Last Edition.

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

Fine and Warm.

The Montreal Daily Star.

CIRCULATION OF STAR:

Last Week's Daily 334,760
Last Week's Weekly 119,487
Total last week.....454,247

VOL. XXXIII. No. 186 MONTREAL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1901. PRICE ONE CENT.

SHAFFER TALKS WITH GOMPERS.

WILL THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR HELP?

Rumours That J. P. Morgan and C. M. Schwab Differ as to the Policy of the Combine — Morgan Would Yield, But Schwab, Representing Carnegie, Would Continue Fight.

PITTSBURG, Pa., August 9.—The steel strike situation underwent but little change over night.

President Shaffer and his brother officials of the Amalgamated Association are still engaged in an effort to secure the co-operation of the American Federation of Labour. Neither President Shaffer nor President Gompers, nor any of the men engaged in conference with them, has given any intimation of their plans. President Gompers would say nothing other than that he had come here to look the situation over, and consult with President Shaffer. President Shaffer also declined to talk about the conference.

The first act of violence in this neighbourhood occurred at National last night, when a foreigner, whose name could not be learned, was shot, presumably by strikers. He was employed in the copper extraction department of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, and was struck by a shot in three places, but not seriously injured. There were six or eight shots fired from the hill back of the works. The company had succeeded in filling the striking furnace men's places, and the strikers are trying to frighten the new men by throwing rocks and shooting at them while at work.

A heavy guard of special officers has been put on for the protection of the workmen.

Gomper's Attitude.

PITTSBURG, Pa., August 9.—President Gompers and secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labour, reached the strike headquarters at 10 o'clock. President Shaffer reached the headquarters at 10.30 o'clock, and announced a few moments later that his conference with President Gompers was off until 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon. "Is it possible that the Federation of Labour will turn over to the Amalgamated Association all its lodges affected by the strike?" President Shaffer was asked.

"That is a question which I cannot answer," said Mr. Shaffer, "you will have to get that from Mr. Gompers. There is nothing new this morning, and there is nothing about the strike I can tell you."

It is reported that President Gompers has a plan of discussing the situation with the steel officials with a view to bringing about a settlement, but the story cannot be confirmed.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN MORGAN AND SCHWAB.

The Financier Wishes to Settle the Strike Because of Its Effect on His Speculations — Schwab Wants to Fight to a Finish.

PHILADELPHIA, August 9.—The New York correspondent of the North American says: There is the best authority for saying that between J. Pierpont Morgan and Charles M. Schwab, president of the Steel Trust, there are differences which may drive them out in open warfare against each other. It may not stop there, but before it is finished the two great financial interests of the trust may be involved — the millions which may be said to be represented by Mr. Margan and the millions represented in Andrew Carnegie, backer and patron of Mr. Schwab.

The men have quarrelled over the way in which the great steel strike should be settled. One, with many other vast interests at stake, has ordered a conciliatory policy; the other, with former experience as his teacher, has refused, declaring that it shall be a fight to a finish. Anyone knowing the two men admits that neither will recede one step from the position assumed. There can be nothing else but war.

For a week it has been universally recognized that Morgan, one hand always on the pulse of Wall Street, has been anxious to have the strike settled. His interests are too varied in other directions for him to devote all his energies and thought to one thing, even if it be a "billion dollar" trust. Steel forms only one of the many industries in which he is regarded as pre-eminent. There is coal, railroads, steamships, and last, but not least, banking. He stands to-day almost in the same relation to this country as the Bank of England does to England and the Rothschilds to France.

Since the beginning of the strike, steel, common and preferred, has shrunk in market price what is equivalent to between $35,000,000 to $40,000,000. Mr. Morgan, who represents the speculative and investors' end of the trust, saw this and was impressed. The complaints of this he knew would come to him. He, as organizer, would be blamed for organizing something he could not well handle, and he determined to settle the whole thing at once and get it off his mind.

According to the same authority when Mr. Schwab came into his office for the usual daily conference Monday he informed the president in his usual blunt way that the demands of the strikers that all mills should be "union" mills must be agreed to. That being done he turned as if to take up something else.

Then it was the surprise came. The young man who has sat so willingly at his feet heretofore, who has listened to his sage counsel and followed his advice, cleared his throat and calmly answered:

"I do not think that will be a wise thing to do."

That ordinarily would be enough to arouse Mr. Morgan's easily aroused choler, but he fairly boiled over at the next.

"Mr. Morgan," continued the usually obedient young man, "you and I represent different interests in United States Steel and we look at the matter from different view points.

"You look at his thing from a Wall street standpoint and I look at it from the standpoint of a man responsible for the success of the great corporation and with long experience in the handling of men. You, with your Wall Street eyes, see the stock fall in the Stock Exchange and immediately become alarmed; I see only the future and the settlement of something which sooner or later every manufacturer has to settle. It does not matter to me now what the United Steel is quoted at. I know its value and I think I know how to enhance that value. We must meet these men in a fight and the fight must be to a finish. In my experience, the Carnegie Company was never more prosperous in its career than it was after we had met the men at Homestead and whipped them. I have been trained to fight organized labour and we will fight them this time."

The financier was on his feet when this was over and his voice was heard in the busy bank outside the little glass enclosed office. He made one suggestive remark.

"We will see about that," was the quiet answer. "I admit I am only an employe of the company, but I am put there by a man who has as much if not more power than you. If he tells me to change my policy I will do so; in the meantime I bid you good day. If you want to see me again, I will be at the office of the company in the Empire Building."

That is the account of the meeting, according to one who has had both versions of the affair. Mr. Schwab has not been in Morgan's office since Monday and Mr. Morgan has called once at the Steel Trust's place of business. He remained five minutes.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND

Denies That He Intends to Mediate in the Steel Strike.

HARTFORD, Conn., August 9. — When asked yesterday regarding a rumour that he is making arrangements to act as a mediator in the steel strike, Archbishop Ireland, who is attending the Catholic Total Abstinence convention here, said that he had not thought to become a mediator in the strike and that he has no intention of doing so.

Invoking the Anti-Trust Law.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—District Assembly, No. 66, of the Knights of Labour, yesterday authorized its legislative committee to bring quo warranto proceedings against the Attorney-General of the U. S. to show cause why he has not enforced the provisions of the Anti-Trust Law known as the Sherman Act. This action is aimed at the U. S. Steel Corporation, which will be, it is alleged, operating in violation of the Sherman Act. Labour leaders in this city say this will hasten a solution of the strike now in progress.

STRIKE AT STEEL WORKS.

Italian Labourers Demand More Pay and Interfere With Work of the Furnaces.

SYDNEY, N.S., August 9.—Over two hundred labourers employed at the coke ovens of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company went out on strike this morning, and the ovens are now being run by the bosses and half a dozen extra men. A few days ago the men asked for an increase in wages. They were getting from $1.35 to $1.50 per day, and they asked for $1.75 on week days and $2.00 on Sunday. Their request was not complied with, so last night they decided to strike. This morning part of the day shift started work, not being aware of the decision of their fellow workmen. The night shift acquainted the day men with the state of affairs, rather a forcible way, so shortly after nine o'clock both shifts had knocked off.

"Go to work and you will get what you want," said a foreman of the day shift. The men, however, took no notice of this order and at noon to-day were loitering in groups about the ovens, threatening to prevent anyone from working until their demands were complied with.

This strike will do considerable damage unless speedily settled. There are two hundred ovens in operation at present and as fast as they turn out the coke, Nos. 1 and 2 blast furnaces are ready to use it. It was expected that an additional one hundred ovens would be started next week. It is believed that a compromise will be made with the men this afternoon. Most of the men are not union labourers.

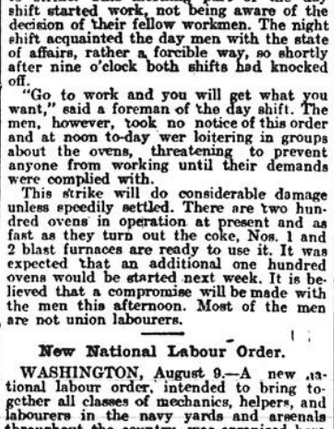
New National Labour Order.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—A new national labour order, intended to bring together all classes of mechanics, helpers, and labourers in the navy yards and arsenals throughout the country, was organized here last night. "The Navy Yard Employes Protective Association" is the name chosen, but the word "arsenal" will be added when the arsenal employes are taken in.

Considerable dissatisfaction was expressed at the meeting with the management of the International Association of Machinists and the conduct of the strike for a nine hour day, although nothing was said that indicated lack of harmony with the principles of that association.

PRINCE HENRY OF ORLEANS IS DEAD.

SAIGON, French Cochin China, August 9.—Prince Henry of Orleans died at 3.30 p.m. to-day.



PRINCE HENRY OF ORLEANS.

Prince Henry of Orleans was the eldest son of the Duke of Chartres and a cousin of the Duke of Orleans. He was born in 1867 and was not married. The Prince had been dangerously ill for some time past.

An Intercolonial Change.

(Special to the Star.)

MONCTON, N.B., August 9.—There is an impression in Intercolonial Railway circles that the office of J. E. Price, chief superintendent, will be abolished by the new management. Mr. Price's duties have been considerably curtailed and his office is being dismantled, but just what disposition is to be made of Mr. Price himself is a secret not yet out. Of his clerks, Mr. McLaughlin goes to New Glasgow; Mr. Cunningham to Truro, and Mr. Currie to Campbellton.

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Carter's Little Liver Pills
Must Bear Signature of

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Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

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AT OUR CUT PRICE SALE

Do not indicate the quality of the goods. Every article is marked at special cut prices, many lines to half price, to secure a speedy clearance.

Washing Ties, in strings, four-in-hands, and bows, regular 15c; cut price, 3 for 25c.

Light and Dark Silk Four-in-Hands, Puffs and Knots, regular 25c; 2 for 25c.

Fancy Silk Flowing End Ties, regular 50c; cut price 25c.

Soft Bosom Coloured Shirts, cut prices, 25c, 60c, 80c each.

Men's Black and Fancy Cotton and Cashmere Socks, 2 pairs for 25c, and 3 pairs for 50c.

Men's and Boys' Fancy Cycling Hose, worth 50c; cut to 25c a pair.

Balance of Cycling Suits, cut to half price, $2.50 up.

All our fine Straw Hats, 50c to $2.50 each, at HALF PRICE.

20 per cent. reduction on all light coloured Felt Hats.

25 per cent. reduction on Summer Coats, and Silk Coats at HALF PRICE.

Men's Fancy Suspenders, worth 25c pair, cut price, 15c a pair.

Come and examine our stock before purchasing. It might pay you.

JOHN W. REID & CO., Hatters and Furnishers, 2095-2099 St. Catherine St.

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LABOUR MEN AND LIBRARY.

PRESIDENT OF THE TAILORS' UNION ADVISES ACCEPTANCE.

Mr. William Darlington Replies to Criticisms of the Mayor and Has Something to Say About the Dignity of Montreal—Mr. Menard Opposes Acceptance.

All the labour men of Montreal are not opposed to the acceptance of Mr. Carnegie's gift for a public library. Mr. B. Rose, president of the Tailors' Union, is one of those who favour it. He said:

"The action of Mayor Prefontaine in writing to Andrew Carnegie asking the Iron King for a public library for Montreal, seems to have aroused a flood of resentment that has neither sense nor logic. It should be borne in mind by those who have taken it upon themselves to so freely abuse and inveigh against Carnegie, that the offer was not made by him, but in reply to a letter of the Mayor of Montreal, who, it may be claimed, has acted without due consideration, and the consulting of public opinion, for to use the words of a certain labour union, that "He lowered his dignity and went begging for a library;" saill had at heart the interests of his fellow-citizens. His past experience has shown him that were he to wait for the City Council or some great philanthropist to present the city with a public library, no such institution would ever be born. The men who denounce Carnegie by anathematizing him with bloodthirsty phrases and fierce invective forget that they are repudiating one of the most cherished doctrines of organized labour, that of education.

Throughout the world the leaders of social and industrial reform, deplore the ignorance that prevents theories from becoming actual facts; and it is only through education that their reforms will become possible. The Homestead troubles have given Carnegie and his associates an unenviable notoriety and knowing that their sins have found them out are trying to make amends for past misconduct. A little arithmetical reasoning will show that instead of accumulating his great wealth, he had given it away by raising the wages of his employes one dollar a week, the men would have gained very little financially, while Carnegie libraries would have been unknown.

This peculiar method of disposing his wealth will realize the dream of the reformers, who cried aloud for the abolition of capitalism and its attendant evils.

The statement made that libraries in Montreal have not been successful is entirely unconnected with the matter. A public library, on the lines laid down by Carnegie, would allow workingmen to get a necessary knowledge of the sciences that contribute to the welfare of the world at large. The plea that after doing ten hours' work a man has not time for reading or mental culture is mere conjecture. The library could have a special arrangement for the lending of books to read at home, a plan that is in vogue in several large British and American cities. Several of our Canadian philanthropists have disposed of their wealth in a manner not at all calculated to benefit the masses. The princely donations of Sir William McDonald to certain of our educational institutions avail the poor man but very little, yet we praise one for helping those well endowed with this world's goods, while we declaim with bombast and truculency against one who desires to give the poorer classes an opportunity of partaking of the delights of knowledge. If Mr. Carnegie gave his wealth for the building of churches, and the endowment of missions for the propagation of the Gospel, our flesh and blood critics would have denounced him for spreading superstition and ignorance.

Why not take what the gods give us and be content?

Mr. Carnegie has shown that he is a most eccentric individual by his book, "Triumphant Democracy," which to an enlightened reader is full of absurd anomalies. If the people of Montreal are so sensitive and chary of taking a slice of the Carnegie wealth, for the building of a public library, they should ask him to loan them sufficient funds for the building of a badly needed civic hospital or a lighting plant—two institutions that would be of great service to the citizens.

Mr. Darlington's Views.

Mr. William Darlington said: "I say accept it by all means. I have been amused reading a lot that has been said about this matter regarding the action of the Mayor, and the dignity of the city. In the first place, the Mayor never went begging, but only offered to accept money that was going begging, and then only with the sanction of his confreres of the City Council or the city at large. He deserves credit for what he has done. Touching upon the dignity of our city—well, for God's sake, emphasize the word dignity—dignity of Montreal, the only city of its size upon the continent without a decent public library; dignity, dignity of the commercial metropolis of a country that sends the poor and helpless to gaol for being poor and helpless; dignity, dignity of a city that has a contagious diseases act and no hospital to put the patients in; dignity, dignity of a city whose sidewalks are unsafe to walk upon, and whose streets are a menace to traffic and trade. Why, I could keep on for a week showing how dignified we are, and would be, in refusing an offer of $150,000 for a library.

"Let those who are talking about such lack of dignity put up $150,000. I am sure no one will grumble. With all due respect to other people's opinion, I hope our Mayor will be supported in what he has done so far, and a good committee appointed, independent of any ecclesiastical influences, that will go ahead with the work as soon as possible.

"I like the idea of Mr. C. Stevens, (secretary of the Mechanics' Institute), to amalgamate the various public institutions we have in Montreal with their libraries, etc., then make an appeal to the public, and I feel we should have ample books to start a good library with. The question of what books, periodicals, papers, etc., to get would soon regulate itself. I know there is a strong feeling among union men about anything connected with the name of Carnegie, because of the Homestead and other strikes on his works, those strikes having cost the union men of Montreal quite a lot of money, but I don't see any harm in getting back at him by taking his money and saving our own taxes. Every labour union I know of wants free public libraries, and fifty years from now who will care whether it was Carnegie or any other body's money that built the library. Let us be charitable, and think of the good that will be accomplished, and our good friends that think the amount not large enough, why let us have a foundation or facing stone large enough to add their names to it for any amount, from $10,000 upwards, or follow Mr. Griffith's suggestion and give them a chance to erect smaller ones in various parts of the city. Only, don't let any of them be too aristocratic so that workingmen won't care to go into them, but, at all events, let us have them, and no matter from where the money comes; but we've got to give the Mayor and Andrew Carnegie the credit for forcing the matter before the public of Montreal as it never was before."

Opposes Acceptance of Gift.

Mr. William Menard, president of the Cigarmakers' Union, speaking of the offer of a public library for Montreal said: "I am decidedly opposed to accepting anything from Mr. Carnegie, and I am of the opinion the great majority of workingmen in the city are unalterably opposed to accepting $150,000 or any other amount from Andrew Carnegie for a library, knowing as they do that he extracted his millions of dollars from our American brothers. If Mr. Carnegie would give the money to the underpaid workmen, to whom it belongs, to buy books for themselves, when they require them, it would be more in order, but to give it to people who are in a position to buy their own books, is of no benefit to the working classes. No, my impression is, the blood-stained books of Andrew Carnegie, purchased with money that rightfully belong to working people of Homestead and Pittsburg, should not be entertained for a moment. The bloodstained millionaire's offer of free libraries to Canadian towns and cities comes beautifully from a man who made his vast wealth by using other people. It will be remembered that Carnegie, on one occasion, speaking of Queen Victoria, said: "The Royal mother of her people cannot be induced to support her own children during life, or even bury them decently in death, as long as the public can be further bled." As loyal Canadians it would be a lasting disgrace to accept any gift from a hater of the British Crown, and an oppressor of the poor. I do not blame the Canadian sentiment which regards with dislike this Greek who comes bearing gifts. I trust there will come a time when there shall be a more equal distribution of labour, and a more equal distribution of enjoyment, but I never want to amuse myself reading books supplied by this Skibo apostle."

LADY MINTO IN THE CITY.

Lunched at the Mount Royal Club and Left for Quebec This Afternoon.

Lady Minto, accompanied by Mr. Arthur Guise, Comptroller of the Household, arrived from Ottawa to-day in the Governor-General's car Victoria. Her Excellency and Mr. Guise partook of lunch at the Mount Royal Club, with Hon. Senator Drummond, Mr. E. C. Clouston, and Mr. A. Baumgarten. Her Excellency left for Quebec at 2.30 p.m. from the Place Viger station.

HOSPITAL BEDDING.

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of any Cigar in Canada.

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Hosiery and Knitted Goods Factory,

fitted up in perfect order, with Creelman, Branson and Union special machines; also a first class plant with Singer Sewing Machines, all including shafting, couplings and belting, suitable for all kinds of manufacturing, as blouses, shirts, caps, clothing, etc. Run by electricity with 2 and 8 horse power motors. This is a great opportunity to buy a bargain. The plant must be sold as the owner is not capable of running it. Any information can be had at any time at

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WHY

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Comfortable seven room cottages on WISEMAN and VAN HORNE AVENUES, including corner house, LOW RENTALS. Keys at Mr. Wiseman's on property, or at Company's Office.

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APPRENTICES FROM WARSPITE.

They are Now Attached to the Allan Liner Orcadian.

Four apprentice lads from H. M. S. Warship, and attached to the Allan steamer Orcadian, are enjoying a holiday in the city. They are bright young fellows about fifteen years of age, and have the stamina in them to make excellent men o' wars men. Their names are Edward Edson, Wm. Sheppard, Ernest Stow and Jask Southey. They hail from Green Isle, England, and have spent one year on the Warspite. They are now doing their second year, which entails duty on merchant vessels. Next year they will be sent cruising in a training ship in tropical waters, then a year in waters nearer home, after which they will be regularly attached to the fleet. During their voyage out on the Orcadian they assisted the quartermaster. Their next experience they expect will be either on a P. and O. or an Orient liner. The lads are bright, intelligent and well educated. They come from families that have already served their country either at sea or on land.

Lake Champlain To-morrow.

The Elder, Dempster, Beaver Line, SS. Lake Champlain arrived at Quebec at 4 o'clock this morning. She will not be abe to leave there before 11 a.m., on account of the amount of cargo to be discharged, and, therefore, will not reach Montreal before 7 or 8 o'clock to-morrow morning (Saturday).

Another Driver Gets Lesson.

Thomas Sheehan, a carter, of City Hall avenue, was fined $10 and costs this morning in the Recorder's Court for driving faster than a walk at the corner of Craig and St. Denis streets.

LOOK

Around and see the gentlemen who are wearing Tooke's Shirts. It's easy to pick them out. They look well, fit well, wear well. Thousands are wearing Tooke's Shirts in preference to any other.

R. J. TOOKE, 177 St. James St.
2387 St Catherine St., west
1553 St. Catherine St., east
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VICTORIA CROSS
Union Made Cigar.
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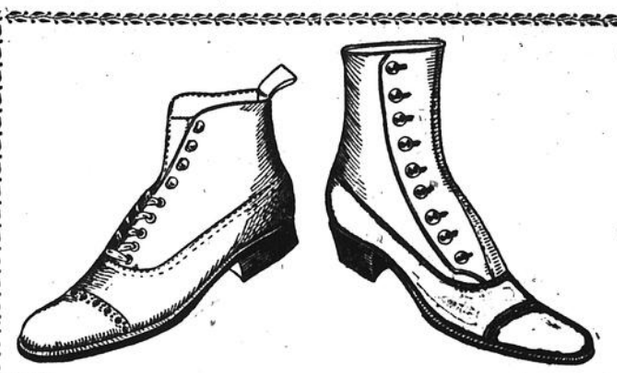

BARGAINS IN BOOTS,
SHOES and SLIPPERS
At The Allan Shoe Store.

We have commenced our August Cheap Sale, and are making some great cuts in our prices. These goods are not job lots, but our regular line of goods, that we are marking down to manufacturers' prices.

Look in at our windows and see the BARGAINS.

Please note a few of our prices:

Men's Buff Whole Fox Lace Boots, worth $2.00, for $1.50
Men's Boston Calf Fox Lace Boots, worth $1.50, for... ... ... 1.20
Men's Buff Whole Fox Lace Boots, Fair Stitch, worth $1.50, for 1.19
Men's Dongola Whole Fox Lace Boots, Fair Stitch, worth $1.75, for ... 1.50
Men's Buff Whole Fox leather lined Lace Boots, worth $2.50, for 1.95
Ladies, Dongola Lace and Button Boots, good value at $1.75, for... ... 1.10
Ladies' Dongola Lace and Button Boots, worth $2.00, for... ... . 1.50
Misses' Dongola Lace and Button Boots, worth $1.50 to $1.75, for 1.25
Child's Dongola and Box Calf Lace and Button Boots, worth $1.35 to $1.75, for 1.20

And a large assortment of other lines from 10 to 20 per cent. off the regular prices.

Also our large assortment of Trunks, Valises and Travelling Bags at equally reduced prices.

Don't miss this opportunity, but come in and see us.

At the ALLAN SHOE STORE
657-9 CRAIG STREET.
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"Hannan's Attractions are his Low Prices."

HANNAN'S

Tremendous Midsummer Sale is now on. Everything reduced to clear out stock to make room for Fall Goods. Every soft bosom shirt in the house, ... 75c

Welch Margetson's Collars per doz., $2.00

THE HANNAN STORE
213 and 215 St. James St.

COMMENT

Another opportunity missed, and Greyfriar is lost to us.

Ten to one that Mr. Duggan is already thinking of a new Seawanhaka Cup design.

Those who really want a new M.A.A.A building should stir up the members who are so shy in replying to the circulars.

In view of the boom which cricket has experienced this year, the very thought of discord in its ranks seems ridiculous.

Ottawa, the graveyard of so many useful and useless public measures, if its papers are to be believed, is preparing to erect a tombstone to cycling.

The sudden silence on the part of the small Ontario Amateur Athletic organizations is fraught with all sorts of horrible possibilities for the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union.

The members of the Canadian Lacrosse Association are not satisfied with the distinction of being the greatest trouble brewers in Canadian Amateur Athletic circles. They have other claims on public recognition. They possess in Mr. F. C. Waghorne a referee who rules men off at the rate of twenty a game.

It takes the skipper of a Canadian yacht to beat the performances of the skippers of the celebrated boats that break their rigging every little while, all hollow. When the yacht Vivia was taken into dry dock at Port Dalhousie, it was found that half her rudderpost had completely rotted away. How her crew sailed her at all under such conditions is a mystery.

If the Toronto members of the executive of the C.A.A.U. are fully aware of the condition of the Rosedale bridge, the other members probably do not know that the estimated cost of the repairs necessary to make that bridge safe are from five to fifteen thousand dollars, and that it has not yet been decided to do anything towards repairing it.

Talking about fast harness horses, Canada has furnished two pacing stars of the Grand Circuit this season. Harold H., 2.08, by Roadmaster, and Captain Brino, 2.07½, by Wildbrino, are the crack performers referred to. The latter took his record at Columbus the past week. He is a black stallion, 5 years old, and was bred by A. Sinclair, of Chatham. His first dam was Columbine, by Red Chief, second dam (dam of Zembia, 2.11½), by American Boy.

AQUATICS

THAT DISCUSSION ABOUT HENLEY RACES

MR. NICKALLS PUTS IN HIS OAR NOW.

He Objects to Keeping Out Foreigners —Mr. Lawson is Credited With the Design of Breaking Up the Independence Because He Cannot Race Her.

The discussion going on in the English press relative to the exclusion of all but old-country clubs from Henley regatta is of much interest. The latest contribution is from the well known oarsman, Vivian Nickalls, who writes:

Sir,—I am sorry that I am unable to agree in this matter with such eminent authorities as Dr. Warre and Messrs. Grenfell and Lehmann. Bar foreign entries, and you ruin Henley Regatta—that is what I think.

Having once allowed foreign crews to compete, and having, as it were, catered for them by having special dates for their entries, I cannot see how the Henley stewards can go back on themselves. It will, in the first place, tend to degrade the cups. The glory of winning the Grand Challenge Cup in the future would not be half what it was in the past, and so the interest in it would dimmish, and the whole regatta would become a most tame and uninteresting affair. And, say what people may, foreign entries keep the interest going immensely, vide this year's regatta and last year's.

As for the American crews, with their style and system, of which I have seen a lot lately, having just returned from that country, I do not think they will win for some years to come yet, and there has only been this outcry against foreign entries in years when our nerves have been overstrained, and it seems to be a natural reaction. But, if we do bar foreign entries, I shall never feel that the rowing man will be ever able to claim that he is a "sportsman"—that word means so much.

I say this also about American university oarsmen, and I am sure Mr. Lehmann will back me up, that they are every bit as good amateurs as the best of ours. No American 'varsity man may belong to any 'varsity team, be it baseball, football or rowing, unless he can pass a certain standard in his college work, whatever line he may take up, be it science, classics, history, etc., and that standard must be 25 per cent. at Yale above the ordinary average student. It may not be so high in other colleges, but I believe that, at any rate, he must be better at books than the average man, and so an uneducated professional is unable to get into any crew, whatever it may be.

There has also been something said about the way in which they train. Now, they come over to win the race—not for a picnic—and they train strictly according to their ideas. Why should they not do so? If we went over there, we should train according to our ideas, not theirs. After all, their strict training has never paid over here.

Besides, we are always hearing about poor Leander only being together for two or three weeks. But if Leander rowed the men for whom the club was originally started, i.e., old 'Varsity men, who are in business, they would be able to train at Putney for a month or two, instead of having to go to Henley, so that the present 'Varsity men may join the veterans there, and we should have just as fine crews to hold up our end as ever — and better ones, I venture to think. I venture to say that, according to our ideas, we train just as strictly at Henley; we do not go for quite a picnic.

There is one remark of Mr. Lehmann's I am in thorough accord with. Bar any crew coming to Henley who have been trained by a professional coach, or who are under a professional coach for two or three months before Henley, excepting scullers, as a sculler is bound to have a man to scull with him, or else he will get as slow as a tortoise.

And one more thing—let the Henley stewards be much more careful about admitting foreign crews, and especially scullers, and if there is an "if" about them, we have an excellent rule that you need give no reason for refusing an entry.

What started this controversy seems to be that rowing has deteriorated of late. Does not this come from one club trying, more or less, to "corner" the Grand Challenge Cup? The metropolitan clubs have been bad of late years, but it must be borne in mind that men like Etherington-Smith, Payne and Sanderson rowed at Henley for London before ever they rowed for Leander, and Leander "poached" these three good men from London. No; make a strict rule about one club not poaching another club's men, and then we shall find more of a level of crews at Henley, and it will not be "Leander first, rest nowhere," as it has been of late years, and we shall get a higher standard of rowing. As everyone knows, two good men will make a crew, and we shall get the good men better distributed.

Another argument brought forward is that one mile and 550 yards is not long enough. It has proved so up to now, as we have always been held for a mile by all of the best foreign crews, and have beaten them in the last 550 yards, and always shall, as long as we keep our present style. And, after all, ask anyone who says it is not long enough to sit in a boat and row a hard race over the course, and hear what he will say afterwards.

SHAMROCK'S GEAR UNLOADED.

Everything is in Perfect Order and Ready for Setting Up.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Sir Thomas Lipton's American representative, David Barrie, expects Shamrock II. to arrive at this port by next Sunday at the latest, and is making preparations for the challenger's reception and speedy refitting. He spent the greater part of yesterday at Erie Basin, with Rigger William Cochran, superintending the unloading and storing of Shamrock's spars and extensive wardrobe. On his return late in the afternoon he reported that all her belongings were in perfect order, and safely housed, and waiting for the challenger.

"There were in all about forty-two bags of sails, and these were placed on gratings in a house at the Basin in order that the air might have free circulation around them, and thus prevent mildew." Each bag bore the name of the sail it contained, and it can be produced at a moment's notice when needed. All the steel rigging was arranged ready for the workmen, and the big steel mast, the largest ever carried by a ninety-footer, was stretched out on trestles, and a gang of men were set to work sandpapering it, preparatory to repainting."

"I want to get as much of this preparatory work done as possible," Mr. Barrie continued, "before the boat arrives. The work of making the change from jury to racing rig should only take a short time, as all her needs have been anticipated. A spare bowsprit is in process of construction at the Basin in case of an emergency. Eight large steel plates came over with her spars to make repairs in case of damage to her top sides. Her keel block, on which she will rest in dry dock, was also sent over, and is ready for use."

Mr. Barrie is greatly pleased over the appearance of the mast and spars, and says he has never seen their superiors in point of workmanship.

THE BOHEMIANS DEFEATED.

A Great Race for Major Walsh Challenge Cup at Brockville.

(Special to the Star.)

BROCKVILLE, August 9. — The war canoe race for the Major Walsh challenge cup proved one of the best and most exciting that ever took place on the river. The cup came into existence three years ago and one of the governing conditions was that a crew must win it for three consecutive years before it could be held permanently and the B. A. A. A. won it the first year, the Y. M. C. A. the second, and last night the Y's captured it for the second time in magnificent style. The Bohemians, who hold the championship of America, were picked to win but their showing was disappointing. The pace set by the Y's was too hot. Five crews entered: The Senior and Junior Y's, the senior and junior Bohemians and the B. R. C's. The junior crews were never in it and the fight lay between the three senior crews. The first quarter mile, there was little to choose between the three mentioned crews. The B. R. C. gradually fell back and for the last 200 yards it was the hottest kind of racing between the Boh's and the Y's. The latter gradually pushed their canoe ahead and then the time came for the final spurt the Y's, not only held their own but shot ahead winning by a length. The Boh's weakened considerably at the finish so that they barely got over the line half a length ahead of the B. R. C.'s. The winners were given an enthusiastic reception on returning to the club house. The distance of the race was half a mile straightaway. The water was lumpy and a stiff head wind was blowing. In consequence the time was 3.26 which is considered slow.

Canadian Canoe Races.

(Special to the Star.)

BROCKVILLE, Ont., August 9. — The Brockville canoists are putting on the finishing touches training for the annual regatta of the Canadian Canoe Association to be held on the St. Lawrence here Saturday afternoon. There is much speculation as to the outcome of the big War Canoe race. The present champions, the B. A. A. A., of Brockville, will be called upon to defend their title against eight crews. These will include the Brittanias, and Ottawas, of Ottawa; the Grand Trunks of Montreal; Carleton Place; the Brockville Rowing Club. The Senior and Junior Brockville Y. M. C. A.; and the Junior B. A. A. A. The defeat of the Bohemians on Tuesday night by the Y. M. C. A. for the Major Walsh challenge cup has lowered their stock, but the crew is training hard and a great race is assured. The Ottawa crews will make a big bid for the championship. The entries closed yesterday and every event is well filled, the Britts, Ottawas, Carleton Place, and Grand Trunks taking the entire programme which consists of double blade, tandem, green fours, single, war canoe, upset, four in canoe, and tug-of-war. The visitors will bring a strong body guard of supporters.

Towns and Gaudaur Training.

RAT PORTAGE, Ont., August 9.—George Towns, the English champion oarsman, who is to row Gaudaur, took his first spin over the course Wednesday evening, coached by Thomas Sullivan, his trainer, and Pearson, in a double. He is in good form and expressed himself satisfied with the course and delighted with the clear bracing climate. He brought three shells with him and one double. The three boats are each twenty-five feet long, and wider and deeper than the one in which Gaudaur will row, which is thirty-one feet six inches in length. The double is thirty-three feet long being three feet shorter than those generally in use. Gaudaur with his coach, Hackett, takes daily spins around Conroy Island, a distance of seven miles. He is in splendid form and confident.

Independence Condemned.

BOSTON, August 9.—If no yacht can be found to race against the Independence by September 3, Mr. Lawson, the owner, will order her broken up as old metal. These were his instructions when the only chance for a race against either the Constitution or Columbia slipped by because the managers of those yachts would not enter a regatta in which there was to be a class for 90 footers.

CRICKET

Game Ended in a Draw.

HALIFAX, N.S., August 9.— The cricket match between the Philadelphia Belmonts and the United Services was concluded yesterday and ended in a draw. The Belmonts scored 118 in their second inning, and the United Services 117 for the loss of nine wickets. Lieut. Garnet took four wickets with four balls in one over. There was not sufficient time to finish the game,

BASEBALL

JOYCE SHUT OUT THE RAINMAKERS.

ONLY ALLOWED THE HARD HITTERS THREE BINGLES.

Hartford Was Stacked Up Against Felix When the Rain Came Down and Stopped the Second Game — Toronto Lost Another One to Brockton.

Joyce didn't do a thing to Hartford yesterday.

He did the prettiest little bunch of pitching he has handed out since he became a professional, and Hartford probably got as bad a beating as any team in the league ever received.

There are some kinds of pitch that cannot be touched without being defiled, but the kind of pitch Hartford got yesterday was worse than this—it couldn't be touched at all.

In the nine innings the Wooden Nutmegs only got three hits, and one of those was due to Sheehan falling while fielding an easy bunt by Kuhns.

Only once did a man of the visitors see second base, and third was an unknown land to them.

Seldom was a team so manifestly driven to the wall, and in the latter part of the game the depression was such that the members of the team could not help showing it, and went to the bat simply because they had to, in a listless way that was saddening to see in a team noted as one of the heavy hitters, and which had been climbing up towards the top at a rapid rate lately.

Mr. Steelman was silent as a ghost, and accepted the inevitable without a murmur while he was at the bat. When he was on the bench he witnessed Joyce administer the razzle dazzle and the high gazzoo to the batting beauties of the team in shocked amazement.

But it was not only in pitching that Joyce excelled. He is the best batting pitcher in the league, and yesterday he swiped enough to drive in two or three runs himself.

It was Odwell, however, who led the carnival of hitting, the erstwhile weak batting team of the bunch laid out for the contemplation of the men from the abiding place of the Blue Laws.

Hemming was in the box for Hartford, but his hardest work was as nothing in the face of the depression which fell like a log bank over the aggregation. In one inning he managed to retire the Royals when they had three men on the bases, and thus got out of a hole which bade fair to make the score any old thing.

Yet he was hit by everybody pretty much, such is the effect of the home team having acquired a confidence in their ability to hit the ball. Hemming has been putting up a grand game this season, but he was up against a proposition which has taken on batting clothes such as would have easily made them the leaders had they commenced at the start, and which will make the present top notchers hustle for position yet if they keep it up.

It is not necessary to go into details. The game was pitched, batted and fielded by Montreal as well as any game ever put up in the Eastern League, and Hartford was distinctly outclassed.

Wilson, Montreal's regular catcher, was called away by the sudden illness of his wife in California, and Raub took his place behind the bat, while Dooley, who has been out of the game lately, resumed his old position at first base.

The Hartford team has been known in Montreal as the rain-makers. Whether they have any secret understanding about the weather, or whether it is just the overflow of the tears of Connecticut, pouring into nature, over the fate of their well loved team whenever they come to Montreal, it is hard to say, but this much is sure, that their arrival is always followed by rain, and more games have been called or postponed on account of the weather when Hartford is with us than with all the others put together. Yesterday the sky was clear and there were no indications that it would rain for a fortnight, but when the second game was commenced and Harry Felix was just getting limbered up, Connecticut began to weep over the prospects, and, with thunder and lightning, the rain fell. As an indication of how cold a day it was for Hartford, some of the tears were frozen in transmission, and came to us in the form of hail.

Only two innings of the second game were played, with no runs on either side, when the rain caused the play to be postponed, and after waiting half an hour, as there was no sign of let up, the game was called.

The score of the game completed:

MONTREAL.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Raub, c.	3	0	2	2	0	0
Shearon, r.f.	4	1	0	0	0	0
Delehanty, l.f.	5	0	1	1	0	0
Odwell, c.f.	5	2	3	3	0	0
Dooley, 1b	3	1	1	13	1	0
Sheehan, 3b	4	1	3	1	4	0
Johnson, 2b	3	0	1	2	2	2
Quinlan, s.s.	4	1	2	4	4	0
Joyce, p.	3	1	1	1	3	0
Total	34	7	14	27	14	2

HARTFORD.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Garry, c.f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Shindle, 3b	4	0	0	1	3	1
Kuhns, l.f.	4	0	2	3	0	0
Shoch, r.f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Gatins, s.s.	4	0	1	4	2	0
Massey, 1b	2	0	0	10	1	0
Blerbauer, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	0
Steelman, c.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Hemming, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Total	31	0	3	24	13	1

Score by innings:

Hartford .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Montreal .. .. 0 1 0 1 1 4 0 0 x—7

SUMMARY.

Sacrifice hits, Raub and Johnson. Two-base hit, Odwell. Three-base hits, Odwell, Delehanty and Joyce. Bases on balls, off Joyce 1, off Hemming 4. Hit by pitcher, by Hemming 1. Double play, Quinlan to Dooley. Left on bases, Montreal 10, Hartford 5. Time, 1.25. Umpire, Gaffney. Attendance 1200.

LOST LAST SIX GAMES.

TORONTO, August 9.—Brockton made it four straight yesterday. McFall was batted hard and was replaced by Sullivan. McFall received wretched support. Flaherty was a puzzle to the locals. Five fast double plays were the features of the game. Woods and Bonner covered themselves with glory at second base. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	—4	10	7
Brockton	0	1	2	3	0	2	0	0	—8	13	4

Batteries—McFall, Sullivan and Bemis; Flaherty and Roach.

WON ONE EACH.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., August 9.—Honours were even in the double bill with Worcester yesterday, the home team taking the first and the visitors the second. Both contests were marked by heavy hitting. Clements broke his ankle in sliding home in the fourth inning of the first game and is confined to a hospital. He will be out of the game for the balance of the season. Score:

First game— R. H. E.
Rochester .. .. 1 4 0 3 0 3 1 2 x—14 15 4
Worcester .. .. 1 0 1 7 0 0 0 1 1—11 16 5

Batteries—Conn, McPartlin and Dixon; Klobedanz, Doran and Clements. Umpire, Hunt.

Second game— R. H. E.
Rochester .. .. 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 3—7 13 2
Worcester .. .. 0 2 2 0 0 0 3 1 0—8 12 6

Batteries—Conn and Phelps; Magee and Doran. Umpire, Hunt.

WON AND LOST.

BUFFALO, August 9.—Buffalo won the first game yesterday through Hastings' fine pitching. Had it not been for Halligan's error in dropping an easy one, Providence would probably have been shut out. Dunkle won the second game for Providence, holding the local men down to six scattered hits. Score:

First game— R. H. E.
Buffalo .. .. 2 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—4 9 2
Providence .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 6 1

Batteries—Hastings and Speer; Friend and McAuley. Umpire, Albert Warner.

Second game—
Buffalo .. .. 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 6 2
Providence .. .. 1 3 1 1 0 0 0 0 0—6 12 2

Batteries—Amole and Speer; Dunkle and McAuley. Umpire, Albert Warner.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Rochester	57	36	.613
Toronto	49	37	.570
Providence	53	40	.570
Montreal	43	45	.489
Hartford	41	43	.488
Worcester	41	46	.471
Brockton	34	48	.415
Buffalo	33	56	.371

BASEBALL FACES.

"Ef I cud on'y git a swipe at O'Loughlin."

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg— R. H. E.
Chicago .. .. 0 2 1 2 0 0 1 0 0—6 9 2
Pittsburg .. .. 0 0 0 5 0 1 1 0 x—7 11 2

Batteries—Eason and Kling; Chesbro, Poole and O'Connor.

At Cincinnati—
St. Louis .. .. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 5 1
Cincinnati .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 1

Batteries—Sudhoff and Nichols; Hahn and Pelt.

At New York (first game)—
Brooklyn .. .. 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—3 13 1
New York .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 4

Batteries—Kitson and McGuire; Taylor and Bowerman.

Second game—
Brooklyn .. .. 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 9 2
New York .. .. 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 9 1

Batteries—Hughes and Farrell and Newton; Mathewson and Bowerman.

At Boston (first game)—
Philadelphia .. .. 0 0 3 0 1 0 1 2 0—7 11 0
Boston .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 6

Batteries—Orth and McFarland; Pittinger and Kittredge.

Second game—
Philadelphia .. .. 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 1 0—5 8 1
Boston .. .. 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 8 3

Batteries—Duggleby and Douglas; Nichols and Moran.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Pittsburg	53	34	.609
Philadelphia	52	37	.584
St. Louis	52	40	.565
Brooklyn	46	43	.517
Boston	42	44	.488
New York	37	45	.451
Cincinnati	36	51	.414
Chicago	36	60	.375

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia (first game)— R. H. E.
Washington .. .. .. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 3—6 13 3
Philadelphia .. .. .. 0 0 3 3 1 4 0 0 x—11 14 3

Batteries—Lee and Grady; Frazer and Powers.

Second game—
Washington .. .. .. 1 0 3 1 1 1 0 0 0—7 15 3
Philadelphia .. .. .. 4 5 0 1 1 3 0 0 x—14 18 4

Batteries — Carrick, Gear and Grady; Wiltse and Powers.

At Detroit—
Chicago .. .. 4 4 1 0 1 3 0 0 5—18 20 2
Detroit .. .. 4 0 0 0 9 1 0 3 0—8 12 4

Batteries—Griffith and Sullivan; Sievers, Cronin and Buelow.

At Cleveland—
Milwaukee .. .. 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—3 7 4
Cleveland .. .. 0 0 0 1 2 2 0 0 x—5 9 3

Batteries—Garvin and Maloney; Dowling and Connor.

At Boston—
Boston .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 7 1
Baltimore .. .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—2 9 2

Batteries—Young and Criger; Herrell and Bresnahan.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Chicago	58	32	.644
Boston	50	36	.581
Baltimore	48	37	.565
Detroit	48	43	.527
Philadelphia	41	44	.482
Washington	36	48	.429
Cleveland	35	50	.412
Milwaukee	33	59	.359

JOYCE WAS ELATED.

After yesterday's game the genial Michael Joyce was discovered in the dressing room figuring out the percentage to see what his good work had done in the matter of the club's standing. When he found that Montreal had passed into fourth place by one point he was much elated and announced his discovery to the Cap. Later, Joyce stated that he felt in fine form during the game, and it did not trouble him in the least to get them over. "I put them over and gave them a chance to hit it out. They did, but it was impossible for them to get it away from the fielders, who gave me great support."

Wilson Called Home.

Montreal has had the toughest kind of luck this season in holding the team together. Now the team loses Parke Wilson, one of the mainstays of the team, probably for the balance of the season. Wilson has been called home on account of the sickness of his wife. His home is in California and he started on his long journey last night.

Base Hits.

It was Joyce.

He is another of Dooley's finds.

More hard luck. Wilson has been called home.

Doheny has been let go by the Pittsburg team.

Dooley was back in the game yesterday with Raub behind the bat.

Montreal now wants a substitute catcher and another pitcher.

Duquette, the Kingston pitcher, has decided not to go to Toronto.

Shindle is throwing out bouquets to the Hartford people about finishing first.

The Montreal grounds are pronounced by Umpire Gaffney to be the best in the league.

O'Hagen told Dooley the other day that if Montreal had had any kind of a start this year they would have the league broken up by this time.

Pitcher Michael Mullin, of the Waverly State League baseball team, leaped from a fourth story window in the Lewis House, Binghamton, N. Y., early Wednesday morning, while playing an imaginary game in his sleep. He will recover.

Sporting Correspondence.

Lacrosse enthusiast: Shamrocks in 1888.

THE TURF

CRESCEUS FAILED TO LOWER RECORD,

BUT LOWERS TRACK RECORD AT POUGHKEEPSIE.

Fifteen Thousand Dollars Was Offered for Otis at Saratoga After Winning the Handicap for All Ages—A Fair Attendance at the Highland Park Meeting.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., August 9.—About 7,000 people were disappointed in the exhibition of Cresceus at the Hudson River Driving Park. Paced by a runner and driven by his owner, George H. Ketcham, the champion would not do better than 2.06 1-4. Cresceus' time, however, establishes a new trotting record for this track. The previous record was 2.10 1-4, made by Little Dick last year.

Although disappointed in the showing of Cresceus, the spectators derived satisfaction from four well-contested races, in two of which the favourite won. The track was in first-rate condition for racing, however it may have been bad for Cresceus, and a good average time was made.

First race, 2.12 trotting class; purse, $600—
Elsie S., b.m., by Stamboul, Andrews 4 1 2 1 1
Frank Creamer, br. g., Snider. 1 2 1 2 3
Florence Wood, b.m., Devine... 2 3 3 3 2
Irene, b. m. .. .. 3 4 4 dr

Time—2.16 1-2, 2.15, 2.12, 2.13 1-4, 2.15.

Second race, 2.09 class, pacing; purse, $500—
Exploit, g.h., by Clay, Perrin.. .. 1 1 1
Deveras, blk. h., by Direct, Allen... 4 2 2
Oscar L., ch. g., McKinney.. .. .. 2 4 4
Dan M., b. g. 3 3 3
Dan Patchen .. .. 5 ds
Miss Maymo .. .. ds

Time—2.10, 2.10, 2.11 3-4.

Third race, 2.24 class, trotting; purse $400—
Miss McDonald, blk. m., by Bermuda—Middleton 3 1 1 3 1
Capt. Murray, br.h. Lyman.. .. 5 7 6 1 2
Bemay, blk. m., Synder.. .. .. 2 2 2 4 4
Tannerine, blk. m. 4 6 3 2 3
Gus G., b.g. 7 4 4 5 5
Lady Travis, blk. m.. .. .. .. 1 5 dis
Hilda King, ch. m. .. .. 6 5 dis

Time—2.16, 2.17 3-4, 2.19, 2.19, 2.19 1-4.

2.15 class, trotting; purse $500—
Helen Grace, r.m., by Blue Dawn—Andrews 1 1 1
General Johnston, blk. g., James.... 3 4 2
Mae C., r.m., H. James.. .. .. .. 6 2 3
Dot Miller, b.m. 2 3 4
Chesimtay, b.h. 5 3 5
Nellie La Rue, b.m. .. .. 4 dis

Time—2.17 3-4, 2.11 3-4, 2.13 1-2.

Saratoga's Catskill Stakes.

SARATOGA, August 9.—The stake feature was the Catskill for 3-year-olds, in which six selling platers took part. Carbuncle was a strong odds-on favourite, and won easily from Rowdy, with Barbara Fritchie third. The only other winning favourite was King Bramble, who had only Alsike and Vitellius to beat.

Barney Schriber's 2-year-old colt, Otis, proved his worth by conceding a lot of weight to Belle of Lexington and King Pepper in the opening dash of six furlongs and winning by a neck. An offer of $15,000 for Otis was refused before the race. Lady Viola won the race for 2-year-old fillies in a hard drive from the 7 to 10 odds on favourite, Sister Juliet. The closing race resulted in a pronounced upset, Little Daisy, whose odds were 8 to 1, winning by a length from Mercer, while Scurry, who was at the short price of 1 to 3, finished a bad third. The entire string of the Messrs. Fleischmann's horses will be disposed of at public sale on Saturday at noon in the paddock. The association has increased the size of all the overnight purses excepting the maiden races to $700. The added money was formerly $500.

First race, handicap, for all ages, 6 furlongs—Otis, 107, Cochran, 11 to 5 and 1 to 2, won; Belle of Lexington, 104, J. Woods, 7 to 5 and 1 to 3, 2; King Pepper, 118, Shaw, 2 to 1 and 1 to 2, 3. Time, 1.17. Only three starters.

Second race, handicap, for all ages, 1⅛ miles—King Bramble, 97, H. Michaels, 4 to 5 and out, won; Alsike, 85, Thompson, 7 to 1 and even, second; Vitellius, 97, Cochran, 11 to 5 and 2 to 5, third. Time, 2.00 4-5. Only three starters.

Third race, the Catskill Stakes, for 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs—Carbuncle, 118, McCue, 7 to 1 and out, won; Rowdy, 104, T. Burns, 12 to 1 and 4 to 1, 2; Barbara Frietchie, 97, Cochran, 6 to 1 and 8 to 5, 3. Time, 1.17 2-5. Prince of Melrose, Elim and Maister also ran.

Fourth race, for fillies, 2-year-olds, 5 1-2 furlongs—Lady Viola, 104, Mounce, 2 to 1 and 1 to 5, won; Sister Juliet, 111, Odom, 7 to 10 and 1 to 4, 2; Ivory Bells, 111, Cochran, 5 to 1 and 6 to 5.3. Time, 1.11 4-5. Lady Mag and Bahia also ran.

Fifth race, 3-year-olds and up, selling, 1⅛ miles—Little Daisy, 91, Mullholland, 8 to 1 and 8 to 5, won; Mercer, 103, Cochran, 7 to 1 and even, 2; Scurry, 108, H. Michaels, 1-to 3 and out, third. Time, 2.02. Nitrate also ran.

Races at Windsor Track.

WINDSOR RACE TRACK, Ont., August 9.—In the first race yesterday, Ernest Parham, the favourite, won all the way, with Vela finishing second and Chanson third. Parham was entered at $600 and boosted to $900, his owner being obliged to put up $305 to retain him. Incandescent led to the stretch in the second, but could not last, Aaron, a 6 to 1 chance, coming away from the bunch and winning handily. The Bronze Demon and Micou made the running in the third to the stretch, where Mr. Pomeroy came strong and won by a neck from the Bronze Demon. In the fourth, the Griswold House Cup handicap, Ethel Wheat, the favourite, broke first and led all the way, winning pulled up. Nellie Waddell, the favourite at 1 to 3, won the fifth over a good field in a walk. The even money favourite, Henry Zitt, won the sixth with ease, while the place was won the same way by Newton W. Assassin, at 6 to 1, won the seventh in a driving finish from E. P., the favourite. Summary:

First race, selling, 4½ furlongs—Ernest Parham, 114, Howell, even, won; Vela, 103, Lee, 6 to 1, second; Chanson, 98, Steele, 8 to 5, third. Time, 56¼. Ben Hulluin, Ardita and Six Bits finished as named.

