

For Children in San Francisco

Board of Education Must Show Why Recently Excluded Pupil Should not be Reinstated.

Baron Kaneko Believes Whole Trouble is Outcome of Election Campaign.

(See also Page 14.)

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 26.—Judge Wolverson, of the United States Circuit Court, yesterday issued an order to the Board of Education of San Francisco...

London, Oct. 26.—In a despatch from Tokyo the correspondent of the 'Daily Telegraph' says the Japanese Foreign Office has received a reply through their ambassador, Viscount Suizo Aoki...

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CHINESE ARMY MANOEUVRES

Notable Feature was Portable Wireless Telegraph Apparatus.

ARTILLERY AND PRINCIPAL EQUIPMENT WAS MANUFACTURED IN JAPAN.

Chang te fu, Oct. 25.—A notable feature of the autumn manoeuvres of the Chinese imperial army, which began last Monday in the neighborhood of Chang te fu, has been the presence in the field of portable wireless telegraph apparatus...

The manoeuvres came to an end yesterday with a victory for the northern army. At a village five miles south of Chang te fu this army succeeded in checking the advance of the southern army...

The manoeuvres began with cavalry operations followed on Wednesday by artillery practice. All arms displayed excellent discipline. Experienced military observers are of the opinion that, with the exception of certain minor defects and making allowance for the fact that these operations were an experiment, the manoeuvres were almost equal to those conducted in European countries...

The artillery and the principal equipment of the troops were manufactured in Japan. The northern army undoubtedly was better clothed and equipped than the southern. It also displayed better organization and had more efficient advisers.

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THE MODUS VIVENDI

British Position as Viewed by London 'Globe.'

(Canadian Associated Press.) London, Oct. 26.—The 'Globe' says: 'Mr. Winston Churchill's reply yesterday on the Newfoundland question should force us to understand the hopelessly anomalous position we occupy.'

GOVERNMENT RAILWAY SYSTEM SHOWS A SURPLUS OF NEARLY \$7,000 FOR FISCAL YEAR.

Ottawa, Oct. 26.—The Government Railway system shows a surplus of \$66,889 upon its operations for the fiscal year up to July 1 and the reforms already instituted by the Minister of Railways give promise of an even better showing for the present year.

The Hon. Mr. Emmerson's personal inspection of the whole system this summer will doubtless be followed by further changes with the object of bringing the people's line to a basis where it will cease to be a charge upon the whole country.

HUDSON CHURCH CASE ORDER TO RECONVEY PROPERTY DONATED CONDITIONALLY.

Mr. Justice Lynch rendered judgment yesterday in the important and interesting case of Mrs. Whitlock against R. W. Shepherd and others, in their capacity as trustees, and the incumbent and church wardens of St. James Church and others, of Hudson, Comco, and Cote St. Charles, mis en cause.

The circumstances of this case are as follows:—In December, 1880, the plaintiff by deed of donation granted to trustees named, some of whom were the defendants in the present case, a certain property situated in the parish of St. Michael de Vaudreuil, for use as a parsonage for the Church of England clergyman appointed by the bishop to the parishes of Comco, Hudson and Cote St. Charles. The grant was made under the condition that the clergyman so appointed was low church or evangelical, did not practice ritualism or otherwise diverge from evangelical teaching. If he did he was forthwith to vacate the parsonage to be erected, and its doors were to remain closed until such time as a clergyman was appointed who did not offend in this respect. It was likewise provided that the five trustees should be of low church or evangelical practice. A parsonage was erected on the land in question and occupied by the clergyman of the parish until May, 1902, when the building was burned. Subsequently a new parsonage was built, but on another lot, and it is now occupied by the Rev. Henry Bancroft, whom the plaintiff alleged is not of the low church or evangelical practice, as provided in the deed of donation. Therefore, she asked that the land in question be conveyed to her, pleading, among other things, that the deed of donation had been virtually renounced by the building of a parsonage on another lot of land. The value of the land sought to be recovered was placed at \$4,200. In reply, the defendants, the trustees, among other things, alleged that the deed contained no provision for reversion for non-fulfilment of conditions; that the defendant could not abandon their trust; that the essential condition of the deed, the erection of a parsonage, had been complied with, and that the same had been occupied as a parsonage until destroyed by fire; that the erection of the new parsonage in another place was not a violation of the deed, inasmuch as its terms may be fulfilled by the parish; and, finally, that plaintiff's right of action had been prescribed by more than ten years. The mis-en-cause accepted the plea made by the defendants.

In rendering judgment, the Court found that the trust was a legal one. The learned judge did not consider plaintiff's claim that the provisions of the deed regarding occupancy by a ritualistic clergyman had been disregarded, as no proof had been made. He was of opinion that it would be found exceedingly difficult and embarrassing to conform to the requirements of the deed, and was not surprised to learn that the bishop would have nothing to do with it.

The remaining ground is alleged for the voiding of the donation, that the terms of the deed had been nullified by the erection of a parsonage on another lot, was, in his mind, the most serious one. By the erection of another parsonage on another lot, and by failure to plead in the present action that it was their intention to erect another parsonage on the land given by the plaintiff, Mr. Justice Lynch held that the beneficiaries had given the inference that they no longer intend to avail themselves of the benefits of the deed. Under these circumstances, he considered that he could not do otherwise than declare the trust at an end, and order the trustees to reconvey the property to plaintiff. The mis-en-cause were ordered to pay the costs.

GAULT INSTITUTE. Valleyfield, Que., Oct. 25.—The annual distribution of prizes to the senior pupils of the Gault Institute will take place tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 2.30, in the assembly hall of the school. Major Stephens, M.P.P., of Montreal, and Dr. Robertson, of the Macdonald College, St. Anne de Bellevue, will be present, and give addresses. A large gathering is expected.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA

Artillery Officer Sentenced for Having Bomb in His Possession.

REVOLUTIONARY LEADER KILLED FOR BETRAYING HIS PARTY.

Kiev, European Russia, Oct. 26.—Lieutenant Konovloff, an artillery officer, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment at hard labor for having a bomb in his possession.

Mitau, Gourland, Oct. 26.—A man named Spogor, once a prominent revolutionary leader in the Baltic Provinces, was killed here yesterday while on his way to America, because he had betrayed his party. He had just recovered from a wound inflicted upon him by revolutionaries.

THE HOLD-UP AT KOEPENICK ROGUS GERMAN OFFICER, WHO TURNS OUT TO BE A SHOEMAKER, ARRESTED.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—The pretended captain of Grenadier Guards, who, on Oct. 16, produced a forged order authorizing him to take command of a detachment of twelve men whom he met on the streets in this city and proceeded to Koepenick, a small town near here, where he arrested the burgomaster and the treasurer and took possession of the cash, amounting to about a thousand dollars, turns out to have been a shoemaker of Tielst named William Voigt. He was arrested here today at his lodging place.

Voigt, although working at the trade of a shoemaker, has committed a long series of felonies principally robberies by means of forged documents. He has served five terms in prison, finishing a fifteen-year sentence in February, and is nearly sixty years of age.

ILLDEFINED NATIONALITY SAD CASE OF MAN WHO SAID HE WAS RUSSIAN AND THEN ENGLISH.

A Paris despatch says: The disadvantage of an ill-defined nationality is being strongly illustrated in the case of M. Kupferstein or Cooper. Having stated that he was a Russian subject, Cooper, a German subject, was put across the Franco-German border. The German authorities promptly put him back again on the French side. The French authorities dumped him down once more on the soil of the Fatherland; their German confères again returned the undesirable. This little game of battledore and shuttlecock has been going on for three years. On Friday M. Cooper-Kupferstein appeared before the Police Court on the charge of having disobeyed the order of expulsion.

Thinking to escape the German authorities, the accused dropped Kupferstein and stated that he was Cooper, a British subject. This was evidently unsatisfactory in the eyes of the court, for he was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. On his release Mr. Cooper will probably be put across the Channel to try his luck with the Aliens Board.

THE CANADIAN ALPS THE LECTURE AT THE ART ASSOCIATION LAST NIGHT WAS MOST INTERESTING.

One of the most enjoyable lectures which has been given before the Art Association of Montreal for a long time was that delivered last night by Mr. H. W. Gleason, of Boston, on the subject of the Canadian Alps. It was a splendid exhibition of pictures rather than a lecture, for, as Mr. Gleason said at the outset, the mountains of British Columbia are indescribable, and instead of attempting the impossible, he wished to let the limelight pictures speak for themselves, and accompany them by a running commentary.

Probably there is no man who knows the Canadian Alps more thoroughly than Mr. Gleason, and certainly it would be hard to find a more magnificent collection of photographs than he has obtained every summer in the mountain ranges taking photographs, and this year, owing to the fine weather, he has been particularly successful, though the heat had the disadvantage of making one or two of the more difficult ascents that he had contemplated impossible. Some of the photographs were beautifully colored, from studies made in water-colors on the spot by Mr. Gleason. He gave many colored pictures of the flowers of the mountains, the trees, and also a few of birds. Views of seas of hoary peaks, obtained from mountain tops, wonderful studies of cloud effects, delightful pictures of waterfalls and glaciers and valleys followed one another in quick succession, each seeming more wonderful than the last. One of the most effective of the pictures was taken from the inside of an ice cave, the entrance to which was made to form a frame for a delightful mountain view. This picture was colored, and the effect of the light striking on the ice was singularly beautiful. Other remarkable pictures were of the snowstorms which are a feature of the high altitudes.

The Rev. J. Edgar Hill presided, and at the close he voiced the hearty thanks of the 350 people who were present for the most enjoyable evening Mr. Gleason had provided.

EARL GREY'S TROPHY.

Terms for Musical and Dramatic Competition Made Public.

ENTERTAINMENTS WILL LIKELY CONSTITUTE A FESTIVAL WEEK AT THE CAPITAL.

Ottawa, Oct. 26.—The terms for the competition for Earl Grey's trophy for amateur musical and dramatic societies have been made public. The competition will embrace all Canada and Newfoundland, and will open at Ottawa on Jan. 28 next in the Russell Theatre, and continue until all the competing organizations have been judged. The entertainments will be so varied that it is likely to constitute a festival week for the capital. The trophy shall go to what the judges declare to be the best musical or theatrical combination of amateurs in the Dominion. It is open to each provincial capital to send an entry and every other Dominion city, with a population of fifty thousand, as well as St. John's, Nfld. Should any city desire to send more than one entry, the provincial government house must decide as to whether they shall be allowed to compete or not. It is estimated now that there will be at least fourteen entries. The performance of each company will be limited to one and a half hours.

Mr. F. C. T. O'Hara, private secretary to the Minister of Trade and Commerce, has been appointed secretary, and to him all queries and communications should be addressed.

LOCAL OPTION WINS IN OWEN SOUND JUDGMENT OF MR. JUSTICE MABEE REVERSED BY CHIEF JUSTICE.

Toronto, Oct. 26.—Every elector appears to have had the free and fair opportunity of voting for or against the by-law, and out of the total of 2,000 votes cast, there was a majority of 476 in its favor, says Chief Justice Mulock, in giving divisional Court judgment, reversing the judgment of Mr. Justice Mabee, in Sinclair, Township of Owen Sound. Mr. Justice Mabee quashed the local option by-law which was passed by the electors of Owen Sound last January. The grounds for quashing the by-law were irregularities in publishing the by-law, and the refusal to allow property holders who had property in more than one ward to vote in every ward where they had property.

Under the one head of new macadam alone, is set down the sum of \$1,200,480, and the total for the maintenance of street and sidewalks, aside from new works, is \$1,755,574.

Mr. Barrow said he was obliged to ask for the large sum for macadam, as the unpaved streets were worn out. The city was, besides, getting larger, especially since the annexation of new wards, and macadam was needed everywhere.

Some of the other requisitions included in the foregoing sum are:—For asphalt paving repairs, \$72,000; granite paving repairs, \$25,000; new wood sidewalks and repairs, \$212,267; new crossings and repairs, \$62,529; new gullies and repairs, \$20,390.

The list contained the usual amounts for help, with the salaries of officials, but it did not include any amount for new works, as these are left over for the annual loan in the spring.

The report will be fully discussed at a future meeting of the committee.

MAILS FOR FAR NORTH. Ottawa, Oct. 26.—The Post-office Department has arranged for special mail service similar to that provided last winter to Fort Resolution, Fort McPherson and intermediate points. A mail will leave Edmonton on Nov. 29 for Fort McMurray (or Fort McKay), Fort Chipewyan, Smith Landing, Fort Smith, Fort Resolution, Hay River, Fort Providence, Fort Simpson, Fort Goodhope, Fort McPherson, Fort McMurray, Fort Chipewyan, Smith Landing, Fort Smith, Fort Resolution. It is necessary to limit the mail matter for these despatches to letters only. The weight of each letter is to be not more than one ounce. Letters may be registered, but not insured. Preference will be given first to registered letters and second to ordinary letters according to the date of posting.

THE LATE MISS HARRIET MOORE. At the last regular meeting of the board of management of the Montreal Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, the following resolution was adopted:—This board, having learned of the death of another life governor, Miss Harriet Moore, desires to place on record its sense of the loss the institution has thereby sustained. Resolved, also, that her demise be recorded in the minutes of this meeting, and a copy of the resolution sent to the relatives of the deceased lady.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

At the recent Chinese army manoeuvres at Chang te fu a notable feature was wireless telegraphy, capable of being put in working order inside thirty minutes. The apparatus was made in Japan, but was worked by Chinese. The whole manoeuvres, despatches say, were in almost every particular equal to anything in any army in Europe.

Alarm in Morocco is increasing. The American and German ministers are remaining at Fez, and Spain is holding several cruisers ready.

The French are agitating to have the ashes of Emile Zola placed in the Pantheon.

The French cabinet has decided that if the clergy persist in their present rebellious attitude the property of their churches will be sequestered on Dec. 11, the law to go into effect one year later. Should they remain still obstinate more severe measures are hinted at.

A hot fight is expected in the House of Lords over the Education Bill. Unionists backed by Episcopalians and Roman Catholics want the bill amended so that their children shall have denominational instruction during school hours, while the Liberals are pledged to see that no denominational teaching is given at the public expense.

Mr. John Burns says that of the meat seized and condemned in the Smithfield market during two summer months about one-tenth came from the United States and nine-tenths from Argentina.

Speaking of the Newfoundland modus vivendi, the London 'Globe' says: 'Britain's position is hopelessly anomalous.'

There is trouble in San Francisco over the exclusion of Japanese children from the public schools. Baron Kaneko, of the Japanese Privy Council, raises the moderate tone of the Japanese press on the subject, and expresses the opinion that it is only one of the usual flare ups of a United States election campaign.

The Knights of Pythias have passed in the Supreme Lodge of the United States a law excluding from future membership all saloon keepers or those connected in any way with the sale of liquor.

The Mormon Church has sold out its interests in the Utah National Bank, the Utah Light and Railway Company, the Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railway, and its big department store in Salt Lake City.

The Conference of the Union American Methodist Episcopal Church at its session in New York, has decided to, in the future, expel any pastor in the body found guilty of re-marrying divorced persons.

Robbers dynamited the safe of a private bank in Odin, Ill., early today, and after a running fight with some citizens, in which many shots were exchanged, made off with their booty.

In the legal fight as to whether or not the recent vote in Owen Sound entitled that township to local option, Chief Justice Mulock has reversed the judgment of Mr. Justice Mabee. The Chief Justice says every voter having a fair chance to cast his ballot the vote stood, out of a total of 2,000 cast, 476 in favor of local option, and so the law must stand.

The terms of the competition for Earl Grey's musical trophy have been made known to-day.

The Dominion Government Railway system during the past fiscal year, up to July 1 last, shows a surplus of \$95,890, and better showings still are promised for next year.

The inquest into the deaths of Belanger and Theriault opened at Buckingham this morning.

Alderman Dagenais insists that something should be done in Montreal to keep young children off the streets when they should be at home and in bed.

CLOUDY AND COOLER Knee-deep in heather on the shore she stands Silent, with passionate eyes grown strangely sweet. Watching where bound for Orient garden-lands Lingers the last dim sail of Summer's fleet: It blurs, and fades; and as upon the sands In shadowy runes the sullen ripples beat She stoops and gathers in her trembling hands Foam of red leaves low-murmuring at her feet. —Wilfrid L. Randall.

Toronto, Oct. 26.—Victoria, 60, 48; Calgary, 40, 30; Edmonton, 48, 24; Minnedosa, 56, 28; Winnipeg, 58, 28; Fort Arthur, 58, 22; Parry Sound, 54, 42; Toronto, 52, 41; Ottawa, 52, 38; Montreal, 54, 42; Quebec, 52, 42; Halifax, 52, 46.

Strong winds and gales from south and south-west; partly fair with scattered showers. Saturday, westerly gales and cloudy, becoming much cooler at night. Rain has been general in Ontario and Quebec, with strong east and south winds. The weather continues fair and mild in the western provinces with no indication of any immediate change.

1640-2 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Oct. 26, 1906.—Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon Yesterday, 29.57; 11 a.m. to-day, 29.94.

Temperature. Max. Min. To-day 46. 54 44 44 Yesterday 57 47 57 47

SPANISH ARMY FOR 1907. Madrid, Oct. 26.—The military contingent for 1907 has been fixed at one hundred thousand men.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

BOYLE-SYMMES.—At All Saints' Church, Niagara Falls, Ont., on Oct. 24, 1906, by the Rev. William Bevan, Rural Dean, Robt., fourth son of Arthur Boyle, to Amy, younger daughter of the late H. C. Symmes.

CROSBY — MORGASON — By the Rev. C. J. Debon, on Oct. 23, 1906, Mr. Albert W. Crosby, merchant, Goodwood, son of I. G. Crosby, of Uxbridge, to Miss Sara Alice Morgason, daughter of Mr. John Morgason, Goodwood, Ont.

DAY-PARKE. — On Oct. 23, 1906, at St. Peter's Church, Quebec, by the Rev. E. W. King, Fred. J. Day, to Mary Jane Parke, both of Quebec.

FLEURY-WELLS.—On Oct. 23, 1906, by the Rev. L. H. Kirkby, Trinity Church, Aurora, Mary Frances Wells, to Harry W. Fleury, both of Aurora, Ont.

LANGLOIS-SEIFERT. — At Bircelme, St. Louis Road, Quebec, on Oct. 24, 1906, by the Rev. G. H. Williams, Ethel Margaret Seifert, M.A., daughter of G. E. Seifert, to Sydney Le Gallais Langlois, of Montreal, son of Heiler Langlois, Esq., Plaisance, St. Lawrence, Isle of Jersey.

MACFARLANE + McMURTRY — At Crescent Street, Quebec, on Oct. 24, 1906, by the Rev. John Mackay, Archie Macfarlane, eldest son of the late James Ferrier Macfarlane, to Jessie Florence, daughter of S. A. McMurry, all of Montreal.

MAXWELL-RADMORE.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Oct. 24, 1906, by the Rev. Rural Dean Taylor, Florence Edith, youngest daughter of Robt. Radmore, of South Hill, to William Maxwell.

MOWATT — HAINS — At Knox Church, in this city, on Oct. 24, 1906, by the Rev. James Fleck, D.D., assisted by the Rev. A. J. Mowatt, D.D. (father of the groom), the Rev. Edward Everett Mowatt, of Cross Creek, New Brunswick, to Helen Sherard Hains, eldest daughter of John McD. Hains.

PATERSON — TEES — On Wednesday, Oct. 24, 1906, at the residence of the bride's parents, 333 Claremont avenue, Mabel Florence, daughter of William Tees, to Arthur Livingstone Paterson, both of this city.

RIDDELL-MAY.—At the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Montreal, on Oct. 24, 1906, by the Rev. Edmund Wood, assisted by the Rev. Arthur French, J. J. A. RiddeLL, son of A. F. RiddeLL, to Gretchen May, daughter of Frank W. May, both of this city.

RODGERS — KIRKPATRICK. — At the residence of the bride, 169 Lowther ave., Toronto, on Oct. 23, 1906, by the Rev. E. C. Cayley, rector of St. Simon's Church, Mr. Ashmead Grey Rodgers, of Niagara Falls, New York, to Lillian May, daughter of the late Richard Howat Kirkpatrick.

DEATHS.

ALAIN — At Quebec, on Oct. 24, 1906, at the age of 61 years and 6 months, Paul Alain, late master carter, and beloved husband of Mathilda Gagné, of Quebec.

BERRIDGE — In this city, on Oct. 24, 1906, Isabella Gow, third daughter of the late John Gow, dearly beloved wife of John T. Berridge.

BROWN.—At Toronto, on Oct. 24, 1906, Priscilla Willson, beloved wife of the Rev. George Brown.

CARROLL.—At St. John's rectory, Bowmanville, Ont., on Oct. 24, 1906, Annie, beloved wife of the Rev. W. E. Carroll, aged 49 years.

CHISHOLM — At Belleville, Ont., on Oct. 23, 1906, William Dickson Chisholm, second son of James F. and Margaret Dickson Chisholm, a son-in-law of the late John Bell, K.C., aged 36 years.

DRAKE — At St. Catharines, Ont., on Oct. 19, 1906, Sarah M., relict of the late Thos. C. Drake, of Montreal.

