



ADVISED FROM ENGLAND TO THE 1st MAY.

Canada Company's shares, on the 29th, were £20 paid, selling at £40 to £41. The Duchess of Cambridge is expected in London from Hanover in the first week of May.

Mr. & Mrs. O'Connell arrived in Dublin on the 27th. France is levying a large number of seamen, who are marched to Brest.

The Children's Friend Society have already despatched 300 children to the English Colonies, and have still 136 boys and 56 girls at their school. The Society have just made a pecuniary appeal to the public.

London, April 28th.—Mr. Secretary Grant visited Lord Melbourne this morning. At the King's levee, held on the 28th, there is no mention of Lord Amherst's presentation.

Lord Albert Conyngham has announced to the electors of Canterbury that circumstances have occurred which prevent him taking office at present. The London Gazette of the 28th April contains the following official appointments:—

Dated 24th.—Sir J. C. Hobhouse, Right Hon. J. Sullivan, and Sir C. Cockrell, Commissioners for India. Hon. Colonel George Anson, Storekeeper of the Ordnance.

H. Labouchère, Master and Worker of the Mint. Dated 25th.—Sir H. Parnell, Paymaster General and Treasurer of the Ordnance.

Dated 28th.—Baron Duncannon, Sir G. Stephenson, and Allen Milne, Commissioners of Woods, &c. A public dinner was to be given to Sir R. Peel in the city, on the 11th May.

Lord Shaftesbury is to be joined to Lord Denman in the Commission of the Speaker of the House of Lords. The new Viceroy of Ireland (Earl of Mulgrave) is expected to arrive at Dublin, about May 6.

His Lordship is a man of ton, and, no doubt, will make the Irish metropolis "alive" with fashion. We can confirm the statement of the Dublin Evening Mail, that Mr. O'Connell has dismissed the Irish Under Secretary of State, Sir W. Gossett, Lord Anglesey's Under Secretary.

Lord Melbourne did his utmost to save Sir William, but the head of the Government, and of the Tail, was inexorable. Lieutenant Drummond, late Private Secretary to Lord Althorp, succeeds Sir William.—(Standard.)

Lord Brougham has employed his leisure, of late, in writing a brochure "on the aristocracy" under the nom de guerre "Isaac Jenkins." It is a violent attack on the Lords and their families. He has published a reply "by Peter Jenkins," in which he blows up the Commons—and he has reviewed both pamphlets, with astonishing praise in the new number of the Edinburgh Review.—(Standard.)

Robert James Mackintosh announces memoirs of the life of his father (the late Sir James Mackintosh) in two volumes. A meeting of the Creditors of the Colonial Agency Firm Brown, Danson & Co.'s Bankruptcy, was held yesterday for the further proof of debts, and the declaration of the first dividend.

The meeting was numerously attended; the debts proved during the day amounted to about 60,000l. The total debts now proved against the estate amount to 105,000l. A dividend of 3s. in the pound was entered and declared. The assets which will become available for future dividends are expected to be large.—(London Sun, 29th.)

To the Editor of the London Courier. Sir,—I have just been informed, I must say to my great surprise, that it is at present the intention of His Majesty's Government to continue the appointment of Lord Amherst, on the ground that the mission is a short one, and further, that he voted for the Reform Bill. Heavens, Sir! Is the importance of a great public trust to be estimated by its duration? or is his single vote on the Reform Bill sufficient to render a man who has twice so fatally proved his incompetency to serve the country, fit to arrange a question of such importance and difficulty as that of Canada?—much less to atone for his delinquency in joining those who were pledged to undermine and destroy the new charter of our freedom. I can scarcely believe Lord Melbourne seriously intends to continue such an appointment, especially as I understand your able expose of My Lord Heytesbury, has contributed to prove the necessity of rescinding or delaying his appointment, that it may be reconsidered. I feel assured that the rescinding of Lord Amherst's also, will tend much to strengthen the public confidence in the present Administration; and shall, in anxious expectation of such an announcement from you, remain Yours, &c. &c. CENSOR.

London, April 28th. The London Globe of the evening of the 28th of April, gives extracts from Paris papers of the 25th and copies the following from one of them:—

"It is no longer a mystery that the vote of money, coupled with the offensive condition appended to it by M. Valaze, of not making any payment till satisfaction was made by the President for the offensiveness of his Message, has failed altogether of propitiating the American Ambassador, who openly declares that such a vote is more degrading than a flat refusal to pay at all—for one would be a simple injustice, whilst the other is an insult. Commodore Elliot upon his arrival at Havre, went straight on board the Constitution frigate, and weighed for Cowes to take in water, communication with the French shore having been so strictly prohibited during his absence, that the crew did not dare to send a boat off even for the necessary supply of fresh water."

There is no longer any doubt of Marshal Maison's agreeing to enter the Cabinet as Minister at War, without pretending for the present to the Presidency of the Council. He is expected in Paris to-morrow.

CHAMBER OF PEERS.—Paris, April 27th.—The Minister of War, in the absence of the Minister of the Finances, presented the Bill adopted by the Chamber of Deputies for the grant of twenty-five millions for the execution of the treaty with the United States. The minister then entered into some developments on the treaty of the 4th of July, and stated, that if the relations between France and America were to be renewed, it was not for the former to take the initiative. He stated that Ministers had, with the utmost good faith, exerted their best efforts to obtain the means of discharging the American claims, and there their task ended. They were convinced that such steps would be taken by America as would expunge every trace of a misunderstanding which ought never to have existed. The Chamber of Deputies had understood the feelings of Ministers on this point, and had consequently inserted in the text of the Bill a clause to which Ministers had agreed. Another amendment which had been presented had been rejected at the suggestion of the Government, the object of it having been to subject to publicity the explanations which the French Government had a right to expect from the Government of the United States. Ministers were of opinion that the dignity of France should be satisfied, but they at the same time thought that the satisfaction must be offered in a manner honorable to both nations.

We are far from asserting that a war between France and the United States is impossible; but we run little risk in questioning that the measures alluded to originated in a belief that such a contest would positively arise. We only notice the facts in order to express our conviction that there is nothing in them that ought to suggest fears for an immediate rupture.—(London Morning Herald.)

Preparations were still making for the trial of the State Prisoners, and there were symptoms of anticipated commotions. All the better classes living in the neighbourhood of the Court, and who could afford to leave Paris, were removing their families to a distance, the National Guards are placed upon permanent duty, and each legion ordered to furnish a large contingent for actual service at the Chamber, while fresh regiments were bearing upon Paris from the provinces. The chances of an amnesty appear to be now dismissed.

Cairo, March 5th.—The plague, which has spared Egypt during 11 years, and had not for several months extended beyond the walls of Alexandria, is now beginning to spread in all directions in this unfortunate country. The sanitary cordon was quite ineffectual in stopping its progress, and has therefore been abandoned. The rigorous orders for watching each infected house, and preventing any of its inmates from going out, proved highly dispasing to the Arabs and Turks on whom that duty has been imposed, and whose religious code teaches them to regard no disease as contagious, unless in accordance with the will of God; they therefore considered the severe quarantine not only irreligious, but altogether superfluous, and consequently have done everything in their power to evade its regulations, either by concealing the dead, burying them in their own houses, or finally throwing the corpses during the night into the water or into the street. It was then found that these quarantine measures must lead to most dangerous consequences, and that the public health was much less likely to suffer by a regular and cautious interment of the dead, than by allowing the presence of infected corpses in inhabited houses. Directions had also been given, requiring that all the sick should be visited by European physicians, in order to ascertain whether the disease in each case was really the plague or some other malady. The plague was brought to Alexandria by a Maltese. Three ships which arrived at Trieste from Alexandria brought letters which express the greatest alarm respecting the frightful increase of the plague, not only in Alexandria, but in all parts of Egypt. At Alexandria the number of deaths was from 200 to 210 daily. The greater part of the ships which were to take cargoes of cotton had hastily left the port without waiting for their cargoes; of the three ships that have arrived at Trieste, two are empty; the third, which had previously taken a cargo of cotton on board, was immediately ordered from Trieste to Venice, to perform some months' quarantine.

SOUTH AMERICA. Valparaiso, March 4th.—Every day we receive new details of the sad calamity which has befallen the greater part of the cities and towns in the Southern section of the republic. The ruin of Concepcion and Talcahuana is complete. At Concepcion there remains only one house for the shelter of the inhabitants. Of Talcahuana, according to the more recent advices, not a vestige remains. After the earthquake, the sea retired from the coast where the town was situated, about a mile, and then rolled in over the whole town, and in its reflux swept it almost entirely away. The fragments that remained were demolished and buried by two subsequent seas which successively overwhelmed the site of the town. When the sea had regained its usual level, the inhabitants, all of whom at the approach of the inundation fled to the neighboring heights, returned to the place where the town had been situated, and for several days many of them have been engaged in disinterring some remnants of their property. The sea rose 33 feet above its ordinary level, and drove into the town-square the national bark Mapecho, and placed other vessels in imminent danger.

The road from Talcahuana to Concepcion is almost entirely destroyed by the deep fissures and sloughs which have been created, consequently the destruction of property and the interruptions of the channels of intercourse which facilitate the subsistence of a town must be alarming. Talca, February 20th.—Two hours ago this town ceased to exist. This may truly be said; for its regular and comely edifices, which gave it the third place among the cities of Chili, are transformed into a mass of ruins, or buildings so essentially damaged that they cannot be inhabited without great danger.

Valparaiso, March 5th.—By letters and passengers brought by vessels which arrived here the day before yesterday, and to-day, the news is confirmed of the ravages of the earthquake in the provinces of Concepcion and Maule.

Concepcion, Talcahuana, Penco, Tome, Aranco, Colanco, Penuco, Yumbel, Bere, Las Angeles, La Florida, Coelemu, Ranquil, Cauquenes, San Carlos, Quirique, and other towns of both Provinces, have been ruined in consequence of that terrible event. Talcahuana, Penco and Tome were three inundated by the sea, and in Aranco and Colanco it rose to the walls. In the port of Constitution also, it rushed back and forth several times. The loss of lives in Concepcion does not exceed 50 odd; in Talcahuana, very few.

EAST INDIES. A letter has just been received, per ship Liberty, from H. Piddington, Esq. Foreign Secretary of the Asiatic Horticultural and Agricultural Society, dated Calcutta, December 24, 1834, announcing the following interesting discovery:—

"You will learn, too, with pleasure, I doubt not, the splendid discovery of a country on the N. E. frontier, or the N. E. corner of Assam, in which, through forests of thirty days march, the true Tea Plant abounds. This province, too, borders on that of Yumar in China, in which the plant is cultivated for consumption and sale. We have also had the flower and fruit sent down to Dr. Wallach, of the Honourable Company's Botanic Garden, who pronounces it to be the true tea plant; and who is, as you may well suppose, much gratified with the discovery. These facts are contained in a letter which I have just received from Dr. W. This discovery will perhaps cause a great revolution in the tea trade in a few years."

In a letter, dated November 23, 1834, per same conveyance, from Mr. Harlan, Governor of the Province of Guzerath, in the kingdom of La-Hore, to his brother in Philadelphia, it is stated that the late King of Cabul, Sha Shulah Ul-Moolk, who was recently defeated on the plains of Cabul by the forces of His Majesty Runjeet Sing, leaving nine thousand dead on the field, had probably regained his kingdom.

