

CONSERVATIVES HAVE  
A CANDIDATE LABELLED

Arthur Sauve Leader Of The Opposition Delivered Two Fighting Speeches In The County Yesterday—Scathingly Denounces Government On Liquor Traffic—Answers Perron

(By Canadian Press)

Mont Laurier, Quebec County, July 30.—Arthur Sauve, leader of the Quebec Opposition, addressed two political meetings in this county today one here and the other at Ferme Neuve.

Mr. Sauve, who was speaking in a district settled within the last 30 years, made special reference to the colonization policy of the Provincial Government and charged that in the 25 years the Liberals had been in power they had failed to answer needs in that direction and that in consequence colonists were discouraged. As a result he claimed the number of settlers that went back to the Crown annually almost equaled the number which were bought annually.

Further he charged that the Government had paid too much attention to newer districts while closer at hand were districts which were sixty and 100 years old and that they were in crying need of aid. He went on to refer to the exposures that had been made in the last legislative session to the trafficking in colonization lots, instancing several cases by name.

Referring to the question of Government control of the liquor traffic in the Province, Mr. Sauve protested against the principle of the Government taking over the liquor or any other business.

He intimated that a Conservative candidate would be chosen to contest Labelle County in the forthcoming provincial bye-election and asked that the candidate should be judged on provincial issues only and not on Federal grounds, since he and his party had separated themselves from all Federal affiliations.

The leader of the Opposition dwelt upon colonization and the administration of Crown Lands. In outlining his programme he said that he wanted the colonization policy to be more effective. His idea was to supply the settlers with wood, land and a good medium of communication. He wanted special advantages for the sons of settlers and special prizes for the dairy industry in colonization regions. The money voted for colonization should be put to the benefit of the settler and of the province, but not to enrich the members, or to maintain political organizations. For the bona fide settler there should be fewer restrictions, fewer liens affecting his letters patent or his titles to the property, fewer levies, etc. An immigration survey which would assure our province of a particular character and the conservation of its institutions. He argued that steps should be taken to prevent the emigration of Quebecers. Colonization should be directed with prudence so that needless and hindering sacrifices be not required. One of the first steps to be taken should be the organization of the townships and municipalities which were now closed, in a manner to assure a full measure of development and to supply more promptly the needs of their population. In order to avoid the piling of timber limits and to help colonization, the Government should select in the areas of colonization the lots best suited for agriculture, clear the wood off from ten to fifteen acres of each, erect the necessary buildings and sell them to settlers well recommended by authorities independent of politics. Roads should be opened up when the settlers need them and not when politicians want to make political speculation to reap personal benefit.

The Province, he said, did not need a Crown Lands Department to rob and exploit the lumber merchants with disregard for justice and the interests of the Province, for the benefit of the party. There should be an active and coordinated exploitation of the natural riches of the Province by the people and for their profit. A complete inquiry was needed into the timber cutting rights, on the true names of the holders of forest lands and water powers. There should be a complete inquiry into our colonization system and on the sale or exchange of the lots of the Department of Crown Lands.

**The Riches of the Province**  
Touching upon the natural wealth of the Province, Mr. Sauve said: "The Province of Quebec is the largest of the Provinces of Confederation, having a superficial area of 708,658 square miles, the area organized into municipalities is about 87,970 square miles. The Province comprises 78,500,000 acres of forests not under lease and 44,275,350 under lease. That is to say that after three hundred years of existence, only one-sixteenth of the territory is populated. The fault of the past is that the settler was not assisted. He was made the victim of speculators. The settler was left without roads. The money voted for colonization was spent by favorites. Rich colonization parishes after 40 years of existence are still fifty miles from railway stations. Go to Lake St. John and Temiscaming and you find the proof of what I say."

Mr. Sauve then dwelt upon the merit of the settler. He said that the Government registered a large number of settlers in the report of C. W. Gordon, joint Council of Industry to be named Chairman of the Conciliation Board which will consider the wage dispute affecting Canadian Railway Shopmen.

REV. DR. GORDON CHAIRMAN OF CONCILIATION BOARD?

Winnipeg, July 29.—Local papers today publish a report that Rev. Dr. W. Gordon, who is chairman of the Manitoba Joint Council of Industry to be named Chairman of the Conciliation Board which will consider the wage dispute affecting Canadian Railway Shopmen.

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KITCHENER FILM  
HELD UP IN U.S.

Picture Caused Indignation When Produced In England—Detained In New York

(By Canadian Press)

New York, N.Y., July 29.—The motion picture film "How Kitchener Was Betrayed" which produced a storm of indignation in the Old Country when an attempt was made to show it there a year ago and which was promptly banned by the British Government, came to the United States a week ago, according to the World. The paper says it has learned that the film is now being detained by United States Customs officials, who are believed to have been acting on orders from Washington authorities.

Officials of the United States company which imported the film expressed belief that the detention of the picture might have been the result of a request from the British Embassy, but this was denied in the magazine British M.P., Secretary of the Embassy, Mr. P. M. P., who was convicted as a swindler a short time ago, it purported to show how Kitchener was betrayed by a young naval officer of his staff.

CHESS TOURNEY  
OPENING TODAY

Experts Of Two Hemispheres Will Compete For World's Championship

London, July 30.—Chess experts of two hemispheres will compete for the championship of the world in a tournament which will be opened to-morrow by Andrew Bonar Law, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, and now leader of the Unionists in the House of Commons. Play will continue for three weeks.

More than 150 players will participate in the first, second and third class sections of the tournament. This will be the first time in twenty-three years that London will witness such an impressive gathering of the chess talent of the world, of which Jose R. Capablanca, of Cuba, the world's title holder, is the leader.

Four Englishmen and eight foreigners will compete in the major open tournament. Alexander Alekhine, the Russian, and Akiba Rubinstein, Poland, are regarded as the most dangerous rivals of Capablanca for the championship, with which he will carry a prize of more than \$1,000.

Other contestants include champions of England, Canada, Australia and India, and masters from Italy, Austria, Holland, Czechoslovakia, Russia and Hungary.

**NORTHCLIFFE STILL IN DANGEROUS CONDITION**

London, July 30.—The physicians in attendance upon Lord Northcliffe say that the condition of their patient still is causing them anxiety. The endocarditis they assert is showing no noticeable signs of improvement.

**The Weather.**

Toronto, July 30.—Pressure is now comparatively low over Canada and somewhat higher to the southward. The weather today has been fine and warm everywhere except near Lake Superior where thunderstorms have been almost general and at a few points in southern Ontario and Manitoba where thunder showers have occurred.

**Temperatures:**

|               | Min. | Max. |
|---------------|------|------|
| Prince Rupert | 46   | 64   |
| Vancouver     | 48   | 61   |
| Calgary       | 52   | 76   |
| Edmonton      | 46   | 68   |
| Prince Albert | 50   | 78   |
| Medicine Hat  | 54   | 84   |
| Moose Jaw     | 60   | 80   |
| Winnipeg      | 58   | 84   |
| Port Arthur   | 40   | 76   |
| White River   | 46   | 76   |
| Parry Sound   | 58   | 78   |
| London        | 63   | 68   |
| Toronto       | 66   | 85   |
| Kingston      | 60   | 80   |
| Ottawa        | 62   | 84   |
| Montreal      | 58   | 80   |
| Quebec        | 50   | 80   |
| Halifax       | 56   | 74   |

**Forecast:**

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate winds; mostly fair and warm; thunderstorms in some localities.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; mostly fair and warm; thunderstorms in some localities, chiefly towards night.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and North Shore—Moderate westerly winds; fine and warm.

Maritime—Moderate westerly winds; fine and warm.

Lake Superior—Moderate winds; clearing and warmer.

Western Provinces—Moderate winds; mostly fine and warm; thunder showers in a few localities.

PROGRESS FOR  
FREE STATERS  
IS REPORTED

Castle Connell, Cappamore, Pallas, Knockalong And Other Points Captured

(By Canadian Press)

Dublin, July 30.—A communication issued by General O'Duffy commanding the National troops in the southwestern district records substantial progress for the Free State troops who he says have captured Castle Connell, Cappamore, Pallas and Knockalong on the east and south of the Shannon, and the line along the Malakus river from the Shannon to Charleville on the west.

The communication says Killmallock is now untenable, being covered on three sides by the Free Staters and its fall is inevitable. It is now expected that a decisive battle will be fought between Mallock and Fermoy.

General O'Duffy says the irregular forces are superior in numbers, but not in fighting quality, and his review of the situation does not minimize the strength of the irregulars. It says:

"With the best fighting material in Munster amongst them and a considerable advantage in numbers, unless they are able to retain Killmallock, which seems impossible, it will be imperative for them to retreat from Clonroche and to succeed in these operations may take time but the end is certain."

General O'Duffy seemed to be well pleased with the progress made by his troops and continued: "We cleared east and west Limerick who carried on a campaign in Tipperary; the irregulars are now at Athlone and we have occupied Rockbarton. In County Clare, the headquarters of the first Western Division of the irregulars at Corvin, have been evacuated. Our troops are concentrating at Ennislyon, the headquarters of the irregulars is now in the Black Carlo mountains, while a majority of their leaders are in Galway jail.

"The portion of County Galway in this command also of the railway line between Ballinacorney and Clontarf is completely in the hands of the Nationalists. Occasionally telegraph wires are cut or railway tracks torn up, but the rout of the irregulars has been almost complete. Galway City is in the hands of our troops and conditions in Limerick are returning to normal."

"I have not yet been able to send reinforcements to east and west Connaught, but the local troops are doing well, and have succeeded in several engagements. In Tipperary the activity of the irregulars is confined to bridge and railway destruction but this does not hamper our troops, it only exacerbates the civilian population."

"In Cork and Kerry we are also succeeding. Every day brings its quota of volunteers for the National army from these centers."

Four hundred Nationalists, who left Thurles early yesterday were attacked near Golden Village by irregulars, according to a message received here Saturday. After an engagement lasting twenty minutes, the irregulars retired towards Tipperary, leaving behind them a quantity of equipment and munitions. One prisoner was taken by the Nationalists.

**Cardinal Complaints.**

Dundalk, July 30.—Cardinal Logue, Primate of Ireland, in a letter to the Dundalk Diocese, complained of the state of affairs of the past two weeks and said that he was deliberating as to whether he should go to Dundalk and put the whole place under excommunication, according to an announcement made by Father McKee from the pulpit of the Dundalk Cathedral today.

Michael Collins visited the military barracks here on Saturday afternoon but stayed only for a few hours. During the night, the population was disturbed by heavy firing from the Free State troops quartered in the Anne Street barracks. The firing was provoked by an attack of an unknown number of irregulars, who continued the firing intermittently, extending it later over an apparently wider area.

There is much military activity in the street, many arrests being made and searches perpetrated. It is believed that the irregulars' attack has failed. One of the volunteers was admitted to the hospital severely wounded.

**Peace Broken.**

Belfast, July 30.—The period of peace that has prevailed here was broken yesterday. A police outpost was attacked and one constable and two of the attackers wounded. Later a gang attacked two draymen and fatally wounded one of them.

**TWO AVIATORS WERE BURNED TO DEATH**

Middletown, N.Y., July 30.—Lieut. Tracey Lyons, aviation section U. S. Army and Augustus A. Meyer, Jr., of Port Jervis, were burned to death at Port Jervis this afternoon when an airplane in which they were riding crashed to earth. Breaking of a propeller caused the plane to take a fatal nose dive.

Occasionally a summer girl is so conscientious that she will not make a new engagement until she has broken off an old one.

OCCUPATION OF  
CONSTANTINOPLE  
Only Means Of Bringing About

Peace, View Of Greek Government

(By Canadian Press)

Athens, July 30.—A note sent by the Greek Government to the Allies respecting the intentions of Greece in Asia-Minor emphasizes the view that the occupation of Constantinople is the only means of bringing about peace and says Greece has made arrangements with that purpose in view.

The note begs the Allies to issue the necessary orders to the Army of Brigadier-General Sir Charles Harbord, Commander of the Allied forces in Constantinople, and says it is confident that difficulties will not be imposed in the way of Greece.

The note adds that by the neutralization of Constantinople the Allies are protecting, instead of coercing, Turkey, and thus depriving Greece of means of imposing peace.

The Turkish atrocities, the note continues, make it vital for Greece to adopt energetic measures against the Turks, but that the Greek Government is willing to discuss the matter with the Allies.

General Harbord's declaration that he will oppose by force any move toward Constantinople has caused deep discouragement and disappointment in Greece, as the newspapers had been leading the people to believe that Greek occupation of Constantinople would not be resisted by the Allies.

An announcement that the Greek Government is prepared to extend the war against the Turks beyond the already extensive borders, caused intense excitement on the Bourse and further aggravation of Greece's financial and commercial crisis.

The drachma fell today to nearly fifty to the dollar. The Greek army of 300,000 men in Asia Minor, Macedonia and Thrace, is costing \$7,000,000 monthly. It is realized that this expenditure cannot be kept up indefinitely in the present parlous state of the Treasury. The remittances of \$50,000,000 from Greeks in America during the last year have been of immense assistance to the Government. The Greeks are still hopeful that the United States Government may release the balance of the \$50,000,000 credits established during the regime of Premier Venizelos. This balance amounts to \$23,000,000.

Greek troops continue to land at Rodos. It is reported that their numbers have now reached 25,000.

**Autonomy for Smyrna.**

London, July 30.—A Reuter despatch from Athens says autonomy for Smyrna and adjacent territory under Greek occupation is to be proclaimed immediately. Under the new regime the people will have extensive self-government.

The despatch adds that it is rumored Prince Nicholas will be appointed Governor of Smyrna, and that elections will be held in the new state, these to be followed by application for recognition by the powers.

According to despatches the understanding is the Greek Government's decision outlined in Saturday's note to the Allies will not be put into execution for the present.

EXPLANATION OF  
NEW TAXATION

Official Statement Issued By Minister Of Customs And Excise

(By Canadian Press)

Ottawa, July 30.—An official statement has been made by the Minister of Customs and Excise, Hon. Jacques Bureau, explaining the increased taxes which come into effect on August first. The statement of the Minister is as follows:

"The increased stamp tax on bills of exchange, bank advances, overdrafts, cheques, sales and transfers of stocks and bonds, express money orders, travellers' cheques and post office money orders, becomes effective on August first next.

"The tax on bills of exchange, promissory notes and advances on overdrafts is payable at the rate of two cents for every fifty dollars or fraction thereof.

"Cheques, money orders and travellers' cheques for amounts of fifty dollars, or over, require a two cent stamp. If the amount for which they are issued exceeds fifty dollars, but does not exceed five thousand dollars, a two cent stamp for every fifty dollars, or fraction thereof is required to be affixed thereto.

"Cheques, money orders and travellers' cheques which exceed five thousand dollars in amount require a two dollar stamp.

"The tax is to be paid by means of excise tax stamps in preference to postage stamps, affixed to the face of the cheque or money order. Regulations have, however, been issued whereby the tax on cheques may be paid monthly to the individual cheques. Under those regulations, the cheques are embossed with a stamp, stating that the excise tax has been paid. Special licences are issued by the Department of Customs and Excise to firms who desire to pay the tax monthly."

**THE DAILY DONT.**

Pay as you go—but don't forget to pay.

NIGHT ON BOARD  
WORST EXPECTED

Canada Steamships Vessel Rapids Prince Aground In Lachine Rapids

(By Canadian Press)

Montreal, July 30.—A night on board on the Canada Steamships vessel Rapids Prince is the worst that will befall the four hundred excursionists that shot the Lachine Rapids here this evening on that ship, prior to her grounding on a rock shortly after six o'clock. No attempt will be made to-night to take the passengers off the ship and they will be landed to-morrow morning.

In the meantime the vessel is amply provisioned and the comfort of the passengers will be fully met. Through the snapping of a rudder chain while the Rapids Prince was still in the Lachine Rapids at 7 o'clock this evening, the vessel was caught by the swift current and thrown on a rocky ledge where she now lies, her bow raised above the water line while her stern remains in the channel, continuously swept by the great weight of water.

There was no panic among the 400 passengers when the vessel struck and it is stated that there is no danger in the situation of the ship.

An official statement given out to-night by J. W. Norcross, Vice President and General Manager of the Canadian Steamship Lines Ltd., is as follows:

"The Rapids Prince, bound for Montreal from Prescott, went ashore off Heron's Island at about 7 o'clock tonight. The cause of the accident was the breaking of a rudder chain. An attempt was made to reach the steamer by two motor boats but the current was too strong and further attempts to remove the passengers were postponed until tomorrow morning. The vessel is well provisioned and equipped and the 400 passengers will spend the night on board where everything is being done to make them comfortable. The steamer managed to get ashore and has reported conditions to me. It is planned that at daybreak a steamer will run the Rapids and alongside the stranded vessel and the passengers will be taken off. The vessel is not making any water and neither it nor the passengers are in any danger."

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**Russian Sables**  
Of Remarkable Beauty  
Exquisite skins—large, full-furred, luxurious—a wonderful lot of them is now numbered among our collections of Fine Furs.  
Smart one skin Choker effects are procurable in rich, dark skins, also throws of two, three or more skins perfectly matched.  
The raw skins may be taken into the United States duty free.  
Some lovely pelts are now selling as low as \$100.00  
Visitors are cordially invited to visit our fur displays at the Chateau Frontenac and on Buade Street.  
**Holt, Renfrew & Co. Limited**

**The Aquamarine**  
A beautiful stone varying from pale blue to sea green in color.  
In our collection of loose stones we are displaying some fine specimens of Aquamarines in various shapes and sizes, suitable for pendants, pins or rings.  
Prices range from \$1.00 up  
Two Large Beryls  
Of exquisite bluish green shade suitable for large brooch or pendant.  
Oval 17½ carats - \$ 90.  
Oblong 19 carats - \$100.  
**G. Seifert & Sons**  
Jewellers  
16 Fabrique St.

