THE MONTREAL HERALD.

ANIMOS NOSTRI TENEBO ——OVID

VOL. VI.) SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 24th, 1817. (No. 31

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Articles of Association of the Montreal Bank.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME.

BE it known and made manifest, that we the subscribers have formed an Association or limited Co-partnership, and do hereby agree with each other, to conduct Banking Business in the manner hereinafter specified and described, by and under the name or style of the

MONTREAL BANK;

And we do hereby mutually covenant, declare and agree, that the following are and shall be the fundamental Articles of this our Association and agreement with each other, by which we and all persons who at any time hereafter may transact business with the said Company, shall be bound and regulated.

First. The Capital Stock of the said Company shall not exceed Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Pounds current money of this Province, divided into five thousand shares of Fifty Pounds each; and for the purpose of raising the said Capital Stock, a book of subscription shall be opened in this city after thirty days previous notice in at least four of the Provincial News-Papers, under the superintendance of John Richardson, George Garden, George Moffatt, Thomas Andrew Turner, Robert Armour, James Leslie, Horatio Gates, John C. Bush, and Austin Cuvillier, or any three of them; and to continue open under their superintendance until there shall have been an election of Directors as hereinafter provided, which book shall be headed with the present Articles of Co-partnership or Agreement, and shall continue open until the whole of the said Capital Stock shall have been subscribed. Every person or persons, co-partnership, body politic or corporate, who may or shall become members of this association, may subscribe for such and so many shares, as he, she, or they shall think fit, not however exceeding in the first instance twenty shares, and it is hereby agreed that the shares respectively subscribed, shall be payable in Gold or Silver coin, current in this Province, in the manner following, that is to say: *five per centum*, as a deposit at the time of subscribing; ten per centum to the Directors, within ten days after they shall have been chosen in manner hereinafter provided; another payment not exceeding ten *per centum*, whenever they shall require it, at such time and place as they shall appoint for that purpose, giving thirty days previous notice as aforesaid; and the remainder shall be payable in such instalments as a majority of the Directors shall agree upon; but no other instalment shall exceed ten *per centum* upon the capital stock, for the payment of which, thirty days notice shall always be given.

Second. It is further mutually agreed upon, that whenever the sum of Five Thousand Pounds shall have been actually deposited or paid in on account of the subscriptions to the said stock, notice thereof shall be given by the persons under whose superintendance the same shall have been received, in at least two of the Montreal News-Papers, and the said persons shall at the same time in like manner, notify the time and place of holding a meeting of the subscribers, which shall be at the distance of not less than thirty days from the time of such notification for proceeding to the election of the number of Directors hereinafter mentioned; and such election shall then and there be made by a majority of shares voted for, in manner herein after prescribed, in respect to the annual elections of Directors; and the persons who shall then and there be chosen, shall be the first Directors, and shall be capable of serving until the expiration of the day fixed for making the annual election; and the Directors so chosen, shall as soon thereafter as circumstances can conveniently allow of, commence the business and operations of the said Bank, but no Bank Bills, or Bank Notes shall be issued or put in circulation, nor any bill or Note be discounted at the Bank until Twenty Five Thousand Pounds in gold or silver, shall be actually paid in and received on account of the subscriptions to the said Capital Stock.

Third. For the good management of the affairs of the said Association or Company, there shall be thirteen Directors, who shall be annually elected by the proprietors or holders of the said capital stock, at a general meeting thereof to be annually holden on the first Monday of June, at which annual meeting the said proprietors and stockholders shall vote according to the rule hereinafter established, in respect to voting at general meetings; and the Directors so chosen by a majority in conformity to such rule, shall be capable of serving as Directors, for twelve months (unless any of them shall be removed for mal-administration before the expiration of that period by a general meeting of stockholders, or unless suspended as hereinafter provided) and at their first meeting after such election, shall choose out of their number, a President and Vice-President, and their places respectively, from time to time, filled up when vacant by death, resignation, absence from the Province, or removal as above said. In case of death, resignation, absence from the Province for three months at a time, or the removal of a Director by the stockholders, his place [illegible] shall be filled up by the said stockholders, and in the other cases by the remaining Directors, or a majority of them, to serve however, only until the succeeding general meeting as above said.

Fourth. The Directors for the time being shall have power to appoint such officers, clerks, and servants under them as shall be necessary for executing the business of the said Company, and to allow them such compensation for their services respectively as shall be reasonable and proper; all which, together with the expences of building, house rent, and all other contingencies, shall be defrayed, out of the funds of the said Company. The said Directors shall likewise be capable of exercising such other powers and authorities for the well regulating and ordering of the affairs of the said Company, as shall be prescribed by the Bye-Laws, and Regulations thereof.

Fifth. It is further covenanted and agreed upon by and between the parties to this agreement, that if the said Capital stock of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Pounds, is not subscribed within three months after the said Book of subscription shall have been opened, then and in such case it may be competent for any former subscriber or subscribers, to increase his, her, or their subscriptions to forty shares; and if the aforesaid Capital Stock is not subscribed within four months after the said Book of subscription shall have been opened, then, and in such case, the deficiency may be subscribed for by any person or persons, body politic or corporate, but they shall not be permitted respectively to hold more than fifty shares in the whole, unless the same be acquired by purchase, after the said Bank shall have commenced its operation.

Sixth. It is hereby expressly and explicitly declared, to be the object and intention of the persons who associate themselves under the style or firm of the *Montreal Bank* that the joint stock or property of the said Company (exclusive of dividends to be made in the manner herein after mentioned) shall alone be responsible for the debts and engagements of the said Company. And that no person, who shall or may deal with this Company, or to whom they shall or may become in any wise indebted, shall on any pretence whatever have recourse against the separate property of any present or future member of this company, or against their persons, further than may be necessary to secure the faithful application of the funds thereof, to the purposes to which by these presents they are liable. But all persons accepting any bond, bill, note or other contract of this company, sign'd by the President or Vice President, and countersigned or attested by the Cashier of the Company, for the time being, or dealing with it in any other manner whatsoever, thereby respectively give credit to the said joint stock or property of the said Company, and thereby respectively disavow having recourse, on any pretence whatever, to the person or separate property of any present or future member of this Company, except as above mentioned. And all suits to be brought against this Company (if any shall be) shall be brought against the President for the time being; and in case of his death or removal from office, pending any suit against him, measures shall be taken at the expence of the company for substituting his successor in office as a defendant; so that persons having demands upon the company, may not be prejudiced or delayed by that event, or if the person suing, shall go on against the person first named as defendant, (notwithstanding his death or removal from office) this company shall take no advantage of such proceeding on that account, and all recoveries had in manner aforesaid, shall be conclusive upon the Company, so far as to render the Company's said joint stock or property liable thereby, and no further; and the Company shall immediately pay the amount of such recovery out of their joint stock, but not otherwise. And in case of any suit at Law, the President for the time being shall have full power in his own name, and on behalf of the Company, to prosecute to judgment and execution in the manner and form as by the laws of this Province it is provided; it being expressly understood and declared, that all persons dealing with the said Company, agree to these terms, and are to be bound thereby.

Seventh. These articles of agreement shall be published in at least one of the news-papers printed in the cities of Quebec and Montreal for three months, and for the information of all persons who may transact business with or in any manner give credit to this Company, every Bond, Bill, Note, or other instrument or contract, by the effect or terms of which the Company may be charged or held liable, for the payment of money, shall specially declare, in such form as the Board of Directors shall prescribe, that *payment shall be made out of the joint funds of this Company, according to the present articles of association, and not otherwise*; and a copy of the sixth article of this association, shall be inserted in the bank book of every person depositing money, or other valuable property with the Company, for safe custody, or a printed copy shall be delivered to every such person, before any such deposit shall be received from him. And it is hereby expressly declared, that no engagement can be legally made in the name of the said Company unless it contain a limitation or restriction to the effect above recited. And the Company hereby expressly disavow all responsibility, for any debt or engagement, which may be made in their name, not containing a limitation or restriction to the effect aforesaid.

Eighth. The number of votes to which each Stockholder or Stockholders, Co-partnership, body politic or corporate, holding stock in the said Company, shall be entitled on every occasion, when in conformity to the provisions and requirements of these articles, the votes thereof are to be given, shall be in the proportion following, that is to say: For one share, and not more than two, one vote; for every two shares above two, and not exceeding ten, one vote, making five votes for ten shares; for every four shares above ten, and not exceeding thirty, one vote, making ten votes for thirty shares; for every six shares above thirty, and not exceeding sixty, one vote, making fifteen votes for sixty shares, and for every eight shares above sixty, and not exceeding one hundred, one vote, making twenty votes for one hundred. But no person or persons, Co-partnership, body politic or corporate, shall be entitled to a greater number than twenty votes, and all stockholders resident within this Province, or elsewhere, may vote by proxy, if he, she, or they shall see fit, provided that such proxy be a stock holder, and do produce a sufficient authority from his constituent or constituents, for so consenting and voting for him or them, provided always, that after the first election of Directors, no share or shares of the capital stock of the Company shall confer a right of voting, either in person or by proxy, which shall not have been holden during three Calendar months, at the least, prior to the day of election, or of the general meeting, where the votes of the stockholders are to be given.

Ninth. None but a stockholder, actually resident in the city of Montreal, and holding at least ten shares in the capital stock, and being a natural born subject of His Majesty, or a subject of His Majesty naturalized by act of the British Parliament, or a subject of His Majesty, having become such by the conquest and cession of this Province, or any person who shall have [illegible] and in any of the above cases, who shall have resided three years in this city, one of which shall have immediately preceded the day of Election, shall be capable of being elected or chosen a Director of the said Bank, or shall shall serve as such.

Tenth. None of the Directors in office shall be re-elected for the next succeeding twelve months, of which the President and Vice President shall always be of the number.

Eleventh. No Director shall be entitled to any salary or emolument, unless the same shall have been allowed to him, by a general meeting of the stock holders, but the stockholders may make such compensation to the President or Vice-President, for their extraordinary attendance at the Bank, as shall appear to them to be reasonable and proper.

Twelfth. Not less than five Directors shall constitute a board, for the transaction of business, whereof the President or Vice-President shall always be one, except in case of sickness, and necessary absence, in which case their places may be supplied by any other Director whom the President or Vice Pres dent so sick or absent, shall respectively by writing, under their hands, appoint for that purpose. The President and Vice President, shall vote at the board as Directors, and in case of there being an equal number of votes for and against any question before them, the President, and in his absence, the Vice President, shall have a casting voice.

Thirteenth. Any number of stockholders, not less than fifty, who together shall be proprietors of two hundred and fifty shares, shall have power at any time by themselves or their proxies, to call a general meeting of the stockholders, for purposes relative to the said Association, giving at least six week's notice thereof in at least one of the news-papers published in this city, and specifying in such notices the time and place for such meeting, with the object or objects thereof; and the Directors, or any seven of them, shall have the like power at any time (upon observing the like formalities) to call a general meeting as above said. And if the objects of any general meeting, called either by the Stockholders or Directors as above said, shall be to consider of a proposal for the removal of the President, Vice-President, or other Director or Directors, for mal-administration, then and in such case the person or persons so proposed to be removed, shall from the day on which such notice shall be first published, be suspended from the execution of the duties of his or their office; and if he be the President or Vice President his place shall be filled up by the remaining Directors, to serve during the time of such suspension.

Fourteenth. Every Cashier and Clerk of the Bank, before he enters upon the duties of his office, shall give bond, with two or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the Directors; that is to say, Every Cashier in a sum not less than Five Thousand Pounds, with condition for his good and faithful behaviour; and every Clerk with the condition, and sureties, in such sum as the Directors shall consider adequate to the trust to be reposed in him.

Fifteenth. The Company shall not hold any lands and tenements, but such as may be necessary for the transaction and accommodation of the business of the Bank, and for no other purpose: It shall nevertheless be competent for the Directors, on behalf of the Company, to take and hold mortgages on property, by way of additional security for debts contracted with the said Company in the course of its dealings; but on no account shall money be lent upon mortgage, or upon lands and other fixed property, nor such be purchased by the Company, upon any pretext, except in the special case above recited.

Sixteenth. The total amount of the debts which the Company shall at any time owe, whether by Bond, Bill, Note, or other contract whatsoever, shall not exceed treble the amount of the capital stock actually paid in (over and above a sum equal in amount to such money, as may be deposited in the Bank for safe keeping) and in case of excess, the Directors, under whose administration it shall happen, shall be liable for the same, in their natural and private capacities, but it shall not exempt the Company or the lands tenements, goods, or chattels thereof from being also liable for such excess; such Directors however, as shall have been absent when the said excess was contracted, or shall have entered their protest against it upon the minutes of the proceedings of the Board, may respectively exonerate and discharge themselves therefrom, by pleading and proving such absence, or shewing such protest.

Seventeenth. The shares of Capital Stock shall be assignable and transferable, according to such rules and forms, as may be established in that behalf, by the board of Directors, but no assignment or transfer shall be valid or effectual, unless such assignment or transfer shall be entered or registered in a book or books, to be kept by the Directors for that purpose, nor until the person or persons making the same, shall previously discharge all debts actually due by him, her, or them, to the said company, which may exceed in amount the remaining stock belonging to such person or persons, and in no case shall any fractional part of a share, or other than a complete share or shares, be assignable or transferable. And it is hereby further expressly agreed and declared, that any stockholder, who shall transfer in manner aforesaid, all his stock or shares in this Company, to any other person or persons whatever, shall *ipso facto* cease to be a member of this Company, and that any person or persons whatever, who shall accept a transfer of any stock or share in this Company, shall *ipso facto* become and be a member of this Company, according to these articles of association.