HOLDEN.—On Oct. 24, 1906, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John Stewart, 48 MacLaren street, Ottawa, Sarah Elizabeth, beloved wife of John Holden (late of St. John, N.B.), in her 83rd year. Interment at St. John, N.B.

JENNINGS.—At Lansing, Mich., on Oct. 24, 1906, William Tydale Jennings, M. Inst., C.E., of Toronto, in the 60th year of his age.

LANGLEY — At Ottawa, on Oct. 23, 1906, Rebecca Larsley, aged 58 years, daughter of the late James Larsley.

MORRISON — At his late residence, 133 Stewart street, Ottawa, on Oct. 23, 1906, Neil Morrison, in his 78th year.

ROBERGE — On Oct. 23, 1906, Louis H. Roberge, Mayor of St. Romuald, Quebec, and telegraph operator, aged 46 years.

SHAW.—Accidentally killed at Lake Beauport, Quebec, on Oct. 24, 1906, Samuel Knight Shaw, of Quebec, aged 51 years and 8 months.

SPENCER.—At 248 O'Connor street, Ottawa, on Oct. 25, 1906, Mrs. H. B. Spencer.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

TEES & CO THE UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS 300 S. James St.

HOUSEHOLD HARDWARE. All the many little things so handy in the house. READY MIXED PAINTS. Don't forget those. FELT WEATHER STRIPS. It will soon be time for them. D. DRYSDALE, 645 Craig St. Phone Main 180.

THE S. CARSLLEY CO. LIMITED

This Store closes at 6 p.m. Friday, Oct. 26.

MEN YOUR Winter Overcoat IS HERE SATURDAY AT WHOLESALE PRICE. MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS, made of fine Grey Frieze, broad concave shoulder, finished with velvet collar and lined with Farmer's Satin. The regular retail price \$7.50. Saturday's price \$5.00.

\$12 TO \$18 LADIES' WINTER COATS, \$4.95. These Values Have Yet to be Equalled. You will not find a better Coat Bargain than this in Montreal for Saturday.

Here Men Save. 15 dozen Derby Ties, all new patterns. Worth 19c. Saturday Special 10c. 10 dozen Imitation French Braces, various shades. Worth 35c. Saturday Special 21c. 800 Real Wool Fleeces Shirts and Drawers; all sizes. Worth 69c. Special price 50c.

Men, Here's Your New Hat. TRY OUR FUR FELT SILK TRIMMED DERBY, at \$1.55, latest shape, best finish imported, leather inside band. A man who buys one of these comes back and brings his friend with him. They are splendid value at \$1.65.

Stylish Millinery. TRIMMED HAT of Miror Velvet, prettily trimmed with Silk Ribbon and Wings; also dainty Toques, imitation Ermine Crown, draped and trimmed with quills. Worth \$6.00. Saturday \$4.40.

Warm Hosiery. FOR LADIES — Fine Black Cashmere Hose, very elastic. 49c. Saturday 35c. FOR BOYS — Heavy Black Ribbed Wool Hose, very elastic and durable; sizes 5 1/2 to 10 1/2. Saturday, 30c to 49c.

THE S. CARSLLEY CO. Limited. 143 to 151 Notre Dame St. West, 184 to 184 St. James St., MONTREAL.

A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING and everything in its place. PROWSE STEEL RANGE IN THE KITCHEN. INSPECTION SOLICITED. CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION. GEO. R. PROWSE, 208 McGill St.

DETACHED RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS For Sale in the West End

We have been instructed by the EXECUTORS OF THE LATE JAMES SHEARER to offer for sale the attractive detached residence No. 525 Mount Pleasant Avenue, which is exceptionally well and solidly built in brick with stone basement and slate roof.

The grounds are beautifully situated at the head of Mount Pleasant Avenue, Westmount; the views over the city and surrounding country are unsurpassed. THE CRADOCK SIMPSON COMPANY, Merchants Bank Building, 205 St. James Street.

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 26.

JUDGMENTS IN APPEAL

JUDGES DIFFER IN VIEWS ON IMPORTANT CASE.

The following judgments were rendered by the Court of Appeal yesterday in addition to those already published. In a case of Deny and Berard, the judgment of the Superior Court maintaining the action of the respondent, Berard, was confirmed.

CASE BASED ON FRENCH LAW

When judgment was rendered by the Court of Appeal yesterday in the case of McCormick and Simpson, and the Ecole Polytechnique mis-en-cause, which involved an interpretation of the will of the late Mr. James Cooper, sr., Chief Justice Sir Alexandre Lacoste made the following remarks: 'Some objection was made previous to the argument in the present appeal that this tribunal, composed for the purpose of hearing the case described before it, and consisting of four French-speaking and one English-speaking judge, was not entirely a proper one to hear and determine the merits of an appeal based upon the law of England.'

RAILWAY COMMISSION

HEARS COMPLAINT OF RENEW FIRM AGAINST GRAND TRUNK FOR ALLEGED EXCESSIVE FREIGHT RATES.

The Railway Commission was engaged at Ottawa on Wednesday, and again yesterday, in hearing evidence in the application of the Cumming Manufacturing Company of Renfrew, for an order directing the Grand Trunk Railway Company to cease charging excessive and discriminating rates on logs from the Grand Trunk and Ottawa Lake, Ont., when consigned to the applicants at Renfrew.

ONTARIO SUNDAY-SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

MR. R. W. CLARKE, OF MILLBROOK, CHOSEN PRESIDENT.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 26.—Mr. R. W. Clarke of Millbrook, a leading Sunday-school worker, and a man of forcible character, was chosen president of the Ontario Sunday-school Association.

SAFE BLOWN UP

BURGLARS ROB THE BANK OF ODIN, ILLINOIS.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 26.—A special to the 'Republic' from Odin, Illinois, says: 'The safe of the Bank of Odin was blown up with dynamite, and looted by a gang of safe robbers early today.'

A CURFEW LAW

Suggested by Ald. Dagenais, at Legislation Committee Meeting

ALD. PROULX WANTS ABOLITION OF CURFEW LAW

Yesterday the Legislation Committee of the City Council met and considered several proposals for the amendment of the curfew law.

EXPLANATION OF JUDGMENT RENDERED IN APPEAL YESTERDAY.

When judgment was rendered by the Court of Appeal yesterday in the case of McCormick and Simpson, and the Ecole Polytechnique mis-en-cause, which involved an interpretation of the will of the late Mr. James Cooper, sr., Chief Justice Sir Alexandre Lacoste made the following remarks: 'Some objection was made previous to the argument in the present appeal that this tribunal, composed for the purpose of hearing the case described before it, and consisting of four French-speaking and one English-speaking judge, was not entirely a proper one to hear and determine the merits of an appeal based upon the law of England.'

OBITUARY.

Knowlton, Que., Oct. 25.—Thomas Anson Knowlton, a well-known resident of this town, died suddenly yesterday, at Guilford, Maine. He was in his 63rd year.

Handsome Parlor Tables.

We have a very fine collection of these—most of them are new patterns just received. Among them are Colonial, Sheraton, Empire, and Louis XIV designs.

SMALL ORDERS thankfully received. LARGER ONES looked for.

The G. R. LOCKER CO. Tile and Mosaic Setter, 113 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST.

OVERCOATS and Winter Clothing

If sent us early for cleaning or dyeing will be ready when they are wanted. The very best work guaranteed. Goods called for and delivered free.

Montreal Dye Works, 156 BLEURY ST.

TO TUNNEL BEHRING SEA. Trans-Alaska-Siberian Railway Company Incorporated at Trenton, N.J.

Trenton, N.J., Oct. 24.—The Trans-Alaska-Siberian Railway Company, with an authorized capital of \$6,000,000, was incorporated here today.

MINERS AND OPERATORS CERTAIN DIFFERENCES TO BE ADJUSTED BY EXECUTIVE BOARDS.

Chicago, Oct. 25.—The executive boards of the Illinois Coal Operators' Association, and the Coal Miners' Union met here today to adjust certain differences.

EDUCATION BILL BITTER FIGHT EXPECTED IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

London, Oct. 25.—The crucial stage of the Education Bill was reached today when the measure came before the House of Lords for detailed debate.

CHARGED WITH ABDUCTION COUNT GYALA DE FESTETICS IN TROUBLE IN NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 25.—Charged with abducting his nine-year-old son, Arthur, from the home of the boy's mother, in this city, several months ago, Count Gyala de Festetics was arrested in New York today and paroled in custody of his counsel for further examination.

VISIT OF BRITISH TEACHERS PARTIES WILL ARRIVE IN CANADA IN NOVEMBER.

Principal Peterson and Dean Bovey, of McGill, have promised their assistance in making the visit of British teachers to this side a success.

THE 'SKAGIT' ASHORE ON VANCOUVER ISLAND. CAPTAIN AND COOK REPORTED DROWNED.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 25.—The barkentine 'Skagit' of Port Townsend, from San Francisco to Port Gamble, went ashore at Cloose, on the west coast of the island this morning.

ALD. CARTER'S SUCCESSOR

ALD. H. M. MOLSON RECOMMENDED FOR SEAT ON CIVIC FINANCE COMMITTEE.

ENDS HER LIFE

Peterborough, Ont., Oct. 25.—Mrs. Andrew Johnson, the wife of a well-known farmer, of Lakefield, escaped from Nicholl's Hospital in this city, early this morning and drowned herself in the Otanabee River, which flows nearby.

A ROVING HUSBAND

TRAVELS SEVERAL TIMES ROUND THE WORLD, AND RETURNS TO PROSECUTE HIS WIFE FOR BIGAMY.

The magisterial investigation into the charge of bigamy which has been preferred against his wife by Joseph Dumas, the man who was believed to have been killed four years ago, was commenced yesterday, and then adjourned until Monday next.

COLLISION AT THE POINT

There was what is called in railway circles a 'side swipe' collision between a freight and shunting engine in the Grand Trunk yards at Point St. Charles last night.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding, and protruding piles.

ONTARIO SCHOOL BOOKS MESSRS. COPP, CLARK & CO. TELL OF PRICE PAID TO SECURE CONTRACT FROM EDINBURGH FIRM.

Toronto, Oct. 25.—The chief features of the testimony given at today's sittings of the Ontario Text Book Commission were the price said to have been paid by Copp, Clark & Co. for the privilege of succeeding Nelson & Sons, of Edinburgh, as contractors for the publication of public school readers for the Ontario Government in 1884, and the attempts of W. J. Gage & Co. to have part in contracts for school books secured by other local firms.

DEATH OF MRS. BERRIDGE

The death is announced of Mrs. Berridge, wife of Mr. J. T. Berridge, of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, in this city, at her residence, 873 Wellington street.

WILL GO TO MENTONE

Owing to the illness of Mrs. Troop, the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, rector of St. Martin's Church, has been granted six months' leave of absence by the church vestry.

SHIPPING NEWS

Table with columns: MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS, At, From. Includes entries for Corean, Evangeline, Pomeranian, Saxonia, Philae.

TWO VESSELS ASHORE

Astoria, Ore., Oct. 25.—A telephone message from Port Stevens reports a four-masted vessel ashore near the Old Point Adams lighthouse.

PASSENGERS ON EXPRESS

The Empress of Ireland, which reached Quebec this afternoon, had on board 124 saloon, 254 second class and 483 steerage passengers, a total of 870. Her saloon passenger list is as follows:—Mr. A. Allan, Mr. C. W. Andrews, Mr. Hugh Antonio, Mrs. Atwater, Mr. F. W. Avison, the Rev. J. B. Barlow, Mrs. Bedford, and child, Mr. A. Byrne, Mr. Allan Cameron, Mrs. Cameron, Mr. E. H. Chinnery, Mr. Newton Claypool, Mrs. Claypool, Miss E. Claypool, Miss Fay Claypool, Miss Agnes Claypool, Mr. W. V. Dee, Mr. P. B. Desmond, Sir George A. Drummond, Lady Drummond, maid and valet, Mrs. Albert Dupuis, Mrs. Dupuis, Mr. Frederick Dyke, Mr. H. M. Ellis, Mr. J. A. Fletcher, Mr. A. G. Foster, Mr. James Garner, Mr. Goldthorpe, Mr. John C. Green, Mr. W. Greig, the Rev. J. H. Hall, Mr. V. H. Langley, Mr. H. Haehnel, Mr. V. H. Hardy, Miss E. Hunt, Miss F. Hyde, Mr. J. D. Ivey, Mr. S. B. Jackson, Mrs. Jackson, Miss E. Jackson, Miss L. Jackson, Mr. W. C. James, Miss P. C. Jones, the Rev. L. H. Jordan, Mr. W. H. Kelso, Mr. C. S. W. Knox, Mr. O. G. Langley, Mr. H. G. Lyle, Miss Lydia Williams, Miss MacDonald, Dr. P. McDonald, Senator D. W. Mackeen, Mrs. Mackeen, Mr. W. Mackeen, Mr. C. P. K. Mainwaring, Mr. W. T. Marlow, Mrs. Marlow, Mr. P. Matthews, Master R. Matthews, Mr. J. M. McLuttre, Mr. H. McClelland, Mrs. McClelland, Miss McNeill, Mr. J. M. McPherson, Mrs. McPherson, infant and maid, Mr. J. H. Meiklejohn, Mrs. Meiklejohn, Mr. F. D. Merier, Mrs. Merier, Mr. P. W. Molson, Mrs. Molson, Miss A. E. Mullin, Mr. W. S. Murphy, Mr. B. Musgrave, Mr. A. Newton, Mr. James Osborne, Mrs. Osborne, Mr. R. H. Osborne, Mr. A. Ross Osborne, Miss H. C. Parker, Mr. H. C. Pearson, Mr. A. E. Poirier, Mr. H. C. Poirier, Mr. F. W. Potter, Mr. H. G. Price, Mr. R. F. Rand, Miss Read, Mr. G. D. Ritchie, Mrs. Ritchie, Mrs. H. S. Roberts, Mr. H. K. Rodwell, Mr. J. C. Rose, Mrs. Rose, Mr. H. S. Scholer, Mr. J. W. Sheldon, Miss Sheldon, Mr. H. W. Smallpiece, Mr. P. R. Spalding, Mrs. Spalding, Master E. Spalding, Master F. Spalding, Miss P. Stoute, Mr. T. Taylor, Mr. I. A. Vant, Mrs. Vant, Miss Vant, Mr. E. B. Walker, Mr. J. W. Willis, Mr. H. E. Wilson, Mrs. A. W. Carmichael, Mr. H. H. Jackson, Mrs. Jackson.

NOTES

The Dominion line R.M.S. Canada sailed from Liverpool for Quebec and Montreal at 5 p.m. yesterday with 30 first, 204 second and 380 third class passengers, a total of 614.

Colonial House, Phillips Square. SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY! MANTLE DEPARTMENT. 50 Ladies' Tweed and Cloth Costumes; regular \$40.00 to \$85.00, for \$18.50 to \$30.00. QUILTS, LINENS, Etc. Lot Down Quilts, \$6.25, for \$5.00. LAMP SHADE DEPARTMENT. Special Table of Silk Lamp Shades and Silk Candle Shades at HALF-PRICE. TAILORING DEPARTMENT. A Lot of English, Irish and Scotch Tweed and West of England Worsted Suits. TRUNKS AND BAGS. One English Canvas Dress Trunk, 33 inches long; price, \$20.00, less 33 1-3 percent. SEWING MACHINES. A Genuin' Wilcox & Gibb Sewing Machine, slightly used, worth \$50.00, for \$20.00. ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT. 10 PERCENT TO 25 PERCENT OFF. FRENCH BRONZES, ARTISTIC TABLE LAMPS, FANCY ART GLASS SHADES, and Electric fittings of all kinds. CURTAIN DEPARTMENT. 20 PERCENT OFF ALL TABLE COVERS. WALL PAPER DEPARTMENT. 20 PERCENT OFF SPECIAL LINES OF WALL PAPERS. CARPET DEPARTMENT. Special line of Tapestry and Brussels Carpets, less 10 percent. FURNITURE DEPARTMENT. 15-6-0—One Hall Chair (Mission design), \$14.50, less 33 1-3 percent. CHINA DEPARTMENT. 25 English China Tea Sets; regular, \$12.50, for \$10.50. SPECIAL SALE OF DINNER SETS. 3 Dinner Sets, English semi-porcelain, roses with gilt edge, \$37.50, for \$25.00. TOY DEPARTMENT. 10 PERCENT DISCOUNT OFF Express Waggon and Automobiles. BASKET & BABY CARRIAGE DEPT. Several Reclining Go-Carts and small Folding Carts at 20 percent. HARWARE DEPARTMENT. Best quality of Knife Sharpener, never break, price 10c. JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT. Special line of Gold Filled and Rhine Stone Brooches, price \$1.00 to \$5.00, less 20 percent. HENRY MORCAN & CO. Ltd., Montreal.

Weekly Calendar.

ORGAN RECITAL (Second of the Series) DOUGLAS METHODIST CHURCH, SATURDAY, October 27th, at 4 p.m. By Mr. J. E. F. MARTIN, late of Edinburgh Cathedral, Scotland. SILVER COLLECTION.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19.

ART CLASSES.

The Classes of the ART ASSOCIATION, 23 Phillips Square, for 1906-07, will open as follows: LIFE, ANTIQUE and COMPOSITION, 15th October. PAINTING, from Draped Model, 2nd November. MODELLING, in Clay, 2nd November. SKETCHING, Outdoor, 14th September. ELEMENTARY CLASSES, 2nd October. For particulars apply to the Secretary.

GALLERIES OPEN DAILY. Except Sunday.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27.

S.S. UNION OF THE PROV. QUE.

Union Teachers' Class.

The Rev. Dr. JOHNSTON will teach the S.S. Lesson every Saturday at 4.45 p.m. in the Y.M.C.A. Hall.

JUNIOR AND PRIMARY UNION

A meeting of this Union is held every Monday at 4.30 p.m. in the Y.W.C.A. The S. S. Lesson for following Sunday is taught and primary methods are discussed.

All interested are cordially invited to attend these classes.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 28.

OLIVET CHURCH, (BAPTIST)

Korner Guy and Dorchester Sts. SUNDAY, Oct. 28th.

REV. JOHN PHILLIPS, D.D.

Of Binghampton, N.Y., Will occupy the pulpit at both services STRANGERS WELCOME.

MEN'S OWN.

CALVARY CHURCH - GUY STREET

SUNDAY, October 28th, 3 p.m. The meeting will be addressed by the Rev. E. H. TIPPETT, and T. B. MACAULAY, Esq. Orchestral music. Do you want a good time? If so, come right in and make yourself at home.

THE MEN'S MEETING,

SUNDAY, October 28th, 4 p.m. ASSOCIATION HALL. Rev. CHAS. A. SYKES, Smith's Falls, Ont., will speak.

SATURDAY, 8 p.m. Mr. A. O. DAWSON will conduct the Young Men's Meeting.

YOUNG MEN'S BIBLE CLASS,

Conducted by Mr. D. A. BUDGE, General Secretary. Men heartily invited. Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion Square

MONDAY, OCTOBER 29.

Y. W. C. A.

School of Cookery, 502 DORCHESTER ST., W. DEMONSTRATION-

MONDAY, Oct. 29th, 8 p.m.

"BREAKFAST DISHES." Admission, 10c. Recipes, 5c.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

MENDELSSOHN-TRIO.

(D. H. HARTMAN, Messrs. DEXTERBECQ and DUBOIS.)

1st CONCERT

FRIDAY, Nov. 2, 8.30 p.m.

AT THE ART GALLERY.

Programme: Trios by Saint-Saëns and Beethoven; Sonata by Grieg.

Season Tickets for the whole Series of Concerts, \$5.00, and reduced price on Family Tickets, to be had at Nordheimer's and at Shaw's Music Stores.

Single Ticket for one Concert, \$1.00.

MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, EUROPE, Etc.

CLOSE AT MONTREAL.

Oct. 22 9.30 a.m. Carmania, Cunard.

22 6.00 p.m. Supplementary.

23 9.30 a.m. Baltic, White Star.

23 6.00 p.m. Supplementary.

24 9.30 a.m. America, H. American.

24 6.00 p.m. Supplementary.

25 9.30 a.m. Lucania, Cunard.

25 6.00 p.m. Supplementary.

26 9.30 a.m. Virginian, Allan.

27 1.00 p.m. Dominion, Dominion.

30 9.30 a.m. Majestic, Dominion.

30 6.00 p.m. Supplementary.

*Letters may be posted up to 6.00 p.m.—Other matter should be posted before 5 p.m.—Registered before 5.30 p.m.—**Parcels (per Parcel Post) are forwarded by the Canadian steamer, the last time of mailing at Head Office being 5.30 p.m. on Fridays, and 12.30 p.m. on Saturdays. Registered before 5.30 p.m., Fridays and 12.30 p.m. Saturdays.

GHOST STORY CAUSES SUIT.

Winnipeg, Oct. 25.—A local paper started a story recently that ghosts occupied the Nagy residence. Since then no tenants can be found for the property, although houses are extremely scarce, and the estate has sued the paper for \$10,000 damages.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

FOOTBALL.—To-morrow's teams.—The Association football tangle in Toronto.—Shooting.—Murray's "Soccer" arrangements for the International "soccer" match. BASEBALL.—George Stallings, of Buffalo, blamed for the defeat of Harry Taylor in Eastern League election.

