

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO'Y,
 Drain Pipes, Portland Cement, Canada Cement, Chimney Tops, Water Pipes, Vent Linings, Whiting, Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay, Roman Cement, China Clay, Bessemer Steel Sofa, Chair and Bed Springs.

Montreal Herald

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
 When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
 When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
 When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

VOL. LXXXIII—NO. 171

MONTREAL, MONDAY, JULY 14 1890

3 CENTS. \$6.00 A YEAR

MUNN'S PURE BONELESS CODFISH

In Pressed 2 lb. Bricks, packed in Boxes.
 12 lbs., 24 lbs. and 48 lbs.
 This fish is cut from the largest Newfoundland Codfish, and the quality is unsurpassed.
 APPLY EARLY.

STEWART MUNN & CO.,
 22 ST. JOHN STREET,
 MONTREAL.
 Bell Telephone 1235. Federal 379

Egyptian Cigarettes.
 NESTOR GIANACIS,
 100 IN A PACKAGE,
 50 IN A PACKAGE,
 20 IN A PACKAGE,
 10 IN A PACKAGE.
 Fresh goods received to-day.

PHILIP HENRY,
 134 ST. JAMES STREET
 Telephone 759.

Cumberland Railway and COAL COMPANY.

Tenders are invited for stores of various kinds required by the Company at Springfield Junction, N. S., (on line of Inter-Colonial Railway) during the twelve months commencing 1st August, 1890.
 Forms of tender with full particulars can be had on application to E. Laflamme, General Storekeeper at Springfield, or at the Head Office, Montreal.
 Tenders endorsed "Tenders for Stores," and addressed to the undersigned will be received on or before 26th July.
 J. R. COWANS,
 General Manager,
 Springfield, N. S.

Richelieu! Richelieu!

PURE, SPARKLING REFRESHING.
 The PRINCE of Ice WATERS.

HERTER BROTHERS,

154 FIFTH AVENUE,
 NEW YORK,
 MANUFACTURERS OF
 Interior Decorations, Furniture
 Stained Glass, Mosaics,
 Gas Fixtures, &c.
 IMPORTERS OF
 TAPESTRIES, FINE CARPETS, CURTAIN
 MATERIALS, PAPER-HANGINGS, &c.
 Sept. 23, 1888

EQUITABLE MORTGAGE COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - \$2,000,000
 ASSETS - - - \$7,803,722

The Debenture Bonds of this Company bearing six per cent. interest, and secured by Real Estate Collaterals deposited with the AMERICAN LOAN & TRUST COMPANY of New York are for sale by
LEWIS A. HART,
 Notary,
 Imperial Building, 107 St. James st.,
 MONTREAL.

HALIFAX TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

The coroner's inquiry into the cause of last night's disaster in Dartmouth has been adjourned till next Wednesday. The evidence so far shows that some person slipped a chain from a wheel, causing the landing stage to fall and precipitated the crowd upon it into the harbor. Whether this was accidental or otherwise is unknown, but the coroner's jury has recommended that the town offer a reward for the discovery of the person who committed the act. No more bodies have been recovered and Edward Foster, who was reported to have died from the shock, is still living and expected to pull through.
 Steamship Harlow from the west coast of Newfoundland, reports the cod fishery on the north of the island fairly good. In the vicinity of Port au Cheval and St. John's island abundance of cod. The lobster fishery is said to be considerably below the average, salmon is also reported. On Monday the government cruiser Fionna was met at Flowers Cove. She had on board Colonial Secretary Bond, Mr. Emmerson, and Governor Secretary Faine, who were getting information regarding the French shore trouble. The Fionna has since arrived at North Sydney, and the delegates intend leaving New York for England on the Etruria next week.

A Cowardly Shot.
 PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—A special from Dover, Del., says: Caleb Ford, a prominent farmer near Hartley, was shot while working in the field last Thursday by some person concealed in an adjacent swamp. He is thought to be considerably well, who has been living at Ford's home, and who, it is rumored, had betrayed a female relative of Ford's.

Right Loyal Picnic to the Front.
 PICTON, Ont., July 12.—The 12th of July was celebrated here to-day in a right loyal manner. The L. O. lodges of Prince Edwards, Frontenac, Addington, Lennox, Hastings and Northumberland, together with the Orange Young Boys, True Blues and Frantics Boys, of the cities of Kingston and Belleville, met here and formed a mammoth procession, which

THE GLORIOUS 12TH

TWO HUNDRETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BOYNE.
 Celebrations in Ontario—Grand Turnout of Orangemen, True Blues, Frantics Boys and Sons of Briton—A Day of Feasting, Rejoicing and Speechmaking.

OTTAWA, July 12.—The Orangemen of the Ottawa Valley, to the number of 4000, congregated at the village of Ashton to-day and celebrated the glorious 12th. The visitors and villagers assembled in a grove adjoining the village and engaged in all sorts of sports. Speeches were delivered in the afternoon by Rev. MacDonald, Rev. Williams, Rev. Dr. Moore, James Clarke, Deputy Grand Master Ontario East, Taylor, McVeety, D Donaldson, D. McElroy, and others. Resolutions were adopted re-affirming the denunciations of the Jesuit Estate Bill, Dual Language, and Separate Schools. The day passed off very pleasantly.

A Big Procession at Toronto.
 TORONTO, July 12.—The Orange procession to-day, commenced about noon and lasted about an hour. The lodges turned out in great force. The first part of the procession consisted of ladies members of the order in carriages, members of Lady Erne Lodges, who were duly cheered by spectators. The most prominent members of order, including Mayor Clarke, D. Creighton, Ald. Abel, etc., were in line and a score of bands gave out music as they marched. The procession was between four and five thousand strong, and one of the strongest that ever took place in Toronto. The procession marched to the exhibition grounds, where speeches were delivered and games indulged in for the remainder of the afternoon. The City Hall was closed for the day.

5,000 Men in Line at Hamilton.
 HAMILTON, July 12.—The 200th anniversary of the battle of the Boyne was celebrated here to-day by the Orangemen of this city and visiting lodges from various places. At one o'clock a monster procession in which nearly 5,000 Orangemen were in line, including organizations from St. Catharines, Brantford, Port Dover, Hagerstown and many other places, with their bands, and the several local Orange societies of the city and county of Wentworth, paraded the principal streets, after which the procession marched to Dinburn Park. A number of distinguished visitors, among them being officers from the Grand Lodge, were present and speeches were delivered by prominent members of the Orange body. During the afternoon there was a band concert and athletic competitions and other features.

Western Ontario Celebrates at London.
 LONDON, Ont., July 12.—The Orangemen of Western Ontario celebrated the 200th anniversary of the battle of the Boyne in this city to-day. All the morning trains were crowded. At two o'clock the different lodges formed into one, and with the usual assortment of brass and drum bands distributed throughout the procession, marched to Queen's Park, where a programme of games was gone through with. It is estimated that fully 5,000 Orangemen were in line.

Prize Contests and Fireworks at Clinton.
 CLINTON, July 12.—It is estimated that there were from fifteen to sixteen thousand people in town to-day celebrating the 12th. Arches bearing appropriate mottoes had been erected in various parts of the town, while bunting, flags and evergreens were displayed in all directions. At 2 o'clock the lodges formed in procession and proceeded to the agricultural show grounds, where addresses were delivered. Kincaid took the prize for the best uniformed lodge and also for the largest number, and Wallace town for coming the greatest distance, 85 miles. In the evening a grand display of fireworks finished the programme of the day.

Gay Decorations at Chesley.
 CHESLEY, Ont., July 12.—The 200th anniversary of the battle of Boyne was celebrated by the county Lodge of East Bruce in Chesley. The village was tastefully decorated. Two well-made arches spanned the streets. The most elaborate one was erected by the Roman Catholics of this place and was by far the best made arch ever erected in the county of Bruce. The Hanover Brass Band was in attendance. Altogether there were 16 lodges represented. The speaking took place on Mr. Alex. Ramsey's grove. Chair was taken Bro. A. Todd, County master.

A Grand Picnic at Kingston.
 KINGSTON, July 12.—The Orangemen of this city and district celebrated the day by a procession, followed by a picnic at Channel Grove in the afternoon. The turnout was a very creditable one and the weather was all that could be wished for.

Feasting and Speech-Making at Madoc.
 MADOC, Ont., July 12.—The Orangemen celebrated the 12th here to-day by assembling in Conley's Grove, where about two thousand took dinner. Appropriate speeches were made by a number of prominent men of the district.

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Marched to the park, where speeches were delivered by some of the leading members of the order.

3000 Montrealers at Brockville.
 BROCKVILLE, Ont., July 12.—The Orangemen of this town celebrated the 200th anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne to-day in a very enthusiastic manner. Fully one thousand took part in the procession; some 300 coming up from Montreal for that purpose. Smith's Falls, Gananoque, and all the county lodges in this vicinity also contributed their quota. The party went to the Lacrosse grounds in the afternoon, when speeches were made by Rev. Mr. Rogers, Rev. G. S. White, and W. Galbraith, Montreal; Rev. Elliott, Lansdowne; Jas. Conin, Prescott; and C. H. French, Brockville. The gathering is considered to be the largest of the kind ever witnessed in Brockville.

Mammoth Mass Meeting at Norwood.
 NORWOOD, Ont., July 12.—Eleven lodges of Orangemen and True Blues, local and outside, celebrated the 12th of July here to-day. The procession, accompanied by a large crowd, proceeded to the grove where a mass meeting was held and short addresses were delivered.

Great Enthusiasm at Cobourg.
 COBURG, Ont., July 12.—The 200th anniversary of the battle of the Boyne was celebrated in this town to-day with more pomp and greater enthusiasm than for many years past. Large delegations from Peterboro and Lakefield were present. After a procession took place to Boulton's Grove, where addresses were delivered by prominent Orangemen.

A Big Turnout at St. Johns.
 ST. JOHNS, N. B., July 12.—The Orangemen made a big turnout in St. Johns yesterday, hundreds coming to the city from various parts of the Provinces to take part in the parade. Crowds of people lined the roadway along the whole line, and many favorable comments were heard on the fine appearance presented by the different bodies. All of the lodges carried their banners, some of which were new, and painted expressly for the occasion. In all, there were seventeen banners in the line. There was no British flag or ensign displayed, but one of the banners had the Canadian flag in a very pretty way on it. The members wore the regalia of their several lodges, and some of the scarlet and orange sashes looked very pretty.

Seventeen Lodges Convene at Roslin.
 ROSLIN, Ont., July 12.—The 12th was celebrated here in grand style to-day. About 17 lodges were represented, and five thousand people were on the grounds. The procession was the largest, most orderly and respectable that ever took place in the county of Hastings.

3000 Demonstrate at Forest.
 FOREST, Ont., July 12.—About 3000 attended the Orange demonstration here to-day, which was a great success.

Milton Attracts 8000 People.
 MILTON, Ont., July 12.—The Orangemen of Milton and Peel celebrated the day at Milton in royal style. About 8000 people were present.

AMENITIES OF SOUTHERN LIFE.
 Little Civil War Between Rivals for a Mayoralty.
 EL PASO, Texas, July 13.—The following particulars in regard to the battle between the rival mayors of Ysleta and their adherents have been received here. The sheriff from El Paso reached Ysleta at 3 o'clock this morning, and succeeded in stopping the battle by persuading the forces of Mayor Alderette to withdraw. The party headed by Yaal, who resisted arrest, is at this hour, which the sheriff has surrounded. It is now believed that there were but three men killed instead of six, as at first reported. It is learned that the trouble originated in this way:—Benigs Alderette, as Mayor of Ysleta, has charge of the Acquia, and had a couple of men cleaning it out when Yaal sent a posse of armed men to drive Alderette's men from the work. Yaal claimed that he was mayor and put his own men to work and refused to discontinue when ordered by Alderette to do so. Alderette then secured a warrant for the arrest of Yaal to deter him from further interference with the Acquia. Yaal summoned his armed force around him and refused to be arrested, and the fight followed.

General J. C. Fremont Dead.
 NEW YORK, July 13.—General John Charles Fremont died at his residence, No. 49 West Twenty-fifth street, at four o'clock this afternoon. His death was sudden and unexpected, and resulted from an attack of peritonitis.

Gen. Fremont was born at Savannah, Georgia A. D. 1813 and graduated at Charleston College 1839. He served in various capacities in the U. S. navy and was afterward employed in exploration in the interior. In 1845 he fitted out at expedition at his own expense to find the best route to California, where he eventually settled. He was U. S. senator for California in 1850 and 1851. In 1855 he came to New York and in the next year was first candidate of the Republican party for President, but was defeated by Mr. Buchanan. When the war broke out Fremont was made Major-General and placed in command of the western department. He was afterwards transferred to western Virginia, where he was out-generaled by the Confederate General Jackson. When General Pope took command Fremont retired and took no further active part in the war. From 1878 to 1881 he was governor of Arizona. Since resigning that post he has been practicing law in New York.

Killed By a Rattlesnake.
 SCRANTON, Pa., July 13.—Mrs. Marshall Henry, who started out from Foster yesterday to pick raspberries, was found dead in the woods last evening, death having resulted from the bite of a rattlesnake. The body was so swollen and discolored as to be hardly recognizable.

Civic By-Law Defeated.
 WINNIPEG, July 13.—Private scrutiny of the voters' list shows that less than half of the resident voters were not polled on the exhibition by-law, which is consequently defeated, although the vote polled was almost unanimously in its favor.

STANLEY MARRIED

THE AFRICAN HERO STARTS ON A NEW VENTURE.
 Remarkable Enthusiasm in London—Westminster Abbey Filled with a Brilliant Assemblage—The Venerable Lady Countess' Interest in the Happy Couple—The Honeymoon in the "New Forest."