Eighteenth. All bills, bonds, notes and every contract and engagement, on behalf of the Company, shall be signed by the President or Vice President; and countersigned or attested by the Cashier of the Company; and the funds of the Company shall in no case be held responsible for any contract or engagement whatever, unless the same shall be so signed and countersigned, or attested as aforesaid.

Nineteenth. The books, papers, correspondence, and funds of the Company, shall at all times, be subject to the inspection of the Directors, but no stock holder not Director, shall inspect the account of any individual or individuals, with the Company.

Twentieth. Half yearly dividends shall be made of so much of the profits of the Company as shall appear to the Directors adviseable, and shall be payable at such place or places as the Directors shall appoint, of which they shall give public Notice in at least two News Papers published in this City, at least thirty days before; and the Directors shall every year at the general meeting for election thereof, lay before the Stockholders, for their information, an exact and particular statement of the amount of the debts due to, and by the Company, specifying the amount of Bank Notes then in circulation, and the amount of such debts as in their opinion are bad, or doubtful; as also, stating the surplus or profit, if any remaining, after deduction of losses and provisions for dividends. Provided that the rendering of such statements shall not extend, to give any right to the Stockholders not Directors, to inspect the account of any individual or individuals, with the Company.

Twenty first. If there shall be a failure in payment of any part of the sum or shares subscribed by any person or persons, co-partnership, body politic or corporate, the party failing in paying the first instalment of ten *per centum*, succeeding the deposit of five *per centum* herein before required to be made at the time of subscribing, shall respectively forfeit the said deposit to and for the use of the said company, and the Stock shall be sold at public sale for the behoof of the company; and on failure of paying the other instalments, or any of them, the party or parties failing therein, shall forfeit the original deposit of five *per centum*, and the Dividends unpaid prior to the time for making such payment, and during the delay of the same.

Twenty-second. The said Company shall not directly or indirectly deal in any thing, excepting Bills of Exchange, gold or silver Bullion, or in the sale of Goods really and truly pledged for money lent, and not redeemed in due time, or in the sale of stock pledged for money lent, and not so redeemed, which said goods and stock so pledged, and and not so redeemed, shall be sold by the said Company, at Public Sale, at any time not less than ten days after the period for redemption; and if upon such Sale of Goods or Stock, there shall be a surplus, after deducting the expences of Sale, over the payment of the money lent, such surplus shall be paid to the proprietors thereof respectively.

Twenty-third. The Board of Directors, are hereby fully empowered to make such other bye laws and regulations, for the government of the affairs of the Company, and that of their officers and servants, as they, or a majority of them shall from time to time think expedient, not inconsistent with law, or these articles of association.

Twenty fourth. This Association shall continue until the first day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-Eight and no longer: but the proprietors of two thirds of the Capital Stock of the company, may by their concurring votes, at a general meeting to be called for that express purpose, revise or alter these articles, or any of them, or dissolve the Company at any prior period; provided, that notice of such meeting, and of its object, shall be published in all the Provincial News-Papers for Six Months previous to the time appointed for such meeting; and provided also that no revision or alteration of these articles shall subject any Stockholder or Stockholders to be bound beyond the amount of his, her, or their Stock.

Twenty-fifth. Immediately on any dissolution of this Association, effectual measures shall be taken by the Directors then existing, for closing all the concerns of the company, and for dividing the capital and profits, which may remain, among the Stockholders, in proportion to their respective interests.

In Witness whereof, we have hereunto set our names and firms at Montreal.

(3 months)

BLURRED PRINTING

Book-Binding.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has removed his shop to [illegible] street, [illegible] Mr. J. D. De Witt's HAT STORE, Old Market Place, where he carries on the BOOK-BINDING Business in all its Branches.

Merchants' Account Books, ruled and bound, conformable to any pattern, of the finest Paper and best Materials, on the shortest notice.

Old Books, rebound with neatness and dispatch.

E. C. TUTTLE.

Montreal, 17th May, 1817. 3wks

ADVERTISEMENT.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 16th inst. JOSEPH BAKER, an indented Apprentice to the Joiner Business, about 20 years and 5 months old; who speaks English and French, who looks well, and is well clothed, &c. He took with him a good Chest, and various tools. All persons are forbid harbouring the said Apprentice on pain of prosecution, and any one who will bring the said Baker back, will receive a Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS, but no expences paid.

Likewise a Reward of FIVE POUNDS for Wm. McDonald, who absconded on the 11th March last, about 20½ years old.

JNO. ROBERTSON

Montreal, 17th May, 1817. 3wks

BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES,

REGENT of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the name and on the behalf of his Majesty,

A PROCLAMATION.

J. C. SHERBROOKE.

WHEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the forty-third year of his Majesty's reign intituled, "An Act for extending the jurisdiction of the Courts of Justice in the Provinces of Lower and Upper-Canada, to the trial and punishment of persons guilty of crimes and offences within certain parts of North-America, adjoining to the said Provinces," it is amongst other things enacted, "That all offences committed within any of the Indian Territories, or parts of America, not within the limits of either of the said Provinces, or of any Civil Government of the United States of America, shall be, and be deemed to be offences of the same nature, and shall be tried in the same manner, and be subject to the same punishment, as if the same had been committed within the said Provinces of Lower or Upper-Canada." And whereas by the said Act it is also enacted, "That it shall be lawful for the Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, or person administering the Government for the time being, of the Province of Lower-Canada, by Commission under his hand and Seal, to authorize and empower any person or persons, wheresoever resident or being at the time, to act as Civil Magistrates and Justices of the Peace for any of the Indian Territories, or parts of America, not within the limits of either of the said Provinces, or of any Civil Government of the United States of America, as well as within the limits of either of the said Provinces of Lower or Upper-Canada, [illegible] for the purpose only of hearing crimes and offences, and committing any person or persons, guilty of any crime or offence, to safe custody, in order to his or their being conveyed to the said Province of Lower-Canada, to be dealt with according to Law;" and "That it shall be lawful for any person or persons whatever, to apprehend and take before any persons so commissioned as aforesaid, or to apprehend and convey, or cause to be safely conveyed, with all convenient speed to the Province of Lower-Canada, any person or persons guilty of any crime or offence, there to be delivered into safe custody, for the purpose of being dealt with according to Law."

And whereas by the said Act it is also further enacted, "That every such offender may and shall be prosecuted and tried in his Majesty's Courts of the Province of Lower-Canada, in which crimes and offences of the like nature are usually tried, and where the same would have been tried if such crime or offence had been committed within the limits of the Province where the same shall be tried under the said Act; and every offender tried and convicted under the said Act, shall be liable and subject to such punishment as may by any Law in force in the Province where he or she shall be tried, be inflicted for such crime or offence; and that such Court may and shall proceed to trial, judgment and execution, or other punishment, for such crime or offence, in the same manner, in every respect, as if such crime or offence had been really committed within the jurisdiction of such Court; and to proceed also to the trial of any person being a subject of his Majesty, who shall be charged with any offence, notwithstanding such offence shall appear to have been committed within the limits of any Colony, Settlement or Territory, belonging to any European State."

And whereas divers breaches of the peace, and acts of force and violence, have lately been committed within the said Indian Territories and parts of America, mentioned and described in the said Act of Parliament, which have arisen from contention between certain Merchants carrying on trade and commerce in the said Indian Territories, under the names of the Hudson's Bay Company, and North-West Company, respectively, and other persons, their servants, agents, or adherents, of whom some have entered into and seized, and occupied by force, and with strong hand, lands or possessions, therein taking; and by force retaining, divers goods, wares merchandize, and other property, and obstructing the passage of navigable rivers, and other natural passes of the country; and others have met together in unlawful assemblies, formed divers conspiracies and confederacies, committed murders, riots, routs and affrays, and appeared, gone and ridden in companies, in military array with armed force, and have rescued themselves and others from lawful arrest and custody.

We do, therefore, in the name and on the behalf of his Majesty, publish this Proclamation, hereby calling upon the said Merchants, so as aforesaid carrying on trade and commerce in the said Indian Territories, under the names of the Hudson's Bay Company, and North-West Company respectively, and upon each and every of them and upon all other persons, their servants, agents or adherents, and each and every of them, to desist from every hostile aggression or attack whatsoever: And in order to prevent the further employment of an unauthorised military force, we do hereby require all persons who have been heretofore engaged in his Majesty's service, as Officers or Soldiers, and as such have enlisted and engaged in the service of the said Hudson's Bay Company, or North West Company, or either of them, or of any of their servants, agents or adherents, to leave the service in which they may be so engaged, within twenty four hours after their knowledge of this Proclamation, under penalty of incurring our most severe displeasure, and forfeiting every privilege to which their former employment in his Majesty's service would otherwise have entitled them.

And we do, under similar penalties, hereby require of all and every person and persons whomsoever, whom it doth or shall, or may in any wise concern, the restitution of all forts, buildings, or trading stations, with the property which they contain, which may have been seized or taken possession of by either party, to the party who originally established or constructed the same, and were possessed thereof previous to the recent disputes between the aforesaid Companies.

And we do hereby require in like manner, of all and every person and persons whomsoever, whom it doth or shall or may in any way concern, the removal of any blockade, or impediment by which any party, person or persons may have attempted to prevent or interrupt the free passage of Traders, or others of his Majesty's subjects, or of the natives of the said Indian Territories, with their merchandize, furs, provisions, and other effects, throughout the Lakes, Rivers, Roads, and every other usual route or communication heretofore used for the purposes of the Fur trade in the interior of North America; and full and free permission for all persons to pursue their usual and accustomed trade, without hindrance or molestation, hereby declaring, that nothing done in consequence of this Proclamation, shall in any degree be considered to affect the rights which may ultimately be adjudged to belong to either or any party, upon a full consideration of all the circumstances of their several claims.

And whereas, for the purpose of restraining all offences in the said Indian Territories, and of bringing to condign punishment the perpetrators of all offences there committed, his Excellency SIR JOHN COAPE SHERBROOKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, his Majesty's Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and their several dependencies, Lieutenant General and Commander of all his Majesty's Forces in the said Provinces, &c. &c. by and with the advice of his Majesty's Executive Council of and for the said Province of Lower Canada, hath nominated, constituted and authorised the Honourable WILLIAM BACHELER COLTMAN, one of the Members of the said Council, a Lieutenant Colonel in his Majesty's Indian Department and one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Western District of the said Province of Upper Canada, and JOHN FLETCHER, Esquire, Barrister at Law, one of the principal Police Magistrates and Chairman of his Majesty's Court of Quarter Session for the District of Quebec, a Major in the said Indian Department, and one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Western District of Upper Canada, to act as Civil Majistrates and Justices of the Peace for the said Indian Territories and parts of America aforesaid, as well without as within the said Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada, under and by virtue of the said Act, and also his Majesty's Special Commissioners for inquiring into and investigating all offences committed in the said Indian Territories and the circumstances attending the same, with power and authority for such purposes.

And whereas the said William Bachelor Coltman and John Fletcher are immediately about to proceed to the said Indian Territories, in execution of the trust so reposed in them:

We do therefore hereby strictly charge and command, in the name and on the behalf of his Majesty, all Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables and other officers of the Peace and all others, his Majesty's Officers, Servants and Subjects, Civil and Military, generally, in their several and respective Stations, to make dilligent inquiry and search to discover and apprehend all persons who have been or shall be guilty of any such crimes or offences as aforesaid, or any other crimes or offences whatsoever, within the Indian Territories or parts of America, in the said Act mentioned and described, whether without or within the said Provinces of Lower or Upper Canada, and to cause them to be carried before the said *William Bachelor Coltman* and *John Fletcher*, or one of them, or such other Majistrates as may hereafter be appointed for the like purpose, or otherwise be invested with competent jurisdiction in that behalf to be dealt with according to Law, and by all lawful ways and means whatsoever to repress and discourage all such crimes and offences; requiring and directing them and each of them as well within the said Indian Territories, or parts of America, as elsewhere, to be aiding and assisting to the said *William Bachelor Coltman* and *John Fletcher*, in the execution of the duties wherewith they are charged as such Majistrates and Special Commissioners as aforesaid, in all their endeavours for the repression and discouragement of all such crimes and offences, wheresoever or by whomsoever perpetrated or committed; for the detection and apprehension of such persons as have been or hereafter shall be concerned or implicated in the perpetration thereof, and for the maintenance and preservation of the Peace and of the Laws.

In faith and testimony whereof, We, by our express command, in the name and on the behalf of his Majesty, have caused the great Seal of the Province of Lower Canada to be hereunto affixed.

Witness our trusty and well-beloved SIR JOHN COAPE SHERBROOKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Captain General and Governor in Chief of the said Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, Lieutenant General and Commander of all his Majesty's forces in the said Provinces, &c. &c. at the Castle of Saint Lewis, in the City of Quebec, in the said Province of Lower Canada, this third day of May, in the year of our Lord Christ, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and in the fifty-seventh year of his Majesty's Reign.

J. C. S.

By his Excellency's Command,

JOHN TAYLOR, Dep. Secy.

From the Mercantile Advertiser.

NEW YORK, May 17.

VERY LATE FROM ENGLAND.

The fine fast sailing ship Canton, Rogers, arrived at this port yesterday morning, in 23 days from Liverpool. Passengers, Mr. Charles King and family, Miss Bond and Miss Travis of Philadelphia and 2 servants, Col. Tallmadge, S. M'Gillevray, Esq. of Montreal, Mr. Thompson of Philadelphia, and Mr. Lewis Irving of New York. Sailed April 21. No news in England. Owing to the Speaker being indisposed, Parliament had not met after the Easter adjournment. It was supposed the Income Tax would be renewed in order to meet the common expenditures.