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Formerly of Boston.  
MEALS A LA CARTE, from 7 A.M. to 8 P.M.  
SPECIAL LUNCHEON CLUB BREAKFAST  
11.30 A.M. to 2 P.M. 7 to 10 A.M.  
TOURISTS' LUNCHEONS PUT UP TO TAKE OUT.  
ASSORTED CAKES AND PASTRY  
COLD SODAS ICE CREAM SUNDAES  
Phones 6567-6568—12 Fabrique St.—Opp. City Hall

**UNIONIST BILL TO BE DOOMED?**  
Is Awaiting Third Reading But Has Raised Storm Of Indignation  
**THE FINANCIAL CRITICS DIFFER**  
Disagreement Regarding The Causes Of Saturday's Record Slump Of Mark  
(Can. Press Cable.)  
London, July 30.—The Unionist bill amending the trade union act of 1913 has completed the committee stage and is awaiting third reading but the storm of indignation which the measure has provoked among trade unionists renders it unlikely that the government will provide facilities for the third reading. The act of 1913 was passed to meet objections to the famous Osborne judgment which declared that the devotion of union funds to political purposes was illegal. The judgment provided that trade unionists must find the money for political work by a special levy. The present bill limits the obligation to contribute to the special political fund to members definitely signing their willingness in writing. Numerous resolutions have been passed by labor bodies against the bill which is regarded, according to the tenor of the resolutions, as justification for direct action as "it will have the effect of stopping the flow of money to the war chest of the labor party which cannot get money by distributing titles."  
Berlin, July 29.—Financial critics differ as to the immediate causes of yesterday's record slump of the mark. Some of them hold it is due to what they consider the somewhat brusque French note regarding Germany's clearing house payments. There was no Bourse yesterday, but dollar trading at 650 were recorded and the official rate wavered between 605 and 606. The foreign money again had to be allotted, de facto being met in proportion to the supply on hand. This scarcity is held responsible for the mark's drop in some quarters, which declare that speculation is a large contributing factor. Industrialists, as well as the general public, are blamed for alleged wild speculation, against which stern measures are advocated.  
One leader in the financial world declared today that Germany had reached the point where Austria stood a year ago, not only in the status of her currency, but with respect to the mania for speculation. This speculation, he said, had become epidemic and must be wiped out.



QUEBEC, MONDAY, JULY 31, 1922.

U.S. GOVERNMENT  
AS MIDDLEMANWill Pass Coal From Mines  
To Industries Needing It  
Most

Washington, July 30.—The Government, with the co-operation of the States, will assume to-morrow the duties of a middleman passing on the coal from the producing mines to the industries and localities which, in the eyes of the Government need it most. Just how much coal the Government can count on remains a matter of speculation.

The total production for the past week of 3,900,000 tons of bituminous and 27,000 tons of anthracite, is compared in the weekly report of the United States geological survey with a normal production at this time including anthracite of about 9,500,000 to 12,000,000 tons. Normal consumption at this time of year would be 8,000,000 tons of coal a week. Covered by priority orders from the Interstate Commerce Commission, all coal now being produced is to be bought until the fair prices levels to be maintained by the Federal fuel distributor for the cars being withheld from dealers who sell at advanced prices.

Railroads and interstate public utilities are to be the concern of the Federal Government. Bunker coal is to be kept to a minimum and foreign ships required to fill their bunkers abroad for the round trip, while exports will only be permitted in case of shipments destined for consumers who cannot otherwise supply themselves.

Resume Mining August 11  
Coal mining will be resumed August 11 in three small fields controlled by the Kentucky-Tennessee Coal Operators Association under an agreement said to be the first reached between the unions and operators since the coal strike began.

Miners and operators of another Kentucky district, for another Middleboro will meet Tuesday with the expectation of signing a similar agreement.

In the chief producing districts, the central competitive field, there was no immediate sign of agreement.

Federal and State officials continued preparations for distribution of coal under Government supervision.

Frank Farrington, head of the United Mine Workers in Illinois was in Philadelphia today for a conference with John L. Lewis, and other Union Chiefs.

Mining of coal has been resumed in mines of Washington County, Pa., and in Indiana.

Governor Taylor of Tennessee was asked for troops by the sheriff of Calhoun County.

The Federal Reserve Bank at St. Louis reported that continuance of the coal strike for much longer period would result in serious inconvenience and higher costs.

TERMS OF PEACE  
ALREADY AGREEDEnd Of Country-Wide Rail  
Strike In America Virtually  
Arrived

Chicago, July 30.—Peace terms already have been agreed to in the country-wide railway strike and formal ratification has been assured through President Harding's efforts. It was asserted to-night by a man in close official touch with the situation.

All that now remains before the strike, which has cost the workers upwards of \$40,000,000 in wages, passes into history, it was asserted, is the formal endorsement of the terms of settlement by the railway executives. The meeting in New York, which was held on Saturday, was a meeting of Union chiefs for the same date. This man, who has been in closest touch with the entire situation, finally decided to yield for the good of the country, sweeping aside the seniority issue, he continued, "but their gesture will give little consolation to the men who walked out on July first, for besides their loss in pay, they will lose some of their seniority rights to the men who remained at work and see their original grievances returned and the question of a National Adjustment Board and certain other points taken up by Congress."

"The exact terms of settlement probably will not be known until after Tuesday's meetings, but whatever, they are the objections of a minority on either side will not be sufficient strong to obstruct or prevent their ratification by both sides. The beginning of the strike it must be remembered and it is not a great stumbling block as it has seemed at times. When the time comes it will be disposed of with justice to all and to the satisfaction of the great majority of the workers."

PIGRIMAGE BY  
YPRES LEAGUEAnniversary Of Opening Of  
Third Battle Observed On  
Saturday

(Canadian Press Cable.)  
Paris, July 30.—The anniversary of the opening of the third battle of Ypres was marked on Saturday by a pilgrimage to Ypres under auspices of the Ypres League in which Belgium, France and British delegates participated, says a Reuter despatch from Ypres.

The British delegation included the Earl of Ypres (Field Marshal French), Lieut.-General Sir Wm. Pulteney, Major-General Sir John Pulteney and several British soldiers who fought at Ypres.

Addressing the gathering the Earl of Ypres recalled that the British army occupied Ypres for over four years and that 200,000 British soldiers were killed there while holding the gate to Calais and the channel ports.

"NO MORE WAR"  
DEMONSTRATIONSHeld In Many Parts Of Eng-  
land And Germany Yesterday

London, July 30.—As part of a "no-more-war" demonstration throughout the world, thousands gathered yesterday in Hyde Park and heard prominent members of the clergy, social workers and Labor leaders speak against military strife. Processions from all parts of London converged in the Park and assembled before twelve platforms. A resolution against war was offered by the ex-servicemen. The same resolution is being proposed before a hundred similar demonstrations in towns and villages throughout England.

Germany Also  
Berlin, July 30.—The former palace grounds of the one time Emperor William in the Lustgarten, where martial trumpet blasts a few years ago greeted the war lord of monarchial Germany, today echoed and re-echoed with the shouts and speeches of some fifty thousand Republicans opposed to war.

The gathering was part of the international movement to observe the eighth anniversary of the commencement of the world war. It was held by the "no-more-war" assembly. Similar meetings had been provided for in more than 200 German cities and towns.

UNITED STATES SHARE  
IN ARGONNE FIGHTCommemorated With Inau-  
guration Of Memorial Near  
Ruins Of Vauquois

Paris, July 30.—The United States share in the Argonne fighting was commemorated today when a memorial to 150,000 killed in the forests was inaugurated at Haute Chevauchee near the ruins of Vauquois. Premier Poincare delivered the unveiling address.

Premier Poincare, who spoke during the afternoon, recounted the history of the Argonne fighting. He said: "On a day in September 1918, the American army, taking its part in the immense offensive organized by the French, joined hands with Gouard and contributed ardently to the liberation of the Argonne."

He then concluded: "Germany was repulsed for the war. She ought to repair the evil she has done. Willingly or by force, she shall repair it."

DESIRES CONFERENCE  
BEFORE AUGUST 15French Government's View  
Presented To Acting British  
Foreign Secretary

Paris, July 30.—The French Government urgently desires that the conference on Reparations between Premiers Poincare and Lloyd George take place before August 15. This desire was conveyed to the British Government yesterday and was renewed by Count Saint-Aulaire, the French Ambassador at London, who called on the Earl of Balfour, acting Foreign Secretary, under instructions from the French Foreign Office. It is in the opinion of M. Poincare greatly desirable that Belgium and Italy be represented at the deliberations, but that the invitations be issued by the British Government.

OPIUM DENS RAIDED.  
Montreal, July 30.—Twenty Chinamen, who gave addresses in Montreal's Chinatown on Lagache and Lower St. Urbain streets, filled prisoner's dock to capacity here Saturday morning, following raids on alleged opium dens which occurred in that neighborhood Friday night. They all pleaded not guilty and were remanded for trial August 2nd.

POLIOMYELITIS  
IN HAMILTON16 Cases Of Dreaded Spinal  
Disease Reported — "Ex-  
plosive" Outbreak Feared

Hamilton, Ont., July 30.—With 16 cases of the dread poliomyelitis reported to the health authorities here during the past week, and with the hospitals taxed to capacity, the last case having been admitted Friday night, a hurried conference of Dr. Roberts, Minister of Health and members of the Board of Health was called. The need of securing added accommodation at once was realized and provision will have to be made, especially for poor cases. Strict isolation was ordered today in all cases and efforts will be made towards individual isolation in private cases. No even parents will be permitted to visit patients, except in case of death.

Dr. Roberts expressed the fear that there would be an "explosive" outbreak in August. The city's milk supply was criticized by the Minister of Health, who complained of difficulty with too few assistants, of enforcing the pasteurization order in local dairies.

DISTRIBUTION OF  
THE POPULATIONThree Quarters Of Inhabitants  
Of British Empire Are Hud-  
dled Together

London, July 30.—While one-quarter of the habitable surface of the earth is included in the British Empire, three quarters of the total white population of the Empire live huddled together on one-fifth of the area suitable for their habitation, and the remaining fourth, are as scattered as the wind-blown seeds, unable, for want of sufficient mutual support, to make the most of the bounty that Nature so richly offers them.

The statement was made by Lt. Col. L. C. Amery, M.P., Parliament and Financial Secretary to the Admiralty at a banquet given here recently in his honor by the British Empire Producers' Organization.

Col. Amery said a casual visitor from another planet would begin by assuming that the favored British race was busily intent upon spreading its empire rapidly and as evenly as possible over its vast home island, and concentrating its efforts on the development of its boundless resources, tropical and temperate. He would be surprised and perplexed to learn that this was by no means the case. He would be still more perplexed when told that the people of this country, instead of using their capital to open up the less-developed parts of the Empire, had invested thousands of millions of pounds in every country in the world outside of their own Empire, and even now paid far more attention to the rehabilitation of the credit required to disengage themselves from the prop up tottering Bolshevism in Russia, than to plans for the development of the Empire.

The trouble, Col. Amery said, was that the British people had not yet learned to think imperially. The key of this problem was the better distribution of the population of the Empire by co-operation between all Governments concerned, and it was in that co-operation that a beginning was made through the Empire Settlement Act, which was recently passed by the British Parliament.

The Old Country could supply a large gathering of representatives of various parts of the Empire, including Hon. P. C. Larkin, Canadian High Commissioner; Sir Joseph Cook, Australian High Commissioner; Sir Edgar Walton, South African High Commissioner; Sir James Allen, High Commissioner of New Zealand, and Sir Edgar Bowring, High Commissioner of Newfoundland. Col. Amery was given credit for being the father of the British Empire Act, which was regarded as a great measure, particularly in its future potentiality.

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SPEAKER OF HOUSE  
CANNOT INTERFERE

(Canadian Press Cable.)  
London, July 30.—Replying to the request from Horatio Bottomley's solicitor for the postponement of the motion for the expulsion from the House of Commons, pending the hearing of an appeal of the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Speaker of the House of Commons intimated that he is unable to interfere.

## WOMEN'S SWIMMING RECORD

New York, July 30.—Miss Helen Wainwright of the Women's Swimming Association, New York, shattered the world's 220 yard record for women by 11 3/8 seconds yesterday in winning the 220 yard Metropolitan championship at Manhattan beach lagoon. Miss Wainwright's time was 2 minutes 41 1/8 seconds.

PEACE TREATY SIGNED  
Rome, July 30.—The Republicans and Fascists at Ravenna have signed a treaty of peace, whereby the former have ordered a cessation of the strike they called several days ago, and the Fascists have ordered demobilization of their bands.

NO APPOINTMENT  
YET BEEN MADEBy Minister Of Labor To  
Chairmanship Of Concilia-  
tion Board

(By Canadian Press.)  
Ottawa, July 30.—No appointment has yet been made by the Minister of Labor to the chairmanship of the Board of Conciliation between the Canadian railways and their shop employees. A report has been received here unofficially from Winnipeg that Rev. C. W. Gordon, of that city, has been agreed upon as chairman by the representatives of the companies and of the men, but there was no confirmation of this at the Department of Labor. The selection of Isaac Pihlblad, of Winnipeg, as company representative and of James Simpson, of Toronto, as nominee of the employees was formally notified to the parties on Friday by the Department of Labor, and these two representatives have been in consultation as to the choice of chairman since that time. The Lemieux Act allows five days to the representatives for the choice of a chairman, and at expiration of that time, if no agreement has been reached, a chairman is appointed by the Minister of Labor. In the meantime, advice here are hopeful that there will be no strike of the shopmen.

Two causes of uneasiness have come to the surface in the recent negotiations, one being the question whether the companies would consent to suspend the cut in wages, pending the report of the Board now being formed, the other a complaint that the Grand Trunk was repatriating United States rolling stock in Canadian shops.

The Minister of Labor has been in communication with the railways in regard to both these points, and an announcement is expected shortly on the attitude of the railways towards the suspension of the reduction in rates. On the other point the Department received a denial of the charge from the Grand Trunk and notified Charles Dickie, Secretary of Division No. 4, Railway Employees' Department of the American Federation of Labor, to the effect:

It is understood, too, that conditions in the United States are making for a peaceful settlement of the dispute in Canada. Arrangements on both sides of the line are so inter-related that a settlement, which is expected in the United States, is regarded as likely to influence affairs powerfully in Canada in the same direction.

POLAND NEARER  
TO THE GERMANSEncouraging Step Toward Im-  
proved Relations Seen In  
Plans For Conference

Berlin, July 30.—An encouraging step toward improvement in Polish-German relations has been taken through the arrangement of preliminary talks for a conference to negotiate a commercial agreement at Dresden in September.

At the moment when grave conditions in upper Silesia and the rise to power of the anti-German agitator, Albert Kordt, threaten to drive the long standing hostility of the two countries to even greater extremes, Germany has agreed in principle to abandon in a final agreement the commercial boycott of Poland under which Poland has long been prevented from getting necessary commercial fertilizers and other desired commodities from Germany, either through the operation of the export license system or by a tacit accord between German export firms.

Poland will in return lift its embargo on transit traffic between Germany and Russia, thanks to which German exporters have been forced to use a roundabout sea route closed in the winter.

The two countries have gone to every length of opposition except actual fighting since the Armistice and the transfer of Germany's eastern border to Poland. Even this has long seemed vain to expect any improvement in relations. Even today upper Silesia is a festering sore whence violent measures of German hordes against Poles and Poles versus Germans in their respective sections of the divided province are pouring a steady stream of poison into mutual sections despite the efforts of the authorities to assuage the bitterness of the terrible partition struggle.

COMMERCE CHAMBER  
OF RADIO FORMEDInitial Meeting Of Organiza-  
tion Held In Washington  
And Officers Chosen

Washington, July 30.—The Radio Chamber of Commerce held its first session here today at Wardman Park Hotel and elected officers. It was announced that an advisory president will be appointed for each state or radio district throughout the country.

One of the features of the opening program was an address by Commander Hooper, chief of the Radio Division Bureau of Engineering, Navy Department, who discussed radio development in an interesting manner. Commander Hooper estimated that there are a million amateurs in the country who know something about radio construction, because they had to build their first sets. He stressed the importance of co-operation, standardization and the maintenance of quality in radio apparatus.

INCREDULOUS ABOUT  
ANTHRACITE FIND.

(By Canadian Press.)  
Ottawa, July 29.—The statement made in Hamilton by A. F. Coyne that anthracite had been discovered in commercial quantities near Sudbury is received with incredulity at the Mines Department here. Similar reports have, it is stated, been made at intervals for several decades, and on investigation it has been found that the samples were anthracite. When it occurs without admixture it makes good fuel, but ordinarily it is mixed with quartz of calcite.

## JURY'S LONG CONCLAVE.

Los Angeles, July 30.—The jury in the second trial of Mrs. Madeline Obenchain, for the murder of J. Reiton Kennedy, a broker, had been out approximately 48 hours at 5 o'clock this afternoon and there still was no indication of a verdict.