SPORTING NOTES

The Annual meeting of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union, which will place tomorrow night, when all of the most momentous questions to be discussed will be the proposed amendment to the constitution whereby professionals are to be recognized as employees of the club which pay them their salaries, and whether amateurs are to be permitted to play with or against professionals without losing their amateur standing.

HARD ON THE M. A. A. A.—One of the members of the Corinthian football team that toured in Canada, writing of the tour, in the Athletic News, describes the ground as being small and very rough, but that notwithstanding the Corinthians managed to win by 6 goals to 2. Rather hard on the M.A.A.A., which describes the ground as being small and very rough, and better than most. Possibly the writer was one of the players that did not join the party until it got to Toronto.

THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL ENGLISH-AMERICAN "SOCCER" MATCH.—Toronto, Oct. 25.—Charles H. Murray has sailed from New York for England to complete arrangements for the International Association football match between America and England.

A NEW TEAM IN TORONTO.—A new Association Football Club is being organized in Toronto, to be composed of men from Bristol. Montreal Bristonians take notice!

FOR PLAYING GALT.—Chicago, Oct. 25.—Action by the executive committee of the Chicago league of Association football may lead to the dissolution of that organization, and is sure to create dissension between the clubs.

TO-MORROW'S TEAMS.—THE THREE SENIOR RUGBY FOURTEENS WILL BE WITHOUT STAR PLAYERS.—The three local rugby teams were out yesterday in preparation for Saturday's games.

THE TORONTO SOCCER TANGLE.—THE CANADIAN CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT GOES THROUGH SOME VICISSITUDES.—Down in Toronto there seems to have been considerable friction between the parties concerned over the matter of the tournament for the so-called Canadian Championship at Association football.

THE LATE MR. W. T. JENNINGS.—The Canadian Society of Civil Engineers at a meeting last night passed a resolution expressing regret at the death of Mr. W. T. Jennings the past president of the society, and also of sympathy with his family.

VICTORIA RIFLES RESERVES.—At an adjourned meeting of the Victoria Rifles Reserve held last night, the following officers were elected: Hon. president, Major C. W. Meakins; president, Al. Murray (re-elected); vice-president, Major C. W. Gorman; secretary-treasurer, Geo. F. Hudson (re-elected); council, C. Lewis, Rupert Darling, J. C. Willock, L. McRobie, W. Simpson, B. N. L. Simpson, R. N. Hamford, A. H. Windford, C. McIndoe.

RUSSIAN INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS.—St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—The first Russian industrial congress assembled here to-day. The delegates were addressed by the Ministers of Finance, Commerce and Railways.

THE LOSS OF THE 'LUTIN'.—Bizerta, Tunis, Oct. 25.—The floating dock and tugs have now brought the submarine boat 'Lutin,' which is still fifteen metres below the surface, to the entrance of the inner port.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Real estate transfers registered in the city and suburbs during the week ended Friday, October 20, 1906. The principal sales were: Windsor avenue, Westmount, of stone and brick, F. E. Anon, John Carme, \$5,500.

THE EASTERN LEAGUE

STALLINGS IS BLAMED FOR TAYLOR'S DEFEAT.—Buffalo, Oct. 25.—George Stallings, lately the manager of the Buffalo Baseball Club, is credited with the movement that led to the eventual defeat of Harry Taylor in the fight waged for the presidency of the Eastern League.

OTTAWA PLAYERS SUE FOR WAGES.—Ottawa, Oct. 25.—A suit was entered in the Division Court to-day against the Ottawa Baseball Association for \$50, being the aggregate of one month's salaries due to Frank Sanger, pitcher; S. J. Shaughnessy, centre fielder; S. G. Watson, pitcher; and J. Kennedy, third baseman. The suits have been brought directly against Henry J. Sims, president of the club, J. P. Galt, vice-president, and A. M. Payne, secretary-treasurer.

MONTREAL BICYCLE CLUB.—WEEKLY RUCHRES COMMENCE ON MONDAY, NOV. 5.—The Montreal Bicycle Club will commence its weekly ruches on Monday, Nov. 5, and will continue them on every Monday until the close of the winter season.

ST. PATS WILL BE STRONG.—Ottawa, Oct. 25.—The St. Patrick's team will give Westmont a hard struggle to-morrow, as there will be several new men in the line-up.

M.A.A.A. RIFLE CLUB.—WEEKLY COMPETITIONS TO BE HELD THROUGH THE COMING WINTER.—The shooting gallery of the M.A.A.A. Rifle Club is complete, and ready for indoor shooting.

LIFE UNDERWRITERS.—MR. G. H. ALLEN, MONTREAL, ELECTED THIRD VICE PRESIDENT.—St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 25.—The seventeenth annual convention of the National Association of Life Underwriters met to-day, after having decided to meet next year in Toronto.

SANSREGRET CASE ADMOURNED.—The further hearing of evidence against Henri Sansregret, on a charge of manslaughter, in connection with the death of Mr. John Morrison, who was run over and killed by an electric car on St. Lawrence street, on June 24, has been postponed until next Tuesday.

LIBERAL BANQUET AT WINNIPEG.—Winnipeg, Oct. 25.—The French Liberal members in the Local Legislature and provincial representatives were entertained at a banquet by the French Liberal Association here to-night.

THREE PERSONS KILLED.—New York, Oct. 25.—Three persons were killed and three more or less seriously injured in a collision at Woodside, L.I., tonight between a Long Island Railway train and a coach which was returning to New York from a funeral at

INSURANCE COMMISSION

Royal Victoria on the Stand—Policy Holders Might Vote, But Not Allowed To.

REBATING—AGENTS' CONTRACTS CONTAIN FORFEITURE CLAUSE.

(See Page 14.)

The Royal Commission on Life Assurance closed its Montreal session to-day. The morning sitting was devoted to an examination of Mr. David Burke, general manager of the Royal Victoria Life Insurance Company, by Mr. W. N. Tilley, senior, junior Dominion counsel. The evidence was for the main part routine, dealing with the organization of the company and its methods. It was stated in the course of evidence that policy-holders were not allowed to vote at the annual meetings, despite the fact that provision had been made in the charter empowering the directors to call policy-holders to attend annual meetings and vote.

The Commission will sit in Ottawa on Wednesday next, when inquiry will be made into the actuarial department of the Independent Order of Foresters. In opening, Mr. Burke gave details of the formation of the company. "I organized it in 1877," he said. "Prior to that I had been connected with the insurance business since 1869, with the New York Life Insurance Company. I was formerly manager in Ontario, and from 1883 to 1897 general manager for Canada and a trustee. The idea of organization emanated entirely with myself. I thought at the time there was room for another company. I discussed the matter first with the late Mr. A. P. Gault, Mr. James Crathern, Senator Forget, and Senator Mackay particularly."

Can you say what inducement you were at that time able to hold out to those gentlemen to bring them into a new insurance company? "My experience in the business and the large and promising future of the country, and the fact that there were then not so many Canadian companies as later. There seemed to me to be room for another company, especially in the Province of Quebec. That was prior to the rush for charters which took place later, and I thought a good investment could be derived from taking up stock in an insurance company."

Were there any other inducements of a personal character held out to any of them by you? "None whatever." "Did you discuss with any of them advantages that might accrue to them as distinct from any other shareholders who had owned stock?" "No."

The original incorporators have remained directors since incorporation? "Yes, save those who have dropped out by death. Mr. Gault has retired and been succeeded by Mr. Crathern."

Proceeding, Mr. Burke said the capital stock authorized under their act of incorporation was one million dollars, and had now been subscribed. No premium had been charged for the stock. At that time the basis of reserve valuation was not so stringent as now. The interest rate was higher. The cost of obtaining business was not so great then as now but the company had to show an impairment having to draw heavily upon its capital to obtain business in the first instance and this reduced their capital twenty per cent. "I believed the impairment could be made good in ten years, and in every case where the question came up I pointed out that there would not be a dividend in all probability, for some years. Under very favorable conditions, this period might have been cut short by a few years, but I always considered that it would take about ten years."

You were required under the act to have a certain percentage of your stock subscribed namely, \$350,000, and of that amount \$70,000 was required to be paid in before you could call and hold your first meeting? "Yes."

Was that done? "Yes." "Paid into a chartered bank?" "Yes." "By money received from shareholders, or by the discounting of notes?" "No. We never discounted a note. There was no accommodation received from the bank in connection with the money at your credit?" "No. Nor do I know of a single case in which we received a note or notes in payment of stock."

STOCK CONTROL AND PROXIES. "Has there been at any time a control of the stock in your company, either by any one person or any group of persons acting together?" "No."

What part do the policy-holders take in the annual meetings? "None."

POLICY-HOLDERS' VOTES.

Under section 16 of your charter the directors may give authority for the policy-holders to attend the annual meetings and vote? "And if the directors were so determined, the policy-holders could participate in person, except at meetings called to increase the capital stock?" "Yes." "Has the matter ever been discussed by the directors?" "No. It has never come up for consideration."

CASH BONUSES TO AGENTS.

Mr. Burke admitted that the company had offered cash bonuses to its agents. The company had sent out circulars to its agents each year, offering cash bonuses, and these resulted in extra remuneration to the agents of five and a half per cent on the premiums in 1901, when the largest bonuses were offered. In other years the percentage was less than five and a half.

Had the commission any agent was to receive in your company ever depended on his writing a certain amount of insurance? "In some cases we make a slight increase in the commission on the whole business of the year, providing it is over and above a certain amount. In no case has the commission paid ever exceeded 75 per cent of the premium."

Have you had some plan whereby an agent is given commission and extra bonuses if he gets ten sub-agents to bring in \$5,000 new business each in a year? "Yes, that has been done in cases of general agencies in 1904, when the general agent was in control of a district. Not in one case did the general agents succeed. The plan we had in view was to make the general agent organize his territory better, and save the company the trouble and expense of sending men to that territory to select and appoint agents."

Do you have formal contracts with all your agents? "Yes." "How many new agents did you get in 1904 as the result of that plan?" "Only about seven, I think." "Does that exhaust every form of bonus you have ever offered?" "I have no immediate recollection of anything further."

I would like you to recollect. Is there any other form of bonus you have offered to an agent to induce business? "Not that I know of." "Do you make any compensation to an agent who has had to give a rebate?" "No." "Have you ever done so?" "No." "But after it was done, and you could not prevent it being done, have you never made any compensation to an agent who has practically lost the bulk of his commission by giving a rebate?" "No."

UNAUTHORIZED LOANS. Can you tell me what loans you have made that were unauthorized? "In three or four instances, so far as I can recollect." "I wish you would give me this in detail. I suppose unauthorized loans were one of the matters you expected to be asked about. On Sept. 30 you loaned on 300 shares of C. P. R. stocks?" "Yes."

You lent on 50 shares of Canadian Colored Cotton stock too? "Yes. But I think that escaped my notice at the time. I would not have violated the act."

THE IMPAIRMENT PROBLEM. Mr. Tilley then went through the progress of the company's business since its organization, comparing the increase in the impairment of the capital with the increase in the company's business. It was shown that the impairment had increased from \$37,650 in 1891 to \$155,267 in 1905.

and subscribed, and offering some of the stock that would be cancelled for re-subscription at a premium. I think that in two years from now we shall turn the corner and that the impairment will be reimbursed."

INVESTMENTS: CALL LOANS.

Have you any limit for your policy-holders? "Yes, \$5,000 is our maximum on a single life, and that is only given on a first-class life, and is generally an endowment policy."

But you may take \$10,000 and reinsure in some other company? "Yes, that is our practice." "You have considered the question of bringing an expert actuary to make a report on the position of the company?" "Yes, and negotiations were opened with a New York actuary, that ended."

But action was deferred in the matter? "Yes."

And you think it absolutely essential that there should be some reorganization of the company's capital basis? "Yes."

Do you regard your company as having very exceptional power of investment, or are you under the general terms of the Insurance Act? "We are subject to that Act in regard to all our investments."

Have you refused to make investments because of the terms of that Act? "Yes. Brokers and others have offered us securities, but we have refused to invest because prohibited under the Act."

Was it the intention, when your company was formed, to make loans principally on call? "We had no fixed policy."

What class of securities had you in your mind at the time? "We thought of municipal debentures and government bonds as sound and safe."

And also loans on call to brokers, with good security? "Yes; each was considered on its merits."

On real estate? "Yes, that would be part of our policy."

What does the resolution of the company call for in respect of loans? "Loans on call, always provided there is good security."

Have you ever conferred with Senator Forget on loans? "Yes, on one occasion. He was a member of our board, and it was in that capacity only that he was consulted."

What portion of your available funds have you loaned out in that way from time to time? "At the end of 1905 our loans of that nature stood at \$110,000."

But they have been higher than that nearly? "Yes. At the present time they are \$140,000. We have been lending practically fifty per cent of our total available assets on call loans, and that is better than loans on real estate."

What is the average rate of interest you have received on your funds invested? "About four and a half per cent."

And what rate on outstanding premiums? "About six per cent."

How much have you on deposit with the government? "Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars."

How much are you required to have? "Fifty thousand dollars."

Why have you the extra deposit? As an offset against the talk about impairment of capital? "Well it is a good thing to have a substantial deposit with the government."

And it gives the Royal something to talk about? "Yes, and we are perfectly justified."

UNAUTHORIZED LOANS. Can you tell me what loans you have made that were unauthorized? "In three or four instances, so far as I can recollect." "I wish you would give me this in detail. I suppose unauthorized loans were one of the matters you expected to be asked about. On Sept. 30 you loaned on 300 shares of C. P. R. stocks?" "Yes."

You lent on 50 shares of Canadian Colored Cotton stock too? "Yes. But I think that escaped my notice at the time. I would not have violated the act."

Was there any discussion on that C. P. R. loan? "I do not remember."

Did you complain about the Canadian Colored Cotton stock? "Yes, and apparently it was changed."

Apparently not, for it was the last security you received. As a matter of fact, you made several loans on Canadian Colored Cotton stock? "Yes."

W.C.T.U. THIRTY-THIRD ANNUAL CONVENTION OPENS AT HARTFORD, CONN.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 26.—The thirty-third annual national convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union opened here to-day at Parson's Theatre. When it was called to order by Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens, of Portland, Me., over four hundred and fifty delegates from all parts of the United States were present. Visitors from Austria, Japan, England, Greece and other countries were on hand.

Prior to the opening of the convention proper the Royal Temperance League assembled in the chapel of Center Church for an hour of prayer. Mrs. Mary J. Weaver, national evangelist from New York, conducting the meeting. A meeting of this character will be held each morning before the convention opens.

Mrs. Stevens called the convention to order promptly on the hour. The Executive Committee presented its programme of business for the session. This was followed by the appointment of certain committees by confirming some of the standing bodies.

The features of the morning session was the address of the president, Mrs. Stevens, who has been the head of the organization since the death in 1899 of the founder, Miss Frances Willard.

At the conclusion of the address, miscellaneous matters of business were taken up, when an adjournment was taken until two o'clock.

COST OF CARELESSNESS THE FAILURE OF THE JAMESON RAID AND THE LOSS OF 50 SOLDIERS.

(From the "Grand Magazine.") Sometimes the most insignificant piece of carelessness has produced results which have shaken continents. The misplacement of a period was the cause, it is said, of the Jameson raid and therefore indirectly the cause. When there seemed a prospect of a conflict between the Boer government and the Uitlander population a letter was sent to Dr. Jameson from Johannesburg, signed by Cecil Rhodes and others. The original contained the following sentence: "We feel we are justified in taking steps to prevent the shedding of blood and to insure the protection of our rights. It is under these circumstances that we feel constrained to call upon you to come to our aid should disturbance arise here. Circumstances are so extreme that we cannot avoid this step," etc.

In the message Dr. Jameson received the full stop was placed after the word "aid" instead of "after here." Thus the qualifying clause was cut off and became a part of the next sentence. The Rhodesians came instantly galloping across the frontier on their ill-fated mission. Carelessness pure and simple was the cause of a shocking catastrophe near St. Petersburg during the army manoeuvres four years ago. A sham fight was in progress and an officer in command of a cavalry regiment was ordered to move around the flank of an opposing force. Instead of throwing out scouts and proceeding cautiously he calmly trotted off in the direction indicated, and when the regiment reached a point where some of the opposing force were supposed to be awaiting them ordered one squadron to charge. The troops put spurs to their horses and galloped furiously forward. The result was appalling. The supposed enemy's trenches turned out to be a narrow, but deep, swift running river into which the whole squadron rode at full speed. Men and horses crashed over the almost vertical bank in a living torrent. Of more than 600 men scarcely 400 reached the opposite bank alive.

One summer morning in July, 1903, the peaceful little village of Collonges was startled by a huge object descending apparently from the skies with a terrific thud in the centre of the main street. A moment after, with a shrieking whistle came another of these visitants, which struck the church roof, knocking a hole in it. The terrified inhabitants fled for their lives, pursued by shell after shell. Many houses were struck, but by a miracle no one was killed. Afterward it turned out that this perilous bombardment was the result of a trial of some new long-range guns at the Savatan forts. The officer in charge had apparently never taken the trouble to inquire the range of the new weapons and had been firing with a reckless disregard of consequences.

In May, 1903, 11 boys on board the training ship "Cornwall," lying off Purfleet, were suddenly struck down by typhoid fever and inquiry proved that the outbreak was the result of their sleeping between fever-infected blankets brought from South Africa. In flat contravention of army regulations from service had been sold to two dealers at the Cape at 5 cents each, and of these 15,000 dozen were shipped back to London, those that were tainted being indiscriminately mixed with those free from suspicion. Carelessness of this sort is in every truth a crime of the deepest dye.

While on the subject of infection the American town of St. Paul, Minn., got an unpleasant scare two years ago. An English doctor was travelling across from San Francisco to New York when, at St. Paul, a negro porter in charge of the traveller's bag carelessly mislaid it. Imagine the feelings of the railway officials when they heard that among the contents of the lost piece of luggage were several tubes of living plague bacilli the doctor had brought from India. For some days the whole surrounding country was in a state of semi-panic, but eventually the missing bag was recovered with the tubes intact.

Some giant Jamaica oranges are reported to have recently brought \$1.50 a dozen on the London market. The orange shippers of the West India islands declare that the crop is an excellent one this season, and that shipments will be above the average.

THE BURNS CLUB.

A social meeting of the Burns Club was held last night in the club rooms, Alexandra Hall, 314 St. Catherine street west. The president, Mr. Drysdale, occupied the chair, and an enjoyable programme of song and recitation was rendered by the following members and friends, viz., Messrs. E. Bain, D. Swan, R. Donaldson, W. Heaper, F. Richan and Mrs. A. Stewart; accompanied, Mr. W. Sweeting.

VISITING GOVERNORS.

The visiting governors to the Montreal General Hospital for the week commencing Oct. 29, are Messrs. H. S. Holt, Robertson Macculloch, M. Duff Lamb and J. B. Sparrow.

GERMAN REPUBLIC BISMARCK'S INTENTION IF WILLIAM I. HAD OPPOSED UNITY.

A Paris despatch says:—A sensational contribution to the Hohenzollern revelations is made in the "Temps" by M. Georges Villiers, showing what Bismarck's sentiments were towards his Sovereign and the Hohenzollerns. The difficulties that Bismarck had to contend with in order to overcome William the First's hesitation and scruples when pursuing his scheme of German unity are notorious. His confidant, Maurice Busch, one day asked him whether, if William the First had firmly opposed him, he would have obeyed his King rather than his convictions.

Bismarck's answer was as follows:—"If the King had resisted, if he had not admitted both my goal—the unity of Germany by Prussia—and my means—universal suffrage and war—I should not have hesitated a single moment. Germany rather than the Hohenzollerns."

NEW ZEALAND AND THE UNITED STATES RENEWAL OF MAIL SUBSIDY FOR THREE YEARS APPROVED BY FORMER.

Wellington, N. Z., Oct. 26.—The House of Representatives to-day approved the renewal of the San Francisco mail subsidy for three years, with the proviso that new steamships shall be provided within two years in default of which the Postmaster-General is empowered to give six months' notice of the withdrawal of the subsidy, the House also authorized the making of a contract for the Vancouver service giving three thousand dollars to steamers making the trip in eighteen days, the maximum subsidy to be a hundred thousand dollars.

ALLEGED GAMBLING HOUSES CHARGES AGAINST NICHOLSON AND BRADY ARE ADJOURNED FOR A WEEK.

Evidence in the cases in which charges have been made against Dave Nicholson and Frank Brady, of having kept gambling houses on Metcalfe and St. Lawrence streets, respectively, was to have been heard in the Court of Enquete before Mr. Lafontaine to-day, but a further postponement of a week had to be ordered owing to the continued absence in New York of Nicholson, and to the non-appearance of Oscar Lefebvre, of 8 City Hall avenue, who has signed the second complaint that has been made against Frank Brady. The latter appeared in Court with his lawyer, Mr. C. W. Walsh, who has entered a plea of not guilty, and says he is prepared to disprove the charges.

It was stated that Lefebvre has not been seen in the city since he signed the complaint.

Delphis Desautels, of 627 Wolfe street, is the other complainant, and he was present to give evidence, but as the charge against Nicholson could not go on in his absence, it was resolved to adjourn both cases for a week.