The Country was becoming more quiet, and trade somewhat reviving.—American Stocks, 6 per cents had been sold in London at 102 1-2—Markets for Flour falling much in Liverpool, where the best American was dull at 72s—Cotton kept up very well.

On the 17th of April seven of the Luddites were executed at Leicester. Most of them have left widows, and more than thirty children are left fatherless.

The British government, it is said, have prohibited Lord Cochrane from proceeding to South America, in a ship of the force which he lately purchased for that purpose.

By this arrival, the Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have received London papers to the 19th, Lloyd's Lists to the 18th, and Liverpool papers to the 21st of April, inclusive.

LONDON, April 12.

It is said that Ministers have received and entertained a proposition from the King of Spain, to become a mediator between him and the Independent provinces of South America, in return for which his Majesty offers us a limited commerce with certain ports on the coast. Reports adds that Sir George Cockburn is to command a squadron destined for the Coast of South America, for that purpose; and that preparations are already making for carrying it into effect. If ministers have really determined upon this course, the result may be easily anticipated. Mr. Croker will be soon again upon his war salary.

LONDON, April 15.

We were correct yesterday in our anticipation of a further adjournment of the House of Commons, and our statement of the cause. There is a coincidence between the present Speaker's illness, and that of one of his predecessors, of which the House was not aware when the question of adjournment was proposed and settled last night, and which we now notice for its singularity. Sir Fletcher Norton was so ill in the year 1780, that on the 14th of April, he found himself unable to attend to his duty, and the House then adjourned, as in the present instance precisely from that day, the 14th to the 24th.

The House of Lords will meet to-morrow.

LONDON, April 17.

The Duke of Wellington is preparing to quit Paris in eight days, for London, where he expected to be on the 23d, on which day the Prince Regent will give a grand fete in honour of St. George, the Patron of England. His staff will leave Paris on the same day for Cambray, to which his Grace will proceed after a short stay in England.

LONDON, April 19.

A Mail from Hamburgh arrived this morning, with papers to the 13th inst. The Swedish government is actively employed in devising means for its security—among these it has resorted to the conscription. Steam-boats are coming fast into use on the Continent. One of these vessels arrived on the 6th, at Hamburg, with passengers from Berlin.

The marriage of Madame Murat with General Macdonald has been celebrated at Vienna. The ci-devant Queen has just purchased the Lordship of Kettingbrunn, four leagues from Vienna, in the neighborhood of Baden.

A Morning paper states that Lord Castlereagh had such a relapse of his lameness yesterday, that Ministers had an intimation from him of the improbability of his being able to attend in the House of Commons on Thursday next.

Corn Exchange, April 18.—We had but few fresh arrivals this morning, and no great deal of business doing, as buyers are waiting for supplies. Fine Wheat and Oats sold at our last quoted prices (2s. per quarter dearer than Monday); Fine Barley and Beans full as dear as on Wednesday. In other kinds of grain there is no alteration.

LONDON, April, 19.

Price of Stocks—Bank Stock, 251 250; 3 per Ct. Red. 71 1-8-6[illegible]; 3 per Ct. Cons. 72 3-8 1-8-3-8 [illegible]; Con. for Ac. [illegible]

This morning we received Paris Papers of Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday last. The King's health is represented in favorable terms; but his Majesty does not appear to have as yet been enabled to enjoy his usual airings. The Prince de Broglie, Bishop of Ghent, has not entered Paris. He stopped a few days at St. Denis; and it appears his intention to proceed to Rome within a short time.

The Princess of Wales left Nuremberg on the 5th of this month for Vienna.

Mr. Speaker is come to town for medical advice. Yesterday he was cupped and took the warm bath for the disorder in his eyes. It is believed that a further adjournment will take place till Monday the 28th, and that probably before that time the negociation now pending for the retreat of the Right Hon Gentleman, who has so long filled the Chair with eminent satisfaction, will be settled. It is said that Mr. Manners Sutton thinks himself unfit, on account of his short-sight, for the Chair.

Morning Paper.

PARIS, April 13.

A telegraphic dispatch dated Calais the 10th of April, announces the arrival in that harbour of several transports with 450 French and Italian, prisoners of war, who had been in the service of England, from which they are now discharged. The French will be transmitted to their departments.

Letters from Basle state, that the merchants of that town frequently receive accounts of the emigrants who had gone to the United States. There are very few of them who do not regret their country.—Those who cannot pay their passage remain during six years in a kind of slavery. Notwithstanding this dreadful result, the mania of emigration still continues. On the 2d of April, six vessels freighted with 1,800 emigrants, for the most part of the Cantons of Basle and Argovia, departed from Basle.

We learn that in conformity with a new Treaty, the two Floridas have been ceded by Spain to the United States. If this be true, the American Republic will completely round itself to its Southern frontiers.

Prices current at Liverpool, April 19.

Ashes, pot 1st. cwt. 54s a 58s; pearl, 1st, 61s a 63s. tar, Am. per bbl. 14s a 16s; turpentine, Am. per cwt 12s 6d a 14s.

Prices current at Liverpool, April 15.

English and Foreign Wheats declined 1s to 1s 6d; Flour about 3s per barrel.

April 19.—This day was a very dull market, but without any further reduction in the currency since Tuesday's report.

American Wheat, per 70 lbs 17s a 18s; rice, p c (in b) 31s a 33s; flour, Am. per bbl 70s a 73s sour do. 65s a 66s; flax seed, sowing per hhd. 5 lb. 10s.

LLOYD'S LIST April 18.

GRAVESEND. April 11. Sailed, Eweretta, Montreal.—15, Trader, Quebec. Omnium, Montreal.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

By the fast sailing brig Ocean, in 31 days from Havre, we have Paris papers to the 18th ult.

Letters from Naples speak of a conspiracy that had been detected in that kingdom. The Grand Seignor is upon the best footing with the Dey of Algiers, of Tunis and of Tripoli. It is generally supposed that he will avail himself of this circumstance to act with vigor against the rebel Bashaws of Egypt. The Dey of Algiers has re-established his fleet. He has already a considerable number of vessels, which according to the last accounts were preparing for a cruise.

A friend at Havre, under the date of the 20th of April, informs us, that the trifling disturbances which took place at Paris, in the performance of the new tragedy of Germanicus, have been greatly magnified in the English papers; all that passed on that occasion was of no great importance to government, and it all ended after a few duels between some royalists and persons of the opposite party.

NEW-YORK, May 14.

The British Packet, Lady Wellington, from England for New York, has been spoke by a vessel arrived at Boston. We presume, that the Packet will not furnish London dates as late as those brought by the Fanny from Greenock. We find by the General Post-Office list of April 2d. that the Mail for America was to be closed on Saturday April 5th.

FROM THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

FROM ST. HELENA.

We learn from Captain Bailey, of the ship Horatio, arrived yesterday from Calcutta, that he was boarded off St. Helena, on the 30th of March by his Majesty's brig Leveret, captain Theed, who informed that BONAPARTE was perfectly well, and had grown very fat; but kept himself quite close to prevent the innumerable importunities of strangers. He had made a complaint to the Governor on the subject, who had issued a Bulletin to prevent transgression within the pale of the Ex-emperor's limits.

The British Admiral, Sir P. Malcolm, was in expectation of being relieved by Admiral Plampin, who was hourly looked for. As a proof of the vigilance of those who are set to watch his late Imperial Majesty, it is only necessary to state that the Horatio was telegraphed 60 miles distant from the island. Fresh provisions of all kinds were very scarce on the island—none to be purchased by strangers—and a joint of fresh meat was looked upon as a great luxury on a General's table.

We also learn from the Horatio, that it had been very sickly in the interior of India, particularly among the European troops—it was healthy, however at Calcutta. All was quite in India, except frequent incursions were made by the Pindarees, a kind of Banditti, who assembled sometimes to the number of 10,000, and committed depredations upon defenceless villages.

The right hon Mr. Elliott, was about to return to Europe in consequence of ill health; Mr. C. M. Ricketts was reported as his successor. Lord Moira's expedition had failed.

The Port Louis Gazette of the 14th of September, announces the arrival of His Majesty's ship Tyne, from Ova, having on board two brothers of Radam, King of Ova, who are to be educated under the care of the British government. These young Princes are aged 10 and 11.

CALCUTTA, December 23.—The Javanese, it would appear, are not so well reconciled to their old masters the Dutch having again the dominion over them as to leave the new authorities without apprehensions of serious evils taking place on the departure of the English. A reinforcement of Dutch troops was expected at Batavia, about the end of November; and it is not improbable, that, until they arrive, the English will not take their leave. The cession of this island to the King of the Netherlands, is one of the many acts of unwise policy, which the Ministers of England are chargeable, and not the least remarkable for its short-sightedness.

"*Dublin*, 10th *April*.—It is not likely that we shall this season, receive a supply of Flax Seed adequate to the consumption of the country, and sales have already been made of new seed, at 6l. to 6l. 5s. per hhd. and old at 5l 10s to 5s.

American Flour received via Liverpool, sells at 95s a 96s 6d. Ashes are in fair demand. Naval Stores and Lumber very dull.

Prices.—1st Pot Ashes 68s to 70s per cwt. Pearls 65s; Prices at Dublin, April 15. Pork 4½d per lb. beef 4½ a 7; butter, corned, 9d a 1s. do fresh, 1s a 1s 4d. Potatoes 6 a 8s per cwt. hay, 3 a 3s 3d, do; hams 5 a 6½d.

At London April 5, Portuguese gold, 3l. 18s 6d; new dollars, 5s 2½d per oz.

BOSTON, May, 12 1817.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Further dates have been received from England, to the 19th April.—The King of England had been seized with a paralytic affection, the precursor probably of his speedy dissolution. Parliament had been prorogued till after Easter, after having passed the necessary laws for securing public peace and tranquility. Lucien Bonaparte had requested passports to embark his family for the United States. America is probably destined to afford this family an asylum from the obloquy that must necessarily attend them in every part of Europe. Massena, Prince of Essling, died at Paris, on the 4th April. It was reported that Bonaparte was to be removed from St. Helena to Malta, on the intercession of the Emperor Alexander; a Norfolk rumor probably.—The son of Gustavus who was put aside to make room for Bernadotte, during the Bonapartean reign, is with his cousin the King of Wurtemburg; he is said to be an accomplished young man, and being a nephew to the Emperor Alexander, it is probable, that such a course may be pursued, as shall place him on the throne of Sweden, instead of a Frenchman. The disturbances at Stockholm, mentioned on our first page, have this object probably in view. Lieut. Kotzebue, son of the dramatic poet, of that name, has made a voyage round the world, in the service of Russia, and discovered several new islands, which he has named Romanzow's, Spiridoff's, Kreusentern's, Kioutusow's and Suwarrow's Islands. One of the London Steam Boats is said to have bursted its boiler, and eight of the passengers lost their lives by the accident. A treasury warrant has been issued to persons holding official situations under government of a thousand a year, and upwards, recommending to them to relinquish or to subscribe a tenth of their salaries for the use of the State in consideration of the public distresses; and holding forth the example of the Lords of the Treasury themselves, who, it appears, have thus given up for the present or for a limited time, a tenth of the stipend attached to their situations.

DUBLIN, April 12.

A Belfast paper says business has revived greatly in that place and neighbourhood.

In the quarter ending April 5, 1817, the British revenue was 687,616l. better than in the quarter ending April, 1815, 1816.

Col. Erskine is appointed Governor of New South Wales, which colony, it is thought, will be discontinued as a place for the punishment of criminals, and had for more important purposes.

Report of the Finance Committee.

The first report of the Select Committee of Finance is just issued, printed. Besides the abolition of the eleven offices already mentioned, viz. the two Justices of Eyre, the Auditor of the Exchequer, Clerk of the Pells, four Tellers of the Exchequer, Warden of the Cinque Ports, Governor of the Isle of Wight, and Commissary General of Musters—The report recommends the abolition of one of the joint Paymasters General of the Army; one of the Deputy ditto; the Law Clerk of the Secretary of State's Office; the Collector and Transmitter of State Papers; some inferior offices in the Excise and War Office; Warden of the Mint and Clerk of the Irons; Clerk of Parliaments; four Clerks of the Signet and four Clerks of the Privy Seal; Comptroller General of Accounts in the Excise and Inspector General; Register General of Excise, Inspector of Coffee, &c. and all others who do duty by Deputy.

In Scotland—Keeper of the Great Seal regulated—the salary not to exceed 2000l.; Keeper of the Privy Seal to be regulated to £1000; Lord Chief Justice General to merge in the President of the Court of Sessions, the salary to be discontinued; Keeper of the Signet abolished, his duties to be done by the Lord Register, who shall have no more than £1500; Knight Marshall and Vice-Admiral, the salaries to be discontinued; Governor and other officers of the Mint to be abolished; also the Receiver General of the Bishop's rents, the Auditor of the Exchequer, Assistant Surveyor General of Taxes, and Comptroller General of Customs; Cashier and Receiver General of Excise, to do duty in person, on a salary of £1000; three old Inspectors of Wheel Carriages, Gazette Writer, and Inspector General of Roads, to be abolished.

Ireland—Clerk of the Pells, Teller of the Exchequer and Auditor General—their emoluments to be reduced; Surveyor Gen. of Crown Lands, Keeper of the Records in Birmingham Tower, Keeper of the Records of Parliament and Clerk of the Paper Office, to be abolished; ditto Accountant to the Board of General Officers, Secretary to ditto, Corrector of the King's Printing Press, Compiler of the Dublin Gazette, Master of Revels, Seneschal of his Majesty's Manor's, Accountant General (from the Civil List,) Supervisor of Accounts of the Barrack Department; Barrack Master of the Royal Barracks. The Constables of Limerick, Dublin, and Castlemaine, to have no salary. The Clerk of the Council, Muster Master General, Pratique Master of the Port of Dublin, Storekeeper of the Customs, to belong to the Deputies now holding those offices, and the salaries to the principals discontinued.