LONDON, July 13.—Much as has been written and gossiped in anticipation of Stanley's wedding, the event itself not only met but far exceeded in importance and interest all expectations concerning it. Many persons who were inclined to smile incredulously when the newspapers predicted that this would be the grandest non-royal wedding of the century are now admitting that the prediction was correct. Westminster Abbey has never contained a more distinguished assembly than that which eagerly took advantage of the opportunity of witnessing the marriage of this most popular hero with the loveliest and brightest women of England. Mr. Stanley's unfortunate and serious illness served to lend an added interest to the occasion and tinged with some pathos an event otherwise full of joyous realization and happy promise. From early dawn the couple were showered with telegrams and notes of inquiry and hundreds of questioners were made glad by the answer that though Mr Stanley was still a sufferer, the ceremony would be carried out, according to the original arrangements. The Queen, the Prince and Princess of Wales, King Leopold of Belgium and

Other Royal Personages.
 The day, though not a bright one, was as auspicious as any bridal couple has the right to expect under London skies. All London felt the stir of the occasion and only when some event of importance in Royal circles is on the tapis does the popular interest become so manifest as it was to-day. The streets in the vicinity of the Abbey were crowded from an early hour and curious scenes were observable among the throngs. During all the morning there were hundreds of enterprising vendors of flowers and wedding favors, photographs of

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 histories of the life of the happy couple, and other appropriate articles of merchandise, all of which found ready sale. An extra detail of police assisted in keeping order both within and without the sacred edifice. The commonalty were obliged to content themselves with a parting glimpse of the principals and noted guests as they arrived, and with

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Resting Place of Livingstone
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PASSENGER SHIP LOST IN MID-OCEAN.
 Fortunate Escape and Subsequent Rescue of the Passengers and Crew.
 NEW YORK, July 12.—Messrs. Haggenmeyer and Brunn, shipping agents of No. 102 Broad street, to-day received definite news from Lisbon of the total loss in mid-ocean of the big iron passenger ship "Benguella," four days after her last departure from this port. To-day's despatches, besides telling the story of the shipwreck and subsequent rescue of the passengers and crew, convey assurances of the safety of all. The "Beguella," under command of Captain De Rosa sailed from this port on June 20th for Lisbon and the Azores, with a valuable cargo of general merchandise. She carried, also, 56 passengers and a crew of about 20 men. On June 23rd, three days after leaving this port, the "Benguella" ran into stormy weather and the shaft snapped and broke, causing an accident somewhat similar to that which befel the "City of Paris" recently. The hole torn in the stern admitted the water in great volumes, and flowing through the shaft tunnel speedily drove stokers and firemen aloft and drowned out the fires. A hasty survey revealed the fact that the vessel was doomed and that the passengers were in danger. Many who had been asleep, and others too ill to leave their bunks before, soon dressed and hurried on deck. The small boats were quickly manned and victualled, the sick were quartered comfortably and the boats then lowered into the water. The other passengers followed and in 15 minutes the ship was evacuated. After leaving the ship the boats soon lost sight of her and drifted about some hours, when they were rescued by the British bark Mariannini. This vessel had little spare room and it was found necessary to jettison part of her cargo in order to accommodate the strangers. Two days later, on June 26, the steamship Alphonso XIII hove in sight and her captain agreed to the transfer. With much danger and difficulty this was effected without accident. On Wednesday of last week, all hands were safely landed at Coruna, Spain, and they were next taken to Lisbon, where another ship carried them to their various destinations.

"Loan Often Loses Both Itself and Friend."
 MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 13.—J. B. Mueller, secretary of the German Brewing Co., committed suicide yesterday. He loaned E. O. Keosnell \$20,000 and Keosnell ran away last week. This is supposed to be the cause as he has grieved over the ingratitude of the act. Mueller was worth \$75,000 and leaves a family.

A Nice (or an Ice) Exortion.
 NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—The ice trust of this city has given notice that after Monday next dealers will be charged \$7.50 per 1000 pounds for ice. As western ice can be delivered here for about \$5 per ton, the probability is that this extortion will be short lived.

\$600,000 Gone Up in Smoke.
 PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Carey Bros, wallpaper factory, Tenth and Nevada Streets, Campbell and Atkinson, sash factory, Tenth and Susquehanna, avenue were totally destroyed by fire this morning. Carey Bros' loss is laid at \$500,000 and Campbell and Atkinson at \$50,000.

The Weather.
 TORONTO, July 13.—The pressure is highest over the New England States and the Maritime provinces, and shallow depressions exist over the Western States, and in Manitoba local showers are reported from the Rocky Mountains to the Qu'Appelle Valley; elsewhere, fine weather.
 Maximum temperature—Calgary, 70; Winnipeg, 78; Port Arthur, 82; Toronto 81; Montreal, 82; Quebec, 86; Halifax 72.

Probabilities.
 Lakes—Moderate; variable winds, fine and very warm.
 St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate winds, fine and very warm.
 Maritime—Moderate winds, fine stationary or higher temperature.

Shocking Death of a Boy.
 FINDLAY, Ohio, June 13.—Charley Schultz, 15 years old, was instantly killed this afternoon. A large oak frame upon which he attempted to climb, fell over and crushed his head.

Restarting Iron Works.
 READING, Pa., July 13.—The Jonana furnace, one of the largest in the county, which has been idle since last fall, resumed operations last night. Iron men report that trade is improving.

Work For Collins.
 ASHLAND, Pa., July 13.—The Reading Keystone Colliery will start up to-morrow, after several months' idleness. The works employed 300 men.

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PASSENGER SHIP LOST IN MID-OCEAN.
 Fortunate Escape and Subsequent Rescue of the Passengers and Crew.
 NEW YORK, July 12.—Messrs. Haggenmeyer and Brunn, shipping agents of No. 102 Broad street, to-day received definite news from Lisbon of the total loss in mid-ocean of the big iron passenger ship "Benguella," four days after her last departure from this port. To-day's despatches, besides telling the story of the shipwreck and subsequent rescue of the passengers and crew, convey assurances of the safety of all. The "Beguella," under command of Captain De Rosa sailed from this port on June 20th for Lisbon and the Azores, with a valuable cargo of general merchandise. She carried, also, 56 passengers and a crew of about 20 men. On June 23rd, three days after leaving this port, the "Benguella" ran into stormy weather and the shaft snapped and broke, causing an accident somewhat similar to that which befel the "City of Paris" recently. The hole torn in the stern admitted the water in great volumes, and flowing through the shaft tunnel speedily drove stokers and firemen aloft and drowned out the fires. A hasty survey revealed the fact that the vessel was doomed and that the passengers were in danger. Many who had been asleep, and others too ill to leave their bunks before, soon dressed and hurried on deck. The small boats were quickly manned and victualled, the sick were quartered comfortably and the boats then lowered into the water. The other passengers followed and in 15 minutes the ship was evacuated. After leaving the ship the boats soon lost sight of her and drifted about some hours, when they were rescued by the British bark Mariannini. This vessel had little spare room and it was found necessary to jettison part of her cargo in order to accommodate the strangers. Two days later, on June 26, the steamship Alphonso XIII hove in sight and her captain agreed to the transfer. With much danger and difficulty this was effected without accident. On Wednesday of last week, all hands were safely landed at Coruna, Spain, and they were next taken to Lisbon, where another ship carried them to their various destinations.

"Loan Often Loses Both Itself and Friend."
 MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 13.—J. B. Mueller, secretary of the German Brewing Co., committed suicide yesterday. He loaned E. O. Keosnell \$20,000 and Keosnell ran away last week. This is supposed to be the cause as he has grieved over the ingratitude of the act. Mueller was worth \$75,000 and leaves a family.

A Nice (or an Ice) Exortion.
 NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—The ice trust of this city has given notice that after Monday next dealers will be charged \$7.50 per 1000 pounds for ice. As western ice can be delivered here for about \$5 per ton, the probability is that this extortion will be short lived.

\$600,000 Gone Up in Smoke.
 PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Carey Bros, wallpaper factory, Tenth and Nevada Streets, Campbell and Atkinson

TRADE AND COMMERCE FINANCIAL.

THE HERALD OFFICE, Saturday Evening, July 12, 1890. Features of Trade.

There has been the usual summer tone to all markets during the past week; business continues quiet, but a healthy feeling is prevalent in most lines, apart from the extreme dullness. The outlook is more promising than at the corresponding period of last year.

The stock market has been dull and uninteresting; no stock has commanded any particular attention. The general feeling has been one of strength and most stocks have made some improvement. The continued advance in bank stocks represents a more confident feeling in the present situation and future prospects.

The sterling market is quiet but firm. New York funds easier at par to 1-16 for round amounts. Sterling 90 days sight, 4.85; do. demand, 4.80; do. cables, 4.80; do. commercial, 4.80; do. documentary, 4.80; do. short, 5.15.

Canadian Pacific opened strong at 83 1/2, and closed at 83. Consols firm at 96 1/2 and 96 3/4 for money. The money market is firm and unchanged. The Bank of England rate of discount remains at 4 per cent.

Hardware is more active and the heavy goods show signs of an upward movement. There have been sales of pig iron at \$22.50 per ton for Summerlee, and \$21.75 @ \$22.25 for futures. Bar iron has sold at \$2.60 for imported; Canadian remains at \$2.40.

Cattle and dairy produce are the principal exports at present. The cattle trade is improving and cable reports are more encouraging, as the glut in the foreign market is being worked off.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

Receipts to-day 1255 brls. The total receipts for the week were 9703 brls., compared with 8733 last week and 15,414 brls. the week previous.

Table of flour receipts and prices. Columns include Flour, Receipts, and Price. Items include Spring Wheat, Straight Roller, Extra, Superfine, etc.

Winter Wheat, patent, \$5.30 @ \$5.75. Spring Wheat, patent, 5.40 @ 5.75. Straight Roller, 4.90 @ 5.10.

Table of grain receipts. Columns include Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Malt. Items include Wheat, hard No. 1, No. 2, etc.

Local Provisions. PORK, LARD, &c.—There is a firm tone to the provision market and the local demand is fair for Montreal Short Cut and Canadian Lard.

Table of receipts for week ending July 12th. Columns include Wheat, Corn, Peas, Barley, Rye, Oatmeal, Lard, etc.

Butter—Receipts to-day 599 packages. The receipts for the week were 2356 packages, compared with 3705 last week.

The New York Commercial Bulletin of Saturday, has the following review of the week's business:—The market generally has ruled very quiet the past week.

Foreign Wool Sales. LONDON, July 11.—At the wool sales to-day 10,119 bales, comprising a good selection, were offered.

NEW SOUTH WALES—Sales 700 bales; scored at 1s. 5 1/2d. do. locks and pieces at 1s. 3d. do. locks and pieces at 1s. 3d.

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Advertisement for Duhamel, Marceau & Merrill, Barristers, Attorneys, &c. No. 7 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

Advertisement for Alfred Monk B.C.L., Advocate, Barrister, Solicitor, &c. 150 St. James Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for Savings Bank Chambers, 150 St. James Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for MacLennan, Liddell & Cline, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Cornwall, Ont.

Advertisement for Leitch & Springle, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. Cornwall, Ont.

Advertisement for James Leitch, Attorney-at-Law, 280 Broadway, Montreal.

Advertisement for Gibbons, McNab & Mulken, Barristers, Attorneys, &c. Corner Richmond and Carling Streets, London, Ont.

Advertisement for Bankers & Brokers, MacDougall Bros., Stock Brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for D. Lorn MacDougall & Co., Stock Brokers, 11 and 13 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for Halsted & McLanf, Bankers and Brokers, 31 Broad Street, New York.

Advertisement for Lillian Holt Secor, Counselor at Law, 10 West 23rd Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for MacDougall Bros., Stock Brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for Thomas R. Jones & Co., Commission Merchants, General Agents, &c. 215 St. John Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for The Lowest Rates, references furnished upon request.

Advertisement for Private Hospital—Madame Jolin, Midwife, proprietress, holding a diploma from the Faculty of Medicine, Paris.

Advertisement for John H. R. Molson & Bros., Ale and Porter Brewers, 1006 Notre-Dame Street, Montreal.

Advertisement for Imperial Fire Insurance Company, (Established 1893), Subscribed Capital \$6,000,000.

Advertisement for Compagnie du Canal, 100 St. James Street, Montreal.

The Montreal Herald. PUBLISHED DAILY BY THE HERALD COMPANY Limited. NO. 6 BEAVER HALL HILL. P. MITCHELL - President. H. WHITE - Secretary-Treasurer and Business Manager. MOLYNEUX ST. JOHN - Editor.

Business Correspondence should be addressed to THE HERALD COMPANY Limited. All other Correspondence to be addressed "The Editor," Mr. M. St. John.

MONDAY MORNING, JULY 14th.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS.

Monthly meeting of the City Council at 8 p.m. Concert at Sohmer Park afternoon and evening.

FLYNN DEFEATED IN GASPE.

On Saturday the electors of Gaspé retired Hon. E. J. Flynn to private life, for the present at least. Mr. Carrière's majority is placed at 146. Mr. Flynn is the last of the quintette who betrayed Hon. Mr. Joly in 1879, and while it is to be regretted, in some respects, that a man of his ability should be excluded from Parliament, there are many who will regard his defeat as a fitting retribution for his conduct towards Premier Joly at the time mentioned. He will now have leisure to meditate profitably, it is to be hoped—on that unfortunate episode of his political life.

CHOLERA.

The anti-cholera pamphlet issued by the Provincial Board of Health is an important document and contains practical information of great value to the people. Naturally and properly the compilers have acted upon the principle that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and therefore devote the first part of their brochure to showing how spread of cholera can be prevented. As the spread of cholera is largely due to the presence of filth in or near the dwelling places of the people, and to the use of food not properly prepared or not free from pollution, it follows that the observance of scrupulous cleanliness in the persons, homes and surroundings of the people, and the use of articles of food entirely free from contact with any polluting agency, will prove the best possible preventive of the spread of cholera. Should it unfortunately be introduced into this country—a contingency which is by no means impossible. This cleanliness of homes and their surroundings can be secured by every householder taking care to keep his premises clean. The directions given by the Board on these points are such as suggested by common sense, or whose efficacy has been proved by their being put into force in other countries where epidemics or contagions have prevailed.

In case of the advent of cholera the precautions recommended to be observed are of the simplest character and therefore quite practicable in the majority of cases. They are in brief: Prompt attention to the slightest symptom of cholera; immediate calling in of medical aid; complete isolation of the patient and his apartment; careful precautions and the constant use of disinfectants in the sickroom by both patient and his attendant; and careful guarding against anything in the nature of panic. On this latter point the pamphlet says: If cholera should unhappily reach Canada and become prevalent in our midst, it is important for everyone to remember that he is responsible for doing his share in warding off the common enemy. If the enemy arrives, it has to be met boldly, and to be fought on its own ground. Cleanliness and courage are the strongest weapons against cholera; filth and fear are the very worst. Moreover, it is useful for the public distinctly to remember that pains taken and costs incurred for the purposes to which these instructions refer, cannot in any event be regarded as wasted. The local conditions which would enable cholera, if imported, to spread its infection in this country, are conditions which day by day, in the absence of cholera, create and spread other diseases, such as typhoid fever, diphtheria, scarlet fever, diarrhoea, and the like—diseases which, being never absent from the country, are, in the long run, far more destructive than cholera.

The information contained in this pamphlet should be widely diffused with the least possible delay.

THE TRAGEDY AT BEAUPORT ASYLUM.

We understand that the death of the girl Maria Elene Jobin, who was found dead between two mattresses in Beauport Asylum, is to be closely inquired into. The statement is made that the Coroner heard of the matter for the first time ten days after the death of the girl, and on asking the physician of the Asylum why it had not been reported, was told by that doctor that he did not report it because he was not compelled to, as it was not a murder. It is to be hoped that this is not a strictly accurate story, because it conveys the impression that if it was not a murder it may have been a case of manslaughter. The questions arise: Who put the girl between the two mattresses? by whose orders was it done? what followed upon her being thus treated? how did her death come about? and why was it hushed up, as accounts published in the French press say that it was?

Now that some of the circumstances have come to light, it is presumable that the Government will call that doctor to account for his reticence, and will require some explanation from the contractors. At present little more can be said about the death of this girl; whether she was murdered or not will be ascertained in due course. Probably it was not a murder, only something of a lighter shade of criminality. What with insane people chained and thrown into dark cells,

to lie moaning on the stone floors until their miseries are ended by their being burned alive, (vide Dr. Tuke's account of Longue Pointe asylum) and insane patients at the establishment of another contractor for farmed out lunatics being smothered between mattresses, the Canadian may well ask, "Is this a civilized country?" In some respects, of course, it is, but then, so was Europe in the sixteenth century.