Second race, selling, 6 furlongs—Aaron, 107, Steele, 6 to 1, won; Jim Gore II, 109, Givens, 2½ to 1, second; Tempt, 101, C. Murphy, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1.15¼. Custodian, The Geeser, Incandescent, Princess Evelyn, Zachford and Red Signal finished as named.

Third race, selling, 7½ furlongs — Mr. Pomeroy, 103, Porretto, 5 to 2, won; The Bronze Demon, 104, J. Martin, 7 to 5, second; Prince Zeno, 103, Givens, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1.36. Bequeath, Russian, Micou, Virginia T., and Dr. Moore also ran.

Fourth race, Griswold House Cup handicap, mile and 50 yards—Ethel Wheat, 105, J. Martin, even, won; Ohnet, 97, A. Weber, 10 to 1, second; Bohul, 100, Lee, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1.43¾. Miss Soak, Trebor and Charlie O'Brien also ran.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Nellie Waddell, 85, Steele, 1 to 3, won; Severi, 119, Robertson, 3 to 1, second; Georgie, 109, Howell, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1.14½. Last Knight also ran.

Sixth race, 5 furlongs—Henry Zitt, 111, J. Martin, 4 to 5, won; Newton W., 111, Givens, 4 to 1, second; Amigari, 108, Lee, 7 to 2, third. Time, 1.02. The Esmond, Lacrima, Legal Maxim and Fanny Blazes also ran.

Seventh race, selling, 6 furlongs—Assassin, 119, Michaels, 6 to 1, won; E. P., 105, Steele, 8 to 5, second; Midlo, 119, Malloy, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1.16. Sauber, Arriba, Headlight, Ellen Dale, Amoroso, Northumbria, Alex. Pearson and Erego finished as named.

More Races at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Ont., August 9.—Two favourites and four second choices won first money yesterday, and the public got back at the penciliers with a vengeance. In the first race, after letting Tamarin and Magog do the pacing, Samivel came fast in the last furlong and won easily. The second race was more exciting, Happy May and Wedding March alternated in the lead for three furlongs, when Meditation came up from last place and beat Wedding March by a neck under the wire. Patronass just shoving his nose ahead of Happy May for show money. Wine Press won the third event easily, after allowing Rushfields and Obstinate Simon to do the pacing. Moderator caused a long delay at the post in the fourth, refusing to break with the bunch, but eventually they got off to a good start. Plum Tart held the lead for half a mile, but had not the speed to finish, and Lac, who was backed from 3 to 1 to 6 to 5 by a Toronto crowd, came on fast and won handily, with Silk Cord, the favourite, a length behind for the place. Young Henry won the 5½-furlong event all the way, and Hie Away, the favourite, won the sixth. Morokanta doing the running up and getting the place. Summary:

First race, 4-year-olds and up, 7 furlongs—P. M. Civil's Samivel, 109, Postel, 3 to 5, won; N. Dyment's Magog, 107, L. Thompson, even, second; O. O. West and Co.'s Tamarin, 112, Houck, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1.28¾. Randy, Royal Salute, Corralls, and Grandeur also ran.

Second race, 2-year-olds, 4 furlongs—J. F. Lane and Co.'s Meditation, 107, Blake, 3 to 1, won; R. J. Hines's Wedding March, 107, L. Thompson, 3 to 1, second; H. Lewis's Lady Patroness, 107, Flint, 20 to 1, third. Time, 50¾. Circus Girl, Happy May, Juanita M., Silver Chimes, and Tambourine II also ran.

Third race, 3-year-olds and up, 1 1-16 miles—M. C. Carron, jr.'s, Wine Press, 107, L. Thompson, 11 to 5, won; C. Ray's Rushfields, 107, Troxler, 3 to 2, second; R. F. Meyers's Obstinate Simon, 102, McQuade, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1.49½. Waterhouse, Gray Dally and The Golden Prince also ran.

Fourth race, 2-year-olds, ⅝-mile—F. Peters's Lac, 110, Blake, 6 to 5, won; J. W. Hall's Silk Cord, 110, L. Jackson, 6 to 5, second; W. Hendrie's Plum Tart, 101, J. Daly, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1.03. Wire In, Dixie Queen and Moderator also ran.

Fifth race, 3-year-olds, 5½ furlongs—A. Brown and Co.'s Young Henry, 111, L. Jackson, 5 to 2, won; G. W. Cook's Benckart, 117, Blake, 9 to 2, second; H. L. Johnson and Co.'s Lelia Barr, 105, J. Daly, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1.09. Gotemba, Auraus, Philma, Paxton, Broadway and Sweepstakes also ran.

Sixth race, 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs—E. Moore and Co.'s Hie Away, 109, L. Jackson, 8 to 5, won; E. A. Farrell's Morokanta, 112, Blake, 2½ to 1, second; C. Ray's Edinborough, 112, Troxler, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1.15. Ahamo, Magnus, Troll, Badinage and The Covenanter also ran.

TROTTING AT L'ASSOMPTION.

Following are the results of the trotting at L'Assomption:

Special race—
Tearwaught

CAPE TOWN READY TO WELCOME DUKE.

SOUTH AFRICA WILL SECOND AUSTRALIA'S ENTHUSIASM.

Ottawa, Quebec and Toronto Busy in Preparing for the Reception of the Royal Visitors — The Duke's Cigars for the Trip Through Canada Wrecked in Lusitania.

(Special to the Star.)

CAPE TOWN, August 9.—The death of the Empress Frederick will not cause any material change in the arrangements for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, who are expected to arrive here on the steamship Ophir in about a week.

PREPARATIONS AT OTTAWA.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—Yesterday Hon. J. I. Tarte, accompanied by Mr. Gobeil, Deputy Minister of Public Works, and Major Gourdeau, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, made a tour of inspection with a view of ascertaining what would be best for the Government to do in the way of decoration for the approaching royal visit. They drove over the route which His Excellency proposes shall be taken by the Duke of Cornwall and York from the station to Government House and marked what they thought would be best. They then called at Government House and discussed matters with Her Excellency, who has throughout been much consulted in regard to the adornments necessary for the viceregal residence. On leaving they took another route, namely, from Government House gates, via Mackay and Union streets, to Minto Bridge, thus avoiding Sussex street altogether, and passing straight up to Rideau street, and thence to Wellington street. By taking this course the royal party would, from the time of starting until arriving at Government House, be on well built and broad streets, which are all in good repair. The only drawback is that by taking King street they would have to pass the gas house. However, all this will receive consideration. As a result of the drive plans will be submitted and prepared before any decision is arrived at.

Mr. Tarte is in consultation with Mr. W. Y. Soper, with a view to having fitting decorations for the Parliament and public buildings on this occasion. The decorations will be quite new and something never before witnessed. Mr. Tarte states that he "intends to hold up his end thoroughly."

Mayor Morris has issued an invitation to the citizens to participate in a general illumination of the city during the royal visit, especially on the evenings of the 21st and 23rd, when Their Royal Highnesses will be personally able to view them.

It is intended to have brilliant electrical effects on the Dufferin and Laurier (Maria street) bridges, while the Parliament grounds and Major's Hill Park will be transformed into fairy-like scenes. The special decorations at Rideau Hall are intended to be on a scale of unprecedented magnificence.

THE QUEBEC PROGRAMME.

QUEBEC, August 9.—Mayor Parent has prepared an elaborate programme for the visit of the Duke and Duchess of York and Cornwall, which will have to be submitted for the approbation of the Governor-General. After the arrival and reception of the Royal party they will lunch at the citadel, and the Roman Catholic clergy of this diocese will tender them a reception in the afternoon at Laval University. Their Royal Highnesses will dine with the Governor-General at the citadel, and afterwards proceed to Dufferin Terrace, where a chorus of eight hundred voices will sing national airs. The terrace and surroundings will be brilliantly illuminated, and the citizens will be invited to illuminate their residences.

On the following day the Royal party will visit the falls of Montmorency by special train, and will hold a reception at Haldimand House at the falls. They will dine at Spencerwood with Lieutenant-Governor Jette, and will witness a grand naval procession in which all the frigates and vessels in port will take part.

On the morning of the second day a military parade will be held on the Plains, which will include besides the local volunteers, the visiting military corps, and the marines and crews of all the frigates in port.

GETTING READY AT TORONTO.

TORONTO, August 9.—The design of C. J. Gibson, architect, of this city, for an arch to be erected by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association on the occasion of the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, was selected by the committee out of some twenty-two designs. Competitors from Ottawa, Hamilton and Toronto had all shown designs, ranging in cost from $8,000 to $9,000. Mr. Gibson's design shows a colonnade and represents all branches of the manufacturing industries.

Topsy-turvy.

That's a favorite attitude of the small boy. And in this again "the child is the father of the man." The man does not essay to walk through life on his hands, but he creates for himself a kingdom of topsy-turvydom. He turns night into day. He eats regardless of time and physical necessities. He makes a pleasure of his business and a business of his pleasure. In fact, he effectually reverses the order of natural living. The result is physical disability generally introduced by "weak" stomach. The food he eats does not nourish him because the stomach and its associated organs are not able to extract the nourishment from the food. Hence, the body is under nourished and disease develops in one form or another.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures through the stomach diseases which originate in a diseased condition of the stomach and its allied organs. Hence, it cures "weak" lungs, "weak" heart, "weak" nerves and other forms of so-called weakness.

"I had been troubled with catarrh of the stomach and heart trouble," writes Mr. W. D. Merchant, of Tylersburg, Clarion Co., Penn'a. "Had doctored for some time without relief, then I began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took seven bottles. Before I began to take it I weighed 119 pounds, and now I weigh 176. I am working steadily and feel like a well man. I send you many thanks."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

He receives as a price 5 per cent. of the total cost. Henry Simpson, Toronto, was awarded second prize, $100, and W. P. Whitten, Hamilton, third prize, $75.

DUKE'S CIGARS LOST IN THE LUSITANIA.

Ten Thousand Smokes Intended for Canadian Tour are Rotting in the Hold of the Wrecked Steamer.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., August 9. — Fathoms deep in the hull of the wrecked steamer Lusitania, now battered to pieces on the rocks near Renews, on the east coast of this island, are 10,000 high class cigars intended for the use of the Duke of Cornwall and his suite during his trip through Canada. They were being forwarded to the citadel at Quebec, there to be kept until the Ophir, with the Royal party on board, arrives there.

The cigars were enclosed in hermetically sealed cases, and, to prevent the possibility of the cases being tampered with, they were stowed carefully away in the stern hold of the ship, where they could not be easily got at. Hence it is that they have been lying there for nearly seven weeks, although the divers have been making strenuous and unceasing efforts to secure them, because there was a large salvage involved, owing to the peculiar circumstances of the case.

All the local speculators are keen after them, thinking they can be disposed of at high rates either to the purveyors for the royal trip or to outside dealers, who think they can make quite a speculation by selling the cigars as mementoes of the ducal journey. The Canadian notables would evidently have been well treated in the matter of "smokes" if this stock reached Quebec, and the order has doubtless been duplicated ere this. Ten thousand cigars for a thirty-day trip means more than 300 a day, and this was probably not the only shipment that was made.

It will be somewhat of a joke if the cigars are not got at until the hull breaks up and the cases are washed out and thrown ashore, when the coastfolk will be enabled to revel in the luxury of smoking high-grade cigars intended for the use of the heir-apparent to the British throne. This will perhaps be the most novel form of wreckage which has yet come to hand in this quarter.

ROYAL HONOURS GIVEN IN AUSTRALIA.

Not So Many Knighthoods and Minor Honours Were Granted as Was Anticipated in Some Quarters.

Those interested in speculating as to the knighthoods which His Majesty the King may confer on Canadians in honour of the Duke of York's visit to the Dominion are busy these days studying chances for the much-coveted honours. In this connection it will be of interest to refer to the honours which the Duke of York conferred recently on Australians. It should be remembered, however, that the occasion in Australia was a very special one, being the opening of the first Parliament of the Commonwealth, a fact which may have called for more honours than would otherwise have been distributed.

Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George Sir Frederick Darley, Chief Justice of New South Wales.

Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, Sir John Dodds, Administrator of Tasmania.

Knights Bachelors, Mr. Gellot, Mayor of Melbourne; Mr. Graham, Mayor of Sydney.

Companions of St. Michael and St. George, the Hon. N. E. Lewis, Premier of Tasmania; Mr. Ware, Mayor of Adelaide; Mr. Proe, Mayor of Brisbane; Mr. Davies, Mayor of Hobart; Mr. Forrest, ex-Mayor of Perth; Mr. Wallington, Secretary to Lord Hopetoun.

It will be observed that only four knighthoods were conferred altogether and only two of those were given the St. Michael and St. George honours. The "Companions" were more numerous, however, but the honour is not equal to that of the "knights" for only the latter are entitled to that much sought-after "Sir." Another fact about the Australian honours is that they were distributed over the entire continent. Every province and every capital received some honour, with the island province of Tasmania a little in the lead.

The number of honours which have already been conferred in the British Empire are as follows: G.C.M.G. and K.C.M.G., 82; C.M.G., 432; K.B., 563

RANCHING AND FARMING IN THE GREAT WEST.

A Returned New Brunswicker Speaks in Glowing Terms of the Prospects of Cattle and Wheat Raisers in Alberta and Manitoba.

TORONTO, August 9. — Mr. Jas. Gilchrist, of King's county, N.B., has arrived in Toronto from an extended tour through the country from Winnipeg westward to the foot of the Rockies. Mr. Gilchrist was prospecting for a suitable ranching location, and he secured an option on a place about thirty miles north of MacLeod, N.W.T., in the Porcupine Hills, which he will likely purchase, so as to commence ranching there next spring.

"It is an immense ranching country," said Mr. Gilchrist. "The Alberta district is especially advantageous in this respect, and if Canadians do not hustle more in developing it, the Americans will steal a march on them. Within the last year a very large amount of American capital and labour have gone in there, and now the country is steadily going ahead of Dakota.

Mr. Gilchrist says the reports about the big crop in the West are not exaggerated. The wheat fields look immense with their heavy crops. There is not much trouble anticipated in handling the harvest, as more labour than usual has been at the command of the farmers in consequence of the C.P.R. trackmen's strike. The only fear now is a railway blockade, such as happened a few years ago.

The cattle on the ranches are looking splendid. In another month the shipping of them East will have commenced. As to the horses, they cannot be beaten in any ranching country. Col. Dent said they were the best horses in South Africa, and, although there was some little misunderstanding about the quality, he can be easily supplied now, since it is known just what he wants.

APPLE SHIPPERS' CONVENTION.

Necessity of Careful Packing of Apples for the British Market.

TORONTO, August 9.—The National Apple Shippers' Association at their convention yesterday decided to hold their next meeting at Rochester, although Boston and Niagara competed for the convention. Prof. J. W. Robertson, in an address upon apple growing in Canada, said that the export had now reached a million barrels a year. The business had, however, suffered very severely from the fault of packing. He would like to see a similar development in the apple packing business as had been witnessed of late in the pork packing business, and which had resulted in an enormous increase of business. Inferior goods, he pointed out, were always slaughtered in the British market. Prof. Robertson drew attention to the improvement in steamship accommodation, there being now 25 vessels, supplied with mechanical refrigerators. With the railroads, however, the best arrangements that could be made was to have the cars used for apples whitewashed and the doors left three inches open in summer.

A recommendation of the Treasurer to increase the membership fee to $55 was referred to the Finance Committee.

How Does Justice Casey Know?

(Special to the Star.)

PARIS, August 9.—Justice Casey, of Australia, who passed through Paris yesterday, told a correspondent that the Marquis of Salisbury had agreed to remain as Premier until after the Coronation only at the urgent request of King Edward.

THE SOVEREIGN'S TEST OATH.

DEBATE IN THE LORDS UPON PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

Lord Salisbury's Reform Was Opposed by the Ultra-Protestants, by the High Churchmen and by Some Roman Catholics — No Chance of Reform This Year.

Lord Salisbury has delivered his ultimatum concerning the proposed amendment to the King's declaration upon his accession to the throne. If the ultra-Protestants and the Roman Catholics refuse to accept the proposed amendment it will have to stand as it is.

The discussion in the House of Lords upon the proposed change in the King's declaration of adherence to the Protestant faith made it clear that if any reform comes in the declaration, such as is now proposed, it will come very largely as the result of the protests received from Canada and other colonies, rather than from any pressure of public opinion in Great Britain itself. Lord Salisbury made this very clear in his speech, a report of which is appended. It is evident also that there is a wide divergence of opinion among Englishmen themselves as to the manner in which the declaration shall be modified, and it is quite possible that the bill may not be passed this year, but may be allowed to go over until the Coronation year. The declaration has been made by King Edward VII—it had to be made or, as Lord Salisbury pointed out, the whole political machinery would have come to a deadlock—and all loyal subjects will hope that many years shall pass before his successor shall be called upon to make a similar declaration upon his accession to the throne.

In moving the second reading of the bill, the Marquis of Salisbury said: I wish to point out some of the leading considerations which have induced us to submit this measure to your lordships. The fact that by the accession of a new Sovereign this question has been brought into public notice, and many persons have turned their attention to it who had not previously done so, is no doubt an important constituent in the causes which have made it a matter of public interest. But it is not only a mere accident of the change in the occupancy of the Throne. There is no doubt that there has been a great change in public opinion, going on for several generations, by which the objections taken to this declaration have become less and less tolerable and less and less palatable as time went on. The matter has also been brought into public view by more important considerations. Until it was discussed on the King's accession, I do not think the majority of people in any part of the Empire knew the kind of declaration which the Sovereign was forced to take. If they did know it, of course it only affected them in various ways. In those parts of the country where a very strong Protestant feeling survives, perhaps it was not received altogether with reluctance; at all events, it did not excite much hostile feeling. But it was very different in other parts of the Empire, where the Roman Catholic faith still prevails and commands the allegiance of large numbers of His Majesty's subjects. It was startling to them to know that the Sovereign was forced to make this declaration on his accession to the throne. When I say he was forced to do it, I mean that the whole political machine would have come to a deadlock if he had not done so. The statute compelled him to make this declaration before he met his Parliament, and until he met his Parliament it was impossible that any new legislation could take place. The only machine that would enable you to take a different course—that of obtaining the consent of Parliament to a repealing Act—was by the very nature of the precautions taken by the statesmen of Charles II.'s time excluded from possibility. It was found that among other things the Sovereign was required to say that the invocation or adoration of the Virgin Mary or any other saint and the sacrifice of the Masses as they are now used in the Church of Rome are superstitious and idolatrous.

THE OFFENCE TO CATHOLICS.

It was brought home to the consciences of many millions of His Majesty's subjects that the religion to which they were passionately attached was denounced in the most offensive form under the protection and coercion of the law by the Sovereign when he ascended the Throne. I suppose your lordships do not doubt that that information produced a very strong feeling on the Roman Catholic body. And the Roman Catholic body is not the same now as it was when the statesmen of Charles II. passed this oath. I will not enter into the question of the particular attitude of the Irish Roman Catholics. That subject would lay itself open to much difference of appreciation, but without dealing with Ireland at all you have the fact that Canada, Malta, Mauritius, and many other scattered communities are now attached to the Church of Rome, being subjects of the Sovereign of England, of whom it could not be said in 1680 when this oath was enacted. It is natural that a very strong feeling should have arisen among them. I have received certain documents from them. One from Malta states that the people there have heard of the declaration with great alarm and indignation, though the Roman Catholic subjects of the King in Malta yield to none in loyalty. The next is a petition from the Roman Catholic community of Mauritius, which states that the declaration cannot but be highly offensive to His Majesty's Roman Catholic subjects, and humbly praying that a bill be introduced to alter it.

THE VOICE OF CANADA.

Then I have an address from the Hierarchy of Canada to His Eminence Cardinal Vaughan, Archbishop of Westminster, expressing in the strongest way that their action did not at all qualify their sincere loyalty to the Empire to which they belong, but offering unanimous expression of their full and entire adherence to the energetic protestations which have been made by other members of the Empire who are Roman Catholics. One thing is quite clear—that it represents a totally different state of things from that which presented itself to the eyes of the statesmen of Charles II. when they passed this celebrated Act with which we are now dealing. These Catholics are no doubt devoted members to our Empire, but our King is their King, and they have as much claim on our King as we have. It is not only intelligible, but quite natural that they should look on it as a real grievance that language of a most violent and objectionable kind should be used against the articles of their faith at the most solemn moment of his reign by the Sovereign who is ascending his new Throne. It has been brought to their mind by discussions which have taken place in Parliament, and having been so brought to their minds you can imagine the pain, the grief, and the indignation which it has caused them. That being so, I do not think there is any chance but to bring it under the notice of Parliament again.

CIRCUMSTANCES HAVE CHANGED.

Two hundred and fifty years have passed since it was last under the consideration of Parliament. Many things have happened since that time. The whole character of the Empire has been changed. It was always open to objection, but there are objections now to the formula put into the mouth of the Sovereign which did not exist 250 years ago. I do not intend to treat this as in any sense a party question. It must be determined by Parliament according to its will in pursuance of the exercise of its supreme power. Our duty is fulfilled when we have submitted to Parliament the state of things that now exists, and the grounds there are for revising the oath imposed on the Sovereign at so solemn a moment. That being the case, we have proposed a bill absolutely on those lines. The object of the committee was that these offensive expressions should be withdrawn, and as much change as was necessary for that purpose should be made in the form of the statutory declaration. We never professed to go any further than that. We do not desire to enter into the question as to whether a declaration is necessary, or at all events highly expedient for the maintenance of the Protestant establishment. But that is not the point. What we desire Parliament to consider is whether it is not possible to attain this high object of policy without at the same time giving statutory sanction at a solemn moment to words which in private life one would never dream of using towards the convictions of one's friends. (Hear, hear.) That is the object of the bill, and that makes plain many things which seem to critics of the measure hard to understand. They say that, after all, at the present day a declaration is not necessary. I do not think we should find a unanimous acceptance of that view, but, at all events, it is not the point now.

A CHANCE FOR REVISION.

We desire to give Parliament an opportunity of revising this language of antique date and most objectionable character, and we do not desire to make any change beyond that elementary process. I do not know that an allusion to certain doctrines is the most desirable way of expressing our separation from the belief of the Roman Catholic Church, but we could not remove those words without making a very serious alteration in the declaration with which we are dealing, and it seemed to us essentially part of our duty to keep the alterations of the declaration as low as possible consistent with the chief object of providing that the offensive words should be withdrawn. We do not express any opinion with reference to doctrines. We think it is highly expedient not to enter on the discussion of those things, and not to alter the statute save so far as is absolutely necessary for the purpose of removing these offensive expressions, which irritate and wound our Roman Catholic fellow subjects, especially our Roman Catholic fellow subjects whose accession to the Empire is later than the passage of the old Act of Parliament. I will not enter into precise minute details of the wording. I believe that we are justified in saying that in moving that this bill be read a second time, we are only asking the House to affirm that it is desirable to remove that offensive language from the declaration. Commending it to the favourable consideration of your lordships as having an object which seems to us of high importance, I beg to move that the bill be read a second time. (Cheers.)

REJECTION MOVED.

Lord Kinnaird, who was recently in Montreal and Boston attending the Y. M. C. A. jubilee celebrations, and is noted as being an extreme Evangelical Churchman, moved the rejection of the bill, and said that he had never heard it suggested that the declaration should be altered because it was not acceptable to the Mohammedan or Hindoo subjects of the King. Why were they to be called on to alter the Constitution at the beck of the Pope of Rome? His reasons for asking that the bill should not be now read a second time were that the words of the declaration had at this time been settled with undue haste, that the proposed form of the declaration did not satisfy either the members of the Roman Catholic Church or the High Church members of the Church of England, and certainly not those who belonged to the Protestant societies throughout the kingdom.

A BISHOP'S OPINION.

The Bishop of Winchester said he should feel that they were acting wrongly if they did not now give the bill a second reading. In dealing with the matter the Government had found themselves in a most difficult position; and, although he was not exactly favourable to the precise form adopted, he thought the Government in formulating the words embodied in the bill had adopted a most statesmanlike course. There were two changes in the form approved by the committee as the form now appeared in the bill. One was the introduction of a phrase making the Sovereign declare his assent to what was described as the Protestant religion. The other was the removal of the word "adoration." Both were extremely technical, and he thought the matter should be further considered by a committee.

A HIGH CHURCH VIEW.

Viscount Halifax, the president of the English Church Union, and as advanced a High Churchman as Lord Kinnaird is an Evangelical, said that the declaration was not necessary in order to exclude a Roman Catholic from the Throne, and the form in which it was now proposed was most objectionable. When the committee was reached he should propose that the oath should be a simple declaration that the Sovereign "solemnly and sincerely, in the presence of God, do profess, testify, and declare that I am a member of the Church of England, as by law established, the doctrines of which Church I believe." He thought the noble marquis had in this instance adopted a course of timidity, and had done little towards giving effect to the sense of justice and generosity of our country. The form he now suggested would have the effect of bringing together the different portions of the Empire, instead of creating ill and bitter feeling, as the form of declaration in the bill would do.

THE PRIMATE'S OPINION.

The Archbishop of Canterbury contended that the mischief which had occurred had arisen from the refusal of the Government to permit the report to be referred back for further consideration. It was not the business of their lordships' House to discuss the various theological doctrines which had been brought forward that evening. (Cheers). As to the references made to his own opinions on transubstantiation and like doctrines, he could not answer them in this House, and he was sure their lordships would be with him in not discussing these subjects in any shape or form. (Cheers). He must say that although he did not like the form of the oath now proposed, yet the House would do wisely to pass a bill of this kind, because, as the question had been raised, no mistake should be made as to the determination of the country to secure the Protestant succession to the Throne. If there was to be no declaration at all that would simply indicate that they did not feel there was longer need for any such security. But, in his view, such security was needed, not only on religious, but also on political grounds. This country was determined to govern itself, and would have no interference from outside, or foreign Power or potentate. They must stand quite firm to this.

LORD ROSEBERY URGES DELAY.

The Earl of Rosebery said that the Archbishop of Canterbury had dwelt on the unwillingness of this realm to submit to any potentate or authority in ecclesiastical or any other matters. The supremacy of the Pope was, no doubt, one of the doctrines of the Roman Catholic Church, but it was one of the doctrines which was not included in the declaration. Looking to the debate, he thought he was entitled to offer his sympathy to the noble Marquis upon the reception which had been given to the bill. Whatever their sentiments might be about the bill, it would not, he was sure, become law this year, and therefore, the discussion so far as it had gone was purely academic, because if it could not go down from this House with a much greater impetus than it had received it seemed very likely to be able to face the rocks and waves it would encounter from the agitation of the extreme Protestants and the great body of Roman Catholic members of the House of Commons. He therefore suggested that it was not yet too late to refer the bill to such a committee as that formerly proposed—a committee of representative character, which would include members of the Roman Catholic religion as well as reverend prelates from the Episcopal Benches. With such a committee they might possibly evolve a declaration which would weather this House and perchance the House of Commons also.

Lord Herries said it was with feelings of great dissatisfaction that he read the report of the Select Committee and found that now embodied in the bill. He ridiculed the idea that the Roman Catholics gave allegiance to the Pope in matters other than spiritual. There were no more loyal subjects of the King in this country, and their loyalism had been thoroughly tested and proved during the last 300 years.

After some remarks by Lord Tweedmouth, the Bishop of Salisbury and Lord Braye,

The Marquis of Salisbury said that everybody was in favour of totally different alternatives, and he thought it would be difficult to put into the bill arrangements which would satisfy all these minds. It was quite true that the coalition of Lord Kinnaird, Lord Halifax, and Lord Llandaff would probably be capable of destroying the bill, but he was quite sure that they would not be able to put anything else in its place. (Laughter.) Unless they did so this Declaration would go on and maintain its legal power for an indefinite time. They could not get rid of it; it must either remain or a substitute must be put in its place, and there was no substituted alternative which would command the assent of the very variegated body opposite. Whatever faults they found in the bill, the Government found faults also in the enactment which was now law. If the opponents of the bill succeeded in destroying it, they would also succeed in perpetuating the present Declaration.

The House divided, when there voted—

For the bill 96
Against 6

Majority 90

The division was considered a remarkable one. Despite the adverse criticism to which the Royal Declaration Bill was exposed, only six noble lords voted against the second reading. They were Lords Aldenham, Norton, Stanmore, and Teynham, together with the tellers, Lords Kinnaird and Halifax. Several Roman Catholic peers, including the Duke of Norfolk, the Earl of Denbigh, and Lord Braye, abstained from taking part in the division. The leading members of the Opposition threw in the weight of their influence with the Government.

Wear-diffusion.

Turn up the sole of an old shoe! You'll find it worn out in spots only. Lots of leather unused, wasted. A few square inches only, ground away under pressure points of foot sole.

Heels worn down at outer edge, causing shoe to twist.

Not so with The Resilia Sole in the $5.00 Slater Shoe!

Observe how it flattens when borne upon, through the compression of the rebounding Centresole.

Reflect that this flattening means diffusion of wear, all over the sole of the shoe.

Goodyear welted—$5.00 grade.

"The Slater Shoe"

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, London — 225 St. James Street. 2381 St. Catherine St. 1551 St. Catherine St. — Agencies in every other City and Town. 186 1

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Strathcona BROCKVILLE, ONT.
The newest and nicest Hotel in Brockville. Catering especially for commercial men and tourists. 100 rooms, 40 with baths.
Rates, $2.00 and upwards.
Balconies overlooking St. Lawrence River.
THOS. CRATE, Manager,
148 78 (Late of the British American, Kingston.)

STAPLES COTTAGE Old Orchard, Me.
Opens June 15; delightfully located upon an elevation overlooking the ocean; comfortable, airy rooms, excellent table, terms moderate.
183 6 L. F. KELSEA, Prop.

CACOUNA. ST. LAWRENCE HALL
WILL OPEN JUNE 1ST.
Electric lighted. New management. Special low rates to July 15th. Thoroughly renovated. Write early to secure best rooms. SAM HARRIS, Sole Lessee and Manager, Cacouna, P. Q. 185 tf

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS
THE WINDSOR
ELIZABETHTOWN, NEW YORK.
One of the largest and finest hotels in the mountains. Fine location. Modern improvements. Electric lights. Private baths. Pure running spring water. Milk and vegetables from The Windsor farm and gardens. Orchestra.
FINEST GOLF LINKS.
Booklet, address ORLANDO KELLOGG & SON, Props.
142 tf

FRANKLIN HOUSE, Highgate Springs, Vt. Open June to October. Delightfully located on Lake Champlain. Fine drives, attractive walks, good fishing, golf. Terms reasonable. JUDSON L. SCOTT, Proprietor. 114 39eod

SUMMER RESORTS.

GASPE BASIN
The Favourite Spot for Health and Sport.
CHARMING RESORT FOR SPORTSMEN AND PLEASURE SEEKERS.
The vicinity affords beautiful Scenery, fine Sea Bathing and unexcelled fishing. Guests have the privilege of salmon and trout fishing in connection with the house
Salmon and Trout Fishing par excellence.
BAKER'S HOTEL
(OPENED JUNE 1st.)
so long and favourably known, offers first-class accommodation for tourists, with all the comforts of home.
Before making your plans for your summer outing be sure to write for terms and other information to
182 18 BAKER'S HOTEL, Gaspe, Quebec.

MANSION HOUSE, Cacouna.
Nicely situated on the banks of the beautiful St. Lawrence; very comfortable rooms; first class table; salt water baths, hot and cold, in the house. Terms moderate. For particulars please apply to
168 26 A. LUCAS, Prop.

STATLER'S HOTEL
BUFFALO, N. Y. Largest in the World.
300 ft. from the Main Entrance to the Exposition.
$2 and $2.50 For lodging, breakfast and eve. dinner. Rooms with bath extra. Send for free maps and folder, telling about our Guaranteed Accommodations. 168 13eod

ABENAKIS An ideal spot for the family to spend the season. Country air boating, bathing and fishing. In fact all the comforts of home with rest, recreation and health-giving Abenakis Mineral Water. For illustrated booklet and rates, address R. G. Kimpton, Abenakis Springs P. Q. 127 13 law

OLD ORCHARD SANITARIUM, Old Orchard, Maine. Every convenience and appliance, delightful surroundings, climate, treatment, and fine table make this an ideal place for invalids and convalescents. Write for information. Box 324. 118 39eod

RAILROADS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

BUFFALO

RETURN FARES FROM MONTREAL

Good going	Fare	Good Returning
Every day	$10.25	within nine days.
Every day	$11.90	15 days includ. day of sale

Excursion Fares from all other stations.
Tickets valid on all trains.

Unequalled Service.
Montreal to Buffalo less than 11 hours

	"International Limited"	Fast Night Express
Lv. Montreal	9.00 a.m. daily	10.30 p.m. daily
Ar. Buffalo	7.50 p.m. daily	10.45 a.m. daily
Lv. Buffalo	8.00 a.m. daily	7.00 p.m. daily
Ar. Montreal	7.00 p.m. daily	7.30 a.m. daily

All trains via Toronto and Niagara Falls.
Cafe Parlor Cars on day trains, Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains. Double track.
Excursion tickets also sold returning by R. & O. N. Co. steamers through 1,000 Islands and St. Lawrence Rapids.

PORTLAND AND THE SEA SHORE
Trains leave Montreal 8.00 a.m. week days, 8.30 p.m. daily. Through parlor and sleeping cars to Portland and Old Orchard Beach.
Excursion tickets on sale every day.

CITY TICKET OFFICES,
137 St. James St. Telephones Main 460, Main 461, or Bonaventure Station. 186 1

CANADIAN PACIFIC

20,000 FARM LABORERS WANTED. IN MANITOBA AND THE CANADIAN NORTH WEST

The Canadian Pacific R'y will run FARM LABORERS' EXCURSIONS, second class, to C. P. R. Stations in Manitoba and Assiniboia, West, South West and North West of Winnipeg as far as MOOSE JAW, ESTEVAN and YORKTON
$10.00
and to MIAMI, WAWANESA and ELGIN on Canadian Northern Railway.
AUGUST 15th, 1901, from Stations in Ontario, Sharbot Lake, Sudbury and East.
And on 16th, 1901, from Stations in Province of Quebec, Quebec, Megantic and West. Certificates will be issued entitling purchaser to a second class ticket good to return to original starting point by same route on or before Nov. 10th, 1901, at $18.00, only on conditions named therein.
For further particulars and tickets apply to nearest Canadian Pacific Ry. Agent.

MONTREAL TO
BUFFALO
AND RETURN

	Good Going	Good Returning
Every day	$10.25	8 days after day of sale
Every day	$11.90	15 days including day of sale.

Trains leave Windsor St. Station 8.55 a.m. week days and 10 p.m. daily.

ST. ANDREWS by the SEA.
Good Sea Bathing.
Best Golf Links in America.
Cheap Round-Trip Rates from Montreal.
An Ideal Summer Resort for the family.
ST. ANDREWS-BY-THE-SEA
Sleeping Car Service.
Tuesdays and Fridays through sleeper leaves Montreal, Windsor St. Station, 8.20 p.m., for St. Andrews-by-the-Sea. Returning leaves St. Andrews, Mondays and Wednesdays, arriving Montreal 8.35 a.m. following day.

PORTLAND & OLD ORCHARD SERVICE.
Through sleeper leaves Montreal, Windsor St., p.m. daily. Through Parlor Car leaves 9 a.m. week days.

Through First-class and Sleeping Car Service between Quebec, St. John, N. B., and Halifax, via Megantic.

City Ticket and Telegraph Office,
129 ST. JAMES STREET, next Post Office. 186 1

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.
Pan-American Excursions to
BUFFALO
OR NIAGARA FALLS.
Tickets on Sale Every Day at
$10.25—Good to return within 9 days.
$11.90—Good to return within 15 days.
$17.60—Good to return until Nov. 30th.
THROUGH SLEEPING CARS.
Prompt Service.
Trains leave Windsor Station, Montreal, 7.30 p.m. daily, 8 a.m. daily, except Sunday, for Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, New York and Adirondack Mountain Summer Resorts.
SATURDAY and SUNDAY to MONDAY EXCURSIONS to Valleyfield, St. Timothee, Beauharnois, Woodlands, Chateauguay. Saturday and Monday Excursions to ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS.
Complete information at
City Ticket Office, 2263 St. Catherine Street. Telephone Up. 2702; also 129 St. James St., Windsor Station and Windsor Hotel.
182 3eod

EUROPEAN & RAILWAY TICKET AGENCY
129 ST. JAMES STREET.
(Corner St. Francois Xavier)
OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS.
ALLAN LINE,
BEAVER LINE,
CANADIAN PACIFIC S.S. LINE
DOMINION LINE.
FRANCO-CANADIAN LINE.
HOLLAND AMERICAN LINE.
Plans of Steamers, Sailing Lists, etc., on application.
Excellent accommodation. Through Tickets from Montreal, including Rail and Sleeping Car Tickets.
WM. F. EGG, Agent,
129 St. James st., Montreal.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

ALLAN LINE.
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.
Via Quebec, Rimouski and Moville, Royal Mail Service.
Parisian, Aug. 10, 9 a.m., Quebec 6 p.m.
Australasian, Aug. 17, 4 a.m. Quebec 3 p.m.
Pretorian, new, Aug. 24, 9 a.m. Quebec 6 p.m.
Tunisian, Aug. 30, 1 p.m., Aug. 31, 3 p.m.
Numidian, Sept. 7, 9 a.m., Quebec 6 p.m.
When steamers sail before 9 a.m. passengers go on board previous evening between 8 and 11 o'clock.
Mail train, Intercolonial Ry. leaves Montreal 7 p.m. Saturday, making connection with steamer at Rimouski 8 a.m. Sunday.
Cabin passage, $60 and upwards. Return ticket at reduced rates. Second cabin, Liverpool, London or Londonderry, $35 to $40 single, $68.88 to $76.00 return. Steerage, Liverpool, London, Glasgow, or Belfast, $26; Paris, $33. Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.
MONTREAL to GLASGOW DIRECT.
Sicilian, from Glasgow, August 10; Montreal, August 28.
Corinthian, from Glasgow, August 17; Montreal, Sept. 4.
Sicilian carries one class of cabin passengers; rates $35 to $50.
Corinthian all classes, cabin $45 to $60; second cabin $35; third class $25.
Return tickets will be issued at reduction of five per cent.
Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal. 136 tf

—DOMINION LINE—
Mail Steamships—Liverpool Service.

From Portland.		From Boston. Via Queenstown.	
Dominion	Aug 10th	New England	Aug 14th
Cambroman	Aug 17th	Commonwealth	Aug 28th
*Roman	Aug. 24th	New England	Sept. 11th
*Ottoman	Aug. 31st	Commonwealth	Sept. 25th
Vancouver	Sept. 7th		

* This Steamer does not carry passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.	RATES OF PASSAGE
Saloon—$50.00 and upwards.	Saloon—$60.00 and upwards.
Second Saloon—$35.00 and $37.50, according to steamer.	Second Saloon — $40 and upwards.
Third Class—$25.00 and $26.00, according to steamer.	Third Class—$28.00 to London, Londonderry Belfast and Glasgow.

Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks. For further information apply to any agent of the Company, or to DAVID TORRANCE & CO., General Agents, 17 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

Franco - Canadian Line
MONTREAL to HAVRE DIRECT
SAILINGS.

From Havre.		From Montreal
30th July	"WASSAU"	16th August
14th August	"GARTH CASTLE"	30th August
2nd Sept.	"WASSAU"	17th Sept.
16th Sept.	"GARTH CASTLE"	2nd Oct.
2nd Oct.	"WASSAU"	17th Oct.
18th Oct.	"GARTH CASTLE"	2nd Nov.
1st Nov.	"WASSAU"	16th Nov.

These steamers have splendid accommodation for passengers.
SALOON RATES to Havre, $45.00; to Paris, $50.50; to Southampton, $48.25; to London, $51.50.
A reduction of 10 p. c. is allowed on return tickets.
SECOND CABIN. — To Havre, $33.00, to Paris, $38.50; to Southampton and London, $35.00
STEERAGE—To Havre, Southampton and London, $25.00. A steamer will also be despatched to Marseilles at an early date. For further information, etc., apply to any Railway Agent, or at the Company's Offices, 223 Commissioners Street, Montreal.
WM. F. EGG, Agent,
177tf 129 St. James Street, Montreal.

Elder, Dempster & Co.
BEAVER LINE.
Regular Weekly Passenger Service between Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool.

From Liverpool.		From Montreal.
July 30th	Lake Champlain	Aug. 16
Aug. 6	Lake Megantic	Aug. 23
Aug. 13	Lake Superior	Aug. 30
Aug. 20	Lake Simcoe	Sept. 6
Aug. 27	Lake Ontario	Sept. 13

*Lake Superior carries second cabin and steerage passengers only.
Winter first cabin rates are in force after July 27th.
First Cabin — Single, $47.50 and upwards; Round Trip $90 and upwards. Second Cabin—Single, $35.00 and upwards. Round Trip, $68.88 and upwards, according to steamer. Steerage Rates to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast and Queenstown, $24.50 and $25.50. Apply to any agent of the line, or to
ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
114tf 6 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

North German Lloyd.
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON—BREMEN.

Kaiserin M. Th.	Aug. 13	Kaiserin M. Th.	Sept. 10
*Lahn	Aug. 20	*Lahn	Sept. 17
Kaiser Wm. Gr.	Aug. 27	Kaiser Wm. Gr.	Sept. 24

Sailing at 10 A. M.
*To Southampton-Bremen only.
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON (PARIS) BREMEN.

Koen. Luise	Aug. 15	†H. H. Meier	Sept. 5
Fr. der Grosse	Aug. 22	Barbarossa	Sept. 12
Gr. Kurfuerst	Aug. 29	Koen. Luise	Sept. 19

Sailing 10 A. M. († to Bremen only.)
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.

Aller, Aug. 17, 10 a.m.	Werra, Sept. 14, 10 a.m.
Trave, Aug. 31, 10 a.m.	Aller, Sept. 21, 11 a.m.
:H'enzol'n, Sept. 7, noon.	Trave, Oct. 5, 11 a.m.

:(Hohenzollern) formerly Kaiser Wm. II
OELRICHS & CO., 5 Broadway, N. Y.
W. H. HENRY, SOLE AGENT for Montreal, 116 St. Peter St. 168tf

Hamburg-American.
TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.

A. Victoria	Aug. 15	F. Bismarck	Aug. 29
Columbia	Aug. 22	Deutschland	Sept. 5

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.

Pretoria	Aug. 17	Patricia	Aug. 31
*Phoenicia	Aug. 24	Waldersee	Sept. 7

*For Hamburg direct.
Hamburg-Amer. Line, 37 B'way, N. Y.
James Thom, General Agent, 44 St. Francois Xavier St., W. H. Henry, 116 St. Peter St., Montreal; D. Battersby, 178 St. James St., opposite Temple Building. 151tf

RIVER AND LAKE STEAMSHIPS.

R & O Saturday and Sunday EXCURSIONS.
SATURDAY—To Quebec, $3, good to return Sunday or Monday.
Prescott, going 11.30 a.m., returning Sunday, 6.30 p.m., $5, meals and berth included.
Vercheres, str. Terrebonne, at 2.30; returns at 8 p.m., 50c.
SUNDAY—Sorel, leaves 8 a.m. and 3 p.m., returns at 8 p.m. and 11 p.m., 90c.
For ISLE GROS BOIS at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Ticket office, 128 St. James st. 186 2

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors.

Subscriptions, $3 per annum.
Agents in France, Mayence, Favre and Cie., Paris.
Agent in Toronto, W. M. McGillivray, 76 King street west.
Agents in Ottawa, Cunningham and Co.
Agent in London, England, Percy A. Hurd, 109 Fleet street.

Circulation of the Star

WEEK ENDING AUG. 3RD, 1901.	
MONDAY	54,699
TUESDAY	54,640
WEDNESDAY	54,830
THURSDAY	54,770
FRIDAY	54,774
SATURDAY	61,047
TOTAL	334,760
Daily Average	55,793
Weekly Star Last Week	119,487

CIRCULATION OF THE STAR, DAILY AND WEEKLY, LAST WEEK. **454,247**

From the above figures are excluded several thousand subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1901.

THE CHILDREN OF THE EMPIRE.

There has been started in London, in alliance with the Victoria League, a "League of the Children of the Empire," the objects and methods of which will enlist the interest of the people in the colonies. The promoters of the movement, believing that the sense of kinship with their fellow subjects over the sea is a force which is destined to become a powerful factor in the history of the world in the near future, think that they ought not to allow their children to grow up unconscious of the bond that unites them with others who own the same allegiance, and speak the same language, in distant parts of the earth.

The aim of the league, as described by the St. James's Gazette, is "to impress upon children throughout the Empire the duty of loyalty and patriotism; to encourage and further their training in all matters calculated to make them efficient citizens in any part of the Empire, and to promote friendly intercourse between children of the Mother Country and those in the great dependencies and colonies. It is expressly provided that the work of the league shall be independent of party politics.

"Besides making a point of paying special attention to colonial subjects in the education of children associated with the league, it is proposed to establish a system of correspondence by means of which children in different parts of the Empire may be brought into touch with one another, so as to stimulate the interest of each, and increase the knowledge of each, about the conditions of life in a distant country forming part of their common patria. The league will also encourage boy members to join cadet corps, or boys' brigades, and, where possible, provide facilities for their learning the use of the rifle through practice on Morris tube ranges. In towns with riding schools the boys are also encouraged to learn how to saddle, ride, and take care of a horse, and to fit themselves to follow some handicraft which might be useful in the colonies as well as at home. It will be seen that from a purely practical standpoint the league is one to be encouraged; but in our judgment the sentiment which it seeks to implant in the young gives it a still more praiseworthy purpose. A number of well-known names appear on the Council and Executive Committee, and any one desiring information concerning the organization can obtain it from the honorary secretary, Mrs. Roland Trimen, 19 Emperor's Gate, S. W."

The movement is one that all in the colonies and dependencies will read of with pleasure. It will be the means of imparting to the children of the Mother Land a knowledge of the great aggregation of nations, called for convenience the British Empire, that we fear the average grown person of Great Britain has not shown the possession of. The colonial-educated person has a far more general knowledge of the geography, conditions and sentiments of all parts of the Empire than is usually imparted to the children of the Old Country schools. The idea of establishing a correspondence between the children of the Mother Land and those of the colonies is one which has previously been acted upon to some extent, so far as Canadian children are concerned, and it is a capital way of interesting the children of the Empire in each other's home and welfare. It will make them really feel that they are one in kin, one in national aspirations, one in loyalty to King and pride in the name of Briton.

If the agitation over the King's oath does not soon cease, it is within the bounds of possibility that His Majesty may give the world one or two samples of oaths bordering on profanity.

There is certainly a reform element at work in the Sunny South. The number of burnings at the stake is not nearly as large as the hangings and shootings by the populace, lately, and there are restrictive laws dealing with the sale of liquor being experimented with in the Carolinas. To crown all in the political meeting to discuss the relative merits of Tillman and McLaurin, being arranged for in South Carolina, the committee in charge specify that the orators are not to use profanity on the platform. Thus is the South being shorn of its ancient glory.

The experiments in the lessening of the family of the lady mosquito by using petroleum on the ponds and lakes has been tried with much success by Dr. Doty, on Staten Island. There is a question in the minds of some of the residents whether the reduction of the mosquitoes compensates for the unsightly and unsavoury condition of the ornamental waters for a large part of the summer. It has been suggested that instead of the petroleum they use swallows and martins, which might be imported in quantities and which treat gnats as their natural food. These birds, together with the chimney swifts, will make a flock of mosquitoes disappear in short order, but the common English sparrows will make life so unhappy for the other birds that they will emigrate or become outcasts. The sparrows will just drive them out of house and home. In the meantime the mosquito will go on having her regular meals.

"The Working Women of America" is the name of the servant girls' union, just formed in Chicago. The rules insist upon certain rights, among others, about company being permitted on the back door step, and prohibit the interference of a mistress in the conversation of a domestic who was entertaining her regular young man. An important rule requires that "Domestics shall be allowed such hours off Monday as will permit them to visit the bargain counters of the stores, and enjoy on Monday the same privileges enjoyed by the mistress and her daughters." Those who have been monopolizing the whole of the bargains and not allowing the ladies of the chamber and the kitchen a chance at anything but the choice goods on regular days, which do not get to the bargain counters, will now have to take their chances of having gowns, hats and gloves duplicated by their assistants or do their own work. The union is a thousand strong, and increasing, so there is going to be trouble in some homes in the city of pork, progress and wind.

MORE CENSUS SPECULATIONS.

Ottawa Correspondent Gives Some Hints as to the Probable Figures.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, August 9.—The Globe's Ottawa correspondent says: It is idle to speculate about the population of the Dominion, seeing that the full returns have not yet been received and that the figures at present available have not been totalled up.

There are about a dozen Ontario constituencies from which some returns are still awaiting, including Algoma, Muskoka and Nipissing. A few enumerators' reports still remain to be received from the North-West.

A number of the Ontario counties will show a large decrease of population, but so will certain Quebec constituencies. Bagot and Rouville, for example, appear to have about 3000 less population than in 1891. Other Quebec electoral districts show a falling-off of ten or eleven hundred.

The estimate of Toronto's population as 220,000 will probably turn out about right.

NOTES OF THE NEWS.

A number of counterfeit Newfoundland coins are in circulation in Hull.

Mr. J. R. Brown, of Greenwood, B. C., is in Ottawa, and has interviewed Hon. David Mills on the subject of the appointment of a junior county judge for Yale county.

A certificate of reduction of the capital stock of the International Bell Telephone Company, Limited, from $750,000 to $500,000, has been filed at Albany, N. Y., with the Secretary of State.

The Ontario Provincial Board of Health has ordered the militia authorities to fumigate the uniforms of the three Halton companies who were in camp at Niagara last month, and from whom smallpox patients are believed to have come.

The Kilmer Paper Mill at Rock City Falls, N. Y., which closed down six years ago, after having been in operation for fifty years, will be started up next week as a white paper manufactory. The resumption of work will give employment to fifty persons.

The Canada Atlantic Railway Company has been losing grain in large quantities at the Ottawa Central Station yards. Young lads have been doing the stealing and selling bags of grain to other parties. They were allowed to go on suspended sentence.

The United States Navy Department has ordered the battleship Wisconsin, now at the Puget Sound Naval Station, to San Francisco, to be in readiness there to proceed to Panama in case the State Department asked for a war vessel on the Pacific side of the Isthmus.

The Federal Government has received no communication regarding the incident reported at Windsor, Ont., of the American customs agent who was ordered back over the line for watching Canadian stores, with the object of detecting American purchasers, who were smuggling goods across into Detroit.

Mrs. Cameron, wife of Rev. Charles Cameron, Windsor, Ont., a retired Presbyterian minister, was preparing the mid-day meal yesterday, when her clothing in some manner became ignited, and in a moment she was ablaze from head to foot. She was frightfully burned about the head and body.

The grand jury of New York on Thursday returned 24 indictments against bookmakers, gambling houses and policy shops. These were hold-over cases which had accumulated in the District Attorney's office and had been presented principally by the Society for the Prevention of Crime, the Committee of Fifteen and the Anti-Policy League.

At St. Catharines, Ont., a large building being erected as a malleable iron works by the Hamilton Bridge Company for the McKinnon Dash and Metal Works Company's new plant, was blown down on Thursday. Two iron workers, Alex. Armstrong and Peter Cavanagh, of Toronto, were slightly injured, and were removed to the hospital.

Honours for Von Waldersee.