"The King of Cabul was defeated in his attempt on Kandahar, not by his enemies, but by his own panic fears. He left his army in the heat of battle, taking the precaution of previously despatching his treasures to a place of safety. At the present moment, now that the road from Kandahar to Cabul is impassable from the snow, he has again made his appearance with thirty thousand horse. The Sardars of Kandahar and Cabul being unable to effect a

junction of their forces, it is almost beyond a doubt that the ex-King will take possession of the city."

AMERICAN PAPERS.

New-York, (Wednesday) June 10th.—By the Columbia steamer this morning, we are grieved to learn there was a most destructive and calamitous fire at Charleston on Friday night. It is difficult to say how many buildings have been destroyed in this wide-spread conflagration, but it is estimated that upwards of three hundred dwelling houses, some few of them large brick mansions, but much the larger number two story frame houses. Insurance had been effected, we learn in the two Fire Insurance offices of Charleston, to the amount of only about 75,000D.—a very large portion of the sufferers were uninsured.

The Pirates will be executed to-morrow at Boston. De Soto will be pardoned, for having saved the crew of an American vessel. Great efforts were made for further respite, in order to obtain additional evidence in favor of the convicted—and, as no murder was committed, no harm could have been done by further delay, but the President was inexorable.

It is pretended by the opposition prints, (says the Washington Globe of the 5th) that Governor Forsyth and Governor Cass are about to resign their stations in the cabinet. The fabricators and circulators of this false rumour, have seen it contradicted; but as the two Secretaries have gone to their respective homes, it furnishes some colour for their imposition.

Among the many new works recently published by the brothers Harper is the long announced by J. N. Reynolds, of the Voyage of the United States Frigate Potomack, under command of Commodore John Downes, during the circumnavigation of the globe in the years 1831, 1832, 1833 and 1834, including a particular account of the engagement at Quallah Battoo, on the coast of Sumatra, &c. &c. The volume is illustrated and embellished with a variety of well executed engravings.

Ninety-one interments took place in New Orleans during the week ending the 25th ult. being two less than the previous week. The papers do not state what number perished of the Cholera.

The Atlantic seaboard line from New York to New Orleans is now in a fair state of being commenced. A company of capitalists from Boston has obtained a charter from the Legislature of Florida, to construct a Rail Road route across that territory from St. Augustine on the Atlantic ocean, to the mouth of the Suwannee river flowing in to the gulf of Mexico. Merchants of New York and Charleston will employ steam packets or ships to the latter city; thence a company will continue similar conveyances to Savannah and St. Augustine, and capitalists of this city will continue the route through the gulf of Mexico to New Orleans.—New-Orleans Bee.

The first volume of this long looked for work has at length been published in England as one of the numbers of Dr. Lardner's Cyclopaedia, and Messrs. Carey, Lea and Blanchard of Philadelphia have reprinted it in a very neat duodecimo volume.

The second number of the Crayon Miscellany, by Irving, which has just appeared, containing an account of Abbotsford and Newstead Abbey, is admirably calculated to keep alive the relish for the series which the first created. The domestic portrait of Scott drawn by the hand of Irving, is a picture the like of which is not often offered to the admiring gaze of the amateur. There is equal beauty, of another kind, in the account of Byron's residence. The story of the 'White Lady' is Irving 'all over,' if we may use the phrase.

The first passage on the Boston and Providence rail road was made on Tuesday with cars drawn by horses at a slow rate. Afterwards, a locomotive was put on, which went at the rate of 34 miles an hour.

LOWER PROVINCES.

Halifax, June 3d. The Rev. Mathew Richey, Wesleyan Minister, sailed from Halifax last Tuesday, on his way to Montreal, to which place he has been appointed by the British Conference.—(Nova Scotian.)

A few days ago, the House of George Morrison at Carriboo River was burnt to the ground, when distressing to relate, his wife and one of his children, a boy two years old, perished in the flames. This sad accident occurred, we understand, from incautiously boiling a tar pot with in the house.

Bermuda, May 19.—Arrived, on Tuesday last, H. M. S. Vestal, Capt. W. Jones, from Jamaica. We are concerned to state that previous to the Vestal's leaving Jamaica she lost her Surgeon, (Williams,) two Midshipmen, and several Seamen; and since her Assistant Surgeon, by Yellow Fever. The officers and crew of the Dee, steamer, also suffered the same cause, and the Regiment in garrison at Kingston, (we believe the 64th) was reduced to a skeleton.

The Forte, Serpent, Gannet, and Magnificent, at Port Royal on the 26th.

UPPER CANADA.

Toronto, June 4th.—The Ladies' Bazaar, under the patronage of Lady Colborne, was held in the City Council Chamber, on Wednesday last, and very numerously and fashionably attended. The next Bazaar will be held on the 1st May, 1836.—(Courier.)

To the Editor of the Christian Guardian. Toronto, June 1st, 1835.—My Dear Brother,—After an absence of seven weeks, during which time I travelled upwards of 1000 miles, and not a small portion of it along roads in their very worst state, according to the opinion of the oldest settlers, I arrived at my own habitation on Saturday last, through the kind providence of God in health and strength. I should have had great pleasure in complying with your request by writing for the Guardian an account of my recent visits to circuits in both Provinces, but being limited for time, having to enter upon another journey this morning, I am unable to do it. I will, however, just observe that our District Meetings in this Province were characterized by christian and brotherly feeling, by an earnest desire to promote the prosperity of Zion. The District Meeting held at Quebec was of the same character, and I trust all the Preachers returned to their sphere of labour with increased resolutions to spend and to be spent in the service of Christ and his Church. In all the places visited by me, the societies are in peace and in some degree of prosperity. At Montreal and Quebec the fruits of the revival with which it has pleased God graciously to favour them remain and the societies are striving together for the hope of the Gospel. I was highly gratified with the friendly feeling now generally manifested towards the Union. At Quebec it was manifested by the quarterly meeting unanimously, and, recently, requesting the District Meeting to appoint the Rev. E. Ryerson, or labour on their circuit the next year. Circumstances however, over which the District meeting had no control, prevented them preferring that request to the U. C. Conference. I have attended some very excellent Missionary Meetings. The addresses of John Sundry at several of these meetings will not soon be forgotten. In great haste I remain, Yours, &c. W. Lord.

Prescott, (U. C.) June 10th.—The account of the troubles in Bytown, contained in the Montreal Gazette, is incorrect. It seems Peter Aylen, Esq. a gentleman of large property near Bytown, and a friend to the poor man, thought proper to indict a tremendous horsewhipping on D. McMartin, Esq., an Attorney of Perth, who it is said richly deserved it. In consequence, Mr. Aylen was arrested, and being treated vexatiously, would not submit like the lamb to be led to the slaughter. Having the friendship of the warm hearted Irishmen, who were there, they interfered, and went to greater excesses, than were by any means justifiable, but as we learn, entirely without his consent. As the affair is to undergo legal investigation, we abstain from remarking further.—(Vanguard.)

LOWER CANADA.

Montreal, June 12th.—The Morning Herald of the 27th April states that Lords Amherst and Hillsborough were to embark at Portsmouth, on board the Pigee, on the 29th. A private letter in town speaks of this as doubtful.—(Montreal Herald.)

The Canadian Eagle arrived in port yesterday morning, in 12 hours from Quebec, with 40 cabin and 250 stowage passengers.—(Irish Advocate.)

Mr. Proudfoot has been elected President of the Upper Canada Bank, and Mr. Cawthra one of the Directors.—(ib.)

Two thousand bushels of potatoes from this county, are lying at Mississkoui Bay, ready for being shipped to New York.—(Mississkoui Post.)

QUEBEC: MONDAY, 15th JUNE, 1835.

The papers and letters by the 1st May packet, were received on Saturday.

They announce the arrival of Captain Mackinnon at Liverpool on the 29th, with despatches, and with the proceedings of the House of Assembly, and the reiteration of its claims, and the strike of business. Captain Mackinnon would probably reach London on the 30th, and it appears certain that the Royal Commissioner to this Province had not left at that time. The Independence, 8th April packet, was off Liverpool on the 1st May, in 23 days. The North America, 16th packet, on board of which were Messrs. Walker and Neilson, from the prevalence of westerly winds, would probably make a good run, and might arrive between the 4th and 8th May. Under all circumstances, considering the reports for and against the appointment of Lord Amherst, it seems probable that his sailing would be deferred some time, though we are informed that the Court Journal of the 27th April, says he had actually embarked on the 25th.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. P. Thompson, the new President of the Board of Trade, has made a species of declaration, that he will attempt to effect an equalization of the timber duties. This is of momentous consequence to the Trade of the North American Colonies, particularly in the depressed state of things which exists from so many different causes. There cannot be a doubt that any equalization would be fatal to great investments in this country, lamentably affect the general prosperity of the shippers, and reduce the business of the country to almost nothing. The property and labour employed in our timber trade have been called into action under the principle of protection, and under English laws, which have been held as not likely to be triflingly altered, so as to jeopardize capital and throw thousands out of employ. The protection which we received, was not strictly of our asking, but was given on the principle that an interruption of the peace with the Northern Powers of Europe, would place Great Britain at their mercy, for all supplies of timber in aid of the King's as well as the merchants' service, and for the public consumption. If the Colonies are no longer to be protected, they ought, at least, not to be restricted in their trade with other foreign powers. Either a free trade ought to be given them, or a durable protection not subject to the whims of the political economists of the day.

The present times are of extraordinary importance to the real interests of these Colonies. Both our political and commercial interests are to be adjudged upon by the Imperial Parliament. The expense of protection, and the turbulent menaces for that protection shown on the part of the Colonies, have, no doubt, contributed to make less observed the old principle of "Ships, Colonies and Commerce," and to dispose the English people to look upon us with less good-will, and less national pride than was formerly done.

The New-York papers of Wednesday are without news of interest.

We should rather be disposed to think that the claim of an apology from the United States, made by the Chamber of Deputies, which is completely a French measure, has been seen in its right and ridiculous light by Mr. Livingston, and that Old Hickory and brother Johnathan will look to see if their great guns are in order. As to an apology from General Jackson, he has never given any, and it is more than probable that if the apology were waived he would still fight.

The New-York papers state that the remaining prisoners under indictment for the conflagration of the late Charlestown Ursulines, have been all acquitted, a young boy, named Marcy, and a mere tool, having alone been found guilty.

The Halifax papers of the 3rd inst. are without news. The Bermuda papers of the 23rd May have arrived, and we regret that the yellow fever was making considerable ravages in Jamaica, both in the English navy and army.

We have perused the reply signed "A. DOYLE," in the Irish Advocate, and the article headed by the Vindicator, "Blood! BLOOD! BLOOD!" The personal attack on the editor of the Vindicator is not justifiable, though many circumstances go to mitigate the offence. It is, we apprehend, to the law only that editors are amenable; if the contrary were admitted, there would soon step in some worthless assassin, who would invent a quarrel to punish and control the independent expression of opinion.—While we disapprove of Mr. Doyle's taking the remedy in his own hands, we highly applaud the spirit with which he was animated against the foulest libel on his private character, and instead of well punishing the body of a person whose conduct has been the subject of general contempt, he ought to have well mulcted him, a remedy not so summary, but fully as effectual, and quite lawful. The perverted view the Vindicator takes of the affair, that party-spirit was at the bottom, is in unison with the object of all his late writings, that is, violence and animosity, and the introduction of a disordered state of society, favorable to the success of a servile and prejudiced majority.

"The Quebec Gazette next brings before the consideration of the public—for what reason, will appear hereafter—the disobedience to an Act of Parliament, of which Mr. Hale, the Receiver-General, is guilty."—(Vindicator, 5th June, 1835.)