TELL THE TRUTH AND SHAME YOUR FRIENDS.

The Gazette (with an alteration of name): The story about a patient being smothered to death in Beauport asylum and buried without an inquiry has set even some Nationalist papers asking if Quebec's system of treating its lunatics is a good one. But it is all in vain. Among the things that triumph under Conservatism was the principle that the care of the most unfortunate of God's creatures was proper work for making private gain out of. The one compensating thought is that the majority of the miserables do not know what they suffer. Their malady is their one kindness.

The Gazette, of course, does not say "under Conservatism," that is the alteration we have made, but no Gazette reader is ignorant enough to be under a mistake in this matter. The Longue Pointe Asylum and the Beauport Asylum contracts were given by Conservative ministries; the reports of Dr. Tuke, Dr. Howard and others were made to a Conservative ministry—the Ross-Tailion combination, the special patrons of the Gazette—and as it was a Conservative ministry that started this iniquitous system, so it was a Conservative ministry that refused to listen to the revelations of the medical and scientific men who opened the eyes of the rest of the country to the peculiarities of that den which, had not its destruction been accompanied by the burning of many scores of its unfortunate inmates, we should say was well reposed. A prison for criminals is under the inspection of the government, open to public view, and its guardians are under supervision and are removable for misconduct, negligence, or cruelty. The Longue Pointe asylum was a prison of another character, and according to Dr. Tuke's account of what he saw, more nearly resembled a Neapolitan prison in King Bomba's reign, or a dungeon of the middle ages, than anything of the present century. The indifference shown to this palace of horrors by Messrs. Ross and Tailion is one of those crimes against humanity which will not readily be forgiven them, and to renew the contract and so give a fresh lease of life to this farming out system when there is such an excellent opportunity of ending it would be an infamy, whether done by a Mercier or a Tailion. As a French-Canadian Conservative journal says, employ the present contractors, or their class, as nurses of you wish, but let the establishment be a Government institution under the management and supervision of Government officials. In the meantime the Gazette had better saddle the right horse in the matter of the Longue Pointe and Beauport lunatic asylum.

ASK SOMETHING DIFFICULT.

A New Brunswick Tory paper, which appears to be continually in a fog, calls upon the advocates of closer commercial relations with the United States to

Explain how it comes the farms of the New England States are no longer profitable; that the farms of the Western States are so heavily mortgaged, and their owners crushed under the joint burden of large debt and low prices for produce—if the markets of sixty millions hold out such vast advantages to the agriculturist?

Quite easily answered. (1.) Extreme protection burdens American farmers with excessive taxation, rendering farming unprofitable. (2.) They have to pay monopoly prices for nearly all farm and household supplies, while they are compelled to sell their surplus products in foreign markets in the face of the world's competition at prices dictated by the unerring law of supply and demand. (3.) The United States protective tariff by handicapping trade and curtailing imports, tends to curtail exports; and as from seventy to seventy-five per cent. of American exports consists of agricultural products, it will be seen that the farming industry of that country is more seriously handicapped by protection than all other industries combined. These facts fully explain why farming in the New England States is no longer profitable, and why farmers in the Western States are heavily burdened with debt and mortgages. The same causes are operating in the same direction in Canada, as thousands of our farmers very well know. The only difference is in degree; American farmers are worse off than those of Canada in proportion as their tariff is higher than ours. Any extension of commercial relations between the two countries, and consequent reduction of taxation, would give relief to and benefit the farmers of both Canada and the United States, and to that extent give a healthful impetus to trade.

A CUSTOM TO BE ABOLISHED.

A correspondent, whose communication we do not publish because it contains expressions needlessly harsh, calls attention to the different spirit in which a cricket match is watched by the spectators, from that which usually moves the onlookers at a lacrosse game. I must be admitted that there is a great deal of truth in the main points of his contention. At a lacrosse match the sympathy of the spectators is too frequently entirely on the side of the home team, and very too frequently uncomplimentary and often insulting remarks are made concerning the visitors. We do not think this remark applies to Montreal so much as to some other places, but there is room for amendment

even here. At the cricket match played last week the visitors received the same encouragement and applause as was accorded to the home eleven. And this is as it should be. Fine play is equally commendable in one as the other, and it is a very poor spirit that withholds commendation from one while lavishing it on the other. To insult the members of a visiting team because they are getting the better of their opponents is an outrage that would be creditable to savages, and one which we very much doubt savages being guilty of.

SPEAKING WITHOUT THINKING.

A Conservative journal in the rural districts, which has a habit of speaking first and thinking bitterly afterwards, has the following to say about debts:

In referring to the heavy provincial debt the Liberal newspapers ascribe the burden to "the extravagance of preceding Tory administrations." The fact of the matter is the provincial debt has increased at a much more rapid pace under the Mercier Government than it did under Conservative administration. . . . It was the same at Ottawa during the Mackenzie regime—the Dominion debt went up with a bound, with no good results attending it.

The public accounts show that practically there has so far been very little increase of debt under the Mercier administration. The mass of floating liabilities left by preceding administrations was refunded at a lower rate of interest, and engagements entered into by them had to be respected and implemented by the Mercier Government. That accounts for nearly the whole increase of debt. Not Mr. Mercier, but his predecessors, should be held to account for that. The same thing will apply to the remark made about the Mackenzie Government. The net increase of debt during that regime was \$33,794,000. Of this sum all but about \$7,000,000, was spent in implementing engagements to which the country had been committed by Sir John Macdonald's Government. Why should the Mackenzie Government be abused for meeting the country's financial obligations and thus maintaining its honor and credit?

PROHIBITION DOES NOT PROHIBIT.

A telegram states that the prohibitionists of Maine have become disgusted with prohibition because it does not prohibit. It results in men drinking whiskey, and the alcoholic mixtures which pass under that name, and drinking them in secret and boozing because they are not permitted to drink a glass of beer in public. The Herald has frequently pointed out that this is the inevitable consequence of temperance legislation gone mad. Experience has everywhere taught the same lesson, but those who profess to desire temperance in the community will not learn the lesson. Perhaps it is hardly fair to use the word "prohibit," because we have no doubt that a large majority of them really desire to prevent the consumption of liquor, but they so obstinately adhere to their extreme views in spite of all teaching that some people doubt their sincerity. Now that the prohibitionists of Maine, who have tried the prohibition experiment longer than any one else, admit its failure, possibly our own temperance workers will be convinced that they are following a will-o'-the-wisp, and that if good is to be done it will not be accomplished by striving for the impossible. The attempt to enforce prohibition is an admitted failure, and has the effect of encouraging secret drinking, and the consumption of poisonous fluids.

It is understood that Sir Charles Tupper will meet the Spanish minister, Don Segaro de Cabaggio (two for five), at Brussels and will explain that he has been made a Plenipotentiary-Extraordinary in his own right, and that after showing the Brussels Congress that the Canadian tariff is, like the Ontario drought, a blessing on disguise, or like mercy and the dew of Heaven which, as Portia said, blesses them as pays and further discuss that treaty of commerce with Spain which has lain so long in the nest that doubts are beginning to be entertained concerning the safety of allowing the shell to be broken.

Half a million in gold sent out of Canada to England by the Bank of Montreal last week. Well, if the Government want the country trade with England, gold must be sent to pay our debts, that's all.

HON. CHAS. LANGELLER, Provincial Secretary in the Mercier Cabinet, was elected by acclamation in Montmorency on Saturday.

New Music.

Messrs A. & S. Nordheimer have recently published some new songs and music, of which one or two may be mentioned as being pretty and within the grasp of average performers. "Who's Me" is one of these. It is composed by Clarence Lucas, words by Thomas Campbell. The music is quaint, and, as the title page says, is in the style of the 17th century. Price 25 cents. "Sunset Pictures" is another, by Edward St. Quentin (words by Edie Ayling), the composer of "When Shadows Fall," "Summer of Love" and other songs known to Canadian amateur vocalists. Price, 50 cents.

"By the Lake" is a pretty song with a cleverly written accompaniment by Annie E. Armstrong, (words by Upton Bingham). Price, 40 cents. "Slumber Deep," words and music by W. Crowley, and arranged by Theodore Marlens, is another song which will please many. Price 35 cents.

New Books.

"Lucie's Mistake," a novel by W. Heinburg, translated by Mrs. J. W. Davis and illustrated with photogravure illustrations. Published by Worthington & Co., of New York. An interesting love story. "Agnels Lady," a novel by the Duchess, the well known author of "Molly Bawn," "Phyllis," and other stories. Published

by H. Lovell & Son at 30 cents. This is a love story, the scene of which is laid in Ireland, and it is quite as pretty a love story as has been written for some time.

POLICE PICKINGS.

Judgment in The Herald Alleged Conspiracy Case to be Given To-Day.

The case against the late job hands of the Herald for quitting work without giving proper notice was not brought before the Recorder on Saturday, owing to the non-appearance of some of the defendants. Those who did turn up gave the necessary bail and were allowed to depart until Wednesday. The judgment in the conspiracy case will be given to-day at 2 o'clock by Judge Desnoyers.

The Pacific Express Company's charge against the Ashton Quartette has fizzled out. Even the civil suits which were threatened have been abandoned.

The G. T. R. have been missing a number of articles lately from freight cars. Detective Boaz has the matter in hand.

Two friends recently quarrelled, and as a final one of them, L. Mireault, was on Saturday arrested for stealing a gold watch from the other. After a good deal of trouble Detective Trempe found the watch, which had in the meantime been sold no less than three times.

Mr. Miron, whose husband disappeared some time ago, has, through the efforts of Chief Hughes, discovered that he is living in Montana.

Samuel Faile, the young man who was assaulted in M. Ferrault's stable, is said to be in a dying condition. On Friday evening the convict Curson, who is serving a term in the St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary, received the 30 lashes which Judge Desnoyers condemned him to for assaulting little girls in this city a few weeks ago. The whipping was administered by gaoler McCarthy and the scoundrel took his punishment without showing many signs of the severe ordeal.

What promises to give a lively time in the Recorder's Court, is a case in which the defendants were arraigned on Saturday before his Worship, but remanded until Thursday. A woman of 50 years is charged with beating a girl of 14 summers and an elderly friend of the plaintiff charges the same woman with using abusive language. When the accused told the Recorder that the girl had made use of vile epithets in relation to her there was a lively scene. The girl burst into tears, her friend ditto, and the defendant declared amid a general uproar that they would cry more than that before she had done with them. His worship seemed greatly relieved when the trio were removed from the court by a couple of policemen.

Henry David is the name of a farmer who bought a gold watch from a smooth-tongued young man on Chaboulez Square on Saturday afternoon. The youth had a sick wife in the States and wanted money to reach her. The farmer regrets to say that the watch is not even good brass, and he "thinks" the seller of it told him a "story" about his wife.

Judge Jette has allowed Messrs. Dupont, Lacoste, Paradis and Minotte \$50 each as damages against Park Ranger McGibbon for unlawful arrest.

St. Patrick's T. A. & B. Society.

The monthly meeting of this society was held yesterday afternoon. After prayers in St. Patrick's church, conducted by the Rev. J. A. McCallen, S. S., the members adjourned to their hall. There was a large attendance of members. Hon. Edward Murphy presided. The pledge was administered to several persons and six new members were admitted to the benefit branch. The report of the society's pilgrimage to Oka was presented and proved satisfactory. Discussion took place on the regalia of the society and the committee of management was instructed to report on the matter. Considerable routine business was transacted and the meeting was closed with prayer.

Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder is made from Pure Crystal Cream Tartar and English Soda. It has no equal. Sold by all grocers. Insist on having the Imperial. E. W. Gillett, Manufacturer, Toronto, Ont. 24,6.

The Fire Record.

The firemen had a long run yesterday morning to St. Gabriel Ward; box 175 was rung at 8.45 for a fire which had broken out in the home of Daniel Ledo, No. 168 St. Albert street. It originated among some clothes in a cupboard. The flames were subdued before much damage had been done.

The brigade was called out Saturday morning at 9.30 for a chimney on fire on the corner of Dubord and Berri streets. No damage.

Make an exception in favor of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Its known virtues as a cure for diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus and all bowel complaints cause all who use it to regard it as the most reliable and effectual remedy obtainable.

Applicants to Study.

The following are the names of the candidates admitted to the study of the law at the recent examination at Three Rivers, upon presentation of their university degrees: Adolphe Bazin, Jas. C. B. Benoit, L. J. Decarie, Leon Ducharme, Alex. R. Johnson, Jas. J. Lamarre, Vital Larocque, H. D. P. Letin, P. Trudel, P. A. Cote, Ed. F. T. Fortin, Y. N. Tremblay, F. X. A. Tourigny, M. De La Bruyere, R. Paradis. The following were admitted after passing the regular examination: C. A. Geoffrion, M. T. Morrison, G. W. Macdougall, E. Z. Massicotte, Frank Curran, W. A. Baker, A. W. A. P. Buchanan, L. G. Glass, A. G. C. Jones, T. Pagnuolo, Aug. Noel, T. Eug. Gourde. The following were admitted on letters only: Pierce Captin, S. W. Jacobs, P. Sheridan, Albert Swindlehurst, Arthur Desjardins, Arthur Roy, D. L. Mathieu.

Palpitation of the heart, nervousness, tremblings, nervous headache, cold hands and feet, pain in the back, and other forms of weakness are relieved by Carter's Iron Pills, made specially for the blood, nerves and complexion. 246

Chignecto Ship Railway. Messrs. J. Harris & Co., of St. John, N. B., have been awarded the contract for supplying the wheels for the Chignecto Ship Railway. These wheels are made with a centre of best charcoal iron and a rim three inches deep of crucible steel together, and are manufactured under a patent owned by Nathan Washburn, who may almost be called the pioneer of the chilled or wheel system of North America. The patent for the Dominion is controlled by Messrs. J. Harris & Co. This firm submitted samples of the metal and a design of a wheel for the purpose which were favorably considered by Messrs. Fowler & Baker, of London, the eminent engineers, and they gave the order as above stated. There will be required from three to six hundred wheels.

Carsley's Advertisement

MONDAY, JULY 14th

ANNUAL JULY CHEAP SALE. BUTTONS. Thousands of dozens of best quality Dress Buttons worth from 15c to 50c per dozen, all to be sold at 5c a dozen. S. CARSLY.

MUST GO. All these best quality Dress Buttons must be sold during our Annual July Cheap Sale. S. CARSLY.

Mail orders promptly forwarded.

IN ORDER. In order to do so these good quality Dress Buttons have to be all reduced to 5c a dozen. S. CARSLY.

ANNUAL JULY CHEAP SALE. Trimming Department. SPECIAL SALE OF TRIMMINGS. SILK GIMPS, JET GIMPS, SILK GIMPS, JET GIMPS. ALL REDUCED FOR JULY SALE. ALL REDUCED FOR JULY SALE. S. CARSLY.

Mail orders receive careful attention.