Mr. Lafontaine thought it was rather rambling that Nicholson should not be present, as New York was within easy communication.

Mr. Walsh replied that there was not the slightest doubt that he would appear in court to answer the charge.

Mr. C. Bruchet and Mr. C. D. Gaudet appeared for the prosecution.

MODERN NAPOLEONS FOUGHT.

CHIEF OF ST. LAMBERT POLICE FORCE FINED AND BOUND OVER TO KEEP THE P. C. E.

What Judge Piché described this morning in the Police Court as a "penible" (sad) spectacle, was witnessed on the street at St. Lambert on Oct. 20. It was that of a fight between Napoleon Gravel, the chief of police of that municipality, and a young man named Napoleon Beaugard, over a five-cent punch and a tool belonging to Beaugard. The latter had accused the chief of police of having hidden the punch. Gravel struck his accuser, and provoked a fight. Beaugard claimed that he acted in self-defence. He afterwards took out a warrant against the chief and the charge of assault alleged upon it was heard before Judge Piché this morning.

The complaint of Beaugard was substantiated by four witnesses and Gravel himself gave the only testimony for the defence. He claimed that he was aggravated to striking Beaugard by that young man's conduct. The Chief of Police Counsel for the defence submitted that the parties were jointly responsible for the quarrel, and he asked that sentence should be suspended.

The judge, however, declined to look at the case as one of little significance. He said Gravel, in his position as chief of police should have acted as a guardian of the peace. If the conduct of the complainant was annoying, Gravel ought to have pacified the man rather than to have provoked a fight and turned the footwalk at St. Lambert into a prize-ring.

The defendant was fined \$20, or, in default, two months' imprisonment, and was bound over to keep the peace for twelve months on his own bond of \$200 and two sureties of \$100 each.

FROM 'WITNESS' FILES SIXTY YEARS AGO.

The following is an extract from the diary of the Rev. John Marsh, secretary of the American Temperance Union who, sixty years ago, was in England attending the meetings of the Evangelical Alliance. At the dinner table on each consecutive day, most of the clergy drank wine and port; we say not to what they might call excess, but to a degree that without difficulty, it found its way to their surface. We were thankful that the American ministers by their example and occasionally by a word openly and strongly rebuked them. The glasses of such men as Beecher, and Cox and Patton, and Skinner and Olin and Kirk and others (who were making themselves feel the power of their talents and the depth of their piety) filled only with water, formed a contrast to their own which could be contemplated somewhat to renounce the intoxicating poison. A violent effort was making as we left to exclude the slave-holder from the Alliance. We could not ask who not also exclude the manufacturer, vender and consumer of intoxicating drinks, but which is the worst slavery—that of the body or that of the soul and the soul? Both are too horrid to have substance in the Christian Church and should be frowned upon by the Christian ministry.

FORTY YEARS AGO.

Quebec was on the 14th of this month forty years ago the scene of a terrible fire, when the suburbs of St. Rocco and St. Sauveur were almost entirely destroyed by fire. The fire raged for thirteen hours, burning 2,500 houses and leaving 15,000 persons homeless. Five lives were lost.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Mr. Gladstone, while at his favorite creation, cutting down a tree in Haward Park, on Saturday, disturbed a wasps' nest and had his face so badly stung that he was unable to attend church the next day.

Relics of the Bethuks, the extinct aboriginal Indians of Newfoundland were discovered on Pelly's Island, in Notre Dame Bay. Conspicuous among the relics was the body of a boy nine or ten years of age. It had been wrapped in birch bark, laid on its side and covered with stones. The form, when the wrappings were removed, was found to be perfectly preserved, quite like a mummy. Among the other things found were an adult skull, some beautifully finished stone arrowheads, bark models of canoes, drinking vessels, and bone ornaments. The aborigines of Newfoundland were a branch of the great Algonquians, who ranged from the Rockies to Newfoundland, and from Labrador to the Carolinas. They were in many ways a fine race, but between the vicious Micmacs and the musket of the white man their doom was sealed. These relics are now to be seen in the Government Museum in St. John's.

SHIPPING NEWS.

TWENTY FILLIES ARRIVE. The S.S. Marina, which reached port at 9 a.m. to-day from Glasgow had on board twenty fillies, which attracted considerable attention as they were driven through the streets.

TUNISIAN HERE TO-MORROW. The Allan Line R.M.S. Tunisian passed Father Point in ward at 7.25 o'clock this morning with 43 saloon, 196 second cabin, and 489 steerage passengers. She is due in Quebec this evening, and Montreal at 2 p.m. to-morrow.

BOTH EMPRESSES ARRIVE. The remarkable regularity in the arrivals of the two Empresses was demonstrated to-day, when at 11 a.m. the "Ireland" swung into port at Quebec, while an hour earlier the "Britain" reached Liverpool.

DOMINION'S PASSENGERS. First class passengers per the Dominion line R.M.S. Dominion, from Montreal to-morrow will include the following Canadians:—Miss Allen, Mr. Wm. Bayden, Mr. P. Brisest, Mrs. P. Brisest, and infant; Master Paul Brisest, Miss Allette Brisest, Mr. J. Lareau, Mrs. E. Lareau, Miss B. Lareau, Miss M. Lareau, Mr. T. R. Murdoch, Mr. A. J. McDonnell, Mr. R. K. Fuckle, Mr. Sanderson, Mrs. Sanderson.

NOTES. The S.S. Hurona arrived at Quebec at 9 a.m. to-day.

The S.S. Cervina will leave port to-morrow for London.

The Allan line S.S. Hibernian, from London, for Quebec and Montreal, passed Fame Point at 6.50 a.m. to-day.

The Allan line S.S. Pretorian, from Montreal and Quebec, for Glasgow, arrived at Quebec at 6.30 p.m. yesterday, and sailed thence at 6 a.m. to-day.

GULF REPORT. Lislet-Clear, west wind; inward 8.35 a.m., Empress of Ireland.

Father Point-Cloudy, west wind; inward 7.25 a.m., Tunisian.

Mataue-Cloudy, south-west wind. Martin River-Cloudy, north-west wind. Cape Magdalen-Cloudy, south-west wind; inward 6.30 a.m., Fritzoe.

Fame Point-Clear, south-west wind; inward 7 a.m., Hibernian; 7.30 a.m., Universe.

Anticosti-Clear, west wind. Cape Ray-Clear, north-west wind. Low Point-Clear, north wind; outward 6.30 a.m., St. Andrew's; outward yesterday 3.30 p.m., Chr. Knudsen.

Cape Race-Raining, strong south wind. North Shore-Clear, west wind. Point Amour-Clear, gale, west wind. Belle Isle-Cloudy, strong gale, west wind.

The reason for purchasing a Pianola Piano or a Metrolite Pianola IS JUST AS STRONG IN YOUR CASE AS IN OTHERS. With the growth of popularity of this new style of Piano there is a corresponding decrease in the EXCHANGE VALUE of old-style pianos. We can make a more liberal exchange proposition to-day than market value will justify a year or two years from now.

These instruments are on daily demonstration to the public in Montreal ONLY at

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It's Fancy Linens this time. We've cleared out our Cotton Huckback Towels and our Union Table Damasks, and now for a clearance of anything of that nature in the way of fancy linens.

Lunch Cloths, plain and damask, 36 x 36, Pillow Shams, 30 x 30, Sideboard Runners, Bureau Scarfs, etc., 18 x 45, 18 x 54, 18 x 27, and many other kinds of Fancy Linens in drawn thread, embroidered work and Battenberg Lace.
 Worth .75 to \$1.25. Special Saturday .50.

CASHMERE STOCKINGS 3 Pair for **\$1.00.**

SAMPLE LINED GLOVES.

All sorts and kinds of Lined Gloves, Kid, Dressed and Undressed and Mocha Leather, Fur and Astrachan, made by one of the best manufacturers in the world.
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STUDENTS AND SOCIETIES.
McGill Medical and Undergraduate Bodies May Be Amalgamated.

FEES, BEING OPTIONAL IN ONE CASE, MEMBERSHIP HAS FALLEN OFF.

The proposed amalgamation of the undergraduates and medical societies of McGill is creating much interest among the medical students whom it affects more particularly.

The object of the Medical Society, which meets fortnightly, is to diffuse medical knowledge by means of lectures, the reading of papers, and practical demonstration. On its advisory board are to be found members of the medical faculty, who also take a prominent part in the meetings.

The Undergraduates' Society, as its name indicates, is concerned with matters affecting the students exclusively. One of the functions which falls under its control, is the McGill Medical dinner. The president of the senior class has been invariably in the past the president of this society.

The proposal for amalgamation arose from the fact that owing to non-payment of the fees, which are purely voluntary, the number of properly qualified members became so reduced that it was difficult to get together a quorum. In the case of the Medical Society, the fee is compulsory so that all medical students are members. It is submitted by some students that the president of the Undergraduates' Society should be representative of all classes, and elected by all, instead of as at the present time, by the senior class only.

Owing to the necessity which often arises for action in matters relating purely to the students, however, strong opposition to this proposal, and in fact its defeat is by some confidently anticipated.

As yet, those in opposition belong to the Sophomore class.

THE "GASPESIEN" COLLISION
MOTIONS DISPOSED OF IN THE ADMIRALTY COURT.

In the Admiralty Court on Wednesday Mr. Justice Dunlop rendered judgment on two motions presented in connection with the actions of damages taken as a consequence of the collision between the steamship "Gaspesien" and elevator No. 7 of the Montreal Grain Elevating Co., in July last. It will be remembered that the proprietors of the "Gaspesien" entered an action at Quebec claiming \$3,000 from the Montreal Grain Elevating Co., and the latter company, in its turn, entered an action in the Admiralty Court here to recover \$3,000 from the owners of the "Gaspesien."

Under those circumstances, the "Gaspesien" made a motion to have the Elevating Company's action dismissed, on the ground that an action on identical issues had already been entered in Quebec, and the Elevating Company made a mo-

tion to have a date fixed for the hearing of its action. The court dismissed the first motion, and granted the other, fixing the hearing for Nov. 13.

LIGHTING THE CITY.
Mr. Parent Wants More Arc Lights for Outlying Districts.

ASKS FOR MORE LIGHT WHERE POWER IS BELOW CONTRACT.

Mr. Arthur Parent, superintendent of lighting, has prepared an elaborate report on the street lighting of Montreal. In the report a request is made to the Fire and Light Committee for sixty-five additional arc lamps for distribution on certain streets.

Mr. Parent places his estimate for lighting purposes for next year at \$130,000, besides \$17,355 for the lighting of municipal buildings and other civic property.

An effort is to be made to secure better lighting for Fletcher's Field and if the by-law which prohibits the placing of poles on the streets can be overcome, several arc lamps will be placed in that district.

The department has advised the Royal Electric Company that, on certain circuits their lighting power in the street lamps is below the contract regulations and the company has been requested to have this rectified.

RAILWAY ITEMS.
 Mr. J. M. M. Duff has sold the property just west of the Glen, and at the foot of Victoria street, to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and it is on this lot that the new Westmount station is to be erected.

Mr. M. McDuff, chief clerk in the office of Mr. Piers, manager of the C. P. R. steamship lines, left yesterday for Ottawa to attend his own wedding.

The Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Colonization and Mines in the Ontario Government, has written Mr. L. O. Armstrong, of the C. P. R., approving of the latter's suggestion that the islands in the Georgian Bay district be empowered to erect themselves into special groups for municipal purposes in order that they may raise revenues to improve waterways, build docks, establish summer schools, etc.

The Canadian Pacific officials have received from Ottawa an engraved parchment setting forth that the Central Exhibition Association of Ottawa had conferred upon the C. P. R. a diploma for its exhibit of Western Canadian products at their recent exhibition.

Mr. James Osborne, general superintendent of the eastern division of the C. P. R., will return to-day with his family on the "Empress of Ireland," after spending two months in England and on the Continent.

MR. BORDEN TO SPEAK.
 Mr. R. L. Borden the Conservative leader, will be the speaker at next Monday's meeting of the Canadian Club. His subject will be "The Citizen and the State."

HURRICANE IN JAPAN
 Tokio Oct. 25.—A hurricane swept over southwestern Japan yesterday. Several coral fishing boats are reported missing. Each boat is manned by at least two sailors.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.
 Ottawa, Oct. 25.—The Railway Commission has granted the Grand Trunk Railway authority to acquire certain additional lands in St. Laurent township for the purpose of a connecting track between the Grand Trunk line and the Montreal Park & Island Railway.

A DISTURBING RUMOR.
Reports to City Council Will Advise Dismissal of Incompetent Civic Employees.

OFFICIALS SAY THERE ARE MANY WHO COULD BE EASILY DONE WITHOUT.

Certain employees at the City Hall were caused considerable uneasiness to-day by a rumor to the effect that a report recommending the dismissal of a number of civic employees would be introduced in the City Council before the new year. It is claimed by those favoring such a step that there are too many employees in the civic offices, and that, by their removal, the city will stand to save a large amount of money now paid out in wages.

This proposal will also affect departments under civic control outside the City Hall, where, it is said, any number of men are employed whose services could be easily dispensed with.

Speaking of this movement an alderman stated that it was a well-known fact that, at the present time, there were far too many employees in the service of the city who were not qualified for their positions and this fact, he said, would be clearly shown in the different reports to be presented to council from the committee, defining the appropriations for next year.

CUBAN SITUATION
SECRETARY TAFT CAUSES INSURGENT RIFLES TO BE THROWN INTO THE SEA.

Havana, Oct. 24.—The statement made by General Taft, Secretary of War, on the eve of his departure from Cuba, that he would put all the arms surrendered by the insurgents where they would do no further harm, was verified to-day when a company of the Cuban artillery spent the afternoon throwing these weapons into the sea from the outer bastion of Morro Castle. Thousands of rifles and carbines were sunk in thirty fathoms of water.

Some unrest continues to prevail in the provinces of Puerto Principe and Santa Clara, where small armed bands are roving and committing minor depredations.

NEW GAS WORKS FOR TORONTO.
 Toronto, Oct. 25.—With an announcement of seventy-five cents gas comes word from Mr. W. H. Pearson, manager of the Consumers' Gas Company, that a new gas works will be put up, costing a million dollars, which will increase the city's supply by two and a half million feet. This will be done before the first of October, 1907. A new retort house will be built, and likewise a purifying house, coke house, boiler house, meter house, and condenser, making the total daily capacity of all the plants 8,500,000 feet. Toronto has 39,711 consumers by the report of the company for September, 1905, but it is confidently expected that the number on the report to be presented on Monday will be nearly 45,000.

NAVAL AND MILITARY CONCERT.
 The members of the British Naval and Military Association held an enjoyable concert at the Montreal Sailors' Institute last night in commemoration of the battles of Trafalgar and Balaklava. The chairman announced that the proceeds of the concert would be devoted to the Sick and Funeral benefit fund. The life and drum band gave several pleasing selections and among those who contributed to the pleasure of the evening were: Messrs. J. Kelly, J. Clark, D. Kelly, J. Dobbie, F. Barqueley, E. Evans, T. Johnson, Miss Marsden and Miss M. Cockburn.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS
INCOMPATIBLE TASTES.
 Miss Gushby—"You have quite a taste for writing, haven't you, Mr. Scribbler?"
 Mr. Scribbler—"Well, not exactly—that is, not now. I did have, and to gratify it I adopted literature as my profession. But I soon found that I couldn't gratify my taste for writing and for bread and butter at the same time, and I chose the latter."
 "Pacific Monthly."

PRACTICAL.
 "I'm sure my two-year-old son is going to have good business ability," said the proud father.
 "What's the reason?" asked a friend.
 "We tried every way to force him to stop putting his thumb in his mouth, but he never paid the least attention to us till we offered to buy him off." — Detroit "Free Press."

A DELICATE HINT.
 "They say Miss Sharpe can convey a hint with such tact that it is impossible to take offence."
 "Yes, she has quite a gift that way. The last time Mr. Staylate called there she asked him to have some slight refreshment, and then brought in a plate of breakfast food." — Baltimore "American."

ON SHARES.
 Prestidigitator (during his grand gold-piece act)—"I could take twenty-dollar gold pieces from your pocket all night."
 Seedy Individual—"Go ahead, pard; I'll give ye half." — New York "Weekly."

Have You a Cold?
 THEN GET A BOX OF
Harte's Grippe Wafers
 Cures a Cold in Twenty-four Hours.

Have You a Cough?
 GET A BOTTLE OF
Harte's Cough Mixture
 JUST THE THING. PRICE 25c.
J. A. HARTE, Druggist
 150 Notre Dame West
 Telephone 1190 Main.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.
Walter Paul's STORE AT
 461 St. Catherine St., W.
 is noted as the place where you can get the BEST OF EVERYTHING in the line of CHOICE GROCERIES. Fresh Fruits of all kinds for Table and Cooking, Green and Dried Vegetables, Real New-Laid Eggs, Choice Creamery Butter, Sugar-Cured Hams and Bacon, etc.

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 Phones—Up 1237,
 " 1238,
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LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.
INTERNATIONAL Business College
 158 St. Catherine West
EVENING CLASSES.
 Individual Instruction. Tel. Main 309.
 GAZA & LORD, Principals.

THE LEADING DESIGNS IN FURS CAN BE PURCHASED AT



NELSON'S, 304 Notre Dame Street West
 AND 380 St. Catherine Street West.

DETROIT UNITED EXPERIMENT. Working Men Clamor Over What They Now Consider Satisfactory Conditions.

SOME LIQUIDATION TO-DAY BUT GENERAL MARKET GRADUALLY RECOVERING.

SCATTERED CHARACTER OF THE BUYING DEMONSTRATES THAT INVESTORS ARE PICKING UP BAR-GAINS.

Exchange value of £1 Sterling to-day is \$4.65.5 to \$4.65.05.

After a two-day's trial of the fares provided in the Codd ordinance it is generally admitted that Detroit street car fares are very well satisfied. There has been a tremendous sale of both the ten-for-quarter and six for a quarter tickets.

The issue of the London market was more cheerful to-day, and opening dealings in American and Canadian securities were on rising prices, there being few prominent exceptions.

Canadian Converters declared a quarterly dividend of 1 percent, payable Nov. 15, to those of record Oct. 31.

Nipissing was quoted at 25 1/2 to 25 3/4; McKinley, 3 to 3 1/4, and Silver Leaf at 19 to 22.

Money on call on Wall Street was lower at 4 1/2 to 4 3/4 this morning.

'Soo' Railway for third week increased \$2,948. From July 1 the increase is \$1,492,444.

Stiffer money rates are expected next week over end of month.

Indications at present are that the Bank of England's position should improve, especially if 1,000,000 pound gold offering in open market on Monday goes to the bank.

Havana Electric earnings for week ending Oct. 21 were \$26,000, American gold, compared with \$28,047 last year, a decrease of \$1,447.

Dividend payments in the United States in November aggregate about \$88,000,000, a much less amount than this month.

Another Cobalt venture was launched on the New York curb Wednesday—Gillespie Mining Company, Limited. The principal owners are Abbott & Newburgher, brokers, of 25 Broad street.

MORNING EXCHANGE SALES. C.P.R.—100 at 173, 250 at 173 1/2. M.S.R.—100 at 27 1/2, 250 at 25 1/2. Twins—25 at 111. Mackay pref.—25 at 70. Power—10 at 98 1/2.

Winnipeg—Trade here reflects the prosperous condition of affairs throughout this to the market more rapidly than ever before, and credit and money conditions generally are much better than usual at this time of the year.

NEW PACKING ORGANIZATION. All who believe in the future of Canada must recognize the great possibilities of a well-equipped and thoroughly organized packing and canning company.

Another large rubber merger was consummated yesterday when the absorption of the Maple Leaf Rubber Company, of Port Dalhousie, Ontario, was announced.

TRUST & LOAN CO. WILL ISSUE NEW STOCK.

(Canadian Associated Press.) London, Oct. 26.—At an extraordinary general meeting of the Trust and Loan Company, it was resolved to issue 25,000 new shares at \$20 each.

HENDERSON HITS BACK.

Toronto, Oct. 26.—R. L. Henderson, former president of the Henderson Roller Bearing Company, has issued writs at Os-geode Hall, claiming \$25,000 damages from Henry Sepler, of Hanover, for false arrest, and another from John Seiler for malicious prosecution.

THE SOO LOAN GUARANTEE.

Mr. F. H. Clergue, and Mr. R. Wilson-Smith, had an informal conference with members of the Ontario Legislature yesterday in regard to the 'Soo' loan guarantee.

WINNIPEG CLEARINGS EXTREMELY HEAVY.

Winnipeg bank clearings for the week ending yesterday were \$5,694,813 greater than for the corresponding week of last year.

Edmonton bank clearings for the week ending to-day, \$804,971.

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

Table with columns: Bid, Asked, Security Name, Price. Includes items like B.C. Packers, Dominion Park, etc.

COBALT NEWS.

The works of the Montreal Smelting and Reduction Company, at Trout Lake, three miles out of North Bay, are being advanced at a rapid rate.

On the La Rose mine wonderfully rich ore has been encountered at the 300 foot level.

CATTLE MARKETS.

East Buffalo, Oct. 26.—Cattle, receipts, 525 head; dull and unchanged. Veals, receipts, 200 head; active and steady; \$4.50 to \$8.