The article in the Gazette of the 21st of May, to which the remarks in the Vindicator refer, does not contain the slightest stricture on the conduct of the

Receiver-General. Had the editor quoted the concluding paragraph, his readers would at once have seen how unfounded are his assertions; but, with more than his usual disregard to truth, the editor in the present instance is not only guilty of a "suppression veri," but of a palpable direct untruth. His object evidently is to withdraw public attention from Mr. Roebuck's numerous misrepresentations, and to fix on the Gazette the odium of bringing forward an accusation against an officer of high rank, which, for aught that is before the public, may be altogether fictitious and unfounded.

The report of a committee of the House of Assembly, of the 8th February, 1834, quoted in the Vindicator, shows that they ascertained that a "separate chest for receiving the monies arising from the Jesuits' Estates" is not kept "in the vault under three keys;" but the Committee in all their proceedings rigidly abstained from inquiring into the state of the vault which is in the immediate charge and under the direct control of the Receiver-General.

Is the editor really so ignorant of what appears on the Journals of the Assembly, as not to know that with three keys, the Receiver-General is no longer accountable for them, that the receipt of the other officers who hold the keys, discharges him from all responsibility, and that he cannot receive back any portion into his exclusive custody, or exercise any control over them, except under authority of a special warrant from the Governor?

The Gazette is also accused of misrepresentation. Mr. Roebuck, forsooth, did not say "that all accounts respecting the Jesuits' Estates were peremptorily refused to the House of Assembly," but he said, "all accounts respecting the Jesuits' Revenues were peremptorily refused." Let the editor please himself and make use of the word "Revenues" or the word "Estates," it matters not in either case; Mr. Roebuck, on the 9th March, 1835, asserted that which is manifestly untrue. The following "Schedule of Documents respecting the Estates of the late Order of Jesuits, since they came into possession of the Crown, as required by the House of Assembly in their Address of the 3rd December, 1831," will speak for itself; and on reference to the Journals, it will be seen that accounts of the Jesuits' Revenues collected since the 30th September, 1831, have been annually laid before the Assembly, so that the whole series, from the time the Crown commenced receiving the Revenues, up to the 10th October, 1834, is complete. It is to be regretted that the zeal of the different Committees (to whose reports the learned editor and M. P. P. so frequently refers) did not lead them to examine these accounts.

Schedule of Documents respecting the Estates of the late Order of Jesuits since they came into the possession of the Crown, as required by the House of Assembly in their Address of the 3rd December, 1831:—

- No. 1. Plan showing the Estates of the late Order of Jesuits at the time they came into the possession of the Crown, with remarks containing a description of the different properties.
2. Statement of the parts of the Estates heretofore belonging to the late Order of Jesuits, occupied for public purposes since they came into the possession of the Crown, as required by the House of Assembly in their Address of the 3rd December, 1831.
3. Statement of Sales and Concessions of property heretofore belonging to the late Order of Jesuits, which may be considered as attentions made since the Estates came into the possession of the Crown.
4. Statement of the annual Revenue of the Estates heretofore belonging to the late Order of Jesuits, commencing 23rd July, 1800 and ending 1st October, 1825.
5. Do do do commencing 1st October, 1825, and ending 30th September, 1834.
6. The account current of the late Treasurer for the Jesuits Estates from July, 1812 to October 1826, accompanied with copy of a correspondence on the subject of the discontinuance of the Board of Commissioners for the Estate of the late Order of Jesuits, General, stating that he had no accounts in his office of the cash in the chest belonging to the Jesuits Estates, and that no security was required of him for the safe keeping of the same.
7. Letter from the Receiver-General, stating that he had no accounts in his office of the cash in the chest belonging to the Jesuits Estates, and that no security was required of him for the safe keeping of the same.
8. Account of the arrears due to the Estates heretofore belonging to the late Order of Jesuits, upon Mr. Hale, Esq. situated within the district of Quebec.
9. Statement of the annual expenses for the management of the Jesuits Estates.
10. Statement of the Scholastic Establishments to which the funds of the Jesuits are now applied, and the amount allowed to each.
11. Extract from the Despatch of the Colonial Secretary of 24th December 1830, referred to in his Despatch of 10th July 1831, respecting the Jesuits Estates.

N. B.—Nos. 1 and 6 of the above Documents preserved among the files of the present Secretary, and the remainder of the said Documents are printed, and form part of the Appendix to the Third Report of the Standing Committee of Education and Schools.—(Appendix I.)

We learn that the Provincial Parliament is farther prorogued from the 1st, to Monday the twenty-seventh July next, for the despatch of business. The proclamation is dated this day.

We quote the following from the Echo de Paris, a paper in which the Hon. Mr. DeBarthez has been figured as a writer, and which was lately owned by him, and is still under his direction and influence. The remarks are on the attack of Mr. Doyle on the editor of the Vindicator, the former having been "vigorously attacked," because, says the Echo, he took a share against the party in the West Ward Election:—

"This is no doubt the motive of the cowardly attack by Doyle. He wanted blood, and this blood he must spill as an assassin. This blood, it is known, is what the loyal party want, together with money and honors. To spill Canadian blood, first blood, and all the blood of free hearts, is now a matter of principle. The same which made the blood of the victims of May run; the principle which made the blood of Barbeau run; the principle which made the blood of Marcoux run, has now made Dr. O'Callaghan's run, and this principle, in fine, will make the blood of those who read these lines, or of their kindred, to run! It is this principle which makes justice dumb; it shakes its sword, when it ought to pierce a loyal breast. This principle led Lord Aylmer to compliment the assassins of three Canadians! The same which influences the newspapers styling themselves loyal not to say a word on this horrible attempt. When will our citizens understand this principle; that these murders, these attempts to murder, these odious denials of justice, that this thirst for blood on the part of the friends of power, is the result of a plot preconcerted and matured for a long time past? When will they understand this, and unite to resist successfully these men greedy of carnage?"

We rather think that the extract signed "Censor," from the London Courier of the 28th April, is from the same source as the writings in the defunct True Sun, the Weekly Despatch, and other kindred newspapers, the writers spitting their paid articles at all kinds of things which did not suit their views of their notions, and the notions and orders of their masters on this side the water.

We regret to state that the storm of Wednesday last has caused very serious losses to the lumbermen, whose rafts were exposed at the time. Several of them went to pieces between Pointe à Puisseau and the foot of the current of the Richelieu. Among others, two belonging to Mr. McAlpine, consisting of upwards of 4000 pieces of timber, nearly 1000 of which are adrift, and persons were employed in picking them up, at an expense to Mr. McAlpine of 2s. 6d. each piece. It is, we fear, too true that five men who got upon one of the logs at the time the timber separated, are lost, as they have not been heard of since.

THE ARMY.  
War Office, April 24th.—66th Foot, Edward M. Watson promoted to Ensign, vice Currie, promoted and detached.  
The 43rd Regt. is now, we understand, on the march to relieve the 34th in New Brunswick, and will proceed from thence to Halifax to relieve the 96th, which goes to England.—(Halifax News.)

Lieut. Col. Wright, commanding Royal Engineers at Kingston, arrived on Tuesday evening, at Messrs. Hotel, Montreal.  
Col. Nicolls and Capt. Boulton, R. E., arrived at Kingston on the 8th. The following notice from the last mentioned officer has lately appeared:—  
Rideau Canal, June 2d, 1835.

Public notice is hereby given, that Mr. Adams has been duly appointed to act as the Government Arbitrator, on claims for damages sustained by the construction of the Rideau Canal, and will commence the several arbitrations without loss of time. D. BOULTON, Senior Royal Engineer, Rideau and Ottawa Canals.

(COMMUNICATED.)  
PHILANTHROPY OF A DYING SAILOR.—Robert Barkley, a patient in the Marine Hospital from Dundee, Scotland, while approaching the end of his earthly career, requested the attendance during the night of the 12th of Dr. Von Iffland, the resident Physician, to whom he observed in presence of the officers of the Institution and patients in the ward; that, being convinced, many unfortunate seamen, similarly situated to himself, without home or friends, in a foreign country, might require the advantages afforded to them by the Marine Hospital, he was desirous to bequeath the sum of sixty dollars to him for wages, for the further support of the Hospital. The resident Physician enquired, whether he had not some indigent relative to whom he might make the bequest—he emphatically replied, no! my nearest relations have long forgotten me, but I have not forgotten the many hardships which I have endured as a seaman, while under the most painful sickness, and may God avert, in some degree, the same sufferings and evils, if my little earthly mite can assuage them!—He died about 11 o'clock at night.—He named Mr. Whelan, the steward, his sole Executor.

We understand that a private letter has been received by the 1st of May Packet, which states that Mr. P. Thomson had pledged himself to his constituents, that a Bill should pass by the 8th October next, equalizing the duty on timber.—(Mercury.)  
We have been much gratified in inspecting a very handsome silver snuff box, from the elegant repository of Mr. C. J. Ardouin, St. John-street, intended by Captain Harby of the brig *Cherub*, as a present to Captain Wheatley of the ship *Elutheria*, of London, in acknowledgement of his prompt, friendly and seamlike assistance at the time the accident occurred to the *Cherub*, when lying alongside Capt. Wheatley's ship, in the sudden gale of last Wednesday morning. The box bears an appropriated inscription.—(Ibid.)

Friday night an attempt was made to rob the premises of Messrs. R. F. Maitland & Co. In the day there had been an auction, and some of the goods were left in the yard attached to the premises, under charge of two men who were both armed. Some fellows came in a boat up to Mr. Atkinson's dock and were presently heard by those on watch who saw one man come over the gate from the dock, and carefully walk round the yard, when imagining all was quiet and the coast clear he deliberately unlocked the gate, and was walking off with a cask of glassware, one of the watchmen, who being concealed were unobserved by the thief, called out to him, and as he ran off fired at him, with a pistol, it is supposed the shot took effect as the man instantly dropped the cask and fell crying out "oh! mon Dieu, je suis blessé!" He however regained his legs and got into the boat to his companions, who pulled away before any attempt could be made to stop them. The party is supposed to have consisted of at least four—the boat was painted black.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

TIDE TABLE.  
From the 16th to the 22d June, 1835.

Days.	High Water.	Low Water.	Estimates.
Tuesday	10h 57m	10h 57m	
Wednesday	11h 56m	10h 57m	
Thursday	12h 55m	10h 57m	
Friday	13h 54m	10h 57m	
Saturday	14h 53m	10h 57m	
Sunday	15h 52m	10h 57m	
Monday	16h 51m	10h 57m	
Tuesday	17h 50m	10h 57m	
Wednesday	18h 49m	10h 57m	
Thursday	19h 48m	10h 57m	
Friday	20h 47m	10h 57m	
Saturday	21h 46m	10h 57m	
Sunday	22h 45m	10h 57m	

CLEARED: June 8th.

Henry, Jobling, Belfast, Pemberton Brothers.  
Aunt, Bay, Belfast, Wm. P. G. & Co.  
Fleming, McCarthy, Wexford, Lemesurier & Co.  
Argus, R. H. G. P. M. G. & Co.  
Boswell, Taylor, Falmouth, J. S. Campbell.  
Jencks, Cunningham, Greenock, Rodger, Dean & Co.  
Horne, Maxwell, Liverpool, George Black.  
Indian, Robertson, do. W. Sharples & son.  
Glasgow, Gray, Port-Glasgow, Gilmour & Co.  
Eden, Harvey, Belfast, do.  
Dow Den, Wade, Pictou, do.  
Gangs, Crawford, Port-Glasgow, do.

10th.