DROP BEAD TRIMMING. DROP BEAD TRIMMING. USUAL PRICE 40c, NOW 10c YD. USUAL PRICE 40c, NOW 10c YD. ALL-SILK GIMPS. ALL-SILK GIMPS. To match this season's goods. REDUCED FROM 50c to 12c. REDUCED FROM 5c to 1c. S. CARSLY.

ANNUAL JULY CHEAP SALE. LADIES' BELTS. LADIES' BELTS. LATEST STYLES. LATEST STYLES. NEWEST SHAPES. NEWEST SHAPES. ALL REDUCED FOR THIS MONTH. ALL REDUCED FOR THIS MONTH. S. CARSLY.

Mail orders promptly forwarded.

ORIENTAL FANS, 10c each. ALL FANS IN STOCK. REDUCED FOR THE SALE. OXYDIZED BUCKLER FOR BELTS. In all patterns and shapes. S. CARSLY.

CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON. IF OTHER THREADS BREAK, CLAPPERTON'S W T. IF OTHER THREADS RAVEL, CLAPPERTON'S W T. IF OTHER THREADS ARE KNOTTY, CLAPPERTON'S IS NOT. On Clapperton's Spool Cotton strength and smoothness are combined. And on a simple wooden spool. The best of thread you find. CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.

S. CARSLY. 1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, NOTRE DAME STREET. MONTREAL.

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LATE CANTLIE, EWAN & CO. Established 21 Years. General Merchants & Manufacturers' Agents.

CANADIAN WOOLENS AND COTTONS.

15 ST. HELEN STREET MONTREAL.

Correspondence solicited. Advances made on consignments.

Notice to Consignees

The Allans' R. M. steamship Polynesian, Lieut. R. Burnett, R. N. R. master, from Liverpool, is entered at customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay. H. & A. ALLAN, Agents. 123

GIBB & COMPANY

Are Receiving Novelties in TAILORING AND HATTERS DRESSERY. ALSO Pattern Suits from Poole, INVITE INSPECTION.

CANADA COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF CORNWALL.

Manufacturers of Cottonades, Ducks, Drills, Flannels, Canton Flannels, Gingham and Dyed Linings. Office 42 St. John st., Montreal.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

DESIRABLE RESIDENCES, BUILDING SITES. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO CHARLES HOLLAND, 249 St. James Street.

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL

PHILLIPS SQUARE Galleries open Daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. A few Loan Pictures, in connection with the General Collection, now on view. Admission 25 cents. Members Free.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOHMER PARK

Every Evening This Week The Celebrated Ventriloquist C. W. WILLIAMS

Every Evening this week Mlle MABEL STILLMAN the Celebrated WHISTLER

Mr. Odell, singer, baritone. C. W. Williams, Ventriloquist, THE EUROPEAN ARTISTS

MONTREAL CITY BAND

Signor Romanelli, Harpist. ADMISSION 10 CENTS

FRANK A. ROBBINS

12

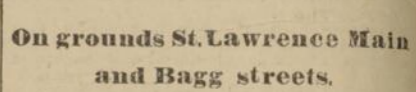
BIG SHOWS

MUSEUM, MENAGERIE. Hippodrome and Circus

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY JULY 18-19

On grounds St. Lawrence Main and Bagg streets.

Positively the only large Circus coming to Canada this year. 1234



CARSLAKE'S

GRAND ST. LEGER SWEEP! \$50,000.00.

1st horse (four prizes) \$3,000 each. \$12,000. 2nd " " " " " " " " \$2,000 each. \$8,000. 3rd " " " " " " " " \$1,000 each. \$4,000. Other starters (divided equally) \$500. Non-starters " " " " " " " " \$15,000.

10,000 TICKETS - - \$5 EACH. 227 horses entered (4 prizes each) \$38 prize Drawing Sept. 8, at the Victoria Armory. Result mailed to country subscribers. Ten per cent. deducted from prizes. Address GEO. CARSLAKE, Prop., Mansion House, 522 St. James St., Montreal. 129 1/2

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

IN THE Supreme Court

In the matter of the Maritime Bank of the Dominion of Canada and the winding up of the same under the Winding-up Act.

Upon the application of the Liquidators of the above bank, the twelfth day of September next is hereby fixed as the day on or within which creditors of the said Bank and within which creditors of the said Bank may send in their claims, such claims to be sent to the Liquidators of the said Bank of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

This order is made under the sixty-ninth section of the Winding-up Act of the Dominion of Canada. Dated at Fredericton, in the Province of New Brunswick, the twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1890. JOHN C. ALLEN, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

JUST PUBLISHED

Customs and Excise Tariff

With Tables of Foreign Exchange, Harbour Dues, etc. Corrected up to June 25th. Price by Mail 50c

Morton, Phillips and Bulmer, Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers, 1755 1757 Notre Dame St., MONTREAL.

PARKER HOUSE, BOSTON.

J. REED WHIPPLE & CO., Proprietors. YOUNG'S HOTEL, BOSTON. J. REED WHIPPLE & CO., Proprietors. EUROPEAN PLAN. Cooking and Service excellent by none. Complete in all appointments. Best location in the city. The Boston Transcript says: "Mr. Whipple is a prince of landlords, and patrons of Parker's may anticipate a return to the good old times of its founder, Harvey D. Parker." Mr. WHIPPLE will continue the management of Young's as heretofore. 6 oct 4

MONTREAL BEATEN.

Concluded from Page 8.

Mitchell of the Grand Trunk Club, by two boat lengths.

The canoe race, four paddles, was contested by two Lachine crews. It was a good race, the winners being F. Fairbanks, F. Stewart, C. Routh and H. Routh, against P. Rawlings, L. Levine, A. Moss, and N. Eames.

Two crews from the Grand Trunk Club took part in the four oared race, distance one mile straightway. Crew B, consisting of A. Green, stroke, J. Beatty, R. J. Kell and D. W. Davis, beat the other crew badly, who did not turn up to give their names.

The tandem canoe race over a mile course with turn was an exciting contest and resulted as follows:

Dugan and Sherwood, Lachine, first. F. C. Fairbanks and F. Stewart, Lachine, second. J. Riley and A. Irving, St. Lachine, third. J. L. Barlow and E. Walters, Valois, fourth.

The Green swimming race, distance 100 yards, was for boys under 16 years of age who had never won a first prize. It resulted in E. Sanderson winning, P. F. Sanderson, second, G. H. Stephens, third and Claude Cook and J. Kennedy last.

A short distance canoe race, single paddle from bow, was won by Haldim and, with J. Perreault second, and Alex, Irving, A. H. Barton and J. R. Gardner closely following.

The greasy pole contest made no end of amusement for the spectators. A greased pole was extended from the judges' scow, to the end of which a flag was attached. Messrs. Levine, Brown, A. H. Burton, H. Routh, F. Fairbanks and F. Stewart attempted to capture the colors for some time, each time falling into the water in some amusing shape. F. Stewart was the first to haul down the flag.

This ended the programme and still white-winged skills were to be seen struggling along under the opposite shore. It is possible that they might have returned in time to see some of the bonnet hop in the evening.

A peculiar fact about the races is that every prize was carried away from St. Anne. In fact, it seems that the boys did not make much of an effort to uphold the reputation which St. Anne has always had. They appeared to be content to look on instead of contesting every event as they should have done.

The judges of the races were Messrs. W. J. White and A. W. Morris, of the Lake St. Louis Canoe Club, J. H. Douglas and Major E. L. Bond, of the St. Anne Club, and W. Perceval, of the St. Lambert Club, as well as the committee of the St. Anne Club, who were Messrs. W. Townsend, C. W. Waitland, C. D. Hanson, R. Beaudin and Jas. McDougall. Mr. G. S. Hubble acted as starter. A bonnet hop and the presentation of prizes followed in the evening.

THE RIFLE.

Result of Saturday's Shooting in the Military Rifle League.

Generally speaking, the weather was more favorable for shooting on Saturday than it has been for some time back. The fifth match of the Canadian Military Rifle League was shot on Saturday, both in and out of the city. The shooting was very good as will be found by a perusal of the following tables. The local teams fired at Cote St. Luc ranges with the following results. Owing to the fact that several corps were in camp some received permission to shoot on other days than those set apart by the League. The local scores is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Team Name and Score. Includes Victoria Rifles 1st team (784), Montreal Garrison Artillery (749), etc.

The Royal Scots by permission shot their League match in conjunction with their ball game on the 31st inst. The 1st team made 695 points and the 2nd team 614. The 14th battalion of Kingston shot on the 28th of June and made 485 points.

The following is the result of the shooting elsewhere:

Table with 2 columns: Team Name and Score. Includes 2nd Batt., Charlottetown (739), 5th Batt., Peterboro (694), etc.

TROTTERING.

The Longueuil Meeting, Which Begins on Wednesday, and its Prospects.

The trotting meeting which begins on Wednesday at Longueuil under the auspices of the National Trotting Association promises to be one of the best held in this vicinity for a long time. The Longueuil club have spared no expense or labor in perfecting the track, etc.

They have also secured gentlemen of the highest probity, with a thorough knowledge of trotting rules, so that the spectators need not have any fear of the usual "tricks" that have in the past cast a cloud over what is in reality one of the finest of sports. A free trainer will run each day, every fifteen minutes, from the Schelegas wharf.

There will be two named races run every 7, one on each day, the entries for which are as follows.

ONE MILE REPEAT. M. Cauchon, ch. m. Painter Boy; M. Archambault, blk. g. Neger; J. H. LeFebvre, b. m. Belle of Montreal; M. Lebeau, g. m. White Girl; M. St. Vincent, g. g. Louise Blanc; B. Aubry, blk. m. Polly S. P. Caisse, br. g. Honest Mack; R. Arbour, b. g. Nadeau; M. Crevier, br. m. Jacques Cariv; G. N. Lussier, b. m. Fauny (owner); J. Toupin, ch. g. St. Jerome Boy; M. Beauchamp, s. g. Beolosi B. By; Dr. Cueva, br. g. St. Hilaire Boy.

THE FETE NATIONAL.

Solmer Park Transformed Into a Veritable Fairground.

The Montreal Union Nationale Francaise Fete is an unqualified success. It commenced yesterday afternoon and Solmer Park never presented a more charming picture. It may better be described as an earthly fairland. The afternoon scene was pretty but when in the evening four hundred gas lights were lit, dozens of electric lights shining, countless beautiful lanterns hanging in every conceivable position, the sight was grand in the extreme. Nine hundred dollars was spent in decorations and flags, bunting, evergreens and, in fact, decorations of all kinds.

To meet the demands of the at least 15,000 people seating accommodation was so arranged that no one need grow weary without having somewhere to rest. In front of the stage is a seating capacity for 4,000 people, and throughout the afternoon and evening it was hard to find a vacant chair. At the head of the stage covering is raised an immense banner, upon which float the Union Jack and the tricolor in its perfect harmony as the immense crowd which gazed upon it. It must not for a moment be imagined that no one but our French citizens are attending the fete. There are many English and there are amusements to suit every class.

Surrounding the auditorium, tents to the number of about twenty are erected, and on them sports of all kinds will take place to-day. Refreshment booths and dining halls are numerous and certainly nothing has been left undone that could be done to make the gala a success, and success it is.

Mr. Lavigne worked indefatigably. His excellent band, led by himself, played, it would seem, as they never played before. Perhaps the crowd and the enthusiasm manifested had a good deal to do with the music, but certain it is that it was grand.

Talk about race feeling predominating—not with the city band yesterday. Mixed up with the numbers chosen from the best authors they played Rala Britannia, and La Marseillaise, and English and French songs, and a song which was played when "God Save the Queen" was played to the honor of the leader. One lady and one gentleman were retained to assist in the programme. They were Miss Mabel Stillman and Mr. Carl Odell. The other artists left on Saturday, but these two have made and will leave behind a name of which any father might be proud. Miss Stillman has been spoken of before in these columns, but she has never been heard to such advantage as last night, when she whistled Patterson's Concert Waltz. It was simply charming, and to say that she added to her success is all the praise possible to give her.

Mr. Odell raised a perfect furor when he sang in his fine tenor voice "The Yeoman's Wedding Song." It is old, but the audience wanted something they knew, and they got it. Of course he was encored, and his "Three Old Maids" took as well as his first number.

This with the band composed the programme as far as the stage was concerned, but many found amusement in walking on the promenade, where blew a delightful cool breeze, and many enjoyed the pleasures to be found in the hotel in the centre of the park.

Better order could not have been maintained. There were police there, but there was no need for them. Perhaps there might have been had they not been there, but as it were they simply enjoyed themselves watching the pleasures of others. The fete will be in full swing to-day, when a Japanese juggler will be one of the attractions.

Everyone Should Try To secure good health. The great specific for all diseases arising from disordered stomach, such as overflow of bile, sick headache, loss of appetite, nausea, palpitation, indigestion, constipation and all blood diseases, is Burdock Blood Bitters. Hundreds of people owe their health to B.B.B., purgative's regulator tonic.

Parker's is Parker's Once More. Boston has so long regarded the Parker House as among its institutions, that the adjustment of its affairs by which the hotel comes into the management of J. R. Whipple & Co. is a cause for congratulation, not only to the daily patrons of the hotel, but to the public as well, who know him as the proprietor of that other most famous Boston hotel, Young's, which he still retains.

Mr. Whipple is a prince of landlords, and the patrons of Parker's may anticipate a return of those good old times of its founder, Harvey D. Parker, when the best that the market afforded was set before its guests in the most liberal spirit, and its cooking and service were specialized, but more limited but none excelled.

The Parker House is a fine hotel, well furnished and complete in all its appointments, and has perhaps the best location in Boston for business. With Mr. Whipple at its head we may be sure that the most will be made of all these advantages, which are calculated to give the Parker House a patronage limited only by its ability to accomplish. Mr. Whipple understands the wants of the public in general, and the tastes of "Parker's" patrons in particular, too well to reduce the quality or quantity of the food, or cut down the wages of overworked employees. Mr. Whipple is emphatically the right man in the right place at the Parker House.

School Boards. The Protestant Board of School Commissioners received notice from the Minister of the Interior at Ottawa, that the Dominion Government will waive any rights that it holds over the property on Logan's farm sold to the Board some years ago, and that the Board is now authorized to sell the property and use the funds so procured for school purposes. In view of this order it is probable that the property in question, which has already been laid out in lots suitable for building, will be upon the market early in the autumn.

Smoke Hand-Made Cigar, Nectar, 5 Cents. The season of green fruits and summer drinks is the time when the worst forms of cholera morbus, diarrhoea and bowel complaints prevail. As a safeguard Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry should be kept in the house. For 35 years it has been the most reliable remedy.

SOHNER PARK. Every afternoon and evening this week, SATURDAY PRIZE DRAWING from the Royal Court of Lapin, the greatest gambling at Lapin and Prestidigitator. Music by City Band; afternoons from 3 to 5; evenings from 8 to 10 o'clock. Admission only 10 cents.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Joseph Ring fell off a plank into the St. Lawrence river early on Saturday morning. Although a diligent search has been made his body has not been found.