HAMBURG, August 9.—Replying to an address presented to him in the Town Hall by the Burgomaster on his arrival home yesterday, Count von Waldersee gave credit for the German success in China to the officers and men of the expeditionary force. He said he hoped for the speedy advent of peace, in order that German trade and enterprise might profit by the result of the year's operations, which had greatly increased German prestige in the Far East.

General Von Wittich read to Von Waldersee a Cabinet order, in which the Emperor thanked him for his Chinese services, and bestowed upon him the Order Pour Le Merite, with oak leaves, and directed that the Ninth Regiment of Field Artillery hereafter bear the name of Von Waldersee.

Thirty Bullets in Him, But Not Dead.

GREENUP, Ky., August 9.—As a result of a pitched battle between Joel Allen on one side, and William Wiseman and Kelso Strugis on the other, Allen lies at the point of death, with 30 holes shot into him. A daughter of Allen and a sister of Wiseman had trouble, and the men were also involved. Wiseman was shot in the neck. Wireman and Strugis are in gaol.

THE PASSING HOUR.

VIRTUE'S REWARDS.

The baby that's good lies all day long,
Toying away with his toes,
And no one lingers to croon him a song
Or lessen his little woes;
The baby that's good neglected lies
Where the sun shines into his blinking eyes
And the flies trot over his nose.

The baby that squalls all day, all night,
Is "mother's sweet, precious pet;"
She fondles and rocks him with all her might,
And leaves everything else upset;
The baby that only knows how to squall
Is dandled and pampered and always gets all
The care that there is to get.

The man who quietly toils away,
With never a plaint nor sigh,
Just doing his best day after day,
With hopes of the By-and-By,
Who merely accepts what the world accords,
Receives but few of the sweet rewards
For which the successful try.

The man who demands the best there is,
Who asks—as the poorest may—
Though others have stronger claims than his,
Takes the fairest gifts away;
The man who asks may have little worth
But he gets the best that there is on earth
For saying his little say.

A HANDICAP.

Poppers—No, we haven't christened the baby yet. My wife wants to give him a fancy name out of a book, but I won't have it.

Ascum—Why not?

Poppers—Because then he'd grow up to be homely as blue mud, and tough as nails. I never knew it to fail.

"CHEER UP!"

"Chirrup! Chirrup!" said the mocking bird in the tree above the shady lane.

"It's easy to say 'Cheer up!' muttered the forlorn hobo lying in the fence corner, "but if you'd gone an' refused a drink from a water gourd, an' then found out 'twasn't worter, but old peach brandy, you'd never say 'Cheer up!' again!"

"THERE'S THE RUB."

Appy Tite—If we only had some lines now we might do a little fishin'.

Shady Bowers—Fishin', eh! Who's goin' ter dig de bait, bait de hooks, t'row in de lines, haul out de fish an' take 'em off de hooks?

Appy Tite—Dat's so; we'd have to hire somebody to do dat part of it.

"NEXT!"

The Ontario and Quebec barbers are going to hold their first annual picnic on Sunday, the 25th inst., at Rigaud. They will have luncheon under the beautiful bay rum trees, and a fine programme of games is being arranged. The inter-provincial long-distance talking match promises to be a close shave, and a most interesting contest will be the guessing of the number of hairs in a bottle of hair restorer.

THE ROYAL SMOKES.

Ten thousand cigars intended for the use of the Duke of Cornwall and his suite while in Canada went down in the steamship Lusitania, and the cigarmakers here are on strike. What a nice surprise it would be for H.R.H. if some of our worshipful mayors, instead of each presenting him with a loyal, dutiful and stupid address, were to present him with a box of cigars!

N.B.—Cigars intended for use in the Ontario election campaign should not be diverted from their original purpose.

OUT OF PRINT.

The Critic tells of a lady who uses the post-cards which frequently accompany advertisements. Wishing to use one from a well-known publishing house, she substituted her dairyman's name. On the reverse she wrote: "Please send me one dozen fresh-laid eggs." The post-office paid no attention to the address, but forwarded the card to the publishers whose imprint it bore. The next day it was returned with this indorsement signed by one of the firm: "Very sorry we can't fill your order. Out of print and scarce." Not to be outdone, she wrote back, "If none fresh on hand, the lays of Ancient Rome will do."

SNAP SHOTS.

Commandant Reviilliers has surrendered at Warm Baths. It will be remembered that one of the Boers captured at Reitz was having a bath at the time. The Boers are evidently out of their element when they are in baths.

An Irish judge sitting in Four Courts, Dublin, in summing up a case in which the plaintiffs were a lady and her daughter, began: "Gentlemen of the jury; everything in this case seems plain — except Mrs. O'Toole and her charming daughter."

The mental condition of Mr. Kruger is at last said to be arousing the serious apprehension of his friends. If he is exhibiting any worse symptoms than he has been showing during the last year or two, his friends are certainly justified in calling in a specialist. By the way, have not Labouchere and Stead any friends.

The unfortunate gentleman who is now in charge of the police, who is under the delusion that he is King Edward, has another delusion—that he is great opera singer. Both forms of delusion are common, but while most of the people who imagine themselves to be kings are in asylums, most of those who imagine themselves to be great opera singers are on the stage.

The United States forces in the Philippines are reported to have fought over a thousand engagements from May, 1900, to June, 1901. The official statistics show that in each of these sanguinary encounters Uncle Sam lost on an average about a quarter of a man killed, about two men wounded, and about one tailor captured. The exact figures are: Engagements, 1,026; killed, 245; wounded, 499; captured, 118; missing, 20.

Mr. Richard Croker, who is in London, is indignant at the statement that Tammany Hall has determined to insult the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall if they visit New York. He declares that his men are gentlemen, and no more likely to insult visitors of any rank than Englishmen are to insult him. But he adds that Tammany has no use for royalty, and consequently would ignore the royal visit and leave to the Four Hundred the task of shoe-licking. The bitterness of the last touch almost suggests that Richard himself has been ignored by London's "Upper Ten."

TAKEN AT HIS WORD.

The celebrated French poet, Saint Foix, who, in spite of his large income, was always in debt, sat one day in a barber shop waiting to be shaved. He was lathered when the door opened and a tradesman entered, who happened to be one of the poet's largest creditors.

No sooner did this man see Saint Foix than he angrily demanded his money.

The poet composedly begged him not to make a scene.

"Won't you wait for the money until I am shaved?"

"Certainly," said the other, pleased at the prospect.

Saint Foix then made the barber a witness of the agreement and immediately took a towel, wiped the lather from his face and left the shop.

He wore a beard to the end of his days.

A FEW REFLECTIONS.

A REFLECTION IN WINTER.

How nice it is to take one's ease,
Your hammock swung beneath the trees,
Be visited by birds and bees
(Ne'er by a plumber),
See petals fall instead of snow
While gentle zephyrs softly blow,
To lie and watch the green things grow,
In summer.

A REFLECTION IN SUMMER.

Now nice it is December nights
To watch the back-log's dancing lights
And see the nimble fire-sprites
Leap twig and splinter;
To sit within the chimney-nook,
Upon your face contentment's look,
And read your best-beloved book.
In winter.

A DEDUCTIVE REFLECTION.

How nice 'twould be if 'twere our lot
And with the seasons, cold or hot,
And with the seasons, cold or hot,
To just philander;
To ne'er have weather come amiss
Would be almost supernal bliss,
And joy complete, I say all this
In candor.

WHO'S WHO AND WHAT'S WHAT

RUSSIA'S MAN AT PEKIN.—M. Paul Lessar, the successor of M. de Giers as Russian Minister Plenipotentiary at Pekin, is on his way to his new and responsible post. For sixteen years this popular Councillor of the Russian Embassy in London has been a familiar figure in English society. He is fifty years old, and set out in life as an engineer. He accompanied General Skobeleff to survey the sites of the new Asiatic railways projected by the Government. After that he joined General Komaroff as an expert in surveying and exploring the Turcoman country between the Caspian and Afghanistan.

M. Paul Lessar, Chief of the Russian Legation at Pekin.

A PRINCESS OF POSSIBILITIES.—The Archduchess Elizabeth of Austria is a young woman who is destined to figure prominently in the political and matrimonial affairs of Europe—political, because, being an imperial princess, her position is a commanding one in international affairs, and matrimonial because, being granddaughter to an emperor-king, she is eligible as a queen or an empress. Even now it is said she may become the bride of the German Crown Prince, heir apparent to the Prussian throne. Archduchess Elizabeth is the granddaughter of Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, and the daughter of the late Archduke Rudolphe, whose tragic death occurred in 1889. The youthful archduchess is also granddaughter of King Leopold of Belgium, her mother being Stephanie, Princess of Belgium. Her full name is Elizabeth Marie, Henriette Stephanie Gisele, and in September of this year she will be eighteen years old. The Crown Prince of Germany is one year her senior.

The Archduchess Elizabeth.

APPOINTMENTS THIS EVENING.

FRANCAIS—"Ten Nights in a Bar-Room."
PROCTOR'S—"Young Mrs. Winthrop" and "The Sunset."
GENTRY'S TRAINED DOG SHOW—Near Ball Grounds.
SOHMER PARK—Vaudeville.

The Californian Smelter Robbery.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9. — The theory upon which the detectives are now working is that the recent smelter robbery was executed by one man only. It is thought that the two bars of gold found on the waters edge were placed there designedly, for the purpose of creating the impression that the gold had been carried away in a boat. On this hypothesis, a strict search is being made near the scene of the robbery for the stolen gold.

Disastrous Thunderstorm in Maine.

ELIOT, Maine, August 9.—A heavy thunderstorm passed over this place early this morning causing considerable damage. The farm buildings of Nathaniel Staples, considered the most valuable in this vicinity, were struck by lightning and burned. Mr. Staples was rendered unconscious by the bolt and died soon afterwards. Sixteen cows perished in the stables. The financial loss is $9,000.

Collection Raised for Carrie.

TOPEKA, Kas., August 9.—Mrs. Carrie Nation was released from gaol last night, enough money having been raised by the temperance people here to pay her fine. Mrs. Nation will go to Atlantic City next week.

A DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

Gown of painted mousseline de soie and black velvet ribbon.

THIS DATE 30 YEARS AGO.

(From the Star Files of August, 1871.)

Thermometer, max. 73; min. 58.

The first hansom cab appears on Craig street stand.

Holman Opera Co. in "Il Travatore" and "Opera Mad," at the Royal.

The 62nd Battalion, St. John, N. B., has been disbanded by orders from Ottawa.

Proposed to build new storage reservoir, Cote St. Antoine Road, to hold 200,000,000 gallons, costing $750,000.

P. E. Island in accepting Washington Treaty demands from England a money indemnity for the loss of her fisheries.

Frank Matthews, a noted English comedian, who had been before the public over forty years, dies at the age of 65.

Lieut. Leader, late of the French Army, lectures in St. Patrick's Hall, on the Franco-Prussian War to a small audience.

The Island of Cuba is in a state of tranquility and the seige of Porto Rico has been raised. Capt. General has tendered his resignation to Spain.

The ex-Emperor of the French is living very quietly, incog., in London, walking about the west end occasionally, with a friend, seeming happy and free from care.

Commission in Paris agree to declare legal marriages celebrated under the Commune. The immediate restoration of the Palais Royal, the Louvre, and other buildings to be commenced.

Signor Rubini, conjuror and noted gift enterprise at St. Patrick's Hall; Sallie Holman Opera Co. in "La Belle Helene" at the Royal; Skiff and Gaylord's Albino Minstrels at Mechanics' Hall.

Col. Van Schmidt closes a contract at San Francisco to construct the tunnel for the Pacific railroad through the Sierra, Nevada, wide enough for a canal and railroad track; to be completed in five years; company to pay a million as their share of the cost.

Special Notice.

Interesting to Men.

The chief of our Men's Furnishing Department is justifiably proud of this store, and the magnificent stock it holds. There's perfect taste and neatness in the things that men like at The S. Carsley Co., and this idea is helped by a rigid economy in the prices asked.

Mothers

cannot be too careful during the hot weather in the selection of food for their babies.

Nestle's Food

answers all requirements. We want every mother to appreciate its great value, and will send enough for eight meals and our book for mothers on request.

Leeming, Miles & Co.,
MONTREAL.
186s1

SENT TO GAOL FOR SAFE KEEPING,

EDWARDS WILL PROBABLY BE SENT BACK TO ENGLAND

On the Parisian on Saturday — Quebec Police Placed the Man on the Train With No Person to Look After Him — Gave Away His Clothing.

In the Recorder's Court yesterday, Mr. Recorder Poirier committed Frederic Howard Edwards, the young Englishman whose adventures since his arrival in Canada, on the Parisian, on Saturday last, were related in Wednesday's and Thursday's issues of the Star, to the gaol for a week, pending the result of an enquiry into his mental condition. It is probable, however, that he will be allowed to sail for England to-morrow morning, as it is understood the officials of the Allan Line are willing that he should return to his native country on the Parisian which leaves port to-morrow for Liverpool.

A fellow-passenger of the young man has already written to the former's father, apprising him of his son's condition, and asking him to meet the Parisian on its arrival in Liverpool. The letter will go by way of New York and will consequently reach England a couple of days ahead of the Parisian's arrival.

A passenger in speaking of Edward's eccentricities on board the Parisian, said that he had attracted considerable attention on the voyage out.

HE WANTED TO SING.

Hon. David Mills and Mr. J. D. Clark, his private secretary, were also passengers on the boat, and at a lecture on board, given by Professor Robertson, when Mr. Mills was in the chair, Mr. Edwards was desirous of giving a vocal exhibition. It appears that he was put on board the Parisian at Liverpool, by a man representing himself to be his brother. At that time the poor fellow was apparently suffering from nervous exhaustion produced by overwork, but was apparently sane. His hallucinations did not commence to exhibit themselves till the fourth day out.

The ship left Liverpool on Thursday and on the Monday, Mr. Edwards stated that he had been much impressed by the sermon at the service on Sunday, so much so that he had prayed that he might be cured of his nervous malady. In answer to his prayer, he said, something like a stroke of lightning had struck him on the head and had passed completely through him. As a consequence he had received a revelation that he was possessed of a most magnificent voice, and great perfection in singing and elocution, so that he would in future be able to make a competency by these means, instead of going back to the drudgery of the Stock Exchange. As Professor Robertson lectured, Edwards' name was placed by some one on the black-board for a song, and when the Professor was half way through his lecture, he rose and addressing the Hon. David Mills, said, "Mr. Chairman, I was to sing but apparently there is some mistake as I have not been called on." No notice was taken of the interruption, and he remained quiet during the rest of the evening. He was very anxious to sing at the usual concert given on board, his name was not put on the programme.

After he had announced his vocal abilities, his whole effort was to exemplify these gifts even to the extent of getting up at 3 o'clock in the morning to sing on the promenade deck. Only once did he give evidence of his hallucination in regard to royalty and that was when he invited the Canadian passengers, including the Cabinet ministers on board, to attend his approaching wedding, promising to introduce them all to the King and Queen, who were to attend the festivities.

He left the Parisian at Quebec arrayed in evening dress, declaring that he had an engagement to sing that evening at the Tivoli Gardens. That was the last the Ottawa passengers saw of him. He appeared to be well supplied with money, which he carried in a waist belt.

ON HIS WAY FROM QUEBEC.

The unfortunate man seems to have attracted a good deal of attention wherever he happened to go. A well known citizen of Montreal, who travelled up from Quebec with Edwards, on Tuesday morning last, gave a Star reporter an account of what took place. "The train," he said, "left Quebec Station, about eleven o'clock. A few minutes before that hour a cab drove up to the entrance to the depot, and in it were two policemen and a well dressed Englishman, whom I afterwards discovered was Edwards. The policemen escorted the man to the shipping car in which my berth was, and from what I saw, placed him in charge of the conductor, giving him the unfortunate fellow's ticket. After the train started, I noticed nothing particular about Edwards' conduct for a little time. My attention was first drawn to him by the porter requesting him not to sleep with his berth curtains wide open. This seemed to rouse him for he dressed and began walking up and down the passage talking to himself. He then took off his clothes, put on a long pair of black silk stockings and throwing a Scotch travelling rug over his bare shoulders strutted up and down the car. He then attired himself in a faultless suit of evening dress clothes, and wandered into the smoking room which was crowded. His appearance, of course, excited comment, and he seemed quite willing to talk. For hours, in fact, till the train reached Mile End, he told the crowd in the smoking room fairy tales about his being the King of England and offered them all kinds of money the following day.

GAVE AWAY CLOTHING.

"A new fit seized him during the night, and he went to a couple of large bags he had with him, and distributed to those in the car who would accept them, articles of wearing apparel which were of the finest make and must have cost considerable money. When the train reached Mile End station the crowd in the smoking apartment left the car, and Edwards disappeared with them. This was about half past six o'clock in the morning. The next I heard about him was when I read in the Star Tuesday evening, of his actions at the Oriental baths and the police station.

"From what I saw of him Edward's appeared to be a gentleman in every way, but one look at him was enough to show even the casual observer what was wrong.

"It seems strange that the police in Quebec should find it necessary to drive to the depot with the man and then turn him on the train without any one to look after him. It was nothing short of absolute cruelty in my opinion."

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

PROCTOR'S 10c 25c 50c
THE F. F. PROCTOR BIG STOCK CO.
Mon., Tues., Wed. — Three Hats and Sunset.
Thur., Fri., Sat.—Young Mrs. Winthrop. In the Olio—Pansy Driscoll, Kalatechnoscope, Views, etc. Box Seats Reserved. Tel. Up 2425.
Doors Open at 1.30 and 7.30 p.m. Daily.
182*5

ORDERS BY O. C.

2nd Regiment Canadian Artillery.

The regiment will parade Friday evening, August 9th, at 8.15 p.m. Uniform, drill order. All detachments for Quebec must attend.

By Order,
J. H. WYNNE, Capt.,
Acting Adjutant.
185 *2

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

FRANCAIS SUMMER STOCK SEASON.
BALDWIN-MELVILLE CO.
Matinees Wed., Friday and Saturday.
TO-DAY MATINEE AND TO-NIGHT.
TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR-ROOM
Saturday Mat. & Night—Rip Van Winkle.
Prices { Night, 10, 20, 30 & 50c. } No
{ Matinee - 10 & 25c. } Higher.
Next Week—Under Two Flags.
185 3

Saturday Excursion.

The Steamer CHATEAUGUAY will leave No. 1 Canal Basin, foot of McGill street, at 2 p.m., passing around the Chateauguay Islands, then through Lake St. Louis to Beauharnois, returning by N.Y.C. Railway to Montreal, arriving at Montreal at 10.10 p.m. A most delightful trip.
ROUND TRIP, 75c.
Tel. Main 2710. 145*1awtf

CHAMPIONSHIP LACROSSE.
Montreal vs. Shamrock,
S. A. A. A. Grounds,
SATURDAY, 10th Aug., 1901
Ball Faced at 3 p.m. 1½ hour's play. Rain or shine.
General admission, 25c. Grand Stand, 35c. Reserved Seats, 50c.
185s2 T. F. SLATTERY, Hon. Sec.

THE FRESH AIR FUND.

Subscribers to the Fund, who forward their contributions to the Star Office, are requested to send, when possible, cheques payable to order. When, however, the money is handed in, a receipt should be obtained. The publishers cannot hold themselves responsible for sums for which a proper receipt has not been issued. Those wishing to subscribe anonymously may as readily obtain such a receipt under whatever fictitious name or initials they may adopt, as where the actual name is given. 127 * tf

LIFE IN RUSSIA IS EASY-GOING.

CZAR'S SUBJECTS NOT INOCULATED WITH THE HURRY IDEA.

They Take Their Time Over Business Matters, Live Leisurely and Postpone Until To-morrow Everything That They Can Avoid Doing To-day.

It has been frequently stated that St. Petersburg is not Russian; that the fact that it was founded in comparatively recent years and that it is the capital of the empire makes it essentially modern and cosmopolitan. While there is a great deal of truth in such a statement, the traveller who visits St. Petersburg before stopping at any other Russian city is impressed by many features which are to be found in none of the other large European centres. In fact, we find here real Russian life greatly modified by the superficial differences of life in England, France, and Germany. St. Petersburg, too, is influenced by the changes which are taking place in other parts of the world; it has not the same inertia as Moscow and the rest of Russia. Still, from a Canadian point of view, the city is backward and slow. This statement cannot be applied so much to its social life as to its methods of doing business and of introducing improvements.

If Russia has internal weakness to-day, one may find some explanation by walking along the Nevsky Prospect, in St. Petersburg. In the throng of Russians who are always passing up and down this busy thoroughfare there is no lack of fine looking men and of intelligent faces, but these men are all wearing the Czar's uniform, as army or navy officers, or as 'tchiinovniks" (civil officials). Those are almost the only professions which are open to gentlemen in Russia.

BUSINESS HOURS EASY.

Russian business hours are very easy. In St. Petersburg scarcely anybody thinks of breakfasting before 9 o'clock, and the people of fashion so turn night into day that they rise at noon. Nobody ever seems to be in a hurry; if you cannot transact business to-day, to-morrow will do as well. The business day not only begins late, but there is a long interval at noon for "dejeuner," followed by the prolonged sipping of tea and the smoking of numbers of cigarettes and looking through the papers. The Russian business man lingers over his luncheon in a way which suggests the summer vacation. All his movements, even, are leisurely. When he has eaten, smoked and read enough, he saunters back to his work again. Even the foreigners who go to Russia to carry on business are likely to fall into the same habits, for it is impossible to hustle when nobody else does. During the winter the Russians who are in banks or counting houses, or stores, sip tea during the whole of business hours. It has been estimated that fifty glasses are often consumed per capita during the day. If such lav methods prevail among those who depend for their daily bread on the amount of their exertions, it may be imagined how little is accomplished by the army of "tchiinovniks" or Government employes, many of whom are in the service simply because of their title of nobility or their influential friends. Many who rest secure in fat positions on account of powerful connections make scarcely a pretence of doing anything at all. Toward noon they drive up to the door of their Ministry behind a fast horse, enter their offices, look over a few papers, smoke a few cigarettes, then take a long recess for "dejeuner"; again, a few papers and cigarettes, then a glass of tea, and the day's duties are done. The real work may be accomplished by some subordinate who is less sure of his place. But even at the best conducted ministries no business is ever done quickly. Papers may wait weeks on an officials' desk before they are attended to, then when a matter is taken up, the red tape begins.

The Russians themselves are often keenly alive to the shortcomings of their institutions. A peasant was once asked why the Russian calendar was thirteen days behind that of the rest of the world. He scratched his mop of hair, thought a minute, and then said: "When Christ was born, the news was carried to the different countries of the world and was accepted at once everywhere but in Russia; here a tchinovnik was obliged first to make a report, and that took thirteen days." Many methods are resorted to by those anxious to have certain affairs attended by some department. In small matters an attendant is sometimes bribed to place the papers at the top of the pile on the official's desk. At other times the "almighty rouble" may play an important part.

COST OF LIVING HIGH.

The cost of living in St. Petersburg is very high, and there, where one expects to find the finest hotels in Russia, they are poor as well as high priced. There is more comfort to be found at some of the hotels at Moscow and other places in the interior. The real Russian living is very good, the food itself is excellent, and the cooking often equal to the French, from whom much of it is borrowed, while a number of purely Russian dishes, many of them delicious, are added. In St. Petersburg the cost of many of these Russian dainties is very great; fresh caviar, for instance, which foreigners imagine is universally eaten throughout Russian dominions, is there worth almost its weight in gold, and, therefore seldom eaten except at the swell restaurants, or in well-to-do households.

The high price of dwelling houses adds very largely to the cost of living. Only the members of the imperial family and the nobility who are possessed of large means can afford to live in houses, though these should more properly be called palaces; all the rest of the inhabitants, including many of the rich and very well-to-do, live in large apartment houses, in what are called "lodgements."

Perhaps the most primitive institutions of St. Peterburg are the street cars. Though electric lights are very generally used in the houses and public buildings, electricity has yet to be applied to street locomotion. The public is accommodated by many lines of dilapidated looking busses and trams, which always seem to be going at a snail's pace unless you happen to want to get on or off, when they will rarely slow up for you, and so it is necessary to take a flying leap. The Russians seem to be used to this method, and perform dizzy feats with ease, but it is sometimes hard on the newcomer who has not been having an athletic training. The usual fare is five or six copecks (a copeck is half a cent), and on one or two lines it is possible to transfer. Along the principal street, on which are nearly all the stores, the tram line has only a single track, with a few switches. As a consequence there are intervals of ten minutes between the trams, and then they come jogging along three close together, and none of them full.

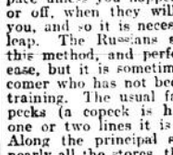
QUEER STREET PAVEMENTS.

The street pavement is partly of wood, partly of cobblestones, and the wood pavement is renewed about once a year, during the summer. The wood is not laid in oblong blocks, like those of London, but in thick blocks cut with five sides. They are set on a bed of planks, which, in turn, are laid on a foundation of stone. In spite of all this, the roads are likely to sink in spots on account of the marshy nature of the soil on which the city is built. When these wooden roads are newly laid the sensation of riding over them is very pleasant, especially since the average vehicle is harnessed to a fast-going horse.

This suggests the most picturesque feature of St. Petersburg streets, the droskies and their drivers. The latter are clothed, even during the most intense heat of the summer, in long blue cloaks, which sweep the ground when they walk. On their heads are squat beaver hats, somewhat in the style of those which our ancestors wore nearly one hundred years ago. These men are called "isvostchiks." Their thick, blonde hair is cut in a straight line around their necks, while their faces are generally covered with a heavy beard. They are good-natured souls, and when they are not driving they sit in their droskies, which are drawn up at the side of the street, and generally take a doze while they are waiting for fares; so before you engage one it is generally necessary to give him a poke in the shoulder, which restores him to consciousness. Once you make a bargain with an "isvostchik" about the fare, he seldom goes back on his part of the contract, and the fares are less than in London or Paris. If you exercise a little patience in bargaining you can go a good distance for 20 or 30 copecks. No attention is ever paid to the printed tariff which is fastened inside of every carriage.

Delightful and Select
Trip to Carillon and back, $1.00
PALACE STEAMER SOVEREIGN.
Ottawa and return, Boat, $4.00.
Up Rail, return Boat, $5.00.
Take 8 a.m. Train for Lachine. 182s5

Mineral Water Treatment is the Panacea of the Educated. The
CALEDONIA SPRINGS
Waters and Baths are unequalled in efficacy. 151stf



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The Great English Remedy.
Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Six packages guaranteed to cure all forms of Genital Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package $1, six $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.
The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.
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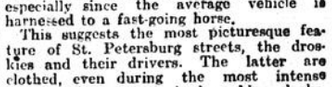

COMMON SENSE
Kills Rats, Mice, Roaches, Bed Bugs.
NO OFFENSIVE ODOR.
All Druggists, or 381 Queen, West, TORONTO.
Beware of imitations. 77tf

Sardou's Early Struggles.

The earlier part of M. Victorien Sardou's career was beset with many trials and difficulties. His parents wished him to take up a medical career, and he began his studies with some zeal. The love of the drama, however, was far greater than the love of the pill-box, and in the interval of the other work Sardou was busy upon a play. Life was a struggle for him, for he had little money, though he managed to get journalistic work to supplement his more slender income. His first play was a failure, and Sardou rushed from the theatre vowing never to enter one again. He fell seriously ill, was nursed back to health by Mlle. de Brecourt, an actress, who lived on a floor below, and from that time his fortune was made.

CHOICE OF THE KING'S NEW TITLE

THE STYLE ADOPTED WAS SUGGESTED BY CANADA.

Mr. Chamberlain's Original Suggestion of "King of Greater Britain" is Not Approved by the Colonies—All the Other Colonies Unite on the Change Proposed by Canada.

LONDON, August 9.—To Canada belongs the distinction of having suggested, as an alternative, the phrase which Lord Salisbury has announced as that which the King will probably add to his royal title—"and of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas," thus making the royal title "Edward VII., by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India."

This interesting fact is contained in a white paper containing "correspondence relating to the proposed alteration of the Royal Style and Titles of the Crown." The correspondence took place by cable between Mr. Chamberlain and the Governors-General of Canada and Australia, and the Governors of the Cape, Natal, New Zealand and Newfoundland, during January and February last.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S MESSAGE.

In the first instance, on January 29, Mr. Chamberlain sent the following cable to Lord Minto, in Canada, and Lord Hopetoun, in Australia:

"King Edward's accession offers an opportunity of considering the Monarch's titles, and I am very desirous that the separate and greatly increased importance of the Colonies should be recognized if possible.

"I therefore venture to suggest 'King of Great Britain and Ireland and of Greater Britain beyond the Seas.'

"It is possible that some of the self-governing Colonies might desire more special recognition as King of Canada, King of Australia, but this would give rise to very great difficulties. Other self-governing Colonies, viz., New Zealand, Newfoundland, the Cape of Good Hope and Natal, could hardly be excluded. It would be also desirable to refer to the Crown Colonies, all of which would be covered by the expression which I propose.

"I request that you will consult your Ministers most confidentially and inquire whether such recognition by the King would be gratifying to them, and, if so, whether they approve of the proposed style."

LORD MINTO'S REPLY.

The Earl of Minto was the first to reply. His answer, which was received on February 6, intimated that the Canadian Government considered that the expression "Greater Britain" was, perhaps, hardly definite or intelligible enough for such a formal purpose, and suggested alternatives. It was as follows:

"Referring to your telegram of January 29, respecting the King's title, my responsible advisers desire me to express their high appreciation of your action in inviting the opinion of the Government of Canada on this important matter. They recognize the desirability, if the result can be reached without inconvenience of making His Majesty's titles convey, not only to his own subjects but to foreign Powers as well, some idea of the world-wide character of the Empire over which he rules. They entertain some doubt as to the appropriateness of the expression 'Greater Britain,' which, while convenient colloquially, is perhaps hardly definite or intelligible enough for such a formal purpose. They would therefore suggest for consideration the expediency of retaining the title of King of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India, and adding the words 'King of Canada, Australasia, South Africa and all the British Dominions beyond the Seas'; but if the mention of greater Colonies be deemed unfair to remainder of smaller Colonies, or otherwise objectionable, the addition to title might be 'King of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas.' The repetition of the word 'King' in the title would perhaps be open to criticism, in which case the word 'Sovereign' might be used as a suitable synonym. The King's title would then be 'King of Great Britain and Ireland, Emperor of India, and Sovereign of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas.'"

AUSTRALIA'S IDEA.

An amendment very much to the same effect was submitted on behalf of the Australian Commonwealth Ministers, by the Earl of Hopetoun, telegraphed on February 8:

With reference to your telegram of January 29, the Ministers of the Commonwealth would prefer as the title of the Monarch the following, which appears to them to meet the wishes of His Majesty's subjects in the Commonwealth of Australia, viz.: "Of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and Sovereign Lord of the British Realms, beyond the Seas."

THE OTHER COLONIES.

On February 13 Mr. Chamberlain communicated by wire with the Governors of the Cape, Natal, New Zealand, and Newfoundland, transmitting the proposals which had been put forward by Canada and Australia. His despatch was as subjoined:

King Edward's accession offers an opportunity of considering the title of the Monarch, and I am desirous that the separate and greatly increased importance of the Colonies should be recognized, if possible. The following suggestions have been made:

First.—"King of Great Britain and Ireland, Emperor of India, and King (or Sovereign) of Canada, Australasia, and all the British Dominions beyond the Seas."

Second.—Addition to present title of the words "Sovereign Lord, or King, of the British Realms beyond the Seas."

Third.—Addition to present title of the words "King of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas;" without specifying any particular Colony.

On the whole, I prefer the third suggestion. I shall be glad if you will consult your Ministers confidentially, and inquire whether such recognition by His Majesty would be gratifying to them, and, if so, which they would prefer of the above suggestions.

Sir W. F. Hely-Hutchinson, Governor of Natal, replied on the 17th, favouring one of the two shorter of the proposed titles.

Your telegram of February 13 having been laid before Ministers, Prime Minister has replied that the third alternative, "King of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas," is preferred. He adds that such a recognition of the Colonies will be gratifying to Ministers.

The same view was taken by the Ministers of Cape Colony, whose reply was communicated by Sir Alfred Milner (as he then was), on February 18:

With reference to your telegram of February 13, I have just received a minute from Ministers, saying that they desire to express their strong approval of the idea as embodied in the proposal of the Secretary of State, and that of the three suggestions named they greatly prefer the third, but they suggest that the title should be as follows: "King of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all British Dominions beyond the Seas, and Emperor of India."

On February 19, Sir H. E. McCallum forwarded the sentiments of the Newfoundland Government, who made a similar choice:

With reference to your telegram of February 13, my Ministers feel much gratified at the suggested recognition by the King. They would prefer the addition to the present title which is numbered 3 in your telegram.

The last response received was that of the Earl of Ranfurly, Governor of New Zealand, and this also voted in favour of the addition of "King of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas" to His Majesty's title:

In reply to your telegram of February 13, my Government have unanimously decided in favour of the third suggestion, to add "King of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas." This would gratify the people of New Zealand.

LORD STRATHCONA'S VIEWS.

(London Daily News.)

"The people of Canada," said Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, the High Commissioner for the Dominion, "consider themselves as Englishmen in the largest and best sense of the word. They would have been glad if Canada could have been specifically mentioned in the new title, but of course the inclusion of the names of the great self-governing communities would have made the name too long, and they will be quite satisfied with the decision of the Government. It will be gratifying to Canada and the Colonies generally that they should be recognised in the title, and it is a very proper thing. The circumstances are very different from what they were a few years ago, now that Canada has its six millions of population, and Australia a number not very much less."

Doubtless the Canadian people feel, now that they have joined this country in its military enterprises by contributing the fine force raised by your lordship, that they have an especial right to recognition?"

"Oh," modestly replied Lord Strathcona, "it is well recognised by the Colonies that they form part of the British people. They willingly gave such help as they could, and they would continue to do so. There can be no question about that."

"CHECKED BY THE COLONIES."

(London Daily News.)

The whole correspondence, indeed, reflects more credit on the Colonies than on the Colonial Office. It is scarcely necessary to say that, even in so vital a matter as the King's title, the Prime Minister is not mentioned, and that the Colonial Minister speaks for the Empire as if he were already its accredited head. It is not "the Government suggests," but "I venture to suggest." Such phrases are no doubt used with a full sense of the unimportance of Lord Salisbury's opinion, and, still more, of that of the rest of the Cabinet. But though a Cabinet Minister is a thing of naught to Mr. Chamberlain, a Colonial Governor still counts. The reply of Lord Minto is a model of common sense, and Lord Hopetoun echoed almost precisely the same sentiments from Australia. For reasons which are perfectly clear, neither Canada nor Australia showed the smallest eagerness for the suggested titles, "King of Canada," "King of Australia." They have chosen the styles of "Dominion" and "Commonwealth," and Mr. Chamberlain's proposal fits ill with those words. Canada, instead, proposed "British Dominion beyond the sea," and Australia proposed "Realms beyond the sea." Neither would have anything to say to "Greater Britain." Thus checked on his own ground, Mr. Chamberlain made the best of the situation, and fell in with the very sensible and harmless suggestion of the Colonies, which is now adopted.

NEW HAMPSHIRE WIND-STORM.

Two Persons Killed and Seven Injured at Portsmouth, N. H.

PORTSMOUTH, N.H., August 9.—The most disastrous wind-storm since the summer of 1898, when a pavilion at Hampton Beach was demolished and several persons were killed, passed over here yesterday afternoon, causing the death of two persons on Seavey's Island, and injuring half a dozen others. The dead are: Mrs. L. M. Mealey, of New York, wife of Howard M. Mealey, a member of the Naval band at the navy yard, and Joel Pearson, stonecutter.

The injured are: John Robinson, John Karlstrom, Martin Damm, Inspectors Sullivan and Webster (of Concord). Two other persons, names unknown, received slight injuries.

The greatest force of the wind was exerted on Seavey's Island, where the big granite shed of Contractor John Pierce, of New York, who is constructing the new dry dock at the navy yard, was converted into a mass of debris.

The shed consisted simply of a large roof supported by timbers with no sides to it; and under this several persons had gathered seeking protection. None of the injured persons are considered in a serious condition.

The Manitoba Liquor Act.

TORONTO, August 9.—Aulay Morrison, K.C., M.P. for New Westminster, B.C., is in the city on his way from Great Britain, where he was on legal business before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. Mr. Morrison was present during the argument on Manitoba's prohibition law, and the opinion was expressed by a leading English counsel, who was also present, but not engaged in the case, that from the casual remarks of their Lordships, they would decide the act to be intra vires.

Preparing for Next Winter.

TORONTO, August 9. — According to John Loughrin, member of the Ontario Legislature for Nipissing, lumbermen in the Ottawa valley are already entering the woods to commence their fall cut, while men are being hired in all directions. A very heavy cut of red pine is anticipated on the Quebec side, owing to the extensive forest fires which have occurred there, the lumbermen wishing to remove the trees on the burned area before they become useless.

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188 ntrl

THE WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES.

GENERAL McARTHUR MAKES HIS ANNUAL REPORT.

A Large Number of Small Engagements—Summary of the Casualties—Much War Material Captured From the Filipinos—Guerilla Warfare Being Waged.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The annual report of Major-General MacArthur, dated July 4, 1901, the day he relinquished command of the division of the Philippines, has been received at the War Department. The period covered by the report is from October 1, 1900, when the last report from General MacArthur was dated. He reviews the policy of the Filipinos, who were hostile to the Americans, saying that their action since the practical collapse of the insurrection has been a perplexing problem. With the disbandment of the insurgent field armies the Filipinos' organized desperate resistance by banding the people together in support of the guerrillas. This was carried out by means of secret committees, who collected contributions, inflicting punishment, and carried on a considerable opposition to the Americans.

General MacArthur says that the proclamation issued on December 20 firmly declaring the intention of the United States to hold the islands and to have the laws obeyed had a good effect and the secret resistance was much abated.

A considerable proportion of the report is devoted to the field operations of the army.

General MacArthur gives the following statistics from May 5, 1900, to June 30, 1901, during which time there were 1,026 contracts between American troops and insurgents, which show the casualties on both sides: Americans, killed, 245; wounded, 490; captured, 118; missing, 20.

Insurgents killed, 2,848; wounded, 1,193; captured, 6,572; surrendered, 23,095. During the same period the following material was captured and surrendered from the insurgents:

Rifles, 15,693; rifle ammunition, 293,365 pounds; revolvers, 868; bolos, 3,516; cannon, 122; cannon ammunition, 10,270 rounds.

General MacArthur states a brief capitulation of the conditions in different provinces and says that at present the holding force in the island must be a well organized army and navy. General MacArthur says the capture of Aguinaldo may be regarded as the most momentous single event of the year.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—For the first time since the outbreak of the Spanish war, President McKinley has approved the death sentence in the case of an enlisted man. The case is that of Private Phineas Foutz, Company "K," 19th Infantry. This soldier was convicted by general court-martial at Cebu, P.I., of the murder of Genevieva Torres, a native Filipino girl, by stabbing her to death with a sword cane at her home at Mandaue, Cebu, November 15, 1900. The court sentenced the accused to be hanged.

CATASTROPHES IN STORE FOR BRITAIN.

The Veteran Almanack Maker, "Old Moore," Casts a Gloomy Horoscope for Old England in 1902—Wars and Rumours of Wars.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, August 9.—The seer who claims to be the "Original Old Moore" is early in the field with his budget of horrors for 1902.

January is to be a bad month, but in February the old gentleman looks for many important reforms, which rather suggests that casters of horoscopes may be very poor hands at Parliamentary forecasts.

In March our enemies will be "subtle," and in April "Old Moore" observes that "the new moon falls in conjunction with the ruddy planet Mars, 'the God of War,' in the ruling sign of Old England." Consequently there is some probability of bloodshed on the high seas, ships of war may be destroyed in defence of England's honour, and, says "Old Moore," "Let our admirals be on the look-out for red clouds in the offing."

Still trade will expand and theatres will be well patronized, so that actors, as well as admirals, will find congenial occupation.

June will be rather unsettled and disturbing, and a "crowned head will be bowed in obedience to the great law of change and decay." But August will be positively appalling. Fraud will be rife, monarchy will suffer, and "dissipation and disorderliness will become evident owing to the freedom allowed to the up-growing generation."

Our finances, too, will be unsatisfactory; our trade will tend to leave us; there will be rioting in India and in China, and in Cape Colony many difficulties will have to be faced.

There are innumerable other pleasant little treats in store for us—strikes, floods, insidious plots, scarlet fever, typhoid, and plague, shipwrecks, tightness of money, and a brilliant marriage.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS WON'T HAVE A CONFERENCE.

The Questions Which Ontario Doctors and Chemists Were to Discuss Will Remain Unsettled—Counter Prescribing—Repetition of Poisonous Prescriptions.

TORONTO, August 9.—The expected conference between the two close corporations, the Ontario College of Physicians and Surgeons, and the Ontario College of Pharmacy, has failed for the time being, and the settlement of the several points at issue between the two bodies has been deferred indefinitely.

Ever since the beginning of the campaign by the physicians against "counter prescribing," by druggists, the members of the College of Pharmacy have been seeking to obtain a basis of settlement. A number of the druggists were prosecuted and fined for prescribing, and they are exceedingly anxious to obtain some latitude in advising customers without leaving themselves open to prosecution.

Another matter which was to have come up at the conference, was the discussion of the "repetition of poisonous prescriptions" evil. This complaint arises from the indiscriminate use of prescriptions calling for poisonous drugs by patients to whom the prescriptions are given by physicians in the belief that they will be used but once. Prominent pharmacists say that victims of the use of opiates, find an easy means of securing drugs by presenting over and over again the same prescription, and it was hoped that means would be found to prevent the presentation of such prescriptions more than once. The report of the failure of the special committee to secure a conference was made at the meeting of the Council of the College of Pharmacy yesterday.

During the session, G. E. Gibbard vigorously protested to the council against the solicitation of advertising from chemists for the official "Announcement" of the College, published each year. Mr. Gibbard said that the practice was not only illegal, but that the merchants who advertised for fear that they would be discriminated against in business from the College, believed that they were being blackmailed.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT.

Scheme for a Thorough Revision of the Berne Convention.

BERNE, August 9.—The International Library and Artistic Copyright Congress held its first sitting here yesterday. It discussed the scheme for a revision of the Berne convention, and decided to immediately commence the elaboration of what it is hoped will prove an ideal convention, embodying all the modifications advocated by the varying interests. The scheme will be submitted to all the literary and artistic societies of the world, with the view of eliciting suggestions and criticism, so that it may be recast by the new congress at Naples.

Married at the Boundary.

(Special to the Star.)

ST. JOHN, N.B., August 9.—David L. Ford, of North Weymouth, Massachusetts, passed through St. John yesterday, homeward bound from a visit to Harbour au Bouche, Nova Scotia, accompanied by Maria du Coste, a bright little French lady. At McAdam Junction the couple were turned back by the United States immigration authorities on the ground that, though travelling together, they were not married. Returning to St. John by the first train, Ford and his fiancee sought the residence of Rev. C. T. Phillips, and were made man and wife. Last night they took the Boston express for their future home in Massachusetts. Ford had a well-filled pocket-book.

A Thorough Young Scamp.

KINGSTON, Ont., August 9. — A lad named Topping, a Marshmont Home boy, at the farm of Donald Hay, in Pittsburg township, scatered Paris Green in the cattle troughs and in a well and took a dose himself. He was found out and given emetics. He is recovering in the hospital here. The well and troughs have been cleansed.

Precautions Against Plague.

VICTORIA, B.C., August 9. — Dr. Watt, superintendent of Williams Head quarantine station, in accordance with instructions from Ottawa, is taking every precaution to prevent the introduction of bubonic plague here. The Adelaide, which arrived from the Orient, was very thoroughly fumigated, and so was the Empress of Japan.

Botanists' Congress Adjourns.

GENEVA, August 9.—The International Association of Botanists completed its work yesterday. The articles of association were agreed upon in principle and were hand over to a committee to be drafted. The next congress will meet in Vienna during the year 1905.

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THOSE EQUINE WARM WEATHER HATS.

Uncle Hickokerick—Whoa, thar, Betsy! Dang it, whar ye gwine?

Betsy—There's a furniture van ahead with a mirror in the rear end. I want to see if my hat's on straight.

(Copyright.)

THE GATES OF MERCY.

By EVELYN SWAN,

Author of "Will Thou Have This Man?" "The Snare of Gold," "'Twixt Love and Fear," "At the Point of the Sword," Etc.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

"I must never see Gavin again, Mrs. Carew," she replied, looking up and speaking firmly. "I have been fighting my battle ever since I came home — home, Heaven knows I have no home now!" she exclaimed, with another impetuous rush of feeling.

"Gabrielle, you are mad."

"No, no, I have been mad—mad to think he and I could ever be anything to one another; mad to deceive him, and cheat myself into thinking there could ever be any happiness for me in the world. But I am sane enough now—sane enough to face my misery. Oh, why did I ever meet him? Why did I ever listen to him? Why was I mad enough ever to love him? For I do love him, love him with my whole soul and heart. He must never doubt that. Love him well enough to face even this misery for his sake," and she bent her head in her hands in the stress of her agony.

All the woman in Mrs. Carew was touched by the sight of this suffering and anguish. At that moment she repented her work bitterly, and would willingly have undone it had it been in her power.

"It cannot be so bad as this, Gabrielle. Come, tell me, dear, and let me try to help you," and the offer was as sincere as the tone suggested. "I am sure I can help you if you'll let me. Let me try, Gabrielle; let me try."

"No, no; it is impossible. I cannot tell you. I cannot. I could have told you yesterday, I think, and I was sorely tempted last night; but now, to-day, it is impossible—impossible."

"It has something to do with what happened to-day?"

"Don't ask me. Don't attempt to question me, or I shall go mad. There is only one thing to do—to run away and hide myself from you all. Mrs. Carew," she added, after a minute's pause, speaking in a quite altered tone, and with clear, firm resolve in her manner, "I cannot tell you. I have quite made up my mind. The only course I can take is to go away at once. I have thought out clearly my duty. I have done Garvin a great wrong already; I will not add to it. I fought out the battle with myself this afternoon. I was not ill, as I told you; I was struggling with the fierce temptation to stay and brave all for Gavin's sake, and trust to his love for me—and to your friendship for protection. But it must not be. You know, for you yourself told me how high he holds his honour and name; and I—God help me!—could only bring disgrace upon him. Now, promise you will help me not to do this. You can help me. Will you?" and she took Mrs. Carew's hands, and looked wistfully and eagerly into her face.

With a strange, uneasy sense of remorse, Mrs. Carew drew Gabrielle to her and kissed her warmly.

"Tell me all, and leave me to set everything right," she said.

Gabrielle made as if to draw her hands away as she answered:

"If you ask me that again, I shall think you are not my friend. If you are my friend, help me to keep my purpose."

"You break my heart, Gabrielle!" cried Mrs. Carew, the tears coming to her eyes. "Trust me."

"I do trust you. I am going to put all my faith in you. I have written a letter to Gavin—the last I shall ever write. I have told him that I can never see him again, though I can never tell him the cause; but that till my dying day I shall love him and bless him for the happiness which he wanted to give me. Oh, and I love him so," she wailed.

Mrs. Carew said nothing.

"But I can best show my love by doing what I have resolved. It will make my suffering less since it is for him."

"You break my heart, Gabrielle," said Mrs. Carew again, and she drew the miserable girl into her arms and pressed her to her heart.

At the moment while they stood locked in this embrace, Millington, the footman, entered.

"If you please, ma'am, there is a man downstairs asking to see you. It is the same person who was insolent this afternoon in Regent street."

Mrs. Carew felt Gabrielle start and tremble violently.

"Don't see him," she whispered.

"Tell him to go about his business, Millington; and if he gives any trouble, either turn him out or send for the police. There, there, it is all right; nothing can happen," she whispered, as the man left the room.

Gabrielle's eyes were wild with terror, and her cheeks all blanched and drawn, when she lifted her head and drew away from Mrs. Carew's embrace.

"That has come at the right moment," she said. "I was growing weak. I will hesitate no more. I shall go to-night."

"Gabrielle, be reasonable. You can't go anywhere to-night. Where will you go? Where can you go at this hour?"

"Anywhere. It is all one to me now," replied the miserable girl, excitedly. "What does it matter? I can take the first train that leaves London, and go wherever it takes me."

"I shall not let you go, Gabrielle. Captain Meredith would never forgive me. He has put you in my charge. I will not let you go."

"You promised to be my friend. You are Gavin's friend—and I tell you that Gavin and I must never meet again on earth. Do you think I don't suffer when I make such a decision?" she asked, almost fiercely. "Do you think I would make it if any other were possible? Don't you know that I would rather die a lingering death even than strike this blow at Gavin or endure the pain of it myself? Do you suppose I doubt his love for me, or have no heart to suffer in parting from him?"

"My dear child, you are excited to-night—over-wrought——"

"For Heaven's sake, don't prate to me with commonplaces like these; and if you care for either me or Gavin, don't seek to stop me now. I swear to you, there is no other course even possible."

"Well, rest here to-night, and sleep——"

"Sleep! Do you talk of sleep and rest at such a crisis?"

"As you will, Gabrielle. I will say no more. Only one thing I insist on. You must let me know where you are going; nay, you must let me find you a home until this fever of yours has burnt itself out. No, I will not listen to any refusal," she cried, as Gabrielle was about to protest. "If you won't do as I say, I will not let you out of my sight till Captain Meredith comes back. I myself will follow you to the other side of the earth, if need be. I, too, can be determined," she added, with a smile through her tears.

"I know you are good," said Gabrielle, kissing her. "I love to think I shall have one friend somewhere whom I can trust. You shall do as you wish in that. One place is the same to me as another; and until I can get something to do, I am little more than a beggar. As if that mattered now!" she cried, despairingly; adding, after a pause: "But you'll give me your word of honour not to tell Gavin where I am — and not to tell him the reason why I am going? I have written him this letter; will you give it him, and try first to prepare him and make my conduct seem less cruel? It is really the only thing for me to do."

"I will tell him nothing," said Mrs. Carew, earnestly. "And I give you my word of honour not to let him know where you are, if you give me your word in return that you will always let me know your whereabouts."

"I promise you that readily," answered Gabrielle, kissing her again. "You will be my only friend—but a faithful one, I know. Now tell me where I am to go, and let me go at once."

"It is too late for you to go anywhere alone to-night."

"I must go," Gabrielle broke in impetuously.

"I said alone, dear. I will go with you. I have an old friend in Bath, a Mrs. Hutchinson, who will do anything for me, and I will take you there. You cannot get to Bath in time to go to her house to-night, and you cannot go alone to an hotel. I will go with you, and then I can make all the arrangements. You can stay there peacefully and quite safely, until this danger you dread has passed——"

"It will never pass," interrupted Gabrielle.

"And until the time comes when you and Captain Meredith can come together again."

"It will never come," was the desolate cry.

Mrs. Carew made no response to this, but at once set about the preparations for the journey in her quick, practical way.

CHAPTER VI.

RICHARD CHAMBERS.

Mrs. Carew's feelings were very different when she was no longer face to face with Gabrielle's misery, and could console herself with the reflection that she had made ample arrangements for Gabrielle's safety at the expense of some personal discomfort and trouble of her own.

She went with her to Bath, stayed at the Pump Room Hotel, and, having seen Gabrielle comfortably placed—under the assumed name of Gertrude Carton—a step she urged as necessary for safety—with her old governess, now Mrs. Hutchinson, she returned to town in a mood of self-congratulatory ease of mind.