Unif. Smith, Halifax, H. Stephens.  
Clio, Dobson, Bridgewater, T. Curry.  
Rankin, Mitchell, Port-Glasgow, Gilmour & Co.  
Ewing, McArthur, do. do.  
Springhill, Auld, Dublin, Rodger, Dean & Co.  
Calypso, Ludlow, Dartmouth, A. Kinross & Co.

12th.

brig Home, Cowell, Limerick, Pemberton.  
brig Panama, Stevens, Dublin, T. Ryan.  
brig New Edge, Milroy, Weymouth, Gilmour & Co.  
brig Percilla, Cleverley, Limerick, W. Price & Co.  
brig Thornton, Mitchell, Portaferry, do.  
brig Tron, Clark, Shoreham, Lemesurier & Co.  
brig Isabella, Donaldson, Dundee, Gilmour & Co.  
brig Ann, Key, Newport, W. Price & Co.  
brig Minerva, Gowland, Liverpool, Symes & Ross.  
brig Reaper, Rowe, Poole, Pemberton.  
brig Elizabeth & Ann, Wright, Cork, Gilmour & Co.  
brig Douglas, Scott, London, Gillespie, Finlay & Co.

15th.

brig Caroline, Daniels, St. Ives, Lemesurier & Co.  
brig Collector, Lecks, Shelburne, Murison & Co.  
brig Thames, Adams, Port-Glasgow, Rodger, Dean & Co.  
brig Phoenix, Caldwell, Miramichi and Pictou, do.  
brig Welford, Pearce, Bristol, Lemesurier & Co.  
brig Bolivar, Richards, Plymouth, do.  
brig Edort, Davies, Cardigan, Pemberton.  
brig Briton, Lightfoot, Gloucester, C. E. Levey & Co.  
brig Martha, Belanger, Halifax, P. D. Burnet.  
brig Louisa Ann, Faulkner, St. Johns, (N. B.) R. Pennington.

brig Bellisle, Sutherland, Chester, Lemesurier & Co.  
brig Esther, Hill, Liverpool, Gilmour & Co.  
brig Margaret, Smith, Dundalk, Pemberton.  
brig Jupiter, Blair, Cork, R. McLellan.  
brig Panmure, Young, Ayr, Gilmour & Co.  
brig Clyde, Brown, Liverpool, W. Sharples & son.  
brig Quaker, Baxter, Port-Glasgow, Gilmour & Co.  
brig Caroline, Greig, London, W. Price & Co.  
brig Lloyds, Blundford, Poole, W. Price & Co.  
brig Prince Leopold, Richardson, Liverpool, W. Sharples & son.

brig Bowes, Johnston, Warkington, Symes & Ross.  
brig Elutheria, Wheatley, London, Patton & Co.  
brig Ross, Wokes, Hull, Symes & Ross.  
brig Princess Royal, Jones, Acharat & Halifax, Aylwin & Noad.  
brig Tom Bowline, Hunter, Berwick, Gilmour & Co.  
brig John Thomas, Patterson, Belfast, do.  
brig Bacheor, Caldwell, St. Johns, (N. F.) H. Dubord.

ARRIVED:  
June 12th.  
brig Hannah, Earle 13th April Kirkaldy, Montreal, general cargo, 41 settlers.  
brig Triton, Kighley, 10th do. Hull, Montreal, general cargo, 41 settlers.  
brig William, Madden, 25th April Jamaica-Gillespie & Co. rum and sugar.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Twelve to fifteen outward bound ships dropped down this forenoon with the ebb. One of them was forced to bring up at the Island of Orleans, having drifted into the channel north of the Island. This afternoon the wind is light at S. W.

The telegraph only reports four sail at the station. The *Atlas*, Nichols, from Newcastle, at Montreal in tow of Estamer.

The steamer *St. George* brought down the brig *Prata* from Montreal on Saturday evening. She left this afternoon for Montreal, with the bark *Triton* in tow.

A schooner of about 60 tons, bound to Quebec, was spoken with by the *Clifford*, Wayne, arrived at Boston on the 26th May, in lat. 56, N. long. 64, W. on the 18th May, then out 22 days from Trinidad—had no light or tender-board on board and had passed 14 days without fire or light. The *Clifford* supplied her with a light, tinder-box and matches, and gave her the longitude.

The *Clathra*, Thompson, from Glasgow for Montreal, went ashore on the Long-rock Battery water, on the 26th April—crew saved.

Hence at Halifax before the 27th ult.—schr. *Joha*, Victoria, *Sic Anne*, *Nancy*, *Maria* & *Margaret*.  
Miramichi, June 2nd.—On the 26th May, the bark *Dorchester*, Foster, of Newcastle, bound to this port, struck a piece of ice, off Cape North, (Cape Breton), and immediately foundered. The crew was picked up by the *Dorothy*, Paul, of South Shields bound to Quebec, and the master, mate, and seven of the crew, were on the same evening put on board the *Ajiz*, Story, for Miramichi.

The brig *John & Mary*, of London, was lost in the ice between St. Paul's and Cape Breton. The crew were taken off by the *Ajiz*, bound to Quebec, and two of them put on board the bark *Esper*, arrived at Harbour, Capt. Ayres, reports having seen upwards of one hundred vessels in the ice about the same place.

MARRIED.

At the English Cathedral, on Saturday evening last, by the Venable Archdeacon Mountain, C. S. Bourne, Esq., to Miss Mary Jane, daughter of Wm. Cowan, Esq.  
At St. Nicholas, on Monday last, Magloire Teit, Esq., of St. Thomas, to Miss Eleanor Guay, of the former place.

DIED.

At Sabrevois, (Mississkoui) 4th inst. Mrs. Freeman Tree, of consumption.  
At Bolton, 28th ult. Mr. Alexander Thompson, aged 88, one of the first settlers and most substantial farmers of that Township.

QUEBEC FIRE OFFICE, 13th June, 1835.

Director for the ensuing week:—  
HONORABLE JOHN STEWART.

JUST received and for Sale by NELSON & COWAN—

Journal of Francis Anne Butler  
Life of Talleyrand  
Answer to Six Months in a Convent by the Lady Superior.  
8th June, 1835.

PUBLIC MEETING will be held, by permission in the Chamber of the Court of Appeals, on TUESDAY next, the 16th inst., in order to the regular establishment, in this District, of a BRANCH of the SOCIETY formed under the auspices of the Church of England, for converting and civilizing Indians, and propagating the Gospel in DESERTED SETTLEMENTS, the latter being the local object immediately proposed to the contemplation of the Meeting, and the duty being comprehended of appointing clerical Administrators at the QUARTERLY MEETING.

The Chair will be taken by the Lord Bishop of Quebec, precisely at TWO o'clock.  
G. J. MOUNTAIN, Acting Sec'y.

QUEBEC LIBRARY.

NOTICE.—No Books will be issued at the Quebec Library from Wednesday, the 3rd inst., until Monday, the 22nd, when it will be re-opened (with the addition of many useful and entertaining publications) at the Old Post Office, Upper-Town.  
By order of the Trustees,  
F. H. ANDREWS, Librarian.

QUEBEC MEDICAL BOARD.

Hotel Dieu, 2d June, 1835.  
Members of this Quarterly Meeting of the Association of Graduates for the examination of Candidates for the study and practice of Physic, on MONDAY, the 6th day of July next, at Two o'clock, P. M.  
J. Z. NAULT, Secretary.

MANHAM & BOURNE have for Sale:—

Brandy, Gin, Wines,  
Liverpool and Montreal Soap & Candles,  
Mustard  
Paints of all colours.—Window Glass,  
Post, Put and Wrapping Papers, &c. &c.  
Quebec, 15th June, 1835.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Pot and Pearl Ashes, Paint, Dry Goods, &c.—By J. M. FRASER & Co. at their Stores on TUESDAY, 16th inst. at ONE o'clock, for account of the underwriters or others concerned.

20 TWENTY Barrels Pot and Pearl Ashes, landed in a damaged state from on board the *Cherub*, Harby, Master, bound for London.  
—ALSO—  
1 hhd. Curry Combs—50 kegs black Paint,  
100 boxes Glass, 6 1/2 x 7 1/2 & 8 1/2 x 9 1/2  
4 do. Hough Plate Glass  
Blistered Steel, Hamble & Coddines,  
—After which—  
A general assortment of Dry Goods.  
Quebec, 15th June, 1835.

Dry Goods.—By MANHAM & BOURNE, at their Stores on WEDNESDAY next, the 17th inst. at ONE o'clock precisely.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.

Geneva, Irish Whiskey, Window Glass, &c.—By PETER SHEPPARD, at his Stores, St. James' Street, on WEDNESDAY next, at ONE o'clock.

THREE Pipes, }  
4 Hogsheads, } Window Glass,  
5 Boxes, }  
10 Half-Boxes, }  
15 Hogsheads, } White Wine Vinegar,  
30 qr. Casks, }  
50 Boxes Tin, I. C. and I. X.  
40 do. Raisins,  
5 Cases Champagne  
4 do. containing 1 doz. each, very superior  
Irish Whiskey,  
25 boxes English Soap,  
25 do. Canadian do.  
20 Coils Staple Cordage.  
Quebec, 15th June, 1835.

Earthenware, Paints, Window Glass, &c.—By J. M. FRASER & Co. at the Stores of Messrs. C. E. Levey & Co. St. James' Street, on FRIDAY, 19th inst., at ONE o'clock.

TEN Crates assorted Earthenware,

100 Kegs White Paint,  
25 do. Black do.  
25 Hns Green and Blue  
5 cases Patent Yellow in Pots,  
30 boxes I. C. Tin,  
8 bundles Blistered Steel,  
5 tons Hoop Iron assorted,  
50 boxes, 100 half boxes, Window Glass  
50 bags Black Pepper, 25 cases Prunes  
100 bolts bleached & brown Patent Sail Cloth  
8 hhd. 2 qr. casks East India Madeira.  
Also, to close consignments,  
1 do. Beaver and Staff Hats,  
20 cases Assorted Gold eye Needles.

An elegant assortment of superior Oil Cloths for dining Rooms and Passages, will be cut to accommodate purchasers.  
An elegant set double plated Side Dishes, Silver Handles and Edges, Waiters, Bread Basket and Cruet to match.  
4 casks Beads, for Indians.  
Quebec, 15th June, 1835.

LOST OR STOLEN.

A SIX-OARED Clinker-built BOAT, 23 1/2 feet long, painted outside, white bottom, and black sides, with a red streak; and inside, lead colour, with green above the thwart.—Being marked, "Clyde, Liverpool," outside the stern, and "Joseph Brown" inside.  
Whoever will give such information as will lead to the recovery of the same, will be handsomely rewarded on application to  
WILLIAM SHARPLES & Son,  
McCallum's Wharf,  
Quebec, 15 June, 1835.

FOR SALE, by the Subscriber, at No. 12, St. Ursule Street, Upper-Town, FLOUR, BRAN, AND OATS.  
ALEX. MILLER.  
Quebec, 12th May, 1835.

NOTICE.—The Undersigned having this day been named by the Court of King's Bench in Canada to the vacant Estate of the late JACQUES BARRISTE MARTINICHO, formerly Merchant of Quebec, now deceased, informs those persons indebted to the said Estate that he will require the immediate payment into his hands of all that they may owe. He requests, at the same time, that those who have claims against the Estate to forward to him their Accounts duly attested.  
G. D. BALZARETTI,  
Curator.  
Quebec, 12th June, 1835.

