the City for an electric railway, provided their terms and conditions can compare favourably with those of other tenders.

Section No. 32, to allow the company to use the old system of furnishing the public with tickets at the rate of 25 for \$1, and the present special tax of \$100 to be done away with.

Section No. 33, to have all the penalties included in one clause.

The only discussion that took place was on Sections 15 and 32, when Mr. Senecal asked, at first, that the Company be exempted from all taxes and license whatever, until such time as they were in a position to pay a dividend of 8 per cent. when they would not only pay all taxes but also pay all taxes in arrears from this date, the whole of the earnings over and above the 8 per cent. dividend to be put aside for that purpose.

Ald. Grenier was decidedly opposed to this, and said that all taxes would be doubled on Craig street from Papineau Square to Bleury street. A double track would also be laid on Notre Dame from Frontenac street to Place d'Armes, continuing then single as far as Chabouillez street, and then double again to the city limits. A branch would run from the existing track on St. James street through Bonaventure street, as far as Chabouillez street, running through the latter to meet the St. Joseph street track. The Bleury street line would run as far as Pine avenue. A single track would be laid on Windsor street from St. Catherine to Bonaventure street.

The Committee after deciding to hold a special meeting on Monday next to consider Mr. Senecal's propositions adjourned till that date.

EPPE'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Eppe has produced a breakfast food which is delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and properly nourished frame.—Civil Service Gazette.—Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets and Tins (1 lb. and 1 lb.) by grocers, labelled "JAMES EPPE & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, Eng." Also makers of Eppe's Chocolate Essence.

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Communications to be addressed to JAMES STEWART, General Manager, 4 VICTORIA BLVD., CORNER VICTORIA SQUARE AND ST. JAMES STREET WEST, Montreal.

The Montreal Herald.
TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 15.

APPOINTMENTS.
Montreal General Hospital—Annual Meeting in the Governors' Hall.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.
BY SHAW & GOWDER.
Furniture—At 10 a.m. at 10 a.m.
BY THOMAS & SONS.
Dry Goods—At their warehouse, at 10 a.m.
BY THOMAS J. POTTER.
Real Estate—At their rooms, at 10 a.m.

CONTENTS OF TO-DAY'S PAPER.
FIRST PAGE—Marine Intelligence; Commercial Items; Financial; Produce and Provisions, etc.
SECOND PAGE—Commercial continued, etc.
THIRD PAGE—Civic Affairs, etc.
FOURTH PAGE—Editorial, etc.
FIFTH PAGE—Advertisements, etc.
SIXTH PAGE—Dominion Parliament, etc.
SEVENTH PAGE—Local News, etc.
EIGHTH PAGE—Telegraphic Despatches.

HON. T. W. ANGLIN.

Hon. T. W. Anglin, of St. John, N.B., arrived in our city on Sunday morning, and left last night for Toronto. It is understood that Mr. Anglin will assume the editorship of the *Toronto Tribune*, a weekly Roman Catholic journal of considerable influence, and will also become a contributor to the *Toronto Globe*. It is altogether likely that Mr. Anglin will make Toronto his future home, removing his family thither as soon as circumstances will permit.

About thirty years have passed since Mr. Anglin landed in St. John, N.B., from Ireland. He was then in sympathy with the Young Ireland party, and started a newspaper to give expression to his advanced views. He met with no support from the clergy while holding this attitude, and his paper had to be abandoned. It was seen, however, that he was a man of ability, an easy, clever writer, and capable of being of service to a political party, and he was taken hold of by the Liberal Party of St. John, of whom Mr. (now Sir Leonard) Tilley, Mr. (now Chief-Justice) Ritchie, and Mr. (now Senator) Boyd, were prominent members. He commenced the publication of the *Freeman*, which became the leading spokesman of the Liberal party in the press; and continued to render valuable assistance to the party down to the time of the enactment of a Prohibitory Liquor Law. On this question, which was a measure of the Liberal Government of that day, led by Mr. Tilley, Mr. Anglin broke with the Liberal Party and joined hands with the Conservatives, of whom Mr. now Justice Gray, of British Columbia, and Mr. now Lieutenant-Governor, Wilnot, were leading members. He continued to act with the Conservatives down to the time of Confederation, when Mr. Gray joined hands with Mr. Tilley, Mr. Mitchell and the other Liberal leaders to bring about the Union. Mr. Anglin remaining in opposition both to the Liberal leaders of the Province and to the Act of Confederation. The agitation over this question led to a general disruption of parties in New Brunswick some leading men and many of the rank and file of the Liberal party deserting their old leaders, and many Conservatives who believed in the Union following Messrs. Tilley, Gray, Mitchell and Fisher into the Confederation camp. The tide ran first in favour of the anti-Unionists, and Mr. Anglin found himself in a Provincial Government with such Conservatives as Mr. R. D. Wilnot, and such Liberals as Mr. now Sir, Albert J. Smith. The Government lived but a short time, having been, practically, dismissed by Governor Gordon, and the question of Confederation was again submitted to the people. A Union Government came into power of which Mr. Tilley was leader, and resolutions in favour of Confederation were adopted; and the same Government, with several changes of leaders and numerous changes of members, held power down to February of the present year. To this Government, as to the Conservative Governments at Ottawa, Mr. Anglin was consistently opposed. He sat for a time as a member of the New Brunswick House of Assembly, representing St. John

county, and for nine years previous to his defeat in 1882, he represented Gloucester county in the House of Commons. Mr. Anglin was particularly distinguished in New Brunswick by his early advocacy of Liberal principles, which he aided to establish on a firm foundation, and by his opposition to the Prohibitory Liquor Law, in which he was successful. He probably did more than any other Roman Catholic in that Province to uphold the authority and influence of the church to which he belongs and, doubtless, made great sacrifices for his religious principles. It is safe to say that he wielded a greater influence amongst his co-religionists in New Brunswick than any politician is likely again to exercise. His removal is a serious loss to the Liberal party of the Province but will, no doubt, prove a gain to the Liberal party in Ontario.

"THE CHINESE MUST GO"

Since the commencement of the days of Sand Lot oratory, in San Francisco, there has been growing and intensifying a feeling of antagonism to "the heathen Chinese." It was declared that he must go; but it being impossible to bring this about, the United States being a free country, it was enacted by Congress that the Chinese should not come, and, in consequence, the Celestials have ceased to immigrate to the United States. There are yet considerable numbers of them in the country, against some of whom and their pernicious and immoral practices, a crusade has been inaugurated in the city of New York. Very properly Rev. Father Barry, a Roman Catholic clergyman, having in an especial manner had his attention drawn to the degrading and demoralizing opium dens that flourished almost within his sight, set to work to arrest the flood of wickedness which, without let or hindrance, was continually passing before him, and was constantly increasing in its volume. The investigations that have been made have revealed things that are horrid in the extreme, embracing not only the leading astray of women of mature age, but even of children of as tender an age as that of ten years. The destruction of body and of soul that has been effected under the fumes of the narcotic has been a startling revelation, so startling, indeed, that had it been made a few years back the life of a Chinaman would not have been safe in the Empire City. The fact has been developed that the victims of the keeper of the opium den have not been confined to the lower and more ignorant classes, but the wealthy and refined have, under the seducing influence of the drug, abandoned their fair fame and sacrificed all that self-respect of which they were accustomed to be proud. It is further stated that for long a Chinese deputy sheriff has been accustomed to mulct the "joint keepers"—for such they are called—in contributions to his own treasury, giving it to be understood, as is alleged, that this sum had to be paid by way of license to the New York authorities. If this were their understanding the Chinese must have had, indeed, an elevated opinion of the morality of the "Melian man."

On the side of the Chinese it was then declared by a confirmed opium smoker belonging to the white race, that the case against the opium dealers has been grossly exaggerated; but, however that may be, the details which have been brought to light by the police and the press are sad enough. The business must, without question, be broken up, and we doubt not that the American people will take the action necessary thereto; at the same time avoiding anything that can be made to resemble a persecution of those against whom so much antipathy, justly and unjustly, has been aroused. Besides, to their credit be it said, that there are numbers of Chinese who have volunteered to co-operate with the officials in the endeavour to stay the pestilential scourge which has unmistakably made great headway.

THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

Remarking upon the prospective visit to Canada of the British Association the *Belfast News Letter* says:—"A great treat is in store for our fellow-subjects in the Dominion of Canada. It has been arranged that the British Association will hold its meeting next year in Montreal. This decision was arrived at after care had been taken to ascertain the opinions of the members, to each of whom a circular had been forwarded desiring an expression of opinion on the desirability of responding to the invitation of the citizens of the commercial capital of the Dominion. The replies indicate that three hundred and fifty gentlemen will avail themselves of the Canadian invitation. At the suggestion of the Montreal committee the Dominion Government will supplement the public contributions by a gift of twenty thousand dollars. Fifty free passages will be placed at the disposal of the Association for those officers who are bound to be present at the meeting, and negotiations are going on with steamboat companies for reduced fares to members generally. Towards the entire cost of the passages the Montreal committee propose to make a large contribution. During the proceedings a considerable number of members will be provided with board and lodging free, together with free excursions to the Rocky Mountains, and other places of interest within ready reach. There is every reason to look forward hopefully to the Canadian meeting, and the colony cannot fail to derive advantage from the arrangement." It is satisfactory to notice that so many persons of scientific and literary proclivities are to visit this country and be our guests. Some of them have a little knowledge of us and our customs, while to many, ex-

cept by hearsay, Canada will be a *terra incognita*. Of one thing our British cousins may rest assured, and that is that in 1884 they will receive a right hearty welcome, such as Canadians know how to give; such, indeed, as shall reflect honour upon our visitors and credit to ourselves. The various committees appointed in this city will have their endeavours supplemented by the exertions of committees formed in other towns and cities to co-operate with them. A meeting of the Montreal Executive Committee will be held this afternoon to make further arrangements. The Lacrosse excursion will, there can be no doubt, have a good effect in directing attention, throughout the length and breadth of the British Isles, to Canada and its people, the lectures delivered and pamphlets circulated in connection with it being certain to have more influence than similar agencies employed outside of the interest and enthusiasm which the Canadian Lacrosse men are sure to create a meeting.