"I've done quite as much as anyone could expect," she thought; "and much more than most people would have done under the circumstances. Gavin himself could not ask more — for, after all, there must be something disgraceful in her past, or she wouldn't have been so awfully upset."

But her chief satisfaction was that she had succeeded so easily in separating Gabrielle and her lover under conditions which made their chance of reunion so infinitesimal, while at the same time she managed to retain Gabrielle's friendship, and had warded off every chance of her own manoeuvring in the matter becoming known to Gavin.

There was but one little act of treachery which caused her uneasiness. She had opened and read the letter which Gabrielle had written for her to give to Gavin Meredith; and her impatient curiosity had been so keen that she had done it clumsily. Instead of waiting until she was at home and able to steam the envelope, she had opened it in the train, and had torn the envelope so that it could not be re-closed. Before reading it, she had not meant to give the letter to Gavin at all; but when she found, as she did, that it would be the best instrument she could use to wean him from his infatuation, her irritation was intense.

Gabrielle had written in the first moments of panic, when her heart was full of the sudden agony and between the lines it was easy to read the suggestion that disgrace and personal unworthiness were the causes of her flight. And Mrs. Carew knew quite well how to give the convincing touches to that impression, if only she could make Meredith believe that the letter passed to him in the exact condition in which Mrs. Carew had received it.

And even in this respect fortune befriended her. On the second day after her return home a letter came from Gabrielle, enclosing one to Captain Meredith, which she wished to substitute for that left in Mrs. Carew's care. The astute little woman saw her chance, and did not hesitate to take it. She steamed the envelope of the second letter, and, finding it was a far less useful weapon than the first, put the first into the envelope thus sent to her, sealed it up to be delivered to Captain Meredith, and wrote to Gabrielle saying she had destroyed the first letter, as she did not think it was quite safe to entrust it to the post. "A timely thought of the dear girl's," she said, smiling maliciously to herself. "It can make no difference to her now which letter Gavin gets, and the only real kindness will be to break off everything between them as completely as possible. That envelope will put an end to the last chance of my handiwork getting into evidence."

But on this last point she was not altogether comfortable. She had made a shrewd and clever use of the man Chambers, but she was far from assured that there would not be some unpleasantness from him.

(To be continued.)

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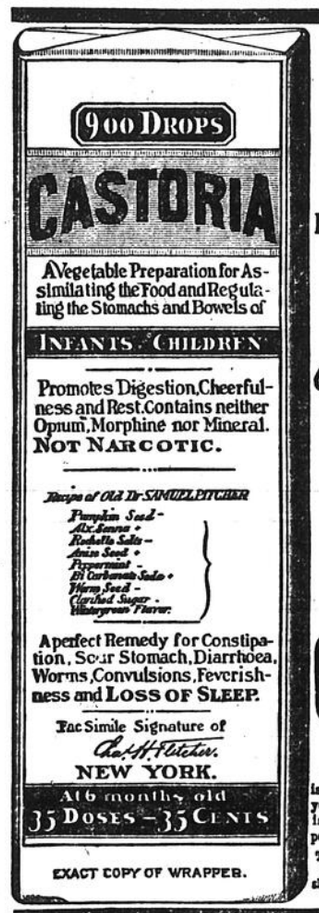

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STEEL STRIKE AND CANADA.

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If it Endures for Any Length of Time—Structural Steel Not Yet Affected and Builders Say Europe Supplies Canada's Needs in This Respect.

The uneasy feeling in the "Street" over the prospect of a slump in steel stocks and a bad United States Government crop report, is retarding speculation in New York securities. In sympathy, the local market is heavy also.

Though the big strike now on at Pittsburg and other points has materially interfered with the production of steel in the Eastern States, there has been little decline up to the present time in steel stocks. The market has been fairly strong, owing, it is said by those conversant with the situation, to the fact that the United Sttes Steel Trust is financially strong enough to hold up the value of their stock in the open market.

Every steel mill in the Steel Trust, the employes of which signed the amalgamated scale of wages, is now affected, but the Trust has a large number of mills, which are manned by non-union workmen. The proclamation of President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, if acted up to, would call out every employe belonging to that association.

THE TUG OF WAR.

The point which the next move will decide is whether the so-called non-union mills under the control of the Trust are numerous enough to enable the Trust to make a show of filling its orders. There is also the danger that allied trades under the influence of the American Federation of Labour may be called out in sympathy and to strengthen the fight of the steel men against the Trust.

The unofficial gloomy crop outlook and the failure of all negotiations looking to a settlement of the strike up to the present time and the growing conviction that the strike is likely not only to be a lengthy one, but will in all probability seriously affect the world's production of steel, has created unrest in financial circles not only in Montreal, but all over the continent.

The feeling is widespread that if it were not for the enormous wealth at the command of the Steel Trust, there would long ago have been a serious slump in prices.

THE LOCAL SITUATION.

The prospects for a steel famine in Montreal are fortunately not as serious as they might be. In the first place the largest amount of Pittsburg steel which is used in this city is bridge and building steel. The strike is principally among the steel plate and hoop mills. The Dominion Bridge Company for instance, which is the largest importer in Canada of bridge steel states that up to the present they have experienced no difficulty in getting all the steel they require because the mills which supply them at Pittsburg are not among those affected by the strike. In the matter of building steel the contracts for all the large buildings at present under construction and many upon which work is not yet commenced, have been let and in some instances the orders filled. It is admitted on all hands, however, that should the strike last for any considerable time there will be a serious steel famine all over the world from which this city will not be exempt.

WOULD BENEFIT OUR MILLS.

Mr. James Reid Wilson, manager of the Thomas Robertson Manufacturing Company, Ltd., when seen, stated that if the non-union men as well as the union men went out, which was very much to be doubted at the present time, in one way at least the strike would greatly benefit trade in Canada. At the present time the demand throughout the country is very good, but if the strike last any time, every mill in the country would be taxed to its utmost. There would be, however, a great scarcity of construction material, as all this is now brought from the United States. There was at the present time sufficient to fill any contracts that have been received, but no others would likely be taken till the strike was declared off.

WOULD EFFECT HARBOUR WORKS.

Mr. Jas. Crathern is of the opinion that the present steel strike will seriously interfere with the construction of the elevator which it is proposed to build in the centre of the harbour. Mr. Crathern alluded to this phase of the situation at the last meeting of the Harbour Board, when he gave it his opinion that in view of the present strike the elevator could never be constructed in the time set down in the specifications. Mr. Crathern is of the opinion that the price of steel will continue to rise, and that the effect of the present situation will be serious as regards the speedy equipment of the port with elevators. Those considerations had a good deal to do with the extension of the time for the completion of the elevator until August 1, 1902.

MR. KENNEDY'S VIEW.

Mr. John Kennedy, Chief Harbour Engineer, at the meeting of the Harbour Commissioners, was also of the opinion that the steel situation would seriously interfere with the carrying out of the original plan for the construction of the elevator in the centre of the harbour and he supported Mr. Crathern in his contention that the time should be extended.

MR. WOOD'S OPINION.

Mr. G. W. Wood, of Messrs Hutchison and Wood, architects, stated that as far as he knew the building situation in Montreal would not be greatly affected by the latest development of the steel strike. Formerly the great business of Montreal in steel beams and posts was done with Belgium and Great Britain. Lately, however, the United States people had underbid the continental manufacturers, and had to a great extent taken the business. To-day, however, the situation had again changed and the bulk of the Montreal business in steel beams and posts was done with Europe.

SECURED THEIR STEEL.

Mr. Taylor, of Taylor & Gordon, architects, said the strike, if it continued, would undoubtedly be injuriously felt by the building trade. The Bank of Montreal and the Royal Insurance Company had contracted for and secured their steel, and would not suffer.

NOT MUCH NEW WORK.

The Grand Trunk people say they are not turning out very much new work at present, and consequently their steel supply is well in hand. Undoubtedly, if the strike continues for any length of time the Canadian market will suffer.

TWO WEEKS WILL MEAN TROUBLE.

Mr. Phelps Johnson, chief engineer of the Dominion Bridge Company, said the strike so far had not been felt in Canada, as the mills affected by the strike only turned out plate steel, turning steel and hoop steel. The mills working on boiler plates, sheet steel and steel for constructural purposes had not yet joined the strike. Undoubtedly should the trouble continue it would affect the Canadian market.

NOT FOR A MONTH.

Messrs. Fotheringham and Workman were of opinion that the strike would not have any effect upon the Canadian market for a month.

WILL BUY IN ENGLAND.

Mr. J. A. Jamieson, the well known elevator expert, who is at present engaged in building large elevators in different parts of the country, stated in an interview with a Star representative that if he received the contract for the erection of the Montreal elevator, he would purchase the steel for the building in England, as the freight rates from the other side were no heavier than those from Pittsburg, and other American steel centres.

WILL NOT AFFECT C.P.R.

Mr. Peterson, Chief Engineer of the Canadian Pacific Railway, when seen said that the strike would hardly affect the railway in any way, as all the contracts for work needed for some time to come have been given out and will all be filled.

FEELING IN WALL STREET.

Some Brokers Think the Strike is a Stock Jobbing Affair—The Crop Situation.

(From the Special Correspondent of the Star in Wall Street.)

NEW YORK, August 9.—Some brokers in Wall street openly assert that the steel strike is nothing but a stock-jobbing affair from beginning to end, and that when the stock market has been sufficiently "worked" both ways, the strike will peter out.

A great deal of news relating to the labour troubles foreshadows of defeat for the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers in their efforts to dictate the policy of their employers. One of the most significant developments is the determination on the part of some of the non-union iron and steel workers to form an order which will enable them to co-operate against the union.

Many men whom Mr. Shaffer has requested to quit work on Saturday night realize the sacredness of the contracts they have entered into with their employers. If these contracts are abrogated the integrity and good faith of union labourers throughout the country will be seriously impugned. This will be the most destructive injury that labour organizations have yet inflicted on themselves. These matters are evidently being carefully considered by intelligent wage earners, particularly in mills and factories included in the Amalgamated Association's last strike order.

THE CROP SITUATION.

The Government monthly crop report is not issued until the close of the stock exchange Saturday, but a decrease of the corn crop has been pretty well discounted, and with favourable weather in August other crops are expected to make up the deficiency in corn, and give the railroads plenty of business. The decrease in the actual amount of corn raised this year will not be serious, as there is always a large amount left over from previous crops. So great was the left over corn from years ago that farmers used it for fuel. There is not the slightest possibility of the country being in want of corn, notwithstanding the short crop. The lowest estimate of 1,400,000,000 bushels for this season's yield is ample for all, and it is expected the Government figures will approximate those quoted. Excepting potatoes, all other crops are in splendid condition, and agricultural interests thriving.

The Trust Closes a Mill.

(See also page one.)

PITTSBURG, August 9. — The United States Steel Corporation issued an order today directing that the Dewees Wood Plant at McKeesport be dismantled and removed to the Kiskiminetas Valley. The decision is ascribed to the hostility of the people of that city. The official announcement of the decision was made by Persifer F. Smith, district manager of the American Sheet Steel Company.

THOSE TORONTO OUTLAWS NOT TO MEET BRANTFORD.

President McMillan Says That if They Do Brantford Will be Suspended Like They are.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, August 9. — Arrangements have been discussed by the Toronto Lacrosse Club for an exhibition game here on labour day. Some of the members advocate a game with the Capitals, but the majority are in favour of a match with the leaders in the C. L. A. which would mean a big gate as the rivalry between the two leagues has been great while interest has been further stirred up by the trouble between the C. L. A. and the C. A. A. W., and the adherents of both sides would like to see a struggle to get an idea of how the teams really compare. However, it is unlikely any leading C. L. A. team will meet the Torontos, who were this year suspended by the C. L. A. for playing Graydon, a suspended C. L. A. player. President McMillan, of the C. L. A. was asked yesterday if there was any chance of the Torontos and Brantford coming together this season, and his reply was very much to the point. "Torontos are a suspended club," he said, "and any C. L. A. team that plays with them goes out along with them."

Ontario College of Pharmacy.

TORONTO, August 9.—The Council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy concluded its session this morning by appointing a special committee to investigate the matter of "Quizzing Classes," as they are called, that is, private classes of select students, who pay the college professors extra money to coach them in the college building after hours. Mr. John Hargreave and G. E. Gibbard, of Toronto, were appointed delegates to the Quebec conference of retail druggists, and also to the Proprietary Articles Association, which meets in Montreal August 21 and 22. E. W. Case, Picton, and G. W. Hunter, Sault Ste. Marie, were appointed to the convention of the Medical and Pharmaceutical Association at St. Louis, in September. It was decided to make practical pharmacy and theoretical pharmacy of the same value in future examinations. A dispute over the granting of the College silver medal for general merit was decided in favour of F. W. Judd, of London.

The Hitch in China.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The State Department makes public the following: "A cablegram received from Mr. Rockhill, late yesterday, reports that the delay in signing the final protocol of agreement between the Powers and China, is due to objections raised by Great Britain against the International Commission for the revision of the tariff. The nature of the British objections is not stated. It also appears that the British Government asks the reconsideration of some clauses as to which no agreement had been heretofore reached, owing to the opposition of several powers."

RELIGIOUS PROFESSION. — At the convent of the Sisters of Providence, St. Catherine street east, yesterday, His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi presided at a religious profession. Twenty-five nuns took their perpetual vows. On Wednesday morning thirty-nine novices pronounced their first vows.

The Dominion Line Royal and United States mail steamship New England, from Liverpool on August 1st, arrived at Boston to-day (Friday), the 9th inst., at 6 a.m.

WILL NOT LAY CORNER STONE.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS CANNOT BE ASKED TO DO SO

As There is as Yet No Guarantee That the Bridge Will be Built — The Question of Funds for the Reception to the Royal Visitors to be Taken Up by Finance Committee.

There was a short meeting of the Civic Reception Committee to-day. It was decided to purchase large quantities of oilcloths and carpets to cover the floors of the civic palace for the big reception.

A question was asked the mayor if it was the intention to ask the Duke of York to lay the corner stone of the new bridge it is proposed to build over the St. Lawrence River.

In reply, the mayor said that while the company, which proposed putting up the bridge, had asked the city to devote a million dollars towards its construction, there was nothing definite before council as to when the work would be started. His Royal Highness could not be asked to lay a corner stone without tangible evidence of work having already been done on the proposed structure.

Personally, the mayor was sure the bridge would be built, but he did not think there would be work enough done upon it so the Duke of York could lay the corner stone.

Some of the members brought up the question of funds again, and it was found the committee was badly crippled for cash. At the meeting of the Finance Committee to-day it is likely the mayor will make a plea for more funds.

POSTSCRIPT EDITION OF THE STAR

With Late Sporting and Telegrams.

A Postscript Edition of the Star will be issued this evening, containing the latest telegraphic news of interest from all over the world, and the results of the principal sporting events. Reports of the Canada Cup races, the Canadian Canoe Association regatta and the lacrosse and baseball matches in which Montreal is interested will also be found therein.

This Postscript Edition of the Star will be issued shortly after six o'clock, and will be obtainable from all newsboys. Those attending the theatres can obtain the Postscript Edition upon leaving the various places of amusement.

MR. HARRY PECK WOUNDED.

Shot by An Unknown When in the Woods Near Little Metis.

Mr. Harry Peck, the son of Mr. J. H. Peck, was the other day shot, while walking in the woods at Little Metis with his brother. A first bullet from the woods narrowly escaped the younger of the two brothers. It was followed by a second, which lodged in Harry Peck's leg. Aid was summoned and in a few minutes the wounded lad was carried down to his father's cottage where Dr. Grasset, of Toronto, was called and took charge of the case. It was discovered that the bullet had shattered the thigh bone, but had not passed through the leg. The bullet was soon extracted and the leg was put into splints. Since then Mr. Peck has progressed well.

The Tax is Too High.

The Montreal West townspeople are complaining that the dog tax is altogether too high. They say that $2 for a male and $5 for a female is an outrageous price for any municipality to charge, especially in an outlying district, where it is absolutely necessary to keep a dog, owing to ragpickers and all kinds of characters wandering around at nights. Some of the citizens say they will neither pay the tax nor will they have their pets destroyed.

Board of Trade Ruins.

Work is being rapidly pushed ahead in connection with the removal of the ruins of the Board of Trade building. This morning horses and carts were busily engaged in removing the debris and ashes in the western cellars of the ruined structure. The iron girders, mullions and scraps of metal are being collected and piled up as the work proceeds.

Personals.

Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Meredith have returned to town from Carleton, Que., where they have been spending a couple of weeks.

Mr. Henry D. Metcalfe, président of the Montreal Corn Exchange, has left on a ten days' visit to Winnipeg and other Manitoba towns.

The Huguenot Anniversary.

Rev. Dr. Shaw has accepted an invitation to preach on the 15th September in the crypt of Canterbury Cathedral, England, at the 354th anniversary of the Huguenot congregation worshipping there.

DEATHS REPORTED

To the Star To-day.

NEW ORLEANS. — David R. Searcy, Grand Secretary of the Knights of Honour and connected prominently with many fraternal orders, died Thursday, aged 49.

SARATOGA, N. Y. — James Adams, well-known as a horseman and sporting man, died here Friday of apoplexy.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Patrick Walsh, a prominent manufacturer in the South, senior member of the firm of Walsh and Widener, dropped dead on Friday.

Deaths by Accident.

BUFFALO.—Fred. Anderson, aged 26 years, a tailor, was drowned in Niaraga River, while fishing, about eleven o'clock Thursday night.

NOTES OF THE NEWS.

The labour party of Winnipeg have selected Mr. Puttee, M. P., as delegate to the Dominion Trades Council.

Prof. Gilbert F. Davidson, of Trinity College, Toronto, has received and accepted a call to St. George's Church, Guelph, Ont.

At Lime Springs, Iowa, to-day fire destroyed the main business portion of the town. Fourteen business houses were burned, leaving only two banks and a hardware store standing. The total loss is estimated at $150,000, partially insured.

The Russian customs tariff on tannin extracts and mimosa bark has been amended so as to exempt from import duty quebracho in planks and logs and mimosa bark in pulverized form, while tannin extracts, chestnut, hemlock, quebracho, mimosa, oaks and firs are taxed 45 kopecks per pood.

Rev. J. J. Baker, M. A., pastor of the Baptist Church, in Sparta, for some five years past, has resigned the pastorate to accept the position of principal of the Harding Ladies' College, London, Ont., an undenominational school. He succeeds Mr. J. Ewells, who takes charge of Moulton Ladies' College, Toronto.

THE INVITATIONS TO RECEPTION.

A DEADLOCK AT THE CITY HALL

As to Who Shall be Responsible for the Preparation of the List Between the Civic and the Citizens' Committee—Will be Finally Passed by Major Maude.

Who will make out the list of invitations for the civic reception to their Royal Highnesses at City Hall?

This is a question which is bothering a lot of Montreal people just at present. The stories of the spendors of the newly decorated interior of the building with the elaborate fresco work and the delicate tintings have inflamed the imagination of the people.

They want to see the $10,000 worth of paint, and how the hall looks when it is bright and clean.

Moreover, there is the Duke!

At present everyone is getting anxious to know just what chance he or she will stand of seeing the hall, and, incidentally, the Duke and Duchess, on the night of September 18.

There are just about 4,000 people in Montreal pondering this matter over at the present time. Nothing has yet been done towards deciding whether or not their wish is to be gratified.

The secretary of the Civic Committee, Mr. Rene Bauset, has been entrusted with the task of preparing a list for submission to the Civic Committee, which will send out the invitations. Mr. Bauset, however, it is understood, would much rather that the Citizens' Committee would prepare a list and that this one should come before the Civic Committee for examination.

The Citizens Committee, however, when it has not the final issuing of invitations in its hand, does not, naturally enough, wish to go to the trouble and expense of preparing a list of about 4,000 names only to have it scrutinized and amended to suit the ideas of the other committee. So here the matter stands. With the date of the Royal visit rapidly approaching, no steps have yet been taken with regard to the selection of the people who will be invited to gaze upon Royalty in the cavernous depths of City Hall.

It was pointed out to a Star representative to-day that there was a danger that after provision had been made for the invited guests that invitation cards remaining might be handed out indiscriminately to people with a pull, and that it might be thus impossible to trace where cards so manipulated would ultimately go. The preservation of the best of order, and the avoidance of anything like a crush were emphasized as necessary conditions before Their Royal Highnesses would attend the function.

The invitation list, it is understood, will have to be accepted and passed upon by Major Maude, before the cards will be sent out.

THE MIKADO'S COURT.

"The Honourable Gate" a Worthy Chief of a Progressive People.

(London Globe.)

The western world hears very little of the distant and somewhat secret court of the Mikado. Yet it is interesting in more than one respect, for the poetical charm of its traditions is giving place gradually before the advent of the spirit of the times. The Mikado Mutsuhito is regarded as one of the cleverest and at the same time most modest rulers recorded in Japanese history. When, he overthrew the "Shogun" in 1868 and restored his own dynasty, he won at once the admiration and sympathy of his people by abolishing a despotic form of government in favour of a milder form. In his own country he is known as "Kotei," but he is generally referred to abroad as the "Mikado, or The Honorable Gate." The Mikado is of comparatively large stature, and his very majestic bearing is increased by the General's uniform which he usually wears. In his daily walks he never passes beyond the limits of the imperial gardens, except on the occasion of the opening of Parliament and at rare intervals for the purpose of attending military and civic festivals. Unlike his predecessors, the Mikado is very frequently to be seen driving in his carriage, and when he passes through the streets the Japanese are no longer compelled, as was the case in former days, either to disappear from the line of route or to turn their backs toward their ruler. It is curious to learn that this attitude betokened a form of the highest respect. Nowadays the people learn that the Mikoda is approaching only from the shouts of the police; The Mikado; beware!"

But, as the Japanese are not yet entirely accustomed to the new order of things, striking contrasts between the old sacred traditions and modern ideas are often to be seen. One day the Mikado nearly lost his life through this conflict between the old and newer aspect of life in Japan. The imperial carriage had arrived at a railway crossing just as the train happened to be coming up. The man in charge of the crossing did not dare to lower the barrier before the Mikado, and the engine driver could not bring his train to a standstill However, the Mikado escaped by a miracle.

At home the Mikado is incessantly at work. He makes a point of being informed of everything that happens both in Japan and foreign countries. He is very easy of access for all his subjects, especially for those of his people whom he has intrusted with missions abroad. On the other hand, he can grant only very short audience to European diplomats. He speaks only Japanese, and in consequence all interviews have to be interpreted to him by dragomans; thus the conversation is laborious and has to be made as short as possible. The Empress, who belongs to one of the leading Japanese families, is honoured and revered for her goodness and inexhaustible charity. Although her Majesty speaks no foreign language, yet every foreigner who enters her presence is charmed by the marvellously expressive play of her features.

The Empress is nearly fifty-one years of age, but she shows to this day that she is rightly entitled to her family name, "Haruka," the "Spring." Her Majesty belongs to the few women who seem never to grow old, and who in the autumn of life possess the charm of knowing how to preserve the smiling loveliness of their youth. She is a devoted friend of literature, and she is never so happy as when she can celebrate the three great festivals of the year surrounded by the poets attached to the court. These festivals are those of the New Year, the Church and the Chrysanthemum. The Empress is herself a poetess, and has established a competition for Japanese poets, and for this competition she fixes the subjects But it is for her works of charity that the Empress is most renowned, and she is at the head of all national efforts in this direction. The Red Cross society claims a great deal of her time, and during the war with China she was very often to be seen attending to the wounded Japanese.

A $10,000 Camera.

A firm of manufacturers of photographic apparatus in London, Eng., have recently completed for the Sultan of Morocco two cameras, one a quarter-plate and the other a half-plate, which hold the record as being the most elaborate and expensive ever manufactured. The half-plate is mounted in silver while the quarter-plate fittings are all solid gold even to the screws and plate holders, the camera itself being enclosed in a dainty case of white Morocco leather. The half plate cost £900, and the quarter plate no less than £2,100.

WILL STUDY OUR METHODS.

A BRITISH MANUFACTURING DEPUTATION COMING.

They are Aboard the Steamer Lake Champlain and Will Make a Study of Canada and the United States So as to Learn the Methods Used Here.

It would seem as though the manufacturing industries of Great Britain were at last in earnest with regard to the necessity of obtaining the most up-to-date methods in conducting their various business concerns.

To-morrow there will arrive by the Elder-Dempster Company steamer Lake Champlain three delegates from Great Britain who, as the guests of the Elder-Dempster Company, will study industrial conditions in Canada during the next few weeks.

The delegation arriving by the Lake Champlain to-morrow is composed of Mr. S. H. Whitehouse, a delegate from the Somerset Miners' Association; Mr. Stuart Uttley, a delegate from the Sheffield File Cutters' Association, and Mr. E. A. Washer, a delegate from the Bristol Bricklayers' Association.

These gentlemen will during their visit to Canada and the United States make a thorough inspection of manufacturing establishments doing business in the lines in which they are interested.

Special attention will be paid to manufacturing methods, and the visitors expect to be able to take back many a pointer with them to the other side.

The natural resources of Canada will also be carefully studied, as a possible field for the investment of British capital. The visit of these delegates will in all probability result in much mutual good for Canada and Great Britain.

SOME AMENITIES OF WAR.

The Boers' Challenge to the Mafeking Garrison to a Cricket-Match and "B. P." Reply.

Messrs. Puttick and Simpson recently offered for sale, in London, a practically unique record of the siege of Mafeking, consisting of a complete set of General Orders and Official Communiques from Baden-Powell to his garrison, from September 2, 1899, to August 26, 1900, and signed either by himself or Lord Edward Cecil. In addition to these documents there were a number of official copies of letetrs which passed between the besieged and besiegers, and complete sets of Mafeking siege notes, soup tickets, railway, camp, and other passe, and programmes, of concerts, dinners and gymkhanas, includidng the menu of a dinner given on St. Patrick's aDy, also of one given by Colonel C. Vyvyan to his fellow-officers to commemorate the 100th day of the siege, and last, but not least, an original postcard sent to B. P. by a friend in Cape Town, with a water-colour sketch on the back of an Arab sheik en route from Cairo to the Cape. The following is the text of two letters out of this interesting collection:

To Colonel Baden Powell, Mafeking.

Dear Sir,—I see in the Bulawayo Chronicle that your men in Mafeking play cricket on Sundays and give concerts and balls on Sunday evenings. In case you will allow my men to join in, it would be very agreeable to me, as here outside Mafeking, there are seldom any of the fair sex, and there can be no merriment without their being present. In case you would allow this, we could spend some of the Sundays which we still have to get through round Mafeking, and of which there will probably be several, in friendship and unity. During the coming course of the week you can let us know if you accept my proposition, and I shall then with my men be on the cricket field and at the ballroom at the time to be appointed by you.—Wishing you and all of yours a pleasant day, I remain, your obedient friend,

(Signed)

S. ELOFF, Commdt, Jacobsdal Commando.

Mafeking, April 30, 1900.

Sir,—I beg to thank you for your letter of yesterday, in which you propose that your men should come to play cricket with us. I should like nothing better—after the match in which we are at present engaged is over. But just now we are having our innings, and have so far scored 200 days not out against the bowling of Cronje, Snyman, Botha, and Eloff; and we are having a very enjoyable game. I remain, yours truly,

(Signed) BADEN POWELL.

To Commandant C. Eloff.

CANADIANS IN THE STATES.

Why Our Young People Succeed Better Than the Average American.

The Canadian is most in evidence in the border cities, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, but he may be found in any big centre from New York to San Francisco, and from St. Paul to New Orleans, "where opportunity waits on industry." Enquiry and observation disclose the fact that in very many positions of trust and emolument the young Canadian gets the preference over his American cousin. Alike in the trades, the arts, and the professions, he finds steady advancement. How shall we account for this preferment ? asks John Thorn Holdsworth in The International, of St. John, New Brunswick. Is the Canadian possessed of superior wit, education, intelligence, or alertness ? Surely not. The average American confessedly has better educational advantages than his rival from the frozen north, and for ready wit and alertness the most rabid Britisher would accord him first place. No, the explanation must be sought on other grounds. First, should be cited the fact that the Canadian enjoys more robust health. Born and bred in the country, living much out of doors in an atmosphere which clears the brain in summer and in winter paints the cheek with a ruddy glow, he comes to manhood with a full reserve and lusty health. Then, too, he frequently has come from a home where hardship, if not poverty, has taught him lessons of thrift and self-denial—"to earn a little and spend a little less." He is consumed by no feverish haste to get rich at one fell sweep, but is content to climb the ladder of success by "upward toiling in the night." He is not afraid of hard work, nor does he scruple to begin with menial tasks; he has patience, pluck, push, perseverance. He has staying qualities, in which his American cousin is weak. The "Yankee" can spurt, but in a long-continued test he goes under. Finally, and chiefly, the Canadian, free from the taints and temptations of city life, has established for himself a higher, purer standard of moral living, and it is character that tells.

From Stone-Breaker to Premier.

Sir Henry Parkes, Prime Minister for many years of New South Wales, rose from the lowest rung of the ladder to the position of Prime Minister of that very important British Colony. Before he migrated to Australia he was a Warwickshire farm-labourer, and when he landed at Sydney in 1839 with his wife and child and got into an unfurnished room with their boxes, all the cash he possessed was threepence, and he got his first work in the Colony as an ordinary labourer. He tried many ways of earning money in those days; amongst others, working on a rope-walk at fourpence a day and labouring in a brickyard. In once giving his reminiscences he said that when Mr. Gladstone was at Oxford he, Mr. Parkes, was working at breaking stones on the Queen's highway with hardly enough clothing to protect him from te cold. He, however, managed to get on and quickly made his way, for in 1872 he was elected Prime Minister for the Colony, which office he held several times, and once for eleven years in succession.

The Donaldson Line steamship Lakonia sailed from Three Rivers on the 8th for Glasgow.

FOR AN OPEN AIR BOXING CONTEST.

THE NATIONALS ARE TALKING OF HOLDING ONE.

The Date Has Not Yet Been Fixed, But it is Expected to be a Great Success—Would Like to Have Some Professional Bouts Also if Possible.

There is a novel athletic entertainment on the tapis.

There is to be an open air boxing entertainment. The National-Lacrosse Club are the people who are talking about holding it.

It will be a novelty indeed, an open air boxing tournament in broad daylight. No such a thing happened in Montreal since the celebrated prize fights that used to take place on the green, at that time popular "Blue Bonnets"

The National Lacrosse Grounds will be beautifully adapted to such an entertainment, and as they are outside of the limits of the city of Montreal, and as the municipality in which they are situated has always treated the boxers rather kindly, there is no reason why the tournament should not be a great success, at least financially.

WOULD LIKE PROFESSIONALS.

No definite date has as yet been set, and some efforts will be made to see if the Club could not have as a special attraction, a few professional bouts also. If this could be arranged, the people who are interested in the tournament have their eye on two good lightweight boxers. One of these is Hurst, who is in Montreal, and the other Martin Snee, who is well known and who has announced his intention of coming here if a match can be arranged.

IS KITCHENER WOUNDED ?

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, August 9—There is an unconfirmed rumour current that General Lord Kitchener has been wounded in a skirmish outside Pretoria.

WALL STREET WAS STRONG.

The International Markets Enjoyed a Better Feeling and Most Prices Were Higher.

(From the Special Correspondent of the Star in Wall Street.)

NEW YORK, August 9. — The international stock markets displayed increased strength again to-day, quotations at London and New York rising to a higher level. Abroad Consols touched the highest point for some time on the better outlook for a termination of the war in South Africa and the market for Americans was influenced by New York strength, which was reflected in some good advances above parity. In the local market there was renewed disposition to take a cheerful view of the steel strike and to ignore western pessimistic estimates of the corn crop. Business, however, fell off in all directions, and the market as a whole was comparatively quiet. U. S. Steel on moderate transactions, gained ⅝ to ⅝, but the improvement was not fully sustained in the latter operations. In the railways the greatest strength was shown in the southwestern group, Missouri Pacific and Texas Pacific each improving about two points, and St. Louis and Southwestern Preferred half as much. These shares were favourably affected by the report that Mexican National and Mexican International had been acquired in the Gould interests. Among the prominent Grangers Rock Island rose a point, but kindred stocks improved only to a smaller extent. In several of the specialties good gains were scored. Among the early gains were Union Pacific ½. Norfolk Western ⅜. Mexican National ½. St. Paul ¼. Brooklyn Transit ½. Atchison ⅝. Can. Southern 1, Manhattan ½, Sugar ¼. Gains later were 2 in Missouri Pacific, 2½ in Nickel plate common and 3½ in second preferred.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the Star by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local manager for J. S. Bache and Co., New York, over direct private wire.

Stocks	CLOSE Aug. 9 Op'g.	Close.	Aug. 8 Op'g.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	112¼	111⅞	111	112¼
Amer. Tobacco Co.	......	......	......	131
Do do pref	......	......	......	......
Amer. Sugar Refin. Co.	134½	134½	133¾	134
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Am. Sml't'g & Ref. Co.	......	51½	51¼	51⅛
Anaconda Mining Co.	44	44½	......	......
A. Top & St. Fe all pd.	73⅛	72⅞	72⅞	73⅞
Do do pref.	94¾	94⅞	94	94⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	96⅛	96⅛	......	......
Brooklyn, R. T.	74¾	73⅞	74⅛	74⅛
Chic. & Alton Com.	......	......	37⅛	37⅛
Canadian Pacific	108¼	108	108⅝	108⅝
Canada Southern	69	69⅜	67⅝	67⅝
Ches. & Ohio	44½	44½	44⅛	44⅝
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	......	......	......	......
Chic. & N. W.	......	......	......	......
Chic. R. I. & Pac com.	139¼	138⅝	138	139
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	158⅜	157	157¾	158⅝
Continental Tob.	......	......	......	......
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Consolidated Gas N. Y	221	221	219½	220⅝
Colorado Fuel & Iron.	......	......	92	93⅛
Cleveland C.C. & St. L.	91	91¼	89½	90⅜
Delaware, L. & W.	225⅞	226	......	......
Delaware & Hudson	159⅞	159½	159	159¼
Denver Rio G.	91½	91½	......	90
Duluth S. Shore & Att.	......	......	......	9⅜
Do do Pref.	......	17⅜	......	......
Great Northern Ry pf	......	......	175½	175½
General Electric	251	250⅞	......	252
Jersey Central	......	......	......	......
Kansas & Tex com.	......	......	......	26
Do do pref.	53⅜	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
Louisville & Nashville	101⅛	100⅝	100⅞	101⅛
Manhattan Elevated	116⅛	116⅛	115⅞	116⅜
Missouri Pacific	99	99	98	99⅛
Metropolitan Trac.	......	164	164	165
N. Y. Central & Hud.	151¼	151	151½	151⅛
N. Y. Lake Erie & W.	36⅛	36	36	36⅛
Do do II pref.	50	50	......	......
Do do I pref.	64⅝	65⅛	64⅝	64⅝
N. Y. Ontario & West	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
Pacific Mail	......	......	40	40
Pressed Steel, com.	......	42⅜	......	......
Pressed Steel, pref.	......	......	......	......
Peoples Gas	113	108⅝	114	114⅝
Phila. & Read	40½	40	39¾	40⅛
Do Do 1 pref.	77	76⅜	......	77
Do do. II Pref.	......	51⅛	......	......
Pullman	......	......	......	......
Southern Ry. com.	29⅛	28⅞	28⅞	29
Do do Pref.	84⅜	84⅛	84	84
Southern Pacific	54⅜	53⅝	54	54⅛
Tenn. Coal & Iron	60⅞	60	59½	60
Texas Pacific	41	42	38⅛	40
Twin City	93	94	......	93
U. S. Leather Com.	13⅝	12⅞	13⅛	13⅛
Do do Pref.	80	80	80⅜	80⅞
U. S. Steel, com.	42⅜	41½	41	42
U. S. Steel pfd	91½	91¼	90⅝	91
U. S. Rubber Com.	......	......	......	......
Union Pacific com.	96⅛	95⅛	95⅜	96⅛
Do do Pref.	88½	88⅜	89	88
Wabash	20⅞	21	20⅞	20⅛
Do do Pref.	39⅛	39	38⅜	39⅛
Western Union Tel.	92	92	90⅛	92
Dom. Iron and Steel	......	......	......	......
Wis. Cen., com.	......	......	20⅜	20⅛
Do. pref.	......	......	......	......

Awaiting the Crop Report.

(From the Star's Special Correspondent on the Chicago Board of Trade.)

CHICAGO, August 9.—Snow, in his forecase of the Government report, says:

"Weather conditions have been so peculiar the past month that it is very difficult to satisfactorily forecast the Government report due next Saturday. The Government report should show a corn condition under 65, with a strong possibility of it being as low as 60. The lowest ever previously reported at this date was 69.

The condition of spring wheat will be possibly as low as 78; it was 95.6 on July 1; the condition of oats about 72 or under, against 83.7 last month.

The local crowd was inclined to be bullish and to take advantage of every opportunity to bid wheat prices up. The enormous clearances were the strongest supporting factor, 1,455,000 bushels. Primary receipts show a tendency to fall off.

STOCK PRICES MOVED UPWARD.

TWIN CITY WAS A STRONG FEATURE, ADVANCING 1 1-2.

Canadian Pacific Continued a Strong Feature—Bear Operations are Still in Evidence in Connection With Richelieu—The New York Market Was Strong in the Face of the Steel Strike.

The special correspondents of the Star in Wall Street and on the Chicago Board of Trade report in this column that stocks were steady, while wheat was steady. In the local market prices were strong. Yesterday's sales on the New York Stock Exchange were 416,180 shares.

There were no startling price changes in the local market, trading continuing on the dull side and unattended with any news of reflective character. Richelieu is the only thing that appears to be on the bear black books just now, but what trading there has been has not succeeded in depressing the stock much below 115, the point to which it declined the first day of the bear raid.

No news has been forthcoming to indicate why the security may be worth less than it was a few weeks ago, when it was a strong card. At that time mention was made in that connection of the possibility of the Richelieu Company securing the Niagara River Line of steamers by purchase, besides which the heavy season's travel was to make the stock more attractive. If anything has gone wrong with either of these bull cards the market has yet to hear of it.

Canadian Pacific continues to be a strikingly strong feature of the market and keeps advancing a little every day, when most other securities are very dull and unchanged in price. To-day the London price was strong at 111⅝, and in New York there was not much trading, but the quotation was strong at 108½. The local market was fractionally stronger, the bulk of the trading being at 108⅝, with a couple of lots at 108¼.

The apparent determination of the Toronto interests in Twin City to give that stock another boom was reflected here by an advance of 1½ this morning. Yesterday the market closed at 92, and to-day at the opening 93⅜ was paid, and subsequently a fair lot was taken at 93½. This is the highest price yet paid, being equal to 95½ with the dividend. The present and prospective earnings of the line are the bull reasons for a higher level.

Montreal Light and Power was steady at 93½ and Dominion Cotton at 73, while Montreal Street recovered another 1⅜, of what was lost earlier in the week. Steel Bonds sold at 82 and Telephone Bonds at 111. Some Payne sold at 15.

Messrs. L. J. Forget and Co.'s London cable to-day quoted: Grand Trunk first 96½, second 81¼, third 35¼, Canadian Pacific 111⅝, Anaconda £8⅞.

Some London orders for Canadian Pacific stock were noted in the New York stock market yesterday on news cabled to London regarding the bountiful crop prospects in the Canadian North-West.

Trading showed general steadiness at the outset and an improving tendency was noted for the leading stocks. Fluctuations, however, were narrow and business quiet. The United States Steel stocks were dull, but showed gains of ⅝ and ⅝, respectively, for the common and the preferred.

The directors of the Union Pacific Railway Company have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of two per cent. on the preferred and two per cent. on the common stock.

Under active pool manipulations the shares of St. Lawrence and Adirondack Railway scored a net advance of two points yesterday, selling at the close at 115½, a gain in five days of 14½ points, representing the stupendous advance of 58½ points since January last, when the security was first admitted to dealings on the Stock Exchange. In the continued advance Wall Street has a mystery which many men have tried to solve and failed. A. L. Myer, President of the Company, said yesterday the dividend had been earned. The road had a surplus and was doing splendidly. The New York Central had made an offer for the road, but was not high enough. In all probability the road would finally be turned over to the Central.

The Montreal Clearing House statement for the week shows:

	Clearings.	Balances.
Total for week ending August 8, 1901	$16,899,251	$2,366,448
Corresponding week, 1900.	13,407,909	1,970,253
Corresponding week, 1899.	14,928,646	2,146,376
Corresponding week, 1898.	13,650,266	1,686,248

Earnings of Detroit United Railways for July were $280,554.34, an increase of $59,551 over the same month last year.

The earnings of Twin City and Toronto Railway continue to show big gains. During July gross earnings of Twin City increased $40,677, and those of Toronto Railway $22,607. Earnings from January 1st to July 31st, with increases, were as follows:

	Earnings.	Increase.
Toronto Railway	$ 894,411	$83,661
Montreal St. Ry.	1,078,246	65,961
Twin City	1,558,744	175,489

LONDON, August 9. — Closing: Consols for money, 93 15-16; do for the account, 94; Anaconda, 9; Canadian Pacific, 111¾; St. Paul, 163; Illinois Central, 148½; Louisville, 104; N. Y. C., 154½; Northern Pacific pfd., 99; Penna., 73½; Southern Pacific, 56; U. S. Steel, 44; do pfd., 93⅝; Atchison, 75¼; do pfd., 97¼; B. and O., 99; Chesapeake and Ohio, 45⅝; Chicago, Great Western, 22½; Denver and Rio Grande, 42⅞; do pfd., 93½; Erie, 37⅝; do first pfd., 66½; do second pfd., 50; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 27⅝; do pfd., 54½; Norfolk and Western, 53¾; do pfd., 91; Ontario and Western, 33⅝; Reading, 20⅝; do first pfd., 39½; do second pfd., 26¼; Southern Railway, 30; do pfd., 85⅝; U. P., 99⅝; do pfd., 90½; Wabash, 21½; do pfd., 41½; Spanish fours, 70; Rand Mines, 41⅝; bar silver, steady at 26 15-16d per ounce. Money, 2 per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2⅜ to 2½ per cent. Three months' bills, 2 7-16 to 2 9-16 per cent.

Foreign exchange hardened a fraction yesterday in New York, but no definite announcement of export gold engagements was made. Bankers engaged in this branch of the market were specially perplexed at the absence of the expected supply of bills against wheat shipments. The probability is that these drafts have been disposed of so promptly that they hardly reached the open market. A London cable in that connection says it is not considered have been disposed of so promptly that they York will ship gold to Europe in any large quantity.

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES.

J. S. Bache and Co., 16 St. Sacrament st., report the closing prices to-day as follows: Aug. 9, 1901

		Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat,	Aug.	......	......	......	69⅞
"	Sept.	70⅝	71⅛-¼	70⅝	70⅝-¾B
Corn,	Aug.	......	......	......	56⅝
"	Sept.	57⅝	58⅛	57⅛	57⅝
Oats,	Aug.	......	......	......	35¼
"	Sept.	35	35¾	35	35⅛
Pork,	Aug.	......	......	......	1875
"	Sept.	......	1390	1385	1385
Lard,	Aug.	......	......	......	860-2
"	Sept.	......	867-70	862-5	862-5
Short Ribs,					
"	Aug.	......	......	......	770
"	Sept.	......	780-2	777	777

PROPRIETORS PAY WHOLE COST

EY MAY HAVE PERMANENT SIDEWALKS LAID DOWN

Take Risk of Getting a Refund —There are Many Petitions in Asking the City to Put Down Pavements, But it Has Not Money to Do So.

ld. Ouimet, at the meeting of the Road mittee yesterday afternoon, made a ng plea for the laying of permanent walks in the city.

e showed that the old wooden sidewalks out of date, and should be done away altogether. He quoted a civic enact- t that upon requests from proprietors city would put down permanent walks, cost of the same being borne equally the proprietors and the corporation. pite of this enactment, he pointed out, e were scores of requests in for perman- sidewalks that were not being attended by the city. This was too bad. If citi- were ready to pay half the costs of walks there should be no delay in com- cing the improvement.

ld. Martineau—"I agree in what Ald. net has said; the city certainly should eady to put down permanent sidewalks n demanded by proprietors. The facts he case, however, are that the city has ash on hand to put the sidewalks down. custom is for the city to bear the out- at the beginning and then collect the prietor's share after the work is done. ly wish we had the money to do this. oo, favour permanent sidewalks, but I we can lay very few more until next , when we shall get our new appro- tions."

ld. Ouimet.—"There should be some way of the difficulty. There are many pro- tors who would be willing to put down permanent sidewalks themselves if the would guarantee to refund them half cost next year when it has cash."

here was some discussion over this view he question, and finally it was decided sk Council if this could be done.

he City Surveyor read a report showing would cost about $2,500 to repair the alt in front of the Bonaventure statio. was feared the repairs could not be le on account of the shortness of funds. he committee adjourned.

THE QUEEN WAS GRACIOUS.

een Alexandra's Reply to Address From Canadian Women.

he presentation of the address of loy- to Queen Alexandra, signed by some nty-five thousand Canadian women, ich took place at Marlborough House e days ago, by a deputation composed Lady Aberdeen, representing the Coun- of Minto; Lady Taylor, president of National Council of Women of Can- ; Miss T. F. Wilson, secretary of the iety; Mrs. Learmont, of Montreal: s. Edward Griffin, of Ottawa, and Lord atheona, brought from Her Majesty a st gracious reply. This fact has been mented upon by nearly all the English wspapers, the address and reply printed full, and descriptive stories written ut the manner in which it was gotten

One London daily, after explaining t the idea emanated from the Local ncil of Women in Montreal, and going considerable length into the manner in ich it was gotten up, called attention to fact that it was signed by Mrs. ighton, of Halifax, who is the only vivor of those who danced at the ball en in that city in honour of the wed- g of Queen Victoria, and such funny nes as Sarah Big Crow, Daisy Grass- pper, and Polly Going-to-the-Crees.

he reply of Her Majesty to the depu- ion when the address was presented is follows:

Many assurances of loyalty and devo- n have been tendered to His Majesty King from all parts of the Empire ce his accession to the throne, but none l give him greater pleasure than those ich are so kindly expressed in the ad- ss presented to me to-day on behalf the women of Canada.

The address will always be treasured His Majesty and myself, not only for great artistic merit of the volume con- ning it, but especially for the loving erence it makes to Her late Majesty een Victoria. It is impossible to esti- te the extent to which her life and ex- ple contributed to that enlargement of sphere of women's activities which added so much to the happiness of the itish people, and which constitutes not least glory of the era associated with name."

DROWNED IN A QUARRY.

nother Child a Victim of These Death-Traps Which Abound in North End.

A drowning accident occurred in St. De- Ward yesterday afternoon, by which the r-year-old son of William Bouchard, la- rer, who lives at the corner of Beau- n and Dufferin streets, Amherst Park, t his life.

t seems the little fellow was playing with sister, who is a little older than him- f, near the quarry, and commenced to de in the shallower part, when he sud- nly fell over a ledge into the deep water. A neighbour by the name of Prevost was tracted by the cries of the little girl, and hed into the water, but was too late to e the child.

M. S. R. Employes' Picnic.

The annual Street Railway employes' fes- al begins at Sohmer Park on Monday rt. This is the seventh annual celebra- n, the object being to provide a fund help the employes of the company strick- by illness. During the programme the tional songs of the different nations re- sented will be played by Lavigne's mili- y band. The Street Railway band, un- r the leadership of Conductor Arthur Le- , will also render selections on the ter- e.

Railway Signals.

Mr. Arthur L. Meyer has been elected e-president of the St. Lawrence and irondack Railway.

The Canadian Pacific will carry free of arge, seed the Government will supply e Temiscamingue settlers.

Mr. W. B. Bulling, assistant freight traf- manager, has just completed his first ur of inspection of the Ontario and Que- c and Eastern divisions of the road.

Money for Service Pipes.

The Water Committee had a short sit- g yesterday afternoon. The superinten- nt, Mr. Janin, reported that money was y badly needed in order to lay service es to new houses. It was very impor- nt that these pipes should be laid. ere had been an amount granted at the ginning of the year for this work, but it s now exhausted.

The chairman showed that while this money had been spent the committee, owing to certain economies, was in a position to vary some $4,500, from other works, for pipe laying. If the City Council would consent to the varying the service pipes could be laid. It was decided to ask this permission from Council.

BEAU'S PICTURE UNVEILED DISPERSION OF THE ACADIANS

It Was Presented to the College of Memramcook Last Night—Senator Poirier's Speech.

The historical tableau of Henri Beau, representing a scene depicting the banishment of the Acadians, was unveiled last evening at the Monument National. This tableau, purchased conjointly by the St. Jean Baptiste Society and the Union des Acadiens, has been presented to the University of Memramcook, N. B.

Senator Pascal Poirier was introduced to the large audience present by Mr. J. X. Perrault, as the "recognized head of our Acadian brothers."

The Senator returned thanks for the magnificent gift to the University. He disclaimed the distinction which Mr. Perrault had given him, saying that in his democratic country he was no more chief than his neighbour. Down there every Acadian was at once a common soldier and at the same time a chief, ready to do his duty patriotically. The Senator proceeded to depict the scenes represented by the tableau which represented the most glorious page in their history, the alliance again so firmly renewed and sealed between the Acadians and Canadians. He touchingly went over the history of the banishment of the Acadians and concluded as follows: "We Acadians are still scattered, and although numerous we have no recognized centre. But despite all we are full of life, we have retained our national honour, our language pure and undefiled and faithful to our religion. We have retained no animosity towards England, we know she took no part in our banishment. We live harmoniously with the English. I might even say we are on better terms with them than you are in Quebec and Ontario."

"You Canadians of Quebec are the citadel of the French nationality of America. Sustained on one side by the Acadians, on the other by the Canadians of Ontario, and by those of the United States. As outposts we surround Quebec to protect her, and to defend her so long as life endures. If we would be strong let us unite."

HOSPITAL NURSES DEFENDED.

French-Canadian Patients Refute Charges of Unkindness and Neglect Made Against General Hospital Nurses.

A number of French-Canadian citizens, who have at different times in the past few years, had occasion to be treated by the staff of the Montreal General Hospital, have sent a letter of appreciation to the authorities of the institution, in which they say: "We wish to notify the general public that our treatment throughout has been that of the greatest kindness and humanity, without any regard to creed or nationality. The nurses have performed their duties without sparing themselves in the slightest measure in attending to our comfort." The letter is signed by P. T. J. Lanctot, 382 Beaubry street; Oscar Beaupre, 205 Iberville street; Omer Laporte, 411 Grand Trunk street, and Paul Cartier, 105 St. Charles street.

IN AND AROUND THE CITY.

THE S.P.W.C.—At the monthly meeting of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children yesterday, Mr. Marshall stated that during the month 82 cases had been reported and investigated, involving the welfare of 77 children.

GOING TO NEW BEDFORD.—Mr. Amedee Perrault, who has filled the position of organist at St. Bridget's Church for the last twenty years, has accepted a similar position at New Bedford, Mass. He will be succeeded at St. Bridget's by Mr. Victor Vermette, one of his former pupils.

PICNIC FOR THE BARBERS. — The inter-provincial excursion and picnic of the Barbers' Associations of the province of Quebec and Ontario, to be held at Rigaud Sunday, August 25, will be the first of its kind. The Quebec barbers will meet in Montreal and proceed by train to Rigaud, and the Ontario barbers will meet at Ottawa and go from there to the picnic grounds. The games will be held on the college grounds.