THE SUBSCRIBER has rented the commodious and central WHARF and STORE situated at the end of St. James-street, belonging to Henry Atkinson, Esq., where he is prepared to receive consignments and transact business as General Agent and Commission Merchant. Also, to accommodate vessels and furnish storage on favourable terms. The Store from its construction is well adapted for grain, fruit, flour, &c.  
May 24th, 1835.  
W. TREMAIN.

FOR SALE.—Double boiled and Raw Linseed Oil in Casks, from 30 to 70 Gallons.  
JOHN GRANGER,  
South-an-Matelot Street.  
6th June, 1835.

FOR SALE.—Just received, on Brunet's Wharf, 20 Chests BOHEA TEA.  
DAVID VASS & Co.

UNCLAIMED GOODS:—  
Addressed  
Col. Delatre,  
Drummondville,  
Upper Canada.  
One Cask Glass, shipped by William Windgate, of Liverpool.  
No mark. One Roll Sheet Lead.  
The above mentioned goods landed from the Bark *Catalpa*, Ross, D. Morton, master, from Liverpool, have been sent to the King's Store, and unless claimed within the specified period will be sold according to the Act.  
HENRY W. WELCH,  
Hunt's Wharf,  
10th June, 1835.

FOR sale by the Subscriber, 14, Sault-au-Matelot Street,  
10-4 bleached Sheetings, Diapers, Sail Ducks,  
Best London Hard Soap,  
do. do. Mould Candles 6's and 8's,  
Spanish Brown, Black and Yellow Paints in 23 lb Kegs,  
English Sole Leather and Shoe Hemp.  
HENRY BURSTALL.  
Quebec 6th June, 1835.

EARTHENWARE.—20 crates, chiefly landed ex *Sir Howard Douglas*, on sale at Messrs. COCHRANE & Co's. Stores, 45 St. Paul Street.  
1st June, 1835.

WHITE PAINT.—JUST RECEIVED, per *Bruswick*, a large supply of 1st and 2nd qualities.  
CHARLES E. LEVEY & CO.  
Leaycraft's Buildings, St. James Street,  
May, 28th 1835.

DAILY EXPECTED TO ARRIVE BY SEA.  
25 TIERCES Fresh Beat Carolina RICE,  
AND  
50 Kegs and Boxes Choice Plug, Ladies' Twist, and Cavendish TOBACCO  
DAVID VASS & CO.

RECEIVING  
AT BUTEAU'S WHARF, CUL-DE-SAC,  
TWENTY-FIVE BOXES ORANGES, in Prime order.  
DAVID VASS & CO.

SHIP BREAD.  
THE Subscriber having leased the BAKE HOUSE in Montreal, lately occupied by Mr. Naham Hall, respectfully intimates to Merchants, Ship Masters and others, that he is not directly nor indirectly connected with Mr. Abel Thompson, Ship Bread Baker, late of this City.—The superior quality of the article now manufactured at this establishment, he hopes, on inspection, will be found worthy of patronage.  
26, St. Peter Street, Quebec 1835. E. B. HALL.

SHIP BISCUIT.  
MRS. WIDOW GLASS respectfully informs the friends and customers of her late husband, that she has for sale a supply of all the usual varieties of SEA BISCUIT, WATER BISCUIT, and CRACKERS, cheap for cash or approved credit.  
19, Champlain Street, Quebec, 1st May, 1835.

PETER ALLARD, No. 8, KING STREET, ST. ROCH, BISCUIT BAKER, will have constantly on hand SHIP BISCUIT, CABIN, PILOT, NAVY and WATER BISCUIT, CRACKERS, &c. Also, FASHION BISCUITS at the lowest prices.  
Quebec, 8th April, 1835.

JUST ARRIVED FROM ENGLAND, per Ship *Harmony*, a fine assortment of BLACKBIRDS, PINCHES, LARKS, and LINNETS, in full song, which may be seen on board, at Fraser's Wharf, Quebec 12th June, 1835.

TO THE LADIES.  
JUST received and for sale, at No. 3, Mountain Street, GARZE, CRAPE and CHINTZ HANDKERCHIEFS in great variety, at reduced prices.—  
Quebec, 5th June, 1835.

FOR SALE.  
A VERY SUPERIOR TOBACCO CUTTING MACHINE, constructed upon a recently improved plan, with Press and Strapping Plates complete, and in excellent order.—For further particulars apply to  
WM. PATERSON,  
St. Nicholas Street,  
10th June, 1835.

NOW RECEIVING ON BUTEAU'S WHARF  
Cul-de-sac, and for sale:—  
50 Small packages of choice Butter  
100 Boxes Candles  
100 do. Soap  
20 Chests Hyson Skin Tea  
5 Chests Young Hyson do.  
1 Case, containing Cannisters Hyson do.  
20 Chests Bohia do.  
D. VASS & Co.  
Quebec, 15th May, 1835.

FOR SALE BY ATKINSON, USBORNE & CO:—  
10,000 pieces 2 1/2 inch Pine Deals, brought down last year, and laying at Cap Rouge  
NEWCASTLE & SUNDERLAND COALS.—  
JUST ARRIVED, and for Sale by the Subscribers, Newcastle and Sunderland Grate Coals, now landing, and will be delivered seaward. Also—a cargo of superior Smith Coal.  
JAS. HAMILTON & CO.

FOR SALE.  
THE Subscriber offers for Sale TWENTY CASES of Best FRENCH WINES, just received:—  
Vin d'Hermitage, blanc et rouge  
Vin Cote Rotie, do do  
Vin de St. Peray, blanc, grand moussoux et non-moussoux.  
The whole warranted to be of the very best qualities ever imported in this country.  
G. D. BALZARETTI,  
Palace-Street, No. 9.  
8th June, 1835.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.  
SUPERFINE, Fine, and Middling FLOUR,  
LIVERPOOL SALT,  
Newcastle and Sunderland Coals,  
Bricks and Wine Bottles.  
JAS. HAMILTON & CO.

SALT FOR SALE.—10,000 minots Salt, deliverable afloat or from the wharf. Apply to  
JAMES HAMILTON & CO.  
27th May, 1835.

OFFICE OF HIS MAJESTY'S CHIEF AGENT FOR THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF EMIGRANTS IN UPPER AND LOWER CANADA.

Quebec, June 11th, 1835.  
If any of the Emigrants whose names are subjoined, and who arrived here on the 15th May last, per ship SEVERN, Captain Brown, from Bristol, and who may not as yet have proceeded to Upper Canada, to which Province they were destined, will apply at this office, (if by letter with proper vouchers of identity and postage free, they will be paid such sums of money as have been received from England for their benefit, agreeable to a statement transmitted by Mr. Jno. Irving, of Bristol, to Captain Brown, of the Ship SEVERN, but which money was not received at Quebec, until after the Emigrants entitled to receive the same, had proceeded to Montreal, on their way to Upper Canada.

Such of the Emigrants as are in Upper Canada, or who may be on their way thither, are desired to apply to A. B. HAWKES, Esquire, the King's Agent for Emigrants at Toronto, to whom the Chief Agent will transmit immediately a list of the names and amount to be paid to each head of family.  
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.  
Names of Emigrants referred to in the preceding notice:  
J. Thomas, and family.  
Bernard Sessers,  
Jas. Greenleaf, or Greenway,  
Jno. Keop,  
D. Mitchell and family,  
Francis Gibson & family,  
N. Peacock,  
Jno. Ching,  
N. Belcher,  
Wm. Ching,  
Thos. Felcher,  
G. Mailein,  
K. Kelly.  
N. B.—All applications after the 16th instant must be made to the Government Agent at Toronto, Upper Canada.

NOTICE.  
The undersigned having a right in common to the property of her late husband Joseph Pacaud, Esquire, in his life time Merchant of Three Rivers, and being also Tutrix duly elected by law to her minor children hereby gives public notice, and more particularly to those indebted to her late husband with whom she has commune en biens, as well as to those indebted personally to herself, to make payment to herself only and not to others unless they exhibit a proper authority signed by herself, under penalty of paying twice.  
ANGELIQUE B. PACAUD.  
Three Rivers, 2nd June, 1835.

NOTICE.—The subscriber having been duly appointed Trustee to the Estate of John McPhee, late Grocer, in St. Paul street, to collect and receive all monies due and owing to the said Estate.—All persons indebted to the same are hereby notified that if payment be not made immediately to the undersigned, that their accounts will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.  
JOHN FISHER,  
Lower Town Market Place.  
8th June, 1835.

A YOUNG Gentleman may, on application to the office of the Gazette, 14, Mountain-street, hear of BOOKING in a Canadian family.  
4th June 1835.

LOST, between Saturday and Sunday last, a LETTER OF CREDIT, payable by Jonas Loyd & Co. of London, and drawn by the Aberdeen Town and County Bank for £15 sterling. Any person who may have found the same during the continuance of Messrs. GILMOUR & Co. at the Cove, will be suitably rewarded.  
8th June, 1835.

BRITISH COFFEE HOUSE,  
ST. ANGELO STREET, UPPER TOWN.  
THE Subscriber begs to return his grateful thanks for the very distinguished and liberal patronage that he has received since he opened the above establishment, and to announce that the alterations in his house and Billiard Room being now complete, he is ready to receive company as heretofore. Every attention has been paid to render the whole comfortable.  
N. B. A few gentlemen would find this establishment a desirable residence for Board and Lodging.  
A. W. BROWN.  
Quebec, 10th June, 1835.

NOTICE.  
THE QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY having reason to believe that in many cases alterations are made in the premises insured by the Company, without due notice thereof being given to the office, and endorsed on the policy according to the stipulations to call the attention of all persons who have insured, or shall hereafter insure their property with the Company, to the following express condition of their policies, viz:—  
"That if at any time during the continuance of this Policy there should happen any such change or alteration in the description, situation or circumstances of the buildings or property hereby insured, as (according to the true intent and meaning of this Policy) the insured was bound to declare at the time of effecting insurance thereon at this office, if the same had then existed; such change or alteration shall forthwith be declared and made known at this office by the insured, and shall be, (by the Secretary of this Company or his Deputy) endorsed on his policy, on pain of nullity thereof.—And it is expressly declared and understood that on receiving information of any such change or alteration from or on the part of the insured, this Company shall be at liberty to discontinue the Policy, unless it shall otherwise be agreed between them and the office as aforesaid."  
And they hereby give notice, that they will strictly adhere to this and all other conditions of their Policies, and will consider them as null in all cases where such alterations have been made in the premises insured, without being duly notified to the Company, and endorsed on the policy.  
By order,  
Wm. HENDERSON,  
Secretary.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.  
THE firm of HOLCOMB & LATHAM is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—The business will in future be continued by R. LATHAM, individually, who will pay all demands against HOLCOMB & LATHAM, and is authorised to collect all debts due to them.  
S. F. HOLCOMB,  
R. LATHAM.  
Quebec, 15th May, 1835.  
R. LATHAM is authorised to collect all Debts due the undersigned.  
Quebec, 15th May, 1835.

R. LATHAM offers for Sale the following Articles, at the Store formerly occupied by HOLCOMB & LATHAM, situated at the corner of St. Paul and St. Peter Streets:—  
2000 barrels Sup., Fine and Mid. Flour  
600 do. Sour do.  
150 do. Mess, Prime Mess and Prime Pork  
80 kegs Butter  
60 do. Lard  
70 boxes Candles  
50 barrels Peas.  
ALSO,  
Leaf Tobacco, Bread in bags, Hops, Boston Crackers, Tongues, in kegs and half barrels; Hams, Corn Brooms, &c. &c.  
Quebec, 15th May, 1835.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Estate of the late William Finlay, Esquire, in his life time of Quebec, merchant, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned at his office, No. 16, St. Louis-street, and those who may have claims against the said Estate are requested to present their accounts duly attested.  
R. H. GAIRDNER,  
Sole Executor.  
Quebec, 15th March, 1835.