ANOTHER RUBBER COMPANY ABSORBED. Maple Leaf Goes Over to Major Stephens' Progressive Associates.

\$300,000 CASH AND UNNAMED AMOUNT OF STOCK WAS CONSIDERATION.

Another large rubber merger was consummated yesterday when the absorption of the Maple Leaf Rubber Company, of Port Dalhousie, Ontario, was announced.

TO TRACE MCGILL'S SPECULATIONS.

Toronto, Oct. 26.—From the indications yesterday it would appear that special steps are being taken to follow up the speculations of Mr. Charles McGill, late general manager of the Ontario Bank.

FIVE CENTS ON DOLLAR.

The Ontario Bank case in the Police Court has been adjourned for a week.

MCGILL IN COURT.

Mr. Charles McGill, former general manager of the Ontario Bank, appeared in the Police Court this morning before Colonel Denison, and was remanded till Monday.

MCCUAIG ON DETROIT.

Clarence J. McCuaig in his weekly circular says of the Detroit situation: A bitterly contested fight is now raging in Detroit over the renewal of the franchise and some distrust has been expressed here as to the result.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

The easier feeling reported in the cheese situation yesterday is still in evidence, and though there is no further change in prices, the market is unsettled and holders can not get over 12 1/2 to 12 3/4 for finest western grades.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 26.—Flour—Ontario, dull, \$2.75 asked for 90 percent patents, buyers' basis, outside, for export, Manitoba first patents, \$4.50; second patents, \$4; bakers, \$3.90.

CHEESE BOARDS.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 25.—Boarded, 331 colored, 270 white cheese. Bidding opened at 11 1/2, rose to 12 1-8, and at this figure 500 boxes were sold, balance refused.

OSTROM RETIRES FROM MONARCH LIFE. Managing Director and Promoter Sends Interesting Communication to Insurance Committee.

HE MAKES UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF PREROGATIVES.

Winnipeg, Oct. 26.—T. Marshall Ostrom, who has been the managing director of the Monarch Life Assurance Company since its inception, has sent the following communication to the Insurance Commission, which holds all the stock that has been issued to him by the acting vice-president, Dr. Graham.

FARMERS' MARKET PRICES.

Nearly all the available space in the vicinity of Bonsecours market and Jacques Cartier square was occupied by large loads of farm and garden truck this forenoon, while the basket brigade filled both of the thousands of empty hooking sidewalk with their personal and market baskets.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES.

FLOUR—Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$4.40 to \$4.60; strong bakers, \$3.90 to \$4.10; Manitoba bran in bags, \$20.75; dry salt long straight rollers, \$3.75 to \$3.85, in wood; in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; extra, in bags, \$1.50 to \$1.60.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs are very firm on the local market and jobbers are asking 24c for single case lots of selected stock. A few cases of fresh gathered all eggs are being offered on this market at 22c, but the quantity is limited; No. 1 candied are quoted at 20c.

CARS OFF THE TRACK.

Several heavily-laden freight cars were off the track this morning on the main line near the entrance to Victoria Jubilee bridge, blocking the outgoing and incoming trains for some time.

END OF SEASON FRUIT TRADE. Demand Will be Brisk From Now till Close of Navigation.

APPLES THE MARKET LEADER.

A very active trade is being worked in nearly all lines of fruit, and the present busy season will be likely to last right up to the close of navigation.

Crabapples are selling fairly well at \$1.50 to \$2 per bushel. A car load of Lodi Tokay grapes arrived from California yesterday, and the fruit is selling at \$2.50 to \$3 per crate.

PROFESSIONAL DYNAMITER.

The finished type of the dynamiter is the man who has had the ability to rise and the luck to survive long enough to graduate from the plant and become an agent. In his best embodiment the expert positive agent is something of a chemist, and of a quarryman, something of an electrician, a good deal of a mineralogist, and, above all, a man of resource and coolness.

FINGERS AND BRAIN.

A new test of the mental and physical condition of children has been discovered by a specialist in the physical development of children.

MONEY FOR YOU.

We negotiate loans for people who have household goods or personal property. CHARGES REASONABLE. If you want a loan for terms, it will cost you nothing to investigate, and if you are not satisfied with the deal you need not borrow.

THE BORROWERS AGENCY, LIMITED.

206 New York Life Building, Place d'Armes square.

MARRIAGE LICENSES MONEY TO LEND CUSHING & BARRON. Notaries and Commissioners. Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building, 112 St. James Street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES, Real Estate and Insurance, Properties Managed. Evening 7 to 10. WILLIAM P. RANSOM, 226 Elm Avenue, Westmount.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY JOHN M. M. DUFF, 107 St. James Street, 49 Crescent Street.

STEEL STAMPS. For Stamping Wood, Leather and Metal. WALKER & CAMPBELL, GENERAL ENGRAVERS, Manufacturer of Rubber Stamps & Stencils, Brass Signs, Corporation Seals, Etc. CORNER MCGILL and NOTRE DAME STS., Tel. Main 773.

Carpet Sweepers Repaired. ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS, 76 Victoria Square 78, Telephone M. 2740.

GOLDEN WHEAT AND WHITE MOUNTAIN BREAD. PHONE US FOR A TRIAL LOAF. R. S. AULD, 557 St. Antoine, Cor. Atwater Ave., TEL. MOUNT 13.

Care For One's Clothes. We take the care off your shoulders with either men's or women's apparel. Our methods of cleaning have the approval of the fastidious. R. PARKER & CO., Dyers and Cleaners, Montreal, Que. 620 St. Catherine St. W., Cor. Mountain St., and 392 Notre Dame St. West. Phones: Bell (Up) 3011, Main 1397.

JACKSON & CO., CARPENTERS, BUILDERS And CONTRACTORS. Valuations made. Jobbing promptly attended to. 329B to 335 BURNHAM ROAD, TEL. MAIN 4133.

Professional ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c. ELLIOTT & DAVID, Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors, Commissioners for all the Provinces, And for the States of Massachusetts and New York. Canada Life Building, 189 St. James St., Henry J. Elliott, L. A. David, Tel. Main 3909.

PATTERSON & BROWN, Advocates, Barristers & Solicitors, TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James St., MONTREAL. W. Patterson, M.A., L.L.B., E.N. Brown, B.A., B.C.L.

MACLENNAN & MEACHER, Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors, New York Life Building, Montreal. F. S. MacLennan, K. C., J. J. Meagher.

SMITH, MARKEY, MONTGOMERY & SKINNER. ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c., TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 ST. JAMES STREET. ROBT. C. SMITH, K. C., FRED H. MARKEY, GED. H. A. MONTGOMERY, WALDO W. SKINNER.

PATENTS THAT PROTECT FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO., Chas. W. Taylor, K. Sec., the Examiner Canadian Patent Office. CANADA LIFE BUILDING, - MONTREAL.

OWEN N. EVANS PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS Merchants Bank Building, Montreal, Financial.

EDWD. T. TAYLOR & SON, Insurance Agents & Brokers, ROOM 17 TRAFALGAR CHAMBERS 40 Hospital St. Tel. M. 2203.

FIRE COMMITTEE

WATER SUPPLY FOR ROSEMOUNT CONSIDERED BUT NOTHING DONE.

The Fire and Light Committee yesterday afternoon decided to recommend to the City Council that the captains of fire stations be granted an increase of \$50 a year up to a fair maximum.

At the previous meeting of the committee it was decided to advance the pay of the captains in the city \$50, and those stations in the outskirts \$25.

Ald. Laviolette took exception to this. He claimed that captains should be treated on terms of equality. It was not too much to grant each captain an increase of \$50.

Mr. Ainey expressed the opinion that in the commercial portion of the city the firemen had more work to do and that if in all parts of the city the captains received pay alike, they would naturally like to be appointed to the outlying districts where they would have less work to do.

Finally, on motion of Ald. Laviolette it was decided to recommend an increase of \$50 for captains, \$40 for engineers, and \$25 for foremen.

Chief Benoit informed the committee that Rosemount was without fire protection. The nearest fire station, he said, was two and a half miles away, and there was no water in the vicinity that could be used in case of a fire.

No decision was reached in the matter, as the majority of the members had left the room to attend other meetings.

A report was laid on the table from Sub-Chief Tremblay and Mr. Fred D'Amour, supply officer, who have returned from a visit of inspection to the New York and Boston fire departments.

The officers suggested several improvements in the internal management of the Montreal Fire Brigade. One proposal is that responsible men should record the doings of the brigade day by day and keep a proper file of such records.

GIRL STEPPED ON MATCH
DIES IN HOSPITAL AS RESULT OF BURNS.

Peterborough, Ont., Oct. 25.—Lucy Lemoine, aged 16 years, of Hastings, is dead in St. Joseph's Hospital here, of burns, resulting from stepping on a match, which, igniting, set fire to her clothes. The girl's sister excitedly threw a pot of boiling water on her, in an attempt to put out the fire, and the girl was badly scalded as well as burned.

TUBERCULOSIS
TALK THAT HAS DONE GREAT HARM.

Syracuse, N.Y., Oct. 25.—Dr. M. P. Ravenel, assistant director of the Henry Phipps Institute for the Study of Tuberculosis at Philadelphia, made some interesting statements this afternoon in an address on "Infection and immunity in tuberculosis," at the session of the conference of the sanitary officers of the State of New York.

Dr. Ravenel said it was reasonable to expect that in the near future persons would be vaccinated to make them immune from tuberculosis. He said that nothing has done more harm in the efforts to prevent

tuberculosis than the belief by many that it is in the family and there is no use to fight against it. The speaker also stated that ninety percent of all persons upon whom post-mortem examinations have been made have scars on their lungs where tuberculosis has been healed.

ST. MARY'S DIVISION
MR. AINEY IS VIGOROUSLY PUSHING THE CAMPAIGN OF THE LABOR PARTY.

Mr. Ainey, the labor candidate in St. Mary's Division, continued his campaign with another meeting last night, held in Blondin Hall, at the corner of St. Catherine and Parthenas streets. The principal speakers were the candidate, Mr. Verville, M.P. for Maisonneuve, and Mr. Achille Latrille, who was the labor candidate in St. Louis Division at the last provincial election.

The news from Ottawa, published in the "Witness" yesterday, stating that the election in St. Mary's Division would, probably, be held before the opening of parliament in November, was hailed with cheers by the large assembly.

If the Liberals decide to nominate a candidate against Mr. Ainey, declared Mr. Verville, "we will fight him to a finish. Certain Liberals have objected to Mr. Ainey's candidature because he is not a resident of the division he wishes to represent in parliament. If that rule was to be applied to government members now holding office there would be many changes. A member of the Labor party should be elected in St. Mary's Division, because about ninety percent of the population of eleven thousand electors are workmen. What I want is that the government shall recognize the principle of labor representation; not, of course, in proportion to the population of the country—this would be asking too much—but to a more reasonable degree than at present.

The Labor party stands for progress above all things, and it is not afraid of the accusation sometimes made against it of being impregnated with socialistic ideas. Mr. Ainey delivered a vigorous address. He said that up to the present Canadian legislation had been in the interest of the professional and manufacturing classes. In fact, the majority of parliamentary representation was composed of lawyers or manufacturers of some kind. Mr. Preston, who had been sent to England by the government to look after immigration, was, he declared, in reality the agent of manufacturers, who were anxious to obtain cheap labor, regardless of Canadian workmen's interests.

"At one time," continued the speaker, "I was a trade unionist pure and simple, but since the participation of organized labor in politics has been rendered necessary to England to successfully oppose a decision of the Privy Council making labor organizations responsible for damages resulting from strikes and boycotting, and since it has been recommended by the American Federation of Labor as one of the most effectual means of promoting workmen's interests, I have changed my mind to meet the requirements of present conditions. In the past organized labor has contented itself with petitions, but in most cases this method has proved unavailing with legislative bodies. The time has come for the workmen to form into a separate political unit and select men from their own ranks to look after their interests in parliament."

Continuing, Mr. Ainey said the platform of the Labor party, though said to be radical and socialistic, was nothing but the tenets of the old Liberal party. There was some good in socialism, after all, and if by the term was understood municipal or government ownership of public services, which formed part of the labor platform, then indeed he was a socialist and was not afraid of being designated as such.

Referring to the question of old age pensions, the labor candidate pointed to the example of New Zealand, where

every citizen over sixty-five years of age, who did not have sufficient means of support, received an annual allowance of \$130 from the government, the taxation per capita to maintain such pensions being \$1.30. All that would be necessary to establish a similar system of pensions in Canada would be an extra tax of \$2 per capita.

Mr. Ainey expressed his great respect for the Catholic School Board as at present constituted, but he said the interests of workmen could be best looked after by one of their own, and organized labor would agitate strongly to have one of their representatives on the board. He further advocated the election of judges by the voice of the people, and, if they could not abolish that which had been the case with the Quebec Legislative Council. In this connection he claimed that measures were frequently allowed to pass the Lower House because members knew they would be killed by the higher legislative bodies.

Mr. Ainey intimated that this had been the case with the bill to do away with property qualification for aldermanic honors, as well as with the union label bill. Both had successfully passed the Lower Houses, the former the Legislative Assembly, and the other the House of Commons, but had been rejected by the Legislative Council and the Senate, respectively. He said the best way to put an end to this kind of double dealing was to have the workmen elect representatives to look after their interests.

The "OTTAWA" holds the record from Montreal to Liverpool of 7 days 52 minutes.

Passengers embarking at Montreal have a view of the majestic St. Lawrence river by daylight.

Rates of Passage. First Second class. SS. "CANADA" 75.00 42.50 SS. "DOMINION" 70.00 40.00

MODERATE RATE SERVICE.
SS. "Kensington." SS. "Southwark." SS. "Ottawa."

Only one class Cabin passengers carried (called Second Class), most comfortable and inexpensive.
Montreal to Liverpool, \$42.50 to \$45.00; to London, \$45.00 to \$47.50, according to steamer.

Third Class passengers carried on all steamers at \$27.50, to principal ports in Great Britain, and low rates to Continent. Apply to Local Agents, or

DOMINION LINE.
37 St. Sacramento Street Montreal.
ELDER, DEMPSTER & COMPANY,
Canada-Cuba Mexico Service.
(the popular route to the Tropics).
SAILINGS.

From Montreal. To Halifax. SS. DAHOMEY 20th Oct. 25th Oct. SS. SOKOTO 20th Nov. 25th Nov.

Write for our illustrated booklet giving full particulars of a trip to the Bahamas, Cuba and Mexico. Our steamers sail from Montreal, calling at Halifax, to Nassau, Bahamas, Havana, Cuba, Progresso, Vera Cruz, Tampico, Mexico. Without doubt the cheapest trip ever offered.

These steamers are fitted with every known modern convenience for the safety and comfort of passengers.
For further particulars apply to

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
Board of Trade Building, Montreal.
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Temple Building, Montreal.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
Tender--Works at Halifax.

Separate Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Double Tracking, Halifax," "Tender for Engine House, Halifax," or "Tender for Pier No. 9, Halifax," as the case may be, will be received up to and including

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3RD, 1906,
for Grading and Double-Tracking the Cotton Factory Branch between the old engine house and the Kempt Road, and for grading and Track-Laying in the new yard between Kempt Road and Windsor street, the building of a 35-Store Engine House, and for the removal and dredging out of Pier No. 9.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Terminal Agent at Halifax, N.S., at the office of the Secretary of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, Ont., and at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N.B., at which places forms of tender may be obtained.
All the conditions of the specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.
Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., Oct. 18th, 1906.



DOMINION LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Montreal and Quebec to Liverpool

SS. "DOMINION" Oct. 27
SS. "SOUTHWARK" Nov. 3
SS. "CANADA" Nov. 10
SS. "KENSINGTON" Nov. 17

The SS. "CANADA" is one of the fastest and most comfortable steamers in the Canadian trade.

Passengers embarking at Montreal have a view of the majestic St. Lawrence river by daylight.

Rates of Passage. First Second class. SS. "CANADA" 75.00 42.50 SS. "DOMINION" 70.00 40.00

MODERATE RATE SERVICE.
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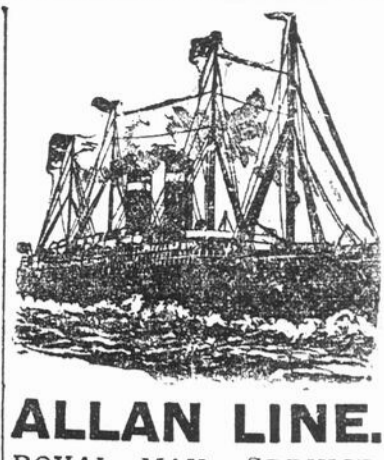
These steamers are fitted with every known modern convenience for the safety and comfort of passengers.
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ALLAN LINE.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

Montreal to Liverpool.

From Montreal. To Liverpool. VIRGINIAN 25 Oct. 7 a.m. 26 Oct. 7 p.m. TUNISIAN 2 Nov. 6 a.m. Midnight. VICTORIAN 8 Nov. 6 a.m. 9 Nov. 6 p.m. IONIAN 16 Nov. 6 a.m. Midnight

It is to be noted that the Allan Line steamers sail from Montreal, and the hour of sailing has been arranged so as to give the passenger a view of the noble St. Lawrence by daylight. The trip down is a moving panorama the whole way.

VIRGINIAN'S record passage, Montreal to Rimouski, is 5 days 14 hours 30 minutes. VICTORIAN'S record passage Rimouski to Montreal is 5 days 22 hours 30 minutes.

VIRGINIAN and VICTORIAN are the largest, finest and fastest pair of Turbine steamers in the world. The engines of His Majesty's yacht and the H.M.S. Dreadnought, the largest and most powerful battleship ever constructed, are after the same design as Virginian and Victorian. Their great merit being absolute freedom from vibration.

Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

FIRST-CLASS, \$70 and up.
SECOND-CLASS Liverpool, Londonderry, \$47.50, and up. Return tickets at reduced rate.
The class Liverpool, London, or Belfast, \$37.50, and \$38.75, according to steamer.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.
Pretorian 25 Oct. Mongolian 8 Nov. Numidian 1 Nov. Corinthian 15 Nov. One class cabin called second. Rate \$26.00 and upwards. Third class, \$26.50.

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE
"FINEST AND FASTEST"
"EMPRESSES"

MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND LIVERPOOL.
Oct. 27, Sat. LAKE CHAMPLAIN
Nov. 2, Fri. EMPRESS OF IRELAND
Nov. 19, Sat. LAKE ERIE
Nov. 16, Fri. EMPRESS OF BRITAIN
Nov. 24, Fri. LAKE MANITOBA

ST. JOHN, N.B., and LIVERPOOL.
Dec. 1, Sat. EMPRESS OF IRELAND
Dec. 8, Sat. LAKE CHAMPLAIN
Dec. 15, Sat. EMPRESS OF BRITAIN

MONTREAL TO LONDON DIRECT.
Oct. 28, Mount Temple (3rd class) . . . \$28.00
Nov. 4, Lake Michigan (3rd class) . . . \$28.50

WINTER RATES--From Nov. 1st
SS. LAKE CHAMPLAIN & LAKE ERIE carry only ONE CLASS of Cabin passengers (Second Class), to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer, \$40.00 and \$42.50.
1ST CABIN--\$50.00 and upward, according to steamer.
2ND CABIN--\$40.00, \$45.00 and \$47.50.
3RD CABIN--\$28.50 and \$28.75, according to steamer.
*Steamers marked thus do not carry passengers.

Reford Agencies.
DONALDSON LINE GLASGOW WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.
SS. PARTHENIA (cold storage) Oct. 25
SS. MARINA (cold storage) Nov. 1
SS. ATHENIA (cold storage) Nov. 8
SS. CASSANDRA (cold storage) Nov. 15
SS. LAKONIA (cold storage) Nov. 22

GRAND TRUNK
REDUCED FARES

UNTIL OCTOBER 31st, 1906.
Second Class Colonist Fares from Montreal to

SEATTLE, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and PORTLAND \$48.00
ROSSLAND, NELSON, TRAIL, ROBINSON, SPOKANE \$46.00
ANACONDA, BUTTE, HELENA, SALT LAKE \$45.00
COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER, PUEBLO \$46.00
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES \$48.00
MEXICO CITY \$48.00

Low Rates to many other Ports.
CITY TICKET OFFICES:
137 St. James street, Telephone 1104
450 and 461, Bonaventure Station

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CHEAP RATES

Second Class from Montreal until October 31st, 1906.

\$48.90 - Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma, Wash. and Portland, Ore.
\$46.40 - Spokane, Wash., Bonson, Rossland, Midway, B.C.
\$45.90 - Missoula, Mont., Salt Lake, Utah, Helena, Butte and Anaconda.
\$49.00 - San Francisco, Los Angeles, via Chicago only.

Proportionately low rates to other ports.
City Ticket Office: 129 St. James Street, Next Post Office.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
BONAVENTURE UNION DEPOT
TRAIN SERVICE

3 Trains Daily.
7:25 DAY EXPRESS For Sts. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Leves, Quebec.
Leaves 7:25 a.m. daily except Sunday. Buffet Parlor Car to Leves.

12:00 "MARITIME EXPRESS" For St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Leves, Bic, Cacouna, Quebec, Riviere du Loup, Moncton, St. John, Halifax and the Sydneys.
This train will run as far as St. Hyacinthe on Saturday only, with through Buffet Parlor Car.