CHRISTIANITY AND BRITISH LAW.

The *World* commenting on the decision of Lord Chief Justice Coleridge in the *Freethinker* cases in London, contrasts the position occupied by Messrs. Foote and Ramsay, who are in prison for blasphemy, with that of Mr. Bradlaugh, who stands upon the same level with them, yet, instead of languishing in a dungeon, all that has been done to him is to exclude him from the House of Commons. "Lord Coleridge," it is remarked, "has declared that Christianity is no longer a law of the land in the sense in which it once was; that is to say, the whole tendency of the present time is towards universal toleration. The whole tendency of the time, a hundred or a hundred and fifty years ago, was against toleration. * * * Christianity therefore being not now an integral part of the Constitution to the extent that it once was, what is the position which it occupies? Lord Coleridge has had the courage to say that, provided the deencies of controversy are regarded, 'even the fundamentals of religion may be attacked without the writer being guilty of blasphemy.' * * * The cardinal fact to be borne in mind is that there has ceased to be anything penal in attacking religion itself, and that the one thing which cannot be done with impunity is to outrage respectability. To defend respectability, therefore, and not to protect religion, must be the object of the law in future. * * * The old Roman patricians continued to sacrifice to their duties long after they had lost all belief in their existence; but when the fact that they had lost their belief was dwelt upon with inconvenient pertinacity, they found it difficult to maintain their sacrificial system. There is a moral in this historical instance which we need not particularly point out. It would be well if those whom it concerns will take it to heart."

EXTRADITION.

For weeks past, the readers of some of the American papers, notably among them the *New York World*, have been regaled with stories of the sins of omission and commission of Great Britain, with respect to Ireland. In some quarters the story of the Alabama and other matters, for which Great Britain has given more than all the compensation which was adjudged, being added that no matter what Mr. Sackville West might do at Washington, the authorities of the Republic would never consent to the extradition of any of the parties, demands for whose surrender were expected. Some journals, however, among them the *New York Tribune*, appear to be of a different view, and the Washington correspondent of that paper has just expressed the opinion that it will be strange if one of the first results of the present Irish American agitation is not a new extradition treaty with Great Britain. He further intimates that in all probability secret negotiations are now pending between the two Governments, and adds that, if the present defective treaty has been revised, the obstacles have been of English making. We learn that out of thirty-one extradition treaties between the United States and foreign countries from twenty of them political offences are expressly excluded, but, speaking as it does semi-officially, the *Tribune* in no way hints that in the event of a revision that that offence will not be provided for. The latest advice convey the idea that the opinion prevails that the persons whose possible extradition is spoken of will be long be arrested and given up for trial. However this may be, and the opinion which is expressed may or may not be well founded, there is an increasing anticipation that a new treaty will be entered into by which dynamiters and their kindred conspirators will be placed in a position to be dealt with according to the claims and demands of justice.

JACQUES CARTIER.

Yesterday a meeting of Liberal delegates from the different parishes of the County of Jacques Cartier met at Pointe Claire, to consider the situation, in view of the annulling of the election of Hon. J. A. Mousseau. Among those present were Messrs. Mercier, Laflamme and G. W. Stephens. An exhaustive discussion took place upon the political outlook, and the general sentiment, as given utterance to, was one of unity and earnestness. On Sunday next, after Mass, a general meeting of electors will be held at St. Laurent, to which will be invited Messrs. Mousseau, Beaubien, and other representatives of both parties, when it is probable that a most interesting debate will take place.

Is Major-General the Hon. Sir Henry Hugh Clifford, K. C. M. G., C. B., V. C. The English army has lost a gallant and fortunate officer at the comparatively early age of fifty-seven. A son of the seventh Baron Clifford, he entered the army in 1846, and served with the Rifle Brigade through the South African wars between 1848 and 1853. In 1854 he went to the Crimea, first as aide to General Buller, then as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General of the Light Division, earning the Victoria Cross at Inkermann, where he headed the charge, and killed one Russian and cut down another in a struggle over a wounded comrade, whom he finally rescued. He was Assistant Quarter-General of the Chinese expedition in 1857, then served for some time at the Horse Guards, and finally, in 1879, was sent to Zululand with reinforcements, being second in command to Lord Chelmsford, and having charge of the line of communications and base of operations throughout the campaign. Besides his English decorations and four war medals, General Clifford had earned the Turkish Cross of the Legion. An interesting anecdote is told illustrative of his cool courage. One day in British Kaffaria, during the Kaffir war, he was in the act of sitting down on the ground, placing one hand behind him for the purpose. He felt something clammy to the touch, and found to his horror it was a puff-adder, a most venomous reptile. With great presence of mind he held the snake down until he could get his hand free, and then drew his sword from its scabbard, and opened it with his teeth and then coolly severed the reptile's head from its body.

The *Canadian Gazette* of London Eng., has the following in reference to a subject which has been a good deal talked about:—"In connection with the various rumours in circulation as to Lord Lorne's successor in the Governor-Generalship, one circumstance of some little importance seems to be overlooked. We allude to the fact that Lord Lorne's term of office does not expire till October next year. By many persons it is thought to terminate in the ensuing autumn—in other words, five years from his appointment on October 18th, 1878. But the maximum period of service is six, not five years, with extension for a further term at the discretion of the Crown. Neither Lord Monck nor Lord Lisgar served the full period, but Earl Dufferin held the position for six years and a half, having consented, at the request of the Government, to remain at Ottawa a few months longer until the present Governor-General was appointed. It is clear, therefore, that all speculation as to the next appointment is decidedly premature, and if heeded at all, the more or less contradictory rumours which may gain currency should certainly be accepted 'under all reserve.'"

According to the *Inverness Courier* the Canadian and Indian lacrosse teams will visit Inverness on the 22nd instant, and will play in the Northern Meeting grounds, the park and pavilion having been granted free of charge. A meeting had been called to form a committee of arrangements, while photographs of the players were being exhibited. The Provost and Magistrates resolved officially to extend their patronage to the players, and other influential gentlemen are taking a deep interest in the teams and in the game. The patronage of the Magistrates was granted on the motion of Dean of Guild Mackenzie, seconded by Bailie Maclean, both of whom spoke in the highest terms of the great interest, of the game, and the high character and position of the individual members of the teams. The Dean of Guild said the teams visit Britain under the patronage of the Marquis of Lorne, and letters from leading citizens of Montreal assured him that any community might be proud of a visit from them.

On the subject of the condition of the coloured people, the *New York World*, says:—"They have succeeded much better in every other profession and occupation than in politics. Negroes who have accumulated many thousands of dollars by trade and by the handicrafts may be found all over the country. There are fifty-six newspapers in the United States, the most of them prosperous too, which are edited by negroes. There are successful negro physicians in almost every city from New Haven to Galveston. A negro lawyer recently died in Boston who had accumulated many thousands of dollars. Besides wealth, too, these men have a commanding influence. But of the fifteen negroes who have been somewhat prominent in Congress not less than a third have been wrecked financially, politically and morally, hardly a third have exerted any lasting influence on their race, and only Register of the Treasury Bruce has won lasting success."

The *Dublin Gazette* recently contained notices of compensation to the relatives of victims of some of the principal agrarian murders in the West of Ireland during the recent agitation. Mrs. Harriett Blake, widow of Mr. John Henry Blake, who was murdered at Rathassane, near Lurgan in June last, has been awarded £3,000. The widow of Mr. Blake's servant, Thady Ruane, murdered at the same time, has been awarded £400. The Viscountess Mountmorres, whose husband was murdered in September, 1880, at Clonbur, has been awarded £8,000.

The *Hamilton Spectator* says:—"Some of Mr. Mackenzie's friends have given him \$10,000 to enable him to travel for the benefit of his health. The act was a graceful one. Mr. Mackenzie has deserved well at the hands of his political friends, and has earned the respect of his political opponents. If the transaction be put on a lower level, it may be said to be profitable, for if a foreigner restores the honourable gentleman to his accustomed health, as we earnestly hope it may, the country will be largely the gainer."

A new students' union has been established at Berlin, under the name of "Reformburschenschaft," the object of which is to promote among its members scientific culture and greater attention to physical training. Duelling is to be discarded in principle, and gradually abolished. Some of the time-honoured abuses at students' gatherings are to be done away with at once. The new Burschenschaft will be chiefly a social union, from which all politics will be excluded.

According to the completed English Census the population of London alone is almost as great as that of all Scotland, and if it were taken out of the Irish population the remainder would not be very large. London, in 1881, had 3,516,483 souls registered. It had increased within ten years by over half a million. The area of London is represented by a square, each side of which measures 26 miles. In 1801 London had only 958,863 inhabitants.

In the opinion of Mr. Edmund Yates the Duke of Edinburgh's special mission to Russia is giving infinite trouble to the Government, as it is believed that it will involve a total outlay of not less than £12,000, to which there will be strong opposition in the House of Commons, though by the time the vote is asked for the money will have been spent.

Mr. WILLIAM WAINWRIGHT, the popular and efficient Assistant Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, has, in addition to his present position, been appointed General Manager of the North Shore Railway, Mr. Davis, the Superintendent, continuing his present position.

Mr. LEBLANC, whose election to the Local Legislature was contested on account of bribery and corruption, has resigned. It is reported that the seat for Lével will be kept open until the result of the Jacques Cartier election is known.

CAPT. GORRINGE has been showing a New York reporter over his shipyards in Philadelphia, and explaining that at the present prices of labour and materials he can build iron vessels at least as cheaply as foreign builders.