STATIONARY, &c.  
THE Subscribers have just received F. CHERRUB, from London, their Spring supply of Stationary, consisting of:—  
Superfine Letter, Note, Foolscap and Post Papers, plain and gilt.  
Demy, Medium and Royal, plain and feint lined.  
Cartridge and Blotting Paper.  
Quills, Pencils, Steel Pens, red and black Ink and Ink Powder, and a variety of other articles of Stationary.  
—ALSO—  
Ledgers, Journals, Cash, Letter and Bill Books, in fine and common binding.  
NEILSON & COWAN.  
Quebec, 22nd May, 1835.

JUST received and for sale by NELSON & COWAN, 14, Mountain Street:—  
A Map of the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, with a Table of Distances to the Eastern Townships and Upper Canada.  
22nd May, 1835.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER TO KINGSTON JAMAICA.

THE fast sailing Bark OSPRAY, daily expected, and will have immediate despatch Apply to H. PENNISON, Agent, India Wharf, 15th June, 1835.

FOR HALIFAX.  
THE Brigantine RED-BREAST, Lovitt, Master, has room for three hundred Barrels.—Apply to  
AYLWIN & NOAD,  
Quebec, 15th June, 1835.

FOR CHARTER.  
THE Register, will accept of a Charter to the West Indies, if early application be made to  
P. & D. BURNET.  
Quebec, 12th June, 1835.

PASSAGE TO DUBLIN.  
THE fine coppered and copper fastened Bark THE FRIENDS, 324 tons register, James Duncan, Master, has very superior accommodations for Passengers, her cabin having been lately much improved; she will sail about 25th inst.—Apply to Captain Duncan, on board, in Diamond Harbour, or to  
THOMAS RYAN,  
Commercial Buildings,  
Quebec, 11th June, 1835.

PASSAGE TO BRISTOL.  
THE fine fast sailing ship DOCHFOUR, her accommodations are very superior, will be ready to sail about the 25th inst.—Application to be made to Capt. JOHNS, on board, at the India Wharf.  
Quebec, 10th June, 1835.

PASSAGE TO GREENOCK.  
THE fine fast sailing coppered and copper fastened A. I. BRIG ISABELLA, DANIEL MILLER, Master, has very superior accommodations for a few Cabin Passengers, and will sail for the above port about the 24th instant.—For particulars, apply to the Captain, on board, at the Queen's Wharf, or to  
E. BAIRD,  
St. Peter Street,  
Quebec, 12th June, 1835.

PASSAGE TO BELFAST.  
THE A. I. Ships JOHN & ROBERT 501 tons register, Captain M'KEON, and CATHERINE, 448 tons register, Captain LONGMUIR, have excellent accommodations for cabin and steering passengers, and will both sail for the above port about the 15th instant.—For passage apply to the Captains, on board the vessels, now lying at Price's Wharf, or hereto  
P. & D. BURNET,  
Commercial Chambers,  
Quebec, 14th June, 1835.

FREIGHT TO BELFAST.  
THE fine ship coppered and copper fastened Ship *Catherine*, 448 tons register, will be ready to receive freight for the above port, if early application be made to Capt. Long

FOR SALE on BUREAU'S WHARF, Cul-de-Sac. 100 Bales Virginia Leaf Tobacco, 10 Hds U. C. do. 100 Kegs Plug Tobacco, 75 Hair Keads do. 20 Bags Coffee, 5 Bales Mocha do. 6 Kegs Indigo, 5 Pipes Hamburgh Gin, 5 Puncheons Whiskey, 20,000 Havana Cigars, 75 Bags Rice, 50 Bags Pepper.

—ALSO— Peik, Beef, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Oats and Peas. D VASS & Co.

FOR SALE. 1,400 PAIRS Moccasins, Boots and Shoes, and 200 sides Harness Leather. The Moccasins are made of the best materials, and will be sold cheap. CANADA TANNERY. OSLOREN L. RICHARDSON. 24th April, 1855.

DEMERRARA RUM. THE Subscribers are now landing from on board the *Alexander*, from Demerara, 60 puncheons superior flavoured RUM, 1 to 4.

—ALSO— From on board brig *Wellington*, from Newcastle, 251 boxes WINDOW GLASS, 18 x 12, 14 x 10, 12 x 10, 10 x 8, 9 x 7, 9 1/2 x 8, 8 1/2 x 7, 8 x 6, 7 1/2 x 6 1/2. Also, expected daily on consignment from New York 100 barrels Tar, 100 ditto Pitch, Champagne in Baskets, A choice lot of Claret.

Chateau Margeaux } 1st growth 1825. Latour } Lafitte } Haut Brion } Leoville } L'rose } Mouton } Rauzau } Chateau Langoa } Pichon } Ducru } Calieu } } 2nd growth 1825. Chateau Beycheville } Bataillon } St. Pierre } D'Aux } } 3rd growth, 1825. Chateau Beycheville } Bataillon } St. Pierre } D'Aux } } 4th growth, 1825.

CHARLES E. LEVEY Co. Quebec, 8th June, 1855.

THE Subscribers offer for Sale— 25 casks St. Petersburg Yellow Candle Tallow. 500 Boxes best Liverpool Soap. 500 Ditto Window Glass, assorted sizes. 110 Casks Nails and Spikes. 10 Bales Osnaburghs. 8 Do. Dundee Sheetings, bleached and brown. 15 Do. bleached and brown Canvas. 10 Do. Lines and T'wines, assorted. —ALSO— An assortment of Patent Cordage, Spun-yarn, White Rope, &c. &c. J. M. FRASER & Co. Quebec, 25th May, 1855.

FOR SALE by the Subscriber, —10,000, 12 x 9 x 3 Bright Spruce Deals, first and second qualities. 2,000, 12 x 9 x 5 Red Pine Deals second quality. 2,000, 8 x 9 x 5 Ditto. Hemlock Lathwood. 10,000 Pine Boards. JAMES B. EDIE. St. Paul Street, Quebec, 18th May 1855.

LANDING ON ATKINSON'S WHARF, ex Brig *Alexander*, Winn, Master, from Demerara. Rum in Puns and Hds. part proof 19°. —IN STORE— Very superior Pale Seal Oil in Barrels. MURISON & TOBIN. Levecraft's Buildings, 8th June 1855.

COALS FOR SALE.—Just landed on Goudie's Wharf, 150 chaldrons superior NEWCASTLE GRATE COALS, very large, double screened, for family use. 50 chaldrons Blacksmith's ditto. —ALSO— 8000 best building ENGLISH BRICKS, at low prices. Apply to EDWARD CARREL, Goudie's Wharf. 5th June, 1855.

THE Subscribers offer for sale:— 100 Brls. Prime Pork, 200 do. Prime Mess do. 20 Kegs U. C. Butter, 40 Brls. superior Lard, 40 Bales Virginia Leaf Tobacco, 1 Case superior Cigars (Brown's brand), 100 Boxes Montreal Soap, Sicilian Red Wine, Montreal Whiskey, Bunch Muscatel Raisins, Oatmeal, Pot Bay, &c. —ALSO— Expected daily from New-York, 100 Barrels Rosin, 100 do. Pitch, 50 do. Tar, 40 Tierces new Rice. TORRANCE & YOUNG. Quebec, 4th June, 1855.

THE Subscribers offer for Sale—the cargoes of the Schooners *Moose* and *William*, from Grenada and Halifax, consisting of:— Demerara and L. I. Rum, in pun, hds. and qr. casks. Do. Molasses in do. do. do. Bright Muscovado Sugar, and Fish Oil—now landing on the East India and Atkinson's Wharves. J. W. LEYCRAFT, DUNSCOMB & Co. Quebec, 29th May, 1855.

FOR SALE.—8 hds. 2 qr. casks of the very best Madeira Wine, just received by *Eluthera*, from London. —ALSO— 2 half quarter casks of real Red Constantia Wine; an article perhaps never imported into this market before, and which sells in London at £1 per bottle. 75 cases real Holland Gin. 50 baskets Champagne, 1 dozen each. G. D. BALZARETTI, No. 29, Palace Street. 9th May, 1855.

SALT FLOAT. JUST received, 250 tons best Liverpool Salt, & British Merchant, and for sale by CHARLES E. LEVEY & Co. —ALSO— Landing from on board the *Captain Ross*, an assortment best Canada Rose Nails. Levecraft's Buildings, St. James Street 5th June, 1855.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:— Pitch, Rosin, Spirits of Turpentine, Cordage, Oakum, Varnish, Corn-brims, Corks, Candles, Irish Pork, Prime and Prime Mess Beef, Pease, Cognac Brandy, in pipes and hds. Holland Gin in do. and cases, Muscovado Sugar, Sherry, Madeira and Port Wine. RODGER, DEAN & Co. 25th March, 1855.

FOR SALE, 60 Puncheons Jamaica Rum, most part of which has been received lately from Liverpool, and is of superior quality. 25 Puncheons Demerara Rum, just landing; strong, Jamaica Sugar in hds., tierces and barrels. Holland Gin in do. and cases, and quarter casks, Pinnetto; Salmon T'wine; Red Oak Staves, dressed. D. FRASER. Champlain-street, 25th May, 1855.

ADVERTISEMENTS. THE MOST SPLENDID COLLECTION of Foreign Books on Law, Literature, the Classics and Religion, ever imported into this country, is now on view and offered for sale by the Subscriber. J. C. REIFFENSTEIN. Quebec, 1st June, 1855.

CLERK'S OFFICE, HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY. Q. Beech, 17th April, 1855. THE Clerk of the House of Assembly will receive Tenders until the opening of the next Session, for the Printing of the Journal, Appendix, Bills and other work for the House of Assembly; the said work will be given to the person or persons who shall make the lowest and most advantageous Tenders in one or more Contracts; but each contract must be made for the whole of at least one of the articles mentioned below:— The said Tenders are to be made in the following form viz:—

JOURNAL. First 100. Second 100. Every Sheet printed on good Paper, in Pica, and same form as the Journals of the last years, plain work. Ditto ditto ditto ruled and figured work. Every printed Sheet of same form, materials and character as the Journal, plain work. Ditto ditto ruled and figured work. Ditto ditto in Small Pica, plain work. Ditto ditto ditto ruled and figured work. Ditto ditto in Long Primer, plain work. Ditto ditto ditto ruled and figured work. Ditto ditto in Brevier plain work. Ditto ditto ditto ruled and figured work.

BILLS. Every Sheet in the ordinary form, on good Paper in Pica. Reports of Committees. Communications from the Executive and other Departments which make part of the Journal or Appendix, of which the Printing may be ordered and done during the Session:— For 1000 M's. composition. For the Paper and Printing, per 100 Sheets. For the same work to be done during the recess, apart from the Journal or Appendix:— For 1000 M's. composition. For the Paper and Printing per 100 Sheets. For Letters, Circulars, Blanks and other Printing not included in the above classes:— For every page of 3000 M's of printing. N. B.—Samples of Paper must accompany the Tenders.