Mr. G. Johnson, superintendent Dominion census, has written to the Acting Mayor asking for a copy of the map of Montreal showing the annexations since 1851.

The new organ for St. Isidore Roman Catholic church in the county of Laprairie, built by Mr. E. Desmarais, of this city, at a cost of \$2,000, is to be inaugurated on the 20th inst.

Mr. W. A. Kneeland has purchased the large block of land bounded by Rushbrooke, Bessford and Napoleon streets at Point St. Charles. The lot contains about 32,000 feet and the price paid was about \$4,000.

Projecting signs are slowly but surely disappearing. Evidently the information given that prosecution would follow in the wake of those who do not conform to the by-law by the first of August is having its effect.

It is probable that Montreal will have a visit during the coming season from Henry M. Stanley and Sir Morell Mackenzie. Both have agreed to give fifteen lectures in America at a pretty respectable sum for each.

The Dominion Alliance is moving in the direction of the establishment of a home for the indigent. The committee appointed for that purpose have reported the desirability for a home, but action in the matter was deferred till a later date.

The regular monthly meeting of St. Ann's Young Men's Society was held yesterday afternoon when a quantity of routine was disposed of. It was announced that the annual picnic would be held on August 7th. The destination being Lake St. Peter.

The Canada Pacific Railway Company, at a meeting of the Commissioners for the opening of Ontario street, asked the city to guarantee them for all damages and claims for the same, provided they permitted the proposed subway to be placed under their track at Hochelaga.

A Gospel temperance meeting was held last evening in the Royal Templars Hall, Mansfield street, when eloquent addresses were delivered by Messrs. W. Tees, C. J. Latimer and J. H. Carson. These were interspersed by some hymns excellently rendered by a select choir.

The Protestant Board of School Commissioners has received notice from the Minister of the Interior at Ottawa that the Dominion Government will waive any rights that it holds over the property on Logan's farm, and that the Board is now authorized to sell the property and use the funds so procured for school purposes. It is likely that it will be placed on the market on an early date.

Mr. McDermaid was walking along the rampart wall yesterday afternoon when a freight train passed her. In the fright which she received she jumped to the side of the wall and fell headlong to the street. When picked up it was found that she had received severe internal injuries, and it was thought advisable to remove her to the General Hospital, where she now lies.

W. Lappin, of 1222 Catherine street, Philadelphia, is anxious to obtain information regarding the whereabouts of his uncle, one Henry Ditty, or his descendants. Ditty came to Montreal in 1858 from Belfast, and was followed by his sister, Martha Ann. The letter of inquiry from Mr. Lappin says that Ditty was a schoolmaster in or near Montreal, and that he "rode a little pony to school." If alive, Mr. Ditty is about 70 years of age.

The Twelfth of July. The "Glorious Twelfth" passed off very quietly in the city. In the evening those who were in town celebrated the day with a dinner which, was well attended.

It is said that a young lady standing at a shop door on Notre Dame West on Saturday morning observed a man looking rather unpleasantly at her for wearing an orange lily. She went inside and saved the individual the trouble of translating it under his foot, as he remarked he would have done if she had not gone.

Domination Square. To-night, Monday, at 8.15 the Victoria Rifles' band will perform the following programme: March, L'Etendard; Boisson Polka, En Attendant; Brant's Gigue; Faint is Strong; W. W. Enchanted; Cornet Solo, Felicita; Hartmann's March; Marche, Adrien; Sellenick Selection, L'Esprit d'Amore; Donizetti Allegro Militaire; Toilette.

Personal Mention. Mr. C. B. Strong and wife, of Washington, D. C., are stopping at the Richelieu.

Mr. Andrew Hardie, farmer of Langneuil, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace.

Mrs. Langevin, bishop of Rimouski, and brother of Sir Hector Langevin, is reported to be seriously ill.

Mrs. A. P. Wenker, Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mrs. A. M. Brooks, Cincinnati, O., are among the guests at the Richelieu.

A Case for Pasteur. New York, July 13.—The latest patient to arrive at the Pasteur Institute is an Arizona cowboy who was bitten by a coyote or skunk while sleeping on the ground. His three companions who were also bitten have since died. Dr. Behier inoculated the cowboy, though it is somewhat doubtful whether his case comes properly under the treatment.

German Socialist Organization. BERLIN, July 13.—The Socialists are organizing provincial conferences throughout Germany for the purpose of proposing candidates for the various German Diets believing they are now sufficiently strong to elect representatives in nearly all strongholds.

Meeting of German Marksmen. Berlin, July 13.—Comprising delegates from most of the large towns of Germany, held a meeting in Berlin last night, and resolved to hold the next rifle shooting contest at Mayence.

BILOUSNESS AND ACID STOMACH. Having used your Burdock Blood Bitters successfully for some time past for my complaint, biliousness and acid stomach, I have never found its equal. Thos. W. Sutton St. Thomas Ont.

DEATHS. LAROCQUE.—In this city, at his residence No. 397 Dorchester street, on the 13th inst., Francois Antoine Charlier Larocque, aged seventy years and 18 months. The funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 16th inst., at 8.30 o'clock a.m. Friends are requested to be present at the funeral without further invitation. 123456

THE INCLINE RAILWAY.

Formally Opened to the Public Yesterday.

Those who had any doubts as to the advisability of the Mountain Incline railway being extended to Bleury street would have had them completely dispelled had they been present on Fletcher's Field yesterday afternoon when the extension was opened to the public. Over 4,000 persons of all ages travelled over the line, which was found in capital condition, the cars travelling with perfect ease and freedom to the delight of those travelling on it. One of the chief features was the large number of workmen with their families who availed themselves of the easy access to the beautiful mountain top, to inhale the fresh air and enjoy a quiet rural holiday. "The Herald" done a good job in advocating this, enthusiastically remarked a father with four children as he took his seat with his family in the pretty car. The observation was unanimously endorsed by his fellow travellers.

WATER! WATER! WATER! Although there were between six and seven thousand people on the mountain yesterday, many of them were unable to procure a glass of water, and the remarks passed by them on the park ranger were anything but pleasant. In former years there used to be barrels placed at intervals to enable the little ones to quench their thirst, but why the same practice is not carried out this year is a mystery that requires to be solved.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST. The Orange Celebration.—Papade Deplorable Fatality.—Sporting Notes.

WINNEPEG, July 13.—Yesterday's celebration of the 12th July was the largest demonstration of the kind ever held in Manitoba. Nearly 6,000 visitors came into town, the great majority being brought by special and regular trains on the C.P.R. In the afternoon a procession was formed, and paraded the principal streets. It was over a mile long. The large crowd assembled in DuRoi Park after the parade, and speeches were made by J. L. Hughes, Toronto; Grand Master Mulvey, Revs. Grant, Roy, and others. In the evening the visitors departed.

A fatal accident occurred on Notre Dame street while the procession was passing. Mrs. J. B. Ferguson, her three little children, and lady friend were sitting in a carriage when the horses ran away, throwing the driver out in a ditch. They dashed up Notre Dame st., past Bijou Theatre, and in trying to turn the corner of the next street, struck the carriage into a ditch, the occupants being thrown out. Edith Ferguson aged 7, struck against the side walk and received such injuries that she died in a few minutes. The other children were badly cut on the face, and Mrs. Ferguson was bruised but not seriously.

At Winnipeg Regatta Carey's crew won the club fours, Galt and Fox the double sculls, Mr. and Mrs. Patton the canoe race, J. D. Morris junior singles and the juniors defeated the senior fours by more than their ten seconds handicap. Time 6.35.

The Clippers, of Winnipeg, were defeated at base ball by the Holland club, 21 to 9.

Winnipeg defeated the Plum Creeks at lacrosse 5 to 1.

There was no disturbance during the day and a noticeable absence of drunkenness, and nothing to mar it except the deplorable fatal accident to Mrs. Ferguson's daughter.

Central Vermont Railroad.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL.

8.30 A.M. WHITE MOUNTAIN Express arriving Montpelier 12.50 p.m., Wells River 2.30 p.m., Whitefield 4.10 p.m., Bellows Falls 4.30 p.m., Profile House 4.45 p.m., Fayston 4.10 p.m., SUMMIT MOUNT, WASHINGTON 6.30 p.m., Crawford House 4.55 p.m., Portland 5.05 p.m., Old Orchard Beach 9 p.m. Wagner New Buffet Parlor cars Montreal to Fayston.

8.30 A.M.—Fast train, arriving St. Albans 10.50 a.m., Burlington 12.10 p.m., Montpelier 1.50 p.m., White River Junction 2.45 p.m., Boston via Lowell 7.30 p.m., and New York via Springfield 10 p.m.

4.20 P.M.—Local, arriving at St. Alex. andre 5.37 p.m., Des Rivières 5.51 p.m., Stanbridge 5.57 p.m., St. Armand 6.10 p.m., Highgate Springs 6.20 p.m., St. Albans 6.30 p.m., Farnham 5.55 p.m., Granby 6.40 p.m., Waterloo 7.20 p.m.

5.55 SUNDAY INCLINED, arriving St. Albans 7.45 p.m. (Spec); Burlington 8.55 p.m., Montpelier 10.15 p.m., Troy 1.45 a.m., Albany 2.30 a.m., New York 7.00 a.m. Daily. Sunday excepted, arriving Worcester 6.40 a.m.; Boston 6.55 a.m., via Railroad, Bellows Falls and Fletcherburg.

Wagner's new Vestibule Buffet Palace Sleeping Cars Montreal to New York and Boston. This train makes close connections at Winchester, Fitchburg and Boston for all points in New England.

8.30 P.M.—Boston Night Express, DAILY SUNDAY INCLUDED, arriving St. Albans 10.45 p.m., White River Junction 3.15 a.m., Manchester 6.25 a.m., Nashua 7.00 a.m., Boston via Lowell 8.30 a.m. Daily, Sunday excepted. For Boston via Fitchburg, arriving 9.35 a.m., New York via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield and New Haven, 11.40 a.m. Wagner New Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield.

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5.45 p.m.—Night Express, except Sundays included. Wagner's Buffet Vestibule Sleeping Car runs through to New York without change, arriving in New York at 10.30 next morning. This train makes close connection at Troy and Albany with Sleeping Car Train for Boston, arriving at 8.30 a.m. New York through Mail and Express carried via this line.

Information given and tickets sold at Windsor and Balmoral Hotels, all Grand Trunk Offices; and at the Company's Office. 143 St. James Street, Montreal. J. W. BURDICK, W. H. HENRY, General Pass. Agent, Agent, Albany, N. Y. Montreal.

A POWERFUL STRIKING MACHINE.

A Combination of All Organized Labor. LONDON, July 13.—An immense meeting of the federated trades unions was held last evening at which it was resolved to call a council embodying representatives of every branch of labor with a view to the formation of a general board. This action was taken in consequence of the failure of the attempts of the police and postmen to organize a general strike as well as the ill success of several recent strikes, which at the outset promised victory. The utmost enthusiasm characterized the meeting and the movement will doubtless result in a combination so powerful as to compel the settlement of future labor disputes by arbitration on a basis satisfactory to those whose grievances are based upon justice.

Banquet of Marksmen. BERLIN, July 13.—A grand banquet was held to-night as the closing event of the rifle tournament. The mayor of Berlin sent a letter of apology for his unavoidable absence. Letters of greeting and congratulation were read from various sovereigns and princes.

For hot weather the "Monterral" Lime-Fruit Juice, diluted and sweetened to the taste, is a delightful and healthful drink.

Taking up His Quarters. Mr. Burgess, Government steam-boat inspector, has again taken up his quarters in the Harbor Commissioners' building. He had to move from the old harbor police building on account of that place being given for an immigrants' sheltering home. He has taken the same quarters which he some years ago occupied in the Harbor Commissioners' building.

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ONE EXTREME OF SLAVIC LIFE.

Some of the Gorgeous Churches and Palaces of St. Petersburg.

The true splendor and magnificence of Russian architecture must be sought for in the interiors. This I discovered a little later while dining with a young officer of the Imperial Guard, whose dining-room may be taken as a convenient standard. One end of this apartment was occupied entirely by a porphyry fish pond, the contents having been brought from the Volga. "While eating our soup he pointed out the most desirable fish, and this was immediately caught by a "mujik," and in a few minutes lay smoking on the table. This luxury was not peculiar to my particular Slavic Lucas, as every one who has visited Russia well knows; but I must confess my accidental imagination received a slight shock as, glancing up from the mosaic floor, my eyes encountered the legendary history of the family, in sculptured bas-relief worthy of Thorwaldsen, extending the entire length of the room, and punctuated by pilasters of malachite, twenty feet high, the capitals of gold supporting a ceiling by Makowski, while the ribs inclosing the fresco and forming a groin were also of the precious metal. The rest of the appointments were as costly and magnificent in their way, but these would come under the head of decorative rather than of architectural. All this splendor seems less pretentious and more natural when one bears in mind the average wealth of a Russian noble, 50,000 acres of cultivated land not being considered particularly opulent; indeed, my genial host, after the requisite amount of hesitation exacted by modesty and good taste, informed me that he possessed 25,000 acres. And yet private expenditure is as nothing compared to ecclesiastical, as in the old Church of Kazan, where Jasper columns and an altar of solid silver weighing seven tons bear witness to Slavic reverence for spiritual things. Nor does outward respect cease there, for no peasant, however humble, passes a church, or a sacred image, or an emblem without removing his hat and crossing himself three times; while Easter Sunday a "mujik" will wait from 7 o'clock until 9 to enter a church, and when within will remain either standing or kneeling (sitting not being allowed) until 7 in the morning, when the service ends, courting further weariness all the time by prostrating himself and performing other Swedish movements, considered reverential. So great is the crush on these occasions, at which the Czar as high pontiff officiates, that one or two people are killed annually. Fortunately, every true believer is compelled to take a bath on fete days, or I fear, their enthusiasm would be more odorous than "Santal."

BLINDS OF DAMASK.

A Novelty Just Introduced by a Firm in London. We are having new blinds, dear, made of damask with the pattern woven in. It is a novelty introduced by Hampton & Sons, and is likely to supersede entirely the old-fashioned printed material. I always judge of the character of a house by its blinds and the condition of its windows, and so, I suppose, does everybody else. Quite the prettiest house I know has these new damask blinds in the end, shade of cream with deep fringes to the end, yellow window-boxes filled with calceolaria, and white silk short blinds tied back with yellow silk sashes. These details give the place a very dainty and coquettish air. It is the sort of house from whose appearance one is confidently led to expect an excellent dinner, and those carefully thought-out breakfasts which not only physically fortify one against the fatigues and chances of the day, but morally refresh and invigorate as well by arousing a cheerful vein of thought. "Madge," in London Truth.

A Cold-Blooded Groom.