An important speech may be looked for from the Marquis of Salisbury on the 30th instant, when the Conservative Leader will address a political meeting in Southwark.

The anniversary festival of the London Printers' Pension Corporation will take place on June 19, under the presidency of the Duke of Albany.

DEATHS.

WALKER—In this city, on the 14th instant, Mary Elizabeth, eldest daughter of J. H. Walker, wood engraver, aged 22 years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend the funeral from her father's residence, 437 St. Dominique street, on Wednesday, the 16th instant, at 2.30 p.m., to place of interment Roman Catholic Cemetery, without further notice.

Burials—At 2511 St. Joseph street, May 13th, Henry Garfield, aged 1 year and 10 months, infant son of C. A. Briggs. Funeral from his father's residence, on Tuesday, 16th May, at 8 a.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Canada Life Assurance Co.

The Directors have decided to keep the Lists of the year open until

THE 21ST INST.

Assurers JOINING by

THE 19th INSTANT,

WILL SHARE IN

Three Years' Profits

AT THE DIVISION IN 1885.

Manager of Prov. Quebec Branch: J. W. MARLING.
Inspector of Agencies Prov. Quebec: P. LAFFERRIERE.
Montreal District Agent: JAMES AKIN.
May 11 112

WANTED,

By 1st July, FIRST-CLASS GENTS' SHIRT CUTTER, for best class Order Work. State salary, wages, and employment, &c., to H. 157 King street East, Toronto. Correspondence confidential.
May 15 c 115

BELLHOUSE, DILLON & CO.,
Iron, Steel, Railway Supply and Chemical Agencies.
HIGGINS' "EUREKA" SALT,
OFFER FOR SALE
EUREKA F.F. "DAIRY" SALT
WASHINGTON do do
FRANKLIN do do
BAGS, HALVES and QUARTERS.
BAGS COARSE SALT,
11 TO TON
Brls. TABLE SALT.
May 12 m 113

NEW MUSIC!
FOR SALE AT
H. PRINCE'S MUSIC STORE,
226 and 228 St. James St.
THE WINDSOR WALTZ,
By MISS MORRISON-FISSET.
A Charming Set of Four Valises,
all good for Dancing. Price, 35 cts.
May 15 115

Licensed Victuallers' Association
OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.
A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Association will be held in the
MECHANICS' HALL,
On Wednesday Evening Next, the 16th May, AT 8 P.M.
Important business to transact.
C. E. DAWSON, Sec'y.
May 15 u 115

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!
THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1883,
QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!
To accommodate the large number of people who desire to take short EXCURSION TRIPS on the above occasion, tickets will be issued between all Stations on line of the Grand Trunk Railway in Canada at SINGLE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP. Tickets good on that day only.
AT FARE AND A THIRD. Tickets good to go Wednesday, May 23, and Thursday, May 24, good to return until Friday, May 25, inclusive.
JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.
Montreal, May 14th, 1883. b trs 115

STORAGE!
FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MERCHANDISE,
FREE OR IN BOND.
ALSO
YARDAGE
FOR STEEL RAILS, PIG IRON, &c.
JAS. WILLIAMSON,
Warehouseman,
Corner Common and Prince Streets.
May 10 r 111

VERRET, STEWART & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Higgins' "EUREKA" SALT,
OFFER FOR SALE
EUREKA F.F. "DAIRY" SALT
WASHINGTON do do
FRANKLIN do do
BAGS, HALVES and QUARTERS.
BAGS COARSE SALT,
11 TO TON
Brls. TABLE SALT.
May 12 m 113

BOILER FLUID COMPOUND
Patented 5th March, 1877.
PARKER & EVANS,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
504 ST. PAUL ST. MONTREAL.
This famous Compound will save its cost many times in one year by saving fuel. It eradicates scale, and when the boiler is once clean a very small quantity keeps it clean and free from all incrustation. It is perfectly harmless to iron, and emits a clear, pure steam.
One-fourth of the dose will prevent new boilers from scaling so long as regularly used.
May 5 107

DE ZOUCHE & ATWATER,
Piano Dealers,
during the building of their new Store, 49 BEAVER HALL TERRACE, will be at J. L. LAMPOUGH'S MUSIC STORE, 1308 ST. CATHERINE ST.
(Opposite English Cathedral.)
DE ZOUCHE & ATWATER,
Sole Agents for the famous Decker Bros. Pianos and Mason & Hamlin Organs.
May 10 111

C. T. RYLAND & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
773 CRAIC STREET, MONTREAL.
OFFER FOR SALE:
Portland Kerosene, "Ligonia," "Water White," and "Crystal" Oils.
Portland Machine Oil.
Paints—dry and ground in oil.
Paint and Varnish Brushes.
Harness Varnish.
Whiting.
Axle Grease.
Glue.
Window Glass.
Pumice Stone.
"Little Joker" Oil Cans (with pumps) &c.
April 26 98

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

NEW YORK PIANO CO.

DEAL ONLY IN HIGH CLASS PIANOS and ORGANS.
ALL FULLY GUARANTEED FOR FIVE YEARS.
Those requiring really good Pianos or Organs for their own use are specially invited to examine the stock of beautiful instruments now on sale at our rooms, 226 ST. JAMES STREET, (the Largest Piano House in the Dominion.) These consist of
PIANOS!
WEBER, N.Y. DECKER & SON, N.Y. VOSE & SONS. N.Y. PIANO CO. WILLIAMS & SON. HINTZMAN & CO.
ORGANS!
WM. BELL & CO. GEO. WOOD & CO. STANDARD ORGAN CO.
Purchasers will be allowed a large discount on all instruments (except N.Y. Weber and full value allowed for their old instruments. Having engaged first-class workmen they are now prepared to do all kinds of repairing and tuning in the most satisfactory manner. Pianos stored, removed, packed and shipped on reasonable terms. Also, Second-hand Pianos in great variety, in first-rate order, some as good as new.
A variety of good Second-hand Pianos to Hire by the quarter or year. Pianos sold on the instalment plan, in monthly payments, extending two years. A large variety of Piano Stools and Covers always on hand. Apply to N.Y. PIANO CO., No. 226 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.
Send Postal Card for Illustrated Catalogue. Special Prices to Dealers.
May 12

JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS, (LIMITED) CUTLERS,

By Special Appointment to Her Majesty.
No. 6 NORFOLK STREET, SHEFFIELD.

JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS beg to caution the public against spurious goods bearing their name and made to imitate their genuine manufactures. To distinguish articles of JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS' make be careful to notice that they bear their corporate mark, thus:

CORPORATE MARK.

REMOVAL!

SAVAGE & LYMAN

HAVE REMOVED TO
247 ST. JAMES ST.
Two Doors North of H. MORGAN & CO'S
May 10 r 111

REMOVAL NOTICE!

LUNCH and CONFECTIONERY ROOMS, CHAS. ALEXANDER

Begs to inform his numerous customers that he has secured those eligible premises, No. 219 ST. JAMES STREET, lately occupied by JAMES BROWN & BRO. and SAVAGE & LYMAN, being next door to ALEXANDER MCGIBBON & CO'S Italian Warehouse, where he hopes, in a few weeks, to be in a position to meet his old friends and customers with increased facilities for their comfort and convenience.
April 30 102

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

VERRET, STEWART & CO., Castle & Son, GLASS STAINERS, AND GENERAL HOUSE PAINTERS.

PATENTEES OF THE "PERMANENT BRICK STAIN," In imitation of Philadelphia pressed brick, imparting a rich warm color superior to the thin red color peculiar to our brick.
April 30 102

THE TEMPORARY OFFICE OF DE ZOUCHE & ATWATER, Piano Dealers,

during the building of their new Store, 49 BEAVER HALL TERRACE, will be at J. L. LAMPOUGH'S MUSIC STORE, 1308 ST. CATHERINE ST.
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OFFER FOR SALE:
Portland Kerosene, "Ligonia," "Water White," and "Crystal" Oils.
Portland Machine Oil.
Paints—dry and ground in oil.
Paint and Varnish Brushes.
Harness Varnish.
Whiting.
Axle Grease.
Glue.
Window Glass.
Pumice Stone.
"Little Joker" Oil Cans (with pumps) &c.
April 26 98

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

First Session—Fifth Parliament
HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, May 14.

The Speaker took the Chair at 3.20 p.m.

SALE OF INTOXICANTS.

Mr. McCARTHY presented the report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the question of the unrestrained sale of intoxicating liquors, which was accompanied by a Bill to regulate the granting of shop, saloon, hotel, vessel and wholesale licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors in the several Provinces of the Dominion.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE—THE ORANGE QUESTION.

Mr. LANDRY said that as a member of a different religion from that professed by the hon. member for Hastings (Mr. White), he wished to call attention to certain recent utterances of that hon. gentleman. A few evenings since, when Mr. White had been presenting with him by the members of the Order in Carleton County, Mr. Landry, after reading the address, said that among the signs of it was one E. C. Barber, who, he believed, was a member of the Civil Service. Mr. Landry then proceeded to quote at length from the speech of Mr. White (Hastings) in reply to that address.

The SPEAKER said that the mere reading of newspaper extracts was not in order, unless they were followed by a motion founded on the allegations contained in the extracts.

Mr. LANDRY said it was his intention to follow what he was reading by a motion. The SPEAKER—Well, the hon. gentleman's motion must be pertinent to what he is reading.

Mr. LANDRY—Oh, I think it will. Mr. LANDRY then continued to read from the report of Mr. White's speech. He concluded by saying that he knew that the Government were not responsible for these utterances, but he also knew that the address was presented by a Government employee, and he would like to know what the views of the Government were on the subject.

The SPEAKER ruled that the extracts read by the hon. gentleman (Mr. Landry) must be followed by a motion relevant to the allegations contained in the extracts.