CONGREGATION IS  
GIVEN A SHOCKVictim Of Religious Mania  
Slashes Himself With Knife  
During Service

New York, July 30.—Hundreds looked up from prayer during last week at St. Patrick's Cathedral to day to see, standing at the foot of the Altar, a man, his clothing open over his chest and a knife held as a swordman salutes. They saw his life move as the hand with the knife went downward. Two slashes, formed like a cross, appeared on his chest.

He turned and moved toward Father Patrick Daly, who only glanced aside as the congregation gasped. Sailors who had been kneeling near the altar, vaulted the rail and caught the fanatic, still mumbling unintelligibly. The chant of the priest went on as police removed the wounded man to an ambulance.

CROWN APPEAL  
WAS DISMISSEDRuled By House Of Lords  
Food Controller Acted  
Within Rights

London, July 30.—The House of Lords recently dismissed an appeal by the Crown from a decision of the Court of Appeal that the Food Controller had acted beyond his rights, where, under the Defence of the Realm Acts and Regulations, he imposed as a condition of the grant of a license to purchase milk in certain areas a charge of two-pence a gallon payable to him by the purchaser. The Court of Appeal had reversed a judgment by a lower court in favor of the Crown in an action against White United Dairies, Limited, for some £15,000 under five agreements dated in April and May, 1919, made between the Dairy people and the Food Controller.

The Judge who tried the case in the first place held that the payments complained of were a necessary part of the legal powers of the Food Controller and were therefore not such a tax as required the authority of the Parliament.

The Court of Appeal, on the contrary, held that the imposition of the charge of two-pence a gallon as a condition of the license to trade was beyond the legal powers of the Food Controller, and was a levying of money for the use of the Crown without grant of Parliament within the meaning of the Bill of Rights, and that the agreements were consequently invalid.

The House of Lords decided that the Food Controller had not been given power by Parliament or by the Defence of the Realm Regulations to levy any sum of money on any of the King's subjects, though he had been given drastic powers in regard to the regulation and control of the food supply. Hence the Crown's Appeal failed.

LAWN BOWLING  
FOR THIS WEEKInteresting Games Scheduled  
For This Evening, Tomorrow  
And Wednesday

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GOLF CLUBS TO MEET  
The Island of Orleans Golf Club and the Lorette Golf Club will engage in an interclub golf competition on the links of the Lorette Club on Wednesday afternoon.

All members of the Orleans Club who intend taking part in the contest are requested to send in their names to Mr. Alfred Jolicoeur.

FARRAR LOSES  
LEGAL FIGHTGeraldine Denies Lou Tellegen  
Repaid \$9,500 Loaned Be-  
fore Their Separation

New York, July 29.—The thread of the romance which once held Geraldine Farrar and Lou Tellegen now hangs from three separate legal paws. That was disclosed from a decision of Justice Thomas F. Donnelly denying Miss Farrar's motion for her husband to file a bill of particulars in the suit for \$9,500 which she began several weeks ago. The amount represents unpaid loans which she alleges she made to him from January, 1918, to July, 1921. That suit is distinct from her divorce action and Tellegen's suit for separation, which were brought nearly a year ago.

The action also reveals that Max D. Steuer has been retained by Mr. Tellegen. Previously he had been represented by Harry M. Steinfield. Samuel Untermyer is Miss Farrar's attorney.

Tellegen's answer, filed June 22, according to papers now in the county clerk's office, was a general denial of indebtedness. Miss Farrar says in her affidavit that she claims each and every sum which he borrowed from her has been "duely paid." In spite of this plea, Miss Farrar says she has "no knowledge, information or belief respecting any payment or payments or any consideration whatever at any time" given to her or to any one representing her.

Her application for specific details, she states, was made in good faith to enable her properly to prepare for the trial of the case and not for purpose of controlling her husband to reveal his evidence or to state the names of his witnesses.

Mr. Steuer's opposition to the application on the ground that it was contrary to practice requires a defendant to give particulars in a defence of payment "unless very special reasons appear" was upheld by Justice Donnelly in denying the motion.

Denies Getting Money.  
Miss Farrar asked specifically that her husband be compelled to tell when, where and how the payments were made, and for which she is suing were made. Of his whereabouts she has the following to say:

"I have no knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the residence of the defendant, Lou Tellegen. Although I know he did reside in the Borough of Manhattan in the last twelve months, his profession as actor, he has, to the best of my knowledge and belief, established no fixed place of residence no fixed place of residence in the last eight months."

The alleged payments, which are the basis of the suit, are five, and enumerated by Miss Farrar as follows: \$2,000, January 17, 1918; \$6,000, February 20, 1919; \$100, March 23, 1921; \$500, June 3, 1921, and \$1,000, July 1, 1921. Replying to Tellegen's statement that each and every sum of money which he borrowed has been duly paid and that there is no indebtedness existing, Miss Farrar says:

"The defendant (Tellegen) accordingly appears to plead payment of all these amounts, but my plea is vague and indefinite, and in form thereof renders it impossible for me properly to prepare for the trial of this action and to meet the affirmative issues created by the defendant's plea of payment."

## NEW POLISH PREMIER

Warsaw, July 30.—The Cabinet situation to-night was regarded as having virtually been settled when President Pilsudski, at the request of the Majority of the Diet, asked Dr. Nowak, Rector of the University of Cracow, to accept the Premiership.

## E. OF C. ASSEMBLY

Atlantic City, N.J., July 30.—Thousands of the members of the Knights of Columbus are here from all sections of the country for the 40th Annual Supreme Convention of that organization, which opens Tuesday.

## OREGON IS BETTER.

Mexico City, July 30.—A bulletin issued by the physicians in attendance upon President Obregon says the condition of the Chief Executive was better today.

## DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Single gentleman furnished with rooms; one or two gentlemen, also with wives.—Adv. in Boston paper.

PLUCKY MOUNTAIN  
CLIMBER PRAISEDSir Francis Younghusband  
Describes Attempt To Scale  
Mount Everest

London, July 7.—(By Mail)—"Mountaineering proper is not necessarily rashness, but is entirely a question of prudence and of courage, of strength and steadiness, and of a feeling for nature and her most awe-inspiring, but for that reason the more sublime, and to a contemplative spirit the more suggestive."

Sir Francis Younghusband, speaking before the Royal Geographical Society on the Mount Everest expedition, used the foregoing words to express the sentiment which has animated all those connected with the expedition, and then said they were written 33 years ago by a certain father Hatti, who has now become Pope Pius XI.

After describing what the expedition had accomplished Sir Francis says that the expedition was a year ago that skilled mountaineers are able to take those unaided in high mountain craft to the highest altitudes. Geoffrey Bruce had never climbed a snow and ice mountain before. Yet under Finch's skilled leadership he was able to attain a height of 27,300 feet. And the Sherpa porters, though they were practically untrained to snow and ice work, were able, under General Bruce's stimulation, to carry loads up to 25,500 feet, some of them making the journey four times and so earning the unstinted praise of the best mountaineers.

"By careful organization and combination of effort, using experience to guide inexperience, and by the display of indomitable pluck on the part of the highest climbers, the expedition has at a bound brought the record up from 24,600 feet to 27,300 feet and thus left only 1,700 feet to be climbed before the crowning summit is reached."

"The standard of human achievement has thereby been sensibly raised. And many another traveler, and many another struggling upward in every walk of life and in every country will be braced and heartened in remembering what Finch and Mallory, Somervell, Norton and Bruce have this year accomplished on Mount Everest. And this, to my mind, is incomparably the most valuable result of the expedition, and a result which makes their efforts in the highest degree worth while."

## CAPT. ROALD AMUNDSEN

TRANSFERS TO SOORHOEN  
Rome, Alaska, July 30.—Captain Roald Amundsen has abandoned his attempt to reach Point Barrow in the Maud, his exploration ship, and has transferred to the schooner Holmer, according to a wireless message received here. Transferring to the Holmer with Captain Amundsen were Lieut. G. Omdal, Aviator and one other man whose name was not given. It is understood that the plan to fly across the North Pole, has been abandoned until next year.LAWN BOWLING  
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HEAD HUNTING WAS  
UNKNOWN TRIBEBelieve Crops Will Fail Unless  
Fresh Human Skulls Im-  
ported Yearly

Rangoon, June 23.—(By Mail)—"The British 'unadministered territory' of northeastern Burma and into the Chinese province of Yunnan, neither of which have been thoroughly explored by white men."

Among the wild tribes encountered on this trip were the head-hunting Wa. Hitherto little has been definitely known concerning the life and customs of this tribe, as most of those who intruded upon Wa territory failed to return, but rather because of their belief that their crops will fail unless some fresh human skulls are imported every year. Under this impression, they organize known head-hunting expeditions to the unfortunate traveler who falls into their hands that it is only his skull that is wanted.

Writing of the wild Wa, Mrs. Henderson says:—

"The Wa are especially keen on hunting heads during February, March and April—just before the planting season. From the Wa angle of looking at it, the business isn't the madness we take it to be. It is a conviction, and quite as reasonable as afternoon tea. Every decent religious Wa knows that unless the seed grain is properly charmed and conjured with a human skull the crop raised from it will be a failure. And who wants to starve? In fact, if worst comes to worst, and there are no heads forthcoming from raids on neighbors, the Wa prefer to take the head of some feeble person in the village rather than run the risk of scant crops and consequent empty stomachs."

"In February, March and April, then, the wild Wa men go a-hunting. Of course, any head that offers itself to be collected is regarded as the same, and it behooves the man working alone cutting cane in the field to be cautious when the Wa are about. A common artifice is to barricade some jungle highway and lie in ambush, some of which is properly charmed and conjured with a human skull. The Wa are not so stupid as they are often represented. They are not so stupid as they are often represented. They are not so stupid as they are often represented."

"Heads of men, women and children over 12 years old are acceptable. Heads marked with small pox for superstitious reasons, are not desired. A successful foray is one which yields one or more corpses. Immediately the head is cut off and put in bags. Then back home to the rejoicing Wa, not neglecting to take the bodies along for the larder, and raising a tremendous whooping and hubbaloob along the way. At home there is a ceremony to perform the wife or mother of the man who made the kill takes the head out of the bag and proceeds to wall over it formally. She must wash the blood from the dead face, and wall an incantational song as she does so. She must work herself into a sentimental frenzy, which feat under the circumstances is no easy feat to perform. If her walling lacks the ring of genuineness, her husband helps to supply that which is lacking by beating her."

"This song strangely enough, beseeches the aid of the spirit of the head, and addresses it as a mighty ruler. It is this spirit which is to promote the growth of the crops, and it must be treated with great reverence. I heard this song once."

"After the head has been washed and walled over, a raw egg is put into the dead mouth, to feed the spirit. Then the head is thrust up on a pole. A basket of seed paddy (rice) is put under it and left for a few days. As the head decays, the droppings fall into the seed paddy, and are thoroughly mixed with it. The paddy is then ready to plant, and a good crop is insured."

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A PROFESSOR'S PLAIN SPEECH.

An extensive Empire settlement scheme is at present engaging the attention of the Imperial Parliament and, to a great extent, the people of the United Kingdom. Accordingly Professor W. Caldwell, of McGill University, himself an old countryman, who is no stranger to Quebec and who is at present visiting in London, has done good service by an extremely outspoken letter contributed to the London Times, dealing with the unsuitability of certain English immigrants from a Canadian point of view.

People in Britain must remember, he points out, that Canada, however much she might like to do so, cannot at the moment rise to all the possibilities of Mr. Amery's timely Empire Settlement Bill by appropriating, say, her million or two in response to Britain's annual \$3,000,000. She is still loyal and resolutely paying off a huge war debt. She is also facing an even greater financial burden, the appalling annual interest on the Canadian Government Railways' deficit and debt. This drain some pessimists think will—unless stopped—eventually bankrupt her. It is said to swallow up the entire proceeds of the income tax.

Again, Canada has a fairly large unemployment problem of her own, and employers, especially in the cities, will take on, in the first instance, only Canadians, or only returned men. Even the right kind of immigrant will therefore, for some time, have to rely mainly on himself and on his own initiative and his own adaptability, although such a person will certainly be helped to get his bearings at the outset by the wholly admirable and economically sound efforts of the various Immigration Aid Societies of the Churches, Protestant and Catholic.

Prof. Caldwell declares it to be his intention "to shock for their good" his fellow-countrymen by alleging, as simple fact, that it is only a very small percentage of Englishmen who are really fit for life on the land in Canada, or for succeeding in this life. Ottawa officials, experts, members of the Farmers' Party and social workers are referred to as all maintaining that the average Englishman of the South or the Midlands is not really a success on the land in Canada. He had better, it would seem, betake himself to Australia.

"Your rustic Scot, as a rule," declares the professor, "succeeds far better in Canada than an Englishman. And so do Swedes, and Norwegians, and many European peasants, the men with the 'sheepskin coats' as the Ottawa politicians put it. The average Englishman, on the other hand, is all sorry to say, at present somewhat 'inferior,' and it takes him years, too, to discard his 'side,' and his amateurishness, and his would-be ethics of the fair-play due to an Englishman, and his ideas about how Canada (as a British possession) should be run."

A redeeming consideration, however, that he considers it a duty to bring forward, and one that Canadians wish to be definitely and widely known, is that it is by no means necessary for all Britishers to assume, and to carry through, the pioneer life in the Great West or the North-West of Canada. There are plenty of the farms in the famous middle and Niagara region of Ontario (where the winters are mild and where the spring comes early) where owners will gladly house a man and his family for his help and all his round assistance, until he learns the game of farming, and becomes ready for independent effort, either in Ontario itself or in the Far West. And there are similar opportunities in Nova Scotia, or in the "townships" below Montreal.

"Another thing to remember," Prof. Caldwell proceeds, "is that we must not talk, as men sometimes do in Parliament and on platforms, as if this needed Empire Settlement business of to-morrow were a matter simply of placing 'our own' 'out there,' expecting them to be for ever grateful to us, and to work directly and uncomplainingly for the Mother Country. All good British emigrants to Canada will inevitably become (and we must allow for the process) good Canadians. And as such they will work for the Empire in the future only if certain reforms which are now being called for in Canada actually take place—for Canada, I would say, and for the Empire.

"One of the most vital and most imperative of these reforms is, of course, the promised removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle—from all points of view, that of the Empire included. There is thus a far-reaching Empire education that is being called for today, both in Canada and at home here, before the best Canadian and the best British results can be obtained. And this great education ought to be taken up at once by all our Adult Education people and by all the Workers Education people as part of what they mean by the higher education.

"A last bolt I venture to discharge here is this, if any Englishman wants to go to Canada for the mere sake of the going, thinking that things and conditions there will of themselves right him in every sense, if he expects to hit it off in Canada after being a negligible unit or a failure here, he had better stay away. What Canada wants is what it calls the 'fifty-fifty' basis of emigration, the men who will give and continue to give just as much as they receive. Canada is a land for a superior and a conquering type, the picked, strong, diamond-edged kind of man that you saw in the war. And out there in the West these new Canadians are working now in peace as resourcefully and as resolutely as they worked in the war. Any Britisher who thinks of going out there should be able to measure up with them."

FRENCH FINANCES IMPROVED.

A decrease of two billion francs in the amount of the French Government's loans from the Bank of France and an increase of nine billion francs in the annual revenue collections are noteworthy results achieved by France in her post-war efforts to put the nation's finances on a strong basis. A new study "French Public Finance," just issued by the Bankers' Trust Company of New York, discloses that the above results were accomplished by the end of the fiscal year 1921 through measures which were seriously begun in 1920.

The French Government was, in 1912, free of debt to the Bank of France. But due to the burden of the war, thereafter, it became necessary for the Government, in addition to other borrowings, to borrow vast sums from the Bank. Meanwhile, the national revenues had not been keeping pace with the rapid growth of the national indebtedness. Upon the defeat of the military invasion, determined efforts were undertaken to improve the French financial situation. The results of these efforts are shown by the following official figures of the Ministry

of Finance, quoted from "French Public Finance":

| Year.           | Loans from Bank of France. (Million Francs) | Taxes and Revenue. (Million Francs) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1913.           | 5,103                                       | 4,006                               |
| 1914.           | 3,900                                       | 4,517                               |
| 1915.           | 1,100                                       | 4,738                               |
| 1916.           | 2,500                                       | 6,473                               |
| 1917.           | 5,000                                       | 7,846                               |
| 1918.           | 4,450                                       | 12,515                              |
| 1919.           | 8,450                                       | 18,381                              |
| 1920.           | 1,000                                       | 21,765                              |
| 1921 (decrease) | 2,000*                                      |                                     |

\*Amount of reduction by repayments.

The efforts made to increase the national revenues during 1920 yielded 3,938 million francs from direct taxation and 9,537 millions from indirect taxation, exclusive of income from Government monopolies and miscellaneous sources. The increase in returns from indirect taxation in 1920 over 1919 amounted to 3,271 millions. Revenue from direct taxation was increased by almost 1,500 millions in 1921 over 1920, income tax revenue alone being more than twice that of 1920. The yield in 1921 from indirect taxation was increased by over 1,000 million francs compared to the receipts in 1920.

Out of total taxes and revenues 21,765 millions in 1921, direct and indirect taxation in France accounted for 15,972 millions, or more than five times the amount of taxes thus levied in 1913.

Referring to other results achieved during 1920 and 1921 in combination with improvement of the national finances "French Public Finance" says: "Expenditures for military purposes, while large in amount were relatively small compared to war period expenditures, being only about 17 percent of the expense budget as against 65 percent during the war period."