The appointment to the under-mentioned officers in the Court of Exchequer having been stated to your committee not to belong to the Judges of that Court, but to be in the gift of the Crown, and it appearing that the duties of them are executed by deputy, there appears no reason for their being continued, except upon such an establishment as may afford an adequate remuneration to the proper officers hereafter appointed to discharge the duties in person.

EXCHEQUER.—King's Remembrancer, Clerk of the Pleas, Clerk of the Pipe, Comptroller of the Pipe, Deputy ditto, Marshal, Foreign Apposer, Surveyor and Receiver-General of Green Wax, three Messengers out of four, Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, Clerk of Foreign Estreats, Clerk of the Nichils, Comptrollers of First Fruits.

Alienation Office.—Three Commissioners, Receiver General, two Entering Clerks Master in Chancery, Solicitor of the Exchequer.

Scotland.—Director of the Court of Chancery, Clerk of the Court of Chancery, Principal Clerk in the Court of Admiralty, King's Remembrancer, Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, one of the Clerks in the Pipe Office, Presenter of Signatures, Exchequer, Register of Sessions; clerk of the admission of Notaries in the Court of Session.

The committee glances at the regulation of a long list of similar offices in Ireland.

Colonial Offices.—Upon Colonial Offices, sufficient materials have not been laid before your committee, for presenting them fully and satisfactorily to the view of the House, but the general principle to be applied in dealing with them appears to be, in the first place, that of enforcing to the utmost, residence within the colonies or foreign possessions to which those offices belong, and personal performance by the principal, of the duties annexed to them; (the second object to be attained ought to be the reduction of the salaries to such a rate, as may afford a fair and sufficient recompense for the services to be performed.)

The saving to the public by these Reforms is estimated at £100,000 per annum.

The committee at the same time recommend that the Crown should be enabled to recompense the faithful and meritorious discharge of high and efficient civil office.

The Montreal Herald.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 24th 1817

The Swanton Mail, has furnished us with morning papers from New-York of the 17th inst. but a mercantile friend of this town has politely favored us with an evening paper of same day, giving advices from London to the 20th ult. a week later than by last mail. The most prominent articles of intelligence will be found in our preceding columns. The Parliament had been adjourned until after Easter owing it is said, to the serious indisposition of the Speaker of the House of Commons. The political clubs and other associations were keeping quiet in England; several of those fanatics, the Luddites, had been executed at Leicester; they have occasioned much distress to their unfortunate families; but such will always be the result, when evil spirits seek to destroy property and trample upon the laws of the land. It is reported that government has prevented Lord Cochrane from proceeding to Spanish America in a vessel of such force as the one he is said to have purchased and armed. This precaution may have been in consequence of some new overture said to have been made by the government of Spain to that of Great Britain, respecting the colonies, as it is rumoured that Admiral Cockburn is to have the command of a squadron destined for the coast of S. America. It is probable that Lord Cochrane's vessel may have been stopt, but it is not at all likely that ministers will give any assistance to a Spanish Bourbon; it would be madness to do so. Let us see what those Bourbons of France and Spain, have done for Great Britain since 1688. In 1689, France forced us into a war by espousing the cause of King James, which ended in 1698 by the peace of Ryswick, and cost the nation about 30 millions. In 1702, France by wishing to force a Bourbon on the throne of Spain caused a general war in Europe; and in 1713, Britain made Peace at Utrecht with her enemy, and ceded to the Bourbons, Spain, and almost every thing else they contended for, during eleven years. That war left the national debt at 48 millions, besides an immense amount in excise and direct taxes.

In 1739, the Spanish Bourbons plundered the British merchant vessels in the American seas, and threw their crews into loathsome dungeons; war was declared against Spain in 1739, and in 1744 France gave her Ally assistance. The parties fought until 1748, and made peace at Aix La Chapelle. The English national debt then amounted to 100 millions. The French Bourbons immediately after made incroachments from Canada upon the British back settlements, murdered and plundered the defenceless inhabitants. Britain was forced into a new war in 1755, and in 1761 against Spain. In 1763 peace took place at Paris; at this period the national debt was 160 millions. In 1778 when Great Britain was engaged in a war with her revolted Colonies, the Bourbons treacherously took the part of the rebels. It is not our present purpose to enter upon the merits of that war, but only to remind our readers of important historical facts. The war with the Colonies and the Bourbons, cost Great Britain one hundred millions, and to restore them to their thrones has cost at least 475 millions more, making the total amount contracted in about 128 years, in sterling money 700 millions, almost entirely on account of one family. We know not whether it be true, or whether it be any consolation to the nation; but it is affirmed by some, that there are to be found in London and within a circle of 20 miles round it, 500 individuals, who could pay the national debt immediately. This is certainly a wonder, but less taxes and fewer overgrown fortunes, would indicate something more prosperous in a national point of view. We do not mean that all the family of Bourbon were personally the enemies of our nation; but we say they never made any effort to prevent so many bloody wars. It may be the best policy to keep Louis 18th on the throne of France, and as long as his successor behaves in a friendly manner, he should no doubt be treated accordingly. The overture of the Spanish Bourbon respecting his transatlantic possessions, seems to have created some sensation in the London papers; but we hope without any real cause. The bad faith of Ferdinand to his benefactor, ought to open the eyes of mankind; and if Britain should ever take any part in the American contest, it ought to be on the side of the hitherto oppressed and colonists, in whose immense country, a prodigious field would be opened for British industry and national enterprise. A commercial connection with numerous independent states such as these must be, would be far more beneficial than to have them as colonies. There would be no government to uphold, no clashing of native and British interests, which from the nature of things is unfortunately always the case between the mother country and colonies, especially when the latter become very populous.

Of the partial revolution which has taken place at Pernambuco we have no farther details. The province of that name contains a population of all sorts exceeding perhaps 100,000. The Boston Gazette says, 50,000 and the whole of Brazil 3,000,000. Forty five years ago, Brazil contained fully that number, and it would now be fair to estimate the population at not less than 6 millions of all colours, which is about 2½ millions less than Mexico now contains, if we are to judge from the ratio of colonial population as drawn by Humboldt in America.

A letter dated New York, the 17th instant, states that a body of the Royal troops attacked Barcelona, which they carried, and put all ages and sexes to the sword; the patriotic troops took refuge in the Church, where they surrendered, and were all butchered in the most horrid manner. It is much to be regretted that such barbarities should mark the progress of both royalists and rebels, wherever they are in arms. If each party would use moderation towards the defenceless inhabitants after victory, surely they could not fail of rendering themselves more popular. In the civil wars which raged in the Netherlands, when under the Spanish yoke, for more than twenty years, the same system was adopted by the Spanish troops, that is now practised by the royal generals in South America, and certainly the result will be nearly the same;—these provinces will not submit to the galling authority of tyrants, however much they may suffer by tyrants under another designation. When the Duke of Alva first commanded in the Netherlands, the Duchess of Parma was governess of these splendid Provinces. That humane Princess was so shocked at the wanton barbarities of Alva, that she requested of the Court to be recalled, lest she might remain the only surviving female in the country! Her request was granted, the Duke succeeded to her in authority, and the history of those times amplify the result. The wretched Hollanders and Flemings were reduced to desperation, so that the whole Veteran force of Spain was inadequate to their subjection, even under the great Duke of Parma, the most illustrious General and Statesman of that or almost any other age. Spain has forgotten that expensive lesson, and must again pay dearer for her selfish and cruel policy.

THE MONTREAL BANK.

In the first page of this paper, the articles of the Montreal Bank Association are laid before the Public. Such an establishment has always been a favorite with this Journal, and we cannot but congratulate the community on the prospect of a wonderful change for the better in the agricultural and Mercantile pursuits of this province. The articles of this most laudable association, so far as we are enabled to judge from practical experience in our younger years, and from much reading, are drawn up, with great Judgement and wisdom, and seem extremely well calculated for our local position.—We forbear making any remarks on the subject, for the present, further than that we wish the establishment the utmost success in all its bearings.

General Porter, United States Commissioner under the Treaty of Ghent, and Col. Hawkins U. States Agent, for managing the business under said treaty, on behalf of his government, with their Secretaries, Majors Fraser & Delafield, left here on Saturday last for St. Regis, where they will meet Colonel OGILVY, His Majesty's Commissioner and his party.

QUEBEC, May 20.

On Saturday last the opening of the EXCHANGE in this city, was celebrated by the friends and subscribers to the institution dining together at the Exchange Coffee House, John [illegible], Esqr. in the Chair, supported by the Honble James Irvine and the Honble. John Mure, John W. Woolsey and Robert Melvin, Esqrs. Vice Presidents; at half past five o'clock the company, to the number of about one hundred and thirty, sat down to a sumptuous dinner, the style in which it was served reflects the greatest credit on Mrs. Welsh. By the judicious arrangements of the stewards, as well as the choice of the wines, the evening was past in a manner highly pleasing to the whole company, amongst the number of Toasts given on the occasion were the following from the chair.

1st. The King, God bless him—In silence.

2nd His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, three times three.

3rd The Queen, and the Illustrious House of Brunswick.

4th Their Royal Highnesses, Princess Charlotte and Prince Coburg, three times three.

5th The Quebec Exchange—may the efforts of its members collectively and individually to promote the Commerce of the country, insure the durability of the institution, diffuse general benefit to all classes and cause friendship and harmony to prevail amongst us, three times three.

6th Sir John Coape Sherbrooke our worthy Governor in Chief and the Province, three times three.

7th His Royal Highness the Duke of York and the Army.

8th His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence and the Navy.

9th His Excellency Governor Gore and Upper-Canada.

10th Duke of Wellington, the Pacificator of Europe three times three.

11th The United States of America.

12th Success to the Agriculture and Commerce of Lower Canada.

13th Lady Sherbrooke and the Canadian fair.

UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT.

In the night of between Saturday and Sunday last a house belonging to a shoemaker of the name of Dubord Delisle, in the parish of Beauport, unfortunately took fire by means, it is said, of sparks that had fallen from a candle on linen in the shop, which after the family were asleep, burst into a flame. The inmates had just time to escape in their night dresses, with the exception of a poor deaf woman, who unhappily fell a victim to the unsparing flames. She lived with Delisle on a pension viagere. The latter has a family of seven children. A handsome contribution was made on Sunday, by the Parishioners for his relief. The house was totally consumed.

An Indian, named Barthelemy [illegible], of the Micmac tribe, was committed to prison on Friday, on suspicion of having murdered one William Worsley, in the district of

Gaspé, about five years ago. He had been committed before, but effected his escape.

MARRIED—In London, on the 12th March last, JOHN S. CAMPBELL, Esq., Merchant of Quebec, to Miss JANE, second daughter of WM. HAMILTON, Esq. Merchant of the former place.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

May 18.—Brig Woodman, Robson, 25 days from Jamaica, to Patersons and Weir, cargo Rum—Informs, saw much ice in the Gulph—The Lovelly. Brig Skipsey, Skipsey sailed 10th April from London, to Gerrard and Williams of Montreal, cargo Dry Goods, Wines, &c. Passengers, Mr. Bromilow, Mr. Spear, wife and children. Intelligence: the Lovelly, Union and Isis were to sail same day from Gravesend; the Providence, Oumiam and Trader to sail a few days after; the Harmony sailed 14 days before.

—Brig Royal Charlotte, Gilchrist, 54 days from Alicant, to Rogerson, Hunter & Co. cargo wines and fruit—Ist saw much ice.

Montreal Bank.

THE Committee appointed to superintend the subscription to this institution, do hereby give notice, that in conformity to the Articles of Association, a Book of Subscription will be open ed at the Court House, on Monday the 23d June next, from 10 to 2 o'clock, and will continue open at same time and place every lawful day following, until the Capital Stock shall have been subscribed, or an election of Directors shall have taken place.

By order of the Committee,
JOHN RICHARDSON, Chairman.

Montreal, 19th May, 1817.

Board and Lodging.

SIX Gentlemen of steady habits can be accommodated with BOARD AND LODGING in the House partly occupied for the Post Office.

Montreal, 24th May 1817.

WANTED,
In a Wholesale Store,

A STEADY intelligent Young Man, who understands *French and English.* Apply at the Printer's.

Montreal, May 24, 1817.

WILLIAM SKAKEL informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced business at No 42, St Paul street, where he offers cheap for cash, a general assortment of *LIQUORS* and *GROCERIES*, among which are Madeira, Port, and Teneriffe *Wines*; Jamaica Spirits, Gin, Brandy and Shrub; Hyson and Green *Teas*; Coffee, Loaf, and Muscovado *Sugars*: Jordan and soft shell *Almonds*; Bloom and Smyrna *Raisins*; Currants, Pepper, Mustard, Salt, Fish and other *Sauces*; Poland Starch, Fig Blue, Indigo, Copperas, Soap, Spermacetti and Tallow *Candles*, Shot, scrubbing Brushes and Brooms, &c &c

Montreal, May 24th, 1817. tf.

FOUND on the road between La Chine and Pointe Claire, on Friday the 15th inst. a Silver WATCH, with two Seals. The owner, on proving his claim, may have the said Watch restored at this Office, on paying the price of this Advertisement and a suitable recompense to the person who deposited it.

Montreal, May 20th 1817.

Upper Canada Flour

OF excellent quality, Fresh Manufactured, and in good order for shipping,—For sale by MAITLANDS, GARDEN & AULDJO.