Mr. CASGRAIN rose and made some remarks, which were inaudible in the reporter's gallery, owing to loud cries of "Chair, chair."

A HISTORICAL PAINTING.

Mr. LAURIER asked permission to call attention to a matter of importance to the House and then read a memorial from the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts, asking that the commission for executing the proposed historical painting in commemoration of the confederation of the British American provinces should be given to Robert Harris, a well-known and highly talented Canadian painter, who had recently returned from a study tour in Europe. He (Mr. Laurier) said this petition had already been presented by the Government, but the Academy had not yet received any reply from them. He considered it important that Canadian art should be encouraged, and that our National Art Gallery should extend its studies in Europe. He (Mr. Laurier) said this petition had already been presented by the Government, but the Academy had not yet received any reply from them. He considered it important that Canadian art should be encouraged, and that our National Art Gallery should extend its studies in Europe. He (Mr. Laurier) said this petition had already been presented by the Government, but the Academy had not yet received any reply from them. He considered it important that Canadian art should be encouraged, and that our National Art Gallery should extend its studies in Europe.

COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY.

Mr. RYKERT in the Chair.

Several items were passed.

AFTER RECESS.

FIFTEEN YEARS PUBLIC WORKS.

SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN laid on the table the general report of the Minister of Public Works from the 30th June, 1867, to the 30th June, 1882. The report was not quite complete, but he thought it better to bring it down before the close of the session. It would make a volume of 1,300 or 1,400 pages. Each member would receive one bound volume.

SUPPLY.

The Committee of Supply then resumed.

Mr. FAIRBANK complained of the unsuitability of the Chamber for the purposes to which it was devoted in regard to ventilation, light, draughts and acoustics. If the condition of the present Chamber could not be improved, a new building should be erected.

SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN said there were complaints every year in reference to this Chamber, which he was afraid would never be perfect. A great improvement had taken place, however, and during the recess, he would try still further to improve it. He would be most happy to do whatever was possible to make members comfortable.

Mr. BLAKE approved of the substitution of plain for stained glass windows. There was no doubt that, so far as acoustics were concerned, this Chamber was a dead failure and the use of a tribune such as was adopted in some assemblies would be an improvement. It was a question whether another chamber should not be constructed, which would give members fresh air, sunlight and the power of being heard.

SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN said there was no doubt that many hon. members could not hear. One-fourth of the hall went on by which he meant that the room could be changed, and it would be for the Department of Public Works to seriously consider the question during recess. He would consider the matter carefully with the chief architect, and perhaps other architects, and he would let them know what could be done, whether they should use the present library or build a chamber outside to meet the requirements of parliament. If they were to make a change they should see that they had value for their money. (Hear, hear.)

On the item of \$5,000 to provide for the publication of the proceedings of the Royal Society of Canada.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD said the Royal Society of Canada had been established for similar purposes to those of the Royal Society of England, and would do no discredit to any country in the world. The papers on scientific subjects contributed by its members were of great value, and the Government should aid in the publication by the annual grant of \$5,000 for three years. The Governments of England, the United States, France and other countries contributed large sums to scientific societies.

Mr. ROSS (Middlesex) said the book should be printed by the Parliamentary Printer and distributed to members of Parliament.

Mr. BLAKE said this institution appeared to desire the Dominion to become its dry nurse, instead of relying on the public for subscriptions. He did not think these were happy auspices, as he considered the Government should only supplement the action of the public.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD said if the hon. gentleman were right they might bid

adieu to any hope that any scientific society would publish its transactions. In older countries it was necessary to give this aid, a young country like Canada must expect to have to do so.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION OF THE MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.

WILL BE HELD

On Tuesday, the 15th instant.

In the Governors' Hall of the Institution.

R. P. HOWARD, Secretary.

Montreal, 8th May, 1883.

DOMINION TYPE FOUNDRY CO., Limited.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and other business, will be held at the Foundry, 15 Chenneville Street, on TUESDAY, the 22nd of MAY instant, at TWO o'clock p.m. By order of the Board.

P. A. CROSSBY, Manager.

Montreal, 12th May, 1883.

CANADA ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Canada Atlantic Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, on Wellington Street, in the City of Ottawa,

On Tuesday, the 29th day of May, A.D. 1883.

At the hour of TWELVE o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

A. W. FLECK, Sec-Treasurer.

Ottawa, 26th April 1883.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A DIVIDEND OF

FIVE PER CENT.

upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and its Branches, on and after

Friday, the First Day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank, on

Monday, the Fourth Day of June next.

The Chair will be taken at ONE o'clock.

By order of the Board.

W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager.

Montreal, 20th April, 1883.

JNO. H. R. MOLSON & BROS.

ALE AND PORTER BREWERS,

286 St. Mary Street

MONTREAL.

Have always on hand the various kinds of

ALE AND PORTER

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

Families Regularly Supplied.

ORDERS RECEIVED BY

TELEPHONE

May 2

DOW'S BREWERY,

CHABOILLEZ SQUARE.

Superior Pale and Brown Malt; India

Pale and other Ales, Extra Double and

Single Stout, in Wood and Bottle.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED.

On following bottles only are authorized

to use our labels, viz.:

Thos. J. Howard... 546 Dorchester street

Thos. J. Howard... 150 Almyer street.

Thos. J. Howard... 150 Almyer street.

Wm. Bishop... 556 Ontario st.

Thos. Kinella... 105 Colborne street.

207 ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE.

WILLIAM DOW & CO.

Brewers and Malsters.

August 19

MESS PORK

(FREE OR IN BOND)

Barbadoes

Antigua

Trinidad

MOLASSES.

GREEN CODFISH

BONELESS CODFISH

In 35, 20 and 5 lbs. Boxes.

FOR SALE BY

MAGOR BROS. & CO.

Office—2, 4 and 6 Port Street.

December 7

STOP

THIEF

\$5,000 REWARD.

Beware of Counterfeits. The high repu-

tation of Adams' Kidney and Bladder Pills

has given rise to numerous imitations. The genuine

Adams' Kidney and Bladder Pills are prepared only by

Dr. J. C. Adams, of New York, and are sold by all

respectable Druggists and Grocers. Beware of cheap

imitations. The genuine Adams' Kidney and Bladder

Pills are sold in boxes of 10 and 25 pills each. Price

per box, 50 cents. Sent by mail, 60 cents. Address

Dr. J. C. Adams, 233 Broadway, New York, U.S.A.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA, Dr. J. C. Adams, 233

Broadway, New York, U.S.A.

THE SUN IS ALWAYS

INTERESTING.

From morning to morning and from week

to week THE SUN presents a continued story of

the lives of real men and women and of their

deeds, plans, loves, hates, and troubles. This

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SAFE

FOR THE

Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

The Best Blood Purifier.

There is only one way by which any

disease can be cured, and that is by re-

moving the cause—whatever it may be.

The great medical authorities of the

day declare that nearly every disease is

caused by deranged Kidneys or Liver.

To restore these therefore is the only

way by which health can be secured.

Here is where WARNER'S SAFE CURE

has achieved its great reputation. It

acts directly upon the kidneys and liver

and by placing them in a healthy con-

dition drives disease and pain from the

system. For all Kidneys, Liver and

Urinary troubles; for the distressing

disorders of women; for Headache and

physical troubles; this great remedy

has no equal. Beware of imitations,

imitations and concoctions said to be

just as good.

For Diabetes ask for WARNER'S SAFE

DIABETES CURE.

For sale by all druggists.

R. H. Warner & Co.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N. Y., London,

England.

Dividends—Meetings.

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LOCAL NEWS.

A DELICIOUS CIGAR.—Rendoules Boquet just to hand. S. Hyman, 308 Notre Dame Street.

A SOLAR HALO.—A large halo or ring was noticed around the sun yesterday afternoon.

THE DEATH RATE.—During the past week there were fifteen deaths in the Protestant Cemetery. One death was from scarlatina and one from typhoid fever.

Robinson has got the name for having the largest and finest stock of materials and making the best suits. He intends to keep it too.

VISITING GOVERNORS.—Messrs Andrew Allan and D. L. MacDonnell are the visiting Governors this week at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge.

SHAKESPEARE'S BIRTHDAY.—The members of the Shakespeare Club held their annual dinner at the Windsor Hotel last evening, and a very enjoyable time was spent.

COURT OF APPEAL.—The Court of Queen's Bench, Appeal side, opens this morning, there being about 100 cases on the list to be got through with during the Spring term.

MONTHLY MEETING.—The members of the Montreal Yacht Club held their regular monthly meeting last evening, when a large amount of routine business was transacted.

We have a large and magnificent stock of boys' and youths' clothing at the Boston.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.—The Treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital acknowledges, with thanks, the receipt of \$47.75, subscriptions from the employees of the foundry of Messrs. Rogers & King, of Craig street.

HAYANA CIGARS.—The Vice-Royal Tobacco Emporium, 134 St. James Street, has just received one case of the justly celebrated Intimidation cigar. Visitors to the city wanting a good and fresh imported Havana take note of it.

POLICE NEWS.—In the Police Court yesterday morning, a ship-labourer named William Oehlrich, charged with being drunk and going on board one of the steamships at the wharf without permission of the officers, was remanded.

STOLEN GOODS.—Detective Robinson has in his possession a quantity of fowl, pigeons and bantam fowls, and also an owl, supposed to have been stolen. The owner can have them by applying to the detective at the Central Station.

CONCERT.—There will be another free concert in the Hope Coffee House this evening at eight o'clock, when several prominent amateurs will perform selections. A very attractive programme has been prepared, and a pleasant evening may be expected.

Especially fine lot of spring overcoatings L. Robinson's, 31 Beaver Hall Terrace.

ACCIDENT.—Louis Gauthier, while feeding a press in the Post building yesterday, was struck on the head by a portion of the machinery which inflicted a very severe wound, and he had to be removed to the Notre Dame Hospital where his injuries were attended to.