"Have you brought any witnesses?" asked the Rev. Mr. Wood of Bathurst of a middle-aged couple who had come to be married. "No, we ne'r thoct o' that. It's necessary?" "O, certainly," said the minister; "you should have a groomsmen and bridesmaid as witnesses." "Who can we get, Jean, dae ye think?" The bride so addressed suggested a female cousin whom the bridegroom had not previously seen, and after consultation a man was also thought of. "Step ye awa' along Jean, an' ask them, an' I'll walk about till ye come back." Jean set out as desired, and after some time returned with the two friends, the cousin being a blooming lass, somewhat younger than the bride. When the parties had been properly arranged and the minister was about to proceed with the ceremony the bridegroom suddenly said: "Wad ye bid a wee, sir?" "What is it now?" said the minister. "Weel I was just gawn to say that if it wad be the same to you, I would rather have that one," pointing to the bridesmaid. "A most extraordinary statement to make at this stage! I'm afraid it is too late to talk of such a thing now." "Is it?" said the bridegroom in a tone of calm resignation to the inevitable. "Weel, then, ye maun just gang on."—Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle.

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PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Interesting Statistics in Regard to Health Among Women Students.

The health of women students has been a subject of recent investigation by Mrs. Henry Sidgwick. Mrs. Sidgwick in her English statistics introduces an element not found hitherto in similar inquiries by including for comparison the health of one sister of each student (that one who was nearest to the student in age in the family and over 21 and who had not been to college); so that facts have been recorded relating to two sets of women of whom it may be said roughly that they lived under the same circumstances, except that one set had been to college and the other had not. The statistics show that a decidedly higher level of health is maintained by the students than by their sisters. For example, that of their sisters who do not attend college is 68 per cent. students as compared with 59 per cent. of their sisters report themselves as enjoying excellent or good health at the time the reports were sent in. It is also shown that on the average the present health of students is almost exactly the same as their health on entering college—a period which would in each case be determined largely by the health being then at least up to its normal, and when the average health of all students would therefore be especially high. These two periods being on an average about seven years apart, it would seem that any deleterious effects would have had time to show themselves. It has often been suggested that a university education tends to prevent women from marrying. It is no doubt probable that it tends to raise the age at which they marry, since this would not occur till they had left college. But, allowing for this, it is shown that the percentage of students who marry is quite equal to that of their sisters who do not. The percentage of those married who have children is larger among students than among either their sisters or other American students, and the level of health of their children is higher.

The Physiology of Taste.

The localization of the different forms of taste sensations is a subject which is usually cursorily passed over in text books, with the statements that the posterior third, the tip and sides of the tongue only are sensitive that sweet substances are best perceived by the tip, bitter ones at the back and so on. Science calls attention to the results of observations by Oehlwall, who, by the aid of a lens, stimulated the individual papillae by means of a fine brush dipped in solutions of sugar, quinine, acetic acid and salt. He found that, as had before been observed, the circumvallate papillae were particularly sensitive, but that on the sides and tip the fungiform papillae only were sensitive. He estimated that in the whole tongue there were 350 to 400 of these papillae, of which he found 135 only to respond to stimuli. Many of them appeared to be excited by all four of the substances employed, but in other cases papillae were found to respond to one form of stimulus but not to another. Thus 19 per cent. responded to acetic acid, but not to sugar; 24 per cent. which were sensitive to acid were unaffected by quinine, while 15 per cent. which recognized sugar did not respond at all to the application of quinine. All of the papillae were sensitive to touch, pain, heat and cold. When stimulated by a mild faradic current an acid taste only was excited. He confirmed the observations of older authors, that most of the anterior two-thirds of the dorsum of the tongue was devoid of gustatory papillae.—Buffalo Times.

A Physician on Hypnotism.

The first thing that strikes me in connection with hypnotism is the confidence with which it is asserted that it has been proved beyond dispute to be so successful that it cannot drop. But I am old enough to remember that this was said in the time of mesmerism. Practically, mesmerism fell into desuetude 15 years ago. Except in distant corners such a thing is scarcely heard of. Now from some researches which have been conducted at Nancy and stimulated by the opposition of the Salpêtrière school, we have the subject once more brought before us, and we are told of the advent of a great important practical truth. Once more we are told that hypnotism has established itself for all good. I have no hesitation in prophesying that before 25 years have passed it will be in the same position that it was 25 years ago. There is a measure of physiological truth in the assumed influence of hypnotism, and the explanation must be sought in the relation of what we call will to the body. In these experiments, too, we have attention and expectancy, which, being combined with will in a remarkable degree of concentration, are capable, as is well known, of bringing about very remarkable results. There are many homely illustrations of this fact. You have got a racking headache; suddenly some person is unexpectedly announced, and your headache is gone. Or you may have a patient suffering from costiveness, and racked with aperients, until the mucus membrane has got into a state of chronic irritation. By giving a bread pill aided by suggestion, you can so influence the mind that the bread pill will be certain to succeed in eight cases out of ten. In these facts we have the groundwork for a great many of the phenomena of hypnotism.—Sir Andrew Clark in the Lancet.

Scientific News.

From Norway comes the report that Dr. Nansen, the Greenland explorer, will next year set out on a new Polar expedition. A special steamer, which can be hauled on to the surface of the ice, is being constructed for the use of the explorer, who had determined to pursue the same course which was taken by the ill-fated Jeannette—namely through the Behring straits to the islands of New Siberia. After Nov. 1, 1892, the bill passed by the New York legislature requiring the equipment of engines and freight cars with automatic couplers will be in force, with a \$500 penalty for each instance of non-compliance with the law. M. Fouquet, a mineralogist, claims to have discovered in a mixture of silicate of copper and lime a perfectly unchangeable color identical with the beautiful Alexandrian blue, the composition of which has long puzzled artists. Scientific writers have recently noted a curious phenomenon, by virtue of which electric cars can ascend unusually heavy grades. When the current passes from the car wheel to the track it causes an increased friction or resistance to sliding between them, the result of which is that slipping is to a large degree prevented.

A Metal That Melts Easily.

A metal that will melt at such a low temperature as 150 degs. is certainly a curiosity, but according to The Iron Trade Review it has been successfully produced at Syracuse, N. Y. It is an alloy composed of lead, tin, bismuth and cadmium, and, in weight, hardness and color, resembles type metal. So easily does it melt that, if you place it on a comparatively cool part of the stove with a piece of paper under it, it will melt without the paper being scorched. Another peculiarity about it is that it will not retain heat, and becomes cold the moment it melts. It is used in the manufacture of the little automatic fire alarms for hotels, which give an electric alarm when the metal melts, owing to the rising of the temperature by fire.

Disease is the beginning of death, its approach should be met at once by appropriate remedies. No better means than the use of Burdock Blood Bitters whenever symptoms of any disease of the stomach, liver, bowels or blood appear. B.B.B. is the best life preserver. Smoke Hand-Made Cigar, Nectar, 5 Cents.

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MARRIAGE AND MORALITY

A POWERFUL PAPER BY COUNT LEON TOLSTOI.

A Reply to the Critics of "The Kreutzer Sonata" - Some New and Startling Views by the Russian Romanticist and Philosopher.



COUNT LEON TOLSTOI handled in the story "The Kreutzer Sonata." With this request I shall now endeavor to comply.

My views on the question may be succinctly stated as follows: Without entering into details, it will be generally admitted that I am accurate in saying that many people condemn in young men a course of conduct with regard to the other sex which is incompatible with strict morality.

It is not possible that the health of one class should be ruined by the rule of another, and in consequence it is our first duty to turn a deaf ear to such an essentially immoral doctrine, no matter how strongly society may have established or law protected it.

Moreover, it needs to be fully recognized that men are rightly to be held responsible for the consequences of their acts, and that those who are no longer to be visited upon the female society in which they move made up exclusively of their own mothers and sisters.

A more rational mode of life should be adopted, which would include abstinence from alcoholic drinks, from excess in eating and from flesh meats, on the one hand, and recourse to physical labor on the other.

In the second place, I think that of late years, through various reasons into which I need not enter, but amongst which the above-mentioned laxity of opinion in society and the frequent idealization of the subject in current literature and painting may be mentioned, conjugal infidelity has become more common, and is considered less reprehensible.

The origin of this evil is two-fold. It is due, in the first place, to a natural instinct and, in the second, to the elevation of this instinct to a place to which it does not rightly belong. This being so, the evil can only be remedied by effecting a change in the views now in vogue about "falling in love" and all that this term implies, by educating men and women at home through family influence and example, and abroad by means of healthy public opinion, to practice that abstinence which morality and Christianity alike enjoin and to see in their animal passion foes to be conquered rather than friends to be encouraged.

In the third place, I am of opinion that an other consequence of the false light in which "falling in love" and what it leads to are viewed in our society is that the birth of children has lost its priestly significance, and that modern marriages are conceived less and less from the point of view of the family. I am of opinion that this is not right. These doctrines and the practices which result from them wreck not only the bodily but what is still worse, the spiritual - strength and vigor of women, and for the result they should be avoided. The remedy is to be found in that self-restraint which, rightly considered, is an essential element of man's dignity and what is as incumbent upon him after as before marriage. This is my third contention.

In the fourth place, I am of opinion that the children (who in our society are either an obstacle to enjoyment, or an unlucky accident, as it were - or else, if the number is within the maximum laid down beforehand as desirable, merely an enjoyment of another kind) are educated, not with a view to the problem which they will one day be called on to face and to solve, but solely with an eye to the pleasure which they may be made to yield to their parents. The consequence is that the children of human beings are brought up for all the world like the young of animals, the chief care of their parents being, not to train them to such work as is worthy of men and women, but to increase their weight, to add a cubit to their stature, to make them spruce, sleek, well-fed and comely. They rig them out in all manner of fantastic costumes, wash them, overfeed them and refuse to make them work.

If the children of the lower orders differ in this respect from those of the well-to-do classes, the difference is merely formal; they work from sheer necessity, and not because their parents recognize work as a duty. And in overfed children as in overfed animals sensuality is engendered unnaturally early.

Fashionable dress-to-day, the course of reading, plays, music, dances, luscious food, all the elements of our modern life, in a word from the pictures on the little boxes of sweetmeats up to the novels, the tale and the poem contribute to fan this sensuality into a strong consuming flame, with the result that sexual conditions of the period of tender youth and often continue into the riper age of full-blown manhood. And I am of opinion that this is not right.

It is high time it ceased. The children of human beings should not be brought up as if they were animals, and we should set up as the object, and strive to obtain as the result of our labors something better and nobler than a well-dressed body. This is my fourth contention.

In the fifth place, I am of opinion that, owing to the exaggerated and erroneous significance attributed by our society to love and to the idealized states that accompany and succeed it, the best energies of our men and women are drawn forth and exhausted during the most promising period of life; those of the men in the work of looking for, choosing and winning the most desirable objects of love, for which purpose lying and fraud are held to be quite excusable; those of the women and girls in luring men and deceiving them into marriages by the most questionable means conceivable as an instance of what the present fashions in evening dress

may be cited. I am of opinion that this is not right. The truth is that the whole affair has been exalted by poets and romancers to an undue importance, and that love in its various developments not a fitting object to consume the best energies of men. People set it before them and strive after it, because their view of life is as vulgar and brutish as that of other conceptions frequently met with in the lower stages of development, which sees in lascivious and abundant food an end worthy of man's best efforts. Now this is not right, and should not be done. And in order to avoid doing it, it is only needful to realize the fact that whatever truly deserves to be held up as a worthy object of man's striving and working, whether it be the service of humanity, of one's country, of science, of art, or to speak of the service of God, is far above and beyond the sphere of personal enjoyment. Hence it follows that not only to form a liaison, but even to contract marriage is, from a Christian point of view, not a progress but a fall. Love and all the states that accompany it and follow it never do and never can facilitate the attainment of an aim worthy of men, but always makes it more difficult. This is my fifth contention.

THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND.

An Inheritance of Hatred Transmitted from Sire to Son. Not many of our inherited American traits are stronger than dislike of England. It has been encouraged by the large proportion of Irish citizens, but it would exist if the Irish were not here. It is partly the fruit of the war for independence. Every American boy learns history with an anti-England bias. The most thrilling declamations in his repertory are those from Patrick Henry's, Sam Adams', Burke's, Chatham's, and Barre's speeches on the revolution. He reads of the commercial outrages which led to the war of 1812. Through all his life he dislikes the English name on collectively.

Prof. Goldwin wrote of this Anglophobia in one of the late magazines, and several American comment upon his article in the succeeding number just out. They smooth over the Anglophobia by saying that it is dying out. It is not dying out very fast. Americans dislike the English, but they do not necessarily dislike Englishmen. People of the same blood, language, and literature rarely hate each other as individuals without the usual offenses which engender personal quarrels everywhere. It was an American naval officer in the Orient who said "blood is thicker than water" and sailed in to help English men, though neither he nor his country had anything to do with the fight. If there were a prospect of war levied by other nations against England for race reasons, or if England were a weak power attacked on the ground of religion or constitution, we would probably do as our naval officer did.

Yet we do dislike England. Much of the dislike is an inheritance. Part of it comes from the instinct that the only country that can cause us fear is England. In the rivalry for commercial supremacy which all the peoples feel is coming we hardly consider France and Germany, great as their efforts are sometimes. We never think of about a dispute with any nation except England. We know that they are traders, colonizers, and hard-headed fellows generally. We entertain the notion that intellectually we are a greatly improved race of English blood - that we are quicker, brighter, and more susceptible than the stock which has staid on parent islands. Consequently there is a resentment at a "certain concession" we imagine the prejudice of Englishmen exhibits towards us. With that unrecurrent of ready resentment is a current in the same direction of respect for the obstinacy and pugnacity of our cousins.

A people's instincts are often in advance of formulated statement. We somehow feel that the two English-speaking nations will be compelled to combine or to fight for supremacy one of these days. Writers may discourse about better understanding between Americans and Englishmen. The understanding is no better than in 1775 or 1849. We have always understood each other very well - especially have Americans understood the English. The antagonism has weakened very little, and to-day there is no nation we would like as well to whip decisively. That is because we understand England so well. To whip Germany, or France, or Russia would be as nothing. To whip England would be to clear up some old scores and to establish ourselves at the head of the world. Yet the feeling is very close to an intimate friendship.

Unless we fight for the supremacy the two English-speaking nations will combine on a supremacy. Prior to either conclusion there will be a collective dislike and a great amount of individual friction. - Kansas City Times.

A Remarkable Fish.

Africa is the home of many extraordinary animals, but there is no more remarkable creature than the mudfish, which inhabits certain of the rivers of Western Africa, and as its name implies it lurks at the muddy bottoms of these rivers. At present, however, it is not necessary to go to Africa to see this fish, as it can be seen by any one who has the time in the reptile house at the Zoological Gardens. At first sight there is perhaps nothing especially striking about this animal; it looks very much like an ordinary fish, except for its curious long slender fins. A visitor who knows nothing about the creature would probably go away with the impression that he had seen nothing out of the common. When the fishes arrived each one was encased in a ball of dried mud, lined with mucus from its body and perforated by a small aperture - to admit of breathing. This "cocoon," as it is sometimes called, on account of its analogy to the earthen case fabricated by many caterpillars in which to undergo their metamorphoses, on being placed in warmish water was dissolved and the fish liberated. The habit which the mudfish has of making an earthen chamber of the mud at the bottom of the river is a most wonderful provision of nature for the exigencies of the climate. The rivers which the fish inhabits are liable to periodical droughts. When such a drought is imminent the fish retires to deep water and excavates a pit, in which it lies, covering itself over with a thick layer of mud. It can suffer with impunity the complete dry-up of the river. But the most interesting fact about the creature is that during the time of its voluntary imprisonment it breathes air directly through an aperture left in the cocoon, by means of lungs, just like a land animal. When the returning rains dissolve the mud and liberate the fish it breathes by means of gills, just like any other fish. - Leisure Hour.