Montreal 24th May 1817. tf

JAMES MATHERS,
Tailor, from Edinburgh

At the Entrance of the Main Street of the Saint Lawrence Suburb,

MOST respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has commenced business for himself, and assures those that will be pleased to favor him with their custom that no exertions will be wanting on his part, to ensure a continuance of the same. All orders punctually attended to, and on the most reasonable terms.

Montreal, May 24th 1817.

FOR Sale by the subscribers,
LOW FOR CASH,
100 firkins Fresh BUTTER
100 do. American do.
50 kegs LARD.
J. L. HOOFFSTETTER & SON.

Montreal, May 23, 1817.

REMOVAL

JOSEPH S. ADAMS, begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has *removed* to that well known House No. 100, lately occupied by Mr. Abner Bagg and Messrs. S Hedge and Son, next door to his former Residence.

Montreal, May 23d 1817.

THE writer of this, a young Man, who has a knowledge of the *French, Spanish, Italian*, and *Portuguese Languages*, wishes to engage in some Mercantile House, would prefer Travelling. Respectable references can be given. A Line addressed Wm. H. P. at this office, will meet with immediate attention.

Montreal, May 23, 1817.

FOR SALE.

Worthy the attention of Emigrants or other Settlers.

ABOUT Three Thousand Acres of LAND, situated on the Nicolet and Saint Francois Rivers, chiefly in the populous Township of Shipton, District of Three Rivers, in lots of one or two hundred acres each.

Craig's road from Quebec to the States passes through the Township, and is joined by the Saint Francois and Drummondville routes at the village of Shipton.

The Legislature has recently granted Eight Thousand Pounds to improve the Roads in this quarter, and from the proximity of the Montreal, Three Rivers and Quebec Markets, which are well known to be the best in America for the sale of Produce it promises to become the most eligible Tract of Land in Canada, for Farmers and Settlers of every description. Shipton is 45 miles south of Three Rivers, and nearly the same distance from the first Post Town in the United States. For particulars apply to the Editor, or to EDWARD SILLS Esqr. Three Rivers.

Montreal, May 23, 1817. 6wks

FOR SALE,

A LARGE Newfoundland DOG, well taught, either for Yard or Garden. Enquire at Mr Jacob Bell's, Cote de Baron, or of the Printer.

Montreal, May 24, 1817.

REMOVAL.

H. BOSSANGE'S STORE, is removed to St Vincent Street, situated opposite the Court House, in the same House where the Post Office was kept, before its late removal, opposite Mr. Rollo's Furniture Ware House.

CHANGEMENT DE DOMICILE.

LE Magasin de H. BOSSANGE este transféré Rue St. Vincent, situé, vis à vis L'Audience. dans la Maison où étoit dernièrement le bureau de la Poste, vis à vis le Magasin de Meubles de Mr. Rollo

Montréal, 24 Mai, 1817.

CO-PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of JAMES and ROBERT ORKNEY, expired by mutual consent on the 1st instant. All persons having demands against the said firm are requested to present them, and all those indebted are called upon to make immediate payment to ROBERT ORKNEY, who is duly authorized to settle the same.

JAMES ORKNEY.
ROBERT ORKNEY.

Montreal, 24th May 1817.

JAMES ORKNEY,

INFORMS his Friends and late Customers of J. & R. O. that he will continue business on his own account at the Old Stand, No. 31, Notre Dame Street, where all favors will be thankfully received, and the smallest order punctually attended to. The present stock now remaining on hand will be sold at a very reduced price, either by Wholesale or Retail, as he expects daily per first arrivals from England a very fashionable assortment of DRY GOODS, JEWELRY, &c.

Montreal, May 24th, 1817. 3 w.

TO LET,
And immediate possession given.

THAT large and spacious HOUSE, three stories high, situate near the Episcopal Church, in the Town of Dorchester, vicinity of St. Johns, late the property of Mr Luther Whitney. For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

THOMAS BUSBY.

May 22d 1817.

NOTICE.

FOUND last Tuesday, on the road behind the Mountain, two KEYS, one for an outside door, the other for a closet of an unusual description. The owner or owners of them shall have them restored at this Office, on paying the Advertisement and a moderate reward to the finder of said keys.

May 22d 1817.

TO BAKERS.

Government Contract.

PROPOSALS for supplying the Troops, Staff, and Departments in this Garrison for Six Months, commencing 25th June 1817, with good sweet BREAD, in Loaves of four pounds each, to be taken from Flour furnished from the King's Magazines, will be received at this Office, until Twelve o'clock on MONDAY the 2d day of June next

Blank Tenders may be had on application at this Office, where further information will be given.—No proposals will be noticed that are not on the printed form.

Deputy Commissary General's Office,
Montreal 24th May 1817. 2wks.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the public in general, that they will undertake to perform every kind of *Ground or Water Works*, such as Draining and irrigating of Land, toping and conducting of Springs, making Wells, Root and Ice Houses, driving Levels, forming, cutting, and bounding Canals, Reservoirs, Basons, Locks, Funnels, Bridges and Docks; forming Roads, &c. Also, Gentlemens Plantations neatly laid out, according to the most approved fashion now in practice in the neighbourhood of London. All will be executed on the most complete and reasonable terms. For particulars enquire at Mr. Platt's Cote de Baron, or at this Office.

JAMES DAVID.
JOHN CROSS.

Montreal, May 24, 1817.

Valuable Lands for Sale,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

A FARM, containing 352 Acres, chiefly excellent soil (of which above 100 acres are cleared) in the Chute Parish, Seignory of *Argenteuil*, commodiously situated for the *Lumber Trade*, with a House and Barn thereon erected.

Two Lots of Land, on the Beach Ridge, *Argenteuil*, 100 acres.

A Wood Farm, at the village of *St. Joachim*, 120 acres covered with Maple and other valuable trees.

LIKEWISE,

The following choice Lots, in the District of *Three Rivers*, comprehending Mill Seats, and many peculiar advantages,

Lot No. 19 in the 14th range } *Township of*
Lot No. 2 in the 13th range } *Wendover.*

HART LOGAN, & Co.

Montreal, 24th May, 1817.

LANDS FOR SALE.

AND the best titles given, viz.,—In the Township of Granby, 200 Acres, lot No 10, in 7th Range 9th Range In the Township of Milton, 200 acres, lot No 4.

In Township of Hawkesbury, 1000 acres in different lots, in first, second and third concessions. For terms apply to Messrs Shuter & Wilkins Montreal, or to the Subscriber at Lachine.

ELIZABETH PHILIPS.

Montreal May 22d 1817. 3 wks

LACHINE TAVERN AND HOTEL

MRS. ELLIS, begs to acquaint her friends and the public in general, that she has re-opened that well known and commodious house, at La Chine, lately occupied by Mr. McArthur, where she hopes by strict attention to the comforts of those who may favour her with their custom, to obtain a share of the public patronage.

DINNERS and REFRESHMENTS provided for parties on the shortest notice.

La Chine, 24th May. 1817. 6wks

JOHN FROTHINGHAM & Co.

HAVE removed to Mr. TORRANCE'S NEW STORES, No. 95, St. Paul Street.

May 24, 1817. 4 wks

Wanted.

FROM One to Five Thousand Acres of *Land*, situated on the Grand River, or the Rideau. For particulars apply to ORTON & Co Commission Merchants, St Francois Xavier Street.

Montreal, May 24, 1817. (tf)

JAMES FLEMING,

HABERDASHER & SILK MERCER,
NOTRE DAME STREET.

BEGS leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal share of favors received, and being in daily expectation of receiving a very handsome supply of Fancy Goods in his line, in order to make room for which, he purposes reducing his present stock by offering a part thereof at the Sale to take place at the store of Messrs. Scott & Thomson, on FRIDAY, the 30th inst.

These consist of all kinds of Fancy PIECE GOODS, together with one case gentlemens' Willow Hats, Ladies Straw Bonnets, Ladies Shoes, ready made Dresses, &c. &c.

Being all of the best quality, and in good order, and to be sold off without reserve, will be found well worth the attention of those who wish great bargains.

Montreal, May 24, 1817.

Sales at Auction.

BY STEWART SPRAGG.
THIS EVENING.
BOOK SALE, &c.

AT the Auction Room of STEWART SPRAGG on SATURDAY Evening 24th instant, One of the most valuable collection of *French* and *English Books and Philosophical Apparatus* (the property of a Gentleman about to leave the Province) ever offered at Private Sale in this Country. Catalogues of which will be published previous to the Sale, and to be viewed any time previous.

Sale to commence at EIGHT o'clock precisely.

FURNITURE SALE.

ON THURSDAY the 29th instant, Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, at the House occupied by Mr. WM. MAITLAND, Junr. (opposite the Recollet Barracks). The whole of his new and very valuable FURNITURE, and the Queens Ware, consisting of elegant Mahogany Side Boards, claw footed Dining and Card Tables, Chairs, a Sopha, Bedsteads, Brussels and Kidderminster Carpets, Convex Mirrors, Fenders, and Plate sets of Plate and Queen's Ware, Glass, Plated Ware, Branches and Bronze Lamps, Plate, Ivory handled Knives and Forks, Stoves, Kitchen Furniture—with a great variety of other articles.

Also

2 beautiful English MARES, fit for saddle or Harness, sound and free from vice, or blemish. 1 Milch Cow, with Sadlery, Harnesses &c.
1 [illegible]—To be viewed from the hours of 10 to 2 o'clock.

BY BRIDGE & PENN.

ON MONDAY MORNING next, the 26th inst. at Ten o'clock,
A general assortment of SPRING GOODS.
ALSO,
10 chests Hyson Tea (without reserve,) and a quantity of Household Furniture.
BRIDGE & PENN, A. & B.

Montreal 24th May 1817.

BY M. CUVILLIER & CO.

At their OFFICE, on MONDAY next, the 26th instant at One o'clock, Will be Sold,

50 Boxes Sheet Iron, } Belonging to an
2 Iron Chests, } Estate,
4 boxes Tin,
10 cwt. Shot,
10 casks Nails,
2 cases Wool Cards,
20 Jars boiled Linseed Oil,
10 hhds. Muscovado Sugar,
5 pipes Spanish White Wine,
2 hhds. do. do.

Shrub, Peppermint, Raisins, Figs, and other Groceries.

ALSO,

2 Elegant Horses belonging to Officers returning to Europe, and a large collection of Household Furniture.

LIKEWISE,

A very General Assortment of DRY GOODS.
M. C. CUVILLIER & CO. A. & B.

23 May, 1817.

AT their OFFICE, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY next, the 27th and 28th instant, each day at One o'Clock, Will be Sold,

A very large Assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting chiefly of Corduroys, Jeans, Fustians, Nankins, Vestings, Shawls, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Calicoes, Dimities, Cambrics, Jaconet Muslins, Leno, Ginghams, stript Cotton, white Cotton, Checks, brown Hollands, Cotton Shirtings, Chambreys, Mens' and Womens' silk and Cotton Gloves and Hose, Black Silk Handkerchiefs, Sewing Silks, Lustrings, Taffitas, Silk and Cotton Parasols, Umbrellas, Pins, Needles, Buttons, Ribbons, &c. &c.

And a variety of other Articles.

M. C. CUVILLIER & CO. A. & B.

23d May, 1817.

AT their Office, on FRIDAY Evening next, the 30th instant, at *Eight o'clock*, will be sold, A large collection of English and French LAW and other BOOKS.

ALSO

Wines in Casks and Bottles,—And a variety of other Articles

M. C. CUVILLIER & Co. A & B.

24th May 1817.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

AT Clamp's Coffee House, on SATURDAY Evening, the 31st day of May, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, without reserve, (if not previously disposed of by private sale.)

The following REAL ESTATES, which belonged to the late Reverend Doctor MOUNTAIN, at the time of his disease. viz.

1st—All those extensive Premises in the Quebec Suburb, lately occupied by Doctor Mountain, consisting of an excellent Dwelling HOUSE with Out-Houses, and a Garden in the rear, together with a vacant lot of Ground, adjoining to the lot of Jean Baptiste L'Africain The situation of these Premises is particularly agreeable, and too well known to render necessary any specification of its advantages.

2d—A LOT OF GROUND, of large extent on the Coteau St. Louis, near the city of Montreal, with a well built and convenient dwelling HOUSE, and Out-Houses, affording an agreeable Residence for two Families.

3d—SIX LOTS OF LAND, in the township of Wendover, in the District of Three-Rivers, containing Lot No. 14 in the 2d Range, on the river St. Francis, Lots No 12, 13 & 14. in the 4th range, and Lots No. 12 & 14 in the 5th range, containing together, *Twelve Hundred and Eighteen Acres* of Land. A part of this land is likely to become very valuable from its contiguity to the road to the United States, and the value of the whole of it must soon be enhanced by the settlements in the neighborhood. A particular description of the Property above mentioned and the terms of sale will be communicated at the time of sale, or previously by application to the undersigned.

M. C. CUVILLIER, & Co. A & B

24 May, 1817.

BY JOHN & JAMES YOUNG & Co.

ON MONDAY the 26th, WEDNESDAY, the 28th, and FRIDAY, the 30th instant, the subscribers will as usual sell a great variety of the most fashionable and seasonable Dry Goods, without the least reserve.

Sale each day at 2 o'clock.
J. & J. YOUNG & Co. A. & B.

May 24, 1817.

BY ALEXANDER HENRY & Co.

SALE OF ELEGANT HORSES.

AT MONTREAL, on FRIDAY, the 6th June next, at the New Market, at Eleven o'clock forenoon, will be sold, a number of elegant HORSES, belonging to the officers of the 19th Light Dragoons.

Gentlemen wishing to purchase good and handsome Horses, will please attend this Sale; as those intended to be offered on that day, will surpass any Horses ever offered at Public Auction in this Country.