NEW MUSIC.—We have received from Mr. Prince, St. James Street, a copy of a new musical publication, entitled the Windsor Waltz, by Miss Morrison-Fislet. It is a collection of light and dance music, will find this waltz deserving a place in their musical repertoire.

A SAVAGE.—Mr. George Blackman of No. 462 Guy street, complained at the Central Station yesterday morning, of a savage dog owned by some person living near the corner of Peel and Sherbrooke street, and which inflicted a severe bite on him the evening previous.

IN PERIL.—To ENDORSE.—The elegant Patent Piano Finger Boards on exhibition in the New York Piano Company's Warehouses is just what every one should and will have placed in their Piano, and I endorse with much pleasure the universal verdict given by all who see it. "It is beautiful, I must have one."

MANUEL GARCIA COARS in Reina Victoria and all the other sizes just received. S. Hyman, 308 Notre Dame Street.

REAL ESTATE.—Messrs. Shaw & Gowley sold at their rooms yesterday the residence, No. 49 McGill College Avenue, to W. S. Evans, Esq., for \$4,125, and three lots on Shuter street, 23 x 136 each, to Messrs. Simpson & Peel for 10 cents per foot. The sale of property at Point Claire was postponed until the 5th of June on account of slight infirmity in the proceedings.

THE RICHELIEU AND OTTAWA NAVIGATION CO.—The western line of steamers between Montreal and Hamilton commences to-day a tri-weekly line, leaving here Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Hamilton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The steamers "Bohemian" and "St. Francis" now run regularly between Montreal and Cornwall and Valleyfield, leaving here Tuesdays and Fridays. See advt.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY.—The fifteenth anniversary of the St. Vincent de Paul Society was celebrated by the St. Jean Baptiste branch on Saturday. The St. Vincent de Paul Society was organized in Paris, France, on 13th May, 1833, and there are now eighteen branches of the society in the Island of Montreal and outside municipalities. The celebration of the anniversary by the St. Jean Baptiste branch was very successful.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE.—Statement for the week ending 12th May, 1883: Number of permanent inmates, males, 31; number of permanent inmates, females, 21; number of temporary inmates, males, 35; number of temporary inmates, females, 10; total, 97. Number of night lodgings given in Night Refuge, 224; males, 63; boys, 3; girls, 51; total, 117. Number of meals distributed, 101; extra meals distributed, 101; extra meals distributed, 101; extra meals distributed, 101.

THE HATTON-SENECAL CASE.—The cause celebre of Hatton vs. Senecal came up yesterday morning before Hon. Justice Lacombe, when Mr. Lacombe, Attorney for the defendant, made a motion to lay the case to admit of the intervention of another party. The judge took the matter on *debate* until two o'clock in the afternoon, and then stated that he could not give his decision until he had had a consultation with Hon. Justice Jette before whom the case had already been brought.

EXAMINE and you will be convinced that our goods and styles are good, at the Boston.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—Dr. Campbell requests us to state for the information of the Governors, that the election to fill the vacancy on the Medical Staff caused by Dr. Wright's resignation, will not take place at the adjourned meeting of the Governors, which is to be held this afternoon, but at the annual meeting of the Governors to be held on Thursday the 17th inst. at three o'clock. The occurrence of so many meetings just at this time has been the means of making some confusion, as to the date of election.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—The Montreal Handball and Hockey Club have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—President, Mr. Thos. Buchanan; 1st Vice-President, Mr. C. M. Tansey; 2nd Vice-President, Mr. M. C. Mullin; Treasurer, Mr. Arthur Burke; Secretary, Mr. J. Somerville; Committee, Messrs. J. Curran,

J. Scullion, P. Dinaham, M. Downes, J. Simpson, W. Ryan, M. Kelly, D. Phelan and B. Connaughton. The club intend to issue challenges to the leading players of the United States and Canada.

NOVELTIES IN ENGLISH AND SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS. L. Robinson's, 31 Beaver Hall.

SUBURBAN NEWS.—A special meeting of the Council of St. Cuneoged Council was held last evening in the Town Hall. Several important questions were brought up, among which was the proposed drainage system. After a lengthy discussion on this last question, the Council resolved to build a tunnel through Vinet street from Canal to Bonaventure streets, which resolution, it is believed, will be put into effect as soon as possible. It was thought that the question of annexation to the city would be brought up for consideration, but upon inquiry information was elicited that the Council would not take up this question for several months yet.

ROBERT WHITE ASKED.—A man named Robert White, formerly a Police Magistrate yesterday on a charge of robbing Charles Grenier of the sum of \$16. Grenier arrived in the city from Sorel on Sunday, and meeting his friend Charpentier, he was invited to save hotel expenses by spending the night at Charpentier's house. Before retiring Mr. Grenier counted his money, and found that he had \$23, but when he awoke and recounted his money, he found he was \$16 short. He therefore, accused Charpentier of the robbery, and had him arrested. The Police Magistrate remanded the prisoner, who pleaded not guilty.

Moderate prices, style and fit always satisfactory, at L. Robinson's.

HO! FOR TADOUSSAC!—Mr. James Fennell, so well and favourably known as manager of the Tadoussac House at the mouth of the Saguenay, St. Lawrence River, leaves this evening to make arrangements for opening, which will take place about the 20th June. He and Mrs. Fennell expect to see a large number of their old friends as well as of strangers, for whom fishing boats and bathing facilities have most great attractions. The objects which are of interest to the antiquarian and about Tadoussac are numerous, while, close at hand, are the renowned Capes Trinity and Eternity, and the delightful Ha Ha Bay, with the interesting village of Chicoutimi.

THE NEW STROCK EXCHANGE.—The members of the Montreal Stock Exchange held their inaugural meeting at the new premises in the Merchants' Exchange building yesterday morning. For over seven years the Board had assembled twice daily in the old premises on St. Francois Xavier street, but these were found to be too small for the increase in business, and consequently a change was made to the fine room in the Merchants' Exchange building. The new board room is heavily corniced with handsome tracery, with here and there a bull's head, birds and various animals. The public, hereafter, will be admitted to the room by a ticket from the regular members of the Board.

THE ABATTOIR DRAINAGE.—Some time ago the Council of Hochelaga notified the Abattoir Company, that owing to sanitary precautions, the refuse from other slaughter houses would henceforth be allowed to pass through the drains of the village. The company protested the decision, and the Council, in consequence, intended permission to them to use the drains till the 10th inst. Seeing the Abattoir Company persisted in its determination to allow the filth to go through the sewers after the above date the Council met and summarily disposed of the matter by setting a large body of men to work recently, to forcibly close up the abattoir's conduit at the point where it entered that of the village. By this hostile action the abattoir company is placed in a peculiar position, and, no doubt, will have to take steps immediately to build an independent system of drains.

Grand selection of new designs and mixtures for suitings at L. Robinson's.

AN INTERESTING DECISION.—A case of considerable importance to carters came up yesterday before the Recorder. A carter named Joseph Marier was summoned for fast driving on the evening of the 25th of March last on Jacques Cartier street. The prisoner pleaded guilty, but added that the reason he drove so fast was to elude the company of some men who had assaulted him. It appears that he had driven a man to a house of ill fame on Jacques Cartier street, and that the man refused to pay his fare, but instead had struck him in the face with a stick, and as he hastened to get away from there as fast as possible. The policeman who arrested him said he also knew that the house in question was one of bad repute, but that did not justify the fast driving. His honour told the policeman that it was his duty to go to the house, and report all he knew to the Chief of Police. His honour then sentenced the carter to pay a fine of \$5.00, and told him that if he drove any more to a house of ill fame, he, the carter, knowing it to be a house of that kind, could not demand any more if the party he had driven there refused to pay it.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—A young man named Theophile Archambault, aged 20, was before the Recorder yesterday on a charge of highway robbery. From the evidence given at the trial it appears that a grocer, named Laurent Grogier, had occasion to enter a saloon on the corner of Jacques Cartier and Miguonue streets Saturday evening to pay a little bill. When he was leaving the saloon he was met by Archambault who had a cart at the door and offered to drive him home. Grogier accepted the invitation, but when the cart was passing his house Archambault refused to stop, and moreover, held Grogier alone on the road, who was not long in lodging a complaint with Sergeant Bouchard, at No. 3 Station. On Sunday afternoon a young man entered the same station and stated that he had lost several dollars at gambling in a saloon at Cote St. Louis, and wished to lay a complaint against the saloon-keepers for selling liquor and permitting gaming on Sunday. Sergeant Bouchard, who was on duty, asked him his name, and was astonished when he answered Theophile Archambault. The sergeant soon recognized him as the man he wanted for highway robbery and had him accordingly arrested. The prisoner was remanded for further examination.

The latest novelties in suitings, and suits ready made, for all ages and sizes, at the Boston.

A CARD. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c. I would say that we will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope or the Rev. JOSEPH T. LYMAN, Station D, New York City.

PERSONAL.

Mr. C. E. A. PATTERSON, of this city, who has been for some weeks laid up with inflammatory rheumatism, has sufficiently recovered to again take some exercise.

Among the arrivals at the Hall may be mentioned Lord Dunmore, Ottawa; Kenley, Ottawa; Col. Von Straubenzien; Kingston; John Ross, St. Catharines; and Wm. Hobbs, Magog.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

"BOSTON IDEAL OPERA COMPANY." The advance sale of reserve seats for the three performances to be given by the above opera company, is most encouraging, and from appearances, large and brilliant audiences will be in attendance. The vocal powers of the members of the company are highly spoken of by the best musical critics, and their dramatic abilities are equally as good. The leading members have all appeared here in English opera before, and their voices are too well known to need further mention. The box plan is now open at St. James street.

MORE IMMIGRANTS.