Another English Plague of Rats. Considerable havoc is being caused among farmers' corn in West Suffolk by an extraordinary plague of rats. In one village, Lidgate, on four stacks of wheat being thrashed out, over a thousand rats were killed, as well as a prodigious quantity of mice. The rats are in some cases as remarkable for their size as for the vastness of their numbers. An immense cream-colored rat had been stuffed, and is regarded as a great curiosity by naturalists and rapacious. The damage done to wheat by these rapacious rodents is very serious. - London Daily News.

MY HUSBAND had asthma for eight years with severe cough, and his lungs were affected. He could not rest, work, nor get relief from any medicine he tried. Some time ago we got Haas' Pectoral Balm, and after taking six or eight bottles his cough is entirely cured, the asthma greatly relieved, and his lungs greatly benefited. Mrs. COVINGS, Apsley, Mo. Ont.

Smoke Hand-Made Cigar Nectar 5 Cent

ARMOUR'S Celebrated Canned Meats

No Wholesale Grocery stock is now considered complete without a full assortment of Armour's Celebrated Canned Meats, comprising Corned Beef, In 1 lb., 2 lb., 4 lb., 6 lb., and 14 lb. Tins. Also Lunch Tongues, Ox Tongues, Chipped Dried Beef, Boneless Pig's feet and fine English Brawn.

SOLE STOCK HELD BY Caverhill, Hughes & Co., L. Chaput, Filis & Co., George Childs & Co., D. Hutton & Co., Hudson, Hebert & Co., Klinton, Lindsay & Co., Lockport Bros., J. A. Mathewson & Co., McQuinn & Filis, Ransom, Forbes & Co., Teas, Wilson & Co., Turner, Rose & Co., Ward, Carter & Co., Dufresne & Mongeat. Hudson & Orsini.

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Auction Sale of Timber Berths.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS. (WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.) Toronto, 2nd July, 1890

NOTICE is hereby given, that under Order in Council certain Timber Berths in the Rainy River and Thunder Bay Districts, and a Berth composed of part of the Township of Aweres, in the District of Algoma, will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the First day of October next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto.

ARTHUR S. HARDY, Commissioner. Note - Particulars as to localities and descriptions of limits, area, etc., and terms and conditions of sale will be furnished on application, personally or by letter, to the Department of Crown Lands, or to Wm. Margach, Crown Timber Agent, Rat Portage for Rainy River Berths, or Hugh Munroe, Crown Timber Agent, Port Arthur, for Thunder Bay Berths.

TEN POUNDS IN TWO WEEKS THINK OF IT! As a Flesh Producer there can be no question but that

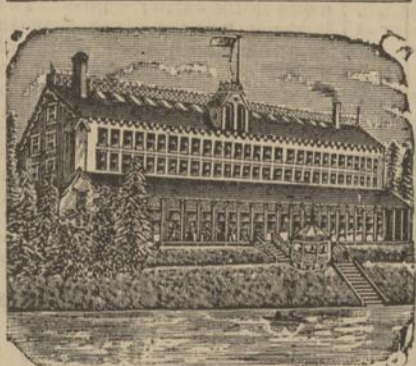
SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIMES AND SODA. A people's instincts are often in advance of formulated statement. We somehow feel that the two English-speaking nations will be compelled to combine or to fight for supremacy one of these days.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A Half-yearly dividend upon the Capital Stock of this Company will be payable in Sterling, per annum, will be paid on August 15th next, to Shareholders of record on that date. Of this dividend one and a half per cent. is from the annuity provided for by a deposit with the Canadian Government, and one per cent. is from the surplus earnings of the Company.

WARRANTS for this dividend, payable at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, 89 Wall Street, New York, will be delivered on and after August 15th, at that Agency to Shareholders on the New York Register.

WARRANTS of European Shareholders on the London Register will be payable in Sterling at the rate of four shillings and one penny half-penny (5s. 1 1/2d.) per dollar, less income tax, at the Bank of Montreal, 29 Abchurch Lane, London, and will be delivered on or about the same date at the office of the Company, 88 Cannon Street, London, England.



St. Leon Palace Hotel opened June 1st, 1890. Rates \$2 to \$3 a day; special rates by the week, month and season. Low fares by Water Covers. Mr. THOMAS, manager, formerly of the European Hotel, Toronto. For information address the St. Leon Mineral Water Co., Ltd., Toronto, or St. Leon Springs, Quebec.

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Awnings, Tents, Sails and Flags of all nations. Waggon Covers, Horse Covers. All kinds of Tents on hire. Tarpsaulins and Oil Skin Clothing. Hoist Ropes fitted up on shortest notice. Cheap Fire Escapes.

187 and 189 Commissioner Street MONTREAL. Telephone 1161. INSIDE SPRING ROLLER SHADES. April 5 178 81

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Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

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is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers, and is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival, and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 5 OXFORD STREET, (late 533 OXFORD STREET,) LONDON and are sold at 1s. 1 1/2d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 2s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address 533 Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY.

AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE, For public purposes, such as Education 1 Establishments, and a large Hall for the St. hn Baptist Society of Montreal.

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July 9, August 13, September 10, October 8, November 12, December 10. Second Monthly Drawing August 13th, 1890.

3134 PRIZES. Worth \$52,740.00 CAPITAL PRIZE Worth \$15,000.00 Tickets, - - - \$1.00 11 " for - - \$10.00

LIST OF PRIZES. 1 Prize worth \$15,000 - \$15,000.00 1 " " 5,000 - 5,000.00 1 " " 2,500 - 2,500.00 1 " " 1,250 - 1,250.00 2 Prizes " 500 - 1,000.00 5 " " 250 - 1,250.00 25 " " 50 - 1,250.00 100 " " 25 - 5,000.00 200 " " 15 - 4,500.00 500 " " 10 - 6,000.00 1000 " " 25 - 2,500.00 1000 " " 15 - 1,500.00 1000 " " 10 - 1,000.00 999 " " 5 - 4,995.00 999 " " 5 - 4,995.00

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Visitors to the PARIS EXPOSITION will have learnt that the leading brand in Paris, and, in fact, throughout France, is that of Messrs. BISQUIT, DUBOUCHE & CO., This house is the third largest shippers of Brandy in the world, Messrs JAS. HENNESSY & CO. and MARTELL & CO. only exceeding them.

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New and Admirable Features of its Perfected Plan, JUSTICE. LIBERALITY.

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Correspondence Solicited. Agents Wanted for Unrepresented Districts. D. Z. BESSETTE, General Manager, 217 St. James Street, Montreal.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

POST-OFFICE TIME TABLE FOR JULY, 1890.

Table with columns: DELIVERY, MAILS, CLOSING, A.M., P.M., A.M., P.M. Lists various routes and times for mail services.

THE REASON WHY

Reed's Rosin Cement Roofing, IT IS THE BEST, beyond question, in the market. GEO. W. REED, 103 trs 788 and 785 Craig street, Montreal

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AND - BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, etc. N.B. - ORDERS RECEIVED FROM THE WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY. December 22

GOLTMAN, TAILOR and CLOTHIER,

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begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has removed to new premises on Guy street, near the corner of St. Antoine street, where he will continue to manufacture first-class Furniture, such as he has been in the habit of making, and he trusts that by careful attention to his business to merit a continuance of the patronage of his numerous friends. Every attention and to repairs placed in his hands. May 15.

J. RIELLE, Land Surveyor,

ST. JAMES STREET,

MONTREAL BEATEN

BY THE MANITOBA CRICKET ELEVEN

In a Sharp Contest—Excellent Weather Attracts a Large Crowd—Cornwall's Tough Fight with the Shamrocks—Annual Regatta at St. Anne's—A Good Lot of Contests, but very little Wind.

The second day of the cricket match between the Manitobas and Montreals was concluded on Saturday under the most favorable auspices. The attendance of ladies and gentlemen was double that of the previous day, and the atmosphere was clear and bright, with just a fair ripple of a breeze, which pleasantly relieved the otherwise oppressive heat.

The breeze was in much better condition, thanks to the attention of the M. A. A. caretaker in the early morning.

Play was commenced shortly after eleven, and Hodgson and Hill, the Montreal not outs of the previous day, resumed the batting to the bowling of Bannintyne and Cameron. In the second over Hill was caught and bowled over by Cameron, and Dean, the last man in faced Hodgson. Dean played a faultless innings for 28 when he was clean bowled by Bannintyne, thus closing the innings for 119 runs, or 5 in advance of Manitoba. Dean not out 8. Hodgson on returning to the pavilion received an ovation for his brilliant work.

After a short rest the Manitobas commenced their second innings, Page and Williams resisting the attack of De Veube and Mackie. From the first ball of Mackie Page swiped a three bagger. Several maidens followed until the seventh over when De Veube disposed of Williams. One wicket for 5 runs. Prest now joined Page and the two apparently settled down to a long stay, but in the ninth over De Veube again bowled Page's middle stump amidst the cheers of the spectators. Two wickets for six runs. Tuckwell, the captain, now faced Prest and a lively time at once commenced, both gentlemen hitting with the greatest freedom and runs came rapidly. When Tuckwell had made 12 runs in the 14th over he gave a chance to Barton, but owing to the sun being dead on he was unable to secure it.

After this both batsmen collared the bowling completely, and in a very short time 30 runs were posted up. The teams then adjourned to a capital luncheon served up by Caterer Dixon, of St. Catherine street. After the inner man had been attended to, play was again resumed.

Tuckwell commenced by making a clever leg for 5, which was followed by a 3 by. Holiday then relieved Mackie with the leather. Off his first ball Tuckwell made 3, following up with a boundary hit for 4. The score kept gradually increasing by ones, twos and threes until 59 runs were totalled, when Prest was cleverly caught off his bat by the wicket keeper, Hamilton. 3 wickets for 59 runs. Rokeby was then the next man in, and with Tuckwell completely mastered the bowling, notwithstanding there were light changes and by a series of brilliant hitting they carried the score from 59 to 110 runs when De Veube, who had relieved Turner, in his first ball, clean bowled Tuckwell when he had made 55 runs, and who, save for the one chance already spoken of, played a careful and well judged innings. Campbell joined Rokeby, but in the second over De Veube died of Campbell for a duck egg. Cameron now joined Rokeby and the pair made it very hot for the fielders, hitting the ball all over the ground, but in his seventh over Cameron was well caught by Hodgson of De Veube. Holmes took his place and at once commenced what turned out to be the finest bit of batting seen during the game, by making a splendid drive for four off De Veube. From this out the pair were masters of the field and despite several changes of bowlers could not be dislodged from their stronghold, and when at four o'clock the score stood 205 the Manitobas decided to close their innings, so as to allow the Montreals to go in, and if possible prevent a draw.

The two batsmen on returning from the field were cheered to the echo by the spectators for their brilliant and masterly play. Very little time was lost before play was again resumed. Dean and Mackie going to the bat for Montreal to Bannintyne and Cameron bowling, and so effectively fielding that six wickets fell for 13 runs, and the prospects of the Montreals making it a draw match looked very bright indeed until Hamilton and Hodgson joined partnership, when for the game the Manitobas as much leg work as they could possibly wish for, as by their grand drives and leg hitting they kept on piling up the runs at so rapid a rate that at one time it looked as if a draw would be the result, but when 68 runs were scored Hodgson was cleverly caught at point by Bannintyne. De Veube took his place and Hamilton continued hitting away most freely, finishing up the over with a grand leg hit for 5 right over the Grand Stand amidst the wildest excitement. On the next over De Veube after adding 4 to the score was put out before wicket. Hill was the last man to keep company with Hamilton and the pair kept on totalling up the score, till the excitement not only amongst the spectators but also the players became intensified when it was given out that only five minutes remained before the wickets would be drawn and if the two batsmen could not be got rid of, the match would be a drawn one. This, of course, the Manitobas did not want, and captain Tuckwell took particular care in the placing of his men as well as patting on Bannintyne and Cameron to bowl. Hill made a run off Cameron in the last ball of the over and it only wanted four minutes to six when Bannintyne handled the leather with Hamilton at the bat. The Montreals were hopeful whilst the Manitobas were despondent, but Bannintyne pulled himself together for the final effort and sent in a regular beauty which had sufficient twist in it to deceive the dashing Hamilton, who let out for a grand drive, but miscalculated distance and his stumps were sent a flying. It was a brilliant piece of bowling on the part of Bannintyne and every one present could not resist giving him a hearty cheer, as by it he had just managed to win the match for his side in the nick of time. Hamilton also came in for his share of the applause, for his faultless and most dashing innings: The Manitobas therefore won the game by 102 runs with 3 wickets to spare.

Following is the full score with the

bowling analysis:

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MONTREAL 1st INNINGS and MANITOBA 1st INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MONTREAL 2nd INNINGS and MANITOBA 2nd INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MANITOBA 1st INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MANITOBA 2nd INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MONTREAL 1st INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MONTREAL 2nd INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MANITOBA 1st INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes MANITOBA 2nd INNINGS.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes WEST END vs. LONGUEUIL.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes WEST END.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes LONGUEUIL.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes WEST END vs. LONGUEUIL.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes WEST END.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes WEST END vs. LONGUEUIL.

Table with columns for bowler, runs, wickets, and maidens. Includes WEST END.

and a little more patience and perseverance will lead them to victory. Although there was no special play, a goodly company accompanied the team from Montreal on the morning train. As is customary at all lacrosse matches, there is bound to be delays in the selection of officials, especially the referee. Such was the case today, as the chosen one did not act; finally Mr. Follock agreed to the post and called the players together and gave them a few words of counsel and advice. The players and their positions were as follows:

Table with columns for player name, position, and team. Includes Shamrock and Cornwall players.

McAteer got the best of the faces and the rubber was soon on its way to the Shamrock goal. Duggan sent it away in the other direction, but back it came for Lacy, who threw on goals, but McKenna ran out and with a strong shot sent it away. Adams got it very cleverly and he, in turn, sent it along to McCutcheon, who with a neat drop shot called upon McKenna to once again save his charge.

He did so and gave Caffrey a chance to carry the war to the other goal, but the little Cornwall goal keeper was on the alert and sent his shot to the side. Crites sent it one way and Barry in an opposite one, until the visitors forced the play a bit. Murray secured it and threw to Tansey, who lost to Crites. The Shamrocks were having decidedly the best of it so far. After Devoine had had a chance of sending the rubber away, Broderick got it and made a pretzle run, but was foiled by Moore. Reviere was the next man to come to the rescue of Cornwall and Dwyer now made an effort to score, but it was wide and went behind. It got to the other end of the field where Broderick took possession of it, and being challenged, passed to Danaher, who gave it Black, who scored the first game in 10 1/2 minutes.