REVOLUTIONARY AMS.

The official organ of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada made a strong attack a few days ago on the revolutionary aims of "the workers' party of Canada." The latter organization is accused of making an effort "to carry out the instructions of the Red International of Moscow." The results of a persistent campaign carried on in Nova Scotia were noted. District 26 of the United Mine Workers had been committed "to affiliate with the Red International of Moscow; change its Labor Day to May 1st; defy constitutional authority and appeal over the heads of governmental authorities and minor law officers to join in the attempt peaceful if they may, but forcibly if they must, to completely overthrow the capitalist system and capitalist state; and further to demand from the Canadian Government a loan of \$15,000,000 for soviet Russia."

This is an emphatic enough condemnation, and could not come so effectively from any other source. Responsible labor leaders are all the time setting their faces more resolutely against the Bolshevik propaganda.

Samuel Gompers is engaged in a constant struggle which he is carrying on with all his old time persistence and courage. Last week he revolved the character of the New York Bookkeepers' and Stenographers' Union, because delegates from that body recently declared that it was "ready for the revolution." This declaration was made at a meeting of the Trade Union Educational League, of which W. Z. Foster is the guiding spirit.

Some Things the Public Would Like to Know:

Pertinent Questions On Matters Of General Public Interest Are Invited

What's the matter with getting some old (or new) ragtime music from the now rejuvenated Royal 22nd Band?

Is it the traffic cops duty to protect the pedestrian or the automobilist?

A Verse Or Two

(By Modern Poets)

THE SAGUENAY RIVER.

(By Nellie E. Fealy.)

In Paradise there flowed a stream— As lovely as an angel's dream— Until fair Eden's gates were closed 'Gainst sin-op'd eyes and man deposed; Then angels bore the stream away And brought it o'er to Canada.

And here in these great northern lands, Where it was brought by angels' hands, It rolls away north where skies, Its canopy in Paradise, Gently rolls through Canada, This queen of streams, The Saguenay.

The spruce-clad mountains towering high Until they seem to join the sky, These too from Paradise were brought And into magic lining wrought By angels' hands in Canada, To line the beautiful Saguenay.

But pen is powerless, tongue is dumb, When one its wondrous charms would sum. This stream that baffles every art Was of fair Eden once a part, But now it flows through Canada— The magic river, Saguenay.

Press Comment

STEER CLEAR OF IT (Red Deer Advocate.)

The Progressives will be well advised if they give the coalition movement a wide berth; co-operation, not coalition, should be their line of action. It has brought forth good results this season, and will bring forth good results in the future.

NO SECOND CHANCE. (Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

Canoing is good sport. It is wholesome, health-giving, altogether desirable. And the death list of canoing is greater than the death list of any other sport. What are we going to do about it? There is a simple answer. Some of us have a right to paddle a canoe; others have no right whatever. If you can't swim, don't canoe. There should be no exception and no concession.

THE SECRET OF DOUBLE EXPOSURE

Unique "Vision" Employed In "The Masquerader"—King Of Multiple Exposures

Georges Benoit, "king of multiple exposures," who photographed Richard Walton Tully's First National attraction "The Masquerader," thus reveals some of the secrets of his art in an article written for "Popular Science."

"In the 'vision' type of double exposure, i.e., where you are photographing a man, for example, and also showing a scene that is in his mind—the cinematographer must always keep this count, making careful notations of the count on which the vision enters on to the film and where the dissolve commences and finishes," says Benoit.

"There is a unique 'vision' employed in 'The Masquerader' in that scene where Guy Bates Post, the star, as Chilcote, sees in his mind his comrades advance upon him from the rear, angrily pointing the finger of scorn at him for the way in which he has failed them at the crucial hour in the history of his political party.

"We employ a rather different device for this scene. We utilize a special kind of mirror placed in front of the camera, with the conditions in the vision working behind the camera so that they are revealed in the mirror. Many careful rehearsals were needed, not only for the timing of the action on the part of Mr. Post in the 'straight' shot, so to speak, but also to get correctly the angles of the pointing fingers and of the faces of the crowd of accusers that appear in the vision. These had to be pointed accurately so that they all led in lines toward the head of Post.

"In 'The Masquerader' Post plays two roles—John Chilcote and John Loder—and these two characters appear together in many scenes. One stands out in my mind especially: Chilcote comes to Loder's apartment to make him a certain proposition. 'Loder opens the door for Chilcote, and Chilcote points to a chair and Chilcote crosses absolutely in front of him to get to that chair. Here is a genuine innovation. To my mind it has never been accomplished with anything like the exactitude that will be seen in this film when it is revealed on the screens of the theatres.

"It is accomplished by a device never before employed, and it is entirely the product of Mr. Tully's inventive genius. Other scenes between Chilcote and Loder—both of whom are played all the time by Mr. Post—show the two conversing together, handing various objects to each other, exchanging clothes, and meeting in various other physical encounters."

SAILOR'S STRANGE WILL ADMITTED TO PROBATE

75 Minutely Engraved Words On One Side Of Identification Disc

London, July 10.—(By Mail).—Strange as the story of any document told in fiction is that of a will which has just been admitted to probate and is now filed in Somerset House.

It is the "last will and testament" of a sailor, William Skinner, who lost his life when his ship, the Indefatigable, was sunk in the battle of Jutland. It is in the form of the ordinary identification disc. On one side, in the usual deeply-punched letters, appears the name, number, rating and religion of the man to whom it had been issued.

On the other side the disc appears at first sight to be just a circular piece of smooth, polished brass. But when viewed at a certain angle, there can be seen about 75 minutely engraved words. With a microscope they can be plainly read. They constitute Skinner's will by which he bequeaths everything to his wife. The disc had been recovered from the sea with Skinner's body and on being cleaned, revealed its secret.

Jaeger

- CHILDREN'S Knitted Suits, Sweaters, Socks and Stockings, Underwear, Slippers, Golf Hose, Camel Hair Coats
- LADIES' Sweaters, Golfers, Cardigans, Spencers, Blouses, Stockings, Knickers

Jaeger Motor Rugs and Steamer Rugs, Jaeger Camel Hair Blankets, Jaeger Scarfs, Shawls, Bathing Suits

- MEN'S Underwear, Shirts, Pyjamas, Night Shirts, Tennis Trousers, Knickers
- MEN'S Ties and Collars, Socks, Golf Hose, Golf Caps, Sweaters, Cardigans

John Darlington Reg'd Opposite General Post Office Phone 666

CHINESE GENERAL NOW A CHRISTIAN

Personal Picture Of Feng Yuh-Siang—Governor Of Province

New York, July 30.—A personal picture of General Feng Yuh-siang, known as the Christian general in the forces of Wu Pei-fu, is contained in a letter from Bishop F. R. Graves of Shanghai which has been received here by Protestant Episcopal leaders. Bishop Graves is said to have known General Feng for a number of years.

"Feng has been elevated to the governorship of Honan province," writes Bishop Graves, "and it is characteristic of him that when he attended a big reception recently in his honor he rode to the Y. M. C. A. hall on a bicycle with a few unnamed attendants, instead of being surrounded by the customary mounted cavalcade. His first Sunday as governor found General Feng attending a joint service of all the Christian denominations in Kailang at the Sheng Kung Hui, or Episcopal church. Here the Christian general preached a sermon from the text: 'To him that knoweth to do good

and doeth it not, to him it is sin.' He appropriated out of his private funds a sum sufficient to care for the beggars who flocked to the city until employment could be obtained for them, at the same time announcing that those who wouldn't work for a living must leave Honan."

Feng, according to Episcopal missionaries, became a convert to Christianity 11 years ago when, attacked by a disease which native physicians declared incurable, he was restored to health by the ministrations of a Christian medical missionary. Thousands of his soldiers have embraced the religion, and the field is frequently followed by a service of thanksgiving of a Christian character which is led by General Feng himself, it is reported.

"General Feng is somewhat of a Cromwell in his religious ideas," Bishop Graves said, "but there is no question at all of his sincerity. He shares hard conditions with his men."

Radium is now worth \$13,125,000 an ounce, or about the same as apuragus in March.—Indianapolis News.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson

Fashionable Store T. D. DUBUC Formerly Donohue's Store
Store Closes Every Day at 5 P. M. Saturday Excepted
Opportunity for August
Printed Dress Muslin, in neat floral designs. Reg. 30c and 35c. Special.....19c
Good quality English Gingham, 36 and 38 inches wide, in an assortment of pretty checks and stripes. Reg. 60c and 68c. Special.....39c
Linen Damask Round Tea Cloths, embroidered scalloped border, 36 inch. Reg. \$3. Special.....\$1.98
Linen Embroidered Square Tea Cloths, hemstitched and embroidered border, 45 inch. Reg. \$6.50. Special.....\$3.78
SPECIAL IN DRESSES—Ladies' Summer Dresses, Embroidered Voile and Dotted Swiss Muslin, in fashionable models and shades. Reg. \$18.50 to \$24.00. Special.....\$12.74
T. D. DUBUC
188 and 198 St. John Street

CITY OF QUEBEC CITY HALL CITY CLERK'S OFFICE
BY-LAW NO. 49
Concerning the Establishment, Maintenance and Operation of Autobus Lines in the City of Quebec.
To Amend By-Law No. 335 and Other Concerning the Electric Railway.
Drawn up in the French Language At a meeting of the City Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, on the first day of July, one thousand, nine hundred and twenty-two (1922), in conformity to law, and in virtue of a By-Law passed by this Council pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the Statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting are present the absolute majority of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Collier, Delagrave, Desmarreault, Drolet, Emond, Lantier, Lesage, Martin, Paradis, J.-C., Paradis, St.-R., Tremblay.

Whereas that by the law adopted at the last session of the Legislature of Quebec, the City Council is authorized to adopt a By-Law to allow, with the conditions and restrictions the City may impose, the circulation of autobuses and the establishment, the maintenance and operation of autobuses in the City of Quebec; pre- scribe in which streets said vehicles shall circulate and where said lines shall be established and from which streets they shall be excluded; except the dispositions 1388 and 1435 of the revised statutes of Quebec, 1909, concerning the motor vehicles, as to maximum of speed, registration of vehicles and to the licenses of proprietors and chauffeurs.

It is ordained and enacted by a By-law of this Council and the said Council ordains and enacts as follows to wit: 1. The autobuses may circulate, for transportation of passengers, for fee, and autobuses lines may be established, maintained, and operated in the City of Quebec, in the streets mentioned in the annexed schedule, and in the other streets to be determined by the City, provided that all conform with the dispositions of the present By-law.

2. The autobuses to be used for the conveying of passengers shall be excluded from all the streets, except those mentioned in the annexed schedule. 3. The speed of said vehicles shall not exceed nine miles an hour and shall not exceed four miles an hour when rounding street angles, and when a vehicle shall stop at the intersection of two streets, it shall be stopped immediately before crossing said transversal street; and at no time, it shall be stopped at a crossing or opposite a transversal street, except to prevent a collision or an accident.

4. No vehicle shall stop at a transversal street longer than it is necessary to allow passengers to alight or enter as fast as possible, but the vehicles may station at places that shall be appointed by the city from time to time. 5. The conductors shall speak both French and English languages and shall also announce in both languages to passengers the names of streets on the line the vehicles shall follow.

6. After sunset, the vehicles shall be provided with colored signal lights, which shall be placed in a visible place in front of or in the rear of the autobuses, and every autobus shall all be provided with a siren or of another signal approved by the City, which the chauffeur shall sound as soon as the vehicle shall be within forty feet from a street crossing. Every autobus shall also be numbered and shall be visible figures.

7. All information for the public, posted in the vehicles, shall be printed in French and English. 8. The number of passengers to be admitted, at one time, in an autobus, shall be limited to the number of places that said vehicle shall contain, and the route every autobus shall follow shall be posted visibly inside and outside of said vehicle. 9. The proprietor, conductor and the chauffeur of every autobus shall obey to all the actual By-laws of the City and all other By-laws or ordinances that the City Council shall, from time to time find necessary to edit for the protection of persons, property and the public in general.

10. The present By-law shall not be interpreted as conferring any right or privilege, which should be in contradiction with the rights of the Railway Company of Quebec, by being in contradiction or in conflict with its privileges. 11. All the City By-laws shall apply to every person or company operating autobus lines in virtue of the dispositions of the present By-law.

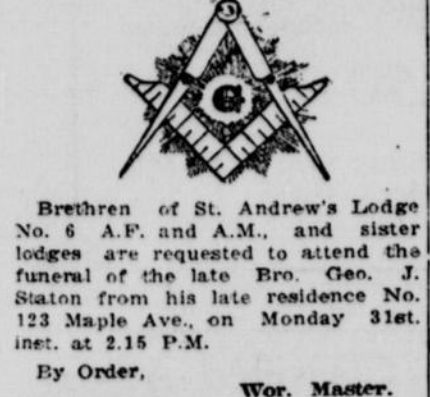
12. No person or company shall circulate autobuses, or establish or operate autobus lines in the City of Quebec, in the streets mentioned in the present By-law without having previously obtained a permit to that end, from the City. 13. The City shall not be responsible for damages which may be caused to autobuses by the bad state of the streets, or by the fact that the snow shall not have been carried away in said streets.

14. It is forbidden to every proprietor, conductor or chauffeur of every autobus or to every other person to so solicit passengers outside the stands established in the here-under schedule. Every proprietor of an autobus must, in taking his permit of circulation within the City of Quebec, declare the name and address of the conductor of each autobus, for which a permit is solicited, and shall inform the city of any change of conductor. 15. Every person who shall contravene to any of the dispositions of this By-law shall be liable to a

fine with or without costs, and in default of immediate payment of said fine with or without costs, according to the provisions of an imprisonment, the amount of the said fine and the term of imprisonment to be fixed by the Recorder's Court of the City of Quebec, at its discretion, but the said fine shall not exceed forty dollars and the imprisonment shall not exceed two months. In the calendar, said imprisonment, nevertheless, shall cease at any time before the expiration of the term fixed by said Recorder's Court, upon payment of the said fine or of the said fine and costs, according to the case; and if said infraction is repeated, the amount of the said fine shall constitute, day by day, after summons or arrest, a separate offence. Schedule of Stands Where Autobuses or Where Lines of Autobuses May be Established or Operated. A.—On the west side of Place d'Armes, from the southwest entrance of the "Rond de Chaires," as far as about 30 feet from the northwest entrance of said "Rond de Chaires," the vehicles being faced towards the north and on a line as near as possible with the curbstone along the "Rond de Chaires." B.—On King street, from Crown street going west; on the south side of said King street, the vehicles fronting towards Crown street. C.—On Glacis street, from St. John street as far as St. Joseph street, on the east side of said Glacis street, on a length of 73 feet, the vehicles to stand in a file and fronting toward St. John street. D.—On Champlain street, from the crossing at the foot of the wooden stairs, to an impasse, the length of 100 feet, the vehicles to stand on the right side of said street and facing east. E.—On the west side of Henderson street, on Market street side, corner of Assurance street, on a length of 171 feet. 17. The present By-law shall come in force on the day of its adoption. (Signed) JOS. SAMSON, Mayor. L.S. Attested. H. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk. July 31st mon, thx 2w

If you suffer from RHEUMATISM Lumbago, Neuralgia, or any other pain, apply Minard's Liniment to the aching part. It is the remedy your grandfather used. There is nothing else like it. On sale everywhere. MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT Yarmouth, N.S. 6

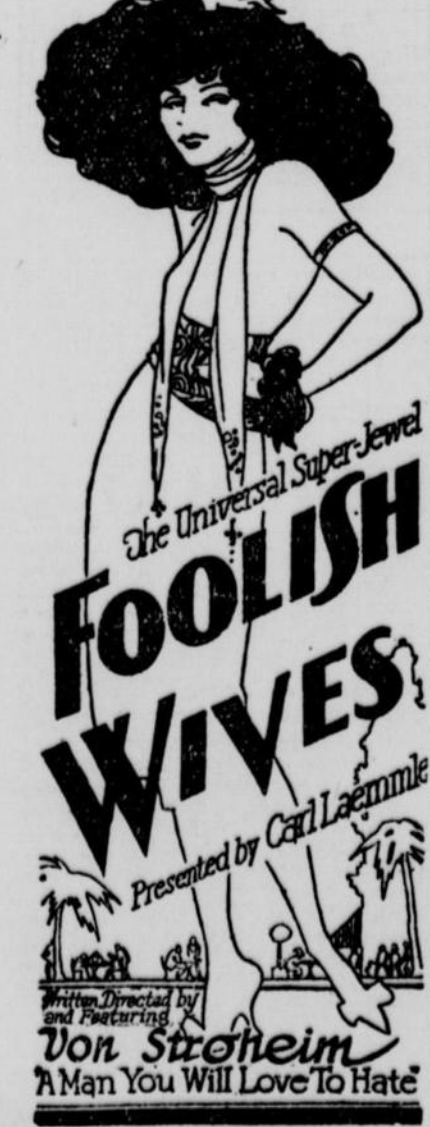
**DIED**  
**O'MEARA**—At Chicheston, N.H., on the 26th July, 1922, Allyn John Alfred, in his 73rd year, youngest son of the late J. P. O'Meara, of Quebec.  
**PICHER**—On the 30th instant, at the Sacred Heart Hospital, Napoleon Picher, husband of the late Delphine Routhier, at the age of 84 years.  
He was the father of the Rev. Ludger Picher, Rector of the Parish of L'Ange Gardien, and also of George, Edouard and Eugene, of this city.  
Funeral will take place at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, August 2nd, at the Sacred Heart Hospital, thence to Belmont Cemetery.  
Relatives and friends are kindly requested to attend.  
**STATON**—On the 29th of July, 1922, George James, at the age of 52 years, eldest son of Geo. W. Staton.  
Funeral from his late residence, 123 Maple Avenue on Monday, July 31, at 2.15 o'clock to the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity, thence to Mount Hermon Cemetery.  
Montreal and Toronto papers please copy.