ALEXANDER HENRY & Co. Auctrs

Montreal, 22d May, 1817.

BY NICHOLS & SANFORD.

WILL be sold on Monday & Thursday next, the 26th and 29th instant, at the Auction Room of NICHOLS & SANFORD. An extensive Assortment of Liquors and Groceries, with about 10 Packages Seasonable DRY GOODS, comprising most articles at present in demand.

Sale each day at One o'clock.
NICHOLS & SANFORD A. & B.

Montreal, 24th May 1817.

AT the Store of SCOTT & THOMPSON, Notre Dame Street, on FRIDAY the 30th instant, at One o'clock, a very General Assortment of seasonable DRY GOODS, consisting of LINENS, COTTONS and SILKS, of almost every description, which may be seen the day previous to the Sale. This being to close Consignments and make room for a fresh supply of Goods daily expected, will be sold off without reserve.

NICHOLS & SANFORD, Auctr's.

Montreal, 24th May, 1817.

EXTENSIVE CREDIT SALE OF FRESH SPRING GOODS, by the Package and Lot.

WILL be sold, on MONDAY, the 9th June, at the Office of NICHOLS & SANFORD, without reserve,

113 packages and lots prime Piece Goods, comprising an excellent assortment, most of which has been received by the late arrivals, and being consignments, will be sold off.

Conditions of Sale liberal, and made known at the time of Sale.

Catalogues will be ready for delivery three days previous to sale, from which time the Goods may be examined.

Sale at TEN o'clock.
NICHOLS & SANFORD, Auctrs.

Montreal, 23d May, 1817.

BY MACNIDER & Co

ON TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at the Stores of the subscribers, will be sold without reserve, to close consignments,

1 bale white Cottons,
1 do Tartan and colored Rombazetts,
2 cases white and colored Jeans,
1 do Grey Nankeens,
1 do 6-8 Apron Checks,
1 do Turkey and Bengal Stripes,
2 do Cord Dimity,
4 do 4-4 and 6 4 Book Muslins,
2 do 4-4 and 6-4 fine Lenoes,
1 do 9 8 and 6-4 Cotton Cambrics,
2 do Shawls and Pullicats,
1 do fine Cotton Shirtings,
1 trunk Dress Calicoes
20 ps. cotton Bed Tick
25 do. Corduroys and Thicksetts
15 do. Russia Sheeting
30 doz. Cotton Hosiery
25 do. Gloves assorted

and

12 cases Sheet Iron
15 boxes Hunter's Pipes
10 do. Muscatel Raisins
12 casks Nails assorted sizes
2 do Cod Oil
20 ps Scotch Sheetings and Osnaburgs
20 doz. Shoe and Horse Brushes

Sale to commence at One o'clock.
MACNIDER & Co. Auctrs.

Montreal, 24th May 1817.

AND on THURSDAY, the 29th instant, a very extensive Assortment of Cotton, Linen, and Silk GOODS,

MACNIDER & CO. A. & B.

Montreal, May 24, 1817.

BY SHAW ARMOUR.

Sale of Furniture, &c.

ON WEDNESDAY next, the 28th inst. will be sold, at Ten o'clock, at the House of Mr PETER MERCKELL, St Francois Xavier Street, all his Household Furniture, comprising Carpets, Chairs, 2 setts Tables, Sophas, Looking Glasses and Glassware. An elegant Side Board, a very neat bone model of a Ship in a glass case, a few superb Engravings in burnished gold frames, with about 60 volumes of Books, and a large copper Kettle. Also a light covered Waggon, quite new, with bellows top, with sundry other articles.

SHAW ARMOUR A & B.

Montreal, 24th May 1817.

ON SATURDAY next, the 31st inst. in front of the Auction Room of the Subscriber, 43 *Crates well assorted Earthenware*, now on the way from Quebec, and particularly well adapted for the Country Trade—the invoices of which can be seen before the sale.

Sale at One o'clock,
SHAW ARMOUR A & B.

ON SATURDAY next, at 2 o'clock will be sold without reserve, an invoice consisting of

1 box straw Bonnets
1 trunk rich Twilled Sarsnets, Sattins Ribbons, Trimmings &c. &c.
1 bale White Cottons.
2 bales Bed Ticks and Striped Cottons
100 doz. Mens and Womens Cotton Hose
20 ps fine and coarse Cloths
1 trunk Calicoes.

With a variety of Liquors and other Groceries.
SHAW ARMOUR A & B.

20th May 1817.

VALUABLE and EXTENSIVE

CREDIT SALE.

Now arriving and will be Sold by Auction, at the Stores of Mr. CHARLES RIVERS, St. Paul street, by Shaw Armour on MONDAY the 2d of June, and following days,

57 Packages of Valuable Goods, consisting of Irish Linens, Russia, Lancashire and Irish Sheetings Damask and Diaper Cloths, Chintz Furnitures and Fringes, Furniture Dimities, Superfine Cambrics and Jaconet Muslins, black and white Lace Squares, Cotton and Silk Stockings elegant rich Silk Shawls Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, large Quilts and Counterpanes, 7-4 and 8 4 Shawls of every description.—Also, 4 cases of Fashionable Millinery such as Lace Caps, Tippets, Ribbons Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings The whole of the Goods are of best qualities, and a more favourable opportunity to large purchasers is not likely to offer again this year, as the Goods are to be Sold without reserve.

Conditions of Sale will be very liberal to be known on the day and place of Sale—and the Goods in such Lots as to suit large purchasers—Catalogues will be ready a few days previous to the Sale.

SHAW ARMOUR,
A. & B.

Montreal, May 16, 1817.

BY JAMES FRASER.

Will be Sold, on WEDNESDAY next, the 28th Instant, at the Subscriber's Auction Room,

10 Puncheons high flavored Jamaica Spirits,
10 hhds. Loaf Sugar in Lots,
10 crates Earthenware, 50 English Hams,
4 casks Nails, 28d. to 6d.
1 do. Lamp Black,
1 case Mens fine Shoes,
1 do. do. fine Hats,
1 do. Umbrellas,
4 Horses,
1 pipe, } Vinegar.
2 qr. casks }

Household Furniture, consisting of Bedsteads, Mattrasses, Feather Beds, Dining and Card Tables, Chairs, double and single, English Harness, &c. &c.

After which,

A General Assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting of Calicoes, Shawls, Dimities, Cordurcy, Cotton Shirting, fine white Cambric, Bombazetts, Printed Jeanetts, Quilting, Sewing Silk, Gloves, Hosiery, Irish Linen, white and striped Cotton, India silk, Bandanna and Madrass Handkerchiefs, ready made Clothes, &c.

Sale to commence at One o'clock, and to be continued the SATURDAY following, at the same hour.

JAMES FRASER, A & B.

Montreal, 24th May, 1817.

SONG OF THE NOVICES.

TRANSLATED FROM THE FRENCH ROMANCE DES VIERGES DINES, WITH SOME ADDITIONS.

In Innocence's calm retreat,
Why, Love! inflame me with thy heat?
Away! nor cruel cast thy spell,
Where cold Indifference should dwell.

Mute be my tongue! let no wish there,
Find utterance but those of pray'r!
Check'd be the sigh! save that alone
Repentance breathes to Mercy's throne!

Alas! alas! my soul is giv'n,
To other thoughts than those of heav'n;
And with in of walls, the heart will rove
To such Aim who first taught it Love.

Dearer than life! whose image yet
Eugenia would, but can't forget
Deliore! does ever Memory
Recal the girl that dotes on thee?

Soon must religious vows dissolve,
Forbid the ardent flame I have;
In vain! for ah! this guilty tatil
Declares that I must love thee still!

T.

PRINCE OF BENEVENTO.

The following has appeared in the English newspapers. Whatever relates to Talleyrand Perigord, Napoleon's prince of Benevento, cannot fail to interest the public:

At the latter end of November, a conversation was reported to have taken place at sir Charles Stuart's table at Paris, in which Talleyrand was described as expressing himself with peculiar warmth against the present ministry of France, and more especially against M. Pasquier, the president of the chamber of deputies. There were various accounts of what M. de Talleyrand said on that occasion; but a letter from himself, addressed to lord Castlereagh, and describing the conversation in his own way, has at length been published. This curious document we annex. M. Talleyrand speaks with indignation of the language attributed to him in the London Courier, and indicates, with a happy sarcastic bitterness, his knowledge of the authors of the fabrication:

Letter from the prince de Talleyrand to lord Castlereagh.

MY LORD,—An article inserted in The Courier of the 27th of November, represents me as holding, at the house of sir Charles Stuart, in his presence and at his table, such language as I never held, & never could hold at the house of the English ambassador, without forgetting two things, which it is not in my power to forget; and a third, which I shall endeavour never to forget. The first is the respect which I owe and which I feel towards the king; the second, the respect which is due to the public and private character of sir Charles Stuart; and the third, the respect which I owe to myself.

If the authors of this article had put their names to it, the anecdote would have been found at the side of the poison. But on the one hand, they have, by writing anonymously, given to the calumny the credit which their names would have taken from it; on the other hand, they have like practised slanderers, connected their falsehoods with some circumstances which are true and to increase the delusion they have circulated their story at a distance, and in foreign Journals.

Such, my lord, is the cause which makes me think it proper to put in their true light these facts which they have disguised; and to answer, by a personal denial, both their assertions and their insinuations, which are equally false. I have also another & greater motive, the value which I set upon the opinion of such a man as yourself, and upon the opinion of the people of England.

If it had ever occurred to me to speak of that hours the revolution allotted me one of the ministers of the king I should not have spoken of them otherwise than as of a calamity, which most of the members of my family had experienced as well as he; and I should probably have added, what I really think, that this calamity though irreparable, is not less grievous to the state itself than to the individuals who caused it.

It is very true that I was afflicted with that commission of which the article speaks; it is very true that I was proud of it; it is very true that I consider it as one of the finest titles which I could bequeath to my family. But I never made a boastful parade of it; I never made the public my confidant; I never displayed it but to a very few persons, and those Frenchmen, with exception of M. Pozzo di Borgo. The making this a pretext that that I wish to take away from the allies our origin and especially from all the French people, the glory which belongs to them for the share which they respectively had in the work of the restoration, is to attribute a folly to myself, though doubtless a great advantage of it . . . but at the same time great want of address. When it is wished to condemn a man, acts of misconduct which are credible ought alone to be ascribed to him. I take a pride in thinking, however, that it will appear credible to nobody, that I am capable of a vanity so timid. With all their insinuations as to my pretended ambition, they only betray their own. When I wished for power, it was for an object which was attained in 1814 and 1815. Since then, there remained nothing else for myself to do here but repose. This is a favour which I think I have merited. May the gentlemen merit it in their turn! I have just enjoyed it for seven months in the country, whither I shall hasten to enjoy it again.

After dinner at Sir Charles Stuart's the greatest part of the persons who were present having gone, the Ambassador being in a room adjoining the drawing room, his lady in the billiard room with the lady of the Neapolitan ambassador, there remained only six persons who had called for their carriages. We were waiting for them in a recess by the side of the door; it was there that a conversation took place which lasted five minutes at the most, and in the course of which I was naturally led to remark, that difference of functions produced a sort of difference of rank among the ministers; that the order according to which each of them was more or less fit or formed a principal and habitual centre of relation between the ministries, collectively taken, and the members of the two Chambers, taken individually, was by no means arbitrary; that it was fixed by their respective functions; and that, for the sake of utility as well as decorum, it was greatly to be wished that the natural order should never be broken in upon. I expressed this idea in different ways; only speaking of the ministries not ministers, the name of no one was mentioned. This was precisely the whole of my share in a conversation, which would have been forgotten the next morning, like so many others, had the functions which my interlocutor previously filled been as far from his memory as they were from mine at the moment when I was speaking. Out of the five persons who were present with me, there are four who are attached to me by the ties of blood and old friendship, and whose testimony I will not therefore appeal to. I appeal to that of Mr. Livesey; it must be sufficient; his personal character, and his return to England, allows me to do so. I am certain he will testify, that in this conversation of a few moments, I said nothing more, and nothing that could bear a meaning different from what I have now stated. He will only add, that all this passed in the tone of the most ordinary conversation, and, at least on my part, with the indifference of a man who is waiting for his carriage.

Such, my lord, is the truth which it is of importance to me to communicate to you.

Accept, my lord, the new assurance of my high consideration.

(Signed) The Prince TALLEYRAND.

Paris, December 6, 1816

The situation of Chief Engineer at Jersey, held by Lieutenant-Colonel Gassel is discontinued; as is also that of Military Ll. Inspector, held by Mr John Mills, who it would get no remuneration.

A letter from Cadiz in the French Papers, states, that a very rich laden Spanish galleon from South America has been taken in sight of the Canaries, by two independent privateers, after a desperate af...

Estates.

THE subscribers, Executors to the last Will & Testament of the late ALEXANDER BURNSIDE, in his life time, of Quebec, Merchant, request all persons indebted to his succession to pay their respective accounts to JOHN FISHER (of the house of D. & J. Fisher,) or FRANCOIS QUIROUTT of Quebec, who are authorised to receive and grant acquittances for the same.

And those who may have any claims against the said succession, are also requested to present their accounts, so that they may be liquidated and discharged.

DANIEL FISHER,
JOHN YOUNG,
JOHN FISHER,
FRANCOIS QUIROUTT.

Montreal, 6th Dec 1816.

THE Subscribers being duly appointed by the last will of the late JAMES FIELDS, in his life time of Three Rivers, Shoe-Maker, Executors to his Estate, they therefore request all those indebted to the said Estate, to pay their accounts without delay, or otherwise they will be put into the hands of an Attorney for collection; and those who have demands against the succession, are likewise requested to send them properly authenticated for settlement, to the Subscribers, or either of them.