Leaves at 12:00 noon daily, except Saturday. Through vestibule sleeping cars to Halifax.
3:30 p.m. daily except Sunday. Local train for St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville and Nicolet.

7:45 P.M. Royal Mail Special.
to Rimouski, on FRIDAYS ONLY, with through Sleeper to Rimouski and intermediate stations.
All trains of the Intercolonial Railway arrive and depart from the Bonaventure Union Depot.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
St. Lawrence Hall--141 St. James street, Bonaventure Depot. Tel. Main 018.
J. J. McCONNIE,
City Pass. & Ticket Agent.
H. A. PRICE,
Assistant General Passenger Agent.

TRAVEL BY WATER
R & O
STATEROOMS WARM AND COMFORTABLE

MONTREAL - TORONTO - HAMILTON Line--via 1000 Islands and Bay of Quinte. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 2:30 p.m.
MONTREAL-QUEBEC Line--Daily, except Sundays, at 7 p.m.
SAGUENAY Line - From Quebec Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8:30 a.m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 129 ST. JAMES ST., Opp. Post Office.

OTTAWA RIVER
Daily Line Steamers have been withdrawn for season.

MARKET LINES (Passenger and Freight) Str. PRINCES, for Carillon and all intermediate ports, leaves Canal Basin at 11 a.m. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
For further information apply Head Office, Canal Basin, 100 Common street, Telephone Main 1029.

OLD NEWSPAPERS
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the "Witness" Office, in 10 lb. packages, at \$1 per 100 lbs.

MADE IN CANADA.
It's the Oliver--the Standard Visible Writer.
The Oliver Typewriter is just like an athlete stripped for a race. It is free from unnecessary multiplicity of wires and springs. No network of flimsy keys to get tied into hard knots. The nimble-fingered stenographer can put talk into type with this machine, just as rapidly as she takes your dictation.
For no matter how swiftly she writes she can see just what she's doing.
The key-board is so wonderfully responsive to the touch of the finger tips, that speed comes without effort. The factors that make for speed are its visible writing, its light, elastic key touch, and its all-round simplicity. It has the fewest possible wearing points, and it prints with a downward stroke.
THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER.
THE STANDARD VISIBLE WRITER,
is the flawless piece of mechanism, combining the strength of tested steel, with the perfect adjustment of the works of a watch.
It never suffers from nervous prostration; requires only a little oil and plenty of exercise to keep it at the highest point of efficiency.
The hum of Oliver Typewriters is heard in the most progressive business houses in the land.
Get acquainted with the Oliver.
Write for the Oliver book--we send it free with our compliments.
TO COMPLETE OUR SELLING ORGANIZATION
we will appoint a number of Agents in unoccupied territory.
This is an opportunity for making big money in an easy, dignified way.
THE CANADIAN OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO., MONTREAL.
128 - 130 St. Peter Street. Works: 275 St. Martin St.

WEEK END STORIETTE.

Flower Lady and Dream Garden.

A TRUE AND LOVELY TALE OF A FAIRY GODMOTHER.

(By J. B. Mosses, in 'The Sunday Republican'.)

(Concluded.)

She told him that she had seen him many times in the garden as she watched from the windows of the house...

the first time she saw him just as he did her, and that they had been destined for each other from some far-off eternity.

So they went on and said the same things to each other day after day, and the days of summer passed and it was winter again.

The garden was as bright as ever when he entered it, but the Flower Lady was nowhere in sight, so he walked on to the house and went in through the open door.

After that the boy visited the Flower Lady almost every day, and if he did not find her in the garden he went boldly into the house, and grew in time to feel as much at home there as he did in the fairy-haunted woodlands.

One winter he wrote a letter that was altogether different from any he had written before, and all about a divine being whom he had not even met, but whom he had seen in a carriage as he walked along a city street.

He turned and stood spellbound. The slender girl with mild brown eyes entered and advanced to the bedside, looking at him with wonder, but without fear.

'Elizabeth,' said the old lady, 'this is the friend of whom I have told you. Boy, this is my great granddaughter Elizabeth.'

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

BIRD THOUGHTS.

I lived first in a little house, And lived there very well; I thought the world was small and round, And made of pale blue shell.

One day I fluttered from the nest, To see what I could find; I said: 'The world is made of leaves, I have been very blind.'

At length I flew beyond the tree, Quite fit for grown-up labors, -I don't know how the world is made, And neither do my neighbors.

He who is useful in leading others to life and safety receives the reward or wages of a heavenly joy, the highest and sweetest that ever comes into human hearts.

Hard Coughs

Have you forgotten that family history of yours, with its tendency to weak lungs? Your doctor has not, if you have!

COAL

American and Welsh anthracite. George's Creek Cumberland smith. Foundry and Furnace Coke.

APPLY F. ROBERTSON,

206 St. James St., Montreal.

Warm Slippers FOR COLD WEATHER

English, French and German Felt Slippers, with Felt Soles, Felt and Leather Soles, Leather Soles and Heels. High Slippers, Low Slippers, Juliet Slippers in plain and fancy styles.

RONAYNE BROS. 485 Notre Dame Street West, Chabouillez Square.

Catalogues - - - Periodicals - - - Booklets - - - Book Work - - - Programmes - - - Price Lists

THE WITNESS PRESS

PRODUCERS OF GOOD WORK: A LITTLE BETTER THAN MOST

220 WEST CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL

Business Cards - Office Stationery - Wedding Invitations - Posters-all kinds - Dodgers - Horse Bills

Notices.

NOTICE - APPLICATION HAS BEEN made to the Corporation of the City of Montreal for leave to erect an Automobile Garage and Showroom on this property.

DIVINE BREATHINGS. FRIDAY, OCT. 26.

THERE IS ONLY ONE GOD.

The further we go back in the history of ancient peoples the closer we get to the fact of the unity of the God-head. The history of all existing races confirms the Bible history of God, and no nation continues to grow which lets go that great fact.

DAILY TEXT.

October 26. Learn of me: for I am meek and lowly in heart.—Matt. xi, 29.

Remember, then, amid the joys of life, the glad but steadfast face of our Master. How strong, how peaceful, how deeply joyful our lives may be, if they are sacramental, lived in the memory of Jesus, the central stream of their deep determination.

How sweet to walk With Him, my Helper, near! Guided, protected, Nothing can I fear; Holding His hand, What matters day or night? Safely He leads me, And the way is bright.

Farm to Rent.

FARM TO LET AT ST. LAMBERTS,

near the G.T.R. depot, 52 arpents, good house and convenient outbuildings; excellent site for market garden; immediate possession. Apply to WM. CURRIE, Clothier, 423 Notre Dame Street, West.

Property.

FOR SALE, UPPER LACHINE, SUMMER-lease and Dorval, Choice Building Lots: Daves, Broadway, Lachine, and other avenues; moderate prices; easy terms. Apply SHACKLE & RIEF, 112 Temple Building, or 182 Broadway, Lachine.

FOR SALE, RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, paying ten percent on purchase price, or twenty percent on investment. Address, P.O. Box 128.

FOR EXCHANGE, THREE FINE LOTS, beautifully situated in one of the best suburbs of the city; values rising rapidly. Would exchange as part payment for small farm near city. Address LOTS 22, 'Witness' Office.

BISHOP ST. RESIDENCE

Handsome stone front, three story, with two-story extension, Cement cellar, all modern improvements; thoroughly up-to-date; \$12,500. Want quick offer to close Estate.

WESTMOUNT TENEMENTS, \$6,500 Good solid brick, two modern flat tenements, 6 and 7 rooms; Carved Mantels, Baths, w.c.'s; open plumbing; Wash Tubs; H.W. Boilers; Cement Cellars, etc. Good steady renters.

LAKE SHORE COTTAGE

Beautiful, Modern, Roomy, Fine Verandahs. Large and lovely grounds. Furniture. Price moderate to QUICK BUYER.

Wanted, Dressmaking.

WANTED, SEWING BY THE DAY, Ladies' or Children's Dresses, by experienced hand; cut and fit. Address M., 713 Clarke Street, Annex.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

LOST, A BLACK AND TAN COLLIE PUP, answers to the name of 'Roy.' The finder will be rewarded on returning same to 24 Laval Avenue.

LOST, LADY'S WHITE BELT WITH CUT steel buckle, between 462 Rivard Street and corner Marie Anne, last evening. Finder please return to above address.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, A YOUNG GIRL, 14 OR 15 years old, to mind children; also woman to do washing or general work by the day. Apply MRS. BAILEY, 21 Viger Ave., opposite Place Viger.

WANTED, GIRL OF 15 OR 16 FOR LIGHT housework during day. Must sleep at home. Apply, MRS. HUNTON, 81 Durocher Street.

WANTED, SMART GIRL TO OPERATE A Button Sewing Machine; also, House and Shirt operators, and girls for laundry department. A. H. SIMS CO., Limited, 34 Latour Street.

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, with references, for family of three. Apply, afternoons, 31 Metcalfe Street.

WANTED, A GOOD KITCHEN WOMAN. Apply at once to the ST. ELMO RESTAURANT, 201 McGill Street.

WANTED, DRAUGHTSMAN. APPLY, P.O. Box 995.

WANTED, YOUTH ABOUT 17 YEARS OF AGE, as general clerk in Fire Insurance Office. Excellent chances for promotion. Apply P.O. Box 239, City.

WANTED, POLISHER FOR STERLING Silver Plateware; good wages. Address, P. W. ELLIS & CO., Limited, Toronto.

WANTED - FOR NOVEMBER, STRONG Girl for general housework; Protestant; Sunday and Thursday afternoons and most evenings free. Apply, with references, 18 Baile Street.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED; SMALL family; no washing. 455 Elm Avenue.

WANTED, A GOOD, PLAIN COOK OR General Servant. Apply forenoon or evening, at 354 Mountain Street.

WANTED, GIRLS TO WORK IN OUR Bindery. Apply 'THE SHAREHOLDER,' Beaver Hall Hill.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT for a very small family, where one other maid servant and a boy are kept; highest references required. Address P.O. Box 268.

WANTED, EXPERIENCED MALE TELE-gram operator; good position for the right man; private wire. Box T.O. 75, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, HOUSE TABLEMAID, two 12 family; cook kept. Wages no object if satisfaction given. Only girls experienced waiting at table need apply. 730 Tupper Street.

WANTED, A MAN AS AGENCY MANAGER for a Canadian Life Insurance Company; one who is energetic and strictly temperate, and has had a successful field experience. Address W., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, GOOD COOK AND TABLEMAID, with references. Apply 245 Drummond Street.

WANTED, 2 HANDY MEN TO HELP IN Greenhouses. Apply between 6 and 8 p.m. C. CAMPBELL, 412 West St. Catherine Street.

WANTED, FIRST CLASS SKIRT Hands and Coat Finishers, wanted. Best wages paid in the city. Apply A. HEHL, 1017 St. Catherine Street, West.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED MILK Shipper, to ship from 30 to 50 gallons daily; highest prices paid, and guaranteed payments; delivered by train to Montreal. Address at once, SHIPPER, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, STRONG BOY TO HELP ENGINEER and drive a horse. Apply 142 St. Peter Street.

WANTED, SMART MESSAGE BOY. Apply at 'Witness' Office, cor. Craig and St. Peter Streets.

WANTED, STRONG BOY FOR WORK IN factory. Apply 'Witness' Office, corner Craig and St. Peter Streets.

50 GIRLS WANTED,

For a desirable class of shop work. THE NORTHERN ELECTRIC & MFG. CO., Ltd., Notre Dame and Guy Streets.

Business Cards.

FOR SALE - CHOICE HADDIES, KIP-pers, Boneless Codfish, Scotch and Dutch Herrings, and all kinds smoked, pickled, dried, boneless, fresh, shell and canned fish, wholesale. D. HATTON & CO., Wholesale Receivers of Fish, 15 Bonsecours Street.

FOR SALE - CHOICE MALPEQUE AND Bouteche Shell Oysters received regularly on consignment. D. HATTON & CO., Wholesale Receivers of Fish, 15 Bonsecours Street.

Wanted.

STABLE WANTED FOR 3 OR 10 Horses with yard and small dwelling attached; old dwellings might be done over to suit; should be within three-quarters of a mile of Victoria Square. Would rent or purchase. Address GENERAL MANAGER, P.O. Box 224, Montreal.

WANTED - TO PURCHASE EVERY-body's Cast-off Furniture, Clothing, Fur Coats, Old Gold, Silver, Diamonds; best prices for good goods; promptly called for. M. FRANK, 15 East Craig Street. Tel. East 2067.

Flats to Let.

TO RENT, FROM 1st MAY, 1907, ON ST. Peter Street, between St. James and Craig Streets, two desirable flats, heated, suitable for light manufacturing or offices. Light and power if required. Apply, 142 St. Peter Street.

Teachers Wanted.

WANTED, A PROTESTANT FEMALE Teacher, for Schools No. 1 and 2, of the Municipality Havelock; salary, \$20 per month. Time, 7 months. Address applications to J. W. CURRAN, Sec'y-Treas., Covey Hill, Que.

For Sale.

FOR SALE, ON EASY PAYMENTS, Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Go-carts, etc., etc. THE J. S. PRINCE CO., 33 St. Lawrence Street.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION in an office, or any place of business, a knowledge of Typewriting, and good at figures. Address F. 60, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, BY WIDOW, POSITION AS working house-keeper in workman's family, with privilege of keeping little girl of seven with her. Address HOUSE-KEEPER 20, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, POSITION OF TRUST, BY University graduate, with business experience; familiar with both languages, best of references. TRUST 15, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, GOOD SIDE LINE, BY TRAV-eller with rig. General store trade; Counties Ontario, Victoria and Durham, Province Ontario. Box 34, Prince Albert, Ontario.

WANTED - POSITION AS ORGANIST, reliable references as to experience. JAMES ESTES, No. 32 McGill College Avenue, Montreal. Tel. Up 1158.

WANTED, BY ENGLISH GOVERNESS, position as Visiting Governess for one or two young children, for several hours in morning; usual subjects, with music and painting, taught. Address B.R. 80, 'Witness' Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Young Man, experienced in Office Work, wants position as Assistant Bookkeeper and Collector, or general office work. Best of references. Address M. 5640, 'Witness' Office.

Bargains.

FOR SALE, WHITE AND GREY FLAN-nelette Blankets, Black Beaver, 50c; Black Farmer Satin, double, 30c; Rem-nants Butcher, Roller and Table Linens, 1 yard up; Brown Broadcloth, 60c; White Olloch Remnants, 10c yard; ROWELL'S General Bazaar, 3 Cypress, opposite Windsor Hall.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION, Kindling \$2.00; Cut Maple, \$2.00; Mill Blocks, \$1.75; cut any length; also, Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDIARMID, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William Streets. Bell Telephone Main 452.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE, HOTELS, GROCERIES, DIN-ing-Rooms, Boarding Houses, Partnerships of all kinds, and all other kinds of busi-ness. Rare chance for beginners. Estab-lished 1864. L. HARRIS, 715 St. Lawrence Boulevard. Phone East 2116.

Furnished Rooms to Let

ROOM, SINGLE, NEATLY FURNISHED, Auer light, bath flat, furnace heat, small private family; immediate possession; gentlemen only. 416a St. Antoine Street.

Miscellaneous.

ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET a 'Witness' at his newsdealer will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone Main 4090, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building.

To Let.

TO LET, TILL FIRST MAY, FURNISHED Tenement, 8 rooms, hot water heating; vicinity of Buckingham Ave. Immediate possession. Address ROOM 58, Alliance Building, City.

TO LET, AT ST. LAMBERT, 9 ROOM House; hot water heating; open plumbing; finished basement; stationary wash tubs. Apply to D. HEATLY, 127 St. Peter St., Montreal.

TO LET, POSSESSION NOW, BRIGHT modern 7 bedroom house, Park Avenue, Annex, or would sell at low figure. H. J. ROSS, 180 St. James Street.

TO LET

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. Lower Flat, Wood Ave., 8 Rooms. Rent \$20.00 per month. Apply 309 St. James St.

NOTICE TO 'WITNESS' READERS

The 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the West End of City, on St. An-toine, from Canning to Brewster Avenue, Cousin and Quebec Streets and Intersects, also Sully and Sou-venir Avenues - also, Dorchester Street to Green Avenue West, and Fort Street East, and district north to St. Luke. CHAS. K. ROFFEY, News Dealer, Store at Corner of Atwater and St. Antoine Streets. Phone Up 4395.

WANT ADS.

THE 'WITNESS' may be left with A. T. CHAPMAN, Bookseller, 2407 St. Catherine St. or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 601 Wellington Street, West of Subway.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH TARIFF. Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Second-hand Articles Wanted or For Sale. 20 Words for 10c.

4c for each additional word. Six inser-tions for the price of four.

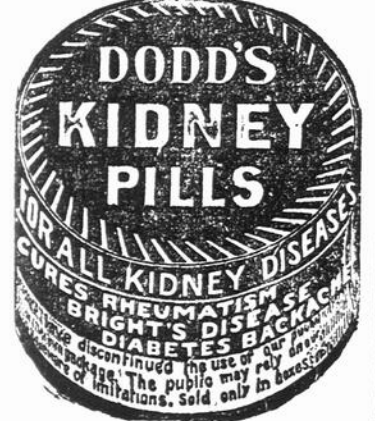
Property For Sale or To Let. Other Articles For Sale. 25 Words for 25c.

1 cent for each additional word. Six in-ser-tions for the price of four.

Personals, Agents Wanted. 25 Words for 50c.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted. The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher. No charge made in our books for any ad-vertisement of less than five square lines space.



THE WESTERN ISSUE OF STOCK HAS BEEN WHOLLY SUBSCRIBED LOCALLY

The WESTERN CANNERIES, Limited

EASTERN ISSUE OF 2,000 TEN PERCENT (10%) PREFERENCE SHARES OF \$100 EACH

NOTE—The two thousand shares of this issue are 10% Preference shares. The Western issue having been wholly taken up by the Ranching, Farming and Commercial Men of Western Canada.

CALLS—\$10 per share on application and \$10 per share on allotment, and the balance in calls of \$10 per share as required at intervals of not less than two months.

A limited number of shares are reserved for the several Provinces of Eastern Canada.

WINNIPEG, WESTERN CANADA, CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000

In 5,000 Shares of Ten Per Cent. (10%) Preference Stock and 5,000 Shares of Common Stock.

Cheques and Drafts should be made payable to the Company's account at the TRADERS BANK OF CANADA, or the MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA, Winnipeg, Man., from whom Prospectus and Application Forms may be obtained.

SOLICITORS—Messrs. FERGUSON & RICHARDSON, Barristers and Solicitors, Winnipeg.

MANAGING DIRECTOR—FREDERICK H. MALCOLM (Formerly General Manager of the New Zealand Canneries, Limited, The Burrard Canning Company, The False Creek Canning and Packing Company, Limited, The Table Bay Canneries of South Africa, Limited, Etc.)

AUDITOR—D. A. PENDER, Chartered Accountant, Merchants Bank, Winnipeg.

TEMPORARY OFFICES:

Over Imperial Bank of Canada (First Floor) Corner McDermot Ave. and Albert Street, Winnipeg.

THE ONLY PACKERS OF

The Beef, Pork and Other Food Products of the Ranches and Farms of Western Canada.

The only Cannery of Meat Supplies in the Provinces of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan.

This company has been organized amongst western men, and a large number of the principal farmers, cattle ranchers, and commercial men of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba are already shareholders. This issue of shares is for Canadians only. A portion of the stock of the company is being arranged for in London, England. Sufficient capital for the first two canneries is subscribed, so that its immediate organization is assured. Plans and specification for cannery buildings are being prepared and lumber ordered.

PROSPECTUS.

THIS COMPANY is organized with special powers under its charter to engage in the business of a General Canning and Packing Company, and for that purpose will acquire, erect and operate Canneries in convenient localities adjoining the lines of railroad having communications throughout the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

EFFICIENCY—The Company, with its superior equipment, will handle in an efficient and organized manner the enormous meat, dairy and agricultural produce supplies of the Province of Manitoba and North-West Canada on the systematic, organized and efficient basis for which the great packing houses of Chicago and the United States have become famous throughout the world.

The control of the Company will be wholly in the hands of its Shareholders, each share entitling its holder to one vote at all General and Special Meetings. The whole of the cash capital derived from the sale of shares will be devoted to the purposes of this Company, the same being deposited to a special account with the Company's bankers.

GOODS PACKED—The principal staple pack of the Company will be canned meat, of which beef is the most important, the material for which the extensive cattle ranches and farms on the prairies of Manitoba and the North-West Territories furnish abundant supplies at exceptionally low rates, unsurpassed as to quality and quantity elsewhere.

In addition to these meat products, the Company will also pack and can butter, cheese, poultry and other products of this western country, to the great advantage of the farming population and the business community generally.

DEMAND—Owing to the virgin field open for the Company's operations, coupled with the general rise in the price of canned beef and other foods, the profits of the Company cannot fail to be large; and a trade that is thus based on the requirements of the masses of the people, not only in this country, but throughout the world, is one in which capital may be safely invested, and in the present instance, especially so, as being first in the field in this great producing region, it will have great advantages, in fact a practical monopoly, and should soon assume an unassailable position, unequalled by any other company in the Dominion of Canada, and possibly on this continent.