The Shamrocks had certainly the best of it, but were unfortunate. The Cornwall home played very loose, a striking contrast to their defence, which has such grand and reliable players as Adams on it. After the usual rest the teams lined up for the second game, which only lasted 3 minutes. McAteer got the best of the face, McKenna passed to Devine, who sent it flying with the field in hot pursuit. The home men were playing fine lacrosse and had the advantage in this game, their home was settling down and playing steadily. Open play was in order and both goalkeepers had to be watchful. Danaher tried to score but failed. McCutcheon, however, had more success when he got the ball from Hughes he sent it between for the second time.

The third game opened with fast play, which characterized it throughout, the honors being even. The strangers were now wakening up to the fact that they were not to be taken for granted. The attack suffered defeat. They soon made the attack on the home goal but were repulsed. Leroux and Devine exchanged longshots when Dwyer got it on his stick and sent it flying over the fence. Immediately after the face Leroux and Moore had a little difficulty over which they were spoken to by the referee. After five minutes of good, quick, sharp, clean lacrosse Broderick scored the third game for Cornwall.

When the teams faced each other for the fourth time it was seen that Barry replaced McKenna between the flags the latter playing on the home. It proved to be a change for the better. Nothing daunted with 3 goals against them they started in with a pluck and energy. The Shamrocks were playing a good steady game. Danaher made an effort to score, but it went for nothing, for Brophy transferred the play to the other end for a bit. Hughes sent it back again. Barry and McCutcheon ran behind for it, but the latter got it and passed it to McKenna, now playing fine on the home. He tried to score but without success. Broderick had it sent out of danger. The visitors were really playing a great game and having the best of it, and the home defence were being kept busy in repulsing the several attacks made upon them.

As patience and perseverance is bound to be rewarded, the visitors kept pegging away and showing their friends a beautiful shot, finally scored the first game for the Shamrocks in 9 minutes. The goal-keeper's stick was held down and allowed the ball a free passage between the sticks.

The wearers of the green now pulled themselves together and, encouraged by their success, entered upon the fifth game with renewed vigor. Moore transferred the rubber to Reilly, who threw on the score, but Crites threw it away. Duggan threw it up and Adams threw it down to Lacy, who enabled Duggan to get it and being pressed passed to Caffrey, who seized the opportunity given and scored the second game for Shamrock in four and a half minutes' play. The score now stood Cornwall 3, Shamrock 2. With the Crescent's victory the Shamrocks were now becoming hopeful that they would pull through after all. They seemed to be justified in this as they soon equalized matters.

The sixth game was short and sweet. It only lasted two minutes, as Tansey passed to Caffrey, who again scored for visitors and left both on an equal footing regarding goals. It was Cornwall 3, Shamrock 3, and still there were hopes that the Shamrocks would win.

The seventh game was a good one, all playing good, close, quick, sharp lacrosse. Adams was changed from first defence to point. It was a nip and tuck game; up and down went the rubber, which was not allowed to remain long in one place. Danaher from midfield threw on the goals, but it was lost a trifling way. The referee shortly after this had occasion to warn both Hughes and Reilly. Cornwall had another close call and being alive to the fact that they would have to play better to win were forcing the play. Rowan passed to Reilly who, was checked by McAteer and both fell.

McKenna passed the rubber to Tansey, who, however, lost it, Adams taking it away from him. Cornwall was the game by Danaher passing to Black, who alighted Barrow's foot, and threw in after their ten minutes of grand play on the part of all.

Cornwall 4, Shamrock 3. With five minutes remaining to play, the teams again faced each other for the eighth game. Both teams were now thoroughly roused up and playing for all they were worth. Fortune seemed to be favoring the visitors, as when only fifteen seconds remained McKenna, with a well aimed shot, equalized the score by scoring the fourth game. The excitement now ran high, as the way the wearers of the green were playing it was

thought all round that they would yet win. After the usual rest they again met to play the deciding game, which was a well contested one throughout. Every nerve was strained to its utmost and both teams encouraged by their friends, were striving hard for victory. Both goals were assailed in turns and after 10 minutes' play, to the delight of Cornwall, Black gained the desired goal and ended a grand game of lacrosse.

A Three Straight Win for the Crescents. Probably the largest gathering that has yet attended at the New Grounds of the Crescent Amateur Athletic Association, in the East End, was that on Saturday afternoon to witness the lacrosse match between the crescents and the Montreal Juniors, in the district championship series. The crowd was a thoroughly enthusiastic lacrosse one including a large contingent of ladies present the majority for whom seemed not only to be an feat with the beauties of our National game but also with the individuality of the majority of the teams.

Owing to the absence of one of the Montreal team the match was an hour late in starting and it was only at 4.30 o'clock Referee J. Reddy of the Shamrocks, called the teams out, when it was seen that the players, their positions and the officials, were as follows:

Table with columns for player name, position, and team. Includes Crescents and Montreal Jr players.

It will be noticed by the above list that the match was played with eleven men aside, the absence of the Montreal before referred to training the Crescents to drop Cook from their team. The first game showed that the Crescents were too confident, for starting with the idea that they would win three straight in about as many minutes, they found that their opponents were far better than they had expected and very nearly lost the first game. The match like the other two was very ragged, the players on the Crescent team seeming to care far more for individual throw than unselfish play and combined team effort, which is certainly the beauty of lacrosse. Of course this does not refer to all the players. Kelly drew the ball from the face and ran right down field. He passed to Skelly and the latter to Clapperton, who tried to score, Harris was in the way, however, and the ball returned to centre. It was returned, however, by Hinton and this time Skelly tried to score, but he failed it owing to a beautiful stop by Boyd, the Montreal goal man. Open play all over the field followed. Boyd's remarkable stop, and then a foul occurred near the west fence, Kelly once more drawing the ball and distinguishing himself again. It only went to centre, however, when it was captured by Castles, who, running in, he passed to Drysdale, the latter making a great shot for goal. Crosby was on deck, however, and nearly caught the rubber, but being too closely checked to follow he passed to Fraser, who cleared. Then a determined attack was made on the Montreal goals which were only saved by the superb play of Boyd, assisted by Howard, Sloan and Drysdale. From this escape the ball went behind and was followed by Boyd and Wallace. Boyd got the ball, but lost to McNulty and he passed had another close call. Then it travelled to centre, but was returned by Barks, assisted by Hinton. Then it was returned, but Montreal's attempt to score was foiled by Kelly, who sent it well down field to Clapperton, who made a big attempt to score. Once more Boyd saved the game, but it was his last. Then the rubber went up the field once more and going behind the crest once, Ritchie tried to clear but fell short and nearly lost his team the game. Bark's grasped the occasion, however, and sent the ball to a place of safety. There it was secured by McDonald, he passed to Skelly who scored the first game for the Crescents. Time 10 minutes.

The second game was of the short, sharp and decisive order. The Crescents pulled themselves together and began to play the game they so well know how, and which has gained them every match played this season, three straight. Kelly once more drew the ball from the face and rushed it on the Montreal goal. It was sent out, however, and travelled to the other end of the field. Brophy tried to make another almost costly error, but King was slow to avail himself of it. Then McNulty secured the rubber and scored the second, gained for the Crescents by a long, hard shot from centre field. Time 3 minutes.

The Crescents were now sure of victory and started the third game with a rush. The Montreal apparent, however, was determined not to lose the match without a game, and the result was that they considerably surprised the Crescents by showing some really fine lacrosse. During the final effort Glenny, Lockerby and Field particularly distinguished themselves, while for the Shamrocks, Ritchie, by some clever work on the defence, remedied the mistakes made in the earlier games. The result, however, was for a long time in doubt, Montreal having a fair chance of scoring, until Boyd, their plucky little goal man, severely hurt himself by running on his lacrosse. The regrettable accident caused a wait of eight minutes until Boyd was able to resume his place. He was suffering from a severe strain, and was evidently unfit for further effort, as a minute later McNulty scored the winning goal for the Crescents in 22 minutes, thus adding another "three straight" victory to their credit.

The following is a summary of the match:

Table with columns for game, won by, scored by, and time. Includes summary of the three games.

A Good Idea Suggested. In reference to the Crescent vs. Montreal Junior lacrosse match Saturday, in the district championship series, it may be stated that the Crescents have won "three straight" from every team they have met this season, including a practice match with the Montreals, last year champions, in the big league. Naturally the Crescents are proud of this record and claim they can hold their own with any of the five teams in the big series, they are anxious to meet any of the teams to play for "blood". Having beaten Montreal they would now like to try conclusions with the Shamrocks, or for some reason or other, such an interesting meeting as this would be cannot be brought about. It is now suggested, however, that the Crescents and Shamrocks should play an exhibition match the proceeds to go to the Cregan benefit fund. The Crescents, it is said, are wil-

ling and it is understood that an endeavor will be made to carry out this idea. Should the match be arranged it will be one of the lacrosse events worth witnessing and one of the biggest gates of the season will result.

Lilacs Defeat Ivy Leafs. A lacrosse match was played on Fletcher's Field Saturday afternoon, between teams from the Lilac and Ivy Leaf clubs, ending in a victory for the Lilacs by 3 to 1. There is good material in both teams, and if the Corporation will only cut the long grass on Fletcher's Field it will give the youngsters a chance to develop their muscle.

The Championship of the Ancient Capital. QUEBEC, July 12.—This afternoon a very exciting lacrosse match was played between two local clubs, the Quebecers and the Sarsfields, for the championship of Quebec city. The match was played on the Thistle Grounds and was witnessed by some 1000 people. Both teams were in the pink of condition and it was a very scientific game all through. Quebecers took first game in 4 minutes; the second game was won in 27 minutes; the third was scored by Quebecers in 3 minutes, and the fourth by Quebecers in 14 minutes. This was certainly the best match played in this city since the best season opened. The winning club have the choice of donating receipts to any charitable institution they wish in the city. One of the Quebec team named Cole had his ankle sprained. This was the only casualty that occurred.

Lacrosse Points. That was a happy thought to put McKenna on the home. Had he got there earlier—Cornwall, where would you have been? The Second Junior Montreals defeated the Second Junior Shamrocks by 3 to 1 on the M. A. A. grounds Saturday afternoon.

In the Crescent-Montreal match Saturday, Captain Brophy, of the latter team, claimed that the cause of his defeat was the absence of several of his best men from the home. Both the Montreals and Shamrocks are still in the race for the championship yet. What a surprise it would be for either of these Ontario clubs, should either come out ahead.

It is suggested to call the Crescents "Kelly's Twelve." Not half a bad idea either, for not infrequently that indefatigable "centre" man undertakes to do the playing for the whole team. Devine, the Shamrock's new defence man is a dandy. What if he does weigh 180 pounds he is the ideal of an athlete, and a very ugly man for the best of them to go in and body check. He is an old Montrealer, too.

The Ottawa club will be in this city on Saturday to meet the Shamrocks. No doubt there will be a good game witnessed. If the Shamrocks keep up Saturday's play the Ottawas will have their work cut out for them. The Cornwalls have half finished their series without sustaining a defeat. These games have been played on their own grounds, but now they must go visiting. Goodness, but they are hard row to hoe ahead, particularly in Toronto and Ottawa.

There will be no more lacrosse played on the present Cornwall grounds this season. They are to be ploughed up and levelled so as to give nobody a chance to complain. The Ottawa-Cornwall match, Sept. 27th, will likely be played on the Cornwall's old grounds.

Table with columns for location, score, and officials. Includes BASE BALL section.

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province of the committee to remedy. In the first place there was the Grand Trunk race, which was expected to bring quite a number of competitors and visitors. The expectations were realized, but not, in time, and consequently the races had to wait for the participants coming from a distance.

To carry out some of the most interesting events of the programme it was necessary to have some wind, but again misfortune was present and a dead calm prevailed all the afternoon. Several of these events were started, but proved uninteresting on account of the reasons stated. A matter which must have affected the speed of the races somewhat was the unusual swiftness of the current in the Ottawa, which is higher than it usually is at this time of year.

The above are some of the reasons why it was utterly impossible to get the events started as they were arranged in the programme. It was stated that the entry list would close on Friday, but as one of the officers said, it was out of the question to be very strict in that matter under the existing circumstances, and consequently entries were received up to the last moment. In fact some of the races were started before the judges knew who were the contestants.

As previously intimated the races were not started in their regular order, but they are given below with the results as laid down in the programme. The yacht race (handicap), distance twice around the St. Anne course, was contested by three yachts; the Lulu, of St. Lambert; Puzler, of Valois, and Sans Souci, of St. Anne. They all went round the course once with much difficulty, coming in in the following order: Lulu, Puzler, and Sans Souci. The rules required the race to be finished by 7 o'clock, but as it was impossible to go around the course a second time within the specified time, the race was abandoned.

A contest for decked sailing boats was an extra race; for which there were three entries. This was the first race started, the boats finishing in the following order: W. J. Wallace's Freya first, and W. S. Clouston's Marguerite second, with the Jean A., a poor third.

There were two entries for the open sailing boat. It was a handicap between J. H. Hodges's Fairy Queen and W. Caranagh's Molly Bawn. On account of the hour they were unable to finish in the specified time. Another race which did not amount to much was the open canoe sailing, once around St. Anne course. The entries were W. P. Larkin, A. H. Burton, S. Adams, F. McCallum and H. Perrault. Some gave up the contest, and those who kept on the course did not return to give an account of themselves in time.

There were two contestants in the decked canoe sailing race, once around St. Anne course. C. S. Archibald's Mab took first place and G. Barry's Acolus second. In all the above contests the boats were affected by the current on that day, which was between the Island and the finishing buoy, which was so strong that a number of the boats were carried past and were unable to regain the buoy. Archibald's Mab only got in by some adroit manoeuvring and Barry could not have passed the flag at all had it not been by vigorous "laning," the legality of which was questioned by several.

The open and padding contests which followed were the features of the day's sport and were closely contested throughout. The junior single scull race, for boys not over 18 years of age, on a half mile course with turn, was a splendid race, but unfortunately the prizes could not be awarded on the merits of the race. The entries were Barry, A. Mitchell and P. Rawlings. Barry came in first, Mitchell second and Rawlings takes the prize, as both the other contestants fouled their boys and did not finish within the limits laid out.

There were no entries for the canoe race (lady and gentleman), which was regretted, that race having always been a feature of the regatta. The progress of the ladies in handling the paddles is noted in many places and it is to be hoped that they will not be in the background this season. The men's single scull race, one mile course with turn, was won by Frank Reilly of the St. Lambert's Club assisted by V. Henrichon, of the Grand Trunk Club. The race was close well up to the finish, Reilly winning by two boat lengths.

The single race of one and a half mile with turn was the best race of the day. The entries were F. Fairbanks, P. Taylor, C. Routh and F. L. Girwood. Girwood came in first, closely followed by Taylor and Routh, Fairbanks having dropped out. A protest was entered against Girwood's canoe not being of the required draft. It was measured and found to draw 103 inches, whereas the canoe was required to draw 112 inches of water. The race was awarded Taylor first and Routh second.

Two crews participated in the men's double scull race, distance one mile with turn. It was closely contested. Frank Reilly and A. Irving of the St. Lambert Club, beating V. Henrichon and L. Reilly.

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