JOHN P. BOSTWICK,
SOLOMON BENJAMIN.

Three Rivers, 22d Nov 1816.

ADVERTISEMENT.—The subscribers having been duly appointed Curators of the succession of the late THOMAS WEBSTER, in his life time of Dorvilliers, near Berthier, Merchant, request all persons indebted to the said succession to make payment, likewise all persons having claims against the said succession to give in the same duly authenticated to the said curators at Berthier.

CHARLES MORISON, } Curators.
L. M. R. BARBIER,

10th August.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Insolvent Estate of Mr JOHN WOOLF, are requested to pay their respective debts, without delay, otherwise they will be put into the hands of an Attorney to be prosecuted the ensuing term. And all those to whom the said Estate may be indebted, to render their accounts to the Subscribers, duly appointed Trustees. Montreal, 8th Nov, 1816.

THOMAS RODICK.
GEORGE PLATT.
THOMAS TORRANCE.

THE Subscriber being duly appointed TUTOR to the Child of Mr. HENRY COX, late of Montreal, deceased, the succession to his Estate, being thereby no longer vacant, the business of settling said Estate now devolving on him, he notifies all persons having demands against the same, to present them for settlement, and those who are indebted to make immediate payment to prevent the necessity which he will otherwise be under, of lodging the claims against them in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

JOSHUA HENSHAW, Tutor.

Montreal, March 19th 1817.

NOTICE.—All those still indebted to the Estate of the late JAMES DUNLOP, Esqr. are hereby requested to make immediate payment of the same, to A. WHYTE, at the stores of Macnider, Aird & Whyte.

John Forsyth, }
Wm. Lindsay, } Ext'rs.
A. L. Macnider, }

Montreal, June 1, 1816.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all those indebted to Mr. JOHN SHUTER, late Merchant of Montreal, are requested to make immediate payments, otherwise their respective accounts, notes, &c. will be immediately put into the hands of an Attorney for collection.

JAMES WOOLLRICH, }
JOSEPH SHUTER, } Procurators.
ROB C. WILKINS. }

Montreal, 26th March 1817.

EDWARD COOPER of Montreal, Inn keeper, having assigned his property and effects to the subscribers in trust, for the general benefit of his Creditors, they (his Creditors) are hereby requested to call at the Office of H GRIFFIN, Esqr. Public Notary, to receive and to confirm the same prior to the first proximo.

(signed) JOB FOWKE.
Wm. HUTCHISON.

Montreal, 24th April, 1817.

ESTATE OF MRS LAMBIE.

ALL those having Claims on said Estate, who have not yet given in their accounts at the Counting House of Messrs. Scott & Thompson, are requested to do so with out delay, as a dividend will be made on the 2d of June next.

All those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of a Lawyer for Prosecution.

MICHAEL SCOTT } Trustees
DAVID NELSON }

Montreal 2d May 1817. 4 weeks

FOR SALE at Chambly, a lot of Land about 180 feet in front, and five arpents in depth, with a new well built house, and other Buildings thereon erected, for particulars enquire of Wm. Yule Esqr.
14th Sept. 1816

HALF PAY.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Officers of the different corps on Half-pay, residing in either Province, that he was employed before the late War by Officers on the Half Pay List as their AGENT, and that he CONTINUES to transact the business as usual, and will neglect no opportunity of rendering satisfaction to those who may be pleased to employ him in that line.

Quebec, Sept. 11th 1816. JOHN MUNRO.

Select School.

MR. R. TAIT begs leave to return grateful acknowledgments for all favors he has had in his line during a long residence in this city.—Having been disappointed last year in finding a convenient house, he was obliged to quit his Public School. He respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken an elegant large and well lighted room, near his Dwelling House, St. Gabriel Street, next to the Scotch Church, where he will recommence public Tuition of young Gentlemen, upon a new modelled plan. He trusts it will meet the views and wishes of the judicious, the candid, and the impartial. He feels warranted in saying, this School will be found inferior to none in the Province, as will appear from a perusal of the "Prospectus," now ready to be seen by those who may be pleased to encourage this undertaking.

The School will be opened early in May ensuing, or as soon as a few pupils have been obtained.

Mr. Tait has had every advantage with any of the same profession, and every experience in teaching all ranks at Edinburg and in this country.

Montreal, 17th April, 1817.

FOR SALE.—On very reasonable terms, the following immoveable PROPERTY, situated in the Township of Auckland, in the District of Three Rivers, as extracted from the Surveyor's field book, viz. ...

15 17 * A brook, 4 links wide, running North East, a very handsome hill of Land descending, N. E.
28 75 * a Post marked 20 C R & 19 & R 7 & 8
26 75 * a post marked 19 & 18 C R & R 7 & 8
6 15 * a Brook 5 links wide, running North
5 10 * a brook 4 links wide running North
26 75 * a Post marked 17 & 18 C R & R 7 & 8
5 70 * a Brook 8 links wide running North West, black timbered Land.
28 75 a Post marked 17 16 C R & R 7 & 8 in the 9th and 10th ranges.
22 00 A large Brook 30 links wide running rapidly and crookedly a little East of North with high black timbered Banks at little distance from the stream, forming some places of meadows.—After clearing the ridges or banks mentioned good mixed timbered land.
28 75 a Post marked 15 & 14 C R & R 9 & 10

Application to be made to the Subscriber,
C. R. OGDEN.

Three-Rivers, 21st October, 1816.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber gives public notice (to Merchants, and others who are concerned in forwarding boats) that he will on the 15th day of May next ensuing, commence to remove a part of the Locks at Moulinette, for the purpose of enlarging them sufficient to pass two or three boats at a time, and likewise to pass the Durham boats; and in the meantime he will have a towing path prepared on the opposite side of the rapids, where the boats may pass safe during the time of repairing the locks; and he will furnish a team to tow them up (if required) for the sum of Five Shillings each batteau, which will perform the same in a very short space of time, and will be prepared with a cable for the purpose, and be in readiness when the boats come to the foot of the rapids.

The aforesaid Locks was occupied by Mr Hover the last season, and he says that he has agreed with some of the forwarders of Boats to pass them through the Locks the present season, without the liberty of the subscriber. And said Hover has circulated false reports respecting the repairs he did at the Locks, as he says he has expended nearly £300, which by the annexed Certificate appears to be reduced to £25; that and other reports to the injury of the subscriber. the subscriber therefore gives notice that the boats cannot pass through said Lock after the 15th May aforesaid, until such time as the Lock will be enlarged. Merchants and others wishing to have their boats towed up the rapids, (during the time of repairing the Locks) will have the goodness to send their tickets, addressed to the subscriber, who will pay every attention to the same for the aforementioned sum.

Cornwall Moulinette, 28th April, 1817. ADAM DIXSON.

Personally appeared before me, George Dixson, William Anderson, William Polley, and Philip Empey, and maketh oath and sayeth, that they have examined the repairs done at the Locks at Moulinette, (by Mr Hover) and are of opinion, that the whole repairs does not exceed the sum of Twenty-five pounds Cy; and likewise John Manning saith that he heard Mr Hover say, (after he had finished repairing the Locks) that the repairs cost him about Twenty-five pounds.

Sworn before me this twenty-sixth day of April, 1817. Signed JOHN WALDORFF, J. P.

FOR SALE—A set of the BEST POLISHED STEEL HECKLES, for dressing Flax, No 1, 2 Enquire at the Subscriber's
ANDREW WHITE.
Montreal, Feb. 8th, 1817.

GARDENING.

GARDENS cropped by the job day, or year. For particulars apply to Mr. Cleghorn.
Montreal, 26th March 1817.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Subscribers having on the 1st day of December last entered into a Copartnership, the brewing business and other business of a commercial nature heretofore carried on in the cities of Montreal and Quebec, by John Molson Senior singly, shall hereafter be carried on by them jointly, under the Firm of John Molson and Sons, and the Steam-Boats belonging to them navigated and managed for the account, profit and risk of the said firm. They therefore beg leave to tender their services to the public in the above branches, and hope by their mutual exertions and punctuality to merit the continuance of that public favor, with which the patron of their present establishment has been honoured.

(Signed,) JOHN MOLSON,
JOHN MOLSON Junr.
THOMAS MOLSON.
WILLIAM MOLSON.

Montreal, 8th March 1817.

WHARFAGE and STORAGE.

THE Subscribers purpose receiving at the opening of the navigation next spring, vessels along side their wharf at two thirds of the customary rate, and storage on the same conditions; they are now fitting up a large and commodious store for the purpose.

Goods intended to be forwarded per their first Steam Boat, will pay no storage.

JOHN MOLSON & SONS.

Montreal, 8th March 1817.

THE subscribers have for Sale at their Brewery, the different sorts of Beer herein specified, at the following rates, viz:

BEER in CASKS. (Exclusive of Casks.)
Burton ALE, at 100s. per Hogshead.
Porter, at 80s. ditto
Mild Ale, at 80s. ditto
Table Beer, at 60s. ditto
Small Beer, at 30s. ditto

BEER in BOTTLES. (Exclusive of Bottles.)
Burton ALE, at 10s. per Dozen.
Porter, at 7s 6d. do
Mild Ale, at 7s 6d. do
Table Beer, at 4s. do

N B Merchants & Tavern Keepers in W. Henry, Three Rivers and Quebec, are respectfully informed that they will be supplied with Ales, Porter, and Beer, at the *Montreal Prices*, delivered from the Steam Boats Swiftsure and Malsham, on the beach.

JOHN MOLSON & SONS.

Montreal, 8th March 1817.

FOR SALE, *at a very low rate*—a large HORSE WHEEL, built in a substantial manner, about 24 feet in diameter, with cast iron wheels and pinions complete. For particulars apply at the Brewery, or to
JOHN MOLSON, Junior.
Montreal, 8th March 1817.

ELEGANT
OIL CLOTHS,
for Rooms, for Sale by
Charles Rivers.
May 17, 1817.

STORAGE.

GOOD *STORAGE FOR FLOUR*. Enquire of the Subscribers.
JAMES STEWART, Jr. & Co.
Montreal, 16th May, 1817. 4 wk

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
Wednesday, 12th March, 1817.

RESOLVED,—That this House will not receive any Petitions for Private Bills after the first fifteen days of each Session.

RESOLVED,—That this House will not receive any Private Bills, except in the first twenty four days of each Session.

RESOLVED,—That the said Resolutions be printed during six months, in all the public papers after the present session, and also one month before the next session, during three years.

(Attest) WM. LINDSAY, junr.
Clk. Assembly.

CHAMBRE D'ASSEMBLÉE
mercredi, 12 Mars, 1817.

RÉSOLU—Que à l'avenir cette Chambre ne recevra des Petitions pour des Bills privés que dans les premiers quinze jours de chaque session.

RÉSOLU—Que cette Chambre ne recevra des Bills privés, que dans les premiers vingt quatre jours de chaque session.

RÉSOLU—Que les dites Résolutions soient imprimées pendant six mois, dans tous les papiers publics après la présente session, et aussi un mois avant chaque session pendant trois années.

(Attesté) WM. LINDSAY, junr.
Greff. Ass.

☞ The printers in Lower Canada are requested to insert the above Resolutions in both languages in their respective newspapers, during the six ensuing months; after that term is expired, their accounts for printing the same will be paid to their agents in Quebec, by the Clerk of the House of Assembly.
Quebec, 7th April, 1817.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by Messrs. MAGUAY & HAWKINS of Quebec their Agent in Montreal, for the disposal of BOTTLED WINES, will at opening of the Navigation, be constantly supplied from their Cellars in Quebec, with Madeira, Port, Teneriffe, Sherry & Claret WINES, of Genuine Qualities, which he will dispose of by the Case or Dozen at prices he is confident will give satisfaction. To prevent mistakes all Magnay & Hawkins, Wines will be sealed with their initials—Regimental Messes, Hotels, &c. served on most moderate terms.

SHAW ARMOUR.

Montreal, 26th April, 1817.

George Platt & Co.

HAVE received by late arrivals,
1000 iron Pots, sugar Kettles, pot ash Coolers and kitchen Boilers
100 single and double Stoves
12 bright plain and bronzed Fire Grates
1 York Grate or Kitchen range compleat, with Oven boilers Cranes &c 1 new patent Imperial Store with spare retort &c 6 cooking Stoves, with Oven on the rear and Boiler on the Top, capable of being used with Steam Pipes if required, of an entire new construction.
12 wrought and cast iron Chests
60 wrought iron Hurdles
10 cast iron Hog Troughs, of an improved construction,
200 pipe Tomahawks with handles complete for the Indian Trade.
An elegant double set of Harness compleat
A few casks of superior Claret WINE, at reduced prices,
A quantity of cast iron Water Pipes to convey the water from the Eves of Houses, as also to convey water under ground
A quantity of cast iron back Logs, Grates, Frames, and Doors, for kitchen furnaces
A few bronzed door Props
A case of excellent Watches
An elegant complete plated Supper Tray, the handsomest article in that line ever imported into this Country
Liquor Stands, cruet Frames, Salts, Tea Pots, Candlesticks, &c. in the plated line at very reduced prices

ALSO

A parcel of superior Gentlemen's BOOTS with a few for Ladies
A few crates of CROCKERY, and some glass Ware, have been opened for the convenience of families at very low prices
Pot Ashes taken in payment at the market price
Montreal, December 7th, 1816

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S OFFICE,
York, 19th February, 1817.

THIS is to give Notice, that TENDERS will be received at this Office, from such person or persons as may be desirous of Contracting to render the WHOLE or ANY PART of the WATER COMMUNICATION, between *La Chine & Kingston*, by the course of the River Rideau, navigable for Boats drawing two feet water, and ten feet width. Also for Boats drawing three feet water and twelve feet in width.