**VICTORIA**  
—TODAY—  
**BETTY COMPTON**  
— in —  
**"The Law and The Woman"**  
Four Days, Starting Sunday, August 6  
"The Green Temptation."

**CLASSIC**  
Marion Davies  
in "The Bride's Play"  
also Pathe News and Comedy  
**EMPIRE**  
Jewel Carmen in  
"Nobody's Boy"  
Block, First National Comedy, News, and Topics  
**CANADIAN**  
Big Programme of  
First National Pictures

**AUDITORIUM**  
Week of August 6th  
**AT LAST**  
YOU CAN SEE IT  
The First Real Million Dollar Picture  
IT TOOK TWO YEARS  
TO MAKE — IT COST  
**\$1,104,000.**



**LEGAL NOTICES.**  
Province of Quebec, District of Quebec, No. 2977. In the Superior Court. John Crawford, of the parish of St. Leon de Standon, district of Beauport, farmer, plaintiff, vs. Joseph Bagley, of the place known as Moose River, State of Maine, United States of America, defendant. The defendant is ordered to appear within the month ending from the last publication of the present order, in the newspapers L'Evenement and Chronicle. (Signed) And. Robitaille, P.E.C. Prothonotary's Office. Quebec, July 28th, 1922. True Copy. Beliveau, Bailargeau, Beliveau & Bouchard, attorneys for plaintiff. July 31st x2

# RED CROSS DOES SPLENDID WORK

## Mother And Family Arrived To Join Husband Given Assistance

The activities and splendid work performed by the Red Cross Society in connection with immigration was exemplified on Saturday afternoon at the Louise Docks immigration buildings on the arrival of the White Star-Dominion Line steamer Regina. The Quebec branch of the Red Cross, under the supervision of Miss Tremaine with four assistants, carries on early and late on the arrival of all ocean liners carrying third class passengers, who are landed at Quebec for immigration inspection, to care for and administer comforts to the women arrivals with their infants and young children. The Red Cross apartment is located on the ground floor of the immigration building, and as the women and children descend from the upper floor where the immigration inspection is held, the Red Cross nurses meet them and escort them to their apartment and look after them for the two hours or more until they are called upon to entrain for Ontario and the West. It often happens that infants are restless, in which case are given milk and put to rest in a cot and the Red Cross also given refreshments and left free to go and look after their baggage. The little tots who come out with their parents are seated around small tables and given milk and cake, and allowed to enjoy themselves for the time they are kept waiting to entrain. Miss Tremaine and her staff of efficient nurses are most motherly in their attentions. It often happens also that a mother with a family arrives, who has come out to join her husband, the latter having preceded her and made a home in Ontario or the Western provinces to resolve her. The mother may have barely sufficient means to reach Quebec, and very little money to buy food until she reaches her destination, and the head of the family who is unable to come from his work to meet her. One such case came to the notice of Miss Tremaine on the arrival of the Regina on Saturday afternoon; a woman arriving with a family of several children, whose husband had preceded her to Canada in 1918. He had suffered from the war, and when he left England was too poor to bring out his wife and family. However, he had succeeded in finding a position in Ontario, and had saved his earnings during the war, until he had accumulated \$150, which he sent to England for his wife and children to come to Canada and join him. It took all of this money with further assistance to meet the expense of the voyage and when the good woman and her offspring reached Quebec she had only 75 cents in her purse to meet the expense necessary for food, etc., to carry her to her new home. She took Miss Tremaine into her confidence, with the result that this good and humane young lady, who wears the King's decoration for nursing His Majesty at the time of the war, provided the distressed mother with the necessary supplies and also gave her clothing for herself and children. In telling her story to Miss Tremaine the English immigrant said that after the departure of her husband from England four years ago, she was left very poor, and had to go and work in a brick field to support herself and children. It was plainly evident from the condition of her hands that she had toiled hard, and the lines in her face showed how she must have suffered. However, she was especially happy to have landed in Canada, and the prospects of an end to her hardships when she reached her new home. She had heard and read so much about Canada in England that it gave her pleasure to think that she would soon be with her husband. Under such circumstances the Immigration Department does not allow women with children to proceed to their destination, but keeps them in Quebec until the husband either comes for them or sends the necessary means to carry them to him in comfort. But the Red Cross generally steps in in these cases, although Miss Tremaine has no large special fund to cope with such emergencies she generally is able to meet the situation.

Thus the work done by the Red Cross in connection with immigration is not only of practical service but also distinguished by merciful deeds. These good works are not advertised or generally known, but afford a large field for local philanthropists to work in, as well as a worthy opportunity for the rich to succor the deserving poor.

# MR. GEO. JAMES STATON DIED ON SATURDAY

## Prominent Citizen Of Ancient Capital Fought Losing Fight Against Malady

The death occurred on Saturday last of one of Quebec's most highly respected citizens in the person of Mr. George James Staton, who succumbed to Bright's disease when in the prime of his life.  
The late Mr. Staton, who was only fifty two years of age, had been ill since September last, and his condition gradually grew worse, until the end came on Saturday.  
He had an enviable record with his employers, Messrs. Dobell, Beckett & Co., having been with them for a period of thirty nine years, right up to the time that he had to retire through illness, and was also a prominent member of the Cathedral choir, where he sang for years as first tenor.  
The deceased gentleman was a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 6, F. & A. M., of the Foresters, and other societies. He leaves to mourn their loss his widow, nee Florence Leahy, one son, Dick Staton, four

# EMPRESSSES TO USE ST. CHARLES?

## Harbor Commission Considering Improved Berthing For Big C.P.S. Boats

The Harbor Commission has in contemplation elaborate plans for the improvement and increased efficiency of the Louise Docks, details of which, however, the Commission is not as yet in a position to make public. Among the improvements under consideration is the quick landing of both the cabin passengers arriving by the Canadian Pacific Empresses, and the third-class passengers or immigrants.  
To meet this object as well as to give a safer berthing while in port for the big Canadian Pacific liners, it is proposed when the St. Charles River is dredged, extending deep water further towards the Beauport flats, to convert Shed 28, lying parallel with the St. Charles River on the north wall of the Louise Docks into a landing shed for passengers and freight for the accommodation of these big ocean liners. Additional railway tracks will be built on either side of the shed and a second storey will be added to it from which a bridge will be constructed that will enable immigrants to walk from the second storey across the railway tracks and into the inspection room of the immigration building.  
It is claimed this new arrangement will not only contribute to efficiency in the landing of third-class passengers, but will also provide a safe berth for the Canadian Pacific Empresses during their stay at the port of Quebec.  
While the present landing sheds 25 and 26, built on the breakwater pier have excellent facilities, they are considered too far removed from the immigration buildings, and consequently involve a long walk for the passengers from the ship to the immigration buildings for inspection. If these plans are adopted, as they are likely to be, the big Canadian Pacific ocean steamers which make Quebec their terminus, will next year come up the harbor, and instead of berthing at the Louise Docks breakwater, will turn into the St. Charles River and dock in line with shed 28, where they will be sheltered in times of high wind and inclement weather, instead of being exposed as they are, when berthed as at present at the breakwater pier. Another advantage to be derived, is the vessel's close proximity to the grain elevator, and the consequently ability to load with part cargo of grain poured into the ship's hold by conveyors from the elevator.  
The Harbor Commission's Engineer, Brig-General Tremblay, with the C.P.R. engineers who have thought this plan out, are convinced that the arrangement will better facilitate the landing of passengers, especially immigrants as well as provide quicker railway train service, together with perfectly safe berthing.

# RECORD CROWD FILLED TERRACE

## Between Six And Seven Thousand Citizens Heard Band Concert

Between six and seven thousand citizens congregated on the Dufferin Terrace last evening to listen to the band concert given by the Band of the Royal 22nd Regiment, formerly of the R.C.G.A. Not only the large promenade was crowded but also Des Carriers street and the Government's Garden were thronged with the excellent programme of music rendered by this splendid band under the leadership of Capt. Charles O'Neill, which was greatly appreciated by the immense crowd of citizens and tourists, judging from the applause which greeted the finish of each number.  
There is only one thing lacking to this magnificent band to make it the finest in Canada, and that is an increase in the number of musicians. There are only 23 instruments in the band, which is not nearly enough for the only obstacle lies with the Militia Department which will not allow any more recruiting.  
The R. C. G. A., now the Royal 22nd Regimental Band, was always recognized as the Canadian State band, and it could be easily recruited if the Minister of Militia would only give the order. This could not be secured if the Mayor and City Council would make the request, backed by the Provincial Prime Minister, and no time should be lost in demonstrating that this is the desire of the citizens of Quebec.

# SARSFIELD WILL HOLD ANOTHER PICNIC

At a meeting of the SARSFIELD Amateur Athletic Association held yesterday it was decided to hold a picnic on Friday evening, August 4th, and to have another picnic to Lake Beauport on Sunday August 13th.  
"It is marvellous the luck some men have."  
"Any particular instance?"  
"Just happened to think of Jenkins."  
"Why, he died last night."  
"Yes, just 24 hours before his life insurance premium expired."

# QUEBEC AUTOMOBILE CLUB IS ORGANIZING TENTH ANNUAL OUTING FOR KIDDIES

The Quebec Automobile Club is at present organizing to celebrate in a worthy manner the tenth anniversary of the annual drive and outing for the orphans of the city, which will be held on Thursday, the 10th of August.  
As is already known it has become a custom with the Quebec Automobile Club to organize an outing every year for the little orphans who are inmates of the different institutions in the city. As many automobiles as possible are secured and the children are taken for a spin and then to some park where games are prepared for them together with an abundant supply of dainties of all kinds including ice cream and the little ones are given the treat of their lives.  
The Quebec Automobile Club is appealing to the philanthropy of citizens to help make this year's drive, which marks the 10th anniversary of the outing, an outstanding success.  
His Honor the Lieutenant Governor has kindly consented to extend his patronage to the outing. He has, moreover, invited the orphans to spend a part of the afternoon in the gardens and grounds at Spencer's Wood.  
The help requested by the Quebec Automobile Club for the organization of this outing may be summed up as follows:—Citizens may place their cars at the disposal of the Club for the afternoon of August 10th, or else send to the Secretary of the Club (Room 408 Quebec Railway Building) any contribution which will be used exclusively to defray the expenses of this outing.  
Persons who desire to help either by providing their automobiles or by subscribing are requested to communicate immediately with the Secretary of the Club.

# RADIO CONCERTS FOR THIS WEEK

## Excellent Program Prepared For Tomorrow Evening By General Electric Company

Albany, N.Y., talent will predominate on two of the concert programmes which W.G.Y., the radio broadcasting station of the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N.Y., will send out on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, August 1, 3 and 4. There will be the usual late programme at 10.30 p.m.—August 4. Announcements of stock market quotations, produce market reports, baseball results and news bulletins will be made every night at 6.00 p.m., except Saturday and Sunday. The wave length used by W.G.Y. is 560 meters.

**Monday, July 31.**  
12.30 p.m.—Juno stock market quotations.  
6.00 p.m.—Stock market and produce market quotations and reports; baseball results and late news bulletins.  
**Tuesday, August 1.**  
Station W.G.Y., General Electric Company, Schenectady, N.Y. (Eastern Standard Time.)  
12.30 p.m.—Noon stock market quotations.  
6.00 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations; baseball results; news bulletins.  
7.45 p.m.—Concert programme furnished through the courtesy of the Newman Electric Company, Albany, N.Y.  
Quartette Selection—A Little Bit of Close Harmony. . . . .O'Hara  
Albany Male Quartette. . . . .Howard Smith, first tenor; Edgar S. Van Olinda, second tenor; Edward L. Kellogg, baritone; Otto R. Mende, basso.  
Violin Solo—The Old Refrain. . . . .Kreutzer  
Thomas O'Neill.  
Tenor Solo—Love's Garden of Roses. . . . .Wood  
Edgar Van Olinda.  
Quartette Selection—Annie Laurie, arranged by Geibel.  
Albany Quartette.  
Baritone Solo—The Old Road. . . . .Scott  
Edward Kellogg.  
Violin Solo—Mazurka de Concert. . . . .Musin  
Thomas O'Neill.  
Tenor Solo—Little Woman of Mine. . . . .Bartlett  
Howard Smith.  
Quartette Selection—Women. . . . .Smith  
Albany Quartette.  
Tenor Solo—Baritone Duet from "Forza del Destino". . . . .Verdi  
Mr. Van Olinda and Mr. Kellogg.  
Violin Solo—Minuet. . . . .Hayden  
Thomas O'Neill.  
Bass Solo—Big Bass Viol. . . . .Sharp  
Otto Mende.  
Quartette Selection—Way Down Upon the Swanneau River. . . . .Foster  
Albany Quartette.  
Mrs. Mabel Smith Van Olinda, accompanist.

**A HARD MARK TO BEAT.**  
Eugene G. Grace, president of Bechleum Golf, plays a first-class game of golf. Between him and his "big chief," Charles M. Schwab, exists a keen and friendly rivalry, the two playing regularly together. In the steel trade, they tell the story of a match once played between the two. On the first hole, the story goes, Schwab, who was keeping score, asked Grace how many shots he had taken, and was told five. "I took a four," said Schwab. At the next hole, Grace had a four and Schwab claimed a three. As he held out at the third, Schwab asked, "Grace, how many did you have?"  
"One," replied Grace. "Now beat that if you can!"

# NOT TO REBUILD TILL NEXT YEAR

## Redemptorist Fathers To Await Result Of Financial Appeal In September

A large number of pilgrims proceeded over the Montserrat Division of the Q.R.L.H. & P. Co. yesterday to St. Anne de Beaupre. The Rev. Fathers of the Redemptorist Order in charge of the shrine have decided that they will make no effort to commence with the building of a new Basilica this year in replacement of the beautiful church and monastery destroyed by fire last March. They aim to erect a more beautiful and larger edifice, but lack the means, and are awaiting the result of the subscription to be taken up all over Canada in the month of September next, before coming to any definite conclusion. In the meantime they have received sketches of proposed designs from famous architects in Europe as well as Canadian architects which the Rev. Fathers have under study, and they say that when they do decide to build, they hope to have in hand the necessary funds to erect a Basilica which will do honor to the beloved memory of good St. Anne and her wonderful works and will vie with the greatest sacred edifices in the world. But this, they say, will depend upon the response to the appeal to be made to the faithful in Canada and generous contributions from the Catholics in the United States.  
The temporary church, built at a cost of \$50,000 will remain the place of worship until the new Basilica is built which will take some time.

**Pilgrims' Bell.**  
Pilgrims and frequent visitors to St. Anne de Beaupre before the fire on the 29th of March last, will remember the melodious four-bell chime of the shrine, which fell into the burning church when both bells fell over, one on the north side and the other on the south side. For years these bells had been the faithful heralds of St. Anne, proclaiming her benefits and hailing her pilgrims. The three on the right were thoroughly melted by the intense heat. But most astounding to say, the big bell, known as the pilgrims' bell, because it was wont to welcome with its joyous toll the pilgrims arrival at the shrine, fell from the height of 100 feet to the macadamized road without sustaining a scratch, and is now set up in a wooden tower near the temporary church, from where it again is to be heard pealing out its welcome to the pilgrims and calling them to the different religious exercises held in the church. The old fashioned bell ringing, however, has replaced the destroyed electric apparatus.

# RETAIL MEN TO CONVELE TODAY

## Convention Starts This Morning At City Hall—Banquet This Evening

Everything is now ready for the opening of the annual convention of the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada, which takes place this morning at the City Hall. The home of the city fathers has been richly decorated with flags and bunting for the occasion, and presents a festive appearance, while there is a big sign at the entrance to the City Hall with the letters A.M.D. boldly outlined thereon.  
There are some eleven delegates in town, the advance guard, who reached here yesterday, while the remainder arrive this morning some by boat, others by railroad and still more by auto, so that when the address of welcome is read to the delegates by Mayor Samson on behalf of the city, and by Mr. Jos. Savard on behalf of the Quebec branch, it is expected that there will be the biggest number of retail merchants ever gathered at a convention here.

Among the advance guard here is Mr. Sauve, Provincial Vice-President of the organization, who reached here yesterday. The response to the two addresses will be made by Mr. J. E. Sansegret, following which will come the registration of delegates and the reading of the minutes of the last convention.  
This ends the business for the morning, and in the afternoon at 2 o'clock all the delegates will assemble at the Chateau Frontenac, from which point a tour of the city following which will be a reception at Spencer Wood at 3 o'clock.  
From the Lieutenant Governor's reception the delegates will proceed to the King's Wharf, where they will embark on the C.G.S. Druid, supplied through the kindness of Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, steam along to the breakwater, and then pay a flying visit to the drydock and the Quebec Bridge, returning to Quebec at 4 o'clock.