Wm. B. LINDSAY, Clk. Assy. The Editor of the Montreal Gazette is requested to insert the above notice until the opening of the ensuing Session. HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY. Quebec, 5th February, 1850. RESOLVED, That after the close of the present Session, before any Petition is presented to this House for leave to bring in a private Bill, whether for the erection of a Bridge or Bridge, for the regulation of a Common, for making of any Turnpike Road, or for granting to any individual or individuals any Exclusive Rights or Privileges whatsoever, or for the alteration or renewal of any Act of the Provincial Parliament, or the like purpose, notice of such application shall be given in the *Quebec Gazette* at least in one of the Newspapers of the District, if any is published therein; and also a notice affixed at the Church door of the Parishes that such application may affect, or in the most public place where there is no Church during two months at least, before such petition is presented.

RESOLVED, That hereafter this House will not receive any Petitions for private Bills after the first fifteen days of each Session. 22nd March, 1850. RESOLVED, That after the present Session, before any Petitions praying leave to bring in a private Bill for the erection of a Toll-Bridge, is presented to this House, the person or persons proposing to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed by the Rule of the third day of February, one thousand eight hundred and ten, also state at the same time, and in the same manner, give a notice, stating the Toll which they intend to ask, the extent of the privileges, the height of the Arches, the interval between the Abutments of Piers for the passage of Rafts and Vessels, and mentioning whether they purpose to erect a Draw-Bridge or not, and the dimensions of such Draw-Bridge. 4th March, 1854. RESOLVED, That any Petitioner for an exclusive Privilege, do deposit in the hands of the Clerk of this House a sum of twenty-five pounds, before the Bill for such exclusive privilege go to a second reading, towards paying part of the expense of the said private Bill, which sum shall be returned to the petitioners if they do not obtain the passage of the law. (Attest) Wm. B. LINDSAY, Clk. Assy.

The Printers of Gazettes and other Newspapers printed in this Province, are requested to insert the above in their respective papers in the language in which they are published, until the next meeting of the Legislature. NOTICE.—The business hitherto conducted by John Musson, will in future be carried on by the subscribers, under the firm of MUSSON & SAVAGE, who respectfully solicit a continuance of that distinguished patronage with which the establishment has hitherto been favored. J. MUSSON, ALFRED SAVAGE. Quebec, 10th March, 1855. NOTICE. MRS. PLEICH has removed her Registry Office for Servants from the corner of Palace Street to No. 19, St. John's Street, next door to Mr. LOUIS, Shoemaker. 11th May, 1855. THE Subscriber has removed his OFFICE to the premises in Sault-au-Matelot street, formerly occupied by Mr. R. METHLEY, where he intends continuing the business of COMMISSION MERCHANT, AUCTIONEER and BROKER. W. D. DUPONT. Quebec, 20th May, 1855. MESSRS. G. BROWNE & Co's. ARCHITECTURAL OFFICE. REMOVED to Mr. LEGARE's new buildings in Sainte Angèle street Upper Town. Quebec, 19th May, 1855. NOTICE. FLAVIEN DROLET, NOTARY PUBLIC, No. 7, Cul-de-Sac Street, opposite the LONDON COFFEE HOUSE. Quebec, 17th May, 1855. A CARD. R. DEVERRY begs to inform his friends and the Public that he has removed to No. 15, St. Joseph-street, opposite Mr. P. LANGLOIS. At the same time he takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks for the liberal encouragement he has been favoured with. N. B.—All orders punctually attended to on very moderate terms. THE subscriber has removed his establishment to the house lately occupied by Mr. F. X. MATHUR, where he will always have on hand one of the best assortments of Leather. Also, Plug Tobacco, Snuff, Pork, Lard, &c. &c. St. Eustache Segars. CHARLES F. PRATT, Corner of Mountain and Sault-au-Matelot Streets. Quebec, 2nd May, 1855. THE Undersigned has removed his Notaria Office to the house No. 3, St. Lewis Street next door to Mr. GUY's, near the Court House, and formerly occupied by Mr. GEORGE WELLS. LOUIS PANET, Notary. May, 1855. REMOVAL.—J. McKEE, SURGEON-DENTIST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed from Palace Street to the House No. 3, St. Anne Street, contiguous to Mr. HYO's, opposite the front of the Scotch Church. Quebec, May 8th, 1855.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers, Tenerife Wine, L. P. and Cargo, Pasley's Brand, in Pipes Hds and Quarter Casks Sicilian Red Wine, in ditto Port, Madeira, and Claret in cases Cognac Brandy, Old, Dupuis & Co's. brand Superior White Vinegar Brown Stout in wood Waterford Blue English and Montreal Starch North Country Feathers Sheathing Copper and Nails, and Copper Bolts Canvass assorted, Cordage and Oakum Black and Green Paint Pitch in barrels and firkins English Varnish Pale Seal Oil, in casks Patent Filters Newcastle Grate Coals An assortment of Patent Linen Threads Do. of Ribbons, Belts and Bands. W. M. PRICE & CO. Quebec, 29th May, 1855.

STORAGE. THE Subscriber offers STORAGE on the most reasonable terms, at his Stores on HUNT'S WHARF. PAUL LEPPER. May, 1855.

MONTREAL TYPE FOUNDRY. MR. T. GUERIN having arrived from New-York, with a complete set of MACHINERY necessary to the manufacturing of TYPES, all orders transmitted to his Agents MESSRS. LECLERC & JONES, Ami du Peuple Office, Montreal, will be executed with despatch and warranted equal to any imported Type.

PLAIN LETTER. Pica Antique shaded 1 25 Two Line Nonpareil 1 50 Meridian shaded 1 50 Double shaded 1 50 Two Line Brevier double 1 25 Nonpareil 0 90 ANTIQUE LETTER Nonpareil on Minion 1 25 Brevier Antique 1 00 Long Primer Antique 64 Minion 80 Pica Antique 56 Minion 80 Great Primer Antique 50 Minion on Brevier body 64 Double Pica Antique 44 Brevier 56 Antique 56 Brevier on Bourgeois 51 Five Line Italian Antique 50 Brevier on Long Primer 48 TITLED LETTERS. Bourgeois on Brevier body 51 Nonpareil, Title 1 44 Bourgeois 46 Minion, Title 1 00 Bourgeois on Long Primer body 45 Brevier, Title 1 00 Long Primer, Title 64 Long Primer on Small Pica body 59 Small Pica, Title 60 Small Pica on Pica 57 Minion Black 1 00 Small Pica on Pica 57 Brevier Black 1 00 Pica 56 Long Primer Black 64 Pica 56 Double Pica Black 50 English 56 Double Pica open Black 56 Columbian 54 Paragon 54 Double Small Pica 54 Double English 52 Double Great Primer 52 Nonpareil Greek 1 80 Double Paragon 50 Minion Greek 1 40 Canon 50 Brevier Greek 1 12 Five Line Pica 50 SOLID FRACTIONS. Nonpareil Fractions 70 Brevier Fractions 56 Pica Fractions 50 PIECE FRACTIONS. Bourgeois Fractions 2 00 Long Primer Fractions 1 40 Small Pica Fractions 1 16 Pica Fractions 50 FLOWERS. Pearl Flowers 1 40 Nonpareil Flowers 90 Minion Flowers 70 Brevier Flowers 56 Bourgeois Flowers 46 Two Line Pearl 64 Long Primer Flowers 40 Two Line Nonpareil 50 Small Pica Flowers 58 Two Line Minion 50 Pica and all larger 26 SHAIDED LETTERS. LEADS. Minion shaded 1 50 From six to ten to a pica. Brevier shaded 1 20 Two Line Pearl shaded 1 50 SPACE RULES. shaded 1 25 QUOTATIONS. Orders for Presses, Chases, &c. will be executed immediately and furnished at the New-York prices. Sorts to complete Fonts will be cast to order. Six months credit will be given for approved Notes, or seven and a half per cent. deduction for Cash. Montreal, May 18, 1855.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY For Sale by NEILSON & COWAN, No. 14 Mountain-street. Murray's Grammar, Exercises and Key Murray's First Book and Spelling Book Introduction Reader Sequel to Reader Goldsmith's History of Rome, Do. History of Greece Mangnall's Questions Blair's Reading Exercises Johnson's Pocket Dictionary Nugent's, Boyer's and Tarul's Dictionaries Levizac's Grammar Mavor's Spelling Book, Carpenter's do. Perrin's Syllabaire Francais Perrin's Vocabulary; or, French Conversations Goldsmith's Geography, Key to ditto Walker's Universal Atlas Ornee's Geography and Atlas, Malte-Brun's do Copy Signs and Multiplication Tables Blair's Class Book Talemachs, in English, Ditto in French Mylius's Class Book Recueil Choisi, by Woonstrocht Bonycastle's Mensuration, do. Algebra, do. Arithmetique Morrison's Arithmetic for young Ladies Joyce's Arithmetique Walkingam's Tutor's Assistant, Key to ditto Boyer's Grammar, Perrin's ditto. Perrin's Exercises Perrin's Spelling and Pronunciation Robinson's Grammar of History Irving's Elements of Composition Duncan's Logic ITALIAN AND SPANISH BOOKS Longfellow's Grammaire Italianae Revizout's Italian Grammar Sequel to the Italian Reader Italian Exercises Gattel's Spanish and English Dictionary LATIN AND GREEK BOOKS Ainsworth's Young's and Entick's Dictionaries Black's Dictionary of words derived from the Latin Robinson's Dictionary of Latin Phrases Schrevelin's Lexicon. Dawson's ditto Houle's Latin Terminations Greek Dialects Robinson's Greek Exercises Collettae Græca Majora Græca Inora Neilson's Greek Idioms, Ditto Greek Grammar Novum Testamentum, with maps STATIONERY, DRAWING MATERIALS, & FANCY ARTICLES Blank Books Receipt Books Index Books Memorandum Books Sealing Wax Ink, in bottles and in powder, red and black Inkstands, various sizes Quills, from 1s. 6d. to 28s. per 100 Crow Quills Paper Cutters Slates Office Paste and Tape. Slate and Lead Pencils Paper Weights Lead Pencils for Drawing, &c. &c. &c.

TO LET, FOR FIVE YEARS OR MORE.—1st.—That fine Stone House of 70 feet in length, by 35 in width, with attic, cellar 6 feet deep, 40 feet long, and 25 feet wide formerly used as a School at Masson House, situated on the first range of St. Anne de la Pocatiere, at a distance of about a mile from the Church and College, with the frame of a building 95 feet in length, containing a hay-loft, barn stable, pig-sty, sheep-fold, two coach-houses, and a poultry house; another barn of fifty feet in length, a bake-house, an ice-house, pigeon-house, &c. The whole situated on an elevated site, which in point of beauty is not inferior to that of the College of St. Anne, comprising five acres, eighty-eight perches, and fifty three feet superficially; besides which there is a kitchen garden, and another containing fruit trees, in which there is a well of never failing water; also a magnificent flower garden, delightfully surrounded with a wood fronting the fine river St. John, on which is constructed an excellent Saw-Mill, in good order, at a distance of about an acre from the house, forming part of the above mentioned lot. 2nd.—Another house of wood, thirty feet square, situated on the same range, with a commodious hangar of two stories high, and a good part of the adjoining territory, together with a water fall on the river, forming part of this lot, fit for the construction of a sawing or other mill, at a distance of 100 feet from the house. 3rd.—Another wooden house on the same range, with other buildings, and a spacious lot of ground attached, on which there is covered well, and other buildings. 4th.—Another wooden house on the same range, with other buildings, a good well, and a lot of ground. 5th.—An excellent Saw Mill, on the River St. John, near the Seigneurial Mill of the said Parish of St. Anne. All these buildings are in the best possible condition, mentioned distance from the Church and College. The situation is the most central of the Parish, and consequently the most advantageous for trade, and desirable for persons retiring to live in the country. The undersigned proprietor will allow the tenants pasture for two cows, and a horse for each lot on his grounds in the environs, if such be required. —AND ALSO— For sale or to let, the undivided half of a Saw Mill, situated on the above mentioned River, in the second range. For conditions apply to the undersigned proprietor, on the premises. St. Anne, 20th May, 1855. JOHN GOW SMITH.