CANNERS ESSENTIAL TO PROGRESS—The establishing of this industry, with ample capital, is one of the pressing needs of Western Canada; in fact, it is of vital importance to the Farming and Commercial Community, owing to the extremely low prices ruling for all classes of live stock, especially since the British embargo upon Canadian cattle has reduced prices to the lowest ebb, rendering the establishment of this industry one of the most important essentials for the prosperity of Western Canada.

In North-West Canada the trade of canning and packing the vast supplies of foodstuffs has not yet been touched, this accounting for the present exceptionally low price of cattle, ranging from two to four cents per pound live weight; and, this being the first company organized for that purpose, it will be self-evident that, with proper management, this Company cannot fail to take a commanding position, and should within a short time be well known in the markets of the world.

The Company will commence immediate operations, and will, as rapidly as possible, erect and equip factories in other centres in the producing region, especially at Regina, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Brandon, Edmonton, Portage la Prairie, and elsewhere as may be found desirable.

FIELD UNLIMITED—The field for the Company's operations is practically unlimited, and being the only Cannery existing in Western Canada, assures a practical monopoly of the field covered by its operations.

As with Chicago, all the elements of a great packing industry are here, and the City of Winnipeg last year handled more wheat than the centres of Chicago, Duluth and Superior combined, although only a fraction of the land is yet under cultivation.

MONEY CIRCULATED—In addition to the above, the purchase of the raw material required for the Company's operations will place large sums of money in the hands of the rural producing population, and enable them to secure a market and staple prices for many products of the farm and ranch that have hitherto remained unsalable, or have not been produced for want of a market.

ONLY CANNERY IN CENTRAL CANADA—Strange as it may seem, this is the only Cannery in Central Canada, and the only one in Canada west of the Great Lakes, although all the essentials of the meat-packing industry are here, and in attendance, and can be purchased in unlimited quantities at prices much lower than they can be secured by the great packing houses of Chicago.

The management is in the hands of an experienced and practical man of over twenty years' experience, as general manager of canning and packing factories in both hemispheres.

CENTRAL POSITION—Western Canada (being the great centre of the agricultural and pastoral industries of the Dominion), will, without doubt, very soon become the centre of the packing industry of Canada, if not of the North American Continent.

MAGNITUDE OF OPERATIONS—The magnitude of the operations involved is hardly yet realized in the Dominion, but an idea may be conveyed when it is stated that the output of the Chicago packing establishments exceeds a gross value of three million of dollars per day, the output of which is mostly sold several months in advance; the produce of the packing establishments form also the basis of the daily operations on the Chicago and other Exchanges, in the same manner as stocks and bonds elsewhere.

REMUNERATIVE BUSINESS—So profitable has the business proved in the United States that most of the canneries are close corporations, and the partners can only be sold to other members of the firm (or pool) if at any time the members desire to realize on their holdings; and as a matter of fact the shares of these packing houses, capitalized at enormous amounts, are still held in the families of the original founders.

PROFITS—The profits of this business are well known to be very substantial, and the magnitude of the operations may be gauged from the business transacted by the great packing houses of the United States, the profits of most of them amounting to many millions of dollars annually, ranging from some 400 to as much as 1,200 percent per annum on the original investment. This is owing to the fact that the value of the cattle slaughtered and packed every month exceeds the amount invested in the cannery itself, including the entire machinery, plant and equipment, and as the profit is on the turnover (which can safely be gauged at not less than six times in the year), it will readily be appreciated how such profits result from continuous operations.

It will thus be readily understood how the large packing establishments of the United States have made their owners many times millionaires, and such a power in that country as to control many of the railroads in the United States.

The Company has been organized by its Managing Director, Mr. F. H. Malcolm, who is its Incorporator, and the Directors will always be elected from amongst the Western Shareholders at each annual meeting of the Company. The Company's first cannery is that, in addition to being the centre of a large cattle-producing region, fuel, also an important item, equalling elsewhere some 15 percent in cost of production, is entirely saved, as the natural gas on the ground at a pressure of some 500 lbs. to the square inch, supplemented by ample coal deposits in the immediate neighborhood, furnishes abundant fuel for all purposes, light, etc., and power, also by the exhaust from the engines, which can be driven by direct natural gas pressure.

BUILDINGS—The Western Canneries of Canada, Limited, will commence business in substantial premises, specially erected for its use on its own freehold land, chosen after much deliberation by men of long and varied experience in the canning industry.

RAILWAY FACILITIES—Being on the main line of railway, all the utilities of the great cities are available, notably natural gas, electric light, power and water, and a large market for its by-products, such as manure, bone dust, etc.

The canneries being erected on the line of railway, and on the banks of important rivers, will command the main arteries throughout the whole of Western and Central Canada, thus commanding regular supplies of raw material at first hand, and cost with a minimum of transportation.

The railway tracks will run through the Company's property, and a siding will be constructed at the Cannery itself for the Company's use.

CANNING INDUSTRY REPORT—Extract from Report, June 30th, 1905: An interesting brochure published by Swift & Co., the Chicago packers, gives statistics of the past year's business. The total sales for the year aggregated over \$200,000,000, representing shipments of 350 carloads daily. In a single day were slaughtered in the Company's seven packing plants 11,575 cattle, 16,553 sheep, and 34,562 hogs. Over \$250,000,000 head of live stock were slaughtered in the twelve-month quarter million visitors visited the plants, 4,270,000 letters and 1,388,100 telegrams were sent and received, and the products of the Company were distributed through wholesale houses in over 300 cities in the United States, to say nothing of the enormous export business in canned meats, etc., carried on with all countries throughout the world.

The firm will also add to their equipment at an early date, a plant for the canning of vegetables, the demand for which almost equals that of other lines hitherto packed by the firm.

OUTPUT—WESTERN CANNERIES—On completion of the machinery and plant, the output of the cannery will be 2,500 cases of four dozen per day, in value from \$14,000 to \$15,000 per day.

EXTENSIONS—The Company will increase the capacity of the building, machinery and equipment as required, on a scale commensurate with the requirements and the vast resources in raw material available in Central and Western Canada, rapidly assuming importance as one of the most prolific sources of the world's food supply.

STAPLE GOODS—The lines of Goods handled by the Company are practically cash in the markets of the world, the consumption being unlimited and worldwide.

LOCAL CONSUMPTION—Although of minor importance, yet it may be mentioned that the local consumption of canned goods in Western Canada is by no means inconsiderable, exceeding for the year 1905 \$4,750,000, nearly all of which was imported from the United States, paying heavy freights, and intermediate profits, the whole trade of which will be commanded by this Company as a matter of course, at a profit of at least 200 percent on the cost of the raw material.

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT—This cannery is to be thoroughly equipped with a plant capable of packing 2,500 cases of canned goods per day of ten hours, and will pack or can beef, pork, mutton, butter, cheese, etc., in all its various forms, and also utilize all the offal, bones, by manufacturing gelatine, etc., and the various subsidiaries in commercial economy now general with well-conducted packing houses elsewhere.

DOUBLE SEAMING PLANT—The double seaming system of making and closing cans is the largest and most approved up-to-date method employed in canning operations. This type of plant has lately been adopted and installed throughout the packing department of the great and progressive houses of Messrs. Armour, of Chicago, and many other houses, both in the United States and Europe, the double seaming machinery will be used exclusively, in order to avoid murratic acid used in soldering, as with this system no solder is used.

The double seam can overcomes this difficulty, and renders it possible to pack the contents in a wet state, with such quantity of liquor, gravy, jelly, etc., as may be desirable.

SOLDER AND ACID ELIMINATED—By its use, solder and acid are entirely eliminated from canning operations, thus entirely removing the objections, theoretical or otherwise, long entertained by consumers of these goods, against the use of canned goods.

It is also found that the discoloration often found in canned butter, and other delicate products of the dairy, vegetables, etc., arising from the acid vapours used in soldering cans, is entirely avoided, besides, which there are many other advantages, the least of which being that the cans are manufactured at a lower cost than the soldered article. Again, with a soldering machine the contents must be packed dry, as the presence of any liquor in the can is inimical to soldering. Specimens of these cans may be seen at the Company's offices at Winnipeg.

SOLDERING MACHINERY—THE CANNING DEPARTMENT will be equipped with the rapid delivery, continuous automatic soldering machinery, having a capacity of 150 cans per minute, and also with the double seaming machines for both round and square cans.

AUTOMATIC RUN 100 CANS PER MINUTE—Whilst the Company will have a larger soldering plant installed of the usual type, their new type machinery will enable them to pack all the varieties of canned goods in all sizes and shapes of cans, the machines being adjustable to those values.

GENERAL—The shares of the Company are vested in the Incorporator, to whom applications must be made upon the forms provided for that purpose, and consist of 5,000 shares of ten percent (10%) Preferred Non-cumulative and 5,000 shares Common Stock.

Consent will not be impossible for any outside interests or influences to secure control of the Company which will be conducted under the control of the shareholders, in whom the voting power is wholly vested, and in the interests wholly of the shareholders.

The expenses of organization are restricted and fixed at the actual expenses incurred, a commission of five percent (5 percent) in the capital allotted for organization and the salaries and honoraries payable to any officer of the Company until after commencement of operations.

STOCK GILT-EDGED—The Preferred shares are entitled to a preferential dividend at the rate of ten percent (10 percent) per annum upon capital paid in non-cumulative, and after this has been paid, then the Common Stock of 5,000 shares will be entitled to a dividend of 10 percent, after which further profits shall be divided equally between the Common and Preferred Stock of the Company.

In order to give an idea of the value of this class of industrial stock, the original founders' shares of the first issue of similar stock in the U.S. of America have been sold for as much as \$140,000 each share, and prices from \$5,000 to \$40,000 are quite common on reconstruction, the shares having brought dividends to their holders equivalent to those values.

The demand for the Company's shares of this issue has been very large, especially in the cities and towns, but it has been decided that at least half the capital of the Company shall be reserved for purely western allotment among the producing community of Western Canada.

After the Shareholders of the Company have received dividends at the rate of Fifty percent per annum from the net profits of the Company's business operations, then Ten percent of the remaining profits shall be paid to the General Manager, in addition as bonus to his ordinary salary.

PROFITS—The average cost of canning and packing, including the cost of each case, labels, contents and labor for 2 lb. cans, 4 doz. cans to the full case, at present prices, is \$1.34, and the market price (per dozen, upwards), being \$9 to \$12.50 per case of 4 doz. cans. For the local market the goods are mostly produced in quarter and half cases of 2 and 1 doz. cans, respectively. The capacity of the cannery to be first operated by the Company is 2,500 cases per day, and the fact that the plant will be worked regularly throughout the year, that the equipment for the trade is of the best kind, that the cans of all grades in which the goods are packed by the Company are greatly superior in finish to anything yet attempted in Canada, shows that the Company is prepared to take a foremost position in this most important branch of industrial operations.

STAPLE ARTICLES ONLY—In conclusion, the organizers desire to point out that this Company is incorporated upon strictly legitimate lines. The commodities handled are staple articles of commerce, for which there is always demand and ready sale. It will thus be evident that, as an investment, it is as free from all element of chance, and even from ordinary commercial risk.

MARKETS WORLD-WIDE—The Company's commodities being practically cash lines in the markets of the world, and only limited by the capacity of the Cannery and the supply of raw material available in North-West Canada.

The western issue was taken up wholly in Western Canada, amongst the shareholders whose names appear on pages 2 to 13 of this Prospectus. **GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION**—It is intended that each process of preparing the products of the Company's canneries shall be under Government supervision, and the cans themselves as well as the labels, will, in that case, bear an official stamp, guaranteeing quality of contents.

FOREIGN MARKET—Whereas Chicago packers use almost exclusively inferior grades of meat for their canned goods, for the purpose of catering to the cheap trade, the select portions being reserved for the fresh meat home consumption, this Company purposes utilizing the entire carcase, and thus put on the market only superior products, which will then contain all the natural flavor of fresh-killed meat, without using any kind of preservatives or other artificial means, other than heat processing, in hermetically-closed cans.

The Company's grades of Beef will thus be much superior to the meat canned by similar concerns using only the refuse portions for canning purposes, and should be equal in grade to Argentina, New Zealand and Australian canneries, where only the best portions are used for canning, there being little, if any, local market.

Goods packed in this manner will certainly command the foreign market, both for domestic, foreign, army and navy consumption, being much superior to the ordinary American canned meats.

HOME INDUSTRIES—With the establishment of canneries in the North-west the export business in live stock is bound to decrease proportionately with the amount of the produce used in the cannery factories, to the great advantage of producers, and the price of cattle will rise in direct ratio to the growth and development of beef manufacturing industries.

BRITISH IMPORTS—The above statements are amply confirmed by a late order issued by the British Government authorities, dated London, June 8th, 1906, in relation to the disclosure in American meat packing, in the future a canned meat requirements for the use of His Majesty's Army and Naval forces, and the Government service, shall be obtained from Colonial sources, instead of from the United States of America, as heretofore. Also that all Customs officials be instructed to exercise greater supervision in connection with the admission of this class of goods into British ports.

The above order speaks for itself, and has been followed by similar orders issued by several other Governments of Continental Europe. We have now un-

questionably the greatest opportunity that Canada has ever had of establishing a sound, profitable, staple and extensive meat industry in the Dominion.

STOCKS OF PACKING HOUSES.

Profits Earned on Operations, With Ratio of Dividends Actually Paid
As the stock of most packing establishments elsewhere is watered down to about 50 percent of the cash invested in order to avoid the appearance of excessive dividends being paid to shareholders, it is evident that a company organized on the sound basis this one is, that an annual dividend of two percent (200) percent per annum is a very moderate anticipation.

In prospectuses of this kind it is no doubt usual and fashionable to estimate probable dividends at from 8 percent to 15 percent per annum, but in this instance our foundation members have our entire confidence, and taking the present low price of beef into consideration, and the fact that the shares of the Company are not watered down to a low percentage basis, also that the capacity of each cannery is 2,500 cases, equalling about \$2,500 daily, and a profit of 20 percent of early application is, therefore, essential for securing an interest in this very modest indeed, and in the present instance more likely to be realized, the canneries of the Company are kept in continuous operation, and the supply of raw packing material available adequate to the Company's requirements. The present price of Beef ranges from 2 to 4 cents per lb., less weight, with a falling market value, in sympathy with the downward trend of prices in the United States.

The value of the canned produce is from 16 to 24 cents per lb., and it is also observed that it is practically impossible to quit the market in this world, the Company's manufactures being most staples of universal consumption.

IMPORTANT

The privilege of becoming a Shareholder of this Company, now open to representative Canadians, and thus securing a voice in the control and profits of this important industrial undertaking, will be open for a few days only. Early application is, therefore, essential for securing an interest in this stock (i.e., 2,000 shares), of which a few are still available.

NOTES

Prospectus and application forms for Preference Shares will be forwarded through the post upon receipt of written request for same.

Shares will be allotted by priority of application.

Qualification for a Director of the Company is a minimum of Five Shares (\$50 fully paid to date).

All Shareholders have one vote for each share registered in their name at all General or Special Meetings of the Company.

Shareholders desiring to pay their Shares in full will be credited with interest at the rate of 5 percent per annum (in addition to dividends declared) until calls are due.

The whole of the capital derived from the sale of shares is devoted to the Company's use and requirements, and for building, organizing and equipping canneries and packing houses.

The western issue has already been subscribed by Western Canadians. The Company will commence immediate operations in building and equipping their canneries on completion of this issue of shares in Eastern Canada.

The following Shareholders have all paid their money on equal terms, and have subscribed for western issue of the Company's stock.

Other representative Eastern Canadians are invited to join the undertaking, thus securing the absolute control of this business for the future in the hands of Canadians.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

THE HON. HUGH JOHN MACDONALD, Retired Minister of the Interior of the Dominion of Canada, and ex-Premier of Manitoba, Winnipeg.

DR. R. H. SIMPSON, Chairman, Provincial Government Board of Health, Winnipeg.

F. B. WARREN, Retired Manager, Winnipeg, Selkirk & Lake Winnipeg Railway Co., Winnipeg.

J. A. BANFIELD, of A. F. Banfield & Co., Wholesale Merchants, Winnipeg.

W. M. GIBSON, Retired President of Gibson & McLaughlin Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

W. W. RICHARDSON, Barrister and Solicitor, Winnipeg.

T. H. GILMOUR, Barrister, Winnipeg.

F. H. MALCOLM, Managing Director, Winnipeg.

LOCAL BOARDS.

G. T. MARSH, Local Manager, Great North-West Land Company and C.P.R. Lands, Regina.

H. W. LAIRD, Mayor, City of Regina.

F. G. FORSTER, Mayor, Town of Medicine Hat.

L. L. GULLIVAN, Manager Western Mortgage and Realty Co., Winnipeg.

COL. F. L. ANSTRUTHER, Retired, Portage la Prairie.

W. A. FAULKNER, Inspector Canadian Freight Association, Winnipeg.

With Power to add to their number.

WESTERN SHAREHOLDERS.

W. J. McLAUGHLIN, Vice-President, Gibson & McLaughlin Company, Ltd., Winnipeg.

F. H. MALCOLM, Secretary Colonial Bank of Canada, Limited, Winnipeg.

CHAS. M. SIMPSON, Manager Empire Loan Company, Limited, and River View Real Estate Company, Limited.

H. W. LAIRD, President Regina Wholesale and Forwarding Company, Ltd., ex-Mayor, Regina.

W. W. RICHARDSON, Barrister and Solicitor, Winnipeg.

A. D. RANKIN, Merchant, Brandon, Man.

M. KILLAM, wife of Chief Justice Manitoba, Winnipeg.

S. H. MATHEWS, Real Estate Investor, Winnipeg.

G. B. MURPHY, Elevator Company, Limited, Carberry.

JOHN D. HUNT, Barrister and Solicitor, Carberry.

A. J. NORQUAY, Real Estate, Winnipeg.

G. T. MARSH, Manager, Great North-West Land Company, Ltd., Regina.

A. F. BANFIELD, Merchant, Winnipeg.

Continued on Page 13.

Application for 10% Preference Shares.

To the Secretary of

The WESTERN CANNERIES CO., Limited.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinance, 1906.)

Imperial Bank Building, First Floor, Corner McDermot Ave. and Albert Street, Winnipeg, Canada.

I, the undersigned, hereby apply for 10 percent Preference Shares in "MALCOLM'S" WESTERN CANNERIES, Limited, and I agree to accept the same or any less number that may be allotted to me, subject to the Company's Deed of Incorporation, this Prospectus, and the Memorandum and Articles of Association, to which I hereby subscribe, and request my name being attached thereto, for the number of shares allotted to me.

In consideration thereof I herewith enclose the sum of Dollars, being the Application Deposit of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per share, payable thereon.

Name in full Occupation

Address Date

Certificates for Shares will be issued on Allotment.

Cheques and Postoffice Orders to be made payable to the order of the Secretary, Mr. F. H. MALCOLM, at the Company's Banking Account, The Traders Bank of Canada, or the Merchants Bank of Canada, Winnipeg, Man.

JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES

Are Relations Between the Two Countries Strained?

VISCOUNT AOKI REQUESTS THAT JAPANESE BE GIVEN THEIR FULL RIGHTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The news agencies have from time to time lately brought word of differences between Japan and the United States in greater or less detail, intimating that they might result in an armed clash between the two countries. Greater stress was laid upon the alleged strained relations to-day, on account of the resignation of Midshipman Kitagaki from Annapolis, but, aside from the news reports, information has reached influential quarters here tending to indicate serious anxiety to learn whether there is real danger of an early conflict between the two countries. It is quite possible that the condition of France in the present unsettled state, with a new ministry just coming into being, may account for the desire in powerful and usually well-informed quarters to know all that may be learned as to the Japanese-American relations; but whatever the reason, it is certain that the enquiries have been energetic and persistent to-day, and questions were asked, not only as to superficial probabilities, but regarding the possible ability of Japan to withstand the financial strain of a war with the United States.

The peculiarly happy relations of England with the United States and with Japan may add to the complications of the war problem, which the anxious ones are contemplating. It is only fair to say that sober opinion regards a war between Japan and the United States as ridiculously improbable, but this feeling has not been so strong as to prevent great and powerful men of France from taking measures to-day to obtain the best possible information as to what the immediate future has in store. The international amity between Japan and the United States is supposed to be sufficient to throw into obscurity any momentary frictions which might be encouraged for personal reasons by the dissatisfied element; but it is only just in chronicling developments in the diplomatic and political world to say that discussion in the actively interested parliamentary circles in France has reached the stage where the ability of Japan to raise a loan, and where England's friendship for the United States and her influence as the intimate advisor of Japan have been freely considered pro and con.

JAPANESE IN UNITED STATES

Washington, Oct. 25.—Viscount Aoki, the Japanese ambassador, at a conference with Secretary Root to-day, made the request, in behalf of his government, that the United States see that Japan's subjects in California were accorded their full rights under the treaty of 1894, including the right of children freely to attend the public schools of San Francisco.

Secretary Root will take the matter up with the President, and is likely to represent that he made to the authorities of California. The ambassador said the exclusion of Japanese children from San Francisco schools was the chief cause of the harsh criticism of the United States. He was inclined to discount the other causes given for the sentiment against the United States.