In the evening at 8 o'clock there will be a banquet at the Kent House at which will be present many notable, including Premier Taschereau who will respond to the toast to the Province of Quebec.  
Tomorrow will be a busy day with the delegates, and many questions will be taken up. Chances are that they will be the Federal tax on receipts which goes into effect tomorrow week. Strenuous protests are expected to be framed into a resolution requesting the Dominion Government to either modify the tax or repeal it entirely.  
There will be delegates from all the districts. The following are the districts of Montreal, Hull District Board and Western Quebec, Sherbrooke District Board and Eastern Townships, Three Rivers District Board and Quebec Central, St. Hyacinthe District Board and Southern Quebec, Quebec District Board and

# REAL ESTATE SALE SUCCESS

## Over Hundred Lots Disposed Of On Saturday Afternoon At Low Prices

What was heralded as an unique real estate sale was held on Saturday afternoon when the Montclair Land Company disposed of over one hundred lots of land for a total of \$52,000.00 in the space of some three hours and a half. The sale was unique inasmuch as it took place in a spacious tent, which was filled to capacity by an eager audience, who waited with impatience to see the event start. There were over one hundred and fifty people in the tent, and the majority of them were there before the sale started. Three hundred chairs had been placed in the spacious marquee, and these were all occupied long before the time for the opening of the sale was reached.  
Once the ball was set rolling and the sale started, things moved briskly. Bidding was very spirited, and ranged all the way from \$250.00 to \$1,450.00 per lot. Two lots were purchased at the former price on Malsonneuve Ave., while Mr. Henri Gagnon, Managing Director of Le Soleil, paid \$2,500.00 for two lots on St. Louis Road, immediately facing the Lieutenant Governor's residence, Spencer Wood. On the whole all the lots were bought at low amounts, averaging about fifty percent of the asking price. An interesting feature of the sale was that a Mr. Bourgeois purchased a lot on St. Cyrille street for \$875.00, immediately adjoining a lot that he purchased last year for \$2,000.00.  
Mr. Neuville Beliveau said that in his opinion the sale was a great success, while other residents and Major Bouchard for their assistance. On Thursday sports were held on the grounds behind the hotel. The prizes were many and again a generous number were given by friends. Mr. Brown presented the prizes at the conclusion of the meet.

# BELLS BLESSED AT LIMLOU

## Imposing Ceremony Graced By Presence Of Governor And Cardinal

An imposing religious ceremony was held at Limlou yesterday when the new chime of six bells was blessed.  
The service began at three o'clock and the church was completely filled with the large congregation. His Eminence Cardinal Beaudry who blessed the bells was assisted by Rev. Fathers Robert and Severin of Limlou, while among the members of the clergy present were Mgr. Laberge, pastor of St. Jean Baptiste Parish, Mgr. Laguerre, Pastor of St. Roch's Parish, and Mgr. Gariepy, Rector of Laval University.  
The prominent members of the laity present were His Honor the Lieutenant Governor and Lady Fitzpatrick, His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Samson, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Letourneau.  
The sponsors for the chime were as follows:—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Poulin, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Blanchet, Dr. and Mrs. Edgar Morin, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Goudreau, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Berube, Mr. Oscar Lemelin and Miss Rose Alma Lemelin.  
Rev. Father Alexis preached the sermon for the occasion.

**GEOLOGICAL WORK IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.**  
The Summary Report of the Geological Survey for 1921, Part D, has been published. This contains the results of geological investigations conducted by Dr. T. T. Tanton in the Thunder Bay district, by E. Thomson in the Goudreau gold area, Michipicoten district, by Sir E. Brunton in the vicinity of Sault Ste. Marie, by Dr. T. T. Quirk in the Wanapitei Lake area, Ontario, and by Dr. F. J. Alcock in Gaspe peninsula, Quebec, where a deposit of lead and zinc minerals has been developed. It also presents the results of investigations of certain peat bogs in Ontario by A. Anrep, of radium-bearing pegmatites of Ontario by Dr. H. V. Elsworth, and of the possibilities of find oil or natural gas at Edmundston, New Brunswick.

**BANKS DO NOT APPEAL TO THIS MILLIONAIRE.**  
Petrograd, July 7. — (By Mail)—Russia now boasts of several "millionaires." These are men who have made fortunes in Russian currency, and count this wealth in astronomical figures. One speculator is credited with profits of \$4,000,000 which amounts to 15,000,000,000 rubles. He is putting his wealth into gold, silver and jewels, and the stabler currencies of foreign countries.  
Northern Quebec.  
All the members of the Quebec Provincial Board will be present of which the following are the names: President, Ald. J. E. Sansegret; 1st vice-president, Ald. J. Elie; treasurer, J. P. Piquet; secretary, M. Lapointe; also Mr. J. G. Watson, representing the Quebec Board on the Dominion Executive.

# CATHEDRAL CAMP COMES TO END

## Boys Returned To Town On Saturday After Two Enjoyable Weeks At Lake

The Cathedral Boys' Camp, which opened on July 15, at Lake St. Joseph, closed on Saturday when everybody returned to town. There were in camp some fifteen boys from the Findlay Home, two bell-ringers and five other boys sent by the Dean of Quebec, and the camp cook and superintendent.  
The camp was an ideal one in every way and the behaviour of the boys was beyond praise. Mr. L. J. del. Murray, in a letter to the Chronicle, states that he cannot express in words how much he really appreciated the way the boys entered into the spirit of their camp life and can only say that they were wonderfully well behaved and gave those in charge of the camp the minimum of trouble or anxiety. Mr. Murray says they were out to enjoy themselves and it was a real pleasure to be with them.  
He stated that they are greatly indebted to the residents of the Lake who put themselves out to make the boys comfortable. Mrs. McLintock, Mr. Pouliot and the other Club lent boats, while Mr. and Mrs. Brown went to visit the camp, twice, bringing prizes, fruit, cake, etc., while other residents and children were frequently at the camp, making it a perfect children's happy playground.  
Mr. Murray states that he regretted that more people did not go to visit the camp, and see what real benefit such a camp was, for if they did such a movement as was started by the Cathedral would encourage others to follow up along the same lines.  
On behalf of the boys, and on his own behalf, Mr. Murray begs to gratefully acknowledge the generous assistance which they received and which made it possible to hold such a camp. They are also very grateful to Colonel Pize and Major Bouchard for their assistance.  
On Thursday sports were held on the grounds behind the hotel. The prizes were many and again a generous number were given by friends. Mr. Brown presented the prizes at the conclusion of the meet.

# MOVING PICTURES ON THE PLAYGROUNDS

## Owing to the moving picture machine of the Playgrounds Commission being out of commission for most part of last week the entertainments could not be carried out until Saturday when some interesting films were shown on the Esplanade. On Wednesday evening the films will be shown on the park on Montmagny street, St. Malo and on Friday evening at Victoria Park.

Success comes slow to dentists, too. We tell you that's no bull! They hammer and they drill away And they must have a pull.

# Our Store Closes at 5 p.m.

## On Saturday at 10 p.m.

# AUTO LOTTERY SALE

## Raffle July 31st. at 4.30 P.M.

### Special Bargains for the Last Days of our Great Lottery Sale.

- Long Chamouisset Gloves, white and champagne; value \$2.50 for .....\$1.69
- Fancy Voiles, white and colors, Less Twenty Percent.
- Duchess Ribbon, assorted colors; price 30c and 40c for 15c and 25c; 20c and 30c for 10c and .....15c
- 5-inch Dresden Ribbon, bargain price .....39c
- 4-inch Taffeta Ribbon, white, black and colors; value 35c for .....25c
- Black Silk Stockings, 2 specials, 49c and .....69c
- Fancy Socks for babies; values 60c to 85c for .....39c
- Cotton Suits for boys; value \$2.00 for .....89c
- Fancy Tweed Suits for men; value \$20.00 for .....\$16.95
- Rubber Belts for men; value 50c for .....29c
- Rubber Belts for men; value 75c for .....49c
- Neglige Collars for men, 4 for .....75c
- Fancy Knitted Silk Ties. Priced \$1.25 for .....75c
- Silk Socks, black and navy, for men, \$1.25 for .....\$1.00
- Cotton Socks, black and colors; price 35c, now 5 pairs for .....\$1.00
- Cotton Jerseys for boys; value 75c for .....49c
- Neglige Shirts for men, 2 specials, \$1.19 and .....\$1.59

**Faguy, Lepinay & Frere**  
254 to 264 St. John Street  
Tel. 8300

# CHANGES IN THE LOCAL MILITIA

## Military Gazette Records Transfers And Retirements In Non-Permanent Ranks

The last issue of the Canadian Military Gazette records the following additional transfer and retirements in the local non-permanent militia:—  
**The Royal Rifles of Canada**  
The following additional transfer and retirements are authorized on reorganization of the Regiment, with effect from the 1st October, 1920.  
Captain and brevet Major F. M. McNaughton is transferred to the Reserve of Officers.  
Lieutenant (superannuated) R. H. Morewood is retired and is permitted to retain his rank on retirement.  
The undermentioned are permitted to retire:  
Lieutenants L. F. Gibson, F. G. Millar, M. J. Quinn, C. N. Dawson.  
Provisional Lieutenants G. C. Drury, D. Marsh.  
Provisional Lieutenants (superannuated) D. J. Evans, J. P. Marsh.  
Lieutenants (superannuated) F. R. Hill, M.C., A.C.S., C. Billingsley, S. T. Martin, W. T. Hamilton, F. S. Stocking.  
Provisional Lieutenant (superannuated) G. P. McNaughton.  
Lieutenants (superannuated) M. Burrows, A. L. Cooper, J. G. Ross, Captain (Paymaster) A. L. Hamilton, C.M.G.  
**The Voltigeurs of Quebec**  
The undermentioned are transferred to the Reserve of Officers: Lieutenant (superannuated) A. K. Kompton.  
Lieutenant (superannuated) and brevet Captain G. W. Ghevy (Engineers).  
Lieutenants (superannuated) L. E. Roberge, M. A. Carrier.  
Provisional Lieutenant (superannuated) W. R. Pesecek (Forestry).  
Lieutenant (superannuated) and brevet Captain P. O. B. L. B. Alt Morency is retired and is permitted to retain his rank on retirement.  
The undermentioned are permitted to retire: Provisional Lieutenants E. Dussault, J. M. F. R. Dion, Provisional Lieutenants (superannuated) J. L. L. Roberge, E. S. Holloway, J. de S. Bosse.

**DR. GRISDALE VISITED**  
**HOIT RENEW FOX FARM.**  
Dr. J. C. Grisdale, Deputy Minister of the Federal Department of Agriculture, arrived in the city on Saturday and in the afternoon paid a visit to the Holt Renew Fox farm located at Chateau Rigolet, where there are at present 300 foxes with the pups.  
Previous to his visit to Quebec the Deputy Minister paid a visit to Prince Edward Island, where he also inspected the fox farms on that Island. He was very much pleased with Holt Renew's farm at Chateau Rigolet and its surroundings, as well as the beautiful fur bearing animals the property of this world-renowned firm.

# Boswell's Lefter C.B. 12-2; Boxing At Imperial Tonight

## GOOD CARD OF BOXING BOUTS IS ON THE PROGRAM FOR THE IMPERIAL THEATRE TONIGHT

Sammy Pierce Will Meet Tommy Buck In Ten Round Feature Bout—Mickey Sullivan Fights Kid Watson In Semi-Final—Two Preliminaries Also Billed

Sammy Pierce, Kid Watson and Mickey Sullivan, the out-of-town boxers who will be seen in action this evening at the Imperial Theatre arrived in town Saturday morning and all three are in the best of condition. Sullivan worked out Saturday afternoon, while Pierce and Watson put the finishing touches to their training yesterday.

Four bouts, making a total of thirty rounds of boxing in the event of all the scraps going the limit, are on the bill and all indications are that every one of the quartette of contests will be a hummer.

The feature bout scheduled is a ten-round argument which will bring together Tommy Buck and Sammy Pierce. The latter will be remembered as having knocked out Charlie White, the local bantam in two rounds at the Exhibition Grounds last month. Pierce is anxious to again demonstrate his ability before a local audience as he claims that many Quebec fans are of the opinion that he is a lucky punch that earned him a knockout victory over White.

Buck, the latter is a changed man since his fight with Dube last month. He has trained hard with Kid Mitchell, Gagnon and other local scrappers since his last bout and is now back in his old form again, and is ready to put up the same fight as which won for him so many local admirers during his appearances here a few years ago.

The semi-final between Kid Watson of Montreal and Mickey Sullivan of New York is another bout which can be depended upon to provide plenty of excitement. These two boys met a few weeks ago and Watson was given a slight margin though only after a bitter contest.

Sullivan is a fast and clever boxer and packs a wallop in either hand, while Watson, who is a mulatto, is also a multi-artist of no mean repute, being recognized as one of the best at his weight around the Metropolitan.

In the preliminaries, Kid Horne, the Indian scrapper who has won both his scraps here by technical knockouts, will be up against Tiger Morrisette, and Kid Costello will have Kid Rioux as an opponent.

The first bout is slated to start at 8 o'clock, and the four scraps will be refereed by Joe Montminy.

## WINDSOR TOOK FOURTH RACE

Ross Horse Won The Handicap Event At Windsor Saturday

Windsor results Saturday were: First race, two-year-olds, 1-2 furlongs—Curland, 110, Buxton, \$4.90, \$3.50, \$3.05, won; Who Knows Me, 110, Erickson, \$5, \$3.60, second; Marie Blanche, 107, Wilson, \$5.35, third. Time, 1:06 1/2. Peap, Reformer, Donegal and Firm Ward also ran.

Second race, claiming, four-year-olds and up, seven furlongs—Anticape, 107, Buxton, \$33.55, \$12.25, \$7.35, won; Ballyne, 106, Pickens, \$3.65, \$3.15, second; Ring Rose, 104, Owens, \$3.20, third. Time, 1:27 1/2. Rapid Stride, Wild Flower, Hidden Alkin, The Decision, Arctic King, Leading Star, Stauch and Hello Partner also ran.

Third race, claiming, three-year-olds, seven furlongs—Citation, 106, Ambrose, \$7, \$4.15, \$3.15, won; Dorius, 103, Owens, \$13.30, \$6.40, second; Plucky, 102, Walls, \$6.75, third. Time, 1:29 1/2. Vogeria, Ultimo, Ogartie, Brilliant Ray, Flincoe, Stamp, Johnny Dundee, Moss Fox II and Trucks also ran.

Fourth race, claiming, three-year-olds and up, mile and a sixteenth—Diadema, 104, Ambrose, \$6.90, \$4.50, won; Rex Gaiety, 102, Wallace, \$14.70, second; Saivo, 110, Owens, \$12.50, third. Time, 1:47 1/2. Captain Scott, Ajon, Aquatic, and Pusa Pia also ran.

Fifth race, mile and three sixteenths, four-year-olds and up—North Sea, 110, Sterling, \$7.75, \$3, \$2.90, won; Comme Ci, 110, McCann, \$4, \$3.25, second; Teta, 115, Erickson, \$3.30, third. Time, 2:03 1/2. Stanley, Pirate McGee, Johnny Overton, Dotta's Best, Charley Boy, Summer Sigh, Sister Flo, Walter Turner also ran.

Sixth race, claiming, four-year-olds and up, mile and three sixteenths—Grayman, 110, Maiben, \$6.65, \$4.50, \$4.45, won; Louis, 107, McCann, \$12.50, \$12, second; Haman, 110, Pickens, \$4, third. Time, 2:00. Jacques, Honolulu Boy, Frank Fogarty, General Cordona, Solid Rock, and Attorney Murr also ran.

Seventh race, claiming, three-year-olds and up, mile and sixteenths—Dark Hill, 108, Gregory, \$6.25, \$4.30, \$3.35, won; Tantalus, 111, Walls, \$9.65, \$5.50, second; Grizelda, \$7, Flynn, \$4.35, third. Time, 1:47. Incoq, Inverbold, Royal Duck, Elias O, and Jewel V.D. also ran.

A REASONABLE DEDUCTION "Jones has a very superior wife, hasn't he?" "Yes, how did you know?" "Oh, he has such a hang-dog look."

## ST. JOHN ORDSMAN RETAINED LAURELS

Hilton Belyea Successfully Defended Amateur Single Sculling Championship

St. Catharines, Ont., July 29—Hilton A. Belyea, the oarsman from St. John, N.B., retained the amateur single sculling championship of Canada here yesterday when he crossed the line a winner after he had been fouled by R. C. Dibble of the Don Rowing Club, Toronto. Dibble had been in the lead all the way but the rower from the East was steadily creeping up as they went into the last quarter of a mile. Belyea swerved in front of Belyea, and the stern of his shell hit the bow of Belyea's boat. The latter swung away, however, and kept on the race, while Dibble, realizing he had fouled his opponent stopped rowing. W. E. C. Gilmore, of Philadelphia was second with a lead of two feet over J. Durnan of Toronto.

University of Toronto captured the senior eight, the race in which next to the senior singles, greatest interest was centered. It was one of the most exciting contests of the day. Varsity, Lachine and Argonauts crossing the finishing line in the order named, all overlapping. The final day of the Canadian Amateur Association of Oarsmen's regatta could scarcely have been improved upon as far as weather conditions were concerned. There was hardly a ripple on the beautiful course and a record crowd saw the races.

It was a great day for the oarsmen from across the border. S. B. Hartman, Detroit pulled in ahead in the quarter mile single followed by W. E. Gilmore of Philadelphia. The crew from the West Side Rowing Club, Buffalo, came home three lengths in the lead in the 140 pound while the crews of the Bache-for-Barge Club of Philadelphia and the West Side Club were first and second in the senior fours.