The mail steamer "Polynesian," which arrived at Quebec on Sunday, had on board 76 saloon, 86 intermediate, and 886 steerage passengers. Among them were a party, exceeding a score of well-to-do English people, having between them a capital of something like \$170,000. Twenty of them who were under the pilotage of Mr. Disbrow, of Winnipeg, dined last night at the Windsor, taking the cars at 10.30 for Montreal. About half of them propose to proceed to Birtle, where they intend to settle, the remainder intending to settle in and in the vicinity of Winnipeg. On the voyage out this party, among others, by their musical accomplishments—vocal and instrumental—made the voyage pass most pleasantly. On Friday a grand concert was given on board ship, when 412 were realized for the benefit of the Home for Aged Mariners. The passengers on the "Polynesian," before landing, presented to Capt. Brown a very eulogistic address.

"AN INNOCENT ABROAD."

For several days past there has been staying at the Windsor one of the most innocent of individuals, who was ever ready to "take in" all that was told, asking few questions, but never failing to disclose at the percentage which seemed best in his sight. Some time ago, however, when "Mark Twain" was here, he was distinguished by a Toronto publisher, who was unable to see the utility of his temporary Canadian residence in view of the conditions of the Copyright Act. This time, however, thanks to an attack of lake mania, the temptation to take in which he could not resist, he has been able to keep himself to himself, and it was only on the eve of his folding his tent, in order to quietly steal away, that he managed to disclose in any way communicative. On this occasion he practised some of the lessons which "Tom Sawyer" learned, and only when he had accomplished his mission allowed his purpose to be known. He came here in company with his publisher, Mr. Osmond, of Boston, to see the rights he could to his new book "Life on the Mississippi," which is on the eve of publication by Dawson Brothers.

THE "VIC'S" CONCERT.

Last evening the Victoria Rifles' Armory, in the old High School building, was crowded with the friends of the regiment generally on the occasion of a musical entertainment given by Nos. 1 and 5 Companies. Col. Sergt. Goodhue, of No. 5 Company, presided, and briefly introduced the excellent programme that had been arranged for the occasion, which was opened with a large body of men, recently, to forcibly close up the abattoir's conduit at the point where it entered that of the village. By this hostile action the abattoir company is placed in a peculiar position, and, no doubt, will have to take steps immediately to build an independent system of drains.

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HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—A young man named Theophile Archambault, aged 20, was before the Recorder yesterday on a charge of highway robbery. From the evidence given at the trial it appears that a grocer, named Laurent Grogier, had occasion to enter a saloon on the corner of Jacques Cartier and Miguonue streets Saturday evening to pay a little bill. When he was leaving the saloon he was met by Archambault who had a cart at the door and offered to drive him home. Grogier accepted the invitation, but when the cart was passing his house Archambault refused to stop, and moreover, held Grogier alone on the road, who was not long in lodging a complaint with Sergeant Bouchard, at No. 3 Station. On Sunday afternoon a young man entered the same station and stated that he had lost several dollars at gambling in a saloon at Cote St. Louis, and wished to lay a complaint against the saloon-keepers for selling liquor and permitting gaming on Sunday. Sergeant Bouchard, who was on duty, asked him his name, and was astonished when he answered Theophile Archambault. The sergeant soon recognized him as the man he wanted for highway robbery and had him accordingly arrested. The prisoner was remanded for further examination.

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A CARD. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c. I would say that we will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope or the Rev. JOSEPH T. LYMAN, Station D, New York City.

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The platform will be covered in and a splendid new yacht built during the winter, the property of Mr. A. Roberts, added to the fleet. The moonlight excursions so popular last season will be repeated during the coming months with additional attractions. Altogether, we expect a pleasant season for the Montreal Yacht Club and their many friends.

MONTREAL LADIES' EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The twelfth annual meeting of the above association was held yesterday afternoon in Synod Hall, Principal Dawson, LL.D., in the chair. There were also present Rev. J. Edgar Hill, Rev. J. S. Stone, Rev. Mr. Newham, Dr. Clarke Murray, Professor Moyle, T. Sterry Hunt, LL.D., and a large number of the members and friends of the association.

The meeting was opened by prayer, after which the Rev. Mr. Newham read the annual report for the session of 1882-83, which stated that this session, the twelfth of the association, opened with a member of 28th with an inaugural lecture by Professor Moyle, which was largely attended and of great interest. On Monday, October 2nd, Dr. Buller gave the introductory lecture of his course on "The External Senses." During the whole course the number of auditors was most satisfactory, but the students enrolled were as numerous as in preceding years, the subject being considered difficult. Dr. Buller's report showed that of the nineteen candidates who had presented themselves for examination, eight were entitled to rank in the first, three in the second, and four in the third, and that of the whole the answers were extremely satisfactory. The report further showed that Professor Moyle had opened his course on the "Elizabethan Literature" by an introductory lecture Thursday, October 5th. During the lectures the attendance was large and great interest was manifested in the subject. Professor Moyle's report showed also a decrease in the number of competitors, but that the uniform interest which had been displayed by all had caused him to believe that the falling off was due to some other cause. On Thursday, January 11, Dr. Dawson gave the opening lecture of his course on "Invertebrate Animals," the first attended by ladies in the Peter Redpath Museum, an era in the history of the Ladies' Educational Association. He regretted that only eleven candidates had presented themselves for examination, four of whom had taken very high marks and were practically equal in the knowledge of the subject which they displayed, though the one placed first in the list had a slight advantage in the accuracy of answering. Six more of the candidates had performed creditably with marks fully entitling them to be placed in the second class. On the whole he regarded the answering as very satisfactory, when he considered the range of the subject and the limited opportunities enjoyed by the students.

On Monday, January 14th, was given the introductory lecture of the Rev. Professor Campbell's course on "Mexico, Peru and the Spanish Main," the attendance being excellent throughout. His report showed that only twelve papers had been submitted to him, but that he had been of such high excellence that according to the usual scale of academic marking they had all to be ranked in the first class, many of them having betrayed not only a thorough mastery of the lectures, but an extensive reading upon the subjects of which they treated. During the last session there had been, in connection with the under the auspices of the Association, a French class, conducted by Professor Darcy, who stated that about twenty ladies had joined the class. The report further showed that the Association had been elected to the McGill University prizes for competition by the disposal of the "Hannah Willard Lyman Memorial Fund," which provided two equal prizes in books properly inscribed to the regular students who had taken highest marks in the first class in the written examinations, in one of the subjects at the end of the session. During the session 1882-83 the names of 41 students had been entered; 30 had come up for one or more examinations; 65 certificates had been given; 1st class, 42; 2nd class, 13; 3rd class, 10. Eight competitors for the prizes had passed all the examinations of the session. That for Zoology was awarded to Miss Georgiana Hunter. The same lady came out equal with Miss Margaret Wand in the examination on History, and the prize for that subject was divided.

Three ladies were entitled during the session to certain prizes for three years' consecutive course of the lectures of the association, Mrs. Ella F. M. Williams, Miss Elizabeth L. Johnson and Miss Margaret Wand, all of whom had taken a high standing in the three years' examinations.

The social position of the society has decidedly improved since the opening of the list, yet the report stated it was much to be desired that a still larger number could be enrolled, and also that the conditions of membership could be better understood. The receipts from members' list was shown to have been \$274; students' tickets, interest, etc., \$175.23; net proceeds of evening lecture, \$87.27; total, \$536.50, leaving a balance on hand of \$22.59. The work of the committee in deciding on the programme for 1883-84 had been lessened by two of the courses of lectures being dropped, and the three years course already planned. The proposed absence of "Botany" Dr. Dawson's proposed absence of "Botany" would be substituted for the course on "vertebrate animals." Professor Moyle would continue the series on "Shakespeare" by a course on "Elizabethan Literature." That Dr. Clark Murray had his subject taken "Political Economy" as his subject on a wide basis. As this had often been requested, it was hoped that the choice would give satisfaction. The report showed also that the Committee had pleasure in announcing that Dr. Roddick would repeat his most interesting and useful lectures on "Household Surgery and Nursing." The Committee suggested also in the annual report, for the session of 1884-85, with the completion of those subjects already arranged for, viz: Essayists and Historians, and vertebrate animals, lessons in cooking, rhetoric, philology and some branch of history.

The Committee then closed the report of the Twelfth Session, and then, by the progress made, and even the very fact that the Association still holds its own and makes its way against many difficulties, is a subject for congratulation. Each year some new feature has to be introduced. The introduction of a settled course extending over three years, and the giving of lectures at the Peter Redpath Museum, were last session the marked events; this session they had to report the first auxiliary class, and a hope is held out that arrangements may possibly be made for eventually establishing regular classes in connection with the Association, and in this manner adding to its stability and increasing its usefulness.

After the reading of the report, the Rev. J. Edgar Hill arose and moved that the report be received, accepted and printed for circulation. In making the motion the reverend gentleman gave utterance to a few words of commendation of the work of the Association, and said that it was a subject which had for a long time occupied the minds of a large number of the men of this and other ages. He regretted, how-

ever, that it had been left until the last quarter of a century to be strongly pushed forward. He looked back to the condition of the Association several years ago and felt very well pleased at its progress. He spoke of the many objections brought by certain gentlemen against the higher education of women, one of the arguments being that the Association was putting women as competitors with men in these different sciences, which ought not to be. He said that he had heard arguments like this not ten years ago, but that he was glad to see that the subject was now attracting a large portion of the public attention, and that the Association was now in a healthy condition. He then concluded by wishing it all success imaginable.