The friendship between the United States and Japan is too genuine and tried to be regarded by the Japanese as too long standing to justify any formal protest on the part of Japan because of wrongs her citizens may have suffered in some one locality in the United States, said the Viscount. "There is much misunderstanding in Japan concerning the true situation. Of course the Japanese Government fully realizes that the action against the Japanese children is local and not general in this country, but all the Japanese people do not understand conditions in this country and a local unmanly persons as a national action."

The action against the Japanese is regarded as extremely serious by Viscount Aoki, and he made no attempt to discount its importance.

"After all the years of friendship between the two nations, it seems too bad that the poor innocent little Japanese school children should be subjected to such indignities," said the ambassador. "Such action on the part of local authorities in this country is resented very bitterly by all Japanese."

MORMON CHURCH

REPORTS VERIFIED THAT IT IS RETIRING FROM COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 25.—Reports that the Mormon Church, as an organization, is to retire from commercial business, were further verified to-day, when it was officially announced that the Utah National Bank has been sold to Mr. W. S. McCormick. The bank's stock was largely owned by the church. In the last four months the Mormon Church has disposed of its big holdings in the Utah Light and Railway Company, which controls the principal public utilities in Salt Lake City, its Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railway, with its great pavilion at Seltair and its big retail department store at Ogden.

NEW YORK POLICE

New York, Oct. 25.—Every police captain except one in the five boroughs in the city will be transferred to-morrow morning by order of Commissioner Bingham. The changes are made for the good of the service, the commissioner announced to-day. The one captain left undisturbed is Captain Schlottman, who commands the Tenderloin precinct. There are 85 police captains in Greater New York.

WINDSOR MILLS SKELETON MYSTERY

REMAINS MAY BE THOSE OF DECEASED MAN NAMED DAVID BURT.

Sherbrooke, Que., Oct. 25.—The Windsor Mills skeleton mystery has not yet been solved. Stories of individuals who during the past few years have mysteriously disappeared, however, are not lacking. Mr. Solomon Gilbert, of this city, formerly of Dudswell, furnishes the following facts which may throw light on the case, and perhaps point to its solution. He states that Mr. Robert Burt, who was then a resident of Dudswell, had a son named David, mentally afflicted, who delighted in roaming the country, securing food and clothing from those persons who took pity on him, and were kind enough to offer these things to him. Three years ago this coming winter David visited Mr. Gilbert and, after having been fed, he continued his tramp towards Windsor Mills along what was called the Stoke road, and the road near which the skeleton was found. Mr. Gilbert states that after he left his place he never again heard of him, and is not aware that his parents at Dudswell ever saw him again. Mr. Gilbert had almost forgotten the poor fellow when he saw the notice of the discovery of the skeleton near Windsor Mills, and immediately thought of David. Another and very important fact is that David was minus a front tooth, and this was one of the first things noticed by all who viewed the remains. The other descriptions given by the coroner, namely, approximate age and probable height, apply well to David Burt. Mr. Gilbert states that if the remains should be those of David, the tobacco stamp would not be out of place, as the man was a great lover of tobacco, and would stop people and ask them for tobacco, even if he had plenty in his pocket. The clothes which he was in the habit of wearing were very poor. He was always looked upon with pity by all who saw him, and knew his condition.

The following story is also told. About two years ago two men from Montreal came to Windsor Mills. It appears that one had no end of money, while the other was as much the opposite, but a great lover of liquor. While they were in Windsor Mills the man with the money was continually being called upon by his friend to furnish him with liquor. Upon a certain day when both were in an intoxicated state, the latter hired a team and asked his friend to go for a drive. The team was returned to the livery, but the man who had hired it was alone. When asked where his friend was, he stated that he had left him some distance from Windsor Mills, as he was going to walk through the woods to Danville. The man left Windsor Mills that night, and, it is said, has never been heard from since.

Then there is the case already reported of the old man in East Sherbrooke, who went away from home in the morning, and never returned. That was eight years ago. The age of the old man alone bars him from consideration in connection with the Windsor skeleton case.

It is reported at Windsor Mills to-day that about three years ago a woman in the United States wrote to the priest at Windsor for information regarding her husband, who had been employed there, and had suddenly disappeared.

MR. LEITCH HONORED

BANQUET TENDERED CORNWALL K. C. ON OCCASION OF RECENT APPOINTMENT.

Cornwall, Ont., Oct. 25.—The citizens of Cornwall tendered a complimentary banquet at the Hotel Duquette to-night to Mr. James Leitch, K.C., who has been appointed chairman of the Ontario Railway and Municipal Commission, and who has removed to Toronto. Over 150 prominent citizens of the town, together with several from neighboring towns, were present. Judge Terry, of Cornwall, was chairman. Among the speakers of the evening were the Hon. J. P. Whitney, who replied to the toast of 'The Premier of Ontario'; the Hon. Dr. Pyne, Minister of Education, who, together with Mr. R. A. Pringle, responded to the 'House of Commons and Provincial Legislature'; and Dr. A. H. C. Colquhoun, who championed 'Educational Institutions.'

Among the other speakers were Col. R. R. McLennan, Major R. Smith, Mayor Cavanagh, of Cornwall; J. P. Cass, warden of the united counties; D. B. MacLennan, K.C., J. A. Chisholm, J. A. McDougall, E. O'Callaghan, Judge Loddell, Dr. Alguire, George Stiles, D. Monroe, Irwin Hilliard, of Morrisburg, and several local clergymen. All spoke in the highest terms of Mr. Leitch, who has long been one of Cornwall's most prominent and highly respected citizens. Born a few miles from this town, he spent his whole life here, and held many positions of public trust. He was mayor of the town twenty years ago, and is at present chairman of the High School Board. He was also a candidate for parliamentary honors in the interests of the Conservative party. To-night's banquet demonstrated the high place Mr. Leitch occupied in the hearts of the people of Cornwall, irrespective of creed, race or politics.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

SWEEPING ANTI-LIQUOR STATUTE PASSED BY SUPREME LODGE.

New Orleans, Oct. 25.—A sweeping anti-liquor statute was passed to-day by the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias. The new statute is expected to bar from entrance to the order wholesale liquor dealers and hotelkeepers who run bars in connection with their hotels. It includes 'professional gamblers, saloonkeepers, bartenders or dealers in spirituous, vinous or malt liquors.' The new statute does not affect any who are already members of the order.

SURVIVORS OF HOUSE BOAT

LANDED AT NORFOLK, VIRGINIA, AFTER TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 25.—Bleeding, hungry, and athirst, five men adrift on a bit of wreckage off the Florida coast, saw one of their companions, whose sufferings had driven him mad, throw himself into the sea to death, and not long afterwards a ship saved their lives. The five survivors were landed here today by the British steamer 'Heatherpool.' Captain John Grieves commanding, which arrived to-day for bunker coal en route from New Orleans to Rotterdam. The survivors are: Frank Revely, foreman, of Marianna, Fla.; Gus Johnson, of Brooklyn, N.Y.; Ben Clarke, of Somerville, Mass.; Abner Bell, of Kissimmee, Fla.; and John Campbell, of Philadelphia.

They, with about 145 others, were constructing a concrete viaduct for the Florida East Coast Railway through the Florida Keys, and were aboard house boat No. 4, which lay anchored off the coast on the night of Oct. 17. The great hurricane which swept over the coast struck the house-boat about one o'clock in the morning of Oct. 18, and No. 4 broke adrift. The house-boat soon afterwards foundered, and all of the 150 men aboard were thrown into the sea. The house-boat was dashed to pieces by the waves.

Many of the men were killed by heavy timbers. Six men lashed together two timbers, one 10 by 20 inches, and the other six by fourteen inches, and both twenty feet long, and lived on this raft until one of the party became mad from suffering and injury, and threw himself into the sea. On the morning of Oct. 19 Captain Grieves, standing upon the bridge of his ship, heard cries for help, and discovered the raft. He launched a lifeboat, and soon brought the perishing men aboard, where they were given light food and put to bed.

The survivors are being cared for at the Norfolk City Mission until the company for which they worked, or their relatives, can be heard from.

VANCOUVER EXHIBITION

HUNDRED THOUSAND CLUB BEGINS WORK ON THE PROJECT.

Vancouver, B.C., Oct. 25.—A movement has been inaugurated toward holding an Occidental-Oriental exhibition in Vancouver in 1910. The Hundred Thousand Club of this city has taken the project in hand, and has begun a campaign in behalf of the undertaking. The idea has already taken such shape that suggestions for making it not only a national but an inter-empire event have been advanced in the local newspapers. The leaders of the movement urge that not only the Dominion and provincial governments, but also the British and Japanese governments, could properly be appealed through funds to carry the exhibition through successfully. Lord Grey's speech at the Canadian Club luncheon has been quoted in support of Vancouver's claim that an Occidental-Oriental exhibition representing and encouraging the commerce between Asia and Australasia on the one hand, and Canada and the Motherland on the other, could most fittingly be held at the Pacific gateway of the Dominion, the point where the Canadian highway between Europe and Asia meets the ocean highway. There is indication that Vancouver will make a strong effort to assert what the city believes to be its legitimate claims and to carry out, for the benefit of Canadian and British trade, an exhibition that will be unique as representing the new order of things in the rise of the Pacific Ocean to commercial importance.

CONDEMNED MEAT

MR. JOHN BURNS SAYS THAT MOST OF THAT SEIZED AT LONDON CAME FROM ARGENTINE.

London, Oct. 25.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, said that of the 418 tons of meat seized and condemned at the Smithfield meat market, London, between July 19 and Sept. 13 twenty-four tons came from the United States and about 232 tons from the Argentine Republic.

KANSAS CITY FIRE

FOUR PERSONS KNOWN TO HAVE PERISHED.

Kansas City, Oct. 25.—Four persons are known to be dead eight others are missing, two are fatally injured, and fifty are suffering from hurts as the result of the fire which destroyed the Chamber of Commerce building in Kansas City, Kas., early to-day. A single body has been recovered from the ruins, that of D. R. Lynch. It is known that Charles A. Lynch, a laborer, and the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Sparks, are dead, but their bodies have not been recovered. J. F. Bramham, a wagonmaker, died at a hospital to-day. It is thought that the total dead will be about ten.

TRADES DISPUTES BILL

UNION FUNDS PLACED BEYOND REACH OF ATTACK BY AMENDMENT.

London Oct. 24.—It is announced that the government has met the views of the labor members of the House of Commons on the Trades Disputes Bill. The Attorney-General has drafted an amendment to clause four of this bill which will leave no loophole for another Taff Vale decision and which places union funds beyond the reach of attack.

INSURANCE COMMISSION

Mr. Macaulay Soundly Condemns Rebating.

THE SOLVENCY STANDARD—PUBLICITY THE REMEDY.

Supplementing his opinion of the morning regarding the nature of compulsory returns to be made by insurance companies for publication in the Blue Book, Mr. Macaulay added further remarks on the opening of the afternoon sitting yesterday.

"I think that in the tables showing the assets and liabilities of the companies, not only should surplus over all liabilities to the shareholders be shown, but also the surplus over and above the shareholders' liabilities and capital stock so as to show the exact amount available for distribution."

What are the reasons why insurance costs so much in the opening years? Give me the uncontrollable reasons first, and the controllable reasons after.

Among the uncontrollable reasons are, first, competition, which is keen, and which requires us to pay heavily in order to secure new business. Formerly we used to pay over fifty percent of the premium as commission for the first year, but since the pressure from American societies, competition has lessened somewhat. Owing to recent legislation in New York, we have been able to remodel all our contracts. Our regular rate of commission to agents now is 10 percent, scaling down to 25 percent, according to the class of policy taken. For the first year, 25 percent scaling down to 10 percent, for the second year, and five percent for the next eight years.

'A BAD FORM.'

Discussing a certain profit and loss form issued by the commission, to be filled up by the various insurance societies examined, Mr. Macaulay severely criticized it, remarking that the fundamental principle of the form, in which it was assumed that loadings were the sole source from which expenses should be met, with the exception of the small amount allowed to be charged against investments, was utterly, wholly, and completely wrong. "Another point is that it ignores the gains from lapses and surrender charges as an offset against the first year's expenses. These charges are used for the sole purpose of buying new insurance to replace the old, which has lapsed, and they should unquestionably be used to offset against the first year's expenses, and I maintain that any system of bookkeeping or profit-and-loss account which ignores this is deceitful."

But this form, with all its faults, shows that your first year's business has cost you a great deal more than was actually set aside for that purpose? "Yes, but I do not admit that the assumption regarding loadings is in any sense justifiable. It allows a glaring discrepancy which is utterly unreasonable."

You have expended \$573,000 more on your first year business than this 100-100 provides for the purpose, \$777,905, being the total of your expenses for 1905? "Yes."

What remedy do you suggest in respect of the great cost of first year's business? "I can suggest no remedy at all that is not worse than the disease. I think things are remedying themselves very satisfactorily, indeed."

REBATING DENOUNCED.

The discussion then turned on rebating. Do you know anything about rebating in your company? "There is some rebating in every company. I do not know that there is much in our company."

Do you approve of it? "No. Is it done in the head office? "No. Has the head office ever been a party to it in years gone by, perhaps, but not of recent years, so far as I am aware. At any rate, it would be to a very insignificant extent."

It is not a practice which has the sanction of the executive? "No, and I would strongly recommend that it be abolished. I think that legislation to that end would be effective, and I am convinced that legislation has now become absolutely necessary, or else the position of affairs will grow tremendously worse. We have an agreement with our agents which has been in force since July last, and which provides that any rebating will result in the immediate termination of their contracts."

That does not frighten them very much, does it? "We have notified all our agents that it is our intention to live bitterly up to that contract."

THE SOLVENCY STANDARD.

As an expert actuary, what is your opinion as to the mortality table? Do you not consider that the H. M. table gives the higher reserve? "Yes. The question is one of solvency, and a matter of expert opinion. No basis of solvency, as fixed by law, exists. To fix a high standard of solvency is a mistake. In the United States 192 companies have failed, a large proportion of which would be in existence if the standard of solvency existed there."

You would advise an elastic scheme? "Yes; it is singular, and our proud boast, that not a single Canadian life insurance company has ever failed. But we realize that we have a crop of young fellows of the standard of valuation, because we have no right to run the risk that has wrecked so many United States companies. We want a standard of solvency that would be easy. The rate of interest has increased since 1903? "Yes. You are the first to state that since this inquiry began. Can you substantiate your statement?"

Yes. In a list of twenty-four of the highest class British Colonial Government bonds, embracing thirteen colonies and including Canada, Australia, and South Africa, the average yield in 1896 was 3.07 percent. In 1901 the average yield was 3.39 percent, without a single bond selling on less than a three-percent basis, as against eight percent in the earlier period. To-day these bonds are selling on an average of 3.50 percent. Continuing, Mr. Macaulay said, he thought it a dangerous thing to have an artificially high standard. "It should be provided," he declared, "that no company shall be placed in insolvency unless it falls below the half percent rate of interest. I adhere to the English system of publicity. It is a fearful thing to put a company into insolvency. State the facts and public opinion will do the rest. If you succeed, as the result of this commission's work, in placing the question of solvency on a satisfactory basis, you will have conferred an invaluable boon on Canadian life insurance. It is a matter of the utmost importance, and cannot be neglected."

Regarding salaries, Mr. Macaulay said: "The president's salary in 1905 was \$18,000; this year it is \$19,000, and next year it will be \$20,000. My own salary in 1905 was \$13,000; this year it is \$14,000; and next year it will be \$15,000. There is no arrangement so far beyond 1906."

THE POLICY-HOLDERS' VOTE.

By Mr. Kent:—I notice that your lapses in 1904 were \$9,000,000.

That is policies not taken as well as lapsed. You are not an insurance man, or you would know that a policy 'not taken' is a policy upon which nothing has been paid. It seems to me that considering the Canada Life has only \$2,600,000 lapsed policies, and \$1,800,000 in policies not taken, whereas its total insurance in force is \$101,000,000 against your \$85,000,000, probably your excess in policies lapsed and not taken might have some relation to the rebating privileges of which we have heard so much during this inquiry.

The amount of 'not taken' policies bears no relation to the amount of the insurance in force, but only to the policies written. And we have a lot more of the latter than the Canada Life.

What about the policyholders' vote? "It seems to me that in the conduct of the Sun Life there is nothing to be desired so far as the present generation is concerned. But in the course of time somebody else will assume the management of the Sun Life. If, by sound discrimination and good judgment you have put the Sun Life on a pinnacle of prosperity as a successful company, another manager, with other attributes, might just as easily squander it all. In that case, the policyholders in your company would have no recourse whatever against any of the management or against any mismanagement by the directors or one of them. They would just have to sit on the fence and look on while the whole show was being smashed up. You seem to fear that if the policyholders have a vote they will use that vote to the detriment of the existing management and to their own detriment. I am convinced that there is nothing in that objection. What is your \$19,000,000 reserve against the \$105,000,000 contributed by your policyholders? Is it more flexible? Can you say that the policyholders are not warranted in asking that they should have the power to exercise certain control when they have contributed so largely? I have always maintained that it is the duty of every life insurance company to give a vote to its policyholders. You can depend upon it, they will ask for it some day, and it would be well if your company were prepared to grant it before they are asked."

Mr. Macaulay—We have never been asked for it yet.

Mr. Kent—You will receive a request next week.

Mr. Shepley announced that his examination of the Sun Life Company was finished for the time being.

ASHES OF ZOLA

SENATE PROPOSITION TO TRANSFER THEM TO THE PANTHEON.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The French Parliament reassembled this afternoon. The session was robbed of all interest, owing to the fact that the new cabinet was unable to present itself. Premier Clemenceau having previously officially advised the presidents of the chambers that the ministerial declaration would not be ready for some days. Consequently the sessions of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies were brief and perfunctory, and both chambers adjourned until Nov. 5. The only business transacted was the appointment by the Senate of a commission to consider the proposition to transfer the ashes of Emile Zola to the Pantheon.

NO NEW RUSSIAN LOAN

St. Petersburg Oct. 25.—Regarding the repeated rumors that the government is contemplating the issue of another loan, the Associated Press was authoritatively informed to-day that no loan, foreign or domestic, was contemplated except the internal loan to be issued about Dec. 1, in order to balance the budget on the New Year. The amount of this loan has not been definitely fixed.

FIGHT OVER OLD 'NEWS' FILES.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 25.—The Kingston 'News' proprietors, learning that Mr. Fraser, provincial archivist, had secured files of the Kingston 'Gazette' for 1813 to 1815 will seek to recover them. The files are owned by the Kingston 'News' office. Several years ago they were taken from the 'News' office by a person who had no right to them. Since then nothing had been heard of the missing volumes until the announcement was made of their presentation to the province.

EDMONTON STREET CARS.

Edmonton, Alta., Oct. 26.—The City Council has passed a resolution directing to consider the proposal to grant a street car franchise to a private corporation.

Artistic Photography.

The 'Illustrated Witness' offers a prize of a gold sovereign (\$4.26) for the most artistic photograph submitted between now and the end of the year. Watch for fuller details of the contest.

RUSSIAN CONDITIONS

WORKMEN TAKE BACK THEIR GENDARMES HAVE SEIZED.

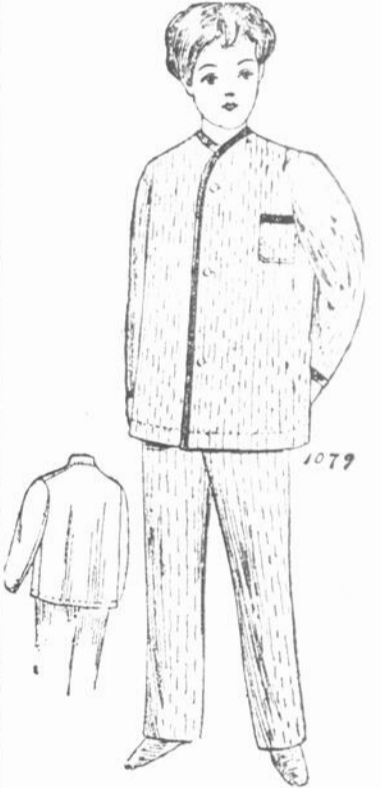
Tashkent, Asiatic Russia, Oct. 25.—A detachment of gendarmes who had seized a shipment of 238 revolvers, 10,000 cartridges destined for the revolutionists, were later attacked and defeated by an armed party of revolutionists who carried off the greater part of the revolvers and 8,000 cartridges.

PRICE OF MILK IN TORONTO

Toronto, Oct. 25.—The price of milk in Toronto is to go up to seven cents a quart on Nov. 1. The reason given is that the retail milk dealers of the city have advanced in price to the milk producers and farmers recently increased price to them.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY MODEL

Pyjamas are becoming more popular each season on account of their utility, and a simple and easily-made design is here shown with high neck and standing or turn-over collar as preferred, or with open neck. The usual seams are used in the construction of the trousers. The pattern is cut in seven sizes, from 25 to 46 breast measure. For 38 inch size 8 3/4 yards of material 27 inches wide is required.



MEN'S AND BOYS' PYJAMAS—NO. 1079

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PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

Form with fields for Name, Address, and other details for the pattern coupon.

N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern will not reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address: 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.

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