Visited Ile Aux Noix.

The members of the Brome County Historical Society visited the historic fortifications at Isle aux Noix yesterday, among the party being Mr. Justice Lynch; Mr. Lester Ball, honorary president; Rev. Ernest M. Taylor, secretary-treasurer; Messrs. Jas. C. Pettes, David Cousens, Walter Lynch, D. A. Manson, T. Macdonald, John Draper, Rev. R. D. Mills, Philip W. Taber, directors; E. S. Miltimore, Judge E. J. Heming, Rev. F. A. Reid, Rev. W. Henderson, Rev. R. B. Brown, V. T. Kilton and A. W. Walmsley.

The island was reached at one o'clock, and the fort was subsequently thoroughly inspected by the tourists, who were made acquainted with its history and the sieges it had withstood. The visitors were then entertained at luncheon, and in the early evening returned to St. Johns.

The Gladu-Goulet Assault Case.

Elzea Gladu, the cigarmaker, who assaulted Victor Goulet, last week and who was found guilty by the Recorder on Tuesday, of this week, appeared in the Recorder's Court yesterday, as plaintiff in another case of assault, the defendant in which was Ludger Goulet, brother of the plaintiff, in the previous case. According to the evidence submitted yesterday Ludger, who had witnessed the fight between his brother and Gladu, ran to the former's assistance and struck Gladu with a rather formidable machine used in cigar making. Gladu was severely cut on the head and had to undergo medical treatment at a city hospital. Mr. Recorder Weir will give judgment in the case this afternoon.

A Winding-up Order Granted.

The petition of Dowker, McIntosh & Co., asking a winding up order to put the Whitham Shoe Company into liquidation, has been granted by Judge Langelier. It is stated in the petition that at a special meeting held the creditors decided to adopt this course, and it also asks a continuation of the business until the appointment of a final liquidator. The judge fixed a meeting of creditors for August 23 and appointed Mr. T. H. Bailey, manager of the company, provisional liquidator, with authorization to continue the business pending the appointment of the permanent liquidator.

Tramps Commit Sacrilege.

On Wednesday evening tramps broke the door of the tabernacle in the parish church of Lamachiche, Que. Hearing a noise, they made a hurried departure, for the vicar on entering the church found that the ciborium filled with hosts was upset upon the altar. The hosts were unconsecrated. The intention of the robbers was evidently to carry off the valuable sacred vessels.

Louis Riel's Son Coming.

A number of citizens of the city interested in the family of the late Louis Riel have received word from his eldest son of his intention of coming to Montreal to complete his education at St. Mary's College, Bleury street.

Killed in Michigan.

(Special to the Star.)

KINGSTON, Ont., August 9.—On Thursday evening, Chief of Police Baillie received a telegram from Cheboygan, Mich., stating that Sanford Keller, of Kingston, had been killed at that place on Tuesday, and the police would like to learn the address of his relatives.

PRICE OF BREAD UNDER DISCUSSION.

ASSOCIATION WANTS TO WIPE OUT CELLAR BAKERIES

Or Induce Them to Cease Selling at Ruinous Prices and Conform to Hygienic Rules, Declared Some of the Speakers—Prices Lower Than in Other Cities.

The Master Bakers held a meeting last night in St. Joseph's Hall. The president, Mr. M. Paquette, was in the chair.

The price of bread was discused for some time. It was stated that it is not the intention to increase the price of bread throughout the city at the present time.

One of the objects of the association is to wipe out a number of cellar bakers, who have been selling bread at ruinous prices and have been a menace to the legitimate employers for some years. In the event of the association not being able to put them out of business entirely, it is the intention to have as many of them as can be induced to do so raise the price of their bread, and conform to the hygienic rules and regulations governing bakeries in the interest of the public.

Mr. Stuart said the prices have been cut to such an extent that it is almost impossible to make a decent living at the business on account of these Cheap-John bakers. He held there is no city in America selling bread for the same price as Montreal. He claimed that bread costs more in Ottawa and Toronto than in Montreal. However, if the cellar bakeries could be destroyed it was believed it will be a step towards elevating the business in Montreal. It was claimed that these cellar bakers pay starvation wages, and employ boys, and that employers who have to pay regulation wages are at a great disadvantage.

AN INTERLOCUTORY INJUNCTION

Granted to the Canadian Asbestos Company Against the Canadian Asbestic Company.

Mr. Justice Lavergne, in the Superior court yesterday, granted an interlocutory injunction, asked by the Canadian Asbestos Company, against Mr. Dickson Anderson, with the Bell Telephone Company, as mis-en-cause. The object of the petitioners is to have removed from page 47 of the telephone directory, the firm name of the Canadian Asbestic Company, whose telephone number is given as Main 541, and whose address is referred to as being 42 Foundling street. It is claimed that no such company exists, and that the name and telephone number is the same as that of Mr. Dickson Anderson, whose place of business is at 42 Foundling street, and that it injures the petitioners, the Canadian Asbestos Company, who are competitors in the same line of business.

The declaration states that the petitioners have already suffered damages to the extent of $1,000, and are liable to suffer a great deal more if the name Canadian Asbestic Company is allowed to remain in the directory.

As an immediate effect of the injunction the employes of the Bell Telephone Company will call upon the subscribers of the company, where new telephone directories have been placed, and pencil out the name "Canadian Asbestic Company," which appears on page 47. The merits of the question will be taken up by the courts in a few days.

SCENES AT YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES.

(See Page 2.)

Between the games.

Raub tries to steal second and is nabbed in the act.

Steelman's little juggling performance brought Dooley home.

Joyce catches a daisy hot from the bat.

CYCLING

The Races at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 9.—Marcus Hurley was again the star in the bicycle races in the Pan-American Stadium. He won both the half mile and mile championships in an easy manner and showed that he has not a peer among the amateurs in this country.

Hurley won the final of the half mile by a length from Ingraham of Chelsea, Mass. Hurley, Lossee, Mettling and Hoffman were the starters in the mile championship. Baem, of Buffalo, was put in to pull the riders out. Hurley started a furlong sprint and gained a length before the field got to moving. He retained the lead coming down the stretch and crossed the mark a length ahead of Lossee, of Brooklyn, with the other two close up for third place.

Walter Smith continued his record breaking trials, but a high wind that blew across the track was not conducive to record-breaking. He set out to break the track record of one minute 36 3-5 seconds made by himself on Wednesday. He made a new mark of 1 minute 32 2-5 seconds.

The mile handicap was won by J. T. Ingraham, of Chelsea, the scratch man who qualified for the finish. Schade, of Buffalo, who finished second was a length behind.

SUMMARIES.

1-2 Mile Final—Marcus Hurley, New York A. C., won; J. T. Ingraham, Chelsea, Mass., second. Time, 1.09.

1 Mile, National Amateur Championship—Marcus Hurley, New York A. C., won; W. L. Lossee, Brooklyn, second; L. E. Mettling, P. C. C., Boston, third. Time, 2.41 4-5.

Exhibition Ride, 5 miles—Walter Smith, King's County Wheelmen, motor paced. Time, 9 minutes 14 3-5 seconds.

1 Mile Handicap—J. T. Ingraham, Chelsea, Mass., scratch, won; Fred. Schade, Buffalo, 100 yards, second; Thomas J. Grady, Chicopee, Mass., 40 yards. Time, 2.04.

One Half Mile Exhibition, on motor, by Albert Zimmerman, Buffalo, and M. C. Fleeters, Philadelphia. First quarter, 22 2-5 seconds. Half, 45 4-5.

Exhibition Ride for American Stadium track record, of one mile, by Walter Smith, King's County Wheelmen, New York. Smith's time by quarters:

First—23 3-5 seconds.
Second—47 seconds.
Third—1.09 3-5.
Fourth—1.32 2-5. Paced by Zimmerman and Fleeters on motor.

The National Circuit.

NEW YORK, August 9.—At the National Circuit Meet on the Asbury Park Bicycle Track in the half mile championship, Frank Kramer was shut out in the grand semi-finals by Iver Lawson who met and defeated Lester Wilson, of Pittsburg, in the final. Wilson by right was beaten by McFarland in the first grand semi-final heat, but as one of the tires of Wilson's wheel burst during the race, McFarland generously refused to take advantage of the mishap and suffered by his generosity, because Wilson outrode him in the second attempt. Otto Maya, of Erie Penna, won the final heat in the one mile professional 2.10 class, and Walter Bardgett, of Buffalo, with an allowance of 100 yards, won the one mile professional handicap, by a narrow margin from Lester Wilson, Pittsburg, 40 yards, Earl D. Stevens, of Buffalo, 80 yards, riding into third place a few inches ahead of E. C. Hausman, of New Haven. It was a blanket finish and a very pretty one. Among the amateurs W. A. Ladue, of Cold Spring, N. Y., won the honours in the one third mile open, and Menus Bedell, of Lynbrook, N. J., won the two mile amateur handicap from the 90 yard mark. Harry Welsing and Ladue, the scratch men finished as named.

Jimmy Michael gave a two mile motor paced exhibition in 3.31 seconds, and the remaining event, a five mile motor paced match between Harry Elkes, of Glens Falls, N. Y., and Jimmy Urquhart, of Boston, was handily won by Elkes, 8.11 3-5.

McEachren Defeated.

BALTIMORE, August 9.—William Stinson defeated Archie McEachren in a 20-mile motor paced bicycle race on the Bowl Track at the Coliseum in the remarkable time of 30.18 2-5 seconds, which is the record for a six lap track. Stinson took the lead at the start and was never headed. He made a terrific pace for the first five miles, doing the second in 1.28 and the first three in a total of 4.44, which is the best ever done on any track. The five miles were finished in 7.42, which equals the world's record, and the sixth mile was again made in 1.28. After this the pace was slower, McEachren hung on to the leader's wheel until the last mile when he weakened and Stinson finished within a lap of him.

GOLF

An International Game.

(Special to the Star.)

KINGSTON, Ont., August 9.—The American golf players from Clayton, N. Y., including Mr. Morgan, son of Pierpont Morgan, and others from New York City, will play the Kingston Golf Club on Saturday afternoon.

CONDENSED

All members of the Strathcona Football Club are requested to turn out to practice to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon at 3.30 o'clock on the Exhibition Grounds.

The Westmount vs. Montreal Woollen Mills match will be played on the ground of the Driving Park, St. Etienne street, when the following team will do duty for Westmount: W. A. Brown, A. Bennett, T. H. Cox (captain), T. L. Crossley, R. M. Davy, L. Dowie, C. M. C. Hughes, J. S. Lyon, E. W. Relf, M. Smith and W. L. Thom.

The wrestling match between Champion Thomas Jenkins, of Cleveland, and Peter Maher, the pugilist, at Inlet Park, Atlantic City, was won by Jenkins in two straight falls. The first bout was catch as catch can and Jenkins threw Maher in 16 1-2 minutes. In the second bout it took the champion 17 minutes and 25 seconds to throw Maher at the Graeco-Roman style.

The condition of the match was two out of three falls for a purse of $1,500.

The annual cricket match between Yorkshire and Lancashire, which has just been completed, lasted three days and attracted a daily crowd of over 10,000. According to custom, J. Brown, the Yorkshire professional, got the proceeds for good service. He received £4,000, which breaks the record. The normal pay of a professional cricketer is under £5 a week during the season.

Ottawa will have a big athletic meet about the middle of October, under the auspices of the Ottawa Amateur Association, either on 'Varsity oval or Lansdowne Park. A committee, composed of H. Morrison, E. A. Oliver, H. Rosenthal, E. R. McNeil, W. R. Cummings and H. B. Cowan, has been selected to arrange for the field day. The various counties are to decide their championships and all will meet here to decide the championship of the Ottawa Valley. Sports will also be arranged for local athletes.

SUBURBAN NOTES.

A dance will be given at the Grand Trunk Boating Club house, Point St. Charles, this evening.

Mr. A. C. Heath, Victoria Park, St. Lambert, has returned from a fortnight's stay at Old Orchard Beach.

There will be a meeting of Victoria Lodge of the Sons of England in Fraternity Hall, Wellington street, Point St. Charles, to-night.

The Point St. Charles division of the Fire Brigade was called out at 8.15 o'clock last evening for a small blaze in a room at 102 Laprairie street.

Rev. D. S. Hamilton, pastor of the Point St. Charles Congregational Church, will preach at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge on Sunday.

The members of Court Seaforth, Canadian Order of Foresters, will meet this evening in Unity Hall, Wellington street, Point St. Charles.

Prof. McNaughton, of Queen's College, Kingston, will preach at Melville Church, Westmount, on Sunday. Rev. T. W. Winfield, the pastor, returns to town next week.

Rev. E. A. Mackenzie, pastor of St. Matthew's Presbyterian Church, Wellington street, Point St. Charles, who is spending his vacation outside of Chesley, Ont., is reported as being seriously ill.

Rev. J. Porteous Arnold, F.E.I.S., principal of the Roslyn Ladies' College, Westmount, will conduct both services at the Westminster Presbyterian Church, corner Atwater avenue and St. Antoine street, on Sunday.

Messrs. James Brown and Robert Doherty, the school commissioners of the town of St. Lambert, are at present trying to get a new principal for the Model School, to succeed Mr. A. E. Rivard, who has resigned. An assistant principal is also to be appointed.

Councillor Brunet, of Outremont, has handed in his resignation to the secretary-treasurer, Mr. J. Kruse. Mr. Brunet is no longer a resident of the town, and finds it impossible to attend the different meetings. August 14, Wednesday next, has been set aside as the day on which a candidate is to be nominated to succeed him. Voting will take place a week later.

The Sunday School of Point St. Charles Congregational Church go to Bout de l'Ile Park to-morrow on their annual picnic. Cars will be run right through to Maisonneuve from the subway, Wellington street, at half-past eight o'clock. A committee composed of the deacons of the church and teachers of the Sabbath school will look after the various events.

The Montreal Water and Power Company has written to the Town Council of Outremont, agreeing to the proposition made some time ago to supply water to the residents of Pagnuelo avenue on condition that the latter would be satisfied with what pressure the company can obtain. The residents have consented, and an agreement will be drawn up. The company will start laying the water pipes at once.

To-morrow, takes place to Sherringham Park, the annual excursion and picnic of the employes of the Dominion Bag Company, St. Patrick street, Point St. Charles. The steamer Duchess of York has been engaged for the occasion. A stop will be made at St. Gabriel docks for the benefit of those residing in the Point. The amusement committee have arranged for an excellent programme of dancing, and also a long list of sporting events.

The different committees in charge of the arrangements of the old students' convention at Longueil College on August 21 and 22, met last evening. After drawing up the list of guests to which invitations should be sent, the chairman reported good progress in their different undertakings. A band has been successfully organized as also a choir to sing at the solemn High Mass on the opening day, and take part in the different events. Old students, who have not yet sent in their names, are requested to do so to the secretary, Mr. H. St. Mars.

Owing to some difficulty between the town of Westmount and the Montreal Water and Power Company, the town has not been able to use its quarry at the top of Mount Pleasant avenue, for some time past. The water company claims that blasting in the quarry breaks up the foundations of its reservoir in an adjoining lot, and that the town sold it the property it will hold it responsible for any damages that may be caused by the blasting. As the quality of the stone found in the quarry is especially good, and this is the only place in the town in which it can be procured, the corporation has placed the matter in the hands of its legal advisers.

At the Point St. Charles Railway Association on Sunday afternoon, Rev. D. Taylor, of Norwood, N. Y., has promised to take charge of the men's meeting. Mr. Taylor will also remain over to preside at the tea that will be tendered the members and friends of the association by the members of the Ladies' Auxiliary Society.

At the Westmount Town Council meeting on Monday evening, the report of the town valuators will be submitted. The council will also take up the question of an electric contract for the town. Delegates will also be formally appointed to attend the convention of leading Canadian municipalities to be held in Toronto, August 20-23.

Rebecca's Billion Dollar Law Suit.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Rebecca Ann McDonald, of Binghamton, N.Y., is said to be preparing to enter suit to recover property in this city, the value of which is estimated at $100,000,000. Two hundred and eighty property owners are said to be involved. The claims will be made under the will of Jacob T. Arden, who died in 1803.

Ottawa's Statue of Victoria.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—M. Hebert and Mr. Tarto yesterday visited the statue of the Queen and inspected the alterations being made under the former's supervision. A little shifting of the figures at the base is all that is necessary, and everything will be in readiness next week.

Little Willie's High Dive.

NEW YORK, August 9.—William Quister, eight years old, fell from the roof of a five-story apartment house on Second avenue, last night, and landed in a tub of water in the yard below. In his fall he struck several clothes lines, and in this way his fall was broken. He was practically uninjured.

Reports filed in the United States Consular office at Windsor, Ont., show that there were exported to Detroit from the Essex gas fields from February 21, 1895, to July 19, 1901, nine billion six hundred and forty million feet of natural gas, for which the Detroit Gas Company paid to the Ontario Natural Gas Company $482,000, or five cents per thousand cubic feet.

INVESTORS

If you want a positively sure and safe investment, which you can go and see for yourself, buy land in

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THE MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY CARS will give a first-class service in a few weeks, and all the prices will advance tremendously. NOW. You can't help making big money, and a quick turn over.

For Free Plans and Information,

G. W. BADGLEY, Room 228 Temple Building, Tel. Main 2137.
S. HUSSELBEE, 848 Park Ave., or 1638 St. Lawrence St. Tel. Up. 2203.
GEORGE MARCIL, 715 Park Avenue. Tel. Main 4481.
A. S. WALKER, 504 Clark St., or 1904 St. Lawrence St. Tel. Main 2137. 180 3 3amo

LEGAL CARDS.

McGibbon, Casgrain, Ryan & Mitchell
Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.
CANADA LIFE BUILDING, MONTREAL
R. D. McGibbon, K.C. T. Chase-Casgrain, K.C. M.P.
Percy C. Ryan. Victor E. Mitchell.
Edouard Surveyer. Lawrence Macfarlane.
244 tf

University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, P. Q.
SESSION OF 1901-1902.
Michaelmas Term begins Saturday, September 14th, 1901.
Lectures begin Thursday, September 19th, 1901.
The Principal having left for England, where he will remain until the end of August, it is requested that all business letters shall be addressed to the Principal, Bishop's College, Lennoxville, and applications for Calendars to the Bursar. 160 52

Dunham Ladies' College.
The Church School for Girls in the Diocese of Montreal.
President, the Lord Archbishop of Montreal.
The school reopens in September, with exceptionally strong staff of trained teachers, French and German taught by natural method; music, under the direction of Miss Cowan, gold medalist of the Toronto Conservatory of Music; no other boarding school in Canada gives such value for the remarkably small fees charged; fullest enquiry into standing and methods invited. Board, laundry and tuition (including French and German), $168. Reopens September 11, 1901. For calendars, etc., apply Lady Principal, Dunham, Que. 180 26eod

The Catholic High School, Belmont Park, will re-open on Tuesday, September 3rd. For prospectus and full particulars please apply at the school, to
A. J. HALES SANDERS, Principal.
179 13

Dufferin Grammar School
BRIGHAM, P.Q.
RE-OPENS AUGUST 11th, 1901.
A High Class Boarding School for Boys. Thorough preparation for the University, Military College and Business. Small classes, healthy locality, careful supervision. French a specialty.
Apply for prospectus to
REV. R. D. MILLS, M.A., Head Master.
183 26

THE WABAN SCHOOL A boy's school Waban, Mass.
Fits for Harvard and any other college. Best of instruction and homelife, sports and physical training. Send for circular.
159 22 2aw J. H. PILLSBURY, Prin.

EDUCATIONAL. EDUCATIONAL.

S. John the Evangelist's School, Montreal.
Headmaster, Mr. C. S. FOSBERY, M.A., Trin. Coll., Dublin.
(For 13 years head master of Howden Grammar School, England.)
Assisted by resident and non-resident masters, prepares boys for the universities, for Kingston Military College, and for a business career.
The play grounds, which contain a rink, tennis court, and gymnasium, are large enough for lacrosse, cricket and football.
The school will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 11th.
For particulars apply The Headmaster, or the Rev. Canon Wood, 1773 Ontario street, or the Rev. Arthur French, 273 St. Urbain street. 179 52

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE,
Affiliated to McGill University,
SIMPSON STREET, MONTREAL.
For the Higher Education of Young Women,
with Preparatory Department for Girls under 13 Years.
President.....Rev. Jas. Barclay, D.D.
Vice-Pres't.....Ven. Archdeacon Evans, D.C.L.
Principal, Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh
The Institute will re-open on
TUESDAY, 11th of September.
For Prospectus and other information apply to the Principal, or to A. F. RIDDEL, Secretary, Merchants Bank of Canada Building, 205 St. James Street. 184 26

Abingdon School,
1143 Dorchester St., Montreal.
HEAD-MASTER:
MR. T. RIDLER DAVIES, B.A. (Cantab),
Assisted by Mr. E. E. Dyson, Mr. C. T. Anstey and Mr. F. Calder.
Boys are prepared for University, Kingston Royal Military College and Commercial Life.
PREPARATORY CLASS FOR YOUNG BOYS.
MODERN SIDE.
GYMNASIUM. FIELD FOR GAMES.
BOARDING.
There is excellent accommodation for a limit number of Boarders.
Prospectus containing full information regarding the school, list of recent successes, etc., may be had on application to the above address. 185tf

THE
CRICHTON SCHOOL.
1170 SHERBROOKE ST., MONTREAL.
School Residence—705 Pine Avenue.
Rector: Rev. J. Williamson, B. A. (Oxon)
Assisted by: C. W. Jackson, M. A. (Cantab.); H. G. Creelman, B. A., B. Sc. (Edin. and London); P. J. de St. Maurice, B.A., B. Sc. (Paris); and special masters for German, Drawing, Physical Training, etc.
Primary School .. ..for boys of 9 to 11
Secondary School .. ..for boys of 11 to 18
McGill Matriculation Class.
Preparation for the universities a specialty. Thorough training in modern languages, mathematics, etc., for boys intended for business.
Small classes, individual attention, thorough work.
The buildings are new, with a hall for physical training, and a large play-ground.
BOARDING DEPARTMENT.
At the School Residence, 705 Pine avenue, there is unsurpassed accommodation for 10 resident pupils.
Prospectus on application. 175 52

Ontario Ladies' College and Ontario Conservatory of Music, Whitby, Ont.
Ideally located in a beautiful collegiate town in close proximity to Toronto. Buildings, grounds, and equipment unequalled by those of any similar college in Canada. Send for new illustrated calendar to Rev. J. J. Hare, Ph. D., Principal. 163 78

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WINDSOR, NOVA SCOTIA.
Incorporated 1891.
The Bishop of Nova Scotia, Chairman Board of Trustees. The Bishop of Fredericton, member of Board of Trustees, ex-officio.
Miss Lefroy, of Cheltenham Ladies' College, England, Principal, assisted by Ten Resident Experienced Governesses from England five of whom are specialists in the Music and Art Departments), and Two Non-Resident Instructors. Housekeeper, Matron and Nurse.
Extensive Buildings, with capacity for 100 Residents; Heated by Hot Water, Lighted by Electricity. Grounds covering eight acres. School Dairy and Laundry, within fenced limits of property.
Preparation for the Universities.
Michaelmas term begins Wednesday, September 11th, 1901.
170 26 For Calendar apply to DR. HIND.

FOUNDED 1837.
The Berthier Grammar School
Berthier en Haut, P. Q.
A high class boarding school for boys, at moderate terms. Preparation for business, the universities and Kingston.
SPECIAL FEATURES — Fully organized Technical Departments. The French Language.
Re-Opens Sept. 5.
MAX LIEBICH, Principal.
107 36

Yildiz
Try Yildiz Egyptian Cigarettes (gold tips), 20 cents per box. 164eodtf

FLOWERS FOR THE APPETITE.

(Youth's Companion.)

"'No appetite? Too hot to eat, anyway?'" the doctor repeated after his patient, a thin and bloodless little woman who seemed to be fairly withering under the summer sun. "Then why don't you put some flowers and green stuff on your table?

"I don't want you to eat them, understand," for the patient stared at him as if she doubted his sanity. "They'll help your appetite, though. See if they don't.

Up to last summer it never had occurred to me that flowers in a dining-room served any other purpose than that of decoration. But in a London hotel I met people who had studied the thing, and the head waiter gave me their theory.

"Yes, sir; certainly, sir" this man said, when I complimented him on the appearance of my table and the room in general. 'We find it 'elps, sir, to trim pretty hextensively, especially hin close weather. Say that a gentleman—as it might be yourself, sir—is almost hovercome by the 'eat and doesn't care whether 'e heats hanything or not. But the flowers and the greenery make the place look cool, and then hinfluence 'im, sir, they hinfluence him. Hafter a while 'e feels rested and refreshed, and 'is happetite comes back. We hestimate that it's worth pounds to us to 'ave such things 'ere on the table.'

"I believe the waiter was right, and I've been recommending the flower cure ever since. There's just one warning to add; don't overdo it. Use only one kind of flower, and that in one colour only, at a time, and have plenty of green stuff. A rose or two and a little smilax will do more good than a 'Joseph-coat bouquet'—as my wife calls the 'loud' kind—as big as a water pail."

Lady Stanley and the Bootblack.

The kindly presence and the sympathetic little speech of Lady Stanley—so much better known to her countless friends as Dolly Tennant—at the tea to crippled children in Battersea Park last week reminds me of a little protege of hers—a bootblack, says M. A. P. Before her marriage to Sir Henry Stanley she devoted a great deal of her time to art, and especially, as many of us have pleasant reasons to remember, to an inimitable depicting of the small street arab, the lads and lassies of the ragamuffin order. For the purpose of these pictures she used to seek models in all grades of London boy life, and among her sitters was a little bootblack, who, in addition to being her model, was also her humble but devoted admirer.

One afternoon she invited him and some half-dozen of her little friends to a grand tea party in Richmond Terrace. The children gathered round the table, awestruck at the lavish display of cakes and tarts and the subtle-sweet creations of the pastry-cook, which the kindly hostess had provided, but it was noted that the bootblack was not absorbed in the contemplation of the good things, but kept his bright eyes fixed on the man-servants, who, dressed in the Tennant livery, ornamented with shining brass buttons, was attending to the wants of the small guests. The bootblack never took his eyes off him, but watched him without a wink till, in the course of his duties, the man withdrew from the room for a moment. Then, edging up to Lady Stanley, the bootblack, in a confidential aside, said, "Miss, what's your bruvver wear them buttons for?" It was some time before Lady Stanley could convince him that so distinguished-looking an individual was no relation to the family!

DON'T THROW THEM AWAY

It is just like throwing away money, when you throw away the SNOW SHOE TAGS which are on every plug of Bobs, Gay Roll and Currency Chewing Tobacco. Save them and you can have your choice of 150 handsome presents. Ask your dealer for a catalogue. 186eod tf

You Have Catarrh.

You have had it a long time. Probably it is getting worse, but still you neglect it. Neglect it despite the fact that this is the best season of year to cure catarrh. It's easily and permanently cured by the very pleasant medicated air treatment, "Catarrhozone." You must know the name, for everybody is talking of its wonderful cures. Catarrhozone is the only remedy that promptly, effectually, always cures Catarrh. Doctors recommend it, and druggists sell it in two sizes, 25c and $1.00. 186 1

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PERSONAL, page 6, 2 cents per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When such advertisements are not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for classified advertisements of less than five lines.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — AT A BARGAIN, CHARMing summer residence at Ahuntsic (Back River), large double house, solid brick, stone foundations, with 24,300 square feet of land, fronting on two streets; electric car service till 11 p.m. Apply Mrs. Somerville Weir, Ahuntsic. 175 12

FOR SALE — BUSINESS MAN LEAVING city will sell vacant corner lot on Park ave., Montreal Annex, 50 x 110, for $1100; conditions half cash. Address P. O. Box 958. 184 3

FOR SALE — $4,500, NEW, PERFECT gem of a cottage, on Park avenue, containing drawing room, dining room, extension kitchen, wide entrance hall, four large bedrooms and bathroom; enamel bath; open nickelplated plumbing; hot water furnace; concrete cellar; large yard and garden. For information and keys, S. Husselbee, 848 Park avenue, Tel. Up 2203, or room 228, Temple Building. 178 6 3aw

FOR SALE — IN YOUR OWN HOME first of May next if you say the word, where every cent you pay in rent goes towards paying for a home. S. Husselbee, 848 Park avenue. Tel. Up 2203, or room 228, Temple Building. 183 3 3aw

FOR SALE — NO. 10 SEYMOUR AVEnue, near Dorchester, modern two flat house, 8 rooms, extension kitchen, immediate possession; bargain to prompt buyer. Apply 1211 Dorchester. 186 2

FOR SALE — GET IN ON THE GROUND floor, another street (Laggan street) just opened in King's Park and selling fast, large lots only $270, including drains, water and sidewalks. Terms $25 cash and $25 half-yearly. Take Wellington street cars to office on the property. U. H. Dandurand, 5 New York Life. 186 2

FOR SALE — $10.00 CASH AND $1.00 PER week, without interest, will buy a city lot in "Alexandra Park" (Hochelaga.) Call for plans. Take Ontario street cars to office on the property, corner Ontario and Aylwin streets. U. H. Dandurand, 5 New York Life. 186 2

BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET — A MANUFACTURING building, central locality; every facility; perfect light, electric power and lighting if desired; in first class order and all thoroughly renovated; special terms to first class tenants for a period of years. Apply to W. E. Cooper, the Star Building, St. James st. Tel. Main 379. 83 tf

TO LET — STORE, 2691 ST. CATHERINE street (west Guy street), has a large plate glass window, concrete cellar, hot water heated, large yard, splendid position for an up-to-date stationery store; special inducement offered. For particulars apply to W. E. Cooper, Star Office, Telephone Main 380. 109 tf

COTTAGES TO LET.

TO LET — $15 PER MONTH (WORTH $25), elegant self-contained cottage, No. 621 St. Urbain street, close to Pine avenue, the electric cars and St. Martin's Church; double parlours, extension kitchen, 4 bedrooms and bathroom, etc. Open for inspection daily. Forparticulars apply room 228, Temple Building. 179 9

TO LET — COTTAGE FROM 13TH INST., at Lac Charlebois, board included. Apply R. Charette, Lac Charlebois, via St. Margaret. 186 2

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET — 459 MOUNT PLEASANT avenue, small house to let at reduced rental till 1st May, 1902. Apply to Telephone Main 761. 185 6

HOUSE TO LET — 107 MACKAY ST., elegantly furnished, cheap till 1st of May next. Apply John McCrory, 906 Lagauchetiere st. 185 4

TO LET — ONE HOUSE, FIVE ROOMS, passage, $8.50; two houses, three, four rooms, $6.00, $6.50; all w. c. and clean. 306 Richmond st. 185 2

TO LET — HOUSE, COUNTRY AND city combined, for summer months, neatly furnished; reasonable to a careful occupant. Apply to Mrs. H. A. Cleghorn, Thornton Villa, Notre Dame de Grace. 127 eod tf

TO LET — FURNISHED UPPER TENEment, No. 29 Buckingham avenue. Apply W. H. Chapman, corner Buckingham avenue and St. Catherine street. 186 2

TO LET — 7 LORNE CRESCENT, 10 roomed semi-detached house, perfect order, newly decorated; immediate possession; close to McGill University. W. A. Snowdon, 185 St. James. 186 2

HOUSE TO LET — WEST OF GUY ST., furnished or unfurnished, in first-class order, modern conveniences; porcelain bath. Apply at 2770 St. Catherine st. 186 4

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED — FROM AUGUST 15TH TO October 1st, a comfortable, well furnished house, having at least four bedrooms, on beautiful lake or river, within half a day of Montreal. State rental, attractions, and if one or two good servants will stay at stated wages. Apply O, 3148, Star Office. 181 7

RESIDENTAL FLATS WANTED.

WANTED — MODERN FLAT OR TENEment; central locality, containing about six rooms. P. O. Box 1065. 186 2

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED — A HOUSE IN EXCHANGE for Westmount lot, valued two thousand dollars and fully paid for. Address 2440 St. Catherine st. 184 6

FURNISHED FLATS TO LET.

FURNISHED FLAT TO LET. A LARGE flat in The Sherbrooke, completely furnished. Apply to Mrs. Dean, 1018 Sherbrooke street. 185 3

RESIDENTAL FLATS TO LET.

TO LET — LOWER FLAT, 447 MOUNT Pleasant avenue, 6 rooms, bath and closet separate, cemented cellar, modern in every respect. Delightful locality. Tenant leaving city. 186 6

FLAT, NO. 909 ST. DENIS ST., EIGHT rooms, newly tinted, large cellar, cemented floor, all finished first class, gas and electric light, hot water furnace. Apply to Mr. Michaud, 29 St. Peter st. Bell Telephone Main 2026. 186 2

FURNISHED HOUSES TO-LET.

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE, steam heated, electric light, 782 St. Denis, Mrs. Victor Perrault. 186 2

BUSINESS PREMISES WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT IMMEDIATELY centrally located store or part, suitable for furrier, price about $20. State lowest price, etc., O, 479, Star Office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to assist with housework; must be well recommended. Apply at 1 Seymour avenue. 185 tf

WANTED — BOSS FINISHER FOR 8 SET mill; none but first class man need apply. H, 1346, Star Office. 140 tf

WANTED — AGENTS ON SALARY OR commission; the greatest agents' seller produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent. profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X, 147, La Crosse, Wis. 181 6

WANTED — FIRST CLASS SKIRT HAND to work on tailor made skirts. Apply to Mr. Marks, Jas. A. Ogilvy and Sons. 160 tf

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS MILLING machine man. Apply to Dominion Bridge Co., Lachine Locks. 167 tf

WANTED — AN OFFICE BOY; MUST BE a good writer and quick at figures. Apply N, 3114, Star Office. 180 tf

WANTED — A LADY TEACHER FOR A small private school, English, French, and music preferred. Address with full particulars, E. R. Webster, Ayer's Flat, Que. 182 8

WANTED — AT ONCE EXPERIENCED neckwear cutter. Apply at once, to Mr. McBride, at Gault Bros.' Factory, St. Helen street. 182 6

WANTED — YOUNG MAN AS HELPER with travelling man going west through the States; $10 a week and expenses; must have about $100 cash. State age, nationality, etc.; year's work; must speak English. Address D, 126, Star Office. 183 5

WANTED — SILK WAIST OPERATORS. We pay ten per cent. higher for wages than any factory in the Dominion. Apply at once. American Silk Waist Mfg. Co. 184 4

WANTED — FIRST CLASS LADIES' stock tailor; none but a first class man need apply. Address Star Office, J, 253. 184 4

WANTED — OPERATORS AND FINISHers on silk waists. Apply to Manhattan Silk Waist Co., 801 Craig st. 185 3

WANTED — BOYS FOR WASHING BOTtles. Apply 218 Delorimier ave. 185 3

WANTED — A GOOD NEEDLEWOMAN BY the week, with references. Address O, 9402, Star Uptown Branch. 183 2

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS COMMERcial traveller, with an established connection in the Lower Provinces. Apply by letter only to The Ames, Holden Co., 49 Victoria square. 185 3

WANTED — GOOD FUR FINISHERS; steady work and good pay. Silverman, Boulter and Co., St. David's lane. 185 3

WANTED — GOOD STRONG MESSAGE boy, to be generally useful. Apply in own writing, M, 336, Star. 185 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT; MUST be good plain cook and thoroughly reliable; good wages; references required. 487 Sherbrooke st., Westmount. Tel. Mt. 674. 185 2

WANTED — A YOUTH FOR A WHOLEsale office; must write a good hand and be accurate at figures. Apply L, 315, Star Office. 185 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR A family of two gentlemen. Apply No. 4068 Tupper street. 185 2

WANTED — ONE HUNDRED EXPERIENCed operators for whitewear department; good pay and steady work. Apply to Mr. Klein, John P. Black and Co., 183 Vitre street. 158 24 daw eow

WANTED — EIGHT CABINET MAKERS, accustomed to interior hardwood finish and fittings, also one wood turner; none but first class men. State wages and experience. Apply to W. C. Edwards and Co., Ottawa. 181 5 3aw

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN 18 TO 22 years of age as grocery clerk must have some experience and speak both languages. T. M. Taylor, 330 Charlevoix st. 184 3 3aw

WANTED — AGENTS IN ALL PARTS OF Canada for the sale of our Niagara Vapor Bath Cabinets. Jones and Co., 37 Yonge street, Toronto. 182 3eod

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR A small family. Apply 352 Wood avenue. 186 2

WANTED — BUTCHER WANTED; MUST be first class shopman. Apply at once, W. Templeman, 481 Ct. Lawrence st.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, GOOD wages, small family. Apply with reference, 202 St. Lawrence st. 186 2

WANTED — LABOURERS, ACTIVE MEN, to handle timber and work around pile driver; also a fireman. Apply at seven-thirty to-night. Wm. Hood and Son, 10 Richmond sq.

WANTED — A STRONG, WILLING BOY, 17 or 18 years of age, to learn a trade. Alexander and Co., 317 Commissioners st.

WANTED — A GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL at once. Apply 513 St. James st.

WANTED — LABOURERS, $1.25 PER DAY and board. Apply 126 Windsor st., between 9 a.m. and 7 p.m.

WANTED — BOOT BLACKS, WILL PAY $1.25 from 6 a.m. till 1 Sunday. 3095 Notre Dame st., St. Cunegonde.

WANTED — GOOD ARMATURE WINDERS, accustomed to form wound coils; must have had experience. Apply to room 50, Imperial Building, between 5.30 and 6.30 p.m. 186 2

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT; no washing. Apply No. 4112 Western ave., Westmount. 186 2

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework. Apply 226 Wood avenue, Westmount.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of child. Apply 549 Berri st.

WANTED — CLERK FOR OFFICE WORK; salary $30 per month. Address, stating age and experience, R, 9463, Star Branch.

WANTED — JUNIOR CLERK, WITH knowledge of shorthand and typewriting; salary $25 per month. Address stating experience R, 9468, Star Branch.

WANTED — MIDDLE AGED, RESPECTable person as housekeeper for family of three, comfortable home, good wages; Protestant preferred. Address Mrs. R. J. Patterson, Joliette, Que. 186 4

WANTED — TEACHER, WITH ELEMENtary diploma, term 4½ months; salary $17 per month; for the 15th August; Protestant preferred. Address John McCluskey, Secretary-Treasurer, Lost River, Que.

WANTED — TEACHER, HOLDING McGill Normal diploma, salary $20 per month, board $8 per month. For further information address Hugh Woodside, Sec.-Treas., St. Sylvester West, Que. 186 2

WANTED — A YOUTH TO DRIVE A milk express; also a servant girl. Apply 772 Palace st.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. 121 St. Lawrence.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY TO SEW ON sewing machine, very light work. V. Sence, 643 Craig st.

WANTED — BOY ABOUT 15 FOR POLISHing machine. Apply Pilkington Bros., Ltd., Busby lane.

WANTED— A GOOD GENERAL WORKING jeweller for Three Rivers. Address Bramley and Robertson, 643 Craig st., city. 186 3

WANTED — SHIP YARD PLATERS, COMpetent men, $2.75 per day. The Bertram Engine Works Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. 186 6

WANTED — GOOD ELEC. LINEMEN TO work on construction of transmission line for large Lt. and P. Co.; to start work about Sept. 1st. State experience; good positions for a few good foremen. State salary expected. Apply Star Office. 186 3

WANTED — GOOD, STEADY WIREMEN, for meter transformer motor and general wiring; good place for right man. Address Star Office. 186 3

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR SHIPPING office, good writer, speaking both languages, quick and correct at figures, testimonials of office experience required; good opening for worker. Apply Union Brewery.

WANTED— TWO GOOD MACHINISTS AND two good boilermakers by a large mining company; steady work and high wages to good men; only men having good references and experience need apply. Address Star Office. 186 2

WANTED — TEN EXPERIENCED OPERAtors on shirt trimmings, runners and stitchers, also twenty experienced hands to put collars and cuffs on shirts; our prices are the highest in the city. Apply at once to Mrs. Thomas, at Gault Bros.' Factory, St. Helen st. 186 10

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, WITH good reference; country girl preferred. Apply 26 Crescent st. 186 2

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant wanted immediately. Apply at 299 Mountain street, between eight and nine o'clock this evening.

WANTED — SMART, LIVE CANVASSERS, to solicit subscriptions to "Physical Culture," "Woman's Physical Development," and "Health Culture," the three up-to-date magazines on health matters and hygiene. Apply to Albert Demers and Co., 1836 Notre Dame st. 186 2

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — MACHINISTS TO KEEP away from Ottawa. Strike on. 182 6

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant. Apply at 407 Metcalfe avenue, Westmount. 184 3

WANTED — BOXERS, SHIRT MAKERS, runners, turners and stitchers, girls for ironing machines. Skelton Bros. and Co., 169 Duke st. 184 4

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO (2) good cake and pastry bakers. Apply stating experience and wages to T. Rankine and Sons, St. John, N. B., Canada. 184 3

WANTED — IN OTTAWA A GOVERNESS (English woman preferred), for two little girls. Apply K, 282, Star Office, giving references and salary expected. 184 6

WANTED — TEACHER FOR NO. 1 school, Valcartier Village; salary $120 for ten months teaching. Apply to Charles Jack, Sec.-Treas., Valcartier Village P. O., Quebec. 184 3

WANTED — A THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED registered dispensing chemist. A splendid opening for the right man. Address, with references, K, 283, Star Office. 184 4

WANTED — EXPERIENCED TRAVELler for Lower Provinces. Apply by letter only, stating experience and salary expected, Stewart, Allan and LeMaistre, Montreal. 185 3

WANTED—SMART BOY FOR INSURANCE office; one with some experience preferred; $10 per month to start with. Apply in own handwriting to P. O. Box 953. 185 5

WANTED SALESMEN, SIDE LINE OR EXclusive, to call on manufacturers and steam users. Most profitable line on earth. Write National Chemical Co., 50 Sudbury st., Boston. 185 6

WANTED — COMMERCIAL TRAVELler for hats and caps for Province of Ontario; commission; state experience; references required. O, 400, Star Office. 186 2

WANTED— AT THE MERCHANTS' LUNCH Rooms boy to be generally useful. 24 Hospital st. 186 2

WANTED—SMART AND TIDY BOY, LIVING with his parents, for a manufacturer's agent's office. Apply to P. de Gruchy, 207 St. James st. 186 2

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN AS DRIVER. Apply 259 Greene avenue.

WANTED — COOK, MAN OR FIRST CLASS woman, for The Grove, Beaconsfield; also two smart tablemaids. Apply 24 Hospital st. 186 2

WANTED — STRONG MAN TO CARE FOR two horses and drive express; must have fair education and good references. R, 459, Star Office. 186 2

WANTED — BELL BOY. APPLY HOTEL Carslake.

WANTED — A MESSENGER BOY, ONE that rides a bicycle preferred. Apply Montreal Jewellery Co., Temple Building.

WANTED— SMART BOY IN MERCHANT'S office. Apply Star Office, P, 425. 186 2

WANTED — A SMART MESSAGE BOY. Apply to D. A. Young, Merchant Tailor, 64 Beaver Hall Hill.

WANTED — A STRONG BOY TO RUN AN elevator and make himself generally useful. Apply after 10 a.m., to McIntyre, Son & Co., 13 Victoria square.

WANTED — A WOMAN FOR THE LAUNdry. Apply Housekeeper, Turkish Bath Hotel.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAITRESSes. Apply to Steward, Turkish Bath Hotel.

WANTED — FOR THE COUNTRY, NEAR Montreal, a young person as nurse for a child of two; must be fond of children and willing to help with light housework. Apply P, 9423, Star Branch Office. 186 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, WHO understands cooking. 445 Craig st. 186 2

WANTED — A GROCERY CLERK, WILLing to make himself useful. Apply by letter, R, 440, Star Office.

WANTED — GOOD DRIVER WANTED AT 142 St. Peter st.

WANTED — NIGHT COOK FOR SHORT orders; must be sober and willing to make himself useful; bring references. Address 134 St. Antoine st.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR small flat, family of two; must be fond of children; elderly woman preferred; references. Apply to 447 Mount Pleasant avenue, Westmount, morning or evening. 186 2

WANTED — PLAIN WOMAN COOK, ALSO dining room girls; no Sunday work. Betts Lunch Rooms, 1852 Notre Dame st.

WANTED — AT ONCE, YOUNG MAN AS porter. G. T. R. Dining Rooms.

WANTED — AN INTELLIGENT YOUTH to make himself useful around office and go errands. Address own handwriting, Box S, 480, Star Office. References.

WANTED — GOOD COOK FOR SMALL family, washing done outside; must have good reference. Apply 300 Mountain st., between 7 and 9 p.m.

WANTED — QUARRYMEN, $1.75 PER DAY. Walker Bros., Thorold, Ont. 186 6

WANTED — ABLE-BODIED MEN, NOT afraid of work; must have reference; no other need apply. Syracuse Smelting Works, cor. William and St. Thomas.

WANTED — HALL PORTER, GOOD wages, with board, lodging and washing. Apply to the Manager Montreal General Hospital.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION, KINdling, $2; cut maple, $2.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, $1.50 per load, delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MacDiarmid, Richmond sq. Bell Tel. Up 2533. 132 tf

FOR SALE — FURNITURE, CARPETS, OILcloths, refrigerators, baby carriages, go-carts, etc., etc., at lowest prices for cash or credit. H. A. Wilder and Co., 258 St. James. 2415 St. Catherine. 2080 Notre Dame. 103 tf

FOR SALE — PATENTED REIN PROTECtor, prevents horse getting tail over lines; dollar; also whip socket lock, 35c; lock and socket, 60c, delivered. James Matthews, Acton, Ont. 156 tf

FOR SALE — CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL, carpenter wood, planks, beams, cedar wood, cut stone, firewood, etc., at a sacrifice. Address St. Ann's Market, McGill st. 183 5

FOR SALE — WE HAVE A LARGE ASsortment of carpet rugs, in Axminster, Wilton, Brussels and Tapestry, in various sizes and beautiful designs; oilcloth, curtains, table linen, furniture and house furnishings, etc., upright pianos, travellers' samples, etc., etc., sweeping reductions in price during August. This is your opportunity; a handsome rug will cost very little more than what you usually have to pay for the border when buying by the yard. Private sale or by auction every Tuesday and Friday at 2.30 p.m., at Rae and Donnelly's Mammoth Auction Rooms, 241 and 243 St. James street. 183 6

FOR SALE — PIANO, BY NEWCOMBE, cost $600, for $300; also furniture, various kinds, almost new; owner leaving Canada. Apply any time, 12 Ingleside avenue, Westmount. 185 3

FOR SALE — LARGE ASSORTMENT OF the prize medal Morris upright pianos received at Leach's 2440 St. Catherine; prices from $325, payable $10 cash and $7 monthly. Old pianos received in part payment.

FOR SALE — 6 FOOT BRAND NEW SHOW case, round glass. Apply corner Guy and St. Catherine st., in cigar store.

FOR SALE — DON'T FORGET THAT WE are starting to sell prime cuts of beef and lamb at 12½. Jos. Courville, 1029 St. James st., next door to J. B. Vanier. 186 4

FOR SALE — YACHT, NEW LAST YEAR, about 20 ft. long, 7 or 8 ft. beam, with cabin and cock pit, safe and good cruiser, with cushions, anchor and chain, ballast, stationary anchors and buoy, two can handle her; price $60. Address O, 394, Star Office. 186 2

FOR SALE — ONE BUREAU AND WASHstand, oak; 1 large easy chair, 1 rocking chair, 1 large, 3 small parlour chairs, 1 carpet, 1 wardrobe, and a lot of crystal dishes and kitchen utensils. Apply L. P. Labrecque, 178 St. Lawrence st.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, TWO CRYSTAL 6-light gasoliers. Apply at once 674 Sherbrooke st. 186 2

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO, STOOL and scarf, 7 1-3 octaves, 3 pedals, large size, best New York make, $45 cash; chance of lifetime. 239 Cadieux st. 186 2

FOR SALE — GREAT DANE PRIZE DOG; price $65. Apply T, 500, Star Office. 186 2

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FARM AT COTE DES NEIGES west, electric cars and C. P. R. pass on property. Apply D. Lapierre, 1572 St. James st., St. Cunegonde.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

FOR SALE — A FINE CHESTNUT MARE, sound and 8 years old. Apply to 100 Duvernay st., St. Cunegonde, Montreal.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIENCed traveller in men's furnishings or hats and caps, Nova Scotia preferred; good connection and credentials. Will arrive Montreal August 12th. Address T, 2086, Star Office. 176 14

WANTED — SITUATION BY EXPERIENCed circular and band saw filer; first class references. State wages. Address P. O. Box 111, Grenville, Que. 180 10

WANTED — HOUSE PAINTING, PAPER hanging, tinting, plastering and glazing, all kinds of paints, varnishes for sale. A. Levin, 613a Dorchester st. 182 6

WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY POSITION as companion; best of references. Box V, 3263, Star Office. 182 5

WANTED — YOUNG MAN WITH HIGHEST references desires position as draughtsman, private secretary or confidential clerk. G, 209, Star Office. 184 3

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY OF ANY kind by a respectable young woman with good references. 62 Latour st. 184 3

WANTED — SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPer by a widow, American, knowledge of French, with no objection to having a little boy with her three years old; good cook and thoroughly competent; good references. Address M. J., 288 St. Martin st., city. 185 3

WANTED — WORK BY DAY, WASHING, plain ironing, or cleaning; best reference. Apply 242 St. Charles Borromee st., in rear.

WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY (IRISH) position as companion-governess to small children, to take care of sick child; city references. Apply Miss Walshe, Varennes, P. Q. 186 3

WANTED — SITUATION AS MEAT AND pastry cook by young single man; good references. 163 St. Antoine st.

WANTED — BY AN ALL ROUND MAN, age 27, position of any kind; best references. Apply Box R, 9455, Branch. 186 2

WANTED — WELL RECOMMENDED young man, not afarid of work, wants situation as storeman or office clerk; both languages. T., 389 St. Catherine st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — RIGHT TO ESTABLISH Keeley Institutes in the Province of Quebec and Newfoundland, to cure the diseases of alcohol and drug addictions. Apply The Keeley Institute, Toronto. 145 tf

WANTED — PARTY WITH $50,000 TO ASsist advertiser in very profitable manufacturing undertaking; money fully secured and besides reasonable interest a fair commission is offered; capital repaid in three years. Address M, 344, Star Office. 185 3

FOR SALE — FIRST CLASS LUNCH AND dining room; central location; doing good business; good reason for selling. Box R, 441, Star Office.

FOR SALE — BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY, in good running order; immediate possession. For particulars apply to Alex. Desmarteau, Trustee, 1598 Notre Dame st., Montreal. 186 2

WANTED — PARTNER WANTED, SILENT or active, with five to ten thousand dollars, in established manufacturing business. Address R, 9460, Star Branch Office. 186 2

SUMMER BOARD.