TO LET, FOR THE SUMMER, being a desirable residence for a family wishing to reside in the country, during that portion of the year, a fine and commodious HOUSE, situated on the St. Foy Road, at a distance of four miles from town. For further particulars apply to, F. X. HAMEL on the spot. St. Foy, 4th June, 1855. Dr. CLARK.

NEW HOUSE, OR TO LET.—That large new House, and spacious ground, well stocked with the choicest fruit trees, with a stable and coach-house.—Situate in the Parish of St. Famille, Island of Orleans. The whole suitable for the country residence of a genteel family, or a sporting gentleman. Apply to Dr. CLARK. Island of Orleans, 1st May, 1855.

TO LET.—The HOUSE and commodious appurtenances, near the Parish Church of St. CHARLES, suitable for a family wishing to pass the summer in the country. Apply to J. CHABOT, Advocate, Quebec. 9th April, 1855.

TO LET, by the undersigned, SIX Offices in the "MERCHANTS' HALL," facing the Montreal Canal, (St. Peter Street) and St. James and Sault-au-Matelot Streets. Quebec, 21st April, 1855. FRS. BUTEAU.

TO BE LET.—The Dwelling House on the hill at New Liverpool, formerly occupied by George Hamilton, Esquire, and lately by the Rev. A. McVey, beautifully situated, with garden and grounds—rent moderate, and possession will be given on the 1st May.—Apply to Captain Jameson, at New Liverpool, or at Quebec to W. PRICE & Co. 16th April, 1855.

FOR SALE.—The new three story Building, erected during the last Summer on the Esplanade, and corner of St. Anne-street, presenting two sides, making together 80 feet of Frontage; of Carriage cut stone, laid and cemented in oil. This Building has been adapted in its construction to serve as a private Dwelling House, or to accommodate two or three Institutions or Public Societies, (independent of ample accommodation for the House-keeper.) The plan formed on the roof has been adapted for an Observatory, in the event of its being used as a Public Building. As much of the adjoining ground may be had with the House as may be agreed upon; as also one or the three small houses in the rear of same, if required. The purchase money may remain on the property for some years. The plans may be seen at Mr. HACKER's, the Architect. For terms apply to HENRY ATKINSON. Quebec, Decr. 25th, 1854.

TO LET, from the 1st May next.—Those spacious stands for business, Nos. 16 and 14 Bude Street, opposite the Roman Catholic Cathedral; and now occupied, the former by E. BARREROS, as a Glass and China Shop, and the latter by H. SCOTT & Co. as a Hardware Shop. Apply to HENRY D. SEWELL, 12th February, 1855. 52, St. Louis Street.

THE commodious HOUSE and dependencies, elegantly situated in Ste. Ursule street, No. 25. Enquire at No. 49, St. Lewis-street—2nd March, 1855.

TO LET; the HOUSE well known by the name of the GENERAL WOLFE, forming the corner of St. John and Palace Streets. Apply to the undersigned, Advocate. E. BACQUET, Quebec, 2d March. No. 11, Ste. Anne Street.

FOR SALE. ONE undivided third part of the Lake and Seigniorie of Madapagnia or Matapedia in the same. This Seigniorie is situated at a distance of about thirty miles from the St. Lawrence, in rear of the Seigniorie of Mitis, and consists of one league of land in depth all round the said Lake. The Seigniorie contains about Ninety Thousand superficial acres, exclusive of the Islands in the Lake, Application at Quebec, to be made to H. G. FORSYTH, or at Montreal to J. T. BADGLEY. Quebec, 26th November, 1853.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A Farm of ninety acres, situate a mile beyond St. Foy's Church—there are on the farm a large dwelling house delightfully situated; a large barn, stable and other out houses, a small farm-house and a dairy; all in good repair.—The above will be sold cheap. The dwelling house will be let separate for the summer months if required. Apply to Mrs. R. SEWELL.

TO LET.—With possession on the first of May next.—That old Establishment and desirably situated House, No. 18, St. John Street, Upper Town, Quebec, with an excellent Garden, Coach House, Stable, &c. attached. It was lately occupied by Mrs. Sillson as a Boarding House, and worthy the attention of any person entering that line. ALSO, THAT large and commodious House, No. 19, Palace Street,—it can be occupied either as one or two separate buildings. ALSO, A HOUSE suitable for a small family, situate in Ste. Heleine Street, nearly opposite St. Patrick's Church. ALSO, WOODSIDE FARM, about two miles from St. Foy's Church. It will be let reasonable for a term of years. Application to be made to W. M. WILSON, No. 18, St. John's Street. April, 1855.

TO LET.—The HOUSE occupied by the Undersigned, corner of BUADE and TARDON Streets, in the Upper Town. LOUIS PANET. Quebec, 9th April, 1855.

TO LET, and possession given immediately. TEAU'S WHARF, Cul-de-Sac. Apply to FRS BUTEAU. Quebec, 7th May, 1855.

TO BE LET, from the first day of May next, those extensive premises, wharves, occupied by Mr. PERRY, as a lumber yard, heretofore occupied by the premises known as L'Ance des Mores. For particulars apply to the proprietress, Mrs. AGNES MERRILL, or to ARCHD. CAMPBELL, Not. Pub. April 6th. QUEBEC, 1855. FRDK. HACKER, Architect. Quebec, April 6th, 1855. 12, St. Stanislas Street.

HOUSES ON THE CAPE TO LET. The house now occupied by the Hon. BISHOP OF QUEBEC. —ALSO— The House in the rear, formerly occupied by the late P. E. DESBARRES, Esquire. Enquire of Mr. William Cowan, Gazette Office, Quebec, 21st March, 1855.

TO LET.—The House in St. Nicholas Street, Palace Ward, formerly the well known property of the late Mr. JOSEPH BARRIS. It is very advantageously situated as a place for business or a Tavern, having a large Haugar and Stables for Horses. Apply to ALEXIS GODBOUT. 9th February, 1855.

TO LET for one or more years from the 1st May next, the House and Store occupied by the Subscriber. The Store is adapted for any branch of trade, more particularly for a Grocer, Cabinet Maker, or Dry Goods. The stores in the rear are very extensive. The dwelling house is adapted for a respectable family, the kitchen contains a patent range with boiler, oven, a scullery, coal and water house attached, a well shed, superior stabling for four horses, coach-house, &c. &c. also a spacious plank yard with a boiler containing grape vines bearing fruit for the last four years, and a good gateway entering from Union Lane.—For further particulars apply to R. SYMES. Quebec, 27th Feb. 1855.

TO LET.—For one or more years, a large and commodious House No. 46, St. Paul Street, facing the New Market, at present occupied by the Rev. D. MACALEXAY, with a large yard, stabling, coach-house, &c. in the rear. Apply to JAS. HUNT, No. 1, Cul-de-Sac. 7th Jan. 1855.

TO LET, for one or more years, the whole of that very large and commodious deep water WHARF, adjoining the New Custom House in the Lower Town of this City, together with several Warehouses. Apply to Mr. JAMES McLEON, Upper Town Market, or to the proprietor, JAMES REYNAR. 9th March 1855.

TO LET, from the 1st May next.—The HOUSE in PALACE STREET, next to that occupied by the Corporation of the City of Quebec, belonging to the Poor of the Hotel Dieu of Quebec. Apply to the Notary undersigned. ANT. A. PARENT. 3d February, 1855.

HOUSE SITUATE in St. John's Suburbs, St. George Street, long known as the residence of Captain THOMAS. The house may be seen on Mondays and Tuesdays, between twelve and two o'clock. Apply to M. BERTHELOT. Quebec, 17th February, 1855.

FOR SALE.—The ornamental Villa, or HOUSES, and Gardens on the Point of Carouge, with about forty acres of land. Amongst the numerous inducements combined to render this a desirable acquisition, the following may be mentioned:— The unrivalled scenery which surrounds the Point of Carouge—the distance from the high road—together with the highly cultivated Gardens—the beautiful position, producing vegetation some days earlier than elsewhere in the immediate vicinity; being entirely protected from the East, North, and N. West winds, with a Southern aspect. The long range of stone and brick walls thickly planted with choice imported Vines, Cherries, Grapes and Pines. A glazed Vinery, 100 feet in length, divided for forcing, and containing the choicest plants. The Orchard, stocked with the best and most productive bearing fruit. Trees of every kind likely to thrive in this District. Flower Borders and Beds are well planted with Bulb Perennials and Shrubs. A fine supply of water is conducted to a Fountain in the centre of the Garden. Walks and drives are laid out upon the premises nearly two miles in extent. Two four room Cottages within the Park Wall, surrounding the property may be had with the same. The household Furniture, Garden Implements, &c. may be had by the purchaser at an appraisement. The Dwelling contains eighteen apartments, independent of men servants' rooms attached to the out-buildings. The whole would accommodate two distinct families, with only the water and lawn in common. If the above described property be not sold, it will be leased furnished, from the 1st May next. The terms of payment will be made to suit the wishes of the purchaser. Apply to HENRY ATKINSON. Quebec, Decr. 25th, 1854.

SUITABLES and COACH HOUSES TO LET, SITUATE in the LOWER TOWN, at the foot of Mountain Street.—Enquire of THOS. WILLIAM LLOYD, No. 6, Haldimand Street.

FOR SALE, near Cap-Rouge, a pleasantly situated Lot of Land, bounded in front by the River, and on each side by the property of H. ARVISOUS. Esq., contains from about 12 to 15 arpents deep, by 4 or 5 ches broad,—is a desirable situation for a Gentleman's Site, commands a fine view of the St. Lawrence, and contains every convenience for access to Quebec, either by Ste. Foy or Cap Rouge Roads, or by water. Inconspicuous titles will be given. Apply to THOS. MILLER, near St. Louis Church.—7th March 1855.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—The Seigniorie of GRAND ETANG, lying in the lower part of the St. Lawrence, in the district of Gaspé, together with the different Fishing Materials, Boats, and other utensils, &c. JACQUES LEBLOND. Quebec, 29th Jan. 1855.

VALUABLE FARM in the Township of LESLAP, For Sale.—N. 2. 5, on Craig's Road, containing 200 Acres—75 of which are cleared, and 50 in meadow, with a good two story house in the best condition, built since 1852, and a barn, 50 feet by 28, with stable, &c. branch of the River Beaucoueur passes along the farm. Unexceptionable titles will be given, and easy terms of a ment. Apply to the undersigned. E. GLACKMEYER. Lower-Town, Quebec, No. 34, St. Peter-street.

TO BE DISPOSED OF.—A LOT of LAND situated on the Cape Rouge Road, (next to the River) about four miles from Town; containing 10 arpents. The situation is, in every respect, a desirable one. Apply to J. H. KERR. Quebec, 17th Jan. 1855.

FOR SALE on very advantageous terms, a SUPERB FARM, situate in the Parish of Niglois, in one of the finest situations, and at about a quarter of a league below the Church and College, or a route of coast tending six arpents in front (inclusive of 12 arpents in front) by the River, opposite to the Point of L'Isle-aux-Corbeaux. The greater part of this Farm is under cultivation. There are two barns, a barn, a hangar, stable and 24 houses.—For the conditions apply at Machiche to the undersigned. JOSEPH DEAUDEN. Machiche, 14th October, 1854.