The Tenders are to specify the number of Locks, and the places at which it is proposed to build them. Also the number of Flood Gates in each Lock, and the period for completing the work by the Irish Creek.

Tenders will also be received for opening the Communication in the direction of the Rideau Lake, and the waters communicating from thence to Mud Lake, and from thence to Kingston.

Tenders stating the securities for performing the Contract will be received till the 30th of June next inclusive; and further particulars may be known by applying to the Surveyor General's Office at York, the Office of the Deputy Quarter-Master General at Quebec, or the Assistant Quarter Master General at Kingston.

20th Feb. 1817.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public, that having taken a store opposite the New Market, he intends carrying on the *Painting, Gilding, & Glazing BUSINESS*, in all its various branches, viz:—*House Painting*, for Halls & Assembly Rooms, in dead permanent white, Grecian Fresco and Oil; Floor Cloths, &c.

Plain, Ornamental Sign Painting, Gilding, and Glazing, &c.

Landscape, Historical, Marine, & Transparent; and all other kinds of *Paintings in Oil and Water Colours*, Plain and Ornamental *Penmanship*; Arms, Crests, &c. executed on Vellum, &c. &c.

Expected by the first arrivals from London and Liverpool, a general and extensive assortment of *Oils, Paints, Colours, Japans, Varnishes, Minerals Gums, Glass, Brushes, Pencils, Drawing, Fancy* and other *Paper* which he will dispose of low for Cash or approved Credit, wholesale & retail. Orders from town and country are now solicited and punctually attended to.

GEORGE THRESHER.

Montreal, 26th April, 1817. tf.

FOR sale, at Griffinburg, two valuable Building Lots, Nos 31 & 32. For particulars enquire of Thos. Mc Cord or Wm. Mc Kay, Esquires.
Montreal, April 26 1817.

ADVERTISEMENT.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Chief has been pleased to appoint the Subscriber, MASTER CULLER of STAVES and LUMBER, for the port of Montreal.

He flatters himself, from his long experience in the Lumber business, that he will render satisfaction to all those that may favor him with their commands; assuring them, that he will use every exertion to discharge his duty with punctuality and expedition.

ARCHIBALD McDONNELL.

Montreal, 26th April 1817.

TO BE SOLD.

TWO Shares in the MONTREAL LIBRARY. THREE LOTS in Queen Street, St. Ann's Suburb, or Griffin Town, containing 125 feet in front, by 90 in depth, enclosed with a board fence: belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. A. Davidson.

TO BE LET.

A FARM on the Mountain, at COTE NEIGES, containing about 170 acres of arable and pasture land, including extensive Orchards.
For particulars, apply to JOHN GRAY.
St. Catherine, 10th April, 1817.

FOR Sale by the subscriber, F. & F. F. *Gun Powder* in half and quarter Casks. Also fine Gunpowder in Cannisters, and Shot of all sizes
FREDK. GLACKMEYER & S.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE *Classical Academy* has been removed from the Quebec Suburb to St. Jacque's Street, in Town. Application to be made to the Proprietor at the House No 10, in the above mentioned street.
April 26. 1817.

TO BE DISPOSED OF

A LIGHT, but very substantial BAROUCHE. London built, by *Wyndies*, for a Nobleman, and imported into this Province last fall. It is remarkable for its workmanship and design, and is parted with on account of the owner being in the Upper Province. For a view and price of it, Enquire of the Printer.
Montreal, 29th March 1817.

Forster and Try,

CABINET MAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS,

BEG respectfully to inform their friends and the public, they are now carrying on the above business at the house lately occupied on by Mr John Try, Builder, (at the entrance of the St Lawrence suburb.) They have now by them a fashionable assortment of CABINET GOODS, consisting of Mahogany Sofas, Couches, Pembroke, Card, Sofa and Dining Tables; patent Trafalgar Sets of Tables, Pedestal Sideboards, Chests of Drawers, &c. All kinds of Cabinet and Upholstery work done to order, and they trust, by paying a strict attention to any commands they may be favored with, to merit a share of public patronage. Montreal, May 3d, 1817.

Montreal Marble Factory.

NO. 66, corner of Notre Dame & St Peter street. Where may be had at almost any time
MARBLE TOMB STONES
TOMB TABLES
AND MONUMENTS
of all dimensions; Also, Slabs for facing fire places, Sideboards &c. Jambs, Mantle, Hearth, window and door Caps and Sills, Paint Stones &c. &c.
Also cutting and Carving Marble, in its various Branches, done at the Factory.
For particulars enquire of
FREDK. GLACKMEYER.
Montreal, 3d May 1817.

NOTICE.

JOHN GRANT, begs leave to acquaint his friends and the public in general, that he has taken his trusty friend DONALD DUFF, into Partnership in his Transport Business, which will be carried on in future under the Firm of

JOHN GRANT, & Co.

JOHN GRANT, & Co. will have always on hand a number of sufficient Boats and Tackling, for the purpose of Transporting Goods between Lower & Upper Canada, by the Rivers St Lawrence and the Ottawa; and trust, that from their long experience of the business, they will be able to serve their friends satisfactorily, and on as reasonable terms as any other person in their line.
La Chine, 2d May, 1817. 6wks.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE subscribers having taken Mr WILLIAM EDMONSTONE into Partnership, their business after this date will be carried on in the name of
MILLAR, PARLANE & Co.
in the stores in rear of the house formerly the property of the Honorable Wm McGillivray, St Denis street. All those indebted to the former concern, are requested to settle their accounts as they become due, and those having claims, will please present them for adjustment.
The Retail business under the direction of Mr WATKINS, will be continued in their old Store, No. 52 St Paul street.

JAMES MILLAR
ALEXANDER PARLANE,
By his Attorney
JAMES MILLAR.

Montreal, 1st, May 1817. 6ws

CANCERS.

THE Subscriber having become acquainted with the admirable remedy of that celebrated French *Physician Doctor Le Febure*, for the cure of *Scirrhi and Cancers*, offers its consolations to the afflicted.—He assures them that its success has done justice to its claims, and that they may repose entire confidence in its efficacy.
Application may be made to him at his residence in Boucherville.
STEPHEN CLEVELAND BLYTH.
Boucherville, April 28 1817.

Thos. Turner Orton, & Co

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OF ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he has taken the premises lately occupied by Mr. Warner, as above; and intends to receive contracts for all descriptions of SLOPS & CLOTHING, for exportation, &c. All kinds of *Gentlemens' Dresses* made on the shortest notice. Merchandize bought at the Public Sales, are offered by T. T. O. on condition of paying 5 per cent on their cost for Money, or short approved Bills.
T. T. O. & Co have on hand, Ready made Clothes,
Cotton Shirting, Silks, Calicoes,
Vesting, Cloths, Bombazettes, Nankeens,
Fustains, India Cottons, Muslins,
Shoe Thread, Dimity, &c. &c.
A large assortment of articles expected on the first arrivals. The greatest attention paid to Goods sent on consignment, sold on the usual commission.
Montreal, May 8, 1817. tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT ST. JOHNS
FOR SALE.

THAT excellent 2 Story HOUSE, Stores & Lot of Ground, occupied by the subscriber, which from its central situation, is one of the first stands for either a Merchant or Inn-Keeper.
Another LOT of GROUND, in said village, with a large 2 story House, a single ditto, a *Wharf* and *Store*, complete built thereon, and under a lease of £155 per annum.
Two other *Lots of Ground* and *Houses*, also in said place. The whole of the above Property is in excellent order.
For particulars apply to the subscriber, proprietor. THOMAS McVEY
St. Johns, May 9, 1817. 6wks

FOR Sale by the subscribers, 2½—2 & 1½ inch IRON PIPES of various lengths, with Lead Rings for Joints and Joint Screws.
JOSEPH & FRANCIS CHAPMAN.
Montreal, 10th May, 1817.

Sale on Monday.

FOR SALE, for Cash, to the highest and last bidders, at CLAMP'S (formerly Gillis's) Coffee House, SIX LOTS OF GROUND, situated on the road which communicates from St Mary suburb to Côte de la Visitation, otherwise Papineau's Road, on MONDAY, the TWENTY SIXTH inst. at half past Seven o'clock in the Evening, Six lots of ground, which have been reserved, at the time the other lots were drawn, to wit:

On the South West side of the Road, Lots No. 38, 39, 41, and 42, containing each, a hundred and twenty five feet in front, by a hundred and forty five feet in depth. No. 53, of two hundred and seventy feet in front, by a hundred and forty five feet in depth.

On the North-East side, No. 53, of two hundred and seventy feet in front, by a hundred and forty five feet in depth.

The money accruing from it, will be employed in the amelioration of the said Road. The Titles will be given conformably to the act of Subscription, of the 28th April, 1810, by the Subscriber.

JH. PAPINEAU.

Montreal, 10th May, 1817.

A VENDRE, pour argent comptant, aux plus offrants et derniers enchérisseurs, au Caffé de CLAMP, (ci-devant Gillis,) SIX LOTS DE TERRE, sur le bord du chemin de communication, entre le fauxbourg Ste. Marie et la Côte de la Visitation, autrement Chemin Papineau, LUNDI, le VINGT-SIXIEME jour du courant, à Sept heures et demie du soir, six lots qui ont été réserves, lorsque les autres lots ont été tirés au sort, savoir: Au sud ouest du chemin, les Nos. 38, 39, 41, et 42, contenant chacun d'eux cent vingt cinq pieds de front, sur cent quarante cinq de profondeur. No. 53, de deux cent soixante dix pieds de front, sur cent quarante cinq de profondeur.

Du côté du nord-est, No. 53 de deux cent soixante dix pieds de front, sur cent quarante cinq de profondeur.

Les deniers en provenants, seront employés à l'amélioration du dit chemin. Les Titres seront donnés conformément à l'acte de Souscription du 28e Avril, 1810, par le Soussigné

JH. PAPINEAU.

Montréal 10e Mai, 1817.

TO BE SOLD.

A DESIRABLE property in the Village of Pointe Olivier, in the neighborhood of Chambly, consisting of a new built Canadian House, Barn, and Stable, erected thereon, with an Orchard, also a small place adjoining thereto, containing in the whole about six acres of the best Meadow Land. Price £200 currency, the half to be paid down on executing the deed, and the remaining half to be paid in the latter end of June, or in the course of July next, and possession given on the 1st of May next. For further particulars enquire of the Printer of this Paper.
May 3, 1817.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public that he has received his Commission from the Governor in Chief as a CULLER OF STAVES. He hereby Requests the patronage of the Stave Merchants, and hopes by a faithful discharge of his duty to merit their approbation. Application to be made at Mr. James Birss's, or at his House in the Quebec Suburb,

George Harrison.

Montreal, May 1st, 1817. 4 weeks.

REMOVAL.

MACNIDER & Co. have removed to No 50 St. Paul Street, next door to Mr. Joseph Wedgewood.
Montreal, May 9, 1817.

4000 Feet, of Old OAK TIMBER, at the Cross, for sale very Cheap, by
A. & M. H GILBERT,
10th May, 1817. Old Market.

REMOVAL.

LESTER, TAYLOR & Co. have removed to their Store No. 90 Saint Paul Street, directly opposite to the City Tavern.
Montreal, May 3d 1817.

Upper Canada Flour,

FOR SALE, BY
MACNIDER, AIRD, & WHYTE.
Montreal, 10th May, 1817.

TO LET.

AN Eligible situation for a Shop or Counting House, situate in St. Paul Street, betwixt the Old and New Markets. For particulars enquire of the Publisher.
Montreal, 10th May, 1817. 3wks.

JAMES ROLLO.

CABINET-MAKER & UPHOLSTERER,
ST VINCENT STREET, MONTREAL,

TAKES this method of returning thanks to his friends and customers, for the liberal support he has experienced from them since he established himself in this city. He has now on hand a general assortment of

CABINET AND UPHOLSTERY WORK,

which he flatters himself will give satisfaction, being manufactured under his immediate superintendance. Among his stock are....

Mahogany Dining, Pembroke and Card Tables, on pillar and claw; Sideboards, Beaureaus, Chests of Drawers, and Wardrobes; Mahogany Bedsteads, Couches, and Sophas; Ladies' Toilette and Work Tables; Mahogany and other Chairs; Pier and Toilette Glasses; Paper Hangings plain and landscape; Feather Beds, Pillows, Paillasses and Mattrasses; Oil Cloths and Carpeting; Dressing and Washing Stands, Chintz, Moreen, Curtain Pins, &c &c &c.

The above articles will be disposed of at much lower prices than heretofore, for Cash or approved credit.

All sorts of *Cabinet and Upholstery Work* done according to order, and on the shortest notice.

Montreal, May 10, 1817

MRS. BARKER,
MILLINER and DRESS MAKER,
(lately from England)

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends, that she has removed to the entrance of the main street, St Lawrence Suburb, where she hopes by strict attention to taste and punctuality in business, to meet with a continuance of that patronage which has been so liberally bestowed on her since her short residence in this City, and for which she returns her sincere and grateful thanks.

N. B. An apprentice wanted, with whom a premium will be expected.

Montreal, 17th May, 1817. 3wks

THE subscriber respectfully solicits the favors of the Merchants of Montreal and Quebec in the *Agency & Commission Business*; from a residence of four years in a Mercantile House in London, and the experience he has acquired in this country, will enable him, he trusts to give satisfaction to those who may honor him with their commands, and for that purpose he has taken an Office in St Peter's Street, where all communications will be gratefully received, and carefully attended to. THOMAS ACKEW.

Storage may be had if required.

Quebec, May 10, 1817.