WANTED — A FEW BOARDERS, FIRST class table, best of attention, electric lights, newly furnished, home comforts, house on lake; terms moderate. Apply Mrs. M. McLeod, 35 Lake Shore Road, P. O. B. 1896, St. Agathe. 147 28

BOARD — AND ROOMS. THE BEVERLEY, first class accommodation. P. O. Box, 1836 St. Agathe des Monts. 177 10

BOARD — IN COUNTRY OBTAINABLE for adults, on St. Lawrence River, near Stanley Island. Address N, 3111, Star Office. 180 10

BOARD — ROSA VILLA, ROOMS WITH first class board and attendance, electric light, two balconies, with good view of lake; use of boats; transients. Address P. O. Box 1898, St. Agathe des Monts, P. Q. 184 4

BOARD — AND ROOMS AT ROSA VILLA Cottage, first class accommodation. Apply to Box 1898, St. Agathe des Monts, Que. 184 10

BOARD — FIRST CLASS TABLE, BRIGHT, airy rooms, good fishing, shooting, bathing and boating, beautiful scenery, fine walks and drives and carriages for hire; terms moderate. Mrs. Hugh Martin, Lake L'Achigan, Que. 186 2

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — ROOM FOR GENTLEMAN, with board, west of University st. Address N, 371, Star Office.

WANTED — BY A LADY, ROOM AND board, private family preferred. State terms. Address S, 487, Star Office. 186 4

SUMMER RESORTS.

ROUND TRIP — QUEBEC TO ROBERVAL, Lake St. John and Chicoutimi, by rail, returning by the Saguenay boats; is unequalled in America; daylight trip; tickets ten dollars each. Write Alex. Hardy, Quebec, for illustrated guide book, free. 145 90

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS — AND BOARD. ALSO TABLE board; transients accommodated, at the Union Avenue House, 83 Union ave. 181 10

ROOMS — AND BOARD AT 53 UNION AVE. 182 6

BOARD — AND ROOM, IN FIRST CLASS house, convenient to depots. Terms moderate. 254 St. Antoine. 183 6

ROOMS — AND BOARD, TWO DOUBLE, one single, comfortably furnished, first class board; also table board. Up 151 Telephone. 2484 St. Catherine. 183 5

ROOMS — WITH BOARD, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, opposite Arena, Westmount, single men not taken; ladies' and family boarding house. 228 Wood avenue. 183 6

ROOMS — AND BOARD, 840 DORCHESTER street (opposite St. James' Club), near churches, theatres and cars. Telephone, Auer light; best situation in town; choice board. 184 4

ROOMS — TO LET, WITH BOARD, COMfortably furnished rooms, with good board, also vacancy for table boarders. 2071 St. Catherine street. 185 3

ROOMS — NICE LARGE ROOMS FOR transients, with good board, home comforts, at moderate rates. 24 McGill College avenue. 185 3

ROOMS — LARGE, COMFORTABLY FURnished rooms, with good board. 2496 St. Catherine st. 182 3 3aw

ROOMS — DOUBLE AND SINGLE, FIRST class board; transients accommodated. 68 University st. 186 3

ROOMS AND BOARD IN BUFFALO.

ACCOMMODATIONS. PAN - AMERICAN, large rooms, private family; Elmwood District, 5 minutes' from main entrance; breakfasts if desired, rates with bath, $1 per day. Address 577 Richmond avenue, Buffalo. 175 29

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ROOMS — IN PRIVATE FAMILY, NEAR Exposition grounds, for Pan-American visitors. M. D. Lloyd, 144 Wesley ave., Buffalo. 182 10 2aw

LOST.

LOST — SUNDAY MORNING GRAY SACK coat, with a bunch of keys, knife in pocket. Return to 615 Dorchester street. Reward.

LOST — ON CITY HALL AVENUE, ON THE 16th inst. of August, a lady's purse, containing 5.15 dollars and 2 children's car tickets. The driver who was seen picking it up kindly return to 7 Prince Arthur st. as he is known.

LOST — BROWN POCKETBOOK, CONtaining fifteen dollars and sixty-three cents, alighting from express at Bonaventure Station. $5 reward at 143a Manufacturers st., Point St. Charles.

LOST — JACKET TO LADY'S SUIT, FROM cor. St. Dominique and St. Catherine and Ontario st., east to Beaudry. Reward at Grand Union Hotel.

LOST — ON THE 7TH INST., A LADY'S gold watch, at the door or inside the Bonaventure Depot. Reward at 178 Montcalm street.

FOUND.

FOUND — A WHITE DOG. OWNER CAN have same by paying expenses and proving property. Apply 673 Guy st.

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Fresh Horses arriving from the country every Monday. The Telfer & Climie Co., 19 St. Maurice Street.

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ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS—TO RENT LARGE BEDROOM AND double parlour, well furnished, well lighted, with every convenience. Address Box G, 1780, Star Office. 171 tf

ROOMS — OPP. VIGER HOTEL, FIRST class corner rooms, overlooking gardens; five minutes from P. O.; transients; gentlemen. 393B Dubord st., cor. St. Hubert. 174 26

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, all modern conveniences, Auer light, hot water, telephone; transients. 47 McGill College avenue. 178 10

ROOMS — LARGE, BRIGHT, FURNISHED or unfurnished front rooms, use of kitchen; bath, hot water; terms reasonable. 181 St. George st. 183 5

ROOMS LARGE FURNISHED FRONT bedrooms. Transients accommodated. 132 Peel st., second door from Windsor Hotel. Telephone Up 1436. 184 3

ROOMS — LARGE, WELL FURNISHED parlour and bedroom, suitable for a doctor or two gentlemen; also single room. 69 Beaver Hall Hill. 182 24

ROOM — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room, on bathroom flat; family private. 108 Union avenue. 184 5

ROOMS — WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; A1 accommodation; upstair dining room; Beaver Hall House, No. 3 Beaver Hall square. Table board. 184 5

ROOMS — TO LET DOUBLE FURNISHED rooms, first and second flat, Auer light, hot and cold water. 2099 St. Catherine st. 185 6

ROOMS — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT bedroom and sitting room, also single, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 87 Mansfield street. 185 3

ROOMS — TO LET ONE LARGE FURNISHed room, suitable for two ladies or gentlemen; also single bedroom, b. r. flat, gas, h. and c. w. 388 St. Antoine st. 185 2

ROOMS — IN PRIVATE FAMILY, CLEAN, well furnished, with modern conveniences, opposite Dominion square. 18 Osborne st. 185 3

ROOMS — UNFURNISHED BRIGHT BACK parlour bedroom, front dining room, with kitchen privileges, etc., finest locality. Address P, 9412, Star Branch. 185 3

ROOM — TO RENT IN THE WEST END, an elegantly furnished room, for a married couple, or a gentleman, with privilege of entertaining friends. Apply L, 301, Star Office. 185 2

ROOMS — PARLOUR BEDROOM, NEWLY furnished, married couple or gentlemen, gas, hot water; two in family. 11 Hanover st. 185 3

ROOMS — LARGE, WELL FURNISHED room, also single one to gentlemen, quiet habits, Auer light, every convenience; transients accommodated. 95 University. 185 2

ROOM — TO LET LARGE, COMFORTABLE room, on bathroom flat, electric light and telephone, very central. 7 Victoria st. 185 3

ROOM — FOR A GENTLEMAN, IN A PRIvate American family. 81 Ste. Famille st., new house, first class appointments. 184 3 3aw

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED, ON BATHroom flat, with first class board; modern conveniences, gas, tel., etc.; terms moderate. 421 Dorchester st., east of St. Denis. 186 3

ROOMS — FRONT ROOM, NEWLY FURnished or unfurnished, to a gentleman of quiet habits; central. Address P, 419, Star Office. 186 2

ROOM — WELL FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for one or two gentlemen, on bathroom floor. 102 Union avenue. 186 2

ROOMS — TO LET NICE LARGE FURNISHed rooms; gentlemen preferred, at 147 St. Charles Borromee st. 186 5

ROOMS — 159A MANSFIELD, ROOMS, furnished, suitable for one or two; also size single front on bath flat; all modern conveniences.

ROOMS — A SUITE ON BATH FLAT FOR bachelor, other double and single for gentlemen only; a lovely bath; private house. 26 McGill College avenue. 186 2

ROOM — TO LET A NEATLY FURNISHED room, gas, etc.; no children; opposite Alexander's Cafe. Apply 6 and 8.30 p.m., 2353 St. Catherine st. 186 2

ROOMS — DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS to let, newly furnished; transients accommodated, 91 Union av

MILITARY END OF ROYAL VISIT.

THEY WILL BE UTILIZED TO KEEP THE STREETS.

New Issue of Uniforms and Helmets for a Number of the Local Corps—The Review at Quebec—Whole Garrison Goes There—Col. Roy's Plans for the Big Occasion.

Notwithstanding that the city has made no grant towards defraying the expenses inseparable from a turn-out of the whole of the local brigade of militia, the military features of the approaching visit of the Duke and Duchess of York promise to be very striking and effective.

Lieut.-Col. Roy, D.O.C., is now busily engaged in perfecting the arrangements for these displays, which, contrary to general expectation, will not include a review.

The present intention is simply to have the troops stationed at intervals along the entire route of the Royal procession from the Place Viger station to Lord Strathcona's residence on the day of the Duke's arrival, and to detail certain regiments to subsequently act as guards of honour to the Royal party during their sojourn in town.

In order that the troops may look slick and span for the occasion, new issues of uniforms have been secured for several of the local regiments, and these will be given out in the course of a week or two. The issues are not complete in several instances, as commanding officers simply requisitioned for what they thought was needed in their respective corps.

In some instances as high as 200 uniforms were asked for, while in others, as in the case of the Vics, a modest 50 was all that was applied for. The Vics and 65th, however, are to have complete new issues of helmets of the modern army pattern, which is bell shape in form, and which is far more comfortable than those at present in use. These are daily expected at the brigade office, and will be handed over to the interested regiments as soon as they have been checked by the Superintendent of Stores. The helmets were urgently needed by both regiments. They will moreover supply a long-felt want, as well as produce a uniformity in the head-dress of both regiments.

In the course of a conversation with a Star reporter to-day, Col. Roy said the duties which the local militia would have to perform on the occasion of the royal visit, would not be of a very onerous character. Guard duty would form the principal portion of their work, and as this would be shared in turn by the different corps, the burden on all would probably be the same. On the day of the Duke's arrival the troops would be stationed at intervals of two paces along both sides of the route of the royal procession. This arrangement he hoped would allow of the entire route being guarded by the militia organizations of the city, and the various cadet corps. At McGill College no troops would probably be needed, as it was the intention of the McGill authorities to mass the students on both sides of Sherbrooke street in much the same manner as the militia would be massed at other points of the royal progress. Col. Roy thought that it would facilitate the work of the troops very materially if the city would expend a little money in roping off the sidewalk from the actual route of procession. If this were done, he says the crowds would be confined to the sidewalk, and a splendid opportunity would be given the royal couple to review the soldiers in passing. The colonel, however, suggested that the rope should be of wire, in order that the crowds might be prevented from cutting it. The cost of wiring the entire route in the manner suggested would, he thinks, be very small, when compared with the advantages which would result to the militia and others by the adoption of such a method for keeping the crowds in bounds.

In regard to the review at Quebec, Col. Roy expected that all the local corps would participate therein. It was his intention, he said, if the Government ordered the troops to the Ancient Capital, to arrange for their transportation thither by steamer, if possible. Three steamers would probably be employed for the purpose, and each would carry a couple of regiments. The men would sleep and eat on the boats, as arrangements would be made with the steamship company whereby the latter would undertake to supply the regiments with rations and sleeping quarters. It was possible that the men would have to remain at Quebec for two days, but, of course, nothing definite had yet been decided by the Government on this score.

Col. Roy, in conclusion, stated that everything possible was being done to improve the appearance of the local regiments, and that if requisitions for further clothing were received from commanding officers, they would be immediately forwarded to Ottawa. It was the desire of the Government that the troops should present a neat and creditable appearance on the occasion of the royal visit, and to that end an abundance of new uniforms were being issued out of the Government stores at Ottawa.

Very Clever Elephants.

Colonel Sam. Lockhart's trained elephants which are billed at Sohmer Park next week, reached Montreal yesterday evening after a tedious ride from Winnipeg. In reply to a special invitation from Mr. L. J. Lajoie, one of the managers, several gentlemen witnessed a private performance of these animals, this forenoon. There are four of them, the largest being about 8 feet high, and weighing over two tons. Their various performances are really wonderful to see. Amongst others, a game of ten pins where a "strike" or a "spare" is scored on the slate with his trunk, by the partner of the one who throws the ball. A decidedly original cake walk, a ride on a bicycle, a musical act, etc., are on the programme. They are sure to be a drawing card at Sohmer Park during their stay in Montreal.

A Rush to the West.

The rush to the Canadian North-West continues. Yesterday 1,200 from Eastern Ontario and to-day 1,000 from the Province of Quebec took passage by the regular Canadian Pacific train. This morning's train also took west ninety trackmen and sixty specials. The latter are to be added to any gangs which may be shorthanded. They included all sorts and conditions and pretty nearly all nationalities, English, Scotch, Irish, Italians, Greeks, one or two Spaniards and some Danes.

The Longueuil Regatta.

The annual regatta of the Longueuil Boating Club, to be held on the 17th inst., is to be of more than usual interest. There are to be a large number of events, and valuable prizes to be given. There will be entries from the St. Lambert, Grand Trunk and Lachine boating clubs.

Twenty-four Pigeons Stolen.

Joseph Laford, a labourer, of 206 Champlain street, was arrested yesterday on the charge of having stolen 24 pigeons from Mr. Brunelle, of 211 Dufresne street. To-day he pleaded not guilty in the Police Court, and was remanded for trial.

The Alberta Wheat Crop.

The Alberta wheat crop along the Edmonton line, according to advices received by the Canadian Pacific Railway, will not come up to expectations, and it is feared that more than fifty per cent. will be harvested.

Old Lady's Injuries Fatal.

Miss Marie Legare, of 83 St. Timothee street, died at the Notre Dame Hospital yesterday as the result of injuries received in a street car accident at the corner of Notre Dame and Amherst streets, two weeks ago. While endeavouring on that occasion to get out of the way of one car, she was struck by another going in an opposite direction, and sustained a fracture of one of the legs. This, as well as the shock to the system, resulted in death yesterday. Coroner McMahon will hold an inquest to-morrow morning at the hospital.

STAMP DEALER SWINDLED BY A BOGUS CHEQUE.

Parted With a $30 Collection of Stamps and $20 in Cash.

Mr. F. W. Wurtele, manager of the International Stamp Company, 126 St. James street, has been the victim of a sharp trick, and the detectives are now on the lookout for one J. H. Walker, who claimed to be representing "The Portland Cement Company, of Chicago."

During a recent visit to Montreal Walker disposed of a cheque of the face value of $50, in exchange for a collection of postage stamps, to Mr. Wurtele, securing $20 in change. The cheque, which was drawn against the account of the "Portland Cement Company, of Chicago," on the Hibernian Banking Association, of Chicago, has since turned out to be absolutely worthless.

Walker came to Montreal about a week ago, and made his headquarters at the Windsor Hotel. He put on considerable style and ordered up the best in the house on all occasions. He represented himself to be connected with the company already mentioned, but which, in fact, has no existence. Soon after his arrival in the city he visited Mr. Wurtele, and by means of a letter of advance from the Chicago concern he soon established his identity with the stamp dealer, and got into his confidence. He also showed a collection of valuable stamps, and, of course, interested the dealer, from whom he subsequently purchased $30 worth of rare stamps.

WILL INCREASE STRENGTH OF THE VICTORIA RIFLES.

The District Officer Commanding Recommends Adding Two Companies.

It is probable that before another drill season comes round the strength of the 3rd Regiment, Victoria Rifles, of Canada, will be increased by the addition of two companies of 42 men each, thus bringing the establishment of the corps up to 336 rank and fyle, instead of 272 as at present.

Such an increase has long been felt to be necessary, and it has at last been recommended to the favourable consideration of Major-General O'Grady-Haly by Lieut.-Col. Roy, D.O.C. It is expected that the general officer commanding will concur in the recommendation, and that he will urge the Minister of Militia to carry it into effect. The Vics, it may be said, have always been over-strength, in fact, they have had invariably at their church parades and inspections, as well as at the closing drills of each season, upwards of 60 or 70 men in excess of what their establishment demanded. They could easily have had more, if they had had sufficient uniforms and helmets wherewith to fit out the extra men.

If Col. Roy's recommendation be carried into effect, it is probable that the muster of the Vics in future will be no larger than it has been in the past, but there will be this difference; the regiment will receive pay for 336 officers and men instead of 272, and there will be plenty of uniforms for the larger number. It is confidently expected that the change suggested by the D.O.C. will go into effect before the winter sets in.

Hail Storm Near Kingston.

(Special to the Star.)

KINGSTON, Ont., August 9.—A terrific thunder and hail storm broke over this district yesterday afternoon. Most of the hail stones measured an inch and a half. The windows at Graves Hotel, Harrowsmith, and in dwelling houses in other places were broken. The storm although coming within five miles did not reach the city.

OTTAWA, August 9.—Yesterday's thunderstorm was accompanied by severe hail. It is learned that serious damage has been done to the crops in Nepean and Osgoode townships and other parts of Carleton County.

Toronto Team for Cornwall.

TORONTO, August 9. — The Toronto team to play Cornwall in the Factory Town to-morrow is the same that met the Shamrocks last Monday. This team, which will leave to-night on the Grand Trunk eastern express, and will be accompanied by President Rutter, and several of the directors, is as follows: Goal, Hanley; point, Dowling; cover point, Wheeler; first defence, McBride; second defence, Stewart; third defence, C. Pringle; centre, Mara; third home, Querrie; second home, Taylor; first home, F. Adamson; outside home, Graydon; inside home, Greatrix; spares, B. Love, F. Dixon; captain, A. C. Iler.

Civil Engineer Commits Suicide.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Charles A. Cregin, a civil engineer and superintendent of construction for Michael J. Dady, of Brooklyn, committed suicide by shooting to-day in his room at the Hotel St. George, Brooklyn. No reason is known for the act. Cregin was about 47 years old. He was married, and his wife and step-daughter are believed to be at a summer resort somewhere in New Hampshire. Cregin had charge of work being done in Cardenas, Cuba, by Mr. Dady.

Injured in Bicycle Race.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., August 9.—During a bicycle race on the fair grounds yesterday afternoon, the forks of James Sume's wheel broke, throwing him heavily to the ground. Fred. Graves was immediately behind, and being unable to stop or turn out in time, ran over Sume and was also thrown, but not much injured. Sume was badly injured about the head and was unconscious for several hours. He is in the hospital.

A Prince's Narrow Escape.

RUSSELS, August 9.—The Soir says Prince Albert of Belgium, nephew of King Leopold, had a narrow escape while riding in a motor yesterday. The motor ran into a ditch and turned over, with the prince underneath it. He was extricated and sustained no injury, except some bruises.

The Greatest Wedding on Record.

The largest and most remarkable wedding since the world began, took place at Susa. When the great Alexander had conquered Persia, wishing to unite victors and vanquished by the strongest ties possible, he decreed a wedding festival. Alexander himself was to marry Statira, the daughter of Darius; 100 of his chief officers were to be united to ladies from the noblest Persian and Medean families, and 10,000 of his Greek soldiers were to marry 10,000 women—20,202 people married at once.

On a plain near the city a vast pavilion was erected on pillars sixty feet high. It was hung and spread with the richest tissues, while the gold and precious stones which ornamented it would have made one's eyes blink. Adjoining this building were 100 gorgeous chambers for the hundred bridegrooms, while for the remaining 10,000 an outer court was inclosed and hung with costly tapestry, and tables were spread outside for the multitude.

A separate seat was assigned each pair, and all were arranged in a semicircle on either hand of the Royal throne. Each bridegroom had received a golden vessel for his libation, and when the last of these had been announced by trumpets to the multitude, the brides entered the banquet-hall and took their places. The ceremony was very simple; the King gave his hand to Statira and kissed her as his wife, and the other bridegrooms followed his example.

A SUIT AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

MONTREAL EXPOSITION COMPANY ASK PETITION OF RIGHT.

To Bring Suit Against the Province of Quebec to Recover $11,849 Interest on the Purchase Price of the Old Exhibition Buildings—Sum of $122,000 Involved.

The Montreal Exposition Company is taking an action of considerable interest against the Quebec Government.

Officials of the company have just returned from Quebec, where they have filed a petition of right against the Government for the sum of $11,849, being interest for two years on $122,000, the value of the Montreal Exposition buildings, when the Government decided to purchase them. In addition to this sum the officials of the defunct company are demanding the right to sue the Government for the sum of $122,000.

There are many peculiar facts in connection with these cases. Ald. Sadler and Mayor Prefontaine were officials of the Exposition company.

Ald. Sadler said:

"It is true that there has been filed a petition of right against the Quebec Government to recover the two sums mentioned, by the officers of the old Montreal Exposition Company. This petition of right is nothing more nor less than a request that the company may be allowed to go to law with the Government; this course is necessary before the Government can be sued.

"How it is," was asked that the Government comes to owe the company these large amounts of money."

"The explanation is not long," answered Ald. Sadler, "and is as follows:

PURCHASED THE BUILDINGS.

Some three years ago the Montreal Exposition Company failed. The numerous buildings on the place belonged to the company. The company also had other valuable rights. After some correspondence the Government decided to purchase the buildings, etc., by arbitration. This was considered a fair offer, and was accepted. Three arbitrators were then appointed, and after a lot of work the Government, on the report of the arbitrators agreed to pay the company $122,000 for the buildings, etc. These buildings were then sold by auction by the Government.

Naturally we then looked to the Government to keep to its agreement with the company, and pay; but it has not done so. The fact is that to-day the $122,000 is still owing and this in spite of unnumbered promises which the Government has made to pay. There is not the slightest reason why the Government should not have paid; it got the buildings and auctioned them off, and should be in a position to settle. The truth is that all kinds of obstacles have been raised, with the result that the officials of the company have determined to go to law about the matter. Such is the history of the case."

THE MAYOR'S STATEMENT.

Mayor Prefontaine upon being seen said: "I presume it is not a nice thing to ask power to sue the Government, but the facts are such that this cannot be helped. The directors of the old Exposition Company should have got this money years ago. The Government should keep to its promises and engagements as well as private individuals. We are tired of the many excuses which have been made for not paying over the cash. Why, only in July last, the Government made the most solemn promises to pay $40,000 on account; July came and went, but the cash did not come. In addition to the $122,000 which is owing for the exposition buildings the Government also owes us almost $12,000 for interest on the amount. So far we have not got a cent of either capital or interest. I have no doubt but that the "petition of right" we have filed will be granted, and then we can then sue the Government. It may be that the matter will be settled by the cash being paid without the unpleasantness of going to court; the directors hope this will be the case."

UNITED AUSTRALIA'S SCHEME OF DEFENCE.

The Defence Bill Passes Its Second Reading in the Commonwealth's House of Representatives — A Standing Army and a Large Naval Force Authorized.

MELBOURNE, Australia, August 9.—The House of Representatives to-day passed the second reading of the Australian Defence bill. Hon. Edmund Barton, the Premier, made a speech, during the course of which he said the standing army contemplated was only a sufficient force to guard the depots and to serve as military instructors for the levies to be called out in case the first line of defence, the navy, was broken. The clause providing for calling out men from 18 to 60 years of age was simply inserted to demonstrate to the world what Australia would do in time of emergency. The cost of the navy would be about £1,000,000 annually.

THE ASSASSINATION OF KING HUMBERT.

Luigi Gianotti Confesses His Complicity in the Crime for Which Bresci Was Tried and Punished.

(See also page ten.)

PARIS, August 9.—A despatch to the Patrie, from Rome, says that the anarchist Luigi Gianotti, who is charged at Milan with being an accomplice of Bresci, in the assassination of King Humbert, has confessed to his complicity in the crime.

He admits that he left Paterson, N.J., in company with Bresci and that they went together to Monza, near Milan.

Gianotti started a street row at Monza the day of the murder, in order to distract the attention of the police, while Bresci attacked the King.

STEYN MAY RUN AWAY NOW.

The Free Stater Reported to Have Decided to Join Oom Paul in His Safe Retreat in Europe.

(See also page twelve.)

PARIS, August 9.—It was reported on the bourse to-day that Mr. Steyn, the former president of the Orange Free State, will shortly join Mr. Kruger in Holland, with the view of reaching a definite understanding in regard to the peace overtures.

Canadian Lacrosse Suspensions.

TORONTO, Ont., August 9.—At a meeting of the Judiciary Committee of the Canadian Lacrosse Association, held here last night, the Alliston Club was suspended for playing two men under assumed names in a game with Tottenham, and the game was awarded to Tottenham. The players in question—J. A. Watson and T. S. Pittman—both of Glen Williams, were also suspended, and if they have not a satisfactory defence they will be expelled.

Lineman Killed in Toronto.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, Ont., August 9.—While repairing a wire at the Gooderham and Worts distillery this morning, Joseph Chamberlain, of East Toronto, a lineman, lost his balance and fell backwards from a ladder. He dropped 20 feet, fracturing his skull and died before reaching the hospital. He leaves a widow and three small children.

ANOTHER INVASION OF VENEZUELAN TERRITORY.

The Colombian Minister of War Commands the Invading Force — The Invaders are in the Neighbourhood of Colon.

WILLEMSTADT, Island of Curacoa, August 9.—The Venezuelan Government announces that a new Colombian invasion occurred yesterday morning, near Colon.

The invading force is commanded by the Colombian Minister of War.

Expensive Fox Terriers.

LONDON, August 9.—G. M. Carnachon, of New York, whose contest with the British breeders of fox terriers, was decided yesterday against him at Mithcam, Surrey, has added to his extensive kennel by purhase six more fox terriers, including Hot Stuff, winner of all the prizes of the Cruft's Show. Their aggregated cost was £350. He has also purchased the prize hackney cob, Miss Innocence, with which he hopes to win the blue ribbon at Madison Square Garden, N.Y., next winter.

A Fatal Bon-Fire.

STRATFORD, Ont, August 9. — The four-year-old daughter of George Warriner, Princess street, was playing around a bonfire which she and her sister had started, when her clothing caught fire. She at once rushed, screaming, into the house with her clothes and hair ablaze. The child's mother smothered the flames, but the little one died within a few hours.

The A. C. A. Opening Day.

WATERTOWN, N.Y., August 9.—The American Canoe Association is holding its 22nd annual meeting at Mudlunta Island among the Thousand Islands. The meeting lasts until August 23. There are 250 members present and the meet promises to be the largest in the history of the association.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Morning Sales.

Canadian Pacific—550 at 108 3-8, 55 at 108¼, 50 at 108¼, 200 at 108 3-8.
Bell Telephone—37 at 173.
Toronto Rails—25 at 109.
Twin City xd—50 at 93 3-8, 3 at 96, 225 at 93½, 10 at 94, 50 at 93¾.
Street Railway—50 at 289¾.
Steel Com.—10 at 26½.
Richelieu—250 at 115, 25 at 114¾, 25 at 114⅞, 25 at 115.
Steel bonds—$2000 at 82.
Dominion Cotton—25 at 72, 85 at 73.
Bell Telephone bonds—$500 at 111.
Halifax Tram—50 at 95.
Power—25 at 93¼, 75 at 93½.
Dominion Coal com.—5 at 39.
N. W. Land pref.—100 at 54.
Payne—2500 at 15.
Merchants Bank—37 at 152.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament st.

Stocks 12.30.	Aug. 9. Ask.	Aug. 9. Bid.	Aug. 8. Ask.	Aug. 8. Bid.
Canadian Pacific	108½	108¼	108¼	108⅛
Duluth S.S. & A. Co.	......	......	......	......
Do Do Pref.	......	......	......	......
Montreal St. Rail.	289½	289	289	288¾
Do Do new	288½	287	289	287
Toronto St. Railway	109¼	108¾	109½	108¾
Halifax St. Rail.	96	93	95½	95
St. John do do	......	......	115	112
Twin City, Transit xd.	94	93¾	93½	92¾
Do Do Pref	......	140	......	140
R. & O. Nav. Co.	115¼	114¾	115½	115
Commercial Cable	185	180	185	180
Montreal Telegraph	173	170	175	170
Bell Telephone	175½	172	175½	172½
Mont. Heat & Light xd.	93½	93	93½	93⅛
Montreal Cotton	135	130	135	129
Dominion Do.	73½	72	75	70
Can. Colored Do.	70	62	70	62
Merchants' Do	111	100	110	104
Montmorency Do.	......	......	......	......
Laurentide Pulp	......	......	105	......
Winnipeg Ry.	120	115	117½	115
Steel Com.	29	26	28	27
Do Do pref.	81	78	82	78½
MINES.				
War Eagle	......	......	......	......
Republic	5	......	10	2
Payne Mining Co.	25	14	15½	14½
Montreal-London	......	......	......	......
Virtue-Mining	10	7	......	......
North Star	60	53	60	50
Centre Star (unlisted)	......	......	......	......
Dominion Coal Com.	40	38	39	38¼
Do do pref	117	116	117	115½
Inter. Coal Co.	......	......	50	......
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Nat. Salt.	......	......	......	......
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Gen. Elec.	......	......	......	......
BANKS				
Montreal	......	255	......	255
Ontario	......	122½	......	122½
Molsons	210	205	207½	205
Toronto	......	......	......	......
Provincial	......	......	......	......
British N. America	......	......	......	......
Merchants	154	151	155	150⅞
Royal	180	175	180	175
Nova Scotia	......	......	......	......
Eastern Townships	......	......	......	......
Commerce	......	155	......	155
Hochelaga	140	139½	150	......
Ottawa	......	......	......	......
Union	......	103½	......	103½
Quebec	......	......	......	......
North West Land pfd.	......	54	60	53
BONDS.				
Com. Cable (Coupon.)	102	......	102	......
Do do (Reg'd)	......	......	101	......
People's Heat & Light	......	......	......	......
Halifax Railway	104	......	104	......
Land Grant	......	......	......	......
Can. Col. Cotton	......	......	99	......
Dominion Coal	......	......	......	......
Laurentide Pulp	105	......	105	......
Bell Tel.	112	109	......	108
Dom. Steel	83	80	87	82
Montmorency Cotton	......	......	100	......

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the Star by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local manager for J. S. Bache and Co., New York, over direct private wire.

Stocks	Aug. 9 Op'g	Aug. 9 2.30	Aug. 8 Op'g.	Aug. 8 2.30
Amalgamated Copper	112¼	112⅝	111	112¼
Amer. Tobacco Co	......	......	......	131
Do Pref.	......	......	......	......
Amer. Sugar Refin. Co.	134½	133¾	133½	134
Do. pref.	......	......	......	......
Am. Sm'lt'g & Ref. Co.	......	......	51½	51½
Anaconda Mining Co.	44	44½	......	......
A. Top. & St. Fe all pd.	73¼	72½	72¾	72⅞
Do do pref.	94¾	94¾	94	94⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	96¼	96½	......	......
Brooklyn, R. T.	74¾	74	74½	74½
Chic. & Alton Com	......	......	37¼	37¼
Canadian Pacific	108½	108½	108¾	108½
Canada Southern	69	69¾	67⅞	67½
Ches. & Ohio	44½	45	44¼	44½
Chic. Burl. & Quincy	......	......	......	......
Chic. & N. W.	......	......	......	......
Chic. R. I. & Pac com.	139¼	139	138	139
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	158⅜	158¼	157½	158½
Continental Tob. com.	......	......	......	......
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Consolidated Gas N.Y.	221	221	219½	220⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	......	......	92	93½
Cleveland C.C. & St. L.	91	91⅛	89½	90⅝
Delaware, L. & W.	225¾	226	......	......
Delaware & Hudson	159¾	159¾	159	159½
Denver Rio G. pref.	91½	91½	......	90
Duluth S. Shore & Atl	......	......	......	9¾
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Great Northern Ry pf	......	......	175½	175½
General Electric	251	252½	......	252
Jersey Central	......	......	......	......
Kansas & Tex com.	......	......	......	26
Do do Pref.	53¾	52⅞	52½	52½
Louisville & Nashville	101½	101¾	100⅞	101½
Manhattan Elevated	116½	116½	115⅞	116⅝
Missouri Pacific	99	99½	96	99½
Metropolitan Trac.	......	......	164	165
N.Y. Central & Hud.	151¼	151¼	151½	151¼
N.Y. Lake Erie & West.	36¼	36½	36	36½
Do do II pref.	50	50	......	......
Do do I pref.	64⅞	65½	64⅝	64⅝
N. Y. Ontario & West.	32⅝	32⅝	32¼	32½
Pacific Mail	......	......	40	40
Pressed Steel, com. xd.	......	......	......	......
Pressed Steel, pref	......	......	......	......
Peoples Gas xd	113	113½	114	114⅝
Phila. & Read	40½	40½	39¾	40⅝
Do do I pref.	77	77	......	77
Do do II Pref	......	......	......	......
Pullman	......	......	......	......
Southern Ry. com.	29¼	29½	28¾	29
Do. pref.	84⅜	84½	84	84
Southern Pacific	54¾	54¾	54	54½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	60⅞	60⅝	59½	60
Texas Pacific	41	41½	38¼	40
Twin City	93	93⅞	......	93
U. S. Leather Co.	13⅜	13⅜	13¼	13⅜
Do do pref.	80	80	80¾	80⅞
U. S. Steel, com.	42½	42	41	42
U. S. Steel pfd	91½	91⅜	90⅝	91
U. S. Rubber, com.	......	......	......	......
Do do pref.	......	......	......	......
Union Pacific com.	96¾	96½	95¾	96½
Do Pref.	88½	88¾	88	88
Wabash	20⅞	21⅝	20⅞	20½
Do. do Pref.	39¼	39⅝	38¾	39¼
Western Union Tel.	92	92½	90⅝	92
Dom. Iron & Steel	......	......	......	......
Wis. Cen., com.	......	......	20⅝	20⅝
Do pref	......	......	......	......

WHEAT IS WEAK IN LIVERPOOL.

ENGLISH AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS OFF.

Chicago Was Steady to Stronger on Wheat and Oats, Corn Was Unchanged — Crop Damage Reports From Russia—Prospects in India are Considered Fair.

The Liverpool market was weaker to-day, Sept. closing 5-8d down at 5s 7 3-4d; Dec. closing 1-2d down at 5s 9 1-8d. Antwerp closed 1-8 down at 16 for No. 2 red winter. Paris was easier also, Aug. and Feb. closing 5 down each at 22.20 and 23.20 respectively. London reported No. 1 standard Cala., Sept., 30s 6d; maize, loading, 21s 10 1-2d. Weather in England fine and warm; in France, fine.

The Bartlett, Frazier Co.'s private wire quotes Sept. options at noon at Chicago as follows: Wheat, 1-8c up at 70 3-4c; corn, unchanged, 57 3-4c; oats, 3-8c up at 35 1-2c.

Reuter's News Agency confirms the reports of serious damage to the Russian wheat crop in Siberia, the Baltic provinces and the valley of the Volga.

Governor-General of India cables, total rainfall in inland districts is only half the normal, but crop prospects are fair; prices have already fallen in a few districts.

The continued drought has extended the area of crop damage, which includes the Baltic provinces. In the West Siberia and Volga provinces an almost total crop failure is expected.

A Washington despatch says that Commissioner Yerkes, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has held that a dealer in "puts," "calls" and "spreads" is subject to special tax under the first clause of paragraph 3, section 8 of the act of March 2, 1901, notwithstanding the fact that his business is not the same as that commonly known as "bucket shop."

Argentine shipments to the U. K. were 28,000 qrs. wheat and 123,000 maize, against 16,000 and 132,000 qrs. respectively the previous week.

Argentine shipments to the continent were 14,000 qrs. wheat and 112,000 maize, against 4,000 and 94,000 qrs. respectively the previous week.

Gnerally in Argentina, in the interior, conditions are quite satisfactory; cold and dry.

LOCAL MARKET—The market is steady to a shade firmer for oats. These in a jobbing way are quoted at 38 1-2 to 39c in store. Export trade is very dull. Rye is quoted at 57½c afloat; peas are nominal at 79½c afloat. Barley was steady at 50½c afloat for No. 2, and 49c for No. 3 extra; buckwheat, 55½c afloat; red and white Ontario wheat at 73c, and No. 2 spring, nominally 74½c afloat.

FLOUR.—The market is steady. Manitoba spring patents, $4.10; best strong bakers', $3.80; winter wheat patents, $3.50 to $3.85; straight rollers, $3.30 to $3.35; in bags, $1.60 to $1.65.

ROLLED OATS.—The market is steady. Quotations are $3.90 to $4.10 in barrels, and $1.87½ to $2 in bags.

FEED.—Holders are asking more money. Manitoba bran, in bags, $16.00; shorts, in bags, $18.00; Ontario bran, in bulk, $15.25 to $16, and shorts, $17 to $18 in bulk; moullie, $18 to $25.

HAY—Trade steady. Prices are $11.00 for No. 1, $9.50 to $10.00 for No. 2, and $9.25 to $9.50 for clover.

HOGS—Live stock is quoted steady at $7.25 per cwt. for fine stock. Fresh killed abattoir dressed stock sells to butchers at $9.50 to $9.75 in small lots.

PORK—Heavy Canada short cut mess, barrels, $21; selected boneless $22; short cut family back, $21.00; heavy mess, long, $21.00; heavy short cut clear, $20.50.

HAMS—Large hams, 14c; medium size, 14 1-2c; extra small, 15c; with bone out, rolled 15c.

BACON—Breakfast boneless, 15c; Wiltshire sides, 15c; Windsor backs, 15c; green, bone in, not smoked, 13c; long clear, 12c.

LARD—Choice refined, in 20-lb. wooden pails, 8 1-4c; extra pure, in pails, 12c; finest kettle, pails, 13c.

SAUSAGES—Bolognas, 7c lb.; all other sausages, 8c lb.

TORONTO.—Wheat firmer; red and white 67c asked and 66c offered, middle freights; goose No. 2, 63 to 64c, middle freights; spring No. 1 sold at 70c east; Manitoba No. 1 hard sold at 82½c; No. 2 at 80½c, and No. 3 at 76c, grinding in transit, and 2c less for local delivery, Toronto and west.

Flour firmer at $2.56 and $2.57 bid, and $2.60 asked; 90 per cent. patents in buyers' bags, middle freights, $4; choice brands are held at 15 to 20c higher. Hungarian patents are strong at $3.70, car lots, bags included, Toronto.

Millfeed steady, at $13.50 to $14 for cars of shorts and $12 for bran in car lots west.

Barley steady, No. 2, 43c middle freights; new No. 2, 41c, and feed at 39c, middle freights, August shipment.

Rye quiet at 45c to 46c for middle freights.

Corn dearer at 50c bid and 51 to 52c asked for Canadian yellow west; American No. 2 yellow is quoted at 62c to 62½c Toronto.

Oats in good demand; No. 2 old, 37c asked, middle freights; new sold at 31½c middle freights, and 32c asked for more shipments this month.

Oatmeal steady, at $3.85 for cars of barrels, and $3.75 for bags in car lots, Toronto, and 25c more for smaller lots.

Peas are steady; 10,000 bushels of new crop sold at 64c north and west, freights, shipment this month and early in September.

Manitoba Wheat.

(Special to the Star.)

WINNIPEG, August 9.—Wheat, Fort William freight rate, 72c; Brandon freight rate 59c.

NOTES FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

What May be Had at Bonsecours Market and What it Will Cost.

VEGETABLES — Corn, 8c dozen; rhubarb, 4 bunches for 5c; green cabbages, 3 for 10c; red cabbages, 5c each; potatoes, 40c a basket; or $1 a bag; celery, 25c a dozen heads; cauliflowers, 10c each; leeks, 10c a large bunch; lettuce, curly, 4 heads for 5c; plain, 3 for 10c; spinach, 20c a gallon; green beans, 10c half-gallon; onions, 6 small bunches for 5c; cucumbers, 3 for 5c; ripe tomatoes, 15c a doz.; turnips, 2 for 5c; carrots, 3 bunches for 5c; green peas, 10c a half-gallon; parsnips, 15c a dozen; oyster plants, 5c a bunch; peppers, 10c a dozen; sweet potatoes, 5c a pound; beets, 10c a bunch; egg plants, 20c each; vegetable marrow, 15c each; squash, 15c each; muskmelons, 75c each; watermelons, 25c each; mushrooms, 40c a pound; garlick, 10c a pound; sage, savoury and sweet marjorie, 6 bunches for 25c; parsley and watercress, 3 bunches for 5c; mint, 2 bunches for 5c.

MEAT—Spring lamb is selling at 13c a pound for hindquarters, and 10c a pound for fronts; mutton sells at 12c a pound for hindquarters and 7 to 8c for fronts; sirloin beef is 15c a pound; rib roast, 12 to 15c; round steak, 13 to 14c; beef shanks, 5c; brisket, 8c; corned beef, 10 to 12c; veal, hindquarters, 12 1-2c; forequarters, 7 to 8c; tongues, 12c; kidney suet, 8 to 10c; fresh pork, fresh ham and green bacon, 13 to 15c; sausages, 12 to 14c; finest smoked ham and bacon, 15 to 17c.

POULTRY—By the pound, fresh killed turkeys, 11 to 12c; geese, 10c; domestic ducks, 13 to 14c; fowls, 11 to 13c; spring chickens, 50 to 75c a pair; pigeons, 25c a pair; squabs, 30c a pair; sucking pigs, $1.50 to $2.00 each.

FRUIT—California plums, 45 to 60c a basket, or 15 to 20c a doz.; California peaches, $1.10 to $1.30 a box, or 20 to 25c a doz.; California Bartlett pears, $3.00 a box, or 25 to 30c a doz.; lemons, 10 to 15c a dozen; bananas, 15 to 20c a dozen; dried prunes, 8 to 10c a pound; cocoanuts, 5c each; blueberries, 10c a quart; raspberries, 15c a box; blackberries, 12 1-2c a box; watermelons, 25c each; gooseberries, 25c a gallon; black currants, 25c a gallon; Canadian peaches, 75c a basket.

FISH—Fresh Gaspe salmon, 20 to 25c a lb.; French carp, fresh mackerel, sturgeon, bull heads, white fish and perch, 10c a pound; pike, 8c; suckers, 5c; eels, 40 to 50c a pair; steak cod, 8 to 10c; halibut, 12 1-2c; haddock, fresh, 6 to 7c; lake trout, 12c.

GAME—Prairie hens, $1.75 a brace; wild geese, $1 each; quail, $2.50 to $3 a dozen. Frogs' legs, 25c a pound.

New York Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Cotton futures opened quiet and firm. August, 7.13; September, 7.12; October, 7.19; November, 7.20; December, 7.21; January, 7.23; February, 7.22; march, 7.26 bid; April, 7.28 bid.

To Let--Furnished

For one year or longer, an exceptionally desirable and well furnished semi-detached house in the western part of the city, fully equipped in every respect for comfort and convenience. 13 rooms, hot water heating, electric light, four open grates, open plumbing. Rent about $150 per month.

THE J. CRADOCK SIMPSON REAL ESTATE & AGENCY CO.,
181 ST. JAMES STREET. 186 1

The Royal Trust Co.

MONTREAL.

Capital Authorized - - $5,000,000.00
Capital Subscribed - - 500,000.00
Capital Paid Up - - - 250,000.00

PRESIDENT.
Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G.

VICE-PRESIDENT.
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83tf2aw H. ROBERTSON, Manager

WANTED, Men for South Africa

As Horse Attendants.

SS. "RAEBURN" will sail about Aug. 15. Apply, 19 St. Maurice street.

186 3 THE TELFER & CLIMIE CO.

EDUCATIONAL.

LOYOLA.

A Classical College, conducted by the Jesuit Fathers.

There is a Preparatory Department for junior boys and a Special English course.

The Philosophical and Scientific course will be added this year.

Classes will be resumed Thursday, September 5, at 9 a.m.

For further particulars apply to the Rector, REV. ARTHUR E. JONES, S. J., 68 Drummond st.

186 26

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKET.

Cheese is Slightly Easier, But Other Lines are Steady.

CHEESE.—The country markets have been declining this week and Brockville barely succeeded in getting 9 1-2c yesterday, on the average, with lower markets in the country, prices in the city also declined and it is not likely that Ontario could be sold over 9 3-4—7-8c, while Townships are quoted at 9 5-8c, and Quebecs at 9 3-8—1-2c. Receipts reported on the Board of Trade to-day amounted to 4,600 boxes.

Butter.—There is very little new in the market. Cables were sent across this morning, offering butter at 20 1-2c here, but no response has been received. Holders of finest qualities are demanding 20 1-2 to 3-4c, and pet factories are valued at fully 1-2c more. From these prices down, butter may be had according to quality. Receipts reported on the Board of Trade to-day, were 5,837 packages.

EGGS.—Dealers are now paying from 10 1-2c to 11c, f.o.b., according to location. The improvement in the quality of the stock is due to the better feed obtained by the hens from the grain fields, as well as to the cooler weather. The loss in candling is now very light and straight receipts and straight candled will bring from 11 1-2 to 12c, according to quality. No. 2 candled brings 10 1-2 to 11c, and No. 1, not selects, about 12 1-2c.

Receipts are increasing; those reported on the Board of Trade to-day were 716 cases.

HONEY—In the local market new light strained, in tins, is sold at 8 to 9c, and light comb, in pound sections, at 10 to 10¼c.

MAPLE PRODUCTS.—Kegs are being offered at 5c a lb., though tins are still held at 6c. Good sugar, 8½c.

POTATOES.—Stock is very scarce and dear. Barrels are selling at $2 to $2.25 and even higher for really fine stock, as against about 90c a year ago. Receipts are expected to increase ere long, but it is thought the supply is light this year.

BEANS.—Advices from the West quote $1.70 f.o.b. for hand-picked, and $1.60 f.o.b. for primes, though holders of stock here are selling small lots under these figures.

POTASH.—Firsts quoted at $4.25, and seconds at $3.80; pearl ash nominal at $6.

COUNTRY CHEESE BOARDS.

	Place.	Boarded.	Sold.	Price.
Aug. 1	Barrie	590 c	all	9¼-⅜
Aug. 1	Barrie	35 creamery	bid,	18⅜
Aug. 1	Brockville	3622 w&c	4300	9⅜-⅝
Aug. 1	Vankleek Hill	874 w.	all	9½
Aug. 1	Tweed	650	330	9¼
Aug. 1	Kingston	935 w&c	140	9⅜
Aug. 2	Iroquois	828 w&c	70c	9⅜-⅝
Aug. 2	Ottawa	1646 w&c	bid	9¼-½
Aug. 2	South Finch	2000	bid	9⅜
Aug. 2	Kemptville	800	all	9⅜
Aug. 3	Morrisburg	......	......	9⅜-⅝
Aug. 3	Og'nsb'rg N.Y.	1538	120	9½
Aug. 3	Cornwall, Ont	1811 w&c	all	9½-⅝
Aug. 3	Cornwall, Ont.	42 U. S.	all	9
Aug. 3	Canton, N. Y.	large	......	9¼
Aug. 3	Canton, N. Y.	twins	......	9½
Aug. 3	Canton, N. Y.	butter	......	20¼
Aug. 3	Belleville	1565 w	50	9⅜
Aug. 3	London	2691 c	697	9¼-½
Aug. 3	Watert'n, N.Y.	......	8000	9¼-½
Aug. 3	Cow'nsv'le, Que	3025	2306	9⅜-⅝
Aug. 3	Cow'nsv'le, Que creamey,	144	24	20
Aug. 3	Canton, N. Y.	......	......	9¼-½
Aug. 3	Canton, N. Y.	......	butter	20¼
Aug. 5	Utica, N. Y.	9400	all	9-9¼
Aug. 5	Utica, N. Y.	......	creamery	20¼-21
Aug. 5	Utica, N. Y.	......	prints	21½-22
Aug. 6	Ingersoll	994 c	bid	9¼
Aug. 6	Campbellford	1265	765	9½
Aug. 7	Woodstock	3790	108	9¼
Aug. 7	Napanee	1211 w&c	bid	9¼
Aug. 7	Picton	1387 c&w	533	9½
Aug. 7	Stirling	910 w	845	9⅜
Aug. 7	Madoc	1340	bid	9⅜
Aug. 7	Ormstown, Que	1045	180	9⅜
Aug. 7	Ormstown, Que	butter 70	45	19⅜
Aug. 7	Peterboro	5319 c	......	9 11-16-¾
Aug. 8	Quebec Lake St. John	July Output	......	9 15-32
Aug. 9	Vankl'k Hill	698 w	bid	9¼
Aug. 9	Brockville	3698 c&w	7200	9⅜-9-16
Aug. 9	Kingston	1635 c&w	385	9½
Aug. 9	Tweed	1000	all	9¼

MONTREAL MINING EXCHANGE.

Following were the sales at this morning's session of the Mining Exchange:

Monte Cristo—1000 at 1¾.
Republic—300 at 3¼, 5000 at 3¾.

MORNING BOARD.

Specially reported for the Star by R. Meredith and Company, Mining Brokers, 51 St. Francois Xavier st.

Friday, Aug. 9, 1901. 12.30 a. m.

Par values of Shares.	Stocks.	Sellers.	Buyers.
1.00	Payne	16	14
1.00	War Eagle	15	12
1.00	Republic	4	3
1.00	North Star	62	54
1.00	Virtue	8	6½
.24	Montreal, London	2	1¾
1.00	Big Three	2	......
1.00	Brandon & Golden Crown	2	......
1.00	California	6	4½
.10	Can. Gold Fields Syn	5	4¾
5.00	Cariboo Hydraulic	......	......
0.10	Evening Star	6	2
1.00	Gold Hills Developing	2½	......
1.00	Knob Hill	......	......
1.00	Monte Cristo	2	1½
.25	Montreal Gold Fields	3	......
.01	Noble Five	9½	7
0.10	Novelty	1	½
1.00	Old Ironsides	......	......
1.00	Virginia	2½	......
1.00	Rambler Cariboo	......	......
1.00	Bullion	25	......
0.10	Morrison	10	......
1.00	Golden Star	......	......
1.00	Slocan Sov	3	......
1.00	Winnipeg	......	......
1.00	Deer Trail, Con.	3	2½
1.00	Dupont Mg. Co.	25	......
	UNLISTED STOCKS.		
1.00	Decca	2	......
.25	Dominion Consolidated	1½	......
.30	Oregon	8	7½
.25	Granby Smelter	44	40
1.00	Majestic	......	3
	Fairview	......	......
	Giant	......	......
	White Bear	......	......
1.00	Grey Eagle	......	......
1.00	Certainty	......	......
	Dupont Mg. Co	......	......

WESTMOUNT LAND

Eight Lots FOR SALE (each 50 feet by 110 feet) on the upper level above the Boulevard. Low price. Sure to increase in value.

THE J. CRADOCK SIMPSON REAL ESTATE & AGENCY CO.,
181 ST. JAMES ST. 186 1

FOR SALE IN WESTMOUNT.

No. 515 Roslyn Ave.

Cut stone residence, twelve rooms, two bathrooms, lot 75x111; terraced and finished in first-class manner; everything about the house will bear a rigid examination, this being one of the best houses ever built in Westmount.

Parties desiring to see through the house will find the key and obtain full particulars from James Baillie, No. 513 Roslyn ave., or 67 St. Francois Xavier st.

186 2 Tel. Main 1724, or Mount 96.

STABLE TO RENT

Good brick stable, four stalls and large coach house, with loft, etc. Cheap to a responsible tenant. Apply at

78 Victoria Street.
183 12

TO LET,

On the Hillside, Westmount,

Substantial Villa of 12 rooms, with large garden and stable; rent 600 dollars per annum, no taxes.
Apply to JAMES BAILLIE, 67 St. Francois Xavier st.
Tel. Main 1724. Mount 96. 186 2

Tenders Wanted.

Cape Breton Railway Company, LIMITED.