Dr. Sterry Hunt, in seconding the motion said that he had watched with much interest the progress of the Association, and could bear testimony to the excellent work which had been done, and to the young ladies of Montreal. He alluded to the attention which the subject of female education was now everywhere attracting, and the vexed problem of education, about which so much was now being said. He also referred to the work of the Association by the college authorities, and said that whether the gentler sex was to be admitted to the learned professions or not was a matter for debate elsewhere, but no one questioned the value of the education of a wider culture, more opportunities of a wider culture, more should elevate their intelligence, give them nobler views of life and of their duties and privileges as members of society. He said that the Association had done much in this direction, and that its good work might go on, and that it might grow broader and deeper, and let the foundations of something greater, in years to come would be the wish of every friend of his country and his kind.

At the conclusion of Dr. T. Sterry Hunt's address, Principal Dawson declared the motion unanimously carried. He then introduced the Rev. J. S. Stone, who made the following motion:—

"That this meeting recognizing the valuable work which this Association is carrying on, pledges itself to exert every effort to secure success and permanence in its future work."

The reverend gentleman then gave a short address on the "Higher Education of Women," the usefulness of which, he stated, was self-evident, and that those who were interested in the welfare of the Association were self-evident to carry on the work already begun. He continued to speak on this subject for some time and on the conclusion of his address.

Prof. Moyle in seconding the motion of Dr. J. S. Stone, delivered a brief address in the course of which he said that not only from the lectures would the students derive profit, but that the greatest and best of all profit was to be derived from the choice books which the students had in their library. This work of the "Higher Education of Women," will, he said, raise the home of Canada to the level of any other work, and he further remarked that the Association would always have reasonable ground for existence.

The motion was carried. Principal Dawson then read the report of the scrutineers on the election of officers for the ensuing year, which was as follows:—

Patrons—Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise.

Vice-Patrons—Mrs. Molson.

President—Mrs. Redpath.

Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Dawson and Mrs. Greenfield.

Honorary Secretary—Mrs. Mercer.

Honorary Treasurer—Mr. John Molson.

General Committee honorary members: Mrs. John Henry Molson, Mrs. G. W. Simpson and Mrs. H. S. Scott—Mrs. Bovey, Miss Campbell, Mrs. Cassels, Mrs. S. E. Dawson, Mrs. John Fraser, Lady Galt, Miss Mackay Gordon, Mrs. E. K. Greenfield, Mrs. Hayne, Mrs. Hingston, Mrs. Lewis, Miss Lunn, Mrs. Mackay, Mrs. John McDougall, Mrs. Hugh McLennan, Mrs. R. Moat, Miss Morgan, Miss Redpath, Mrs. Skelton, Mrs. Leslie Skelton, Miss Symmes, Mrs. Joseph Tiffin, Mrs. R. M. Watson, Hon. Mrs. Wand, Mrs. Wheeler and Mrs. Thos. Workman.

Honorary Members—Hon. Chas. Dewey Day, D. C. LL.D.; Principal Dawson, LL.D., F. R. S., F. G. S.; Ven. Archdeacon Leach, D. C. LL.D.; Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, D. C. LL.D.; Prof. P. J. Darcy, M. A., B. C. L.; Rev. Prof. Cornish, LL.D.; Mr. T. Sterry Hunt, LL.D.; F. R. S.; Professor Goldwin Smith, M. A.

The Chairman then complaining in a few words of the small number of students who presented themselves for examination, thought that it would not be a bad idea to make the students who attended the lectures promise to take part in the examinations or not lecture to them at all. After the expression of a few more similar suggestions, he called upon Rev. J. Edgar Hill to pronounce the benediction, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE OWL'S HEAD MOUNTAIN HOUSE LAKE MEMPHREMACOG.

THE FUTURE SUMMER RESORT OF AMERICA.

We understand this best of summer resorts has lately been leased, with the privilege of purchase, by Mr

NEW WORLD TELEGRAMS.

The Position of the Coloured Population Discussed.

CENTRAL AMERICAN MATTERS

Peace Negotiations Between Chili and Peru Progressing.

FROM THE PULPIT TO THE STAGE

[EARLY TELEGRAMS.]

CINCINNATI, May 12.—The union men in Rogers' shoe factory refused to finish work begun by non-union men. The Manufacturers' Association has given notice that unless they retract by Monday they will be locked.

OSWEGO, May 14.—On Monday Benjamin Bradway, of Fruit Valley, was taken violently ill and died on Saturday. The physicians decided the disease was back bone fever, which is a phase of yellow fever. It is supposed that Bradway contracted it from a letter received from a relative who had the disease in New Orleans. Bradway was visited by many persons during his illness, and it is feared the malady will spread through the community.

JERSEY CITY, May 14.—Notwithstanding the police order, most of the saloons were open yesterday.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The Sun's Albany special says the opinion is gaining ground that there will be an extra session of the Senate in the latter part of May or the first of June, to ratify and confirm whatever may be decided upon in the meantime in regard to harbour masters.

[LATEST TELEGRAMS.]

Steamship Burnt.

SEATTLE, W.T., May 14.—The iron steamship "Mississippi," owned by the Oregon Improvement Co., was burned yesterday with 1100 tons of coal. The fire spread to the coal bunkers, burned 500 feet. The chief engineer was killed. The bunker timbers fell killing one man and injuring another. The vessel is a total loss. She was formerly used as a blockade runner.

Burial of General Grant's Mother.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—General Grant arrived this morning with the remains of his mother. The burial took place at Spring Grove Cemetery without any ceremony.

From the Pulpit to the Stage.

INDIANA, Penn., May 14.—The Rev. Charles Steek, of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, made his theatrical debut on Saturday as "Hamlet" and "Richard III." The hall was crowded with the best people of the town. The performance was well received.

The Negro.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—At the annual conference of the African Methodist Church to-day, the Committee presented a report showing the growing importance of the Negro and the part he plays in the great social, religious and political questions of the day. The Committee condemned severely the "chain gang" system practised in the South, the exclusion of the negro from the cars, and hotels and the proscription prevailing in public travel, and recommended the appointment of a trustworthy person to travel through the South to gather information for a report to the coming general conference. The report was accepted. It was agreed to hold a mass meeting on Wednesday to discuss the motions mentioned in the report.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Canal Co. to Pay for the Maintenance of Order.

PANAMA, May 5.—The Minister of the Treasury has warned the Canal Co. that they must pay the expenses of keeping from two thousand to three thousand men on the Isthmus to maintain order. The Minister estimates the cost to the company during the 14 years allowed for the completion of the canal will amount to between seven million and twelve million dollars.

Famine Threatened.

Extensive districts, between Caranama and Itango, are being devastated by locusts and whole towns and villages are threatened with famine.

Attacked by an Armed Mob.

The barracks at Santa Tula, San Salvador, were attacked by an armed mob, crying, "viva la religion," "muera zaldívar," etc. They were driven off by the soldiers, who killed two or three, wounded several and captured many.

Revolutionary Movement.

The revolutionary movement was to have broken out at the same time at La Libertad, San Salvador, Santa Anna, Sonsonate and Apachapam. These departments were declared in a state of siege. The rebels will be severely punished. The town of San Carlos, Nicaragua has been burned. Loss \$100,000.

CHILI AND PERU.

Peace Progressing.

PANAMA, May 14.—Peace negotiations continue in Peru and Chili. In Lima meetings were being held at which Iglesias was unanimously supported. Caceres is now definitely defeated, so that there will be peace in the central regions, and Iglesias will probably be able to extend his authority from the north thither, to form something like a Government, in close vicinity to Lima, and sign a peace on the terms proposed by Chili months ago.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

OTTAWA, May 12.—It appears that the young girl who was the victim of a meek marriage recently did not return to her parents, but remained in the neighbourhood until quite recently. The main cause of her leaving was the fact of her being subpoenaed as a witness against her pseudo husband on a charge of riotous conduct in the house in which they boarded. Rather than face the trial, degradation such a proceeding would entail, when it is remembered that probably the story of her marriage would be brought out, she disappeared on the evening before the trial came off. It is, however, satisfactory to know that the man in whose house the parties boarded knows her address and intends to have the whole question thoroughly ventilated in a Court of law. The man who performed the sham ceremony has been identified by the deposed girl, and will doubtless be brought up at the same time as his depreciable friend.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

—Prince Bismarck's title, a German paper announces, will be the Duke of Lauenburg.

—Toronto artists are agitating for the erection of an Art Gallery similar to the one in Montreal.

—Photography, or instantaneous coloured photography, is being tried with great success in Rome.

—There are now 191 cotton factories in the Southern States, and most of them are making money.

—The French Governor-General of Dominica has begun inviting coloured ladies to his balls.

—Oyster culture was commenced in Norway in 1877, and at last they are having a good yield of spat.

—About five hundred trees will be planted at Quebec on "Arbour Day" in different parts of the city.

—A collection of \$171 was taken up on Sunday in the Basilica, Quebec, for French missions in the North-West.

—At St. Patrick's Church, Quebec, on Sunday, 144 children were confirmed and made their first communion.

—A new Provincial Cavalry corps of one hundred men, for permanent service, is about being organized at Quebec.

—The Dominion Government have ordered an official enquiry into the causes that led to the "Grappier" disaster.

—A number of Quebec physicians have received invitations to attend the meeting of American Medical Association, which takes place in Cleveland on the 5th prox.

—At five minutes to seven on Thursday night, a severe shock of earthquake was felt at Victoria, B.C. The movement was from north to south. There was no damage.

—During the week ending Saturday nearly 18,000 emigrants were landed at Castle Garden, New York. It is expected that fully 30,000 emigrants will arrive this week.

—The Empress of Austria has been writing poetry, and has had a printing office set up in the palace, and is learning to set type and manage a press, so that she can print her own poems.

—Two coloured Sisters of Charity, dressed in the prescribed habit of the order, attracted much attention in Hoboken on Saturday. They are from Washington and are on a visit to the Union Hill Monastery.

—The faculty for the Ladies' Medical College at Toronto has been elected. At a meeting to arrange preliminaries, it was decided to open the College in October next, and that the staff of lecturers should be gentlemen.