The two crews furnished a wonderful race, the Detroit boat club registered another win in the senior 140 pound weight and came back with another win in the senior 140 pound weight and came back with another victory in the senior doubles.

Hilton Belyea of St. John, N.B., who re-established his claim to the sculling championship of Canada at the Canadian Henley meeting here on Saturday left to-night for Philadelphia to compete at the N.A.A.U. regatta on Saturday next. Before leaving he declared his willingness to go to Duluth on Labor Day to meet Walter Hoover if the latter will defend the gold cup. Belyea maintains that his condition at Philadelphia when Hoover defeated him last May was not what it should have been: "If Hoover can beat me in September, I will have no alibi," he said.

A. L. WATROUS WON GOLF TITLE

Redford, Mich., Player Turned In Aggregate Score Of 303 For Seventy-Two Holes

Montreal, July 30—A. L. Watrous, Redford, Mich., won the open golf championship of Canada on Saturday at the links of the Mount Royal Golf Club in Detroit. Watrous, a young Montreal newspaper writer, was tied for third place with 309, while the other players near the top and in the prize money were: J. Gordon, Buffalo, 310, and Tom McNamara, Sylvania, 312. All the above mentioned are professionals.

The leading amateur in the tournament was Redford's McKenzies, a young Montreal newspaper writer, with 317. Watrous won the Itvermead Cup and \$350, while Mr. McKenzies got a gold medal.

Watrous is only 22 years old and started out golfing as a caddy around the New York clubs. He is now professional and a member of one of the clubs in the Detroit district. He holds the course record for his own links, sixty-six for a par 72 and last week equalled the par for the complete Mount Bruno course, 70.

Kerrigan was among the leaders for the first eighteen holes and led at the end of the second and third rounds. He was one stroke ahead when he started on the final eighteen Saturday afternoon. Watrous yesterday played beautiful golf and had the advantage of playing out his complete rounds yesterday without knowing definitely that he would be the man to beat for the championship. Kerrigan, who began his last eighteen holes, knew that he had to shoot a 75, five over par to win.

F. Locke, of Quebec, made an aggregate score of 326.

Windsor, July 30.—Kenilworth park saw another small betting day Wednesday. The total risked on the "ponies" was only \$88,691, whereas, a day's betting has to exceed \$100,000 to be considered "normal," says the Detroit News.

"The chief reason seems to be that the patrons of the race-course are 'broke.' The pari-mutuel pavilion these days houses but a small crowd," the ticket-sellers easily take care of the patrons. The professional turf followers have suffered a long series of reverses.

However, though the betting was small, the gamblers lost 36 per cent. of all they put into the pari-mutuels. While the gambling public has been losing consistently the last several days, the club has not lost a nickel. It never loses. It did not lose yesterday. Of the \$88,691 played into the mutuels, the club got a rake-off of \$12,505. Then the Ontario government took 5 per cent. on the gross amount bet on each race, totalling \$19,566 more. Thus the losses to gamblers on the mutuels alone were \$32,070. But the crowd paid \$31,109 to get into the race-course—just for a chance to try to beat an absolutely unbeatable game. The losses of the gamblers for the day thus total \$63,179—\$2,765 per cent. of the sum risked in the mutuels and paid at the gate combined.

"The loss of this amount was just as certain before the races started as after; it is just as certain to happen today and tomorrow if the races are held.

"Yet they call this 'gambling'! Yesterday's losses swelled the total loss since the season's racing began to more than \$600,000.

## TURF FOLLOWERS SUFFER REVERSES

Patrons Of Windsor Race Course "Broke"—Losses Swelled To \$600,000

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"Yet they call this 'gambling'! Yesterday's losses swelled the total loss since the season's racing began to more than \$600,000.

"There was a big crowd of regular patrons of race-courses.

"One man was telling a friend of bad luck sustained by a turf follower he knew, and the other admitted horses were running so erratically at Kenilworth park that many of the big betters were broke, nearly broke or rapidly pawning all their jewelry in the hope that luck would change, and they would get some of their money back.

"Not only are favorites running out of the money for the most part, but the 'good things' are not materializing. Yesterday three well-played horses won, but paid such short odds that the punters failed to get back the money they had wagered in races in which their horses were not in the money.

"Yesterday was the seventeenth race gambling day at Windsor this season. In 17 days the gamblers have lost in the pari-mutuels alone back the money they had wagered in races in which their horses were not in the money.

## SEMPER STALWART AMONG ALSO RANS

Failed To Finish In The Money At Kempton Park Saturday

Montreal, July 30.—Results of racing at Kempton Park Saturday: First race, purse \$400 for 3-year-olds and up, five furlongs—Commander Colin, 109, Hunt, \$3.90, \$3.30, \$2.45, won; Wise Lady, 107, Poitier, \$2.60, \$2.40, second; Kelly's Queen, 97, Bogonowski, \$2.55, Time, 1:12 1/2. King B, Pluralist, Carrie Baker, and Last Girl, 100, for 3-year-olds and up, five and a half furlongs—Lewis B, 114, Fulton, \$10.60, \$4.90, \$3.40, won; St. Just, 122, Bogonowski, \$4.25, \$3.55, second; Uranium, 119, Chappelle, \$6.15, third. Time 1:18. Margaret N, Starkard, Mollie O, Naomi K, also ran.

Third race, purse \$400 for 3-year-olds and up, five and a half furlongs—Humpty, 115, Wida, \$19.05, \$4.90, \$3.40, won; Mess Kit, 119, Bullman, \$4.40, \$3.70, second; Thrills, 117, Jenkins, \$6.35, third. Time 1:15 3/5. Clearfield, Back Bay, No Trumps, Cremona, C. O. Doren and Montague, also ran.

Fourth race, purse \$400 for 4-year-olds and up, one mile and a half—The Portuguese, 108, Bogonowski, \$8.85, \$4.60, \$3.15, Shenandoah, 113, Jenkinson, \$15.30, \$6.30, American Soldier, 108, Chappelle, \$2.85, third. Time 2:03 1/5. Semper Stalwart, Hemlock, My Rose, Sir Jack, Zoie, also ran.

Seventh race, purse \$400 for 3-year-olds and up, six furlongs—Jack Shrine, 109, White, \$7.50, \$4.90, \$3.20, won; Dependence, 115, Crown, \$6.40, \$3.85, second; Myrtle Crown, 112, Hunt, \$4.20, third. Time 1:23 2/5. Satornino, Old Pop, Ragged Robin and Waac, also ran.

Eleventh race (under 12)—1st, H. Jewell; 2nd, K. Amy; 3rd, F. Moyle. 100 yards (over 12)—1st, J. Kitchen; 2nd, L. Webb; 3rd, A. McCann.

Three-legged race—1st, L. Webb and K. Amy; 2nd, S. Clark and F. Moore.

Potato race—1st, J. Kitchen; 2nd, L. Webb; 3rd, H. Jewell; 4th, Bubbles.

Elephant race (under 3)—1st, F. Moyle; 2nd, G. Munford; 3rd, L. McGee; 4th, D. Robertson.

Egg and spoon race—1st, J. Kitchen; 2nd, H. Jewell; 3rd, H. Webb; 4th, F. Moore.

## MOE HERSCOVITCH LOST DECISION

McAleer Was Given Verdict Over Canadian In Fast 12 Round Bout

(By Canadian Press) New York, July 30.—Moe Herscovitch, Canadian welterweight champion, last night lost the decision to Tommy McAleer, of New York, in a 12 round bout at the Commonwealth Sporting Club here.

Herscovitch carried the fight to his rival in every round, and landed often with his left jab and right hook to the jaw. It was a fast bout with both boxers mixing it freely, and in several of the rounds they brought the crowd to its feet by their fast boxing. The Canadian champion used his left to advantage, while McAleer worked both hands to the body while in close.

In view of his aggressiveness and the clean blows he landed it was felt by a large number of the fans that a draw was the worst decision Herscovitch should have received.

## BASEBALL

### NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York: R. H. E. Pittsburgh, 5; 000200500—7 13 0 New York, 0; 000000000—0 7 1 Batteries: Morrison and Gore; Douglas, Jonnard and Smith.

At Brooklyn: R. H. E. St. Louis, 3; 000000000—3 8 1 Brooklyn, 0; 000000002—2 10 2 Batteries: Haines and Alinhardt; Cadore, G. Marnaux and Deberry. Only two games scheduled.

Saturday Games. First Game: Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 6. Second Game: Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 5. Third Game: Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 5. Fourth Game: Cincinnati, 5; Boston, 4. Second Game: Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 1.

St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 9. Pittsburgh, 3; New York, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. At Detroit: R. H. E. Philadelphia, 0; 10001000—2 4 1 Detroit, 0; 03003101x—7 15 3 Batteries: Rommell, Helms and Brugg; Olson and Manion.

At Chicago: R. H. E. New York, 0; 100000220—5 10 2 Chicago, 1; 00040100x—6 12 0 Batteries: Hoyt, Murray and Schang; Blankenship, Leverette and Schalk.

At Cleveland: R. H. E. Washington, 0; 000100002—3 7 1 Cleveland, 0; 10010603x—11 15 2 Batteries: Erickson and Plinich; Torres; Uhle and O'Neill.

At St. Louis: R. H. E. Boston, 0; 000000010—1 6 0 St. Louis, 0; 01000001x—4 8 2 Batteries: Russell, Fullerton, Karr and Ruel; Wright and Collins.

Saturday Games. First Game: Washington, 18; Cleveland, 6. Second Game: Washington, 7; Cleveland, 8. New York, 6; Chicago, 2. Philadelphia, 2; Detroit, 13. Boston, 1; St. Louis, 4.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE. At Buffalo: R. H. E. Toronto, 0; 300000000—3 8 1 Buffalo, 0; 01400010x—6 6 1 Batteries: Townsend, Connelly and R. Fisher; Werre, G. Fisher and Bengough.

At Newark: R. H. E. Reading, 0; 013000431—12 12 4 Newark, 0; 000200142—9 12 4 Batteries: Martin and Clark; Barnhardt and Devine.

Second Game: R. H. E. Reading, 0; 0103010—5 8 0 Newark, 0; 000000000—0 4 3 Called in seventh by agreement. Batteries: Schacht and Clark; Kneisch and Devine.

At Jersey City: R. H. E. Baltimore, 0; 000100002—3 9 0 Jersey City, 0; 00200142x—11 15 0 Batteries: Parnham, Thomas and Styles; McAvoy; Hanson and Ekan.

Second Game: R. H. E. Baltimore, 0; 00001012003—7 6 2 Jersey City, 1; 000300000—4 9 1 At Syracuse: R. H. E. Rochester, 0; 000000010—1 2 2 Syracuse, 0; 00203000x—5 6 1 Batteries: Allen, Blake and Lake; Sandberg; Stewart and Vick.

Saturday Games. First Game: Buffalo, 4; Toronto, 5. Second Game: Buffalo, 5; Toronto, 7.

First Game: Newark, 3; Reading, 7. Second Game: Newark, 4; Reading, 1.

Baltimore, 6; Jersey City, 3. Rochester, 7; Syracuse, 5.

## BOSWELL OUTFIT BROKE INTO THE WIN COLUMN YESTERDAY AT THE EXPENSE OF C.B. TEAM

"Brewers" Strengthened By The Acquisition Of A New Pitcher Defeated First Half Champions 12 To 2—Napoleons Won From St. Patrick's 22 To 15

Boswell's strengthened by the acquisition of a new pitcher answering to the name of Jimmy Doyle, pulled the unexpected yesterday afternoon by decisively trouncing C. B. champions of the first half of the Quebec City and District Baseball League schedule, by the score of twelve to two. In the other match Napoleons defeated St. Pat's in a heavy-hitting contest by a count of 22-15. One interesting and exciting game and one loosely played contest is a good sizeup of the day's performances.

Boswell's played altogether like a new team. They batted hard while their fielding was at time brilliant. Doyle in the box for the "Brewers" strengthened the team considerably and his presence inspired the necessary confidence in the remaining players. He also turned in a very creditable performance both on the mound and at bat, striking out nine of the C. B. heavy hitters, while he also cracked out a home run in the second inning with two on. Alf. Bernard was knocked out of the box in the sixth frame and was replaced by Labbe. All of the Boswell players got a hit on St. Pat's, including the last with three strikes, including a two-bagger. Boswell's collected a total of seventeen hits off Bernard and Labbe, while C. B. could only secure seven off Doyle, three of which were doubles.

The St. Patrick's-Napoleons contest was a see-saw affair for the opening inning. St. Pat's had the score 81 in their favor in the second frame, though Naps kept plugging away and at the end of the third had taken the long end of a 9-8 count. Naps put the game on ice in the eighth by scoring nine times. St. Patrick's used three pitchers in an effort to stem the tide but one fared as bad as the other. Fortier started out in the box. Enright relieved him in the fifth and he in turn was replaced by Worth in the sixth. Arton twirled the eight innings for the winners and though he was hit hard was accorded good support. The score:

### St. Patrick's.

ab. r. h. po. a. e. Har. Kelly, lf., 3b., 4 3 1 0 1 0 West. Kelly, cf., 5 3 3 3 1 1 Worth, 2b., 1b., 4 2 2 2 2 2 T. Kelly, rf., 5 4 3 0 0 0 A. Cantin, 1b., 3 0 1 0 1 0 Enright, lf.-sp., 2 1 0 1 0 1 Morin, 2b., 2 1 0 1 1 2 Bourque, 2b., 3 0 2 2 0 3 Zineck, ss-1b., 4 1 0 3 2 0 Lambert, cf., 5 0 1 3 2 1 Fortier, p-5b., 4 0 0 2 4 4

Totals... 41 15 14 24 12 13 Napoleons.

Score by Innings: R. H. E. St. Pat's... 53020401—15 14 13 Naps... 16209211—22 19 5

Boswell's C. B.

Boswell's went right after Bernard in the opening inning, scoring two runs and holding C. B. scoreless. The Brewers added three more to their total in the second when Doyle hit the first ball pitched to him, over the fence, sending in Paquet who had started the inning with a two-bagger and Nestor ahead of him. C. B. got a runner as far as the third in the third frame, but he was left stranded there. Ruel made the count six to nothing for the Brewers when he crossed the plate on Art. Bernard's high throw to third to catch him stealing.

C. B. broke into the run column in their half of the third on a walk, single and a fly to deep center, Labbe scoring first after Bissonnette's fly had been caught. Two doubles in succession by Alf. Bernard and Lapointe with two out in the fourth netted the C. B. their second and last run of the game. Boswell's added another run to their total in the fifth, Latour crossing the plate on a single by Nestor. Right field. Boswell's made the count 8-2 in the sixth when Rieger crossed the pan after Beaupre had muffed Bilodeau's fly to centre.

Boswell's put an end to their scoring in the seventh frame when they tallied up to twelve. Paquet started the fireworks with a single, Nestor sent him to third with a two-bagger. Alf. Bernard was then taken off the mound and was replaced by Labbe. The latter hit Doyle, filling the bases, with one man out. Rieger, the next man up, was walked, forcing in Paquet. Drouin was also issued with free transportation, forcing in Nestor and still filling the bases. Bilodeau fanned but Ruel cracked out a single and sent Doyle and Rieger home. Latour ended the inning by striking out.

Two bases on balls put runners on second and first for C. B. in their half of the seventh with one man out, but Doyle tightened up and retired the side before any runners had crossed the pan.

In the eighth frame Boswell's went out in order. In their half of the ninth C. B. filled the bags with two out but a clever piece of fielding by Ruel on Leclerc's grounder saved the situation.

In the final frame it appeared as if Boswell's were to score a few more runs as they crowded the paths with only one man out. However, Labbe lightened up and struck out Ruel and Latour.

Art. Bernard started the final inning for C. B. with a double and took third on a passed ball after Bissonnette had flied out to Paquet. Lapointe fanned. Robitaille walked.

but both runners were left stranded when Pruneau lined out to Ruel, ending the game. The score:

Boswell. ab. r. h. po. a. e. Rieger, 1b., 5 2 2 11 0 2 Drouin, ss., 6 1 2 2 1 1 Bilodeau, rf., 6 0 1 6 1 0 Ruel, 3b., 6 2 2 2 2 0 Latour, lf., 6 1 2 1 0 0 Martineau, cf., 4 0 1 1 0 0 A. Paquet, 2b., 5 2 2 1 1 0 Nestor, c., 5 2 3 7 3 1 Doyle, p., 3 2 2 1 6 1

Totals... 44 12 17 27 13 5 C. B.

Lapointe, lf., 5 0 1 6 0 0 Labbe, 1b., 5 0 1 6 1 1 Leclerc, rf-1b., 4 0 1 4 0 0 Art. Bernard, 2b., 3 0 1 1 1 1 Bissonnette, ss., 5 0 1 1 2 0 Cote, 3b., 3 0 0 1 2 0 Robitaille, rf., 1 0 0 0 0 0 Pruneau, c., 6 0 1 12 0 0 A. Bernard p-1-3 4 1 2 1 0 1

Totals... 35 2 7 27 13 5 Score by Innings: R. H. E. Boswell... 230111400—12 17 5 C. B. 000110000—2 7 4

## HARNESS RACING AT EX. GROUNDS

Miss Westervelt Defeated Old Dudd In Two Mile Match Race

A large crowd of spectators were in attendance at the Exhibition Grounds yesterday afternoon to witness the trotting races and were rewarded by seeing some close contests.