Tenders for the grading, timber and masonry work of the first section of the Cape Breton Railway Company will be received up to August 13th.

Plans and profiles may be seen at the Chief Engineer's office, Hawkesbury.

R. W. LEONARD,
Chief Engineer & Manager of Construction.
184 6

Estate Mrs. T. F. Moore

(T. F. Moore & Co.)

All persons having claims against the above estate are requested to fyle the same, duly attested, at the office of the undersigned notary within a delay of 30 days from this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to settle at the place of business of the said firm, No. 1099 DeMontigny street, Montreal, within the same delay.

WILLIAM H. COX,
Notary Public.
112 Temple Building,
185 St. James street, City. 185 2

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In re Jos. Lachapelle, grocer, insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction at the place of business of said insolvent, No. 759 Cadieux, corner of Napoleon street, Tuesday, the 13th day of August inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m., all the assets of the above insolvent as follows:

Stock of groceries, wines and liquors $378.41
Rolling stock and fixtures 365.30
License 215.00
Rent of premises to 1st of May, 1902. 187.00
$945.71

The store will be open for inspection, the 12th day of August, the inventory can be seen at my office. For other information apply to

WM. RENAUD,
Fidei Com.,
15 St. James St., Montreal.
MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers. 182 3 3aw

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the first ordinary general meeting of the GRANBY CONSOLIDATED MINING, SMELTING & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at 63 Canada Life Building in the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, on Monday, the 26th day of August, 1901, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing directors, passing by-laws and doing any other business which may be lawfully done at an ordinary general meeting of the company.

Dated 8th day of August, 1901.

R. R. MACAULAY,
Assistant Secretary.
186 3

Notice to Milkmen.

Any milkmen desirous of securing a good, reliable shipper of milk or cream may do so by conferring with the undersigned.

W. F. STEPHEN,
Secretary Montreal Milk Shippers' Association.
185 3

The Live Stock Market.

TORONTO, Ont., August 9. — Forty-one loads in to-day, including 994 hogs, 936 sheep and lambs and 17 calves. Export cattle, choice, $4.90 to $5.15 per cwt.; export cattle, light, $4.50 to $5.70; export bulls, choice, $4 to $4.25; butchers' cattle, picked lots, $4.40 to $4.60; butchers' cattle, medium mixed, $3.40 to $3.75; butchers' cattle, common, $2.75 to $3.20; feeders, heavy, $3.75 to $4; feeders, light, $3.25 to $3.60; stockers, choice, $3 to $3.40; stockers, common, $2.25 to $2.75; milk cows, each, $30 to $46; export cows, $3.25 to $3.50 per cwt.; export bucks, $2.50 to $3; culls, $2 to $3 each; lambs, $2.50 to $3.75 each; lambs, $4.25 to $4.50 per cwt.; calves, per head, $1 to $10; hogs, singers, 7 1-4c; fats and lights, 7c off cars; export cattle, dull trade. Choice butchers' cattle selling fairly well. Stockers, very bad trade. Feeders, not wanted. Milk cows, slow trade.

Salisbury as a Christian Warrior.

It is not generally known that a statue of Lord Salisbury as a Christian warrior appears in one of the niches of the interesting and beautiful reredos in the chapel of All Souls' College, Oxford. About forty years ago the Premier was elected a Fellow of this college, and about the same time an elaborate stone screen was erected in the chapel attached to the Fellows' House. The sculptor evidently preferred to make his own saints instead of accepting those canonized by the Church, and Lord Salisbury was chosen to fill up the vacant gap, and is therefore immortalized as a Christian warrior.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Butterick's Patterns and Publications!

Our Store closes at 12.45 p. m. Saturdays during July and August.

Ladies' Crash Linen Skirts, lengths 42 and 44 in., regular prices from 90c to $1.65. To clear at 45c.

Beautiful Gingham Blouses, new patterns, assorted colors, latest American style, marked $1.50 to clear at Half Price.

Latest Novelties in Parasols. Reduced from 25 to 50 per cent.

Balance of Trimmed Hats, all new and stylish, to clear at half-price. A lot of Ladies' Straw Sailor Hats, were 75c, for 25c.

An assortment of Children's Muslin Bonnets, 35c to 90c, while they last, 10c.

Boys' Galatea Straw Hats, nicely finished with satin ribbons, 35c to $1.50, to clear at half-price.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

2343 St. Catherine Street.

TERMS CASH. Corner Metcalfe Street. TEL. UP. 933.

186y1

TRAIN DROPS THROUGH A BRIDGE INTO A BAYOU.

The Passengers are Fished Out by a Fishing Party Fortunately Anchored Close at Hand—Two are Injured, But Not Seriously.

CHICAGO, August 9.—Advices received at Galveston, Texas, from Sabine says the correspondent of the Record-Herald, state that the south-bound Southern Pacific passenger train from Beaumont to Sabine Pass fell through the bridge over Keith Lake Bayou, seven miles north of that place yesterday.

The entire train was precipitated into the bayou, almost sinking out of sight. Thirty passengers were aboard; and had it not been for the tug Earnest being anchored near by, with a fishing party aboard, they would have perished in the waters.

The members of the fishing party and the crew of the tug hastened to the rescue of those in the train, and succeeded in getting all the passengers out. Holes were cut through the roof of the cars.

T. Stribbling, a prominent oil prospector, and the fireman, are the only ones hurt, and their injuries are not thought to be serious.

MATRIMONIAL ADVERTISING.

In the Case of Miss Creydt, it Does Not Result Happily.

LONDON, August 9.—Franz Von Berger (also known as Dr. Emil Blum, Egnon E. Borger, the Marquis de San Nicola and Baron Von Neidendorff), who was extradited from the United States recently on the charge of having stolen a cheque for $543 from a woman whom he met through a matrimonial advertisement in Holland, was remanded yesterday for a week at Bow Street Police Court, after Helen Creydt, the woman in question, had testified in regard to the alleged theft of her cheque and a bank cashier had identified Von Berger as the man who cashed the cheque.

Miss Creydt, who is a German governess, advertised for a husband, and Von Berger replied, representing himself as a professor of Harvard University. She testified that the prisoner induced her to come to Cologne and thence to London, where he arranged a bogus marriage.

Von Berger, cross-examining Miss Creydt, tried to make her say that she endorsed the cheque, but this she flatly denied.

The Federal Ministers.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—Hon. Sydney Fisher will leave on Saturday for Brome, and will probably remain there until September.

Hon. Clifford Sifton and Hon. F. W. Borden are expected to-day, the former from Gananoque and the latter from Canning, N.S.

Sir Louis Davies may be in town on Saturday; if not then, is looked for on Monday.

Hon. David Mills goes west to-day to enjoy a short vacation on his farm.

Hon. F. W. Borden, Col. Pinault and Col. Macdonald have been invited to attend the opening of the new rifle range at Point aux Trembles. It is not known yet whether any of them will be able to accept.

LONDON'S OPINION OF SANTOS-DUMONT'S ESCAPE.

The Aeronaut Attributes His Safety to a Medal of St. Benoit—His Motor is Uninjured and He Will Make Another Attempt.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, August 9.—The balloon accident to M. Santos-Dumont in Paris is regarded here as proof conclusive, that the airship is as yet nothing more than a highly dangerous toy. There is a good deal of sympathy for the plucky aeronaut.

Advices from Paris state that the aeronaut attributes his escape to a medal of St. Benoit, presented to him by the Countess d'Eu, the other day, on the occasion of one of his ascents. This medal he wears attached to a bracelet on his wrist. When M. Santos-Dumont referred to this belief he reverently kissed the medal.

M. Santos-Dumont gives the following account of his trip:

"This time it is not the fault of the motor, which worked admirably, it was the balloon which caused the accident. I rounded the Eiffel Tower with admirable speed, as I had a favourable wind, and was already returning over the Bois de Boulogne when the wind freshened suddenly, and struck me sideways. Like a ship in a storm the balloon pitched and rolled, now and then recovering its normal position. Another sudden veering of the wind caused the front of the balloon to pitch downwards, and the ropes connecting it with the frame caught in the propeller, which struck the balloon wires. They broke, I saw the danger, and my only thought was to descend as quickly as possible. This I was doing successfully, but I was driven by a contrary wind in the direction of the Eiffel Tower. Again the breeze veered and threw me against a building. The balloon burst like a toy gas balloon and the fragments fell, completely covering me. The rest you know. I am unhurt. I have not a scratch and will soon recommence.

"The motor is uninjured. I have worked it for ten minutes. I will now send it to St. Cloud and set to work repairing the balloon. It is simply a matter of sewing the pieces together.

"The cause of the accident was that the balloon was insufficiently filled. I knew this. The ventilater also worked badly."

M. Deutsche, who was present at the start, shed tears when he saw the balloon falling. In an interview, after highly praising the courage and skill of M. Santos-Dumont he said: "I am afraid the experiments will not be conclusive, as his balloon will always be at the mercy of the wind, which is not the kind of airship we have dreamed of."

Contract for New "Soo" Canal.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—The contract for the second water-power canal at the Soo is likely to be awarded to George Goodwin, of this city. The canal will be the same length as the present power channel, but will be larger. It will be 26 feet deep and 150 feet wide. The excavation will include 500,000 cubic yards of rock and 40,000 cubic yards of earth. The head gates, however, are not included in the specifications.

The payment of the Venezuelan external debt of 1881 has been suspended, but the Government intends shortly to resume it.

Insanity, Suicide and Falling Sickness

Come With the Hot and Depressing Weather—Papers Filled With Records of Sudden Death by Heart Failure and Nervous Exhaustion.

It is Now That Your System is Most in Need of the Assistance Which Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Affords.

An occasional glance at the daily papers is enough to convince almost any one that summer is the season of insanity, suicides and epilepsy. This year such cases seem to be more numerous than ever. Everywhere people are falling victims of nervous exhaustion, prostration or paralysis. The withering summer heat seems to be more than they can bear. The vitality of the body cannot stand the strain, and overcome by worry, failing health, anaemia, menstrual derangements, overwork or exhausting disease, they join the immense army of weaklings—wrecked in body and mind.

The approach of serious nervous disorders is usually gradual and at first unsuspected. A tendency to neglect duty and feelings of depression and languor are among the first indications. Insomnia or sleeplessness — a constant and stubborn symptom. There are headache, indigestion, slow and feeble action of the heart, coated tongue, poor appetite, mental anguish or pain, fear of some awful calamity, and growing weakness and debility.

No one would for one moment think of neglecting a disease so dreadful in its results as nervous exhaustion, and yet it is so gradual in its beginning that many recognize it only when it is for ever too late. The time to act is when vitality begins to wane, when there are loss of flesh, feelings of fatigue and symptoms of physical decline. A regular course of treatment with Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will soon show a gain in vitality and steady growth towards perfect health and vigour.

There is no getting round the fact that Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is the greatest nerve restorative and blood builder that this age has known. It helps men, women and children through the trying times in life when an unusual demand is made on the human system. It helps most in summer time, when the withering, debilitating weather is exhausting and enervating.

You cannot liken Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to any medicine you ever used. It should be called a nerve-vitalizer and tissue-builder rather than a medicine. It cures disease, not by tearing down the tissues of the body, but by building them up. Naturally and gradually it rekindles life in the nerve cells and forms new red corpuscles in the blood—the only way to thoroughly cure nervous disorders.

By taking one pill after each meal during the exhausting and debilitating summer weather you can keep mind and body in perfect health and avoid the risk of nervous collapse, with its dreadful results. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food adds new flesh to the body, makes the muscles firm, restores colour to the cheeks and puts force and power into the nervous system; 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. 186 1

MILLIONS OF MONEY VOTED BY CLOSURE

RADICAL DEPARTURE IN BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Estimates Railroaded Through in a Manner Which Would Do Credit to the House at Washington — The New Departure Claimed as a Victory for the Irish.

LONDON, August 9.—At 10 o'clock last night, in a crowded and exciting session of the House of Commons, Mr. Balfour's new rule of voting estimates by wholesale closure came into operation. Lumped in classes, more than £67,000,000 were by this scheme voted in a series of divisions before 1 o'clock this morning. The Government majorities always exceeding 100. The Irish members engaged in obstructive tactics with reference to various resolutions incidental to the final stages of the estimates, and Mr. Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, frequently moved the closure.

The House adjourned at 6 a.m., after numerous divisions under the closures. The Irish members kept up a continual opposition, but without disorderly scenes.

RAILROADING THE ESTIMATES.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The London correspondent of the Tribune cables:

With the closure of the outstanding supply votes into classes, the financial business of Parliament was greatly facilitated yesterday. There was much suppressed excitement, and Liberals shook their heads ominously over the abandonment of the constitutional privilege of tramping up and down the division lobbies over every detailed estimate. But the Government benches were relieved by the limitations placed upon obstruction. Mr. Gibson Bowles, who, in place of being an eccentric comedian, must now be regarded as a trenchant satirist on the decline and fall of parliamentary privilege, was the only old Tory not in sympathy with the new method of dispatching financial legislation by railroading through the remaining votes of supply in compartments.

THE IRISH WERE HAPPY.

The Irish members were perhaps the happiest men in the house. They look upon the enforced change of rules as a practical demonstration of their own power. Men like Mr. T. P. O'Connor consider that the Irish cause has made great progress during the last eight months. The Nationalists have been re-united and are now led with firmness and efficiency. Bickerings have disappeared and the factions are welded into a single homogeneous party, which compels the leader of an overwhelming majority to alter the procedure of the House and amend the rules made by himself. The Nationalists do not hesitate to claim the drastic measures of closure now in operation as their own party triumph, and boast of their success in dislocating and paralyzing the business of the session and forcing Mr. Balfour to play fast and loose with the rules and settled practice of the House and his own pledges. The Irish members assert that the cause of home rule has advanced by leaps and bounds owing to their dogged perseverance in conducting in their own way a constitutional agitation at Westminster. This is a purely Irish view of the situation, but is confirmed by the barren record of legislation during the session now drawing to its close.

WHO IS LORD CHAMBERLAIN?

House of Lords Must Settle a Three-Cornered Dispute Among Peers.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, August 9.—Some of the arrangements connected with the Coronation are likely to be affected by the dispute as to who is the lord great Chamberlain of England. There are three claimants to the office. Earl Carrington, the Marquis of Cholmondeley and the Earl of Ancaster. The question was first submitted to the King, and His Majesty, while appointing Lord Cholmondeley to hold the office for the time being, ordered the matter to be fully investigated by a committee of privileges of the House of Lords. The decision of the committee, which will settle the matter for all time, is expected about November.

THE OCEANIC AND KINCORA.

The Liner Was Going Dead Slow When the Collision Occurred.

QUEENSTOWN, August 9. — Further particulars as to the collision between the Oceanic and the Kincora, in the Irish Channel, show that the Oceanic was going dead slow when the collision occurred. All the Kincora's boats were jammed, and rendered useless by the impact. Fourteen men, of the crew of 21, including the captain, scrambled on board the Oceanic with the aid of ropes lowered from the liner. Among the seven who were drowned was Fireman George Collins, who might have saved himself, but went below to endeavour to prevent the boilers bursting.

A collection among the passengers of the Oceanic for the widows and orphans of the drowned realized £160.

CANADIAN NORTHERN WAGES.

The Freight Handlers and Checkers Want An Increase.

WINNIPEG, Man., August 9.—A petition has been drawn up by the Canadian Northern freight handlers and checkers, asking the General Superintendent for a new wage schedule. The freight handlers now receive 14 cents per hour, and the checkers $45 per month. The former demand a minimum wage of 17½ per hour and the latter $50 per month minimum, with pay for overtime. The men state that in the arranging of the schedule with the other bodies of men, the wages were invariably reduced and they are taking these steps for self protection. They have sent the petition in to the superintendent and have given until the 10th instant for a decision.

An Inhuman Deportation.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Antonia Partoia, a young Italian woman, who landed in this country from Italy recently, was deported yesterday on an order from Washington, notwithstanding the earnest protests of the ship's doctor, who insisted that the woman was too weak to stand the voyage. The case is peculiar and pathetic. When the girl reached New York she was light-hearted and happy. She had friends here, and went to live with them, filled with ideas of good fortune and wealth in store in the new world. But homesickness attacked her, and soon, a victim of extreme melancholia and deserted by her friends, she became an inmate of Bellevue Hospital. The order for deportation followed. When the unfortunate woman was taken to the dock yesterday she was a mental wreck and only a shadow of her former self. The official insisted on putting her on the ship. The doctor said she would undoubtedly die on the voyage.

Mr. Clergue's Flour Mills.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—The Clergue syndicate intends operating at the Canadian "Soo" one of the largest flour mills on this continent, with a capacity of nearly 4,000 barrels per day. The output of this mill, it is intended to ship direct to England by the new ocean-going steamers to be constructed with a view to the utilization of the St. Lawrence Canals.

TAN SHOE BARGAINS!

In order to clear out all Tan and Colored Shoes now in stock, we are giving from

10 to 20 per cent.

off the already low price. A great chance to get Summer or Fall Shoes at a sacrifice.

BARGAIN TABLES.—Store crowded with great bargains in odds and ends. Do not miss this sale.

.....OPEN EVENINGS.....

GEORGE G. GALES & CO.,

186ty1 137 St. Antoine Street (3 doors west of Windsor St.)

ANARCHIST BRESCI DID NOT SHOOT KING HUMBERT.

An Italian Detective Declares He Has Learned the Fatal Bullet Was Fired by a Comrade Who Stood Next to Bresci.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Alexander Segura, a detective in the employ of the Italian Government, is credited by the Journal and Advertiser with the statement that Bresci was not the man who killed King Humbert of Italy.

The man who killed Humbert is, according to Segura, one Luigi Granotti, a former comrade of Bresci in Paterson, who stood at Bresci's side when the latter fired on the King. Granotti is said to have fired the fatal shot after Bresci had thrice discharged his revolver without effect.

This discovery was made by Segura, he maintains, while he was working in the guise of a silk mill hand among the anarchists of Paterson.

DEATHS REPORTED

To the Star To-day.

STRATFORD, Ont.—Donald McGregor, an old resident, died Thursday, aged 77.

BECANCOURT, Que.—Mr. Raizenne Roy is dead.

MAXWELL, Ont.—Joseph Hawken died at Euphoiasia, aged 80 years.

GRAFTON, Ont.—Rev. M. Larkin, parish priest of this vicinity, died on Thursday, after an illness of several months.

TRENTON, N. J. — Ex-Governor William A. Newell died on Thursday, at his home in Allerton, N. J.

ST. JOHN, N.B.—William A. Adams, 56 years, of St. John, died Wednesday in Boston, where he had long been engaged in the lumber business.

VIENNA.—A despatch to the Tageblatt from Sterzing, in the Tyrol, announces the death of General Baratieri, the former Governor of Erythrea.

BOULDER, Col.—Charles H. Cox, a landscape painter, and teacher of water colour painting at the Chatauqua, fell dead Wednesday in the State University. Mr. Cox came here from the Thousand Islands, Canada, but is a resident of Waco, Texas. He has been a teacher on the grounds every session of the Chatauqua. He was 73 years of age.

TORONTO.—Dr. Overton F. MacDonald died suddenly on Thursday at his home, 329 College street. Dr. MacDonald, who was 36 years of age, married about two years since, Miss Adelaide Sullivan, daughter of Mrs. Robert Sullivan, of Trinity Square, and granddaughter of the late Rev. H. Scadding, D. D.

WOODSTOCK, Ont.—Mrs. Angus McGinnis died on Wednesday, aged 69, after fifty years' residence in Woodstock.

Eliza Miller, relict of the late Robert Fair, died at the residence of her son, D. K. Fair, at Drumbo, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Angus Morrison, one of Zorra's oldest settlers, is dead, aged 83.

Mrs. Herbert Caslor, of Norwich, is dead.

Deaths by Accident.

WINNIPEG, Man.—The seven-year-old daughter of A. H. Gegg, Calgary, was found drowned in Nose Creek.

PORT STANLEY, Ont.—Edward Piper, aged 28, of Lambeth, was drowned on Thursday, while boating on the lake.

Leslie, the youngest son of George Towns, of Ninga, Man., was kicked to death by a horse.

MAXWELL, Ont.—Mrs. Wm. Buchanan, of Vandeleur, was drowned in a well while trying to rescue her child, which had fallen in. The child was also drowned.

OGDENSBURG, N.Y.—The dead body of Charles Severance, night watchman at the Steam Saw Mill in Canton, was found this morning laying beside the railroad track near the mill.

NEWPORT, Vt.—During an electrical storm on Thursday afternoon lightning killed George Hinman, and seriously injured A. Labounty, while working in the hay field of the Highland stock farm, Derby.

TORONTO.—John C. Carlaw, 23 years of age, son of Major Carlaw, formerly paymaster of the Grand Trunk Railway, was drowned on Thursday while bathing in the lake at Parkdale.

ITHACA, N. Y.—Miss Allegra Eggleston Seelye was found dead in the edge of the Fall Creek Gorge, on Thursday, and the theory is that she was killed by lightning. Miss Seelye was the grand-daughter of Edward S. Eggleston, historian and novelist.

PETERBORO, Ont.—Miss Bessie Dixon, daughter of Mr. John Dixon, of Maple Creek, N. W. T., formerly of Peterboro, and niece of Mr. A. E. Dixon, of this town, was drowned in Lake Chemong, on Thursday. Her canoe upset.

HALIFAX, N.S. — Mrs. Fred. Shepherd lost her life at New Glasgow on Thursday in an heroic effort to save her boy from drowning. The boy fell into an old quarry in which were ten feet of water. The mother plunged into the water after the boy, and she managed to hold him up until assistance came. The boy was saved, but the mother's strength was exhausted and she was drowned.

HALIFAX, N. S.—William Corbin, of Kentville, aged fifty years, was killed at the Port Hood Coal Company's pier on Thursday. He fell from the trestle work to the crib, a distance of thirty feet, and fractured his skull.

Hubert Bent, aged six years, fell from a fence at Yarmouth, on Thursday, and broke his neck, dying almost instantly. He is a son of Captain S. Bent, of the Quebec Steamship Co., who is now on his way to New York.

Nerviline's Magic Power Over Pain.

Magical because it is potent—a concentration of the most soothing and pain subduing remedies known to the medical world. Nerviline is simply out of comparison with any other remedy. Thousands who have used it can testify to this. Nerviline is an infallible remedy for Cramps, Colds, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back—pains internal and pains external. Druggists sell it everywhere. 186 1

HARVESTING CONDITIONS IN THE NORTH-WEST.

The Prospects Generally Continue Favourable—Rain in a Few Localities Slightly Delays Operations—Fears of Frost Now Allayed.

WINNIPEG, August 9.—Reports as to crop conditions continue favourable:

Portage Laprairie reports: Prospects continue bright, and nothing has occurred to mar the outlook. Some apprehension was felt the past two night, as there were fears of a frost touch; but the danger appears to be over now. The influx of harvest hands commenced yesterday, when a party of American workmen arrived and soon hired with farmers. Quite a number of Ontario hands have landed, and to-day a great many left for the fields. Wages will range around $40 per month. A Winnipeg dealer was here to-day and offers to contract for new wheat at 58 cents per bushel.

Morden reports: The weather is cool, while showers fell this afternoon. The work be delayed for a few days in consequence. Sufficient men to harvest the crop in this district arrived to-day.

Regina reports: Last night, this morning, and indeed all to-day, were chilly, but the sky was and is overcast, and there has been no frost. The wind, too, veered from the north-west to the south and is now south east. There has been a slight rain all day long and it is still drizzling. There are no alarming symptoms and every one is sanguine of harvesting a good crop.

Passengers arriving in Winnipeg from Gretna last evening stated a heavy rain started to fall about 4 o'clock.

TORONTO, August 8.—A small contingent of about 35 harvesters for the North-West who were lefa behind last night, were sent on to North Bay this morning, these about completing the number, (over 7,000) to be sent this week. The railway companies expect to have about an equal number go by the excursions the first three days of next week.

WINNIPEG, August 9.—The first threshing of the season took place near Emerson on Thursday. A quantity of this year's growth of wheat was threshed on a farm near the town and was found to be of the best quality.

Russia's Crops Ruined.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 9.—The continued drought has extended the area of crop damage, which includes the Baltic provinces. In the West Siberian and Volga provinces an almost total crop failure is expected.

DAWSON IMPROVING RAPIDLY.

Interesting Report on the Yukon by the United States Consul There.

(Special to the Star.)

WASHINGTON, August 9.—The State Department has received the following report from Mr. J.C.McCook, United States Consul at Dawson City:

"Dawson is improving rapidly; modern dwellings and warehouses are going up, a new court house is about completed, and work has been started on the new administration buildings and a residence for the governor.

"Notwithstanding the long, cold winter, there was a continual flow of pure water from a well sunk on the bank of the Klondike River. The water is pumped direct into the mains from the well, under pressure, so that the pipes are kept open. Taps are located on the sidewalks all over the city.

"Ice costs only 2 cents per pound, or $40 a ton, the lowest price this luxury has been quoted at in the summer yet. Rents are not lower, but in the near future they will probably be reduced.

"The gold output will, it is said, fall short of the estimate made earlier in the year, one reason being the long winter. I think $20,000,000 a fair estimate for this year's product. Many of the richest claims have not yielded as much this season as formerly. While there is a very large gold bearing area in this territory, the miners must learn to work more economically.

"On the Hootalinqua River and at other points there are good indications, but the prospectors will not go there yet, as the grounds are too far away from a base of supplies. After the placer mines near Dawson are worked out—say, in ten years—the attention of the miners will be turned to fields in this territory not yet opened up.

"By orders from Ottawa, the whole country has been thrown open for prospecting, no claims being reserved for the crown, as formerly. The royalty on the gross output of the mines has been reduced from 10 per cent. to 5 per cent.

"In taking gold out of the state, a certificate from the gold commissioner is required, stating that the royalty has been paid thereon. This is given to the police at White Horse before one is allowed to leave on the train for Skagway. Without this certificate, the dust is liable to confiscation.

"The government is building good roads to the mining sections near Dawson, which will be of great advantage to the operators, as their supplies can be handled at less cost. Good roads are badly needed in the mining country in Alaska.

"Encouraging reports are heard from Chandlar River in Alaska, some 100 to 150 miles north of Fort Yukon, also from Charley River and other points. When the miner can get his supplies at reasonable rates it will be found how rich this part of Alaska is.

A man, giving his name as Robert Morrison, and claiming Hamilton, Ont., as his home, was shot on Thursday evening while attempting to enter the home of George Joselyn, a farmer living near La Salle, near Tonawanda, N. Y. He claims that he was after food. He was weak and emaciated and stated that he had been recently discharged from a Cleveland hospital.

Eat what you like. — Give the digestive organs some work to do. These functions need exercise as much as any part of the human anatomy, but if they're delicate, give them the aid that Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets afford, and you can eat anything that's wholesome and palatable—60 in a box, 35 cents.—8.

Sold by J. H. F. Charron, druggist, 1978 Notre Dame street. 186 1

When ordering goods to be sent by mail always enclose sufficient money to cover postage charges.

SCROGGIE.

Soaps and Other Toilet Requisites.

The tourist or the resident will always find here a fine assortment of the best Toilet Soaps, as well as all other Toilet Requisites, most moderately priced. Just to give you an idea of what we mean by "moderately priced," a few quotations are appended:

SOAPS—
Heliotrope des Alpes, Rose des Alpes, Violet des Alpes, 3c cake; 8c the box, containing 3 cakes.
Finest Palm Soap, 5c cake.
Infants' Delight, 10c cake; 3 cakes for 25c.
Klondike Violet and Apple Blossom, large size cakes, 9c cake; 19c a box containing 3 cakes.
Taylor's Clematis, 8c cake; 3 cakes for 22c.
Taylor's White Rose, 7c cake.
Yellow Rose, 3 cakes for 20c.
Lightning Ammonia Soap, for removing grease spots and all kind of stains from clothing, carpets, etc., without injuring the fabrics, 20c tin, ½ pound soap in each tin.
TOILET WATERS—
Florida Water, 9c bottle.
Cologne, Violet, Lavender and Colgate's Florida Water as moderately priced as are the soaps.

Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes—the cheapest that's good, as well as the best that's made.

To keep up your Interest in the Grocery Department,

These Specials for To-morrow.

	Regular Price.	To-morrow's Price.
Finest Creamery Butter	25c	21½c
Best Dessert Peaches, in 2 lb. cans; the labels and cans are soiled, but the fruit is perfect; per can	15c	10c
Sheet Gelatine, in 1 lb. packets	65c	45c
Finest Pearl Tapioca, 4 lbs for	24c	18c
Imported Bloater Paste, per can	10c	7½c
Hire's Root Beer, per bottle	25c	20c
Hanson's Junket Tablets	12½c	9½c

Establishment closes to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock.

W. H. Scroggie, Corner St. Catherine and University Sts.

186y1

Beware of Imitations of Lea & Perrins Sauce.

J. M. DOUGLAS & CO.,

Canadian Agents, Montreal and Vancouver.

133 2awtf

SCHWAB AND CARNEGIE.

Origin of the Story That the Salary of the Former Was $1,000,000 a Year.

An extraordinary series of circumstances was encountered by Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan when he set about the organization of the billion dollar steel trust, and one incident, which has just come to light, displays Mr. Charles M. Schwab, president of the combination, in an attitude which is unique in the world's history of finance, says the Pittsburg Inquirer.

Mr. Schwab entered the employ of Mr. Carnegie as an office boy. He gained the absolute confidence of his employer and was intensely loyal to him, even when enormous financial inducements tested that loyalty. Recently, during a casual discussion of business affairs with a friend, Mr. Morgan was called upon to express an opinion as to the sincerity of Mr. Carnegie's declaration that he believed it wrong for a man to die rich.

"I believe," said Mr. Morgan, "that Carnegie is absolutely sincere in what he says on that point, and I think his actions prove it. Let me tell you one thing he has done.

"When the organization of the United States Steel Corporation was about to be effected, I met Schwab at my office to discuss the status of the Carnegie holdings. It was then expected that Mr. Schwab might be elected president of the corporation, but there was no definite conclusion on that point.

"Mr. Schwab astounded me by telling me that he was receiving a salary of $1,000,000 per year as president of the Carnegie companies.

"'I know no man can be worth that much salary,' said he, 'but I'll tell you how it happened that such salary was given me. About a year before the reorganization of the Carnegie interests, or about two years ago, I was offered astonishingly liberal terms to sever my connection with the Carnegie interests and take charge of some manufacturing interests in Germany.

"I was receiving what I regarded to be a liberal salary from Mr. Carnegie, but it was small as compared with what the Germans offered me in the way of salary and interest in prospective profits. Nevertheless I declined the German offer in order to continue my connection with the interests I had been so long identified with.

"'I said nothing to Mr. Carnegie about the matter. However, it came to his ears and one day I was astonished to receive from him a blank contract, which needed only my signature to assure me of a salary of $1,000,000 a year for five years.

"'I went to see Mr. Carnegie about the matter and said that in my opinion it was impossible that the services of one man in any business, however profitable, could be worth $1,000,000 a year. He replied that that was not the point; that his chief purpose in life was to distribute his wealth according to the plan he believed proper.

"'He insisted upon my signing the contract, and that is how I came to receive a salary or $1,000,000 a year.'

"I told Mr. Schwab," continued Mr. Morgan, "that I had never heard of any such salary as that, and that to assume the contract along with the other obligations of the Carnegie interests might in all probability be impossible to the new corporation.

"He drew a paper from his pocket and said: 'Mr. Morgan, here is my contract. It calls, as you will see, for $1,000,000 a year for five years. It has been in force for two years, and in that time I have drawn only $200,000 against my salary account. I am fully aware of the fact that sentiment, and not business, led Mr. Carnegie to draw that contract.

"'I appreciate now that it offers an obstacle to this project, which is vastly favourable to the Carnegie interests and directly in line with the personal desire of Mr. Carnegie to be relieved of business responsibility. You need not hesitate on account of this contract. There is an easy way to settle the matter.'

"Thereupon," continued Mr. Morgan, "Mr. Schwab tore the contract to pieces before my eyes. He remained in the office for half an hour after that talking over the details of the proposed organization. I felt it my duty to detail to Mr. Carnegie the scene in my office when the contract was destroyed. He smiled and said there were few men in the world like Schwab.

"'I don't propose that he shall lose anything by what he has done,' said he. 'I shall send him my cheque for the amount he lost when he destroyed the contract.'

"Mr. Carnegie drew his cheque for $4,800,000 and sent it to Mr. Schwab, with a note explaining his understanding of the transaction in my office. That, I believe, is the basis for the stories we hear of the enormous salary paid to Mr. Schwab by the new corporation. As a matter of fact, his salary as president of the corporation is not larger than that of a good many railway presidents."

This story is from a perfectly reliable source.

Special Notice.

The great remnant silk sale has drawn tremendous crowds of people during the last two days. The patterns are disappearing rapidly to anxious buyers. Attend The Big Store's Remnant Silk Sale without delay.

All notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

ASHWORTH—On Friday, August 2, at 21 Admiral road, Toronto, the wife of James Johnston Ashworth, of a son.*

CARTER—At Amherst, N. S., July 30, to Mr. and Mrs. George Carter, a daughter.*

DESBARATS—At 87 Durocher street, Montreal, on Thursday, 8th August, the wife of Mr. E. Desbarats, a son.

EARLEY—At North Brookfield, N.S., June 26, to Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Earley, of Northfield, a daughter.

GOULD—At Nappan, Cumberland, N. S., July 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Gould, a son.*

GREEN—At 31 Congregation street, Point St. Charles, on August 8th, the wife of George Green, of a son. 186 2

HARBESON—At 292 St. Urbain street, on Thursday, the 8th August, 1901, the wife of Herbert W. Harbeson, of a son. 186 2

KENNEY—At North East Point, Shelburne, N. S., July 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Jethro C. Kenney, a son.*

LEBEL—At Mount Pleasant, on the 6th inst., Madame J. A. W. Lebel, of a son.*

O'NEIL—At Amherst, N. S., August 1, to Mr. and Mrs. William O'Neil, a son.*

REID—At Avoca, on August 3rd, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. E. Reid.

SMITH—At Fort Lawrence, Cumberland, N. S., August 1, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Smith, a daughter.*

SMITH—At Newelton, Shelburne, N. S., July 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Mitchel Smith, a daughter.*

WARREN—At Halifax, N. S., August 5th, to the wife of F. R. Warren, a daughter.*

WEATHERBE—At Fair View, Lower Truro, N. S., July 31, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Weatherbe, a son.*

MARRIAGES.

CARROLL—McQUARRIE—At Pictou, N. S., July 31, by Rev. J. J. Chisholm, Phillip Carroll, to Elsie J. McQuarrie.*

CLINCH—FERGUSON—At Musquash, St. John Co., N. B., August 3rd, by Rev. H. M. Spike, Isabella M. Ferguson of South Musquash, to Frederick S. Clinch, of Musquash.*

GRAY—CROSBY—At Yarmouth, N. S., August 18, by Rev. W. F. Parker, Ritchie W. Gray, to Sarah B. Crosby.*

JACKSON—PURDY—At Westchester Station, Cumberland, N. S., July 31, by Rev. G. A. Belyea, A. B. E. Fenwick Jackson, of Williamsdale, to Minnie E. Purdy.*

MacEWEN—PALMER—At Chatham, N. B., on July 31st, by the Rev. D. Henderson, Francis MacEwen to Miss Priscilla Palmer, all of Chatham.*

MAY—BRYANT—At Hartford, Conn., July 21, by Rev. Mr. Kelsie, Florence M. Bryant, of Yarmouth, to John C. May, of Hartford.*

REID—OAKS—Truro, N. S., August 1, by Rev. J. W. Cox, William A. Reid to May Oaks, all of Truro.*

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

GREEN—At 31 Congregation street, Point St. Charles, on August 8th, Annie E. Burt, beloved wife of George Green, aged 30 years and 6 months. Funeral on Saturday at 2 p.m., to Grace Church. Friends will please accept this intimation. 186 2

LAFFOLEY—On the 7th day of August, at the residence of her son, 65 Esplanade avenue, Jane M. Laurens, widow of the late Elias J. Laffoley, aged 72 years and 5 months. Funeral private. 185 2

MAYER—At Beauharnois, on August the 6th, Philip Mayer, father of the Registrar, aged 87. Funeral at Beauharnois, on Thursday, the 8th inst., at arrival of train of 9 o'clock a.m.

ROSS—At 945 Dorchester street, on the 8th inst., William K. Ross, of Chicago, brother of Dr. Geo. T. Ross, of this city. Funeral private. 186 2

SHINNERS—In this city, on the 9th inst., at 213 Ottawa street, Mary Geraldine, infant daughter of William and Maggie Shinners. Funeral private.

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

BELL—At 27 North Starr street, Halifax, N. S., August 1, Geraldine Agatha, infant daughter of Thomas and Jessie Bell, aged three months and seven days.*

BURR—In London, Ont., August 4th, 1901, Alexander Burr, aged 52 years and seven months.*

CAMPBELL—At St. Roch's, on the 4th inst., John D. Campbell, second son of Donald Campbell, aged 25 years.*

DOWLING—At Henry street, Halifax, N. S., August 3, Mary Louise, widow of Daniel Dowling, in the 47th year of her age.*

FARMER—At No. 26 Florence street, Hamilton, on Saturday, August 3, 1901, Thomas Farmer. Aged 56 years.*

FRIZZLE—At Brook Village, Inverness, August 3, Martha, beloved wife of Robert Frizzle.*

GERRIOR—At Arichat, N.S., on Sunday, 28th of July, Sophia, widow of the late Paul Gerrior, in her 84th year. Mrs. Gerrior leaves 11 children, 75 grandchildren and 30 great-grandchildren.*

GOULDING—At Welmar, Man., on the 31st July, 1901, Irene Goulding, daughter of Dr. F. J. Goulding, aged 11 years.*

GRAHAM—Suddenly, at St. John, N.B., on August 5th, of cholera infantum, Reta Rose, aged 2 years and 1 day, youngest child of Enoch W. and Rose B. Graham.*

GRANT—At Buffalo, N.J., on July 31st, John W. Grant, son of Alexander Grant, of New Glasgow, N.S., in the 25th year of his age.*

HANLON—At St. John, N. B., August 5, Martha Ann, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hanlon, aged 4 months.*

HENIGAR—At Upper Kennetcook, Hants County, N.S., on August 2, Hattie, beloved daughter of Ephraim and Maggie Henigar, aged 18 years and 6 months.*

JOCELYN—At Hamilton, on August 3, 1901, infant son of Richard George and Mary Alice Jocelyn, aged 2 days. Funeral took place from 44 Woodbine Crescent on Sunday at 1 p.m.*

KENNY—At Caledonia, N.S., on July 31,st Lida Kenny, aged 21 years.*

LANG—At St. John, N.B., on August 6th, Mary, daughter of Cornelius and Ellen King, and beloved wife of William Lang, leaving a huband and one child.*

LINDSAY—At Halifax, N. S., August 3rd, Jane, wife of Jos. P. Lindsay, and daughter of the late George Maxwell.*

McCORMACK—At St. John, N.B., on the 5th of August, Marguerite Frances, beloved child of George H. and Mary A. McCormack, aged 10 months.*

MACDONALD—At Pictou, on July 28th, after a short illness, Florence Bedford, wife of Daniel Bedford, in the 23rd year of her age.*

McGILL—At St. John, N. B., August 5, James McGill, aged 73 years.*

McINNISS—At St. John, N.B., on Aug. 5, Peter Charles McInniss, infant son of Peter and Katie McInniss, aged 2 mons. and 18 days.*

McNAB—At Brook Farm, Eastern Passage Road, Halifax, N.S., on August 4th, Isabel C., daughter of the late John McNab, of Perthshire, Scotland, aged 89 years.*

READ—In Boston, Mass., on August 4th, Joseph E. Read, aged 54 years.*

RIDDLE—On Saturday, August 3rd, at the residence of his parents, Toronto, William J. Riddle, youngest son of William and Alice Riddle, aged one year and eight days.*

SANSOM—In London, Ont., August 1, 1901, George Sansom, aged 60 years.*

SPENCE—In London, Ont., August 3, 1901, Smith Spence, in his 41st year.*

SPILSBURY—At "Osmondthorpe," near Colborne, on Saturday, August 3rd, 1901, Francis Brockel Spilsbury, in the 84th year of his age.*

SPRIGGS—At Waverley, N.S., on August 1st, Albert Parker Spriggs, son of Jas. Spriggs, aged 25 years.*

STREMBLE—At Hamilton, on August 3, 1901, Jacob Stremble, aged 46 years.*

THOMPSON—In London, Ont., August 4, 1901, Alfred J. Thompson.*

UPHAM—At Halifax, N.S., on the 3rd of August, Frederick Cyril, infant son of Martin and Ellen Upham, aged 11 mos.*

WISWELL—At Halifax, N.S., on August 15, George Herbert Wiswell, in the 88th year of his age.*

WYLLIE—South Africa, June 15, Douglass Wyllie, eldest grandson of the Rev. Dr. Spriggs, of North Berwick, Scotland, aged 19.*

For additional Births, Marriages and Deaths, see page 6.

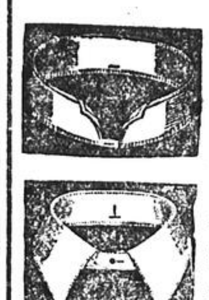
HALF HOLIDAY--

The Big Store closes at 1 o'clock on Saturday during July and August.

THE S. CARSLEY Co LIMITED.

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

AUGUST 9th, 1901.



Three-for-a-Quarter Collars.

What wouldn't a haberdasher give for them? And yet it's only The Big Store that sells them. The buyers are past the experimental stage in buying collars. To be sure they get better every year—that's only natural—the art of manufacturing improves, improvement goes with the collars, but what doesn't if you work on it. These collars are in several shapes, four ply, nicely laundried and ready to wear, and any size **3 for 25c**

ORDER YOUR GROCERIES

Early To-morrow Morning

As The Big Store closes at 1 o'clock To-morrow. Saturday, the public will please order their groceries as early as possible.

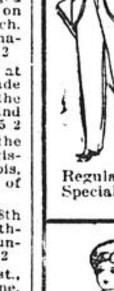
Special Grocery List ! !

	Regular.	Saturday.		Regular.	Saturday.
Corn Meal	5c	2 1-2c	Canadian Cheese	15c	11c
White Beans	5c	3c	Wheat Marrow	15c	12 1-2c
Corn Starch	10c	6 1-2c	Extracts, all flavours	10c	8 1-2c
Hanson's Junket Tablets	12 1-2c	9c	Finest Cooking Raisins	12 1-2c	9c
Seeded Raisins	12 1-2c	10c	Lemon Squash	30c	23c
Cream of Wheat	25c	19c	Herrings Tomato Sauce	18c	15c
Clover Leaf Salmon flat	20c	15c	Honey, 5 lbs	65c	50c

CLOTHING SPECIALS!!!

August is our money-losing month in regard to Clothing. We make it a point to sell the balance of summer stocks at whatever prices they will bring and present values crowd the border line of the sensational. We're making it worth your while to buy in spite of yourself. Almost nobody can use a new suit or an extra pair of pants to good advantage, and with prices reduced almost beyond recognition there ought to be no trouble to keep busy.

Men's and Youths' Suits



150 Youths' Suits in all wool Halifax Tweed, medium and light shades; also few fancy tweed, all made sacque style, farmer satin lined, to be cleared less than half price

Lot 1 Youths at **$2.00**

Lot 2 Youths and Men's **$2.99**

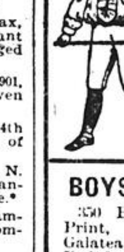
Men's Fancy Vest

175 Men's and Young Men's Summer Vests in striped, checked and fancy patterns and crash linen, good trimming and well cut,

Regular 93c $1.15 $1.45 $1.70

Special **62c 77c 97c $1.13**

Boys' Cotton Suits



150 Boys' Fancy Print and Cotton Sailor Blouse Suits, assorted patterns and sizes from 4 to 9 years

Regular price $1.10 $1.25 $1.50

Special **77c 84c $1.00**

BOYS' COTTON BLOUSES

350 Boys' Sailor Blouses in Fancy Print, figured muslin, striped Galatea and English Duck, in Navy, Red, Pale Blue, and Khaki color, size from 4 to 10 years old. Regular value from 85c to $1.25 each, to be cleared on Saturday at **50c each.**

Summer Underwear

All the weights desirable for this weather will be found in stock, all sizes in all weaves and textures.

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, well shaped and finished **38c ea.**

Men's Fine Merino Undershirts and Drawers **48c ea.**

Men's Fine Quality Pure Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers in all sizes, nicely finished **90c**

Bathing Suits.

Surely you can't resist a bath this hot weather, here's requisites cheap enough.

Boys' Striped Cotton Bathing Trunks **6c**

Men's Striped Cotton Bathing Trunks **10c**

Boys' Fancy Striped Bathing Suits **36c**

Men's Fancy Striped Cotton Bathing Suits, all sizes **44c**

Men's Navy Cotton Bathing Suits, 2 pieces, trimmed white Stripes **83c**

White Shirt Waists.

There's lots of stylish Shirt Waists in this section yet to be picked out, here's a special.

Ladies' Fine White Lawn Shirt Waists, with sailor collars, tucked front and back, new bishop's sleeves. Regular $1.25. Sale Price, **85c**

Sporting Supplies.

Fishing Hooks, 2c doz.

Gut Hooks, 2c each.

Trout Flies, 2½c each.

Furnished lines 5c each.

Base Balls, 6½c.

Baseball Bats, 4½c.

Baseball Mitts, 12c.

Fishing Rods, 9c each.

Baseball Masks, 45c.

Boys' Lacrosse Sticks, 21c.

Lacrosse Balls, 10c.

Butterick's Patterns and Publications on sale at

THE S. CARSLEY COMPANY, LIMITED, MONTREAL.

THE S. CARSLEY COMPANY, LIMITED.

The Ogilvy Store

UNDERWEAR and HOSIERY

For Saturday morning's shopping we are offering a few special lines in the Underwear and Hosiery Department.

The following are a few of them:

Children's small size Plain Black Cotton Stockings, warranted fast colour, for only, per pair... 5c

Children's small size White Merino Vests, in long and short sleeves, in different weights, for, each... 19c

Ladies' Fine Merino Undervests, in low neck and short sleeves, for, each... 19c

Ladies' Fine White Ribbed Cotton Under Drawers, in any style or length, slightly soiled, for, per pair... 35c

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Balbriggan Combinations, in low neck and no sleeves, for, each... 39c

EMBROIDERIES

All Over Embroidery, with Lace Insertion and Tucks, for Shirt Waists. All 20 per cent. off.

Children's White Swiss and Mercerized Mull Embroidered Skirting, 27 in., hemstitched and with Frill of All Over Embroidery to match.

Nurses' White Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs.

SILK FLAGS IN ALL SIZES.

Ladies' Fine Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, assorted widths of hems, only each (seconds)... 12½c

You'll want a bit of Fancy Work to ease a conscience that couldn't be satisfied with a season of absolute idleness. Our Art Department makes helpful suggestions.

THE HALFPRICE TABLE.

We have placed a few new items on this table in the way of Photograph Albums, in Leather, Plush, etc.; Photo Frames, Fancy Stick Pins, Fancy Hat Pins, Leather Bags and numerous other small Nic-Nacs, ALL AT HALF PRICE.

AGENTS FOR DR. DEIMEL'S LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR.

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT ALWAYS AT YOUR DESK.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

ST. CATHERINE AND MOUNTAIN STS. 1861

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH RETAINS ITS PROPERTY.

The Petition for the Free Church Funds by Those Who Objected to Union With the United Presbyterian Church is Dismissed.

EDINBURGH, August 9.—The Court of Sessions has dismissed the claim of the Free Church of Scotland against the United Free Church. The plaintiffs are a minority who refused to participate in the union of the Free Church, and the United Presbyterian Church claimed all the property and funds of the Free Church from the date of union, and asked for the rescinding of the acts of the United Assembly.

O'Brien Must be Hanged.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—There will be no interference with the sentence of the court in the case of George O'Brien, now under sentence of death in the Yukon. Though no official information has been given, no doubt remains that he will pay the extreme penalty of the law. The chief plea urged by his counsel was that certain evidence was inadmissable. This view is not accepted in official quarters, as it is held that his having in conversation twelve months before advocated lying in wait to commit murder at the spot where the murders were afterwards committed is exceedingly strong evidence against him, and perfectly admissable.

Another Canadian Dead.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—The Militia authorities to-day received the following cable:

"The High Commissioner for South Africa to Lord Minto, Johannesburg, August 7: Regret to report No. A, 1826, Trooper Nelson Hill, died of enteric fever at Krugersdorp Hospital on August 3. Next of kin, Thomas Hill, father, Virden, Manitoba."

A Savings Company Suspends.

CLEVELAND, August 9.—As a result of proceedings instituted by Attorney-General Sheets, to wind up the affairs of the Guarantee Savings and Loan Company, of this city, the offices of the company were not opened for business this morning. The latest general statment issued by the institution, under date of June 15, last, showed the total resources to be $687,835, with liabilities the same.

A New Union for Moncton.

(Special to the Star.)

MONCTON, N.B., August 9.—J. A. Flett, vice-president of the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada, organized a union of Brotherhood Carpenters and Joiners here last night. This is the first union in New Brunswick. Mr. Flett will organize other unions in the province.

London Confession of Oregon Robbery

LONDON, August 9.—At the Mansion House Police Court, to-day, James MacDonald, a waiter, was remanded on his own confession, on the charge of holding up the Bank of Portland, Oregon, in December, and stealing £900.

Good Crops in Chi Li and Ho Nan.

TIEN TSIN, August 9. — The harvest prospects in the south-west districts of the province of Chi Li and in the province of Ho Nan are excellent.

Valiant General Mei.

TIEN TSIN, August 9.—General Mei has returned here and professes to have killed or dispersed hundreds of Boxers and brigands.

MEETINGS.

PAST AND FUTURE

JOURNEYMEN BAKERS.—The Journeymen Bakers' and Confectioners' Union have decided to give prizes to housekeepers depositing the largest number of union labels at St. Joseph's Hall on Saturday, August 17, from 12 to 2 p.m. No labels will be received after that hour, as the union will be in session. The object is to boom the label.

LAFAYETTE LODGE, NO. 15, I. O. O. F.—The regular meeting of Lafayette Lodge, No. 15, I. O. O. F., was held last night in the Oddfellows' Hall, 251 St. James street. Bro. A. Fortier, N. G., occupied the chair. R. G. M. Morrison and P. G. M. Ware of Mount Royal Lodge, were present and spoke of the Grand Lodge meeting, which takes place on the 20th inst. Bro. Kel. Kinsley and Bro. L. Mercier were elected delegates to the Grand Lodge meeting.

JEWELLERY WORKERS' UNION.—The jewellery workers held a successful meeting last evening at St. Joseph's Hall. Two candidates were made adepts in the mysteries of jewellerism. The financial statement shows the union to be in first-class order. The union will not furnish the Labour Department with the information as to their antecedents. Reports received from Waltham, Mass., state that trade is fair in that section. The president requested the members when buying cigars to demand the union label. It has been decided to accept the invitation to take part in the Quebec Labour Day parade. An excursion will be run to Quebec on Labour Day.

MEETINGS THIS EVENING.

Stonecutters' Union in St. Joseph's Hall.

Bricklayers' Union at 1796 St. Catherine street.

Furriers' Protective Union in Blue Label Hall.