—Nearly two thousand immigrants have arrived at Quebec since Sunday morning. They are being forwarded to their destinations by the Grand Trunk Railway as fast as possible. The bulk of them are bound for Manitoba.

—The British Columbia House, on Thursday night, passed the second reading of the bill to provide for the construction of the Island railway dry dock. The vote affords lively satisfaction. Only five members opposed the scheme.

—Paris, for 2,226,000 inhabitants, has twenty-three theatres, six music halls and three circuses; Vienna, for 1,204,000 inhabitants, has seven theatres, one circus and six music halls; Berlin, with 1,300,000 inhabitants, has thirteen theatres, one circus and five music halls.

—There are 12,000 miles of underground wires in the towns in Great Britain and Ireland, and there is a constant outcry for them in the country in England owing to the destruction to open lines by gales and snowstorms, but the cost of the underground wires confines their use to large towns.

—At the meeting of the Salvation Army in Exeter Hall, London, England, on Thursday night, General Booth reported 4,491 corps and an income of £121,000. At the close of the meeting it was announced that £10,000 had been collected during the day, including some girls of £1,000 each.

—The "Despatch," with General Sherman and Mr. Sackville-West, the British Minister, on board, arrived at Norfolk, Va., on Saturday, to visit the Navy Yard. On their arrival a salute of seventeen guns was fired from the receiving ship "Franklin" in honour of General Sherman, followed by one of fifteen guns in compliment to the British Minister.

—Chinese labourers on the railway near Lytton, B.C., beat the foremen and three other white men with shovels. At night an armed band of whites proceeded to the Chinese camp, burned it, beat and shot the inmates, killing one man and injuring several others. It is said that the white labourers along the line of railway are organizing to resist the aggressions of the Chinese.

—Right Rev. Bishop Marty has just left Omaha for Fort Yates, Dakota, to complete the arrangements for the reception of Sitting Bull and his followers into the Catholic Church. The date for his baptism has not been definitely fixed, it being only necessary to await the final disposition of Sitting Bull by the Government. The ceremony will take place this month and be attended by a number of bishops and priests.

—The time for placing exhibits in the International Electric Exhibition, to be opened at Vienna on August 1 next, will expire on July 15. The railroads of the Austrian Empire have agreed to transport consignments to the exhibition at a reduction amounting practically to seventy per cent. The Crown Prince Rudolf has accepted the honorary presidency of the enterprise, and from the present outlook it is assured the exhibition will be a signal success.

WEATHER REPORT.

MONTREAL, May 14. Temperature in the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., opticians and mathematical instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame Street: 8 a.m., 44°; 1 p.m., 51°; 6 p.m., 50°; max., 53°; min., 42°; mean, 47.05°. By Standard Barometer—8 a.m., 30.12°; 1 p.m., 30.08°; 6 p.m., 30°.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Lakes—Fresh to strong north-easterly to north-westerly winds; clearing weather, with a few local showers; stationary or slightly higher temperatures. Upper St. Lawrence—Fresh to strong winds; cloudy to fair weather, with rain; not much change in temperature. Lower St. Lawrence—Fresh to strong north-easterly to north-westerly winds; fair to cloudy weather, with local rains. Gulf and Maritime—Fresh to strong south-westerly to south-easterly winds; fair to cloudy weather, with rain in southern Nova Scotia.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. EVERY GARMENT in our ready made department is well made and neat fitting at the Boston, 41 and 43 St. Joseph street.

FROM THE OLD WORLD.

Jottings of Interest in the Fisheries Exhibition.

FRANCE AND GERMANY PACIFIC.

The "Times" on Anglo-American Relations.

TRADE RETURNS OF FRANCE.

[EARLY TELEGRAMS.]

LONDON, May 14.—Wilhelm, the celebrated violinist, has injured his hand and for the present will be unable to keep his engagements or in fact to play at all.

The Times says the speech of General Grant at the recent annual banquet of the New York Chamber of Commerce is a fair sample of the opinion of the majority of the American people, which at present is aroused by the doings of the dynamic party. It is possible if O'Donovan Rossa keeps temporarily quiet the Americans will again lose sight of the true facts of the Irish question. In all candour and kindness we ask the American people to rid their minds of prejudice and recognize that the denunciations by Irishmen of the English are not now justified, but refer to bygone history. We do not ask the United States to put down organized ruffianism which pretends to impunity and encourage under their flag. If they do not bestir themselves for their own character and comfort, they are little likely to do so to oblige England, but they should recognize the fact, that the whole of England is convinced that the Government has dealt generously with Ireland, but must resist the demands of secessionists.

The Americans do not in their heads believe all Englishmen are hypocrites and tyrants, and should consider the effect of reckless language, and cease saying what they do not think.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 14.—Mahmoud Nedim is dead.

[LATEST TELEGRAMS.]

ENGLAND.

THE Fisheries Exhibition. LONDON, May 14.—The exhibition is gradually assuming a presentable appearance. The various galleries are not yet in perfect order, but enough has been done to render it worthy its universal character. The horticultural gardens are in splendid condition. South Kensington is alive with excitement. The exhibition buildings cover twenty-three acres of ground, and contain the best of what the world has to show in reference to fish culture. This is the most interesting, interesting and comprehensive display of everything relating directly or indirectly to the produce of the seas that has ever been gathered into one place. One of the largest and most interesting exhibits is that of China, which contains, besides 200 kinds of fish, a multitude of

Picturesque Objects and Models, such as dragon boats of full dimensions, and fishermen's boats, junks and other craft, all strangely at variance with modern ideas of ships and shipping in Europe. One large, highly finished and richly decorated model of a merchant ship, the poop one blaze of colour and gold, is fully rigged in true celestial manner. Her sails are of matting instead of canvas, and it is claimed in their favour that they stand more firmly to the wind, and do not bend like canvas. The rudder works free without a stern-post, and, except the davits, there is nothing in common between this vessel and an English ship. The Chinaman in question, however, belongs to Swatow, in the south, and is therefore more peculiar than any of the northern craft, whose sails, for instance, are canvas.

Canada is rich in fish, and has sent exhibits weighing 600 tons. These include a magnificent salmon, 79 pounds in weight, an earnest of vast resources. There are also eight fish from New Brunswick, which in the immediately adjoining section, set apart to the United States, there is a vast array of cases. The arrangement of exhibits in the American department is the most complete of any country, and shows the great resources of and progress made by the country. The domestic exhibit is large and varied. Those of Greece, Belgium and the Netherlands are good. The Chilean exhibit is very attractive.

In the British section the private collections possess great interest. Lord Walsingham sends 1,200 specimens of live fish to put into tanks; Lady Brassey shows the fish and coral gathered during the voyage of the "Sunbeam" round the world, including one genus and three species that are new to science; and the Zoological Society lend from their gardens specimens of birds and other animals that live in fish.

A fine skeleton of a whale, the property of the Marquis of Exeter, is shown in the grounds. It is sixty feet long, and has been admirably preserved.

In the fish market the middleman is got rid of, and the fish sold at the cheapest possible price. The National School of Cookery show the people how to cook fish, and is ready with the most frugal, dainty, and inviting dishes for the table of the workingman.

In the exhibition building a large space is occupied by dynamo machines for the supply of electric lighting, the tanks being illuminated with incandescent lamps under the water. There are some twenty ordinary tanks, containing each 1,000 gallons, and four large fresh water tanks of 2,000 gallons each. An asphalted reservoir on a lower level holds 30,000 gallons of water for the centrifugal pumps are from 1,500 to 2,000 feet of volcanic piping.

Besides the countries already mentioned there are exhibits by India, Japan, Tasmania, New South Wales, Austria, France, Hawaii, Poland, Switzerland, Portugal, Germany, Bahama and the West India Islands, Russia, Canada, Sweden, Norway, and Spain.

James Young, a celebrated chemist, is dead.

GERMANY.

Pacific Intentions of France. BERLIN, May 14.—It is semi-officially stated that the mission of Mr. Waddington here is to assure Germany of the continued pacific intentions of France.

Madagascar Treaty. The treaty between Germany and Madagascar is based on the most favoured nation principle. Germany has done r said nothing offensive to the sensibilities of France, but the Malagasy envoys consider their mission a complete success.

Bismarck's health no longer causes anxiety, but his physicians have advised him to take a complete and prolonged rest. He goes to Kissingen for the summer.

The Emperor goes to Gastein, where he will meet Emperor Francis Joseph.

Astronomical. KEIL, PRUSSIA, May 14.—A new asteroid of the 11th magnitude was discovered by Borrelly on May 11th, right ascension 14 hours, 19 min., 32 sec. declination south, 14 degrees 1 min.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Address by the Council of the National League.

THE VATICAN'S INSTRUCTIONS.

Joe Brady Dies Without Confessing His Guilt.

THE EXTRADITION QUESTION.

[EARLY TELEGRAMS.]

DUBLIN, May 14.—Joe Brady, convicted of participation in the Phoenix Park murders, was hanged at 8 a.m. to-day. Brady was the first man hanged for connection with the crime.

A vast concourse gathered outside the prison yard in which Brady was executed this morning. A strong force of cavalry, infantry and police was present. There was no attempt at disturbance. The morning opened beautifully, but was showery about the time the execution took place. Brady rose at 6. At 6.35 Canon Kennedy, of St. James Church, and Father O'Reilly administered the sacrament to the prisoner in the prison chapel. All three remained praying until the arrival of Marwood, the hangman. Brady submitted quietly while his arms were being pinioned and walked slowly and unflinchingly to the scaffold. The black flag indicating the execution had taken place was hoisted over the prison at three minutes past 8. Almost immediately he was hanged, and the sacrifice to the prisoner in the prison chapel. All three remained praying until the arrival of Marwood, the hangman. Brady submitted quietly while his arms were being pinioned and walked slowly and unflinchingly to the scaffold. 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