The feature event on the day's card was a two-mile match race between Miss Westervelt and Old Dudd, to be decided in the winning of three out of five heats. Miss Westervelt after losing the first heat was finally returned the winner by capturing the three following heats. The Free-For-All trotting event was taken by Miss Denmore in straight heats. The race turned out to be between Miss Denmore and The Captain for first place though the latter horse lacked the speed to nose out the Gagne mare and had to be content with second place.

St. heats were required to decide the winner of the event for Class B trotters, the sixth heat was run off between Newburn and Rose McKenna and was capped by the former. Following are the results:

Match Race, Two Miles, 3 In 5. Miss Westervelt (Gauvin), 2 1 1 1 Old Dudd (Marols), 1 2 2 2 Time: 4:47; 4:50; 4:57; 5:00.

Free-For-All Trotters. Miss Denmore (Gagne), 1 1 1 1 The Captain (Gauvin), 2 2 2 2 Miss Heaven (Giguere), 3 3 4 4 Betsey Morrow (Cauchon), 4 4 3 3 Time: 1:17; 1:18; 1:17; 1:17.

Class "B" Trotters. Newburn (Giguere), 1 2 1 3 3 4 h 1 Rose McKenna (Gos-), 4 4 3 1 1 dh 2 Missall Hall (Giguere), 4 4 3 1 1 dh 2 na), 3 1 2 2 2 2

Miss Marbel (Bige-), 3 3 4 4 ouette), 2 2 3 4 4 Time: 2:30; 2:27; 2:26; 2:25; 2:26; 2:29; 2:26; 2:26.



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and General Stores.Chronicle Files  
100 Years Ago

British Navigation Bill.

The new navigation bill, which has passed the British House of Commons, provides that it shall be lawful to import from any place whatever, in British vessels, the products of Asia, Africa, and America, which, under the present existing laws, can only be imported (with some few exceptions) direct from the place of growth.

In a memorial which was presented to Parliament against the passage of this bill, from the ship owners of Liverpool, the petitioners stated:—"That the trade between Asiatic dominions, is carried on in vessels of considerable tonnage, and navigated with a proportionate number of British seamen, and they cannot contemplate, without the most serious alarm, the adoption of a measure, which may transfer the most important part of the trade from them to the shipping of other nations."

Chronicle Files  
25 Years Ago

Feet Cut Off.

A distressing accident occurred in a hay field at St. Agapit on Tuesday. It seems that while Mr. Demers was cutting grass, the four-year-old son of a neighbor named Alphonse Desroches, by some means got caught in the mowing machine and had both feet cut off. On realizing the accident, Demers, fainting away and remained unconscious for two hours. The child in the meantime had been rescued and his injuries attended to by Dr. Labrecque.

Illegal Fishing.

A correspondent writing from Pointe a Pic, and signing himself "Tourist," says:—"Netting for trout on the fine lakes around Murray Bay, is carried on with a vengeance this season. The poachers are provided with nets and their trout bought by a man who occupies two Government positions here, in the Department of Marine and Fisheries. It is highly time for the Hon. Minister to look into it, and stop such an illegal practice."

Hon. R. R. Doherty.

The Chronicle approves entirely of the suggestion to tender a dinner to the Hon. R. R. Doherty, to enable Quebecers of all parties to testify their appreciation of his efforts on behalf of the fast line of steamships and the Quebec Bridge. As the Hon. Gentleman is about sailing for Europe the demonstration will probably have to be postponed until his return.

STAINS.

The dark brown stains which cigarette smoke on copper and brass ash-trays can quickly and easily be removed with a little denatured alcohol applied with a brush.

If there are finger-marks on a light felt hat, take a piece of fine sandpaper and rub carefully with the nap of the felt until the marks disappear. This should be done gently to avoid roughing up the surface.

Instead of wrapping linens in blue paper to prevent them from turning yellow, paint the shelves in which the linens are kept with blue enamel. This will answer the same purpose.

To remove grease from carpets, make a paste of fuller's earth and ammonia. Spread over the spots, let dry and then sweep in the ordinary way.—From the August Designer.

Miss Virginia Pearson, star of the stage and screen, has been awarded a prize of \$1,000 for having the most perfect back in America. A horrible mistake! The most perfect back is the greenback. Any ignoramus knows that.—Nashville Tennessean.

NEARLY CRAZY  
WITH PAINS  
IN BACK

Read How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Mrs. Beecroft

Hamilton, Ontario.—"I have suffered for three years from a female trouble and consequent weakness, pain and irregularity which kept me in bed four or five days each month. I nearly went crazy with pains in my back, and for about a week at a time I could not do my work. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the 'Hamilton Spectator' and I took it. Now I have no pain and am quite regular unless I overwork or stay on my feet from early morning until late at night. I keep house and do all my own work without any trouble. I have recommended the Vegetable Compound to several friends."—Mrs. EMILY BEECROFT, 16 Douglas St., Hamilton, Ontario.

For nearly fifty years women have been telling how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering with female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast.

If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It has helped others, let it help you.

GANDHI BEING  
WELL TREATEDHas Been Receiving Every  
Possible Consideration In  
Sabarmati Jail

Bombay, June 20.—(By Mail)—That Mahatma Gandhi has been receiving every possible consideration from the authorities of the Sabarmati jail, where he is confined, is evident from the reports of the many friends who have visited him there. Gandhi spends at least half an hour each day in spinning, and is devoting his remaining energy to literary work. He is allowed to have his own food brought to him. Goat's milk, toast, oranges and raisins constitute his usual diet.

One who visited Gandhi in jail recently describes his life there as follows:—"Ever since his arrest, the authorities have been very kind and considerate. They place no restrictions on interviews, but grant as many as it is possible to arrange for. At the interview either the superintendent or the jailer is present. "Gandhi sits in the veranda in front of his cell with a quilt on the floor and with two pillows at his back, in the same style as in his own home. Visitors are taken inside the jail, and Gandhi receives them in his veranda. They discuss all sorts of questions, no restrictions being made as to the subjects for conversation.

"The Mahatma is allowed to receive all his letters, and even to reply to them, with the condition that the letters are countersigned and passed by the superintendent."

"The prisoner's usual food consists of goat's milk, toast, oranges and raisins. These are brought to him three times a day. Several months ago Gandhi made a vow not to take his second meal without spinning for at least half an hour. He has been able to observe this even while in jail."

"It was really surprising to see the progress he has made in spinning. Last year, when he was in the Punjab, he was a mere novice, hardly turning out yarn of five counts. But now he has improved so much that he not only spins faster but the yarn is of 25 to 30 counts. I do not think there will be any difficulty for the government in providing him the simple food he wants, as it will not cost the authorities any more than they are prepared to spend on an ordinary prisoner."

"One noticeable fact was that at no time did he break any of the jail regulations. If he is treated differently, it is not due to any request on his part, but due rather to the initiative of the authorities themselves, who are very courteous and anxious to oblige."

"He was always cheerful, and looked upon his arrest as a matter for great rejoicing to the country. To all questions as to what would happen in the future, he gave the answer that non-cooperation, if carried on properly, was bound to succeed."

"Gandhi intends to devote much of his time to writing about his past experiences. He may write an autobiography. His immediate task in this line is the writing of a pamphlet on the movement in South Africa."

LEGISLATION FOR  
WRITERS SOUGHTNew Copyright Bill For Danish  
Scribes To Be Introduced  
By Government

Copenhagen, July 6.—(By Mail)—A new copyright bill is to be introduced by the Danish Government. The present copyright act gives to an author and dramatist unlimited rights in his own production during lifetime, and to his descendants unlimited rights until 50 years after his death. Thereafter the rights are "free" and can be published or theatrical manager can respectively publish or produce his work without paying any author's fee.

On behalf of its members the Danish authors association has been agitating for a revision of the copyright act. It insinuates that publishers and theatrical managers republish and make use of the works of authors who died more than 50 years ago because no royalties are involved. Thus the dead authors and playwrights are, they say, being used in unfair competition against living authors and dramatists.

The Association demands that an organization of living authors and dramatists, and not the state, control the works of dead colleagues after the expiration of the 50 year period; that the rights should not then become free, and that it be empowered to decide to whom royalties be distributed.

According to the Danish press the authors have succeeded in making the government see their point of view, and Mr. Appel, Minister of Education, has requested representatives of associations of authors, dramatists, composers and artists to become members of a joint committee to work out a bill to be put before the Riksdag.

Danish organizations are said to be working jointly in this matter with their colleagues in Norway and Sweden, and similar bills are likely to be introduced in these countries.

GERMAN SAILORS SERVE

ON BRITISH VESSELS

Berlin, July 6.—(By Mail)—Shipping circles here note with satisfaction that German sailors are again in demand for the personnel of ships sailing under foreign flags.

The most recent instance cited is that of a modernly equipped salvage vessel which an English company has sent to the Baltic Sea to stand ready for assistance in all cases of distress. It is said that, although the vessel's captain is English, as is also its flag, the crew consists of 36 Germans hailing from Danzig.

## Social and Personal

Mr. G. Edwards, of Ottawa, is in town for a few days.

Mr. A. H. Brown, of Newark, N.J., is staying at the Chateau.

Mr. J. H. Percy, of Montreal, is visiting in Quebec for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Field, of Old Bennington, Vt., are visiting in Quebec.

Mrs. M. J. Deardriff, of St. Augustine, Florida, is registered at the Chateau.

Mr. W. E. Howard, of New York, is among the many guests staying at the Chateau.

Mr. N. J. O'Connell, of Kew Gardens, Long Island, is registered at the Chateau.

Mr. C. N. Griesmer and Douglas F. Griesmer, of Washington, D.C., are in Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Leslie White and Miss Madeline White, of Brooklyn, N.Y., are in Quebec.

Mrs. M. J. Savage and R. M. Savage, of Toronto, are among the guests at the Chateau.

Mrs. S. B. Friedman and Mrs. E. A. Greenbaum, of Cleveland, are registered at the Chateau.

Messrs. I. Bertrand and V. E. Kelly, of Mount Arlington, N.Y., are in Quebec for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Hostler, of New York, are among the many guests registered at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Desjardins and the Miss Therese Desjardins, of Terrebonne, are visiting in Quebec.

Mrs. John Addison Porter and Mrs. Agnes Porter of New Haven, Conn., are registered at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. O. Temple, and the Misses Inez and Maud Elizabeth Temple, all of Hartford, Conn., are in Quebec for a few days.

Mr. P. E. Moran of Boston, formerly of this city, arrived in town on Saturday and will spend a couple of weeks here the guest of Mr. T. H. Mullins, Domains Laird.

Hon. Jacob Nichol, Provincial Treasurer, and Mrs. Nichol, of Worcester, Mass., are spending a few days on the North Shore.

Among the prominent passengers on the Regina were Mr. R. Reid and Mrs. Dubell and Miss Janet Dubell who were met on their arrival by Mr. and Mrs. W. M. and Mr. A. C. Dubell and family.

Mrs. Arthur Meighen and family who have been spending some time at Tadoussac will leave in a few days for Ottawa, accompanied by Mr. Hon. Arthur Meighen, who is due there on Monday.

Mrs. Anthony Cordasco, Mr. Thomas Cordasco and Miss Florence Cordasco, of Montreal, are staying at the Chateau Frontenac for a few days, and from there will proceed to Murray Bay for a week's stay.

Mrs. A. Usher Jones, Chomedey street, Montreal, is returning from Quebec, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Allan Boswell. Mrs. Boswell, who has been seriously ill, is now convalescent.

The marriage of Lady Sybil Grey, daughter of the late Earl Grey, former Governor-General of Canada, and the Dowager Countess Grey, to Lambert William Middleton, will take place in September. The bride who is a cousin of the Earl of Minto, is well-known to many Canadians through her residence at Rideau Hall during her father's tenure of office.

Sir Thomas Wiles-Chitty, King's Remembrancer, and Lady Chitty, of London, England, are sailing next month for Canada and will visit Archdeacon and Mrs. Balfour of Quebec, on their arrival, and later will be the guests of Ex-President and Mrs. Taft at their summer home in Murray Bay. Sir Thomas and Lady Chitty will visit their daughter, Mrs. Reed in Halifax, and in September will be in Toronto to be the guests of their son, Mr. Michael Wiles-Chitty, and Mrs. Wiles-Chitty.

At the reception given in honor of Lady Byng, by the executive of the Vancouver Municipal Chapter L.O.D.E. at the Jericho Country Club recently, Her Excellency was wearing a black chapeau with satin gown with wrap of the same material, trimmed with silver fox fur, and a black satin toque with Chantilly lace brim upturned at the front, relieved by a wreath of French flowers in vermilion tones. Special guests invited to meet Her Excellency included: Mrs. Julius Griffith, president of the Women's Canadian Club of Vancouver; Mrs. W. J. White, president of the Local Council of Women; Mrs. W. Ross, resident of the Victorian Order of Nurses; Mrs. Fred C. Wade, wife of the Agent-General in London for British Columbia.

"In the interest of the comity of nations knee breeches should be abolished." In the interest of the comity of nations, they should be retained.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

NOT SAFE NOR SANE

PUBLIC OPINION

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ARABS COMBAT  
BRITISH POLICYGovernment Unremitting In  
Efforts To Find Solution To  
Palestine Problem

London, July 14.—(By Mail)—The government is unremitting in its efforts to find a solution of the Palestine problem. To this end it has, among other things, recently published the official correspondence that has passed between the government, the Palestine Arab delegation now in London, and the Zionist organization since last February.

Included is an official statement of British policy, as given out July 1, to the effect that a Jewish national home will be founded in Palestine, and Jewish people will be in Palestine as of right and not sufferance. The disappearance or subordination of the Arab population, language or culture is not contemplated, and the establishment of a full measure of self-government in Palestine will be fostered. The special position of the Zionist Executive does not entitle it to a share in the government of the country. The Arab delegation has replied to this statement of policy as follows:

"Since its establishment in Palestine the Zionist Commission has very much interfered with the administration of Palestine under one pretext or another, all of which were based on solicitude for Jewish interests."

"One military administrator after another, and one British official after another, had to go because they not and would not govern the country on lines laid down by the Zionist Commission."

"We see division and tension between Arab and Zionist increasing day by day and resulting in general retrogression, because the immigrants dumped upon the country from different parts of the world are ignorant of the language, customs and character of the Arabs, and enter Palestine by the might of England and against the will of the people, who are convinced that they have no people have come to strange terms. Nature does not allow the creation of a spirit of cooperation between two peoples so different."

"The fact is that His Majesty's government has placed itself in the position of a partisan in Palestine of a certain policy which the Arabs cannot accept because sooner or later it means his extinction."

"Commenting on the official correspondence, a diplomatic correspondent writes in the Sunday Times:

"Briefly put, the British government finds itself uncomfortably sandwiched in between two sets of promises. Driven by the exigencies of the great war to demand on behalf of the Allies the co-operation of the Arabs against the Turks, Britain agreed to recognize their independence within a territory which included Palestine and Syria. That was on October 24, 1915."

"On November 2, 1917, possibly with a view to obtaining other and equally necessary support, the Earl of Balfour made his famous declaration in favor of the establishment of a Jewish home in Palestine."

"The passage by the House of Lords the latter part of June of the Balfour declaration, disapproving of the Balfour declaration, was immensely popular in Palestine, where this incident is regarded as a notable Arab victory."

MR. HENRY AUBEPIN

EMINENT PERSONALITY.

Mr. Henry Aubepin, who is to be the guest of the American Bar Association, ranks among the most eminent personalities of the French Bar.

He was born in 1869, of an old family, who has for generations supplied the French Courts and the French Bar with distinguished jurists. His own father has been for a long time first President of the Tribunal of the Seine.

After excellent studies in the College Stanislas, he was a student in the Law School of the University of Paris. He was received a Doctor in Law with high honors and admitted to the Paris Bar.

For more than 25 years Mr. H. Aubepin has been practicing law. He is attached to the Court of Appeals in Paris. He is highly praised as a business lawyer.

The honor of representing the French Bar at the San Francisco meeting was conferred upon him by the choice of his colleagues and the assent of the French Government.

AUTO NOTES

Give children all the room you can

and go slowly.

A COMPLETE OCEAN  
Service  
"the WHITE STAR DOMINION Way"

A half-century of carrying ocean travellers has brought White Star Dominion service to the highest standard attainable. This service is exemplified in the magnificent carrying first, second and third class passengers; in the new Regina, and the Canada and Quebec.

Other services to England and the Continent are provided by the White Star, Red Star and the American Line steamers sailing from New York every Sunday.

W. M. MACPHERSON, 55 Dalhousie St., Quebec, or Local Agents.

HUSBANDS ARE SCARCE

IN THE OLD COUNTRY.

Victoria, B.C., July 30.—Husbands

are scarce in the Old Country and

English girls are turning to the

overseas nations of the Empire in

search of husbands, according to in-

formation received by Mayor Wil-

liam Marchant. Two Manchester

young ladies wrote to his worship

inquiring if he "had any husbands

in view likely to suit us; and if so

full particulars will be sent by us in

our next letter, telling all that is

wished to be known." The mayor

frankly admitted that he did not

know of any young men who are

interested.

Carry a fuel reserve tank for long

country trips.

Great Summer Sale  
of  
Dry GoodsDURING THIS SALE WE ARE GIVING LARGE  
AND GENUINE REDUCTIONS TO CLEAR  
OUR STOCK.

Ladies' Parasols on sale at Half Price.

Ladies' Wool Sweaters, a large assortment, at Half

Price.

Children's Dresses, a special lot at Half Price.

33 1/3% off

Children's Parasols.