Shoe Turners' Union at 1342 St. Catherine street.

Leather Cutters' Union in Garlepy Hall, Maisonneuve street.

SHIPPING NEWS.

AUSTRALASIAN'S PASSENGERS.

The Allan Line R. M. S. Australasian, Captain Brown, is due to reach here on Sunday with the following list of saloon passengers: Private Armstrong, Miss L. Bale, Hon. A. G. Blair, Miss Blair, Miss Blair, Hon. E. Blake, Mr. L. B. Bowdon, Master Gunner A. Broad, Mrs. Broad, Miss Broad, Miss Broad, Mr. J. Bryden, Mrs. Bryden, Miss K. Burleigh, Dr. Burnett, Mr. H. Burnett, Mr. R. Burnett, Canadian soldier; Miss Cousineau, Mr. Dalmas, Lieutenant Davidson, Mr. F. M. Davis, Miss Davis, Miss Davis, Hon. W. S. Fielding, Mr. Finch, Gunner Fleming, Lieut. Gilchrist, Mr. V. A. E. Good, Mr. J. L. Good, Master G. C. Goulding, Mr. Greenhalgh, Mrs. Greenhalgh, Mr. J. N. Greenshields, Mr. H. Wallace, Mr. F. Wyld, Mrs. Wyld, Miss A. Hallah, Mr. F. F. Harrison, Mrs. Hobson, Master Gunner G. Huston, Mrs. Huston, Miss Huston, Mr. H. P. Jacques, Mr. N. Jacques, Lieut. Jogg, Pte. Martin, Miss McGrath, Mr. McKean, Miss McKean, Mr. W. H. B. Medd, Mrs. Medd, Miss Mary Medd, Master W. Medd and infant, Dr. Montizambert, Mr. E. L. Newcombe, Mrs. Newcombe and child, Mr. W. A. Norton, Master Gunner G. J. Price, Mrs. Price, Miss Price, Miss M. Rathbone, Mr. J. H. Romanes, Mrs. Ross, Prof. F. T. Shutt, Mrs. W. D. Shutt, Mr. T. Sims, Mr. F. J. Smith, Mrs. Smith, Private Spencer, Hon. F. W. Thomson, Mrs. Thomson, Rev. S. Thomson, Mrs. Thomson, and Master Thomson, and Mrs. H. Wallace.

Port of Montreal.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Fridtjof, Nansen, 2094, Gregor, Sydney, Dominion Coal Company, coal.

Steamship Northman, 1196, Read, Chicago, July 20, R. Reford and Co., general.

Steamship Activ, 867, Olsen, Pictou, Intercolonial Coal Company, coal.

Steamship Marina, 3322, Taylor, Glasgow, R. Reford and Co., general.

CLEARED.

Steamship Fridtjof Nansen, 2094, Gregor, Sydney, Dominion Coal Company, light.

Steamship Northman, 1496, Read, Liverpool, R. Reford and Co., general.

Steamship Activ, 867, Olsen, Pictou, Intercolonial Coal Company, light.

Steamship Bawtry, 1542, Ison, Quebec, McLean, Kennedy and Co., general.

Steamship Loughrigg Holme, 1317, Johnstone, London via Quebec, McLean, Kennedy and Co., general.

Schooner W.J.B., 66, Mabe, Gaspe, J. G. Brock and Co., general.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamships.

Parisian, 3385, Wallace, H. and A. Allan. Moored at foot of Jacques Cartier Square.

Manchester Commerce, 3444, Baxter, Furness, Withy and Co. Moored opposite the Customs.

Cebriana, 2736, Sullivan, Furness, Withy and Co. Moored opposite Custom House.

Atlantic, 283, Sears, Henderson, Taylor & Co. Moored at foot of St. Sulpice st.

Aggi, 3277, Hatteberg, R. Reford and Co. Moored at Hochelaga.

Orcadian, 2254, Imrie, H. and A. Allan. Moored at foot of Jacques Cartier square.

Raeburn, Hemming, Elder, Dempster and C. Moored at foot of Berri street.

Marina, 3322, Taylor, R. Reford and Co. Moored near C.P.R. elevator.

Schooners.

Charlevoix, 437, Taylor, Anderson, McKenzie and Co. Moored at foot of St. Sulpice street.

Barquentine.

Harry Merryday, 280, Halliday, Anderson, McKenzie and Co. Moored at foot of St. Sulpice street.

Ocean Steamships.

ARRIVED.

Graf Waldersee, at Hamburg from New York, Aug. 8.

Brazilian, at London from Montreal, Aug. 8.

Virginian, at London from Quebec, Aug. 8.

Teutonic, at Liverpool from New York, Aug. 8.

Fuerst Bismarck, at Cherbourg from New York, Aug. 8.

Commonwealth, at Liverpool from Boston, Aug. 8.

Rhynland, at Liverpool from Philadelphia, Aug. 8.

Pretoria, at New York from Hamburg, Boulogne and Plymouth, Aug. 8.

Calabria, at New York from Napies, Aug. 8.

THE GULF REPORT.

Weather Conditions; Clear; Strong Westerly and Northwesterly Winds.

L'Islet—Inward at 8.30 a.m., steamer.

Father Point—Inward at 5 a.m., steamer with a tow; inward yesterday at 8.05 p.m., Mora.

Matane—Inward at 8 a.m., Symra.

Cape Magdalen—Inward at 5 a.m., steamer; at 8 a.m., Ramleh.

Heath Point—Outward at 7.35 a.m., Sarmatian.

Low Point—Outward at 6 a.m., Cape Breton; inward yesterday at 8.30 p.m., Bogstad; outward yesterday at 9.30 p.m., Alladin.

Cape Ray—Inward at 9.30 a. m., Bray Head.

TEN STORES.

We intend to open about the 15th inst. Retail Branches at 1082 St. James Street (west) and 1319 St. Catherine Street. Making Ten Stores in all. These Stores will be stocked with the Finest Beef, Smoked Meats, Fresh and Salt Pork, Butter, Cheese, Vegetables and Canned Goods.

The Laing Packing & Provision Co., Ltd.

186ty2

THE YACHT CLUB'S LATEST FIXTURES

WILL INCLUDE A CRUISE UP THE OTTAWA RIVER.

Mr. James Paton Will be Fleet Captain—The Lake of Two Mountains and the Bayview-Beaurepaire Races are Among the Prominent Events.

The Sailing Committee of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club has decided upon the following fixtures for the near future:

Saturday, August 10. — 2 Rater Class; Races at Dorval for silver cup.

This date was reserved for Pointe Claire Regatta, but it has been postponed.

Friday, August 16.—Cruise up the Ottawa.

It is supposed to leave Dorval on Friday evening, calling at Lakeside; the club launch towing the fleet above the locks at St. Anne's to Brown's Island or Ile au Tortu, where a camp will be made for the night. Saturday, August 17.

A start will be made early Saturday morning for Oka, after which the fleet will sail for Hudson, laying over there till the arrival of the 1.30 C.P.R. train from town, bringing out those members who could not get away for the whole day. The fleet will then sail for Jones Island, and if possible Rigaud, where it is proposed visiting the remarkable "field of stones."

Wind and weather permitting, Carillon will be the ultimate destination of the cruise.

Mr. James Paton has kindly consented to act as fleet captain, and skippers of boats joining the cruise must sail according to his directions.

Last year twenty boats went on the cruise, with seventy-nine members. It is expected that this present cruise will be even more successful than last year's.

The club launch will be in attendance during the cruise, and will supply meals as formerly. Prices for meals for whole cruise, $1.50.

Skippers must notify the Assistant Secretary as to the numbers in their crew, so that provision may be made for them.

As the number of boats our club launch is capable of towing is limited, owners wishing to join the cruise must make early application to the Assistant Secretary, Tel. Main 505, in order to avoid disappointment. Only those yachts enrolled on the club fleet will be taken.

The following will be the scale of charges, including lock dues; 5 raters, 4 raters and 22 ft., $2.50; 17 ft., $2.00; 2 raters, $1.50.

Skippers will be responsible both for their boat and crew.

The club launch will carry members' dunnage.

Saturday, August 24—Lake of Two Mountains.

Programme as announced by the Lake of Two Mountains Yacht Club.

The club launch will leave Dorval at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, calling at Lakeside and Pointe Claire, and tow the fleet up to Mr. Angus' wharf, and will return to the canal at St. Anne's to meet those coming out on the 1.30 G.T.R. and C.P.R. trains. At the conclusion of the races the club launch will return via Pointe Claire and Lakeside to Dorval.

The Steamer Dominion will leave Lakeside on the arrival of the 9.30 train, and will remain with those wishing to go on to Hudson after the regatta.

Saturday, August 31.—Bayview Beaurepaire Challenge Cup.

Races and course as announced by local committee.

The club launch will leave Dorval at 1 o'clock, and Lakeside on the arrival of the 1.30 trains from town towing the fleet up to the course. Those going out on the 2.15 train should get off at Beaurepaire.

BILLY RALPH IS VERY ILL.

He Was Unconscious All Day Yesterday Suffering From Blood Poisoning.

Friends of Billy Ralph, quarter back of the Ottawa University Football team, and one of the star players of the Capital team, have received word that he lies at his home on Rideau street in a precarious condition.

He was unconscious all day yesterday until six o'clock, when he had a short period of consciousness. He relapsed to his former state shortly afterwards. He was better to-day.

Young Ralph was discovered in a fit yesterday morning by his sister, who in passing his room heard a noise. She at once sent for a doctor and later a second was called in. Dr. Maybury was with the patient throughout the day. His condition is supposed to result from blood poisoning which set in in a cut in his leg, sustained while playing lacrosse. The leg was bothering him for some weeks.

THE M.A.A.A. COMPETITION.

Last Night's Weekly Games, Including Two Handicaps Were Very Well Contested.

The regular weekly competition in track and field events took place on the M. A. A. A. grounds last night. There was a good attendance of members, and they witnessed some close finishes. The results were as follows:

100 yards (handicap)—

George Bryson, 12 feet ... 1
W. Coldwell, scratch ... 2
George Stephens, scratch ... 3
Time, 10 2-5.

1-3 mile run (scratch)—

George Stephens ... 1
Percy Gifford ... 2
W. C. Covernton ... 3
Time, 1.21 2-5.

16 lbs. shot (handicap)—

H. Pelletier (18 inches), 40 ft. 4 in. ... 1
A. Smith (scratch), 40 ft. 2 1-2 in. ... 2
J. J. McHugh (3 feet), 37 ft. 9 in. ... 3

McGILL'S ATHLETIC COLOURS.

Montreal University May Take Lead to Forbid Its Members to Compete Under Any Others.

It is understood that some action will shortly be taken by McGill to forbid its students to compete in amateur athletic games under any other colour but their own.

An example of what a college team may suffer from the practice of their men running under other colours than their own was given last week, when Grey, who won the mile at the Caledonia games, entered his name as an unattached man. It appears that he is a member of the Montreal Lacrosse Club, as well as a McGill man. Rather than hurt the feelings of either organization he entered unattached. He was finally prevailed upon to carry the McGill colours.

PRIZES WON AT STE. AGATHE.

The Judges To-day Announce Those Given for Decoration and Illumination.

It was impossible to announce the names of those gaining the prizes at Ste. Agathe for the decoration and illumination of residences and flotilla on the day of the regatta, but the judges, Hon. Judge Robidoux and Mr. Paul Galibert, have to-day made public the result of their decisions. Mr. R. Wilson-Smith gains the first prize for the best decorated residence, and the second prize goes to Mayor R. Prefontaine. For the night illumination of residences Mr. Meyers takes first prize for his very artistic design in illuminating his cottage residence. For the illuminated boats and flotilla, the Cedar boys summering at Cedar Camp win the first prize for their unique design representing a complete camp which floated down the lake with a brilliant array of coloured lights, and Mr. J. B. Sparrow takes the second prize with his yacht, the Sporting Duchess, which appeared as if in full sail with sails and rigging outlined with tiny lanterns and towed by a swan. A special prize was awarded to Mr. Robitaille for an aerial flight of kites and a clever transformation of a skiff into a miniature man-of-war. The judges for the illuminated boats and flotilla were Messrs. Henry Garth, J. B. Sparrow and W. S. Brown.

The prizes, which are very handsome, will be presented to the winners on Saturday night, at the Castel des Monts, by the Hon. Judge Robidoux.

"DICK" KELLY BACK IN TOWN.

Shamrock's Former Star Player Returns With Mrs. Kelly From a Trip to Europe.

"Dick" Kelly, the former star player of the Shamrock Lacrosse team, and Mrs. Kelly, are stopping at the Windsor Hotel, having just returned from a three months' honeymoon trip through Europe.

Mr. Kelly was at Both Epsom and Henley, and saw the two big races of the year at those places. They were a great sight, he says, and there is no doubt in his mind, but that the fact of the Pennsylvanians being too sure of themselves had something to do with the latter's defeat.

Mr. and Mrs. Kelly will in all probability take up their abode in Montreal.

A Yacht Race at Hudson Now.

A handicap yacht race will take place at Hudson Heights on Saturday afternoon and will be participated in by the yachts belonging to Hudson Heights and Como. The following boats have entered:

Handy, of Como; skipper, G. Boyer.

Hobo, of Como; skipper, N. Nash.

Hobo, of Como; skipper, E. Shepherd.

Sylvia, of Como; skipper, N. E. Hill.

Boomerang, of Hudson Heights; skipper, H. Hutchison.

Olga, of Hudson Heights; skipper, W. B. Hutchison.

Sunbeam, of Hudson Heights; skipper, T. Y. Foster.

Osprey, of Hudson Heights; skipper, W. V. McNally.

The course is a triangular one and will be about nine miles.

Mr. W. Taylor Bailey will act as starter.

AMUSEMENTS.

Proctor's Theatre.

A large audience was present last evening to see the Proctor stock company in Bronson Howard's four-act play, the "Young Mrs. Winthrop." The company, as a whole, however, gave a very fair presentation of the piece. It would be hard to discriminate among the individual members of the company, but the majority of them acquitted themselves creditably. The subject of the play is the gradual drifting apart and subsequent estrangement of a rich young couple. The husband is absorbed in business, and the wife has a fondness for ultra-fashionable society, and the pair is only saved from a final separation by the wiles of a faithful old family lawyer. Miss Adelaide Keim, as Constance Winthrop, the neglected wife, acted acceptably a rather difficult part. Miss Florence Reed made a vivacious, volatile and engaging young society matron with a fund of amusing anecdotes about her matrimonial experiences and a truly preternatural wisdom as to the little deceits and humbugs attempted upon her by the opposite sex. Miss Eva Vincent, as Douglass Winthrop's mother, gave a sympathetic interpretation of the part, and was frequently warmly applauded. The part of Edith, the blind sister of Mrs. Winthrop, was well taken by Miss Clara Dickey. Mr. Walter R. Seymour, as the rich young husband, gave an adequate interpretation of the part, although his business absorption and the attitude of coolness which he assumed towards his wife was perhaps, under the circumstances, unduly accentuated. Mr. Charles M. Seay, as the lawyer, made a fairly good study, but a little more sedateness and self-complacency would improve Mr. Duncan Harris' work as the doctor.

The Theatre Francais.

"Ten Nights in a Bar Room" was produced at the Theatre Francais last night by the Baldwin-Melville company. There was a large audience to see this old time favourite, and the presentation was given every mark of appreciation. The play was well mounted, staged and played. Mr. Wilson Day took the part of Joe Morgan most acceptably, while Miss Lucia Moore played the role of Mrs. Morgan, with great credit to herself. Mr. L. O. Hart was Simon Blades. The hit of the evening was made by W. J. Denning, as Sample Swichel.

A PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATOR.

Mr. F. H. Bailey Appointed to Look After the Whitham Shoe Company.

A demand of assignment was made yesterday upon the Whitham Shoe Company and a meeting of creditors called for the 17th. Mr. T. H. Bailey has been appointed provisional liquidator and authorized to continue the business. A demand was also made on the Club Shoe Company which acted as a retail store to the former company and was indebted to it for about $25,000.

Catholic Order of Foresters.

The International Convention of the Catholic Order of Foresters opens at Detroit on Tuesday next, August 13. Among the delegates going from Montreal are Messrs. F. O'Connell, J. J. Ryan, Dr. J. Laviolette, Rev. J. Poulin, F. X. Bilodeau, Dr. J. E. A. Gauvin, Thos. O'Farrell, T. J. Holland, W. J. Proulx, C. E. Olivier, Dr. J. W. Lalonde, R. Leduc, Rev. J. Chatelain, Z. Renaud, and A. A. Gibeault. The Quebec delegates are Mr. A. Talbot, M. J. Brophy, L. J. Roberge, A. Talbot, Dr. J. F. Demers, J. A. Comeau, Dr. S. H. Beland, St. George Lemoyne. District of Sherbrooke, Rev. P. D. D'Arche, Dr. P. Pelletier, A. P. Vanasse, O. C. Mousette, Dr. J. A. Fortier, M. E. Plante, Dr. S. H. Brosseau.

Excursion to Waterloo.

The retail merchants excursion to Waterloo yesterday was a success. The outing was largely attended. The following committee had charge of the affair: J. O. Gareau, S. A. Larose, Ernest Lamay, J. E. Patenaude, D. Charbonneau, Joseph Ethier, Z. Arcand, O. Authier, Eug. Desjardins, D. Mercure, J. B. Letendre, N. Tousignant, A. Rouleau, C. Filiatrault, O. Lemire, G. Labonte, J. H. Lemieux, L. A. Larose, Israel Cardin, O. David, A. Fleury, J. M. Marcotte, C. P. Chagnon, A. T. Constantin, Eug. Viau, G. Marsolais, J. B. A. Lanctot, M. Marchand and J. A. Daignault.

Chaplain of Cathedral.

Rev. Dr. Luke Callaghan, Vice Chancellor, was solemnly appointed by His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi, Chaplain of his Cathedral, an honour given in recognition of his signal services and until now unbestowed on any English speaking clergyman. This honour, it is said, is intended to lead to still greater honours.

Rev. W. A. Dunnett to Preach.

Rev. W. A. Dunnett, the well known evangelist, will preach at both services at Grace Baptist Church, Westmount, on Sunday. The pastor, Rev. S. Sheldon, is expected to return from his vacation in time to occupy his pulpit, Sunday, August 18.

First and foremost in the field of medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It possesses unequalled merit and cures all diseases caused by bad blood.

FINAL WARNING TO THE BOERS.

DRASTIC PROCLAMATION ISSUED BY LORD KITCHENER.

All Who Have Not Surrendered by September 15 Will be Deported From South Africa When Captured and the Expense Thereof Levied on Their Property.

LONDON, August 9.—The Government has published, in the form of a parliamentary paper, a proclamation issued by Lord Kitchener, on August 7, in accordance with instructions from the Imperial Government, the Governments of Cape Colony and Natal concurring.

The reasons of the Government for the proclamation are set forth in a preamble as follows:

"Whereas, the late Orange Free State and South African Republic have been annexed to His Majesty's dominions; and,

"Whereas, His Majesty's forces are, and have been for some considerable time, in complete possession of the seat of government of both the aforesaid territories, with their public offices and the whole machinery of administration, as well as of all the principal towns and the whole of the railways; and,

"Whereas, a great majority of the burghers of the two late republics, to the number of 35,000, exclusive of those who have fallen in the war, are now either prisoners or have submitted to His Majesty's government and are living peaceably in towns and camps under control of His Majesty's forces; and,

"Whereas, the burghers of the late republics still in arms are not only few in number but have lost almost all their guns and munitions of war and are devoid of regular military organization, and are, therefore, unable to carry on regular warfare or to offer any organized resistance to His Majesty's forces in any part of the country; and,

"Whereas, those burghers who are still in arms, though unable to carry on regular warfare, continue to make isolated attacks upon small posts and detachments of His Majesty's forces, to plunder or destroy property and to damage railway and telegraph lines; and,

"Whereas, the country is thus kept in a state of disturbance, checking the resumption of agricultural and industrial pursuits; and,

"Whereas, His Majesty's Government is determined to put an end to a state of things which is aimlessly prolonging bloodshed and destruction and inflicting ruin upon a great majority of the inhabitants who are anxious to live in peace and earn a livelihood for themselves and their families; and,

"Whereas, it is just to proceed against those still resisting, and especially against those persons who, being in a position of authority, are responsible for the continuance of the present state of lawlessness and are instigating their fellow burghers to continue their hopeless resistance to His Majesty's Government.

"Therefore, it is ordered that all commandants, field cornets and leaders of armed bands, being burghers of the late Republics, and still engaged in resisting His Majesty's forces, whether in the Orange Colony, the Transvaal or other portion of His Majesty's South African dominions, and all members of the Governments of the late Orange Free State and Transvaal shall, unless they surrender before September 15, be permanently banished from South Africa. The cost of the maintenance of the families of all burghers in the field who have not surrendered by September 15, shall be recoverable from such burghers and shall be a charge upon their property, removable and immovable in the two colonies."

The preliminary correspondence shows that the proclamation is based upon suggestions which the Government of Natal forwarded to the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, on July 24, and that the date, September 15, was recommended by Lord Milner.

APPROVED BY THE PRESS.

The afternoon newspapers comment approvingly upon the proclamation of Lord Kitchener. Even the Radical Westminster Gazette says there is no fault to find with it, nor is there any objection to make on the score of justice. It thinks, however, that it is extremely doubtful if it will have any effect in shortening the war. Most of the fighting Boers are already practically ruined and nothing distrains them, owing to the devastations of the country.

The Globe says the proclamation is as judicious as it is drastic and that the only question is whether it is strong enough adding: "Not even the wildest pro-Boer can find fault with it on the score of inhumanity. It has long been obvious that such a step was imperative in order to avert ruin upon the inhabitants desirous of peace."

De VILLIERS SURRENDERS.

General Kitchener reports to the War Office that Commandant De Villiers and 2 field cornets have surrendered at Warm Baths. De Villiers was second in command under General Beyers.

The Mayor of Cape Town has cabled an invitation to Lord Milner, Governor of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, to a public luncheon on his return to that city.

Lord Kitchener has reported a small reverse which seems to represent the maximum capacity of the Boers for offering resistance to the British arms. This is the surprise and capture of a detachment of 25 soldiers at Sabis River. The magnitude of regrettable incidents has shrunk since Nicholson's Nek, Stormberg, Magersfontein, Colenso and Lindley. While as many as sixty British columns are operating in the three colonies, and picking up the enemy by twos and threes, the only chance of success which the Boers have lies in surprising here and there small isolated detachments. Interest in this petty achievement at Sabi River will be increased if evidence be offered that the Boers are carrying out their threats and ordering reprisals for the executions conducted among the Cape Rebels.

AMERICANS CLAIM DAMAGES.

At Thursday's session of the South African Compensation Commission, Newton Crane, representing the United States, announced that he had thirteen claims to bring forward. He explained that all of them would be "paper claims," as it was impossible to bring the claimants such a distance to testify. The president replied that the commission was prepared to act generously wherever just claims were substantiated.

ANXIETY ABOUT KRUGER.

A special despatch from Rotterdam says the mental condition of Mr. Kruger is arousing serious apprehension. A specialist in nervous diseases has been summoned by telegraph from Berlin.

CANADIAN OATS ORDERED.

OTTAWA, August 9.—The Department of Agriculture has been receiving enquiries from the War Office of late regarding the shipment of oats. The shipments of hay, meats and jams which have been sent across for use in South Africa, have materially increased business in these various lines. Now the Imperial authorities are anxious to see how Canadian oats will fill the bill, and an order has, it is believed, been received for an amount in the neighbourhood of 1,500 tons. Special directions and precautions have been received, as the consignment is somewhat of an experiment, and much depends upon the condition in which the grain arrives in Cape Town.

A Gaspé Fisherman Drowned.

(Special to the Star.)

CAPE COVE, Que., August 9. — Daniel Collin, a fisherman, about 37 years of age, was drowned yesterday afternoon within fifty feet of the shore. He had landed his fish and was returning in a skiff with his mate to his boat when the skiff was overturned by a wave. One of the men climbed on the bottom of the skiff, but Collin must have been struck as he fell, for he made no attempt to save himself. A dozen or more men collected on the beach, but though the unfortunate man's body could be seen, no one seemed able to do anything until Charles Bourget, keeper of Cape Despair lighthouse, rushed down and unhesitatingly threw himself into the surf and brought the body ashore. Attempts were made to resuscitate the drowned man, but without success. An inquest was held last evening, when a verdict of accidental drowning was returned. Deceased was for some years a resident of the United States, but returned to his home here some six years ago. He leaves a wife and six children, the eldest of whom is a daughter 14 years old.

ANOTHER BENWELL MYSTERY AGITATES WOODSTOCK.

Vincent Whippe, An English Farm Pupil, Mysteriously Disappeared Six Weeks Ago and No Trace of Him Can be Found.

(Special to the Star.)

WOODSTOCK, Ont., August 9. — A deep mystery surrounds the disappearance of Vincent Whipple, a son of Colonel Whipple, late of the Coldstream Guards. He was sent out to Canada three years ago as one of Reginald Gray's farm pupils, because he had lost an eye in an accident and accordingly could not enter the British Army. Whipple studied farming with farmers in Burford and South Dumfries, and has for the last year been on the farm with Mr. Jefferson, about 15 miles from here.

When the Oxford Rifles went to camp at London in June, young Whipple went with them. The soldiers returned on June 29. Whipple went to Jefferson's on Sunday, the following day, and changed his uniform. Then he left. He had spoken of coming to Woodstock to take part in the city inauguration demonstration. He has not been seen or heard of since. All his clothes and belongings were found in his room at Jefferson's. He took his bicycle with him, however. Shortly after Whipple left the Jeffersons, a letter arrived there from his father, which presumably contained the young man's monthly allowance. The letter was sent here, but was never claimed. It has since been sent back to Col. Whipple, in England, with news of his son's disappearance. There is apparently no reason why young Whipple should go away. His relations with the Jeffersons' family were of the most cordial nature, and he, as far as could be learned, was not in debt.

The case so far resembles the famous Burnhall-Benwill case here as to cause consternation among the young man's friends.

MONTREAL CIGAR TROUBLES.

Toronto Trades and Labour Council Discusses it.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, August 9.—The trouble in Montreal with the cigar makers and their employers furnished food for discussion at last night's meeting of the Trades and Labour Council in Richmond Hall.

Delegate Kennedy asked the members to report to their local unions, the names of the firms under the ban and to request them not to use the firm's goods. He also referred to a number of Cuban cigar makers now at work in the city as "miserable scabs."

WILL C. M. HAYS RESIGN?

(Special to the Star.)

NEW YORK, August 9.—In connection with the announcement of further consolidations of the freight and passenger offices of the Southern Union and Pacific Railway Companies, rumour was again circulated yesterday that Mr. Charles M. Hays, President of the Southern Pacific, would leave the company at an early date. A representative of the Union Pacific interests said he understood Mr. Hays intended to resign. Mr. Hays himself declined to confirm or deny the report.

Von Ketteler's Remains Reach Home.

BREMERHAVEN, August 9.—The German steamer Palatia, which sailed from Tsin Tau June 11, having on board the remains of Baron von Ketteler, the German Minister at Pekin, who was murdered in the early days of the Chinese trouble, arrived here this morning, and Baron von Ketteler's body was brought ashore.

Survey of French River Route.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, August 9.—Wilbrod Fraser, Government engineer, has returned from making a survey of the northern channels in Georgian Bay, in connection with the French River navigation route to Montreal. He will report to the Minister of Public Works.

Mr. Reeve is President.

(Special to the Star.)

PORTLAND, Me., August 9. — The directors of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railway Company met here and elected Mr. George B. Reeve, vice-president and general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, as president, and Mr. George P. Westcott, of Portland, vice-president.

Wales and the Royal Arms.

Sir William Harcourt is in communication with high authorities on the subject of obtaining recognition for gallant little Wales in the Royal coat of arms. Upon the accession of King Edward VII., a movement was set on foot in Wales to have the Principality acknowledged in the Arms of the Sovereign. Whilst the matter was courteously considered, it was pointed out that the concession was impracticable. If the ancient order of things were disturbed in favour of Wales, the Colonies and India would seize the opportunity of putting in a claim. On Sir William Harcourt flashed a happy thought. Why not find honourable recognition of Wales in the coat of arms of its own Prince? The arms of the Prince of Wales differ from those of the Sovereign mainly in respect of the introduction in the centre of an escutcheon of the arms of the Royal House of Saxony. Around it, as in the Royal Arms, appear in the first and fourth gules three lion passant guardant, in the second a lion rampant, and in the third the harp that once through Tara's hall the soul of music shed. These severally represent England, Scotland, and Ireland. The supporters of the arms are the British lion and the unicorn. The suggestion now under consideration in high quarters is that for the mythical unicorn in the arms of the Prince of Wales shall be substituted the dragon of Wales. This will be quite as picturesque, and much more appropriate.—London Telegraph.

THE WEATHER
FINE

Forecast for the next twenty-four hours, as predicted for the Star at 11 a.m. to-day:

Fine and moderately warm to-day; showers or local thunderstorms setting in on Saturday.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours: Victoria, 60, 52; Kamloops, 84, 62; Calgary, 72, 40; Qu'Appelle, 62, 50; Minnedosa, 64, 50; Port Arthur, 68, 54; Parry Sound, 72, 46; Toronto, 85, 50; Ottawa, 76, 58; Montreal, 76, 60; Quebec, 76, 48; Halifax, 72, 60.

MONTREAL, August 9, 1901.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's standard barometer at noon yesterday: 29.87; at 8 a.m. to-day, 30.03; 11 a.m. to-day, 30.04; temperature to-day, maximum, 74; minimum, 67; yesterday, maximum, 78; minimum, 63.

AT THE SUMMER RESORTS.

CACOUNA, Que., August 9.—Temperature, 58; moderate west wind; clear and fine.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., August 9.—Weather clear; temperature, 66; wind, northwest.

SHE WAS BRITISH TO THE LAST.

ENGLISH CHURCH SERVICES OVER EMPRESS FREDERICK.

The Bishop of Ripon Officiates at the Simple Service Over the Remains of Queen Victoria's Eldest Daughter—The Funeral Ceremonies Will be as Simple as Possible.

(Special to the Star.)

BERLIN, August 9. — It was the express wish of Empress Frederick that her remains should be interred at Potsdam and confined "in the narrowest family circle." With the exception of King Edward of England, no foreign crowned heads will be present or represented at the funeral.

The remains of the Dowager Empress were placed in a coffin at Cronsberg yesterday morning and the funeral service held at Friedenskirche later in the day was simple, but highly impressive. It was performed at the request of the late Dowager Empress by the Bishop of Ripon, her own chaplain, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Teignmouth Shore, Canon of Worcester. The coffin stood in the death chamber covered with a long black pall, and strewn with white roses. At the foot, with bowed head and slightly in advance of the other mourners, stood Emperor William in the uniform of the Black Hussars, the regiment of the late Dowager Empress. Just behind him were all the other members of the Royal family, except Prince Henry of Prussia.

The service was conducted entirely without music. It consisted of a portion of the burial service of the Church of England, the nineteenth psalm, a reading from the first epistle to the Corinthians, and the benediction. The congregation rendered the responses.

Immediately after its conclusion Emperor William and the Empress drove back to Hamburg. Count von Waldersee will arrive here Saturday to report personally to the Emperor, and it is expected that he will attend the service on Sunday.

It is a coincidence that the last public English service which Empress Frederick attended in the English Church at Homburg was on August 11, 1900, when Canon Shore preached a sermon in memory of her brother, the Duke of Saxe-Cobourg and Gotha, and on the same date this year he will deliver a sermon in memory of Empress Frederick. Canon Shore was for a long time a chaplain to Queen Victoria and holds a similar office under King Edward.

ENGLAND'S MOURNING.

LONDON, August 9.—An order was issued last night announcing three weeks' public mourning for Empress Frederick. The phraseology of the order differs somewhat from that which has enjoined upon the British public on the occasion of the death of Queen Victoria.

People were then expected to put themselves into deepest mourning, and when the Prince Consort died, the phrase used was "decent mourning." The present order, which is signed by the Duke of Norfolk, who, as Earl Marshal, is the authority to regulate such matters, merely uses the word "mourning," without any qualification whatever.

In consequence of the mourning for Empress Frederick, the invitations sent to foreign princes, Earl Roberts and Mr. Brodrick, the British War Minister, to attend the German military manoeuvres have been cancelled. It had been reported that King Edward and the Czar would attend, but if they intended to do so it is not likely that they will be present now.

THE ANARCHIST PLOTS.

COLOGNE, August 9.—The Cologne Gazette, whose statements are frequently regarded as semi-official, says in regard to the alleged arrests of anarchists at Cronberg, where Empress Frederick died, and where Emperor William and other members of the royal family are at present, that posts of the Hussars are spread along the entire road from Homberg to Cronberg, and even in the neighbourhood woods.

The Hussars found four Italians, who were taken to Ober-Ursel, eight miles north of Frankfort-on-the-Main. Nothing incriminatory was found in their possession, and they were sent to Frankfort.

The Italian workmen at Ober-Ursel are being closely watched. They are not allowed to appear on the streets after work hours, and posts of cavalry have been placed there to guard them.

On the occasion of Emperor William's former visit to Cronberg, the secretary of the Anarchist Society was expelled over the frontier. The Gazette expresses the opinion that this district is now clear of anarchists.

MINUTE GUNS WILL BE FIRED.

The Canadian Militia Will Honour Empress's Memory on Tuesday Next.

OTTAWA, August 9. — Arrangements have been made by the military authorities to have artillery salutes fired at all the saluting stations in Canada on Tuesday next, the day of the funeral of the Empress Frederick of Germany.

A salute of 60 minute guns will be fired at each station, in accordance with the number of the years of the late Empress. The stations are St. John, N.B.; Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, London and Winnipeg.

The Canadian forces will not fire salutes at Halifax nor at Victoria, where the Imperial artillery will have charge of the ceremony.

TORONTO'S SYMPATHY.

TORONTO, August 9.—Mayor Howland has sent the following despatch to the Secretary of State, Ottawa:

"The city of Toronto desires to offer, through you, to the Governor-General its condolence with His Majesty and the royal family in their affliction through the decease of Her Imperial Majesty, the beloved daughter of our lamented Queen and mother of the Emperor of one of the greatest nations in the world."

A Suggestion for Fresh Air.

To the Editor of the Star:

Sir,—A few days ago, being near Victoria Bridge, I walked along the Guard Pier, and by the way, it is not until one has done so, that the immense work which its construction has involved can be at all realized.

Whilst doing so, the thought occurred to me, what a magnificent public promenade could be made there. A little jetty would serve for the use of passengers to and from the ferry steamers. The harbour end might be extended so as to form a large circle in the middle of which a band stand could be placed, whilst a wooden floor, 20 feet in width, running up, say, for half a mile or more, a slight protective railing, and a sufficiency of seats, would complete an ideal resort during the summer season.

There one could sit or stroll, in perfect quiet, refreshed by the invigourating breezes of the mighty river, listening to orchestral melodies, and with an uninterrupted view of the city nestling under the shelter of our noble Mount Royal, the Victoria Bridge, the long reaches of the St. Lawrence, the movements of the various craft in and about the harbour. Even after sunset, electric lights would make it available and enjoyable until 10 or 11 o'clock.

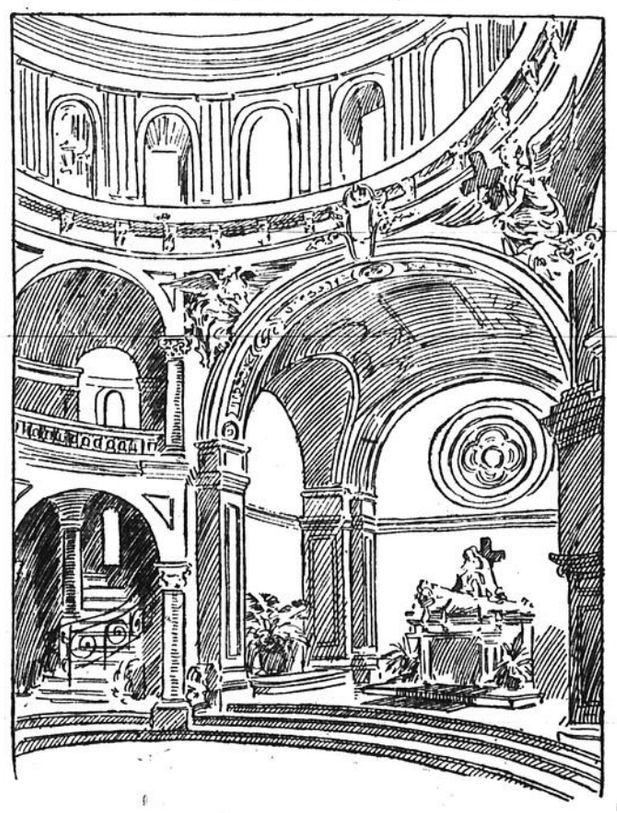
The receipts should pay a good interest on the small capital requisite to the carrying out of the scheme, and might easily be supplemented by royalties for supply of light refreshments.

Thus, the Guard Pier, which however great its utility, cannot truthfully be designated as a thing of beauty may be made to subserve a very useful purpose in the direction of providing one more healthful resort for the public of Montreal.

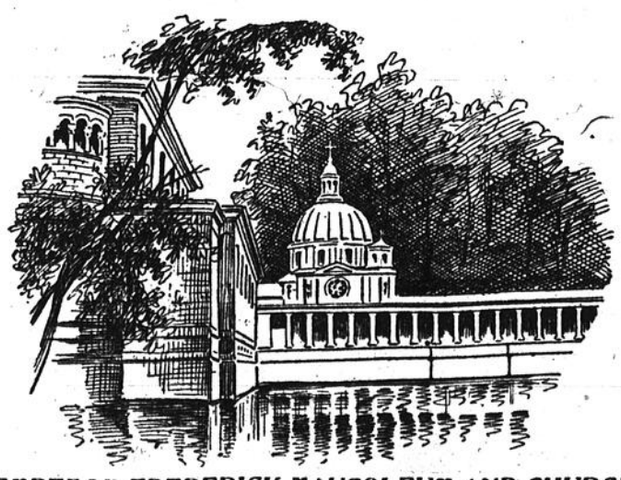
FRESH AIR.

(Montreal.)

WHERE THE EMPRESS FREDERICK WILL BE BURIED.



INTERIOR OF EMPEROR FREDERICK MAUSOLEUM



EMPEROR FREDERICK MAUSOLEUM AND CHURCH OF PEACE AT POTSDAM.

"KORRECT SHAPE BOOT SHOP."

MIDSUMMER SALE

RUSSETS! RUSSETS! RUSSETS!

Powerfully Bold and Enthusiasm Creating Offers.

Superior merchandise at sensationally low prices to attract extraordinary attention—to extend the reputation of French & Smith's fast growing Boot and Shoe business.

We stimulate your interest, electrify your curiosity and gratify your purse.

Read Our Advertisement To-day with Unusual Care, Every Item is a Surprising Bargain.

Men's Department.

95 pairs Russia hand sewed Lace Boots (our best), latest shapes, were $7.00. Saturday's price . . . $3.95
85 pairs of Russia hand sewed Laced Boots, all new goods, were $6.00. Saturday's price . . . $3.45
100 pairs of Russia Goodyear welt, Lace Boots, newest models, were $5.00. Saturday's price . . . $2.95
150 pairs of Hand Sewed Samples, black and tan, wide and narrow toes, worth $5 and $6. Saturday's price $3.45
100 pairs of Low Shoes, black and tan, regular prices $4.50 and $5.00. Saturday . . . $3.35

Ladies' Department.

Ladies' Russet hand sewed Lace Boots (our best), latest style, were $5.00. Saturday's price . . . $3.40
150 pairs of Goodyear welt and handturned (samples), worth $5.00. Saturday's price . . . $3.45
Ladies' Goodyear welt walking Shoe, in Vici Kid, patent and Russia leathers, new shapes, were $4 and $4.50. Saturday's price . . . $2.95
All of our Ladies' and Children's Shoes at half price.
Great reductions in all Misses', Boys' and Children's Summer Goods.

—BOTH SHOPS OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT.—

TWO SHOPS } FRENCH & SMITH, 235 and 237 St. James Street. 2350 St. Catherine Street 186x1

PERSONALS.

Mr. Colin Campbell is in Quebec.

Mr. J. Waldie, of Boston, is at the Windsor.

Mr. G. M. Blair, St. John, N. B., is at the Hall.

Mr. R. M. Courtney, of Ottawa, is at the Windsor.

Mrs. R. Darcy is visiting relatives at Capelton.

Mr. M. Mandigo, of Venice, is at the Carslake.

Mr. William J. Bennett has left for Ste. Agathe.

Mr. F. W. Hutton, of Toronto, is at the Place Viger.

Mr. N. Young, of Vancouver, B.C., is at the Queen's.

Mr. J. A. Barnes, of Brockville, Ont., is the Hall.

Mr. H. P. Walbank, of London, Eng., is at the Hall.

Mr. A. Austin, of Newport, R.I., is at the Windsor.

Mrs. J. E. Fletcher has returned to town from Lacolle.

Mr. W. E. Whitehead, of Toronto, is at the Windsor.

Mr. S. J. Davis, of Toronto, is at the Grand Union.

Mr. J. B. Allan has left for a short trip to Rye Beach.

Mr. Hector Garneau leaves this evening for Murray Bay.

Mr. Thomas McAnulty is confined to the house by illness.

Miss Isabel Broch is spending August at Cap a l'Aigle.

Mr. S. Arnold Finley has gone to the Thousand Islands.

Mr. Guy Ross has joined his family at St. Patrick's, Que.

Miss J. Babcock is spending a few weeks at Little Cascapedia.

Miss Alice Wells, of Montreal, is in Ottawa visiting friends.

Mr. R. M. Courtney, of Ottawa, is registered at the Windsor.

Hon. Senator Poirier, of Shediac, N.B., is a guest at the Queen's.

Hon. Pascal Poirier, of Shediac, N.B., is a guest at the Queen's.

Mr. Charles N. Bulger, of Philadelphia, Pa., is at the Place Viger.

Miss Baynes is a guest of Mrs. William Bell Dawson at Little Metis.

Capt. Norman S. Leslie, and Mrs. Leslie, Kingston, are at the Windsor.

Prof. T. R. Lanskail leaves by the Bonavista for a tour of the gulf.

Miss Gertrude Hampson is at Cacouna, the guest of Mrs. John Dunlop.

Rev. Frank Charters, of St. Simon's Church, is at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. Charles Campbell has left on a fishing expedition to the Cascapedia.

Mrs. Burnett and her little son have returned to town from Fitch Bay.

Dr. Scott Ives, of Montreal, is in Quebec on his way to Baie des Chaleurs.

Miss L. Dube, daughter of Dr. Dube, of Quebec, is in town visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Ogilvie have left on a trip to the Lower St. Lawrence.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is the guest of Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick at Riviere du Loup.

Mrs. Guy Pettigrew and her little son, of Westmount, are at Old Orchard Beach.

Miss M. Tibbits, of Fredericton, is visiting her cousin, Miss MacPherson, Jolliette.

Mr. M. T. Davis, Ottawa, arrived up from Quebec to-day, and is stopping at the Windsor.

Mrs. C. F. Smith and Miss Ada Yates, of Sherbrooke, left to-day on a visit to Montreal.

Mrs. R. Scott and the Misses Scott, of Galt, Ont., are stopping at the Windsor Hotel.

The Misses Angus have left Senneville on a visit to Murray Bay and the Lower St. Lawrence.

Miss Minnie Simpson is visiting the family of Mr. Ernest Howard at Ste. Agathe des Monts.

Miss L. Mortimer Taylor, of Westmount, has returned home from the Island of Orleans, Que.

Dean and Mrs. Carmichael, who are at present in New Hampshire, will return to town in September.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Miller, who are visiting Lady Miller in Ireland, sail for home on August 14.

Mrs. Thomas Fraser and Miss Olive Fraser, of Westmount, are at Grand View Cottage, Willard, Me.

Miss Mildred Jeffery has left Dorval for Riviere du Loup, where she is the guest of Madame Ernest Pacaud.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Vallance and Miss M. Vallance, Greene ave., Westmount, have returned from Cape Elizabeth.

Mr. William Robertson, manager for Messrs. Gillespies and Co., is suffering from a severe attack of typhoid.

Miss Archeson, accompanied by her niece, Miss Cuthbert, is spending August at Hotel Coronado, Peak Island, Me.

Miss Flossie Lydon, of Sarnia, Ont., is paying a visit to her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Lydon, 177 Mance street.

Mrs. J. W. Scane, of Westmount, is spending a few weeks with her little daughter at Ste. Agathe des Monts.

Mrs. David Seath, of 63 McGill College ave., is now convalescent from a serious attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Mrs. H. O'Neill and Miss Minnie O'Neill, of Staynar avenue, Westmount, have left to spend a few weeks at Newport, N.H.

Miss Grace Robertson, who has been visiting Mrs. Charles Meredith at Ste. Anne de Bellevue, has returned to town.

Miss Helen Young, of Milwaukee, was in Montreal this week, having been previously visiting friends in Boston and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stairs Duffus, of Halifax, N.S., are leaving Canada in September, to make their home in London, Eng.

Mr. F. A. Cundill, of New York, passed through town last week en route to Cap a l'Aigle, where he will spend a short time.

The marriage takes place on Monday next of Miss M. E. Burke, daughter of Mr. W. J. Burke, of Philadelphia, to Mr. J. P. Tache.

Mrs. Marcil, wife of Mr. Charles Marcil, M.P. for Bonaventure, and her children, are the guests of Mrs. C. Lefebvre, of Laprairie.

Mr. Alfred Murray and Mr. R. Dickson Millar are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Benson at their house in the Thousand Islands.

Miss Annie Morrice, Redpath street, has left for Midlands, Ont., where during her stay she will be the guest of Mrs. James Playfair.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Beevor, Dorchester street, Westmount, have returned home from a trip to Quebec and the Lower St. Lawrence.

Miss Geraldine Esdaile, who is at Ste. Agathe des Monts, is slowly recovering from her recent attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Barnes, of the Church of the Messiah, have left for Halifax, where they will visit their daughter, Mrs. G. M. Edwards.

Mrs. W. R. McInnis, accompanied by her little daughter, has arrived from Winnipeg on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Cross, Cote des Neiges road.

Mr. and Mrs. Macklin, of Chambly, with Miss Lily and Master Macklin, have returned home from their trip to Quebec and the Lower St. Lawrence.

Miss Hill, daughter of the Rev. Dr. J. Edgar Hill, who has spent the summer visiting relatives in Scotland, has returned and joined her family at Como.

Mr. Hudson, teller at the Bank of Montreal at Kingston, who has been removed to Montreal, will be succeeded by Mr. Willis, of the Montreal branch at Kingston.

Mr. Charles Blackadder has left for Watkins Glen, where he will spend several weeks for the benefit of his health. He was accompanied by Mrs. Blackadder.

The Misses Janey and Winnifred Tansey and Mr. O. H. Tansey, Belmont street, have left town for Cacouna, where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Mrs. M. D. Sawyer and children, accompanied by Miss Ada Aikman, have left for New York, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Sawyer, Fifth avenue.

Miss Leta Sewell, of Westmount, has recovered from her recent attack of chicken-pox, contracted while fulfilling her duties as nurse in the New York City Hospital.

Count F. Massa, who has been appointed Italian Consul General at Montreal, arrived at the Windsor to-day. He is accompanied by Countess Mazza and their son.

Hon. M. H. Cochrane and Mrs. Cochrane left the Windsor Hotel for home this morning, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. E. A. Baynes, who will spend a week or two at "Hillhurst."

Mrs. Shaver, Miss Ruby and Master Douglas Shaver, of Washington, D. C., are spending the summer with Mrs. Shaver's brother, Mr. W. S. Weldon, at his summer residence at Longueuil.

Mrs. Frank Stephen, who has spent the summer on the continent, has returned, and has left to spend the remainder of the summer at Highgate Springs. The Misses Stephens will not return till the autumn.

Mr. Joseph Gibson, the Rev. John Pickering, Mrs. Pickering, Miss Florence Pickering and Miss Eugenie Pickering, Brantford, Canada, sailed in the American liner St. Paul for Southampton on Wednesday.

Miss Frances Sharpe, night superintendent of the Toronto General Hospital, and her sister, Miss Maud Sharpe, have returned to Toronto, after spending three weeks in Quebec, Montreal and the Thousand Islands.

Sister Lilian, of St. Margaret's, daughter of Mr. Robert Hampson, of Peel street, was in town last week on her way to Murray Bay, where she will spend a month. Sister Lilian for the last six months has been nursing in the Children's Hospital, Boston, Mass.

The following visitors from Montreal, to the Pan-American Exposition are registered at Buffalo hotels: New Tifft—S. G. Richard, L. A. Cour, J. B. Decaire, J. Charest, Joseph Nantel, A. Lapiers, V. Lemay and A. Blanchevin. Iroquois—James T. Shearer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Jordan.

The engagement is announced at York Harbour, Maine, of Miss Elsie Bradford, eldest daughter of Rear Admiral R. B. Bradford, U.S.N., to the Rev. Mr. Johnson, of Nova Scotia. Miss Bradford is a B. A. of Columbia University. The wedding will take place in the autumn at Washington.

Among the Canadians at New York hotels during the past week were: William Goulding, Toronto, St. Denis; J. Gardner Thompson, Toronto, Manhattan; William Hard, Winnipeg, Astor; S. F. Durham, St. John, N.B., Everett; E. T. Galt, Montreal, Manhattan; Bruce Macdonald, Toronto, Fifth Avenue.

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A LEGEND OF ARCTIC NIGHTS.

Curious Stories of How Greenlanders Account for Their Long Seasons.

A member of one of the former expeditions to Greenland tells of a curious tradition of the Eskimo to account for the long arctic night and its intense cold.

"There was a time," they say, "long generations ago, when the sun never set on the regions of the north and when the strands along the sea were forever hidden with marbles of living green.

"Hence it was that peace and plenty fell to the lot of this people and sorrow was unknown among them. But one day a strange thing came to pass. As the people were resting and feasting among the trees, as was their custom throughout their wakeful hours, a beautiful canoe, as white as ivory, was seen drifting silently towards the shore from the direction of the castle where dwelt the spirit of the winds.

"Now, when the ivory white canoe had floated quite up to the shore, a great awe fell upon the people, for there, fast asleep among the folds of an ermine robe, lay a beautiful maiden, whose skin was as fair as the snow flower and whose hair was like a mantle of sunshine. But when the chief had borne the maiden to the shore and questioned her whence she came, he was troubled in his heart, for she answered him:

"'I am Delfa, the daughter of the spirit of the winds, and I have drifted here from yonder snow white castle in the north. But I will return there no more. Henceforth my home shall be with you and your people.'

"And immediately the spirit of the winds arose in the north and in a terrible voice commanded that his daughter be restored to him immediately. But when the people of the tribe sought out their chief and counselled him to give the princess into her father's hands the youth stood mute before them. Then, in obedience to a gesture, they entered his ruined house, and there on a couch lay the beautiful princess, with her white hands — whiter now than the snow flowers — folded silently over her breast.

"When the spirit of the winds looked forth and beheld the princess cold in death on the desolate strand, his anger was yet more terrible against the kneeling multitude, and he commanded darkness to come upon them. And the ice and the cold, and the darkness, continued for the space of many days before the offended spirit would relent and suffer the sunshine to return for a brief season."—Chicago Chronicle.